

11-18-1899

Carlsbad Current, 11-18-1899

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CARLSBAD CURRENT.

VOL. VIII.

CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1899

NO. 2.

CARLSBAD SALOON

BARFIELD & CANTRILL, Proprietors.

WINES,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS,
CASA GOODS.

S. T. Bitting, Banker.

2 doors below
Hotel Santa.

CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO.

A General Banking
Business Done.

Exchange Furnished to Customers
Free of Charge.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY NEWS and THE CURRENT

At a Very Low Price
The Semi-Weekly News (published in El Paso) is published Tuesday and Friday. Each issue contains of eight pages. There are special departments for the farmers, the ladies and the boys and girls, besides a world of general news matter, illustrated articles, etc. We offer the Semi-Weekly News and the Current for 12 months for the low clubbing price of \$2.50 cash. This gives you three papers a week for the space of a year for a remarkably low price. Hand in your subscription at once.

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the district court of the 30th judicial district of the territory of New Mexico, within and for the county of El Paso.

Charles H. Bartlett and
Ella Bartlett, plaintiffs
vs.
Lloyd Jones, defendant.

The above named defendant, Lloyd Jones, is hereby notified that a complaint has been filed against him in the district court within and for the county of El Paso, New Mexico, by Charles H. Bartlett and Ella Bartlett, plaintiffs herein, claiming that they are the legal owners of the homestead of approximately 160 acres in said county, N. M. known as the third interest in and to a water right and ditch right known as the "Alamo Ditch" in said county of El Paso, and that said defendant, Lloyd Jones, obtained what now purports to be a title to said property by fraud and misrepresentation, and that any deed or conveyance executed at Denver, Colorado, on or about April 20, 1895, from plaintiff, Ella Bartlett, to defendant, Lloyd Jones, for the property above described, or any part thereof, be by decree of this court declared null and void and of no force or effect whatever, and each other and further orders as the court may seem equitable in the premises.

Said defendant is also notified that unless he enters his appearance in said cause on or before the 22nd day of December 1899, judgment by default therein will be rendered against him.

The name of the plaintiff's attorney is A. J. Mitchell, of Albuquerque, N. M.

By Ira P. Wetmore, deputy.
October 26, 1899.
First publication Nov. 11, '99.

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the district court of the United States, for the fifth district of the territory of New Mexico.

In the matter of
M. J. Murray, Jr.,
Bankrupt.

To the creditors of M. J. Murray, Jr., of Carlsbad, in the county of El Paso and district of Carlsbad, a bankrupt.
Notice is hereby given that on the 14th day of October, A. D. 1899, the said M. J. Murray, Jr. was duly adjudged bankrupt, and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at Socorro, New Mexico, in the district court, on the 22nd day of November, A. D. 1899, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

W. E. KELLEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated at Socorro, New Mexico, this 1st day of November, A. D. 1899.

Notice of Hearing of Administrator's Petition to Sell Real Estate.

In the district court of the fifth judicial district of the territory of New Mexico, within and for the county of El Paso.

J. O. Cameron, administrator of
the estate of E. T. Cusensberry, deceased,
vs.

W. P. Cusensberry, D. B. Cusensberry, J. B. Cusensberry, R. A. Cusensberry, D. A. Cusensberry, and E. J. Cusensberry, who are the heirs at law of the said E. T. Cusensberry, deceased, are directed to appear before the said court and answer the said petition of J. O. Cameron, administrator, on or before the 22nd day of December, A. D. 1899, and show cause, if any they have, why said petition should not be granted, the said day of December being the day on which the original summons issued herein was made returnable.

In witness whereof the clerk of the said district court has hereunto set his hand and the seal of his office on this 25th day of October, A. D. 1899.

By Ira P. Wetmore, deputy.
First publication Nov. 11, 1899-41

Live Territorial News.

WILL KEEP KETCHUM.

Offenses Committed in New Mexico
Too Grave to Let Arizona
Have Him.

New Mexico.

Today Governor Otero considered the requisition of the governor of Arizona for the delivery to that territory of Tom Ketchum, the train robber. Sheriff Mundt, of Yavapai county, came to the capital as the agent of Arizona. Ketchum in cold blood killed two merchants in that county and when captured in New Mexico was being sought by this Arizona sheriff.

There were rewards offered in Arizona for the arrest and conviction of the assassin amounting to \$2,000. A large part of this sum was to be given for the apprehension of the fugitive, dead or alive. Ketchum was wounded in attempting to rob a train near Tolson, picked up by the way side and identified by the trainmen. He was turned over to the United States marshal of New Mexico and held to answer for unlawfully interfering with the transmission of mails by stopping a train. Later on indictments were found against him by the territorial courts for trying to rob trains in more than one instance, and judgments will be found against him for the murder of a postmaster and several other men at Liberty, Union county, in company with his brother who recently died in the penitentiary from a gunshot wound received in the act of robbing a train.

The Arizona authorities secured the consent of the department of justice to waive its prior right to try Ketchum for interfering with the mails, in order that he might be taken first to Arizona and tried for murder, where execution would certainly result. In the meantime the charges against him in New Mexico had taken the form of indictments and the consent of the territory had to be asked for his transfer to Arizona, as he is also a territorial prisoner. This matter was submitted to Governor Otero. District Attorney Leahy of El Paso, resisted the requisition, assisted by District Attorney Gorman of Solter General Bartlett.

Section 115 of the compiled laws of New Mexico provides that any person who

against such criminals and, therefore, while regretting the necessity of not granting the request of Governor Murphy, felt it to be his duty to keep the outlaw in New Mexico. The governor realized that should by any possibility the evidence against the murderer and robber for crimes committed in this territory be lacking in any respect there would still be plenty of time to permit justice to be done in Arizona. But such a result in this territory is unlooked for, and an evidence seems to be abundant, Governor Otero declined to honor the requisition.

Made Young Again.

"One of Dr. King's New Life Pills each night for two weeks has put me in my 'teens' again" writes D. H. Turner of Dempseytown, Pa. They're the best in the world for liver, stomach and bowels. Purely vegetable. Never gripe. Only 25c at Blackmore Drug Co.

Educational Notes.

The Sunday Morning Review of Las Vegas publishes the following news notes gathered by superintendent of public instruction, Mr. C. de Baca:

A request has been forwarded by the territorial superintendent of public instruction to all the denominational and private schools to send him a list of their scholars that he may make an estimate of the whole school attendance of the territory.

The Territorial Teacher's association will meet in Santa Fe on Dec. 26 and Sup. Baca has been chosen to deliver the address of welcome as well as give a short history of the progress of education in the territory. A large attendance is expected. "You may state," said the superintendent, "that the lack of attendance last year on account of the smallpox epidemic has left the greater number of school districts with a larger fund this year than ever before and the school year will be longer and make a better proportionate showing."

The commissioner to the Paris exposition has written a letter to Mr. Baca requesting the photographs of ten of the best public school buildings in the territory, together with copies of the territorial

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Department
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Carlsbad N M

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QUENSWARE
HOUSE FURNISHINGS
CLOVES
RADDLE HARDWARE
WAGON TIMBERS
WAGON COVERS
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TESTS, ETC.

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Lowest Price.

Bryant & Son

Painters and Paper Hangers

Decorators
and Sign
Writers...

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to underbid us
or do better work...

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Dealer in—

Ice and Wholesale Beer.

Agent for Schlitz and Anheuser-Busch
Brewing companies.

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A. N. PRATT, Prop'r.

Lumber,
Lath,
Shingles,
Doors,
Mouldings,
Pickets,
Sash, Etc.

SISTERS SCHOOL...

The Sisters of Mercy of
Stanton, Tex., will open
their school the first Mon-
day in September.

Monthly Rates:
 tuition and board.....\$12.00
 washing..... 1.00
 music..... 1.00

Address:
 Sisters Convent,
 Stanton, Texas.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

AT THE

O. K. BLACKSMITH

CARRIAGE SHOP.

First-class blacksmithing, Carriage paint-
ing and wood work of all kinds.

Repairing machines and
all kinds of repairs. **FREE**
Eddy, N. M. **FEED**
STABLE

W. A. KERR

DEALER
IN

General Merchandise

FANCY GROCERIES
A SPECIALTY.

makes an assault upon a train, or upon

passengers of a train, for the purpose of robbery, or did Ketchum when he wounded several of the trainmen, is guilty of a felony, the punishment of which is death. This law was passed for the purpose of putting a stop to crimes of this kind. The Ketchums chose to disregard it and endangered the lives of people in this territory.

After considering the matter fully, Gov. Otero decided that it was against public policy to turn over to another territory a prisoner so guilty of a serious offense in New Mexico until every effort has been made to enforce the laws of the territory in which the crime was committed. This territory has retained the point where she desires the whole world to know that she will punish outlaws caught committing crime, and to deliver one to another territory might, under the circumstances, be to run a supposition that there is fear that a conviction could not be secured here.

New Mexico cannot stand to have such an impression created. The governor has every confidence in the ability of the territorial courts to enforce the law

school laws, and the last annual territorial report, to be bound in leather. The request will be complied with.

Mr. Baca has registered a large sized "bear" with the various county commissioners who have failed to make out their tax apportionments. He says only one or two of them have sent in the tax apportionments from their respective counties, which has delayed him materially in putting out his annual report. "The report will not appear, owing to this delay, until about the middle of December."

THAT COAL OIL STRAL.

The Republican Party is Responsible
For the Outrage.

Albuquerque Industrial Advertiser.
Coal oil retails in Albuquerque at twenty-five cents a gallon.

El Paso is two hundred and fifty miles farther south and that much farther from the petroleum producing fields.

Coal oil always retails in El Paso at less than twenty cents a gallon.

In a Carlsbad, just on the El Paso side of the state line, and on a route for twenty-five cents a gallon.

Texas has no coal and, therefore, has



The New West.

THE CURRENT.

WM. H. MULLANE

Official Paper of Eddy County.

Published every Saturday at Carlsbad, N. M., and entered as 2nd class mail matter.

SATURDAY NOV. 18, 1899.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
WEEKLY—By mail per annum, \$2.50.
By mail per six months, \$1.50.

The scouring plant soon to be erected by Matheson & Laffin will run about six months each year and scour a million and a half pounds of wool or about ten thousand pounds per day. About one million pounds of this wool will be purchased from the sheep men of this county. The sheep and wool interests of the county have grown immensely during the past few years because of the fencing up of lands in Texas. Should the vacant lands of this county be fenced, then the sheep interests would be destroyed here. Such a condition would amount to a calamity, for the sheep interests of the county are far more valuable to business men than the cattle interests. A whole county might be fenced in under a lease law and the cattle owned by one man, who would most undoubtedly ship in his supplies, then when the assessor appears says he does not know how many cattle he has. The enactment of a lease law would do for this territory just what the lease law has done for Texas, drive out the sheep and fence the lands so that the labor of the cowboy would be unnecessary. Does the west want a lease law? Do the people want big cattlemen to also. Intely fence the whole country so that no small owner can live? A large number of cattle owners never know how many cattle they have, so that only about half the taxes on cattle are ever paid. Should this become a sheep country the sheep would be returned, as they now are, and the extra labor connected with them in the employment of herders, shearers, wool scouring, etc., would all make business for other people. The sooner that the big cattlemen learn that there are others who have a right to live the better it will be for all.

The Miami (Tex.) Chief, edited by J. E. Curran, for years in the news paper business in Clayton, New Mexico, says: "After breaking up most of the forceful democratic newspapers of New Mexico and running out the editors of such papers it now transpires that the libel law is utterly ineffective, and New Mexico now has no libel law. The federal republican judges did put it to the democratic editors shamefully for awhile." Jim was on New Mexico soil during it all, and knows what he is talking about. —Coffey County Stockman.

Yes, brother, and you can go farther and say: This element closed up all the democratic papers and run out all the editors of such papers in Union county, New Mexico. But this ungracious victory over a free press and free speech by republican carpet bag courts which placed republican postmasters and republican registers as foremen of grand juries, to find convictions and vent out their spleen against democratic editors, was not without a few traitorous pettifoggish democrat lawyers. The same gang of democrats who tried to kill Springer in the county seat fight—were the fellows who helped the republicans to break up the democratic party and democratic press in Union county—and don't you ever forget it for a minute. —Miami Chief.

"I confidently expect that the American people will prove too clear headed not to appreciate the vital difference between the expansion of the Republic and its free institutions over contiguous territory and kindred populations—which we all gladly welcome if accomplished peacefully and honorably—and imperialism, which reaches out for distant lands to be ruled as subject provinces; too intelligent not to perceive that our very first step on the road of imperialism has been a betrayal of the fundamental principles of democracy followed by disaster and disgrace; too enlightened not to understand that a monarchy may do such things and still remain a strong monarchy, while a democracy cannot do such things and still remain democracy." —Carl Shurtz at anti imperial conference.

Editor McCutcheon, of the Albuquerque Industrial Advertiser, but formerly of the Graphic, says that some years ago he investigated the methods of coal oil inspection in New Mexico and, as far as could be ascertained, the usual plan was to notify the inspector from Denver. The letter always contained a check and notified him of the shipment of an oil tank of so many gallons. When the freight car went through the inspector was at the depot to smell the car. If the contents of the tankcar did not smell like whiskey it was coal oil and had passed inspection.

The El Paso Herald says that "Mr. Bryan has climbed the silver stair." Correct you are. Mr. Bryan has climbed so high that he is planted firmly head and shoulders above every other public man in this country today, not alone in integrity and ability but in

We are Not the Only People That
Keep First-Class Goods
But We Keep What the
People Want!

