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ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1914.

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DISSENSIONS IN VILLA'S RANKS RENDER AID TO GEN. CARRANZA

Herrera's Brigade Revolts and
Is Entrenched in Mountains
About Parí, According to
Reports in El Paso.

ARRIETA BROTHERS DEFEATED AT DURANGO

Scores of Federal Officers At-
taching Themselves to Cause
of Northern Commander,
Says Consul General.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
El Paso, Tex., Oct. 1.—Further de-
finitive reports of dissensions in Villa's
army reached the border today from
both official and unofficial sources.
The report that General Muelvicio
Herrera, with his entire brigade, had
revolted against Villa's authority was
confirmed fully. It also was reported
that the Arrieta brothers, leaders in
Durango, had revolted to the Carranza
side, and that Villa's leader, Tomas
Urbina, had taken Durango City after a battle.

Will Strengthen Carranza.
Observers here took these reports
as indicating that they would strengthen
the position of Carranza in his
pending negotiations with Villa at Za-
catecas, which are reckoned to ad-
just the long standing difference be-
tween the two leaders. The con-
firmed demoralization in Villa's north-
ern division was sent at once to offi-
cials at Mexico City.

The Arrieta brothers, Mariano and
Domingo, long have dominated the
constitutionalist troops in Durango.
After their defeat at the capital on
Tuesday it was reported in advance to
Juarez they had fled into the hills
and established themselves in natural
strongholds of that mountainous state.

Herrera Is Entrenched.
Herrera and his troops are en-
trenched at Parí, in the southwest-
ern extreme of Chihuahua state.
Their district contains some of the
largest American mines of the state.
It was reported from Chihuahua that
when General Herrera announced al-
liance to Carranza, Villa offici-
ally had imprisoned his brother Luis
and their father, Jose de la Luz Her-
rera, who were at Chihuahua City.

These internal disorders in Villa
territory, it was admitted today, had
occasioned suspension of all out-
going traffic on the central railroad so as to
prevent the news reaching the border.

Federals Join Villa.
Rafael E. Muzquiz, the Carranza
consul general along the border, an-
nounced from the office here today
that he had received definite infor-
mation that scores of officers of the
old federal army were preparing to
join Villa in his revolt against the central
government. Muzquiz said that
three ship loads of federal officers and
soldiers from Vera Cruz arrived yester-
day at Galveston.

These men with others now at San
Antonio, he declared, were coming to
El Paso to join the Villa troops. The
consul had reports that already there
were seven ex-federal generals, and
fifty other officers already at San An-
tonio in addition to several already
here.

Yaquis Dominate Sonora.
From Sonora came reports of al-
most absolute domination of that rich
western border state by the Yaqui In-
dians whom Governor Maytorena had
led into northern Sonora in his revolt
against Carranza. Arrivals from the
western state declared that Indians
had been placed in civil offices in the
state capital, Hermosillo, and other
towns, and that the entire state was
in their power. The Yaquis, it was de-
clared, had set about taking forcibly
the lands which they have claimed for
years and which they had been prom-
ised by various revolutionary factions.

**WASHINGTON CONFIDENT
OF PEACE IN MEXICO**
Washington, Oct. 1.—Unofficial re-
ports reaching the administration to-
night from constitutional sources here
conveyed further assurances that
peace soon will be restored.

WEATHER FORECAST.
Washington, Oct. 1.—New
Mexico: Fair Friday and Saturday
except showers in the north Fri-
day.

The Day in Congress

THE SENATE.
Met at 11 a. m.
Senator Borah took up the attack
on the Clayton trust bill conference
report.

Finance committee democrats
working on the war revenue bill pro-
posed turning the tax on gasoline to
motor cars.

Recessed at 4:45 p. m. to 11 a. m.
Friday.

THE HOUSE.
Met at noon.
Debate was resumed on the Philip-
pine bill.

Adjourned at 4:50 p. m. to noon
Friday.

in Mexico through the designation of
Fernando Iglesias Calderon as provi-
sional president, pending an election.
No official word from Mexico City
concerning the convention which was
called to meet today to promulgate
plans for a general election or from
the peace conference between Car-
ranza and Villa representatives at Za-
catecas and Aguas Calientes was
received by the state department to-
day.

Both President Wilson and Secre-
tary Bryan said, however, the outlook
for a peaceful settlement was "very
hopeful." Other officials said they
confidently expected the peace con-
ference to be successful.

Reports that troop movements had
been ordered discontinued by agree-
ment of the peace commissioners and
that preparation for a convention of
constitutionalist chiefs on October 8
had been approved by the Carranza-
Villa representatives, were accepted
by officials here as an important step
in the interests of peace.

Rafael Zubaran, head of the consti-
tutionalist agency here, issued a state-
ment tonight in which he denied re-
ports of the capture of Saltillo by
Villa forces. Further information re-
ceived by the agency confirmed re-
ports that General Muelvicio and
Luis Herrera had revolted against the
authority of Villa. The statement fol-
lows:

"Information received is to the ef-
fect that Gen. Rosendo Hernandez, ac-
companied with his command near Para-
don, and General Muelvicio and Luis
Herrera, with their troops at Parí,
remain loyal to the central govern-
ment and have withdrawn their forces
from the division of the north. Gen-
eral Herrera's command will number
more than 3,000 men and General
Herrera has close to 3,000 men
under him."

Strong representations have been
sent to both Carranza and Villa
against incurring any foreign pri-
ests and nuns, and it was said by officials
today that both leaders have assured
the administration that foreigners will
be given their protection. The con-
stitutionalists have made it plain,
however, that in cases where the
clergy have aided the Huerta regime
they will be compelled to leave the
country.

**NAVAL PROGRAM NOT
YET FULLY OUTLINED**
(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Washington, Oct. 1.—Secretary
Daniels today conferred with the na-
val general board over estimates for
the next fiscal year. Later it was
said the general board had not de-
cided how many battleships it will re-
commend for construction next year.

President Wilson has let it be
known that in view of curtailed re-
venues and the necessity of a war tax
there should be no increases in de-
partmental estimates.

Last year Secretary Daniels con-
sidered in the recommendation of
the naval board that four battleships
and their accompanying complement
of destroyers and auxiliaries be
built. Congress provided for two bat-
tleships.

It has been suggested that if there
is a general demand for a big build-
ing program it may be met by cutting
down shore expenses, in line with
Secretary Daniels' present policy.

**ANTWERP OFFERS
HARD NUT FOR
KAISER TO CRACK**

All Efforts of Germans to
Cross Scheldt River Are
Repulsed by Belgian Artil-
lery; Fighting Continuous.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
London, Oct. 2 (2:54 a. m.)—The
Daily Telegraph's correspondent in
Belgium, writing under date of
Wednesday, has sent the following:
"Before the Germans can press
home an attack against Antwerp they
have a formidable obstacle to over-
come—they must cross the river at
Termonde but each time a hail of
Belgian lead from mitrailleuses and
rifles sends them staggering back
from their pontoons."

"The German siege guns have
thundered incessantly with replying
thunders from the outlying forts of
Antwerp. Separated by a league of
long stretches of woodland and pas-
ture, the giant combatants, inviolable
to each other, have hurled their pro-
pelled peace soon will be restored."

"Malines, unhappy city, was again
shelled and a black column of smoke
showed that several of its remaining
buildings had been set afire."

"In another section of the battle
Termonde was the center of action.
Here the Germans mounted a mitrail-
leuse in the tower of the only re-
maining church, compelling the Bel-
gian gunners to turn their artillery
against the forlorn house of worship.
The Belgians' second round hit the
steeply gabled roof, the building burst
into flames and the mitrailleur was
silenced forever."

"The German field force which oc-
cupied Termonde when the Belgians
evacuated it two days ago was com-
posed of landsturm troops and ma-
rines with batteries and quick-firers."

Succeeds William Barnes.
New York, Oct. 1.—Fred C. Tan-
ner was elected chairman of the re-
publican state committee at that
body's meeting here today and at a
banquet which ended the committee's
session tonight he accepted the
chairmanship.

GERMAN GUARDS MOWED DOWN BY DEADLY FIRE OF FRENCH GUNNERS

Fully Two Thousand Horse-
men Left Lying on Plains
Following Charge, Accord-
ing to Story in Bordeaux.

ARTILLERY SWEEPS TROOPERS TO DEATH

Desperate Stand of Prussian
Grenadiers Saves Kaiser's
Forces From Utter Annihila-
tion by Allies.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Bordeaux, Oct. 1 (8 p. m.)—The de-
feat of 15,000 Prussian guards, who
attacked the French center on Sep-
tember 26, is described today in the
Petit Glorioso.

As soon as the news of the German
advance was received, French caval-
ry was sent to hold the enemy at Au-
berive, department of Marne, to give
the artillery and infantry time to
come up from Soissons, a place near
Auberive. But while the French
dragoons were preparing for the de-
fense of Auberive a brigade of Death's
Head hussars, avoiding the village
came across the vineyards and fields
with the intention of surprising the
French artillery on the march.

Swept by Prompt Action.
It was a critical moment. The
French dragoons were two miles
ahead and the infantry two miles be-
hind the runners, who were in dan-
ger of being sabred across their guns.
The hussars were only three-quarters
of a mile away, galloping furiously.
In two minutes the guns were unlim-
bered and lined up along the road.
The enemy was then only 500 yards
away and the command "could be
heard to prepare to charge the guns."

In the charge the Prussian cavalry
gathered speed with every yard. When
they were 200 yards away, the French
gunners aimed and there was a flash
of fire. Through the smoke the artil-
lery could see the enemy's horses
rearing and the officers trying vainly
to rally the broken lines.

2,000 Horsemen Mowed Down.
A second time the battery hurled
death into the doomed brigade. A
great silence succeeded the thunder
of hoofs and the shouting men. Two
thousand horsemen lay as if struck
by lightning. Here and there a
wounded horse struggled to shake
himself clear from the heap of dead.
But the artillerists did not want
to gaze long on this scene of carnage.
They limbered up the guns and rat-
tled off to aid the dragoons who were
hard-pressed and falling back along
the highway. The guns were a wel-
come relief. This time the struggle
was more even. The German quick-
fired returned the fire with interest,
but the French infantry arrived and
deployed among the vines, a battle-
rang out and their bayonets flashed
in the sun as they dashed forward.

Without cavalry to aid it, the Prus-
sian guard was obliged to fall back.
A battalion of Zouaves glided behind
and occupied the valley of the Solp-
re, threatening to place the guard
between two fires. A regiment of
grenadiers sacrificed itself to cover
the retreat of the German columns on
Rheims. Five times the grenadiers
hurled themselves against the French.
They were repulsed every time and
after the fifth charge only one sec-
tion was left, a handful of men sur-
rounding the flag.

First one, then two and then three
of the grenadiers threw down their
arms. A hundred men, mostly
wounded, were all that was left of a
splendid regiment. But their sacri-
fice had not been useless, for it en-
abled the column to get safely under
the guns of the forts at Berra and
Nogent l'Abbesse.

**DEADLY ARTILLERY FIRE
SLAUGHTERS GERMANS**
London, Oct. 2 (2 a. m.)—Dilat-
ing upon the splendid accuracy of
the artillery fire and the extent to which
the artillery has been used in the
present war, the Daily Mail's cor-
respondent in France says:

"The infantry has counted for little
in these protracted operations. On
the allies left wing the men say that
they have nothing to do and several
have complained of spending eight
days in the trenches without seeing
a German. Both armies are tired.
"There was one appalling incident.
Three days ago, 500 Germans were
caught in some flat fields with slopes
on every side. The French artillery
took up positions secretly and when
the moment came to open fire the
officer in command said, 'make me
a cemetery down there.' His order
was obeyed, the guns accounting for
the greater part of the five hundred.
Those who were there say that not a
single German escaped."

"It is no wonder that the Germans
have nicknamed the big French guns
in the field artillery 'the black butch-
ers.' Their effect is terrible. The
shells they throw explode only ten
feet above the ground and spread
their missiles over an area measuring
100 yards by thirty yards. The
shock of their explosion alone often
kills at once a whole row of en-
trenched men."

GRAPHIC STORY OF DESOLATION INFLECTED UPON THE BELGIANS

Only Blind Woman and Daugh-
ter Inhabit Ruins of Ter-
monde, Recently Having a
Population of 16,000.

FIRE AND BOMBS DO WORK OF DESTRUCTION

Mental Panic Has Seized Civil-
ian Residents, Who Wander
Through Country Without
Food or Shelter.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
London, Oct. 1 (10:05 p. m.)—A
graphic picture of the desolation of
Belgium was brought to London to-
day by J. P. Whitehouse, member of
parliament from Llanarkshire, who
has just returned from a tour around
Antwerp to assist in relief measures.
Mr. Whitehouse made the journey
outside Antwerp with two military
cars, attended by Belgian officials.
In describing the damage which he
saw the Belgians had to inflict upon
themselves to supplement the de-
fenses of Antwerp, he said:

Country Desolated.
"Hundreds of thousands of trees
had been cut down so that at some
points of our journey we had the im-
pression of passing through a wilder-
ness of roots. The tree trunks had
been removed so as to afford no cov-
er to the enemy. All houses had
been blown up or otherwise destroyed.
Later we passed through the de-
struction which had been flooded as a
further measure of defense. The
damage resulting from these precau-
tionary measures alone amounted to
ten million pounds sterling, (\$50,000,000).

"In the villages all ordinary life
was arrested. Women and children
were standing or sitting, dumb and
patient, by the roadside. Half way
to Termonde we could plainly hear
the booming of guns and saw many
evidences of the battle which was
raging."

Destruction of Termonde.
"I have read newspaper accounts
of the destruction of Termonde and
had seen photographs, but they had
not conveyed to my mind any realiza-
tion of the horror of what actually
happened. Termonde, a few weeks
ago, was a beautiful city of about
16,000 inhabitants, a city in which
the dignity of its buildings harmonized
with the natural beauty of its
situation, a city which contained
some buildings of surpassing interest."

