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CZAR INFLECTS CRUSHING DEFEAT ON KAISER, WHOSE FORCES ARE IN FLIGHT TOWARD PRUSSIAN BORDER

BATTLE OF AUGUSTOWA RESULTS IN GREAT RUSSIAN VICTORY, ACCORDING TO PETROGRAD REPORT

German Attack Is Said to Have Begun September 29 With Furious Artillery Bombardment in Region of Sopotzkin on Left Bank of River Niemen, Followed by Offensive Movement Against Fortified Town; Muscovites Not Only Repel All Assaults of Enemy but Actively Assail Teutonic Lines, Taking Trench After Trench; Invaders Abandon Artillery and Supply Trains in What Is Claimed to Be Disorderly Retreat.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Petrograd, Oct. 4.—The official communication from general staff headquarters issued tonight reads:

"The battle of Augustowa ended yesterday, October 3, in a victory for the Russian arms. The German defeat is complete.

"The enemy is at this moment in a disorderly retreat and in flight toward the east Prussian frontier. The Russian troops are in close pursuit, the Germans abandoning in their desperate march, trains, cannon and munitions, and giving time to gather up their wounded.

"It is already known that the battle of Augustowa began on September 29 with a bombardment by the German heavy artillery in the region of Sopotzkin (on the left bank of the river Niemen), followed by an offensive movement by the enemy against the same fortified town.

"At the same time, the Germans made repeated efforts to crush the Russian forces near Druskenki, on the Niemen.

"On September 28, the Germans also began an attack on the fortress of Ossowetz, but everywhere met with fierce resistance and were compelled to retreat. Not satisfied with counter attacks, our troops took the offensive vigorously and pursued the enemy. Notwithstanding the energetic resistance offered by the Germans they could not check the onward rush of our troops, who captured the enemy's positions, one after another.

"Routed by this irresistible engagement, the Germans weakened and at present are in full retreat; they are leaving our territory in haste. At certain points the retreat is degenerating into a flight."

**GERMANS SLAUGHTERED
IN RUSSIAN TRAP**

London, Oct. 5 (2:10 a. m.)—A graphic account of the frustration of an attempt by the Germans to cross the Niemen river is given by the Daily Telegraph's Petrograd correspondent.

"The Germans appear to have fallen into a Russian trap," the correspondent says. "On September 23 the rear guard of the Russian General Rennenkampf's army was transferred to the right bank of the river and the following evening the Germans approached the straits. The next day, without signs of opposition, the Germans proceeded to construct bridges and completed this work without molestation.

"It was only when the troops were pouring across to the right bank in fancied security that a sound like the roll of thunder was heard and dozens of Russian guns, cleverly concealed and screened, opened their concentrated fire on the crowded bridges.

"Before the guns of sniping and machine gun projectiles, the Germans were swept into the river by hundreds. Speedily, however, the challenge of the Russian guns was taken up by the German artillery and for a long time the duel continued.

"At last the Germans, thinking they had got the measure of the Russian gunners, made another attempt to throw their troops across the Niemen. But this time also they had no better luck and not one of the soldiers who stepped upon the bridges either reached the opposite shore or returned.

"The bodies of the slain floated in hundreds down the yellow flood of the Niemen. Still the Germans vigorously maintained their bombardment, and about 6 o'clock in the evening made a last and desperate effort to utilize the bridges on which they had spent such pains.

"Columns in close formation were sent forward to the crossings, but once again every man was mowed down by the murderous fire of the Russian machine guns.

"With the fall of evening the German batteries were silenced one after the other by the steady and well directed fire of the Russian artillery. The enemy then fell back eight miles, pursued and harassed by Cossacks, who had crossed the river on the German bridges.

"According to one account no fewer than 20,000 German corpses were carried down the Niemen after this awful carnage.

"In the fight at Srenedki, on the Niemen, September 15, the German casualties also are said to have been large. An eye witness of the battle says that in the river and on one of its banks no fewer than 8,000 Germans perished. On the opposite shore from the city the bodies of 1,500 Germans were lying unburied for some days afterwards."

**MILITARY GOVERNOR
REASSURES WARSAW**
Petrograd, Oct. 4.—The military

War Bulletins.

London, Oct. 5 (1:25 a. m.)—The Morning Post's English correspondent in Antwerp makes the following statement:

"The Belgian field artillery is co-operating effectively with our heavy artillery. Our infantry is entrenched on the near bank of the Nethe opposite the main German forces. Two German attempts to cross the river have been smothered by our artillery."

London, Oct. 5 (2:20 a. m.)—A dispatch to the Central News from Antwerp dated Sunday night, says:

"The Germans have been repulsed. They asked for a two hours' armistice to bury their dead, but Belgians refused to comply.

"The Belgians have destroyed all the bridges over the river Nethe. The Germans unsuccessfully attempted to rebuild the bridges."

London, Oct. 5 (7:40 p. m.)—A dispatch to the Central News from Antwerp, dated Sunday night, says:

"The Germans have destroyed the village of Belesden, near Lanaken (in the Belgian province of Limburg on the Meuse, three miles northwest of Maastricht). The village is now burning fiercely."

London, Oct. 5 (2:12 a. m.)—As a result of the flooding of the country in the neighborhood of Maastricht, a heavy German sapper battery was engaged, according to an Ostend dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company, and a big gun was lost.

London, Oct. 5 (3:55 a. m.)—According to a Paris dispatch to the press, Major Von Mantouff, the German officer who is alleged to be responsible for the destruction of Louvain, is a prisoner in the hands of the French.

London, Oct. 5 (12:14 a. m.)—Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent in a dispatch filed Sunday, says:

"The German troops today displayed greater activity around the Dutch frontier. They occupied Lanaken, after a short bombardment."

London, Oct. 5 (12:37 a. m.)—An official statement from Antwerp, Reuter's says:

"The artillery duel continued throughout the day. The general situation is unchanged."

**ENGAGEMENT EXTREMELY
OBSTINATE, SAYS REPORT**

Petrograd, Oct. 4.—The following official communication was made public by the general staff tonight:

"According to reports from commanders, the Russian troops at the battle of Augustowa gave proof of extraordinary courage. Several regiments fought without rest during the whole week, exhausting themselves with dignity from the most difficult position.

"The engagements were extremely obstinate in the vicinity of Suwalki, where the enemy concentrated important forces and, having fortified their position, opposed the Russians with the greatest tenacity.

"Our troops made several bayonet charges to dislodge the enemy from his trenches. Prisoners taken say that the German losses at Suwalki were so large that out of hundreds only twenty men remained. The whole line of the German retreat is blocked by the bodies of their dead.

"It is thus that the German invasion from east Prussia into Russia failed miserably. The enemy is now definitely leaving the borders of the province of Suwalki and Lomza.

"On the left bank of the Vistula and in Galicia the situation remains unchanged."

**EMPEROR NICHOLAS NOW
WITH ARMY AT FRONT**

Petrograd, Oct. 5 (via London, 4:50 a. m.)—Emperor Nicholas has arrived at the front, according to a dispatch received here tonight.

General Soukhomlinoff, the minister of war, the court minister and the palace commandant accompanied the emperor.

Empress Alexandra and the daughters of the monarch rode him farewell at the railway station where were scenes of great enthusiasm, the crowd shouting, "On to Berlin," and "On to Vienna."

Before his departure Emperor Nicholas signed a ukase calling out the reserves and ordering the mobilization of the mounted troops in the eastern provinces and also the territorial troops.

**NOTHING HEARD REGARDING
BATTLE NEAR CRACOW**

London, Oct. 5 (4:20 a. m.)—A Petrograd dispatch to the Telegraph dated Saturday night, says that nothing is ascertainable there of the reported battle at Cracow. News has been received at Petrograd, says today's dispatch, that Archduke Frederick has concluded an agreement under the auspices of the Austrian army by the help-presumptive to the Austrian throne Prince Charles Francis.

**BULGARIA AND TURKEY
FORM ANOTHER ALLIANCE**

Rome (via London, Oct. 5, 2:50 a. m.)—Bulgaria and Turkey, according to a Vienna dispatch to the Giornale d'Italia, have concluded an agreement whereby they will attack Romania if Romania abandons her neutrality.

The agreement provides for large territorial acquisitions for Bulgaria and Turkey at the expense of Romania and Serbia.

Austria is making troops, continues the dispatch, on the Romanian frontier.

**JAPS PROCEED WITH
OPERATIONS IN CHINA**

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Peking, Oct. 5 (2:15 a. m.)—Without further diplomatic controversy the Japanese are proceeding along the railway to Tsinan. Their troops at Wei-Hsien, who occupied the station there, have been reinforced. The Chinese have not withdrawn from the line but are not opposing the Japanese march westward.

One Chinese was killed by the Japanese when they took over the Wei-Hsien station. Further similar incidents are feared, though the Chinese government has not withdrawn its instructions to the commanders not to oppose the Japanese.

PEACE PRAYERS GO UP FROM ALL SECTIONS THAT WAR SHALL END

President Attends Services in Washington City and Hears Sermon on Eventual Triumph of Christianity.

HOPES THIS NATION
MAY LEAD MOVEMENT

Religion Has Not Failed, Is Declaration of Preacher, but Some People Are Not Christians.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Washington, Oct. 4.—Peace in Europe arose from all parts of the United States today in accordance with President Wilson's proclamation. Clergymen of all denominations read the president's proclamation, and a fervent peace prayer, and congregations gathered to sing peace hymns and take part in peace services.

The president himself attended the Central Presbyterian church here and heard Rev. James H. Taylor pray that the United States might lead the world in restoring peace to Europe and that Mr. Wilson might be given wisdom and strength in his meditation proposals. The president was accompanied by Secretary McAdoo and Mrs. McAdoo and several White House guests.

In his sermon Rev. Mr. Taylor declared that the war in Europe meant not the breaking down of Christianity but the failure of some people to follow God's commandments. His address was that permanent peace would come when the nations of the world turned more to prayer. People who pray, he said, get a better perspective and forget their passions and jealousies.

Special services were held at Mount Auburn, the site of the Protestant Episcopal cathedral of St. Peter and St. Paul. Near the peace cross, erected after the Spanish-American war, several thousand people attended the outdoor meeting.

**BRYAN SEES PEACE
FOLLOWING THIS WAR**

New York, Oct. 4.—Hope that the European war will be the last object lesson of the horrors of strife, and that after it all the efforts of men will be restored to production rather than to destruction, was expressed today by Secretary of State Bryan and Oscar S. Straus, former secretary of commerce and labor, at the special peace day service held at Carnegie hall.

The meeting was one of many held in this city in accordance with President Wilson's recent proclamation designating today as a day of prayer for peace. The large hall was filled and hundreds of people had to be turned away.

"Today, when a number of nations, all our friends, have been drawn into the vortex of war," said Secretary Bryan, "our first duty is to use such influences as we may have to hasten the return of peace. There will be ample time afterward to discuss ways and means for preventing future approaches to armaments."

"In this our interests are so entwined with the interests of those who reside in other lands that no nation can live or die unto itself alone. If we had no higher reason for considering conditions for war, we should find ample justification in the fact that the burdens of war are no longer borne entirely by those who are direct participants in it. Today every neutral nation feels the burden of the European war brought in every department of human activity.

"We must not be discouraged, if this, the greatest of all wars, brings out of us the best that we have. It is our duty to stand for the settlement of international disputes. It may be that the world needs one more awful object lesson to prove conclusively the futility of the bloodshed that produces no peace, but it can give assurance of peace. This assumption is built upon the theory that peace rests upon fear, whereas all history proves the contrary. Continuous preparation for war presumes the existence of an enemy who must be hated until he can be overpowered, but hatred begets hatred, and revenge is the heaviest load that man or nation can carry.

"Most of the errors which man commits in international affairs arise from a failure to understand the fundamental truth that moral principles are as binding upon nations as upon individuals and no group, however numerous, can escape one syllable of the moral law.

"One of the encouragements to be drawn from the present European conflict is to be found in the fact that the governments involved vie with each other in refusing to admit that they began it. We have taken a long step in advance when no civilized nation will either admit a desire for war or confess an intention to inaugurate it."

