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You'll Want to Be Able to Say a Year From Now, "I Subscribed"

ALBUQUERQUE MORNING JOURNAL.

THIRTY-SIXTH YEAR
VOL. XXXIV, No. 10.

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1914.

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VIGOROUS CAMPAIGN FOR MONEY TO BUILD \$75,000 Y. M. C. A. STRUCTURE IN ALBUQUERQUE IS NOW ON

POPE AND PUTNEY TELL WHY PEOPLE OF CITY SHOULD GIVE AND 'GIVE UNTIL IT HURTS'

Squads Start Out Early This Morning to Chase Every Nickel to Its Lair and Bring It in for the Cause That Is Nearest to the Heart of Every Loyal Albuquerquean; Enthusiasm at High Pitch as the Thermometer Begins to Rise; Pulpits of City Turned Over to Workers Who Tell of Great Good to Be Accomplished by the Enterprise That Everybody Is Now Engaged in; Banquet Tonight to Be Addressed by Eloquent Orators.

Mr. E. D. Sisk, member of the Y. M. C. A. executive committee, received the following letter from Federal Judge W. A. Pope:

"I have your letter as to the proposed Y. M. C. A. building at Albuquerque. I feel that this is more than a local enterprise. Albuquerque is geographically and commercially the center of the state. Year in and year out the whole of New Mexico visits it. Whatever tends to the moral welfare of your young men aids therefore to a cleaner citizenship for New Mexico, and helps the entire state toward a higher level. I feel that all of us should help you in attaining this \$75,000 building. I accordingly enclose a check. I wish it might be many times as much.

"Sincerely yours,
W. H. POPE.

STATEMENT BY MR. PUTNEY TO THE PUBLIC.

Robert E. Putney, admittedly the leading factor in the Y. M. C. A. campaign in Albuquerque, last night gave out the following signed statement in regard to the situation:

"A Y. M. C. A. building for Albuquerque is an assured fact; but it is necessary that the people of this city should get into their minds the necessity of showing a spirit of sacrifice. The mere giving of a donation to get rid of the committee will not build a Y. M. C. A. building for Albuquerque. Give, and give enough for it to hurt you! A salaried man should give not less than a month's salary. It is payable quarterly over a period of eight months' time; and while it will hurt you a little, it will do more for this city in the way of helping young men and boys, and also as a real estate proposition, than anything that has ever been done in the past.

"Let your slogan as an individual be: 'Give, and give till it hurts.'"

PEOPLE OF ALL CHURCHES INTERESTED IN Y. M. C. A.

That the people of Albuquerque, as a unit, are heart and soul with the Y. M. C. A. movement was demonstrated yesterday at ten church meetings which were well attended and at which the various speakers were given the closest attention and tendered encouragement following the services.

Secretary Bilheimer last evening declared that, taken as a whole, the meetings were the finest demonstration he had ever witnessed of church interest and co-operation. In fact, he was delighted with the entire day's program and its results.

All of the out of town speakers were present to fulfill their engagements with the exception of George H. Kinkaid, president of the Las Vegas Y. M. C. A. His place was taken by M. E. Hickey at the St. John's Episcopal church.

In the forenoon Secretary Bilheimer spoke at the First Presbyterian, Mr. Hickey at St. John's Episcopal, H. B. Durkee, president of the El Paso Y. M. C. A., at the First Methodist, John Milne at the St. Paul's Lutheran, P. H. Le Noir, former secretary of the El Paso Y. M. C. A., at the First Baptist.

Evening services were held at the First Baptist with L. F. Scatterday, secretary of the El Paso Y. M. C. A., as principal speaker; at the Christian church with Mr. Le Noir in charge and at the Central Avenue Methodist with Mr. Bilheimer representing the association.

In the afternoon two meetings were held, one for women only at the First Methodist church, and the other for men only at the First Presbyterian. At the former meeting Mrs. Ada Bilher presided and Mr. Bilheimer addressed the women present, and at the latter Rev. Beckman presided, while Mr. Durkee spoke on the relation of prayer to the success of the Y. M. C. A. campaign.

What It Will Do for the Boy.

Every one of the speakers gave their time to telling what a Y. M. C. A. in Albuquerque will do for the boys of the city, using other cities as examples and citing specific instances by the hundreds where boys have been saved from lives of uselessness by the

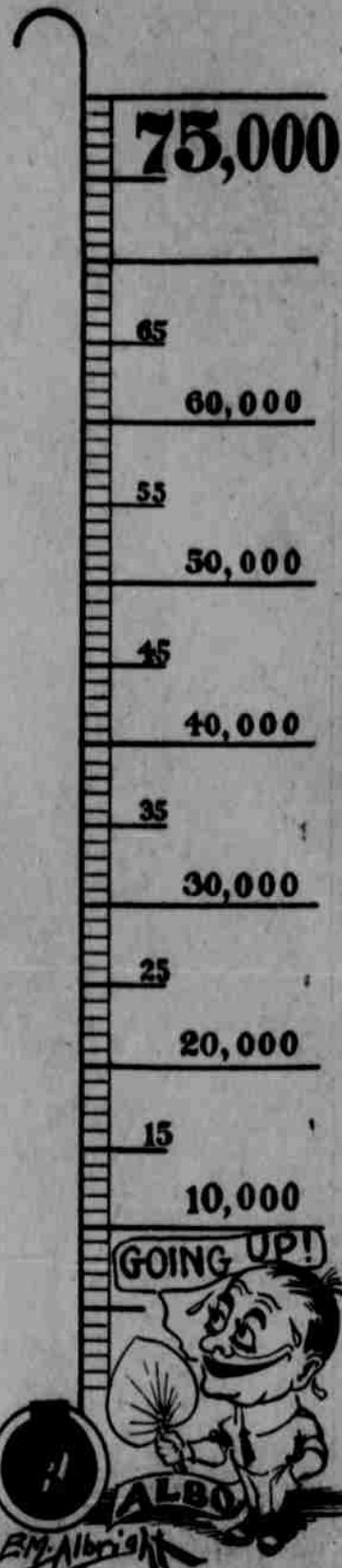
work of some association with which they became connected at the opportune time. The addresses were all illustrated by an abundance of human interest stories and actual happenings which brought forcibly home to the hearers the real need of a Y. M. C. A. in this city, and the results that may be expected from the erection of an association building.

One of the most interesting and vital of these stories was told by Mr. Bilheimer regarding the beginning of the association. An English lad, an Episcopalian, reared in a home of Christian influences, went to London to build his future and seek his happiness. He was engaged by a draper, or what corresponds to our dry goods establishment. In that store, with a large number of employees, he found but two who were not ashamed to be known as Christians. The conditions under which these employees lived appalled the lad and he determined to protect himself and all others whom he could reach with his pleadings for a recognition of Christianity and God. It took him nearly two years to make even a small beginning. His first efforts were met with indifference and ridicule, but at last, on June 6, 1844, he enrolled twelve boys in an organization which they called the Young Men's Christian association and laid the foundation of the magnificent movement which now has 9,000 branches and a total membership of nearly three-quarters of a million.

Coming Close to Home. Mr. Bilheimer brought the results of a Y. M. C. A. training close to the home when he told of having met during the past few days an employee of one of the largest wholesale institutions in this city who secured the education necessary to fit him for his present responsible position in a western Y. M. C. A. night school.

The tragic story of Telluride's Y. M. C. A. marshal was told to show that an association training not only fits a man to live, but also gives him the courage to die as a man should. A big, husky boy entered the Denver Y. M. C. A. one day and witnessed the gymnasium drill. Being a rough-and-ready personality he considered the boys in the association "sissies," and was not backward in expressing his views to that effect. However, he became interested in the work and was won over to a Christian life and to a course of study and improvement. Later he was appointed marshal of Telluride, and was known in that city as the "Y. M. C. A. cop."

On the shooting up of the town oc-



By the means of this thermometer the Journal will inform the public of the progress of the Y. M. C. A. soliciting campaign as the report of the total amount secured each day is checked up. A week from tonight the mercury must break the glass, and when it does the temperature of Albuquerque's enthusiasm will be impossible to register.

At regular intervals, and on one occasion a desperado started out to "get" the Y. M. C. A. marshal. At the same time the marshal started after the desperado. The latter made good his boast and the "Y. M. C. A. cop" died attempting to do his duty, shot through the heart.

A Scotch lad, an employee in the railroad shops, with little opportunity for advancement because of a lack of training, affiliated himself with the Y. M. C. A. in this city, and for three years he spent three nights each week learning mechanical drawing at the association. Five years later found him the master mechanic of the railroad. All that the lad needed was his opportunity, and the Y. M. C. A. offered it to him. Many instances as true as these were cited by Mr. Bilheimer in his talks during the day to show what the association can do for Albuquerque's boys.

Combating Ill-health. From East Las Vegas Mr. Le Noir brought the story of the boy born under the handicap of a predisposition to tuberculosis. Reared in a home where the disease had afflicted two of the members, he was weak and undersized. The Y. M. C. A. and its gymnasium interested him, and the result today that he is a well developed and healthy man.

Mr. Le Noir also told of the miner at Bisbee, Arizona, who became so interested in the physical work of the association that he is today one of its physical directors. The former secretary of the East Las Vegas association recited many instances with which he has come in contact, such as that of a newspaper man, down and out and without a friend, who came to Las Vegas a few years ago, and through the influence of the association gained a new self respect, and as that of the respect of the community, until now he occupies a prominent place in the commercial and social life of the city. That the organization does a good work among the Jews was pointed out by this speaker who elaborated on the part Julius Rosenwald has played in making it possible for the colored men of the south to enjoy the privileges of the organization through the medium of their own buildings.

One of the most important features of the Y. M. C. A. work, that of conferring with parents regarding wayward boys or those difficult of management, was brought out by Mr. Le Noir, who told how the officers of the association in every city are often called upon by parents to assist in leading incorrigibles into new paths.

A Sordid Story.

Another speaker dwelt upon his experience in seeing communities lose prospective residents and citizens because of the shooting up of the town oc-

(Continued on Page Eight.)

CZAR CONTINUES TO DRIVE TROOPS OF KAISER BACK FROM RUSSIA

German Forces Are Defeated at Many Different Points and Are Concentrating on East Prussia for Defense.

AUSTRIANS CRUSHED AND IN FULL RETREAT

In Latest Engagement on San River Emperor Francis Joseph Loses Largely in Killed and Wounded.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Petrograd, Nov. 8.—The following official communication was issued from general headquarters today:

"On the East Prussian frontier our troops have dislodged the Germans from the region of Wirballen, which was strongly fortified, and have progressed as far as Saluponen (sixteen miles east, northeast of Gumbinnen). In the region of Rominten forest and Lyck our troops continued to press on the heels of the rear guards of the enemy.

"On the left bank of the Vistula our cavalry has penetrated German territory, damaging the railway near Plechen station, to the northwest of Kalisz.

"On the roads to Cracow on November 6, we attacked the Austrian rear guards along the Nida river and the new day were operating on the river Nida.

"In Galicia our troops are continuing their offensive movement. In the latest engagements on the San river we captured 125 officers and 12,000 soldiers, as well as rapid fire and munitions of war. South of Przemyśl, on November 6, we took more than a thousand prisoners."

KAISER HOLDS COUNCIL OF WAR WITH GENERALS

London, Nov. 9 (12:25 a. m.)—A dispatch to Reuters' Telegram company from Rome says:

"German advisers received here say that Emperor William, much affected by the Russian victories, has held a council of war which was attended by General von Hindenburg, the Duke of Wurttemberg and the Austrian chief of staff, Field Marshal Baron Conrad von Hotzendorf, to decide on a further plan of campaign."

RUSSIAN TRIUMPH ON SAN RIVER IMPORTANT

London, Nov. 8.—The Rome correspondent of the Weekly Despatch sends the following:

"According to the Russian embassy, the Russians secured 200 guns, six trainloads of supplies and 40,000 rifles from the enemy in a victory on the San river, Galicia. The victors took 30,000 Austrian prisoners. The Russian attack on Przemyśl has been renewed violently."

"On the East Prussian front thousands of bodies of Germans have been burned because the frozen condition of the ground makes burial impossible. As no armistice is granted for the removal of the wounded large numbers of them die of cold during the nights."

"The Germans in retreating destroy every town through which they pass."

GERMANS EXPECT TO SMASH THE RUSSIANS

London, Nov. 8.—"It is asserted in Berlin that German and Austrian Hungary now have concentrated about 3,000,000 soldiers on the line from Thorn to Cracow and this is considered sufficient to crush the Russian forces," says a dispatch from Copenhagen to the Times. The message continues:

"Military authorities declare that the result of the coming battle is not in doubt and that the Russian army will be completely destroyed. They explain that it is necessary to allow the Russians to advance to the frontier in order to prevent them from making a good retreat after their defeat."

"The present retirement of the Germans is necessary, they say, in order to have the railroads immediately behind the army for the approaching main battle."

PEREMPTORY CALL OF BELGIANS TO COLORS

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
London, Nov. 8 (2:55 p. m.)—Another call to the colors has been issued by the Belgian government to all nationals. The summons this time is accompanied by an intimation that those not joining voluntarily may be "commandeered."

"All Belgians under 45 years old, who were previously members of the civil guard, are now allowed to enlist in the regular army and all unmarried Belgians between 18 and 30 not wishing to enlist as volunteers are

informed that they may be commandeered and their services employed in different works for the army."

The Belgian government explains that the object of this order is to get all the able-bodied soldiers back to the front and to induce as many others as possible to join the army, and secondly, to relieve the British public of the burden of "providing for Belgians who ought to be helping in the struggle to dispose the invaders."

BIG CASUALTY LIST PUBLISHED IN BERLIN

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Berlin, Nov. 8 (via The Hague and London).—The German casualty list issued yesterday brought the total number of names contained in last week's report up to about 57,800. Hospital records show that a very large proportion of the wounded have returned to duty. The last casualty list records the killing of three German aviators and the wounding of six others by hostile airplanes. Those who lost their lives were Aviator Bowlen, who was killed at St. Etienne, France, on October 12, and Lieutenants Von Kleys and Menzel, who had been listed as missing since their flight to Amiens on October 5.

GUTIERREZ NOW PRISONER, SAYS GEN. CARRANZA

First Chief Claims Villa Has Captured Provisional President Selected by Aguas Calientes Convention.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
New York, Nov. 8.—Gen. Eulalio Gutierrez, who was elected president of Mexico at the recent Aguas Calientes convention, has been imprisoned by Gen. Francisco Villa, according to a telegram said to have come from Gen. Venustiano Carranza and made public here tonight by the Mexican bureau of information, the same agency that last night announced Gutierrez had repudiated the acts of the convention electing him.

The telegram, according to General Carranza, did not say who the new president had been captured or where he was believed to be incarcerated.

The main reason for the seizure and confinement of Gutierrez, the message said, was that he had refused to be dominated by the demands of the Villa faction. The telegram follows:

"I wish to inform you that General Gutierrez, who repudiated the Aguas Calientes convention and the Villa clique, has been captured by General Villa and imprisoned. The reason for the action was because he failed to live up to the obligations and demands of the Villa people."

"I wish further to inform you that I consider the actions of the convention as a farce and for that reason alone I am forced not to recognize its actions. The convention, which was dominated by Villa interests and reactionary, failed to accomplish the task it set out to do. Instead of working out a set of regulations and rules by which Mexico might attain its normal condition of peace and prosperity, they elected and appointed another provisional president, hoping to be able to nominate him. When they realized that Gutierrez would not follow the dictates of Villa they imprisoned him."

MEXICAN AGREEMENTS FAIL TO CREDIT STATEMENT

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 8.—General Carranza's charge, as given out at New York that General Villa had imprisoned Gen. Eulalio Gutierrez, named provisional president by the Aguas Calientes conference, was not credited today by either Carranza or Villa agents here, who have received no official or local intimation of the report. It previously had been reported without corroboration by British, Japanese and German squadrons. Neither have they reported the presence of Japanese warships.

Tsingtau, in the German concession of Kiao-chow will be formally surrendered to the Japanese and British on November 10.

Vera Cruz, at the behest of the constitutionalists, have signed a petition requesting the American forces to leave the city.

The petition, which was circulated by constitutionalist agents, says the United States is mistaken as to the reluctance of the people to pay duties and taxes a second time and that if the American forces will only depart they willingly will make the second payment.

A few merchants who withheld their signatures from the petition are said to have been threatened with reprisals when the constitutionalists finally recover the port.

The rumors which have been in circulation for several days that the Mexicans were considering attacking the American troops are not given much credence at the headquarters of Brigadier General Frederick Funston. Candido Aguilar, the constitutionalist leader in the vicinity of Vera Cruz, has strengthened his forces. He has several pieces of artillery.

A great many of the merchants in

TIDE OF WAR IS TURNING AGAINST GERMANS BOTH IN EASTERN AND WESTERN THEATERS OF HOSTILITIES

AUSTRIANS AND THEIR ALLY ARE NOW ON THE DEFENSIVE WITH ENEMIES PRESSING THEM HARD

Invasion of East Prussia by Russian Cavalry Force Is Now an Accomplished Fact and Kaiser Loses Ground Along Entire Battle Front in France and Belgium Except at One Point Where Important Position Is Captured From Defenders; Turks Are Attacked at Various Points and Greece Is Likely to Become Involved on Account of the Sinking of a Steamer by Moslems; Bulgaria and Rumania Still Neutral.

