

5-26-1900

## Carlsbad Current, 05-26-1900

Carlsbad Printing Co.

Follow this and additional works at: [https://digitalrepository.unm.edu/cb\\_current\\_news](https://digitalrepository.unm.edu/cb_current_news)

---

### Recommended Citation

Carlsbad Printing Co.. "Carlsbad Current, 05-26-1900." (1900). [https://digitalrepository.unm.edu/cb\\_current\\_news/1042](https://digitalrepository.unm.edu/cb_current_news/1042)

This Newspaper is brought to you for free and open access by the New Mexico Historical Newspapers at UNM Digital Repository. It has been accepted for inclusion in Carlsbad Current, 1896-1918 by an authorized administrator of UNM Digital Repository. For more information, please contact [disc@unm.edu](mailto:disc@unm.edu).



# CARLSBAD CURRENT.

VOL. VIII.

CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO, SATURDAY, MAY 26, 1900.

NO. 29.

## CARLSBAD SALOON

BARFIELD & CANTRELL, Proprietors.

WINES,  
LIQUORS,  
CIGARS,  
CASE GOODS.

### THE DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY.

#### Rules and Regulations for Holding Primary in Eddy County Sept. 29

Pursuant to a call of the chairman, the democratic executive committee met in the court house on March 31st, 1900. Those present were V. H. Lusk, representing precinct one; Ed Ramsey, precinct five; T. J. Fletcher, precinct two; J. B. Crozier, county chairman. A quorum being present the following proceedings were had:

J. L. Emerson was called and asked to act as secretary pro tem. The chairman explained the object of the meeting was to decide whether the nominations on the democratic ticket for the coming county election should be made by convention or primary election. A motion by Lusk, seconded by Fletcher, that the nominations for the said election be made by primary, was unanimously carried, all voting aye. A motion was made by Lusk and seconded by Ramsey that the date for holding the said primary should be the last Saturday in September, the 29th day, carried, all voting aye.

The following rules for holding the said primary were adopted and the judges named for the various precincts:

#### RULES AND REGULATIONS.

1st. The ballots shall be opened at each of the voting precincts at nine o'clock a. m. and closed at six o'clock on the same day.

In precinct number one the election shall be held in the town of Carlsbad in the court house, and C. W. Cowden, J. D. Cantrell and J. E. Lavery are hereby appointed judges to hold the election in precinct number one.

In precinct number two, the election shall be held in the school house at the town of Salinas, and Jno. Eakin, Wm. Dannels and C. W. Heaman are hereby appointed judges to hold the said election.

The election in precinct number three shall be held at the Beckett school house in Hope, and A. S. Harris, Zack Wood and J. C. Ouge are hereby appointed as judges to hold said election.

In precinct number four the election shall be held in the Parker Earle building, Mexillan, and Geo. Larimore, Mat Hoag and W. M. Whoon are hereby appointed as judges to hold said election.

The election in precinct number five shall be held at the flat ranch, commonly known as Monument Springs, and Wm. Merchant, Oscar Thompson and J. M. Cook are appointed judges to hold said election.

2nd. In the event the parties above named to hold the elections in the respective voting precincts are not present at the hour of the day named for the holding of the said election, then if either of the said parties are present, he or they shall select another party to act as judge; in the event that none of the named parties are present, then at the hour of opening the polls at the said voting precincts, the voters present shall select from qualified electors other judges who shall hold the election at that voting precinct, and the three judges named in the above voting precincts shall on the day of election name two parties to act as clerks.

3rd. No one shall be allowed to vote unless he shall have been a legal voter in the precinct in which he offers to vote on the day of the next general election. The qualification of a legal voter being that he must be a citizen of the United States either by birth or dual letter of naturalization, and over the age of twenty-one years, must have resided in the territory of New Mexico six months, in the county of Eddy three months and in the precinct in which he offers to vote twenty days next preceding the general election to be held in November, 1900.

4th. Each qualified elector in order to entitle him to a vote in the primary election must be a democrat. Any man who has not heretofore been a democrat may be such a democrat as named above if he has in fact severed all party connection with all other political parties and does in good faith expect to permanently associate and affiliate with the democratic party.

5th. The judges in the election shall

have control of the vote and pass upon the right of all applicants to vote. Every one offering to vote shall be subjected to challenge by any qualified elector. If any one whose vote is challenged shall be rejected his vote shall be placed in an envelope, sealed and the applicant or some one at his request shall write his name across the envelope and the envelope shall be marked rejected for the reason that the applicant (here state the facts causing such rejection on such envelope), and all votes so rejected by them and sealed up shall be sent with the other papers to the chairman of the democratic executive committee, and shall be considered or disposed of at the time the proper parties meet to canvass the returns and declare the results. The challenged votes shall all be taken up and disposed of first by the parties who are authorized to meet, canvass the returns and declare the results, and then they shall ascertain from the returns sent in as hereinafter provided for, the number of votes cast for the respective candidates, and all the challenged votes the parties then count and admit shall be placed with the regular votes from that precinct, and those that are rejected by the body shall at once be destroyed in the presence of the public.

6th. No one shall be allowed to vote outside of his own precinct except when he shows to the satisfaction of the judges that it is impossible and impracticable for him to be in his own precinct, and must show good and satisfactory reasons for not being there.

7th. At any time within ten days previous to the time above designated for the holding of the primary election all candidates for office shall submit in writing to the chairman of the democratic executive committee, which shall be kept on file by him, his declaration which shall in substance be that he submits his name to the decision of the democratic primaries, and will abide the results, and support all the names made thereat. In case one shall fail to comply with these requirements, though he receive sufficient votes to become the nominee, he shall not be declared the nominee of the party, and his place shall be filled by the democratic executive committee of Eddy county, it always observing the next highest vote.

8th. The ballots used in the primary election shall be printed on plain white paper, about three inches wide and about eight inches long, and the names of all the candidates who have submitted their names in writing to the chairman of the executive committee, as is provided for above, shall be placed upon each and every ballot, and the chairman of the democratic executive committee hereby authorized, and it shall be his duty to have delivered at the time of the opening of the polls, to the proper officers for holding the election there all necessary tickets as above mentioned. Each voter at the time and place of voting must vote from the judges of the election a ticket as mentioned above, and must then and there in the presence of the officers of the election, yet in private, make out and privately vote it, and no vote shall be received unless the party offering to vote it shall at the time and place of voting get the ballot from the officer, making it out and vote it as above provided, even if the voter does not care who sees his ballot. The officer in charge of the ballot shall see that each voter does not take the ticket away from the voting place, and that no one knows how the voter voted; provided the voter cannot make out his ticket, he shall then request some judge or clerk to make it out in private at the time and place of voting. And in such way that its secrecy cannot be known to any one except the voter and the identical party making it out for him.

No voter can have his ticket made out for him unless he cannot make it out himself. The judges in charge shall make such reasonable rules as are necessary and proper to see that the true spirit of this section is carried out to the letter, and no ballot shall ever be received until the voter complies with the above requirements as to receiving his ticket, making out and voting the same.

9th. Each candidate shall have the right to select one man who shall have the right to be present with the judges and clerks of the election to see that his interests are properly treated.

10th. During the count of the ballots in the respective precincts it shall be the duty of all the judges and clerks of election to see that all names on the ballots are called correctly and to see that the secrecy of the ballot is preserved.

11th. The candidate receiving a plurality of the votes cast shall be declared as hereinafter provided to be the candidate of the democratic party for the office for which he was elected.

12th. The judges holding the election in each voting precinct shall keep in writing two separate lists of the names of the voters voting, also two tally sheets showing the number of votes cast for each candidate and for what office. This shall be made out on the day of election. One list of the voters and one tally sheet shall be

retained by the judges holding the election, and the other tally sheet and ballots shall be within five days after the election in the voting precinct transmitted by mail duly registered to the chairman of the democratic executive committee at Carlsbad, New Mexico, or by one of the judges holding the election. These two lists of the voters voting and the two separate tally sheets shall be signed by the judges holding the election at the voting place and also by the clerks, and they shall certify by their respective official capacities that the same is true and correct. In case they are returned in person as above provided, the officer returning them should deliver them sealed up, must certify that the package is in the same condition that it was when sealed on the day of election by the judges holding the election, and that the same has not been out of his possession.

13th. Within five days after the holding of the election the executive committee, a quorum of which shall be four members, shall meet in the town of Carlsbad with the chairman of the democratic executive committee, at a day and hour named by the chairman, and they shall count all of the votes cast at the different voting places in the county and declare the person receiving the highest number of votes for different offices to be the nominee of the party for that office.

In case any candidate shall contest the election, he shall give notice of such contest to all other candidates for that office, before the day for counting the ballots as above provided, and the parties above authorized to meet, count, canvass and declare the nominee shall pass on the contest and declare the nominee.

14th. Each candidate for office must pay to the chairman of the democratic executive committee at the time he submits his name in writing as above provided for, the sum of \$5.00, which shall be used by the chairman for the purpose of defraying the necessary expenses.

The following are the officers for which nominees are to be made:  
One probate judge.  
Three county commissioners.  
One sheriff.  
One probate clerk.  
One collector and treasurer.  
One assessor.  
One superintendent of public schools.  
One surveyor.

J. S. CROZIER,  
Chairman Co. Ex. Com.

### A Woman's Awful Peril

"The only one chance to save your life and that is through an operation" were the startling words heard by Mrs. L. B. Hunt of Lime Ridge, Wis., from her doctor after he had vainly tried to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. Gall stones had formed and she was constantly growing worse. Then she began to use Electric Bitters which wholly cured her. It's a wonderful Stomach, Liver and Kidney remedy. Cures Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite. Try it. Only 50 cts. Guaranteed. For sale by all druggists.

### Territorial News.

#### Rio Arriba County

The Campbell Bros. circus will give an exhibition at Chama next week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Moore, of Middletown, Ind., have located at Chama.

The business men of Lumberton have subscribed \$75 for the proper celebration of the Fourth of July.

Chama business men have appointed a committee to arrange for the celebration of the Fourth of July.

Thirty head of horses broke loose at Chama and did considerable damage to young oats in surrounding fields. The horses were impounded, and will be sold to pay for the damage they caused.

Robert Hurley, Lambert Hildreth and Edward Gilliland ran away from their home at Chama, but were apprehended at Cumbers. The boys had intended to come to Santa Fe, where they expected "to make plenty of money."

#### Sierra County.

Quite a number of families are leaving Kingston, the men being compelled to seek employment elsewhere.

A boy named Milton Jobe fell from a tank tower at Kingston and broke his left thigh just below the hip joint.

Fred Snow was initiated into the mysteries of Freemasonry last week at a meeting of Kingston lodge, A. F. and A. M.

Last Sunday Robert Morris found the bones of a man near the bottom of the canon in Palomas Gap, four and a half miles southeast of Palomas. Only decomposed bones and fragments of clothing and blankets were found.

#### Dona Ana County.

J. E. Hopkins is putting a complete roller process outfit in his flouring mill at Garfield.

Martin Lohman and family, of Las Cruces, will spend several weeks in the east this summer.

William M. Page, age 29 years, died at Las Cruces of tuberculosis. He came to Las Cruces last February from Paterson, N. J.

Joseph R. Downs died of consumption at Las Cruces. He was aged 28 years. He was a resident of Boston, Mass., and

came to Las Cruces every winter for his health since 1895.

George Jameson, clerk at the El Rio Grande hotel at Las Cruces, has gone to Clondroft, Otero county, where he will act as agent for the El Paso and Northeastern railway.

Dr. and Mrs. Barnham, who spent the winter for the past three years at Las Cruces, have left for their home in New Hampshire. Dr. Barnham's health has greatly improved during his stay in New Mexico.

#### Otero County.

Albert Walker is erecting a neat two-story residence at Clondroft.

The dining rooms at the Clondroft pavilion have been doubled in capacity.

C. F. Benson, a newspaper man of Alamogordo, died after a long illness. Mr. Benson came to Alamogordo last fall from Benson, Texas. He leaves a family.

#### Lincoln County.

The first issue of the Captain Miner is out.

A hail storm did some damage to the fruit crop in the Donito and Ruidoso valleys.

The telephone line from Lincoln to Fort Stanton is now in working order.

Nineteen miners from Pictou, Colo., settled at Capitan last week.

#### Grant County.

Henry W. Young and Miss Bessie Farrell were married this week at Pinos Altos by Rev. A. Ruff.

Apolito Baca was arrested at Silver City for flourishing a deadly weapon. He was put under \$200 bond.

Miss M. R. Koehler, the present superintendent of public schools of Silver City, is spoken of as a candidate for county superintendent on the republican ticket.

Ballard's Snow Liniment cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, Sick headache, Sore throat, Cuts, Sprains, Bruises, Old sores, Corns, and all pains and inflammation. The most penetrating liniment in the world. Price 25 and 50 cts. For sale by Eddy Drug Co.

Nothing has ever been produced to equal or compare with Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment as a curative and healing application for piles, fissures, blind and bleeding, external or internal, and itching and bleeding of the rectum. The relief is immediate and cure infallible. Price, 50c in bottle, tubes 75cts at Eddy Drug Co.

### TERRITORIAL COLLEGE NEWS.

MEXILLA PARK, May 17, 1900.

The telephone office has been taken out of the station at Mexilla Park. Las Cruces is now the nearest telephone office to the college.

