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Carlsbad Current, 06-09-1900

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CARLSBAD CURRENT.

VOL. VIII.

CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO, SATURDAY, JUNE 9, 1900.

NO. 31.

CARLSBAD SALOON

BARFIELD & CANTRELL, Proprietors.

WINES,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS,
CASE GOODS.

Territorial.

H. A. Sumner, chief engineer for the El Paso and Northeastern, with a corps of assistants is now in the northeastern part of Lincoln county looking out a line for the extension to Liberal Kansas. There is but little doubt but that the Northeastern will extend to a Kansas City connection this fall, via White Oaks and Liberal. Mr. Sumner and his party will view the who's line to Liberal and will return in about two months. The Northeastern people have plenty of money to build the line without borrowing a cent out side of the present stockholders and if they decide to build the extension it will go through with a rush.—Capitan Miner.

The coal oil law was good enough. Under its provisions the inspector received a fair salary, but under the manipulations of those pap-suckers, the major part of the proceeds of the law were diverted from the school treasuries into the pockets of these officials. However, the old law is not in effect now though there are yet moneys to be made good under it. It is the new law with which we have to do now. The operation of this law is an expensive procedure to the taxpayers of the territory. An inferior quality of coal oil is being palmed off on our people at an exorbitant price. Coal oil in places bordering on New Mexico is sold at fourteen cents a gallon, while here consumers are required to pay double that price for a quality of oil that actually froze in barrels in this city during such a mild winter as has prevailed in these parts. The revenue derived under the workings of the law by the inspector who does not inspect is simply an outrage perpetrated upon the people of this territory, by a republican legislature. Take the instance of Las Vegas alone, the coal oil inspector's home. During the winter months, the continental oil wagon here delivered 300 gallons of so-called oil a day. This means \$300 a day in the pocket of Coal Oil Jim Clark, of Tenn. so famous, and this is only one place among dozens in New Mexico where such is the case, not counting the hundreds of small towns villages and hamlets in New Mexico where coal oil is used exclusively, there being neither gas nor electric light plants.—Las Vegas Optic.

A Life and Death Fight.
Mr. W. A. Hines of Manchester, Ia., writing of his almost miraculous escape from death says: "Exposure after measles induced serious lung trouble, which ended in consumption. I had frequent hemorrhages and coughed night and day. All my doctors said I must soon die. Then I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery which wholly cured me. Hundreds have used it on my advice and all say it never fails to cure Throat, Chest and Lung troubles." Regular size 50c and \$1. Trial bottles free at all Drug Stores.

A Banner Republican County.
Valencia county is pointed to with pride by the republican leaders of New Mexico as the "banner republican county of the territory." At the last general election, two years ago, Valencia county gave Ferguson, Democrat for congress, 48 votes, and Perea, republican a majority of about 1,000. Valencia county is the home of Solomon Luna, the republican national committeeman for New Mexico, and the county is often referred to as the "Kingdom of Solomon." Valencia county being the banner republican county of the territory and the home of that great republican statesman, Sol. Luna, we presume it is but fair to the party to take it as a sample of morals and intelligence, gauged by the standard of the republican leaders, as they would have it. Here are a few facts about the banner republican county of Valencia, the republican Mecca and the home of "King Solomon." Valencia county has the great-

est per cent of illiteracy of any county in New Mexico. It pays but 16 per cent of its tax levy, the Santa Fe railroad company paying most of this amount. Its county records are kept in Spanish, and its very few public schools are taught in the Spanish language. Americans have been fined in Valencia county and the fines collected for not attending a republican party caucus to send delegates to a republican county convention, and when they sought redress in the courts of the county the grand jury refused to act upon the case. A justice of the peace up there performed his own marriage ceremony, marrying himself to a Valencia county maiden. An American was assassinated at the town of Manzana for publishing a newspaper in the English language and his assassins were never punished. Not a single newspaper is published in the county. Only the other day a father was caught in the act of seducing his own married daughter; the husband of the woman shot his father-in-law and seducer of his wife, the wise men of the town without any process of law, ordered the avenger to be shot and the order was immediately carried out. We might go on and state a host of other such facts about the "banner republican county of the territory," but the above is sufficient to condemn any party who would tolerate such barbaric acts in an enlightened country such as these United States. In Taos county republicans ease their sinful conscience by pricking themselves with cactus thorns, carrying a heavy wooden cross until they are exhausted or running a gauntlet of "cat o' nine tails," they are commonly called penitents.—Capitan Miner.

A Monster Devil Fish.

Destroying its victim, is a type of consumption. The power of this malady is felt on organs, nerves, muscles and brain. But Dr. King's New Life Pills are a safe and certain cure. Beat in the world for Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and bowels. Only 25 cents, at all Drug stores.

Pecos Stock News.

Four cars were loaded with wool from Barstow yesterday for shipment to Carlsbad where it is to be secured before shipment east.

Joe Graham and Syd Kyle passed through Thursday with fifteen cars of cattle loaded at Guadalupe, sold by them some time ago to Odessa parties to whom they were in shipment for delivery at that point.

Coalson, Leatherman and Tatum came in from Toyah yesterday with 700 head of cattle which were shipped today to Oklahoma.

H. P. Altman and John Temple are working the country north of the Texas & Pacific road for horses, preparatory to moving to New Mexico.

Cattle owners in Pecos county are circulating a petition to the state livestock sanitary board protesting against the abandonment of the special quarantine regulation in regard to that county. It is claimed that the placing of the entire county south of the quarantine line would work a great hardship on the cattle growers. A large part of the country, it is asserted, is entirely free of ticks and the petitioners pray for the continuance of the former special regulation, making exemptions in regard to operation of the quarantine rules in the county.

Glorious News.

Comes from Dr. D. B. Cargile, of Wash., I. T. He writes: "Electric Bitters has cured Mrs. Brower of scrofula, which had caused her great suffering for years. Terrible sores would break out on her head and face, and the best doctors could give no help; but now her health is excellent." Electric Bitters is the best blood purifier known. It's the supreme remedy for eczema, tetter, salt rheum, ulcers, boils and running sores. It stimulates liver, kidneys and bowels, expels poisons, helps digestion, builds up the strength. Only 50c. Sold by all Druggists. Guaranteed.

Shipping Mexican Cattle.

The railroads running out of El Paso principally the T. & P. and the Santa Fe, have handled a considerable number of Mexican cattle during the past two or three weeks.

Friday twenty-six car loads for A. B. Urnston were brought over by the Sierra Madre line for shipment to Colorado and south Dakota. Yesterday the same road brought over 700 head for Mr. Urnston to be shipped north.

Major Towers of Colorado received 1300 head of cattle over the Mexican Central which were inspected and admitted by Dr. Thomas A. Bray yesterday afternoon and will be shipped to Colorado today.

The cattle are coming swift enough to keep Dr. Bray, the government live stock inspector, on the run.—El Paso Times.

A sallow, jaundiced skin is a symptom of disordered liver, as it springs from biliary poisons retained in the blood, which destroy energy, cheerfulness, strength, vigor, happiness and life. Herbine will restore the natural functions of the liver. Price 50c. For sale at Eddy Drug Co.

Reports from Manila state that some of the non-Catholic missionaries who went to the Philippines have fallen victims to the dangerous fever so common on the islands, and are now being tenderly nursed by the self same sisters whom they were engaged in visiting.

C. H. Halbert, the junior member of the sheep growing firm of Halbert Bros., brought 57,000 pounds of wool from Lake Arthur last week and sold it to W. R. Clements & Co. at 14 cents. It was a six months clip and the fleeces averaged 6 1/2 pounds. Halbert Bros. have 4500 head of sheep, including 2185 ewes, from which they get 2050 lambs this season.

J. P. White, manager of the Little-

Opposed For Cause.

The decision of the caucus of the democratic members of congress to oppose the constitutional amendment which assumes to give congress power to regulate trusts will meet the approval of the people. The movement for the adoption of such a constitutional amendment should be opposed for a number of reasons:

1. The constitutional amendment is not proposed in sincerity. Its purpose is to tide the question over the presidential campaign and to make trusts unavailable as an issue.
2. The United States and the individual states now have the power to regulate trusts.
3. The amendment would deprive the individual states of the power, which many of them have exercised successfully, of regulating trusts.
4. The most effective way of regulating the vast majority of trusts is by removing the republican tariff protection to which they owe their existence.—St. Louis Republic.

Aside from the serious inconvenience and pain caused by piles, there is a tendency to fistula and cancer in the rectal regions. Piles should not be allowed to run on unchecked. Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment is an infallible remedy. Price, 50c. a bottle, tubes 75c. For sale at Eddy Drug Co.

Mora Mexico is building a new church on the old fashioned plan. One day in the week the working men of the city turn out and work with a will on the church building which is steadily nearing completion. One of the architects of the state who lately visited the building, says it is one of the finest now being built in Mexico. All of the work, from the architect to laboring men, is done without wages by the good people of that place.

If the predisposition to worms in children is not cured they may become emaciated, weakly and in danger of convulsions. White's Cream Vermifuge is the most successful and popular remedy. Price 25c. For sale at Eddy Drug Co.

People in good health may seek relief from care in amusements, in books, in the society of entertaining companions; but at the hour of death there is no evading the reproaches of a slighted conscience. Man may live in a crowd but he must die alone. Happy the man who at that last hour of his earthly pilgrimage feels that the painful separation from friends and family is but a prelude to a happy reunion with them in heaven.

For relief and comfort in Asthma Ballard's Household Syrup has no equal. Price 25c and 50c. For sale by Eddy Drug Co.

High Prices for Cattle.

The high prices for steakers and feeders today is warranted. The world is consuming more meat today than ever it has. Last year nearly every hoof of the cattle of commerce was sent to market, leaving in the majority of cases only calves. These have been coming north this spring by the thousands and it will be two or three years before these will be large enough to go into the feed lots. Just now the man who has a herd of young yearlings or 2s—and he is hard to find—is keeping that stock on grass for the fall market, for the corn belt man to take hold of for winter feeding. A calculation was made the other day by a couple of Denver stockmen on the number of cattle in one of the best range sections in Colorado that were available as feeders—2 year old steers. The total number in that section was brought to 16,000 head and there was not more than 200 in the entire lot. This is a condition all over the west.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY NEWS AND THE CURRENT

At a Very Low Price
The Semi-Weekly News (a division of Dallas) is published Tuesdays and Fridays. Each issue consists of eight pages. There are special departments for the farmers, the ladies and the boys and girls, besides a world of general news matter, illustrated articles, etc. We offer The Semi-Weekly News and the Current for 12 months for the low clubbing price of \$2.75 cash. This gives you three papers a week or the papers a year for a ridiculously low price. Hand in your subscription at once.

W. A. KERR
DEALER IN
General Merchandise
and
FANCY GROCERIES
A SPECIALTY.

We are Not the Only People That
Keep First-Class Goods
But We Keep What the
People Want!
Rose Valley, Canadian Club, Mt. Vernon and
many other brands of first class liquors
AT THE
Central Saloon.
KEMP & WOERNER, Proprietors.

**REAL ESTATE AND
INSURANCE.**
We have a large list of choice ranch, farm
and town property.
McLenathen & Tracy.
Carlsbad, New Mexico.

Rooms for Rent
Best rooms in town, at the
lowest prices, either fur-
nished or unfurnished.
Enquire at Current Office.

Program
Fiddler's Carnival
and
Musical Jubilee
At Carlsbad, N. M., Night of July 3, 1900
Executive committee: W. C. Griffin, W. G. Woerner, W. L. Bobb.
Master of Ceremonies: C. C. Emerson.
Address of Welcome: Judge W. W. Dwyer.
Judges of the Contest: The following are
urgently requested to act in this capacity:
Mayor Kerr, Messrs. Woerner, Whitcher,
Kell, Smith and Orr, composing the city
council. Associates Messrs. Bobb, Goetz,
Cameron, Kemp and J. W. Barfield. Mes-
sieurs Kerr, Goetz, Gerhart, Woerner, Dr.
Smith and Misses Jennie James, Edna Bar-
ber, Florence Hutchins, Berta Lavery.
PART FIRST.
All the fiddlers will play Dixie in concert
and conclude with Yankee Doodle, both
played in "D." Contest on Piano Accompaniment. Each
contestant playing any three of the follow-
ing "Hymns" to-wit: Arkansas Traveler,
Jingle on the Railroad, Forked Bar, (Pork-
ed) Dear! Possum up the Gum Stump, Sal-
lie Johnson, Scolding Wife, Grey Eagle,
Black Eyed Susan, On a Log, George
Baker, Good-bye My Little Darling, Mat-
ches Under the Hill, Chuck in the Bush,
Natches on the Hill, Water Mill on Smiling
on the Vine, Mocking Bird, Hot Time,
Twinkle Little Star, Just as the Sun Went
Down, Bonapart's Retreat, Georgia Camp
Meeting, etc. Performers may substitute
other "Hymns" as they may elect. Cornet
violin, mandolin, guitar, piano, and vocal
solos. Clog and buck and wing dancing
etc., interspersed. Professionals are barred
from the contest, but are cordially invited
to contribute to the interludes, solos etc.
All old and young cowboy riders are
invited and will be royally entertained.
PRIZES.
To best player a 50 gold watch.
Second best a 25 gold watch.
Third best a 10 gold watch.
Fourth best a 10 gold horse shoe coat pin.
Fifth best a 10 pair of cuff buttons.
Sixth best a 10 diamond pin.
And fifteen other nice premiums. Door
receipts go to the Eddy County Hospital fund.

septem, seven, this being the seventh
month according to the old Roman
calendar. October, November and
December also retain the names by
which they were known under the old
calendar, when there were but ten
months in the year—octo, novem and
decem meaning eight, nine and ten.
The total British loss in South
Africa is over 40,000; this is almost
as many men as the total Boer forces.
When this war first broke out Presi-
dent Kruger said the British might
win but the price England would pay
in money and in blood would stagger
humanity. This war has already cost
England nearly fifty thousand men
and over a billion of dollars in money.
The flower of the British army have
been defeated time after time, the war
has forced the empire to seek credit in
other countries, and the Boers are not
subdued yet.
If your sight is blurred with specks and
spots floating before your eyes, or you
have pains on the right side under the ribs
then your liver is deranged, and you need a
few doses of Herbine to regulate it. Price
50c. For sale by Eddy Drug Co.