Summary of War News of Yesterday

Beyond the fact that the allied French, British and Belgian forces are taking the offensive, little has been made public regarding the operations in Belgium and northern France. The French official communication says that the Germans are particularly active in the region of Ypres, but that they have achieved nothing, and that everywhere else on the Aisne the allies are holding their ground. To the northeast of Soissons, however, the allies have made rather notable progress in gaining the Vreigny plateau, on which they had not previously been able to gain a foothold.

In the eastern field of the war, according to all official reports, the Russians have made decided progress against the Germans and Austrians and Russian cavalry have penetrated German territory. Likewise, the Russians have driven back the rear guards of the Austrian forces along the Nida river in Poland, and in Galicia are carrying out a strong offensive movement which is indicated by the official report that they have captured more than 12,000 soldiers, including 125 officers in recent engagements on the San river.

A newspaper dispatch estimates that about 3,000,000 Austrian and German troops are on the line from Cracow in Galicia, to Thorn, in East Prussia.

Earl Kitchener, the British secretary of state for war, has telegraphed congratulations to Grand Duke Nicholas on the success of the Russian army against the Germans and Austrians. Earl Kitchener predicted that the joint efforts of the allies would result in the final crushing defeat of the enemy.

A cruiser of the Breslau class, formerly owned by Germany and now attached to the Turkish navy, has bombarded the sea port of Peki on the Black sea. Little damage was done and the fire of the Russians drove off the cruiser.

German reports received at Rome say that Emperor William and his generals at an army council have discussed a new plan of campaign.

Advices from Warsaw say that twenty-one persons have been killed there in the past few days by bombs dropped from German aeroplanes.

South American points on the Pacific have received no confirmation of the reports of several days past concerning new encounters between British, Japanese and German squadrons. Neither have they reported the presence of Japanese warships.

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(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
London, Nov. 8 (9:55 p. m.)—The German and Austrian armies are now on the defensive both in the east and the west. They have, at least for the present, given up their efforts to break through the allied lines around Ypres, in Belgium, where the British and French have taken the offensive and, according to the reports from French headquarters, have commenced to advance, and in the east they have fallen back to and over their own frontiers in east Prussia, and in Poland, have crossed the border while the Russian cavalry has penetrated Silesia to the north of Kalisz and cut the German railway.

The Russians also are following up their advantage in Galicia, and, it is said, have succeeded in cutting the retreating Austrians off from Cracow and the German army is retiring through Poland.

In fact, at only one point on the two battle fronts do the Germans claim success. That is to the west of the Argonne region, where the German emperor's forces have succeeded in taking from the French an important height near Vienne-le-Chateau.

Elsewhere the French troops have made progress and retaken the positions which they had lost during the course of the week. This is notably so in the Aisne valley around Soissons, where they have regained the ground which the Germans by fierce assaults had taken from them.

Belgian Progress Reported.

The Belgians who are holding the line reaching to the coast, have also made progress and it would thus seem that the Germans are still waiting for additional reinforcements before renewing their attempt to smash through to the French seaports.

The fighting today was carried on in a fog which interfered with the work of the airmen and likewise with the artillery.

While the reports of the allies' offensive in the west have given hope in London that the Germans will fall back to a line further removed from the sea, all uneasiness has not passed, for they have previously shown wonderful recuperative powers. The presence of the Russians in East Prussia and Silesia, however, although the latter are only cavalry, it is believed here, will prevent the Germans from sending any more troops to the west, if it does not compel them to withdraw some of their troops from that front.

Russian Roads Hardening.

The roads in Russia are hardening with frost and armies can now be moved more quickly, although the Russians do not possess the strategic railways that the Germans do. Silesia, too, with better going for the horses, offers an excellent field for the use of cavalry, in which Russia has proved herself to be superior, both in numbers and efficiency, to the other nations at war. The Comanches are regaining the reputation which they lost in Manchuria and the raid they have already made into Silesia, it is expected, will be repeated many times.

The Austrians have apparently sent stronger forces against Serbia, and have driven the Serbs out of Slavonia. Or what is going on in Bosnia, which the Serbians and Montenegrins invaded almost to the capital, Sarajevo, nothing has been disclosed for weeks but the operations against their northern border must have had an effect on the Serbian plans in Bosnia.

Attacks on the Turks.

Nothing of first class moment has occurred up to the present in the near east but Turkey is being attacked in isolated spots by the Russians and British and the Turks are apparently coming very close to war with Greece, the situation having been aggravated by the sinking of a Greek steamer by the Turks and the threatening of Greeks in Asia Minor. Neither Bulgaria nor Rumania has made any move as yet.

The Union defense forces continue to round up the rebels in South Africa. Those in the northern part of Cape Province, which have been a worry to the government, have been completely routed while those in

WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, Nov. 8.—New Mexico: Fair Monday and Tuesday.

Traheval, where another 400 have been captured, are scattering. In Orange Free State, however, several small commands are showing activity and have been looting towns and damaging railways.

GERMANY PROPOSES TO TAKE REVENGE ON JAPS

Amsterdam, Nov. 8 (via London, 9:18 p. m.)—The Berlin Lokal Anzeiger commenting on the German defeat at Tsing-tau says:

"Germans will never forget the hero fighting at Kiao-chow and those who defended the colony. Never shall we forget the brutal violence of the yellow rabble set on England, who, as it is said, they know that we cannot settle our account with Japan at present, for years she will enjoy her booty. Our allies will grind slowly, but even it years should pass before the right moment comes at last, then a shout of joy will resound through Germany. We to you, Nippon!"

FRANCE REPORTS ONLY SUCCESSFUL ENGAGEMENTS

Paris, Nov. 8 (12:50 p. m.)—The Sunday afternoon French official war statement said:

"Yesterday, between the North sea and the Vos, the fighting was less violent. Some attacks, not general, of the enemy were repulsed in the direction of Ypres. On almost all of this front we, in turn, took the offensive and advanced notably in the region of the north of Messines."

"In the neighborhood of Arras, the British troops progressed slightly. Between La Bassée and Arras the attacks of the enemy were repulsed."

"From Arras to Soissons nothing worthy of note took place."

"Around Soissons our forces made a marked advance. In the region of Valenciennes and on the right bank of the Aisne, we strengthened our position to the north of Charonne and Souilly. A German attack on Craonne and Ruettisbeque was repulsed."

"In the neighborhood of Verdun to the northwest and southeast of the place we are establishing the supporting positions recently gained."

"A dense fog prevailed all day, in the north as well as in Champagne and Lorraine, hampering the action of the artillery and the aviation corps."

GERMANS REPORT GAINS AT IMPORTANT POINTS

Berlin, Nov. 8 (via London, 5:40 p. m.)—The following communication from German general headquarters was issued today:

"Our attacks near Ypres and west of Lille continued yesterday (Saturday)."

"An important elevation near Vinne-le-Chateau on the west side of Arras, which has been the object of fighting for weeks past, was taken. Two large guns and two quick-firers were captured."

"For the rest, the foggy day passed calmly on the western theater of the war."

"On the east nothing new has transpired."

AUSTRIANS CLAIM DEFEAT OF STRONG SERB FORCE

Vienna, Nov. 8 (via Amsterdam and London, 5:30 p. m.)—The following official statement was issued today:

"In the southwestern war theater the battle on the whole front yesterday continued with undiminished force. In spite of the obstinate resistance of the enemy, entrenchment after entrenchment near Krupani was taken, until 5 o'clock this morning one of the strongest points, Kostajnik, which the Serbians believed unassailable, was stormed by our troops. The number of prisoners and captured guns is not known."

TURKISH GENERAL STATE REPORTS OPERATIONS

Constantinople, Nov. 8 (by way of London, 5:30 p. m.)—The Turkish general staff reports the following:

"A Turkish motorboat cruising in the el-Arab encountered a British gunboat, with which it exchanged shots, causing an explosion on the Turkish boat. The Turkish shells set fire to a petroleum tank at Aba-Tah. The Turkish boat returned to Basra undamaged."

BELGIAN GOVERNMENT REPORTS SUCCESSSES

Paris, Nov. 8 (5:40 p. m.)—The situation in the western theater of the war is described in a statement issued by the Belgian government at Haere and received here today as follows:

"The head of the bridge over the Yser at Nieupoort has been reconquered by the allies following an offensive movement by them. The enemy holds the front on Lombardtje to the southeast of Nieupoort. Our reinforcements toward the Yser were met by rifle shots."

"The Germans again occupy St. Georges and Denteren. These points are now being bombarded by our heavy artillery."

"Stuyvenkerke has been evacuated. It is filled with the corpses of Germans. Diksmuide has been violently bombarded. A very strong attack directed against this place was successfully repulsed."

"In the region of Ypres, the enemy directed violent attacks upon Bixchoete and to the west of Wytschaete. They have all been driven back by counter-offensives of the allies."

FIRM RESISTANCE BY ALLIES IS POLICY NOW

Paris, Nov. 8 (Sunday morning).—At the end of two weeks of continuous fighting the allies' line from the sea to the Aisne remains firm in the face of the German attack. The allies even appear to have succeeded in advancing their positions slightly."

"The situation, however, to all intents and purposes, remains unchanged. Conservative military writers, such as General Bernhardi, concur in declaring that Germany will renew their efforts with all their energy and with means at their disposal, for along that line lies the key to the situation. The Germans still hold three points on the Yser as a guard against flanking attacks on the right coming by way of the narrow region of mud-

QUIET PREVAILS IN ARKANSAS AT COAL MINE CAMP

Federal Troops, Called to Enforce Orders of United States Court, Meet With No Resistance From Strikers

THE MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE

Prater Creek, Ark., Nov. 8.—Camp Lindley M. Garrison, as the soldiers' quarters here have been designated, was the scene for the inhabitants of Hartford Valley today. Hundreds poured into Prater Creek throughout the day.

There has been no clash between the miners and the soldiers. Scores of miners congregated at Hartford last night and it was feared some trouble might develop but the night passed peacefully.

Hartford Valley's troubles date back to March last, when the company, on March 25, posted a notice in its mine No. 4, the only one operated at that time, ordering the men to "clean up and remove their tools."

The mine remained closed until April 3, when the miners were notified they could return to work on the "open shop" plan. At the same time the Bache-Denham company, together with other members of the Southwestern Coal Operators' association, had a new agreement with the miners which did not expire until July 31.

It never has been explained by the Bache-Denham company why they abrogated this agreement with the miners. This violation of contract forms practically the only grievance the miners hold against the company.

Hartford Valley is strongly union in sentiment and when efforts were made to operate No. 4 with non-union labor, war was declared on the company. April 6, a great mass meeting of miners was held at the school house at Prater Creek, after which a thousand or more miners marched to No. 4 mine, attacked guards which had been placed about the property, drew out the fires under the boilers and raised an American flag.

Shortly after this outbreak a temporary injunction restraining the miners from interfering with the operation of the mine was issued by United States Judge Timberlake at Little Rock.

In the absence of Judge Frank Williams at Fort Smith, this action was taken in the federal court because of the fact that the mine was controlled by the Mammoth Vein Coal Mining company, a West Virginia corporation.

The injunction was made permanent by Judge Williams at Fort Smith, May 15. A few days later Deputy United States marshals were stationed at the mine on instructions from Attorney General McKeen.

These were withdrawn June 5, on orders from Washington.

It was at this stage that the Bache-Denham company was placed under the protection of the government through receivership proceedings. Franklin Bache, the president, being named receiver.

The biggest outbreak in the fight between the miners and the company developed on July 17, when a real battle was staged at Mine No. 4, between the union miners on the one hand and the guards and non-union miners employed by the company on the other.

Thousands of shots were exchanged. It was in this battle that James Ryelberry and John Baskin, non-union men, are alleged to have been killed and their bodies burned in a cabin on the hill near the mine. At the same time Mines No. 4 and No. 3, nearby, were dynamited and the surface workings burned.

Following this other properties of the same company in the valley have been destroyed, the losses, according to the company's figures, amounting to more than \$427,000. These acts of violence in the face of federal court orders, and the inability of the United States marshal's force to serve the usual legal processes, resulted in the government sending troops into the district.

dunes under cover of British monitors. They also continue to hold roads but have retired three miles south of Dixmude and several forces continue to be directed towards Ypres. That city, which is being bombarded from a distance of eight miles, hardly has a street intact. Two shells struck the famous Thirteenth Century Cloth hall, doing much damage to that edifice.

French military opinion holds that the allies' proper policy now is to oppose a firm and patient resistance to the enemy, however distasteful this may be to the French and the British troops, to enable the Russians to reap the full benefits of their victory in Galicia.

GENERAL BATTLE HAS RAGED FOR THREE DAYS

PARIS, Nov. 9 (12:45 a. m.)—A general battle has been proceeding along the whole front from the sea to the Vosges mountains for the past three days without the Germans having been able to find a weak spot in the French defenses.

However, it still is in Flanders that interest in the formidable and seemingly interminable battle centers. The Germans are concentrating there all the men they can get and mercilessly are hurling them against the allies' lines. Never has this method been directed with as much tenacity and fury as now.

The attacks on the line from Ypres to the Vos are more violent even than those directed against the coast roads and the passages of the Yser. It is the British who bear the brunt of these onslaughts. In many places their lines have become so thin, says an officer who has been in that region during the past fortnight, that only by showing obstinate courage of the traditions of Waterloo are they able to hold their ground.

ANOTHER APPEAL TO AMERICANS FOR ASSISTANCE FOR BELGIANS

Money Contributions or Non-perishable Foodstuffs Accepted by Committee for Relief Work.

SUPPLIES TRANSPORTED FREE BY ROCKEFELLER

Feasibility of Bringing People of Stricken Country as Colonists to United States Considered.

THE MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE

New York, Nov. 8.—An appeal to the American people for food and money to relieve the distress of Belgians who are homeless and starving is a result of the war, was issued tonight by the Belgian relief committee in New York which, in co-operation with the Rockefeller foundation, has arranged to send food direct to Belgium as rapidly as full cargoes can be collected. Large quantities of food must be imported from America in order to meet the absolute necessities of the famine-stricken non-combatants, according to advice from the American committee in London.

In order to avoid competition in the purchase of supplies and the consequent increase in prices, the relief committee urges that chambers of commerce, boards of trade, women's clubs and other organizations throughout the United States send money contributions or non-perishable foodstuffs to the Belgian relief committee here.

Supplies Carried Free.

After the receipt of shipments of food the Rockefeller foundation will take charge of the ocean transportation. In addition to the relief measures initiated by itself, the foundation has arranged to provide a steamship pier, to charter ships and to convey free of all charge from New York to Belgium all supplies contributed by the American public. The foundation is now negotiating to obtain another large neutral ship to follow the Massachusetts, which sailed for Rotterdam last Tuesday with a \$300,000 cargo of food. The American committee in London, of which Ambassador Bage is chairman, has provided for distribution stations in Belgium under the immediate supervision of the American consuls in the afflicted districts.

No Perishables Accepted.

Perishable goods, such as potatoes, apples and other fresh vegetables and fruits cannot be accepted, as all shipments must stand the railroad journey to New York, transfer here and a long sea voyage. Wheat, flour, rice, beans, canned goods, cured, or salted meats and coffee are the supplies most desired by the committee.

This method of extending relief, the committee points out, is by no means intended to interfere with the freedom of any person or organization to render aid in any way which seems advisable but rather to provide efficient transportation and distribution facilities which may be freely utilized by all who desire to avail themselves of such co-operation.

War Relief Committee.

The war relief committee to be sent to Europe by the Rockefeller foundation to determine the best means of relieving needy non-combatants in all the warring countries will sail for Liverpool next Wednesday on the steamship Lapland. From Liverpool the commission will go to Birmingham. The members of the commission will be Wyckoff Rose, chairman, director general of the International Health Commission; Henry James, Jr., manager of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research; and Ernest P. Bicknell, national director of the Red Cross.

Asked whether this commission would investigate the feasibility of establishing Belgian colonies on farm lands in the United States, Jerome D. Greene, secretary of the Rockefeller foundation, said tonight that the commission would investigate all sides of the relief problem and thus it might touch incidentally upon this phase. He emphasized the point, however, that any consideration of the colonization idea would be merely incidental and states most of the Belgian refugees intend to return as soon as possible to their own country.

STATEMENT OF SUPPLIES FURNISHED TO BELGIUM

London, Nov. 8 (2:05 p. m.)—The second week's report of the American commission for relief in Belgium shows that the commission in a fortnight has delivered to Belgian relief stations 2,282 tons of cereal foodstuffs. Additional supplies "in hand" are:

In Holland being forwarded, 2,620 tons, en route from England, 1,472; en route on the Atlantic, 6,100; loading in various ports, 10,000. Also the commission has in course of collection eight cargoes estimated at 22,000 tons.

By November 13, the commission will have delivered into Belgium about 17,000 tons of foodstuffs and during the last half of the month, with the supplies now arranged, will deliver about 12,000 tons. The commission, therefore, is about 29,000 tons short for November.

The requirements from the first of November will be about 20,000 tons monthly and the commission has assurances of 23,000 tons for delivery during December and January.

The cargoes on the Atlantic are

MAKE GREAT PREPARATIONS FOR NATIONAL SUFFRAGE CONVENTION



Women all over the United States are getting ready to attend the forty-sixth annual national suffrage convention in Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 12-17.