Judge Jno. R. McFie, of Santa Fe, was a visitor at Womans' Hall on Monday last to see his daughter.

At the field day athletic events, held on the 4th inst., only one college record was broken, namely the pole vault, won by Orrick Metcalfe with a record of 9 ft. 5 ins., who also won the all-round medal. Ernest Winter being a close second contestant and Frank Broyles third. The attendance was good and the interest largely centered in the contest for the all-round medal.

Preparations for commencement week are being rapidly completed. The program of events for the week is as follows: Sunday, May 27th, baccalaureate sermon; Monday evening, address before the Columbian literary society followed by a reception to the graduating class and the public; Tuesday night, banquet by the Alumni association; Wednesday afternoon memorial services by the Columbian Society at the grave of E. H. Casey, of the rough riders, who was a member of the society; Wednesday evening, luncheon by the columbian society; and Thursday morning at 10 o'clock, the graduating exercises, in the main college building with the commencement ball at night at the rink in Las Cruces.

A letter recently received from Ralph E. McFie, of Santa Fe, who is a graduate of the stenography department of the college with the class of '97, gives some interesting information about the opportunities existing at Manila for the English.

### THE SEMI-WEEKLY NEWS

#### AND THE CURRENT

#### At a Very Low Price

The Semi-Weekly News (Wednesday or Friday) is published Tuesdays and Fridays. Each issue consists of eight pages. There are special departments for the farmers, the ladies and the boys and girls, besides a world of general news matter, illustrated articles, etc. We offer The Semi-Weekly News and the Current for 12 months for the low clubbing price of \$2.50 in cash. This gives you three papers a week or 124 papers a year for a ridiculously low price. Hand in your subscription at once.

## W. A. KERR



DEALER  
IN

### General Merchandise

FANCY GROCERIES  
A SPECIALTY.

We are Not the Only People That  
Keep First-Class Goods

But We Keep What the  
People Want!

Home Valley Canadian Club, Mt. Vernon and  
many other brands of first-class liquors

AT THE  
**Central Saloon.**

KEMP & WOERNER, Proprietors.

## REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

We have a large list of choice ranch, farm  
and town property.

## McLenathen & Tracy.

Carlsbad, New Mexico.

### Rooms for Rent

Best rooms in town, at the  
lowest price, either  
furnished or unfurnished.  
Enquire at Current Office.

Spanish stenographers and others. He is engaged as stenographer in the Government Mining Bureau. A stenographer he says, does not necessarily have to speak Spanish, but a knowledge of the language will be a great aid to him. Salaries run from \$150 to \$300 a month, silver. He writes "I would not advise anyone to come out here without previously having obtained employment from the government for it is a risky piece of business unless you have plenty of money. Anyone who expects to come out here and get big wages for doing nothing had better stay away. Wages are moderate but living is high,—out of sight, in fact. However, this is without doubt a wonderful country and full of possibilities." Ralph lives with Co. B, 29th Infantry. "Rise at 5.30 and takes two shower-baths a day and seems to like the climate and country."

Unless a woman eat sufficient nourishing food she can neither gain nor keep a good complexion. Food, when digested, is the base of all health, all strength and all beauty. Herbine will help digest what eat and give you the clear, bright, beautiful skin of health. Price 50 and 75cts, at Eddy Drug Co.

### Washington Letter.

The troubles of the administration are rapidly increasing. The deeper the Cuban stealing is probed, the worse it gets, and it is now believed a conspiracy existed to loot the Cuban revenues and that it included officials in Washington as well as in Cuba. In addition to that worry, the enthusiastic reception of the Boer peace envoys in New York and Washington, indicating deep public sympathy with the two little republics which are fighting bravely for existence, has caused Mr. McKinley to lose sleep trying to think up some way to jolly the envoys without offending his silent partner—the British premier.

How the Cuban scandal stands may be judged by the following extract from a speech made by Senator Bacon, in favor of his resolution of all receipts and expenditures in Cuba since it passed under American control—a fact that brings the blush of shame to the cheek of every American citizen—that trusted officials in Cuba have misappropriated large amounts belonging to the people of Cuba. Nobody knows how large these amounts are. At first it was stated that they were \$30,000; next it was stated that they would amount to \$75,000, and now it is estimated the amounts may aggregate \$400,000. At first only one man was involved in the difficulty. Now there are many—so many that it is estimated it may amount to a conspiracy.

Mr. Clark of Montana, has stirred up the senatorial managers by his clever scheme of resigning his seat in the Senate and being immediately appointed to the vacancy by the lieutenant-governor, who was acting governor, and the roaring is still going on. It is doubtful whether Mr. Clark will be seated.

The senate inter-american canal commit-

tee declined to assume the responsibility of holding up the Nicaragua canal bill, and favorably reported it to the senate. Ross Hanns makes no secret of his intention to prevent its being passed if possible.

Senator Hale is not an admirer of imperialism, although he has not said much in public against the McKinley imperial policy. This week he made the following remarks in the senate: "The history of colonial possessions, from the days of the Romans to the present time, is a history of robbery, poisoning, extravagance, wrong-doing in high quarters, and corruption broad and large. I do not think the examples of to day are going to show the American people are to be exempt from the monstrous evils which always have attended a colonial policy. The janity way in which the American people have embarked in the enterprises of colonial possessions has certainly received a rebuke in what has been seen to happen during the last few months."

Senator Butler, of N. C., denies that he has resigned or has any intention of resigning as chairman of the popular national committee. He said he was elected chairman contrary to his wishes and with the knowledge that he would for the present be unable to give his whole time to the duties of the position, and that it was at his request that Mr. J. H. Edmiston, of Nebraska had been named vice-chairman of the committee.

Mr. J. A. Struthers, of Toledo, Ohio, who is now in Washington, acknowledges being somewhat puzzled by republican logic. He said: "I was in Michigan last week and the republicans there told me that Fingree had lost his influence because he had appointed officials who had stolen public money and were under arrest; that Fingree's opposition to Senator McMillan's re-election would not influence a single legislator, because he was totally discredited by appointing friends to office who have proved unworthy of the honor and trust. But here in Washington I am told that McKinley will not offer to say extent because he appointed a lot of men in Cuba who have apparently stolen every thing in sight except the soil of the island. Of course the republicans are trying to say that McKinley had nothing to do with the Cuban appointments—that they were made by subordinates. The people do not know much about such fine distinctions. The president is the government, and he made the appointments and must stand for them."

The trick of the republican members of the house judiciary committee, in making the proposed anti-trust amendment to the constitution infringe so heavily on the rights of the states that it would be opposed by every democratic member of the committee, was so transparent that such astute politicians as the republican members of that committee are should resort to it. But the case is desperate. They know that the people as a whole regard the democratic party as the enemy of the Republican party, as the friend of trusts, and their object in fixing up this amendment so as to be certain that it would be opposed by democrats was to try to fool the people into the belief that the democrats were opposed to anti-trust legislation. It is becoming more difficult all the time to fool the people, and such tricks as this will not do it.







## SIEGE OF MAFeking

Is Raised, According to Advice From Pretoria.

### AND THE BRITISHERS REJOICE.

For Two Hundred and Fourteen Days the Little Band of Deleagated Critics Waited for Relief.

London, May 19.—London's millions spent half the night in the street, and even at 4 o'clock in the morning troops of young men were promenading, singing and cheering, and there were crowds in front of the Mansion house, Marlborough house, the clubs on Pall Mall and the war office and in Parliament square, waving flags and joining in the national airs.

Stout women in broughams waved union jacks out of the windows. Conventional family parties stopped at street corners to take part in singing "God Save the Queen" and "Soldiers of the Queen."

Everywhere was abandon, good feeling and astonishing roars of human voices.

It was all brought about by a twenty-word telegram from Pretoria that Mafeking had been relieved. Although the government has not a word, and although nothing confirmatory has been received from any African source except Pretoria, nobody apparently questions the news. Mr. Arthur J. Balfour, government leader in the house of commons, speaking from the government bench, said:

"The only news I have is through the courtesy of the press. We have no information at the war office. Nor would we have it as soon as it would arrive through other channels. Therefore, the fact that we have not received it neither confirms nor disproves the accuracy of the information. I need hardly say that we all trust and we have good reason to think that it is probably true." (Cheers.)

In unrestrained jubilation the provinces were not behind the metropolis. Although London had the start by a few minutes, the great industrial surrounding towns soon burst into patriotic demonstrations. Bells clashed in their steeples; village bands turned out and people gathered in the squares to chant fervidly "God Save the Queen."

From all parts of the empire came the same story. Bombay, Hong Kong, Colombia, and the Australian cities are rejoicing. Continental cities, as the press telegrams abundantly testify, received the news sadly.

Under the head of "How the News Was Received," the Daily Chronicle says:

"The telegram to the Associated Press from Pretoria, the historic dispatch, announcing the relief of Mafeking, was sent from the capital of the Transvaal at 11:35 a. m., May 18. It reached the London office at 9:17 p. m., and was instantly dispatched to every quarter of the globe. By 10:30 p. m. had come a response from far-off Toronto, describing the reception of the news there."

Cowboys in Oklahoma have made a contract with the British government to furnish it with wild horses.

B. S. Newman, a farmer, shot himself to death near Kaufman, Tex.

#### Down to Business.

Atlanta, Ga., May 19.—Commissioners to the Southern Presbyterian general assembly, which is holding its thirty-ninth annual session in the Central Presbyterian church of this city, met for the first business session Friday. The attendance was larger than on Thursday, and an active interest was shown in all the proceedings, not only by the 290 commissioners, but by a large number of visiting members and laymen of the Presbyterian church.

#### Towne Talks.

Toledo, O., May 19.—Hon. C. A. Towne of Minnesota and Gen. E. T. Corser, national treasurer of the free silver Republicans, were here with silver leaders discussing plans to send a silver delegation to Kansas City. Mr. Towne said: "I am not a Populist, neither is Mr. Bryan. That party, in the interest of reform, went outside itself to get candidates. Imperialism will be the first issue, then the trusts, then the monetary question."

#### At Washington.

Washington, May 19.—Messrs. Fischer, Wolman and Wessels, the floor commissioners of the Transvaal, accompanied by the congressional and citizens' committee, reached Washington on the congressional limited Friday night, and were given an enthusiastic welcome. They were met at the station by members of the reception committee, which included some members of congress, and escorted in carriages to the Arlington hotel.

## TOPICS OF THE TWO.

Matters of the Moment in Indian and Oklahoma Territories.

#### Indian Territory.

Chickasaw court at Tishomingo adjourned.

Bartlettville has organized a commercial club.

Frank Smith has been appointed special census agent for the Choctaw district.

In the federal court at Ardmore Alf Williams was convicted of the theft of a calf.

Normals will be held at Eufaula and at the colored orphan's home near Muscogee in June.

The efforts of the Frisco railway to establish a rival town to Oakland will be resisted in court.

The Dawes commission has granted additional time for the enrollment of Chickasaws and Choctaws. June 1 is the date.

A cyclone passed over the country near Thacherville, unroofing two dwellings. A train passed through five minutes ahead.

Jim Sweet, colored, under indictment in Delta county, Texas, for assault to murder, was badly wounded at Caddo by a deputy marshal for offering violence to the officer.

The Chickasaw Medical association organized at Davis by electing Dr. J. B. Hayes of Davis president and Dr. Chivers of Ardmore, secretary. The next meeting will be held at Wynnewood in June.

A walnut log is to be shipped to the Paris exposition from Dewey, in the Cherokee nation, taken from a tree 400 years old, the first limb of which was fifty-five feet from the ground and the trunk 16 feet 5 inches in circumference.

The Chickasaw government was notified that President McKinley had approved the recent act of the Chickasaw legislature making appropriation for paying the expenses of Indian police in removing those persons with their property who fail to pay the tribal taxes.

#### Oklahoma.

A charter was granted the Mulhall Improvement company, capital \$25,000.

Mrs. Maleinee, age 70 years, was fatally hurt by falling down stairs near Oak Grove.

The annual Grand Army encampment was held at Oklahoma City. M. L. Mock of Guthrie was elected president.

Three horses of S. W. Vermillion were killed by lightning near Stillwater while plowing. Mr. Vermillion was badly stunned.

The third annual convention of Oklahoma and Indian Territory Federation of Women's Clubs met at Kingfisher with a flattering attendance. Purcell gets the next meeting.

#### Texas and Pacific Quarterly.

This superb periodical of April date is, as usual, filled with interesting matter. "Hynson Springs" is a readable write-up subject, profusely illustrated; "Easter Week in Old Kentucky" brings back memories of the "dark and bloody ground." Woman's Obligation to Civilization" is an excellent essay. "Health Among the Prairie Dogs" is a physician's tribute to the climatic and scenic advantages of Cloudercroft and vicinity; "Pecos, a Panacea" is a graphic description of that town, Phantom Lake and the Valley, while other charming articles complete this tip-top number.

#### Confessed.

Havana, May 19.—W. H. Reeves, deputy auditor of the island, made a confession and gave up \$4500 given to him by C. F. Neely, the arrested financial agent of posts of Havana, to perform certain services the day he left.

Gen. Wood and the postal inspectors refuse to disclose the nature of the confession, barely admitting that one has been made.

Kid McKoy defeated Dan Creedon in six rounds at New York.

