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Carlsbad Current, 05-12-1900

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CARLSBAD CURRENT.

VOL. VIII.

CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO, SATURDAY, MAY 12, 1900.

NO. 27.

CARLSBAD SALOON

BARFIELD & CANTRELL, Proprietors.

WINES,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS,
CASE GOODS.

THE DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY.

Rules and Regulations for Holding Primary in Eddy County Sept. 29

Pursuant to a call of the chairman, the democratic executive committee met in the court house on March 31st, 1900. These present were V. H. Lusk, representing precinct one; Ed Ramsey, precinct five; T. J. Fletcher, precinct two; J. S. Crozier, county chairman. A quorum being present the following proceedings were had:

J. L. Emerson was called and asked to act as secretary pro tem. The chairman explained the object of the meeting was to decide whether the nominations on the democratic ticket for the coming county election should be made by convention or primary election. A motion by Lusk, seconded by Fletcher, that the nominations for the said election be made by primary, was unanimously carried, all voting aye. A motion was made by Lusk and seconded by Ramsey that the date for holding the said primary should be the last Saturday in September, the 29th day, carried, all voting aye.

The following rules for holding the said primary were adopted and the judges named for the various precincts:

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

1st. The ballots shall be opened at each of the voting precincts at nine o'clock a. m. and closed at six o'clock on the same day.

In precinct number one the election shall be held in the town of Carlsbad in the court house, and C. W. Cowden, J. D. Cantrell and J. E. Lavery are hereby appointed judges to hold the election in precinct number one.

In precinct number two, the election shall be held in the school house at the town of Malaga, and Geo. Eakin, Wm. Dannelly and C. W. Neuman are hereby appointed judges to hold the said election.

The election in precinct number three shall be held at the Beckett school house in Hope, and A. S. Harris, Zack Wood and J. C. Page are hereby appointed as judges to hold said election.

In precinct number four the election shall be held in the Parker Earle building, McMillan, and Geo. Larimore, Mat Hogg and W. M. Moon are hereby appointed as judges to hold said election.

The election in precinct number five shall be held at the flat ranch, commonly known as Monument Springs, and Wm. Acherant, Oscar Thompson and J. M. Cook are appointed judges to hold said election.

2nd. In the event the parties above named to hold the elections in the respective voting precincts are not present at the hour of the day named for the holding of the said election, then if either of the said parties are present, he or they shall select another party to act as judge; in the event that none of the named parties are present, then at the hour of opening the polls at the said voting precincts, the voters present shall select from qualified electors other judges who shall hold the election at that voting precinct, and the three judges named in the above voting precincts shall on the day of election name two parties to act as clerks.

3rd. No one shall be allowed to vote unless he shall have been a legal voter in the precinct in which he offers to vote on the day of the next general election. The qualification of a legal voter being that he must be a citizen of the United States either by birth or final letter of naturalization, and over the age of twenty-one years, must have resided in the territory of New Mexico six months, in the county of Eddy three months and in the precinct in which he offers to vote twenty days next preceding the general election to be held in November, 1900.

4th. Each qualified elector in order to entitle him to a vote in the primary election must be a democrat. Any man who has not heretofore been a democrat may become a democrat as named above if he has in fact severed all party connection with all other political parties and does in good faith expect to permanently associate and affiliate with the democratic party.

5th. The judges in the election shall

have control of the vote and pass upon the right of all applicants to vote. Every one offering to vote shall be subjected to challenge by any qualified elector. If any one whose vote is challenged shall be rejected his vote shall be placed in an envelope, sealed and the applicant or some one at his request shall write his name across the envelope and the envelope shall be marked rejected for the reason that the applicant (here state the facts causing such rejection on such envelope), and all votes so rejected by them and sealed up shall be sent with the other papers to the chairman of the democratic executive committee, and shall be considered or disposed of at the time the proper parties meet to canvass the returns and declare the results. The challenged votes shall all be taken up and disposed of first by the parties who are authorized to meet, canvass the returns and declare the results, and then they shall ascertain from the returns sent in as hereinafter provided for, the number of votes cast for the respective candidates, and all the challenged votes the parties then count and admit shall be placed with the regular votes from that precinct, and those that are rejected by the body shall at once be destroyed in the presence of the public.

6th. No one shall be allowed to vote outside of his own precinct except when he shows to the satisfaction of the judges that it is impossible and impracticable for him to be in his own precinct, and must show good and satisfactory reasons for not being there.

7th. At any time within ten days previous to the time above designated for the holding of the primary election all candidates for office shall submit in writing to the chairman of the democratic executive committee, which shall be kept on file by him, his declaration which shall in substance be that he submits his name to the decision of the democratic primaries, and will abide the results, and support all the nominees made thereat. In case one shall fail to comply with these requirements, though he receive sufficient votes to become the nominee, he shall not be declared the nominee of the party, and his place shall be filled by the democratic executive committee of Eddy county, it always observing the next highest vote.

8th. The ballots used in the primary election shall be printed on plain white paper, about three inches wide and about eight inches long, and the names of all the candidates who have submitted their names in writing to the chairman of the executive committee, as is provided for above, shall be placed upon each and every ballot, and the chairman of the democratic executive committee hereby authorized, and it shall be his duty to have delivered at the time of the opening of the polls, to the proper officers for holding the election there all necessary tickets as above mentioned. Each voter at the time and place of voting must procure from the judges of the election a ticket as mentioned above, and must then and there, in the presence of all the officers of the election, yet in private, make out and privately vote it, and no vote shall be received unless the party offering to vote it shall at the time and place of voting get the ballot from the officer, making it out and vote it as above provided, even if the voter does not care who sees his ballot. The officer in charge of the ballot shall see that each voter does not take the ticket away from the voting place, and that no one knows how the voter voted; provided the voter cannot make out his ticket, he shall then request some judge or clerk to make it out in private at the time and place of voting, and in such way that its secrecy cannot be known to any one except the voter and the identical party making it out for him.

No voter can have his ticket made out for him unless he cannot make it out himself. The judges in charge shall make such reasonable rules as are necessary and proper to see that the true spirit of this section is carried out to the letter, and no ballot shall even be received until the voter complies with the above requirements as to receiving his ticket, making out and voting the same.

9th. Each candidate shall have the right to select one man who shall have the right to be present with the judges and clerks of the election to see that his interests are properly treated.

10th. During the count of the ballots in the respective precincts it shall be the duty of all the judges and clerks of election to see that all names on the ballots are called correctly and to see that the secrecy of the ballot is preserved.

11th. The candidate receiving a plurality of the votes cast shall be declared as hereinafter provided to be the candidate of the democratic party for the office for which he was elected.

12th. The judges holding the election in each voting precinct shall keep in writing two separate lists of the names of the voters voting, also two tally sheets showing the number of votes cast for each candidate and for what office. This shall be made out on the day of election. One list of the voters and one tally sheet shall be

retained by the judges holding the election, and the other tally sheet and ballots shall be within five days after the election in the voting precinct transmitted by mail daily registered to the chairman of the democratic executive committee at Carlsbad, New Mexico, or by one of the judges holding the election. These two lists of the voters voting and the two separate tally sheets shall be a creed by the judges holding the election at the voting place and also by the clerk, and they shall certify in their respective official capacities that the same is true and correct. In case they are returned in person as above provided, the officer returning them should deliver them sealed up, must certify that the package is in the same condition that it was when sealed on the day of election by the judges holding the election, and that the same has not been out of his possession.

13th. Within five days after the holding of the election the executive committee, a quorum of which shall be four members, shall meet in the town of Carlsbad with the chairman of the democratic executive committee, at a day and hour named by the chairman, and they shall count all of the votes cast at the different voting places in the county and declare the person receiving the highest number of votes for different offices to be the nominee of the party for that office.

In case any candidate shall contest the election, he shall give notice of such contest to all other candidates for that office, before the day for counting the ballots as above provided, and the parties above authorized to meet, count, canvass and declare the nominee shall pass on the contest and declare the nominee.

14th. Each candidate for office must pay to the chairman of the democratic executive committee at the time he submits his name in writing as above provided for, the sum of \$5.00, which shall be used by the chairman for the purpose of defraying the necessary expenses.

The following are the officers for which nominees are to be made:

One precinct judge.

Three county commissioners.

One sheriff.

One probate clerk.

One collector and treasurer.

One assessor.

One superintendent of public schools.

One surveyor.

J. S. CROZIER,
Chairman Co. Ex. Com.

A Woman's Awful Peril

"This is the only one chance to save your life and that is through an operation" were the startling words heard by Mrs. I. R. Hunt of Lime Ridge, Wis., from her doctor after he had vainly tried to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. Gall stones had formed and she constantly grew worse. Then she began to use Electric Bitters which wholly cured her. It's a wonderful Stomach, Liver and Kidney remedy. Cures Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite. Try it. Only 50 cts. Guaranteed. For sale by all druggists.

Stock Notes.

Roswell Register.
L. B. Powell and B. H. Marsh of Lower Penasco were in town from Friday last week until Monday. They sold sixty head of yearlings belonging to themselves and Cleve & Hinkle to Dave Howell at \$13.50 per head, and bought five young bulls from Leonard & Son at \$30 each. The bulls are from registered Shorthorn cows by registered Hereford bulls and are fine, smooth animals. Leonard & Son have made quite a number of sales and the purchasers are all well pleased.

J. R. Irving, of Davis Mountain, Texas, passed through here Monday morning on a Pecos Valley & Northeastern train with 16 cars of cattle for Grand Summit, Kansas.

Cattle men and sheep men are well pleased with range conditions in Chaves county. Caprine rains have fallen in every direction in the last eight days and water and grass are plentiful.

Tortured a Witness.

Intense suffering was endured by witness T. L. Martin, of Dixie, Ky., before he gave this evidence: "I coughed every night until my throat was nearly raw; then tried Discovery which gave instant relief. I have used it in my family for four years and recommend it as the greatest remedy for Coughs, Colds and all Throat, Chest and Lung troubles. It will stop the worst cough, and not only prevents but absolutely cures Consumption. Price 50c and \$1.00. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottles free at all Drug Stores.

One of the hardest tasks that confronts the wool commission merchant dealer at this time is to prepare the copy for his wool circular. At the present writing no one can accurately forecast the future of the wool market. Just now the market is quiet with values fairly steady at the recent decline. What will happen during the next thirty or sixty days no one can tell. Some predict higher prices soon while others look for a lower range of values.—Wool Markets and Sheep.

For Whooping-Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, or Consumption, no medicine equals Ballard's Horehound Syrup. Price, 25c and 50 cts. For sale at Eddy Drug Co.

W. A. KERR



DEALER
IN

General Merchandise

FANCY GROCERIES
A SPECIALTY.

TERRITORIAL STOCK NEWS.

George M. Slaughter, manager of the Slaughter ranches, Chaves county, left Saturday for the Panhandle to deliver 2,000 head of steers sold to a firm at Council Grove, Kan.

W. R. Washington, the Hagerman stationer, shipped twelve cars of cattle, mostly yearlings, from Quanah, Texas, to his alfalfa farm at Hagerman.

Little & Montoya of Socorro county, sold their entire stock of range horses from yearlings up for 75c per head, to King & Son, of Los Juntas, Colo.

The Turley Cattle Company shipped 600 head of cattle from Lordsburg to Colorado ranches.

A. King, of St. Louis, is buying up colts around San Marcel for shipment to South Africa.

The Holm brothers of Grant county, have sold their ranch and cattle to W. J. Wamsel.

A. O. Windham shipped over 800 head of cattle from Lordsburg to Colorado points.

H. A. Ringer, of Hillsboro, has purchased Pieper Page's entire herd of cattle.

A Keep-Clear Brain.

Your best feelings, your social position or business success depend largely on the perfect action of your Stomach and Liver. Dr. King's New Life Pills give increased strength, a keen, clear brain, high ambition. A 25 cent box will make you feel like a new being. Sold by all druggists.

Ballard's Snow Liniment cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, Sick headache, Sore throat, Cuts, Sprains, Bruises, Old sores, Corns, and all pain and inflammation. The most penetrating liniment in the world. Price 25c and 50 cts. For sale by Eddy Drug Co.

What is known as the "earplug" grass in the tule districts in California is said to be such a fine honey-product that bee men in Sutter county have about dispensed with alfalfa feeding grounds. The industry has doubled in that county in the last two years.

Nothing has ever been produced to equal or compare with Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment as a curative and healing application for piles, fissures, blind and bleeding of the rectum. The relief is immediate and cure infallible. Price, 50c in bottle, tubes 25c at Eddy Drug Co.

Bee-paralysis is reported in the Australian Bee-keeper is cured by a number of bee-keepers as follows: To a pound of honey add 1/2 of a pound of a mixture of one part sulphuric acid with four parts tincture of podophyllin. Heat to 90 degrees, and daily spray bees combs and all. Three to five days' spraying cures.

Bland Will Be Incorporated.

About 150 voters of Bland, or a large majority thereof, have signed the petition praying the county commissioners to create the village of Bland under the incorporation laws of the territory. It is anticipated that the petition will be promptly granted. This is important, as it will enable the people of Bland to make the necessary contract to secure water works as soon as the same can be put in. J. W. Akers and the others who hold the water franchise are ready to begin operations without delay. The camp is situated in Bernabille county.

Many a fair young child, whose pallor has puzzled the mother, until she has suspected rightly her darling was troubled with worms, has regained the rosy hue of health with a few doses of White's Cream Vermifuge. Price 25c. For sale at Eddy Drug Co.

A Fast Bicycle Rider.

Will often receive painful cuts, sprains or bruises from accidents. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, will all the pain and heat the injury. It's the cyclist's friend. Cures Chaps, Chapped Hands, Sore Lips, Burns, Ulcers and Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Try it. Sold by all druggists.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY NEWS

and THE CURRENT

At a Very Low Price
The Semi-Weekly News (also known as the Bulletin) is published Tuesdays and Fridays. Each issue consists of eight pages. There are special departments for the farmers, the ladies and the boys and girls. Besides a world of general news matter, illustrated articles, etc. We offer The Semi-Weekly News and the CURRENT for 12 months for the low clubbing price of \$2.50 cash. This gives you three papers a week or 124 papers a year for a really low price. Hand in your subscription at once.

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Keep First-Class Goods

But We Keep What the
People Want!

Rose Valley, Canadian Club, Mt. Vernon and
many other brands of first-class liquors

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Central Saloon.

KEMP & WOERNER, Proprietors.

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

We have a large list of choice ranch, farm
and town property.

McLenathen & Tracy.

Carlsbad, New Mexico.

STOCK NEWS AROUND PECOS.

Pecos Times.

W. H. Drummond shipped 245 cows, 48 bulls and 75 calves over the Pecos Valley road, to Hilltop, Kan.

J. N. Heard reports the killing of calves near Sand Lake, Monday, by lobe wolves. He found one calf that had recently been killed and about half eaten.

Woody Johnson went to Van Horn, Monday, returning Tuesday. He purchased a carload of saddle horses from Ed McKamy, to be delivered in a few days.

W. D. F. W. and J. L. Johnson came in from the "W" ranch Monday, where they went last week to see about their herd of 1,600 cattle that are to be shipped north next week.

Joe White came down from his ranch near State Line, Tuesday afternoon after a load of supplies. Mr. White will deliver 1,200 tons and up steers to C. B. Willingham at Carlsbad, on May 15. He says there was a nice shower on his way, Monday but none south of his ranch.

In Constipation Herbine affords a natural, healthful remedy, acting promptly. A few small doses will usually be found to regulate the excretory functions that they are able to operate without any aid whatever. Price 50 cts. For sale at Eddy Drug Co.

Santa Fe Fruit Prospects.