Rose Valley, Canadian Club, Mt. Vernon and
many other brands of first-class liquors

AT THE
CENTRAL SALOON.

KEMP & WERNER, Proprietors.

D. W. GERHART,

WHOLESALE AND
RETAIL

MARKET

ALL KINDS OF SAUSAGE AND
MEATS CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

General Packing House.

the love of his fellow countrymen.—El Paso Graphic.

When the newspapers say the Boers are putting up a great fight we read all about it to the last line with an eager pleasure in their courage, and yet we can't but sigh when we read the lists of British dead.

The Argus gives the above as its position on the war in South Africa. No such feelings predominate the true American, because he knows that Great Britain would rob us of our liberty if she could; as she tried twice to do and again during the war of the rebellion. The more English people are the less American spirit there is to them.

The coffin trust met at Columbus, Ohio to again raise the price of their product. The increased cost of material is given out by them as the reason for the advance. Thus the poor laboring people who continue to want fine coffins for their deceased relatives will continue to stand off grocery bills to put on style at funerals. A plain though substantial pine or poplar coffin is good enough for the very best corpse on earth.

THE PRESUMPTUOUS BOERS.

After more than a hundred years, the folly of 1776 is being repeated. The benighted citizens of the Dutch Republic have dared question the inevitable decrees of their benign suzerain Great Britain. What folly! What arrogance! It is true that the Dutch carved out a habitation in the trackless wilderness of South Africa a century and a half before Johnny Bull secured a foot hold there. It is true that they claim a right to elect their own form of government by virtue of that now exploded dictum that the just powers of any government are derived from the consent of the governed. Yet the British press accuses the world that any people though free and independent should be glad to bend their necks to the yoke of English sovereignty because it is to the greater glory of God and incidentally because it promotes the aggrandizement of the Union Jack. Just to think, if our ancestors had not acted exactly as the Africans are acting today—rebelling against British rule—we might now have the delectable satisfaction of doing homage to Her Royal Highness and kissing the sacred toe of some almoner of a Lord Vice Regent whose pedigree extends from Grosvenor Square to Hastings, and whose hereditary dignity could be exceeded only by his dense stupidity.

Cakes of all kinds made to order and delivered from the bakery, also pies, doughnuts, etc.

THE
Parlor Saloon,
Conway & Camp,
Proprietors.

LAWRENCEBURGH, Anderson Co., Ky., 1894.
TO THE TRADE:
My brand was selected for use at U. S. Marine Hospital at Washington, D. C., after being analyzed by the eminent chemist, W. M. New, over eighty seven samples of the leading brands of Kentucky, Maryland and Pennsylvania. It should be borne in mind that in this department of the government the sample appears in plain bottles, without marks of any kind, and the selection of the Secretary of the Navy is from the year round, with a supply of the best. This water is at all times clear. I will further state that I have never had a single barrel returned.

AN IMPERIALIST SILENCED.

How Bryan Answered Republican Arguments Made by One of His Listeners.

A St. Louis Republic special from Pawnee City, Neb., says:

After two rousing meetings in Falls City and Humboldt, Mr. Bryan closed the third day of his present tour here tonight.

As Mr. Bryan was closing his speech at Falls City he met with welcome assistance at the hands of a man in the audience, who denied that President McKinley intends to retain the Philippines. Mr. Bryan nonplussed him by quoting one of McKinley's speeches, in which he said: "I cannot permit myself to doubt that these islands will be retained under the benign sovereignty of the United States."

The interrupter next declared that most of the Filipinos were in revolt against Aguinaldo.

"Are you not flatterer Aguinaldo too much," asked Mr. Bryan, "when you assert that with a handful of men he can not only subjugate his own race, but hold in check and frustrate a great American army?" (Cheers)

A third time the man broke in to declare that the trade of the Philippines is valuable. Bryan rose to his full height and his eyes flashed fire as he thundered:

"I dare you to measure the lives of American boys and the heartaches of American mothers by the paltry dollars and cents of commerce; I dare you to do it!"

And the crowd went into a veritable paroxysm of applause. Then the man in the crowd declared that Providence was leading the United States to the Philippines. He had not long to await his answer.

"Ah, my friend," came the reply, "I never got converted on imperialism who did not finally lay the blame on the Almighty." (Laughter and cheers)

"Abraham Lincoln was once asked if he wasn't anxious to have the Lord on his side," continued Mr. Bryan. "He answered: 'No, but I am anxious to be on the Lord's side.'"

"If you, my friend, were half as anxious to be on the Lord's side as you are to bring Jehovah down from heaven to bolster up the republican party, you wouldn't be here advocating an abandonment of the declaration of independence. You are not preaching the gospel of the Prince of Peace. You're preaching the internal gospel of conquest and murder and death."

The orator's last words were drowned in a tempest of cheers. The imperialist disappeared.

Black walnuts and hickory nuts at Pardue's.

THIS palatial new resort solicits the patronage of the people of Carlsbad and Eddy county, guaranteeing courteous treatment and first-class service in all respects. We handle only the best of all kinds of refreshments. For family or medicinal use the renowned J. S. Searey's Whisky is unexcelled, as its selection by the U. S. government by the U. S. Marine Hospital will testify. We also handle Sherwood Pure Rye, the best and highest priced of this class of goods on the market.

LAWRENCEBURGH, Anderson Co., Ky., 1894.
TO THE TRADE:
My brand was selected for use at U. S. Marine Hospital at Washington, D. C., after being analyzed by the eminent chemist, W. M. New, over eighty seven samples of the leading brands of Kentucky, Maryland and Pennsylvania. It should be borne in mind that in this department of the government the sample appears in plain bottles, without marks of any kind, and the selection of the Secretary of the Navy is from the year round, with a supply of the best. This water is at all times clear. I will further state that I have never had a single barrel returned.

The Truth About English Friendship.

When we consider that the Boers in South Africa are fighting for their liberty just as Washington and his fellow patriots battled for theirs, it is amazing to note the men who call themselves Americans are loud in expressing their sympathy with England. Every lover of liberty should be on the side of the Boers, but liberty seems to have lost a great many friends these days among Americans. Now the cry is that England was our warm friend during the war with Spain, and, therefore, we must stand by her. Fortunately, such doctrine is not held by the majority of Americans. But those who profess it make themselves conspicuous, and thus it appears as if most Americans are with England in her attempt to crush the Boers.

By a happy coincidence an American just returned from Europe tells a story of England's feeling toward us that should bring Anglomanias to their senses. This American is J. W. Snell of Toledo, Ohio, who arrived in New York City last week from Europe. To a reporter for the Tribune he made this statement:

"There is a marked contrast between the present manner in which the English treat Americans and that in which they treated them only a short time ago. I was in London in April, 1898, after war had been declared between this country and Spain, and that England was not only unfriendly to us, but also underestimated and was grossly ignorant of the strength and power of the United States was everywhere in evidence. The daily papers had many of them a distinctly hostile tone, and none of them a particularly friendly one. The yellow journals—for yellow journalism exists in England as well as in America—were publishing pictures representing the relative strength of the navies of the world. You know the sort, a huge ship representing Great Britain, then one considerably smaller representing France, etc. The United States came way down the list with something that looked like a rowboat, while Spain was placed well above her. I went to a theatre at this time where they had microscope or vitagraph or some other graph pictures, and there the hostility to America was marked. They showed a number of American and Spanish pictures, the first being received with chilly silence and the latter with applause, but the thing came to an end, in so far as I was concerned, when they hissed a picture of President McKinley, after wildly cheering one of the Queen Regent of Spain. That settled me and I left. But I heard afterward the American pictures had been withdrawn on account of their unpopularity."

"This was the state of feeling in England when the 2nd of May brought the news of Dewey's complete and signal victory at Manila. London at first would not believe it, and the papers scoffed at the report as a palpable fake. Confirmation came, and then you ought to have seen the change, when they realized all that it meant, that a new force had come to the fore, and one of such strength as to be able to take part in shaping the world's affairs; and when it came to any nation or nations inaugurating any future policy that might infringe on the rights of others they must first reckon on a country that lay on the western shores of the Atlantic Ocean, which was big, strong and willing enough to interfere if such policy should, in nautical language, 'come across her bows.' It was delicious. As soon as the English recovered their breath there was nothing too good for the Americans; they were blood kindred; they asked you to dinner and put you up at their clubs, and only to state in London at that time that you were an American was to insure yourself the best of good things without expense to yourself. For me, while I like the English, the contrast was too sudden, and I doubted the entire cordiality of the good fellowship extended, when I remembered that only a short fortnight before I had sat in an English theatre and heard an English audience hiss the portrait of the President of the United States of America."

UNFERMENTED WINE.

The season of the year is approaching when a great many of our readers manufacture wine for domestic use and sacramental purposes, the following method of making it may be found of service:

"Pick the grapes from the stems and wash them. Strain the juice into a kettle, boil it, remove the scum, strain it into bottles or jars, and seal up as you would canned fruits. Bottles are better, we suppose, than jars; they should be tightly corked and have sealing wax above the cork. If only a small quantity of wine is to be used at a time, small bottles will be more convenient than large ones. But the wine will keep several days after being opened in ordinary weather. Lay the bottles on their sides in a cool, dark place. It will do no harm to strain the wine when the bottles are opened. Don't use sugar, it is unnecessary, and there is some danger of making grape jelly instead of wine. Thus made it will keep for years."

All ingredients for fruit and nut cakes, at Pardue's.

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

We have a large list of choice ranch, farm and town property.

McLenathen & Tracy.

Carlsbad, New Mexico.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

ST. EDWARD'S (CATHOLIC). Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. All are cordially invited.
P. COOK, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH, SOUTH. Regular services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Epworth League at 2 p. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock.
J. E. SAWYERS, Pastor.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL, GRACE CHURCH: 1st Sunday in the month: Children's church morning prayer 10:30 a. m. Holy Eucharist and sermon 11 a. m.; Evening prayer and sermon 7:30 p. m. 2nd Sunday in the month: Morning prayer, litany and sermon 11 a. m. Evening prayer and sermon 7:30 p. m. Divine services on all saints' days 10 a. m. Sunday school 10 a. m. Evening song on Fridays 7:30 p. m.
JAS. R. MATTHEWS, Rector.

Many good stories of the doings of Lincoln New Mexico courts, have been told before but at the last term a new record was made, at least as far as the novelty of the findings are concerned. One Dick Wilson was indicted for cow stealing. Just the plain old-fashioned kind. The jury found him insane and Judge Leland sentenced him to Texas—Roswell Record.

Yes, but there was nothing insane about it when a federal judge fined Dr. Gould \$100 for defending democracy. There was nothing insane about it when a certain federal judge instructed the grand jury to bring in an indictment against a democratic editor in Union county, New Mexico, all of which stimulated rep. cow thieves to beat up and break up all the democratic papers in Union county, and had it not been for the able counsel of Judge A. B. Fall in smashing the libel law, Charlie Ball of the Las Cruces Democrat would have went to jail. The Texas people were not so insane but what they seen through the scheme of Max Frost, Gov. Otero and the Hanna judges at the time, and openly called the attention of the democratic press and editors of New Mexico as to what was coming, and indeed, brother Creighton, they had your predecessors, the owners of the Roswell Record and also the Eddy Current down for decapitation. Had you not bought the Record just when you did and kept very quiet politically, you too might have been coming ties as well as some of the other democratic editors of New Mexico. What Texas lacks in "sanity" she makes up in justice to all men regardless of political parties, but New Mexico under the present regime forgets justice when it comes to prosecuting democratic editors, and smiling profusely on republican cow thief politicians. —Miami (Tex) Chief.

Who Would Succeed Hobart.

The present serious illness of Vice President Hobart makes it of interest as to who would succeed him should it result fatally. According to law, in case of the disability or death of the vice

president, the duties of his office would be discharged until his successor were elected by the president pro tem of the senate, who at present is Senator Frye of Maine. But the latter would not thereby become vice president; nor would he succeed to the presidency if Mr. McKinley should die before the expiration of his term. In that case the succession would first fall to Secretary of State Hay, and failing him would pass in order named to the secretary of the treasury, the secretary of war, the attorney general, the postmaster general, the secretary of the navy, the secretary of the interior. Since the constitution was adopted there have already been five vice presidents who have died in office. Two of them were elected with President Madison, George Clinton who died in 1812, and Flibert Gerry, who died in 1914. Wm. R. King died in 1783, during the term of President Pierce, Henry Wilson during President Grant's term of 1875, and Thomas Hendricks died in 1885 during President Cleveland's first term.

Figures Don't Lie!

That's why you should call and see our work and get prices on Job Printing. All work is guaranteed satisfactory or no pay!

The Current
... Office.

Brave Explorers.

Like Stanley and Livingstone, found it harder to overcome Malaria, Fever and Ague, and Typhoid disease germs than savage cannibals; but thousands have found that Electric Bitters is a wonderful cure for all malarial diseases. If you have chills with fever, aches in back of neck and head, and tired, worn-out feeling, a trial will convince you of their merit. W. A. Null of Webb, Ill., writes: "My children suffered for more than a year with chills and fever; then two bottles of Electric Bitters cured them." Only 50 cents. Try them. Guaranteed. Sold by Blackmore Drug Co.

Other people may talk and blow but when it comes to doing job printing the CURRENT takes the lead. All work guaranteed and prices to suit the times.

J. F. MATHESON.

Grain-Commission Warehouse.
And General Forwarding

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Canon St. Op. Current Office.

GENERAL PARADES

Surrenders at Puerto Cabello After a Desperate Battle.

