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THIRTY-SIXTH YEAR
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ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1914.

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RECORD OF LAST YEAR IS BEATEN IN REGISTRATION OF ASSOCIATION

Predictions That Never Again
Would 1,200 Figure Be
Touched Exploded When
1,500 Pay Annual Dues.

BRUCE WINNER OF THE COLLEGE FORENSICS

Dr. David Ross Boyd and Dr.
Frank H. H. Roberts With-
draw as Candidates for Ex-
ecutive Committee.

The New Mexico Educational association passed high water mark yesterday. At midnight, Secretary J. H. Wagner reported more than 1,500 teachers registered. By tonight, the registration will touch the 1,600 mark, 50 per cent greater than last year when everyone predicted that it would be many years before the 1,200 mark would again be reached.

When the polls closed last evening at 5 o'clock, 600 votes had been cast for officers and the next convention city. The boosters from Santa Fe worked with the fluency and energy of trained politicians and one-half of the votes in the ballot box this morning are for Santa Fe. The polls close at 5 o'clock this afternoon.

Dr. David R. Boyd, who had withdrawn as a candidate for the executive committee in the interests of harmony, had his example followed by Dr. Frank H. H. Roberts, so as to give a free field to every one. However, that did not settle the strife and a bitter contest is being waged to land a woman on the executive committee on one hand, and a Spanish-American representative on the other hand.

A Great Day.

It was a great day! Last evening three big auditoriums were crowded to overflowing at the same time. No other city in New Mexico can entertain so royally as Albuquerque. In the afternoon the very select of the city gave a reception to the teachers at the Masonic temple. The first lady of the state, Mrs. McDonald, was in the receiving line and helped to greet the teachers heartily. The music, the folk dances of Mrs. Eastersday's class, the refreshments, the crowds all made it an animated, happy affair.

The concert in the evening presented the finest vocal and instrumental talent in the southwest. In fact, the music throughout the sessions has never been excelled before, due to the energetic work of E. Stanley Seder. With the musical organizations of the university as a nucleus, he performed veritable prodigies and won triumph after triumph which would have found its climax last evening, were it not for the organ recital this forenoon at the Congregational church.

But that did not fill the measure of Albuquerque's hospitality last evening. At the army a dance was given, attended by society in its most dazzling array. There were other social affairs, beginning with luncheons at noon and winding up with the Hoolies and banquets at midnight.

College Oratorical Contest.

The oratorical contest of the college section took place last evening in the Southern Methodist church, adjoining the high school. Superintendent W. O. Hall of Roswell, presided, and Miss Jean Forsythe acted as secretary. The winner of the first prize was Allen E. Bruce, of the University of New Mexico. His subject was "The New Slogan—Efficiency." He treated his subject with vigor and frankness, logically and convincingly and added to it a pleasing delivery.

The second prize went to Cadet Dempster Murphy, of the New Mexico Military Institute, at Roswell. His subject was "An American Gentleman." The ideal he held up as typical of American citizenship and culture was ex-President William H. Taft, and he made out a good case for the man he championed. Murphy appeared on the platform in the natty military uniform of his school.

It was difficult to decide among the five contestants, for each had his good points and all came well prepared. Earl Brownlee, of the State Normal school at Silver City, delivered a stirring oration on "The Passing of Militarism." Richard Buwens, of the State College grew eloquent in discussing "A Great Lesson." Ernest B. Wohlberg, of the Normal university at Las Vegas, spoke well on the "Nation's Responsibility," especially as to preserving peace.

The judges on delivery were: H. B. Henning, of Albuquerque; Filadelfo Baca, Santa Fe; Dr. L. D. Coffman, of Champaign, Ill.

The judges on composition were: John Milne, Judge John R. McPhee, of Santa Fe, and Mrs. George Rae, of Roswell.

The Concert.

After the speech-making last evening at the high school auditorium, a concert was given under the direction of Charles J. Andrews, who added to the laurels he won last summer at

Santa Fe as a vocalist and musical director. The well arranged program opened with a piano solo by E. Stanley Seder, a Value in E by Moszkowski, rendered with masterly touch and true to the spirit of the composition.

"Oh, That We Two Were Maying," a duet sung by C. J. Andrews and Miss Charlotte Pratt, after the well known melody by Nevin, brought forth thunderous applause and deserved it. Mr. Andrews sang, "When the Shadows Gather," by Marshall, with a tenderness and feeling that brought tears to the eyes.

Louis Hesselein sang "Rolling Down to Rio," with a voice whose bass was equal to the occasion, descending into veritable profundo depths and yet strong in volume.

Miss Charlotte Pratt rendered charmingly, "At the Spring," by Cowles. Matchless were the violin numbers by I. L. Tello, the Brazilian violin virtuoso, one a scherzo by Wieniawski and the other Hager's Rait, a wild, weird dance of the Pusta by Hubay. There were encores and happy responses and although the concert lasted nearly three-quarters of an hour it was one of the artistic events of the year.

BRYAN'S NAME IS USED IN MAIL FRAUD TRIAL

Kansas City, Nov. 24.—E. C. Chambers, on trial here charged with the use of the mails to defraud through the sale of Florida lands, took the stand in his own defense late today. He testified that he was a personal friend of William Jennings Bryan, secretary of state, and told of taking Bryan on an inspection tour through his land in 1910. Mr. Bryan liked the looks of the land, Chambers said, although it was under water.

"Mr. Bryan poked a stick down into the muck a couple of feet," he said. "Then he examined the stick carefully, and remarked, 'This land is good enough for me, I think I'll buy sixty acres right now.' He didn't buy any at that time, but I understand he purchased 160 acres later."

GERMANY SCORED BY RELIEF BOARD IN FORMAL NOTE

Teuton Empire Declined Even
to Sell Food From Ample
Stores, Is Allegation of
American Commission.

London, Nov. 24 (6:30 p. m.).—The American commission for relief in Belgium today issued the following statement:

"With regard to a statement published in America and credited to General von Frankenberg, governor of Antwerp, to the effect that if America had not been so kind-hearted as to send foodstuffs to Belgium the Germans themselves would have considered it their duty to bring food from Germany, we cannot conceive that the German governor of Antwerp ever used such a statement and are inclined to believe that the report is unfounded."

"The following cities, through their representatives, have made repeated appeals to the German representatives in Antwerp for food:

"Malines, Liege, Willebroeck, Boom, Duffel, Toghene, St. Nicholas, Couth and Wachen. They were refused."

"Last Friday two town councillors of Antwerp came to our headquarters in Rotterdam and stated that they had been released by the German authorities under bond of 5,000,000 francs (\$1,000,000) to obtain help for the destitute of Antwerp, and upon their urgent representation we sent 500 tons of supplies to Antwerp."

Even Salt Is Refused.

"The provinces of Limbourg and Luxembourg, adjoining the German frontier, have made repeated appeals to the Germans for the right to buy food in Germany and import it into Belgium and have been consistently refused. On the minor question of salt alone, of which there is an abundant supply in Germany, the privilege of importation was refused and we have had to send salt from the British Isles."

"These are only a few of the instances which make it impossible for us to believe that any such statement as the one referred to was authorized by a responsible German official. The first and most natural inquiry we made when we were asked to undertake the work of relief was: 'Why do the Germans not supply the civil population with food?' and it was not until we were absolutely satisfied through American Minister Whitlock and by much corroborative evidence as to the German refusal or inability to supply specific requests for food that we undertook the responsibility of advising the American people that the feeding of the Belgians was up to them."

"If the Germans are prepared to feed the Belgians an early announcement to that effect and an organization for that purpose will be immediately required to save the lives of millions of people. As regards the report that no one is starving in America and official statement in Brussels, the daily appeal of Cardinal Mercier and the daily detailed accounts from every source of widespread suffering prove that such a report is cruelly false and that there are considerably over 1,500,000 people dependent upon the soup kitchens at the present moment, is in itself sufficient evidence."

EXACT NUMBER OF VICTIMS OF HANAIE WRECK A DEEP MYSTERY

Those Already Accounted for
Exceed List of Passengers
in Possession of Owners of
Vessel.

STEWART ASTOR VAINLY ATTEMPTS TO SAVE BABY

Eighteen Dead Have Been
Washed Ashore and Forty-
three Are Saved From Ruins
of Doomed Ship.

San Francisco, Nov. 24.—Forty-three survivors had been rescued tonight from the wrecked wooden steamer Hanaie, which went ashore yesterday in a dense fog on Duxbury reef, nine miles north of the Golden Gate, and was shattered into splinters early today by the pounding surf.

Eighteen dead had been either washed ashore at Bolinas, just east of the dreaded reef, or brought to port by the United States revenue cutter McCulloch and the navy tug Itasca. How many are missing never will be accurately known, for the best available passenger list in the company's possession gives twenty-eight passengers and twenty-six crew, a total of fifty-four souls, whereas the known dead and saved number sixty-one, seven more than are shown on the company's papers. These figures do not include two life savers washed ashore alive, and three missing. Their boat was swamped.

The ship's purser stuffed a bundle of tickets into his pockets, but after he had been saved he found they were for the north bound trip—useless to show how many were aboard, south bound.

Dead Are All Californians.

As the vessel was a small coaster of 560 tons, flying on a local run all the dead are Californians. Among them was the infant son of Mrs. Valentine Franz, of San Francisco, who was saved herself. She held her baby by its dress, in her clenched teeth, clutching a timber with her two hands until exhaustion loosened her jaws.

Sidney Astor, chief steward, picked up a floating baby, lashed it to his back and swam with it five hours, before a sea wrenched it loose. He believes it to have been the infant son Mrs. Franz was forced to surrender.

A majority of the dead brought in by the McCulloch had swallowed crude petroleum, smeared on the waves from the ship's fuel tanks when she broke up and, although many of them showed signs of life when first picked up, it was impossible to resuscitate them.

From the sea British warships have severely bombarded all points of military significance at Zeebrugge, Belgium. London says that the extent of the damage done by the shelling was not known. The Germans declare that their troops had only slight casualties, but that several Belgian villagers were killed.

BELIEVES IN TELLING CHILDREN ABOUT WAR

Albany, N. Y., Nov. 24.—Silence in the school room on subjects relating to the European war is inconsistent with the purpose and spirit of education, declared Mrs. Fannie Fern Andrews, secretary of the American School League, in addressing one of the sectional meetings of the State Teachers' association here today.

"What is going on abroad," she said, "should be presented in the school room in such a manner as to give the pupils a proper interpretation of the whole dreadful story. The task is difficult but the American teacher is equal to the emergency."

STUDENTS ASKED TO AID IN RELIEF WORK

Washington, Nov. 24.—An appeal to university, college and school pupils for assistance in alleviating suffering and distress in Europe was issued tonight by the American Red Cross.

"Frequently operations have to be performed without anesthetics," the appeal says. "The lack of gauze bandages and absorbent cotton brought infection, ending often in death from gangrene or tetanus. The armies engaged are composed of young men of our own age, and for this reason it seems particularly fitting that their suffering should appeal to you."

Wood Investigating Siegel.

New York, Nov. 24.—Assistant United States District Attorney Roger R. Wood, in charge of the criminal bureau, stated today that the government is looking into the case of Henry Siegel with a possible view of instituting a prosecution for misuse of the mails. According to the federal criminal code the mailing of a false financial statement with intent to defraud is a felony.

Unknown Schooner Persists.

Kittery, Me., Nov. 24.—An unidentified schooner went down in a squall three miles northeast of the Isles of Shoals today and all her crew are thought to have drowned. The vessel was a small one of about fifty tons. She had the appearance of a Gloucester fish carrier and was bound west heavily loaded.

WHOLESALE ARRESTS IN BUTTE PROMISED

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Butte, Mont., Nov. 24.—Wholesale arrests of those concerned in the recent disturbances in Butte were promised here tonight as a result of evidence obtained a few days ago at the trial of Michael McDonald, Joseph Bradley and Joseph Shannan, mine workers at Boulder, Mont., and John Foley at Eureka.

County Attorney J. J. McCaffery announced that tomorrow he would file in the district court eight informations in connection with the kidnapping and deporting of Western Federation of Miners members by the so-called "jurisdiction committee" of the Butte Mine Workers union, the insurgent organization.

"Before I leave office," said Mr. McCaffery, "I hope to have every man possible arrested and behind the bars at Deer Lodge for the disturbances that started here June 15 and ended with the coming of the state troops. At Boulder I received information through the testimony of witnesses sufficient for the arrest of many."

"I purpose to arrest every member of the Butte Mine Workers union jurisdiction committee of forty, which went to the mines for the purpose of taking away and deporting miners. I am going to arrest every man known to have been seen in the windows of the miners' union hall on June 13, when that building was first attacked. There also will be further arrests for the dynamiting of the structure and the miners' safe, for which 'Red' Foley was convicted yesterday at Boulder. Joseph Chapman, whom McDonald and other witnesses at Boulder swore presided at the deportation 'trial' will be brought back from California as a witness."

McCaffery's statement has caused a sensation here.

Hancock Ordered to San Domingo.

Havana, Nov. 24.—The United States transport Hancock with 800 marines on board has been ordered to San Domingo City and will depart thither tonight.

Summary of War News of Yesterday

Uncertainty still exists as to the exact situation in that part of Russian Poland between the Vistula and Warta rivers, where the Russian and German forces are engaged in heavy fighting.

Official statements concerning the troop movements are contradictory. Petrograd claims that the Germans are retreating. Berlin on the contrary announces officially that the forces of Emperor William merely have halted in the face of unexpected hordes of Russian reinforcements and are waiting strengthening columns from the German front.

To the south the Russians say they had success along the Czenstochowa-Cracow front and have captured 6,000 prisoners. Of the situation here the Germans maintain that to the northeast of Cracow their attack is progressing.

Only intermittent artillery duels and a few infantry attacks were reported from the western zone in France and Belgium. Paris said all the attacks had been repulsed.

From the sea British warships have severely bombarded all points of military significance at Zeebrugge, Belgium. London says that the extent of the damage done by the shelling was not known. The Germans declare that their troops had only slight casualties, but that several Belgian villagers were killed.

Petrograd announces that the Mucovites have pushed back the Turks along the whole front near Erzurum and that the Russian troops are still harassing the retreating Ottomans energetically.

Leaders of agrarian national and liberal parties in the Bulgarian parliament have urged the formation of a genuine national ministry and the occupation of Macedonia by Bulgaria. It was argued that such occupation could be accomplished in agreement with the powers of the triple entente.

Berlin says the Swiss representatives in London and Bordeaux have protested against the alleged violation of Swiss neutrality by the crossing of her territory of British or French aircraft on the way to Friedrichshafen.

The Portuguese congress has decided that Portugal would co-operate with the allies when such a step is considered necessary.

A decree for a partial mobilization of the Portuguese forces will be issued.

Advices from Belgium say that as a result of destitution consequent on the war the famished people along the Dutch border have resorted to plundering and smuggling and that sanguinary encounters have taken place between them and the German troops and the Dutch frontier guard.

The French government, it is reported, probably will again extend the moratorium.

Lord Kitchener has issued a decree reserving the hides of all full-grown cattle to supply leather for the British army.

A newspaper dispatch from Athens says the Turkish government has forbidden subjects of enemy powers, except women and children, to leave Turkey.

Queen Mary in a letter to Mrs. Walter H. Page, wife of the American ambassador to Great Britain has thanked the people of the United States for the presents they have sent the children of the warring nations on the Santa Claus ship Jason.

The maritime authorities of Chile declare it has been proved that German warships have violated the neutrality of Chile.

Advices received in Oakland, Calif., from Cattaro, Dalmatia, are to the effect that three Americans, resident in California, a boy and two men, have been put to death as spies by the Austrians.

FEARS ARE FELT THAT CITY OF MEXICO MAY BE LEFT TO ZAPATA

Washington Uneasy Lest Blan-
co Follow Example of Obre-
gon and Abandon City to
Mercies of Bandit.

MIND OF GENERAL IS SAID TO BE WAVERING

Communication With Vera
Cruz Uncertain and Officials
Manifest Great Anxiety Over
Situation.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Washington, Nov. 24.—Fears that General Lucio Blanco may follow General Obregon and abandon Mexico City are expressed in official reports received late today by the United States government. Zapata forces have been fighting with Blanco's men in the outskirts of the capital. General Villa's men are rapidly approaching the city from the north.

Indications that General Blanco was wavering in his decision to protect Mexico City against invaders have given rise to the impression in administration quarters that the Villa advance guard must be close to the Mexican capital. From George C. Carothers, American consular agent with General Villa, advices dated Queretaro last Sunday, stated that Villa expected to be in Mexico City in a few days and to occupy the capital without resistance.

Although there have been some reports that Blanco would remain in the city and arrange for the peaceful entry of the Villa forces, official advices indicate that he may join his superior officer, General Obregon, who is moving his forces along the west coast of Mexico through the states of Tepic, Colima and Sinaloa.

Pesqueira Joins Capmany.

Telegraphic communication between Mexico City and Vera Cruz is uncertain and officials, though confident that foreigners will not be disturbed in any event, manifest much anxiety over the situation.

Roberto V. Pesqueira, formerly confidential agent of General Carranza in Washington, today joined General Rafael Zubaran Capmany, who holds that position now. Enrique C. Llorente, Mexican consul at E. Paso during the Madero administration, arrived here today as the Washington representative of "Provisional" President Gutierrez, designated by the convention at Aguas Calientes.

The evacuation of Mexico City is regarded by Carranza supporters here as a strategic move and the beginning of a general mobilization. Villa's partisans say their forces are better equipped and control more territory. Representatives of both sides seem to recognize that a civil war is inevitable, with a more definite alignment of the generals as the factional strife develops.

Capmany, who has for several months been the spokesman of Carranza here, issued a formal statement tonight concerning the evacuation of Vera Cruz by American forces. It was in part as follows:

Day of Rejoicing.

"The evacuation of Vera Cruz by the American troops serves tangibly to establish the pre-existent facts not only of the unwavering steadfastness of President Wilson and the principles of justice that actuate a great political party, but also the genuine inclination of the great and powerful American people."

"Actions such as these bind strongly the ties of national cordiality and serve to strengthen the already existing feelings of friendship between two nations who have been called to similar destinies."

"I think I interpret the opinion of all Mexicans, certainly of all true, patriotic Mexicans, irrespective of class and faction, when I say that yesterday was with us a day of national rejoicing. It is not strange that in such moments some few words of displeasure may have been voiced. But when peace has been restored and the present passions which agitate us today have been calmed after the turmoil of social and political reconstruction and we have resumed daily peaceful occupations, then all Mexicans without distinction will recall with deep respect the name of President Wilson."

CARRANZA TROOPS ARE REINFORCING GARRISONS

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 24.—The Carranza troops are moving to the assistance of their garrisons in west and east Mexico, according to an official report received today from agents here. Villa's convention forces are being allowed to take Mexico City without argument, but it is asserted that the former first chief soon will dominate all coast country and begin an aggressive movement into the north.

It was stated officially that General Villalaz and May were at Puerto Mexico entraining their forces on the gunboat Zarazaga for Tampico, which had been threatened by Villa troops from San Luis Potosi.

DEFINITE NEWS OF CONFLICT IN POLAND IS YET TO BE RECEIVED

VILLA'S ADVANCE GUARD REPORTED NEAR CAPITAL

Mexico City, Nov. 24.—It is reported here that the advance guards of General Villa's army have reached Teotihuacan, about twenty miles north of Mexico City.

General Alvaro Obregon is still in the city and his difficulties with General Lucio Blanco have been adjusted. The two generals held a conference today.

In a statement today General Obregon said that General Villa had arrested Julio Madero, brother of the late President Madero. General Obregon declared that he and General Pablo Gonzalez had sufficient troops to defeat General Villa, but that they had decided in order to allow Villa to enter the city, where the entire constitutional army would bottle him up.

"When Francisco Villa and Emiliano Zapata are found together in the national palace," said General Obregon, "the republic will feel a convulsion of repugnance which will shake it to its foundation. It is then that we will start our campaign to eliminate them and we will be successful."

BARBARY COAST LID IS PARTIALLY LIFTED

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
San Francisco, Nov. 24.—Last year's edict of the San Francisco police commissioners by which, it was declared, the notorious "Barbary Coast" was to be put out of business, has been practically rescinded. It was announced today.

The new order allows dancing in one cafe on the "coast" and one on the edge of it, but prohibits entertainers from dancing.

