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CAPITAL OF SERBIA FALLS INTO AUSTRIAN HANDS ON SIXTY-SIXTH ANNIVERSARY OF FRANCIS JOSEPH'S REIGN DUAL MONARCHY REFUSES TO BE DIVERTED FROM CONQUEST OF LITTLE BALKAN KINGDOM

Germany Break Through Cordon of Russians in Poland and Great Battle Is Still Progressing With Enormous Losses on Both Sides; Decision May Be Delayed for Several Days; Occupation of Cracow Is Threatened; New Engagement Is Developing in Belgium and France Where Forces of Kaiser Are Expected to Resume Vigorous Offensive Without Delay; Fighting About Lodz Said to Have Lost Some of Its Violence.

Summary of War News of Yesterday The German reichstag has voted a new war credit of \$1,250,000,000 and the imperial chancellor, Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg, before the German house of representatives has declared that the future can be regarded with every confidence.

City Frequently Bombarded. Belgrade was frequently bombarded early in the war and but for the general European conflict which compelled Austria to send her troops against Russia, must have fallen an easy prey to Serbia's big neighbor.

Refuses to Be Diverted. Russia has been sending Cossack raiding parties through the Carpathians with the object of diverting Austria's attention, but the dual monarchy seemingly is determined to finish with Serbia first.

Losses on Both Sides Great. The Russians, on the other hand, in a statement issued through Rome, say they have greatly exceeded this number. All agree that the losses have been very heavy and that the battle is still undecided, as it probably will be for some days.

For a moment, the allies are somewhat disappointed that the realization of a great Russian victory is denied them. They take some consolation in the fact that the German attempt to pierce the Russian lines has failed and that, suffering from heavy losses, the Germans are compelled to weaken their armies elsewhere.

Swedish Bonds Sold to New York Bankers. The Russian report tonight says that the fighting has lost some of its violence and indicates some progress, for the Russian troops south of Lodz, it is unofficially reported that the Russians are "heavily in Cracow."

WHY BELGRADE WAS EVACUATED BY GARRISON. London, Dec. 3 (2:35 a. m.)—In a dispatch dealing with the evacuation of Belgrade and its occupation by the Austrians, the Daily Telegraph attributes the correspondent says: "As the result of a Serbian concentration on new lines, Belgrade becomes isolated and being ill-prepared to stand a siege, was evacuated by the garrison Monday night."

GERMAN STEAMER SLIPS OUT OF HAVANA HARBOR. Havana, Dec. 2.—The Hawaiian American line steamer, President, which formerly plied among the West Indian islands, but which has been lying in Havana harbor since September 25, slipped out of port last night without lights or papers.

WEATHER FORECAST. Washington, Dec. 2.—New Mexico: Fair Thursday and Friday.

SOUTH AMERICA WANTS FOREIGN WARSHIPS KEPT OUT OF WATERS NEUTRALITY VIOLATIONS ARE FEARED BY CHILE

Grave Controversies Have Arisen Between Latins and Belligerents Which Must Find Quick Solution. Desire Is That Operations of Hostile Fleets Should Be Excluded From Vicinity of Peaceful Nations.

Washington, Dec. 2.—Grave controversies between nations of South America and the belligerent countries of Europe led today to the calling of a conference for next Tuesday of the governing board of the Pan-American union.

Before this board, which consists of the diplomatic representatives here of twenty American republics, with the secretary of state of the United States as chairman ex-officio will come the various suggestions which have been made by Argentina, Chile, Peru, Uruguay and Ecuador for a stronger assertion of the rights of neutrals and the exclusion of belligerent warships from the waters of the Americas.

Evidence of the seriousness of the situation in South America, due to the presence of belligerent warships on both the Atlantic and Pacific coasts, was contained in a dispatch received tonight by Eduardo Suarez Mujica, the Chilean ambassador, from the minister of foreign affairs at Santiago.

NEWSPAPERS FACTOR IN HEALTH CAMPAIGNS. Jacksonville, Fla., Dec. 2.—The value of publicity in campaigns for the promotion of the public health was emphasized here tonight by Edward A. Morse, of New York, addressing the annual convention of the American Public Health Association.

HUNGARY IS LOYAL TO INTERESTS OF AUSTRIA. Berlin (by wireless to London, Dec. 2, 9:05 p. m.)—The German official press bureau today gave out the following statement: "The Hungarian chamber of deputies has unanimously adopted the war measure submitted to it, and also the arbitration convention with the United States."

ENGLAND MAKES NO DEMANDS ON ECUADOR. Washington, Dec. 2.—The minister of Ecuador, Dr. Gonzalo S. Cordova, informed Secretary Bryan today that he received a cable from his government denying that Great Britain had made any protest to Ecuador or had charged that Germany had occupied and used the Galapagos islands, off the coast of Ecuador in the Pacific as a naval base.

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NEW MEXICO IS TO QUARANTINE AGAINST CATTLE FROM OUTSIDE

Dread Foot and Mouth Disease Leads Governor to Direct Issuance of Proclamation Putting Up Bars. CHINESE WALL TO BE BUILT AROUND STATE

Santa Fe, Dec. 2.—Governor McDonald expects to issue a sweeping quarantine proclamation tomorrow against the importation of cattle into New Mexico, to continue in force until all danger from foot and mouth disease has passed.

GOVERNOR HUNT ISSUES QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION. Phoenix, Ariz., Dec. 2.—Governor Hunt issued a quarantine proclamation today, prohibiting the transportation of stock into Arizona from any state except California because of the widespread prevalence of the foot and mouth disease.

LIVELY DEBATE ON DEMANDS OF ROAD EMPLOYEES. Arbitration Hearing Learns Little During Cross-examination of Witness for Firemen and Engineers.

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RUSSIAN PLAN FAILED BECAUSE REINFORCEMENTS WERE TARDY

Grand Duke Is Said to Have Lost Great Advantage Through Lack of Promptness on Part of General. MUCH IMPORTANCE IN EMPEROR'S VISIT

London, Dec. 3 (12:50 a. m.)—The Morning Post's Petrograd correspondent says he hears that the Russian General Rennenkampf has been superseded because he was two days late in taking up a position through which the German armies in Poland were to have been hemmed in. This failure, the correspondent says, robbed Grand Duke Nicholas' strategic scheme of its full success a week ago, entailing a week of heavy fighting and resulting in the hurrying up of large German reinforcements.

LODZ CLOSELY BESIEGED WHEN REINFORCED. London, Dec. 3 (2:05 a. m.)—The Daily Telegraph's Moscow correspondent, in a dispatch describing the recent fighting at Lodz, says: "The town was closely besieged by the Germans on three sides—north, east and west. The Russian army was as though in a sack, but it rallied with great resolution and heroism to a great and difficult situation."

GERMANS MAINTAIN THEIR FORTIFIED POSITIONS. Petrograd, Dec. 2 (via London, 10:37 a. m.)—The Army Messenger, in a review of the fighting during the period of November 23-30, says: "On the Russian-Franco frontier the Germans have maintained their fortified positions and have been making attacks of little importance."

RUSSIAN OFFICIALLY REPORT SUCCESS. Petrograd, Dec. 2.—The official statement issued from general headquarters tonight, says: "Towards midnight the enemy, marching in compact columns, made a fierce attack against our positions to the north of Lodz, but was repulsed."

NO PROSPECT THAT BATTLE WILL END SOON. Vienna, Dec. 2 (via Venice to London, 10:45 a. m.)—The correspondent of the Neue Freie Presse at the front in a dispatch dated November 29 says: "There is no prospect of an immediate conclusion of the great battle in Russian Poland. A decisive combat appears to be proceeding on the northern wing. The fighting in West Galicia and the Carpathians is relatively less important. Both sides are strongly entrenched and offensive action is limited to a few points in order to adjust local positions."

AUSTRIA'S ATTACKS FOR STRATEGIC PURPOSES. London, Dec. 3 (4:19 a. m.)—The object of Austria's tremendous attack on the worn-out Serbian army, says the Daily Chronicle's Athens correspondent, "is to obtain control of the railroad from Belgrade to Sofia and Constantinople, thus allowing the free movement of troops and munitions of war between Turkey and Germany."

SMALL RIOT IN CHILE. Valparaiso, Dec. 2.—Small riots broke out last night as a result of the Chilean Electric Tram company's increasing its tariff rates. Only slight damage was done, a few windows being broken and several electric trains partly destroyed. There were a few isolated shouts against Germany from among the mob.

WEATHER FORECAST. Washington, Dec. 2.—New Mexico: Fair Thursday and Friday.

SCENES OF DISORDER AND TERROR MARK PASSING OF CONTROL IN MEXICO CITY FROM CARRANZA TO ZAPATA NATIONAL CAPITAL ABANDONED BY ALL SEMBLANCE OF AUTHORITY AND FORMIDABLE MOBS GATHER

Students Arm Themselves and Protect Property Until Detachments of Soldiers Belonging to Southern Bandit's Command Enter Streets and Assume Control; General Angeles, With Six Thousand of Villa's Troops March in, Giving Confidence to Business People, Who Reopen Shops and Banks; Fire Apparatus Is Fired Upon by Ignorant Followers of Zapata, in Belief That Machines Ready to Put Out Conflagration Were Bearing Hostile Artillery.

Complete quiet and order prevailed in the downtown districts. In the succeeding days more of Zapata's troops entered the capital, a form of provisional government was brought into existence and general order was preserved.

Working With Villa. General Zapata and his brother entered the city on Friday. The revolutionary leader was interviewed as he sat on the floor of the barracks in San Lazaro drinking a bottle of beer and surrounded by a group of Indian adobe men. He said he was working in accordance with General Villa and he was willing to abide by the decisions of the Aguas Calientes convention. He seemed very uneasy in the large city, and after refusing to visit the national palace, left the capital on Sunday.

Bloody Mistake of Zapata's. Excellent order is now being preserved in the city, but owing to a lamentable error, eleven firemen were killed Thursday night. These men answered a fire alarm in the factory district of San Antonio Abad and when the Zapata soldiers saw the engine and hook and ladder companies charging through the streets, they mistook the apparatus for rapid fire guns and artillery poured volley after volley into the defenseless fire fighters before the mistake could be pointed out. Seven of the firemen were killed outright and four more died on the way to the hospital. Many of the firemen were wounded.

General Villa has sent a large detachment of troops to Pachuca under General Jose Isabel Robles, who is reported to have defeated the division of General Pablo Gonzalez and captured the city of Pachuca.

Zapata Responds Promptly. The telephone lines connecting the capital with the suburbs, had been busily working, however, and the Zapata forces on the outskirts were asked to come into the city without regard for the arrangements they had made with the northerners. The Zapata troops responded promptly.

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TWO

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Men and Women

who are languid, sleepless and physically run-down get immediate relief and lasting benefits from the regular use of Scott's Emulsion after meals.

Its chief constituent is nature's greatest body-building force to strengthen the organs and nerve centers, grain by grain, to rebuild physical and mental energy.

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really represent Gomez and will report to the Morales faction regarding the supposed attitude that would be taken by this government should Gomez be named provisional president.

Gomez, three years ago, was one of the most prominent men in Mexico and was said to be the only man who could ever dictate terms to Zapata. When the first revolution was launched against Madero, Zapata declared openly for Gomez and has always been a follower of the latter.

Emiliano Vasquez, who has been residing here for some time, said to-night he would accept the office of provisional president if officially tendered. He said he had heard nothing about the report and declined to make further comment.

Gomez is the author of the plan of Ayala which Zapata has long advocated for the constitutional government of Mexico as against the plan of Guadalupe and the plan of San Luis Potosi.

Added strength is given to the belief that Zapata favors Gomez as provisional president by the presence with Zapata of Paulino Martinez, who, as representative of Zapata at the Aguas Calientes convention, insisted upon the adoption of the plan of Ayala.

AMERICAN RED CROSS
TAKES OVER HOSPITALS

Washington, Dec. 2.—British and French hospitals at Constantinople are now being managed by the American Red Cross chapter in the Turkish capital. A cablegram announcing this reached Red Cross headquarters here today just after it had been decided to accept a formal invitation from the British government to take over the operation of the English hospital at Smyrna, Asiatic Turkey.

The British authorities believe their hospitals in Turkey will be secure from molestation under the American Red Cross flag.

RED CROSS TO ATTEND
HORSES IN WAR ZONE

Washington, Dec. 2.—Approval was given by President Wilson today to the movement to have the Geneva convention under which Red Cross societies operate, extended so as to provide for attention to horses in war. Word of the president's action was cabled to the purple cross societies, a new organization which has been formed in the European war zone, to care for horses on the battlefield.

Senator Walsh of Montana and Brian Kristof of this city, brought the movement to Mr. Wilson's attention.

ANOTHER CASUALTY
ON AMERICAN SIDE

Nico, AFR. DES. 2.—A Mexican boy on the American side was killed in the abduction by a stray bullet from the siege of Naco, Sonora, today. He is the forty-fourth victim of Mexican banditism here.

The attack on the Matamoros-Villa forces on General Hill's Carrancista troops, entrenched in Naco, have now divided to sniping with occasional bursts of skirmish line fire.

Why Have the People Used Over
a Hundred Million Boxes?

The extraordinary merit of Laxative Bromo Quinine explains the reason why the people of all nations have used the enormous quantity of over One Hundred Million (100,000,000) Boxes of this famous remedy.

After reading the accompanying label from the box of

An excellent remedy for Coughs and Colds. Relieves the Cough and soothes the throat conditions and Headache, which are usually associated with colds. The second or third dose will relieve the Cough and Headache and will move the bowels well within 8 or 10 hours, when the cold will be relieved. In treating colds it is very important that the bowels should move well every day. This preparation moves the bowels gently without griping, and soothes the liver and all the secretory organs. Directions.—Adults: Two tablets in the morning and one at night. Children: One tablet in the morning and one at night. Some persons, who are not used to the medicine, may feel the need of a laxative. In such cases, the medicine should be taken in just one dose. The medicine is so gentle that it can be taken every day. Children who are not old enough to swallow pills, the tablet can be broken or cut in half and given in proportion to age. To be swallowed without chewing. For headache, take 10 tablets every 2 or 3 hours until relieved.

(Facsimile of label on back of Laxative Bromo Quinine box)

—but remember there is Only One
"Bromo Quinine"

To Get The GENUINE, Call For The Full Name
Laxative Bromo Quinine
USED THE WORLD OVER TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

E. M. Grove

GOVERNOR-ELECT
PLANS FOR END
OF LABOR WAR
IN COAL MINES

Believes an Industrial Commission, to Serve Without Compensation, Would Bring Peace to State.

COLORADO'S ANARCHY
UNDER INVESTIGATION

President of Victor American Company Has No Patience With Collective Bargaining by Employees.

Denver, Dec. 2.—An industrial commission, to serve without compensation, was the plan for the industrial life of the coal fields to which his administration will be heir to, was suggested by Governor-elect George A. Carlson before the federal commission on industrial relations when he was called at the first session today.

One of the functions of the commission would be the drafting, with the assistance of operators and miners, of an equitable employer-employee compensation act. He corroborated the testimony of Governor Ammons in the opening of the session that the machinery of state government was defective in that administrative heads of departments were appointed by members of the governor's executive staffs and that the chief executive of the state was powerless to control the activities of such administrative heads. Many of such appointees had been openly at variance with the policy of Governor Ammons, it was stated.