650 WERE REPORTED KILLED.

The Aspect of the City is One of Ruin and Devastation—Surgeons Ministering to the Wounded.

Gen. Pareades, a former commander in the army of ex-President Andrade, who had refused the demand made upon him by Gen. Cipriano Castro and the de facto authorities to surrender the town, even when this was reinforced by the requests of the British, French, American, German and Dutch commanders, surrendered yesterday morning at 10 o'clock after a terrible battle.

The aspect of the city is one of ruin and devastation, and it is estimated that upwards of 650 persons were killed or wounded during the fighting.

Dr. Bralsted of the United States cruiser Detroit and the other surgeons of the various warships in the harbor are ministering to the wants of the wounded.

Gen. Ramon Guerra began a land attack upon the town and the position of Gen. Pareades on Friday night. Dusk fighting continued until Saturday morning about 4, the fierce struggle ensuing later. Gen. Pareades made a stubborn defense, but Gen. Guerra forced an entrance into the town at 4 o'clock Saturday.

As early as 8 o'clock Sunday morning the fleet arrived and began a bombardment, but the range was too great and the firing proved ineffective.

Gen. Pareades held the fort on the hill and Fort Libertador until Saturday morning.

Fight With Indians.

Flagstaff, Ariz., Nov. 13.—One white and five Navajo Indians killed, two whites and one Navajo wounded, was the result of an attempt of a deputy sheriff to arrest a Navajo Saturday night south of Walnut station, news of which has just reached here.

On Nov. 6 a band of six native Navajos were in Canyon Pedro below Alderson Rim in this county, held up Wm. Montgomery, a cowboy in the employ of Wm. Roden, a cattleman. They accused him of stealing horses and threatened to kill him. He came to Flagstaff and obtained a warrant for their arrest and with Deputy Hogan left to make the arrest.

At Roden's camp they were joined by Wm. Roden and Walter Durham, who went along to show the deputy where the Navajos were camped.

Arriving at the camp the party dismounted, anticipating no trouble. Hogan attempted to execute the warrant and entered a brush corral where four Navajos were when the Indians made a resistance and a shot was fired at Hogan, striking him in the back, he at the same time being in a tussle with one Navajo who was trying to shoot him. Hogan drew his pistol and killed his antagonist.

The fight became general and ended when the ammunition of the white men was exhausted. The result is that five Navajos are dead and one wounded. Montgomery was shot through the heart. Hogan was wounded three times, but not seriously.

Found Dead.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 13.—John Armstrong, son of ex-Police Sergt. Armstrong, a check clerk at Cuyler station, was found dead in the dining-room of his home yesterday. His face was stained with blood, and close to his right hand lay a revolver with an empty shell and four loaded chambers. The man's wound showed that he had been shot through the heart from the rear.

Mrs. Rose Louvier, aged 50, who had been cooking meals and taking care of the rooms occupied by Armstrong, was arrested, together with her husband. The woman stated that Armstrong had been boarding at her house with the consent of her husband for about a year, that he had removed from there because her husband objected to him, and that later he took up his abode three blocks away from her home, with her as his housekeeper, paying her \$2.50 a week for her services. Neighbors heard a shot fired late Saturday night, but paid no attention to it.

Committed Suicide.

Leavenworth, Kan., Nov. 13.—Walter Mitchell, confined in the Leavenworth county jail under indictment for murder, committed suicide yesterday morning by hanging himself from the top of the cell door. He made a rope out of parts of a blanket. The night after Mitchell was brought here serenaders gathered at the jail to congratulate the sheriff on his re-election, and Mitchell thought it was a mob to lynch him. This is supposed to have hastened his suicide.

Main Murdered Captain.

Baltimore, Md., Nov. 13.—Capt. McCarthy of the British steamer Trunkby, which arrived from Santa Cruz, Tenerife, reports that a few days before the arrival at Santa Cruz the Brazilian bark Julianna Schoerer, from Rio Janeiro to Genoa, Italy, put in for provisions. The health authorities asked the master why there were but fifteen persons on board, when the articles named seventeen as leaving Rio Janeiro. The captain said the others had died from yellow fever. When the vessel was released from quarantine and provisioned one of the crew stated to one of the customs guard that the man in charge was not the master of the ship, but the mate, and that the mate had murdered the master and his wife on the voyage.

The authorities sent a boat's crew from a small Spanish man-of-war in the harbor to bring the mate and crew ashore. The mate, who was a Swede, had suspected something and he armed himself with a revolver and defied the whole of the five boat's crews of Spanish man-of-war-men to take him. The sailors fustigated the man and the vessel for five hours, during which time it is said 800 shots were fired.

The mate was killed at last, having been shot several times. During the firing the crew jumped overboard and were rescued by the warship's boats.

In their excitement the Spaniards set fire to the bark, but as soon as they found the Swede dead they extinguished the fire. Before the Trunkby left Santa Cruz the bark was towed up to a berth near the steamer and remained with a crew of man-of-war-men in charge. The bark was held as a pirate, but under protest from the Brazilian consul. The bark had previously hailed from Oporto, Portugal, and the name had been painted out. There is no such name as Julianna Schoerer in Lloyd's register. There is a bark Julia III of Oporto, and it is probable that the murderer has changed the name and claimed Brazil as the vessel's nation.

The matter had not been settled when the Trunkby sailed for Baltimore.

Good Rifle Shooting.

Denver, Col., Nov. 13.—A record of rifle shooting, which it is believed stands unrivaled, was made at the regular meeting of the Denver Rifle club yesterday afternoon. C. M. Ford, the secretary of the club, scored 199 out of a possible 200 on a 500-yard range with the regulation target for that distance. The record was made from forty shots. Ford scored eight bulls' eyes, then put the next shot in the circle immediately outside of the bulls' eyes, following this with thirty-one consecutive bulls' eyes. The latter is the remarkable feature of the record.

A Supposed Robber.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 13.—The body of a supposed robber who was shot dead Saturday night by Claude B. Giles, a police inspector, was identified yesterday as Frank Doyle, a brother of John Doyle of the firm of Doyle & Co., wealthy contractors. The deceased's mother is said to be well to do, and the hold-up theory is scouted by Doyle's friends, who declare his mother kept him well supplied with funds and that he had no occasion to resort to robbery to secure money. Giles is practically under arrest awaiting an investigation.

The annual chrysanthemum fair has closed at Marshall.

Hobart Some Better.

Paterson, N. J., Nov. 13.—Vice President Hobart passed a favorable Saturday night, and the improvement that has been observed for several days continued yesterday. He ate solid food with relish, and it promptly assimilated. With his meals he took milk, and between meals was given milk punches.

This is a marked change from his condition ten days ago. At that time he was rapidly sinking, and his stomach had refused food of all kinds. For several days he lived on grapes and the juice of grape fruit, but it soon appeared that his stomach was so congested that he could not even take these.

Mr. Hobart now spends most of his time in a reclining position, and he sleeps without the aid of opiates. The most painful and alarming feature of his illness has been his attacks of nervousness as night approaches. These attacks have decreased.

Interstate Commerce Commission.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 13.—All is in readiness for the meeting of the interstate commerce commission, which will meet here to-day to consider complaints of discrimination in rates to the Pacific coast in effect on the Southern Pacific and other transcontinental lines. Chairman M. A. Knapp of the commission arrived yesterday from Washington, D. C., as also did former Gov. Jos. W. Fifer of Illinois, the newly appointed member of the commission.

About Public Lands.

Austin, Tex., Nov. 13.—Land Commissioner Hogan yesterday addressed a letter to the governor calling his attention to an indorsed letter bearing date of Aug. 29, addressed to the attorney-general, requesting an opinion concerning the validity of certain alleged Spanish and Mexican land grants or titles, and as to how they should be regarded by the land office, with a view of calculating the amount between the public domain and the public school fund.

A paragraph reads: "My reference to the accompanying letter it will be observed that the amount of land involved comprises 1,138,727 acres. The claims are not now, and never have been, in condition to patent. If it belongs to the state that fact should be determined so that the land commissioner could exercise jurisdiction over it and make it produce a revenue to the state. If it belongs to individuals the fact should also be determined and the land commissioner authorized to issue patents and to cancel all claims subsequently made thereon for school and other purposes and the matter finally set at rest."

He further states that in the absence of the desired opinion he has not classified it as to what fund it belongs.

He also called attention to two patented grants aggregating 21,000 acres, which for some inexplicable reason were patented in December, 1891, although the courts had decided in 1878 that the grants were void. "Both of which have long since been covered by alternate locations and suits should be instituted to cancel the patents last mentioned."

He calls the governor's attention to the importance of this matter at this time, for in the event the school fund is more than 20,000 acres short steps can be instituted to recover.

In the letter which he addressed to the attorney-general Mr. Hogan says that neither the governments of the republic or state of Texas ever denied or affirmed the validity of these supposed grants, which he says at one time aggregated 25,000,000 acres, over which it seems the state never exercised any jurisdiction.

Of the total number, forty-three claims, aggregating 1,138,727 acres, have never been established.

Another paragraph reads: "There is no evidence whatever of their validity on file in the general land office. The presumption is, if there ever was any legal claim in fact as a basis for these supposed grants, the alleged owners would have established their right thereto and procured their patents long since, as contemplated by law."

Complaint About Whistles.

Paris, Tex., Nov. 13.—At a meeting of the city council Monday night a petition signed by nearly every prominent citizen in the southern portion of the city was presented complaining of the noise made by the compress and oil mill whistles, and asking that they be suppressed as a nuisance. The matter was referred to the police committee to wait on the managers and request that the whistles be blown in more moderation.

Club Organized.

Savoy, Tex., Nov. 13.—The young men of Savoy met Monday night for the purpose of organizing a reading and athletic club, to be known as the Savoy club. The following officers were elected: Ira Rogers, president; Robert McMahon, vice president; Ira West, secretary; B. Garrett, treasurer; Will West, guard; Will Mershon, marshal. The meeting adjourned to meet again Tuesday night.

Want a Cotton Mill.

Corsicana, Tex., Nov. 13.—The indications are that before another cotton crop is gathered Corsicana will have a cotton mill that will manufacture a considerable portion of the crop of 1900 into cotton goods. The workers in the Commercial club quietly got together and formulated a plan that they are confident will bring success, and in line with the plan adopted, which will be made public hereafter, a mass meeting has been called to assemble at the city hall at 1:30 p. m. Tuesday, Nov. 28, which every citizen of Navarro county is invited and urged to attend. Special efforts will be made by the club to have a general turn-out from the city, and that there will be a big delegation from the country is already assured. The meeting at which the present plans were adopted was attended by Hon. Geo. T. Jester, Fred Fleming, J. E. Whiteside, Dr. S. W. Johnson, H. L. Seales, A. Templeton, Mayor J. H. Woods, Sam Kerr, S. W. Boye and others, all of whom are enthusiastic cotton mill advocates.

Have No Jail.

Denison, Tex., Nov. 13.—The local officers are virtually out of business on account of a lack of a jail. The city authorities have issued positive instructions to the city jailer to admit no county prisoners. The county jail at Sherman excludes them, and the officers have no way to take care of prisoners when arrested. The county commissioners refuse to allow the officers any money with which to procure guards, and there you are.

Messenger Concannon's Statement.

Denison, Tex., Nov. 13.—The following letter has been received at Denison from Express Messenger W. S. Concannon, who is now in the Bedalia hospital:

"My father informs me that many different stories have been printed and told as to what I know about the robbery and assault that was committed upon myself on the evening of Oct. 31. I wish to say it is my father's desire, as my own, to have the exact facts published in the Denison Herald, a Sherman paper, also the Dallas News, as to just what I do know and all that I know. This is the substance of my story:

"When the train stopped at Armstrong avenue I heard some one talking out on the front steps, but as men and boys frequently jump on at this avenue and ride to the depot, I paid but little if any attention to their voices. Between this avenue and the viaduct Mr. Romer, our conductor, came in and said:

"Here's some mail, Con. Guess I'll bid you good night."

"I asked: 'Won't you be with us tomorrow, Mr. Romer?'"

"He replied, 'No.'"

"I said: 'Well, I hope to see you soon again,' and bade him good night. Mr. Romer then leaving the car, going into the coach."

"I tied up my railroad mail and then proceeded to take my haversack out of the safe, as I was always in the habit of doing just at this point, which was not very far from either side of the viaduct. I always made this a habit, so as to have everything in readiness when I reached the depot. Just as I was stooping over to reach my run, which was in my haversack, out of the safe, the front door opened and before I could raise up a heavy blow was struck, which landed just a little above my left temple. This knocked me partially unconscious, but still I could hear what the robbers and would-be murderers were saying.

"The first thing they said, one told the other to 'hold the middle door, don't the front door. Be quick, be quick, and catch the hind end and ride into the coach."

"By this time I had begun to stir a little and did not know enough to keep quiet, but spoke out and told them I wanted to see my folks before I died."

"One of them said: 'To hell with your folks!'"

"At this time I suppose I tried to spring to my feet and resent this remark, when I received another lick on the back of my head."

"Hit him again," was another reply, when one of them remarked: 'We don't want to kill him; Con is a good friend of ours.'"

"After hearing this it seems I remembered very distinctly about dying, but of my great joy I was mistaken, and was only dead to the world for four or five days. Further, I will state as to my knowing or even having the least idea as to who committed this deed I cannot and never will be able to state, for I did not see them, although I could hear them. I am at this date improving nicely, and unless by a backset will be able to be with my friends again soon, but hardly think I will be able to return to my labors for several weeks. I am so very grateful to my Maker that I am living, to say the very least. I feel really good about it."

