

8-12-1899

Carlsbad Current, 08-12-1899

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THE CURRENT.

WM. H. MULLANE

Official Paper of Eddy County.

Published every Saturday at Carlsbad, N. M., and entered as 2nd class mail matter.

SATURDAY AUG 12, 1899.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
Weekly—By mail per annum \$2.00.
By mail per six months \$1.00.

The artesian well project started this week and being pushed to a successful issue by Geo. H. Webster and Mr. Tracy will do more to improve conditions in this country than any other move possible to make. While the attempt to obtain water in town near the depot was not a success, there is no doubt artesian water to be had if the district through which it finds its way is struck. The Carlsbad springs are immense natural artesian wells and are very similar to the South Spring at Roswell and should the projectors of the move happen to strike the sheet of water which evidently supplies the springs an artesian well would be certain. Artesian wells and good producers are supplying the Seven Rivers country, the Pecos country and the country around Pecos and Toyah. Artesian water is certain to be had and it is a wise move to try for it.

The continued prevalence of typhoid has caused considerable comment and some are of the opinion that the sediment and filth gathered from six or seven years' use in the standpipes and pipes through which the water supply of Carlsbad is furnished is responsible. Dr. Moehlan, who was interviewed, said that typhoid rarely appeared unless through the drinking water. Whether or not this is the case a perfect cleansing of the bottom of the standpipes and mains would be a very wise move. On the other hand the cause of typhoid is by others laid to the filthy condition of the outhouses and vaults, nearly all of which have remained in an unclean condition all season. The board of health should look into this matter and make an order compelling the digging of new vaults and the removal of all outhouses now in town; also look after the cleaning of the water system. Vaults cannot be properly disinfected by lime or any other disinfectant; for the immense quantity of filth nothing except a complete removal will answer. The use of disinfectants will answer where the vault is comparatively new.

When McKinley took his oath of office, the republican leaders prophesied that all trouble between labor and capital was at an end; that republicanism was the panacea for all the ills to which human flesh is heir and that the watch word of the American people would hereafter be "peace and contentment." These same republican leaders are to-day shaking their heads and admitting that more trusts have been formed in the last three years than in any other six years in the history of the world. They admit that strikes and labor riots have been more numerous and far more serious than ever before, and yet they call this republican prosperity. It may be republican prosperity, but it is not the people's prosperity. Next year will be the people's year, and the voice of the people will be heard. England will be granted no franchises in the United States and King Trust will bow to the law of the land.—Roswell Record.

Still Misrepresenting Mr. Bryan.

The evidences begin to multiply that the republicans recognize the fact that Mr. Bryan will be the nominee of the democracy next year for the presidency, and that in consequence they are preparing to make the same disreputable, lying and mudslinging campaign against him in 1900 that they made in 1896.

The republican press has repeatedly attempted to belittle Mr. Bryan and create the impression that he was only a selfish seeker after notoriety and cash, by charging that he demanded large sums for his addresses in towns to which he was invited. One of this kind of lies has been effectually nailed in Indiana. No less a personage than the chairman of the Indiana republican state committee put out the statement recently that Mr. Bryan was to receive \$500 for three speeches made at Greenfield, Ind., on the 27th of July. Of course such statements are designed to weaken the effect of Mr. Bryan's addresses and his own deep patriotism and fidelity to the democratic party, by making people believe that his work is of a grossly mercenary character and has no higher inspiration than the amount per speech. In the face of Mr. Bryan's denials of these mean and baseless misrepresentations, the unscrupulous press and henchmen of the republican party continue to make them.

The chairman of the Indiana republican state committee, by reason of his position, has been sharply brought to the attention of the public and convicted of a gross lie upon Mr. Bryan by the democratic district chairman and chairman of the committee of arrangements at Greenfield on the occasion of Mr. Bryan's appearance there on the 27th ult.—U. S. Jackson, a fine old democratic name

to start with, by the way.

Mr. Jackson writes to the Indianapolis Sentinel branding the republican chairman's statement as absolutely false and malicious. He declares that there was never any arrangement to pay Mr. Bryan a cent for going to Greenfield; that the great democratic champion went on the invitation of the district chairman, the county chairman and the president of the Bimetallist Democratic club of Hancock county without any other consideration than the public good, and that when he left Greenfield Mr. Bryan refused even his expenses, which the committee desired to pay.

But this is only one of many similar misrepresentations and gross and baseless cases of injustice by which it is sought to belittle the great democratic leader and weaken his hold upon the masses. They have denounced him as an anarchist, a socialist, as a demagogue, as a chronic seeker after office, as a recruit for effect during the war and a coward for resigning when the war was over. They have charged mercenary motives, selfish purposes and revolutionary intentions as actuating him in all he does or says. No really good, brilliant and patriotic citizen, as

The Journal Democrat of Albuquerque last Sunday morning contained a twenty four page write-up of New Mexico's resources. The article was illustrated, well written and a credit to the territory.

We are Not the Only People That
Keep First-Class Goods

But We Keep What the
People Want!

Rose Valley, Canadian Club, Mt. Vernon and
many other brands of first-class liquors

AT THE

CENTRAL SALOON.

KEMP & WOERNER, Proprietors.

New Mexico is 325 miles wide by 335 long on her eastern border and 390 on her western. She contains 122,450 square miles or 78,364,160 acres and consequently is as large as New York and all New England combined with nearly all of New Jersey thrown in. Her lands are classified as 1,000,000 acres desert, 14,300,000 timber and mineral, 60,000,000 agricultural and grazing.

Territorial Land Commission.

The board of territorial land commissioners met Saturday afternoon at the governor's office. Arrangements were made to secure the necessary funds for payment of fees to the register and receiver of the district in which the lands of the grants made to the different territorial institutions are located.

The commission has received 100 applications from different parts of the territory for leases of sections 10 and 26 of townships which have been reserved for school lands.

A term of lease for those sections has been drawn up and submitted to the department of the interior for the approval of the secretary.

Commissioner A. A. Kech will be in the city for some time, arranging the business of his office, and is ready to answer any and all inquiries regarding the public lands granted the territory. He is in correspondence with different western states that have received grants of public lands as to their method of doing business.

The United States land commission is in session to-day for the purpose of determining what land to place at the disposal of the territorial board. The locating agent of this commission, Engineer David M. White, is now in the southern part of the territory selecting the land for the grant to the New Mexico College of Agriculture and Mechanical Arts.—New Mexican.

A Blanket Mortgage.

The National Watchman says:

"The gold combinations hold bonds and mortgages against the nations of the earth to the amount of one hundred and fifty billions, calling for all the gold money in existence nearly forty times over."

Here is a blanket mortgage that the industry of the world must pay, principal and interest, and the live issue to be considered by the farmers, laborers and mechanics of the United States is: Shall the interest and principal be paid in 100-cent dollars or in 200-cent dollars? All of the political and military maneuvering of the gold trust which at present controls the administration of the United States, are directed to the end of securing a rich harvest of 200-cent dollars to add to the unholly accumulation of money in the vaults of London bankers. The political machinery of the republican party is being used at that end. Not content with gathering in all the profits of American industry, the gold trust designs to use the increased American army and navy to squeeze usury for London and the agents of London in Wall street from the tolling hundreds of millions in Asia and the Asiatic islands, the expense to be added upon the American taxpayers in addition to their own double burden of usury. The issue will be met next

the masses know Mr. Bryan to be, has ever been so ridiculed, maligned and misrepresented.

But he has stood through it all and is stronger than he ever was in the hearts and confidence of his countrymen. He has passed safely through the fiery furnace and, like the good men of old, has come out without a hair of his head scorched.—Houston Post.

THE JARILLAS' RICH PLACERS.

J. A. Eddy Tells the Denver People About Otero County's New Gold Fields.

The following article appeared in the Denver Times recently as an interview with General Manager J. A. Eddy on the matchless mineral resources of the Jarilla range:

"Down in the southern end of New Mexico, we've got a veritable and bonafide El Dorado—a tiny store house of gold, silver, copper, lead and other minerals which I believe will ultimately prove to be the richest spot of the Creator's footstool," enthusiastically declared J. A. Eddy at the Brown this noon. Mr. Eddy is manager of the El Paso & Northeastern Railway company and a variety of mining, townsite and improvement companies which are engaged in developing New Mexico in the hope of obtaining a boundless harvest of dollars for themselves.

This El Dorado which Mr. Eddy and his confederates, in the various companies

believe that they have brought to light, is located, in fact, consists of a little range of mountains situated about fifty miles northeast of El Paso, and called the Jarilla range. This baby range is located in a wide basin or valley, much like the Salt Lake valley, that lies between a couple of spurs of the Rockies. This range is but ten miles long and from three to four miles wide, but if one man were the owner of this comparatively small strip of territory he would be several times a Monte Cristo, Rockefeller and Vanderbilts would be small potatoes in comparison with him.

"Without question this range contains more minerals to the square foot than any other spot in the country," says Mr. Eddy. "As I have told you, gold, silver, copper and lead are there in abundance and of course we are interested in the former two. There is no need of prospecting; as soon as a man sets foot on the range the outcrop is before him. Great difficulty, of course, is just now experienced in mining, because the whole territory is a vast desert with no water at hand. It costs \$5 and \$10 to get a barrel of water on the ground. This fact will stand in the way of any such rushes as usually follow the discovery of new gold fields, but I believe that in the course of time the Jarilla gold camp will be the richest in the world."

At the present time, as I have said, the range is covered with an outcrop of gold, which, however, is not profitable. Since we alighted on the spot last fall, we have been doing a little digging, though, and we have so far taken out about 1,000 tons of ore and every ton we have shipped away has been profitable. The farther we have gone, the better the indications have been. There is wealth untold in that little range, these indications tell us, and we are going after it.

"But there is something else besides gold quartz in the mountains. Shortly before I left we found a big quantity of the galena on the south side of the range. We panned it out dry and reaped a good harvest of the yellow stuff, some of it being in bits as large as a pen or bean. On Friday before I left some of the miners were going deeper in the galena and finding it richer. I have just received a telegram telling me of an exceptionally good strike. This telegram also states that a rush is expected as soon as the news of the latest finds are received at El Paso."