Careful examination discloses the gratifying fact that the orchards of this city and vicinity have not suffered injuriously from the frequent frosts of the past ten days. A good many of the earliest blossoms were killed, but hardly enough were destroyed to thin the trees to their proper bearing capacity, and many should be picked off later on. According to present appearances early spricots will be the only short crop. Unless an unusual disaster should befall the orchards, the crop of peaches, sweet cherries, plums, prunes, pears, nectarines, apples and all the small fruits will be larger than for several years. Edward Miller, the well-known Tesuque fruit grower, reports that his trees and those of his nearly all promise as large a yield of fruit as they ought to bear.—New Mexican.

Unless a woman eats sufficient nourishing food she can neither gain nor keep a good complexion. Food, when digested, is the base of all health, all strength and all beauty. Herbine will help digest what eat and give you the clear, bright, beautiful skin of health. Price 50c and 75c, at Eddy Drug Co.

The British Navy Defective.

When the news came that the squadron under Commodore Dewey had knocked Admiral Montojo's fleet to pieces in Manila harbor, without receiving a wound or losing a man, the whole world marvelled at its truth.

So much had been written and so much had been said by writers posing as experts about the prowess and strength of the Spanish navy that the United States and especially expert Washington, almost feared intelligence from the Orient lest it convey account of great damage being inflicted upon Dewey's fleet.

Then, again, when Sampson's ships lay like watch dogs about the long mouth of Santiago harbor, ready to rend to fragments Admiral Cervera's squadron the moment it should thrust a nose out to sea, there were few people who believed that

the results of Manila would be duplicated at Santiago. So a thing did not seem possible. But it not only was possible, it actually transpired that Holey got out of his big sea fight about as unscathed as did Dewey before him in Eastern waters.

All the world will also recall that, when President Kruger had the hardihood to fling the orange of battle into the roaring jaws of the British lion, all the world predicted it would be one long British triumphal march from Capetown to Pretoria. But all the world has found itself mistaken. Why? Mainly because the Boers, besides being the best soldiers of this or any other time, were armed with the most superior guns and ordnance capable of manufacture at this date.

Now comes the story from English sources that the British navy is equipped with obsolete guns, and that if it came to battle with a first-class power, like our own, for instance, this much vaunted naval strength of the arrogant mistress of the seas would stand revealed as all brag and bluster.

Here is what a professional in navy matters has to say in the London Mail and Gazette about the squadron which accompanied the queen to Dublin:

"The appearance of the channel fleet in Dublin bay has, no doubt, given much pleasure to Irish sightseers, and the illumination of the eight great battleships has contributed to the success of the fête which have marked the queen's arrival in Dublin. But to those who look upon the fleet rather as an engine of war than as part of a spectacle in time of peace, the aspect of the squadron under Sir Harry Rawson's command was by no means reassuring. One single cruiser, the *Patience*, 2-penny half-penny third-class ship of a type already condemned as useless, attended the battleships. Not a single first or second class cruiser, not a destroyer or torpedo boat was available. The country is supposed to be passing through a critical period, and yet our only effective fleet in home waters is allowed to stray about in a condition in which it would be almost criminal to compel it to engage an enemy."

This is humiliating and dangerous to British prestige upon the high seas, perhaps, but Americans must get some satisfaction out of it, since the best demonstration the American to be the best navy of all the lot. Uncle Sam has not so many war dogs of the wild waves as John Bull, but those that constitute his pack are up to date and ready for business.

The Fiddler's Carnival.

Carlsbad is to have a fiddler's carnival in connection with the cowboy carnival to be held in July or August. Great preparation is to be made for these events. A mass meeting is here called at the court house in Carlsbad for Saturday night next, the 12th inst., at 8 o'clock. The entire town is cordially invited to be present, both ladies and gentlemen. The fiddler's carnival is to be a prominent feature of the great festivities and the proceeds turned into the hospital fund. Elegant premiums of gold watches, instruments, etc., will be issued to the contestants. The cowboy carnival will consist in round-ups, roping contests, racing, horses and bicycle, base ball, etc. Everybody turn out and take an interest in the progress of the town and county. Remember the time and place—the court house at 8 o'clock Saturday, May 12, 1900.

BY COMMITTEE.

THE CURRENT.
WM. H. MULLANE
Official Paper of Eddy County.
Published every Saturday at Carlsbad, N. M., and entered at 2nd class mail matter.
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SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
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By mail per half year, \$1.00.
By mail per quarter, \$0.50.



For President
WILLIAM J. BRYAN,
of Nebraska.

New Mexico Democratic Platform.

We, the representatives of the democratic party of New Mexico, in convention assembled at Albuquerque on the 15th day of April, 1900.

Do hereby reaffirm our allegiance to the true principles of the democratic party as set forth in the Chicago platform of 1860, and hereby announce our unabated and continued confidence in, and admiration for, our great standard-bearer—the Hon. William Jennings Bryan.

We believe in the immortal principles enunciated in the Declaration of Independence: "That governments are instituted among men deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed;" and that the principles of the constitution of the United States which secure to all men life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness and a voice in the government, ought to be extended to all territory, however acquired, and to all people, without distinction of race, color or creed. We believe in the maintenance of the policy of the present national administration and of Congress in regard to territory, which has been acquired as a result of the late war with Spain, and we especially denounce the recent act of Congress creating a tariff wall between Puerto Rico and other parts of the country, and so desire to call the attention of the people of New Mexico to the fact that if the policy thus inaugurated were to be carried to its logical conclusion, duties could be imposed upon all exports and imports between this territory and the rest of the United States; that our citizens could be deprived of all voice in the government of this territory, of the right of trial by jury, of the writ of habeas corpus, of the right of public assembly and all other individual rights; and that arbitrary despotism could be erected upon the ruins of free government.

We favor: An American financial system made by the American people, to be secured by the American people, to be secured by the immediate restoration of the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the present ratio of 16 to 1 without the aid or consent of any other authority; amendments to the constitution authorizing an income tax, and providing for the election of United States senators by a direct vote of the people; the immediate construction and fortification of the Nicaragua canal by the United States; independence for Cuba, home rule for the Philippines, eternal opposition to trusts, a vigorous foreign policy, a tariff levied for purposes of revenue, to be so adjusted as to operate equally throughout the country and not discriminate between classes or sections, and taxation limited by the needs of the government honestly and economically administered; statehood for New Mexico; a financial system which recognizes the government's sovereign right to issue all money, whether coin or paper, the retention of the greenbacks as they now exist and the retirement of the national bank notes as rapidly as greenbacks receivable in coin can be substituted for them.

We are unalterably opposed to government by invasion to the imperialism and militarism of the present administration and the republicanism of the use of the army of the United States to the suspension of writ of habeas corpus and other constitutional rights in time of peace in order that they may be intimidated and labor organizations broken up; extending all franchises with England or other countries, secret or open; to colonial possession and subject people; to the fostering of trusts and monopolies by tariff laws enacted for the benefit of the favored few at the expense of the great body of the people; to the proposed land lease law now pending before Congress.

We observe with approval the support given to democracy throughout the country to the movement looking toward the municipal ownership of municipal franchises.

It is our belief that women should be granted an equal voice and position with men in all matters pertaining to our public schools.

We oppose militarism, not because of hostility to England, but because we believe in the principles of a republic and respect, as did our forefathers, the theory of monarchy; we sympathize with the forces in their heroic efforts to preserve their national integrity.

In territorial affairs we call attention to and denounce the extravagance and corruption of the last republican territorial legislature, and the unprincipled and unscrupulous policy of the present administration, especially as exemplified in the amendment to the local law, giving to a personal favorite of the governor an exorbitant compensation for performing the actual duties of a justice of the peace. We call attention to and denounce the passage by the last republican legislature of the law creating McKinley county out of a portion of Lincoln county, and the subsequent action of the present administration, for the purpose of punishing those people for the previous action of voting against the McKinley county bill. We call attention to the action of the present administration in the case of the law making out of the lands of the been authorities the assessment and taxation of railway property and placing it in a territorial board, the appointment of which under the present administration is dictated by the railroad.

We are opposed to the present bill now pending in Congress which tends to prevent the people of New Mexico living on the Rio Grande river from diverting the waters thereof for irrigation purposes.

We denounce the present administration of territorial affairs for its practice of murdering and other criminals for political purposes only; for the great increase in the expense of maintaining our courts; for its disreputable indifference in prosecuting and punishing crime; for the use by the public prosecutors of their office to pay political debts, to punish political enemies and to secure votes to support the political dynasty; for the abuse by the prosecuting officers and county officials of their office in using the grand jury and courts to punish political enemies and to secure votes for the election of the present administration; for the great increase in the taxation levied upon the people; for the corrupt and extravagant use of the public money for political and personal purposes.

Windmills! Eclipse and Star.
Well Casing and Piping.
Tin and Galvanized
... Iron Work.
Galvanized Iron Cisterns built to order.
Give us a call and get our prices.
Tracy & McEwan.

BEEF MUTTON
PORK SAUSAGE
BOLOGNA CHICKENS
HAMBURGER STEAK.
All of our meats are—
REFRIGERATED
—Prices within reach of all.
For a cold dish try our Cooked Corn Beef, the very thing for a cold lunch.
Gerhart & Edgar.

In a communication to the Record of Roswell F. P. Morgan says the CURRENT roasts Roswell. We have the files of the CURRENT on tap, and absolutely defy Mr. Morgan to show a single assertion in this paper detrimental to Roswell. This paper or its editor never "roasted" Roswell all statements to the contrary notwithstanding. G. H. Hutchins is the correspondent for the Herald of El Paso and he gave Roswell a well deserved write-up not long since, but the editor of this paper never wrote a line detrimental to the Roswell. Mr. Morgan should endeavor to be more exact and learn who roasts Roswell. We do not, however, that we would cause a spirit of a humble dog might envy should people residing in this county patronize a fair in Roswell, knowing that the Record always dubs our town Eddy as an insult to our town and people. Also that the leading citizens of Roswell never have lost an opportunity to slander this town and county. When the leading people of Roswell can keep their tongues and pens off from Carlsbad, will be time enough for this paper to quit making these facts known. As for the statement that the Argus favors the fair, its recent utterances belie its position, if it does, for it has expressed a deep contempt for Roswell on account of treatment received by our town.

The Stephens bill, of which we hear so much at present, is a measure introduced in Congress by Congressman Stephens of Texas, to prohibit the appropriation of water from the Rio Grande in New Mexico. This prohibition is brought about by a clause in the international dam bill which dam is proposed to construct just above El Paso in Texas on the Rio Grande. The bill not only provides for the construction of the dam at El Paso, but further provides that the people above the proposed dam shall not divert the water or retard its progress toward the proposed reservoir to be made by the dam. The people of New Mexico do not object to the construction of the dam, but they do protest against a bill which interferes with the use of water from the Rio Grande above the dam site. It is not likely the Stephens bill will pass unless the objectionable features are stricken out.

The scandal mongers of Roswell are still at their dirty work many prospective settlers have been "loaded" during the past week by Roswell parties who were on the trains. It was alleged by Roswellites that the town of Carlsbad had quit growing. Was dead; that nothing would grow here except alfalfa and that alfalfa had killed people as well as cattle. The facts are that there were a hundred dead cattle around Roswell this spring to one around Carlsbad and this town was never more prosperous than at present.

Everybody should take an active interest in the cowboy carnival. Attend the meeting at the court house to-night then begin working and howling for the carnival until all of the southwest shall hear of it.

WORMS! WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE
For 20 Years Has Led all Worm Remedies.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Prepared by JAMES F. BALLARD, St. Louis.
Eddy Drug Co.

hard fight before them. Nobody realizes this any better than these things, and I am frank enough to say so. That there is a general revolt against the policies and practices of the McKinley administration, in certain, although its strength is as yet uncertain. Mr. H. J. Jackson, a business man of Fall River Mass., sent me showing in Washington friends a letter written him by a prominent citizen of Massachusetts from which the following is quoted. From this distance it looks as though the game of national politics is going to be a hard one for President McKinley to play this year. The coming of the floor emissaries seems likely to stir up a hornet's nest among the Irishmen and the German-Dutch sympathizers of the Boers in this country. The longer the war continues the stronger the American sentiment seems to grow against England." Mr. Jackson says of the political outlook: "The republicans are going to have trouble in New England. There are a great many causes to which this can be attributed." Yes, and they are going to have trouble in all the other sections of the country, and they are only going to get what they deserve.

The U. S. Supreme Court, after spending two days hearing arguments in the Kentucky case, took a recess until May 14, when the decision will probably be made public.

It looks as though the republican leaders in Congress had become afraid to carry out the imperialist programme mapped out by Mr. McKinley, until after the Presidential election. The Spooner Philippines bill, which gives Mr. McKinley automatic control of the Philippines under civil government, which he now exercises under military government, is slated for postponement until the next session of Congress. Public sentiment has frightened the republican steering committee of the senate and its members ignored the Spooner bill in preparing a legislative programme for the remainder of the present session. This does not mean the abandonment of this imperialist measure, but that the republicans are afraid to pass it now for fear of its effect upon the voters.

The republican majority in the senate stood by the trusts and voted down Senator Berry's anti-trust amendment to the army bill, which merely instructed purchasers of army supplies to give preference to bidders not connected with a trust. Not a single democrat voted against the amendment, but Jones and Stewart, of Nevada, who once claimed to be populists but who both seem to have returned to their republican affiliation did. Teller, Pettigrew and Wellington voted with the democrats, for the amendment. Senator Berry said: The trust question is the greatest problem of the day, and we may yet fight it out in this chamber."

The Philippine Situation.

As the facts of the Philippine situation float one by one to the surface the extent of the deception practiced upon the country by the administration at Washington and its man Friday, General Otis, becomes more and more apparent.

Months ago the proclamation was flung to the public that the rebellion in the Philippines was completely crushed and that a state of tranquility existed. How empty of truth that proclamation was has been set forth in the extraordinary activity of the insurgents and the blood that has been spilled in battle since that announcement. The Philippine war is not only not over, but the situation is at this hour more unsatisfactory than at any moment since the inception of hostilities. Aguinaldo is hiding in the mountains of Luzon, inciting his countrymen to renewed resistance and daily engaged in the reorganization of his scattered forces. Meanwhile, American jurisdiction in the Philippines scarcely extends beyond rifle range of Manila, which nearly two years ago fell to the occupancy of American arms.

But if the situation from a military standpoint is unassailable, what can be said about it from a commercial standpoint? If there has been any disposition to tolerate the dangerous experiment of colonization and its concomitant, militarism, on the part of the people, it has been because the people were led to believe that such a policy would extend our commercial operations by opening wider and more profitable markets to our surplus outputs of farm and factory. Now that this compensation for the abandonment of the constitutional principles has not followed, the militarists and imperialists are without defense.—Houston Post.

The town board met Monday night and among other business allowed bills aggregating \$250.00, declared the old fire department disbanded and instructed the city marshal to keep certain females off the streets. The marshal was also instructed to notify all persons keeping hogs in pens within the city limits to remove same at once.

Rev. C. A. Melroy, of Weed, and Rev. Jno. W. Crooks, of Denver, the Baptist general missionary, arrived Friday of last week overland from Alamogordo. Rev. Melroy returned home Monday, while Rev. Crooks visited Roswell returning and going south Tuesday morning.

J. O. Cameron went up to Roswell, Tuesday, to attend a meeting of the board of regents of the military institute.

Attend the carnival meeting at the court house tonight.

Organize the fire department at once. A good department is not only a good thing for the protection, but one add much to the great victory carnival.

THE
Parlor Saloon,
J. W. CONWAY,
Proprietor.