"I went through street after street,
square after square and I found ev-
ery house entirely destroyed with all
its contents. It was not the result
of bombardment, it was systematic
destruction. In each house separate
bombs had been placed which had
blown up the house and set fire to
the contents. All that remained in
every case were the outer walls which
were still constantly falling, and in-
side the cinders of the contents of the
buildings. Not a shred of furni-
ture or anything else remained."

Only Two Inhabitants Remain.
"Of the population I thought that
not a soul remained. I was wrong,
for as we turned into a square where
the wreck of what had been one of
the most beautiful of Gothic church-
es met my eyes, a blind woman and
her daughter trooped among the
rains. They were the sole living
creatures in the whole town."

"Shops, factories, churches and
houses of the wealthy all were simi-
larly destroyed. One qualification
only have I to make of this state-
ment. Two or perhaps three houses
bore the German command in chalk
that they were not to be burned.
Where a destroyed house had ob-
viously contained articles of value
looting had taken place."

"I inquired what had become of
the population. It was a question to
which no direct reply could be given.
They had fled in all directions. Some
had reached Antwerp, but a great
number were wandering about the
country, panic-stricken and starving.
Many already were dead."

Similar Elsewhere.
"What had happened at Termonde
was similar to what had happened in
other parts of Belgium under the
military occupation of Germany.
The result is that conditions have
been set up for the civilian popula-
tion throughout the occupied terri-
tory, of unexampled misery."

"Comparatively few refugees have
reached this country. Others are
wandering about Belgium flock-
ing into other towns and villages or
flying to points a little way across
the Dutch frontier."

"Sometimes when a town has been
bombarded the Germans have with-
drawn and the civilians have returned
to their homes only to find again at
a renewed attack. A case in point is
Malines which on Sunday last, as I
was about to try to reach it, was
again bombarded."

"The inhabitants were then un-
able to leave as the town was sur-
rounded, but when the bombardment
ceased there was a great exodus.
"The whole life of the nation has
been arrested. Food supplies which

should ordinarily reach the civilian
population, are being taken by the
German troops for their own support.
The peasants and poor are without
the necessities of life and conditions
of starvation grow more acute every
day. Even where there is a supply
of wheat available the peasants are
not allowed to use their wind mills
owing to the German fear that they
will send signals to the Belgian army."

"We are therefore faced to face with
a fact which has rarely if ever oc-
curred in the history of the world—
an entire nation in a state of fam-
ine and that within a half day's jour-
ney of our own shores."

Instruments of Destruction.
"The completeness of the destruc-
tion in each individual case was ex-
plained to me later by the Belgian
ministers who described numerous
apartments which the German sol-
diers carried for destroying prop-
erty. Not only were hand bombs of
various sizes and descriptions carried
but each soldier was supplied with a
quantity of small black discs, a lit-
tle bigger than a six-penny piece."

"I saw some of these discs which
had been taken from German soldiers
on the field of battle. These were
described to me as composed of com-
pressed benzine. When lighted they
burn brilliantly for a few minutes
and are sufficient to start whatever
fire is necessary after the explosion
of a bomb."

Mental Panic Exists.
"To the conditions of famine and
homelessness which exist on such a
stupendous scale there must be ad-
ded one which is had—the mental
panic in which many survivors re-
main. I understood how incredible
this was when I saw and heard what
they passed through. I saw witnesses
of unimpeachable character describ-
ing the sufferings of the women and
children at Liege as they fled from
their burning homes. Clinging to
their husbands and fathers they were
violently pulled from them and saw
them shot a few yards distant."

Conditions in Antwerp.
"I should supplement what I have
said regarding the condition of Bel-
gium with some reference to Antwerp
itself where the excited government
now sits. It is a wonderful contrast
to the rest of the country and the
first impression of the visitor is that
there is little change between its life
now and in the days of peace. It
approached it by water and in the
early morning it rose before me like
a fairy city. Its sky line was beau-
tifully broken by spires and towers,
its churches including the incompar-
able Gothic cathedral."

Eagerly Seek News.
"When I entered its shops were
open, its streets were crowded and
everywhere there was eager activity.
By midday the streets became com-
gested. Early editions of the papers
were eagerly bought and great crowds
assembled wherever a telegram giv-
ing news could be read. This contin-
ued until early evening, but by 8
o'clock a most extraordinary change
had fallen upon the city."

Lights Blotted Out.
"Not a light of any kind in house
or in shop was to be seen. No lamps
were lit in the streets of the city.
Not a soul remained in the streets.
To the darkness there was added pro-
found silence. It was as though this
amazing city had been suddenly blot-
ted out."

AUTOMOBILES TO BE TAXED FOR WAR REVENUES

Gasoline Is Exempted Because
of Protest of Cleaners; 25
Cents Per Horsepower of
Motor Cars Substituted.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Washington, Oct. 1.—Work on the
details of the war revenue bill was
continued today by the senate finance
sub-committee and preparations were
made for the consideration of the
measure by the full committee tomor-
row.

No general changes were consid-
ered, the sub-committee confining
their discussion to the details of the
measure.

The proposed tax on gasoline has
been eliminated, the sub-committee
considering that section of the bill
substituting instead a tax of twenty-
five cents per horsepower on automo-
biles and a selling tax on manufactur-
ers of \$1 per horsepower.

Numerous amendments proposing
additional items of taxation or alter-
ations in the rates proposed by the
house are being considered.

The National Association of Dyers
and Cleaners today presented to the
committee a vigorous protest against
the proposed tax of two cents a gallon
on gasoline.

Mr. Brace stated that if Section 3 of
the war revenue bill became a law as
it stands, the dry cleaning industry
had but one of two alternatives, either
to increase charges or add to their an-
nual expense of conducting business.

The protest stated that 75 per cent
of all gasoline used in the United States
is consumed in mechanical and indus-
trial arts and less than 25 per cent
used in automobiles. The amount of gasoline
used in the dry cleaning and dyeing
establishments of the United States
was estimated at more than 100,000,
000 gallons a year.

Loss of British Ships.
London, Oct. 1 (10:55 p. m.)—
Eighteen steamers of an aggregate
tonnage of 25,581 have been sunk by
German warships during September,
according to a board of trade report.
While nine steamers were destroyed
by mines in the North sea in the same
period, 75 lives being lost.

TWENTY-TH DAY OF BATTLE PASSES WITHOUT DECISIVE RESULT BEING FORECAST FOR EITHER ARMY IN CONTEST

INDIAN TROOPS REINFORCE BRITISH AND SEVERAL COLONIAL REGIMENTS ARE NOW ON SOIL OF FRANCE

Gigantic Turning Movement of Right Wing Under General
Von Kluck Is Continuing but So Far Has Not Been Able
to Dislodge Invaders From Strongly Entrenched and
Heroically Defended Positions; French Artillery Is Now
Said to Equal or Be Superior to That of Kaiser; Russian
Reports Tell of Continued Progress in Eastern Theater of
War and Engagement of Vast Proportions Is Impending
Before Cracow.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
London, Oct. 1 (9:15 p. m.)—The
battle of Aisne, now nearing the end
of its third week, will soon attain in
respect to time the great contest
fought at Mulden nearly ten years
ago, but still no decisive result has
been achieved by either side.

The French official communication
issued this afternoon, which was con-
densed into about thirty words, was
one of the shortest given to the public
since the war began. It records that
progress has been made by both
right and left wings of the allied
armies but gives absolutely no details
of the extent of the passage between
the lines.

Military experts, however, believe
that the great claws, as they have been
described, continue to open to clutch
at the outspread wings of the Ger-
man army, particularly the right
wing, which forms the upper portion of
the line, and now has its back to the east
fighting with desperation to prevent
the French left from encircling or
smashing it along most of the front
estimated at 150 miles in length.

Artillery Important Factor.
The artillery has played by far the
most important part in the struggle,
but on the German right the lighter
guns, cavalry and infantry are doing
most of the fighting with a stubborn-
ness and disregard of life that people
have so often said in recent years
modern soldiers would never display.

There have been unprecedented artil-
lery duels between the rivers Oise
and Aisne and between the Oise and
the Somme, which have taken a heavy
toll of the opposing armies, followed
by cavalry and infantry charges in
which first one and then the other
side would gain or be compelled to
give ground.

Operations Must End Soon.
Still they have held on, the Ger-
man wing being extended further
northward as the French made an-
other move to work around it. With an
unlimited supply of troops this might
go on for an indefinite period, but
with the force at the disposal of the
two staffs the operation must soon
come to an end.

The German official account says
the Germans have defeated the
French north and south of Albert.
This doubtless refers to an engage-
ment which correspondents have
mentioned, admitting that the French
had suffered a temporary reverse, but
had later regained the ground. To-
night's report that further progress
had been made indicates that they
have penetrated north of Albert.

Fighting Near St. Mihiel.
On the allies' right in southern
France, where progress also is re-
ported, the French have been fighting to
compel the Germans, who succeeded
in crossing the Meuse at St. Mihiel,
to return to the eastern side of the river.

The statement in last night's com-
munication that the French had occu-
pied Ziecherey and Eupat-de-Mad, sug-
gested that this already had been ac-
complished, but it has not been offi-
cially announced.

Along the extended front from the
Oise to the Meuse, with the exception
of the fighting mentioned on the
wings, nothing has happened that the
French staff considers worth men-
tion. It cannot be that the troops in
these positions are entirely idle. In
fact it is known that an artillery duel
is going on continuously, but prob-
ably neither side has been able to move
forward while the infantry has been con-
stantly on the alert to meet attacks
and counter-attacks.

French Artillery Superior.
For a time the Germans had the
better of the artillery fighting, as they
possessed the bigger guns. This situ-
ation is now said to have been over-
come, for the French have brought up
additional artillery, including some big
naval guns which are credited with
being able to out-range the German
guns and which are being used to
drive the Germans out of their strong-
ly fortified positions.

Both sides appear to be full of con-
fidence. The Germans, who are bring-
ing up reinforcements to meet the at-
tempt to out-flank them, are in what
appears to be almost impregnable po-
sitions and are using them skilfully
and fighting strenuously.

The allies, on the other hand, place
their hopes in the arrival of rein-

Summary of War News of Yesterday

Another day has passed and the situ-
ation between the allied armies and
the Germans in northern France is
still described by the French official
announcements as satisfactory, with
here and there progress along the line,
but not a sufficient advance to the
north and east to strike a decisive
blow at the German right wing.

The battle on the Aisne gives every
indication of being the greatest in his-
tory as to duration, losses and possi-
bly in significance with respect to
the outcome of the greatest war the
world has ever seen.

British reinforcements, consisting in
part of trained East Indian troops and
in part of territorial and a Scotch
regiment, which includes many sharp-
shooters who have won fame on the
rangers in times past, have reached
France to strengthen the small British
army which for many weeks past has
been doing yeoman service beside its
French allies. Colonial troops also are
on the way to the battle front, not a
few of whom have seen service in
South Africa and other campaigns.

On both sides there have been in-
numerable offensive movements, the
Germans, while relying upon their en-
trenchments to keep off the advance
of the opposing forces, not hesitating
to assume the offensive in fierce as-
saults upon both French and British
at short intervals.

Likewise the Germans are contin-
uing their campaign in Belgium by an
attack on the outer defenses of Ant-
werp, and a Rome dispatch says,
are rushing thousands of troops and
an immense supply of war material
to the Russian frontier in a supreme
effort to ward off the Russian ad-
vance.

In the eastern theater of the war
Germany has taken into her hands the
direction of the campaign against the
Russian empire's host. While Berlin
officially is silent on the progress
of the war, the Berliner Tageblatt, in
a leading article, expresses the con-
fidence of the German people that fur-
ther news from the battle fronts will
be in favor of the German army.

British Reinforcements.
Of course it is not known where the
Indian troops are going, but it is be-
lieved that the left wing will be stiff-
ened by them. Some of the terri-
torials also have reached Field Mar-
shal French. These include the Lon-
don Scottish, one of the best of Eng-
land's volunteer regiments, recruited
from Scotchmen in London. They
have reached a high state of efficiency
and in their ranks are some of the
best marksmen in the empire. Among
them are a number of men who com-
peted with the United States for the
Palma trophy a few years ago.

A call has been issued

What's New in New Mexico

SUNSHINE STATE EARN'S ITS NAME AND THEN SOME

Weather Report Shows That Old Sol Was on the Job During September; Month Was Warm and Dry.

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Santa Fe, Oct. 1.—Not a day without sunshine, in fact, not a day without at least 12 per cent of sunshine and two days with 100 per cent, such is the weather bureau record for September. Yet, this was 14 per cent below the normal of the past twenty-four years. No wonder New Mexico is called the Sunshine state. The average for the month just past was 64.1 per cent as against 78 per cent for the normal. Sixteen days were clouded, 11 as partly cloudy and 3 as clear.

September was also warmer than customary. The highest temperature recorded was 82 degrees on September 18, the lowest 44 degrees on September 23, a monthly extreme range of only 38 degrees. Surely, for equitableness, New Mexico climate can not be beat. The mean maximum temperature was 74.4 degrees, the mean minimum 53.5 degrees and the mean 63 degrees, which is 2.4 degrees above the normal of the past forty years.

There were eight days that had more than 61 of an inch precipitation. The greatest precipitation for any twenty-four consecutive hours was 2.1 of an inch and the total for the month was only .59 of an inch as against an average for the past thirty years of 1.64 inches. Nevertheless, there is still an excess in precipitation of 1.28 inches since New Year.

LAND OFFICE FINISHES MAP OF PECOS VALLEY

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Santa Fe, Oct. 1.—The state land office today completed a map in detail of the Pecos valley showing in detail the location of state lands in the arid belt. With characteristic foresight Land Commissioner R. P. Eriksen has selected all the available lands in that section, some of which have already doubled and trebled in value, the state, of course, being the gainer thereby.

B. C. Broome, of the state engineer's office, on a recent trip over El Camino Real all the way to Nogal canyon below San Marcial, took pictures of the road and road-making activities. He has colored these and they will form a much appreciated and valued part of the San Diego exhibit.