In conclusion, the secretary said: "Man has spent a considerable part of his time in the work of destruction. In the day that is dawning he can devote all his efforts to production. There is as much inspiration in a noble life as in a heroic death."

Oscar Straus expressed hope that mediation would eventually settle the European struggle.

Cardinal Farley, making his first public utterance at St. Patrick's cathedral since his return from Rome, declared that if Europe had heeded Pope Pius X the war would never have started.

"The pope," he said, "died amid the sounds of battle of the nations of Europe, praying for peace, his heart broken by the thought of the horrors of the war."

WEATHER FORECAST.

Washington, Oct. 4.—New Mexico: Generally fair Monday and Tuesday.

Summary of War News of Yesterday

"On our left wing the struggle is in full swing,"—an announcement in the official bulletin issued by the French war office—epitomizes the situation in the field of battle in north France, for it is at this point that the real struggle for supremacy is being fought out.

The same of this determining action is the territory around Arras in the department of Pas-de-Calais, showing a decided movement by the allied army to the northward, an Arras is about twenty miles north of Albert. There has been no decisive result, however, up to the present, which in the nature of the fighting going on would seem to indicate that the reinforcements of each side have been about equal.

"It is believed that the British Indian troops are now on the line and possibly some of the British territorial and it is known that the Germans have sent a heavy reinforcement from the center to aid the hard-fighting soldiers on the right.

Field Marshal French's men evidently have been in close action again, for in the region of Soissons, on which rests the western end of the British line, some of the German trenches have been captured.

Along the remainder of the front the infantry have remained for the most part in their trenches, while desultory firing continued with the big guns.

The Belgians claim to have resisted the German attacks on the fortresses around Antwerp, although Berlin officially reports destruction of several of the forts as well as satisfactory progress on the main front.

In the battle of Augustowa, in Russian Poland, which has been going on since the Russian army, the official communication from Petrograd declaring that the German defeat is complete.

President Poincare and Emperor Nicholas have started for the front, probably only with the intention of cheering the men who are fighting for their countries.

A casualty list issued by the British official bureau shows the loss of 727 non-commissioned officers and men in the battle of the Marne, of whom fifty-five were killed. What period this list covers has not been made public. Similarly, the admiralty has issued a list of those lost, exclusive of officers, in the sinking of the cruisers Aboukir, Cressy and Hogue, the number being given as 1,337.

An Italian force is reported to have landed at Aviano, an important airport on the Adriatic, which may foreshadow a change in the Italian policy of neutrality.

The Japanese, in their campaign against the German concession of Kiaochow, have been reinforced at Wei-Hsien, in Shan-Tung province. Having made an answer to the protest of the Chinese Government, they are proceeding with the business in hand without further comment.

broken by the thought of strife in this civilized age. Had these European countries looked to history for advice, this carnage would not have occurred. Let us hope, however, that God in His mercy will answer the prayers of the whole world and grant universal peace."

**PEACE SUNDAY OBSERVED
BY CHURCHES OF DENVER**

Denver, Oct. 4.—Special services in churches of every creed marked the observance of peace Sunday throughout the Rocky mountain west today. Special prayers for President Wilson and the success of his policy of neutrality marked special services held at all Jewish places of worship in Denver today, and all Catholic and Protestant churches special services were held.

**CHICAGOANS PRAY FOR
RESTORATION OF PEACE**

Chicago, Oct. 4.—Chicagoans visited the churches in record numbers today and prayed for world's peace. Descendants of Europe's warring nations knelt everywhere, together with the sons and daughters of their country's enemies, and offered heartfelt protests against the further destruction of human life in Europe. The peace sentiment centered in a public meeting at a downtown hall in the afternoon at which Governor Deneen, Bishops Fallows and Anderson and Jane Addams were the chief speakers.

**FAIR AND WARMER, IS
FORECAST FOR HERE**

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Washington, Oct. 4.—Fair weather or overcast, with a light wind, was forecast by the weather bureau tonight for the first half of the coming week.

"Over the lower lake region and the middle Atlantic states and New England, however," the bulletin said, "rains may be delayed until Tuesday or Wednesday and then continue until near the end of the week with a somewhat lower temperature by that time."

West of the Rocky mountains the weather will be generally fair and somewhat warmer during the week except in the north. Pacific states which by Monday should come under the influence of a very decided disturbance now over Alaska.

"This disturbance will be attended by rains and higher temperatures that should extend over the northwest generally by the middle of the week, reaching the north central sections at the end of the week, by which time cooler and fair weather will follow over the far northwest."

Acquitted of Murder.
Lincoln, Ill., Oct. 4.—Carl Person, editor of a labor magazine, was found not guilty of the murder of Anton Muzzer, former chief of police of Clinton, Ill. The jury reached the verdict after it had deliberated twenty hours and had taken twenty-two ballots.

Pope Appeals for Peace.
Rome, Oct. 4 (via Paris).—Pope Benedict has addressed an autographed letter to Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria, this being the ruler's name day, again urging the emperor to use all his influence to shorten the war as much as possible.

TWENTY-THIRD DAY ENDS WITHOUT MUCH CHANGE IN POSITIONS OF CONTENDING ARMIES IN GREAT BATTLE

FRENCH REPORTS CLAIM ADVANTAGE FOR ALLIES IN OPERATIONS ON LEFT AGAINST GEN. VON KLUCK

Another Effort Is Being Made to Get in Rear of Kaiser's Forces and Cut Communications, Which Would Compel a General Retreat Toward Luxemburg and Belgium; Germans Are Heavily Entrenched and Much Hard Fighting May Be Required Still Before Decisive Results Can Be Had by Either Side; In Center Both Armies Are Watching Each Other for Any Opening That May Present Itself for an Effective Onslaught.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
London, Oct. 4 (9:25 p. m.)—Having repulsed the German attacks, presumably in the vicinity of Hove, the French, according to the official communication issued this afternoon at Paris, have resumed the offensive at several points, while other positions on their left have been appreciably maintained.

The great effort of the allies to envelope the German right may therefore be said to be again in operation, and it is believed that the whole French column from Roye northward to Arras is moving eastward against the German position.

It is the same operation that has been tried repeatedly for the last three weeks in an attempt to reach the German lines of communication and encircle the German army forming the right wing or force it to fall back to Belgium and Luxemburg.

Germans on Defensive.
The Germans have had a long time in which to make their position secure, so there is a lot of hard fighting ahead for both the attacking forces and the defense. The defensive role is now apparently being assumed by the invaders.

In the center, from Dieppe to the Argonne, the two well entrenched armies are still watching each other, ready to move on the advice of aerial observers, or on the advice of the line of the threatened. While there have been many official movements, there is little according to the French report, to record. In other words, the situation remains virtually as it was.

Crown Prince Forced Back.
In the Argonne district, where the crown prince's army attempted an advance a few days ago, there has been additional fighting with the result that the Germans have been pushed back northward. In southern Woerwe the French are "making progress, but very slowly," against the German line which crossed the Meuse at St. Mihiel, but later were forced back over that river.

In Lorraine and the Vosges there is no change in the positions of the opposing armies. This probably is accounted for by the fact that the Germans have not sufficient forces to attack the almost impregnable line of fortifications, while the French are too busy elsewhere to attempt an invasion of the last province. They have not yet themselves the task of getting the Germans out of northeastern France, and if this can be accomplished they are faced with the necessity of attacking the German positions in Alsace-Lorraine.

Mystery Enshrouds Antwerp.
Of the result of the operations around the line of fortifications of Antwerp, there is considerable mystery. Last night the Belgian location at Antwerp had been completely isolated by a violent artillery attack, to fall back east of the river Senne, toward the Nethe. This was taken to mean that some of the forts had fallen and the German official report stated today, however, is a fact that Forts Lieke, Wijnveld and Koningshoek had been taken, and that the Germans had entered the city of Antwerp.

Later, the Belgian minister, on authority of a telegram from Antwerp, declared that the forts had not been captured, although Wijnveld was badly damaged.

The Forts Only Commenced.
The forts, although important, are only the first line of defense of the city, and besides two more lines, the besiegers will have to contend with a large inundated area. This extends along the rivers Scheldt, Ruppel and Nethe, as far as Duffel, as well as to the north and the east of the town.

Heretofore fortresses have not stood long before the big German siege guns which have been brought up. But Antwerp is in a different category, as in addition to being stronger than any fortress yet attacked, there is considerable space in which the field army can operate against the besieging forces.

Wide German Movement.
The Germans have also been active in two widely separated parts of Belgium. They visited Tournai on Saturday and announced that they were an advance guard of 10,000 men proceeding to Lille; while last night and this morning fighting was going on as far east as near Laeken, northwest of Brussels. One report said that Laeken was on fire, but another declared it was a nearby village. A number of fugitives have arrived at Brussels, as well as some Belgian soldiers, who had been interned.

The battle is still raging along the east Prussian frontier, and according to the Berlin reports, the Germans have scored a victory over the Russians who had pierced their center at Augustowa.

The battle of Cracow is developing

more slowly than anticipated, or at any rate, nothing has come through from either side as to the happenings in that field of operations.

Three monarchs, the Russian emperor, the German emperor, and the king of Belgium, and the president of France, are now taking part in the battles or are on their way to visit the troops in the field. The German emperor has been on both western and eastern fronts, while King Albert has been on the actual firing line ever since the war began.

Rules Go to War.
The Russian emperor has left Petrograd for the front, and President Poincare, accompanied by his ministers, is well on his way from Bordeaux to give greetings to the men on the firing line.

In both Italy and Romania a considerable difference of opinion has arisen as to what steps, if any, the governments should take regarding this war. Some are for war and others for a continuation of neutrality.

If the report coming from Rome today that the Italian sailors have occupied Aviano is true, Italy has taken action which will almost certainly involve her. The Italian fleet, the fleet of the Adriatic, has long been coveted by both Italy and Austria. During the war between Italy and Turkey, when Aviano belonged to Turkey, it was the scene of a daring exploit by the Italian navy under the Duke of Abruzzi.

The jealousy of Austria was immediately aroused, and as a result an agreement was reached whereby Turkey's European possessions were immune from attack. The intensity of Austrian feeling was also manifested during the Balkan war and Austro-Italian occupation of the port was talked of.

**OFFICIAL STATEMENT
BY FRENCH WAR OFFICE**

Paris, Oct. 4 (10:15 p. m.)—The official announcement issued by the French war office tonight reports progress in the region of Soissons, where several of the German trenches have been taken.

The battle on the left wing is in full swing without any decisive result having been attained.

"In our line, using the struggle around the line of fortifications of Antwerp, there is considerable mystery. Last night the Belgian location at Antwerp had been completely isolated by a violent artillery attack, to fall back east of the river Senne, toward the Nethe. This was taken to mean that some of the forts had fallen and the German official report stated today, however, is a fact that Forts Lieke, Wijnveld and Koningshoek had been taken, and that the Germans had entered the city of Antwerp."

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Three monarchs, the Russian emperor, the German emperor, and

Indicates that Great Britain's naval policy is detrimental to neutral states exporting raw material and especially to the United States.

The Daily Chronicle, London, correspondent, writes that General Von Steiner, commander of the German Fifth infantry brigade, has given an order that no quarter be granted and for his soldiers to kill all the French prisoners taken. The French report that an Austrian motor battery was captured on the Meuse.

The German press praises the action of the British in prohibiting the export of raw material to Germany. It had been pressing in furtherance of the policy to endow German trade, which it has pursued since the war began, by English press. The German press also is reflecting from this policy of trade restriction, the Daily Telegraph of London declaring that the British prohibition of some imports is a serious blow to several British industries.

The well-known British paper, the Graphic, glorifies British women who severely injured soldiers with boiling water. The Graphic publishes illustrations showing women firing at the Germans from the windows of their houses.

Count Michel Karolyi, president of the Hungarian independent party, returning from a French prison, reports having seen Turkish caricatures of the Hungarians, which were suspended from the walls and ceilings.

Charles Delacour, son of the French foreign minister, wounded prisoner of war in Germany, praises the treatment accorded French prisoners in German camps.