No Adequate Machinery. In the handling of an industrial dispute, he said, there is no organized body ready to enter the field. The governor must wait for the legislature to convene. Then a committee is appointed to take the committee members time to become acquainted with themselves and their task. Then there is a questioning among the people as to whether this member or that member is not controlled by this or that interest. By the time they get to work the dispute has proceeded to violence, getting further away from any settlement.

Mr. Carlson was still on the stand when the session adjourned until tomorrow.

Governor Ammons, the first witness of the day, testified that the state had made final arrangements to sell the last of the \$1,000,000 insurance bonds issued at the special session of the legislature last spring to defray the last expenses of about six companies of the militia and that he had notified President Wilson. He expected the president to withdraw the federal troops at an early date.

Sign Up With Union. J. C. Osgood, chairman of the board of directors of the Victor-American Fuel company, testified that about a dozen smaller mine owners had signed up with the United Mine Workers of America during the strike because of their financial condition. These operators had been members of the Industrial Union of Mine Workers, a company formed at the beginning of the strike for mutual protection.

"What was your attitude toward these men who had signed up?" asked Commissioner Garretson.

"We did not feel particularly cordial," said Mr. Osgood, "for we felt that they had taken advantage of our condition to better their own and that we had borne the burden of the situation."

"You felt about the same as a union man who went on strike and saw another man taking his job?" asked Mr. Garretson.

A sudden burst of applause from the galleries of the senate chamber drowned the answer and brought forth a warning against a repetition from Chairman Walsh.

Miners Earn \$4 a Day. Mr. Osgood previously had showed that miners employed by his company earned, when working, on an average, of \$4 a day.

He declared that the Illinois coal operators, excepting the big railroad

mines, were not solvent because of the operations of the United Mine Workers of America and that the operators who had been dealing with that union were unprofitable.

"Have you any system to compensate injured workmen?" Commissioner Wolcott asked.

"We have not," replied Mr. Osgood. "Not if a man is crippled for life."

"There is no compensation," testified Mr. Osgood. "Unless otherwise provided with insurance the injury falls upon the injured and his dependents."

"Do you believe the position of your company is an equitable one?"

"It is the same as for thirty years," he said, "and in the absence of an employer's liability law, as a question of abstract right and wrong, I think it right that the injured should bear the burden because experience in mines shows that most of the accidents are due to recklessness. The old miner will always take a chance where the younger man would not. It would be impracticable to take care of these cases until we have an employer's liability law that would fix the compensation."

Fails to Get Law Passed. He related how for four years he had worked for the establishment of a workmen's compensation law, had even finished a commission upon the subject for two years. The state had refused to appropriate for the commission after the first two years and he had been forced to abandon it.

Discussing collective bargaining for labor Mr. Osgood outlined his attitude. "A miner knows what wages are paid, the hours and the working conditions at a mine, at all of the mines," he said, "and he selects the employer he wants to work for. The wages are higher in Colorado, therefore miners come here."

"No store which is considered first class would permit bargaining for prices. It is the same way with an employer. If you do not like the prices the stores ask, you do not buy. It is the same way with an employer. If I do not offer right wages and conditions of employment I get no employees and my mine shuts down. I claim that if men want to work under union conditions there are plenty of places where they can work. It is absolutely right to say whether he will work or not and where he will work."

Believes in Individualism. "Then as an individual bargainer with you, it is your job or leave it," asked Mr. Osgood.

"Just as you purchase in a store or not," retorted Mr. Osgood.

Before he was excused Mr. Osgood entered a categorical denial of the testimony of John R. L. Lacey, in the report of the industrial commission that it was dangerous for union agitators to visit the southern coal fields, that there were "hand picked" picket lines, and intimidations of men companies by the large ones. As to the matter of mine owners now forcing miners to excuse himself from expressing opinion on the direct lines involved, but said he believed the mine guards in several cases would be exonerated.

DEVELOPMENTS PREDICTED
IN STRIKE SITUATION

Washington, Dec. 2.—Important developments in the Colorado strike situation are expected in official circles to follow the meeting of Colorado members of the United Mine Workers of America to be held in Denver next Monday. Secretary Wilson, of the department of labor, was notified today of the meeting and announced tonight that if David L. Palmer, N. R. Fairley, the two federal conciliators who have been seeking to solve the Colorado strike troubles, would attend the meeting on behalf of the federal government.

Secretary Wilson was asked whether there was any likelihood of the striking miners offering a new solution of the controversy, but said he could not discuss the question in advance of the meeting next Monday.

The convention in Denver will be held simultaneously with the meeting here of President Wilson's new Colorado strike commission.

NO "MERRY CHRISTMAS"
ON BELGIAN PRESENTS

New York, Dec. 2.—Not even the words "Merry Christmas" may be written on packages of supplies sent to the starving Belgians.

The American commission for relief in Belgium announced today that the placing by donors of an inscription of any sort inside or outside the package might subject the entire contents to confiscation by military officials suspicious of a military code message.

In one case which has come to the commission's notice, a shipload of goods bound for Genoa—most, however, of the relief ships, was held up a month because of a single word printed on a bag—"Dante."

The prohibition extends to expressions of sympathy and even initials of senders. Private marks or tags are hence objectionable. The neutrality conditions under which goods go from Rotterdam into Belgium are that positively no mark or message of any description is permitted to which German officials could object.

IRISH PUBLICATIONS
ARE RAIDED BY POLICE

Dublin, Dec. 2 (via London, 1:30 a. m.).—The police have raided the office of the Irish Freedom, a monthly newspaper which has been opposing enlistment and expressing pro-German sentiment. All copies of the newspaper on newstands were confiscated. The police also have prevented the distribution of another newspaper of similar tendencies.

There has been widespread agitation in England for the suppression of these and similar Irish publications.

66TH ANNIVERSARY OF
EMPEROR'S REIGN

Home, Dec. 2 (12:30 p. m.).—Today, the sixty-sixth anniversary of Emperor Francis Joseph's assumption of the throne of Austria-Hungary, mass was celebrated in the Austrian church here in the presence of the Austrian and German ambassadors and a small contingent of the Austro-Hungarian colony. Police were on hand to prevent any untoward incidents.

The Meszaros says that in Austria the watch of the police over citizens is becoming intolerable. Nobody, the paper adds, was allowed on the streets today unless he wore a yellow and black badge as a sign of rejoicing over the imperial anniversary.

No Nudes Need Apply. Chicago, Dec. 2.—This guide in art will receive no encouragement from the new Chicago art commission appointed to speed a city appropriation in the purchase of works by local artists, according to an announcement today. Members of the commission agree that the tax payers would be horrified if city money were spent for nudes.

GENERAL DE WET
IS CAPTURED IN
SOUTH AFRICA

Famous Boer Leader Officially Reported Taken by Forces Loyal to British Empire, Says Cablegram.

Pretoria (via London, Dec. 3, 5:30 a. m.).—General Christian de Wet, leader of the rebellion in the Union of South Africa, has been taken prisoner, according to an official announcement made here. He was captured by General Cronje last Tuesday on a farm at Waterburg, a town 100 miles east of Mafeking, in British Bechuanaland.

General Christian de Wet rose to fame as commander-in-chief of the Orange Free State forces in the South African war. Starting as a burgher in the Heilbron command, he later was appointed at Ladysmith and was sent to relieve General Cronje as second in command. When General Cronje surrendered, De Wet was made commander-in-chief. In the latter days of that war he embarrassed the British army by his tactics, which for a long time made vain the pursuit of the remnants of his army, although twenty British columns were engaged in it. He was one of the signatories of the peace conference after the war and later was minister of agriculture in the Orange River colony.

General De Wet, at the outbreak of the present war, offered a corps of South Africans to Lord Kitchener. Later he protested against the action of the Union of South Africa in fighting the Germans and took the field against the first British forces.

General De Wet has several times been reported as meeting with reverses and once as having been wounded, one of his sons was killed in the fighting and two sons are said to have surrendered.

FUNSTON HIGHLY
COMPLIMENTED
BY PRESIDENT

Secretary Daniels Also Conveys Thanks of Chief Executive to Marines Who Served at Vera Cruz.

Washington, Dec. 2.—President Wilson wrote to Secretary Garrison today, paying tribute to the "efficiency, courage and discretion" of General Funston and his forces during the American occupation of Vera Cruz. The letter follows:

"May I not ask you to express to General Funston and the officers under him at Vera Cruz, and through them to the troops who served the Mexican campaign, my warmest appreciation of the way in which a difficult and delicate situation was handled."

"I believe from what we have learned that the effect of the occupation was to give out the feeling of the whole country when I commended the efficiency, the courage, and the discretion with which the expedition and occupation were carried out."

Secretary Daniels of the navy addressed a letter to the commandant of the marine corps, Major General George Barnett, in recognition of the fine conduct of the marines who served under General Funston.

"I wish very much," wrote the secretary, "that my engagements here would permit me to accompany you to Philadelphia on your mission to give the greeting of the nation to the members of the marine corps, officers and men who are returning from a campaign of great valor and devotion to them the grateful appreciation of the president and the navy department, and I may add as well, of the American people, for the courage displayed by them when Admiral Fletcher landed on April 21, and for their long and efficient service during the occupation of Vera Cruz. They have earned the gratitude of their countrymen and I trust you will be able to give them sufficient leave to visit their families and for rest after their arduous service."

SEVERE STORM IS
RAGING OFF GLASGOW

Glasgow, Dec. 3 (via London, 3:17 a. m.).—The most severe storm of the year swept over this section and the coast last night. Several tenement houses on Crown street collapsed under pressure of the wind. One woman was killed and two were seriously injured. A hundred persons were made homeless.

Numerous minor accidents are reported in all parts of the city and the surrounding country. A dispatch from Stenhouse says an unidentified ketch was blown on the rocks and broken up, all hands being drowned.

ALASKA PRACTICALLY SUBSIDED

Nome, Alaska, Dec. 2.—The blizzard which threatened Nome with destruction by forcing ice and water from the sea high up on the beach subsided today without doing serious damage to the town.

The huge Arctic ice pack extending from shore as far as the eye could see, kept down the surf.

No news concerning conditions in the smaller camps has been received.

PROGRESSIVES
UNTERIFIED BY
RECENT DEFEAT

Executive Committee Says Nothing of Amalgamation and Points With Pride to Nearly Two Million Votes.

Chicago, Dec. 2.—Progressives from thirty-four states, in a conference session of the executive committee of the party today expressed their confidence in the progressive party principles and their determination to continue the party in action.

Reports were heard from the various states and later a statement was issued by the executive committee, through its chairman, George W. Perkins, of New York, declaring that the progressive organization and campaign of education should continue and that the national committee of the party should be asked to fix the time and place for holding the national convention of the party in 1916 and to transmit business incidental to the presidential campaign two years from now.

Amalgamation Not Discussed. Not a speaker made any suggestion of abandoning the party and the subject of amalgamation with either of the older parties was not brought up. The meeting was reviewed in the statement issued by the executive committee after its session. The statement read:

"The executive committee of the progressive party at a duly attended meeting here today, heard reports as to general conditions and as to the state of the organization work throughout the country. Ninety-one representative progressives from thirty-four states were present."

Encouragement in South. "It was found that in the thirty-seven states where the progressive party had tickets in the field at the last election, it polled an aggregate of more than 1,750,000 votes. Particularly encouraging reports of increased progressive votes were received from southern states, notably Louisiana and Georgia."

"The industrial depression and the consequent reaction against the democratic tariff was undoubtedly the cause which primarily determined the reactionary results of the recent election. Both the republican and the democratic parties have passed tariffs by the old method of log rolling, and the people have now successfully repudiated them both."

Wants Tariff Commission. "The progressive party specifically declared this doctrine in its platform of 1912, and pointed out the only way to take the tariff out of politics, by the creation of a permanent, expert, non-partisan tariff commission. We call attention to the necessity of prompt action on the Mordock tariff commission bill, introduced in May, 1912."

"Progressive principles are permanent and it is now more than ever evident that the progressive party today is the necessary organ for their realization."

The question of moving the party headquarters from New York was not dealt with by the executive committee, though in the conference, Clifford Pinchot suggested that a more westerly location would bring the party headquarters nearer to the great body of progressive party voters.

AMERICAN FLEET HAS
SHORT RANGE TORPEDOES

Washington, Dec. 2.—Lack of long range torpedoes is pointed to as a paramount weakness of the United States navy by Rear Admiral Joseph Strauss, chief of the bureau of ordnance, in his annual report today to Secretary of the Navy. All of the battleships, except the two latest "dreadnoughts," the armored cruisers of the Tennessee class, the scout cruisers and the older destroyers, the admiral says, are equipped with "a short range torpedo for the battle fleet."

Lamar's purpose, he asserted, was to reconcile the Morgan and United States Steel Corporation interests with the incoming democratic administration which was supposed to be inimical to "big business" and Wall street. He later laid emphasis on Ledyard's testimony that Ledyard had said that he did not want any financial recompense and said that no testimony had been presented, which proved that Lamar had not attempted to defraud any one.

Coffee
and the Cop

A booklet, "How to Keep Well," prepared under the eye of the Police Surgeon and the Health Commissioner, and distributed to the New York Policemen—the finest police force extant—among other suggestions, says:

"Strong Coffee and Tea
Are Always Harmful"

Coffee and tea both contain the drugs, caffeine and tannin, which often cause headache, biliousness, heart flutter, sleeplessness, and other ills.

New York Doesn't Want
Nervous, Debilitated Policemen

If you value your own health and power to "do things," suppose you quit tea and coffee, and try the famous pure food-drink

POSTUM

Made only of prime wheat and a bit of wholesome molasses, Postum is free from drugs, or any harmful substance.

There's fine flavour, genuine nourishment and health in a steaming cup of well-made Postum.

"THERE'S A REASON"

FIRST
NATIONAL
BANK
ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.
U. S. GOVERNMENT DEPOSITOR

PAY BY CHECK

EVERYONE, MAN OR WOMAN, WILL FIND IT MUCH MORE CONVENIENT AND ECONOMICAL TO PAY BILLS BY CHECK. IF YOU WILL BUT TRY THIS PLAN, IT IS SAFE TO SAY THAT YOU WILL NEVER AGAIN GO BACK TO THE OLD METHODS OF PAYING BY CURRENCY. THIS BANK WELCOMES CHECKING ACCOUNTS OF \$1.00 AND UPWARDS AND ASSURES CAREFUL AND COURTEOUS SERVICE.

LARGEST BANK IN NEW MEXICO & ARIZONA

DAVID LAMAR'S
CASE NEARLY AT
END IN COURT

Defense Admits Impersonation of Congressman Palmer, but Says No Legal Fraud Was Attempted or Intended.

New York, Dec. 2.—The case of David Lamar, charged with impersonating Representative A. Mitchell Palmer of Pennsylvania, with intent to defraud J. P. Morgan & Co. and the United States Steel Corporation will go to the jury in the federal district court here tomorrow. After Lamar's counsel had surprised the court today by announcing that they would interpose no defense, Henry E. Davis, chief counsel for Lamar, summed up and Judge Sessions announced that the jury would be charged tomorrow after the prosecution had made its final address.

The government based its case almost entirely on the testimony of Lewis Cass Ledyard regarding telephone conversations which he held in February, 1912 with a man who represented himself to be Congressman Palmer, but who, it is charged, was a defendant.

The only contentions in Lamar's favor were those made by his counsel today in summing up.