State Engineer James A. French telephoned from Carizozo today where he is looking after the work on the Alamogordo-Carizozo cut-off which eliminates the long round-about-trip through the Lincoln county highlands between those two points. The road parallels the El Paso & Southwestern and is already completed beyond United States Senator Fall's ranch at Three Rivers and Otero.

Superintendent of Public Instruction Alvan N. White returned today from an official inspection of the schools in San Miguel, Colfax, Union and Mora counties.

MIMBRES VALLEY LUMBER COMPANY INCORPORATES

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Santa Fe, Oct. 1.—The Mimbres Valley Lumber company filed incorporation papers today with the state corporation commission. In addition to the lumber business it will also engage in the sale of lands and various other activities usually enumerated in corporation charters.

The capitalization is \$25,000 divided into 250 shares of which \$8,100 are paid up. The incorporators and directors are: R. W. Long, El Paso, 65 shares; J. V. Schurz, 15 shares; E. L. Foulke, 5 shares; a total of 81 shares.

GAME WARDEN IS STILL STRICTLY ON THE JOB

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Santa Fe, Oct. 1.—Game Warden Trinidad C. de Baca leaves tomorrow morning on an automobile trip to Mora county. The deer season opened today and the dove season closed yesterday.

Assistant United States District Attorney E. C. Wade went to Las Cruces to attend the democratic county convention and to transact legal business.

MRS. MARY MORRISON DIES IN CAPITAL CITY

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Santa Fe, Oct. 1.—Mrs. Mary Morrison, aged 81 years, an old-timer well known in this part of New Mexico, died this morning at the home of former State Librarian Mrs. A. J. Chapman. She is survived by two sons, one of whom is an engineer living in Denning. Her husband was a soldier for many years stationed in Santa Fe.

The funeral will take place tomorrow morning from the cathedral. Interment will be in Rosario cemetery.

Visitors to Museum.

Santa Fe, Oct. 1.—Among the visitors to the state museum today were J. Robson, of San Diego; Lucille McCohen, of Denning; R. Kastler, of Denver, and R. E. Day of Stanley.

BLOOD POISON THREATENS LIFE OF TAOS LEADER

Malaquias Martinez in Precarious Condition as Result of Injury That at First Seemed Trivial.

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Santa Fe, Oct. 1.—Malaquias Martinez, republican nominee for the legislative house in Taos county, is precariously ill from blood poisoning. In unloading a mowing machine for his farm a few days ago at the Tres Piedras station, Mr. Martinez scratched his left hand. He paid no attention to the wound until his arm commenced to swell. Since then, physicians have done all in their power to alleviate Martinez' suffering but the arm is now swollen and discolored up to the shoulder.

DIRECTOR MAKES OVERLAND TRIP THROUGH STATE

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Santa Fe, Oct. 1.—A 1,000-mile overland trip that took them to altitudes of above 10,000 feet and that extended over twenty-one days, was completed last night by Weather Bureau Director Charles Edwin Lindsey and George F. Meek through northern New Mexico.

The trip was for the purpose of installing snow measurement gauges of an entirely new type and which can be read at a long distance with the telescope. The gauges are for the high Sierras which are inaccessible in winter and are automatic of self-registering. The trip was to Española, thence to El Rito and over the divide at 10,000 feet to the Carillon headwaters, where steel was encountered and where the only frost thus far was recorded.

In the High Sierras, Thence the trip was to Tres Piedras, Taos, Taos canyon, Questa, Red river and Anchor, a mining camp north of Red river in Taos county, almost 11,000 feet high. Thence to the headwaters of Costilla creek, across the divide into Elizabethtown, down the Moreno valley to Black Lake, across the Cimarron range to Chaco, Rosinda, Harvey's upper ranch, the Gallinas planting station, Mineral hill and home over the Santa Fe trail.

That road conditions even in the mountain fastnesses were unexcelled, the report brought back. Oats, wheat, garden truck and especially hay are being harvested in unprecedented quantities. The remarkable part is that, excepting at El Rito, there were no signs of frost even at 11,000 feet, although snow has already fallen at higher points.

BOUNDARY HEARING IS POSTPONED FOR WEEK

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Santa Fe, Oct. 1.—The New Mexico-Texas boundary hearing, which was to have been resumed today at El Paso, has been postponed for another week.

Attorney General Frank W. Chaney and his assistant, H. S. Chaney, had just completed digesting and briefing the 4,000 pages of typewritten testimony thus far given when they received word that W. W. Torney, in charge of the case for Texas, did not find it convenient to be in El Paso this week.

TRY THIS IF YOU HAVE DANDRUFF

Or Are Bothered With Falling Hair or Itching Scalp.

There is one sure way that never fails to remove dandruff completely and that is to dissolve it. This destroys it entirely. To do this, just get about four ounces of plain, ordinary liquid arvon; apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

By morning, most, if not all, of your dandruff will be gone and three or four more applications will completely dissolve and entirely destroy every single grain and trace of it, no matter how much dandruff you may have.

You will find, too, that all itching and itching of the scalp will stop instantly and your hair will be fluffy, lustrous, glossy, silky and soft and look and feel a hundred times better. If you want to keep your hair looking rich, do by all means get rid of dandruff, for nothing destroys the hair so quickly. It not only starves the hair and makes it fall out, but it makes it stringy, straggly, dull, dry, brittle and lifeless, and everybody notices it. You can get liquid arvon at any drug store. It is inexpensive, and four ounces is all you will need. This simple remedy has never been known to fail.

BELL HAS TIME OF HIS LIFE ON VISIT TO TAOS

Indians With Aversion to Being Photographed Make Things Lively for Movie Man of Fair Commission.

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Santa Fe, Oct. 1.—Unexpectedly thrilling was the experience of Chase Bell, moving picture operator of the New Mexico exposition commission, who returned from Taos today, where he attempted to film the San Geronimo band.

Armed with a government permit, Mr. Bell thought that all he needed to do was to set up his machine and turn the crank; but the Taos braves would not have it so. They charged him, single file and double file, attacked his right wing and pushed back his left. They threatened him with war clubs held a tin can over the lens of the camera, so that instead of 1,400 feet of perfectly good film that he had promised he would get he secured only a few hundred feet of dance and fiesta, and much of that was merely a picture of war clubs and faces grinning into the camera.

Mr. Bell was the first one in history, however, to get even that much, and mystified the warriors by doing his famous disappearing trick which he had learned in a traveling circus. He fired better, however, than two other motion picture operators, one of whom had come overland from Rio and another from Denver, both being compelled to bust an ignominious retreat without even setting up their apparatus.

People with hand cameras were also driven away. Much more successful was Bell at Shiprock, where he secured not only 1,200 feet of Navaho dances and races but also the mysterious, sacred writings, a feat that is of great ethnological and historical value. This also, the films he took of the Pueblo ceremonial dances at Isleta and Laguna have turned out to be a great artistic success, and are the first and best of the kind ever obtained.

JUDGE ABBOTT HOLDS NIGHT SESSIONS OF COURT IN SANTA FE

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Santa Fe, Oct. 1.—The district court has been held night sessions. The case of Thayer vs. El Rito and El Grande railroad occupied the attention of the court tonight. The jury has been completed and testimony is being taken.

Thayer was awarded a verdict for \$4,250 for injuries received in Colorado, but Judge Abbott granted a new trial. There was a time when the railroad company might have settled for \$75, as most of the witnesses come from western Colorado and the case in the case run very high.

Collins' Demagogue Overruled.
Santa Fe, Oct. 1.—The state supreme court today overruled the decision of Hugh H. Collins, formerly of Albuquerque, lately of Clayton, in the disbarment proceedings that are pending against Collins, who was given ten days in which to answer. The main charge against Collins is that he failed to be prompt in turning over funds he had collected for clients.

Attend the Model Dry Goods company's bankrupt sale. Starts Saturday, Oct. 3, at 9 o'clock.

Wire Egg Beaters on sale all day today, each, 1 cent. THE LEADER.

THE SPIKED HELMET, PRUSSIA'S PRIDE, EXHIBITED BY BELGIANS.



Shown above is the spiked helmet, symbol of Prussian pride, carried in triumph through the streets of Brussels.

COUNTY CLERKS MUST KEEP FULL SETS OF BOOKS

Such Is Opinion of Attorney General Conveyed Verbally to Secretary of Chamber of Commerce.

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Santa Fe, Oct. 1.—A verbal opinion rendered today by Attorney General Frank George H. Van Stone, of the Chamber of Commerce, may come as a shock to the twenty-six county clerks of the state and their deputies.

It is simply this, that the statute demands that county clerks must keep a complete set of books from which at any time may be ascertained at a glance the financial condition of the county, of each fund, how much the county owes, what it owes, how much in taxes the treasurer has collected each day, how much he still owes on the duplicate which must be charged up to him as soon as the assessor turns over the books to him, in fact, every detailed item of expenditure and receipts each day.

There is Section 4063 of the compiled laws of 1897, for instance, that demands this. There are other sections indirectly and directly requiring it, but there are few counties, it seems where the county clerks conform with the law in this respect and fewer counties still in which the county clerk can tell off hand whether the tax collector is being complied with and what is owing each man, each firm and what is owing the county. The fact that the county treasurer must be charged up with the entire duplicate and is to be credited with the collections he makes daily or weekly or monthly, is also news to many tax payers and tax collectors. However, the state authorities are determined to enforce the law to the letter in the future and county clerks or their deputies had better start to take a course in bookkeeping.

DEMOCRATS FUSE WITH MOOSE IN TAOS COUNTY

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Santa Fe, Oct. 1.—Progressives and democrats fused yesterday on their legislative tickets in Taos county, the progressives nominating Dado Corvosa and the democrats Fred Lewis, president of the Taos Commercial Club.

Secretary of State Antonio Lucero, who had to return to Santa Fe sooner than expected because of an attack of rheumatism, made an address. Candidates for Congress E. C. Wilson made several rousing addresses, the post few days and it is due to his counsel that the fusion movement was accomplished. The republican nominees are: Malaquias Martinez and Antonio A. Rivera.

DOWN'S MADE ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Alamogordo, N. M., Oct. 1.—Charles F. Downs has been appointed assistant prosecuting attorney for the Third judicial district.

Mr. Downs will make his headquarters in Carizozo. He was a resident of Alamogordo for many years, serving as clerk of the district court when New Mexico was a territory, and afterward published the Alamogordo Advertiser.

Lide Is Commissioned.
Santa Fe, Oct. 1.—Hampton H. Lide was today commissioned postmaster at Elmiendorf, Socorro county.

ROMERO MAKES PROMPT REPORT TO TREASURER

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Santa Fe, Oct. 1.—County Treasurer Eugenio Romero, of San Miguel county, is "Johnny-on-the-spot" this month, for he is the first to turn over to State Treasurer U. N. Marron the state's share—\$1,118.55—of the September tax collections. Receipts are expected to be low this month from taxes but from other sources, the treasury was well remembered today. J. B. McManus turned over \$465.93 of convict earnings. The state corporation commission paid in \$628.50 of corporation fees and \$484 of insurance fees. Game Warden T. C. de Baca turned over \$4.12 to the game protection fund.

But the biggest wad of all came from Land Commissioner R. P. Eriksen who forked over \$24,283.62, of which \$26,000 goes into the common school income fund and the balance into the funds of state institutions. It is the largest amount ever paid over for any month but as notes for leases are not due until today, the amount turned over this morning merely represents the advance payments and the next thirty-one days will see a veritable flood of cash into the state land office. The office carries over \$300,000 in bank deposits and an aggregate of almost \$1,000,000 in notes and contracts to purchase.

BIG AUTO PARADE OPENS DONA ANA COUNTY FAIR

(SPECIAL DISPATCH TO MORNING JOURNAL)
Las Cruces, N. M., Oct. 1.—Yesterday opened the annual Dona Ana county fair. At 11 o'clock occurred the automobile parade in which a great many cars took part. A great deal of interest has been manifested for some time in this particular feature and there were many very elaborately decorated cars. The parade was headed by a cavalcade of cowboys and their beds, friends on horseback. The parade formed near the Santa Fe depot and traveled east to Main street and down the full length of Main street to the Loretta academy, thence west to the fair grounds.

The county is represented this year in all lines and there are housed inside and in a very attractive enclosure and buildings belonging to the fair association.

The students of the city were given a half holiday to take part in the morning parade. The business houses all closed in hearty co-operation with the fair management to help boost the success of the fair.

QUIET CAMPAIGN IN OTERO COUNTY LIKELY

Alamogordo, N. M., Oct. 1.—With the day of election only a little more than a month distant, the present campaign bids fair to be the quietest ever conducted in Otero county. The democratic and republican candidates for the legislature are doing a little work in personal solicitation, but that appears to be the extent of the activities.

Contrary to their usual custom, the socialists of this county have failed to put a ticket in the field, and the vote of the party likely will be fairly well divided between the candidates of the other two parties. The progressives, in their county convention, endorsed J. J. Bailey, the republican candidate.

It has not yet been announced that any of the candidates for state offices or any of the state campaign spellbinders will include this county in their itinerary. The democratic party has opened its headquarters in the Ave. building in charge of J. C. McShilly, county secretary.

Now is the time to plant your winter onions. Choice, both top and bottom sets, 15 cents per pound. Get our price for large amounts. F. W. FIFE.

242, 244, 246 West Lead Avenue.

ELY'S CREAM BALM OPENS CLOGGED NOSTRILS AND HEAD-CATARH GOES

Instantly Clears Air Passages; You Breathe Freely, Nasal Discharge Stops, Head Colds and Bull Headache Vanish.

Try a small bottle anyway, just to try it—Apply a little in the nostrils and instantly your clogged nose and stopped-up air passages of the head will open; you will breathe freely; dullness and headache disappear. By morning the catarrh, cold-in-head or nasal catarrh will be gone.

End such misery now! Try the small bottle of Ely's Cream Balm. This sweet, fragrant balm dissolves by the heat of the nostrils, penetrates and cleans the inflamed, swollen membranes which line the nose, head and throat; clears the air passages; stops nasal discharges and a feeling of clearing, soothing relief comes immediately.