PRESIDENT GOES TO WILLIAMSTOWN FOR TURKEY DAY

To Celebrate Anniversary of
Daughter's Wedding and
Rest Over Thanksgiving;
Works Hard Before Leaving.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Washington, Nov. 24.—President Wilson worked all the executive offices tonight until late, preparatory to his departure at midnight for Williamstown, Mass., where he will spend Thanksgiving day with his daughter, Mrs. Francis B. Sayre. His train was scheduled to leave at midnight and arrive at Williamstown tomorrow afternoon in time for the president to attend a dinner at his daughter's home, commemorating the first anniversary of her marriage.

Mr. Wilson saw several official callers tonight and gave his attention to numerous papers requiring his signature. He desired to clear away all pending business at his office before his departure. He discussed suggested reforms in the immigration service with F. C. Howe, commissioner of immigration at New York, who said that the influx of aliens at that port had fallen off 75 per cent since the outbreak of the European war. Mr. Howe added that for virtually the first time in the history of the United States approximately as many people are leaving the country as are coming in.

Patronage Questions Discussed.

Attorney General Gregory was another White House caller during the evening and discussed with the president patronage questions in his department. He was followed by Postmaster General Hurst, who talked with the president on postal affairs and shortly afterward Mr. Wilson boarded his train.

The president has virtually completed the message he will read to congress next month, but will put a few refining touches to the document during his stay in Williamstown. He discussed the message today with members of his cabinet.

Dr. Grayson, the president's personal physician, believes Mr. Wilson will be benefited by outdoor exercise despite the cold in Massachusetts and saw to it that golf clubs formed a part of the presidential baggage.

Miss Margaret Wilson did not accompany her father on his Thanksgiving trip, remaining at the White House, nor will Mrs. W. G. McAdoo be present at her sister's wedding anniversary dinner, as she is still in Georgia.

Packers Protest Freight Rates.

Washington, Nov. 24.—Protest against the pending increase of freight rates on meats and meat products was filed with the Interstate Commerce commission today by the American Meat Packers' association on behalf of the stock and meat dealers throughout the United States. The proposed rates the protest said, would compel livestock and packing house industries to pay 40 per cent of the total increases asked by the carriers.

To Transport Relief Supplies.

Montreal, Nov. 24.—The British admiralty has notified the committee of the Belgian relief fund at Montreal, that the steamer Calcutta now in Halifax, unloading coal, has been placed at the disposal of the committee to transport further supplies to Belgium.

Germans Are Known to Have
Sustained Partial Reverses,
but Decisive Result Is in
Doubt So Far.

THOROUGH VICTORY MAY AFFECT WINTER CAMPAIGN

Quiet Continues on Snow-
covered Battlefields of Bel-
gium and France; Warships
Bombard Cities.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
London, Nov. 24 (10:50 p. m.).—Decisive news from the Polish battlefield is expected hourly. A thorough victory by either Russia or Germany would vitally affect the course of the winter campaign, both in the east and in the west, but there is no assurance that there has been any definite result, although Petrograd messages declare that the Russians have inflicted at least a temporary reverse on the Germans in the angle between the Vistula and Warta rivers.

Both combatants have achieved these strokes before without settling the fortunes of war permanently. The correspondent of the Paris Matin describes the Germans as fleeing, while the latest Petrograd bulletin announces that the Germans are retreating.

Berlin announces officially that the issue has not yet been decided. On the snow covered fields of Belgium and France quiet continues, the only unusual incident being the bombardment of the towns of Zeebrugge and Heyst by British warships with a few shells which struck hotels where the German staff was quartered, and other buildings while the German shore batteries were unable to reach the warships in reply.

Communication Is Suspended.

The Hague reports that railway communication with Antwerp has been suspended and that no travelers will be admitted to Belgium during the next few days. The Germans are believed to be on the eve of another assault upon the allies' defenses, but for the time being there is a nearer approach to rest for the armies spread out from Ostend to Verdun than at any time in the past two months.

Portugal has taken the final plunge into the European war. The Portuguese congress has decided that the country should co-operate with the allies when it considers the step necessary and the minister of war will issue a decree for partial mobilization.

The greatest loan in England's history, £350,000,000 (\$1,750,000,000), has been successfully floated by the Bank of England, both large and small investors being among the buyers. The country awaits the announcement by the chancellor of the exchequer as to the amount of the subscriptions to the belief that they will exceed considerably the amount of the loan and that the colossal transactions will have an impressive effect upon Great Britain's enemies.

Speculation Prohibited.

Berlin reports that the Bundesrat has passed laws to prevent and to punish speculation in gold, to fix the price of potatoes, to limit the consumption of bread in Berlin and to extend the moratorium applying to bills of exchange in Alsace-Lorraine, East Prussia and parts of West Prussia another 30 days, making its extent 150 days. It is expected that the price for wool will be fixed this week. The government has taken up all the stock of leather.

The hunger stricken Belgians on the border of Holland are pictured as resorting to brigandage and reports say a state of anarchy is approaching. Representatives of the Rockefeller Foundation and the American commission for the relief of Belgium are carrying on the relief work on an adequate scale.

Queen Mary has sent to Mrs. Walter H. Page, wife of the American ambassador, a letter of thanks for the mission of the Santa Claus ship Jason, which is bringing Christmas gifts from American children to children in England and on the continent. The Jason will arrive at Deseronto tomorrow, she will be given an official reception by the municipality of Plymouth and by representatives of the government.

INDIAN TROOPS STAND WINTER WEATHER WELL

London, Nov. 24 (12:07 a. m.).—The life of the Indian troops in the trenches is described in a bulletin from the front which was issued by the official press bureau tonight.

"Nothing sensational has happened in the Indian lines," says the bulletin. "There has been trenching, counter-trenching and a good deal of hand-to-hand fighting, but no Gurkha regiment has penetrated behind the German lines and blown up a powder magazine."

The report says that the Germans have not attacked the Indian trenches as desperately as they have the other parts of the line and have been repelled without difficulty. When the

WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, Nov. 24.—New Mexico: Fair Wednesday and Thursday.

Thanksgiving Necessities

Sheffield England Steel
Carving Sets, Savory Roasters

All Sizes Steel and Enamelled
Universal Coffee Percolators

Aluminum and Enamelled
Pudding Pans
Universal Food Choppers

Carborundum

KNIFE SHARPENERS

To Put a Keen Edge on the Carver Quickly.

Raabe & Mauger
117 NORTH FIRST ST.

SACRIFICE JEWELRY SALE

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS

Many of our finest goods in Watches, Diamonds, Diamond Set Jewelry, Solid Gold and Sterling Novelties remain to be disposed of. Secure your XMAS PRESENTS

Now at 25 to 50 Cents on the Dollar

DODD & DENHOF
THIRD AND CENTRAL

CLEAN COAL



IS OUR
SPECIALTY
AZTEC FUEL
COMPANY
Phone 251

Germans have captured an Indian trench, invariably it has been recaptured, usually at night with the bayonet. Despite the cold weather, the health of the Indians is better than that of the white soldiers who accompanied them from India. While feeling the hardships of the trenches, they have not complained.

The officers of the Indians are extraordinarily well informed regarding the war. In describing German methods to seduce the Indians, the report says that the operator of a Taube aeroplane threw down over the trenches many leaflets bearing the announcement by a German professor that Elie El Islam had proclaimed a holy war. All the leaflets fell into the hands of white soldiers, who were puzzled by them.

Two Indians were creeping toward a German trench on a scouting expedition one night when a searchlight was thrown upon one of them. "He was quick-witted enough to realize that no ordinary resource would save his life," says the report. "He immediately rose to his feet and advanced, saluting, to the German trench. Its occupants ceased to fire."

The Indians, by signs, indicated that he wanted to kill the British and as a result spent a luxurious night in the German lines. To the morning, on making signs that he could bring

other Indians, he was allowed to return to his own side. He was promoted for this exploit.

BATTLE RAGES WITH INCREASED VIOLENCE

Petrograd, Nov. 24.—The following announcement from the general staff of the Russian army in the Caucasus was made public tonight:

"In the region of the Tchoruk river (Russian Armenia) the battle increased in intensity yesterday. In the direction of Erzerum we threw back the Turks on the whole of the front and forced them hurriedly to retreat. Our troops are still pushing them energetically."

"There is no change in the situation in other regions."

GERMAN MISSIONARY TRIES TO BLOW UP BRITISH GUNBOAT

London, Nov. 24 (11:10 p. m.).—A German tried to blow up the British gunboat *Isard* with an infernal machine in a west African harbor recently, according to a report to the colonial office. It was discovered that he was a missionary.

"When questioned as to how he found such an action compatible with his profession," says the report, "he replied that he was a soldier first and a missionary afterward."

PETROGRAD SAYS YOU CAN'T TRUST GERMAN STATEMENTS

Petrograd, Nov. 24.—An official communication issued here tonight says:

"To what extent German official statements can be trusted is shown by the following very short Russian communication, dated November 20. This statement refers to a Redoubt near the village of Praykov, which, on the night of November 15, a company of the Siberian regiment, stormed and occupied."

"The next day the Germans concentrated on the Redoubt a violent fire from large caliber howitzers and kept up the attack on it for four hours in an effort to retake it."

"During this attack the German columns were compelled to advance over a small stream between the lakes Voinoff (south) and Douvelna and the lake Levantia. After the battle this stream, which is about 400 feet long, was piled up with the bodies of Germans killed during the attack."

"After fierce fighting the Redoubt remained in our possession."

"RELATIVELY QUIET" IS REPORT FROM PARIS

Paris, Nov. 24 (10:30 p. m.).—The following official communication was issued tonight:

"Today has been relatively quiet. There has been intermittent cannonading on the front and a few attacks in the Argonne, which have all been repulsed."

BRITISH DETAIN HOBOKEN MAN FOR NINETEEN DAYS

Suspected of Being German Reservist, New Jersey Banker Is Held Incommunicado by Authorities.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
New York, Nov. 24.—Detention for nineteen days by the British authorities, who suspected him of being a German reservist carrying war funds from America to Germany, was the experience of George W. Steneck, connected with a trust company in Hoboken, N. J., according to the story which he told today upon his arrival here on the Holland-American liner Rotterdam. At the end of this time, during the first part of which he was not permitted to communicate with his firm or relatives, he said, he was released upon his promise not to go into Germany.

The British light cruiser *Isis* stopped the steamship *Nieuw Amsterdam* on which Steneck was sailing to Europe off the Sicily islands on October 7th, he said, and a boat load of marines boarded the steamer where the British officer immediately asked for Steneck. The latter showed the officer his passport and letters of identification from a member of congress to the American ambassador in London and Berlin, he said, and explained that he was carrying a large sum in German and Austrian currency to the firm's German and Dutch correspondent in order to facilitate the honoring of letters of credit issued by the firm.

The British authorities had been informed, however, that the money had been subscribed in the United States for German war funds and that Steneck himself was a German reservist, so, according to Steneck's story, he was taken to a cabin and subjected to a thorough search.

When the steamer reached Plymouth, he said, the military authorities decided that the money should be packed and sealed and that he should be detained. He was taken to Devonport, where he was well treated, he said, but was kept under such strict surveillance that he was not permitted to see the American consul and all his letters were censored before being mailed. On October 25th, he was allowed to go with his funds to Rotterdam where he transacted his German business by wire.

CARDINAL CAVALLARI PASSES AWAY IN VENICE

Paris, Nov. 24 (10 p. m.).—A dispatch to the Havas agency from Venice says that Cardinal Aristides Cavallari, patriarch of Venice, died today.

Cardinal Cavallari was born at Chioggia in 1849 and was raised to the cardinalate in 1907. He was noted for his simple piety. On various occasions he expressed himself volubly against the immodest dress of women and once he said to have stopped a church service in order to make a woman worshipper cover her open-work shirtwaist.

In January of this year Cardinal Cavallari issued a nunciopal letter, strongly condemning the tango dance, declaring that "only those persons who have lost all moral sense can endure it."

He ordered all the ecclesiastics to deny absolution to those who, having danced the tango, did not promise to discontinue the practice.

SIR HENRY HOWARD IS ENVOY TO HOLY SEE

Rome, Nov. 24 (9:55 p. m.).—The appointment of Sir Henry Howard as envoy from England to the Holy See was announced here today. Great pleasure over his appointment was expressed at the Vatican, where it was said that it always had been regretted that Great Britain and the United States were not represented among the diplomatics accredited to the pope.

Once during the reign of the late Pope Leo, England sent Sir Henry Harrington to Rome on a mission to the Vatican and in 1902 the United States government sent William Howard Taft to settle the Philippine friarland question. Neither country, however, has been represented by a permanent diplomatic agent to the pontiff as have other non-Catholic countries as Prussia and Russia.

To insure Dutch Merchants.
London, Nov. 24 (11:15 p. m.).—Important banks and shipping companies, according to Reuters' Amsterdam correspondent, have formed a Dutch overseas trust company, which will insure Dutch exporting and importing houses against loss on goods which may be or already have been declared absolute or conditional contraband by the belligerents. The correspondent adds that the profits will be given to the Dutch relief committee.

Chile's Neutrality Violated.
Santiago, Chile, Nov. 24.—An official statement issued by the maritime authorities today says it has been proved that German warships have violated the neutrality of Chile by playing for several days in the Juan Fernandez islands, capturing two neutral ships, seizing coal and provisions and sinking the French bark *Valentine* a half-mile from the Chilean coast.

Sugar Beet Report Published.
Washington, Nov. 24.—Preliminary reports from sugar beet factories made public by the agricultural department indicate that 436,000 acres of beets yielding 3,145,000 tons of sugar will be harvested for the 1914 crop. The total sugar production is expected to be 64,000,000 short tons, or about 65,000 tons less than in 1913.

SATURDAY TO SEE STOCK EXCHANGE OPEN UP AGAIN

News Overshadows All Other Developments of the Day; Only Restricted Operations to Begin With.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
New York, Nov. 24.—The New York stock exchange will reopen next Saturday for restricted dealings in the several classes of bonds which are formally listed and approved by that institution and which run into hundreds of millions of dollars. The decision to resume operations in this tentative way was reached today at a largely attended meeting of the governing committee and is the outcome of many weeks of agitation on the part of a majority of the exchange members.

In the formal statement announcing the resumption it is specifically declared that all dealings are to be under the supervision of the special committee of five which has exercised absolute authority over the affairs of the exchange since July 30 last, the day of its suspension. It is furthermore prescribed that all transactions are to be for cash, thus precluding virtually every element of speculation or marginal trading. Also there can be no trading below the minimum prices authorized by the committee from time to time. Any infraction of these regulations will, it is understood, bring immediate punishment upon the offender.

While the trading will partake of an open character, in that it will be done "on the floor," quotations will not be transmitted to the ticker service, but prices will be issued at stated times during the day. This will be a surprise to many members who expected a broader and freer market. The question of quoting "bid and asked" prices of bonds not actually sold is yet to be determined.

The rumors of a "money pool" amounting to many millions of dollars might be organized to take care of such firms or individuals as may need financial assistance under the proposed reopening. No such movement is contemplated so far as could be learned, but it is an accepted fact that any member of the exchange requiring financial assistance will receive all reasonable accommodations from the banks. So far as is possible every effort will be made to minimize foreign selling though it is not clear how this can be done.

The decision of the stock exchange to reopen next Saturday for restricted dealings in listed bonds overshadowed all other developments in the financial district today.

Apart from the action of the exchange, the greater ease shown by the local money market helped to stimulate sentiment to an unusual degree. Call money was offered in abundant quantities at 4 1/2 per cent and ninety-day loans at 4 3/4 per cent were readily effected. Renewals of one and two month loans were made at an average rate of 5 per cent. There was a decided increase in the supply of cash for all manner of accommodations, including mercantile paper.

Financial institutions and bankers with foreign affiliations reported a further strengthening of credits here by several of the nations now at war and this was accentuated by the placing of additional orders for war materials, general merchandise and finished iron and steel. Another advance in the quoted price of copper suggested an increased inquiry for that metal.

The entire export movement from this center for the past week was somewhat under that of the preceding week, but for the calendar year it exceeds almost \$7,000,000.

OPTIMISTIC TRADING ON 'CHANGE IN CHICAGO

Chicago, Nov. 24.—Trading on the stock exchange today, the second day of its opening, was optimistic. Traders wanted more Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul at a price equivalent to the July 30 closing, but only twenty shares could be rounded up. Sixty shares of American Can was sold at 21, an advance of 1 1/2 points over the July 20 close. People's Gas and Union Carbide sold off a point. Some shares of the Studebaker corporation changed hands at 34, an advance of six points over the minimum, due to reports that President Fish had returned from Europe with orders for vehicles for Great Britain aggregating \$15,000,000.

ENGLAND IS SHY ON PRODUCTION OF FOOD

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Washington, Nov. 24.—Of the nations at war, England produces less of her foodstuffs than any other. An investigation as to various countries made by the department of agriculture's bureau of statistics made public today, indicates that England produces about 53 per cent of her food requirements; Belgium 57 per cent; Germany 88 per cent; France 92 per cent and Austro-Hungary 98 per cent.

Russia produces about 110 per cent, exporting about 10 per cent. Canada produced 13 per cent more than she consumes; Argentina produces 48 per cent, more than she consumes, and the United States produces practically no more than she consumes, as exports and imports almost balance.

"The United Kingdom," says the report, "produces only 27 per cent of her requirements of edible grains, but 53 per cent of her meats, 62 per cent of her dairy products, 58 per cent of her poultry, more than 90 per cent of her vegetables and 21 per cent of her fruits. She is an exporter of fish products."

Wanted—Clean, cotton-rags at the Journal office.

UNDERRATING OF ENGLISH ERROR, WRITES GERMAN

Briton Makes Better Fighting Man Than Teuton, Declares Newspaper Man Serving as a Lieutenant.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Berlin, Nov. 24.—An earnest warning against under-estimation of the British troops such as has been customary with a certain section of the German press is sent home by a well known Berlin newspaper man who is serving as first lieutenant with a regiment facing the British forces near Ypres.

His regiment, he writes, marched out with the idea that the British had legs only to run with and that real fighting spirit or skill in arms was lacking in them. A few hours' contact with the British however, showed that they were no easy enemy.

"The English infantry which opposed us there in the vicinity of Ypres must be characterized as troops of the first quality," he writes. "From the start it was noteworthy with what high energy the British troops defended their positions against our attacks. After being driven out they kept trying again and again, particularly by night attacks, to regain the lost ground. They were supported effectively by their field artillery which is as good as ours. The British had also brought up heavy naval guns in the vicinity of Ypres and the English shells and shrapnel caused us considerable losses."

"As the British commenced to feel more and more our enveloping movements they made desperate efforts to break through our lines, particularly in the neighborhood of Beclare, but vainly. In one of these energetic attempts we captured about 500 English, including twenty officers."

British Utilize Cover Well.
"The chief strength of the English lies beyond doubt in the defense and in the proper use of cover. The natural hunting instincts of the sports-loving Briton come out more strongly in these specialties than in the case with our available infantry. The minimum of hunting instinct that we of the present age inherit is brought to a higher degree of development in the Englishman by regular participation in sport than in men of other nations."

"The Englishman as a sportsman undoubtedly has quicker nervous reaction than the average German. It is unquestionably easier therefore to instruct the British recruit than the German in shooting. In the use of terrain and in patrol duty."

British Trenches Well Hidden.
"The skill of the British soldier in utilizing every advantage of the country was very noticeable in the numerous engagements in the vicinity of Ypres. The British trenches were usually so skillfully constructed that they could not be made out with the naked eye. When we had stormed the first trenches we were astonished to find how well laid out they were. Plates of steel and iron were built into the breastworks."

"The shelter pits evidently had been arranged with all possible comfort for an extended stay, and our men rejoiced at the wonderful canned goods, corned beef, ham and other supplies they found in them."

"We were often struck with the great number of dead and the few living defenders we found in trenches we had stormed, but we soon found that a considerable proportion of the 'dead' were only shamming and could be brought to life again by a little pricking with the bayonet."

Dummy Trenches Much Used.

"The British often lay out dummy trenches, setting up turnips or clods of earth to deceive us. The firing line, taking full advantage of cover, lies so far in front or behind these trenches that it suffers very little from our fire, directed against the supposed trenches. It often happened that we came under heavy infantry and machine gun fire from the edge of a wood, returned the fire and stormed the wood, to find only when we entered it that the defenders were in the tree tops and not on the ground. As to patrols, I have often followed British patrols for some distance with the glass and so far as I could see they missed none of the fine points of the game, something which cannot always be said of our patrols."

"In night fighting the enemy often follows tactics new to us. It is our rule in night fighting to refrain from shooting if possible but to use the bayonet and to shoot in any case only when it is light enough to aim. The allies, on the contrary, have in many instances adopted for infantry the same principle as for artillery fire—namely that of strewing a certain area by night with fire."

