

7-21-1900

Carlsbad Current, 07-21-1900

Carlsbad Printing Co.

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CARLSBAD CURRENT.

VOL. VIII.

CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO, SATURDAY, JULY 21, 1900.

NO. 37.

CARLSBAD SALOON

BARFIELD & CANTRELL, Proprietors.

WINES,
LIQUORS,
CIGARS,
CASE GOODS.

Territorial.

Frank McFall of Bland has gone to his home in Ohio.

Misses Nellie and Catherine Fitzpatrick of Wichita are visiting their father in Raton.

Railroad surveyors have completed the survey of another line from Las Vegas to Taos.

The First National Bank of Raton has increased its capital stock from \$50,000 to \$75,000.

O. A. Bower, formerly assayer at the Lone Star mine at Bland, is now located at Carthage, Mo.

Cecil Rice, assayer at the Bland mill has returned from his three months vacation in California.

A garbage wagon has been placed at the service of the residents at Albemarle by the management.

Miss Eugenia Mansour of Carrollton Mo., is spending the summer in the family of C. N. Blackwell of Raton.

J. C. Brevier, employed at Albemarle in the famous Cochiti district, is taking a month's vacation at San Diego Cal.

Charles Burk, who has charge of the pumping station in Media Dis canyon in the Cochiti district, is laid up with a crippled hand.

Marion Cliff, a railroad of Raton, died of fever in the Las Vegas hospital last week. He was a brother-in-law of Engineer Hub Gardiner.

Archbishop Bourgade of Santa Fe, accompanied by Father Garcia of Costilla and Father Medina of Penasco, visited Taos recently.

A party of Bland pleasure seekers are camped at San Antonio springs. Among the number are Misses Mabry, R. L. Goggin, J. P. Mabry and P. Sullivan.

J. W. Pilmore, who has conducted a meat market at Bland for the last year has moved to Pueblo Col., with his family, where he will open a new meat market.

Assessment work is being done on the Yankee Blade and Albemarle mining claims in the Cochiti district by the owners, H. V. Smith, Ed. Smith and Tom Goodwin.

Mrs. Frank Collins of McAlester, I. T., and Miss Carrie Cunningham of Paris, Tex., are visiting their sister, Mrs. Gussie Dyer, and the family of George Hobbs, in Raton.

Harold Finch is now carrying the mail from the Bland to the Albemarle, succeeding Ben Smith, who is employed as night watchman for the Cochiti Gold Mining company.

John Murphy, while doing the annual assessment work on the Julia mine in the Cochiti district, struck a rich body of porphyry in the center of a body of quartz, bearing born gold.

L. S. Sugar of Cerrillos, who represents a Milwaukee syndicate, made a thorough inspection of the Union mine at Bland last Monday. Extensive development work, it is said, will be begun on the mine this summer.

The Wilcox concentrator at the Bland mill has been moved to the Albemarle to test the tailings of that gigantic plant. The concentrator is said to resemble those of the Ortiz mine in this territory and the Congress mine in Arizona.

Arizona Drouth.

Phoenix, Ariz., July 14.—The prolonged drouth, probably unprecedented in the history of this portion of Arizona, has greatly augmented the sufferings of the famine-stricken Pima Indians on the Sacaton reservation. Members of the tribe told Superintendent Cowan of the Indian school, that their cattle were dying rapidly from starvation and thirst. Most of the Indians now depend for food on the few who still have provisions and the supply cannot last long. They are em-

lated and suffering, and unless \$30,000 of the congressional appropriation can be used at once, private subscriptions or similar relief measures must be taken.

Impure digestion and assimilation produce disordered conditions of the system, which grow and are confirmed by neglect. Herbine gives tone to the stomach and causes good digestion. Price 50c at Eddy Drug Co.

Santa Fe's Archeological Treasures.

Santa Fe is pushing a plan for turning over the famous old governor's palace, a relic of the days of the Spaniards, to the government for a lodging for a branch of the Smithsonian Institution at Washington. The idea is to use the building for a museum of antiquities and to preserve there the valuable finds that are made in the territory of evidences of prehistoric civilization. Santa Fe has everything to gain and nothing to lose by such a proposition, but it is doubtful whether the Smithsonian funds could be so diverted, however worthy the idea. New Mexico should not let her archeological treasures escape her to go into the museums of other states. Either she herself or the national government should have possession and control of them for they are needed to help read the riddle of the ages before our own.

White man Turned Yellow.

Great consternation was felt by the friends of M. A. Hogarty of Lexington Ky., when they saw he was turning yellow. His skin slowly changed color, also his eyes, and he suffered terribly. His malady was Yellow Jaundice. He was treated by the best doctors, but without benefit. Then he was advised to try Electric Bitters the great stomach and liver remedy, and writes: "After taking two bottles I was wholly cured." A trial proves its matchless merit for all stomach, liver and kidney troubles. Only 50c. Sold by all druggists.

Nineteen thousand acres of public land have been given to the School of Mines at Socorro by congress. The selection has been made by Commissioner Hermann and it includes some valuable timber tracts in the Sacramento mountains.

For Sale: Some very thrifty pigs, about ready to wean. Enquire of Henry Detmers on the Skeets farm.

Clubbed to Death.

Miss Francisquita Gonzales was killed at Rincon de Corazon, this county sixty miles south of Las Vegas, last week. She was assaulted with a club and her brains beaten out, literally. Her assailant made his escape. The young woman was the daughter of Antonio Gonzales, a well-to-do sheep raiser in south San Miguel county.—Las Vegas Republican.

Those who live on farms are liable to many accidental cuts, burns and bruises, which heal readily when Ballard's Snow Liniment is promptly applied. Price 25 and 50 cts at Eddy Drug Co.

Geo. H. Bush, a dairyman at Bland, in excellent health, ate a hearty supper night before last, went to bed and in fifteen minutes was dead. The cause of death is attributed to heart disease. Mr. Bush has been a resident of Bland for the past two years. He was born in Monticello, Platt county, Ill., in 1863, and leaves a widow, mother, three sisters and a brother. The body was taken east to-day for interment at the old Illinois home. The deceased on Monday last returned to Bland from Canon City, Colo., where he had closed the purchase of a dairy and suburban ranch.

To eradicate worms from the system give the child plain, nourishing food and White's Cream Vermifuge. The result will be, the worms will disappear and the child become healthy and cheerful. Price 25cts at Eddy Drug Co.

RAILROAD EXTENSION.

The Rock Island People Getting a Move on Themselves.

Las Vegas Optic.
As foreshadowed by the Optic some weeks ago, the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific people will do some railroad building in New Mexico this season. The proposed extension, which seems assured, of the Rock Island from Liberal, Kans., to Clayton, New Mexico, to connect with the Colorado Southern will in all probability result in the building by the El Paso and Northeastern—the "White Oaks road," to a junction with the Rock Island at Clayton. This will afford the Rock Island people the shortest route from Chicago to El Paso and Old Mexico and will also give the White Oaks road a direct easterly connection, making it a first class, paying road as a trunk line. The Optic verily believes that the reported consolidation of these two lines is incorrect. They may operate under a traffic agreement but it will be under separate and independent managements.

A citizen of Las Vegas who has studied the railroad situation in the southwest for years, thoroughly and accurately, is of the unanimous opinion, though he says little, that Las Vegas is decidedly in the swim as regards future railroad construction, notwithstanding recent press telegram from Clayton that this city is to be cut off—this city, the acknowledged great wool center of the southwest. He urges that the White Oaks road in its route to Clayton, will cross the Pecos at a point not very far south of Las Vegas, somewhere this side of Puerto de Luna. The trade of this immediate section of the country is the most considerable, locally speaking, and can easily be reached and certainly will be reached, by a branch from some point in the valley of the Pecos. It is very positively known that part of the railroad arrangement is to reach this city by a branch line, or feeder, thereby giving this city virtually all the advantages afforded by the trunk line, not only from Chicago but from El Paso and Mexico points as well—indeed, this feeder will be about as advantageous to us as would have been the Denver & El Paso short line, which was agitated a few years ago. As matters develop it will be seen that the Optic is not far out of the way in its predictions about railroad building in this direction. However, there is perhaps even better news of this character in store for the people of Las Vegas. The Optic is on.

Sheep for Sale.

Sheep of all kinds, either ewes with or without lambs, weathers or dry ewes, muttons or spring lambs, in any quantity; enquire at this office.

The New Mexico Baptist college was what the people of Alamogordo wanted, and is what they will have. The committee appointed to select a location for the college, and the bids of five towns, Springer, East Las Vegas, Walnut, White Oaks and Alamogordo, were carefully reviewed and all claims duly considered. Alamogordo had by far the most liberal bid, being \$8,500 as a cash bonus and property to the value of \$65,500, making all told \$74,000. Work on the college will begin in a few days and will be pushed to completion. The building will be a brick, trimmed in the white marble taken from an Otero county quarry, which is the finest marble now shipped on the market. The college will be just one mile from the depot, and is beautifully located. Plans are now being drawn for several handsome residences which are to be erected in the college addition. School will open October 1.

Do you know that you can leave Carlsbad at 2:30 in the afternoon today and reach Kansas City the second morning over the Santa Fe Route from Amarillo. Train arrives at Kansas City 7 A. M. making direct connections for Chicago and St. Louis.

DON A. SWERT, Traffic Manager, S. K. Ry. Co. of Texas Amarillo, Tex., W. J. BLACK, G. P. & T. & S. F. Topeka, Kas.

W. A. KERR



DEALER IN

General Merchandise

FANCY GROCERIES
A SPECIALTY.

An Arizona Fire.

Prescott, Ariz., July 15, 2:30 a. m.—The most disastrous fire in the history of the town started at 10:45 p. m. in a row of wooden-buildings known as the Knopel block, south of Montezuma street, and at this hour 12:30 a. m. (Sunday) every building on the west side of the plaza, as far north as Curley street, including the Hotel Burke, is destroyed. The fire is spreading and there is no telling where it will stop. The Courier office was totally destroyed and the Journal-Miner office is in great danger. The firemen are perfectly powerless as there is no water. The business houses on the north side of the plaza are moving out their goods. Over a dozen stores were blown up without effect. It now looks as if the entire north part of the town will go. The loss at present is not less than \$500,000 to \$700,000.

NO MORE NEWS.

Los Angeles, Calif., July 15, 2:10 a. m.—The Prescott telegraph office was destroyed and no further information is obtainable tonight.

A Tax Suit.

District Attorney R. C. Gortner this morning filed suit in the district court, for Taos county, entitled, territory vs. Denver & Rio Grande railroad company, taking out process immediately for service on the agents of said company. This suit is for certain refused tax levies declined by said company, and will be pushed to a decision as rapidly as possible under the procedure. The district attorney hopes to be able to get an immediate trial before Judge McFie, on stipulated facts and waiver of jury. Suit is for \$1,222.18 and penalties, being the amount assessed against the railroad company to pay interest on Taos county bonds and on account of the judgment fund, both of which levies the company objects to.

White's Cream Vermifuge not only effectually expels worms, but is unequalled as a tonic and is a certain and permanent cure for chills and fever. Price 25c at Eddy Drug Co.

Midland Stock News.

From the Reporter.
S. E. Townsend this week sold A. S. Henry 236 fine Hereford cows from the 7D herds at \$50 around, delivery set for the first of November.

Geo. D. Elliott returned about the middle of the week from the 5 WLS where he spent several days managing the round-ups and branding on that range. About 4,000 calves were branded, and we understand, they show up in the finest shape.

W. H. Cowden returned from a visit to Spearfish, So. Dakota, last Monday. He had spent the past two or three weeks in that country the guest of Geo. A. Pemberton, looking over the Cowdens & Pemberton's outfit. On account of very dry weather in the northwest, the range condition looked rather discouraging to Mr. Cowden, though they had suffered no loss and all that was needed was a good rain to put everything in most flourishing state. The rain came two days after Mr. Cowden's departure, and advices from Mr. Pemberton are to the effect that there is no cause for worry.

SUMMER TOURS TO COLORADO.

For the summer of 1900 the P. V. N. E. Ry. will sell tickets to Colorado points as follows:

Boulder, 43.50; Denver, 43.50; Colorado Springs, 39.50; Pueblo, 39.50; Trinidad, 30.00. Tickets on sale up to and including Sept. 31, 1900. Stop over allowed on any point north of Trinidad going or returning.

M. D. BURNS, Agt.

Accidentally Killed.

Last Monday afternoon at Gardiner, Mabel Gowen colored, wife of H. Gowen was shot and instantly killed by Wm. Carawther, a 17-year-old boy. A crowd of colored people were standing in a group fooling with a revolver, when in the hands of Carawther accidentally discharged the revolver. The ball passing through Mrs. Gowen's body. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of accidental killing.

We are Not the Only People That Keep First-Class Goods

But We Keep What the People Want!

Rose Valley, Canadian Club, Mt. Vernon and many other brands of first-class liquors

AT THE

Central Saloon.

KEMP & WOERNER, Proprietors.

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

We have a large list of choice ranch, farm and town property.

McLenathen & Tracy.

Carlsbad, New Mexico.

Rooms for Rent

Best rooms in town, at the lowest prices, either furnished or unfurnished.
Enquire at Current Office.

Will not Be Released.

It has been learned indirectly that the resignation of Lieutenant Curry, of the Eleventh Cavalry, Philippine service has been refused by the war department. Lieutenant Curry tendered his letter to be effective June 15, and figured on being in New Mexico not later than July 20, to close out his affairs and return to Manila to enter business. No reason has yet been assigned for not allowing Lieutenant Curry's resignation, but it is presumed the need for trained officers will yet be felt in the army in the East—El Paso Times.

Washington Letter.

Washington, July 18, 1900.

The issue of imperialism thrust forward by the democratic national platform is already worrying the republicans. The making public of a circular note sent to the great powers by this government, defining its policy toward China, was intended by the administration to counteract the charge of imperialism. While nominally prepared to inform other governments of the policy of this government toward China, that circular note was really prepared to try to convince the people of this country that the McKinley administration has no imperial designs against China, and more of the same sort of stuff may be looked for. Mr. McKinley knows that the Chinese question can wait, but that the Presidential question has got to be settled in November.

The administration has been wobbling again. One day it officially announced that in deference to the advice of Gen. Mac Arthur, no more troops would be sent from the Philippines to China, and the next it ordered a regiment of infantry and a battery of artillery to be sent from Manila.

Praise for the manner in which the democratic platform is written is very frequently heard, sometimes even from republicans. Ex-Senator Faulkner, of W. Va., said of it: "I have never read a better national platform than that adopted at Kansas City. It is written in plain language, says exactly what it means and without indirection."

