

11-21-1914

# Albuquerque Morning Journal, 11-21-1914

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# ALBUQUERQUE MORNING JOURNAL.

THIRTY-SIXTH YEAR  
VOL. CXXXIV, No. 52.

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1914.

Daily by Carrier or Mail 80c  
A Month, Single Copies, 5c.

## GEN. SALAZAR IS RELEASED FROM COUNTY JAIL BY 2 MASKED MEN

Rescuers Attack Deputy Sheriff Armijo With Knife and Clubbed Automatic, Felling Him.

## SHACKLE HIM TO POST AND UNLOCK CELL DOOR

Mexican Commander Ready, Suitcase in Hand; Buggy Tracks Indicate How He Left; Poses Out.

Gen. Jose Yanez Salazar, former commander in the Huasteca army, escaped from the county jail at Old Albuquerque shortly after 9:30 o'clock last night.

Two masked men overpowered Deputy Sheriff Charles Armijo, stabbing him and slugging him with a pistol, unlocked Salazar's cell on the second floor of the jail and were whizzed away in a covered automobile. Salazar evidently drove away alone in a buggy with a single horse.

Half an hour afterward posses armed with high power rifles left the jail in automobiles, one going through Tijera canyon and the other south along the Rio Grande. They planned to scatter when they thought they had reached a point beyond which Salazar was not likely to drive and come the country. At 1 o'clock this morning no word had been received from them.

One Deputy Called Away.  
Deputy Sheriff Dolores Muniz was at the jail with Armijo. At 9:30 o'clock the telephone in the jailer's room rang. Armijo answered. There was a stabbing at the White Star saloon on the Indian school road and an officer was wanted there, someone said. Armijo sent Muniz. Armijo glanced at the clock, noting the time, and stretched on the bed with a book. He had hardly read a line when the men jumped in the door. They had climbed over the high board fence at the north side of the jail and entered the building through a door on the north side. The door was unfastened because the lock had been broken.

From the entrance to the door opening into the room where Armijo lay was only a few steps. They were in the room before Armijo was aware of their presence.  
Armijo Overpowered.  
"Give me Salazar, or you die," cried one as he sprang toward Armijo. Armijo reached for his revolver at the foot of the bed and one of his assailants made a pass with a knife. It was a long blade with a guard. Armijo said. The knife passed under his left arm, clipping his sweater open. The man with the knife kept striking and Armijo, defending himself from the thrusts with his hands, was unable to reach his gun. The other man attempted twice to fire with an automatic pistol, Armijo said, but it apparently jammed.

The deputy finally got in a stiff punch to the knife man's jaw and dropped him. This, however, gave the other a chance to club his neck and hit him on the back of the neck, felling him. The man whom Armijo felling was up in an instant.

Deputy Handcuffed.  
They took handcuffs from the desk and slipped them over Armijo's wrists. They took him outside, through the door they had come in, and fastened him to a fence post with the shackles.

They went inside, took the keys to the cells and went upstairs and probably straight to Salazar's cell, since they awoke none of the other prisoners. Salazar occupied a cell on the north side overlooking the street car office.

He was waiting inside with his suitcase packed. He left nothing there but an old pair of trousers. Salazar and the masked men came down together. They had not been upstairs long. Evidently every detail had been carefully planned and the men were familiar with the interior of the jail.

May Have Used Buggy.  
The two climbed over the north-east corner of the fence while Salazar pitched his suitcase over on the other side of the post where Armijo stood. The post was marked with blood that dropped from his hands.

"You stand there," Salazar commanded, speaking to the deputy as he climbed over.

Armijo heard the sound of the automobile being cranked and heard explosions as it raced away. At it was thought Salazar had gone the auto. This belief, however, was refuted in the find of buggy tracks and the imprints of horse, freshly shed, outside the jail. The horse evidently had been where Salazar went over the fence.

Tracks were followed to the traction park, where they came toward the city. At

FASTER MOTOR BOAT OWNED BY GOVERNMENT

San Diego, Calif., Nov. 20.—The fastest motor boat on the Pacific coast was turned over by its builders to the first aero corps, United States army, here today.

In a number of speed trials this week the boat, carrying eight passengers, attained a speed of more than forty-five miles an hour. While this has been expected by hydroplanes and other motor-driven craft of freak construction, it is the fastest time ever made on this coast by a bona fide motor boat.

The craft will be used by army aviators here in going to the assistance of fliers who get into trouble while making over-water flights.

the junction of the road leading to Durango, and that leading to the city they were lost in the multiplicity of other tracks.

Deputy Sheriff Released.

Armijo was calling for help when the men were upstairs. He continued to call after they had gone. Finally he awakened Fred Ritter, a prisoner, and M. L. Albers, who owns a store across the street from the jail. Albers went to the jail and Armijo told him to break in the front door. He did this and released Ritter. They found a key that fitted the handcuffs and released Armijo.

Ritter was sent to notify Sheriff Romero, and Dr. W. W. Spargo, county physician, was called and dressed Armijo's wounds. His hands were cut in numerous places and he probably never will be able to use two fingers of his left hand. There were eight slashes in his sweater and shirt. His head was bruised.

Saw Man Signaling.

Ritter recalled that yesterday morning he saw a man standing near Albers' barn. He raised his hand to his face, as if signaling, Ritter said. He attached no importance to this, but when he went upstairs he saw Salazar standing near the window with his hand poked between the bars, he said. He remembered then that the man he had seen near the barn was in visionary range of Salazar's cell window.

The coincidence caused him to remark to Deputy Sheriff Ramon Ortiz: "There's something wrong here," according to his statement.

Ritter did not note the man's appearance closely. He was of average height, slim and wore a dark mustache, was all he could remember.

One of the men who attacked him was tall and wore a black or blue serge suit, Armijo said. The other was short. He wore a gray suit and a white vest.

Their masks resembled finely knitted caps with holes cut for the eyes. They evidently carried away the key to the women's ward. It was missing. That Salazar must have had some means of communicating with the outside by signals is apparent in that no one was permitted to see him with the exception of his attorney, Eliezer Baca, without the order of District United States Attorney Summers Burkhardt. Even Mrs. Salazar, who came here yesterday from El Paso, was not allowed to see him.

Salazar was brought here Sunday morning under military guard from (Continued on Page Three.)

## PROSECUTION OF PARENTS RATHER THAN TRUANTS

Educators Do Not Believe Children Are So Much to Blame as Those Responsible for Them in the World.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 20.—Prosecution of parents instead of truants; extension of mothers' pensions, thereby relieving many children of the necessity of working to provide for their homes; less corporal punishment and more uniform marriage laws, met the general approval today of delegates attending the convention here of the National League of Compulsory Education. The recommendations were made during discussion of the subject of sub-normal children which was led by William L. Bodine, superintendent of compulsory education in Chicago.

Parental schools are a tremendous force for good, according to Mr. Bodine.

"There is a noticeable increase in sub-normal children," he said. "The parents should be given proper training to overcome this problem and if they do not benefit accordingly we should prosecute the parents more and the children less. In the highest education of the children let us get at the lower education of the parents."

Mr. Bodine also urged that the league go on record as favoring the expansion of the powers of juvenile courts so that parents, instead of children, be put on probation in cases of violation of compulsory education laws.

"This convention should announce its opposition to corporal punishment," the speaker continued. "I believe in moral supplication and not in material application."

With reference to marriage laws he said:

"Until uniform marriage and divorce laws are adopted, childhood will suffer. We cannot wonder at the mentally deficient child when drunkards and lunatics marry."

General Obregon will leave the Mexican capital on Saturday. One message said he was going to Salina Cruz, from which point on the west coast it was thought he would move north to Guadalupe and attempt to get into the rear of the Villa forces. Another telegram spoke of his probable departure for Vera Cruz, where it is supposed he will join General Carranza next Monday, formerly to take possession of the city when the American forces under General Funston depart.

All the public offices in Mexico City have been vacated and the American agents there do not know whether it is the purpose of the Carranza-Obregon faction to leave the place undefended, or whether a small garrison will be kept there while General Pablo Gonzales and other Carranza forces move north to meet the advance of the Villa columns.

Railroad communication north of Mexico City is interrupted and a band of men, either Zapatistas or ex-federalists, has cut the line from Mexico City to Vera Cruz at San Marcos.

There are rumors at Villa's headquarters, according to one consular dispatch, that Puebla has been occu-

## EASY ADVANCE OF VILLA'S MEN IS SURPRISE TO THE OBSERVERS

Carranza Followers Claim Obregon Is Preparing Surprise for Troops Moving on City of Mexico.

## BLOODLESS VICTORIES OF UNCERTAIN VALUE

Commander of Convention Forces May Find Strong Armies Menacing His Men at Early Date.

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 20.—The Mexican situation became today most puzzling. The Villa troops, flushed by their bloodless victories in occupying Queretaro, dominant position in central Mexico, and by the report that General Obregon was preparing to evacuate Mexico City, asserted their belief that victory had been accomplished by the convention forces.

Merely Obregon's Strategy.  
From the Carranza side, on the contrary, came expressions of belief that some strategical move of surprising result was to be enacted by the troops headed by General Alvaro Obregon, Carranza's military chief. It was pointed out that during the last four years no movement had failed which had been begun in northern Mexico except that of Orozco and that on account of the iron-clad embargo imposed at that time by the United States government.

May Move Into West.  
Obregon, former chief of the western military zone, would move northwest into his own stronghold, while General Pablo Gonzales, the eastern divisional commander, would re-enter his territory in eastern Mexico, it was predicted. This would place General Villa's convention troops, moving en masse, into Mexico City but leaving unprotected their rear.

The relation of the Zapata guerrilla forces of southern Mexico was not explained except that perhaps they might reach the national capital before those of Villa.

60,000 in Villa's Army.  
Villa's agents tonight declared that three strong columns of the division of the north, which they asserted aggregated 60,000 men, were moving: one headed by Villa himself with General Angeles' artillery toward Mexico City; another from Irapuato toward General Raul Madero toward Guadalupe, metropolis of the west coast, with the third headed by General Martiniano Servin from San Luis Potosi toward Tampico, the east coast port still held by the Carranza forces.

Don't Understand It.  
The Villa leaders admittedly have been baffled by the unexpected retreat of the Carranza troops which has been computed to the northern march to Ciudad Juarez of President Benito Juarez, who in the early sixties successfully defended Mexico against the French invasion.

CONDITIONS IN MEXICO ARE MOST CONFUSED

Washington, Nov. 20.—Official advice to the United States government from its agents throughout Mexico today revealed the situation as more confused than it has been in many months. The official telegram summarized events as follows:

General Gutierrez, elected provisional president by the convention at Aguas Calientes, has decided to continue General Francisco Villa in command of all the troops controlled by the convention. Villa has advanced to Irapuato without resistance and American consular agents say he will continue to Queretaro and the vicinity of Mexico City without difficulty.

General Obregon, in the Mexican capital and loyal to Carranza, has formally declared war on General Villa. Unrest and apprehension prevail in Mexico City as the Carranza troops have been evacuating all day. The purpose of the movement is unexplained.

General Obregon will leave the Mexican capital on Saturday. One message said he was going to Salina Cruz, from which point on the west coast it was thought he would move north to Guadalupe and attempt to get into the rear of the Villa forces. Another telegram spoke of his probable departure for Vera Cruz, where it is supposed he will join General Carranza next Monday, formerly to take possession of the city when the American forces under General Funston depart.

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pled by the Zapatista forces, but no confirmation is available.

ALL TRAFFIC TO CAPITAL GUARDED BY BLANCO

Mexico City, Nov. 20.—General Blanco's troops have taken complete possession of all roads leading out of the capital and the lines of troops in the suburbs, facing the front presented by supporters of Zapata, have been strongly reinforced. It is believed that General Lacio Blanco will remain and afford the inhabitants protection from the danger of a raid by the Zapatista adherents.

A meeting of all the generals in the city was held today at the headquarters of General Blanco to discuss the situation.

Vera Cruz, Nov. 20.—The only means of communication with Mexico City today is by wire. Traffic on both the railroads leading from Vera Cruz to the capital has been interrupted.

On the Mexican railroad traffic has been halted on account of the constitutionalists' demands for all rolling stock between Mexico City and Irapuato for the movement of troops, and also because the proximity of rebels renders travel dangerous. Col. Edmundo Martinez, representative of Gen. Candido Aguilar, a Carranza adherent here, indicated that another reason for the suspension was to prevent the entrance to Vera Cruz of passengers who might turn out to be followers of General Villa.

The inter-oceanic, the other line to Mexico City, is being operated only in sections. A stretch of this track beyond San Marcos, is under the control of the ex-federal general, Higinio Aguilar, opposed to Carranza.

Kaiser Decorated by Subject, Amsterdam (via London, Nov. 21, a. m.).—Emperor William has written an autograph letter to Grand Duke Frederick August of Oldenburg, thanking the grand duke for conferring upon him the cross of the Order of Frederick Augustus. "I shall wear it in honor of the brave Oldenburgers, who on every occasion, have performed excellently," the emperor says in his letter.

Summary of War News of Yesterday

Struggle in the great European theater remains centered in the eastern theater where three big battles are being fought. The activity in Belgium and France has lessened, largely because of bad weather conditions and the inundation of considerable area along the Yser in west Flanders.

Poland is the scene of two of the contests in the east and the third is being fought in East Prussia. The combat in the country between the Vistula and Waria rivers is attracting the most attention. It is believed the Germans have massed there at least half a million men, in an endeavor to break the Russian line. The location of the battlefield, and other conditions, favor a decisive conflict. In this battle the Russians claim to have achieved partial success.

The second battle in Poland is being fought on the Cracow-Czestochowa line, and both sides claim they are satisfied with the progress so far made.

Russian advance in East Prussia is moving slowly through the region about the Masurian lakes, a country which is difficult of passage. In this district the Germans have massed strong forces to dispute the Russian advance. The Russians are moving westward in Galicia and claim numerous successes among which are the capture of Wisniez, Gorlice, Dukla and Czoj.

The only serious fighting now taking place on the allied left wing in the western battle ground appears to be south of Ypres, where an artillery duel of considerable violence is progressing. In the Artois region the Germans have made some vigorous attacks, which, according to the French, have been repulsed.

According to official announcement in Berlin, reports received in the German capital from Holland state that in the recent fighting near Rixschote and Dixmude the French lost 20,000 men and 1,500 British were drowned in the Yser canal.

Little news regarding the operations in trans-Caucasia has reached the outside world. The Turkish war effort continues favorably. The Turkish troops, it is said, have been reinforced by Persian tribesmen. It is announced from the Russian headquarters of the army of Caucasus, that Russian warships on November 13, bombarded the port of Khopa, in Turkish Armenia, on the Black sea. The bombardment destroyed the port barracks, blew up the ammunition depot and set the place on fire. The Turks were preparing for an offensive movement from Khopa in the direction of different passes of the Zatchaharek.

It is officially announced in Berlin that according to information from South Africa, 30,000 Boers have attacked near Bloemfontein and that an attack on the town is feared. The garrison there numbers only 500.

An Austrian official communication claims further successes in the Austrian advance into Serbia. Austria's progress is causing uneasiness in Bulgaria as to what the future of the Balkan states will be.

The question of whether Bulgaria should remain neutral or cast her lot with the allies was discussed in the senate on Friday and it was suggested that the allies be asked to declare their intentions regarding the Balkans. Italy has also been affected by Austria's advance and has called her ambassadors home from the European capitals to confer with the cabinet.

Justice for Workers.  
Speaking on industrial justice, Secretary Wilson said there still are extremists who look upon the workmen only as a part of the machinery of the establishment. When a piece of machinery is crowded and breaks down from strain it costs the employer something to repair or replace it. human machine is crowded and declared Mr. Wilson. "When the breaks down from strain it costs nothing to replace it. We contend

that the human machine should be treated differently from inanimate machinery. The human machine is entitled to the same consideration as the human being that is not employed."

Secretary Wilson declared that the labor features in the Clayton anti-trust law are "the greatest steps taken for labor in the last two generations."

"Labor at last," the secretary said, "has been placed where it ought to be, as a part of the community."

"We recognize that the employers have the right to own land, plants and machinery," he said, "but we contend that they do not own the man, and for the first time in the history of this country, labor is declared not to be a commodity or an article of commerce."

In concluding, Secretary Wilson said that he would use every force to promote the welfare of those who toil, that he would use the most effective measures to that end and added that in his experience the most effective help to the conditions of the working people was the trades unions of this country.

RUSSIAN WARSHIPS SHELL TURKISH TOWN

Petrograd, Nov. 20 (via London).—The following official communication from the headquarters of the army of Caucasus was issued last night:

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The port barracks and the customs house were destroyed, the ammunition depot blown up and the place set on fire.

GERMAN STEAMER SLIPS OUT WITH COAL CARGO

Lima, Peru, Nov. 20.—The German steamer Luxor of the Kosmos line with three thousand tons of coal on board, has suddenly left Colonel, Chile, without having received clearance papers. The German steamer Memphis also has secretly left Sandy Point. The Chilean authorities have ordered the capture of the Luxor.

PROSPERITY IS NEAR AT HAND, SAYS SCHWAB

Bethlehem Steel Magnate, Just Back From Europe, Sees Better Times for American Manufacturers.

New York, Nov. 20.—Charles M. Schwab, president of the Bethlehem Steel corporation, who returned from London today on the steamship Adriatic, was a passenger on the outward voyage of the liner Olympic, which rescued the crew of the dreadnaught Audacious, but he declined to discuss the subject until England issued an official statement. He added, however, that insofar as he knew, "none of the passengers was pledged to secrecy."

He denied reports that the Bethlehem Steel corporation had received a contract to build twenty submarines for Great Britain and that he had been made a purchasing agent for England.

"I believe we are near the turning point for a full return of confidence and prosperity in the United States," he said. "We are being favored by the war as is no other nation. As example, Germany normally produces from twelve to fifteen million tons of steel annually, of which eight millions are exported. This is now all off, and the advantage is in our favor."

"What is true of steel is true of other commodities, but it is not the war supply trade alone that is turning the tide. We are recovering from the shock of the war, capital has more confidence, and business is being stimulated. At Bethlehem, sometime back, we were forced partially to suspend operations, but we will soon be in full action again, and we will increase production."

CHANGES REDISCOUNT RATE FOR BOSTON

Washington, Nov. 20.—The federal reserve board tonight announced a change in the rediscount rate for the Boston federal reserve bank on thirty-day paper from 6 per cent, to 5 1/2 per cent putting the Boston bank on the same footing as those in New York and Philadelphia.

This is the first change made since the rates to be charged by all the reserve banks were announced last week.

This rate change was taken here tonight to mean that money is easier in New England and that practically all the first installment of the reserves of the Boston bank are now in its vaults.

Lumber Schooner Wrecked.

Havana, Nov. 20.—The schooner Chesle of Hartsboro, N. S., lumber-laden, from Pascagoula, for Havana, was driven on the beach ten miles west of Havana in a storm tonight. The Cuban gunboat Hatuey saved all the crew.

## MORAL RIGHT OF PROPERTY OPEN TO DOUBT, SAYS WM. B. WILSON

Secretary of Labor Goes on Record Strongly in Favor of Unions, Believing Them Necessary to Country.

## CABINET OFFICER IS EMPHATIC IN VIEWS

Industrial Justice Must Be Had Before Human Rights Can Be Secured to Those Who Work With Hands.

Philadelphia, Nov. 20.—With the exception of a half hour during which Secretary William B. Wilson of the federal department of labor addressed the delegates, the convention of the American Federation of Labor devoted all of today to the consideration of matters pertaining to jurisdictional disputes.

Secretary Wilson in his speech, said there could be no permanent industrial peace that is not based on industrial justice and he also told the delegates that the most effective agency to promote the welfare of those who toil, was the trades unions of the country. He reiterated his declaration, made at the Seattle convention of the federation, that every title to property is a law-created and a law-protected title.