SMALL CASUALTY LIST OF FRENCH FORCES

London, Oct. 4 (1914).—A list of casualties in the battle of the Aisne, issued today by the official press bureau, includes 727 men and non-commissioned officers. Hereafter the lists of this battle have been confined to officers. Tonight's list shows 65 killed, 338 wounded, 23 wounded and missing and 103 missing. Of killed, the royal field artillery, royal horse artillery, Queen's Lays and dragon guards predominated.

An additional list of officers was issued, showing six killed, eight died of wounds, seventeen wounded.

BELGIANS DENY ANY FORTS HAVE FALLEN

London, Oct. 4 (1914).—The Belgian minister today rejected a report that three forts defending the city had fallen. He said Fort Waelhem was badly damaged by the Germans but that none of the fortifications surrendered. He said that the Belgians have strong positions which they are holding successfully.

A news dispatch to the Central News from Amsterdam says word has reached there from Antwerp that Fort Waelhem has been destroyed and the German army has entered the city.

ENGLISH SOLDIERS PLAY EXCITING FOOTBALL GAME

On the Battle Front, Oct. 4 (1914).—The British soldiers today played an exciting football game. The game was played in the rear and in the afternoon. The game was played in the rear and in the afternoon. The game was played in the rear and in the afternoon.

Both armies, however, have kept up desultory firing at nearly all points, although the infantry did not come into action.

The French soldiers were greatly surprised today to see their British comrades, after the long shelter in the trench, retire to some distance in the rear and inflate several footballs and begin to play.

Some of the British soldiers today played a large proportion of their numbers in the severe battle of the last week, but the rest of the men for the sport was unaltered.

Two battalions engaged in a regular match on the result of which some money changed hands. The players stripped off their tunics and caps, but retained their footgear, which was covered with thick layers of clay from the trenches.

This morning, most of the units not actually advanced on the firing line, attended open-air religious services conducted by the army chaplains.

The news that President Poincaré is coming to the front has created a good impression in all ranks in the army.

POINCARÉ GOES TO FRONT TO THANK SOLDIERS

Bordeaux, Oct. 4 (1914).—President Poincaré, accompanied by Premier Viviani and Minister of War Alexandre Millerand, left at noon today to visit the battle front. The party traveled in an armoured train, but was absent from the temporary capital for three or four days.

The president goes to the battle line, not to take part in the strategy, as is the case of Emperor Wilhelm and Kaiser Franz Joseph, but to show that he may personally congratulate the troops upon the bravery they have displayed in the long and stubborn fighting.

The news of the president's departure for the front has given rise to rumors that the allies have gained a great victory, the news of which is withheld, and that M. Poincaré has come to witness the final dissolution of the German army.

The correctness of this deduction is officially denied and it is repeated that the situation in the fighting zone is as described by the afternoon statements of the official office. It is noted that the president's main motive is to convey the nation's appreciation and encouragement to the troops in their long and difficult struggle to free the soil of the invaders.

The president will first visit the headquarters of General Joseph Joffre, commander-in-chief of the French army.

Lieutenant Colonel Leonie Bonnet, the chief of staff of the French army, is reviewing the situation.

It is no more wholly against our extreme left that the Germans are directing their attacks. It is directed more to the south. More interesting, however, is the action taking place in the region of Ypres. There the German general staff hopes to find the point of least resistance and has hesitated to strip their center, being unable to attract reinforcements from other sources.

NOTICE TO HEATING CONTRACTORS

Bids will be received at the City Engineer's office until 4 o'clock p. m., October 6, 1914, for the heating on the City Hall building.

Plans and specifications may be had upon application to the city engineer.

BUILDING COMMITTEE.

Edison Records—3 for price of 1—during Fair week. Leonard-Lindemann Co.

ELYENMERATES QUALIFICATION OF HERNANDEZ FOR CONGRESS

Gives Categorical Reply to Questions Propounded by Progressive State Chairman Bronson M. Cutting.

WON'T RUB ANYBODY WRONG WAY, HE SAYS

Reiterates Statement About Request for Examination of Books Which Governor Has Flatly Contradicted.

Ralph C. Ely, chairman of the republican state central committee, who has been in Albuquerque for two or three days assisting in getting out the first issue of the "New Mexico State Record," last night gave out the text of his reply to four questions recently propounded to him by State Chairman Bronson M. Cutting of the progressive party.

By far the greater part of Mr. Ely's statement is given in satisfying Mr. Cutting's thirst for information as to what qualifications, besides not being a criminal, Mr. Hernandez possesses for the office of congressman. Mr. Ely's reply is given in a categorical manner, but it is not a categorical answer to the question of what qualifications, besides not being a criminal, Mr. Hernandez possesses for the office of congressman.

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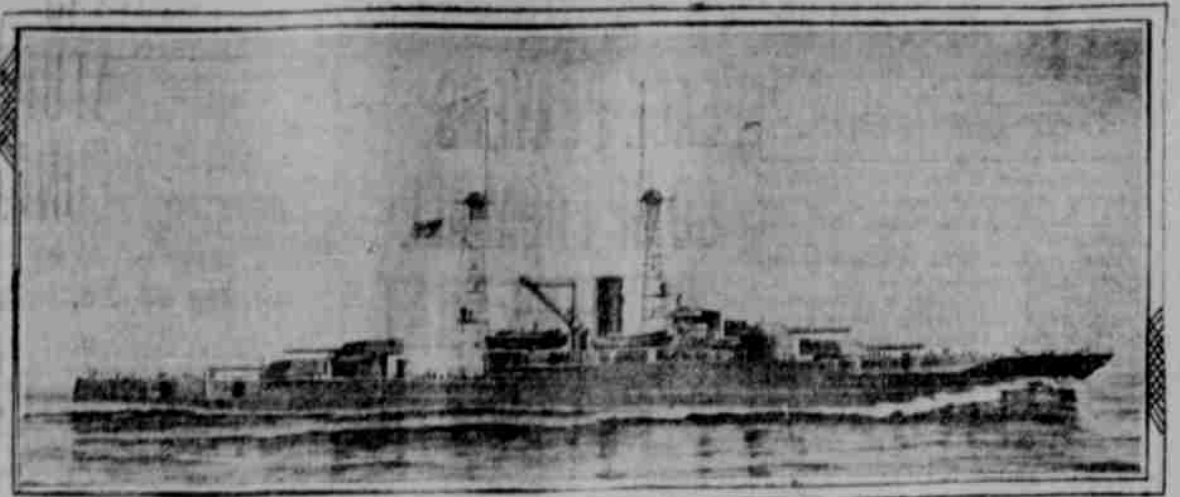
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THREE BATTLE SHIPS OF THE CALIFORNIA TYPE ARE TO BE ADDED TO THE UNITED STATES NAVY



THE U.S. BATTLESHIP CALIFORNIA

This is a drawing of the new type of battle ship for the United States navy of the California class. Three battle ships of this class will be laid down this fall. They will be named the California, the Idaho and the Mississippi. Their main battery will consist of twelve 14-inch guns, mounted in four three-gun turrets. The new battle ships will turn out exclusively. Their speed is twenty-one knots, which is the fixed speed for battle ships of the United States navy.

quality Mr. Hernandez is generally endowed.

A second qualification is that a member of congress shall be thoroughly informed as to the needs of his people and the resources of the community which he represents. This knowledge Mr. Hernandez possesses in a marked degree. He is a successful business man, farmer and sheep man, and knows New Mexico and its people thoroughly.

Great moral issues, from time to time, have to be considered and disposed of by congress. It is essential that the man should have a clean personal character, and a right point of view on these questions. Mr. Hernandez is a clean man. He is a wholehearted and a man among men. Mr. Hernandez is a man of fact, of plain address, of strong personality, and will meet his colleagues without irritating them, and without rubbing them the wrong way. He is a man who is able to present the needs of New Mexico with force and vigor and without stirring up unnecessary antagonism.

An immense amount of work devolves on a member of congress that is purely detail work. It makes great demands upon the physical strength and mental activity of a representative. Mr. Hernandez possesses a strong and vigorous body. His kindly personality makes him friends here and will make him friends in congress. He is a man who is able to meet his colleagues without irritating them, and without rubbing them the wrong way. He is a man who is able to present the needs of New Mexico with force and vigor and without stirring up unnecessary antagonism.

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hatred and jealousy. The nominees are bound to stand for their party's purposes.

Opposed to Personalities. I am not a dealer in anecdotes, nor can I be accused of dodging issues. The issue of this campaign are defined on one several points. They are not to be obscured by crass personalities. Any man who is man enough to merit a nomination for congress at the hands of a great political party is, as a rule, more of a man from any point of view than are his party detractors.

Mr. Hernandez, Mr. Ferguson, Mr. Wilson, Mr. Metcalf, all should be held absolutely free from little nasty personal attacks. Mr. Metcalf, the candidate of the socialist party, is personally always approach. Mr. Ferguson, Mr. Wilson, Mr. Metcalf, all should be held absolutely free from little nasty personal attacks. Mr. Metcalf, the candidate of the socialist party, is personally always approach.

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SOLONS TO QUIT WASHINGTON FOR POLITICAL FIELD

Members Who Are Candidates for Re-election Are Restive Under Restraint of Legislative Duties.

Washington, Oct. 4.—(Special Telegram.)—Members of congress are preparing for a dash to the political firing line. Senators and representatives alike are straining to get out of the legislative field and into the political field.

Mr. Ferguson, Mr. Wilson, Mr. Metcalf, all should be held absolutely free from little nasty personal attacks. Mr. Metcalf, the candidate of the socialist party, is personally always approach.

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CARRANZA READY TO YIELD WHEN CHIEFS DESIRE

Otherwise He Has 100,000 Men Ready to Fight Villa, Whom He Accuses of Working With Cientificos.

CONFERENCE TO BE HELD OCTOBER 10

Mexico City, Oct. 4.—(Representatives of Venustiano Carranza and Francisco Villa will meet in a general conference of chiefs and Aguas Calientes October 10.)

The decision was reached tonight by unanimous vote at a session of the chamber of deputies. The vote came after a long debate on the right of civilians to participate in the conference.

No decision was reached on this point.

A conference will be held tomorrow morning at Aguas Calientes. The date of the departure of the price delegates for Aguas Calientes are also to arrange the matter of civilian participation in the peace conference.

Mr. Carranza, in his statement to the convention of constitutionalist leaders here yesterday, offered to resign as first chief if a majority of the military and civil chiefs declared he would not submit to a group of chiefs who have forgotten the fulfillment of their duty and to a group of civilians to whom the nation owes nothing.

Prudence Restrained Him. "If I have not tried to conquer this rebellion by force, it has been on account of prudence. When the circumstances demanded, but this nation must know that if it reaches a stage where it is impossible to otherwise suppress their rebellion, we have 100,000 men well armed with machine guns and also we have flight and justice, which are invincible, on our side."

General Carranza said that it was his duty to "fix the responsibility of the rebellion of General Villa, which is nothing but a plot instigated by the so-called cientificos and our conquered enemies who have not received public offices on account of incompetency and cowardice."

Plan of Guadalupe Fulfilled. In his statement General Carranza outlined the reforms for the future. He said his party was working, reviewed at length recent internal troubles in Sonora and Durango which preceded the break with Villa and declared the convention which he was addressing was the fulfillment of the plan of Guadalupe and that all the constitutionalist chiefs, including the division of the north, had agreed that this convention should name the time of election.

WASHINGTON BELIEVES CARRANZA WILL QUIT

Washington, Oct. 4.—The enforcement which opens tomorrow at Aguas Calientes between representatives of Carranza and Villa must decide whether or not peace is to be restored in Mexico, in the opinion of officials here.

Administration officials believed tonight that an agreement would be reached providing for the selection of Fernando Iglesias Calderon as provisional president, and setting at rest other perplexing questions.

Neither administration officials or constitutionalist representatives attach much significance to the action of the conference of southern chiefs in Mexico City yesterday in refusing to accept the resignation of General Carranza as first chief. It was pointed out that had the resignation been accepted, it would have left the government without any official head and seriously complicated the situation.