"The village of Beclare, which my regiment had stormed and occupied after nightfall was subjected for hours to such a hail of infantry fire that we finally had to evacuate it. We then occupied trenches near Beclare and were subjected the whole night to fire from infantry and machine guns, which caused us little loss, it is true, but gave the tired troops not an instant's rest. That probably was the enemy's intention."

Elevator Fall Kills Attorney.

Los Angeles, Nov. 24.—Kemper H. Campbell, an attorney, was fatally injured today when an overloaded elevator dropped from the third floor to the basement of a downtown building. Eighteen persons, including one woman, were hurt in the accident, which was caused by the breaking of the elevator cable.

Fowls starve for green feed. Our machine-cut alfalfa fills the need. When you feed cut alfalfa poultry eat less grass. Per large sack, 50 cents. Properly fed hens will lay when eggs are high.

E. W. FEE.

GRAY CLOUD OF SMOKE IS OVER ALL ARKANSAS

Only a General Rain Can Bring Relief and Weather Bureau Holds Out Little Hope of Such Event.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Little Rock, Ark., Nov. 24.—The gray smoke cloud from thousands of forest fires which lifted in Little Rock last night settled over the city again today and it was impossible to see more than two or three blocks even on well lighted streets.

Early reports indicate that similar conditions prevailed all over the state. The only hope of extinguishing the fires is a general rain and the weather bureau offers little hope of this. That any considerable setback was given to the fires by rains that fell this morning in portions of the burning district, was not indicated in reports that reached here early tonight.

The damage has thus far been confined to timber but high winds would make the situation serious.

SMOKE FALL EXTENDS AS FAR AS ST. LOUIS

St. Louis, Nov. 24.—A heavy blanket of smoke, believed to have come from the forest fires of Arkansas or southeastern Missouri, hung over the city this afternoon and tonight settled so low as to produce the effect of a dense fog.

Thousands of persons were driven outdoors by the smoke, which penetrated homes, factories and office buildings. Conditions on the streets were almost as stifling. Street car and vehicle traffic throughout the city was reduced to a minimum speed because of the danger of collisions.

REPORT RECEIVED ON SAN DOMINGO ELECTION

Washington, Nov. 24.—Secretary Bryan received in person today the report of the commission headed by former Governor Fort of New Jersey, which went to San Domingo to arrange for the presidential elections recently held there.

Mr. Bryan said the elections were conducted peacefully and had brought general satisfaction. President Jimenez received not only a majority of the popular vote, but a plurality in the electoral college. The total vote cast—more than 30,000—was larger than at any previous election.

The secretary said American observers were stationed at every polling place. The commission got as many civilians for the duty as possible, but drew on the force of marines in San Domingo to assist in the work of observation. Mr. Bryan said he was not advised whether or not marine observers appeared in uniforms at the polling places.

FOLEY CATHARTIC TABLETS.

Are wholesome, thoroughly cleansing, and have a stimulating effect on the stomach, liver and bowels. Regulate you with no gripping and no unpleasant after effects. Stout people find they give immense relief and comfort. Anti-bilious. Warren Spofford, Green Bay, Wis., writes: "Foley Cathartic Tablets are the best laxative I ever used. They do the work promptly and with no bad after effects." Try them. For sale by Butts, Inc.

Eating When Others Are Through

Is Not Gluttony, But Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets Will Enable You to Have Such An Appetite.

In these days of high pressure most men and women eat very little and a good old fashioned eater sits at table after all have left it. The best way to get such an appetite is the Stuart way—the natural way.



Landlady: "Ever since Jones took Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets I've lost money on him."

If your stomach can not digest your food, what will? Where's the relief? The answer is in Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, because, as all stomach troubles arise from indigestion and because one ingredient of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is able to thoroughly and completely digest 2,000 grains of food, doesn't it stand to reason that these tablets are going to digest all the food and whatever food you put into your stomach?

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are carefully made to supply every element lacking in a system afflicted with dyspepsia, indigestion, gastritis, stomach trouble, etc., and to aid healthy systems to digest difficult food unmeasurably.

Just carry one of these little tablets in your purse or pocket. After every meal take one matter when eaten, you have always at hand the assistance that nature will relish and thrive upon.

In this manner one may eat all manner of food, attend late dinners, etc., and feel no serious results afterward.

Thousands of travelers always have a box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets in their grips and are thus enabled to eat unaccustomed meals at any and all times.

Surely there is nothing so well adapted to sufferers from food folies as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, and the greatest proof of this fact lies in the assurance that one can purchase a box at any drug store anywhere in this country.

A small sample package of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will be mailed free to anyone who will address F. A. Stuart Co., 150 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

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HUDSON for Picture Frames

Fourth St. and Copper Ave.

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THE DIAMOND BRAND. Labeled Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold wrapper. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, or 25 cent boxes in Red and Gold wrapper. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

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SUPPLY YOUR WANT OF TRAVELING BAGS WHILE IN OUR CITY, FROM A STOCK THAT IS COMPLETE IN EVERY DETAIL
TRUNKS from \$6.00 to \$50.00
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TRAVELING BAGS from \$2.75 to \$25.00
OUR PRICES ARE THE LOWEST IN THIS CITY.

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FURNITURE, CARPETS, DRAPERIES AND STOVES

Pile Remedy Free

Sample of Pyramid Pile Remedy, mailed free for trial gives quick relief, stops itching, bleeding or protruding piles, hemorrhoids and all other troubles, in the privacy of your own home. See a box at all druggists. Free sample for trial with booklet mailed free in plain wrapper.

FREE SAMPLE COUPON

PYRAMID DRUG COMPANY, 516 Broadway, New York, N.Y. Kindly send me a Free sample of Pyramid Pile Remedy, in plain wrapper.

Name _____
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City _____ State _____

High Rank of State Military Institute Enables It to Make Efficient and Patriotic Men

Among the state educational institutions the one located in the eastern section stands unique among the schools of higher learning. This school is the New Mexico Military Institute. It is an institution which has made good and has not only received support and recognition from the state, but has been rated as one of the government's "distinguished schools" for the past six years.

When it is said that the institution is unique it is not meant that it offers a better education in the arts and sciences, or for that matter different training along these lines. It does, however, offer training equal to that of any other school of like grade, and, at the same time, gives great atten-

tion to system, to training and to military work, which are without doubt of great importance in preparing a young man for his life's work.

The New Mexico Military Institute claims the right to recognition as a school of higher education because it does two years of college work in addition to the preparatory course offered. In other words this school claims the right to rank as a junior college. The course of study, as at present arranged, consists of six

years; four years equivalent to the regular high school work, and in addition to this the equivalent of freshman and sophomore years in college and university work. It is the object of this school to lay special stress on and promote scientific work.

Has Large Enrollment.
The institution was opened to study in September, 1898. It is therefore now in its seventeenth session. The enrollment of the present year is 193, an increase of thirty over last year.

The most gratifying increase, however, is due to the fact that the student body has a higher average in age and qualification than heretofore.

Representatives from every county, and practically every town in the

state are to be found among the cadets. The institute is in every respect a state school. It does not depend upon local patronage, and offers the same inducements to boys from every section of the state. Tuition, which is valued at \$75, is given free to New Mexico boys. All students who come from without the state are required to pay the \$75 tuition fee.

Fine Buildings and Grounds.
It is probable that the institute buildings and grounds are of higher value and better adapted to every school purpose than those of any of the other state institutions. This is largely due to the fact that the school has been under one continuous management. The board of regents, who are at present composed of E. A. Cahoon, president; J. E. Rhea, vice president; J. P. White, treasurer; John W. Poe, secretary, and W. A. Finley, is a body of men who are thoroughly interested in laying the foundation for what they believe will be one of the largest training schools for young men in the United States.

Graduates Have Fine Record.
Many of the graduates of the insti-

tion. The present surveyor general, Lucius Dilla, has three of the graduates of the institute in his department, one as draftsman and the others at location work with the engineering officers in the field.

It is a recognized fact that a man who has received military training as well as regular academic work is better able to satisfy an employer and to assume business responsibilities than is a man with only an ordinary college education.

Since the European war has caused the American people to consider the advisability of building up our military forces, it has been proposed that graduates to the extent of 400 from the various military schools of high rank be each year assigned to serve for one year with regular pay, then to be assigned to the reserves. It has also been suggested that the national government make an annual appropriation to these training schools, to increase their attendance, and each year to send out a large number of

trained young men, ready to muster companies in their localities, and to be of service both as citizens and soldiers. However, it is an admitted fact that military training is as necessary in the preparation of a man for business as it is in getting a man ready for war. Therefore the main object of the institute is to train for citizenship, but at the same time to instill patriotism and a knowledge of self-protection, of sanitation and of leadership.

employment of labor. Only when mining prospers do the countless wheels of industrial activity revolve.

The School of Mines stands as a central alms-giver in the development of our diversified mineral resources. During the school year of 1913-14 more than one thousand samples of ores, rock specimens and minerals from New Mexico were submitted to the school for analysis, determination and classification, resulting in an actual investment of outside capital of almost \$1,000,000.

Every dollar spent in the support of this technical institution is returned to the people in the ratio of forty to one.

Aside from this function of profitable finance derived through the school, the institution is turning out young men graduates who are worth to the state four hundred times forty, the cash consideration just mentioned.

I noticed in one of the Albuquerque papers during the Y. M. C. A. campaign for funds that the saving of every young man by making him a useful citizen, was worth to the community the sum of \$25,000. This statement, I believe to be true. Our School of Mines is a builder of character of the highest type. We teach young men how to become useful members of society. We not only develop the body like the Y. M. C. A. proposes doing, but we develop the brain as well. That which manual effort fails to do mental activity in the School of Mines accomplishes.

Every person who leaves the doors of our school is not only a bread and butter winner, but a thinker, as well. I believe that much of our system of education as carried on today is wrong. It may have been right yesterday, but it is wrong today. I believe in specialism. Any system of education that does not teach a young man how to earn his bread and butter in these strenuous days is a wrong system and should be expunged from our school curricula. Moreover, any system of education that does not keep up with the kaleidoscopic changes of the living present is an obsolete system and a back number.

We no longer care to delve in the barn yard of forty centuries ago; it is the present living and immediate future in which we are most concerned.

In concluding, I am glad to say that the School of Mines will have its new metallurgical and electrical building completed by April and the young men of the state may have a further opportunity in learning how to become useful. The latest and most modern equipment in the world's advancement in both machinery and methods will be available. We invite every young man in New Mexico to visit us and see what is being done in the only purely technical school of the state.

Coronado Lodge of Fraternity Union Elects Officers
Coronado Lodge No. 580, Fraternal Union of America, held election of officers last night. The new officers are:

President—Serferino Collott.
Vice President—Adolfo C. Chavez.
Past President—A. D. Garcia.
Secretary—L. M. Garcia.
Treasurer—Martin Carillo.
Chaplain—Nicholas Sanchez.
Guide—Jose R. Chavez.
Inner Guard—Jose Garcia.
Outer Guard—Ignacio Nunez.
Stewards (for two-year terms)—Rafael Trullida, Dolores Tenorio and Miguel Apodaca.

Horses Die of Pneumonia.
Montreal, Nov. 24.—Pneumonia has caused the death of over fifty horses out of a batch of 670, purchased for the French government and brought to Montreal from Texas. The animals arrived on Sunday and were placed in a shed on a steamer pier.

HUGE GOLD STRIKE REPORTED FROM THE BURRO MOUNTAINS
Silver City, N. M., Nov. 24.—Hunters have reached here of a rich gold strike in Thompson's gulch, in the Big Burro mountains, between Silver City and Lordsburg.

Samples of quartz ore, fairly bristling with gold, have been brought here for assaying and indications point to a strike even richer than the one recently made near Lordsburg at grass roots in a corn field.

Miners and prospectors are reported to be headed for the scene by the score.

HACK! HACK! HACK!
With raw tickling throat, tight chest, sore lungs, you need Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, and quickly. The first dose helps, it leaves a soothing, healing coating as it glides down your throat, you feel better at once. S. Martin, Bassett, Neb., writes: "I had a severe cough and cold and was almost past going. I got a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar and am glad to say it cured my cough entirely and my cold soon disappeared." Every user is a friend. For sale by Rutt's, Inc.

LOCAL PEOPLE ARE VICTIMS OF CLEVER SWINDLE, IS REPORT
A number of local people are thought to have been the victims of a clever swindle, word of which reached general currency yesterday when one of those who had parted with money, began making inquiries.

The swindle seems to consist in the sale of a "pattern agency" for either the Pictorial Review or the McCall patterns, for the first named of which the Golden Rule has the exclusive agency in Albuquerque. The McCall publication carried a notice in a recent issue warning against a swindler who is thought to have operated along lines much similar to those evidenced here.

No complaint has yet been made to the police but at least one well authenticated case of the practice has been developed.

Science and Specialization
Keynotes of Work Being Done at New Mexico School of Mines

(By Fayette A. Jones.)

The New Mexico State School of Mines was created for two specific purposes: first, to train young men in the technologic science of mining; second, to investigate and develop the mineral resources of the state.

One of the vital sections of the act defining the limits and prescribing the courses of study to be pursued at the School of Mines, reads as follows:

"The object of the School of Mines, created, established and located by this act, is to furnish facilities for the education of such persons as may desire to receive instruction in chemistry, metallurgy, mineralogy, geology, mining, milling, engineering,

mathematics, mechanics, drawing, the fundamental laws of the United States, and such other courses of studies, not including agricultural, as may be prescribed by the board of trustees.

I am glad to say that the School of Mines is now experiencing an era of rapid development and expansion. The work done is of a character that would do credit to almost any mining school in the country. Our graduates are working side by side with the graduates of Columbia and Freiberg universities. The school is fast becoming one of the best assets of the state, because the mining industry is now the supreme industry. Many of you, perhaps, do not know that the output from the mines of the state

exceeds the revenue derived from the cattle, hogs, horses, sheep, wool, and all the agricultural and horticultural products combined. The mining output of New Mexico during 1913 according to figures of the United States Geological survey, reached a total of \$17,892,369. And had it not been for the European war the output for 1914 would have slightly exceeded \$20,000,000. According to the reports of the bureau of crop estimates for the year, which has been the banner crop year in the history of the state, the total value of the wheat, corn, oats, potatoes, fruits, etc., is approximately \$11,000,000. The livestock and wool marketed the present year, although at the highest prices ever received in the history of New Mexico, will approximate only about half the value of the agricultural products. From the above, it is thus seen that mining is by far the chief industry of the state and is a source of wealth greater than all the other resources and industries combined. How many of the people of

New Mexico know this? Do our legislators know this?

Funds Urgently Needed.
I am sorry to tell you that I am quite frequently asked by apparently intelligent citizens, who have resided in New Mexico for years, if there are really any producing mines in the state. To foster and further promote this great industry of basic wealth it is necessary that the coming legislature be more liberal in its policy toward mining than has the case with former ones.

Not a dollar has ever been appropriated by any legislature for the specific purpose of exploiting the diversified mineral deposits of the state.

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Past President—A. D. Garcia.
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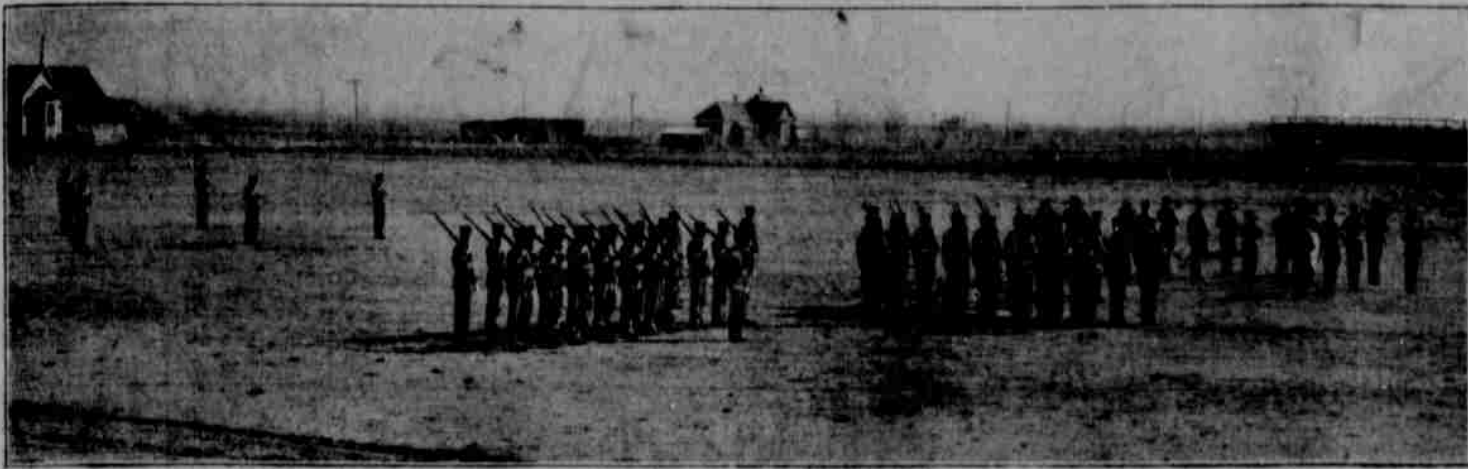
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GUARD MOUNTING IS CARRIED OUT AS PRECISELY AS THOUGH EACH CADET HAD BEEN TRAINED AT WEST POINT

tion to system, to training and to military work, which are without doubt of great importance in preparing a young man for his life's work.

The New Mexico Military Institute claims the right to recognition as a school of higher education because it does two years of college work in addition to the preparatory course offered. In other words this school claims the right to rank as a junior college. The course of study, as at present arranged, consists of six

years; four years equivalent to the regular high school work, and in addition to this the equivalent of freshman and sophomore years in college and university work. It is the object of this school to lay special stress on and promote scientific work.

Has Large Enrollment.
The institution was opened to study in September, 1898. It is therefore now in its seventeenth session. The enrollment of the present year is 193, an increase of thirty over last year.

The most gratifying increase, however, is due to the fact that the student body has a higher average in age and qualification than heretofore.

Representatives from every county, and practically every town in the

state are to be found among the cadets. The institute is in every respect a state school. It does not depend upon local patronage, and offers the same inducements to boys from every section of the state. Tuition, which is valued at \$75, is given free to New Mexico boys. All students who come from without the state are required to pay the \$75 tuition fee.

Fine Buildings and Grounds.
It is probable that the institute buildings and grounds are of higher

value and better adapted to every school purpose than those of any of the other state institutions. This is largely due to the fact that the school has been under one continuous management. The board of regents, who are at present composed of E. A. Cahoon, president; J. E. Rhea, vice president; J. P. White, treasurer; John W. Poe, secretary, and W. A. Finley, is a body of men who are thoroughly interested in laying the foundation for what they believe will be one of the largest training schools for young men in the United States.

Graduates Have Fine Record.
Many of the graduates of the insti-

tion. The present surveyor general, Lucius Dilla, has three of the graduates of the institute in his department, one as draftsman and the others at location work with the engineering officers in the field.

It is a recognized fact that a man who has received military training as well as regular academic work is better able to satisfy an employer and to assume business responsibilities than is a man with only an ordinary college education.

Since the European war has caused the American people to consider the advisability of building up our military forces, it has been proposed that graduates to the extent of 400 from the various military schools of high rank be each year assigned to serve for one year with regular pay, then to be assigned to the reserves. It has also been suggested that the national government make an annual appropriation to these training schools, to increase their attendance, and each year to send out a large number of



A COMPANY OF CADETS AT THE STATE MILITARY INSTITUTE AT ROSWELL

Science and Specialization

Keynotes of Work Being Done at New Mexico School of Mines

(By Fayette A. Jones.)

The New Mexico State School of Mines was created for two specific purposes: first, to train young men in the technologic science of mining; second, to investigate and develop the mineral resources of the state.

One of the vital sections of the act defining the limits and prescribing the courses of study to be pursued at the School of Mines, reads as follows:

"The object of the School of Mines, created, established and located by this act, is to furnish facilities for the education of such persons as may desire to receive instruction in chemistry, metallurgy, mineralogy, geology, mining, milling, engineering,

mathematics, mechanics, drawing, the fundamental laws of the United States, and such other courses of studies, not including agricultural, as may be prescribed by the board of trustees.

