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THIRTY-SIXTH YEAR
VOL. CXXXIV, No. 51.

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1914.

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EYE-WITNESS OF GREAT STRUGGLE TELLS OF FIGHT FROM DAY TO DAY

Germans Win a Trench Now
and Then, Only to Be Forced
Out of It by Allies Within
Few Hours.

HEAVY BOMBARDMENTS OF DAILY OCCURRENCE

Artillery Fire Usually Precedes
Furious Assaults by Kaiser's
Infantry; Bayonets Are Used
Freely.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
London, Nov. 19 (9:50 p. m.)—The following descriptive account which has been communicated by an eye-witness present with general headquarters continues and supplements the narrative published on November 17 of the movements of the British force and the French armies in immediate touch with it.

"November 16.—The nature of the situation on our front has not altered since the last letter. The Germans have continued to press generally along our line and have focused their attention mostly around Ypres, where there has not up till now been a resumption of the violent attacks against that place.

"Friday, the 13th, was windy, with much rain. Trying as life in the trenches is under such conditions, our men have at least the consolation of knowing that the enemy were in a worse plight, for the wind blew steadily in their faces.

"On our left, the morning passed in desultory shelling, which gradually swelled in the afternoon into a fierce bombardment of the section of our line running south to the Menin Ypres road. This was the prelude to an attack along the whole line. Around Ypres the enemy rushed our trenches at one point, but they were driven out again and the assault was repulsed. Here again our losses, though heavy, were much less than those of the Germans.

"Heavy Bombardment.
"As each successive attempt to take Ypres by assault fails the bombardment of the unhappy town is renewed with ever increasing fury.

"Further to the south, on our left center, the situation remained practically unchanged, a little ground being lost here and there and then regained. On our center and right, and indeed along the whole of our line, the hostile artillery appears to have received orders on this day to search the area in the rear of our trenches. This, no doubt, is part of the policy of wearing down.

"German Trench Taken.
"On the night, on the night of November 13-14, the German trench was taken by a portion of our battalions, the occupants being bayoneted or taken prisoners. Part of another battalion, which also advanced during the night, encountered some of the enemy who were attempting a similar operation. A hand-to-hand fight ensued, in which we came off the victors. We killed twenty-five Germans and lost only two men ourselves.

"Saturday was very cold and there also was some rain. On our left proceedings were started with the usual heavy shelling and the Germans again resumed the offensive in the afternoon south of the Menin-Ypres road, with a result similar to that obtained on the previous day. They penetrated our line at one or two points, but soon were driven out and the line was almost completely restored.

"French Gain Some Ground.
"Further south the French made an attack near Wythachte and gained some ground under cover of a very heavy fire from their guns. In the afternoon our left center was subjected to shelling alone, and in our center Artillery was subjected to similar treatment. The town is now practically deserted by its inhabitants.

"During the day Bethune was bombarded by the enemy, who continued to devote his attention to the towns, villages and roads in the rear of our line, rather than to the trenches themselves.

"On Sunday, the 15th, on our left, to the east of Ypres, a well conducted counter-attack was carried out against that portion of the line occupied by the enemy on the previous day, where he had established himself in some stables and trenches. Two attempts already had failed, when at 5:30 a. m., a gun was brought up to within 300 yards range. After four rounds had been fired a party succeeded in carrying the position, the subaltern in command being killed.

"The attack was led by the company sergeant-major. This non-commissioned officer was awarded the distinguished conduct medal, but has since died of his wounds.

"The bombardment slackened considerably in this quarter during the day.

day. On the southeast of Ypres, between Holbeke and Wythachte there was some hard fighting in which the French held their ground. On our left center nothing occurred beyond the usual shelling. In the center we scored a local success. Some of the trenches and houses lately captured by the Germans were heavily bombarded by our howitzers, with the result that the defenders halted from the position and were caught by the fire of our machine guns as they retired, losing about half of their number.

"On our right all was quiet. The weather on this day was about the worst we have yet experienced. It was bitterly cold and rain fell in torrents. Nevertheless, in spite of all difficulties, our aviators carried out a successful reconnaissance. For some time they hovered over the German lines observing the emplacements of the batteries and searching the roads for hostile columns in the midst of a storm of driving snow and sleet, which was encountered at high altitude.

"Sniping and Spying.
"Further information has recently come to hand regarding the enemy's method of sniping and spying. Non-commissioned officers are offered iron crosses if they will penetrate our lines at night. Those who attempt this work, having discarded boots, helmets and other impediments, crawl as close as possible to our defenses and try to attract the attention of one of our sentries by throwing a stone in a direction contrary to that in which they are crawling. This generally causes neighboring sentries to fire, thus betraying their positions and that of their line of trenches.

"These spies or snipers often wear khaki uniforms and woolen caps, similar to those worn by our men, and thus disguised, sometimes succeed in getting behind our lines to favorable spots, from which they shoot men passing to and fro. Many of them speak English well and display great ingenuity and effrontery in getting out of tight corners.

"Another reason for penetrating our lines is the cutting of telephone wires, and behind our section of our front breaks have been of late very frequent. That the damage has not been entirely due to bursting shells has now been proved by the capture of one of the enemy's secret agents, carrying wire cutters and a rifle. The man was known to have been in intimate terms with the Germans before they retired from the area now occupied by us.

"The eyewitness closes with a eulogy of a French doctor, who, with several nurses, remained in Ypres during the bombardment, nursing fifty-two German wounded, and was finally killed by a shell. The day after his death the nurse and wounded were removed to a place of safety.

STEAM YACHT'S WIRELESS NOT NOW WORKING

Officials From Cutter Service,
Acting on Orders From
Washington, Go on Board
and Smash Instruments.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

New York, Nov. 19.—Without giving any reason for their act, officials of the United States revenue cutter service boarded today the fast steam yacht Winchester, anchored off Staten Island, in the upper harbor, and destroyed the yacht's wireless outfit. A detachment of men had been placed in charge of the vessel previously by the revenue cutter Seneca. The government officials intimate that they were acting on orders from Washington.

When it became known recently that the Winchester was being fitted for service, her owner, Peter W. House, said he was making her ready for a southern trip. Previously it had been reported that both the Winchester and the Kanawha, another fast yacht, had been sold, but this could not be confirmed, nor were the names of the supposed new owners given in the reports, although it was intimated that one of the European belligerents was the purchaser.

The Winchester came out of her yard and went to Bayonne on the New Jersey side yesterday where she took on several thousand gallons of oil for fuel. She had been painted black and a powerful wireless outfit had been installed. When it appeared that she was about ready to sail, officials from the Seneca sent a boarding party and took possession of the yacht.

Representatives of the cutter service, the custom house and the radio inspector's office went down the bay in the Calumet late today and boarded the Winchester and promptly began smashing the wireless outfit. They made a complete job of it, and the party from the Seneca remained on board. It was said the Winchester had not been cleared for any port and no license had been taken out for her wireless outfit.

Captain John Wild, commander in charge of the New York division of the revenue cutter service, admitted a drastic action had been taken in the case of the Winchester, but refused to discuss the affair.

Officers Violate Parole.
The Hague, Nov. 20 (via London, 2:40 a. m.)—Two German officers interned in Holland, who have given their word of honor that they would not attempt to escape have broken their parole and crossed the German frontier, according to an announcement made here.

BELGIAN RELIEF WORK ACTIVELY COMMENCED IN NEW YORK CITY

Seventeen Thousand Tons of
Food Has Been Shipped
Across Ocean by American
Contributors.

MILLIONS OF WOMEN ENLIST IN CAUSE

Everything Needed That Can
Be Eaten by Suffering People,
Is Statement by Committee.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

New York, Nov. 19.—The American commission for relief in Belgium, which was formed by Ambassador Walter Hines Page in London soon after it became apparent that famine was impending, has opened offices and hired dock space in New York. The commission announced today that it was ready to ship provisions in any quantity straight through to Belgium.

This commission is attending strictly to the transportation end of Belgian relief work and does not in any way conflict with relief committees already constituted in America.

17,000 Tons of Food.
Already 17,000 tons of food have been sent across the sea and distributed with the help of the German military authorities. Thirty thousand tons are now afloat, and the commission announced today that 40,000 tons more were in sight.

London W. Bates, American vice chairman of the commission, said today:

"In spite of the efforts of the Belgian relief fund the Rockefeller foundation and many other organizations at work in the west, Belgium cannot be fed at this pace. American members of the commission declare we must send at least a half million tons of food this winter.

Certain Places Not Active.
"Certain parts of the west are doing nobly, but certain others have not yet awakened to the call on our charity.

"What Belgium needs most of all is food—any kind of food, so long as it will stand ocean transportation. Wheat, flour, beans, peas and preserved meats are especially needed, but perhaps above all things the most pathetic need of Belgium is for condensed milk. The cattle are gone and children of a certain age cannot live without milk.

"We have just received \$25,000 from Hawaii to be expended for food. Hawaii is so far away that they find it more expeditious to send us the money at present instead of supplies. Later they may send a food ship.

Officers of Commission.
"The American offices of the commission are 71 Broadway, New York. However, arrangements are being made to ship from all the other ocean ports on the Atlantic, Pacific and Gulf of Mexico. San Francisco is about to send a special vessel through the Panama canal.

The commission hopes to be able to announce in a few days a plan whereby any person wishing to send food in small quantities may do so without further trouble than delivering the goods at an express office. We will then be able to send any and all supplies from the point of their first shipment clear to the committee in Belgium free of cost to the donor. We are already doing that for the large shipments."

Women Become Active.
Women's organizations whose memberships aggregate 5,360,000 have enrolled in an executive co-operating committee to assist the American commission for relief in Belgium. It was announced tonight by officials of the women's section of the commission.

Fourteen national and international women's societies, including the Congress of Mothers, International Women's Suffrage alliance, Women's Christian Temperance Union and the Daughters of the American Revolution have joined the movement.

\$1,000 STOLEN FROM TRAIN IN NEVADA

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Reno, Nev., Nov. 19.—That a sum of over \$1,000 was stolen from a car on the Fernley-Lassen branch of the Southern Pacific railroad near Westwood, Cal., was reported here today when special officers of the company left to trace the loss. The money was mislaid after the train proceeded beyond Susanville, when the conductor having it in charge left the train to throw a switch. The money was consigned from Reno to Westwood for the River Lumber company.

Grand Cross for Mrs. Penfield.
Washington, Nov. 19.—Official announcement of the award of the Grand Cross of the Order of Elizabeth by Emperor Francis Joseph to Mrs. Frederick C. Penfield, wife of the American ambassador here, Mrs. Penfield has been indefatigable in work among the sick and wounded soldiers of the dual monarchy.

BLOODY BATTLE IS IN PROGRESS IN POLAND WITH RESULT IN DOUBT

Reports From German Sources
Indicate That Advantage Is
With Forces of the Kaiser;
No Details Given.

BERLIN CONFESSES IT HAS LITTLE INFORMATION

Emperor William Sends Telegrams
of Congratulation to
General Hindenburg on First
Battles in Russia.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Berlin (via The Hague and London, Nov. 20, 2:10 a. m.)—The great battle in West Poland is in full progress. Official reports state that no decision has yet been reached, but otherwise no definite details are known here of the gigantic struggle, which far overshadows the conflict of the west front.

The engagements previously reported eastward of the Masuren lakes at Soldau, Lipno, Wloclawek and Crazow seem to have been merely preliminaries to a general engagement along the whole line. The German bulletin mentions fighting north of Lodz, while the Austrians report an advance of their army northward from Crazow and it is evident that the allies and the Russians are engaged in the central along a north and south line. Hence it seems that the Teutonic allies are leveling a concentric attack from three directions against the Russian force.

News is Lacking.
How the struggle is progressing is utterly unknown here. The newspaper critics interpret conditions as generally favorable to the Austro-Germans and assert that the German advance beyond Mlawka and the vicinity of Plock has eliminated danger of an invasion of east and west Prussia except by such cavalry forces as are operating northward of Edykubien, in east Prussia, on the Russian border. These, however, are only raiders.

Major Morath, the military critic of the Tugendblatt, declared that General von Hindenburg's advance south of the Vistula has exercised effective pressure on the whole Russian right wing and deflected it southward on its natural line of retreat in the allies and the Russians are now proceeding to the southeast and east of Kurland, between Lodz and Lwow, on the Bzura river. The situation, Major Morath says, gives the Germans ground for hope of complete success, particularly since strong Russian forces operating north of the Vistula against the line from Thorn to Mlawka, have been driven against the line of the river Bug.

Major Morath gives full credit to the co-operation of the Austrian armies which, by their offensive from Crazow, have drawn upon themselves strong Russian forces and have prevented their detachment against the Germans in the north. The Austrians, he says, in a self-sacrificing policy, have throughout played the game conscientiously and subordinate their own particular interests to those of the general campaign.

Emperor William has telegraphed General von Hindenburg the imperial thanks for the victory of great promise in the first operations and has sent greetings and his gratitude to the troops of the east army for their unparalleled deeds of marching and fighting.

"My best wishes accompany you for the coming days," he said in conclusion in his message to the soldiers.

The Bundesrath has adopted a measure prohibiting dealings in securities stamped in England.

PETROGRAD GIVES OUT STORY OF BATTLE

Petrograd, Nov. 19.—The following official communication was issued from general headquarters tonight:

"On the left bank of the Vistula the action has developed during the last few days in two regions—on the front between the Vistula and the Warta and on the line between Czenstowehowa and Crazow. These combats have taken on a character of extreme ferocity, presenting generally a continuous offensive and defensive alternately.

"In east Prussia our troops are attacking positions strongly entrenched. East of Angerburg the German trenches are supplied with triple wire entanglements. We have taken possession of some of these positions seven versts (about seven miles) east of Angerburg and the passage between lakes Hovneino and Yrkyk, capturing 19 cannon, 6 rapid fire and several hundred prisoners.

"In west Galicia our offensive continues."

Nish Likely to Fall.
London, Nov. 20 (3:15 a. m.)—Serbia is taking steps to remove the government from Nish to Uskub if it becomes necessary, according to an Athens dispatch to the Daily Chronicle.

LIND SPEAKS ON MEXICO AND THE PROBLEMS THAT MUST BE SOLVED

Land Question at Bottom of
All Revolutions and Peace
Is Impossible Until It Is
Settled.

NATION OF HOMELESS WORKING PEOPLE

Diplomacy of Wilson and That
of European Nations Is
Contrasted to Disadvantage
of Latter.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Chicago, Nov. 19.—John Lind, personal representative of President Wilson in Mexico during the Huerta administration, declared tonight in an address here to the Industrial club that the land question was the cause of the revolutions in Mexico and that fighting there would never cease until the workers were able to own their own farms.

Mr. Lind pleaded for kindly feelings toward Mexico, asserting that Mexican distrust of the United States was vanishing and that hereafter the Mexicans would be our fast friends forever. "While in Mexico and now, I feel," said Mr. Lind, "that permanent peace in Mexico on the basis of the social and economic conditions which has existed in the past is an impossibility."

Nation Made Homeless.
Mr. Lind sketched the taking of the land from its original possessors by the Spanish conquerors. "As a whole, the nation was made homeless," he said, "and has so continued to this day. This is and will be the cause of revolutions in Mexico until the question is settled. The state of Morelos for example, is owned by twenty-seven men."

Early in his address Mr. Lind declared that while in Mexico he became convinced that the so-called revolution, in which virtually all of northern Mexico was aligned against Huerta, "was only in a slight degree political, that the impelling force actuating the majority of the people was 'economic and sociological, rather than political in any partisan sense.'"

Cause of Revolution.
Touching the agrarian condition, Mr. Lind sketched the forcible transfer of the land from the original possessors to the Spanish conquerors. "As a whole a nation was made homeless," he said, "and has so continued to this day. This is and will be the cause of revolutions in Mexico until the question is settled."

Nominal freedom, he declared, was accorded the peasants, but they were and are poorly paid and practically compelled to remain in the service of the great land owners. Laws forbidding an employee to leave his service while in debt, have aided in keeping the workers in subjection.

In the fact that the Mexican railroads formerly operated by Americans are now in the hands of native Mexicans, from division superintendents to section men, Mr. Lind saw hope for the advancement of the country.

Hope for Improvement.
"In view of that situation," he said, "I asked myself and I asked some of the critics of President Wilson's policy, whether it was not within the range of probability that a people who, within a brief generation, had responded with such facilities to the new social and economic environment might not make equivalent progress in the field of politics and government, if afforded a fair chance. I am hopeful, I am confident, that they will."

Careful study of Mexicans, Mr. Lind said, has convinced him that the differences between Mexicans and citizens of the United States are not racial nor psychological. The ingratitude and turbulence attributed to the Mexicans other than the aristocracy, Mr. Lind attributed to the years of oppression which they have suffered. He held that the word of a Mexican could be taken with as much reliance as the word of men of other nationalities and spoke with pleasure of the universal courtesy and kindness.