"All of this looks good to me and it is on this that I base my prediction of the future of the Jarilla range. We had already named the range the Klondike, but the country down there could not very appropriately bear that name. We have, therefore, changed the nomenclature and what I believe will be the richest gold fields in Uncle Sam's domain will bear the title of Jarilla in time to come."

The El Paso & Northeastern railroad, which Mr. Eddy represents, runs but a mile and a half or two miles from the rich range. It was originally planned to reach the coal fields of the Sacramento mountains, but that has now become a minor consideration. The road, however,

it will extend a distance of 165 miles from El Paso to Fort Stanton, where the government is preparing to build a consumptive sanitarium, and for thence to the Salado coal fields. It was intended that some railroad system should build this road, but none seized the opportunity, Mr. Eddy's company was formed. Work commenced about a year ago.

The same company is branching out in other lines of development. For example, it has recently built a resort upon the top of a 9,000-foot peak of the Sacramento range. On July 4 this resort was visited by a heavy frost. In view of the rather torrid atmosphere that envelops New Mexico, this resort is expected to become very popular.

FOR SALE: Fine Stock ranch near railway. Private water right, 160 acres deeded. Good improvements, at only ten dollars per acre. Call or write.

WM. H. MULLANE,
Carlsbad N. M.

THE GRAZING LANDS.

Views of the Secretary of Agriculture on the Subject.

The proposition to allow the western states and territories the control of the public lands situated within their borders, with the privilege of leasing them to stockmen and expending the revenue derived for state improvement, is not a new one. It is, however, equitable and would vastly benefit the states availing themselves of the privilege, and it finds very general favor and endorsement among men who have given the conditions in the west any serious thought.

"The policy of leasing the grazing lands of the west by the states," Secretary Wilson of the Department of Agriculture said, "cannot but operate very beneficially to those states and would eliminate much of the trouble which the west is now having over the range question. Let the title to the land remain in the federal government by all means, but give the state the use of the lands—i. e., the money which would be derived from their rental. Most of the western states have comparatively small settled areas, and these must bear the burden of caring for the remainder of the state which is government property. It would be a very dangerous move to give the land itself to the states, because before long there would then be neither state nor government land; but if it is simply a question of the state disposing of the annual income from rentals, a proper system of expenditure would soon become established. This would practically dispose of the range question, as leases could be made for terms of years, and there would be then no conflict of right."

Nothing could more forcibly illustrate the absolute necessity for the inauguration of such a leasing system as above advocated by Secretary Wilson, nor the utter inadequacy of the present land system in the arid region, than a recent Cheyenne (Wyo.) dispatch, in which it is stated that open war is threatened on Wyoming ranges. The most strained relations exist between cattlemen and sheepmen. "Especially is this true," the dispatch says, "in Converse and Carbon counties. Near Saratoga masked cattlemen forcibly removed the sheep from certain mountain ranges, and fear is felt that open war will soon break out. Between illegal fencing and false-pretense homesteading, with corraling of water rights, the general welfare of the bona-fide stockman is being greatly damaged."

This dispatch shows the serious condition which exists to a more or less extent all over the west through the overcrowding of the ranges, and emphasizes the statement that it is time and past time for the enactment of laws which shall provide equitable riparian rights for legitimate stock raisers and do away with the dangerous controversies which now exist in every grazing section.

Outlaw Wheeler.

Last Friday El Wheeler, one of the gang who was in the train holdup at Polson and who afterwards participated in the Cimarron fight in which Sheriff Farr of Colorado, and Sam Ketchum, a follower of the notorious Black Jack, were killed and one or more of the sheriff's posse wounded—was in White Oaks. He had sent his saddle by express to this place and when the authorities discovered that he was en-route sent telegrams to White Oaks officers to arrest Wheeler and others found with him when he reached here. The telegram was delayed somewhere along the line and was received 48 hours after the gentleman presumably Mr. Wheeler had called at the express office for his saddle and was out of the way. Officers are on the look out and it is generally thought that several of the gang are somewhere in this locality and that they mean to do mischief either here or at Alamogordo. A warm receipt awaits any attempt to do mischief here, and a surprise is not likely.—White Oaks People.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY NEWS

AND THE CURRENT

At a Very Low Price
The Semi-weekly News (Garrison of Dallas) is published Tuesdays and Fridays. Each issue consists of eight pages. There are special departments for the farmers, the ladies and the boys and girls, besides a world of general news matter, illustrated articles, etc. We offer The Semi-weekly News and the CURRENT for 12 months for the low clubbing price of \$2.75 cash. This gives you three papers a week or 156 papers a year for a ridiculously low price. Hand in your subscription at once.

Receivers Sale.

Pursuant to an order made by Hon. Frank W. Parker, judge of the district court of the third judicial district of the territory of New Mexico in the absence of Hon. Chas. A. Leand, judge of the fifth judicial district, I will sell for cash to the highest bidder at public auction in front of the court house at Carlsbad, (formerly Eddy) New Mexico, on Monday, the 21st day of August, 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., the remaining assets of the First National Bank of Eddy, New Mexico. A bundle of assets will be furnished by applying to the receiver.

J. W. ROGERS,
Eddy, N. M.
Receiver of the First National Bank of Eddy, N. M.

Freeman & Cameron,
attorneys for receiver.

NOTICE.

We control between 300 and 400 resident lots in Eddy and we hereby give notice that on July 1st next we will increase the price on same from 50 to 100 per cent. The time to buy is NOW.

McLENATHEN & TRACY,
Real Estate Agents.

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in connection. Accommoda-
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teed.

Eddy Lodge No. 21, K. of P.



Meets every Thursday
evening at 7:30 o'clock.
All visitors are welcome.
JOHN BOLTON, C. C.

**JOHN FRANKLIN
ATTORNEY AT LAW.**

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Calls answered promptly day or night.
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**MASONIC—Eddy Lodge No. 21,
K. of P. & A. M.—Meets in
regular communication at 7:30
p. m. 2nd Saturday of each
month. Visiting brethren in-
vited to attend. S. L. ROBERTS,
W. M.
A. N. PRATT, Secy.**



**I. O. O. F. Eddy
Lodge No. 21, meets every
Friday evening in
Masonic hall. Visiting brothers in good
standing cordially welcome.
250 S. McEwan, Secy.**



**Eddy Camp Woodmen of the World.
Meets in the City Hall the second and
fourth Tuesday night of each month.
JOHN L. ASHL, C. C.**



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Paper Hanger.**

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THE DREYFUS TRIAL

Rehearing of the Celebrated Case
Now in Progress.

POPULATION ARE INDIFFERENT.

Prisoner Sat Facing the Judge With His Hands
Resting on His Knees, an Im-
passable Figure.

Rennes, Aug. 8.—The proceedings of the court-martial before which Capt. Dreyfus is on trial opened at ten minutes past 7 o'clock yesterday morning. Capt. Dreyfus entered the courtroom with a firm step, though his features were pallid. He is partly bald and what hair he has is gray and close-cropped.

He answered the formal questions of the judges as to his name, age, etc., in a clear, determined voice. He sat facing the judges with his hands resting on his knees, an impassable figure. The trial opened, so far as Rennes is concerned, in an atmosphere of perfect tranquility. The population is apparently indifferent. Only a small crowd, at the most fifty persons, had gathered outside the entrance to the Lycee by 6 o'clock. A majority of these were journalists. The prefect of police and chief of the secret police, Viguer, arrived just before 6 and began the superintendence of police measures.

At this time only half a dozen of gendarmes were visible. They were stationed at the portal of the Lycee, and inside the garden in front of the Lycee, which is separate from the sidewalk of the Avenue de la Gare by a high iron railing, which no one was allowed to pass until Dreyfus had been transferred from the military prison to the room within the Lycee building where he was to await the moment when he should be summoned to enter the courtroom.

Strong detachments of gendarmes, on foot and mounted, began to arrive at 6 o'clock and took up their positions in the side streets around the Lycee. At 8:15 the prefect of police gave the order to close the Avenue de la Gare for 300 yards in front of the Lycee and also all the by-streets leading to the Lycee. The gendarmes were immediately drawn up along the Avenue de la Gare in front of the Lycee and the space in front of the Lycee was cleared of all spectators. A detachment of infantry was drawn across the Avenue in two double lines, leaving between them a passage for Capt. Dreyfus across the Avenue from the military prison to the entrance to the Lycee.

The crowd, which by that time had increased to a few hundred, were kept by the gendarmes at a distance of 100 yards on either side of this passage. Capt. Dreyfus emerged from the military prison under escort of a lieutenant and four gendarmes. He crossed the railway quickly and disappeared within the Lycee, the heading of soldiers hiding him from view.

The principal personages in the trial arrived between 6:30 and 7 o'clock. The generals passed with hardly a cheer from the spectators.

Garrison Detachment.

New York, Aug. 8.—The government transport McClellan arrived at this island yesterday with another detachment of the garrison of Fort Monroe. There were 200 men and officers in the detachment. They landed at the government pier and at once went to the new quarters.

Cuban Tobacco.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 8.—"More than \$7,000,000 of English capital has been invested in Cuban tobacco. English firms control the Cuban market and the American importers of Havana tobacco will hereafter have to look to the English for their goods."

James Grantham of London, a representative of English capitalists, who was in Chicago yesterday on his way to the Pacific coast, is authority for the foregoing statement. He has been in Cuba and has just returned from there. Comparatively recent investments of English capital in Porto Rico and Cuba is estimated by him at \$30,000,000. He said:

"It is only a matter of a few years until English capital will absolutely control the Cuban and Porto Rican commercial centers. The Cubans prefer to trade with the English to any other nationality because they speak Spanish and the English houses grant from sixty to ninety days' time on transactions and also show samples of goods."

Found Unconscious.

New York, Aug. 8.—Mrs. Annie Kronmann was found by her husband in their home on Eight avenue last night unconscious with two five-inch gashes in the back of her head. Beside her on the floor lay a bloody hatchet. The flat was in perfect order and Mrs. Kronmann's jewelry, valued at several thousand dollars, had not been disturbed. There was no evidence of a struggle. The woman had evidently been struck down while passing through the private hallway.

Gen. Jimenez.