Don't lay awake tonight struggling for breath, with head stuffed; nostrils closed, hawking and blowing. Catarrh of a cold, with its running nose, foul mucus dripping into the throat, and raw dryness is distressing but truly needless.

Put your faith—just once—in Ely's Cream Balm and your cold or catarrh will surely disappear.

LUMBER Glass-Paint Cement-Plaster Albuquerque Lumber Company 423 North First Street

PEACE TREATY WITH RUSSIA IS SIGNED BY BRYAN

Czar's Empire Twenty-seventh to Agree to Think It Over for a Year Before Attacking Uncle Sam.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
Washington, Oct. 1.—Secretary Bryan, for the United States, and Ambassador Bakhmeteff for Russia, today signed a treaty binding the two nations to submit all differences that cannot be settled diplomatically, to an international commission of five members for investigation during a period of at least one year during which hostilities may not be commenced.

This is the twenty-seventh of the so-called investigation treaties and follows in a general way the lines of those previously negotiated with nations all over the world.

Similar pacts have been signed between the United States and Great Britain and France. Negotiations with Germany and Japan have not been entered into formally, although the general proposition was submitted to those nations along with the others early in the present administration.

No treaty of any kind has existed between the United States and Russia since President Taft abrogated the commercial treaty of 1902.

GAY PARISIAN LIFE IS BEING RESUMED

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)
London, Oct. 2 (2:41 a. m.).—Despite the fact that thousands of Frenchmen are laying down their lives and thousands of wounded are arriving daily from the front, Parisians, says the Paris correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, are resuming some of their customary luxuries of spirit.

"Victory is in the air," the correspondent says. "All indications point to the fact that the German commanders and the German troops are realizing for the first time that they are in a desperate position. Their attacks during the last few days, delivered as they were at no decisive point with overwhelming numbers but haphazard all along the line, show that they have been driven desperate and that their plan of campaign has been completely frustrated."

"The German right wing is completely in the air. It vents on no fortress or entrenched position, and dailies position becomes more critical."

"The German right wing is completely in the air. It vents on no fortress or entrenched position, and dailies position becomes more critical."

GAS, HEARTBURN, INDIGESTION OR A SICK STOMACH

"Pape's Diapepsin" ends all stomach distress in five minutes.

Time! Pape's Diapepsin will digest anything you eat and overcome all gas, heartburn, indigestion, stomach surety within five minutes.

If your meals don't fit comfortably, or what you eat lies like a lump of lead in your stomach, or if you have heartburn, that is a sign of indigestion. Get from your pharmacist a fifteen-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin and take a dose just as soon as you can. There will be no sour risings, no belching of undigested food mixed with acid, no stomach gas or heartburn, fullness or heavy feeling in the stomach, no constipation, no headache, dizziness or intestinal griping. This will all go, and, besides, there will be no sour food left over in the stomach to poison your breath with nauseous odors.

Pape's Diapepsin is a certain cure for out-of-order stomachs, because it takes hold of your food and digests it just the same as if your stomach wasn't there.

Relief in five minutes from all stomach misery is waiting for you at any drug store.

These large fifteen-cent cases contain enough "Pape's Diapepsin" to keep the entire family free from stomach disorders and indigestion for many months. It belongs in your home.

Acute Articular Rheumatism

The exact cause of rheumatism is unknown, though it is generally believed to be due to an excess of uric acid in the blood. It may be also said with equal truth that no remedy has been found which is a specific in all cases. In fact the literature of rheumatism shows that there are but few drugs which have not been given a trial. In the hands of one observer we find that a certain drug has been used with the utmost satisfaction others have found the same remedy to be a great disappointment. All physicians have been given preference over all other remedies for the relief of the pain in articular rheumatism. These tablets should be purchased in any quantity. They are also unexcelled for headaches, neuralgias and all pains. Ask for A-K Tablets.



THE ANCIENTS ATE BREAD

Just as we do, but what a different kind of bread. They would have thought themselves the special favorites of the gods if they had had much perfect bread as we bake. Be thankful that you are here today and able to have a loaf of our delicious bread whenever you want it. Want some now?

Pioneer Bakery

207 South First street.

Rheumatism STOMACH TROUBLES KIDNEY AILMENTS

Faywood Hot Springs

It cures, and you remain cured. We know, and you will if you try it.

Considered the greatest Kidney Water on earth. Why not visit FAYWOOD HOT SPRINGS first, since you will eventually go there, anyway? Large, modern hotel. Perfect climate. Booklet. T. C. McDERMOTT, "The Faywood," FAYWOOD, NEW MEXICO.

THE most brilliant writers in America—the artists whose cartoons and "comics" make the nation laugh—are working exclusively for

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America's Cleverest Weekly

Everybody Loves Ruck—Just for Fun

For 40 years this paper has retained its position as the best all-round humorous periodical in the country. It is better now than at any time in its career.

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Wholesale and Retail Dealers in FISH AND SAKE MEATS Sausage a Specialty For Cakes and Hogs the Biggest Market Prices Are Paid.

CONVENTION OF SUNDAY SCHOOL WORKERS CLOSES

Place of Next Meeting Left to Executive Committee; Session Just Ended in Every Way Successful.

The thirteenth annual convention of the New Mexico Sunday School association adjourned last night after the most successful session in the history of the association. The time and place of the 1915 convention were not decided, but were left to the future action of the executive committee after a committee report recommending Roswell for the next meeting place had been received.

Thursday's full program was carried out, the various phases of temperance work occupying the morning session, with a drill by Mrs. Easterday, a physical culture class and a reading, "A Remedy for War," by Mrs. Anna Wilde Strumquist. Instruction and entertaining talks were made by Miss Harriet L. Henderson, state president W. C. T. U., and Mrs. Maude L. Greene, well known as a chaff talker.

The boy campers, from the Methodist school gave an illustrated song which made a big hit with the audience. The report of J. K. Vaughn, state superintendent of temperance work for the association, was received with a round of applause.

Resolutions Adopted.

The afternoon session opened with devotional exercises led by Rev. J. M. Shimer, of Santa Fe, after which the report of Mrs. Mollie Poe Wright, of Clovis, superintendent of the teachers' training, department, was read, followed by reports of the various committees of the convention. The committee on resolutions reported the result of their deliberations which were unanimously adopted by the convention by rising vote. The resolutions favor the enactment of juvenile laws by the next session of the state legislature, and place the convention on record as in favor of state-wide prohibition, deprecating the war in Europe and commending the attitude of President Wilson in this and the Mexican situation. The resolutions pay a very high tribute to the work of Rev. W. C. Merritt, the retiring secretary in charge of the work in this state and Arizona and bid him God's choicest blessings in his new field of labor. They express also the thanks of the convention to Judge Pope and the other officers of the session, to Mr. Pearce and Mrs. Bryner for their helpful advice and presence, and to the international association for making it possible for them to be here, to the good people of Albuquerque for their hospitality and entertainment while here, and particularly to the two daily newspapers of Albuquerque for the attention they have given the convention and the interesting record of the sessions of same.

The committee on time and place for the next meeting favored Roswell and the three last days in September, 1915, for the next meeting but after discussion an amendment was agreed to giving the executive committee the power to select both time and place. This change was at the suggestion of the ways and means committee who recommended that the church federation be invited to meet at the same time as the convention, and it was also thought by many that the session of the convention should be during the school vacation in order that many public school teachers who are also Sunday school workers might be permitted to attend. A strong sentiment developed to have the next meeting held at Las Vegas during the summer meeting of the Normal school so it was left to the executive committee for decision.

Election of Officers.

The nominating committee reported as follows: Judge W. H. Pope, Santa Fe, president; Rev. William Warren, Albuquerque, vice president; H. S. Lithgow, Albuquerque, secretary; Frank C. Keefe, Albuquerque, treasurer. For department superintendents—Elementary, Mrs. W. Q. Oldham, Portales; Secondary, Mrs. Charles Hewitt, Albuquerque; Adult, Mrs. Lena McCann, Artesia; teacher training, Mrs. Adeline Tall, Albuquerque; home, Miss Mabel A. Smith, Albuquerque; missionary, Rev. C. K. Campbell, Las Cruces; temperance, J. S. Vaughn, Deming; handwork, Miss Martha Valiant, Mrs. L. E. Fletcher, Albuquerque; Spanish-American, Rev. Thomas Harwood, Albuquerque, and Rev. Victoriano Valdez, Taos. The executive committee—D. A. Porterfield, Albuquerque; G. R. Billro, Deming; Dr. G. T. Veal, Roswell; Rev. E. E. Mathes, Mesilla Park; Edwin Stevenson, Carlsbad, W. G. Ogilvie, Las Vegas. The report of the nominating committee was unanimously adopted and the above officers declared elected.

After adjournment an auto trip was given the delegates at the courtesy of the people of Albuquerque.

The Closing Session.

At the evening session in the high school building, music by Mrs. Ada Pierce Winn and Mr. Stanley Seder and some graceful work and dumb-bell work by Mrs. Easterday's class in physical culture proved pleasing additions to the program, following the opening song service by Mr. C. J. Andrews.

The last message left by Mrs. Bryner to the Sunday school workers was based on the words of Jesus—"I am the Door." The point she made was that education must lead to open minds and to open hearts, the "open sesame" to those being all about us in pictures, music and story.

"The Adult Bible Class Movement," an illustrated lecture by Mr. Pearce, brought out many phases of the advanced work. He contrasted the day when the Sunday school was chiefly composed of women and children with its three million men now in attendance in North America, the change being due to organized bible classes.

The movement, Mr. Pearce explained, is marked by three characteristics, viz: Every class organized, each member has a voice in every enterprise and shares the responsibility of victory or defeat. It is a bible study class and the class engages in every form of helpful service in community and state. Pictures were shown demonstrating that the organized class has succeeded in reaching men and women of every sort of community; there being classes of cowboys, farm boys, soldier boys, business men, young men and old men alike.

Mr. Merritt's closing words to the convention were also words of farewell to the work that has been very close to his heart.

The convention adjourned with the old song, "God Be With You Till We Meet Again."

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVORS TO OPEN STATE CONVENTION

Christian Endeavors of New Mexico will hold their convention here today and tomorrow. The Rev. H. J. Rice, pastor of the Christian church of El Paso, will give an address tonight.

Deputy United States Marshal J. R. Gabasha returned last night from Roswell where he went to serve civil papers.

CLAYTON TRUST BILL ATTACKED IN HOT DEBATE

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADERS WIRE)

Washington, Oct. 1.—Attacks upon the conference report on the Clayton anti-trust bill were continued in the senate today by Senators Reed, Weeks and Borah. Senator Chilton, one of the conferees, defended the report.

Senator Weeks declared that the leasing system employed by the United Shoe Machinery company, one of the concerns against which the tying clause of the Clayton bill is directed, was a boon to small manufacturers who would be unable to maintain their business if forced to buy the machines which they can rent under the United company's plan. He said Louis D. Brandeis, who is instrumental in the reshaping of the Clayton bill before the senate committee, was the attorney who attended to the legal problems of the organization of the United Shoe Machinery company. Mr. Brandeis, he added, appeared before the Massachusetts legislature for the company in opposition to legislation designed to outlaw the "tying clause" leases, which he himself drew.

Senator Borah attacked the general plan of the administration anti-trust program declaring it was reversal of the general policy followed since the passage of the Sherman anti-trust law. Senators Norris and Sterling will speak in opposition to the conference report.

MONEY EASIER; EXCHANGE RATE AGAIN DECLINES

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADERS WIRE)

New York, Oct. 1.—With actual inauguration of the \$100,000,000 gold pool, for which account a considerable sum of gold was shipped to Canada, foreign exchange suffered another setback today, cables declining to 4.97 and demand to 4.96.

Apart from renewals the local money markets were extremely dull. Canadian banks placed small sums of money at 7 per cent for 20 days and some out of town institutions resumed their purchases of mercantile paper at an average rate of 7 per cent. The true state of the market was shown however in the price paid by the Erie railroad for a five months' extension of its six per cent notes which matured today. The cost to the railroad was said to be about 8.1-8 per cent.

Contrary to expectations, very few defaults of October interest payments were reported. Further improvement in general bonds was noted.

Two of the largest railway systems, the Pennsylvania and New York Central, submitted August earnings today. East of Pittsburgh, the Pennsylvania showed an increase of \$177,000 in operating income while its western lines fell off \$142,000. New York Central's income increased \$286,000, but is smaller for the first eight months of the calendar year by \$1,200,000.

London experienced a feeling of relief in connection with the new moratorium which allows another fortnight's grace for certain bills of exchange.

JEWISH FUGITIVES FLOCK INTO VIENNA

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADERS WIRE)

Venice (via Paris, Oct. 2, 2:27 a. m.)—Jewish fugitives from Galicia are continuing to arrive at Vienna in such numbers that it is absolutely impossible to accommodate any more of them. The stream has now been diverted to various places in Moravia, upper Austria and Salzburg.

Six thousand of those in Vienna have been sent to Nihilshin, Moravia, where temporary barracks have been erected. The burgomaster has vigorously protested against an attempt to send another contingent, declaring that the town already is overcrowded.

The enormous numbers of wounded reaching Vienna from Galicia are also causing the authorities much anxiety. The last contingent found accommodations in the parliament building. Archduke Leopold Salvator has converted his palace, which adjoins the American embassy, into a hospital.

NEW FIRE ENGINE TO BE SUBJECTED TO PUMPING TEST TODAY

The new auto fire engine probably will be delivered to the city today. That depends upon whether it passes the pumping test to be made this afternoon at First street and Mountain road. The machine is supposed to throw 800 gallons of water a minute. The engine was put through running tests yesterday. W. W. Harcourt, factory representative, drove it at fifty-three miles an hour on the "loop" on the mesa east of the city. While it is not as fast as the machine now in service it is fast enough according to Chief Jacob Klein. The new engine will excel the old in pumping, however, if it meets the requirements, as the old engine shoots only 700 gallons a minute.