W. S. CONCANNON.

Six carloads of fat cattle were shipped from Ennis a few days ago to St. Louis.

Want to Compromise.

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 14.—Judge Marsden C. Burch of Grand Rapids, Mich., special counsel in the department of justice, is here en route to the City of Mexico to endeavor to compromise Mexico's claim against this government for \$20,000,000 on account of the tapping of the Rio Grande in Colorado and New Mexico for irrigation purposes, to the detriment of the residents of the valley in the vicinity of El Paso. Judge Burch will represent this government Dec. 12 at Las Cruces, N. M., when an effort will be made to determine whether or not damming the river above this point will interfere with navigation on the lower river. If it is decided that the river is navigable the English syndicate known as the Elephant Butte Dam company will not be permitted to build its dam and an international dam and reservoir will be built by the government.

W. A. Lisk was badly hurt in a runaway near Itasca recently.

Smallpox Situation.

Austin, Tex., Nov. 14.—State Health Officer Blunt and Special Inspector Spring returned yesterday from Wharton, Goliad and surrounding territory, where they have been on a tour of investigation into the small-pox conditions, which were causing much uneasiness in that section. All necessary precautions have been taken to prevent the further spread of the disease, and the situation is now under control.

State Baptist Convention.

Dallas, Tex., Nov. 11.—At 10:05 o'clock yesterday President R. C. Buckner appeared on the platform, and with him were Dr. R. M. Seymour of Philadelphia, one of the Bible secretaries of the American Bible society; Dr. J. B. Gambrell, the superintendent of missions; Dr. B. H. Carroll, secretary of the educational commission; Dr. J. M. Robertson, one of the vice-presidents of the convention; Dr. A. J. Barton of the foreign mission board at Richmond, Va., and Secretary A. E. Bates, one of the scribes of the present convention. The other secretary of the convention, Rev. J. L. Truett, of Whitewright, remained near the door of the hall to furnish cards of admission and enroll the messengers as they came in.

When these had been seated on the platform, President Buckner rapped sharply on the table and silence was at once accorded to the officer of the convention. He called for the Rev. A. F. Bunting and requested that divine to conduct a short devotional exercise, pending the opening of the business session. This done, Dr. Buckner advanced to the front of the platform and made a short speech.

It was 10:27 when he announced that it would be in order to proceed with the business of the convention.

He did not wait long for Dr. J. M. Robertson immediately got the ear of the chairman and said:

"Brother President, I move you, sir, the appointment of a committee of nine on credentials, the president to appoint the committee."

"Second the motion," came simultaneously from a dozen voices from as many directions.

Dr. Buckner declined to put the motion for the reason that its terms imposed upon him the selection of the committee, and he felt a delicacy in putting the motion himself.

Thereupon Dr. Robertson put the motion in the president's place and declared the affirmative to have carried.

The result being announced, President Buckner said that he had hoped that this duty would not be put upon him, but that on the contrary some other means of selecting the committee on credentials would have been adopted. However, since the convention had elected to charge him with the responsibility he would be compelled to ask for a little time to consider the matter. It was an important part of the business of the convention, this selection of the committee on credentials, and it ought not to be gone about hastily.

Vice-President J. M. Robertson then assumed the chair and Dr. Buckner retired to get a list of the messengers from which to select nine.

On assuming the chair Dr. Robertson said he knew of no better time for the brethren of the state and the brethren of Dallas to say their "howdys" than the interval while the president of the convention was making out the list of the credentials committee. He therefore thought it an opportune time for hearing the address of welcome, and called for Rev. Geo. W. Truett, D. D., pastor of the First Baptist church of Dallas, who delivered the annual address of welcome.

Dr. Buckner then read as the committee he had selected the following names: D. Y. Bagby of Narcoosa, G. W. Goode of Farmers Branch, F. M. McConnell of Weatherford, J. H. Rowell of Jefferson, J. D. Carter of Marshall, W. S. Splawn of Gainesville, A. J. Harris of San Antonio, E. S. Haynes of Pilot Point and J. B. Riddle of Dallas.

The committee then retired to its room and began preparations for the work of enrolling the delegates upon an examination of their credentials.

Dr. A. J. Barton, assistant secretary of the foreign mission board of the southern Baptist convention, and Rev. R. M. Seymour, Bible secretary of the American Baptist Publication society, of Philadelphia were then introduced to the convention, and made short addresses to the body.

Mammoth Longhorn Steer.

San Antonio, Tex., Nov. 11.—Capt. J. M. Dahles' mammoth longhorn steer, which was shown at the San Antonio International fair, is going to the Paris world's exposition. This remarkable specimen of the longhorn tribe, which is declared to be the finest specimen of the oldtime Texas cattle, was calved in 1891 near the Mexican border. The steer has a monstrous pair of horns that measure from tip to tip 9 feet and 7 inches. The animal weighs 1700 pounds, and has been feeding on cactus, mesquite beans and grass, as these varieties of provender chance to predominate on the range. The steer will be in charge of Mr. George McHardy, the assistant stock superintendent of the San Antonio International fair. Mr. McHardy will also exhibit at the Paris exposition the smallest mule in the world, also reared on a Texas ranch. This mule is 5 years old and is thirty inches in height. The exhibits are to be shipped from San Antonio in the course of a few days.

Seriously Hurt.

Corsicana, Tex., Nov. 11.—George Baugh, a woodchopper, was seriously injured yesterday morning in Chambers creek bottom, where he was at work cutting cord wood. He felled a large hackberry tree, but failed to get out of reach of it as it fell and was caught in the tree top, one of his arms being broken and his body badly bruised in many places. His injuries are very severe, but not necessarily fatal.

Missourians and Georgians.

Houston, Tex., Nov. 13.—Saturday night there was a meeting of the Association of Georgians at the Capitol hotel. They named the following board of directors: R. M. Johnston, D. D. Peden, Sr.; W. H. Lloyd, C. B. Martin, B. R. Warner, Oliver Cranton and Edgar Watkins. They decided to admit to membership ex-Georgians living in any part of this state, through which plan they expect to make it a state-wide association and the largest of its kind in Texas. Applications for membership will be the same as those of local eligibles.

At a meeting of the ex-Missourians there was a large attendance. A permanent organization was effected with the following officers installed: E. R. Spotts, president; H. C. Burtis, secretary and treasurer. The following committees were appointed:

On rules, by-laws and regulations—S. T. Swinford, H. R. Mitchell, T. O. Chinn.

Committee on arrangements—Dr. J. B. Massie, T. R. Spotts, D. Y. Vandyne.

These committees are to report to an adjourned meeting to be held Thursday, Nov. 15, at the office of E. R. Spotts.

At the Thursday evening meeting steps will be taken to define the character of the programme to be carried out on Missouri day during the festival. Ex-Gov. W. J. Stone having been invited to speak here it is not likely that the society of ex-Missourians will invite any other speaker from Missouri.

A Child Shot.

Marlin, Tex., Nov. 13.—Ernest Ewert, a German farmer, was lodged in jail here Friday night charged with the shooting and perhaps mortally wounding his own child, a boy baby, about 1½ years old.

Ewert and his wife have been divorced for about one year. The court in granting the divorce gave the child to the mother and granted the father privilege of seeing it once each week. Ewert went to the house of the child's mother, about two miles northwest of Marlin, and asked that he be permitted to take possession of the child. The mother and her brother, Emil Newman, prevented Ewert from taking the child. The little one was shot while standing near his mother. The ball entered one inch to the left of the navel and came out at the under part of the left thigh. The wound is regarded as very dangerous. Dr. T. H. Hairston of this city happened to be bird hunting near the house when the affair occurred. He heard the shot and the woman screaming. Hurrying to the place he found the father and brother of the woman holding Ewert on a cot. Dr. Hairston gave the necessary attention to the child, and then, with the other two men, brought Ewert over to the officers.

Ewert was a bar clerk in Marlin for some time and is well known here. For the past year he has been farming near Perry, a station between Marlin and Waco.

An examining trial will not be had until there are further developments as to the child's wound.

Ewert talked freely about the matter and did not hesitate to give particulars.

The Ministers' association of El Paso at a late meeting has petitioned congress to "expel Brigham H. Roberts, congressman-elect from Utah, and to submit a constitutional amendment disqualifying polygamists from holding public office under the United States government."

Old Soldier Dead.

Seguin, Tex., Nov. 13.—Mr. Henry Terrell died at his home suddenly Thursday night at 10:30 o'clock. Mr. Terrell up to a few days ago enjoyed good health. A few days ago he had a spell of heart failure, but apparently recovered his usual health and had resumed his duties. He retired to bed and at 10:30 his wife found him dead at her side, passing away quietly and peacefully. The deceased was a gallant Confederate soldier throughout the war, a member of Terry's Texas rangers, and was a participant in seventy-five battles during the war. Mr. Terrell was one of the leading merchants of Seguin for years, and was recognized as a man of mature character and distinguished worth. He was a faithful member of the Methodist Episcopal church, South. He died at the age of 55 years.

A great many immigrants continue to pass through Denison.

Seriously Hurt.

Corsicana, Tex., Nov. 13.—About 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon Willie, the 12-year-old son of Mr. Hawn Falk, while playing on the awning in front of the telephone exchange, fell to the ground, a distance of about eighteen feet, and was badly injured. No bones were broken, but the force of the fall, the boy striking on the paved street, was so great that he was rendered unconscious, and it was found there had been injuries of an internal nature sustained.

Carlsbad Current.

Wm. H. MULLANE, Publisher.

CARLSBAD, - - - - - N. M.

PASTURE AND FARM.

Wheat sowing is about over.

A number of wool buyers are at San Angelo.

A large wheat acreage has been sown in Jack county.

The recent frost in Orange county killed vegetables.

Navarro county farmers have sowed much wheat this fall.

J. W. Hackney of McGregor shipped 1500 sheep to San Angelo.

Gonzales expects to receive over 10,000 bales of cotton this season.

J. B. Wilson of Dallas is feeding 2100 head of hogs near Terrell.

Fig raising promises to become a prominent industry in southern Texas.

Nine carloads of oats and corn were shipped in one day from Nocona recently.

Cooks county farmers are marketing many hogs at Gainesville at fair prices.

D. B. Casenberry of Sonora sold to Felix Mann of Menardville 175 head of cattle.

Sweet Potatoes and other late vegetables were hit hard by the recent frosts.

Cattle being fed at a gin in Ranger have resulted in 7000 bushels of corn being sold.

Some Liberty county farmer raised from four-fifths to nearly a bale of cotton this season.

Charles Westrop shipped from Alvin to Matton, Ill., a carload of fine broom corn.

As a rule, cattle in Oklahoma are said to be in excellent condition to go through the winter.

San Antonio was thronged with cattlemen as well as the thousands of other visitors during the fair.

According to Bonham advices some cattle are dying along Red river in Lamar county of an unknown disease.

J. W. Darnell of Falls county sold to Jimpton Bros. of South Concho 163 head of Falls county stock cattle at \$15.50.

J. T. Wright of Jones county received at the Abilene fair the first prize for the best ind. ideal display of farm products.

The yellow yam crop of Lamar county has been reported to be almost an entire failure, owing to the summer and early fall drought.

Cattle shipments over the Transcontinental branch of the Texas and Pacific railway, from Sherman to Texarkana, have been unusually heavy lately.

The leaves on the trees have taken on a golden hue, occasional bitter blasts blow from Boreas' boundaries, and grim-visaged Winter is winging his way.

John Arnett raised in Mitchell county a wagonload of sweet potatoes. The largest weighed 14 1/2 pounds and many of them balanced the scales at 10 pounds.

John R. Lewis of Sweetwater exhibited at the International fair at San Antonio eleven head of Herefords, and took seven first and three second prizes, aggregating \$270.

The Fruit, Flower and Vegetable festival at Houston will open Dec. 11. The association has arranged to have also exhibits of horses, mules, cattle and swine, and a dog show.

Expert cotton men who are well posted on the crop of the north Texas section are positive in their statements that the present cotton crop is not equal by 10 per cent to last year's crop.

Horses are going up in price in Hall county.

W. M. Stevenson of Kimball sowed one-fourth acre in turnips last August and irrigated them from an artesian well. He has sold \$20 worth of turnips off the patch and still has more to sell.

A heavy fall of snow and a blizzard from the northeast reached Chanler, Tex., early on the morning of Nov. 1. Several large herds of cattle being held there for shipment suffered considerably.

The Texas Trunk Growers' association was organized at San Antonio with a capital of \$10,000. A memorial to congress was ordered prepared asking that construction of the Nicaragua canal be hurried.

George W. West of Live Oak county exhibited at the San Antonio fair his celebrated long-horn steer. The animal is 14 years old, weighs nearly 1700 pounds, is fifteen hands high and one of the few remaining cattle of his kind. He attracted great attention.

Hartley & Clothier of El Paso have within the past three weeks shipped from Springer, Clayton and Catalina over 50,000 head of lambs, ewes and wethers to several Colorado feeders, the biggest lots going to Fort Collins, Rocky Ford and Lamar.

MAJ. LOGAN KILLED

Shot While Leading His Battalion in Action.

SON OF THE LATE JOHN A. LOGAN

Thirty-Third Infantry Had a Fierce Battle With Insurgents Near San Fabian—Insurgents Lost Heavily.

Washington, Nov. 15.—A cable dispatch received at the war department announces that Maj. John A. Logan, thirty-third volunteer infantry, has been killed in a fight in Luzon. He was a son of the late Gen. John A. Logan of Illinois and Mrs. Mary A. Logan, now a resident of Washington. He leaves a widow and two children, who are at present residing at Youngstown, O.

Manila, Nov. 15.—The thirty-third infantry in one of the sharpest two-hour engagements of the war with an equal force of insurgents five miles from San Fabian Saturday lost one officer and six men killed and one officer and fifty-two men wounded. The Americans captured fifty-nine Filipinos and 100 rifles and found eighty-one insurgents dead lying in the trenches and rice fields. Many more Filipinos doubtless were killed or wounded.

Gen. Wheaton was informed that the enemy was gathering at San Jacinto for the purpose of preventing the caravans from controlling the road from Dagupan north, whereby Aguinaldo might retreat. The thirty-third, Col. Hare commanding, and a detachment of the thirtieth with a Gatling gun, Howland commanding, were sent to disperse them. The troops encountered the worst road ever found in the island of Luzon. There was a succession of creeks whose bridges the Americans had to stop and repair and ditched and at certain places men and horses struggled waist deep in quagmires. A hundred soldiers had to drag the Gatling gun part of the way, the horses being useless. The insurgents opened the fight two miles from San Jacinto, while the leading American battalion was passing a clump of houses in the midst of a coconut grove knee deep in mud. The Filipino sharpshooters hid in the trees, houses and a small trench across the road held their fire until the Americans were close to them. When they began firing other Filipinos opened fire from thickets right and left further away. The insurgent sharpshooters picked off the officers. Five Americans who fell were strapa. But the thirty-third never wavered. Its crack marksmen knocked the Filipinos from the trees like squirrels and the Americans rushed the trench, leaving four dead insurgents there. The regiment then deployed under fire with Maj. Logan's battalion in the center, Maj. Cronin on the right and Maj. Marsh's on the left. The skirmish line, which was a mile long, advanced rapidly, keeping up a constant fire. The Filipinos made an unexpectedly good stand, many of them remaining under cover until the Americans were within twenty feet of them. Maj. Marsh flanked a small trench full of insurgents, surprising them and slaughtering nearly all of them before entering the town.

Two Gatling killed five of the force holding the bridge and swept the country beyond the town, driving about 150 Filipinos into the hills. Marsh's battalion entering the town first, captured a flag which was flying over a convent.

American Sentenced.

Havana, Nov. 15.—Three Americans, Hanson, King and Holland, have each been sentenced to two months' imprisonment and to pay a fine of \$50 and two-thirds of the cost of the proceedings for playing over their saloon a sign reading: "We cater to white people only."

Their places had been closed in January last by order of the civil government because they refused to serve a colored Cuban general, but they had been allowed to open their saloons again on promise to serve the public without distinction of color. The defendants have appealed the case, the costs of which already amount to \$2000.

A letter has been published in a paper of this city, written by another Cuban general, complaining that the owner of a barber shop had refused to cut his hair on account of his color.

Counterfeit silver coin has been discovered in circulation at Paris.

Brown Pines Advances.

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 15.—The Brown Manufacturers' association yesterday afternoon advanced prices more than 50 per cent. During the past few months most of the brown oen in this country is said to have gone into the hands of the Union Brown Supply company of Chicago, and the prices, which formerly averaged \$25 per ton, have now advanced, it is claimed, to \$200 per ton. About sixty manufacturers attended the meeting.

Title of Chevalier.

Frankfort, Ind., Nov. 15.—Emperor William of Germany has bestowed upon Edward C. Halle of this city the title of chevalier of the Order of the Crown and presented him with a gold medal embellished in white and blue enamel. Mr. Halle used his influence during the war with Spain in maintaining friendly relations between the United States and Germany, and the honor at the hands of the German emperor is a recognition of his services.

Kentucky Election.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 15.—The progress of the contests in various counties of the state is the point about which much interest in the fight for the governorship is centered. The determination of these disputes may swing in either direction according to the result of the returns as they will be made to the state board of election commissioners. These counties involve over 4000 votes in seven counties, as follows: Christian, 95 votes; Taylor plurality in one precinct at Hopkinton, which was yesterday thrown out by the county election officers; Johnson county, where the 877 plurality for Taylor is being disputed by the Democrats on the ground of alleged irregularities. Knox county, 1282 plurality for Taylor, in contest. Under a mandatory order of Judge Brown at Harboursville these returns have been certified by the county election officers, but the contest undoubtedly will be renewed before the state board.

Mercer county gives 286 plurality for Taylor. The chairman of the election board has filed notice of contest in three large Republican precincts, alleging various irregularities. If these precincts should be thrown out Goebel will have a safe plurality in the county. The county election board has adjudged the contest before the state board.

Nelson county's 1158 votes are being contested by the Democrats on the ground that they were certified for W. P. Taylor instead of W. S. Taylor. The Republicans yesterday filed suit at Harboursville against the county election commissioners and the election officers in the thirteen precincts involved, seeking to obtain a mandatory injunction to compel the election officers to certify these 1158 votes for W. S. Taylor. The matter will also come before the state board.

Pulaski county, 300 votes, in contest. Taylor's plurality was 1540, including the 300 which came from five precincts where contests have been instituted.

Harrison county, 125 votes, in contest.

The state board of election commissioners will meet at Frankfort Dec. 4. Before it the points involved in these disputed ballots will be argued by the leading counsel of the state.

The official count in Jefferson county is progressing satisfactorily, with very little change in the unofficial figures. Five wards have been completed.

Thirty-five cases of alleged violations of election laws came up before Judge Toney yesterday. Each of the prisoners was bound over in the sum of \$500.

Detroit Arrived.

Washington, Nov. 15.—The navy department yesterday received the following cablegram from Commander Hemphill, dated La Guayra, the 13th:

"The Detroit arrived today. Land fighting was very heavy. Venezuelan gun vessels bombarded forts with Hotchkiss six-pounder rapid fire guns, unloaded shells without result. The foreign men-of-war lay off the harbor during the engagement. On return rendered assistance to the wounded. The Detroit's hospital corps rendered important service. Being no prospect of further trouble at Puerto Cabello, I came here to await arrival of the Dolphin."

A decision has recently been rendered by Judge Hines, at Guthrie, Ok., in the district court at Beaver, in which he held a brand was not sufficient proof of the ownership of the animal. Cattlemen in that section fear the decision will cause trouble.

Schley at Washington.

Washington, Nov. 15.—Rear Admiral Schley, who is about to assume command of the south Atlantic squadron, called at the navy department yesterday and had a long conference with Acting Secretary Allen concerning the general character of the services on which he is about to embark. It was the admiral's final call before leaving, as he goes on Thursday to New York, where, on next Sunday, he will raise his flag on the cruiser Chicago. The sailing orders of the ship, giving her route, and destination, have not yet been issued, and it is said that a definite determination has not been reached on this point. The admiral's visit led to new conjectures as to the probability of his going to some of the south African ports. As to this, however, the admiral declined to say a word, and there was the same reticence throughout the naval circles. It is understood, however, that this was among the matters gone over.

Yellow fever has been reported at Port Tampa City, Fla.

Samoa Affairs.

Washington, Nov. 14.—Judge Chambers, chief justice of Samoa, who is now in this country, called at the navy department yesterday and had a long conference with Secretary Hay respecting Samoan affairs and particularly the conditions on the island of Upolu, which is to become the exclusive property of the United States upon the ratification of the recently arranged division of the Samoan group. The chief justice made a most favorable report upon the island, which has a native population of about 7000 persons, for whom some form of government must be devised. It probably will be patterned after that of Guam, where the navy maintains a naval government. The closing chapters of the history of the administration of Samoa under the treaty are to be set out in a report which Judge Chambers has prepared and will submit to the secretary of state to-day.

A Suicide Club.

Frankfort, Ind., Nov. 14.—Andrew Thompson last night committed suicide by taking morphine. The death has developed beyond doubt that there is a suicide club in this city and that two of the members have already carried out their obligations. Fred Greiner, who took his life several days ago by the same agency, is the first to carry out the compact. Thompson was present at the time Greiner died and he remarked that he would soon follow him.

AGUINALDO IS NOW

Completely Surrounded by the American Forces.

INSURGENTS SUFFERING FROM

Disease, Owing to Poor Food, Lack of Medicines and Filthy Hospitals—Great Loss of Life the Result.

Manila, Nov. 14.—Gen. Young is supposed to have reached San Nicolas, about thirty miles east of Dagupan, but his wagons are far behind.

Col. Hayes has captured Aguinaldo's secretary, and Maj. Coleman is in Carrangian with an escort of 175 bolomen on his way to the province of Nueva Vizcaya.

The son of Gen. Linnere and his family are prisoners. The general barely escaped.

A correspondent with Gen. Young telegraphs from San Jose that Aguinaldo did not escape to the northeast. He and his army, the correspondent adds, are surrounded. His last orders to the Filipino commanders at San Jose were to hold San Jose and Carrangian at all costs.

The recent encounters were too one-sided to be called fights. The insurgents are mortally afraid of the Americans, however strong their position. They make but brief and feeble resistance and run when the terrible American yell reaches their ears, whereupon the Americans pursue them and slay them.

The moral effect of the news that 80,000 troops are on their way here has been unquestionably great.

The insurgents are suffering more from disease than from Americans, owing to the poor food, lack of medicines and filthy hospitals, with the result that there is great mortality among them. Gen. Lawton has intercepted a telegram from an insurgent captain to a Filipino general, reading:

"How can you blame me for retreating when only twelve of my company here were able to fight?"

Bold Robbers.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 14.—Thirty thousand dollars worth of diamonds were stolen yesterday afternoon from the store of Sigler Bros., at 354 Euclid avenue. Three men entered the store, which is on the second floor. One of the trio stood at the elevator cage and the other two entered the office of Mr. Sigler. One of the strangers engaged the attention of one of the clerks and the other talked to Mr. Sigler, at whose side was a black box 12x10 inches, containing the diamonds. Mr. Sigler says his attention was distracted for a moment and upon turning to his supposed customer, both had fled and the box of jewels was gone. The police have no clue, save a description furnished by Mr. Sigler.

Segro Hanged.

New Orleans, La., Nov. 14.—A Yezzo, Miss, dispatch says: Ed Grandison, a notorious negro murderer, thief and all-around crook, was hanged here yesterday for the murder of Deputy Sheriff Stinesstreet and Everett in this county in July of last year. Grandison's neck was broken by the drop and death was instantaneous.

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Boers Losing Ground.

London, Nov. 14.—The simultaneous attacks on Ladysmith, Mafeking and Kimberley, which were opened Thursday, manifest full recognition by the Boers of the fact that every day lessens their chances of a successful onslaught on any of the three strongholds. Gen. Joubert's chances of reaching Pietermaritzburg can be said to have vanished. This is already reported to be admitted by Col. Schiel, the German officer commanding the Boer artillery, who is supposed to have been largely the author of the Boer plan of campaign, and who in an interview is alleged to have said:

"The Boer intention was to have captured Pietermaritzburg and then to dictate terms. But all hope of accomplishing this must now be abandoned."

There is no doubt that from the British point of view the general situation in Natal is rapidly improving. Nearly 8000 troops reached South Africa during the last forty-eight hours and by the end of the week from 6000 to 7000 more will be added to the British strength in Natal. These will probably be pushed forward to Estcourt, bringing the British force there up to 10,000 men, and making a general attack on Ladysmith by Gen. Joubert very hazardous.

If the cavalry and artillery belonging to Gen. Methuen's division will not have arrived by then, the advance from Estcourt must be delayed. But if it is deemed essential to open communication with the beleaguered town at the earliest possible moment, Gen. Methuen, it is believed, may decide to replace the regular cavalry and artillery by the Natal and Outlander mounted forces and the naval guards. In which case, it is claimed, it ought to be possible to occupy Colenso and stretch out a hand to Gen. White by Monday. It is added, however, that the course to be followed by Gen. Methuen must necessarily be dictated entirely by official knowledge of Gen. White's position and resources, and the experts hope Gen. Methuen will be able to await the concentration of the whole division and thus have a better chance of dealing a telling blow to Gen. Joubert's main army, which, it is asserted, will be caught between two British forces and compelled either to fight a general action or retire to their strongholds.

The Drakenburg dispatch by way of Durban, which was brought in by a Kafir, reporting severe defeat of the Boers at Ladysmith Thursday, may turn out to be correct, but in view of previous experience it must be received with caution. It appears, however, certain that heavy fighting occurred.

Puerto Cabello Surrender.

Washington, Nov. 14.—Both the state and navy departments have received reports concerning the surrender at Puerto Cabello, Venezuela. The state department dispatch is from Minister Loomis, at Caracas, and is as follows: "After eight hours' fighting Castro's army took Puerto Cabello yesterday morning. Killed and wounded aggregate 500. Burgons and hospital corps from foreign cruisers attending wounded. Castro holds every port and place of consequence in Venezuela."

The navy department's dispatch comes from Commander Hemphill of the Detroit, which is now at Puerto Cabello. It is dated Sunday night at 9:35 and reads as follows: "Severe fighting since Saturday morning. About 300 killed on both sides. Parades surrendered his final position to Castro's forces Sunday morning."

Classified Candidates.

Liverpool, Nov. 14.—The British steamer Volta, from the German Cameroons, west Africa, which arrived here yesterday, reports that a German punitive expedition in the Cameroons recently chastised a tribe of rebellious cannibals who had besieged several trading stations at and near Kribi. The Germans chased the natives into the bush, killing 200. It was supposed, according to the captain of the Volta, that numbers of the slain were decapitated.

