

1-13-1900

## Carlsbad Current, 01-13-1900

Carlsbad Printing Co.

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# CARLSBAD CURRENT.

VOL. VIII.

CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO, SATURDAY, JANUARY 13, 1900.

NO. 10.

## CARLSBAD SALOON

BARFIELD & CANTRELL, Proprietors.

WINES,  
LIQUORS,  
CIGARS,  
CASE GOODS.

## S. T. Bittling, Banker.

2 doors below  
Hotel Schmitt.

CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO.

A General Banking  
Business Done.

Exchange Furnished to Customers  
Free of Charge.

### A Boer on the British.

The Boer who uttered the following  
size up of the people of England must  
be an Irishman for he thinks with  
exactly the same think tank:

"Your military officers we know to be  
merely pious scholars or frivolous  
social men, without any capacity for practical  
warfare with white men. The  
Africa were more than a match for you,  
and your victory over the Boers was  
achieved because these poor people  
had not a rifle among them.

We know that your men being the dregs  
of your people, are naturally feeble, and  
they can not endure the hardships of war.  
We know that the entire British race is  
rapidly decaying, your birthrate is rapidly  
falling, your children are born weak, dis-  
eased and deformed, and that the major  
part of your population consists of females  
cripples, epileptics, consumptives, cancer-  
ous people, invalids and lunatics of all  
kinds, whom you carefully nourish and  
preserve.

We know that nine-tenths of your  
statesmen and highest officials, military and  
naval, are suffering from kidney diseases,  
which weaken their courage and will-  
power and makes them shrink all responsi-  
bility as far as possible.

We know that your navy is big, but we  
know that it is not powerful, and that it is  
honey combed with disloyalty—as witness  
the theft of the signal books, the assaults  
on officers, the desertions, and the wilful  
injury of the boilers and machinery, which  
at the vigilance of the officers is powerless  
to prevent.

We know that the Conservative Govern-  
ment is a mere sham, and that it largely  
reduced the strength of the British artillery  
in 1883-85.

We know that it does not dare now to  
fight the militia for training, nor to  
mobilize the fleet, nor to give sufficient  
grants to the line and volunteers for arm-  
ament to enable them to become good  
marks men and efficient soldiers.

We know that British soldiers and sail-  
ors are immensely inferior as marksmen to  
Germans, French, Africans, Chilians, Per-  
sians, Belgians, Russians and Americans.

We know that no British Government  
dare to propose any form of compulsory  
military or naval training, for the British  
people would rather be invaded and con-  
quered and governed by Germans, Russians, or  
Frenchmen, than be compelled to serve  
their own Government.

We know that we will not be gov-  
erned by a set of British curs, but that we  
will drive you out of Africa altogether,  
and the other nations which have  
compulsory military service—the armed  
masses of Europe—will very quickly divide  
all your other possessions between them.

Talk no more of the ignorance of the  
Boer or Cape Dutch; a few more days will  
prove your ignorance of the British po-  
sition, and in a short space of time you  
and your Queen will be imploring the good  
offices of the great German Emperor to de-  
liver you from your disasters. For thirty  
years the Cape Dutch have been waiting  
their chance, and now their day has come;  
they will throw off their mask and your  
yoke at the same instant, and 300,000 Dutch  
heroes will trample you under foot.

It will require a good many reserves to  
the Boers to disprove their minds of this  
opinion of the nation that seeks to dominate  
South Africa. The spirit of the communi-  
cation shows that the Imperial Govern-  
ment has to contend with here.

### Wyoming Citizens Protest.

The bill now pending in congress to  
provide for the leasing of the public do-  
main has aroused the indignant antago-  
nism of the small land-owners and sheep  
men in all the mountain states, and es-  
pecially in Wyoming. As a protest  
against the passage of this measure, pe-  
titions addressed to Governor Richards  
and Wyoming's senators and representa-  
tives in congress are being widely cir-  
culated and signed in that state. Among  
other grounds why the public domain  
should not be sold to the states, the  
petition states the following:

First—As long as there is public do-

main in large areas, it should be open  
to settlement.

Second—If the public land is turned  
over to the state it will be leased in large  
areas by wealthy citizens and corpo-  
rations, to the detriment of the little stock-  
owners and ranchmen.

Third—If the public domain passes in-  
to the control of corporations and citizens  
in large areas, our state will be divided  
into large pastures, our towns depopu-  
lated, and those who would settle in our  
state kept out, and our citizens peoned to  
the whim and will of those who control  
the range, from which source a majority  
of our people draw a livelihood.

Fourth—where public land is leased  
great bodies of land are sought after, and  
by having employees relations and other  
lease lands great areas are gotten under  
one control, to the detriment of small  
live stock owners.

While there is no probability of Wyom-  
ing ever becoming a great agricultural  
state, there is a possibility, and the pub-  
lic domain until the scheme of this na-  
tional government to build reservoirs is  
given a trial. At this time the chief in-  
dustry of the state is stock raising. By  
control of large areas, small live stock  
owners will be driven from the range,  
men without great capital cannot engage  
in the live stock business, and thus the  
chief industry of the state will be throt-  
tled in its infancy.

The letter accompanying the petition  
also contains some pointed arguments  
against this bill, the same being signed  
by the Sheep Growers League of Casper.

"The enactment of this law" it very truth-  
fully asserts, "will lead to individual or  
corporate ownership and leasing of the  
public range, and the running of sheep  
in Central Wyoming under present  
conditions. It will be impossible to  
move to the mountains in the summer or  
seek shelter from snow in winter. The  
sheep business is most prosperous with  
things as they are; why seek a change?  
Many individuals and corporations have  
grown rich through a free use of the pub-  
lic range. Why deny this privilege to  
the hundreds of others who have but re-  
cently engaged in the business? This  
is precisely what the promoters of this  
measure seek to do. The desire to drive  
out as many small herd or stock owners  
as possible, to monopolize the entire  
range now free to the whole people, and  
to place the place the grazing business  
in the hands of a few great syndicates  
and corporations. Unfortunately the  
governor of Wyoming and the state's con-  
gressional delegation are in favor of this  
vast land monopoly. They are the  
president, directors and managers of the  
concerns to which this proposed bill will  
benefit, to the injury of the great mass  
of people. Hence this petition will fall  
on deaf ears. It should be sent to some  
member of the national congress who  
is not the agent of the syndicates.

### Old Peppie Made Young.

J. C. Sherman, the veteran editor of  
the Vermont (Mich.) Echo, has  
discovered the remarkable secret of  
keeping old people young. For years  
he has avoided Nervousness, Sleepless-  
ness, Indigestion, Heart trouble, Con-  
stipation and Rheumatism, by using  
Electric Bitters, and he writes: "It  
can't be praised too highly. It  
gently stimulates the kidneys, tones  
the stomach, aids digestion, and gives  
a splendid appetite. It has worked  
wonders for my wife for my wife and  
me. It's a marvelous remedy for old  
people's complaints." Only 50c. at  
Blackmore's drug store.

### Pecos System.

Account of Annual Meeting, National  
Live Stock Association and Texas Real  
Estate Association, to be held at Fort  
Worth, Texas Jan. 10th-18th, 1900, this  
system will sell round trip tickets to Fort  
Worth, Texas, at greatly reduced rates.  
For information call on Local Ticket  
Agent, or address.

E. W. Martindell,  
Actg. G. P. A.,  
Carlsbad, N. M.

For Sale: Ladies Crescent bicycles  
good as new also one fine guitar.  
L. S. CHAWFORD.

## Delinquent Tax List, 1898.

Owner	Description	Acres	Assessed Value	Delinquent Taxes	Total
Baldwin, W. H.	1/2 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E.	1.00	10.00	1.00	11.00
Blackmore, Thos F.	1/2 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E.	1.00	10.00	1.00	11.00
Davis, W. L.	1/2 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E.	1.00	10.00	1.00	11.00
Eddy, C. B. agent	1/2 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E.	1.00	10.00	1.00	11.00
Hagerman, J. J. (Indiv- dual)	1/2 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E.	1.00	10.00	1.00	11.00
Hagerman, Percy (spe- cial)	1/2 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E.	1.00	10.00	1.00	11.00
Kemp & Woerner	1/2 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E.	1.00	10.00	1.00	11.00
Ludlow, J. W. & R.	1/2 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E.	1.00	10.00	1.00	11.00
Kerr, W. A.	1/2 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E.	1.00	10.00	1.00	11.00
Lavery, J. E. Mormon, Emma McMillan, Wm. N.	1/2 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E.	1.00	10.00	1.00	11.00
Nelson, W. T.	1/2 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E.	1.00	10.00	1.00	11.00
Pecos Irrig. Farms Co	1/2 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E.	1.00	10.00	1.00	11.00
P. I. & Co	1/2 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E.	1.00	10.00	1.00	11.00
Pecos Valley Town Co	1/2 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E.	1.00	10.00	1.00	11.00
Stokes, Mary Kidder	1/2 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E.	1.00	10.00	1.00	11.00
Crawford, A. J.	1/2 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E.	1.00	10.00	1.00	11.00
Eddy-Bissell Live Stock Co	1/2 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E., 1/4 Sec 10, T. 1 N., R. 1 E.	1.00	10.00	1.00	11.00

Notice is hereby given, That, in accordance with the law as provided in Sec. 15,  
Chapter 22, laws of New Mexico, 1899, being part of an act entitled, "An Act to provide  
for the Assessment and Collection of Taxes in the Territory of New Mexico," I will, at  
the next term of court here within and for Eddy county, and to be held on the 15th  
day of February, A. D. 1900, apply to said court for judgment upon the lands,  
real estate and personal property described in the foregoing list, for the amount of de-  
linquent taxes assessed thereon, together with all costs and penalties as are pro-  
vided by law to be collected with said taxes, and an order to sell the same to satisfy such  
judgment. Notice is further given that I will, within thirty days after the rendition of  
such judgment, disclaim said property described in said list, and after due notice given  
by hand and posted at the front door of the county court house in the town of Carlsbad,  
territory of New Mexico, which said notice will be posted ten days prior to day of  
sale, offer for sale at public auction in front of said building the real estate and per-  
sonal property described in this notice, against which judgment may be rendered, for  
the amount of taxes, penalties and costs, due thereon.

Decree: 10th, 1899.

J. P. MATTHEWSON,  
Collector and Treasurer of Eddy County.

Any young gentleman or lady will  
find it to their advantage if they de-  
sire a business education, to write N.  
E. Adams, principal business depart-  
ment, Weatherford College, Weather-  
ford, Texas, for special inducements to

pupils entering between Dec. 20 and  
Jan. 10, 1900. Thorough instruction  
guaranteed. 12-16-4  
Packed meats of all kinds and corned  
beef at the U. S. Market.

## NEED OF HOSPITALS.

HOW A TOWN MAY SECURE ONE AT A  
SMALL EXPENSE.

Public Spirit Necessary to Keep the  
Institution in Operation—Ways of  
Raising Money—Story of One  
Town's Success.

There are many towns and small  
cities that could support a good hospi-  
tal, the need of which is often felt, if  
the matter were taken hold of in the  
right way. Helen C. Condes tells in  
The Woman's Home Companion how  
such an institution was started. She  
says:

The town where this hospital was  
started has about 10,000 or 12,000 in-  
habitants, which is as small a town as  
could well support a hospital, unless it  
was richly endowed. The ladies inter-  
ested looked about for a little house in  
which to make their start and found a  
cheap dwelling house in an accessible  
but unfashionable neighborhood which  
could be rented for a small sum. A  
manager who was both housekeeper and  
head nurse was found through one of  
the churches, and she was paid a small  
salary, not at all commensurate with  
the work she did, but as much as the  
experimental hospital could afford to  
pay. To begin with, one strong, willing  
nurse was hired to do the housework.

From the very start the hospital be-  
came the pet of the town, and every  
one was anxious to do something to help  
it. The doctors, after the noble custom  
of their kind, gave their services free.  
There was scarcely a housekeeper who  
did not spare something from her home  
to aid in furnishing the building, and  
some gave money to buy special invalids  
conveniences and such appliances for  
the operating room as the doctors abso-  
lutely required.

The hospital was scarcely started be-  
fore its usefulness was fully demon-  
strated. Through some unhappy cir-  
cumstance typhoid fever broke out, and  
many of its victims were schoolteachers  
and clerks who lived alone in furnished  
rooms and who were not able to hire  
nurses to care for them. Such as these  
were moved to the hospital, extra nurses  
were procured from the nearest city,  
and in almost every case the patient  
was restored to health.

A little later there was an epidemic  
of scarlet fever in the schools. The en-  
tire town would have been ravaged had  
not the hospital authorities instantly  
hired another house, which they turned  
into a contagious ward in the twinkling  
of an eye, and so stopped the spread of  
the dread disease.

The practical reader who has in mind  
the all important subject of ways and  
means is wondering how this hospital  
is maintained. To satisfy such it is best  
to state a few facts gleaned from a re-  
port. As a very little investment of cap-  
ital was made at the start, the running  
expenses are the main question. There  
are rent, salaries to housekeeper, nurse  
and servant, housekeeping supplies and  
medical and surgical supplies. What  
is the source of income? It is reckoned  
that 20 per cent of the expenditures is  
defrayed from patients, for the hospital  
is free only to those who are absolutely  
unable to pay. The remainder must be  
raised, and this is where the feeling of  
universal brotherhood, and the hospital  
is supported because the town is proud  
of it and because it alleviates human  
suffering.

The ways of raising the money are  
infinitely various, and sometimes other  
things take the place of money. For in-  
stance, vegetables from the garden may  
be sent to lessen the housekeeping ex-  
penses, as well as jellies, fruits and  
flowers for the invalids' special use.

The town board was approached by  
one of the enterprising lady managers,  
and a yearly appropriation was secured.  
The town also contributed to the am-  
bulance which it was found necessary  
to have in removing patients from their  
homes or from places of accident. The  
ambulance cost \$500, but nothing is  
spent in maintaining it, for it is given  
storage by a lively stable keeper, who  
supplies it with a horse when wanted.  
Patients are expected to pay for using it.

To increase interest in the hospital  
and thus insure its support a board of  
directors was appointed from among  
the most earnest and wealthy men of  
the town, and this was supplemented  
by a large advisory board of ladies. In  
addition to this a young ladies' guild  
was formed, and these three bodies of  
workers take pride in making receipts  
equal expenses. The board of directors  
is supplemented by various standing  
committees, which include ways and  
means, surgery and medicine, house-  
keeping and supplies and patients. Each  
one of the advisory ladies is on some  
special committee, and thus interest is  
not only created, but co-ordinated.  
There are committees on visiting, which  
bring the benefactors in intimate as-  
sociation with hospital work, committees  
on housekeeping, on flowers and deli-  
cacies and on half a dozen other de-  
partments in which women are especially  
capable.

There are more ambitious hospitals  
than this little one just described, those  
having handsome modern buildings and  
a nurse's training school in connection,  
but these are favorites of fortune which  
have been maintained by rich people or  
by large legacies. As a matter of fact,  
they are discouraging rather than oth-

erwise to those who must begin modest-  
ly, and for that reason I have told the  
story of a kind of hospital which is pos-  
sible to almost any town.

We are only just beginning to wake  
up to the idea that a small community  
may have a hospital of its own and  
avoid transporting the sick by painful  
journeys to large but distant cities.  
But the idea is taking, and before long  
towns of 10,000 and more inhabitants  
will be positively ashamed if they can-  
not show the visiting stranger a hospital  
as one of their evidences of enterprise.

### How to Devil Clams.

Twenty-five clams, chopped fine; two  
eggs, well beaten, save enough to dip  
them; chopped parsley, butter the size  
of an egg, brown butter and flour to-  
gether, pour clam juice and eggs into  
the brown butter, enough cracker dust  
to make a soft batter, cayenne pepper,  
All shells, dip in egg and cracker and  
fry.

### How to Make Fish Pie.

Melt an ounce of butter or clarified  
dipping in a saucepan and cook with  
it the same quantity of flour for a few  
minutes, stirring the mixture all the  
time so that it may not change color.  
Add half of a small onion, sliced, a  
sprig of parsley and a small slice of  
fat bacon and let the mixture simmer  
for five minutes. Then pour in gradu-  
ally rather more than half a pint of  
milk and stir until the sauce is smooth  
and thick. Season with salt, pepper  
and a little grated nutmeg, let simmer  
for 15 minutes and pass through a  
fine strainer. Purée a potato and  
place in it a layer of cooked fish, divided  
into flakes, cover it with sauce, then  
add more fish and more sauce alter-  
nately until the dish is nearly full.  
Sprinkle some well boiled rice, which  
has been mixed with a little butter, a  
tablespoonful of tomato sauce and sea-  
soned with salt and pepper, over the  
top of the pie. Then scatter the rice  
thickly with browned crumbs, place  
some little pieces of butter on them  
and bake the pie in a hot oven for  
about 15 minutes.

### How to Crinkle Eggs.

Heat to a boil half a cup of cream  
or rich milk and slip six eggs gently  
into the pan. Let them come to a boil,  
cover and remove to the back of the  
stove. Keep very hot for ten minutes.  
Just before serving, dust with salt and  
pepper and dot with bits of butter.

## Arthur R. O'Quinn,

Dealer in—

Ice and  
Wholesale  
Beer.

Agent for Schlitz and Anheuser-Busch  
Brewing companies.

## Lumber Yard.

A. N. PRATT, Prop'r.

Lumber,  
Lath,  
Shingles,  
Doors,  
Mouldings,  
Pickets,  
Sash, Etc.

## Wm. Stone

General  
Meat  
Market.

All kinds of meat products  
constantly on hand.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

AT THE

O. K.  
BLACKSMITH

CARRIAGE SHOP.

First-class blacksmithing, Carriage paint-  
ing and wood work of all kinds.

Sewing machines and all kinds of repairs.

Eddy, N. M.

FRED  
STABLE



**THE CURRENT.**  
WM. H. MULLANE  
Official Paper of Eddy County.  
Published every Saturday at Carlsbad, N. M., and entered as 2nd class mail matter.  
SATURDAY JAN. 13, 1900.  
SUBSCRIPTION RATES.  
WEEKLY—By mail per annum, \$2.00.  
By mail per six months, \$1.00.