I am glad to say that the School of Mines is now experiencing an era of rapid development and expansion. The work done is of a character that would do credit to almost any mining school in the country. Our graduates are working side by side with the graduates of Columbia and Freiberg universities. The school is fast becoming one of the best assets of the state, because the mining industry is now the supreme industry. Many of you, perhaps, do not know that the output from the mines of the state

exceeds the revenue derived from the cattle, hogs, horses, sheep, wool, and all the agricultural and horticultural products combined. The mining output of New Mexico during 1913 according to figures of the United States Geological survey, reached a total of \$17,892,369. And had it not been for the European war the output for 1914 would have slightly exceeded \$20,000,000. According to the reports of the bureau of crop estimates for the year, which has been the banner crop year in the history of the state, the total value of the wheat, corn, oats, potatoes, fruits, etc., is approximately \$11,000,000. The livestock and wool marketed the present year, although at the highest prices ever received in the history of New Mexico, will approximate only about half the value of the agricultural products. From the above, it is thus seen that mining is by far the chief industry of the state and is a source of wealth greater than all the other resources and industries combined. How many of the people of

New Mexico know this? Do our legislators know this?

Funds Urgently Needed.
I am sorry to tell you that I am quite frequently asked by apparently intelligent citizens, who have resided in New Mexico for years, if there are really any producing mines in the state. To foster and further promote this great industry of basic wealth it is necessary that the coming legislature be more liberal in its policy toward mining than has the case with former ones.

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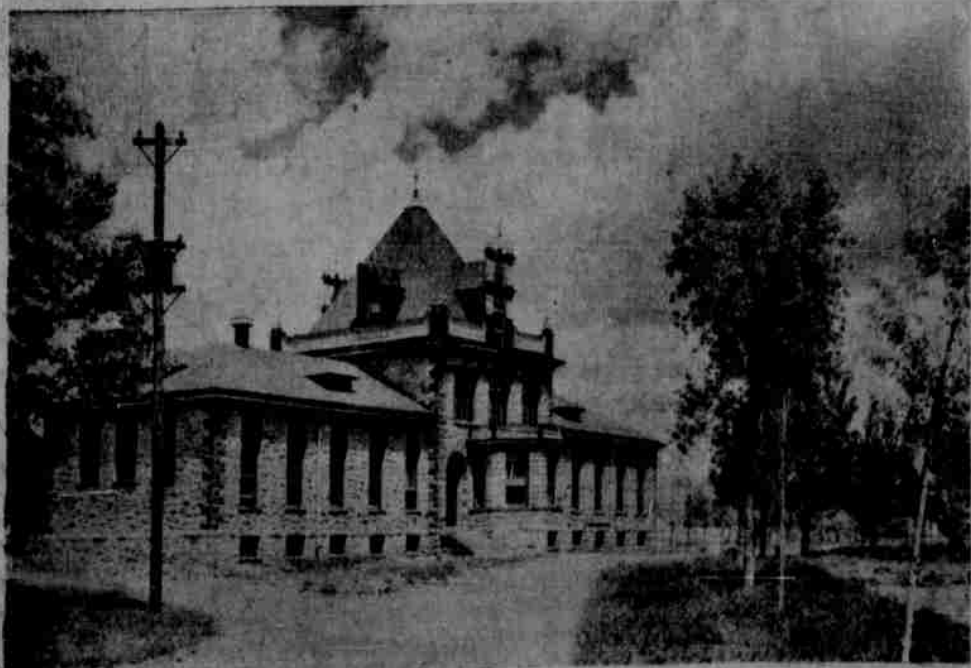
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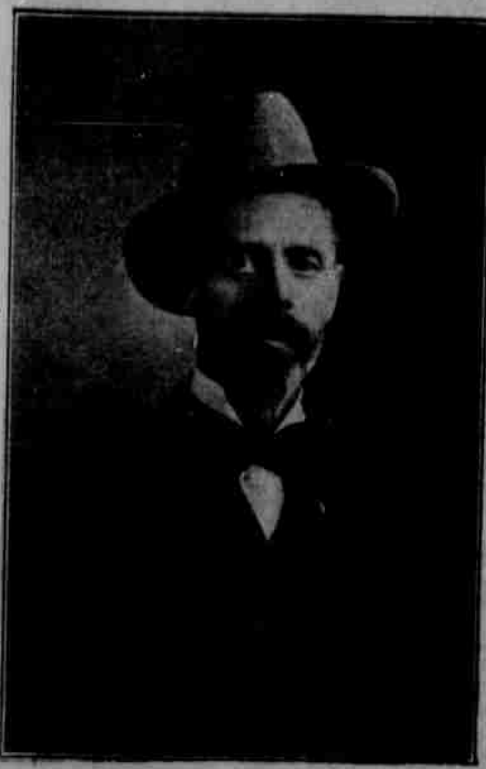
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ADMINISTRATION HALL NEW MEXICO STATE SCHOOL OF MINES



FAYETTE A. JONES
President of the New Mexico State School of Mines.

DINNER TENDERED TO SIGN POSTERS AT THE ALVARADO

Eleven Local Roads Boosters Hosts of Party of Los Angeles Men at Banquet; City to Have Bulletins.

Eleven local roads boosters, highway officials and members of the local good roads organizations, were hosts last night at an informal banquet to the sign posting party of the Automobile Club of Southern California, which arrived here yesterday. The affair was an entirely informal one, but was greatly enjoyed by those who attended.

As a result of conferences at the banquet, the suggestion of Col. D. K. B. Sellers, until recently president of the Ocean-to-Ocean Highway association, that signs be posted through the city will be carried out. There will be seven of these signs and arrangements will be made today to have the city break the concrete sidewalks where needed that the posts may be set. The expense of tearing up the sidewalks and replacing them will be borne by the California organization.

One sign will go at Second street and the Barcelona bridge approach. Another will be at Second street and Gold avenue, two will be placed at First street and Central avenue, and two will go at Fourth street and Central avenue.

The guests at the dinner were Douglas Mitchell, Perry Howard and Bert Smith, automobile editors of the Los Angeles Times. The hosts were F. A. Stutz, D. A. Macpherson, John E. Heaven, H. A. H. Jones, E. L. Grose, Eugene Kempenich, of Peralta; S. B. Morris, of the state engineer's office; E. D. Sisk, D. K. B. Sellers, A. F. Van Delme and George Arnot.

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LOCAL PEOPLE ARE VICTIMS OF CLEVER SWINDLE, IS REPORT
A number of local people are thought to have been the victims of a clever swindle, word of which reached general currency yesterday when one of those who had parted with money, began making inquiries.

The swindle seems to consist in the sale of a "pattern agency" for either the Pictorial Review or the McCall patterns, for the first named of which the Golden Rule has the exclusive agency in Albuquerque. The McCall publication carried a notice in a recent issue warning against a swindler who is thought to have operated along lines much similar to those evidenced here.

No complaint has yet been made to the police but at least one well authenticated case of the practice has been developed.



TREATMENTS EXCLUSIVELY MARINELLO

WHAT WE DO AND HOW WE DO IT:

Instantaneous Bleaching Process.—For removing discolorations, tan, freckles, moth patch and banishing the muddy complexion.

Astringent Mask Treatment.—For flabby and oily skins.

Wrinkle Treatment.—For fine and deep lines.

Mechine Treatment.—For reducing redness of nose and cheeks, and for much inflamed cases of acne.

Antiseptic Hot Oil Treatment.—For obstinate conditions of scalp and stubborn cases of falling hair.

Special Acne Treatment.—Wonderfully effective in the removal of blackheads and the relief of the most repulsive cases.

Scarless Method of Electrolysis.—Removing warts, moles and superfluous hair without injury.

Chicopee.—A painless way of becoming comfortably free from all of the numerous foot ills.

MARINELLO SHOP
MRS. M. PEDEN, Prop.
Phone 521 116 S. Fourth

'MY HEALTH IS PERFECT'

So Says a North Carolina Lady in Telling What She Owes to Cardui, the Woman's Tonic.

Mr. Andy N. C.—Mrs. Ada Hull, of this place, says: "About six years ago I got in very bad health. I suffered terrible pains in my abdomen and back. I dreaded to see the sun rise and I dreaded to see it set, for I suffered such agony. No one except myself will ever know how badly I suffered. The doctor said I was suffering as a result of the menopause."

As nothing gave me any relief, I asked the doctor if I hadn't better try Cardui. He said, "It might help you," and told my husband to get me a bottle. At this time I was so weak I could not lift my head, and my voice was so weak, people had to lean towards the bed to hear what I said. I looked so bad and had such a dark color that I looked like a dead woman, and my relatives thought I would never get up again.

I took one bottle of Cardui and it relieved the pain and suffering so much that my husband got another bottle, and that improved me still more. I began to strengthen and gradually got well. I have now had better health for six years, than I ever had in all my life. I have taken no medicine since, and my health is perfect.

IN THE
WORLD
OF

SPORT

STUDENTS WILL
PARADE WITH A
LARGE FOOTBALL

University of New Mexico
Rooters Will Adopt Novel
Means of Advertising Game
With Aggies Tomorrow.

Great preparations are being made by the university for the game with the New Mexico Agricultural college tomorrow, which will mark the close of the teachers' state convention.

The game will be preceded by a monster parade through the main streets of the city, featuring by a large football eight feet in height and fourteen feet long, which the university students have been busily building for the last few days.

Equestrian Color Bearers.
There will be also several bands in line, two of three of which will be of the comedy type. The procession will be headed by lady standard bearers mounted on horseback, preceded by a lady bugler. A treat by the band is reserved for the period between the halves of the game.

University rooters, old students and alumni will be in full force both in the parade and at the game. If rooting and college spirit will win a contest the university should easily take the game and at the same time establish a strong claim to the state championship.

By special arrangement with the university authorities all members of the N. M. E. A. will be admitted to the reserved section for fifty cents. Tickets may be exchanged for reserved seats at Matson's at any time before the game.

Section for Rooters.
The university rooters will occupy a special section on the north side of the field, which will be reserved especially for them, and with the aid of their hand they are expecting to do good work for their team during the course of the contest.

All the university players are in first class shape for the supreme test of their football skill and ability. Every man of the team is going into the game determined to do his level best to bring home the victory for the cherry and silver.

Among the Bowlers

HOW THEY STAND.			
Wizards	25	11	694
C. C. Quintet	21	12	636
Hubbs	21	12	624
A. & A.	20	13	606
Colts	17	16	515
U. S. M.	17	19	472
Royals	12	20	394
Light Co.	12	21	364
Grocers	13	22	361
Santa Fe	12	24	337

MATCH TONIGHT.

C. C. vs. Royals.

HUBBS THE C. C. QUINTET

FOR SECOND POSITION

By winning three games from the Santa Fe team last night at the Drummer alleys the Hubbs tied the Commercial club for second place in the Handicap league standing.

The scores:			
Santa Fe	1	2	3
Olds	144	144	372
Wagner	155	150	447
Morris	112	130	426
Reynolds	158	177	465
McPherson	149	112	381
Handicap	24		24

Totals	692	714	2115
Hubbs			
Beta	140	155	424
Phillips	160	170	505
Thornton	154	140	454
Hatch	147	178	465
Mullens	159	158	448
Handicap	25	24	49
Totals	721	832	2467

FREDDIE WELSH WINS
OVER FRED YELLE IN
TWELVE-ROUND BOUT

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADERS WIRE.
Boston, Nov. 24.—Freddie Welsh, lightweight champion, defeated Fred Yelle, of Taunton tonight in a twelve-round bout. The Taunton boy had a slight lead on the champion in the second and sixth rounds, but after the seventh the result was not in doubt. Twice in the eighth Yelle was floored by rights to the jaw for counts of eight. Although Yelle continued to exchange blows during the later rounds he never recovered of fecklessness, while Welsh was strong to the finish.

It developed after the fight that Welsh broke his right hand in the eighth round.

Women Suffer Terribly from Kidney Trouble.

Around on her feet all day—no wonder a woman has backache, headache, stiff swollen joints, weariness, poor sleep and kidney trouble. Foley Kidney Pills give quick relief for these troubles. They strengthen the kidneys—take away the aches, pain and weariness. Make life worth living again. They will absolutely drive out inflammation, weak back and swollen aching joints due to kidney and bladder trouble. Try Foley Kidney Pills and see how much better you feel. For sale by Butts, Inc.

SANTA FE SCRAP
PROBABLY WILL
NOT GO LIMIT

Friends of Both Jack Torres
and Harry Schaefer Look
for Their Favorite to Land
K. O. Wallop.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL.
Santa Fe, Nov. 24.—Despite the fact that they were declared in share and share alike on the decision when they fought before, Harry Schaefer is a slight favorite over Jack Torres for the fight tomorrow night at the Kays theater. At that, Torres was believed by his friends to have received the worst of it in the draw decision.

This unusual condition is due largely to the fact that all Schaefer money has not found takers. His condition has given rise to hopes among his friends that he will be able to surprise Torres, some of them even predicting that he will stop Jack. The Kid gave Schaefer a tough battle the first time they met. At the next meeting Schaefer put him to sleep with a carefully timed punch.

Torres' Friends Confident.
Schaefer arrived here today. Torres came yesterday and pleased a number of spectators in an easy sparring exhibition this afternoon.

Torres' friends believe he will stop his opponent. He has gained confidence since his last battle with Schaefer and also experience. Since then Torres has met Charley Pierson, Bud Leann, the Battling Dane (Pete Jensen) and Frankie Fowler, all scrappers with more or less reputation. Torres is nothing if not an apt pupil and he has absorbed knowledge from these battles. This has been readily apparent in his complete change of style.

Chadbourne May Referee.
Indications are that this scrap will draw a record crowd for Santa Fe. Director Mark Levy received word today that a delegation of admirers of both Torres and Schaefer would come from Albuquerque.

Either M. O. Chadbourne of Albuquerque, or Sheriff Charles C. Chasmon of this city, will referee.

ST. MARY'S CLOSES
SEASON WITHOUT A
DEFEAT ON RECORD

For the third time this season the St. Mary's football team defeated the Fourth ward eleven at the St. Anthony's orphanage grounds. The score this time was 18 to 0.

This will be the last game for the St. Mary's this season. The team has not lost a game. The line-up follows: Joseph Edmonson, quarterback; Peter Tartaglia, right half; Anthony Gilbert, fullback; Eugene With, left half; Leo Raymond, center; James Hubbs, right guard; George Garcia, left guard; Louis Bruns, right tackle; John Jolidon, left tackle; Carl With, right end; Edmund Espinosa, left end.

JACK DILLON IS GIVEN
DECISION OVER GILBERT

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADERS WIRE.
Denver, Nov. 24.—Jack Dillon, of Indianapolis, was given the decision over "Fighting" Dick Gilbert, of Denver, here tonight at the end of a slow fifteen-round match, held under the auspices of the Colorado Athletic club. The men are light heavyweights.

GOVERNOR OF ILLINOIS
IS DEFIED BY JUDGE

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADERS WIRE.
Chicago, Nov. 24.—Judge Gemmill, in the municipal court, defied Governor Dunne today, refused to honor an extradition writ and threatened to send to jail any officer who attempted to execute the warrant returning C. R. Hempstreet, a deaf mute, to Marshalltown, Ia., on a charge of wife abandonment.

Hempstreet was seized by an Iowa marshal after Judge Gemmill had released him on bond.

When Judge Gemmill heard this he directed a bailiff to remove Hempstreet. The bailiff recovered possession of Hempstreet after a struggle, in which his revolver was drawn.

"I'll send every official of Cook county who tries to interfere with me to jail," said Judge Gemmill.

Governor Dunne had signed the writ without a preliminary hearing having been held.

ELECTION IN ST. LOUIS
BRINGS ON INDICTMENTS

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADERS WIRE.
St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 24.—Five indictments charging fraud in connection with the recent general election in St. Louis were returned by the October grand jury in a partial report tonight. Three of the men indicted were registered from what became known here as a "mushroom" hotel during the pre-election investigation of alleged fraudulent registration.

William Barth, proprietor of the hotel, today was indicted on a charge of assault in connection with the election.

'HOOLIES' GATHER
TO INITIATE BIG
CLASS OF 'GOATS'

Social Organization Subsidiary
to Educational Association
Perpetrates Yearly Fun-fest
at High School.

The Hoolies frolicked last night. It was almost the midnight hour when the weird, nerve-shattering series of "Hoolie, Hoolie, Hoolie," resounded throughout the halls and aisles of the high school building. One after the other the lights came on and the big auditorium filled up rapidly. From platform, from basement, from the second story, echoed "Hoolie, Hoolie, Hoolie!" until all the devotees had gathered and were called to order by R. H. Larkin, with R. E. Aspinall acting as grand vizier.

Larkin sang a song, not of sixpence, but of all the celebrities in the educational association, having ironic, elastic roundelays at the august persons of the most sedate college presidents and professors. After each verse, the Hoolie chorus was sung and bells punctuated the more striking verses.

The most potentate, C. C. Hill, made his speech in pantomime. The animation of his gestures would have made an Egyptian mummy laugh, and Ramesses II, could he have seen the ordinarily dignified ex-preacher and Chaves county superintendent, would have held his sides in glee.

The speech concluded, the real racket began. The janitor seized the unhappy "goats" to be initiated, among whom were Dr. George E. Ladd, president of the State College; Professor E. P. Humbert of State College; Professor Lughlin of Silver City; Professor George Louche of Socorro; Principal J. W. Gilmer of Albuquerque, and Professor W. H. Lourey of Fort Sumner.

"It was three fat men on a dead man's chest and a bottle of rum, heigh ho, heigh ho!" It proved a never forgettable episode. Aristophanes never thought of anything funnier and the fun lasted until the lights went out in the early morning hours.

School Marm's Club.

An organization to be known as "The School Marm's Club," was organized yesterday. There are twelve charter members. Mrs. Culbertson of Portales, was elected president, and Mrs. Josie Lockard of Raton, secretary. The club will be increased from year to year on the basis of elective eligibility. The club will discuss important educational topics and will see to it that the school marm gets a square deal when the officers are handed around.

Recherche Banquet.

The Colfax county teachers, fifty-two strong, forty-eight women and four men, were banqueted yesterday at the Alvarado, by Mrs. Josie Lockard, the county superintendent.

It was a delightful occasion. J. A. Dowden of Raton, acted as toastmaster and the following toasts were responded to: "Colfax County Schools," by Superintendent T. W. Conway of Raton; "Boosting," by Miss Pearl Hall of Dawson; "Co-education," by C. S. Creamer, of Springer; "The Men Teachers," by Miss Alaska Davis; "Comparisons," by Robert Foster of Cimarron.

FIREMEN RELEASED
FROM COUNTY JAIL
ON ORDER OF COURT

David H. Fuller and Theodore Fuller, brothers, were released from the county jail yesterday under writs of habeas corpus signed by Judge M. C. Menham of Socorro. They have been incarcerated since November 11 on the charge of riding a train without having paid for transportation.

The charge was declared illegal. The Fullers are trappers. They were "deadheaded" their way here when they were arrested by Special Agent A. J. McKee at Santa Fe. They were tried before Justice A. J. Garcia of Durango "in a foregoing language," according to the petition for the writ.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen became interested in the case and retained Judge E. A. Mann and J. L. Nicholson, who instituted the habeas corpus proceedings.

Record Price for Harvest Note.

New York, Nov. 24.—Twenty-one hundred dollars, the highest price paid for an untraded yearling trotter at auction since 1910, was realized from Harvest Note, today at the opening of the twentieth annual "Old Glory" sale in Madison Square Garden. W. B. Miller, of Akron, O., and Richard Delaheld, of Tuxedo Park, were the contending bidders for the colt.

RICHARD CROKER TO BE
MARRIED AT AGE OF 71

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADERS WIRE.
New York, Nov. 24.—Richard Croker, former leader of Tammany hall, is to be married next Thursday. Mr. Croker is 71 years old and a widower.

So closely has the secret been guarded that the full name of the bride-to-be was not obtainable this afternoon. She is a Mrs. Dickinson of Brooklyn.

GIRLS' SCHOOL BURNS;

STUDENTS ALL ESCAPE

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADERS WIRE.
Abingdon, Va., Nov. 23.—Fire which originated in Stonewall Jackson Institute, a Presbyterian school here, early this morning, destroyed that institution and threatened Martha Washington college, a Methodist girls' institution, which adjoins the Presbyterian school.

HALF DOZEN GET
PRIZES FOR WORK
IN TWO CONTESTS

Belen Girl Takes First in
Arithmetic, While Dona Ana
County Lad Is Victor in
Language Competition.

Six prize winners were announced by R. H. Larkin at yesterday's general sessions. Three won honors in the Arithmetic contest, the first prize going to Vera Seavy of Belen; the second to Francis Almeida of Kennedy; the third to Anna Simmons of Columbus. The other three were awarded in the language contest. Dudley Cornell, a Dona Ana eighth grader, taking first honors; Elleen Brown, of Canutillo, also of Dona Ana county, second honors, and Susanna Buckley of Raton, third honors.