A proposition for creation of a board of mediation and conciliation to be composed of three members to endeavor to adjust jurisdictional differences, was proposed by Vice President O'Connell and provoked a lively discussion with the result that the matter was referred to the executive council of the federation, with instructions to report at the 1915 convention. The purpose of the board of mediation, Mr. O'Connell said, "would be to save the time of the delegates of the convention and to avoid friction and also to give the convention more opportunity to push forward the labor movement."

Conferences are to be arranged within ninety days for the purpose of adjusting disputes between the Brotherhood of Carpenters and the Brotherhood of Painters and the Railway Carmen; Brotherhood of State Workers and kindred crafts; Structural Iron Workers and trades connected with their work.

Introduced "Our Bill," President Gomper's "our bill," and addressing the delegates as "fellow trade unionists," Secretary Wilson said that he had been criticized for certain statements he had made at the federation's convention at Seattle last year and declared that he reaffirmed what he said there.

The secretary said he also had been accused of partisanship in conducting his department.

"If securing justice for those who earn their living by the sweat of their face is partisanship," he exclaimed, "then count me a partisan on the side of the man that labors."

Mr. Wilson in telling of the work of his department, said that in the last year and a half it had handled scores of trade disputes and that all have been settled with the exception of the Peru Marquette strike and strikes at Calumet and in Colorado. The department, he added, takes the stand that the employer and the employee have mutual interest in creating a greater amount of production with a given amount of labor. They differ only as to the share that should go to each and under the method it should be produced. When the employer and the employee reach this stage, he said, then it is the proper thing to sit down and solve the problem.

Accused of Partisanship.  
"The department of labor also has been accused of partisanship," Mr. Wilson continued, "on the theory that in acting as mediator in labor disputes it is performing a judicial function. That is not true. It performs diplomatic functions. There is no more reason why the department of labor should be barred from handling labor disputes in a diplomatic manner than there is for barring the state department from handling international disputes."

"What we want in handling labor disputes is men who are experienced and level-headed and who understand the technicalities involved. In carrying out its work the department takes men who are experienced and have the technical knowledge of the employees' side and also men who are experienced and have the knowledge of the employers' side and sends them out to perform their work."

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## GREAT BATTLES PROGRESSING IN POLAND AND IN EAST PRUSSIA

Two Engagements, Either of Which May Have Decisive Results, and Another Almost as Important.

## ARTILLERY FIGHTS IN WESTERN WAR ZONE

Great Britain Fears Raid by German Fleet on Coast and Is Sowing Mines for Protection.

London, Nov. 20 (9:20 p. m.).—Two big battles, either of which may have decisive results, are being fought in Poland, and a third conflict, of almost equal importance, is progressing in East Prussia.

Of the three battles, that which is now at its height between the Vistula and Waria rivers, and in which the Russians tonight claim partial success, is exciting the greatest interest. The Germans, it is believed, have brought up by their line of strategic railways in Posen and Silesia at least half a million men in an effort to break the Russian line at this point.

Weather conditions, the frozen ground and the situation of the battlefield make for a battle decisive to a degree not equalled on any other field in the present war.

Both Sides Suffering.  
The other battle in Poland is taking place on the Cracow-Czestochowa front, and both the Prussians and Germans claim it is proceeding satisfactorily for them. In East Prussia the Russian advance is moving slowly through the country surrounding the Masurian lakes, which is difficult of passage. In Galicia the Russians are moving steadily westward and at the same time are seizing the passes of the Carpathians.

There is now almost a complete absence of the infantry attacks in the western arena and the artillery fighting is of much less violence. All that region about Dixmude through which the Yser canal passes is inundated

## AUCTION SALE HIGH GRADE JEWELRY AFTERNOON AND EVENING DODD & DENHOF

## CLEAN COAL REPLY OF BANK OF ENGLAND MAY BE FAVORABLE

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AZTEC FUEL  
COMPANY  
Phone 251

Russian ships appeared twenty-five miles off Chesapeake light house, at the mouth of Chesapeake harbor. The Goeben made no immediate alteration in her course, nor did she open fire at once.

The Russian fleet steamed in battle formation, bringing the Goeben between them and the coast. The Russian flagship, the Sevastopol, immediately opened a broadside with her 12-inch guns, hitting the Goeben's upper deck, and setting the ship on fire in several places. The Goeben replied, but in spite of the short range "forty cable length," her shots resulted in no serious damage to the Sevastopol.

The Goeben fired no shots at the other Russian ships, which then came into action. It was apparent that the Goeben's upper works and one funnel were badly damaged before she drew off.

While turning to pursue the Goeben, the Sevastopol landed several shells on the Turkish boat, evidently crippling the main turret as her fire ceased.

The Dresden took no part in the fighting, standing a long way off during the battle.

### PRIZEMEN, NEAR PALA KAYS PETROGRAD NEWS

Paris, Nov. 20 (6:35 p. m.).—A dispatch to the Havas Agency from Petrograd, says:

"It is announced here that the siege of Przemska appears to be rapidly approaching its end. The trenches surrounding the fortifications are in possession of the Russian troops. Many of the trenches are filled with lime, confirming statements of prisoners that cholera is raging in the garrison of Przemska."

### HEAVY SNOW HALTS MILITARY OPERATIONS

Vienna, Nov. 20.—The following official communication was issued tonight:

In the southern war theater there have been partial battles on our entire front. Our attacks are progressing favorably. Yesterday we captured seven officers and 660 men.

The weather is unfavorable. There is one meter (about three feet) of snow on the heights. The flat country is inundated.

### JAP AND BRITISH FLEET IN PACIFIC

San Diego, Calif., Nov. 20.—That a number of British, Australian and Japanese warships are mobilizing off the coast of Lower California, was the word brought to this port today by Captain Robert Israel, of the ocean-going launch Nonsuch.

According to Israel, two warships, the British protected cruiser New Castle and the Japanese armored cruiser Idzumo, were coasted off the Golden Gate islands last Tuesday by the blue funnel liner Proteus and another commodore merchant vessel.

The other warships, whose names and nationalities he could not learn, were sighted by Israel on his way up the coast. Both were south bound. An unidentified foreign ship passed this port today fifteen miles off shore, also south bound.

### BEST TROOPS USED TO FIGHT RUSSIANS

London, Nov. 21 (1:50 a. m.).—The Morning Post's Petrograd correspondent says:

In the new invasion of Poland the Germans are using their finest troops and depending for the first time in the eastern campaign on machine instead of machinery.

As far as we know the Russians will continue to retire until the place fixed upon by Grand Duke Nicholas, commander-in-chief, for the final effort is reached. Meanwhile the Germans are engaged in enormous military engineering works to defend Berlin, fifty miles east of the capital at Kustrin, where the Warthe flows into the Oder.

### FRANCIS J. HENEY IS REPEATING CHARGES

Oakland, Calif., Nov. 20.—At a meeting here tonight that attracted a huge crowd, Francis J. Heney elaborated charges he made in his recent campaign as the progressive candidate for United States senator that election frauds and political graft have been flourishing in this city.

Conditions now existing in Oakland were declared by Heney to be analogous to conditions that prevailed in San Francisco just before the commencement of that city's famous graft prosecution in which Heney gained a national-wide prominence.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days.  
Danzon's refund money if PAIN, ITCHING, BLEEDING or PROTRUDING PILES. Free application gives relief. 50c.

## DAYTON PLAN IS DECLARED TO BE A BIG SUCCESS

Commission-Manager Form of  
Municipal Government Re-  
ceives High Praise From  
Head of Ohio City.

Baltimore, Md., Nov. 20.—"The Commission-Manager Plan of Government in the Light of Experience," was discussed by Henry M. Walte, city manager of Dayton, O., at today's session of the National Municipal League. He declared this new form of city government was a success, and in answer to his own question as to whether it could be a permanent success, he said:

"Its permanency depends upon intelligent citizenship, and their continued determination to keep partisan politics out of municipal affairs." The Dayton plan of five commissioners at large and non-partisan, had resulted in the election of sound business men, he said. They selected the manager, and the latter selected the directors of the five departments—law, finance, welfare, service and safety.

"I cannot tell you the political faith of the commissioners or the directors," he said. "They are selected for their ability."

"In our finance department," he continued, "our new accounting system is the same as would be found in any large business. Our budget is scientific. Every month the head of each department receives a complete financial statement which shows the original allowance, expenditures and balance in each account. We keep our expenditures inside our allowance."

"In August, we found that our estimated revenues were too high. With our system of accounting and budget, we were enabled, in two days, to reduce expenditures \$45,000, and reorganize all work accordingly."

He told how police women were aiding in the handling of women delinquents and domestic troubles; how the fire department was continually making house to house inspections to reduce the fire hazard; how duplication of effort had been saved by combining all philanthropic and city nursing into the welfare department; how citizens had "turned 400 dirty spots into 400 gardens;" and numerous other steps in city improvements.

"These new forms of municipal government have many ups and downs ahead of them," he said. "Our duty is to educate the people to appreciate these new forms of government we have called into being."

"Publicity must be given to the results obtained by the new government. We must obtain an efficient citizenship. Interest should be maintained through the schools. We need fewer elections, longer terms, and thereby greater efficiency."

### NATIONAL GRANGE TO MEET IN CALIFORNIA

Wilmington, Del., Nov. 20.—Oakland or Sacramento will set the 1915 convention of the National Grange. The delegates to the convention have fixed the date as the second Wednesday in November, but left the choice of either one or the other of the two California cities to the executive committee.

The National Grange went on record at the closing session of its forty-eighth annual convention today as favoring farm credit legislation, a government-owned merchant marine, government ownership of the telephone and telegraph systems and pure food legislation.

## TO PROMOTE TRADE WITH LATIN AMERICA

Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 20.—As a preliminary step in the campaign to promote trade between the United States and Central and South America, the first international trade conference of the Mississippi valley and central west today authorized organization of a banking corporation to further exchange of credits, and a co-operative trading company for the exchange of commodities.

The proposed banking corporation will be financed by merchants and manufacturers of the seventeen southern and central western states represented at the conference. The amount of its capital will be determined by an executive committee to be appointed by Edward E. Gore of Chicago, chairman of the conference, which closed tonight.

## MURDER OF WITNESS COST ONLY \$1,000

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 20.—The murder of Lum Long, a federal witness cost \$1,000 and Frank H. Tape, former interpreter in the Seattle immigration office, agreed in writing to pay the bill, Clay Allen, United States district attorney, told a jury here today.

"China Dan," Mr. Allen said, was to do the killing. That Lum Long died September 26 is beyond dispute, and now Tape, with Victor M. Place, his attorney, "China Dan" and Chin Kim are on trial for conspiracy to intimidate witnesses in the government's case against Tape for alleged smuggling of Chinese into this country.

## PEOPLE DECIDE 12 SHALL PAY DEATH PENALTY

Phoenix, Ariz., Nov. 20.—Complete official returns from the recent election show that Arizona defeated the initiative measure abolishing the death penalty. Twelve men under sentence of death who were replaced by Governor Hunt so that the people might decide their fates must therefore hang.

The vote on the measure was: Yeas, 18,181; nays, 15,529, causing its defeat by 1,145 votes.

Until returns came from the last counties today the result was in doubt. Governor Hunt, it is understood, will reprieve the convicted men until after Christmas and then scatter the dates of execution in order to avoid having a "hanging bee." Eleven of the condemned men were replaced until December 19.

Saved From Prairie Fire.  
Boulder, Colo., Nov. 20.—Federal troops armed with wet gunny sacks, this afternoon, saved the town of Superior from threatened destruction from a prairie fire. Fanned by a strong wind the blaze was sweeping toward the little mining camp when the soldiers attacked it. The fire was extinguished after eighty acres had been burned over. The loss was slight.

Oklahoma Bank Robbed.  
Wardville, Okla., Nov. 20.—Two masked men robbed the Citizens' bank of Wardville this afternoon, securing \$700. E. G. Armstrong, cashier, who was alone in the bank, was locked in the vault, but succeeded in opening the door after an hour. Citizens saw the two strange men leave town on horseback. Poses are in pursuit.

Fires Campaign Expenses.  
Jefferson City, Mo., Nov. 20.—William J. Stone, re-elected to the United States senate, tonight filed a statement of his campaign, asserting he spent \$2,150.08.

## GEN. BLANCO NOW IN COMMAND OF CITY OF MEXICO

Assurances Are Given That  
Lives and Property Are  
Safe; Anarchy Reigns as  
Obregon's Troops Leave.

Mexico City, Nov. 21.—General Llanos Blanco said last night that the lives and property of the inhabitants of the capital both foreigners and Mexicans are safe. This assertion was made after the general had been visited by John Silliman, President Wilson's personal representative, and the minister from Brazil, who complained that the city was in a state of fright due to the appropriation of cash horses and automobiles by soldiers who were departing for the front.

"I have 22,000 soldiers, some of whom are now fighting near Xochimilco and other suburbs," General Blanco said. "This city will not be sacked, nor will the inhabitants, foreign or Mexican, be endangered."

General Robelo, chief of police, in a statement last night relative to the situation here, said:

"The fright which possessed the inhabitants of the city today was unwarranted. It was unnecessary to close shops and desert the streets. It is true that soldiers and police stopped cars and unhooked the horses for war purposes, but that is done in all countries in times of stress. Commercial houses may again respect with safety."

The military commander said it was not intended to stop public vehicles in the street and confiscate the horses, but to get the animals from the stables. He said that although all car traffic was stopped in the city yesterday it would be resumed today with horses that are left.

The commander explained that the volley firing which alarmed the city early last night was due to indiscriminate shooting by soldiers from car windows and car roofs as they were leaving the railway station. By this method they expressed their joy at leaving for the front.

### NO EARLY TRAIN SERVICE WITH NATIONAL CAPITAL

Vera Cruz, Nov. 20.—There appears no likelihood of an early resumption of traffic between Vera Cruz and Mexico City. So far as is known here the Mexican railway has not been cut, but a considerable stretch of the Inter-oceanic line has been destroyed. Local trains from intermediate points arrived here tonight, filled with refugees.

Excitement was caused here today by the circulation of a hand bill which said that since Gen. Francisco Villa's men proposed to prevent the occupation of the city the day the Americans leave, it was earnestly urged that non-combatants keep off the streets. It was added that this inconvenience probably would not last more than twenty-four hours, as it was expected in that time the constitutionalists would be able to secure reinforcements to make certain their tenure of the port. The police claim they are daily obtaining evidence tending to show that republicans are planned by the constitutionalists. From one prisoner today they say they obtained a detailed list of houses that are to be searched.

Through W. W. Canada, the American consul, the consuls of Cuba, Spain, France and Great Britain have asked the United States "what effective measures are being taken to protect the lives and property of foreigners in Vera Cruz?"

The consuls explained that they had

## no information to show that the Mexican government would be able to enforce the guarantees given to it.

## HELD FOR TRIAL, BUT MERCY IS SUGGESTED

San Francisco, Nov. 20.—Although a coroner's jury found today that Joseph Llanos had killed George E. Gray, of the firm of Gray Brothers, quarrymen and contractors, and had him for trial, it asserted that his crime had been committed under "extreme provocation," and recommended special consideration of the "justifiability of the crime." Llanos shot Gray to death last night because he could not collect wages due him while his wife and children were starving.

Testimony at the inquest revealed that there were on file in the office of the state labor commissioner and the San Francisco district attorney more than 100 claims against Gray Brothers for wages. The jury deplored the failure of a law passed by the last legislature, which was intended to safeguard wages of workmen, and urged that the incoming legislature remedy the situation.

Harry N. Gray, the surviving member of the firm, was cited today for contempt of court in refusing to turn over the murdered man's property to his nephew, appointed executor of the estate, which is estimated at \$400,000.

## "MUCKIE" McDONALD ON WITNESS STAND

Boulder, Mont., Nov. 20.—Michael McDonald, head of the miners' faction that succeeded the Western Federation of Miners, today evinced his trial and that of two associates, Joseph Broderick and Joseph Shannon, charged with kidnapping, by testifying how he "got tipsy" when he was a spectator at the trial held for a vacant lot in Butte previously to the deportation of three miners and how he went to a nearby saloon for a drink. When he returned, he said, "the muck" had assembled all around the three men who later were deported and he climbed upon a piano box and pleaded with the crowd not to deport the men.

McDonald died when the troops came to Butte because he feared for his life, he testified. He said he had been receiving twenty-five letters a day threatening his life. He knew the militia of Colorado, he testified, and he declared the soldiers there had shot down women and children.

McDonald admitted that in public speeches he had notified the sheriff that if an attempt was made to arrest him, murder would follow.

## MYSTERIOUS "J. C. R." IS IDENTIFIED ONE MORE

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 20.—Mrs. Harriet E. Pitkin, who claims to have kidnapped the mysterious "J. C. R." from a sanitarium and to have identified him as Jay A. Caldwell, owner of a large estate in North Dakota, failed this afternoon to convince the chief of the St. Louis detective force that the man she introduced as Caldwell is really that man.

Mrs. Pitkin, a year ago, it is said, identified the same man as her son, Earl W. Isles, who had been missing for several years. She now says she so identified the man in order to keep him with her, though she knew he was not her son.

Professor Fells Dead.  
Chicago, Nov. 20.—Professor Frederick Camille Lescar, 60, died of heart disease today after he had given a humorous recitation at an entertainment by the senior girls at the Hyde Park high school.

Packers to Keep Franchise.  
Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 20.—This city will retain its franchise in the Federal league in 1915, James A. Gilmore, president of the league, said tonight, after a conference with the directors of the local club.

## Six Thousand Mile Motorboat Race to End at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition



Scene on the Exposition Yacht Harbor on San Francisco Bay Months Before the Great Fair Opens.

TAKE New York to San Francisco Cruising Power Boat Race for a prize of \$10,000, offered by the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, starts at Sea Gate, New York, from the Atlantic Yacht club on Oct. 1, 1915, and finishes at the Exposition Yacht Harbor on the Exposition grounds in San Francisco. It is the most important event in the history of motorboat racing. The course is laid from New York to Charleston, S. C.; to Key West, around the western end of Cuba and on through the Caribbean sea to Colon, passing through the Panama canal to Panama northward to

Corinto, Nicaragua; to Salina Cruz, Mexico; to San Pedro, Cal., and ends in San Francisco bay. The finish of the great race is timed to occur during the splendid International Yachting Regatta to be held there, and several hundred thousand spectators will crowd the finish as the contestants

dash in through the Golden Gate past the wonderful City of Palaces that has grown there to receive the honors, due the winners and the losers of the most spectacular race of its kind ever run. San Francisco bay is one of the finest harbors in the world and by many it is considered to be the most beautiful.

It is ideal for yachting and boating, being protected on the ocean side by high hills and Mount Tamalpais, the only opening being the Golden Gate. The Exposition Yacht Harbor offers safe anchorage for yachts and power boats and is itself within the Exposition grounds.

## JAFFA'S

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that we have been able to  
accumulate in years.

We want your order for  
your Turkey. We will  
have freshly killed Kan-  
sas stock. Our prices  
will be right.

We Have for Today—

California Green Beans.  
California Wax Beans.  
California Lima Beans.  
California Head Lettuce.  
California Mangoes.  
California Green Chili.  
California Strawberries.

Milwaukee Liver Sausage.  
Milwaukee Head Cheese.  
Milwaukee Cervelat and  
Salami.  
All kinds of fresh soft  
cheese.

Sweet Apple Cider.  
Golden Pie Pumpkins.  
Fine Bright Red Apples.

Good, pure, wholesome  
Mince Meat.  
Three brands of Plum Pod-  
ding.  
Punch Sauce.

Junbo Cranberries—every  
one good.  
Fruit Cake, both light and  
dark.

## BAKERY DEPARTMENT

Two kinds Fruit Cake.  
Angel Food.  
Moca Cakes.  
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Tyrolian Slices.  
Whipped Cream Puffs.  
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"Good Things to Eat"  
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The biggest values ever of-  
fered in Enameled Ware to-  
day. The Leader.