Mexicans Suspicious.
"The hard experience of the Mexican has made him wary and suspicious," said Mr. Lind. "It has been difficult for the Mexican people to believe that our president did not have some ulterior motive in his proffered assistance and good offices. I think, however, that they are now about convinced; and when once convinced, I think it will be true of the Mexican people as it is of individual Mexicans, that when once you have their real confidence, more loyal friends are not to be found."

Mr. Lind excoriated the Mexican land owning aristocracy, charging them with lack of patriotism.

Property Interests.
"The troubles which beset the unfortunate people," said Mr. Lind, "do not evoke the sympathy of the men who have lost dividends from mines, or wells or plantations. I do not believe these losses they have been great and grievous. But there are

greater interests in this world than dividends. The future well or woe of 15,000,000 people seemed of greater consequence to our president than the temporary losses of some of our citizens. Property losses can be compensated, but to retard civilization, whether by the revolution of a Huerta, or as is done in Europe at this hour, would have been a crime against two nations and generations unborn. He professed his good offices and the good will of our nation to the people of Mexico. Was this the true American spirit or would you have had our president act in the spirit that is now devastating European civilization?"

Contrasts Diplomacy.
"Europe condemned the idealism of our president as well as his diplomacy. They are reaping the fruit of their diplomacy, we of ours. Which do you prefer? Fortunately, in the case of Mexico, idealism and practical statesmanship followed parallel lines."

Mr. Lind advocated the establishment of branch banks in Mexico and an earnest effort on the part of commercial interests to extend American trade to that country. In connection with which he advised careful preparation, including a study of the language, history and customs of Mexico by salesmen, before satisfactory results could be expected.

Summary of War News of Yesterday

Although only meagre reports are at hand from any of the scenes of hostilities, it seems probable that the most severe contest for supremacy is proceeding in that western strip of Poland with its northern and southern boundaries, respectively, the Vistula, the Warta rivers and its western front, the border of Posen.

"Particular quiet," is the description of the operations in the western zone given by the French war office, although the usual artillery duels and attacks by infantry at various places were in progress. Tracy-Le-Val, a short distance to the northeast of Paris and at the crook of the elbow of the western battle front was the scene of the principal infantry attacks. Here the French reported they held back a German attempt to capture the town, inflicting heavy casualties.

As for the east, Petrograd has admitted a big reverse in Poland—a reverse in which the Russian armies have been pushed back at least fifty miles from the German border toward Warsaw—but Berlin remains silent concerning the operation.

"In the eastern theater of the war the newly commenced battles are proceeding," is all the German war office has had to say. A semi-official Berlin report says:

"Reasons of strategy prevent disclosure of the troop movements. That these battles 'are proceeding' however is taken to mean that the Germans are still pressing against the Russians in an endeavor to drive them back eastward to Warsaw over the same territory in which only a short time ago the Russians held the whip hands and herded the Germans westward before them from the Polish capital toward the German frontier."

Along the East Prussian border the Muevites claim they are pressing forward continually and making inroads into German territory. Here also Germany makes no claim.

With regard to the operations southward in Galicia and in southern Russian Poland, the Russians, according to unofficial reports are following up previous successes against the Austrians. On the other hand, a news agency dispatch from Vienna declares the Austrians have captured 7,000 prisoners and a large number of guns. A batt has taken place off Sebastopol in the Black sea between Russian and Turkish warships. As to its result the reports are contradictory.

Petrograd claims the former German cruiser Goeben, which now flies the Turkish flag, was struck by Russian shells, that explosions occurred on board her, that she quit the encounter and disappeared in the fog, taking advantage of her speed. Constantinople, through Berlin, makes no mention of the Goeben having been injured but says that one Russian battleship was badly damaged and that the others fled toward Sebastopol.

The British have been successful again in an attack on a Turkish position. The operation on a Turkish position, the British have been successful again in an attack on a Turkish position. The operation on a Turkish position, the British have been successful again in an attack on a Turkish position.

From the British general headquarters at the front comes a further account of the fighting along the British lines, covering the period from November 13 to 16. In this recital it is declared that the situation so far as it relates to the British, has not altered in that time.

The engagements consisted for the most part of shelling at long range and the violent German attacks, previously so persistent, had not been resumed.

That several sharp encounters occurred is indicated, however, by references to heavy losses and the admission that the Germans had succeeded in penetrating the British lines at one or two points—later to be driven out.

Owing to the flooded country on the northern line in Belgium, the Belgians frequently resort to the use of flat-bottom boats in their operations.

Turkey has not replied to the request of the United States government for information as to why the launch fired upon by Turkish land forces at Smyrna. If an answer is not forthcoming shortly it is probable the American government will ask the British admiralty for permission to use its wireless to communicate with the American ships in Turkish waters.

WAR INTEREST IS CENTERED IN OPERATIONS OF THE RUSSIANS

Cavalry Advance on Center
Forced Back by Strong
German Resistance but
Wings Are Moving Forward.

GREAT BATTLE NOW GOING ON IN POLAND

Result of Struggle Expected to
Have Much Bearing on Next
Developments in European
Contest.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

London, Nov. 19 (9:50 p. m.)—Public interest is now largely centered in the battle between the Russians and Germans, between the Vistula and Warta rivers in Poland, as it is believed the result of the fighting there will have a very marked effect on the operations elsewhere and on the duration of the war.

Curiously, however, is far from being satisfied, as both German and Russian headquarters are very sparing with information. All that is definitely known is that the Russian advance guard, consisting largely of cavalry, which advanced right on to the German frontier after the battle at Warsaw, met superior forces of the enemy and has been compelled to fall back more than half the distance covered in the advance.

Ground Favors Germans.
The Germans are sending very strong forces of men and guns into the country between the two rivers where the battle must be fought, hoping that in this confined area the Russians will not be able to deploy their enormous forces to advantage, as they have done in practically all the previous battles.

Grand Duke Nicholas, the Russian commander-in-chief, however, can choose his own ground for the battle, and it is probable he will select it as far away from the German lines of communication as he can.

In Galicia, before Crazow, and in East Prussia, the Russians are pushing their advantage, apparently disregarding the fact that their center has been compelled to fall back. They also are showing much activity in the Carpathians, their object being to prevent the Austrians from retiring into Hungary. In fact, it is stated that they have already cut off 800,000 Austrians, who will now be compelled, if defeated, to retreat westward.

Artillery Duel Goes On.
In Flanders and France the battle which has been going on for thirty-five days has again developed into an artillery duel, and infantry attacks, which formerly were so frequent, have decreased. This doubtless is due to the inability of the infantry on either side to operate successfully over the muddy ground and also because of the extended area which the allies have flooded between the coast and Dixmude.

While they are moving men eastward to oppose the Russians the Germans are reported to be bringing more big guns to the western front, having determined to carry out a big gun bombardment of the allies' entrenchments.

Fleets Exchange Shots.
Russian and Turkish squadrons have met in a long distance duel off Sebastopol and both claim to have had the better of the encounter. According to the Russian report the former German cruiser Goeben, now attached to the Turkish navy, was damaged, while the Turks assert that a Russian battleship suffered severely and that the other Russian warships were compelled to retire.

It is reported from Vienna that Belgrade has been called upon to surrender. This city, the capital of Serbia, was under bombardment for weeks and was relieved only when the first Russian advance to look after their northern frontier. Now the Serbians, like the Montenegrins, are back in their own country, and the Austrians, unmindful of the second invasion of their northern provinces, are endeavoring to destroy the two little armies.

BRITISH TAKE STRONG TURKISH POSITION

London, Nov. 19 (9:50 p. m.)—The official press bureau has issued the following report from the general commanding the force operating on the Shat-el-Arab river and in the Persian gulf:

"On November 17 our troops drove out of an entrenched position about 4,500 of the enemy, capturing two guns and many prisoners, camp equipment and ammunition.

"Our casualties were three officers killed and fifteen wounded and in the rank and file, thirty-five men were killed and about three hundred wounded."

GREAT LOSS OF LIFE INFLECTED ON GERMANS

Washington, Nov. 19.—Foreign office dispatches to the French here today referred to a great loss of life inflicted on the enemy by the allied

WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, Nov. 19.—New Mexico: Fair Friday and Saturday.

AUCTION SALE HIGH GRADE JEWELRY AFTERNOON AND EVENING DODD & DENHOF

CLEAN COAL UNION MARKET GETS BIG BOOST BY WORLD WAR

IS OUR
SPECIALTY

AZTEC FUEL
COMPANY
Phone 251

troops, and spoke of the success of the French scouting parties in securing information of German troop movements. The dispatches duplicated war office communications with the following additions:

"Supplementary information received here reveals that the last three days' fighting has resulted particularly disastrously for the adversaries as regards the execution rendered by the allies in repelling attacks. To the east of Ypres, the Germans left more than 1,200 dead in a space of ground not more than five or six hundred meters.

In the vicinity of St. Mihiel, after having made successful advances our troops withstood the shock of reinforcements of the enemy, holding all points previously taken.

"The German press has announced that a strong French attack in the region of Clercy has been repulsed. As a matter of fact we have not engaged at that point except in reconnoitering. These reconnoitering parties fortunately have been successfully conducted and despite resistance have discovered the position and strength of the enemy."

"MUCKIE" McDONALD MUST STAND TRIAL

Boulder, Mont., Nov. 19.—Judge W. A. Clark in the district court overruled today a motion for a dismissal in the case of "Muckie" McDonald, Joseph Bradley and Joseph Shannon, members of the Hattie mine workers' union, on trial for the alleged kidnapping and deportation of three miners in August. The court held that a prima facie case has been made by the state.

Shannon testified that although he was a member of the union's executive committee, he was a mere spectator at the "trial" and deportation of the miners, the object of which was to force their comrades to join the new union.

James Chapman, now said to be a resident of California, presided at the deportation trial, according to Shannon, who proved to be the chief witness today for the defense. Other witnesses corroborated Shannon's statement to the effect that McDonald and Bradley were merely spectators.

Siegel, the witness declared, was at all times in close touch with the business conditions of the various branches of the Siegel Stores corporation. Inventories were made by the defendant to the extent of \$300,000 to deceive prospective investors, he said, and Frank E. Vogel was himself deceived by them. The witness said Siegel warned Prall not to let Vogel know of the padding. Under orders from Mr. Siegel, Mr. Prall said, he worked two days and two nights preparing the false statements.

ANTHONY N. BRADY'S ESTATE \$77,042.43

New York, Nov. 19.—Anthony N. Brady, the financier who died in London in July, 1912, left an estate valued at \$77,042.43, it became known today when the report of the transfer tax appraiser of Albany county was filed with the surrogate's court.

Mr. Brady's holdings in the American Tobacco company alone amounted to \$7,947,208 and in the British-American Tobacco company to \$2,190,030. He also held securities of the United States Rubber company to the value of \$5,064,543.

LIFE IMPRISONMENT FOR WIFE-MURDERER

Denver, Nov. 19.—A verdict of guilty with the recommendation that a penalty of life imprisonment be imposed was the verdict of a jury today in the case of John Freese, charged with the murder of his common law wife, Rachel Freese. District Attorney Bush had asked that the death penalty be imposed. Freese, whose defense was based on a plea of insanity, laughed when the verdict was read.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"
Whenever you feel a cold coming on, think of the full name, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Sold here by signature of E. W. Gray on box. 25c.

VILLA'S MARCH ON MEXICO CITY IS UNOPPOSED BY GEN. CARRANZA

Two Thousand Adherents of
Alleged First Chief Join
Fighting Commander of
North at City of Leon.

ZUBARAN CAPMANY GETS LONG TELEGRAM

Provisional President Says His
Position Is Misunderstood
and Retirement Promise
Conditional.

VILLA'S TRIUMPH MAY BE BLOODLESS

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 19.—The abandonment by Carranza forces of Queretaro as reported in press dispatches from Aguas Calientes indicated the early collapse of the Carranza power, and a bloodless triumph for the revolutionary forces as led by General Villa. Queretaro is the only town of strategic importance not easily defended between Aguas Calientes and Mexico City, Villa's goal.

It had been expected that the Carranza forces under General Pablo Gonzalez would have made their decisive stand at this place. Even the Villa agents here did not expect such a move. Carranza representatives, while admitting their ignorance of news from the interior, expressed belief that some surprise was in store for the apparently triumphant army of the north. However, they admitted their surprise at the report.

Washington, Nov. 19.—General Villa's march on Mexico City continues unopposed, according to official advice today from American consular agents accompanying him. Two thousand Carranza troops changed their allegiance to Villa at Leon, the dispatches said, and patriots all along the line are incorporating themselves in the Villa columns.

That Villa will reach Mexico City without difficulty, is the opinion of the American agents who say his army is well equipped and moving with scientific precision. From Carranza sources, however, it is stated that Villa will have to clash in a few days with the troops of Generals Obregon and Gonzalez, south of Irapuato and near Queretaro.

From Mexico City the American government has received advice of the general uncertainty with which the situation is beset. It was not known there whether General Obregon will be able to hold the city against the attacks of Zapatistas on the south and Villa forces on the north.

Telegram From Carranza.
Rafael Zubaran Capmany, Washington representative of General Carranza, gave out the following telegram tonight, received from Carranza, dated Cordoba yesterday, and reviewing Carranza's side of the controversy:

"Cordoba, Mexico, Nov. 18, 1914.
"Mr. Zubaran, Washington, D. C.:
"With the purpose that you may be clearly and truthfully informed as to the actual conditions and be in a position to emphatically deny all false rumors, I wish to place in your hands all of the details of the situation, beginning by giving you the conditions in which I was willing to resign as I expressed them in a message to General Gonzalez on the 15th. These points were: I will surrender the power in my hands to any persons whom I deem trustworthy, as, for example, General Pablo Gonzalez. General Villa shall deliver the actual command of his forces to the administration in the territory controlled by General Eulalio Gutierrez. Villa and myself shall both leave the country and meet in Havana on November 25. The convention of generals shall convene in Mexico City to select a president for the entire pre-constitutional period. General Gutierrez and General Gonzalez shall deliver the command of the troops under them to the newly selected president. If, on the 30th day of November, the conditions have not been complied with, Carranza shall resume his character as first chief of the constitutional army.

Deceived by Villa.

"To these propositions contained in this statement Generals Gonzalez and Obregon answered from Mexico City that they had been accepted in full at Aguas Calientes. In effect that was that Villa and myself were to leave the country, the former to surrender the command of the division of the north and I, the first chief of the constitutional army as well as the executive power of the nation, to the person indicated in my letter and ultimately this person as well as General Gutierrez would deliver their powers to one who would be selected the pre-constitutional president of Mexico.

"Accordingly, it is false, as the press of the United States reports, that I had been given twenty-four hours within which to surrender my office.
"The main object of my trip to the south of Mexico has been to visit the neighboring states of the capital and to obtain personally the state of pub-

lic opinion, which I have found satisfactory. Also, I wished to arrange in a dignified manner, the evacuation of Vera Cruz by the American troops, which evacuation I hope to see effected, as the Washington government has promised to carry into effect on the 23rd of this month.

Would Avoid Bloodshed.
"My desire is to avoid the responsibility of future bloodshed so that I may not be blamed hereafter for causing bloodshed on the score of personalities. My desire is to make a decision—irrevocable—with only duty as a citizen, as representative of the revolution and as first chief in charge of the executive power of the nation.

"The majority of the chiefs remained loyal and continued to remain firm and ready to sustain the conditions to which I made reference. For this reason, it is false that they have abandoned their first attitude and now desire that I leave the country. This latter is only conditioned by them in case the last conditions that I have named are fully complied with.

"In regard to the protest that the Villistas have made in regard to the early evacuation of Vera Cruz, I am not in a position to know anything about it. Such a protest would only show a lack of honor and patriotism on their part and my feelings lead me to reject the idea that any Mexican citizen would harbor such intentions. The essential point is the evacuation of foreign troops from a part of our territory without consideration of internal partisanship as these are matters that rest entirely in our own hands for settlement.

Tampico in Safe Hands.
"It is false that Villista troops are about to take the port of Tampico, because it is first necessary for them to defeat the constitutional troops in the state of Coahuila, Nuevo Leon and Tamaulipas, which at present remain loyal to the first chief.

"Generals Obregon, Gonzalez and Aguilar firmly demand that the conditions stipulated by me shall be fulfilled and accordingly there is no truth in the rumor of their defection.

"Up to the present time I have not received any word that Villa had formed the Aguas Calientes convention that he will retire from the command of the division of the north and agree to expatriate himself. As I have already mentioned, the convention is the party that has informed me that it has accepted in full the last conditions that I suggested."

VERA CRUZ RESIDENTS FEAR FOR SAFETY

Vera Cruz, Nov. 19.—Apprehension among a large part of the residents of Vera Cruz, both permanent and temporary, became more marked as the date of the evacuation of the city and its occupation by the constitutionalists draws near. Two hundred refugees today telegraphed President Wilson appealing for aid to leave Vera Cruz. Like many others of the refugees the signers of the telegram are actually too poor to pay for their steamer passage, although some of them would be wealthy if their vested interests could be realized upon.

The Spanish consuls reports that eleven textile mills, valued at \$5,000,000 pesos, have been looted and burned near Puebla.