Feed and Livery Corral
in connection. Accommoda-
tion and satisfaction, guaran-
teed.

MEET AT MEMPHIS

The Tennessee City Secures Confederate Veterans in 1901.

NOT TIME OWING TO MATTER

If Adopting a Message From Gen. Sickles, During Which a Number of Lively Speeches Were Made.

Louisville, Ky., June 2.—The tenth annual reunion of the United Confederate Veterans adjourned since die at 1 o'clock last night. The meeting of 1901 will be held in Memphis.

A resolution had been incorporated in the report, which had been presented by W. H. Burgyn of North Carolina to the effect that the convention of Confederate Veterans recognized with appreciation the language of Gen. Daniel E. Sickles, the orator at the annual reunion of the army of the Potomac at Fredericksburg, in which he had mentioned most kindly the men of the Confederacy, and the resolution said the Confederates reciprocated the feeling shown toward them by the men of the army of the Potomac.

Gen. Gordon put the question on the adoption of the report. There was a chorus of ayes and when he called for the vote in the negative he said quickly, "The ayes have it." After he had pronounced the vote there came a few cries of "No," Gen. Gordon said:

"I did not think there would be any negative votes on such a question, but as there were some after I declared the vote I will now resubmit it."

The author of the resolution, W. H. Burgyn, took the floor to speak in behalf of the resolution and made a strong plea for the adoption. He said that he had been present at the meeting at Fredericksburg and had heard the kindly sentiments expressed by the soldiers of the north, and he desired the passage of the resolution merely as a matter of courtesy.

Col. J. H. Shepherd of Richmond, Va., secured the floor and said:

"I want no quarreling with the Yankees who defeated us. For God's sake don't accept anything from their hands. Don't accept anything from Union soldiers. Vote it down, comrades, vote it down!"

W. E. Hill of Mississippi said no Confederate soldier would vote no.

Gen. S. D. Lee also urged the adoption of the resolution. As he concluded Col. Shepherd came to the front of the platform and cried: "Vote it down! Vote it down!"

The uproar was now something tremendous, men by the dozen shouting to attract the attention of the chair, calling, "Vote," "Question," "No," "Yes" and "Gordon, Gordon." Besides all this shouting there were many who did nothing but add to the din by cheering the speech of some delegates close to them whose remarks were inaudible to all but those within a few feet of him.

Gen. Gordon finally restored order and in response to the call for his opinion, came to the front with a smile on his face and said: "I trust the time will never come, while I stand on southern ground or among the chivalrous men of the south, when I will refuse to send a kindly message to an enemy."

Then coming down to the front rail of the platform, the general raised his voice in emphatic earnestness, saying: "I know the sender of this message. On the heights of Gettysburg he stood gallantly in front of my lines and it was my bullets that sent him to the rear with a leg off. For me I am going to reciprocate the kindly message of the Northern soldiers."

Wild cheers greeted this declaration. Gen. Gordon yielded the gavel to Gen. Cabell of Texas, who made a short address in favor of the resolution. He put the question in the midst of such great confusion that his voice could scarcely be heard. It was adopted with a roar of assent.

A charming feature of the Confederate reunion at Louisville was the presence of hundreds of the southland's sweetest and prettiest young ladies, similar to the entrancing effect of roses and cape jasmynes—beauty and fragrance bewitchingly blended.

Clark Dead.

St. Louis, Mo., June 2.—S. H. H. Clark, a director of the Missouri Pacific Railroad Company, its former vice-president and general manager, first vice-president of the Texas and Pacific and the International and Great Northern, and formerly general manager of the Union Pacific, died at Asheville, N. C. Mr. Clark had been ailing for several years and since the reorganization of the Union Pacific railroad had remained in retirement.

TOPICS OF THE TWO.

Matters of the Moment in Indian and Oklahoma Territories.

Indian Territory.

A fire in the business part of Ryan destroyed several buildings.

Decoration day was generally observed in the Chickasaw nation.

Oakland has been incorporated under the laws of the Indian Territory.

Hogs in large numbers have died around Mead from an unknown malady.

R. R. Taylor of Visalia has made the first shipment of cattle this season from the Indian Territory.

Nothing further will be done about the Oakland muddle until the secretary of the interior is heard from.

Postmaster Ben Watkins, 60 years of age, a white man with a Choctaw wife, is dead at Alikchi. He was one of the most interesting personages in the land of the red man.

Oklahoma.

Monroe Wilson, colored, 100 years old, died at Tecumseh.

The Nardin Milling company, capital \$15,000, has been organized.

George Brooks accidentally shot himself through the abdomen at Cordell.

At the decoration day exercises in Guthrie scholars from the deaf and dumb asylum rendered a prayer and song.

Oklahoma farmers are greatly worried over a wheat pest, which many pronounce the Hessian fly. Great damage is feared from them.

The formal opening of the new Masonic temple at Guthrie was signified by a three days' convocation. Nearly 200 Masons from the two territories, Arkansas and Texas were present.

At Cushing, to fulfill a free home election bet, Lewis Thorn was dragged through a pond containing more mud than water by Dr. Scott and Ace Donaldson. Thorn's appearance when he made his exit can be better imagined than described. Hundreds witnessed the laughable proceeding.

FISHER SWINGS.

He suffers the Extreme Penalty of the Law on the Scaffold.

Cold Spring, Tex., June 2.—Ned Fisher was hanged here at 2:55. His neck was broken by the fall and he died immediately.

On the night of December 2, 1897, the neighbors of Henry Moody, a white man, were aroused by seeing his barn on fire. His body was burned with the house. Only a small portion of the remains was left. Ned Fisher, Henry Whigsby and John Grandison, negroes, were suspected. Fisher was captured at home, five or six miles from the scene of the murder, and Whigsby was captured at Liberty. Grandison was killed close to W. I. Williams' while resisting arrest. After Grandison was arrested, before he died, he told that he with the other two, killed Moody and robbed him and set the house on fire. There was not enough testimony developed at the next term of the court to convict either Whigsby or Fisher, so the state continued the case. Fisher was placed in jail at Houston and Whigsby kept here. Whigsby broke down and turned state's evidence on the promise that he would not be hanged, but sent to the penitentiary for life.

At the October term of court, 1899, Fisher was tried and given the death penalty. His attorneys, appointed by the court, appealed the case, but in November he broke jail, so his appeal was dismissed. He was at large for over one year, being located by Sheriff W. Y. Robeson at a wood yard six miles from Houston.

Santa Fe Excursions.

Louisville, Ky., May 27 and 28, account United Confederate Veterans' reunion.

Paris, June 11 and 12, account State Missionary Convention.

Georgetown, May 31 and June 1, account Woman Foreign Missionary Society Meeting.

Cincinnati, July 10th only, account Annual Convention B. Y. P. U. of America.

Dallas, May 28th to June 2, from Belton, Temple, Cleburne, Gainesville, Honey Grove, Paris, and all intermediate stations account of Elk's Street Fair.

For rates, limits and further information, call on nearest Santa Fe Ticket Agent, or address:

W. S. KEENAN, G. P. A., Galveston, Texas.

There seems to be a revival of interest in needlework as an art. The Ladies' Home Journal asked for photographs of sofa-pillows, and the response to the request was almost overwhelming—pictures literally pouring in.

Mr. John Morley's masterly study of Cromwell reaches a climax in the June Century in which he deals with the death of the king.

DEVOTED TO DAVIS

Eulogies on the Chief Executive of the Confederacy.

TRIBUTES TO HIS CHRISTIANITY

Judge John H. Reagan, Gen. Stephen D. Lee and Rev. Dr. Jones Bear Testimony to Lost Cause Leader.

Louisville, Ky., June 4.—The last exercises connected with the tenth annual reunion of the United Confederate Veterans occurred Sunday, when the ninety-second anniversary of the birth of Jefferson Davis was observed at Reunion hall with services in memory of Mr. Davis, Winnie Davis, the "Daughter of the Confederacy," and the Confederate dead. Although thousands of the Confederate reunion visitors had left the city, 5000 persons attended the exercises. They were largely of a religious character, but nevertheless there was applause at times from the audience. Gen. Stephen D. Lee, who presided, suggested that there be no demonstrations. The Rev. J. William Jones of Virginia, who delivered the sermon of the occasion, earnestly made the same suggestion, and a few minutes later caused not only loud applause, but one cheer by relating to a well-known incident of Spotsylvania.

Mrs. Hayes, the daughter of Jefferson Davis, and her daughter, Miss Virginia Hayes, were on the platform, but as the services were concluding had to hasten to the railway station to catch a train. After they had left Gen. Stephen D. Lee held up to the sight of the audience a battle flag bearing the same crape tie bore when it waved over the grave of Winnie Davis, who had always heretofore attended the reunions of the Confederate Veterans. A daughter of E. Kirby Smith was also on the platform.

After the singing of a hymn the opening prayer was offered by the Rev. B. H. Higley of Trappe, Md., who was chaplain of the fifty-first Virginia regiment during the civil war. The first speaker was Gen. Clement A. Evans of Georgia. He said this day "would always be observed by a liberty-loving people." Some States had made it a legal holiday, and this audience was present to-day to express the same sentiment that was expressed in these legislative enactments. He would not stir up the past.

Gen. S. D. Lee, who presided, Gen. Gordon having to leave the city, next introduced ex-United States Senator Reagan of Texas, the surviving member of the Confederate cabinet. Judge Reagan said that probably not in the world's history had the same amount of honor been shown to a man who had represented an unsuccessful cause as had been shown to Jefferson Davis.

"And homage could not be more worthily bestowed," he said, "than on this man, whose life was full of greatness, greatness and labor and love for the cause he held dear."

Judge Reagan said that Jefferson Davis was, moreover, an earnest Christian. When Mr. Davis and Judge Reagan, both prisoners, were separated at Hampton Roads, Mr. Davis told Judge Reagan to read the twenty-fifth Psalm, which had given him much consolation. Judge Reagan said that Mr. Davis, in his judgment, possessed in combination more elements of greatness than any man he had ever known.

Gen. Lee paid a tribute.

Rev. J. William Jones of Virginia, chaplain general of the United Confederate Veterans, preached the annual sermon, in which he eulogized the Confederacy's chief as a Christian. He described how Rev. Dr. Minnegerode had administered the sacrament to Mr. Davis in the casement of Fort Monroe after having waited until Mr. Davis could say that he had forgiven his enemies. "And," added Rev. Mr. Jones, "ingeniously, 'he showed more Christian spirit, I am afraid, than I could show even at this day.'"

Not Favored.

Washington, June 4.—The postmaster general was asked whether the department would take any action in regard to the project of postal clerks to raise money to secure the passage of the "classification bill" by congress. He said there was no regulation of the department forbidding clerks to contribute to such a fund, although it was the policy of the department to look with disfavor upon such attempts to influence legislation.

Texas Lady Robbed.

Chicago, Ill., June 4.—A paper here says three expert thieves on their way to the Paris exposition with an ostrich stole \$40,000 on board a steamer. There was no clew to the gems until, Commissioner Peck's ostrich, not turning up, was found by the police in the suburbs of Paris, cut open. There was still some jewelry inside. Mrs. James H. Davis of Texas missed about \$600 worth of jewelry. No clew to the thieves.

THOUGHT AGUINALDO.

It is Believed that the Filipino Chief Was Slain in Battle.

Manila, June 4.—Maj. March with his detachment of the thirty-third regiment overtook what is believed to have been Aguinaldo's party on May 19 at La Gat, about 100 miles northeast of Vigan. The Americans killed or wounded an officer, supposed to be Aguinaldo, whose body was removed by his followers.

Aguinaldo had 100 men. Maj. March 125. The American commander reached La Boagan, where Aguinaldo had made his headquarters since March 6, on May 7. Aguinaldo had fled seven hours before, leaving all the beaten trails and traveling through the forest along the beds of streams. Toward evening May 19 Maj. March struck Aguinaldo's outpost about a mile outside of La Gat, killing four Filipinos and capturing two. From the latter he learned that Aguinaldo had camped there for the night, although exhausted and half starved. Maj. March's men entered La Gat on the run. They saw the insurgents scattering into the bushes or over the plateau. A thousand yards beyond the town on the mountain side the figures of twenty-five Filipinos dressed in white, with their leader on a gray horse, were silhouetted against the sunset. The Americans fired a volley and saw the officer drop from his horse, which was richly saddled. Blood from a badly wounded man was on the animal and on the ground. The saddlebags contained Aguinaldo's diary and some private papers, including proclamations. One of these was addressed, "To the Civilized Nations." It protested against the American occupation of the Philippines.

There was also found copies of Senator Beveridge's speech, translated into Spanish and entitled "The Death Knell of the Filipino People."

Maj. March, believing that the Filipinos had taken to a river which is a tributary to the Chico, followed it for two days, reaching Tiao, where he learned that a party of Filipinos had descended the river May 26 on a raft with the body of a dead or wounded man upon a litter covered with palm leaves. There Maj. March reviewed his command, shoeless and exhausted, and picked out twenty-four of the freshest men, with whom he beat the surrounding country for six days longer, but without finding any trace of the insurgents. The Americans pushed on and arrived at Aparri May 29.

The officer shot was either Aguinaldo or his adjutant, and as the horse was richly caparisoned it is a fair presumption that it was Aguinaldo.

