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ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1914.

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DESPERATE FIGHTING NOW IN PROGRESS ALONG WHOLE FRONT IN BELGIUM AND IN NORTHERN PART OF FRANCE

KING ALBERT'S ARMY, SUPPORTED BY ALLIES, HOLDS GERMANS FROM MOVING ON CHANNEL CITIES

Paris Reports Claim Progress in Operations Against Invaders in Vicinity of St. Mihiel and Other Points Where Forces Are in Contact; Strong Reinforcements Are Being Brought Up and Engagements Are of Most Sanguinary Character; Dispatches From Petrograd and Vienna Make Statements Absolutely Opposite to Each Other and Not Even Guesses Can Be Made as to Which May Be More Nearly Correct.

The Germans not only are attempting an advance along the coast of the North sea to the French ports, but have attacked the allies at many points on the battle front from the extreme north to the heights of the Meuse.

In the north the Belgian army has held its ground with tenacity, while at La Bassée, around Arras, between Peronne and Albert, to the east of the Argonne and along the Meuse the German offensive has been repulsed.

This is the substance of the French official report and in a measure it is in agreement with the Berlin official report which, while not attempting any detailed description of the battle, declares the German forces have met with strong opposition at the river Yser, where the fighting has continued since Sunday, but that otherwise the situation rather favors the German arms, particularly in the vicinity of Lille, at which point the French arms have been attacking for several days with desperation and have been repulsed with heavy losses.

Thirty thousand Germans are reported to have occupied the coast between Ostend and Nieuport and to have dug trenches along the dykes from Middelkerke to Westend, but later advices declare they have been repulsed near the latter town and that their guns are now near Ostend, which they still occupy.

The Russian commander in chief announces there is no change in the situation although the Russians are in contact with the enemy at various points in Galicia and east Prussia. With this the Berlin official statement agrees.

A Rotterdam dispatch says the German marines are leaving Antwerp to join the fleet and that the ships at Kiel have been extensively provisioned, portending possible activity on the part of the German navy, which has been at anchor for the past two months in Germany's well protected harbors.

Vienna officially reports Austrian successes in Galicia, east of Chyrow and Przemyśl, and adds that the Austro-German armies have repulsed a great cavalry attack on Poland.

Japan announces the occupation for military purposes of important islands in the Marianne, Marshall, East Caroline and West Caroline archipelagos. All of the Marianne groups have been occupied with the exception of Guam, which was acquired by the United States in 1898 in accordance with the terms of the treaty terminating the Spanish-American war.

Peking dispatches report on the authority of refugees from Tsing Tan that the Japanese have lost several thousand men in their campaign against the German concession in China.

It is estimated that there are not less than 2,000,000 Belgians outside the borders of their own country and that there are at least 500,000 wounded in France.

According to a Rotterdam dispatch three Zeppelin dirigible sheds are being erected at Brussels and four at Antwerp. If this is true, it may be a preliminary to the threatened raid on England across the channel.

frontier and across Poland and Galicia. In Galicia, however, the Austrians claim to have repulsed Russian attacks and to be making progress in their campaign to drive out the invaders.

The Russians, on the other hand, say they are making large numbers of prisoners. Heavy fighting is still going on at the Italian front, correspondent to have been destroyed by the Russian siege guns, while the forts have been dismantled and magazines blown up. The town itself, however, has not been damaged.

Great Battle Continues.
The same correspondent says the battle continues on the Vistula, San and Dniester rivers. There is a system of great entrenchments on the Russian side and the entire front is furnished with powerful guns which day and night hurl thousands of projectiles in the enemy's lines. The Austrians and Germans, adds the correspondent, have been obliged to remain on the defensive, but have repulsed a great cavalry attack to the west of Warsaw.

Sarajevo, the Bosnian capital, according to a report issued at Nish, is completely enveloped by Serbians and determined efforts are being made to take the town before the end of the trial of the alleged assassin of the Austrian heir, Archduke Francis Ferdinand, whose murder started the war.

In South Africa the rebellion of Colonel Maritz has been virtually broken up. Another lot of officers and men have been captured while others have surrendered voluntarily to the African authorities.

Italy has issued an official denial of the report so often circulated that she had occupied Albania, the Adriatic port of Albania. The news from Italy shows that the Italian people are growing more antagonistic to the Austrians because the Italian fishing industry has been interrupted by Austrian mines in the Adriatic and because the service of many steamship lines has been suspended for the same reason.

Sweden has ordered all lights on her coast extinguished so that they cannot be of use to the navies of the belligerent powers.

The food shortage in Belgium is growing more serious and efforts are being made by American officials to hurry relief, especially to Brussels, where the need is greatest.

PLANS TO ABANDON WARSAW ANNOUNCED

Berlin, Oct. 20. (Via London, Oct. 21, 2 a. m.)—According to Russian newspapers received here the Russian government has instructed the civil authorities of Warsaw to abandon that city and take refuge in Petrograd if the German troops get within thirty miles of the town. The civil administration and also the civil population, the newspaper adds, are about to depart for Petrograd, the military commander at Warsaw having advised this step.

The orth German Gazette, the official organ of the German government today publishes the bill which will be sent to the Prussian diet in extra session, October 22. Under this bill the government is permitted to borrow \$375,000,000 to cover the deficiency in public revenues caused by the war and to give relief to the people of east Prussia who are in distress as a result of the Russian invasion.

Among other measures contemplated for action by the special session of the diet are the granting of credits to the agricultural organizations for erecting potato-drying machinery and for buying motor plows to insure the planting of full grain crops.

SUBMARINE ATTACK WARSHIPS OF BRITAIN

London, Oct. 21 (3:57 a. m.)—The warships of the British navy with their big guns, were sent to the coast to co-operate in the movements against the Germans at Ostend and other points. Apparently the Germans heard of this and, according to the Daily Mail, five German submarines were sent to attack them.

A scout and a division of British destroyers went to the support of the larger ships and attacked the submarines Monday. In the course of the action twelve torpedoes were fired but not one of them hit.

BRITISH STEAMER IS SAID TO HAVE BEEN SUNK

London, Oct. 21 (1:25 a. m.)—A dispatch to the Reuters Telegram company from Stavanger, Norway, says the British steamer Glitra, of Leith, was sunk today twelve miles off the Norwegian coast by a German submarine.

The name of the steamer Glitra does not appear in any available maritime registers.

CHICAGO DETECTIVES RELIEVED FROM DUTY

Chicago, Oct. 20. (Special) John Halpin, chief of the detective bureau, and Lieut. John H. Tobin, second in command, were removed from duty of police work today by Mayor Harrison and both were sent to outlying police stations. The transfer, Mayor Harrison said, was temporary, in order to facilitate investigation into charges of illegal relations between members of the detective force and certain criminals.

The transfer followed shortly after Maclay Hoyle, state's attorney, had raided the office of the detective bureau and took two truck loads of records. Many of these records were records of the department, it was said. Notes of prisoners who had not been booked but released on police order were expected to show collusion between thieves and certain detectives. Other notes were expected to show that influential citizens who reported robberies or outrages were given little encouragement by the department to press their claims.

DISSOLUTION OF STEEL TRUST IS NOW SOUGHT BY U.S. GOVERNMENT

Jacob M. Dickinson Presents Case of Department of Justice Against Greatest Corporation Ever Organized.

QUAINT LETTERS OF CARNEGIE IN EVIDENCE

Laird of Skibo Castle Advises His Company That It Would Be Wicked to Make More Money.

Philadelphia, Oct. 20.—The first formal step in the suit of the federal government to break up the United States Steel corporation was taken today before four judges sitting for the federal district of New Jersey.

Jacob M. Dickinson, former secretary of war, who has been in charge of the government's side of the case since it was instituted in October, 1911, took up the entire day in arguing for the separating into independent units of all the subsidiaries of the billion dollar corporation on the ground that their combination into one gigantic concern constituted a violation of the anti-trust laws.

Counsel for the government told the court that the corporation, in magnitude and strength is the greatest combination of capital ever brought together under one control.

Mr. Dickinson began his argument by going back more than a score of years into the history of American industries. He told of the sharp competition that then existed in the iron, steel, tin plate and kindred industries; of how pools were formed in the steel rail field and how agreements were made among manufacturers of iron steel to keep up prices; how these pools dried up and agreements were broken; how captains of industry schemed to put one another out of business; how one steel concern would absorb another and gradually led up to the formation of the gigantic corporation now under fire.

Much Watered Stock.
Mr. Dickinson told how the five great industrial and financial interests came together and formed the steel corporation in 1901. The five great interests he named were headed by the late J. P. Morgan, Andrew Carnegie, W. H. and J. H. Moore, John W. Gates and John D. Rockefeller. He went into intricate detail to show how the steel corporation's capital of more \$1,400,000,000 was made up and he charged that more than \$500,000,000 of this is water.

In Restraint of Trade.

Continuing his story, Mr. Dickinson told how the steel corporation and its subsidiaries kept up prices, and he charged that the men at the head of the big combination in every way possible restrained trade and rushed out competition. The famous Gary dinners were touched upon at great length. Mr. Gary said that at these dinners about 90 per cent of the iron and steel manufacturers of the United States would come together and that a general understanding would be reached to maintain prices. Those attending these dinners included, he said, not only representatives of the steel corporation and its constituent concerns, but also representatives of steel industries outside the alleged trust.

Tennessee Coal and Iron.

The purchase by the Steel corporation of the Tennessee Coal and Iron and Railroad company, during the money panic of 1907 in which President Roosevelt figured, was also touched upon by Mr. Dickinson. He said that the steel corporation did not purchase the Tennessee stock from the New York brokers, who were said to be in financial trouble, through any patriotic motives to prevent the panic from spreading, but to get control of the company. Mr. Dickinson made no reference to former President Roosevelt, but in the brief filed by the government it was set out that the representatives of the steel corporation who went to Washington to consult with Mr. Roosevelt on the propriety of purchasing the Tennessee stock from the New York brokers had decided the president as to the amount of stock held by the New York firm.

In the course of his argument Mr. Dickinson read letters and minutes of corporation meetings. One letter that caused a smile to go around and lessened the solemnity of the courtroom was one written by Andrew Carnegie at Skibo Castle, Scotland, in 1899. It appears that Mr. Carnegie's company, with the Illinois Steel and other concerns, were in a steel rail pool. Mr. Carnegie wrote a letter to his company, which appeared on the minutes, stating that the Illinois company was 50,000 tons ahead of the proportion of the steel rail business and that it was his policy to allow the Carnegie company's proportion of orders below that of others.

RAILROADS ARE IN SAME BOAT WITH BUSINESS OF ALL SORTS

Member of Interstate Commerce Commission Severely Interrogates President Willard of B. & O. Company.

METHODS OF PAYING DIVIDENDS CRITICIZED

New York Banker Makes Plea for Maintenance of Credits Abroad; Higher Freight Rates Necessary.

Washington, Oct. 20.—That no condition confronts American railways that does not equally affect every other industry, was the argument advanced before the Interstate Commerce commission today by counsel for shippers, and shippers themselves, against the petition of the eastern roads for a general increase of at least 5 per cent in freight rates.

The attack of Special Counsel Brandeis on the policy of the railroads of maintaining self-dividends without respect to the financial straits in which they now profess to find themselves, received special attention from Commissioner Meyer.

Questioning both D. E. Willard, president of the Baltimore & Ohio, and Frederick W. Straus, of the New York banking house of W. & K. Seligman, Mr. Meyer asked if stockholders should not be content to draw their profits part in the improvement of the properties and part in cash. Both witnesses insisted that reduction of dividend would impair credit of the lines.

Sale of Railroad Stocks.