QUERETARO OCCUPIED WITHOUT RESISTANCE

Aguas Calientes, Mex., Nov. 19.—Queretaro was abandoned last night by the forces of General Carranza and was occupied this morning by General Villa's forces. The city will be used as a concentration point for Villa's army before the advance on Mexico City. The national convention will move tonight from Aguas Calientes to San Luis Potosi, which thus will become the temporary capital.

It is reported that Puebla has been captured after a severe battle by Zapatista forces.

Leutenant Julio Madero was captured at Queretaro by his older brother General Raoul Madero, and is being sent a prisoner to Juarez. Julio Madero was a member of General Obregon's staff.

EXPORT TRADE NEARLY NORMAL, SAYS M'ADOO

Washington, Nov. 19.—The nation's export trade was only \$1,461,575 below normal yesterday, according to Secretary McAdoo's commercial indicator—daily telegraphic reports from the ten largest customs houses. Yesterday's export total at these ports, which handle approximately three-fourths of all exports, was \$5,383,425, as compared to a daily average last November of \$4,923,287.

The report for yesterday notes an importation of \$250,000 in gold.

BOB BURDETTE DIES AT CALIFORNIA HOME

Pasadena, Calif., Nov. 19.—Dr. Robert J. Burdette, preacher, author and humorist, died at his home here at 2 o'clock this afternoon. He had been ill for the greater part of two years, and for the last week had been in a state of coma.

Dr. Burdette's illness became acute two weeks ago. Up to that time he had continued his literary and journalistic work, to which he turned after giving up the active pastorate of Temple Baptist church, Los Angeles, in 1903. Two weeks ago attending physicians said there was no hope for his recovery.

At his bedside when the end came was his wife, Mrs. Clara Bradley Burdette, his son, Robert J. Burdette, Jr., a newspaper man of Salt Lake City, and his step-son, Roy Blanchard Wheeler. He had been unconscious for two days.

JURISDICTIONAL FIGHT SETTLED BY FEDERATION

Nearly Entire Day Taken Up
by Reports of Committees
on Questions of Organization
and Control.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Philadelphia, Nov. 19.—What was regarded as the most important jurisdictional fight in the American Federation of Labor this year, was settled in the convention today in favor of the International Union of Elevator Constructors over the International Association of Machinists. For more than five years the machinists sought to have the elevator construction amalgamated with them, to do away with numerous jurisdictional disputes. The matter has been before several conventions of the federation, which has favored the amalgamation, but the elevator men have always been able to fight off the merger.

Today the committee of adjustment reported a resolution instructing the president and executive council of the federation to call a conference of the parties in interest within ninety days for the purpose of bringing about amalgamation. There was a protracted debate participated in by officers of both unions and other crafts more or less affected in the dispute.

Finally James Dineen, first vice president of the federation, offered a sub-resolution which provided that the present status of the elevator constructors be continued with the understanding that the elevator men with the assistance of the machinists and allied trades and the co-operation of the executive council of the federation make every effort within their power by trade agreements and otherwise to erect only material that has been manufactured by union men. There was a long discussion on the substitute and it was adopted by a vote of 11,550 to 8,648.

Nearly the entire day's session was taken up with the report of the committee on adjustment, which reported the amicable settlement of a number of jurisdictional disputes. Some of the jurisdictional differences were put up to the convention by the committee and these invariably caused discussion.

The bill between the stationary engineers and firemen was referred to a future conference of those involved with a view to amalgamation. Further efforts will also be made to bring about amalgamation of the lithographic press feeders. There was a long fight over the question of the American Brotherhood of Cement Workers being absorbed by the International Laborers' Union of America, with the result that further efforts are to be made by the executive council to have the cement workers agree to the absorption.

Returns to Old Party.
Cleveland, O., Nov. 19.—J. J. Sullivan, progressive national committee man from Ohio, today announced his resignation from the committee and his return to the republican party.

MACHINERY OF COUNTRY NOT YET WORKING WELL

Loan Situation Still Requires
Delicate Handling, According
to Masters of Finance in
New York.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

New York, Nov. 19.—That the financial machinery of the country in its relation to the securities market still calls for delicate handling, was made evident today by the sudden reversal of the plan of the New York stock exchange to resume trading in bonds at an early date.

Officials of the exchange early in the day authorized the definite statement that open dealings in all classes of bonds listed on the board, which approximate 12,500 issues, would be resumed Saturday, subject to "minimum prices." The news was received with considerable satisfaction by a large element of the membership and in some cases arrangements were immediately made to open communication by telephone and telegraph with out-of-town branch offices and clients.

In the early afternoon following a hurried conference between the governors and the foremost banking interests, word came that the entire project had been abandoned for an indefinite period. In announcing the abandonment the "committee of five," which has exercised plenary powers over the affairs of the exchange throughout its period of closure, stated that "the magnitude of the interest affected has led to unforeseen difficulties which will necessitate further consideration."

The nature of the difficulties was not disclosed, but it was learned that formidable opposition had emanated from several quarters. Some of the largest bond dealers were said to have emphasized their disapproval on the ground that the time set for resumption was too short to permit the careful handling of their commitments. Others opposed renewal of operations at this juncture because of their belief that heavy selling orders from abroad would follow.

Furthermore, banks and other financial institutions, with a large Wall street clientele were reported to have advised earnestly against open trade because of the possible effect on the loan situation. Finally, the international banking group was declared to have expressed its opposition because of the lack of encouragement from London and the uncertainties attending the entire foreign exchange situation.

CHILDREN USED AS SCREEN BY CONVICTS

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

San Francisco, Nov. 19.—Using a crowd of passing school children as a screen against bullets from the rifles of sentries, Guy H. Crane and Nelson R. Hazeltine, federal prisoners for desertion, escaped from the San Francisco Presidio today and at a late hour were still at large.

Throwing down their tools with

which they had been working near one of the gates of the reservation, the men dashed into the group of children and in their subsequent flight, kept the youngsters between themselves and their pursuers. After a long chase the fugitives outdistanced a score of guards.

Winter Cools Arid.

Bruges, Nov. 20 (via London, 3:25 a. m.)—Quiet reigns in West Flanders. The sudden coming of winter has caused a suspension of hostilities. The Yser region now has a temperature of that of the New England coast on a bleak, windy December day. In this weather the allies are compelled to live in the devastated territory where there are no houses to give shelter or warmth. Physical numbers, not military exhaustion, has caused the temporary lull in the battle.

DOES RHEUMATISM BOTHER YOU?

The Doctors Say "Use Musterole"

So many sufferers have found relief in MUSTEROLE that you ought to buy a small jar and try it.

Just spread it on with the fingers. Rub it in. First you feel a gentle glow, then a delicious cooling comfort. MUSTEROLE robs the twinges, loosens up stiffened joints and muscles.

MUSTEROLE is a clean, white ointment, made with oil of mustard. It penetrates to the seat of pain, and drives it away, but does not blister the tender skin.

It takes the place of the messy, old-fashioned mustard plaster. MUSTEROLE is recommended for Bronchitis, Croup, Asthma, Pleurisy, Lumbago, Neuritis, Sprains, Bruises, Stiff Neck, Headache and Colds of the Chest (it often prevents Pneumonia).

At your druggist's, in 25c and 50c jars, and a special large hospital size for \$2.50.

Be sure you get the genuine MUSTEROLE. Refuse imitations—get what you ask for. The Musterole Company, Cleveland, Ohio.



YOU CAN'T BRUSH OR WASH OUT DANDRUFF

The Simplest and Quickest Way is To Dissolve It.

The only sure way to get rid of dandruff is to dissolve it, then you destroy it entirely. To do this, get about four ounces of ordinary liquid arvon, apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

Do this tonight, and by morning most if not all of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely dissolve and destroy every single sign and trace of it, no matter how much dandruff you may have.

You will find, too, that all itching and flaking of the scalp will stop at once, and your hair will be fluffy, lustrous, glossy, silky and soft, and look and feel a hundred times better.

If you want to preserve your hair, do it by all means get rid of dandruff, for nothing destroys the hair more quickly. It not only starves the hair and makes it fall out, but it makes it stringy, straggly, dull, dry, brittle and lifeless, and everyone notices it. You can get liquid arvon at any drug store. It is inexpensive and never fails to do the work.



In store windows, on store counters and nearly all good homes you'll find Calumet Baking Powder. Find it highly recommended and enthusiastically praised. It's Calumet Week, with the dealer. But it will be Calumet all the time with scores of housewives from now on. After the first trial of Calumet; after the delicious bakings it produces have been tested; after the money and baking materials it saves have been considered.

Try Calumet. You can do so without risk or obligation. For your dealer will sell you a can on condition that it can be returned and your money refunded if you are not delighted after a thorough test. Try it. It's far more economical than trust brands—costs about half the price. More economical to use than Cheap Big Can Powders that sell for a few cents less—because it eliminates bake day failures and prevents the waste of baking materials. Always sure. Always pure—in the can and in the baking. Complies with pure food laws.

Received Highest Awards, World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago. Grand Prize and Gold Medal, Paris Exposition, 1912.

Sold, Recommended and Guaranteed by

A. O. BACHECHI & CO.
Corner First and Tularos.
WILLIAM BOBBS
218-222 South Second.
W. L. HAWKINS
108-112 North Second.
HAYWARD & REYNOLDS
120 West Third.
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221 West Central

A. J. MALOY
238 East Central.
MATTHECCI BROS.
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294 West Central.

SANITARY STORE,
208 East Central.
SCHWARTZMAN & WIT,
214 West Central.
HUGO SCHULTZ
225 North Fourth.
J. A. SKINNER
Corner First and Tularos.
HOMER WALKER,
315 West Central.

What's New in New Mexico

SAY SILVER CITY HAS BEST CHANCE FOR MOOSE SAN

McSherry and Mace on Return From Denver Are Enthusiastic Over Prospects for Two Million Dollar Project.

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL) Silver City, N. M., Nov. 19.—That Silver City stands the best show of any town or city in the southwest as the site for the proposed \$2,000,000 Moose national sanatorium for tuberculosis, is the information brought back by C. W. McSherry, president of the Chamber of Commerce, and Mace Kelly, assistant cashier of the Silver City National bank, who have just returned from Denver, where they presented the climatic advantages of this city to the supreme trustees of the Moose order.

There were seventy-five bidders among cities of the west and southwest for the sanatorium, and after considering the matter for three days the supreme trustees narrowed down to the southwest as a location for the institution and to Silver City as the locality offering perhaps the best climate all the year round.

Committee to Make Visit. The committee, which will present its recommendations to the national convention of the Moose next summer at San Diego, Calif., announced that it would visit this city at an early date to make a personal investigation of the climatic and other advantages offered.

The fact that the United States government had built its national military sanatorium, Fort Bayard, within a few miles of this city and the further fact that the Methodist church had decided on Silver City as the site for a national sanatorium, had great weight with the committee.

Silver City offers no site, or bonus, for the institution, as the Moose lodge desires no such inducements. The sole claim of this city is its climate and it is believed when the supreme trustees visit the town, their recommendations will be favorable to the building of the sanatorium in or near Silver City.

CONTRACT FOR CARRYING MAIL TO MOGOLLON IS AWARDED TO BENNETT

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL) Silver City, N. M., Nov. 19.—After a delay of nearly six months, during which several sets of tenders were asked for by the postoffice department, the contract for carrying the mail to Mogollon, ninety miles over one of the roughest mountain roads now negotiated by automobile, has been awarded C. A. Bennett of this city, whose bid was \$10,000 a year. The only other bidder was C. V. Marriott, who had held the contract for sixteen years. He bid \$10,488.

The contractor is under a bond of \$20,000 and must carry the first and second class mail six times a week and the third and fourth class mail three times a week. Since the parcels post law went into effect the mail matter handled to Mogollon has reached enormous proportions, thousands of pounds being carried monthly by auto trucks to the big gold-mining camp in the Mogollon mountains. Besides serving Mogollon, the route also includes the towns of Gila, Cliff, Buckhorn and Jackson, postoffices along the route.

Because of the treacherous Gila river, which must be crossed en route, great difficulty in past years has been encountered, for this stream at flood tide has been a barrier to traffic for days at a time. Its bottom is a bed of quicksand, and in places have been frequent where automobiles, trucks, wagons and horses have been lost, as well as numerous lives. Recently an aerial tramway was built across the river at the Gila crossing by Thomas Lyon, a ranchman, and this tram can handle 16,000 pounds, carrying both autos and auto trucks bodily across the river at any stage it may be. This is expected to solve the crossing problem.

The contract secured by Mr. Bennett from the government is for a period of four years.

CUSTODIANS MAKING ROOM FOR LEGISLATORS

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL) Santa Fe, Nov. 19.—The Capitol custodian board held an important meeting this morning in the office of Land Commissioner R. P. Ervin, and took the necessary steps to prepare the Capitol for the legislative session, which convenes on January 12.

Because of the crowded condition of the office, committee rooms will be rather scarce. Some arrangement may have to be made to provide accommodations down town. In fact the geological survey will have to surrender two rooms that occupy the third floor, and will move to the Capitol City bank building on December 1. The game warden, insurance commissioner, corporation commission may have to follow suit, and the attorney-general surrender several of his rooms.

Steel Fixtures Are Received. Santa Fe, Nov. 19.—The reclamation service reports the arrival of a load of steel fixtures at Mesquite for the construction of both the east and west canals to be built under the Phant Butte project.

BAD MAN TAKEN BY OFFICERS IN SOCORRO COUNTY

"Tex" Singleton, Wanted in Arizona in a Certain Matter Regarding Some Horses, Is in Durango Ville.

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL) Socorro, N. M., Nov. 19.—"Tex" Singleton, reputed to be an all-around bad man, who is wanted by the authorities in Phoenix for the alleged theft of a number of horses, was captured this morning by officers of Socorro county at Johnson's ranch, southwest of San Marcial, and is now in jail at this point.

Singleton was taken after an exciting chase of several days, the officers having gotten the trail just west of Magdalena and having followed him closely from that time until he was run down and taken into custody. It is alleged that the prisoner, after having been captured by the Arizona officers for the Phoenix affair, escaped at Flagstaff and that he has since been a fugitive from justice.

Officials in this city believe that Singleton has an extensive criminal record and that it will develop that he is wanted in other places besides Phoenix.

SCHOOLS ORDERED SEPARATED FROM INDIAN PUEBLOS

Important Step Taken in Management of Poor Lo; Snyder Accepts Office Turned Down Some Time Ago.

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL) Santa Fe, Nov. 19.—One of the most important steps in the government of the Pueblo Indians by the United States was announced this morning in a telegram from Indian Commissioner Cato Sells. It orders the segregation of the government of the Indian pueblos from that of the two United States Indian industrial schools, the one at Santa Fe and the other at Albuquerque.

The telegram at the same time tendered the position of superintendent of the school at Santa Fe to Frederick C. Snyder, who promptly wired his acceptance. The position carries with it a salary of \$2,500 a year in addition to the house at the Indian school. Mr. Snyder had been tendered the place some time ago, when Superintendent H. F. Coggeshall was ordered to return to the service of the liquor suppression branch of the Indian bureau, but declined unless the government of the school was separated from that of the Pueblos, on the plea that the supervision of the school alone should have the attention of one man, and similarly the administration of the Pueblos.

Former Supervisor Lonergan, recently transferred from Albuquerque to Oklahoma, is reported to be the principal candidate for superintendent of the Indian pueblos.

CATTLE GROWERS OF SOUTHWESTERN PART OF STATE ORGANIZE

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL) Silver City, N. M., Nov. 19.—The Southwestern New Mexico Cattle Growers' association was formed here yesterday at a meeting of the stockmen of this section of the state.

The organization of the association followed a conference called by Hugh G. Calkins, supervisor of the Gila National forest, of the permissives of the national forest.

The object of the association is to co-operate with the forest service in the conservation of the grazing districts and to promote and encourage the livestock industry of southwestern New Mexico.

Forty prominent stockmen attended the meeting, as well as all the forest rangers in this district. The officers of the Southwestern Cattle Growers' association elected at the organization meeting follow: Calvin Olsen, Pearce, Ariz., president; Owen Wilson, Silver City vice president; D. M. Pryor, Sherman, secretary; W. E. Burnside, Silver City, treasurer.

The association also selected an advisory board to represent it in all dealings which it may have with the forest service. The new association is expected to prove advantageous to both the cattlemen and the forest service and identical with like organizations formed in other sections of the west to bring about a better understanding and co-operation of the stockmen with regard to the use of grazing grounds on the national forests and conservation of the public range.

To Marry Alvin Smith. Santa Fe, Nov. 19.—Announcements were received here today that Miss Louise Schimmler of Little Rock, Ark., who has spent considerable time in Santa Fe, will be married on November 25 at Little Rock to Alvin Smith.

COLFAX COUNTY IS GIVEN A GOOD BOOST BY BOOK

Northern New Mexico Industries Will Be Well Represented in Showing Made by State at San Diego.