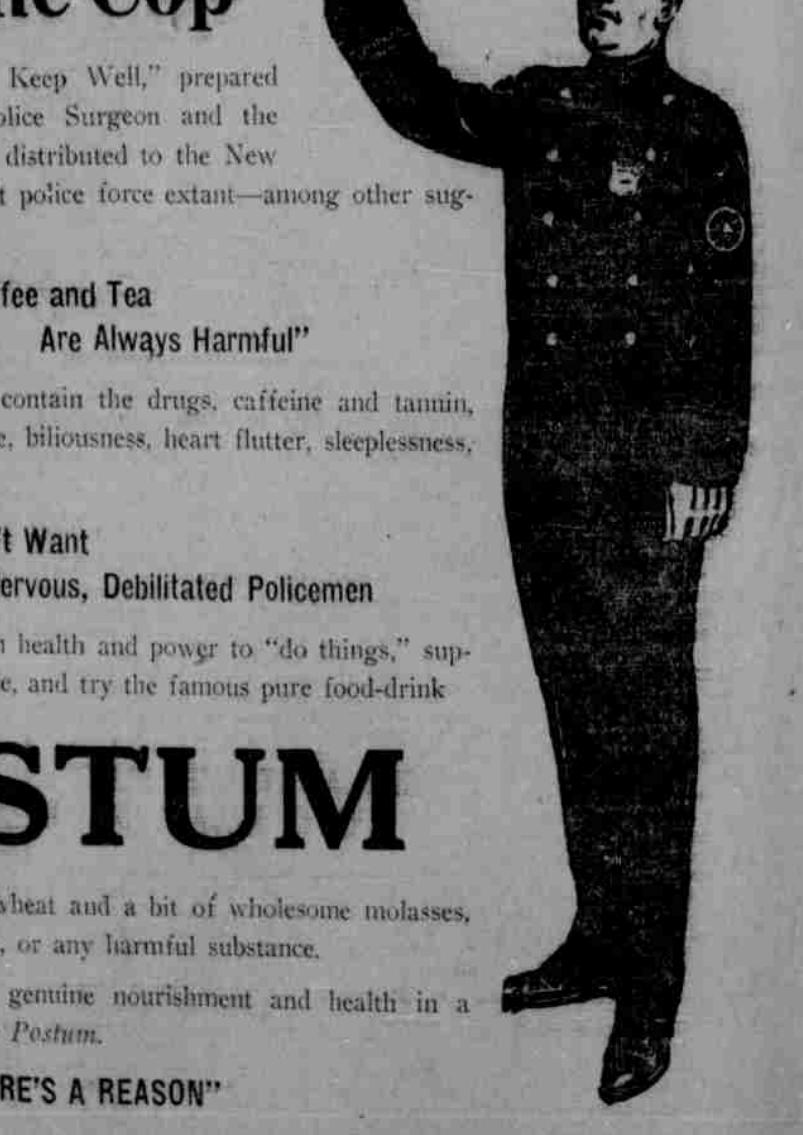
Excuses for Lamar. "While we admit that Lamar represented himself as a congressman he performed none of the functions of one," asserted Mr. Davis. He insisted that Lamar broke no law but merely used Representative Palmer's name in order to assure himself a hearing; that Lamar's conversation with Ledyard had no reference to congressional business, thus putting the case outside the pale of the statute which the defendant is accused of having violated in representing himself as an officer of the United States; and acting as such; and that these conversations were such as any known or asserted Mr. Davis. He insisted that Lamar broke no law but merely used Representative Palmer's name in order to assure himself a hearing; that Lamar's conversation with Ledyard had no reference to congressional business, thus putting the case outside the pale of the statute which the defendant is accused of having violated in representing himself as an officer of the United States; and acting as such; and that these conversations were such as any known or asserted Mr. Davis.

TWENTY SUBMARINES ARE
BUILDING IN AMERICA

San Francisco, Dec. 2.—Eight submarines are under construction here at the Union Iron Works, which is owned by the Bethlehem Steel corporation, officials of the iron works admit.

The boats are to be shipped in sections, although the destination is not known here or elsewhere. The building or equipping of a foreign warship on neutral territory is prohibited by the laws of the American government and a neutral is not obliged by international law to prevent their shipment, a different attitude is assumed in law toward the building or equipping of a foreign warship on neutral territory.

Released by Coroner. Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 2.—W. B. Carhart, a shoe manufacturer, was cleared of blame here today by a coroner, that investigated the shooting and killing before dawn in Carhart's apartments of James P. Callaway, a prominent Atlanta broker and clubman. Carhart testified he thought Callaway was a burglar.



IN THE WORLD OF SPORT

COACHES SELECT ALL-NEW MEXICO FOOTBALL ELEVEN

University of New Mexico Given Four Places on Astral Crew by Rademacher, Russell and Hutchinson.

The Journal presents the above all-New Mexico football eleven after taking a poll of the coaches of the state's Big Three—Rademacher, N. M. M. I., Russell, Aggie, and Hutchinson, U. of N. M. In making their selections for the eleven the athletic directors evidenced unanimity of opinion to a marked degree.

Last year the Journal selected an all-southwestern eleven, the University of Arizona having been taken into consideration in addition to the three schools of this state. It was deemed advisable to eliminate Arizona this year because of the fact that the team from the neighboring state was only the Aggie this year.

The Reason Why. Ends—Shields and Hamilton, Hamilton, who was an all-southwestern selection for last year, repeated his good work again this year, being generally considered the best man in his position in the state. "Swifty" Shields was one of the big surprises of the season. Last year he was a variety act quarter, but, switched to end this year, he played a great game in every contest. Each man received two of the three votes. Captain Rademacher naming only one end, Hamilton, of the Aggies.

Tackles—Powers and Joe Quisenberry. Both of these Aggie stars received a unanimous vote. They were all-southwestern selections for the same positions last year.

Guard—Chet Lee and Greenfield. Both Lee and Greenfield played tackle positions on the variety eleven, but on

YOUNG SHUGRUE OUTFIGHTS AND OUTBOXES WELSH

By agreement both boxers weighed in at 125 pounds in the afternoon at 12:30 p.m. They were allowed 125 at that time. Tonight at the river-side the British boxer weighed 131½, while the American tipped the beam at 127½.

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It was the story of the fight against the boxer, with the fighter having the better of it. Shugrue was successful throughout the bout, tearing into Welsh's body with both hands. Welsh used jabbing tactics and at times held on, while Shugrue when both arms were free, sent in short-arm jabs to the face and body and at the end of the second had cut Welsh's right eye. The third was even, Welsh sending hard lefts and rights to the face.

Shugrue forced the fighting in the next three rounds. In the fourth he punished Welsh on the body and he sent the Englishman's head back with a hard straight left in the fifth. Welsh jabbed and sidestepped in the sixth, but Shugrue was on top of him continually.

Welsh's best work came in the seventh when he landed a stinging left in the face and followed with a hard right. Shugrue had the better of the exchanges in the last three rounds, landing hard drives on the head and body.

Both fought valiantly in the tenth, Shugrue forcing Welsh to a corner and Welsh doing likewise with his opponent. They were in a stiff mix-up at the bell.

EDDIE PLANK OF ATHLETICS TO FIELDER JONES

President Gilmore Sends Telegram to St. Louis Club Announcing Southpaw Has Signed Contract.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 2.—Edward Plank, the Philadelphia Athletics' left-hand pitcher, today signed a contract to play with the St. Louis Federal league club. A telegram to this effect was received here tonight from President James A. Gilmore of the Federal league, by Phil Ball, vice president of the local club.

Mr. Ball would not divulge the salary figure under which Plank is signed, but he declared he had authorized Gilmore "to go to the limit" in order to get Plank as soon as it was evident that the local Federal club would not sign Walter Johnson, pitcher of the Washington club.

TREASURER OF BALTIMORE CLUB GETS SIGNATURE

Gettysburg, Pa., Dec. 2.—Eddie Plank, of the Philadelphia Athletics, today signed a Federal league contract. Harry Goodman, treasurer of the Baltimore club, here today obtained the star pitcher's signature to a general contract but it was not made known to which club in the Federal league Plank would be assigned. It is believed here that Plank will pitch for either St. Louis or Chicago.

Plank tonight admitted he signed the contract but would not divulge the terms of the agreement or with which club he expected to be affiliated.

NOT ALL AMERICAN LEAGUE CLUBS HAD WAIVED ON HIM

Philadelphia, Dec. 2.—"I wish him the best of luck," said Connie Mack tonight when told that Eddie Plank has signed a Federal league contract. "Are you sorry to see him go?" Mack was asked.

"Oh, no," he replied. "I am through with him. He was after the money and was quite willing to go to the Federal." "He was a wonderful pitcher," Mack said in speaking of Plank's thirteen years' service with the Athletics, "and he is a good one yet."

That Plank would jump to the Federal league was not expected here. Manager Mack started the baseball world shortly after the conclusion of the world's series by announcing that he had asked waivers on Plank, Chief Bender and Jack Coombs. All the American clubs did not waive on Plank and Bender and agents of several of them visited Plank at his home in Gettysburg in unsuccessful efforts to have him remain in the American league.

MORE STARS OF ORGANIZED BASE SIGNED, SAYS GILMORE

Chicago, Dec. 2.—"Disposition of Eddie Plank and other American and National league stars who have recently signed or are about to join the following organized baseball league will not be determined at present," said President James A. Gilmore tonight. A complete list of players signed or pledged since peace negotiations were declared off will not be given until the Federal league headquarters, Gilmore said.

SPRINGFIELD FRANCHISE GOES TO ROCK ISLAND

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 2.—The National board of arbitration of the National Association of Professional Baseball leagues, today gave out the following decisions relating to the Springfield franchise in the United States and Canada.

The Springfield, Ill., franchise in the Three-I league has been transferred to Rock Island, Ill. The Chicago club did not waive on Plank and Bender and agents of several of them visited Plank at his home in Gettysburg in unsuccessful efforts to have him remain in the American league.

The following players have been released by purchase:

By Rochester N. Y., Frank L. Bruns to Boston National league; by Cleveland association, Elmer J. Smith to Cleveland; by Boston American league, Hugh Redden to Providence, R. I.; by Denver, Robert Marshall to New York National league; by Pittsburgh, National league, Patrick Bohon to Reading, Pa.; by Montreal, Dale to Cincinnati National league; by Duquesne, Ill., Vernon Isaacs, to Detroit.

Among the Bowlers

HOW THEY STAND.

Wizards 21 1 694
C. C. 24 12 567
A. & A. 26 13 667
Hubbs 28 14 598
U. N. M. 17 19 472
Coke 17 22 456
Royal 17 21 417
Light Co. 12 23 361
Grocers 12 23 361
Santa Fe 12 26 333

MATCH TONIGHT
Light Co. vs. Wizards.

ALBRIGHT & ANDERSON TEAM WINS THREE FROM HUBBS

The Albright & Anderson bowlers won three straight from the Hubbs team of the Handicap league last night at the Drummer alleys.

The score:

A. & A. 122 187 145 554
Dry 132 126 168 426
De Lorraine 132 109 123 364
Cokeshe-2 132 109 123 364
Roberts 145 142 193 580
James 188 174 168 530
Totals 870 723 827 2425

Hubbs 153 128 168 449
Beta 138 141 215 494
Palladium 116 151 157 424
Boch 122 104 168 394
Therion 128 126 114 368
Mullins 84 54 54 192
Totals 742 708 754 2204

GERMANY READY TO FIGHT WAR TO BITTER END

Reichstag Grants New Credit of More Than Billion Dollars With Which to Continue Hostilities.

Berlin, Dec. 2.—Germanians to London, Dec. 2, 1914 in their only one dissenting vote, that of Herr Liebknecht, socialist, the reichstag today voted a new war credit of 2,000,000,000 marks (\$1,250,000,000). The president of the chamber, deputy in a speech on the subject and expression of the German people and commented appreciatively on the large number of members of the reichstag who are now serving the country at the front. In his exposition of the progress of the war, the president said:

"Japan joined our enemies from a desire to seize as booty the monument to German culture in the Far East. On the other hand, we have found an ally in Turkey, as all the Moslem people wish to see the English yoke and shatter the foundations of England's colonial power. Under the banner of our army and our fleet, we will continue."

The imperial chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, at once in the session dressed in the gray service uniform of a general. All the secretaries of state and the Prussian ministers also were present. Many of the members of the chamber were uniformed and wore iron crosses.

Chancellor's Address.

In an address to the members of the chamber, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg said:

"The emperor is absent with the army, but he has charged me to transmit his wishes and cordial greetings to the German house of representatives with whom he knows he is united until death in stress of danger, in common concert for the weal of the fatherland."

Our country, though not to the emperor and the army and navy, who are fighting for the honor and greatness of the empire. Full of pride and with unshakable confidence, we look on them and our Austro-Hungarian comrades in arms and with great battle with brilliant bravery.

"Our latest ally in the war forced upon us is the Ottoman empire, which well knows that if the German empire were destroyed, it too, would lose its national right to arrange its own destiny. As our enemies have formed a powerful coalition against us, they will, I hope, find that the army of our brave allies reaches the weak spots in their weak positions."

The imperial chancellor said that since the reichstag had expressed the firm resolution of the whole people to undertake the war, great deeds had been accomplished and the complete railway of the German troops had carried the war into the enemy's country.

"There we will stand firm," declared the chancellor, "and can regard the future with every confidence. But the enemy's resistance is not broken. We are not yet at the end of our sacrifices. The nation will continue to support these sacrifices with the same heroism as heretofore, for we must and will fight to a successful end our defensive war for right and freedom. We will then remember how our defenseless compatriots in hostile countries were maltreated, in a manner which is a disgrace to civilization. The world must learn that none of us is a half on the side of a German subject with impunity."

Honors Great Britain.

"It is evident to us who are responsible for this greatest of all wars, the apparent responsibility of the Russian army who ordered and executed the mobilization of the Russian army; the real responsibility falls on the British government. The cabinet at London could have made the war impossible if it had declared at St. Petersburg that England would not allow a continental war to develop from the Austro-Serbian conflict."

"Such a declaration would have obliged France energetically to restrain Russia from undertaking warlike measures. Then our action as mediator between St. Petersburg and Vienna would have been successful."

"England was aware of the hellish machinations on the part of an irresponsible, but powerful group about the Russian emperor. England saw how the wheel was rolling, but placed no obstacles in its path. Despite all assurances of peace, London informed St. Petersburg that England was on the side of France and consequently on the side of Russia."

Hoped to Destroy Competitor.

"The cabinet at London allowed a monstrous world war, hoping, with the help of the entente, to destroy the vitality of its greatest European competitor in the markets of the world."

"Therefore, England and Russia have before God and man the responsibility for the catastrophe which fell upon Europe."

England's extended defense of Belgium's neutrality was nothing but a pretext. We notified Belgium that the necessities of self defense would compel us to march through Belgium on August 2, but already, on the afternoon of Saturday, August 1, before anything of any demand at Brussels could have been known to London, the British government had promised France unconditional assistance in case the German fleet should attack the French coast.

Nothing was said about Belgian neutrality. How can England contend that she drew the sword because we violated Belgian neutrality?

The chancellor elaborated this theme at some length and declared documents found in Brussels established that Belgium had surrendered her neutrality to England and he argued that when the German troops entered Belgium they were on the territory of a state that had long ago given up its neutrality and that therefore England had declared war on Germany, not for the sake of Belgian neutrality, but because she believed the war would be able to master Germany with the aid of two great military powers.