Southern women such as Mrs. Desha Breckenridge, granddaughter of Henry Clay and president of the Kentucky Suffrage Association; Mrs. Pattie Ruffner Jacobs, of Alabama; Miss Kate Gordon and Miss Jean Gordon of New York, are planning a parade through the streets during convention week. The Nashville Chamber of Commerce and the Business Men's Association are to entertain the guests. Teas, luncheons, receptions, dinners, and an old-fashioned barbeque at the home of Andrew Jackson are planned.

No convention, male or female would be complete without bones of contention and this convention meets the requirement with two bones. The first is the question of state rights versus a federal amendment. Shall each state decide the question for itself or shall an amendment to the constitution of the United States give all women the right to vote? It's an interesting point, as anyone can see, and the divergent attitude of northerners and southerners on state's rights is well known. The second bone concerns the Bristow-Mondell amendment, both before congress. The Bristow-Mondell amendment provides a straight woman suffrage clause while the Shafer amendment is considered by some a short cut to suffrage since it would have the question submitted to the voters in each state by initiative petition.

W. B. Hooper, governor of Tennessee; Hillary Howe, mayor of Nashville; Mrs. Crozier French, president of the Tennessee Suffrage Association, and Mrs. Guilford Dudley, president of the Nashville Suffrage Association, will welcome the convention. Dr. Anna Howard Shaw will make her annual address on Thursday evening and among other prominent speakers will be Jane Addams, Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, Miss Zona Gale who will read a new Friendship Village story with

a suffrage moral; Mrs. Rosika Schwimmer of Budapest, Mrs. Desha Breckenridge and Mrs. Medill McCormick.

When Suffragists began to hold their "woman's rights" meetings, it was not thought proper that a woman should make a speech before a public audience. What would these early workers say if they could be present Monday evening at the convention in Nashville and see the new moving picture play by which their followers mean to bring the question of suffrage before the people of the country? "Your Girl and Mine" is the title of this drama which the critics declare is one of the excitements of the year. There are no k. k. winded suffrage arguments in the scenario, but it is full of dash and action and Miss Olive Wyndham, Miss Katherine Kaelred, leading lady in "Jo-ann and His Brothers," Sydney Catt, Mrs. Zona Gale who will read a new Friendship Village story with

made up of gifts from the people of Nevada and the Rockefeller foundation. Among the cargoes assured are those from California and Iowa and the city of Ottawa. A committee movement has been inaugurated to obtain the co-operation of all women's organizations in American under the title of the Women's Section of the American committee for relief work in Belgium.

The executive committee consists of Mrs. Lindon W. Bates, Mrs. Edward R. Hewitt, Mrs. August Belmont, Mrs. William R. Vanderbilt, Mrs. H. C. Hoover, Mrs. Anne Morgan and Miss Mary Parsons.

The committee has received financial backing on this side which enables it to pay the transportation charges on foodstuffs from any part of the world until they reach the hands of the Belgians so, it is stated, every ounce given by Americans will reach its destination without any shrinkage in the original value of the gift through transportation or organization expenses.

Every city there are lantern processions and movement nightly. Every home supports a flag.

In Tokio cheering crowds surrounded the high officers of the army and navy and the diplomatic representatives of the allies. The popularity of the Anglo-Japanese alliance is shown by the recognition everywhere of Great Britain's share in the victory. Imperial edicts congratulate the British as well as the Japanese warriors.

The admirals of Great Britain and Japan have exchanged felicitations and the municipality of Tokio cabled congratulations and thanks to King George.

It is stated that the combatants who were not captured during the final assaults upon Tsing-tau will be surrendered formally on November 10.

Every steamer in the harbor of Kiao-chow was sunk and navigation has been made perilous by the mines. It is understood that the terms of surrender were practically unconditional.

Among the rumors such as are always set afloat at a time like this is one that Governor Meyer-Waldeck of Kiao-chow was mortally wounded and committed suicide. This gained some credence despite the fact that it was officially announced that the German governor conducted the negotiations for the surrender of the town.

It is also reported that the garrison of the coast ports fought up to the last minute and then tried to escape by a train, firing their small arms as they fled. Many, it is said, escaped across the bay in junks and are now being pursued.

GERMAN WARSHIP IS INTERRED AT HONOLULU

Honolulu, T. H., Nov. 8.—The German warship Geier, which has been undergoing repairs to her machinery for several weeks, and the North German Lloyd's steel schooner Locks, which arrived here recently and was interned under the rolling that

JAPAN REJOICES OVER DOWNFALL OF TSING-TAU

Torchlight Processions and Display of Flags Mark Celebration of Ousting of Germans From Asia.

THE MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE

TOKIO, Nov. 9 (3:20 p. m.)—Japan is still celebrating the fall of Tsing-tau. Extraordinary enthusiasm manifested throughout the empire. In every city there are lantern processions and movement nightly. Every home supports a flag.

In Tokio cheering crowds surrounded the high officers of the army and navy and the diplomatic representatives of the allies. The popularity of the Anglo-Japanese alliance is shown by the recognition everywhere of Great Britain's share in the victory. Imperial edicts congratulate the British as well as the Japanese warriors.

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GERMAN WARSHIP IS INTERRED AT HONOLULU

Honolulu, T. H., Nov. 8.—The German warship Geier, which has been undergoing repairs to her machinery for several weeks, and the North German Lloyd's steel schooner Locks, which arrived here recently and was interned under the rolling that

the vessel was a naval tender, were placed today under a guard of United States troops and will be held here until the cessation of hostilities under instructions received from Washington.

The Japanese battleship Hizen and cruiser Amatsi will be standing guard outside the three-mile limit, awaiting the decision. They sailed yesterday from the collar harbor.

The naval authorities at Pearl Harbor are holding prisoner the reporter for a Japanese newspaper, who, on November 2, was caught disguised as a fisherman while attempting to reach the Hizen in a sampun, instructions from Washington are awaited in his case.

EMPEROR AND EMPRESS CONGRATULATE ARMIES

TOKIO, Nov. 9 (4:20 a. m.)—Emperor Yoshihito and Empress Sadako have sent messages of appreciation to the forces of the allies that participated in the operations resulting in the fall of Tsing-tau, the seat of government of Kiao-chow, the German leased possession in China.

To the Japanese, his majesty expressed gratitude for the "faithful discharge of their duties by the officers and men of the army and navy."

The following was sent by the emperor to the British forces:

"The emperor deeply appreciates the brilliant deeds of the British army and navy which, co-operating with the Japanese, fought bravely and achieved the object of the war."

The empress expressed similar sentiments in two messages.

The formalities of the surrender of Tsing-tau are described in an official statement issued this afternoon as follows:

"The German and Japanese on the evening of November 7 concluded the negotiations for the surrender of Tsing-tau. Our terms were accepted in their entirety. Another meeting will be held at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. On November 10, the forts and equipment will be turned over to us."

"Our casualties on the night of November 8 and on the following morning (when Tsing-tau surrendered) were fourteen officers wounded and 424 killed or wounded. We took 2,500 prisoners in the battle."

Visitors to Museum.

Santa Fe, Nov. 8.—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Egan of Wilkes-Barre, Pa., registered at the Museum of New Mexico today, as did: Superintendent C. H. Bristol and Superintendent of Motive Power J. R. Saxton, of La Junta, Colo.; C. S. Fischer, of Danville, Ill.; and P. J. Wyett, of Champaign, Ill.

No matter what you want it will give you time and money if you use the Journal's want columns.

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principal characters. The play comes out under the joint auspices of Mrs. Medill McCormick and William N. Self.

James Lee Laidlaw, president of the Men's League for Woman Suffrage will have charge of "Voter's Evening."

At present, the Congressional Union is causing much agitation within and without suffrage ranks because of the campaign which it is waging against the Democratic party. The National Association, however, does not favor the policy of the Union. But the spirit of the forty-sixth annual convention of suffragists, representing women from all over the country, will be essentially one of mutual sympathy and helpfulness.

The Union was a child of last year's Congressional Committee of the National Association, but it proved so unruly and so obstreperous an organization under the leadership of Miss Alice Paul and Miss Lucy Burns, that the National Association refused to admit it to membership, and appointed Mrs. Medill McCormick chairman of this year's Congressional Committee, thus antagonizing the Union which wished Miss Alice Paul re-appointed.

Economic conditions adjust themselves under most any kind of human action in the long run. The order of things is bound to equalize in some form of a natural balance. A class of men who do not seek to advance special interests or who do not seek to monopolize the business of the world, and who are level-headed, honest, unprejudiced on any racial, political or economic question, familiar with the fundamental principles of business and industry and are willing to work for favors toward none and a square deal for all.

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Attacks of Indigestion

"I believe Chamberlain's Tablets have saved my life, writes Mrs. Maggie Coll, Golden City, Mo. 'I had pains in my stomach so bad I thought I could not live. Our doctor said it was congestion of the stomach. I would go to bed perfectly well and wake up in the night as if I had been hit. I could not live. Our doctor said it would do no good to give medicine internally. He had to inject medicine in my arm. Since taking Chamberlain's Tablets I can eat anything I want without hurting me.' This form of indigestion is extremely painful and often dangerous. By taking Chamberlain's Tablets after eating, and especially when you have indigestion in the stomach after eating, the disease may be warded off and avoided. Chamberlain's Tablets not only aid digestion, but strengthen and invigorate the stomach."

All the cheering refreshment that tea ever brought to womankind is blended in

Ridgways Tea

Results from Journal want ads.

What's New in New Mexico

MANY PRECINCTS FAILED TO VOTE ON AMENDMENTS

Canvass of Returns Developing Some Odd Angles to Recent Election Held in New Mexico.

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Santa Fe, Nov. 8.—Quite a number of precincts, so it is learned from the state canvassing board, failed to cast any ballots for or against the constitutional amendments. Several returns came in without the name or number of the precinct on the poll book and the board is at sea as to what precinct to credit the vote.

It is also found that the vote cast is not much greater than that in the election of two years ago, and politicians therefore hail with delight the passage of the amendment to the constitution which provides for a state and county election every two years, for it seems that it is only when county officers are at stake that the majority of voters come out. The republicans deem this especially desirable, for they maintain that with a complete vote, New Mexico is firmly republican.

Second Only to San Miguel.

With three precincts, those of Canjilon, Gallina and El Vado still to be tabulated, Rio Arriba county gave Hernandez for congress 1,969 votes, Ferguson 721 and Wilson 22, a plurality of 1,248 votes. The three missing precincts two years ago cast 123 votes, giving Jaffa 53 plurality, so that it is certain that the Hernandez plurality will exceed 1,300.

Williams ran more than a thousand votes behind this, for, the canvass, with the three precincts missing gives him 1,388 votes, Hill 1,244, and McTeer 24 votes, a plurality for Hill of 144. There is not a single socialist in the county, which cast more than 2,859 votes as against 2,621 votes cast two years ago.

Sandoval Back to G. O. P.

Sandoval county, with the precincts of Gonzales, Cuba, La Jara and Pena Blanca, which two years ago cast 289 votes, missing, gives Hernandez 446 votes, Ferguson 94 and Wilson 204. This means a plurality of at least 400 for Hernandez over Ferguson. For Williams these same precincts cast 495 ballots, Hill 55 and McTeer 354.

Santa Fe county cast 59 votes more than two years ago, Hernandez getting 1,723 votes as against 1,436 for Nathan Jaffa; Ferguson, 911 as against 1,000 two years ago; Wilson, 159 as 215 for Marcos C. de Baca, and Metcalf 12 as against 58 for Eggen two years ago.

Democrats Gain in Bernalillo.

Bernalillo county cast 4,240 votes as against 3,744 two years ago. Hernandez receiving 2,435 as against 857 for Jaffa; Ferguson, 1,722 as against 1,644 two years ago; Wilson, 12 as against 1,112 for Marcos C. de Baca, and Metcalf 71 as against 150 for Eggen.

San Miguel county cast 4,250 votes as against 4,379 two years ago. Hernandez getting 2,898 as against 2,462 for Jaffa; Ferguson, 1,317 as against 1,747 two years ago; Wilson, 61 as against 147 for Marcos C. de Baca, and Metcalf 29 as against 23 for Eggen.

Old-timer Dies of Pneumonia.

Santa Fe, Nov. 8.—Mrs. Refugio M. de Froehlich, an old-timer in the mining camp of Elksbethtown, Colfax county, succumbed to an attack of pneumonia. Besides the husband, four brothers, two sisters and five daughters, Mrs. Refugio de Froehlich, Mrs. Amelia de Harburger, Mrs. Eliza Kaiser, Mrs. Jennie Trujillo and the Misses Teresa and Laura Froehlich, survive.

Powerful Temperance Address.

Santa Fe, Nov. 8.—Judge W. D. Hawk, a distinguished jurist and Sunday school worker of Chicago, who is one of the leading attorneys with former Secretary of the Interior James A. Garfield, in the Las Palomas land case coming up tomorrow in federal court, this forenoon made a powerful address on the day's temperance lesson to the Stephen's Bible class in the First Presbyterian church.

Another Hunting Accident.

Santa Fe, Nov. 8.—Robert McCall, of Lordsburg, returning from a hunting trip, carelessly threw his gun into a corner. It exploded and the bullet pierced the fleshy part of one of his legs.

FORMER SANTA FE ROAD SUPERINTENDENT DIES

(TRY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Denver, Nov. 8.—Charles Dyer, vice president of the National Dump Car company of Chicago, at one time general superintendent of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway, with headquarters at Las Vegas, N. M., and later general superintendent of the Colorado & Southern railroad, died at his home here today of cancer.

Mr. Dyer, who leaves a wife, one son, two grandchildren and five great grandchildren, was born at Springfield, Vt., served in a Vermont regiment as a drummer boy during the Civil war and began railroad work as an operator on the Boston & Albany railroad of Massachusetts. Later he joined the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway as an operator at Emporia, Kan., and became one of the pioneers of the New Mexican construction of the road.

Upon leaving the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe he became general superintendent of the Colorado & Southern railroad, a position he resigned to become an executive of the National Dump Car company.

TAXATION BILLS ARE BEING PREPARED FOR NEXT LEGISLATURE

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Santa Fe, Nov. 8.—Already three bills for a complete taxation and assessment code are being prepared. One of them embodies most of the features of the old territorial law and provides that the \$200 exemption must be deducted from the final net tax returns and not as at present from the gross returns.

Another bill provides for a tax commission with powers much more comprehensive than those possessed by the state board of equalization. It provides for state appraisers who are to check up the assessors in each county.

A third bill will seek to include the main features of the California and Pennsylvania taxation systems, which would mean home rule to counties and municipalities in assessment and taxation matters and will provide for state revenues from other sources than taxing the real estate and personal property of individuals and business firms.

Lumina Postpones Expedition.
Santa Fe, Nov. 8.—Charles F. Lumina, the Los Angeles author, former Santa Fean, has postponed the sailing of his proposed expedition to the islands of the Pacific and the prehistoric cities of Peru and Guatemala until December 15. In place of the 150-ton steamer Columbia, he has chartered the 1,300-ton passenger steamer A. W. Perry. More than 100 scientists and authors will accompany the expedition which is one of the most unique in the history of navigation and science. Motion picture machines and automobiles will be taken along. The first visit will be on the Maya ruins at Quilicua, where the School of American Archaeology at Santa Fe has been working the past four years.

BAD TREATMENT OF RECRUITS IN ENGLAND ALLEGED

Inefficiency, Shown in Handling Training Camps, Recalls the Spanish-American War Scandals of This Country.

(Associated Press Correspondence.)
London, Oct. 29.—Charges that men and boys in England's training camps are not receiving humane treatment and that many deaths are resulting from bad feeding and poor shelter are causing great indignation. The complaints recall charges of criminal neglect that were made against military authorities responsible for conditions at mobilization centers in the United States during the Spanish-American war.

Some of the charges against the British war office have been put into specific form. A letter written by E. H. Bailey of Leamington Spa, whose son enlisted from Oxford on September 19 and died from pneumonia on the training grounds on Salisbury plains, has been made public. From it is taken the following story:

"We, of course, are stiff and suffer from bad feet, but we should not mind these discomforts if they would only feed us properly. Today the food was slightly better, but it was not cooked. None of us has had a square meal since we left home, or a cup of tea. What they call tea is colored water doled with salt. The clothes they have given us are rotten and tear at the slightest strain. All the buttons hang on by a thread or two. This afternoon about 100 of the 400 that were drilling had their trousers split from end to end."

The following day he wrote on a postcard:

"Am still living, feeling damp at night; no board floors in the tents yet."

The last letter, on October 5, stated: "Regarding the food problem, the same thing has happened again. The camp grumble, and so would anyone if they had five hours' drill and no food. I hope to come home for Christmas, but please have plenty of food."

No further letters came, but on October 10 Mr. Bailey received word to visit his son in a military hospital at Bristol. He was fortunate enough to arrive some hours before death occurred. The boy was full of gratitude for the kindness of the hospital staff, but bitterly condemned the lack of preparation for the men, the damp tents and scanty and badly cooked food supply.

This is but one of a number of deaths in the training camps, and the proper clothing and housing of the men is proceeding all too slowly, according to critics, in view of the coming of winter.

FRIENDS OF RODRIGUEZ WANT INQUIRY MADE

(TRY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Washington, Nov. 8.—Friends here of Augustin Rodriguez, who was one of the three Mexican delegates to the Niagara Falls mediation conference last summer, and who, according to reports from Mexico City, has been thrown into prison there, are preparing to lay the matter before the state department, with the request that this government interfere in his behalf. The charge against him is not known here.