Havana, Aug. 8.—Gen. Juan Isidro Jimenez, who was interviewed yesterday, said he was in daily receipt of about twenty-five cablegrams from Santo Domingo, where all was going well. To the interviewer he exhibited a letter which he said was from a person of influence, advising him not to risk participation in an expedition, as the result was assured and was only a matter of time. According to the writer, if anything happened to Jimenez, the people of Santo Domingo would regard it as a great loss, inasmuch as their ideals and hopes regarding good government were bound up in him. Moreover, the present system needed a man in some respects like Heureux, whereas the present executive, Figueroa, though trying to work on the lines followed by Heureux, was mean, unpopular and incapable of carrying on the administration with the necessary vigor. Gen. Jimenez said he could not leave Havana at present, as he must have a headquarters from which to send orders and at which to receive news, but when all was assured he would go. He remarked that he counted on a majority of four-fifths, and talked in a very confident strain, expressing himself as hopeful of complete success. He asserted that he had received offers of assistance from many Cubans.

Island of Palawan.

Washington, Aug. 8.—The island of Palawan, the scene of the brush with the Moros, detailed in Admiral Watson's dispatch, is situated southeast of the island of Palawan, which is the most westerly of the Philippine islands and directly west of the island of Panay. The light there, which was re-established by Lieut. Commander Naxos, shows for twenty-five miles and is regarded as of considerable importance to navigation, being in direct line between Singapore and the Straits settlements and the island to the north.

The island is twenty-two miles long, and according to information in the possession of the department has but a population of 1100. These are described in Admiral Watson's dispatch as Moros, the name applied to the fierce natives of the Sulu group. They are Mohammedans, and are regarded as the most warlike people in the Philippines. The capital, Balabac, has a population of 200. The Spanish government established a military post there in 1857. It consists of a barracks, a hospital and an armed fort. The Manila, the vessel described in the dispatch, is a captured transport. A landing force there to guard the light, and that the Charleston, which is on its way there, will see that the landing party receives such reinforcements as may be deemed necessary.

Admiral in Guatemala.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 8.—The steamer San Jose arrived from Panama and way points yesterday. According to advices received by the vessel, the situation in Guatemala is not so satisfactory as reported and a comparatively peaceful state of affairs exists. The government has not been unsuccessfully unjust in dealing with political offenders and, though the country is in bad shape financially, there is every reason to suppose that a continuation of peace will adjust matters.

There has been over 100 applications for Confederate pensions in Franklin county.

Deaths Field Officer.

New York, Aug. 8.—A visitor to the local assembly was Director of the Mial G. E. Rogers, who made some interesting comments on the Australian gold imports.

He estimated the output of Australia for the present year at \$10,000,000 in excess of that for 1900. On the subject of Australian gold he said:

"Australia will doubtless continue to have trade obligations to settle with England. Since the prospects point to a continuance of the balance of trade between this country and Europe being in our favor, it is my opinion that England will go right along sending us consignments of Australian gold direct."

"We shall have all the gold we need. Our position is that of a creditor, but if other countries are willing to make it worth our while we may make other terms."

W. R. Dunkinson lost his life while in bathing at Galveston.

Havana News.

Havana, Aug. 8.—The Cuban general Roman, who had a command under Gen. Maximo Gomez, presented a letter from the latter to Gov. Brooke, urging that if possible he be given \$200 from the insular funds on the ground that he had rendered valuable services during the revolution. Gen. Brooke decided that there were no funds that could be properly applied to this way and sent word accordingly to Gen. Gomez.

GEN. JUAN JIMENEZ

Says the People of San Domingo Want Him to Be President.

1000 MEN WAITING FOR HIM.

He Desires to Be on Friendly Terms With the United States Government and Expects American Sympathy.

Havana, Aug. 8.—Gen. Juan Jimenez, when his attention was called yesterday to a cable summary of an alleged declaration made by him here recently and published in the United States to the effect that he was about to proceed to the United States to organize an expedition against the existing government of San Domingo, replied that he had not made the statement attributed to him. He went on to say that it was quite unnecessary for him to proclaim himself hostile to the present government as it could not possibly last beyond the 15th of this month.

"I did hear," he continued, "that Heureux was sending men to Cuba to kill me, but I knew nothing whatever regarding the plot to kill me. I had no connection and have no connection with Roman Caceres, who did the shooting."

"I do not believe that the United States will interfere with my government in San Domingo, which will be a government popular and helpful to all, for the United States did not interfere with the government of Heureux, who robbed and murdered for fourteen years."

Gen. Jimenez admits that he has often been in the United States incognito, but says he has not had interviews with official persons. He considers that there is no need of promoting expeditions to land in San Domingo, as there already are 1000 men waiting for him to force which he deems sufficient for his purposes.

Referring to the future relations of San Domingo with the United States, he expressed a desire to be on friendly terms with Washington and said he believed he could count on American sympathy. Gomez he referred to as esteemed by all classes of Dominicans but not sought for as president. The people of San Domingo, he declared, are impetuous and are urging him to come to them at once, but for a time he preferred delay as "each day is worth a battle won."

The Italian Lynching.

Washington, Aug. 8.—Count Vinchi, the Italian charge, called at the state department yesterday to compare notes with Acting Secretary Adee respecting the inquiry into the killing of the five Italians at Tallulah, La. The governor has stated that the jury of the parish in which Tallulah is situated will meet next week, and it is expected that the killing will be taken up by that body immediately if the district attorney finds the report prepared by the sheriff sufficient to make out a prima facie case against the perpetrators of the killing.

Count Vinchi has not yet received the report of Marquis Domino, who was sent to Louisiana to make a personal inquiry into the lynchings, though the marquis has sent a brief dispatch saying he has completed his inquiry at Vicksburg, near the scene of the lynching, and has secured convincing proofs that the five victims were Italian citizens.

Naval from a Mob.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 8.—It became known yesterday that Gov. Candler of this state made a personal trip to Newnan, a town sixty miles south of this city to save the life of the negro assassin, John Mullins, charged with an assault upon Mrs. Cook, near Seneca, Ga., Wednesday. Gov. Candler left the executive mansion at 4 o'clock Thursday morning, boarding the first train that arrived and was at the public jail of Coweta county an hour after daybreak. He took command of the Newnan guards a company of the state militia, which had been guarding the jail during the night from a mob, and directed the sheriff to take his prisoner at once to Atlanta for safe keeping. The greatest excitement prevailed in the town during the night and Sheriff Brown fearing an attack from the mob telephoned Gov. Candler several times for instructions. The mob was successfully avoided and the prisoner lodged in Fulton county jail at Atlanta.

Situation at Vera Cruz.

New York, Aug. 8.—United States Consul Wm. W. Canada, who is stationed at Vera Cruz, Mexico, arrived here yesterday on the Ward line steamer Vigilance. Mr. Canada said at the time of his departure yellow fever was abating at Vera Cruz. There had been seventy-eight deaths from this disease in the last week of June and only seventy-eight deaths in the last week in July. Every precaution is taken to prevent the spread of the disease.

Did Much Damage.

River Junction, Fla., Aug. 8.—The most disastrous cyclone that ever visited this section of Florida completely annihilated Carrabelle, McIntyre and Lanark, south of here Thursday. At Carrabelle only nine houses remain of the once beautiful and prosperous town. Communications from the mayor state that 200 families are without homes or shelter and many are completely destitute.

Of McIntyre only two mill boilers mark the site of the town. Lanark Inn, the famous summer resort, was blown into the gulf.

The Carrabelle, Tallahassee and Georgia railroad is washed away for a distance of thirty miles. A passenger train was blown from the track more than 100 yards. Many passengers were injured, but their names are unobtainable. Mary Williams, colored, was killed at Carrabelle. Numerous others had legs and arms broken. Daniel Neal of Apalachicola had his back broken and is not expected to recover.

No fatalities are reported from McIntyre and Lanark.

Fifteen ships lying in anchor at Dog Island cove and upper anchorage are now high and dry on St. George's and Dog Island. Twelve were loaded with lumber and ready for sea. Nothing remains to them but a mass of wreckage. When the Italian bark Cortesia struck she split half in two from stem to stern. The names of the ships blown on the island, and which are total wrecks, are as follows:

Norwegian bark Runavalo, Edvardsen, master; Vale, Andersen, master; Jafnor, Tygesen, master; Hlyndo, Madsen, master; Elisabeth, Pedersen, master. Russian bark Latara, Krantman, master. American schooner Benjamin C. Cromwell, McLean, master; Mary E. Morse, Densmore, master; Grace Andrews, Brown, master; Warren Adams, Gibbons, master; James A. Garfield, Cottingham, master; bark Violette, Waldron, master. Italian bark Cortesia, fishing smack, Albert Heley.

Three pilot boats and steamers Olla and Capitola and forty boats under twenty tons were lost. Six lumber lighters, loaded, are gone. Not one of the entire fleet can be saved. Five unidentified bodies were recovered yesterday, supposed to be sailors.

Tug boats have gone from here to the scene of the wreckage and all possible aid is being given.

Fifty destitute sailors were brought here yesterday and are being cared for. A mass meeting of citizens was held here last night and all possible aid will be given the Carrabelle destitute. One million dollars will not cover the loss. The insurance is small.

Bryan on "Pending Problems."

Ludington, Mich., Aug. 8.—Six thousand people were on the Epworth assembly grounds yesterday when Col. W. J. Bryan delivered his address on "Pending Problems." His first propositions argued related to the religious and moral principles underlying his political philosophy, equal taxation, the money question, anti-trust and anti-imperialism arguments following. Later Col. Bryan left by steamer for Manitowish, Wis.

A boat which was being used to convey sailors to a warship at Budapest was capsized and five of the men were drowned.

Vice President Hobart will visit President McKinley at Lake Champlain.

The French ambassador, M. Cambon, has left for Europe on a four months' visit.

Stained Cars.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 8.—In addition to the attempt to blow up a Jennings avenue car on the south side Thursday night, reports received at police headquarters show that the cars were stained in various parts of the city, although so far as learned, no one was injured.

On Pearl street, near Myers avenue, a shower of heavy stones fell upon a Brooklyn car No. 28, smashing the windows and otherwise damaging the car. The conductor promptly drew his revolver and fired five shots in the direction from which the stones were thrown.

Charles C. Trieste, a barber, was the first man to be placed under arrest for taking part in the boycott. The warrant, which charged violation of the statutory rights law, was sworn out by Patrolman Isaacs, who alleges that the barber refused to shave him because he had ridden on Big Consolidated cars. The case was continued to Aug. 7. Trieste is out on bail.