Warship Signs Contract.

Preport, Ill., Dec. 2.—Jack Warhop, cured of a strained tendon in the right shoulder, it was learned today, recently signed a three-year contract with the New York American league baseball club at an increased salary.

Warhop took treatment for his lame pitching arm in Preport.

NO PREPARATION FOR DEFENSE OF UNITED STATES

Congressman Gardner Tells Economic Club That This Nation Has Nothing With Which to Repel Attack.

New York, Dec. 2.—Hope for speedy peace between the warring powers of Europe and belief that the United States would play an important part in the ultimate settlement, were expressed tonight by Dr. Bernhard Dernburg, former secretary of state for the colonies in an address at a dinner of the Economic club of New York, at which he was guest of honor. He alluded to the war as "stupid, unnecessary and unprofitable," and explained the reasons for his coming to this country at its outbreak.

Germany Misunderstood.

"We felt," he said, "that our mutual relations were becoming strained; that Germany was continually misunderstanding; that for every word we could get, our adversaries had seven or more to represent their side. I have been doing my best to lessen that stress and to help prepare a return to a normal state of affairs and ideas so that the resumption of business should find both countries in the same friendly and respectful attitude that existed before the war broke out."

Other speakers were Augustus P. Gardner, representative from Massachusetts, and Dr. David Starr Jordan, chancellor of Stanford university.

Gardner Speaks on Defense.

Representative Gardner spoke at length on what he regarded as the inefficiency of the land and sea defenses of the United States. If the plans formulated by the navy board in 1907 had been carried out, he said, the United States would have forty-seven dreadnaughts by this time. "And what have we?" he asked. "Eighteen battleships, ten pretty good battleships, eight venerable relics and four masses of floating scrap iron."

The big guns of Germany and England, he said, could shell the forts protecting New York and still be a mile and a half outside the range of the coast guns. "Suppose an army then should land," he continued, "we have not even a hundred wire fence to turn them off. We have only forty thousand men in the regular army. We have one hundred and ten thousand in the militia. Last year the militia proved its inefficiency when 60 per cent of the militia were called to duty and did not even try."

America Unprepared.

There are only seven serviceable aeroplanes in the navy and about eleven in the army, he said, and there are no capable officers in the most expert officers in the army recently told him, the congressman said, that there is not enough ammunition in the United States to supply all the guns for one day. Of long range torpedoes, he said, there are only fifty-eight in the navy.

ITALY PRESENTS SOLID FRONT TO ALL OF EUROPE

ROME, Dec. 2 (1:25 p. m.)—The Italian parliament will assemble tomorrow and its deliberations awaited with anxiety, as this is considered the gravest moment for Italy since its unification. Four hundred and fifty deputies and 300 senators are already in Rome to attend the session.

Premier Salandra, in presenting the new cabinet, will make a statement concerning the ministerial policy. An especially interesting passage will deal with the attitude of Italy with reference to the present European war and the premier will explain the reasons that actuate the government in maintaining "armed and watchful neutrality," the object of which was to guarantee the supreme interest of Italy whenever threatened.

The statement will contain an announcement of the military and naval preparations for which almost one billion francs (\$200,000,000) have been appropriated, and also of the steps taken to alleviate the suffering of the unemployed.

The leaders of the various groups in the cabinet with a view to having the Italian parliament give evidence of the solidarity between the foreign powers. Pressure in this direction has been made on the socialists who, in spite of the exceptional situation, may possibly show some opposition.

Benny Allen Trims Mutton.

Kansas City, Dec. 2.—Benny Allen of Kansas City, holder of the world's pocket billiard title, defeated James Mutton of Denver, in the first book of their championship match, 299 to 176, here tonight.

Gained 5 Pounds in One Week

Miss Marie Flowers writes: "I was run down and nervous through working in the shop and taking care of my sick babies. I gained 5 pounds the first week I took Certone and feel well. Will recommend it to my friends."

Mrs. E. Westfall writes: "Everything I tried and failed to know what I needed. Before I took Certone I weighed only 117 lbs. and looked very bad, but now I weigh 140 pounds and look very good. I have gained 23 pounds and very good appetite."

Those are the proofs you want about the wonderful food-maker and strength-giver Certone. Letters pour in from people who have gained good flesh, power and vitality through Certone. Get a box of this remarkable preparation at any drugstore and see how quickly Certone will build you up.

My 1915 Seed Catalog, about to be printed, will go to 8,000 farmers and ranchmen, and their wives, in New Mexico and northern Arizona. All customers of my mail order seed business. These people are accustomed to mail order buying in Albuquerque. They form the best buying public in the southwest. They can be reached through this catalog more effectively and at less expense than in any other way. If you have an article or a line of goods which appeals to farmers, stockmen and their wives an advertisement in this catalog will sell goods for you.

A limited amount of space remains unsold. If interested, telephone Fee's Seed store—Phone 16—and our representative will call.

A CIGAR may be a pleasant acquaintance, but a pipe o' VELVET is a real fren'.



When Nature invented Kentucky Burley, she gave it true flavor and fragrance, combined with a mildness found in no other tobacco. VELVET, The Smoothest Smoking Tobacco, is Burley de Luxe (the richest leaves of the finest plants) mellowed by more than 2 years' ageing. 10c tins and 5c metal-lined bags.

Loggitt & Myers Tobacco Co.

PERE MARQUETTE ROAD PROBED BY THE GOVERNMENT

Financial Deals Cost Stockholders Several Million Dollars and Other Millions Have "Disappeared."

DETROIT, Dec. 2.—Financial deals which are alleged to have cost the Pere Marquette road several million dollars and bonds representing almost as much money which are said to have dropped out of sight, were mentioned in testimony given today at the inquiry into the affairs of the Pere Marquette railroad, which is being conducted here by the Interstate Commerce commission.

Auditor Clarence S. Sykes, of the Pere Marquette road, who was on the stand all day yesterday and again today was questioned at length concerning transactions which, stockholders allege, helped to plunge the road into bankruptcy.

Sykes declared that \$2,500,000 worth of bonds and discounts, supposed to have been issued during the last fourteen years, have not been accounted for. He also testified that prior to 1908 the railroad sold bonds and notes aggregating a face value of \$8,000,000 in J. P. Morgan & Co., but that only \$7,000,000 was realized because the securities were sold at a discount.

The Morgan firm refused to accept the bonds without additional security, he charged, and the Pere Marquette was forced to put up securities amounting to \$16,000,000 to obtain the cash. When the railroad was unable

BEST LAXATIVE FOR CHILDREN

When your baby is cross and fretful instead of the happy, laughing little dear you are accustomed to, in all probability the digestion has become deranged and the bowels need attention. Give it a mild laxative, dispel the irritability and bring back the happy content of babyhood.

The very best laxative for children is Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, because it contains no opiate or narcotic drug, is pleasant tasting and acts gently, but surely, without griping or other distress. Druggists sell Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin at fifty cents and one dollar a bottle. For a free trial bottle write to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 451 Washington St., Monticello, Ill.

Sick Headache

Sick headache is nearly always caused by disorders of the stomach. Correct them and the periodic attacks of sick headache will disappear. Mrs. John Bishop of Roseville, Ohio, writes: "About a year ago I was troubled with indigestion and had sick headaches that lasted for two or three days at a time. I doctored and tried a number of remedies but nothing helped me until during one of those sick spells a friend advised me to take Chamberlain's Tablets. This medicine relieved me in a short time." For sale by all dealers.

DRUMMER ALLEYS FOR EXERCISE

Try a game of ten pins. 205 West Gold.


THE ANNA BELLE COUPON.

Don't neglect to have this coupon, together with 10 cents, sent to the Journal office at once in order to secure the great Anna Belle doll.

This Coupon Plus 10 Cents

will bring your children a big bunch of happiness and you can't afford to miss this treat for them. For out-of-town subscribers—one coupon plus 12 cents.

DO IT NOW—DO IT NOW—DO IT NOW—DO IT NOW



REMEMBER YOUR FRIENDS in a Far off Land

PHOTOGRAPHS for CHRISTMAS

THE PURSELL Studio

offers you the very finest Photographs at most reasonable prices. Come in and see the most beautiful pictures ever shown in the Southwest.

Ask to see the new TIFFANYTONE—the newest in photography.

Phone 522 219 West Central

"FRITZ" CALKINS
E. N. M. 1914 Football Captain Who Is Considered One of Strongest Backfield Men in Southwest.

account of their sterling work they were shifted to guard, each having received two of the three votes. Captain Rademacher, last year's all-southwestern guard, however, the fact that Coach Russell, of the Aggies, gave the two variety men first call over his own regular guards clearly indicates the U. N. M. players to the positions.

Gardner Got Unanimous Vote.

Center—Gardner. The Aggie center received the unanimous vote of the three coaches. Last year, Gardner tied with Jones, of Arizona, for the honor.

Halves—Calkins and Miller. Calkins, U. N. M. captain last year's all-southwestern half, received three votes. He is one of the strongest backfield men developed in the southwest for several years. Miller of the Aggie, received two votes. Rademacher, center of the Aggies, preferred for the position.

Fullback—Crile. The Military institute man, incidentally the only player selected from the cadet team, was the unanimous selection for fullback. Captain Rademacher gives him credit for being the best backfield man in the southwest. In addition to his aggressiveness, line-plunging ability and head work, he probably is the best punter and drop-kicker in the state.

Aggies Out in Front.

Of the eleven positions six go to the Agricultural college. The University of New Mexico lands four, the same number as last year, while the Military institute is given only one position.

Two captains were given positions on this year's eleven, both by a unanimous vote—Calkins of the U. N. M. and Crile of the Military institute. The Aggie captain, Lane, although an all-southwestern man last year, failed to land a position this year, probably due to a shift in the Grass line-up, although he did receive two votes this

year, one for half and one for quarter.

Of the men who last year made positions on the all-southwestern and the following Aggie players were named: Lane of the Aggies—failed to land on the all-New Mexico team. Last year's team was as follows: Ends—Carlisle and Hamilton; tackles—Powers and Quisenberry; guards—Brashers and Crile; center—Jones; quarter—Lane; halves—Calkins and Hesselberg; fullback—Crile.

Coaches' Selections.

Coach Hutchinson, of the University of New Mexico, named the following men for the all-state eleven: Ends—Shields, U. N. M., and Hamilton, Aggie; tackles—C. Lee, U. N. M., and Greenfield, U. N. M.; guards—Powers, Aggie, and Joe Quisenberry, Aggie; center—Gardner, Aggie; quarter—Lanes, Aggie; halves—Calkins, U. N. M., and Miller, Aggie; fullback—Crile, U. N. M. M. I.

Coach Russell, of the New Mexico Agricultural college, made the following selections:

Ends—Shields, U. N. M., and Hamilton, Aggie; tackles—Powers, Aggie, and Quisenberry, Aggie; guards—Lee, U. N. M., and Greenfield, U. N. M.; center—Gardner, Aggie; quarter—Weddell, Aggie; halves—Miller, Aggie, and Calkins, U. N. M.; fullback, Crile, U. N. M. M. I.

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A GREAT BIG BEAUTIFUL DOLL

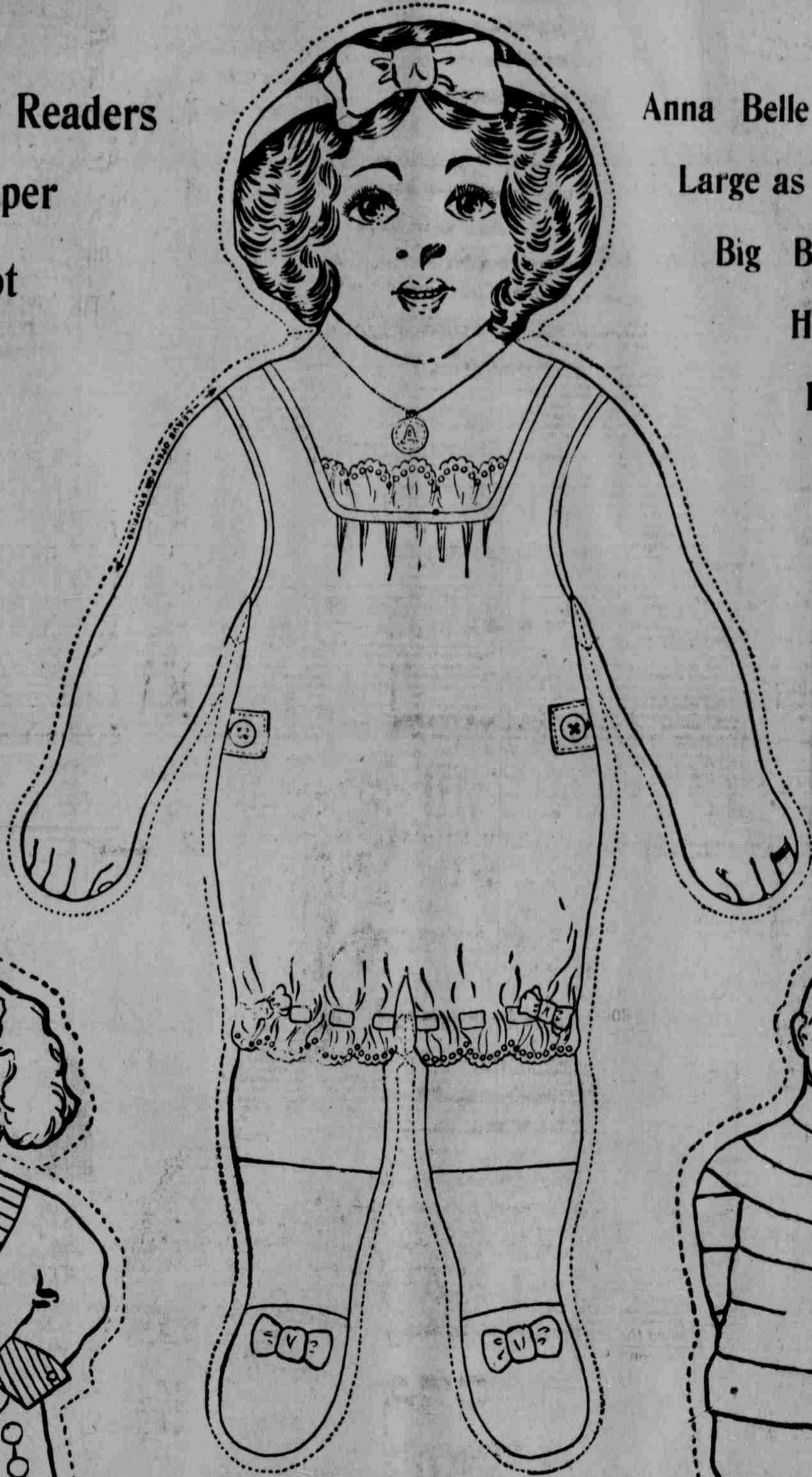
LITTLE BROTHER AND SISTER DOLLS

THREE DOLLS IN ALL FOR OUR READERS ONLY

This Offer is for Readers
of This Newspaper
Only and Cannot
be Secured
In Any
Other
Way

Anna Belle Doll Is Almost as
Large as Real Live Baby.