"The time is coming, and it is not far off," remarked a prominent lawyer today, "when the English speaking people of the earth must stand together, whether British, American, Canadian, Australian, Irish, Scotch or what not; we must stand or fall together. If England goes under, the onus of maintaining the supremacy of the English speaking people will fall upon America."

"For trade and business interests alone, if no other, our sympathies should go with England. No race prejudice hampers trade wherever the British flag floats and the English language prevails. Even in Mexico so near by, commercial interests are largely in the hands of German and French merchants."—El Paso News.

The above is a sample of the cant indulged in by Anglo-manics, and is on a par with the doctrine that "the end justifies the means" and the selling of a birthright for a mess of pottage. Let England do right before she asks loyal Americans to sympathize with her. She has compelled the people of Ireland to contribute to the support of a church they do not believe in; she has refused them the same privileges she gives the Mohammedans in Africa, of establishing a college for the education of ministers of their faith; she has taxed Irish out of house and home. In the case of the Boers she could have had every request granted, had she waited a year and have saved the lives of thousands of good men. Englishmen would only have had to comply with the same regulations to become citizens of the Boer republic, that they do to become citizens of the United States. Had England used fair means instead of foul and murderous practices, no doubt every person except the gold grabbers and speculators would now be satisfied. There never was a reason for the British-Boer war, except the greed of Englishmen. Then why should Americans sympathize with England? Who cares whether the English language is maintained or not? If it is the best language for use, and it is not, what has England's rise or fall to do with it? The English language is now used by millions more who have not a drop of English blood than by Englishmen or their descendants. Why, then, should this feature be used to influence people toward Anglo-manism?

Last Monday Jackson day was celebrated all over the United States and for the benefit of stray Anglo-manics who might not know the import of the day the following is printed:

Eighty-five years ago at New Orleans General Jackson, or "Old Hickory" at the head of 5,000 hastily recruited militia men, many of whom were either Irish or Irish descent, and over two-thirds Catholics, (whom some claim cannot be loyal Americans) defeated Pakenham, with 10,000 picked troops, the flower of the British Army. The British commenced the attack at dawn Jan. 8, 1815. Jackson had erected breastworks of bales of cotton. His men had orders not to fire until the British were within 200 yards; they advanced as if on dress parade. When within easy rifle shot the sharpshooters opened and the first fire laid 2,100 British dead and dying. They turned and ran for the ships but 500 were made prisoners. This was an attempt to "civilize" the Americans similar to the way the red coats have been civilizing the Irish for centuries, and are now endeavoring to civilize the Boers, who have proved they are farther advanced in civilization than the English nation can ever hope to be. The Boers treat their prisoners better, handle their guns with more skill and have a higher form of civilized government than the English, for all kingdoms are relics of barbarism and savagery, there being only one civilized form of government and that is a republic and next to the United States the Boer republic is the best on earth.

The best cure yet presented for the evils of the trusts is that given by Gov. Mount of Indiana:

"1st. Remove all tariff protection from every industry that belongs to a formed in restraint of trade. 2nd. Compel a combination when it reduces prices in one place to crush a competitor to make exactly the same price for the whole market."

Next Tuesday the voters of Roswell will say by their ballots whether or not the town will bond itself for \$25,000 to construct a sewer system and \$25,000 more to erect a school house. Roswell will either make or break in the present boom condition of the town, which is being helped very much by the railroad and other capitalists just at present.

**Hibernians Ready to Help Com. Paul.**  
Washington, Jan. 7.—The National Officers of the Ancient Order of Hibernians met in this city today and issued

We are Not the Only People That  
Keep First-Class Goods  
But We Keep What the  
People Want!

Rose Valley, Canadian Club, Mt. Vernon and  
many other brands of first-class liquors

AT THE  
**CENTRAL SALOON.**

KEMP & WOERNER, Proprietors.

**D. W. GERHART,**

WHOLESALE AND  
RETAIL

**MARKET**

ALL KINDS OF SAUSAGE AND  
MEATS CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

General Packing House.

the following statement to the public:

"The national officers met in Washington to discuss a demand on the part of the majority of the representatives of our 150,000 members that the order render some assistance to the Boers in the Transvaal. It was agreed to render any assistance compatible with our loyalty as American citizens and which would not interfere with the neutrality laws of the United States. We are impressed with the splendid precedent shown by the republic going to war with Spain to free the Cubans from the oppression of that country. We believe that American sympathy is with the Boers and that we are acting in accordance with the principles which urged the United States to carry the flag in a struggle for the liberation of the gallant Cubans. Our people would flock to the arms of America if the government marched to the assistance of the South Africans."

"It is unnecessary for the Hibernians to proclaim their loyalty to the United States, but it becomes them to state that no act of theirs will be contrary to the laws. Knowing the character of the British government, its cruelty, its ambition, we are desirous to assist the citizens of a sister republic in their struggle to defeat English aggression. What kind of aid will be given we cannot state at the present time, but certainly it will be of a practical nature and acceptable to the Boer government. Were this nation the antagonist of England, we could from our ranks send fifteen to twenty regiments of the best fighting material the world ever saw. In fact, in any just cause in which the United States may see fit to draw the sword, the society would respond as it did in former wars. The Irish regiments of Illinois, Michigan, Massachusetts and New York were largely recruited from our ranks and in some of the regiments of United States regulars recently sent to the front are divisions of the A. O. H., duly affiliated with the parent order in this country. The order at large is hopeful that the government will yet rise to the wishes and hopes of the Irish-Americans and extend to the brave Boers the sympathy France gave to this country in 1756."

"John F. Keating, national president Illinois; James E. Dolan, national vice president, New York; P. T. Morgan, national treasurer, Washington; James A. Sullivan, national secretary, Philadelphia; national directors, P. J. O'Connor, Georgia; J. K. O'Neill, Philadelphia; E. J. Slattery, Massachusetts; Rev. M. J. Byrne, Indiana."

Clippings That Are Clippers.

Major W. J. Fewel is such a vigorous

thinker that he cannot help thinking out loud. Yesterday he had one of his robust thinking moods and those in his vicinity heard him think: "I know people thought he 'who came to El Paso without enough money to purchase a respectable jacket, but today they are worth more money than myself or Col. Buford, and have grown too proud to patronize the place and the people who uplifted them out of the lap of poverty. There is nothing in the El Paso stores to suit their fastidious taste, so they order everything from New York, St. Louis or Chicago. Whenever a man or a woman gets too good for the town that made them something then they should get out. I have made money in El Paso and have spent it here; I don't send away for anything nor do I go across the river for anything I can find in El Paso. But when I do go to Mexico for something I pay the duty on it. I'm a Christian and believe that swindling the government is just as swindling an individual. That, however, is deviating from my original line of thought. The mechanic, merchant, doctor, lawyer, banker, printer, preacher and politician should patronize the people off of whom they make their money. I say don't let an Elephant Butte man who will not spend his money where he makes it. He is a vampire on any community; he sucks the blood of his neighbors and gives back nothing, save his worthless arrogance, in return."

"What are you talking about major?" asked a reporter.

"Talking," exclaimed Major Fewel, in a voice that fairly waded through indignation to make itself heard. "I am not talking sir; I am thinking."—El Paso Times.

Wonder what Mr. Fewel would think of a firm in Carlsbad getting its printing done in Galveston while the home office offers and can do the work better and cheaper? A business man who would have printing done out of town should not be patronized, and a printer who would buy his goods out of town should be boycotted unless the merchants set the pace by commencing to buy their printing out of town. There are a few people in town who still persist in sending for printing and it is the big fellows. Our stockmen and farmer friends are requested to notice the merchant's names who advertise in the CURRENT and patronize them. The paper pays heavy taxes in this county and gives good service and it is only just for merchants to patronize a home institution, so it will be considered a great favor for our readers to patronize only our advertisers if possible. Stockmen and farmers who can show they purchase no goods for three months from the fellows who do not advertise will be made a present of the paper for three months or a like amount credited to the subscriber's account.

When you want job printing done neat and in up to date style, the CURRENT office can serve you.

THE  
**Parlor Saloon,**

Conway & Camp,  
Proprietors.

THIS palatial new resort solicits the patronage of the people of Carlsbad and Eddy county, guaranteeing courteous treatment and first-class service in all respects. We handle only the best of all kinds of refreshments. For family or medicinal use the renowned J. S. Seasey Whisky is unequalled, as its selection by the U. S. government by the U. S. Marine Hospital will testify. We also handle Sherwood Pure Rye, the best and highest priced of this class of goods on the market.

LAWRENCE, Anderson Co., Ky., 1901.  
TO THE TRADE:  
My brand was selected for use at U. S. Marine Hospital at Washington, D. C., after being analyzed by the eminent chemist, W. M. Mee, and eight other samples of the leading brands of Kentucky, Maryland and Pennsylvania. It should be borne in mind that in this department of the government service the sample appears in plain bottles, and the number of prominent brands is a record that few distillers can show. The water used for the manufacture of this whisky is from the purest and best sources in Anderson county, Ky., which stands at a temperature of 55 degrees the year around, with a supply inexhaustible. This water is at all times clear. I will further state that I have never had a single barrel returned.  
Very Respectfully,  
J. S. SEASEY.

**IRISH CAPTURED BY IRISH.**

An Entire Brigade of Erin's Sons  
Fought Splendidly for the Boers  
—Complimented by Joubert.

London Jan. 6.—A. O'Donnell, Superintendent of the Transvaal, who came to Ireland as a delegate to the Transvaal Irish at the 1888 centenary, has written an interesting letter to an Irish physician in London, a well-known nationalist. In it he says:

"An Irish brigade left Pretoria and Johannesburg on October 7, just two days before the ultimatum, so as to be ready to step across the line in case of British did not give up swamping us with troops everywhere. The boys chose Blake as Irish-American, as Colonel of the corps. We arrived in camp just in time to cross the border into English territory."

That was a spectacle that many in Ireland would like to see; 1,500 hardy, resolute men, armed with the best weapons that money could procure, their handlovers fairly bursting with Manner cartridges, and, though sporting none of the military uniform business, all dressed in the serviceable style, with just a bunch of green ribbon to mark the color of the true. 'If you were not going against soldiers who cannot hit a haystack,' said the General, 'I would not let you wear a mark like that.'

"John MacBride, who is now Major, carried a flag—a real Irish flag—into the enemy's country, and I can tell you he was proud to do it."

"Joubert's orders were that the Irish Brigade should occupy Majuba Hill, but we did not stay there, for the English fell back so fast that we had to put our best foot foremost to keep up with them."

"At the first engagement we had with the English we took a couple of hundred of them prisoners, and they have been coming in just like old friends every other day since by the thousand. It was a lot of Dublin Postleers we bagged first and you bet as we brought them into our camp the boys gave them a pretty talking and gave lots of them our manifesto and asked them if it did not find its way to their hearts."

"Most of them looked awfully ashamed of themselves, but there were some who looked as black as night, and a damned sight blacker, when they saw our green flag waving above thousands of riflemen, as they were led to prison."

"In four battles now the Irish Brigade has had the proud duty of guarding the entrance, and well they have done it. No English hand has ever touched a cannon guarded by the green flag men. After the fight at Ladysmith, where the boys made a bigger 'dash' for themselves than ever, Joubert addressed them on parade thanking them for their courage and dash and expressing the deepest regret for the Irishmen killed and wounded."

"Irish Brigadiers" said the General, 'your action and service this day will never be forgotten by the Boers, and though you were strangers among us you are now part of ourselves. Your bravery in the field still more than oaths of republican allegiance makes you true burghers of the Republic.'

"You can imagine how the boys cheered & speech like that."

**Otis Observations.**

Miss Merlin Demorest is convalescing from a severe attack of pneumonia under the expert treatment of her physician Dr. Wheeler and the skillful nursing of her friend Mrs. Griggs.

Otis had a splendid rain Monday and Tuesday night. The ground is well soaked and the housewives are rejoicing in full clisters.

Thieves broke into the corn crib on the Ellice & Ewey place and pilfered five bushels of corn.

R. S. Benson does not propose to be short on forage for his cattle next season. He intends to sow three hundred acres of sorghum.

Otis is determined to keep up with the procession, she has a faith doctor.

**His Wife Saved Him.**

My wife's good advice saved my life writes F. M. Ross of Winfield, Tenn., for I had such a bad cough I could hardly breathe, I steadily grew worse under doctor's treatment, but my wife urged me to use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which completely cured me." Coughs, Colds, Croup, Hoarseness, Pneumonia, Asthma, Hay Fever and all maladies of Chest, Throat and Lungs are positively cured by this marvellous medicine. 50c. and \$1.00. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottles free at Blackmore's drug store.

**Legal Notice.**

Whereas, my wife, formerly Classic Riggs, has left my bed and board, this is to notify the public that I will not be responsible for debts contracted by her.  
WM. JONES,  
Roswell, N. M., Dec. 31, 1899.

**For Sale.**

Fine ranch with private water right; no water company to worry or bankrupt you on water rent. Who wants a snap in a fine farm near Seven Rivers with private water right and plenty of water? Big spring on the land sufficient to water 650 acres. Rock residence cost \$1,000. All fenced. Improvements cost \$1,200. Will be moved given away on easy time. Enquire or address, Wm. H. Mullane, Carlsbad N. M.

**REAL ESTATE AND  
INSURANCE.**

We have a large list of choice ranch, farm  
and town property.

**McLenathens & Tracy.**

Carlsbad, New Mexico.

Eddy Lodge No. 21, K. of P.

Meets every Thursday  
evening at 7:30 o'clock.  
All visitors are welcome.  
JOHN BOLTON, C. C.

K. R. & S.

**CHURCH DIRECTORY.**

ST. EDWARD'S (CATHOLIC): Services every Sunday at 9:30 a. m. All are cordially invited.  
P. COOPER, Pastor.

M. E. CHURCH, SOUTH: Regular services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 1 p. m. Sunday school at 9 a. m. Epworth League at 3 p. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock.  
J. E. SAWYER, Pastor.

**Pecos Valley & Northeastern  
Railway Co.**

Central Time.

North Bound.	Pecos	South Bound.
Lv. 2:30 p. m.	Ar. 11:00 a. m.	
Ar. 7:15 a. m.	Carlsbad	Lv. 7:00 a. m.
Lv. 6:30 a. m.	McMillan	Ar. 6:30 a. m.
Ar. 9:45 a. m.	Hagerman	Lv. 9:30 a. m.
Lv. 9:30 a. m.	Roswell	Ar. 9:30 a. m.
Ar. 12:30 p. m.	Portales	Lv. 12:30 p. m.
Lv. 1:00 p. m.	Alamogordo	Ar. 1:00 p. m.

Train No. 1 leaves Pecos, Texas, daily at 2:30 p. m., arriving at Carlsbad at 11:00 p. m., leaving over night. Leaves Carlsbad at 6:30 a. m., arriving at Roswell at 9:30 a. m., and at Alamogordo at 1:00 p. m., connecting with the A. T. & N. P., and the Ft. W. & D. Ry.

Train No. 2 leaves Alamogordo daily at 5:30 a. m., arriving at Roswell at 9:30 a. m., and at Carlsbad at 11:00 p. m., leaving over night. Leaving Carlsbad at 7:00 a. m., arriving at Pecos at 11:00 a. m., connecting with the A. T. & N. P.

Stages for Lincoln, White Oaks and N. M., leave Roswell daily, except Sunday at 7:00 a. m.

For low rates, for information regarding the resources of this valley, price of lands, etc., address:

D. H. NICHOLS,  
General Manager.

DON D. DONAHUE,  
Genl. Frt. & Pass. Agt.  
Carlsbad, N. M.

**El Paso & Northeastern  
Railroad.**

El Paso & Northeastern Railway.

Leaves Alamogordo 3:30 p. m.  
Arrives El Paso 7:15 p. m.  
Leaves El Paso 10:30 a. m.  
Arrives Alamogordo 2:45 p. m.

Making connection at El Paso for the east, west and all points in Mexico.

Connecting at Alamogordo with the stage line for the

**White Oaks Country.**

White Oaks, Bonito, Nogals, Gray, and Salado coal fields.

Also connecting with Tularosa stage line which leaves Alamogordo after arrival of train each day. Leaves Tularosa at 10:30 a. m., La Luz at 12 m., making connection with the south bound train.

A. S. GREGG,  
Gen Supt. & Frt. & Pass. Agt.  
H. ALEXANDER, A. G. P. A.

**J. F. MATHESON.**

Grain-Commission Warehouse.  
And General Forwarding

Hay, Grain, Seed, Feed, Blacksmith Coal

**U. S. MEAT MARKET.**

Fresh Meats, Sausage, Game, Etc.,  
Always on Hand.

Free Delivery in any Part of City.

JOHN LOWENBRUCK, Props.

**G. F. A. Robertson**

**BLACKSMITH**  
and  
Wagon maker.

Feed and Livery Car  
in connection. Accommoda-  
tion and satisfaction, guaran-  
teed.

Canon St. Op. Current  
Office.



## FURIOUS FIGHTING.

Fiercely Raged the Conflict Before  
Ladysmith Saturday.

### BOERS PROBABLY VICTORIOUS.

It Now Looks as if the British Have Suffered a Most Disastrous Defeat.  
London in Gloom.

London, Jan. 8.—London's Sunday news has made the British public more gloomy than the fog and darkness which envelop the city. It is probable that Ladysmith has at last fallen before the savage attacks of the Boers, which began at 2 o'clock Saturday morning, lasting all day. At 5 o'clock Saturday afternoon Gen. Buller was crying that he was hard pressed. Suddenly the heliograph stopped working, and that is the last news received from the imprisoned garrison.

Gen. French, heretofore the only defeated British general, has had his reverse at last. One by one the Boers have beaten all the British commands and have begun to take the offensive. The suspense over the fate of Ladysmith is intense. It is reported that the sunlight failed the heliograph on Saturday. Evidently the same conditions prevailed Sunday, or else Ladysmith has fallen and there are no British left to heliograph.