Besides Chief Klein, Mayor Shattuck, City Engineer J. N. Gladding, Alderman S. B. Coen, of the fire committee, and several councilmen will witness the test this afternoon.

ALBUQUERQUE FIRE DEPARTMENT WILL BE SHOWN AT SAN DIEGO

A. E. Koehler, Jr., commissioner of publicity, upon the advice of Col. E. E. Twitshell, chairman of the board of managers of the San Diego exposition, has made arrangements for "filming" a fire department run here state fair week. The two five-ton motor engines and Chief Jacob Klein's car will take part.

The machines will be pictured running west on Central avenue, the start to be in the Highlands. Mr. Koehler plans to take also the connecting of the pumps with hydrants and the throwing of several streams on some high building.

As the picture is to be staged for week large crowds will form on the sidewalks on both sides of Central avenue to see the spectacular event. The time of the run will be announced beforehand.

WILL NOT ALLOW REFUGEES TAKEN FROM STEAMER

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADERS WIRE)

Vera Cruz, Oct. 1.—An American warship will prevent political refugees leaving Vera Cruz, from falling into the hands of constitutionalists at Progreso when the Ward line steamer Monterey enters the waters off that port next week.

By order of President Wilson, Rear Admiral Frank Beatty has given instructions for the cruiser Des Moines to convey the Monterey when she sails Saturday.

Since September 22, when the American scout cruiser Salem prevented the removal of sixteen passengers from the Ward line steamer Esmeranza at Progreso, the boats of that company have been omitting their call at that port.

Most of the Mexicans who fled to the American lines for protection against the constitutionalists have left Vera Cruz, although there are yet many hundreds here without enough money to enable them to leave.

The battleship Texas, joined the American warships here today.

YOUR SICK CHILD IS CONSTIPATED! LOOK AT TONGUE

If cross, feverish or bilious, give "California Syrup of Figs."

No matter what ails your child, a gentle, thorough laxative should always be the first treatment given.

If your little one is out-of-sorts, half-sick, isn't resting, eating and acting naturally—look! Mother, see! Tongue is coated. This is a sure sign that it's little stomach, liver and bowels are clogged with waste. When cross, irritable, feverish, stomach sour, breath bad or has stomach-ache, diarrhoea, sore throat, full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the constipated poison, undigested food and sour bile gently moves out of its little bowels without griping, and you have a well, playful child again.

Mother can rest easy after giving this harmless "fruit laxative," because it never fails to cleanse the little one's liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach. They dearly love its pleasant taste. Full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups printed on each bottle.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," then see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company."

NOTICE, WOOL GROWERS

We will have an exhibition and sale during the Albuquerque fair a car of Arizona range-raised yearling Rambouillet rams, bred from the best selected Garma and Vonhomeyer stock that money will buy. We guarantee that they have never seen service and are as large as ordinary two-year-olds. J. F. DAGGS & SONS.

On sale today all day, 6-qt. Enamel Kettles, 10c each. THE LEADER.

Don't forget to attend the bankrupt sale, The Model Dry Goods company's stock will be sold out at such prices that you'll have to hurry. Sale begins Saturday, Oct. 3, at 9 a. m.

BEN CARPENTER, AN ENGINEER, LOSES ARM UNDER LOCOMOTIVE

Ben Carpenter, a brother of James M. Carpenter, general yardmaster for the Santa Fe railway here, suffered the loss of his left arm near Slayton, Tex., September 22, when he fell under a locomotive. He was engaged in the freight service of the Santa Fe. Mr. Carpenter was climbing on his engine when he slipped and rolled under the wheels. He was hurried to Slayton for medical treatment. The arm was severed just above the elbow. From there, after temporary treatment, he was taken to the Santa Fe hospital at Post. He is recovering from the shock rapidly.

James M. Carpenter went to Texas as soon as he learned of the accident. He returned yesterday. His brother is known here.

WOMAN'S CLUB TO GIVE INTERESTING PROGRAM

An exceptionally interesting program has been arranged by the Woman's club for its meeting this afternoon, which is to begin promptly at 7:30 o'clock. The club desires to impress upon its members the desirability of punctuality, and has authorized the request that those who are unavoidably delayed will enter the building by the side door so as not to interrupt the proceedings.

The annual reception to new members will take place immediately after the conclusion of the program.

At 2 o'clock the board of managers and the membership committee of the club will hold meetings. The program will be as follows: Literature—"Current Events," Mrs. Pollock. Music—Piano duet. Spanish Dances, (Moscovitz), by Mrs. E. K. Harsh and Mrs. Gies, C. Everett. Vocal Solo—"La Gofondina," Mrs. Katherine Grimmer-Balley. Address—"The Relation of the History of Mexico to the Present Situation," Mrs. Felix Bues. Vocal Solo—"La Paloma," Mrs. Katherine Grimmer-Balley.

INVITATION TO VISIT THE WOOLWORTH STORE

The first New Mexico store of F. W. Woolworth Co., with their 15¢, 10¢ and 15¢-cent stores scattered all over the United States, will be thrown open to the public for visitors this afternoon at 2:30 and this evening at 7:30 o'clock, and the management extends a cordial invitation to the people of Albuquerque and vicinity to visit this model 5, 10 and 15-cent store today at the hours mentioned. For the sale of merchandise the store will be open Saturday morning at 8 o'clock, and a score of clerks will be in readiness to wait on all those seeking real bargains to be found in first-class 5, 10 and 15-cent stores.

Bankrupt sale of the Model Dry Goods company stock begins Saturday, Oct. 3. Come and look over the values offered—an exceptional opportunity to buy ladies' fine shoes at less than cost of manufacture.

LAS VEGAS Y. M. C. A. SECRETARY TO SPEAK AT COMMERCIAL CLUB

C. A. Lenoir, secretary of the Las Vegas Y. M. C. A., will speak at the luncheon meeting to be held tonight at the Commercial club. R. E. Putney, of the general committee invited Mr. Lenoir over the long distance telephone yesterday and received his acceptance.

The meeting is to be held at 7:30 o'clock, so republicans will be able to attend both this meeting and the party gathering to be held later at the Y. M. C. A. headquarters. With the record for promptness and loyalty established by the general Y. M. C. A. committee at the first meeting, republicans only need assure that they will be able to get away in time if they go to the association meeting first.

FEDERATION DECIDES TO PUT LEGISLATIVE CANDIDATES ON RECORD

At a regular meeting of the New Mexico Federation of churches yesterday a committee on civic righteousness was appointed consisting of Rev. John H. Gass, Dr. Solomon L. Burton, Dr. S. Alonzo Bright and Rev. S. J. Allison.

The federation passed a motion to instruct this committee to publish the fact that no candidate for the legislature will be supported in the coming election who will not pledge himself to give New Mexico an opportunity to vote on statewide prohibition.

Corns Quit, Pains Stop, With "Gets-It"

Quit Plasters, Salves and What-Not! After using "GETS-IT" once you will never again have occasion for asking, "What can I do to get rid of my corns?" "GETS-IT" is the first corn, certain corn-cure ever known.

Why "Suffer-Yet" With Corns? Use "GETS-IT." See it Vanish!



If you have tried other things by the score and will now try "GETS-IT" you will realize this glorious fact. You probably are tired sticking on tape that won't stay stuck, plasters that shift themselves right onto your corn, contraptions that make a bundle of your toe and press right down on the corn. Put two drops of "GETS-IT" on that corn in two seconds. The corn is then doomed as sure as night follows day. The corn shrivels. There's no pain, no fuss. If you think this sounds too good to be true, try it tonight on any corn, callus, wart or bunion.

"GETS-IT" is sold by druggists everywhere, 25¢ a bottle, or sent direct by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago.

Jewelry Store Closed Today

To Rearrange Stock and Mark Down Goods Way Below Expectations

The public has responded to our advertisements and taken advantage of the greatly reduced prices, to such an extent that we must have this entire day, Friday, to rearrange stock and further slash prices. Nothing escapes the knife in this

GIGANTIC JEWELRY SALE

See our windows today, then be on hand Saturday Morning, 10 a. m.

A Few of the Many Bargains

\$2.50 Big Ben Clocks cut to	\$1.49	\$10.00 Copper Chafing Dish cut to	\$2.98
\$1.00 Boy-Proof Watches cut to	.38c	\$1.50 Solid Gold Baby Rings	.78c
\$1.00 Alarm Clocks cut to	.29c	\$8.00 Detachable Gold Handle Hill's Silk Umbrellas, warranted 20 years, cut to	\$1.89
\$10.00 Silver Toilet Set, three-piece, cut to	\$2.98	\$6.00 8-day Kitchen Clock, strikes and alarms, cut to	\$1.68
\$10.00 8-day Mantel-Clock cut to	\$2.98	\$6.00 Cut Glass Water Set cut to	\$2.37
\$15.00 4-piece Silver Tea Set cut to	\$5.87	\$1.00 Tie Clasp or Scarf Pins cut to	.29c
\$3.00 Rogers Bouillon Spoons or Oyster Forks cut to	\$1.38	\$1.50 Cuff Buttons, gold filled, cut to	.38c
\$1.00 Silver Napkin Rings cut to	.59c	50c Beauty Pins cut to, pair	.9c
\$2.00 Stouffer Hand-Painted China Sugar and Creamer cut to	.87c		
25c Silver Polish cut to	.9c		

A BIG SAVING ON HIGH GRADE WATCHES AND DIAMONDS

Sale Starts Saturday 10 a. m.

Dodd & Denhof
Leading and Most Reliable Jewelers in Albuquerque

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER

The Albuquerque Morning Journal

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THE MORNING JOURNAL IS THE LEADING REPUBLICAN PAPER OF NEW MEXICO, SUPPORTING THE PRINCIPLES OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY ALL THE TIME AND THE METHODS OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY WHEN THEY ARE RIGHT.

Larger circulation than any other paper in New Mexico. The only paper in New Mexico issued every day in the year.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
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NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS:
Subscribers to the Journal, when writing to have their paper changed to a new address must be sure to give the old address.

"The Morning Journal has a higher circulation rating than is accorded to any other paper in New Mexico,"—The American Newspaper Directory.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1914

THE NEWSPAPER AND THE WAR

In another column of this page we reproduce an editorial from the New York World replying to a complaint from a correspondent that the newspapers of the country are coloring or "faking" news adverse to the German cause in the present war. We call special attention to this editorial because it reflects a condition that prevails in Albuquerque, and doubtless all over the United States, as well as in New York. Somehow the impression has gained among the violent partisans of one or the other of the two contending armies that the newspapers of the country are prejudiced and are not giving the real facts concerning the war.

Of course, to any one except a violent partisan such a supposition is absurd. Editorially, newspapers may take one position or another as to the merits of the struggle now going on; but as to what is actually happening in Europe there is not a reputable newspaper in the United States that has any other desire than to print the truth and to print it as fully and as promptly as possible.

As the World points out, the news of the war has been gathered under the greatest difficulties and in spite of the most rigid censorship ever known. That there has been faltering of news on both sides can not be denied, but in view of the obstacles thrown in the way of ascertaining the truth, the degree of accuracy attained is a remarkable tribute to the energy and fidelity of the American press.

It would be well if those who accuse the newspapers of partiality in the handling of war news would consider these facts well in the light of the editorial which we reproduce.

The best antidote remedy is being horribly particular about what you eat and drinking a few pints of hot water a half hour before breakfast.

MAKING HEROES OF CRIMINALS.

In the Chicago newspapers we have the story of a young bandit named Perneck, who has become something of a hero. When Municipal Judge Kelly found the young man over to the grand jury, charged with five robberies, the court remarked that the bandit was one of the "nerviest" boys ever brought before him. And the director of the psychopathic laboratory, connected with the municipal court, even went larger and more inebriating terms. The director said:

"Perneck is a high-grade sociopath. This class does not have intelligence enough to maintain itself independent of its environment."

These are exactly the words for criminals and their crimes are called by many fancy names. A bandit, with five robberies to his credit, becomes "a high-grade sociopath," and a young murderer becomes "a meron," whatever that may mean. Why call these murderous crooks for holding themselves in great esteem? Are not they disciples of the same school of criminalism that made "the great and noble Barry K. Thacker," as he once called himself, the prince of mischief? Many eyes the fact he has worn unchallenged for years.

But perhaps there never was a better illustration of precisely what effect this suicidal attitude has upon the mind of the criminal himself than is shown by the reports of the case of Perneck. When the "nerviest" boy heard what the psychopathic director had to say of him, he returned:

"When society and economics make it impossible for a young man to earn more than five dollars a week to support himself and his wife, then who is to be fault? If the man is forced to steal, is he a criminal? If he is a sociopath, I would like the psychopathic experts to answer that."

We learn that Mr. Perneck is a young man of eighteen years, who, last August, married a girl of sixteen, and because his salary did not permit them to attend the theater regularly, he became discouraged and turned his hand against society. His wife was not living in the misery for which nature had intended her, so he became a holding man and turned to shoot to kill. When captured, he is told he is the holder that he is a meron and hence from a subject that he is not an ordinary criminal but "a high-grade sociopath."

Our grandfathers called a botch

thief a horse thief and treated him, as such, until it came to pass there were mighty few horse thieves left. Had they known they were high-grade sociopaths, probably a number of them would be roaming around today. Our grandfathers called white slavers and murderers by the most old English names. They wanted no morbid sentiment over high-grade enemies of society.

The American Mathematical society, after figuring out all of its problems at Providence, R. I., sat down to a fine dinner and reduced it to its least common denominator without the least brain pain.

SMILE PRIDE.

We are almost as proud these days as a youngster with his first pair of real breeches. We feel like we had climbed out of the swaddling clothes classification and were a pretty lanky infant, ready to make things get up and bustle. In fact we are just bursting with the youthful enthusiasm of the freshman who is spoken to by the senior with the glad assurance of the club reporter who has gone out with the star man to run errands.