Senor Rodriguez, who is more than 72 years old, won many friends in this country at the time of the peace conference. Although cheerfully amiable, he was bent and feeble and frequently needed assistance as he went about. He was almost blind, and while at Niagara Falls had one of his colleagues or some other official of the conference read to him.

Many landlords and tenants first met through the want columns of the Journal.

SANTA FE WILL TRY HARD TO GET 1915 CONVENTION

Delegates From Capital City Are Organizing to Pull Big Annual Teachers' Meeting Away From Albuquerque.

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Santa Fe, Nov. 8.—The Santa Fe delegation to the educational convention at Albuquerque this month will make every effort to land the convention for the capital next year. Last year Santa Fe threw its strength to Las Vegas with the understanding that the Meadow City contingent and its friends will help Santa Fe to get in condition. In return for this help Santa Fe will also vote for Dr. Frank H. H. Roberts for next year's president of the educational convention. It is argued that because of the expositions next year the attendance is likely to be very small, so that Santa Fe will be able to take care of the convention without trouble.

However, advocates are being found of a plan to hold no convention or teachers' institutes next year, but to use the thousands of dollars spent annually for those purposes to pay the fare of all those teachers who desire to go to the Panama-California exposition and to hold an educational meeting on Thanksgiving day in the New Mexico building there. In favor of this plan, it is argued that a visit to the exposition will be of greater benefit to the teachers than either institute or convention of the educational association in New Mexico. The round trip fare on special trains chartered for that purpose would not be greater than school authorities in Chaves or Eddy counties would pay for their teachers coming to Albuquerque or Santa Fe, and the total spent for county institutes and educational convention would give every teacher who desired it a free trip to San Diego.

MINES AND MINING

Grant County.

Clark's Peak camp, near Pinos Altos, is experiencing a revival of mining activities. R. F. Clark is pushing work on the City View tunnel, four and a half miles north of Silver City. W. H. White and Clark have a shaft forty feet deep and another one down thirty feet on the Gentle. Both show a good ore body. Four shipments have been made from the Nuggett and another shipment will follow this week.

Laney McDonald and associates are working in the Hanover district for the United States geological survey and expect to complete soon the Santa Rita special map. The Empire Zinc company is making considerable progress on the improvements it inaugurated.

The Eighty-Five and Bonney, in the Virginia district, are shipping to the smelter at Douglas, Ariz., from Lordsburg.

The Silver Hill mine at Pinos Altos is being worked in its lower levels by the Frantom brothers and W. H. Templeman. It ships silver and zinc ore. The work is being done on a sub-lease from J. W. Bates. The lower tunnel is in 250 feet and the second and third tunnels 400 and 500 feet respectively. J. T. Janes has struck a chute of good grade ore carrying copper and silver on the Hardacre at Pinos Altos. A thirty-horsepower steam boiler is lifting ore and waste from the incline shaft. The ore averages 30 per cent copper and fifty-six ounces of silver to the ton.

On the Silver Cell at Pinos Altos, a strike is reported from the 135-foot level where stoping is under way, with F. E. Wilcox in charge.

Sierra County.
Tests of ore on the dumps at Kinross are being made preparatory to installing a leaching plant. Some of the refractory ores will require roasting before leaching.

Dona Ana County.
J. A. Yawger has charge of several crews doing annual assessment work in the Organ district. He is at present working on the Bob Cat. Norvel Welsh, one of the lessees on the Memphis, has returned from New York. J. C. Miller and Sam Brown have closed a lease on the Leona, adjoining the Excelsior. They are sampling the ore. Lois A. Wright of New York, a mining engineer, will this month examine several properties for New York capitalists on his return from Miami, Ariz., where he went in the interests of the Lewin-Johns.

POLICE ON LOOKOUT FOR LA JUNTA SLAYER

The police here were notified by telegram yesterday to look for a native of Old Mexico named Cerdas, who is believed to have killed a man in La Junta, Colo. They were directed to look for the man on Santa Fe train No. 1. Captain Pat O'Grady took six Mexicans who were on the train into custody, but released them soon afterward, after being satisfied that none was the man wanted.

WARNING: BEWARE OF FRAUDS!

A. S. DAUMER is purchaser and sole owner of all book accounts formerly due estate "Hub Clothing Company," and all of said accounts are payable to him. See order and decree of district court. Parties collecting or endeavoring to collect any of above accounts unless authorized by undersigned are Frauds, and will be prosecuted as such.

A. S. DAUMER.

LATE RETURNS BOOST MAJORITY OF HERNANDEZ

Williams Also Has Evidence That Folks Don't Want to Lose That \$10,000 They Have Invested in Him.

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Santa Fe, Nov. 8.—The first definite returns from Sierra county received this afternoon and the arrival of poll books from scattering precincts established for certain that the plurality of Hugh H. Williams will exceed 2,000 and that of Hernandez, 4,000. At Rayado, Colfax county, no election was held, although more than eighty voters were ready to cast their ballots. The reason given was that there had been no registration. The precinct is democratic. In Taos county, in which an especially vigorous campaign for the progressives was made by F. C. Wilson and ex-governor M. A. Otero, only forty-four votes were cast for the progressive candidates.

Complete returns from Grant county show that Hill carried it by less than 500 plurality, thus giving the Williams plurality another boost. By tomorrow evening the canvassing board will have completed its first tally of each county and will then go down to work to check its figures.

CURIOUS CLAIM TO CITIZENSHIP UP TO BRYAN

Charles Engels, Who Has Been a Shopkeeper in London for Many Years, Wants Protection of United States.

(Associated Press Correspondence.)
London, Oct. 30.—The American embassy here has examined many curious claims to American citizenship during the war but none more unusual than a modestly stated one by Charles Engels, now a resident of London but at the time of the taking of the oath a prisoner of war in the hands of the federal forces in Alabama.

Engels went to America from Germany as a boy of 18 in 1856 and settled in Brooklyn, N. Y. At the outbreak of the civil war he was in Alabama and joined the confederate army there. One of the first union forces penetrating that state captured Engels and promised to parole him if he would take the oath of allegiance to the United States. He did so and returned to New York, subsequently coming to London where he has been keeping a small shop in Bloomsbury. At the outbreak of the war he claimed to be a citizen of the United States, but the authorities compelled him to register as an alien enemy. Engels made no protest until the recent attacks on German shops caused him to fear the same fate for his establishment and he then asked the embassy to decide whether or not he is entitled to the protection of American citizenship. The embassy has been unable to find any precedent for Engels' case and has submitted the question to the state department at Washington for a ruling.

The oath reads as follows: "United States of America, state of Alabama, county of Jackson, I, Charles Engels, of the county of Kings and state of New York, do solemnly swear that I will bear allegiance to the United States, and support and sustain the constitution and laws thereof; that I will maintain the national sovereignty paramount to that of all state, county or confederate powers; that I will discountenance, discourage and forever oppose secession, rebellion and disintegration of the federal union; that I claim and denounce all faith and fellowship with the so-called confederate states and confederate armies, and pledge my honor, my property and my life to the sacred performance of this, my solemn oath of allegiance to the government of the United States of America."

(Signed) "CHARLES ENGELS."
"Subscribed and sworn to before me the 27th day of August, 1914."
(Signed) WILLIAM JOHN WILES, "Lieut. Col. and P. M."

Engels is firmly convinced that such a binding oath made him a citizen of the United States and is confident that the state department will sustain his contention.

TO ENTER SACRAMENTO IS SANTA FE'S PLAN

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL)
San Bernardino, Calif., Nov. 8.—An agreement by which the Santa Fe railroad will enter Sacramento over the Western Pacific tracks from Stockton will be signed by officials of both roads in San Francisco this week, according to an official of the Santa Fe who volunteered this information, but refused to let his name be used, says the Sacramento Bee.

According to the agreement, the Santa Fe will have access both for freight and passenger traffic to this city and will share equally the terminal privileges held by the Western Pacific.

This agreement means another transcontinental railroad for Sacramento and the opening of competition between the Santa Fe, Western Pacific and Southern Pacific.

Results from Journal Want Ads.

RUSSIAN REPORT PLACES BLAME ON TURK NAVY

Attacks Entirely Unprovoked and Came as Surprise to Czar's Fleet, Says Statement of Admiralty.

(TRY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Petrograd, Nov. 8.—The Russian admiralty has made a statement regarding the recent events in the Black sea to establish the facts of the Turkish claim that the hostilities there were begun by the Russians. The substance of the statement follows:

"On the evening of October 23 the Black sea fleet, after a cruise, reentered the roads of Sebastopol without having sighted Turkish ships anywhere. On October 22 at 5 o'clock in the morning the commander of the fleet received word from Odessa that at 3 o'clock that morning two Turkish torpedo boats with red and green lights, flying Russian flags, entered the port of Odessa."

"Although the commands on the Turkish torpedo boats were in Russian the gunboat Kabanets, which was on the lookout, having received no reply to the stipulated signal, immediately opened fire. The other gunboat in the roads, the Donets, did not even have time to fire, but was sunk by the first Turkish torpedo."

"Fired on by the Kabanets, the Turkish torpedo boats swiftly took flight, leaving one smoke stack and by their fire inflicting insignificant damage upon the Kabanets and nearly merchant vessels and upon a naphtha tank."

"Having received the report from Odessa, the commander of the fleet informed the coast batteries at Sebastopol of the presence of Turkish ships in the Black sea and ordered trawlers sent to take precautionary measures against the enemy's torpedoes."

"Toward 7 o'clock in the morning in a fog the cruiser Goeben approached Sebastopol and began a bombardment. The coast batteries of the Russian forts replied vigorously. The Goeben's fire caused no damage in the roads. Several shells fell harmlessly in the city, but one struck the oil depot, another the railroad and a third the naval hospital, killing two patients and wounding eight others."

"At the same time the torpedo boat Botilla, commanded by Captain Prince Troubetzkoy, attacked the Goeben, but the enemy's hot fire prevented it from prolonging the attack. During the engagement the Russian torpedo boat Pushchik made much water and also was set afire. The Goeben's fire lasted twenty minutes, after which the cruiser withdrew."

"Steaming from Sebastopol, the Goeben sighted the Russian transport Prut, which was returning, and called upon her to surrender. The transport, having no artillery, hoisted her military colors and steering for the shore, her commander ordered the sea cocks opened to sink her."

"The crew of the Prut saved themselves after the ship had been blown up. After this the Black sea fleet set out in pursuit of the enemy, who avoided a fight and took refuge at their base in the Bosphorus."

"The fact is established that the Turkish plan contemplated, simultaneously with the attacks on Sebastopol and Odessa, the bombardment of other points on our coast. The cruiser Breslau bombarded Theodosia and the Turkish cruiser Hamidieh bombarded Novorossiysk."

TURKISH CRUISER ATTACKS BLACK SEA PORT

(TRY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Tiflis (via Petrograd), Nov. 8.—The following communication has been issued under date of November 7 by the army headquarters in the Caucasus:

"This morning a cruiser of the enemy of the Breslau type arrived at Poti (in Transcaucasia, on the Black sea) and opened fire against the town, the fort, the lighthouse and railway station, firing from 120 to 150 shots."

"Approaching the mole the cruiser attempted to open fire with rapid fire guns, but the Russian troops, who replied with artillery. On the first shots from the Russian guns the cruiser withdrew rapidly from the mole in the direction of Sukhunkale."

"We had three soldiers wounded, while four received contusions. The damage to the town and forts was insignificant and none of the inhabitants was injured."

Women Should Take Warning

If the statement made at a New York Assembly of women, that healthy American women are so rare that they are almost extinct, is true, it is time for the women of America to take warning and look to their health. It may be headaches, backaches, dragging down pains, nervousness, mental depression, that are tell-tale symptoms of some organic derangement for which Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—a simple remedy made from roots and herbs—is a specific and may be relied upon to restore women to a healthy normal condition.

Pound Sale.

On Monday, the 9th day of November, 1914, at 10 o'clock a. m., in front of the city jail on North Second street, I will sell one sorrel mule, about 6 years old, will weigh about 600 pounds, branded on left thigh, one dark brown mule, about 6 years old, will weigh about 600 pounds, branded on left shoulder and left thigh. Has collar marks. One bay horse, about 7 years old, will weigh about 600 pounds, both hind feet white, white spot on forehead, branded on left shoulder, swelling on left jaw.

THOMAS M'ILLIN, City Marshal.

IT'S HARD TO WORK

When Suffering From Kidney Ills, Many Albuquerque People Find This to Be True.

What's so hard as a day's work with an aching back? Or sharp "stabs" of pain with every sudden twist or turn? There is no peace from the dull ache—No rest from the soreness, lameness and weakness. If the kidneys are disordered you can't reach the cause too soon. Neglect is often fatal. Weak kidneys need prompt attention.

Begin using Doan's Kidney Pills at once—A tested and proven kidney remedy.

Albuquerque readers should find new hope in the following statement, Louis M. Germain, Albuquerque, says: "My back was weakened by heavy lifting of trunks and other baggage. I got so bad I could hardly stand straight and it was hard for me to jump off and on the wagon. I was weak and became more so every day. One day I read how Doan's Kidney Pills had cured a local citizen of a similar case and I got a supply. The first box did me so much good that I got several more. They made me well."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Germain had. Foster-McMillan Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

SPECIAL TO WOMEN

The most economical, cleansing and germicidal of all antiseptics is

Paxtine

A soluble Antiseptic Powder to be dissolved in water as needed.

As a medicinal antiseptic for douches in treating catarrh, inflammation or ulceration of nose, throat, and that caused by feminine ill health, it has no equal. For ten years the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. has recommended Paxtine in their private correspondence with women, which proves its superiority. Women who have been cured say it is "worth its weight in gold." At drug stores, 50c. large box, or by mail, The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

BALDRIDGE LUMBER COMPANY

PAROID ROOFING with 15-year guarantee.

Wanted—Clean, cotton rags at the Journal office.

LUMBER Glass-Paint Cement-Plaster Albuquerque Lumber Company 423 North First Street

ELKS THEATER MATINEE AND NIGHT NOV. 12

THE WAR OF WUX ONE BIG CYCLONE OF LAUGHTER AND SURPRISES

IT'S Mutt & Jeff in Mexico

DON'T MISS IT All New This Time and Twice as Funny

FOR THE LOVE OF MIKE FETCH THE KIDDIES

See THE BIG CHORUS OF MEXICAN BEAUTIES

50 AND 1/2 PEOPLE

Matinee Prices, 50c and 75c Night Prices, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50

Your Old Coffee Pot is worth One Dollar

We want every woman in this city to enjoy the comfort and convenience of an Electric Coffee Percolator and for this reason we make this very unusual offer.

A fully equipped \$7.00 "THERMAX" Electric Coffee Percolator for \$4.98

if you sell us your old coffee pot, if not the price will be \$5.98

Don't wait on this for the supply of Percolators isn't going to last long at this price. Better come in today and don't forget your old coffee pot is worth \$1.00.

The "THERMAX" Electric Percolator has a patented percolating device which will

Save One-third on Your Coffee Bill

THE ALBUQUERQUE GAS, ELECTRIC LIGHT & POWER COMPANY

502 W. Central Ave. Phone 98

"Make Five Cups of Coffee for Less Than One Cent."



IN THE WORLD OF SPORT

TORRES STRONG CARD IN ST. JOE, SAYS HAMILTON

Comments on Healthy Appearance of Albuquerque Boy; Primed for Near Championship Tussle.

That Jack Torres, the local welterweight, is made a favorable impression in St. Joseph is shown by the following "story," which appeared under "Ham" Hamilton's signature in the St. Joseph News-Gazette:

Jack Torres, smartly of complexion, reticent of speech and real pride in his fight, came to town last night from Topeka, Kan., where he was forced to lay over yesterday because he missed train connections coming from Denver. With Jack was Dick Dixon, Denver fight bug and boxing manager. Jack is to battle Bud Logan of Omaha here Tuesday night in a fifteen-round tussle, and Dixon is doing the preliminary battling. Dixon is in charge of the Mexican fighter's interests.

Torres will begin this afternoon to get into condition for the go and will work at the old Riddell's gymnasium, Fifth and Edmund streets. Logan also will work in this gymnasium and for this reason hours have been arranged for both boys. Torres will take the floor at 2:30 o'clock every afternoon and Logan will follow him at 3:30 o'clock. Both boys are boxing every day.

Torres Looks Good.

Torres is the picture of health, and in the few words he spoke last night he included a statement to the effect that he was feeling as well as he looked. He grinned when he said it and intimated he was going to give Bud Logan a night's work on the occasion of their meeting next week.

Torres is capable of making things interesting for any of the welterweights. He has a peculiar fighting position, which makes him hard to hit, and he can dash out with either hand to pretty good effect. He has been fighting pretty regularly of late and is well thought of wherever he has appeared. His bout with Logan is one of the best he has yet landed, and he naturally will make a great effort.

Torres landed in town in pretty fair condition. He was training for another go when he received word that a match had been made for him with Logan, so his work is pretty well advanced.

Bud Logan worked a hard hour yesterday afternoon, and the Omaha boy has never looked so good since he has been appearing in St. Joseph. His footwork is faster and his blows have taken on a surprising amount of steam. His judge of distance is admirable.