Commissioner Meyer said he had heard of no proposal to start a "buy-a-share-of-railroad-stock" movement. He asked Mr. Straus if statements of witnesses of the railroads as to the prospect of railway securities were in his opinion calculated to make such a movement possible.

"Have you been accustomed," asked Commissioner Meyer, "to have the head of a great concern come to your office and offer you \$20,000,000 of an issue of securities, at the same time stating he would not invest in them himself? In your opinion how would that affect the credit of his company?"

"Undoubtedly it would tend to shake confidence," the witness replied. Reverting to the question of dividends, Mr. Meyer asked if the witness did not believe a cleavage of stockholders could be built up who would look upon property improvements as a part of their legitimate dividends. Mr. Straus thought not.

Investor Buys for Income.

"Then the average stockholder, in your opinion," said the commissioner, "buys income, not property?"

"He has little personal pride in the property," was the reply. "It is too remote from him. He is interested in what he gets out of his investment." During the cross-examination of Mr. Willard, Commissioner McCord commented on the amount that proposed 5 per cent increase would realize, which he estimated at \$50,000,000 and asked if this would accomplish the correction of all the oppressive conditions of which the carriers complained.

"The idea is that this \$50,000,000," the commissioner said, "will put the railroads on their feet and improve business in the country. The country seems to be arguing in favor of this increase. I see it in the press and in petitions which reach the commission and in reports from other parts of the country."

"I have not spoken for the country," said Mr. Willard.

Expert Testimony.

The only other witness of the day was Charles A. Conant, of New York, who appeared as an expert for the carriers to describe conditions in the money market arising from the European war. He predicted that the railroads would find new capital hard to get because of the many loan flotations by belligerent countries. Increased earning capacity was imperative for the railroads, he said, so their securities might be made so attractive that they would find a market.

Mr. Conant was subjected to vigorous cross-examination and counsel for the commission asked if an advance in interest rates would not bear equally as hard on shippers seeking new capital as on the railroads. The witness said American securities other than railroad, already paid higher rates of interest, but admitted that the shippers would face the same conditions.

Clifford Thorne, representing shippers' organizations, demanded if the witness knew of any public utility company that had made any request for permission to advance its rates because of the general financial situation.

was to lay before the commission the effect of the war on railroad securities, which he said were the standard of American securities abroad. The decline of these railroad securities held abroad, he argued, would mean the decline of all American securities and a consequent movement of gold to Europe.

The foreign investor, he said, must be assured that his investments would continue to yield him good returns and that the values of these securities would be maintained.

PRIEST KILLS MAN IN WAR DISCUSSION

Chicago, Oct. 20.—Father J. J. Mullin, pastor of the Holy Rosary church tonight stabbed and killed Thomas W. Patterson, the station agent at Hillside, a suburb, following a quarrel in which Patterson had no part. The priest then stood on the right of way of the Illinois Central railroad, stopped a train and threatening passengers and the train crew with a knife, leaped it. He was overpowered after a struggle and locked up at Hillside.

According to the housekeeper at Father Mullin's parish he left this morning in his automobile, taking a friend, Felix Scimmi.

According to Scimmi, the priest visited a number of suburban towns and arriving at Hillside early in the afternoon stopped in two saloons, where he engaged in an argument about the European war which resulted in the election of the priest from the second saloon.

Father Mullin then walked around in a rage, Scimmi said, going down the railroad track and returning to the railway station where Patterson, the agent and his wife lived. He paved the platform for a while and then beat on the door of the station. When Patterson opened it he was attacked, Scimmi said.

Father Mullin has been pastor of Holy Rosary church for twelve years—ever since his arrival here from Rome.

Peace Treaties Ratified.

Washington, Oct. 20.—Peace commission treaties with Ecuador and Greece were ratified today by the senate. Similar treaties with the Dominican and Panama republics were discussed but no action was taken.

Wealthy Texan Is Dead.

Baltimore, Oct. 20.—George H. Stierman, owner of vast stretches of prairie lands in southwest Texas, died at a hospital here today. He came here several days ago to undergo an operation.

MRS. CARMAN IS NOW ON TRIAL FOR HER LIFE

District Attorney Accuses Physician's Wife of Being Actuated by Jealousy of Her Husband.

Minneapolis, N. Y., Oct. 20.—The prosecution's case against Mrs. Florence Conklin Carman, on trial in the supreme court here for the murder of Mrs. Louise Bailey, will be completed tomorrow morning.

District Attorney Lewis J. Smith made this announcement at the close of a day spent in drawing from a score of witnesses a chain of preliminary, circumstantial evidence by which he hopes to link Mrs. Carman directly with the commission of the crime.

Many of today's witnesses were called to establish the alleged motive—jealousy. One was Mrs. Elizabeth Varance, a trained nurse, whose face Mrs. Carman slapped when she saw Dr. Carman give her money and allow her to kiss him, it was testified.

Another was Gaston Bolsmann, former chief of the Canadian secret service and now manager of the company that sold the wife of the physician a "mechanical eavesdropper" so she might hear what went on in her husband's private office, when women patients were there. Then there was the man who installed the instruments.

A new fact was developed which the prosecution seemed to consider significant. Physicians who performed the autopsy upon the victim of the tragedy in the doctor's office testified that she would have become a mother had she lived.

The state's two star witnesses will testify tomorrow. One is Celia Coleman, the negro maid, and the other is Frank Farrell, an unemployed engineer. Celia Coleman's story as told to the grand jury was materially different from the one she told at the inquest when her memory was faulty. The story she is expected to tell tomorrow is the one she related to the grand jury. District Attorney Smith said tonight he was sure her testimony would impress the jury.

Farrell's story is to the effect that he was at the back door of the Carman house at the time of the shooting. He is quoted as saying he saw Mrs. Carman run into the house from the side yard directly after he heard the crash of breaking glass and the report of a revolver shot.

Mrs. Carman today showed the effect of the strain she is under, but during the afternoon session she repeatedly suggested points to her counsel during the cross-examination of the state's witnesses.

According to present indications the defense will be well into the case by tomorrow night.

LAWMAKERS IN NEED OF EXPERT ASSISTANCE, IS ROOT'S OPINION

In Speech Before Bar Association Senator Declares There Is Room for Improvement in Administration of Justice.

URGES SIMPLIFIED COURT PROCEDURE

Discusses Ways and Means That Would Make for Increased Efficiency of National and State Legislatures

Washington, Oct. 20.—To stem the tide of popular criticism of the law through improvement from within was the keynote of the first day's session of the American Bar association here.

President Wilson, in his address of welcome, pleaded for the humanizing of the law by the incorporation of more justice into the cases and less citations. Former President Taft emphasized in an address to the judges of the country, uttered for the first time in formal meeting, the necessity for removing delays in litigation.

Associate Justice McReynolds, of the supreme court, at the same meeting urged the judges to give more attention to public opinion. At tonight's session of the bar association proper, Senator Elihu Root, in speaking of the "layman's criticism of the lawyer," suggested lawyers should apply the rules of evidence with more regard to common sense.

The day's program was concluded tonight with a reception in the Pan-American building at which the chief justice of the United States and the associate justices of the supreme court were the hosts.

Before the judicial section, Mr. Taft, in his second speech of the day, said he felt at home, although there had been an "intervening purgatory" since he himself was a judge. In reply to President Wilson's suggestion for more justice in each case, Mr. Taft told the judges that uniformity in decisions was quite as important as individual justice. Turning to the improvement of the judiciary, Mr. Taft suggested that dependence on the stenographer in the present day had led to much delay in the disposition of cases. He urged that most of the cases in the trial courts should be disposed of at the end of arguments.

Justice McReynolds, in urging the judges to become greater affirmative forces in the enforcement of the law, said delays in courts frequently robbed cases of the fruits of the decisions. As attorney general, the justice said, he started out with the idea that he would conduct the government's business as that of a private citizen. He soon found he was mistaken, he declared, and became convinced the thing to do was to give the public a fair idea of what he intended to do and a judicious notion of what success was being attained as he proceeded. In some way in which he did not know, he added, the judges must give to the people an idea of what they are seeking to accomplish and how they are succeeding.

"In some such way we may turn the tide of opposition to the judiciary of the last ten years," he concluded, "and find ourselves once more entrenched in the confidence of the people."

As one specific measure by which American legislation might be greatly improved, he suggested.

(Continued on Page Two.)

WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, Oct. 20.—New Mexico: Fair Wednesday and Thursday.

The Day in Congress

SENATE.

Met at 11 a. m. Considered in executive session peace commission treaties with Panama and the Dominican republic. Adjourned at 1:35 p. m. to noon Wednesday.

HOUSE.

Met at noon. Rules committee reported rule to immediately consider the Lever cotton warehouse bill and the glass bill to allow national banks to issue circulating notes on commercial paper up to 100 per cent.

War revenue bill, with senate amendments, was reported by ways and means committee with recommendations that the house disagree and send to conference.

Considered District of Columbia legislation with an agreement to take up cotton relief legislation next.

Adopted resolution to settle long-standing claims aggregating more than \$1,000,000 for private property taken to enlarge capital grounds.

Lack of quorum kept house at standstill for three hours and prevented action on cotton loan amendment. Adjourned at 6:30 p. m. until noon Wednesday.

VILLA'S MEN ARE NOW ALL AROUND AGUAS CALIENTES

Conference of Generals Is Practically in State of Siege; Zapata Will Personally Attend Convention.

OUTLOOK DARK IN MEXICAN REPUBLIC

Washington, Oct. 20.—That General Carranza's repudiation of the claims of the convention at Aguas Calientes to the sovereignty of Mexico, had shaken confidence in official circles that peace was near in the republic, was apparent here tonight.

General Carranza's message to the convention asking by what authority it had proclaimed itself sovereign and declaring he would deliver the executive power only to the man elected by the people, has also determined the hope that the contest for control of Mexico's political affairs between Carranza and Villa was about to be finally adjusted.

Some officials interpret the adjournment of the convention to await the arrival of Zapata delegates as merely a move on the part of some of the delegates to confer with Carranza and determine what their course of action should be.

Officials doubted reports that General Villa had moved a large force to the vicinity of Aguas Calientes to force the delegates to accept his terms, they said, showed that while suspicions of such a move existed when Villa first arrived, they were dispelled by his frank statement to the convention of his intention to abide by its decrees.

Mexico City, Oct. 20.—General Zapata will personally attend the constitutional peace convention now in session at Aguas Calientes, arriving there at the end of the present week. All action looking towards the drafting of a new platform and the formation of a provisional government will be suspended until his arrival.

Many protests are being filed because of alleged outrages committed by General Villa's soldiers, who are said to be holding up delegates and at the points of pistols demanding that they shout "long live Villa." It is cited that generals also have been accosted in this manner.

A protest also has been made that the neutrality of the convention is being violated by the presence of 15,000 troops within an hour's ride of the city of Aguas Calientes. The soldiers came from Zacatecas and belong to General Villa's command. A similar complaint has been registered because of the presence of a large body of troops to the south, the day-after claiming that the city is in a state of siege.

A resolution was passed today absolutely forbidding recruiting on either side while the peace conference is in session.

VILLA HAS STRONG FORCE NEAR AGUAS CALIENTES

San Francisco, Oct. 20.—There is no doubt whatever that General Villa has a good sized army of perhaps 30,000 men encamped within easy distance of Aguas Calientes, according to travelers arriving here who say they saw the troops.

One man of long residence in Mexico said the troops had found several thousand pro-Carranza men in or near the city and gave them 12 hours to get forty miles away.

"If you need it I'll make it 18 hours," a Villa officer is said to have told them. "The presence of your armed force is not proper in this peaceful gathering." They went.