# What's New in New Mexico

## WESTERN STATES ALL INVOLVED IN LAND QUESTION

Ervein and Renehan Leave for Washington on Matter of Utmost Importance to Entire Southwest.

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL) Santa Fe, Nov. 20.—Land Commissioner R. P. Ervein, Attorney Aloys H. Renehan, just elected to the legislative house, and Attorney M. J. McGinness of the state land department, will leave next week on a trip of great importance not only to New Mexico but to the entire west, for it involves the question of jurisdiction of the federal land office over school sections granted the states by act of congress. In fact, Colorado and Utah will join New Mexico in the presentation of the case to Secretary of the Interior Lane. The case is so far-reaching that Engineer James A. French may also go to Washington and an effort is being made to induce Governor McDonald to go also.

United States Senator A. B. Fall will probably make the main argument for New Mexico and the attorney general of Utah for that state, while it is not yet determined who will represent Colorado.

**Issue at Stake.** The issue at stake is whether the federal land department retains jurisdiction over the school sections as far as determining whether they are of mineral character and therefore exempt from segregation, or whether the question of the mineral or non-mineral character of the land is for the courts to determine.

The state has maintained that the courts and not the land office have jurisdiction, relying on a clause in the enabling act to that effect, but in a test case, involving a school land section near Cerrillos, Santa Fe county, the Santa Fe land office decided against the state. On appeal, the general land office upheld the decision of the Santa Fe land receiver and ruled against the state.

**Utah and Colorado Interested.** The New Mexico state land department thereupon appealed to the secretary of the interior. A test case from Utah reached the secretary of the interior about the same time, but Utah's case is not nearly as strong because its enabling act granting public lands to the state, does not contain the clause that disputes involving the lands should be referred to the courts.

Colorado has been invited to make an appearance in the matter, as its school sections may become involved in a similar controversy.

Should the decision be adverse to the state, that a final appeal will be taken to the supreme court of the District of Columbia, which has exclusive jurisdiction of an appeal of this kind.

Other land matters of much importance to New Mexico are to be taken up at the same time in the national capital by the New Mexico delegation. At Chicago also, matters affecting colonization and reclamation of state lands will be discussed with railroad officials and capitalists.

**PETITION FOR SWITCH RECEIVED BY COMMISSION** (SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL) Santa Fe, Nov. 20.—The state corporation commission today received a petition for the installation of a switch at Bernardo, Socorro county. A request has been sent Superintendent Bristol of the A. T. & S. F. R., asking whether the petition will be granted and if not, why not.

The commission today secured a fund of \$24 for the burning football team, on account of transportation paid from Clifton to Lordsburg on the Atchafalaya and New Mexico railroad. The conductor on the train had collected \$26.25 from the party of fifteen, including 70 cents per head extra for train fare, when the party rate should have been only \$22.25.

**Interstate Organization.** The state corporation commission will join with the railroad and corporation commissioners of other intermountain states in organizing an intermountain association which will meet for temporary organization at Chicago on December 6.

**Boundary Record Grows.** Santa Fe, Nov. 20.—The New Mexico-Texas boundary commission is again in session at El Paso adding rapidly to the 4,000 pages of typewritten testimony already taken on the meanderings of the Rio Grande river the past seven years. Sessions are to be held daily until January 1. Attorney General, Frank M. Cheney, represents New Mexico; Charles C. R. Baker for Texas; W. R. Roberts, attorney general, represents Texas and is assisted by C. W. Taylor and W. W. Turner. New Mexico's testimony is all in and Texas witnesses are now being heard. New Mexico, however, will call a number of witnesses in rebuttal.

**Cattle Men Organize.** Santa Fe, Nov. 20.—Luna county cattle men, following the example of those of the adjoining county of Grant, this week organized an association which will make it its especial business to prosecute cattle rustlers. Since the mounted police were abolished, cattle rustling has increased greatly in New Mexico and Luna county has been a great sufferer. A fund has been created to reward those who help to convict rustlers and the association will employ expert legal help to prosecute rustlers.

## NEW MEXICO TO HAVE SPECIAL ATTENTION IN REPORT OF SECRETARY

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL) Santa Fe, Nov. 20.—New Mexico is to receive some attention in the annual report of the secretary of the interior. There will be special reference to the settling up of the public lands as well as to reclamation and irrigation projects. The impression that all of the public lands have been taken up is to be controverted by pointing to the more than 30,000,000 acres still available in New Mexico alone, an area exceeding that of New York and Pennsylvania. It will be shown that since March 4, 1912, when President Wilson went into office, 26,000,000 acres have been filed upon by settlers, an area equal to that of Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Hampshire and New Jersey combined. At the same time, almost 20,000,000 acres have been examined in detail, in forty-acre tracts by the geological survey for coal, oil and other minerals. Most of it has been made available for entry under one or the other forms of filing, only a small area being withdrawn because of its oil or phosphate deposits.

The secretary of the interior has since taking office only a little over a year ago, classified and designated for entry under the "enlarged" or 320-acre homestead act, 34,000,000 acres. The report is to have a series of maps of the twelve remaining public land states, showing in graphic form the areas withdrawn from entry the past year, the areas restored, the designations under the enlarged homestead act and the area filed upon by settlers. These twelve states are New Mexico, Arizona, Colorado, Utah, Wyoming, Idaho, Washington, Oregon, North Dakota, California and Nevada.

## BIG SANITARIUM FOR CONSUMPTIVES NEAR SANTA FE IS LIKELY

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL) Santa Fe, Nov. 20.—The project to establish a big sanitarium for consumptives on the beautiful Jones ranch and orchard, just outside of the city limits on the Santa Fe river, covering the historic ground on which the army of De Vargas camped the day before retaking the city from the Indians, has been revived and given new impetus by the Sierra Infr. & Sanitarium Co., organized by Dr. J. H. Sloan, who is to be the medical director and was several times mayor of Santa Fe; Secretary of State Antonio Lucero, Hon. Aloys H. Renehan, a member of the legislature; ex-Santa Fe Treasurer J. H. Vaughn, now manager of the Santa Fe Bank & Trust Co.; ex-Governor Miguel A. Gero, Col. C. W. Priehard and Col. W. A. Fleming Jones of Las Cruces, who also heads the Alameda Realty & Investment Co., which recently decided to open offices in Santa Fe and will finance the sanitarium proposition.

Dr. Sloan lays claim to the honor of having opened the first tent city for the cure of consumptives in New Mexico in 1892, in Santa Clara canyon, and later on his Glorieta ranch on Cerrillos road.

## WOMAN'S LOBBY WILL BE MUCH IN EVIDENCE AT NEXT LEGISLATURE

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL) Santa Fe, Nov. 20.—A woman's lobby will be maintained at Santa Fe during the legislature. New Mexico's women will have a paid representative who will be on the ground all the time and the legislators will not put anything over on the women this time.

The Santa Fe Women's club at its meeting, voted to pay its share for paying a representative who will see to it that legislation is introduced and that it is not pigeonholed embodying the demands of the federated women of the state. There are such little matters as community property rights, and most important of all, representation of women on such boards as govern institutions which women attend either voluntarily or involuntarily.

There is to be a woman, at least one, and possibly more, on the penitentiary and insane asylum boards, the boards of the normal schools and other educational institutions, if the ladies have their way.

**Here 'ing on Inspection Trip.** Santa Fe, Nov. 20.—Adj. Gen. Harry T. Herring leaves tomorrow, accompanied by Mrs. Herring, an important inspection tour which will include the national guard organization at Clovis, Portales, Artes, Silver City, Las Cruces and other points. The inspection is preliminary to the federal inspection next spring. The adjutant general and Mrs. Herring will return to Santa Fe on December 10.

**Simpson in Santa Fe.** Santa Fe, Nov. 20.—General Advising Agent W. H. Simpson of the Santa Fe, arrived today from Chicago and was the guest of the Santa Fe club this evening. Tomorrow morning, accompanied by City Agent H. S. Lutz, he will go to the Baluarte park, where as guest of Mr. and Mrs. Noble Pond, he will view the prehistoric cave, cliff and communal dwellings with a view of featuring them in the Santa Fe advertising literature.

Agnes Fair will speak on the "Woman of Tomorrow" at Central avenue and Second street, this evening at 7:30 o'clock. Miss Fair says most men think they know a great deal about women but she can prove they have another thing coming.

**Don't fail to come to our store today and take advantage of the big specials. The Leader.**

## CAPITAL CITY PLANS MUNICIPAL CHRISTMAS TREE

Plaza to Be Made Veritable Fairyland With Myriad Electric Lights; All Kiddies to Be Happy.

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL) Santa Fe, Nov. 20.—A municipal Christmas tree, in one of the innovations in store for Santa Fe. It is to be planted in the Plaza and to be surrounded with electric lights and festoons of presents.

Los Angeles had such a tree in its Central park last year and so did other cities. The idea proved so appropriate and so popular that there will be hundreds of cities this year that will have Christmas trees. Santa Fe will be one of these, the Santa Fe Woman's club has so decided and placed the arrangements in the hands of Miss Jesse W. March, which means that the Christmas tree will be some affair.

It is to be a native tree, cut in the Santa Fe mountains, and it will tower higher than the monument in the Plaza and as its lights twinkle down upon the Palace of the Governors, Santa Fe's children will rub their eyes in wonderment for the tree will be for the poor little rich girl as well as for the really poor little girl with whom the many poor rich girls may have the opportunity of sharing their presents.

The Woman's club also endorsed the sale of the Red Cross Christmas stamps to aid the anti-tuberculosis crusade.

## RETURNS FROM ALL BUT ONE PRECINCT NOW IN

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL) Santa Fe, Nov. 20.—Cuchillo Sierra county, is the only precinct missing in the official canvass. Its vote can hardly total thirty. Without that precinct, the plurality of Hernandez for congress is 1,015; that of Williams for corporation commissioner, 2,251. The majority in favor of the first amendment is 3,191; in favor of the second amendment, 3,904; the third amendment, 5,902.

The Sierra county vote, with Cuchillo missing is: Hernandez, 290; Ferguson, 345; Wilson, 1; Metcalf, 15; Williams, 234; Hill, 221; Metcalf, 16; Welch, 16. For first amendment, 128; against, 140. For second amendment, 163; against, 178. For third amendment, 99; against, 345.

The San Juan county vote completed today is: Hernandez, 286; Ferguson, 439; Wilson, 38; Metcalf, 13; Williams, 296; Hill, 420; Metcalf, 35; Welch, 11. For first amendment 553; against, 63. For second amendment, 556; against, 63. For third amendment, 426; against, 151.

**GAME WARDEN BADGES ARE REPORTED LOST** (SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL) Santa Fe, Nov. 20.—The badges of three deputy game wardens in the Mogollon district are reported to have been lost to the game warden's office. The badges are the only marks of identification of the deputies and any one finding them might impermissibly find them.

The game warden is therefore planning for next year and additional identification mark in the form of a card commission which the deputy is to carry with him, the card to be similar to the card commission carried by many federal officers.

Another innovation is to be a hunting license mounted on canvas, similar to those issued for Colorado, as the present paper licenses were cut too easily. Attached to each license is to be a permit for shipping game, so perforated that it can be detached by the carrier. A federal permit to ship game are to be charged for in addition to the price of the license.

**Charged With Burglarizing Saloon.** Santa Fe, Nov. 20.—Fred Anderson, a colored man, was arrested today on the charge of burglarizing the Bank saloon early this morning and tapping the till for \$39. Entrance was gained by forcing an iron bar of one of the windows of a rear room. A hole was then cut in a panel of a door, through which the burglar reached in, lifted the latch and opened the door.

**Alleged Deserters Charged.** Santa Fe, Nov. 20.—Charged with desertion from the Thirteenth cavalry at Columbus, Luna county, Fred Combs and C. Schille were arrested while walking the ties on the Santa Fe railroad. The arrest was made by plain clothes men and the men were taken to the military authorities at Fort Bliss to be court-martialed.

**Smallpox Attacks Laborers.** Santa Fe, Nov. 20.—Members of the steel gang of the reclamation service at work on the diversion canal near Mesquite, Dona Ana county, are down with smallpox and have been quarantined.

**Governor Appoints Notaries.** Santa Fe, Nov. 20.—Governor McDonald today appointed the following notaries public: Emeterio Montoya, Jemez, Sandoval county; Fred L. Hammond, Kelly, Socorro county.

## TRADE TREATY WITH UNCLE SAM WORRIES RUSSIA

Czar's Subjects Can't Understand Why We Don't Come Across in a Big Hurry in Present Situation.

(Associated Press Correspondence.) Petrograd, Oct. 25.—Failure of the United States to enter into immediate negotiations for a new trade treaty with Russia is causing considerable surprise in Petrograd.

When more than a month ago officials here understood that preliminary steps would be taken by the United States to sound the Russian foreign office on the subject of trade relations and ascertain whether proposals pointing toward the formulation of a new treaty would be welcome, the minister of foreign affairs took the view that Russia stood ready to receive such proposals and that they would be received in the most friendly spirit by the Russian government which was anxious to extend the commercial relations with America.

In the foreign office here it was taken for granted that this would be the preface of immediate action by the United States. According to information from the foreign office, the terms of the new treaty have not been discussed, but it was suggested that these would be most favorable to the United States.

"As evidence of our faith," said M. Sazonoff, minister of foreign affairs, "we are already allowing America the commercial privilege enjoyed by those countries whose treaties with us contain the most favored nation clause. America has an unparalleled opportunity. Russia offers a wide field for the particular kinds of products, such as machinery, medical apparatus, electrical supplies, etc., in which America specializes. The field is lost to Germany. Russia herself cannot hope at once to develop the resources and technical skill necessary to supply these necessities. France and England can help, but they have not the same qualifications as America, which is especially adapted to supplying the Russian market."

"We wait with interest," with great interest, the proposals of the United States. Until these are made, our attitude cannot be more than one of friendly receptivity. Meanwhile, however, there is no reason why American exports to Russia should not be increased without waiting for the treaty to crystallize. It will come eventually, we hope, but it is not essential as a basis for trading. Without the formal signing of a treaty, we are willing to offer every reasonable inducement and encouragement to American merchants. The American exports to this country could be increased ten fold. If the magnitude of the present opportunity was realized in America there would be no hesitation."

It is pretty well agreed in Russia that whatever the results of the war, the German monopoly of commercial and technical activity is ended and at the same time it is realized that Russia herself is incapable of furnishing the agricultural machinery and equipment for one-sixth of the habitable globe.

Russian business men argue that France is partly an agricultural and banking people, that England produces a high grade of articles which Russia does not require and that England is too conservative to adapt herself to new or unusual requirements. Thus by a process of elimination, the consensus of opinion is that America is the country which must step into the breach left by the Germans. This conclusion is further strengthened by the analogy between America and Russia in territory and variety of climate. That is to say, the kind of machinery required by conditions in America is similar to that needed by Russia, America is, in addition, an industrial country.

This assertion has not been without results. Recently a Russian-American company has been organized in Petrograd to stimulate commerce between the two countries and from America there has come a list of articles which could be supplied. These tally exactly with the articles of which Russia is in immediate need.

## BIG MINING COMPANY APPLIES FOR CHARTER

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL) Silver City, N. M., Nov. 20.—The incorporation this week at Santa Fe of the B. V. Mining company, a \$250,000 corporation, means the early development of the Silver Hill mine in the Pinos Altos district, nine miles from this city.

During the past few months some very rich gold strikes have been made in the Pinos Altos camp and these have resulted in a number of companies being organized for the reopening and development of properties in that camp that have long been dormant.

The Silver Hill mine is expected to become a producer of considerable importance within a few weeks.

**Get Rid of That Miserable Feeling.** You may learn something from the experience of Mrs. William Trout. Mrs. Trout, who was sick for a long time from a badly disordered stomach, "I felt miserable all of the time," she writes. "A friend advised me to take Chamberlain's Tablets. I did so and my appetite improved and I gained rapidly in health." For sale by all dealers.

**First quality Cups and Saucers on sale tonight at seventy-three; for cup and saucer 5c. The Leader.**

## HIGHBROW MUST BE ELIMINATED, SAYS COMMITTEE

Reform Political Organizations Must Come Down to Earth if Anything Substantial is to Be Accomplished.

(Associated Press Correspondence.) Baltimore, Nov. 20.—Political reform organizations must "come down to earth," they must remove "the sign of the high-brow" and substitute the "dollar mark," which alone apparently is sufficiently potent to be effective," according to a report to the National Municipal league today by its committee on plan of political organization.

The committee has not completed its work, and the report is described as only an "interlocutory expression." It was prepared by the chairman, A. Leo Weil, president of the Voters' League of Pittsburgh.

In part the report is as follows: "A plan of political organization which relies for its support upon that class who have reached the elevation where they look down upon selfishness and are moved solely by altruistic considerations, must fail. The number is too limited."

"It will not do for the so-called 'high brow' to inveigh against the complacency of the average citizen. This gets him nowhere. It will not do to assume that all voters were corruptly influenced when they support political factions. This presupposes the preponderance of corruption. The trouble is, perhaps, that while the one form of organization follows the natural instincts of man, the other ignores them and relies upon a conception of citizenship as appeals only to the idealists, the theorists, the purists and the dreamers."

A plan of political organization, to succeed in securing the following result to win at the polls, must be built upon the massing of human action, to wit: self-interest. Your committee believes that it can be demonstrated, except where the contest is purely personal, between men, not measures, that in the campaign for good government, as contrasted with the machine government, the selfish interests of the citizen are at stake. Too much stress is laid upon patriotism, civic pride and the like, and too little upon what the continuance of poor government or institution of good, means to the purse and the person of the individual citizen."

There was much justification, the report continued, in the charge that a large number of those who were found among the reformers, so-called, did not qualify by registration or other legal formality to exercise the rights of citizenship, "the mere voice of civic obligation not being loud enough to call them from their personal pursuits to the performance of their public obligations."

A general awakening was going on, however, and there was an ever increasing number who wanted good government out of purely selfish motives.

As to the financing of such political organizations the report noted the Cleveland plan, and urged that it might be followed by other cities. "In the city of Cleveland the president of a large trust company conceived the idea of getting some of its citizens of wealth to provide in their will for bequests to foundation, devoted to the city's welfare, and a large amount, running up into millions, has already been thus incorporated in such wills. The money, of course, will be available only upon the death of the benefactors. Some of these amounts, however, have already become available through death, and in consequence an organization is being effected in that city having for its purpose the general welfare of the city."

The report concluded with the committee's appeal for suggestions as to how best to show that good government means personal good to the individual.

"How to inform the community that good government is a selfish proposition, not an altruistic dream."

"How to remove from such organizations the sign of the 'high-brow' and substitute the 'dollar mark,' which, alone, apparently, is sufficiently potent to be effective."

"How to bring such organizations down to earth where they will appeal to inhabitants thereof."

## GENERAL SALAZAR IS RELEASED FROM JAIL

(Continued From Page One.) Fort Bliss, Tex., to be tried in the United States district court on the charge of perjury. His trial was set for November 30.

Salazar was taken to Fort Bliss at the time the Mexican soldiers entered at Fort Wingate, N. M., were released and allowed to return to Mexico. The story was circulated among intimates that Salazar had a large amount of money, but this was not verified.

The perjury charge was based on statements attributed to Salazar in his attempt to obtain release from Fort Wingate through habeas corpus proceedings.

**No Traces of Auto Driver.** The police said early this morning that they had been unable to learn who drove the automobile that carried Salazar's rescuers away from the jail. Neither could they ascertain that any busy had been noted at any of the livery stables by men answering the description given by Arnho.

Whether Salazar would attempt to cross the Mexican border was considered doubtful in view of General Villa's reported hostility toward him. However, United States Marshal A. H. Mudgett wired the military authorities, directing the border patrol to be on the watch. The police of border cities also were notified.