NEWS NUOGETS.

Items of Recent Happenings Dressed Down to Small Size.

Rafael Zaldivar, Salvador's new minister, has arrived at Washington.

During May 260 certificates were issued by the land office at Austin, Tex.

The general deficiency and emergency river and harbor bills passed the senate.

Kruger declares the British will have to keep a standing army of 100,000 men in the Transvaal.

E. M. Moore, while coupling cars on the Texas and Pacific railway at Dallas, Tex., was crushed to death.

The safe of the Bank of New Lisbon in the Ohio city of that name was dynamited and several thousand dollars taken.

While Richard Broughton, his wife and a laborer were attempting to cross a stream near Tyler, Tex., their wagon was swept away and Mrs. Broughton drowned.

By a vote of 273 to 1 the house passed an amendment to the Sherman anti-trust law. The Democrats offered an amendment exempting labor organization, which prevailed, eight Republicans opposing.

Tampa's Big Blast.

Tampa, Fla., June 4.—A disastrous fire, which will involve a loss of at least \$200,000, broke out at 11 o'clock Saturday night in the building on Franklin street occupied by the dry goods house of Cohen, Friedman & Co., in this city, and at 1 o'clock this block and the Jackson block adjoining were in ruins. The Lloyd block was occupied by Vatterli & Co., dealers in shoes, and Mason & Co., dry goods.

Cut in Prices.

Caldwell, Tex., June 4.—Frank Barnes, a young white man about 23 years old, was struck at the stockpen by a south-bound freight train and literally cut to pieces. He worked at Ricker, Lee & Co.'s camp, two miles north of here, and was on his way to town. His relatives are somewhere in Illinois.

Bonham, Tex., is to have a handsome railroad depot.

There was \$2,000,000 in cash in the Texas treasury on May 1.

OUR BUDGET OF FUN.

SOME GOOD JOKES, ORIGINAL AND SELECTED.

Just Like Her Father or the Story of a Boring Love Affair—Selling State News—Consolation in Grief—Something Wrong.

Just Like Her Father.

The wooing had progressed splendidly. It had even progressed to a point where she had been won—that is, ostensibly won. If she proved to be a truthful girl, she would in time be his wife. If she were not truthful—well, no man wants a wife who is not truthful. That's the way some men console themselves when they fail to marry.

But she seemed to be truthful, and as he drew her closer to him he whispered:

"And when we are married, dearest, we will have the happiest home in all the wide, wide world!"

"Yes, George," she replied.

"There can never be a harsh word in our home."

"No, George."

"And when I come home tired and worn out with work at the office and the worries of business you'll be kind to me?"

"Yes, George."

"I know you would. You'll soothe me and put me in better humor?"

"Yes, dearest."

"Why shouldn't you do a little of this yourself?"

"Why, darling?"

"Yes, that's all right. But to come right down to business, as papa says—why shouldn't you also be kind to me when things go wrong? I don't want to do it all, you know. You're not looking for a private nurse, are you?"

"Why, Mabel?"

"When the cook leaves unexpectedly to go to the bedside of her second cousin, you might be just a trifle considerate, you know."

"How strangely you talk, pet."

"Well, they say I'm papa's girl, you know, and I notice when any one tries to make a bargain with him he generally gets some stipulation to his own interest put in, just as a precaution."

George and Mabel have now been married exactly five years and three months, and at the moment of going to press have never had a single quarrel.—Tit-Bits.

Something Wrong.

Mr. Benny Benedict had been reading his paper in quietude for almost five minutes. Presently he looked up at his wife with an agonized expression of fear and dread.

"What's the matter with the baby?" he cried.

Mrs. Benedict jumped up like a bucking mule. "Good gracious, nothing I hope!"

"There must be. I feel inwardly that there is something grievously wrong with the pet."

"Why, Benny—oh, why?"

"He isn't howling!"—Ally Sloper.

Willing to Show 'Em.

An honest young man who had escaped a great peril by an act of heroism, was much complimented for his bravery.

One lady said: "I wish I could have seen your feat."

Whereupon he blushed and stammered, and finally pointing to his pedal extremities, said: "Well, here they be, mum."

Rudely Shattered.

"Chumleigh says his first love was his school teacher."

"Indeed?"

"Yes. But he says love's young dream was shattered the first time she took him on her lap."

"That seems funny."

"Not at all. He was face downward at the time."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

State News.

You'll be getting locked up, young un, for offering false news.

"Not much, I shant; these papers are three weeks old."—Moonshine.

Cash Depositors.

One Small Boy—My papa puts the money he don't give to mother in a coffee pot.

Other Small Boy—Mine don't; he puts it in a jackpot. I heard mother say so.—Detroit Free Press.

An Improbable Husband.

"I can't imagine a woman marrying a prize fighter."

"Too brutal?"

"It should say, Why, he would never give her a chance to talk!"—Philadelphia North American.

Wanted Stretching.

She had shown her friend over the Bijou villa, which she had just taken, and which was very much like a somewhat enlarged doll's house.

"And now, dear, what do you think of it? Isn't it sweet?"

"Yes, indeed," replied the friend; "but what are you going to do with all those little rooms?"

"Oh! I shall let them out, dear."

"Oh! that will be all right, then, for I'm sure they want it."—Ally Sloper's.

Those Artful Men.

Mrs. Naggerton—I cannot understand what the attraction of a public dinner is to you men. You can enjoy a good meal at home if you want to, or if not there are plenty of restaurants where you might go, but only the young men seem to take advantage of them.

Mr. Naggerton (absentmindedly)—At a public dinner, my dear, there are no women, don't you see—(he never finished).—Ally Sloper's.

Behind Ma's Back.

"Pa," said little Harry, "after ma hit her thumb with the hammer today she says she suffered untold agony for ten minutes."

"My, my, my!" exclaimed the boy's father. "Wonderful! never cease."

"That's the first time she ever let anything go untold that long."—Chicago Times-Herald.

Consolation.

Jennie (to her aunt, who is grieving over the loss of her pet canary)—"Well, auntie, there's one comfort, anyhow, we know he's much better off where he is."

About the Size of It.

Father—Where is your mother, Johnny?

Johnny—She's out in the back yard whitening.

Father—Are you sure she is whitening?

Johnny—Yes, sir; she's trying to sharpen a lead pencil.—Chicago News.

Mere Matter of Figures.

He entered the cheap restaurant and took a seat at one of the tables. "Will you have a 25 cent dinner or a 50 cent one, sir?" inquired the waiter.

"Is there any real difference?"

"Certainly, sir."

"What is it?"

"Twenty-five cents, sir."

He Never Sleeps.

Fuddle—You know Stocks, don't you?

Doctor—Yes, indeed. He is now a patient of mine.

Fuddle—Pretty wide-awake man, isn't he?

Doctor—I should say so. I'm treating him for insomnia.

At the Wrong Door.

"Madam, I am soliciting for home charities. We have hundreds of poor, ragged children like those at your gate, and—"

"Sir, those children are mine!" and the slamming of the door could be heard in the next street.

Disturbed by Glimpse.

"What is the honeymoon, pa?"

"Well, the honeymoon is the only period in a man's life during which he considers it funny to come home and find that his dear little wife hasn't dinner ready on time."—Detroit Free Press.

Recognized His Opportunity.

Ada (pensively)—I hope you'll invite me to the wedding when you get married.

Jack (boldly)—I'll invite you before I ask any one else, and if you don't accept there won't be any wedding."

A Woman's Question.

"I see," he remarked, as he looked up from his paper, "that the British have recovered that battery of guns."

"What was it covered with the first time, dear?" she sweetly asked.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Force of Habit.

She—Why does that piano sound first loud and then soft when Miss Wilson plays it?

He—Well, you see, she is learning to ride a bike, and uses both pedals from force of habit.

Got Even with Them.

Novelist—Those confounded critics slated my new novel most unmercifully.

Friend—Well, you have your revenge. They had to read the book.

Paraly Ornamental.

Visitor—Your smoking room is beautifully furnished.

Mr. Henpeck—Yes; if I only were allowed to smoke in it!

Illustration of a woman and a child.

The Carlsbad Current

W. E. MULLANE, Publisher.

CARLSBAD, - - - - - N. M.

EVENTS OF EVERYWHERE.

Pers wants a representative at Washington.

An alleged military scandal has been unearthed in Serbia.

The United States supreme court has adjourned until October.

A fresh outbreak of bubonic plague is reported at Alexandria, Egypt.

In Bombay, India, there were sixty-seven cholera deaths in seven days.

The failure of Seymour, Johnson & Co., brokers of New York, is announced.

The United States cruiser Albany was commissioned at Newcastle-on-Tyne, England.

Marquis de Gallifet, French minister of war, has resigned. Gen. Andre is his successor.

M. Emile Zola, the author, vigorously protests against the proposed amnesty bill of France.

While watching at Denver, Colo., the eclipse, Prof. Howe rediscovered the planet Eros, lost two years ago.

Marconi, the inventor of wireless telegraphy, is coming to this country in the interest of his invention.

Fourteen young Puerto Ricans have come to the United States to study for the Roman Catholic priesthood.

Owing to his feeble condition, Gen. Wade Hampton could not attend the Confederate reunion at Louisville, Ky.

Fire broke out in the shaft of the Hecla mine, near Houghton, Mich., and one man of a party of twelve lost his life.

The Colorado state board of health has decided to quarantine against the entrance of Chinese and Japanese into that state.

The senate committee on privileges and elections reported adversely a resolution providing for the election of United States senators by the people.

A cablegram received from India by the India famine association describes dire scenes. Crops are rained by cholera and the fugitives spread the disease.

Hernandez, a native Hondurean, was at Guatemala convicted of the murder of Imboden and the wounding of Golden, two Virginians, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment.

Senator Tillman has recovered an old state document, missing thirty years, proving South Carolina's revolutionary, Mexican and 1812 war claims for \$500,000.

Russia has abolished the distinction that has heretofore existed between Russian and Finnish postage stamps. Finnish postoffices are now provided with Russian stamps only.

On Decoration day the crew of the United States coast steamer Blake decorated at St. Thomas, Danish West Indies, the grave of Rhodes of the Dixie, who died there in February last.

"Skin the Goat" Fitzharris and Joseph Mullet, recently released from life sentence in a British prison for complicity in the Phoenix park murders at Dublin, have arrived at New York.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers decides that when a member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen wishes to join the engineers he must retire from the brotherhood of firemen.

For the first time on record the czar invited the members of the British embassy to dinner on the occasion of the queen's birthday. The innovation is regarded as of great political significance.

A portion of the embankment of the Sabermuttee river, India, on which Ahmedabad is situated, caved in while many men, women and children were washing clothing in the river. Thirty lives were lost.

The Arkansas State Bar association met in annual session at Fort Smith with about 150 members in attendance. The sessions were held in the United States court room, which had been elaborately decorated for the event.

Miss Katherine Stauffer Clark, the daughter of Senator William A. Clark of Montana, was married to Lewis Rutherford Morris at St. Thomas church, New York. Several thousand invitations were issued for the ceremony and the church was crowded.

After an exciting contest lasting many months the advocates of the Grout bill placing an almost prohibitive tax on oleomargarine and like imitation butters, succeeded in having that measure favorably reported upon by a vote of 10 to 7.

The commissioner of internal revenue has ruled that bank checks issued by clerks of the United States and state courts in their official capacity and by authority of the court are exempt from taxation.

PRETORIA GIVES UP

And Roberts and His Legions Are in Possession.

GREAT REJOICING IN BRITAIN.

London's Populace Parade the Streets and Wildly Cheer Every Mention of "Boer" and His Men.

London, June 6.—The war office has received the following from Lord Roberts:

"Pretoria, June 5, 12:55 p. m.—Just before dark yesterday the enemy were beaten back from nearly all the positions they had been holding and Ian Hamilton's mounted infantry followed them to within 200 yards of Pretoria, though they retreated hastily.

"DeLille then sent an officer with a flag of truce into the town demanding its surrender in my name. Shortly before midnight I was awakened by two officials of the South African republic, Sandberg, military secretary to Commandant Gen. Botha, and a general officer of the Boer army, who brought me a letter from Botha, proposing an armistice for the purpose of settling the terms of surrender.

"I replied that I would gladly meet the commandant general the next morning, but that I was not prepared to discuss any terms, as the surrender of the town must be unconditional. I asked for a reply by daylight, as I had ordered the troops to march on the town as soon as it was light.

"In his reply Botha told me he had decided not to defend Pretoria and that he trusted women, children and property would be protected. At 1 o'clock a. m. today, while on the line of march, I was met by three of the principal officers with the flag of truce, stating their wish to surrender the town.

"It was arranged that Pretoria should be taken possession of by her majesty's troops at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

"Mrs. Botha and Mrs. Kruger are both in Pretoria. Some few of the British prisoners have been taken away, but the majority are still at Watervaal. Over 100 of the officers are in Pretoria. The few I have seen are looking well."

Queen Victoria, surrounded by the Duke and Duchess of York, Princess Christian, Princess Victoria and many other relatives of her court, drank to the health of Lord Roberts and the army at Balmoral Tuesday evening. A great bonfire, lighted at her majesty's command, blazed on Craigmoun mountain, illuminating the country for miles around. The nation joins in the toast, glorifying Lord Roberts and turbulently rejoicing in his victory.

The dispatches of Lord Roberts, telling of the incidents before the surrendering of the capital by three civilians, stand alone, as the correspondents with him have not had their turn with the wires.

Operations elsewhere seem to have dwindled to nothing. Gen. Baden-Powell joined Gen. Hunter on Sunday at Lychnburg.

Sir Redvers Buller has not moved. Bennett Burleigh, wiring from Johannesburg, says that President Kruger took £2,000,000 in cash to Midleburg.