Interesting Conference.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 8.—Interesting departmental conference yesterday occupied the attention of the delegates to the Young People's Christian Union convention during the forenoon session of the second day of the convention. Five conferences relating to the work of as many departments were held in various churches in the Oakland, Bellefield and Shadydale districts, beginning at 9:45 a. m.

FORCES ENLARGED

Troops Sent to the Pacific Coast Depot of British Army and Navy.

GARRISON HAS LEFT ENGLAND.

The First Squad of Soldiers to Arrive Will Consist of Three Hundred and Twenty Officers and Men.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 7.—A special from Victoria, B. C., says:

The Imperial government and the Dominion authorities have decided to increase both the regular military and militia forces on this station, the Pacific coast depot of the British army and navy. Coming at a time when the relations between Canada and the United States are acknowledged by Premier Laurier to be rather strained over the Alaskan boundary question, it looks as if Britain and Canada were determined to assert their claim to this portion of Alaska demanded by Canada by force of arms, if necessary.

Be this as it may, the garrison is to be at once greatly increased. The barracks on MacAuley Point, where the big forts are situated, which, with their long enough disappearing guns, command the entrance to the straits of San Juan de Fuca will soon be the home of more than treble the number of engineers, marine artillery, sappers and other united service men than are now quartered there.

Some of the garrison has left England and others will come out in big squads within the next few months via Halifax and the Canadian Pacific railway. The first squad of troops to come will number 320 officers and men, and the present accommodation being too small to house them, much larger barracks will be at once erected. The cost of the new military post, half of which is to be borne by the Dominion government and half by the British authorities, will be \$25,000, or about \$125,000. It is also said the naval forces will be increased by the addition of a depot ship, the *Camperdown*, which will be sent out from Chatham in September. The warship, with the new admiral, is due from England in two weeks, hence.

Illicit Distillery Raided.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Aug. 7.—United States revenue officers Saturday night raided two illicit distilleries operated within three miles of Chickamauga park. Both establishments did a fine office business last year for selling whisky to soldiers at Chickamauga park and had defied arrest, the soldiers aiding the moonshiners in keeping the officers off the track. Both stills were in active operations when raided.

The first distillery raided was conducted by Moses Long, who peddled chickens between his home and Chattanooga. The still was of copper, 100 gallons of beer and thirty gallons of low wine were found and destroyed. The second still was about a mile away and operated by G. W. Lanham. It was about the same size of the other and about the same amount of beer and wine was found and destroyed. Lanham escaped.

The first bale of new cotton of Navarro county has been received at Corsicana.

Dewey at Naples.

Naples, Aug. 7.—Lewis M. Iddings, secretary of the United States embassy, and Mrs. Iddings, who arrived here Saturday for the purpose of welcoming Admiral Dewey, gave a banquet yesterday evening at the Hotel Royal. The room was richly decorated with flowers and hung with American and Italian flags.

The eighteen guests included Lieut. Gen. G. Boglio of the twentieth (Raglan) military division; Vice Admiral Gonnella, commander in chief of the Naples maritime department; the prefect of police of Naples, Capt. Beniamino P. Lambertoni and four officers of the Olympic; E. O. Parsons, secretary of the embassy; the British ambassador, Lord Curzon, and his wife; the Italian ambassador, Count di San Giuliano, and his wife; the French ambassador, M. Cambon, and his wife; the German ambassador, M. von Holnstein, and his wife; the Austrian ambassador, M. von Tschirsky, and his wife; the Spanish ambassador, M. de Alencar, and his wife; the Portuguese ambassador, M. de Almeida, and his wife; the Greek ambassador, M. de Zorzi, and his wife; the Russian ambassador, M. de Selys-Longchamps, and his wife; the Serbian ambassador, M. de Petrovic, and his wife; the Montenegrin ambassador, M. de Vukobratovic, and his wife; the Bulgarian ambassador, M. de Stamboloff, and his wife; the Rumanian ambassador, M. de Szebeny, and his wife; the Hungarian ambassador, M. de Szegedy-Masfay, and his wife; the Czech ambassador, M. de Selys-Longchamps, and his wife; the Slovak ambassador, M. de Selys-Longchamps, and his wife; the Polish ambassador, M. de Selys-Longchamps, and his wife; the Lithuanian ambassador, M. de Selys-Longchamps, and his wife; the Latvian ambassador, M. de Selys-Longchamps, and his wife; the Estonian ambassador, M. de Selys-Longchamps, and his wife; the Finnish ambassador, M. de Selys-Longchamps, and his wife; the Swedish ambassador, M. de Selys-Longchamps, and his wife; the Norwegian ambassador, M. de Selys-Longchamps, and his wife; the Danish ambassador, M. de Selys-Longchamps, and his wife; the German ambassador, M. de Selys-Longchamps, and his wife; the Austrian ambassador, M. de Selys-Longchamps, and his wife; the Italian ambassador, M. de Selys-Longchamps, and his wife; the French ambassador, M. de Selys-Longchamps, and his wife; the British ambassador, M. de Selys-Longchamps, and his wife; the United States ambassador, M. de Selys-Longchamps, and his wife.

Mr. Iddings toasted King Humbert, President McKinley and Admiral Dewey. There were no set speeches.

Arrived from Cuba.

New York, Aug. 7.—The United States transport Buford, Capt. Matens, arrived in quarantine yesterday from Cienfuegos and Havana. Among those on board were Maj. L. C. Brown, W. R. Granam and E. Wood, Lieut. Fitzhugh Lee, Jr., and nineteen other passengers. There were also sixty discharged soldiers, fifty-one employees, twenty-nine indigent American citizens, eight soldiers on furlough, fifty-one soldiers and six discharged soldiers en route from Matanzas to New York.

A Sad Accident.

Bridgeport, Conn., Aug. 7.—Near forty persons were killed by an accident on the Stratford extension of the Shelton Street Railway company, at 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon, when a loaded trolley car went off the trestle over Peck's mill pond at Oronoque, about six miles north of Bridgeport, and sank in the flats forty feet below. Thus far thirty-six people are known to be dead, and several more injured.

The identified are as follows: James Hotchkiss, Bridgeport, engineer of the department; Henry C. Cogswell, Bridgeport, employee of New York, New Haven and Hartford road, member of board of education; Orlando D. Wells, shoemaker; Selectman Elias E. Bradley and wife, Milford; William Osborn, Stratford; Daniel Gavin, Ansonia; Conductor John Carroll, Bridgeport; S. B. Banks, Shelton; Mrs. McDonald, Bridgeport; Winton Lanthorn, Motor-man, Bridgeport Traction company; Beesie Toomey, Bridgeport; Mrs. J. H. Ruggie, Stratford; Mrs. Frank Blew and two children, boy aged 8 and girl aged 5, Stratford; William McCullough, Stratford; Mrs. Arthur Holmes, Bridgeport; Thomas McNally, identify unknown as positive, Bridgeport; Peter Ring, Bridgeport; Pat McDermott, Bridgeport; Frank Kraft, Bridgeport; Mrs. Patrick Brennan, Bridgeport; Alfred Pitt, Bridgeport; William Cotter, identification not positive, Bridgeport; Irving Foruse, Bridgeport; Mrs. William H. Harvey, Bridgeport; John Galvin, 22, Ansonia.

Among the seriously injured at the Bridgeport hospital are: Margaret Brennan, scalp wound; Mrs. Sydney A. Pitt, Bridgeport, right leg fractured twice; Margaret Parrell right leg amputated above knee will probably die; George Hamilton scalp wound, injury to leg; Frank Kraft, Bridgeport, injuries about head and back; Arthur Holmes, Bridgeport, contusion about the body, left leg crushed; Fred Miller, scalp wound, bruised about the body; Matthew Olin, scalp wound, cut and bruised generally; William Kelly, Bridgeport, sprained arm; Mabel Ruggie, aged 5, arm broken; Charles Pelusay, New York stock broker, injured internally; Margaret Farrell, New York.

Only two persons are known to have escaped unharmed.

It is believed that there were forty-three passengers on the car, but the indicator was removed by a conductor of Uncle Calope, or C. H. Smith, as we at present it is unable to state accurately the number.

The scene between Shell car was near Shelton. It was among Hamilton of by jumping.

Constable Shot.

London, Ky., Aug. 7.—News has just been received here from a remote part of Leslie county of the killing of a constable by his prisoner. Last Thursday Jim Beltzer went to the head of Middlefork and placed under arrest a man named Howard, from Harlan county. The two proceeded some distance when Beltzer stopped and entered a house leaving Howard outside. As Beltzer was returning and stepped in the doorway Howard drew a 45 Colt's, fired and shot him through the head, causing instant death. Howard made his escape and up to Saturday has been apprehended.

The bubonic plague has made its appearance at Calcutta.

Coal Combine.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 7.—Whitcomb Stephenson, who have been financing the big river coal combine which is known as the Monongahela River Consolidated Coal and Coke company have completed the allotment of stock according to the subscriptions received. The stock was oversubscribed \$1,500,000. The first payment of stock holders on par preferred stock is payable at the Union Trust company's office, this city, on Aug. 1. The remaining 90 per cent is payable on Sept. All properties will be finally transferred on Oct. 31. Securities of the company will be \$10,000,000 preferred stock, 7 per cent will pay \$20,000,000 common stock a \$10,000,000 fifty-year gold bonds bearing 6 per cent interest. After the first payment on subscriptions has been made officers will be elected, when it is considered certain that John B. Finch will be chosen president.

Mrs. Pickens Ill.

Augusta, Ga., Aug. 7.—Mrs. I. H. Pickens, relict of South Carolina's governor and at one time minister to Russia, is lying critically ill at her home at Edgewood, near Edgefield, S. C. She is suffering from paralysis. Mrs. Pickens has been previously identified with Mount Vernon home of Washington, since her under the fostering care of a womanhood. She is one of the noted women in the history of the south.

Artsbad Current.

Wm. H. MULLANE, Publisher.

ARTSBAD, N. M.

EVENTS OF EVERYWHERE

John Klein was stabbed at Dermott, Ark.

Isaac Blum, a broker, was injured by train at Dobbs Ferry.

The United States cruiser Olympia was started for Naples.