Although he has been as harshly criticized as any officer in our army for various short-comings, from the time that he was in charge of the construction of the big tunnel for the increase of the water supply of the city of Washington, which although constructed years ago is still being tinkered with and has never been put to any practical use, to his more recent service as military governor of the City of Havana, Brigadier General Ludlow has had built enough to get promoted right along up to get the most desirable assignments. His latest is one that any officer in the army would like

to have. He has been ordered to Europe for the purpose of visiting the great military schools to obtain information to be used in the establishment of a war college for our army officers. He was made president of the war college board as soon as he was relieved as military governor of Havana.

One of the signs that the republicans are not so cocksure of Ohio as they pretend to be is the announcement that Hanna's man Dick has been made chairman of the state republican executive committee. That means that Dick will retire from the secretaryship of the Republican National Committee, which he has held since the last campaign and which carries a salary of \$5,000 a year, while the position he has accepted in Ohio has no salary. Who will succeed Dick as Secretary of the National Committee has not been announced, but, of course, it will be some man thoroughly trained in Hanna methods of securing political ends. It wouldn't cause any surprise in Washington if Perry Hoath resigns as First Assistant Post master General and succeeds Dick.

Mr. Henry Ault, of Boston, now in Washington, said of politics in his State: "If Massachusetts was not so overwhelmingly republican it would go democratic this year. The press and republican party leaders are inclined to sneer at the anti-expansionists of the bay state and to intimate that they are of no consequence politically, but when the election returns are in it will be seen that anti-expansion has more adherents than it has been given credit for having. The question is not looked upon as one of purely government policy, as is the tariff or coinage of silver, but as one in which deep principles of right and justice are involved, and the people of Massachusetts are not to be laughed or sneered out of their profound convictions."

That the democratic expectation of electing a majority of the next House is not a case of rainbow-chasing must become plain to any one who will carefully study the election returns of two years ago. With three vacancies, two in republican districts and one in a democratic district the republicans only have a majority of 15 in the present house and three of them were seated as the result of contests from districts, which elected democrats and will do so again. There are twelve republicans in the present house who were elected by pluralities of less than 1,000 one from California with 113 plurality, one from Illinois with 222, and another from the same state with 509; one from Indiana with 252, one from Kentucky with 10, one from Maryland with 122 and another from the same state with 470; one from Minnesota with 409, one from New Jersey with 536, one from Ohio with 406, and two from West Virginia with respectively 634 and 673. If democrats are elected from all these districts and lose none of the seats they will control the next house.

CARLSBAD REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE OR TRADE.

Town Lots For Sale on Easy Terms

Address: T. F. BLACKBURN, El Paso Tex.

THE CURRENT.
WM. H. MULLANE
Official Paper of Eddy County.
Published every Saturday at Carlsbad, N. M., entered as 2nd class mail matter.
SATURDAY, JULY 21, 1906.
SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
YEARLY—By mail per annum, \$2.00.
By mail per six months, \$1.00.



For President
WILLIAM J. HAYAN,
of Nebraska.
For Vice-President,
ADLAI E. STEVENSON,
of Illinois.

Announcements.

For Sheriff.
The CURRENT is authorized to announce the name of M. C. Stewart for re-election to the office of sheriff subject to the decision of the democratic voters of Eddy county in the primaries.

I hereby announce my name for sheriff of Eddy county in the coming November election.
THOS. A. GRAY.

Treasurer and Collector.
By request of many citizens and democratic voters of Eddy county, I have finally consented to allow my name to be used for the office of treasurer and collector of Eddy county subject to the will of the democrats in the future.
JOHN D. WALKER.

For Assessor.
I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Assessor of Eddy county, subject to the action of the democratic primaries.
JOE T. FANNING.

Probate Judge.
I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election to the office of probate judge of Eddy county subject to the action of the democratic primaries.
ANASTAS GREEN.

Probate Clerk.
The CURRENT is authorized to announce the name of W. C. Green as a candidate for re-election to the office of probate clerk, subject to the democratic primaries Aug. 1, 1906.

County Commissioner.
George Wilcox authorizes the CURRENT to present his name to the public as a candidate for re-election to the office of county commissioner from the 2nd district, subject to the decision of the democracy in the primaries Aug. 1, 1906.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for commissioner from district No. 3, Eddy county, subject to the decision of the democratic party in the primaries Aug. 1, 1906.
N. W. WEAVER.

The tax question has made more wars and contentions than any other ten questions ever known to history. The fathers of this people rebelled on account of the stamp tax, tax on tea and various other taxes, and now Englishmen tell us they are fighting the Boers because they were discriminated against in taxation. If this were true there might be a shadow of an excuse for the war upon a liberty-loving and righteous people, but there is not a word of truth in it. The Boers who own mines pay the same proportionate share of taxes as do the outlanders, British or Americans, but because the British who went into the Transvaal did not choose to put their money into farms and stock ranches they set up a howl about unequal taxation. In the Dutch republic the mines are made to pay the largest share of the expense of government and no matter who owns the mines, all mines are taxed alike. This is what the belligerent British calls discrimination and because he will not renounce allegiance to the queen he pleases to turn it taxation without representation. The facts are the war was wanted as an excuse to gobble the country owned by the Boers and as an excuse for war the government of Great Britain alleged her people were treated unfairly. Now these are the facts and the same conditions prevail here in the United States: If we were weak England would have the same right.

The following notice has been mailed to all citizens who have fences upon government land:

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
Roosevelt, N. M., July 3, 1906.

In reference to a certain fenced inclosure unlawfully maintained by you on the public lands in Eddy county, New Mexico, you are advised that under date of April 27th, 1906, the honorable commissioner of the general land office requires you to remove said fences from the public lands, you having violated the law under the fencing act of Feb. 25, 1885 (see 23rd stat. page 321). You are hereby notified to remove your fences from the public lands, and sixty days from date of this notice are allowed within which to comply with the requirements of the commissioner, and upon your failure to take action within the time specified the case will be reported for appropriate action.

Very respectfully,
A. J. HOBBS,
Special Agent U. S. O.

The above notice is very explicit and permits of no misunderstanding. It is not ambiguous in the least. It simply tells the man who has government land fenced in any way to move the fence. While this is serious and will work great injury to many stock owners who now have a very good thing in having good large pastures of Uncle Sam's land safely fenced and where they can feel secure in the possession of nice

Windmills! Eclipse and Star.
Well Casing and Piping.
Tin and Galvanized Iron Work.
Galvanized Iron Cisterns built to order.
Give us a call and get our prices.
Tracy & McEwan.

large herds of neat cattle, it will not be an undignified injury to the horse, sheep, goat, farming or laboring interests of the west. Many hundreds more horses will be required to care for the cattle of the west when the fences are removed. Hundreds of cowmen will find employment and in consequence, merchants and people residing in towns will obtain trade and revenue from the increased help made necessary on the range by removal of the fences. While removing the fences may lessen the income of many of the great cowmen, it will increase the revenue of the balance of our people. The hats cannot control much of the county, though the largest outfit, and despite assertions to the contrary the man who labors most will have the best chance.

The latest news about the trouble in China is to the effect that our representatives in Peking are still alive. England says she has no men to send to China, which sentiment was promptly echoed by our own tory president, who says the United States has no men to send to China. If England would let up on the poor Boers she could easily send Boba and 200,000 men to China while the queen's pet, McKinley, could easily free the Philippines and send troops from the Philippines to China. If ever a war was just a war on China, would be just. The government of China has allowed peaceable citizens of other countries to be murdered and should be made to understand that murder is not war though war is murder.

Mr. N. W. Weaver, of Malaga, announces this week for commissioner from district No. 3. Mr. Weaver has made an exceptional commissioner for the past two years, being the unanimous choice of his neighbors at the fall election of 1904. His record on the board is that of a painstaking, conscientious man, intent on performing his duty fully in accord with the exact letter of the law governing county commissioners. As Mr. Weaver has no opposition in his district it is not likely there will be an opponent to him in either the primaries or the election.

The web worm appears to have come to stay, for each year its ravages on the shade trees are greater. If half the money paid out for night watch and other useless expenses had been paid to good faithful workmen the worms could have been destroyed early in the season. It would be a matter for congratulation to know that no more town funds will be squandered and that men put to work burning worms will not be allowed to loaf around under the trees. A system of work to destroy these pests should be inaugurated.

Mr. George Wilcox, the popular member of the board from district No. 2, announces in this issue. Mr. Wilcox is probably one of the most popular men ever elected to office in this county. Though a farmer and stock raiser, he has shown excellent judgment in conducting the affairs of the county during the past two years and can consequently be depended upon to continue to execute the duties of his office in accord with the law.

The "Boxers," a huge Coxey army of Chinese tramps, have massacred all the foreigners in China, including Ambassador Conger and family and his entire force of clerks, etc. Several thousand troops have been sent from the Philippines and many more will go from the United States to China to avenge the death of our officials.

A person who sympathizes with England and against the Boers cannot have much of the spirit of liberty and is not a true American. Web Davis, of Missouri, is a typical American and believes in liberty as every true American does. We had Tories and British sympathizers during the revolutionary war and have them still, but they are in the minority, thank kind providence.

The only righteous war of this century would be a war on China. The war on the Philippines is unjust and should be discontinued.

Now that the Sun has ceased to exist, what will the next harvest bring? As a newspaper graveyard Carlsbad is a hummer.

More About Taxes.
There appears to be an erroneous opinion in the minds of some people with regard to allowing the CURRENT the bill for publishing the tax sale notices. The board was governed by Sec. 4077, compiled laws of 1897, enacted in 1891, which is so plain as to what newspapers shall charge for publishing such notices, and other notices, which we hereby quote in full to show that the county commissioners were right in allowing the bill:

"Sec. 4077. All newspapers and printers in the territory of New Mexico shall be entitled for publishing tax sales and legal notices to the following fees: For publishing any notice of sale for taxes, including heads and signatures, for each tract other than town lots for all the insertions, thirty-five cents; for each town lot for all the insertions twenty cents; for publishing any notice when the time for the redemption of lands sold for taxes will expire for each tract or lot of land other than town lots for all the insertions, thirty-five cents; for each town lot, twenty cents; for publishing any legal notice or any order, citation, summons or any other proceeding or advertisement required by law to be published in any newspaper, at a rate not exceeding one dollar per square of two hundred and fifty ems for the first insertion, and sixty cents per square of two hundred and fifty ems for each subsequent insertion."

But in order to be assured that the county commissioners were correct in being governed by Sec. 4077, they wrote the district attorney for his opinion in the matter, the law stating that the district attorney shall be the legal advisor for the county commissioners, who shall be governed by his written opinion, which is as follows:

"It is the opinion of the best legal authority in the territory that tax sales and legal notices are governed exclusively by Sec. 4077, passed in '91. If the county hadn't gotten so far behind the bill would have been less by very considerable."

The law further provides that the tax sale notices shall be published in the official paper publishing the proceedings of the board, which paper shall be of general circulation in the county. While the county commissioners do not claim to be infallible, it is to their interest, financially as well as under obligations of the law, to not allow any bill of any nature whatever that is not legal.

The Optic has not favored statehood under the existing conditions but those who do will find consolation in the following plank from the national democratic platform: "We denounce the failure of the republican party to carry out its pledge to grant statehood to the territories of Arizona, New Mexico and Oklahoma, and we promise the people of those territories immediate statehood and home rule during their condition as territories, and we favor home rule as a territorial form of government for Alaska and Porto Rico."—Las Vegas Optic.

Business is better in Carlsbad than at any time since '94, and continues to increase. Carlsbad is destined to be the home of more wealthy cowmen than any other town in the west and that means that business will be good. Stock raisers have money and any town fortunate enough to be their headquarters is bound to be first-class from a business standpoint.

L. O. Fuller, W. J. Reed and A. D. Greene have leased the Argus from Mr. Tansill, receiver of the P. L. & L. Co., and will conduct the paper republican red hot. The change of form from a four column quarto to a six column folio is sensible because it requires less work in making up, besides giving as much reading.

The Daily Sun suspended publication Monday evening, making twenty-five issues or a little less than one month of life.

Sam Joyner, chairman of the democratic representative committee, has called a meeting of the democrats to nominate a candidate for representative to the next legislature. The convention will meet at Roosevelt, Aug. 6, and Eddy county is entitled to six delegates.

Great Platform, Great Ticket.
Just one hundred years ago the first democratic president was elected. The

work that Thomas Jefferson began will be carried on by William J. Bryan. Jefferson became the head of a loose confederacy of about the present population of Illinois. The problems he had to face were comparatively simple. He had to extirpate the remains of aristocratic privilege, surviving from colonial days. To back him in that effort he had a homogeneous people fired with democratic sentiment. John Jacob Astor, the fur peddler, had accumulated a quarter of a million of dollars and there were several men still richer, but there were no fortunes large enough to be dangerous. There was no American to whom any other American had to cringe, none who was unconsciously regarded as of different clay from the rest.

Mr. Bryan faces a situation infinitely more difficult. That the population over which he is to preside is at least fifteen times as numerous as that whose government was administered by Jefferson is the least of the obstacles he will have to overcome. He has to deal with a society seamed from top to bottom with economic rifts. The old equality of fortune has given way to the most appalling inequalities ever known since Nero built his golden house. There are individual men today whose private income exceed the total revenues of the government in Jefferson's time. Some of them are the practical owners of entire states. They dictate the action of legislatures, courts, congress and the national government by the people, a by-word.

The hardest undertaking in politics is to maintain political equality in the midst of economic inequality. To restore Jeffersonian democracy in its fullest extent there must be an approach to Jeffersonian social conditions.

No man is better fitted than Mr. Bryan to take the lead in carrying out this gigantic work. Robust in body and mind, invulnerable in integrity, unshakable in will, he is the ideal champion for an assault on entrenched evil. His display of firmness in the past few days has convinced even those who do not like his ideas of his sincere devotion to principle and made them contrast him admiringly with the timid, double-faced, fear-to-the-ground politician in the white house. He is precisely the man that is needed to administer the government which, as Mr. Oldham said in his nominating speech, is "bounded on the north by the constitution, on the east by the Monroe doctrine, on the south by the declaration of independence, and on the west by the ten commandments."

Mr. Bryan has been placed on a platform worthy of him. It deals directly and fearlessly with the issues of which the people are thinking. At the head of all it places the question of republic or empire. That is the most fundamental important question with which the American people have ever had to deal, for it goes to the very root of our national destiny.—New York Journal.

Having purchased the Philippines for about \$2 apiece in the lump, the republican administration is now offering its human chatties \$21 in cash for their muskets if they will quit fighting and be good. This is substantially the significance of General McArthur's late proclamation of amnesty. In consideration of the surrender by each "rebellious" Filipino of his rifle, his promise not to continue in "insurrection," and his acceptance of the authority and sovereignty of the United States he will be given a considerable sum of spending money, granted immunity for his "unwisdom" in the past, and transported to his home at the expense of his American owners. Contemporaneously with this display of magnanimity on the part of the republican administration, comes the statement, by way of the republican national convention, that the "war in the Philippines is over," a statement with which the country is sadly familiar, inasmuch as it has been made at regular intervals for the past six months.—Optic.

The Old Republic.
Shall the old republic live,
Spreading freedom's blessings wide?
Shall the old republic live
In its pride?
Faithful to its splendid creed
That one-half the world has freed?
'Tis for us by word and deed,
To decide!

Shall an empire take its place,
Lusting for the spoils of might?
Shall an empire take its place
In the night?
Is its day of glory past?
Is its shame now come at last?
'Tis for us to hold it fast
To the right!

Lift the old republic's flag
To its station proud and high!
Lift the old republic's flag
To the sky!
Guard it there with patriot hands,
And proclaim to all the lands
That the creed for which it stands
Shall never die!
—Ripley D. Saunders, in St. Louis Republic.

Teachers Institute.
Teachers Institute for Eddy county will be held beginning July 23rd, closing August 3rd. On Saturday, August 4th, examinations will be held.
A. N. PRATT, Supt.

THE Parlor Saloon,
J. W. CONWAY,
Proprietor.

TO THE TRADE:
My brand was selected for use at U. S. Marine Hospital, Washington, D. C. After being analyzed by the eminent chemist, W. M. New, over thirty seven samples of the leading brands of Kentucky, Maryland and Pennsylvania. It should be borne in mind that in the treatment of the government service the sample appear in plain bottles, without marks of any kind, and the selection of the Searey Whisky two years, '92 and '94, on its merits, over such a large number of prominent brands is a record that few distillers can show. The water used for the manufacture of this whisky is from the noted Bohme Spring in Anderson county, Ky., which stands at a temperature of 54 degrees the year round, with a supply inexhaustible. This water is at all times clear, I will further state that I have never had a single barrel returned.

Ex-Governor Geo. S. Bontwell, of Massachusetts, the old republican leader of the state, has refused to support McKinley for president and advocates the nomination of Tom Reed by the anti-imperialistic republicans at Indianapolis. The hand-writing on the wall is becoming plainer each day and there appears hardly any doubt as to the election of Bryan and Stevenson. It is plain to be seen that there is a large army of republican voters in this country who are bitterly opposed to the imperialistic policy of the administration, and like Bontwell, cannot consistently support the president for re-election but would vote for a third candidate, some of them, while the majority will support Wm. J. Bryan.—Springer Stockman.

Nick Bastian of Ruidoso formerly with the V V cattle company recently returned from a trip to Old Mexico. It appears that some of the Bastian neighbors suspected that he had brought back a supply of cash and intended to rob him. The other day Nick accompanied by his wife, went to Tularosa on business. They returned home after dark, and when in sight of their house were surprised to see a light shining through the window. Bastian stopped his team and taking his rifle, which he carried in the wagon, he walked up towards the house. When near he saw a man standing on the outside of the door and noticed another on the inside rumaging through the household furniture. Bastian took in the situation at once and fired at the man standing outside of the door. The man fell but got up and ran away. Bastian ran up to the door and going in seized the man and overpowered him. He then secured a rope and tied his prisoner, hands and feet, and placed him out to graze for the night. The next morning Bastian re-guized the thief to be Manuel, a Mexican and stepson of Jim Saulsbury. Bastian gave Manuel a good kicking and turned him loose. Now it has been discovered that

Wall Paper Store. A. J. BRYANT & SONS, Proprietors.
We have
Wall Paper
Paints and Oils
Window Glass
Room Moulding
Picture Moulding
Picture Frames
Window Shades
Curtain Poles
Paint Brushes
ALL KINDS OF Artists Materials

J. F. MATHESON.
Grain-Commission Warehouse.
And General Forwarding
Hay, Grain, Seed, Feed, Blacksmith Coal

U. S. MEAT MARKET.
Fresh Meats, Sausage, Game, Etc.,
Always on Hand.
Free Delivery in any Part of City.
JOHN LOWENBRUCK, Props.

G. F. A. Robertson
BLACKSMITH and Wagon maker.
Feed and Livery Corral in connection. Accommodation and satisfaction, guaranteed.
All kinds of new work a Specialty. Farming Implements of all kinds repaired, on short notice.
HORSE SHOEING GUARANTEED AT ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.
Canon St. Op. Current Office.

THIS palatial new resort solicits the patronage of the people of Carlsbad and Eddy county, guaranteeing courteous treatment and first-class service in all respects. We handle only the best of all kinds of refreshments. For family or medicinal use the renowned J. S. Searey Whisky is unexcelled, as its selection by the U. S. government by the U. S. Marine Hospital will testify. We also handle Sherwood Pure Rye, the best and highest priced of this class of goods on the market.

LAWRENCEBURG, Anderson Co., Ky., 1894.
My brand was selected for use at U. S. Marine Hospital, Washington, D. C. After being analyzed by the eminent chemist, W. M. New, over thirty seven samples of the leading brands of Kentucky, Maryland and Pennsylvania. It should be borne in mind that in the treatment of the government service the sample appear in plain bottles, without marks of any kind, and the selection of the Searey Whisky two years, '92 and '94, on its merits, over such a large number of prominent brands is a record that few distillers can show. The water used for the manufacture of this whisky is from the noted Bohme Spring in Anderson county, Ky., which stands at a temperature of 54 degrees the year round, with a supply inexhaustible. This water is at all times clear, I will further state that I have never had a single barrel returned.

Arthur R. O'Quinn,
Dealer in—
Ice and Wholesale Beer.
Agent for Schiffs and Anheuser-Busch Brewing companies

Jim Saulsbury is confined to his bed at home with a broken thigh caused by a gunshot. Bastian says the fellow who wanted to rob him got none of his money but that he got a great deal of satisfaction out of the would-be robbers.—Captain Miner.

The Appetite of a Goat.
Is envied by all whose stomach and liver are out. But such should know that Dr. King's New Life Pills, give a splendid appetite, sound digestion and a regular bodily habit that insure perfect health and great energy. Only 25 cts. Sold by all druggists.

Natural Gas at Las Vegas.
Contractors are at work sinking a well at the insane asylum and at a depth of 300 feet small quantities of natural gas have been encountered. The Optic says: "A lighted paper thrown into it roars like a cannon and a flame shoots up higher than the pile of dirt from an excavation not yet two feet deep." Let's see, up to date there have been oil, gold, silver and copper struck out there and now comes natural gas. The formation resembles that found in the oil regions of Pennsylvania and it would not seem to be a matter of depth. The asylum authorities will sink the well down 400 feet and then the citizens may join and make another contract with the well-diggers."

Mrs. Geo. Curry, now living at Lincoln has recently received a letter from her husband, Capt. Geo. Curry of the Eleventh U. S. cavalry, now stationed in the Philippine Islands. The captain had intended to arrive home about June 20 but did not receive his furlough papers in time. He was to leave Manila about June 15, and will land at San Francisco about July 20. The captain has not resigned his place in the army but is coming home on a leave of absence and will take his family back to Manila with him when he returns to his post of duty.—Captain Miner.

It Saved His Leg.
F. A. Danforth of La Grange, Ga., suffered for six months with a frightful running sore on his leg; but writes that Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured it in five days. For ulcers, wounds, piles, it's the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cts. Sold by all druggists.

PEKIN MASSACRE.

Confirmation of the Awful Affair
Has Been Received

FROM A NUMBER OF SOURCES.

The Atrocious Deeds of Prince Tuan Show
Him to Be a Monster of the Most
Diabolical Kind.

London, July 16.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Mail says:

"I can assert positively that the Chinese authorities had the dreadful news from Peking a week ago and that Feng knew all the foreigners in Peking were dead when he asked the American consul to cable Washington a proposal to deliver the foreigners in safety at Tien Tsin on condition that the allies would suspend their operations to the north of Peking."

The correspondent adds certain details of affairs at Peking after June 25. According to his story the members of the legation made daily sorties by night and so successfully as to compel the Chinese to retreat from the immediate vicinity. These reverses had a disheartening effect upon the Chinese and they began to make signs of disaffection, followed by desertions to Prince Ching's army which was endeavoring to co-operate with the besieged. Ultimately Prince Tuan decided to make a night attack on three of the columns.

"At 6 o'clock on the evening of July 6," says the correspondent, "the attack was opened with artillery on the British legation, where the foreigners were concentrated. For four hours the walls were battered with shells and shot and huge breaches were made in them. Time and again advance was ordered by the Chinese infantry, volleys constantly moving toward the gaps. The fire of the defenders, however, was so accurate and steady that the Chinese soldiers and boxers broke and fled in the wildest confusion, leaving their dead and wounded around the legation. They could not be rallied until they were out of rifle range of the foreigners."

"Then Prince Tuan, making a desperate appeal, induced them to stand and return to the attack. Artillery fire was then resumed and at the middle watch a second attack was attempted. But before Prince Ching and Gen. Wang Wen Shao with their troops who were going to the aid of the foreigners could reach them a desperate battle ensued between the various foreigners and the Chinese."

"Unfortunately many of Prince Ching's troops deserted to Prince Tuan. Prince Ching fell and was supposed to have been killed, but the search for his body was unsuccessful, and it is now believed that he was only wounded and was carried off and secreted by his faithful retainers."

"Gen. Wang Wen Shao, although gray-headed and 70 years old, valiantly headed his troops. He was killed and his force was completely outnumbered."

"Throughout the night repeated attacks were made on the legations, but these were invariably repulsed with heavy losses. Toward the end of the third watch, about 5 a. m., the allies had practically defeated the besiegers, who were wavering and gradually withdrawing. But just then Gen. Tung Pan Shing arrived from the vicinity of Tien Tsin with a large force of 8000 men. By this time the walls of the legation had been battered down and most of the buildings were in ruins. Many of the allies had fallen at their posts and the small band that was left took refuge in the wrecked buildings which they had endeavored to fortify."

"Upon them the fire of the Chinese artillery was directed. Toward sunrise it was evident that the ammunition of the allies was running out and 7 o'clock as the advance of the Chinese in force failed to draw a response a rush was determined upon."

"Thus standing together, as the sun rose, the little remaining band, all the Europeans, met death stubbornly. There was a desperate hand to hand encounter. The Chinese lost heavily, but as one man fell others advanced and finally overcame by overwhelming odds, every one of the Europeans remaining was put to the sword in the most atrocious manner."

Gives Particulars.

Chinan Pu, July 16.—A messenger who left Peking on July 2 arrived here Saturday and reports the artillery of Boxers and Tang Fua Shangs troops made a breach in the legation wall, which was then leveled, afterward taking the legations by assault. Massacre followed. None left alive. Losses among Boxers and troops enormous. The foreign troops used up their ammunition before the Chinese effected an entrance into the compounds.

NEWS NUGGETS.

Items of Recent Happenings Dressed Down to Small Size.

Li Hung Chang has been summoned to Peking.

There are four cases of smallpox in Navarro county, Texas.

J. M. Bryson, a farmer, was drowned in a tank five miles from Vernon, Tex.

The young son of Charles Stewart of Paris, Tex., was fatally kicked by a mule.

A human hand was found wrapped in rags at Gainesville, Tex., in a cemetery.

John Riley was run over by a Santa Fe train at Alvarado, Tex., and soon expired.

July 14, the anniversary of the fall of the Bastille, was generally observed in France.

Inclement weather caused the abandonment of the cotton congress at Galveston, Tex.

Ed Riley, colored, 9 years old, was drowned in Pecan creek, near Gainesville, Tex.

Military officers at Cape Nome, Alaska, make serious charges against each other's conduct.

At a picnic five miles from Wynnewood, I. T. Richard Lindille was fatally stabbed.

William Hethon, who had been pronounced insane, hanged himself in jail at Hallettsville, Tex.

Misses May and Katie Mullen, cornetists of Dallas, Tex., are performing at the Paris exposition.

Important changes are to be made in the regulations of the government baths at Hot Springs, Ark.

Judge Yancey Lewis of Ardmore, I. T., has accepted the position of professor of law in the University of Texas.

Pelipe Buencamino, Aguinaldo's former secretary of state, thinks a formal promise of personal liberty should be given by Americans to the Filipinos.

In an effort to arrest Van Alexander, colored, at Chulahoma, Miss., Detective Perkins was fatally shot and Alexander killed.

A strata of lignite four feet thick and of excellent quality has been discovered at Lamp Springs, Grimes county, Texas.

In a fight at Victoria, Tex., John Wesley, a 15-year-old colored bootblack, was killed. James Miller, colored, 17 years old, also a bootblack, was arrested.

While Andrew Harris and another negro were fighting at Gainesville, Tex., Harris, who was standing on a railway track, was struck by a train and badly injured.

Senator Gear Dies.

Washington, July 16.—United States Senator Gear of Iowa died at his apartments in the Portland at 4:23 Saturday morning of heart failure. He was in his usual health up to 2:30 a. m., when he was attacked. Doctors were immediately summoned, but their efforts were unavailing.

Sensor Gear was elected governor of Iowa in 1878-79 and again in 1880-81. He was elected to the fifth and fifty-first congress, but was defeated for the fifty-second. During President Harrison's administration he was assistant secretary of the treasury. He was elected to the fifty-third congress as a Republican on Jan. 23, 1891. He was elected senator from the state of Iowa for six years beginning March 4, 1895. His term of service would have expired March 3, 1901.

Believe Them Massacred.

London, July 16.—The morning papers are unanimous in saying that the foreigners have been annihilated, and call for retribution.

The Chronicle comments upon the statement of its Washington correspondent that the United States government will not consider itself at war with China, and says:

"If the Americans are resolved to accept an apology and indemnity for Mr. Conger's murder, they may as well take the consequences without moving another man or gun."

Emperor William can scarcely take the Washington view, for he has pledged himself to retribution."

C. Eskridge, editor of the Republican, suicided at Emporia, Kan., by shooting himself.

Dr. Robt. J. Hill, a prominent mis-souri physician, died at St. Louis.

Five Blocks Burn.

Promcott, Ariz., July 16.—The total loss by the fire is estimated will exceed \$1,500,000. All that remains of the principal business portion is tottering walls. The fire, which started at 10:45 o'clock Saturday night, was not under control until 3 o'clock Sunday morning, when the fire-fighters went a considerable distance in advance of the flames and blew up the buildings on the southern side of Goodwin street. The burned district embraces five blocks.