Charles Coffman of Kansas City, and Edward F. Swift of Chicago, have organized the Fish Cattle company, capital stock \$100,000. The company owns the O'Keefe ranches, which contain about 150,000 acres of land, and the noted "Fish" brand of cattle, numbering about 6000 head.

A great deal of wheat is being sown around Denison.

Insurgents Defeated.

New York, Nov. 14.—A dispatch to the Herald from Panama, Colombia, says official dispatches from Buenos Ventura, state that there have been several engagements in the interior departments between the government and revolutionary forces, in which the insurgents were defeated. Battles were fought in Loyda and Tonsima. It is reported that in the latter place Gen. Zinon Ifurado was killed and several prisoners were taken.

Cold weather tends to keep catarrhs' vocal organs quiet.

Tea Poisoning.
Victims of tea poisoning are becoming alarmingly prevalent. Women demand the life and variety of health, and instead of doing it naturally by building up their system they resort to tea. They should take Hostette's Stomach Bitters. It tones up the nerves, regulates the bowels and cures dyspepsia.

Reverence the aged and thereby earn their benediction.

Cataract Cannot Be Cured.

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Cataract is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Cataract Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Cataract Cure is not a quick medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonic known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such use, and results in curing Cataract. Send for testimonials, free.

J. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, price 50c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Money is a good friend to some, to others it is an enemy.

New Cars for the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

Within the past 30 days the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad has placed several orders for new freight equipment to meet the excessive demand for cars. The South Baltimore Car Works is building 1,200 Baltimore and Ohio standard box cars with all modern improvements. The American Car and Foundry Company has an order for 150 refrigerator cars and 10 improved horse cars have also been ordered.

Festive felices favor fireplaces to frosty fences.

How the Walls Can Down.

The Irishman who went up in the hotel lift without knowing what it was did not recover easily from the surprise. He relates the story in this way:

"I went to the hotel, and says I, 'Is Mr. Smith in?'"

"Yes," says the man with the sojer cap. "Will yer step in?"

"So I steps into the closet, and all of a sudden he pulls the rope, and—'It's the truth I'm telling yer—the walls of the building begun running down to the cellar."

"Och, murther!" says I, "what'll become of Bridget and the children which was left below there?"

"Says the sojer-cap men, 'Be alay, sorr; they'll be all right when yer comes down.'"

"Come down, is it!" says I. "And it is no closet at all, but a bayonetish balloon that yer got me in!"

"And with that the walls stood stock still, and he opened the door, and there I was with the roof just over my head! An! begorra, that's what saved me from goin' up to the hevins intirely!"

She Didn't See Any Use.

The young man had taken off his coat and hung his hat carefully on the hall rack. Coming into the parlor, he went to the fire and held his hands out to warm them. The girl waited for him to speak, but it was evident that he was a bashful young man, and knew not how to begin the conversation. Finally he said:

"It was very, very cold last night. I stayed at home and hugged the stove all the evening."

The girl turned her great brown eyes toward him and said, with a tinge of art in her voice:

"I don't see any use of hugging a stove."

It didn't require a house to fall on the young man, even if he was bashful, and he promptly resolved not to hug any more stoves.

In the Golf Game.

Miss Punter—And you accepted him? Why, you told me only the other day that if he proposed you would refuse him absolutely!"

Miss Fadington—Yes, but he proposed in the most beautiful Scotch dialect you ever heard, and I couldn't refuse him.

Man can be coaxed only when he does not discover that he is being coaxed.

Immense Gold Deposits.

Henry A. Salzer, manager of the famous John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., as also president of the Idaho Gold Coin Mining & Milling Co., of the Seven Devil District, Idaho, is a great luck. They have recently struck an immense deposit of gold ore on their properties. As a result the stock of this company doubled in price in twenty-four hours. Quite a number of the Salzer Seed Co. patrons are interested in this mine with Mr. Salzer.

A life of deeds far surpasses one of theories.

Rinehart's Indian Pictures.

The Chicago Great Western Railway has obtained at great expense the privilege of reproducing the best four of Rinehart's Indian Pictures, Chiefs "Wolf Robe," "Louisian," "Hollow Horn Bear" and "Little Tom" in an art calendar for 1900. The heads are 6 1/2 inches, one on each sheet, wonderfully reproduced in the original colors, and when mounted on mats make most striking and effective posters and are particularly suited for framing for holiday gifts. Owing to the cost but a very small edition has been issued. They will be sent, however, while the supply lasts to any person sending 25 cents in stamps or silver to cover the royalty charges and the expense of packing and mailing to F. H. Lord, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, 113 Adams St., Chicago.

An eye sore and a sore eye do not benefit exercise!

"The Best is Cheapest."

We learn this from experience in every department of life. Good clothes are most serviceable and wear the longest. Good food gives the best nutriment. Good medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla, is the best and cheapest because it cures, absolutely CURES, when all others fail.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Never Disappoints

IN THE SHADOWS OF THE GARDEN

BY ROBIN GREY

CHAPTER II—(Continued.)

"I played in the sunny garden, amongst the thyme and rosemary, the climbing roses, the lilies, the sweet basil, and the scarlet anemones. I said my prayers in the dim chapel, and went to rest in my tiny cell."

"This lasted till I was ten years old. One day it rained heavily. As I have said, it was the only wet day that I remember. Soon after our midday dinner the great bell clanged at the gate, a very unusual occurrence. Sister Thelma went to the gate, and I remember that one or two curious nuns and I were peeping through the grille when she came back, in evident agitation, and sought the mother superior. I was carried off by one of the nuns, my constant playfellow, a sweet woman of fifty, with the heart of a child. She kissed me lovingly as she held me in her arms. I remember it all so well! "Sister Thelma," I whispered, "thou art crying."

"No, no, Sister," she said, "it is nothing! I am rightly punished. My affection for thee has grown too deep, beloved—it is earthly. I know thou wilt be taken from me; it is but just."

"I did not understand her then. I was wonderfully childish for my ten years. But you cannot think how vividly I recall it—how I should remember every stone in the dear old convent, every path in the sunny garden!"

"You make me feel as if I could see it all myself—you interest me extremely," said Mr. Martineau. "Pray go on."

"Well, that was my last day with the nuns. It was the very last happy day of my life. They told me presently that my uncle had come for me. My uncle! The words conveyed no impression to my mind. Who was he? I did not want him. I declined, with thanks, the honor of relationship. When they made me understand that it was not a matter for my choice at all, that I must go with him, it was terrible. I threw myself into such a passion as

I could not understand anything she said, and I was quite determined not to learn English, which stood condemned in my eyes as the language of my uncle. At last, however, I had of course to give in, and to acquire by slow degrees, a knowledge of colloquial English.

"It was a dilapidated house, and I am sure, in a most out-of-the-way place—there was no railway for several miles. There was a small village, and a tiny church in a very bad state of repair. I did not even remember the name of the clergyman."

"Pardon me," interrupted Mr. Martineau, "but, from the way you were talking, you lead me to imagine that you don't know where this place is. Is that so?"

"That is so, unfortunately," she answered, with drooping eyelids. "How long did you live there?"

"From the time I was ten till about the time that I was sixteen."

"And you don't know where the place is?" His tone expressed the most absolute incredulity. "No, I don't," she admitted shamefacedly.

"I hope you will forgive me; but I can scarcely believe such a thing," he said, looking rather excited and pale. "Don't you know the name of the village? You must know that."

"But I don't," she faltered. "But I can't understand it," he said.

"I used to know it, of course," she remarked.

"You used to know it?"

"Oh, yes; but I have forgotten it!" She blushed deeply while making this admission.

"I am hopelessly at sea," said Mr. Martineau. His grey eyes rested on her face with suspicion. It was easy to see that he thought she was trying to deceive him.

"May I go on," she said, "and try to explain how I came to forget all these things? I can offer you an explanation; but I don't know why I should expect

you to believe it. I have often thought that no lawyer would believe my story. But what can I do?"

"YOU STARTLED ME," HE SAID.

the nuns had never seen me in. But there was no help for it. I never asked who or what was my uncle; but he must have come vested with full authority, for the nuns never hesitated to resign me to him. I remember how I clung round the neck of each, and promised to come back soon. My distress was unbounded, but it changed to terror when I beheld my uncle.

"I had never seen a man but the old confessor and Jean Baptiste Leroux, who dug the garden. This new arrival was not at all calculated to impress a child favorably. He was a stout man with a short red beard, red hair, and very small, twinkling, pig-like black eyes. His expression was cunning and cruel; and, to make matters worse, I could not understand a word he said. He was English. I was to all intents and purposes French. He did not consider it at all worth his while to attempt to explain me in any way. He packed me into a carriage, heedless of my screams and tears; and so we drove away in the dusk, the peering rain descending in a blinding mist and hiding the beloved convent walls from my poor aching eyes."

"I have very faint recollections of my journey to England; but the one thing which I distinctly remember is that we always traveled by night. I remember, too, that my uncle twice boxed my ears—once when he told me to leave off crying and I did not, once when I stumbled over his foot; but, what with being always in tears, and always traveling in the dark, my idea of our route is very indistinct."

"I remember at last starting from sleep at the sound of bells and bells being withdrawn, and seeing a glare of lamplight and a woman's face, middle-aged and rather kindly. My uncle dragged me out of the carriage and handed me over to her, blinking with sleep, dusty with travel, half crying with fatigue. I think she put me to bed at once. At first, any conversation between us was very difficult, as

Martineau, in a low tone, "Did you say you never saw your uncle's guests?"

"Wait a minute; I am going to tell you," she replied. "When I was between sixteen and seventeen a change came about in my world. The old schoolmaster died. There was a pause in the regular routine of my days. Left entirely to my own devices, I used to wander all over the upper parts of the house. In one of the attics I found a box full of books. Some were dull and uninteresting, but some were—well, I do not think you can have any idea of what it was to me to become acquainted with Sir Walter Scott, Thackeray and Lord Lytton. My brain almost reeled with an accumulation of new ideas. I wondered how in the world I could have remained where I was so long in helpless, stupid ignorance of life. I soon resolved that I would bear it no longer. I would brave my uncle; I would demand my freedom; I would ask why I was mewed up thus in a corner, away from all companionship."

"I remember that night vividly. It was August, sultry and still, and both atmosphere and sky were beautifully clear. I had spent the afternoon under the willows by the brook, gloatingly over my novel till the fading light compelled me to close the book. The pastures, as I walked lingeringly back to the house, were heavy with dew, and discolored the hem of my white cotton dress. I must have been a strange looking girl; my hair floated all over my shoulders and down my back below my waist; nobody had ever told me that I was growing up, and that my locks should be arranged more neatly. I came with slow steps round the corner of the house, brushing my hand softly along the thick dark box trees; my lightly-shod feet made no noise on the gravel as I turned the corner of the clump of thick bushes which stood at each side of the entrance, and advanced toward the heavy white columns of the porch."

"Then I started back and paused irresolutely, for there was a stranger standing by the door—a young man with bare head and folded arms. I beg your pardon, Mr. Martineau, did I startle you?"

"Not in the least, thanks. You—you can't think how you interest me. Please don't pause."

"It seems a strange thing that up to that night I had never encountered any of my uncle's guests. As he is nevertheless quite true. As he turned and caught sight of me, he uttered an exclamation of surprise. "You startled me," he said.

"You startled me, too," I answered vaguely, as I looked at him, there came floating into my mind reminiscences of the romances with which I had lately filled my head. I thought of the first meeting between Ivanhoe and Rebecca as I looked up at him. He took my hand, drew me to his side, and patted my hair kindly."

"Whose dear little girl are you?" he said.

"I felt cruelly wounded and hurt! There was every excuse for him—you see how small I am, no taller than a child, my hair was all down my back, and the light was fading! But I never thought of that. Picture to yourself a girl, with a mind just awakened to a consciousness of womanhood and its possibilities, brought face to face with the first young man she had ever met, and greeted as I was greeted then! He must have thought me mad. I burst into indignant tears, and tore myself away from him."

"How dare you—oh, how dare you speak to me like that?" I cried. "I can't think how you can insult me so!"

"I think he saw then that he had made a mistake, for he said, 'My George, I beg your pardon!' But I would not stay another moment. I ran upstairs to my own room. There I cried as if my heart would break. I had deeply realized how neglected I was, and there was no one to help me to gain redress!"

(To be continued.)

CLIMBING STAIRS

Just the Thing to Strengthen the Lungs and Cure Dyspepsia.

New York Times. The average landlady of the average lodging-house is nothing if not successful and original. When it comes to the question of the merits of her particular house, the unoccupied rooms of which are open to inspection at all reasonable hours, her vocabulary is practically unlimited, and while her English may not always be without reproach, it is sufficiently lucid and forcible to give a good idea of the many excellencies of her domain. It has remained, however, for a landlady living not 1,000 miles from West Eighteenth street to make, with the assistance of a number of unknown medical men, the astounding discovery that climbing up numerous flights of stairs is not only not injurious, but is actually beneficial to the health. "Why, bless you," she said to a young man, an unfortunate seeker after rooms, who protested that the fourth floor was too high up for him because of the weary and hurtful stair climbing, "why, bless you, it's the best thing in the world for you. The doctors all around here are recommending stair climbing for dyspepsia and lung trouble! They say it's the best thing in the world for either of these complaints. If you'll only walk up stairs often enough and always be sure to throw your shoulders well back." The seeker protested that he was troubled with none of these complaints. "Oh, well," said the obliging landlady, "that doesn't matter. It's good for the general health. You don't care to try it? Very well. Good-day," and the door closed firmly behind the outcast young man, who was wondering what tale would confront him in the next house.

"Pardon my interruption," said Mr.