## BETTS IS APPOINTED TO BOARD OF REGENTS OF SILVER CITY NORMAL

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL) Silver City, N. M., Nov. 20.—H. H. Betts of this city, has been appointed a member of the board of regents of the New Mexico Normal school in this city, succeeding Mrs. T. G. Rodgers, who resigned several months ago, following her removal to East Las Vegas.

The appointment of Mr. Betts gives the republicans two members on the board, while the democrats have three, this board as now existing being constituted as follows: C. W. Marriott, president; Jackson Agre, secretary-treasurer; H. H. Betts, Van T. Manville and John Carbett, the latter of Deming.

Mr. Betts was selected from a list of several persons submitted to Governor W. C. McDonald. He is keenly interested in school matters and is expected to prove a valuable addition to the board of regents.

## SAMPLE FAIR BADGE RECEIVED AT SANTA FE

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL) Santa Fe, Nov. 20.—The sample of the official badge designed by Walter Twichell for the New Mexico exposition commission arrived today and is being admired by those who examine it. In fact, the badge is a superb sample of the metal workers' art. It is a round medal with a bas-relief of the New Mexico building fashioned after the historic church on Acoma, around which is the inscription: "Panama-California Exposition, 1915, New Mexico."

On the reverse of the medal is raised letters in the legend: "The Pan-American Mission erected about A. D. 1630, on the Rock of Acoma, Valencia county, New Mexico. It is the only ecclesiastical structure which survived the pueblo rebellion of 1680. The New Mexico Pueblo building at the Panama-California exposition." The lower half of the reverse carries medallions of the seal of New Mexico and of the Panama-California exposition separated by the Aztec sun, the characteristic New Mexico emblem.

The medal is to be of old copper and to be suspended from a black ribbon in watch fob form. It is to retail for fifty cents, a price made possible only by the commission ordering a large number.

**Another Serious Hunting Accident.** Santa Fe, Nov. 20.—Another grim hunting accident is reported from Cerrillos which seems to have furnished most of them this fall. Michael Birnstrom, aged 13 years, lost his eye when a cartridge he had forced into his target rifle exploded while he was out hunting.

## WHAT CAUSES COLDS?

This question and "How to Prevent Colds" is asked a thousand times every day. A cold is really a fever, not always caused by the weather but due to a disordered condition of the blood or lack of important food-elements. In changing seasons fat-foods are essential because they distribute heat by enriching the blood and so render the body better able to withstand the varying elements.

This is the underlying reason why the medicinal fats in Scott's Emulsion quickly overcome colds and build strength to prevent more serious sickness. It contains nature's medicinal fats, so skillfully prepared that the blood profits from every drop, and it is free from harmful drugs or alcohol.

14-37 Scott & Borden, Philadelphia, Pa.

## PURE, RICH BLOOD MADE BY HOOD'S

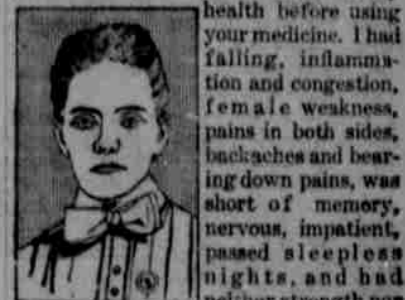
Pure blood enables the stomach, liver and other digestive organs to do their work properly. Without it they are sluggish, there is loss of appetite, sometimes faintness, a deranged state of the system, and, in general, all the symptoms of dyspepsia.

Hood's Sarsaparilla makes pure blood, and this is why it is so very successful in the treatment of so many ailments. Get it today.

## REMARKABLE CASE of Mrs. HAM

Declares Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Saved Her Life and Sanity.

Shamrock, Mo.—"I feel it my duty to tell the public the condition of my health before using your medicine. I had falling, inflammation, and congestion, female weakness, pains in both sides, backaches and bearing down pains, was short of memory, nervous, impatient, passed sleepless nights, and had neither strength nor energy. There was always a fear and dread in my mind, I had cold, nervous, weak spells, hot flashes over my body. I had a place in my right side that was so sore that I could hardly bear the weight of my clothes. I tried medicines and doctors, but they did me little good, and I never expected to get out again. I got Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier, and I certainly would have been in grave or in an asylum if your medicines had not saved me. But now I can work all day, sleep well at night, eat anything I want, have no hot flashes or weak, nervous spells. All pains, aches, fears and dreads are gone, my house, children and husband are no longer neglected, as I am almost entirely free of the bad symptoms I had before taking your remedies, and all is pleasure and happiness in my home."



Mrs. J. H. HAM, R. F. D. 1, Box 22, Shamrock, Missouri.

If you want special advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (confidential) Lynn, Mass.

**Relieves CATARRH of the BLADDER and all Discharges in 24 HOURS**

**SANTAL MIDY**

Each capsule contains the purest Santal Midy extract. No harmful drugs. No alcohol. No sugar. No fat. No preservatives. No artificial colors. No artificial flavors. No artificial sweeteners. No artificial preservatives. No artificial colors. No artificial flavors. No artificial sweeteners. No artificial preservatives.

## BALDRIDGE LUMBER COMPANY

PAROID ROOFING with 15-year guarantee.

The WM. FARR COMPANY Wholesale and Retail Dealers in FRESH AND SALT MEATS Sausage a Specialty For Cattle and Hogs the Biggest Market Prices Are Paid.

## Our Celebrated 'Encore' Brand Canned Goods

Were unloaded at the depot today. There is a full line of fruits and vegetables and they are the best for your money in canned goods.



¶ We know you will "ENCORE" this brand throughout the year and we will be prompt in answering the "ENCORES."

¶ We will have all the dainties and fixies for Thanksgiving. By getting a can of Richardson & Robinson's Plum Pudding you will save worrying over a hot stove.

¶ All the vegetables, fruits and nuts of the season are on hand, and some which are not in season.

¶ Belle Springs Butter on your table is a delicacy. Chase & Sanborn's Teas and Coffees are REAL beverages.

## A. J. MALOY

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## LUMBER Glass-Paint Cement-Plaster

Albuquerque Lumber Company 423 North First Street

## CRIMSON ELEVEN WILL MEET BLUE AT NEW HAVEN

Powerful Teams of Yale and Harvard Will Close Their Football Season Today; Result Important.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE) New York, Nov. 20.—Two games stand out in the eastern football schedule tomorrow as of prime importance. At New Haven the teams of Harvard and Yale universities will close their 1914 season with the annual inter-varsity contest, while the powerful eleven of Dartmouth and Syracuse will meet at Fenway park, Boston, where little more than a month ago the world's baseball championship was decided. The result of these games will have a direct bearing upon the final ranking of the eastern college teams.

The contest at New Haven probably will make football history, since the combinations appear evenly matched in strength and each is the master of spectacular and diversified attack. This eastern football classic will, it is estimated, attract more than 20,000 spectators to New Haven.

An interesting contest may be expected at Boston where Dartmouth and Syracuse meet. Each eleven has a fine record and a powerful combination for the day's play.

Dartmouth and Syracuse Strong. The principal eastern games of the day, together with the 1913 scores where the same colleges met on the gridiron, are as follows:

Harvard at Yale, 15-5.  
Dartmouth vs. Syracuse at Boston, did not play.  
Irvine at Navy, did not play.  
Springfield at Army, 7-14.  
Washington and Jefferson at Georgetown, did not play.  
Delaware at Carleton, did not play.  
Lehigh at Lafayette, 7-0.  
Rutgers at Stevens, 37-0.  
Swarthmore at Haverford, did not play.  
Wesleyan at New York university, 20-0.  
Rensselaer at Rochester, 9-21.

## ILLINOIS AND WISCONSIN TO PLAY FOR CHAMPIONSHIP

Chicago, Nov. 20.—Tomorrow's midwestern football games and last year's season:

At Madison—Illinois (—) vs. Wisconsin (—).  
At Iowa City—Nebraska (12) vs. Iowa (9).  
At Chicago—Minnesota (7) vs. Chicago (13).  
At Lafayette—Indiana (7) vs. Purdue (12).  
At Lawrence—Missouri (2) vs. Kansas (9).  
At Columbus—Northwestern (9) vs. Ohio State (15).  
At Des Moines—Drake (5) vs. Ames (24).  
At Grafton (25) vs. Case (24).  
At DeKalb—Lake Forest (23) vs. DePue (14).

Western football, so far as its chief exponents are concerned, will end its season tomorrow. Of the half dozen games of importance on the card, the Illinois-Wisconsin and Nebraska-Iowa contests stand out as having bearing on championship claims while because of the conditions surrounding them there will be widespread interest in the Chicago-Minnesota, Kansas-Missouri and Indiana-Purdue games.

In the Badger, Illinois meets the last obstacle in its path to the championship of the conference. The Illinois should beat Wisconsin tomorrow. They have beaten Minnesota, which trounced Wisconsin and Chicago which played a tie game with the Badgers.

The Badgers, however, are a fighting eleven. It is likely that they will be forced to make of their last play to overcome the determined resistance of which Wisconsin is capable.

Nebraska's claims to the western championship should look weak or strong according to the outcome of the Cornhuskers' game with Iowa. The Iowans gave Chicago and Minnesota terrific battles, holding each to a 7 to 0 score.

The Cornhuskers have been uniformly successful, taking beyond question the highest honors in the Missouri valley. Their game with Iowa will not settle definitely their standing, but comparisons of the Missouri valley game with that of the conference, so far as tomorrow's contest makes them possible, should be interesting.

## SLOW FIELD FOR GAME AT NEW HAVEN; AIR SNAPPY

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 20.—All signs point to perfect weather conditions overhead and a slow field for the Harvard-Yale football game here tomorrow. The forecast is for a clear sky and a cold, snappy atmosphere. The coaches fear, however, that the change has come too late to benefit the gridiron, which tonight was soft and slippery as a result of the heavy rain of Thursday.

The slowing up of the turf in the new Yale "howl," it is thought, will have a tendency to check the open play, which has been the feature of the local eleven all season, and as a result the Blue has receded a point or two in the waning odds. Early in the week the Blue were backing their team at almost even figures. Harvard's best offer was 16 to 3 on the Cambridge combination. Tonight the quotations ranged from 5 to 10 to

10 to 7, and Yale money was not abundant.

The gathering tonight was considered but the vanguard of the rush that will set in at daybreak tomorrow. There is every indication that the gathering will be the largest and most representative that ever witnessed an inter-collegiate game in the United States.

Tickets for the game are just as scarce as though the game was to be played on the old gridiron instead of the new "howl" with its seating capacity of 50,000 spectators. There was a constant demand for coupons which could not be supplied. Even offers of large premiums over the face value of the tickets failed to bring forth the paycheques, since the spectators appeared to have failed in their efforts to get tickets.

After a consultation among the Harvard coaches it was announced that the Harvard line-up would not be made public until tomorrow morning.

Coach Hinkley announced the Yale line-up as follows:

Left end, Brown; left tackle, Taylor; left guard, Conroy; center, White; right guard, Wallford; right tackle, Bates; right end, Sullivan; quarterback, A. Wilson; left halfback, Amesworth; right halfback, Knowles; fullback, Leary.

## DRINKS NOT ON LEAGUE, ASSERTS PRESIDENT TENER

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

New York, Nov. 20.—After an informal meeting of the eastern club owners of the National league, held here today to discuss business which will come before the league at its annual meeting and the general affairs of the league, President John K. Tener gave out a statement in which he said that Charles W. Murphy had nothing to do with the affairs of the Chicago club, so far as the league was concerned.

"I do not know what was the financial agreement between Mr. Taft and Mr. Murphy when the club changed hands last winter," said President Tener, "but I do know that from that time on, Mr. Murphy had nothing whatever to do with the league, either by word, letter or other, wise."

"We have the word of Mr. Taft that he purchased Mr. Murphy's stock in the Chicago club, and though Mr. Murphy may have again cropped into the public prints there is no reason why people should sneer and think they have an excellent joke on the National league and say, 'He never was out!'"

## BRITISH TREATED MOST SEVERELY BY AUSTRIANS

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

Venice (via Paris, Nov. 20, 7:41 p. m.)—The police of Vienna are adopting much more severe measures against English people remaining in that city. During the last few days many Britishers have been arrested and interned and the rest, irrespective of age or sex, are now forbidden to leave their homes between 8 o'clock in the evening and 6 o'clock in the morning or to visit cafes or other public places.

An official announcement states that these steps have been taken "in view of the wretched situation of Austrians and Hungarians interned in different states, especially England," and that as a consequence of the condition of interned citizens of Austria-Hungary the treatment of citizens of hostile countries who are residents of Vienna, particularly the British, will be much more severe.

The statement says that these measures will be enforced, "so long as there is no certainty that Austrian subjects in England are being accorded better treatment."

It is added that foreigners who are interned will be well treated.

## Neutrality at Panama.

Panama, Nov. 20.—Strict orders have been issued to preserve neutrality throughout the Panama canal zone. Hereafter no information will be given to anyone relative to the cargoes carried by the ships using the waterways and entering the terminal points.

## Among the Bowlers

HOW THEY STAND.		
Wizards	22	11
Habits	18	12
C. C.	13	12
A. & A.	26	18
Fotts	17	18
N. N. M.	17	13
Santa Fe	12	18
Light Co.	12	21
Royals	12	24
Greeners	12	24

## HARRY LATHROP MISSES PERFECT SCORE BY ONE PIN

After rolling eleven straight strikes yesterday afternoon at the Brunswick alley, Harry Lathrop topped over nine pins with the twelfth ball. This made his score 229, just one pin less than the highest possible score. This is the alley record, the highest previous score having been 228, made by Nick Palladio.

A number of spectators were in the alley at the time. When Lathrop released the last ball it started straight on a line between the first and second pins. It looked like a perfect strike. The ball hit fairly enough, but by some unaccountable freak of luck one pin remained standing, robbing Lathrop of a perfect score.

## STEAMERS LOADED WITH COAL ARE HELD BY BRITISH

Belief Is That Cargoes Were Intended for German Cruisers in Vicinity of Bahama Islands.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

New York, Nov. 20.—The captains and crews of the American steamer Lorenzo and the Norwegian steamer Thor, which were captured by a British war vessel in West Indian waters while alleged to have had on board coal for the German cruiser Karlsruhe, arrived here today aboard the steamer Guayana from St. Lucia. Eighteen one-time passengers of the Lamport and Holt liner Van Dyck, which was captured by the Karlsruhe, also arrived on the Guayana. The Lorenzo and the Thor, together with the Speedwell, of the Hamburg-American line are held as British prizes of war in the harbor of St. Lucia, whether they were taken by prize crews after their capture by the British cruiser Porpoise.

American Refuse to Talk.

Captain Griffiths, of the Lorenzo and his American crew would not talk of the capture of their steamer, but the crew of the Norwegian steamer were not so reticent and Second Mate Joachim Olsen told of the seizure of the Thor.

The Thor cleared from Newport News on August 4 for Frey Bentos, near Buenos Ayres, the mate said, but after leaving the cape the course was laid for the Crooked Island passage in the Bahamas. There the Thor was joined by the Lorenzo, which appeared to be loaded with coal; the Neckar of the North German Lloyd line, with a valuable cargo from Cuba, and the Speedwell.

These vessels cruised about the Bahamas and the West Indies for several weeks, according to the mate of the Thor, who said the belief was they were seeking to pick up and provision German men-of-war.

Steamers Are Seized.

On September 5 the Berwick came up from the south, Olsen said, and an officer with an armed crew went aboard the Thor, looked over her papers and put her under seizure. That night the Thor was taken by a prize crew to St. Lucia. The day after she reached St. Lucia's harbor the Berwick brought in the Lorenzo and the Speedwell, according to Olsen. He said that the crews were well treated.

## NO ILLEGALITY OF LOAN, IS THE CLAIM

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

Geneseo, N. Y., Nov. 20.—Testimony as to how Henry Siegel, a New York merchant, obtained a loan of \$100,000 from the National Bank of Commerce of New York, was a feature of the Siegel trial today.

Oscar A. Pratt, former confidential secretary to Siegel, said that his employer obtained the money on the renewal of four notes. He said he had arranged for the renewal of the notes four months before they fell due. Atorney for Siegel said that if the money was obtained on renewed notes the charge of larceny against their client will not stand.

It has been the contention of the prosecution that the notes were obtained and that Siegel misrepresented the conditions of some of his stores, including the one on Fourteenth street, New York, in order to obtain the money.

## ROADS WILL CARRY FOOD FREE OF COST

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

New York, Nov. 20.—To facilitate the transportation of food and clothing for Belgium relief all railroads of the trunk line association covering territory east of the Mississippi and north of Norfolk, Va., will transmit such supplies without charge, it was announced tonight.

The commission for relief in Belgium is trying to perfect a similar arrangement with the line west of the Mississippi.

The next relief ship sailing under charter of the commission is expected to arrive on November 25 at Philadelphia, where it will be loaded immediately with supplies from the southwestern states and from Pennsylvania.

About December 1 the Ferrona, a new boat, will be dispatched from New York, with a cargo of western contributions.

## RISKS LIFE TO SAVE CHILD FROM FLAMES

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

Denver, Colo., Nov. 20.—Mrs. Dora Barron, an employee of the Sheldahl home for Jewish orphans, risked her life tonight in a fire that partially destroyed the building in rescuing an invalid child that had been forgotten during the excitement following the discovery of the blaze. Mrs. Barron ran through smoke-filled halls to a room on the upper floor and carried the child out in safety. Thirty other children were taken out unharmed. The fire is believed to have been caused by defective electric wires. The loss is estimated at \$2,000.

## Stormy Weather off Capes.

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 20.—Stormy weather off the Virginia capes has interrupted target practice of the Atlantic fleet and has driven five torpedo boat destroyers into Hampton Roads for shelter. Rear Admiral Fletcher, fleet commander, notified navy yard officials here today not to send more targets until the weather improves.

## LAST OF QUARTETTE OF MURDERERS FREED

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

Trenton, N. J., Nov. 20.—Walter C. McAllister, who with Andrew Campbell, George Kerr and Walter A. Heath, was convicted of murdering and murdering Jennie Buchalter in Paterson, in 1901, was liberated from the New Jersey prison today by the board of prison inspectors. McAllister is the last of the quartette to leave the prison.

Kerr turned state's evidence and received fifteen years in prison, and he served his full term. The other three men were sentenced to thirty years each. Campbell was paroled by the court of pardons, and Death was recently freed by the same board that liberated McAllister. The court of pardons had refused McAllister's appeal for clemency a dozen times.

The crime for which the men were convicted was a most brutal one and aroused national interest.

## ONLY VAGUE CLUE TO IDENTITY OF MURDERER

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

Aurora, Ill., Nov. 20.—In their search for the murderer of Miss Jennie Miller, daughter of a former mayor, who was attacked with a pipe wrench on Wednesday night and received injuries from which she died, the police tonight were attempting to trace a tall slender man answering the description of a letterer seen at the place of the assault.

He registered at an apartment as J. E. Schobles and gave his home as St. Louis, Mo., and Plainfield, Ill., as his temporary address. On the night Miss Miller was struck down "Schobles" did not sleep in his room and has not been seen since.

The hand bag carried by Miss Miller was on the tracks of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad immediately behind the rooming house. The bag which contained Miss Miller's cards and a few trinkets was found by a porter on his way to work. He turned it over to the conductor of his train, who, upon his arrival at Memphis, sent it to the Chicago police.

## GERMANS FORCED ON DEFENSIVE BY MUSCOVITES

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

London, Nov. 21 (3:54 a. m.)—Telegraphing from Petrograd on Friday, the correspondent of the Daily News says:

The Germans have been forced to act on the defensive in the battle on the Vistula and Warta rivers in Poland. Their effort to pierce the Russian line north of Kalino resulted in one of the costliest divisions getting into a crossfire of the Russian infantry with machine guns.

More than 3,000 were left dead on the field and the German advance guard laid back on the main body, which is now spreading in defensive positions.