Big Brown Eyes, Golden
Hair, Beautiful Red
Ribbon on Her Head,
Yes, a Gold Ring
on Her Finger and
Red Bows on Her
Pretty Slippers



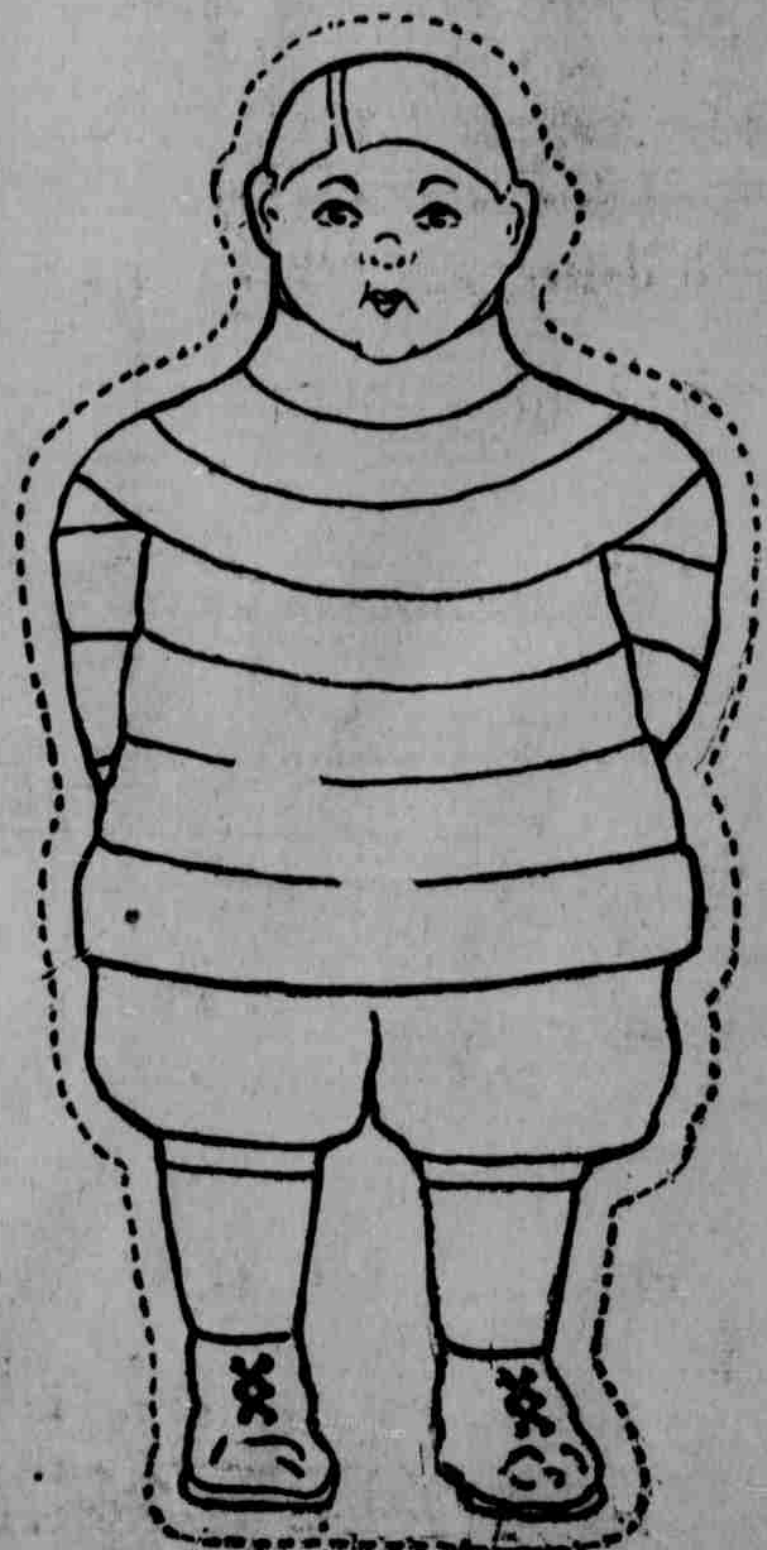
7 1/2 in. Tall.
I'm a little girl doll, dressed for a
walk or ready to go to a party.

Anna Belle dolls are printed on a high-grade piece
of muslin in four colors. It is an easy task to cut out,
sew together and stuff them. As they're bright RAG
DOLLS the children never break or tire of them.

Tell Daddy or Good Sister or Nice
Brother to Bring You Home a Rag Doll.

How Every Boy and Girl Can Get

A BIG RAG DOLL



7 1/2 in. Tall.
I'm a little boy doll, dressed up,
and I won't let any boy or girl
tease me.

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER

The Albuquerque Morning Journal

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culation rating than is accorded to any other
paper in New Mexico."—The American
Newspaper Directory.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1914

OUR "HARSH FOUNDATIONS."

Sinclair Kennedy, an Englishman,
wrote the following words a year ago,
which have just appeared in a book
entitled the "Pan-Ankles."

"We are content with our present
position and would counsel others to be
contented with theirs. We think we
are a peaceful people and deprecate
any form of the huge expenditures
made by European nations for mili-
tary and naval preparations. Some
Americans contemplate their small
army as though their nation were by
that proved virtuous, much as though
the armed host, contemplating the
French and British, should pride him-
self on his own tropical attire. We Pan-
Ankles forget sometimes on what
harsh foundations we build our present
exemption from harshness."

These words are as full of meaning
for Americans as for the Britons for
whom they were written. We Ameri-
cans are prone to forget the harsh
foundations upon which our present
exemption from harshness are laid.

The life of the individual owes what
luxure, comfort, exemption from
struggle it attains to sacrifice in youth
and early manhood, to some excess
of work, some deprivation of pleasure,
some unremitting and entire devo-
tion to toil of hand and brain. Such
is the law of life, the means of suc-
cess, the ladder whereby one mounts
to competence, independence and
ease in one's later years. There are
a few exceptions. The few who in-
herit from those who themselves il-
lustrated the law; the few who by
special talent or good fortune con-
quer early and easily. But the lives
of ninety-nine out of every one hun-
dred exemplify the law in all of its
severity.

As there is a law for the individual
life, there is a law for the national
life. The peace, prosperity, success of
a nation's life represent sacrifices of
tears and toil and blood. This world,
as has been said, is no pasture for
sheep. If there are Elysian fields, they
will be found hereafter. Individuals
and nations, all are embarked upon
a tumultuous stream, in which here
and there are quiet eddies.

Consider the harsh foundations of
the American republic. To enjoy a
continental domain removed from a
contentious world is considered our
good luck. It is. But the war against
the wilderness which reduced that
raw domain to use, has been a terrible
and unremitting conflict. Pioneers,
nearly three centuries of them, by
their strenuous lives have won the
land. To obtain that conquest, lives
were laid down from Plymouth Rock
to the golden gulches of California.

The history of the establishment of
Kansas, here in the middle west, is
an epitome. The profligate Kansas
farmers rest upon border warfare, In-
dian warfare and mortgages paid off
by toll and killing sacrifices.

The prosperity of this nation rests
upon successful wars, chiefly the war
of the revolution and the civil war.
The nation bought its independence
by fighting from Concord to York-
town, and preserved it by the struggle
which began at Fort Mifflin and
ended at Appomattox.

The generations that paid the price
understood. The men who fought
the revolution knew. The veterans of
the civil war recognized the truth.
Do we, the easy inheritors of their
toil and sacrifice, understand the
harsh foundations upon which we are
living in peace and comfort?

MISUSING THE LAW.

The scandal connected with Henry
Siegel's operation of his stores and
private bank in New York, has be-
come a matter of national notoriety.
He and his partner took the money
of his employees and other wage-
earners without giving any security
and squandered it for their own pur-
poses. His bank had fifteen thousand
depositors, and through the tempta-
tion of high interest rates, had ac-
crued over two and a half millions
of their savings.

Siegel was indicted by the grand
jury of New York county, but as he
knew public feeling was against him,
he obtained a change of venue. The
result was that he was tried by an up-
state jury, which has now found him
guilty of merely a misdemeanor, and
a judge has sentenced him to pay a
fine of one thousand dollars, and an-
other judge has sentenced him to pay
the money he took, by next June, he
must go to jail for ten months.

The actual money misappropriated,
by Siegel and his partner amounted
to \$2,267,822.68. If Siegel goes to jail
instead of paying any portion of his
depositors' money, the most that he
will have to serve is ten months. If
the amount the poor depositors con-
tributed is divided by ten, it will be
seen that what Siegel gets what might
be called a fairly large salary per
month during his period of retire-
ment at the expense of the state of
New York. Meantime, he may enjoy
his liberty until next June.

It is justice like this that affords
professional workers for social un-
rest material wherewith to stimulate
disrespect for courts. It is justice like
this that creates at one stroke, more
dangerous sentiment among the
masses of people than agitators can
rouse by years of fire-eating. Among
the ignorant, it breeds distrust of leg-
itimate banking and honest busi-
ness. But worst of all, it spreads
abroad contempt for the law.

Siegel should take his place beside
Thaw as one of New York's noted citi-
zens, who may henceforth regard
himself above the law.

THE NEXT SESSION OF CONGRESS

Statesmen are arriving in Wash-
ington for the opening of the short
session of congress. So much work
of importance was done during the
almost continuous session of congress
following the inauguration of Presi-
dent Wilson, that little, aside from
routine, remains to be done this
winter.

It is safe to guess that the soft
pedal will be placed on radicalism.
The country retired most of the ex-
tremists who went into congress with
the idea that they were to turn things
upside down. Those who were return-
ed, had a new viewpoint impressed
upon them by the results of the last
election.

The wave of radicalism, projected
largely by Tom Lawson's exposure of
the insurance companies of New
York, about ten years ago, and fol-
lowed by revelations of mismanage-
ment of railroad companies and other
great corporations, has passed, and
the people of the country want order,
restored and peace, under which
business may again thrive.

Much of the work of the "muck-
rakers" was necessary, but the man
who seized upon it as a campaign
slogan with which to win his way
into office, failed to grasp the temper
of the American people. Some tempo-
rary successes were attained, if the
elevation to high office of superficial
and unworthy men may be counted
success, but the radical agitator and
the professional reformer soon goes
to the scrap heap. This is a conserva-
tive country. It may take a dose of
castor oil, now and then, with good
results, but it does not mean to take
castor oil as a steady diet.

The coming session of congress may
be expected, therefore, to pass quiet-
ly, with little important legislation
aside from the necessary routine.

AS JAPAN SEES IT.

Japan sees clearly the fruitage of
this war for herself. The same world
can see it, too, without alarm or re-
gret. Japan begins to be better under-
stood. She covets no territory, unless
it be that which is the trust of the
capable, rather than the spoil of the
strong. "The tools to him who can
use them," is as true of the govern-
ment of nations as of science and
industry.

Japan has won glory enough in
war and civilization, even the satisfac-
tion of retribution for past injusti-
ces done her. She has stripped Rus-
sia and Germany of the spoils they
flicked from her. She competes with
the nations in the open field of in-
dustry and commerce.

Japan wants only the equal seat at
the council table of the nations she
has won in the strife of peace and
the contest of war. She thinks there
is due, more to themselves than to
her, recognition from the western
nations of her older civilization, her
marvelous power to adjust it to new
conditions, her native gift of art and
mastery of science, and the place she
has won.

Japan has borne gallantly her
share of the allies' war burden in the
Pacific, and may even put the should-
er of her army under the allies' bur-
den in Europe, if thought necessary.
She only asks in return to sit in as
an equal when the map of the world is
renamed.

Race prejudice has kept Japan in
the shadow of an inferiority, sup-
pressed, in diplomatic courtesy, but
declared in international action. She
now expects to be welcomed into the
light of equality when the hour of
settlement strikes.

George Fred Williams says that if
he could have raised twenty-five thou-
sand dollars he could have been
king of Albania. If a man could raise
that sum, he would be a king in
America.

A large number of Charles have
been kings, but we never have had
a president of that name. Somehow,
Charles Roosevelt or Charlie Wilson
doesn't seem to sound quite right.

Some of the newspapers say ex-
President Taft is becoming a possi-
bility. Well, if it should turn out that
way, he will be about the fattest possi-
bility in the land.

When the Americans left Vera
Cruz they did not promise not to re-
turn. If there should be occasion for
them to do so.

Bernard Shaw has been denounced
in the house of commons. George is
a shrewd advertiser.

War is a name in which even the
winner loses.

THE THREAD SPEAKS TO THE LOOM.

"Alas, what means this endless range
Of wide unrest, perpetual change?
Is nothing then to slay
Where it stood yesterday?"

"My hopes and aims are all undone
I never creep into the sun,
But swiftly I am plied
Back to the shadowed side."

"I cannot find an hour's repose,
Yet never finish, nothing close,
No half-done task returns;
Such chaos rules the loom!"

Thus did the fretful thread repine,
While mingling in a rich design
On the bright ground of chance,
As in a festal dance!

—SARAH N. CLEGGHORN.

Mrs. Edison Makes a Plea for an American Style of Gown

(Mrs. Thomas A. Edison, in Woman's Home Companion.)

For a number of years as I have vis-
ited some of our best houses and lead-
ers of fashion, I have begged the de-
signers to use their fine brains and
great talent in creating an individual
style for our women.

Now, if our women recognize this
talent, the designers will do this, and
we shall have in dress a national in-
dividuality equal to the greatness of
our country in other lines. Why
should we be mongrels following first
Paris, then London, Berlin, Vienna,
etc., and not their best form at that,
but allowing the big houses of these
various cities to put on our backs the
diamond type, we accepting it be-
cause it is imported? For the past
three or four years it has been im-
possible to go upon our streets with-
out a shudder. Surely our designers
can make for us stylish, more womanly
costumes. Should we be willing to
wear clothes which do not distinguish
us from our most unfortunate sisters?

Let us demand of our manufactur-
ers the finest of material and fabric;
let our women use the brain they are
blessed with in aiding our design-
ers and manufacturers.

The same is true in other vocations,
music and art of all description is un-
patronized unless a foreign label de-
signates it. A singer must have come
from abroad, in fact, must change his
name from plain American Richard
to Riccardo, the imported name, be-
fore he is recognized as a singer.

Mr. Edison in his search for voices
for his phonograph has made trial re-
cordings of more than 3,500 singers in
nearly every city in Europe and al-
most an equal number of trials in
America. He finds that as a rule the
European voice is afflicted with a
very disagreeable tremolo, variable
timbre and poor interpretation;
whereas the American voice is far
more frequently free of tremolo, has
a fairly even timbre and as to inter-
pretation, the American far surpasses
the European singers. But notwith-
standing that fact the Americans de-
mand the foreign talent.

When are we to form our own opin-
ions and be independent enough to
stand for our own expression? At one
time it may have been necessary to
gain knowledge abroad, but not so
now. We have learned and have great
people in our midst; should we not
now pause and enjoy that which we
have?

The Storytellers

The Rebuke.

Congressman Jackson said the other
day in Washington:

"The afternoon I went through Car-
negie's peace palace at The Hague, I
could hear the drums beating and the
soldiers marching less than a block
away."

"This war is a terrible scourge. I
sometimes think that they who can
stand up for it are as insane as the
lady at the vaudeville show."

"At this show, when an oriental
dancer came on, a young man leaned
forward and said eagerly to a lady in
front of him:

"Would you kindly remove your
hat, madam?"

"The lady swung round and glared
at him."

"Certainly not!" she said. "You're
much too young to look at a turn like
this."

Rector's Case.