That Fernando Iglesias Calderon, despite his refusal to accept the provisional government in the manner in which the division of the north offered to him, would assume that office, was firmly believed. It was predicted that the peace conference, scheduled to convene in Mexico City, October 10, would, in all probability, reconsider Carranza's resignation and select Calderon as provisional president.

Commenting upon the arrival of John B. Sullivan at St. Louis today, state department officials said tonight that his trip to Washington was not at the direction of the department. They did not know why he was coming.

VERA CRUZ PEOPLE ARE ADVISED TO BE CAREFUL

Vera Cruz, Oct. 4.—A circular issued today by the local committee of the constitutionalists advises the residents of Vera Cruz to curb their enthusiasm over the contemplated change in the military authority of the state. The circular asks the people not to do anything which might be regarded as disrespectful to the Americans and directs their attention to the considerable manner in which the Americans have acted toward Mexicans.

ALLEGED MURDERER OF MADRID IS EXECUTED

San Antonio, Tex., Oct. 4.—Jose Bonafide Sandoval, court-martialed and executed at Jimenez, Mexico, several days ago, was not so much because of his alleged implication in the killing of Gustavo Madero in Mexico City. This was announced here today at the headquarters of the faction which supported former President Madero during the recent revolution.

Sandoval left El Paso early last week to confer with Villa, presumably as the representative of Felix Diaz. Nothing was heard from him until dispatches told of his execution. He was executed in the name of the revolution.

NOTICE, WOOL GROWERS

We will have an exhibition and sale during the Albuquerque fair a car of Arizona range-raised yearling Rambouillet rams, bred from the best selected Garbino and Vonnheimer stock that money will buy. We guarantee that they have never seen service and are as large as ordinary two-year-olds.

J. F. DAGGS & SONS.

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How She Cured Her Husband

"For five years my husband suffered with his stomach. The medicine he took only gave relief for a while, nothing cured, writes Mrs. Sarah Baker of Nottingham, Mo. 'One merchant bought some of Chamberlain's Tablets. He gave me some of them and I wanted my husband to try them. He said it would do no good. His stomach had been troubling him worse than ever. At last on Friday I told him if he would not take those tablets I was going to send for a doctor, and he said he

IN THE WORLD OF SPORT

CARDINALS DIVIDE HONORS WITH CUBS

Take First Game by Score of 4 to 3 and Lose Second by Same Count; Reds and Pirates Also Have Dog Fall; Connelman Fails to Deliver.

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.	W.	L.	Pct.
Boston	51	58	.467
New York	51	58	.467
Philadelphia	48	61	.439
Chicago	47	62	.433
Pittsburgh	47	62	.433
St. Louis	46	63	.423
Cincinnati	45	64	.415
Cleveland	44	65	.404

Games Today.
Boston at Brooklyn.
Philadelphia at New York.
Chicago at St. Louis.
Pittsburgh at Cincinnati.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 4.—The Cardinals divided a double-header here today, the local team taking the first game, 4 to 3, and the visitors the second game by a similar score, when the game was called on account of darkness at the end of the sixth inning.

Score—First game: R H E.
Chicago.....000 210 000—3 8 2
St. Louis.....012 001 000—4 9 2
Batteries: Cheney, Pender and Brennan; Nicholson and Snyder.

Score—Second game: R H E.
Chicago.....002 011—4 8 2
St. Louis.....000 021—3 5 0
Batteries: Vaughn and Brennan; Williams, Robinson and O'Connor.

Pirates 4-1; Reds 5-4.
Cincinnati, Oct. 4.—Pittsburgh and Cincinnati divided a double-header here today, Cincinnati winning the first by 5 to 4, and Pittsburgh the second by 11 to 2. In the first contest Pittsburgh tied the score in their half of the ninth, but Cincinnati won out in their half when Connelman, who had replaced Adams, gave two bases on balls and was hit for two singles.

Pittsburgh won the second game in the third inning when they scored eight runs on five hits and three errors.

Score—First game: R H E.
Pittsburgh.....002 001 001—4 7 2
Cincinnati.....001 020 011—5 10 4
Batteries: Adams, Connelman and Schanz; Eflert, Douglas and Glickson, Gonzales.

Score—Second game: R H E.
Pittsburgh.....208 001—11 7 1
Cincinnati.....001 102—4 6 4
Batteries: Mammaris and Smith; Benton and Gonzales.

BASEBALL CURTAIN FALLS NEXT WEEK

All Is Over but the Shouting and Only Unimportant Rearguard Actions Are Yet to Be Fought in the Two Major Leagues.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
New York, Oct. 4.—Last night will be the last in the major league battles of 1914. The decisive engagements have been fought and the present activity is confined to rearguard actions. Even these are on a diminishing scale and in mid-week a truce will be called until Friday, when the Philadelphia American league victors, and the Bostonians, conquerors in the National league, will begin their meeting to decide the final supremacy of the year.

Speculation over the probable outcome of the world's championship series now that the teams have been definitely picked and all arrangements for the big event made, has almost entirely superseded discussion of the regular league campaigns. In the mind of the average baseball fan such problems as whether Plank will be able to outpitch Tyler, how Bender and Rudolph compare and if James will prove superior in ability to Shawkey or some of the other competitive new recruits that Connie Mack may put in, far transcend in interest the placing of the fourteen big league teams which finished behind the leaders.

Giants Still Have Fight.
Nevertheless, in several cities directly interested, the cleaning up of the year's schedule claims a certain amount of attention. In New York, for instance, the Giants, beaten by the Braves for the flag after one of the most thrilling races in baseball history, are possible candidates for a still lower berth. St. Louis has been pushing hard, but managed only to get an even break with Chicago today, leaving McGraw's men a game and a half advantage, which they may be able to hold.

Chicago and Brooklyn also are close together but the last named club has only the slimmest of opportunities of finishing in the front division. Brooklyn, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia and Cincinnati is likely to be the order of second division clubs.

Tigers Have Good Chance.
In the American league, Detroit and Washington are so close together that it will take the Washington games of this week to decide the occupant of third place. The Detroiters, who ended their season today virtually tied with the Nationals, seem to have the better chance for the berth as Washington must win two out of three from Boston to force ahead. St. Louis and New York are both flirting with fifth place with the possibility that either may capture it.

Aside from these minor contests, the regular play of the year is as good as over. With their decision, the playing of the world's series and of such city series as have been arranged, the baseball season of 1914 will pass into history.

Relative positions in the Federal league were unchanged during the week, Chicago leading the league race with a margin over Indianapolis which today's results cut down to half a game.

Barons Beat Brewers.
Milwaukee, Oct. 4.—Birmingham, the Southern league champions, defeated the Milwaukee pennant winners today in the second game of the series of the championship of minor leagues by a score of 2 to 1.

Birmingham.....100 200 000—2 9 0
Milwaukee.....010 000 010—2 9 2
Batteries: Robertson and Truesdell; Dougherty, Slapnicka and McGraw, Hughes.

COBB FEATURES IN LAST DAY'S PLAY

Georgia Peach Bats and Runs Bases in Dazzling Manner and Brings Victory to Tigers; White Sox Triumph Over Browns as Curtin Goes Down.

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING.	W.	L.	Pct.
Philadelphia	57	51	.524
Boston	56	52	.518
Washington	52	56	.481
Detroit	50	58	.462
St. Louis	49	59	.452
New York	48	60	.444
Chicago	47	61	.436
Cleveland	46	62	.428

Games Today.
New York at Philadelphia.
Washington at Boston.

DETROIT, Oct. 4.—Detroit, fighting for third place in the pennant race, closed its season by defeating Cleveland, 11 to 6, here today. Cobb's hitting and base running brought victory to the Tigers, but Cleveland's weird defensive work helped to swell the score. Cobb's drive past Liebold and beyond the flag pole in the sixth inning was his second home run of the season. In the seventh inning when Detroit scored eight runs, Cobb broke the tie by coming home from first base when Vannaman fumbled Crawford's grounder.

Most of the three remaining games to finish ahead of Detroit.

Score: R H E.
Cleveland.....000 202 000—6 8 3
Detroit.....001 101 000—11 10 4
Batteries: Mitchell and Egan; Dube and Starnes.

White Sox 5; Browns 1.
Chicago, Oct. 4.—The final curtain of the American league season in Chicago was rung down today with a victory for the locals over St. Louis. Baring base running on the part of the home club, coupled with bases on balls off Leverenz, opportune hitting and errors gave Chicago the last game of the season. Faber worked in fine form and had little difficulty in holding the visitors safe. A double by Pratt and a triple by E. Walker in the fourth inning saved St. Louis from a shutout.

Score: R H E.
St. Louis.....000 100 000—1 5 2
Chicago.....001 101 020—5 9 3
Batteries: Leverenz and Agnew; Faber and Mayer.

OTHER BASEBALL RESULTS

PACIFIC COAST LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.
Portland	57	35	.618
San Francisco	56	36	.607
Seattle	54	38	.589
Los Angeles	50	42	.548
Oakland	48	44	.519

Yesterday's Results.
San Francisco 5; Oakland 0-2.
Seattle 5; Mission 0.

Grizzlies Beat Hoosiers.
Denver, Oct. 4.—The Denver Western league team won the second game of the series from the Indianapolis American Association team today, 11 to 0.

Score: R H E.
Denver.....210 010 010—11 16 5
Indianapolis.....202 201 001—8 10 4
Batteries: Morgan, Schreiber and Block; Burke, Schardt and Gessett.

Mandot Defeats Rivers.
New Orleans, Oct. 4.—After twenty rounds of slow boxing here today Joe Mandot of New Orleans was awarded the decision over Joe Rivers. During the first ten rounds Rivers did not extend himself, apparently awaiting a chance for a knockout, and from the eleventh round, when he attempted to meet Mandot at boxing, he was outclassed. The men are lightweights.

MACKMEN TO START WORK IN EARNEST

Regulars Have Taken Things Easy for Last Week but Will Get Busy Today Starting to Get in Shape for the Series That Brings in the Money.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Philadelphia, Oct. 4.—After taking things easy for a week, Connie Mack's regulars will appear in the Athletics' line-up tomorrow against the New York Highlanders when the opening game of the last series of the American league schedule here will be staged at Shibe park.

Manager Mack announced yesterday that he intends to use his regular players in each of the three games against the New Yorkers tomorrow, Tuesday and Wednesday. With a one-day lay-off on Thursday, he hopes to have the present world's champions on edge for the opening contest of the world's series against the Boston Nationals on Friday.

Big Demand for Seats.
Although the attendance at the regular season games was less than usual here this year, indications are that the demand for world's series tickets will be even greater than in former years when hundreds of men and boys stood in line all night for a chance to purchase them at the opening of the public sale. The sale will open Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock and it is believed that every seat for the three games for which tickets will be offered here will be sold before noon.

Philadelphians seem so confident that the Athletics will annex another world's championship that there is little betting on the result. A few who say they have a "hunch" that the Braves will land on top, are asking long odds.

Positively Masters Croup.
Foley Hony and Tar Compound cuts the thick choking mucus, and clears away the phlegm. Opens up the air passages and stops the hoarse cough. The gasping, straining fight for breath gives way to quiet breathing and peaceful sleep. Harold Berk, Mass. Mich., writes: "We give Foley's Honey and Tar to our children for croup and it always acts quickly." No wonder a man in Texas walked 15 miles to the store to get a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. Every user is a friend. For sale by Butts, Inc.

HE MAY PITCH FOR BRAVES IN SERIES



Crutcher.

Though he has pitched only nine games for the Braves, young Crutcher has shown that he has the stuff and it is possible that Stallings may use him in the big series. Who knows? The world's series may furnish the opportunity to Crutcher to leap into fame, just as it has furnished the opportunity to other young twirlers more than once in the past.

RED SOX WIN AND BROWNS DROP ONE

Troop K Nine Holds Stockings to Close Score Despite Clark's Prowess; Railroaders Cop Victory in Garrettsville Finish.

In the first game of the double-header played yesterday afternoon at Hopewell field, the Red Sox defeated Troop K, Twelfth United States cavalry by a score of 5 to 4. Both twirlers showed to advantage in this contest, which went on to seven innings by agreement to permit the staging of the second game, Clark, the Red Sox Indian pitcher striking out twelve and allowing but three safe hits, while Maruna, for the troopers, struck out eight and yielded but five bingles.