All these expansive and unimpeachable features are caused by the fact that we have got on the editorial page of our friend the Albuquerque Morning Journal. A complete editorial has been quoted with due credit given to us. At last we have received the accolade of the Grand Old Man of New Mexico Journalism (since James R. Black has gone to Texas) and we are real proud of it. These metaphors are a little mixed but we are too full of joy and youthful enthusiasm to mind that much.

The Journal admits us as a real newspaper. Ergo, it must be so. Albeit, we have suspected as much for some time past. Whoo!—Santa Fe New Mexican.

The New Mexican's editorial quoted by the Journal, was free from quibble or drivel. It dealt clearly and sanely with the subject in hand and fairly with the intelligence of its readers, thereby showing a sense of the responsibility of a newspaper to the public.

Judged by the best metropolitan newspaper standards, the editorial was an exceptionally strong one. The wonder is that the New Mexican doesn't utilize the ability of the writer of it often.

Ohio reports a successful blend of the pumpkin and the cantaloupe. We have had the casaba at Deming for some years. What is the difference?

LET THERE BE LIGHT.

Benjamin Franklin is credited with first suggesting the illumination of the streets of cities. No one had then thought it might be a city's duty to supply light in the streets at night. If the moon shone, all well and good; if not, wayfarers must get along the best they could, in olden time with a torch, in later years with a lantern.

Light is the greatest preventive of crime. As time went on the idea spread and gathered force that a city ought to light its streets. This met with vigorous resistance. There was an element, like the "gray sisters" of Greek legend, opposed to change. A leading newspaper opposed the innovation with the following argument:

"First—Artificial illumination is an attempt to interfere with the divine plan, which has preordained darkness during night time.

"Second—Those people who do not want light ought not to be compelled to pay for it.

"Third—The emanations of illuminating gas are injurious. Moreover, illuminated streets would induce people to remain later out of doors, leading to an increase of ailments caused by colds.

"Fourth—The fear of darkness would sapish and drunkenness and depravity increase.

"Fifth—Horses would get frightened and thieves emboldened.

"Sixth—Constant illumination of streets by night would rob festive illuminations of their charm."

The argument is familiar. If the fathers had lived so well and so happily without lighted streets, why should we have them? Let the streets shine.

This illustration is used because of the position Chairman Ely takes regarding the manner in which Mr. B. J. Hernandez kept his books as treasurer of Rio Arriba county. Mr. Ely admits that Mr. Hernandez marked "paid" nearly seven hundred dollars due in taxes from the Avondale Mercantile company, of which he is half owner, when they were not paid.

He says such things have been done by the best of men in New Mexico from time immemorial, and that no blame should attach to Mr. Hernandez for following precedent.

But New Mexico has changed. Things that were done, even four years ago, are not done today. Mr. Ely's plea now is for Mr. Hernandez's vindication. He no longer claims that Mr. Hernandez possesses any qualification for representative of New Mexico at Washington. Not a single argument is advanced on that line. The very pointed questions asked him by Mr. Thompson Cutting, progressive state chairman, in an open letter, remain unanswered.

This is a day of lighted streets in New Mexico and of lighted politics.

October 4, the people of this county are expected to pray for peace. Colonel Roosevelt probably will insist upon leading the prayer.

THE "LITTLE LANDERS."

There is a colony in southern California known as the "little landers." The motto of the five hundred colonists is "A little land and a little is better than a desperate struggle and possible wealth." The holdings of these "little landers" is only an acre and as a family can cultivate intensively, consisting of from a half acre to two acres.

The two secrets of the success of the "little landers" are intensive cul-

tivation and co-operative buying and selling. They maintain a retail market of their own in San Diego for the sale of their products, thus solving one of the most troublesome problems of the producer everywhere. Vegetables, fruit, poultry and similar produce are collected daily from each of the colonists and taken to the market for sale.

In the affairs of the colony each person has an equal voice, and the business management is in the hands of a board of directors whose recommendations are voted on at the town meetings. The commissions from the sale of land form a public improvement fund for sidewalks, planting of trees and shrubbery and keeping up the roads.

The "little landers" seem to have solved for themselves the problem of distribution. Nearly anybody can get hold of an acre or two of land and raise produce, but when it comes to marketing, he is at a loss, and often finds things working against him. With a sure market, he doesn't have to worry.

In no place in the world could a "little lander" scheme be worked more profitably than in the Rio Grande valley in the vicinity of Albuquerque. We have the soil, the water, the climate and the market. The co-operation is needed to make such an undertaking a success.

With Scissors and Paste

WAR NEWS.

(New York World.)

In a letter to the World, Benedict Prieth of Newark complains that "reports sent out from Berlin, although invariably correct, rarely receive serious attention by our newspapers, some of the latter going so far as to reject wireless reports from Germany."

Mr. Prieth is mistaken. Official reports from Berlin receive the serious attention of all American newspapers, and we know of no newspaper that rejects German wireless reports. On the contrary, large sums of money have been spent by the World and other papers in the effort to obtain more complete news from Germany.

If Mr. Prieth will examine the German newspapers as they come to the United States, he will find that they print no important German war news which has not already appeared in the World and other New York newspapers.

Mr. Prieth complains about the number of false news reports that come from British, French and Belgian sources, but he should remember that however accurate the official Berlin reports may be, some of the most highly spectacular fakes of the war have come from German sources. Surely he cannot have forgotten how the New-York Herald sank thirty British warships by means of Zeppelins or how the Staats-Zeitung destroyed a British fleet in the Humber by submarines. Only last week a Berlin dispatch killed 125,000 Russians in a single battle.

Neither side has a monopoly of faking in this war. If there is more of it on the side of the allies, that preponderance is easily explained by the fact that more war news of all kinds comes from those sources. The untruthful reports against which Mr. Prieth protests are not part of a deliberate campaign of "slander, vituperation and boasting," as he thinks. They are an inevitable result of such a censorship as all the governments have applied. Correspondents are not allowed at the front. In the German army they are wholly under the ban, and correspondents everywhere have to be guided not by what they see but by what they are told.

There is no more unsatisfactory way of gathering news; yet in respect to the main operations of the different armies, the American people in particular have been kept remarkably well informed. Nothing reflects more credit upon the energy and resourcefulness of the American press than the manner in which it has overcome the obstacles that military despotism and a rigid censorship have imposed upon a correct reporting of this war.

Fakes there have been, and plenty of them, but few have survived the publicity of twenty-four hours. Where the news proved to be wrong it has been corrected as soon as possible, and there is no important particular in which readers of American newspapers are misinformed except in matters in which the conflicting reports from both sides make it impossible to separate the true from the false.

Of the complaints about the news which comes to the World, we have found that in a majority of cases the fault was with the reader. Rumors that were printed as rumors he had persisted in taking as direct statements of facts. Unofficial reports printed as unofficial reports he has twisted into official reports. Even obvious typographical errors have been construed as proof of gross unfairness or shocking ignorance on the part of the newspapers.

The man who reads the New York newspapers every day with an intelligent and open mind, and who carefully checks up not only the corrections of misleading false reports, but the corroborations of correct reports, will have very clear and accurate information as to the general progress of the war. More than that no newspaper can hope to do for its readers.

VARIED ACTIVITIES OF WOMEN.

Star has no old maids. New York City has a girls' trade school.

Women act as coal heavers in South America.

In the last ten years women lawyers have increased 22 per cent.

New York City is to have another hotel for the exclusive use of women.

Over 4,000 women are enrolled as students in Germany's twenty-one universities.

Anna Held, the French actress, recently won \$7,000 on a dream she had about a racehorse.

The Oklahoma supreme court has decided that a woman can hold a county office in that state.

Mrs. T. H. Bailey of Atchison, Kan., has completed fifty years as a woman for one family.

War and Religion

(New York Nation.)

Several correspondents have written to ask that the Nation protest against what they deem the offensively "pious" tone of the German emperor in announcing victories. But this is only the traditional German way, and it is not for us to say that it is insincere. The Germans, both in war and peace, make much more free with "God" than our conventions allow us to do with "God." In 1870, King William, in his telegrams to Queen Augusta, was eminently devout. Some of the phrases which he used graced on American ears and led to various parodies in the press, one of the best known of them ending:

"Ten thousand Frenchmen sent below, Praise God from whom all blessings flow."

It is idle to quarrel with national customs or with Hohenzollern habits, even if their effect does sometimes seem almost sacrilegious to the simple-minded who, with Hosea Biglow, "kind of thought Christ went as'n war and pillage." How easy it is to fall into a repellent excess of piety about war is shown by George Sylvester Viereck. He has a poem in the Fatherland, in which he does not hesitate to speak of "the shining mail of him (the Kaiser) who leads God's hosts," and to assure his readers—

"The red cross's blight shall never fall Upon the earth, nor freedom pale, While the white blade of Parzival Still guards the Teuton's Holy Grail."

On this we make no comment.

From old satirists have found a theme, and poets and prophets a text, in the powerlessness of religion to prevent the barbarism of war. It is a melancholy subject. Nominally Christian nations must often pray and take the name of God upon their lips at the time when they are trampling upon Christian principles in waging war. Either side is ready with its Te Deum in the moment of triumph, which means slaughter and misery. Both sides, on their own admission, can not have the Lord with them, yet both insist that they have. It is a spectacle of mortal inconsistency and weakness of which one might well believe in the bold Hebrew imagery, "He that sitteth in the heavens shall laugh."

Thus it is that it seems to us hasty to pronounce this awful and desolating war the collapse of Christianity. Clergymen have, in their first feeling of profound dejection and discouragement, so spoken of it. With their general position that such a war appears to make Christian civilization look farcical, few can fail to sympathize, but we must discriminate. Christianity has not ceased to be a powerful motive in the hearts of men. But a horrible situation has brought millions of men and women into a state of confusion and perplexity, as regards their relation to their country and their God; and out of this has risen the seeming willingness to drag Providence into the carnage, which has shocked many a tender conscience. It is for religious men to abide God's good time, assured that, in the end, we shall see that the judgments of the Lord are true and righteous altogether.

The Storytellers

The Unpleasant Past.

John B. Mosani, the aviator, refused with a smile to discuss his turbulent past among the revolutionists of South America.

"Leave the past alone," he said to a New York reporter. "This you avoid unpleasantness. Let me tell you about Judge Hangar."

"Judge Hangar was spending a sunny autumn week at Atlantic City, and every morning on one of the piers he used to see a young woman whose face looked most familiar.

"The Judge prided himself on his memory for names and faces, and yet somehow this young woman eluded him. But he was sure he knew her, and one morning, though she always studiously avoided his eye, he stopped and addressed her with courtesy politeness.

"Pardon me, miss," he said, 'your features are familiar, but, strangely enough, I cannot recall the circumstances under which we met. Yet I certainly remember our having met somewhere.'"

"Remember," cried the young woman, and she arose from among her friends with angry and aggressive air. 'Remember, you old scoundrel! Well, you ought to remember! It's not a year since you gave me eight months in the common pleas, and for two cents I'd pitch you over the railing into the water.'"

"Nobodies Works but Father."

Two men who had formerly lived in the same town met after a number of years and entered into conversation.

"Did all your boys turn out well, Jim?" asked one of them.

"Yes, indeed they did."

"What's Albert doing?"

"He's trying to discover a new germ," replied the father.

"And Bob?"

"Oh, Bob is tryin' his hand at a newspaper as a head editor," was the old gentleman's reply.

"And Charlie—what's he at?"

"He's an actor. All the time talkin' about elevatin' the stage."

"And what are you doing, Jim, now that all your boys are away?" asked the old friend.

"Well," answered the old man, "I'm a supportin' of Albert and Bob and Charlie."

Stop those Early Bronchial Coughs.

They hang on all winter, if not checked, and pave the way for serious throat and lung diseases. Get a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, and take it freely. Stupefies coughs and cures, breaks raw inflamed throats, loosens the phlegm and is mildly laxative. Chas. T. Miller, Ed. Engineer, Carmelton, Ind., had bronchial trouble, got very hoarse, coughed constantly, from a tickling throat. He used only Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. Was entirely relieved. Wants others to know of Foley's Honey and Tar. For sale by Burt's, Inc.



Modern Methods Are Best

Mammy now uses Calumet Baking Powder instead of sour milk and soda, or the cheap and big-can kind, because it is more convenient—because she knows from experience that the baking will be lighter, daintier and more uniformly raised—that it will keep fresh longer.


Calumet is certain of good results—it is purer and more wholesome than the cheap big-can kind, and more economical in the end.

Give Calumet one trial. If it fails to give you absolute satisfaction return it and get your money back. If you don't get Calumet you don't get the best.

RECEIVED HIGHEST AWARDS
World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago, Ill. Paris Exposition, France, March, 1912

CALUMET BAKING POWDER

You don't save money when you buy cheap or big-can baking powder. Don't be misled. Buy Calumet. It's more economical—more wholesome—gives best results. Calumet is far superior to sour milk and soda.



Flavor, fragrance, packing, variety, price—everything is in favor of Ridgways Tea

1,000 yards Percale on sale all day today, a yard, 5 cents. THE LEADER.

On Account of the New Mexico State Fair

to be held at Albuquerque October 5th-10th, 1914, this company will make special rate from points in Colorado:—Trinidad and south; New Mexico:—all stations; Texas:—El Paso, Canutillo and La Tuna, of one first class limited one way fare for the round trip. The dates of sale to be October 3rd to 10th inclusive with final return limit October 12th, 1914. This ticket will not permit stopovers.

P. J. JOHNSON, Agent.

Export Baldwin Pianos

The Baldwin Piano Co.

is probably the largest exporter of American pianos in the United States. Our product goes to forty-nine countries in all parts of the world. The European war having temporarily cut all transportation facilities, many carloads of the finest

Pianos and Player Pianos

on the way to seaports are returned to us, and orders ready for shipment have been held up. In order to keep our export manufacturing organization intact until new transportation arrangements are completed, we must dispose of these instruments at once in the domestic market. All instruments originally intended for the European trade are of the highest class, and include all our makes:

The Baldwin Piano and Baldwin Manualo
The Ellington Piano and Ellington Manualo
The Hamilton Piano and Hamilton Manualo
The Howard Piano and Howard Manualo

These are refined American styles, much sought after in France and Russia. There are also some South American styles, originally intended for South America, Spain and Italy.