Lawrence, Anderson Co., Ky., 1901.
TO THE TRADE:
My brand was selected for use at U. S. Marine Hospital at Washington, D. C., after being analyzed by the eminent chemist, W. M. Shaw, and found to contain the highest quality of Kentucky, Maryland and Pennsylvania. It should be borne in mind that in this department of the government the standard is the highest. The water used for the manufacture of this whisky is from the noted Hot Springs in Anderson county, Ky., which stands at a temperature of 54 degrees the year round, with a supply inexhaustible. This water is at all times clear. I will further state that I have never had a single barrel returned.

Very Respectfully,
J. S. SHERIDAN.

Vest Was Committed.
"I remember well once when Joe Blackburn and I were on the same committee," said a senator. "It was during a Democratic administration, and there had been a good deal of bother trying to get the secretary of agriculture to agree to a certain thing, and Blackburn had been sent to talk him over to the committee's plan. In fact, the whole cabinet had been difficult to deal with. When Joe came back, several of us were assembled in the committee room, among us Senator Vest, who was sunk dejectedly in the depths of an armchair. Some one asked:

"Well, Joe, did you succeed?"
"Succeeded?" he echoed. Then he began to tramp up and down, fuming and fuming. Finally he broke out:

"Of all the obstinate things in the shape of a cabinet officer I ever encountered, commend me to J. Sterling Morton! Don't you agree with me, Vest?"

"Vest roused up slowly and answered:

"I'm sorry, Joe, but I am committed to Robt. Smith."

"It was the funniest thing I ever heard," continued the senator, "and our bill was never even reported."—Saturday Evening Post.

Food at \$10 an Ounce.

"A few days ago," said a clubman, "I received a small jar filled with a peculiar brownish paste, which was sent me as a present by a young Chinaman who used to have a laundry here, but is now living in San Francisco. A letter which accompanied the gift explained that the paste was a combination of peanut buds and ginger jelly. That sounds like a joke, but it isn't."

"If you will break open the kernel of a peanut, you will find at the base a little cone shaped formation usually surrounded by two microscopic leaves. It is the life germ of the nut, and if planted would develop into a tree. As my friend Wong explained to me, the nuts are first roasted and then these minute growths are carefully extracted. They are so small it takes many thousands of them to fill a teaspoon, but when a sufficient number are collected they are put in a mortar and ground into a fine flour, which is subsequently mixed with the ginger jelly and rubbed down to a smooth paste."

"That sent me was about the consistency of cream cheese, and it had a peculiar aromatic taste that was rather pleasant. It is one of the queer semi-

Hard Words.

Mrs. Tucker—Tommy, what makes you so late?

Tommy—Had some words with the teacher, and she kept me in after school.

Mrs. Tucker—You had words with the teacher?

Tommy—Yes'm. I couldn't spell 'em.—Chicago Tribune.

An Invaluable Aid.

Boney—Unable to increase Hawley's salary and not desiring to lose his services, the Sharps have taken him into the firm.

Stinnie—That's great!

Boney—But then the firm is losing money daily.—Philadelphia North American.

Arthur R. O'Quinn,

Dealer in—

Ice and

Wholesale

Beer.

Agent for Schlitz and Anheuser-Busch brewing companies.

J. F. MATHESON.

Grain-Commission Warehouse.

And General Forwarding.

Hay, Grain, Seed, Feed, Blacksmith Coal

U. S. MEAT MARKET,

Fresh Meats, Sausage, Game, Etc.,

..Always on Hand..

Free Delivery in any Part of City.

JOHN LOWENBRUCK, Props.

G. F. A. Robertson

BLACKSMITH and Wagon maker.

Feed and Livery Corral in connection. Accommodation and satisfaction, guaranteed.

THIS palatial new resort solicits the patronage of the people of Carlsbad and Eddy county, guaranteeing courteous treatment and first-class service in all respects. We handle only the best of all kinds of refreshments. For family or medicinal use the renowned J. S. Searcy Whisky is unexcelled, as its selection by the U. S. government by the U. S. Marine Hospital will testify. We also handle Sherwood Pure Rye, the best and highest priced of this class of goods on the market.

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confections that the Chinese like to nibble at between courses, and as it costs \$10 an ounce it is literally worth almost its weight in gold. I have eaten a little of the preparation, but I don't think I'm apt to acquire a taste for it."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Willie's Menu.

The New England small boy generally shows business capabilities at a tender age, if he is ever going to have them. I have heard of a certain small Boston boy who got into the habit of teasing his mother for pennies until at last she said to him: "Now, Willie, I don't like to give you pennies. If you want money, you should go to work and earn it."

The boy remained thoughtful for some time. Then within a few days the mother perceived that Willie had plenty of pennies. She wondered a bit where he got them, but did not question him. But one summer day she noticed that some sort of a hullabaloo was going on in the back yard. Looking out, she saw Willie surrounded by a mob of boys who were yelling with delight. She went down into the yard to see what was going on, and as she passed out she saw stuck up on the back wall of the house this notice, quite neatly "printed" out with a pencil:

WILLIE JONES WILL EAT
1 small green worm for..... 1 cent
1 large green worm for..... 2 cents
1 small fuzzy worm for..... 3 cents
1 large fuzzy worm for..... 5 cents
1 small green toad for..... 10 cents
Willie was apparently doing a thriving business. His mother interrupted it—at any rate, in her own back yard. I don't suppose that she had any assurance that he wasn't still carrying it on somewhere else.—Boston Transcript.

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"OLD DAVE" DIES.

Hon. D. B. Culberson Sinks to Sleep at His Jefferson Home.

SKETCH OF THE GREAT TEXAN.

As Lawyer, Legislator, Congressman and Soldier He Held a High Place in the Hearts of All Classes.

Jefferson, Tex., May 7.—Judge David B. Culberson died at his home here at 1 o'clock this morning. The direct cause of his death was an acute attack of la grippe.

Judge Culberson has been in feeble health for several months, but has been confined to his bed only since April 29. Since then he has been growing steadily worse. Part of the time he has been in a comatose condition. He was unconscious all day Friday, but was rational Saturday morning.

David B. Culberson was born in Troup county, Ga., Sept. 29, 1836. He was the son of Rev. David B. Culberson, a Missionary Baptist preacher of Irish ancestry, well known as a minister in Georgia, Alabama and Texas. His mother was Lucy Wilkinson, a native of Oglethorpe county, Ga., the daughter of W. S. Wilkinson, a large planter.

David B. Culberson was educated at Brownwood Institute, LaGrange, Ga. He read law in 1848-49 at Tuskegee, Ala., in the law school of William T. Chilton, then chief justice of Alabama. He was admitted to the bar in 1850, then settled at Dadeville, Ala., and practiced there until 1856, when he moved to Texas. He settled in Usher county, where he lived until 1860, when he moved to Jefferson, where he has resided continuously ever since.

Col. Culberson was a member of the legislature in 1859-1860. Entered the Confederate army as lieutenant-colonel and became colonel of the eighteenth Texas. In 1863 was state adjutant general.

Col. Culberson was born in the old line Whig faith, but joined the Democratic party after the disbandment of the Whig party. In 1864 he was elected to the state senate, representing the counties of Marion, Cass and Bowie. While a member he was chairman of the committee on internal improvements. While yet a senator, he was elected to the United States congress in 1875, from the second district, and resigned the senatorship. He served ten consecutive terms, refusing to accept a renomination and retiring in 1895. He was a member of the judiciary committee of the house of representatives, and the author of the basis of the present system of frontier defense of the state of Texas.

Senator Edmunds of Vermont pronounced him the greatest constitutional lawyer in congress. He was presidential elector for Greeley in 1872, and a member of the Democratic state convention which nominated Coke for governor in 1873.

In 1897 he was appointed a member of the commission to codify the criminal laws of the United States, and at the time of his death was still a member of that body.

In Dadeville, Ala., Dec. 8, 1852, he married Miss Eugenia Kimble, the daughter of an eminent physician, who died in 1896. There were three daughters and three sons. Only two survive, United States Senator Charles A. Culberson and Robert Upton Culberson of San Antonio.

Endicott Expires.

Boston, Mass., May 7.—William Crowninshield Endicott, secretary of war under President Cleveland's first administration, died at his residence in this city Sunday afternoon of pneumonia, aged 73 years. Mr. Endicott's system had been somewhat enfeebled by an attack of the grip, which he suffered last Wednesday, when he was taken ill and pneumonia developed, the disease reaching its most acute form Saturday evening.

Triple Fight.

Palentine, Tex., May 7.—News was received in this city Saturday of the killing of W. T. Linton and L. Q. Linton and the wounding of Edgar Linton at Buffalo. The trouble seems to have been one of old standing. W. T. and L. Q. Linton, accompanied by Edgar Linton, went to the company's store, where J. W. Miller was working. A pitched battle ensued, Miller on one side, using a double-barrel shotgun, and the Lintons using pistols.

Alabama Lynching.

Geneva, Ala., May 7.—An unknown negro, about 20 years of age, barefooted and ginger colored, was lynched three miles from here. He assaulted a 15-year-old white girl, near Hartford, in this county, on Tuesday, and was captured two days later and taken before the mayor of Hartford for preliminary trial. He confessed and was remanded to Hartford for trial and on the way was taken from the officers.

NEW! NUGGETS.

Items of Recent Happenings Dressed Down to Sausli Size.

A killing frost fell in western Ohio on the night of the 4th. Ed Waller, who was shot at Waller, Tex., died of his wounds.

Tobe Ampson, colored, was shot and killed at Houston, Tex.

A company with \$60,000 capital was organized at Roxton, Tex., to erect an oil mill.

In a difficulty near Oakwoods, Leon county, Texas, J. H. Keller was shot in the left shoulder.

Rev. Benjamin Kelley has been appointed by the pope Roman Catholic bishop of Savannah, Ga.

S. M. Fechenbach, a prominent citizen of Dallas, Tex., died at St. Louis. The remains were interred at Dallas.

Frank Chapman, a traveling man, while making a night drive in Garfield county, Oklahoma, was held up and robbed of \$225 and his watch.

At Laredo, Tex., the roof of a frame house being moved fell on a Mexican named Hernandez and broke his neck.

R. A. Davis was convicted at Brady, Tex., of murdering his wife and given a life sentence. The jury was out two days.

FLAMES' FURY.

Glasgow, Ky., had a \$150,000 blaze. Half a block burned at Texarkana, Tex., on the 6th, with \$29,000.

The Standard Varnish works at Elm Park, tSaten Island, were damaged \$250,000 worth.

Central Kansas was visited by a dozen storms on the 6th. Three casualties are reported.

One-third of the town of Garza, Denton county, Texas, was destroyed by a cyclone and several houses wrecked at Little Elm. No casualties.

The New York end of the Mallory steamship line wharf was totally destroyed and property valued at \$50,000 burned.

A fire which originated in a butcher shop at Wylie, Tex., destroyed that structure and six others.

The courthouse, the Bank of Hartsville and two grocery stores were consumed at Hartsville, Tenn.

The Little Rock Cooperage company of Texarkana, Tex., lost a building and 450,000 staves, entailing a \$15,000 loss.

By the explosion of a lamp in the residence of Tom Christian at Texarkana, Ark., that building was destroyed, a colored church and parsonage and the dwellings of Peter Embry and George Metchison. Loss, \$9000.

Rejected Lover's Revenge.

El Paso, Tex., May 7.—Miss Concho Logan, a beautiful young girl living at Yuleta, was shot and mortally wounded at a dance by a rejected lover, who is an El Paso cigarmaker.

Two men were badly wounded during the affray. The man shot at the woman while she was crossing the room, and the first bullet struck the brother of the district clerk of El Paso county, and Angel Yragellon, who were standing together on the opposite side of the room. Both are now in the hospital here. The girl's assailant was arrested and given a preliminary hearing. He is in jail. Miss Logan died.

Rev. W. E. Johnson, pastor of the Baptist church at Bamberg, S. C., killed W. T. Bellinger, a stenographer.

Culton Deated Ball.

Frankfort, Ky., May 7.—At the conclusion of the arguments on the motion for bail of W. H. Culton, charged with being an accessory in the murder of Gov. Wm. Goebel, Judge Cantrill denied the application and Culton was remanded to jail.

In rendering his decision, Judge Cantrill said that the uncontradicted evidence on some of the points in the case left the court no recourse but to refuse the defendant's application for bail. Culton's trial will come up at the regular September term of court.

Garcia Captured.

Manila, May 7.—General Pantelon Garcia, the highest insurgent officer except Aguinaldo, was captured Saturday by Lieut. E. V. Smith, of Gen. Funston's staff, in the town of Jacm, three miles northeast of San Isidro, province of New Ecija.

Garcia personally directed the guerrilla operations, and Gen. Funston had spent weeks trying to corner him, several companies beating the whole country at night.

From Noon Till Night.

Vet River, May 7.—Gen. Pole Carew started at daybreak Saturday on a nineteen-mile march. He first came into contact with Boers holding the river at 1 o'clock p. m. The British had two batteries in action and later they added two naval 9-pounders, two 4.7 and 5-inch siege guns.

The Boers fired with great accuracy and the duel continued unabated, with a terrible din, until sunset, and even later there was desultory firing.

POPULIST COUNCIL

At Fort Worth of a Rather Lively Character, in Which

MIDDLE-OF-THE-ROAD SIDE WIN.

Delegates-at-Large to the Cincinnati Convention Chosen—Chairman Bradley and Others Retire.

Fort Worth, Tex., May 5.—There were probably no members of the People's party in Texas present when Chairman J. S. Bradley called the convention to order Friday morning. Chairman Bradley said but few words and quickly announced that the executive committee had agreed on Henry F. Jones of Comanche for temporary presiding officer for the meeting, and S. A. Bryant of Elaco for temporary secretary.

Judge J. H. Teague of Grimes county moved the nomination of J. M. Mallette of Cleburne for temporary chairman, and this nomination was seconded by H. F. Jones, whose name was presented to the convention by the executive committee for the place. The selection of Mallette was made by a unanimous vote.

The names of S. A. Brant of Eastland and W. A. Binyon of Jackboro were placed in nomination for temporary secretary. Bryant was selected.

The credentials committee was chosen from congressional districts.

The following resolution, offered by J. A. Teague of Grimes county, was finally adopted:

"Resolved, 1. That we recognize the convention called to meet in Cincinnati on May 9 as the only regular and authorized Populist national convention, and we hereby instruct our delegates to the Fort Worth convention on May 4 to vote for the Texas delegation to be sent to said Cincinnati convention.

"2. That while we are unalterably opposed to fusion or union with either of the old parties or any affiliating organization or either of them, we heartily approve of union of all reformers or whatever name under one banner with one leader, provided such union be affected without the surrender of any principles in the Omaha platform."

Division was called for on this resolution and the two propositions which it embraces were adopted separately by an overwhelming vote after about half the afternoon had been spent in its consideration.

Tracy declared this resolution meant secession and withdrew accompanied by the state chairman and some members of both state and national committees, amid jeers.

Following the adoption of the resolution which settled the main point at issue in the meeting, Sam Evans of Fort Worth and J. M. Mallette of Johnson county were elected delegates-at-large to the national convention and authorized to select their alternates if they did not attend the convention.

The following resolution was adopted just before adjournment, being offered by T. B. Jackson of Erath county:

"Resolved, That all the delegates to the Populist national convention be instructed to vote for no man for president or vice president who is not a straight Populist."

Resolutions were also adopted denouncing the British war on the Boers, a war of conquest against sister republics, and extending sympathy, etc.

Harry Tracy was found in an anteroom in conference with the other leaders who had walked out of the meeting.

Chairman Bradley was interrogated. "I'm a Populist," he replied in the most emphatic tone, and then declared that the action of this meeting amounted to a secession from the People's party.