#### The Senate.

Washington, May 19.—Nearly the entire day in the senate was devoted to the pneumatic tube system service in the postoffice appropriation bill. Senator McCumber made a speech in favor of the retention of the Philippines, during which Senator Tillman took issue with him over an assertion that the people of the south were glad the Confederacy was unsuccessful.

Henry Maddox, colored, was drowned near Cold Springs, Tex.

#### "Touched" Two.

Stockton, Cal., May 19.—Both the Yosemite Valley stages, one going each way, were held up by a lone highwayman at Big Neck Flat. About \$200 was secured from the passengers. The Wells-Fargo treasure boxes were not touched. The passengers were not molested.

In a wreck on the Mexican National railway the engineer and fireman were killed.

## GRANT GLORIFIED.

The Veterans' Statue to His Memory Unveiled By

### MISS SARTORIS, A GRANDCHILD.

A Number of Distinguished Men From Both Sides of Mason and Dixon's Line Eulogize the General.

Washington, May 21.—The statue of Gen. Grant presented by the Grand Army of the Republic to the nation was unveiled in the great rotunda of the capital Saturday and elaborate ceremonies commemorative of the event were held in the hall of representatives. In the presence of a vast concourse of people were included the widow, daughter and descendants of the hero of Appomattox, hundreds of his comrades in arms and committee of the G. A. R. and many persons distinguished in military, political and social circles. The statue of the pre-eminent chief of the Union forces in the civil war represents the contributions of thousands of his comrades of the G. A. R., none of whom was allowed to subscribe more than 15 cents, and is the result of a movement started after Gen. Grant's death at Mount McGregor in July, 1885. It is the work of Franklin Simons, an American sculptor. It is of heroic size and stands on a pedestal emblazoned with the bronze seal of the G. A. R., representing the grim old hero in the full uniform of a general equipped for the field with top boots and gauntlets, his cloak over his left arm and his right hand resting on the hilt of his sword.

The unveiling took place shortly before noon in the presence of Mrs. Grant, Mrs. Sartoris, Miss Sartoris, the officers of the G. A. R., Speaker Henderson and Senator Frye, president pro tem of the senate. Miss Sartoris did the unveiling.

#### Quarantined Against.

Austin, Tex., May 21.—State Health Officer Hunt, having been advised that bubonic plague exists in San Francisco, telegraphed Surgeon General Wyman of the marine hospital service at Washington for confirmation of the report, which was promptly forwarded in the following telegram:

Washington, May 19.—Dr. W. F. Hunt, state health officer, Austin, Tex.: Inspectors are stationed at railroad crossing in southern California. Six cases altogether, and one now existing among Chinese. Other steps taken to prevent exodus. WYMAN.

Immediately after the receipt of the telegram Dr. Hunt ordered inspectors on at El Paso and Toluca, and notified the Southern Pacific and Texas and Pacific and Fort Worth and Denver railways that an absolute quarantine is now on against San Francisco, prohibiting both freight and passengers from entering the state.

#### Meeting With Favor.

Austin, Tex., May 21.—The recent circular of Adj. Gen. Scurry, suggesting the holding of brigades and regimental encampments, is meeting with much favor, and indications point to several encampments of regiments this summer, as it will be impossible to hold a state encampment.

The railroads while not favorable to hauling troops from every section of the state, are said to be kindly disposed to regimental encampments.

#### Strikers Enjoined.

St. Louis, Mo., May 21.—For one week at least striking employees of the St. Louis Transit company will be face to face with federal authority, which, speaking Saturday through Judge Elmer E. Adams of the United States court in the form of an injunction, has commanded them to abstain from interference in any manner with the running of mail cars on the various street car lines of the city owned by the Transit company.

#### Laid on the Table.

Washington, May 21.—After a spirited debate the senate Saturday by the decisive vote of 32 to 16 laid on the table the whole proposition relating to the transportation of mail by the pneumatic tube system. An effort was made to secure the adoption of an amendment to appropriate \$225,000 to carry out existing contract for the service in New York, Boston and Philadelphia, but no action was taken upon it, special orders superseding the appropriation bill.

#### Five New Bishops.

Columbus, O., May 21.—The general conference of the A. M. E. Church Thursday elected five new bishops, as follows: M. M. Moore, Washington; Evans Tyree, Nashville, Tenn.; C. S. Smith, Nashville; C. T. Shaffer, Philadelphia; and K. L. J. Koppen, Philadelphia.

But one ballot was taken. With the election of five additional bishops the council now contains fourteen.

## NEWS NUGGETS.

Items of Recent Happening Dressed Down to Small Size.

The king of Belgium is visiting in England.

A statue of Gladstone was unveiled in the British house of commons.

W. H. Hunt of Montana has been appointed secretary of state for Puerto Rico.

Superintendent Pendell of the Cleburne division of the Santa Fe railway has resigned.

The indication are that Kansas City will be crowded during the Democratic national convention.

A little son of Dr. Dyer of Chicota, Lamar county, Texas, drank carbolic acid and in less than an hour was a corpse.

Mrs. George Sweatt, wife of Sheriff Sweatt of Ellis county, Texas, died at Waxahatchie.

An ex-Confederate camp has been organized at Whitney, Tex., with fifty charter members.

One hundred and fifty men left New Orleans to take the place of the striking street car men at St. Louis.

#### Blair, Benton, Grant.

Washington, May 21.—The closing hours of the senate were occupied in accepting from the state of Missouri statues of Benton and Blair, located in statutory hall of the capitol, and from the Grand Army of the Republic the statue of Gen. U. S. Grant, located in the capitol rotunda.

A series of addresses was made, beginning with one by Mr. Vest, who spoke eulogistically and eloquently of both Benton and Blair.

Mr. Vest was followed by Mr. Hoar and Mr. Cockrell.

The senate Saturday proceeded to the consideration of the resolution accepting from the G. A. R. the statue of Gen. Grant. By special order of the senate two of the galleries had been reserved for members of the G. A. R., while by further special order the national officers of the G. A. R. were admitted to the floor.

Mr. Hansbrough presented a concurrent resolution similar to one offered in the house by Mr. McCleary and it was adopted.

A soldier's tribute to a great soldier was the brief speech of Senator Hawley of Connecticut, and after a handsome eulogy by Mr. Harris of Kansas, an ex-Confederate, Mr. Turley delivered a notable address from the view point of a private soldier in the ranks of the Confederate army. He said that the sentiments of the people of the south had in recent years changed toward Grant, and gradually had become those of cordiality and esteem.

He never could reach, he said, the inner chamber of the southern people's hearts. That was occupied by the "immortal Lee," whom the people of the Southland loved, because he was the very incarnation of their cause as a commander or as president so much so as he thought of him as the gallant soldier, the friend of Lee, and the protector of the private soldier of the Confederate army, and as such a soldier he paid tribute to the memory of Grant.

Mrs. McKenna, wife of a Memphis, Tenn., restaurant keeper, killed Edward Whittington and fatally wounded Dennis Brogan, who badly beat her in the establishment.

H. C. Coke, Jr., son of a prominent Dallas, Tex., attorney, was drowned near Sherman, Tex.

#### Act's Anthem.

London, May 21.—Alfred Austin, the poet laureate, writes of the relief of Mafeking as follows:

Long as the waves shall roll,  
Long as fame guards her scroll,  
And men through heart and soul  
Thrill to true glory

Their tale from age to age  
Shall voice and verse engage,  
Swelling the splendid page  
Of England's story.

#### Peace Rumors.

London, May 21.—Displayed in the most conspicuous style in the Daily Express is the dominant war news of the morning:

"We have the best reason for stating that in the last twenty-four hours a telegram has been received at the foreign office, addressed personally to the prime minister, from President Kruger, proposing terms of peace."

Over 4000 people witnessed the Passion play at Oberammergau.

#### Barling Died.

Kansas City, Mo., May 21.—A lone highwayman entered the corridor of the Coates hotel, one of the leading hostleries here, at 11:30 o'clock Sunday night, and forcing the strong box of the cigar stand, escaped. The box contained diamonds and silver, and checks to the amount of \$100. He held the night clerk and another employee of the hotel off at the point of a revolver, and escaped on a horse that he had tied to the curbing.

## The Salvation Army.

THE LIFE OF THESE SELF-SACRIFICING WORKERS OFTEN ONE OF HARDSHIP

While on Duty Capt. Ben. Bryan Was Stricken with a Supposed Incurable Disease and Forced to Relinquish the Work—He Has Now Recovered His Health.

From the News, Alexandria, Ont.  
The life of a Salvation Army worker is very far from being a sinecure. The duties are not only arduous but the workers are called upon by the regulations of the army to conduct out-of-door meetings at all seasons and in all kinds of weather. This being the case, it is little wonder that the health of these self-sacrificing workers frequently gives way.

Capt. Ben. Bryan, of Maxville, Ont., was stricken by a so-called incurable disease and forced to health through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.



Capt. Ben. Bryan and Wife.

The story of his illness and subsequent cure reads like a miracle, and is given in his own words as follows:  
"While stationed at Deseronto, in July, 1897, I was attacked with what the doctors called 'Chronic Spinal Meningitis.' The symptoms were somewhat similar to those preceding a pleuritic attack, but were accompanied by spasms which, when the pain became too severe, rendered me unconscious. The length of these unconscious spells increased as the disease advanced."

"After spending four months in the Kingston General Hospital, and on the Salvation Army farm, Toronto, I regained some of my former strength and returned to my work. The second attack occurred when I was stationed at Schenectady, N. Y., in October, 1898, and was more severe than the first and I was compelled to resign my position and to return to my home at Maxville. While there a friend advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I began using them in March, 1899. I have used only a dozen boxes and am once more enjoying perfect health. I feel that I am perfectly well and can cheerfully say that I attribute my present state of health to the effects produced by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

"Mrs. Bryan has also used the pills and has been benefited very much thereby."  
Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold in boxes (never in loose bulk) at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

The weather man is generally way up in the clouds.

Two cats on a back-yard fence can improvise a nocturne such as Chopin never dreamed of.

#### Because He Stays It.

President Eliot of Harvard told this story at the Cornell club dinner the other day.

"A friend of mine, a college professor, went into a crowded restaurant in New York city for a luncheon one hot day last summer. The negro in charge of the big corridor where the hat shelves stood was an intelligent-looking fellow, and his bow and smile were not of the obsequious, stupid kind so often affected by colored waiters and doormen in hotels. He took my friend's hat and gave no check for it in return. An hour later, when the professor came out of the dining-room, the negro glanced at him in a comprehensive way, turned to the shelves and handed him his hat.

"My friend is a man who prides himself on his powers of observation, and the negro's ability to remember to whom each article of clothing belonged struck him as being something very wonderful."

"How did you know that was my hat?" he asked.

"I didn't know it, sah," was the reply.

"Then why did you give it to me?" the professor persisted.

"Because you gave it to me, sah."

## THE HEALTH OF YOUNG WOMEN

Two of Them Helped by Mrs. Pinkham—Read their Letters.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I am sixteen years old and am troubled with my monthly sickness. It is very irregular, occurring only once in two or three months, and also very painful. I also suffer with cramps and once in a while pain strikes me in the heart and I have drowsy headaches. If there is anything you can do for me, I will gladly follow your advice."

—MISS MARY GOMES, Aptos, Cal., July 31, 1899.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—After receiving your letter I began the use of your remedies, taking both Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier. I am now regular every month and suffer no pain. Your medicine is the best that any suffering girl can take."—MISS MARY GOMES, Aptos, Cal., July 6, 1899.

#### Nervous and Dizzy

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I wish to express my thanks to you for the great benefit I have received from the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I suffered constantly from terrible headaches, had chills, was nervous and dizzy. I had tried different kinds of medicine but they all failed entirely. After taking three bottles of Vegetable Compound and three of Blood Purifier I am all right. I cannot thank you enough for what your remedies have done for me."—MISS MATILDA JENSEN, Box 18, Ogdenburg, Wis., June 10, 1899.

**PENSIONS** Get your Pension DOUBLE QUICK

Write CAPT. O'FARRELL, Pension Agent, 2422 New York Avenue, WASHINGTON, D. C.

**DROPSY** NEW DISCOVERY, gives relief. BOTTLE OF MEDICINE AND 10 DAYS TRIAL FREE. DR. H. C. HARRIS'S BOOK, Box 2, Atlantic, Ga.

## GLOBE CLEANING.

The Italian parliament opened amid a great uproar.

Dr. Hehman Leier, court musician at Munich, is dead.

Two heat prostrations occurred at Chicago on the 14th.

Gen. Wheeler will not stand for reelection to congress.

A new tobacco trust with \$25,000,000 capital is to be organized.

Mount Vesuvius is again in a state of eruption last week.

It is said that 30,000 Americans will invade the Siberian gold fields.

Admiral Dewey and wife will visit Columbus, O., and Detroit, Mich., in June.

All southern cities may not have had a rainy day recently but several have had a Dewey day.

A strike of New York girl cigar makers was prevented by their employers furnishing music and ice cream.

A Wisconsin court has enjoined the marriage of a couple on the ground that the man is mentally incompetent.

Fuglist Corbett's friends are seeking to have the Democrats nominate him for congress from one of the New York city districts.

The Democratic primaries in Georgia resulted in victories for Senator Bacon and the entire delegation in the lower house.

The American machinery building at the Paris exposition was formally opened on the 15th. Sousa's band furnished the music.