The second contest, between the O. R. E. boys and the Old Town Browns, was won by the railroaders by an 8-to-7 score. The Browns held the lead until the O. R. E. team went to bat in the half of the seventh inning, the score being 7 to 2 at that time. Two hits, a passed ball, a base on balls and four Brown errors netted Manager Moore's boys six tallies and the game. This is the third game played by these teams, each having won a victory in the previous contests.

First Game.	AB.	R.	H.	E.
Red Sox.....	25	5	21	8
Troop K.....	25	4	18	9

Score by innings: 308 200 X—5.
Troop K.....011 020 0—4
Summary: Two-base hits—Haines, Ayze, Holo, Webster, Sacrifice hit—Clark. Hit by pitcher—Padilla. Passed balls—Maruna, Webster. Double play—Yount to Hines. Stolen bases—J. McCanna, Haines, Stump (2), Gignac, Parr, Maruna. Struck out—By Clark 12; by Maruna 5. First base on balls—Clark 4; off Maruna 1. Time—1:30.

Second Game.	AB.	R.	H.	E.
O. R. E.....	25	8	21	8
Monquera, 1b.....	4	1	6	0
Murphy, cf.....	4	1	1	0
Salazar, ss.....	4	1	3	1
Chavez, c.....	3	2	7	0
Harline, p.....	4	2	2	1
Padilla, 2b.....	4	1	2	0
J. McCanna, 3b.....	4	1	1	0
Cohen, 2b.....	3	1	1	2
Garcia, rf.....	3	0	0	0
Sandoval, p.....	2	1	0	0

Score by innings: 7 8 21 8 5.
O. R. E.....000 110 6—8
Browns.....001 200 0—7
Summary: Two-base hits—Gignac (2), D. Chavez, Monquera. Three-base hits—Salazar, D. Chavez. Passed balls—Chavez, Stump (2). Stolen bases—Cohen, Gignac (2). Struck out—By Harline 2; by Sandoval 5; by Armijo 4. First on balls—off Armijo 4. Time—1:25. Umpire—Leeds.

HOOFERS TAKE TWO FROM KANSAS CITY

Old Cy Falkenberg Weakens in Ninth but Teammates Come to His Support and Hammer Out Victory; Tinker's Men Drop Game.

FEDERAL LEAGUE STANDING.	W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	51	58	.467
Indianapolis	51	58	.467
Baltimore	48	61	.439
Buffalo	47	62	.433
Pittsburgh	47	62	.433
St. Louis	46	63	.423
Cincinnati	45	64	.415
Cleveland	44	65	.404

Games Today.
Kansas City at Chicago.
St. Louis at Indianapolis.
Pittsburgh at Baltimore.
Buffalo at Cincinnati.

Indianapolis, Oct. 4.—Indianapolis won two games from Kansas City today before the largest crowd ever assembled in the local park. Cy Falkenberg weakened in the ninth and allowed Kansas City to forge ahead the local team developed a batting rally and won the first game, 6 to 5. Kansas City's ragged fielding gave Indianapolis the second game, 4 to 0.

Score—First game: R H E.
Kansas City.....002 000 004—6 12 3
Indianapolis.....000 001 0—4 14 3
Batteries: Finning, Johnson, Cullop and Easterly; Falkenberg and Harline.

Score—Second game: R H E.
Kansas City.....000 000—0 8 3
Indianapolis.....001 101 0—2 11 1
(Called on account of darkness.)
Batteries: Johnson and Easterly; Mosely and Harline.

St. Louis 1; Chicago 0.
Chicago, Oct. 4.—The St. Louis Federal league team won a hard fought game, 1 to 0, from the Chicago club. The visitors' lone run reached the city when Albee reached first on Tinker's error, was sacrificed to second and reached home on a two-base hit by Tobin.

Score: R H E.
St. Louis.....000 001 000—1 8 2
Chicago.....000 000 000—0 8 2
Batteries: Watson and Chapman; Johnson and Wilson.

SOLDIER SMITH SHOWS UP WELL IN BOXING AT N. M. A. C. GYM

Danny Smith, the soldier boxer, showed Mark Levy, director of the New Mexico A. C. gym, yesterday afternoon the club acquiescing that he can deliver the goods as a ringster. Smith boxed several rounds with Harry Schaefer, and at the close Levy announced he would sign him. The director had not decided last night who he would put on with Smith.

"Kid" Stern sparred with Bohy yesterday afternoon. Johnny Donahue, the sturdy little featherweight, also went several rounds with the Pueblo middleweight, Donahue, who will appear in one of the preliminaries in great shape. He has been training steadily with York and is in condition to put up a great fight. Donahue is a clever boxer.

Power and Higgins continued their training program. Torres called off gymnasium work yesterday to play baseball. He will be back on the mat today.

Duke Atchison, York's manager, arrived here yesterday.

Tickets will go on sale tomorrow at O. A. Matson's store.

MEET OF KENTUCKY HORSE BREEDERS TO BE ONE OF BIGGEST

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Lexington, Ky., Oct. 4.—The annual meeting of the Kentucky Horse Breeders' association, which begins tomorrow, will be one of the most successful ever held here. The best and fastest trotters and pacers in the country are entered in the different events on the program and many visitors are in the city.

There will be sixteen stakes and twenty purse races decided during the ten days of the meeting and a total of \$85,000 will be distributed among the horse owners. An average of twenty horses are entered in the purse races but eligible to the stakes are somewhat less than that number. The October prize, a free-for-all trot, which will be decided on Tuesday, has the smallest number of entries—four. The Kentucky futurity for three-year-olds, for a purse of \$14,000, the principal event of the meet, is also to be decided on Tuesday.

On the card for the opening day are the Walnut Hill stakes, \$5,000 for 2:12 class trotters; the futurity, purse \$5,000, for two-year-old trotters; a 2:09 class trot and a 2:03 pace, both of which are for purses of \$1,000.

Blues Win Series.
St. Louis City, Oct. 4.—Kansas City won the post-season series from St. Louis City by taking the first game of a double-header, 6 to 5. The second game was called in the fifth inning with St. Louis City at the long end of a 1 to 5 score.

Free Delivery for Deming.
Santa Fe, Oct. 4.—Deming is to have free delivery of mail as soon as its streets are paved and houses numbered, being the fifth city in New Mexico to get mail delivery, the other four being Albuquerque, Santa Fe, East Las Vegas and Raton. A rural route has also been established out of Deming but no regular rural carrier has yet been named. In the meanwhile C. O. Donaldson has been appointed acting carrier.

Masons Arrive for Reunion.
Santa Fe, Oct. 4.—The advance guard for the Scottish Rite reunion arrived this forenoon from Silver City and Deming, including Fred Borenstein, Fred Mann, Thomas Richardson, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Downey, W. H. Elliott, S. A. Milliken, V. B. Wolford, M. A. Nordhaus, J. J. Jacobs, J. M. Mann, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Lamm, C. H. Kassin and B. E. Page, arrived from Tree Pledra, S. M. Brosius is here from Washington.

Soil Survey Is Completed.
Santa Fe, Oct. 4.—A soil survey of the Mesilla valley has been completed by A. T. Strahorn, soil expert of the department of agriculture and his report will be published this month.

PEACE MARCH IS MUSICAL FEATURE AT BIG REUNION

Scottish Rite Masons Inaugurate Occasion With Impressive Program in Splendid Cathedral in Santa Fe.

Santa Fe, Oct. 4.—The Peace March, dedicated to the New Mexico Consistory No. 1, A. F. & A. M., this forenoon, was the musical feature of the first notes of the Scottish Rite reunion. The Masonic cathedral was thronged with a distinguished audience and was brilliant with its myriad of lights, both on the exterior and in the grand auditorium. The march is the composition of J. A. Jemison, who presided at the pipe organ throughout the sacred concert and who for the past five or six reunions has come to Santa Fe from Colorado Springs to furnish the pipe organ music. He formerly was secretary of the Santa Fe Chapter of Commerce and is a master player, a thirty-second degree Mason, a composer and author. The march has a majestic sweep and is quite an ambitious composition.

"O Pray for the Peace of Jerusalem" was rendered by R. L. Ormiston, thirty-second degree Mason, with a remarkable baritone voice, the Masons in choir rendering the chorus part. Mrs. J. E. McCrean introduced a new soprano soloist to Santa Fe, and she delighted the audience with the rendition of "A Little White" by Briggs.

Mr. William J. Fauth, who has won a secure place as a soloist in Santa Fe, sang "The Good Shepherd," her magnificent contralto voice, in its flexibility bringing out the tenderest shades of Van de Water's composition. The familiar, always pleasing "Prize Ye the Father," by Gignac, was rendered by the Masonic male chorus with a voice and exactness that comes from familiarity and thorough rehearsal of a selection. Jemison again demonstrated his mastery over the pipe organ as an instrument from which to evoke the sweetest of music, with his playing Florenz's Overture (Stradella).

A woman's quartet, Mrs. H. E. McCrum, Mrs. W. J. Fauth, Miss Edna Abrahamson and Mrs. Nora E. Schumacher, sang with tenderness, Macy's "Come to Our Hearts and Abide." Miss Florence Ormiston followed with Gounod's setting of "There is a Green Hill Far Away." She possesses a pleasing and powerful mezzo-soprano voice.

L. Tello, the Brazilian genius, evoked from his violin melodies that thrilled his audience to enthusiasm. He had selected from his favorite composer, Wieniawski, the "Scherzo-Tarantella," Opus 16.

Betty Buck's "My Redeemer and My Lord," gave Miss Jessie P. Carroll, opportunity to captivate her hearers with her appealing soprano voice.

Highly merited and modestly tripped from the grand pipe organ the ballet music from Gounod's Faust, played by Ormiston Jemison.

"Prize in the Lord" was the contralto solo rendered with feeling by Miss Edna Abrahamson.

A mixed quartet, consisting of Miss Jessie P. Carroll, Miss Florence A. Ormiston, Miss R. L. Kichner and R. L. Ormiston, sang "No Shadow's Conquer," a touching selection by Gounod, in accompaniment J. A. Jemison played the following organ selections: "Pavane of Salome," by J. J. Jemison, "Tranquillity and Romance," by Schumann, and "Hallelujah," by Roberts.

Stop those Early Bronchial Coughs. They hang on all winter if not checked, and pave the way for serious throat and lung diseases. Get a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, and take it freely. Stops coughs and cures, breaks raws, inflamed throat, loosens the phlegm and is mildly laxative. Chas. T. Miller, Md. Dispenser, Cammerton, Ind., had bronchial trouble, got very hoarse, caught cold, steadily from a tickling throat. He used only Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. Was entirely relieved. Wants others to know of Foley's Honey and Tar. For sale by BUTTS, Inc.

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SUNDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1914

PRAYERS FOR PEACE.

Prayers for peace, in accordance with the proclamation of the president of the United States, went up from the congregations of thousands of churches yesterday, and from millions of hearts, all over the country. There is a growing sentiment against advising God as to how the world should be managed. If peace at this time were better, there would be peace beyond doubt. But since man is a free moral agent who must work out his own salvation, there can be no doubt that the evils of royalty and of militarism, by which royalty always has been sustained, could not be destroyed in Europe for many centuries except through the object lesson of a terrible war.

After the smoke of battle has cleared away, the political and moral atmosphere of Europe will be purer and living in Germany, France, Austria and Russia, possibly even in England, will be easier.

We all hope that the time is near at hand when this war will have served its purpose and that peace may be re-established on a permanent basis, with the rights of self-government guaranteed to the peoples of the now belligerent countries.

According to the Geological Survey, there is enough coal stored in the mountains of Colorado to do the world three hundred years. The worry in New Mexico is over the cost of getting it here.

THE STORY OF HENRY PAULY.

Only a little energy and real purpose to do things are necessary for a man to extricate himself from the most difficult conditions, provided he has physical and mental strength with which to work. Here is an excellent illustration from an editorial in the Minneapolis Journal.