Harry Tracy said all the men with any sense would go to Sioux Falls, and added that about thirty of the foremost delegates to the convention had turned over their credentials after the vote to go to Cincinnati.

Sensational Testimony.

Frankfort, Ky., May 5.—Hearing of evidence in the Culton case was resumed Friday. Assistant secretary of State J. H. Matthews and McKenzie Todd, private secretary to Gov. Taylor, were the star witnesses and gave testimony nearly as sensational as that of Culton.

Matthews was in the governor's reception room where Goebel was shot. The door of the secretary of state's office was opened, but when he got there it was locked. Found a window partly open. A rifle was lying by it. There was a rifle in each corner. He got into the room by crawling over the transom.

It developed during the Matthews testimony that Gov. Taylor issued pardons to John L. Powers, Harland Whitaker, Chas. Finley and W. H. Culton, as well as to Caleb Powers and John Powers and John Davis. Matthews entered all of the pardons in the executive journal March 10. He said so other pardons had been granted.

TOPICS OF THE TWO.

Matters of the Moment in Indian and Oklahoma Territories.

Oklahoma.

Gov. Barnes forbade a prize fight at Enid.

The Mulhall State bank, capital \$5000, has been chartered.

A terrific hail storm did great damage to wheat south of Edmond on the 2d.

J. P. Long fell from a hay loft near Manchester, Grant county, breaking his neck.

The Blackwell Ice company of Blackwell, capital stock \$25,000, has filed its charter at Guthrie.

Mrs. T. J. Stewart, near Lexington, took some sulphuric acid by mistake for another medicine and died in great agony.

Guthrie rejoiced over the passage by congress of the free homes bill by ringing fire and church bells, and blowing whistles. Other cities and towns also celebrated the event.

Miss Allie E. Matthews of Guthrie has been appointed sponsor and Miss Kate A. Potts maid of honor for the first brigade of the Oklahoma division at the Louisville meeting of the United Confederate Veterans.

Hamlin W. Garland, the author and writer, is visiting for some weeks at the Darlington. He is accompanied by his wife, and is studying the manners, customs and life of the Indians to gain material for Indian romance.

S. H. Harris of Perry will institute legal proceedings in the Oklahoma supreme court to recover homesteads from persons who made the run from the Chilocco and other Indian reservations at the time of the opening of the Cherokee strip. About forty tracts are involved.

Indian Territory.

The Frisco railway will run through Roff.

Oakland had a heavy rain and hail storm on the night of the 2d.

The Creek warrant fraud cases come up for hearing at Muscogee on the 21st.

Mrs. Mary A. Lucas died at Ardmore. Her remains were interred at Dallas, Tex.

Owing to press of private business Mayor Bryan of South McAlester has resigned.

The residence of J. E. Koonce at Oakland, together with its contents, burned. Loss \$1500.

At Sterrett on the 3d 103 lots were sold by Commissioner Sterrett, the total amount realized being \$1700.

The Choctaw, Oklahoma and Memphis railway is to be extended from South McAlester to Ardmore and will pass through Tishomingo.

The Republican territorial convention was held at Purcell. President McKinley's policy was indorsed. Wm. Mellette was indorsed for national committeeman. Delegates were elected to the national convention.

The grand lodge of Knights of Pythias convened at Davis with more than 100 delegates in attendance. R. R. Evans of Krebe was elected grand chancellor. The delegates were tendered a sumptuous banquet. Poteau gets the next meeting.

Town Destroyed.

Victoria, B. C., May 5.—The chief portion of the mining town of Sandown, East Kootenai, was destroyed by fire Friday. The loss will exceed \$250,000. Sandown was peculiarly situated in a gulch at the base of mountains which completely encircled the town.

The circulation of 'The Ladies' Home Journal has reached 900,000, and passed it by 5000-905,000 copies being the aggregate circulation of the April issue. This is an increase of over 25,000 copies per month for the last four months—since January first of the present year—over the corresponding period in 1899.

Bewey is pleased with Chicago's new canal.

Floated Down.

Waco, Tex., May 5.—John S. Thompson, R. H. Maddox and Henry Smith, the latter a colored employee of Messrs. Thompson and Maddox, reached Waco Friday from a point 100 miles up the Brazos, having traveled the entire distance on a flatboat which they constructed. They found the river smooth and navigable, varying as the river rose and fell, from six to fifteen feet in the channel. They brought down a load of waterfowl and fish.

Cleburne, Tex., May 5.—Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock Fireman I. C. Stark was run over by a switch engine at the crossing two blocks north of the passenger depot. Stark is fireman on the passenger train which runs between this place and Dallas. He is well known and has many friends in Cleburne, but his relatives live at Bridgewater, Ill., and Huron, Kan.

He was attempting to jump on the moving train.

SENTENCED TO HANG

ON WHAT LOOKS MUCH LIKE FLIMSY EVIDENCE.

A Murder Case That Is Agitating the State of Montana—Joseph C. Hurst Found Guilty of a Crime of Which He May Be Innocent.

One of the most remarkable cases known in the administration of the criminal laws of Montana, and perhaps of any other state in the Union, is that of Joseph C. Hurst, convicted of the murder of Dominick Cavanaugh and now under sentence of death at Glendive, Mont. Hurst, who is only 28 years of age, has been sentenced for the second time, after the refusal of the Supreme Court to grant a reversal of the judgment in his case. He was convicted on the bloody imprint of a finger on the corner of his handkerchief. These stains were never proven by experts to be blood, but the word of an ordinary physician was accepted by the court, although another physician stated that in his opinion the stains were paint. To add to the remarkable features of the case, the most relentless prosecutor in the case was a former suitor of Hurst's wife. Dominick Cavanaugh had been an office-holder for fifteen consecutive years in Dawson county, whereof Glendive is the county seat, and was extremely popular. At the time of the murder he had held the office for one term of two years, which was about to expire. At the election just preceding his murder he had been a candidate for sheriff against Joseph C. Hurst, the condemned man, and had defeated Hurst by about forty votes. On the morning of December 24, 1898, the body of Cavanaugh was found in an alley. He had been waylaid on his way home the night before and beaten to death. Tremendous excitement at once laid hold of Glendive. The town was almost at the point where martial law seemed necessary to the preservation of order. There were rumors and whispers, but nothing tangible to guide the arm of authority. In this pass of affairs, and before Cavanaugh's body was yet under ground, Hurst solicited

the appointment to fill the vacancy for the unexpired term of Cavanaugh. Hurst received the appointment, holding the office for five days, when he was arrested. There seems to have been no suspicion of Hurst until a detective came from St. Paul and, learning that Hurst had been the opposing candidate of Cavanaugh, directed suspicion against him. At the time of his arrest the coroner's inquest was in session and Hurst had been gathering evidence against persons supposed to be implicated. His arrest caused a cessation of these investigations and directed towards finding in how far Hurst was incriminated. With this and that they were enabled to make a showing sufficiently strong to warrant his being held, and eventually he was brought to trial. Meantime public opinion seems to have determined Hurst's guilt. The chief witness for the state was Frank Gilmore, who up to that time was looked upon as peculiar, eccentric and unreliable. Gilmore testified that on the night of the murder Cavanaugh, on his way home, passed and spoke to him; that following Cavanaugh, thirty-five or forty feet behind, came a man whom he identified as Hurst, and that both disappeared in the direction where Cavanaugh's mutilated body was found the following morning. This seemed damning, but it was shown that on the morning after the murder Gilmore had spoken to several persons about the man he had seen following Cavanaugh; that he had mentioned Hurst as this man, but had, in fact, mentioned three or four other men as answering the description of the person who was dogging Cavanaugh; that he had, in a sworn statement to the attorney general of the state at the time of the inquest, said this person was, in his opinion, one Charles Gallagher; that he described this person as wearing a cap, whereas other state witnesses swore that they had seen Hurst ten minutes before the alleged reconnoiter with Gilmore, and that when Hurst was wearing a hat. To all of this Gilmore answered that he had not implicated Hurst in the first place because he desired to shield him.

Two witnesses for the state swore that a day or two after the election Hurst, in speaking of various political matters and persons, among them Cavanaugh, and a certain Mumford, made the remark that he would "get even" and would "fix him." It is not clear that these remarks were intended for Cavanaugh, there being a conflict in the testimony. It was further shown by the state that after Hurst's arrest his home was searched, and hanging in his bedroom was found a

pair of pantaloons encased in overalls, in the pockets of which were two handkerchiefs. These handkerchiefs had blood stains upon them. In the corner of one was the imprint of a finger.

These stains were never submitted to a chemical or microscopical examination, but the only two physicians in Glendive swore that, save as to one of the stains, it was their opinion they were blood. As to this one, one of the doctors was of the opinion that it was paint, while the other was equally positive it was blood. As to this testimony, it was shown that Hurst was troubled with nosebleed, and the washerwoman who cleaned his clothes testified that Hurst's handkerchiefs were usually stained with more or less of blood. This was all the evidence against Hurst at the time of the verdict, and all that has been discovered since. As to motive, the only one urged by the prosecution was that Hurst had been defeated for the office of sheriff and wanted the office, to which he hoped to be appointed in the event of Cavanaugh's death. It would seem that on such a showing no man's life could be adjudged away.

Cavanaugh's assassin must necessarily have received some blood from his victim. Cavanaugh was a man of great muscular power, able to cope with most any one in the community. It has been contended by the counsel for the state that Hurst held one of the handkerchiefs found in his pocket over Cavanaugh's mouth, to prevent the emission of any sound, while he beat him with some blunt instrument on the head from behind. This Hurst's counsel declared as utterly impossible as to be ridiculous. On this showing Hurst was adjudged guilty and condemned to be hanged. The result was so unexpected that it left his attorneys dumfounded. When they recovered from their amazement several things were brought to their notice that in a measure explained the verdict. Among the men who sat in judgment on Hurst was a brother-in-law of the murdered man. Yet, to this man's credit, he is said to have been the last juror to agree to the verdict and gave way to his feelings when the verdict was returned. Two of the witnesses for the state were brothers of another of the jurors. This juror, whose name was Lovering, together with his brothers, who were witnesses, had been active in the prosecution of a man named Bailey for a similar offense some time prior in the same community. The judge then sitting in that case has since stated that these Loverings were exceedingly wroth when a new trial was granted after the conviction of Bailey, and this same judge has said that his own life was threatened because he granted Bailey a new trial.

Upon the motion for a new trial affidavits were made to the effect that two others of the jurors had said, prior to being called into the jury box, that Hurst was guilty and should hang, but these affidavits were contradicted by the jurors. Two of the jurors who sat upon Hurst's trial have since made affidavits that they voted for the conviction of Hurst for the reason that he failed to take the stand, admitted that they disregarded the instructions of the court in this respect.

Despite all this, and more, the Supreme Court has refused to intervene on the ground that there were no errors of law in the case. Nor has there been any popular demand for intervention, either by the court or the other constituted authorities. Indeed, the state has, until the present, been unaware of this remarkable trial. Glendive is an isolated community, and until a public-spirited citizen of Butte, who happened to be present on the day on which Hurst was sentenced, learned of the facts and gave them publicity, the press of the state had been silent. But now the whole state is becoming aroused to the actual condition of affairs, and it is not unlikely that Governor Smith will now interfere.

Hurst's lot has been an exceedingly hard one during all this ordeal. His devoted wife and children were not allowed to be present at his side during his trial. His wife has never been allowed to see him since his incarceration, fourteen months ago, except through prison bars, and then only in the presence of the sheriff. After the decision of the Supreme Court was rendered, on January 29, and until the matter was brought to the attention of the court the day he was sentenced, his own counsel were not allowed to see him in private. No friend of his has ever been allowed to see him during the entire time of his incarceration.

A spice of romance is part of the web and woof of the whole case. One of the most active partisans of the prosecution and one of the most zealous witnesses for the state was formerly a suitor for the hand of Joe Hurst's pretty wife, and has never seemed to have forgiven his successful rival.

A Scout Who Has Served.

Morris, the scout of Gen. French, the British cavalry leader, has had plenty of experience, having fought in Ashanti, Egypt, Benin and Matabeleland, where he was in the service of Col. Baden-Powell. He was next associated with the Jameson raid, being one of the five men who escaped. During the Hispano-American war he was fighting with the American irregulars. During the present campaign he has seen service at Reinsburg, Coleskop, Arundel and Colesberg.

In the Baltic sea there are more wrecks than in any other place in the world.



JOSEPH C. HURST.

OVERWORK



You know all about it. You are a perfect slave to your work. It's rush through the day and worry through the night. There's no time to eat and no time to sleep. Already you have nervous dyspepsia, nervous sick headache, and neuralgia. Your food distresses you. You suffer from terrible depression. The outlook is dark and forbidding. You feel sure there is but one termination to this—

That's Nervous Prostration

And nervous prostration is something you don't want, that's certain. Then don't have it. A perfect Sarsaparilla prevents this distressing and dangerous disease, and it cures it, also. It keeps you up when especially pressed with work. It cures dyspepsia, and it builds up exhausted nerve tissue. But it must be a perfect Sarsaparilla to do this. So far as we can learn, there isn't but one in the world, and

That's AYER'S

"The only Sarsaparilla made under the personal supervision of three graduates: a graduate in pharmacy, a graduate in chemistry, and a graduate in medicine."

\$1.00 a bottle. All Druggists.

"I first used Ayer's Sarsaparilla in the fall of 1848. I came out of the Mexican War run down in health and badly used up. It did me so much good then that I have always taken it every spring as a blood-purifying medicine. I attribute my robust health at 78 to the use of your Sarsaparilla every spring."—S. T. Jones, Wichita, Kans., March 29, 1900.

A NEW TRAIN EAST

The "New York and Boston Limited"

VIA

BIG FOUR

NEW YORK CENTRAL

TO

EASTERN CITIES.

(Effective April 29th, 1900.)

Lv. ST. LOUIS.....8:00 A. M.
Lv. PEORIA.....7:30 A. M.
Ar. INDIANAPOLIS.....2:25 P. M.
Ar. CINCINNATI.....6:00 P. M.
Ar. COLUMBUS, O.....8:10 P. M.
Ar. CLEVELAND, O.....9:55 P. M.
Ar. NEW YORK.....2:55 P. M.
Ar. BOSTON.....4:50 P. M.

"KNICKERBOCKER SPECIAL" still leaves St. Louis at Noon.

Ask for Tickets via

Big Four Route.

C. L. HILBARY, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Agt. St. Louis.

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DR. MOFFETT'S TEETHINA
(Teething Powders)
Costs only 25 cents at Druggists.
Or mail 25 cents to C. J. MOFFETT, M. D., ST. LOUIS, MO.

Alays Irritation, Aids Digestion, Regulates the Bowels, Strengthens the Child, Makes Teething Easy. TEETHINA Relieves the Bowel Troubles of Children of ANY AGE.



LOOK OUT!
For your family's comfort and your own.
HIRES Rootbeer
will contribute more to it than tons of ice and a grove of shade trees.
Write for list of prominent dealers for HIRES.
CHARLES E. HIRES CO., Malvern, Pa.

Fidelity, faithfulness, friendship—what a glorious triad!

Hall's Catarrh Cure Is a constitutional cure. Price, 75c.

A good test of house-keeping is the quality of the coffee.

Pain's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'BRIEN, 222 Third Ave., N. Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

The man with the hoe is getting his work in—in the weeds.

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Powder? It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Burning, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Powder, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Lefroy, N. Y.

It is hard to find a man who thinks he is worse than he really is.

Santa Fe Excursions.