The oral spelling contest was won for the rural sections by William R. Parsons of Fort Sumner, a seventh grader, while for the city section it was won Monday by Miss Amanda Mueller of Portales, an eighth grade pupil.

Another Prize Contest.

The New Mexico Society for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis announced an essay contest for pupils from the fourth to the eighth grades on Tuesday, December 8.

The day before, teachers are to read to their pupils a 500-word essay with the injunction to discuss it with their parents the same evening. The next day, the essay, which will treat of the importance of open air, sensible diet and good habits in curing and preventing tuberculosis, will be read again to the pupils and they will then write an essay on the subject. The teacher will select the best three essays and send them to Albuquerque.

Miss Manette Myers of Santa Fe, Mrs. Wallace L. Gunn and W. T. Conway of Raton, yesterday morning assisted by a committee of twenty, pinned 600 blue ribbons on individual exhibits in the public library, which merited recognition and will today add to this number.

Certificates will be issued to schools or societies that have made a praiseworthy exhibit. The exhibits were pronounced a great improvement over those of last year, although even last year they aroused much favorable comment.

NOTICE.

Subscribers who fail to receive the Morning Journal should call Western Union Telegraph office, PHONE 146 or 147, and paper will be delivered by special messenger.

SHIPPING LAW
TO BE STRESSED
BY PRESIDENT

Next Message Will Deal Principally With Merchant Marine, According to Intimation From White House.

BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADERS WIRE.
Washington, Nov. 24.—An intimation that President Wilson will lay stress upon the merchant marine proposal in his message to congress next month came from the White House today with the announcement that the president did not consider that enough ships had taken advantage of the emergency American registry act to interfere with his plan availed soon after the outbreak of the war.

Officials of various government departments which keep watch on foreign commerce have said recently that the way for the resumption of approximately normal export in cotton and other non-contraband products was clear of diplomatic tangles provided ships of suitable character could be procured. Vessels now under the American flag but previously German owned, they said, had met with delays while carrying non-contraband commodities. Only the question of their bona fide ownership was at issue on those occasions, but officials asserted the delays were enough to seriously hamper the restoration of the cotton export traffic.

To Press Alexander Bill.

President Wilson has shown continued interest in his government merchant marine plan during the congressional recess. He has asked repeatedly, it is understood, for the number and character of vessels applying for American registry and discussed the subject with Secretary Redfield of the department of commerce many times. His determination to press the Alexander bill which provides for such a venture, apparently has not been affected by the opposition in congress the bill met on its presentation.

Aside from the importance of securing ships of proper character for the cotton trade—and reports to the department show foreign orders for cotton far exceed available carriers—the president believes the government should take the opportunity offered by the European war to pioneer new trade routes for American ships. He feels certain there are numerous lanes of traffic that would not pay at first, but could be developed into valuable additions to American commerce. Private concerns, he feels, will be slow to engage in ventures along routes that will not yield immediate returns. The government could and should develop those routes, the

president thinks, and surrender them later to private companies if that should be deemed advisable. He is said to have given the subject continuous attention during the recess and to have determined to make it a leading issue in his message.

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in America—the artists
whose cartoons and "comics"
make the nation laugh—are
working exclusively for

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America's Cleverest Weekly

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The Job Department is pretty
busy these days, thank you,
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The Morning Journal

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"Take it
from me—
I know!"



You swing on
some real tobacco!

If you're a red-blooded citizen, you beat it across the fields to a tidy red tin of Prince Albert and get some smoke joy jammed into that system of yours.

Because P. A. was produced to put a new high top record on pipe and cigarette liberty. You can smoke it until the cows come home, it can't bite your tongue, can't parch your throat. And that's a fact!

PRINCE ALBERT
the national joy smoke

made by a patented process that cuts out the bits and the parch and just puts in the joy wallop—flavor, fragrance. Me-o-my, but what fun there's coming to the man who's game enough to match a dime against a tidy red tin of Prince Albert—tobacco that cost three years and a fortune to perfect!

Just kind o' let it sink in that you nor any other man anywhere ever did pack a pipe or roll a cigarette with such tobacco. P. A. is a revelation—a tobacco revolution that sure certain will smash joy right into your smoke department.

And today's fine for a go-to-it try-out!

Prince Albert is sold everywhere in tippy red bags, 5c; tidy red tins, 10c; also in handsome pound and half-pound humiders.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO COMPANY, Winston-Salem, N. C.

TEACHERS URGED TO SEND PUPILS TO STATE'S OWN INSTITUTIONS

Alvan N. White, Superintendent of Public Instruction, suggests propaganda in behalf of Higher Schools.

SUPERIOR EDUCATION IS GIVEN PROMINENCE

Representatives of Each Establishment of Collegiate Rank Present Statements to Association.

The higher institutions of learning in the state had their innings this afternoon before the educational association, and the merits of the work each is doing in and for the state were eloquently and cogently set forth.

An important feature of the day was the appeal of Superintendent of Public Instruction Alvan N. White to the teachers to inaugurate a campaign for pupils for New Mexico's higher institutions. He predicted that such a campaign would mean the success of the institutions to such a degree that they would surpass those of other states.

As a fitting introduction to the addresses, Dr. E. B. Craighead compared the days of Pericles with those of Edison and Carnegie.

"If You Tell Me What You Think, I Will Tell You What You Are," was the theme of his discourse. He illustrated his point by recounting the story of Germany's regeneration and reconstruction after the nation had been crushed by Napoleon's iron heel. "The German doctrine that there is only one unpardonable sin, and that is 'weakness,' has borne its fruit," he asserted.

"Twenty thousand Athenians contributed more to the world than the untold millions of China in thousands of years," he declared. The speaker indicated that China committed the sin against the Holy Ghost when it lost faith in man and man's capacity for education, while Athens was the only bright spot in the whole history of the ancient world.

The secret, he said, is this: "The Athenian knew how to cultivate the mind without loss of manhood and to create beauty without extravagant outlay."

Money Is Not Everything. "There are some things man cannot buy," he said. "Even the wealth of a Rockefeller cannot reproduce the Parthenon. The average American, the average Briton, the average German, the average Frenchman, is inferior to the average Greek of the days of Pericles."

"But there is another side. The millions of slaves and the millions of agricultural laborers in Greece, the shameful and debasing treatment of women in Greece, of the aged and the infirm, the soul-revolting system of slavery and infanticide, are the dark side of the otherwise fair picture."

Today Preferable to Past. The speaker described the glory of Rome, of Florence, of Paris, of Germany, of England. "And yet," he said, "it would rather live in these, the morning hours of the twentieth century, than in any of the glorious ages of the past. There has been but one decade in this world. The American and French revolutions inaugurated modern democracy. Thomas Jefferson was the founder of the first real system of state education. Small men have been president of this nation; men infinitely small have been governors of American states. It is our duty to help elect as executives of our commonwealths men who believe in education and who are not afraid of education."

In conclusion, Dr. Craighead paid eloquent tributes to Dr. David R. Boyd and Dr. George E. Ladd, declaring that New Mexico has reasons to be proud of having been able to draft these men into its service, because no men in the United States are better equipped for their part than they.

The University. M. L. Fox presented the cause of the University of New Mexico. If this state is to take a place among the great commonwealths it must develop a great system of education, was his plea. He combated the idea often expressed by business men, and especially by so-called "self-made" men, that a college education is enervating and unfits men for many duties of life.

He proved by these very "self-made" men, such as Lincoln, Edison, Senator Edmunds, that their greatness was built upon the prior achievements of college-bred men.

In urging parents to send their children to the state university for their college education he pointed out that for the boy who wants to live in New Mexico to practice law or the other professions, or to go into business, the friendships he forms at the University of New Mexico are of invaluable assistance.

State University Equal to Any. But what is more, he urged, the University of New Mexico gives as good a college education as may be obtained at any of the great universities; in fact, the pupil at the New Mexico university comes in closer touch with his teacher and his fellow students than he does at Harvard or Yale. He urged the teachers to impress their pupils with an ambition for higher education and to give them a wider outlook; not to be satisfied merely to teach the student the sub-

jects of the course assigned to him, but to shape also the student's character.

He cited the instance of one teacher in eastern Tennessee, in a remote but populous section, which had never before sent any of its boys to a university, who, out of a small class, inspired twenty to work their way through college and thus to become successful men. Mr. Fox pleaded, in conclusion, with the teachers to exert their influence with the legislature so that they will grant sufficient means to carry on the work of the higher institutions.

The State College. The new president of the association, Prof. J. H. Vaughan, presented the claims of the state college to public support. His paper was a well prepared outline of the three-fold work that this great institution is doing. "The only legitimate excuse," he said, "for the existence of an institution supported by the public is public service."

"Of New Mexico's population, 85 per cent lives in the rural districts or is supported directly or indirectly by agriculture. The state college fills a place absolutely unique and with an eye single to the one purpose of furthering the agricultural interests of the state. New Mexico's farm lands are worth at the least valuation \$100,000,000; its cattle, \$45,000,000; its cereal crops, \$10,000,000; its wool, \$2,000,000; its dairy products, \$750,000.

Attention was called to the importance of instruction in irrigation engineering, there being 13,000 irrigated farms in the state. The commercial and domestic science courses were explained. And the speaker continued: "Every man should be larger than his profession and therefore stress is laid on good citizenship at the college. The great good accomplished by the experiment station was emphasized. More than 6,000 letters of inquiry were answered last year. If a certain line of investigation now being made turns out to be successful it will save the county of Socorro alone more money than the state has thus far contributed to the maintenance of the college. The legislature provides inadequately for this great institution, but there is no ground for pessimism, for eventually means commensurate with the greatness of the work will be forthcoming."

Pica for Spanish Americans. Secretary of State Antonio Lucero of Santa Fe, who represented both the normal university at Las Vegas and the Spanish American Normal school at El Alto, evoked repeated applause by his plea for justice for the Spanish American part of the state's population. Particularly vociferous was the hand-clapping when he declared that the school is being voted out in one after the other of the rural districts, and "it is incumbent upon us to see that it is replaced by school houses."

"There should be a school house within reach of every child and every child should be sent to school for the entire term during his school age," he said. The secretary described with convincing eloquence the present day adverse condition of many descendants of the conquistadores, their struggle with poverty, their discouragement. He complained that the United States did more for the Philippine Islands in one year than it did for the Spanish Americans in New Mexico in sixty-three.

The lack of religious training, he brought out, is considered by many to be at the root of crime and corruption, and he deemed it inevitable that a godless people must perish. However, he said, the Spanish American is religious by nature, by heritage, by inclination and all that he needed to meet with present day conditions was good schools. Spanish American teachers have been dropped one after the other because of the more rigid requirements for certification, and while he would not make a plea in favor of incompetency as against efficiency, he insisted that the state must provide for the education of Spanish Americans to teach the schools in bilingual fashion in the Spanish-speaking districts. He explained how the normal university and the Spanish American Normal schools are doing this and doing it successfully.

State Normal School. Prof. Myron R. Luginbuhl spoke of the work of the state normal school and its mission. He explained the practical work that is being accomplished at the Silver City institution. His talk was convincing and forceful.

Military Institute. Captain Austin D. Crile delivered one of the most eloquent pleas of the day on behalf of the military institute. He said that it was an advocate of peace, but that if war should come, and come as it did to Europe, without warning, there is need of the young men being trained for the emergency.

He dwelt on the desirability of the training of the body going hand-in-hand with that of the mind and told how successfully the two are accomplished at the Roswell school.

School of Mines. Lastly, President Fayette A. Jones told of the work that is being done by the school of mines at Socorro, its advantageous location, excellent faculty and equipment and the opportunities that present themselves to the mining engineer in the development of the state.

The singing of the Manual School Glee club and of a spirited selection by the pupils of Sandoval county merited the accolades that they received from the audience, which crowded every available seat at the beginning of the session.

Foley's Honey and Tar Compound For Croup. Croup seizes you. The loud hoarse croupy cough, choking and gasping for breath, labored breathing, call for immediate relief. The very first dose of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound will master the croup. It cuts the thick mucus, clears away the phlegm and opens up and eases the air passages. Harold Berg, Mass, Mich., writes: "We give Foley's Honey and Tar to our children for croup and it always acts quickly." Every user is a friend. For sale by Butts, Inc.

NOTICE. All barber shops will close Thanksgiving day at 11 a. m.

N. D. ROBINSON, Secretary.

ABSORBING WORK OF SECTIONS IS INTEREST CENTER

Educators Give Major Portion of Time and Attention to Intimate Study and Discussion in Groups.

The session of the mathematics and science teachers yesterday forenoon was typical of the intrinsically interesting character of the section meetings, in which the real work of the convention is being done. Prof. T. C. Rodgers presided, with Prof. T. C. MacKay of the School of Mines as secretary.

Prof. J. D. Clark of the University of New Mexico presented a lecture on "The Enrichment of Sulphide Ores," in which he discussed the result of original research, giving a plausible theory of the enrichment of ore zones, both from above and beneath. Scientists the world over who have examined into the recent discoveries and theories of Professor Clark discussed pronounced them the most logical ones to account for certain ore deposits.

Professor Clark was followed by Prof. G. E. Anderson of the School of Mines, who several years ago was a teacher in the School of Mines at West Cheng, China. His lecture was illustrated and covered the subject of his travels in China and Japan, made doubly interesting by the touch of personal experience.

President C. E. Ladd of the State College, gave an illustrated lecture on "Geology," which was much appreciated. The closing lecture was by Dr. Frank Carroon of the Normal university, who spoke on his favorite subject, "Psychology." In the evening the section banqueted at the Alvarado.

Hall Heads City Superintendents. The city superintendents' section elected W. O. Hall of Roswell, president; R. W. Twining, secretary; W. L. Bishop of Gallup, to the council for three years; the other two members, W. B. McFarland of Silver City, for two years, and T. W. Conway of Raton, for one year, holding over.

A splendid address by Dr. Coffman on Mental Arithmetic, was one of the features of the session. Other subjects discussed were as follows: "Why Require City Teachers to Attend Conferences?" "Teachers' Meetings: Why, How and When?" "Relation of the City Superintendent to the Principal of the High School" and "What Attitude Shall We Assume Toward Using the Teachers and Pupils in Programs for the Benefit of Local Clubs, Societies, Fairs, etc."

New Section Is Organized. The foreign language teachers yesterday organized a new section, which for the present includes teachers of both classical and modern languages. The following officers were elected: Dr. L. B. Mitchell, president; Miss Mosely, of Raton, vice president; Miss Decker, of Roswell, secretary; members of the educational council, Mrs. Stecker, of Deming, three years; Prof. Luginbuhl, of Silver City, two years, and Miss Hewitt, of Alamogordo, one year.

Elementary Section. Possibly never before have teachers realized as convincingly the importance of statistics, correctly kept as they do now after hearing the story that statistics can be made to tell from the lips of Dr. Coffman. This was emphasized yesterday by the Elementary section in its discussion of "Facts Concerning Retardation, Which Every Teacher Should Know."

He did not hesitate to place the blame where it belonged, whether to teacher, parent or community. He astonished his hearers by expounding a number of popular fallacies. The retardation ascribed to the fact of pupils wearing spectacles, he insisted, should be rather laid upon pupils who do not wear glasses, but should wear them. While retardation from enlarged glands and from adenoids is considerable, he stated it is exceeded by retardation from defective teeth. That large classes are often the cause of retardation, he denied, and quoted statistics to show that only forty pupils in a thousand are retarded by attending classes of thirty-five or more pupils and only one teacher.

Should Like Subjects. "We have no business to teach any subject we do not like," he declared and many teachers nodded their heads in agreement, but with the question on their lips: "But how can we avoid it?"

They were rather crestfallen when they heard the simple answer to the question: "How can any teacher learn to like a subject?" The answer was to pretend that he liked it and to get so full of it that he eventually will like it, for the distaste of many a teacher for a subject is because he doesn't know enough about it. The unfortunate part of this is that the pupil catches the dislike from the teacher. That is one of the reasons why the number of failures in arithmetic are greater than in any other study, and the fewest failures are recorded in spelling.

Dr. Coffman also dispelled with statistics the oft-repeated assertion that a stupid pupil is apt to be the greatest success in later life. Stupidity at one end of the line, he insisted, means failure at the other, and precociousness at one end means failure at the other. One potent cause of retardation is the moving about of parents. The speaker quoted facts and figures to prove that three movings are worse than a fire when it comes to the education of the children. Dr. Coffman was not enthusiastic in his endorsement of the Montessori method, but did not condemn it altogether.

Nevertheless, the presentation of the topic, "The House of Childhood," by Miss Bessie Watt, of the New Mexico Normal university, which was

illustrated with apparatus used at the Normal school in demonstrating the Montessori method, aroused a great deal of interest and discussion, in which Miss Helena Randall, one of Santa Fe's brightest teachers, led.

The other topics for discussion were: "Literary Ideas," by Florence B. Clark, of Acme; "Same Methods in Language," by Lucille Holt; "Making Geography Real," by Charles T. Kirk, while "Athletics and History," and "Spelling and Penmanship," could be touched upon only briefly, if at all because of the lateness of the hour.

County Superintendents' Section. John V. Conway of Santa Fe, president, and Miss Grace Gabel of Deming, was at the secretary's desk at the meeting of the county superintendents' section. The county superintendents tackled themselves up for two hours on the question of "Permits," which came near breaking up the educational council last Saturday.

Finally protests were made and the section listened to a paper by Dr. M. E. Desmarais of Las Vegas, on "Needed Improvement in the Laws in the Interest of Better Supervision," and then started upon a discussion of the forms proposed for statistical purposes, leaving this subject untaken when adjournment was taken.

Music and Drawing Teachers. The Art and Music section elected Miss Maud Hancock of Clovis, president. Dr. Stanley Seder of Albuquerque, who has had charge of the music for the convention, secretary; Miss Beth Foster, of Las Cruces, to the educational council for one year, and Miss Minnie Delsell of Silver City, to the council for three years. Mrs. George Dixon holds over as she was elected for two years last year.

E. Stanley Seder presided and Miss Foster was secretary. The topics discussed were: "The Music Supervisor as Musical Leader of the Community," by Mrs. Adolphine Kohn, East Las Vegas, and Ruth McAllister of Gallup; "Expression in Drawing," by Miss Bernice Palmer of Albuquerque; "Individual Musical Instruction in the Public Schools," by Miss Georgia Gardner of Tucuman, and Miss Jennie Trotter of Albuquerque; "How May Closer Co-operation Between Supervisor and Teacher Be Obtained?" by Miss Beth Foster, of Las Cruces.

Dr. Loneragan Head of Section. The Indian school section, with Superintendent Perry presiding, yesterday discussed "The Use and Abuse of Books," "Industrial Work in Indian Day Schools," and qualifications necessary for an industrial instructor. Among those leading in the discussion were Miss Fannie Dennis, Miss Lucy Balfe and Mr. Barton.

The section elected the following officers: President, P. T. Loneragan, of Albuquerque; secretary, Mr. Norman. On the council: Clyde M. Blair for three years; Miss Emma Dawson for two years, and P. T. Loneragan for one year.

City Superintendents. The section of city superintendents yesterday elected W. O. Hall of Roswell president and R. W. Twining of Las Cruces secretary. W. L. Bishop of Gallup was chosen to act on the council for three years, W. B. McFarland of Silver City for two years and T. W. Conway of Raton for one year.

Industrial Section. Charles L. Schebeck of Farmington presided over the industrial section, which held a most interesting and animated session. Miss Gladys Palmer is secretary. Industrial training in the rural schools was the chief topic, although the subject of the character, scope and purpose of industrial training in the public schools was also touched upon.

Emily R. Gresson of Socorro, Jean Forsyth of Silver City and Mrs. Kate Livingston of Tucuman led in discussing the topic of "Household Science in the Elementary Schools." John V. Conway, who is building no new school house without a manual training and domestic science department, was joined by R. S. Tipton and Atanasio Montoya in discussing the rural manual training problem. Andrew McCurdy of Carrizozo, Byron J. Read of Las Vegas and J. H. Wagner spoke on a "Rational Course in Manual Training." W. T. Conway concluded with a talk on "Industrial Clubs."

Ladies' List. Miss Refugio Ayala, Mrs. Ferdinando Arrighetti, Mrs. Mary Black, Mrs. Tom Bruce, Mrs. Minnie Brant, Mrs. Ada Cremer, Miss Cora Cunningham, Miss Ellen Freeman, Mrs. L. M. Green, Mrs. Antonia P. Gallegos, Miss Catherine Gibbons, Mrs. Ellen Ogilby, Gaskill, Mrs. L. B. McGaffey, Josefa Montoya, Josefa Mendon, J. H. Myers, McIntosh, Mrs. M. E. Robinson, Mrs. Jennie Shipley, Mrs. W. A. Strode, Mrs. Fay Stevenson, Mrs. M. Taylor, Tlofla Tafaya, Mrs. Charles Wilson, Emma Wilcox, Mrs. Johanne Ware, Blanch Rapalae, Tootiana Teller.

Men's List. Del Alarid, Alex H. Baker, Dal Bland, Thurman Bates, Thomas Brower, E. H. Berry, P. T. Brown, Madaleno Chavez, Rafael Candelario, Fred Clark, Walter Daugh, C. S. Fisher, Ismael Gomez, M. E. Garrido, F. F. Hind, James Hall, Simon Jopola, J. M. Kotabe, Thomas Knight, Charles Kentz, F. E. Keller, Marcos Leyba, W. Lowe, Joe Land, Benjamin Lara, Lew Levkovitz, Ed Lyons, W. F. Moore, Walter Murphy, Dora Mainz, Melquiades Nunez, Dimas Pargos, Fontenes Perez, Minor Pool, Fortino Rivas, Juan Riega, J. D. Roddy, Russell Stodum, Adolfo Salazar, F. H. Stickney, Victoriano Sarrancio, Wm. Shaffer, E. P. Sanchez, Jose Tapia, Francis C. Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Walker, Carl Zimmerman, S. M. C. Wiley.

POSTOFFICE WILL BE OPEN FROM 10 TO 12 THANKSGIVING

The windows at the postoffice will be open from 10 o'clock to noon Thursday, Thanksgiving day, according to a statement made last night by Postmaster H. C. Roehl. One delivery will be made and the usual collections will gather the mail from depositories over the city.

Wanted—Clean, written note of the Journal office.

LIBRARIES AND GOOD ROADS ARE DISCUSSED WELL

Miss Lottie E. Stearns and Francis Lester Make Splendid Talks Before N. M. E. A. on Their Favorite Subjects.

Two splendid addresses marked last evening's general session of the N. M. E. A. annual meeting. Miss Lottie E. Stearns of Milwaukee, founder of the traveling library movement, spoke of "Social Relationships in Community Life." Francis E. Lester spoke on the duty of the parent toward the school child in regard to road improvement.

Miss Stearns discussed with a rare humor that kept the audience alert and laughing the fundamental problems that face the United States, and found their solution in cultivating the habit of reading good literature. She anticipated the day when New Mexico will have a good public library in every county seat and branch libraries in every other settlement, where the telephone and the automobile will lend their aid in distributing good books, the telephone being used to order books from the library, and an automobile carrying 250 books in cases on each side will distribute them to the homes, at the same time carrying picture books for the children and reference works for the older ones. Miss Stearns delighted her audience and she was applauded to the echo.

The relation of wet, cold feet to scholarship was elucidated most clearly by Francis E. Lester of Las Cruces, New Mexico's foremost good roads booster, in a great speech that held the audience spellbound and that was supplemented by the finest stereoscopic views that have ever been exhibited in the southwest.

The speaker explained how the farmers of the nation lost \$200,000,000 annually in hauling their produce to market because of bad roads and how that sum would build twelve good transcontinental roads every year.

His theme was that good roads mean improved living and social conditions and bad roads have been to blame to a large extent for the deplorable movement of the country to the cities. No road is better than its weakest link, he said. New Mexico has happily thrown off the yoke of corrupt road management, and instead of third-rate politicians having charge of the roads, they are now in the keeping of unselfish good roads enthusiasts who serve the state and community without compensation, he asserted.

"Good roads and municipal self-respect go hand-in-hand," he said. "Good roads mean rural school consolidation and all the improvements and advancement that this implies. Good roads are making the school houses and churches real civic centers. They furnish free lines of communication between home, school and church, the three potent factors of community life."

Mr. Lester declared New Mexico road conditions were excellent. Six thousand automobilists left \$3,250,000 in Colorado last year, he said, and Americans spend \$50,000,000 annually in touring Europe, while New Mexico's attractions will remain a sealed book to Americans until New Mexico gets better highways.

"Open that book!" was the injunction of Lester. "Why not talk to the coming citizens about their future responsibilities?" he asked. "Teachers should be the missionaries in the good roads movement."

The speaker then recounted how two years ago nine citizens of a small town in New Mexico met one Sunday afternoon and set in motion the agencies that in a short time reformed New Mexico's road legislation and built the finest system of roads in any New Mexico county.

The pictures thrown on the screen began with a superb road built 5,000 years ago, over which to carry the huge stones that went into the pyramids of Gizeh, which was followed by an equally beautiful picture of the Appian way, built by the Romans. In contrast, a bottomless mud road in South Carolina was shown.

Then followed good roads and bad roads in various sections of the United States, pictures of some of the 2,000 consolidated rural school houses, civics centers, etc. in rural sections made possible by good roads, of the light loads which were too heavy for bad roads and of the heavy loads hauled over good roads, of doctors' carriages and undertakers' hearses breaking down on the road and other graphic presentations in behalf of the good roads cause. It was an enlightening, profitable, lecture and planted good seed that will be carried to the remotest parts of the state.

Besides selections by the university orchestra, Mrs. E. L. Bradford sang "The Reconciliation" by DeKoven. Much regret was felt that because of the lateness of the hour the musical selection prepared by the New Mexico Normal University Glee club was not called for, although the club was ready to render it, the young women making a charming picture in evening costume and the young men having brought their heavy instruments to the auditorium. Last year the Las Vegas singers were one of the biggest features of the session and a thousand and more teachers looked eagerly forward to hearing them again last night. Mrs. John Wilson, chairman of the school patrons' section, under whose auspices the session was held, presided.

Big Fund for Red Cross. New York, Nov. 24.—Contributions for the work of the German Red Cross received through the New York delegates of the Central Association of the German Red Cross Societies total \$276,671 to date, it was announced tonight by Dr. Bernhard Dernburg, official representative of the organization here.

POSTOFFICE CASE HEARD AT NIGHT COURT SESSION

Judge Pope of United States District Court Hears Alleged Claims Growing Out of Roswell Contract.

Judge W. H. Pope of the United States district court, held a night session last night to hear the Roswell postoffice case. The action is based on alleged claims resultant from the building of the postoffice at that city. Previous to the trial Judge Pope issued an order transferring the cause from the law to the equity side of the court. The case was tried before the court without jury.

The title is the United States for the use and benefit of the Roswell Land Co., L. B. Craig and G. W. Nations, co-partners under the firm name of Craig & Nations, L. B. Craig and Hallock & Howard Lumber Co. vs. J. E. and A. L. Pennock, being the name and style under which E. Pennock does business, and the Title Guaranty & Surety Co.

To Finish Trullio Case. The Trullio case, which was on trial until yesterday evening, will be finished today. The Santa Fe Coast Lines attorneys yesterday brought out through witnesses that Balentin Trullio carried a torch when he crawled on top of the oil tank at Window, Ariz. He was killed by the explosion. Mrs. Antonia Garcia, administratrix, is the plaintiff.

Negro Lynched in South Carolina. Shiloh, S. C., Nov. 24.—Dillard Wilson, an escaped negro convict, suspected of the murder of Mrs. E. Trullio, a white woman, was lynched near here today.

Thanksgiving Day

WE WILL BE CLOSED ALL DAY

Today we can handle your orders quickly and, as usual, you get only the BEST from our store.

Thanksgiving comes but once a year so you should make certain of GOOD things for your dinner.

We have a complete line of Groceries, Fruits and Vegetables for tomorrow's big meal.

A. J. MALOY

216 West Central Ave.

"Where You Always Get Good Butter."

Albuquerque Foundry and Machine Works
Engineers—Founders—Machinists
Castings in Iron, Brass, Bronze, Aluminum, Electric Motors, Oil Engines, Pumps and Irrigation Works and Office, Albuquerque.

THANKSGIVING NEED
Lowest Possible Price

HAWKINS'

EVERYTHING FOR YOUR THANKSGIVING DINNER

Strawberries to arrive. Fancy Rome Beauty and Wine Sap Apples. Bananas, Grapes, Grape Fruit.

VEGETABLES

Celery, the finest of the year; Green Beans, Green Lima Beans, Cucumbers, Spinach, California Head Lettuce, Hubbard Squash, Yellow Pumpkins.

Fancy Table Raisins, Figs, Dates, Plum Pudding. Mincemeat, Sweet Cider, Home-made Candy.

Nuts of all kinds—Walnuts, Almonds, Brazils, Pecans, Filberts, Chestnuts, Peanuts and Cocoanuts. Fancy Home-killed Turkeys, not the cold storage kind; also Hens, Springs and Ducks.

CLOSED ALL DAY TOMORROW—THANKSGIVING DAY.

W. L. HAWKINS

109-111 North Second Street.

Phones 41 and 524

KEEP A JAR OF MUSTEROLE HANDY

It Quickly Lessens up Coughs and Colds in Throat or Chest.

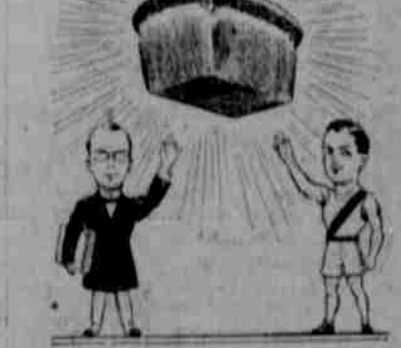
Just a little MUSTEROLE rubbed on your sore, tight chest before you go to bed will loosen up congestion and break up most severe colds and coughs.

MUSTEROLE is a clean white ointment made with all of mustard. Simply rub it on. No plaster necessary. Better than mustard plaster and does not blister.

Thousands who use MUSTEROLE will tell what relief it gives from Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Tracheitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Neuritis, Headache, Constipation, Pileitis, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Pains and Aches of the Back of Joint, Stomach, Fore Muscles, Bruises, Chills, Frost Bites and Colds (it often prevents Pneumonia).

At your druggist's, in 25c and 50c jars, and a special large hospital size for \$2.50.

Be sure you get the genuine MUSTEROLE. Before imitations—get what you ask for. The Musterole Company, Cleveland, Ohio.



LIGHT, WHITE BREAD

such as it is impossible to bake with home facilities, comes from our ovens every day. Don't take our word for it. Just try a loaf or two and no further argument will be necessary. Our bread is good for the body and brain. It is a complete food of itself and as toothsome as it is wholesome.

Pioneer Bakery
207 South First Street.

Rheumatism

STOMACH TROUBLES
KIDNEY AFFECTIONS

Faywood Hot Springs

It cures, and you remain cured, we know, and you will if you try it.

Considered the greatest Kidney Water on earth. Why not visit FAYWOOD HOT SPRINGS first, since you will eventually go there, anyway? Large, modern hotel. Perfect climate. Booklet.

T. C. McDERMOTT, "The Faywood," FAYWOOD, NEW MEXICO.

BALDRIDGE LUMBER COMPANY
PAROID ROOFING with 15-year guarantee.

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER The Albuquerque Morning Journal Published by the JOURNAL PUBLISHING CO.

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LEADING REPUBLICAN PAPER OF NEW
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OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY ALL
THE TIME AND THE METHOD OF THE
REPUBLICAN PARTY WHEN THEY ARE
RIGHT.

Larger circulation than any other paper
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One year, \$8.00

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to have their paper changed to a new ad-
dress must be sure to give the old address.

"The Morning Journal has a higher cir-
culation than any other paper in New
Mexico."—The American
Newspaper Directory.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1914.

THE EVACUATION OF VERA CRUZ.

Gratifying is the announcement that the evacuation of Vera Cruz by the American troops under General Funston and the occupation of the city by the Mexican forces under General Candido Aguilar were accomplished without disorder or friction of any sort and that what appears to be a strong government has been established in the city.

Whether or not it was the part of wisdom to withdraw the United States troops at this time is something that can only be determined by future events. President Wilson has not in the past been given to acting without full information in regard to the subject in hand, and it is to be presumed that he had fully acquainted himself with all the circumstances bearing on the advisability of the move that he made before making it. Certainly, it is to be hoped that there will never again arise a necessity for this government to send an armed force into Mexico.

The firmness with which General Aguilar took hold of the situation upon entering Vera Cruz can not be too highly commended. The closing of the saloons as a precaution against disorder and the rigidness of the regulations laid down by the commanding officer for the orderly conduct of the city's affairs lead to the hope that the wise regime instituted by General Funston will be continued and that Vera Cruz is to enjoy a protracted season of peace and quiet.

There will doubtless be some to entertain a sentimental feeling of regret that the flag should be pulled down from any place where it has been raised, but it should be remembered that Old Glory leaves Mexico with honor and with nothing to be ashamed of. We are not a nation of conquerors, and the president has never let an opportunity pass to reiterate that the stay of the troops in Vera Cruz was merely temporary.

The Mexican policy of the administration has at times come in for severe criticism from its enemies, but in the main, events have justified its wisdom, and there is no reason to suppose that the latest move made by the president is not in line with the sound policy that has heretofore characterized his course.

The little German girl in blue who took first honors in the spelling match Monday night, won a bigger victory than any of her countrymen have yet achieved in the war.

GUARANTEED ADVERTISING.

The New York Tribune, for many years recognized as the most hard-shelled and besotted of all the reactionary newspapers of the metropolis, has in the last year or so, turned about face and is now apparently endeavoring to live down its past record by going as far as possible in the other direction. The zeal of the new recruit characterizes its new policy. Nothing is too "progressive" for it to undertake. From being the most conservative of New York newspapers, it has come to be the most radical.

Recently the Tribune has undertaken to guarantee its advertisements—in other words to quote from its own editorial columns, it guarantees its readers "absolutely against loss or dissatisfaction through the purchase of any wares advertised in its columns. If you don't like what you buy you get your money back promptly, either from the seller or from the Tribune."

If this language is to be taken literally, the Tribune has embarked upon an experiment that will be watched with great interest by the press and public of the entire country. If Mrs. Jones buys from a department store a quantity of dress goods and finds after they are delivered at her home that they are not what she thought she wanted, the Tribune holds itself responsible for the amount of the purchase. If John Smith buys a box of cigars on the representation in a Tribune ad that they are up to a certain standard and finds after smoking two or three of them that he doesn't like them, he is invited to go to the Tribune office and get his money back. How far this sort of thing will go can only be

determined after the paper has given its new plan a thorough trial.

There is such a thing as a newspaper throwing every reasonable safeguard about its readers in the character of the advertising that it accepts. There is also such a thing as a newspaper itself indulging in fake advertising by promising to do for its readers what is manifestly impossible and inconsistent with a businesslike management of the paper. It may be possible for the Tribune honestly to guarantee its readers against dissatisfaction with any article advertised in its columns and escape bankruptcy; but we demand to be shown.

And now the English press is complaining because the football players won't enlist in the army. It does look like there is a kick coming on the kickers.

BETTER TIMES HERE.

The brief announcement in the dispatches yesterday of the return from England of a representative of a great manufacturing concern of South Bend, Indiana, with an order from the British government for \$15,000,000 worth of automobiles, wagons, sleds, harness and equipment, and that England has also contracted with a Kenosha, Wisconsin, firm for 500 automobile trucks, while France has placed an order in Jackson, Michigan, for automobiles to the value of more than \$1,000,000, is something more than a straw to show which way the commercial winds are blowing in this country.

More than anything else, it shows the process of readjustment to the abnormal conditions brought about by the war has been almost, if not entirely, completed, and that the American manufacturer, who for the last three months has faced a situation of blank despair, can look forward to the immediate coming of the period of unprecedented prosperity that has been predicted by those most familiar with the problems confronting the business interests of the country.

The nations now at war will require other things besides automobiles, wagons, trucks and harness. Right here in New Mexico the country is being scoured for horses available for military purposes. Clothing, food, manufactured articles of every description, all must be had by the people of Europe, and it is to the United States that they must look for them. With the opening up of the factories of the country on full time the problem of unemployment will be solved—indeed there is every prospect that the problem of the near future will be to secure sufficient labor to fill the gigantic orders that will pour in upon the American manufacturer.

The man who can find no cheer in the present industrial situation in the United States is indeed a pessimist. It is no longer a case of a better time coming—the better time is already here, and it behooves every citizen to hasten himself to seize the opportunities that now lie right at his door.

And while hoping that all the teachers have had a good time, here's also hoping that they had such a good time that they will come back next year.

IMPORTANT STUFF.

Under the expressive title "Must"—a title the significance of which will not require explanation to any newspaper man—the "Editor and Publisher" prints the following: "Cut down the war news," cried the boss.

And oh, his voice was glad. "I don't care if the Kaiser's licked—I've got a two-page ad. Cut down the war news—what care I if allies win or fall? I've more important stuff today—Rosinski's Bargain Sale."

To which joyous sentiment every thoughtful reader will at once subscribe. Rosinski's bargain sale represents progress, enlightenment, building up. The war represents backwardness, barbarism, tearing down. Rosinski's bargain sale not only brings profit and pleasure both to Rosinski and the newspaper publishing his two-page ad, but results also in a saving of money and consequent pleasure to the thrifty and economical housewife. The war brings nothing but desolation and misery and want and bankruptcy to everybody within the sphere of its blighting influence.

From every conceivable point of view the advertisement of Rosinski's bargain sale is better reading matter than the war news. It is indeed "more important stuff."

We may rest assured that the Rockefeller Foundation will not be used as a basis for a "Krupp surprise."

Washington state has gone dry, but the air is so damp there that the people will feel it till January 1, 1916.

W. H. Taft's open and smiling pleasure at the demise of the bull moose party is sincere and genuine.

WIMMEN.

There are women's faces, lad, That are wind and fire, Shitirin' up the whole world, Wakin' odd desire!

And there's other women, faith, Calm and still through all, Shitirin' to their woe love, Till the heavens fall!

Wan's as foine as hell fire; Wan's as true as life; Wan y'll leave and weep for, And wan y'll take as wife.

—From "Irish Poems," by Arthur Stringer.

With Sissors and Paste

HOME EVERYWHERE.
The timid it concerns to ask their way And fear what foe in caves and swamps can stray.
To make no step until the event is known,
And ill to come as evils past be-moon.
Not so wise; no coward watch he keeps
To spy what danger on his pathway creeps;
Go where he will, the wise man is at home.
His hearth the earth—his hall the safe dome;
Where his clear spirit leads him, there's his road,
By God's own light illumined and fore-shadowed.
—Emerson.

AUNT MARTHA'S ERRAND.

Aunt Martha Winton went to Kansas City this week, and had an encounter with a woman employed at the lunch counter in the women's waiting room of the Union depot. Aunt Martha wanted a cup of tea, and, after waiting five minutes, called a waitress who was talking with a man. The waitress paid no attention, whereupon Aunt Martha said to her: "To my certain knowledge you have been talking to that man twenty minutes and neglecting customers. Unless you wait on me instantly I will report you." The waitress brought the cup of tea Aunt Martha wanted, but put it down so hard that she broke the saucer. The man to whom the waitress had been talking said that if she were a man he would hold her to account for what he called "an insult to a perfect lady." Aunt Martha talked back to the man, too. "You think I'm smart," she said, "to keep people waiting while you talk to the hold thing you call a 'perfect lady'." If my nephew, Joe Harris, had come with me, as he talked of doing, he would have slapped your face." And that's what Joe would have done, for he loves his Aunt Martha.

MISER ALL.

(Christian Herald.)
The miser loves the money for itself; he revels in contemplation of the fact that it is his. The most of us who hold ourselves to be superior to him love the gratification of the physical senses which money brings. And the one love is as vain, as purposeless and as utterly selfish as the other.

The miser himself voluntarily suffers for the sake of money. But the average rich man makes other people suffer, that he may be richer. The other a man has \$7,000 and lives in a cow shed, or \$7,000,000 and keeps his heart in a counting room, makes little difference in the long run. The one is making a slave—a mere creature—of himself quite as actually as the other.

NIGHTFALL—BEAUCIE.

Day ebbs away; the rain
Has turned to mist, all stir
Of wind among the leaves grows less.
Only the night, only the night again,
On soft-soiled feet is here,
Trailing forgetfulness.
Throughout this quiet country, which
all day
Lay shadowed with no more
Of light than lingers when the sun
has fled
Behind a cloud, Of living gray,
Passional land—what flame burns at
the core
Of this still earth I tread?
For flame is here—no superficial
gleam
Such as the south declares
In her blue fires brilliant and hard
as stone.
This flame is kindled dream,
Which through the depths of slumber,
unawares
Rises—and then is gone!
Pale flame—faint smoke,
Slow circling in enchanted twilight
spun
From dreamy ecstasy,
Which like a magic cloak,
Fashioned far out of sight, far from
the sun,
Rest lightly spread upon the earth
and sea.