Budapest reports many arrests in Constantinople on an attempt against the life of the sultan. Among those arrested are members of an association organized by Mohammed Furhan-Edding, favorite son of the former Sultan Abdul Hamid. It is also suspected that Prince Yusoff Izeddin, eldest son and heir presumptive, was implicated.

## \$104,437 RAISED FOR REPUBLICAN CAMPAIGN

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

New York, Nov. 20.—Contributions of \$104,437 from 1,111 persons were received by the republican state committee for use in the recent campaign, according to a report filed today with the secretary of state at Albany, in accordance with the law. The 5,704 election state districts received from the committee an average of \$14 each for legitimate election expenses, the report states.

Among the contributors were John D. Rockefeller, who gave \$6,000; Andrew Carnegie, who gave \$2,000.

## British Casualty List.

London, Nov. 20 (9:10 p. m.)—Casualty lists issued tonight show eight officers killed, forty wounded and six missing. In the Indian force two British officers and one native officer were killed and seven British and ten native officers wounded. Three British and two native officers are recorded as missing.

## ASKS RECEIVER FOR BIG CORPORATION

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

Portland, Me., Nov. 20.—Petitions were filed in the United States district court today, asking that receivers be appointed for the Uruguay Railroad company and the Brazil Land, Cattle & Packing Co., Maine corporations, with an authorized capital of \$25,000,000. The petitioner is W. Cameron Forbes, of Dedham, Me., receiver of the Brazil Railway company, of which the corporations named are subsidiaries.

## Austrian Steamer Hits Mine.

London, Nov. 21 (2:11 a. m.)—The Morning Post's Rome correspondent says the Austrian Lloyd steamer Petkovitch, has struck a mine off the Dalmatian coast and foundered.

German Generals Sidelite.

Petrograd, Nov. 21 (via London, 1:03 a. m.)—A dispatch from Warsaw to the Ruskaya Slovo, says the German generals Von Iredow and Von Bromel committed suicide at Czenstochowa, Russian Poland, after a German defeat.

## NOTICE.

I am not responsible for any debts hereafter, November 19th, withdrawing myself as partner from H. A. Beeler & Co., 124 North First St. JULIAN DREYFUS

## EIGHT BODIES WASHED ASHORE ON SUPERIOR

It Is Believed Victims Are From Lumber Barge Anna M. Peterson, Probably Wrecked in Gale on Lake.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

Sentry, Mich., Nov. 20.—Eight bodies were found today on the shore of Lake Superior, about eight miles from this place. Two of the dead are women.

It is thought they came from lumber barge Anna M. Peterson, which left Marquette late Wednesday afternoon in tow of the steamer C. F. Curtis, loaded with lumber for Tobawanda, N. Y. The barge is believed to have been wrecked in the gale which swept Lake Superior yesterday and last night.

The Anna M. Peterson was 190 feet long and her gross tonnage was 621. Both barge and steamer are owned by the Edward Hines Lumber company of Chicago.

## THREE BODIES WASHED ASHORE AT GRAND MARAIS

Marquette, Mich., Nov. 20.—Three bodies were washed ashore at Grand Marais, Mich., today in a large eddy, believed to be a part of the barge Anna M. Peterson. It is believed here the Anna M. Peterson foundered with all hands in the big gale which swept Lake Superior on Thursday. The crew of the Peterson is believed here to have consisted of seven men.

The steamer C. F. Curtis and her tow, the barge Marvin, bound for Tenowanda, N. Y., have not been reported, and the report of the finding of eight bodies near Sentry, has led to fears here that one or both of those vessels may have gone down.

## AMERICANS MAY GET AUSTRALIAN WOOL

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

Washington, Nov. 20.—Great Britain has decided to modify, in favor of American manufacturers, the embargo on exportation of wool from Australia and other British dominions. It had been hoped that after the needs of the British army had been satisfied, Americans might be permitted to buy the Australian surplus, giving guarantees that neither the wool nor goods made from it would reach Austria or Germany, but the state department was informed today that for the present, at least, no exceptions would be made.

In spite of the lack of advance assurance, however, officials here and interested manufacturers still are confident that there will be a modification later. They think time will demonstrate that the entire output of raw wool from the colonies is not needed by Great Britain.

## LORIMER BANK TO PAY FIFTY PER CENT

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)

Chicago, Nov. 20.—Creditors of the defunct LaSalle Street Trust & Savings bank, of which William Lorimer was president, ultimately will receive about 50 per cent, it was learned today when W. C. Niblack, the receiver, recommended to the secretary of the treasury that several surety companies having claims against the bank on account of deposits made by them, be permitted to carry their claims at 50 per cent of their face value in making their annual statements.

## COSTIVE BOWELS, HEADACHE, COLDS, TAKE CASCARETS

No Headache, Sour Stomach, Bad Cold or Constipation by morning.

Get a 16-cent box now. Furred Tongue, Bad Colds, Indigestion, Sallow Skin and Movable Headaches come from a torpid liver and clogged bowels, which cause your stomach to become filled with undigested food, which sours and ferments like garbage in a swill barrel. That's the first step to untold misery—indigestion, foul gases, bad breath, yellow skin, mental fears, everything that is horrible and nauseating. A Cascaret tonight will give your constipated bowels a thorough cleansing and straighten you out by morning. They work while you sleep—a 16-cent box from your druggist will keep you feeling good for months. Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then to keep their stomach, liver and bowels regulated, and never know a miserable moment. Don't forget the children—their little insides need a good, gentle cleansing, too.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Mrs. Levi Franklin, of Bonaville, N. Y., says, "I am pleased to say that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy was used by my son about two years ago and it proved to be very beneficial in relieving his cough and curing a cold. It has also been used by other members of my family and we have a very high opinion of it." For sale by all dealers.

Don't fail to attend our big Enameled Ware sale today. The Leader.

IT IS THE TASTE, THE FLAVOR OF  
**BAKER'S COCOA**  
That Makes It Deservedly Popular  
An absolutely pure, delicious and wholesome food beverage, produced by a scientific blending of high-grade cocoa beans, subjected to a perfect mechanical process of manufacture.  
Get the genuine, made only by  
**Walter Baker & Co. Limited**  
Dorchester, Mass.  
Established 1780.

**Buy Your  
Lumber, Glass, Paints  
and Cement**  
At the  
**SUPERIOR LUMBER  
& MILL CO.**

**Resinol Soap**  
clears bad  
complexions  
Pimples and blackheads disappear, red, rough, blotchy complexions become clean, clear and velvety, and hair health and beauty are aided by the regular use of Resinol Soap. It does its work easily, quickly and at little cost even when other methods fail.  
The soothing, restoring influence that makes this possible is the Resinol which this soap contains and which physicians have prescribed for years in the care of skin and scalp troubles. Sold by all dealers in toilet goods. For sample free, write to Dept. 2-F, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

**CHICHESTER'S PILLS**  
THE DIAMOND BRAND.  
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

**DUKE CITY  
Cleaners-Hatters**  
220 W. Gold Phone 410

**PERFECTION  
SMOKELESS OIL HEATERS**  
The Perfection is well-made and ornamental. Light—easily carried anywhere. It is guaranteed smokeless and odorless. For sale at all hardware and general stores. Look for the Triangle trademark.

**THE CONTINENTAL OIL COMPANY**  
(Incorporated in Colorado)  
Denver Pueblo Albuquerque Cheyenne  
Butte Boise Salt Lake City

**ALWAYS THE SAME**  
Today-- Tomorrow and In Years to Come  
**Yellowstone Whiskey**

Never varies in quality. You'll be delighted with its Rich, Mellow Taste.  
FOR MORE THAN 35 YEARS THIS DELICIOUS KENTUCKY BOURBON HAS BEEN  
**AMERICA'S GREATEST WHISKEY**  
TRY IT TODAY. FOR SALE AT ALL FIRST-CLASS BARS

**Consolidated Liquor Co.**  
Wholesale Distributors,  
ALBUQUERQUE . . . NEW MEXICO

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Wholesale Distributors,  
ALBUQUERQUE . . . NEW MEXICO

## ADVANCE GUARD OF CONVENTION REACHES CITY

Educators From Every Part of New Mexico Flocking Towards Albuquerque; Great Crowd Is Assured.

The first battalions of New Mexico's educational army entered Albuquerque last night and after deploying in all directions from the Santa Fe depot, took possession of every vantage point possible to hold the city until their purpose has been accomplished. They met with no opposition, in fact were heartily welcomed and disposed of their forces to the best advantage, so as to enter the fray this forenoon with vigor.

Superintendent of Public Instruction Alvan N. White brought with him from Santa Fe the department of education which makes quite a retinue in itself. Mr. White was accompanied by Mrs. White, Chief Clerk Rupert F. Asplund, who besides being the most enthusiastic champion of the school library idea, is also president of the Federation of Women's Clubs of New Mexico. Assistant Superintendent Filadelfo Baca was on deck at the same time and so was Miss Manette Myers, supervisor of industrial education in New Mexico. Stenographer Miss Charlotte Wiestke, was not the least in the company, for she has served the department of education in her capacity for 25 or more years.

President C. C. Hill arrived from Roswell last night, as did Secretary J. H. Wagner from Santa Fe and will be joined by Mrs. Wagner on Monday.

County Superintendent J. L. G. Sweeney arrived on belated Santa Fe train No. 7 from Aztec, San Juan county, bringing with him Superintendent Schreck of Farmington, and several other teachers, who will probably have the distinction of making the longest trip to the convention, having started on their way last Wednesday and traveling without stop-overs since then.

Another long distance delegation came from Carlsbad with Superintendent W. A. Poore in charge, who enjoys the distinction of being both county and city superintendent. Superintendent Craemer of Springer, and a number of Colfax county teachers, came on No. 7, while Superintendent T. W. Conway of Haton, arrived on No. 9. Superintendent W. L. Bishop is here from Gallup and City Superintendent W. O. Hall from Roswell.

Each train brought new recruits. The State College is sending eighteen members of its faculty and Donna Ana county, which had hardly any one on the ground last year, will be fully represented this time. However, the big crowds will arrive tonight and Sunday, although even now the hotels are feeling the pressure.

Supreme Court Justice and Mrs. R. H. Hanna and District Judge E. C. Abbott were among the early arrivals. So was Mrs. W. H. Bartlett, of Summer School and will be rendered here by a chorus of sixty voices led by the Santa Fe Glee club.

**Educational Council.**  
The real work of the convention begins at 9 a. m. this morning, when the educational council convenes with Dr. Frank H. H. Roberts of Las Vegas, in the chair and Rupert F. Asplund as secretary. To the council has been assigned the heavy work of the convention, the formulating of resolutions and of a legislative plan for submission to the legislature.

The first subject to be discussed will be, "The Teaching of Spanish in the Public Schools," a most important topic. Assistant Superintendent of Public Instruction Filadelfo Baca will lead off in the discussion. President E. L. Enloe of the State Normal school at Silver City, and City Superintendent T. W. Conway of Haton, have been selected to carry on the discussion.

**Certification of Teachers.**  
The department of education expects to receive much light for its recommendations to the legislature and for formulating its new plans for the certification of teachers from the second discussion to be held by Chief Clerk Rupert F. Asplund, seconded by Dean W. E. Carson of the Normal university at Las Vegas, and Superintendent W. A. Poore of Carlsbad.

At 11 a. m. the discussion of the topic of "Elementary Course of Study," sub-divided into a talk on "Text Books," by Superintendent W. O. Hall of Roswell, leader; Superintendent R. W. Twining of Las Cruces and Superintendent John Milne of Albuquerque; "The Elimination of San Acacio, the author and composer of the New Mexico song, which received its baptism at the Santa Fe Subject Matter," led by Dr. Frank H. H. Roberts of Las Vegas, assisted by President C. C. Hill of Roswell, and Miss Isabel Eckles of Silver City, and "The Needed Revision of the Course of Study," led by Miss Grace Goebel of Deming, and Mrs. George Dixon of Magdalena, will be taken up, closing the forenoon session.

**Needed Legislation.**  
The fruitful subject of "Needed Legislation," which opens up a vista of discussion in which sharp clashes are expected, will be the first subject for the afternoon session, with Superintendent J. S. Hofer of Tucuman, the leader, and Superintendent L. C. Mersfelder of Clovis, and Superintendent Saturnino Baca of Los Lunas, as assistants.

**How to Improve the System.**  
Superintendent of Public Instruction Alvan N. White will lead off with the subject, "How to Improve the Educational System of New Mexico," a subject also that is as wide as all education and without intensely in-

## Albuquerque's New \$100,000 High School, Which Will Be Formally Dedicated Tonight



## DEDICATION OF HIGH SCHOOL TO BE BIG EVENT

Judge R. H. Hanna, of Supreme Court of New Mexico, to Deliver Principal Address in Auditorium.

Interesting and practical. It is to be discussed by Mrs. Wallace L. Gumm of Carrizozo; H. S. Tipton of Alamogordo; J. V. Conway of Santa Fe; M. P. DeMarrais of Las Vegas; Miss Marjorie A. Myers of Santa Fe; M. R. Luginbill, Myrtle M. Cole, Hiram M. Hadley of Las Cruces; W. E. Holt of Deming; Dr. David R. Boyd of Albuquerque, and Superintendent J. L. G. Sweeney of Aztec.

The final hour is to be devoted to the resolutions to be submitted to the convention next week and which are to be thoroughly thrashed out before receiving the approval of the council. They are to have an important bearing on legislation to be placed on the statute books of the state.

The session of the council are open to the public, but members of the council are to have the first whack at the discussions after the speakers on the program have exhausted the subject. Only one hour is allotted to each topic, but the leader is to take only ten minutes and those who follow him, five minutes. No one is to be permitted to speak a second time if some one who has not spoken claims the floor.

It has been the plan of the "program makers to let the heavy topics out of the way before the general sessions of the convention and the section meetings claim attention next week. The exhibits are to be played by Sunday. Most of them are here, but a number will not arrive until sometime tonight or tomorrow.

A number of informal conferences were held last evening and by today the campaign for the next president of the New Mexico Educational association and the next convention city will be in full swing.

**JOHN MILNE**  
Superintendent Public Schools of Albuquerque

## MENACE OF CHOLERA DEFENSE OF TURKEY

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)  
Battle Creek, Mich., Nov. 20.—The menace of cholera constitutes a defense of Turkey against the Russians fully as formidable as the Turkish armies, according to Rex George C. Reynolds of Van, Turkey, before the Medical Missionary conference which ended its sessions here today. Mr. Reynolds also said the possibility of a holy war seemed very remote because of the indifference of the Moslems generally to the alleged appeals of Turkish leaders.

The educational system of Japan was likened, in point of efficiency, to the system of American schools by Nannie R. Gaines, who has spent many years in mission work in Japan.

## Let Albuquerque Hospitality Be Something More Than a Name

During the convention of the N. M. E. A. last year the citizens of Albuquerque responded generously to a call from the local committee to throw their homes open to the teachers, and since a much larger number of visitors is expected this year, an even more generous response is necessary for the comfort and pleasure of our guests.

All who can possibly assist in the entertainment are requested to telephone the secretary of the Commercial club, No. 43, or the high school building, No. 1056, giving the prices of rooms and the numbers that can be accommodated.

man and woman in Albuquerque who is interested in the cause of education.

**Albuquerque Public Schools.**  
There were enrolled in the Albuquerque public schools last year 2,544 students; 2,341 attended day school during the regular school term, 135 attended night school, and 137 attended summer school.

Seventy-two teachers were employed to instruct, sixty in the regular day school, eight in the night school, and four in the summer school. Three hundred and seventy girls did domestic science work; 256 boys did manual training work, and there were thirty students enrolled in the commercial course.

It is safe to say that this year's enrollment will reach the 3,000 mark, and there are at the present time more than one hundred more students enrolled in the day school than there were last year, and the enrollment in the night school is also larger.

Special teachers are employed for work in penmanship and drawing.

school age is allowed to roam the streets.

Last year the school savings bank was established, and the plan worked so successfully that it has been kept up this year with very good results.

Special attention is given to physical culture. The supervisor gives special instruction to the high school and eighth grade girls, and supervises the work in the lower grades.

The manual training boys, during the past summer, did much of the repairing about the buildings, and many smaller pieces of furniture have been made or repaired in their department.

**Domestic Science Course.**  
A thorough course in sewing, cooking and home training is given to the girls, beginning with the sixth grade and extending through the high school. The girls have on several occasions prepared meals and served them to parents, and during the past week the girls served a midday lunch to 200 pupils and others for the purpose of raising money to furnish



JUSTICE RICHARD H. HANNA  
Of the Supreme Court, Who Will Deliver the Address at the Dedication of the New High School Building

music, physical culture, domestic science and manual training.

**High Standard for Teachers.**  
All grade teachers are required to have normal training, and at least two years' experience before they are eligible for appointment in the Albuquerque public schools. All high school teachers are university graduates, and at the present time three of the number hold master's degrees.

All teachers are required to cover special courses of reading each year, and in addition many do extension work with normal schools and universities throughout the country. The work to be covered by the teachers this year is based on O'Shea's "Everyday Problems in Teaching." Last year the course consisted of a study of the history of New Mexico. Two years ago the primary teachers spent the year in making a special study of Montessori's methods, and have since applied many of her methods to school work.

The compulsory attendance law is strictly enforced. An officer is employed to see to it that no child of

more elaborately the fifth year room.

The commercial department has been very popular, since it was established last year. The students from this department find their services in demand. In addition to the regular class room work, they are allowed to do office work and stenographic work when called upon by business and professional men.

The high school is especially strong in the college preparatory course. Three languages are offered—Latin, German, Spanish. Last year it was determined to offer Spanish to the seventh and eighth grades of the year, and pupils who took two years' additional Spanish in the high school might be able to carry on correspondence in Spanish, and also be able to speak Spanish fluently.

Another step in advance was made last year when it was decided to promote pupils by subjects from the seventh to the twelfth grade. Those pupils who are particularly strong in one subject are allowed to advance rather than to be kept back a full year, which is a needless waste of time.

## WAR DIRIGIBLE BEING BUILT FOR UNITED STATES

Airship Is to Be 160 Feet Long and Will Have Raising Capacity of Twelve Thousand Pounds.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)  
Akron, O., Nov. 20.—A dirigible airship, fully equipped with machine guns, wireless telegraph apparatus, armored cages and sensitive air instruments, is being constructed here for the United States government, it was learned today. If the balloon proves satisfactory after completion the government promises to place an order for six larger ones with entire war equipment.

The airship being constructed will be 160 feet long and forty feet in diameter with a raising capacity of nearly 12,000 pounds. It will easily carry twelve men in a steel car suspended beneath it. The car will carry machine guns, oxygen in tanks, and air pumps to supply the crew at any altitude.

Two engines of 100 horse-power each will be used to propel the ship. Another twenty horse-power will be installed to start the larger ones. The carrier car will be seventy-five feet long and ten feet wide.

Ralph H. Upson, pilot of the Good-year balloon, which won world's honors last year from Paris, and R. A. D. Preston, his aide, are supervising the work on the big dirigible. They expect to complete the big within six months. It will be shipped to the seaboard for trial flights.

## CAN'T PRAISE CARDUI ENOUGH

This Lady Was Very Nervous, On Account of Serious Womanly Trouble. But Now She Praises Cardui.

Murterscross, Ala.—The following is from Mrs. W. J. Dougherty, this place: "I will write a full statement of my condition before I had taken Cardui. I was very weak. I had not any nerve at all and could not stand any noise, and had female complaints."

At last my doctor told me to try Cardui and I did so, and I can say, it sure has cured me sound and well, and am glad to tell anyone what it did for me, and it will help any suffering woman.

I can't praise Cardui enough. I wish every woman would believe what I say and give Cardui a trial, and they will find my word to be true.

Cardui is all I take in the way of medicine. We always keep it in the house for my benefit.