Excursion tickets will be sold as follows on dates mentioned at low rates: Fort Worth.—May 3-4, account Populist state convention. Austin.—May 6-7, account Texas State Passenger. Fort Worth.—May 7, account Texas Bankers' Association meeting. Houston.—May 7-8, account State Convention W. C. T. U. Austin.—May 7-8, account Grand Lodge K. of P. (colored). Hot Springs, Ark.—May 8 and 9, account Southern Baptist and Auxiliary Conventions. Washoe.—May 8 and 9, account Meeting State Firemen's Association. Dallas.—May 14, and for trains arriving morning of 15th, account Meeting State Pharmaceutical Association. Waco.—May 14 and 15, account State Epworth League Conference. Fort Worth.—May 14 and 15, account Meeting Texas Grain Dealers' Association. Chattanooga, Tenn.—May 15 and 16, account General Assembly Presbyterian church. Washington, D. C.—May 19 and 20, account Annual Session Imperial Council Mystic Shrine. Houston.—May 17 and 18, account meeting Grand Council U. C. T. of America. Georgetown.—May 23 and 24, account dedicatory and commencement exercises Southwestern University. Louisville, Ky.—May 27 and 28, account United Confederate Veterans' reunion.

For rates, limits and further information, call on nearest Santa Fe Ticket Agent, or address

W. S. KERNAN, G. P. A., Galveston.

How nice it is to have a chum with a sweet sister.

We hear of born leaders, but never born followers.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn? Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Powder, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Hot and Sweating Feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Lefroy, N. Y.

Women love by faith; many men by fancy.

Scholarship in Business College. Board and R. R. fare for work at home. Either sex. Home Advocate, Dallas, Tex.

When a small boy loses his appetite, it is in order to call a doctor.

\$20.00 A WEEK AND EXPENSES to agents selling our household goods. Sell on sight. Write C. H. Marshall & Co., Chicago. It pays to do right, but one should not do right to be paid.

THREE DROPS OF ROBERT'S BLUE CHILL CURE will cure all cases of Chills and Fever. Price, 25c. No Cure, No Pay—All Druggists.

Some people lose overcoats in court, others whole suits.

A. B. Stroud, Grantville, Ga., wrote: A priceless boon has been given the busy world in Dr. Moffett's TEETHINA (Teething Powders).

Her husband should be the true wife's ideal.

A Book of Choice Recipes sent free by Walter Baker & Co. Ltd., Dorchester, Mass. Mention this paper.

Dreamy eyes are usually wide awake when the possessor is wrathful.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES are fast to sunlight, washing and rubbing.

Human bells, like metal bells, usually have many rings.

Many causes induce gray hair, but PARKER'S Hair Restorer brings back the youthful color. Price, 15c. No Cure, No Pay—All Druggists.

There is no need to borrow trouble; it usually comes without asking.

You Need Toning Up

you have let yourself run down. The best tonic is Wolfe's Aromatic Sarsaparilla. It is a perfect Sarsaparilla, unexcelled in all cases of Malaria, Fever and Ague, Torpid Liver, general debility, etc. It is the most suitable medicine for Texas, as in addition to above complaints physicians highly recommend it for Kidney and Bladder troubles, Chronic Rheumatism, Dropsy, Cramps, Colic and all kinds of female diseases. It gives tone to the entire system. Sold by druggists.

In Memory's conservatory forget-me-nots should ever bloom.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children, soothes the gums, relieves pain, cures the colic, wind, and all the troubles. Price, 25c. No Cure, No Pay—All Druggists.

A merry laugh makes all who hear it better and brighter.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVER'S TARTARUM CHILL TONIC. It is simple, pure and quick in its action. No cure—no pay. Price, 50c.

He who loves purity usually admires flowers also.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. H. H. H.*

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

A true kiss is the resultant effect of a combustion of love and happiness.

You can judge accurately of a boy's behavior by the way he looks at family prayers.

ALABASTINE

ALABASTINE is the original and only durable wall coating, entirely different from all building materials. Ready for use in white or four-color beautiful tints by adding cold water.

ADIES naturally prefer ALABASTINE for walls and ceilings, because it is pure, clean, durable. Put up in dry powdered form, in five-pound packages, with full directions.

It is also a cheap, temporary preparation made from whitening, chalks, clays, etc., and stuck on walls with de-watering animal glue. ALABASTINE is not a kalsomine.

BEWARE of the dealer who says he can sell you a "name thing" as ALABASTINE or "something just as good." He is either not posted or is trying to deceive you.

NEED IN OFFERING something he has bought cheap and tries to sell on ALABASTINE's demands, he may not realize the damage you will suffer by a kalsomine on your walls.

UNBLESSED dealers will not buy a jawalt. Dealers risk one by selling and consumers by using infringing. ALABASTINE Co. own right to make wall coating to mix with cold water.

THE INTERIOR WALLS of every church and school should be coated only with pure, durable ALABASTINE. It safeguards health. Hundreds of tons used yearly for this work.

BEHOLDING ALABASTINE, customers should avoid getting cheap kalsomines under different names. Insist on having our goods in packages and properly labeled.

UNBLESSED of wall paper is obliterated by ALABASTINE. It can be used on plastered walls, wood ceilings, brick or concrete. A child can brush it on. It does not rub or scale off.

ESTABLISHED in favor. Show all limitations. Ask paint dealer or druggist for this card. Write us for interesting booklet, from ALABASTINE CO., Grand Rapids, Mich.

MITCHELL'S



PRICE, 25 CENTS.

Dr. Mitchell
EYE SALVE



Magnetic Starch
The Wonder of the Age
No Boiling No Cooking

It Stiffens the Goods
It Whitens the Goods
It polishes the Goods

It makes all garments fresh and crisp as when first bought new.

Try a Sample Package
You'll like it if you try it.
You'll use it if you try it.
Try it.

Sold by all Grocers.

W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3 & 3.50 SHOES MADE IN U.S.A.

Worth \$4 to \$6 compared with other makes. Indorsed by over 1,000,000 wearers.

The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Take no substitutes claimed to be as good. Your dealer should keep them—if not, we will send a pair on receipt of price and express for carriage. State kind of leather, size, and width, plain or cap toe. Cat. from W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass.

IN 3 OR 4 YEARS AN INDEPENDENCE ASSURED

FARMERS' WESTERN CANADA FREE

If you take up your home in Western Canada, the land of plenty, illustrated pamphlet giving opportunities to farmers who have become wealthy in growing crops, raising stock, etc., and full information as to reduced railway rates can be had on application to the Superintendent of Immigration, Department of Interior, Ottawa, Canada, or to Capt. R. Barrett, Houston, Texas.

AGENTS
all his best speeches. Write and colored people are giving advanced orders. A business for agents. Write to-day. We would like to engage a few able white men to superintend agents.

J. L. NICHOLS & CO.
No. 912-914 Austell Building, Atlanta, Ga.

A Wonderful and Quick Cure
For Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Paralysis, Sprains, Stings, etc. ATLEY'S RATTLESNAKE OIL. 50c at Druggists.

TEXAS DRUG CO., Dallas, Agents

PARALYSIS Locomotor Ataxia cured at last. Doctors puzzled. Specialists failed. The patient was cured by DR. CHASE'S BLOOD AND NERVE FOOD. Write me about your case. Address: Dr. J. H. Chase, 224 North 5th St., St. Louis, Mo.

PENSIONS Get your Pension DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY, gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and full treatment FREE. Dr. H. H. Chase's, Box 1, Atlanta, Ga.

RODS For treating and locating blind or buried rods, etc. Write for full particulars. M. D. FOWLER, 1000 Broadway, New York.

WANTED one Daily Agent in your city. Fine opportunity to right party. Salary or commission. American Supply Co. North 7th St. St. Louis, Mo.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

Use Certain Chill Cure. Price, 50c.

BILE IN THE BLOOD



No matter how pleasant your surroundings, health, good health, is the foundation for enjoyment. Bowel trouble causes more aches and pains than all other diseases together, and when you get a good dose of bilious bile coursing through the blood life's a hell on earth. Millions of people are doctoring for chronic ailments that started with bad bowels, and they will never get better till the bowels are right. You know how it is—you neglect—get irregular—first suffer with a slight headache—bad taste in the mouth mornings, and general "all gone" feeling during the day—keep on going from bad to worse until the suffering becomes awful, life loses its charms, and there is many a one that has been driven to suicidal relief. Educate your bowels with **CASCARETS**. Don't neglect the slightest irregularity. See that you have one natural, easy movement each day. **CASCARETS** tone the bowels—make them strong—and after you have used them once you will wonder why it is that you have ever been without them. You will find all your other disorders commence to get better at once, and soon you will be well by taking—

THE IDEAL LAXATIVE

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CANDY CATHARTIC

BEST FOR THE BOWELS
ALL DRUGGISTS

10c. 25c. 50c.

To any needy mortal suffering from bowel troubles and too poor to buy **CASCARETS** we will send a box free. Address: Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York, mentioning advertisement and paper.

La Creole Will Restore those Gray Hairs

"La Creole Hair Restorer is a Perfect Dressing and Restorer. Price \$1.00"

ENTERED ON RIGHT

Right Side and Passed Out on the Left Side Bullet

THAT CAUSED GOEBEL'S DEMISE.

Is What Two Kentucky Physicians Testified to at Frankfort. Cullon Concludes His Testimony.

Frankfort, Ky., May 4.—The second day of the hearing in the application for bail for Wm. T. Cullon, the defendant who gave startling testimony Wednesday, ended with the case unfinished. Cullon resumed his testimony Thursday morning and continued on the stand until nearly noon. Judge Cantrell announced that as the counsel had failed to agree as to a date for the trial of Secretary of State Powers, Youtsey, Whitaker, Davis and Combs, he would call a special term of court in Scott county to begin the second Monday in June. Judge Cantrell said that on the first day of the special term all of the cases transferred will be called and assigned on hearing, but that it will doubtless be impossible to finish up more than one or two of them during the term. The assassination cases, all told, in the opinion of the lawyers, will string out during the greater part of the next twelve months.

The most important testimony brought out Thursday afternoon was that of two physicians who assisted in the autopsy on the body of Gov. Goebel. This had never been made public before. Dr. T. H. Welch of Jessamine county, a state senator, who was also one of Goebel's physicians, conducted the autopsy, assisted by Drs. E. E. Hume and J. R. Ely.

Dr. Welch gave a long technical statement about the bullet entering the right side and passing out on the left side.

Dr. Ely corroborated Dr. Welch. Dr. M. Woodson, the civil engineer who made the measurements in the state-house yard, exhibited a map showing the yard and buildings, trees and other things and the streets adjacent. The bullet which was cut out of a hackberry tree near where Gov. Goebel fell, and which is supposed to have passed through his body, was produced in court. It has been in the custody of the prosecuting attorney.

The demonstration on the map made by the witness were for the purpose of showing that the shot was fired from a window in the office of the secretary of state.

W. H. Cullon in his testimony Thursday stated that Gov. Taylor authorized the witness to give Youtsey any amount of money desired if he would leave Kentucky.

At a conference in Lexington the Sunday before Gov. Goebel was shot it was decided that Representative Henry Berry, who had been unseated a few days before, should go to the house of representatives next morning and take his seat and refuse to give it up.

Van Metro, his opponent, was to be in some way prevented from going to the hall that morning.

Caleb Powers, who was at the conference, telephoned to Gov. Taylor at Frankfort two or three times in regard to the conference.

Cullon said he did not know where Powers and Youtsey were when the shot was fired. The last talk he had with Youtsey the latter said the plan to kill Goebel had been abandoned. Cullon had been asked by Taylor to ascertain what the witnesses in the contest knew because he was a lawyer.

To the prosecution he said he had told more now on the stand than to any person except his father. His testimony is ended.

Ex-Mayor Hardin of Texarkana hung up his coat, containing \$1000. On going to get it he was \$1000 poorer.

The story of every-day life, of a prosperous people and of great warriors of 3000 years ago has been brought to light by the university of Nippur. Dr. Hilprecht, the famous Assyrian scholar, is the leader of the expedition, and his wonderful discoveries are the subject of the principal articles in *Alusale's* for May.

Gov. Sayers commuted the death sentence of Wash. Garrett at Dallas to life imprisonment.

In the American Monthly Review of Reviews for May, there are interesting sketches of Generals Joubert and Cronje, Commandant Botha, and other military leaders of the Boers, illustrated from photographs.

To produce a better magazine each month seems to be the purpose of the publishers of *The National Magazine*. The May number is at hand, filled from cover to cover with bright, readable and timely articles and stories.

BRITISH AT BRANDFORT.

Her Majesty's Troops Succeeded in Capturing the Place.

London, May 4.—Brandfort was captured by a combined movement of Col. Tucker's and Gen. Pole-Carew's division on the east and center and Gen. Hutton's mounted infantry on the west. The British surprised the Boers, who retreated hastily. Four thousand of the enemy moved there in order to oppose our advance. Col. Tucker's artillery had a sharp duel with the enemy's guns and put two of them out of action.

The heavy bombardment by the British has been resumed at Fourteen Streams.

The correspondent of Reuter's Telegram agency in the Boer camp at Brandfort, wires that when the British appeared ten miles east of Brandfort Gen. Delarey ordered a charge by 500 Boers, who drove them back to their intrenchments. The federals found four dead on the field and took seventeen prisoners, mostly wounded, including Lieut. Craus.

Later in the afternoon Gen. Delarey learned that the British had forced their way twenty miles east of Brandfort and seven miles north of the Modder river. With 250 men Delarey set out in pursuit of the British, who numbered 1200. The forces met in the open country, a sharp engagement followed and the British retired. As the Boers had a heavy day they were not pursued. The federals had five men wounded.

An American has been arrested in connection with the Begbie explosion. The war office has received the following report from Lord Roberts under date of Bloemfontein, May 2:

"Gen. Hamilton met with considerable success and drove the entire Boer force out of the strong position they had taken up at Houtekamp with comparatively small loss to us. The Boers dispersed in several directions, mainly to the east and north, leaving twenty-six prisoners in our hands, including one commandant and sixteen other wounded men. Gen. Hamilton is now in camp at Jacobs Rust."

The Schofield Horror.

Salt Lake City, Utah, May 4.—The latest dispatches from Schofield say that the probabilities are that 250 will be about the total number of deaths from the mine disaster. There are not enough coffins in the camp to bury the dead, and to add horror to the situation, the bodies are rapidly decomposing, and it has been suggested that cremation may have to be resorted to. There are fifty bodies for which no provision for burial has been made. Subscriptions for the relief of the sufferers are coming in from all over the state and the total now amounts to \$13,999.

In Wilson's Memory.

San Antonio, Tex., May 4.—A pedestal was Thursday erected over the grave of Col. Ben Milam, the Texas patriot, by the De Zavalla Chapter Daughters of the Republic of Texas. On the pedestal is to be erected shortly a life-size statue of the dead hero.

The De Zavalla chapter announces that it will begin at once to collect funds for the erection of an Alamo monument, and will receive donations from over the entire state for this purpose.

Clark Case Goes Over.

Washington, May 4.—The senate Thursday adopted the motion of Mr. Hoar to take up the resolution of the committee on elections, declaring that Mr. Clark of Montana was not duly elected to the senate, and then proposed consideration of the question for a week. The army appropriation bill, after a rather spirited debate, was passed without division. The day closed with the passage of a number of private pension bills.

In responding to the toast, "Democracy," at the Mohawk Democratic club banquet in Detroit, Col. Bryan touched on the money question, trusts and imperialism.

Bishop for British.

Chicago, Ill., May 4.—Bishop J. C. Hartwell of the Methodist Episcopal church pleaded the cause of the Briton in the Transvaal Thursday night before an audience that almost filled the auditorium. He spoke from impressions gained by personal observations of conditions in South Africa from personal acquaintance with President Kruger and his advisers and from close study of the laws and the administration of laws by his government.