Durant, I. T., quarantined against taddo, I. T., on account of smallpox.

Capt. Frank H. Mills, U. S. A., re- died at Fort Leavenworth, Kan.

Sir James Edgar, speaker of the house of commons, died at Toronto, Kan.

Hon. Frank Coaseen, a prominent citizen of the Cherokee Nation, is dead.

A large number of cattle died around McCloud, O. T., of a disease that is puzzling the owners.

The Dixon-Santry boxing contest has been indefinitely postponed owing to police interference.

It is reported that quantities of military supplies are arriving at Pietermaritzburg, capital of Natal, South Africa, daily.

At Denver, Col., news has been received of a cloudburst in the canyon near Morrison, Col., by which several lives were lost.

The committee appointed to select a place for holding the reunion of Roosevelt's rough riders next year has chosen Oklahoma City.

The plant of the Little Rock Cooperage company in North Little Rock was destroyed by fire. Loss about \$13,000. Insurance not known.

Mr. Philip Mansfield, who was mayor of Northampton in 1892, and who represented Northampton in parliament as a Liberal from 1895 to 1896, is dead, aged 80.

D. H. McGowan & Co., West Indian merchants, who have an establishment at Demerara, have been declared bankrupt. Their liabilities are 75,000 pounds sterling.

Dr. A. L. Lee and Odeon Kratzer of Toledo, O., who left for the Klondike, were both drowned at Cook's Inlet, together with twenty others. Details of the accident have not been received.

It is official from Panama that a number of outbreaks of a 45 have re-

minent phy- founders of line of Kansas

son for new years dean of the faculty, died on the street from an overdose of chloral taken at his office.

Dr. W. W. Parker died at his residence at Richmond, Va., aged 75. During the civil war he commanded the celebrated Parker battery of the confederate service. He was captain, surgeon and captain of his battery.

Wm. B. St. Clair, an old-time editor and publisher, died at Chicago, Ill. He was at different times connected with newspapers in different parts of the country and was the founder of the first penny paper in San Francisco. Of years he has been living in Louisiana where he built the town of Hapoda.

R. Moses, the chairman of the executive committee of the trans-Mississippi commercial congress, and Secretary Thomas Richardson of Houston, met at Wichita, Kan., with the officers of the congress, and it is decided to hold the next congress Houston, Tex., on April 17 to 21 st.

It has become known that an armed surrection has broken out at La Oca, a town twenty-eight miles southwest of San Domingo, Haiti, in favor of Jimenez, who aspires to the presidency in succession to the late resident Henreux.

The Mexican Lead company, with an authorized capital of \$7,000,000, was incorporated at Trenton, N. J., to operate lead and other mines in the republic of Mexico. The capital stock is up- and of \$1,250,000 preferred, and \$5, 0,000 common stock.

A threshing machine engine exploded near Big Prairie, Mich., and Charles Haight, Alpha Haight, Charles Crabree, George Overly, Cecil Priest and Raymond Howe were killed. Oscar Evans and George Haight were badly injured.

The Dawes commission will hold a session at Mariashorne, for the purpose of taking a census of the Choctaw Indians living in Gaines county, after which they will move to South McAlester, where they will complete the rolls.

Eighty district Democratic con- at Fulton, Mo., nominated Jay W. Whackelford of for congress to fill the vac- by the death of Richard Four hundred and eighty- taken.

AGUINALDO MAKES

An Appeal to Foreign Powers for Recognition of Filipino Independence.

A DOCUMENT HAS BEEN RECEIVED

By all the Foreign Consuls at Manila With a Request that They Forward It to Their Government.

Manila, Aug. 9.—Aguinaldo has appealed to the powers for recognition of "Filipino Independence," in a document dated Tarlac, July 27, and signed by Buencamino. It has been received by all the foreign consuls in Manila with the request that they forward it to their governments. The Filipinos use their old argument that they have conquered the sovereignty of these islands from Spain before signing of the treaty of Paris, and before Spain was in any position to cede them to the United States. They argue that the possession of 7000 Spanish prisoners captured with their arms fighting against the Filipinos "is eloquent proof of the nullity of the Spanish sovereignty, at which they surrendered Spain's hold was irrevocably lost."

The document says: "Replying to the Spanish commissioner's request to release the prisoners because Spain no longer has political interests in the island, we asked for a treaty of peace and friendship between Spain and the Filipinos whereby the prisoners would be released. But the commissioners refused because it would mean recognition of our independence. This is equivalent to saying that the prisoners must stay in our hands indefinitely because their possession is our most efficacious method to adjust our act with Spain and obtain from her recognition of our independence."

The Filipinos claim that they conquered all the country except Manila and that they co-operated in securing the latter's capitulation by surrounding it at a cost of thousands of lives. They also claim they conquered the country unassisted except for sixty guns that Admiral Dewey gave Aguinaldo and that Admiral Dewey and the British and Belgian consuls recognized the Filipinos' sovereignty by asking for passes to visit the country.

They repeat the claim that they have letters from American consuls and generals recognizing their sovereignty and promising that the Americans would recognize their independence, which were at the disposition of the powers.

The Filipinos attempt to make capital of the statement that Admiral Dewey had such confidence that Aguinaldo would serve and fulfill the rules of war that he gave him 100 Spanish prisoners which the American navy had captured.

Finally the Filipinos appeal to the powers to influence Washington to bring to a termination "the unjust war which is devastating the country."

Declined in His Favor.

Havana, Aug. 9.—Gen. Juan Isidor Jimenez, the aspirant to the presidency of Dominica, says that several of the Dominican generals have already declared in his favor, in spite of his advice to them to delay definite action. He denies that the Dominican government has 3700 troops under arms, and asserts that the present executive will not be able to make an effective resistance, owing to the scarcity of resources and sympathizers.

Had a Narrow Escape.

Havana, Aug. 9.—Manzano who was the Spanish inspector of police here during the war, on landing recently upon his return from Spain, was recognized by the son of a Cuban who was sent to the Isle of Pines, the Spanish penal settlement off the south coast of the island, owing to information given by Manzano. A crowd formed rapidly, crying "Lynch him," but the man was rescued by the police. It is said that he and his father were responsible for the execution of twenty Cubans and the banishment of twenty others. Their very names are hated by the people. They had a reputation as forgers of letters intended to incriminate persons possessed of property which the Spanish authorities desired to confiscate.

On Sunday Manzano had another narrow escape from lynching at Guanabacoa and was forced to leave there hurriedly.

The Savannah, Ga., Benevolent association sent \$1000 to the Brazos valley sufferers.

Investigating Committee.

New York, Aug. 9.—Before the Mazet investigating committee Mr. Moss introduced the testimony of Charles F. Dillon, a detective in his employ, to show that from Jan. 1, 1899, to May 15, 1899, 1899 robberies, amounting to \$230,844, were reported, while from March 1, 1897, to Jan. 1, 1899, there were 694 robberies, amounting to \$172, 547. Precinct records were read showing a large increase of crime in the last ten days.

Mormons Having Trouble.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 8.—Outrages upon Mormon elders in Kentucky and Tennessee have been carried on with such impunity that President Ben E. Rich of the Southern Mormon society, with headquarters at Chattanooga, left last night for Frankfort, Ky., to consult with Gov. Bradley and bring these outrages to his attention. He will ask for protection for the elders, the same as afforded to all other citizens.

The Mormons who are conducting a revival campaign in the south are greatly stirred up over the assault upon four elders in this state. In Carter county a mob of fifty men took out Elders Turman and Snow, and were on the point of hanging them, when Turman pleaded to be given a hearing. This request was granted.

Turman declared he was a Kentuckian by birth, and begged the mob not to mistreat or take the life of a native of their own state.

Whether or not the mob was moved by this entreaty, both the elders were turned loose with the admonition that they must get out of the community as fast as horses could carry them.

In Bell county, near the Tennessee line, Elders J. N. Titener and James Miller were harshly treated by a gang of mountaineers. Details from the mountains are very meager, but it is reported that the Mormon elders are having a rough time of it.

In order to avoid trouble, the sheriff of the county has warned the elders to clear out as fast as they can go. This the elders refused to do. They declared they possessed all the rights of American citizenship, and did not propose to surrender them in a free country.

The Rev. Joe Jones, a brother of Sam Jones, is making matters worse by advising the people not to provide the penniless elders with food, and thus starve them out of the town. There is also a movement afoot to arrest the elders on warrants charging them with vagrancy. The opposition is general all over the state.

All over southeastern Kentucky notices have been posted warning Mormons to keep out, and advising those now in the section to leave. Unless this warning is speedily complied with, there will be lynchings without number, for the populace is indignant and determined.

Dawes Commission.

Washington, Aug. 9.—Indian Commissioner Jones has issued final instructions for the guidance of the Dawes commission in enrolling the citizens of the five civilized tribes. The instructions are explicit, particularly with reference to the Mississippi Choctaws and their descendants, who removed from Mississippi and settled on the Choctaw and Chickasaw lands prior to the completion of the rolls. All testimony relating to the identification of these parties must be forwarded to the department for final determination. These instructions do not apply to freedmen.

Declined to Surrender Him.

Nashville, Tenn., Aug. 9.—Gov. McMillin yesterday declined to surrender Will Littlefield for whom Gov. McMillin of Mississippi made requisition. Littlefield is wanted in Mississippi on a charge of murdering three deputy sheriffs and a negro woman while resisting arrest. He is also charged with robbery, burglary and attempt to murder at Memphis, and at the request of the Shelby county officials Gov. McMillin holds him to be tried in Tennessee.

Mrs. Mike Jones was killed near Gruball, Tex.

Gas Explosion.

Winamar, Ind., Aug. 9.—An explosion in the gas main that is being laid by the Economic Gas company of Chicago caused the death of Howard Houch of this place, and serious injury to several others. Wm. Stratton and Wm. Tunis were thrown high in the air. Tunis suffered a fractured collar bone and Stratton was uninjured, but in rescuing Tunis from the flames, thereby saving his life, for he was unable to move, he burned all the clothing from his body. The flesh was roasted the entire length of his back and he also inhaled the burning flames so that his life is despaired of.

Farmer Smith and his son, who live near the scene, were horribly burned.

It has been announced that the Missouri Pacific Railroad company, after Oct. 1 will cease to mine its coal and will let the contract to the lowest bidder.

The battleship Texas and and cruiser Brooklyn have sailed for Bar Harbor.

Two Yellow Fever Cases.

Santiago de Cuba, Aug. 9.—The British steamer Sutherland, Capt. Percy Nibbs, from Philadelphia June 29 and Havana Aug. 6, has arrived with two cases of yellow fever. It is said that Capt. Nibbs is dying. The steamer will be disinfected and detained until all danger is past. No cases of fever were officially reported yesterday in the city, and none have developed among the American troops within the last ten days.

Mothers' Union Organized.

Gainesville, Tex., Aug. 8.—The ladies of the city have organized themselves into a Mothers' union. They hold their meetings regularly, and are taking active steps along moral and law and order lines. One of their number, in talking of their work, said: "A society of the women of the various churches of our city has been organized under the head of Mothers' union. Its object is for the mutual exchange of ideas to strengthen us in the proper rearing of our children, for our spiritual welfare and growth, for all sanitary and moral conditions of our town, and to see that all laws of our city are kept. Our organization is more than two months old, and we have spent these weeks in preparing ourselves for our work."

Our first work was to get our women to buy their Sunday ice on Saturday. There is no law against ice selling on Sunday, but we want our husbands and sons with us on that day, and 'doing unto others as we would be done by,' we pledged ourselves to this.

"Our next work was to learn that there was a Sunday law, and to request the officers to enforce it. We want our laws kept if they are worthy to be made by our legislators. We believe it is good, fair and just that every man have his rest day."

Murderer Murdered.

Laredo, Tex., Aug. 8.—Murdered in the chaparral and his body nearly devoured by coyotes was the fate of the Rev. Vincent J. Rubin, a Methodist minister of Monterey.

Sunday a Mexican herder reported to the authorities of New Laredo, Mex., that a dead body was lying in an arroyo some four miles south of that place. The authorities on investigation found the body of a man, evidently dead several days, badly decomposed, and the feet, hands and other portions devoured by wild beasts.

Identification would have been impossible except for a fragment of the shirt which remained on one arm, the cuff bearing the name of Vincent J. Rubin.

Mr. Rubin was 30 years old, a native of Cuba, but said to be the son of a New York millionaire. He has been engaged in church work in San Luis Potosi and Monterey, Mex., for several years, and at one time filled a pulpit in Laredo. It was here that he met and married a Miss Dunlap, of a prominent Atlanta, Ga., family, whose mission is to educate Mexican children in the Protestant faith. Mrs. Rubin is now with her people in Atlanta.

On Friday, July 29, Mr. Rubin left Monterey for Atlanta. He was seen in this city the next day, and was supposed to have proceeded on his journey until his body was discovered as above stated.

There is no clew so far to the identity of the murderer, but the authorities of New Laredo are at work on the case.

New Trial Refused.

Sherman, Tex., Aug. 8.—Last night in the criminal district court Judge Bliss overruled a motion for a new trial in the case of the state of Texas vs. Sidney Spears, colored, Spears was charged with the murder of his wife, Emma Speers, in this city on July 6 and given the death penalty by a jury. Notice of appeal was given in open court. The defendant took the decision pretty meekly and had no comments to make.

The treasury department made requisition upon the bureau of engraving and printing for the printing of \$10, 000,000 gold certificates in denominations of \$20 each.

Died in a Barn.

Tyler, Tex., Aug. 8.—Robert Carroll, a 17-year-old youth, was found dead Sunday morning in the barn of Mr. Taft in North Tyler. He had just finished working out a fine on the county farm, and came home expecting to find his mother living in the house that Taft occupied, but she had recently removed to Dallas. Being sick and without money, he crawled into the barn. A few days ago while on the farm, he received an affectionate letter from his brother, who lives in Houston, telling him as soon as he was released from the farm to notify him and he would furnish him means with which to come to Houston. The young fellow was buried yesterday. Justices D. T. Galusie requested the remains, and from the testimony of a physician, his verdict was that the deceased died of a congestive chill.

A well attended meeting of the Anti-imperialist league was held at Roselle hall, Chicago.

Attacked by a Mule.

Waxahachie, Tex., Aug. 8.—Surgeons and medical men were called yesterday to visit Tom Edwards. Mr. Edwards lives at Ferria and while on the road here happened to a peculiar accident. One of his mules got its foot over the tongue of the wagon and while in this position Mr. Edwards got down to release it. While working around the mule the animal seized Mr. Edwards by the leg and came near eating all the meat off the bone.

Medical Men Organized.

Waco, Tex., Aug. 9.—The State Association of District Medical Examiners was organized here yesterday. Dr. William Pannill of Corsicana was elected president, Dr. C. E. Smith of Waco vice president and Dr. R. L. Kimmins of Fredell secretary and treasurer.

The purpose of the organization is to elevate the medical profession in point of scientific attainment, the promotion of public health and the protection of the public against professed medical practitioners who have not the proper authority to practice medicine. It was stated by some of the delegates that the number of men practicing medicine in Texas without a shadow of authority save that conferred by a bought diploma of some deceased doctor of another state, was alarming, and in the absence of a state board of medical examiners regular physicians felt under obligation to take steps to stop this practice. The only way to do this was to organize the district examiners, and this meeting was called for that purpose.

The time and place of the next meeting was left to the president.

Red Men Convene.

Galveston, Tex., Aug. 9.—The fifth great sun council of the Improved Order of Red Men convened yesterday morning. About 500 Red Men are in attendance, being a representation of seventy-five of the eighty tribes in the state.

The council fire was kindled at 9 a. m. and quenched at 4 yesterday afternoon. The work of the council was the reports of the great sachem, committee on by laws, and long talks by the chiefs. In the afternoon an excursion on the bay was enjoyed by the Red Men, Daughters of Pocahontas, squaws and paposes and some paleface guests.

The council will be in session three days.

Last night the Tonkaway degree team exemplified the work for the Red Men, and adopted some palefaces.

The following officers of the grand council are in attendance: J. L. Shanklin, G. C. Paris; R. H. Purdy, P. G. S., Dallas; Stephen Gould, P. G. S., San Antonio; U. S. Pawlett, S. S., Palestine; S. G. Howard, J. S., Laredo; J. J. Slawson, G. K. R., Bartlett; Frank E. Adams, G. K. of W., Houston; C. P. Stafford, G. S., San Antonio; J. D. Roekleman, G. M., Sherman; E. S. Heller, G. G. of K., Dallas; J. H. Mohr, G. C. of P., Paris.

Galveston's Health Officer.

Galveston, Tex., Aug. 9.—In the balloting for city officers in the city council some of the ballots have been cast as blank. Last night Dr. John T. Moore, backed by the opinion of attorneys, tendered his bond and offered to take the oath of office as city health physician. Dr. Moore claims that on one ballot he had a majority, not counting the blank ballots.

The general opinion has been that it requires a vote of a majority of the aldermen to elect. The matter was referred to the city attorney.

If Dr. Moore's proposition is supported by the law then practically all of the mayor's nominees, having received a majority of the written ballots have been elected, and it is understood that they will serve notices on the council similar to that served by Dr. Moore.

The Cincinnati board of legislation passed a resolution inviting President Diaz of Mexico to visit Cincinnati in the course of his tour through the United States.

Maid an Inquest.

Laredo, Tex., Aug. 9.—The authorities in New Laredo, Mexico, are holding an inquest over the remains of the Methodist minister, Vincent Rubin, whose dead body was found, and an investigation so far shows no evidence that deceased was murdered. The cause of his death is still a mystery. Mr. Rubin had many friends in Laredo, who are taking a deep interest in the matter.

Shot and Killed.

Smithville, Tex., Aug. 9.—Bulah Wilson, a mulatto woman, was shot and killed here Monday night. The evidence developed at the inquest was that deceased and her husband, Will Wilson, were both asleep in the same bed near a window when a pistol was fired through the screen window, the contents taking effect in the heart of the deceased, killing her instantly. A warrant was sworn out for a negro charging him with the deed. He has not been arrested.

Visited the Navy Yards.

Texarkana, Tex., Aug. 9.—District Clerk J. R. Wilson of New Boston Tex., passed through this city yesterday en route from Norfolk, Va., whither he had been on a pleasure jaunt. While absent Prof. Wilson also visited the other navy yards of the United States government. He brought with him a piece of lignum vitae wood from off the Reina Mercedes. The wood came originally from the island of Guam.

"Honor is Purchased by Deeds We Do."

Deeds, not words, count in battles of peace as well as in war. It is not what we say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story of its merit. It has won many remarkable victories over the arch enemy of mankind—Impure Blood. Be sure to get only Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla
NEVER DISAPPOINTS

One of His Works.
"The ordinary cakewalk," remarked the professor, "is a symbol of plenty." "In what way?" inquired the doctor. "It's a bun dance."

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Powder. A powder to shake in your shoes. It cures the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Itchy, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. At all Druggists and shoe stores, 25 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Everyone occasionally marvels at the good luck of the shiftless.

I believe Pin's Cure is the only medicine that will cure consumption.—Anna M. Ross, Williamsport, Pa., Nov. 19, '95.

The cheaper the man, the tougher the story he will tell or believe.

Faultless Starch.
Is rapidly superseding the old style starch. It saves labor, saves money and makes collars and cuffs look like new. All grocers sell it; large package 10c.

You can make yourself happier by letting some one else do the kicking.

NO REMEDY EQUALS PERUNA, SO THE WOMEN ALL SAY.

Miss Susan Wymar, teacher in the Richmond school, Chicago, Ill., writes the following letter to Dr. Hartman regarding Peruna. She says: "Only those who have suffered as I have can know what a blessing it is to be able to



Miss Susan Wymar.
And relief in Peruna. This has been my experience. A friend in need is a friend indeed, and every bottle of Peruna I ever bought proved a good friend to me."—Susan Wymar.

Mrs. Margaretta Dauben, 1214 North Superior St., Racine City, Wis., writes: "I feel so well and good and happy now that pen cannot describe it. Peruna is everything to me. I have taken several bottles of Peruna for female complaint. I am in the change of life and it does me good." Peruna has no equal in all of the irregularities and emergencies peculiar to women caused by pelvic catarrh.

Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O., for a free book for women only.

Remember that cholera morbus, cholera infantum, summer complaint, bilious colic, diarrhoea and dysentery are each and all catarrh of the bowels. Catarrh is the only correct name for these affections. Peruna is an absolute specific for these ailments, which are so common in summer. Dr. Hartman, in a practice of over forty years, never lost a single case of cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhoea, or cholera morbus, and his only remedy was Peruna. Those desiring further particulars should send for a free copy of "Summer Catarrh." Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O.

Catarrh is Not Incurable

But it can not be cured by sprays, washes and inhaling mixtures which reach only the surface. The disease is in the blood, and can only be reached through the blood. S. S. S. is the only remedy which can have any effect upon Catarrh. It cures the disease permanently and forever rids the system of every trace of the vile complaint.

Miss Josie Owen, of Montpelier, Ohio, writes: "I was afflicted from infancy with Catarrh, and no one can know the suffering it produces better than I. The sprays and washes prescribed by the doctors relieved me only temporarily. I used them constantly for two years, the disease had a fiercer hold than ever. I tried a number of blood remedies, but their mineral ingredients settled in my bones and gave me rheumatism. I was in a lamentable condition, and after exhausting all treatment, was declared incurable. Seeing S. S. S. advertised as a cure for blood diseases, I decided to try it. As soon as my system was under the effect of the medicine, I began to improve, and after taking it for two months I was cured completely. The dreadful disease was eradicated from my system, and I have had no return of it."

Many have been taking local treatment for years, and find themselves worse now than ever. A trial of

S.S.S. For the Blood

will prove it to be the right remedy for Catarrh. It will cure the most obstinate case.

Books mailed free to any address by Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

LOCAL.

Don't forget the cake walk to-night. Miss Bettle Ward is very low with fever.

The cake walkers to-night at the opera house.

A gentle shower fell Saturday and Sunday night.

Mr. Bailey, of Hagerman, visited his sister, Beanie Bailey, Saturday.

W. L. Amonette, of Roswell, was a Southbound passenger Saturday.

Mrs. Kate Bigger returned Thursday from a visit to friends in Roswell.

Miss Josie Knowles left for her home in Delaware, Iowa, Monday.

Mrs. S. I. Roberts returned Wednesday from a visit to friends in Missouri.

An effort is being made to reorganize the band and employ an instructor.

Mr. J. C. West and a daughter of Mrs. Laing are both down with typhoid.

Mrs. W. L. Hughes returned home Monday from her visit with Roswell friends.

Mr. Benson, an El Paso man, was transacting business in Carlsbad, Thursday.

The firm of Whitcher & Moehlan, physicians, has been dissolved by mutual consent.

Bryant & Estes were awarded the contract for painting the new Wuesthoff building.

Mr. Hugh Freeman gave a party Saturday evening in honor of Miss Josie Knowles.

Jerome and Marion Edwards returned from a couple of months' stay in Arizona last week.

The new tin roof on the Pierce building is being put on this week by S. T. Gilmore and A. J. Allen.

Fred Berry, the jail poet, returned today from a tour through Texas cities. He left here in March.

B. C. Matthews, presiding elder of the M. E. church, south, is very ill at his home in El Paso, slowly dying with consumption.

Miss Mary Cole, who attended the teachers' institute, left for her home at Hope, Wednesday.

Johnnie Harvey returned Tuesday from the Guadalupe, much improved by his week's outing.

Miss Josie Witt returned Monday from Roswell, where she visited with sister for a week, Mrs. Finlay.

Misses Edna Barber and Tena Nymeyer will leave for Dallas, Texas, in a couple of weeks, to attend college at Oak Cliff.

Prof. David S. Switzer, president of the Weatherford, Texas, college, spent a few days in town this week in the interest of his school.

The ladies of the M. E. church will give an ice cream social on the court house lawn next Thursday evening, to which all are invited.

Pine air south and east front rooms at low rents, either furnished or unfurnished. Also choice residence property. Enquire at this office.

George Wilson, who came here in 1896, remaining until this spring, died in Murdock, Illinois, the 22nd of July, at the home of his father, of consumption.

Wm. Schon returned to Carlsbad, Thursday, after a two week's stay at Roswell, where he was employed with the carpenter gang on the P. V. & N. E. shops.

C. M. Houghton, of Midland, has been in Carlsbad for a week. He will move some three or four hundred head of cows over shortly and commence ranching in the mountains.

A meeting of the fire department is requested by Chief McEwan to-night at 8 o'clock. All members are requested to be present as business of importance is to be transacted.

A jolly party of young people visited the six mile dam Thursday evening where they enjoyed a boat ride and a hearty lunch. The party was composed of Mr. and Mrs. Barber, Mrs. Nymeyer, Misses Elam, Shiner, Laverty, Barber, Nymeyer and Ora and Johnnie Bush; Messrs. Whootan, Guetzman, Morrison, Draper, Arthur Moore and Rev. Hammons.

W. W. Anderson returned last week, Friday, from a trip with H. A. Hall to Alamogordo and other points west. Mr. Hall sold his buggy and left for his Abilene home while Mr. Anderson drove back from Alamogordo in a hackboard he purchased there. Mr. Anderson is high in his praise of that country, especially of Pat Coghlan's place on Three Rivers.

W. C. Reiff, who has been busy the past few weeks taking the school census reports 154 males and 142 females for the white school in this district, while he found 30 males and 34 females for the Mexican school and 7 males and 5 females for the colored school, a total of 218 in the district. Mr. Reiff desires that all who have been missed to report to J. S. Crozier, W. C. Reiff, J. L. Emerson or W. J. Barber. It is of the utmost importance that all should be found in order that the district give its full quota for school apportionment of territorial funds.

An Artesian Well.

Mr. Elza White, the artesian well machine man, has closed a deal with F. G. Tracy, Geo. H. Webster and others to drill 1,000 feet deep if necessary of the Vineyard Stock farm for artesian water. Mr. White has a first-class new well machine and has taken the contract at a very low figure. Mr. Webster agrees to return to the donors any amounts given, provided an artesian flow of not less than 150 gallons is obtained. The total amount required to go 1,000 feet is \$2,500, of which nearly \$2,000 has been guaranteed, Mr. Webster paying \$500, the railway \$200 and Mr. Hagerman \$100. Other contributors were the P. I. & I. Co., F. G. Tracy, R. W. Tansill, Joyce, Fruit & Co., besides several smaller contributions.

The town board met Monday night and decided to purchase the old Phenix calaboose for \$30, from the county and move it to the rear of the lot of the livery stable of Angel & McBiles. The old calaboose was therefore moved at an expense of \$20 by Geo. McBiles Thursday. The town also rented the room over the Carlsbad Saloon for a city hall the Woodmen joining in the renting each to pay \$5. per month.

The fine P. V. Ry. Co. residence was sold by W. C. Reiff yesterday to Dan H. Lucas, a prominent cattleman, for \$2,500. This residence is the prettiest, though not the largest in town. From the way property is being purchased by cattlemen it would seem that Carlsbad is certainly destined to be the cow town of the west.

Ed. Woerner John Cantrell Sam Cornett and S. B. Jones went up to Rocky Tuesday night and returned Wednesday morning bringing seven beautiful catfish one of which weighed over twenty five pounds. The CURRANT acknowledges a sample of the monster donated by that big hearted fellow Ed Woerner.

John Lathinhouse, Ed. Shelley and Jos. Bernal departed last Sunday for the mountain country to the west. They will go first to Roswell then to Lincoln and White Oaks and take in all the mountain country after which they will drive to Pinos Altos N. M., Clifton, Globe and Jerome Arizona.

Mr. Bernal will furnish his famous spurs and bits through G. F. A. Robertson who will keep supplied and send Mr. Bernal orders.

C. E. Dorville Secretary of the Carnival company of Midland was here Tuesday and Wednesday with four young negroes who danced and played for the people of Carlsbad all day and a good part of the night. The young dancer Geo. Sutton is a long winded fellow and dances almost every kind of a step. The entertainments were given to advertise the Carnival which opens Aug. 29 at Midland.

Mr. Jack Wilson one of the new barber shop proprietors says he is glad George Friedebloom denies what he was never charged with being interested in the new barbershop for the owners would not wish him to be thought to be employed by them.

H. F. Grinstead who learned the case on the Hagerman Irrigator a branch of the CURRANT in 1895 came in Sunday night and has been visiting his brother-in-law and sister Mr. and Mrs. Simpson. Mr. Grinstead has been very successful in Nocona Texas having started the Times there two or three years ago.

Mr. J. N. Dunn was in Wednesday and brought a sample of his Angora goat wool, of which he and Mr. Carson will shear about 4,000 pounds this season. Mrs. Dunn is still at San Antonio at the bed side of a sick daughter.

Lost: End gate to Studebaker wagon between town and Cain draw. Return to Jno. Iturk.

The little year and a half old girl of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Fanning which has been suffering with stomach trouble for some time is reported improving. Mr. and Mrs. Fanning are at the home of Sheriff Stewart.

The water from the spillway of the McMillan dam is about to cut into the cemetery at Seven Rivers and in consequence the city of the dead will have to be moved. Lee Turknett has already moved several bodies and those who have friends or relatives buried there and who want them cared for should write to Mr. Turknett at McMillan at once.

Come to the CURRANT office for job printing. It won't cost you a cent if you are not satisfied.

It will be to your interest, to get Murray & Cooks prices on housefurnishings before purchasing elsewhere.

Proud we are to announce the completion of the fine brick college building. Mr. Merrifield has made a fine job of it indeed and in architecture it is a credit to the master workman and to the town and country; a tribute to the intellectual and enterprising people who built it. If proper teachers are employed there need be no reason for boys and girls to be sent away from home in order to receive a classical education.—Odessa Review.

Hillside Dairy Farm,

F. E. BRYANT,
Proprietor.

Fresh Cream, Milk and Butter Delivered to All Parts of the City.

Special Cows for Invalids and Children.

COWS FROM OUR REGISTERED HERD OF JERSEY CATTLE FOR SALE AT ALL TIMES.

INSPECTION INVITED.

Stationery!

YOU can buy the latest styles of box paper, letter paper, etc., at our store at prices that are right. We have just received a shipment of new styles which are up-to-date.

Eddy Drug Co.

Windmills!

Eclipse and Star.

Well Casing and Piping.

Tin and Galvanized
... Iron Work.