Bennie Semblar, Young Brown and several other local boys are helping Logan and will begin today to train Torres for the Tuesday bout. Semblar and Brown will go on in the semi-windup to the fifteen-round tussle and are setting some good training while helping the two principals.

Tuesday's bout may be Logan's last appearance in the ring as a welterweight, for the Omaha lad is rapidly taking on weight. He and his manager are seriously contemplating a step which would take Wildcat Perez's conqueror into the middleweight class. Logan is one of the youngest welterweights of any consequence in the country and he is growing. He has made a remarkable record since his advent and should do well in the middleweight ranks.

The Buchanan County Athletic association, which is producing the card, has decided to use the hall in the Eagles' building, Tenth street and Frederick avenue, for the Torres-Logan clash. The hall will comfortably seat 1,200 persons, which constitutes a pretty fair crowd.

The matchmakers believe they have landed a good card in the Mexican welterweight and are planning to take care of a capacity house.

ALL-NATIONALS LOSE TWO TO ALL-AMERICANS

San Francisco, Nov. 8.—By winning both games of a double-header today, the all-Americans ended up matters with the all-nationals, each team now having won ten games since starting on the tour. The morning contest, staged in Oakland, was a 1-0-0 shut-out, Joe Bush, of the Americans holding his opponents to three hits. In the afternoon game on Ewing field, Bill James of Boston, was pitched against his namesake of St. Louis.

Score—Morning game: R. H. E. All-Americans 1 0 0 All-Nationals 0 0 0 Batteries: Bush and McAvoy; Alexander and Clark.

Score—Afternoon game: R. H. E. All-Nationals 2 0 0 All-Americans 2 1 2 Batteries: James and Kilhoffer; James and Henry.

COGGESHELL CAPTAIN OF ROLLER POLO TEAM

Frederick Coggeshell, formerly a Santa Fe engineer, is an expert roller polo player, according to a clipping from a Richmond, Ind., newspaper received by his brother, Charles A. Coggeshell. He has entered a team in the Richmond City league and, according to the "story" in the Richmond newspaper, his choice will be strong contenders for the city championship.

WHITE STAKES HIS CHANCE TO DEFEAT WELSH ON HIS LEFT

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Chicago, Nov. 8.—Each confident and each apparently in good shape, Freddie Welsh, lightweight champion, and Charlie White, product of Chicago's ghetto, wound up today their preparations for their battle at Milwaukee tomorrow night. It will be White's second battle with a champion within a few months, for only last May he gave Willie Ritchie, then holder of the title, a terrific fight, but failed to win mainly through over-anxiety.

With no decision possible under the Wisconsin laws, it will take a knockout in tomorrow night's bout. And for this knockout he has made already a strong left-hand punch, on which, it is said, he has staked his chance.

Welsh's cleverness, think his supporters, will return him the winner. They think the Britisher can out-guess the local man and they think White's much-talked-of left-hand punch will be a failure, for Welsh is forewarned and therefore forearmed against it.

HUGH MILLER ENTERS BISBEE IN RECORD TIME

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)

El Paso, Nov. 8.—What is believed to be a world's record in cross-country runs was established today by Hugh Miller of Phoenix, Ariz., in a Pope-Hartford when he made the first lap in the annual El Paso-Phoenix road race, El Paso to Bisbee, Ariz., a distance of 232 miles, in 1:31:02. Last year J. T. Hutchings made the distance in 2:19:29. Hutchings, in a Buick, made the second best time into Bisbee and C. W. Tupper, in a Stutz, came third. Several cars were ditched and one mechanic had a shoulder blade broken. The cars remain overnight in Bisbee.

Bulletins furnished the Journal at frequent intervals by the Mountain States Telephone & Telegraph company, showing the positions of the cars, were read by a large number of race enthusiasts. The service will be continued today.

VARSITY FEELS ABLE TO DEFEAT N. M. M. I. NOW

The defeat of the N. M. M. I. by the agricultural college in Saturday's game has greatly encouraged the varsity team over the outlook for its success in tomorrow's game with the military institute. During the past week Coach Hutchinson has put his men through a hard course of training and every one is in perfect shape and ready for the battle of his life.

The team has been greatly strengthened in the line by the addition of Walter Greenfield, a former player of the University of Arkansas. Greenfield is now the heaviest man on the varsity team, and with his former experience, he is expected to help out considerably in the varsity's weakest point—the line.

Every man who will represent the university tomorrow is a bona fide student, up in all his requirements, as the eligibility committee has been strict in this respect, as a few players have been able to testify.

Students Plan Parade.

The student body is planning a parade through the city before the game, headed by the band, which is expected to add interest and enthusiasm in the city. During the course of the game and afterward the band will play university and popular selections, so all who witness the contest are assured of a double entertainment in music and athletics.

The military institute squad of sixteen men, with Captain Radamacher, coach, arrived in Albuquerque from Las Cruces last evening. They are putting up at the Hotel Combs.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

Advertised list for the week ending November 7, 1914.

Ladies' List.

Mrs. Emilia Archuleta, Miss Manuella Anaya, Mrs. Carl H. Bruns, Mrs. L. C. Chamberlain, Mrs. Eva Davis, Mrs. Maude William Dice, Miss Ollie Dobbs, Mrs. Eschla B. de Garcia, Mrs. Andrellita Gomez, Margarita Gutierrez, Concha de Gabaldon, Mrs. J. J. Lison, Miss Selma Livingston, Miss Tina Martenson (2), Demetria Montoya, Mrs. Lois McLean, Miss Mable Marr, Refugio Majuelo, Mrs. T. C. Martin, Mrs. Mercedes Ortiz, Mrs. Pomona Perez, Edith Rose, Miss Mary Rowe, Maggie Richards, Miss Lela Rhodes, Miss Edna Spencer, Mrs. Lina H. Sygila, Miss Maria Tayer, Mrs. Louise C. Well, Miss Iva Woods.

Men's List.

B. H. Alexander, Vicente Armijo, Norris Bolton, M. K. Blessing, D. R. Baldwin, J. Brady, Nabor Billogus, Robert Benton, C. E. Clark, R. B. Cokerly, Jack Coleman, Luz Cano, C. E. Doherty, Paul Doherty, Manuel Y. Lopez Gonzalez, Martin Gonzalez, Roy M. Gonzalez, Clifford Good, Andrew Godinez, Epulon Gomez, Eulferio Gallegos, Felix J. Gilmartin, Will Hobbs, J. L. Healy, Jack Holt, Alton Hinda (2), Elston Jones, Manuel Jaramillo, M. S. Johnson, Sam Kelly, L. R. Leighton, Gorgonio Lopez, E. R. Loeffler, E. A. Marten, Jack Meyer, Gumelundo Naar, Santiago Ornel, Jack Parker, Alex Provas (2), Alfonso Perez, Chas. Procknow, Juan Perella, Myron Porgow, Bart Reynolds, R. J. Robinson, Edward Strong, Refugio Salazar, Pimenta Santiago, Paul Simmons, Val Shomate.

ASSOCIATION OF BASEBALL CLUBS WILL CONVE

Important Question to Be Decided at Omaha Will Be Protection of Minors Against Federal Raids.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Omaha, Neb., Nov. 8.—The vanguard of 200 or more baseball men who will attend the annual meeting of the National Association of Professional Baseball clubs arrived in the city this afternoon. Among them was James C. McGill of Denver and H. L. Jones of Lincoln, who are members of the entertainment committee.

That baseball history will be made during the next five days was generally admitted by the men already in the city. Thirty-seven minor league clubs will be represented at the meeting, delegates coming from nearly every state in the union and from the Dominion of Canada.

The meeting of the association proper covers three days, beginning Tuesday, but the meeting of the board of arbitration, which will occur tomorrow, is considered one of the most important that will be held while the baseball men are in the city. More than 500 cases are to come before the board and more than 150 clubs are interested in decisions to be made.

Minors Want Protection.

Quarantining all other matters to come before the general meeting of the association, however, will be consideration of the advent in professional baseball of the so-called "outlaw" Federal league. Expressions have already come from many members of the minor league associations that they must be protected against incursions of unauthorized baseball clubs that they themselves must become free lances. With this condition facing the baseball world, members of the national baseball commission will all be in the city, prepared to hold a special session of that body should they deem such action necessary.

It is believed by delegates here tonight that the Federal league will seek an agreement by which that league shall come into organized baseball. The conditions under which such an arrangement might be made formed the moot question and one in which major league club-owners and members of the national commission will probably have a hand in settling.

To Discuss Salaries.

Classification of leagues will be another important matter to come before the delegates. The question of salaries will again be taken up, and while the limits may be revised, the minor leagues are expected to demand of the majors such consideration in these matters as will make it possible for the smaller clubs to secure proper remuneration for drafts and sales which will be in accordance with their efforts to maintain a high standard of professional ball.

Several minor leagues will hold their annual meetings the coming week.

VESUVIUS GROWS MORE VIOLENT IN ERUPTIONS

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Naples (via Rome), Nov. 8, 2:20 p. m.—After seven years of calm, since its eruption in 1906, which was one of the longest pauses in its activity in three centuries, Mount Vesuvius began an eruption in May, 1912, which has been constantly growing, until it has now reached an acute stage.

The crater, 1,000 feet deep, is gradually transforming itself through the opening of new fissures. These are emitting incandescent matter known as magma, which on contact with the air becomes lava. Of this matter, during the night of October 31 alone, over 100 cubic yards were thrown out, reaching a height of 320 feet.

In addition, a large volume of smoke and ashes and cinders was expelled. Deep rumblings, known as strombolian explosions, are constantly heard. Despite the fact that in doing so he was compelled to inhale the poisonous gases, Prof. Mallard, director of the observatory of Mount Vesuvius, has descended into the crater to make observations.

Nothing Alarming, Says Gen. Funston

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Washington, Nov. 8.—Assurances that there is "nothing alarming" in conditions at Vera Cruz were given today in a cablegram from Brigadier General Funston to Secretary Garrison. Rumors of anti-American agitation and of possible attacks upon the American outposts by Mexican forces had caused Mr. Garrison to ask for information as to the situation.

BABY-SAVING DAY IS OBSERVED IN CITY OF BOSTON

Over One-third of Total Number of Small Children That Die Remain Alive Less Than One Month.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Boston, Nov. 8.—"Baby-saving day" was observed in a number of churches here today in connection with the arrangements for the fifth annual meeting of the American Association for Study and Prevention of Infant Mortality, to be held in Boston this week. The meeting will bring together specialists in baby-saving from all parts of the country—doctors, health officers, nurses, teachers and social workers.

"Prenatal care" is to be emphasized at the meeting. The vital statistics show that over one-third of the total number of babies who die during a year stay in this world less than a month. The experts believe that the lives of many of these babies would be saved if there was proper prenatal care. This is being done by the establishment of obstetrical clinics in connection with hospitals or the work of baby-saving organizations, and by carefully supervised instruction by visiting nurses of the expectant mothers in their own homes.

Mrs. Max West of the federal children's bureau will show, in a report that has been prepared under the auspices of the bureau, how the recognition of the importance of this work has been steadily increasing, until now over 40 organizations in 29 or more cities are doing it systematically as an integral part of their baby-saving activities. Dr. A. B. Emmons II of Boston will describe the resources for giving prenatal care, and Dr. J. Whitridge Williams of Baltimore, professor of obstetrics and dean of the Johns Hopkins Medical school, the president of the association, will discuss, in his presidential address, the possibilities and limitations of prenatal care. There will also be discussions of the need of adequate maternity hospital service, and at charges which will be adaptable to incomes of all classes. Those who will take part will include Dr. Mary Sherwood, Baltimore; Dr. W. W. Channing of Boston and Dr. E. P. Davis of Philadelphia.

Another feature of the baby-saving program that will have special attention is the "baby welfare consultation," which has been established in many places as a means of keeping well babies well. Medical directors, nurses and social workers who are especially interested in these weekly conferences between doctor, mother and visiting nurse, will exchange experiences as to the ways by which the mothers who come to such clinics can be best advised as to the care of themselves and their babies. Over 120 societies are engaged in work of this sort in different parts of the country.

Dr. L. Emmett Holt and Dr. Henry D. Chapin of New York will show how few chances the foundling has so long as he remains an "institutional baby." Dr. H. J. Gerstenberger of Cleveland will describe some of the ways in which other countries, notably Austria and Germany, care for these "institutional babies," and Dr. J. H. M. Knox, Jr., of Baltimore, will tell of the success that has followed the establishment of foster homes.

An exhibition illustrating methods in baby-saving will be held at the Boston public library.

SLIGHT EARTHQUAKE AT SAN FRANCISCO

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

San Francisco, Nov. 8.—A week of exceptionally warm, clear weather, was followed here tonight by an almost imperceptible earthquake.

Open doors in downtown buildings swung slightly.

The disturbance was felt in the trans-bay region, including Oakland, Alameda and Berkeley, and at San Jose, fifty miles down the peninsula. No damage was reported.

According to Prof. Charles Burkhalter, in charge of the Capot observatory of the University of California at Berkeley, the disturbance was local in character and was what is known as "No. 1" earthquake, which is a very minor one.

The University of California seismograph recorded the shock to have begun at 6:31:21 p. m., continuing six seconds. Its direction was from northwest to southeast.

EARTH SHOCKS RATTLE WINDOWS IN LOS ANGELES

Los Angeles, Nov. 8.—A slow, vibrating earthquake rattled windows here early today. An accompanying report caused several watchmen to telephone police that safes had been blown. Doors in lightly constructed bungalows were sprung open and bric-a-brac toppled over. No damage was reported.

ACTIVITY OF VESUVIUS MAY BE CAUSE OF QUAKE

San Jose, Calif., Nov. 8.—It is quite possible that the existing activity of Vesuvius was responsible for the slight tremble felt in California, said the Rev. J. S. Ricard, director of the observatory of Santa Clara tonight.

TWO AMERICAN COWBOYS AND A NEGRO KILLED

It Is Believed Murder Was Committed by Federal Filibusters Who Are Raiding in State of Chihuahua.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 8.—Two American cowboys, named Bishop and Eckles, and an unidentified American negro, were murdered a few days ago near Temosachic, west of Chihuahua City. This was reported today in a telegram from the south and by American cattlemen arriving here.

It was believed that the Americans met their death not by the Villa soldiers, who control the district, but at the hands of the federal filibusters who have been raiding in the vicinity. The news was brought to Temosachic by a Mexican youth, who witnessed the execution of the Americans, and who was forced to assist in burying their bodies.

The youth related that the filibusters removed the clothing of the slain men and their camp outfit. He brought back a pair of boots, identified as having belonged to Bishop, which had been given him because they were of too small a size to fit any of the raiders.

The cowboys had been employed by an American cattleman to round up his stock for shipment to the United States.

MAYTORENA IS READY TO RENEW SIEGE OF NACO

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Naco, Ariz., Nov. 8.—Three bodies of Governor Maytorena's Villa troops appeared in their former positions today, seemingly in fulfillment of the promised renewal of the Naco, Sonora, siege.

Yaqui Indians took up positions to the south and west of Naco, Sonora, and a column of infantry and cavalry joined them on the west. A troop train with men and supplies also arrived at the old Maytorena camp.

At sight of these suggestive movements, Mexican refugees flocked to the American side. There was no evidence, however, that there would be an immediate attack on Naco.

BANKERS BEGIN ARRIVING FOR STATE MEETING

President of Southwest National Bank of Commerce Unable to Come; Cashier Will Substitute.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

The vanguard of members who will attend the convention of the New Mexico Bankers' association today and tomorrow at the Commercial club arrived here last night. The first to arrive came from eastern and northern parts of the state. Those from the south and west will reach here this morning.

J. W. Perry, president of the Southwest National Bank of Commerce of Kansas City, one of the principal speakers could not come. James T. Bradley, cashier of that institution, will take his place on the program. He arrived late last night.

Among the bankers who arrived last night were: Roy Ammerman, cashier of the First State Bank & Trust Co., Roswell; H. J. Jones, president of the First National bank, Tucuman; W. A. Foyl, Tucuman; D. T. Hoskins, cashier of the San Antonio National bank, East Las Vegas; J. C. Hudebsen, vice president of the First National bank, Trinidad, Colo.; W. H. Land, vice president of the First National bank, Fort Sumner; H. J. Hammond, president of the First National bank, Clayton; C. N. Blackwell, president of the First National bank, Raton; J. C. Christensen, Raton, and Jefferson Reynolds, president of the First National bank, Las Vegas.

The convention will open at 10 o'clock this morning at the Commercial club, D. T. Hoskins, of Las Vegas, the president, calling the meeting to order. Archbishop W. E. Warren, of St. Paul's Episcopal church, will give the invocation, and State Treasurer O. N. Marron, the address of welcome. Mr. Ammerman will respond. Routine business will occupy the rest of the morning session.

At the opening of the afternoon session, at 2 o'clock, Mr. Hoskins will deliver the president's annual address. Roy McDonald will read the treasurer's report and Mr. Christensen, the secretary's report. Mr. Blackwell will make the executive committee's report.

Mr. Bradley, speaking for Mr. Perry, will be next with his address. His subject will be "How Can We Best Work Out the Present Financial Situation?" Members of the association then will talk on the banking questions of the state. They will be limited to five minutes.

The annual banquet is to be held tonight at the Alvarado hotel.