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL) Santa Fe, Nov. 19.—Superior is the chapter on Colfax county in the big New Mexico book that is being printed by A. E. Koehler for the San Diego exposition. It is just from press and in addition to being included in the book, will be distributed in separate pamphlet form by the tens of thousands. The main article on the county and the wealth of its natural resources, is furnished by Willis G. Brown, the Raton editor, who starts off: "An empire in itself, as it truly is as every one who reads the article, concisely and graphically written, will admit."

"Raton—The Gate City," is described by its energetic and popular mayor, J. J. Shuler, who is also the town's oldest physician, and its most useful citizen. The article is a gem and proves that the versatile doctor and public servant is also something of an author. He gives a vision of the city that will make everyone wish to visit it and possibly, live there.

Coal Interests Get Attention. Then comes a description of "Cimarron—The Key City," by Dr. C. M. Bass, that gives the historic old-new city a bang-up write-up.

The Urraca ranch orchards, with the largest individually owned commercial apple orchard in the state, owned by George H. Webster, Jr., is interestingly described. St. Louis, Rocky Mountain and Pacific company and the Swastika Fuel company are given several pages, the article being from the pen of L. C. White. The Rayado ranch is described by A. E. Schroeder. The Maxwell Irrigated Land company and the newly incorporated town of Maxwell are given two pages, while M. N. McKinnell, the manager, describes the splendid work accomplished by the Farmers' Development company at Miami. David R. Lane has a crackerjack feature article on the Stag Fuel company's operations at Dawson which give an insight and bird's-eye view as well of a modern coal camp that is regarded as a model of the world over. French and Springer also come in for recognition in these pages, which are handsomely embellished with fine half-tone cuts from the best photographs that could be taken. Typographically, the work is a notable one and New Mexico may well be proud of the publication of this volume.

NEW STATE SONG TO BE SUNG AT CONVENTION

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL) Santa Fe, Nov. 19.—The new state song by Mrs. William H. Bartlett, a school teacher at San Acacio, which was first sung at the Santa Fe Summer School, will be featured at the educational convention by the Santa Fe Glee club, which will be accompanied by its teachers, Mrs. George H. Van Stone. The song is a most beautiful one, both in words and music. County Superintendent David R. Martinez, Jr., sent word today that the song will be sung at the Albuquerque convention. That is quite a triumph for there had been doubt about the attendance from Rio Arriba.

SANTA FE SHIVERS IN FIRST KILLING FROST

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL) Santa Fe, Nov. 19.—Today was the coldest day of the season, according to the weather bureau, with a minimum temperature of 21 degrees early this morning, bringing the first killing frost.

It was thirty-four years ago today that the temperature in Santa Fe went down to 11 degrees below zero, and at some other points in the state as low as 20 below zero, this being the second coldest day in the forty years' history of the weather at Santa Fe.

Santa Fe Court Notes.

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL) Santa Fe, Nov. 19.—H. H. Dorman brought suit today in the district court, asking for an injunction against Adelia Rivera and Severiano Rivera, whom he accuses of erecting a fence on his property. S. Spitz and Levi A. Hughes went on the injunction bond.

Felix Brunawick brought garnishment proceedings against Clara D. True, the amount involved being several hundred dollars.

The district court will hear District Judge E. C. Abbott, Clerk Edward L. Safford and Court Stenographer Mrs. McNitt are among those going.

Women Suffer Terribly from Kidney Trouble. Around on her feet all day—no wonder a woman has backache, headache, stiff swollen joints, weakness, poor sleep and kidney trouble. Foley Kidney Pills give quick relief for these troubles. They strengthen the kidneys—take away the aches, pain and weariness. Make life worth living again. They will absolutely drive out rheumatism, weak back and swollen aching joints. Try Foley Kidney Pills and see how much better you feel. For sale by Butts, Inc.

WOULD COLONIZE BELGIANS ON NEW MEXICO LANDS

California Man Has Scheme to Relieve Situation Among Indigent People of War-stricken Country.

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL) Santa Fe, Nov. 19.—Twenty thousand acres of state lands are wanted by Virgil Moore of Berkeley, Calif., upon which to colonize indigent Belgians. Mr. Moore writes the state land office that it is a charity proposition altogether and that he and associates would furnish the money to buy the lands as well as equipment and implements to start out the Belgians. He asks for advice as to the procedure and also as to what lands are available for purchase, incidentally stating that delay will be fatal to the proposition.

Commissioner Ervin advised him that it would take ten weeks to comply with the law as to advertising before so large a parcel of state lands could be put up for auction to the highest bidder. He also called the attention of Mr. Moore to a number of Spanish land grants and other large tracts that are on the market as well as to the federal reclamation projects under which land may be obtained in New Mexico.

STRAGGLING RETURNS MAKE LITTLE CHANGE IN ELECTION FIGURES

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL) Santa Fe, Nov. 19.—The three missing returns from San Juan county arrived too late for today's session of the canvassing board. The ballots from the missing precincts in Sierra county will arrive tomorrow and it is expected that the canvass, which is now completed except as to those two counties, will then be finished, although election certificates are not to be issued until all of the poll books are signed up. County Clerk and Sheriff Charles Closson are now visiting every precinct in Santa Fe county to secure the signatures of the election officers to the returns.

With the eight precincts missing, the returns now figure up as follows: Hernandez, 23,624; Ferguson, 19,487; Wilson, 1,684; Metcalf, 1,978; Williams, 22,652; Hyl, 20,215; McTeer, 1,487; Welch, 1,978. One of the peculiar features of these returns is that McTeer has three more votes than Wilson in the above count, that Williams is only 982 votes behind Hernandez and Hyl only 725 ahead of Ferguson; that Hernandez has a clear majority over all of his opponents of 1,388, and a plurality of 4,137 over Ferguson, while Williams has a plurality of 2,437 over Hyl, and lacks only 237 votes to have a clear majority over the field.

The total for the first amendment of the constitution is 20,676, and against 11,993, a plurality of 8,683; second amendment for 18,273, and against 13,370, a plurality of 4,903; third amendment for 18,278 and against 12,117, a plurality of 6,161. The total vote cast with eight precincts missing, all of them small, is 45,880, or almost 3,000 less than two years ago.

Want New Banking Code.

Santa Fe, Nov. 19.—Although the present state banking law was considered one of the best on any statute book, yet there is already strong pressure upon legislators for an entirely new code. The failures of banks since the coming of statehood exceeding in a few years the number that occurred during the entire and succeeding administration, covering a period of a decade and a half, are pointed out as evidence that there must be a much more strict regulation and supervision of the state banks. A bank guarantee act is already produced. The proposed banking act is to take into consideration the changes that have been wrought in the banking business by federal legislation.

Malone Dies in Florida.

Santa Fe, Nov. 19.—Lee L. Malone, a young man who spent some time in Santa Fe three years ago, died at Dunedin, Fla., according to word received here today. He was the son of a wealthy steel manufacturer of Cleveland, Ohio, who has a winter home in Florida. Young Malone came to New Mexico some years ago with his sister and attended State College. Because of his health he decided to make Las Cruces his home and there married Miss Doris Brown, who survives him with their baby son. Malone was 28 years of age.

Visitors to Museum.

Santa Fe, Nov. 19.—Owen A. Wood, of Kansas City, an extensive operator in the oil lands and Texas farm lands, who is visiting his uncle, Prof. J. A. Wood, spent some time this forenoon at the Museum of New Mexico. Mrs. L. Shellabarger and Miss Shellabarger of Denver, as well as C. M. Olsen and Stanley K. Graham, of Chicago, were among those who also registered at the Museum today.

To Represent State College.

Santa Fe, Nov. 19.—New Mexico is represented at the meeting of the Association of Agricultural Colleges and Experiment Stations at Washington, D. C. by Professors Fabian Garcia and A. C. Cooley. They will also attend the National Association of Farmers' Institute Workers and the meeting of State Leaders in Farm Management, which convenes at Chicago on December 7.

GOVERNOR NAMES MANY DELEGATES TO CONVENTIONS

Wagner Heads List of Those to Represent New Mexico at Industrial Education Meeting at Richmond.

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL) Santa Fe, Nov. 19.—Governor McDonald today appointed as delegates to the eighth annual convention of the National Society for the Promotion of Industrial Education at Richmond, Va., December 9 to December 12: J. H. Wagner, Santa Fe; Miss Ethel Pickett, Silver City; Miss Pearl Miller, State College.

He named D. K. B. Sellers of Albuquerque; G. T. Veal of Roswell, and J. J. Shuler of Raton, delegates to the Fifth American Good Roads congress at Chicago, December 14 to 18.

CLAYTON RATE CASE CLOSED BY COMMISSION

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL) Santa Fe, Nov. 19.—The state corporation commission announced today that the coal rate case for Clayton has been closed, the rates being fixed at \$2 a ton for slack and pea as well as other kinds of coal carried over the Colorado & Southern from Koehler and Preston camps in Colfax county, to Des Moines, Amboy, Grenville, Mount Dora and Staunton, Union county. The same rate is fixed for pea and slack coal, but at \$2.25 for other kinds of coal to Clayton and Royce; while \$2.25 is to be the rate for pea and slack and \$2.50 for other kinds to Sixela.

The rates will also cover shipments from the Trinidad and Walenburg districts in Colorado. The rate to Cimarron was cut from \$1.50 to \$1 a ton over the St. Louis, Rocky Mountain & Pacific, from the Colfax county coal camps on that line.

TEACHERS OF M'KINLEY COUNTY WILL COME IN FORCE TO CONVENTION

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL) Santa Fe, Nov. 19.—County Superintendent Connell of McKinley county, writes Secretary J. H. Wagner from Gallup that every one of McKinley county's teachers will attend the educational convention, beating last year's record in that respect. Mora county today sent similar word as to its teachers.

Governor and Mrs. McDonald and Secretary of State Antonio Lucero expect to arrive at Albuquerque next Tuesday to attend the convention. Mrs. McDonald will attend the reception to be given the teachers by the Albuquerque Woman's club and Parent-Teachers' association.

Extension of Time Granted.

Santa Fe, Nov. 19.—Former Congressman Franklin E. Brooks of Colorado Springs, today obtained from State Engineer James A. French an extension of time for the completion of the San Luis Power & Water Co. irrigation and power project in the Costilla valley in northern Santa Fe county. Time was given until August 9, 1916, to complete the project and until July, 1917, to supply the water to the 39,000 acres to be irrigated. This is an indication that the project, which is one of the largest planned in recent years in New Mexico, will be pushed to completion, the capitalists behind it being those who recently constructed the Colorado Southern Railroad to the New Mexico boundary and expect to build it to Questa, Taos county, next year.

Big Majority for Vigil.

Santa Fe, Nov. 19.—Santa Fe county has a school district, Cundo, at the foot of Mount Baldy, 12,680 feet high, in which every pupil enrolled in the public schools, is named Vigil. The teacher also is named Vigil. Practically every inhabitant of the village is a Vigil.

Lime Treatment in Tuberculosis

In the May 25, 1914, issue of the Journal of the American Medical Association appeared this statement concerning calcium (lime) medication in the treatment of pulmonary tuberculosis (consumption): "Under the systematic, continued and persistent regime of calcium assimilation, Van Gieson has seen a number of his patients improve, undergo an exudation or partial consolidation in the lung, which then resolving would appear to contribute to the walling off and closing of the lesions. Hand in hand with this course of events, the sputum clears up of tubercle bacilli, which finally disappear, and the patients are discharged with healed pulmonary tuberculosis." Clinical medical journals seldom speak so positively about a remedial agent, yet this testimony coincides with that from many consumptives who have secured like results through the use of Eckman's Alternative.

Since calcium is a constituent of this remedy for pulmonary tuberculosis and allied throat and bronchial affections, the healing power may in some measure be attributed to the manner in which this element is so combined with other ingredients as to be easily assimilated by the system, and it does not irritate the stomach. Eckman's Alternative contains an opiate, acetate of habit-forming drugs, so it is safe to try. If your druggist is out of it, ask him to order, or send direct to Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia.

CLOGGED NOSTRILS OPEN AT ONCE, HEAD COLDS AND CATARRH VANISH

In One Minute Your Stuffy Nose and Head Closes, Sneezing and Nose Running Cease, Dull Headache Goes.

Try "Ely's Cream Balm." Get a small bottle anyway, just to try it—Apply a little in the nostrils and instantly your clogged nose and stuffed-up air passages of the head will open; you will breathe freely, dullness and headache disappear. By morning the catarrh, cold-in-head or catarrhal sore-throat will be gone. End such misery now! Get the small bottle of "Ely's Cream Balm" at any drug store. This sweet, fragrant balm dissolves by the heat of the nostrils, penetrates and heals the inflamed, swollen membrane which lives the nose, head and throat; clears the air passages; stops nasty discharges and a feeling of cleansing soothing relief comes immediately. Don't let a weak to-night struggling for breath, with head stuffed, nostrils closed, hawking and blowing Catarrh or a cold, with its running nose, feel mucous dripping into the throat, and raw dryness is distressing but truly needless. Put your faith—just once—in "Ely's Cream Balm" and your cold or catarrh will surely disappear.

IF KIDNEYS AND BLADDER BOTHER

Take Salts to flush Kidneys and neutralize irritating acids.

Kidney and Bladder weakness result from uric acid, says a noted authority. The kidneys filter this acid from the blood and pass it on to the bladder, where it often remains to irritate and inflame, causing a burning, scalding sensation, or setting up an irritation at the neck of the bladder, obliging you to seek relief two or three times during the night. The sufferer is in constant dread, the water passes sometimes with a scalding sensation, and is very painful, again, there is difficulty in voiding it.

Bladder weakness, most folks admit, because they can't control urination. While it is extremely annoying and sometimes very painful, this is really one of the most simple ailments to overcome. Get about four ounces of Jad Salts from your pharmacist and take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast, continue this for two or three days. This will neutralize the acids in the urine so it no longer is a source of irritation to the bladder and urinary organs, which then act normally again.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless, and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and is used by thousands of folks who are subject to urinary disorders caused by uric acid irritation. Jad Salts is splendid for kidneys and causes no bad effects whatever. Here you have a pleasant, effervescent lithia-water drink, which quickly relieves bladder trouble.

If You

want something good for hay fever and catarrh, cold in head, sneezing, itching ears, dry nose, bronchitis and indications of the skin and tissue, drop into any drug store and get a 25 or 50 cent sanitary tube of

KONDON'S

Original and Genuine

Catarrhal Jelly

Or if you are skeptical and wish to try the merits of Kondon's before you buy, write to quick for a free trial sample and booklet. You will never regret getting in touch with this good old remedy.

KONDON'S

has been doing good for nearly twenty-five years. 35,000 druggists sell and guarantee it in place or will refund your money. Could anything be better? Write us now before you forget it. Don't take a substitute. KONDON MFG. CO. Minneapolis, Minn.

The Treatment of Influenza or La Grippe

It is quite refreshing these days to read of a clearly defined treatment for influenza or La Grippe. In an article in the "Lancet-Clipping," Dr. James Bell, of New York City, says he is convinced that too much medication is both unnecessary and injurious. He calls attention to the fact that the patient is usually seen when the fever is present, as the chill which occasionally occurs in the disease, has generally passed away. Dr. Bell then orders that the bowels be opened freely with salts, "Acetate" or citrate of magnesium. For the high fever, severe headache, pain and general soreness, one Anti-Rheumatism Tablet every three hours is quickly followed by complete relief. Ask for "K Tablets." They are also unsuited for headache, neuralgia and all pains.

Rheumatism

STOMACH TROUBLES KIDNEY AFFECTIONS

Faywood Hot Springs

It cures, and you remain cured. We know, and you will if you try it.

Considered the greatest Kidney Water on earth. Why not visit FAYWOOD HOT SPRINGS first, since you will eventually go there anyway?

Large, modern hotel. Perfect climate. Booklet.

T. C. McDERMOTT, "The Faywood," FAYWOOD, NEW MEXICO.

LUMBER

Glass-Paint Cement-Plaster Albuquerque Lumber Company 423 North First Street

grant balm dissolves by the heat of the nostrils, penetrates and heals the inflamed, swollen membrane which lives the nose, head and throat; clears the air passages; stops nasty discharges and a feeling of cleansing soothing relief comes immediately. Don't let a weak to-night struggling for breath, with head stuffed, nostrils closed, hawking and blowing Catarrh or a cold, with its running nose, feel mucous dripping into the throat, and raw dryness is distressing but truly needless. Put your faith—just once—in "Ely's Cream Balm" and your cold or catarrh will surely disappear.

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JIMMY DUFFY IS GIVEN A SHADE OVER CHAMPION

Several Sporting Editors Give Freddie Welsh a Draw, but a Majority Favor the Boy From Lockport.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.)
Buffalo, N. Y., Nov. 19.—Freddie Welsh, world's champion lightweight, fought a ten-round bout with Jimmy Duffy of Lockport, here tonight upon the result of which opinion was divided between a draw and a shade for Duffy.