No stock is taken in Gen. Buller's camp rumor that White was victorious. That part of his message is regarded as only a vain hope to give some encouraging news in the face of impending disaster. Gen. Buller sent out a force toward Colenso, thinking the Boers there had gone to assist in the assault on Ladysmith, but he found the trenches filled with Transvaalians all ready for him. Bearing in mind his former disastrous experience, Gen. Buller did not attack the enemy and was compelled to stand idle, while White was fighting desperately for the life of Ladysmith. If Ladysmith has not already fallen, the Boer assault is the beginning of the end.

Soon after midnight Saturday morning the Boers began their attack, continuing the fight all day. They must have weakened the garrison so that its existence is extremely precarious. The fighting was undoubtedly the most desperate character, with tremendous losses on both sides. Gen. White's effective force cannot exceed 7000 men, casualties and disease having greatly weakened his original force. Whether Ladysmith actually capitulated or still holds out, none knows. The war office said at midnight that not a word of news since 5 o'clock Saturday afternoon had been received and that they had only hope.

The race track contingent of British prisoners at Pretoria will have an addition to-day of seventy men of the Suffolk regiment, including seven officers, who doubtless will receive a warm welcome from their comrades already there. London critics say that Gen. French was lucky to get off with such a small loss, and even he, with the warning of the other defeated British commanders, should have allowed his men to fall into the same old Boer trap.

The British club of Galveston has raised \$1400 for widows and orphans of British soldiers, of which sum \$1250 has been forwarded to England. Subscriptions are still being received.

**Claims an Island.**  
Tacoma, Wash., Jan. 8.—News comes from Honolulu that Coccaut island, the most famous and picturesque bit of sea beach and palm grove in all Hawaii, has been seized by C. D. Pringle, an ice cream merchant of Hilo, and claimed by him upon squatters' rights. The Hawaiian government lays claim to the island as having been set aside by the old monarchy as the site for a quarantine station for Hilo harbor.

### For the Front.

Cape Town, Jan. 8.—An ammunition column started for the front. Several colonial irregulars of Dutch extraction have been brought here under arrest. They are suspected for treachery.

The Cape Argus learns from Pretoria that fifty British subjects in Pretoria and Johannesburg have received their passports for "abuses of privileges." The same paper is informed that seven British subjects holding permits have been arrested at Zeerust.

### Probable Labor Famine.

Covington, Ga., Jan. 8.—This section of the Georgia is threatened with a labor famine, owing to the fact that the negroes in large numbers are leaving for Mississippi, Arkansas and Louisiana, where there is said to be a big demand for negro labor. This is the time when farmers make arrangements for their labor for the coming crop and it is feared a good share of the lands in this part of Georgia which have been cultivated in cotton will have to be turned into pastures.

### Gilmore's Story.

Manila, Jan. 8, 8:30 p. m.—Lieut. J. C. Gilmore of the United States gunboat Yorktown, who was captured by the insurgents last April near Paler, on the coast of Luzon, and rescued a few days ago by Col. Luther R. Hare of the Third-third volunteer infantry, sat in the apartment of his sister, Mrs. Major Price, at the Hotel Oriente in Manila, and told a remarkable story on his eight months in captivity, ending with his dramatic deliverance from a death that seemed inevitable.

The steamer Venus came into the harbor Saturday evening from Vigan, Province of South Ilocos, with Lieut. Gilmore and nineteen other American prisoners including seven of his sailors from the Yorktown. Lieut. Gilmore, after reporting, came ashore and hobbled along, with the aid of a cane, to the Hotel Oriente, where American officers and ladies were waiting through the halls to the strains of "Agnaldo's March."

Although tanned and ruddy from exposure, and his weakness and nervousness showing the result of long hardships, he speaks warmly of his captives and very bitterly against Gen. Tino, declaring that while in the former's jurisdiction he was treated splendidly, but that after that he fell into Tino's hands he suffered everything.

Col. Hare and Lieut. Col. Howe, the latter of the Thirty-fourth volunteer infantry, rescued Gilmore's party on Dec. 18 near the headwaters Abulita River, after they had been abandoned by the Filipinos and were expecting death from the savage tribes around them. When the rescuing force reached them they were nearly starved, but were living in the hope of getting down the river to the coast. Lieut. Gilmore made this statement to the Associated Press:

"The Filipinos abandoned us on Dec. 16. We had reached the Abulita river near its source that morning, and the Filipinos ratted us over. We then went down the stream along a rough trail, guarded by a company of Filipinos. That night we were separated from this guard and another company was put in charge of us. I suspected something and questioned the lieutenant in command. He said: 'I have orders from Gen. Tino to shoot you all, but my conscience forbids. I shall leave you here.' I begged him for two rifles to protect us from savages, adding that I would give him letters to the Americans, who would pay him well and keep him from all harm. He refused this, however, saying that he would not dare to comply. Soon afterward he left with his company."

"We had seen some savages in war-paint around us, and we prepared to fight them with cobblestones, the only weapons that were available to us. The next morning we followed the trail of the Filipinos soldiers, feeling that it was better to stick to them than to be murdered by savages, but we could not catch up with them. Then I ordered the men to build rafts, in the hope of floating down the river. It was a forlorn hope, but I knew the river must empty into the sea somewhere. I was so weak that I did not expect to get out, but I thought some of the men could."

The jury at Corpus Christi awarded Mrs. Nannie Morgan \$2000 damages for injuries sustained by her son on the Aransas Pass railway.

The total production of the Corsicana oil field for the month of December showed an increase over that of November of over 4500 barrels.

### Julia Morrison Case.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Jan. 7.—Much interest centers in the result of the examination of the three leading physicians of the city in the Julia Morrison case on the question of her susceptibility to emotional insanity or aberration of mind as a result of nervous weakness. The physicians to be examined attended Miss Morrison shortly after the killing of Leiden and made a study of her case in a thorough manner.

### Kentucky Fight.

London, Ky., Jan. 8.—News reached here of a general fight on Otter Creek, Clay county, in which Lige Lewis and Gen. May were shot and killed and other participants seriously wounded.

The fight occurred at a schoolhouse on Otter creek, where one of the Jacksons was on trial before a magistrate for killing another Jackson. The fight started soon after the trial began and court was adjourned and the fight carried on, both in the school house and yard.

### Deserter Killed.

Manila, Jan. 8.—Gen. Schwan's column, advancing to the south, occupied Binan. One American was killed and three were wounded. Nine of the enemy's dead were found on the field after the fight. A number of rifles were captured and several prisoners were taken.

Johnson, a deserter from the Sixth United States artillery, clothed in a major's uniform, was found among the insurgent dead at Novleta yesterday.

### State Commission Order.

Austin, Tex., Jan. 9.—Confirming the reports that have been sent out from Austin the last few days, the commission yesterday issued the order prescribing the method of weighing cotton. It requires the certificate of the public weigher or an affidavit of shipper stating weights, and in the absence of both an arbitrary weight of 535 pounds per bale is fixed, with the proviso that the rate shall be paid on this amount, but is subject to verification by actual weight and the charges to be determined by the corrected actual weight.

The commission is confident of the success of its newly adopted plan, on the ground that a public weigher is subject to prosecution for certifying to false weights, which will deter fraudulent certificates, and the shipper is well aware that he is subject to prosecution for perjury for making a false affidavit, and in absence of both the roads must collect on 535 pounds, which is subject to correction and adjustment of charges on actual weights. The commission is satisfied that this will prevent rebating that has been existing in the underbidding practice.

The order of the commission is as follows:  
Amending commodity tariff No. 1-D, Hearing Jan. 3.

It is hereby ordered that commodity tariff No. 1-D, issued by this commission to apply on shipments of cotton and cotton lint, in bales, transported by railroads between points in Texas, and effective March 10, 1899, be amended by adding to section 2 of said tariff the following regulation:

Fourteenth—Weights: The rates of this tariff shall, unless otherwise provided, apply upon the actual weight of each bale of cotton or cotton linters transported. It shall be the duty of each railroad company to demand of shippers, at the time shipments of cotton are tendered for transportation, the public weigher's certificate setting forth his weight for each bale included in such shipments. In case the cotton has not been weighed by a public weigher, the railroad company shall demand of the shipper a statement, certified and sworn to, showing the actual weight of each bale tendered for shipment. When the actual weights of cotton shipments are furnished in either manner above specified, the railroad companies shall employ such weights in computing charges for the transportation of the shipments, but if shippers fail or refuse to furnish to the railroad companies the actual weights of the shipments as above required, then the railroad companies shall employ the average weight of 535 pounds per bale in computing charges for transportation, and shall retain, in full, the charges thus determined and collected until the actual weights may thereafter be furnished, whereupon the charges for transportation shall be adjusted in accordance with the actual weights.

When the certificates of public weighers, or sworn statements of weights of cotton shipments, as above specified, are furnished, such certificates or statements shall be indorsed with the number date and character of bill of lading issued for the cotton they cover, and they shall be placed on file in the office of the railroad agent receiving them and shall be there retained for future reference.

This order shall take effect Feb. 10, 1900.

Fred McDonald fell from his wagon at San Angelo, recently, and died from the effects of the fall.

### Colored Troops Coming.

Galveston, Tex., Jan. 9.—Four troops of the Tenth United States cavalry (colored) will arrive here on Wednesday evening from Cuba, and on Thursday will leave for garrisons on the Rio Grande. The Southern Pacific company is arranging to transport the men and their horses.

Four special trains of fifty-one cars will be sent to Galveston Wednesday, and the troops will be moved the following day. The transport Kilpatrick will bring them here. The Southern Pacific has contracted to take two of the companies to Hebronville (these are destined for Fort Ringgold), one company to Laredo, for Fort McIntosh, and one company to Spofford Junction, for Eagle Pass.

The Tenth cavalry was in Cuba during the late war, and distinguished itself in the battle of San Juan Hill.

Alfred E. Burr died at Hartford, Conn., the other day.

### Marriage Kept a Secret.

Austin, Tex., Jan. 9.—News reached here of the marriage of Mr. Frank Roberts, son of Dr. Roberts, a prominent citizen of Caldwell county, and Miss Thomas, a young lady who was until a few days ago teaching school at Plainfield, Ind. Mr. Roberts is attending school at Danville, Ind. He and Miss Thomas were married the early part of last September at Indianapolis, but the announcement of the fact was not made until a few days ago.

### Desperate Doomed Men.

El Paso, Tex., Jan. 6.—Geronimo Parra and Antonio Flores, were executed here yesterday for murder, made a desperate effort to kill some of the officers or spectators yesterday afternoon when their cell door was unlocked.

It had been decided to hang Flores first, for fear that he would break down. When the officers unlocked the cell door to convey him to the gallows both prisoners dashed out and stabbed right and left among the crowd with dirks made of coarse steel wire.

A desperate struggle followed and the most intense excitement was precipitated.

A constable shoved Parra into the cell and bolted the door, and five rangers and deputy sheriffs sprang upon Flores, disarming him and bearing him to the floor.

He was handcuffed and his feet were bound and then conveyed to the scaffold where death was instantaneous.

Ranger Ed Bryant was wounded in the stomach by a dagger thrust.

The sheriff then declared that no citizen or other officer should be injured by Parra, and called on the prisoner to throw up his hands.

"I have decided to shoot him down if he resists," said he, as he opened the cell door. Five officers drew their six-shooters and covered the prisoner. He was removed without difficulty, but a dirk was found at his feet.

He kissed a crucifix and declared his innocence on the scaffold. The trap doors sprung open as the sheriff pulled the lever, and Geronimo Parra's head was almost severed from his body by the rope.

Both men died in the Catholic faith.

### Terrible Tragedy.

San Antonio, Tex., Jan. 6.—A terrible tragedy was enacted in the farmhouse of L. A. Wisdom, near the Hexar county line, on the International and Great Northern railway, about eighteen miles southwest of San Antonio on Tuesday night.

Mrs. Wisdom, aged 71 years, was apparently kicked in the back and expired within a very few minutes after receiving the blow.

L. A. Wisdom was fearfully beaten up and saved from worse punishment only through reaching for his shotgun and the intervention of a young sister of his assailant.

Thomas B. Wisdom, a deaf mute and nephew of L. A. Wisdom, was placed in jail here yesterday, charged with assault to murder.

### Started.

Denison, Tex., Jan. 6.—O. E. Miles, engineer for the Denison-Sherman Interurban Electric Line, started to work locating the permanent line for the electric connection between Denison and Sherman. Two preliminary surveys were made eight and one-half miles long, between the two towns, and the difference in length of the two surveys is not 125 feet. The work of locating the permanent line started to-day, will get it in readiness for making right of way contracts and settling all the preliminaries.

### Narrow Escape.

Texarkana, Tex., Jan. 6.—A runaway occurred in this city to-day, which came very near resulting in two deaths.

A bottlinghouse team broke loose from their driver, and in the rush a man named Ole Edwards, who was in the wagon, fell out and sprained his leg.

A youth 15 years old who was with Edwards fell under the vehicle and the wheels passed over him, inflicting painful, but not serious injuries.

### Dead in a Well.

Paris, Tex., Jan. 6.—Robert Park was found dead in a well at the home of his brother yesterday morning. At 6 o'clock yesterday morning he was missed from his sleeping apartment and a search was then instituted. His clothing was found on the yard near the well curbing. Neighbors were summoned and a man was lowered to the bottom, where he found the lifeless body. The well was fifty feet deep. The deceased was unmarried and about 40 years of age.

### Shot 21 Mins.

Sherman, Tex., Jan. 6.—Yesterday morning shortly after 2 o'clock Patrolmen Langford and Terry answered a police call to 543 North Crockett street, the residence of Mrs. M. M. Jovenat.

The statement of her son, Mr. Paul Jovenat of the cause of the police call, was as follows:

"I was awakened by a noise at one of the south windows, through which I could detect the shadowy form of a man, and I proceeded to take a shot at him."

### Small-Pox Cases.

Meridian, Tex., Jan. 6.—The city of Meridian and the northwest portion of Duquesne county have been under considerable excitement since Monday at noon over the discovery of five well-developed cases of smallpox about six miles from town. Some three weeks ago a man was suddenly taken ill with fever, and soon afterward was covered with eruptions. The doctors then pronounced it chickenpox. He recovered in ten days, but since that time nearly every one who was exposed to him during his illness has contracted the disease.

### Carnegie Gives to San Antonio.

San Antonio, Tex., Jan. 8.—San Antonio is to be the next Texas city to enjoy the benefits of Andrew Carnegie's munificence, according to a Washington telegram, and his offer to donate the splendid sum of \$50,000 for a public library in this city comes through the kindly interest of Mrs. James L. Slayden, the accomplished wife of Representative Slayden.

Some time ago, when Mr. Carnegie's philanthropic purposes became known to the country, and in fact to the world, the public library needs of many American cities were called to his attention.

When Mr. Carnegie gave \$50,000 to Fort Worth and followed it later with a similar contribution to Dallas, Mrs. Slayden thought it was possible to interest the philanthropist in the needs of her town, and she accordingly wrote him, setting forth many vital facts about San Antonio, the great need of a public library here, and requested his careful consideration of the claims of his philanthropic endeavor. How strongly Mrs. Slayden's presentation of the matter impressed Mr. Carnegie is shown by the following letter, which she received Saturday:

New York, Jan. 6.—Mrs. James L. Slayden, Washington: Dear Madam—Mr. Carnegie has been interested in your letter touching the San Antonio public library. If the city will furnish a suitable site, also that a detached building can be erected thereon lighted from all sides, he will give \$50,000 for the purpose, provided the city will agree, through its council, to maintain the library free to the people at a cost of \$500 per year, which, Mr. Carnegie thinks, it will require to provide for the wants of a city of 90,000 inhabitants. Very respectfully,  
JAS. CARNEGIE,  
Private Secretary.

### Death Beneath the Water.

Victoria, Tex., Jan. 8.—F. C. Grothaus, postmaster at this place was drowned in the river Sunday morning between 8 and 9 o'clock at the electric light plant. Mr. Rathbone, manager of the plant, found some clothing and a note addressed to Mrs. Grothaus on the bank of the river. He at once in company with Judge Fly went to the postoffice and there inquired for Mr. Grothaus. Postoffice Inspector Thomas, who was in the postoffice at the time, answered that Mr. Grothaus had promised to meet him there at 8 o'clock, but had not so far shown up. Thereupon Mr. Rathbone told the inspector of the finding of the clothing and note. Search was at once made for Mr. Grothaus' body, and the same was found by Marshal Hook at 1 o'clock.

### Terrible Death.

Galveston, Tex., Jan. 8.—Charles F. Hayes, aged 24 years and son of Col. Chas. W. Hayes, the veteran newspaper man of this city, was electrocuted Saturday by coming in contact with a live electric light wire of the Brush Electric Light company. He was hanging advertising steamers on a wooden awning of the Tribune building for the opera house management, in whose employ he has been for many years.

In reaching over edge of the awning he accidentally touched one of the wires with his wrist and received a shock which produced death in a few minutes.

He uttered an agonizing scream when the shock entered his body and fell back on the shed. Life was almost extinct when assistance reached him. Deceased was unmarried and lived with his parents.

### About a 'Possum.

Greenville, Tex., Jan. 8.—Two years ago an opossum escaped from Middleton's grocery and got under the floor. Saturday on opening the store the marsupial was discovered eating some eggs and was promptly rendered unconscious by a blow on the head, when he was captured and is in confinement again. The opossum is fat and evidently has lived well during the past two years at the expense of the grocery.

### Fine Flow.

Austin, Tex., Jan. 8.—A magnificent flow of water was struck Saturday in the artesian well that is being drilled by the state on the state lunatic asylum grounds here. The well had reached a depth of 1918 feet when the flow was struck. It is estimated to amount to fully 200,000 gallons per day and will be more than sufficient to supply all the needs of that institution. It is pure freestone water and has no superior for domestic use.

### Truly Fistic.

Austin, Tex., Jan. 8.—An old Confederate soldier, who is homeless, presented himself before the board of pension advisers and requested that they send him to the state penitentiary for the rest of his life. He stated that he was without means of support and homeless and that he did not have money with which to visit witnesses and secure testimony as to his war record, which would give him admission to the Confederate home.