When I was told to try Cardui I did not think I would, but my friends kept on at me until I got one bottle, and it did me so much good that I kept on taking it.

My back has got well, my nerve is all right and my old tired feeling has gone, and I am stout and strong as a woman can be. I am glad to say it was Cardui that I can praise for my health."

Your druggist sells Cardui. Try it.

## GERMAN INVASION OF SWEDEN WOULD INVOLVE NORWAY

Only Menace to Neutrality Lies in Some Such Contingency; Little Fear Is Felt by Either Nation.

(Associated Press Correspondence)  
Christiania, Nov. 20.—The only menace to the neutral position assumed by Norway, in the opinion of certain well informed citizens, appears to hinge upon a possible invasion of Sweden by Germany. There have been intimations, it is said, that Germany desires a base of operations on the southern coast of Sweden. Should she go as far as to seek to coerce Sweden, Norway, by virtue of a defensive alliance by her sister kingdom, would have to take up arms against Germany. Such a contingency, even in the minds of those who pretend to see its possibility, is regarded as remote.

Norway is expected to maintain her neutrality. What may happen to her after the war, in event of victory for the allies is regarded by many Norwegians as a more tangible danger than the likelihood of her becoming involved in the conflict. There is a long standing mistrust of the Russians in the minds of these Norwegians.

It is said to be no new idea that one day Russia, in her pressing need for a western ocean gateway, may be tempted to seek such outlet through Swedish and Norwegian territory. Heretofore England has been looked to as a bulwark against such possible aggression. Now it has occurred to certain Norwegians that in the possible flush of victory, and with England and Russia closely allied, the former's vigilance might be relaxed.

**Officials Not Deeply Concerned.**

Notwithstanding these intimations, with which so far as could be learned, official Norway is not deeply concerned, the country is pursuing its normal way, suffering comparatively little from depression on account of the war. According to an official statement by a Norwegian authority, less than 10 per cent of the country's population is out of employment—a condition scarcely out of the ordinary at this season.

Imports of foodstuffs from the United States have materially increased, due to the closed markets of Germany and Austria. Such falling off as is noted in industrial and shipping activities is due to the danger attending transportation of raw material on the seas, and to a tightening of credits abroad. As a safeguard for neutrality, by a recent ruling of the department of commerce and industry, no shipments that can by the most liberal construction be considered contraband can be transhipped from Norway into belligerent countries.

## THE MAZE CARRIES THE ASSORTMENT

Ladies' extra size Buster Brown brand 32c Black Hose.....25c  
Ladies' extra size Undervests.....30c  
Ladies' extra size Knit Pants.....30c  
Ladies' Canvas Gloves, 10c, 3 pair 25c  
Heavy all-wood California Blue Flannel, yard.....35c  
11- to 13- yard lengths of Cretonne Pattern Calico.....\$1.00  
3-1/2 yds. Cotton Bats.....10c  
High grade Cambric Muslin, Special 11 yards for.....\$1.00  
Cotton Blanket Sheets.....75c  
Baby Crib Blankets.....90c  
Bird's Eye Absorbent Cloth, 10 yard pieces.....50c to \$1.25  
Rubber Sheet, yard.....40c  
Black Oil Cloth, yard.....25c, 50c  
White Canvas Duck, yd.....25c, 70c  
Heavy Plush Lap Robes.....\$2 to \$5  
W. L. HAWKINS  
214 South First Street.

## HAWKINS'

Strawberries to arrive.  
Fancy Heavy Pack Red Emperor Grapes, 50c basket.  
Oranges, Apples, Grape Fruit.

California Green Beans, Bell Peppers, Fancy Bleached Celery, Spinach, Cauliflower, Fresh Tomatoes, Sweet Potatoes.

Extra Fancy Jumbo Cranberries.

Hawaiian Pineapple, 2-lb. this, 2 cans for 55c; 6 cans \$1.00. See show window.

Good Winesap Apples, \$1.00 per box.

Extra Fancy Winesaps, \$1.75.

Remember we are headquarters for Fancy Turkeys. Give us your Thanksgiving order now. Price is lower.

## W. L. HAWKINS

109-111 NORTH 2ND STREET  
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# AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER

## The Albuquerque Morning Journal

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SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1914

### GIVING UP VERA CRUZ.

Very few people of the United States will criticize the withdrawal of the troops from Vera Cruz. Some hold that we should not retire until conditions of peace are on a more solid basis, but one weighty reason why President Wilson is willing to withdraw our troops is because the outbreak between Carranza and Villa troops might embroil us in an embarrassing situation.

The president's view is thoroughly safe and sane. It is also consistent with his original attitude toward Mexico, for it must be remembered that we did not go to Mexico to interfere with the Mexicans in their settlement of their own differences. The occasion of our going was an affront to the flag—the symbol of the sovereignty of this nation—by the Huerta regime, and the purpose was the elimination of Huerta.

Now that General Carranza and the Aguas Calientes convention that is trying to succeed him, both give the guarantee prerequisite to our evacuation, there remains no reason for the further presence of American troops there. Mexico is left once more to settle its internal troubles as best it may.

If we were determined to stay on until the factional disputes were fought out and a solid peace restored, we might have to stay indefinitely. Such a proceeding would inevitably lead to the belief elsewhere that we intended permanent occupation and that our policy was one of self-aggrandizement.

Our evacuation at this time will give further evidence of the unselfishness of American motives in dealing with neighboring countries. Our treatment of Cuba, reinforced by our behavior in Mexico, will serve to make an indelible impression upon the people of the world, and especially of Latin-America.

Of course there are men who will utilize the evacuation for the purposes of partisan politics. For example, Senator Henry Cabot Lodge has just made a speech in which he finds fault with the policy of the administration regarding the firing of the Turkish forts at Smyrna on a launch from the American cruiser Tennessee, and he makes that an excuse for criticism of the administration's actions, following the Tampico incident which led to the occupation of Vera Cruz.

The United States had been unable, up to the time of Senator Lodge's speech, to learn any of the particulars of the Smyrna incident, yet Mr. Lodge would rush this country into war with Turkey, which would inevitably mean war with Germany and Austria.

Senator Pettigrew was right when he referred to Lodge as a man whose brain, like the soil of his native state, was thin by nature and exhausted by cultivation.

### A PLACE FOR THE BOYS.

Judge Hugo Poin made a speech to the Irish Fellowship club in Chicago, a few days ago, which, had it occurred earlier, might have been used to good advantage in Albuquerque during the campaign to raise money for the Y. M. C. A. He said that all the evils of society cannot be attributed to lax enforcement of the law, and that public school social centers would keep many young men from becoming criminals. The jurist expressed himself thus:

"Statistics show that 80 per cent of the crimes are committed by boys between the ages of 16 and 21, and also that 80 per cent of the crimes are committed between the hours of 6 and 11 at night. The leisure time of these young men and women, instead of being spent in classrooms and dance halls, should be spent in the recreation centers."

There can be no doubt of the evil influences that arise from chance acquaintances made in places where men gather to loaf and kill time. Between the ages of 16 and 21, boys pass through a formative period that is likely to make or wreck their careers. The only trouble about Judge

Poin's suggestion is that the leisure time of young people is naturally used for diversion and amusement, and that the so-called social centers are too prone to employ over-erotic discussion as a means of entertainment.

Give the boys healthy and normal forms of recreation, such as are afforded by a well-managed Y. M. C. A., and decent citizenship will usually follow.

### ROOMS FOR THE TEACHERS.

It is of the most vital importance to the success of the approaching convention of the New Mexico Educational association that every citizen of Albuquerque who has one or more rooms that can be placed at the disposal of the teachers during the first three days of next week, shall communicate without delay with one or the other of the headquarters of the local entertainment committee.

Not only is Albuquerque's reputation for hospitality at stake—her right to ask that the convention be held here again next year is in the balance. If we want the teachers we must show we are able to take care of them while they are here. It is a matter in which every citizen is interested in the most personal way, for the convention of the educational association is the one big thing of the year for Albuquerque—bigger than the state fair even—and stimulates the trade of the city in a manner that brings substantial benefit to every man, woman and child within its borders.

It will not do to wait until the last minute to communicate with the entertainment committee. Such a course, if generally pursued, would result in endless confusion and delay. Call up the Commercial club or the high school by telephone and put your spare rooms at their disposal.

### OLD SANTA FE.

"Old Santa Fe," the unique and excellent magazine issued by Col. Ralph Emerson Twitchell and his associates, has made its quarterly appearance, bringing with it its usual load of good things—only the load is a little bigger and the things are a little better than usual.

Those who would understand things New Mexican, should read each issue of the magazine carefully, for it is distinctly a product of this state and about this state. It gives history never before published, and throws a different light upon much of importance that has been published by people who understand but dimly their relative importance to the history and development of the most romantic section of all the United States.

Here was real adventure, real life in the making, real rescue from the wilderness and the desert and the savage. From time to time we have the stories of the early days told and interpreted in the "Old Santa Fe," and we then understand.

### THE MYSTERY OF THE WAR.

The mystery of the war in Europe is, what has become of the fifty odd British fighting ships of the first line? The only one heard of is the Audacious two weeks after its sinking by a mine in the Irish sea. So far as we may judge from the cable reports, no one in Great Britain except the officials, has yet heard of that catastrophe.

The greatest fleet the world ever saw has disappeared in the darkness of the North sea, as it did in October, 1911, just before France and Germany signed the Morocco peace agreement.

That is a feat of censorship unprecedented in the history of war, at a time when facilities for the communication of news are wonderfully perfect. Before Trafalgar, Nelson's fleet ranged over the seas from Trieste to the West Indies and back to Gibraltar, but the world knew as much of its movements then as it knows now of those of the dreadnaughts in the North sea.

### AS JOHN LIND SEES IT.

John Lind, who was the personal representative of the president in Mexico, made a notable speech before the Industrial club of Chicago regarding the things he saw and heard in Mexico.

Mr. Lind says the attitude of the administration is gaining the confidence of the people of Mexico who, when they once understand the real attitude of this country toward them, will become our friends.

As to the causes of the trouble, Mr. Lind insists that it is not merely a matter of following the ambitions of leaders who wish to boost themselves, by means of revolution, into places of profit and power, but that there is an economic basis for it all.

Until the people, who now are landless, have lands of their own and are permitted to enjoy the fruits of their labor and participate in the government, there can be no permanent peace in Mexico.

What was done to the democrats a few days ago, Champ Clark calls a victory. Perhaps it was merely a strategic retirement to prepared trenches.

While Uncle Joe Cannon will not be speaker of the house, he will make a noise like a big gun whenever there is a debate on.

Now is the time to do your Christmas shopping, and Albuquerque is the place.

## How Germany May Attempt to Invade the United Kingdom

(The London Daily Mail has the following synopsis of an article, on possible invasion of England, in the London Spectator):

Time being against her, a condition of stalemate on her frontiers is a hopeless business for Germany. Invasion, then, is a logical necessity. It is true that the chances are small, and that failure might mean the loss of a quarter of a million Germans or more, but to the German military philosopher that matters nothing.

The writer of the article then says that the Germans would not doubt prefer to postpone the attempt until they had gained more success in their policy of naval attrition by submarine attacks and the like.

But submarines will ever really be able to get rid of our naval supremacy no sane person believes, but no doubt, if the German submarines had luck and did injure one or two of our big ships, it would put the Germans greatly in heart. When the attempt to expedite attrition has either succeeded or failed, the Germans would have to make up their minds to the final dash. Their transports are ready and lie floating on many a mile of the waters of the English river.

First, we presume, would come the submarines, then the destroyers, then the light cruisers, then the battle cruisers, and last of all the great battleships. Behind them would march—use a landman's word—advancing—the transports. The notion is that this vast and mixed armada could make its dash at our shores, coming on very much like the German columns which have attacked our positions in mass with their machine-guns in front. If they were undetected by our fleet till they reached our shores, they would, it is suggested, beach the transports while the fighting craft formed a protecting ring around them, a ring outside which minelayers would have laid a plentiful store of mines.

In this protected area the transports

would disembark their men and stores with feverish haste. The horses would be thrown into the sea and left to swim ashore. The men would tumble into flat-bottomed boats specially provided for the purpose and towed by launches. Cranes on board the ships would lift the heavy guns into huge lighters brought from Germany, and then by inclined planes and so forth the guns would somehow or other be dragged up the beach for it is quite clear that an army of non-marksmen—if we may, without offense, so describe the German infantry—could not afford to be without a very plentiful supply of powerful artillery. This does not, we confess, sound a very hopeful plan, but the German answer to such criticism would not doubt be: "It is a good deal better than doing nothing, and it may succeed. If it does, you are ruined, if it does not succeed, we are no worse off than we were before. We can easily spare two hundred and fifty thousand out of seven millions!"

If, however, the German armada did not succeed in getting out of Emden and the Bight of Heligoland without being sighted, and if the might of England, once more flushing to "anticipate the scene," found and engaged the enemy's battle fleet, the idea seems to be that, while the German submarines were endeavoring to sink our vessels and a great fleet action was going on, the transports, unprotected in the turmoil, would rush to the selected places of disembarkation—here, too, protecting themselves by a ring of mines in case the great naval action should not go in favor of the Germans. Of course, the trouble here would be that there might be enough of our submarines over and above those required for the battle work to follow the transports and get in among them.

Disembarkation. But once more comes the German answer: "It is better to try a desperate thing than to try nothing." It is conceivable, however, that we are

wrong in suggesting that one place of disembarkation would be chosen. It is quite possible that another plan might be adopted, and that the invading host, instead of coming like a common shell, might burst in shrapnel on our shores—that is, that each transport over a wide area might have its own little bit of beach allotted to it, say on a fifty-mile front.

We do not want to be foolishly optimistic, concludes the writer, but, on a careful survey of the German methods of invasion we are still confident that the British or seaman's view is the true view of what will happen at an attempt at invasion here. The command of the sea is secured, and that the German or landman's view is a thoroughly incorrect view. The whole British nation must fervently pray that the German fleet, with its transports behind it, will come out and give us battle. We shall have an anxious time waiting for the result, but when the battle is over, unless we meet with some unforeseen disaster, the ball will be in our feet.

### To My Mother

Because I feel that in the heavens above,  
The angels, whispering to one another,  
Can find, among their burning terms of love,  
None so devotional as that of "Mother";  
Therefore by that dear name I long have called you—  
You who are more than mother unto me,  
And fill my heart of hearts, where Death installed you,  
In setting my Virginia's spirit free.  
My mother—my own mother, who died early,  
Was but the mother of myself; out you  
Are mother to the one I loved so dearly,  
And thus are dearer than the mother I know  
By that infinity with which my wife  
Was dearer to my soul than his own soul-life.  
—Edgar Allan Poe.

## Dairy of Lieutenant of Uhlans Gives Vivid Picture of Ticklish Campaigning During Early Days of Invasion of Belgium

(Associated Press Correspondence.)

Brussels, Nov. 9.—A lieutenant of uhlans, who took part in the siege of Antwerp, has sent home his diary of which a correspondent of the Associated Press has translated the most interesting portions. It has not yet appeared in the German press.

After describing his movements from Antwerp till the army reached Aerschot, some ten miles to the northeast of Louvain, where the main body bivouacked on the night of September 26, the diary continues, with some unimportant omissions, as follows:

"Our horses were stabled in the barn-room of a tavern, some of them tied fast to beer taps—how ticklish! The town had been frightfully shot up; there was hardly a house undamaged."

### Hears Heavy Firing.

"September 27.—On the march at 7 o'clock, reaching the railway crossing north of Aerschot, where the main body remained, while the advance guard entrenched itself two kilometers further on. We sent out two patrolling parties, each of twenty horsemen, one including K—, (the first lieutenant) and me. We joined the brigade staff and rode on to Aerschot. Suddenly a terrific infantry fire began on our front. Nobody could explain the matter, as our advance battery was still only our infantry in the rear was firing. The enemy can't drop from the sky; and where does that machine-gun firing come from?" we asked. Then everything was quiet again. What had happened? A Belgian armored automobile, the terror of our troops, had come right through our advanced battalion at a mad pace; before our men knew what was happening. Then the automobile reached our main body and could no more turn back; so it began to let its murderous machine gun play upon us. We should all have been lost but for a fortunate shot killing the chauffeur in the head, whereupon the automobile dashed into two ammunition wagons and then toppled over into the ditch at the side of the road. The office commanding it and two of his men were killed, and two others badly wounded."

### Armored Automobile.

"September 28.—The artillery duel continued. In the afternoon observation officers of our 42-centimeter mortars arrived to select positions for their guns. I climbed the ladder, feet high, and could see that our shells were pounding Fort Lierre in fine style; if we only kept it up the big mortars would soon open up a free path for us. Toward evening His Excellency Field Marshal Von der Goltz (civil governor of Belgium), arrived. He told me he heard that we learned to roast a hen in excellent style, and asked whether we did not have one left for him—and lo, the hen was soon on the table, along with a can of asparagus and a bottle of Hante Sauternes."

### September 30.—Marched this morning to the river Nethe to occupy and protect the bridge at Heilbrugg.

K— and I were entrusted with a patrol across the Nethe to Heykant and Bevel. We passed through Heykant all right, but we found telephone wires communicating with the church tower in Bevel. We cut the wires and then sent a non-commissioned officer seven men on to Bevel, while K— and a bugler, walked to a hill and watched the highway. When the little party reached the village it was fired upon, but continued into the place nevertheless. I remarked to K—: "Let us get away from this hill and go behind that house there. The words were scarcely spoken when a dozen bullets whistled about our ears, but all too high. But we left the hill at double-quick. After an anxious half hour the non-commissioned officer returned with his party safe and sound. And what had the daredevil done? A Belgian telegraph patrol, stationed in the village, was firing upon the party; but the 'non-com' and his fellows attacked without houses, and the enemy seemed surprised. Thereupon the 'non-com,' accompanied by one man, mounted the tower and destroyed the telephone station. Meanwhile the townsmen were firing lustily at their horses, held by the other men, but thank heaven, they can't hit anything. Then we recrossed the Nethe bridge at Heilbrugg and took quarters with the infantry, which had already strongly fortified the bridge."

### On Dangerous Mission.

"October 1.—I received the honorable commission to ride again to Bevel to see whether it was clear of the enemy and, if possible, to make observations from the church tower. Well, these fellows, I said to myself, 'probably got enough yesterday.' At Heykant I saw that the telephone wires, destroyed yesterday had been restored. I sent forward a 'non-com' with five men about 100 yards ahead and followed after at the head of my twenty uhlans. Everything seemed to be going well until the vanguard was within thirty paces of the first houses of Bevel. Then all at once a terrific infantry fire opened. The 'non-com' and another man dropped. The rest of us were out in the open field, scarcely one hundred and fifty paces from the enemy, when we could see standing behind a hedge. I gave the order: 'To the rear, open order, march!' Behind the nearest house I called a halt, and we prepared to dismount and begin the fight, but at this moment we were fired upon from the rear, from Heykant. The fellows had calmly permitted us to pass through the village, in order to forward to fire upon us from two sides. There were ditches right and left, so there could be no retreat to any side. We had to dash through. After passing Heykant we gathered in a forest."

"All my men answered to their names except the two mentioned, and they fell only fifty paces from the enemy. I inquired and was told that the two were dead. An uhlans saluted and said: 'Terr lieutenant, I will not leave the corporal lying there; let me ride back and get him.' I lifted my hat, in spirit, before this hero who wanted to ride back into the fire of the enemy, and made a silent prayer for his safety. 'Yes,' I said, and a second man followed him. After ten minutes they returned with the corporal and the uhlans. They had both fallen without being hit. All four were sure to get the iron cross."

"We got back safe to Heilbrugg, where Lieutenant K— and the infantry officers were happy to welcome us. I can't understand yet how those Belgians were able to shoot so badly. Not to hit one cavalryman out of twenty-five at fifty and one hundred and fifty paces is certainly an artistic achievement. At the same time another patrolling party under Lieutenant H—, was fired upon, also at a very short distance, and the result was two dead horses."