A FIERCE BATTLE.

Taking of San Fabian by the American Troops.

MOST SPECTACULAR AFFAIR.

The Gunboats Maintained a Terrific Bombardment While the Troops Rushed Waist Deep Through the Surf.

Manila, Nov. 11.—The landing of the American troops at San Fabian Tuesday was the most spectacular affair of its kind since Shafter's disembarkation at Daiquiri. The co-operation of the troops and the navy was complete. The gunboats maintained a terrific bombardment for an hour, while the troops rushed waist deep through the surf, under a heavy but badly aimed rifle fire from the insurgent trenches, and charged right and left, pouring volley after volley at the fleeing rebels. Forty Filipinos were captured, mostly non-commissioned officers. Several insurgent dead and five wounded were found in a building which had suffered considerably from the bombardment. The town was well fortified. The sand dunes were riveted with bamboo twenty feet thick, which afforded a fine cover.

When the transports arrived in the gulf they found the gunboats Princeton, Bennington and others waiting. After consultation with Gen. Wheaton, Commander Knox of the Princeton and Commander Sherman of the Bennington anchored in the shallow water two miles off shore. The gunboats formed a line inside, the Helena, Callao and Manila close in shore. With the first gun of the bombardment the small boats were filled rapidly, without confusion, by Maj. Cronkite's battalion of the twenty-third infantry, and Capt. Buck's battalion of the thirteenth infantry.

While the line of boats moved shoreward, the gunboats poured the full force of their batteries into trenches, soon forcing the insurgents to flee through the burrows dug back of the trenches. About 200 men held their places until the keels of the boats grated on the shore, when their Mauser bullets commenced to sing overhead. The battalions formed in good order. Capt. Buck, with his six pieces, and Patton's companies, pursued the insurgents on the left, into the bamboo thickets. On the right was a frail foot bridge across the river leading to the towns.

Gen. Wheaton, personally commanding, ordered a charge across the bridge, and Capt. Powell and his staff led Coleman's and Elliott's companies of the thirteenth and Field's company of the twenty-third, who behaved splendidly under their first fire, into the town, which was found to be nearly deserted except by the aged and some Spantards who had hidden in the buffalo wallows, and who came shouting delightedly toward the Americans.

Two companies of the twenty-third had a skirmish along the Dagupan road with retreating Filipinos.

Maj. Shields of the staff with his command captured several insurgents.

The troops camped in the rain during the night and in the morning Gen. Wheaton established headquarters in a church, quartered his men in the house and sent the captured Filipinos beyond the outposts, with orders not to return.

Took "French Leave."

New York, Nov. 11.—A special from Burlington, Vt., says: Officers of the forty-third infantry at Fort Ethan Allen were perturbed yesterday morning when they found that a large part of the regiment had taken "French leave." The men were paid off and those contemplating deserting were waiting for their money. The officers admit that 120 privates and non-commissioned officers ran away and the number that deserted in the last four weeks will swell the list to 250. Probably twenty or thirty of the men will return and report for duty before the regiment starts for New York to embark on the transport Meade on Monday. Thursday night many of the soldiers visited the clothing stores in this city and bought civilian clothing. They went down to wharf and discarded their uniforms, throwing them behind lumber piles and into the lake. Twelve uniforms were found behind the railroad station and fifteen more were round on the wharf.

Yellow Fever Cases.

Jacksonville, Fla., Nov. 11.—The state board of health announces two cases and one death from yellow fever at Tampa City. A rigorous quarantine of the place and of the docks was at once instituted and a dispatch yesterday evening declares no excitement exists, nor is there any indication of an exodus. Dr. Porter, state health officer, declares that owing to the lateness of the season there is no fear of any spread of the disease.

Official Count Begun.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 11.—The official count of the ballots cast in Tuesday's election was begun yesterday throughout the state. In this city a large crowd gathered at the courthouse to witness the count. Representatives of all the parties were admitted by the commissioners, and the examination of the ballots proceeded in an orderly manner. Judging from the progress already made the official returns will show no great variation from the figures which give Louisville and Jefferson counties to the Republicans by a plurality of about 3,000.

There was no change yesterday in the claims of the party managers. The Democrats assert that Goebel will have a plurality of 5,000, while the nominee himself places it at 7,000. The Republicans claim Taylor is elected by a plurality of 4,000.

The Times (Goebel, Dem.) has the following special from London, Ky.:

"State Chairman A. W. Young of the Democratic campaign committee is at Harboursville seeking to have the entire vote of Knox thrown out. Numbers of the electors allege fraud and charges of irregularities are being filed with the county board. It is believed that Taylor's majority will be considerably reduced, if the county is not thrown out entirely."

"Official returns from Clay county reduces Taylor's majority to 907. No changes have been made by the canvassing board of Laurel county so far. Taylor's majority will remain 931, though complaints will be filed next Saturday asking that three precincts be thrown out, which will reduce it."

The Times also has the following from Bardonia, Ky., concerning the count in progress there:

"A serious technical error in the vote may increase Goebel's Nelson county plurality to 1,866. In the official count it was discovered that in every precinct except one W. A. instead of W. S. Taylor was voted for, and the vote precinct, New Hope, gives W. S. Taylor, the Republican candidate, only 73, leaving the official vote, as certified to by the two Democratic commissioners, as follows: Goebel 1959, W. S. Taylor 73, William P. Taylor, 1198. The Republican commissioners refused to certify to these figures."

Reports received last night by the Courier-Journal from counties where the official count was completed show in most cases slight changes from the unofficial figures. In a few important instances, however, the changes favor the Republicans. Leslie county, in the eleventh district, which was not included in the table Thursday night, which gave Goebel a plurality of 971 in the state, as reported last night as having given Taylor a plurality of 962 votes on the official count. Kenton county, which figured in Thursday night's table with 2493 plurality for Goebel, is reduced to about 2100. Oldham county, Goebel's plurality, comes 90 instead of 185, as reported Thursday night. In a number of counties there are slight changes, each candidate profiting.

Mysteriously Disappeared.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 11.—W. F. Kantz, eastern general freight and passenger agent of the Cotton Belt road, with headquarters in Pittsburg, suddenly and mysteriously disappeared Sunday morning, Oct. 29, and since that time nothing has been seen or heard of him, although every effort has been made by the Cotton Belt company to ascertain his whereabouts. Mr. Kantz had been summoned to the main offices of the company at St. Louis, but he never reached there.

Elias Jones was hanged at Greenville, N. C., recently, for murder.

Bond Issue Discussed.

Washington, Nov. 11.—The question of the purchase of the United States bonds by the government was under discussion for nearly an hour at yesterday's cabinet meeting. Secretary Gage explained the situation fully and it now appears to be settled that no purchases will be made for the present at least. Although the secretary has not expressed his views on the subject for publication it is known that he, with the other treasury officials, is considering the question of refunding the 4 and 5 per cents into long term bonds bearing 2 per cents interest. This action would necessitate congressional authorization, but whether the secretary will recommend such legislation is not known. The proposition to extend the domestic postal service to the Philippines gives the archipelago the same rates and classification as are paid here.

Joseph Enders killed his sweetheart and then himself at Paducah, Ky., the other day.

New Telephone Company.

New York, Nov. 11.—Although the incorporation of the Telephone, Telegraph and Cable Company of America, the company whose reported purpose is to enter the long distance telephone field, was employed Thursday by the filing of the papers in Trenton, N. J., the names of the companies consolidated in this enterprise are still withheld and the officers expressed their unwillingness to give out the list until after their meeting on Monday.

Trinity River Survey.

Galveston, Tex., Nov. 10.—The survey of the Trinity river, authorized by an act of congress and an appropriation made for same on March 3, 1899, has been completed by the government engineering department, Capt. C. S. Rich commanding this district.

Assistant Engineer Oppikofer and party started from Dallas on July 1 to survey the Trinity from that point to its mouth. They embarked in skiffs, which had to be hauled overland a great distance when the party came to one of the many drift obstructions in the stream. The engineer's office is now busy compiling the report of the survey.

A rough estimate of the cost of opening the river to navigation with a depth of about five feet is given by Capt. Rich at \$1,000,000. The approximate cost of maintaining the navigable stream is put at between \$250,000 and \$300,000 a year. The proposed improvement is for a system of locks and dams.

Capt. Rich will meet with the commercial bodies of North Texas at Dallas in two weeks to discuss the value of the improvement from a commercial standpoint before making his report and recommendations to the government. It will be ten days before the surveying engineer's report is finished.

Hydrophobia Scare.

Cornaca, Tex., Nov. 10.—There is a big, well founded hydrophobia scare at Richland, a few miles south of this city on the Central railroad, and as a result there has been a general slaughter of dogs, while a few cows and hogs have been killed by the people.

Ten days ago or more a pet dog belonging to Judge Seely, a prominent citizen of the place, developed what is now acknowledged to have been hydrophobia, but that at the same time was thought to be nothing but dog meanness. He began biting every dog he came in contact with and became so vicious that he had to be done away with, not, however, until he had bitten a large number of dogs, some cattle in the stock pens and hogs on the streets.

Tuesday other dogs began showing signs of hydrophobia, and the number grew so fast and got so large that the people began killing them. At last accounts over thirty dogs had been killed.

Wednesday cattle in the stock pens showed unmistakable evidences of the terrible malady, it being so pronounced in two cows that they had to be killed. Hogs also have developed the malady, and it is reported here that they are being killed because of it.

Mr. Harris, the horseman, writes Will Ransome of this city that within the last few days hydrophobia had appeared among his pet dogs, and in order to prevent damage he had to kill three very valuable ones, one of which he paid \$15 for when a puppy.

Escaped Prisoner Captured.

Gainesville, Tex., Nov. 10.—Elijah Farley, a white man, who with eleven other prisoners escaped from the Sherman detention camp eight days ago, was arrested yesterday morning at 4 o'clock at Elliott's ferry on Red river by the ferryman, J. B. Fuseel. Farley crossed the river last Sunday, going into the Territory, and was recrossing it when arrested. He has a wife living on the Texas side of the river. He shows no signs of smallpox, and was sent to Sherman on the 5 o'clock train.

Tried to Kill Himself.

Weatherford, Tex., Nov. 10.—W. H. Cunningham, who was arrested and placed in the county jail last Friday charged with the murder of his 2-year-old grand-daughter, made a daring attempt to end his case about 5:30 p. m. Wednesday. He and one other inmate named Clyde Spencer were by themselves in the third story of the jail. Spencer says that Cunningham had been acting strangely all day, and said he was going to kill himself the first opportunity. About the hour stated, while Spencer was in his cell writing he heard a noise which sounded like some one strangling and choking out in the corridor of the jail, and on rushing there he found Cunningham suspended by a leather belt from the top of the jail. Spencer at once gave the alarm to persons on the outside and ran to the strangling body and held it up until persons below could come to his assistance, and when Cunningham was cut down he was as limber as a rag and unconscious.

Industrial Association.

Terrell, Tex., Nov. 10.—The business men of Terrell met at the Elks' hall here Tuesday night and perfected an organization to be known as the Terrell Industrial association with the following officers: Matthew Cartwright, president; vice presidents, Oscar Price, W. E. Craddock, G. Mellersh, J. S. Grinnam and J. S. Griffith; secretary, J. O. Boyd, and treasurer, T. E. Corley.

LOCAL.

Now would be a good time to clean up the town.

Mr. S. N. White of Hope was in town yesterday.

A. A. Driggs station agent at Pecos was in town Monday.

Dick Robertson the big gun among cowmen, was in town Thursday.

Quite a number of hunters will leave town next week for the Guadalupe.

A. J. Hill, the Roswell wool and hide dealer, was in town Wednesday.

Oliver Cunningham and Mr. Mc Dermott who have been here for some time left last Saturday for El Paso.

Tom Kells returned Wednesday from Roswell where he spent a few days seeing the sights and talking to his best girl.

The cruiser Charleston was run on a reef and completely wrecked, off the coast of Luzon, Philippine islands, Tuesday, Nov. 7.

B. A. Nymeyer came in Wednesday from the plains and left in the evening for Socorro as a witness before the federal grand jury.

E. H. Gamble has been busy the past week enlarging his store room by removing the partition and taking out the soda works for the winter.

The Current overlooked B. T. Kilbough's new sidewalk but won't do so again. She's a "hun" and the town would be better off if all would follow suit.

Mrs. Susan Berry of Navarro Co., Texas, sister of Mrs. W. W. Anderson, Mrs. J. J. Rascow and Mr. Dennis Duncan arrived from Corsicana last week and will remain with her relatives.

Pendleton & Co. received last week a couple of fine new buggies which they have added to their already fine list of turnouts. They expect to add several more fine rigs in the near future.

The Midland Reporter has again been resurrected under the management of C. C. Watson. Bert Rawlin has again started the Gazette. Thus Midland which for a time was without a paper now has two.

Rev. J. P. Wright and wife of Lola, Kans., arrived Wednesday evening to spend the winter with their daughter and son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Gamble. Rev. Wright is eighty years of age and a retired divine of the Presbyterian church.

John Hyne, the sheep man, purchased the McKee place eight miles west of Mosley in Dark Canyon, Wednesday from W. A. Watkins; consideration \$450.00. Mr. Hyne will run his sheep on the ranch which is well supplied with grass and water.

John Cantrell returned Monday night from the top of the mountains some thirty miles west of Seven Rivers where, in company with Joe and Mart Fanning and Geo. McDonald, he purchased deer and bear for a week. Thirteen deer was the record of the party.

Rev. Goodson, the Methodist presiding elder, preached at the church several evenings the past week, holding the first quarterly conference on Wednesday evening. Rev. Goodson left Thursday for Hope and Pecos to look after church interests.

The artesian well drillers struck granite rock last week about twenty-five feet from the surface and have since been drilling in the hardest substance ever found in these parts. They are now down 200 feet but are still pounding away in the granite.

Henry Angell returned Wednesday night from his trip to Louisiana with horses. He left J. D. Walker thirty miles south of Longview, Texas, where he is endeavoring to dispose of the balance of the shipment. Henry says the demand for horses in the south is quite limited.

The change of time by the railway last Sunday has proven the greatest calamity ever known in time tables for Carlsbad. Formerly the Dallas and other papers arrived the day following their publication. Now the earliest news is two days old before reaching this town.

S. I. Ogilvie arrived in town Thursday, en-route home from Baird, Texas, where he has been to look after property interests. Mr. Ogilvie says Baird is improving the town having recently put in a first-class water system at a cost of \$10,000. He is also well pleased with the way things are moving forward in Carlsbad.

John Cantrell received an opponent by express Wednesday from John D. Walker, who is at Longview, Texas. Cantrell turned Mr. Postum loose in the trees in front of the saloon Wednesday and he drew quite as much of a crowd as any other celebrated personage would, for his like are very scarce in Eddy county.

Preparations are in progress by J. P. Matheson and Leon Hallin, of San Angelo, the big wool buyers, to erect a wool scouring plant near the site of the old ice factory. Wool to the amount of about a million pounds is marketed in Carlsbad each season and the scouring will give employment to quite a number of people. Success looks now emboldened.

Unveiling Ceremonies W. O. W.

The unveiling of the monument of Jas. H. Carpenter by the Eddy Grove Camp, Woodmen of the World, will occur at the cemetery Sunday, Nov. 19th, at 2 p. m. The remarks for the occasion will be by Hon. A. C. Campbell. The Woodmen will leave Woodmen's hall at 2 p. m., arriving at the cemetery at 2:30, where the beautiful ceremonies attendant to the unveiling will be carried out. This being the first ceremonies of the kind held in Carlsbad it is looked forward to as quite an event. Citizens generally are invited to attend the ceremonies without further notice.

Burglary and Theft.

Sunday morning the town was quite startled by the report that the safe in Kemp & Woerner's saloon had been relieved of its contents during the night or early in the morning by the thief working the combination. The amount taken was \$750. in silver and \$50. in currency besides three gold watches valued at over \$500. and other jewelry to the amount of over \$100. The tracks of the thief were followed to the river, below the bridge to the Heights. The sheet iron cash box of the safe was found in the middle of the river about seventy-five yards below the bridge to the Heights. A valise was found below Gerhart's slaughter pen and a shirt and two cans of corned beef. A quantity of papers, deeds, notes etc., which were in the safe were also found near the valise and other valuable papers were strewn along the shore of the river having drifted in to shore from the bridge to the slaughter pen. The party who did the work evidently wore heavy cotton socks over a five and a half or six shoe. The tracks were lost at the slaughter pen. A young gambler known as the Arizona Kid was arrested Tuesday the valise and shirt having been identified as his. The loss is divided up among several Jimmie Nichols and Ed Woerner having lost their entire money bank and roulette rolls amounting to \$500. The balance of the loss was Kemp & Woerner's and Charlie Sayer's who had \$135. in his game which was also taken. The combination on the safe was worked and the thief evidently let himself in with a key to the front door. Mr. Kemp placed the money in the safe at about eleven p. m. Saturday and does not remember whether he turned on the combination enough to lock the safe or not. The young man charged with the crime came here some time during the past summer and has since been engaged in gambling. He says his proper name is Elmer Clarkson. That he has paid a general belief, for it is not reasonable to suppose he could do the job alone for none of the goods or money has been found. Search has been continuous since the money and valuables were stolen and will continue until something is found of the money, for the young gambler had none of it in his possession when arrested.

Pigs feet and coconuts at Gamble's.

The governor has issued his annual Thanksgiving proclamation designating Thursday Nov. 30 as the day to eat turkey and be joyful.

The counting of the votes in Kentucky is not yet completed but when it is Goebel will be found to be elected.

G. W. Stalte former prescription clerk for T. F. Blackmore left Saturday to accept a position in a drug store in Big Springs, Texas.

The meteor shower scheduled for the 13th or 14th, failed to put in an appearance, other planets having evidently offered better inducements to the "starch managers" of the meteoric display.

D. D. Clark, constable of this precinct, and D. R. Harkey, arrested one John Underwood near the point of the Guadalupe last Tuesday. Underwood was wanted at Harrow Texas for cattle theft. Harkey left with him last night for Harrow.

"If foreign possessions were a source of wealth Spain would be the richest nation in the world today," she was the first power to establish colonies, and her colonial empire has impoverished her people, demoralized her government, corrupted her service and brought her to the ghastly end in which she lies today. —Burke Cockran at anti imperial conference.

Some person with no regard for the hereafter placed out a quantity of strychnine this week and caught G. F. A. Robertson's dog Pete, who was buried with honor by his bereaved master yesterday afternoon in a fine casket. The poisoner also caught Tom Blackmore's "Chevy" and M. Haddock's King. They were all good dogs on which their owners paid heavy taxes to retain. The poisoner should be punished.

W. H. Owan, Dick Wicker, S. T. H. H. and W. J. Bartfield returned Wednesday night from their big hunt in the Guadalupe. They visited the Kemp horse camp but finding no water they pulled back to Tom Jones' place in the Guadalupe and from there home, finding little sign and no game. Dick and Jake will go again to-day when it is hoped they will have better success.

I want to

C-U-B-A

customer of mine.
Call and see my stock of staple and fancy groceries and confectionaries.

Preserves
Jellies
Syrups
Flour
Meal
Bacon
Pickles
Olives
Pepper Sauce
Red Hot
Chili Sauce
Horse Radish
Tobacco
Postum Cereal
Puddings
Soups
Straws
Canned Meats
Fresh Oysters
Fresh Fruits
Dried Fruits
Grape Nuts

E. H. Gamble.

The New Schedule.

The Texas & Pacific and Pecos Valley and Northwestern each put their new schedule into effect Sunday. The T. & P. west bound arrives at Pecos at 12:10 p. m. and the east bound at 2:10 p. m. The P. V. arrives at 12:05 a. m. and leaves at 1:30 a. m. Thus causing a wait of about twelve hours in Pecos no matter where you go.

Cape Cod cranberries at Pardue's.

It is reported that the great Salado coal fields don't come up to the expectations of the many capitalists interested. However, this is only a rumor and may prove as untrue as some of the messages regarding the war in the Transvaal.

A man and his wife, or two ladies, or two men seeking a quiet home for the winter can hear of such a place by inquiring at this office.

E. P. Ripley, president of the Santa Fe system, accompanied by Jno. A. McCall, president of the N.Y. Life Insurance Co., E. M. Gibbs, treasurer of the same company, A. O. Jacobs, banker of Wichita, Kans., E. E. Ayer, president of the Ayer-Lord Tie Co., arrived fifteen minutes Monday evening in town, guests of President Hagerman who, with Manager Nichols and Attorney Campbell of the P. V. & N. E., met the party at Pecos.

Finest rooms in the city. Inquire at this office.

Mr. and Mrs. John Byrne left last night for a two month's visit with eastern friends.

Leave your orders at Pardue's for coal, \$7.50 per ton.

Mr. and Mrs. Grammer, of the Guadalupe, rejoice in the advent of a new girl at their home who arrived the 8th.

Editor Sees Wonders.

Editor W. V. Barry of Lexington Tenn., in exploring the Mammoth Cave, contracted a severe case of piles. His quick cure through using Bucklen's Arnica Salve convinced him it is another world's wonder. Cures piles, injuries, inflammation and all bodily eruptions. Only 25c at Blackmore Drug Co.

Eddy Drug Co's.

Jewelry Department carries a full line of watches, clocks, chains, rings, charms, souvenir spoons, etc. All watch repairing guaranteed and eyes examined free of charge by an experienced optician.

Eddy Drug Co.

Agent for Pasture Blackleg Vaccine.

Windmills!

Eclipse and Star.

Well Casing and Piping.

Tin and Galvanized
... Iron Work.

Galvanized Iron Cisterns built to order.

Give us a call and get our prices.

Tracy & McEwan.

Hillside Dairy Farm,

J. E. BRYANT,
Proprietor.

Fresh Cream, Milk and Butter Delivered to All Parts of the City.

Special Cows for Invalids and Children.

COWS FROM OUR REGISTERED HERD OF JERSEY CATTLE FOR SALE AT ALL TIMES.

INSPECTION INVITED.

GOEBEL MEN CONFIDENT.

An Unexpected Blow Dealt the Republicans by the Court.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Nov. 15.—There is renewed confidence around the Goebel headquarters tonight, probably as a result of the decision of the court of appeals to-day dealing an unexpected blow to the Republicans by a ruling which practically decides in advance to mandamus the suits filed by Taylor's attorneys in several counties, to compel the county election commissioners to certify to the vote. It is probable now the Jefferson board, which includes Louisville, will proceed to throw out several precincts in that city on contested grounds of fraud, and especially where the state militia were present or near the polls on election day. It is claimed here tonight that Taylor's 25.9 plurality in the city of Louisville may now be almost wiped out.

J. Barnett will have a hearing before Justice Roberts, Monday for horse stealing.

Stone Quarry Sold.

The red sand-stone quarry located six miles east of Harrow was sold last week at the public sale as a quarry. It was bid in by E. M. Bailey for a little less than \$7,000 for the benefit of the creditors. The property is worth \$25,000 in these hard times. B. P. Van Horn was appointed trustee, to whom it was decided, and will proceed at once to advertise it, and if some one don't purchase it soon it will be put into operation by the present owners.

The stone is some of the finest in the United States, and has already gained great reputation in Texas and adjoining states as the finest building stone. —Pecos News.

Two second hand buggies in good condition, or will trade for hay. Call at brick stable.

Pendleton & Co.

Bucks for Sale!

A lot of fine large French Moreno Bucks will arrive in Carlsbad the 15th in charge of P. J. Williamson. See them before purchasing.

Still in the
Lead!



(The upper one is Pardue)

J. M. PARDUE

DEALER IN

Groceries

Hardware

Hay and

Grain,

Two of a Kind.

"See that fellow on the corner?"
"That pale, lean looking man?"
"Yes, the one who looks as if he hadn't enjoyed a meal for at least nine years."
"I see him. Friend of yours?"
"No, but he reminds me very strongly of Emperor William."
"Doesn't resemble any of the emperor's pictures that I've ever looked at?"
"I know it, but it's easy enough to see that his diet doesn't agree with him."
—Chicago Times-Herald.

Her Idea of Hate.

Husband (ill at home)—Did you post that letter I gave you?
Wife (back from hurried shopping tour)—No; I forgot it until the last minute.

"It was very important."
"Oh, it's all right! I gave it to a little boy who promised to give it to another little boy, whose half uncle lives next door to a postman."—Stray Stories.

Costly Misunderstanding.

Irate Customer—Look here. The bill for those two boxes of cigars I bought of you last month calls for \$14. Didn't you tell me they were three for a nickel?
Tobaccoist—Not at all, sir. I told you they were free from nicotine.—Chicago Tribune.

In 4th Kentucky.

Stranger—Have you lived long in this section?
Native—No, sah. I am a gentleman, sah! And it is impossible for gentlemen to live long in this section, sah.—Washington Star.

Wm. Stone

General Meat Market.

All kinds of meat products constantly on hand.

Combining the Shops.

The machine shops of the Santa Fe are now located at Chicago, Fort Madison, Iowa, Marquette, Mo., Topeka, Newton, Emporia, Argentine, Ottawa and Arkansas City, Kan.; Cleburne, Texas, Pueblo and La Junta, Colo.; Baton, Las Vegas, Albuquerque and San Rafael, N. M., and Winslow, Arizona.

It is said that if Vice-President Barr's views are carried out the shops of these places will be concentrated at five different points, distributed along the line at convenient intervals. In case the program is carried out it is predicted that the five favored towns will be Fort Madison, Iowa, Topeka, Kan., Cleburne, Texas, La Junta, Colo., and Albuquerque, N. M.

If this is done it will mean the removal of the station shops to La Junta and will be a heavy blow to the Gate city—Albuquerque Citizen.

If you want a good room, cheap call at this office.

H. L. Potter left Thursday for El Paso.

For fine rooms either furnished or unfurnished apply at CHUBBET office. Rooms from \$4.00 per month up according to size and furnishings.

Bargains Snaps, Sacrifices!

In Lands
Ranches
Houses
Lots, Etc.

For Sale:

Fine Stock Ranch near Seven Rivers; private water right; 320 acres; good improvements; only \$7.00 per acre.

Cheap:

Improved land under the canal at low figure; also land near town with or without water right.

Bargains:

Two properties of all kinds at less than two-thirds cost of lumber and labor to build.

A Snap:

Fine farm of 250 acres, good improvements, private water right, at Seven Rivers; \$7.00 per acre. Part on time or will take cattle as part pay.

Only \$750.

Fine cottage of five rooms with three lots, making a tract 190 feet square; three blocks north of court house.

For Rent.

Best rooms in town, furnished or unfurnished.

A Sacrifice.

Ranch with private water right near Pecos at only \$50 per acre.

\$225 Takes It.

House and lot in south portion of town.

A Team

Wagon, harness and surrey at a bargain; first-class outfit.

Wm. H. Mullane

Carlsbad, New Mexico.