We will sell all of them at once in our domestic trade at a great sacrifice.

Our factories have allotted to us a quantity of this stock, with positive instructions to sell at once at irresistible prices.

Avail yourself of this opportunity to purchase a really fine instrument at a price much below its real value.

CASH OR EASY TERMS

For full information apply or write

The Baldwin Piano Company

MANUFACTURERS

Corner Second and Gold. Albuquerque, N. M.

Bringing Up Father



By George McManus

WHEAT PRICES
FALL AGAIN ON
CROP ESTIMATES

Big Demand Abroad Fails to Offset Increasing Visible Supply Which Is Flooding All Terminal-Points.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Chicago, Oct. 1.—Bearsish crop estimates and big receipts more than offset the influence of encouraging cables of war demand for flour. There was a weak close, 1 1/2c under last night. Other leading staples: Flour, all showed a net decline, corn 1 to 1 1/2c; oats, 1/2 to 3/4c; and provisions 1/2 to 3/4c.

According to a prominent expert, the total yield of wheat in the United States this season will be 300,000,000 bushels, an amount 5,000,000 bushels greater than the latest government total, and exceeding by 100,000,000 bushels the final returns a year ago. Previous to the announcement of the new estimate the market was scoring an energetic advance, the result largely of reports from Paris that stocks of breadstuffs were rapidly decreasing and that serious crop damage in northern France had been confirmed. There were also advices that 110,000 barrels of flour had been sold at St. Louis, Mo., to one of the nations at war.

Export business in wheat reached 280,000 bushels, an improvement as compared with the day before, but small as against the flood of receipts at primary terminals, 2,515,000 bushels, about double the arrivals at the corresponding time last year. Accordingly bullish enthusiasm quickly exhausted itself and sellers were almost in a stampede as the session came to an end.

Corn and oats, like wheat, advanced at first on account of excellent buying, but support later gave out and many stop loss orders were executed on the selling side. There were bearish predictions as to the season's crop of corn. Lively hope of export transactions in oats failed to be realized.

Provisions gave way with grain and hogs. Packers bought nearby deliveries of lard but the effect was not of a lasting sort.

Closing prices: Wheat—Dec., \$1.06 1/2; May, \$1.13 1/2.

Corn—Dec., 66 1/2c; May, 69 1/2c.

Oats—Dec., 47 1/2c; May, 50 1/2c.

Pork—Oct., \$14.70; Jan., \$19.20.

Lard—Oct., \$9.55; Jan., \$9.95.

Ribs—Oct., \$14.85; Jan., \$14.20.

ST. LOUIS LEAD AND SELLER.

St. Louis, Oct. 1.—Lead weak, \$3.55 1/2; spelter dull, \$2.00.

MONEY MARKET.

New York, Oct. 1.—Mercantile paper, 7 per cent, 100 days, \$1.00.

Bay silver, 52 1/2c.

SUGAR MARKET.

New York, Oct. 1.—Raw sugar, firm; molasses, \$4.37; centrifugal, \$5.02; refined, steady.

LIVESTOCK MARKETS.

Kansas City Livestock.

Kansas City, Oct. 1.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,000. Market steady. Prime fed steers, \$10.00 to \$10.50; dressed beef steers, \$8.00 to \$8.50; western steers, \$7.50 to \$8.00; stockers and feeders, \$6.00 to \$6.50; bulls, \$5.25 to \$5.50; calves, \$6.50 to \$7.00.

Sheep—Receipts, 15,000. Market steady. Lambs, \$7.00 to \$7.50; yearlings, \$6.25 to \$6.50; wethers, \$5.00 to \$5.50; ewes, \$4.25 to \$4.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 6,000. Market lower. Bulk of sales, \$7.75 to \$8.25; heavy, \$7.80 to \$8.00; packers and butchers, \$7.90 to \$8.30; light, \$7.75 to \$8.40; pigs, \$7.25 to \$7.50.

Chicago Livestock.

Chicago, Oct. 1.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,000. Market lower. Beef steers, \$11.00 to \$11.50; stockers and feeders, \$10.50 to \$11.00; cows and heifers, \$10.00 to \$10.50; calves, \$12.50 to \$13.00.

Sheep—Receipts, 6,000. Market lower. Bulk of sales, \$7.75 to \$8.25; heavy, \$7.80 to \$8.00; packers and butchers, \$7.90 to \$8.30; light, \$7.75 to \$8.40; pigs, \$7.25 to \$7.50.

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Real estate—Receipts, 15,000. Market lower. Bulk of sales, \$7.75 to \$8.25; heavy, \$7.80 to \$8.00; packers and butchers, \$7.90 to \$8.30; light, \$7.75 to \$8.40; pigs, \$7.25 to \$7.50.

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ADJOURNMENT OF
CONGRESS URGED
BY DEMOCRATS

October 15 Expected to End Legislative Activities Which Have Been Nearly Continuous for 18 Months.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEASED WIRE)
Washington, Oct. 1.—October 15 was agreed on today by democratic leaders as a tentative date for the adjournment of the present session of congress and the senate steering committee quickly framed a legislative program designed to conclude pending legislation by that date.

House leaders agreed that work on their side of the capital would be finished well before October 15, and it is probable an agreement will be reached whereby members generally will leave Washington by the middle of next week, leaving the party leaders on guard until adjournment.

At the White House, October 10 was mentioned as a date for adjournment, but when the democratic leaders returned to the capital after a conference with the president it was determined that at least two weeks would be necessary to allow the senate to finish pending legislation. The steering committee, after an hour of discussion agreed that legislation should be confined to the pending war revenue bill and measures now in conference between the two houses, including the Clayton anti-trust bill and the Alaska coal leasing bill. It is expected that the Clayton bill conference report now under discussion by the end of this week and that the war revenue bill will be brought in on Monday.

There was some talk of extended republican opposition to the war tax bill but it is generally believed that less than two weeks would be needed to pass the measure after it comes from the finance committee.

Indications now are that the plan to have congress take up the administration bill for government purchase and operation of ships at a special session in November, following the elections, will be abandoned with an understanding that the measure will be taken up at the opening of the regular December session. The president indicated today that this matter would be left to the party leaders who, in turn, said that "if it was necessary" congress would meet in November.

Check Kidney Trouble at Once.

There is such ready action in Foley Kidney Pills, you feel their healing from the very first dose. Backache, weak, sore kidneys, painful bladder and irregular action disappear with their use. O. Palmer, Green Bay, Wis., says: "My wife is rapidly recovering from her kidney trouble, due solely to Foley Kidney Pills." And W. T. Hughes, Nicholson, Ga., says: "Just a few doses made me feel better, and now my pains and rheumatism are all gone and I sleep all night long." For sale by Duth's, Inc.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF EXECUTOR'S FINAL ACCOUNT.

In the Probate Court for Bernalillo County, State of New Mexico.

In the matter of the estate of Emilia P. Parenti, deceased.

To All Whom It May Concern:

Notice is hereby given that the final account of Emilia P. Parenti, executor of the last will and testament of Emilia P. Parenti, deceased, has been duly filed in the probate court of Bernalillo county, state of New Mexico, and the said court has appointed Monday, the 2nd day of November, A. D. 1914, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the hearing of objections to said final account and the settlement thereof.

A. E. WALKER, Clerk of said Probate Court.

NOTICE.

Last Will and Testament of Sidney Hough.

To Amy C. Houghton, Cora E. Morrison, M. E. Hicks, and to All Whom It May Concern:

You are hereby notified that the alleged last will and testament of Sidney Hough, deceased, late of the county of Bernalillo and state of New Mexico, was produced and read in the probate court of the county of Bernalillo, state of New Mexico, on the 22nd day of September, 1914, and the day of the proving of said alleged last will and testament was thereupon fixed for Monday, the 2nd day of November, A. D. 1914, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day.

Given under my hand and the seal of this court, this 22nd day of September, A. D. 1914.

A. E. WALKER, County Clerk.

WANTED—Sewing.

WANTED—Plain sewing to do at home.

1023 Forrester avenue. Phone 14574.

FOR SALE.

\$2,700—12 acres of good land near Lumber Mill, near car line.

\$2,000—5-room frame modern; Highlands, close Inglewood.

\$1,600—4-room frame, modern; Lowlands, near shore; \$400 cash, balance, 8 per cent.

\$3,900—9-room, 2-story brick, modern, fine location, W. Central; \$300 cash, balance 8 per cent.

\$1,900—4-room frame, bath, fine shade, good outbuildings, fine location; N. 11th St.

\$2,000—5-room brick, modern, well built, cellar, sleeping porch, good outbuildings; W. Silver Avenue, close in.

\$2,200—6-room bungalow, modern, Highlands, close in.

A. FLEISCHER, Fire Insurance, 111 South Fourth St.

If You Have a Want
Tell It Through the

JOURNAL CLASSIFIED COLUMNS

FOR SALE

5-room modern bungalow near car line in Lowlands; electric lights; gas; 2 screened porches; gas range and shades go with house; large shed and chicken house; cement walks, etc.; fine new home; terms.

4-room house and store in Highlands; easy terms.

FOR RENT—Rooms.

FOR RENT—Four furnished rooms, modern, 1029 North Second.

FOR RENT—Modern rooms, steam heat, no sick, 305 West Central.

FOR RENT—Large room, sleeping porch, bath, 412 East 1st.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished modern room, 212 W. Central.

FOR RENT—Two steam heated rooms with board, excellent meals; no sick, 214 North Eighth, Phone 1234W.

FOR RENT—Three furnished rooms, modern, steam heat, in connection with bath, 1023 West Central, Phone 1235.

FOR RENT—Large, cool, nicely furnished room in good location and private family; bath, lights, shade, 274 West New York.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, every convenience, 409 South Seventh.

FOR RENT—Large bright single room, furnished for light housekeeping, close in, ground floor, reasonable, call at 164 South Sixth street.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, hot water, bath, no sick, 414 W. Silver.

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished rooms for housekeeping, no sick, 321 West Silver.

FOR RENT—Housekeeping rooms and furnished cottages, sleeping porches, 619 West 2nd.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms, all improvements, opposite the postoffice, West Gold.

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping, close in, no sick, 806 West Third, Phone 1201W.

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, 214 South Walter, Phone 102.

FOR RENT—Modern furnished bedroom, 412 North 8th.

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms with sleeping porch, 419 North 8th.

FOR RENT—3 nicely furnished front rooms with or without board, 218 E. Broadway.

FOR RENT—Two large furnished rooms for light housekeeping, 613 South Broadway.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room, private entrance; no sick, 324 North 1st.

FOR RENT—Two large modern rooms, or suite or single, 622 South Broadway, Phone 1216W.

FOR RENT—Three nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping, close in, no sick, Call 202 South 8th.

FOR RENT—Small room, steam heated, with glass sleeping porch; no sick, 105 North Walter.

FOR RENT—Furnished, 214 South Walter, Phone 102.

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5-room modern bungalow near car line in Lowlands; electric lights; gas; 2 screened porches; gas range and shades go with house; large shed and chicken house; cement walks, etc.; fine new home; terms.

4-room house and store in Highlands; easy terms.

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EIGHT

Crescent Hardware Co.

Stoves, Ranges, House Furnishing Goods, Cutlery, Tools, Iron Pipe, Valves and Fitting, Plumbing, Heating, Tin and Copper Work.

215 W. CENTRAL AVE.

TELEPHONE 315.

\$5

FREE

\$5

Two Cash Prizes to be awarded by Fair association for the best Cake and Biscuit Made of Pike's Peak Flour.

A HIGH-GRADE COFFEE AT A MODERATE PRICE—

LIPTON'S YELLOW LABEL BLEND 40c lb.

12 LBS. SUGAR, \$1.00
WELCH'S OR ARMOUR'S GRAPE JUICE—
40c per qt.

WARD'S STORE

215 Marble Ave. Phone 298-299

HOMER H. WARD, Mgr.

MISS PIERSON

Portrait Work of All Kinds. Amateur Finishing.
115 South Second St.

Strong Brothers Undertakers

PROMPT SERVICE. PHONE 78. STRONG BLDG., CORNER 1ST AND SECOND.

LOCAL ITEMS OF INTEREST

Champion grocery and meat. P. 51. Herboth, painting, papering. 1491J. Dr. Schwenker, osteopath. Ph. 715. Ree's candy store. We have fresh home-made candy every day.

Mrs. Jack Fisher, wife of Conductor Fisher, has returned from California, where she spent several months.

County Clerk Walker yesterday issued a license to marry to John E. Couladan, of San Francisco, and Antoinette Lefort, of Albuquerque.

There will be a regular meeting of Adah Chapter No. 1, Order of the Eastern Star, in Masonic temple this evening at 8 o'clock. Initiation and refreshments.

Announcement was made yesterday to the officials of the Albuquerque Creamery company that a branch office of the company has been established at Woodward, Okla.

General Superintendent L. L. Hilliard, of the Santa Fe coast line, passed through this city last night on train No. 1 on the way from Chicago to his headquarters in Los Angeles.

John A. Logan Circle No. 1, Ladies of the G. A. R., will meet in regular session this afternoon at 2:30 in W. O. W. hall, 210 1/2 West Central Ave. After the meeting a rummage lunch will be served.

Miss Virginia L. Smith, in charge of the local office of the Continental Casualty company, who spent the last six weeks in southern California, visiting the resorts and enjoying a needed vacation, returned to the city yesterday morning.

H. M. Dougherty, attorney, accompanied by his wife, was here from Socorro yesterday on business and pleasure. While Mr. Dougherty attended to some legal matters, Mrs. Dougherty visited the stores. They will return home today.

A special train, en route from

SPRINGER

TRANSFER

OUR REPUTATION IS YOUR GUARANTEE

Now Open for Business

NEW UP-TO-DATE STOCK OF

Furniture

As well as a complete stock of Carpets, Rugs, Mattings, Stoves; in fact, everything that goes to make up a first class furniture store.