WITHOUT WARNING

A Mighty Wave Came and Sent Several Souls to Eternity.

Coleman, Tex., July 15.—The flood has proven an awful calamity for this town and vicinity. The bodies of ten persons are awaiting burial and still others are known to have been lost.

There has been an extended drought here—about two months. Sunday night a steady rain fell all night. Ford's creek, a small stream rising about fifteen miles north of Coleman and running in about a quarter of a mile of town, was full to the banks Monday morning and a number of people had some across the valley to look at the stream, when, without any warning, a huge wave of water ten feet high and a quarter of a mile wide bore down on the people living in the valley between the railroad and town. J. O. Spath, a butcher, was on the edge of the creek on horseback, and as soon as he saw the water coming he took two little girls up on his horse and made for town, but was overtaken by the mountain of water before he had gone half way and was hurled against a wire fence and was seen no more until his body, together with those of the little girls, was taken from the debris about half a mile further down after the flood had subsided. Spath leaves a wife and baby.

Crawford Jackson, who was with Spath at the time, also picked up two children and started for town, but realizing that it would be impossible to make it, climbed a small mesquite bush, but found that it would not hold the weight of three. He placed the children in an safe position as possible, stepped down into the water, which was then six or eight feet deep, and swam to an old barn into which he with difficulty managed to climb. Jackson and the two children were finally rescued in boats.

John Eulistine, who was a bartender in a saloon situated just outside the corporation and near the creek, also tried to escape with a little girl who was caught in the flood, but they both perished and their bodies were washed about half a mile and lodged in some bushes.

Heck Rodges, proprietor of the saloon, started to ride, but was caught in the rush of water and narrowly escaped by grabbing small brush and holding on till rescued with boats.

Caused by a Hog.

Dodge, Tex., July 15.—An engine No. 2 was starting out to the woods with quite a number of woods' crew aboard. It ran over a hog, which threw it off the track, turning it over and killing James Stewart, white and Dick Grant, colored, instantly, and injuring several others. Among the number injured was Mage Cleveland, Toke Robark, Joe Bryant and Billnoski and some others whose names can not be learned.

The wreck on the International and Great Northern three miles north of Dodge this morning of a freight train in which nine cars jumped the track, was caused by a defective rail. No one was killed or injured.

Rose Thirty Feet.

Kerrville, Tex., July 15.—The heaviest and most destructive rainfall this section has experienced for the last seventeen years fell here last Sunday evening. The rainfall was over 10 inches and the Guadalupe river at this point rose over thirty feet. Parties who lived along the river were forced to leave their houses and several fishing camps were completely washed away. Jack Craven, in Goat creek, lost his home.

Drowned in a Tub.

Velasco, Tex., July 15.—The dead body of Jim Oliver, a negro, was found Monday by the section hands of the Velasco Terminal railroad. It was lying alongside of the track, the body partly submerged in the water. The inquest developed the fact that Oliver was an epileptic and that while walking along the side of the track he was attacked by a fit and fell into the ditch. The accident must have happened some time Sunday.

Telephone Strike Settled.

Houston, Tex., July 15.—The strike of the employees of the Southwestern Telephone and telegraph company has been amicably settled.

The settlement was effected upon the following basis: The strikers to return to work without prejudice. The company to interpose no objection to any employee joining the union who desire to do so. The company reserves the right to employ non-union people and to retain all of its present employees.

Started Homebound.

Richmond, Tex., July 15.—Mr. J. C. Williams, agent of the Southern Pacific railway at this place, received a basket containing twenty homing pigeons from the American Flying club of Baltimore, Md., with the request that he open the basket and give them their liberty. This he did Tuesday. As soon as the basket was opened the birds went skyward, then circled for a time and finally began their long journey to the northeast with great rapidity.

CLOUDBURST CASUALTIES.

A Number of Persons Lost Their Lives and Property Damaged.

Coleman, Tex., July 17.—About 3 o'clock Monday morning a cloudburst fell on Ford's creek, above this place. A heavy rain had fallen here and the creek was bank full.

A little after 8 o'clock Monday morning a tremendous wave was seen coming down the valley. Before any one could realize the impending disaster the whole valley was filled with water and the creek was nearly a mile wide.

A number of residences and camps were washed away and many lives were lost. It is known that fifteen people were drowned, among them John Eulistine and J. O. Spath. Spath and Eulistine were engaged in rescuing four little girls, each having two on his horse when all were washed away.

Ten bodies have been recovered and search is being made for others.

Spath was one of the leading citizens of this place.

It is not known how many lives have been lost along the course of the creek, and the worst is feared.

The damage to crops has been great, but the loss of life overshadows everything else.

Llano Cyclone.

Llano, Tex., July 17.—At 5:05 o'clock Sunday evening a cyclone probably 200 feet wide, passed through this section, doing considerable damage in North Llano.

The rain had been falling pretty steadily during the evening and the clouds while lowering did not appear threatening and no one expected danger until with a rush, a roar and crash the stream was on us. Houses wrecked and in ruins, barns blown down, orchards devastated and ornamental trees denuded—these attest the fury of the storm.

About 7:45 o'clock that evening a dark cloud came over from the northeast, passing some miles east of town, while another came up from out the southeast. No one expected more than a heavy rain. Occasional flashes of lightning with the heavy rolls of thunder warned those who were out to seek shelter, the cloud from the northeast came over and a heavy downpour of rain with it. Those who saw the meeting of clouds soon saw the signs of a storm, yet not many saw it and it was not until it was overhead with its deafening roar and trees were being uprooted, chimneys tumbling, roofs torn off, well houses falling and crashing, women and children screaming. In three or four minutes its work was done and some of the coolest homes in Llano were in ruins.

The storm came from the southeast, striking first the home of Mrs. Brown, in the extreme southeast part of the city, one end of her house being blown in. From there to Mr. J. W. Moore's, a distance of about 600 yards, no damage was done. Mr. Moore's chimney was blown down. As the 200 yards below the chimney the seething, roaring monster crossed the river, 200 yards below the bridge, as if thirsty, it swooped down and lifted the waters from the river bed to a height of perhaps a hundred feet. On the north side of the river, as with destructive hands the Austin and Northwestern railroad depot came within its clutches. The southeast corner of the roof was lifted off and sent whirling away.

The forces of the wind was such that the depot, about 120 feet long and strongly built was considerably wrecked.

Severe Collision.

Meridian, Tex., July 17.—A serious wreck occurred on the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe railway. A southbound freight train had sidetracked for the northbound local and was standing near the south end of the switch. The northbound train, a double-header, jumped the track near the south end of the switch and ran into the train standing on the sidetrack and in a moment's time three engines, two heavy trains, cattle, watermelons and human beings, lay in one heap. Two cars of cattle and three cars of watermelons and a great deal of other goods were lost. A flick was killed. Engineer Bussinger and Fireman Brooks were badly injured.

W. R. Hearst, president of the National Association of Democratic clubs, has issued an appeal to voters to work for the Democratic ticket.

Mount Pleasant Fire.

Mount Pleasant, Tex., July 17.—Fire broke out on the east side of the public square Sunday night. John Hargrove's grocery store was destroyed. Loss, \$13,000; insurance \$9000.

Geo. W. Coker's dry goods store was also destroyed. Loss, \$5000; insurance \$2000. Other losses were: T. B. Caldwell, store, loss \$1000, insurance \$700; Jesse Greer, confectionery, postoffice, Mrs. L. N. Williams, dry goods; J. T. Rowsey, racket store, and Lillienstein Bros., dry goods and groceries.

ATTEMPTED ESCAPE.

Humphreys Prisoners Were Digging Out When Discovered.

Palestine, Tex., July 16.—Another attempt to break jail was made here early Saturday morning, and the timely arrival of the officers was all that prevented the escape of the prisoners.

Friday night when the jailer locked up the prisoners in cells Nos 1 and 2, Joe Wilkerson, his son, Walter Wilkerson, and W. A. Johns, three of the men charged with the lynching of the Humphreys, escaped from the cells where the other Humphrey prisoners were confined and hid in cell No. 3, which was unoccupied. In reply to inquiry from the jailer if they were all in their cells they answered "Yes." The door of the unoccupied cell could not be closed, as the bath tub stood in the way. After receiving the answer from the prisoners the jailer locked the first two cells, then made an inspection of the cells before leaving. After the jailer had left, the two Wilkersons and Johns were free in the run-around in front of the cells. One Matthews, a prisoner confined in the jail on the same floor with them, was sleeping in the run-around and was assisting the prisoners in their attempt to escape. They broke one of the heavy steel brakes by which the cells are locked, and with this broke the iron bars which led out into the main run-around. A place was broken through the bars large enough to admit a man's body, and the four crawled through this and went downstairs. They went to the back of the jail and began digging their way through the brick wall.

They were just about through with their work when Ranger Blanton, who has been guarding the prisoners, heard the noise. He was making an outside inspection of the jail, and hearing the pounding listened for some time before giving the alarm. Being convinced that the prisoners were attempting to escape he awoke the other guards, who slept upstairs in the front part of the jail and they entered the lower floor caught the prisoners at their work.

The prisoners were immediately returned to the cells and guards placed over them the rest of the night.

Telephone Strike.

Houston, Tex., July 16.—The trouble between the young ladies formerly employed by it and the Southwestern Telephone company in the nature of a strike is not materially changed. The exchange boards, it is learned from the officers of the company are pretty well filled, and they are conducting business to-day.

It is also learned that some of the outside phones of the company have been broken or damaged.

Restaurants were called upon by representatives of the Trades Assembly and notified that if they supplied food to the employees of the company up there they would be boycotted. One restaurateur, it was learned, told them that he paid a license and tax to conduct his business, and the people who paid for meals or luncheons would be served with them. He felt that as a public establishment he had no right to discriminate against persons who bought food from him.

Franchise Suit.

Dallas, Tex., July 16.—The first of the franchise tax suits was filed Friday.

The number of the suit is 19,209, and it is styled State of Texas vs. Texas and Pacific Railway company. The alleged damage to the plaintiff and to Dallas county by reason of non-payment of taxes for the years 1897, 1898 and 1899 is \$50,000. The amount of taxes alleged to be due Dallas county and the state of Texas, including penalties and interest, is \$399,111.35.

Cyclone at Llano.

Austin, Tex., July 16.—News was received here that a cyclone struck Llano Sunday evening at 7:30. The freight depot was unroofed and W. B. Yates' store was entirely demolished and a stock of goods ruined. The Algonia hotel was wrecked and the fine stone residence of N. J. Badu unroofed and all the windows blown out. A residence owned by Dr. Darnall was totally wrecked and a dozen other stone buildings demolished. Many persons were injured.

Shot in Pieces.

Conzaes, Tex., July 16.—Jim Jones, a negro, living at Dilworth, on Sam Johnson's place, was shot to pieces Friday night. He was a negro of good repute, a good worker and of quiet habits. Two men are charged with the killing.

Negro Killed.

Sublime, Tex., July 16.—A negro, Tom Russell, was shot and killed on the Kloppenburg farm, two miles south of Sublime. Robt. Shoemaker, a highly respected young white farmer on the same place, came into town and surrendered to the officers. In the examining trial before Judge Miller, Shoemaker waived his trial to the action of the grand jury. His bond was placed at \$1000, which he readily gave.

Large Shipments.

Tyler, Tex., July 14.—There are from twenty-five to twenty-eight cars of peaches being shipped from this district, which includes Cherokee and Smith counties, daily to the northern, eastern and western markets. These shipments are netting the shippers from \$600 to \$800 per car. This week the shipment of the Elberta variety commenced, and will last for four weeks.

During the tomato season over two hundred cars have been shipped.

GREATEST AT GALVESTON.

The Island City the Recipient of a Vast Deluge.

Galveston, Tex., July 14.—Galveston experienced the greatest rainfall in its history Friday, and before noon half of the city was under water to a depth varying from two to ten inches, according to the grade of the street. It was not high tide, nor the meeting of the gulf and bay, as some people thought, who recalled experiences of many years ago on the island. There was no occasion for any alarm from the gulf overflowing the city. The water on the streets was all fresh water and direct from the heavenly tanks. It rained as it never rained before, and from 8:30 p. m. Thursday until 8 o'clock Friday night fourteen inches of water fell, in less than twenty-four hours, and it was not a constant rainfall at that. The rain up to 2 o'clock Friday morning was not very hard, except at intervals, when the showers increased and for a few minutes dropped the water in sheets. From 2 to 3 o'clock Friday morning it poured down in great volumes, and the result was three inches of rain in sixty minutes. This in itself is a record-breaker. But it did not stop there, and from that hour until late at night it rained heavily, with an occasional decrease in velocity.

The highest record heretofore for Galveston in twenty-four hours was ten inches and a fraction in 1873, but it did not rain like it did Friday.

A steady and stiff northeast wind started early Thursday night, and increased in velocity until it attained thirty-three miles an hour at 11:30 p. m. This was the highest wind recorded during the storm, and it gradually subsided until Friday morning, when it blew only a stiff northeaster. The wind from the northeast blew the water into the bay and drove the waters of the gulf across the extreme eastern point of the island, but not to the extent of doing any serious damage. The wind shifted around, and Friday night it was blowing easily from the southeast and driving the gulf waters inland on the beach in the southeastern end of the island.

The tide rose high on the beach Friday morning—higher than it has been for a long time—but its encroachment was not of a very destructive character. The damage by water could not be estimated in dollars and cents Friday night, although it was conceded not to be very great. A number of residences in the neighborhood of the beach suffered from the water coming into the first floors and backing up into the yards, washing down fences and outhouses. Many of the stores in the business district also suffered from the water rising over the curbing and entering the establishments, but the individual losses are small.

The heaviest damage reported to any one person was the loss of the frame cottage of Mrs. J. Jacobs, situated on Avenue M and Eighth street, almost on the beach. The high tide washed away the front half of the house late Thursday night, and about 4 o'clock Friday morning the water finished the work of destruction by claiming the rear half of the house, which fell in a mass.

Two street car company suffered about \$700 damage.

Business was practically suspended.

Abie Blackwell, colored, was killed by lightning near McGregor, Tex.

Cotton Belt railway officials are inspecting their lines in Texas.

In State Quo.

Houston, Tex., July 14.—The strike of operatives of the Southwestern Telephone company is pretty much in statu quo. Friends of the strikers met several workers who were coming to work at the Central depot last night and captured them, as it were. An attack was made on some men and a disturbance of the peace resulted, but there was no officer present and no arrest was made. Manager Thomas of the telephone company went over to meet young ladies coming to take positions, but he was requested to take a back seat and was not allowed to bring the young ladies over to the city. The ladies were taken in hand by friends of the strikers.