—Margaret Sackville.

THE CALL OF HOME.

(Rosensett, in Scribner's.)
I could hardly hobble, and was pretty well laid up. But there aren't no 'top, conductor, while a battery's changing ground.' No man has any business to go on such a trip as ours unless he will refuse to jeopardize the welfare of his associates by any delay caused by a weakness or ailment of his. It is his duty to go forward, if necessary on all fours, until he drops. Fortunately I was put to no such test. I remained in good shape until we had passed the last of the rapids of the chasma. When my serious trouble came we had only a sick man to spend the hottest hours of the day stretched on the boxes in the bottom of a small, open dugout, under the well-nigh intolerable heat of the torrid sun of the mid-tropics, varied by blinding, drenching downpours of rain, but I could not be sufficiently grateful for the chance. Kermit and Chorphe took care of me as if they had been trained nurses; and Colonel London and Lyra were no less thoughtful.

The north was calling strongly to the three men of the north—Rocky Dell farm to Chorphe, Sagamore Hill to me; and to Kermit the call was stronger still. After nightfall we could now see the dipper well above the horizon, upside down, with the two pointers pointing to a north star below the world's rim; but the dipper, with all its stars. In our home country spring had now come, the wonderful northern spring of long, glorious days of brooding twilight, of cool, delicious nights, Robin and bluebird, meadow lark and song sparrow, were singing in the mornings at home; the maple buds were red; wind flowers and blood root were blooming well; the last patches of snow still lingered; the rapture of the hermit thrush in Vermont, the serene golden melody of the wood thrush on Long Island, would be heard before we were there to listen. Each to his home, and to his true love! Each was longing for the homely things that were so dear to him, for the home people who were aware still, and for the one who was dearest of all.

FORENSIC EVENTS WILL MARK CLOSE OF N. M. E. A. MEET

High School Oratorical and Declamatory Contests Tonight Attracting Much Interest; Announcements at Each.

The program for today, the last one of the educational convention, reaches its climax in the oratorical contest of the high school section, Superintendent W. O. Hall of Roswell to preside. The fifth general session this afternoon will conclude the lecture courses by Dr. E. R. Craighead, who will compare "The Greek Civilization and the Modern," and Dr. Coffman, whose subject is "Wheeling Methods of Discipline." Another feature will be an address by Dr. Jeremiah Moore, the veteran educator, formerly president of Greenville-Tusculum college of Tennessee, one of whose pupils was Superintendent of Public Instruction Alvan N. White. This will also be the last business session, and at it competitors will make their final reports and official announcements will be made.

The section sessions in the forenoon will, in addition to the program of addresses and talks, transact such business as may come up, including the election of officers. Among the sections which have announced meetings are the high school and college divisions, at which the topics of discussion will be: "Should a County Be Allowed to Have More Than One County High School, and if so, How Should It Be Supported?" by W. A. Poore of Carlsbad; "The High School Course of Study," by T. G. Rodgers of East Las Vegas; "Current Tests of Educational Efficiency," by Elmer E. Ringer of East Las Vegas; "Modern Tendencies in Literary Criticism," by Sherman L. Neff of State college.

The principal feature, however, will be an address by Dr. Edwin R. Craighead.

Indian Schools.

The Indian school section will have its third session, Superintendent Reuben Perry presiding. "Industrial Work in Indian Day Schools" will be discussed by Miss Fannie Dennis and Mrs. Alice C. DeWitt. Superintendent Robert J. Bauman will speak on the "Relation of the Indian School to the Public School," and Superintendent H. F. Coggeshall on "Individualizing of the Pueblo Indian."

The industrial instructors will meet in room 211, with Charles Schreck presiding, and the discussion will be of a practical nature, taking up "Manual Training and the Boy," "Industrial Courses in the High School for the Boy or Girl Who Does Not Expect to Go to College," "High School Industrial Courses as Electives," "To What Extent Should Industrial Courses Taken in High Schools Be Given Credit Toward College Entrance and Teachers' Certificates?" and "What Standards Should Determine the Granting of Credit for Such Courses?"

Peace League to Meet.

The School Peace league, of which the venerable and venerated Miriam Hadley is the chairman and John H. Vaughan the secretary, will have an interesting session today, at which the present war in Europe and its relation to the peace movement, anomalous as such a subject may seem, will come up in almost each address.

The topics are: "The Reasons for the Peace and Arbitration Movement," "The Peace Idea as Related to Education," "The Hold of the Peace Movement of the World," "The Relation of the European War to the Peace Movement," and "A Practical Forward Step in the Peace Movement."

To Discuss Library Movement.
Miss Lottie E. Stearns of Milwaukee, one of the three leading speakers from outside of New Mexico at the convention and originator of the traveling library idea, will speak on "The Modern Library Movement" before the library section this evening. Miss Della J. Siler will preside over this and Mrs. Joseph S. Hofer will act as secretary.

Other subjects will be, "Good Books—What and How to Select for Grades From One to Eight," by Mrs. H. E. Asplund of Santa Fe; "Plans for Establishing Libraries in Public Schools," by Superintendent Merfeldt of Clovis; "School Libraries in Spanish-American Communities," by President O. C. Zings of the Spanish-American Normal school at El Rito; "How the Public Library May Co-operate With the Schools," by Miss Myrtle Cole, city librarian of Raton; "Promoting the Library Movement," by Miss Siler of Albuquerque.

Governor McDonald is down for a helpful address before the school board section, his topic being, "How School Officials May Help the Teacher to Greater Success." Ex-Governor L. Bradford Prince is to discuss "Should New Mexico Adopt the County Unit System as the Basis for the Organization of Her Schools," and Supreme Court Clerk Jose D. Sien, president of the Santa Fe school board, is to talk on "How School Boards May Assist the Teacher in Teaching Patriotism."

Dr. D. F. Thomas, president of the school board of Roswell, will speak on "To What Extent Should the Teacher Take Part in Community Interests?" President M. E. Hickey of the Albuquerque school board is down for a discussion of "The Problem of Employing Teachers."

President John W. Morrow of the Raton school board is to speak on "Should the Legislature Enact a Law Authorizing the County Commissioners to Increase the General County School Levy From Three Mills to Five Mills?"

The last talk will be, "What Kind of Boarding Place Will We Provide for the Rural Teacher?" by W. J. Paddock, Farmington.

Good as the music has been since

the opening of the convention, today's programs will be "ne plus ultra" in the history of the educational association. Of course, the organ recital by F. Stanley Seder, assisted by Miss Charlotte Pratt, soprano, at the Congregational church this forenoon at 11 o'clock, is a most attractive feature. The following is the program:

Organ—
Fugue in E Flat (St. Ann's).... Bach
Andante (C Minor symphony)..... Beethoven
Soprano—
Solvejgs Song..... Grieg
With a Pramula Veris..... Grieg
Organ—
Sonata in E Minor..... Rogers
I. Allegro con brio II. Andante
III. Scherzo IV. Intermezzo
V. Fuga
Soprano—
Lie Melting Tones..... Brahms
The Little Duetman..... Brahms
Organ—
Mazurka (Die Walkure)..... Wagner
Nocturne in E Flat..... Chopin
Soprano—
Thou Art My All..... Bradsley
Organ—
Cantique d'Armour..... Seder
Alia Marcia (A Minor sonata)..... Seder
New State Song on Program.

At the afternoon session the Santa Fe High School Glee club will sing the tuneless and inspiring New Mexico song written by Mrs. W. H. Bartlett of San Antonio, which surpasses in melodiousness even the famous "I Love You, California," and which was first sung at the Santa Fe summer school in the palace of the governors this year.

Selections will also be given by the New Mexico Normal university orchestra and the University of New Mexico Girls' Glee club and brass quartet.

In the evening Miss Ruth McAllister of Gallup will give selections and the Bernadette Conny Teachers' glee club, the Albuquerque High School Glee club and the New Mexico Normal University Glee club will render selections between the different declamations and orations.

The programs for the oratorical and declamatory contests are as follows:
High School Oratorical Contest,
Wednesday, November 25, 7:30 p. m.
Central Avenue Church.

Musie.
New Mexico's Plea for Leaders—Rafael Luna.
Honesty and Efficiency in Public Service—Cowden Evans.
Universal Peace—George Gardner.
Architects of American History—Robert Girouard.

Musie.
Irish History—Anna Marie Nolan.
The Gem City—Lloyd Mayer, Harman.
Peace—Harry Compton; Donald Wilson, Albuquerque.

Musie.
The Cost—Clifford Griffin.
America and World Peace—Clifford Deen.
Good Roads and Their Commercial Value—Francis Lemon.

The Call of Our Nation—Charles Sterritt.
Musi.
Decision of Judges.
High School Declamatory Contest,
Wednesday, November 25, 7:30 p. m.
High School Auditorium.

Musi.
The Loper—Junipia Shaff.
Toby—Leona Greenaway.
Jim's Last Leap—Margaret Sweet.
Ferdinand Koch, Santa Fe.

Musi.
The Drunkard's Dying Soliloquy—Louis H. Garcia.
The Honor of the Woods—Margaret Larkin, Albuquerque.
Who's Afraid?—Helen Mitchell.

Musi.
How the La Rue Stakes Were Lost—Lena Mayne.
Extract from Daniel Webster's Runkin Mill oration—Pat F. Garrett.
Arthur Farnsworth.

Musi.
Decision of Judges.

The Storytellers

Diamond Cut Diamond.
"They carry drill and discipline too far. They're like the two efficiency experts."

The speaker was Representative William Gordon. He was criticizing one of the contending armies.

"Yes," Mr. Gordon went on, "in their worship of drill they remind me of Black and White."

"Black, old fellow, that was a queer conference you had with White the other day," a friend said. "When I looked in on you, you were both springing round and round the office like two racers or two prize fighters."

"Black frowned."

"Well, you see," he said, "I'm very well read up on efficiency, and I know, of course, that in an important conference you must always have your back to the light, so that your thoughts can't be read. But White, too, has been taking an efficiency course, I guess. He is certainly onto that dodge. Why, when we finally got down to business, we were both sitting on the window sill."

A Rap.
Bishop J. S. Flipper, in a recent address in Atlanta, gave a shrewd rap to the worldly habits which decorate the modern Sabbath.

"In the millennium," said Bishop Flipper, "all the churches will be crowded to the doors; for since every day will be Sunday in the millennium, people will get sufficed at last with golf and motoring and turn gratefully to the church for a change."

Question.
Several of the leading directors of the New Haven railroad retired at the moment when the investigation of the line became most sweeping.

Commissioner Whitworth Riggs, of the bureau of civics, said apropos of these retirements in Pittsburgh: "It's an occurrence, we are told, that has no significance. These directors are overworked. They want rest. Hence they retire."

"If appearances are deceitful, what about disappearances?"

Cotton seed meal, per 100-pound sack, \$1.75. This is a very low price, as our pure cotton seed meal contains four times the feed value of corn or bran.

E. W. FEE.

MOREYS Solitaire TABLE DELICACIES

Give Your Appetite a Treat

Buy some of Moreys Solitaire Good-Things-to-Eat and serve them at your table every meal—the whole family will enjoy them. They add a zest and relish that relieves the sameness of everyday food.

"The Best the Grocer Can Deliver"

Here are a few members of the Solitaire Family: Olives, Anchovies in Oil, Mushrooms, Pate de Foie Gras, Peasants Butter, Pineapples, Capers, Jellies, Preserves.

Coffee, Tea, Spices, Flavouring Extracts, Catsup, Ketchup, Rice, Salt Foods, Grape Juice, Olive Oil, Maple Syrup, etc., and all varieties of canned fruits and vegetables.

THE MOREY MERCANTILE CO.
Denver

This Fine Old Gentleman Calls Duffy's "The Elixir of Life"

MR. H. STORZBACH, 72 years old.

Hale and hearty at the age of 72, this old gentleman has kept well and strong by Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey for more than a quarter of a century. Read what he says:

"I am seventy-two years old and in perfect health. When I was forty-seven the doctors thought I would die of consumption. I fooled them all—I started to take Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey and soon grew strong and vigorous. I am able to do hard work every day and can climb six flights of stairs without fatigue. In my opinion there is nothing in the world so good to put vim, vigor and vitality into any run-down person as Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey. I call it 'The Elixir of Life.'—Mr. H. Storzbach, 196 East 76th St., New York City. Thousands of people who have reached a grand old age, and who still show a wonderful ability, have used Duffy's through the long years of their active careers. These people willingly testify that

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

is responsible for their possessing perfect health in old age. Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is nature's true tonic-stimulant. A tablespoonful in the same amount of water before meals corrects defective digestion of food, increases the appetite, strengthens the heart, gives force to the circulation, relieves insomnia, and brings restfulness to the brain and nervous forces. It can be retained by the most delicate stomach.

"Get Duffy's and Keep Well."

Sold in sealed bottles only—never in bulk—by most drug stores, grocers and dealers, \$1.00 a large bottle. Refuse substitutes—accept only the original. Medical booklet and doctor's advice free if you write.

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

DRINK
Ridgways Tea
YOUR GROCER HAS IT

The Mansion Cafe

221 SOUTH FIRST STREET
Opposite Santa Fe Depot.

Special Dinner Today

ARRANGED FOR THE N. M. E. A. AND VISITING TEACHERS.

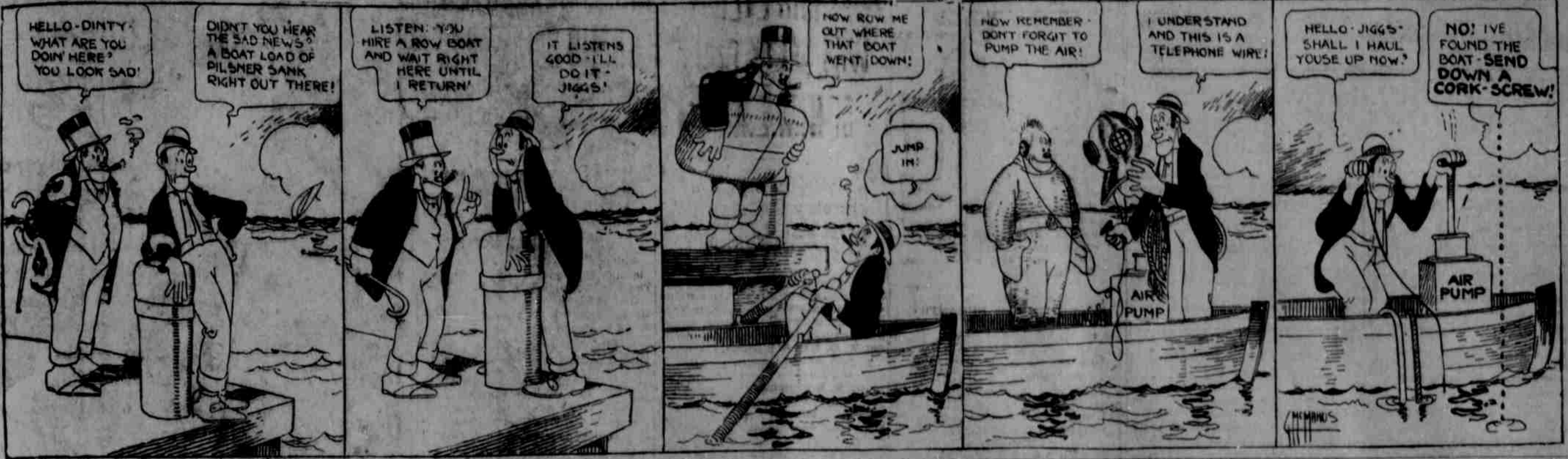
Time—From 11:30 a. m. to 8 p. m.
PRICE—30 CENTS

MENU:

Disque of Mutton Soup
Rabbit Sauté, a la Anglaise
Rolled Ox Tongue, German Style
Roast
Stuffed Young Turkey, Cranberry Sauce, or
Prime Rib of Beef, au jus
Steamed Potatoes
Sliced Tomatoes
Cream Carrot
Neapolitan Ice Cream
Cafe Noir
Assorted Cakes
Open Day and Night. Special Regular Meals and Short Orders. Chinese Chop Suey and Noodles.

MORNING JOURNAL WANT ADS BRING QUICK RESULTS.

Bringing Up Father



By George McManus

WHEAT DROPS ON ASSERTIONS OF SHIP SHORTAGE

Report That Number of Vessels for Export Trade Is Inadequate Causes Bearish Influence to Prevail.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADERS WIRE) Chicago, Nov. 24.—Asserting that the inadequacy of the number of vessels available for export trade had become so apparent that steps were being taken to obtain government aid in the acquisition of vessels had a bearish influence today on wheat. After an early advance the market closed weak at 1/2¢ to 3/4¢ under last night's close, and out of 1/4¢. In provisions the outcome varied from 3/4¢ decline to a rise of 2 1/2¢.

It was current gossip among wheat traders that although a large number of foreign ships had recently taken American registry the aggregate taken proved altogether insufficient to meet the necessities of the situation and that the president was canvassing the possibilities of direct action by the government in the purchase of numerous vessels now tied up in American ports. Another bearish report that accompanied the late decline in wheat was to the effect that since yesterday the weather in Argentina had turned favorable again for the harvest.

Falling off in receipts northwest tended to make wheat prices firm until the last hour of the session. Temporary help was given to the bulls by the fact that total primary receipts had dropped well below the amount of shipments from the principal terminal points. Selling by cash houses owing to liberal acceptance of bids from here to the country had a depressing effect on the price of corn, especially in the December option. Demand for shipments from here was light.

Oats were steadied by advices that Canadian dealers had been attempting to buy freely in states northwest of Chicago. Bear pressure here was chiefly due to the weakness of corn. Provisions turned down grade in line with prices at the yards. Except in lard, however, the losses were overcome through covering by shorts.

Closing prices: Wheat—Dec., \$1.15 1/4; May, \$1.21 1/4. Corn—Dec., 65¢; May, 70 1/2¢. Oats—Dec., 49 1/2¢; May, 53 1/2¢. Pork—Jan., \$18.57; May, \$18.95. Lard—Nov., \$10.12; Jan., \$9.90. Hogs—Jan., \$9.92; May, \$10.20.

NEW YORK METAL MARKET.
New York, Nov. 24.—Tin firm; electrolytic copper firm, \$12.67 1/2; 75 castings, \$12.50 to \$12.67 1/2. Iron quiet and unchanged.

NEW YORK LEAD AND SPLICER.
New York, Nov. 24.—Lead quiet, \$3.80 to \$4.00. Spelter steady, \$5.20 to \$5.30.

ST. LOUIS LEAD AND SPLICER.
St. Louis, Nov. 24.—Lead firm, \$3.80 to \$3.82 1/2. Spelter firm, \$5.15.

MONEY MARKET.
New York, Nov. 24.—Mercantile paper, 5 1/2% to 6% per cent. Bar silver, 49 1/2¢.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, Nov. 24.—Spot cotton, quiet; middling uplands, \$7.75. No sales.

LIVESTOCK MARKETS.
Kansas City Livestock.
Kansas City, Nov. 24.—Cattle—Receipts, 118,000. Market steady. Prime fed steers, \$9.75 to \$10.65; western steers, \$7.00 to \$8.50; calves, \$6.00 to \$7.50. Sheep—Receipts, 8,000. Market steady. Lambs, \$7.50 to \$8.90; yearlings \$6.25 to \$7.50. Hogs—Receipts, 27,000. Market steady. Bulk, \$7.40 to \$7.75; heavy, \$7.50 to \$7.65; pigs, \$6.50 to \$7.00.

Chicago Livestock.
Chicago, Nov. 24.—Cattle—Receipts 4,000. Market slow. Heaves, \$6.75 to \$10.50; steers, \$5.40 to \$9.00; calves, \$5.25 to \$11.50. Sheep—Receipts, 18,000. Market weak. Sheep, \$5.40 to \$6.10; lambs, \$6.10 to \$9.00. Hogs—Receipts, 25,000. Market

weak, 10c under yesterday's average. Bulk, \$7.30 to \$7.50; heavy, \$7.00 to \$7.50; pigs, \$4.50 to \$7.50.

Denver Livestock.
Denver, Nov. 24.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,700. Market weak. Beef steers, \$6.00 to \$7.50; cows and heifers, \$5.00 to \$6.50; stockers and feeders, \$4.00 to \$7.50; calves, \$7.00 to \$8.00. Sheep—Receipts, 5,000. Market weak. Yearlings, \$6.00 to \$7.00; wethers, \$4.50 to \$6.00; lambs, \$7.50 to \$8.25; ewes, \$4.50 to \$5.20. Hogs—Receipts, 2,200. Market lower. Top, \$7.70. Bulk, \$7.85 to \$7.50.