Hill Heads the Delegation.

New York, June 6.—The Democratic state convention elected three delegates at large to the national Democratic convention: D. B. Hill, Richard Croker, Edward Murphy and Augustus Van Wyck.

Electors at large—Fredk. Cook of Rochester, Robert Titus of Buffalo.

The platform adopted contains no reaffirmation of the Chicago platform of 1896, but a declaration that the party in the state will support the platform of the Kansas City convention. Bryan was instructed for.

Turbulent Time.

Washington, June 6.—A tornado of partisan debate swept over the senate Tuesday with Senators Hanna of Ohio, Pettigrew of South Dakota and Carter of Montana, the chief figures. For sensational criminalities and recriminations, for bitter personalities and for poignant invective the debate exceeded any heard on the floor of the chamber for many years. The lie was not passed directly, but the truthfulness of statements was challenged very sharply.

One Dead, Other Wounded.

Paris, Tex., June 6.—Jim Griffith, a respectable colored farmer who lived a mile east of Grant, I. T., was killed at his home Sunday evening in a difficulty. He had had words with a young negro who had paid attentions to his daughter, and he had warned him to stop. After receiving his death wound he raised himself up on a bed and fired at his assailant, which he sank and expired. The other man badly shot.

TERRIBLY TORTURED.

But Persistently Maintained that He Was an Innocent Man.

Mobile, Ala., June 5.—A special gives an account of the actions of the mob of thirty men from Handsboro, Miss., who came to Mississippi City Monday night and took from the jail the negro Askew, who was under arrest suspected of the murder of Christine Winterstein near Biloxi Saturday afternoon. There was no guard about the jail and the mob arriving at 11:30 o'clock by boat easily got possession of the prisoner. They took him to the scene of the crime and from 1 until 5 o'clock Tuesday morning put him through a horrible ordeal to make him confess to the crime of which he has constantly declared his innocence. He was admonished to tell the truth under the direct threats, but said he was not guilty.

He was then tied and lashed with a whip laid on as hard as strong men could wield it. He yelled with pain, but did not change his statement. There was a rope put around his neck and he was hoisted into the air over and over again, being taken down just before he lost consciousness each time. He begged piteously for his life and for a cessation of the torture.

He was told that if he would confess he would meet with a merciful death, but that he had best confess, as there was worse to follow. He said he could not confess. He was innocent.

Then fire was brought into service. A hot blaze of brushwood was made and the negro was stripped of his clothes and exposed to its heat.

He yelling could be heard for a mile through the woods and he was very severely blistered, but held to his innocence.

About this time one of the mob lost heart in the proceedings and interfered. Pistols were drawn and trouble would have occurred between the men had the father of the murdered child not spoken up, saying that the mother of the child ought to be permitted to see the man who had done her so great a wrong. This served as an excuse for relaxing the torture and the man, half dead with suffering and fright, was hurried back to the jail, where medical attention was given him.

It is said that the negro was in the neighborhood when the crime was committed and also that his shoe fits the track left in the moist soil by the man who committed the crime. Two other men who were in the vicinity, one a white man, both being woodchoppers, have been taken into custody.

GREAT REJOICING.

The Fall of Boer Capital Causes Londoners to Make Merry.

London, June 6.—England celebrated Tuesday night the fall of Pretoria very much as she did the relief of Mafeking. Drunkenness has been a trifle less than when Baden-Powell was the hero of the moment, but in London and in other large towns the scenes Tuesday evening were a practical repetition of those which marked the other victories, and long after midnight uproarious yelling, the tooting of horns and discordant chants ascended from the streets usually at such an hour as silent as the grave. During the evening processions marched along the Strand, Piccadilly and the other leading thoroughfares. In fact, so great was the crush that the easiest method of locomotion was to join one of the processions, for whose very strident choruses and waving flags all traffic was stopped. Coaches and cabs were freely chartered in honor of the joyful occasion, and these were soon so packed with invited and uninvited guests that they assumed the aspect of living pyramids of bacchanals. Babies in arms, white-haired women, girls of the street, clubmen in evening dress, the Whitechapel costermongers, intermingled along the thoroughfares, bent upon celebrating the victory. Celebrations were held all over the kingdom.

Alarmist.

Fort Smith, Ark., June 6.—The United Mine Workers' convention adjourned Tuesday, after an eight days' session. The joint committee miners and operators, which met Tuesday morning to further consider the question of the scale, finished their labors and adjourned subject to the call of the chairman of the committee. An agreement was reached on most all of the debated questions of the scale, which is to go into effect Sept. 1.

Kempff Cables.

Washington, June 6.—The secretary of the navy has received the following cable from Admiral Kempff, commanding the United States steamship Newark, lying at the Taku forts, at the mouth of the Pei Ho river, dated Taku, June 5: "Engagement has commenced. Have landed force of fifty seamen more—battalion of marines. KEMPF." The cipher message is not clear.

FATAL FAMILY FEUD

Two Brothers Killed and a Third Severely Wounded.

THE VICTIMS NAMED ROBERTS

And One of Them Was Sheriff of County. San Augustine the Scene of the Sensational Affair.

Nacogdoches, Tex., June 5.—A reign of terror exists in the old redland town of San Augustine, thirty-five miles east of here, and its influence extends to this town and other points, due to a succession of tragedies arising from a feud which runs back several years between two factions, the Walls on one side and the Borders and the Brooks on the other, all prominent pioneer people, with numerous friends, relatives and backers there and in other localities.

Buck Wall, the head of a family of several sons and daughters, is a man of noted personal courage and also of political perversity. He was a Union man at the time of the civil war, in which he refused to participate. His sons were of similar character, being Populists, but having strong Democratic friends and kindred, notably the Roberts and Tucker families.

On the opposing side is Curg Borders, a young man who has had differences with the Walls for several years. He is a cripple from a wound in the leg. He is a relative of the Brooks family, and on one occasion was arrested and imprisoned by Sheriff George Wall. He offered bail, but it was refused by the sheriff. He took this as an injustice, and in a difficulty afterward shot Sheriff Wall dead on the street. A few weeks ago he gave bond and went away.

Last Saturday Eugene Wall, the youngest of the four surviving brothers, about 24 years of age, shot Ben Brooks dead, firing five rapid shots, four of which took effect. Brooks was armed, but did not draw his gun, probably because the first shot disabled him. There was no immediate quarrel, but there had been some altercations before.

Brooks' wife's father, Dr. Allen, living at Rich Hill Mo., had just arrived to take her and her two babies home with him on a visit.

Two brothers, one a candidate for district judge, and the other a real estate man, and one sister of Brooks reside at Beaumont. They were wired and at once came to the scene of action, accompanied by Borders, arriving there Monday morning at about 7 o'clock.

At 9 o'clock Monday morning a more deplorable tragedy occurred, and was at once telegraphed here. There are many relatives and friends of both factions here. This town at once went wild. John and L. M. Brooks and C. Borders had met Sheriff Noel Roberts, who was the deputy and a nephew of the late Sheriff Wall, and Felix G. Roberts and Sid Roberts, the brothers of the sheriff, and a battle occurred. Felix and Sid Roberts were killed on the spot and Sheriff Roberts wounded in the chin, in the arm and in the hand. Reports as to who were the participants are indefinite. Many shots were fired. The Borders side got no wounds.

Jailed Four.

Chicago, Ill., June 6.—Government officials invaded the Metropolitan Medical College, an alleged "diploma mill," and arrested the officers, President James Armstrong, Vice-President J. H. Randall, Secretary Thomas Armstrong and former Secretary Charles M. Hovey. They are charged with having used the mails to defraud, and it is said their receipts amount to many thousands of dollars. Failing to give bonds, all four went to jail.

Bull and Bullfight.

Paris, June 5.—A bull fight Monday in the arena at Duell, a suburb of Paris, which was attended by 10,000 Parisians, was preceded by an exciting incident. As the Spanish bull fighters were passing in a carriage near a group of persons protesting against the sport, a young man who stood in the front rank drew a revolver and fired two shots. Felix Robert, a torador, ducked his head and the bullets slightly wounded a Spaniard called El Chato in the arm.

Oils Lands.

San Francisco, Cal., June 5.—After four days in quarantine at Angel island, Gen. E. S. Otis, who arrived last Wednesday from Manila, was allowed to land Monday. Several cases of smallpox on board the transport Meade were the cause of the quarantine, and Gen. Otis and all on board had to submit to vaccination. The general declined to discuss the Filipino situation, but asserted the war was nearing an end.

HELD UP TRAIN.

Not the Bandits Bad and Bold Were Left the Luck to Hold.

Jacksonville, Tex., June 5.—Sunday night at 10 o'clock, six miles south of this place, No. 4, north-bound International and Great Northern passenger train was held up by four masked men and an attempt made to rob the express car. The robbers stopped the train by placing a lantern on a pile of cross ties, which they had stacked up across the track. As the engineer came down from his engine to find the reason for the obstruction he was covered by two heavily armed masked men, who commanded him to uncouple the baggage, mail and express cars from the passenger coaches, which was immediately done. Then the robbers forced the engineer to pull the remaining part of his train to a deep cut, some 600 yards distance, leaving the passengers unmolested in the coaches. On reaching the desired place, the train was stopped, the engineer taken off the engine and guarded by one of the robbers, while another took the fireman and made him break a hole in the floor of the express car, which the messenger had refused to open.

The fireman was then compelled to go in the express car through the entrance he had made, with the instruction to open the door. During this time the engineer had succeeded in escaping from the robber who was guarding him, and running on the opposite side of the train, he jumped on his engine, opened the throttle and ran to this station at the rate of sixty miles per hour, with the fireman locked up with the messenger in the express car. Soon after reaching this place the engine returned to the scene of the hold-up, finding that the robbers had escaped and the unmolested passengers scared out of their wits.

Terrible Deed.

St. Jo, Tex., June 5.—Friday at 1 o'clock C. H. Pettit, who lived formerly at Collinsburg, Grayson county, shot and killed his wife with a 38-caliber Winchester, two and a half miles north of this place. Pettit and his wife and baby were being hauled to this place by O. B. Martin, a farmer, living on Post Oak prairie. Pettit requested Martin to stop the team, as he desired to take a saddle off his horse which was being led behind, and place it in the wagon. Martin pulled up and as he did so Pettit seized his Winchester, aimed it at his wife, upon whose bosom was their child, and fired. The ball entered above the left nipple, taking effect at once. The Winchester was jerked from Pettit's hand and he was told to get out of the wagon. Pettit jumped from the wagon and ran into a thicket a short distance away. Martin drove up to a farmhouse a hundred yards up the road for assistance, and while there Pettit returned. He had hacked at his throat with his pocketknife, and it was gaping. The knife entered both windpipe and esophagus. He was taken hold of and tied securely.

Deputy Sheriff Mack Clouts went to the scene and brought Pettit and the baby to town. An autopsy and inquest were held. Pettit is in a critical state. Martin, the driver, says before the shooting nothing but the kindest words passed between Pettit and the deceased.

Houston, Tex., contractors seek to enjoin the trades' assembly of that city.

Depredations Continue.

London, June 5.—According to a special dispatch from Shanghai, the Consack were dispatched to the rescue of the Belgians after a stormy interview between the Belgian minister, Baron de Vinck de Deux Orp, and the members of the tsung li yamen. The dispatch also says: "Over forty miles of bridges and stations on the Lu Han railway have been destroyed, and it will take months to repair the damage. The government acts slowly."

Deadly Duel.

Houston, Tex., June 5.—A Mexican was killed on the Norworthy prairie near Deepwater. A bullet entered the Mexican's lower breast, one went through his neck and another in the face, near the nose. The Mexican was behind a stump and the white man behind a tree. The white man had a Winchester and the Mexican a large six-shooter. The stump was full of bullet holes and the hat of the Mexican had several through it.

Rather Startling.

Havana, June 5.—Acting Director of Posts Bristow inquired as to the amount of postal funds taken by C. F. W. Neely in May, 1899, and ascertaining that it was \$21,312. It is alleged he merely divided the amounts receiving, taking one-half for himself and accounting for the other. The examination of Rastus G. Rathbone, former director of posts, was continued. It lasted more than four hours, and was startling in some respects.

When a man is making his second trip up the ladder of success he sees many ways how his first trip might have been made easier and safer, but the same conditions do not seem to apply to his present ascent.

The fact that the world fails to improve more rapidly than it does is a matter of continual surprise in view of the "encouraging reports" always received by societies designed for the mental and moral improvement of mankind.

To keep out of trouble one must be as wise as a serpent and as harmless as a dove.

Electricity in Capesies.

Is made from cheap chemicals, and when added to a certain quantity of water will furnish electricity enough to light a house or drive an automobile. But this is nothing compared to the strengthening power contained in a bottle of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It cures indigestion, dyspepsia, biliousness, liver and kidney troubles.

It is a wise person who knows when to ask questions.

Better Blood Better Health

If you don't feel well today you can be made to feel better by making your blood better. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the great pure blood maker. That is how it cures that tired feeling, pimples, sores, salt rheum, scrofula and catarrhs. Get a bottle of this great medicine and begin taking it at once and see how quickly it will bring your blood up to the Good Health point. Hood's Sarsaparilla Is America's Greatest Blood Medicine.

H. & T. C. R. B. Special Rates.

North Manchester, Ind., Annual Meeting German Baptists (Dunkards). All agents will sell round trip tickets to North Manchester on May 28 and 29, limited to June 11, 1900. Call on agents for rates.

Austin, Tex., Commencement Exercises State University. All agents will sell for this occasion on June 16th and 17, limited to June 24, 1900. Rate will be made on the distance plan with no rate to exceed \$5.

Austin, Tex., Democratic Convention. All agents will sell for this occasion on June 18, 19 and for trains arriving at Austin the morning of June 20, limited to June 24, 1900. Rate will be made on the distance plan with no fare to exceed \$3 for the round trip.