Against Oil Company.

Austin, Tex., May 4.—Attorney General Smith Thursday rendered an opinion to the secretary of state advising that the application of the Waters-Pierce Oil company for permission to do business in Texas be not granted. Mr. Smith holds that, inasmuch as the supreme court in its recent decision perpetually enjoins the corporation from doing business in Texas and annuls its permit to do business, the permit should not issue.

GOLD IN ODD PLACES.

Tin Cans, Boots and Stove Pipes Filled With It at Cape Nome.

"One of the most notable things about the new placer gold fields at Cape Nome," said a returned miner the other day, "was the careless way that the gold was stored and cared for last summer. It was common to find five-gallon kerosene oil cans half or wholly filled with gold, standing on the floor in an unguarded tent or in the corner of a cabin. I believe that just before the steamer Bertha sailed from Nome last October with a big shipment of gold dust and nuggets to the San Francisco mint, there was about half a ton of gold stored in all manner of primitive receptacles and odd ways in the tents on the beach. Besides, there was fully 1,500 pounds of gold similarly saved in the tents and cabins of miners along the creeks and in the gravelly gulches back of Nome. Any hollow thing was used, soup tureens, tin cans, glass bottles, boots, gas pipes, paint buckets, fur garments and even stockings and goshaws. Very few of the miners failed to get some gold the first day they panned and rocked for it. Their hoard grew fast and they had no strong-box, no pouch, in which to store it. In some instances the makeshiftes were amusing. One man made a great pouch for his gold out of an enormous chest and back protector—a sort of waistcoat made of seal skin, which he had cured, dressed and made himself. Another miner utilized a joint of stovepipe. He didn't have even a tent when he went to Nome. Some one threw away a rusty stove pipe joint, and the miner got it. He cut a round piece of board and fitted it in one end of the pipe. Then he stood the pipe up on end on his claim and dumped into it each day the gold dust as fast as he washed and dried it. I believe he got about 90 pounds of gold for his season's work last year."

RATS DEFY THE GUINEA PIGS.

Strange Animals in the "Annex" of the Lincoln Park Zoo.

Tradition says that mice and guinea pigs will not live in the same premises, but this does not prevent the animal house "annex" in Lincoln park, Chicago, which contains more than thirty guinea pigs, from being infested with mice and rats. The latter, accustomed to feed in large numbers at the grain crib in the basement of the annex, refused to abdicate upon the advent of the diminutive pink-eyed porkers according to a once-accepted rule. Rats roam at large all over the place, and, to emphasize the incongruity, a cage of white mice occupies a position side by side with that of the guinea pigs. Guinea pigs occupy a cage by themselves, copped up in one corner of the small animal house, as the annex is sometimes called. They are strangers to night-seeking visitors at the park because this house, which also contains many other of the smaller animals of the "zoo," is not open to the general public. Zoologists maintain that all guinea pigs were cavies before the discovery of America—these animals were not known in Europe until the close of the seventeenth century, and it is believed they were introduced from South America and got their name from Guinea, afterward corrupted into "guinea" pigs.

"How Do You Do?"

The Germans say "Wie befindest du dich?" (How do you find yourself?) or "Wie geht's?" (How goes it?); the Dutch "Hoe vaart gij?" (How do you fare?); the Italians, "Come state (How do you stand?); the French "Comment vous portez-vous?" (How do you carry yourself?); in Spain, as in Germany, the usual greetings are "Como estas?" (How are you?) or "Que tal va?" (How goes it?). The Greeks say "Ti Kamete?" (What do you do?), while in China the expression is, "Have you eaten your rice?" in Russia, "Be well!" or "How do you live?" and in Arabia, "May your morning be good!" or "God grant thee big favors." The Turk's greeting is, "Be under the care of God," and that of the Persians, "Is thy exalted condition good? May thy shadow never be less!" The briefest and at the same time most expressive salutation is the North American Indian's "How!"—*Collier's Weekly*.

The Coming Thaw in Siberia.

Mr. William Le Queux is reported to be about to set out on a journey which is sure to result in several books. He is to travel in Siberia along the route of the great Trans-Siberian railway and has been accorded official permission to visit all penal settlements, mines and prisons in Siberia. Books of fiction and fact are to be written, but it is hoped that Mr. Le Queux will not mix the two too carelessly. As a writer of wildly exciting novels he has shown that he possesses an imagination heated enough to make one wonder whether the Russian government is wise in opening Siberia to such an investigator.—*Saturday Post*.

A Fine Natural Harbor.

The finest natural harbor in Puerto Rico is at Jobos, on the southeast coast. It is large enough and deep enough to accommodate ships of any draught, but it needs an improved entrance. In addition to the commercial value of Jobos harbor, it has a strategic importance not surpassed in this part of the world. It is perfectly sheltered and screened. A naval fleet stationed there might block any European expedition directed toward Cuba, the Isthmus canal, or the Pacific coast. Its strategic position in Puerto Rico corresponds to that of Malta in the east.

Agonies of Neuralgia.

HOW THE WIFE OF HARTFORD'S REGISTER OF ELECTIONS WAS CURED.

Mrs. William Cotter Tells How She Suffered, and the Simple Way in Which She Regained Her Happiness.

Many who are now tormented with neuralgia will read with interest the following statement which is beyond doubt as it is given under the signature of Mrs. William Cotter, whose husband has been Democratic Register of Elections in Hartford, Conn., for over ten years, and who is well known throughout the State.

Mrs. Cotter who lives at No. 42 Windsor Street, Hartford, is the mother of a happy family, and is now enjoying excellent health. Her story is best told in her own words. She says:

"I was taken with neuralgia several years ago and suffered untold misery. I tried a great many doctors and several remedies with the result that I found temporary relief but I was not cured and began to fear that I never would be."

About three years ago Policeman Reilly, who is a neighbor of ours, recommended that I try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and I did so. I thought that the first box gave me some relief, and my husband insisted that I keep on taking the pills. I did and I can truly say that the pills are the only medicine that ever permanently benefited me."

"I used to have to give up entirely and lie down when the pain came on. My face would swell up so that my eyes would close. The pills cured all this and I have had no return of it for the last two years. I keep the pills constantly on hand as I believe they are a wonderful household remedy."

"To Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People I owe all the comfort I have enjoyed for the past two years in being free from neuralgia and I am glad to be able to recommend them."

All the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves are contained in a condensed form, in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They are an unbalancing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of the grip, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexion, all forms of weakness either in male or female. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50 (they are never sold in bulk or by the 100), by addressing Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

The Kunkel Was Too Late.

The local paper up in Penobscot county had an item the other day reading somewhat as follows:

"Mr. Blinks, the well-known sportsman of Exeter Village, captured a pure white woodchuck the other day. The animal has Albino eyes and pink skin, and has not a spot or a blemish on him. His paws are shaped just like human hands, and he sits up most of the time like a monkey. All of Mr. Blinks' neighbors are coming round to see the curiosity."

A man over in Bangor who is making a collection of curious animals for a local park tells me that when he saw that item he hired a stable team and rode over to Exeter through the snow and the slush. He wanted to buy the great curiosity and had a nice, crisp ten-dollar bill tucked in his waistcoat.

He inquired the way to Mr. Blinks' house. He hitched his horse. He rapped on the door. Mr. Blinks was just through dinner. He came to the door picking his teeth with a silver.

"Is this Mr. Blinks?"

"That's me."

"The man that caught the white woodchuck?"

"Same feller."

"Well, I want to buy it for my museum."

"Ye do, eh? Wal, kunkel, ye're late. We put tired of 'em 'vin' him kickin' round. We jest let him for dinner. Put rate, too. Anything else I can do for ya?"

Yes, he could have gone out behind the shed and let the Bangor man kick him—but he didn't.

Angry on His Father's Account.

"A little fellow," says the *Kennebec Journal*, "the oldest in a family of little ones, whose father worked away from home winters, had occasion to visit his grandparents for a few days. On his return he found another little member. His remarks will show that he was both surprised and indignant. 'Well, if you haven't gone and got another gash darned kid! Won't my father be mad when he hears of it!'"

A Modest Request.

A resident of the town of Waterloo, N. D., sent a 2-cent postage stamp in a letter to Mayor Carter Harrison of Chicago a few days ago, with a request that he forward by return mail a city directory of Chicago, as the writer intends going there in the summer and desires to visit the principal places. The postage stamp awaits the North Dakota man's order on his arrival.

A Costly Hat Bet.

A New York man lost a bet of a new hat. Heat once wrote the other man, telling him to purchase any kind or hat. He at once wrote the other man, style of hat and send along the bill. In due time the bill arrived—\$60. As soon as the dropped jaw of the man regained its normal poise he went to the hatter and asked about it. He found that the \$60 represented an elaborately trimmed woman's hat, the establishment dealing in both genders of headgear. The winner of the bet had it seemed, turned over to his wife the loser's order, and she, being a prominent clubwoman in town, had construed the license as to style and kind all to literally. That loser now makes hat bets only with bachelors.

Mainly Due to Borely Attitudes.

Dr. Clouston of the Royal Edinburgh asylum says that purely mental and moral causes play but a small part in the production of insanity, as compared with causes bodily and physical. Only 11.5 per cent of the cases he has examined were due to anxiety or mental shock. The rest were traceable to causes acting on the brain through the medium of the body—drink, faulty development, gross brain disease, strong hereditary predisposition, child-bearing, etc. Showing how mental troubles were the fruit of bodily disturbances, Dr. Clouston declared that "the recent epidemic of influenza had caused more insanity than all the public and private anxiety in connection with the war."

Picturesque Underpinning.

Shining shoes of patent leather with red heels, and red silk stockings that twinkle and flash below short walking skirts, are now to be seen upon innumerable young ladies on the boardwalk of Atlantic City. This, an artist says is the final needed touch, and now Atlantic City is as picturesque and as interesting as a surf-beaten hamlet of Brittany with its white-limbed fishing girls.

Now With a Trust.

"The most incorrigible faker who ever spilled ink on a daily paper is at present a director in a big trust in the northwest," said an old reporter. "The way he got out of the newspaper business was rather peculiar, and as the story is now pretty generally forgotten it may be worth telling. He had persuaded one of the big northern dailies to send him on a trip to Hawaii to write up the sugar industry, but after he arrived at Honolulu he concluded it would be foolish to make a long ocean voyage when there was so many good infamy-clodas at hand, and proceeded to grind out his letters from a room in the Palace hotel. The correspondence attracted a good deal of attention, and his descriptions of island life were generally regarded as the most truthful and graphic that had ever been penned. Just how he arranged about getting his remittances I don't remember, but he fixed it somehow, and kept the thing going several months.

"Then he was supposed to return and at last really took the train for the east. En route he got broke in a Pullman car poker game. It was then he executed his great coup. He got off at a little town in Arizona and telegraphed his office: 'Just held up by train robbers. Got all I had. Wire me \$250.' The office answered: 'Money sent. Rush in full account of holdup.' In response he promptly wired a lurid story of a train robbery on the Great American Desert, which his paper printed under glaring headlines next morning, and when a few western correspondents denied it later on they weren't believed. The superintendent of the road, however, was very sure, and took the trouble to send a bunch of affidavits to the merry romancer's editor.

"When the young man was confronted with the proofs, he said calmly that a chap in the Pullman had held a sequence flush against his four aces, and if that didn't constitute train robbery he would like to know what did. The argument was ingenious, but it didn't save him. He was ignominiously fired, and now, as I said before, he is a bloated trust magnate rolling in riches. I always thought he would come to some bad end."

DR. HARTMAN'S ADVICE

Is Sought by Female Sufferers from Ocean to Ocean.



All over the country there are women who have been invalids for many years, suffering with female derangements which the family doctor cannot cure.

What a boon to such women is Dr. Hartman's free advice! So famous has his skill made him that hardly a hamlet or town in the country but knows his name. He cures tens of thousands, and he offers to every woman who will write to him her symptoms and a history of her trouble free advice and treatment.

The medicines he prescribes can be obtained at any drug store, and the cost is within the reach of any woman. He describes minutely and carefully just what she shall do and get to make a healthy, robust woman of herself.

The Doctor has written a book especially for this class of women, entitled "Health and Beauty." This book contains many facts of interest to women, and will be sent free to any address by Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O.

Getting Ready.

Of the 52,000 census enumerators who are to be examined and appointed in readiness for duty June 1 there are now appointed and qualified 37,400. In the interval remaining the supervisors must select their enumerators, examine them and secure their appointment in regular form. The enumerators are required to take a regular set of blanks such as are used in the actual count of population and fill them out. If their handwriting is good, their spelling correct and their fitness in point of speed, accuracy and general intelligence well established, they will be appointed; otherwise they are rejected and other men looked up. Representatives are exercising a good deal of activity in choosing enumerators and some delay is occasioned on that account. Director Merriam, however, expresses his confidence in getting all the appointments made on time. Illinois leads all the states in the appointment of women supervisors, the aggregate showing a total of 201 female enumerators, the first district of Illinois alone furnishing 153.

Jabe's Change of Heart.

Jabe Mathis, of the thirteenth Georgia, was a good soldier, but one day, when the Confederates were retreating from the field of Gettysburg, Jabe threw his musket on the ground, seated himself by the roadside, and exclaimed with much vehemence:

"I'll be dashed if I walk another step! I'm broke down. I can't do it."

"Get up, man!" exclaimed his captain. "Don't you see the enemy is following us? They'll get you, sure."

"Can't help it," said Jabe. "I'm done for. I'll not walk another step."

The Confederates passed along over the crest of the hill and lost sight of poor, dejected Jabe.

In a moment there was a fresh rattle of musketry and a renewed crash of shells. Suddenly, Jabe appeared on the top of the hill, moving like a hurricane and followed by a cloud of dust. As he dashed past his captain, the officer yelled:

"Hello, Jabe! Thought you wasn't going to walk any more!"

"Thunder!" replied Jabe, as he hit the dust with renewed vigor. "You don't call this walking, do you?"

Buy a Package of FRIENDS' OATS AND FIND HOW TO OBTAIN VALUABLE PREMIUMS FREE!

This only shows a few of the premiums. We have many more. A Complete Premium List sent on application to

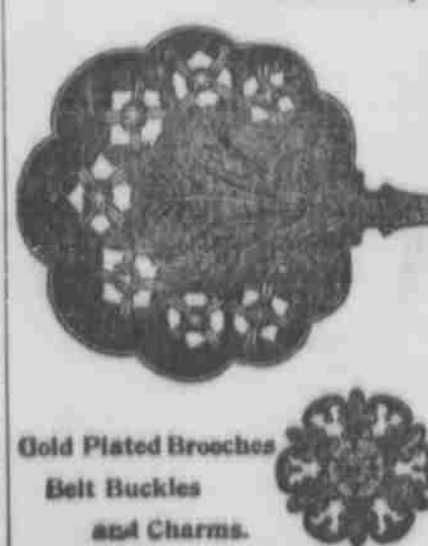
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THE ROUND TRADE MARKS ARE VALUABLE.

Many Valuable Premiums to all users of FRIENDS' OATS.

Save the ROUND TRADE MARK on Every 2-lb. Package



LOCAL.

Sam Atkinson visited a few days in Carlsbad this week.

Mrs. Jno. Hines, of Seven Rivers, was very ill this week.

Mrs. A. J. Cook, who visited Roswell last week, returned Saturday.

Mrs. Gerhart returned from her St. Louis visit last week, Friday.

Several cars of cattle were shipped through this week from Pecos.

Mr. Carter of the Grogan Bros. piano house was in town this week.

Gerhart & Edgar have placed a neat awning in front of their meat market.