Rector, the New York restaurateur,
ran for years one of the best restau-
rants in New York. He made about a
million in the end, but he lost a good
part of that when he turned his res-
taurant into a hotel. Rector's death
the other day showed him to be a
comparatively poor man."

The speaker was Senator Reed. He
went on:

"Compare Rector's case with our
multimillionaire financiers, stock
waterers and promoters. At the head of
his profession, famous the country
over, he took Rector a lifetime to make
a million. And these other chaps,
who are at the head of nothing, make
a million overnight."

Senator Reed frowned and shook
his head.

"I tell you," he ended, "it is a
wrong gain that has no earning."

In Time of War.

The German ambassador, Count von
Bernstorff, said at a luncheon at Ja-
cobs H. Schiff's cottage at Seabright:

"To blame Germany for this war
shows an ignorance of world politics as
extensive as the broker's ignorance of
art."

"A banker said to a broker:

"I want you to come and spend
the week-end with me in the country.
I want to show you a Murillo, a Ro-
querra and a Titianette that I bought
last week."

"Why, man, what a fool you are,
said the broker, to buy foreign cars
in war time! Don't you know you'll
never be able to get new parts?"

Not Proficient.

A member of an athletic club, after
swimming the length of a large tank
in the basement of the institution,
came out puffing and blowing, appar-
ently exhausted.

"You don't manage your breathing
right," said the swimming instructor.
"It ought not to tire you so. As to
the upper part of your body, including
your arms, you use exactly the same
muscles and in very much the same
way in swimming as in sewing wood."

"No, I don't," gasped the swimmer.
"When it comes to sewing wood, I use
the muscles of some other man."

Both Not Needed.

A good story is told of two great
fishmen, the late Archbishop Pir-
cket and Father Healy, the well known
parish priest of Bray. Making their
way together to Bray railroad sta-
tion one morning, the priest urged
that they should hurry; but the pres-
biter insisted that they had ample time.
They arrived to see the train for Dublin
disappearing. The archbishop's apolo-
gies were lavished. He pleaded that he al-
ways had unbounded faith in his
watch. "My dear Lord Pircket," said
Father Healy's rejoinder, "faith won't
do without the good works."

She Doesn't Speak Now.

"She—it seems strange that you did
not remember my face and yet you
remember my name."

"He (awkwardly): Well, you know,
you have an attractive sort of name."
—Yorkers Statesman.

With Scissors and Paste

AUX ALMES!

(E. V. V., in New York Sun.)

Your border forts have heard in dread
The wrathful speech of gun to gun.
Across the dawn a flug to spread—
An eagle black that bolts the sun!
The heavy surge of marching men
Beats hard against your wide front—

The War Lord hurls his host again
Along its path of yesterday.

Enchained in links of Prussian steel,
Your Strassburg calls again for aid.
Once more he leads the iron host
To tramp your lilies * * * draw the
blade.

Oh, Frenchmen, that your Bayard
swung!
Grasp the Gascon's mighty lance!
And with the song your sires have
sung—

Go smite and win * * * or die for
France!

He rides before you on this day,
Ye men of France * * * he rides
alone.

And nowhere, in his coat of gray,
With eyes of iron and face of
stone—

And mark, resurgent from her pyre,
She sweeps across the battle's din,
The Maid of Arc, in mail of fire!

Unleash your souls! Sweep o'er the
line
That bars you from your lost Lor-
raine—

And from your banner, in the Rhine,
Wash off the third Napoleon's
stain!

The German's pillage-smoke mounts
high,
His flame-tongued cannon stab the
bloom—

Go teach the foe how Frenchmen die,
And let your glory be his doom!

PERCENTAGE OF HONESTY RATHER LOW.

(Wichita Beacon.)

How deep is your honesty? Prob-
ably you wouldn't rob a blind man or
take pennies from a baby—at least
you wouldn't. But if the man at the
cigar or candy counter by mistake
handed you back too much change
and you saw the error, would you call
his attention to the mistake and re-
turn the excess, or would you chuckle
and pocket the swag and save your
conscience by saying to yourself: "Well,
it was up to him!" The other day a
business man gave a number of coins
to the cashier and told her to give an
extra coin to each of the first twen-
ty-five persons getting change. She
did so. Eight pocketed the change.
Ignorance, therefore lets them out.
But of the other seventeen eleven
knowingly kept money that didn't be-
long to them—nine men and two
women. Six only stepped up and did
the right thing—two women and four
men. Analyzing these figures, we
have 50 per cent of honesty among
women and to a bit over 30 per cent
among men. Is that, in your opinion,
about the average or wasn't the test
decisive?

EXPERIENCES OF A JEW'S WIFE.

(American Magazine.)

The writer is an Irishwoman, a Ro-
man Catholic, who married a Jew. So
far as her relations with her husband
are concerned, she is exceedingly hap-
py. It is her opinion that Jews and
Gentiles, when they intermarry, en-
counter complications that make so-
cial life not entirely agreeable.

"So long as my husband and I
were alone," she says, "we could
stand it. We had each other, and, af-
ter a time, even I learned to under-
stand that to grow angry because
someone showed ignorance, pre-
judice or a traditional dislike of the race
was worse than a waste of time. We
had friends who were broad and lib-
eral enough to take a person for what
he was, rather than for what he was
born."

When the boy came—almost three
years after we were married. We had
agreed before marriage that, should
children come, they would be trained

in the Roman Catholic church. We
named the boy Michael Neil Klein,
and he was baptized in the Roman
faith.

"Until he was 4 or 5 years old the
seriousness of the problem did not
present itself. I had, in my ignorance,
taken for granted that a boy born
of a Jewish father and an Irish
mother would be an American. But
he wasn't. He was a Jew, his son will
be a Jew, and so on to the end I
suppose."

"When he became old enough to
go to school and play with boys a
fight was a daily occurrence. 'Come
on, don't let's play with a Jew,' was
the best he received. He was rather
lonely. How much he suffered only
he knows. Once he came in, fresh
from a fight. He had won that one
and in defense of his father's name.
He wanted to know if, as charged,
his papa had helped kill Jesus."

"He could not understand these
things. If he said he was Irish, the
Irish boys were the first to deride his
claim. If he did anything wrong at
the parochial school that 'was the
Jew in him'."

"My boy said little at home about
his fight. Before he was 10 he had
acquired the habit of reticence, and
he was very serious and thoughtful
and considerate of me. I commenced
to understand some of the traits of
his father."

THE REMORSELESS KITCHENER.
(A. C. Fardner in Pillars of Society.)

Kitchener's merit is for organiza-
tion rather than for battle. He is not
a great warrior, but, like Carnot or
Moltke, a great organizer of victory.

Some men say that he is cruel. But
he is only cruel in the sense that he
is engaged in a cruel game which has
no place for the humanities. You
cannot afford to have a kind heart
when you go out to kill men. He be-
lieves in Lord Fisher's "three R's of
war"—relentless, remorseless, re-
vengeful. Robert's failure after Parde-
burg was due to his horror at the sac-
rifice of life, and his determination to
wait for surrender rather than shed
more blood.

Kitchener's message to poor Han-
nibal at Pardeburg had the same qual-
ity of ruthlessness that "Stonewall"
Jackson displayed when one of his of-
ficers pointed out that a certain in-
struction meant the total annihilation
of his men, and he replied: "Colonel,
I always make it a rule to attend to
my wounds and bury my dead. You
have heard the instruction. Go!"

With Grant at the bloody Angle, he
would have lit another cigar and
poured more men into that pit of car-
nage. If he could not get the work
done by generalship, he would have
beaten him as Grant beat him, by
sheer destruction of human life.

He is not cruel, but he is without
compassion. He keeps his eye on the
end and steels his heart against the
cruelty of play. To him soldiering is not
a profession; it is a religion. Soli-
tary, without home ties, living his life
in strange lands, he wears himself the
hair shirt not of the mystic, but of
the martinet.

A LESSON FOR LONDON.

(Arnold Bennett.)

I think that London and many
other large towns have something to
learn from the equanimity of English
villages amid the daily fluctuating
episodes of the war. What the En-
glish village has learned is that the large
towns need, is an endless tenacity of
calm patience—call it stolidity, if you
will—in face of the slow unrolling
scroll of historical event.

THIS ON FOUR DOLLARS A DAY.

(American Magazine.)

Julius Woods Christie, a 34-year-
old man, in five years has bought a 12-
acre lot, built a fine house on it with
his own hands, bought an automobile,
piano and a host of furniture and
besides is supporting a wife and a
baby girl.

When Christie was 23 years old he
asked a girl to marry him. One of the
things contingent upon a question
like that in his mind was a place in
which to live after the ceremony was
over.

He had a little money, somewhere
around \$250, which he had saved
since he left high school. With the
\$250 he decided to buy a lot and build
a house himself. He had not feared
the builder's trade and had never
constructed so much as a dog house.

The lot he wanted he secured by
paying \$100 down. It was out in the
country, and there were twelve acres
of land with it. Two thousand dollars
was the price and the young man
signed an agreement to pay \$20 a
month until the debt was wiped out.

He was then earning about \$4 a
day at a toolmaker's bench, and he
figured he could buy his lumber a
little at a time as he earned it.

Every morning and every night all
summer long he worked, covering the
six miles to and from the city on a
fruity bicycle. The frame went up,
and by fall was boarded and protect-
ed by tattered paper. During the winter
he worked inside by lantern light,
but every day he was there, hammer-
ing and sawing and boring.

He managed to buy timber as he
needed it, asking no credit. Along in
the winter—times were dull—he was
"laid off" at the factory, and was
placed in the trying position of hav-
ing plenty of time to work on his
house, but no lumber to work with.
He enforced idleness did not last
long, and with his first payment he
bought more timber and tackled his
building again.

Christie has been working on his
house five years. He has never bor-
rowed money or asked credit. What
he has—his house, his automobile, his
piano and the rest of his attractive
furniture—he has paid for some way
out of a \$4-a-day wage.

DRINKING PRECAUTIONS.

Dr. Samuel Johnson found himself
over-indulging in strong liquors. He
therefore made a resolution. He re-
stricted himself to tea. On one oc-
casion Hannah More offered him a
little wine. "I cannot drink a little
wine," said he, "therefore I never
touch it. Abstinence is as easy to me
as temperance would be difficult."

Bringing Up Father



BEDDOW REVIEWS COAL SITUATION IN NEW MEXICO

State Mine Inspector Contributes Interesting Article to Eastern Publication Regarding 1914 Record.

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Albany, N. Y., Dec. 2.—Rees H. Beddow, state coal mine inspector, has contributed to "Coal Age," a large eastern publication devoted to the coal interests of the country, a most interesting article in which he reviews the situation in New Mexico and the business of the state for the year 1914. Mr. Beddow's article, which is in the form of a letter to the editor, is as follows:

"Replying to your favor of the 18th ultimo in regard to a review of the coal and coke business of the state of New Mexico during the year 1914. The fiscal year of this office is from November 1 to October 31 of each year. I have just received from the coal companies of the state data for my annual report, which has been sent to the printers, and a copy of this report will be sent to you as soon as it is out.

Demand is Restricted.
The demand for coal and coke from this state has been somewhat restricted on account of the revolution in Mexico, and the war in Europe, as considerable coal is exported from this state to Mexico when conditions are normal, and the copper mines of Arizona which are supplied with coal and coke from this state, have been obliged to reduce their orders on account of their inability to export copper to Europe on account of the European war. Yet the demand for coal from this state is gradually increasing, and the production is greater this year than ever before.

The gross production for the fiscal year amounted to 3,826,339 tons, valued at the mine at \$5,525,155.55. The production of coke during the fiscal year amounted to 405,127 tons, valued at the ovens at \$1,241,721.52; value of coal and coke combined \$6,766,877.07.

Labor conditions have been fairly good. There has been no labor trouble between the companies and their employees for many years. During the winter months more men could be employed at most of the mines, but this state during that time.

No Mine Explosions.
The industry has been very fortunate this year in not having any mine explosions. This has been due, to a great extent, to taking better precautions in blasting, and in guarding against the dangers arising from the accumulation of gas in the mines. This problem is difficult one in this state on account of the atmospheric conditions prevailing. The relative humidity of the atmosphere is very low, and large volumes of air entering the mines absorb the natural moisture out of the mines, leaving the coal dust in a very dry and inflammable condition, thus making the coal-dust problem the most dangerous one we have in the state.

BOND SALES ARE REACTIONARY ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Better Inquiry for Short-Term Notes and Certain Classes of Shares Show Decided Activity.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
New York, Dec. 2.—Business in bonds on the stock exchange today evinced a further reactionary trend, with a wider variety of offerings. Declines in some of the less conspicuous ran from 2 to 7 points and in several bonds which were subject to reorganization and readjustment, losses were even more severe.

This condition was offset in part by a decidedly better inquiry for short-term notes and the more active listed stocks. The demand for these securities particularly notes came from various quarters. The movement was primarily attributed to the easier money conditions which have caused an extraordinary piling up of cash at all the leading reserve centers. Lower rates for 30- and 60-day loans as reported today were a natural corollary of this new situation.

List of Actual Sales.
The financial district derived considerable encouragement from the announcement that hereafter the stock exchange intended to issue daily actual stock sales as made through its clearing house, together with a comprehensive list of bid and asked prices. London cables stated that the stock exchange there is likely to resume this month.

A significant development because of its bearing on the foreign situation was reflected in the extension of a two-year 5 per cent treasury note, the proceeds of which, it was said, were to be disbursed in this country in the purchase of "various commodities." The loan assumed added importance from the fact that, so far as is known, it was the first negotiated here by any European nation since the outbreak of the present conflict.

Better Demand Reflected.
Increased confidence in the betterment of domestic industrial conditions was reflected in the extension of the demand for pig iron, copper metal at 1 1/2c suggested some increased buying in home consumers.

October statements of a number of prominent transportation companies, including Reading, Northern Pacific, Illinois Central, Missouri Pacific, Chesapeake & Ohio, and New Haven showed variable losses in net earnings, most of which were tempered by greatly reduced operating expenses. The list of stocks issued by the minimum bid asked and last sales.

IF YOU HAVE A WANT Tell It Through the

JOURNAL CLASSIFIED COLUMNS

FOR SALE
\$2,600—7-room brick, modern, lot 75x142; good location, Highlands. \$1,200 cash, balance 8 per cent.
\$2,000—New 4-room modern bungalow; Fourth ward.
\$3,200—6-room brick, modern; Fourth ward, on car line.
\$3,000—5-room, pebble dash bungalow, modern, fire place, new; terms if desired.
\$2,750—5-room brick, modern, large basement, corner lot, good location in Highlands; easy terms.
\$2,700—13 acres of good land near Lumber Mill, near car line.
\$2,000—5-room frame, modern; Highlands, close in; easy terms.
\$1,900—4-room frame, bath, fine shade, good outbuildings, fine location; N. 11th St.

A. FLEISCHER
Loans and Insurance
111 South Fourth Street

liberal receipts would continue to be the rule in the northwest. Shutting off of sales from producers and some increase in the export and domestic demand lifted the price of corn. Adverse weather cut a good deal of a figure, and so, too, did reports that stocks at all points east were light. Oats first hardened with other cereals, but afterward liquidating sales in the December option formed the chief element of interest. Cash demand was newly fair.

NEW YORK METAL MARKET.
New York, Dec. 2.—Tin steady; fifteen lots, \$22.00@25.50; twenty-five lots, \$22.00@22.50.
Electrolytic copper firm, \$12.87@13.00; castings, \$12.67@12.75.
Iron quiet and unchanged.