A meeting of members of the Amer-

ican Bankers' association will be held immediately after the adjournment of the afternoon session. H. J. Jones, of Santa Fe, state vice president, will preside. They will select a state vice president for New Mexico and a member of the nominating committee of the American Bankers' association.

George T. Wells, of Denver, and Prof. A. C. Cook, director of the extension department of the State College of Agricultural and Mechanical Arts, will give addresses at the morning session tomorrow. The former will have for his subject "Constructive State Building," and the latter "Agricultural Extension Work and Its Value to the Farmer." Then there will be more five-minute talks.

Elections Tomorrow.

In the afternoon the reports of committees will be heard and election will be held.

The executive committee will meet after the adjournment of the convention for the purpose of electing a chairman and for the transaction of other business.

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Matt McGrath



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MONDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1914

WHAT THE SOUTH SHOULD DO.

One of the most important measures to come before the next congress is the proposition to issue bonds for the relief of the cotton growers. While the bankers have perfected a plan for a cotton loan fund of \$125,000,000, that sum will take care of only about 1 per cent of the crop, and the planters want enough money advanced to care for all that cannot be sold.

When the northwestern states found themselves raising practically nothing but wheat, with varying prices dependent upon world demand and supply, they worked out, with the aid of the agricultural colleges, the problem of diversification of products without asking the government for valorization of wheat or free loans or storage.

The south has been overtaken by a similar condition. No other relief is open to it. The federal law taxing dealings in cotton futures has helped no more than the law taxing deals in wheat futures, clamored for so long, would have helped. The government valorization plan failed to pass during the closing days of congress, and it is not probable that it can pass at the next session in the face of the active opposition of the administration. The bank loan under the auspices of the federal reserve board will only tide over one crop and open the way to diversification of crops.

The south must do that for itself. The federal government cannot reduce the cotton area, as Brazil reduced the coffee area, and the state governments can do little. Texas has refused to do anything. The land-owning planters and the tenant farmers have the solution in their hands. The planters are most open to the argument of facts and have powerful influence upon their tenants through the system of rents paid in land products.

One planter has worked out an effective means to exercise this influence. His land rents have heretofore been paid in cotton at about fifty dollars a bale. He has refused to take cotton next year, requiring that the rents be paid in fixed quantities of corn, wheat, peas, meat and potatoes, offering at the same time to help the tenants to get the seed for the grain and potatoes and the hogs to be fed.

A moderate extension of this plan by the planter class, which has most power to influence agricultural action in the south, would go farther than a government loan to make planting profitable and the country prosperous.

SHOULD LEARN FROM CUBA.

A week ago today Cuba held an important election of which the world would have heard nothing had it not been that the president of the republic had his vote successfully challenged in Havana. He had not registered there and had cast his last previous vote in his home town. He only smiled when the opposition challenger called his attention to the situation.

Cuba seems to have found what Mexico sorely needs, a real man for president of the republic, and the island is basking in contentment and a peace that not even an election can disturb. President Menocal has a year to go and, to the regret of the majority, he has announced that he will retire at the end of his term. This for a statesman of the smaller American republics seems to be the touchstone of a great man.

President Menocal's administration has shown business efficiency and good sense. Elections have become safe and honest, without uprisings and disturbances. The pastime of revolution seems to have fallen into disuse.

There is no reason why the little island republic should not be as stable as Argentina or Chile. The present situation gives good cause for congratulation that this country showed wise statesmanship in the troubled relations with that once peopled with political and economic disturbances.

From the news coming to us from Mexico it seems that our wisdom is again to be tested. General Venustiano Carranza refuses to abide by the decision of the conference of generals at Aguas Calientes. War between him

and Villa is now on. Also, he refuses to grant amnesty to those Mexicans who worked with Americans after the occupation of Vera Cruz, contending that each particular case should be submitted to him on its merits. Of course, the United States will not permit those men to be punished.

Also the foolish old man insists that these importers who paid duties to the American authorities in Vera Cruz must pay them all over again, notwithstanding the fact that all of the revenues thus collected are held in gold to be turned over to any responsible Mexican government. Such thing cannot be permitted.

It would appear that the best thing for this nation is to hold onto Vera Cruz and otherwise stand hand-off and allow Villa to carry through his program of eliminating Carranza, who doesn't understand and will not learn.

PASSING OF THE BULL MOOSE.

The progressive party is dead, or dying. Its spectacular entrance into politics accomplished a good result. Those of its principles that deserve to live have been incorporated into the republican state platforms and by the republican national committee.

The overthrow of the La Follette cult in Wisconsin is of a piece with the subsidence of the progressive vote everywhere else. La Follette had hoped to rise into the presidency on the crest of the wave, but in the moment when it had reached its highest point the leadership was snatched from him and made to serve the personal ambition of Roosevelt.

Now the real leader of the movement's best estate and the usurping leader of its conversion to progressivism go down together in the reaction of the country from visionary excesses in theories of government.

In Wisconsin, La Follette has lost his dictatorship. In New York, Roosevelt's dream of a balance of power for the third party, between two others nearly equal, has faded. In Pennsylvania, the sharpest test was made by the pitting of an extremist in Penrose against the most visionary of bull moosemen in Pinchot, and the reaction has carried Penrose back to the senate despite his record. Of course, the tariff resentments were the chief reasons for bringing about the re-election of Penrose.

Thus only a negligible remnant of the progressive party remains in three states—Wisconsin, New York and Pennsylvania—where there seemed most excuse for keeping it alive. In other states where its same principles have passed into the keeping of the republican party and where its voters have followed them, its decay is natural and inevitable.

In New York especially this decay seems to have been ripened more than elsewhere by the seizure of the party of ideals, however visionary, as a means of gratifying insatiable personal ambition for power. If Wisconsin has laid La Follette tenderly on the shelf, New York and the rest of the country have rudely thrust Roosevelt on a higher one.

The rank and file of the progressive party was honest. When it became convinced that its leadership was not, it went back into the old party or joined the democrats, who received large accessions from it in a number of western states.

THE NATIONAL "SPITE FENCE."

Even the best of neighbors are annoyed, not to say embittered, when they see a "spite fence" going up on the line, even if the people putting it up do not trespass. The fence is enough. It stands for something disagreeable.

No two nations can remain friends and at the same time build forts and train armies against each other. It is the "spite fence."

The Farm and Dairy, published at Petersburg, Ont., puts this great truth in a nutshell:

"Not the least of Canada's blessings is its neighbors. If the year 1914 marks the beginning of the greatest conflict in history, it also marks the first century of peace between Canada and the United States. For the people of that great republic we have nothing but the greatest good with us. There is not a gun or a soldier to guard our long frontier."

"Here is the secret: 'Not a gun or a soldier.' This is the greatest lesson that we and our neighbors can teach to the world. Militarism generates fear and fear generates suspicion and hate. The hope of permanent peace for Europe is the abolition of armaments. If this is accomplished at the close of the war, one hundred years hence we may see the French and Germans celebrating their century of peace. People can't shake hands across an unfriendly boundary for one hundred years as we and our neighbors have done without developing the same friendship and good will that we have. We may well be thankful for our neighbors."

Nations, like folks, have to learn their lessons through suffering or through wisdom. The world is learning some severe lessons today through suffering. Our relations with Canada show wisdom and its resulting peace. But the lesson of armaments is well worth learning, if it is learned, even at the expense of the terrible suffering we see. But it is the long and hard way around. If it is peace we want, we should not act as if we were looking for war.

A JOKE ON THE PRESIDENT.

The best joke of the campaign was on the president. He sent out many personal telegrams to help the election of democrats in the various congressional districts. So far as known, but one such telegram went astray. J. C. Vaughan, progressive candidate for congress in the Second Illinois district, was astonished to receive a telegram from the president wishing

him all success in his campaign. With a heart bursting with honest pride, Mr. Vaughan hastened to give it out. Then there came along a second telegram, marked "rush." This telegram also was from the president, who said that he had intended to give the endorsement to the democratic candidate, and would Mr. Vaughan kindly forget the first telegram and forgive the mistake? He did his best to do both.

The American navy has a small boat which can be loaded with dynamite and steered from the shore by wireless. Now if any one tries to muss up our shore line he is likely to hear something detonate.

An Arizona farmer claims that since the state voted woman suffrage the hens do nothing but stand around and crow.

With Scissors and Paste

DANGEROUS PASTIME.

(Cleveland Journal.)
The first question an honorable man asks when he sees a girl flitting is whether she is a respectable girl or not. This being the case, no modest girl can afford to indulge in this pastime among strangers. When the down is brushed from the peach the beauty is so marred that it can never be restored, and so when a girl throws lightly aside that sweet charm she becomes rather common and cheap. Flirting may seem to the ditty and thoughtless girl to be wonderfully amusing, and she may even get an idea that she is quite fascinating, but it is a degrading pastime and should be frowned upon by every young lady who has an ambition to be a worthy and charming woman.

NO UNBELIEF.

(Chicago Tribune.)
Whoever plants a seed beneath the sod,
And waits to see it push away the clod,
He trusts in God.

Whoever sows, when clouds are in the sky,
"Be patient, heart, light breaketh by and by."
Trusts the Most High.

Whoever sees, "neath winter's field of snow,
The silent harvest of the future grow,
God's power must know.

Whoever lies down on his couch to sleep,
Content to look each sense in slumber deep,
Knows God will keep.

Whoever says "tomorrow," "the unknown,"
The future—trusts unto that Power alone
He dares disown.

The heart that looks on when the eyelids close,
And dares to live when life has only woes,
God's comfort knows.

There is no unbelief!
And still by day and night, unconsciously,
The heart lives by the faith the lips decay.
God knows why.

NEUTRALITY IN NEBRASKA.

(New York Evening Post.)
At least one university professor has been found to resent President Wilson's urging of strict neutrality. Prof. Fred Morrow Fling of the University of Nebraska, living up to the tacit obligation of his name, in an address to the students declared that no one in the United States can be "neutral in the present European struggle."

"Not to take sides in the controversy," he maintained, "would be to condemn ourselves. We should be like those who, Dante says, are neither for nor against God." Thereupon Professor Fling proceeded to the able advocacy of Germany. The affair was brought to the attention of the board of regents. The position which they took avoided making a martyr of Professor Fling, while it made clear the fact that he did not speak for the university. The statement which they issued through Chancellor Avery mixed fairness with good sense.

All members of the board expressed themselves personally as strongly in favor of the president's attitude. They felt especially that internal peace and good will among all the citizens of the state, without regard to previous accidents or nationality, should be maintained. The regents further expressed themselves as believing that any action on their part which might seem to curtail academic freedom would not aid in maintaining peace and good will in the university and in the state. Hence their official action was limited to instructing the chancellor to convey their personal sentiments to the public.

ONE AGAINST THE OTHER.
(Ecclesiastes, viii, 14.)
"In the day of prosperity be joyful, but in the day of adversity consider: God also hath set the one over against the other, to the end that man should find nothing after him."

WRITING IS JUST KNOWING.
(Gifford Pinchot.)
"Write about the things you know and love best." is a bit of advice that has come to modern aspirants for literary fame from an Egyptian who lived several centuries ago, and whose only writing paper was a stone tablet.

Allice Brown, the novelist, who recently won the Ames play prize, has certainly followed this advice. Her characters are New England country folks, with whom she has become acquainted during her long residence in the quaint brown cottage by the sea at Newburyport, Mass., and at her farm near Hull, N. H.

Miss Brown has found it necessary to globe trot for ideas. Her experience only goes to prove that plots are all around you if you only have the ability to see them. There is a great novel in every life if you can only read the stories of your friends' experiences.

The novelist who reads a description of South African scenery in the encyclopedia, and sends his hero down there during two chapters takes great chances. He may fool the editor, but the South African subscriber will read between the lines and laugh at him. Not many weeks ago, when the

Autumn Song

(Richard Le Gallienne, in Munsey's Magazine.)
All things that fade and fall
Upon the altered ground,
In sad September nights;
Apples and yellow leaves
And the low, ghostlike call
Of summer's last delights
That grieves and grieves;
Of these be the song made,
Like them to fall and fade.

Of garden corners dank,
With piercing smell of mold,
Of summer's cup of gold,
Wherefrom so deep he drank,
By the dry fountain's edge
Cast down and crown arid;
Dust culled unto dust,
Sedge sighing unto sedge;
Of these let the song tell
That pleaseth autumn well.

Of woods—a painted scene,
A hollow mimic show,
A mask within whose glow
A grinning death is seen;
Of flowers—funeral
That seem not flowers at all,
But little paper shapes
An art fantastic apes:
In these has autumn pride
That knows not she hath died.

Winthrop Ames prize of \$10,000 for the best play was being decided, the judges of the contest discarded plots of luxurious court life and metropolitan society. They chose instead the talk that Alice Brown wrote about the tranquil lives of humble people. Her play rang true, because she knew her subject.

"Many people who would love to write," said Miss Brown, "suffer from a nearsighted condition of the mind. Plots are so close to their own lives, and experiences move so thick and fast that they can not extract the story from the mass of occurrences about it. Writers who find themselves in this position often live and move in a kind of life so far away to a distant village, untangle the worth-while threads of the experience, and produce the stories which they could never have finished if they had remained in the midst of their bewildering action. It is a good plan. Writing is just knowing."

Alice Brown is quite exceptional, for she can remain in New England, close to her subject, and never can be confused. Miss Brown's pet hobby is planting seeds in a garden and poking them frequently to urge their growth. She understands the life in bulbs and seeds quite as well as she interprets the thought-motives and heart-likes of the simple New England people with whom she is so familiar.

TOUCHSTONE OF CHARITY.

(N. Causasia.)
Never to despise, never to judge rashly, never to interpret other men's actions in an ill sense; but to compassionate their infirmities, bear their burdens, excuse their weaknesses, make up and consolidate the breaches of charity happened by their fault, to hate imperfections, and ever to love men, you, even your enemies; therein the touchstone of true charity is known.

THE SWAMPER.

I am the under dog,
I am the low down cuss,
I am the standin' joke,
I am the easy meat.
Fellah that skids the log
Gets all the same an' fuss—
What of the man who broke
Hoofs for the horses' feet?

Sing of the arm that's strong,
Sing of the saw that shines,
Sing of the boss's brain;
Sing of the chopper's might,
Whoever sung your song,
Swampers among the pines,
Fellahs who led the fight
Out in the snow an' rain?

We are the pioneers,
We are the great advance,
We are the men who break
Roads with our horny hands,
Ours not the shouts an' the cheers,
Ours not the singers' chants—
Ours but a path to make
Straight through the forest lands.

They who come shall reap
Glory that we have won,
They who shall come shall claim
Praise an' the world's hooray,
Ours but a trust to keep,
Ours but a road to run;
Others shall walk to fame
After we lead the way.

So it shall often be,
So it shall be in life,
So it shall often seem,
Seem in the things men do—
Sing in no history,
Heard in no tale of strife.

Ort shall the dreamer dream,
Perpet when his dreams come true.

NEED OF SENSE OF DUTY.

(Buffalo News.)
It is one of the remarkable things that men will lay down their life for their country when they feel that their country is in danger, but will frequently not even go across a street or atop at the door of a booth to vote, when the voting may be almost as important as following the colors. It does not matter so much how necessary as it does that they go out and vote.

HELPING THE SILKWORM.

A new method by which silkworms may be cultured ten times a year instead of twice, as at present, is reported to have been perfected in Aichi, Japan, according to Consul General G. H. Selmon, Yokohama. The method is very simple. Eggs are immersed in hydrochloric acid for five to ten hours just before they are hatched. In a fortnight or so after the immersion the eggs are perfectly hatched, and worms that are stronger and more healthy than those that are hatched in any other way may be seen coming out of the shells.

The silk produced by the worms thus hatched is better and longer than that produced in any other way. As the inventor tells in one of the Yokohama papers, the silk produced by the worms bred in the newly invented way measures 1,200 feet.

whereas the thread produced by worms hatched in the ordinary way measures only 700 feet at the longest. The inventor further says in the paper in question that any one may make use of the new process, which, although worthy of being fully protected, will not be patented because the inventor's sole desire is to strengthen Japan's position as a silk-producing country.

THIS AERO HAS REAL WINGS.

(San Diego, Calif., Dispatch.)
A flying machine that will fly and not glide is claimed to have been perfected by Henry J. Casanova, of Los Angeles. The inventor arrived here to demonstrate to Glenn Curtiss the adaptability of his plane, which is one of the freest of constructions seen at North Island.

It is the contention of Casanova that planes are not only dangerous, but never will become of commercial availability. He declares that if the flying machine of the future is not a machine of wings exclusively, it will be one of a combination of wings and sails. The body of the machine is constructed of bamboo, strongly braced and reinforced with steel wire and aluminum, and in form and shape resembles very much the body of a swallow.

It is equipped with three wings on each side. The wings are constructed of palm leaf fans, overlapped on light trussed frames, each fan with valves that open upward and outward and close on downward. The ship is also equipped with two propellers, one at each end with reversed motion.

The Storytellers

Had to Put in Money.
A minister was once preaching at a little chapel on the subject of "Giving." During the sermon, his heart was rejoiced by the fact that a member of the congregation went to the side of the chapel and placed a coin in a box and a little later another did the same.

Surely, the minister thought, his sermons had never met with so practical a response before. On leaving he was accented by one of the brethren who said: "I hope we didn't disturb you, sir; but ours is a penny-in-the-slot meter, and we should have been in darkness if we hadn't attended to it."—London Evening Standard.