Fishermen Rescued.

Galveston, Tex., July 14.—The five fishermen who were caught in the storm and waterbound on the north jetty three miles from town were rescued by a steamer. They were uninjured, but badly frightened, as the rough sea made navigation of a tug uncertain.



A Gigantic Task Is Finished.
The final volume of the biggest literary work ever undertaken and executed in the world, dealing with the American civil war, the greatest conflict of arms in all history, has just been completed at the government printing office in Washington. The title of the work is "War of the Rebellion: A Compilation of the Official Records of the Union and Confederate Armies." It consists of 128 huge royal octavo volumes of 1,000 pages each, and in addition a gigantic atlas in thirty-five parts. The publication was begun twenty-six years ago and has proceeded uninterruptedly since. The distribution of the volumes as public documents has gone on for eighteen years. Many of the persons to whom they were furnished at first have died.



GEN. AINSWORTH.
and many of the libraries originally designated to receive them have disbanded, leaving a great quantity of odd volumes still undistributed. So now, to utilize these, and give to the public an opportunity to procure sets of the work, the secretary of war is authorized by a provision in the Supply Bill passed at the recent session of Congress to complete and furnish to each senator and representative of Congress two full sets for free distribution among their constituents. In December, 1898, when the original board that had charge of the publication was dissolved the work was turned over to Brigadier General F. C. Ainsworth, chief of the Record and Pension Office of the War Department for early completion. Under his efficient administration the work has greatly been accelerated, and happily now finished, except the mere printing of the final volumes.

May Baboo Astor.
William Waldorf Astor's recent paragraph in his paper, the Pall Mall Gazette, saying that Sir Berkeley Milne of the Naval and Military Club, Piccadilly, formerly commander of the royal yacht Osborne and a well-known clubman, attended a concert at his home without an invitation, is making a great commotion in London society, and threatens to seriously affect Mr. Astor's position. It seems that Captain Milne was dining at the house of a well known woman, who asked him to go with her party to the Astor concert. This is daily done in London, and Sir Berkeley Milne unhesitatingly accepted. On arriving, Mr. Astor, instead of shaking hands with the captain, asked the latter his name. Milne told him and said that Lady brought him with her party. Mr. Astor replied that he had not the pleasure of his acquaintance, requested him to leave and added that he would insert a notice in the newspapers. Sir Berkeley retired in confusion and from the Naval and Military club the same night sent Mr. Astor a letter of apology and expressed the hope that he would allow the matter to drop. In spite of this Mr. Astor, in his paper the next afternoon inserted, as cable to New York at the time, the following paragraph: "We are desirous to make known that the presence of Captain Sir Berkeley Milne of the Naval and Military Club, Piccadilly, at Mr. Astor's concert last Thursday evening was uninvited." Captain Milne's many influential friends, who include the Duke of York, are furious, and the Duke and other naval officers regarding Mr. Astor's conduct as an insult to their profession as well as to a personal friend.



Nailing Campaign Lies.
Nailing lies constitutes an important feature of the business of candidates and campaign managers in every political campaign. The "gr-d-enough-Morgan-until-after-election" method of influencing voters is hoary with age, but never a campaign is waged without the employment of this ancient device. Mark Hanna for the Republicans and Senator Jones for the Democrats will deny some of the campaign lies, but they can't find time to deny all of them. The safe rule for the average newspaper reader is to believe no campaign yarn that is improbable.

A Famous Midget.
Mrs. Gen. Tom Thumb, who has just arrived in New York from Europe, is the most famous midget in the world and has been such for forty years, if the single exception of her late husband be allowed. She is now the Countess Magri, and is accompanied by her second husband, whose stature is about the same as that of his celebrated spouse. The countess was a Miss Bump of Middleborough, Mass. She met Charles S. Stratten (Gen. Tom Thumb) at the house of P. T. Barnum in 1858, and married him in 1861. This little pair traveled over all the world, and were received everywhere. They met Abraham Lincoln, the Prince and Princess of Wales, Emperor Napoleon, the Empress Eugenie, Gen. Sherman, Admiral Porter, Gen. Grant, John Wilkes Booth, a few presidents of the United States, and several Oriental princes.

Mrs. Thumb was first exhibited at Barnum's Museum in New York. In 1855 she and the general went abroad and were received by Queen Victoria at Windsor. They were afterwards engaged by companies of ill-fated puppets for the stage. The countess is now 60, but as youthful in spirit as she was forty years ago.

Porter's Good Work.
Indications have not been lacking during the past year of the anxiety of the French government and the French press to obliterate the feeling on the part of a few toward France aroused in America by the alleged hostile attitude of this country towards the United States in the war with Spain and to endeavor by every means in their power to re-establish Franco-American relations on a more friendly basis. These efforts have been attended by a most satisfactory measure of success, but the participation of the French government in, and the exceptionally cordial tone of the French press towards the Washington and Fourth of July fetes have given an unmistakable stamp to the direction of France's foreign policy. Horace Porter, our ambassador to France, is in a measure responsible for the present happy state of affairs.

Grand Old Li.
Li Hung Chang has been called a great statesman, but Henry Norman, English correspondent, declares that he is an arch humbug, and there is a large range for speculation between these two extremes of opinion. Still, we know more about this old viceroy than we do about any other Chinese. The people of the United States have a kindly regard for the old viceroy. He has even been the warm friend of this country. A few days ago he said to an American correspondent: "Whatever the outcome of this war it will not mar the friendly relations between my country and yours. Ad-

LI HUNG CHANG.
miral Kempff's refusal to join in the assault on our forts at Taku shows that he clearly understands the situation."



What the Kaiser Said.
Among those who were ear witnesses of the emperor's remarks to the marines at Wilhelmshaven previous to their departure for China it is known that his address was much more strongly worded than officially reported, and the newspapers of Wilhelmshaven and that vicinity publish the original version, in which occurs the following:

"I hope to re-establish peace with the sword and take vengeance in a manner never before seen by the world. I send you to eradicate the dishonor done to the fatherland by barbarians. I shall not rest until the German colors fly from the Peking wall."

Kissing Bug Again.
Three cases of bites by kissing bugs have just been reported in New York city. They are the first that have been reported to the hospital. The victims were attacked near Marsh Lands. Emilio Baigier was attended by a doctor in the Long Island Hospital. Mary Tassar was bitten at Richmond Hill. She did not report the fact until her mouth was swollen to twice its natural size. She was treated in the Bellevue Hospital. The third case was that of a young woman who was bitten near Rockaway, and was attended in the Long Island Hospital. In all the cases the result was the same. The lip was attacked and the victims at first thought they had been bitten by mosquitoes. The bite was painful, and in a few minutes the lips began to swell, and continued swelling until



THE KISSING BUG AND HOW HE KISSES.
they were puffed out so the persons bitten thought they were as large as teacups.

Making British Flags.
One of the best indications of the way in which the United States is invading the markets of the world is to be found in the fact that most of the British flags sold in England nowadays are imported from America. This statement is made on the authority of a dealer in London, who is quoted in the Morning Leader of that city. There are no statistics at hand, but the number of British flags made in America runs into the millions, according to this dealer. He explained the fact by saying that Americans made the flags better and cheaper, and that more flags were made and sold in the United States than anywhere else. He also added that nearly all the British flags used in Canada came from the republic.

Rear Admiral Kempff.
Rear Admiral Kempff has just been relieved of command of the American fleet in Chinese waters. Just previous to the combined assault of Europe's warships on the Taku forts, the admiral held a council for the purpose of deciding what course to take. Admiral Kempff on behalf of the United States argued against assault, saying that it would result in the massacre of every missionary in China. Admiral Kempff. When the other admirals decided to fight he withdrew the American squadron and looked on. He has been succeeded by Admiral Remey.

A New Tactic to Public Men.
The camera lens is bad enough, and there is continual protest against him by every person in whom the public takes an interest. But the biograph stand, who is threatening the peace of notables, is much worse. Kinetoscope pictures are about to be put within the reach of every one. A London concern has established a studio where people may go to have moving pictures taken of themselves, just as they now go to be photographed, and a cheap apparatus for the reproduction of the films is sold, which while not so good as those used in the theaters and nickel-in-the-slot devices yet answers the purpose. The manager of the studio says that it is in demand for weddings. The bride and bridegroom, bridesmaids, best man, and all the rest are photographed while the wedding ceremony is being performed, and the happy pair and their friends have copies of the films as souvenirs of the occasion. But this is not the worst. A cheap biograph machine has been invented by which a person may take hundreds of snap shots of any one whom he chooses and reproduce them.

MIGHTY MYSTERY

is the Seemingly Awful Massacre at Chinese Capital.

EARS ARE FREELY EXPRESSED

That When the Darkness of the Flawery Kingdom's Secret is Penetrated Horrors Will be Unveiled.

Washington, July 14.—The news from China, or more properly speaking, the lack of news, is causing the greatest apprehension in official circles. Few people here believe that the foreign ministers escaped assassination, and very little is expected to come of the attempt of Minister Wu Ting Fang to get a message to Minister Conger.

The government, however, cannot tell just what is necessary until more definite news is had from Peking. The information received up to date is so vague and is so probably of a Chinese origin that the officials here are utterly at sea.

It is believed when the tragic mystery of Peking is unveiled that civilization will receive a great shock, which will move the world to vengeance. The fears with regard to the fate of the ministers are increased and aggravated by the possibility of an unspeakable catastrophe to the allied forces at Tien Tsin. It appears that they are so completely impounded that escape is impossible, and they are liable to be annihilated before a relieving force of sufficient strength can reach them.

The allied nations are greatly hampered by not knowing the extent of the "boxer" insurrection, if it is an insurrection, nor the real relations existing between Prince Tuan and the Chinese government. Neither is it known just how formidable the boxer army is. Some officials are inclined to believe that the yellow hordes of interior China have at last arisen to challenge the world, and that the nations will sooner or later learn of conditions that will require the presence in China of hundreds of thousands of troops instead of the few paltry regiments now on the ground.

In this connection there is much talk in Washington as to the part which this country will be called upon to play in the event of a great yellow war. It is very certain that at present the United States can spare few men for service in China. Gen. MacArthur has already informed the war department that no more can well be spared from the Philippines. The few regiments which can be sent from this country may prove totally inadequate to perform Uncle Sam's share of the work.

The possibility that congress may be called together to provide more men and money for the invasion of China is already apparent to the officials.

The president is in constant touch with the state, war and navy departments, and if it develops later that China is really at war with the world, or that a vast yellow insurrection is on, with which the present forces cannot cope, he will lose no time in convening congress for the purpose of dealing with the situation according to its exigencies.

Tecumseh Sherman created a sensation by a letter attacking McKinley, in which he declines to serve on the Union league campaign committee.

No Confirmation.
Shanghai, July 14.—The foreign consuls are offering large sums for the production of the letter which a Chinese merchant is said to have received from Peking, dated June 30, saying that the legations were demolished, and that the foreigners had been killed. The merchant declines to show it, alleging that he fears punishment from the Chinese officials.

Rioting is reported at Ning Po, but no confirmation has been received.

Sending Troops.
Berlin, July 14.—According to a semi-official telegram from Canton, July 12, Li Hung Chang, July 6, received a written imperial edict, dated June 17, and sent overland, in which all the governors were urged to dispatch troops with the utmost speed to help against the rebels among whom Prince Tuan was clearly indicated. Acting on this edict, which is said to be undoubtedly genuine, Li Hung Chang is sending some thousands of troops to Peking.

Heavy Losses.
London, July 14.—Pretoria dispatches show that the Lincolnshires lost half of their officers in the Nitrate Nek affair, including Col. Roberts, who was wounded and taken prisoner. Stragglers continue to arrive at the camp, but few further details can be obtained. The British fought stubbornly until nightfall, when the cavalry turned their horses loose.

The Boer report of the engagement places the British casualties at over 300.

TOPICS OF THE TWO.

Matters of the Moment in Indian and Oklahoma Territories.

Oklahoma.
The drought in Greer county is broken.

The injunction against the Oklahoma City Terminal railroad was refused.

Bank Examiner Hugh has resigned. W. S. Serach of Shawnee succeeds him.

While breaking a colt near Enid, Willie Snowden was thrown and fatally hurt.

The 11-year-old daughter of Elwood Davis of Wellston fell in a well and was killed.

The Oklahoma City city council refuses the street car company a perpetual franchise.

George Golger, aged 14, was hunting rabbits near Homestead. A cartridge stuck in his gun. He attempted to pound it out with a rock. It exploded and tore his head off.

While helping thresh wheat, Louis Roubie, 30 years old, fell on a pitchfork. A tine penetrated an eye to the brain, causing instant death.

Indian Territory.
Oakmar is a new town on the Frisco line.

Dick Linville, who was stabbed at Tons, died.

The barn of Ed Warren at Ardmore, with 500 bales of hay, burned.

A great many cattle are reported dying in the Chickasaw and Choctaw nations.

The board of education of the Creek nation has named the superintendents of schools and teachers.

The Progressive party of Pontotoc county has nominated ex-Gov. Harris to make the race against Gov. Johnston.

Ockmulgee, the capital of the Creek nation, is to comprise 100 acres. It is on the branch of the Frisco railway from Sapulpa to Denison, Tex.

Rhedera Hawes, charged at Muskogee with killing his wife because she refused to live with him, was held without bail.

In a battle with horse thieves, James Pool, president of the Anti-Horse Thiel association of the Indian Territory, a resident of Vinita, was killed.

Robbers Caught.
St. Louis, Mo., July 14.—Charles W. Barnes of 4309 West Belle place, suspected of being one of the robbers who stopped the Illinois Central train and looted the express car of \$10,000 three miles south of Wickliffe, Ky., early Wednesday morning, was arrested at his home here.

John Nelson of 3658 Finney avenue, Barnes' partner, escaped from the detectives, leaving a trail of blood. Forty shots were exchanged between the fugitive and the officers.

Special Agent George Murray, chief of the Illinois Central detective bureau, was shot in the arm.

Barnes was taken by surprise. In effecting his capture a false telegram was sent to his residence. On his person were found \$88, a pistol and a pair of field glasses. He confessed.

Gen. von Schwarzenstein, the envoy extraordinary of Germany to the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg, has been appointed German minister to China in succession to the late Baron von Ketteler.

A bond issue of \$20,000 to build more school houses will be made at Paris, Tex.

Renounced Republicanism.
Washington, July 14.—Dr. L. W. Haberscomb, who was heretofore connected with the Republican national and congressional committees as manager of their German bureau, has resigned therefrom, realizing that he can not support the administration in its policy of what he calls imperialism and militarism. In explanation of this action and the reason thereof he has given out a statement in response to many inquiries.