NEW YORK LEAD AND SPECTER.
New York, Dec. 2.—Lead quiet, \$3.75@3.85.
Specter steady, \$5.15@5.40.

ST. LOUIS LEAD AND SPECTER.
St. Louis, Dec. 2.—Lead dull, \$3.70.
Specter firm, \$5.17 1/2.

LIVESTOCK MARKETS.
Kansas City Livestock.
Kansas City, Dec. 2.—Cattle—Receipts, 6,000. Market steady. Prime fed steers, \$15.00@15.25; western steers, \$7.00@7.25; calves, \$6.00@6.50.
Sheep—Receipts, 3,000. Market steady. Lambs lower, \$8.25@8.50; yearlings, \$5.50@5.75.
Hogs—Receipts, 12,000. Market lower. Bulk of sales, \$6.50@7.00; heavy, \$6.90@7.00; pigs, \$5.25@5.50.
Chicago Livestock.
Chicago, Dec. 2.—Cattle—Receipts, 23,000. Market steady. Native steers, \$5.00@10.10; western steers, \$5.25@5.60; calves, \$7.00@10.50.
Sheep—Receipts, 35,000. Market slow. Sheep, \$5.25@6.25; lambs, \$6.50@9.10.
Hogs—Receipts, 63,000. Market dull, nominal, 15 to 20c under yesterday's average. Bulk, \$6.75@7.00; heavy, \$6.65@7.05; pigs, \$5.75@6.25.
Denver Livestock.
Denver, Dec. 2.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,800. Market steady. Beef steers, \$8.50@9.25; cows and heifers, \$5.00@6.10; stockers and feeders, \$5.00@7.35; calves, \$7.00@8.00.
Sheep—Receipts, 5,000. Market slow and weak. Lambs, \$7.50@8.50; ewes, \$4.50@5.00.
Hogs—Receipts, 900. Market lower to \$6.95. Bulk, \$6.75@6.90.

TAX ASSESSMENT SURE TO BE DELAYED AGAIN

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Santa Fe, Dec. 2.—The time is here for the making of valuations upon corporate property, but the people have voted the state board of equality out of existence and there is no authority to take its place. Orders should also be placed for next year's assessment blanks and rolls but until the legislature enacts a revenue statute, the traveling auditor is at sea as to the blanks to be used.
All this will delay the assessment this year even beyond what it was delayed the past two years, when quite a number of tax collectors were unable to begin the collection of taxes promptly before December 1 as the law demands.

FOR SALE

Four-room new modern brick; nice porch, good location, one block from car line. \$200.00 cash, \$25.00 per month.

Porterfield Co.
REAL ESTATE—FIRE INSURANCE—LOANS
216 W. Gold

HELP WANTED.
Female.
WANTED—Girl for general housework. 195 South Fourth Street.
WANTED—Girl for general housework. Must speak English. 712 North Tenth Street.
WANTED—Saleswoman, both Spanish and American, at the Lander, 309 West Central.
WANTED—An experienced woman for general housework. Apply 337 South Hill street.

WANTED—Experienced sales ladies at the Economist.

FISHERIES CAR BRINGS BIG TROUT SHIPMENT FOR GRANT COUNTY STREAMS

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Silver City, N. M., Dec. 2.—One hundred thousand trout fingerlings, consigned to the Southwestern Sportsmen's association, arrived here Monday in a federal fisheries car, direct from the government fish hatchery at Leadville, Colo.

All arrangements for the planting of the trout fry in the headwaters of the principal rivers and creeks in Grant county had been made by Miles W. Burford, president of the association, who with members of the association and others met the fisheries car and took charge of the fingerlings, which were in ten gallon cans, each containing 1,000 tiny trout.

The fish were taken direct from the train and started on their journey to the headwaters of the Gila and Mimbres and numerous creeks, Auto trucks were used in the main and where it is necessary to reach remote spots by trail, the cans of fish will be packed by muleback.

This commitment of trout will fully restock the streams of this section of New Mexico and insure unrivaled fishing for several years to come.

CALL FOR BIDS.
New Mexico State Penitentiary, Santa Fe, N. M., November 30, 1914.

Bids for furnishing supplies to the State Penitentiary at Santa Fe, for six months ending May 30, 1915, will be opened at 9 o'clock a. m., Thursday, December 10, 1914, at the penitentiary.

FOR RENT

7-room modern house \$22.50
6-room modern house 25.00
5-room modern house 21.00
4-room furnished 20.00

Alfalfa Ranch
FOR SALE—Sixty acres on main ditch, practically all in alfalfa, and one of the best propositions in the valley; per acre, \$150.00.

Thaxton & Co.
211 W. Gold

WANTED—Positions.
GOOD Chinese cook wants position, mining camp preferred. Address Jim, care of Journal.

FOR RENT—Rooms.
FOR RENT—Modern rooms, steam heat, no sick. 824 1/2 West Central.
FOR RENT—Room, furnished, or on suite; large porch, modern, 400 North Twelfth.
FOR RENT—Two rooms furnished for light housekeeping. \$12 a month, 404 North Second.

FOR RENT—Rooms.
FOR RENT—Rooms at American Hotel. Under new management.
FOR RENT—Furnished rooms with heat. 400 South Seventh Street.
FOR RENT—Nice sunny room in private family. 410 South Seventh street.
FURNISHED ROOMS—Hot water heat; no sick, no children. 414 West Silver.

FOR RENT—One small front room with bath and sleeping porch. 213 West 21st.
FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for gentlemen; \$8 per month, 115 West Gold avenue.

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for gentlemen; \$4 per month, 115 West Gold avenue.
FOR RENT—Housekeeping rooms and furnished cottages, sleeping porch, 616 West Central.
FOR RENT—Three large rooms, nicely furnished for housekeeping. South side sleeping porch; modern convenience, 616 West Central.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms 115 South 202.
FOR RENT—One south room, furnished. 214 South Walter, Phone 1673.
FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping; modern; two cheap double rooms. 217 South Broadway.

FOR RENT—Partly furnished housekeeping suite, modern, first-class; \$12. 632 North Broadway, Phone 1274W.

FOR RENT—Dwellings.
FOR RENT—Four-room brick, 214 North Second.
FOR RENT—4-room house, stable and about one acre, on Fourth street, next door to school and just beyond Mountain road. Inquire 214 North Second.

FOR RENT—214 North Second, modern 4-room brick, sleeping porch, hot water heat; all in first-class repair. Inquire Mrs. Tilton Doherty, 414 North Third street.

FOR RENT—Two-room furnished cottage, 310 West Gold, Apply 115 West Gold.
FOR RENT—Four-room brick, modern, gas range; close in, new furnishings; corner house. Inquire 201 South Broadway.

FOR RENT—Two small two-room bungalows, with sleeping porch; furnished complete for housekeeping. Light and water, \$14 per month, 616 West Gold avenue.

FOR RENT—Three-room furnished cottage, glass-enclosed sleeping porch. Inquire 1215 South Walter, Phone 1652.

FOR RENT—Furnished house, very close in, modern, very comfortable. Rent reasonable. Phone 1471W.

FOR RENT—Office Rooms.
FOR RENT—Office. Apply D. A. Maccheran, Journal office.

FOR RENT—Store room at 114 West Gold avenue. A. Mendoza, at court house.

FOR RENT—Apartments.
FOR RENT—Three-room, modern furnished apartment with sleeping porch, 220 South Sixth street. Inquire at Savoy Hotel.

For Rent

7-room modern house \$22.50
6-room modern house 25.00
5-room modern house 21.00
4-room furnished 20.00

FOR RENT—Rooms With Board.
North.
ON RENT—Rooms of cottages with board at Mrs. Reed's sanitarium for convalescents. Home milk, cream, eggs, fruits and flowers. Lockhart Ranch, Phone 1039.

FOR RENT—Rooms With Board.
South.
EXCELLENT table board and nicely furnished rooms with hot and cold water in every room. Check at Ore, 611 West Gold. Under new management.

FOR RENT—Rooms With Board.
Highlands.
FOR RENT—Sleeping porch with board, 315 South Arroyo.
EXCELLENT BOARD \$2.50 per week. Rooms and sleeping porch, 301 South Edith.

FOR RENT—Sleeping porch, room and board in private family. Phone 1039.
FOR RENT—Well ventilated rooms, with board, \$7.50 per week, 124 South Edith street.

FOR RENT—Sunny front room and sleeping porch; board; convalescents. 713 South Edith.
ROOM and board in private family for two gentlemen; cheap if rented permanently. Phone 14513.

General.
SPEND your week-end at the Whitcomb cottage. Under new management.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.
FOR SALE—Furniture. Phone 1437W.
GET the habit and take your dinner at Whitcomb Springs.

FOR SALE—Good piano; slightly used. \$125.00. Cash. P. O. Box 161, City.
FOR SALE—Furniture. Majestic range, good condition. 3114 West Central.

FOR SALE—Underwood typewriter, good order. \$10. 115 Second street, Phone 716.
FOR SALE—Wood stove, brass bed, spring, mattress, walnut dresser, 407 S. Fourth.

FOR SALE—Singer sewing machine and pedicured English suit, puppets. Price \$1 each. 514 West Central, Phone 821.

SUDAN GRASS—Independent of drought. Get plains grown seed. Our seed is No. 1 and grown by ourselves. Inquire Mrs. Amador, 501 West Central, Albuquerque, N. M.

FOR SALE—One villa for room accommodations at the Gates Hotel, Los Angeles, Cal.
FOR SALE—Two south side bungalows, large glassed-in sleeping porch, furnace, every convenience; west end near park. Address X. M. care Journal.

FOR SALE—Modern shingle bungalow, 4 rooms and glassed-in sleeping porch. Hardwood floors, reasonable. Part cash; address Carter, 501 W. Marble avenue.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.
WANTED—We buy old gold and silver. Bonelli's, Fourth and Gold.

CARPET CLEANING, furniture and stove repairing. W. A. Goff, phone 568.
SHOE REPAIRING. We call and deliver. Electric Blue Shop, 213 South Second, Phone 567.

WANTED—Boards.
BOARDS at Whitcomb Springs. Inquire Mrs. Reed, 215 South Second street.

EXCELLENT table board, home cooking. Reasonable rates. Phone 1219W, 224 North Eighth street.

TIME CARDS.
Roswell-Carrizozo Mail Line
Daily passenger service leaving Roswell at Carrizozo at 8:00 a. m. and returning at Carrizozo at 10:00 a. m. and leaving Carrizozo at 1:00 p. m. and returning at Roswell at 3:00 p. m. Through fare, one way \$10.50
Intermediate points, per mile10
No baggage free—Excess carried.
Owners and Operators Phone 133

STORAGE

WANTED—Pianos, household goods, etc. stored safely at reasonable rates. Phone 14. The Security Warehouse & Improvement Co., Springer Transfer Co. successors, 118 Gold avenue.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

JOHN W. WILSON.
Attorney-at-Law.
Rooms 16-17-18, Crowwell Bldg.
Res. Phone 1322W. Office Phone 1173

DR. J. E. HART.
Dental Surgeon.
Rooms 4-5, Barnett Bldg.
Appointments Made by Mail

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.
SOLOMON L. BURTON, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon.
Phone 511. Barnett Bldg.

A. G. SHIPLEY, M. D.
Practitioner Limited to Tuberculosis.
Hours 10 to 12.
224 W. Central Ave.
Albuquerque Sanitarium, Phone 148.

DRS. TULL & BAKER.
Practice Limited to Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
State National Bank Bldg.

THE MURPHY SANATORIUM.
Tuberculosis of the Throat and Lungs.
City Office, 3114 West Central Avenue.
Office Hours: 9 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 4 p. m.
Phone 425. Sanatorium Phone 493
W. T. Murphy, M. D., Medical Director.

W. M. SHERIDAN, M. D.
Practice Limited
Genito Urinary Diseases and Diseases of the Skin.
The Wasserman and Noguchi Tests; Syllarsman "606" administered.
Albuquerque. Chinese Bank Bldg. New Mexico.

MASSAGE

Swedish massage, vibration, electric blanket sweat, high frequency electricity, vapor bath, salt glow, in steam bath or at 121 West Copper, Phone 1772. Special rate for course of treatment. Mrs. E. M. Mandell.

DRESSMAKING

Wanted to make dresses, blouses, etc. We do according to style and picture, all widths. Miss Crane, 315 N. 7th, Phone 1847.

FOR SALE—Houses

FOR SALE—Seven-room house, large glassed-in sleeping porch, furnace, every convenience; west end near park. Address X. M. care Journal.

WANTED—Miscellaneous

WANTED—We buy old gold and silver. Bonelli's, Fourth and Gold.

WANTED—Boards

BOARDS at Whitcomb Springs. Inquire Mrs. Reed, 215 South Second street.

TIME CARDS

Roswell-Carrizozo Mail Line
Daily passenger service leaving Roswell at Carrizozo at 8:00 a. m. and returning at Carrizozo at 10:00 a. m. and leaving Carrizozo at 1:00 p. m. and returning at Roswell at 3:00 p. m. Through fare, one way \$10.50
Intermediate points, per mile10
No baggage free—Excess carried.
Owners and Operators Phone 133

Silver City-Mogollon

DAILY AUTOMOBILE STAGE
Six-Hour Passenger Service.
Leave Silver City 1:30 p. m.
Leave Mogollon 8:00 a. m.
Cars meet all trains. Largest and best equipped auto stage in the southwest.
BENNETT AUTO CO.
Silver City, N. M.

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If you fail to get your Morning Journal, call
WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH CO.
Phone 146-147.

EXCEPTIONAL BOOKS FOR GIRLS

(All Copyrighted)

The Little Colonel Series (By Annie Fellows Johnston)	\$1.35
The L. M. Montgomery Books	\$1.25
The Dorothy Brooke Series	\$1.50
The Ranch Girl Series	\$1.50
The Elsie Series	\$1.25
The Louisa M. Alcott Books	\$1.25
Three Little Women's Series	\$1.35
The Campfire Series	\$1.35
College Girl Series	\$1.35
Every Girl's Library Series	\$1.35
Automobile Girl Series	\$1.35

Besides this list, we have hundreds of other miscellaneous titles of best selections of books for girls—books that you can depend upon.

Drop In and Look Them Over.

STRONG'S BOOK STORE

Albuquerque, N.M.

Crescent Hardware Co.

Stoves, Ranges, House Furnishing Goods, Cutlery, Tools, Iron Pipe, Valves and Fitting, Plumbing, Heating, Tin and Copper Work.

816 W. CENTRAL AVE.

TELEPHONE 215.

FOR ALL COOKING **SNOWDRIFT** THE PERFECT SHORTENING EVERY CAN GUARANTEED

Mush and Milk for Supper.
Fried Mush and Maple Syrup for Breakfast.

WE HAVE THE CORN MEAL

White or Yellow
Sacks or Packages

WARD'S STORE

815 Marble Ave. Phone 298-299
HOMER H. WARD, Mgr.

Strong Brothers Undertakers

PROMPT SERVICE. PHONE 11. STRONG BLDG., CORNER 4TH AND SECOND.

LOCAL ITEMS OF INTEREST

WEATHER REPORT.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 6 o'clock yesterday evening:

Maximum temperature, 49; minimum, 32; range, 16. Temperature at 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon, 36; east wind, partly cloudy.

Few's candy store. We fill mail orders promptly.