A few of the sporting editors called the bout a draw, but the majority of those present gave it to Duffy by a shade. The condition of both men indicated that they had been thoroughly trained for the bout, Welsh weighing in at the inside of 135 and Duffy at 136 1/2. Although the fight was a fast one, neither man scored a knockdown and both came out of the ring in good condition.

The opening round was even, Welsh getting a good right to body and left to face, while Duffy used his left jab repeatedly, but did little damage. Welsh opened the second round with a hook to the eye and a right and left to the body, but Duffy came back with a straight left to the nose, right to body and repeated left jab to the face. Duffy having a shade at the finish. The third and fourth rounds were slow. The fifth round was even.

SURPRISE WELSH.
In the sixth, Duffy staggered Welsh with a right cross and put a solid left to the face. Welsh came back with a punch that opened up Duffy's ear in a fierce exchange.

In the eighth round Welsh was at his best, the champion landing solid lefts to face and rights to body repeatedly. He also had the better of some fast, lightning. The ninth and tenth were very fast, both men apparently trying for a knockout, but neither found a spot that gave a decided advantage.

VAUGHN IS WILD BUT WINS FOR NATIONALS

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.)
Petaluma, Calif., Nov. 19.—Big league baseball drew a large crowd to Petaluma's baseball field today to see the All-Nationals defeat the All-Americans, 3 to 2. Pitcher Vaughn for the Nationals was wild, passing five men, but his teammates saved the day by timely hitting.

SAILOR DOBSON AND MIKE BACA SIGN FOR 8-ROUND SEMI-WINDUP

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL.)
Santa Fe, Nov. 19.—Director Max Levy of the New Mexico Athletic club, announced tonight that he had matched Saylor Dobson, of St. Louis, and Mike Baca for the semi-windup to the Torres-Schaefer fight to take place Thanksgiving eve in the Kay's theater.

'FIGHTING GHOST' STOPS HERE ON WAY TO EL PASO FOR BOUT

Jeff Clarke, the "Fighting Ghost," was here last night on the way from Joplin, Mo., his home, to El Paso, where he will fight Young Jack Johnson Thanksgiving day. They will go twenty rounds.

Among the Bowlers

HOW THEY STAND			
Wizards	22	11	567
Hulha	18	12	613
C. C.	18	12	613
A. & A.	20	12	596
Colts	17	16	515
U. S. M.	17	15	572
Santa Fe	12	18	490
Light Co.	12	21	264
Royals	12	20	334
Groets	12	20	334

MATCH TONIGHT

Santa Fe vs. C. C.

UNIVERSITY QUINTETS STILL CLIMBING; WINS THREE

The University of New Mexico bowling team took three straight from the Light company team last night at the Drummer alley.

The score:			
U. N. M.	1	2	3
Worcester	225	214	129
Ward	144	140	162
Woods	125	145	162
Rhodes	133	162	151
Emmons	127	154	162
Totals	829	824	732

BRITISH CRUISER ENTERS DRYDOCK IN RIO JANEIRO

Five Holes Made in Her Hull by Shells During Battle With Germans Off Coast of Chile.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.)
Rio Janeiro, Nov. 19.—The British cruiser Glasgow, which arrived here November 11 to repair the damages sustained in the naval battle off the Chilean coast November 1, when a German squadron sunk the British cruisers Good Hope and Monmouth, has obtained permission from the Brazilian government to enter drydock and to receive urgent repairs.

The repairs must be completed within seven days and at the expiration of that time the vessel will sail. The Glasgow has five holes in her hull, made by shells in the battle, in which four sailors were wounded.

From conversation with the officers of the Glasgow it became known today that at the very beginning of the battle the cruiser Good Hope, Rear Admiral Christopher Cradock's flagship, considering the higher power of the German squadron's guns, ordered the Glasgow and the transport Otranto to seek a place of refuge.

Notwithstanding this order, the Glasgow answered the fire of the German cruisers and received a number of shells.

TEN TEAMS BUNCHED FOR LEAD IN 6-DAY RACE; PACE SLOWER

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.)
New York, Nov. 19.—Thirteen teams were left in the six-day bicycle race at 11 o'clock tonight, ten of which were bunched for the lead with 1,544 miles and two laps to their credit. Three teams, Piercey and Dupuy, Kopsky and Hansen and the Bedford brothers, withdrew during the evening.

RAIN AND SNOW FAIL TO CHANGE PLANS FOR YALE-HARVARD GAME

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.)
New Haven, Conn., Nov. 19.—A northeaster blowing thirty miles and bringing with it nearly two inches of rain and snow, made no difference with the plans of the Harvard and Yale football teams today. The Crimson advance guard consisting of twenty players, Head Coach Haughton and assistant coaches, had what was termed a "satisfactory" tryout in the new bowl.

PRESIDENT A. J. LILL NAMES COMMITTEE OF REGISTRATION

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.)
New York, Nov. 19.—President Alfred J. Lill, Jr., of the Amateur Athletic Union of the United States tonight announced the important national registration committee of the A. A. U. for the ensuing year.

Besides Secretary-treasurer Frederick H. Ruben, as chairman the following men are members: A. F. Duroch, Texas association; W. Pike, Johnson, Rocky Mountain association; and Dr. Charles G. Plummer, International association.

GIANTS PURCHASE MARSHALL

New York, Nov. 19.—The New York National club today purchased the release of Catcher Robert Marshall from the Denver club of the Western league. Marshall caught for the Davenport champions of the Three I league last season and Denver purchased him from that club. He hit over 400 last season.

RESERVE BOARD ASKED TO LOWER ITS REDISCOUNT

Decision Practically Reached Not to Put Tax on Federal Notes Now Held by National Banks.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.)
Washington, Nov. 19.—Although rediscounting operations by federal reserve banks in three days have amounted to only a few million dollars, several of the banks have already sent requests to the federal reserve board for permission to lower the rates. No information was given tonight by the board, but it was understood the districts which ask a lower rate are in the south and west.

There is no present intention on the part of the board to change the rates, and such action is not likely to be taken until all the reserves of member banks required at this time have been transferred to the reserve bank's vaults. Reports today indicated that nearly \$200,000,000 already had been transferred in the twelve districts, leaving between \$50,000,000 and \$50,000,000 to be received.

The board has virtually come to a decision on a point that may materially influence the character of currency in circulation in the next few months. It has about concluded not to put a tax on federal reserve notes. The absence of a tax on these notes will make them more than ever attractive to banks, who now have in their possession quantities of emergency currency and possibly clearing house certificates, both subject to high taxes or interest charges.

SENIOR-FRESHIE ELEVEN TRIMMED IN CLASS FRAY

(By the Journal's High School Reporters.)

The Scholastic-Junior team won from the Senior-Freshman combination yesterday afternoon at Mopewell field, 14 to 6. The winning eleven had the advantage of having more of the regular high school players in its lineup than did the Senior-Freshman team.

NUNS AND PRIESTS WILL LEAVE MEXICO

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.)
Washington, Nov. 19.—General Funston today telegraphed Secretary Daniels that he would arrange to bring the Mexican priests and nuns now at Vera Cruz, to the United States by a government vessel.

The men are accused of sending threatening letters to Judge Frank A. Youmans, who enjoined the union miners from taking away prisoners from deputy United States marshals and participation in the riots in July.

FOOD SOURING IN STOMACH CAUSES INDIGESTION, GAS

"Pape's Diapepsin" ends all stomach distress in five minutes.

Wonder what upset your stomach—which portion of the food did the damage—do you? Well, don't bother. If your stomach is in a revolt; if sour, gassy and upset, and what you just ate has fermented into a starchy, lumpy, head-dizzy and achy; belch gases and acids and eructate undigested food; breath foul, tongue coated—just take a little Pape's Diapepsin and in five minutes you wonder what became of the indigestion and distress.

Millions of men and women today know that it is needless to have a bad stomach. A little Diapepsin occasionally keeps this delicate organ regulated and they eat their favorite foods without fear.

TEN PASSENGER TRAINS LAID OFF NORTHWEST

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.)
Seattle, Wash., Nov. 19.—In the line of economy, the Great Northern, Northern Pacific and Oregon-Washington railroads will eliminate ten passenger trains running between Washington and Oregon points, the new schedule going into effect next Sunday. It is estimated this will effect a saving of \$750,000 to \$1,000,000 a year.

PARTLY CLOSE HARBOR OF LIBAN, RUSSIA

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.)
Berlin, Nov. 19.—The Hague to London, Nov. 19, 3:42 p. m.—A war bulletin issued today says: "The German fleet has succeeded in partially closing the harbor of Liban, Russia, through the sinking of ships and has also bombarded important military positions. There is no other news of importance."

COTTON LOAN COMMITTEE

Washington, Nov. 19.—W. P. G. Harding and Paul M. Warburg of the federal reserve board, who have been the active agents in raising of the \$125,000,000 cotton loan fund, left tonight for New York to attend the first meeting there tomorrow of the cotton loan committee, which will administer the fund.

PRESIDENT HAS NO NEWS FROM TURKISH WATERS

Efforts to Learn Facts Regarding Attack Upon American Marines at Smyrna Prove Unsuccessful.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.)
Washington, Nov. 19.—President Wilson conferred tonight with Secretary Daniels of the navy department and Acting Secretary Lansing of the state department on the situation produced by the firing by the Turkish land forces on the launch of the American cruiser Tennessee at Smyrna, Asia Minor.

The president summoned the two secretaries to learn if there had been any word from Turkey shedding light on the reasons for the firing, but found that neither the cables nor the wireless had yielded a syllable of information. The European war has practically paralyzed cable communication to Asia Minor and such messages as are received, come by round-about routes about five days late.

If there is continued delay it is probable that the American government will court the British admiralty for the courtesy of its wireless in the Mediterranean to reach the American ships.

26 INDICTMENTS BY FEDERAL GRAND JURY

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.)
Fort Smith, Ark., Nov. 19.—Twenty-six persons, including former officials of the United Mine Workers of America, were indicted today by the special United States grand jury investigating allegations made in connection with the troubles in the Harford Valley mining district.

Among those indicted are: Peter H. Stewart, former president of the mine workers for District No. 21, comprising Arkansas, Oklahoma and Texas; Fred W. Holt, former secretary; James Blankard, constable at Harford; and James McNamara, former member of the city council at Harford.

They are charged with conspiring against the government to interrupt justice in connection with the troubles at the Prairie Creek mines of the Bache-Denman Coal company.

HIGHER FARES FOR PASSENGERS ARE ANNOUNCED

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.)
Washington, Nov. 19.—Matrilineal increases in passenger fares, particularly throughout the country except in southeastern territory, will be caused by advances announced by railroads in trunk line territory between New York City and Pittsburgh, and in central passenger association territory, between Pittsburgh and Chicago and St. Louis. The basis for readjustment is 1-2 cents a mile, the present basis generally being 2-4 cents.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR COMPOUND FOR CROUP

Croup scares you. The loud hoarse croaky cough, choking and gasping for breath, labored breathing, call for immediate relief. The very first dose of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound will master the croup. It cuts the thick mucus, clears away the phlegm and opens up and eases the air passages. Harold Berg, Mass., Mich., writes: "We give Foley's Honey and Tar to our children for croup and it always acts quickly." Every user is a friend. For sale by Butts, Inc.

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OLD TROUBLES IN BRITISH ARMY NOW FORGOTTEN

French and Seely Both Involved in Excitement Over Ulster a Few Months Ago but Nobody Remembers It.

(Associated Press Correspondence.)
London, Nov. 19.—When Field Marshal French resigned from the army council last spring, because the cabinet failed to support the assurances he had given the officers in Ireland that they would not be called upon to fight the Ulster volunteers, no one dreamed that a few months would bring him fame as the commander of the best army Great Britain has ever put into the field. For the same reason Col. J. B. Seely retired from the cabinet post of secretary for war, during the Irish troubles, and today he is one of the most active and conspicuous of the staff officers at the front. Colonel Seely always was rated by his friends a better soldier than politician, and now he is vindicating their judgment.

In a small motor car, which has been struck twice by German shells, Colonel Seely is "all over the place," according to the English standard. He has distinguished himself particularly by his enterprise at scouting. On several occasions when it was necessary to know whether some village was occupied by Germans, according to the stories of English correspondents, Colonel Seely has dashed into the place, reconnoitered and returned to headquarters.

Private White of the Inniskilling Fusiliers, who was wounded in the battle of the Marne, tells how, after lying unattended for half an hour, he heard a cheery voice and felt himself touched on the shoulder. "Looking up," he said, "I found Colonel Seely bending over me quite regardless of the deadly fire to which the position was exposed."

"Have no fear, these shells will not touch you," Colonel Seely said, and giving the soldier a cigarette, put him into the motor and took him to the French hospital behind the lines. Colonel Seely rescued several wounded that day and was in and out of the fire zone when German shells were thick.

WILLIAM H. TAFT IN FAVOR OF BIG ARMY

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.)
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"We should keep a navy that would make it dangerous for any foreign power to land on our shores, should have a reasonable army not only for protection against the invasion of armed foes but for moral local protection for our 100,000,000 souls."

"Why not have an international court to settle all disputes and an international police patrol? I believe when the European nations are through fighting they will have an object lesson showing them that peace has some elements worthy of admiration."

"We are fortunate," said Mr. Taft, "in having been kept out of the present European war and we ought to support the administration in keeping us out."

GREAT WAR MUSEUM TO BE INSTALLED

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The museum will occupy a building to be erected in New York.

COFFEE ROASTERS' END MEETING

New Orleans, Nov. 19.—The National Coffee Roasters' association ended its annual convention here today with the election of officers and the selection of St. Louis for the 1915 meeting place. Edwin N. Hurley, vice president of the Illinois Manufacturers' association, was elected president.

POWER PROJECT GETS NEW IMPETUS

Santa Fe, Nov. 19.—The proposition to supply electric power to Santa Fe, Albuquerque and even Las Vegas and Socorro with electric power generated by the Rio Grande in White Rock canyon, just fifteen miles west of Santa Fe, by the erection of a big power plant, received a new impetus today when State Engineer James A. French approved the application of John Borradale for his power project. Several similar applications were cancelled recently because the applicants had failed to conform with the regulations as to time in which a project must be completed.

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QUICK RESPONSE TO APPEAL FOR AUSTRIAN LOAN

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE.)
Washington, Nov. 19.—Dispatches from the Austro-Hungarian foreign office to the embassy here today announced that more than a billion crowns (\$120,000,000) already had been subscribed to the government's new war loan, subscriptions to which will not be formally opened until tomorrow.

The messages added: "The London advice concerning the alleged discussions between the Austro-Hungarian and the German army commanders and the bloody battle between the Austro-Hungarian and German soldiers are bald-faced inventions."

"In Berlin the Austro-Hungarian troops advanced despite the inclemency of the weather and the stubborn resistance of the Serbians, who suffered heavy losses. Fourteen hundred captives, among them twenty-one officers, yesterday were conveyed from Bosnia to the interior of the monarchy."

"Around Przemyel there is very little activity. Yesterday, however, the garrison made a sortie and repulsed the enemy on the heights of (name of place missing)."

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PENALTY WILL BE CHARGED ON WAR TAX STAMPS

A list of persons subject to the special tax under the act to provide revenue on account of the war has been issued by Lew D. Carpenter, collector of internal revenue.

The collector announced that unless applications for special tax stamps are made in the collector's office by December 1 a penalty of 50 per cent will be charged.

The list of persons liable follows: Bankers, brokers, pawnbrokers, custom house brokers, commercial brokers, proprietors of theaters, museums or concert halls, proprietors of bowling alleys or billiard rooms, commission merchants and dealers in tobacco.

MAN ABOUT TO LEAVE ARRESTED ON CHARGE OF STEALING GLOVES

Casimiro Gallegos was arrested last night by Patrolman Jose I. Salazar, charged with stealing a pair of gloves. A. G. Chavez, an automobile driver, made the complaint. He followed Gallegos to the Santa Fe station, suspecting that he had taken the gloves and called Salazar. Gallegos had the gloves when arrested. He also has a ticket to Helen. He was held in jail.

HICKEY IS ROYALLY ENTERTAINED BY ELKS

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL.)
Silver City, N. M., Nov. 19.—One of the biggest turn-outs in the history of the local Elks lodge occurred here last night on the occasion of the official visit of M. E. Hickey of Albuquerque, district deputy for New Mexico. Almost 200 members were present.

A turkey banquet, followed the address of Mr. Hickey and the initiation of several candidates. Afterwards the members were treated to a special motion picture show. The Silver City lodge has had plans drawn for a handsome clubhouse which is to be built, probably next year.

ELECTRIC COMPANY INCORPORATES

Santa Fe, Nov. 19.—Incorporation papers were filed with Secretary of State Antonio Lucero today by the Trinidad Electric Transmission Railway & Gas Co., of Trinidad, Colo., capitalized at \$1,000,000, of which \$2,000,000 have been issued. The company is incorporated to generate, produce, transmit, distribute, use and sell electricity for light, heat and power, and while having no power plant in New Mexico, maintains transformers at Brilliant, Gardiner, Van Houten, Koehler and Sugarite, all Colfax county coal camps. The New Mexico headquarters are at Baton and State Senator Edwin C. Cramp-ton is named the statutory agent for New Mexico.

KENTUCKY-BRED TURKEYS

Washington, Nov. 19.—The White House and cabinet Thanksgiving turkeys this year will be Kentucky bred. South Trimble, clerk of the house, has ordered from his farm at Frankfort, Ky., a forty-one-pound bird, fed on celery and chestnuts, for President Wilson's table, and is sending thirty-pound birds to each member of the cabinet and to Secretary Taft.

ELLIOTT IS RE-ELECTED

New York, Nov. 19.—Howard Elliott was re-elected president of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad company and chairman of the board at a meeting of the road's directors held here today. A. S. May was re-elected treasurer and A. E. Clark secretary.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR COM

WONDERFUL ARE THE CHANGES IN SCHOOL SYSTEM OF NEW MEXICO

Trip Through Santa Fe County Shows Rapid Strides Made in Educational Advancement of State.

SPANISH-AMERICANS LARGELY PREPONDANT

Everywhere Is Found Awakened Interest and Enthusiasm Under Guidance of Enlightened Leaders.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL.
Santa Fe, Nov. 19.—Many and far-reaching as have been the changes wrought by the march of time in New Mexico, none have been quite as epoch-making as the transformation that is being quietly wrought in and through the public schools. An intimate and convincing view of this passing of the old days is best obtained by a visit to the rural schools, such as was taken yesterday afternoon by Superintendent of Public Instruction Alvan N. White, with County Superintendent John V. Conway as guide, and Carl A. Bishop furnishing and running his automobile for the trip. The visit was unannounced to the schools that were covered, and therefore the conditions found were normal.

The first stop was at San Antonio, taught by Miss Eustacia Tapia, a bright, alert young woman, who has more than fifty pupils enrolled. The school is housed in one of the new buildings erected this year, with mission style exterior, two small rooms for manual training and domestic science and also used as cloak rooms, one for the boys and the other for the girls. Of the pupils, all are Spanish-American except one, a small boy of Swedish-German descent. The good order that is kept was noticeable. The exercises on the blackboards were evidence of thoroughness in penmanship, spelling and arithmetic. While it was apparent that the children came from poverty-stricken homes to a large extent, their clothing was neat, they were well-kempt and there were no evidences found in other districts of the children being "underfed" and "underclothed." County Superintendent Conway put it. Many of the fathers have work in the city and in many homes there are sewing machines.

The main school room was well lighted and ventilated. Each of the new school houses has a simple ventilating system. A steel jacketed stove distributes the heat uniformly. Single desks of a new patent model have been installed in part. There was an air of cheerfulness about the room, accentuated by a few pictures and potted flowers.

Pinched Faces.
The next school visited, that of Upper Cieneguilla, taught by Jose Silva, a young man who is qualifying himself for a higher grade certificate, was apparently maintained by a much poorer community. There were pinched faces here and there and the attempts to patch up old clothing to serve for the winter was pitifully apparent. But characteristic of the new spirit was the fact that an enrollment of twenty-eight every pupil was in attendance, and each one seemed earnestly at his work. This is also a new school house and it is a wonder how it is possible to erect such buildings for \$300 or \$350, as has been done in most cases. However, it is explained by the fact that so anxious are the poor parents that their children should have adequate school facilities, that they donate material and labor.

Now is there a single new school house into which County Superintendent John V. Conway has not put a portion of his own slender means. These new school houses, it is true, are simple adobe structures, rough cast generally, with the vigas exposed in the ceiling, giving them a touch of their own, but not one without its domestic science and manual training room, its ventilation, its windows on the right side of the school room. Most of them have high ceilings and each one is built in mission style. In Silva's school the children had helped to make their own manual training bench and their own sewing table, while a range is ready to be installed.

Impressed the Children.
The third school visited, at lower Cortez, a young woman named Cortez, a buxom young woman who radiates energy and speaks English with a real Boston accent, using a new, difficult word and a 6.25. A scholarly correctness, she inspires the entire roomful. Kansas, with some of her vim. If Kansas comes time, but a top of her felt, 3.00 might the children flocking sedately school room eagerly and steeply, \$7.75.

19.60. on, is a new school house. By Sheep—contrast, the old school house strong. Lads to one side of it and ev'lings, \$6.50 who sees it, will agree that Hogs—Banded structure wasn't fit higher. Deep coral. Practically with heavy, \$7.50, without means of ventilation, small, gloomy, with benches without backs, a Denver, No-made table instead of a 2.40, marks it is mute evidence of the 2.00, \$6.50, is a only yesterday. \$5.00 \$6.50. calves, \$1.00 on the pro- sheep—Receipts, 12, \$1.00 Ortiz, a n. Yearlings, \$5.50 of apparently 50 \$8.25; ewes, \$1.51 in this school; Receipts, 2, \$2.00 stagger- ady. Top, \$7.55; bulk teacher of mor- the most pov- the five visit-

ed. Pathetic little figures, underfed, underclothed, under-developed, struggle to acquire the fundamentals of knowledge, handicapped because they must first learn to speak English, staring almost hopelessly out into the world.

Though it is a cold day in November, there sits one small urchin, with only a pair of cotton overalls, much too big for him, and an ancient torn sweater through which the bare skin shows. There are others as poorly clothed and shod and most of them looking as if a square meal would do them good.

Women Build School House.
"It is the women who built this school house," said Conway. "The men thought they were too poor to do it and they are. The only source of income is from selling wood in the city. It is a good day's work to bring a fifty-cent load to the village and to sell it in the city and sometimes the market is glutted and dreadfully slow."

The houses are bare, without carpets, and furnished with only the most necessary utensils. They are clean, however, yet, even in this, the new spirit is working wonders. There are blooming flowers in the hives of homes and here and there a touch that shows a woman's home-loving hands. It is astounding too, to find sewing machines here and there when one knows that it took the most rigid self-sacrifice to place it there.

One large family, has as its only means of support, thirty-five cents earned every second day through the sale of a load of wood taken into town on a burro. Every alternate day is needed to cut the wood in the hills and bring it into the village.

Lack of Water.
The fifth school is in Aguas Fria, at one time one of the most prosperous of the native settlements in the state, but of late years growing poorer and poorer because the city uses the water that formerly irrigated extensive fields. It too is a new, modern school house, with its main room crowded with pupils of all ages, eager to absorb what learning is inculcated by the patient, energetic teacher, Mrs. King, whose work does not end with the school day but who looks after her charges in their homes and inquires into the welfare of their parents.

Ten of the little tots come from such long distance to get an education that they do not go home during the noon hour. The lunch they bring with them invariably consists of a quart of black coffee, a few tortillas and occasionally, when their father has had an extraordinary good day, a piece of bologna. And yet, on such diet, the children are industrious, keenly alert. The school directors drop in quite often showing an interest that would shame many a school director in the cities. Equipment is being provided as quickly as means permit, wall maps, single desks, jacketed stoves, longer school terms, are the rule where yesterday all these were lacking and the school term was barely three months while the school



ALVAN N. WHITE
State Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Itself was considered a little graft to be divided among a favored few.

Young Pioneer.
And as to those brave young men and young women who isolate themselves in these bare, lonely settlements, to teach for \$50 a month, seven to nine months a year they are the pioneers in a new movement that is transforming the state.

Transformation.
Forty-three new school houses, fifty-two new rooms, not counting the domestic and manual training rooms, in Santa Fe county alone. Does not tell that something of a revolution as important to New Mexico, as any revolution ever recorded in history? For the first time, the residents of these rural schools.

The Santa Fe's Woman's club met this afternoon to hear the report of Miss Conrad, of Mrs. Herring, of other who are visiting these schools and the homes and are paving the way for the introduction of household industries.

"The Little Giant."
To County Superintendent John V. Conway, of course, belongs the credit of inaugurating the new era despite pessimistic prophecies and skeptical opposition. Never before, in the history of any county in the state, have forty-three school districts been supplied with new modern school buildings in one year.

Last year, the county had forty-one school districts and of the forty-seven school buildings outside of the city,

Superb Sculptured Group Will Exalt Pioneer Mother at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition



only five were classed as fair. Thirty-two were owned by the school districts, the others were rented. Thirty-nine were condemned as unfit for school purposes. That looked like a hopeless condition. But Conway was undismayed. He had the rural school boards acquire sites for new buildings, generally one acre so as to have ample school grounds. Then he set to work to secure private donations and husbanded all available resources. He secured state aid whenever possible although fourteen new buildings were put up without any assistance from the state. He was indefatigable in visiting the schools, addressing parents, meetings and raising funds necessary to finish the new buildings and to increase the salaries of teachers to a minimum of \$50 a month, at the same time extending the school term from three to seven, eight and nine months.



Next year school grounds are to be beautiful, trees and flowers planted. The rural school house is to become a civic center.

Of the fifty-five teachers now employed, thirteen are men, twelve have first grade certificates, ten second-grade. Thirty-five have five months' terms, three eight months' and eight have nine months. The salaries range from \$50 to \$80, an average of \$52.36 per month, and \$319.23 per year. The school census shows 5,875 persons, of whom 3,441 outside of the city of Santa Fe. The enrollment in the rural schools is 2,995, the average daily attendance, 1,432, being a remarkably good showing, when it is remembered that the school census includes every one between the ages of 5 and 21 years and that many children attend private and parochial schools.

Conspicuous Programs.
Santa Fe county under the administration of School Superintendent Conway shows the most conspicuous evidence of school improvement in the state. To build forty-three school houses in one year not a dollar's worth of bonds were issued or indebtedness incurred. Conway is preparing for the big industrial exhibit which has been held annually in February in the Palace of the Governors. Every teacher will be at the meeting and will bring specimens of the work of his manual training and domestic science work.

Last year, the exhibit was a veritable eye-opener to the people as to the latent possibilities in industrial training. Every one of Conway's teachers will also be at the educational convention at Albuquerque. They were all on deck last year and they are the liveliest bunch that ever came down the Santa Fe trail. Local business men and women's associations have already put up prizes for excellence in manual training and domestic science. The meeting in February will be addressed by state officials, legislators, business men, scientists and will put teachers in direct touch with progress throughout the world.

In the meanwhile, Conway has installed the newest and latest devices in office equipment, filing systems and books in his offices at the court house. Already this term, he has visited every school house in the county three times and addressed parents' meetings upon each visit. And what is most satisfactory of all, is that the people of Santa Fe county really acknowledge that Johnny Conway is making good.

OPEN DAY AT WOMAN'S CLUB THIS AFTERNOON
It will be an open day at the Woman's club this afternoon. The domestic science section will be in charge and corn meal. He uses and advocates, will be elucidated. A paper by Mrs. Washington on the origin of corn meal will be especially interesting. The assistants in the demonstration will be Mrs. Hannum, Mrs. Bryce, Mrs. Hyre, Mrs. Venable and Mrs. Wooten, with Mrs. Coons as leader for the afternoon. Brown bread sandwiches with coffee will be served.

During the afternoon Mrs. Madden, the city librarian, will give a talk on Christmas books for children. Mrs. Wiley will be present to explain the sale of Red Cross stamps for the benefit of the war victims. An important feature of the afternoon will be a distribution basket for the poor to be distributed on Thanksgiving. At 2:30 o'clock there will be a meeting of committees representing the Woman's club, the Parent-Teachers' association, the Tuesday club and the Musical club, to make final arrangements for the reception to be given the visiting teachers in Masonic temple next Tuesday afternoon.

MRS. CARNAGGIO HAS COMPLAINT AGAINST HUSBAND DISMISSED
The charge of wife desertion against Otto Carnaggio was dismissed yesterday by Justice W. W. McClellan at Mrs. Carnaggio's request. Carnaggio was taken off a Santa Fe train at Las Vegas by Chief Ben Coles of the police department of that city and placed under arrest when Mrs. Carnaggio filed a complaint here. He was brought back to this city by Deputy Sheriff A. G. Burdette.

Wanted.—Clean, cotton tops at the Journal office.

by. Our infantry is superior to and the enemy's artillery no longer fires upon the village. It is quite un-likely that the most moving spectacle of my life. The dead are no longer counted. One forget that these were corpses in seeing the high moral lesson which this spectacle taught. I have sent my officers on a pilgrimage there. Treasures of energy had been extinguished. There were more than one where they had fought, in the positions where death had caught them; one section in the midst of a bayonet charge, one section on its knees, firing, in front and behind the officers in their places, not an officer or man with his back turned. They were re-servists. There were some parts of the line where the regularity of the intervals (a foot) between the corpses was impressive.

Grim Scene Depicted.
Passing next to the German side, I was able to observe the effects of our 75-millimeter guns. Men entrenched in deep shelters were torn to pieces. A little to the rear, in the woods, were long rows of dead. They had been killed by our infantry. In one place six men had crawled to each other's side to die together. One of them still held in his hand the postal card which I sent you and which I intend to send to the Habacu family at the end of the war, that they may know their son died like a Christian. It will be a little consolation for this unhappy family.

The card is dated at Bastatt, August 19, and addressed to Landwehrmann Hubach, 1 Kampf-Esser, battalion, regiment No. 112, Muhlheim 7-B. On the side reserved for correspondence is the following in German: "Sunday afternoon, 3 o'clock. 'Dear brother: We are today at Bastatt, with Fritz. A souvenir of the good day, because today is your birthday. Blessings from the heart. Your brother, Fritz, your sister, Gretchen.' On the back, a sacred picture, representing the disciples approaching Christ with this legend: 'But they constrained Him, saying, abide with us, for a day is toward evening, and the day is far spent. Look, 24-28.' And underneath, written by hand: 'The Saviour said: I am in thy midst always until the end of time.' A little farther on another group of eight had also united in death. Between them was a little prayerbook, opened at the prayer of the dying. Each German soldier carries one of these little books containing several prayers particularly appropriate to the battlefield."

Churchmen Visit Las Cruces.
Santa Fe, Nov. 19.—Bishop Frederick B. Howden and Rev. Edward Henry Eckel, provincial secretary, visited Mesilla Park and Las Cruces yesterday afternoon. Mr. Eckel addressed the students at the State College.

Goodly Resigns From Board.
Santa Fe, Nov. 19.—Alexander Goodly has resigned as a member of the county road board of Taos county.

Graphic Account of Examples of Heroism in the Trenches Given in Letter From Man at Battle Front.

(Associated Press Correspondence.)
Paris, Nov. 9.—A French cavalry captain, writing from a village on the Meuse, describes in the Figaro experience during the fighting of early October. Here is a translation of his letter.

"We are garrisoned at R—. I cannot complain too much, because officers, men and horses are remarkably well installed and I sleep every night in a very good bed in a house evacuated by its owner. The village is three kilometers from the enemy's lines. All the inhabitants have been expelled because many signals were given at night by spies and because of the fierce bombardment we have suffered. This is a measure very painful to enforce upon poor people, but it was indispensable, and the innocent have paid the penalty for the guilty. It is a veritable siege in this part of the battlefield, and our infantry is advancing very slowly, digging itself in as at Sebastopol, conquering 200 to 300 meters a day.

"My squad holds a supporting position at R—. It is all that the cavalry can do at this moment. We are 'fortress cavalry,' so to speak. 'Our foot soldiers pierce cards in the trenches and arouse themselves only a few meters away from the enemy. The two lines are so near at certain points that the soldiers throw hand grenades into the German trenches, twenty-five to thirty meters away, as the survivors of the Crimean war relate.

"One must give complete approval to our general staff, since the positions established by the enemy are so formidable that it would be useless, despite thousands of lives to advance over open ground. I find that we have adapted ourselves marvelously to the new situation and our troops, among others, organize the defense of villages with great audacity. All very cheerfully they bore holes in walls and houses, build barricades and plug windows with mattresses against fragments of bursting shells. This diverts and amuses them. Moral and sanitary conditions are excellent.

"On our left operates the unit of Colonel Z—. It is a reserve unit, but the name of its chief, even more than its military value, makes it the equal of units of the active army. When you ask the men of this brigade who their commander is they respond with pride and almost contempt at your incoherence: 'Why, Col. Z—,' they say. It is extraordinary to see how the prestige of a name is able to transform a troop and give it cohesion. This name is more than a flag. It is for these colonial reservists a source of success, a fetish.

Dead No Longer Counted.
Yesterday I was able to escape a few minutes. The bombardment since October 1 has ceased completely.

EVEN CROSS, SICK CHILDREN LOVE SYRUP OF FIGS

If feverish, bilious, constipated, give fruit laxative at once.

Don't send your fretful, peevish child. See it tonight is content. This is a sure sign its little stomach, liver and bowels are clogged with sour waste. When listless, pale, feverish, full of cold, breath bad, throat sore, doesn't eat, sleep or act naturally, has stomachache, indigestion, diarrhoea, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the foul waste, the sour bile and fermenting food passes out of the bowels and you have a well and playful child again. Children love this harmless "Fruit Laxative," and mothers can rest easy after giving it, because it never fails to make their little "insides" clean and sweet.