### PASTURE AND FARM.

Winter gardens have done well.

Rockdale wants a \$50,000 cotton mill. Abbot & Evans of San Angelo bought 1200 mutton sheep at \$3.

Two mules suffering with glanders were shot in Fannin county.

Cattle in the Abilene country are reported as being in good condition.

Swift & Co. of Waco sent a trainload of cattle fattened at East Waco to St. Louis.

A strawberry farm, consisting of several acres, is an addition to the industries of Orange county.

Eighty-two cows and calves were recently sold at Abilene to the highest bidder, and brought \$929.

According to advices a number of mules have died on the way from New Orleans to the Transvaal.

A Greenville commission house shipped out during the holidays 10,000 turkeys raised in Hunt county.

Farmers around Kemp, I. T., are actively preparing for this year's crops by getting the land cleaned.

W. J. Turner has brought from parties at Ballinger 327 acres of land in Runnels county at \$2.50 per acre.

Abilene parties have received an order from the British government for 600 more mules for the Transvaal country.

A carload of hay passed through Corsicana a few days ago en route from Texas to the British army in the Transvaal.

The big cattlemen are pulling out of the Creek country. Most of the big Texas herds will next year go to the Osage and Comanche reservations.

Work is expected to begin on the construction of the proposed irrigation canal in Orange county in a few weeks. This will add several thousand acres to the rice acreage in that county this year.

More fine rains have fallen recently around Lampasas and the camera rejoice. Small grain never promised better at this season of the year. There have been more winter rains already than during the whole of last winter.

Reports from all parts of Grayson county, as well as contiguous counties in Texas and the Indian Territory, are that the wheat stand is excellent and in condition to stand the vicissitudes of much rougher winter than is apprehended.

A company with a capital of \$5,000,000 has been incorporated under the laws of West Virginia for the purpose of placing on the market a cotton picking machine. It is shaped like a grain reaper, though with higher axes and with 7-foot wheels.

There has been a great deal of new ground put in cultivation east and northeast of Denison, in the Chickasaw Nation this fall and winter. A great deal of wheat has been sown this fall and winter, and the crops look fine.

Up to Jan. 1 Corsicana received 33,105 bales of cotton.

Four thoroughbred race horses were sold at Marshall at public auction. Weir was purchased by Hon. F. T. Rembert of Longview, for \$200; Little Peggy to Mrs. J. E. Merrett, Marshall, \$100; Emma Ray to S. E. Perry, Marshall, \$100; Perryman II. to Fred Horner, Marshall, \$155.

The stockholders of a tobacco farm of thirty-five acres nine miles northeast of Marshall held their annual meeting. The barns on the farm contain 1900 pounds of leaf tobacco, which was grown this year. The experiment was pronounced a success and the acreage will be increased this year.

There are millions of feet of tupelo gum, oak, ash, walnut, hickory and cherry timber accessible to Orange that would afford all the material necessary for a furniture factory and Orange is an ideal location for such an enterprise, says an Orange paper.

Dick Pincham of Coldwater, Sherman county, says: "Cattle looks well in this part of the country and we have lots of feed if we should need it. We had a great deal of rain this fall and winter, which has hurt the grass some for winter."

The shipments of horses and mules in southern plantations for several weeks have run up to a weekly average of more than 100 cars. Nearly all these have gone to the south, where they will be used to prepare the land for spring work.

Gustave A. Jahn, who introduced Japanese rice in Louisiana, in company with several New York capitalists, will examine some rice lands between Beaumont and Houston, with a view of constructing irrigating canals and establishing large rice farms.

Texas buyers have a contract to purchase 600 additional mules for the British government, and it is expected that the last shipment will be made between the 15th and 30th of January. Four hundred mules were shipped last week from Fort Worth.

Buf. Harvick of Vaughan, Hill county, has a Durham calf that is a curiosity. One-half the calf from the middle of the face to the tail is solid white and the other half is solid red. Nothing like it has ever been seen in that section.



## Carlsbad Current.

Wm. H. MULLANE, Publisher.

CARLSBAD, N. M.

### EVENTS OF EVERYWHERE.

Much cold weather in the north. The late Evangelist Moody left no will.

Li Hung Chang has been appointed viceroy of two provinces in China.

Mrs. Emma Calson was horribly turned at Earl I. T., while attempting to smother a fire.

The Indian Territory Teachers' association held a pleasant and profitable session at Wagoner.

While mounting a horse near London Richard Croker, the New Yorker, slipped and broke a leg.

The stockholders of the Meridian, Miss., cotton mills have advanced the wages of all employees 5 per cent.

The calendar year 1900 will be marked by the statutory retirement of a number of prominent army and navy officers.

The public revenue of England for the nine months ending with December reached \$32,777,044, as against \$28,349,164 for the preceding period of last year.

William Yager, the boss of a saw-mill at Boggy, Ark., was caught in the belt of the flywheel while the machinery was in full play and was severely injured. His hip was broken.

Articles of incorporation were filed with the secretary of state of New Jersey for the Montezuma Land Company, capital \$3,000,000, to mine lead and other minerals in Mexico.

Mike Bourke, who was arrested at Savannah, Ga., on the charge of having choked his aged mother to death, was released from custody upon the verdict of the coroner's jury exonerating him.

W. T. Whitaker, of Whitaker's Orphan Home, Pryor Creek, I. T., left for Washington for the purpose of urging congress to make an appropriation for the benefit of the Whitaker Orphan Home.

Near Carney, O. T., A. Harris drilled a well for water on his farm and struck a good flow of oil at a depth of a little over 100 feet. The well has been plugged and much land is being leased for oil.

Three British prisoners who were taken at Malaga by Capt. Gordon Chesney Wilson, husband of Lady Sarah Wilson, and five other officers whose names they refuse to give, were wounded in a recent sortie from Mafeking.

Dr. Van Bloch, the Russian writer, announces that the proposed Russian war exhibit at the Paris Exposition will be omitted upon the czar's order. Conductor McCrary of the Helena-Wyane Iron Mountain route was arrested at Helena charged with taking a man stricken with small-pox into the city.

Near Numa, O. T., as Ben Anthony, aged 30 years, was attempting to draw a loaded gun from a wagon, it was discharged and the load entered his head, killing him instantly.

King Humbert of Italy proclaimed amnesty for all prisoners convicted or charged with crimes against the public security of freedom of labor, as well as political press offenses. This implies a pardon for those punished for participating in the riots that started Italy during the early part of last year.

It is announced that the historic battle house, the principal hotel in Mobile, Ala., which was opened in 1852, is to pass to Anthony Vizard and others of New Orleans by purchase of the battle house company. The price is not given, but it is in the neighborhood of \$125,000.

District Attorney Wm. B. Johnson at Ardmore, I. T., has received notice to the effect that all prisoners receiving a sentence of more than ten years would be heretofore confined in the Columbus (Ohio) prison instead of Jefferson City, Mo.

Unknown parties fired into the residence of Alfred Downs at Grove, I. T., and seriously wounded Mrs. Downs.

Capt. McC. Baker, for many years a commander of vessels of the Morgan line, hence to New York, Gulf and Cuban ports, and more recently a member of the board of United States inspectors of steam vessels, died at New Orleans, aged 52.

Two carloads of colored immigrants en route to Texas from the Carolinas and Georgia passed through Memphis a few days ago.

The navy department has been advised of the death of Commander John W. Carlin on board the Calgosa from an attack of peritonitis. He was on his way to the naval hospital at Yokohama for treatment when he died, Dec. 20 last.

United States Minister Bridgman, at Lima, has called the State department that the president of Bolivia has accepted for his country the invitation extended through the department to participate in the Pan-American exposition to be held at Buffalo this year.

## HOUSE AND SENATE

### Several Resolutions After Being Amended Were Adopted.

#### MR. MORGAN OF ALABAMA

Discussed at Great Length the Race Question in the South Before the Senate—Julia Morrison Case.

Washington, Jan. 9.—After the reading of the journal in the house yesterday Mr. Daisell of Pennsylvania, from the committee on rules, reported back the resolution introduced last week by Mr. Lutz of Ohio, for an investigation by the committee appointed to investigate the case of Representative-elect Roberts of the charges that John C. Graham, postmaster at Provo, Utah, and Postmaster Smith of Logan, Utah, were guilty of polygamous practices, with the recommendation that it pass, amended so as to provide that the investigation shall be made by the committee on postoffices and postroads, instead of by a special committee.

The resolution was passed without division.

Mr. Grosvenor of Ohio then reported from the committee on rules a resolution introduced by Mr. Lutz of Ohio for the investigation by a special committee of the action of Gen. Merriam and the militia in the Idaho mines riots and their course in preventing the employment of union miners, with the recommendation that it be so amended as to provide that the investigation shall be made by the military committee of the house instead of by a special committee. The resolution as amended was adopted without discussion.

Thursday next, after 1 o'clock, was set apart for eulogies on the life and character of Mr. Danford of Ohio, Wednesday for eulogies on the late Representative Green of Nebraska, and Friday after 2 o'clock on the life and public service of the late Vice President Hobart.

Then at 1:30 p. m. the house adjourned until Wednesday.

Washington, Jan. 9.—During a discussion yesterday of a resolution of inquiry offered by Mr. Pettigrew of South Dakota some sensational statements were made in the senate regarding the attitude of the United States toward the Filipino insurgents. Mr. Pettigrew declared that the government had attacked its allies and thereby had been guilty of the grossest treachery. This statement was resented by Mr. Lodge of Massachusetts, who declared that this government had done nothing of the kind, and that, not even remotely, had it recognized the so-called government of the Philippines.

Mr. Morgan (Dem.) of Alabama discussed at length the race question in the south, basing his remarks upon a resolution offered by Mr. Pritchard (Rep.) of North Carolina. He deemed it imperative that some course should be adopted which would prevent a repetition of the Hayes-Tilden controversy and discussed fully the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments to the constitution. He maintained that to attempt to force a black race into a social and political equality with the white race was only to clog the progress of all mankind. The speech was a strong appeal for action that would benefit both races and a defense of the new constitutions of Louisiana and North Carolina.

#### Plea of Insanity.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Jan. 9.—Expert medical testimony was introduced yesterday at the trial of Julia Morrison, for the purpose of establishing the fact that the alleged injury to her skull caused by the kick of a pony fourteen years ago would probably cause emotional insanity under such circumstances as it has been claimed by the defense preceded the killing of Leidenheimer.

The state gave notice that they would combat the plea of insanity by showing that at the hearing of Miss Morrison's application for bail, some of the experts introduced yesterday testified that Miss Morrison's unreliable mentality was due to an advanced delicate condition, which has since proven to have been not a fact. The state late yesterday afternoon began its testimony in rebuttal of witnesses who were present at the opera house when Leidenheimer was killed.

#### Broadway National Bank.

Washington, Jan. 9.—The comptroller of the currency has determined to proceed with the liquidation of the Broadway national bank of Boston, under receivership, as rapidly as possible. At the request of Cashier Curtis three weeks had been given the bank in which to effect a reorganization and reopen the institution, but owing to various complications it has been impossible to bring this about. The comptroller has now directed that the liquidation proceed without further delay.

#### Boers and British.

London, Jan. 9.—The news of the British repulse of the Boers' attack on Ladysmith is the source of immense relief to London.

Not a word of the details of the fighting has been received beyond the brief official message from Gen. Buller saying that the Boers have renewed the bombardment, showing that the Boers are still determined to capture the town.

The War Office is unable to give an approximate estimate of the British losses. The wires are blocked with the preliminary lists of the names of killed and wounded. The accounts received from Pretoria say that the fighting around Caesar's Camp and Wagon Hill was the most severe since the battle of Plevna. These points formed the key to the British position, and, in the Boer hands, would undoubtedly command Ladysmith, making the town's surrender inevitable.

From 3 a. m. Saturday to 7 p. m. the two hills to the south of Ladysmith witnessed a continuous hand-to-hand struggle with alternating successes. The British, after being three times driven off, are said to have finally succeeded in retaking the attacking laagers.

Simultaneous attacks on the other sides of Ladysmith are said to have been beaten off. The result is hailed in London with immense enthusiasm and is regarded as the long-desired turn of the tide.

As showing the anxiety of last night, one morning paper had an extra edition printed announcing the fall of Ladysmith, which was held to the last moment, expecting news of disaster before morning. White's success is expected to have a beneficial result on all the British troops at the front.

Private letters from the rank and file show that the men were losing confidence in their leaders and growing somewhat nervous about facing the Boers, who seem to be adepts at concealment.

Gen. Buller's dilatory tactics at Tugela have been freely criticized and the general expectation now is that he will get a move on.

Gen. White's position inside of Ladysmith was hardly benefited by Saturday's success. Between his casualties and the loss of ammunition his position is regarded as more desperate than ever unless Buller makes a successful forward move immediately.

The care of the wounded alone will involve a heavy call on the garrison. The general opinion in London is that Buller will soon make another attempt to cross the Tugela to rescue White. The losses on both sides Saturday must have been tremendous.

#### Plague at Manila.

Manila, Jan. 9.—The bubonic plague is yet sporadic. There have been six cases and four deaths. Preparations are being made to establish hospitals and for disinfecting and quarantining.

Great numbers of provincial natives are coming to Manila, with the result that the city is overcrowded, the increase in accommodations being inadequate, and the price necessary for food stuffs is more expensive than at any period during the last twelve years. The plague is dangerous to the overcrowded, underfed and unwashed natives and Chinamen, Americans avoiding direct contact with the disease are safe.

A force of Filipinos charged twelve men of the third cavalry who were scouting behind San Fernando de Laubon. One trooper and three horses and carabines were captured. The enemy fled.

#### Mississippi Legislature.

Jackson, Miss., Jan. 9.—At the session of the legislature yesterday, Senator Brown introduced a resolution to amend the constitution regarding the method of distributing the common school fund, which now amounts to \$350,000 annually. The resolution is designed to separate the fund between the white and black races and make the negro pay for his own education, allowing colored children only such schools as can be supported by the taxes paid by the negro race.

#### Lawton Home Fund.

Washington, Jan. 9.—The Lawton home fund is attaining noble proportions, and Gen. Corbin believes there is now in sight about \$60,000. The contributions turned in since noon Saturday or reported, amount to \$18,976, making the grand total at noon yesterday \$67,409. Gen. Corbin says there is a fund of \$10,000 in San Francisco and another of \$6000 in New York.

#### Famine in India.

New York, Jan. 9.—Latest mail advices from India aver that the situation there grows darker every week. Three millions of people are working on government relief work. The sale of children by starving parents is becoming common. Families are breaking up, each member for himself, in search of food. Abandoned children are found with frequency. It is a famine of water as well as food. Cattle are dying off by the thousands.

## DESPERATE EFFORT

### British Stormed Boers, but Were Unsuccessful.

#### RESISTANCE WAS TOO STRONG,

And in Consequence Her Majesty's Soldier Boys Were Unable to Accomplish Anything.

London, Jan. 6.—The Journal's Mafeking correspondent, telegraphing under date of Dec. 26, says:

"Our attack on Gametree, two miles from Mafeking, for the purpose of riding ourselves of the most annoying enemy, resulted in a serious repulse. At daybreak our guns opened fire and rapidly drew a reply from the Boers, whose shells burst within effective range of our troops.

"Capt. Vernon gave the signal for the British advance and his squadron moved forward. The Boer force was found to be greater than we had supposed, and the enemy concentrated such an exceedingly hot fire that the advance of Capt. Vernon was almost impossible, but by remarkable heroism and gallantry Capt. Sanford and Vernon, Lieutenants Paton, Scout and Cooke, who guided the squadrons, and a few men actually reached the sandbags of the fort, within 200 yards of the fortification. Nothing could stand up against the Boer fusillade, however, and the men who charged the enemy's works suffered terribly.

Twenty of our men lost their lives and many were wounded. Capt. Sanford was the first to fall and Capt. Vernon soon followed, being twice wounded. Paton and Vernon were killed at the bottom of the hill leading to the fort.

"The Boer sharpshooters poured a deadly fire into our men as they strove to push their way through the scrubbs surrounding Gametree.

"When the British returned under cover of an armored train so many of our men had been wounded that a suspension of hostilities at once took place. It was a disastrous sortie. "It is believed that Boer spies carried cartwheels and repaired the railroad."

#### Shot to Death.

Newport News, Va., Jan. 6.—W. W. Watt was taken from the stationhouse by a mob early yesterday morning and shot to death for criminally assaulting Mrs. T. M. Simpson, wife of an employee of the shipyard.

Watt, who was from Lynchburg, had been in the city several weeks. Late Thursday evening he went to the house of Simpson, a shipjoiner, who was at work, and criminally assaulted Mrs. Simpson. She had previously given the man something to eat, and he came ostensibly to thank her for her kindness. After the assault Watt boarded a train for Richmond, but a special local officer jumped the train as it was moving out, handcuffed the man and brought him back on the next train.

He was locked up, and at 4 o'clock yesterday morning a mob of armed men came to the stationhouse, disarmed the sergeant and at the point of revolvers made him unlock the cell where Watt was crouched, pleading for his life.

The prisoner was taken out to a strip of woods on the edge of the city, tied to a tree and shot to death.

#### Anti-Trust Case.

Washington, Jan. 6.—The case of the Waters-Pierce Oil company, plaintiff in error, vs. the State of Texas, defendant in error, involving the constitutionality of the Texas anti-trust acts of 1889 and of 1895, will likely be called for argument in the supreme court Monday afternoon.

Attorney General Smith, representing the state, and Judge George Clark, the plaintiff, are both here and will argue the case.

#### Flag Raised.

New York, Jan. 6.—The Journal's Washington special says the senate committee puts Quay from the senate. The Clark case is also heard.

The American flag has been raised on the island of Sibutu in the South Pacific, which is not included in the Paris treaty. This may cause representations from other countries.

Alaska is to be a military department. Troops are going there very shortly.

#### Applied for Release.

Cape Town, Jan. 6.—The Castle Line Steamship company, charterers of the seized steamship Mashona with bags of flour supposed to be for the Transvaal, applied to the prize court yesterday for the release of the steamship.