Rollin Hitter of the Blackrock Indian Agency is in the city for a few days.

Mrs. J. B. Fish and son Stanley, who have been visiting in Manchester, Ia., will return to the city today.

Word has been received in the city that Mrs. A. M. Beebe, who formerly lived here, died last week of heart failure in Cheyenne, Wyo.

Mrs. Ruby Katt and Mrs. Rody will entertain the Pythian Sisters at the Knights of Pythias hall from 2 until 5 o'clock this afternoon.

David H. Sorrells and Miss Mattie Findlay were married by Justice McClellan yesterday. Both bride and groom are residents of Albuquerque.

Regular communication of Temple Lodge No. 6, A. F. and A. M., this evening, at 7:30 o'clock. A full attendance is desired. Visiting members welcome.

County Clerk Walker yesterday issued licenses to marry to Carlos Mireles, Los Lentes, and Maria Sanchez, Los Lentes; Tranquilino Lacer, Golden, and Luciana Romero, San Antonio.

Company L, New Mexico National Guard, will have its regular drill tonight in the armory. By order of Captain Wickham, all state property in the possession of members of the company must be turned over to the quartermaster sergeant tonight.

Leonardo Mazon, a well known sheep raiser, yesterday purchased from the Southwestern Auto company a Chalmers seven-passenger six-cylinder 1915 model automobile. This company reports several other sales of Chalmers, Hupmobile and Overland cars the past two weeks.

City Engineer James N. Gladding yesterday placed galvanized iron culverts under the Edith street crossing on East Central avenue. Reprofit water running down East Central when it rained has made mud holes at the trolley tracks. The culverts will do away with this nuisance.

MONA BELL JURY REACHES DECISION UPON ONE COUNT

Judge Pope Sends Jurors Back to Room When They Report at Midnight to Deliberate Upon Others.

The jury in the Mona Bell case reported at midnight last night that it had reached an agreement upon one count of the indictment, but not upon the other two.

Judge W. H. Pope who held court in session, awaiting the jury's action, directed adjournment until 9 o'clock this morning and the jury returned to its room on the third floor of the postoffice building to try again. After a few more attempts, the jurors went to bed.

What the agreement upon the one count was, the jurors did not intimate in the court room at the time they reported. The jury had been out more than an hour.

Mona Bell went to the stand yesterday in her defense. She made a sweeping denial of the charge that she advanced money in Denver to transport girls from that city to Santa Fe for immoral purposes.

Twelve special veniremen qualified as jurors yesterday, but Judge Pope will not fill the panel until today. One of the twelve, J. E. Williams, was excused. The others, from whom vacancies in the panel will be filled, are H. St. Lukow, Wilmet H. Booth, H. P. Mohr, Emiliano Sals, E. Erle Hoke, Justo Trujillo, E. W. Fee, B. W. Rhea, A. E. Vandewine and Backlo Lopez.

The case of the United States against James M. Painter and the Alamogordo Lumber company was heard yesterday morning and submitted to the court.

Y. W. C. A. GYM CLASS WILL BEGIN TONIGHT

Through an arrangement made with the board of education of Albuquerque, the first gymnasium class of the Y. W. C. A. will be put through its paces by Miss Lydia Fader, physical director of the city public schools, who will in future be the gymnasium instructor for the Y. W. C. A. It has been found necessary to limit the membership of the class to thirty-five, but it is planned to enlarge this membership at an early date, as there is every prospect that fully that number of young women will be on hand tonight at the opening of the class.

The class will meet every Thursday night at first, but it is likely that as soon as things get going well the meetings will be more frequent, and Miss Fader, the secretary of the association, stated yesterday that she hoped before a great while to institute afternoon classes. Great enthusiasm is being manifested in Y. W. C. A. work, she said, and the prospects for the future of the local association are exceptionally bright.

INDIAN CHARGED WITH BUYING POISON IS BROUGHT TO JAIL

Juan Antonio Sandoval, charged with furnishing Mrs. San Pablo Corrales of McCarty's, poison for her husband's tortillas, was brought here last night and locked in the county jail by Philip T. Loneragan, superintendent of Indian service.

Sandoval was arraigned before United States Commissioner Charles Neustead at Grants, who bound him over to await the action of the grand jury.

Josefita Corn, the woman's husband, escaped being supplanted as her lord by Sandoval because his tortillas tasted sour and he fed them to dogs, which died, according to information furnished Mr. Loneragan.

DR. EVELYN FRISBIE ELECTED PRESIDENT OF COUNTY MEDICS

The Bernalillo County Medical society held its annual election last night at the Commercial club. The officers are:

President—Dr. Evelyn Frisbie.
First vice president—Dr. W. R. Lovelace.
Second vice president—Dr. L. S. Peters.

Secretary—Dr. Frank E. Tull.
Treasurer—Dr. E. Osuna.
Censors—Dr. W. G. Hope, W. W. Spargo and L. G. Rice.

Delegates to the state convention—Brs. G. McLaughlin, Frank E. Tull, J. A. Reidy, J. S. Cipes and A. G. Shortle.

YOUTH CHARGED WITH THEFT OF SWITCHMAN'S GRIP AT LAS VEGAS

Louis E. Kramer, a bridegroom of four months, was arrested here yesterday afternoon by Patrolman Pablo Lujan, charged with theft of a Santa Fe railway switchman's grip at Las Vegas.

Chief McMillin was informed by District Attorney C. W. Ward of Las Vegas, that an officer would come tonight for Kramer.

Kramer was married here last July. He left recently for Chicago to visit his father and returned several days ago.

Last opportunity to see "The Squawman" today at the Crystal. This is an extraordinary picture in many ways and pleased all.

DR. H. W. HANNA, Graduate and Post Graduate American School of Osteopathy. Phone 610, Suite 1, W. O. W. Bldg.

Last opportunity to see "The Squawman" today at the Crystal. This is an extraordinary picture in many ways and pleased all.

C. H. CONNER, M. D., D. O. Osteopathic Specialist. Treat all curable diseases. Office 12th Building. Phone 656 and 215.

Last opportunity to see "The Squawman" today at the Crystal. This is an extraordinary picture in many ways and pleased all.

WATER TAX DUE AND PAYABLE AT OFFICE OF WATER CO., 116 S. SECOND.

CHRISTMAS TREE COMMITTEES TO BE NAMED TODAY

Meeting at High School Auditorium This Afternoon Will Put Under Way Movement to Make Kids Happy.

At 2:30 o'clock this afternoon, in the auditorium of the high school, there will be held a meeting of the greatest importance to the city of Albuquerque. Everybody is invited, the menfolk as well as the womenfolk, and it is expected that the largest gathering since the educational convention will assemble in the auditorium.

It is to be a "Merry Christmas" meeting—a meeting the purpose of which is to see that every kid in Albuquerque has the time of his young life when Christmas rolls around—a meeting to arrange the details of the big municipal Christmas tree which is to be erected in Robinson park and the big three days' celebration in connection therewith which is to be given on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of Christmas week. Committees will be named to solicit funds and to handle the details of putting the celebration on. In short, the municipal Christmas tree movement will be formally and enthusiastically launched.

Big Draw.

The tree itself and the erection of it have been assured by Uncle Sam through the medium of the forest service, and the work of beautifying it and making it something that every child who sees it will remember until old age overtakes him has been undertaken by the Albuquerque Gas, Electric Light and Power company through its local manager, A. F. Van Delaine. It is now up to the people of Albuquerque to dig down and produce the money to provide the goodies for the stockings that are to be hung on the tree.

If you have ever seen the wistful look on the face of a child as Christmas approaches—if you have ever noted the wide-eyed wonder of a tiny tad when gazing upon the most gorgeous thing in the world—a Christmas tree—if you can hark back to the days when you yourself counted the days till Christmas—if, in the words of O. Henry, you can turn to a child the heart of a child, it will not be necessary to ask you a second time to dig down.

Barrel of Money.

The plans of those who have the movement in charge contemplate among other things the placing of a barrel on a prominent street corner into which passers-by will be asked to drop nickels and dimes and quarters and whatever other loose change they may have. A barrel of money is wanted, and every penny that is received will be put to the head of all ones, making Albuquerque children happy.

It is hoped that there will be a good attendance at the meeting this afternoon of the representatives of the various lodges and fraternal organizations of the city, to the end that their co-operation may be secured in making a complete success of the movement, and a special invitation has been extended to all such organizations to turn out in force and put their collective shoulders to the wheel.

Too much stress cannot be laid upon the fact that this is not a charitable enterprise, but that it is for the benefit of every child in Albuquerque, whether he or she rides to school in an automobile with a peddle and a French maid or walks to school when the walking is good and stays at home when it isn't. It doesn't make any difference whether your papa owns a business block or whether he works out on the section with a pack animal or whether you haven't got any papa, if you're a kid you're invited.

SALAZAR NOT WITH CARRANZISTAS, IS BELIEF OF CONSUL

Dr. E. Osuna, Mexican consul here, and confidant of General Carranza, does not believe the report that the late General Salazar has joined the first chief's forces. Carranza does not seek war with Villa, Dr. Osuna said, but looks for a peaceful adjustment of affairs in Mexico.

Salazar, according to the report, went almost directly from Albuquerque, when he escaped from the county jail, to Naco, where he was placed in command of 500 Carranzistas, well armed and munitioned.

JERRY MITCHELL FINED BY JUDGE McCLELLAN

Jerry Mitchell, charged with mashing, was fined \$10 and costs yesterday by Acting Police Judge W. W. McClellan. He was still in the city jail last night, not having paid the fine. Mitchell was told to leave the city when he pays the fine, or at the expiration of his sentence, if he is unable to pay. Chief McMillin said: Mitchell was arrested Tuesday night by Patrolman Martin Byrnes, who said he had been told by girls that Mitchell followed them.

Last opportunity to see "The Squawman" today at the Crystal. This is an extraordinary picture in many ways and pleased all.

Picture Frames.

We have a beautiful line of picture frames in all sizes to offer at a price that will surprise you. Come and see them.

PURSELL STUDIO, 219 W. Central.

RESUMED BUSINESS.

The Maubard Mills, which were closed on account of death, have resumed business for old and new customers.

Last opportunity to see "The Squawman" today at the Crystal. This is an extraordinary picture in many ways and pleased all.

R. M. WILLIAMS, Dentist. Rooms 1 and 2, Whiting Building. Corner Second and Gold. Phone No. 884.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

FOR SALE—Second-hand Ford 5-passenger. 322 West Lead.

YOUNG PRISONER GOES ALONE TO JEWELRY CACHE

Pedro Sanchez, After Serving Twenty Days, Restores the Loot Taken From Home of Mrs. R. G. Hall.

After serving twenty days of his sentence in the county jail, Pedro Sanchez, 14 years old, yesterday went alone to the place where jewelry stolen from the home of Mrs. R. G. Hall, 197 West First avenue, was hidden and delivered it to Under Sheriff Dick Lewis.

The boy was sent to Old Town to serve thirty days by Justice George R. Craig on the charge of petty larceny in connection with the burglary of the Hall home. The place was entered early in the afternoon through a front window, but no one saw the robber. Sanchez was convicted on the evidence of another boy who said he saw the jewelry in his possession.

Under Sheriff Lewis did not know until yesterday that Mrs. Hall had not recovered her jewelry. She telephoned him, asking whether Sanchez had told where it was hidden.

Deputy Sheriff Gooch Part of Way.

The under sheriff called the boy to his office, won his confidence, and then told him he could go alone to the hiding place. Sanchez said he would try to get the jewelry. Deputy Sheriff Gregorio Itanora accompanied him as far as the city limits and there waited his return. The boy came back in a short time carrying the jewelry in a small bundle made by a handkerchief.

Sanchez told the under sheriff that the bundle contained all the jewelry. It contained a wrist watch, a gold locket, lavalliere, gold pendant, two rings, four stickpins and two chains. Sanchez, according to his companion whose information led to his conviction, rammed in jail while awaiting his hearing that he wouldn't tell where the jewelry was hidden even if they hanged him.

BOY SEEN HIDING BIKE IS HELD BY THE POLICE

Raymond Harrison, a negro boy, was held by the police yesterday pending investigation. Harrison, they say, was seen hiding a bicycle under a house at Fourth street and Tular avenue. The bicycle seats were found at the same place by the police.

SUMMER GARDEN.

Best of drinks served, with appetizing lunches. Special attention to all customers. JAMES TAVASC, Proprietor.

FOR

Christmas

Walton is offering very low prices. Same high standard of work maintained. You will save money and please your friends by having your photographs made at this studio.

313 1-2 W. Central Upstairs. Phone 923.

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General Contractors. Figures and workmanship count. We guarantee more for your money than any other contracting firm in Albuquerque. Office at SUPERIOR PLANING MILL. Phone 377.

AEOLIAN PLAYER PIANO

FOR SALE CHEAP. This is as good as new. Cost \$650.00. Will sell for \$295.00 cash.

617 SOUTH EDITH STREET

LET US SEND A MAN

To Replace that Broken Window ALBUQUERQUE LUMBER COMPANY. Phone 421 423 N. First

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FOR SALE—Second-hand Ford 5-passenger. 322 West Lead.



DOUBLE-breasted Overcoats are to be in strong favor this season; and you'll see that

Hart Schaffner & Marx know how to make them just right. We show you one model here; plenty of others in the store.

See the \$25 kind; and then look at others \$18 to \$35

SIMON STERN, Inc.

The home of Hart Schaffner & Marx good clothes

Gift Goods

WE NOW have on display our entire line of Toys and Gift Goods. Our assortment is now complete. Come early and make your selection before the lines are broken. As a special inducement to the early shoppers we will offer the following big specials each day this week.

THURSDAY, 10 A. M.—Large Frying Pans, the 25c-kind, each 5c

THURSDAY, 3 P. M.—Big Enameled Ware Sale; values to 50c, this hour, each 15c

FRIDAY, 10 A. M.—Cut Glasses worth \$2.50 set, this hour, a set \$1.50

FRIDAY, 3 P. M.—Rogers Silverware, worth \$3.00 set, on sale this hour, a set \$1.20

Watch This Space Each Day for Big Specials.

The Leader

309 to 311 West Central. SANTA CLAUS HEADQUARTERS

Gallup Lamp Cerrillos Lamp

HAHN COAL CO

ANTHRACITE, ALL SIZES, STEAM COAL. Coke, Mill Wood, Factory Wood, Cord Wood, Native Kindling, Lumber

PHONE 91. Cerrillos Store

Better than the advertised brands and much cheaper—ALBUQUERQUE'S OWN CHOCOLATES.

GRIMSHAW'S Second and Central. "Sanitation Our Special Delight."

GIVE PICTURES FOR CHRISTMAS. Special prices on photos for the holidays at Miss Pierson's Studio, 115 South Second street.

Henry's Delivery and Messengers. Phone 939.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS

In accordance with a ruling of the Attorney General's office at Santa Fe, no penalty or interest will be charged on taxes paid prior to and including the 15th day of December.

M. MANDELL, Treas. and Coll.

Raddie Bornea Trimble's Red Barn.

CRYSTAL TODAY

LAST TIME

Matinees at 2:30 and 3:45. Nights at 7:30 and 9:00

"THE SQUAW MAN"

A 6-reel Paramount Feature With the Eminent Actor

DUSTIN FARNUM

IN THE ROLE OF JIM CARSTON

NO RAISE IN PRICES. ADULTS, 10c; CHILDREN, 5c