Gen. Roberts says there never was a more temperate army than that which marched with him from Modder river to Bloemfontein.

Hon. W. R. Dutsey, present city clerk of Little Rock, Ark., was elected mayor of all the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Mayor Woodson.

The local works of the United States Castliron Pipe works in Chattanooga, Tenn., one of the largest of the company's southern plants, have been closed down until August.

The mayor of Panama in view of disturbed conditions of the department has issued a decree that all establishments, public as well as private, must be closed at 10 o'clock at night.

A Washington special says that Congressman Cannon accuses Admiral Bradford and Commander Todd of trying to influence legislation by sending out circulars in violation of navy rules to keep the survey work in the navy.

The three additional steamships allotted for duty at Havana by M. Hamilton of the New Orleans division, S. R. Harrison of the St. Louis division and W. R. Keys of the Chattanooga division.

The sharp shocks of an earthquake were experienced in the City of Mexico on the 16th. The duration of the first was forty seconds and the second twenty seconds. The shocks were also felt across Mexico.

The confession of Postmaster Thompson at Havana came as a complete surprise to the officials of the postoffice department. The postmaster general read the printed statement, but made no comment.

The Lafayette oil mill at Lafayette, Ala., was burned, entailing a loss of \$15,000. The gins and ginhouse operated in connection with the mill were saved, as was also a tank of oil on a car. The property was owned by L. L. & C. C. Torbert and was not insured.

William Lee, an aged inmate of the poor farm home near Lake Charles, La., fell off the front gallery and broke his neck. Merely fell a few feet, but his feeble condition caused him to fall, as he did, on his head.

The stewards of the Jockey club, London, investigated the charges of foul riding made against "Skeets" Martin, the American jockey, on May 11, and have decided to suspend him until June 9.

While the police were searching all Vinsagapam, capital of the district of the same name, in the presidency of Madras, for the murderers of two constables, they were attacked by a mob. They freed upon their assailants, killing eleven and wounding sixteen others.

J. F. Fount of Sheffield, Ala., fell from a swiftly moving excursion train on the Southern railway near Madison and received fatal injuries. A general fight was in progress in the car at the time and three Patterson brothers of Cherokee have been arrested.

The executive committee of the Confederate reunion to be held at Louisville, Ky., has made arrangements to furnish free entertainment to those veterans who cannot defray their own expenses.

Synod hall, Edinburgh, which has a capacity of 6000, was crowded by an assembly gathered to hear Rev. Dr. DeWitt Talmage. After preaching there Dr. Talmage delivered a second discourse to a large assembly blocking the approaches to the hall.



# The Carlsbad Current

W. H. MULLANE, Publisher.

CARLSBAD, - - - - N. M.

TEXAS AND TEXANS.

Several conventions last week. Exports through Laredo station continue large.

The body of a sailor was found near Beaumont.

Wind wrecked several outbuildings at Tellico, Ellis county.

James L. Wood, a well known Texas tyro, died at Spokane, Wash.

Willie Love, a young colored woman, was found dead in bed at Paris.

Two warehouses belonging to the Wimberly estate burned at Tyler.

Bonham has let the contract for her cotton mill and work will at once begin.

The First National bank of Sonora, capital stock \$50,000, has been organized.

An aged Mexican, Juan de la Cano, was killed by a bolt of lightning in the outskirts of Laredo.

Roman Catholic Bishop Gallagher of Galveston confirmed 100 persons at St. Mary's church, Austin.

The Hazel Dell school-house, fifteen miles from Paris, was destroyed by fire, supposed to be of incendiary origin.

Rev. George W. Truett of Dallas will preach the commencement sermon at the agricultural and mechanical college.

Ned Fisher colored, sentenced to hang on the 18th, in San Jacinto county, was respite two weeks by Gov. Sayers.

Tom Wood brought in a good oil well for J. E. Whitcomb on the brickyard lease north of Corsicana, near the Central railroad track.

Mr. M. E. Marshall of Brownwood is the possessor of a mouse that is endowed with vocal qualities rivaling those of a canary bird.

Richmond has organized a fair association with a capital of \$5000. Grounds are to be purchased and suitable buildings erected. A race track will also be a feature.

Adjutant General Scurry says that with proper encouragement the Texas state militia will be as well drilled a body of men as any in the Union.

The young students of the seventh grade of the West Austin public school called on Gov. Sayers in a body and were warmly greeted by the chief executive.

J. Groot, a sailor, was convicted at Galveston of assault with intent to murder Capt. S. W. Parry, a steamship captain, and was given two years in the penitentiary.

Officers Gunning and Smith of the Dallas police force arrested the driver of a mail wagon, on charge of fast driving. They have been arrested, charged with delaying the mail.

A shooting bee occurred at a colored church in the suburbs of Nacogdoches. Gene Hunt was shot in the groin and a yellow man named Bearling, surrendered and gave bond.

A party of twenty-two gypsies passed through Dallas from Brenham for New York. They were routed over the Santa Fe lines and will go from New York to the Paris exposition.

The state commissioner of insurance granted a permit to do business in Texas to the Knights of the Mystic Chain, a fraternal organization with headquarters at Birmingham, Ala.

At the Confederate memorial service at McGregory fourteen little girls, representing fourteen southern states, responded to roll call. Each held a banner and recited a poem of the state represented.

In an impromptu duel near Beckville Malcolm Juner was killed. C. A. Baxter surrendered to the sheriff. Both men were prominent farmers living about six miles from there. Shot guns were the weapons.

The district conference of the Methodist church was held at Killean. There were about fifty pastors, delegates and visitors present from all parts of the Gatesville district. The next conference will be held at Lampasas.

A. E. Kieraky's store on Austin avenue, Waco, was entered and the safe broken open and robbed. About \$250 in cash, a diamond ring and some valuable papers were taken. The thief dropped the papers and the ring in the alley, and they were recovered.

Ed Hill was shot down at the residence of Sophia Davis, a relative, at Waco. He was standing out in the yard when the shot was fired. The ball struck him beneath the left arm and ranged around. The wound is very severe.

The Texas and Pacific railway turned out of their coach shops at Marshall coach No. 407. The car is full vestibuled, lighted by Pintch gas and heated by latest improved heaters. The car is a beautiful specimen of car-builders' skill.

## GLORY OF THE GRAY

Confederate Veterans in Annual Convention at Fort Worth.

### A BARBECUE AND ADDRESSES

Features of the first day—in the Parade a Number of Grand Army of the Republic Men Participate.

Fort Worth, Tex., May 23.—Music by the band filled the interval before the proceedings began, the first being a medley of the airs of old southern songs, which made the old-timers feel at home.

Gen. Polley presided, and among those on the platform were Hon. John H. Reagan, Gov. Sayers, Hon. John Cochran, Col. R. M. Wynne, Col. J. P. Smith, Maj. W. R. Warner, Maj. C. C. Cummings, Capt. B. B. Paddock, grand marshal; Judge A. T. Watts, Gen. Waul and Mayor T. J. Powell.

When Gen. Polley called the assembly to order he introduced Mayor Powell, who welcomed the visitors to the city.

Maj. Gen. Polley in responding said that the trials of time had refined Confederate sentiment until only the true essence of noble principles remained.

Grand Marshal Paddock announced that there was an abundance of barbecued meat for everybody on the grounds, but the veterans would be served first. The barbecue followed. Sixteen thousand pounds of roast beef, mutton and pork were disposed of with great enthusiasm and in a manner which left everybody completely satisfied.

Judge Reagan was introduced at the opening of the afternoon session. His appearance was greeted with applause.

After Judge Reagan had concluded his address Gov. Sayers was introduced. In opening he said he had been surprised at being requested to speak this afternoon. He said he had been touched by the eloquent remarks of Col. Wynne and the historic review by one of the greatest statesmen of the south, alluding to Judge Reagan, whose name was again greeted with applause. Looking upon the assembly he said he felt that silence would be more eloquent than words.

Wild enthusiasm followed the governor's remarks. The band played "Dixie," a Confederate flag was waved from the platform and handkerchiefs in the audience.

Gen. Cabell was then introduced. He spoke of the pleasures of the reunion in the meeting of old friends and then of the sorrowful memories of the war and the thousands who had been left to lie in unmarked graves throughout the entire south. But their memory, he said, lived in the hearts of southern people and would continue to live as long as true courage and devotion were admired.

S. A. Cunningham, editor of the Confederate Veteran at Nashville, exhibited a beautiful banner presented by the ladies of Franklin, Tenn., to the thirty-second Tennessee regiment, with the statement that it had been found in a pawnshop at Dayton, O. It was recognized by some of the veterans who were at Donaldville when it had been captured.

Thousands Fed. Fort Worth, Tex., May 23.—Fully 3000 people were fed at the barbecue Tuesday. Sixteen thousand pounds of beef, mutton and pork had been prepared in a manner which made it delicious. More tender meat or better flavored was never served to a great crowd. A line of guards from the Loyds and Fencibles kept guard over the partition fence which separated the tables from the rest of the grounds and everything went off splendidly.

Off for Alaska. Corsicana, Tex., May 23.—Mrs. Ed. Sawyer, a daughter and two sons, left this city Tuesday afternoon en route for Alaska to join Mr. Sawyer, who went to the Klondike gold fields last winter a year ago. Sawyer has done well in Alaska and will make it his permanent home. The family are all physically able to stand the hardships of the Klondike climate and appear to be well pleased over the change they will make.

The Travelers. New Orleans, La., May 23.—The Travelers' Protective association spent its first day in New Orleans and devoted it to getting acquainted. A unique parade was given in which 1000 men marched through the streets to the Atheneum, where the convention is to be held. Louis Ochs was grand marshal, and later in the day opened room 240 as the New Orleans headquarters at the Louisville convention was known.

## BOER COMMISSIONERS

Visit the White House and the President Explains Conditions.

Washington, May 23.—Messrs. Fischer, Wessels and Wolmarans, the three Boer commissioners, visited the white house Tuesday morning, according to previous arrangement, to pay their respects to the president. No official status was given the visitors and they presented no credentials.

The envoys were received in the blue parlor, no one being present but themselves, the president and Secretary Cortelyou. At first the conversation touched upon a variety of subjects. The Boers talked about Washington; told how they admired the city, and the president escorted them to the porch at the rear of the executive mansion, where a splendid view is obtainable of the Washington monument and the Potomac river. President Kruger's name was finally mentioned and the visitors then stated their purpose in coming to this country. They said that they understood what Secretary Hay told them Monday was final and that the position of the United States was that this country could not itself intervene in the struggle in South Africa. The president confirmed this view. He said that the action he took some time ago (when the request of the government of the Transvaal that this government should intervene he offered his good offices to England to bring about peace), he did it with great pleasure in the hope that it might possibly bring the conflict to a close. This offer had been declined by Great Britain, and he said there was nothing further that the United States could do in the premises.

### FIRE FIENDS' FURY.

Tobacco Warehouses.

Danville, Va., May 23.—Two of the largest tobacco warehouses in the country, both as regards size and selling record, two factories and a storage warehouse filled with bright leaf tobacco, were destroyed by fire, together with \$50,000 pounds of tobacco, valued at about \$115,000. Buildings worth \$35,000 were burned. Several farmers narrowly escaped with their lives, losing their wagons, loaded with leaf tobacco, but saving their horses. The losers are: A. C. Tree tobacco warehouse, Banner warehouse, Brown Packing warehouse, with about 700,000 pounds of tobacco in hogsheads, Acres' tobacco factory, leased by Chalmers Patterson, Hodnot's factory, and a number of small brick and wooden structures.

The territory burned covered an entire square.

Forrest Fire.

Jackson, Miss., May 23.—The entire business district of the town of Forrest, on the Alabama and Vicksburg railroad, fifty miles east of this city, was burned Tuesday morning. The fire started in the general store of Storey & Smythe and spread rapidly northward, destroying the business houses of M. Graham & Co., H. Banks, J. H. Gordon, Percy Lowrey, Oliver Eastland, the Beecher hotel, F. H. Alabama and Vicksburg depot, T. M. Steel, George Rew and the Postal Telegraph company.

Colorado Blaze.

Colorado, Tex., May 23.—Fire broke out in the rear end of C. H. Lusk's grocery store, in a part of the building used for the storage of grain and hay, and before the flames could be brought under control by the fire department did damage to the extent of about \$1500.

At Atlanta.

Atlanta, Ga., May 23.—Tuesday was spent by the commissioners attending the thirty-ninth annual session of the Southern general assembly of the Presbyterian church. In session here. In receiving and discussing reports submitted by various committees. A report on foreign missions was received and set for disposal.

The committee on the pastoral letter touching worldly amusements reported.

Laid Down Arms.

Manila, May 23.—Two companies of insurgents surrendered to Col. Emerson H. Liscum at Tarlac. They included a major, a captain, four lieutenants, 103 men and 108 rifles and ammunition. The enemy intimated their intention to surrender by a letter sent to the president of Tarlac, who communicated it to Col. Liscum. Capt. Tinio, a nephew of Gen. Tinio, and twenty-three other rebels were killed May 18 by scouts in an engagement near Malibocang, province of Iloilo.

Reported Left.

London, May 23.—A dispatch from Pietermaritzburg, dated Monday, May 21, says the Boers are reported to have entirely left Natal, leaving Laing's Nek free. If this is true it leaves the way open for Gen. Buller to advance into the Transvaal so soon as the repairs of the railroads are sufficient to insure good communications.