The court granted the release upon sufficient security and ordered the company to land the seized cargo at Port Elizabeth pending final decision.

The Republican state executive committee meets at Waco on Jan. 30.

#### Big Blast.

Richmond, Va., Jan. 6.—Richmond suffered last evening the severest fire loss it has known for years. About 3 o'clock fire broke out in the Merchants and Planters' Tobacco warehouse at Fifteenth and Carey streets, which covered about a third of a block. In it were stored 3600 hoghead of tobacco, 2600 of which belonged to the American Tobacco company, and the rest to other parties.

In an incredibly short space of time the entire inside of the building was a roaring furnace and hope of saving the structure or any of its contents was abandoned.

The flames spread cross Fifteenth street to Kingan's cold storage plant, across Carey to Carter & Ryland's commission house and rearward to a vacant machine shop building.

The damage to the last two was slight, as was that to Davenport's warehouse in the vicinity, but Kingan & Co. suffered a loss of \$30,000, fully insured. The loss on the tobacco in the Merchants and Planters' warehouse is estimated at \$350,000. The building was fully insured. Total estimated loss \$400,000; Insurance \$350,000.

#### Not Occupied.

Rensburg, Cape Colony, Jan. 6.—Columburg has not yet been occupied. The Boers unexpectedly attacked the left at daybreak Thursday morning, but were repulsed. They occupied hills at the north of the town, but were eventually driven out of their positions after an hour's shelling by the guns. They still, however, hold the hill immediately surrounding the town, preventing the British from advancing along the railway. The British loss in Thursday engagement was light, while the Boers are reported to have lost 100, including twenty prisoners, who were taken by the mounted infantry about midday.

The Boer attackers numbered 1000 men, the Inniskillin dragoons cut their way through the Boers, who were forced to retreat by a heavy artillery and musketry fire.

#### Got Prisoners.

Washington, Jan. 6.—After a silence of several days, Gen. Otis has notified the war department of the complete success of the military operations in northwest Luzon, the main object of which was to rescue the prisoners which the insurgents took with them in their flight. Although Gen. Otis does not specify Lieut. Gilmore of the United States navy in name, the wording of his message is taken to mean that the officer was among the list of rescued prisoners. Gen. Otis' message is as follows:

Manila, Jan. 5.—Col. Hare and Howse have just arrived at Vigan, northwest Luzon, with all American prisoners. Their successful pursuit was a remarkable achievement. Gens. Schwan and Wheaton now with separate columns in Cavite province. Affairs in Luzon, north of Manila greatly improved.

#### OTIS.

#### Immediate Attention.

Washington, Jan. 6.—Secretary Hay has received a cablegram from Ambassador Choate at London stating that he had an eminently satisfactory interview with Lord Salisbury relative to the seizure of American goods by British warships. Lord Salisbury listened intently to the representations on this subject made by Mr. Choate, by direction of the state department, and took them under consideration, promising voluntarily to give the matter immediate attention.

#### Receiver Asked.

Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 6.—A bill has been filed in the circuit court by Capt. F. F. Tennele against the National Building and Loan association, asking for a receiver on the ground of alleged mismanagement on the part of the company, and that it be declared insolvent. The company has an authorized capital of \$25,000,000 and a paid up capital of \$4,000,000, and is doing business all over the south.

#### Fire Raging.

Columbus, Miss., Jan. 6.—At 1:30 this morning fire is raging in the Commercial hotel block and indications are that the entire block will be destroyed. The fire was discovered at 11:30 o'clock last night in a cotton brokerage office and quickly enveloped the entire building, which is one of the handsomest in the city. The department was prompt in responding to the alarm, but seems powerless to check the progress of the flames.

#### Meet Same Time.

Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 6.—At meetings of the state central committees of the Democratic, Populist and Free Silver Republicans to-day it was agreed to hold all three state conventions to select delegates to the national convention at Lincoln, March 19. The Populist committee adopted resolutions to the effect that it believed it wise for the national Populist convention to meet at the same time and place as the Democratic convention.

#### Aged Clergyman.

The Rev. Mr. George Docker Grundy, the oldest clergyman in the Church of England, has just entered upon the sixty-second year of his pastorate at Hey, near Oldham. He was presented with the living the year after Victoria came to the throne, and although now 92 years of age is in good health and performs all the duties of his position.

You New Year's were living in 1900, didn't you?

#### England's Armored Trains.

The magnificent armored trains used by England in her war with the Boers will protect her troops in about the same way that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters drives dyspepsia from the human stomach, and then mounts guard that it does not return. The Bitters has won in every case of indigestion, constipation, liver and kidney trouble for fifty years.

Conviction should be carried home by you without fail.

#### \$100 Reward \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure takes internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of Testimonials.

Address J. C. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Love your home and all its inmates, therein.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of CHENEY'S CHILL-CHILL Tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price, 50c.

Be not generous at the expense of some one else.

#### In Winter Use Allen's Foot-Powder.

A powder. Your feet feel uncomfortable, nervous, and often cold and damp. If you have aching, sore feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Powder. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores, 25 cents. Sample sent free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Respect your country above all of the others.

#### Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, cures colic and cures all the troubles of the infant.

Reputation, like health, must be kept in good repair.

#### Reliable Help Wanted.

(Either sex.) The Humanitarian Home and Sanitarium for Invalids and the Sick, located on Galveston Bay midway between Houston and Galveston in the celebrated Coast Country of Texas. A happy trinity of pluck, brains and capital is here found at work building up a great deepwater seaport city. Extensive public work is under way including wharves, docks and water front shipping facilities. The U. S. Government is soon to deepen the channel, thus enabling the largest ocean vessels to receive and discharge cargoes at La Porte.

Do not slander either your friends or enemies.

#### NEW CROP SEEDS.

Send for our new Illustrated Catalogue of the best Seeds and Plants, specially selected and grown for the Southern Planter. For one Dollar we will send thirty-two packets choice assorted vegetable seeds, enough for the family garden, postpaid. Sixteen Packets for fifty cents. Send today to Texas Seed and Floral Co., 300 Main Street, Dallas, Texas.

Mention this paper when writing.

Fly off the handle and expect your friends to pick you up.

#### Winter Tours.

Should you desire information regarding California, Arizona, Texas or Mexico, and the long limit, low rate, round-trip tickets, sold to principal points, the various routes via which the tickets can be purchased or regarding one way first and second-class rates, through sleeping car lines, first-class and tourist, call upon or address W. G. Nelmyer, Gen'l Western Agent, Southern Pacific Co., 233 Clark St., Chicago; W. H. Connor, Com'l Agent, Chamber Commerce Bldg., Cincinnati, Ohio, or W. J. Berg, Trav. Pass. Agt., 220 Elliott St., Buffalo, N. Y.

Some people raise a row apparently to apologize.

#### "Proof of the Pudding"

##### Is in the Eating."

It is not what we say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story. Thousands of people give the proof by telling of remarkable cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla of Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Rheumatism, and all other blood diseases and debility.

#### Hood's Sarsaparilla

Never Disappoints.

PLEASE TRY

CASCARETS

REGULATE THE LIVER

25c. 50c. 1.00. 2.00. 4.00. 6.00. 8.00. 10.00. 12.00. 14.00. 16.00. 18.00. 20.00. 22.00. 24.00. 26.00. 28.00. 30.00. 32.00. 34.00. 36.00. 38.00. 40.00. 42.00. 44.00. 46.00. 48.00. 50.00. 52.00. 54.00. 56.00. 58.00. 60.00. 62.00. 64.00. 66.00. 68.00. 70.00. 72.00. 74.00. 76.00. 78.00. 80.00. 82.00. 84.00. 86.00. 88.00. 90.00. 92.00. 94.00. 96.00. 98.00. 100.00.

POTATOES \$1.20 a Bbl.

Best Seed Potatoes in America, Price \$1.20 a Bbl. New York and Chicago. For more information, send 10c. to the Potato Growers' Association, 100 N. 3rd St., St. Paul, Minn.

OVER

A. PRIESMEYER SHOES

EVERY PAIR GUARANTEED



Also Why.  
Gentle sleep descended upon the Man, and as he slept the Woman was made. When the Man awoke he saw her who was to be his companion. She spoke— "Adam," she said, "is my hair one straight?"

"No, dear," he replied, "it's just the least little bit curly."  
Thus is the antiquity of humor proven.

Under Her Thumb.  
"Na, I never have a bit of trouble with my husband," remarked the frail little woman with the intelligent face. "In fact I have him right under my thumb."

"You don't look very strong," doubtfully commented the engaged girl.  
She—Why such a hurry to marry, Jack? We're only been engaged three months.

"Yes, I know; but I am afraid you will get tired of me."

Nobody knows what a day may not bring forth.

Northwest Texas has her harvest of ice; southwest Texas has her harvest of rice—both nice.

Avoid trouble by never causing a difficulty to arise.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.  
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature on each box.

Mr. Quarter and Miss Nichols' wedding was a union of thirty cents.

You Can Get Allen's Foot-Ease Free.  
Write today to Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y., for a free sample of Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to shake into your shoes. It cures chafing, sweating, damp, swollen, aching feet. It makes new or tight shoes easy. An instant cure for Corns and Bunions. All druggists and shoe stores sell it, 25c.

Do not have a surplus of confidential friends—beware.

No cure No Pay.  
Is the way FINDLEY'S EYE SALVE is sold. Chronic and Granulated lids cured in 30 days; common sore eyes in 5 days, or money back for the asking. Sold by all druggists, or by mail, 25c. box.

J. P. HAYTER, Decatur, Texas.  
Firecrackers and their noise have left us for a time.

FIVE Permanent Cures. No pills or medicine after first day's use. Dr. King's Great Peppermint Cure for BRONCHITIS, Croup, Whooping Cough, and Asthma. Dr. R. M. ALLEN, 1241 1/2 Ave. B, Philadelphia, Pa.

Soak your feet, but never treat your watch thus.

Half a Bottle Cured Me

"About thirty years ago I bought a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor to stop my hair from falling out. One-half a bottle cured me. A few days ago my hair began to fall out again. I went to the medicine shelf and found the old bottle of Hair Vigor just as good as when I bought it."—J. C. Baxter, Braidwood, Ill., Sept. 27, 1899.

Keeps Thirty Years

Ayer's Hair Vigor is certainly the most economical preparation of its kind on the market. A little of it goes a long way. And then, what you don't need now you can use some other time just as well.

It doesn't take much of it to stop falling of the hair, restore color to gray hair, cure dandruff, and keep the hair soft and glossy. There's a great deal of good and an immense amount of satisfaction in every bottle of it.

Write the Doctor  
If you do not obtain all the benefits you desire from the use of the Vigor, write the Doctor about it. Address, Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass.

Jo-He  
The most wonderful discovery of the age and a puzzle to the medical world. Rheumatism, acute paralysis, spinal affection, stiff joints, erysipelas, eczema, yield to this oil like magic and positively cure in 8 to 30 days. Sample can 15c. 10c. postpaid. Ten thousand testimonials from all climes. Agents wanted. H. B. JONES SONS, DALLAS, TEXAS.

Carboline of Iodine Pocket Inhaler  
A guaranteed cure for Catarrh and Consumption. All druggists. \$1.25. W. H. SMITH & CO., Buffalo, N. Y. Proprietors.

CARTER'S INK  
Scientifically made—Therefore THE BEST.

PISO'S CURE FOR  
Consumption

## VANDERBILT, HERMIT

MEMBER OF FAMOUS FAMILY ON MOUNTAIN PEAK.

Lives in a Lonely Cottage and Has for His Friends Spiders and Creeping Things—He is as Happy as Can Be in His Lonely House.

Once a year old John Vanderbilt of Hexankopf, Cal., comes barefooted down the mountains to Lower Sancon, and buys a mess of coarse cornmeal.

Old John Vanderbilt went to the Hexankopf, or Witch's Head mountain, many years ago and bought a



JOHN VANDERBILT.

tumbledown brick dwelling of considerable size, which, because of its condition, was sold to him with several acres of almost worthless mountain land for \$450. It stands on the top of the mountain, screened by dense foliage from observation—though no observer ever passes that way save out of curiosity, and the nearest neighbor, Mr. William Raudabach, lives a mile away. Mr. John Vanderbilt bears well his more than 60 years. He is erect and vigorous, nearly six feet high, and bears a striking resemblance to the old Commodore Vanderbilt, of whom he is a relative. He is not a recluse; he goes often to the post-office of Iron Hill, Wassergas and Lower Sancon, receiving mail at the former office and sending it from the latter. He buys supplies and pays cash. He has mortgages on houses in South Bethlehem and receives rentals from property in New Brunswick and Bound Brook, N. J. The former town is the source of the powerful Vanderbilt family, the early home of the old commodore.

In his way John Vanderbilt is a kindly man. A great spider has spun its web across his doorway; he stoops on entering that its home may not be destroyed. A few children are his only friends, chief among these being Elmer Kunsman, son of a farmer living on the only road that approaches the place. Elmer keeps a careful look-out down the road, and when strangers approach the boy scampers through the woods to warn Mr. Vanderbilt.

Efficient Postal Service.

The annual report of the third assistant postmaster general contains strong testimony in favor of the honesty and efficiency of the postal service, writes William E. Curtis in the Chicago Record. During the past fiscal year the postmasters of the United States and their assistants handled \$196,653,544, of which \$95,021,384 was receipts from the sale of stamps, boxes, money orders, etc., and the balance was disbursed for various expenses. Of this enormous sum the entire loss to the government by burglary, fire, had debt, embezzlement and all other forms of carelessness and dishonesty was only \$19,358. I doubt if any private firm, bank or corporation, or any institution in the world that receives and disburses money, can show so good a record, and yet we keep talking about the inefficiency and corruption of the public service and other evils of partisan appointments. It may be said, too, that the customs collections and the business of the internal revenue office will show similar evidence of honesty and efficiency in our public service.

Slaves Source in Sulu.

An authority of the island of Sulu, Mr. Schuck, the only white man ever born and raised there, says there are not above 2,000 slaves all told, in Sulu. The entire population of the island is popularly estimated at 30,000 persons, though it is undoubtedly much smaller. Admitting this, only one-fifteenth of the people would actually be in servitude. It is difficult to discriminate between the slaves and the poor free men, as they appear to mingle together on terms of equality.

An exploding cannon firecracker at Roanoke, Denton county, caused Richard Cleveland to lose a thumb.

Andrew Carnegie has made Cheyenne, Wyo., a present of \$50,000 for a public library.

## AN INCUBATOR OSTRICH.

Account of the First Successful Result of This Experiment.

Out at the ostrich farm there is another curiosity and this time it is the first incubator hatched baby ostrich in the United States, says the Florida Times-Union and Citizen. For several years attempts have been made at Omaha and Los Angeles to hatch the eggs of the ostrich, but so far all attempts have been unsuccessful. The question of applying moisture has been the one problem that has troubled all breeders and the uncertainty of the bird's setting has made it necessary to use the incubator, if it should be proved possible. Some time ago Mr. Campbell had half a dozen eggs placed in an incubator, and has been experimenting ever since. When the eggs were 21 days in the incubator he broke two of them and found perfectly formed chicks, with feathers on their backs and rudimentary tail feathers sprouting. The birds were alive and are now preserved in alcohol at the showroom of the farm. Encouraged by this apparent success, he has watched the incubator, which, in turn, has nursed the eggs, and just 41 days from the time of the first experiment, one of the eggs showed signs of muscular life, and Mr. Campbell broke the shell. Immediately a claw was stuck through the inner skin of the shell, then another, and finally a whole foot appeared. Mr. Campbell waited until the afternoon, when the bird was about half-way out of the shell. Finally the head began to force its way out of the shell's inner lining, and then the incubator baby ostrich winked an eye, and he was put back in the incubator to finish the process of making his entry into the world alone. That part of the bird which was visible was perfectly formed and was covered with feathers. The foot had a claw about a quarter of an inch long. The young bird is a kicker and was making valiant struggles to get into business on its own account. Mr. Campbell's success in raising this bird in the incubator is in the nature of a valuable discovery. Many hundred dollars' worth of eggs have been wasted in experiments and if Mr. Campbell shall succeed in hatching out the eggs which are now in the incubator the discovery will be worth thousands of dollars. It has taken 42 days' careful watching. The thermometer has been kept at 110 degrees and the moisture has been applied at intervals as Mr. Campbell thought best. The proprietors of the Los Angeles farm have long ago given up experimenting with incubators, having had no success whatever, but Messrs. Pearson & Taylor of the Jacksonville farm, on hearing about the 21 day result mentioned above, immediately cabled to a London, England, concern, for an incubator of the same style and pattern as the concern is manufacturing for the farms in Cape Colony and large enough to hatch seventeen eggs at a time.

## THE HOSPITAL SHIP MAINE.

In Which American Women Will Go to South Africa as Nurses.

The hospital ship Maine, now being fitted out in London for service in the South African war, is owned by the Atlantic Transport Line, of which B. S. Baker, of Baltimore, is president. Mr. Baker has given the ship to the British government free of cost and he will personally pay the expenses of operating the vessel, which amount to \$5,000 per month. A number of American women have already sailed for England to join the Maine and to work in its service as nurses. The company will be under the direction of Miss M. E. Hubbard, among its members are Misses Virginia Ludens, Jennie A. Manly, Sarah C. McVean, and Margaret J. McPherson. The last named is a native of Maryland.



MISS M. E. HUBBARD AND THE MAINE.

land and was in the United States army service at Fort Hamilton from September, 1898, to February, 1899. The surgeons who accompanied the ladies were Drs. George E. Dodge and Harry H. Rodman, of New York, and Dr. Charles H. Weber, of Philadelphia. The fitting out of the ship is under the direction of Lady Randolph Churchill.

Pleasure is very seldom found where it is sought. Our brightest blazes of gladness are commonly kindled by unexpected sparks.—Johnson.

Andrew Carnegie has made Cheyenne, Wyo., a present of \$50,000 for a public library.

## Chick and Girl.

"Wanted on, Miss?"

"No. I wish to see some gloves."

