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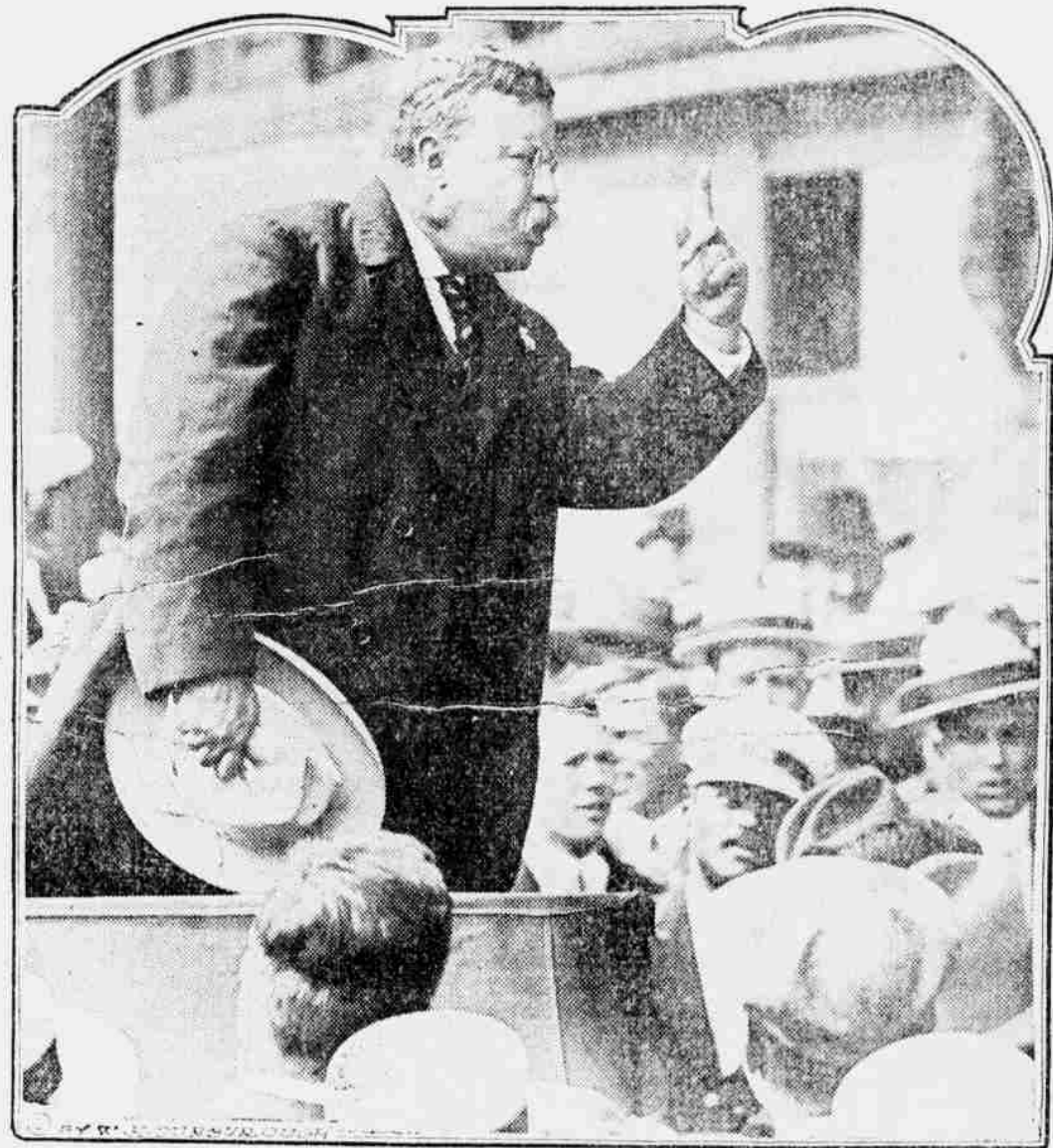
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THEODORE ROOSEVELT NOMINATED AT CHICAGO TO-DAY

"THE MAN COURAGEOUS"

---PRENDERGAST

MIGHTY LEADER FOR WHOM
PEOPLE CHEER IS PRAISED
AS GOLIATH OF POLITICSNEW YORK MAN, IN PLACING HIS NAME BEFORE BIG CONVENTION, PAYS TRIBUTE TO WONDERFUL RECORD
OF ONE OF THE GREATEST MEN IN AMERICAN HISTORY WHO KNOWS NOT FEAR---ALABAMA YIELDS
WHEN ROLL IS CALLED---DELEGATES LISTEN IN IMPRESSIVE SILENCE TO NOTABLE SPEECHGREAT DEMONSTRATION FOR THE COLONEL
FROM IMMENSE AUDIENCE AT THE COLISEUM

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

TO VISIT FORTY STATES.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 7.—Colonel Roosevelt said today that he would leave for New York tomorrow at 2:40 p. m. He will go direct to Oyster Bay and will remain there a few days before beginning his campaign.

Colonel Roosevelt's first engagement is to speak in Rhode Island, on August 16. The following day he will address New England Progressives at Boston. August 22 he will attend the Jubilee of Father Curran, of Wilkesbarre, Pa., who is known for his work among the miners. August 26 the Colonel will go to Vermont speak at the Minnesota State Fair at St. Paul September 6, and then return to take the stump in Connecticut. Colonel Roosevelt's long jaunts probably will begin early in October with a month's trip through the Pacific coast states and the South. He may visit New Mexico to speak at the state fair.