Sherman, Tex., account Semi-Centennial Celebration of Austin College and Commencement Exercises. For this occasion all agents will sell round trip tickets to Sherman on June 1, 2 and 4, limited to June 8, 1900. Rate will be made on the distance plan.

College Station, account Commencement Exercises A. & M. College. For this occasion all agents will sell round trip tickets to College Station on June 9 and 10, limited to June 13, 1900. The rate will be made on the distance plan. See agents for full particulars of these excursion rates.

M. L. ROBBINS, G. P. & T. A. S. F. B. MORSE, P. T. M.

Sacrifice Too Great.

"Yes, George," she said, "I will marry you if you will give up your cigars and wine."

"Hah!" he said in a metallic voice. "Do you exact a condition? Then I will marry you, Iphigenia, if you will give away that sore-eyed lapdog."

So they parted.

Love and jealousy fight desperate duels in many a woman's heart.

Cheap Binder Twins.

Our readers will do well to write T. M. Roberts' Supply House, Minneapolis, Minn., before buying. See offer in another part of this paper. The firm is thoroughly reliable.

It may take one a lifetime to put this and that together.

The blunt person is often extremely sharp.

Weary Women

Rest and help for weary women are found in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It makes women strong and healthy to bear their burdens, and overcomes those ills to which women are subject because they are women.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Is known from coast to coast. It has cured more sick women than any other medicine. Its friends are everywhere and they are constantly writing thankful letters which appear in this paper.

If you are puzzled write for Mrs. Pinkham's advice. Her address is Lynn, Mass. She will charge you nothing and she has restored a million women to health.

MISERABLE



You're not feeling just right this spring, are you? Somehow, you haven't your old-time strength, cannot take hold of things with your usual push and energy. You just drag around, fairly well one day, not so well the next. You are wretched, disconsolate, discouraged; you are miserable.

That's Nerve Poverty

To be rich in nerve power you should take a good spring medicine, something that will give you pure and rich blood. A perfect Sarsaparilla will do this every time; not a cheap Sarsaparilla, not one that promises you a great deal of bulk for your money; but a highly concentrated Sarsaparilla, one that has more cure in it than any other Sarsaparilla in the world.

That's AYER'S

"The only Sarsaparilla made under the personal supervision of three graduates: a graduate in pharmacy, a graduate in chemistry, and a graduate in medicine."

\$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

"For thirty-five years I have used Ayer's Sarsaparilla. There are many other kinds on the market, but I have great faith in that word 'Ayer's.'—N. Muesick, St. Anthony, Iowa.

It takes enthusiasm, not indifference, to win a contest, it matters not what it may be.

THREE DOSES OF ROGERS' BLUE CHILL CURE will cure any case of Chills and Fever. Price, 50c. No Cure, No Pay—All Druggists.

The devil owes much of his success to the fact that he is always around.

Try Yucatan Chill Tonic (Improved). Cures chills, fevers and malaria. Pleasant to take. Cure guaranteed. Price 50 cents. A man is poor indeed who is poor in character.

In Every Part of the World the traveler finds Wolfe's Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps and it is safe to say that no other medicine has the world-wide sale that remedy has. For a warm climate like this it is well nigh indispensable, as it gives tone to the system and speedily dispels Malaria, Torpid Liver, Cramps and Colic. Physicians recommend it in all cases of Kidney and Bladder troubles, Chronic Rheumatism, Dropsy and wherever the internal organs need strength.

Kindness is the undisputed secret of courtesy.

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Ease? It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Burning, Swelling Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

There are some kinds of race that legislation cannot put down.

Try Yucatan Chill Tonic (Improved). Superior to all the so-called tonics; acceptable to the most delicate stomach. Price 50 cents.

Traitors in peace are as abhorrent as in times of war.

Fruit is a necessary article of diet. Its prime essence is in Primley's California Fruit Gum.

A person never loses any of his self-respect by an honest apology.

THREE DOSES WILL CURE. You should remember that Rogers' Blue Chill Cure cures by purifying the blood, that is, it puts the blood into a perfectly antiseptic condition where no germ or impurity whatever can live.

It costs you nothing if it fails, because all druggists have authority to refund the money in every instance where it fails to give satisfaction.

If it cures, you have had the quickest and cheapest cure known to the world. Just think of it. ONLY 3 DOSES WILL CURE! And while it is curing, you don't have to stop nor lose a single meal; but, on the other hand, it is invigorating and will build you up quicker than any tonic known.

Rogers' Drug Co., Martin, Tex.

He who would keep on the right track of a woman's favor must do some skillful engineering.

Try Yucatan Chill Tonic (Improved). Does not sicken as the so-called tonics. Acceptable to the most delicate stomach. Price 50 cents.

A genuine friend will go many steps to benefit one near him.

A Book of Chances Recipes Sent free by Water Baber & Co. Ltd., Dorchester, Mass. Mention this paper.

How many times have we spent the money we have lost?

The man who tells one lie will tell another.

Louis F. Walbel, Ph. G., St. Louis, Mo. writes: I have recommended TETRAHIN when the doctors gave up the child and it cured at once.

Street fairs are usually located on fair streets.

Keep looking young and save your hair, its color and beauty with PARKER'S HAIR BALM. Hindoochem, the best cure for curls. 25c a bottle.

Memories of the past—a headache after "a night off."

Hint to Housekeepers.

To preserve summer skirts and dresses use "Faintless Starch." All grocers, 10c.

Matrimony's happy resultant—a young couple and their first born.

Fattening of the Hair.

Is caused by dandruff. Cuke Dandruff Cure will stop it or money refunded. \$1.00.

In friendship's golden chain there is no such link as ingratitude.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, stops pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Shun that venomous poison, dandruff, as you would a copper head snake.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of CHERRY'S FAVORITE CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price, 50c.

A ballot vote is of more benefit than a voice vote.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes.

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen, hot, sweating, itching feet, improving nails, cures nail bunions. All druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Some people seem born to sigh; others are prone to lie.

Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Is a constitutional cure. Price, 75c.

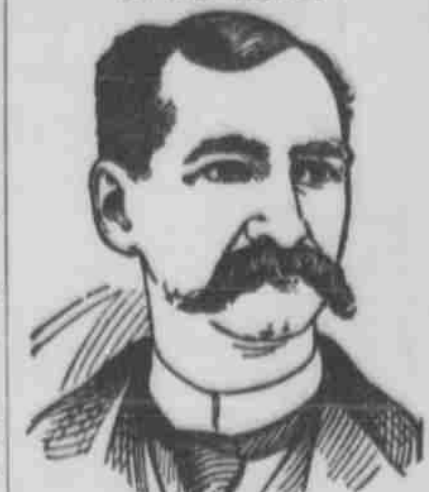
Life is worth living as long as there is anybody worth loving.

Pink's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. Rensley, Vancouver, Ind. Feb. 10, 1900.

We are made great or small by our own acts.

A SENATOR'S LETTER.

Peruna as a Nerve and Catarrh Tonic the Talk of the World.



Hon. W. V. Sullivan, U. S. Senator from Mississippi.

Hon. W. V. Sullivan, United States Senator from Mississippi, in a letter recently written to Dr. Hartman from Oxford, Miss., says the following:

"For some time I have been a sufferer from catarrh in its most incipient stage, so much so that I became alarmed as to my general health. But, hearing of Peruna as a good remedy, I gave it a fair trial and soon began to improve. Its effects were distinctly beneficial, removing the annoying symptoms, and was particularly good as a tonic."

"I take pleasure in recommending your great national catarrh cure, Peruna, as the best I have ever tried."

"W. V. Sullivan."

Peruna cures catarrh wherever located. Peruna has no substitutes—no rivals. Insist upon having Peruna. Address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O., for a free book on catarrh.

Niagara Falls

Strong bridge work runs right up under the Falls—electric cars now run down to the Gorge, past rapids and whirlpool at water's edge—other engineering feats make best view points accessible. No more suburban charges—the governments stopped them. At last, you can now view Niagara to better advantage than ever before. Round trips from Detroit \$12.00, Chicago \$12.00, St. Louis \$12.00, Kansas City \$12.00. Let us quote rates from your home city.

Our booklet suggests

Summer Tours \$20 to \$100

illustrates them with beautiful engravings and gives valuable information to the contemplating summer vacationist. Bound in cloth—you will want to preserve it. It is free.

Write for a copy of this booklet and we will send you one free. We will also send you a copy of our booklet on the subject of the Niagara Falls, and we will also send you a copy of our booklet on the subject of the Niagara Falls, and we will also send you a copy of our booklet on the subject of the Niagara Falls.

Wabash Railroad SUMMER TOUR DEPARTMENT 1901 Lincoln Trust Bldg., ST. LOUIS.

Bicycle CATALOGUE Free!

Send us a postal card and we will send you a Bicycle Catalogue Free. This catalogue prices new \$15.00 bicycles, 1900 model, at \$14.41; new \$20.00 bicycles at \$19.41; new \$25.00 bicycles at \$24.41; new \$30.00 bicycles at \$29.41; new \$35.00 bicycles at \$34.41; new \$40.00 bicycles at \$39.41; new \$45.00 bicycles at \$44.41; new \$50.00 bicycles at \$49.41; new \$55.00 bicycles at \$54.41; new \$60.00 bicycles at \$59.41; new \$65.00 bicycles at \$64.41; new \$70.00 bicycles at \$69.41; new \$75.00 bicycles at \$74.41; new \$80.00 bicycles at \$79.41; new \$85.00 bicycles at \$84.41; new \$90.00 bicycles at \$89.41; new \$95.00 bicycles at \$94.41; new \$100.00 bicycles at \$99.41. Bicycles repaired and everything in this line in this catalogue. Send postal card at once for this bicycle catalogue. It will save you money on bicycles and repairs. Also give and bring bicycle catalogue free. Ask for each.

T. M. ROBERTS' SUPPLY HOUSE, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

DR. MOFFETT'S TEETHINA
(Teething Powders)
Costs only 25 cents at Druggists.
Or mail 50 cents to C. J. MOFFETT, M. D., ST. LOUIS, MO.

Not less than the best. Buy our factory can build for the money. \$24.47 buys the buggy here illustrated, fully equipped, with heavy rubber or drill top. Also springs. Painted gear. Dark brown green, body black, with very fine fenders. Keenest rubber trimmed. The best bicycle screw rim wheels. 1 1/2 inch tread. Full length Brussels carpet. Shot, storm apron, whip socket, full drop back, toe nail, nickel line rail, low, heavy brimmed shade. We have vehicles from \$5.00 up including Road Carts, Road Wagons, Bureaus, Phaetons, Traps, Spring Wagons and Business Wags. Shipped C. O. D. east of the Rocky Mountains on receipt of \$5.00 plus to transportation. Send us 25c postage.

T. M. ROBERTS' SUPPLY HOUSE, Minneapolis, Minn.

Magnetic Starch
The Wonder of the Age
No Gelling No Cooking
It Stiffens the Goods
It Whitens the Goods
It polishes the Goods
It makes all garments fresh and crisp as when first bought new.
Try a Sample Package
You'll like it if you try it.
You'll buy it if you try it.
You'll use it if you try it.
Try it.

PRICE, 25 CENTS.

YUCATAN CHILL TONIC
Superior to All TASTELESS TONICS.
Cure Guaranteed.
(IMPROVED) PRICE, 50 CENTS.

PENSIONS
Get your Pension DOUBLE QUICK
Write CAPT. O'PARRELL, Pension Agent,
5428 New York Avenue, WASHINGTON, D. C.

RODS
For treating and treating Gold or Silver
One, two or three times a day. 25c.
FOWLER'S ROADS, Washington, D. C.

Thompson's Eye Water
Use Certain Chill Cure. Price, 50c.
Manufactured with pure eye, and

PISON'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
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FAULTLESS STARCH
FOR SHIRTS COLLARS CUFFS AND FINE LINEN
Big Damages for Lawyers.
The two largest verdicts in Pennsylvania awarded for personal injuries on railroads were to attorneys. The first was to Lawyer Lewis Rosenzweig, of Erie, from the Lake Shore road, for \$48,000, and now Lawyer John T. Martin, of Scranton, has been given a verdict of \$55,500 against the Delaware & Hudson railroad. Mr. Martin's injuries caused him to become a physical wreck, and it is said he is also losing his eyesight.

New Binding Twine, 9c Lb.

The only reason that we could possibly obtain this twine was that it is a party needed goods. It is 1-8 OF A CENT LESS THAN OUR FARMER FRIENDS PAID. TO THE PENITENTIARY PEOPLE A FEW WEEKS AGO. We received the following telegram from our buyer which explains itself: "Purchased three hundred seventy-five thousand (375,000) pounds NEW STANDARD BINDING TWINE. Price enables us to sell as low as seven-eighths (7/8) of a cent. Twine will arrive promptly. I congratulate you." This new binding twine will be placed on sale by us May 15th, and will be sold at 9c per lb. in lots of 100 lbs. or more. In order to obtain this twine, send us your order at once. ORDER AS NO. 97. NEW STANDARD TWINE AT 9-7-8 CENTS AND NO. 77 MANILA MIXED AT 11-7-8 CENTS. We have no objection to your selling this twine at a profit. For if you will just think of it a 7-8 cent twine, you can sell it for 10c per lb. and you will still be selling it at a profit. We will be able to ship by May 20th, as the twine reaches us by fast freight. The above telegram was received May 21. Send for agricultural implement catalogue.