Congratulated Them.

A Polish couple came before a justice of the peace to be married. The young man handed him the marriage license and the pair stood up before him.

"Join hands," said the justice. They did so and the justice looked at the document, which authorized him to unite in matrimony Zacharias Perzynski and Leonarda Jendinski.

"Ahem," he said. "Zacharias, do you take this woman?"
"Yes, sir," responded the young man.

"Leo-h-m-h-aki, do you take this man to be?"
"Yes, sir," replied the woman.

"Then I pronounce you man and wife," said the justice, glad to find something he could pronounce, "and I heartily congratulate you both on having reduced those two names to one."—London Opinion.

Just Like George.
A mother met her husband at the door with a telegram one Saturday.

"Our son," she gasped, "wires us that at football this afternoon he broke his left leg and his nose."

"Humph!" said the father. He added: "And the score—what was the score?"
"The telegram doesn't say," replied the mother.

"That's just like George," cried the father. "He never thinks of anybody but himself."

Method in Everything.
A physician who worthily bears a distinguished name occupies an old mansion in the suburbs of Boston. His name, who lives with him, tells a laughable story, illustrating his calmness of manner and love of method.

Not long ago his aunt tipped into his room on the second floor some time after midnight, and told him she thought there were burglars in the house. The doctor attired himself in his dressing robe, and went down stairs.

In the rear hall he encountered a tough looking man trying to open a door that led into the back yard. The burglar had successfully unlocked the door and was pulling at it with all his strength. The doctor, seeing the robber's predicament, called to him: "It don't open that way, you idiot! It slides back!"—National Monthly.

Not to Be Fooled.
Proudly young Tompkins displayed the sights of London to his uncle, fresh from the verdant country. They visited St. Paul's and the Embankment and the national gallery and all the places they could get in free and finally, as an especial treat, they visited a music hall where a trombone solo was in progress when they entered, says Answers.

With rapt attention the old man watched the instrumentalist's facial contortions. At the close the audience applauded thunderously, but the old man sat mute.

"Well," said young Tompkins, "didn't you like it?"
"Verra good, verra good, no doubt," nodded the old man, "but we country folks canna be taken in so easy as all that. I know all the time he wasn't a-swallowin' of it!"

At the Squag House.
Simeon Ford, hotel man and humorist, said in New York the other day:

"New York's hotels are the best in the world. They put even the hotels of London, Paris and the Riviera to the blush."
In fact, after a New York hotel, the next best place in the world is the Squag house, where a guest rank in the middle of the night and said:

"Landlord, the roof's leaking. I'm drenched!"
"Very good, sir,"

"The landlord retired and in a moment was back again with a large washtub."
"Here you are, sir," he said. "We'll just put this on your chest. We'll have a full rain again or yell, and I'll have an empty one ready!"

Noted Radium Scientist Pays Visit to University

(By Dr. John D. Clark.)
Dr. Charles L. Parsons, chief of the division of mineralogy of the United States bureau of mines, and secretary of the American Chemical society, was a recent visitor at the university.

Extraction of Radium.

Dr. Parsons came to Albuquerque from Colorado, where he has been inspecting and supervising the work of extraction of radium from the carnallite ores of Colorado. Several attempts have been made to have congress establish works in this country for extracting and conserving for America the small amount of radium which we possess. Such efforts were not successful, and through the efforts of Dr. Parsons private and philanthropic assistance has been given to the work, and through the co-operation of the United States department of interior the opportunity for working the Colorado field has just been secured, and successful extraction of radium has begun, the entire product being taken by two physicians in a large hospital in Baltimore. At present these surgeons are in possession of 1,200 milligrams of about one-twentieth of an ounce of radium bromide, valued at approximately \$150,000.

Curing Cancer.

By the use of this quantity of radium these two specialists have succeeded within the last six months, and particularly within the last two months, in curing absolutely certain forms of cancer. Dr. Parsons stated that in one case a cancer in the throat was choking to death a patient, and that death was looked for within one hour. The prompt application of this large quantity of radium immediately removed all distress. The treatment continued for an hour or so, and the cancer entirely disappeared within two days. In another case a growth on the mouth, face and throat of a patient was so bad that the patient took his food through a tube and wrote all his wants on a piece of paper, being unable to speak. This patient was given the radium treatment, which caused the cancer to disappear within a few days, and the patient was discharged from the hospital in three weeks.

Early Failures to Cure.

While work with this large quantity of radium has only started, and while sufficient time has not yet elapsed to permit very positive statements to be made, it appears that all forms of the round celled sarcoma yield at once to proper radium treatment, and that fibroid tumors and hemorrhages readily succumb to radium. Early failures to cure cancer by means of radium seem to have been due to want of a sufficient quantity of the radio active material.

Seeking More Radium.

Dr. Parsons hopes that the work which is under his direction may result in the extraction of four or five grams of radium within the next three or four years. This is about four or five times the amount now in possession of the Baltimore surgeons.

Slight Loss to Radium.

As radium loses only one-half of its strength in 2,000 years, the production of this amount of radium can lead directly to the cure of thousands of cases of cancer. The radium which is at present in Baltimore is being used continuously day and night, and the number of patients in waiting for treatment is exceedingly large.

Fees for the radium treatment have varied from \$5,000 to no charge at all, fully one-half of the cases treated having been charity ones.

Hits From Sharp Wits

One great trouble with a crank is that you can never tell whether he will turn to the right or to the wrong.

It is more important to know what sort of a man wears the label than to take the label itself as being the truth teller.—Knoxville Journal and Tribune.

The lazy man is never satisfied with his lot if it is a job lot.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

The more one learns, the less one feels one knows.

The greatness that may be thrust upon a person is deficient in lasting quality.—Albany Journal.

"Some men are born politicians," remarked the Man on the Car, "some have politics thrust upon them, and others acquire a campaign handshake."—Toledo Blade.

Several other new novels looked interesting—"Ashton-Kirk, Special Detective," whom many readers will recognize as an old friend in a new story; "The Flaming Sword," by George Gibbs; "The Role World," by Parker Fillmore, and "The Woman Alone," by Mabel Herbert Ufner.

Foley's Honey and Tar Compound

For Croup.
Croup scares you. The loud hoarse cough, choking and gasping for breath, labored breathing, call for immediate relief. The very first dose of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound will master the croup. It cuts the thick mucus, clears away the phlegm and opens up and eases the air passages. Harold Rigg, Mass., Mich., writes: "We give Foley's Honey and Tar to our children for croup and it always acts quickly." Every user is a friend. For sale by Butts, Inc.

EASILY MADE AT HOME

are accurately described and beautifully illustrated in the New Autumn

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AND FASHION PUBLICATIONS NOW ON SALE

Get the New McCall Book of Fashions Today.

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Military Flavor to New Books at Library

Bringing Up Father



RECOGNITION IS ACCORDED IRISH BRIGADE IN WAR

John Redmond Wins Point and Troops From Emerald Isle Will Be Kept Together as a Unit.

(Associated Press Correspondence.)
Dublin, Oct. 31.—John Redmond's request for the official recognition of an Irish brigade has been met. The nationalist leader shortly before the prorogation of parliament declared that his country had a right to claim that Irish recruits for the expeditionary force should be kept together as a unit, offered as far as possible by Irishmen and composed, if possible, of county battalions, "so that Ireland may gain national credit for their deeds and feel like other communities of the empire, that she, too, has contributed an army bearing her name in this historic struggle."

Since that manifesto was published recruiting in Ireland, north and south, has been active, and now the Irish brigade, as outlined by Mr. Redmond, is being formed. It will consist of the sixteenth division of the new army, composed of twelve purely Irish battalions, with headquarters at Malton, County Cork. Most of its officers, including the commander, will be Irishmen, and Mr. Redmond has agreed to regard the division as the Irish brigade.

Lieutenant General Sir Lawrence Worthington Parsons, a former "gunner" and a King's county man, has been appointed to the command. Sir Lawrence formerly held an Irish command, while he did good service in South Africa, being present at the relief of Ladysmith. Since then he has been inspector general of artillery in India. He was knighted on his retirement two years ago.

Claxton Praised New Mexico.
Sant Fe, Nov. 8.—P. C. Claxton, United States commissioner of education, in a circular letter sent out this week, calls attention to the fact that New Mexico is one of the states that aids teachers in a more or less direct manner to obtain positions. While maintaining no separate bureau of department in the state board, as do Indiana, New Jersey, Minnesota and Connecticut, the department of education aids boards of school directors in securing the services of competent teachers without vouching for the teachers except in special cases where the qualifications are well known to the state office. The work thus done is free from any fee whatever and only serves to accommodate both teachers and boards.

CALL FOR BIDS.
Sealed bids will be received at the office of the county clerk of Bernalillo county, New Mexico, up to 2 o'clock in the afternoon of Saturday, November 14, 1914, for driving of a double line of piling on the west bank of the Rio Grande about one-half mile above the Alameda bridge. Said work to consist of 50 piles (25 piles 25 feet long and 25 piles 30 feet long) making a breakwater 200 feet in length. Said piling to be inspected and accepted by the county surveyor of said county, and all work to be done under the supervision and to the satisfaction of said county surveyor. The plans and specifications for said work may be seen at the office of the county surveyor.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the board of county commissioners.
A. R. WALKER, Clerk.

WANTED: A Bright Young Man

A long established and reputable house—40 years in business—has an opening in this city for a resident representative. His time will be largely his own; the work is pleasant and agreeable; his profit averages more than 33% on the business done, and previous experience is not essential. This is an ideal opportunity for a young man of good appearance, wide circle of acquaintance and a genuine desire to make good in a profitable field of work. The earliest reply will receive first consideration.

FOSTER GILROY
301 Lafayette Street
New York

HELP WANTED.

Male.

WANTED—Second baker at French Bakery.

WANTED—Pin setters at the Drummer Bowling Alley.

Female.

WANTED—At once, good washerwoman. Apply 1013 Forrester avenue.

WANTED—Maid who can cook and do general housework. Family of two. 1274 West Central avenue.

WANTED—Young girls to do headwork. Apply mornings, 117 Gold avenue, upstairs. John Lee Carter, Inc.

WANTED—Singer to work one-half of each day; can either take work home or do it in office; must work reasonable hours. 241.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Small good washing tank. O. E. Clarke, phone 1402M.

WANTED—We buy old gold and silver. Bernalillo, Fourth and Gold.

CARPENTER and Builder. Ira Deaton, phone 1331, Bernalillo Army.

CARPET CLEANING, furniture and stove repairing. W. A. Goff, phone 548.

WANTED—Room with sleeping porch, and board by Irish gentleman; not sick. Address M. J. care Journal.

WANTED—A good mining prospect. Will buy, or furnish money to develop for an interest. P. O. Box 437, Albuquerque.

WANTED—An organ for Sunday school use. Must be in good condition and cheap. Apply Mrs. G. E. Cobb, Catharine, N. M.

WANTED—Gentleman's washing, called for and delivered. Prices—Shirts, 15 cts.; Union suits, 15 cts.; drawers and shirts, 15 cts.; night shirts, 8 cts.; socks, 2 cts.; handkerchiefs, 1 cts.; pajamas, 15 cts. 7234 East First.

WANTED—Positions.

WANTED—A position by an experienced middle-aged woman as housekeeper in hotel or rooming house or will cook or keep house for rich gentleman. Not sick. Address Mrs. M. J. Joerg, phone 1329W.

WANTED—Rooms With Board.

WANTED—Boarding with son, age 12, near school; homelike; terms must be reasonable; widow's home preferred. No other boarders. No objection to a little extra out of town. Address Permanently, Journal office.

WANTED—Boards.

BOARDS at Whitcomb Springs, Tinsdale, N. M., 215 South Second street.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

GET the habit and take your dinner at Whitcomb Springs.

FOR SALE—Good baby carriage, cheap. 683 South Gold street.

FOR SALE—Small cook stove, cheap. 563 West Marble avenue.

FOR SALE—Horse, buggy, and harness, cheap. 131 West Silver avenue.

FOR SALE—Underwood typewriter, good order. 139 212 West Gold, phone 144.

FOR SALE—Good second-hand buggy, cheap. W. H. McMillan, 211 West Gold.

FOR SALE—New cement block machine, latest improved; fast down process. Very cheap. Phone 144.

FOR SALE—Gentle young driving mare, buggy and harness, at a bargain. Call at 1023 South Edith street.

FOR SALE—Span 3-year-old mules, harness, good order. 1023 South Edith street.

FOR SALE—Good French Merino ram. Address William Melnick, Melnick, N. M.

FOR SALE—Wood working machinery, cement block machine and tools, roofing, etc. J. H. Good, office phone 32; residence, 218.

FOR SALE—Due bills for room accommodations at the Gates hotel, Los Angeles, Cal. The Gates hotel is fire-proof, one of the newest and best in Los Angeles, and is owned by ourselves. Order now. Address to Seed Co., Amarillo, Texas.

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If You Have a Want Tell It Through the

JOURNAL CLASSIFIED COLUMNS

FOR SALE

\$3,500—5-room brick, modern, well built, hardwood floors, fireplace, cemented cellar, covered lot, fine location in Highlands.
\$2,700—13 acres of good land near Lumber Mill, near car line.
\$2,000—5-room frame, modern; Highlands, close in; easy terms.
\$1,600—4-room frame, modern; Lowlands, near shops; \$400 cash, balance, 5 per cent.
\$3,900—9-room, 2-story brick, modern, fine location, W. Central; \$900 cash, balance 5 per cent.
\$1,900—4-room frame, bath, fine shade, good outbuildings, fine location; N. 11th St.
\$3,200—6-room bungalow, modern, Highlands, close in.

A. FLEISCHER

Loans Fire Insurance
111 South Fourth Street

FOR RENT—Rooms.

FOR RENT—Furnished room, cheap. 1823 Forrester avenue.

FOR RENT—Modern furnished room, bath, telephone. 407 North Fourth.

FOR RENT—Modern furnished room, steam heat, no sick. 503 West Central.

FOR RENT—One nice furnished room, cheap. 615 North First street.

FOR RENT—Sleazy furnished room, modern, no sick. 518 West First. Phone 1329W.

FOR RENT—Two rooms furnished for light housekeeping. \$12 a month. 464 North Second.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 423 West Lead avenue.

FOR RENT—One nice furnished room with conveniences, with or without board. 518 West Silver avenue.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Central location, steam heat, bath. Weekly rates. \$7.50, \$10.00, \$15.00. Grand Central Hotel.

FOR RENT—Large, clean, newly furnished room in good location and private family; bath, lights, shade. 224 West New York.

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for housekeeping. No sick. 511 West Silver.

FOR RENT—Neatly furnished room, all improvements. 414 West Gold avenue.

FOR RENT—Part of private home to desirable couple, steam heat. 1116 W. Central.

FOR RENT—Two clean, furnished rooms for housekeeping. 423 West Lead avenue.

FOR RENT—Furnished room for gentlemen; \$8 per month. 115 West Gold avenue.

FOR RENT—Two desirable housekeeping rooms, reasonable. No sick. 418 West Gold.

FOR RENT—Housekeeping rooms and furnished cottages, sleeping porches. 418 West Gold.

FOR RENT—Furnished room with sleeping porch, modern, steam heat. 409 West Gold avenue.

Highlands.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms. 218 South Walter, Phone 291.

FOR RENT—Furnished room, close in to high school and library. 217 South Walter.

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping and sleeping porch. 221 South Walter.

FOR RENT—Two large modern rooms, all improvements, for housekeeping. 638 South Broadway.

ALGONKIE—Rooms and large sleeping porch. 315 East River, between Alameda and Edith; \$4.00 to \$10.00 per month.

General.

FOR RENT—Three furnished, with bath and large porch. Also five-room flat. Apply 1024 North Fourth street.

FOR RENT—Rooms With Board.

North.

FOR RENT—Rooms or cottages with board at Mrs. Reed's sanitarium for convalescents. Home milk, cream, eggs, fruits and flowers. Lockhart Ranch. Phone 1035.

South.

EXCELLENT table board and nicely furnished rooms with hot and cold water in every room. Call Dr. Cro, 513 West Gold.

Highlands.

TABLE BOARD \$1.50 per week. Rooms and sleeping porches. 223 South Edith.

FOR RENT—Sunny front room and sleeping porch; board; convalescents. 723 South Edith.

General.

SPEND your week-end at the Whitcomb Springs.

EXCELLENT table board and room in private family, close in. Phone 1412.

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.

FOR RENT—Large 5-room modern brick house, clean, light and airy, screened front and back porch. Also furniture for sale; one dining room table, chairs, rug, heating stove, fine bed room sets, etc. Mrs. Royal Stewart kitchen range. Furniture and house can be seen any time after 5 o'clock Monday morning, November 9, 509 West Lead avenue.

FOR RENT—Apartments.

FOR RENT—Two 2-room apartments with porch, modern. \$15 per month each. Phone 444.

FOR RENT—3-room furnished apartment for housekeeping with glass enclosed sleeping porch. 618 West Silver avenue.

Snaps

Five-room modern brick; 50-foot lot; one block from car line; only \$1,700; \$200 down, \$25 per month.

WHY PAY RENT?

Two-room house; lot 100x142; only \$650; \$150 cash, \$10 per month.

Porterfield Co.