"Gloves? Certainly! Twenty-four! Show this lady our latest trivials in gloves."

Number 24 uncovers a brown knob. "Here they are! Genuine three-button French kids. Ten-day they are advertised for \$1.90. Worth more."

"They are not exactly what I wish."

"Oh, I see! You prefer a pique glove. Examine these?"

"I did not say a word about pique gloves."

"You are right! It's my mistake. You said suede. Here they are on this case. Threelap?"

"Did you hear me say suede, young man?"

"Well, er—that is, I couldn't say exactly. You may have said suede or you may have said mocha. I think, now, you said mocha. Here they are in the latest effects. Floor-lined. Extremely comfortable. Should I wrap these up?"

"No, sir, I don't wish any mocha."

"Is it possible? Here I have been under the impression that you wished mocha gloves, and it turns out that you wish something entirely different. It just shows, miss, how we can get incorrect ideas. But at last we have a mutual understanding. You wish an astrakhan floor-lined kid? Just examine these gloves under that skylight."

"I don't wish them!"

"Don't wish these? Is it possible? Miss, did you say anything about cashmere gloves?"

"Not a word!"

"And you didn't wish to see any mittens?"

"No, I didn't!"

"Well, miss, would you please be so kind as to designate the exact style of glove you are looking for?"

"I would have done so long ago if you had only given me the chance to get in a word edgewise. I wish to look at a heavy, coarse pair of teamster's gloves. I am going to give them to our nephew as a Christmas present. He is the most accommodating nephew in the city. You just ought to meet him. But have you any gloves in that line?"

"No! Go to a tanner's and have a pair tanned to order." Then he turned on his heel and strode up to the other end of the counter.

Felt Smaller Than He Looked.

The dwarf of the new house is John L. Burnett, from Alabama. An Alabamian the other day related to a correspondent this story which will best illustrate how the diminutive member will appear to the speaker when he makes his maiden speech. Burnett, commonly known in Alabama as "the Jack of Spades," is a shrewd lawyer who has had much practice before the Alabama supreme court. The greatest embarrassment of his life was suffered when he made his debut before that dignified tribunal. He was seated behind a high table, stacked with law-books and papers, and when he arose in his turn to address the court his honors were unable to even see the top of his head above the pile. "The learned counsel," said the chief justice, rapping vigorously with his gavel, "will kindly do the court the usual courtesy of rising when addressing it." It is needless to add that Burnett felt manifold more diminutive than he looked.

A Studied Proposal.

A young lady was acting temporarily as hostess, and her time was much occupied. One of her admirers, a nervous and absent-minded lover, perceived that this would be the case, and to facilitate matters, he determined to bring affairs to a point. He didn't get a chair.

"Afterward," says the object of his ill-starred devotion, "I found this memorandum on the floor, where he had dropped it in his agitation. It reads thus:

"Mention rise in salary. Mention loneliness. Mention pleasure in her society. Mention prospects from Uncle Jim. Never loved before. Propose."

## AN APPEAL TO HUMANITY GENERALLY

We need your assistance in announcing to the world the GREATEST REMEDY that Science has ever produced, and you need our assistance to secure relief for yourself and friends through SWANSON'S "5 DROPS."

A REMEDY SUPREME  
As surely as the American Navy has conquered and will conquer all that opposes it, so will "5 DROPS" untamably conquer all diseases like Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Catarrh of all kinds, ASTHMA, Dyspepsia, Backache, Sleeplessness, Nervousness, Heart Weakness, Toothache, Earache, Creeping Numbness, Bronchitis, Liver and Kidney Troubles, etc., etc., or any disease for which we recommend it. "5 DROPS" is the name and the dose. "5 DROPS" is perfectly harmless. It does not contain Salicylate of Soda nor Opium in any form. The Child can use it as well as the Adult.

Read carefully what Mr. L. E. Smith, of El Dorado Springs, Mo., writes us under date of Nov. 27, 1899, also Martin Hovvers, of Channah, Ohio, under date of Dec. 10th, 1899:

"I do not know how to express how wonderful I think your '5 DROPS' medicine is. I was suffering dreadfully with NEURALGIA and thought for a month that I would have to die. One day a lady called in to see me and brought me an advertisement of your '5 DROPS'. I resolved to try it and sent for a sample bottle. It has saved my life. This statement is perfectly true. I shall now take pleasure in recommending your '5 DROPS' for the cure of NEURALGIA."

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Attractive Souvenirs and Free  
Chances for Success in a Game of Skill.  
Address: Walter Baker & Co., Ltd., One-Beckie, Mans.  
Poverty does not prevent you from being a gentleman.

Pico's Cure for Consumption is the best of all cough cures. George W. Lutz, Fabucher, La., August 20, 1899.

Put not prize fight matters in your "scrap" book.

National Live Stock Assn. Station and Team  
Real Estate Association  
Will hold convention at Fort Worth, Jan. 16 to 18, 1900. For these occasions the Santa Fe Route will sell excursion tickets at nominal rates. No rate higher than \$5. Tickets on sale Jan. 15 and 16. Limited Jan. 19. W. S. KEENAN, G. P. A.  
How many resolutions have you broken already?

## U. S. SENATOR ROACH

Says Peruna, the Catarrh Cure, Gives Strength and Appetite.



Hon. W. N. Roach, United States Senator from North Dakota.

Hon. W. N. Roach, United States Senator from North Dakota, personally endorses Peruna, the great catarrh cure and tonic. In a recent letter to The Peruna Medicine Company, at Columbus, Ohio, written from Washington, D. C., Senator Roach says:

"Persuaded by a friend, I have used Peruna as a tonic, and I am glad to testify that it has greatly helped me in strength, vigor and appetite. I have been advised by friends that it is remarkably efficacious as a cure for the almost universal complaint of catarrh."

Senator Roach's home address is LaPorte, North Dakota. Peruna is not a guess, nor an experiment; it is an absolute, scientific certainty. Peruna cures catarrh wherever located. Peruna has no substitutes—no rivals. Insist upon having Peruna. Let no one persuade you that some other remedy will do nearly as well. There is no other systematic remedy for catarrh but Peruna. Address The Peruna Medicine Company, Columbus, Ohio, for a free book on catarrh, written by Dr. Hartman.

## WINCHESTER

"NEW RIVAL"  
SHOTGUN SHELLS.

Loaded with Black Powder. Superior to all other brands for

RELIABILITY AND STRONG SHOOTING.

Winchester Shotguns are for sale by all dealers. Insist upon having them when you buy.

## FOR 14 CENTS

We wish to give this year's best new catalogue, such as these: 1. Big City Garden Book, 2. The Big City Garden Book, 3. The Big City Garden Book, 4. The Big City Garden Book, 5. The Big City Garden Book, 6. The Big City Garden Book, 7. The Big City Garden Book, 8. The Big City Garden Book, 9. The Big City Garden Book, 10. The Big City Garden Book, 11. The Big City Garden Book, 12. The Big City Garden Book, 13. The Big City Garden Book, 14. The Big City Garden Book, 15. The Big City Garden Book, 16. The Big City Garden Book, 17. The Big City Garden Book, 18. The Big City Garden Book, 19. The Big City Garden Book, 20. The Big City Garden Book, 21. The Big City Garden Book, 22. The Big City Garden Book, 23. The Big City Garden Book, 24. The Big City Garden Book, 25. The Big City Garden Book, 26. The Big City Garden Book, 27. The Big City Garden Book, 28. The Big City Garden Book, 29. The Big City Garden Book, 30. The Big City Garden Book, 31. The Big City Garden Book, 32. 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# IN THE FOOT OF THE MOUNTAIN

BY ROBIN GREY

## CHAPTER XIII.

Marguerite judged it best to tell Mrs. Acland all the story of her long period of mental forgetfulness, and received in return several interesting details concerning the courtship of this hateful unknown Arthur Phillips, who, it appeared, used to bring her flowers, and take her out for walks, and for whom she used to watch with intense eagerness day after day.

"I seem you more than holding him round the neck, and crying fit to break your heart; and he always seemed fond of you, too—that he did, and gentle with you as a woman would be."

"Mrs. Acland," almost whispered Marguerite, her cheeks burning with shame, "what was he like? Do you remember?"

"Oh, my dear, I ain't no hand at describing the quality. I couldn't tell you. Not right-down handsome, but looked a real gentleman."

"A real gentleman? Yes, I should think so," she answered in a tone of bitter contempt. "Mrs. Acland, this is very horrible for me to hear, but it is necessary. Tell me—this man used to come and see me every day?"

"Whenever your uncle wasn't there, my dear; and when it got to be dark, he'd take you out for a walk along the shore, and you'd be as pleased as pleased could be. You'd come a-running to me, your pretty face all aglow, and your hands stretched out, with—"

"Oh, dear Mrs. Acland, do please let Sarah dress me—she's going to take me walking." We had no bright days nor running nor jumping when your uncle was about. No, indeed! We was as mum as a mouse then, and Sarah, she used to say, "See how frightened the poor thing is of him." We was both fond of you, that was, an' he, too—this fine Mr. Phillips. Mind you take care of her, Mrs. Acland; he'd say, 'an' I'll make it worth your while."

altered strangely," was the encouraging reply.

"That's right. I will just write down your description of him to tell my lawyer. Where did you lay that marriage certificate? I shall want to show him that, too."

"Now, my dear," said Mrs. Acland, "there's what I can't help thinking'll be likely of more use to you than that marriage certificate; and I took and copied that off a letter Mr. Phillips wrote. He wrote it and left it by accident on the table while he took you out walking; and when he came in, I saw he was in a fine taking at the thought of my having seen it." She laid a piece of paper before Marguerite's eyes. "D. Brandon, Esq., High Lees, Great Woodham, Hunts."

Marguerite looked steadfastly at the address.

"You are right, Mrs. Acland," she said, with repressed excitement in her tones—"this is the very thing I have wanted." And even as she gazed at the paper her resolution was taken. She was all alone; there was no one to hinder her, no one to object. She would take the train and go and visit those scenes of her childhood.

"I believe," she murmured, "if once I stood there and saw the place before me, I should remember all about it."

## CHAPTER XIV.

It was a beautiful autumn day. The Virginia creeper on the little wayside station of Great Woodham, a mass of scarlet and gold, rustled every now and then in the light breeze. The distances melted in blue mist; the dew still lay in heavy beads on the long grass of the banks and ditches, as Marguerite stepped from the London train and looked about her with wondering, observant eyes.

She formed a very fair picture as she stood there, in a neat, well-fitting gray

already adopted such measures to be rid of her. She began to think that she was foolhardy; but, being thus far on the journey, nothing would have induced her to turn back. She walked on briskly, secure in the thought that every step was taking her farther from Clarisdale, and that there really was no chance of her being seen. As to Mr. Brandon, she did not want to see him; she wanted to see Cathie; and her remembrance of the back entrance to the house was so vivid that she felt certain that she could accomplish her object. Anyhow, she was in for it—the issue must be left to fate.

She felt the longing for certainty greater than ever. Come what might, she must ascertain who and what was Arthur Phillips, and whether he was living or dead. A letter from Bernard lay in her pocket—a letter full of Lady Mildred.

"This is such an ideal house," he wrote. "Mine shall be managed just the same. You should know Lady Mildred—in fact, you must know her. She could teach you so much, especially as regards dress—she understands the art to perfection; and, when you see her, you must take hints, though of course your style and hers are very different," etc.

The letter hurt Marguerite's feelings, though of course she owned bitterly to herself that it was true. She was absolutely ignorant of everything which Bernard Selwyn's wife should know. She paused against a stile leading into a cornfield, and sat down a minute to rest, for she had walked a couple of miles at a very rapid rate. As she sat, she heard the galloping of horses behind her on the road, and the sound of laughter and voices. Urged by an impulse she hardly understood, she climbed over the stile, and paused on the other side, hidden by the hedge, to see the riders go by. Just as they reached that part of the road they slackened to a foot-pave, and she could both see and hear distinctly. There were three young men and two girls, all well mounted and in high spirits. They were all looking behind them.

"No sign of them!" cried one of the ladies.

"My dear Miss Talbot, you won't see them again this morning; they are off as usual. Perhaps Lady Mildred is showing him the short cut to the Home Farm again!" There was evidently a joke here. They all burst out laughing.

"Selwyn is awfully hard hit, isn't he?" said one of the men.

"It will be a fine thing for the Umfraville estates," remarked another, and then the voices became indistinct as the party passed on down the lane.

Marguerite stood still. Of course she had known it all before, but it seemed notwithstanding to come upon her with a sudden shock. She bowed her head on the stile, and gave way to her trouble for a time. She did not know how long she stood there; she only knew that what roused her was the sound of horses' feet. She started and shivered, but it was too late to move. Holding on by the rough wood for support, she saw them ride slowly past—saw Lady Mildred's pale, proud face, noted the downward curve of her expressive mouth, saw Bernard riding close—ah, so close!—but could not catch the low words that he was speaking. So they passed, and it seemed to Marguerite as if the life and gladness of the sunny day passed with them. She waited till the last echo of horses' feet had died away in the distance, and then climbed resolutely back into the lane and continued her journey. She did not care for twenty Daniel Brandons now. Nothing, she thought, could ever stir her emotions again—love and fear were dead together.

"I have lived and loved," she said to herself, "and now it is all over. Others have had harder things to bear, I can bear this."

To be continued.

## TAKES A ROOM

On the Top Floor of a Hotel to Avoid the Noise at Home.

A sad-faced man with iron gray hair and a tired manner walked into a hotel, bowed to the clerk who greeted him, by name, and took the key held out to him. "High?" he asked. "Top," answered the clerk with a smile. The man wrote his name in the register and followed it with that of a popular summer town near New York. As he walked to the elevator, the clerk turned to a man leaning on the counter. "So long as the Fourth of July continues to be celebrated and that man lives," he said, "this hotel will never be without one guest on the national holiday. While everybody else is hurrying out of town, he is making his way for this hotel from his country place. He lives near a small town which has lately become the center of a fashionable country house district. He is the father of several children and a man of wealth. But he suffers from nerves. The Fourth of July is too much for them. He says that the fireworks get into working order twenty-four hours ahead of time in the country and he cannot stand the nervous wear and tear. Nor does he want to interfere with the pleasure of people who like to hear noise and smell powder. So he has come here on this day every summer for the past four years, taken a room on the top floor where he can hear nothing and passed the night and day as quietly as if it were not the day his family, friends and neighbors are celebrating."—New York Sun.

## Cradle Blankets.

Nothing is nicer for blankets for the cradle than swansdown flannel. It comes in two widths, 27 and 36 inches. The wide width is less expensive and more satisfactory.

## WARREN'S TROOPS

Nothing Has Been Heard of the Division for Ten Days.

## BOERS ARE KEEPING POSTED.

They are Fortifying Springfield on the Tazegal, Indicating that Warren is in that Direction.

London, Jan. 19.—Nothing has been heard of Sir Charles Warren's division of South African troops for ten days. The last division is known as the Fifth division, and joined Gen. Buller at Frere camp several weeks ago.

The complete absence of news concerning Gen. Warren's force, together with several significant indications, leads to the belief that he is attempting a flank movement to the westward, aiming to turn the Boers' right.

The London experts are inclined to believe that a flank movement has been undertaken, as the absolute irregularity of the Boer position at Colenso makes a frontal attack by Buller almost hopeless.

In the last dispatch regarding the Boer attack on Ladysmith Gen. Buller said he had sent his entire available force out to reconnoiter. None of Gen. Warren's troops were included in the list, so the latter must be somewhere else.

The Boers evidently knew of Warren's movements, for they are fortifying Springfield on the Tazegal, to the westward of Colenso, indicating that Warren is in that direction.

All signs point to an attempt to send a strong force to make a circuitous march in the hope of relieving Ladysmith from the west. Leading north-west from Estcourt toward Harrismith one of the main highways leading into the Orange Free State intersects with two good roads leading into Ladysmith.

Such a movement would require a march of fifty miles and would necessitate Warren to cut loose from his base. The position of Ladysmith, however, is so desperate that drastic measures may be necessary to save it.

The speculation about Warren is, of course, mere conjecture owing to the complete censorship, but military experts agree that Buller cannot sit idly by and see Ladysmith fall without taking desperate steps to relieve the place.

## DIXON KNOCKED OUT.

Ripley, Tenn., Jan. 19.—Marvin Durham and W. D. Turner, officers of the peace, were yesterday morning shot to death while in the discharge of their duty by two negroes. A throng of 1,200 people are in pursuit of the murderers, and a double lynching is expected to follow their capture, as the community is horrified and exasperated by the unprovoked crime. Turner was a constable in the district in which the killings took place, and had deputized Durham to assist him in making the arrest of a negro named "Gingery," who was wanted for failure to obey the vaccination laws, which have been enforced with considerable rigor of late on account of the prevalence of sporadic cases of small-pox in this vicinity. They had the negro under way, bringing him to this city, when they were overtaken by two other negroes, brothers of the prisoner, who, without warning, fired from the rear, shooting both the officers in the back of the head and producing instant death in both cases.

## Race Trouble Feared.

Columbia, S. C., Jan. 19.—Last Saturday at Pinewood, on the Atlantic Coast line, Conductor Hursey shot and instantly killed a negro train hand, Lewis Horton, who was advancing in a threatening manner upon the conductor. The negroes at Pinewood became disturbed, and the white people, who are in a great minority, are in fear of violence. Conductor Hursey has been committed to jail at Manning.

Yesterday A. L. Burkett of Pinewood wired Senator Appel for twenty rifles and 2000 rounds of ammunition, as an uprising is feared. Gov. McSweeney wired Sheriff Abraham to proceed to Pinewood with a posse, and Capt. W. L. Lee was ordered to have his company, the Sumter Light Infantry, sleep on arms, ready to proceed to Pinewood at any moment.

The Johnson county grand jury found ninety-eight true bills.

## Moving the Cargo.

New Orleans, La., Jan. 19.—The Galveston portion of the cargo of the Wilbore, consisting of 11,000 bags of coffee, from forty to forty-five cars, started from New Orleans to Galveston by rail over the Southern Pacific yesterday. It was doubtful for some time whether Texas would admit the coffee, even after fumigation at New Orleans, but it is now understood that the Galveston portion going by rail will be admitted.