### Church Tower Shelled.

"I reported at once to the brigade and asked that the church tower, which seemed to be used as an observation lookout by the Belgian artillery, be shelled. On the following day two field howitzers fired twelve shots at it; this started a general conflagration in Bevel, and the tower disappeared. There was a great satisfaction. To be fired upon twice from one village was just enough. We made our quarters for the night at Hightem, as Heilbrugg had grown too dangerous for our horses."

### Fort K— and I found good quarters in the villa of a physician. Moreover, we requisitioned two shotguns and the next morning we went pheasant shooting. I had been keeping a meter with a baggage train for some days. There was not a living dog in all this region, but starving dogs and livestock were running loose everywhere."

### October 2.—Patrols were sent out early, but I took a rest, having had enough work on the previous days. However, K— and I, with our usual staff of buglers, a member of the hospital corps and an orderly rode to Herenthout, without seeing anything of the enemy. Night quarters were again at Hightem."

### October 3.—Three forts have already fallen. We again sent out three patrols; all got under the enemy's fire, but returned without loss. Toward evening we all rode to headquarters to report to his excellency. Scarcely arrived there, the enemy's shells began to drop around us. The staff had hardly got out of the house when a shell crashed through the roof. The location of brigade headquarters had been revealed to the Belgians by escaped prisoners. We faced about in a hurry and left our unfinished reports till the morning. Headquarters were again at Hightem, with splendid fruit and walnuts in our garden."

### Forts Are Silent.

### October 4.—With the first battalion and first battery we marched against Fort Kessel, which was still occupied by the enemy. We made no attack and returned to Hightem."

### October 5.—Fort Kessel kept silence during the night. Yesterday's detachment again sent forward to stor it. We led till we reached the open fields around the fort. When the infantry advanced in firing lines, scarcely did it reach the open fields, however, when it was literally showered with shrapnel from Fort Broechem. Shell after shell exploded in the ranks, but they occupied Fort Kessel's had little effect. TANKIN, N. N. and all the same. The enemy's shrapnel had little effect. For three hours they halted our infantry, and the result, two wounded men. Our squadrons remained behind in the woods, K— and I watching from its side, while the shrapnel was falling among the infantry scarcely 100 yards from us. We stood there fully two hours with no shell dropping nearer than about 100 yards."

### Finally we started back to our squadron, and had hardly taken 100 steps when a shell exploded at the spot where we had been standing. What a happy escape. (We had exactly the same experience, moreover, on the following day.) We got so accustomed to shells and shrapnel, however, that we don't get out of their way unless they drop nearer than 100 yards from us; otherwise we do not let them bother us even when we are eating."

### October 6.—K— and I were ordered to reconnoiter Fort Broechem, which is to be shelled by our 42-centimeter mortars. We rode with forty uhlans to a point west of Nylen (about eleven miles from Antwerp). In an ancient linden tree on a slight elevation we found a deserted Belgian observation platform. We quickly climbed it."

### A wonderful sight—the fort lay about 1,300 yards before us, every Belgian soldier plainly visible through our glasses. A splendid place. Punctually at 8 o'clock the 42-centimeter guns began to talk. The first two shots dropped 1,200 feet short. We announced this at once. Every seven minutes two shells were thrown. The next two dropped nearer, but not in the fort. Again an urgent signal, after which every shot hit. We took note of every one, and con-

tinued to report at once. The fort replied continually, but our presence in the tree was not yet discovered. We reported what of the enemy's mortars were firing, and a half-hour later the mortars ceased their fire upon them. Meanwhile Lieutenant H— and three of our men crept to within 50 yards of the fort and sent back reports by bicyclists confirming our observations."

"Suddenly the Belgians seemed to have discovered our point of observation and three shells whizzed by us. We got down and galloped nearer to the fort. Later everything became quiet and after an hour we remounted our old linden, but taking the precaution of sending our men and horses further back. At 1:30 the last shot was fired from the fort. Nevertheless, our mortars continued firing till 6:30. The last shot struck a powder magazine, which exploded with frightful beauty. It was a moment never to be forgotten to see how the concrete blocks as big as houses flew through the air. Fragments flew nearly a half mile, many dropping in the ether and making the water ter shoot up today, and his excellency sent his special thanks to the officers (K— and me). He said we were all sure of the iron cross. Highly delighted, we took quarters in Nylen."

Bridge Is Rebuilt. "October 7.—Again this morning we went to our old post of observation. The fort was deserted. Our pioneers were working feverishly rebuilding the bridge over the Nethe, which we could not enter after the fort fell—and I rode down on bicycles, feeling that we must be among the first to enter the fort. The pioneers carried us and our wheels across. Then we hurried across the open space before the fort, which was still being shelled by the next fort. The sight inside was frightful. Everything was broken up and in ruins! One company looking for Belgians succeeded in finding twelve. Also many dead. We were glad to have seen all this. As a souvenir I took a brand new French rifle, with cartridges. Then we started back on our wheels, but scarcely had I left when a shell exploded fifty paces ahead of us, leaving a most evil stench. So we turned back to the fort and went out at the back side. For slow riding we had no taste. Quarters again were at Nylen."

October 8.—Marched to Emblem. Fort Oeleghem was again firing upon Fort Broechem, held by us. Our heavy artillery began last night to shell Antwerp. We could plainly see the city burning, especially the oil-tanks. A patrolling party under a 'non-com' advanced to Ranst. Near Emblem we sat down in a stubble field and played sack, while the cannon was thundering, and the enemy's shrapnel were dropping 500 yards from us. Antwerp continued to burn. We spent the night in Emblem, which is all shot to pieces."

October 9.—We sent out a patrol to Ranst and thence to Fort No. 11 (of the inner circle of forts). At 11 o'clock we were informed that negotiations for capitulation were in progress, and we were ordered to take the rest of the cavalry squadron and reconnoiter in the direction of Antwerp. We rode away with the highest enthusiasm, incessantly singing the 'Watch on the Rhine' and 'God Save the Emperor.' Everywhere were deserted guns. Forts M— and 3 and 4 were deserted. Should we ride into Antwerp at once? The answer goes without saying! And we trotted on briskly till we reached the outer moats. We had to ride half way around the city before we could find a bridge that had not been destroyed. And now we entered Antwerp with an indescribable happy feeling. The few inhabitants stared at us with great eyes. We advanced to the market place, where a battery of the fifth division had already arrived. But there were none of our sixth division there yet, so we were the first. However, we could not stay alone in the city, and therefore we rode back on the wall and went into quarters for the night at Pulhof chateau. There we found some choice wines. That was a great windfall, so we celebrated the fall of Antwerp till late into the night. The next day we left Antwerp and returned to Brussels by way of Melle."

3 quarts fancy Cranberries.....25c  
3 pounds fancy California Grapes, 25c  
6 lbs. large Best Sweet Potatoes 25c  
10 lbs. Bunch Onions.....25c  
50-lb. box large round Apples.....\$1.00  
3 lbs. best Head Rice.....25c  
4 lbs. best quality Broken Rice.....25c  
5 lbs. best quality Broken Rice.....25c  
20 lbs. best Mexican Beans.....\$1.00  
Full Cream Cheese, B.....25c  
2-lb. can Karo Syrup.....10c  
5-gallon can Karo Syrup.....25c  
1 gallon can Karo Syrup.....50c  
Large pkg. Pancake Flour.....10c  
8 bars Magic Washing Soap.....25c  
8 bars Armour's Lighthouse Soap 25c  
7 bars Lenox Soap.....25c  
Jet Oil Shoe Polish.....10c  
3 boxes Shinola Shoe Polish.....25c  
Red Wolf Coffee.....30c  
Wedding Breakfast Coffee.....30c  
Barkington Hall Coffee.....40c  
Good Roast Coffee 25c, 25c and 20c  
17 lbs. Beet Sugar.....\$1.00  
16 lbs. Cane Sugar.....\$1.00  
Fancy Japan Tea.....35c  
3 pairs of good quality Canvas  
Gloves.....25c  
Men's Leather Gloves.....50c to \$1.75  
Men's Wool Gloves.....25c and 50c  
Men's best quality ribbed Underwear.....45c  
Men's \$7.50 quality Mackinaws \$5.75  
Men's good quality Mackinaws \$2.00 to \$4.00  
Men's good quality Socks \$1.25 to \$2.75  
Men's and Boys' Suspenders 50c and up  
Men's and Boys' Overalls at factory cost.

We have a big line of Sweater Coats for Misses and Children.  
Ladies', Misses' and Children's Long Coats at big savings.  
Cotton Blankets.....90c to \$2  
Woolen Blankets.....\$2.25 to \$3.50  
Heavy wool Camp Blankets.....\$2.00  
Full size Comforts.....\$1.25 to \$1.50

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## Bringing Up Father



## MODERATE SALES ARE RECORDED IN MONEY CENTER

Failure to Reopen Stock Exchange Has Depressing Influence on Many Securities Seeking Market.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—Prices of securities in the money market and unofficial markets now in operation recovered slightly from the depression recorded yesterday. Trading, however, was on a more moderate scale. The financial district continued to show its disappointment at the failure of the plan to reopen the stock exchange for dealings in bonds, but the circumstances attending the sudden reversal of policy were recognized as inevitable.

Estimates respecting the amount of loan owned American securities awaiting sale in this market at the first opportunity differed widely, but it was evident that this question constituted the chief menace to the domestic situation.

By reason of the greater activity in the money market and the forthcoming changes in the clearing house statement, necessitated by the new banking laws, more than usual interest attaches to the showing of local financial institutions tomorrow. It is reasonable to assume that a larger surplus will be disclosed as a result of the reduction in reserve requirements from 25 to 18 per cent. There were indications also of a small cash gain and a further loan contraction.

Detailed reports issued by the more prominent banks of the clearing house indicated that increasing sums of money were being deposited here, particularly for English and French commercial interests, with a sprinkling of German and Russian accounts. These deposits, it was said, were being constantly drawn upon to meet payments for war materials, general merchandise and food stuffs. General bank returns also showed that further large amounts of emergency currency and loan certificates were being retired. To such an extent has this movement grown that another few weeks may witness the complete withdrawal of these obligations.

Bank clearings for the week are considerably larger than recently, but still well below the normal.

## Pointers for Women.

Almost every woman who has raised a family will remember instances where she has prevented serious sickness by having the right medicine at hand, ready for instant use when needed. A common cold can be cured much more quickly when properly treated as soon as the cold has been contracted instead of waiting until it has become settled in the system. You will find Chamberlain's Cough Remedy especially efficacious in cases of colds and croup in children. When given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, which is the first symptom of croup, it will prevent the attack. For sale by all dealers.

## Table Oil Cloth in white and colors, the twenty-five cent kind, on sale today, a yard, 10c. The Leader.

## WANTED: A Bright Young Man

A long established and reputable house—40 years in business—has an opening in this city for a resident representative. His time will be largely his own; the work is pleasant and agreeable; his profit averages more than 55% on the business done, and previous experience is not essential. This is an ideal opportunity for a young man of good appearance, wide circle of acquaintance and a genuine desire to make good in a profitable field of work. The earliest reply will receive first consideration.

## FOSTER GILROY

301 Lafayette Street  
New York

## WHEAT PRICES SHOW A DECIDED DOWNWARD TURN

Lessening of Export Buying, Good Crops in Argentina and Lack of Transportation Are Principal Influences.

CHICAGO, Nov. 20.—Noticeable lessening of export buying tended today to weaken wheat. The market closed heavy at 1/2 to 3/4 cent decline. Corn finished 1/4 to 1/2 cent down; oats, a shade off to 1/4 up, and provisions, ranging from a setback of 5c to a rise of 7 1/2c.

It was current gossip that notwithstanding the European bids for wheat continued, numerous holders here were not anxious to sell until a larger stock had been accumulated in Chicago. Country offerings were small both in the winter and spring wheat sections, and the primary receipts during the five days this week were shown to have been 1,900,000 bushels less than for the corresponding days last week, although larger than a year ago. Dealers were also made cautious by the first pressure from the Argentine crop, Buenos Aires being reported as having offered at Liverpool to undersell Canada.

Trouble in getting ocean tonnage remained as a burden on the export trade in wheat, and formed one of the sources of local sentiment. On the whole, few advisers regarding harvest conditions in Argentina seemed to be against the bulls. The dispatches from South America, however, were quite conflicting, and so failed from having a decisive effect on the market.

Corn ruled lower throughout the session, influenced by weather adapted to the rapid handling of the new crop and by the continued slackness of demand from the east. Most of the buying came from shorts.

Oats were sustained by an active shipping call. Country offerings proved meager.

Higher prices for hogs gave steadiness to provisions. It was said one of the large packers led the buying of January and May pork.

## Closing prices:

Wheat—Dec., \$1.15 1/2; May, \$1.21 1/2.

Corn—Dec., 66 1/2; May, 71c.

Oats—Dec., 59 1/2; May, 52 1/2c.

Pork—Jan., \$18.72; May, \$19.12.

## BRADSTREET'S REVIEW.

New York, Nov. 20.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say:

Favorable features predominate this week and in many directions performance have followed the promise of earlier weeks. A further loosening up of money with easier rates is attributed to the going into effect of the new federal bank system.

The re-opening of the leading cotton exchanges and the reports of the successful forming of the cotton pool have made for a more favorable southern sentiment, though freer cotton marketing has been accompanied by easing of quotations from the opening prices. War orders have continued to come out in good volume and have given employment to larger numbers of employees in various lines to meet rush order requirements. Better feeling and some resumption of steel mills have given employment lacking for some time past.

Futures this week in the United States were 3 1/4, compared with 1 1/2 last year; in Canada, eighty, compared with forty-two last year. Bank clearings aggregate \$2,325,315,000, a decrease of 15 1/2 per cent from last year. Wheat exports from the United States and Canada were 497,212 bushels, against 6,149,023 a year ago.

## BOSTON WOOL MARKET.

Boston, Nov. 20.—The Commercial Bulletin will say tomorrow: The wool market has been fairly active the past week and values continue to strengthen, holders of wool at the moment being very confident as to the outlook for the immediate future. Demand has been of a very general nature and secured wools have been particularly active.

The situation in the primary markets is still very strong for cross-bred wools, but the weak condition of the fine wool market in Australia last week caused very few offerings of merinos to be made in the sales this week.

Scoured basis: Texas—Fine twelve

If You Have a Want  
Tell It Through the

## JOURNAL CLASSIFIED COLUMNS

## FOR SALE

\$2,000—5-room, pebble dash bungalow, modern, fine place, new; terms if desired.  
\$2,750—6-room brick, modern, large basement, corner lot, good location in Highlands; easy terms.  
\$2,500—6-room brick, modern, well built, hardwood floors, fireplace, cemented cellar, corner lot, fine location in Highlands.  
\$2,700—13 acres of good land near Lumber Mill, near car line.  
\$2,000—5-room frame, modern; Highlands, close in; easy terms.  
\$1,000—4-room frame, modern; Lowlands, near shops; \$400 cash, balance, \$5 per cent.  
\$1,300—4-room frame, bath, fine shade, good outbuildings, fine location; N. 11th St.

**A. FLEISCHER**  
Fire Insurance  
111 South Fourth Street

months, 50¢ 55; fine eight months, 52¢ 54; fine fall, 45¢ 47.  
California—Northern, 54¢ 55; middle county, 51¢ 52; southern, 48¢ 50.  
Oregon—Eastern No. 1 staple, 62¢ 64; eastern clothing, 57¢ 59; valley No. 1, 48¢ 50.  
Territory—Fine, 62¢ 65; fine medium, 60¢ 62; fine clothing, 57¢ 59.  
Fine medium clothing, 55¢ 57; half-blood clothing, 50¢ 52; three-eighths blood clothing, 51¢ 52.  
Polled extra, 62¢ 65; AA, 57¢ 60; fine A, 54¢ 57; A supers, 50¢ 53.

## NEW YORK LEAD AND SPLICER.

New York, Nov. 20.—Lead steady, \$25.00 4.00.

Spelter quiet, \$5.15 5.25.

## ST. LOUIS LEAD AND SPLICER.

St. Louis, Nov. 20.—Lead strong, \$5.80 5.82 1/2.

Spelter strong, \$5.07 1/2.

## MONEY MARKET.

New York, Nov. 20.—Mercantile paper, 5 1/2 5 3/4 per cent.

Bar silver, 49 1/2c.

## NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Nov. 20.—Spot cotton, quiet; middling uplands, \$7.50. No sales.

## LIVESTOCK MARKETS.

## Kansas City Livestock.

Kansas City, Nov. 20.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,000. Market strong. Prime fed steers, \$16.00 16.50; western steers, \$7.25 9.50; calves, \$6.50 10.50.

Sheep—Receipts, 2,000. Market steady. Lambs, \$7.50 9.00; yearlings, \$6.50 7.70.

Hogs—Receipts, 6,000. Market higher. Bulk, \$7.50 7.70; heavy, \$7.55 7.60.

## Chicago Livestock.

Chicago, Nov. 20.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,000. Market steady. Beef steers, \$16.50 17.50; calves, \$6.50 11.50.

Sheep—Receipts, 6,000. Market strong. Sheep \$5.50 6.25; lambs, \$6.75 9.20.

Hogs—Receipts, 22,000. Market strong, 5c above yesterday's average. Bulk, \$7.30 7.50; heavy, \$7.05 7.40; pigs, \$4.50 6.50.

## Denver Livestock.

Denver, Nov. 20.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,900. Market steady. Beef steers, \$16.00 17.00; cows and heifers, \$5.00 6.30; stockers and feeders, \$5.00 7.45; calves, \$7.00 8.50.

Sheep—Receipts, 19,000. Market strong to higher. Lambs, \$7.50 8.25; ewes, \$4.50 5.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 200. Market strong. Top, few sales, \$7.10 7.50.

## BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—Best paying restaurant in city. Centrally located. Fine business proposition. Address "Bart" care Journal.

FOR SALE—At a sacrifice, on account of Mrs. Dindale's serious illness, the following:—A fine house, 10 rooms and bath, all in first-class condition. A good chance for the right party to secure a good paying business. Call at once.

## WANTED—To Trade.

TO TRADE—40 acres level timber land, located in Arkansas, for New Mexico property. Write O. Crawford, Texas City.

## DRESSMAKING.

WANTED—Girls at dressmaking parlors. We do wedding and all occasion, all kinds. Mrs. Cline, 215 N. 2nd, Phone 1241.

FIRST-CLASS dressmaking, prices reasonable, satisfaction guaranteed. 408 South High, Phone 1241. Mrs. Parsons, 106 North 10th.

John W. Wilson, Attorney for Plaintiff, Albuquerque, N. M.

Dated, Nov. 17th, 1914.

## FINE HOME FOR SALE

Five-room modern house; one block from car line. No. 1 location; corner lot, 50x142. Easy terms.

Do you carry Fire Insurance? We write insurance against fire in this world.

## Porterfield Co.

REAL ESTATE—FIRE INSURANCE—LOANS.

216 W. Gold

## HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Six industrious messengers. Newborn delivery.

WANTED—Girl for general housework, 341 South 10th.

WANTED—Sewing girl for all or part of day, 481 South Seventh street.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Mrs. E. A. Mann, 604 West 10th.

WANTED—Girl for general housework; good wages, 509 North High street.

WANTED—Lad, clerk, must speak Spanish fluently. Weiler & Benjamin, 212 West Central.

WANTED—Competent girl for house work. Three in family. Only good help wanted. Apply 109 South Fourth street.

WANTED—Woman, or girl to cook and take care of baby, day work and good home for 10th person. Call 1444 North Fourth street.

WANTED—Experienced sales ladies at the Bookland.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Position, capable and woman, room cook, waiting maid or institution. Write 124 N. 2nd street.

WANTED—To buy, girl's bicycle in good condition; must be cheap. Address P. O. box 415.