Keep it handy! Mother! A little given today saves a sick child tomorrow, but get the genuine. Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Remember there are counterfeits sold here, so study look and see that yours is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company." Used back with content any other fig syrup.

N.M.E.A. ATTENTION

Exhibition of European War Pictures.

All visiting teachers, as well as residents of the city, are invited to view the European war pictures which will be on exhibition at our store all of next week. These pictures are reproduced from actual drawings made by correspondents of the London Illustrated News, who are at the front. Nothing that has appeared in our American papers will begin to give you as vivid an insight into the horrors of this stupendous struggle. Stairs will be open every evening. JOHN LEE CLARK, Inc. Central Ave. near First street.

There's comfort—good cheer—refreshment—satisfaction in every cup of **Ridgways Tea**

Home-made candy that's simply dandy
Follow this recipe and make some Maple Nut Patties—they'll just melt in your mouth and delight you with their flavor.

TOWLE'S LOG CABIN CANE AND MAPLE SYRUP
Makes Home, "Sweet" Home, Indeed

Maple Nut Patties. One cup Log Cabin Syrup, one cup granulated sugar, two or three tablespoons cold water, one-fourth teaspoon salt, cream of tartar, sweet cream. Bring to boil, add much cream of tartar dissolved. After boiling, add gift of sweet cream. Stir until it forms a ball when put into cold water. Put in salt, stir until it turns to cream. When set, cover with wet cloth until softened. Set on fire in pan of water, when softened stir in a heaping spoonful of nuts. Remove from the boiling water pan in hot water. Dip out small portions in patty form.

Boy Log Cabin Syrup of your grocer in the log-cabin-shaped can—your guarantee of purity and quality and flavor.

The Towle Maple Products Co.
Sales headquarters: Peoples Gas Building, Chicago
Refineries: St. Paul, Minn.; St. Johnsbury, Vermont

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The Albuquerque
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THE TIME AND THE METHODS OF THE
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Newspaper Directory.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1914

"BOB" BURDETTE.

Dear old "Bob" Burdette is dead. Editor, lecturer, author, preacher—humorist always—Burdette had a notable career as a maker of sunshine for those with whom he came in contact, either personally or through his droll philosophical pen. He was intensely human, and had a sympathy for all things human. Much as he devoted his life and talents to provoking smiles and laughter from others, he knew what it was to struggle, to fall and fall again, and finally to win.

Worse than the struggle of his early days with poverty, "Bob" Burdette had the misfortune to contract the drink habit, which at times he could not control. He fought against it, after he understood what its continuance meant to him, but even after he became a minister of the gospel he was not always immune from its influence.

But he met all of the humiliation of it, all the criticism his frailty entailed from those who did not understand the fight he was making, with a smile and a jest, and finally he won through. He never stopped smiling, or his efforts to cause other people to smile. He understood people and he loved them because he knew most of them were weak, like himself, and like himself, were trying to do better than their lives would indicate.

After ill health compelled him to give up the pastorate of his Los Angeles church, he took a house from the veranda of which he could look out on the ocean. He had been through the orient—through India, China, Japan and the Philippines. Last winter he wrote a letter to the members of his former congregation in Los Angeles that was a prose poem. He said while he looked beyond the sunset, he saw again the hands of the orient he had visited. He knew they were there because he had seen them, but was no more certain of their geography after he had seen them than he was before. He knew of them because he had seen them and been told of them.

Likewise, he was waiting for his visit to heaven. He had not been there, but he had the same confidence in its reality that he had in the existence of China, India and Japan before he saw them.

Burdette made his first reputation as a humorist, on the Burlington Hawkeye, then in charge of himself and Frank Hutton. The paper became the most talked-of newspaper in the United States at that time, and the most quoted. Hutton went into politics, and became postmaster general under President Arthur and afterward editor of the Washington Post. Burdette went on the lecture platform, and into the ministry.

The Cleveland Plaindealer sizes up the substance value of Caranama as that of a small person placed in a position where he can work mischief far beyond the measure of his importance. Correct.

THE SANTA CLAUS SHIP.

There was not so much attention given in the press dispatches of the sailing of the Santa Claus ship, Zanon, from the United States, last Saturday, as the incident was entitled to. The ship carried five million presents from this country to the children of the warring nations of Europe, all of which, except the Turks, have the Santa Claus legend woven into their social and religious fabric. They are Christian nations, though just now engaged in the un-Christian conduct of killing each other.

We have an idea that the Santa Claus ship will reach its destination safely. Santa Claus himself is at the helm. As she passes by dreadnaughts and submarines, through mined seas and under the guns of massive forts, some special providence will preside over her safety until she reaches the ports of the unhappy nations with her messages of peace on earth and good will to men.

When Christmas day comes, and the bundles are united by the children of Russia, Germany, Austria, Great Britain and France, what will be the impression formed by the

parents on the minds of the little people in those stricken lands?

When chubby hands come to put on warm mittens, when chilly feet are put into new dry shoes, when boxes of goodies are opened, and tin horns are blown, it will be asked by tens of thousands of childish voices, "Where did Santa Claus find all these pretty things?" And their parents, such as are left, and many of whom will be clothed in black—will make but one answer: "In America."

What will not that one word, "America," come to stand for in the mental images of those countless children, penniless, obscure and bereaved? They will puzzle it out, as children do. They will see a real fairy land, peopled with strange folk, who send toys to unknown kiddies. The presents will speak to those children in a language that is understood in every tongue by childhood. They will want to go to see that wonderful place when they grow up.

"Is there no war there?" That question will be asked millions of times, and anxious mothers will answer, "No children, there is no war there." Then will come the question again, "If there is no war there, why should there be war here?"

Santa Claus will answer.

FIXED FORTIFICATIONS.

Fixed fortifications can no longer resist landward attack, as the German howitzers have demonstrated. But fixed fortifications still have value as against seaward attack. Powerful as naval guns are, none has been found so far, able to cope with the land guns built by the Krupps, though it is claimed the United States is now testing a naval gun of fully twice the penetrating power of the "Krupp surprise." But there is another question that must be settled: Will the deck of any ship stand the terrific recoil of such guns?

But forts still have value to command such straits as Dover and Gibraltar. And a fort that is immune from a landward attack may make itself practically immune from attack by sea. But the lesson of this war is a broad one. The only real defense for any country is an army in trenches with mobile artillery that can be shifted from position to position as the exigencies develop. Verdun, not the fortress, but the position of Verdun, is the key to the French defensive line. So far that strategic position has been saved by French regiments in trenches outside the fortress, who have prevented the Germans from getting near enough to use their big guns against the big fortifications.

Money put into fixed defenses is largely wasted, except on the seacoast. A navy and an army, both mobile, are the only defenses worth while nowadays. Whether we require a defense is another question—one that probably will be settled by the outcome of the war.

ENGLAND'S ALARM.

The Journal publishes elsewhere on this page an article from the London Spectator by which it may be seen that Great Britain is taking the possibility of an invasion seriously. That was the dream of Napoleon. More than a hundred years ago he gathered men and transports at Calais, but never attempted to cross the channel because the British fleet was master of the seas.

According to the London Spectator, the probable plan of the Germans is to secure favorable foothold on the coast, weaken the British navy by keeping up the work of destruction, so successful so far as to cause general apprehension, by means of submarines and mines, until the German fleet, held securely in the Baltic sea, can come out and meet the English vessels on more than an equal footing.

There is also the suggestion that, regardless of the British fleet, a force might be landed from transports protected by mines and submarines. Wild as the scheme appears, there is no doubt that the Germans are not continuing their desperate and bloody struggle to break through the lines of the allies toward the coast without a well thought out plan for utilizing the positions when once secured.

But the German plan to repeat the dash on Paris, of forty-four years ago, failed. It is not probable that any scheme for a successful invasion of Great Britain can succeed. Powerful as the Germans are from a military standpoint, and resourceful beyond belief, as they have shown themselves, there are things that men cannot do.

Albuquerque will have a splendid Y. M. C. A. building as an attraction for the New Mexico teachers when they come back here next year.

If the French and British aviators don't quit trying to drop bombs on the Kaiser, he will deliver them over to the wrath of God.

Dreadnaughts are not living up to their names. Being such expensive targets, they are fuller of dread than anything else.

We have an idea that before a great while it will be necessary for the Germans to keep a watch on the Rhine.

A reverse now and then means the sacrifice of only a few more thousands of Russia's "cannon fodder."

The world looks pretty good to Uncle Joe Cannon. He is predicting a return of general prosperity.

The World of Light

By Henry Vaughan, 1621-1695.

THEY are all gone into the world of light,
And I alone sit ling'ring here,
Their very memory is fair and bright,
And my sad thoughts doth clear.

I see them walking in an air of glory,
Whose light doth trample on my days;
My days, which are at best but dull and hoary,
Mere glimmering and decays.

Dear, beautiful death; the jewel of the just,
Shining nowhere but in the dark;
What mysteries do lie behind thy dust,
Could man o'erlook that mark,

He that hath found some fledg'd bird's nest may know
At first sight if the bird be flown;
But what fair dell or grove he sings in now,
That is to him unknown.

And yet, as angels in some brighter dreams,
Call to the soul when man doth sleep,
So some strange thoughts transcend our wonted themes
And into glory peep.

O Father of eternal life, and all
Created glories under thee,
Resume thy spirit from this world of thrall
Into true liberty.

Either disperse these mists, which blot and fill
My perspective still as they pass;
Or else remove me hence unto that hill
Where I shall need no glass.

With Scissors and Paste

IF (Studying Kipling.)

If you can keep your head when all about you

Are losing theirs and blaming it on you,

Are losing theirs and blaming it on you,

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Are losing theirs and blaming it on you,

Are losing theirs and blaming it on you,

Are losing theirs and blaming it on you,

gently rubbed it forms beautiful

lather.

The only drawback is that when applied to the head one's hair is apt to turn from its natural color to a dusty red, if not washed with fresh water. In other words, it bleaches, the soda in the water no doubt being the cause of this.

The Soap lake is well known throughout America on account of its wonderful healing properties. It is asserted that its waters provide a cure for all the ills the flesh is heir to. Rheumatism, skin diseases, stomach and blood disorders—all seem to give way to the miraculous powers of the waters, and scores of people go there for the purpose of curing themselves of these various complaints.

As a matter of fact, the waters of the lake have been known to the Indians for generations past on account of their wonderful curative powers, and even at the present time parties of them camp at the head of the lake during the summer months. On the shores of the lake are various sanatoria which remain open all the year round and attract many visitors, who come in search of health.

TOMORROW.

(From the Business Philosopher.)

Today may be dark and forbidding;

Our hearts may be full of despair;

But tomorrow the hope that was winning

Will prompt us to do and to dare.

Today we may feel that life's sorrows

Outweigh all the joys that we crave;

But tomorrow will teach us the lesson

That life is worth while to the brave.

Faint heart is forerunner of sadness—

Despondency robs us of health;

The man who is chock full of gladness

Is the man who makes most of life's wealth.

Today may be all that is mournful—

Our paths cannot always be bright;

But tomorrow we'll somehow take

Courage, and trustingly enter the fight.

Tomorrow the sun will be brighter;

Tomorrow the skies will be fair;

Tomorrow our hearts will be lighter;

We'll cast aside sorrow and care.

Remember when heartache and weary

The sunning comes after the rain;

Tomorrow is the time to be cheery—

Tomorrow we take hope again.

TREES.

(Joyce Kilmer.)

"I think that I shall never see

A poem lovely as a tree.

"A tree whose hungry mouth is prest

Against the earth's sweet flowing breast;

"A tree that looks at God all day

And lifts her leafy arms to pray;

"A tree that in summer wears

A nest of robins in her hair;

"Upon whose bosom snow has lain,

Who intimately lives with rain.

"Poems are made by fools like me,

But only God can make a tree."

MIND OF THE UNDERGRADUATE.

(Henry Seidel Canby in the October Yale Review.)

The mind of the undergraduate is like a slab of coarse-grained wood, upon which the cabinet-maker lay his plan. It is empty, porous, and in the polishing mixture, no matter how richly it may be applied, and in many instances we fail to get the expected gloss. Much English teaching in fact, is to change the figure of the undergraduate in its effects. You may remember no Tennyson, and yet have gained a sensibility to moral beauty, and an ear for the glory of words. Your Shakespeare may have gathered just for a decade, and yet still be quickening your sympathy with human nature.

That glow in the presence of a soaring pine or towering mountain; that warmth of the imagination as some modern struggle recalls an ancient protagonist; the feeling that life is always interesting somehow, somewhere—how much of this is due to Wordsworth, Shelley, Stevenson, Browning, or Keats, dim in the memory perhaps, but potent in the subconsciousness, no one can ever determine. The psychologist will answer, much. The layman must consider the spring, the recuperative power, the quantity and quality of happiness among the well-read in comparison with the unread, for his reply. The results of my own observation enable me to give even the doors of lectures and study in a "flunker's" examination paper with dejection. To be sure, but not with despair. The undergraduate, I admit sorrowfully, is usually superficial in his reading, and sometimes merely haphazard in the use he makes of it; but there is more gained from his training in literature than meets the sight.

NEW EVERY MORNING.

(Susan Coolidge.)

Every day is a fresh beginning,
Every morn is the world made new;
You who are weary with sorrow and sinning,
Here is a beautiful hope for you—
A hope for me and a hope for you.

All the past things are gone and over,
The tasks are done and the tears are shed;
Yesterday's errors let yesterday cover,
Yesterday's wounds, which smarted and bled,
Are healed with healing which night has shed.

Yesterday is a part of forever,
Bound up in the sheath which God holds tight,
With the glad days and sad days and
Bad days which never
Shall visit us more with their bloom or blight,
Their fullness of sunshine or sorrowful night.

Let them go since we cannot relieve them,
Cannot undo or cannot atone;
God in his mercy receive and forgive them,
Only the new days are our own—
Today is ours and today alone.

Here are the skies all burnished brightly,
Here is the spent earth all reborn;
Here are the tired limbs springing lightly
To greet the sun and share with the morn;
In its chiasm of dew and cool of the dawn.

Every day is a fresh beginning,
Listen, my soul, to the glad refrain,
And in spite of old sorrow and older sinning
And trouble forecast or possible pain,
Take heart with the new day and begin again.

A LINCOLN STORY.

Another Lincoln story from the first volume of "Hearts Throbs." President Lincoln was walking with a friend about Washington and turned back for some distance to assist a beetle that had gotten on its back, and lay on the walk, legs sprawling in air, vainly trying to turn itself over. The friend expressed surprise that the president, burdened with the cares of a warring nation, should find time to spare assisting a bug.

"Well," said Lincoln, with that homely sincerity that has touched the hearts of millions of his countrymen and placed him foremost in our affections as the greatest American, "do you know if I had left that bug struggling there on its back, I wouldn't have felt right. I wanted to put him on his feet, and give him an equal chance with all the other bugs of his class."

WAR.

(Bennett Chapple, in National Magazine for November.)

Gone is the vaunted banner that proclaimed the world for peace.

The mask is torn asunder and all Hell has been released.

The heat of age-old anger now has cracked the thin veneer.

Ten million men are targets—and all Europe is a tier.

The mighty guns are booming in their terrifying voice.

They cut the field like reapers—and the soldiers have no choice.

They face the rain of bullets, and with manhood's stalwart zeal

They march with very souls aflame through jaws of glistening steel.

Theirs but to fall in winnows deep, cut down by scythes of lead.

Till truce pipes high the harvest there in gory stacks of dead.

Napoleon took two million lives before he drank his dogs.

"To make an omelet," he said, "you have to break some eggs."

Ten million men now face the guns—an omelet, in truth—

Ten million sturdy warriors so full of strength and youth,

Ten million men in uniform, stirred to heroic deeds,

Ten million men in league with death while Christ in pity pleads.

The proud world hangs its head back at such a gruesome sight.

The grim old skeleton of war once more has come to light.

And savagery has brushed aside all civilization creed.

Turned back the clock a hundred years to let the nations bleed.

What is this pride of nations that will pay such awful price?

What is this commerce of the world that asks such sacrifice?

Oh, is it worth the candle that the sombre altars light?

When men—perhaps a million men—are victims of the fight?

POWER OF AFFIRMATION.

(Unity.)

Declare your unity with Divine Mind, and through your generative word fill your nerves with energy and substance. Declare over and over, silently and aloud, until the very air pulsates: "I am energy; I am strength and power; I am filled and thrilled with omnipresent life and the vitality of God permeates every fiber of my being."

Services of Elihu B. Washburn in Paris During the Franco-Prussian War of 1870

(Kansas City Star.)

Many Americans of the older generation recall with a feeling of pride the days of the Franco-Prussian war when Elihu Benjamin Washburn, United States minister to France, found himself in a situation almost parallel to that which now confronts Ambassador Herrick.

Mr. Washburn was appointed envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to France by President Grant in 1869. The appointment followed his resignation from the office of secretary of state, a resignation occasioned by ill health. He represented the United States in Paris for eight and a half years. The period, to use his own words, "comprised one of the most interesting epochs of history, and embraced the siege and commune of Paris."