Grazier & Bobo have formed a partnership for real estate and abstract business.

Joe James came in yesterday from the ranch, bringing in a bunch of yearling steers.

J. Ryan, who went to Clifton, Ariz., a couple of weeks ago, is expected home shortly.

John Johnson, the new jeweler, was joined by his family, from Canyon City, Texas, this week.

S. T. Hitting has incorporated his bank as a territorial institution with \$30,000 paid-up capital.

Mrs. Laura Anderson has been appointed an administratrix of the estate of her deceased husband, W. R. Anderson.

C. B. Willingham, accompanied by his son and daughter, returned Tuesday from a trip to El Paso and Mexico points.

Mr. and Mrs. S. I. Roberts' little boy, George, was thrown from his burro last week, resulting in breaking his right arm.

Ambrose Lowenbruck, who left home quite unceremoniously a few weeks ago, returned yesterday quite sick with fever.

J. H. Parramore, of Abilene, was in town yesterday. He will remain a few days to hold a confab with his old friend, Gen. R. S. Bosson.

With herds of loose horses rambling over the town nights it would seem that our marshal and poundmaster were very derelict of duty.

C. W. Merchant was in town several days this week from Abilene. He is here to superintend the shipment of 600 head of steers which will be shipped Monday.

Marshal Clark complains of the inaction of the town ordinance of tying stock to cottonwood trees, especially horses, which he says will be impounded in the future.

Rev. Geo. Hanson, of San Marcos, Texas, has accepted the Pecos Valley charge of the Episcopal church and will reside in Roswell. He will hold services twice a month in Grace church.

"Making the most of things" is the theme for a series of sermons to begin at the Baptist church Sunday morning. In the evening the first of two on "Moral Gravitation" will be presented. You are invited.

H. B. Martin, an editor from Memphis, Texas, was in town yesterday looking for a location to establish a newspaper. He concluded after examination that Carlsbad was well represented in the newspaper line.

Chas. Burton, who purchased the well from T. A. Ezel some sixteen miles north, has purchased a house from Mr. Hoag near Malaga, and Mr. Hoag is now engaged moving the house to the well, making a move of thirty-six miles.

The Masonic hall has been undergoing extensive repairs during the past week, an ornamental iron ceiling having been put up by L. Anderson, while A. J. Bryant papered the hall with the finest ingrain paper and re-painted the wood work. It is now the most elegant lodge room in the territory.

The whistle of the wool scouring plant blew last Friday at 1 p. m., announcing the beginning of operations. The plant employs about fifteen or twenty regular hands and is a good thing for Carlsbad. The first carload of scoured wool was shipped to Hartford, Conn., Wednesday, and hereafter a car every two days will be the output.

J. J. Rascoe, sr., sold fourteen head of heifers yesterday to W. C. Breedling of Portales, at \$35.00 per head. This is the top price reported so far this season. Mr. Rascoe raises nothing but the best horses and cattle and while other horsemen are trying to dispose of their horses at \$25.00 to \$30.00 per head, Mr. Rascoe finds a ready market for all his horses at \$75.00 to \$150.00 each. Yet some say it doesn't pay to raise good stock.

C. H. Bartlett and wife, of Denver, Colo., inventors of the geometrical chart for cutting all kinds of dress patterns, arrived Tuesday and will open a supply depot for their product in Carlsbad. They employ 900 agents who canvass all over the United States selling and teaching how to use the chart. They are located in the brick north of the Goetz residence on Canon street, where they will also open a cutting school. Mr. Bartlett has a 160 acre tract on Black River, which he will improve.

Death of J. B. Toome.

John Bryans Toome, who passed away Wednesday forenoon of this week at the hospital, was one of the best citizens of our county. He came here about six years ago from England and lived with Tom Dougal and family for a couple of years, being wedded some three or four years ago to a friend of his youth who came from England to share a neat little home near Otis which Mr. Toome had prepared for her. Two children blessed their union and by industry and economy Mr. and Mrs. Toome prospered on their little farm. This spring he was employed by Geo. H. Webster as manager of Francis stock farm and commenced to farm on an extensive scale, leaving his family at home and going for six days at a time on food cooked by himself, which he was unused to. This mode of life seemed to disagree with him and caused his blood to become out of order. A short time ago he received a bruise on the hip which shortly caused an abscess and in the short space of three days blood poisoning set in and death ensued as stated.

The attending physician, Dr. Chas. M. Wheeler, did everything possible, calling in consultation Dr. Seeger, a physician of fifty years experience, and also Dr. Wright, but the case was beyond the power of physicians to control.

Mr. Toome was born in Crewe, England, Oct. 11th, 1870, being a son of Canon Toome, of Wandsworth Common, London, England.

The funeral services were conducted yesterday from Grace church. Rev. Geo. Hanson officiating, the little church being completely filled with the friends of a worthy citizen and a good man.

Mr. Toome had provided for his family by a life insurance policy of \$1,000 in the Equitable.

Mrs. Gilson is now prepared to give board and furnished rooms, in the Tracy cottages on Canal avenue.

Any stockman with a good calf can easily find a buyer at the U. S. meat market, as Mr. Lowenbruck's predilection has returned.

The O'Neil and Beckett wool clip of about 18,000 pounds came in yesterday, and was purchased by Matheson and Harlin.

Mr. and Mrs. Westcott, of Chicago, were looking over the country this week with a view to purchasing a home. They will probably locate near town.

Miss McKinzie of Tennessee came in this week to visit her brother at Otis bringing Mr. McKinzie's little daughter who has been with her grand mother for nearly two years.

Work on the streets of Carlsbad still continues. If the town board will continue improving the streets it will be but short time ere Carlsbad will have the finest thoroughfares in the west.

Father Elias officiated at the burial of a Mexican woman last Wednesday named Isabel Munos, also a Mexican child. Senora Munos was a sister of the girl who died a year or two ago at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Cameron.

Recently Pastor Herman Powell announced at the church services that he would receive receipts for and forward through missionary agencies relief for the famine sufferers in India. Money will be sent by the 15th and again later if necessary.

Miss Estelle Morrison, of El Paso, is visiting Miss Gertrude Bittling, arriving Friday night of last week.

Mr. & Mrs. Thos. Higgins of Campbell, formerly of this town, have a new ten pound boy who arrived April 30.

Noah Ellis, of Lincoln county, and R. F. Barnett and Dave Howell, Roswell, all prominent cattlemen were visitors Monday.

Arthur McEwan celebrated his 21st birthday Monday night at the home of his brother, W. L. McEwan, assisted by numerous friends.

Rev. Elias Mayer, formerly of Lawrence Kansas and after of Garnet Kansas but for the past eight months assistant at the Carmelite Monastery of Stanton, Texas, arrived Monday to take charge of St. Edward's Catholic church of this town. Father Elias, as he is generally known is the first regularly appointed pastor since the death of the lamented Father Herman Kemper, of whom no doubt Father Elias is a worthy successor. Father Elias has been a priest for thirty one years having been educated in Rome Italy and is a member of the Carmelite order, with headquarters at Niagara Falls N. Y. Father Elias is conversant with French, Italian, German, Spanish, English, Latin and Greek. He is especially valuable to this community on account of the mixed population and being an American of fifty years residence is sure to make many friends among those not Catholics, being of a genial social nature. The town is to be congratulated in securing a priest so well adapted to the place, because faithful Christians will not locate where there is no church or priest of their faith. Services will be held regularly every Sunday at 9:30 with short sermon in English, while week days mass will be celebrated at 7:30 a. m. Father Elias will be found at his residence at St. Edwards at all times.

I am closing out small sizes in ladies shoes and offer you values in these shoes, Nos. 2 and 3. Come early.

Regular \$1.50 to \$3.00 values

Now going at

75c and \$1.00

These shoes are the greatest bargains ever offered in the town.

Elliott Hendricks.

\$1.00

Perfumes

We carry the finest line of perfumes made.

Have just received an elegant new line of the latest odors and can please every taste.

Examine our stock when you are in next time.

Eddy Drug Co.

Pat Murray received a stock of saddles, harness, etc., this week and opened up in the building formerly occupied by Stone with a meat market.

H. N. Garrett shipped two cars of sheep to market this week.

When you want anything in the line of

Groceries

Drop in and get prices.

FRESH

Fruits and Vegetables

Cadises Cigars Tobacco

Fresh Bread.

Cold Drinks.

Yours for business

H. W. Hess

J. H. Moore, the hustling insurance agent, was here the first of the week from Midland.

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\$1.00

IS IN NEW HANDS.

Kansas National Bank is Sold to New Men—Mr. Chandler President.

The Wichita (Kans.) Daily Eagle. Yesterday afternoon the Kansas National bank of this city, one of the largest and best known institutions in the west, changed hands.

A combination which owns banks all over Kansas, of which Dr. W. S. Woods of Kansas City is the head, purchased the bank and the Kansas National is now part of one of the strongest banking organizations in the country.

The new members of the bank organized at once with the following officers: President—C. Q. Chandler.

First Vice Pres.—E. E. Masterman.

Second Vice Pres.—J. W. Berryman.

Cashier—Emory Martin.

Assistant Cashier—Charles Testard.

Years ago Dr. Woods of Kansas City lived at Rocheport, Missouri. He went into the banking business and is now a very rich man, and one of the great bankers of the nation. He had a number of nephews, and as these grew up he took them into the banking business with him. The banks now run by nephews of Dr. Woods are as follows:

Citizens State Bank, Medicine Lodge.

Stock Growers', Ashland.

National Bank of Commerce, Garnet.

State Bank, Humbolt.

State Bank, Mead.

The Bank of Carlsbad, Carlsbad, New Mexico.

Kansas National Bank, Wichita.

The condition and history of the Kansas National bank is well known. Its capital is \$100,000 and its deposits now in excess of half a million dollars. It has weathered all the panics of the past and has ripened into a stable, sound concern.

The Eagle on behalf of the community welcomes the new bankers and wishes the old institution long life and uninterrupted prosperity.

The banks above mentioned are among the strongest in the United States, and it is fortunate for Carlsbad business men that they can boast of being in the swim in having one of these institutions in the Bank of Carlsbad, which is not only ably managed, but has abundance of capital to invest in the country when sufficient security is offered.

New Books Received.

The Norman Crosby Free Library have recently purchased the following books:

Red Rock, Richard Carvel, Janice Meredith, Prisoners of Hope, David Harum, Light of Scarity, To Have and To Hold, Little Men, Little Women, Joe's Boys, Old Fashioned Girl, Hugh Wynne, Trinity Bells, Young Crusis, Not Like Other Girls, Young Buglers, Under Dewey, Under Otis, Bird's Christmas, Carol, Dickey Downey, Henry Knox, Following the Equator, Britton and Boer, Chronicles of Aunt Minerva Ann, Melody, Capt. January, Marie, The Sowers, The Other Fellow, Colonel Carter, Sonny.

Any one wishing a book and not able to come to the library in person can procure one by sending a note to the Librarian.

Otis Observations.

Mrs. Fyles, of Denver, a relative of Mrs. McIntosh, has moved into the Seneca Jessup property.

Mrs. L. G. Ryan and children are visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Stokes.

W. F. Daugherty and son, of Hope, are searching the Otis district for stray horses this week.

Mr. Simpson has moved into the Shultz house and will farm the Cameron forty this year. He purchased a couple of fine Jersey cows this week.

J. H. Primm of Bastrop, Texas, a breeder of Red Polled cattle is looking over the alfalfa farms today with a view of locating.

J. T. Jackson and family departed Monday for Caddo, I. T. Their old home, Mr. and Mrs. Jackson made many friends while here during the winter.

Malaga Items.

Bob Young and Mr. Rutledge were down from Portales last Saturday. They spent most of their time in fishing at the mouth of Black River but failed to catch any fish.

Ben Humston was quite ill the first of the week but he is now better.

An unusual large number attended Sunday school last Sunday. The time has been changed to 10 a. m.

Mr. Barlett and wife, from Denver, also his step son, Mr. Vliet and wife, came in last Tuesday. Mr. Barlett owns theiggs place and expects to improve it and make a home here.

Mrs. Nannie Fletcher is visiting her father at the Greene farm this week.

Miss Lydia Rascoe and Miss Clara Duncan were visiting relatives here last week.

HORTENSE.

FOR RENT—The bakery building oven and tools. Call on or address Jno. T. Bolton, Carlsbad, N. M.

Ex-Judge Hamilton was here Saturday from El Paso.

Prof. Skeats arrived Wednesday from El Paso on business.

L. O. Fuller returned to El Paso last Saturday morning, to remain until such time as he entirely recovers his health.

Mrs. R. Ohnemus has been very ill the past week.

Blanke's Faust Blend Coffee

The most important articles in any cuisine are the coffee and butter. The best hostesses in the United States serve Blanke's "FAUST BLEND" Coffee, so extensively advertised in high-grade magazines. At our store you can get in "FAUST BLEND" Coffee at 40c. per pound exactly the same coffee for your own table that is served exclusively on the tables of the following famous hostesses of the United States:

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Taxes Paid
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Farms and Ranch Property for Sale
Not connected with any corporation
Polite collectors only employed.

The Carnival.

Let every body turn out to the Carnival meeting at the Court House on the night of the 12th inst Saturday night 8 p. m. The Cowboy Carnival and the Fiddler's Carnival will be mapped out and submitted for your approval or rejection, as the case may be. Every citizen of Carlsbad and Eddy county should take a proper interest in the upbuilding of the town in furthering its varied interests. All business men should attend and put their shoulder to the wheel and success is certain.

FIDDLERS' CARNIVAL.
It is proposed that the Fiddler's Carnival, be held in conjunction with the Cowboy's Carnival. This will be a drawing card and bring hundreds of people here, who perhaps would not attend. A dozen or more of old veterans of "The old time fiddle and the bow, have enlisted already. Our merchants of course are expected to provide the various little premiums for the players, but best of all, the receipts of the entertainment will be donated to charity or hospital purposes. Leading ladies of many Texas towns are taking an active interest in these fiddler's contests and have all proven a financial success. Let the ladies come out and engage in this innocent and charitable enterprise. As little as you may think about it, fiddler's carnival are immense affairs, from the uniqueness and amusement they offer to the general public, aside from the good to charitable institutions.

The Carnival Meeting.

You are expected and are earnestly invited to attend the meeting at the court house to-night and help to arrange for the great Cowboy Carnival. Come out..

At Court House
To-Night, May 12, 1900.

A REPUBLICAN BLUFF.

Proposed Legislation to Restrain Trusts.

SIMPLY A CONDEMN TO OAIN TIME.

A Curtailing of Special Privileges Would Mean a Shortage in the Campaign Fund—A Good Enough Morgan Till After Election—The Ship Subsidy Bill.

"An early adjournment" is now the cry of the sorely harassed Republican congress. The protest of the people against imperialism as exemplified in the Porto Rican tariff bill grows more bitter and indignant every day.

Mr. McKinley's congress, which started in with such a glowing prospect of things to be done, has now concluded that it will be the part of wisdom to do as little as possible.

Party leaders are pulling their wits together and are working up to the fact that every day congress remains in session it is going to pile up trouble for itself with the Republican rank and file, to say nothing of the Democrats.

A well known congressman from the northwest stated the situation when he said: "If the presidential election were to be held next month, I admit that the Republicans would be defeated, but the people can be taught to forget a good many things in six months. The Republicans are going to have congress adjourn and get away from Washington just as quick as they can. We can make some sort of excuse to the voters for omitting to do certain things for lack of time, but we cannot face a campaign with any more of the sort of record that we have been piling up on the Porto Rican tariff bill."