It is the Colonel's intention to go into at least forty states. He said that with only about sixty working days for his campaign, he will be able to make only one speech in most states. His campaign will be so long and arduous, he said, that he will speak only in cities, and if possible, will make no rear platform speeches.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 7.—The name of Theodore Roosevelt was formally placed before the progressive convention for president of the United States this afternoon by Mr. Prendergast of New York who paid a high tribute to "the man courageous in American politics." The convention, after a recess over the noon hour, slowly reassembled. The delegates began filing in at 1 p. m. and the galleries were crowded to their full capacity.

The band played until 1:20 p. m. when Chairman Beveridge dropped his gavel. Medill McCormick read the rules for the new party. They were adopted without debate. Henry J. Allen, of Kansas, announcing that the platform would not be ready for an hour and a half, renewed the motion to suspend the rules and proceed to nominate. This time the motion went through without serious objections.

"The clerk will call the roll of states for nominations for president of the United States," announced Chairman Beveridge.

"Alabama," called the clerk. J. O. Thompson arose. "Alabama yields to New York," he announced. But here the proceedings were interrupted. William A. Prendergast's second to nominate was not in the hall. Searchers hurried out to find him. The delegates grew impatient and the various delegations did some cheering to keep themselves occupied. After the hunt for Prendergast had been on for twenty minutes, the band reinforced the song service. Chairman Beveridge quieted the hall and Prendergast appeared. A round of cheers greeted him as he was introduced and the Bull Moose call sounded through the hall. A hush of silence followed and Prendergast began his speech.

THE MAN COURAGEOUS OF AMERICAN POLITICS.

William A. Prendergast, of New York, who placed Colonel Roosevelt's name in nomination, spoke of Colonel Roosevelt, as "the man, courageous, of American politics," and declared him to be a national asset.

Mr. Prendergast said in part: "We have arrived at the crowning act of

the convention.

"This great gathering owes its being to a mighty protest by the American people against those who have poisoned the wells of democracy. It represents the martial spirit of mankind, that from immortal time has charged back upon those should place obstacles in the way of the march of human progress. While appreciating the stupendous nature of the task before it, the national progressive party declines to accept the cynical doctrine ascribed to Napoleon, that God is on the side of the heaviest battalions, and professes its sublime faith in the teaching of Abraham Lincoln that right makes might.

"That platform which you have adopted is the guarantee of the soundness of your democracy. It fortifies every theory of government which has ever given strength to the American commonwealth.

"But while virtuous the cause and vital the principles, and strong the force behind them, human experience tells us that there conquering way will be slow and difficult unless their legions are led by one whose spirit is their spirit, and whose qualities of leadership are equal to the task of moulding public opinion and establishing a new epoch in American history.

"My candidate is more than a citizen; he is a national asset. In this momentous period of political doubt when the nation has to decide whether it will or how it will grapple with the great economic problems of the time there is no man in American life who presents such credentials for the task as he.

"He surrendered the presidency at a time when his re-election would have been certainty, in the hope that other hands would prosecute successfully the task he did not have time to finish. That task has been treated with intermittent loyalty and has largely been left undone. We ask that the task be again entrusted to him whose loyalty to principles has never faltered, and whose breadth of experience qualifies him over all men for the duty.

"My candidate is the 'man courageous' of American politics. His challenge has always been to a struggle in the open. There have been none so powerful as to awe him and before him the greatest captains of industry have lowered their lances."

At 3:02 o'clock Judge Ben B. Lindsey of Colorado, made the first of the eight seconding speeches planned for Colonel Roosevelt.

PROGRESSIVE PARTY IS OFFICIAL NAME NOW.

After Chairman Beveridge reached the coliseum, there was a conference of leaders, and it was decided to await the platform before proceeding to the nominations.

Just before the convention was called to order, the delegates and speakers rose as the band began "Onward, Christian Soldiers."

Chairman Beveridge dropped the gavel at 11:30 o'clock. Rabbi G. B. Levi pronounced the prayer. After the "Battle Hymn of the Republic" was sung, Chairman Beveridge introduced Charles E. Scott of Alabama, chairman of the committee on organization. He presented a report recommending that the temporary organization be made permanent which was adopted without debate.

A report was then brought in from the rules committee. The report designated the party as the "Progressive

party," eliminating the word "national" which has heretofore been used.

The rules report fixed the basis of representation. The report would allow one delegate in the National convention for each 10,000 votes cast for Progressive candidate at the preceding election. One delegate for each congressman at large and each U. S. senator were also allowed.

A provision in the rules that no federal officer could hold a seat as national committeeman was cheerfully adopted. Applause also greeted the rule which pledges the party to the selection of candidates for office and delegates to conventions by primaries wherever possible.

The new rules were presented by Medill McCormick and he moved their adoption.

John L. Hamilton of Illinois, moved to make the name of the party either "Progressive" or "National Progressive."

He explained this amendment was necessary to comply with the election laws of various states. Chairman Beveridge announced that the convention would listen to a speech by William H. Hotchkiss, Progressive State chairman of New York, and would take recess to await the platform. Meantime the vote on the rules was put over until after the recess.

Mr. Hotchkiss was cheered as he reviewed the work of organization of the Progressive party in New York. "The people of New York—boss-ridden, and fettered by Barnes and Murphy," he said, "are today as free as California and as Progressive as Kansas."

Hotchkiss asserted that the Progressive party would poll 25 to 30 per cent of the Tammany vote in New York. He concluded with a prediction of certain victory in November.

A motion to recess until 1:15 evoked the first note of opposition to the plans of leaders. A chorus of "Noes" greeted the motion to recess. After some debate the convention at 12:06 p. m. went into recess until 1 o'clock.

DEATH AT DEMING.

Deming, N. M., Aug. 7.—Brent Taylor, ten years of age, son of Superintendent J. B. Taylor, died this morning after an operation for appendicitis. He was ill but two days.

STUBBS OF KANSAS WINS CURTIS SEAT IN SENATE

Topeka, Kans., Aug. 7.—Governor W. R. Stubbs, probably has defeated Charles Curtis for the latter's seat in the United States senate. Although early returns from yesterday's statewide primary seemed to indicate the race would not be decided until complete returns were received, Stubbs gained so much in the country it seemed almost certain that the governor had defeated Senator Curtis by a substantial majority.

The democratic contest for United States senator and governor promises to be close and will require figures from every county in the state to determine whether Arthur Capper had won the republican nomination for governor by substantial majority.

COWHERD HAS BIG LEAD. St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 7.—With an

THEY WANT TEDDY, TOO.

Albuquerque, N. M., Aug. 7.—Colonel D. K. B. Sellers, president of the New Mexico state fair, today wired the New Mexico delegation at the Progressive convention in Chicago, on behalf of the fair management and the people of New Mexico, asking them to invite Colonel Roosevelt to deliver an address during the fair and promising him a crowd of 20,000 people. It is believed Mr. Roosevelt will accept the invitation as he intends to visit New Mexico during the campaign and make a whirlwind tour of the state. "I see most everybody wants Teddy," said Col. Sellers. "They can't put anything by on us. We want Teddy, too."

TAFT WILL VETO HIS OWN SALARY

PRESIDENT IS SO BITTERLY OPPOSED TO HOUSE PROVISIONS IN EXECUTIVE BILL THAT HE WILL RETURN IT WITHOUT APPROVAL

Washington, D. C., Aug. 7.—Terms for civil service employees, the abolition of the commerce court, and the retention of its five judges as extra circuit judges will be submitted to President Taft as provisions of the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill.

All these proposals, already approved by the house, were adopted by the senate by 20 to 19 against the opposition of Senators Cummins, Crawford, Burton and Lodge. President Taft's friends say he will veto the bill, although in doing so he will hold up his own salary, that of every member of congress and every United States judge. Such action would delay further the annual appropriation over due since July 1.

The president is said to oppose abandonment of life insurance for civil service employees and abolition of the commerce court. The bill carries \$34,000,000.

SUFFRAGETS GET FIVE YEARS IN ENGLISH PRISON

Dublin, Ireland, Aug. 7.—Mary Leigh, the suffragette who was tried today on the charge of wounding John E. Redmond, leader of the Irish parliamentary party, with a hatchet she had thrown at Premier Asquith's carriage on July 19, was sentenced to five years' imprisonment.

Gladys Evans, whose sentence was yesterday reserved after she had been found guilty of setting fire July 18 to the Theater Royal here in which Mr. Asquith was scheduled to speak the following day on home rule, also was sentenced to serve a term of five years.

ARRESTED THIS MORNING.

Jose Montoya was arrested this morning by Deputy Sheriff Baca charged with burglary committed last night at the home of G. C. Crume. Montoya will be brought up for hearing tomorrow morning at nine o'clock before Justice of the Peace Jose Maria Garcia.

THE DAY IN CONGRESS

SENATE.

Met at 10 a. m.
Adopted conference report on legislative appropriation bill abolishing commerce court.
Panama bill taken up.

HOUSE.

Met at noon.
Bill for a commission to investigate purchase of American tobacco by foreign government passed.

DR. HARROUN FALLS THROUGH TRAP

WELL KNOWN PHYSICIAN OF SANTA FE PAINFULLY INJURED WHEN HE DROPS TO BASEMENT IN ZOOK'S PHARMACY

Dr. A. S. Harroun, veteran physician of this city, was painfully and it may prove, seriously injured this morning, when he fell through a trap door in the rear of the Zook pharmacy on the west side of the plaza. The trap door, which leads into the basement had been left open for a few minutes and there was no railing or guard about it. Dr. Harroun could not see clearly in the dark interior and walked into the open trap dropping to the basement. His scalp was cut open in several places, his hip, shoulder and one side severely bruised. Dr. Knapp who was near at hand, rendered emergency treatment and Dr. Harroun was removed to his home. A cursory examination led to the belief that no bones were broken and that his skull had not been fractured. It will take a more thorough examination however, to determine the full extent of his injuries.

JUST PROGRESSIVE PARTY IS NAME OF POLITICAL ORGANIZATION JUST BORN

RULES ADOPTED BY CHICAGO CONVENTION PROVIDE THAT WORD NATIONAL BE OMITTED---OTHER TITLES MAY BE USED WHERE NECESSARY IN VARIOUS STATES---NO FEDERAL OFFICE HOLDER CAN BE MEMBER OF CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

WOMEN ARE ADDED TO LIST OF THOSE WHO WILL DIRECT CAMPAIGN

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 7.—The first floor debate of the national progressive convention precipitated today when the leaders waiting for the completion of the platform, proposed a recess of an hour. Many of the delegates objected to this plan. They wanted to go ahead with the nominating speeches.

Henry J. Allen, of Kansas, led the opposition to the recess and was seconded by William Plinn, of Pennsylvania. Timothy L. Woodruff of New York, former Governor Franklin Fort of New Jersey and several others, stood by the leaders in favor of a recess, and the motion was carried over the first chorus of "Noes."

At 1:50 o'clock this afternoon, Col. Roosevelt was placed in nomination for the presidency at the progressive party convention by W. A. Prendergast of New York.

ROOSEVELT THE MAN OF THE HOUR TODAY.

Members of the new progressive party planned to nominate Colonel Theodore Roosevelt as their standard bearer in the presidential race and to ring down the curtain on their first national convention today after a display of oratorical pyrotechnics that is expected to attract thousands to the Coliseum. Colonel Roosevelt's name formally will be placed in nomination by William A. Prendergast of New York, a short time after the delegates convene at 11 o'clock this morning.

Others who will make seconding speeches are: Judge Ben B. Lindsey, Colorado; Gov. Hiram Johnson, California; H. J. Allen, Kansas; General Horace C. King, New York; P. U. Collins, Minnesota; J. M. Parker, Louisiana; Lucius F. C. Garvin.

In addition to the nomination of Colonel Roosevelt the convention is scheduled to name Governor Johnson of California, for second place on the ticket, and to adopt a platform said to be the most advanced ever submitted to a national convention in this country.

The first thing on the convention's third day program was to effect a permanent organization, which probably will be accomplished quickly by making the temporary organization permanent.

Immediately after the adjournment of the convention late today the leaders will begin a series of conferences to decide plans for the progressive campaign.

It was said that Senator Joseph M. (Continued on Page 8.)

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Again Reminds You of the Superior
Quality and Large Variety of the
"Soltaire" Goods. Always the Leader

WINTER GROCERY CO.

Southern Corner Plaza, Santa Fe. Telephone No. 40.
WITH ALL CASH PURCHASES, WE GIVE REGISTER TICKETS

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Flour Hay, Grain, Potatoes and Salt.

Sole Agents For INTERNATIONAL STOCK FOOD.

ALFALFA SEED. All kinds of flowers, garden & field seeds in bulk and packages

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SWASTIKA LUMP FACTORY WOOD
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ANTHRACITE COAL, ALL SIZES.
Montezuma Avenue, near A., T. & S. F. Railroad Depot.

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Regular Meals 25 cents.

Rooms for Rent 25c and 50c.

Short Orders at All Hours.

BOARD BY THE WEEK \$5.00
French Noodle Order 70c. a dish.
New York Chop Suey 50c.

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From
BARRANCA TO TAOS
Meets Both North South
Bounds Trains.
Leaves Barranca on the arrival
of the north bound train and arrives at
Taos at 7 p. m.
Ten miles shorter than any other
way. Good covered hacks and good
teams. Fare \$5.00 round trip. Teams
furnished commercial men to take in
the surrounding towns. Wire Enbudo
Station.

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Located in the beautiful Pecos
Valley, 3,500 feet above sea level,
sunshine every day. Open air
work throughout the entire ses-
sion. Conditions for physical
and mental development are
IDEAL—such as cannot be found
elsewhere in America. Four-
teen officers and instructors, all
graduates from standard East-
ern colleges. Ten buildings,
modern in every respect.

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J. P. WHITE, Treasurer.
JOHN W. POE, Secretary.
W. A. FINLAY.
For particulars and illustrated en-
courage, address,
COL. JAS. W. WILLSON, Su pt.

ROOSEVELT WRITES TO ESTANCIA PEOPLE

HE SENDS A PERSONAL LETTER TO PRO-
GRESSIVES THERE AND IT DIDN'T HAVE
A RUBBER STAMP ON IT EITHER--
NEWS OF THE VALLEY.

Estancia, N. M., Aug. 7.—William
McIntosh of McIntosh was a visitor
in town Saturday. He reports that
the sheep are hog fat and that this
year's lambs are the best ever; this,
with the big price they are sure to
bring, makes "Mac" wear the smile
that won't come off.

Last week saw the final destruction
of an old land-mark. The old adobe
Estancia hotel—the first adobe build-
ing in the town and which was de-
stroyed excepting the walls by the
fire of two years ago, was finally
wiped off the map. The adobe walls
were becoming dangerous and a men-
ace to passers-by so a force hired by
the Hughes Mercantile company,
whose property the old adobe adjoins
pushed down the walls.

Last Friday C. T. Norman suffered
a painful accident. His team—a fine
young one—started to run and Mr.
Norman dashed between the team and
the doubletree making a grab for the
lines. He got the lines, stopped the
team but was thrown for no gain and
his forearm was broken in two places.
Mighty had just now when weeds are
growing three inches an hour.

Mrs. L. D. Roberts is quite ill at her
home south of town.

Our genial and efficient local rail-
road agent, J. P. Kennedy, announces
that he will soon start east on his
vacation trip. He also says that his
return transportation reads: "Mr. and
Mrs. J. P. Kennedy," but most of us
are from Missouri.

Earl Moulton, the genial and pro-
gressive merchant of Lucia, and his
family and Allen McGilivray, the
sheep king, and his family passed
through Sunday in their new autos
destined to McIntosh and the Mc-
Intosh ranch.

Our local Progressive committee is
in receipt of a letter from "The Cor-
rel" thanking us for the interest
shown here in the Progressive move-
ment and stating that he is receiving
most encouraging reports from all
over the country. And it "ain't
signed with a rubber stamp, either."

Your correspondent took a walk
through the Town Cabbage Patch
last night. Through the public spirit
of the New Mexico Central Road the
town secured an acre on its right of
way just east of town and enough
water when needed to properly ir-
rigate it. The town's people furnished
the money to cultivate the patch and
you ought to see the crop. Cabbage
as big as the old rain bar! cauliflower
that looks too good to eat; to-
mato plants that are knee high; po-
tatoes that are crowding up the ground
above and around them; seventeen
kinds of beans, and a whole lot of
other things equally as good.

Little beams of sunshine
Little hoes in hand;
Little streams of water,
Make a bang-up land.
And that means the Estancia Val-
ley.

OFFICIAL NEWS

Mounted Policeman Loveless at
Rosa, N. M., arrested one Andrew
Frost, a Jicarilla Ute Indian, for flour-
ishing a pistol in a settlement, and
took him before a justice of the
peace who soaked him \$50 and costs
just to show that the wild west days
are over.

Mounted Policeman Alex Street re-
covered 15 head of cattle near Tu-
cuman, belonging to Leopoldo Mar-
tinez. The rustler who stole the
cattle is Jesse Taylor, who has not
yet been apprehended but is expected
soon to be captured.

The members of the board of the
Panama Exposition met yesterday
and elected Col. Ralph Twitchell
chairman, giving him power to em-
ploy the necessary clerks for the
work. No action was taken relative
to the state building, as that question
will be decided upon when the board
meets at San Diego, which will be
August 26 or 27.

CENTPEDE BITE.

Harry Rogers, working for the Col-
lins ranch east of Artesia, was bitten on
the hand by a centipede last Friday
afternoon while burning brush. The
wound is very painful, but not dan-
gerous and Rogers will be back at
work again in a few days.—Pecos
Valley News.

EVERY STREET IN SANTA FE

Has Its Share of the Proof That Kid-
ney Sufferers Seek.

Backache? Kidneys weak?
Distressed with urinary ills?
Want a reliable kidney remedy?
Don't have to look far. Use what
Santa Fe people recommend. Every
street in Santa Fe has its cases.
Here's one Santa Fe man's experi-
ence.

Let Jose Ortiz y Baca, of Alto St.,
tell it.
He says: "In 1907 I used Doan's Kid-
ney Pills for pains in my back that
had troubled me for three years. They
brought prompt relief and proved so
satisfactory that I gave a public
statement in their praise. Now after
two and a half years have passed, I
gladly confirm every word of that tes-
timonial. I can add that I have since
used Doan's Kidney Pills, giving them
a more thorough trial and have received
great benefit. I know that this
remedy is a cure for backache and
kidney complaint."

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So Simple Anyone Can
Run It

No need of a mechanic to take care of the
Studebaker "20." No need of a chauffeur. You
or your wife can run it as easily as an expert.

Simplicity of operation and control, added
to the light running and easy riding qualities of
Studebaker cars are the delight of their 75,000
owners.

The Studebaker (Flanders) "20" is equal in
quality of material and workmanship to any car
made, and its low price and low upkeep cost
puts it within your reach.

We know the quality of our cars because
every part is made in our own plants and
guarantees to us what we guarantee to you.
The Studebaker name, too, means service after
you buy.

Ready for immediate delivery.



The \$800 Studebaker (Flanders) "20"

Price, Standard Equipped, \$800 f. o. b. Detroit.
Equipped as above, with Top, Windshield, Prest-O-Lite Tank
and Speedometer, \$885.

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STATE CONVENTION

OF THE W. C. T. U.

The annual convention of the New
Mexico Woman's Christian Temper-
ance Union will be held in Santa Fe
August 8, 9 and 10. The convention
opens Thursday evening in the House
of Representatives. This will be
"Welcome night" and addresses of
welcome will be made by Governor
McDonald, Judge Pope and other pro-
minent men and women of the differ-
ent organizations. Mrs. S. C. Nutter,
state president, presiding. The day
sessions will be held in St. John's M.
E. church. Preliminary meetings of
the official board and boards of su-
perintendents will be held on Friday
and on Saturday morning. Sunday,
Mrs. Lila Carlon Moore, national lec-
turer and organizer, will fill the pulpit
of St. John's M. E. church and lecture
in the evening at House of Represent-
atives. We are expecting several of
our national lecturers and workers in
attendance.

Monday there will be an excursion
to the Santa Clara Pueblo. Dance
where Governor McDonald and Mrs.
Dorcas Spencer, national superintend-
ent of work among Indians, will ad-
dress the people. Tuesday we join
the Archaeological School in the ex-
cursion to the Puye Cliff Dwellings.
Notice of special features of the con-
vention will be given from day to
day.

We are expecting a large number
of delegates and many visitors to the
convention and we hope their sojourn
in our midst may be most profitable
and pleasant. It would be most fitting
for Santa Fe to become the conven-
tion city of the state because of its
many natural attractions and the Ar-
chaeological School offering such won-
derful opportunity for instruction and
research. The public is cordially in-
vited to attend all sessions of the con-
vention.

NEW MEXICO DEMOCRATS WILL MEET.

The democratic state convention is
called to meet at the Elks theater at
Albuquerque on Monday, September
9, commencing at 10 a. m. A candi-
date for congress will be nominated
at this time as well as three presi-
dential electors. A new state commit-
tee will also be chosen.

The various counties are entitled to
representation in the above conven-
tion on the basis of one delegate for
every one hundred votes or major
fraction thereof cast for the demo-
cratic candidate for governor in No-
vember, 1911, and on that basis the
representation from the various coun-
ties shall be as follows:

Bernalillo 31, Chavez 20, Colfax 19,
Curry 10, Dona Ana 14, Eddy 15,
Grant 15, Guadalupe 10, Lincoln 8,
Luna 6, McKinley 4, Mora 12, Otero 7,
Quay 12, Rio Arriba 12, Roosevelt 8,
Sandoval 8, San Juan 8, San Miguel
22, Santa Fe 14, Sierra 6, Socorro 10,
Taos 10, Torrance 8, Union 14, Valen-
cia 2. Total 311.

The chairmen of the various coun-
ty committees are requested to call
primaries and a county convention at
an early date for the selection of dele-
gates to the above convention, and to
name two members of the state cen-
tral committee for a period of two
years.

All contests must be in the hands of
the secretary of the state central com-
mittee in writing, at least two days
before the state convention.
No proxy will be recognized unless
held by a resident of the same coun-
ty as the delegate giving the proxy.

A meeting of the state central com-
mittee is also called for 9 a. m., Mon-
day, Sept. 9th, for the purpose of re-
commending temporary officers to the
convention and for such other busi-
ness as may come before the commit-
tee. Members of the committee are
requested to hand to the secretary at
this meeting, a list of delegates with
proxies, in attendance from their re-
spective counties in order to aid in
forming a temporary roll.

Subscribe for the Santa Fe New
Mexican, the paper that boosts all
of the time and works for the up-
building of our new State.



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THE BEST
HARD-
WARE
LISTEN!

WE SOCK THE KNIFE IN TO PRICES ON HARDWARE. A BIG
BUSINESS AT LITTLE PRICES! OUR WAY OF DOING BUSI-
NESS.

WE ARE NOT AFRAID THAT OUR BUSINESS IS SOON
GOING TO BLOW OUT. WE ARE HERE TO STAY, BY CARRYING
WHAT THE PEOPLE WANT AND BY DOING A SQUARE BUSI-
NESS.

Wood-Davis Hardware Co.

Phone 14. If Its Hardware We Have It. Phone 14

Why Import Mineral Water?

WHEN YOU CAN GET THE :
Celebrated Maiden Butte Mineral Water,
All Kinds of Soda,
Special High Ball Ginger Ale

Delivered to your house. Patronize home industry. Leave orders at
KAUNE & CO'S STORE, PHONE 26.
THE SANTA FE MINERAL WATER CO.

FRANK M. JONES, Capital City Bank Bldg. Room 26.

LIFE, ACCIDENT, HEALTH, FIRE INSURANCE,
AND FIDELITY BONDS. Writes all the Modern
Policies at Lowest Rates.

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For Sale, Improved and Unimproved City Property and Or-
chards. Ranches With and Without Improvements.
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LIGHT

IN THESE DAYS OF MODERN METH-
ODS, Electricity plays a most impor-
tant part. The grandfather would
be amazed at the radiance of the mod-
ern home—and why all this light? To
make the home more homelike—to make
the home the most pleasant spot on earth
for father, mother and children. Good light
that is easy on the eyes is very much to be
desired.

POWER

NOTHING IS QUITE SO CONVEN-
IENT as to touch the button and
your stove is ready to cook—your
iron ready to use, your toasted
ready for the hurried breakfast, your vacu-
um cleaner ready for the fray, your washer
ready to cleanse, fan ready to cool the heat-
ed rooms. Electricity will do every thing
for you. We furnish it at reasonable rates,
day and night. Estimates and full infor-
mation cheerfully given.

SANTA FE WATER & LIGHT CO.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Santa Fe, N. M.
July 3, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that Francisco
Montoya y Martinez of Espanola,
N. M., who on Dec. 30, 1910, made
Homestead Entry No. 014,735, for SW
1-4 SE 1-4, S 1-2 SW 1-4, and W 1-2 NW
1-4, SW 1-4, Section 23, Township 21
N., Range 2 E., N. M. Meridian, has
filed notice of intention to make final
five year proof, to establish claim to
the land above described, before Reg-
ister or Receiver at Santa Fe, N. M., on
Sept. 5, 1912.

MANUEL R. OTERO,
Register.

Subscribe for the Santa Fe New
Mexican, the paper that boosts all
of the time and works for the up-
building of our new State.

NOW IS THE TIME to
have Porch, Park
and Lawn Sets, Swings,
Awnings and Screens made
to order by one who knows
how. Fruit Ladders a
specialty.

J. F. RHOADS

104 Galisteo Street
Telephone 157 W. : : SANTA FE, N. M.

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time writing out your legal form
when you can get them already print-
ed at the New Mexican Printing
Company.

NEW STATE BAGGAGE AND EXPRESS LINE.

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Leave Orders at Butt Bros. Drug Store

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Will clean, press, repair
or alter Ladies' and
Gents' Garments at
reasonable prices and
will guarantee his work.
Orders taken for Ladies'
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Made Suits, Overcoats,
Skirts or Riding Suits.

Thirty years' of experience in
tailoring in some of the largest
cities in Europe and America.

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Goods Called for and Delivered.

SUNNER SCHOOL OF ARCHAEOLOGY

(By John S. Harris.)

This year's season of the School of American Archaeology is proving so very interesting to those who attend that there is little doubt that the summer session next year will be Santa Fe's main attraction. This morning a large crowd watched the most skillful of the San Ildefonso Indians mould utensils from the clay.

Starting at the mixing of the clay, the art of pottery making was taken up step by step and almost before those who had gathered to watch the original pieces and laid them aside to dry. The speed with which they would mould this pottery is incredible. The manner in which they handle their very crude tools and the artistic results obtained makes this one of the very unique features of the summer school. The students of the school will have the privilege of seeing the entire process of pottery making for while the moulders were busy, three burro loads of cedar wood arrived which will be used in burning the vessels moulded this morning. The moulding proved of such interest that Dr. Hewett postponed his walk around the Old Palace in order that the entire morning might be given up to watching the potters.

Dr. Harry L. Wilson of John Hopkins, arrived in Santa Fe last Saturday to deliver a course of lectures on Roman Archaeology and Art.

His first lecture was given Sunday night in the House of Representatives at the Capitol before a large audience. His subject Sunday night was "Life, Art and Religion in Ancient Etruria." This was illustrated by a splendid series of slides which, with Dr. Wilson's lecture, laid especial emphasis on their skill in engineering and in the selection and fortification of the sites on which their cities were built.

He also spoke of their fine art, showing many pictures of their sculpturing and painting and closed, by pointing out the fact that the Etruscans were the first and for a long time the only teachers of the Roman in all things artistic.

Monday afternoon at the Old Palace Professor Wilson discussed the Roman Campaign and its monuments in order to give, first of all, the setting of the Eternal City, which is to be the subject of several illustrated lectures. After showing the geological origin of the great plain which surrounds the city he showed and explained the most important monuments of the Romans and among these the great aqueduct, which stretches for miles across the open country showing imposing ruins of arches, the ruins of the residences of the wealthy Romans of antiquity, the great military roads which radiate from Rome in every direction and the temples, shrines and theatres and other remains of the ancient town of the Alban race.

The next lecture in the course will be given tonight at 8:00 and the subject will be: "The City of Rome in Antiquity."

One of the delightful features of the

Cure Your Backache and Rheumatism

WITH FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

Backache drags on your vitality. Saps your strength. Weakens your endurance. Hampers you in your work. Besides that, it means something wrong with your kidneys; a weakness, an inflammation, a breaking down, may be, of the kidney tissues. Foley Kidney Pills is the true answer. They will help you QUICKLY, strengthen and heal your kidneys, regulate the action of your bladder, and drive out Backache and Rheumatism. They will make a strong, well man of you. No habit forming drugs. Try them, or sale by all druggists.

School of American Archaeology and of which more Santa Feans should take advantage of is the morning walking excursion which is generally under the guidance of Director Hewett.

The first of these was to Fort Marcy by way of the Garita or old Spanish prison. From there Dr. Hewett took the students to the ruins of the ancient Tano Pueblo, portions of which may be seen today, and gave a sketch of these Indians' history, explaining their costumes and beliefs.

One remark which Dr. Hewett made and which aroused a great deal of interest was that he believed a kiva or estufa might be unearthed at a certain point on the fort.

From the archives in Spain and the City of Mexico it is now definitely known that Coronado did not visit Santa Fe in 1542 but that Onate was the first explorer to reach this country and made the first permanent settlement in Santa Fe in 1598. However Onate saw the ruins of the Tano Pueblo on Fort Marcy as early as 1598.

RAILROAD TO MATERIALIZE.

Texico, N. M., Aug. 7.—The long talked of Santa Fe railroad, cut off from Lubbock to Texico is about to materialize at last. Work has been going on at several places along the line for some time, but nothing has been done here until now. Mr. W. P. Brown, the sub-contractor, came in yesterday from San Anacito, Colorado, where he had been working on some kind of irrigation reservoir. He has 26 teams and a good force of men with him and will begin work in a day or two on his 13 miles that begin at Texico.

The biggest rain of the season fell last night, so far as we know, all over eastern New Mexico, but the telephone wires have all been put out of commission temporarily by the electricity.

The Santa Fe train No. 118 is held here on account of a washout between here and Clovis, said to be about two and a half miles long.

It is thought that Clovis and vicinity had a cloudburst last night. The fine rain, the work on the Santa Fe cut off and the splendid prospect of the new railroad being built from here to Midland, Texas, soon, makes the old-timers around Texico feel a great deal better.

BARTENDER WINS SCHOLARSHIP AT PRINCETON: MIXES DRINKS WITH ALGEBRA, ATHLETICS AND MORALS.



JOHN LARSEN.

John Larsen, at 19 is a fine little mixer. He can mix a pousee cafe or a suiseuse with the same abandon that he juggles algebraic equations, discourses on political economy, or "draws one with a low collar."

As bartender in his father's "life-saving station," on Milwaukee avenue, Chicago, John mixed drinks for others—he doesn't indulge—and studied night after night until 1 a. m. sounded the closing hour.

His surroundings never caused the boy to swerve from the path he chose as a lead, to keep straight and obtain an education. As a result of mixing work and study, he graduates in the fall from the barroom and matriculates at Princeton, with a scholarship which assures his expenses for four years, at the New Jersey institution of learning made famous by "Doggie" Trenchard, the Poes, de Witt, Sammy White and—Woodrow Wilson, inventor of the criss-cross play in football.

Larsen was chosen by the Princeton club of Chicago, which annually selects the student who best stands the acid test as the most worthy candidate for honors.

Larsen went through Evanston academy, paying his expenses with

money earned by tending bar for his father. Hard as the work was it doesn't seem to have interfered with the physical or mental development of this boy with the determined jaw and the physique of a young Hercules. In addition to his studies, Larsen found time to play baseball and to make the track team. He is an all-around athlete, and has competed against the best inter-scholastic stars in the country.

"I don't know what they'll think of me going from a barroom to Princeton, do you, pop?" the brawny young fellow asked his father, across the bar, the other day.

"It doesn't make any difference, my boy, where you come from. Your work has been honest, and you're a good boy. If you weren't entitled to it you wouldn't have received the scholarship."

"We picked Larsen because he is a man of all-around ability, has led a clean life, is a good mixer with both drinks and men; because he aspires to high things, and because we believe he will make good for old Nasau," said R. C. McClurg, secretary of the Chicago Princeton club.

Larsen will study civil engineering.

CLEARANCE SALE!



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We Are Doing It Right!

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There is no gas or hot air about it!
We do what we advertise!

Now for Big Bargains in **OXFORDS** For Men, Women and Children.

20% OFF ON OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF OXFORDS AND LOW SHOES

We have several hundred pairs of broken lines which are going at HALE PRICE. These are all this season's styles and worth just as much to you as if we had a full line. But they have lost their commercial value to us.

100 Pairs of Ladies Oxfords and Slippers in Black and Tan. All odds and ends. Values up to \$3.00 a pair. While they last **75c** per pair



No. 1877-A

COLONIALS

The very latest thing and the season's best styles in Suedes, Tans and Gun Metal. Regular \$4.00.

Your choice, **\$2.65**

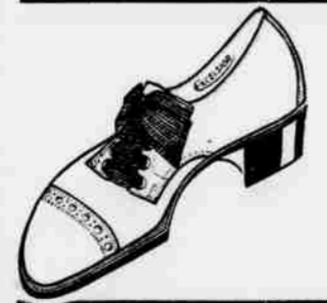
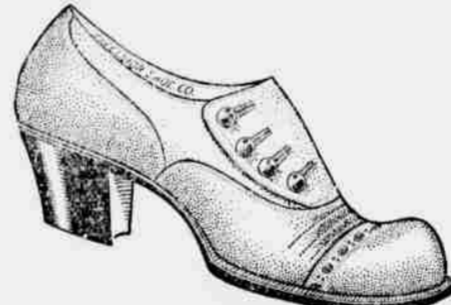


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One lot of Men's Oxfords. All kinds of leathers and styles. Values up to \$4.50. Your choice **\$2.00**



200 pairs of Tan, Gun Metal and Patent Colt. Regular \$3.50 and \$4.00 Sale price **\$2.75**



One lot of \$4.50 Oxfords, Black and Tan. Button, Blucher or Lace. Your choice **\$3.15**

FORBUSH MAKE.

CHILDREN'S OXFORDS AND SLIPPERS.

| | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Regular, \$2.50, Sale Price, \$1.55 | Regular, \$1.35, Sale Price, \$.95 |
| " 2.25, " " 1.75 | " 1.15, " " .75 |
| " 2.00, " " 1.45 | Boys' Shoes and Oxfords for a Song |

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JOHN PFLUEGER.

Fraternal Societies



MASONIC.
Montezuma Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M. Regular communication first Monday of each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30.

ALAN R. McCORD, W. M.
CHAS. E. LINNEY, Secretary.



Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. A. M. Regular convocation second Monday of each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.

CHAS. A. WHEELON, H. F.
ARTHUR SELIGMAN, Secretaries.



Santa Fe Commandery No. 1, K. T. Regular convocation fourth Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.

W. H. KENNEDY, E. C.
W. E. GRIFFIN, Recorder.



Santa Fe Lodge of Perfection No. 1, 14th degree. Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of Free Masonry meets at the third Monday of each month at 7:30 o'clock in the evening at Masonic Hall, south side of Plaza.

Visiting Festal Rite Masons are cordially invited to attend.
S. G. CARTWRIGHT, 32.
Venerable Master

HENRY F. STEPHENS, 32
Secretary.



G. P. O. E.
466, B. P. O. E. holds Santa Fe Lodge No. 1 its regular session of the second and fourth Wednesday of each month. Visiting brothers are invited and welcome.

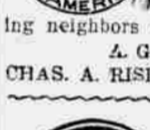
FRANK T. BLANDY, Exalted Ruler.

P. M. A. LIENAU, Secretary.



Santa Fe Camp 13514, M. W. A. meets second Tuesday each month, so called meeting third Tuesday at Fireman's Hall. Visiting neighbors welcome.

A. G. WHITTIER, Consul
CHAS. A. RISING, Clerk.



F. W. FARMER
Homestead No. 2879.
Brotherhood of American Yeomen meets first Friday of the month at the Fireman's Hall. H. Foreman, A. E. P. Robinson, Cor. