

5-31-1902

Albuquerque Daily Citizen, 05-31-1902

Hughes & McCreight

Follow this and additional works at: https://digitalrepository.unm.edu/abq_citizen_news

Recommended Citation

Hughes & McCreight. "Albuquerque Daily Citizen, 05-31-1902." (1902). https://digitalrepository.unm.edu/abq_citizen_news/1007

This Newspaper is brought to you for free and open access by the New Mexico Historical Newspapers at UNM Digital Repository. It has been accepted for inclusion in Albuquerque Citizen, 1891-1906 by an authorized administrator of UNM Digital Repository. For more information, please contact disc@unm.edu.

Albuquerque Daily Citizen

VOLUME 16

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, SATURDAY AFTERNOON, MAY 31, 1902

NUMBER 160

BEYOND BELIEF.

Corruption in St. Louis Appalling.

Volcanic Disturbances Made an Argument.

Mr. Beveridge Tried to Have Philippine Testimony Printed.

FRENCH VISITORS LEAVE.

St. Louis, Mo., May 31.—The April grand jury which has been investigating the municipal corruption with the assistance of Circuit Attorney Joseph W. Folk, made a final report today to Judge Douglas. The report says:

"While there may be corruption in other cities as great as we have here, yet in no place in the world and at no time known in history has so much official corruption been uncovered and evidence shown so that all could see and understand. These revelations have been so appalling as to be almost beyond belief and it will be years before the extent of the discoveries is fully realized."

"If the affairs of St. Louis had been properly administered for the past fifteen years, and if all the officials had been honest, there would today have been enough money in the treasury to put public buildings in repair, pave streets now unpaved, make sewers now unmade, and build the new buildings so much needed. A high tax rate, a deplorable condition of public institutions, a depleted state of the city treasury are the heritage left by officials who have proven traitors to the interests of the people and have trafficked their votes, influence and official actions to the city's detriment."

THE PANAMA ROUTE.

Minority Will Favor It Because of Volcanic Disturbances.

Washington, May 31.—The minority members of the committee on the isthmian canal has prepared a report opposing the views of the majority. It is directed mainly to showing the impracticability of the Nicaragua route and especially on account of the volcanic disturbances, favors the Panama route. The report will be presented to the senate today.

MR. HOAR OBJECTED.

Mr. Beveridge Wanted Testimony About the Philippines Printed.

Washington, May 31.—At the conclusion of routine business in the senate today consideration of the Philippine bill was resumed. Mr. Beveridge, of Indiana, presented certain excerpts of testimony before the Philippine committee and requested they be printed in the Congressional Record. Mr. Hoar thought a compilation of that kind ought to have the sanction of the Philippine committee and moved the matter be referred to that committee. Mr. Beveridge said the widest latitude has been afforded the minority in the publication of matter in the record and he thought it scarcely fair objection be made to his request.

Mr. Allison hoped Mr. Hoar would withdraw his motion and made some criticism of the Massachusetts senator's action. As Mr. Hoar would not draw his motion, Mr. Beveridge withdrew his request, announcing that later he would read the matter, if necessary to get it in the records.

In resuming his speech begun Thursday, Mr. Spooner said that one of the weaknesses of the discussion and one of the wicked elements was the fact there are sides in the question. He thought there ought to be no "sides on the Philippine debate." "It is," he said, "a question which belongs to the American people. It is a problem of delicacy and some danger and the weapon of no man and no party. The interest of all men in public and private life is to get the truth without private opinion or party strife. 'I have not been in favor of permanent dominion over the Philippines,' said Mr. Spooner, 'but I do not mean by that that I have been in favor of United States running away like a coward and abandoning the people who have come under our protection or surrendering them to tyranny, anarchy and chaos.'"

He said he had never been able to contemplate with equanimity the admission of the Philippines as a state or states. This government should be confined to this continent.

Quoting from the diary of Aguinaldo, Mr. Spooner said that when Philippine independence was established Aguinaldo and his friends would go to Europe with an appropriation of a million for expenses.

French Visitors Leave.

Boston, May 31.—Beautiful weather prevailed on this, the last day's stay in America of the members of the French Rochambeau mission. Tomorrow they will sail home on the French battleship Gaulois. Today they received a welcome from Massachusetts, the city of Boston and Harvard university. Major Berthelot, aide-de-camp to General Brugere, commander of the French army, and one of the delegates of the French mission, had a leg broken in an accident today.

RAILROAD BUILDING.

Big Amount of Money to be Expended in Southern New Mexico.

THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC CUT OFF.

Although the El Paso & Southwestern railway has been completed from Deming to its Arizona terminals, there is still considerable active railroad building going on in southwestern New Mexico. In addition to the Lordsburg & Hachita railway, thirteen miles of men and teams are stretched out between Straus in Dona Ana county and El Paso building the terminals of two great railway systems, one of Southern Pacific cut off, and the other the El Paso & Southwestern railway. Although the length of line each is constructing is but comparatively few miles, yet the work is of so heavy a nature that it will take to fall to complete it. Fifteen hundred men are at present employed on this work and nearly 1,000 teams are kept busy ten hours each day on the two roads paralleling each other. Over \$1,500,000 is being spent on this work to build thirteen miles into El Paso and engineering problems of extreme difficulty are being solved. The El Paso & Southwestern railway will have a grade of 1 per cent into El Paso, while the Southern Pacific cut off will have a grade of 6 per cent, that means for the former a rise of 52.8 feet for each mile and for the Southern Pacific a rise of 31.7 for the same distance. To the Southern Pacific the simple lessening of grade means the saving of thousands of dollars each month in greater and cheaper freight carrying capacity and faster passenger service and justifies the expenditure of \$750,000. In the economy of railroads today there is a certain allowance in dollars and cents for every foot saved in grade rise and every foot saved in distance. Even a million dollars spent in reducing a bad grade is economy in the end.

The cut off on the Southern Pacific in New Mexico, when completed, will abolish the double headers out of El Paso and does away with three helper engines and crews now maintained for that purpose. It will save half a mile a minute in the passenger time between El Paso and Straus. It gives six months' employment to 800 men and distributes among them \$25,000 each month in wages. The plan of this cut off was prepared by the late C. P. Huntington as early as 1895. Work on it was begun in a small way last year in November, and more than \$750,000 will be expended on the work. The old maximum grade was 52.8 feet per mile, the new grade is 31.7 feet per mile. The present greatest curves are 10 per cent. Five per cent is the greatest on the new grade. The new track will cross the Rio Grande on a steel bridge thirty-five feet higher in the air than does the old track. All the new culverts are of iron and stone. The greatest fill is 1,000 feet long and seventy feet high. It contains 75,000 cubic yards of earth. The work is 55 per cent completed. The old track is 13.2 miles long, the new track is 2,900 feet longer. Each day a work train makes the rounds of the different camps bringing new men, fresh beef, feed, flour, barley, and five big tank cars filled with water, their capacity being 37,000 gallons. The water is pumped into tanks of 3,000 gallons capacity built alongside of the track. They occur at convenient distances from each camp. The men are paid from \$1.50 to \$1.75 per day for common labor; \$2 for dumping and filling and \$4.50 per day blacksmithing work. They are charged from \$8 to \$4.50 per week for board.

The Tent Meeting.

The services at the tent the last two nights have been well attended. The evangelist delivered two able and interesting lectures on the Bible. Sunday at 7:30 p. m. the last service in the series will be held. Let everybody attend this farewell meeting.

During his month's stay among us Mr. Smith has won the respect of all by the ability by which he has declared the counsel of God, and has endeavored himself to all by his earnest Christian spirit. The sympathy of the whole country has gone out to him in the sad bereavement he has suffered in our

midst. Miss Augustine's singing has been a delightful feature of the meetings, and the people of Albuquerque will not soon forget the service she has rendered us in the sweet ministry of song.

ALGODONES SMELTER.

Being Pushed as Fast as Possible—What A. J. Frank Says.

A. J. Frank, who will be remembered as having made a smelter proposition to the people of Albuquerque a year or two ago, is in the city, coming in from Algodones, above the city, night before last. Mr. Frank says that the building of the smelter at Algodones is progressing as fast as material and men can be obtained. He hopes to be able to have the smelter ready to be "blown in" some time in August and not later than September. He also states that the Santa Fe railway will put up a depot and more sidings at the Algodones station. The gentleman is here purchasing some necessary supplies, and expects to return to Algodones Monday morning.

Grand free concert at the Orchestra hall tomorrow (Sunday) afternoon at 8 o'clock. Everybody invited.

NO NEW STATES.

Evident Intent of Senator Beveridge to Suppress Statehood Measure.

COMMITTEE TOO BUSY.

A special dispatch to the Denver News, from Washington, under date of May 27, says:

Friends of the omnibus bill granting statehood to New Mexico, Arizona and Oklahoma have discovered that there is evidently no intention whatever of the chairman of the senate committee on territories using any haste or punctuality in bringing the bill up for the consideration of the committee. The statehood bill passed the house some time ago, was taken into the senate and there referred to the territories committee. Senator Beveridge, of Indiana is the chairman of the committee and it is very plain that the statehood measure has not found in him a zealous friend.

Senator Beveridge during the process of the Philippine debate today was asked if there were any prospects for an early hearing of the bill by the committee, it being a well known fact that the advocates of the bill in the house have been asking and patiently waiting for an opportunity to appear before the committee and set forth the salient points of the measure. Senator Beveridge was non-committal. "Well, you can see how busy we are here," he said, referring to this discussion of the Philippine bill.

"But cannot the statehood measure be heard by the committee of which you are chairman without conflicting with the Philippine bill?" was asked.

"Too busy," said Beveridge and walked away.

Mr. Beveridge no doubt justifies his action in regard to the statehood bill by the fact that he is on the Philippine committee. He makes no promises and it remains to be seen whether or not he will call his committee together on the bill next week when the Philippine debate is finished. The delegates from the territories to be affected by the bill are bringing every pressure to bear on the chairman of the committee to get him to have the bill considered before the session has extended too long.

Senators Elkins, Quay, Penrose and Patterson are hearty supporters of the bill in the senate and are urging that the committee give the delegates the hearing they desire.

Since then, an Associated Press dispatch states that the senate committee on territories decided against fixing a time for the consideration of the omnibus statehood bill providing for the admission of Oklahoma, New Mexico and Arizona into the union.

Who Pays for Strikes?

There is one elementary principle which those who direct the action of labor unions generally fail to comprehend, and that is, that any interruption

or curtailment of production is a loss that cannot be confined to their employers. Workingmen may see what a strike costs them in the loss of wages which they hope to make up by securing better terms for the future, but they are apt to imagine that the rest of the cost falls upon the capitalists with whom they are contending. Some of it will do so temporarily, but in the main it falls upon the community of consumers, including workingmen, and the employers aimed at suffer the least in the long run, for they are in a position to make up their losses.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

Alamogordo & Sacramento Mountain Railway.

Effective June 2nd first class passenger train will leave Alamogordo at 8 a. m., arriving at Cloudcroft at 10:50 a. m. daily. Return train leaves Cloudcroft at 5:30 p. m., arriving at Alamogordo at 8 p. m.

Passengers for these trains can take breakfast at Alamogordo and 5 o'clock dinner at Cloudcroft.

A. N. BROWN,
G. P. A., E. P. R. I. Route.

END OF STRIKE.

San Bernardino Boilermakers will Probably Return to Work.

ANOTHER CONFERENCE.

San Bernardino Sun, May 28: The situation at the Santa Fe shops in this city with regard to the strike in the boiler department, which began Monday morning when, a few minutes after the whistle, twenty boiler makers, seven apprentices and seven helpers walked out, though practically unchanged has assumed a much brighter phase than was the case on the day of the walk out.

When the men left the yards at the time, it was because Division Master Mechanical Park desired that one of their number, George Wilson, be transferred to Seligman, Ariz.

At that time Mechanical Superintendent Joughins was on the east end of the division, in company with Superintendent of Motive Power Henderson, and Mr. Park being uppermost in authority, his ultimatum was final, for the time at least. Early yesterday morning, however, both Mr. Henderson and Mr. Joughins arrived from the east having been made acquainted with the situation at the local shop by telegraph.

The latter began an investigation at once, going about it in a way that indicated he favored a quick settlement of the trouble.

The union men met yesterday at their headquarters in Allen's hall on Fourth street, and in the afternoon promptly at 3:30, a committee of four of their number waited upon Mr. Joughins at his office in the depot building. Here they were well received and the difficulties discussed at length. Just what he said and what was agreed to in both the boiler makers and the officials refuse to divulge at the present time, but both gave out the assurance that the trouble had been cleared up by the conference, rather than thickened.

Said a committeeman last evening to a Sun reporter: "Yes you may state that everything is looking favorable, and that the trouble is likely to be cleared away within a few days, and in a manner that will prove satisfactory to all concerned. No, I am positive that we will not return to work tomorrow morning, but then everything is progressing nicely, and we will be back before long."

Mr. Henderson is still in the city together with his private car No. 212, but has taken no part in the meeting between Mr. Joughins and the committee, contenting himself with lending his advice in private.

FINE RACES.

Program for the Races Was Arranged Last Night.

GOOD PURSES OFFERED.

The program of races for the fair was arranged last night at a joint meeting of members of the Gentleman's Driving association and Secretary P. F. McCanna of the Fair association at Zeigler's last night. It was decided to appropriate \$3,500 for purses and as the track will be kept in the best of condition during the summer fine races are expected. A number of California and Colorado horses are expected to be entered. The program and conditions are:

Tuesday, first day—2:18 pace, purse \$300; 2:40 trot, purse \$300; running race, half mile dash, purse \$150; burro race, free-for-all, half mile, \$10.

Wednesday, second day—2:25 pace, purse \$300; 2:25 trot, purse \$300; running race, ¼ mile, purse \$150; pony race, half mile, for horses that have never raced, \$10.

Thursday, third day—2:30 trot, \$300; free-for-all pace, \$400; 3:00 trot and pace for horses owned and in New Mexico previous to July 15, 1902, \$250; running race, ¼ mile dash, \$150.

Friday, fourth day—2:30 pace, \$300; free-for-all trot, \$400; running race, ¼ mile, \$150; running race, half mile dash, no entrance fee, \$30.

Conditions—All trotting and pacing to be in harness and to be governed by the rules of the American Trotting association unless otherwise specified. Heats, best three in five. All purses to be divided, 50 per cent to first, 25 per cent to second, 15 per cent to third, and 10 per cent to fourth. Entries to the trotting and pacing races to close with the secretary of the fair association October 1, 1902. Five per cent of the entrance money must accompany the entry, and 5 per cent additional from all money winners. The balance to be paid before 8 o'clock p. m. the day previous to the race. A horse distancing the field will receive first money only. Two horses may be named from the same stable in the same classes and held but for one entrance. Horses to be named the day before the race. Heats in each day's races may be alternated. Right reserved to change order of program or declare off any race not filling satisfactorily. Races will be called at 1:30 o'clock sharp. Management reserves the right to start earlier.

Applications for stabling should be made to secretary, stating the number of horses to arrive. In case of bad weather or other unavoidable causes, the association reserves the right to declare all races off that have not been started by 4 o'clock p. m. on the last day of the meeting. Entry blanks mailed on application. Western Jockey club rules to govern in as far as practicable in the running races. We are members of the American association. We have a first class half mile track for harness horses, which is kept in perfect condition. Entries for the running races close with the secretary on the day previous to the race at 8 p. m. The entrance money must accompany the entry. The association reserves the right to run or trot races between the heats. All races require four to enter and three to start. No bar after October 1.

Extravagance of the American.

In a recent paper on American economics, Hutchins Hapgood makes the plea that what is often called American extravagance is not that at all, but merely our peculiar form of economy, and that the habit of the American is to do things on a large scale and let details take care of themselves. He maintains that this is the true economy.

There is truth in this, and it is worth considering. The people of this country have the defects of their virtues, but it must not be forgotten that they have also the virtues of their defects. If we lose some pounds through failing to take care of the pennies, at least we do not let the chance of making a fortune slide away through stopping to pick up a pin.

TROUBLE BREWING

Operators are Bringing in Bedding.

Department Stores Can Not Deliver Goods.

Impossible to Pick Winners in the Intercollegiate Meet.

AMERICANS WON.

Pittston, Pa., May 31.—The Erie Railroad company today brought a train load of coats and bedding and provisions here and distributed them among their various collieries. Several cooks accompanied the goods and a number of strange men appeared. Many engineers, firemen and pump men whose night shift ended this morning, took their working clothes away from the mines.

Fences Put Up.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., May 31.—There is every reason to believe the pump runners will respond with practical unanimity on next Monday to President Mitchell's order for a strike unless granted an eight-hour day and other conditions as prescribed by the Shamokin convention.

That the operators do not propose to yield was in evidence by the high fences and barbed wire which were placed around the collieries. Hundreds of extra coal and iron policemen have been employed and armed with revolvers.

SITUATION IS SERIOUS

Police Were Called to Guard Department Stores.

Chicago, May 31.—The teamsters' strike today spread to the department stores. Eighty-nine teamsters who were working for the Fair struck and it is stated 400 more men employed by other stores will be out by tonight. The effect, it was said, will be practically a shut off of delivery of goods to customers and the bringing in of new stock. The department store teamsters union recently formed and affiliated with the national organization on the same footing as the one at the yards. The men make the same demand as the packers' teamsters for better hours, higher wages and a recognition of the union. The police were called to guard the Fair.

IN GREAT DOUBT.

Impossible to Pick Winners of the Intercollegiate Meet.

Chicago, May 31.—Despite the weather forecast calling for "clouds and occasional thunder showers," a large crowd gathered at Marshall Field today to witness the contest of the second western intercollegiate track meet. Calculators on the form picked Michigan, Wisconsin and Chicago as winners in the order given, but the probability of good work by "dark horses" from some of the smaller schools made the estimate on the results very uncertain. The list of contestants is a notable one and seldom has there been so much doubt of the winners of particular events. Of the fourteen contests, ten are in the doubtful column. Scarcely a school was represented which did not have a man on whom it was relied to capture the 100-yard dash.

Americans Won.

London, May 31.—The American polo team won today's game from the English team by two goals to one. It was the first of a series of games for the international cup.

THE ARMY REDUCED.

By Direction of the President the Order was Issued.

Washington, May 31.—By direction of the president, Secretary Root issued a general order decreasing the strength of our permanent establishment and changing the ratio of its make-up as provided under the general order issued last May, to carry out the army regulation law. Under the general order of last May the total strength of the army was fixed at 77,287 and under the order issued today it reduces this figure to 66,137.

Killed by an Automobile.

New York, May 31.—One man was instantly killed and four other persons hurt at Cramere, Staten Island, today, where automobile speed tests were being made to break the world's records for a mile. The man killed was Andrew Featherstone, assessor of the borough of Richmond. The accident was due to a runaway machine.

Profitable Speculation.

Chicago, May 31.—James A. Patten, mayor of Evanston and a prominent board of trade operator, today brought to a successful close a corner in May oats, which has dominated the oats market since early last fall. The profits credited to Mr. Patten on the deal are estimated at \$1,000,000.

T. G. Ames has purchased the tinning and repairing business of William Gibbs, on South Second street, and named the place the Albuquerque Sheet and Metal works.

The Alvarado Pharmacy

PURE DRUGS,
PERFUMES,
TOILET ARTICLES.

Full Line of Druggists' Sundries.

WE GUARANTEE SATISFACTION.

B. H. BRIGGS & CO., Prescription Druggists
CORNER GOLD AVENUE AND FIRST STREET.

Albuquerque Daily Citizen

HUGHES & McCREIGHT, Publishers

Thos. Hughes, Editor
W. T. McCreight, Mgr. and City Ed.

Publishes Daily and Weekly.

Associated Press afternoon dispatches
Largest City and County Circulation
The Largest New Mexico Circulation
Largest Northern Arizona Circulation

Copies of this paper may be found on file at Washington in the office of our special correspondent, E. G. Siggers, 918 F street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

New Mexico demands Statehood from the Fifty-Seventh Congress.

Terms of Subscription:

Daily, by mail, one year, \$5.00
Daily, by mail, six months, \$3.00
Daily, by mail, three months, \$1.50
Daily, by mail, one month, .50
Daily, by carrier, one month, .75
Weekly, by mail, per year, 2.00
THE DAILY CITIZEN will be delivered to the city at the low rate of 20 cents per week, or for 75 cents per month, when paid monthly. These rates are less than those of any other daily paper in the territory.

The Silver City Enterprise says that city is assured of a home smelter. This is good news to the whole territory.

The Ohio republicans have a good platform, but old man Grosvenor says platform pledges are made to be broken.

The saloons in El Paso have been ordered closed on Sundays, and there will be a higer to Mexico on those days from the Pass City.

Every man learns sooner or later that Ella Wheeler Wilcox knew what she was talking about when she said: "Laugh and the world laughs with you; weep, and you weep alone." Even your best friend doesn't want to hear about your woes. Your talk about financial reverses, loss of prestige, loss of position, illness and the like weary and horrify him, but he experiences a relief when you turn to the discussion of topics with more sunshine in them.

CAUSE OF ERUPTION.

Amos P. Brown, professor of geology, University of Pennsylvania, says the Indianapolis News, explains that the recent eruption of Mount Pelee was without a doubt caused by the inflowing of water into the bed of molten lava below the surface of the sea. The contact of the water and hot lava at once generated millions of pounds of steam, which forced its way up through the lava, tearing everything as it went and bursting the entire top of the mountain off in its efforts to escape. Prof. Brown says: "St. Pierre was not destroyed by an eruption from the summit of Pelee. It will be found, I think, that one side of the mountain near the town was blown out, and from this was hurled the molten rock, lava and red hot steam."

STATEHOOD BILL AND POLITICS.

Regarding the omnibus bill for the admission of Arizona, Oklahoma and New Mexico to statehood, the steering committee seemed determined to give the members of the senate no opportunity to express themselves. The Phoenix Gazette says that from the correspondence of the Phoenix board of trade statehood committee it would seem fairly certain that the bill is favored by a majority of the members of that august body. Every technical advantage it seems will be used to defeat the will of this apparent majority.

If some great principle were at stake a minority might be justified in blocking legislation. In this instance the attitude of the steering committee is dictated simply by considerations of party policy.

Furthermore it puts the republican party in the light of having made a bid for votes by inserting a hypocritical plank in its platform. Nothing has come up in the last two years to justify the republican leaders refusing to carry out the pledge made at Philadelphia.

LYING ABOUT THE ARMY.

The side of the army is beginning to be presented before the senate committee, and, as was to be expected, says the San Francisco Chronicle, the stories of brutal treatment of Filipinos under official direction are shown to be mostly deliberate perjuries committed in malice or under subornation of political bandits in search of material for the use of democratic demagogues. In the case of the corporal who swore that he saw all manner of atrocities perpetrated by the direction of army officers, official records prove that at the time he was thirty miles distant from the scene of what he pretended to have witnessed. There was probably never a war in which the laws of war were not violated by subordinates. There has evidently been some such occurrences in the Philippines, whose punishment may be safely left to the military authorities. Never

was the provocation to retaliation greater, even in the early Indian wars of this country. The atrocities of the Filipinos have been proved beyond question. Human nature is weak, and sometimes gives way in any civilization. Nevertheless neither the American people nor the American president will countenance anything having the appearance of torture, even if not really brutal. It is also true that in all armies there are scamps. Some Americans of that class were in the army in the Philippines, and some of these are evidently emitting wholesale perjuries either for money or to gratify some private revenge, just as a hobo may wreck a railroad train because he has been dragged off a brakebeam. Senators should be in better business than in encouraging and circulating slanders of our army.

DUTIES OF THE SENATE.

The eastern press is beginning to concede that Arizona, New Mexico and Oklahoma will be admitted to statehood in the near future, and it is amusing to note the diverse views expressed by the metropolitan dailies, says the Phoenix Republican. It has been generally assumed that partisanship was cutting little, if any, figure in determining the action of congress, but there comes the democratic Philadelphia Times with a howl that the three territories are to be admitted to further the diabolical purposes of the republican party. The Times is opposed to admission, of course, and it bases its opposition on the threadbare argument that the equilibrium of the states will be disturbed by permitting relatively small communities like Arizona to have an equal voice in the senate with New York and Pennsylvania. Such arguments are founded on ignorance of the fundamental principles of the government.

Even a superficial acquaintance with the history of the constitution would remove the worry of the kickers. It was clearly the intention of the fathers to give the larger states power in the house of representatives in proportion to their population, and hold in check the selfishness which goes with power by limiting these great states to representation in the senate on an equality with the smaller subdivisions of the union. And in addition to that it was the idea of the men who founded the government that a United States senator should be something more than merely a representative of his state. In a larger sense he was to represent the whole nation, and the allotment of two senators to each state was in furtherance of the idea that the representatives of the nation at large should come from all parts of the union and not from the overpopulated sections. Accordingly, if harmony with the spirit of the constitution is observed, it makes no difference to the nation whether a state counts its population in millions or in thousands—the essential question being whether there is sufficient population to bear the burden and responsibilities of a local state government.

THE WORK GOES ON.

Albuquerque People Are Interested—It Has Much to do With Our Welfare.

Never out of work. That's the case with the kidneys. Twenty-four hours to the day is the time they put in. They're equal to it when they're well. But they get sick. Stopping positions of the body. Straining, a fall or over-exertion. Often makes the kidneys sick. But the work must go on. They ask for help through the back. The back aches. It's kidney ache. Doan's Kidney Pills are kidney helpers.

The daily work goes on. Mr. Jacob Wolfe, carpenter, of 1239 North Ninth street, Third ward, St. Louis, says: "When I first came to St. Louis there was not a bridge across the river, there was only a ferry. I helped to build the court house over forty years ago and worked on nearly all the old buildings in the city. There was not a railroad in St. Louis, so a word or two from me to my many friends and acquaintances should carry considerably more weight than if I lived, say in the New England states. Mrs. Wolfe and I have had more than one attack of backache. Mine was not remarkably severe but it was annoying. Noticing Doan's Kidney Pills advertised induced me to get a supply and Mrs. Wolfe and I commenced the treatment. If it had not performed absolutely what it promised, if the action of the pills were not a long way ahead of anything we ever before used, I would be the last resident in St. Louis to publicly recommend them."

Drop into the Alvarado Pharmacy and ask what their customers report. For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Quick Sale Fruit Store.

Big red apples, \$1.30 to \$2.25 per box; bananas, 35 cents; nuts and candies. 109 West Railroad avenue.

Deming, the seat of the new county of Luna.

CLOUDCROFT

The Roof Garden of the Southwest. The season at Cloudcroft will open on June 1, the lodge, dining hall and lunch counter having been placed under the able management of the popular hotel proprietor and manager, Geo. Waterman.

The fame of Cloudcroft as the premier summer resort of the southwest has been heralded far and wide, and patrons may rest assured its reputation will not be allowed to suffer this year. Extensive improvements have been made in the way of accommodations and out door as well as indoor amusements and entertainment.

For a booklet regarding Cloudcroft, or further information regarding this summer resort, call on nearest coupon ticket agent, or address:

A. N. BROWN,
G. P. A., E. P. R. I. Route,
El Paso, Texas.

JEMEZ HOT SPRINGS STAGE LINE.
Stage leaves Trimble's stable on Second street, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 a. m.; quick time. A relay of stock is kept at Zia. Arrives at the Springs in time for supper. Don't be deceived by people who tell you they will take you just as quick as the stage, for they won't. Nobody else has any change of stock on the route. Tickets for sale at Trimble's. J. B. BLOCK, Proprietor.

Just Received

a fine lot of upholstered couches with all steel construction. Don't fail to see them. They are beauties. Futelle Furniture Co., west end of viaduct. Also a fine line of Ingrain carpets and art squares, ranging in prices from \$3.50 and up; cotton, 1/2 wool and all wool.

Special Summer Excursion.

Albuquerque to Chicago and return, \$51.50.
Albuquerque to Kansas City and return, \$39.00.
Albuquerque to St. Louis and return, \$46.50.
Tickets on sale June 6, 7, 13 and 14, and June 24 to September 12, inclusive. Final return limit October 31, 1902. F. L. MYERS, Agent.

Triennial Convention, International Sunday School Association, Denver, Colo., June 25 to July 2, 1902.
Rate of \$18.85 for round trip. Tickets on sale June 24. Return limit July 5, 1902. F. L. MYERS, Agent.

Reduced Rate to San Francisco and Return, Account Imperial Council, Nobles Mystic Shrine, San Francisco, June 10 to 14, 1902.
Rate of \$35 for round trip; tickets on sale June 3 to 8 inclusive; final return limit July 31, 1902. F. L. MYERS, agent.

Plumbing.

We have an experienced plumbing department and tin shop to our business. When you have anything in this line to be done see us about it before placing your order. Albuquerque Hardware company.

Special Rate to California Points.
Albuquerque to Los Angeles and San Diego, \$50.00.

Albuquerque to San Francisco and return, \$55.00.

Tickets on sale every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, May to September, inclusive, 1902. Final return limit November 30, 1902. F. L. MYERS, Agent.

MONEY TO LOAN.

On diamonds, watches, etc., or any good security; also household goods stored with me; strictly confidential. Highest cash price paid for household goods. Automatic phone 120. T. A. WHITTEN, 114 Gold avenue.

Do You Want Carpets?

Call and examine our samples. Our carpets are shipped direct from factory. We can save you money. J. H. Shuffelbarger, 214 West Gold avenue.

Carpets! Carpets! Carpets!!!
Our new spring line complete; come and see us. Our prices are the lowest. Albert Faber, 305 Railroad avenue.

Deming water is chemically pure—equal to Polan Springs.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENT—ROSENWALD BROS.

See the newest in ladies' neckwear at The Economist.

We sell more shoes than all other stores combined. You know the reason. Leon B. Stern.

Deming, the coming city of New Mexico.

Have you seen that blue enameled steel ware at the Albuquerque Hardware company's store. It is the most beautiful and ornamental ware ever seen in Albuquerque.

VELVET RIBBONS, VELVET RIBBONS, VELVET RIBBONS—ROSENWALD BROS.

Mrs. Albright, the Artist.
Is again in her studio, 114 North Third street. Parties who wish fine work in artistic photography, should call and leave their orders for the new carbon photo, the latest in photographic art.

Deming is the great mining center of the southwest.



Too Many Goods, Not Enough Money. That's The Truth!

If it's necessary to give some excuse for offering goods at half or less we prefer to tell the truth, and the truth is tersely told above. Bought twice as much as usual. Can't afford to carry any goods over. But the story of our sincerity is best told by the price list following.

IT PAYS TO TRADE AT THE



LEON B. STERN, PROPRIETOR

Cosmopolitan
Paper
Patterns 10c
None Higher

Mail
Orders
Promptly
Filled

32 cents yard for 24-inch China Silk, worth 75c.	15 cents yard for 38-inch Granite Cloth, worth 35c.	14 cents pair for your choice of odds and ends Children's Hose, worth up to 25c.
35 cents yard for 36-inch All Wool Albattross, worth 75c.	39 cents yard for 40-inch All Wool Cream Henrietta, worth 90c.	5 cents yard buys fine sheer Dimities, Lawns and Batistes, in fancy designs, worth up to 12 1/2c.
59 cents yard for 50-inch All Wool Black Storm Serge, worth \$1.25.	48 cents for your choice of any Bunch of Flowers in the house, worth up to \$2.50.	15 cents yard buys finest 35c Mercerized Foulards in the latest French designs.
19 cents yard for 36-inch English Cashmere, worth 35c.	\$1.38 for any Ladies' Shirt Waist Hat in the house, worth up to \$4.00.	19 cents yard buys finest Fancy Striped Silk Gingham—goods selling elsewhere at 40c.
39 cents yard for 20-inch Corded Wash Silk, worth 75c.	19 cents for your choice of any pair of Ladies' Silk Mitts in the house, worth up to 50c.	10 cents yard buys finest Washable Taffeta Silk Ribbons, No. 22, always sold at 35c.
85 cents yard for 24-inch Black Moire Velour, worth \$2.00.	12 1/2 cents for your choice of any Windsor Tie in the house, worth up to 35c.	4 cents yard buys best 8c Turkey Red Calicoes.
69 cents yard for 40-inch Black and Castor Satin Prunella, worth \$1.50.	75 cents for your choice of any Ladies' Mercerized Sateen Petticoats, worth up to \$2.00.	5 1/2 cents yard buys finest 10c White Lawn.
35 cents yard for 38-inch All Wool Homespun, worth 75c.	98 cents for your choice of any Childs' Gingham or Chambray Dress, worth up to \$2.00.	3 1/2 cents yard buys best 6c White Cotton Crash Toweling.
37 cents yard for 38-inch All Wool Cheviot, sponged and shrunk, worth 75c.	25 cents yard for your choice of any Pluen Made Appliques, worth up to 65c.	7 1/2 cents yard buys best 12 1/2c Outing Flannel.
25 cents yard for 38-inch Black Mohair, worth 50c.	15 cents for your choice of Ladies' Long Sleeve Vests, worth 25c.	7 cents yard buys Genuine "Fruit of the Loom" Muslin.
69 cents yard for 48-inch Black Alpaca, worth \$1.25.		6 cents yard buys 30-inch Percale, worth 10c.

J. H. O'Reilly & Co.

Keep Cool

BY PURCHASING A NICE
GOOD BATH SPONGE FOR A
COLD SPONGE BATH.
WE HAVE SPONGES AT
ALL PRICES, 5c, 10c, 15c, 25c,
50c and up.

J. H. O'REILLY & CO.

Prescription Druggists

Corner 2nd St. and Gold Ave.

JOE RICHARDS, CIGARS

113 1/2 West Railroad Avenue.

Wm. Glaesner, ... Tailor.

Automatic phone 574
216 1/2 South Second Street,
Albuquerque, N. Mex.

MELINI & EAKIN

WHOLESALE LIQUORS, CIGARS

We handle everything in our line
Distillers Agents
Special Distributors Taylor & Willis
Louisville, Kentucky
111 & First St., Albuquerque, N. M.

B. A. SLEYSER,

ACCIDENT INSURANCE,
FIRE INSURANCE,
REAL ESTATE,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
ROOMS 12-14, CROMWELL BLOCK,
Automatic Telephone 174.

Deming offers the same opportunities now that the most prosperous cities in the west offered several years ago.

Iron Separate Bureaus.

with iron and brass bedsteads at prices to suit are special offerings at our store this week. And they're going fast. Notable bargains to be picked up in every department here now. Handsome and durable parlor suits \$15. Elegant couches, new metal construction, that are surpassing value for the money, \$14.85. Well made, serviceable, first class furniture, all kinds, astonishingly cheap. Also a good line of in-grain and Brussels carpets.

The Futrelle Furniture Co.

WEST END OF VIADUCT.
Corner Second street and Coal avenue.



THE Bank of Commerce ALBUQUERQUE

Capital - - \$100,000

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

M. S. OTERO, President

W. S. STRICKLER, V. P., and Cashier, W. J. JOHNSON, Asst. Cashier

WM. MCINTOSH SOLOMON LUNA

J. C. BALDRIDGE A. M. BLACKWELL W. A. MAXWELL

DEPOSITORY FOR ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE RAILWAY

THIRD STREET Meat Market

All kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats.
STEAM SAUSAGE FACTORY.

E MIL KLEINWORT, Prop.
MASONIC BUILDING, N. THIRD STREET



SPORTING NEWS

YESTERDAY'S BALL GAMES.

National League.
At St. Louis—First game—
St. Louis 2
Cincinnati 8
Batteries: Popp and O'Neill; Hahn and Pietz.

Second game—
St. Louis 3
Cincinnati 1
Batteries: Dunham and O'Neill; Ewing and Bergen.

At Brooklyn—
Boston 1
Brooklyn 7
Batteries: Pittinger and Normal; Kitson and Farrell.
Second game—
Boston 3
Brooklyn 10
Batteries: Klitredge and Yale; Donovan, Ahearn and Farrell.

At New York—
Philadelphia 5
New York 4
Batteries: Dugleby and Jacklitch; Mathewson, Evans, Bowerman and Yeager. Ten innings were necessary to determine the game.
Second game—
Philadelphia 6
New York 9
Batteries: Fraser and Doran; Taylor, Evans and Yeager.

At Pittsburgh—
Chicago 6
Pittsburgh 8
Batteries: St. Vrain and Kling; Deheny, Chesbro and Smith.
Second game—
Pittsburgh 0
Chicago 4
Batteries: Philippi and O'Connor; Menefee and Chance.

American League.
At Baltimore—
Baltimore 12
Cleveland 4
Batteries: Howell and Robinson; Wright and Bemis.
Second game—
Baltimore 10
Cleveland 7
Batteries: Hughes and Robinson; Moore and Bemis.

At Philadelphia—
Philadelphia 7
St. Louis 11
Batteries: Plank and Schreckengost; Sudhoff and Sugden.
Second game—
St. Louis 4
Philadelphia 11
Batteries: Powell and Snyder; Hustings and Powers.

At Boston—
Boston 5
Detroit 10
Batteries: Mitchell and Warner; Miller, McGuire and Deminger.
Second game—
Boston 12
Detroit 0
Batteries: Young and Criger; Mercer, Cronin and Buelow.

At Washington—
Washington 9
Chicago 3
Batteries: Garvin, Griffith and McFarland; Carlick and Clarke.
Second game—
Washington 2
Chicago 3
Batteries: Patten and Clarke; Callahan and Sullivan.

Western League.
At Colorado Springs—
Peoria 7
Colorado Springs 2
Batteries: McGill and Wilson; Jones and Baerwald.
Second game—
Peoria 9
Colorado Springs 11
Batteries: Cox, Shafstall and Wil-

son; Hayes, Newmeyer, McNeely and Baerwald.

At Denver—
Denver 5
Milwaukee 0
Batteries: Eyler and McConnell; McPherson and Stanford.
Second game—
Denver 7
Milwaukee 17
Batteries: Waterbury, Frisk and McConnell; Barber, McPherson and Lucia.

At Kansas City—
Kansas City 2
Kansas City 3
Batteries: McFadden and Roth; Weimer and Messitt. Twelve innings were played.
Second game—
Kansas City 7
St. Joseph 6
Batteries: Cable and Messitt; Parvin and Koth.

At Omaha—
Des Moines 11
Omaha 3
Batteries: Barry and Lobeck; Alloway and Goding.
Second game—
Omaha 1
Des Moines 0
Batteries: Owens and Goding; Morrison and Lobeck.

College Games.
At New Haven—
Princeton 6
Yale 10

At Cambridge—
Harvard 2
University of Illinois 1

American Association.
At Kansas City—
Kansas City 7
Milwaukee 5
Second game—
Kansas City 4
Milwaukee 7

At Indianapolis—
Indianapolis 4
Louisville 7
Second game—
Indianapolis 11
Louisville 2

At Columbus—
Columbus 9
Toledo 3
Second game—
Columbus 9
Toledo 3

At St. Paul—
St. Paul 2
Minneapolis 1
Second game—
Minneapolis 5
St. Paul 3

A CLOSE GAME.
Santa Rita 8, Silver City 7—Game Played at Santa Rita.
The base ball game played at Santa Rita Sunday afternoon between the Santa Rita team and the Silver City Maroons was one of the prettiest contests of its kind ever had in Grant county, and resulted in a victory for the Santa Rita boys by a score of 8 to 7. Quite a number of "rooters" accompanied the home club on their trip, and did everything possible. The game passed off smoothly from start to finish, the only hitch, occurring when the umpire in the ninth inning called Watted out, when the Silver City contingent was morally certain that he was safe. Bayne, for Silver City, pitched a beautiful game, allowing the opposing team but seven hits. Maher, the second baseman, put up a good "stunt" on his corner and is considered quite a find. All of the remainder of the boys put up good ball throughout.
For Santa Rita, Moses maintained his record by making his usual home

run, knocking the ball over the left fielder's head and making the round of bases in safety. Livingston pitched a steady game, and after the fourth inning no Silver City man crossed the home plate. The game was short and spirited, being played in one hour and thirty minutes.

SANTA FE WON.

Defeated Albuquerque Yesterday by a Score of 8 to 3.

The Santa Fe ball club yesterday defeated the Albuquerque team at the fair grounds. The Santa Fe team was strengthened by two Las Vegas players, one of whom was Rhodes, the clever pitcher. Not only did he pitch a steady and reliable game, but he made a three base hit.

Vorhes made some spectacular plays and was a host in himself. Haverly, who pitched for Albuquerque, would have made a much better showing as far as the score is concerned had he been given good support, but the fielding of the Browns was poor. The Browns were very much off on batting and seemed to play in a listless manner.

The score by innings was:
Santa Fe 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0—8
Albuquerque 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 2—3
Batteries—Santa Fe, Rhodes and Parsons; Albuquerque, Haverly and McDonald.

Broke His Leg.

Word reached Albuquerque the other day that Center Fielder Van Haltren of the New York base ball team had slipped while running between bases on the National league diamond at Pittsburgh, Pa., and had broken his leg. Val Haltren was a well known person to base ball enthusiasts of this city, where he played on the team last summer. He also has played in El Paso. He will be laid up for a considerable time with the injury, and it is not probable that he will be able to play any more this season with the New York nine.

Announcement to the Public.

I will take possession of the Hotel Highland on June 1, 1902, as lessee and manager. It will be my endeavor to make this hotel attractive to local patrons and the traveling public. The table will be supplied at all times with the best the country affords. The cuisine, service and accommodations of the hotel will be equal to any in the territory. Desiring your patronage and good will, I am sincerely yours,
C. H. BRIGGS,
Proprietor.

Concerning Trade Tricks.
The old saying that there are "tricks in all trades" has outlived its truthfulness, if there ever was any truth in it. This store does not countenance tricks of any sort to catch the unwary. The plain, simple policy of buying good merchandise and selling it at a just profit is what has gained for us the public confidence. What you read in our "ads" you can tie to. People with money to spend naturally go to the safe trading place—Golden Rule Dry Goods Co.

Price Reductions.

The only reason for reducing prices on our men's and boys' clothing is that we are overstocked and therefore anxious to push business. We had no old stock to unload and are showing new and desirable goods only.—Simon Stern, the Railroad Avenue Clothier.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Economize by trading at The Economist.

Copper, tin and galvanized iron work.—Whitney company.

It will pay you to see Hall & Learnard before purchasing a piano.

No tuberculosis preservalline or coloring in Matthews' Jersey milk.

Kleinwort's is the place to get your nice fresh steak. All kinds of nice meat.

Deming has an abundance of water for irrigating vineyards, orchards, or gardens.

Buy lots and build in Deming. Your rental returns will be 20 per cent. on the investment.

Orders taken for every known make of stoves and ranges. Albuquerque Hardware company.

Deming is a great health resort—has no superior in climate for the cure of pulmonary troubles.

Look into Kleinwort's market on North Third street. He has the nicest fresh meats in the city.

We are sole agents for Wheeler & Wilson sewing machines.—Albert Faber, 305 Railroad avenue.

Why buy high priced lots when you can get them cheap in Deming now, with certain advance assured?

We carry the largest variety of linoleums and oil cloths in this city. Albert Faber, 305 Railroad avenue.

Deming needs one hundred new houses to supply the demand, and needs them now. This demand continues to grow.

Mrs. Isola Bambini, at her parlors at the corner of Railroad avenue and North Fourth street, is prepared to give thorough scalp treatment, do hair dressing, treat corns, bunions and ingrowing nails. She gives massage treatment and manicuring. Mrs. Bambini's own preparations of complexion cream builds up the skin and improves the complexion, and are guaranteed not to be injurious. She also prepares a hair tonic that cures and prevents dandruff and hair falling out; restores life to dead hair; removes moles, warts and superfluous hair. Give her a trial.

Deming! Have you been there? If not, you should get there for the big sale of lots on the 17th of this month.

CORSETS ON SALE AT AN UNHEARD OF FIGURE.—ROSENWALD BROS.

Deming has increased 50 per cent. in population in four years.

Statehood cigars, two for 25 cents.

THE ECONOMIST

THE ECONOMIST

THE ECONOMIST



The Economist

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO.

No Shoes, Clothing or Groceries—But Everything in the Dry Goods Line.
Agents for McCall Patterns. All Patterns 10 and 15 cts.
Mail Orders Solicited and Filled Same Day as Received.



Important Sale of Ladies Shirt Waists And Wrappers.

Our Buyer has over stocked us. Full 500 Ladies Style 1902 Shirt Waists at less than half price, Made of Gingham, Madras, Silk Novelties, Dimities, White Lawns, Batiste and Organdies, in Blue, Pink Red, Green and Linen shades, etc., solid colors, Stripes, Dots etc., Devided into 10 lots as follows:

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY.



LOT 1—Lot of White Lawn Waist, collar attached; to close out, price 25c each.

LOT 2—49c for values up to 75c, in Percale, Madras, Dimity, also white open worked effect, made with tucks and pleats; a big bargain, to close out, only 49c.

LOT 3—75c for values up to \$1.25, in White Lawns with lace and embroidery trimming; Chambray with embroidery insertion; Striped Madras, Gibson style; some amongst these worth up to \$1.25; take your choice only 75c.

LOT 4—98c, consists 5 styles of Colored Waists and 3 styles White Waists, with allover lace and embroidery trimmed fronts, and figured striped and dotted Wash Waists, many lace trimmed, others tucked allover, some strapped and pearl button trimmed; values in this lot up to \$1.75; take your choice only \$1.00.

LOT 5—Consists of 8 styles of Waists, 4 colors and 4 white; values up to \$2.00 and \$2.50; White Lawns, Silk Chambrays, Mercerized Madras and Dimities, lace insertion trimmed; white, pinks, blues, linens, stripes, dots and solid colors; choice \$1.25.

LOT 6—Takes in balance of our stock of Colored Waists, such as our Mercerized Linen Waists, Mercerized Chambray and Silk Gingham; also styles of White Waists, made open front or back, trimmed with lace or embroidery insertion; none in this lot sold for less than \$2.50; Choice, \$1.50.

LOT 7—Takes in all our Fine Lawn Waists that sold up to \$3.00, open back or front, lace or embroidery trimmed; some lace yokes; take your pick in this lot, only \$1.98.

LOT 8—Includes all our White Waists that sold at \$3.50 and \$4.00; open back or front, trimmed with lace and embroidery, in handsome patterns; Sale Price, \$2.50.

LOT 9—White Lawn Waists, open front or back, trimmed with lace, embroidery; also allover tucked Batiste Waist, long and short sleeves; values in this lot worth up to \$5.00; Sale Price only \$3.00.

LOT 10—Takes in all our finest White Lawn, Silk, Linen and Silk Batiste Waists, trimmed with lace and embroidery medallions; also allover embroidery; values in this lot up to \$7.50 each; take your choice of any, \$3.75.



A Special Sale of New Wrappers

Choice of our regular Percale Wrapper in this sale 48c

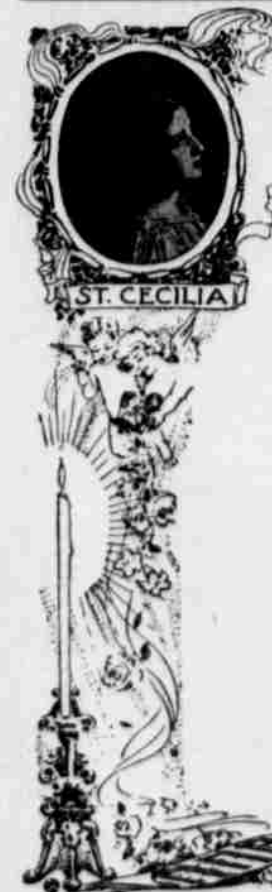
Choice of any of our Wrappers that so - up to \$1.50 \$1.00

Choice of any of our Wrappers that sold up to \$2.00, which includes balance of our stock of fine Wrappers, Satin, Lawns and Percales;

Choice \$1.25

Subscribe for The Citizen.

A PIANO In a home is not a sign of wealth but it shows an intelligent home-life.



People In this age of enlightenment no longer say "DO WE WANT A PIANO," but WHAT PIANO DO WE WANT."

You Want A PIANO with a perfect scale, rich tone, durable in construction and with an artistic case.

Chickering Brothers Pianos...

Are endorsed and chosen by the most critical music lovers. We are Exclusive Territorial Representatives of these GEMS and other leading makes. We sell everything in the music line.

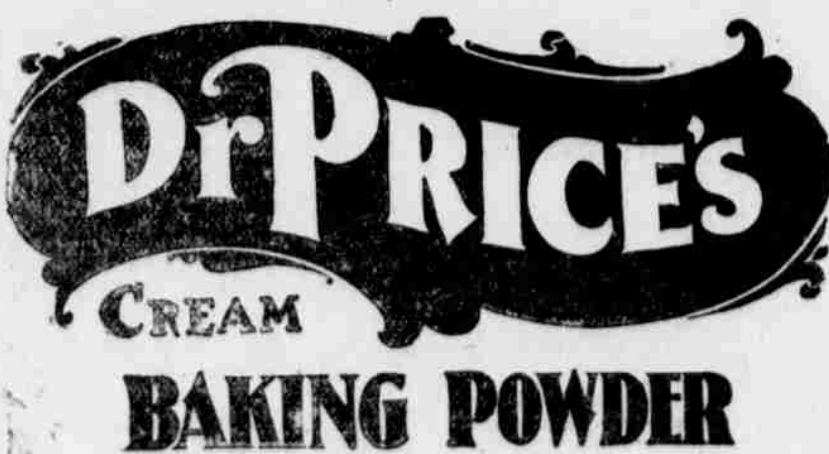
"And the last but not least

The Cecilian perfect Piano-player. You can play any musical composition from the classical to the latest Coon songs. Would you be without one.

Hall & Learnard,
The Square Music Dealers,

204 South Second Street,

Albuquerque, New Mexico.



For a third of a century American housewives have found Dr. Price's Baking Powder invariably a guarantee of pure, delicious and wholesome food.

Always makes the perfect biscuit, cake and bread.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,
CHICAGO.

NOTE.—Baking powder made from alum and other harsh, caustic salts are lower in price, but inferior in work and injurious to the stomach.

QUEENSWARE.

CALL AND SEE OUR

LAMPS

HANDPAINTED CHINA
ICE CREAM FREEZERS,
COOKING UTENSILS,
HAMMOCKS,
MEXICAN DRAWNWORK,
DINNER SETS,
INDIAN POTTERY,
MEXICAN HATS.

INDIAN BLANKETS,
CARVING SETS,
PICTURES,
CUT GLASS,
CHAMBER SETS,
KNIVES, FORKS, SPOONS,
JARDINIERES.

J. W. MALETTE,

Successor to A. B. McGaffey & Co.

OPEN EVENINGS.

216 WEST RAILROAD AVE.

** BORRADAILE & CO. **



Furniture,
Crockery,
Graniteware,
Tinware,
Art Squares,
Mattresses,
Springs,
New and Second
Household Goods

Iron Beds All Sizes—
\$3.00 Up.

Household Goods on
Easy Payments.

117 Gold Avenue

Albuquerque N. M.

House Furnishings, New and Second Hand Goods.

A Just Demand
For Recognition

STATEHOOD

Havana Cigars
2 for 25 Cents

Flesher & Rosenwald

MAKERS

YOU CAN ALL RIDE



Call at Korber's repository and
see the largest stock in the south-
west.

Prices lower than ever before and
we will make you easy terms.

Full line of supplies, Lap Robes,
Whips, Harness and Top Dressings,
Axle Oils and Saddlery.

English Canopy Tops, Sun
Shades, Umbrellas, Bow Tops, Etc.

J. Korber & Co., ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO.

PAGE & VOORHEES

PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS

New Stock,

New Location,

Experienced Druggists,
Next to Postoffice.

Automatic Phone 225.

South Second Street.

Dentistry.
Careful, reliable work; reasonable
rates. Dr. B. Barnes, dentist, room 2,
N. T. Armijo building.

Let us figure on your plumbing. Al-
buquerque Hardware company.

Carpenters' and machinists' tools of
all kinds. Albuquerque Hardware com-
pany.

Agricultural lands in Deming are un-
surpassed for fertility, production of
fruits and vegetables of all kinds.

PINOS ALTOS.

Pushing Work on Mountain Key Mine Shaft.

The Mountain Key Gold Mining com-
pany of the Pinos Altos district is
pushing work on the shaft and 400 foot
drift. A good sized body of gold ore
has been uncovered in the last named
operation. The shaft will soon reach a
depth of 700 feet, at which depth an-
other level will be run. Those who are
in a position to know claim that this
property will soon be a steady prod-
ucer of high grade ore.

The Mexican leasers on the Atlantic
mine have recently put on a night shift,
recent development being such as to
justify pushing the work.

Thomas Holman and W. Hoskins
have taken a lease on Dr. L. B. Robin-
son's claims adjoining the Tip Top
mine.

On the Arizona mine the principal
work at the present time is the sinking
of the new double compartment shaft,
which has now reached a depth of 60
feet and drifting on the 300 foot and
400 foot levels. Ore shipments are
being made to El Paso. C. Scholz, a
well known St. Louis mining expert,
visited the property last week and was
very much pleased at the shape in
which he found the same.

LOCAL PARAGRAPHS.

J. G. Lührbridge, wife and son, Put-
nam, N. M., are in the city.

Leopoldo Jaramilla and wife, of Los
Lunas, are in the city today.

Mrs. A. J. Mitchell and children were
passengers for Hatch this morning.

Hon. Sol. Luna and wife, of Los Lu-
nas, are enjoying the comfort and lux-
ury of the Alvarado.

Thomas A. Lister, who is interested
in mining down in Grant county, in the
vicinity of Lordsburg, N. M., is in the
city.

A handsome new ice wagon has been
manufactured by J. Korber & Co. for
the ice company at Gallup. It is a fine
wagon.

Charles Jones, Santa Fe depot agent
at Las Vegas, passed through the city
this morning, en route from Belen to
Las Vegas.

Miss Veta Bennett, who came here
about six months ago for her health,
will leave this evening for her home in
Los Angeles, Cal.

Miss Frances Bigelow left this after-
noon for San Bernardino, Cal., where
she will visit a couple of months with
Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Barlett.

Henry Gleason, deputy collector for
Valencia county, left this morning for
Los Lunas after spending a vacation
with his family in this city.

R. B. Thomas, of the Consolidated
Mining and Smelting company, operat-
ing at Cerillos, is in the city, to en-
joy the Sabbath with his family.

Mayor Charles F. Myers and
Ernest Meyers, of the firm of Meyers-
Abel company, wholesale liquor deal-
ers, were passengers for Kennedy this
morning.

Albert Clancy, who has been spend-
ing the winter with his uncle, F. W.
Clancy, and attending the Albuquerque
public schools, returned to his home at
Santa Fe this morning.

Mrs. R. E. Leatherman and Mrs. Jas.
Eashy, Smith expect to leave in a few
days for the east, and before return-
ing to the city will visit in the Adir-
ondack mountains of New York.

Mrs. J. Downs, proprietress of the
Downs home at Winslow, who has
been spending a few days in the city
visiting her cousin, Mrs. D. H. Boat-
right, left this morning for Deming, N. M.

Sam Locke, live stock inspector of
the Fifth district of New Mexico, and
J. F. Cook, of Socorro, gentlemen who
have been spending several days in the
city, were passengers for Socorro this
afternoon.

Ivan Grunfeld and wife, first class
citizens of this city, who have lived
here long and are well known, expect
to leave Wednesday night of next
week for New York, where they will
reside in the future.

Will Use Only Newspapers.

The Mercantile Association of Read-
ing, Pa., composed of 200 leading mer-
chants of that city, has put itself on
record against all advertising schemes
except through the columns of the
newspapers. The association declares
that inasmuch as "merchants in gen-
eral have suffered for years from con-
stantly increasing solicitations for ad-
vertisements for hotel registers, desks,
bill boards, clocks, key boards, charts,
programs, tickets, cook books, moving
pictures, enunciations, curtain ad-
vertisements, oil paintings and pamphlets
the members pledge themselves that
they will not make use of any such
forms of advertisement."

Pound Sale.

At city hall, one roan mare, 5 years
old, one sorrel horse, 2 years old, and
branded F; one buckskin mare, brand-
ed M. D.; 1-year-old, will be sold Thurs-
day, 10 o'clock a. m.

THOS. McMILLIN,
City Marshal.

This evening, at the White Elephant,
a fine free lunch will be served, to
which everybody cordially invited to
partake. The White Elephant is one
of the city's finest resorts.

Go to the New England bakery and
be cooled off. Ice cream and cake 10
cents.

Messrs. Quickel & Bothe, proprietors
of the Zeiger Cafe, extend a cordial in-
vitation to their many friends to at-
tend the grand free lunch at their pop-
ular resort tonight. The chef of the es-
tablishment says the spread will be
ready about 8:30 p. m.

Subscribe for The Daily Citizen.

One of the finest lunches of the sea-
son will be served at the White Ele-
phant resort tonight.

Banana, vanilla, lemon and straw-
berry ice cream at Scott's Ice Cream
parlor on South Second street. Open
all day Sunday.

Everybody invited and expected to
attend grand free lunch at the Zeiger
Cafe tonight.

THE SURE WAY

to prevent pneumonia and consump-
tion is to cure your cold when it first
appears. Acker's English Remedy will
stop the cough in a night, and drive
the cold out of your system. Always a
quick and sure cure for asthma, bron-
chitis and all throat and lung troubles.
If it does not satisfy you the druggist
will refund your money. Write to us
for free sample. W. H. Hooker & Co.,
Buffalo, N. Y. J. H. O'Reilly & Co. and
E. H. Briggs & Co.

PLACES OF WORSHIP.

St. John's Episcopal church—10 a.
m., Sunday school; 11 a. m., morning
service, holy communion and sermon;
from June 8 there will be evening ser-
vice every evening at 8 o'clock.

Lead Avenue Methodist church, cor-
ner Lead avenue and Third street—
Sunday school at 9:45; preaching at
11 a. m.; union meeting at the tent at
night. The Rev. Merton Smith will
hold an evangelistic service with the
Sunday school, and preach at the reg-
ular service. Sunday school teachers
will meet at 8:15 for a prayer service.

Congregational church, east end of
the viaduct, W. J. Marsh, pastor—The
usual services will be held on Sunday
morning. Sunday school at 9:45;
preaching by the pastor at 11. All are
cordially invited. Let all attend the
last union service in the tent at 7:30
p. m.

Immaculate Conception—Early mass
at 7; late mass at 10; vespers, instruc-
tion and benediction.

Baptist church, Broadway and Lead
avenue, Herman J. Powell, pastor; at
home, 211 South High street, Thursday
evenings—Tomorrow, Bible school at
9:45; preaching services at 11. The
questions to be discussed are "What
have we gained from the month's
meetings and the year's school?" or
"Making the most of the past as a
secret of progress." The Lord's sup-
per following. Union evening service
in the gospel tent. Come.

Highland Methodist church, South
Arno street, M. Hodgson, pastor—Sun-
day school at 10 a. m. Preaching at 11
a. m. and sacrament of the Lord's sup-
per. Service in the big tent at night.
All invited.

Presbyterian church, Silver avenue
and Fifth street, T. C. Beattie pastor
—Preaching at 11 a. m. Sunday school
at 9:30 a. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p.
m. There will be no evening service
on account of the union meeting at
the tent. All are cordially invited.

A fine free lunch at the White Ele-
phant resort tonight.

Don't make ice cream. Go to New
England bakery and get it.

At the Metropolitan saloon tonight
a grand free lunch will be served.

Dance at the Orchestration hall to-
night. Music by Mrs. Berry and James
Devine.

Subscribe for The Daily Citizen.

A lunch, \$1 for royalty, will be
served by Quickel & Bothe at Zeiger's
Cafe tonight. Everything eatable free.

CLASSIFIED ADS.

Note—All classified advertisements
or rather "liners," one cent a word for
each insertion. Minimum charge for
any classified advertisement, 15 cents.
In order to insure proper classification
all "liners" should be left at this of-
fice not later than 5 o'clock p. m.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Furnished house in High-
land; three or four rooms as de-
sired; 550 South Arno street.

FOR RENT—To family without chil-
dren, from June 1, completely fur-
nished four-room house. Call 203
Roma avenue, or see H. S. Knight.

FOR RENT—Storage room for wool or
other commodities. Steam carpet
cleaning works, 519 North Third
street.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—One and one-half inch
wagon, with pole, double set work
harness; tent, 10x12; one fly, 12x14;
two, 14x16; camp stove, utensils;
large, heavy grain can; fine gasoline
range, cost \$28, sell for \$15; first
class, A grade road wagon, almost
new, single harness; Cross saddle,
for lady or gentleman, almost new.
Ask for Mrs. A. E. S., 519 North
Second street.

FOR SALE—Several beautiful homes
and city lots. These are bargains
and must be seen to be appreciated.
No trouble to show property. See
Jno. W. McQuade.

SMELTER PLANT FOR SALE—Com-
plete smelting plant at Chelidre, N. M.,
consisting of water jacket stack,
100 ton daily capacity; 60-horse pow-
er boiler and engine and all neces-
sary machinery and appliances to
make plant complete and up to date.
Everything practically new—in op-
eration less than thirty days. This
will be sold at a great bargain for
only a fraction of its cost. For fur-
ther information, address, John A.
Lee, Albuquerque, N. M.

WANTED.

REWARD—Five dollars reward for the
return of Sterling racing wheel
taken from the Hotel Highland. W.
A. Harach.

WANTED—The traveling public to
know that the Bland rooming house
in Bland is open to lodgers. Mrs. W.
M. Mulligan, the proprietress, has re-
turned from California.

WANTED—Agents, town and county
work; cash weekly. International
nurseries, No. 4570 Gray street, Den-
ver, Colo.

WANTED—A girl for general house-
work. Inquire at 301 South Edith
street.

WANTED—Good live man or woman,
to take agency for Washington Life
Insurance company in their own
community. No expense and big
profits if you work. J. H. O'Reilly,
general manager for New Mexico
and Arizona, Albuquerque, N. M.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO EXCHANGE—A \$100 double bar-
reled shotgun for a \$50 horse and
saddle. Call at J. L. Bell & Co.
CASH PAID for distributing samples.
Send stamp. American Distributer,
Kansas City, Mo.

INTERESTING
NEWS

IN ADVERTISING IT IS AT ALL TIMES OUR AIM TO INFORM
OUR READERS OF SOMETHING WORTH KNOWING. IT IS NOT
OUR OBJECT TO FILL OUR SPACE WITH MANY WORDS AND
VAIN BOASTS, WHICH CAN NEVER BE SUBSTANTIATED.

TODAY'S NEWS SHOULD PROVE EXCEPTIONALLY INTER-
ESTING, FOR WE BELIEVE YOU HAVE NEVER HAD AN OPPOR-
TUNITY TO AVAIL YOURSELF OF SUCH VALUES AS WILL
HOLD SWAY AT OUR BARGAIN COUNTERS DURING THE NEXT
WEEK.

READ THIS CAREFULLY. THERE ARE MANY MORE ITEMS
WHICH SPACE WILL NOT PERMIT US TO MENTION.

Tailor made suits—before taking four summer outing you will need
one—we offer while they last, your choice of any suit in the house for
\$12.50

This includes some of those beautiful \$27.50 garments. The price
we ask is less than the cost of manufacture.

Thomson's Glove Fitting and F. C. Corsets, H. & W. Corset waists,
they sell for \$1.25; sale price, .85c

Triumph Guaranteed Silk Gloves that sell for 75 cents; the sale
price .50c

"Gusher" White Lawn Waists that sell for \$4.00; sale price, \$3.00

"Gusher" White Lawn Waists that sell for \$3.25; sale price, \$2.50

"Gusher" White Lawn Waists that sell for \$2.75; sale price, \$2.00

"Gusher" White Lawn Waists that sell for \$1.50; sale price, .85c

WE HAVE FORTUNATELY RECEIVED ANOTHER SHIPMENT

OF LUVET RIBBON (SATIN BACK) WHICH WILL BE SOLD AT

SALE PRICES.

DON'T MISS THE OPPORTUNITY TO AVAIL YOURSELF OF

SUCH UNHEARD OF BARGAINS.

ROSENWALD BROS.

O. W. STRONG & SONS,

Undertakers and Embalmers.

Superintendent Fairview, Santa Barbara and "E'ral
Brith" Cemeteries.

Local Undertakers Santa Fe Pacific Railroad.

Both Phones in Our Office.

201-211 North Second Street.

IN THE COUNTRY

Anywhere from one end to the other,
you can't find any primer or better
meats than you can get every day at
this market. Spring veal, spring lamb,
and spring broiling chickens, as well
as all the toothsome delicacies in this
line, we have fresh, sweet and deli-
cious. Our tender and juicy steaks,
chops and roasts are the delight of the
family. Try a tenderloin today—it is
fine.

Wm. Farr.

Brockmeier & Cox,

GARDEN HOSE
LAWN MOWERS

118 Gold Avenue.

BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

Moths! Moths!

The insidious moth will soon begin
his work of destruction. Head him off
with a liberal use of camphor moth
balls, etc. Have you a particular fur
garment which you value highly? Then
pack it in one of our moth and dust
proof bags. It will be safe and sound.

Geo. B. Williams,

PRESCRIPTION DRUGGIST.

117 West Railroad Avenue.

E. J. POST & CO.

C. F. MYERS and WM. McINTOSH, Proprietors.

HARDWARE.

Automatic

Refrigerators

White Mountain

Freezers

Ice Tongs, Ice Picks,

Ice Chisels.

Best Grades of Garden Hose



Albuquerque Hardware Company

Builders' and General Hardware

Cutlery, Guns and Ammunition.

HERDERS TENTS WALL
MINERS WEDGE

AND WAGON COVERS.
AGENTS FOR SAVAGE RIFLES AND CARBINES.
120 WEST GOLD AVENUE.

ALBUQUERQUE PLANING MILL CO

—Manufacturers of—
Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Store Fronts,
Office and Store Fixtures, Wood Turn-
ing and Mill Work of all kinds to or-
der. MAIL ORDERS SOLICITED.

403 SOUTH FIRST STREET.



DECORATIVE EFFECT

Is a most important factor in the jewelry worn, and best results are obtained from artistic designs and tasteful settings. Our rings, brooches, pins, etc., are of that high art and quality found only in jewelry of the finest make.

T. Y. MAYNARD,
JEWELER.

Watch Inspector A. T. & S. F.
and S. F. P. Railroads.

PELTIER BROS.

Plumbing and Heating.

Orders from the outside solicited and
promptly attended to.

206 West Gold Avenue, Albuquerque, N. M.

ZEIGER CAFE

QUICKEL & BOTHE, Proprietors

BAR AND CLUB ROOMS

FINEST WHISKIES, IMPORTED & DOMESTIC WINES & COGNAC.
The Coolest and Highest Grade of Lager served.
Finest and Best Imported and Domestic Cigars

Still a Growing

Our fancy coffee business for 1901 reached the snug amount of 10,000 pounds. We wish to double that in 1902, and in order to do so we are offering the very best grades of coffee on the market at 40 cents per pound. We are sole agents for CHASE & SANBORN'S celebrated Seal Brand and Club House. We also have a full line of blended coffees at prices to suit from 20 cents up. Our 25 cent blend we consider equal to the most of the 40 and 45 cent grades offered by the trades.

As to teas: Everyone knows that we keep the very best to be had in the territory.

A. J. MALOY, 214 W. Railroad Ave



GROSS, KELLY & CO.

(Incorporated)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

Wool, Hides, Pelts

We handle
K. C. Baking Powder,
Navajo Blankets,
Curtice Canned Goods,
Colorado Lard and Meats.

Houses at
ALBUQUERQUE, N. M. EAST LAS
VEGAS, N. M., AND GLOR-
IETA, N. M.

The Mountain House,

WILLIS, N. M.

Board and lodging \$7.50 per week. Transportation of guests free of charge, from Glorieta and return. Located in the famous trout fishing section of the Pecos forest reserve. For particulars address

Dr. WILLIAM SPARKS, Prop., Willis, N. M.

MRS. E. B. LARNARD.

Her Remains Brought Here—Funeral at No. 505 South Third Street Tomorrow Afternoon.
Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Fox and daughter, Miss Mabel Fox, who were called to Denver in response to the serious illness of their daughter and sister, Mrs. E. B. Larnard, arrived on one of the delayed passenger trains this morning at 9:30 o'clock, bringing along with them the remains, Mrs. Larnard's death having occurred last Wednesday morning at a hospital in Denver. The deceased suffered with peritonitis and submitted to an operation. She was getting along nicely for several days afterwards, when a turn in her case took place. The attending physician and surgeon notified the parents and sister, and in consequence they were with her at the hospital until death closed her eyes in the everlasting sleep.

The remains, on the arrival of the train this morning, were turned over to O. W. Strong & Sons, undertakers, and tomorrow will be taken to the bereaved residence, No. 505 South Third street, where the funeral will be held at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, with burial at Fairview cemetery. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

DECORATING THE GRAVES.

The Sailors and Marines Were Appropriately Remembered.

Yesterday afternoon the members of the G. K. Warren post and the Woman's Relief Corps went to Fairview cemetery to decorate the graves. The movement to the unknown dead was decorated with the full ritual of the Woman's Relief Corps. Colonel Borradale and his family were present and the Grand Army of the Republic and Relief Corps joined with him in decorating the graves of the Spanish war dead.

On the return from Fairview St. Joseph's sanitarium was visited and then the graves in Santa Barbara and a small cemetery near were decorated. From there the party drove to the bridge over the Rio Grande south of town and there a floral ship was launched by the women of the Relief Corps in memory of the sailors and marines, but flowers were also thrown on the water. A squad from company G fired a salute at each place.

DELAYED TRAINS.

They Have Passed the Big Kansas Washouts and are Arriving.

The trains delayed by the washouts and heavy rains in Kansas have been arriving today loaded with mail and passengers. First No. 7, with No. 2 of the 29th, arrived at 5:35 this morning. Second No. 7, with No. 3 of the 29th, arrived this morning at 7:30. Third No. 7, with No. 7 of the 29th instead of No. 7 of the 28th, arrived at 9:30 this morning. First and second No. 1, of the 29th, running as first and second No. 3 of today, arrived at 1:15. No. 7 of the 29th, as third No. 3, will arrive this evening at 4 and 5 o'clock. No report has been received of Nos. 1 and 7 of the 30th, but they are expected to arrive some time during the night. By the time the new time card goes into effect the trains will be running on their scheduled time and in regular order.

THE GRAND CANYON.

Prof. W. A. Brewer Interested Railroad Employees Last Night.

Mr. Dunsen, superintendent of libraries on the Santa Fe system, treated the railroad employees and their friends to a wonderfully interesting illustrated lecture on the "Grand Canyon of the Colorado." Prof. W. A. Brewer, headmaster of the St. Matthews, the military school of San Mateo, Cal., who has spent several summers in the canyon and who has collected many fine views of the wonderful scenery there, presented these views through a stereopticon, showing not only formations but the very coloring of nature in all its varieties and states. Mr. Brewer is an interesting talker and loves his theme, which he presents in so vivid a manner as to give almost as correct a view to the hearers as would be obtained by a personal visit.

BACK FROM PENNSYLVANIA.

T. A. Lister Has Returned and Will Resume Mine Operations.

T. A. Lister, of Williamsport, Pa., but claiming Albuquerque as his home, arrived in the city this morning and was a pleasant caller at The Citizen office. Mr. Lister is president and general manager of the Pennsylvania Copper company, whose mines are located about eight miles south of San Pedro, and also president and treasurer of the North American Mining company, operating near Lordsburg, N. M. After visiting the property of the former company he will go to Lordsburg, where the mines will be put in active operation.

"This district is showing up fine," said Mr. Lister, "and we have every reason to believe that we have valuable property here. More concentrating mills are being built and work in the mines will be pushed rapidly during the summer."

President is Coming.
A Washington dispatch, says: "The president has decided to visit the western states, including Wyoming, Utah, Colorado, New Mexico and Texas this fall. He may attend the New Mexico territorial fair in Albuquerque and the San Antonio, Texas, fair early in October. The trip is merely for pleasure, and is not political."

New Building.
Joseph Badaracco will erect a two-story building on the corner of Tijeras avenue and Third street. Work on the building is now in progress. He expects to have it completed in two months.

If you want to hear good music and enjoy a fine dance, visit the Berry-Devine entertainment at the Orchestra hall tonight.

Highland Buffet.
A. J. Robertson, proprietor of the Highland Buffet, extends an invitation to the patrons of his pleasant resort to visit him tonight and partake at his expense a fine free lunch. The best of liquors handled and served to customers.

Subscribe for The Daily Citizen.

INDIGESTION

Is the cause of more discomfort than any other ailment. If you eat the things that you want and that are good for you, you are distressed. Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets will make your digestion perfect and prevent dyspepsia and its attendant disagreeable symptoms. You can safely eat anything at any time, if you take one of these tablets afterward. Sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee. 25 cents. Money refunded if you are not satisfied. Send to us for a free sample. V. H. Hooker & Co., Buffalo, N. Y. J. H. O'Reilly & Co. and B. H. Briggs & Co.

PASTE THIS UP.

The new Time Card for the Summer in Effect June 1.

F. L. Myers, the popular joint railway agent, has received the figures of the new time card which will go into effect on Sunday, June 1. Read over the figures and govern yourself accordingly.

No. 1, from the east, now arrives at 10:10 p. m. and departs for the west at 11:20 p. m. On the new time card it will reach Albuquerque at 7:15 p. m., passengers eat supper, and depart for the west at 8:15 p. m., a little over three hours earlier than now. This train will carry the pouch mail the same as now.

No. 7, from the east, now arrives at 10:40 p. m. and goes west at 11:20 p. m. On the new time card it will reach this city at 10:05 p. m. and leave for the west at 10:45, and is the regular mail train.

No change in No. 2 from the west, it arriving at 8:05 a. m. and departing at 8:30 a. m. as now. This is the regular mail train for the east.

No. 8, from the west, will leave for the east at 7:30 p. m. It goes north now at 7:10 p. m. This train carries pouch mail.

No. 27 (now known as No. 21) the El Paso train, will leave for the south at 11 o'clock p. m. It goes south now at 11:45 p. m.

The train from the south will arrive and depart as now.

The limited train, No. 3 from the east and No. 4 from the west, will run the same hours as now, twice a week, instead of daily.

Freight train No. 33, going south and carrying passengers, will depart at 8:05 a. m.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

New York, May 31.—Lead—\$4.12½. Copper—\$12.37½@12.12½.

St. Louis Wool.

St. Louis, May 31.—Wool—Steady; territory and western medium, 14@16c; fine, 12@15c; coarse, 11@15c.

New York Money.

New York, May 31.—Money on call at 3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper at 4½@5 per cent. Silver, 51½.

Boston Wool.

Boston, May 31.—Trading in wool has been irregular for the week, but the market is more active than many months before. Sales have been for immediate use. Fine territory secured, choice; staples, 50@52c; fine medium, 45@48c; medium, 43c; secured territory quoted as follows: Fine, 47@48c; fine medium, 43@45c; medium, 38@40c.

Kansas City Live Stock.

Kansas City, May 31.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,000 head; market steady to weak; native steers, \$4.50@7.40; Texas, \$3.20@3.50; cows, \$2@6.25; native cows and heifers, \$2.25@6.15; stockers and feeders, \$3@5.50; bulls, \$2.25@5.25; calves, \$3@6.25.
Sheep—Receipts, 1,000 head; market strong; muttons, \$4.40@6.20; lambs, \$5.50@7.05; western wethers, \$4.40@6; ewes, \$4.70@6.05.

Chicago Grain.

Chicago, Ill., May 31.—Wheat—May, 74½c; July, 74½c.
Corn—May, 64c; July, 64½c.
Oat—May, 44½c; July, 35½c.
Pork—May, \$17.02½; July, \$17.07½.
Lard—May, \$10.17; July, \$10.17½.
Ribs—May, \$9.70; July, 9.62½.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, May 31.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,000 head; market steady; good to prime steers, \$7@7.50; poor to medium \$4.50@6.75; stockers and feeders, \$2.50@5.25; cows, \$1.50@6; heifers, \$2.50@6.25; canners, \$1.50@2.50; bulls, \$2.50@6.50; calves, \$2@6.75; Texas fed steers, \$5.40@6.

Sheep—Receipts, 9,000 head; sheep steady to stronger; good to choice wethers, \$5.50@6.50; fair to choice mixed, \$4.75@5.50; western sheep, \$5.25@6.30; native lambs, \$5@5.55; western lambs, \$5.25@6.50.

For Those Who Live on Farms.
Dr. Bergin, Pana, Ill., writes: "I have used Ballard's Snow Liniment; always recommend it to my friends, as I am confident there is no better made. It is a dandy for burns." Those who live on farms are especially liable to meet accidental cuts, burns and bruises, which heal rapidly when Ballard's Snow Liniment is applied. It should always be kept in the house for cases of emergency. 25c, 50c and \$1.00 at Cosmopolitan Pharmacy, B. Rappe.

It's folly to suffer from that horrible plague of the night, itching piles. Doan's Ointment cures quickly and permanently. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Just received, another invoice of refrigerators, \$19 to \$22, all good values; also an invoice of Brussels carpets, lace curtains, rugs, etc., at prices that defy competition.—Putrelle Furniture company.

Under new management the Metropolitan resort will set out for its patrons a grand free lunch tonight. Everybody invited.

Statehood cigars, two for 25 cents.

Attend a specially prepared free lunch at the White Elephant tonight. Everybody invited.

Mrs. Albright is again able to give the photographic business her undivided attention and invites her customers to call and see the new work.

Cordial invitation extended to old customers and visitors to partake of the free lunch at Zeiger's Cafe tonight.

Subscribe for The Daily Citizen.

ALBERT FABER,

305 RAILROAD AVENUE, GRANT BUILDING

Headquarters for Carpets, Linoleum, Matting, Curtains, Blankets and House Furnishing Goods.

Ingenious Japanese



our stock before purchasing ways exercising their ingenuity in devising cool and unique floor coverings, which the whole world takes advantage of.

We are in receipt of very handsome Japanese and China Matting, also Floor Coverings of all kinds, from the best looms in the world, that we are selling at the lowest prices. Look over who live in a hot climate, are elsewhere. We can save you money.

"OLD RELIABLE"

ESTABLISHED 1878

L. B. PUTNEY,

WHOLESALE GROCER.

Flour, Grain
and Provisions

Carries the Largest
and Most Extensive
Stock of
Staple Groceries
found south-west.

Carries a specialty.

RAILROAD AVENUE

ALBUQUERQUE

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO.

U. S. DEPOSITORY

Depository for the Santa Fe Pacific and the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway Companies.

Authorized Capital \$500,000.00
Paid up Capital, Surplus and profits \$200,000.00

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS:

Joshua S. Reynolds, president; M. W. Flournoy, vice president; Frank McKee, cashier;

H. F. Reynolds, A. B. McMillan.

FOUND A HOME!

S. VANN & SON,
Jewelers and Opticians.

REMOVED NEXT TO POSTOFFICE.

J. C. BALDRIDGE

Native and Chicago Lumber.

Sherwin-Williams Paint Building Paper ALWAYS IN STOCK.
Covers More! Looks Best! Wears Long—SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, PLASTER est! Most Economical! Full Measure! LIME, CEMENT, GLASS, PAINT, Etc

First Street and Lead Avenue, Albuquerque.

THE ST. ELMO

SAMPLE AND CLUB ROOM.

Finest
Whiskies,
Brandies,
Wines, etc.

JOSEPH BARNETT, Prop.
120 W. Railroad Ave., Albuquerque.

Automatic Phone No. 516. Residence, Automatic Phone 299
Bell Telephone No. 115.

A. BORDERS FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER

LOCAL UNDERTAKER SANTA FE PACIFIC RAILROAD.

COMMERCIAL CLUB BUILDING.

MAUSARD'S MILLS

[CHAS. MAUSARD, Proprietor

THE LARGEST AND BEST MILLS IN NEW MEXICO
FLOUR AND BRAN IN CAR LOTS A SPECIALTY

Albuquerque,

New Mexico;

CALIFORNIA EDITORS.

They Visited the Grand Canyon of Arizona and Williams, the Gateway.

FACTS ABOUT CANYON.

Lack of space last week prohibited extended mention of the California Press association, which left San Francisco on May 12, en route to the Grand Canyon, says the Williams News. The party numbered in all sixty-six, and occupied three Pullmans, chartered especially for the trip. Two days were spent to advantage at the Canyon by the scribes in sight-seeing, and there the annual election of officers was held, which resulted as follows:

President—F. W. Richardson.
Vice President—J. B. Baumgartner.
Secretary—Raleigh Barcar.
Treasurer—G. M. Francis.
The following compose the executive committee: E. B. Willis, A. B. Lemon, D. McPherson, R. H. Jury, W. H. Pennycook, G. B. Daniels and F. H. Mackinder.

The party arrived in Williams early Friday morning, May 16, and the hours till noon were passed pleasantly and profitably by the greater number, who strolled through the town, visited the large saw mill and box factory of the Saginaw and Manitowish Lumber company, entered our large wholesale and retail stores, which would do credit to a town many times the size of Williams, and last, but not least, came in to view the great family journal and have a few minutes' pleasant "shop talk."

Following is a list of the excursionists:

Barcar, Raleigh, Reporter, Vacaville.
Baumgartner, Mr. Star, Pasadena.
Boynton, Mr. and Mrs. S. S., Register, Oroville.
Brown, Mr. and Mrs. W. C., Review, Pacific Grove.
Calkins, Miss Lenore, Transcript, Nevada City.
Cone, Mr. and Mrs. J. S., Encinal, Alameda.
Cooke, Mr. and Mrs. F. W., Tribune, Healdsburg.
Daniels, Mr. and Mrs. G. B., Enquirer, Oakland.
Dickerman, Mrs. Herbert, Transcript, Nevada City.
Duttscomb, Mrs. C. E., Times-Index, San Bernardino.

Granice, Mr. and Mrs. H. H., Index-Tribune, Sonoma.
Harrier, Mr. and Mrs. L. G., Chronicle, Vallejo.
Haskell, Mr. and Mrs. S. M., Progress, Pomona.

Huston, Mrs. S. A., Home-Alliance, Woodland.
Hutton, Mr. and Mrs. F., Tribune, Dixon.
Jury, Mr. and Mrs. R. H., Leader, San Mateo.

King, Lyman, Review, Redlands.
Langenour, Mrs. E. C., Home Alliance, Woodland.

Lemmon, Mr. and Mrs. A. B., Republican, Santa Rosa.
Mackinder, Mr. and Mrs. F. B., Star, St. Helena.
Madrell, J. H., News, Modesto.

McDonnell, J. P., Times, Sebastopol.
McDonnell, Miss Kate, Times, Sebastopol.

McPherson, Duncan, Sentinel, Santa Cruz.
McPherson, Harold, Sentinel, Santa Cruz.

Milnes, C. S., Times, Eureka.
Milnes, Percival R., Times, Eureka.
Montgomery, Mr. and Mrs. Curtis, Ledger, Antioch.

Morgan, S. T., Review, Haywards.
Nickie, Mr. and Mrs. R. E., Rooster, Acton.

Olmstead, S. H., Journal, San Rafael.
Radcliffe, Mr. and Mrs. C. D., Sun, Merced.

Read, Mr. and Mrs. J. L., Independent, Middletown.
Rice, Miss Martha, Press, Irvington.

Richardson, F. W., Gazette, Berkeley.
Rideout, Mr. and Mrs. W. L., Bee, Lakeport.

Sayre, D. L., Nugget, Jamestown.
Schmitt, Mrs. Charles, Nord California Herald, Sacramento.

Shepard, Mr. and Mrs. W. A., Herald, Auburn.
Swasey, Mr. and Mrs. F. M., Free Press, Redding.

Thompson, E. B., Press, Irvington.
Trethaway, F. J., Nugget, Jamestown.

Walden, John, Journal, Napa.
Walden, Miss Adair, Journal, Napa.

Willis, Mr. and Mrs. E. B., Record-Union, Sacramento.

From the above list of names the reader will be able to gather some idea of the amount of free advertising the Grand Canyon and Williams will get. No doubt every paper represented will contain a descriptive write-up of this section, which will ultimately result in much good.

"Awful Silence."

It is interesting and sometimes amusing to see how the first glimpse of the Canyon affects different people when they first gaze in its depth on arising in the morning. Some will express themselves by saying: "Oh! is that all it is?" and stand with a look of disgust on their faces to think they have taken the trouble to change cars at Williams to come out here just to see that hole, as some call it, but will admit that the log hotel, and especially the reception room, with its quaint Indian trimmings, is really worth the trip. While the latter is worth seeing, think of the comparison. Ask one of these people how deep they think it is to the plateau below, they will answer only a few hundred feet, and feel sure they can throw a stone down to it without

any trouble. When told it is several thousand feet they begin to look with more interest and ask for further information. When told that the north wall is thirteen miles away and twelve hundred feet higher than where they are standing, their surprise is unbounded, and, by this time, they have decided to remain and see all they can during their short visit. Most of the visitors appreciate the vastness of it on reaching the rim. But look at it as they will and explore it all possible, no one can describe to another the immensity of it all. Sometimes they compare notes as to which is the greatest wonder—this or Niagara Falls. They are so different that it is impossible to compare them. One is a great, silent chasm, while the other is a seething, roaring mass of water. No one can look upon the Canyon without feeling the awful silence.—Williams (Ariz.) News.

DEMING.

Volumes of Smoke Cause Excitement—Interesting Local Happenings.

Special Correspondence.
Deming, N. M., May 30.—Last week Deming was somewhat aroused over what some thought an incipient volcano in the Floridas. Great volumes of smoke seemed to pour from the east side of one of the peaks, but it proved on investigation to be only a brush and grass fire.

John M. Cain and several other Deming capitalists have discovered some fine ore in the Floridas and are going ahead with the development work in good shape. Mr. Cain is a mining man of many years' experience who has recently come to Deming from his former home in Kingston, and he should know whereof he speaks.

A. L. Oliver, who recently came on from Midland, Texas, and seeing Deming, decided to stay here, buying the old Goodfellow place just south of town, has sent his family on ahead of him to take possession, and they will arrive here today. Mr. Oliver and his brother who comes with him are painters and paperhangers of ability, and should do well in a growing town like Deming.

I. B. Stone, of Stone & Smith, left Tuesday for Alamogordo on business, and incidentally to see some old friends of his. It is said that the date of his return will depend largely on the attractions of the ladies in Alamogordo.

The Southern Pacific has under construction a large tank just west of the union depot here.

Mr. Nordhaus has had a fine cement walk laid all along the front and side of his residence on the corner of Iron and Spruce streets. Other Deming residents should follow so good an example, and undoubtedly will in the near future.

Mr. Watson, who recently bought out O'Rourke's ranch near here, came in a day or so ago, bringing his little girl who was quite sick, hoping for medical aid, but the child died yesterday, in spite of all that could be done. Mr. Watson has the sincere sympathy of all his friends here, and they are many.

Dr. Swope took a day off from his El Paso business this week to visit his friends here in Deming.

Last night the graduating exercises of the Deming school were held at the opera house. The graduates were: J. O. Clifford, Ellis Williams, Walter Pickarts, Lee Lester and Miss Nora Lawhorn. The mandolin club and a quintette of ladies furnished music for the occasion. The essays, music and speeches of presentation and award were very good, indeed.

Miss Lillian Smith returned yesterday from a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Thurmond at their ranch near Cambray. Mrs. W. H. Greer is still there and will probably remain until Mr. Greer's return from Chicago.

Killed the Heir.

A wealthy woman named Silva recently died at Lisbon, and left her entire property to a rooster. She was a fervid spiritualist, a believer in the transmigration of souls and imagined that the soul of her dead husband had entered the rooster. She caused a special fowl house to be built, and ordered her servants to pay extra attention to their "master's" wants. The disgust of her relatives over the will caused the story to become public and a law suit might have followed had not one of the heirs adopted the simple expedient of having the wealthy rooster killed, thus becoming himself the next of kin.

Funston's Visit Postponed.

The visit of General Funston, commander of the Department of Colorado, to Prescott has been indefinitely postponed on account of the illness of the general. He is suffering from a fever contracted in Cuba and later in the Philippines.

TALKS OUT.

Doctor Talks About Food.
It is often the case that doctors themselves drift into bad habits of food and drink although they know better, but doctors are human you know like the rest of us, but when they get into trouble they generally know better how to get out of it, and the "food route" is a common one among them.

Dr. H. Barber, of Laurel, Ind., concluded that coffee and badly selected food was the cause of his stomach trouble and his loss of weight from 184 pounds to 153 pounds with nerves impaired and general nervous breakdown.

He did not give coffee up at once but began the use of Grape-Nuts and says: "Within a month I could see a wonderful change had taken place due to the use of the new food. I decided to give up coffee and use Postum in its place. So regularly for a time I have been on a breakfast made up of Grape-Nuts, a little graham bread, and Postum Food Coffee. My weight has increased to 174 pounds, my stomach trouble has entirely gone and my mind is clear and vigorous as ever. Wishing you every success I beg to assure you of my warm appreciation of Grape-Nuts and Postum."

SOCIAL POSITION

Makes no Difference. Women are All Alike. No Matter What Their Station in Life May Be. All Praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If she is one of the favored daughters of wealth,—if she belongs even to the realm of the "well-to-do,"—or—if she belongs to the unnumbered thousands who must work in order to live—the story is just the same; all suffer from about the same cause, and in this suffering "peculiar to women," all reach the same level, and all are of the same family.

When a woman is nervous and irritable, head and back ache, feels tired all the time, loses sleep and appetite, has pains in groins, bearing down sensation, whites and irregularities, she is not "worn out," but feels as if she were.

Such symptoms tell her that a womb trouble is imminent, and she cannot act too promptly if she values her future comfort and happiness.

The experience and testimony of some of the most noted women of America go to prove, beyond a question, that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will correct all such trouble at once by removing the cause and restoring the organs to a healthy and normal condition. If in doubt, write Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., as thousands do.



Mrs. Pinkham Tells Mrs. Scott How to be Cured.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have been for some years a great sufferer and thought I would write and explain my case to you as you had helped so many others. Menstruation is irregular and very painful. I have suffered with painful periods for ten years but the pains grow worse as I grow older.

"I suffer most with my back, lower part of abdomen and left side. I have been flowing all the month and a part of August, not constantly, but will stop for two or three days and then begin again.

"The doctor says I have misplacement of the womb. I have bearing down pains when passing urine, and my abdomen is very badly swollen and sore. Please advise me at your earliest convenience."—Mrs. A. V. Scott, 21 Page St., Kingston, Pa. (Sept. 30, 1900.)

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—When I wrote to you asking advice no one could describe my suffering. The doctors said I could not be relieved unless I had an operation performed, but thanks to you and your medicine I got along without having the dreaded operation. I have taken ten bottles of your medicine and am once more well and happy. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a fine medicine and a God-send to suffering women. I trust my letter may be the means of bringing many of my suffering sisters to accept your kind aid."—Mrs. A. V. Scott, 21 Page St., Kingston, Pa. (Jan. 30, 1901.)

Remember Mrs. Pinkham's advice is free, and all sick women are foolish if they do not ask for it. No other person has such vast experience, and has helped so many women.

\$5000 REWARD.—We have deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn, \$5000, which will be paid to any person who can find that the above testimonial letter is not genuine, or was published before obtaining the writer's special permission. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

FROM ALGODONES.

"The White City of the Southwest" Starts Out Well.

Special Correspondence.
Algodones, N. M., May 29.—The artist has struck the town and is hitting the high places with his white and black paint.

The graders are rooting up the ground with their scrapers at a lively pace.

The blacksmith shop is finished and equipped for business.

The carpenters are disturbing the quiet with their noisy mallet and saw.

The real estate fiend is putting up his lot stakes.

Temporary offices are being finished and will be ready for the Denver, St. Louis, Chicago and New York investors, who will start for this place next week to gobble up some snaps in the way of some choice corner lots.

Soon as the Santa Fe railroad gets in a switch more material for the works will arrive.

The old promoter, Mr. Balcomb, is happy and working night and day on hotel, depot, business and house plans.

The town gossip has crawled in his hole and pulled the hole in after him.

The kodak fiend has just struck the town and is drawing a bead on everything in sight.

Monkeyed with a Postmaster.

Holly Stewart, a saloonkeeper at Logan, was brought to Las Vegas by Deputy United States Marshal Fred Fornoff, of Albuquerque, on the complaint of the postmaster, John Burns, says the Record.

The trouble at Logan was not so bad as at first reported, Stewart not having robbed the office, but just got a six-shooter and chased the postmaster around the store and terrorized him while looking for cartridges for his gun.

Stewart was drunk and was very free with his gun, shooting promiscuously around the store. This little scrape happened in the afternoon at about 2 o'clock, on May 19.

The postmaster swore out a warrant for the arrest of Stewart before a native justice of the peace, and when he gave it to a deputy to serve, the latter lamely, and, we presume, quakingly, said: "It is written in Spanish, and I

cannot read it." So Stewart was at large until Marshal Fornoff arrived and took him in custody. He is now in the county jail and Postmaster Burns is here for the preliminary hearings.

Logan must be a mighty straight-laced new town, when a dispenser of liquid refreshments cannot have a little fun with the postmaster, without invoking the aid of a federal marshal.

Later—the hearing of Stewart took place this afternoon. The judge found him not guilty, and he was discharged.

Coroner's Inquest in Young Murder Case.

The coroner's inquest was resumed at Judge Wooster's office and a few more witnesses heard, but nothing of note developed and the three men who were suspected of the crime were discharged.

The prisoners explained their whereabouts on the night of the crime, and Sanchez took the jury over the route he took when he left the saloon in company with Mr. Young and went home. It seems to be the consensus of opinion of those who heard all the evidence that while there was no testimony against the prisoners, Mr. Young certainly had been foully dealt with by some one, and it is quite possible there will yet be something done in the case.

The following is the verdict of the coroner's jury:

"James Young came to his death by reason of an injury inflicted on the skull behind and below the right ear, which caused a fracture of the skull and death resulted therefrom."—Las Vegas Record.

MADAME PHILIPPS

216 South Second Street.

Singlet, shampooing, hair dressing, facial massage, human hair switches in every shape.

Deming has a magnificent school system.

Statehood cigars, two for 25 cents.

J. M. MOORE

(ESTABLISHED 1886.)

Real Estate,
Fire Insurance,
Loans

ABSTRACTS OF TITLE TO BERNALILLO COUNTY REAL ESTATE AND MINING PROPERTY FURNISHED PROMPTLY. WILL INSURE YOUR PROPERTY IN BEST COMPANIES AT LOWEST RATES. HOUSES RENTED. RENTS COLLECTED. TAXES PAID AND ENTIRE CHARGE TAKEN OF PROPERTY FOR RESIDENTS AND NON-RESIDENTS.

MANAGER OF

Albuquerque Abstract Company

Next Door to First National Bank.
New Telephone 222.

BACHECHI & GIOMI

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Wines, Liquors, Cigars and
Bar Supplies.

We carry a full stock of Manitou, Apollinaris and Hunyadi waters; cordials and bitters of every description. Agents for Lemps' St. Louis beer, and also for Mt. Vernon Rye Whisky. Picnic parties can find a full line of canned goods, cheeses, etc. In our Retail Department will be found the finest assortment of liquors in the city.

GOODS DELIVERED TO ALL PARTS OF THE CITY.

NEW TELEPHONE 265. No. 107 S. First St., Albuquerque, N. M.

B. RUPPE,

PRESCRIPTIONS!

Mutual Telephone 143.
Albuquerque.

Railroad Avenue and Second Street.

Belen Roller Mills
AND ELEVATOR

When you want to buy Flour and Bran, or want to sell Wheat, write to
JOHN BECKER, Proprietor. BELEN, N. M.

J. F. PALMER.

Hay, Grain, Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Mail Orders Receive Prompt Attention

Pure Light Brahma Eggs for Hatching

501 North First Street

Albuquerque New Mexico.

Toti & Gradi

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES AND LIQUORS.

Flour, Feed, Provisions, Hay and Grain.

Imported French and Italian Goods.

Sole agents for San Antonio Line.

Free delivery to all parts of the city.

Telephone 247.

218, 216, 217 North Third Street

Railroad Topics

S. E. Busser, superintendent of the Santa Fe railroad reading rooms, is in the city.

J. F. McNally, superintendent of the Rio Grande division of the Santa Fe, is in the city.

J. A. Russell, machinist, who was here on a visit to friends, has returned to his duties at Winslow.

Nicholas O'Connor will be transferred from the Winslow to the Albuquerque shops. He is an apprentice.

E. T. Plowman, general superintendent of the Ash Fork system for the division east of Ash Fork, is at the Alvarado.

The brass fixtures for the ticket windows of the new passenger depot have arrived and are being put in place today.

The passenger department of the Santa Fe has just issued a new folder entitled "Summer Outings in California."

Conductor H. S. Fairbank, of Needles, went to Los Angeles the other day to be present at the wedding ceremony of his sister, Miss Eva Fairbank, with Dr. Joseph A. Jackson.

Fred Marshall, of Winslow, who has been spending the past few days in the city, went to Las Vegas this morning, where he will assume the position of stenographer for General Superintendent Fox.

Coroner Thompson was in Needles holding an inquest over the remains of an old man who was found dead in a coal on one of the freight trains from the west. It was learned at the inquest that the deceased was Thomas Gallagher, about 55 years of age, a laborer who has lately been working at Santa Monica. The cause of his death was heart disease. The remains were buried "on the hill."

MAJOR LEAVELL NOW.

Career of an Officer Well Known in New Mexico.

Among the prominent people who registered at the Adams hotel yesterday, were Major W. B. Leavell, of the United States army, says the Arizona Gazette, of Phoenix. Major Leavell came in Tuesday night from Fort Bayard, N. M., where there is a government sanitarium, and where he had been sojourning for a month. Major Leavell was for a great many years stationed at Fort Huachuca, Arizona, as a first lieutenant of the Thirtieth infantry. In 1897 he was appointed as military representative on the staff of the governor of the territory, and for six months more had his residence in this city. During his stay in this city Lieutenant Leavell made many friends who watched his subsequent war career with interest. Upon his return to join his regiment at Fort Huachuca, he received his promotion to a captaincy and was transferred to Fort Douglas. At the outbreak of the Spanish-American war Captain Leavell was ordered to Cuba, and participated in the battles that occurred there. Returning from Cuba he was taken ill with fever contracted while there and upon his recovery was ordered to the Philippine islands. He was a captain in the Twenty-fifth infantry and participated in nearly all the engagements of the regiment. On account of meritorious work he was promoted to a majority, and upon his return to the states, he retired from the army on account of ill health. Major Leavell, accompanied by his wife, left for Prescott on the morning train, where they will make their home.

THE SALE OF TIMBER.

A Bill to Permit the Territory to Dispose of the Timber on its Lands in 25,000-Acre Tracts.

The following is the text of the bill passed by the house of representatives last week, permitting the territory to sell the timber on its lands in tracts as large as 25,000 acres:

Be it enacted by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That section ten of an act approved June 25, 1898, entitled, "An act to make certain grants of land to the territory of New Mexico, and for other purposes," is amended by adding at the end of the said section the following: "Provided, That timber upon lands authorized to be sold in this section may be sold in tracts not to exceed 25,000 acres to any one person, corporation, or association, for the highest and best price obtainable, under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the board of public lands or the legislative assembly of said territory."

It Made Him Sick.

J. A. Murray, after reading that Sheriff Tom Hubbell, of Albuquerque, went home sick from drinking Las Vegas water, says it was not the quality of the water, but the strangeness of the drink which affected the sheriff. For to Murray's certain knowledge it was the first drink of water Hubbell had taken in ten years. No wonder it did not set well on his stomach.—Las Vegas Optic.

Only One Small Pox Cure.

While the United States and Great Britain are both suffering under the scourge of small pox, in England, particularly, the disease has reached an alarming stage of progress. Porto Rico, which under Spanish rule was a hotbed of small pox, is practically immune from the present epidemic.

For the ten years prior to American occupation of the island, the deaths from small pox averaged 621 per annum. Today, in a population of 960,000 the annual death rate from the disease

does not exceed two. Small pox is practically non-existent.

In Porto Rico the plan of vaccination has been followed. Early in 1899, immediately after the American occupation of the island, General Henry, the governor, issued an order for universal vaccination, and it was strictly carried out.

RECOVERED DIAMOND RING.

W. K. Stalcup Left His Ring Lie where a Negro Porter Picked It p.

W. K. Stalcup, of Alamogordo, while taking a bath at Wesley's barber shop last week, took off his \$100 diamond ring and walked off. Shortly afterward he returned to get it and in company with George Davis, the colored porter, made a thorough search of the bath room, but was unable to find it. The porter was held under suspicion by Sheriff Hunter at the instance of the owner of the ring. Last Thursday Davis boarded a train for El Paso, and the authorities were notified to arrest and search him on his arrival at the Pass City. This was done and the ring was found on his person. Sheriff Hunter went to El Paso and took charge of the prisoner.

IN FINE CONDITION.

Preliminary Trials in the Contests Between Big Colleges.

New York, May 30.—The track and infield at Berkeley oval were in record-breaking condition today when the representatives of several universities and colleges arrived there. Only the preliminary trials in each of the events were decided, the semi-finals and finals being reserved for tomorrow. The contestants are Harvard, Yale, Cornell, Princeton, Pennsylvania and California.

Bound for Fort Bayard.

A trim young soldier wearing the scarlet touch of the artillery, alighted from No. 7 last evening and in another minute was making military progress through a generous bunch of ham sandwiches. A young man touched him lightly on the arm. "What battery, amigo?" he asked. "The Sixth, Fort Riley," he replied. "And your name?" "Summerville, J. M. Summerville." "You are a southerner, aren't you?" the interviewer went on. "Yes, let's see; you are a southerner and a lunger." The soldier flushed a little. "I reckon you have guessed right," he admitted. "I enlisted from Marion, Ky., and I am on my way to Fort Bayard, N. M., to be treated for consumption." "Don't let that worry you," laughed the other. "I'm a lunger and so is that man yonder and that one and that one. We don't look like jobs for the undertaker, eh?" The soldier laughed lighter than for weeks before. "Why didn't I guess? You are from the south yourself, of course." The train was pulling out. The soldier leaned over the platform. "Write to me at Fort Bayard," he called. "I'm alone out here, and it's like somebody from home."—Las Vegas Optic.

Sunday School Workers.

The United States, Canada and England have joined forces for religious work in the international Sunday school convention, now held triennially the tenth of which will take place at Denver, June 26-30. All but six states and provinces now have organized Sunday school associations, which stand to the international organization as auxiliary bodies. In twenty-nine states and six provinces paid workers are devoting their time to Sunday school interests. All the auxiliary bodies will send representatives to the convention.

Southern Pacific Eating Houses.

On July 1, the Southern Pacific will take under its own management all the eating houses on its entire system of 9,000 miles in California, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, Arizona, New Mexico, Texas and Louisiana. Also the restaurants on the San Francisco ferries between that city and Oakland and Alameda.

Arizona Postmasters.

The following changes of salaries of presidential postmasters in Arizona are announced: Increase—Bisbee, \$300; Kingman, \$200; Clifton, Globe, Jerome, Morenci, Nogales, Prescott and Yuma, \$100 each. Decrease—Mesa, \$200; Safford, \$100.

Remembered at Manila.

Manila, May 30.—The military forces observed Decoration Day as a holiday. There were impressive ceremonies at the American cemetery.

Gen. Leavenworth's Remains.

Fort Leavenworth, Kan., May 30.—The remains of the late General Henry Leavenworth were interred today at the national cemetery at Fort Leavenworth with impressive ceremonies.

What is Foley's Kidney Cure?

Answer: It is made from a prescription of a leading Chicago physician, and one of the most eminent in the country. The ingredients are the purest that money can buy, and are scientifically combined to get their utmost value. Alvarado Pharmacy.

Business Opening, \$5,000.

Here is a chance for some one to purchase a well established and very profitable business in a first class mining town in Arizona at a bargain. It is about a \$5,000 proposition, including fine up to date stock, three lots, large storeroom with cellar, stable five-room dwelling house, finely furnished, etc.; monthly sales, \$2,750; mostly cash; terms easy; death of wife and child of proprietor reason for selling. At a glance it will be seen that this is a rare chance to make an exceptionally good investment. For full particulars and terms, address or see H. S. Knight at once, Albuquerque, New Mexico.

In Mexican drawn work we are showing a big assortment. Albert Faber, 305 Railroad avenue.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENT.—ROSENWALD BROS.

BUSY AS BEES.

The Silver City Elks Browsing Industiously on Fourth of July Proposition.

The Elks are as busy as the bees these days making preparations for the two days' celebration, July 4 and 5, says the Silver City Enterprise. All the committees are hard at work and feature after feature for the big show has been suggested, talked over and approved or set aside as the exigencies of the occasion require. During the last week, large posters in purple have been printed and these will be scattered broadcast over the country.

One of the features of the celebration will be a baby show to take place in Newcomb hall Saturday afternoon, July 5. A handsome gold medal will be given to the best looking baby between the ages of six months and one year and also a beautiful prize to the handsomest infant under six months of age.

Another feature will be a woman's horseback riding contest, the most graceful horsewoman being honored with a gold medal.

A horse show based upon plans similar to the famous Madison Square garden event, will attract considerable attention.

Prizes will be given to the best single driving horse, best double driving team, the best general purpose team, etc.

GUSHED EIGHTEEN HOURS.

Oil Well in Louisiana Seems Unlimited in Capacity.

While men were attempting to withdraw some four inch piping from Southern oil well No. 3 at Jennings, La., one night last week, the giant gusher of Louisiana again broke loose despite all attempts to control it. A steady six inch stream of pure oil continued to gush without cessation for a period of eighteen hours to a height of 100 feet, and it was finally got into subjection. A peculiar fact about this well is that there is nothing wrong with it in any way, and that after throwing forth its copious flow of oil for eighteen hours there was no evidence of there being a limit to its capacity. Considering that the oil comes from a depth of 1,850 feet and that it is of a much finer quality than the Beaumont oil, it is believed to be the most remarkable well in existence.

Freight Depot.

The new freight depot which is in course of construction is gradually taking form. The frame of the office part of the building has been erected and the decorated cornice corners are being placed in position. The foundation of the warehouse has been finished, and work on that part of the building will be begun immediately.

Mr. Harlan, superintendent of buildings and bridges on the Rio Grande division of the Santa Fe and who has charge of the work of building the new depot says that the work will be pushed so as to have the building ready to receive freight by the time the freight rush begins in the fall.

Pleasant Afternoon Tea.

Mrs. Thomas Madden and Mrs. H. C. Mason were the guests of honor at a pleasant 4 o'clock tea party yesterday afternoon, given at Martin S. Tierney's home on South Third street by Mrs. Tierney assisted by Mrs. James Hennessy. The ladies honored are to leave the city in a few days. Mrs. Madden will go to San Bernardino, where her husband is foreman of the Santa Fe Pacific shops and Mrs. Mason will return to El Paso after a pleasant visit with friends in the city. The hostess and assistant proved themselves amiable and the time passed only too quickly. Those who were present follow:

Mrs. H. C. Mason, Mrs. Thomas Madden, Mesdames Brannow, Gatlin, Keeler, Kirth, White, Winchick, Knight, McClellan, McCanna, Cloyd, Jas. Carroll, A. Carroll, Misses Cloyd, McGuire, Madden, Mason.

District Court.

The court this morning granted a divorce to Bredja Jaramillo de Luna vs. Atadeo Lupna, on the ground of desertion and granted the custody of an infant child to the mother.

In the case of the Cochiti Gold Mining and Milling company the General Electric company of Chicago by F. W. Clancy, attorney, was permitted to file intervening petition. The electric company allege that the own the electric plant, on the contract for the sale of which they allege some \$10,000 due.

In the case of Perfecto Armijo et al vs. Dr. Henry a motion to strike out defendant's answer was overruled and the cause will be tried on its merits.

Eakin Bond All Right.

Instead of Attorney Childers, Attorney Medler left last night for Las Vegas and took along with him the bond for release of James D. Eakin. At noon today Mr. Medler telegraphed to Mr. Childers, stating that everything was all right, bond accepted, and that he, with Mr. Eakin, would arrive in Albuquerque tonight.

Bob Collins Lost.

Mrs. Barnett received a dispatch late yesterday afternoon from her husband at Trinidad, Colo., stating that one of his pacer, Bob Collins, started, but did not win. Lady Margaret will start today.

A Revelation.

If you will make inquiry it will be a revelation to you how many succumb to kidney or bladder troubles in one form or another. If the patient is not beyond medical aid, Foley's Kidney Cure will cure. It never disappoints. Alvarado Pharmacy.

FOR SALE—Several hundred pounds of old papers, good for wrapping purposes, cheap. Address, The City Zen, Albuquerque, N. M.

THE POISE

Of a woman in perfect health attracts the eye at once. Such a woman is all too rarely seen. The most of women bear scars of suffering on their faces which no smiles can hide, and often in their very carriage betray the womanly weakness which oppresses them.



There can be no perfect health for the woman who suffers from disease of the delicate womanly organism. Her general health is so intimately related to the local health of the womanly organs that these must be cured before the general health can be established.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong and sick women well. It cures womanly disorders and diseases; brightens the dull eye, rounds out the hollow cheek and gives strength for widely duties and maternal cares.

"My health is the best now that it has been for four years," writes Mrs. Phoebe Morris, of Ira, Cayuga Co., N. Y., Box 31. "I have taken but two bottles of your medicine, 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery.' These medicines have done me more good than all that I have ever taken before. I couldn't do my work only about half the time, and now I can work all the time for a family of four. Before I took your medicines I was sick in bed nearly half the time. My advice to all who are troubled with female weakness is to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery'—the most wonderful medicines in the world."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Mrs. Akers, now located in her new home, is prepared to fill all orders for Home made bread, cakes and pies. Boston brown bread and baked beans delivered every Saturday morning. Leave orders at Delaney's or old phone 113.

Statehood cigars, two for 25 cents. The Highland meat market sells meat that you can eat. Call and be convinced.

If you want the Highland meat market, ring up 130 Automatic or 5 Bell phone.

Statehood cigars, two for 25 cents.

THOUSANDS SAVED BY

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

For Consumption, Coughs, Colds

and all THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES.

This wonderful medicine positively cures Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Pneumonia, Hay Fever, Pleurisy, LaGrippe, Hoarseness, Sore Throat and Whooping Cough. Every bottle guaranteed

NO CURE, NO PAY. PRICE 50c. and \$1. TRIAL BOTTLES FREE.

[Homestead Entry No. 6796.]

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Santa Fe, N. M., May 1, 1902. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the probate clerk of Bernalillo county, at Albuquerque, N. M., on June 10, 1902, viz: Juan Alderete, for the SW 1/4 NE 1/4, W 1/2 SE 1/4, sec. 34, T. 9 N., R. 6 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Calletano Gurule, Calletano Alderete, Manuel E. de Acuna, of Escobosa, N. M., and Jose D. Quintana, of Albuquerque, N. M.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

W. L. TRIMBLE & CO.

Second street, between Railroad and Copper avenue

Horses and Mules bought and exchanged. Livery, Sale, Feed and

Transfer Stables

BEST TURNOUTS IN THE CITY

Address W. L. TRIMBLE & CO., Albuquerque, N. M.

The ICEBERG

STEVE LALLING, Prop.

We handle the finest line of Liquor and Cigars. All patrons and friends cordially invited to visit the Iceberg.

109-111 South Second street

E. G. Garcia & Co

Dealers in

Sheep, Wool, Hides, Pelts

Goat skins

WRITE FOR PRICES

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

1882

1902

F. G. Pratt & Co.

Sole agents for Casino and Ora brand Canned Goods. Dealers in

Staple and Fancy Groceries

214 South Second street.

Hillsboro Creamery Butter—Best on earth

Orders solicited. Free delivery.

J. A. SKINNER

Dealer in

Staple and

Fancy Groceries

206 WEST RAILROAD AVENUE, ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

\$74 Through Yellowstone Park

Leaves Denver evening, June 30.

Arrive Yellowstone Park morning, June 2.

Rate of \$74 includes railroad fare from Denver to the park and back, stage transportation through the park and five and one-half days' board at the park hotels.

Write for folder.



Ticket Office 1039 17th St.

G. W. VALLERY, General Agent, DENVER.

THE CLUB WOMEN

FROM GEORGIA

SOUTH CAROLINA, KANSAS, OKLAHOMA AND INDIAN TERRITORIES, DESIRE TO EXPRESS THEIR APPRECIATION OF THE THOUGHTFUL CONSIDERATION AND COURTESY SHOWN THEM, ALL THE EMPLOYEES OF THE SANTA FE FROM THE CONDUCTOR TO THE PORTER HAVE VIED WITH EACH OTHER IN ANTICIPATING ALL THEIR NEEDS, AND IN RESPONDING TO THEIR WISHES.

REBECCA DOUGLAS LOWE, President Gen'l Fed. Women's Clubs. CAROLINE D. G. GRANGER, President Georgia Federation. LORA ROCKWELL PRIDDY, Director G. F. W. C. LOUISA B. POPPENHEIM, President South Carolina Federation. MRS. SELWYN DOUGLAS, President Okla. and Ind. Ter. Federation.

SHIP YOUR PELTS TO BEARRUP BROS. & CO

Wool Pullers and Tanners,

Albuquerque, New Mexico.

WE DO CUSTOM TANNING OF HIDES, SKINS AND FURS.

First-class work done and satisfaction guaranteed. Please write us for prices.

Albuquerque Foundry and Machine Works

R. P. HALL, Proprietor

Iron and Brass Castings; Ore, Coal and Lumber Cars; Shaftings, Pulleys, Grade Bars, Babbit Metal; Columns and Iron Fronts for Buildings; Repairs on Mining and Mill Machinery a Specialty. FOUNDRY SIDE RAILROAD TRACK, ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

L. H. SHOEMAKER,

205 West Gold avenue,

Next to First National Bank.

New & Second Hand Furniture

Stoves and Household Goods.

Re airng a Specialty.

Furniture stored and packed for shipment. Highest prices paid for second-hand household goods.

TITLE TO GOVERNMENT LAND

ACQUIRED CHEAPLY WITHOUT RESIDENCE OR OCCUPATION.

FOR FULL PARTICULARS ADDRESS

JOHN D. ACKERMAN,

Land Attorney, 606 Montgomery St.,

San Francisco, Cal.

A. E. WALKER

FIRE INSURANCE

Secretary Mutual Building Association

Office at J. C. Haldridge's Lumber Yard

The Union Market

207 West Gold Avenue.

WM. GOETTING & CO., Proprietors.

All kinds of Fresh Meats handled.

Sausage making a specialty.

[Homestead Entry No. 7004.]

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior—Land Office at Santa Fe, N. M., April 28, 1902.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the United States commissioner at East View, N. M., on June 7, 1902, viz: Juan Chaves y Gavaldon, for the SW 1/4, sec. 24, T. 6 N. R. 5 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Jose Manuel Montoya, of Chilili, N. M., and Isidoro Perea, Carpio Apodaca and Juan Jose Montoya, all of Torreon, N. M.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

JACOB SILVA & CO.,

—Dealers in—

SAN ANTONIO WHITE STONE.

THE BEST BUILDING STONE IN NEW MEXICO, USED IN ALL THE BIG BUILDINGS IN ALBUQUERQUE AND IN THE SISTERS' HOSPITAL, YARDS ON RAILROAD AVENUE, BETWEEN FOURTH AND FIFTH STREETS. ORDERS SOLICITED.

PRINTING

MODERN TYPE,

MODERN PRESSES,

MODERN IDEAS,

AND

COMPETENT WORKMEN

are necessary for the production of modern

Fine Job Printing.

THE PRICED SHOE STORE

C. MAY

208 N. RAILROAD




SWELL OXFORDS

COOL AND COMFORTABLE WITH EITHER FLEXIBLE TURN OR WELT EXTENSION SOLES AND LOW OR HIGH HEELS.

GRAY CANVAS	\$1.15
BLACK DONGOLA	\$1.50
BLACK VICI KID	\$2.25
BLACK FRENCH KID	\$2.75
BLACK PATENT KID	\$3.50
BLACK PATENT LEATHER	\$3.50



YOUR WEEKLY ORDER

for household needs in groceries, if placed in the hands of us will be filled promptly, efficiently and of the finest grade goods. We handle nothing but what we know is reliable, fresh pure and wholesome, whether of necessities or luxuries.

J. L. BELL & CO.
Nos. 118 and 120 South Second St.

Oxfords and Slippers



T. MUENSTERMAN.

CITY NEWS.

Deming, the gateway to the best part of Old Mexico.

Window shades in all colors and widths at Albert Faber's, 305 Railroad Deming, the railroad center of New Mexico.

Fresh Cut Flowers.
IVES, THE FLORIST.

In Deming another good hotel is needed to accommodate the enormous increase of population.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENT—**ROSENWALD BROS.**

Have you children? Bear in mind in buying shoes for either boys or girls never to buy a cheap, shoddy shoe that rips and tears after a few days' wear.

ONE WEEK MORE

Of our special bonus sale, our twentieth anniversary in the city.

CUT THIS OUT
IT WILL PAY YOU
20 PER CENT

One-fifth the price of any Cash Purchase at our store during the month of May. Everitt, the Diamond Palace, Railroad Av. Diamonds 15 per ct.

Our goods are marked in plain figures and are as low as same can be purchased anywhere. Cut out coupon. It will pay one-fifth purchase price of any article in our store. Think over this. You select a watch, a diamond, a teaspoon, anything, and this coupon will pay one-fifth of the price.

EVERITT, THE DIAMOND PALACE
Leading Jewelers, Railroad Avenue.

"If you want to know what smartly dressed men wear this season, ask to see Stein Bloch Clothes."



'Summer Underwear

We quote a few of the many styles of lightweight underwear which we now have for men:

A nice white Balbriggan suit of underwear, only \$1.00.

A fine French Balbriggan suit of underwear, only \$1.50.

Fancy Balbriggan (very swell) suit of underwear, only \$2.50.

A fine fancy Lisle Thread suit of underwear, only \$3.50.

A fine Lisle thread (black) suit of underwear, only \$2.50.

UNION SUITS, \$1.25 to \$2.50.

BOYS' REX CALF SHOES, \$1.50.

WALKOVER SHOES FOR MEN ONLY \$3.50.

E. L. WASHBURN.

LOCAL PARAGRAPHS.

Ralph Halloran, district manager for the New York Life Insurance company, was a passenger north this morning.

H. P. Raabe and family are enjoying the rarified mountain air of Bear canyon. They went out yesterday and expect to spend a couple of weeks.

Edward Houghton, a knight of the nickel pump, pleaded guilty to the charge before Justice Crawford this morning and was given five days on the chain gang. Houghton formerly worked for Grant Bros. in Arizona.

Prof. Lenker is spending a few days in Deming. He is a candidate for the superintendency of the Deming public schools. Prof. Lenker is an excellent teacher and the people of Albuquerque will regret his departure very much.

At the end of the school year and the month's gospel campaign, comes the question of how to get the most help out of the past—to make the good gained a step to greater good. This is the morning theme at the Baptist church tomorrow.

City Marshal McMillan reports 104 arrests having been made by the department during the month of May and that the receipts of the police for the month are \$440, which is a pretty good showing considering the number of arrests.

Major W. H. H. Llewellyn, the well known district attorney of the Third judicial district, came in from Las Cruces this morning, and will meet here tonight Governor Otero from Santa Fe, who is on his way to the Agricultural college, Mesilla Park.

Work on the First street natatorium is progressing rapidly. The pool is finished and the frame of the building is in course of construction. Unless some unforeseen obstacle arises which prevents the securing of material, it will be ready for use by the first of July.

After several attacks of rheumatism, which kept him indoors for two weeks, Al Coleman came down town this morning and is telling the boys how it all happened. Mr. Coleman, as regular as clock work, has his annual attack of the rheumatism every spring or summer.

George V. Jennings, who formerly resided in this city, now the United States pension examiner, with headquarters in Pueblo, is in the city on business, being accompanied to the city by his wife. While here, they are stopping with Dr. L. H. Chamberlin and wife on South Walter street.

W. N. Norris, who is interested in the Manuella Oil company, operating near Gallup, informs The Citizen that the company has let a contract to Ed. Compton to sink a well on the property to the depths of 1,000 feet. The contract has been forwarded to Mr. Compton and he will begin operations at once.

Mrs. John Heintz died at her home on the river road from pneumonia last night. The deceased was 70 years old and has lived in Albuquerque for the past twenty years. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon from the Presbyterian church at 2:30 o'clock. Interment will be made at Fairview cemetery. Rev. T. C. Beattie will preside.

Roderick Stover, the promising young electrician, who has been attending school at Columbia college of New York the past winter, has returned home for his summer vacation. He arrived last night and is around shaking hands with his friends today. There will be a sailor's rest reunion tonight. All members are requested to be present.

Prof. A. B. Stroup, formerly superintendent of the Deming public schools, but now superintendent-elect of the Albuquerque public schools, came up from Deming this morning and is spending the day in the city. He will leave tonight for Logan county, Kansas, where he will act as conductor of the teachers' normal institute of Harper. Prof. Stroup expects to return to Albuquerque about the middle of August.

L. D. Bartlett, who is the foreman of the paint department of the San Bernardino, Cal., shops, came in from Los Angeles on one of the delayed passenger trains this morning, and is today mingling with former friends. Mr. Bartlett having years ago filled a like position at the local shops before being transferred to San Bernardino. He reports himself and family in splendid health, and says that he is prospering in his California home. He will go east tonight.

Miss Agnes J. Logan, of St. Louis, died at her rooms on the mesa yesterday afternoon at about 2:30 o'clock from consumption. The deceased was 36 years old and came to Albuquerque about three weeks ago with her mother and a sister and have since been living on the mesa. The remains were moved to O. W. Strong & Sons' undertaking parlors, where they are being embalmed for shipment to St. Louis. The mother and sister will accompany them.

Closing Out Sale.

Beginning with Wednesday, May 28, I will sell my stock of millinery at cost. A fine line of elegantly trimmed hats, fine bare straw hats and a lovely assortment of trimmings. Everything will go for exactly what it cost. I am going to quit business.

MRS. M. C. FLEMING,
216 South Second street.

A grand dance and some extra fine music at the Orchestra hall tonight.

Banana, vanilla, lemon and strawberry ice cream at Scott's Ice Cream parlor on South Second street. Open all day Sunday.

Zeiger's Cafe free lunch tonight. Everybody invited.

Ice cream and cake at New England bakery, 10 cents. Open all day Sunday.

A cordial invitation is extended to everybody to attend the grand free lunch at the Metropolitan tonight.

In Deming you can buy lots for \$100 which will pay you 100 per cent. in less than twelve months.

Hot lunch, free to everybody, at Zeiger's Cafe tonight. Don't forget.

Statehood cigars, two for 25 cents.

Free lunch tonight at the White Elephant.

Many Women

Are made nervous and irritable by the pinching and cramping of ill fitting shoes. Such women should lose no time in becoming acquainted with

"Queen Quality"

The Famous Shoe For Women.

Thousands of distressed and aching feet have found rest and comfort in "Queen Quality" Shoes. They're modeled on scientific lines so that while being "as easy as an old shoe" they fit without a wrinkle and please the eye with their pretty curves.

This boot is called the

"Quite Smart"

The entire upper is of the famous Kibo Kid. Eye-lets are "fast colors" never turn brassy. Soles are very flexible.

\$3.00

The Low Cuts are **\$2.50**

At this store exclusively.

SELTZ SHOES FOR MEN.

Means the same standard of merit as Queen Quality does for women. We have the whole line, and we stand behind every pair of them. A new pair if any shoe goes wrong. On sale at our store exclusively.

Misses' and Children's Good Shoes, a full line.

Golden Rule Dry Goods Co.



Old Phone 59. New Phone 152

J. W. Edwards

Progressive Mortician and Embalmer.

Open day and night. Calls are promptly attended to.

I Also Sell Monuments
Office and parlor • 111 N. Second

IS IT

Telephone Service

YOU WANT?

QUICK AND RELIABLE!

THE COLORADO TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CO.

MONEY TO LOAN

On diamonds, watches or any good security. Great bargains in watches of every description.

A. H. YANOW,

209 South Second street, few doors north of postoffice.

GENTLEMEN!

Our selection of over two thousand spring samples, comprising all the fashionable goods for gentlemen's suitings, fancy vestings, overcoats and full dress suits, are ready for your inspection. Our tailoring and styles are unexcelled and the prices talk. Nettleton Tailoring Agency, 215 South Second street.

Deming has now a large ice plant and electric light system under contract.

O. W. STRONG & SONS

Furniture

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED

A NEW CAR OF THE LATEST

FURNITURE, BOTH STAPLE

AND NOVELTY GOODS.

EVERY KIND AND EVERY

PRICE. CALL AND SEE IT.

201-211 N. Third St.

Price Reductions!

Being overstocked on Clothing we have marked down prices on a great many of our Men's and Boys' Suits in order to

Stimulate Business

FOR \$10.00 we are selling good business suits well worth \$12.00 to \$13.50.

FOR \$12.00 we are selling nobby spring suits, usually sold at \$15.00.

FOR \$14.00 we are selling some excellent worsted suits, worth \$16.50.

FOR \$15.00 we are selling dress suits, usually quoted at \$18.00.

FOR \$3.00, former \$4.00 trousers are marked down to \$3.00.

FOR \$4.00, former \$5.00 trousers are marked down to \$4.00.

FOR \$3.00 we are selling boys' suits, 3 to 14 years size, worth \$4.00.

FOR \$5.00 we are selling 3-piece suits marked \$6.50.

WE HAVE NO OLD STOCK TO UNLOAD AND THESE PRICES APPLY TO THIS SEASON'S GOODS ONLY.

SIMON STERN, The R. R. Ave. Clothier

Whitney Company

WHOLESALE HARDWARE

WE SOLICIT YOUR INQUIRIES AND ORDERS FOR THE ABOVE BOTH IN SHELF AND HEAVY.

Plows, Mowing Machines, Rakes, Hay Presses

NAILS, BALING AND BARB WIRES.

MINE AND MILL SUPPLIES.

PLUMBERS AND TINNERS. BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

113-115-117 South First street. Albuquerque, N. M.

Phones: Aut. 248; Bell, 85.

In Deming good safe loans can be had at better rates than in the old established towns.

STOVE REPAIRS.
Borradale & Co.,
117 Gold Ave.

Ruppe's drug store open all night every night.

PIONEER BAKERY

First street
BAILING BROS., Proprietors.

Wedding : Cake : a : Specialty

We desire patronage, and we guarantee first-class baking.
207 S. First street, Albuquerque, N. M.

Daily Albuquerque Citizen

VOLUME 16

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, SATURDAY AFTERNOON, MAY 31, 1902

NUMBER 160

Commercial Forests of New Mexico

By H. H. Gibson, in American Lumberman.

Take the surprisingly accurate four-foot square government maps of New Mexico and Arizona, and within a space covered by one's hand can be compassed in entirety the high class commercial forests of the great area comprised within the two territories. These areas of timber lie contiguous to the Santa Fe railway. In Arizona the range of growth is comprised within the San Francisco mountain district, where large lumber operations are being conducted at Flagstaff by the Arizona Lumber & Timber company, and at Williams by the Saginaw-Manistee Lumber company. In western New Mexico the timber area is on the continental divide known as the Zuni mountain district. It lies south of the Santa Fe tracks and is reached from the stations of McCarty's, Grants, Bluewater and Thoreau. The property is known as the Mitchell tract, comprises 232,625.63 acres and is situated in the counties of McKinley and Valencia. The area of the property as compared with the 800,000 acres of the state of Rhode Island is 36 1/2 per cent of the acreage of that state, or as compared with the 1,312,000 acres of Delaware is equivalent to 22 1/4 per cent of the area of that state.

History of the Property.

The history of the property is somewhat peculiar. Timber lands constituted a large portion of the land grant given by the government to the Santa Fe Pacific railroad, now a part of the Santa Fe system, in aiding the construction of this great transcontinental line. In 1890 the Zuni mountain portion of the grant was purchased by Mitchell Bros., of Cadillac, Mich., who for many years had been extensive and very successful Michigan lumber operators and who are still large and prosperous manufacturers in that district. Mitchell Bros. are men of wealth, acumen, judgment and high standing as lumbermen and are among the most eminently successful of the times. Primarily they were Michigan white pine producers. At the period named they could see the beginning of the end of white pine stumpage in the vicinity of Cadillac. Their white pine timber was well toward the point of extinction, and no other tracts were available for the perpetuation of their large saw mill enterprises. W. W. Mitchell, of the firm of Mitchell Bros., also had large holdings in the firm of Cobbs & Mitchell, reorganized since the death of Jonathan W. Cobbs as Cobbs & Mitchell, Incorporated. Austin Mitchell, associated with W. W. Mitchell in the firm of Mitchell Bros., became impressed with the possibilities of lumber operations in New Mexico, and on behalf of Mitchell Bros. purchased well toward 300,000 acres of the Santa Fe land grant, which comprised the choicest portion of the railroad company's timber properties. During the succeeding two or three years a saw mill was erected at Thoreau, then known as Mitchell station, and a railroad was constructed to the lower timber levels, about ten miles distant, in the foothills of the Zuni mountains. An expensive dam was built in the Cottonwood river to provide for log storage and water supply. The hard times of 1893 came on and the expense attending an operation of this sort in an undeveloped country proved very high. Lumber would not sell at any price and the venture at this time promised very little. It was simply a case of being too far ahead of the times.

Since that period mining enterprises have developed all over New Mexico and Arizona, every one of which consumes large quantities of lumber. The southern California fruit trade has developed, which demands many thousands of box shooks for packing and shipping, towns have sprung up all along the line of the Santa Fe system, the country has become a prosperous one and the demand for lumber has multiplied and multiplied again. Early in the '90s the health of Austin Mitchell, who was the prime mover of the Mitchell Bros. firm in the New Mexican proposition, partially failed, and since that time he has been obliged to resort to the pacific clime of southern California to retain anything like passive health. As it happened that W. W. Mitchell has been obliged to exercise double executive action in handling both the great institutions of Cobbs & Mitchell, Incorporated, and Mitchell Bros., of Cadillac.

After the depressed period of 1893 there came a new development in the lumber history of Michigan. It was discovered that the depleted hemlock was a commercial proposition. It was further ascertained that Michigan hardwoods were an exceptional commercial proposition. Mitchell Bros. and Cobbs & Mitchell owned hundreds of thousands of acres of hemlock and hardwood lands in connection with previous white pine timber purchases. They had their great saw mills, planing mills and other plants at Cadillac and vicinity, and discovered that instead of being out of the lumber business in Michigan their houses had but reached the zenith of their careers. Two monstrous maple flooring plants were added to the equipment and also a great handle factory and other enterprises involving the consumption of large quantities of hardwoods. In view of these changed conditions Mitchell Bros. were recently induced to part with great New Mexican timber property, which had been purchased by the American Lumber company, with headquarters at 617-619 the Rookery building, Chicago. The foregoing state-

ments are simply those of recorded facts.

Opinion of Government Experts.

In connection with this article it is appropriate to quote from Professor Sargent's "Forest Trees of North America," a government work of the highest authority, to illustrate the immense prospective demand for the lumber contained in this comparatively small area of timber. This work was published in 1890. Professor Sargent says:

"The pine forests of central Arizona and southwestern New Mexico are of great importance to the development of the treeless region which surrounds them. No other body of timber of any extent or value exists near the southern boundary of the United States between the pine belt of eastern Texas and the forests of the California mountains. These southern interior forests have nowhere yet greatly suffered. Their inaccessibility has protected them. Railroads, however, now either penetrate this forest region or will soon do so, and these, with the rapid development of the mining industry now going on, in the southwest, threaten these forests with the dangers which are fast exterminating those of Colorado and Utah."

Topography of Land and Character of Timber.

Topographically the country is a wonderfully interesting one. The Santa Fe road, seeking minimum grades, was laid along the llanos or plain country below the mountains. For many miles through New Mexico and Arizona the road traverses alkali plains of great richness of soil but barren of vegetation, except for the ragged growth of the sage brush, and also destitute of animal life, save for the thousands of prairie dogs and myriads of colonies of ants, which have their point dwellings in every part of the desert country. Before the timber range is reached one must traverse an average of ten miles of desert country from the railroad through a gradually rising plain to the mesas or table lands that succeed each other in gentle elevation after elevation until the mesa or top of the Zuni mountains is reached at an altitude of more than 8,500 feet. As one leaves the chimeric or brush of the desert country a small timber growth is encountered, consisting of scrub oak, cedar, juniper and pinon or nut pine, all of which possess little commercial value. Then one finds the white pine timber growth of New Mexico, pinus ponderosa. On the lower levels the timber is short bodied and largely of a common quality, but as each succeeding mesa is attained the growth improves in quality and attains its highest perfection on levels of from 6,000 to 8,500 feet above the sea level. The timber pictures accompanying this article show with no little accuracy the character of this growth.

The popular name for pinus ponderosa through its entire range of growth is yellow pine, locally known in New Mexico and Arizona as "peno veta," but botanically it is white pine and the only near approach to the white pine of the United States, save the scattering range of white pine in eastern Tennessee and western North Carolina. In some characteristics it excels in quality the white pine of the north. Specifically it has white pine bark, white pine foliage and a white pine cone. It has white pine sap wood and white pine heart wood. It is a white pine growth of surpassing excellence, taking and holding a finish possessing a sheen of brilliancy not excelled by any fancy wood of the United States. The color of the heart wood is a pale red, of the sap wood a brilliant white. The majority of the growth compares favorably in softness with the white pine of the north. Occasionally an isolated tree will exhibit some yellow pine characteristics in fiber, color and gum.

Range of Growth.

The range of growth of pinus ponderosa extends from the interior of British Columbia, south of latitude 51, south and east along the mountain ranges of the pacific regions to Mexico, the Black hills of Dakota, Colorado, Arizona, New Mexico and to a limited extent in western Texas. It is not found in central or southern Nevada. In California it is now known as white pine. It should not be confused with sugar pine, which is a distinct growth with different characteristics.

Pinus ponderosa attains its largest growth in the Lewis and Clark reservation of northwestern Montana in the valleys, at an altitude of about 3,500 feet, where it comprises about 25 per cent of the forest growth. The trees here often attain a height of 180 to 200 feet with a trunk three to seven feet in diameter. In Idaho and western Washington practically the same conditions apply as to both size and quantity of growth. In the Rainier reservation of western Washington, covering the Cascades, with Mount Rainier as a center, the total forest area comprises upwards of 20,000,000,000 feet of timber, of which only about 10 per cent is pinus ponderosa. This largely is on the eastern slope, but does not include the heavy fir and cedar growth of the western slope. Pinus ponderosa shows little or no trace in the Olympic reserve of northwestern Washington. On the western mountain slopes in southern Oregon pinus ponderosa appears at an altitude of 1,300 feet above sea level, but shows its highest development at altitudes of 4,000 to 5,500 feet and com-

prises 27 1/2 per cent of the total forest. On the eastern slope, which is drier, the highest perfection of the timber is attained at altitudes of from 5,000 to 6,000 feet and it comprises 68 per cent of the total forest. In the Stanislaus and Lake Tahoe forest reserves of California pinus ponderosa attains a height of from 150 to 180 feet and is from three to six feet in diameter, reaching its highest perfection on levels of 3,000 to 5,000 feet, comprising 40 to 50 per cent of the aggregate timber growth. In Arizona the altitude of growth of this variety of white pine is from 5,000 to 6,000 feet above sea level. The better quality of timber exists on the higher levels.

The white pine timber comprised in the American Lumber company's New Mexican tract on the levels corresponding with the timber at Williams and Flagstaff, Ariz., is of a corresponding quality, but attains a larger growth and a better quality on the higher levels, reaching to 8,500 feet above sea level in the north to a high altitude in its southern line of growth. This, however, is the history of all woods naturally adapted to a temperate zone and the same results may be seen in the white pine timber growth of eastern Tennessee and western North Carolina, where the white pine on the lower levels is scrubby and defective but at altitudes of 4,000 to 5,000 feet attains a perfection almost equal to the best white pine of Michigan.

The Logging Proposition.

As a logging proposition the American Lumber company's timber property is absolutely ideal. A railroad can be constructed the main line of which would penetrate the center of a majority of the timber, on a surprisingly easy grade. The engineering proposition is a very simple one and the entire line would encounter less than a mile of difficult road building, and that would be in the small canyon of the Cottonwood river. The sides of this river are of a soft sandstone rock which would present no serious difficulty in the way of cost in railroad building. It is doubtful if recourse would be necessary to geared locomotives in operating this logging road, but, like the logging proposition at Flagstaff, it could be handled with direct connected engines.

The white pine timber forests of the American Lumber company's tract lie in mesas or gently undulating plateaus. The timber is generally open forest, absolutely free from underbrush of any sort. Occasionally an arroyo or small ravine is encountered, but the depressions are of such a slight character that they would not interfere with the hauling of a loaded truck across them. The ground is generally covered throughout the wooded area with bunch grass. The timber is of varying density of growth, ranging all the way from 50,000 feet log scale to the acre down to 2,000 or 3,000 feet. A typical acre of timber growth under careful measurement scaled 27,000 feet. A well known Michigan cruiser some years ago placed an average per acre of 8,100 feet on forty-one sections of the lower levels estimated by him. The timber will average three and a half logs to the tree, and the logs will run from four to five to the thousand. There are occasional areas entirely free of timber, simply showing a great meadow covered with bunch, gramma, mesquite or buffalo grass. Perennial springs arise at points in the higher altitudes, and small rivulets force their way down to the lower levels and in many instances are lost in the desert. Only one considerable stream of water is found in the district, and that is the Bluewater river, which has its source in the springs of the higher altitudes and courses its way down through the Bluewater canyon. An irrigating company has utilized this stream for making a pond of water several miles in length near Bluewater station, on the Santa Fe railway. The Cottonwood river, through whose canyon the American Lumber company's logging road would naturally pass, is the second stream of importance on the land.

The entire area is entirely dissimilar from any other in the United States. It is a vast grass covered park studded with forest growth save for the occasional open llanos or plains of grass land. In point of natural beauty central park of New York, Fairmount park of Philadelphia and Lincoln park of Chicago can offer no comparisons. It would seem incredible that the hand of nature alone had produced this charming array of splendid natural forest and field in all its picturesque beauty. On the whole, the aggregate of timber per acre on this tract is not so dense as in the California forests, or the original forests of Michigan and Wisconsin; still, it contains a vast quantity of valuable white pine timber growth which offers exceptionally cheap logging facilities. There is absolutely no swamping to do or wagon roads to build. In fact after an expenditure of \$100 on the property it would be possible to run an ordinary automobile almost anywhere through the entire district. From a logging standpoint the proposition is perfect. The timber is practically a comprehensive growth of pinus ponderosa. On an occasional higher level in the forest are narrow strips of sour land, which sustain a growth of quaking aspen. The strip may be the width of an ordinary city street and perhaps half a mile in length, but on either side arises again the growth of white pine. Other than this aspen, the timber is absolutely a comprehensive growth of pinus ponderosa, save on the north side of the minor canyons of the upper slopes is occasionally seen a giant red spruce. However, fully 95 per cent of the forest growth is white pine.

Quality of the Timber.

The white pine timber of the American Lumber company will develop approximately 30 per cent cuts and better. The timber in absolutely free from shake, and even the rarely encountered down and dead timber shows not the slightest evidence of worm hole. The timber on the lower levels exhibits some indication of overripeness, but this is not manifested on the higher altitudes. The only radical defect of the timber is the limited portion that is black knotted, and it is therefore a cut-up wood, pure and simple. A large quality of this timber is annually turned out by the Flagstaff and Williams operators and used for mining and bridge timbers, while the Santa Fe road itself is entirely laid for a thousand miles or more on ties of this wood. While it is a soft wood the ties remain sound and good for a period exceeding that of oak ties in northern latitudes. This is partially due to the character of the wood and partly to the excellent climatic conditions.

As has before been mentioned, the heart wood is pale red and the sap, which is thick, is a brilliant white, being in fact as white as the small growth of New Hampshire pine, which is so largely used in the making of tul and palm staves. It has been a slow growing tree, the rings of growth being very compact, and the age of the wood from 175 to 400 years. The sap wood apparently is as mature as the heart growth and will withstand climatic extremes as well. It does not decay under conditions which would speedily rot the sap of northern white pine. The wood when green has an approximate weight of 4,500 pounds to the 1,000 feet, but when seasoned dries out to 2,500 pounds. The seasoning of the wood in this climate is very speedy; in fact, efforts have been made to treat rather than to stimulate the drying process, owing to the dryness of the atmosphere and the prevailing winds. The wood is thoroughly adaptable to all purposes for which good white pine lumber of the north is used, including pattern making, door and sash stock, etc. It is thoroughly available for ties, timber and general mining uses. It is highly valuable for all house building purposes. It makes an excellent box material, and for interior finish it is not excelled in beauty and staying qualities by any American wood. It will make an unequalled cut-up material and it will make match stock. It is adaptable for use up to the very finest manipulation.

The Climate.

New Mexico has a reputation for climate that is well deserved. To be sure the low level alkali desert country is not a climatic paradise all the year through, the air is intensely dry, the dust at times is stifling and water is a scarce article. However, even on the lower levels the nights are always cool, and at no time of day or night is the temperature oppressively high. In the Zuni mountain region the climatic conditions are almost ideal. Springs of pure water abound, the air is absolutely dry and one can sleep out of doors in comfort all the year through. A fall of snow takes place in February and March and rainfalls are prevalent during July and August. The country is absolutely free from flies, mosquitoes and other annoying insects.

Plans of Operation.

The American Lumber company's plans for operation, contingent only upon the city of Albuquerque, N. M., fulfilling sundry promises of land, water and light supply, contemplate building of its log ponds, saw mill, planing mill and cut-up factory at Albuquerque, N. M., a prospective junction city of the Santa Fe system of about 15,000 population, 125 miles distant from its timber. The logs will be hauled from the timber direct by daily train service to this point on a down grade haul and there manipulated to the finest resultant product.

The writer a few days ago, in the model lumber yard of John A. Lee, of Albuquerque, N. M., saw a quantity of handsome doors which were produced from pinus ponderosa. The lumber was manufactured at Williams, Ariz., and from there shipped to Chicago, where it was made into doors and then reshipped to Mr. Lee on an order calling for white pine doors.

Other Operations.

Incidentally to this article, it is desirable to mention some of the neighboring operations in pinus ponderosa. The Arizona Lumber & Timber company runs a large saw mill, planing mill and box factory at Flagstaff and a few miles distant in its timber, a second saw mill. Last year this company produced 42,000,000 feet of lumber, every foot of which found an immediate sale at good prices. It owns and operates a large timber tract which it is expected will not be exhausted for at least a score of years. Several pictures in this article show something of the model character of this operation.

Thirty-nine miles west of Flagstaff, at Williams, Ariz., is the splendid operation of the Saginaw & Manistee Lumber company, which company today is many million feet behind its orders. The two companies named and the American Lumber company control either directly or indirectly practically all the high class commercial wood of the two territories, and undeniably have a very prosperous career before them.

Value of the Refuse.

People living in timbered sections can scarcely appreciate the value of wood refuse in sections of country that are destitute of anything like a comprehensive timber growth. For instance, in the city of Albuquerque, N. M., bundle wood brought in on the backs of burros is retailed at \$1 for each 150 pounds weight, while lignite coal of a very good quality is retailed at \$1 for 350 pounds. The necessity for

fuel for heating purposes is very slight. It is used almost exclusively for cooking purposes, and therefore the citizen of Albuquerque prefers light wood for quick fires. The stunted growth of cedar, juniper and pinon pine has been well nigh exhausted for miles and miles on all sides of the cities and villages along the Santa Fe system, and therefore the location of the American Lumber company's plant at Albuquerque will mean both a fuel supply for that city, which will be appreciated by the residents thereof, and a revenue for refuse to the company that will aggregate a large income.

Markets and Freight Rates.

The Santa Fe railway system as an initial freight proposition groups the Arizona-San Francisco mountain timber and the New Mexico-Zuni mountain timber of New Mexico as one point, and makes a common rate for the entire district between Albuquerque and Williams, both east and west. The company's rate for the distribution of the good end of the product in the east is remarkably favorable, being 34 cents per hundred from Williams to Chicago, or less than one-third of a cent per ton per mile, the distance being about 1,700 miles.

Possibilities in Mines and Grazing Lands.

The American Lumber company has purchased in fee simple the Mitchell Bros. Zuni mountain timber property, approximately 300,000 acres in area. While the company is depending primarily on the development of its timber holding for immediate revenue to make its stock a well paying one, it has no inconsiderable contingent of the company's property, lies rich in minerals, the surrounding country being prolific in well paying coal, gold, silver, lead and copper properties. Up to this time this section has not even been exploited as a mining proposition, but surface indications are very favorable to the development of good paying mines.

A third and not to be despised asset of the company is its immense area of grazing lands. At this very time it is estimated that no less than 300,000 sheep are being grazed on the property of the company. The sheep men are largely poachers on the company's operations going on of course they would either be excluded from the property or leases made of the pasturage.

Personnel of the Company.

The president of the company is the Hon. A. R. Chapman, of Chicago, who has been a Michigan lumber operator for many years and is a man of high character and strong financial worth. The vice president is E. E. Crepin, of Chicago, formerly of the lumber firm of Crepin, Murphy & Sons. The secretary and treasurer is George D. Harding, of Chicago, a financier of high standing and long experience.

The executive committee of the American Lumber company consists of the Hon. J. S. Stearns, of Grand Rapids, Mich., who is an immensely successful lumberman, and whose operations are familiar to the readers of the American Lumberman; A. R. Chapman, of Chicago, and W. H. Sawyer, the well known banker-capitalist of Hillsdale, Mich.

The board of directors of the company is made up of a group of capitalists and experienced lumbermen of Michigan and Illinois, all of whom are of high standing. The manager of the stock sales of the company, and also a member of the board of directors, is D. W. C. Merriam, of Merriam & Kuebler, a well known attorney of Chicago, who has had a large experience in stock organizations.

Chicago, May 14, 1902.

From Report of a Michigan Timber Expert.

To the Officers and Directors of American Lumber Company, 617 Rookery Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

As agreed, I spent four weeks on your lands situated in the counties of McKinley and Valencia in the Territory of New Mexico. Your tract contains two hundred ninety-two thousand six hundred twenty-five and sixty-three one-hundredths acres of land. You have a strip of land upon which is growing what is called Mesa timber, running from the southeast to the northwest, which will average from three to six miles in width, and well timbered. The timber will run from 7,000 to 10,000 feet to the acre, from two to four logs to the tree, and from six to twelve logs to the thousand. This timber can be lumbered with trucks, and for three months in the year with sleighs, very economically, as there are no roads to build, and the haul is all down grade. The "Cottonwood tract," which runs from the northwest to the southeast, about ten miles in length and from four to seven miles in width, is a very fine grade of timber. It will average about fifteen to twenty thousand feet to the acre, and more than 50 per cent of this tract is very choice timber, as it will only take from two to three logs to the thousand, and four to six 16-foot logs to the tree, and the above will average at least three logs to the tree, without a knot in them.

Going from the so-called Cottonwood Divide into the Bluewater territory, I found a tract of timber from five to ten miles wide that will cut about ten thousand feet to the acre, and the timber is all very choice. It will run 25 per cent better than common.

Going thence to the southeast, we find another tract from five to ten miles in width, running somewhat similar, but shorter than the tract last above described, as the country is a little more rocky and rolling. It is safe to say, however, that it will cut from

eight to ten thousand feet to the acre.

The so-called Bear Mountain tract, which runs from the south to the northwest, runs to the northwest about twenty miles in length and averaging about five to six miles in width. I did not have time to look this body of timber over as carefully, but from the limited time I think it will compare favorably with the best of the timber in size and quality. On the southwest side of the mountain, you will find a vast amount of good timber in the draws running up the mountain, and all can be easily and economically lumbered.

The timber growing on your tract is thrifty, and very closely resembles our Michigan white pine. I never saw a tract of soft pine as free from punk and shake (in fact, there is practically no shake) and because of the large per cent that it will cut better than common I believe it one of the best if not the best body of white pine standing today.

MARTIN McDERMOTT.

Ludington, Mich., May 15, 1902.

THE CITY OF MANILA.

Description of the Place by a Paper Published There.

The city of Manila is the capital of the Philippine islands and is situated on the island of Luzon, on Manila bay, and has a population of some 300,000 people, divided as follows: Natives, 225,000; Chinese, 65,000, and others, principally Americans, 10,000.

It is a quaint, old fashioned city, built upon the northeastern shore of the bay, which is nearly round, and about twenty-four miles across.

The houses are principally built of manufactured stone, and are one, two and three story structures. The walls are from two to four feet thick, and built to withstand the earthquakes, and do—i.e., the less severe ones. The streets are generally tolerably straight and from thirty to sixty feet wide, with the majority of them about thirty-five feet.

The city is lit very poorly with electric lights. There is a street car line, the cars being drawn by small ponies. The telephone system is poor. Manila has a very good water works system, presented to the municipality by a Filipino who has departed this life. The condition of the gift was that the poor people should always have water free, and public hydrants are accordingly well distributed about the city.

The Pasig river flows through the city from the northeast to the southwest. Below the first bridge above the mouth of the river, the famous "Bridge of Spain," the river is wide and deep, and is constantly crowded with commercial boats of all descriptions. It is a sight worth a long journey to see.

The churches and cathedrals are a marked feature of Manila. Their grandeur, and in many instances elegance, is a wonder and surprise to the stranger. And the bells, the "beautiful bells," the devotion of the people their music foretells. Those who do not like them think they are something "awful" to contemplate. On feast days—and there are many—business in the immediate vicinity has at times to be suspended during their ringing (and that is many times during the day), and it is not unusual for them to be heard at midnight and they always mingle with the voices of a myriad of cocks crowing all over the city at 5 or 6 o'clock in the morning.

The people rise early and go to bed early. The first thing we hear in the morning is the sweeping of the streets or the running of the hydrant, after the cock crowing and the ringing of the bells. Fires are lit by the poorer class at an early hour—by many before it is fairly light—and the women prepare breakfast so the men can go about the liveliest day, in many instances doing nothing. And an easy time they have. The women, too, for that matter. It is safe to say that there are no poor people on earth who are more content and suffer less for the necessities of life than do the Filipino people. It is not because "ignorance is bliss," either. They simply obtain without much exertion the comforts of life.

The Chinese are the bone and sinew of Manila, and the only people here who take kindly to manual labor. The Americans here are no fonder of work than the Filipinos.

The "walled city" contains probably two-fifths of the population of Manila, though but a little portion of the wholesale and retail business. The courts, the government buildings, both civil and military, and the principal schools are in the walled city.

The climate—we may be prejudiced, because our health during the year we have resided in Manila has been splendid—to our liking is perfect; never hot like it is in the states when it is here. During the rainy season there is a cleanliness and a freshness that are always invigorating and the dry season is a change, but not so healthy.—Manila Justicia.

Too Previous.

A story is told of a man who went to see a doctor. The doctor examined him carefully, and, with a grave face, told him that he was very ill, and asked if he had consulted any one else.

"Oh," said the man, "I went to see a chemist and asked his advice, and he—"

"Chemist!" the doctor broke in angrily. "What was the good of that? The best thing to do when a chemist gives you advice is to do exactly the opposite."

"And he," the patient continued, "advised me to come to you."—Cassell's Journal.

Buffalo, May 30.—The Manning malt house together with a quantity of grain was burned today. The loss is \$150,000.

Gallup, Cerrillos and Bland

News Notes From Exchanges

GALLUP.

From the Republican.

Sven Johnson has arrived at his old home in Sweden.

Rev. William Sloan has decided to sever his connection with the Congregational church at Gallup.

T. J. Ranson, of the local shop force, got his little finger badly smashed with a car spring.

Mrs. Worth Keene arrived from Los Angeles on a visit to her sister, Mrs. W. F. Kuchenecker.

We are glad to note that the bill for a \$100,000 federal building for Albuquerque has passed the lower house.

It is reported that Al Bernasco and Mickey Driscoll, both well known here, are in jail at Trinidad, Col., awaiting trial under charge of having gouged a man's eyes out.

The publisher of this paper will leave for a week's vacation, visiting relatives at the Needles. During his absence the office will be left in charge of W. A. Smith, Thomas Clark and Claud Kreamer who will attend to the wants of all who may need anything in our line.

All the healing, balsamic virtues of the Norway pine are concentrated in Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, nature's own remedy for coughs and colds.

CERRILLOS.

From the Register.

W. G. Ashdown returned from his eastern trip.

G. Vargas, the hustling agent for Hall & Leonard of Albuquerque, was in town.

G. P. Donahue of New York and G. W. Delano and H. S. Farley came from Golden, where they had been looking over the extensive concrete beds owned by them in Cuchilla canyon.

Friendship Lodge No. 18, I. O. O. F., held away at Madrid and entertained their many friends at a dance and supper given at the Madrid hall. As is the custom of the Madrid people everything was done in the finest of style, the music fine and the supper delicious. George Bartsch was master of ceremonies and everything went off like clock-work under his direction. Quite a number of Cerrillos people attended, and all reported a very enjoyable time.

What Thin Folks Need

Is a greater power of digesting and assimilating food. For them Dr. King's New Life Pills work wonders. They tone and regulate the digestive organs, gently expel all poisons from the system, enrich the blood, improve appetite, make healthy flesh. Only 25c at all druggists.

BLAND.

From the Herald.

Mrs. J. H. Overhuls has returned from Buckman.

John O'Connor left for Iowa, on a business trip. He expects to be gone several weeks.

Sheep shearing is in full blast in the Jemez country, and several loads of wool passed through town this week for shipment.

A telegram from Dr. T. W. Grace who is now at Kingman, Ariz., states that that worthy gentleman will soon return to Bland. Good news.

Mrs. C. W. Graves, Miss Eola Diamond and Misses Jennie and Hattie Arnett spent a day at Woodbury, the guest of Mrs. Virginia Diamond.

Dr. Adline Macomber, of Maine, came up from Albuquerque. He is here seeking a location and may conclude to open an office in this city.

The partnership heretofore existing between Arnett & Shaw has been dissolved and today Samuel Arnett sold his stock of groceries to J. G. Creager, of the Old Reliable store.

Dangerous If Neglected.

Cuts, cuts and other wounds often fail to heal properly if neglected and become troublesome sores. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve prevents such consequences. Even where delay has aggravated the injury DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve effects a cure. "I had a running sore on my leg thirty years," says H. C. Tarry, Yanketown, Ind. "After using many remedies, I tried DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. A few boxes healed the sore." Cures all skin diseases. Piles yield to it at once. Beware of counterfeits. J. H. O'Reilly & Co.; B. H. Briggs & Co.

DESTROYING THE PARK.

Wanton Destruction of Timber on the Pecos Forest Reserve.

The wholesale destruction of timber on the west fork of the Gallinas under the very eye of the superintendent of the Pecos park reserve is an outrage which calls for his immediate removal. It is impossible that it could have occurred without his knowledge and connivance. People coming in from the Harvey resort have from time to time complained of this vandalism until it would now be a sin against the public longer to remain silent. Steadily the sound of the axe and the saw has been heard. The presence of laborers and teams have been observed, the destruction of the grand trees, the pride of the west canyon, has gone on until forbearance ceases to be a virtue.

To reach the Harvey resort tourists must pass through this canyon and they report that over a thousand of the finest trees, young vigorous and fine, have disappeared.

If the park is to be despoiled, throw it open to the homeseeker and let him in these lovely mountain places establish his family, and build up his home. If it is not to be settled then carry out the purpose of the reservation and preserve the timber for its use and beauty. —Las Vegas Optic.

It costs money to run a big sheep ranch where forty or fifty men are employed. It is customary at such places for the herders to come in the first of each month for supplies. During the year such a crew will consume 3,000 pounds of coffee, 6,000 pounds of bacon, 25,000 pounds of flour, 500 gallons of molasses, 5,000 pounds of beans, 1,000 pounds of rice, 3,000 pounds of prunes and 1,000 pounds of hominy with 600 sheep killed for mutton.

These are the staple articles of diet for the year. Potatoes are allowed only in the month of May when fifty 100 pound sacks are dealt out to the men. There is sometimes a commissary in which are kept clothing, shoes, tobacco and notions, which are sold to the herders and charged against their monthly pay.

Reveals a Great Secret.

It is often asked how such startling cures, that puzzle the best physicians, are effected by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Here's the secret. It cuts out the phlegm and germ-infected mucus, and lets the life-giving oxygen enrich and vitalize the blood. It heals the inflamed, cough-worn throat and lungs. Hard colds and stubborn coughs soon yield to Dr. King's New Discovery, the most infallible remedy for all throat and lung diseases. Guaranteed bottles 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at all druggists.

CITY OF JERUSALEM.

The Densely Populated Quarter Near the Hill of Zion.

SIGHTS OF THE HOLY CITY.

W. E. Curtis in the Chicago Record-Herald.

David, the psalmist, said: "As the mountains are round about Jerusalem, so is the Lord round about His people." But this was not an exact statement. There are no mountains in the neighborhood of Jerusalem. There are several rocky, barren hills, but only three—Nebay-Samwil, Er-Ram and Tulel el-Ful—rise to any considerable elevation, and they are only ten or twelve hundred feet above the city. The mountains of Moab, on the other side of the Jordan, have the nearest peaks, and they are perhaps fifty miles distant. The Jews call them, in their picturesque language, "the Mountains of the Other Side," or "the Mountains that are Across"—very expressive terms, illustrating how the River Jordan was interwoven into the poetry, the religion and the nomenclature of Israel. The nearest mountain to Jerusalem is a considerable distance away, but I suppose that the psalmist was using the ordinary poetic license when he referred to the hills that are about the city as mountains, for, as he suggests, they are a protection, a shelter against nature and a defense against invasion. If properly fortified, Mount Olivet is the highest hill in the immediate neighborhood, and it is only 180 feet above the summit of Mount Zion, although a deep valley lies between them.

Jerusalem occupies the summit of a limestone hill and is divided into two nearly equal parts by a depression called the Cheesemonger's Valley, which commences near the famous old Damascus Gate in the north part of the city, shallow and broad at first, but deepening rapidly as its course extends, until it reaches the Kidron river, near the Pool of Siloam. The two ridges thus formed are nearly parallel and almost of the same height. The eastern, looking toward Olivet, is called Mount Moriah, and is the site of Solomon's Temple. The western is Zion, the hill sacred to David, where his palace stood and where he offered sacrifices. The Cheesemonger's Valley is well built over. Every inch of the land is occupied.

On the same ridge as Zion, but lower down the slope, lies the Jewish quarter of the city, where from 5,000 to 8,000 people—men, women and children—are packed into the most lathsome tenements, reeking with filth and offensive to the eye and the nostrils. This quarter was once covered with palaces and synagogues, some of the finest edifices in Jerusalem, but in any city of Europe or America the district would be condemned as a plague spot and as a danger to the public health. There are now two synagogues, representing the Ashkenazim, who are of Polish and German origin and under the protection of their consuls, and Sephardim, who come from Spain and Portugal, but are Turkish subjects, sects of Hebrews, a hospice for Jewish pilgrims, a free dispensary and a hospital and several schools.

A considerable part of the population of the Jewish quarter talk the Spanish language and retain the customs and habits they have inherited from their ancestors, who were expelled from Spanish territory by Ferdinand and Isabella. The number of Jews now in Jerusalem is a subject of dispute, but it exceeds 20,000. Some say that they constitute at least three-fourths and perhaps four-fifths of the population, although, theoretically, they are forbidden to live here. The Jewish population of Jerusalem has doubled during the last twenty-five years. Immigration has increased rapidly of late, in spite of the regulations prohibiting it, and the most of the newcomers are dependent upon the charity of their European brethren. Many who have been great sinners elsewhere come here to purge their souls by fasting, prayer and devotion. Within the walls to which I have just alluded a considerable majority are engaged in business and are self-supporting.

There are more than seventy synagogues in Jerusalem, and even a larger number of schools. The late Sir Moses Montefiore, the several members of the Rothschild family, the late Baron Hirsch and other benevolent Jewish millionaires have donated an enormous amount of money to ameliorate the condition of their poor brethren in Jerusalem and gratify the desire of their hearts to be buried on Mount Olivet, in the valley of Jehoshaphat, or in the sacred soil of Zion. They have established hospitals, orphanages, training schools which are said to be the best in the east, and other institutions for the care of the poor and afflicted.

Outside the city gates is a modern settlement of Jews called the Zion suburb, filled with handsome and comfortable houses, which offer a striking contrast with the ancient quarter in the city. Here the streets are swept

daily, and are as clean as those of any village in New England. The tenements are divided into commodious and convenient apartments, with plenty of sunshine and fresh air. Gardens are frequent and are well kept. There is a Jewish hotel surrounded by handsome grounds, and a seminary for teachers which is admirable in every respect. Most of these buildings are also crowded, the increase in the population exceeding the accommodations. The occupants of the tenements take in lodgers and pack them away as closely as possible, until soon the Zion suburb will be as densely settled as sanitary conditions will permit. A sharp line is drawn between the members of the different sects. They are as bitter and determined in their animosity as the Greek and Roman Catholics, and each regards the other as an intruder in Zion.

If the legal restrictions were removed; if Jews were able to come into this country, buy property and engage in business, they would soon solve the Zionist problem, so far as the cities are concerned. Already their mercantile instincts have led them into the most profitable lines of business, and it is asserted that they now occupy the majority of the shops on what is known as Christian street, which they were forbidden to enter a few years ago. Altogether they are the objects of greatest interest in Palestine, when you consider their present condition and surroundings in the light of history and their biblical connections.

The population of Jerusalem is supposed to be about 60,000, although there is no census, and this is probably a low figure. Some competent authorities assert that at least 75,000 people live within the walls and in the immediate suburbs. Of these, as I have already said, two-thirds or three-fourths are Jews. The Moslems number about 12,000, the Roman Catholics 5,000, the Orthodox Greeks 8,000, the Armenians 800, the Protestants 1,400, the Copts 100, the Abyssinians 100 and all the other races and kingdoms of the earth are represented, mostly by religious communities.

Jerusalem is a great place for cranks, particularly those of religious tendencies. People who have visions and possess the gift of prophecy, who have discovered new ways of salvation and methods by which they may live without sin, seem to flock here as the moths seek the light. Some come in clubs and associations, others as individuals. Many of them are actually insane and possessed of peculiar delusions. There used to be an old sailor here who went around through the principal streets day after day carrying a heavy cross. He was doing penance for some great sin he had committed, and it would be a satisfaction to know whether he obtained absolution before he died. Then there was a man who bought a lamb every morning and sacrificed it, giving the skin and the meat to the poor. His place of sacrifice was on a rock outside the walls, and a crowd was there awaiting him when he came with his offering upon his back.

Traveling is Dangerous.

Constant motion jars the kidneys which are kept in place in the body by delicate attachments. This is the reason that travelers, trainmen, street car men, teamsters and all who drive very much suffer from kidney disease in some form. Foley's Kidney Cure strengthens the kidneys and cures all forms of kidney and bladder disease. George H. Hausan, locomotive engineer, Lima, Ohio, writes: "Constant vibration of the engine caused me a great deal of trouble with my kidneys, and I got no relief until I used Foley's Kidney Cure." Alvarado Pharmacy.

New machinery is going in on the American mine, and more men are being employed to work the mine and develop adjacent properties belonging to the same company, says the White Oaks Eagle. Nogal is booming as a consequence of the large amount of work that is being done in her neighborhood, and many of the old settlers who have waited for years to get capital interested in its promising mines feel very much enthused. Favorable reports continue to pour in from the reduction of the American ore.

Wants Others to Know.

"I have used DeWitt's Little Early Risers for constipation and torpid liver and they are all right. I am glad to endorse them for I think when we find a good thing we ought to let others know it," writes Alfred Heinze, Quincy, Ill. They never gripe or distress. Sure, safe pills. J. H. O'Reilly & Co.; F. H. Briggs & Co.

A. G. Mills, of Hagerman, Eddy county, has purchased 900 head of mixed cattle from a Mr. Hendricks, of Hereford, Texas. They were delivered last week.

A Lesson in Health.

Healthy kidneys filter the impurities from the blood, and unless they do this good health is impossible. Foley's Kidney Cure makes sound kidneys and will positively cure all forms of kidney and bladder disease. It strengthens the whole system. Alvarado Pharmacy.

GERMS THAT CLUSTER AROUND AN UNHEALTHY HAIR CAUSING DANDRUFF

FALLING HAIR FINALLY BALDNESS

Destroy the cause, you remove the effect.

Kill the Dandruff Germ WITH NEWBRO'S HERPICIDE

The only preparation that will destroy those parasites.

EXCELLENT HAIR DRESSING.

For Sale by all Druggists. PRICE \$1.00.

Big Bargain in Shoes

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes



In Great Quantities and at Prices to Suit the People.

SEE
WM. CHAPLIN,
121 West Railroad Ave.
Albuquerque, New Mexico.

TOPHAM'S ARTESIAN COYOTE MINERAL WATER

Is sold at all the principal Hotels, Saloons and Drug Stores.



It makes a delicious lemonade and blends well with wines and liquors. We are the first and only shippers of Mineral Waters in car load lots in the Territory.

This wonder Mineral Water was discovered on the property of T. J. Topham in Coyote canyon near Albuquerque, and, being analyzed by Prof. John Weinzirl, of the University of New Mexico, it was found to contain most wonderful medical properties, taking first rank with the leading waters of the world. Can be drank in any quantity with beneficial effects.

The water contains the following ingredients in quantities of 1 to 45 grains of each ingredient per United States gallon. It is blended in God's Natural Laboratory in such proportions that the most scientific chemist cannot produce such a health giving and thirst quenching article:

Iron Carbonate, Magnesium Bi Carbonate, Calcium Bi Carbonate, Sodium Sulphate, Sodium Chloride, Selica, Potassium Salts, Calcium Sulphates, Phosphates and free Carbonic Acid Gas in quantities.

*** CAR LOAD LOTS A SPECIALTY. ***

Warehouse 116 1-2 North Second Street.

Automatic Telephone 473.

Albuquerque, - New Mexico.

ARIZONA TOWNS

S. J. JOHNS.

From the Snips.

Adolf Seaster left for Holbrook. T. C. Hill returned from the southern part of the county.

Jesus Aragon of Concho sent in his application for pension. He served in the war of the rebellion.

Miss Mary Patterson, who has been assisting in the culinary department of the Patterson lumber camp on the mountain, is reported as quite sick with erysipelas.

Captain Hogue has returned from his intended trip to Albuquerque and other points. The reason for his return being that he felt somewhat indisposed after driving part of the way to the Long H ranch through the rain.

"It was almost a miracle. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me of a terrible breaking out all over the body. I am very grateful." Miss Julia Filbridge, West Cornwall, Conn.

HOLBROOK.

From the Argus.

Louie Ghuey is clearing ground to put up an adobe building.

Charles Findlow has resigned his position as bookkeeper for Wetzel brothers.

Sheriff Seerist has been in Winslow the past week collecting poll taxes.

Mrs. Zuck went to Winslow to visit her daughter Mrs. Fine.

J. Y. Lee and family were down from Woodruff visiting Mrs. J. L. Fish.

Dr. Cornish of Albuquerque, spent Wednesday in town on business.

Wetzel brothers are digging a cellar where their warehouse stood before the fire.

Dr. Reed made a trip to Navajo Springs to doctor an Indian boy who had his neck hurt there.

George Wehnert stopped off here to visit old friends. He was on his way to Flagstaff.

The St. Johns mail has been delayed a few days the past week on account of high water caused by the recent rain.

Capt. Meyers and wife came down from Ft. Apache where he has been on a visit. They left for San Francisco next day.

We had a good rain here Sunday and from all information we can gather it was general over the north-eastern part of the territory and as a result the river came down Monday for the first time this spring. This will be a great thing for the crops and also for the sheepmen who have been compelled to haul water for their sheep.

The Most Common Ailment.

More people suffer from rheumatism than from any other ailment. This is wholly unnecessary, too, for a cure may be effected at a very small cost. G. W. Westcott, of Meadowdale, N. Y., says: "I have been afflicted with rheumatism for some time and it has caused me much suffering. I concluded to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm and am pleased to say that it has cured me." For sale by all druggists.

FLAGSTAFF.

From the Sun.

Miss Katherine Overholzer of Los Angeles and Henry L. Aphold of Williams were married at the Methodist parsonage, Rev. J. H. Henry officiating.

Last week Messrs. Babbitt brothers received a letter from A. C. Bartlett, of the Chicago firm of Hibbard, Spencer, Bartlett & Co., stating that he desired to place a free circulating library in Flagstaff, and asking that they suggest some person to take charge of the library, and Babbitt brothers suggested Rev. J. H. Henry as the proper person to attend to the matter.

H. C. Clarkson committed suicide at the Hicks lodging house by taking morphine. He left a letter directed to W. G. Henry, in which he stated that "he was tired of the whole thing," and left his personal effects to Mr. Henry. Deceased was a sufferer from asthma and came here a day or two before his death in hope of obtaining relief. He grew worse and concluded to end his life.

The Arizona Lumber and Timber company of this place has been shipping its products to nearly every state and territory in the United States. The company is now getting ready three carloads of boxes for shipment to South Africa. The Arizona Lumber and Timber company is the largest manufacturer of boxes on the coast, and there are but few concerns in the United States that have a larger annual output, and its product has a wide reputation for excellent quality and handiwork wherever boxes are used.

Holds Up a Congressman.

"At the end of the campaign," writes Champ Clark, Missouri's brilliant congressman, "from overwork, nervous tension, loss of sleep and constant speaking I had about utterly collapsed. It seemed that all the organs in my body were out of order, but three bottles of Electric Bitters made me all right. It's the best all-around medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter." Overworked, run-down men and weak, sickly women gain splendid health and vitality from Electric Bitters. Try them. Only one. Guaranteed by all druggists.

KINGMAN.

From the Miner.

Miss Belle Tarr passed through Kingman on the way to her home in Manuella, N. M. She has been visiting with a sister in Homer, Cal., and has also been in Los Angeles. She was met at the train by a number of Kingman friends.

Kingman Elks are preparing to go to Needles for Sunday, June 1, for an outing. Many friends of the order have been invited and a good time is anticipated. If possible a game of base ball will be arranged for and other outdoor sports participated in.

It is reported that a large amount of money has been raised by the people of Chloride to properly celebrate the Fourth of July. A rock drilling contest, steer roping, trap shooting, horse racing and many other sporting events are on the program.

The Irish Lord, a well known writer, arrived in Kingman from San Diego a few days ago, and has been visiting the mining camps up the

range. He was one of the first settlers in Prescott in the year 1864 and put in many years of his life in and around the mining camps of the territory.

P. E. Collings has just completed a building at Yucca to be used as a boarding house by Mrs. Edna Steen and sister. A boarding house and lodging facilities have been a necessity at that place for a long time past and we predict that the enterprise will be a financial success.

George A. Bonell had his left leg severely injured at his Dolan springs ranch. A horse that had been tied down was being rolled over and in its struggles caught Mr. Bonnell's leg against the fence and bruised the tendons so badly that he had to be sent home. He will be around alright again in a few days.

Will Cure Consumption.

A. A. Herren, Esq., Ark., writes: "Foley's Honey and Tar is the best preparation for coughs, colds and lung trouble. I know that it has cured consumption in the first stages." Alvarado Pharmacy.

WILLIAMS.

From the News.

Dr. A. Tyroler returned from another of his trips to Albuquerque. As June 2 draws nearer Doc's trips east become more frequent.

H. J. Gray arrived from his ranch at Jerome Junction and spent a few days among his friends wearing off the loneliness of the range.

Frank Clark, brakeman on the Saginaw Southern, while attempting to set the brakes on a log car lost his balance and in an endeavor to recover himself lifted the brake shaft from the car and fell to the track. The wheels passed over his right leg below the knee, crushing it to the ankle, necessitating amputation at the knee joint.

Thursday morning one of our citizens who rises very early saw a man busily engaged with a crowbar at the back door of the Cheap John store. The memory of the recent attempt at robbery being fresh in his mind he thought at first he would get a shotgun and pepper things up a bit, but not wishing to kill a man in cold blood, thought he would notify Mr. Mathews, the owner of the store, and let him do the killing. Hurrying to the residence he told Mrs. Mathews, who appeared at the door, of the attempted robbery, when she quietly informed him that when closing the store the night before her husband had locked his keys inside and was compelled to force an entrance to the store.

There has been a hot time in Chinese high life in Williams this week. A couple of years ago a Chinaman in Los Angeles, whom we will call No. 1, purchased, as is their custom, for something over \$1,000, a wife. Later on Chinaman No. 2 made her acquaintance and ran away with her, locating here. No. 1 lately found that the pair were in Williams and came here with the intention of regaining his money or property, but No. 2 refuses to produce. Having been in this country some years, he has become Americanized to some extent, and reasoned out the case thus: "Chinaman heap big fool. I pay \$1,000 for a woman. White man catch wife for nothing. Just as good. Me do all same as white man." And he forthwith produced a license and was married by a preacher. The case as to the legal ownership of the woman has not yet been decided.

Whooping Cough.

A woman who has had experience with this disease, tells how to prevent any dangerous consequences from it. She says: Our three children took whooping cough last summer, our baby boy being only three months old, and owing to our giving them Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, they lost none of their plumpness and came out in much better health than other children whose parents did not use this remedy. Our oldest little girl would call lustily for cough syrup between whoops.—Jessie Pinkney Hall, Springville, Ala. This remedy is for sale by all druggists.

SAN JUAN COUNTY.

Aztec.

S. E. Pippin is very ill at his ranch near Flora Vista.

Mrs. J. M. Scott started for her old home in Girard, Kas., to see her elder brother, Henry, who is very ill at that place.

Mrs. Bert Brown, of Silverton, Colo., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Springer, of Cedar Hill. She will remain two or three weeks.

E. R. Stewart started with the registered cattle of L. Current for Cherry Creek range, where he will leave them with his partner, Frank Heather, who will look after them the coming summer. He will return to Aztec about June 1.

Frank Lloyd, a boy who was employed by E. C. Arnold as a waiter, was brought to Aztec by Joe Prewitt and turned over to the custody of Charley Baker, the jailer, to serve out a thirty day sentence in the county jail. The boy was proven guilty of the theft of a gun belonging to Mr. Arnold and was sentenced by Judge Symonds.

Last week Governor Otero appointed Joe Prewitt treasurer and collector of this county, vice Monroe Fields, resigned. Mr. Prewitt has forwarded his bonds for approval and will take charge of the office about the first of the coming month. His appointment was endorsed by the people of the county without regard to politics and gives general satisfaction. Mr. Fields will shortly go to the mountains where he will spend the summer.—Aztec Index.

Farmington.

John Wetherell was in from the reservation.

Mrs. Frank Baker and her boy returned from a nine days' outing at Aztec.

Harry Allen and wife, of the La Plata, were in town and purchased the Griffin property in Locke's addition, paying \$300 for it.

Charley Kelly, who has been working here as a carpenter for several months past, left for Durango, and from there will seek some place where work in his line is in demand.

Rev. H. W. Rankin, after successfully conducting revival services here at the Presbyterian church, left on the

stage for a three days' outing at Bayfield, after which he will return to Denver, where he will hold tent meetings for a month.

Rev. J. A. Lewis united in bonds of holy matrimony Albert V. Wallis and Clara E. Pyeatt.

H. A. E. Pickard, wife and daughter and the little daughter of Mrs. McNassar came in from Albuquerque the first of the week, and will occupy the Hunter property on Orchard street. Mr. Pickard is the father of Mrs. McNassar and one of the earliest settlers of Colorado, going there in 1860. He has resided since that time in Denver, Pueblo and Albuquerque, in all of which places he still owns property.

Some parties here got the name of Eakin, the man who killed two men in a saloon at Tucumcari, mixed with that of our former townsman, J. P. Eakers, who is now at Silverton, and so the report was circulated for a time that the latter had killed two men in a saloon fight. His friends here became interested in the matter and quickly ran the rumor to the earth.—Times.

Bernie Dustin, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Dustin, has a slight attack of scarletina.

The Farmington public schools will close June 6, thus completing an eight months' term.

W. A. Hunter and wife leave in a few days for the Colorado mountains, where they will spend the summer, it being Mr. Hunter's intention to do some prospecting in the La Plata mountains.

A. R. Springer, wife and daughter, Mrs. Bert Brown, of Silverton, and little granddaughter, Miss Carrie, came down from Maple ranch, as the guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. K. B. Sellers. While this is Mrs. Brown's first visit to this section, Mr. and Mrs. Springer have a host of friends here who are always happy to see them.—Hustler.

Don't Start Wrong.

Don't start the summer with a lingering cough or cold. "We all know what a 'summer cold' is. It's the hardest kind to cure. Often it 'hangs on' through the entire season. Take it in hand right now. A few doses of One Minute Cough Cure will set you right. Sure cure for coughs, colds, croup, grip, bronchitis, all throat and lung troubles. Absolutely safe. Acts at once. Children like it. 'One Minute Cough Cure is the best cough medicine I ever used,' says J. H. Bowles, Grove-ton, N. H. 'I never found anything else that acted so safely and quickly.' J. H. O'Reilly & Co.; B. H. Briggs & Co.

Location of Claims.

A claim may or may not prove of value to the locator. There is no harm, however, in the locator taking as much pains in laying out his claims as if he knew it was worth a million dollars. A little care in the marking or measurement of his claims is always well repaid to the prospector. The first thing to be done in laying out the claim is to get the direction of the outcrop. If it is not possible to trace the outcrop for 1,500 feet up a few stakes along the line of the vein and take the course with a compass. Make this line pass through the middle points of the end lines. Then lay out the claim according to the law of the state in which the locations are made, i. e., 1,500 feet long and from 150 to 300 feet in width. Whenever possible, measure the claim out instead of pacing it. For measuring the claim the writer uses a piece of light cordage, say three-eighths of an inch in diameter, and 300 feet long, with knots to indicate every fifty feet. The use of a long tape is apt to be expensive, owing to breakage when scrambling through the brush and over rocks. The laws relating to location are simple and readily obtained and every prospector should have the fundamental points at his fingers' ends. Then observe the laws to the very letter. Much of the expensive litigation which is the bane of the mining industry is directly traceable to careless and faulty location work.

Like a Drowning Man.

"Five years ago a disease the doctors called dyspepsia took such hold of me that I could scarcely go," writes George S. Marsh, well known attorney of Nocona, Texas. "I took quantities of pepsin and other medicines but nothing helped me. As a drowning man grabs at a straw I grabbed at Kodol. I felt an improvement at once and after a few bottles am sound and well." Kodol is the only preparation which exactly reproduces the natural digestive juices and consequently is the only one which digests any good food and cures any form of stomach trouble. J. H. O'Reilly & Co.; B. H. Briggs & Co.

Conditions seem favorable for a successful mining year in the Bonito country, of Lincoln county. True, the wonderful strike in that section last January, about which so much was said at the time, seems to have failed to bear out first anticipations, but considerable beneficial development work has been done by different parties, and from latest reports they have been entirely satisfactory, and J. M. Rice, who is the largest operator in that section, is said to be meeting his first payment on properties as they fall due.

No Loss of Time.

I have sold Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for years, and would rather be out of coffee and sugar than it. I sold five bottles of it yesterday to threshers that could go no farther, and they are at work again this morning.—H. R. Phelps, Plymouth, Oklahoma. As will be seen by the above the threshers were able to keep on with their work without losing a single day's time. You should keep a bottle of this remedy in your home. For sale by all druggists.

ASK Druggist for 10 CENT TRIAL SIZE.

Ely's Cream Balm

Gives Relief at once.

It cures, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. It is absorbed. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50c. Trial Size 10c. at Druggists and by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 25 Warren Street, New York.

Big Dissolution

SALE

For Cash Only

Until AUG. 1, 1902.

For These Bargains See

Mandell & Grunsfeld,

114 West Railroad Avenue,
Albuquerque, : : : New Mexico.

KIRSTER BROS.,

Manufacturers and Wholesalers of

Fine Havana and Domestic Cigars

Some of the Famous Brands:

Commercial Club; Britannica; Ben Franklin;
Havana Buds; Kirster's Half Shell.

KIRSTER BROS.

FACTORY,

550 S. Second St., Albuquerque, N. M.

Farm Statistics in New Mexico

A census bulletin was issued the other day treating on agriculture in New Mexico. The statistics given are very interesting as well as the notes accompanying them. The bulletin says:

"New Mexico forms part of the great table land which is the foundation of the Rocky and Sierra mountain ranges. The territory slopes gently southward, spreading into a broad, level, treeless plain, apparently barren.

"The land produces a variety of native grasses, the most common and valuable being the mesquite. This grows during the rainy season in July and August and ripens in the fall, dries on its stalks and furnishes a luxuriant and nutritious forage. This cheap food supply and the mildness of winter render stock raising especially profitable.

"The number of farms June 1, 1900, was more than three times as great as that reported in 1850. It is probable that the gain of 7,852 farms or 176.2 per cent between 1890 and 1900 exaggerate the actual growth in that decade, owing to the fact that in 1890 many small farms and ranges operated by natives were not enumerated. The statement that the eleventh census was defective in this respect is confirmed by reference to the Farms and Homes volume of that census, which shows that in 1890 there were 9,518 farm families in New Mexico, or 5,060 more than the number of farms given in the report on agriculture for the same year.

"The total acreage of farm land has fluctuated greatly from decade to decade and is now about eighteen times as great as in 1850, and more than six times as great as in 1890. The variation in the area of improved land have been less marked, the increase since 1890 being 63,767 acres or 24.2 per cent. As this increase is much less than that in the total farm area, the per cent of farm land improved shows a decided decrease since 1890. This circumstance together with the increase in the average size of farms bears out the statement that the raising of live stock is rapidly increasing in importance, and that, as a consequence, large additions are being made to the area used for grazing purposes. At the same time the great reduction in the percentage of improved land may be in some degree due to a stricter interpretation of that term by the twelfth census.

The value of farm property in 1900 was nearly seventeen times as great as in 1890. With the exception of the decade from 1860 to 1870, Arizona being created out of New Mexico in 1863, the increase in the values of the different forms of farm property have been continuous. The remarkable increases in the last decade are due, in part, to a more detailed enumeration in 1900 than in 1890.

In 1880 and in 1890 domestic animals on ranges were not enumerated, hence the values shown in the table are deficient for both these years. The value of animals on the range in 1890 has been estimated at \$16,798,666, which would make the value of all live stock on farms and ranges \$24,043,864. Assuming this value to be comparable with that report in 1900, there has been an increase in the last decade of over 30 per cent.

The average size of farms outside of the Indian reservations, ranges from 74.9 acres in Taos county to 2,936.5 in Colfax county; the average value of farms from \$582.05 in Taos county to \$5,903.29 in Colfax county; the average value of live stock per farm from \$597.56 in Santa Fe county to \$14,108.79 in Eddy county, and the average value of farm products of 1899 not fed to live stock from \$348.96 in Santa Fe county to \$2,699.87 in Chaves county.

Increases in the number, acreage and value of farms have taken place in all counties except Valencia and Taos and certain others which have undergone territorial reduction in the decade, but all counties, regardless of such changes show great increases in the total value of live stock and farm products.

The number of farms operated by owners was 388 less in 1890 than in 1880. In the last decade, however, there was an increase of 6,900, making the number on June 1, 1900, more than double the number reported twenty years before.

This apparently large increase, however, is due principally to a much more complete enumeration in 1900 than in 1890 of certain classes of small farms. Cash tenants increased in number in both decades. The number of share tenants decreased between 1880 and 1890, but increased rapidly in the last ten years.

Of the farms of the territory 88.5 per cent are operated by white farmers and 11.5 per cent by colored farmers. Of the farms of white farmers, 85.1 per cent are operated by owners or part owners; for farms of colored farmers, practically all of whom are Indians, the corresponding per cent is 99.3.

No previous census has reported the number of farms operated by "part owners," "owners and tenants," or "managers," but it is believed that the number conducted by the last named class is constantly increasing.

The average values and the per cent of gross income are very much lower for colored than for white farmers. Of the groups by tenure, farms operated by managers, part owners, and cash tenants have by far greatest average acreage and the highest average value of property and products. This is due to the fact that most of the live stock farms using large areas of public range and leased land are included in these groups. When such farms are leased a cash rental is generally preferred by both landlord and tenant. The average

size and values of farms operated by owners are materially reduced by the many small farms found in this group.

The total value of the farm property of the fourteen negro farmers was \$30,340, and of their products, \$3,450. They operated an area of 18,418 acres. The three Chinese used an area of 20 acres, the value of property and products being \$5,810 and \$6,330 respectively.

The group of farms of largest area contains less than three per cent of the total number of farms, but comprises four-fifths of the total acreage, and over two-fifths of the total value of farm property.

For farms containing over three acres the average values rise in broken series as the farms increase in size. For farms under three acres the average values of live stock and gross income are relatively high, as a large proportion of these are stock farms using ranges or the public domain. This group includes also a number of city dairies, the incomes from which are determined, not so much by the acreage of land used, as by the amount of capital invested and the expenditures for labor.

The average gross incomes per acre for the various groups classified by area are as follows:

Farms under three acres, \$912.40; 3 to 9 acres, \$20.70; 10 to 19 acres, \$15.17; 20 to 49 acres, \$8.76; 50 to 99 acres, \$5.43; 100 to 174 acres, \$4.07; 175 to 259 acres, \$4.84; 260 to 499 acres, \$4.10; 500 to 999 acres, \$4.05; and 1,000 acres and over \$0.81.

The low average for the group of farms containing from 100 to 174 acres is doubtless due to the fact that this group contains a large number of recently entered homesteads of 160 acres each.

JUDGE A. J. ABBOTT CHOSEN

Appointed United States Special Attorney for the Pueblo Indians in New Mexico to Succeed W. H. Pope.

It is reported that a dispatch received in Santa Fe Wednesday states that Judge A. J. Abbott has been selected by the secretary of the interior to succeed W. H. Pope as United States special attorney for the Pueblo Indians in New Mexico, says the New Mexican. It is said that Senator Elkins called at the interior department in the interest of Hon. T. B. Catron and was informed that the appointment of Judge A. J. Abbott, of Santa Fe, who was very highly recommended by leading republicans of Kansas, Colorado and New Mexico, had been made and therefore the senator's recommendation for Mr. Catron could not be taken into consideration. Mr. Pope, who has held the position for some years past, tendered his resignation two weeks ago and immediately upon receipt thereof the vacancy was filled by Judge Abbott's appointment. The latter has not yet received official notification of the appointment, but expects the same daily. There were numerous candidates for the office in addition to Mr. Catron and some of them, like Hon. B. M. Read, were very strongly endorsed. R. W. D. Bryan, of Albuquerque, a democrat, was also an applicant. The appointment of Judge A. J. Abbott is considered an excellent one, he being in every respect fully competent to fill the office acceptably, efficiently and to the satisfaction of all concerned, the government, the people of New Mexico and the Pueblo Indians. The position is under the interior department and the appointment was made by the secretary of the interior.

MY MOTTO.

Some men write soul inspiring songs,
While living lives of beasts;
Preach sweet homelife, and spend long hours

In bacchanalian feasts;
I wish I had their wondrous gift,
Yet one thing I wish more;
I'd rather live one lyric gem
Than write them by the score.

Some sing of universal love,
While hate rules in their hearts;
Some sing of sorrow, though they ne'er
Felt trouble's stinging darts;
Some sing how blest it is to live,
Though finding life a bore;
I'd rather mean one sunshine song
Than sing a thousand more.

Some sing the love of little ones,
Yet spurn each child they meet;
Some praise the sheltered country nook
And live upon the street;

Some rave o'er raging billows, though
They never saw the shore,
I'd rather know one poem's thrill,
Than write them by the score.

Let's all who write the things that
prate
Of goodness and of cheer,
Try living out those sentiments
Through all the busy year.

Let's keep this rule so other folks
Won't think us such a bore;
"We'll live the beauty of our songs
Or write such things no more."

Ask Him

Ask your doctor what he thinks of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. He knows the formula, so ask him if there is anything better for purifying the blood, strengthening the digestion, and building up the nerves. Follow his advice, whatever it may be.

"I have taken Ayer's Sarsaparilla every spring since 1848. As a blood-purifying and nerve-strengthening medicine it cannot be equalled."

S. T. Jones, Wichita, Kans.
S. T. Jones, Wichita, Kans.

The Citizen Job Office

The Citizen Job Office is prepared to turn out work of any character or quality demanded, at the right prices. Mail orders for out-of-town customers given special attention.

Blanks

of all kinds on hand -- mining, real estate and loan blanks, five cents each.

These blanks are very carefully drawn, and are issued by authority.

The Latest Type Faces

for cards, circulars, letter heads, envelopes, bill heads, pamphlets, etc.

We Will Not

do shoddy work, even at your price, but no other office in the southwest can do better work than The Citizen does.

Blank Books

The CITIZEN is equipped to manufacture to order any style of blank book, no matter how intricate the ruling. Make up your form just as you want it, and let us give you our estimate.

Book Binding

Books, magazines, pamphlets, catalogues, etc., bound in any style lowest rates. Satisfaction guaranteed.

We Never Disappoint

Now is the Season for AWNINGS

Leave your Orders at

Joseph T. Johnston's

317-319 South Second Street.

Tents and Awnings Made to Order.

Picture Frames, Cabinet Making and Upholstering.

Outside Orders Requested and Promptly Attended to.

Joseph T. Johnston,

317-319 South Second Street, Albuquerque, New Mexico.

J. W. MALETTE,

Successor to A. B. McGaffey & Company,

JOBBER AND RETAILERS OF Queensware

China, Glassware, Tin and Enamel Ware, Lamps, Toys and Notions.

BAR GLASSWARE A SPECIALTY



An elegant assortment both of plain and fancy wares. Call and see the display.



These up-to-date suits are models of perfection. All should call and inspect them, they are right.

Indian Curios and Burnt Leather Pilleries, Etc.

AT COST.

J. W. MALETTE,

No. 216 Railroad Avenue, Albuquerque, New Mexico.

Weekly Crop Bulletin

United States Department of Agriculture, Climate and Crop Bulletin of the Weather Bureau, New Mexico Section.

Santa Fe, N. M., May 27, 1902.—The past week has been clear, with cold, frosty nights during the first part but warming up toward the close. Irrigation water is still scarce in the north-eastern sections, but over the territory generally the supply has been sufficient, and where this is so, all growing crops have made very good progress excepting corn, which is backward on account of the cold nights. The cold weather of the 19th, 20th and 21st brought frost to nearly all sections—in the west light frost extended as far south as Grant county. In the colder localities of the north alfalfa and corn were nipped, and some of the early fruits, as pears, peaches, apricots and cherries, were killed, but the total damage to crops and fruits was slight. Sheep camps were the greatest sufferers from the frosty nights, and in northern counties, where many were about finishing the lambing season, there was considerable loss of lambs. These losses in addition to the earliest losses from the drought, will probably bring percentage of the season down to 50 and less for the prairie camps of the northern counties. Although the grass on the ranges is yet quite short in some northeastern sections, it has a good start on the ranges of the territory in general, and cattle are beginning to show marked improvement. Spring planting is about finished excepting in the most backward sections of the northern mountains. Wheat, barley and early sown oats are growing nicely on fields under ditch. In the extreme south first alfalfa is being harvested, with a fairly good yield, and early cherries are ripening. In the Mesilla valley peas, beets and other early vegetables are coming to market. There is every prospect for an unusually large fruit crop.

The following remarks are quoted from the reports of correspondents: East Las Vegas: John Thornhill: Weather continued dry and windy. Cold nights the first of the week, with frost on the 18th, 19th and 20th, causing some damage to young vegetables. Corn planting about over; alfalfa only holding its own. Very little grass on the ranges and water holes are dried up. Irrigation water is getting very scarce.

Esplanada: P. H. Leese: Slight frosts on the mornings of the 20th, 21st and 22d, but no damage to fruit. Water is still plentiful in all the ditches, but crops are backward on account of the cold. In some localities the young grasshoppers are beginning to injure the alfalfa. Range improving.

Folsom: Jackson Tabor: Continued dry weather with heavy winds. Grass has started and is drying up fast and water is failing excepting in the springs. Light frosts every night since the 19th, making six nights in succession, something not experienced before, at least in the last twenty-six years. Fruit and all irrigated crops doing well. Cattle are looking well at present, but unless rain comes soon they will suffer. First alfalfa is likely to be a short crop. Highest temperature, 83; lowest, 32; no rain.

Fruitland: C. J. Collier: Cold and stormy, but the good results of the rain are noticeable all over the country. Young melon vines were touched by the frost in some places. The hail of the 18th knocked some of the young pears, etc., from the trees. Pastures and range much improved. Weather now settled and temperature rising to normal. Highest temperature, 82; lowest, 33; rain, snow and hail, 0.10.

Hobart: W. H. Hough: Light frost injured corn to some extent, and also grapes and other small fruits. Wheat is looking well. High drying winds have prevailed during the week.

Gallinas Springs: Jas. E. Whitmore: Heavier rains in the vicinity but not much here. Cattle and sheep improving at present but the scarcity of water is a great drawback. As far as can be learned lambing will not exceed 50 per cent. Highest temperature, 93; lowest, 38; rain, 0.10.

Los Alamos: Wm. Frank: Ice formed on standing water on the night of the 19th; alfalfa was frost bitten, and very likely some fruit killed. Weather disagreeably cold and windy.

Lower Penasco: H. W. Creswell, Jr.: Good rains in the vicinity, but only 0.40 here. Outside water holes filled and stock have drifted to good grass and are doing well. First alfalfa cut this and last week. Corn is up six or eight inches. Fruit promises the largest crop in years.

Miera: Francisco Miera: Some local showers on the 20th, but not enough to do much good, and drought continues, but reports of better conditions from the south and north end of the county. Lambing is about over, with a very small percentage saved. Feed for stock very scarce. There are still some losses in sheep, but cattle do better as they go to the sand hills for feed.

Mesilla Park: R. H. Hart: Peas, beets and other early vegetables coming in, and the first crop of alfalfa is about harvested. All vegetation has about obtained its full growth. Cherries beginning to ripen. Rain is badly needed for it is dry and dusty, but there is plenty of irrigation water. Highest temperature, 90; lowest, 38; rain, trace.

Ojo Caliente: Antonio Joseph: Light frost on night of 19th and 20th, but did very little harm. Growing crops look most promising. Grass is coming up nicely on the hills and prairies. Lambing has turned out much better than was expected. Cutting the first alfalfa will begin here in about two weeks. Highest temperature, 85; lowest, 30.

Redrock: Louis Chamble: Frost on the 20th, 21st and 22d did very little damage to gardens. Some light rains, but not enough to be of benefit unless more comes in the near future. However, the rain was a great help to irrigated fields. Plenty of water in the river for irrigation.

Sapello: M. A. D. Rivera: Cloudy windy, cold and disagreeable weather. Heavy frost on 20th somewhat damaged the crops.

Santa Fe: U. S. Weather Bureau: Clear weather with cold nights, and heavy frost on the morning of the 29th.

Fruits, as cherries, peaches, apricots and pears were badly nipped in a few orchards, but the total damage not great. There is an abundance of irrigation water and all growing crops are making good progress. Highest temperature, 78; lowest, 29; rain, 0.01.

Teel: Hugh A. Teel: Good rains on the 18th and 19th, which will help the range and increase the water supply. The light frost on the 20th did little damage. Crops nearly all planted and growing well. Alfalfa beginning to bloom.

Watrous: M. C. Needham: Frost from Sunday to Friday, inclusive, with high, cold winds during the day. Fruit and alfalfa damaged greatly, and very discouraging to farmers and to lambing camps. Grass and water are scarce, but young stock show improvement. Highest temperature, 80; lowest, 26; no rain.

Woodbury: A. J. Woodbury: Snow squalls on the 19th. Highest temperature, 81; lowest, 26; rain, 0.09.

R. M. HARDINGE,
Section Director.

A Lesson in Health.

Healthy kidneys filter the impurities from the blood, and unless they do this good health is impossible. Foley's Kidney Cure makes sound kidneys and will positively cure all forms of kidney and bladder disease. It strengthens the whole system. Alvarado Pharmacy.

Gov. Murphy East.

Governor Murphy and family, of Arizona, are now in the east, and not likely to return until about July 1, on which date Colonel Brodie's commission as governor goes into effect. By organic act of the territory, the secretary of Arizona becomes acting governor, clothed with all the authority of chief executive. Arizona is fortunate in having at its head, though temporarily, so competent and honest an official as Governor Isaac T. Stoddard. —Prescott Courier.

Foley's Money and Tar is peculiarly adapted for asthma, bronchitis and hoarseness. Alvarado Pharmacy.

Oregon Election.

The election which will take place in Oregon on June 3 will be far more important to the country at large than any other which will occur this year until the regular congressional canvass comes in November. Oregon will not only choose a governor and other state officers and a legislature, but she will elect two members of congress. Her election will be the first of 1902, and the first since congress met last December.

Foley's Honey and Tar contains no opiates and can safely be given to children. Alvarado Pharmacy.

May Affect Whipple.

Major Irons, U. S. A., inspector general of the Department of Colorado, is again in Prescott, says the Courier. His early return here after his recent visit is supposed to have some bearing on the early rebuilding of Whipple.

When you ask for Scotch Oats, of course
You won't take a substitute.
Killed Piper on the box,
You won't take a substitute.
"Other kinds" a plenty, but
You won't take a substitute.
Perhaps he'll offer it out of a
barrel—not likely, but
You won't take a substitute.

Scotch Oats

No other food gives so much so quickly to little folks and big.

Scotch Oats makes hard muscle—good bone—firm flesh—bright eyes—clear skin. It is the only food that puts all its strength straight into the system. When you've proved that

You'll never take a substitute From any Grocer



The Erie Railroad.

Beginning on June 15th next will inaugurate a new limited train service between Chicago, New York and Boston, leaving Chicago at 10:30 every morning and arriving in New York at 3:30 the next afternoon, with a Boston sleeper reaching there the second evening. Travelers going east will find in this train everything that comfort and luxury can suggest or demand.—Pullman drawing room sleeping cars of the latest type; unequalled dining car service, with meals at popular prices; fast time over a track made perfect with rock ballast and made safe by the operation of block signal and interlocking system. If you have not seen the beautiful valleys of the Susquehanna and Delaware rivers traversed by the Erie, you have missed one of the most delightful sections of the east. Be sure your tickets read via the Erie railroad.

We Will Pay You A DOLLAR A DAY FOR LIFE!

For securing the greatest number of 51 subscriptions to PEARSON'S MAGAZINE before December 1st, 1902, besides paying for a generous commission on every order. An income of \$500 a year for life, payable in monthly or quarterly installments. This is the largest prize ever offered in the world for work which need interfere with no one's regular pursuit. Under the Life Expectancy Table (N. Y. State) it means \$15,650 to the boy or girl of 18 years; \$9,950 to the man or woman of 40; adequate provision for old age to all. PEARSON'S, though not yet three years old, has over 80,000 circulation and is the largest dollar-a-week in the magazine field. To simply show a copy and explain its merits means an order in the great majority of cases. \$1 Price, \$1.50; 10c Price, \$1.00; 40c Price, \$7.50—all in cash annuities. Ambitious workers of any age who want to get on in the world are earnestly requested to write at once to the undersigned for full particulars. Give local references. No experience required. Sample copies and subscription blanks furnished. Agents Wanted, Everywhere!

For Pearson Publishing Co.
43-45 E. 19th St., NEW YORK

C. A. HUDSON,

DEALER IN

WALL PAPER

New Styles

New Designs

THIS MEANS:

Right Styles. Right Prices.

Send your Orders and they will be promptly attended to.

C. A. HUDSON,

118 North Second Street,

Albuquerque, N. M.

PRINTING

There are different kinds, to be sure. Moreover the quality of stock on which it is done must be considered if you would create a good impression of yourself amongst your customers. You might think it would not make any difference, but if public opinion on that point was weighed you would find that it is quite a factor in drawing trade. Don't be behind the times. If you want to keep pace with civilization, you must follow customs which is naturally the greed of every man, now-a-days, who has genuine pride. The art of printing is something that few people can acquire. They may print, but the art is not present. Again, the art may be there, but the stock on which the printing is done is of the poorest quality, which entirely obliterates the art that would otherwise be apparent. Then again, the quality of ink and nicety and distinctness of color used are something that counts in bringing out beauty of art into display. The CITIZEN printing department carries nothing but the best quality of stationery, such as letter heads, note heads, bill heads, etc., as well as the finest of ink, and turns out daily evidence of the finest workmanship in the city. If you want cheap, tacky-looking printing, go to the places where you can obtain it; but if you want first-class printing, send it to The CITIZEN printing department, or telephone to us and we will call and get your order.

RULING

requires an exactness that is much admired when accomplished. If your blank books are ruled properly they will always look neat, if in the hands of a first-class book-keeper. If they are not ruled with exactness they will never look neat, even though handled by an artist in book-keeping. To be exact requires skill and patience, which is acquired by long experience and perseverance. When a person possesses it his services are in demand in any first-class bindery. The CITIZEN has a first-class bindery and therefore employs the best skill.

Bill heads, letter heads, note heads, vouchers, invoices and blanks of every description are ruled with the same skill and neatness as the finest blank book that was ever turned out. If you want such work telephone to The CITIZEN.

BINDING

is everlasting when properly done. Every business man would like to preserve his books, but he cannot do it when they are in a dozen pieces after he uses them up. He does not want them to break, neither does he want them to be tight in the fold, if so, they cause him great inconvenience. There is much in the way a book is sewed. If it is not sewed properly the breaking of a single thread will occasion an entire section of twenty pages to come out, necessitating the rebinding of the book, causing loss of time and inconvenience. If you want a good blank book you should get one with a patent flat-opening back, thereby enabling you to utilize all the space in the fold, that you would otherwise not be able to do. Then the quality of paper used is just as essential in turning out a fine book as is the workmanship. The CITIZEN carries a full stock of the finest ledger paper manufactured. When you want any kind of a fine blank book telephone to The CITIZEN and our representative will call.

Advertising

The word itself is exhilarating to a man that has a high ambition, whether socially, financially or otherwise. It is the same with a business man. He has to obtain advertising in some way before he will be successful. There are different degrees of success. The more advertising you get the greater amount of business you transact, a fact that non-advertisers admit themselves. "All things do not come unto man." He has to go after them. If he wants advertising he pays for it just the same as any commodity. You may say some men obtain advertising for nothing, but the don't. They pay for it in an indirect, if not a direct way. Thus every man pays for his share. The world owes a man a living, but he has to earn it, and if a man wants advertising he must pay for it. It is better to pay in a direct way and obtain more results than to pay in an indirect way and obtain fewer results. The direct way for a business man to advertise is to talk to the people through an advertising medium that has a place by the fireside of every home within his field for business. The CITIZEN has that place and will always have it.

If the ability of its readers to buy articles of luxury as well as articles of necessity is questioned, then forever will The CITIZEN defend them. Regarding the comparative value of morning and evening papers, it is a fact that a morning paper is before its readers but for an hour or so, while an evening paper is before the public from 5 o'clock until bedtime, and is read by men who labor all day and who have not time to read the morning papers. Therefore the superior value of an evening paper over the morning paper as an advertising medium is quite evident.

The CITIZEN is a home paper. Why? Because the residence portion of the city being not more than ten minutes' walk from the business center, the business man has ample time to read the evening paper before going to lodge or to the club, and he does so. When he has finished reading his paper it is left at home and thoroughly read by the other members of his family.

The ladies of Albuquerque read The CITIZEN, and as it contains all the news, both foreign and local, why should it not command the circulation that it does? If you want results advertise in the

The Daily Citizen

"Poor Little Mary MacLane"

When H. S. Stone & Co., the Chicago publishers, had the temerity to send out into the world "The Story of Mary MacLane," they took a long chance with the discriminating public, which in a great part of its make up is decent, and which considers the above house reputable. It may be a money maker, but it will react like a sensational newspaper story. The paper might sell for the time being, but in the future, when people began to think, there'd be little doing. This girl who "hates virtue," and loves to say rotten and unquotable things, seems to have written her so-called philosophy to get an outlet for her passions, which some people might imagine, but which no woman would say. "She is interesting," "She is puzzling," "Is she a genius?" "Is she insane?"—these are some of the headlines about the girl whose life heaves her talk, and whose book is on the market to make you gasp.

Here is a select line or two:

"Often I walk out to a place on the flat valley below the town, to flirt with Death. There is within me a latent spirit of coquetry, it appears."

"Down on the flat there is a certain deep, dark hole, with several feet of water at the bottom."

"I go there sometimes in the early evening, and kneel on the edge of it and lean over the dark pit, with my hand grasping a wooden stake that is driven into the ground near by. And I drop little stones down and hear them splash hollowly, and it sounds a long way off."

"There is something wonderfully soothing, wonderfully comforting to my untrusting, aching wooden heart in the dark mystery of this fascinating hole. Here is the end for me, if I want it—here is the ceasing, when I want it. And I lean over and smile quietly."

"No flowers," I say softly to myself, "no weeping, no senseless funeral, no oily undertaker's fussing over my woman's body, no useless Christian prayers. Nothing but this deep, dark, restful grave."

"There are several things in the world for which I, of womankind and 19 years, have conceived a forcible repugnance—or, rather, the feeling was born in me; I did not have to conceive it."

"Often my mind chants a fervent litany of its own that runs somewhat like this:

"From women and men who dispense odors of musk; from little boys with long curls; from the kind of people who call a woman's figure her 'shape'—kind devil, deliver me."

"From all sweet girls; from 'gentlemen,' from feminine men—kind devil, deliver me."

"From lisle-thread stockings; from round, tight garters; from brilliant brass belts—kind devil, deliver me."

"From insipid sweet wine; from men who wear mustaches; from the sort of people that call legs 'limbs'; from bedraggled white petticoats—kind devil, deliver me."

"Kind devil, if you are not to fetch me happiness, then slip off from your great steel key-ring a bright little key to the door of the glittering, gleaming bad things, and give it to me, and show me the way, and wish me joy."

"I would like to live about seven years of judicious badness, and then death, if you will. Nineteen years of damnable nothingness, seven years of judicious badness—and then death. A noble ambition! But might it not be worse? If not that, then nineteen years of damnable nothingness, and then death. No; when the lead is in the sky that does not appeal to me. My versatile mind turns to the seven years of judicious badness."

And later Mary declares her love. She says:

"Periodically I fall completely, madly in love with the Devil. He is so fascinating, so strong—so strong, exactly the sort of a man whom my wooden heart awaits. I would like to throw myself at his head. I would make him a dear little wife. He would love me, he would love me. I would be in raptures. And I would love him, oh, madly, madly!"

"What would you have me do, little MacLane?" the Devil would say.

"I would have you conquer me, crush me, know me, I would answer."

"What shall I say to you?" the Devil would ask.

"Say to me, 'I love you, I love you, I love you,' in strong, steel, fascinating voice. Say it to me often, always—a million times."

"What would you have me do, little MacLane?" he would say again.

"I would answer: 'Hurt me, burn me, consume me with hot love, shake me violently, embrace me hard, hard in your strong, steel arms; kiss me with wonderful, burning kisses—press your lips to mine with passion, and your soul and mine would meet them in an anguish of joy for me!'"

"I live in a house with people who affect me mostly through their tooth brushes—and those I should like, above all things, to gather up and pitch out of the bathroom window—and oh, damn them, damn them!"

"You who read this, can you understand the depth of bitterness and hatred that is contained in this for me? Perhaps you can a little, if you are a woman and have felt yourself alone."

"When I look at the six tooth brushes a fierce, lurid storm of rage and passion comes over me. 'Two heavy, leaden hands lay hold of my life and press, press, press. They strike the sick, sick, weariness to my inmost soul.'"

And now comes a note of warning from the Inter-Mountain in Butte. It avers that this Marie Bashkirtseff of the west will write another book, but the advance sheets look suspiciously like the sporting editor. They run:

"I found the Devil."

"He was sitting on a large rock overlooking the house-tops of Butte."

"He did not see me coming."

"So I found him!"

"I said to him: 'I am poor little Mary MacLane!'"

"He said: 'I am so sorry!'"

"I do not know what he meant by the remark. I do not care."

"I sat down by his side and I held fast, fast to his hand."

"It was a hot hand."

"It was hotter than my flush."

"I said: 'I have been looking for you, Devil. I have been out in the red sunset. I have been out in the

cold, cold dawn searching for you."

"He said: 'I know it!'"

"There was sadness in his voice."

"He said: 'What would you have me do?'"

"I said: 'Smother, scorch, burn, blister me with love!'"

"He stared at me and said: 'Dope!'"

"I said: 'Damn!'"

"I threw my arms around him. I drew him close. I pressed my lips to his."

"I knew I had found my happiness."

"I do not know what he had found."

"Perhaps it was his Hell!"

"We sat together. The sun hid his face."

"Who can blame the sun?"

"Into the west came the red of the sunset. My red sunset."

It's folly to suffer from that horrible plague of the night, itching piles. Doan's Ointment cures quickly and permanently. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Why Not Have a Lawn?

An exchange asks the question: "Why not have a lawn?" Have you ever owned a fine, level, well grown piece of lawn, with a green sward like velvet, thick and yielding to the feet and as bright and healthy as it is possible for it to grow? If not, you have missed one of the real pleasures of outdoor life. Just sit down and think it over. Talk with the family about it. That few rods of ground quite near the house where it could be enjoyed by members of the household. Cannot the time and a little money be spared, going to work rationally and make a lawn? Plow deeply, cultivate next season without a mite of crop. Do it once a week, spreading some well rotted manure from one to a half dozen times, thoroughly incorporating it into the soil. Level up any low spots where water might stand. If you can fix a rockery do not miss the opportunity. Then in early August, when the rains promise seed abundantly with a good mixture and watch results. It will pay many fold in happiness among your own family and an added money value to your home. A good lawn is one of the trophies of the gardener's skill.

If you are troubled with impure blood, indicated by sores, pimples, headache, etc., we would recommend Acker's Blood Elixer, which we sell under a positive guarantee. It will always cure scrofulous or syphilitic poisons and all blood diseases. 50 cents and \$1. J. H. O'Reilly & Co. and B. H. Briggs & Co.

PAST BIRTH AND DEATH.

Across the maze
Of other days
Into the distant past I gaze,
Where memory
Goes, leading me
Adown the years that used to be.

Hand clasped in hand,
At last we stand
On childhood's misty borderland,
Where life's dim dawn
Is half withdrawn
Neath shadows of oblivion.

Unsatisfied,
Our search is plied
Across pre-natal vistas wide,
And backward, back,
We trace life's track
Into a gulf, abyssal, black.

Long we explore
The seas of yore
To recognize some sunny clime,
Some isle of Time,
Round which Lethian waters chime.

The shadows life,
The clouds adrift
Are stabbed with light—a fleeting rift.
We always seem
To catch the gleam
Of life in some forgotten dream.

As when asleep,
Across the deep
Of space and time, the soul will leap
And recognize
With sweep surprise
Scenes strange unto the outward eyes

So in the heart
Some hidden part
Awakes to life with a glad start,
As on the ken
Appears again
A soul we loved but know not when.

Afar, afar
From things that are
The soul was shining like a star.
It's light was shed
Through ages dead,
Forever backward and ahead.

Above the fates,
Beyond the gates
Of birth and death, it ever waits,
Serene and free,
It's destiny
Co-equal with eternity.

The senses swim,
The world grows dim,
Then, through the songs of seraphim,
We rise and rise
Until our eyes
Behold the dawn of Paradise.

Foley's Money and Tar is peculiarly adapted for asthma, bronchitis and hoarseness. Alvarado Pharmacy.

Another Mine to Be Opened Up.
Col. John Hogan was down from his Black Mountain mining properties this week. He reports that the Hancock Mines company have set aside \$10,000, to be used in the immediate development of the Hancock mine located on

Nasal Catarrh quickly yields to treatment by Ely's Cream Balm, which is agreeably aromatic. It is received through the nostrils, cleanses and heals the whole surface over which it diffuses itself. Druggists sell the 50c. size; Trial size by mail, 10 cents. Test it and you are sure to continue the treatment.

Announcement.
To accommodate those who are partial to the use of atomizers in applying liquids into the nasal passages for relief of troubles, the proprietors prepare Cream Balm in liquid form, which will be known as Ely's Liquid Cream Balm. Price including the spraying tube is 75 cents. Druggists or by mail. The liquid form embodies the medicinal properties of the solid preparation.

the south side of Mineral hill. They will put in air compressor liner drills, etc., and extend a working tunnel that is now in 300 feet, 500 feet further. They have a very promising property, and with this money will no doubt develop a very valuable mine.—Las Cruces Republican.

Sixty Years of Popularity
is the record of Painkiller (Perry Davis'), but the shops are full of imitations made to sell upon the great reputation of the genuine; be cautious, therefore, when you ask for a bottle to see that you get the genuine. An unfailing remedy for coughs, colds, bronchitis.

Consignments of wool are pouring into the scouring mill at Carlsbad aggregating about 100,000 pounds, last week. It belonged to Julian Smith, Beckett & Daugherty, L. O. Fuller, J. A. Beckett, Cameron & Davis, Charley White, Perry Nelson, and George H. Webster, Jr.

Foley's Honey and Tar contains no opiates and can safely be given to children. Alvarado Pharmacy.

The Carlsbad Argus says: Following is the list of sales made by local stockmen through S. T. Bittling and B. C. Ash, of Pierre, South Dakota: Livingston & Dunaway, 893 head; Jones Bros., 526; Walter Thayer, 108; D. L.

Kemp, 83; Smith & Bittling, 417; Bittling & Scott, 79; T. J. Fletcher, 206; Clabe Merchant, 217; M. F. Stone, 150; W. J. Barber, estimated, 850. Total, 3,438. All were two and three year olds.

Sick headache absolutely and permanently cured by using Mokli Tea. A pleasant herb drink. Cures constipation and indigestion, makes you eat, sleep, work and happy. Satisfaction guaranteed or money back 25c and 50c. Write to W. H. Hooker & Co., Buffalo, N. Y., for free sample. J. H. O'Reilly & Co. and B. H. Briggs & Co.

A wise guy down in Texas has found he can use alfalfa hay as a substitute for bran with good results in feeding milch cows. As a test he substituted for three weeks an equal quantity, by weight of cut alfalfa hay for the bran he had been feeding. The cows gave an increased yield of both milk and butter as a result of the change to alfalfa. The alfalfa was cut to half inch lengths. We of New Mexico have known for the last thirty years that bran and alfalfa hay average very close together in their percentage of protein and carbohydrates.

We are showing the most extensive line of men's and boys' ready-to-wear clothes between Denver and Los Angeles.—Simon Stern, the Railroad Avenue Clothier.

SHIP YOUR PELTS TO
BEARRUP BROS. & CO

Wool Pullers and Tanners,

Albuquerque, New Mexico.

WE DO CUSTOM TANNING OF
HIDES, SKINS AND FURS.

First-class work done and satisfaction guaranteed
Please write us for prices.

FOREST RESERVE LANDS

FOR SALE, 25,000 acres of Forest Reserve Land in lieu of which any surveyed public lands in Southern California, Arizona or New Mexico may be selected. Will sell as a whole at a very low price.

F. A. HYDE, 415 Montgomery Street,
San Francisco, California.

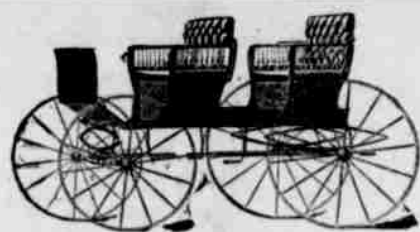
OUR

Styles are the Latest
Quality proves satisfactory
Prices prove a saving

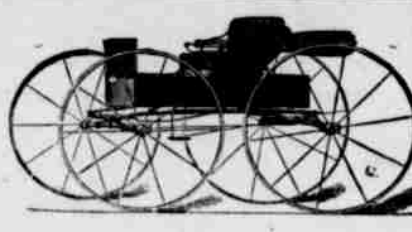
We now have a large and complete stock
of all kinds of

Carriages,
Buggies,
Phaetons,
Bike Wagons,
Road Wagons

Harness, Saddles, Lap Robes, Whips, Sun Shades, Umbrellas, English Canopy Tops and Bow Tops.
Mowers, Rakes and Plows.



Carriages from \$70.00 to \$250.00.



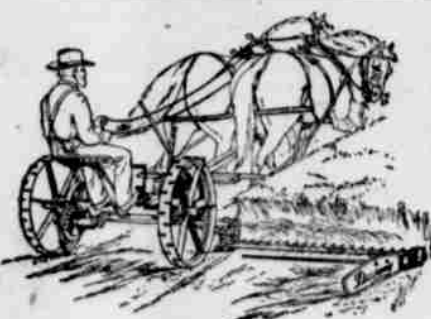
Buggies from \$57.00 to \$150.



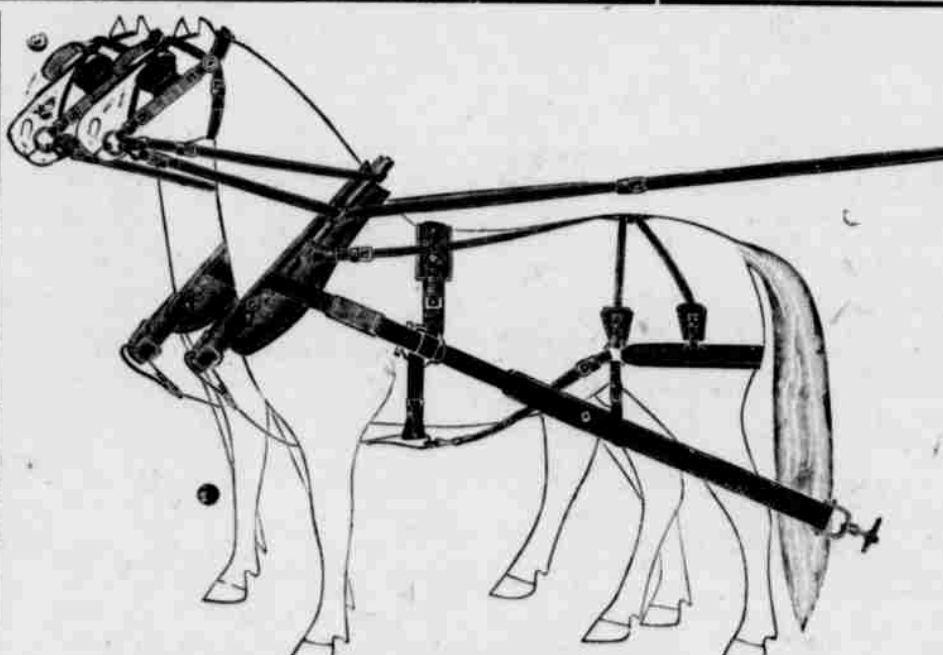
Concord and Driving Wagons from \$50.00 to \$120.00.



Road Wagons from \$40.00 to \$145.00.



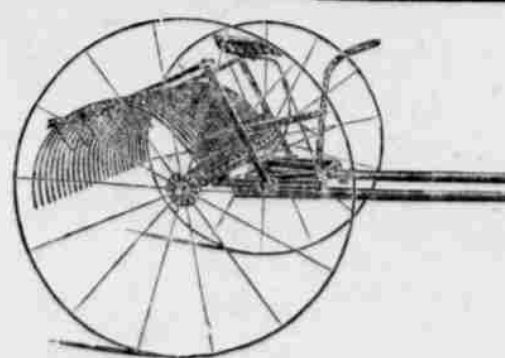
Rearing Mowers.



HARNESS FROM \$5.50 TO \$90.00



Bain, Fish and Old Hickory Farm Wagons.



Hand and Horse Dump Rakes.

We do First-class Repairing, Painting and Trimming.
Expert Horse Shoeing.

J. Korber & Co.

Corner First Street and Copper Avenue.
Albuquerque,
New Mexico.

GOOD SHORT STORIES

Learning in the Hub.

President Henry Smith Pritchett, of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, who responded to the toast, "Science," at the Columbia alumni dinner on Saturday night at Sherry's, illustrated his subject with one incident that was very much appreciated.

"Science," he said is now a word to conjure with. In a Boston school the other day a teacher said to a small boy:

"Who won the battle of New Orleans?"

"Why, Jim Corbett, of course," was the answer.

"How did that happen?" asked the teacher, not placing Corbett's name and thinking to set the boy right.

"He won," was the prompt reply, "because he had more science than the other guy."—Boston Journal.

Talked Ten Dollars' Worth.

"I remember when Judge Austin was trying a case in the criminal court," said a Milwaukee lawyer, "that he had a fellow to defend who was evidently guilty. When the time came for him to plead he rose and said he was willing to let the case go to the jury at once, believing that there was no chance for acquittal.

"He was nudged by the defendant, who said: 'For the Lord's sake say something.'

"You know you are guilty and you didn't pay me much anyway," whispered the lawyer.

"I know that," said the prisoner. "I only paid you \$10, and for goodness sake, talk \$10 worth anyway."

"Every one in the room heard that, and Judge Austin talked his \$10 worth. He cleared his man, too."—Chicago Chronicle.

Particularly Out, Ma'am.

The old colored man had grown gray in service. He had almost become the custodian of the family secrets as he was of the family silver.

The married daughter, who lived in a distant town, had come home on a visit. Callers were coming all day long, and old Pompey was kept busy opening the door and receiving the visitors.

One bright morning the ladies of the family went out for a drive. Just after they left the bell rang, and Pompey recognized in the caller a former dear girl friend of his young married mistress.

"Are the ladies in, Pompey?" said the young lady.

"No ma'am, they're out, ma'am," replied the old retainer.

"I'm sorry I've missed them," replied the visitor, handing in her card. "I particularly wanted to see Mrs. Bell."

"Yes, ma'am, thank ye, ma'am. They're all out, ma'am, and Mrs. Bell is particularly out, ma'am," was the reply that greeted her hearing as the visitor opened the gate and the front door closed.—New York Herald.

The Joke on Them Both.

President John Henry Barrows, of Oberlin college, in a recent interview, tells how Mrs. Barrows had been convinced that insurance is something more than a matter of paying premiums. Mrs. Barrows, the professor said, had scoffed so frequently at the insurance business that he permitted his insurance policies to lapse. One day however, he was persuaded by an energetic agent to take out a new policy. That very afternoon Oberlin was thrown into the greatest excitement by the appearance of clouds of smoke pouring from the windows of the president's residence. After the chemical extinguishers had done their work it was found that a whole closetful of Mrs. Barrows' best gowns had fed the flames started from an overheated chafing dish. The loss was promptly paid and Dr. Barrows said he got keen enjoyment from Mrs. Barrows' change of heart. An additional twinkle came into his heart when he read this letter:

John Henry Barrows, D. D., President Oberlin College:
Dear Sir—Inclosed find draft for \$500. We note that this policy went into effect at noon and the fire did not occur till 4 o'clock. Why this delay?—New York Mail and Express.

Tied the Wrong String.

A handsomely dressed lady, riding recently in a crowded Amsterdam avenue car, was fortunate enough to have a seat, but when nearing her destination she noticed that the lacing of her Oxford shoe was unfastened. It was but the work of a moment, but a very warm and trying moment, to stoop down and knot it securely. When this was accomplished, her hat and veil adjusted, and her veil once more carefully put on, it was time to signal the conductor. This she did, and after two vain attempts to rise looked around indignantly to find the cause of her retarded movements. She came face to face with a very irate gentleman, who had been sitting next to her.

"Madame, Madame, where are you trying to take me?" he demanded.

"I—you," she stammered.

"Yes—look there!" He pointed to the floor and in an instant she had grasped the situation. By mistake, in groping, she had found the lacing of his shoe, which she had tied to the other end of her own, and had fastened them so carefully together that it took the gentleman quite five minutes to effect a release, under the amused glances of the other occupants of the car, which had traveled twice that number of blocks before the lady was ready to give another signal.—New York Times.

RAILROAD MEN GET MARRIED

Capitan Girls Getting Married to Jelly Railroad Men.

Capitan is in the midst of a matrimonial boom and if it don't stop all the Capitan girls will be married, says the Alamogordo News.

Last Friday Engineer Robert Gibson of the El Paso-Rock Island, went up to Capitan and surprised all the boys by getting married to Miss Sarah Richards, one of Capitan's charming belles. No sooner had the ceremony been said than they returned to Alamogordo, where they will make their future home.

John Cody, another El Paso-Rock Is-

land engineer, was married to Miss Delle Stephenson, of Capitan. They took the night train to Indianapolis, Indiana, where they will spend their honeymoon among his people. Alamogordo will be their home when they return.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of C. D. St. Clair, the El Paso-Rock Island operator at Capitan, to Miss Bertna Richards on the 24th of this month. Miss Richards is a sister to Mrs. Gibson.

Brakeman T. S. Anderson of the El Paso-Rock Island has also announced to his friends that he will be married on the Fourth of July to Miss Edith Gray, of Capitan.

These are only a few, others are to follow the most excellent example set by the Rock Island boys.

Traveling Is Dangerous.

Constant motion jars the kidneys which are kept in place in the body by delicate attachments. This is the reason that travelers, trainmen, street car men, teamsters and all who drive very much suffer from kidney disease in some form. Foley's Kidney Cure strengthens the kidneys and cures all forms of kidney and bladder disease. George H. Hausan, locomotive engineer, Lima, Ohio, writes: "Constant vibration of the engine caused me a great deal of trouble with my kidneys, and I got no relief until I used Foley's Kidney Cure." Alvarado Pharmacy.

LITTLE BREECHES.

I don't go much on religion,
I never ain't had no show;
But I've got a middlin' tight grip, sir,
On the handful o' things I know.
I don't pan out on the prophets
And free-will and that sort o' thing—
But I b'lieve in God and the angels,
Ever since one night last spring.

I came into town with some turnips,
And my little Gabe came along—
No 4-year-old in the country
Could beat him for pretty and strong.
Pearl and chipper and sassy,
Always ready to swear and fight—
And I'd larnt him to chaw terbacker
Jest to keep his milk-teeth white.

The snow came down like a blanket
As I passed by Taggart's store;
I went in for a jug of molasses,
And left the team at the door.
They scared at something and started,
I heard one little squall,
And hell-to-split over the prairie
Went team, Little Breeches and all.

Hell-to-split over the prairie!
I was almost froze with skeer;
But we roused up some torches,
And searched for 'em far and near.
At last we struck horses and wagon,
Snowed under a soft white mound,
Upsot, dead beat—but of little Gabe
No hide nor hair was found.

And here all hope soured on me,
Of my fellow-critters' aid—
I jest dopped down on my marrow bones
Crotch deep in the snow and prayed.

By this, the torches was played out,
And me and Isrul Parr
Went off for some wood to a sheepfold
That he said was somewhat thar.

We found it at last, and a little shed
Where they shut up the lambs at night;
We look in to see them huddled thar,
So warm and sleepy and white;
Thar sat Little Breeches and chirped,
As pert as ever you see,
"I want a chaw of terbacker
And that's what the matter of me."

How did he get thar? Angels,
He could never have walked in that storm.
They just scooped down and toted him
To whar it was safe and warm.
And I think that saving a little child,
And bringing him to his own,
Is a derned sight better business
Than loafing around the throne.
—John Hay.

Will Cure Consumption.

A. A. Herren, Finch, Ark., writes: "Foley's Honey and Tar is the best preparation for coughs, colds and lung trouble. I know that it has cured consumption in the first stages." Alvarado Pharmacy.

The Name's Significance.

J. Pierpont Morgan, Charles M. Schwab and several friends were at Mr. Morgan's kennels looking over some of the prize hunting dogs recently before the first named gentleman sailed for Europe. Mr. Schwab fell in love with a fine looking pointer and fell in love with the dog's name.

"That dog's name is Russell Sage," said Mr. Morgan.

"And why do you call him Russell Sage?" asked Mr. Schwab.

"Because," said the great financier, "he never loses a scent."—New York Times.

Curtains! Curtains!! Curtains!!!
We are showing up to date lace curtains in Brussels net, Irish point, Arabian net, Nottingham, Bobbinet and muslin. Albert Febar, 205 Railroad avenue.

Tin, galvanized iron and copper work. Albuquerque Hardware company.

Bring in your tinware and have it repaired. Albuquerque Hardware company.

Deming water and pure ozone make strong and healthy people.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot Ease, a powder, it cures painful, smarting, nervous feet and ingrowing nails, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all drug stores and shoe stores. Don't accept any substitute. By mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package free. Address Allen S. Olmstead, Le Roy, N. Y.

BADARACCO'S SUMMER GARDEN

Just North of the City Limits.

Open day and night. Bar supplied with best of liquors and cigars and ice cold bottled beer. Ball and concert every Saturday evening, and concert every Sunday afternoon. Bowling alley free to visitors. Lunches served. Garden has swings and nice shade trees. Everybody invited and good order preserved.

Deming ships over 100,000 head of cattle annually; is the center of the greatest breeding region in the southwest and cattle men all know this.

We make the best door and window screens. They are far superior to any made in the east at the same price. Albuquerque Planing Mill company, A. T. Telephone No. 463.

Investments in Deming lots will double and treble in one year.

IT WILL BE TIME WELL INVESTED TO READ OUR ADVERTISEMENT.—ROSENWALD BROS.

Deming! Don't overlook it if you are looking for a sale and paying investment.

GUARANTEED SILK GLOVES, 50 CENTS PER PAIR.—ROSENWALD BROS.

Statehood cigars, two for 25 cents.

MONUMENTS.

All kinds of stone and marble work. Prices moderate. Shop and yard corner Fifth street and Railroad avenue. H. Q. MAURINO.

Deming will be the great smelter center. Two large plants will be installed within the year.

Notice.

The Rico Cafe serves the best meals in the city at 15 and 25 cents. Short orders, 5 cents up, 111 North First street.

Mexican drawn work in endless variety at Albert Faber's, 305 Railroad avenue.

Not That Kind.

We never try to be sensational and only know one way of doing business, and that is the legitimate way. Our price reductions on clothing are made because we are overstocked. Only this and nothing more.—Simon Stern, the Railroad Avenue Clothier.

Statehood cigars, two for 25 cents.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENT.—ROSENWALD BROS.

We are sole agent for Wheeler & Wilson sewing machines, the best on the market. Albert Faber, 305 Railroad avenue.

Deming has just been incorporated.

Overshot the Mark.

In buying our spring and summer goods this year we went too far and overbought. In order not to have too many left-overs we have made material price concessions, as indicated on the price tags in our big window.—Simon Stern, the Railroad Avenue Clothier.

Just received a large shipment of Japanese and Chinese matting. Albert Faber, 305 Railroad avenue.

Keep your eye on Deming.

FOR SALE—Old papers, 25 cents per hundred, at the Citizen office.

Statehood cigars, two for 25 cents.

In Santa Fe, eat at Bon-Ton restaurant.

Ruppe's drug store open all night, every night.

Your parcels and baggage delivered by the Parcel Delivery to any part of the city. Office 306 West Gold avenue. Automatic phone No. 202.

Subscribe for The Daily Citizen

We are showing the most extensive line of men's and boys' ready-to-wear clothes between Denver and Los Angeles.—Simon Stern, the Railroad Avenue Clothier.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

MINING ENGINEER.

V. V. CLARK.
Mining and metallurgical engineer, 106 West Gold avenue, Albuquerque, N. M. Specialties—Reports, surveys and maps; plans and reduction works; mines and mining investments; second hand mining machinery; custom assaying and analysis.

OSTEOPATHY.

Dr. Conner.
Post graduate of Dr. A. T. Still's School of Osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo. Lung trouble and all chronic diseases a specialty. Office, Whiting building, rooms 21 and 22. Automatic telephone, 164.

DENTISTS

E. J. Alger, D. D. S.
ARMJO BLOCK, over Field Brothers. Office hours: 8 a. m. to 12 p. m. 5 p. m. to 8 p. m. Automatic telephone No. 462. Appointments made by mail.

LAWYERS

Bernard S. Rodey
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Albuquerque, N. M. Prompt attention given to all business pertaining to the profession. Will practice in all courts of the territory and before the United States land office.

J. M. Bond
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, 42 F street, N. W., Washington, D. C. Patents, lands, patents, copyrights, caveats, letters patent, trade marks, claims.

William D. Lee
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Office, room 1 N. T. Armijo building. Will practice in all the courts of the territory.

R. W. D. Bryan
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Albuquerque, N. M. Office, First National Bank building.

Frank W. Clancy
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, rooms 2 and 3 N. T. Armijo building, Albuquerque, N. M.

E. W. Dobson
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Office, Cromwell block, Albuquerque, N. M.

John H. Stingle,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Cromwell block, Albuquerque, N. M.

PHYSICIANS

Dr. J. E. Bronson
Homeopathic Physician, Whiting Block, Room 17.

DR. I. SAYLIN.
Physician and Surgeon.
Office, Santa Fe Pacific hospital, Albuquerque, N. M. Private hours, 1 to 3 p. m. Hospital phones: Automatic, 117; old phone, 81.

WHAT



Is the Best Laundry in the west?

The Imperial Laundry, of course.

Do away with your tubs and suds at home. It isn't pleasant, you know that. Send your washing to us we have an up-to-date Laundry plant fully equipped and are turning out strictly first-class work. Will you join us.

Imperial Laundry Co.

213 West Silver Avenue.

Albuquerque,

New Mexico.

H. Westerfeld & Bro.

Cigar Manufacturers

Have secured a Case of Porto Rico Tobacco.

PORTO RICO Tobacco is principally used for fillers, it has a rich aroma. This fine filler will hereafter be used in the Albuquerque, Speckled Trout and La-Rosa Five cent cigars. This will unquestionably make them the best Five cent cigars sold in this market. Every box of these cigars also bear the Cigar Makers' Union Label, which certifies that they are made by good workmen and clean hands. All cigars not bearing the Blue Label are either made by Chinese or Tenement House Labor.

Outside Orders Respectfully Solicited.

H. WESTERFELD & BRO.

Cigar Manufacturers,

207 West Railroad Avenue,

Albuquerque, New Mexico.