"The federal commission on industrial relations, which has been touring the country to investigate the causes of industrial unrest, listened in Seattle to an interesting and remarkable witness.

"Henry Pauly was an unskilled laborer who had worked in lumber camps and on railroad construction. Last winter, when many of his kind could get no work, Pauly organized the 'Itinerant Labor Union' and secured an old hospital building for the use of the members. He then advertised for work and sent squads of men out to clear vacant lots or do anything else that came to hand. The squad sorted potatoes, and accepted 'seconds' on pay. Squads were also sent out to clean butcher shops, markets and commission houses, taking second cuts of meat in, incidentally, to clear down old houses, securing the waste wood for fuel. And though Pauly's scheme was ridiculed, the lodge house being dubbed the 'Hotel Glink,' it was a success.

"As soon as the name, Pauly secured contracts for clearing stump land and his men worked at it for more than a month without shelter, although it was the rainy season. Pauly would not admit to his place any man who wouldn't work, yet he sheltered about two thousand men during the winter.

"Now Pauly plans to get his men permanently on the land and hopes to get contracts for clearing land, where parts of the land cleared may be taken in payment. That's the thing to settle the employment question for those men, and to settle it for all time," he told the commission.

"Here, at last, is a man who has been doing something practical and important toward solving the problems of unemployment. Most idle men doubtless want work badly enough, but they haven't the brains to connect with it. Pauly supplied brains for this purpose, largely by organization, and has thus given the country an object lesson."

RELIEVING THE RAILROADS.

Relief of the railroads from the burdens of charges held stationary by law during ten years of steady rise of cost of labor and material will also relieve the whole network of business dependent upon transportation, from retail trade to finance.

The relief hardly can be delayed long beyond the review of its decision designated by the Interstate Commerce commission in less than two weeks. There can be no long rehearsing of evidence, after the exhaustive hearings of the last two years. A brief presentation in argument of the new emergency of world war conditions should be enough. Before that occurred, the review was anticipated

in the dissenting report of Commissioner Daniels.

"An investigation into possible methods of conserving the revenues of carriers was combined with the determination of the question as to the propriety of the rate advances sought in the instant case with the unfortunate result that a decision upon the matter of approving or disapproving the tariffs filed has been quite unnecessarily delayed."

No doubt the delay was due in large part to the exposure of railroad mismanagement in a few cases, by which dividends and capital were dissipated in speculation. These acts have been punished in the past only by restrictions imposed upon the innocent, as well as upon the guilty, but now there is a clause in the new anti-trust law which makes personally responsible officers and directors guilty of such conduct.

The railroads are in precisely the condition revealed so clearly in our ocean navigation. Both are confronted with an emergency by reason of the paralysis of world industry and commerce. What they need is relief from legislative restrictions that have hampered both with the mistaken notion of protecting the public. Ocean shipping has been helped more by suspension of the navigation laws than government ownership can help it. The railroads need only the power to adjust their earning power to the expenditures that are necessary to enable them to perform their public service.

The headline writer who yearns for short words is thankful for the "Tues" and "Berb," but he has not ventured very far on the "Bris" and the "Germ," though he has toyed a bit with the "Frank."

THE ONE PLEA FOR HERNANDEZ.

So far in this campaign no one has suggested that B. C. Hernandez is in any way fitted to represent New Mexico in congress. He was nominated solely because he was a Spanish-American, and no one of the many hundred better qualified Spanish-Americans would accept the nomination.

But one appeal is made for him: that is to race prejudice. The Spanish-American voters are urged to cast their ballots for him because he is one of them, not because he would be able to do anything either for them or for the state.

That kind of campaign was inaugurated in the interest of Killego Baca's candidacy in this and in other counties. He sent out over ten thousand letters. He, Jesus Romero and Modesto Ortiz talked the native issue here for four weeks, all the time.

But the result was that the natives, in all the precincts except two, repudiated the issue. They said they were American citizens, not citizens of either Spain or Mexico, and that they would not be used to further any man's ambitions whose sole claim upon them was that he belonged to the Spanish race.

The same sort of appeals are being made for votes for Mr. Hernandez. He will be repudiated at the polls by the native voters who are disgusted with the effort made now and then to make them appear other than American citizens.

Mr. Hernandez is not competent to represent New Mexico. If the natives were looking for a man to represent them alone, Mr. Hernandez would stand absolutely no chance of being even considered.

It is reported that someone dynamited a Nevada newspaper recently. Possibly the explosion of the foreman of the composing room was mistaken for an attack from without.

Virginia has more than a year in which to dry up and prepare for the advent of prohibition. Also there are some good-sized bagaments in the Old Dominion.

Don't hoard gold. Just put a little canned fruit in the basement instead. It will pay better before the end of the year.

Gifford Pinchot has just inherited \$225,000. Can a man take any interest in politics after being hit like that?

What has become of the American jungle party that called for war at any price?

Mail Order Religion?

Editor of the Journal:

In your write-up of Mr. Hernandez' manager's mail order campaign a few days ago, you stated that he was asking among other things what the religion of the voter is. Can it be possible that Mr. Hernandez' manager desires to bring religious prejudices into this political campaign with the hope of making votes? If not, what is the wily Edly up to?

A SUBSCRIBER.

Unconscious Politician.

A commonplace occurrence in an audience in the vicinity of Whitehall. The bus has stopped and every seat is full, when suddenly a young lady enters. Just at the same moment an old gentleman, sitting at the other end, got up from his seat.

"Sit, no, really I couldn't think," said the blushing maiden.

"But, madam," interrupted the old gentleman.

"Not on any account; I should feel as terribly selfish and," she expostulated the damsel as she waved the courteous passenger back to his seat.

"I must really insist on," continued the old gentleman, rapidly growing purple in the face.

"I don't really mind a bit, and in fact I—," said the beauty, with the sweetest of smiles.

"Can't you see, madam, that—," said the old gentleman hesitantly.

"It's very charming of you, but really I can just as well stand," the young lady said firmly, as she proceeded to "straphane."

"You are at perfect liberty to do just as you please," said the old gentleman, advancing toward the door, "but I want to get out."

London Tit-Bits.

With Scissors and Paste

TANTALUS.

(A. C. Benson in the Centurion.)

The unhappy nature I know are the nature of keen emotion and swift perception, who yet have not the gift of expression, what they feel in any artistic medium. It is these, alas, who number the streets and portions of literature. They are attracted away from home by the lure of the pen, and when they attempt to express their raptures they have no faculty or knack of hand.

WAIL.

(Tennyson.)

No more shall Peace Pipe on her pastoral hillside a languid song.

THE FRENCH WAR HOSTS.

(Frederic Louis Hudecoper, in World's Work.)

The French field army is composed of twenty army corps, the brigade of fourteen battalions and ten divisions of cavalry. Raised to their full strength the active army numbers 1,600,000, the territorial army 518,000, and the territorial reserve 451,000, a grand total of 2,569,000. As a matter of fact, France possesses about 2,000,000 trained men, 1,000,000 more than Germany—a thing which not many people know.

A FEARFUL THING.

(Byron.)

Oh, God! It is a fearful thing To see the human soul take wing In any shape, in any mood.

THE BATTLE OF MUKDEN.

(Financial Chronicle.)

The dispatches from the war of Manchuria compare this battle, in the progress of the engagements of the Russo-Japanese war. As a matter of fact, this furious contest of more than 2,000,000 men, along a 100-mile front, resembles the fight of March, 1903, between Japan and Russia. The line before Mukden, more than 100 miles long, was the longest in modern history. On that occasion the Russian army was entrenched, after a long retreat, in a strong position on high ground. The Japanese, having captured Port Arthur, moved upon Kuroshino's army, attacking alternately his right and left flanks, while persistently hammering his center. In these operations at least sixteen consecutive days were consumed in the endeavor. In the end, the Japanese general, Nogai, turned the flank of

WAR ZONE GEOGRAPHY

Data Issued by the National Geographic Society, Washington.

NOMENTY—A French village, four miles north of Nancy, eight miles east of Pont a Mousson and three miles from the Lorraine border on a height near the Selle. The town has a population of approximately 1,600. The inhabitants are engaged chiefly in agricultural pursuits.

PICHERFONDS—A pretty village on a lake at the southern border of the forest of Compiègne and nine miles southwest of the town of Compiègne, France. While the town is much frequented for the sake of its baths, supplied by mineral springs, its chief interest is centered in its feudal castle, rising high above the houses of the village. The stronghold was almost entirely rebuilt for Napoleon III at a cost of about \$1,000,000. It was originally a fort built by Louis de Orleans in 1590. Having crossed the Levee of Richelieu, the stronghold of Fronde, it was almost battered to pieces by his orders in 1617. The castle's curtain walls are flanked by eight circular towers and the upper ward is reached over double drawbridges. The town now has a population of about 2,000.

LE DREMBLOIS—A small town of northern France, west of the Meuse river and close to the Belgian frontier, adjacent to the bathfield where the grand Canal of the Marne and Oise, gained the greatest of his victories over the Spanish in 1643. The plain was formerly surrounded by marshes and dense forests, but modern drainage has abolished the former and the latter have been cut down. The army opposed to Conde was composed of veteran bands of Wallonian, Spanish and Italian, commanded by the Spanish general, Fuentes, who conducted the battle from a hill. He was afterwards found among the slain. During the Franco-German war, a division of German landwehr occupied this region and during a thick fog on January 5, 1871, surrounded the neighboring town of Reims and caused its 300 defenders to surrender after a five-hour bombardment.

DOMEVRE-SUR-VEZOUZE—A village of eastern France on the left bank of the Vesouze, eight miles east of Lunville and five miles from the Lorraine border. The town is known for its manufacture of calicoes and cotton goods. Its population is about 1,500.

VIC-SUR-SEILLE—A small town in Lorraine, sixteen miles north of Metz. It is a principal possession of the ruins of an old castle and some disused salt works. The latter were abandoned when a rock salt mine was discovered at Dieuze. From Vic to the west the country is a vast unimproved arable plain, uninhabited, save in the towns and villages with scarcely one hamlet or farmhouse on the roadside.

ANTIVARI—A Montenegrin seaport on a strip of country running between the Adriatic and the Serboman range of mountains, with a population of about 3,500. The fine bay of Antivari, with Prutina, is distant about one hour's drive through a barren and forbidding country, shut in by mountains. The town is twenty-three miles southeast of Austrian Cattaro. Fishing and olive oil refining are the principal industries.

SANOK—A district of Galicia, Austria, on the border of Hungary. The Carpathian mountains form the southern frontier and the San river runs through the district from south to north. It has a level surface and many salt mines. Its capital of the same name is on the left bank of the San, thirty miles southeast of Przemyśl and sixty-two miles southeast of Tarnow. It has a population of about 2,500 and is the seat of an important salt market.

BIELSK—A town of Russia, ninety miles northwest of Warsaw and sixty-four miles from east Prussia on the Bialy river. In the thirteenth century it was razed to the ground. Later it was frequently attacked by the Tartars and the Crimean knights. The wars of Poland with Russia and Sweden caused the town to decline

the Russian army at the moment when Marshal Oxana with his main army broke through the Russian center. The result was a Russian retreat of fully 300 miles. The Russian loss in killed, wounded and prisoners being 15,000, together with a vast quantity of military stores.

EDISON ON CHEMICAL IMPORTS.

Thomas A. Edison, in a letter to the Iron Age regarding the shutting off of imports of chemicals by the European war, says:

In reply to your inquiry I would say that carbolic acid is not obtainable in this country, as our tax collector scarcely any hence we are dependent on England and Germany. I am the largest single user of carbolic acid here, and the embargo placed on shipments by England, together with the impossibility of obtaining any from Germany, has put me in a predicament. However, by massing a big gang of men in three shifts, I have erected all the machinery and apparatus for making phenol synthetically from benzol, and my plant is now working, but I shall manufacture only for my own use in the production of photographic records. It seems to me that there are many things we are short of in the chemical line that could be made here quickly, if some people in the trade would set to work.

A PROPHECY.

(Philadelphia Ledger.)