T. M. ROBERTS' SUPPLY HOUSE, 718-720-722 FIRST AVENUE S., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Santa Fe Excursions.
Excursion tickets will be sold as follows on dates mentioned at low rates:
Sherman.—June 1, 2 and 4, account college commencement exercises.
Austin.—June 4 and 5, account summer school and University of Texas Summer Normal.
College Station.—June 9 and 10, account commencement exercises A. & M. College.
Paris.—June 11 and 12, account State Missionary Convention.
Fort Worth.—June 10 and 11, and trains arriving morning of 12th, account dedication "Masonic Widows' and Orphans' Home."
Fort Worth.—For all trains arriving June 18th, account State Convention Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor.
Houston.—June 18th, and for trains arriving morning of 19th, account meeting Texas Retail Hardware and Implement Association.
Austin.—June 16, 17, 18 and 19, account State Democratic Convention.
Hutto.—July 12 and 13, account Central Texas Bee-Keepers' Association meeting.
For rates, limits and further information, call on nearest Santa Fe Ticket Agent, or address
W. S. KEENAN, G. P. A., Galveston, Texas.

The way children act at the table is a good evidence of their rearing.

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it is

Beware the Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought

A cape jasmine and a true woman are attractive and sweet.

Dyeing is as simple as washing when you use PUTNAM FADELESS DYES.

Said His Prayers.

Senator Vest of Missouri has a grandson he is very proud of. The other night his mother went into the nursery to kiss him good night. "I have come to hear you say your prayers, Harry." "I've done said 'em, mamma." "Why you can't say them by yourself." "Yes, I can. I said, 'God bless grandpa and make him well and fat again; God bless mamma and papa and make 'em give me everything I want. And, please, God, bless and take care of yourself, for you are the boss of us all!'"

BILE BLOAT



Puffs under the eyes; red nose; pimple-blotched, greasy face don't mean hard drinking always as much as it shows that there is **BILE IN THE BLOOD**. It is true, drinking and over-eating overloads the stomach, but failure to assist nature in regularly disposing of the partially digested lumps of food that are dumped into the bowels and allowed to rot there, is what causes all the trouble. **CASCARETS** will help nature help you, and will keep the system from filling with poisons, will clean out the sores that tell of the system's rottenness. Bile bloated by the figure becomes unsightly, the breath foul, eyes and skin yellow; in fact the whole body kind of fills up with filth. Every time you neglect to help nature you lay the foundation for just such troubles. **CASCARETS** will carry the poisons out of the system and will regulate you naturally and easily and without gripe or pain. Start to-night—one tablet—keep it up for a week and help the liver clean up the bowels, and you will feel right, your blood will be rich, face look clean, eyes bright. Get a 10c box of **CASCARETS**, take as directed. If you are not cured or satisfied you get your money back. Bile bloat is quickly and permanently

CURED BY Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
BEST FOR THE BOWELS
ALL DRUGGISTS
10c. 25c. 50c.
To any needy mortal suffering from bowel troubles and too poor to buy **CASCARETS** we will send a box free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York, mentioning advertisement and paper.

"La Creole" Will Restore those Gray Hairs
"La Creole" Hair Restorer is a Perfect Dressing and Restorer. Price \$1.00

THE MAGIC QUILT

A JUVENILE STORY

BY MARY CAROLINE HYDE

In a little house on the edge of a wood there lived Rosalie and her baby sister Elsie. The house was built of logs and had but one room, one window, one door and a big chimney pushing its way through a miserable roof of thatch. Rosalie shivered whenever the little sister awoke, for she knew that each meal brought them so much nearer the end of the food. There were but two potatoes left and only a crust of bread. Elsie awoke crying hard for something to eat. Rosalie gave her the crust and set the potatoes to roasting in the ashes of the big fireplace.

Against the panes of the one window there had been a feeble drizzle all the morning and now it began to pour in torrents, and Rosalie and Elsie were forced to the chimney place to keep dry. Even here the raindrops sometimes managed to find the way and spluttered and hissed as they fell on the fire. Rosalie went to a large wooden box and flung handful after handful of dry sticks on the flames.

There came a pound upon the door as if someone were hitting it in a great hurry to get in. Rosalie crept cautiously to the window and looked out. All that she could see at the door was an old woman, in a high peaked hat and a patchwork quilt pinned over her shoulders to keep off the rain.

"Poor old creature," cried Rosalie to herself, and she flew to the door to let her in. The old woman made a low courtesy and entered hobbling. Her face was wrinkled and very ugly and her feet were quite bare. She made her way across the room to the fireplace where she sank wearily upon a bench.

"I am sorry for you," said Rosalie, pityingly. "I ought to have opened the door sooner," and she looked at the water dripping from the quilt and making little pools on the floor.

"Bless you, my child," responded the old woman. "I was doubting if you would let such an ugly old woman come in at all."

"Indeed I would," said Rosalie honestly. "I am very sorry for you. Won't you please take off your things?" and she glanced from the dripping quilt to the high, peaked hat. The old woman's eyes almost winked as she unfastened the quilt and laid it on the floor, but she did not take off her hat.

"She is hungry," thought Rosalie, swallowing her own hunger. "Won't you have this roast potato?" she said aloud, and drawing it out of the hot ashes, she broke it open, sprinkling it with salt and handed it to the old woman.

"My child, you are very good," said the old woman, seizing the food and eating it so greedily that soon nothing was left but the crisped, brown shell.

"I am very sorry for you," said Rosalie, "but we have no more potatoes. Perhaps when my father comes home from the war we shall have plenty. I wish he would come soon, but he is far away."

As Rosalie said the third time, "I am sorry for you," the old woman's face grew actually lively.

"My dear child," she said, "I have been clear round the world to find some one to say to a poor, ugly, old woman: 'I am sorry for you.' At last I hear it from a little girl, who gives me shelter and her last mouthful of food. Do you know that these words, three times repeated by you, have broken my wretched enchantment? I am once more myself and you shall be rewarded. This quilt I lend you. It is in six blocks, and each block will yield you a wish. After I leave, touch each block with your hand, and all is as you command."

Speaking thus, a marvelous change was taking place in the old woman. Her bent and shriveled body was becoming upright and beautiful, her peaked hat had changed to a crown of gold, and her coarse and ragged gown to a dress of filmy primrose gauze. She was now a lovely fairy. With her staff transformed to a fragile wand studded with jewels she touched the quilt and said:

One, two three,
I bid thee
Be good.
To Rosalie,
As she
To me.

Then with a shimmer and flash that lighted the dull room like a burst of sunshine, she floated toward the fireplace and vanished up the chimney. At this instant the rain ceased. Rosalie gasped with astonishment at all these phenomena, while little Elsie clapped her hands with glee at the pretty transformation.

"Oh, Elsie! isn't it wonderful!" cried Rosalie at last. "And the quilt; she has left it to us. How beautiful it is! It is made of velvet and silk and quilted with gold! What was I to do with it, Elsie? To wish? Let me see; I will wish right away. What shall it be for?" and she laid her hand upon a red silk block covered with round symbols of orange velvet that suggested gold to her. "I wish, I wish for money good, to buy us each some heavy food."

As her fingers pressed the block she felt lying snugly in the cotton wadding several coins. In a moment she had seized the scissors to rip the block open, when out there rolled from it a dozen gold pieces, while the block itself became detached from the rest of the quilt and flew up the chimney.

Wise laughter and clapped her hands again at this queer sight, and Rosalie, her face flushed with delight, gathered up the coins and tried to count their value. This was impossible, for she had never seen so much money before.

so she hid it, all but one coin, folded the quilt most carefully and put it into the chest that had been her mother's most valued piece of furniture. Then trying on Elsie's bonnet, she started with her to the village to buy some food.

"I guess maybe you've heard from your father?" said the baker, of whom they bought some bread and cakes. "When is he coming home?"

"I don't know," said Rosalie, and the coin went into his till, without his having any idea of its origin.

The basket filled with food was heavy, and Elsie walked very slowly, so that it was nearly dark when they reached their lonely home. Elsie was heartily fed and tucked into her cradle with a plum-jumble to munch upon, while Rosalie put away her new stock of eatables and tried to decide what next to wish for.

"I think I had better wait till morning and take all night to choose what it shall be," she said to her sister, who was already asleep. "How nice it would be to wish for a new house, made of stone with a tight shingle roof and a vine growing over the front porch."

Rosalie, by the light of the still crackling fire, drew the quilt from the



chest, pressed her fingers upon the second block and wished for a new home supplied with every comfort inside and out, to say nothing of the vine over the front porch. Like the first, the second block ripped itself free from the rest of the quilt and flew up the chimney. Even as Rosalie refolded the quilt and put it in the chest, there seemed something unusual going on about her; but she went to bed without trying to see what it was, and strange to say, was at once asleep, not to waken till the sun an hour high, looked in through the windows of her pretty new home and aroused her.

Elsie, too, was awakened by the bright sun, and, sitting up in her bed cradle, laughed to see herself in a fine new room. Her cradle and the chest in which Rosalie kept the quilt were the only things unchanged.

"Isn't it beautiful here, now?" exclaimed Rosalie. "I wish father were here to help us enjoy it. I am going to ask the quilt to write him a letter for me, because I don't know just where he is, and tell him to come home this very day, if he can."

She opened the chest, drew out the quilt and, laying her hand on the third block, said:

"Dear quilt, won't you please write father a letter, and tell him he'd better come home and see the new house of stone you have built for us alone."

Immediately there shifted out from the edges of the block a letter stamped and addressed to Rosalie's father, while the block fluttered loose from the rest of the quilt and sailed across the room to the new fireplace, up which it disappeared.

"Dear!" exclaimed Rosalie, picking up the letter. "Why didn't I wish it sent directly to father; he won't get it for a long time if I send it by the village post," and touching the fourth block, she said:

"Please, quilt, speed today, father's letter on its way. Bring him ere night to his daughters, two, as you know so well how to do."

No sooner had she said this poor little rhyme than the letter vanished and the fourth block followed the others up the chimney. She put what was left of the magic quilt again into the chest and began at once to get everything ready for her father's return.

During the day no one came, but toward nightfall there was a heavy step upon the new front porch. Rosalie, watching, knew it was her father and hurriedly opened the door to find him standing there, his hand covering his eyes.

"Oh, father!" she cried. "I knew you would come; the quilt never fails. Why do you cover your eyes?"

"I am just off the battlefield, Rosalie," he said, "where a shot destroyed my sight. The rest I cannot tell you about, only that I am here. If I could only see you and Elsie, we would never complain."

"You shall see us, father," said Rosalie, taking his hand and leading him across the room to the chest. "Feel this, father, it is all that is left of the quilt. Now I shall wish that you get back your sight," and she pressed her hand upon the fifth block.

In a twinkling it had separated from the last block and whirled up the chimney, and Rosalie's father's sight had been perfectly restored.

"What magic is this?" he cried. "I can see as well as ever!"

"It is the precious quilt, as I told

you, father," she answered, putting the last block into his hand.

"Feeling believing," he said, looking at the block curiously. "Put it away, Rosalie, to wish by when you are married."

Rosalie took it from him. "I wish for nothing more, now that you are home, but that we shall live long and be happy."

This was enough! The block fluttered from his fingers, drifted across the room, up the chimney, leaving the gift of long life and happiness in the pretty home on the edge of the wood.—Detroit Free Press.

A TAILOR OUTWITTED.

The Victim Tells the Story at His Own Expense.

At the expense of himself a certain fashionable Philadelphia tailor told the following story: Quite recently a man went into his establishment and told him that Mr. So and So, a prominent customer (in full standing) had said that Mr. Taylor had several misfit suits to dispose of and as he needed a new suit immediately he thought he'd like to look them over. One was found to fit him perfectly and he took it at the price, \$50. "But," he said, "Mr. Taylor, I have not enough ready money to pay you. I must have the suit. Now do you know Mr. Panckake, the Chestnut street confectioner? Well," on being assured that Mr. Panckake was also a customer in good standing, "he owes me some money, which he has promised to pay this afternoon, and if you are agreed I will walk over there with you and ask him to send \$50 of it to you." Such a proposition and the riddance of a bad suit could not be overlooked, and when they arrived at Mr. Panckake's shop, without preliminaries the man said: "You know that hundred you promised to send me to New York, Mr. Panckake? Well, just send fifty of it to Mr. Taylor and the other fifty to the address I gave you."

That afternoon Mr. Taylor received a neatly done up package containing 50 beautiful cream puffs.—Philadelphia Times.

MAX NORDAU AT HOME.

Peccadillo Style in Which the Great Man Lives.

Max Nordau lives in Paris above a drinking shop. It appears that the name "Nordau" was originally used by its owner as a pseudonym to newspaper contributions. With the consent of his father, Herr Sudfeld, a well-known Pesth Hebraist, he legally assumed it, transforming himself from "South Field" (Sudfeld) into "North Meadow" (Nordau). Except when he is visiting his patients, Dr. Nordau spends all his time in his study. The room is plainly furnished. A bookcase is one of its conspicuous features. Among the books are many presentation copies of Lombroso's works. With this author and scientist Dr. Nordau keeps up a constant correspondence, and prides himself on being one of the very few men in Europe who can decipher the professor's handwriting, which appears to most people entirely illegible. Leading out of this room is Nordau's barely furnished bed room, the camp bedstead of which may be seen through the open door. A small trapeze hanging through the doorway would seem to indicate that he has faith in "parlor gymnastics." It is in this room that all books since the publication of "Degeneration" have been written, and where he is at present writing a novel.—Literary Life.

Poultices for Beauty's Face.

All women cannot go to Paris to consult a celebrity who has just come to the fore with a plan to benefit complexion. It consists of making poultices of the interior of fruit, and wearing these over the face at night, says the Philadelphia Inquirer. All fruit is good, but the best of all is the strawberry. You need not use pounds of fruit, like Mrs. Tallien—a very little will suffice. You spread the fruit on a band of linen, and tie this over the wrinkled part of the face. Even one trial will astonish you; but if you continue the result will exceed your wildest expectations. Women who follow this treatment never wash the face in quite plain water, nor in cold water, nor with soap. Never, either, use glycerine or any fatty substance on the face. A little powder may complete the perfect drying of the face, but it must be of the very best quality. Plain orris root is the best of all. However, by continually using fruit plasters or bandages nothing else will be required to maintain the complexion young and restore it to youth and beauty if damaged by sickness, bad cosmetics or time.