Villa himself sleeps in his clothes in a car on a siding at the station, it is said. Hundreds of men guard along the tracks, hoping for a glimpse of him and from time to time he rewards them by passing across the car platform to another car. He wears sometimes a turk helmet of the sort affected by Englishmen in the war countries.

In the town, it is said, Villa is really supreme and keeps good order. He is said to have had several officers shot for brawling.

NO DEFINITE INFORMATION AS TO VILLA'S ACTIONS

Monterrey, Mex., Oct. 20.—No definite information is obtainable here regarding reports that General Villa has thrown a strong force into Aguas Calientes and has arrested all the members of the pacification delegation.

While definite official information is lacking, it is learned that Luis Caballero of the state of Tlaxcala, having foreknowledge of probable developments, left Aguas Calientes.

It is also reported that Gov. Antonio L. Villarreal of Nuevo Leon succeeded in getting to the city of Mexico.

As a reprisal for the reported action of Villa it is said the Carranza authorities have taken E. C. Lorenzo, Col. Carlos Dominguez, Manuel Benilla and Andres Gurmira from their train and are holding them here.

All these are Villa's adherents released from Belen prison in Mexico City and who were en route to the border.

No Accident to Steamer.

London, Oct. 20 (2 p. m.).—A Russian dispatch from Amsterdam says officials of the Holland-American line there say the steamer Postdam, which was reported to have struck a mine in the North sea, is safe in the harbor at Rotterdam.

AMERICAN FOOD FOR DESTITUTE PROVES WELCOME

Proposals for Relief of People of Belgium Readily Accepted by German Government; Shipments at Once.

By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire

Brussels, Oct. 21 (via The Hague, 12:15 a. m.).—American proposals for the relief of the destitute people of Belgium by the importation of provisions have been accepted readily by the German authorities.

Ambassador Gerard submitted the representations of Secretary Bryan and Brand Whitlock, the American minister to Belgium, to the German foreign office and received a formal reply assenting to all the proposals.

Foodstuffs will be imported by a committee acting under the auspices of the American and Spanish ministers at Brussels and will be reserved exclusively for Belgian civilians. Ambassador Whitlock had already been given to understand that the supplies would be respected by the German authorities in Belgium and that no part of them would be subject to requisition by the German military.

If the British assent to the arrangements the shipments can be dispatched immediately.

Engagements near Neuport, Belgium, and Lille, where the allied forces have been trying to beat back the German advance continue. The French for several days have been attacking desperately in the vicinity of Lille but, according to headquarters bulletins all the attacks have been repulsed with heavy losses to the allies.

It is announced that the allies have made a stand behind the river Yser in an attempt there to check the German advance along the coast. The result of the fighting which has been going on for three days in this region is not known.

There is no news from the rest of the battle front, nor from the eastern field of the war.

The imperial chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, speaking at headquarters to Conrad Roesmann, a member of the reichstag praised the attitude of the public and the troops which, he said, not only demonstrated but strengthened the unity of the nation. The spirit of the troops along the entire west front, as the imperial chancellor has personally ascertained, was everywhere excellent.

It is everywhere excellent.

EXCHANGE RATES DECLINE AGAIN IN NEW YORK

Heavy Exports of American Foodstuffs Given as Reason for Easier Money Market in Banking Centers.

By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire

New York, Oct. 20.—Interest in financial affairs today centered mainly around Washington, where further conferences were held between representatives of the British finance ministers and officials of the United States treasury, in which some of the prominent banking interests of the country were participants. The outcome of these meetings, which are to be continued in this city, is expected to have a very direct bearing, not only upon existing foreign exchange conditions, but also upon the reopening of the London and New York exchange.

There was another abrupt break in exchange on London, cables being quoted at \$4.84, and demand bids at \$4.85, three quotations representing declines of two cents or more from last week's high figures. The decline was generally associated with the recent heavy foreign demand for our commodities, and with expectations of a further decline in the price of wheat.

Time money was quoted easier in some instances, but actually unchanged. Local banks are building themselves in readiness for prospective business later in the month, some of these contracts representing already lost loans made shortly before the stock exchange suspended operations. Money on call was freely offered at an average rate of 8 1/2 per cent, the supply exceeding the demand. Banks in the grainier section are buying moderately at 8 per cent but the inquiry from other sources is fairly brisk.

Stop Those Early Tracheal Coughs.

They hang on all winter if not checked, and pave the way for serious throat and lung diseases. Get a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, and take it freely. Stops coughs and cures colds, breaks raw inflamed throats, loosens the phlegm and is mildly laxative. Chas. T. Miller, R. O. Enquirer, Cincinnati, Ind., had bronchial trouble, got very worse, coughed constantly from a tickling throat. He used only Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. Was entirely relieved. Wants others to know of Foley's Honey and Tar. For sale by Bott's, Inc.

Wanted—Clean, cotton rags at the Journal office.

GERMANS MEET WITH STUBBORN FIGHT IN FOG

Correspondent From Battle Front Gives Vivid Description of Hostilities in Which Allies Hold Own.

By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire

From the Battle Front, Oct. 20 (via Paris, 10 p. m.).—The German invaders are meeting a vigorous resistance in their effort to shorten their lines and rest their right wing further southward upon the English channel. Much of the fighting is being done in the obscurity of fog.

French marines yesterday gave a good account of themselves. German troops tried a surprise attack on the marines Sunday, but the French force held the field works against superior numbers. The fight lasted all day and then the Germans contented themselves with cannonading the position of the marines.

A thick fog covered the entire region Monday and the marines accounted to such weather conditions except toward the German trenches. "No shooting," was the order, use the bayonet.

Many Prisoners Taken.

The marines got within thirty feet of the trenches before they were seen. Their coming was heralded too late for the defenders, who were bayoneted in the trenches and as they ran. Four hundred German prisoners were taken.

One of the places where the French had been most harassed is near the elbow of the western line. The important position there had been taken and retaken frequently during the last three weeks. Every time the Germans had been obliged to abandon the position they returned in greater force and pushed back the French by weight of numbers.

The French finally took the position for the twentieth time and held it ten hours. Then came a shock of the human butting ram, and the French gradually gave way. The Germans began fortifying the place but while they were engaged in this task the earth heaved and there was a deafening explosion. The ten hours the French had held the point had been sufficient to mine every foot of the ground. It is estimated that three German battalions were annihilated.

The strength of the German positions north of Roye, which facilitated their movements toward Lille, is explained by the fact that they were occupying an unfinished canal extending as far as Ruess. The Germans found in the deep, broad cutting magnificent entrenchments in which they had only to install batteries of artillery.

Few Shells Explode.

Officers of the allies say they have noted that only about 10 per cent of the shells from these guns explode. They also say that the probability of the fire from their opponents has diminished because of the intensity of the fire lately has diminished.

The French artillerymen are so careful in getting their ranges that they waste few shells. In an artillery duel near Arras the Germans fired for half a day into thickets that had been abandoned some time before.

Whirlwind Trip Through Kansas Made by Bryan

Secretary of State Speaks at 24 Towns in Sunflower State in Advocacy of Policies of Administration.

By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire

Wichita, Kan., Oct. 20.—William J. Bryan, secretary of state, ended his two-day tour of Kansas here tonight by addressing an immense crowd in the interest of the Wilson policies and the state democratic party.

Throughout the day while in Kansas he spoke at twenty-four different places. Mrs. Bryan sat on the platform of the observation car and knitted. At Chanute the schools were dismissed and 1,600 pupils paraded before Mr. Bryan.

Discussing accomplishments of the present administration, Mr. Bryan mentioned the federal reserve act saying:

Money Center Moved.

"We've moved the money center of this country from Wall street to Washington. The distance isn't far for lobbyists to travel but it has taken forty years to transfer the currency system to a center at the people's capital."

In 1907 when Wall street controlled the wealth of the country you went to your banks one morning and were given, instead of money, clearing house certificates. If that old system were in force today, I ask you where would we be now under it with all Europe at war, and all the gold reserves hidden away?

During the recent financial stringency, Secretary McAdoo went to the White House—former secretaries of the treasury went to Wall street—and formed a plan to meet the difficulty. He said in the nation's name to Washington and get your money and not to Wall street, and the panic folded up its tent like the Arab and silently stole away."

Taggart to Visit Fort Selden.

Santa Fe, Oct. 20.—Tom Taggart, the democratic leader and fourteen other Indian capitalists, will visit Fort Selden on November 1 to investigate the Hot Springs project there and the establishment of a Casino and tourist hotel at that point. Dr. physician, and M. D. Webb, an Indianapolis manufacturer, will accompany him. It is proposed to establish a health resort of national scope. Col. W. B. H. Linsly, the progressive leader, is said to be deeply interested in the project.

Martinez Not to Speak.

Santa Fe, Oct. 20.—Because Felix Martinez of the bank reserve board for the eleven district, has been summoned from Dallas, Tex., to Washington, D. C., to confer with the federal reserve board, he will be unable to make any campaign speeches in New Mexico. It is expected to open the district reserve bank at Dallas in the middle of November.

MAN CONFESSES MURDER AND THEN TAKES IT BACK

Alleged Slayer of Wealthy California Woman Makes Conflicting Statements; Woman's Son Is Implicated.

By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire

Los Angeles, Oct. 20.—Percy Tagwell, who, according to the police, confessed here today that he murdered Mrs. P. A. E. Kennedy, a wealthy widow, on the night of September 1, made another confession tonight in which he asserted that Mrs. Kennedy's son Philip committed the murder.

Tagwell, arrested in San Francisco Saturday as a suspect, made the charge in the last of a series of oral confessions. His first story caused the detention of young Kennedy, Kennedy's wife and Herbert DeNoum, a painter.

Early today he confessed that he alone killed the woman, to obtain money for his wedding, which took place soon after the murder. Soon after he repudiated this statement. Finally, late tonight he told the police and the district attorney's investigators that Kennedy killed his mother and that his previous statement was made to shield the son.

As final proof of the son's guilt, Tagwell promised to produce a letter from Kennedy definitely establishing his guilt, but late tonight he had not done so.

Mrs. Kennedy was killed late at night, supposedly near her home here. The body was found the following morning when a search was made for her by her son, who, with his wife, made his home with her. Death was from the effects of ammonia and chloroform. Her jewelry was missing.

A diamond ring was traced through Tagwell, who sold it here, according to the police, for \$45 the day after the murder.

The police also say Tagwell secured a bottle of chloroform from a cleaning establishment the day before the murder.

The murdered woman had a large collection of diamonds and jewelry, much of which she constantly wore.

Young Kennedy vigorously denied any complicity in the crime, maintaining that Tagwell was seeking to clear himself.

No formal complaint has been issued against Kennedy and his wife, both voluntarily submitting to their detention.

Manslaughter Charge Against Orlando Miller

By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire

London, Oct. 20 (10 p. m.).—Considerable interest has been aroused by the trial at the Old Bailey police court of Orlando Miller, an American charged with manslaughter, the police alleging that he caused the death of Miss Kate Scott at Miller's institute at Idsworth, last June, by the administration of a drug.

William Wilcox, a home office expert, today testified as to the dangerous character of the drug and declared that it was quite unsuitable for Miss Scott's ailment.

Miller, testifying in his own behalf, said he had been given charge of delirium cases in Chicago by the Cook county hospital and had been very successful in bringing about a cure. His method of treatment, he said, had been fully recognized by many physicians in America. He declared that he came to England from the United States on the invitation of the Duke and Duchess of Manchester.

VARIED CAREER OF MAN ON TRIAL IN LONDON

Chicago, Oct. 20.—Orlando E. Miller had a varied career in Chicago. He was president of St. Luke's society, an organization which conducted an establishment in which Alderman "Blind Billy" Kent and others lost their lives in a fire in 1902. Miller and his manager were held and subjected to a severe censure.