Here is the prophecy which came to me from one of America's most eminent foreign exchange bankers. Within a year we will be able to buy an English sovereign for four dollars.

As you may know, the normal price of that gold coin is almost five dollars, and just before the war it was more than five. Why will we be able to buy a sovereign for four dollars? The war will force England and France to buy immense quantities of supplies from the United States. While those countries now compel their own people to hoard up money, they cannot compel the United States to take anything but gold in exchange for goods.

Our merchandise will flood Europe, and Europe's gold will flood the United States. So says this student of international banking. That foreign gold will cause an immense boom in our industries and very high prices. Alas! Now comes the other page of the story. Immediately the war ends, nearly all the European trading will end. That must instantly create a drastic business depression here. Put into a nutshell, this banker's dope for the future is this:

A boom in America while the war lasts, but depression afterward.

In the seventeenth century and in 1664 it was burnt and sacked. The northern war and the plague of 1717 finally devastated the Bielsk country. Under the second partition of Poland the town was acquired by Prussia, but was allotted to Russia in 1901. On Castle Hill are the ruins of a castle destroyed by lightning in 1563, in which the kings of Poland stayed when hunting the wild ox, supposed to be the original stock of our domestic cattle. Many wild bears are sold at the eight fairs held there annually.

ZEMLYN—A Hungarian town on the line from Szekes to Budapest, 15-16 miles south of the Galician border at the foot of the Hegyalja mountains and on the Bodrog river. The town is the possessor of an ancient castle and trades extensively in corn, potatoes, hemp, fruit, wine, timber, petroleum, alum, paper and salt. It is also a market for the horses, cattle and sheep reared on the mountain pastures.

AGUSTOV—A town of Russian Poland, ten miles from the border of east Prussia and twenty miles south of Suwalki, with a population of about 15,000. It is on the Netta river, which, connected with the Niemna by a great canal, affords water communication to the Baltic. The town was founded in 1647. It is famous for its cattle and horse fairs, its horses, mostly of the Lithuanian breed, possessing great endurance.

BELOSTOK—A Russian town, 10 miles by rail northwest of Warsaw, and forty-two miles from the east Prussian frontier, with a population of about 65,000. Originally part of the kingdom of Poland, it was transferred to Prussia at the partition of 1795. Napoleon ceded it to Russia by the treaty of Tilsit in 1807. The city has numerous large cloth mills. It boasts of its magnificent chateau, in Italian style, and once known as the Versailles of Poland, which formerly belonged to John II. Casimir.

WIELICZKA—A town of Galicia, Austria, eight miles and a half south of Cracow and ten miles from the Russian Poland border, with a population of about 10,000. It is famous for its salt mines, which employ from 1,000 to 2,000 people. The mines descend to a depth exceeding 1,000 feet, are about three miles in length and 1,500 yards wide. The different lev-

els are connected by flights of steps and are pierced by a labyrinth of passages, the aggregate length of which is 100 miles. The mines contain two ponds which have boats upon them. Many of the disused chambers, some of which are from 100 to 120 feet in height, are employed as magazines, and some of them are embellished by candleabra, etc., blown in rock salt. There are also several chapels with altars, statues and other ornaments in rock salt.

KOSCIUSKO HILL—A mound of earth sixty-five feet in height, two and one-half miles to the west of the crater of old Cracow. It was thrown up in 1320-23 by the united efforts of the whole population of Cracow, in honor of the Polish hero of that name. Since 1855 it has been converted into a fort, from which a fine view of Cracow, the Vistula river and the many neighboring peaks of the Beskid mountain range may be had.

GORZADA—A village in Bosnia, Austria, on both banks of the Drina, not far from the Montenegrin border. The town has about 2,500 inhabitants, most of whom are interested in fruit culture. A school teaching the science of orchard cultivation is located here. The valley is dotted with numerous tobacco plantations.

AGRAM (Zagreb)—The capital of Croatia-Slavonia, Hungary, on the River Sava, 187 miles by rail south of Vienna. It had a population of 79,000 in 1910. Tobacco, linen, carpets, leather and war material are manufactured in Agram, and a brisk trade is carried on in grain, wines, potatoes, honey, silk and porcelain. Two of them, the Kaptolstadt and the Upper town, having been bitter rivals for centuries, until the aggression of the Turks forced them to combine for mutual protection. Earthquakes did considerable damage to the town in 1850 and 1891.

The Storytellers

That Settled It.

Mrs. Charles H. Anthony of Munich, whose beautiful wardrobe, designed by herself, impressed Paris before the outbreak of the war, said to a New York reporter the other day:

"Now is the time to introduce modest, home-made fashions for the fall and winter. The European fashion market is idle now. Let the American designer, then, get to work.

"American women will welcome modest fashions, for few of them are as perverse as the American woman I heard about in Paris.

"A friend said to a girl to this woman's husband:

"How the men are flocking round your wife. I thought you said you'd never let her wear one of those shocking evening gowns without shoulder straps."

"I know," the other answered, "but she happened to hear me say it."

The Shivers.

"One of the Duke of Wellington's famous sayings was that every uniform didn't cover a hero."

The speaker was Colonel George Harvey. He continued:

"The best drilled troops have never fought before. How, then, can they fight well when they see on every side their companions getting their heads and arms and legs blown off?

"Chivalry may have been all very well in the past, but today is the day of machine guns, and so I rather hold today to the little girl's definition of chivalry."

"Chivalry," said she, "is when you feel cold."

Love and the Wolf.

At a dinner in Tonopah Senator Key Pittman, apropos of a rash eulogium on the part of two young constituents, shook his head and said:

"Love lurches at locomotives. And later on, alas, my young friends will find the wolf doing the same thing."

A Cause for Doubt.

James A. Patten, the noted wheat operator, said to a reporter in New York:

"Edward Bok and other dream psychologists declare that this war is going to transfer the fountainhead of women's fashions from France to the United States. Well, on the Finland, on the way back home from the war zone, I noticed a thing or two that made me have my doubts.

"For example, I was describing to a group of ladies the promenade deck one afternoon the way the Belgians

CURED ECZEMA

With Saxo Salve After 10 Years Suffering

Darby, Pa.—"For 10 years I suffered from eczema. My face was covered with pimples and so raw I could not go on the street. I went to the Hospital for treatment and tried ointments without help. My druggist told me about Saxo Salve and after using it my eczema disappeared."

"Mrs. JOHN ECKES, Darby, Pa. If we can't cure your skin trouble with our Saxo Salve and Saxo Soap we will buy back the empty tube."

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in greys, tans or plaids.

Comforters, cotton, wool or down filled,

\$1.25 to \$27.50 EACH

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This Slightly Used Piano

WAS \$350—NOW

\$167.50 Cash

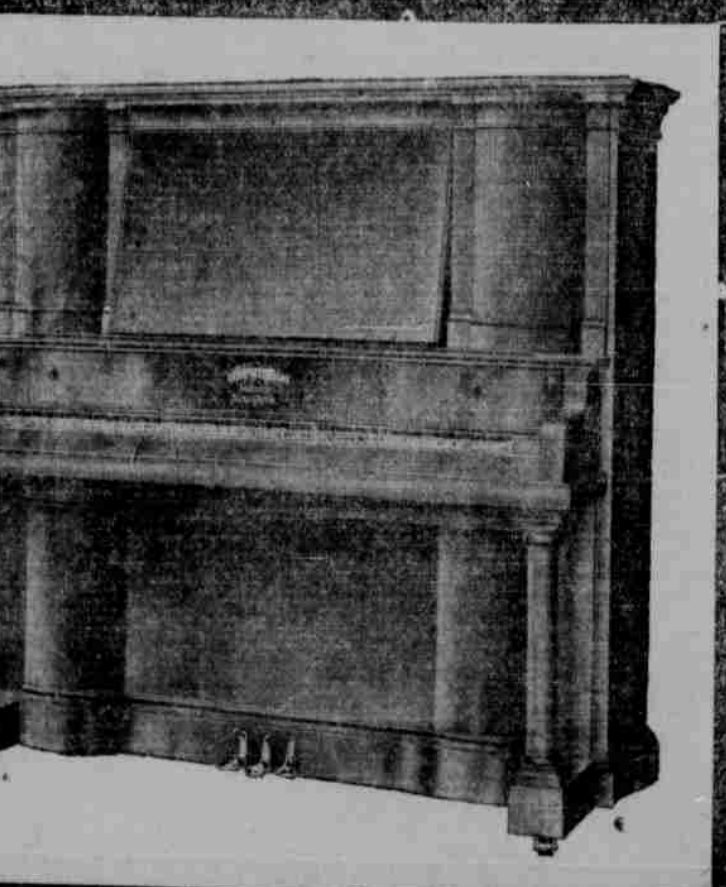
DESCRIPTION OF PIANO

Full 7 1/2 octave, Genuine Ivory keys, Mahogany case, Metal plate, Regular size upright. Remember, we stand behind this piano, and will be glad to show you that the piano is all that we claim it to be.

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The Most Delicious Flavored Tomatoes packed. Insist on this brand.
AT ALL GROCERS

CONCORD GRAPES
35c Basket.

CRANBERRIES,
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PEACHES,
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we have sold for years, and at
the same price.
15c 2 for 25c.

H. C. FRESH EGGS, 35c;
HOME-MADE, 45c;
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LOCAL ITEMS OF INTEREST

WEATHER REPORT.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 6 o'clock yesterday evening:
Maximum temperature, 62; minimum, 42; range 20. Temperature at 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon, 53. North winds, partly cloudy. Precipitation, .06 inch.

Champion grocery and meat, P. 51.
Herb, painting, inspiring, 14952.
Dr. Schwentker, osteopath, P. 715.
Pee's candy store. We have fresh home-made candy every day.

H. Spitz returned yesterday morning from a business trip to El Paso.
Miss Edna Patchin arrived here yesterday from Socorro to spend the week with her parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. J. Patchin.

There will be a regular meeting of Mineral Lodge No. 4, Knights of Pythias, tonight at 8 o'clock. A full attendance is desired, as final arrangements will be made for the entertainment of the Grand Lodge.

Clarence Ulrey of Buxton, N. M., a member of the finance committee of the I. O. O. F. grand lodge, arrived here yesterday to attend the grand lodge. While here he will be the guest of Dr. E. L. Burton and family.

COUNCIL WILL MEET TONIGHT; QUARTERLY BILLS WILL BE PAID

The council will meet in its first October session tonight at Mayor Boardman's office. The mayor said yesterday that as far as he knew the meeting would not be postponed on account of the state fair. Quarterly bills will be presented for payment at this meeting. Monthly bills also will be paid, and the reports of officers will be read.

YOUNG VOTERS' G. O. P. LEAGUE MEETS TONIGHT

The New Mexico Young Men's Republican League is scheduled to come into its first month at the Masonic temple. Young men from all parts of the state have been urged to attend. Ralph C. Eby, republican state chairman, Mr. Eby last night was unwilling to be a guest at the national convention held in board. Officers are to be elected.

LIFE UNDERWRITERS TO MEET AT ALVARADO

The Life Underwriters' association of New Mexico will meet at the Alvarado hotel tomorrow for their annual meeting and luncheon. The meeting will be held at 2 p. m. Dr. R. W. Hannan, president of the association, will be in charge. Officers are to be elected.

B. M. WILLIAMS

Dentist.
Rooms 1 and 2, Whiting Building,
Corner Second and G. Sts.
Phone No. 484.

Phone 788. Taxi, McQuade Bros.

Dr. R. W. Hannan, osteopathic specialist on stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels at Dr. Schwentker's. Phone 517.

SPRINGER TRANSFER

OUR REPUTATION IS YOUR GUARANTEE

ARRANGEMENTS FOR FIRST DAY OF FAIR COMPLETE

Thomas F. Binkert, Secretary, Announces Preparations for Today's Program Have Been Fully Carried Out.

Everything is in readiness for the opening of the state fair today. Thomas F. Binkert, secretary, announced last night.

With the arrival of the troops of United States cavalry Saturday and the report of Ralph C. Eby, chairman of the fair committee, that Governor McDonald would come from Santa Fe to make the opening address, preliminary arrangements were completed.