Jury Completed.
Georgetown, Ky., July 14.—The jury has been completed in the Powers case and the first evidence was heard. Col. Campbell stated the case for the prosecution. He reviewed the political events of last fall, and especially the institution of contests by the Democratic candidates for state offices. He said Caleb Powers was the most aggressive among those who sought to settle the contest by violence.

Will Stand Trial.
Indianapolis, Ind., July 14.—Chas. Finley, ex-secretary of state of Kentucky, said that he intended to go back to Kentucky to stand trial for complicity in the murder of Gov. Goebel.

"I should like to go next week," he said. "My only plan for the future is to return to Kentucky to go through the form of a trial. Just as soon as I am satisfied that the rumor of our opponents has died down, I shall return."

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TEXANOTES.

Ellis county is free of smallpox.

Texas business this summer is good. Oil has been struck at Kerens, Navarro county.

Mr. B. M. Mounce, an old settler in Coryell county, is dead.

Mark Gibson of Gainesville was found dead at his front gate.

N. J. Jordan, one of the oldest settlers of Hardin county, is dead.

Dr. L. A. Johnson, president of Trinity university, Tehuacana, is dead.

The military encampment at Corsicana ended with a sham battle.

Ed Brewer, who was shot at Upton, died. B. J. Norris and son were arrested.

N. B. Fields, an old citizen of Decatur, was killed at Childress by his horse falling on him.

An attempt was made to burn the Fort Worth and Denver railway freight depot at Fort Worth.

While chopping cotton in Williamson county Mollie Blair, colored, died of sunstroke.

The 10-year-old son of Charles Murphy was thrown from a horse at Kennedale and received injuries from which he died one hour later.

F. W. Hall, a switchman in the Southern Pacific railway yards at El Paso, was knocked off a car. His skull was split and he died.

Judge T. S. Johnson, assistant in the attorney general's department, approved, and the controller registered, an issue of \$15,000 of Coleman county jail refunding bonds.

The contract has been let for the building of a new, modern opera house at Cleburne. It will be built on the site of the old one. Work will be begun on July 25.

Ed Wilson, colored, sat on a Central railway cross tie at Caruth's Switch, Dallas county, and fell asleep. A train mangled one of his arms so terribly it had to be amputated.

Patrick Gannon, aged about 55 years, was run over by a flatcar and killed in the Southern Pacific yards at Houston. The deceased had been in Houston about five months.

A. T. Zion was shot in the right arm and breast at Floydada. The wound, although painful, is not considered fatal. J. J. Muncey was arrested, charged with doing the shooting. He made bond and was released.

The Velasco Suburban and Belt Line railway is open for traffic. It will carry passengers and express matter between Velasco and Surfside, making two round trips on week days and three on Sundays.

The Palestine Coal and Mining company, while making experiments on lands near that city, found oil existed and will at once begin the development of the industry. Forces of workmen were sent out at once.

At their home near Elmo, John and Reese Jones, aged 10 and 12 years, and Ed Pettigrew went to kindle a fire with oil from a kerosene can, which exploded, burning them seriously. The father of the Jones boys happened to be near and succeeded in saving the house.

A special chair car having on board twenty-five home-seekers passed through Denison on the Katy en route to Wichita Falls, where they will locate. The party was being conducted by Immigration Agent E. P. York of the Katy, and all those in the party were thrifty farmers from Iowa and Missouri.

In the district court at Georgetown the suit for damages brought by Mrs. Mary R. Steadman vs. the International and Great Northern Railroad company was settled by a compromise verdict for \$5000 in favor of plaintiff.

Clerk Allen of the criminal court of Galveston county received a mandate from the court of criminal appeals affirming the decision of the lower court in the case of James Prendergast, charged with exhibiting a slot machine. xbm xbm xbm xbm xbm xbm xbm

Judge Henderson, of the court of criminal appeals of the state, who rendered the decision of the higher court, decided that a pilot was not a state officer because of the fact that he received no revenue from the state.

Rosenberg Library association of Galveston, estimated value of assets \$500,000. Purpose, founding and maintenance of a public library. Incorporators, A. J. Walker, I. Lovenberg and J. P. Alvey, filed its charter at Austin.

Colman Moth, the young man who was arrested in San Antonio last spring charged with stealing over \$300 worth of jewelry from Dr. Lithgow, was tried in the district court at Laredo and given in two years in the penitentiary. He pleaded guilty.

A damage suit was filed in the district court at Greenville against the Kansas and Texas railway for \$5000. The suit is brought by Louis Stroud for injuries alleged to have received by being thrown from a hand car near Lone Oak last month.

Torrid weather is prevalent in localities.

called from San Juan for Hampton Roads.

United States Consul Hay, at Pretoria, will soon return home.

Reports that a fresh revolution has broken out in Venezuela are denied.

Herr Krupp will erect a large foundry at Merwen, Belgium.

Lady Randolph is to encircle the globe on her wedding tour.

Gov. McMillen has withdrawn from the senatorial race in Tennessee.

"Old Bill" Pierce, a nephew of the late President, died at New York in poverty. He was once a noted gambler.

The commercial treaty between the United States and Italy has been approved by the chamber of deputies of the latter country.

The Mackinac, which has been watching the United States interests in the Isthmus of Panama and at the Colombian ports for the past seven months, is being sent to the Pacific.

Slaughter houses of Bimble & Von Wagner and the Swift & Bathgate company, near Newark, N. J., burned. Loss \$485,000.

From indications and the slowly coming in returns, President Diaz of Mexico has been re-elected by an overwhelming majority.

The British war office announces that Gen. Buller reports that 679 prisoners released by the Boers have arrived at Ladysmith.

A sensation has been caused by the killing of Prof. Domberg, a famous oculist, by an officer of the general Russian staff in St. Petersburg.

John C. Fremont, supervisor of the harbor of New York, who has just been transferred to the Asiatic squadron, is a son of J. C. Fremont, "the Pathfinder."

Charles H. Westvelt, secretary and treasurer of the Dime Savings bank of Newark, N. J., is under arrest, charged with stealing between \$38,000 and \$40,000 from the bank.

A successful test of the submarine boat Argonaut has been made. The boat was submerged for four hours and crawled several miles on the bottom with three guests on board.

F. H. Cassatt, the founder of La Grange, Ill., and one of the best known men in that section, committed suicide by shooting. He was 80 years old and was dependent from long illness.

Major Gen. Von Lassel, the commander of the twenty-eighth army division, has been appointed to command the German forces in China, with the rank of lieutenant general.

Among the candidates for West Point appointed last week under the increase provided and required by legislation from states at large are the following: Robert S. Taylor, alternate, New Iberia, La.; Henry H. Roberts, Starkville, Miss.; Richard P. Bowen, alternate, Dyhal, Miss.

The Mississippi Republican state executive committee selected at the recent convention met at Vicksburg and perfected organization by electing Jap. Hill chairman and T. V. McAllister secretary. The selection of presidential electors from the state at large was left to the state central committee.

Percy W. Young, who claims to be a follower of the turf, was arrested at the Terminal hotel, St. Louis, on a telegram from the chief of police of San Francisco. The telegram simply stated that he is wanted there on a charge of felony.

Judge William A. Holt of Kentucky, who has just been appointed chief justice of Porto Rico, is one of the best known lawyers in his state. Ex-Secretary John C. Carlisle once said of him: "He has the perfect legal mind."

The next meeting of the grand lodge of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks will be held in Milwaukee. The last day's session was devoted to a discussion of proposed changes in the by-laws. The session just held met at Atlantic City, N. J.

Hon. Clark Howell of Atlanta was married to Miss Annie Comer, daughter of the late Hugh H. Comer, president of the Central of Georgia. Immediately after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Howell left for New York and have sailed for Europe.

The duke of the Abruzzi having started from Italy some time since to look for Andree in the arctic regions, Capt. W. Bude Di Wisman has now started from the east coast of Spitzbergen to look for the duke of the Abruzzi.

News has been received at Geneva, S. Y., of the death of First Lieut. Horace Webster of the forty-second volunteer infantry in the Philippines. The dead soldier was related to Wm. S. Hesel, formerly postmaster general. He had rendered good army service.

FEARFUL WAS THE BATTLE.

Seven Thousand Allied Troops Endeavored to Storm the Walls of Tien Tsin,

BUT WERE REPULSED WITH THE LOSS

Of Great Numbers, Including Many Americans, the Fire of the Twenty Thousand Chinese Strongly Entrenched Being Too Great to Endure.

Tien Tsin, July 13, via Che Foo July 13, and Shanghai July 17.—At 2 o'clock this evening 7,000 of the allied troops were attempting to storm the wall of the city. The attack began at daylight. Its success is doubtful. The Chinese on the walls are estimated variously at 20,000. They are pouring a terrific hail of artillery, rifle and machine gun fire upon the attackers. The American, Japanese, British and French troops are attacking from the west and the Russians from the east.

The Americans suffered terribly. As a press representative left the field, the chief surgeon of the ninth infantry made a conservative estimate that 25 per cent of the Americans were hit. Col. Wilson Liscum is reported to have been mortally wounded as he was walking in front of his troops.

Major Regan, Capt. Buckmiller, Wilcox and Noyes are among the wounded. The marine's losses include Capt. Davis, killed, and several others wounded. Officers declared that it was hotter than Santiago. When the correspondent left the Americans were lying in the plain between the wall and river under an enfilading and direct fire. It was equally difficult for them to advance or retire.

The correspondent counted 300 wounded men of all nationalities. (The officers of the United States marine corps mentioned in the foregoing dispatch are probably Capt. Austin R. Davis, recently at Manila, killed; First Lieut. Smalley D. Butler, of the U. S. S. Newark and First Lieut. Leonard, recently on duty at Cavite, and also of the Newark, wounded.)

Washington, July 17.—The navy department to-day received official confirmation from Admiral Remy of the reverse of the allied forces at Tien Tsin on the morning of the 13th. The dispatch is dated Che Foo, July 16, and says:

"Reported that allied forces attacked native city morning 13th. Russians with ninth infantry and marines on left. Losses allied forces large—Russians 100, including artillery colonel; Americans over 20; British over 40; Japanese 58, including colonel; French 25.

"Col. Liscum killed; also Capt. Davis, marine corps. Capt. Lemley, Lieut. Butler and Leonard wounded. At 7 in the evening allied attack on native city was repulsed with great loss. Returns yet incomplete; details not yet confirmed. REMEY."

THRILL OF HORROR

Sent Through Washington Officials Over the News From China.

Washington, July 17.—The dispatches relating to the disastrous defeat of the allied forces before the walls of Tien Tsin shot a thrill of horror through the officials at Washington, and has directed attention to the critical situation of the allied army. Intense alarm prevails here lest the allies be overwhelmed before they can be reinforced or retreat. So far as known up to the sending of this dispatch, the allies are surrounded and retreat cut off and further news is anxiously awaited. Indeed, it is feared that the army has already been annihilated, as it seems that the Chinese were being reinforced from Tientsin's army when the last news left Tien Tsin.

The confirmation of the report of the death of Col. Liscum and Capt. Davis leaves no doubt as to the fierce struggle which ensued, as it seems that the casualties among the officers of

all nationalities were exceptionally heavy.

The Tien Tsin repulse has aroused the administration to the gravity of the situation, and the necessity for taking heroic steps toward dealing with the boxers. An extra session of congress is probable.

Administration officials have been hoping all along that the forces on the ground supplemented by the Japanese troops and Cossacks soon to arrive would end the insurrection, but it is being made plain that the insurrection is far beyond the power of the small force on the ground, and that if order is to be restored soon an enormous army will have to be thrown into China and kept there for an indefinite period. There is no doubt that the United States will be expected to put into the field a much larger army than is possible under present conditions without hazarding the nation's interest in the Philippines. Gen. Miles is in favor of immediately withdrawing a large part of the force in the Philippines at once and putting them in service in China, but Gen. MacArthur is vigorously protesting against the further reduction of his army on the ground that it will mean the loss of all ground gained in the past year. Indeed, he notifies the department that he needs more men, and that it will be fatal to withdraw any considerable portion of his army. Gen. Miles does not understate the force of what Gen. MacArthur has said, but contends that the Chinese situation presents an emergency that can be met promptly in no other way but by using the Philippine army that the principal Philippine positions can be defended with a smaller force, he abandoned until such time as the government can put an adequate force into the field.

The government is sadly embarrassed because of the dearth of information as to the extent of the insurrection. The affair at Tien Tsin, however, convinces them that interior China is a seething mass of anarchy and that hundreds of thousands of natives are in hostile array against foreigners and are bent upon war of extermination. Never before in the history of Chinese wars have the Chinese appeared so determined, and never before have they shown such skill in the handling of modern implements of warfare. Their accuracy of fire and their fanatical courage are startling, and lead to the belief that the western forces have before them one of the most gigantic tasks of the century. Some army men here are of the belief that it will be necessary for the United States to put 50,000 men in the field, and that the allied powers may have to maintain an aggregate strength there of not less than 3,000,000 men.

From what can be learned it seems that the insurrection is extending into the south, and there are fears that even Li Hung Chang has joined the boxers, it being doubted that the Chinese government has ever made any serious attempt to suppress the so-called boxer movement.

To Protect Them.

Chicago, Ill., July 17.—Mayor Harrison issued orders to Chief of Police Kiple to see that Chinese residents of Chicago were afforded complete protection against resentment for the Peking outrages.

Canton, O., July 17.—The president left hurriedly for Washington. He is greatly worried over the situation in China.

A Possibility.

New York, July 17.—The Herald's Washington special says worthless ordnance supplies are being sent to the army in the Philippines.

The possibility of an extra session of congress being called over China grows. The enlisting of more men is necessary.

Some officials still cling to the slender hope that the foreigners are alive. Tien Tsin is now worrying the authorities.

In Readiness.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 17.—The cruisers Columbia, Minneapolis and Yankee have been got into readiness for immediate service. Steam is up, and no one not connected with the ships is allowed on board.

One thousand berths have been put into the Yankee. It is surmised the vessels are to be used in transporting troops, though the Columbia and Minneapolis have comparatively few accommodations for soldiers.

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Three Fight.

Owensboro, Ky., July 18.—In a three-handed fight at Hawesville, Hancock county Tuesday afternoon, between Allen and Frank Pullman and Jack Hesson, the former was killed and the latter died three hours later. Hesson killed Jack Daniel Dec. 25, 1897. The Pullmans were nephews of Judge A. M. Pullman, who killed James Miller in Hardinburg, and brothers of Ed Pullman, who killed Rev. W. B. Swope several years ago.

ALLIED ARMY WINS

Makes a Successful Rally and Enters Tien Tsin.

CHINESE COMPLETELY ROUTED.

The Guns of the Foreigners Did an Immense Amount of Damage, Destroying Walls and Causing Conflagrations.

London, July 18.—The Daily Mail gives the following dispatch from its Shanghai correspondent, under date of July 17:

The allied troops resumed the attack on the Chinese walled city of Tien Tsin the morning of July 14 and succeeded in breaching the walls and capturing all the forts.

The Chinese were completely routed, and the allies took possession of the native city and its defenses.

The losses of the allies in the engagements of Thursday, Friday and Saturday were about 800 killed or wounded. The casualties were greatest among the Russians and Japanese.

The guns of the allies did immense damage to the native city, causing many large conflagrations, and finally silenced the majority of the enemy's guns simultaneously. Then 1500 Russians, assisted by small parties of Germans and French, assaulted and captured eight guns that were in position on the railway embankment and the forts, the magazine of which the French blew up.

The American, Japanese and Austrian troops then made a sortie and attacked the west arsenal, which the Chinese had reoccupied. After three hours of the hardest fighting yet experienced, the Chinese fled.

When the arsenal had been evacuated by the Chinese, the American, French, Japanese and Welsh footsies advanced toward the native city and joined with the other attacking forces. The Japanese infantry and a mounted battery advanced to the foot of the walls, supported by the Americans and French. Despite valiant attacks, the allies were only able to hold the positions gained outside the walls preparatory to renewing the assault in the morning.

The casualties sustained by the allies were exceedingly heavy, especially those to the Americans, French and Japanese. The Chinese appear to have exhausted their supply of smokeless powder, as they are now using black powder.

No Extra Session.

Washington, July 18.—A decidedly more hopeful feeling with regard to the Chinese situation was apparent in all administration circles Tuesday evening. The tide of sentiment, which had been markedly pessimistic, turned with the announcement of the victory of the allies at Tien Tsin and the capture of the forts and native city, and gathered further strength from Minister Wu's cablegram declaring that the foreign ministers at Peking were safe July 9. Aside from these dispatches, the arrival of the president and the special cabinet meeting called to consider the situation were the features of the day. The cabinet met at 2:30 in the afternoon, less than an hour after the president reached the white house. Over a hundred newspaper men thronged the corridors while the cabinet was sitting behind closed doors. The scene resembled the hottest days of the Spanish-American war.

There were present Secretary Hay, Secretary Root, Secretary Long, Secretary Gage and Postmaster General Smith.

Secretary Root gave out the following formal statement of the action of the cabinet:

"The president has determined that the facts now known to us do not require or justify calling an extra session of congress. Should future developments indicate that he is unable to do what is required with the means now at hand, and the action of congress is necessary to furnish either men or money or authority, he will not hesitate to call it together."

Found Him.

Phoenix, Ariz., July 18.—John Meeker, who disappeared from here four years ago and who owned considerable land at that time, has been heard from in Arkansas. At the time of his disappearance blood was found in his room and his wife was suspected of murder. Proof was not sufficient to recover the insurance. Meeker says he was suffering from a sunstroke when he left home and knew nothing until he found himself in a California insane asylum.

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REMEY'S REPORT.

The Admiral Notifies This Government of Tien Tsin's Fall.

Washington, July 18.—Admiral Remy cabled the navy department that the city and forts of Tien Tsin are in the hands of the allied forces. His list of killed and wounded is somewhat fuller than Monday's report, but still not really complete. His dispatch follows:

Che Foo, July 17.—To-day hope to get wounded from Tien Tsin either in hospitals at Taku or aboard Solace. Communication very uncertain. Following casualties apparently confirmed: Marines, Capt. Davis killed, Capt. Lemley, Lieut. Butler and Leonard wounded. Army, Col. Liscum killed; Major Reagan and Lee, Capt. Noyes, Brewster and Bookmiller, Lieut. Naylor, Lawton, Hammond and Waldron wounded. Total killed and wounded reported, 773. Russians and Japanese lost heavily. Our total loss reported is 213, about forty marines, but number believed to be exaggerated.

Have officer on shore especially to get authentic list of names, which will be promptly telegraphed. City and forts now in the hands of allies. Admiral Seymour returned to fleet.

Officer ashore is Admiral Alexieff at Tien Tsin.

REMEY.

This bulletin was received at the navy department early Tuesday morning and was copied for distribution about 9 o'clock. Before it was given out it was decided to make some change in the copy, the nature of which was not disclosed, and the above copy finally was given to the public.

In the list of casualties forwarded in Admiral Remy's cablegram are six officers not mentioned in yesterday's advice, namely: Maj. Jesse M. Lee, Capt. Andrew Brewster, First Lieut. Lewis B. Lawton, Em. K. Naylor and Harold Hammond and Second Lieut. Wm. H. Waldron.

Sensational Testimony.

Georgetown, Ky., July 18.—The proceedings in the Powers case were made interesting Tuesday by the introduction of several witnesses who gave evidence against the defendant. The most interesting witness of the day from a standpoint disconnected from either side of the case was Miss Lucy Brock, the sweetheart of the young defendant.

Finley Anderson, who was in the witness box testifying in the Powers case when court adjourned Monday, resumed his testimony Tuesday morning. In the course of his testimony witness said that on Jan. 24 Caleb Powers told him that the crowd of mountaineers which was being organized were going to Frankfort to intimidate the legislature, and if necessary to kill enough Democrats to give the Republicans a majority. He said:

"Powers told me Goebel would never live to be governor, and said he (Powers) would kill him if nobody else would."

Miss Lucy Brock of London, Laurel county, was the next witness. She knew defendant well, and had corresponded with him for over two years past. Caleb Powers called on her in January. He told witness he was getting up a crowd of 1000 mountain men to go to Frankfort, "so that in case the Democrats robbed the men of state offices, they could take care of themselves."

Witness said Powers had \$1100 in bills. He told her Gov. Taylor furnished the money, and it was to be used to bring the men to Frankfort. She could not remember whether Powers read to her letters and telegrams telling the purpose of the Frankfort trip and the arrangements for settling the contest for governor.

Miss Brock said that Powers said to her that the plan to take 100 mountain men to Frankfort was Gov. Taylor's creation. The defense did not cross-examine the witness.

Attorney General Crow of Missouri has filed proceedings to revoke the charter of the St. Louis Transit and United Railway companies.

Kentucky Republicans.

Louisville, Ky., July 18.—The Republican convention was held in the auditorium. The boxes were nearly all filled with ladies, and in one was Mrs. W. S. Taylor, wife of the former Republican governor, and four of her daughters. The convention gave her three cheers when she entered the box. J. W. Yerkes was nominated for governor. The nominee made an impassioned speech. The platform denounces the Goebel law, indorse the national ticket and demands the protection of Americans in China.

The Endorsement.

London, July 18.—Great enthusiasm marked the world's convention of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor at the Alexandria Palace grounds Tuesday.

Rev. Francis E. Clarke and Mr. John Willis Hayer were elected, respectively, world's president and secretary of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor. They and other prominent members of the society will go to Paris to attend the Christian Endeavor there, July 22.

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The Life of These Self-Sacrificing Workers Often One of Hardship.

While on Duty Capt. Ben. Bryan Was Stricken with a Supposed Incurable Disease and Forwarded to Baltimore the Week He Has Now Recovered His Health.

From the News, Alexandria, Ont.

The life of a Salvation Army worker is very far from being a sinecure. The duties are not only arduous but the workers are called upon by the regulations of the army to conduct out-of-door meetings at all seasons and in all kinds of weather. This being the case, it is little wonder that the health of these self-sacrificing workers frequently gives way.

Capt. Ben. Bryan, of Maxville, Ont., was attacked by a so-called incurable disease, but was restored to health through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

The story of his illness and subsequent cure reads like a miracle, and is given in his own words as follows:

"While stationed at Deseronto, in July, 1897, I was attacked with what the doctors called 'Chronic Spinal Meningitis.' The symptoms were somewhat similar to those preceding a pleuritic attack, but were accompanied by spasms which, when the pain became too severe, rendered me unconscious. The length of these unconscious spells increased as the disease advanced."

"After spending four months in the Kingston General Hospital, and on the Salvation Army farm, Toronto, I regained some of my former strength and returned to my work. The second attack occurred when I was stationed at Schenectady, N. Y., in October, 1898, and was more severe than the first and I was compelled to resign my position and to return to my home at Maxville. While there a friend advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I began using them in March, 1899. I have used only a dozen boxes and am once more enjoying perfect health. I feel that I am perfectly well and can cheerfully say that I attribute my present state of health to the effects produced by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

"Mrs. Bryan has also used the pills and has been benefited very much thereby."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold in boxes (never in loose bulk) at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Local News.

Regular services at the M. E. church Sunday.

Uncle Bob Gilbert is in town with a load of fine chickens.

Mayer Kerr was on the sick list for several days but has recovered.

Not a home-produced watermelon has been on the market this year.

Fruit is getting cheaper every day and every pound is finding ready market.

Arthur McKean is up and around again after a long siege with typhoid fever.

The wool scouring plant received a large consignment of wool from Pecos this week.

W. F. Cochran killed a "bar" last week and though more than half grown was very juicy steak.

The democrats of Seven Rivers met last week, Monday, and elected R. W. Cole precinct chairman.

Quite a number of our citizens have taken advantage of the hot time to interview the mountains.

Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Faulkner, from the head of Black river, lost their two year old child last Saturday.

J. O. Cameron and family and W. W. Ogle and family are enjoying a camping trip in the Sacramento.

Lee Bell left Thursday with a bunch of several hundred head of cattle for his ranch on the plains east of town.

Fencing material will be cheap now that cowmen are compelled to pull down drift fences on government land.

Notice the new advertisement of the Eddy Drug Co. in this issue. It will pay you to read the CURRENT'S ads every week.

Rev. and Mrs. T. L. Lallance, of Pecos, have two new girls who arrived two weeks ago. Their Carlsbad friends extend congratulations.

W. A. Finley will move his family down from Roswell shortly having purchased from J. M. Hess the Greene home place, where he will reside.

H. R. Hesing with a force of men is pushing work on Parnes's new store building. Owing to the wet weather work was suspended yesterday.

The CURRENT wants a correspondent in every community in the county and would be only too glad to receive news items for publication. If anything happens, send it in for publication.

Following are the teachers employed by the board of education for the term commencing Sept 2nd: H. J. Fry, Weatherford; Prof. Ellis, Hope; Miss Effie Williams, Houstonia, Mo.; Miss May Woodward, Decatur, Texas.

The new executive committee of the democracy of Eddy county consists of the following: J. L. Emerson, chairman; J. T. Cooper, district No. 1; T. J. Fletcher, district 2; W. L. Whitaker, district 3; B. W. Cole, district 4, and Ed Ramsey, district No. 5.

A teachers institute for Eddy county will be held beginning next Monday, July 23rd, and closing Saturday, Aug. 3rd. Every teacher in the county should attend, for a great many teachers stand in need of a little "brushing up" along educational lines.

W. H. Hull and wife, B. B. Armstrong, Miss Brown, Rev. Fairly, Misses Emerson, J. L. Emerson, constituted a fishing party which spent Tuesday and Wednesday near the O'Neil ranch on the Spring Creek. Only a few fish were caught but the party had a very pleasant outing.

J. M. Jump has purchased the corner opposite the court house north of McLeathen & Tracy's office and will shortly commence the erection of a fence and sheds for a feed and livery corral. He will also erect a comfortable office on the corner, a portion of which will be for rent.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Turknett, of Stegman, who brought their little daughter, Heniah, in to be convenient to medical aid, left for home Monday afternoon with the little corpse. All efforts to save her life proving fruitless. The bereaved parents have the heartfelt sympathy of their many friends in Carlsbad.

The Texas state fair advertising car in charge of W. S. Adair was in town Tuesday evening. The moving pictures free entertainment by the force in charge of the car was about the best entertainment given for many a year in Carlsbad. The car is equipped with a powerful gasoline engine which runs an electric light plant giving over 100 fine incandescent lamps. The car went from here to Roswell.

At the adjourned meeting of the city council held Tuesday night, the city made a deal to purchase the store building occupied by Joe Hayman and owned by E. Krause of El Paso. The purchase price was \$1,200, of which \$150 is cash, balance in quarterly payments of \$75. The deal was a good one and is a bargain. Among other business transacted by the council was the acceptance of Dec Clark's resignation as night watch, which saves the city \$30 per month.

The doctors report a hull of business these days.

J. O. Holt left for the Black river country for a camping expedition of a few days.

Cattle shipments over the P. V. & N. E. continue active and it looks like there is no stopping it.

J. H. James and party started Thursday for a prospecting trip near the Guadalupe. They will be absent ten days.

Mr. Allen Campbell, a jeweler of twelve years experience, is here and has opened up in the Pecos Valley Pharmacy. Mr. Campbell is a first class workman and will undoubtedly get his share of the patronage.

The heaviest rain for many seasons fell Thursday night, continuing during the night and yesterday. It was a general rain and will be very beneficial to the range. Reports from the county so far indicate that all of Eddy county received a general soaking.

Robt. Thompson, who hired a horse and a saddle from the Hess stable and traded horses with Dock Reed in Dark Canon without Reed's knowledge, was followed by Deputy King who met Mr. Reed coming in with Thompson, who was placed in jail in default of \$1,000 bond.

Despite the fact that the city has spent several hundred dollars on the streets this year, there are still several low places along the streets which should be filled up. About the only way to get the streets fixed up properly is to put a team and man at work hauling dirt and filling in and keep them going until the streets are in good condition. This could be done by private subscription and would be a good investment for every property owner in Carlsbad.

Joyce Fruit & Co. contemplate establishing a bank incorporated under the laws of the territory with a paid up capital of about \$50,000. This firm has been doing a general merchandise business for several years with banking as a side line since the failure of the old bank, but the enormous business crowded upon the firm in banking has compelled the move to incorporate and separate the banking from the general business. A suitable building will be secured later and a regular bank started. This will make three banks for Carlsbad, two territorial banks and the First National. Quite a change from three years ago when the old bank was wrecked by its officials and closed down with considerable of the people's money; when it was impossible to borrow a dollar in the town.

A runaway couple from Barstow came in Thursday of last week by buggy and proceeded to look up Judge Roberts. The judge refused to perform the necessary legal function to make them man and wife because of the seeming youth of the girl, who appeared to be less than eighteen, the legal age. They went to Roswell by train and were married, returning Sunday, leaving here Monday with their team and buggy for Barstow. It is said the girl's father objected on account of her youth, being, it is said, only fifteen. The man gave his name as Rice and the young lady called him "Honey," so it is presumed his name is Honey Rice. He addressed her as "Honey" also, so since being wedded her name is also Honey Rice. It is reported the man is a prosperous sheep owner and in partnership with the girl's father at Barstow.