## DIXON KNOCKED OUT.

New York, Jan. 19.—Terry McGovern last night wrested the featherweight championship of the world from George Dixon who had defended it for nearly nine years. To save Dixon from a knockout, Tom O'Rourke, his manager, threw up the sponge in the eighth round, when the negro was staggering helplessly, bleeding and weak, but as game as the dying gladiator. The fight took place before a crowd that packed the Broadway Athletic Club, and the victory decided the ownership of a \$10,000 purse. When Dixon and McGovern stepped onto the scales yesterday afternoon to make the necessary 118 pounds Dixon seemed to be in the better condition. He was full of life and energy and looked as if the making of the weight had not troubled him, while McGovern seemed to be too finely drawn. When they stepped into the ring, however, McGovern's face showed no traces of a rigid training course and as soon as they stripped to the buff each looked in perfect condition.

Dixon from the first tap of the gong was on the aggressive, using a left swing invariably as his lead, while McGovern cleverly stepped inside of it, and Terry sent both hands in rapid order to Dixon's lower works. McGovern's attack on the body was a surprise to Dixon, as no boxer who ever faced the negro was able to land on the wind, ribs and kidneys as did McGovern last night.

Dixon jarred McGovern half a dozen times during the battle with hard cracks on the head or jaw, but Terry was always smashing back at his man in a jiffy, relentlessly smashing with either hand to the ribs or stomach. The seventh round was a disastrous one for Dixon. Terry almost broke Dixon's nose in this round after he had sent a right hand smash which landed over George's heart, and Dixon staggered to his corner with the blood spouting effowchmfewydnoipollnulled spouting from his nasal organ. Dixon came up as game as ever a man did in the eighth round, which proved to be the last. A few seconds before the round would have been completed Dixon stood up from his eighth fall, but his manager and backer, Tom O'Rourke, seeing that it was impossible for the negro to hold on to his title, threw up the sponge within one second of the call of time, which would have ended the round. In this O'Rourke showed good judgement. Both he and Dixon have often said that the latter would never be knocked out.

When O'Rourke threw up the sponge Dixon was practically helpless. While McGovern was hailed with vociferous cheers as the winner and was cheered and cheered again as the new champion, Dixon, the ex-champion, was not forgotten. Round after round of cheers were given for the lad who had defended the title so cleverly for nearly nine years, as he left the ring, bleeding and beaten, after having probably fought his last ring contest.

Dixon felt his defeat very keenly and had very little to say except that McGovern was the best man he had ever met and that Terry could have beaten in his present condition any man that Dixon ever defeated.

At Cleburne the Santa Fe railway has put in a whistle 6 feet 2 inches long and 15 inches in diameter at the machine shops. When it first blew at 6 o'clock in the morning many citizens hurriedly rushed out of their houses, thinking Gabriel was blowing the Judgment day horn.

Joe Survant was shot and killed near his home at Ennis the other day.

## Cabinet Meeting.

Washington, Jan. 19.—At the cabinet meeting yesterday the subject of alleged corner in hemp was discussed in accordance with the numerous requests which have been received to open a number of ports in the Philippines for the exportation of hemp to the United States. It seems to be the settled policy of the government to open the Philippine ports as rapidly as troops can be sent to garrison them.

Secretary Gage explained the letter which he will send to congress to-day in answer to resolutions regarding the deposits of the government funds in national depositories.

It was announced that Surgeon General Van Reypen would represent the navy department at the International Congress of Hygiene, to be held at Paris in June next, and that the agricultural department will be represented by Dr. De Schweinitz, the chief of the bio-chemie division.

## Cause Excitement.

Mobile, Ala., Jan. 19.—Much excitement exists in Milton, Fla., but as the town is patrolled by thirty armed men, the conservative people believe there will be no more trouble there. Saturday night a number of unknown men went through the streets firing into houses, but no person was hurt by the bullets. Sunday the town was as quiet as a churchyard. No church services were held either day or night, in order to prevent the assembling of crowds.

## Trinity River Navigation.

Fort Worth, Tex., Jan. 19.—The first meeting of the membership of the Fort Worth board of trade in its new and permanent quarters was held last night, and the attendance was large and representative.

The session was a most important one in that the greater portion of the two hours was consumed in a discussion and taking action on a matter of vital importance to Fort Worth and Dallas as well.

It was a consideration of the navigation of the Trinity river. President Waples, in an earnest address, stated that from recent action taken by the business people of Dallas it appeared that a strong, determined effort would be made to secure deep water for Dallas, thereby enjoying water competition.

He said that if Dallas could obtain deep water that Fort Worth stood on the same footing with that city and was consequently entitled to the navigation of the Trinity.

Continuing, he said among other things that if Dallas was willing to work to that end, and he believed that it was, because he had assurances from Mr. C. A. Keating to that effect, then Fort Worth was ready to join hands in securing an appropriation from congress for this purpose.

Mayor Paddock spoke for some minutes on the subject, and insisted that Fort Worth should receive proper consideration in the matter. He desired the co-operation of Dallas in securing the navigation of the Trinity, but said that if such co-operation could not be secured, Fort Worth should go to its representatives in congress and insist upon its claims.

He declared that it was a matter of the gravest importance to the city, and said that it would work an irreparable injury to this city if Dallas secured deep water and Fort Worth was denied it, when the conditions were similar.

A motion prevailed that a committee of five be appointed to confer with the Dallas Commercial club on this subject, and President Waples stated that this committee would be announced later.

President Waples was authorized to send a committee to Waco at the meeting of the State Republican executive committee and make an effort to secure the Republican convention to nominate national delegates.

## Struck by Lightning.

Georgetown, Tex., Jan. 19.—The weather for the last six days has been wet, much rain falling all the time, and yesterday morning at 5 o'clock the regular thunder storm. Lightning struck the house of Mr. Purney Hoyie and ran along the railing to the bed in which Mr. and Mrs. Hoyie were sleeping, splintered the two posts and let the bedding down on the floor, rendering them unconscious for a few minutes.

Mrs. A. M. Garrett, sister of T. C. Richey of this place, died very suddenly on Friday night. She was unusually cheerful at supper and until 10 o'clock, when she retired. At 10:30 she awoke the family, and in half an hour she was a corpse. Heart failure was the cause of her death. Deceased came to Texas from Tennessee in 1859 and was 79 years of age.

## Bold Robbers.

Sherman, Tex., Jan. 19.—Yesterday morning it was discovered that the clothing establishment of Gregory, Wheat & Shney had been burglarized again during the night. Less than a week ago burglars entered through a rear window and stole goods to the amount of about \$150. Then the entrance was plainly made through a vacant pane in the sash of a rear window. Monday night the heavy iron-covered shutters had been pried open with some strong iron lever, while a hole had been broken through a glass in the top sash and the latch slipped so the sash could be raised.

Several piles of clothing had been badly taken from display counters. One overcoat was missed, but as were two pairs of rubber overshoes, but the most serious loss was made upon the hats, of which at least thirty-five are known to be gone. In rear yard there were fresh wagon tracks, and it looks very much as if a cart had been backed up to the rear of the building and deliberately loaded with goods.

Henry F. Payson, 55 years of age, living near Point Clinton, O., was found frozen to death in a wagon road between that place and Oak Harbor. He was driving home during the night, was overcome by the cold and fell from his wagon and perished.

## Dawes Commission.

Denham, Tex., Jan. 19.—Congressman Curtis has requested the members of the Dawes commission to meet in Washington Jan. 15. The affairs of the Territory will be thoroughly discussed at this meeting with a view to arranging with Chairman Sherman of the committee on Indian affairs for such legislation as to cover the needs of the Territory. Members of the Dawes Commission have gone to Washington.



"MIND YOU TAKE CARE OF HER, MRS. ACLAND," HE'D SAY.

—which, to say truth, he did, though I've always regretted I listened to him over store, an' it laid heavy on my conscience, my dear."

Marguerite wrung her hands. Oh, to be a man—a man, that she might be revenged on the base wretch who took advantage of her helpless innocence! "You must be able to give me some idea of what he looked like," she cried—"something more definite than your opinion that he was a gentleman!"

"Well, I'll tell you this much—he was a tall man, slender and not much color."

"Was he dark or fair?"

"Fair"—promptly.

"Tall and fair and blackhearted!" murmured Marguerite. "Oh, how I hate him! Do you say he used to bring me flowers, Mrs. Acland?"

"My dear, the most beautiful! You was so fond of flowers. I remember now the sorts he used to bring you—always red and yellow roses and heaps of fern."

Marguerite's eyes instinctively wandered to the table, where her sumptuous morning's instalment of flowers was ranged in a large bowl. Red and yellow roses! A strange coincidence. For a moment the wild idea crossed her mind that the unknown sender of these flowers might be her husband. Red and yellow roses at once lost their charm. She turned away from them with a gesture of disgust.

"Oh, Mrs. Acland," she exclaimed, "you don't know how dreadfully miserable I am! I don't know what to do. Was any one ever in such a dreadful position—neither married nor single?"

"Ay, and well—a sweetheart of your own, to—'I'll be bound," said Mrs. Acland sympathetically.

The sudden flush upon the girl's face answered her.

"Dear, dear, I do feel sorry for you, poor child!" said the woman, whose pity exasperated Marguerite.

"Mrs. Acland," she asked abruptly, "should you know this—this Phillips again if you saw him?"

"That I should, my dear, unless he's



## LOCAL.

Regular services at the M. E. church tomorrow.

Claud Atkins of Pecos is now employed in the Parlor saloon.

Gen. A. Starkweather was down Monday night from Amarillo.

B. P. Patterson the horseman from near the point of the Guadalupe was in town this week.

L. W. Holt accompanied by his nephew, Wm. L. Holt, married at Hotel Schlitz Saturday night.

Heavy rain fell Monday and Tuesday nights and no doubt, filled up all the water holes on the range.

A revival meeting at the Methodist church will be held next week with a noted revivalist at the helm.

Attorney J. O. Cameron departed for Santa Fe Thursday morning to attend the January term of the territorial supreme court.

"A secret of success; a help to make life worth living" is the Sunday evening subject for young men and women at the Baptist church.

Rev. C. L. Ewing, of Van Alstyne, Texas, will preach in the Presbyterian church to-morrow morning and evening. All are cordially invited.

Mrs. Flee and daughter, mother and sister of Mrs. W. P. McIntosh Jr., are spending the winter on the Holles farm with Mr. and Mrs. McIntosh.

Back Stobaugh received a telegram Thursday from Colorado City, Tex., announcing the death of his sister Mrs. W. F. Smith of that place. He left Thursday.

Mr. Smock, who has been with the firm of Freeman & Cameron for some time as stenographer, will depart with his family shortly for North Carolina his former home.

Misses Roxey Perry and Laura Guyse, of Roswell, married at Hotel Schlitz Saturday night en-route back to Stanton, Texas, where they will attend sister's school the coming term.

Prof. Willis Cadwell of the Mexican school, gave his pupils a treat Thursday evening in the shape of a Christmas tree. 'Twas a little late but appreciated just the same by the pupils and those who attended.

D. A. Starkweather and wife, formerly Mrs. Mary B. Sharp of this place, met many old friends Friday night while en-route to Pecos to meet Malin, Mrs. Starkweather's little girl who has been at school in Chicago for about a year.

Sherrill Stewart last week appointed Ed King his chief deputy. Mr. King has been a resident of the town since its first inception and has always borne a good reputation. He has assisted in arresting several bad characters and is quite competent on that score.

The citizens and members of the Eddy County Hospital Association are requested to meet at the Union Club-rooms Monday evening, Jan. 22. This meeting is for the purpose of electing a new board for the coming year and examine reports of the past year. All citizens are requested to attend.

Charley Staples, the carpenter, was taken dangerously ill the first of the week from what is believed to be alkaline poisoning received from drinking milk from a cow that afterward died from eating frozen salt grass and the mineral salts, alkali etc. This disease is said to be quite common-winters and in the fall when rain brings the minerals to the surface. The cow Mr. Staples was poisoned from, was brought to town by Charley Lewis who sold some of the milk before he knew she was effected. As last accounts Mr. Staples was no better.

Frank Joyce of the firm of Joyce, Bruck & Co., and D. W. Gerhart had a personal encounter in the latter's shop Monday. Jno. G. McKee refereed the fight. He says if Joyce could keep out of Gerhart's affectionate embrace that he could easily escape punishment for he is longer in the reach and can run a good race. Gerhart states that he told Joyce what he thought of him because he (Joyce) presented a small bill to Mrs. Gerhart before calling at the shop where it was promptly paid when presented. Both belligerents paid small fines.

Deputy Sheriff Dilla and Foreman Settle of the -V ranch, stopped over night, arriving Monday, en-route to Roswell with five horse thieves who were captured by Mr. Settle in Water Canon fifteen miles west of Socorro. The thieves stole ten head of horses from the -V ranch and pulled out some two weeks ago. They were followed by Mr. Settle and located in Water Canon. Mr. Settle then secured six men, among them the sheriff of Socorro county. A Mexican with the thieves pulled his Winchester as the party approached and was killed by a volley from Mr. Settle's party though the Socorro sheriff was too scared to shoot. The balance of the party were named Brock, Edginton, King and two brothers named Simmons. They gave up in Settle who, with Deputy Lucius Dilla, brought the prisoners home. Foreman Settle is entitled to much credit for running the thieves down and they will probably go to Santa Fe for a term. Horse stealing is becoming too common, especially white horses are in cheap.

## Baptist Minister.



Herman J. Powell, the new acquisition of the Carlsbad Baptist church, arrived Friday evening of last week and preached Sunday for the first time. Mr. Powell is from Ionia, Mich., and was educated in the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor and the theological schools of Newton Center (Boston) Mass., and Morgan Park, Ill. He was pastor for two years at Creston, Ia., and for over two years at Joliet, Ill., which latter he resigned on account of ill health, leaving Joliet in 1897. Since then he has been recruiting on his father's farm in Michigan and on the Pacific coast and in Colorado. He is hopeful that the climate here may benefit his health and complete a cure which is apparently commenced.

All not members of other churches are invited to worship with the Baptist people to-morrow.

Bible school 10 a. m.

Public worship and preaching 11 a. m. 7 p. m., evening sermon, especially for young men and women.

The Bank of Carlsbad presents its second annual statement to the public this week. The bank is shown to be in a very flourishing condition as compared with a year ago though; the general business of the town has fallen off the deposits have increased from \$68, 028.69 to \$95,677.84. Loans and discounts from \$41,056.92 to \$65,919.25. The bank is probably the best conditioned institution in this section and is in the hands of a man who acts with caution at all times and who will take but few chances. Funds in the Bank of Carlsbad are as safe as if in the U. S. Treasury at Washington.

L. O. Fuller of the Argus has been confined to his bed for over a week with paralysis or rheumatism. Not being able to move but has little pain. It is to be hoped he will be out again soon.

## Bladen Ramsey Shot.

News reached Ozona by the Sheffield mail Tuesday night that Henry Green had shot Bladen Ramsey at a dance at the school house in Sheffield, Monday night, Dec. 22. The particulars as we learned there are as follows: At the close of the dance and after nearly every one had left the house except Bladen and a few more Henry Greene came back to the house and started in with a Winchester drawn and began cursing, when Bladen asked him not to curse or shoot in the house as it was not right. Henry replied that he had just as soon shoot him as not and throw his gun drawn and shot. Bladen caught the gun and threw it up as it went off, but not in time, for the ball hit him in the left shoulder, breaking his collar-bone and arm and passing through the upper part of his lung, coming out in about two inches of his back-bone. After he had shot with his Winchester Henry then drew his pistol and tried to shoot Bladen again, when some one near by caught him. Bladen was unharmed and had no idea of a difficulty that night especially with Henry Green, for he had never before had any trouble with him and considered him a friend. After Bladen was shot he staggered around the room and fell bleeding from the mouth, nose and wounds very badly but was soon removed to the Shaw hotel where his wounds were dressed by Dr. Austin, of the T. S. ranch. As soon as the news reached

**Piano**

For Sale on easy payments in a first-class instrument.

Enquire at this office.

Ozona that Bladen had been shot Dr. Taylor left immediately for Sheffield and brought Bladen to Ozona and placed him at the residence of Jeff Moore where he made a thorough examination of the wound and at present we are glad to report him doing very well. Mrs. Ramsey and Miss Emma, mother and sister of the wounded man, arrived Sunday night from Uvalde and will remain until Bladen recovers. Bladen Ramsey is known all over this western country as being a quiet, peaceable man, and we call it pretty tough for a man like him to be shot down in such a manner as that. Last accounts Henry Green was still running at large—Ozona Nick.

Bladen is a brother of Ed Ramsey, manager of the Hata, who received a letter yesterday from Bladen stating he was fast recovering and also that Henry Green had been captured but denied doing the shooting intentionally. However, Green's attempt to draw his revolver after shooting Ramsey with a Winchester, proves the contrary.

## FROM THE FORKS OF THE CRICK.

By E. Phoebe Under, I. L. D.

### PERSONAL.

Maj. Tom Woerner, of Tucson, Ariz., standing high in mining circles, in that state, came in Tuesday night on a visit to see his mother and brothers, Will, Ed and John. He is a broad gauged intelligent man and full of business. His visit is more of a family reunion and for recreation, but he has an eye to the possibilities and future of Carlsbad. The town and people generally will be only too glad to proffer a royal welcome to such gentlemen.

Cal, Fuller and some others of Midland were here this week. They all look natural and seem to think that Carlsbad is the proper town.

Quinton Arizona Robertson, of the Hata, came in Tuesday to round up and cut out a few choice cattle.

Om Paul Stronski, owner of "all dem sheeps" a few miles from town is here at the Forks for a few days on business.

Hyam Garrett and Price Henry are up at the forks with about 10,000 mutton, which they will ship later on.

Room Molt of Midland was here this week looking into the Alfalfa farm recently purchased by the Judge of Mr. Bryant Room, is to be manager with headquarters at the Forks.