Gov. Taylor says his return to Kentucky would invite arrest.

## BECKHAM WINNER.

The Supreme Court of the United States Upholds

### KENTUCKY COURT OF APPEALS

And Dismisses Writ of Error, Saying, by Opinion Handed by Chief Justice, It Has No Jurisdiction.

Washington, May 22.—The United States supreme court Monday finally decided the Kentucky governorship case in favor of Gov. Beckham, dismissing the writ of error from the Kentucky court of appeals. The opinion is handed down by Chief Justice Fuller and a vigorous dissenting opinion was delivered by Justice Harlan. Justices Brewer, Brown and McKenna also dissented from portions of the opinion.

The case was dismissed for want of jurisdiction. The chief justice said the court should be the last to overstep the bounds limiting its own jurisdiction, and that the determination of cases of this character, contests for state offices, must necessarily be settled by the political branch of the government. The branch had acted in the Kentucky case when the general assembly took jurisdiction. There was no appeal from the assembly's decision, which was favorable to Goebel and Beckham, except to the tribunal of the people, which tribunal, the chief justice said, was always in session. He said the case was purely a state case; that Kentucky was in the full possession of its faculties as a member of the Union, and that there was no emergency at this time calling for interference. After reviewing the facts in the case, Chief Justice Fuller said:

"It is obviously essential to the independence of the states and to their peace and tranquility and their power to prescribe the qualifications of their officers, the tenure of their offices, the manner of their election and the grounds on which the tribunals before which shall be contested, should be exclusive and free from external interference, except so far as plainly provided by the constitution of the United States, and where controversies over the election of state officers have reached the state courts in the manner provided and have been determined in accordance with state constitutions and laws, the case must necessarily be rare in which the interference of these courts cannot be properly invoked."

The chief justice then reviewed the cases of Boyd vs. Thayer, Wilson vs. North Carolina, Kenny vs. Louisiana, and Foster vs. Kansas, and continued:

"The grounds on which our jurisdiction is sought to be maintained in the present case are set forth in the errors assigned to the effect in substance:

"1. That the action of the general assembly in the matter of these contests deprives plaintiff in error of their offices without due process of law.

"2. That the action of the general assembly deprives the people of Kentucky the right to choose their own representatives, secured by the guarantee of the Federal constitution of a republican form of government to every state, and deprive them of their political liberty without due process of law.

Justices McKenna, Brown and Harlan read dissenting opinions.

Southern Presbyterians.

Atlanta, Ga., May 22.—In the Southern Presbyterian general assembly Monday two overtures were offered. One was from J. C. Taylor of Ilco, Tex., regarding divorces and another from Robert C. Osborne of Petersburg, Va., asking a change in the book of church. All overtures were removed.

In Davis' Memory.

Louisville, Ky., May 22.—In the chief city of the state which gave him birth, the Confederates of the United States will, on Sunday, June 3, honor the memory of their first and only president, Jefferson Davis. The celebration of the ninety-second anniversary of that birth will be the closing event of the reunion. It is expected to be a grand and inspiring occasion wherein the battle-scarred veterans will pay tribute to their executive.

Labor Bills.

Washington, May 22.—The house, under suspension of the rules, passed two important bills reported by the committee on labor—one to extend the eight-hour law to all laborers employed under contract on government work, and the other to prohibit the interstate traffic in prison-made goods by bringing them under the jurisdiction of the police powers of the state. The former bill is designed to carry the law of 1892 to its logical conclusion.

## TAYLOR TALKS.

The Republican Governor Says Decision Did Not Surprise Him.

Indianapolis, Ind., May 22.—Gov. Taylor of Kentucky was handed the statement of Gov. Beckham, and after reading it he said to a Journal reporter:

"I have no criticisms to make of the supreme court. That court does not go into the merits of the controversy. It does not adjudge that Mr. Goebel got a majority of the votes, and no lower court or tribunal will ever so declare. Mr. Beckham knows he did not get a majority of the votes and so does every other honest man who understands it. The supreme court simply holds that it can not take jurisdiction."

"The arbitrary action of the general assembly was the greatest crime ever committed against civil liberty. The Republicans and liberty-loving Democrats have been long suffering and submitted to the foulest usurpation ever perpetrated. The fact that this wrong has been under the 'forms of the law' makes it none the less a crime. The success of the Democrats in Kentucky is a triumph of force and fraud over the liberty of Kentuckians. If Mr. Beckham desires to rejoice because he and his associates robbed me of an office and overturned the will of Kentuckians by brute force I shall not envy him in his delight."

Senators Named.

New Orleans, La., May 22.—The Democratic legislative caucus of Louisiana, which is synonymous to the legislature, nominated as United States senators, Senator S. D. McEnery to succeed himself, his term to begin in 1903, and Gov. Murphy J. Foster, to succeed Senator Caffery, his term to begin in 1901.

Gov. Foster confessed to the caucus that he was not sound on the 16 to 1 proposition, but declared that he would obey the wishes of the Democracy on that point. Mr. McEnery made a similar confession on the tariff, but insisted that the tariff had been made and could not be made a test of Democracy. Senator McEnery also declared in favor of the popular election of senators.

Boer Meeting.

Washington, May 22.—An audience remarkable for its size, sympathy and enthusiasm, greeted the Boer envoys at the reception given in their honor Sunday night at the Grand opera house under the auspices of the congressional and citizens' committee. Long before the time for the meeting to open the house was crowded to suffocation and many were turned away, unable to gain admittance. The interior was appropriately decorated with the national colors of both the United States and the Transvaal. While official Washington was not represented in any manner, there were probably thirty members of the senate and house occupying seats in the auditorium and on the stage. Congressman Sulzer presided and made an impassioned appeal for the Boers.

Girl Killed.

St. Louis, Mo., May 22.—One boy was killed and three men and a girl were wounded Monday as a result of the strike.

The dead: Martin Kiks, 18 years of age, struck in left breast by a bullet fired from a street car.

Conductor Farley and Motorman Joseph Drake were placed under arrest.

The wounded: Clarence E. Mullen, motorman, shot in upper portion of left arm; Minnie Krueger, aged 10 years, struck in left thigh by a glancing bullet.

Two rioters were seen to fall at the fight at Thirteenth and Herbert streets between a mob of 250 and the police. They were carried away by their friends, and names were not learned.

Is Denied.

London, May 22.—There is no truth in the rumor that President Kruger has sued for peace, and no communication from him on the subject is expected in the immediate future.

Document Published.

Paris, Tex., May 22.—The Elcarr publishes a document in the smile endeavoring to prove its contention that the whole Waldeck-Rousseau ministry wished to reopen the Dreyfus affair. The document, which is in German, states that the writer was approached by one Tomps, a well-known police agent in the employ of the government, in order to gain from him information invalidating the evidence of Geffruschi an important witness at the Rennes trial.

Mashed Between Cars.

Laredo, Tex., May 22.—A frightful accident, in which W. H. Slater, a Switchman, was crushed to death while coupling cars, occurred in the Mexican National yards in Nuevo Laredo Sunday night. The accident, it is said, was caused by one drawhead being higher than the other, slipping over and crashing the man between the ends of the cars. Slater was 43 years of age and leaves a wife and four children.

## Wants a New Calendar.

Russian government commission is considering a plan for the reform of the calendar in Russia, which, as is well known, still follows the old style abandoned by other European countries in the last century. It proposes to drop out fourteen days from the present reckoning, and calls leap years those divisible not only by four, but also by 128. The representatives of the Greek Orthodox church have been asked to consider this proposition, and to suggest a corresponding change in the method of determining Easter.

Curiosity Saves Life.

A package marked quinine was sent to a woman, but being curious she took it to a druggist who said it was arsenic. A like inquiry into some of the medicines offered will certainly detect the false from the true. For half a century Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has been curing indigestion, constipation and dyspepsia.

A good servant, like a costly jewel, comes high.

## How Much You Eat

Is not the question, but, how much you digest, because food does good only when it is digested and assimilated, taken up by the blood and made into muscle, nerve, bone and tissue. Hood's Sarsaparilla restores to the stomach its powers of digestion. Then appetite is natural and healthy. Thus dyspepsia is gone, and strength, elasticity and endurance return.

Stomach Trouble.—"My mother had a very bad stomach trouble. She weighed only 111 pounds. After taking four bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla she weighed 130 pounds. She took it again after the grip and one bottle got her up." Miss Orys McCoy, 626 Lafayette Ave., Lebanon, Ill.

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Blood Medicine.

A Swallow is one of the earliest harbingers of spring—an equally sure indication is that feeling of languid depression. Many swallows of

HIRES Rootbeer are best for a spring tonic—and for a summer drink—on a picnic or at home. Write for a list of dealers nearest you for labels.

Charles E. Hires Co., Malters, Pa.

## W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 & 3.50 SHOES

Worth \$4 to \$6 compared with other makes. Endorsed by over 1,000,000 wearers. The genuine have W. L. Douglas's name and price stamped on bottom. Fake no substitute claimed to be as good. Your dealer should keep them. Not we will send a pair on receipt of price and extra for carriage. State kind of leather, size, and width, plain or cap toe. Cat. free. W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass.

## VALUABLE PREMIUMS

Free! The Round Trade-Mark. On every two pound package of FRIENDS' OATS you will find valuable premiums. Illustrated list mailed upon application to friends.

FRIENDS' OATS, MUSCATINE, IOWA. IN 3 OR 4 YEARS AN INDEPENDENCE ASSURED. If you take up your home in Western Canada, the land of plenty, illustrated pamphlets, giving experience of farmers who have been successful in growing wheat, reports of delegates, etc., and full information as to reduced railway rates can be had on application to the Superintendent of Immigration, Department of Interior, Ottawa, Canada, or to Capt. E. Barrett, Houston, Texas.

Alkins' Battle Snake Oil. Most powerful liniment known. Cures Sprains, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Neuritis, Backache, Trunk Neck, etc. Texas Drug Co., Agents, Dallas.

MITCHELL'S EYE SALVE. PRICE, 25 CENTS. W. N. U. DALLAS. - NO. 21-1900

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.







## A DANGEROUS GAME.

"Carl, I do believe you truly love me."

Mildred Reynolds looked at her lover half archly, as if she defied him to say he did not love her, half-pleadingly, as if she longed for him to contradict him warmly.

Carl Langlois reddened under her gaze. "What nonsense, Mildred; of course I love you. Why else would I come a hundred miles to spend an evening with you?" he replied, a trifle impatiently.

"Then why," Mildred began bravely, but she in turn colored and looked embarrassed. Surely Carl knew that she longed to ask him why he had twice postponed their marriage, and on this visit, when she had expected him to ask her to set the day for the ceremony, he had not done so. True, he had brought her a beautiful bracelet and had seemed affectionate and loving; yet somehow Mildred felt that there was something lacking in his caresses, and that the fact that he did not broach the subject which she had hoped he would settle on this visit vaguely alarmed her. For she loved Carl deeply and was unhappy in the home of a relative upon she was partly dependent and longed to have a home of her own.

Carl had said, the last time he had visited her, that they would arrange their plans for the future when he next came, but when Mildred had made the remark that she did not believe he really loved her he was on the verge of departure, and still had not asked her to name the day which would make them husband and wife. He must have known what the question was she wished to ask, yet he did not help her out, and so the question died unasked upon her lips. Instead he turned suddenly to the clock, "I'll have just time to make my train," he said, hurriedly, "so goodnight, my sweet-heart. Give me a kiss, and take good care of yourself, for my sake," so tenderly that for a time all doubts as to his fidelity were dismissed from Mildred's heart. Only for a time, however, for while his farewell kiss was



Still warm on her lips the question returned to her mind.

"Why does not Carl if he really loves me and wants me to be his wife, claim me for his own? Perhaps he is growing to love some one else. I believe I am strong enough to bear it if it is true—better to know now than when it is too late—and uncertainty is hard to bear. I must find out, and if it is true that he no longer loves me as he did I will release him. But if I have wronged him by my doubts, I will atone by giving him added love and affection."

Carl's mother had often sent her kind messages, and had also sent by Carl some very beautiful table linen for Mildred to embroider for use after her marriage. She knew that Mrs. Langlois was her friend, although they had never met, and determined to go to see her and discover whether Carl had confided in her any change in his desire to marry Mildred. She shrank from the trial, yet felt it must be made for the sake of her future happiness. Accordingly a few days after Carl's visit she took a trip to his home, arriving there, as she had planned, when Carl was absent at his business. When she introduced herself to Mrs. Langlois she was warmly greeted, but when she told the object of her visit her host was visibly surprised and disconcerted.

"My dear child," she exclaimed, "there must be a mistake somewhere. Carl assured me only yesterday that you kept putting him off whenever he mentioned your marriage. I cannot understand it."

"I can, Mrs. Langlois," said Mildred, proudly. "Your son has grown tired of me and is seeking in some way to free himself. But, thank heaven, his feelings are not yet riveted, and are easily broken. I will release him from an engagement which is no longer a pleasure to him."

"My dear, dear Mildred," begged his mother, "do not speak so bitterly. I am sure there is some misunderstanding."

Mildred had turned very pale, and an overwhelming conviction that Carl was false to her came upon her with crushing force, but she summoned up courage to face the truth.

"We must find out," she said, very gently, for the mother's distress was also very great, "whether he is attentive to some one else. Have you ever noticed his taking pleasure in the society of any girl here?"