Miller was at various times editor of a small newspaper, an officer of a branch Y. M. C. A., grocer, superintendent of a Sunday school, manufacturer of patent medicine and owner of a sanatorium for the cure of the drug habit.

He is said to have been charged at one time with irregularities which resulted in the failure of several banks in Colorado.

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LAWMAKERS IN NEED OF EXPERT ASSISTANCE, IS ROOT'S OPINION

Continued From Page One.

Senator Root, who, according to the bar association that both the national and state legislatures avail themselves of expert assistance in their law-making. He said that lawyers might also greatly reform themselves by applying rules of evidence with more regard to common sense. There was food for thought, he said, in this colloquy on Blackheath.

"Dick the Butcher: 'The first thing we do, let's kill all the lawyers.'"

"Jack Cade: 'Nay, that I mean to do. Is not this a lamentable thing, that of the skin of an innocent lamb should be made parchment? That parchment, being scribbled o'er should undo a man?'"

"That plain unlettered men should have this feeling in England, when the justice to be administered was the king's justice and the law to be enforced was the king's law, may not have made so much difference," said Senator Root, "but the existence of this feeling in America, where the justice and the law are established, maintained, and enforced only by the authority of the very people among whom the feeling is found, is of very great importance."

"If we were to poll the great public outside the profession I fear that we should find an uncomfortable number who, in a mild way, agree with Dick the Butcher."

He mentioned various complaints laid at the door of the law and lawyers. Some were unfounded, some had a basis of truth but were overdrawn, and behind the surface of fault-finding there was a real attitude of respect and confidence, but "I think we must concede," he said, "that there is room for improvement in the administration of the law in this country."

"It is worth while for all of us," he continued, "from whatever states, to give serious consideration to these complaints about the administration of justice from whatever quarter they come. We are all so much alike that a serious abuse in one jurisdiction is pretty sure to indicate tendencies to be guarded against elsewhere."

Wherever people are wrong in their criticisms, that ought to be shown, and wherever they are right the conditions ought to be remedied.

"Lawyers are essentially conservative. They do not take kindly to change. They are naturally reformers. Their time is occupied mainly in thinking and arguing about what the law of the particular case is, about what the facts of the case are. The lawyers who have authority as leaders of opinion are men, as a rule, who have succeeded in their profession, and men naturally tend to be satisfied with conditions under which they are succeeding."

Answering his own question as to what the bar might do to improve the administration of justice in the United States, he said:

"First, we can improve our law-making. We make too many laws. According to a count made in the library of congress our national and state legislatures passed 62,614 statutes during the five years from 1909 to 1913 inclusive. During the same five years 43,773 decisions of the national and state courts of last resort were reported in 420 volumes."

"Many of these statutes are drawn haphazardly, carelessly, ignorantly. Their terms are so vague, uncertain, doubtful, that they breed litigation inevitably. They are thrust into the body of existing laws without any body taking the pains to ascertain what the existing laws are, what decisions the courts have made in applying and interpreting them, or what the resultant of forces will be when the old laws and the new are brought together."

"We are coming very much into the habit of a prior legislation, passing laws which somebody has conceived or reasoned out because they seem all right theoretically. There is a very prevalent idea that the people who would be most deeply affected by a law are disinterested as spectators regarding its wisdom, practicability, and effect, because of their interest. If they see that a law affecting them is proposed and understood to say what they think about it they are accused of lobbying and warned off the premises. Yet when all the different groups of people who will be affected by particular laws are put together they constitute the American people, and if laws are to be made without hearing them we shall have a body of statutes based upon theory and not upon practical knowledge of affairs."

"All this mass of ill considered, badly drawn, experimental, first-impression legislation with which the country is flooded from year to year causes innumerable litigations which clog the calendars of the courts, occupy the time of the judges, and delay the disposition of other litigation. It creates new questions faster than the courts can decide old ones."

"Of course all this is not a matter to be dealt with by lawyers at the bar. Courts cannot apply the remedy nor can lawyers as officers of the courts. But lawyers probably make up the majority of every legislative body in the United States, and moreover the opinions of lawyers in their own communities on such a subject as this will have a great effect in forming the public opinion which controls legislatures."

"There are certain specific measures by which American legislation can be greatly improved. One is the establishment of a reference library for the use of each legislative body, with a competent library force to furnish promptly to the legislators statistics, historical data, and a

formation of all kinds pertinent to proposed measures. Another is the establishment of a drafting bureau, subject to be called upon by the legislature and its committees, to put in proper form measures which are desired, so that they will be drawn with reference to previous legislation and existing decisions of the courts, and will be written in good English, brief, simple, clear and free from ambiguity and inconsistency. There is a useless law suit in every loose, sloppy phrase plays the part of the typhoid carrier."

He remarked that the state of Wisconsin had set an excellent example with its drafting bureau. In the British house of commons there were also regular counsel employed by the government to draft measures.

"If ever expert assistance was needed," he said, "the conditions of legislation in the United States at the present time show that our legislatures need it in their law-making."

"Another thing the bar can do," he continued, "is to simplify the procedure of our courts. The American man is intensely practical and direct in his methods. American procedure ought to follow as closely as possible the methods of thought and action of American farmers and business men. A multitude of controversies about statutory rights intervenes between the citizen's demand for redress and his final judgment. There is a premium on shrewd, ingenious, shifty attorneys. There is no necessity for all this bedeviling of our practice law. A short and simple practice act in each jurisdiction—such as some states have already—will do all that is necessary. The courts want to do justice, and they will if they are permitted to."

"There is no country of the world,"

What Happened to the Cats?

Not long ago the U. S. Gov't. made some experiments to determine the poisoning qualities of caffeine (the drug in coffee).

Twenty-seven healthy cats were given an average dose of 5-4-5 grains of caffeine—about as much of the drug as is contained in 2 cups of coffee.

What do you suppose happened?

The Cats all Died!

See Gov't. Bulletin No. 148, Bureau of Chemistry.

Of course they were only cats.

But there are plenty of people who dose themselves with enough caffeine every day to kill a cat and Cripple a Man, not at one blow, but by little blows repeated daily.

Of course some systems are strong enough to stand all kinds of abuse, but most systems are not. And when a man or woman observes a growing nervousness or sleeplessness, heart trouble, stomach, bowel or eye disturbance, it is time to quit coffee and turn to a real food-drink, free from the coffee-drug, "caffeine."

It is easy to shift from coffee to

POSTUM

for in POSTUM one gets a delicious drink with the true nourishment of whole wheat from which it is made. Postum is roasted (like coffee) with a bit of wholesome molasses, looks like coffee and has a delightful flavour resembling Old Dutch Java, but is entirely free from the coffee-drug, caffeine, or any other drug or harmful substance.

Postum comes in two forms: Regular Postum which must be boiled. Instant Postum—soluble form—made in the cup instantly with hot water. Grocers sell both kinds and the cost per cup is about the same.

"There's a Reason" for POSTUM

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MORAN MANAGER OF PHILLIES IN PLACE OF DOOIN

Acting Coach Notified of Election by President William Baker; Congratulated by Lobert.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 20.—(Special Telegram.)—Patrick J. Moran, who has been acting as coach for the Philadelphia National league baseball team, today was elected manager of the club to succeed Charles S. Dooin, according to a telegram Moran received from President William S. Baker, of the Philadelphia club tonight.

Shortly after Moran received another telegram from Hans Lobert, third baseman of the Philadelphia, who was a candidate for the position, congratulating him on his election. Moran has been a catcher in professional baseball for twenty years. He played first with the Lyons club of the New York state league and subsequently with the Boston, Chicago and Philadelphia teams in the National league. He was with the old Chicago Cubs when they won two world's championships. He is 37 years old.

CHARLES DOOIN WILL STAY WITH CLUB AS CATCHER

Philadelphia, Oct. 20.—The selection of Patrick J. Moran as manager of the Philadelphia National league baseball club to succeed Charles S. Dooin, whose contract as manager has expired, was announced here tonight by William S. Baker, the club's president, after a conference with other officials of the club. It is reported that Moran's contract as manager will be for one year. The salary was not made public.

Moran has been with the local club since 1910, acting as utility catcher and coach for the pitchers. Hans Lobert, the third baseman, and Sherwood Magee, captain of the team, were also candidates for the position. It is understood that Dooin will remain with the team as a catcher.

GUNBOAT SMITH QUICKLY STOPPED BY SAM LANGFORD

Slugging Sailor Lasts Just Three Rounds Before Boston Tar Baby Over Whom He Once Got Decision.

BOSTON, Oct. 20.—Sam Langford, the negro heavyweight, of Boston, knocked out Gunboat Smith of New York in three rounds here tonight. It was the first time the leading "white hope" of this country, who gained a decision over Langford here a year ago, has been knocked out. The negro showed his superiority throughout. His 200 pounds were behind three solid punches before the first round was half over and a succeeding right felled Smith for the count of seven. Smith was weak when the first round ended.

In the second round Langford again took the advantage. Landing a left, he hammered a right home to Smith's jaw, crushing him to the mat. Smith crawled there for nine seconds, staggering to his feet barely in time to save himself from being counted out.

Right to Jaw Finishes Smith. Fighting and landing with left and right Langford rocked Smith with his blows and felled him again. Referee Jack McGowan, of Philadelphia, had counted four when the bell gave Smith a reprieve.

Protesting himself as most he could Smith lasted through nearly two minutes of the third round. Then Langford again pointed his left meekly and drew Smith's guard over. The negro quickly drove his right with terrific force to the white man's jaw. Smith sank to the mat, where he was counted out.

JIM FLYNN BEATEN BY BAT LEVINSKY IN EVERY SESSION

BOSTON, Oct. 20.—(Special Telegram.)—Bat Levinsky defeated Jim Flynn, the Philadelphia fireman, in their ten-round bout in Brooklyn tonight. Levinsky had the better of every round. He weighed 173 and Flynn 187 pounds.

Dundee Defeats Alvarez. Oakland, Calif., Oct. 20.—Johnny Dundee was given the decision over Joe Alvarez at the conclusion of a ten-round contest here tonight. Dundee was the aggressor throughout and won the majority of rounds, landing almost at will but lacking the steam to put his opponent away. Both men are lightweights.

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE

Yesterday's Results.

Portland 5; San Francisco 0.	San Francisco 5; Los Angeles 2.
Oakland 2; Mission 2.	
W. L. Pct.	
Portland 111	80
San Francisco 112	93
Venice 107	82
Los Angeles 200	96

LE GORE OF YALE SHOWS GREAT FORM



Le Gore.

Le Gore of the Yale varsity backfield is showing great form in throwing forward passes. In early practice games he shot the ball to the right left in long passes that went straight to the mark. Some of his tosses left for more than fifty yards.

NEWS OF THE HIGH SCHOOL

The Morning Journal's team of high school reporters was announced yesterday. The members of the team are: James Blair, Edward Christ, Harold Woodworth, Dorothy McAllister and Paul Harper. The latter is of the eighth grade. Principal J. W. Gillmer intends to appoint the member of the team who proves himself to be the best news gatherer captain of the squad. The selection is not to be made until all members have been given a thorough trial.

The high school football team will play St. Michael's college of Santa Fe on Hopewell field Saturday afternoon.

U. N. M. FOOTBALL TEAM WILL LEAVE TONIGHT FOR ROSWELL

The University of New Mexico football team, which will play its first game this season Saturday with the New Mexico Military Institute, will leave here tonight for Roswell. By their early departure the players will have a day on the Roswell field Friday and possibly Saturday morning.

Sullivan Defeats Lamm. St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 20.—Kid Sullivan of New York, was awarded the decision over Edith Lamm, of San Francisco, at the end of the third round of a scheduled, eight-round fight here tonight. The fight was stopped to avoid punishment. They are bantams.

Journal went into being quick results.

LEADS MINNESOTA PIGSKIN HEROES



DRIVER BENNETT WINS SILVER CITY RACE; NEW MARK

Sends Stutz Car Owned by Rich Mining Man Over the Course in 2:28.31; Connolly Second.

SILVER CITY, N. M., Oct. 20.—A Stutz car, entered by E. J. Stauder, wealthy Prince Albert mining man, and driven by Bennett of this city, today won the Deming-Silver City auto road race over the 60-mile course, in 2:28.31, establishing a new record for this annual event. Howard Connolly, driving an Apperson, entered by himself from Deming, was second. Time, 2:43.63. Sam Blackham, of Deming, driving a Ford, was third, in 3:52.14. Frank Howe, of Silver City, driving a Kessel car, was fourth, in 4:16.54. An E. M. F., driven by Frank Wells, and owned by B. B. Owen, of Lordsburg, was fifth, in 4:24.37.

The Leader, Chalmers, Pierce and Mercer did not start. The race was one of the most spectacular ever run in New Mexico and was unmarred by accidents.

The first leg of the race which ended here at noon saw the Stutz first, Apperson second, Ford third, Kessel car fourth, E. M. F. fifth.

Howe made the fastest time of any driver in the race with his Kessel, establishing a record for the state in road racing by driving the seventeen miles from Deming to Spaulding in sixteen minutes flat. Howe also, on the return trip, negotiated the twenty-five miles between Silver City and Payson, over a mountainous snake-like road, in thirty-one minutes. This is considered a remarkable feat. A leaky radiator doubtless robbed him of victory, this causing engine trouble. The Stutz made the run from here to Payson in thirty-seven minutes.

A cash prize of \$1,000 was hung up for the race. It is said that Stauder, owner of the winning car, will enter the machine in the El Paso-to-Phoenix road race next month.

Mann Football Coach. Lincoln, Neb., Oct. 20.—Leslie Mann, the speedy outfielder of the champion Boston Braves, will assist in coaching the Lincoln high school foot-

WANT NATIONAL GUARD TO HEAD OFF INDIANS ON HUNTING EXPEDITION

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL.) Santa Fe, Oct. 20.—A hurry call for the New Mexico national guard or for a sheriff's posse to head off a hunting expedition of sixteen Indians came to Game Warden Trinidad C. de Baca today from Supervisor Goddard of the Gila national forest. The telegram was sent from Magdalena, Socorro county, and said: "Indians with long pack outfit reported in forestry canyon near Adobe ranch, in vicinity of Indian peak, seventy miles south of Magdalena in Socorro county, slaughtering game."

Warden Baca telegraphed Sheriff Emil James at Socorro to send out a posse to bring in the night hunters. Game Warden Baca also has a report that the ducks on Las Animas lake near Hachita, Grant county, are sound or act as if they were intoxicated.

Duck hunters declare that the lake and country round about are covered with wild ducks, mostly Mallards and Canvasbacks that waddle around in circles, tottering on land, unable to reach the water, while those on the water, no matter how much they flap their wings are unable to rise. Many have already died and old-timers say that the action of the birds is unprecedented as far as they know but they attribute it to poison weed, the seed of which the ducks have been feeding upon.

Looking For Money With Picks.

Santa Fe, Oct. 20.—Postoffice inspectors Charles G. Kinsel and C. E. Webster, accompanied by Deputy U. S. Marshal Jeremiah Dufosse, have been busy with pick and shovel in Organ Pass in Dona Ana county, looking for \$22,000 in greenbacks, part of the \$25,000 recently stolen from the El Paso postoffice. Postoffice Clerk Clay L. Rogers has been held in connection with the theft.

Suits Brought Against Constable.

Santa Fe, Oct. 20.—Suits have been brought for \$10,000 by Amador Morales and Leonello L. Figueroa, continental agents of General Pancho Villa, against Constables W. L. Moody and T. A. Hickey at Columbus, land county, for unlawful search of their papers and belongings and forcible entry of their rooms at Columbus.

Governor Appoints Notaries.

Santa Fe, Oct. 20.—The following were appointed notaries public today by Governor McDonald: Herman J. Redwick, El Vado, Rio Arriba county; W. R. McGill, La Lande, Roosevelt county; Robert C. Alfred, Raton; John A. Venable, Albuquerque; Franklin G. Snow, Carlsbad.

More Appointments Made.

Santa Fe, Oct. 20.—Three delegates more were appointed today by Governor McDonald to the national celebration at Chicago of the Half-Century Anniversary of Negro Freedom in the United States, all three delegates, Mrs. Laura Dennis, Prof. John Allen and Prof. Abraham Mitchell, being Albuquerqueans.

PROMINENT ARTIST'S SON VISITS MUSEUM

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL.) Santa Fe, Oct. 20.—Mr. and Mrs. William H. Gill registered from Albuquerque today at the Museum of New Mexico, although they are recently from Washington, D. C., where Mr. Gill has done important work for the National Museum and where his father is a well known artist. Mr. Gill is at present with the forest service with headquarters at Albuquerque. Mr. Gill is a well known artist.

Others who registered at the Museum today were Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Kellin, of Kellin, Colo.; Mrs. E. J. Kellin, of Pueblo, Colo., who are traveling across country in an automobile; Eliseo Ortega and Narciso Romero, of Trujillo, N. M.; A. V. Edwards, of Trujillo, N. M.; Fort Sumner; C. P. Padine, Loving, W. K. Stidwell, Albuquerque; Mrs. W. K. Stidwell, Elsie Childers, Albuquerque.

Laborers Sent to Border.

Santa Fe, Oct. 20.—Four cars of laborers from Mexico who have been employed by the Santa Fe railroad, in and about Bolen, were yesterday sent to the Mexican border.

IF BACKACHEY OR KIDNEYS BOTHER

Eat less meat also take glass of Salts before eating breakfast.

Use acid in meat excites the kidneys, they become overworked, get sluggish, ache, and feel like lumps of lead. The urine becomes cloudy, the bladder is irritated, and you may be obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night. When the kidneys ache you must help them flush off the body's urinous waste or you'll be a real sick person shortly. At first you feel a dull misery in the kidney region, you suffer from backache, sick headache, dizziness, stomach ache, and, tongue coated and you feel rheumatic twinges when the weather is bad.

Get less meat, drink lots of water, also get from any pharmacist four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act free. True famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean clogged kidneys and stimulate them to normal activity, also to neutralize the acids in the blood so it is longer a source of irritation, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, cannot injure, makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink, which everyone should take now and then to keep the kidneys clean and active. Doan's says they will tell you. Jad Salts is a joke who believe in destroying kidney trouble while it is only trouble.

Albuquerque Foundry and Machine Works. Engineers—Founders—Machinists. Castings in Iron, Brass, Bronze, Aluminum, Electric Motors, Oil Engines, Pumps and Irrigation Works and Office, Albuquerque.

FOUL PLAY SUSPECTED IN DEATH OF CONNELL EMPLOYE AT TULAROSA

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL.) CHATTANOOGA, Oct. 20.—Mrs. Ralph S. Connell, who has been in this city conferring with Attorney General Chaney relative to the trial of James A. Porter at Alamogordo last month, now held to the grand jury on the charge of killing her husband last June, received a wire that Kenneth Connell had been found dead just her home at Tularosa Monday morning. She left immediately after the message was received in order to have the death investigated.

Mr. Connell had been in the employ of the Connells on their chicken ranch for a long time. It is said that he was not to be used as a witness in the case against Mr. Porter for the killing of his employer, as it appeared nothing of the circumstances surrounding the case. Having been employed by the Connells for a long time, and being very loyal to his employers and their interests, the rumor that he had been killed in order to deal another blow to the Connells by their enemies has gained considerable momentum here.

It is reported that the body was found by Florence Connell, the daughter who was with her father at the time he was shot near the Porter ranch. There were no marks of violence visible.

Pleads for Manual Training.

Santa Fe, Oct. 20.—Superintendent of Public Instruction Alvan N. White made a ringing plea for manual training at the box supper given at Fort Sumner to raise funds for manual training and domestic science equipment. He found 115 pupils in attendance at Fort Sumner. He also made addresses at Medina for a county high school and at Clovis today. He attended the democratic conference at House Gray county and from there went to the products exposition at Roswell.

Merchants Favor Garnishment.

Santa Fe, Oct. 20.—The Santa Fe Merchants' association at a meeting held last evening, with N. Saffron presiding, appointed a committee to pledge the legislative candidates to voting for the garnishment bill passed by the state senate at the last session but defeated in the house.

Captain Returns From Trip.

Santa Fe, Oct. 20.—Assistant Superintendent of Surveyors Alonzo A. Compton returned today from an inspection trip to the surveying camp of Group 29 at Carrizozo and of Group 40 at Ancho, where Federal Deputy Surveyors Douglas and Miller are running township lines.

Cured in One Day VARICOCELE

Hydrocele, Rupture (Hernia) No Detention from Business or Home. VARICOCELE is a knotty, twisted, worn-like condition of the veins, with symptoms such as swelling and pain, varicose veins, difficulty, loss of energy and ambition. A man suffering from Varicocele cannot enter the U. S. Army. We cure in one treatment a few minutes. No pain. No danger. No loss of energy. HYDROCELE is a distressing condition, requiring expert attention. If you are a sufferer from hydrocele you will do well to invest in our METHOD OF TREATMENT which cures uncomplicated cases in 30 minutes. RUPTURE (HERNIA)—Disregard of Rupture has cost many lives. A slight strain caused by sneezing or coughing, lifting or stooping, may quickly may cause descent of the intestine, resulting in strangulation and causing an operation. We cure many cases in one treatment. No inconvenience. No detention from business. A Sure Cure For A Small Fee.



Our Diplomas, Certificates and Registrations, to be seen in our office, prove us to be the most expert and best qualified Specialists in El Paso.

Don't Give Up—A Visit Will Tell

We also cure by the latest and best methods Blood Poison, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Nose and Throat Troubles, Epilepsy, Nervous Decline, Neuritis, Enlarged Prostate, Obstructions (Stricture), Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases, Piles and all tropical diseases, and all special diseases of Men and Women.

CONSULTATIONS, ADVICE AND X-RAY EXAMINATION FREE.

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BALDRIDGE LUMBER COMPANY

PAROID ROOFING with 15-year guarantee. 220 W. Gold Phone 414

DUKE CITY Cleaners-Hatters

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DRUMMER ALLEYS FOR EXERCISE

Try a game of ten pins. 205 West Gold.

Just about time you got yours

The limit of going some in the smoking line is to make fire with a match, then hitch it to a jimmy pipe or a makin's cigarette packed brimful of Prince Albert! Me-o-m-y! Gets you mighty pleased-like, and turns on the sunshine spigot in your system very early in the A. M.

Prince Albert wins every man who's game enough to hit the high spot at the cost of a dime. Doesn't make any difference what you think about being able to smoke a pipe or a roll-end cigarette, you can and you will—and get happy on every pull—if you'll nail your flag to the mast of

PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke Men, here's class—and quality and flavor and fragrance. Get a whiff or a puff of P. A. out of a pipe or from a makin's cigarette and you've just got to have more. Tastes so good it's right hard to wait till the next fire-up. Because P. A. can't bite your tongue! Bite's cut out by a patented process. Paste that in your hat! You put yourself on the road to contentment.

Prince Albert is sold in tins and bags. See tins, red tins, 10c; also in handsome pound and half-pound tins.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO. Winston-Salem, N. C.



BROTHER STOLE AND LIED, SAYS DR. STAAB ON WITNESS STAND

Bitter Family Discussion Is Related in Testimony of Principal Witness for Proponents of Will.

TESTATOR'S TRAVELS IN EUROPE DESCRIBED

Intense Human Interest Features Fourth Day of Celebrated Trial Which Bids Fair to Break Records for Length.

That Arthur Staab, who is contesting the will of his brother, the late Judge Julius Staab, was short in his accounts with his father in the sum of several thousand dollars; that he stole jewelry from his mother and money from others; that he had repeatedly lied to his brothers and was regarded by them as utterly untrustworthy; that the startling and sensational statements made on the witness stand yesterday by Dr. Edward Staab, of New York, the principal beneficiary under the will of Judge Staab and a brother both of him and the contestant, Dr. Staab's testimony in regard to the alleged misconduct of his brother came as the climax of a day that fairly teemed with human interest. In the first part of his evidence he had described his relations with Judge Staab, told of their having made wills at the same time, both of them drawn by Judge Staab, in which each left a half of his estate to the other; touched upon the misfortunes of various members of the family and described with infinite pains the trip abroad which he and Judge Staab made together, and how the latter had returned from one to another European resort in a vain endeavor to regain his health. How he had concealed the facts regarding the tragic manner of Judge Staab's death in order to prevent grief and shock to his sisters, termed not the least vivid touch to one of the most remarkable stories ever told on a witness stand in Berwick county. Throughout Dr. Staab's narrative members of the jury leaned forward in their seats to hear what he had to say, while a hush pervaded the courtroom as the spectators breathlessly followed his story.

Trump Card for Proponents. Apparently, Dr. Staab's testimony in regard to the dealings of Arthur Staab with his father and brothers has been held in reserve by the proponents as its high trump. For three days witnesses who knew Judge Julius Staab and who had close personal, professional or official relations with him, have been, one after the other, testifying to his complete mental soundness during the time just before and just after the execution of the will which is now being contested. On Monday George S. Klock, addressing the court, promised that evidence would be introduced to show a good reason why Arthur Staab was cut out of his brother's will. That promise was fulfilled when Mr. Staab gave his evidence yesterday. When court opened at 10 o'clock yesterday morning J. Benson Newell, who was introduced the afternoon before, again took the stand, and Neil B. Field, representing Arthur Staab, soon concluded his cross-examination of him. Following Mr. Newell, David Weinman, Seymour Lewinson and Sidney E. Rosenwald took the stand and told of business dealings that they had had with Judge Staab in the spring of 1913, and all testified that in their opinion he was perfectly sane at that time.

Dr. Staab Testifies. Dr. Edward Staab was called to the stand shortly before the noon recess, and was questioned as to the circumstances surrounding the execution of Judge Staab's will. It appeared that the witness was in Albuquerque at the time, and that after a discussion of various matters between him and Judge Staab, they decided to make wills in which each, after making certain minor bequests, left half of his estate to the other. Dr. Staab's will was put in evidence.

When court reconvened at 2 o'clock the witness continued his account of the transactions between himself and his brother, explaining that both his will and the one which is now being contested were drawn and typewritten personally by Judge Staab. He also told of certain business matters in which he and Judge Staab were jointly interested. The witness stated that he had left Albuquerque the day after the execution of Judge Staab's will, returning to New York, and that the next time he saw Judge Staab was in New York early in May, and that the two sailed for Europe immediately afterwards.

Family Matters Brought Out. Many details of the family life of the Staabs were brought out on cross examination of the witness by Attorney Field. The amount of money charged by the late Abraham Staab to both Judge Staab and Dr. Staab on account of the expenses of their education was shown, and it appeared that during this time Arthur Staab was engaged in business with his father in Santa Fe.

The mental condition of Paul Staab, another brother, was probed by Attorney Field. Dr. Staab admitted that Paul is an epileptic, but denied that his condition was one of insanity, and declared that between attacks his brother was entirely sound and rational. He explained as a physician the medical definition of epilepsy, and stated that after examination by Mr.

his brother Paul was due to an attack of spinal meningitis that he had had when a child. Questions as to the terms of the settlement between Arthur Staab and the other children of Abraham Staab after the death of the latter elicited the statement that Arthur Staab received \$104,000 while Dr. Staab and Judge Julius Staab had received amounts approximating \$170,000.

The Trip to Europe. Dr. Staab stated that he and Judge Staab sailed from New York on May 12, 1913, going first to London, where they remained for a short time, Judge Staab going to Berlin about three days before the witness left for the continent. The two met in Berlin about the middle of June. On June 21, on the advice of a Berlin specialist, Judge Staab left Berlin for Gluttenbach, a short distance from Freiburg, intending to take the rest cure at a sanatorium which was designed not only for sufferers from mental and nervous diseases but for convalescents from surgical operations.

Mr. Staab next saw his brother, he said in Freiburg, on July 23, and from there the two went to Berlin again. In Switzerland, where Judge Staab entered the sanatorium of Dr. Haymann, Dr. Staab declined to say that Dr. Haymann was a specialist in mental diseases and denied that he had told the medical man that the mental condition of Judge Staab had been a cause of great anxiety to his family.

The witness declared that the mental condition of Judge Staab did not change from the time he saw him in Albuquerque in the spring of 1913 up to the time of his death. He denied any knowledge of Judge Staab having suffered from insomnia and also denied that he had ever had to walk with him at night to overcome attacks of insomnia.

Arthur Staab's Marriage. Their father, the witness declared, became angry with Arthur Staab when he married "in secrecy" and without asking his permission. He emphatically denied that the elder Staab had any prejudice against Arthur on account of his having married a Gentile, but admitted having heard him say that marriages between people of the same religion were always the happiest.

Dr. Staab declared that his father was mentally sound up to the day of his death, though his memory was bad in his declining years. He denied that the elder Staab was the victim either of senility or of senile dementia during the two or three years preceding his death. He also denied having stated, on the occasion of the interment of the ashes of Judge Staab, that "it was better that Julius was dead, because his mind had entirely failed."

The witness admitted that he had concealed the truth about the circumstances of Judge Staab's death after his return to America and had stated that his brother had died of cerebral hemorrhage. He explained that his reason for taking this course of deception was that his sisters were in bad health and had already suffered a severe shock in the death of their father, and that he did not wish to add to their distress.

Feeling of Hostility. It was on redirect examination by Mr. Spies that Dr. Staab told of the alleged persecutions of Arthur Staab. He admitted that his father entertained a feeling of hostility towards Arthur Staab, and when asked for an explanation of this feeling, said: "My father trusted him implicitly in money matters and this trust was often abused. He took money from my father. He stole jewelry from my mother. He stole money from John Dendahl." Those words were spoken calmly and dispassionately and without a trace of emotion either in voice or expression. During the redirect Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Staab showed no agitation whatever, but looked stolidly in front of them.

Dr. Staab confessed that at present he had a feeling of hostility towards Arthur, but declared that he had forgiven him after his father's death. He stated also that during the lifetime of his father he had often intervened in Arthur's behalf and had tried to persuade his father to send money to Arthur and his wife.

Julius Staab's Feelings. The witness stated that Judge Julius Staab's feelings in regard to his brother were much the same as his own. "He told me that he was not reliable," said Dr. Staab in referring to a conversation with Judge Staab about the contestant. "He said that after repeatedly trying to help him he had found it was no use—that he continued to make misrepresentations and is not to be trusted."

Attorney Field had the witness read a letter written by Judge Staab to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Staab in an effort to disprove certain statements that the witness had made. When the reading of this letter was concluded Judge Reynolds adjourned court until this morning at 9:30 o'clock.

JOSE TENORIO, WHO THREW CLOD AGAINST WINDOW, DISCHARGED

The charge against Jose Tenorio, accused by Mrs. Sarah E. Allen of attempting to break into her house, was dismissed yesterday afternoon by Police Judge Craig. Tenorio, accompanied by a friend, knocked at Mrs. Allen's door the last night of last week and when she told him to go away, he threw a clod against a window, according to evidence.

Foley Cathartic Tablets. You will like their positive action. They have a tonic effect on the bowels, and give a wholesome, thorough cleansing to the entire bowel tract. Stir the liver to healthy activity and keep stomach sour. Constipation, flatulence, dull, tired feeling never afflict those who use Foley Cathartic Tablets. Only 25c. Specially comforting to stout persons who enjoy the light and free feeling they give. For

WHY FERGUSSON SHOULD BE SENT BACK BY STATE

A. A. Jones, Assistant Secretary of Interior, in Interview Gives Many Reasons for Re-election of Congressman

That he has a knowledge of affairs of New Mexico and the southwest that a stranger could not acquire for a long time. That his acquaintance with departmental officers and congressmen make him more efficient for New Mexico than a stranger would be. That he has shown himself to be a whole statesman and not a precinct politician. That his opinion has been solicited in important legislation. That he always has been "on the job."

These are some of the reasons A. A. Jones, first assistant secretary of the department of the interior, gave to show why Congressman Fergusson should be re-elected when he was interviewed by a reporter.

"I have been reading the editorial of the Morning Journal and I don't believe I can say anything in addition to what they already have set forth," said A. A. Jones, of Las Vegas, first assistant secretary of the department of the interior, when asked by a visitor at the Alvarado hotel yesterday why Congressman Fergusson should be re-elected.

On second thought, however, Mr. Jones found some more reasons, owing to his familiarity with affairs in Washington. "I have read statements minimizing the things done by Mr. Fergusson," he continued. "The originators of these statements have viewed Mr. Fergusson's record in a narrow way. Previously it was considered the duty of a delegate from New Mexico to get all he could for New Mexico. That was when New Mexico was a territory. Now it is a state. It has a congressman, not a delegate, and the congressman's duty is not to New Mexico alone but to the whole United States."

In Accord With Wilson. "Mr. Fergusson has been called upon to participate in all measures enacted by congress, and this congress has done more in the way of constructive legislation than any other in the history of the country. In all matters he has been entirely in accord with the administration. He has helped and upheld the administration at all times.

"During the heat of summer when it was almost impossible to maintain a quorum in the house, Mr. Fergusson was on the job all the time. If anyone wants to know what he has done all he has to do is to read the history of congress. He has been connected with every important bill passed."

"I've had occasion to observe Mr. Fergusson's career and I don't believe there is a more hard-working congressman in the capital. He has been particularly active in matters affecting New Mexico. I don't believe anyone has called upon him to perform even an individual service that he has not done."

Fergusson Has Confidence. "Mr. Fergusson has the absolute confidence of the administration and also the heads of the various departments. All feel that they can rely upon any representations made by him. That, of course, increases his efficiency. He has a wide acquaintance among the government officials as well as the congressmen. That acquaintance, of course, is favorable. I am sure that all who know him have a favorable opinion of him. This enables him to transact business with the departments and in congress in a manner that renders him highly valuable to the state."

"The administration is particularly anxious to have Mr. Fergusson returned for the reason that a great part of the legislation affecting the southwestern interests and resources is yet to be enacted, and he is perfectly familiar with the conditions with which these measures will have to deal. He also has devoted much of his time and thought to these questions, and he consequently is capable of rendering great service in many of these problems to be solved."

Knows West's Interests. "Mr. Fergusson has been a member of the committee on public lands. Many questions relating to this resource have been discussed and inquired into by this committee. He has gained knowledge of these which would require a new representative a long time to equal. In other words, he has grown up with the investigation of western matters."

His record pertaining to New Mexico is equal to that of any delegate who had nothing at all to do but get what he could for New Mexico. Mr. Jones will leave here this morning for Colfax county, where he will remain until Friday night. Then he will depart for Washington. Mr. Jones found opportunity to remain in New Mexico this week because of the fact that Franklin K. Lane, secretary of the interior department, stayed in Washington, calling off his planned speaking tour.