### POLITICAL.

Jim Stephen Hogg is banqueting along with Billie Bryan up in New-Braley, Chicago and elsewhere. Jim Stephen don't want office though.

Strenuous efforts are being made to get in a pup as running mate for Bryan. This being accomplished, won't we have a howling campaign though.

So far Mr. Kinley has not given his views on when the new century begins 1900 or 1901. Of course Bryan will patiently wait and take the other year.

A good round smooth 100 cent dollar is good enough for any country. Boys,

## the practice

of charging all that the article will bear is not our way of doing.

Dependable drugs at reasonable prices have made our business grow to its present magnitude.

The character of the drugs and the amount of labor required to prepare them regulate the cost of each prescription. If anything is to be saved, the customer gets it.

## EDDY DRUG Co.

be careful how you monkey with the financial band-wagon. The thing may be loaded.

Mr. Unum has been one of the unfortunates, dyed in the wool democrats all his life—rocked in a democratic cradle sucked democratic milk from his sainted mother's breast; but when he compares the financial and commercial conditions of the country, under the respective administrations of Cleveland and McKinley, he feels like the boy the calf run over, "not a word to say."

Brigham M. Roberts the Mormon congressman elect, is in a stew. He will lose his seat in the lower house and two of his wives have fallen out with the third, for she introduced Brigham as "my" husband when she should say, "our" husband. Truly the way of the transgressor is hard.

### BLOOD ON THE MOON.

True Lieut. Gilmore and party, together with all the American prisoners, have been rescued by our troops in the Philippines, but why don't they rescue Aggie? He is the other fellow they are after. If newspaper reports are true, our army has already won enough battles to subjugate three such Archipelagos.

America, like Bogland is by the bores has certainly underestimated the numerical strength as well as the fighting proclivities of the Philippine insurgents. There is about as much bulldozing and oppression in the one war as the other.

Porto Rico, is to be Americanized and will hereafter be spelled and pronounced Puerto Rico (P'erto Resko). O well, I will try and stand the strain up here at the Forks, if those Islanders can stand it. Puerto Rico is all right, if it quarantines against the hydra headed octopus, or something like that.

At nearly ever dash out of the box, the Boers defeat the British. Just the reverse is happening with the war in the Philippines both still drag their slow length along, plodding, mauling, murdering and plundering. Both Americas and

England two leading civilized nations to day play their respective roles, in this despicable category.

Grim slough mares, dread end of war? Two years have rolled her bloody car, throughout the land, and in her train Lie hundreds of patriots, slain. The spring that moved those steady two, seemed born from the dark shades below; To conquer, and to subjugate, To conquer or exterminate! As a words wrote on their flag, The enemies own, bear simply these: "Let us alone!"

Miss Tammy Brownrigg who resided here with her mother for two years will be married in Marshall Tex., to Mr. Frank Norton, Jan. 25.

### These British Victories.

How inspiring they are, according to first dispatches.

Several British killed, to be sure, but the estimates of Boer losses are appalling. And the "gallantry of our troops" is simply splendid.

Later dispatches show British losses considerably heavier than at first estimated, and the Boers still in pursuit.

And finally we learn officially that the English are shut up in Lady Jones or Mrs. Smith, or some other absurd town, and their reinforcements cut off. It is generally at this stage that the Boers are accused of violating flags of truce, shooting at hospitals and murdering prisoners.

We have had the same experience in the Philippines. For about a year Aguinaldo has been on the point of capture from day to day and his fifteen hundred followers have been deserting by thousands.

All of which seems to indicate that the Anglo Saxon is not a skilful liar. Life.

W. A. Finlay, of Roswell, sold his lumber yard this week to the Burton-Lingo Co.

J. E. Lavery this week received a patent oil case of the latest pattern. The case holds sixty-five gallons of oil with self-registering gauge, patent pump and self-measuring apparatus where any desired amount of oil may be drawn, the pump measuring the oil.

### Hope Happenings.

School at the lower house in this community reopened with 37 pupils in attendance. Our teacher, J. W. Rutledge, spent the holidays at his old home in Karnes county Tex. and reports an enjoyable time. He says all southern and southwestern Texas has had the best rains that it has had for the last ten years.

Our people at Hope are putting the lumber on the ground to build the Methodist church and a parsonage.

Prof. Ellis of the upper community attended preaching here last Sunday.

Brother Hensar delivered a good sermon to his congregation last Sunday which was much appreciated by his hearers.

Mr. Gilbert O'Neal and wife spent several days at Seven Rivers this last week.

Mr. Robert Cole and others will make a trip to Carlsbad this week in order to get the balance of the lumber to make the parsonage.

Wedding bells are beginning to chime in this community and there may be a ceremony performed ere long.

The Pratt farm has been sold to a Mr. Hall of Texas.

Mr. Tom Blakely has rented the F. B. place and has moved in. He will plant a large crop of corn.

Ed Robinson has rented P. C. Smith's place and has begun to break the soil.

Misses Lola and Letha Gage entered the public school at the lower house and will attend the balance of the year.

### TAMOSHANTER.

The Eddy lodge, Knights of Pythias, installed their new officers; Thursday night of last week, too late for the Argus of Friday morning as follows: L. Anderson, C. C. J. B. Harvey, V. C. A. R. O'Quinn prelate; John T. Bolton, K. of R. and S. M. P. Kerr, M. of E. B. G. Stearns, M. of F. J. P. McMillan, M. of W. J. J. Rasey, Jr., M. A.; W. L. McEwan, I. G. C. M. Whichey, O. G.

## ROOMS FOR RENT

The Best Rooms in Town, Location and Price Considered.

## CURRENT & OFFICE

Strangers can do better than call and get prices all same.

At nearly ever dash out of the box, the Boers defeat the British. Just the reverse is happening with the war in the Philippines both still drag their slow length along, plodding, mauling, murdering and plundering. Both Americas and

Lost—Bay horse, 5 years old, white right hind foot, with saddle and bridle on. Finder please return, or notify me at Stegman, N. M. and receive suitable reward.

E. F. WEDDELL.

## Windmills!

## Eclipse and Star.

Well Casing and Piping.

Tin and Galvanized . . . Iron Work.

Galvanized Iron Cisterns built to order. Give us a call and get our prices.

## Tracy & McEwan.

### REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

### Bank of Carlsbad,

In the Territory of New Mexico, at the close of business, January 4th, 1900.

RESOURCES.	
Loans	\$50,945.25
Overdrafts	22.15
Expenses, furniture and fixtures	2,907.50
Real interest and exchange	844,275.05
Cash and night exchange	11,699.00
Call discounts	55,755.00
U. S. stamps	105.98
	\$125,677.84
LIABILITIES.	
Capital	\$50,000.00
Deposits	95,677.84
Interest deposits	00.00
	\$125,677.84

The above statement is correct.

H. J. HAMMOND, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 4th day of January, 1900.

J. L. EMERSON, Notary public within and for Eddy county.

### The Great Presidential Campaign of 1900.

The wars of America have, heretofore, settled affairs of state. Great questions of policy, of national motives and national conclusions have been answered as soon as the battle smoke cleared away, and the victor realized his victory. The war with Spain is unlike its predecessors. It has not answered questions, but has created problems which may not be solved lightly. These problems are being formulated by the political parties, and before they can be definitely settled at the ballot box it is necessary that the people be informed in regard to the situation. The result of the campaign of 1900 will make a broad mark upon the page of history; it will doubtless establish the policy of the great Republic of America for a quarter of a century. It is vastly important, therefore, that every citizen shall study the situation through that best of mediums, a good newspaper. The most reliable newspaper, the best newspaper, is The Semi-Weekly Republic, which affords a comprehensive view of the political situation in all its bearings. It publishes the new news. The Semi-Weekly Republic is a Democratic paper, but it offers to its readers the news regarding all the political parties, and this without prejudice. It is a fair newspaper. Its telegraph and cable news service has been proved to be the best employed by a modern paper. Its special features are unsurpassed. It is the newspaper for the reader who has not access to a daily paper.

News features art and literature combine to make The Republic's Sunday Magazine a specially attractive weekly magazine. The half-tone illustrations printed in this magazine surpass any thing ever attempted by a newspaper. These products of photograph are worth the price of the paper. Special articles by trained writers on the news and the subjects engaging the public attention are prepared for The Republic's Sunday Magazine. A distinctly useful and attractive feature of this magazine is the fashion department. Always reliable and up to date, the ladies find the fashion page a delight. Indeed, The Republic's Sunday Magazine appeals to every member of the family. The subscription price of the Semi-Weekly Republic is \$1.00 per year. The Republic Sunday Magazine \$1.25 per year. Both papers are now being offered at the very low price of \$1.50 for one year. To secure this low rate both must be ordered and paid for at the same time. Address all orders to THE REPUBLIC, St. Louis, Mo. or call at this office and subscribe without trouble or expense of sending amount.

### Notice—Timber Culture.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Alamosa District, New Mexico, N. M., January 4, 1900. Wm. H. C. Day, Comptroller having been entered at this office by Alamosa District against Wm. H. C. Day for failure to comply with law as to timber culture entry No. 41 dated June 7th, 1900, upon the 1/2 of the 20, and the 1/2 of the 20 quarter, section 12, township 13 north, range 20 east, in Eddy county, New Mexico, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, consistent with the law in any year since said entry was made, is that the land has not been planted or cultivated, or any part of the same, that the land is still in its natural state, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 4th day of March, 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.

HOWARD LELAND, Register.

First publication Jan. 13, 1900.

## \*SANTA FE ROUTE\*

THE SHORT LINE TO

Chicago, St. Louis and Kansas City

No Transfers from El Paso or Fort Worth.

Ask for Time Cards and Maps of Your Nearest Agent, or write

F. B. HOUGHTON  
D. F. and P. A.,  
El Paso, Texas

J. W. BLACK  
Gen'l. Pass. Agent,  
Topeka, Kansas

ON AND AFTER OCT. 10

**THE GREAT T. & P.**

**"SUNSET LIMITED,"**

ONE OF THE

**FINEST TRAINS IN THE WORLD**

WILL RUN SEMI-WEEKLY EACH WAY TO

**LOS ANGELES**

**SAN FRANCISCO,**

ALSO TO

**St. Louis & Chicago**

VIA

**TEXAS & PACIFIC RY.**

Through Dallas and Ft. Worth.

**THE FASTEST TIME EVER MADE.**

**A Palace on Wheels.**

See nearest ticket agent for further particulars.

**E. P. TURNER, G. P. & T. A.,**

**DALLAS.**



## Amounting to \$25.00 and Over.

### Delinquent Tax List, 1890.

[illegible]

Owner	Description	Bk or Sec	Tp.	R	Tax	Pen- alty	Total
Luckey, A. ....	SW 30	18	2	27			
	NE 30			27			
	SE 30			27			
	NE 30			27			
	W 1/2 SE 30	2	27	34.61	700.00		351.11

[illegible]

Owner	Description	1880	1881	1882	1883	1884	1885	1886	1887	1888	1889	1890	1891	1892	1893	1894	1895	1896	1897	1898	1899	1900	1901	1902	1903	1904	1905	1906	1907	1908	1909	1910	1911	1912	1913	1914	1915	1916	1917	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100	2101	2102	2103	2104	2105	2106	2107	2108	2109	2110	2111	2112	2113	2114	2115	2116	2117	2118	2119	2120	2121	2122	2123	2124	2125	2126	2127	2128	2129	2130	2131	2132	2133	2134	2135	2136	2137	2138	2139	2140	2141	2142	2143	2144	2145	2146	2147	2148	2149	2150	2151	2152	2153	2154	2155	2156	2157	2158	2159	2160	2161	2162	2163	2164	2165	2166	2167	2168	2169	2170	2171	2172	2173	2174	2175	2176	2177	2178	2179	2180	2181	2182	2183	2184	2185	2186	2187	2188	2189	2190	2191	2192	2193	2194	2195	2196	2197	2198	2199	2200	2201	2202	2203	2204	2205	2206	2207	2208	2209	2210	2211	2212	2213	2214	2215	2216	2217	2218	2219	2220	2221	2222	2223	2224	2225	2226	2227	2228	2229	2230	2231	2232	2233	2234	2235	2236	2237	2238	2239	2240	2241	2242	2243	2244	2245	2246	2247	2248	2249	2250	2251	2252	2253	2254	2255	2256	2257	2258	2259	2260	2261	2262	2263	2264	2265	2266	2267	2268	2269	2270	2271	2272	2273	2274	2275	2276	2277	2278	2279	2280	2281	2282	2283	2284	2285	2286	2287	2288	2289	2290	2291	2292	2293	2294	2295	2296	2297	2298	2299	2300	2301	2302	2303	2304	2305	2306	2307	2308	2309	2310	2311	2312	2313	2314	2315	2316	2317	2318	2319	2320	2321	2322	2323	2324	2325	2326	2327	2328	2329	2330	2331	233
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Owner	Description	Acq. Date	Pr.	R.	Tax	Pr. Amt	Total
Knight, Geo A.....	lot 100 original Eddy	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 101	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 102	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 103	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 104	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 105	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 106	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 107	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 108	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 109	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 110	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 111	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 112	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 113	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 114	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 115	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 116	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 117	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 118	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 119	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 120	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 121	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 122	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 123	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 124	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 125	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 126	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 127	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 128	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 129	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 130	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 131	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 132	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 133	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 134	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 135	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 136	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 137	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 138	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 139	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 140	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 141	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 142	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 143	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 144	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 145	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 146	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 147	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 148	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 149	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 150	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 151	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 152	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 153	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 154	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 155	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 156	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 157	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 158	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 159	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 160	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 161	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 162	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 163	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 164	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 165	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 166	12-22-27	27	27			
	lot 167	12-22-27	27	27			

[illegible][illegible]

Owner	Description	Int or S.	Partnership	Range	Tax	Penalty	Total
Blackmore, T. F.	Ints 8 10 Stevens add. Eddy	24	25	20			
	1st	24	25	20			
	9 11 Stevens	24	25	20			
	10 11 Stevens	24	25	20			
	11 original	24	25	20			
	12 Stevens	24	25	20			
	13 Stevens	24	25	20			
	2 4 9 10 First	24	25	20			
	5 Stevens	24	25	20			
	Personal property				62.25	52.50	114.75
					31.55	21.25	52.80
Branson, E. H.	Int 10 11 Stevens	24	25	20			
	1st	24	25	20			
	2nd	24	25	20			
	3rd	24	25	20			
	4th	24	25	20			
	5th	24	25	20			
	6th	24	25	20			
	7th	24	25	20			
	8th	24	25	20			
	9th	24	25	20			
	10th	24	25	20			
	11th	24	25	20			
	12th	24	25	20			
	13th	24	25	20			
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	15th	24	25	20			
	16th	24	25	20			
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	23rd	24	25	20			
	24th	24	25	20			
	25th	24	25	20			
	26th	24	25	20			
	27th	24	25	20			
	28th	24	25	20			
	29th	24	25	20			
	30th	24	25	20			
	31st	24	25	20			
	32nd	24	25	20			
	33rd	24	25	20			
	34th	24	25	20			
	35th	24	25	20			
	36th	24	25	20			
	37th	24	25	20			
	38th	24	25	20			
	39th	24	25	20			
	40th	24	25	20			
	41st	24	25	20			
	42nd	24	25	20			
	43rd	24	25	20			
	44th	24	25	20			
	45th	24	25	20			
	46th	24	25	20			
	47th	24	25	20			
	48th	24	25	20			
	49th	24	25	20			
	50th	24	25	20			
	51st	24	25	20			
	52nd	24	25	20			
	53rd	24	25	20			
	54th	24	25	20			
	55th	24	25	20			
	56th	24	25	20			
	57th	24	25	20			
	58th	24	25	20			
	59th	24	25	20			
	60th	24	25	20			
	61st	24	25	20			
	62nd	24	25	20			
	63rd	24	25	20			
	64th	24	25	20			
	65th	24	25	20			
	66th	24	25	20			

Owner	Description	Number of original Cartridges	Number of Cartridges	Value	Year	Quantity	Total
Freco, Valley Town Co.	lot 11 original Cartridge	50	50	10			
	20 50 21	50	50	10			
	11	50	50	10			
	12	50	50	10			
	13	50	50	10			
	14	50	50	10			
	15	50	50	10			
	16	50	50	10			
	17	50	50	10			
	18	50	50	10			
	19	50	50	10			
	20	50	50	10			
	21	50	50	10			
	22	50	50	10			
	23	50	50	10			
	24	50	50	10			
	25	50	50	10			
	26	50	50	10			
	27	50	50	10			
	28	50	50	10			
	29	50	50	10			
	30	50	50	10			
	31	50	50	10			
	32	50	50	10			
	33	50	50	10			
	34	50	50	10			
	35	50	50	10			
	36	50	50	10			
	37	50	50	10			
	38	50	50	10			
	39	50	50	10			
	40	50	50	10			
	41	50	50	10			
	42	50	50	10			
	43	50	50	10			
	44	50	50	10			
	45	50	50	10			
	46	50	50	10			
	47	50	50	10			
	48	50	50	10			
	49	50	50	10			
	50	50	50	10			
	51	50	50	10			
	52	50	50	10			
	53	50	50	10			
	54	50	50	10			
	55	50	50	10			
	56	50	50	10			
	57	50	50	10			
	58	50	50	10			
	59	50	50	10			
	60	50	50	10			
	61	50	50	10			
	62	50	50	10			
	63	50	50	10			
	64	50	50	10			
	65	50	50	10			
	66	50	50	10			
	67	50	50	10			
	68	50	50	10			
	69	50	50	10			
	70	50	50	10			
	71	50	50	10			
	72	50	50	10			
	73	50	50	10			
	74	50	50	10			
	75	50	50	10			
	76	50	50	10			
	77	50	50	10			
	78	50	50	10			
	79	50	50	10			
	80	50	50	10			
	81	50	50	10			
	82	50	50	10			
	83	50	50	10			
	84	50	50	10			
	85	50	50	10			
	86	50	50	10			
	87	50	50	10			
	88	50	50	10			

[illegible]

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DEALER

## General Merchandise

FANCY GROCERIES  
A SPECIALTY.