"Oh, no," Mrs. Langlois replied, hastily, but suddenly her face changed. "Surely," she said, as if to herself, "he cannot care for Marion Reed? And yet, now that my mind is drawn to it, I have noticed him often with her. But Marion is such a gay little flirt, and

then she knew of Carl's engagement—"

"Ah!" Mildred said quickly, "that is not enough to keep some girls from trying to win away a man's love. It may be that she has drawn him away from me. But we must make sure, my dear friend—for I feel that you are my friend—and if it is true I will willingly give him up to her if it is for his happiness."

They arranged it that Mildred's presence in the house should be kept a secret from Carl and that his mother at mealtime should question him in a way not to arouse his suspicions; so, as the two sat alone at dinner, Mrs. Langlois carelessly said:

"What a charming girl Marion Reed is, Carl!"

"Isn't she, mother?" he cried enthusiastically. "Do you know she quite fascinates me?"

"Carl," his mother said gravely, "that is not the way for a man soon to be married to another woman—"

"Pshaw, mother!" Carl exclaimed, impatiently, "you know I told you Mildred would never set the day, and we may never be married at all."

"You are right, Mr. Langlois," said Mildred, who had been unable to resist the temptation of listening unseen; "you are right. We never will be married. You are quite welcome to ask the fascinating Miss Reed to be your wife, for I am henceforth a stranger to you."

Before Carl could recover from his astonishment she was gone, and as her train was just ready to depart she was out of his reach, and the passionate protests of affection which he was prepared to make, the promises of future fidelity, were never uttered.

Now that he had lost her, Mildred appeared to Carl as a precious treasure which he would give anything to possess. The attractions of Marion Reed paled into insignificance and he took the next train in pursuit of Mildred, hoping that he could win her back.

But once assured of the futility of her quest, Mildred had cast him out of her heart, and though it was sore it was not broken, because she realized his unworthiness. She refused to see Carl and returned his letters unread. Within a week, mortified at his rejection, he had offered himself to Marion Reed.

"Why, you're going to marry some girl in Lawrence," she replied, opening her blue eyes wide.

"No, I am not," he said, shortly. "I am going to marry you if you will have me."

"Well, I won't," replied the pretty girl, decidedly. "I was only amusing myself with you, my dear boy. I hope your heart is not broken," she added, mockingly, for rumors of the true state of affairs had reached her ears.

"Flirting is sometimes a dangerous game, my friend, especially if there is a jealous sweetheart at the other end of the line," she announced laughingly. And with her mocking laughter ringing in his ears Carl Langlois walked away to repent of his folly, by which he had lost that greatest of gifts—a woman's love.—The Columbian.

## P. E. CHURCH'S WORK.

Noted Paintings by Lamented American Artist.

The death of Frederick Edwin Church, the veteran landscape painter, removed a well-known figure in art life of this country, better remembered perhaps by a past generation than by the younger set. He was born in Hartford, Conn., May 4, 1826. His talent for art was prominent and in early life he determined to adopt art as a profession and placed himself under the instruction of Thomas Cole, and resided with him in the Catskills.

He soon became well known as a landscape painter, and critics awarded him praise for his accuracy of drawing and vivid appreciation of nature. His agent a short time in Switzerland, and in 1852 visited South America to study the picturesque scenery. "The Heart of the Andes," which created a great sensation, was first exhibited in 1859, and was bought by the late William T. Blodgett. Other well-known works painted about the same period are "The Andes of Ecuador," "Cotapaxi," now at the Lenox library, "Chimborazo," his "View of Niagara Falls," now in the Corcoran art gallery, Washington, D. C., is recognized as the first satisfactory production by art of this wonderful piece of nature; it won a prize at the French exhibition in 1867. Another painting of "Magna" was painted for A. T. Stewart in 1866, the price paid for it by Mr. Stewart being \$12,000. In 1878 he was again represented at the French capital with two pictures, "Morning in the Tropics" and "The Parthenon." He traveled extensively in this country and abroad, studying nature and giving to the world numerous productions of a high character. A number of his works are owned in England, one of his principal works being "Icebergs," which was purchased by Sir Edward Watson, M. P., London. His wife died about a year ago, and his sons and a daughter survive him.

## Better His Chance.

"Why do you insist on your son's becoming a lawyer," asked a friend. "I've made a will leaving him all my money," was the answer. "It seems to me that if he is a lawyer himself he will stand a better chance of getting some of it."—Washington Star.

## A Woman's Question.

"I see," he remarked, as he looked up from his paper, "that the British have recovered their battery of guns." "What was it covered with the first time?" she sweetly asked.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

## FARM AND GARDEN.

### MATTERS OF INTEREST TO AGRICULTURISTS.

Some Up-to-Date Hints About Cultivation of the Soil and Yields Thereof—Horticulture, Viticulture and Floriculture.

#### Conserving Manure.

In common with other things that are under control of trusts there has been a sharp advance in the price of chemicals that the farmers use for the manufacture of commercial fertilizers or that the manufacturers use in the making up of commercial grades. This is said to be especially true of the materials that contain nitrogen. It therefore behooves the farmer to look after the fertilizers he has on the farm. By the ordinary manner of handling manure at least half of the nitrogen is lost. One-half of the value of the excrement from our cattle and other stock is in the liquids, which on many farms are not saved at all. Nitrogen especially abounds in the liquids, as is evidenced by the ammonia they throw off. We want again to urge that every farmer take measures to save these valuable products. The farmers that have manure piles that are exposed to all weathers and that have no arrangement to save the liquids should at once stop the waste. It means hundreds of dollars to the pocket of every farmer. Remember that the manure pile is not only assailed by the rain but by the air, and the latter helps to deprive it of its ammonia—a form of nitrogen. It is not enough to prevent manure from leaching and washing, it must be kept from drying out and thus losing its ammonia, or a large part of it.

#### Horticultural Observations.

A well cultivated orchard on deep rich soil should send down its roots much deeper than an orchard not cultivated. Consequently it should be able to stand cold better than trees in uncultivated orchards. It is true the frost may go deeper, but the root should outstrip the frost.

Mr. John McDonald of Michigan says: "I learned last year that fruit trees standing in grass winter better than those well cultivated. A great many apple and pear trees died last summer owing to the hard preceding winter." The general conclusion that Mr. McDonald draws from that experience is not well founded. If all our winters were like the one of 1895-9 we would have to stop cultivating our orchards, and we could then state as a general proposition that cultivated trees are liable to be frozen out because the frost can strike in deeper and stay longer. But that winter was one of exceptional severity, and it is doubtful if we will have another like it for 50 years to come. The ground was bare and froze deeply. Probably in some sections the roots of the trees did not thaw out till after the buds and leaves had appeared. But we must figure on ordinary and not on extraordinary years. An orchard planted now may grow to maturity and fall with old age and be succeeded by another orchard that will likewise disappear from old age before we have another winter with conditions identical with the one named. Cultivation is desirable, and we will have to take our chances on the unusual winter.

S. T. Wilkinson of Branch county, Michigan, sends the following to the State Board of Agriculture: All apple orchards in this vicinity that had been both cultivated and sprayed bore a full crop of fine apples. Most orchards sprayed and not cultivated had a partial crop of fairly good fruit, while but few orchards not sprayed had more than 10 per cent of a crop. With peaches I have experimented some for three years with some varieties in same plot and set at the same time. The first crop in 1895 from the cultivated portion bore 50 per cent of a full crop of fine, large, well formed fruit, while the uncultivated trees bore 20 per cent full crop of second class fruit. Cultivated trees killed by last winter's freezing, 60 per cent; uncultivated killed, 2 per cent. Have recent cultivated portion and cultivated whole plot. All have made good growth and look fine. I think that it pays to cultivate judiciously all peach orchards and sow rye or some other cover crop about August 1. Peel in with dirt all trees under bearing age at least one foot high, as our winters are very likely to be bare of snow, and would both cultivate and spray all apple orchards.

#### Potash and Starch Potatoes.

The Connecticut Experiment Station made experiments to compare the effect of muriate with that of sulphate of potash on the starch content and yield of tubers. The potatoes were grown on very poor soil which was dressed with 400 pounds nitrate soda, 615 pounds acid phosphate and 120 pounds of muriate or sulphate of potash. The yield was increased from 43 to 225 bushels of salable tubers per acre. Doubling the potash, applying 240 pounds per acre, increased the yield only twelve bushels per acre over what was produced when 120 pounds were applied. Muriate produced a somewhat greater yield than sulphate, but the tubers contained slightly more water and less starch than when sulphate was used. The evidence in regard to the relative effect of sulphate and muriate of potash on potatoes is somewhat conflicting. Most of the experiments made in this country and Europe show that sulphate produces better tubers with less water and a slightly higher starch content, but the difference is slight. Some German ex-

perimenters, Pfeiffer and others, have recently published results of experiments showing that pure muriate has no injurious effect on the tubers, but impurities, noticeably chloride of magnesium, are influential in depressing the proportion of starch.

#### Sheep Stagers.

This is a disease due to the form of one of the tapeworms of the dog (toenia coenurus), which becomes located in the brain or spinal cord of the sheep. The sheep becomes infected while pasturing where the eggs of this tapeworm have been scattered by dogs. The dogs in turn are infected by eating the brains of sheep containing cysts. The symptoms in the sheep are stupor and involuntary muscular movement. The pupil of the eye usually becomes fixed and the sight or hearing is impaired. There is no inclination for food, and the animal loses flesh rapidly. If the parasite be located in the side of the brain the animal will turn its head to one side, and is liable to walk in a circle. If located in the middle, the movement will be irregular and jerky. Sometimes the breathing is very difficult, due to the location of the cyst in the medulla, which is the center of the nerves controlling respiration. If the cyst is located at the top of the head the skull over the cyst will enlarge and become soft in about a month. The cyst may then be removed through the operation of craniotomy. The brains and spinal cords of sheep that have died of this disease should be burned or buried so deeply as to be out of the way of dogs. Wolves, coyotes and foxes are also capable of spreading the disease.

#### Branch Ivy.

This is called also hemlock, calf kill, leucothoe, dog laurel. It is a poisonous shrub, evergreen, two to four feet high, with thick, tapering, sharply saw-edged leaves and numerous clusters of small, white, tubular, ill-smell-



FIG. 21.—Branch ivy (Leucothoe catesbeii). a, flowering branch; b, fruiting capsule—both one-third natural size.

ing flowers, which appear in April or May. It grows abundantly, often forming dense thickets along the stream banks in the Alleghany mountains from West Virginia to northern Georgia.

#### Titbiting Windmills.

In parts of Kansas and Nebraska the farmers are utilizing their windmills to irrigate small patches of ground near their homes for garden purposes. In some cases indeed these patches include not less than ten or twelve acres of ground. There are numerous windmills scattered through the middle west that should be more fully utilized than at present. At some of our experiment stations irrigation has been tried on strawberries and vegetables with very good effect. Even a quarter of acre brought under irrigation should give good results. This will be found to be easily accomplished where the soil is sufficiently clayey to puddle well. The cost should be small, as the water used is surplus water that would otherwise remain unused. In the states near the Great Lakes the effort should prove effective for the reason that the rainfall is usually quite good and the supply of moisture in the ground practically inexhaustible. The soil water is within a few feet of the surface, while in the regions west of the Missouri the soil water is frequently 25 or more feet below the surface, and the problem of lifting becomes great.

#### Cleanliness in Pasteurization.

In a conversation with a representative of the Farmers' Review H. B. Gurlier said that he had got beyond Pasteurization—he had reached the point where he could produce milk so clean that it does not need pasteurization. That Mr. Gurlier is doing this is quite evident from the fact that he has a large trade in Chicago that pays 12 cents a quart for his milk, while other milk is selling at 4 and 7 cents per quart. Pasteurization of milk is found to be a very important factor in the handling of milk, for the reason that few men will give the attention to the matter that is necessary if absolutely clean milk is to be produced. Cleanliness is preferable to pasteurization, but unfortunately it is much more difficult to produce milk that is absolutely clean than it is to pasteurize.

Vegetable Coloring.—The green coloring used for ice cream, frosting candies, etc., is called pistachio, but is made from spinach and is perfectly harmless. A red coloring matter is made from beets, and a yellow one from carrots. A few drops of the red will give a delicate shade of pink.

## HUNTING OSTRICHES.

### EXCITING SPORT ON THE PAMPAS.

The Chase Is at Times Dangerous to Life and Limb, Not Full of Fascination—Great Agility of the Birds.

In South America as in Africa, the ostrich is common and yearly great quantities of feathers are exported to the United States. The "rhea," or South African ostrich, however, differs from the African bird in having its head and neck completely feathered, in being tailless, and having three toes instead of two. It may be found in large numbers in the Argentine and Uruguay republics, and in the country extending from Bolivia, Paraguay and Brazil as far south as the Straits of Magellan. Its home is on the "pampas," or plains, sometimes on open ground, and more often near cover of grass and stunted undergrowth. Since the birds are wild and wary and their feathers are in demand, methods have been adopted to catch them, and these methods at the same time a business and the most exciting sort of sport.

A powerful horse in condition to stand hard riding and long abstinence from water is the first consideration in ostrich hunting. The course is both annoying and dangerous, for, though the chase is on level ground, with no fences to fear, the rhea takes at once to the "pajas," or high grass. This is not only a hindrance in itself, but conceals innumerable holes, made by ground hogs and moles, that are a constant menace to life and limb. Yet, on a clear day, in the blazing South American climate, with plenty of game speeding before over a country with an undulation like the ocean, no more exhilarating sport than the chase of the South American ostrich could be asked for. The most effective hunt is that followed by the Indians or Gauchos. They use the "bolas," or balls, three pieces of stone, lead or heavy hardwood, made round and covered with rawhide. These balls are attached to thongs of the same material which are joined together in the center. When all is ready the Indians mount their horses and approach the game in a large semi-circle, riding against the wind, for the ostrich is keen of scent, and once he suspects the presence of a man is off like lightning.

When birds are sighted the riders swing the bolas around their heads with great rapidity, their horses all the while going at full gallop, and when within range hurl them at the game, entangling their legs, wings or neck, and tripping it, or stunning it if hit on the head or any sensitive spot. It is wonderful to see the natives rise in their saddles when at full speed, swing the balls and hit the mark, sometimes at a distance of eighty yards. If one bird is brought down the rest seem to become panic stricken and, instead of escaping, remain near their fallen companion. In this way a score of them may be killed on one spot.

To the man who loves hunting, for sake of the chase alone, horses and greyhounds appeal more. It is a sportsmanlike race, where the game has a chance for its life. It is very like fox hunting, except that the ostrich is swifter, if anything, and employs even more dodges than a fox. For instance, where the hunters are pressing close on the game, and it would seem that the dogs were about to capture it, the bird takes advantage of the last breath of air, raises one wing slightly, uses it as a sail, and running slantwise against the breeze, vanishes from sight like a leaf in a whirlwind. If by any chance the breeze dies out and the hunters again feel sure of their ostrich, the latter doubles like a fox, and so quickly and so suddenly that the dogs pass beyond, making the hunt long drawn out, difficult and exciting.

Though game laws have been passed prohibiting the killing of ostriches during the breeding season, little, if any attention is paid to them. It is estimated that from 300,000 to 500,000 birds are slaughtered annually, a number which has not only thinned out the species to a great extent, but promises in time to extinguish it altogether. The only remedy for this in a country where law is ineffective would be to establish ostrich farms, similar to those in Africa and California.

Nor is the ostrich hunted for its feathers alone. Its flesh is agreeable, somewhat resembling mutton, and omelet made of the eggs, or rather several omelets made of one egg, possess a delicious flavor. Consequently egg hunting is almost as much of a sport as ostrich hunting. Several hens lay in one nest, which sometimes holds from twelve to twenty-five eggs. The cock often hatches the eggs, and if disturbed during the operation becomes very dangerous, not hesitating to attack with his legs a man on horseback.

#### Who's Who?

At last the hotel clerk permitted the guest on the far side of the counter to speak to him. "May I inquire," said the guest diffidently, "who that modest gentleman was you were talking to a moment ago?" "Cert," replied the clerk; "that was the old man." "And who is the old man, pray?" "The owner of the house, of course." "Is that so?" was the astonished remark. "Well, I never would have thought he was." "Why not?" "Because I was so dead sure in my mind that you owned the whole shabang."—Detroit Free Press.

## QUEER SPOT IN NEW YORK.

Shack of Wooded Shanties Called "Sunken Village."

There are some queer spots in this city, unusual places that one would not dream existed in the metropolis of the western hemisphere. One of them is "Sunken Village," which is bounded by Sixty-second and Sixty-first streets and Central Park West. It consists of eight shanties situated on a track of land about 15 feet below the level of the surrounding streets. A high board fence incloses the "village" on all sides, and behind it the villagers eat and sleep, work and play, live and die, undisturbed by the gaze of the curious. The shanties were constructed of boards, but they have been patched and stashed till but little of the original material of which they were built remains. Just how long the shanties have been there no one seems to know. In the days of the old Bloomingdale road the "village" was proportionately as far from the city as Mount Vernon is now. In those days the settlement contained inns and resorts of various kinds, and driving parties gathered there to pass a merry evening undisturbed. The city grew apace, and in taking a mighty leap passed over that it had been left behind. The surrounding country was filled and graded, but "Sunken Village" remained at its original level. Many years ago Messrs. L. and S. Wormer purchased the tract of land on which the "village" stands and have been holding it till they could sell at the price at which they value it. The price has never yet been offered, and so "Sunken Village" still stands, an alien to the times, an alien to its surroundings."—New York Times.

## COUNTERFEITING PICTURES.

The Paris Exposition Is Expected to Bring Plenty of Victims.

There is no doubt that the counterfeiters of paintings by well known artists are hard at work in anticipation of the rush of half-informed picture buyers to the Paris exposition, says the Art Amateur. One well-known picture dealer informs us that Brussels and Amsterdam are full of spurious old masters, and he instances the case of a picture sold by him about a year ago which has turned up in the former city bearing a name more famous than that of its author and priced at ten times the amount for which he had sold it. From another source we learn that two of the most famous falsifiers of pictures in Europe, Gatti and Vogli, are rushed with orders for their specialties, among which they now include pictures which are expected to pass for the work of the late Alfred Sisley. The London picture factories are turning out old English paintings by the dozen, and the unscrupulous buyer may obtain Sir Joshua, Chalmers, and Romney for £10 to £20 apiece. An expert appraiser for the New York custom house tells us that he saw there lately three dozen false Monticellis and other pictures on the same day. Everything that will bring a good price is being counterfeited. A certain American artist, of somewhat inflated reputation, is proudly going about announcing that he is among the victims. This is, of course, a method of self-advertisement, like the periodic robberies of actresses' jewels, but we have every reason to believe that the painter's claim is true.—Chicago News.

## TWO PAIRS OF TWINS MARRY.

Ohio Brothers Wedded to Sisters in the City of Columbus.

Columbus (O.) special correspondence Chicago Chronicle: A most unique wedding was solemnized at Westerville, O., this afternoon, when Guy Omer Crabbe and Roy Homer Crabbe, twins, married Aldren E. Dodson and Edna A. Dodson, also twins. The grooms live in Columbus and the brides at Westerville, where they have resided for about two years. The grooms are 27 years old and the brides 18. During their lives they have never been separated. The young men have rented and furnished a house at 495 West First avenue, which they will occupy. Guy Omer and his wife the up-stairs parlor and Roy Homer and his wife the first floor. The apartments have been furnished exactly alike from kitchen to parlor, each corresponding room the counterpart of the other.

## Poisonous Dye in Hosiery.

New York Correspondence Chicago Inter Ocean: The poisoning of Patrick Quirk of Paterson, which, it is alleged, was caused by wearing socks that were not fast black and getting the dye in a cut on his foot, is the kind of case that bode up periodically, though few of these cases result in death, as Quirk's did. Many hospital doctors, however, have patients who come to them with swollen and poisoned feet for treatment, and who almost invariably lay the poisoning to their foot-gear. A doctor who has had some experience with blood poisoning cases of various sorts said that it was easy to blame it on the socks, but in his opinion one is not very likely to suffer dangerous poisoning from that source. At the same time it is, of course, much safer to wear hose that are either dyed fast black, or, if the wearer is unable to afford a good quality, to buy hose that are not dyed at all.

## Cause and Effect.

"What a bore that man is!" "He never bores me." "Why doesn't he?" "Whenever I see him coming I'm in a great hurry to catch a street car."—Chicago Record.



## LOCAL.

Pedro Vela, brother of Jose Vela, died Wednesday and was buried Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. W. Moore are the happy recipients of a daughter, born the 20th.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Lewis have a new girl at their house who arrived Sunday. Mrs. Lewis was very ill but improving.

Where to get what we want? Is the question to be discussed Sunday 11:00 a. m. at the Baptist church. Pastor Powell's evening theme is "Sowing and Reaping." Prayer services 7:30, p. m.

Morgan Day, "Is of Hope" was in town this week to settle up with J. F. Johnson for the Cameron & Davis Max. "Up which side" at 15 cents per pound. Mr. Davis sold 800 head of sheep. A. D. Garro, "of Roswell."

On account of the lack of cars and a general blockade of cattle all along the line of the P. V. & N. E. quite a number of herds were held south of the river during the past week. Night herds were therefore in demand.

Jno. Cantrell and Miss Kate Bering were married Wednesday night by Justice Roberts. John has made many attempts before but now he is hitched right. The many friends of Mr. & Mrs. Cantrell wish them a long and happy married life.

Hosland Cox & Gage, of Van Horn, have been busy the past couple of weeks driving a bunch of 600 cows from their Salt Flats Ranch in Texas, to Carlsbad for shipment to a tame pasture in Kansas. They arrived with the stock at Blue Spring eighteen miles south last Sunday.

A committee consisting of Wm. H. Mullane, M. P. Kerr, and A. R. O'Quinn was on motion, appointed to draft resolutions expressing the sense of the meeting on invitation of Roswell Pecos and neighboring towns. The committee reported as follows:

Miss Eveline Rush for years a teacher of ability of this county was brought in last Saturday from the Means, school fifty miles west in the mountains. Miss Rush was suffering from dementia brought about by overwork. She is now confined in Eddy County Hospital and is doing as well as could be expected.

The committee on the fiddlers carnival and musical jubilee, is progressing with astonishing success. Several fine watches, both gold and silver have been subscribed and other valuable premiums to numerous, to mention, by our liberal citizens and business men. A full text of the various committees and splendid program will be out next week.

C. B. Willingham sold 7,000 head of steers for the stockmen of Eddy county this season at fifty cents each for commission from the seller and it is said a like amount from the buyer, therefore cleaning up about \$7,000 in the deal. No one is more deserving of the good fortune if a middle man is indispensable, for no bigger hearted or better man lives than C. B. Willingham.

The supreme court of New Mexico last week affirmed the decision of the Colfax county district court sentencing William McGinnis, the train robber and murderer, to the penitentiary for life for participation in the murder of Officer W. M. Farr near Cimarron some months ago. McGinnis will be remembered as the man captured by Sheriff Stewart and posse at the Lusk camp last fall.

Henry Jones startled the usual quiet of the town last Saturday while in camp at the round up west of town by attempting suicide. He drew a knife across his throat and came very near the jugular vein. The wound was sewed up by Drs. Wright and Whitcher and Henry is now doing well as could be expected. Henry has been afflicted for years with something resembling epilepsy or a nervous disorder which accounts for his act. He had been exercising violently, which no doubt unbalanced his mind.

Col. W. C. Griffin, a veteran newspaper man well known all over this country, will start a paper here next week if nothing unusual occurs. With Mr. Griffin and Mr. Kibbe both bringing extra trade to our business men, the town should take on a business boom second to none in its history. Nothing like a printing office to help the merchants. Those already here have spent about two dollars with the merchants for one received from the merchants by the papers, during the past six years. With the addition of two extra papers added to the town there should be room for another little grocery.

Jno. Ritchie and Hamilton Bros. are improving 2,000 acres north of Miller on the river in this county. They have put in a centrifugal pump on the bank of the river and will irrigate with water pumped from the river. They are also drilling artesian wells and it is said they will irrigate a large tract. While working in the pit where the centrifugal pump is placed, Jack D'Arcy met with a serious accident last week, Friday, a portion of the machinery catching his arm and body which caused the stopping of the pump upon which ten horses were hitched. Had the pump been running Jack would have been killed.

## Carlsbad Carnival

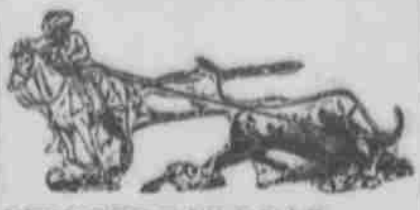


The Canon Will Boom and Eagle Scream FOR TWO FULL DAYS

On July 3rd and 4th, 1900, and an Immense Crowd Will Attend the Festivities

\$1,000 IN CASH IS SUBSCRIBED

For the Cowboy Races, Roping and Tournaments, by the Best Riders in the Entire West



REDUCED RAILROAD AND HOTEL RATES

You can Visit Carlsbad Cheaper Than you can Stay Home.

INVITATION IS EXTENDED

To Roswell, Pecos and All Neighboring Towns—Speeches by the Most Eloquent Orators—A Genuine Good Time is Assured to All.

The following business was transacted at the mass meeting held in the court house Monday evening, for the purpose of perfecting a program for the carnival:

We, your committee, beg leave to submit the following report:— 1st. That the carnival be held on July 3rd and 4th, 1900. After canvassing the town for subscriptions to defray the expenses of the carnival the committee is of the opinion that only sufficient funds can be raised to properly conduct a two day celebration. 2nd. The actual subscriptions up to date are \$900, nearly all from the town. It is expected that between \$1,000 and \$1,200 will be necessary to meet the expenses. The former

## E. Hendricks.

**Special Bargains**  
In Gents Clothing, all shades and weights... \$5 up

**Shirt Waists.**  
Ladies' White Shirt Waists, latest thing out... \$1.25

**Duck Skirts**  
White and Fancy, we are now closing at... 75c

**Underwear.**  
Special Bargains in all sizes, regular to and \$1.25 value for... \$2

**E. Hendricks.**

amount is practically now assured, and we believe the privileges and outside subscriptions will bring the total up to \$1,200.

3rd. We suggest the following events upon the program for the celebration, the details of arrangement to be left to the proper committees:

Parade.  
Roping contest.  
Tournament.  
Bicycle races—1/2 mile, 1 mile, 5 miles.  
Trotting, pacing and running races.  
Horse cart race.  
Tug of war—American, English and German teams.  
Burrow, barrel and wheelbarrow; miscellaneous races.  
Old fiddlers contest.  
Base ball.  
Barbecue.  
Grand ball at court house.

4th. We suggest the names of permanent committees, together with names of persons to serve on same:

**EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.**  
Geo. H. Woodall, chairman; Wm. Woerner, M. P. Kerr, L. Anderson, S. I. Roberts, Joe Woods, W. E. Heller, Will Dannelly, Ed Ramsey.

**RECEPTION COMMITTEE.**

John R. Joyce, S. T. Bittling, Geo. H. Hutchins, R. W. Tansill, A. S. Goetz, J. F. Matheson, H. J. Hammond, I. S. Osborne, Geo. Wardman, C. B. Willingham, F. G. Tracy, M. P. Kerr, J. O. Cameron, W. W. Gatewood, W. P. McIntosh, G. W. Smith, Florence, Mrs. S. T. Bittling, Mrs. F. G. Tracy, Mrs. M. P. Kerr, Mrs. Geo. H. Hutchins, Mrs. A. S. Goetz, Mrs. R. W. Tansill, Mrs. C. B. Willingham, Mrs. J. O. Cameron, Mrs. W. W. Gatewood, Mrs. Mary H. Miller, Mrs. W. P. McIntosh, Mrs. J. F. Matheson, Mrs. Whitcher, Mrs. I. S. Osborne.

**PROGRAM AND ARRANGEMENT COMMITTEES.**

These committees to consult with executive committee.

Parade: M. J. Murray, and S. I. Roberts.

Cow boy Tournament: Henry Angell, John Cantrell, Tom Vest.

Roping Contest: M. C. Stewart, H. Trayner and Geo. H. Webster, Jr.

Horse Races: Jesse Rascoe, Geo. Lucas, and A. J. Crawford.

Horse Cart Race: Wm. L. McEwan, E. Ohnemus, E. S. Gutman.

Bicycle Races: J. S. Crozier, Arthur McEwan, Harry Christian.

Miscellaneous Sports: John Emerson, M. J. Murray and D. R. Harkey.

Base Ball: Geo. Lucas, Al Greene, and Theo. Kerr.

Tug of War: A. S. Goetz, Dick Dearaley, John Bradford.

Barbecue: J. D. Walker, D. W. Gerhart and W. J. Barber.

Ball: W. R. Reed, John S. McEwan and Geo. McBiles.

Privileges: J. E. Laverty, S. T. Bittling, J. M. Pardue.

Fire Works: John McEwan, L. Anderson, John Bolton.

Advertising: A. D. Greene, W. H. Mullane, Geo. H. Hutchins and James Kibbe.

**FINANCE COMMITTEE.**

F. G. Tracy, treasurer; J. L. Emerson, A. N. Pratt.

For secretary of carnival celebration we would suggest the name of A. D. Green; for treasurer H. F. Christian.

5th. The committee suggests further that the chairman of each of the above committees report to the executive committee the plan and probable cost of their part of the program, reporting to them not later than June 30, that their report may be first approved by the executive committee before the same can be ordered printed in the program. This is necessary in order to arrange the expense of the celebration within the limits of the subscriptions.

The special committee of course simply offer the above as suggestions, in order to facilitate our work this evening, the report being subject to any changes which you may wish to make.

Misses Leck, Clark, Watkins, Breeding and Gray were appointed to handle badges.

Lucius Anderson appointed grand marshal.

Liberal purses and no entrance fees will be charged.

Hotel rates will be reduced at the Schiltz to \$1.50 per day and double beds can be secured at 50 cents, cots 25 cents.

The following amendments were made to the above:

It was decided to incorporate the old fiddlers contest into the carnival program, and the following committee appointed to make it and musical affairs generally, in charge: W. C. Griffin, W. G. Woerner, W. L. Robo.

A committee was named to look after speech making, namely: S. I. Roberts, M. P. Kerr, W. H. Mullane.

On motion of A. S. Goetz, the executive committee was empowered to appoint such sub-committees as shall be necessary to best facilitate their work or add to committees already appointed. Also that any surplus funds should be donated to the Eddy County Hospital Association.

W. P. McIntosh suggested that the executive committee have prepared a number of badges of honor. To be sold at \$1.00 apiece, one such to be

given given without further payment to all subscribers now on the lists. The idea was to reach the man who could not afford to put his name down for as great a sum as they would like, and who would probably refuse altogether to go down on paper for a dollar. It also will be an effective advertisement as the badges will be issued for and sold to all traveling men and visitors here for a few days from outlying towns. The plan was adopted at once and enthusiastically by the meeting.

We, your committee on invitation, hereby present the following:

**WHEREAS,** The citizens of Eddy county have subscribed liberally to a fund for the Carlsbad Carnival and Celebration to be held July 3rd and 4th, 1900, at Carlsbad; therefore,

**BE IT RESOLVED,** That an earnest invitation be issued to Roswell, Pecos and all neighboring towns and the people of the entire western country to participate and assist in the carnival and celebration;

**RESOLVED FURTHER,** That it is the sense of this meeting, that all differences heretofore existing between the two flourishing towns of the Pecos Valley, Carlsbad and Roswell, are forever buried, and that a new era of good will and friendship be now instituted, in return for these proffers of good will we confidently anticipate the attendance of a handsome delegation of the citizens of Roswell and Chaves county at the Eddy County Stockmen's Mid-Summer Carnival, and promise reciprocity at some later day.

W. H. MULLANE,  
M. P. KERR,  
A. R. O'QUINN,  
Committee.

When You

COOL OFF

Step into our store and buy a glass of...

Ice Cold Soda Water

The coldest in town.

Eddy Drug Co.

Editor C. B. Smith, of the Pecos News, was in town Thursday night, returning home next morning.

**FOR RENT**—The bakery building oven and tools. Call on or address Jno. T. Bolton, Carlsbad, N. M.

The Goodloe building occupied in the lower story by Goodloe Bros. grocery in Pecos Tex., was burned last Sunday morning at 4 o'clock. The groceries were insured for \$5,000 but the building had no insurance. Only \$350 worth of goods were saved, because it was almost impossible to awaken the slumbering people at that hour.

**Sad Accident.**

Monroe Clayton, of Pecos, Tex., brother of Howard Clayton who was killed down on the Arizona line in a fight with Mexicans, met with a serious accident Wednesday evening west of town. Monroe was endeavoring to head a bunch of stampeded cattle and his horse stumbled throwing him ahead and rolling over him. Monroe was brought in and placed in the hospital Thursday morning, having laid on the ground where he fell, on a pallet prepared by Dr. Whitcher who remained with him all night. He died Thursday at 2 p. m. never having regained consciousness. Mr. Clayton leaves a wife and three children.

Mrs. Clayton wife of the deceased came up on the Thursday evening train accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Tom Clayton, parents of Monroe, Miss Ruby, daughter, and Mrs. Cooksey sister, T. H. Beauchamp and wife and Jno. Chalk and wife. The remains were taken in charge by the relatives and carried to Pecos on the yesterday morning's train, where funeral services were held yesterday. Mr. Clayton was an industrious man who had left his little family to work for the Hanford Cattle Co. during the season. He was a very large man weighing about 215 pounds. It is said there were no marks on his body, so it is therefore reasonable to presume he died from concussion of the brain, received in the fall from the horse.

**Blank's Coffee**

The only complaint we ever heard of Blank's Coffee was made by a boarding-house keeper. She said Blank's Coffees were so much better than her boarders drank too much. Even then when you consider that "Faust Blend," Blank's best coffee, costs less than 1 cent per cup, it costs little more to have the best than the poorest coffee. Blank's other brands of coffee are as good proportionately as Faust Blend. We keep them.

**J. E. Laverty, Grocer.**

## Stock Shipments.

The stock shipments last week were 5,631 head and were sold by the following parties:

J. H. James	200 head
J. J. Dwyer	200 "
Mudgett	200 "
Shattuck & Hays	200 "
W. E. Flayner	200 "
Pendleton & Lusk	200 "
D. H. Lucas	200 "
Miles Stone	200 "
Wm. Jones	200 "
Neerist & Brogdon	200 "
E. L. Whiggins	200 "
Sam Smith	200 "
Joe White	200 "
Livinstone & Dunaway	200 "
Dannelly & Co.	200 "
Class Merchant Jr.	200 "
Total	5,631 "

## Grand Opening Ball.

L. W. Holt was down Wednesday and says that on Wednesday night next, May 30th, he will open the doors of his new adobe store house, for a grand ball. Carlsbad, Roswell, Pecos and intervening towns are cordially invited to attend. The best orchestral music has been secured and a great time is in waiting. Those who like a high old time, should go up and enjoy the hospitable entertainment. This will open up a new era for McMillan and those who go, will be handsomely repaid. You will be royally entertained and have the "time" of your life. No intoxicants will be allowed on the grounds and you may as well make up your mind accordingly. You are invited to have a merry good time, that's all.

Mrs. T. A. Esell left on Thursday's train for a visit of several weeks with friends in Roswell.

Albert Hendricks will leave for the mountains in a few days to spend several weeks for his health.

Tom Wright, of Boyd, Wise county, Texas, arrived Monday to accept a position with Elliott Hendricks in the store.

Ex-Station Agent J. R. Fusselman was checked out last Sunday and leaves with his family this morning for Colorado Springs, Colo. He disposed of his residence property to A. J. Crawford, the heavy sheep owner.

Murray & Holt have furnished houses for rent.

Jack Larken has been in this county from Pecos for the past month or more building a cistern and chimney for St. Ursary on Black river. Mr. Larkin returned to Pecos Tuesday of this week. Mr. Larkin is a first-class mason and will do anything in his line reasonable. Mr. Ursary now has one of the best houses in the county.

## Fire Department Re-Organized.

At a mass meeting held after the carnival meeting Monday evening, the following names were enrolled for a starter for the fire department:

Theo. Kerr, Will Reed, Geo. H. Woodall, Jake and Phil Kirchner, Jean Little, Sam Akin, George Lucas, R. Ohnemus, Wm. H. Mullane, Anne Stewart, W. G. Woerner, J. B. Harvey, Ed Orr, A. S. Goetz, Joe Cameron, E. S. Gutman, John Swanson, J. L. Emerson, E. P. McIntosh, Jake Robertson and Chas. Lewis.

R. Ohnemus was elected chief; Ed Orr, assistant chief; W. G. Woerner, treasurer; J. B. Harvey, secretary. Theo. Kerr, foreman Hose Co. No. 1; Geo. D. Lucas, foreman Hose Co. No. 2, with Phil Kirchner as foreman of the chemical engine. A finance committee composed of Geo. Woodall, Wm. H. Mullane and E. S. Gutman was elected.

## When you want anything in the line of

**Groceries**

Drop in and get prices.

**FRESH**

**Fruits and Vegetables**

**Cadies Cigars Tobacco**

**Fresh Bread.**

**Cold Drinks.**

Yours for business

**H. W. Hess**

## Crozier & Bobo,

**REAL ESTATE AGENT**

Taxes Paid  
Houses for Rent and Sale  
Farms and Ranch Property for Sale

Not connected with any corporation  
Polite collectors only employed.

## Business or Cottage Rooms.

**ELEGANT PLAIN NAKED**

Rooms, the finest in Carlsbad, either furnished or unfurnished. Rooms to please at prices in accord with the times. Enquire at

**Current Office.**

## Ice Cream Supper.

The ladies of St. Edward's Catholic church will give an ice cream supper Friday evening next, June 1, on the court house lawn. Ice cream and cake will be served at 20 cents. Fine music will be in attendance. Let all turn out. The proceeds will be used for furnishing the pastor's residence.

Special sermon to young men and women on "Sowing and Reaping" by Pastor Powell 7:30 Sunday evening.

Murray & Holt carry a complete line of furniture and house furnishing goods at low prices. Give them a call.

While running cattle south of town last week, Thursday, about noon, S. B. Smith's horse stumbled and fell, almost killing Sam. He was brought in and received medical aid but was insensible for over an hour. Sam says his senses have not quite returned yet. His face was one big sore from the effect of plowing the hard prairie soil with his nose. Taken altogether Sam was almost unrecognizable.

Mr. J. M. Hess well known all over Eddy county tells how he came to move out of the Guadalupe and settle at Otis on a little farm. He says he was passing Mr. Wright's place one day last summer and being very thirsty he stopped for a drink. Seeing a barrel of water at the corner of the house he dipped his bill in, whiskers and all, and commenced to imbibe of the fluid that quenches a burning thirst he generally has after some trips to town. While drinking an elderly lady stepped out from the house and commenced to berate him for spoiling her drinking water by bathing his whiskers while drinking. He says he raised up with water dripping from his heavy beard and tried to apologize, saying: "Please excuse me madam, I am not so much to blame, I lived at Seven Rivers so long before moving to the Guadalupe that I do not know any better. I am a poor unlearned old man and deserve sympathy. But the lady was not to be appeased that way and Mr. Wright coming along said his wife wanted to sell out, so Mr. Hess being a very kind hearted man concluded to purchase the home in order to appease the wrath of the lady, not being able to sell this Pecos Valley soil he says he moved down on the farm just because he did not know how else to use the land.