It shows how thoroughly demoralized the administration forces are, that they are so resource left but fight. Here to McKinley's own congress, with a clear majority in both branches, and yet it has tied itself up in such a snarl that it can think of nothing more brilliant than to confess its incompetence and go home.

Similarly a running away from the duty of deciding a policy for the new possessions emphasizes the intention of the Republicans to have McKinley as the ostensible autocrat and the trusts as the real dictators of the new possessions.

Representative Ray's proposed trust amendment to the constitution is not regarded seriously even by the Republicans. It is the best they can do. They dare not actually legislate in restraint of the trusts. They dare not take away any of the special privileges under which the trusts flourish, because there would then be a shortage in their campaign fund.

Mark Hanna makes it clear to his associates that nothing is more necessary to Republican success than an enormous campaign fund. The trusts are the only source from which it can be secured. They will not put it up unless they are pretty certain of getting value received.

The Democrats point out that the Republicans by putting forth merely a proposed amendment to the constitution are on the face of it evading the issue until after the campaign. A congress which has had full power and opportunity to investigate trust abuses and legislate wisely to correct such abuses contents itself with a badly drawn proposal to amend the constitution.

The Democrats cannot refrain from commenting on the peculiar manner in which the Republicans regard the constitution. When it's a case of giving the trusts a free hand with the new possessions the Republicans have the impudence to assert that congress is above and beyond the constitution.

When it is a matter of restraining the rapacity of the trusts at home, then this same Republican congress fears that it has not the necessary power under the constitution and timidly begs the people to decide for it—and by all means take plenty of time to decide—so that the proposed amendment may be used for all it is worth in the coming campaign.

The Porto Rican relief bill has been passed, and the senate sees nothing to do but continue military rule in Porto Rico and the Philippines and let it go at that.

A continuance of McKinley imperialism backed up by a huge standing army won't satisfy the people who foot the bills. It will disgust the Republicans as well as the Democrats. But the Republicans show plainly in the course of debate in congress that the administration's much vaunted "expansion" was never intended to be anything but one man imperialism.

The White House is a good way from the people, and it seems that McKinley and his advisers are genuinely surprised that the masses see through the imperialist policy and, even worse, have the tenacity to reproach the servants whom they elected to govern all portion of the country under the constitution.

The Republicans who are broad minded enough to keep in touch with their constituents admit that the whole course of proposed Porto Rican tariff legislation has been a huge blunder. They see now that it would have been the part of political wisdom to stick to the policy of military occupation of the new acquisitions and not try to fool the people with a pretense of something else.

Still, the trust interests are at the bottom of the trouble. Washington is a popular resort of trust representatives. They may be seen any day at the White House and the capitol. They simply forget that the voters had any

interest in congress. It was to be utilized as the trusts saw fit. It is the misfortune of the Republicans that McKinley cannot keep his mind made up to any definite course of action. He has made himself and his congress look ridiculous. He has exposed the hand of the trusts in relation to Porto Rico and the Philippines. The revolt of the people is the thing that they cannot explain. The one that they do realize is that the voters, the citizens, will permit no further with the constitution. It must follow the flag. No tariff can be raised between one portion of the United States and another.

So the injustice of military control is to be continued in starving and helpless Porto Rico. The administration is given entire authority to spend the \$2,000,000 relief as it sees fit. There is no guarantee that it will relieve the misery of Porto Rico to any perceptible extent. Anyway, the Porto Ricans themselves want citizenship and not charity.

The Republicans would like to get the ship subsidy grab through before adjournment. The bill has died a half a dozen deaths, but is renewed every few days in a new guise. Its promoters bring it out and let congress view it, and if the sentiment does not seem favorable it is taken back and fixed over again.

The house committee on merchant marine is proudly displaying the latest draft of the bill, which has a long dissertation on trusts incorporated as one of its features. The committee does not label the new version as a joke, but the Democrats think it rather amusing to see the Republicans making a stump speech against trusts in the very bill which wants congress to authorize and subsidize a new trust.

This latest draft of the bill generously says that it proposes to come under the provisions of the act of July 2, 1890, "to protect commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies," etc.

Presumably that law would apply anyway if there were an attorney general who desired to enforce it. The ship subsidy bill people are counting on the kind of trust controlled attorney general, like the present incumbent, who will declare that the law does not apply to any existing trust.

The whole trust section of the bill is clumsy and badly drawn and does not in the least affect the real intent and purpose of the bill. In fact, if anything, the new bill has a few more dangerous provisions than the preceding ones. It is known that the shipbuilders have an agreement which is practically a trust, and one of the cramps is here in Washington in the interest of the subsidy bill.

The rainy season is setting in in the Philippines, so General Otis wires that he has dispensed with the thousands of Chinese laborers who have been digging trenches and carrying baggage for the army.

This does not mean that the Philippine war is over. It only means that it is deferred until the end of the rainy season. General Otis is bringing the troops into Manila. The Philippines are getting ready for a rest and another campaign for liberty. It is noticeable that the army is not being sent home nor the expense bill being cut down. The people are still paying war taxes. The administration is getting ready to utter the usual remarks about the insurrection being practically over—until after the campaign. L. A. WHITE.

TOTAL DEPRAVITY.

Nothing Good Can Be Said of McKinley's Congress.

The Independent has given credit to McKinley's congress for some things in the interest of the people that it must now take back. It has said that congress would provide for the laying of a Pacific cable to be owned by the government. The latest information is that it will do no such thing. It is to give a subsidy to a lot of rich capitalists of some \$400,000 a year for 20 years—that is, it is going to pay for the laying of the cable and let a lot of pet capitalists own it.

We ought to have known better than to have given credence to the story that the government would build it, but we never were a firm believer in the doctrine of total depravity, and it is very hard to be forced to adopt it in our old age. We fancy that we will have to give up. There is no other account for modern Republicanism—Nebraska Independent.

Trade Does Not Follow the Flag.

I deny the proposition that trade follows the flag and that in order to maintain commercial supremacy we must establish colonies and have a great army. I hold as ridiculous the doctrine that bargains are made at the point of a shotgun and that dividends are declared through the agencies of battle-ships or that goods are sold and profits realized by the help of battalions of soldiers. We send iron bridges to Egypt, locomotives to Europe and goods to all parts of the world, because we can make a superior article or can undersell our competitors, and the gleam of the bayonet and the rattle of the Krug-Jorgensen is not reckoned in trade balances.—Congressman Sutherland.

A Good Forgetter.

Republicans in the house of representatives who ensconced a Democrat and gave him the place to do the job just because they had the votes to do it have evidently forgotten the results of a similar course in the Fifty-first congress. However, forgetfulness appears to be one of the attributes of the party now in power. It forgets the constitution, and after that all else is easy.—Butte (Mont.) Miner.

Millions Wasted.

The millions we are paying out for killing Filipinos would better be expended on public improvements.—Kansas City Times.

FEEDING CORN FODDER.

Give Stock Just the Quantity They Want and No More.

When the winter feed begins to give out, the man who is a poor calculator or an unsystematic feeder and that he must go into the market and buy more feed, sell off some of his stock or put them on short rations for the balance of the season. Any one of these processes is disastrous to the land owner, writes E. P. Smith in the American Cultivator, and it would be hard to say which one to adopt. There might be little less compulsion to do this if a reserve amount of fodder was kept for such an emergency or if the fodder was less wastefully fed when it was plenty. There is no food that is so generally wasted as corn fodder. It is a cheap and coarse food, and hence many a farmer uses it as if it were of little consequence. Doubtless there are plenty today who wished they had been a little more saving with it early in the season. Because a food is cheap and plentiful there is no reason why it should be wasted or slovenly fed to the stock. There is never justification for such work on any farm, and the man who stoops to it will be sure to suffer.

Corn fodder should never be distributed around the yard for the stock to eat and trample upon. Not even the claim that what is lost in this way goes to make good, coarse manure justifies such a course. The fodder is an article of food primarily and first, and it should therefore be treated as food. It is just as easy to feed this in racks constructed in the yards as to scatter it about. Let the animals come to the rack and eat all they will. Then clean out what is left for another time. It is better to find out just how much the stock will eat at one time and then give them that amount and no more.

They will have a better appreciation of the food if they are not stuffed too full of it. If bread or potatoes were left standing around your workshop all the time so you had to walk over it, you would soon lose all appetite for either and ignore it. Cattle do the same with corn fodder spread about the yard. It is a demonstrated fact that they will eat much more of this fodder when fed to them regularly and cleaned up after each meal than when it is thrown into the yard faster than they can eat it. There seems to be something human in the animals on the farm, after all, and they are getting a little fastidious in their likes and dislikes. We cannot exactly blame them either, for we require a good deal of them in these days, and they have a right to ask for something in return.

Shying Horses.

Horses often have what is called the vice of shying—that is, of starting suddenly at the rattle of a leaf or a piece of paper or at the approach of any object to which they are not accustomed. Clearly this is the result of an instinct inherited from their wild progenitors in the steppes or prairies, where the sudden rustling of a leaf might indicate the presence of a wolf and where everything that was strange was therefore suspicious.

It is idle as well as cruel to beat a horse for shying, says our Animal Friends. That only increases his alarm and may easily reduce him to the state of terror in which he loses his head entirely. Horses in that state seem to lose not only their heads, but their perceptive senses, and a horse in that condition may dash headlong against a stone wall. The habit of shying when once formed is difficult to cure, but it may almost always be prevented by such consistent kindness of treatment as to overpower the inherited instinct of instant flight from possible danger in which the habit originates.

Cut Feed For Working Horses.

While the horse is kept during winter mostly in the stable whole oats are probably better feed for him than meal, says The American Cultivator. The hulls of the oats, as farmers say, "lickle his insides" and increase the activity of his digestion. Some oats may pass through undigested, but unless the horse is old and has lost his teeth this loss may be overlooked. Anyway the fowls will get them. After 8 years of age horses should be fed cut hay moistened and with meal on it. But any horse that is hard at work every day should have his grain in meal and on cut hay. The meal is chewed with the cut hay just as oats would be. It is well mixed with saliva when it enters the horse's small stomach and passes into the intestines. So it does the greatest good possible for the nutrition it contains. All old farmers say that horses will stand hard work better on cut feed than on either whole grain or meal.

Popularity of Black Sheep.

Where black color in yarn or woolen goods is desired it is far better to have it natural black than that which has been secured and then dyed with some of the many coloring mixtures used for dyeing woolsens, says The American Cultivator. All the old dyes weaken the fiber of wool, and many of them contain matter poisonous to tender flesh. When brought into close contact with it on a rough woolen surface which scratches the skin, a poisonous rash is produced that is sometimes quite inconvenient and may be serious enough to produce blood poisoning. In the old days when farmers' wives used to spin and weave for home use instead of buying woolsens from the stores farmers used to save the wool from the black sheep to be worked up into clothing for themselves and families.

Stick to One Grade of Wool.

It pays better to keep a flock of sheep with the wool as near one kind of grade as possible—that is, a Shropshire run should not be used one year, a Lincoln the next, a Leicester the next, and so on until the flock is mixed up with a little of everything.—John Jackson.

Deeded to the Lord.

The most remarkable deed ever drawn may be seen on the private estate of a resident of Worcester in Massachusetts. It is chiseled on a rock on what is known as Battlesnake hill, situated near the boundary line between Worcester and Leicester.

Old Solomon Parsons, who was widely known in Worcester county as an eccentric character, and particularly as a crank on the subject of religion, paid William C. Hall \$125 for a parcel of land, and directed Hall to convey it by deed to the Almighty. In order that the greatest possible publicity might be given to his disposition of the property Parsons had the deed of transfer cut into the rock verbatim in literature.

During his lifetime Parsons is said to have made several attempts to have the deed recorded, but the register of deeds, who was aware of his eccentricity, each time put him off with the explanation that no official record was required in the case of a transfer of real estate to the Almighty.

Parsons died intestate several years ago, and the administrator included the parcel of land on Battlesnake hill in the inventory of the old gentleman's estate which he filed in the probate court. A wag of a lawyer raised the question of title, but the judge decided in the favor of the administrator.—New York Journal.

Anecdotes of Colonel Ege.

Colonel Ege was a famous climber in the early days. Although living in Doniphan county, he was often in Atchison, followed by a pack of hounds. He was a high toned southern gentleman, with a kind heart.

One day while returning home from this city he came across a man whose wagon was stuck in the mud in Independence creek bottom. Colonel Ege at once started in to help the man pry out his wagon with a fence rail. While both were working away Ege became angry and yelled to the man, "Lift, you son of a gun, you are not lifting a pound." The man picked up the end of the wagon and split it over Ege's head, laying him up for three weeks. Ege had his hat off when he was struck and was so bald before coming to Kansas that he was known as the Bald Eagle of Maryland.

Ege always carried a pistol and was always trying to shoot through somebody's hat without hitting him. One day, at the Independence creek ferry, he shot at a man, but aimed a little low and crossed him. But Ege was always a gentleman; he took the man into his home and tenderly cared for him until he recovered.—Atchison Globe.

Spanish Proverbs.

Proverbs uncomplimentary to the fair sex are common in Spain. "A woman, like a pavement, should be well trampled on to be kept in order." "A woman is like a candle. Twist her neck if you wish her to be good." "Beware of a bad woman, and do not trust a good one." "Crying in a woman and lipping in a dog is all a sham." "A cock crows on his own dunghill, but hens cackle everywhere" (this in reference to the supposed garrulosity and inquisitive disposition of the sex); "Show me a magpie without a spot and I will show you a woman without a fault." In English counterparts are not wanting, for example:

A woman, a dog and a walnut tree—The more you beat them the better they be.

Mothers-in-law and stepmothers come in for a good deal of sarcasm. Some of the proverbs in regard to them will not stand translation. Of a man who is accounted lucky they say, "If he fell from the roof of a house, he would fall on the top of his mother-in-law."—Chambers' Journal.

The Arch Destroyer.

"He is a mean, sneaking, underhanded element, the moth is," protests John Kendrick Range in The Woman's Home Companion. "Fire has a decent sense of the proprieties. Moths have none at all. When fire attacks you, it smokes and crackles and blazes and roars and lets you know in clarion tones that it has come. The moth steals upon you in the dead of night and chews up your best trousers, gorges himself upon your wife's fur, tickles his palate with your sweetest flannel golf shirt, munches away upon your handsomest rug, punches holes in your best sofa cushions with his tusks and then silently folds his tent and steals away without so much as a thank you for his meal. For unmitigated meanness commend me to the moth! Alongside of the moth and his nefarious work even a book agent pales into insignificance and an unpaid grocer's bill becomes an absolute pleasure."

Our First Woman Editor.

According to the Hartford Courant, that paper in 1777 was owned and edited and managed by a woman, whose name comes down to modern days as "The Widow Watson." She had "exclusive charge" of the journal. After a couple of years Mrs. Watson married a leading citizen of Hartford, and after that date she no doubt let him advise and assist in the conduct of the paper. But she holds the record for the first woman editor in the country.

Sacrilegious.

An urchin in a country parish in Scotland, having been told by his parents to read a newspaper aloud to them, began to do so in the usual drawing manner of the parish school. He had not proceeded far when his mother stopped him short, exclaiming: "You rascal! How dare you read a newspaper of the Bible twang?"—London Telegraph.

Dealers in charcoal in Havana are said never to have yellow fever, while in lay circles it is advised always to have it about during its prevalence, because of its absorbing properties, it is presumed.

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All visitors are welcome.
JOHN BOLTON, C. C.

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A. N. FRATT, Secy.

I. O. O. F. Eddy
No. 21 meets every Friday evening in Masonic hall. Visiting brethren in good standing cordially welcome.
C. H. WRIGHT, N. G.
250 S. McEwan, Secy.

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