No matter what you want it will save you time and money if you use the Journal's want columns.

ABLE ADDRESS MADE BY JONES TO BIG CROWD

Senatorial Boom Launched for Assistant Secretary of Interior in Introductory Speech of Chairman.

In one of the ablest, clearest and most convincing addresses ever heard in Albuquerque First Assistant Secretary of the Interior A. A. Jones last night spoke to a large crowd of voters in the Elks theater, reviewing the achievements of the Wilson administration, outlining the plans of that administration for the future and giving substantial reasons why Congressman Harvey R. Fergusson should be returned to his seat in the halls of the national legislature.

Incidentally, a senatorial boom for Mr. Jones was inaugurated by Chairman John E. Simms, of the county democratic committee, who, in introducing the principal speaker of the evening, said: "Democracy of New Mexico cherish the hope and belief that two years from now the gentleman who is to address you tonight will be overwhelmingly elected to a seat in the United States senate." Prolonged and enthusiastic cheers from the audience showed the hearty sympathy and respect that Mr. Simms' words aroused.

Bill Gets Hearty Reception. It had been decided by the committee in charge of the meeting that the time of the audience would not be taken up by an endless chain of oratory by local orators, but that the main feature of the evening, the speech of Mr. Jones, would be the one thing held out for the edification of the voters.

It so happened, however, that Adolphe P. Hill, candidate for corporation commissioner, had prolonged his stay in the city beyond the time expected, and as there had been many requests upon the committee for a speech from Mr. Hill, it was decided to have a brief address from him prior to his going out in an automobile to make a series of campaign speeches in Berwick county.

Mr. Hill was given a rousing reception as he was presented to the audience by Chairman Simms, and it was evident that he had with him the best wishes of the big crowd in his race for the office to which he aspires. The candidate urged upon his hearers the necessity of getting the vote on election day, spoke of the necessity of having democratic control of the corporation commission, declared that the republicans during their domination of the commission have done nothing for the people, and made an eloquent plea for the re-election of Congressman Fergusson.

Praise for Administration. Mr. Jones, after expressing his appreciation of the ovation tendered him and telling of the difficulties experienced in accepting the invitation to speak in Albuquerque, entered into a calm, clear and convincing review of the work done by the administration of President Wilson. The speaker declared that it was not his intention to appeal to partisanship, and that the present situation in the nation is one upon which men of all parties can get together and congratulate themselves that they are American citizens.

In this connection the speaker told a humorous story and wound up by exclaiming, "I wonder why we can't all be democrats."

Mr. Jones paid an eloquent tribute to President Wilson and declared that it is not by chance that the United States is now enjoying the blessings of peace while practically all the rest of the world is at war. "Watchful waiting," he said, is a long something to be laughed at—it has proven the wise policy of the greatest nation in the world today. The speaker referred to the speech of President Wilson in New Orleans defining the attitude of this country towards the Latin-American countries and declared that it would go down in history as of equal importance with the Monroe doctrine. He also declared that the present administration had made the greatest record for constructive legislation of any since the beginning of the republic.

Defends the Tariff Law. Mr. Jones went into an exhaustive discussion of the tariff question and defended the attitude of the administration in regard to the passage of the Underwood-Simmons bill. He declared that the farmer had never gotten the benefit of the high tariff duties, and asserted that the wisdom of the democratic policies had been amply vindicated by results.

He also pointed to the enactment of the currency bill as one of the greatest pieces of constructive legislation ever put on the statute books of the country, and predicted unbounded prosperity as a result of this legislation. He aroused a storm of cheers when he referred to the Clayton anti-trust bill and the clause exempting labor unions from its restrictive operations, declaring that human labor is no longer to be treated as a "commodity," and that the administration would go down in history as the great emancipator of labor.

Mr. Jones held the close attention of his hearers while he explained the policy of the Wilson administration in regard to reclamation and conservation, stating that the underlying idea of that policy has been to put all money derived from the sale of public lands into a fund to further the usefulness of the reclamation service.

High Praise for Fergusson. Mr. Jones spoke in highest terms of the work of Congressman Harvey R. Fergusson in helping about the reform for which the present administration is responsible. As a member of the committee on public lands,

been invaluable. In everything he has been active, energetic, able and faithful.

The statement that Mr. Fergusson has not "gotten anything" for New Mexico, said Mr. Jones, comes from those who have the idea that the state only sends a man to Washington to beg. The days of sending a beggar to congress, he declared, are past. Mr. Fergusson has "gotten" much said Mr. Jones, by his faithful attendance on all his duties and his incessant labors in the interest of the state. He concluded his speech with an appeal to the voters to turn out in force and give Mr. Fergusson an increased majority.

Mr. Jones was given a genuine ovation at the conclusion of his speech. Men and women came up on the stage to shake his hand, and an impromptu reception was held. Mr. Jones will leave this morning on No. 10 for Raton and will spend the next three days campaigning in Colfax county, after which he will return to Washington.

MR. JONES TELLS A. H. S. STUDENTS OF GOVERNMENT

Mr. Jones spoke to the high school students yesterday afternoon, explaining to them the machinery of the department of the interior. About 25,000 employees work in the department, headed by Secretary Franklin K. Lane, he said.

Mr. Jones told of the work the several bureaus have to perform, saying that the general land office had charge of 500,000,000 acres, 200,000,000 of which are Indian lands. The assistant secretary said that the bureau of mines had in the last year discovered a process by which the gas in the oil lands of Oklahoma can be utilized. This will affect a saving of hundreds of millions of dollars in that district.

ATTORNEY IN CATALANO CASE TO RECEIVE \$550

Once again the Catalano case appeared on the records of the district court when Judge Reynolds yesterday signed an order directing Clerk Thomas K. D. Maddison to pay over to L. F. Lee, attorney for Mrs. Maria Catalano, \$455 paid into the court by V. G. Catalano, her former husband. The clerk was also directed to turn over to Lee \$5, which the Santa Fe railway is expected to pay. Lee is to have \$50 attorney's fees, he is to give Mrs. Catalano \$25 and deposit the remainder.

A. P. Stroup brought suit against William McCoy & Co., of Mountain Air, asking judgment for \$82.40. He alleges the company was indebted to Rose & Co., of Chicago, for goods and that the claim was assigned to him.

A decree of divorce was granted Jose A. Padilla from Mrs. Maria Under de Padilla by default. He charged the defendant with abandonment.

Santa Fe Court Notes. Santa Fe, Oct. 20.—Judge M. C. Mechem, sitting for District Judge C. C. Abbott, today heard the case of Times Retch vs. J. M. Diaz for an accounting. Judge Abbott, at the same time heard the motion for a new trial the damage case of Thayer vs. the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad Co., which has been tried twice already, the plaintiff receiving a verdict for \$4,250 in the first trial and \$5,000 upon the second, although at one time, the railroad could have settled the case for \$75.

Regel Returns From Carlsbad. Santa Fe, Oct. 20.—Dr. Walter L. Regel, auditor of Walter L. Regel returned today from Carlsbad where he testified before a special committee appointed by District Judge Granville A. Richardson to investigate the county officers and county officials, who had been censured by the grand jury, the grand jury, however, failing to return indictments.

Sentenced For Selling Liquor. Santa Fe, Oct. 20.—Jacobus Jose Pacheco and Abelino Rivera were today sentenced to ninety days in the United States jail and \$100 fine each for selling liquor to Indians.

MASONS ELECT RALEIGH HARE GRAND MASTER

A. A. Keen and A. J. Maloy, Both of This City, Re-elected as Secretary and Treasurer.

The Masonic grand lodge elected officers yesterday, the second day's session of the order. That was at the morning session. In the afternoon only business of purely Masonic interest was considered. The officers elected are: Grand master, R. F. Hare, State College; deputy grand master, Angus W. Pollard, Deming; senior grand warden, A. B. McMillen, Albuquerque; junior grand warden, R. M. Thorne, Carlsbad; grand treasurer, A. J. Maloy, Albuquerque; grand secretary, A. A. Keen, Albuquerque. Mr. Maloy and Mr. Keen held their offices last year.

Exemplification of degrees took place last night. Following this the Scottish Rite club gave an entertainment, which was attended by under masters, R. H. Hannum, deputy of the supreme council for New Mexico, gave an address.

PIONEER IS FOUND DEAD IN FURNITURE SHOP BY PHYSICIAN

Dr. R. L. Hunt found L. H. Shoemaker, 60 years old, dead at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon in his furniture shop, 212 West Silver avenue, the prominent cause of death to be heart disease. Justice George H. Craig, accepting his statement, said there would be no inquest.

Shoemaker had been seen shortly before he died by his wife, who entered the shop from their home, 212 West Silver, and gave him money to buy some meat. Shoemaker was sitting in a rocking chair with his feet on a stool. He was holding a set of teeth in one hand.

The front door of the shop was locked, but Shoemaker's key was in the lock. He had entered through the back door, coming from dinner at his home, next door. There was nothing to indicate that he had died from other than natural causes.

Dr. Hunt was called by Mrs. Shoemaker because her husband had complained of being ill. He had been under medical treatment recently, but his illness was not believed by himself to be serious.

Mr. Shoemaker had lived here about thirty years. At one time he was prominent in the furniture business.

NEW BANK CERTAINTY OF NEAR FUTURE, SAY FINANCIERS WHO KNOW

The rumor which has been prevalent for several days that a new banking institution is to make its appearance in the near future was confirmed yesterday from an authoritative source. The men back of the enterprise decline to allow the use of their names at this time, but it can be stated with positiveness that the new bank will be under way within the next ninety days. A man high in business and financial circles stated yesterday that the institution would begin business within the next ninety days, that it would be capitalized at not less than \$100,000, and that both Albuquerque and eastern capital would be employed.

Nadine Face Powder
(In Green Boxes Only)

Keeps The Complexion Beautiful

Soft and velvety. Money back if not entirely pleased. Nadine is pure and harmless. Adheres until washed off. Prevents sunburn and return of discolorations. A million delighted users prove its value. Tinted: Flesh, Pink, Rosette, White.

By Toilet Counters or Mail, 50c. National Toilet Company, Paris, Tenn.

Sold by Williams Drug Co., and other toilet counters.

HAD LUNG TROUBLE AND EXPECTED TO DIE

The many recoveries brought about by Edey's Alternative are attracting wide attention. Read about this case.

"Gentlemen—I was taken sick in November, 1908. I grew steadily worse. Had two convulsions. The verdict was the fever had affected my lungs and that my case was hopeless. Only gave me two months to live. My attention had been called to Edey's Alternative by a newspaper notice. I began your Alternative. I was in bed from November 20, 1908, until February 25, 1909, and was thought dying several times. Today I am healthier and stronger than ever. (Signed) Mrs. H. K. Hittley."

Edey's Alternative is most efficacious in bronchitis, catarrh and severe throat and lung affections and subdues the system. Contains no harmful or habit-forming drugs. Avoid all substitutes. Write Edey's Alternative, Philadelphia, Pa., for booklet of recoveries.

A CHILD DOESN'T LAUGH AND PLAY IF CONSTIPATED

If peevish, feverish and sick, give "California Syrup of Figs."

Mother: "Your child isn't naturally cross and peevish. See if tongue is coated; this is a sure sign of little stomach. Liver and bowels need a cleansing at once."

When listless, pale, feverish, full of cold, breath bad, throat raw, doesn't eat, sleep or act naturally, has stom-ach-ache, diarrhoea, remember a fresh liver and bowel cleansing should always be the first treatment given.

Nothing equals "California Syrup of Figs" for children's ills; give a teaspoonful and in a few hours all the foul waste, sour bile and fermenting food which is clogged in the bowels passes out of the system, and you have a well and playful child again. All children love this harmless, delicious "fruit laxative," and it never fails to effect a good "build-up," cleansing the system for babies, children of all ages and grown-ups are plainly on the bottle.

Keep it handy in your home. A little given today saves a sick child in tomorrow, but get the genuine. Ask your druggist for a 30-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," then look and see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

WADE DENIES STORY THAT LUMBER MILLS ARE TO START SOON

The appearance of a force of workmen at the American Lumber mills, sent there by C. F. Wade, receiver, to make repairs, gave rise to the report that the mills were to be reopened at once. Mr. Wade denied this yesterday afternoon, saying that the men were merely repairing the roof to save the machinery from leaks and making other repairs. They will place electric lights in the valves of the sprinkler system to prevent their freezing during the winter.

No Extra Cost

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder is not a contributor to the increased cost of living.

Its price has not advanced, although there has been a great increase in the cost of cream of tartar, from which it is made.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder makes the finest and most wholesome food and is most economical in practical use.

Dr. Price's CREAM BAKING POWDER

Made from Pure, Grape Cream of Tartar
NO ALUM



Crescent Hardware Co.

Stoves, Ranges, House Furnishing Goods, Cutlery, Tools, Iron Pipe, Valves and Fitting, Plumbing, Heating, Tin and Copper Work.

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Lakewood Hand Packed Tomatoes

A NEW MEXICO PRODUCT.

The Most Delicious Flavored Tomatoes packed. Insist on this brand. AT ALL GROCERS

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HUNT'S QUALITY
FRUITS

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"No Lye in the Can;
No Lie on the Label"

BOULDERADO BUTTER

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Now is a good time to have the baby's photograph made.

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Phone 377.

Corporation, Irrigation, Mining Laws and Taxes to 1914.
New Mexico Laws on Corporations, Banks, Hides & Loan, Insurance, Irrigation and Mines (State and U. S.), Railroads, Taxation, Rules and Forms for drawing and filing above papers.
C. E. KANE, Santa Fe, N. M.

Lecture.

Christian Science Society of Albuquerque, N. M., announces a free lecture on Christian Science by Violet O. Strickler, C. S., member of the Board of Lectureship of The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Massachusetts. Lecture to be delivered in Elks opera house, Sunday, October 25th, at 2:30 P. M.

"Osteopathy"

is a science based on anatomy and physiology. Do not confuse it with medicated vapor baths, inhalation, ozone or electricity, which were never taught by the founder, A. T. KILL.

B. M. WILLIAMS

Rooms 1 and 2, Whiting Building, Corner Second and Gold, Phone No. 684.

Mexican beans, new crop. Twenty pounds packed post anywhere in state. St. Mountain Produce Co., Montclair, N. M.

Dr. R. W. Hanna, osteopathic specialist on stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels at Dr. Schwenker's. Phone 717.

JACOB SKOFTEK CARPENTER AND BUILDER.
And All Kinds of Job Work. Shop—218 West Silver Avenue. Telephone 625.

Henry's Delivery and Messengers. Phone 939.

Have you been disappointed in your pictures? It won't cost any more to have the beautiful kind—made by a master workman. Come—see my work and let's get acquainted.

PURSELL (Formerly Gray Studio)

Kodak Finishing Every Day. 219 Central Avenue

BROTHERS APART 45 YEARS WILL MEET IN JAIL

B. S. East, Californian, on Way to See Dr. T. H. East, Becomes Sick Here and is Given Lodging by County.

Brothers who have not seen each other for forty-five years will be reunited at the county jail at Old Albuquerque when Dr. T. H. East arrives from Clondcroft, S. M. B. S. East, the physician's brother, who left home nearly a half century ago to go to California, is there now awaiting his coming.

B. S. East was on his way from California to Oklahoma, where he believed his brother, the doctor, to be when he became ill and his money gave out at the same time. That was September 18. He went to Under Sheriff Dick Lewis for aid. Because of the absence of any legal right for the county to take care of such cases, the under sheriff did the only thing he could. That was to send East to jail, where the doctor could treat him.

Letter Comes Too Late. While in jail East wrote a letter to his brother, addressing it to a town in Oklahoma. The doctor, however, had moved from Oklahoma to Clondcroft. The letter was forwarded and ultimately reached him there.

East remained in the jail thirty days and then, apparently well, he started again on his way to Oklahoma. His letter reached his brother at Clondcroft about that time. The doctor wrote Under Sheriff Lewis, saying he would come; but the brother was already on his way.

The under sheriff made an effort to head off East by telegraphing to Las Vegas and Baton, but did not hear of him again until yesterday. East reappeared at his office yesterday. He had taken ill again when he reached Bernalillo and was forced to stay there. As soon as he recovered he worked, earning enough money to bring him back here. So the county jail again affords East a home—this time while he waits to meet his brother.

The doctor, in his letter to Under Sheriff Lewis, said his brother and a cousin, Mrs. Julia Thompson, who he says is now about 72 years old, went to California together. His cousin, who was Miss Gartner at the time of their departure, was married there. He heard from her that his brother was dead years ago and had supposed it to be so, the doctor wrote.

GUN TOTER SENTENCED TO SERVE SIXTY DAYS

Mmanuel Ortiz was sentenced to serve sixty days by Judge Craig yesterday on the charge of gun toting. Ortiz pleaded guilty, saying he was drunk and did not know what he was doing. He identified as his revolver, which Captain O'Grady took from him the night before, when it was found in evidence.

SENTENCE IMPOSED ON HERBERT CONKLIN IS DECLARED IN FORCE

Judge Reynolds of the district court at noon yesterday declared in effect the nine months' sentence passed on Herbert Conklin, which he had suspended previously. The sentence was imposed some time ago after Conklin had pleaded to the charge of assault with a deadly weapon on Mrs. Evelyn Spicer. He was arrested Monday night by Captain O'Grady for beating Mrs. Spicer.

FIRE DESTROYS SHEDS ON NORTH FIFTEENTH

Fire, originating in a shed in the rear of the home of W. L. Watkins, 215 North Fifteenth street, last night, spread to a shed owned by Charles Le Fever, 312 North Fifteenth street. Both sheds were destroyed. The motor engines from the Central and Highlands stations fought the fire and were successful in preventing further spreading. Chief J. Klein was unable to learn the origin.

DANCE TONIGHT AT COLOMBO HALL. BOOSTER ORCHESTRA.

GET WISE

Jewelry, watches, silverware, etc., carefully repaired. Will clean your watch for \$1. Mainsprings \$1. All work strictly guaranteed or your money refunded. Expert watch and jewelry repairing and stone setting.

W. S. Ziegler
First Door South Crystal Theater.

Attend the public auction of the W. S. Strickler household furniture at his residence, 1005 West Central avenue, this afternoon, commencing at 1 o'clock.

L. L. TELLO.
Now Located in Albuquerque.
Instruction in Violin, Viola and Cello.
Phone 1671.

DANCE TONIGHT AT COLOMBO HALL. BOOSTER ORCHESTRA.

The public auction of the Strickler furniture this afternoon. Attend—don't miss this opportunity.

C. H. CONNER, M. D., D. O.
Osteopathic Specialist.
Treat all curable diseases. Office Stern Building. Phone 655 and 225.

DANCE TONIGHT AT COLOMBO HALL. BOOSTER ORCHESTRA.

AUCTION

JEWELRY STOCK

Retiring From Business

BEGINNING

THIS AFTERNOON AT 2 O'CLOCK

and continuing afternoons and evenings until everything is sold

DODD & DENHOF'S

\$20,000 stock of high class Diamonds, Watches, Silverware, Cut Glass, Hand-Painted China, Umbrellas, etc., will be sold regardless of cost or value. Lease, fixtures, show cases, two safes, cash register, typewriter, tools and material, in fact everything must be sold. Sale starts today, 2 p. m., Oct. 21st.

FRED ST. CLAIR, Auctioneer

Crystal Theatre Today

221 South Second Street.

A COMPANION PICTURE TO THE "VAMPIRE"

"THE DANCER"

is the feature of today's program

During the action of this picture Miss Vera Meserian introduces the dance of the PYRAMIDS and dance of RAMESSES.

THIS IS A REAL FEATURE.

Matinees at 2:30 and 3:30

Last Show at Night Begins at 9:45

Saddle horses. Trimble's Red Barn.

"TELMO"

BUY THIS BRAND OF CANNED GOODS AND YOU HAVE THE BEST

LET US SEND A MAN

To Replace that Broken Window Glass

ALBUQUERQUE LUMBER COMPANY

Phone 421 423 N. First

Go to Dr. Schwenker's for the best in osteopathy, medicated vapor baths, inhalations, ozone and electric. Dr. R. W. Hanna, associated. Lady attendant. Consultation free.

A Broadway Star Feature Show

CRYSTAL THEATRE

Thursday and Friday

OCT. 22-23

Matinee at 2:30 Each Day :: Nights at 7 and 9:15

Admission 25c; Children 15c

"My Official Wife" 5 Parts

"Shadows of the Past" 3 Parts

AUCTION

This Afternoon at 1 o'clock

I am instructed by W. S. Strickler to sell without reserve or limit the Furniture and Household Goods at his residence—

1005 West Central Avenue

These are nice, clean goods, consisting of handsome parlor, leather upholstered living room and dining room furniture, odd chairs, rockers, sectional book cases with desk, library and center tables, ladies' desk, stands, pictures and a large number of picture frames, extra large cedar chest, shaving stand, drophead Singer sewing machine, carpets, rugs and linoleum, porch chairs, coal or wood stoves, complete bed room sets, hair mattresses, springs and bedding, kitchenware, coal range, round metal refrigerator, and a miscellaneous lot of goods too numerous to mention. Goods are absolutely sanitary and may be inspected at any time.

J. L. GOBER, AUCTIONEER

AUCTION SALE

At the residence of Mrs. C. Thrope, 519 West Central, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 22, AT 1:30 P. M., entire furnishings of a 6-room house consisting of a \$35 range, almost new, oil cook stove, iron beds, springs, mattresses, dressers, A1 dining table, chairs, rockers, and other articles too numerous to mention, will be sold to the highest bidder for cash. All goods sanitary.

Don't forget the time, 1:30 p. m., Thursday. Place, 519 West Central.

J. L. GOBER, AUCTIONEER

Gallup Lump HAHN COAL CO Gallup Stove

Cerrillos Lump PHONE 91 Cerrillos Stove

ANTHRACITE, ALL SIZES, STEAM COAL

Coke, Mill Wood, Factory Wood, Cord Wood, Native Kindling, Lime

Did You Hear Secretary Jones Last Night?

If so, you heard a clear, convincing argument in favor of returning Hon. Harvey B. Fergusson to congress to represent the state of New Mexico.

Mr. Fergusson is in sympathy with all the progressive policies of President Woodrow Wilson—has done a big man's part in contributing to the success of the greatest national administration since that of Abraham Lincoln.

To re-elect him will not only be a deserved recognition of the services of a faithful public servant, but will be to insure the continued prominence of New Mexico in the councils of the nation. To send to Washington a man who is not in harmony with the present administration would be nothing less than sheer folly.

A vote for Fergusson is a vote to endorse the administration of the greatest president since Lincoln. A vote against Fergusson is a vote to repudiate the most tremendous reform movement ever undertaken in this country.

Vote the straight democratic ticket.
For Congressman, Harvey B. Fergusson.
For Corporation Commissioner, Adolfo P. Hill.
For members of the legislature, George C. Scheer, William Kieke and Rafael Garcia.

MORNING JOURNAL WANT ADS BRING RESULTS