REAL ESTATE—FIRE INSURANCE—LOANS

216 W. Gold

For Rent Houses

Modern cottages, 4 to 8 rooms. 6-room flat, steam heat, close in.

W. H. McMillan

211 West Gold

FOR RENT—Dwellings.

North.

FOR RENT—Four-room cottage, furnished, modern. Mrs. J. Motenbauer, 913 North Second street.

FOR RENT—Six-room, modern flat, North Fifth street. \$10.00 per month; water paid. First Savings Bank & Trust Co. Journal, or phone 1715W.

FOR RENT—Five-room modern frame, in good repair, close in Highlands. N. A. C. Journal, or phone 1715W.

FOR RENT—Four-room brick, modern, gas range and shades, strictly sanitary. Price \$20 per month. Inquire 511 Granite avenue.

South.

FOR RENT—Five-room modern house, De Burton, room 3, Burnett building.

FOR RENT—Four-room, completely furnished house, modern. Apply 417 West Lead.

FOR RENT—Four-room brick, modern, gas range; close in, new furnishings; corner house. Inquire 128 South Seventh.

FOR RENT—Six-room brick house at 705 West Gold avenue. Apply to W. E. McMillan, 216 West Central.

FOR RENT—OR SALE—216 North Ninth street, modern, 4-room brick, sleeping porch, hot water heat; all in first-class repair. Inquire Mrs. Tilton Dugh, 414 South Third street.

Highlands.

FOR RENT—Three-room furnished house, modern; also housekeeping rooms. 1301 South Walter, Phone 928.

General.

FOR RENT—Four-room modern bungalow, completely furnished; sleeping porch, piano, refrigerator, etc. See Porterfield Co., 216 West Gold.

COUNTRY HOME FOR RENT.

VERY desirable 2-room, furnished country home on the Pecos. Rent six months or year. Suitable horses, fresh milk and butter, sunny and healthy location. Write or see W. N. Townsend, Santa Fe, N. M.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR RENT—Restaurant and hotel; cheap. E. Hest, 315 South First street.

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Crescent Hardware Co.

Stoves, Ranges, Home Furnishing Goods, Cutlery, Tools, Iron Pipe, Valves and Fitting, Plumbing, Heating, Tin and Copper Work.

818 W. CENTRAL AVE.

TELEPHONE 215.

When You Want the Best Butter Insist on PEERLESS BRAND

A VERY NICE ASSORTMENT OF APPLES

SPECIAL PRICES BY THE BOX

We Would Be Pleased to Have You Inspect Them

WARD'S STORE

315 Marble Ave. Phone 298-299
HOMER H. WARD, Mgr.

Strong Brothers Undertakers

PROMPT SERVICE. PHONE 15. STRONG BROS., COPPER AND SECOND.

LOCAL ITEMS OF INTEREST

WEATHER REPORT.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 4 o'clock yesterday evening.
Maximum temperature, 70; lowest, minimum temperature, 30; range, 40.
Temperature at 6 p. m. yesterday, 54.
Southwest wind; clear.

Herbott, painting, papering, 1495 J. Dr. Schwenker, osteopath, Ph. 717.
Get the Old Fashioned Licorice Drops at Joe's candy store.

Theodore Blankenship, who has been visiting in Kansas and Missouri for the last month, returned to the city Saturday night.

There will be a regular meeting of Mineral Lodge No. 4, Knights of Pythias, at 7:30 o'clock tonight. All members are requested to attend. The rank of age will be conferred. Visitors are always welcome.

CRYSTAL TODAY

221 South Second St.
HIGH CLASS HOUSE
HIGH CLASS PICTURES
HIGH CLASS MUSIC

Mary Pickford in "IN THE BISHOP'S CARRIAGE"
A Four-reel Famous Player Feature From the Paramount Program.

"THE HOLDUP"
Chapter 7 of the "Beloved Adventurer."

NO RAISE IN PRICES.

Matinees at 2:30 and 8:30.
Last Show at Night Begins at 9:15.

COMING

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY
NOV. 11 AND 12

"The Spitfire"

Four-reel Famous Player Feature, With Caryle Blackwell—Paramount Program.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

NOV. 13 AND 14

"One Wonderful Night"

FOUR REELS
Featuring Francis Bushman, Winner of the Contest in the Ladies' World by Over 800,000 Majority Over all Others—The Winner to Star in This Picture.

One Solid Week of All Star Features

Admission 10 Cents
Children, 5 Cents

NOW 50c EACH

THE MELTING OF MOLLY
THE SECRET GARDEN
OLD ROSE AND SILVER
MOTHER CAREY'S CHICKENS
and 500 Other Titles

STRONG'S BOOK STORE

Albuquerque, N. M.

MUTT AND JEFF ALL DOLLED UP IN NEW DRESS

Dramatization of Bud Fisher's Droll Characters Takes Another Form and is Better Than Ever.

After three seasons of veritable triumph, Gus Hill comes back for the fourth season with his perennial success, "Mutt & Jeff" in an entire new dress. "In Mexico" is the title of the story that is to form a background for Bud Fisher's droll characters, who are the greatest and most durable success of the cartoon world. The new production is an innovation of play craftsmanship, embodying about all of the real most of standard amusement: the thrill of the melodrama, the side-splitting situations of the farce comedy, the extravagance and unselfish brilliancy of the burlesque and the homogenous art of musical comedy, not forgetting a scenic production, electrically embellished, including some startling mechanical effects that overshadow all previous attempts at realism. Contrary to the general idea of producing managers to frame up their offerings for the second and third years cheaply and "clean up," speaking in the parlance of the profession, Mr. Hill has spent more money and greater energy in this season's "Mutt & Jeff in Mexico" than on any of the previous productions, so great is his faith in the lasting qualities of the cartoon play. In this season's entertainment, there isn't a thing left but "Mutt & Jeff." The story, music, lyrics, scenery and electrical effects are all new. Mr. Hill has selected a cast superior in every respect to any he has yet been able to offer. All in all "Mutt & Jeff in Mexico" will surely live up to the title of the one great hit of the show world and "It will go some."

It comes to the Elks theater November 12, opening with a matinee on Thursday afternoon for an engagement of two performances. Secure seats in advance is an old cry, but in this case it is very necessary as "Mutt & Jeff" always play to overflowing houses.

N. M. E. A. NUMBER OF UNIVERSITY NEWS IS UP TO HIGH STANDARD

"The Educational Association Number" of "The University News" will be off the press today, and is up to the high standard set by Dean C. E. Holden, editor-in-chief.

As its title indicates, this copy of The News is devoted to the coming meeting of the New Mexico Educational association to be held in Albuquerque the three days preceding Thanksgiving.

The News contains the complete program of the meet, and is in addition embellished with cuts of President E. B. Craighead, Prof. L. D. Coffman, and Supt. C. C. Hill, president of the association.

Other items of interest are an article on the use of radium in the cure of cancer, by Dr. John D. Clark, head of the department of chemistry at the university, a "Receipt for the Cure of Diphtheria" prepared by Dr. Mexico's pioneer in education—Dr. Hiram Hadley, of Manila Park—and several other articles of general interest.

Mailing The News will start today. It being the aim of the university authorities to have it in the hands of all teachers of the state before the meet takes place.

CALIFORNIA BALLOT IS AN ALLOPATHIC DOSE

They do their voting in allopathic doses in California.

A sample ballot of the sort they used over there last Tuesday was received in Albuquerque recently and shows a sheet of paper approximately fourteen inches longer and five inches wider than a page of the Morning Journal, with reading matter on it that would take the average man who had not seen it before the better part of a half hour to negotiate.

The names of eighty-three candidates are listed on the ballot, with fifty-two "questions and propositions" submitted to vote of electors. All of these names and questions provided for both an affirmative and a negative vote, and this takes some space.

The wonder of it is, after a careful scrutiny of the ballot, that they were able to construct boxes big enough to hold all the ballots and that they were ever able to get through counting the vote.

GET WISE
Jewelry, watches, silverware, etc., carefully repaired. Will clean your watch for \$1. Malesprings \$1. All work strictly guaranteed or your money refunded. Expert watch and jewelry repairs and stone setting.
W. S. Ziegler
First Door South Crystal Theater.

ANOTHER GREAT ROUTE MAY BE EXTENDED HERE

Dixie Overland Association, Seeking Way to Pacific Slope, Probably Will Run Road Through City.

The Dixie Overland Highway association plans to extend its route westward to Los Angeles. Col. D. K. R. Sellers, president of the Ocean-to-Ocean Highway association, was informed of this plan by L. J. Henderson, secretary of the Dixie organization.

The Dixie association has selected the western extension as far as Fort Worth, Tex., but is undecided whether to go on by way of El Paso or through Albuquerque. Colonel Sellers, of course, is working energetically for the Albuquerque way. This would bring another big highway through this city, already one of the greatest big road centers in the west, and consequently draw many more tourists here.

Sellers Sends Log.
The secretary, in writing to Colonel Sellers, asked him which would be the more feasible, the road from Fort Worth via El Paso or that from Fort Worth via Albuquerque. The colonel's answer was to send the secretary a log of the latter road. The route suggested by him runs from Fort Worth to Howell, thence to Vaughn and thence over the Panhandle Pacific to this city. From this city west he recommended the Ocean-to-ocean highway.

Colonel Sellers made a comparison of the climatic advantages of the Albuquerque and El Paso routes. He also informed the secretary that the scenic attractions of the former route were unexcelled and included the Grand Canyon of Arizona.

Names Vice Presidents.
Colonel Sellers was asked to name vice presidents of the Dixie Overland association for western Texas, New Mexico and Arizona. He sent in the names of Seth B. Holman, Amarillo, Tex.; H. M. Dougherty, Socorro, N. M.; and Gustave Becker, Springerville, Ariz.

Secretary Henderson also asked Colonel Sellers to send a log of the roads from Vicksburg, Miss., to Albuquerque. The road from Savannah, Ga., the eastern terminus of the Dixie Overland, to Vicksburg is now under construction, he said.

Colonel Sellers expects some of the Dixie Overland officials to come to Albuquerque in automobiles, looking over the road longed by him for their western branch.

Would Bring Many Tourists.
If the Dixie Overland officials decide upon Albuquerque instead of El Paso as one of their principal stopping places this fact will bring here many tourists from a large territory not tapped by any of the roads now leading into this city. Colonel Sellers is desirous of influencing the Dixie Overland people to regard Albuquerque favorably for this reason.

JOHN C. MUIR DIES; ONCE DISPATCHER FOR A. & P. HERE

John C. Muir, general manager of the Chicago Eastern Illinois railroad, died last Wednesday at Terre Haute, Ind., according to information received here yesterday.

Mr. Muir lived here years ago. He was then chief dispatcher for the Atlantic & Pacific, now the Santa Fe coast lines. He was married here to Miss Lotta Whitman, daughter of Judge W. H. Whitman, of the territorial district court.

The funeral was held Saturday. Burial was in Danville, Ill.

VIGOROUS CAMPAIGN FOR MONEY TO BUILD Y. M. C. A. IS NOW ON

(Continued From Page One.)

cause some other city in the same locality, and with the same advantages otherwise, possessed a Y. M. C. A. Excerpts from newspapers were produced to show that this sometimes happens, as was the case with Rockford, Illinois, and Toledo before an association was built in the latter city.

"How much better a mother can feel when she sends her boy out into the world, if he must go away from home, if he has in pocket a Y. M. C. A. membership card. This admits him to any association in the world and provides him with the nearest substitute to a real home that can be had. This feeling of brotherhood among the members of the Y. M. C. A. is wide and deep, and the boy in a strange city can go to the Y. M. C. A. and there find companions of the right sort and be assisted in finding and holding a position."

BANQUET TONIGHT TO AROUSE ENTHUSIASM
Every man in Albuquerque, young and old, is invited and urged to be present this evening at the Y. M. C. A. banquet at Masonic temple. The affair will be such a demonstration of Albuquerque spirit and enthusiasm as has seldom been seen and one that will long be remembered by all those who are fortunate enough to be in attendance. It is to be a meeting of men working together in a great common cause for their city and its boys, and the sentiments that will find expression will warm the blood and quicken the pulse of the most staid and phlegmatic. It will be a revival of civic patriotism and a call to arms for the cause of the Young Men's Christian association.

The banquet will begin at 6:30 o'clock with a program of speakers to follow, including well known local men and some out of town speakers.

ers. Those who have not secured tickets should do so at the Y. M. C. A. headquarters today, or telephone for the same before 2 o'clock this morning, as it will be necessary at that time to make final arrangements for the entire number of plates.

From all indications last night the temple will be crowded to capacity.

SOLICITING CAMPAIGN BEGINS EARLY TODAY

This is Albuquerque's week. The next few days will practically decide the fate of the Y. M. C. A. campaign. This morning 120 men are covering the city and surrounding country in automobiles, gathering the pledges that will build a \$75,000 structure for the eternal good of the city and its citizenship. These men are equipped and determined; they have spent many days and nights in preparation for the work they have undertaken; they are confident with the confidence that comes from a belief in the ultimate success of a high ideal and because they know the citizens of Albuquerque are backing them and expecting them to win. They realize that failure is impossible with the eyes of nearly a million Y. M. C. A. workers in all parts of the world upon them and the cities of the west and southwest waiting to classify Albuquerque according to the showing that has been made at midnight, November 12. As the word retreat has been stricken from the German textbooks on strategy, so has the word fail been eliminated from the vocabulary of the team captains and their men, and for the Albuquerque Y. M. C. A. they are determined there shall be no battle of the Marne.

"Don't put off giving until tomorrow when you can give today," is the battle cry of the workers. They earnestly request all who are approached to give freely and at once that the work may proceed with dispatch. It is a huge task, the interviewing of 5,000 men and women, and those who hold back and ask that they be called on again are but blocking the progress of the organization. Y. M. C. A. headquarters desires to point out that while "It is a Long Road to Tippecanoe" it is a much longer one on which 5,000 calls must be made, especially if any great number of them must be repeated. To give or not to give is not the question, but how much and how freely.

Every captain and every member of the teams should be at the luncheon at headquarters this noon. This is very important, the executive committee announces, as special instructions will be given at that time, and the final preparations made for the canvass. The luncheon will be served at 12:30 o'clock by the committee in charge, assisted by the women of the Baptist church.

KEEP YOUR EYE FIXED ON JOURNAL THERMOMETER

At the close of each day's campaign the Journal will check up the progress of the soliciting committee and the total amount subscribed up to the time of going to press. By glancing at the thermometer every morning our readers will know whether the campaign is hot or cold, how much has been subscribed and the amount still to be secured. The Albuquerque Y. M. C. A. funds are at zero this morning, although that is not the temperature of the Albuquerque enthusiasm.

Next Monday at midnight the mercury must shoot the top out of the thermometer, for the campaign for funds will end at that time. As has been the case elsewhere, it is expected that the last few days of soliciting will be the most strenuous and exciting and that the team rivalry will be at fever heat before the final returns are all in.

In other cities the closing of the campaign has resembled greatly the excitement of an election. Hundreds and thousands usually gather at the headquarters to hear the final reports read and to learn the outcome of the long weeks of work, to celebrate success with cheers and outbursts of enthusiasm. So great has been the interest aroused locally and so earnest and determined are the workers and their friends that an immense crowd will no doubt be out a week from tonight unless the final outcome of the campaign has been definitely decided before the returns of the last day's soliciting are in.

The large clock that will show the subscriptions obtained up to noon of each day will be placed this morning on the tower of the State National Bank building. The hands will be set at zero to remain there until the first reports are in from the 120 workers who will go forth this morning to interview 5,000 Albuquerque citizens.

FOLEY CATHARTIC TABLETS.
Are wholesome, thoroughly cleansing, and have a stimulating effect on the stomach, liver and bowels. Regulate your system with no unpleasant after effects. Stout people find they give immense relief and comfort. Anti-bilious. Warren Spofford, Green Bay, Wis., writes: "Foley Cathartic Tablets are the best laxative I ever used. They do the work promptly and with no bad after effects." Try them. For sale by Butts, Inc.

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Attractive, close in, modern residence. Ten rooms, sleeping porches, corner, well improved grounds. Box 484.

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Figures and workmanship count. We guarantee more for your money than any other contracting firm in Albuquerque. Office at SUPERIOR PLANING MILL.
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To the young business man

YOUR position where you work is secure only as long as you continue to give satisfaction.

We recognize the same principle in our clothing business.

We give it by selling good clothes and guaranteeing correctness of style and service.

If anything fails to satisfy, we make good.

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HOT DRINKS OF ALL KINDS AT GRIMSHAW'S Second and Central "Sanitation Our Special Delight."

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Here's Where Your Nickel "Makes a Mickle!"

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A new gum made to give the lovers of Peppermint lots of "Pep" with its double strength flavor.

It is also double wrapped and sealed to insure your getting it fresh, tasty and full-flavored, always.

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Gallup Lump Cerrillos Lump HAHN COAL CO PHONE 91. Anthracite, All Sizes, Steam Coal. Coke, Mill Wood, Factory Wood, Cord Wood, Native Kindling, Lumber.

AUCTION SALE
WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 11, AT 2 P. M., AT 118 N. ARNO
I will sell at auction the following furniture: Cook Stove, Washstands, Rockers, Rugs, Beds, Springs, Mattresses, Heating Stoves, Table, Chairs and many other articles. All goods are sanitary. This is a rare opportunity to get your extra needs in furniture at your own price.
J. L. GOBER, Auctioneer