Several additional sections of the carnival came in yesterday. The greater part of the shows were already set up north of the Alvarado hotel. Other shows are to be placed in cross streets adjoining the fair grounds. Only small stands will be permitted on Central avenue.

The Shrine of Arizona will hold a ceremonial session today and tomorrow on the rim of the Grand Canyon. Years ago, the Blue Lodge staged an initiation on the rim of the canyon and now the Shrine will go the parent body one better. For they not only will confer the first degree on the rim, but on the second day will lead their imperial potentate down into the canyon, there conferring the rites of the order upon a class.

The Shrine are making much of the occasion, and letters are pouring in from all over the country. The railways, connecting with the Santa Fe, which runs to the canyon's rim, are helping and no doubt there will be a multitude of nobles on hand to participate in the ceremonies. So far, orders have been placed for many hundreds of horses and mules, upon which the braves will descend right Angel Trail.

Forty novices are expected to take the journey over the sands at the ceremonial session to be held here Wednesday.

IMPERIAL POTENTATE TO BE MET AT CANYON BY SHRINE OFFICERS

Frederick R. Smith, imperial potentate of the Shrine in North America, who will be here Wednesday, was expected to reach the Grand Canyon of Arizona yesterday. Reuben Perry, potentate of Hualapai temple, and Dr. J. W. Elder, chief rabbi, were expected to meet him there. They will accompany him to Albuquerque.

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NEW FIRE ENGINE SHOWS SUPERIORITY OVER OLD IN TEST

The new fire engine fell short of its previous pumping record when tested yesterday afternoon at Second street and Copper avenue beside the old engine, but threw about 190 gallons more than the old on every trip.

Through three 250-foot leads of hose with one-inch nozzles and a pump pressure of 130 pounds, the new pump delivered 792 gallons a minute to the old one's 684 gallons. In the same test last week the new pump delivered 895 gallons. Chief Jacob Klein was at bus to account for the falling off yesterday.

Through one 250-foot lead with a one-inch nozzle and 265 pounds pump pressure the old delivered 758 gallons a minute and the new 492. Through two leads of the same length with the same nozzles the old threw 569 gallons and the new, 848 gallons.

POLICE CALL FOR AID FOR BOY MEETS WITH REMARKABLE RESPONSE

Johnny Bush has a home and more clothes than he can wear this winter. The orphan for whom the police were seeking a roof for the winter and warm clothes last Saturday, Chief McMullen made Johnny's needs known through the newspapers and the response was astonishing.

Several barrels of clothes were received yesterday. One man ordered the boy a new suit, hat, shoes and stockings, and another offered him a home at a farm north of the city. Chief McMullen accepted this offer for Johnny and the boy went there yesterday. Johnny's new friend said he intended to send him to school.

The police now have another case. A boy, who came here recently, is dying of tuberculosis at the city jail. The chief would like to place the man in more comfortable quarters.

KOEHLER TO ADDRESS COMMISSIONERS OF SAN MIGUEL COUNTY

A. E. Koehler, Jr., commissioner of public health, returned yesterday morning from Las Cruces, where he interviewed the county commissioners of Dona Ana, county regarding that county's appropriation to the New Mexico board of exposition managers. Mr. Koehler left again last night for Las Vegas to address the county commissioners of San Miguel county.

Mr. Koehler will return in time to direct the making of the movies during the fair. Chase Bell, the board's official operator, is now in the city. After a conference between Chief Klein and Mr. Koehler, it was decided to have the fire run take place on Wednesday afternoon about 2 o'clock. The exact time will be announced later.

WOMEN MAY BE STRONG

and enjoy life whether in the home or business world if they can keep at bay those ailments peculiar to their sex. If every woman realized how Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, that simple remedy made from roots and herbs, goes to the root of the trouble and overcomes such symptoms as backache, head aches, nervousness and irritability, they would be healthier, happier and stronger. If you suffer from any form of female trouble, why don't you try it? It will pay you to do so.

WAR

On saddles, harness and cowboy outfit at Hanner's harness shop, 112 West Copper avenue.

CHIROPRACTORS

Mr. and Mrs. M. U. Battendorf, D. C. Located at 420 W. Gold. Phone 1414.

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Go to Dr. Schwentker's for the best in osteopathy, medicated vapor baths, inhalations, ozone and electric. Dr. R. W. Hannan associated. Lady attendant. Consultation free.

Saddle horses. Trimble's Red Barn.

WATER TAX DUE AND PAYABLE AT OFFICE OF WATER CO., 116 S. SECOND.

Popular Music—3c copy—during Fair week. Leonard-Lindemann Co.

PEACE SUNDAY IS CELEBRATED IN CHURCHES HERE

Services Depart Little From Usual With Exception That Prayers Are Said for Ending of Gigantic Conflict.

Protestant churches generally observed Peace Sunday yesterday with supplications for peace services for the speedy termination of the European war. The services contained no departure from the usual Sunday services for peace. Several ministers referred to the conflict in their sermons.

At St. John's Episcopal church a special prayer prepared by Bishop Howden was recited. The same services held there were held in fifty churches in the state. The prayer follows:

Prayer by Bishop.
"O, Almighty God, the Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, the Prince of Peace, visit, we beseech thee, the nations of earth who are at this time engaged in deadly strife. Stay their hands from violence and bloodshed. Protect the fatherless children and the widows, and show thy pity upon all prisoners and captives. Preserve all who are in peril by land and sea. Comfort the distressed, and give wisdom to those in authority that they may see thy will, and grant them grace that they may faithfully perform the same, to the honor and glory of thy Holy Name, and the furtherance of peace and good-will among men, through Jesus Christ, our Lord. Amen."

Services at University.
At the University of New Mexico, Vespers Dean Hodgins presided in the absence of President D. H. Boyd. The Rev. A. E. Allison, pastor of the Central Avenue Methodist Episcopal church, South, gave the invocation, and M. L. Fox the sermon. Mr. Fox dwelt upon the fact that the war is bound to effect some social and economic changes for the good in Europe.

SANTA FE CHURCHES CROWDED FOR PEACE SUNDAY SERVICES
Santa Fe, Oct. 4.—For once, the ordinary facilities of several of the local churches were inadequate to accommodate those who came to attend the Peace Sunday services. The First Presbyterian church was filled twice during the forenoon, once for the Sunday school Rally day exercises. The church auditorium was a sea of flags of all nations, the German colors being wrapped in peace with those of the British, the Russian with the Austrian and over them all the folds of the glorious Stars and Stripes which also enfolded the pulpit. The music by choir was of high order and the sermon, by the pastor, Rev. R. Z. McCullough, had for its theme "The Kingdom Come," and was high in its praise of President Wilson and Secretary of State Bryan for adhering to peace principles.

At the Church of the Holy Faith, there were also two services in the forenoon—one quite early, at which communion was celebrated. At the 11 o'clock service, Bishop F. B. Howden preached an eloquent peace sermon and the choir rendered a fine musical program.

At St. John's Methodist Episcopal church, many of the Masons accepted the invitation of the pastor, Rev. J. M. McCall, to attend. He preached on "The Duties of an American Citizen." Here the music, too, was of a special character.

CARRIZO TEAMS LOSE IN FIELD DAY SPORTS BUT MEET WAS SUCCESS

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL.)
Carrizozo, Oct. 4.—Field day in Carrizozo this year—last Friday—was in every way a success, except that the home basketball team failed to get even a start. Their signal defeat—which was in every sense of the word a severe rebuff—by the Corona team of Friday was galling to the "home folks," but they took it as best they could and after the dust was with difficulty swallowed, they all became reconstituted and rejuvenated and figuratively picked Corona up and carried her triumphantly through the crowd.

The lineup for Corona was Pearl Clements, 1 c. Opal Morse, 1 c. Pearl Colbaugh, b. l. Dora Clements, f. c. May Addison, g. Ella Addison, f. Carrizozo's team took the following positions: Kittle Tinnon, 1 c. Clara Brazel, 1 c. Lois Hight, 1 c. Johnny Spiller, f. c. Patsy Johnson and Lena Stevens, g. The two teams faced each other with smiles, each confident of winning the ten-dollar prize offered by the management, but Corona won by a score of 13 to 5.

On Saturday, the second day of the sports, the Tulare basketball team came down to take it out of the winner of Friday's game; but the Corona team was still on its mettle and walked off with the second game with a score of 13 to 5.

Carrizozo was absolutely sure that the Browns, her crack baseball team, would win their game with the El Paso shop team, but she was doomed to swallow another disappointment, for the game resulted in a victory for the athletes from the Pass City, the score being 4 to 2. It was a fast and furious game, with few errors. The battery for the winners was Fisher and King, and for Carrizozo, Doyle and Van Schoeyk.

In the free-for-all quarter-mile running race, Frank Wallace had a walk-around, while in the 200-yard dash for saddle horses, Clarence Spence pulled down the prize, and Ed Harris was first under the wire in the 2-year-old heat.

Over \$250 in prizes were awarded to the winners in the various events, and a large, interested and happy crowd of people were present to enjoy the sports.

New Auto Delivery Line.
Carrizozo, N. M., Oct. 4.—A new auto delivery line between this point and White Oaks has been inaugurated by Charles D. Mayer of White Oaks. Mr. Mayer's machines make regular daily trips between the two points.

Popular Music—3c copy—during Fair week. Leonard-Lindemann Co.

SLEEPS IN OPEN FIELD, EATING ONLY CRACKERS

Cold Rain Finally Drives Health Seeker to Chief McMullen for Lodging; Expects to Get Employment at Fair.

After sleeping three nights in the open fields, John A. Parkinson yesterday morning went to Chief McMullen and asked for lodging at the city jail. He expected to stay there only a short time, he said. He has been promised employment during the state fair and he will earn money enough then to keep him until November, when relatives in the east will send him his maintenance.

When Parkinson came here last week he went to a first class hotel. He came here on account of poor health, by the way. He lost his money, however, and he had to leave. He did not ask for aid, but stayed in the city in the day time and at night went to the edge of town and slept in the open.

Parkinson was dropped to the skin Saturday night and fearing that his health would be greatly impaired, he went to the chief yesterday. He was given quarters in the jail kitchen. He told Chief McMullen he had had nothing to eat or drink for three days except crackers and water. Parkinson does not seek charity. When he gets work, which he expects within a day or two, he will be able to support himself.

PRAIRIE FIRE STARTS FROM ENGINE SPARK

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL.)
Santa Fe, Oct. 4.—A prairie fire near Rio, started by a spark from a locomotive, is the first of the extensive fires that it was feared would occur this fall on account of the luxuriant vegetation everywhere in the south-west. The grass was burned off several sections before the flames were checked.

The state land office has sent out warnings to owners of state lands to take measures to prevent or to check such fires by plowing a fire guard around every section. The two-story barn of Mrs. E. Deacy at Springer was burned to the ground with all its contents, including a horse, three saddles and two tons of hay.

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Democratic State and County Candidates

ELECTION NOVEMBER 3, 1914

FOR U. S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HON. HARVEY B. FERGUSON

Since President Wilson has been president all the time of Congress has been devoted under his guidance as leader of the Democratic Party to National and International affairs. He has won the approval of the Nation and World. Mr. Ferguson has stood right by the President. Contrast with his stand the attitude of the two Republican Senators from our state. Whom do you wish to uphold?

FOR CORPORATION COMMISSIONER

HON. ADOLFO P. HILL

He was born and raised in New Mexico. He is qualified to fill the place and is elected will serve the whole people.

FOR MEMBERS OF THE STATE LEGISLATURE

GEORGE C. SCHEER

WILLIAM KIEKE

RAFAEL GARCIA

These men are representative citizens of the county of Bernalillo, taxpayers and more interested in the advancement of the community than they are in getting EXORBITANT HIGH SALARIES FOR COUNTY OFFICIALS WHO SPEND THEIR WHOLE TIME PLAYING POLITICS, INSTEAD OF RUNNING THEIR OFFICES. IT IS UP TO YOU, THE VOTERS, WHO PAY THE TAXES, TO PROTECT YOUR OWN INTERESTS BY VOTING THE STRAIGHT DEMOCRATIC TICKET.