J. T. Cooper, manager of New Saddle Store, is working two men at the saddle and harness business. If you want anything in that line you can get it cheap and quick at the New Saddle Store.



100 Pair Ladies
Fine Shoe

Sizes 1 1/2 to 3 1/4
Lasts "B, C, D, E"

These shoes are of good material and workmanship, being regular \$3 and \$4 shoes, but on account of size I am closing them out at

\$2 to \$2.50

E. Hendricks.

Too Hot to Bother

with that dining-room clock?
And instead of juggling it down
street you'll "guess" at the
time, until cool weather comes?

You can avoid bother and yet have the benefit of the clock. Send me a postal card and I will call for the clock, repair it, return it and keep it going. Or if it is a broken handle on a silver cake-stand, or jewelry that needs mending, or a watch out of order—whatever is wrong, I'll be glad to save you trouble by going to you for it instead of your bringing it to me. I can't bother to me—it's business.

G. S. Gutzman, Watchmaker and Optician.

With
Eddy Drug Co.

SEVEN RIVERS NOTES.

Everything looks flourishing since the late rains.

Cattle work began in this section of the country on the 10th ult.

Madam rumor reports a wedding in our community to take place soon.

Mart Larremore, one of Seven Rivers' most prominent young men, has accepted a position near Roswell. He will leave for that place soon.

Misses Bertie and Julia Raynor, who have been visiting Mrs. McDonald at this place, left McMillan, Friday, for Lockney, Texas, where Miss Julia will attend school.

Revs. Heizer and Riggs have been conducting a meeting of a week's duration at the old school house. There was quite a number added to the church and we are glad to learn that Marion Edwards was of the number.

Death of Mrs. Thille.

Mrs. N. Thille, who resided here with her family for a year or more, died in Humphrey, Neb., last week, leaving a day old baby. Mrs. Thille was the mother of twelve children, the eldest Mrs. Klass, being also the mother of two children. Mrs. Thille was born in 1858 being only forty two years of age. Mr. Thille and family have the heartfelt sympathy of all their friends in the Pecos Valley.

Almonds and Tobacco.

It is rumored here that the cattle king of Abilene, Texas, better known as old "By Gravy," is cutting his tobacco much finer since the government has given notice for all drift fences to be removed from the public lands of New Mexico, and is thinking very seriously of buying a large almond farm in the great Pecos Valley near here. Of course we all regret to see the drift fence go; but still our "Battle Ax Plug" and latch string always hangs on the outside to all such men as old "By Gravy."

In a letter to the CURRENT J. R. Fusselman has the following to say which may interest his many friends here:

I am getting along first class here, and have a nice position and nice town to live in. I miss my Carlsbad friends and acquaintances a good deal, otherwise I am very well satisfied here. I saw by the papers that the carnival was a big success, and that everybody seemed well pleased. I wish very much that I could have been there.

The train from the north was late yesterday.

R. B. Armstrong is listed among the indisposed.

The Eddy Drug Co. has quite a fine new cigar case in the center of the room.

H. L. Holcomb, watchman at Lake Avalon sustained a severely crushed foot by a timber falling on it. Two toes were amputated by Dr. Whicher, but Mr. Holcomb is hobbling around despite the pain and injury.

When you break your watch take it to John Johnson, first class work, charges reasonable, all work warranted.

Lincoln Freeman left here in February for Washington, from which point he went to the Norfolk Navy yard. There he was accepted as an apprentice from which place he enlisted, on the receiving ship Franklin. He is expecting every day to be consigned to some of the outgoing cruisers bound for China.

It would seem that the unparalleled success of the bank here has created quite an enthusiasm in banking, two of our leading business houses having lately branched out as incorporated banks, with the other business as side lines. The town is also growing in other ways and it is reasonable to believe that a heavy mercantile firm will some day divide business with our big stores. The more the better for competition is certainly the life of trade. Carlsbad is growing.

J. Tom Cooper, manager of New Saddle Store, received a car load of fine luggage, surreys and phaetons. Prices from \$50.00 to \$200.00.

J. B. Crockett has leased for three years with privilege of purchasing the building and lots on the corner of Green and Canon streets opposite the billiard hall and will erect a first class feed yard and sale and exchange depot, where he will buy and sell horses, wagons, harness buggies, etc., and do a general livery, feed and wagon yard business. The property will be improved between now and Aug. 1, when Mr. Crockett will open up for business.

Personals.

Judge Freeman is in Roswell on legal business.

Will Reed, of the Argus, visited Roswell Sunday, returning Monday.

Miss Frost and mother departed Wednesday for El Mira, Calif., to reside.

Joe Kibbee, junior member of the defunct Sun staff, departed Wednesday for Colorado.

Mrs. J. B. Toome left Friday of last week for Wadsworth Common, London, England.

Geo. M. Ratliff, of Alexandria, La., a cotton buyer, is visiting his old friend J. T. Cooper.

J. P. McCord, of Coleman, Texas, was here Tuesday en-route to Roswell to visit relatives.

"Old" Griffin, son of Col. Griffin of the Eagle, came in last week to assist his father on the paper.

Park Lea, of Roswell, was in town Thursday and yesterday on business and to take in the sights.

Joe Fanning, the popular candidate for assessor, was shaking hands with Carlsbad friends Wednesday.

Mrs. A. Chambers departed Monday for Cripple Creek, Colo., to visit her husband, who is a prominent physician of that place.

Miss Bertha Danfort, left this week for Whitney, Texas, to accept a position with Barnes & Barnes in the dry goods business.

Tom Kellis left this week for his home in Sterling, Texas. Tom has engaged in the live stock business and will hereafter take life easy.

Col. R. S. Benson returned Monday noon from a trip to Washington in the interest of the land fencing affair. It is needless to say the trip was fruitless.

H. N. Garrett passed through Wednesday en-route to Roswell. Mr. Garrett has recently sold his business interests in Roswell and will go back to Midland, his old stamping ground.

Rev. J. E. Sawders returned Monday evening from Alpine, Texas, where he attended district conference. Rev. A. Marston, of Roswell, who was also in attendance at conference, returned on the same train.

Mr. and Mrs. John Brown and son, George, left Tuesday for San Angelo, Texas, going by private conveyance. Mr. Brown has been connected with the gambling department of the Parlor for several months. They will return in about thirty days bringing their personal effects preparatory to residing in Carlsbad.

Dr. Wm. Reed, of Buffalo, N. Y., came in Monday to remain for some time and will probably become associated with his old time school chum, Dr. Whicher. Dr. Reed spent a couple of years in Sierra county from '96 to '98, carrying here a few days in August, '98, when returning to Buffalo. Dr. Reed is a well versed practitioner and with Dr. Whicher will make a strong team.

Mr. and Mrs. Cochran, of Colorado, Texas, parents of W. F. Cochran our popular assessor arrived Monday and went with "Honey" out to his mountain home Tuesday. Mr. and Mrs. Cochran though having reached the threescore and ten mile stones in life, are still very hearty and sound in both body and mind and seem destined for many more years to comfort and advise their children.

Cooking peaches at orchard at 1c per pound until further notice.

ELMORE FREEMAN.

Clarence Ullery was down from Roswell the first of the week looking up business in the furniture line.

Go to Gamble's for fresh bread.

Dr. E. L. Gaxley, of Marfa, Texas, is a new addition to the medical fraternity of Carlsbad.

C. A. Zimmerman, formerly superintendent at the sugar factory, has a similar position at Marine City, Mich.

The city ordinance in regard to impounding stock should be enforced or repealed. If the present poundmaster can't attend to the duties, then get one who can. Attention has been called to this before and people living in the north part of town would be justified in using a shot gun and plenty of lump salt.

For Sale—A good work horse, either for wagon or buggy. Enquire at Eagle hotel.

The generous heart of the cowman was heartily made in this week in the end of kindness to Mrs. Monroe Clayton, who recently lost her husband by a horse falling with him, which he rode in his death. W. L. Ross, Joe White, V. B. Cowan and Woody Johnson bought the block of land lying just west of the park and are building a neat cottage upon it. They will have the lot fenced and seeded to alfalfa. When it is completed they will turn it over to Mrs. Clayton and her children as a free gift. May life who cares for the widow and orphans reward them abundantly.—Pecos Valley News.

The accident which caused Mr. Clayton's death happened about two miles west of Carlsbad.

Fresh bread at Gamble's all the time. M. P. Kerr's friends have decided to run him for county superintendent.

Pelix Fox, for six years a resident of this county, writes that he is prospering in the distillery business at Tarragon, Mex. He says he would like to live here but can make more money in Mexico.

The R. M. Turner who is reported by the Argus to be from Lincoln, Neb., and tells such horrible stories about Wm. J. Bryan being unmotivated this year, is a British sympathizer; is against the Boers and against the declaration of independence and can see nothing good in anything not "Hinglish you know." Let a fair minded republican be interviewed and he will tell you that Mr. Bryan is far more popular in Lincoln to day than ever before. We want no votes from Tories or traitors to liberty.

WHAT'S IN THE MOON?

Most people can see faces in the fire and some strange form in the moon that has given rise to the saying about a man in the moon. Not two people, however, in all probability see alike, and this has suggested to M. Camille Flammarion, the distinguished French astronomer, a rather curious experiment. He has asked a number of more or less well known men to tell him what they can fancy they see in the outlines on the moon's surface, and he has received some odd replies.

M. Saint-Saens can see the outline of a kangaroo, M. Aquilino Barba a suppliant Madonna, M. Zamboni a man's head kissing a woman's head, M. Dragon anything he pleases, M. Desvignes only shapless spots, M. A. Merot a man with outstretched arm, M. de Balamy Cain bearing aloft on a pitchfork the bleeding body of Abel and M. Quenisset the trunk and legs of a man. Each person addressed was asked to furnish a little sketch of his fancy picture, and the drawings thus obtained have been formed into an album and presented to the Astronomical Society of France.

In the reign of Charles II our own savants, according to Butler, all saw the same thing in the moon—namely, an elephant, and even then it was only because there was a mouse in their telescope. French scientific men of the present day have more imagination.—London Daily News.

Chinese Duels With Words.

A duel in swearing between Chinese, is one of the violent and exciting sights at the Paris exhibition. As the duellists speak in the language of the tea chests one can witness the contest without being shocked. The duellists are seated facing each other on a raised platform, and the contest opens by one calling the other a "pig." Then the fight wages fast and furious. Once a train is fired such a string of invectives is let loose on both sides as would have tongue tied the whole army in Flanders in their happiest moments. As no one understands a word no harm is done, but to see the two combatants, who take the battle seriously, with the veins of their heads standing out like whiplod and cursing one another for all they are worth, is interesting. There must be some epithet slightly stronger than another in the land of the Celestials, for at the moment when the two combatants were foaming with rage the one pointed to the east and said two or three words and completely cowed the other.

When you want anything in the line of

Groceries

Drop in and get prices.

FRESH

Fruits and Vegetables

Cadies Cigars Tobacco

Fresh Bread. Cold Drinks.

Yours for business

H. W. Hess

Rooms for Rent

Prices to suit the times, at

Current Office.

NEW MEXICO FAIR.

To be held in Albuquerque From September 18 to 22.

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE SOUTHWEST: The Twentieth Annual Fair of the New Mexico Territorial Fair Association will be held in the City of Albuquerque from September 18 to 22 1903, and like the exhibition given last fall, will be a grand free street fair and carnival.

There will be a baseball tournament, opened to amateur clubs of New Mexico, Arizona and El Paso, Texas, professionals barred, and first, second and third money prizes will be offered.

Besides this tournament which ought to bring the baseball players and fans of the Southwest into active practice, the Executive Committee has decided to give liberal money prizes for tug-of-war contests, rock-drilling contests, foot racing and numerous other athletic sports.

Arrangements have been made with a first-class eastern amusement company, who will handle the "Midway Plaisance" features; while contractors will be mailed to first class aeronaut, who, with his lady partner, will give balloon ascensions every afternoon and evening during the fair. The ascensions at night will with electrical effects, and on the race order, and while in the air the aeronauts will bombard each other with Roman candles and other firing devices.

One of the most interesting features of last fall's successful fair was the splendid fire works, given under the skillful management of W. H. Wilson, a pyrotechnist of Los Angeles, Cal. He has been re-engaged for the forthcoming fair, and he writes that his designs will be entirely new and some of them will represent some of the great political questions now pending before the American people.

The platform features will be numerous, consisting in part of may-pole dances, serpentine dances, acrobatic and trapeze performances, and, if possible, the committee will reproduce the "American flag," which was successfully given at the National Encampment of the G. A. R. several years ago.

During the week a grand trades display and parade, with numerous attractive and costly floats, will be given, and this feature has already been assured a success by the manifest interest of the merchants, the Elks, the Woodmen of the World, the C. Colombo Society, and other organizations who will be represented by appropriate floats. Each and every division of the parade will be headed by a brass band.

The merchants of Albuquerque—the solid contributors of these annual fairs—extend a cordial invitation to the people of the southwest to attend this fall's fair festivities, assuring all visitors that they will be royally entertained and that they will be pleased and satisfied with their visit to Albuquerque.

The railroads will give greatly reduced rates to all fair visitors.

Yours Truly,

W. T. McCARTHY,

President.

F. Divers, who bought the interest of his partner, H. N. Garrett, in their alfalfa stock farm and herd of full-blood Shorthorns southeast of town a few weeks ago, has sold the latter 20 head of Shorthorn bull calves at \$30 each and shipped 13 of them to Mr. Garrett at Midland on Wednesday. Mr. Garrett sold out all his interests here, Mr. Divers buying his stock in the First National Bank of Roswell.—Register.

Call at New Saddle Store if you want to see some silver mounted spurs and bits.

You will find a cordial welcome at the Methodist church services tomorrow.

Cooking peaches at orchard at 1c per pound until further notice.

ELMORE FREEMAN.

Frank Gary, of Midland, is reported to have had a scrap with a blacksmith of that town arising out of that all absorbing topic in Midland—prohibition. It is said both were hurt but the blacksmith was badly cut.

Form: A watch, by Deik, the vegetable man. Owner can have watch by furnishing accurate description and paying 50c for this notice.

The gallant 9th Infantry, a regiment that made history at Lundy's Lane in Mexico, and during the civil war, and which covered the stars and stripes with glory at Santiago, has been cut to pieces in China.

Peaches for cooking at orchard at 1c per pound until further notice.

ELMORE FREEMAN.

Gamble has fresh bread all the time.