A Heavy Responsibility. In "Recollections of a Minister to France," two volumes published in 1887, the year of his death, Mr. Washburn has given us a vivid story of the trying times which followed the French declaration of war against Germany. He alone of all the official representatives of the great powers remained at his post and with remarkable coolness and tact, considering that he had just entered upon a career which was new to him, took care not only of those of his own nationality in the capital, but, at the request of the German ambassador, also the subjects of the North German confederation, the Saxons and the subjects of Hesse and Saxe-Coburg Gotha. Of this he wrote:

Count Solms, charge d'affaires of the North German confederation, sent to the United States legation the most valuable of their archives, upon which I placed our seal. I also took charge of the German embassy in Paris, and placed over it the American flag. The conscription of the embassy having been forced to leave, I placed it under the charge of

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THE PERFECT SHORTENING

EVERY CAN GUARANTEED

WHITE WINTER DELICIOUS APPLES—

One of the best cooking and eating apples ever grown.

CHOICE, \$1.35.
FANCY, \$1.55.

We bought all we could; yet the supply is limited.

FANCY RED GRAPES
ONLY 10c lb.

WARD'S STORE

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HOMER H. WARD, Mgr.

Strong Brothers Undertakers

PROMPT SERVICE. PHONE 15.
15. STRONG BROS., COPPER AND SECOND.

LOCAL ITEMS OF INTEREST

WEATHER REPORT.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 6 o'clock yesterday evening: Maximum temperature, 60; minimum, 17; range, 43. Temperature at 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon, 45; southwest wind; clear.

Herbott, painter, papering, 1453, Dr. Schweitzer, optician, Ph. 717. That Maple St. Ice Cream at Perry's candy store today.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. M. T. Murphy, 523 South Fifth street, Tuesday, a son.

John chapter of the Eastern Star will meet at 7:30 o'clock tonight at the Masonic temple.

Lee Gibson and family arrived here yesterday from Palmira, Mo., to make their home here.

A. E. Clemmons, a stockman, arrived here last night from Magdalena to remain several days.

The Unity club will meet tonight at 8:30 o'clock with Mrs. Mary Landon, of 799 West Roma avenue.

Trinidad C. de Baco, state game and fish warden, was in the city last night on business connected with his office.

County Clerk Walker yesterday issued a license to marry to John A. Sandoval and Sara Chavez, both of Albuquerque.

H. B. Hammond of the forest service, returned yesterday morning after ten days' trip through Arizona and southern New Mexico.

Floyd R. Lyons, 619 North Fourth street, is at his home suffering from blood poisoning. The infection was caused by a scratch.

A special meeting of the Moose lodge will be held at 8 o'clock tonight to initiate new members. All members are requested to be present.

There will be a regular meeting of Harmony Lodge No. 1, I. O. O. F., at 7:30 o'clock this evening in Odd Fellows' hall. Work in the third degree. Refreshments will be served. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome.

There will be services in Temple Albert this evening, beginning at 7:15 o'clock. Rabbi M. H. Bergman will deliver an address in the nature of an exposition of Judaism, which will be especially interesting to students of comparative religions. The public is cordially invited.

Miss Elizabeth Funk of Washington, D. C., is visiting her sister, Mrs. C. H. Thompson, for a few days. Miss Funk is a special agent of the government, collecting statistics for the department of labor. Her itinerary includes the most important cities of the south and west.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Hicks drove down to the city from Santa Fe yesterday to spend a day with former friends. They will return to Santa Fe this afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Hicks resided in this city a number of years ago, when Mr. Hicks conducted a jewelry store on South Second street.

SIGN-POSTING TRUCK PROBABLY WILL NOT ARRIVE HERE TODAY

That the motor truck of the Automobile Club of Southern California, which is sign-posting the organization's official route, might reach here today, but that it probably will not arrive until tomorrow was the only information received yesterday by Col. D. K. B. Sellers from the crew.

Auto and carriage lap robes on special sale. Large stock. J. Korber & Co., 268 North Second street.

SPRINGER TRANSFER
Competent and Reasonable

ELECTION JUDGES TO SIGN BOOKS AT CLERK'S OFFICE

Walker Decides Not to Send Messenger Because of Possibility of Contest Over Election.

Judges and clerks of election will have to go to County Clerk Walker's office to sign the certificates attached to the poll books.

Mr. Walker at first thought of sending a messenger with the books to every judge and clerk, but the possibility of a contest caused him to change his mind. He looked up the law on the subject and ascertained that the officials were required to come to his office. The county commissioners have the power to summon them, but this hardly will be necessary, it is believed.

By sending a messenger to the judges and clerks with the unsigned poll books, much time would be saved, and the state board of canvassers is in a hurry to complete its task. However, this might be made the basis for charges in a contest, Mr. Walker thought. So far the books have not been out of his or the canvassing board's custody, except in transmission from here to Santa Fe and back again. They were sent by express.

Has Poll Books Again.

Mr. Walker received the books yesterday morning from Secretary of State Antonio Lucero. He obtained the signatures of all judges and clerks who served in the two city precincts, yesterday, with one exception. Great difficulty will attach to getting some of the officials of the outlying precincts to sign. They cannot be reached quickly by mail, or by any means except a messenger.

Mr. Walker yesterday afternoon prepared the certificates for the signatures. The certificates, which appear on every judge and clerk failed to sign, are printed on the inside of the back cover in English and on the inside in Spanish. No space was indicated for signing and this undoubtedly was the cause of the failure of so many to observe the signing regulation. Mr. Walker marked with ink the space for them to give the canvassing board a sample of their penmanship.

Oversight in Other Counties.

Bernalillo county was not the only county in which election officials failed to sign. The secretary of state has returned the books to other county clerks just as he did to the Bernalillo county officer, and the canvassing board must remain in session until all are returned to Santa Fe.

This oversight on the part of the officials in other counties probably was due the same cause that it was here. The poll books were printed by state authorities and those sent other counties, the assumption is, also lacked spaces indicated for signatures.

W. C. T. U. GOLD MEDAL CONTEST TO BE HELD AT PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

The interscholastic contest for the W. C. T. U. gold medal will be held at the First Presbyterian church tonight. The exercises will begin at 7:45 o'clock.

The program follows: Scripture reading and prayer—Mrs. Vaughn, president of the W. C. T. U. Song—By schools. "Henry Brown"—Tommy Hawthorne, Indian school. "The Drunkard's Defense"—Orlando Hlea, Menaul.

"Liza's Divorce"—Ruth Cordova, Harwood school for girls. "What Came to Slavin"—Isabel Gibson, Rio Grande school. "Two Glasses"—Gregorio Farjardo, Harwood school. Music—Menaul school orchestra. Violin Solo—Miss Wright, Rio Grande school.

Solo—Louis Hesselsten. Song—"Young Campaigners"—Menaul school. America—Schools.

MAISEL RETURNS FROM CONFERENCE IN DENVER

M. M. Maisel, manager of the local office of the Western Union Telegraph company, returned last night from Denver, where he attended a conference on general business of the company, which was held at the Denver Athletic club Tuesday afternoon. After the conference an elaborate dinner was served to those present.

Those attending the conference were: Newcomb Carlton, president; L. M. Kiselek, assistant to the president; J. C. Willevier, commercial general manager; G. M. Yorke, general superintendent of plant; W. N. Fashbaugh, general superintendent of traffic; E. Y. Gallaher, comptroller; W. J. Lloyd, general manager; E. E. McIntire, district commercial superintendent; and several other managers in this district.

DR. R. W. HANNA, Graduate and Post Graduate American School of Osteopathy, Suite 1, W. O. W. Building.

The Latest
"The Eyes of the World"
Wright
"The Victim"
Dixon
"Hidden Children"
Chambers
"The After House"
Rheinhardt
"The Auction Block"
Burch

STRONG'S BOOK STORE
Albuquerque N.M.

MAY USE DEAD WOOD IN FOREST WITHOUT PERMIT

New Regulation Announced by Forest Service; Much Dead Material Taken From Manzano.

In the past the forest service gave permits for free use of dead material to homesteaders and settlers, and for seven years the Manzano national forest has averaged 540 permits for 2,200 cords or 4,400 wagon loads of wood, fence posts and house logs a year. It is now believed that the farmers of the Manzano forest are familiar with the forest regulations regarding cutting log stumps, utilizing all dead material, taking precautions against starting fires in the mountains as well as helping to protect the live timber for lumber and for future use, and it has been decided to dispose of the free use permit for dead timber and all applicants are sent the following information written in English and Spanish:

On and after November 15, 1914, and until further notice, settlers, miners, residents and prospectors for minerals may cut and remove from the Manzano national forest free of charge and without permit any dead timber needed for their own use, for firewood, fencing, buildings, mining, prospecting and other domestic purposes. No timber may be taken for sale to other persons or for commercial use. Of course, small quantities of material needed by transients may be taken without permit.

Required to Fight Fire.

Dead material taken from the Manzano national forest should be fully utilized since no waste can be allowed if the future needs of the public are to be considered. Refuse of any kind which may constitute a fire hazard should be piled or otherwise disposed of as directed by the forest officer. Permits enjoying this free use privilege will be required to fight fire without pay if the area from which they obtain material is one fire or threatened; otherwise at prevailing rate of pay. Free use permits are required to comply with all regulations governing national forests.

No green material of whatever kind whatever may be cut from the Manzano national forest even of the inferior species, without first obtaining a permit from the nearest forest officer. This permit may be applied for verbally or in writing and applicants should specify the species, amount, class of material desired and the locality from which it may be most conveniently obtained, if approved.

Prohibitions Named.

Free use permits are forbidden to remove dead timber within the forest from alienated land, current cordwood areas, pastures, planting sites and sample plots, unless specific authority is secured.

The complete free use regulations approved by the secretary of agriculture may be had upon application; if in doubt as to these regulations, inquiry should be made to the nearest forest officer.

COMMITTEE NAMED FOR ELKS LODGE OF SORROW

The annual memorial services to be held by the Elks in honor of members of the order who have died during the past year will be held this year on December 6 in the Elks theater. Elaborate preparations are being made for the event, and a program will be rendered that will be of exceptional interest to all the people of Albuquerque.

The committee in charge of the memorial services is composed of E. L. Grose, Roy Strone, D. M. Rosenwald, John McKee and Arthur H. Sisk.

PROCAPIO LEVARIO WANTS A DECREE OF DIVORCE

Procadio Levario charges his wife with desertion in a complaint in which he asks for a decree of divorce, filed yesterday in the district court. He alleges he always has been a good and loving husband. Mrs. Levario left his home May 6, of this year, and when he found her after a search and begged her to return she refused, according to Levario. They were married July 5, 1909, at Alameda.

NOTICE.
I am not responsible for any debts hereafter, November 19th, withdrawing myself as partner from H. A. Decker & Co., 325 North First St. JULIAN DREYFUS.

R. M. WILLIAMS
Dentist
Rooms 1 and 2, Whiting Building, Corner Second and Gold. Phone No. 484.
Saddle horses, Trimble's Red Barn.

ROYAL WELCOME WILL BE GIVEN TO STATE TEACHERS

Albuquerque Laying Herself Out to Make Convention of Educational Association a Big Success.

That nothing will be left undone to make the convention of the New Mexico Educational association to be held here next week the highest success of any convention ever held by the association, is assured by the plans announced for the entertainment of the delegates by the local committee of which Superintendent John Milne is chairman. From the time of their arrival in the city, when they will be met at the train by committees of young men from the high school, until they leave for their homes after the convention, they will be given to understand that Albuquerque hospitality is something more than a mere name and that the city is glad to have them and wants them to come again.

The program of entertainment will begin Sunday afternoon with special services for the teachers in the auditorium of the high school at which Lt. Rev. Frederick B. Howden, Episcopal bishop of New Mexico and West Texas, will preach a sermon. An exceptionally fine musical program has been arranged for the occasion, one of the features of which will be a vocal solo by R. R. Larkin, formerly superintendent of the city schools in Las Vegas, and now connected with a leading school book concern as its state representative.

Ride and Picture Show.

On Monday afternoon from 2 to 5 o'clock, the visiting teachers will be taken for a ride over the city in automobiles furnished by citizens of Albuquerque. A call has been made by the committee and by the Commercial club to all citizens who own automobiles to tender the use of their cars for this occasion. The response to this call so far has been ready and spontaneous, but it is hoped that every car-owner in the city will communicate with the committee, as the large number of delegates that will be present will require every available car for this purpose.

On Monday night, after the sessions of the association the teachers will be the guests of the local committee at a special performance at the Crystal theater arranged for their benefit. A feature of the Monday evening session at the high school auditorium will be the rendition of musical numbers by the Las Vegas High School Glee club under the direction of Mrs. Adolphine Kohn, supervisor of music in the Las Vegas schools, who is well remembered in Albuquerque, having served as organist of Temple Albert and also having taken a conspicuous part in the Bernalillo county teachers' institute last summer.

Club Women to Entertain.

The feature of Tuesday afternoon will be the entertainment of the teachers by the club women of Albuquerque. From 4 to 6 o'clock a reception will be held in the Masonic temple at which the Women's club, the Parent-Teachers' association and the Tuesday club will be joint hosts to the visiting delegates. Some of the most prominent women in New Mexico will be in the receiving line at this reception.

Tuesday night, at the high school auditorium, the exercises will be specially and exclusively in charge of the local committee. The first part of the program will be of a musical character, and will be under the direction of Charles J. Andrews, whose reputation as a musical director is too well known to need comment. After this program is completed there will be an address by Miss Stern, one of the distinguished out-of-town educators, who will have much to say of special interest to the women teachers.

After the conclusion of the program in the auditorium there will be a dance in honor of the teachers in the armory which will be one of the leading social events of the week.

Coffee and Doughnuts.

Throughout the convention the young ladies of the domestic science department of the high school will be in charge of the ladies' rest room and will look after the comfort of the guests in every way possible. Coffee and doughnuts will be served to the visitors and a practical illustration will be given of the excellent course that is being given by this department of the city schools.

All indications point to the largest attendance that there has ever been at a convention of the association, and the members of the committee are especially anxious that those who have rooms that can be rented during the first three days of next week will communicate at once by telephone, either with the Commercial club (phone 45), or with the high school (phone 1050). This is a matter of the most vital importance and it is urged that there be no delay in letting the committee know what is to be expected in this respect.

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Phone 877.

ENFIELD CASE MAY GO TO JURY THIS AFTERNOON

Prosecution, However, Will Not End Until Today; Keen Case Put Off; Garcia Goes to Jail at Santa Fe.

The Enfield case possibly may reach the jury today in the United States district court. Whether it does depends chiefly upon the number of witnesses called by the prosecution, attorneys for the defendant, will put on the stand in his defense.

The prosecution, conducted by United States District Attorney Summers Burkhardt and Assistant District Attorney H. G. Coors, Jr., had not finished when court adjourned. The prosecution called H. B. Morgan, assistant cashier of the State National Bank of Artesia, to the stand. He testified about the making up of bank reports.

Enfield Said to Have Paid.

Enfield, the defendant, formerly was cashier of the State National, which has ceased. He is charged with making false entries of his personal liability to the bank. He is said, however, to have paid the amount he was accused of being short. However, personal notes not due were not paid by him, it is said.

The length of the Enfield case forced the postponement of the Keen alleged "white slave" case. This case was set for trial yesterday. Frank R. Keen, the defendant, is a rancher whose place is near Silver City.

In the matter of the Woodington & Jernigan bankruptcy an order was issued closing the estate. The firm was of Gallup.

Frank Vellacott of Silver City was admitted to the bar upon motion of Judge E. A. Mann.

County Case Set.

Trial by jury was waived in the case of the Missouri Valley Bridge & Iron Works company vs. the board of commissioners of Bernalillo county. The case was set down for trial by the court December 5.

Nicolas Garcia, who was convicted Tuesday of selling liquor to an Indian, was sentenced by Judge W. H. Pope to serve sixty days in the federal jail at Santa Fe and to pay a fine of \$100 and costs.

The court passed the same sentence on Miguel Chavez, but withheld commitment. Chavez pleaded guilty Wednesday, after withdrawing his previous plea of not guilty. He was charged with introducing liquor on the Jalea Indian reservation. The fact that the government confiscated his team and wagon may have had something to do with the court's leniency toward Chavez.

For Christmas.

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\$3,000 AUCTION Sale of Furniture

Beginning at 2 p. m., Saturday, Nov. 21st, at 114 West Gold Avenue

I will sell at PUBLIC AUCTION, without reserve, the entire stock of THE NEW STATE FURNITURE CO., consisting of a complete line of new and second-hand furniture.

STOVES, RANGES, HEATERS, DRESSERS, CHIFFONERS, BEDS, SPRINGS, MATTRESSES, CHAIRS, ROCKERS, LIBRARY TABLE, CENTER TABLE, DINING TABLES, KITCHEN TABLES, and in fact everything carried in a furniture store, will positively be sold at this sale to the highest bidder for cash.

This is your opportunity to furnish your home at your own price—this stock must be closed out at once.

J. L. GOBER, Auctioneer

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