Prices and terms made to suit you. Freight prepaid on all out-of-town shipments. Strangers as well as the general public, are invited to visit my store.

E. C. ROWE, Proprietor

CORNER FOURTH AND CENTRAL

Thirty Years' Experience in the Furniture Business

50c
"The Call of the Cumberlands"—A novel of Kentucky.
"Joyce of the North Woods."
"Jacket of the Dunes."
YOU WANT THESE THREE BOOKS
Now 50c
STRONG'S BOOK STORE
Albuquerque N.M.

REPUBLICAN MEETING TO BE HELD FRIDAY NIGHT.

Another republican meeting will be held Friday night, October 2, 1914, at 8 o'clock, in the republican headquarters, 207 West Gold avenue, two doors west of the First National bank building. The meeting held Monday night was well attended—much better than had been expected—and the deep interest manifested was gratifying.

The discussion of plans for the campaign will be continued and the tariff question will also be up for discussion. Why is it that under a republican protective tariff we have prosperity and happiness, while under a democratic free trade tariff we have depression and want? Why have the democrats so persistently lambasted the business of the country and what has been the effect of such action? These are pertinent questions for discussion at the meeting and republicans are prepared to discuss both questions.

The campaign from the republican side will be educational, and our meetings will be held twice each week, except during one week, until election. Come on Friday night and bring your neighbor with you.

REPUBLICAN CENTRAL COM.

MRS. IDA THOMAS GETS VERDICT OF \$1 AND COSTS

Jury Spends Nearly Two Hours Deliberating on What to Give Woman Whose Buggy Was in Collision.

One dollar and costs, was the jury's verdict in the Thomas case on trial before Judge H. F. Reynolds, of the district court, for three days.

The jury took the case under consideration at 12:25 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The morning session was taken up with the attorney's arguments and Judge Reynolds' instructions. The testimony having been completed at a night session Wednesday night, the jury returned at 2:10 o'clock. John Venable attorney for Mrs. Ida Thomas, the plaintiff, gave notice of a motion for an appeal.

Mrs. Thomas asked judgment for \$2,000 from Victor Gustafson, a dairyman, alleging that she sustained severe injuries when a milk wagon collided with her buggy, in which she and her small daughter were riding, at South 14th street and Trumbull avenue.

Martinez Jury Empaneled.

The trial of the Thomas case was begun Tuesday. It was the second case on the civil docket for the term.

The trial of the third case was begun yesterday afternoon. In this Mrs. Petronilla Martinez sues the A. T. & S. P. Railway company, asking judgment for \$5,000 on account of the death of her husband, who was killed about two years ago at a crossing near the Masardir mile.

The jury was sequestered without unusual delay. The jurors are: Emilio Baen, Santiago Garcia, Thomas A. Egan, John Lee Clark, Charles Kuna, Pablo Salazar, W. C. Keim, Lino Garcia, Fidel Elwell, Ricardo Sanchez, Sol Benjamin and Francisco Gutierrez.

DR. FRED PETTIT LOSES FINGER IN AUTO FAN

Dr. Fred Pettit, dentist, last night lost the third finger of his left hand while attempting to regulate his automobile fan. The doctor, on his way home, was stopped at the Santa Fe crossing on Central avenue by the lowered gates. He seized the opportunity to adjust his fan. His hand was caught and one of the blades severed the finger neatly near the hand. Dr. R. L. Hust dressed the injury.

Dr. Pettit's brother will attend to his practice while he is incapacitated.

SCHOOLS WILL CLOSE TWO DAYS NEXT WEEK

City and county schools will be closed Thursday and Friday of state fair week. The board of education decided upon this Wednesday night. County Superintendent Atanasio Monroya made the announcement yesterday for the rural schools.

WATER TAX DUE AND PAYABLE AT OFFICE OF WATER CO., 116 S. SECOND.

B. M. WILLIAMS, Dentist. Rooms 1 and 3, Whiting Building. Corner Second and Gold. Phone No. 684.

Saddle horses. Trimble's Red Barn.

JONES REFUTES CHARGE MADE IN PARTY PLATFORM

Gives Official Figures Contradicting Republican Attack on Administration Land Policy.

That the platform plank in the republican platform condemning the federal land policy of the present administration for withdrawing from the public domain "multiplied thousands of acres" of land lacks the important element of being founded on fact is the assertion made in a letter from Assistant Secretary of the Interior A. A. Jones to Congressman H. B. Ferguson. Mr. Jones gives the official figures taken from the records of the interior department in support of his refutation of the republican charge.

The letter from Mr. Jones to Congressman Ferguson, a copy of which has been received in Albuquerque, is as follows: "Department of the Interior, Office of the First Assistant Secretary, Washington, D. C., Sept. 22, 1914.

"Hon. H. B. Ferguson, House of Representatives of the United States. "My Dear Mr. Ferguson:—You ask to be advised, in order that the people of New Mexico may be given the facts, relative to resolutions adopted by the republican state convention held at Santa Fe on August 24 and 25 which, among other things condemn the federal land policy of the present administration as applied to that state.

"The language of that portion of the resolutions referred to by you is as follows: "We condemn the federal land policy of the present democratic national administration, as applied to the state of New Mexico, and particularly to Rio Arriba, San Juan, Sandoval and McKinley counties; in withdrawing from the public domain, for forest reserves, or as coal or oil lands, or for Indian reservations, multiplied thousands of acres, which contain no timber, nor coal, nor oil."

"I have caused an examination of the official records of the department to be made, and find that of the approximate area of 2,100,000 acres now reserved for forestry purposes in the four counties named, but 27,795 acres were so reserved subsequent to March 4, 1913. As against the 27,795 acres reserved since March 4, 1913, 222,233 acres have been excluded from the national forests.

"As to withdrawals of oil lands in said counties, none whatever have been made. The area of outstanding withdrawals of coal lands is approximately 4,435,800 acres, all of which was withdrawn within the period of July 9, 1910—May 18, 1911.

"No lands whatever have been reserved in these counties for Indian purposes during the present administration, the existing reservations having been created at different times from 1848 to 1911.

"It will be observed from the foregoing that, except as to the withdrawal of 27,795 acres for forestry purposes in Rio Arriba and Sandoval counties, to offset which 222,233 acres therein have been excluded, no reservations have been made by the present administration in the four counties named for any of the purposes mentioned in the resolutions.

"Cordially yours, "A. A. JONES, "First Assistant Secretary."

LAST CALL! BETTER BABY CONTEST ENTRIES CLOSE NOON TOMORROW

This is absolutely the last call for entrants to the Better Babies contest, one of the big features of the state fair. Unless your golden-haired darling is duly, formally and legally entered by noon Saturday he or she will have lost the opportunity to receive the prize which would inevitably go to her or him.

You know your kid is the best and finest and prettiest and has the sweetest disposition of any of them. Then why not get the first prize that is rightfully the possession of him, her, his, or it? You would be doing the little darling an injustice not to enter his, her or their name, and so it's up to you to do justice to your offspring, regardless of their gender or the number of them.

By which it is meant to convey the idea that the entries for the Better Babies contest must be all in by noon, meaning 12 o'clock or sixty minutes after eleven on October 3, in the year of grace, 1914, otherwise there will be nothing doing. In other words, if Ethelbert Clarence Harold and Viola Clarissa Vere de Vere are to have a run for their money, you'll have to hurry.

BIG BANKRUPT SALE, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 3

The bankrupt sale of the Model Dry Goods company will begin Saturday, Oct. 3, at 9 a. m. There will be bargains in ladies' fine shoes, ready-to-wear and dry goods. No prices will be quoted in the papers. It would be impossible to enumerate, as every item in the store will be sold at unheard of low prices. So come and be convinced.

M. FRESHMAN, Prop.

WAR

On saddles, harness and cowboy outfit at Hauser's harness shop, 112 West Copper avenue.

Go to Dr. Schwenker's for the best in osteopathy, medicated vapor baths, inhalations, eye and electric. Dr. R. W. Hanna, associated. Lady attendant. Consultation free.

CHIROPRACTORS. Mr. and Mrs. M. U. Battendorf, D. C. Located at 420 W. Gold. Phone 1424W.

TRAIN STRIKES WAGON CARRYING WEDDING PARTY

Father of Bride Is Killed When No. 9 Plunges Into Vehicle at Grants; Couple on Way to Station.

A gay wedding was turned to tragedy when Santa Fe train No. 9 struck a wagon carrying the recently married couple and the bride's father at 4 o'clock yesterday morning at Grants, Valencia county. The bride's father, Juan Apodaca, was killed almost instantly, but the bride and her husband escaped.

While details of the accident were unobtainable last night the messenger facts that leaked out indicated that the couple was married Wednesday. The fact that they were on their way to the Grants station to board Santa Fe train No. 10, due there shortly after No. 9, to come to Albuquerque on their honeymoon was known.

Father a Sheep Man. Apodaca, who owns a sheep ranch near San Rafael, Valencia county, was driving evidently. No. 9's engine struck the front part of the wagon. The horses were killed. The fact that Apodaca was on the front seat accounts for his death and the escape of daughter and her husband, who probably were in a back seat.

No. 10 was held at Bluewater, N. M., for more than an hour on account of the smash-up, and arrived here about twenty minutes late yesterday morning. The train that struck the wagon left here at 12:45 o'clock yesterday morning.

HEINL WILL LEAVE PROPERTY TO WIFE DEAD FOR 12 YEARS

The will of J. B. Heinl, filed yesterday in the probate court, bequeaths all of his property to his wife, who died twelve years ago. He had no known heirs in the United States. Four brothers lived in Germany, but whether any of them are alive now is not known here. An effort will be made to ascertain whether they are living and if not whether their children live.

ELKS ATTENTION. All Elks are requested to meet at the club rooms Friday, Oct. 2nd, at 8:30 p. m., for the purpose of meeting Grand Exalted Ruler Benjamin and party. Smoker and refreshments.

Henry's Delivery and Messengers. Phone 939.

CRYSTAL THEATRE TODAY

HIGH CLASS HOUSE HIGH CLASS PICTURES HIGH CLASS MUSIC

"THE WINKING ZULU" Kalem Comedy "AS WE FORGIVE THOSE" Two- reel Lubin Feature "BRONCHO BILLY'S INDIAN ROMANCE" S and A

Matinees at 2:30 and 3:30 Last Show at Night Begins at 9:45

"TELMO"

BUY THIS BRAND OF CANNED GOODS AND YOU HAVE THE BEST

WHITE HOUSE HOTEL

209 South First Street. Bar and Cafe in Connection. OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. New fixtures, new furniture; first class service guaranteed; seventeen modern, up-to-date rooms; hot and cold water; baths and electric lights. D. GRANDE, T. ESPOSITO, Managers.

50-FOOT LOT ON SILVER AVENUE, CLOSE TO HIGHLAND PARK; \$250 GETS IT.

M. P. STAMM, Agent.

Pure, Delicious Candies

Try a 35-cent Sample Box GRIMSHAW'S "Sanitation Our Special Delight."

LET US SEND A MAN

To Replace that Broken Window ALBUQUERQUE LUMBER COMPANY Phone 421 423 N. First

WALLACE HESSELDEN

General Contractors. Figures and workmanship count. We guarantee more for your money than any other contracting firm in Albuquerque. Office at SUPERIOR PLANING MILL Phone 377.

How much?

IN buying clothes, "How much?" is quite an important question. It's very easy to pay too much for clothes; but it's a good deal easier to pay too little.

What you want is the right clothes; the fabric, tailoring, style, general quality that are real economy.

Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes are that kind; at \$18, \$20, \$25, \$30 and up, they represent for you, real value for the money.

We sell them.

SIMON STERN, Inc.

The Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

250 Boxes

Colorado Elberta Peaches

Delicious Flavor Beautifully Colored THE FINEST PEACH IN THE WEST The Price Is Right. The Demand Will Be Heavy.

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Agents for Chase & Sanborn Tea and Coffee

Pastime Theater -- Today Only

The Lion and the Mouse

In Six Reels Special Admission 10c COME EARLY AND AVOID THE NIGHT CROWDS

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PHONE 81. Cerrillos Stove Anthracite, All Sizes, Steam Coal. Coke, Mill Wood, Factory Wood, Cord Wood, Native Kindling, Lime

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800 ROOMS — 250 BATHS. Every Modern Accommodation for Comfort of Guests. Rooms Without Bath.....\$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00 Rooms With Bath.....\$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00 Weekly and Monthly Rates on Application. Visit Our Splendid Cafe, Popular Prices. Close to Stores, Theaters and Beach Car Lines. LEE HOLLADAY, President. GEO. A. COLLINS, Sec'y & Treas.

Democratic State and County Candidates

ELECTION NOVEMBER 3, 1914

FOR U. S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

HON. HARVEY B. FERGUSON

Since President Wilson has been president all the time of Congress has been devoted under his guidance as leader of the Democratic Party to National and International affairs. He has won the approval of the Nation and World. Mr. Ferguson has stood right by the President. Contrast with his stand the attitude of the two Republican Senators from our state. Whom do you wish to uphold?

FOR CORPORATION COMMISSIONER

HON. ADOLFO P. HILL

He was born and raised in New Mexico. He is qualified to fill the place and if elected will serve the whole people.

FOR MEMBERS OF THE STATE LEGISLATURE

GEORGE C. SCHEER

WILLIAM KIEKE

RAFAEL GARCIA

These men are representative citizens of the county of Bernalillo, taxpayers and more interested in the advancement of the community that they are in getting EXORBITANT HIGH SALARIES FOR COUNTY OFFICIALS WHO SPEND THEIR WHOLE TIME PLAYING POLITICS, INSTEAD OF RUNNING THEIR OFFICES. IT IS UP TO YOU, THE VOTERS, WHO PAY THE TAXES, TO PROTECT YOUR OWN INTERESTS BY VOTING THE STRAIGHT DEMOCRATIC TICKET.