ENORMOUS WHEAT CROP NEXT YEAR IS PREDICTION

Statistical Expert Believes European War Will Result in Gigantic Acreage in United States.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADERS WIRE) Washington, Nov. 24.—The greatest wheat area in the world's history will be planted for the 1915 harvest as a result of the European war, in the opinion of Charles M. Daugherty, statistical expert of the department of agriculture. In a report made public today Mr. Daugherty says: "As a result of the war in Europe, a world-wide tendency exists to increase the acreage in wheat. Doubtless the most extensive area in the history of the world will be seeded during the present autumn and coming spring. A prospective heavy demand for this important food grain by the importing countries of western Europe is likely to give extraordinary stimulus to sowings in both winter and spring varieties in the two great exporting countries of North America and to those sowings now being finished under suspicious circumstances in British India."

"In the southern hemisphere seeding was completed before the war began and the effect of present economic conditions upon extensive areas there will be manifest only in the spring and summer of 1915.

Conditions in Europe.
"In Europe, where ordinarily more than half the world's wheat is produced, the indications are that all available labor resources in both neutral and contending nations will be utilized to the utmost for getting in full or increased areas. In Italy, where wheat acreage is ordinarily second in extent to that of no state in Europe, excepting Russia, one million acres, it is said, will be added to the crop."

"In the contending countries, extraordinary efforts are being exerted in autumn seeding. The services of women and children, men exempt from military service, refugees, prisoners of war and soldiers temporarily relieved from the ranks are being utilized in the fields. Because of strained labor conditions and the occupation of certain territory during seed time by contending troops, some local contractions of area seem inevitable. The reduction, however, is likely to be compensated by increased sowings in neutral nations."

"In western Europe, particularly in England and France, the autumn sowings of wheat are somewhat in arrears, but as a large part of these countries is favored with a mild climate, making sowing operations possible at times during the entire winter, little anxiety is expressed over the present delay. Reports from Germany and other countries of Central Europe indicate that seeding operations have been carried on with activity."

LOST.
Lost—Colt dog, dark, black and tan, between Roswell and Elmer, between Roswell and Elmer, between Roswell and Elmer. Return to 129 North First.

Lost—Eyes glasses and teacher's certificate of enrollment in silk bag. Reward. Return to Journal office or high school. Lost—A light gray dog, small, black, on right shoulder a small bump on nose. George A. Blake, 1123 S. Broadway. Reward.

Lost—Lady's brown purse containing some money, handkerchief and bunch of keys on South Third. Finder can keep money if return purse and keys to 912 W. Marquette.

DRESSMAKING.
All kinds of dressmaking, prices reasonable, satisfaction guaranteed. 100 North Edith. Phone 1514. Mrs. Parkins.

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\$3,000—5-room, pebble dash bungalow, modern, fire place, new; terms if desired.
\$2,750—5-room brick, modern, large basement, corner lot, good location in Highlands; easy terms.
\$3,500—8-room brick, modern; Highlands, close by, easy terms.
\$1,600—4-room frame, modern; Lowlands, near shops; \$400 cash, balance, 8 per cent.
\$1,900—4-room frame, bath, fine shade, good outbuildings, fine location; N. 11th St.

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141 South Fourth Street

HELP WANTED

Male.
WANTED—Furniture. Journal job department.
WANTED—Shoe shiners. 211 West Central Avenue.
WANTED—Teacher, man or woman, holding certificate or eligible for one, to teach out of town school at \$60 per month. Answer today. R. H. E. care Journal.
LEARN automobile repairing, driving on up-to-date cars; electrical city engineering; surveying; methods most practical; room and board, while learning; positions secured; satisfaction guaranteed; catalogue free. National School of Engineering, 2110 West Seventh, Los Angeles.

Female.
WANTED—Furniture. Journal job department.
WANTED—Girl for general housework. 301 South Edith.
WANTED—A girl for general housework. 211 South Ninth Street.
WANTED—Young ladies for head work. Apply mornings, 112 Gold Avenue, upstairs. John Lee Clarke, Inc.

WANTED—Experienced sales ladies at the Bookman.

WANTED—Positions.
TEACHING—normal school and college graduate, man aged 25, health excellent, desires school for balance of school year, paying \$25 or more per month. First grade certificate. Address XXXX, care Journal.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.
WANTED—We buy old gold and silver. Bennett's Fourth and Gold.
CARPET CLEANING, furniture and stove repairing. W. A. Goff, phone 585.
SHOE REPAIRING. We call and deliver. Electric Shoe Shop, 213 South Second. Phone 327.
WANTED—Second-hand Ford automobile, cheap. H. Bryant's delivery, 219 West Gold Avenue.

WANTED—Automobile springs repaired and re-arched—made new. J. Korte & Co., Albuquerque.

WANTED—Good mining prospect. Will buy, or furnish money to develop for an interest. P. O. Box 437, Albuquerque.

WANTED—Boards.
BOARDS at Whitcomb Springs. Inquire Bill's Room, 215 South Second street.
EXCELLENT table board. Home cooking. Reasonable rates. Phone 1429W. 221 North Edith street.

FOR RENT—Dwellings.
South.
FOR RENT—Six-room, modern flat, North Fifth street, \$35.00 per month; water paid. First Savings Bank & Trust Co.
FOR RENT—Four-room brick, modern; gas range and bath; strictly sanitary. Price \$125 per month. Inquire 412 Granite Avenue.
FOR RENT—4-room house, stable and about one acre, on Fourth street, next door to school and just beyond Douglas road. Inquire Bill's Room, 215 South Second street.
FOR RENT—210 North Ninth street, modern 8-room brick, sleeping porch, hot water heat all in first-class repair. Inquire Mrs. Tilton Koch, 414 South Third street.

South.
FOR RENT—Four-room brick, modern, gas range; close in, new furnishings; corner house. Inquire 268 South Nevada.
FOR RENT—Seven-room flat, close in, steam heat, also modern cottages, 4 to 5 rooms. W. H. McMillan, 211 West Gold.
FOR RENT—Five-room brick house and modern gas and steel range well equipped. Fully furnished. 218 West Lead. Inquire Mrs. Tilton Koch, 414 South Third street.

Highlands.
FOR RENT—2-room, modern house, furnished, sleeping porch. Call at 418 S. High St.
FOR RENT—Two-room furnished cottage, \$8 month each, water paid. Apply 115 West Gold Avenue.
FOR RENT—Modern five-room cottage, 1197 South Arco street, Albuquerque. Inquire Mrs. Tilton Koch, 414 South Third street. A. Roas, Alamogordo, N. M.

FOR RENT—Small house, furnished for housekeeping or sleeping, \$4 per month. 1121 South Walter, or phone 1509W.

FOR RENT—Three-room coily furnished cottage, glass-enclosed sleeping porch, clean, new. 1115 South High. Phone 1512W.

TYPEWRITERS.
ALL kinds of typewriters, second-hand, bought, sold, rented and repaired. Albuquerque Typewriter Exchange, phone 144, 211 West Gold.

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5-room modern frame; fine sleeping porch; good location; \$2,100.00. Easy terms.
4-room house in Lowlands. Good location. Easy terms. We want an offer.

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216 W. Gold

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FOR RENT—Modern rooms, steam heat, no sick, 508 1/2 West Central.
FOR RENT—Two rooms furnished for light housekeeping, 312 S. 4th, 404 North Edith.
FURNISHED ROOMS—Central location, bath, heat, bath, weekly rates, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00. Grand Central Hotel.
South.
FURNISHED ROOMS—Hot water heat, no sick, no children. 411 West Silver.
FOR RENT—Nicer furnished rooms, all improvements. 417 West Gold Avenue.
FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for gentlemen, \$4 per month. 216 West Gold Avenue.
FOR RENT—Housekeeping rooms and furnished cottages, sleeping porches, 619 West Central.
FOR RENT—Three rooms with sleeping porch, furnished for light housekeeping; no sick, no children. 414 West Central.
Highlands.
FOR RENT—Furnished rooms. 218 South Walter. Phone 202.
FOR RENT—Modern housekeeping rooms. 265 South Water street. Phone 1418.
FOR RENT—One South room. Furnished. 224 S. Arco. Phone 1672.
FOR RENT—2 nicely furnished front rooms with or without board. 218 S. Broadway.
FOR RENT—Couple of sleeping rooms, suitable for shopmen. 517 South Broadway.
FOR RENT—Two large modern rooms, single, on suite or for housekeeping. 613 South Broadway.

FOR RENT—Three rooms with bath, furnished for housekeeping, \$14 per month. 801 South Arco. Phone 665.
FOR RENT—Two modern furnished light housekeeping rooms, one cheap, one above room. 517 South Broadway.

FOR RENT—Rooms With Board.
North.
FOR RENT—Rooms or cottages with board at Mrs. Reed's sanitarium for convalescents. Home milk, cream, eggs, fruits and flowers. Belmont Ranch. Phone 1418.
BOARD, with sleeping porch or cottages. Jersey milk, fresh eggs, butter, vegetables. Free conveyance. Pat's ranch. Phone 1590W.

South.
EXCELLENT table board and nicely furnished rooms with hot and cold water in every room. Casa del Oro, 612 West Gold.
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TABLE BOARD \$5.00 per week. Rooms and sleeping porches. 361 South Edith.
FOR RENT—Well ventilated rooms, with board, \$7.50 per week. 124 South Edith.
FOR RENT—Sunny front room and sleeping porch; board; convalescents. 723 South Edith.

General.
SPEND your week-end at the Whitcomb. Business, under new management.
ROOM and board in private family for two gentlemen; cheap if tented permanently. Phone 1421.
FOR RENT—Office Rooms.
FOR RENT—Office, Apply D. A. Macdonald, Insurance office.

FOR RENT—Store room at 114 West Gold Avenue. A. Montoya, at court house.

FOR RENT—Apartments.
FOR RENT—Three-room modern apartment with sleeping porch, 214 South Sixth street. Inquire at Savoy hotel.

FOR SALE—Livestock and Poultry.
FOR SALE—Habitats and pens, 400 South Edith.
FOR SALE—Two gentle saddle horses, inquire 616 East Gold.
FOR SALE—Fresh ranch eggs. W. Binta, 419 Atlantic Avenue. Phone 118W.
FOR SALE—Spartan young thoroughbred W. T. laying hens. 222 North Walter.
FOR SALE—Pen of thoroughbred Columbian Wyandottes. 1291 South Edith Street. Phone 120W.
FOR SALE—Thoroughbred Llewellyn Setter puppies. Male, 470; female, 45. For particulars phone 254, after 4 p. m. H. E. Higgins.

FOR SALE—A limited number of young hens. They are heavy range bred, strong, healthy stock and are not so subject to roup and other poultry diseases. See these young hens. They are available. E. W. Fox.

THEY LAY, they win, they pay. Was four first one second, at state fair, 1913; six first, two second, 1912; five first, four second and Gov. McDonald cup, 1912. H. C. B. I. Red, Mottled Avonmore, B. C. White Orpingtons, Buff Orpingtons and I. R. Ducks. Stock eggs and chicks for sale. L. E. Thomas, P. O. Box 141, 117 West Marquette.

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Lime, kindling and smithing coal. Large stock of best fuel carried at all times. Prompt deliveries. Phone 4 and 5. J. S. Beaven.

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Outdoor Advertising
120 West Central Ave.
Phone 198. Sketches Furnished Free.

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461 S. Walter, 5-room brick.
711 W. Marquette, 5-room frame, bath.
1015 Forester, 5-room modern frame.
867 N. Eighth, 5-room modern brick.
Look 'em over. Size 'em up and make us a proposition.

Thaxton & Co.
211 W. Gold

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GET the habit and take your dinner at Whitcomb Springs.
FOR SALE—A young gentle horse and good buggy, reasonable. 1914 Forester.
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FOR SALE—Single cylinder motorcycle, \$25. Takes H. Tony Mitchell, Old Albuquerque.
FOR SALE—Singer sewing machine, and pedigree English setter puppies. 514 S. High. Phone 1484J.

SUDAN GRASS—Independent of drought. Get plains grown seed. Our seed is No. 1 and grown by ourselves. Order now. Amarillo Seed Co., Amarillo, Texas.

FOR SALE—Wood working machinery, cement block molds and tools, roofing tile, plan of house, wagon, office furniture, etc. J. B. Good, office phone 202; residence 358.

FOR SALE—Due bills for room accommodations at the Gates hotel, Los Angeles. Call The Gates hotel, fire-proof, one of the newest and best in Los Angeles, and located corner of Ninth and Figueroa streets. Address Mary, care Journal.

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Farm worth of good property in Oklahoma. \$5,000 encumbrance. Long time. Will exchange for property or business in Albuquerque. Inquire 315 McDonald, 417 West Copper. Phone 672.

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Three 3-room houses with porches, five blocks from Central Avenue. The three new rent for \$22 per month. \$2,000 for the three.
Size of property—75x147 feet.
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Stoves, Ranges, House Furnishing Goods, Cutlery, Tools, Iron Pipe, Valves and Fitting, Plumbing, Heating, Tin and Copper Work.

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EVERY CAN GUARANTEED

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Fancy Celery, Green Olives, Ripe Olives, Stuffed Olives, Heinz Sweet, Sour and Dill Pickles; Heinz Sweet Relish, Heinz Mustard Pickles, Heinz Mince Meat; Salad Dressings—My Wife's, Yacht Club and Darkies; Fancy Honey.

Try our Fresh Chocolate Cream Candy, at 40c per pound. California Head Lettuce, Layer Raisins, Fruit Cake, Plum Pudding, Pop Corn.

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SIXTY-THREE ACRES OF SHALLOW PUMPING LAND, 1 MILE NORTH OF CITY. WORTH DOUBLE THE PRICE ASKED.

SIMON STERN

The Tax Rolls for the first half of 1914 taxes will be open for payment Monday morning. Taxes are due and payable before the end of November. M. MANDELL, County Treasurer.

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PIPES CASE IS HEARD; DECISION THIS MORNING

Cook Says Doctor Hit Him With Gun; Physician, Nurse and Others Declare He Fell Against Stove.

Lackamoor Wartamer, negro, testified that Dr. J. S. Pipes beat him with a clubbed revolver.

Dr. Pipes, Mr. Evans and two other witnesses testified they did not, saying Wartamer fell against a stove.

So Judge W. W. McClellan, acting police judge, took the case under advisement until 10 o'clock this morning, after hearing this testimony in court yesterday afternoon.

The case first was set for Monday afternoon, but Wartamer failed to appear and the police were informed that he was unconscious at the time, so the hearing was continued until the appointed time. He exhibited two bumps over the left ear, which had turned white, perhaps under treatment, and were distinctly discernible across the room.

Nurses "Scared to Death." Wartamer was first to take the stand. He was weak Monday afternoon, so weak that he laid down on a bed and after that he didn't know what happened to him, he said. He declared when examined by Judge W. C. Heacock, his attorney, that he had been hit with a revolver.

Dr. Pipes cross-examined Wartamer, asking him where he purchased a bottle of whiskey, which the doctor said he had Sunday—the day upon which the negro alleged he was beaten. His answer was that he didn't have any.

Dr. Pipes said he was called to his sanitarium from the Commercial club about 5 o'clock Sunday afternoon. When he reached the place he found two nurses "about scared to death." Wartamer was cursing them, he said. He and Evans went into the kitchen. Wartamer, by the way, was cook. The doctor said they tried to get the cook to leave, but that he resisted and fell against the stove.

Nurse on Stand. "I never in my life had a gun," said the doctor. "I never had one in my possession and I never shall." The doctor said he thought the cook fell because he was drunk. He said he gave Wartamer a check for his pay and that he took it with a "thank-you."

Evans briefly told the same story, referring to the complainant repeatedly as the "nigger." Mr. Evans was introduced to the court as a patient but had the outward appearance of a heavy middleweight.

Miss Florence O'Connell, a young nurse, said when she went into the kitchen Sunday afternoon to set up trays for the patients the cook was drunk. "He lit into me and called me everything," she said, "because I cut a piece of cake for one of the patients. He had a knife in his hand."

METZINGER MOTORCYCLE RIDER WHO HIT CHILD

Chief McMillin of the police department, learned yesterday that the motorcyclist who struck the small son of Mrs. C. F. Trauth Monday was Bill Metzinger. Metzinger told the chief that the child was slightly injured, he said. The chief received a letter from Mrs. Trauth saying she expected Metzinger to pay her expenses.

A dozen Faber's lead pencils for 40 cents this week only at Ottwell Drug Co., 222 West Central avenue.

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Henry's Delivery and Messengers. Phone 939.

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SCIENCE SECTION RESOLVES ITSELF INTO A SOCIETY

New Mexico Association of Science Organized With 45 Members at Banquet of N. M. E. A. Subdivision.

The Science and Mathematics section of the New Mexico Educational association met last night for the annual dinner at the Alvarado, where plates were laid for forty-five members.

Following the dinner a business meeting was held and the members of the section discussed the feasibility of organizing an association of science, to be distinctly separated in its scope from the general character of the sections of the New Mexico Educational association, yet as an integral part of that well organized state body.

It seemed to be the general opinion of the members of the section that the time had arrived for the organization of an association which should be of higher scope and of more dignity than the ordinary section, and which should encourage research and original investigation.

The members of the section passed two unanimous resolutions: First, "that the Science and Mathematics section of the New Mexico Educational association hereby declare itself the New Mexico Association of Science, and that it inform the parent association that it was to be considered as such;" and second, "that the retiring president of the association be always held for the heavy paper at the association of science meetings." That both actions met the approval of the New Mexico Educational association in the eyes of its president, was attested by President Vaughn.

The following officers were elected: President—E. P. Humbert. Vice President—J. E. Brownlee. State Secretary—C. T. Kirk. Council Member (for two years)—T. G. Rodgers. Corresponding Secretary—R. F. Hare. Local Secretary—J. D. Clark.

The association placed the matter of detail organization completely in the hands of the elected officers, who were given full power to act and it is expected that next year will see carried out the finest scientific meeting ever held in the state, as the officers intend to enlist in the association all scientific workers, regardless whether or not they be connected with institutions of learning.

NOTICE. The Mausolus mill will be closed until further notice on account of the death of A. H. Carroll.

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MULLANE ELECTED GRAND SACHEM OF STATE RED MEN

Veteran Editor Chosen Head of Body Which Held Annual Session in City Yesterday; Many Delegates Here.

William H. Mullane, veteran editor of Carlsbad and well known over the state, was yesterday elected grand sache of the New Mexico body of the Improved Order of Red Men at the annual session of the state organization of that order held here. Albuquerque was selected as the 1915 meeting place, the delegates expressing marked appreciation of the hospitality extended to them here.

The other officers elected or appointed yesterday were installed by Past SACHEM Leon L. Godchaux, of Deming, who presided over part of the deliberations of the council. Delegates were present from all over the state, every one of the nine wigwags being represented at the meeting.

The sentiment at the meeting was enthusiastic due to the fact that the order now has nine subordinate bodies, with a total membership of almost that many hundred members. The order is in a very prosperous condition.

There are councils of the degree of Pocahontas here and at Knowles. The routine business was all transacted in the morning and the afternoon was given over to the installation of officers, or exemplification of the "past sache's decree," as it is called.

The elective officers were as follows: Grand sache, William H. Mullane, Carlsbad; great sache, sagamore, Jesse L. Turner, Santa Rita; great junior sagamore, O. P. M. Dempsey, Mogollon; prophet, Dr. W. D. Huff, Santa Rita; great chief of records, Louis E. Blauvelt, Hurley; great keeper of wampum, W. G. Woerner, Knowles.

The appointive officers were as follows: Great sannah, R. H. Hughes, Deming; great misheewa, Steve Lager, Dawson; great guard of wigwam, Dan Hathaway, Deming; great guard of forest, David Flint, Las Vegas; great finance committee, W. D. Huff, Santa Rita; Albert English, Dawson; Ed Moulton, Santa Rita. Board of appeals, Jesse L. Turner, Santa Rita; O. P. M. Dempsey, Mogollon; L. L. Godchaux, Deming.

Most of the delegates returned home last night. We will sell at \$25 per share net ten shares Inter-state Casualty & Guaranty Co. stock. This is the same stock that the Inter-state company is now offering to the public at \$100 per share. Curtiss-Manning Co., stock and bond dealers, First National bank building, El Paso, Tex.

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