Politics and Long Life.

Lady Georgiana Grey, who just celebrated her 100th birthday, attributes the wonderful preservation of her faculties, says an English exchange, to the calm which she has always been careful to practice. She considers agitation the great consumer of health. To a young kinsman of hers who visited her the other day she expressed her earnest hope that he would not enter upon a career of politics. "It is as agitating, my dear," she said. "Why, if my poor brother had kept clear of politics I firmly believe he would have been alive today." The brother referred to was the famous third Earl Grey, who was long a prominent member of Whig cabinets, and was 92 when he died.

The Effect.

"What a lot of bric-a-brac Mrs. Knolly has in her parlor!" "Yes, looks exactly as though she were going to have an auction, doesn't it?"—Puck.

If a man has good health he can manage to get along pretty well without fame.

It isn't so much what a man has that makes him happy as what he doesn't want.

A woman usually abandons her opinion the moment her husband is converted to it.

The average man consoles himself with the belief that he will be able to save a little next year.

A four-leaved clover is said to be an omen of success, but industry is a better one.

Terrible Affliction.

TWO PHYSICIANS GAVE NO RELIEF AND LITTLE ENCOURAGEMENT.

Pitiable Condition of an Illinois Girl, Who Fortunately Heard of a Remedy at the Last Moment.

From the Republican, St. Sterling, Ill. Thousands now enjoying good health and immunity from the return of disease are daily testifying, in private and in hundreds of well-known newspapers, to the wonderful curative properties of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. The list of cases grows with every day.

Miss Della Friday, Ripley, Ill., is one of those whose youth was clouded by impaired health, a condition that has often baffled science, and one that physicians look upon with most apprehension. At the time the lady should have been strongest and healthiest it was wasting—but her own story is told in the following statement lately made to a newspaper reporter:

"I was considered a healthy child and everything pointed to my being a strong, vigorous woman. I had never been sick and until about two years ago my health was excellent. When I reached the age of 23 I became afflicted with a severe case of stomach trouble. I placed myself under the care of two well-known physicians who 're-ordered me for a long time, but that did me no good and my condition became alarming. I had palpitation of the heart and could not get my breath except with great difficulty. I could not sleep and my appetite was very poor. My condition became very serious and I could not get well and set down to wait my fate. A friend of mine recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People to me. I had taken so many different kinds of medicine that I had no faith in anything, but I thought they would do me no harm and purchased a box. I took one box and they seemed to do me good and I kept on taking them until I began to improve at a very rapid rate. Finally after I had taken nine boxes I was completely cured. I cannot say too much for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I think them a grand medicine and I am pleased to recommend them."

(Signed) DELLA FRIDAY. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of January, 1900. THOMAS M. WALLACE, Justice of the Peace.

For sale at druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., postpaid on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; 6 boxes \$2.50. If we knew one-half we do not know we would probably know 50 per cent more than we do know.

The woman who can alight gracefully from an open car deserves a prize.

WHAT WOULD YOU DO?

Everyone Can't Go to Paris. Those that can go, will, it is hoped, travel via the "Northwestern Line," but to those who can not go we commend some of the many American resorts, reached via the "Northwestern Line."

Hot Springs, South Dakota. To the invalid, the tired person and to the young people, and others after a good time, this resort offers attractions not found elsewhere, and the trip is not long, and is interesting. Take a train on the FARMINGTON, ELK RIVER & MINNISCOTT VALLEY R. R. at almost any prominent Nebraska town and your route will then be through the northern part of Nebraska, known as the "Elkhorn Valley." Every Nebraskaan will tell you that the "Elkhorn Valley" is the best farming portion of the state. Year after year, then you pass through the grazing portion of Nebraska, where cattle, sheep and goats are fed in small and large herds. You cannot visit Hot Springs without visiting the

Black Hills. Because the Hot Springs are in the Black Hills—southern portion—is a valley sheltered by surrounding hills or mountains. You will be surprised to find the delightful climate, the warm, natural water baths—no artificial heating necessary—scenery beautiful, topography, hotels all kinds, from the Evans, large, modern and fashionable to the cozy cottage or private boarding house.

Within 100 miles of Hot Springs, in the upper portion of the Black Hills, is Deadwood, Lead City and the rich gold mining camps, attracting so much attention just now. Look up the standing and output of the celebrated "Homestake" operating daily with several years' supply of ore in sight.

Spirit Lake, Okla. Quaker names, but also places, situated in northern Iowa, and reached by the "Northwestern Line," a favorable resort for hunting and fishing.

The "Lake Region of Minnesota." No one can tell you how many lakes there are in Minnesota, but we would like to say that there are a great many along the line of the "Northwestern Line" and that game of all kinds, fish, etc., abound in this region.

We have pamphlets telling more about these places that we will gladly send to you on request. Write us before deciding what to do and where to go.

We have some cheap excursion rates to these resorts that we will tell you about.

J. R. BUCHANAN, Gen'l Pass. Agent, P. & M. V. R. R., Omaha, Neb.

Save the Labels

and write for list of premiums you offer free for them.

HIRES

Rootbeer The favorite summer drink

As the twig is bent the tree is inclined.

As the boy or girl of this generation must be taught at least the elementary branches in a school of manual instruction, thus working to their own upbuilding and the pro-

THE NEED OF TECHNICAL SCHOOLS.

"As the twig is bent the tree is inclined."

This may be a homely adage, but the truth of the saying was apparent long before it passed into record history as such. No matter how originally applied it bears with striking force upon the conditions in Texas in connection with the commercial and industrial possibilities and advantages.

A gentleman the other day, in an address before a body of intelligent citizens at Fort Worth, remarked that there was not a single school of technology within the confines of the Lone Star State. The truth of this statement has not been questioned, because it is substantially correct and indicates a discrepancy which is surprising when compared with the advantages in all other directions.

There may have been a time when instruction in the humble arts was not considered necessary, or a part of the education of the common people. It probably was thought that a man needed no school of labor; that the eye and the hand could emulate the example of other eyes and hands which had attained distinction in those occupations rendered more or less important by reason of the manual training necessary to fit the individual for the position he occupied.

The agriculturist planted his corn or his garden seed "at the right time of the moon." Because one field produced out, it followed of necessity that it should produce practically everything else peculiar to that particular agricultural zone. He knew that it was contrary to the ethics of his occupation to grow certain plants in near proximity, because they seemed to deteriorate, but he did not know that it was because the insects carried the pollen of one plant to another, thereby fertilizing and bringing forth practically a hybrid production. Science, however, has taught the husbandman many things, and science has invaded the field of industry in general, scattering old time ideas and producing in their stead a system of material progress.

It is necessary, in view of the remarkable industrial conditions of the present day, that Texas, if she desire to keep in the race with her sister states, must do something to educate her children that they may be in a position to take advantage of their surroundings and fit themselves, not only for the battle of life, but to meet the competitive influences of intelligent and far-reaching education.

It has been a matter of common conjecture as to why it is necessary to send elsewhere and bring into the state men whose early training has fitted them to take charge of industrial institutions where a certain degree of technical skill and knowledge is absolutely necessary. There should be no conjecture, he fact is apparent. It is because the youth of this state have not been able to fit themselves in this respect on account of the deplorable lack of facilities for obtaining instruction in technical pursuits. What is needed in Texas, that her boundless opportunities and facilities she developed, is the location at various points, of technical schools, where the boys may be taught industrial employment; their hands made familiar with mechanical appliances, their minds broadened and given knowledge of the thousand and one things which go towards the making up of essential education.

Technical education includes specific instruction in a particular occupation in addition to a general education. The benefits of this additional course of instruction have long been recognized in this country, particularly in the east, where manual training schools and institutes of technology are more or less common. Boston, St. Louis, Philadelphia, Cincinnati, New York, and in fact, a majority of the large cities possess these necessary institutions. Technology has made rapid strides in Europe. Germany possibly taking the lead, and in England the parliament of 1900 levied a tax of six pence per barrel on beer, which yields annually an income of \$7,750,000, all of which goes for the advancement of technical education, and there is hardly a manufacturing center in Great Britain that does not possess its technical school. Even Japan and India point with pride to one or more of these industrial institutions, and the result is very conspicuous, because of the proficiency of the youth of these countries in manual training.

Texas, now on the verge of a great change in its industrial complexion, is less fitted to meet the exigencies of a competitive situation than almost any other state in the south, and with its immense school fund and its gigantic balance in the state treasury, there seems but little excuse for this hiatus. Yearly its population, — increasing, its agricultural area expanding, and its industrial and commercial possibilities becoming more apparent to the world large. A few more turns of the wheel and this great state will lean into a position second to none in point of advantages and facilities for wealth and industry. But, that is people derive the full benefit from the new condition of things, its youth should be educated to the point where they can apply their hand to the throttle, the spindle, the loom, and control the gigantic concerns which put in operation the cogs of mechanical progress.

The A. & M. College is doing some work in the right direction, but its capacity in this respect at present is too restricted to be taken into consideration. The needed schools or institutes are as necessary to the fulfillment of the state's future as is the cotton which shall go to its looms, the iron to its furnaces, and the cattle to its tanneries and packeries.

"As the twig is bent the tree is inclined." And so the boy or girl of this generation must be taught at least the elementary branches in a school of manual instruction, thus working to their own upbuilding and the pro-

perity of a beneficent commonwealth. The state should by all means support these institutes and its people should take the steps necessary to bring about the desired condition of affairs. Texas has entered the field of competition, and it cannot afford to neglect a single channel whereby its opportunities may slip from it and the fruits and enterprise of others enter and combat its possibilities and destroy its future because of its own shortcomings.

Technical schools are no longer experiments. They combine practice with theory, to fit the masses for an intellectual battle in the race for commercial supremacy, and while we should invite foreign capital to work side by side with the money from our own banks, Texas should provide every means in its power to prepare its youth for coming conditions.—Literary Bureau, Sunset Route, Houston & Texas Central R. R., Houston, Tex.

An Old Market Trick.

The origin of the saying, "Let the cat out of the bag," is traced to a favorite trick among country folk in England, to substitute a cat for one of the young pigs when the latter were carried in bags to market. These bags, in old phraseology, were known as pokes. If any greenhorn was foolish enough to buy "a pig in poke"—that is, purchase the animal without looking at it—the trick was successful, but if he opened the sack to satisfy himself concerning the value of his desired purchase pussy would be liable to jump out. The cat was let out of the bag and the trick exposed.

Skinting a Horse Found Coins.

Albert Lambert, Jr., and Charles Brewer, of Westfield, N. J., while skinning a horse owned by the former, found a ten-cent piece under the skin just above the left shoulder. Then a twenty-five-cent piece dropped from its resting place just below the shoulder. How the money came there is unexplained. Mr. Lambert has owned the horse for 12 years. The coins were in good condition, bearing the dates 1872 and 1876.—New York World.

Fifteen Feet of Hall.

Mr. T. L. Harris of Snellville was in Monroe yesterday. He says that the people there who were so fearfully injured by the recent hail will have to plant their crops over, putting it in cotton or corn. In some places the hail drifted to a height of fifteen feet, and much of it yet remains on the ground. It will require several weeks of warm sunshine to melt all of it.—Walton (Ga.) News and Messenger.

Judicial Respect for Cash.

Counterfeiting was once punishable by death in England, a fact which led a judge in passing sentence on a man convicted for that crime to say: "I can hold out to you no hope of mercy here and I must urge you to make preparation for another world, where I hope you may obtain that mercy which a due regard for the credit of our paper currency forbids you to hope for now."

Pretty Parasites.

A singular class of plants is the air plant, or parasitic, which do not grow with their roots in the ground or mud, but attach themselves to trees or other plants and feed on stolen sap. Fungi and lichens, which you see growing on the bark of trees or on old wood, are parasites. The mistletoe is one of our prettiest parasites, and our Spanish moss one of the most familiar to us.

Ostriches Under Saddle.

The possibility of the ostrich being used for a kind of two-legged saddle horse, as the natives of Abyssinia are said to have employed it, was demonstrated at Pasadena, Cal., recently. A man not only mounted a full sized male ostrich and rode 100 miles on its back, but also had a photographer take a picture of him on his feathered steed.

Largest Smokestacks.

The large smokestacks which have ever been manufactured in the United States are now being built in St. Louis. They will be seventy-four feet in circumference at the base and gradually taper to forty feet in circumference at the top. They will be 200 feet high and will cost about \$20,000 apiece.

Two First Times.

There are two times in a youth's life when he feels like 90 cents. One, when he slips up the back stairs to take his first shave with his father's razor, and the other when he appears on the street for the first time with a beaver hat.—Indianapolis News.

Official Curls.

The Queen's footmen wear wigs which have eight rolls of curls, whereas those of the Prince of Wales are allowed seven rows, and those of the Lord Mayor of London are given only six.

A Long Search.

When a man has looked through six pockets for something his wife wants and can't find it she begins to look uneasy, but he keeps on and finds it in the seventeenth.—Aitchison Globe.

Military Craze in London.

So deep has the military craze taken root that dinner parties in London are now using khaki tablecloths with bright red flowers placed in imitation of cavalry boots.

Not a Common Politician.

The empress dowager is acting for all the world as if she didn't care whether the ever got vindicated or not.—Anaconda (Mont.) Standard.

Newspapers at Cost and Below. For the Present

The **CURRENT** will be sent one year to all who pay \$1.00, and to old subscribers in arrears who pay up the old score and \$1.00.