SHOE REPAIRING. We call and deliver. Electric Shoe Shop, 212 South Second, Phone 547.

WANTED—Small family to stay on 10-acre ranch, 5 miles from city; free. Apply 212 South Second.

WANTED—A good mining prospect. Will buy, or furnish money to develop for an interest. P. O. Box 417, Albuquerque.

WANTED—Home for excellent driving horse. Will exchange use of horse for winter. Call 415.

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## Bargain Extraordinary

Five-room modern frame cottage with stone foundation and nice shade on 50-foot lot almost within the shadow of the new City Hall, for only \$1,500. Terms of \$100 cash and \$20 per month, or 5 per cent discount for payment of \$500 and assume mortgage.

## MONEY TO LOAN.

## Thaxton &amp; Co.

111 W. Gold.

## FOR RENT—Rooms.

FOR RENT—Modern rooms, steam heat, no sick, 504 1/2 West Central.

FOR RENT—Two rooms furnished for light housekeeping, \$12 a month, 494 North Second.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Central location, steam heat, bath, weekly rates, \$2.00, \$3.00, \$4.00, Grand Central Hotel.

FOR RENT—Large, cool, nicely furnished room in good location and private family; bath, lights, shade, 214 West New York.

FOR RENT—Two rooms for light housekeeping, 767 North Third street.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Hot water heat; no sick, no children, 411 West 10th.

FOR RENT—Steadily furnished room, all improvements, 414 West 4th avenue.

FOR RENT—Furnished room for gentleman; \$11 per month, 115 West Gold avenue.

FOR RENT—Two desirable housekeeping rooms, reasonable; no sick, 418 West Gold.

FOR RENT—Housekeeping room and furnished kitchen, sleeping porch, 618 West 10th.

FOR RENT—Furnished room with sleeping porch, modern, steam heat, 609 West Gold avenue.

FOR RENT—Three rooms with sleeping porch, up-to-date, also power room. Must be sold today. 412 West 10th.

FOR RENT—Furnished room, close in to school and library, 212 North 4th.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room, with or without board, 318 S. Broadway.

FOR RENT—Couple of sleeping rooms, suitable for students, 517 South Broadway.

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping, sleeping porch, 271 North 4th street.

FOR RENT—Two large modern rooms, single, in suite or for housekeeping, 638 South Broadway.

FOR RENT—Three rooms with bath, furnished for housekeeping, \$14 per month, 591 North 4th, Phone 565.

## FOR RENT—Dwellings.

FOR RENT—Six-room, modern flat, North Fifth street, \$20.00 per month; water paid. First Savings Bank & Trust Co.

FOR RENT—Four-room brick, modern; gas range and shades; strictly sanitary; \$12 per month, inquire 415 Granite avenue.

FOR RENT—Furnish house, stable and about one acre, on Fourth street, next door to school and just beyond Mountain road. Inquire HUIX

## Crescent Hardware Co.

Stoves, Ranges, House Furnishing Goods, Cutlery, Tools, Iron Pipe, Valves and Fitting, Plumbing, Heating, Tin and Copper Work.  
818 W. CENTRAL AVE. TELEPHONE 315.

FOR ALL  
COOKING

**SNOWDRIFT** THE PERFECT  
SHORTENING  
EVERY CAN GUARANTEED

NEW ARIZONA ORANGES.  
Three sizes: 2 1/2, 3 1/2, 4 1/2 down.

FORT BRAND YORK STATE  
NEW PACK CANNED GOODS  
ARE IN.

Small Green Lima Beans.  
Sweetash with Green Lima Beans.  
Green and Wax Beans.  
Telephone Sugar Peas.  
Red Raspberries.  
Blackberries.  
Pitted Red Cherries.

BOULDERADO BUTTER,  
35c.

**WARD'S STORE**

215 Marble Ave. Phone 298-299  
HOMER H. WARD, Mgr.

**Strong Brothers**  
Undertakers

PROMPT SERVICE. PHONE  
18. STRONG BROS., COPIER  
AND SECOND.

**LOCAL ITEMS**  
OF INTEREST

Herbath, painting, papering, 14253.  
Dr. Schweitzer, osteopath, Ph. 717.  
That Maple Nut Ice Cream at Fee's  
candy store today.

City Clerk Thomas Hughes returned  
last night from Denver.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. R. K.  
Stamps yesterday, a daughter.

Dr. R. W. Hanna has opened an office  
for the practice of osteopathy in  
suite 1, W. O. W. building, 298-310  
West Central avenue.

Members of the booster orchestra  
will leave this morning for Madrid,  
where they will play for a Knights of  
Pythias dance tonight.

Mrs. J. C. Lewis and daughter,  
Miss Alice Lewis, left the other day  
for Long Beach, Calif., where they  
will remain indefinitely.

J. M. Phillingford, the veteran in  
charge of the tower at the Central  
avenue railroad crossing, has returned  
to the city, and was on duty at the  
tower yesterday.

Judge and Mrs. H. H. Hanna and  
Judge E. C. Abbott of Santa Fe, were  
among the visitors to the educational  
association convention, who  
arrived last night.

Miss Lillian Kieck, principal of the  
commercial department of the New  
Mexico Normal at Silver City, was  
among the early arrivals to attend  
the teachers' meeting.

Bishop Frederick B. Howden, of  
the Episcopal diocese of New Mexico  
and West Texas, will be at St. John's  
church, Sunday and will preach either  
the morning or the evening sermon.

A. D. Ogle, of the abstract firm of  
Clerke, Ogle & Dodge, has returned  
to the city from Farmington, San  
Juan county, where he had been im-  
portant surveying for certain parties  
in that vicinity.

The Brotherhood of American  
Yeomen will hold a regular meet-  
ing at 1, O. O. F. hall tonight at 8  
o'clock. All members are urged to at-  
tend as important business will come  
up for discussion.

Rev. Dr. Eckel, secretary of the  
Province of the Southwest, which in-  
cludes eight dioceses and six missions,  
will arrive in Albuquerque, San  
Juan county, where he will remain in-  
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## APPROPRIATION OF \$40,100 IS MADE FOR NEW SHOPS

Of This Amount \$27,600 Is to  
Be Spent on New Water  
System and Chemical  
Treating Plant.

That the Santa Fe Railway com-  
pany had appropriated \$40,100 more  
to be expended on the new shops,  
now under construction, was the in-  
formation received yesterday by Sa-  
perintendent W. A. George of the  
shops.

The greater part of this, \$27,600, is  
to be used in rearranging the water  
treating plant and water system. An-  
other \$12,500 is to be spent in the  
building of additions to the present  
treating plant, where water is sub-  
jected to chemical action to lessen  
its destructive effects on boilers. Part  
of the larger appropriation is to be  
used on the treating plant also.

To Drill Six Wells.  
Part of the money is to be used  
in drilling six wells to supply water  
for the new system. They will be lo-  
cated probably near the new power  
plant, Mr. George said.

The next greatest appropriation is  
that of \$13,000, for the steel-under-  
frame-car shop. This building will be  
200 by 80 feet. Three thousand five  
hundred dollars will go to the 100-  
foot double-track cinder pit in con-  
nection with the new roundhouse.

The Santa Fe Magazine, received  
here in the mail yesterday, listed  
these appropriations and more to be  
spent on two divisions entering Al-  
buquerque. The New Mexico division  
did not come in for a share this  
month. The appropriations for the  
other two total \$48,100.

The lists from the magazine fol-  
low:

Albuquerque Division.  
Rio Puerco—Changing channel of  
wash, \$2,300.

Gallup—Reinforcing grade line of the  
southwestern spur, \$1,300.

Flagstaff-Cactus—Reinforcing the  
on the main line, \$1,500.

McCarthy—New pump-house and  
rearrangement of pipe lines, \$2,500.

Hibbard—Construction of a 150-  
foot extension to the stockyards spur,  
\$1,300.

Rio Grande Division.  
Albuquerque—Additions to the  
treating plant, \$2,800.

Albuquerque—Construction of a  
100-foot double-track cinder pit,  
\$2,500.

Albuquerque—Construction of a  
200x80-foot steel - underframe - car  
shop, \$13,000.

Santa Rita—Erection of a new de-  
pot with a 16-foot extension to the  
freight room, \$4,700.

Magdalena—Construction of a new  
depot with a 44-foot extension to the  
freight room, \$5,500.

Albuquerque—Rearranging the  
treating plant and water facilities in  
accordance with the plan for new fa-  
cilities, \$21,000.

SANTA FE RAILWAY AGENTS  
WILL BOOST FOR THIS CITY

Every Santa Fe railway agent from  
Chicago to the Pacific coast and from  
the Gulf of Mexico to the western  
edge of the continent, will be an Al-  
buquerque booster.

The publicity bureau of the Com-  
mercial club has made arrangements  
with the Santa Fe to place Albuquerque  
booklets, the kind published by  
the health department, with its  
agents to be given to persons who  
want to know about the west country.

The Santa Fe also gave permission  
to the publicity committee to insert  
in all advertisements of the city's  
health advantages: "Inquire at the  
nearest Santa Fe agent."

The agents will give the pamphlets  
to all persons who inquire about Al-  
buquerque, answering the publicity  
committee's advertisements.

NEW SANITARIUM TO BE  
STARTED IN ALBUQUERQUE

Announcement has been made that  
Dr. L. C. Read of Grand Rapids, Dr.  
N. N. Read of Orono, Mich., and Dr.  
A. R. Dolph of Elmore, O., have lo-  
cated in Albuquerque for the purpose  
of establishing a sanitarium for the  
treatment of tuberculosis and that  
they have already begun the con-  
struction of their building on a 20-  
acre tract located about four miles  
northwest of the city.

It is asserted that the physicians  
in charge of the movement are ex-  
perienced in the treatment of tuber-  
culosis and have had a remarkable  
record of cures in other places. They  
were attracted to Albuquerque on ac-  
count of its climatic advantages.

WILL ASK COUNCIL TO  
NAME A POLICEMAN

Women's societies will send a com-  
mittee to the council to ask for the  
appointment of a police woman. This  
step was decided upon at a meeting  
of club women last night at the Com-  
mercial club. C. C. Cushman, presi-  
dent of the Commercial club, presi-  
dent and Mayor Bostright was present.

SUMMER GARDEN.  
Best of drinks served, with ap-  
petizing lunches. Special attention to all  
customers.  
JAMES TAVASCIL  
Proprietor.

B. M. WILLIAMS  
Dentist  
Rooms 1 and 3, Whiting Building.  
Corner Second and Gold.  
Phone No. 684.

C. H. CONNER, M.D., D.O.  
Osteopathic Specialist  
treat all curable diseases. Office Stern  
Building. Phone 625 and 325.

Two rolls of five cent Toilet  
Paper on sale today for 5c.  
The Leader.

## RANCHER IS ON TRIAL ON WHITE SLAVE CHARGE

Girl He Is Charged With  
Transporting to Silver City  
Testifies; Prosecution Is  
Unfinished.

The prosecution in the Keene case  
was still incomplete when Judge W.  
H. Pope adjourned the United States  
district court late yesterday afternoon  
until this morning.

Cornelius Jenkins, brother of Miss  
Thora Jenkins, the girl in the case,  
Miss Jenkins herself and J. K. Vencil,  
Santa Fe ticket agent at Silver City,  
were the chief witnesses called yes-  
terday.

Miss Jenkins related her story calm-  
ly except at one time when under  
cross-examination she blushed, turned  
from the jury and raised her hand to  
her face. Judge Pope told the jury to  
get a glass of water. Miss Jenkins  
dashed at her eyes with her handker-  
chief and faced the attorney again,  
ready to answer his questions.

Brother of Girl on Stand.  
Her brother was the first witness.  
He identified a letter as one sent by  
Keene to his sister in regard to her  
coming to his ranch near Silver City  
from Washington, D. C. In the let-  
ter Keene asked her to say nothing  
about her coming. The girl testified  
that she received another letter from  
Keene later, saying that he made this  
request because he wanted to surprise  
her brothers.

Vencil testified that Keene bought  
a ticket for the girl. According to  
the complaint made by L. M. McCure,  
special agent of the department of  
justice, before United States Commis-  
sioner W. H. Newcomb, Keene  
bought a ticket at the Silver City of-  
fice August 1, furnishing her trans-  
portation from Washington to that  
place. She arrived at Silver City Au-  
gust 22, according to the complaint.

At Mesa Ranch.  
The girl testified that she reached  
the ranch, where her aged uncle lived,  
at evening. Keene entered her room  
that night, but no offense was com-  
mitted there, she said. The following  
day she accompanied Keene on horse-  
back to the Mesa ranch, where his  
brother-in-law, Ray Lancaster, lived,  
she said. They remained there sev-  
eral days and there the acts occurred  
which furnished the basis of the

charge against Keene, according to  
Miss Jenkins.

The girl referred to Keene in her  
testimony as the "defendant."

The jury in the case is made up of  
Harry T. Johnson, W. A. Craig, Leo-  
cardio Martinez, A. W. Skards, Lee  
Hamilton, W. C. Lawrence, Cyril J.  
Collier, Frank Walker, Porfirio Gal-  
legos, Harry S. Bond, T. C. McDermott  
and Otto P. Scheer.

Keene is represented by Vellacott  
and Fowler, of Silver City. Judge E.  
A. Mann and J. L. Nicholas, of Albu-  
querque.

United States District Summers  
Burkhardt and Assistant District At-  
torney H. G. Coors are conducting the  
prosecution.

The Enfield case was dismissed yes-  
terday morning upon motion by the  
district attorney. Mr. Burkhardt  
moved that the jury be directed to  
return a verdict of not guilty. This  
was done. John H. Enfield, the de-  
fendant, was charged with making  
false entry of his personal liability  
while cashier of the State National  
bank of Atlanta.

In the case of Robert L. Faulkner,  
bankruptcy proceedings, his petition  
for review of the certificate of the  
referee was sustained as to the ruling  
of the latter requiring him to remain  
out of the room while testimony was  
being given. As to other objections  
the petition was overruled. The cause  
remanded to the referee for further  
proceedings. Faulkner is of Las  
Cruces.

AGENCIES COMBINED;  
CLERICAL FORCE TO  
BE BROUGHT HERE

P. T. Lonergan, superintendent of  
the Indian agency at Albuquerque,  
announced to the Journal last night  
that the two agencies—Santa Fe and  
Albuquerque—have been consolida-  
ted under his charge at this city, and  
that the government has granted an  
additional inspector of day schools  
and two more clerks.

The clerical force, maintained  
heretofore at Santa Fe, will be  
brought to this city.

Constipation.  
When troubled with constipation  
take Chamberlain's Tablets. They are  
easy to take and produce no griping  
or other unpleasant effect. For sale  
by all dealers.

Picture Frames.  
We have a beautiful line of picture  
frames in all sizes to offer at a price  
that will surprise you. Come and see  
them.  
PURSELL STUDIO, 219 W. Central.

For Christmas.  
A full line of albums for amateur  
photos and other pretty things to in-  
terest the kodaker.  
PURSELL STUDIO, 219 W. Central.

## CRYSTAL TODAY

"THE CHOICE"  
Western Drama  
"THE COURTESY OF WIL-  
LIAM HENRY JONES"  
Vivian Comedy, With  
Singing Duet  
"THE ARON MASTER"  
Feature Two-reel Biograph

COMING  
MONDAY AND TUESDAY  
NOVEMBER 23 AND 24,  
MRS. FISKE

IN  
"TESS OF THE  
D'URBVILLE"  
Five-reel Famous Payer Fea-  
ture From the Paramount  
Program  
Matinee at 2:30 and 3:30  
Night Last Show Begins at 9:15  
NO RAISE IN PRICES

AEOLIAN  
PLAYER PIANO

FOR SALE CHEAP.  
This is as good as new. Cost  
\$650.00. Will sell for \$295.00  
cash.  
617 SOUTH EIGHTH STREET

"TELMO"  
BUY THIS BRAND OF CANNED  
GOODS AND YOU HAVE THE  
BEST

LET US SEND A MAN  
To Replace that Broken Window  
Glass  
ALBUQUERQUE LUMBER  
COMPANY  
Phone 421 423 N. First

GIVE PICTURES FOR  
CHRISTMAS  
Special prices on photos for the  
holidays at Miss Pierson's Studio,  
115 South Second street.

Better than the advertised brands  
and much cheaper—ALBUQUERQUE'S  
OWN CIGARETTES.

GRIMSHAW'S  
"Sanitation Our Special Delight."  
Second and Central.

WALLACE HESSELDEN  
General Contractors.  
Figures and workmanship count. We  
guarantee more for your money than  
any other contracting firm in Albu-  
querque. Office at  
SUPERIOR PLANING MILL  
Phone 377.

Henry's Delivery and Mes-  
sengers. Phone 939.

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## A full dress suit for \$35



DON'T get the idea  
that a dress suit is  
an expensive luxury.  
We have them here for \$35;  
the kind you'll see worn by  
most particular dressers.

Hart Schaffner  
& Marx

have used fine black dress  
worsted in these suits,  
they're lined and faced with  
excellent silk—the latest  
design.

No use waiting any longer;  
you really can't afford to be  
without one at such a price.

Simon Stern, Inc.

This store is the home of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes

## ATTENTION IMPORTED MACARONI

Just received, one carload of MACARONI from NAPLES, ITALY,  
consisting of 1,200 cases and of the very best quality. We believe this  
to be the last shipment available until war conditions in Europe are  
settled. Profit by this opportunity now and get your stock before they  
are all gone.

Montezuma Grocery and Liquor Company  
COPPER AVENUE and THIRD ST.

## HAHN COAL CO

ANTHRACITE, ALL SIZES, STEAM COAL  
Coke, Mill Wood, Factory Wood, Cord Wood, Native Kindling, Lime

## Journal Want Ads Bring Results

## HANDSOME SHOES FOR THANKSGIVING

Thanksgiving, the day when friend meets friend, will  
soon be here. The feet that go a-visiting as well as the feet  
that entertain will, of course, wish to appear at their best.  
We are ready to place the feet of every man, woman and  
child in condition to appear well.

We would like to show you our many new and hand-  
some styles in both Dress and Street Shoes. Dull or Patent  
Leather, Suede, Satin or Velvet, Lace or Button. The ex-  
treme lasts as well as the more conservative models.

Excellent values in moderate-priced Shoes. Shoe lux-  
ury for those who desire it at higher prices.

Handsome Shoes for Men ..... \$2.50 to \$5.00  
Handsome Shoes for Women ..... \$1.75 to \$4.50  
Handsome Shoes for Children ..... \$1.25 to \$3.00  
Handsome Shoes for Babies ..... \$ .50 to \$1.50

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## SPRINGER

TRANSFER  
Competent and Reasonable

## THANKSGIVING DAY Special Silverware Sale

To enable those who desire to make their Thanksgiving dinner table  
attractive with New Silver we shall hold a Special Sale of Silverware  
at prices 25 to 50 per cent below regular cost. Note a few prices:  
1/2 doz. Knives and Forks, Rogers ..... \$2.50, worth \$4.00  
1/2 doz. Knives and Forks, Rogers ..... \$1.50, worth \$2.50  
1/2 doz. Knives and Forks, hollow handle ..... \$3.50, worth \$5.50  
1/2 doz. Knives and Forks, 1847 ..... \$1.50, worth \$2.50  
26-piece Chest of Silverware ..... \$5.00, worth \$7.50  
26-piece Chest of Silverware ..... \$8.50, worth \$12.00  
26-piece Chest of Silverware ..... \$10.50, worth \$15.00  
Also Tea Spoons, Bullion Spoons, Orange Spoons, Salad Forks,  
Cutter Forks, Carving Knife, etc., at reduced prices.  
This Special Sale will begin SATURDAY, NOV. 21st, up to Thank-  
sgiving Day.

We have the largest stock of Diamonds in town, price and quality  
considered. They are cheaper than you can buy elsewhere. Make  
your selection now and pay a little each week.

EVERITT, Leading Jeweler