Galvanized Iron Cisterns built to order. Give us a call and get our prices.

Tracy & McEwan.

FOR SALE: Fine five year old saddle and buggy mare. Sound and perfectly gentle for lady to ride or drive. No marks or brands, bred in Missouri. Call or address

L. W. ROGERS,
Carlsbad, N. M.

Dissolution Notice.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The partnership existing since May 22, 1890, between the undersigned is this day, by mutual consent, dissolved. Any and all accounts may be settled with either party who will continue to occupy the same offices as heretofore.

F. G. MOEHLAU, M. D.
CHAS. M. WHITCHER, M. D.

Dated, Carlsbad, N. M., Aug. 7, 1899.

The sudden death of two young girls last week caused no end of comment and talk for in the case of the first death, the little Laing girl, there was unmistakable evidence that a crime had been committed, the physicians having given it out that the disease was surely syphilitic. In the case of the Bryant girl the coroners jury returned a verdict of suicide by strychnine. The parents are far from being convinced that such was the case.

The following, however, is the verdict: We, the justice of the peace and jury who sat upon the inquest held this 5th day of August, A. D. 1899, on the body of Henrich Bryant, who died in precinct No. 1, county of Eddy, territory of New Mexico, on the 4th day of August, A. D. 1899, find that the deceased came to her death by reason of an over-dose of strychnine, and we believe, self-administered.

S. I. ROBERTS, J. P.
Wm. L. McEwan, C.
A. H. SMITH, M. D.
B. T. KILLOUGH,
J. E. LAVERTY,
H. L. POTTER,
J. D. WALKER.

J. C. Wheat has opened a bicycle repair shop in the Tracy & McEwan tin shop where he is employed, and is prepared at all times to re-habilitate old or broken wheels.

RAINS IN THE SACRAMENTOS.

Track Washed Out Near Toboggan and General Destruction Followed a Cloudburst, Saturday.

El Paso Herald.

The heavy rains all through the Sacramento mountains have done much damage and the Alamogordo and Sacramento railway seems to have suffered considerable loss.

A considerable portion of their road bed has been washed out near toboggan and traffic for a short time was cut off from stations below that point.

On Saturday afternoon last there was a heavy cloudburst some distance up the canon from Toboggan and so great was the raging torrent that came down the mountain side and through the canon, that everything was carried before it.

Passengers who left here Saturday morning, some of whom returned last night, give a most graphic account of their trip to Cloudburst. When Satur-

day's train arrived at Alamogordo the passengers were forced to layover, on account of the washouts until the following morning. Sunday the railroad company made up a train of flat cars and carried the passengers to a point two miles below Toboggan, where they alighted, and were driven in wagons to Cloudburst.

In the course of the current lay four dead draft horses, household effects and debris of every description. The farms in the outlying valleys had suffered too, and crops were down, small houses and sheds destroyed and the havoc wrought by the storm seems to have been most thorough.

WANTED:—At Pardue's, chickens and eggs for cash.

Cake Walk.

The cake walk last night at the opera house by Essex McElennon manager of the large party of colored cake walkers attracted quite a crowd. This unique attraction will be repeated to-night, at which time the cake will be given away.

Pecos Valley Steam Laundry.

Work first-class, prices reasonable. Free delivery and collection. Give us a trial. Patronize home industry.

W. L. HUGHES, Agent.
Office at Gem Barber Shop.

Fire meeting to-night.

The New Elite

The finest Barber Shop west of Ft. Worth

Opposite Postoffice.

J. M. Summey, Proprietor.

We Don't Puff and Blow

about paying printers high salaries—it is something foreign to good taste. Many men printers get high salaries. The CURRANT does the big end of the job printing for business men in Eddy county and lets the other fellows puff about big salaries, etc. If you want good printing because it is cheap and this office, but if you want smart work by men printers go elsewhere. Don't come to this office.

Oliver Lee and James Trifland were admitted to bail by Judge Parker this week in the sum of \$20,000, which they promptly furnished and were released from jail at Alamogordo. The bondsmen were W. W. Cox, of San Augustine; I. M. Holt, Capt. H. K. Faulkner, of Las Cruces, and J. J. Sanders of Terama.

Aug. 21 is the date of the sale of the old First National Bank's assets. Lots, lands and notes will go for almost nothing. Bargain hunters will get rich that day.

At Las Cruces, Saturday, hearing was begun before Judge Parker in the matter of the injunction against the Irrigation company interested in the Elephant Butte dam proposition. The court is under instruction from the supreme court of the United States to ascertain whether the dam would injure the navigation at the lower end of the Rio Grande by restraining the flow of the river.

Buggies.

The Finest Line Ever Brought to the Valley. Come and See Them!

Harness and Saddles.

Repair Work Done.

Pat Murray.

"Eaten a Mountain."

A good example of the caustic humor of a Scotch examiner floats this way from we know not where. It seems that Scotch parish schoolmasters are, on their appointment, examined as to their literary qualifications. One of the fraternity being called by his examiner to translate Horace's ode beginning "Exegi monumentum oere perennius," began as follows: "Exegi monumentum." (I have eaten a mountain.) "Ah," said one of the examiners, "ye needna proceed any further; for after eaten sic a dinner this parish wad be a pair mouthfu' t' ye. Ye maun try some wider sphere."—"Foot Lore."

SISTERS SCHOOL...

The Sisters of Mercy of Stanton, Tex., will open their school the first Monday in September.

Monthly Rates:

Tuition and board, \$12.00
Washing, 1.00
Music, 2.00

Address:

Sister Superior,
Mercy Convent,
STANTON, TEXAS.

Reduced Rates for Summer Trips.

Commencing June 1st and continuing to and including September 30th, 1899, the Texas & Pacific Railway Co. will sell round trip summer tourist tickets to points in Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, District of Columbia, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Ontario, Pennsylvania, Quebec, South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia, West Virginia and Wisconsin, at a considerable reduction in rates.

See the nearest ticket agent for full information or write E. P. Turner, G. P. & T. A., Dallas, Texas.

S. T. BITTING, BANKER.

8 Doors Below Hotel Windsor,
Eddy, N. M.

A general banking business done.

Exchange furnished to customers free of charge.

ANOTHER TEXAS CRIMINAL.

John Stewart went out to the Hat Ranch last Saturday a week ago and arrested Tom Boatwright, wanted at Henderson Texas for cattle stealing. Boatwright left Henderson about a year ago and was heard from in various parts as going under the name of L. Awater. When Sheriff Stewart was in Henderson he learned about Boatwright though he had previously received a letter describing the gentleman and supposed Hainwater Pardies, clerk was the man wanted. When he returned he inquired of Armstrong who was acquainted with Pardies's clerk and found he was mistaken. The sheriff then heard of Boatwright who it seems had again taken his own name, and sent his deputy for him. Sheriff Standard of Henderson came in Thursday morning and departed last night with Boatwright. Mr. Standard says the trial of Jim Nite was a very prolonged affair lasting six days with night sessions. The court room was crowded at all times and the weather was almost unbearably hot. He says there is scarcely a ghost of a chance of Nite receiving a new trial and that he will go to the pen for life. The sheriff also stated that the trial was one of the most impartial and fair possible, because the people of his county, especially the jury, knew nothing of the Longview bank robbery and that Nite in receiving a life sentence should consider himself fortunate. Sheriff Standard while here enjoyed a ride to Hagerman Heights the sugar factory, Lakeview and other points of interest, through the courtesy of Sheriff Stewart. Mr. Standard was quite taken with the country and says he would like to live in Carlsbad.

C. W. Cowden and family returned this week from their California trip. Mr. Cowden says that California is a fine country for people with plenty of money who do not care to work. Everything is cheap and the climate is healthful. For those who are compelled to work for a living New Mexico is much preferable.

W. W. Gatewood attorney for W. G. Cass was in town all week from Marfa Tex. Mr. Gatewood contemplates removing to El Paso shortly. He will be here when court convenes Sept. 11.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Bryant the bereaved parents tender their sincere thanks for the many kindnesses received during the burial of their daughter.

Mrs. Singleton was brought in yesterday by Harry Deersley and Mr. Toome from her home near Francis suffering with strangulated hernia. She was taken to the hospital.

Col. C. C. Slaughter and wife of Dallas were in town yesterday. Col. Slaughter is better known as the owner of Sir Bredwell the finest Hereford bull on earth, a cut of whose phiz was given in last week's CURRANT. Col. Slaughter was accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Slaughter and son of Midland Texas. Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Veal of Jefferson Texas and Capt. Lea of Roswell, they were chaperoned by W. G. Hamilton manager of the Roswell Land & Water Co. and are said to be in search of fine alfalfa land.

Jake Owen and Geo. H. Webster left yesterday for a camping trip of a few days in the Guadalupe.

Notice of Administrator's Sale.

In the matter of the estate of James H. Carpenter, deceased.

I hereby give notice that I will sell at public auction for cash, or on six months time taking well secured notes bearing 10 per cent interest from date, for all amounts not paid in cash; all of the personal property belonging to said estate, at the Carpenter homestead about three miles west of Malaga in Eddy county, New Mexico, on the 23rd day of August, 1899; sale will begin at 10 o'clock a. m. Property to be sold is principally live stock, horses and cattle. The property will be present to be inspected by bidders.

EMILY L. CARPENTER
Administratrix.

July 20, 1899.

Smokes on enlaid walls may be removed by rubbing the soiled places lightly with stale bread, changing the pieces of bread as soon as they become soiled. This may make the spot a little lighter than the surrounding surface; in which case pass a piece of cheesecloth lightly over the wall, working toward and over the light part, as this will take a little of the color over, and so shade up to the light spot that it will not be noticeable.—Marfa Parlor in the August Ladies Home Journal.

How To Paper Whitewashed Walls.

It is difficult to make paper stick to walls that have been made smooth by frequent whitewashing. The smooth finish may be scraped or the surface may be changed with a coat of paste. If you decide to use the paste, make it in the following manner: Put one pint of flour in a saucepan and beat into it one quart of cold water. When smooth add two quarts of boiling water, stir all the time. Let this boil up once, then strain and cool. Brush this paste over the walls and allow it to dry. When you are ready to paper wet the walls spread paste on the paper, and hang it in the usual manner.—August Ladies Home Journal.