The Dallas News or St. Louis Republic and the **CURRENT**, only \$1.75 per year. Catch 'em while they are going.

Job Printing and Advertising in the **Carlsbad CURRENT** at cut rates. Call and get the benefit while the war lasts.

LOCAL.

Fresh vegetables at Hess' Fire department meeting tonight.

Mrs. Stanley White is down with slow fever.

Judge and Mrs. Roberts have a sick child this week.

J. C. Beauchamp was ill this week with dysentery.

Fresh bread every day at Gamble's.

Maynard Sharpe is out from under the physician's care.

Mr. and Mrs. McIntosh of the Bolles farm, have a very sick baby.

Stock shipments continue over the P. V. & N. E., though light at present.

Sheriff Stewart has a force at work putting up pens for the carnival roping contest.

A good general rain is very much desired at present by Eddy county stock owners.

Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Cameron of La Junta have a very sick baby with summer complaint.

The territorial board of equalization has placed the price of sheep for assessment at \$1.50 per head.

Dr. Wright went up to McMillan, to attend Harry Williamson who is suffering from a bilious attack.

R. M. Johnson, the carpenter, was down this week with his old liver trouble, but is able to be up at present.

Robert Love says his fruit is ripening nicely and that there will be plenty of fruit not later than the 25th, possibly earlier.

J. M. Daugherty, of Midland, was confined at his room in the hotel this week while being treated for his old complaint.

Harvey Hess has fresh bread every day.

"How to keep warm, spiritually" is a pertinent question with the thermometer at 100, to be discussed Sunday morning at the Baptist church. Come and welcome.

Parties owning dogs will do well to pay their dog license at once otherwise Marshal Clark will see to it that their dogs go over the road to the "Happy Hunting Ground."

Tom Cowden is about laid out these days on account of the heavy range work. Tom has been taking things easy for some time and hard work is not agreeable, anyway.

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Eddy Drug Co.

When You COOL OFF Ice Cold Soda Water

Ice Cold Soda Water

Ice Cold Soda Water

Ice Cold Soda Water

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Starved Amid His Riches

The Strange Whim of a Miner Who Found
a Mountain of Copper.

Vaguely waiting for a sign from heaven, patiently expecting temporal aid from a divine source, John D. Emersley perished miserably in a lonely cabin in Arizona, while surrounding him were his unworked claims containing the largest copper deposits in the world.

Strange irony of fate to die on the borders of the land of plenty in full view of the land of riches. But a veritable copper wall separated the place of suffering from the promised land. That wall was nothing less than a financial decision that God must indicate by some overt act the proper time to mine the claims. But the Lord,



WAITING FOR A SIGN FROM HEAVEN, moving in his mysterious ways, was too slow, so death dashed ahead and dragged poor old Emersley through the gateway of senility.

The recent organization of the Los Cabos Consolidated Mining company, which filed its incorporation papers in Tombstone, A. T., says the San Francisco Examiner, brings to light the tragic story of the misbegotten discoverer of this copper region, which region experts declare has no equal in richness and extensiveness of deposit.

Eighteen miles from Wilcox, A. T., is situated this mountain of copper. He whose mining shall lead him to the discovery of these riches is now resting in a makeshift grave scooped out of the gravel of the mountain whose riches will gladden the hearts of others. Mining men marvel when told of the character of these claims.

It is not necessary to dig a discouragingly long distance to strike the paying ore belt. Diving into the ground at any point in the vicinity of the mountains, the prospector is rewarded by encountering the ore belt at a depth of two or three feet. The only real work which has been done on the claims is the sinking of a shaft some 60 feet.

This shaft reveals even better indications. In addition to the large amount of copper, the rich ore belt carries gold in paying quantities. Around every mine of any consequence cluster bits of romantic history and tradition. Successes and failures, luck and ill luck, hold their places in the ample record of events. But this story from the Los Cabos country of the man who might have been a "copper king" is at once one of the saddest and most interesting of mining tales.

As early as 1880 Emersley appeared in the Los Cabos country, staked out 10 claims and built himself a rude cabin. There he lived year after year, with solitude his only companion. He simply waited and labored not. His only visitors were cowboys and Indians, who sometimes ventured to break his "solitary reign."

Once in awhile a prospector, in his endless search for a strike, would approach him, but, seeing that the hermit miner had appropriated everything, he stolidly moved onward, leaving the mountain of copper to its eccentric

claimant. Poor when he came into the country, the recluse's faculty sunk him deeper into squalor and want. Fondly, expectantly, he would walk about his claims with their potential millions, waiting, waiting. Although his hopes were buoyed up with copper, his condition was not.

Emersley died a starved man. About a year ago a party of cowboys, passing near the cabin, stopped for water. Finding the responses to their knocks, the door was forced. Even those sturdy men were shocked by the repulsive sight in the old cabin.

There in the corner, on a pallet of straw, lay the distorted and decomposed remains of old Emersley.

A hasty search of this lugubrious place revealed nothing save some papers yellow with age. These papers had a historical if not a commercial value. In them was found the reason of the hitherto inexplicable conduct of their erstwhile possessor.

It seems that Emersley was a religious man. As far back as 1880, "waiting with pious fervor, he had made a solemn compact with God stipulating that all his earthly treasures should be made over to the party of the second part.

In one of his most ill-fated letters, written in 1883, he says, "It is now 14 years since I dedicated all my worldly effects and income and whatever they might subsequently prove to be to the service of God."

Having arranged matters satisfactorily to the demands of conscience, he roamed about with indifferent luck till 1892, when he discovered these vast copper deposits. Since he had placed his temporal welfare entirely in the Lord's hands, this faithful servant reasoned that God, in his own time, would give him a sign when to commence work and would drop down 820 gold pieces, even as he had provided manna for the children of Israel.

A NEST OF TRAPS.

Why the San Francisco Police Cannot Catch Highbinders.

Why do the highbinders in San Francisco's Chinatown invariably evade capture?

It's a regular Chinese puzzle, and everybody knows that their inventions in that line are most ingenious. They are natural born puzzlers, every one of them. They are puzzlers all their life long—at least to local guessers.

The highbinder tongue have turned almost the whole of Chinatown into a gigantic Chinese puzzle of traps, snares, mysterious electric wires, trick stairs that fall to pieces when certain steps are pressed upon and doors that are made of paper, painted to look like boards, with nothing underneath but a 20 foot drop.

Through and around these traps the pursued brigands run like spiders. Disaster will come to any who attempt to follow. Highbinders are professional murderers. They will take any man's



THERE IS ALWAYS A TRAPDOOR life to save their own. They have planned the puzzle with the shrewdness that belongs to the race that invented chess, the most intricate of games.

Most puzzles are solved for fun; some on a wages for money. On the solution of this one depend many lives. If the police can dodge the pits, jump over the paper floors, fall down the trick ladder without breaking their bones or losing sight of the fugitive, and select the right man out of 30,000 others who have but one color of hair, skin and eyes and one style of dress among them all, then will the highbinders be subdued.

If the police cannot do this, it's only a question of time, say some, when the highbinders will attack whites at their homes or places of business, since they can do so with almost a certainty of escape.

These armed brigands are becoming more and more insolent. Success is making them bold, but they are as wily as ever.

New Mexico Democratic Platform.

We, the representatives of the democratic party of New Mexico, in convention assembled at Albuquerque on the 12th day of April, 1904,

firmly reaffirm our allegiance to the time-honored principles of the democratic party as set forth in the Chicago platform of 1860, and hereby declare our intention to continue our efforts to secure the adoption of the platform of the United States Democratic party.

We believe in the "unimpaired principles" embodied in the declaration of independence. That government is instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed; and that the principles of the constitution of the United States which secure to all men the liberty and the pursuit of happiness and a voice in the government, ought to be extended to all territory, however acquired, and we denounce the arbitrary and tyrannical policy of the present national administration, and of congress in regard to territory which has been acquired as a result of the late war with Spain; and we respectfully demand the recent act of congress creating a tariff wall between Puerto Rico and other parts of the country; and we desire to call the attention of the people of New Mexico to the fact that if the tariff, thus incorporated were to be carried to its logical conclusion, duties could be imposed upon all exports and imports between the territory and the rest of the United States; that our citizens could be deprived of all voice in the government of the territory; of the right of trial by jury, of the writ of habeas corpus, of the right of public assembly and all other fundamental rights; and that the territory would be converted into a mere colony of the United States.

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NEBRASKA DEMOCRATS.

Platform of Principles on Which They Stand.

DECLARE WAR ON THE TRUSTS.

Oppose Bank Control of Money and Denunciate Imperialism - Favor Independence For the Philippines, Retains a Large Army as a Menace to the Republic.

The Democratic state convention of Nebraska on March 10 passed the following resolutions unanimously amid enthusiastic cheering:

We, the Democrats of Nebraska, in convention assembled, do hereby reaffirm and endorse, in whole and in part, in letter and in spirit, the platform of the Democratic national convention held in Chicago in 1904.

We favor amendments to the federal constitution specially authorizing an income tax and providing for the election of United States senators by a direct vote of the people.

We oppose government by injunction and the black list and favor arbitration as a means of settling disputes between corporations and their employees.

We cheerfully approve the support given by Democrats throughout the country in the movement looking toward the municipal ownership of municipal franchises.

We favor the principle of the initiative and referendum wherever it can be applied.

We are in favor of liberal pensions to discharged soldiers and to their dependents; we believe that money upon the pension rolls should not be arbitrarily dropped, and we believe, as stated in the last national platform, that the fact of substantial service should be deemed conclusive evidence against disqualification before enlistment.

We are in favor of the immediate construction and fortification of the Nicaragua canal by the United States.

We condemn the Dingley tariff law as a trust breeding and extortion inviting measure, skillfully devised for the purpose of giving to a few, while the rest of the country is suffering, the heavy burden which they should not bear.

We welcome the opportunity offered this year to take the federal government out of the hands of the Republican party, which has abandoned American ideas and American ideals, and at the command of corporate wealth has clothed against the financial independence of the individual and the contemplation of the public good, the declaration of the greenback as the national currency.

We pledge ourselves to wage a successful warfare against all trusts—the money trust, the industrial trust and the international land grabbing trust.

Instead of a system which would chain our nation to the gold standard and compel it to participate in all the disturbances which come to European nations we demand an American financial system, made by the American people for themselves, to be based on the soundest restoration of the free and unlimited currency of gold and silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1 without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation.

The Republican administration has admitted the gold standard to be unsatisfactory by appointing a commission to solicit foreign aid in restoring the double standard, and a Republican congress, even while trying to make the gold standard permanent, has confessed judgment against the standard by attempting to revive the discredited hope of international bimetalism.

Instead of the system favored by the Republican party, under which national banks are to be permitted to issue and control the volume of paper money for their own profit, we reiterate our demand for that financial system which recognizes the government's sovereign right to issue all money, whether coin or paper, and we demand the restoration of the greenback as they now exist and the retirement of national bank notes as rapidly as greenbacks can be substituted for them.

We believe that private monopolies are indefensible and intolerable, and we condemn the national administration for its failure to enforce the present law against the trusts or to recommend a more effective law.

We favor a state constitution which will prohibit the organization of a monopoly within the state and also prevent a monopoly organized elsewhere from doing business within the state, but we further believe that congress should supplement the efforts of the state by legislation which will require every corporation, before doing business in this state, to show that it has no water in its stock and that it has neither attempted in the past nor is attempting to monopolize any branch of business or the production of any article of merchandise.

In its platform of 1900 the Republican party declared that the maintenance of the principles proclaimed in the declaration of independence and embodied in the federal constitution—viz, that all men are created equal; that governments are instituted to secure their rights, and that governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed—is essential to the preservation of our republican institutions, but the Republican party, under its present leadership, is endangering the preservation of republican institutions by placing the dollar above the man in the construction of government and of violating the principles that it once declared to be essential.

We condemn the Tariff Bill recently passed by a Republican house of representatives as a bold and open violation of the nation's organic law and a flagrant breach of good faith.

We assert that the constitution follows the flag and denounce the doctrine that as executive or a congress, created and limited by the constitution, can exercise lawful authority beyond that constitution or in violation of it. Believing that a nation cannot long endure, but respect and half measure, we oppose every act of conquest and colonial possessions.

The Philippines cannot be citizens without endangering our civilization; they cannot be subjects without endangering our form of government; and we are not willing to surrender our civilization or to convert a republic into an empire, we favor an immediate declaration of the nation's purpose to give to the Philippines—first, a stable form of government; second, independence; and, third, to secure them the right of self-determination.

We favor the expansion of trade by every legitimate and peaceful means, but we are opposed to purchasing trade at the expense of the manhood of our people. Neither do we believe that trade secured and held by force is worth the price that must be paid for it. We are in favor of extending the influence of our nation, but we believe that influence should be extended not by force and violence, but through the persuasive power of a high and honorable example.

We oppose imperialism. It imposes upon the people a colossal burden and a constant expense. A small volunteer army and a well equipped state militia are sufficient in time of peace. In time of war the citizen soldier should be a republic's defense.

We believe, with Jefferson, in peace, commerce and honest friendship with all nations and well-wishing alliances with none, and we regard with suspicion the doctrine advanced in some quarters that this nation should in its dealings or disposition show partiality toward any of the European nations.

Not because of hostility to England, but because we believe in the principles of a republic and reject, as did our forefathers, the timidity of monarchy, we are opposed to the House in their heroic efforts to preserve their national integrity. The House of Representatives, who four years ago expressed sympathy for the Cuban people, to feel as interested in the struggle of the Dutch in South Africa as the paralyzing influence of the imperial policy to which the administration is now consenting to commit this country.

Nothing but blunders. Ex-Postmaster General Dickinson sided up the McKinley administration when he said that its acts had been a series of stupendous blunders, executive, diplomatic and legislative.—Albion (Mich.) Mirror.

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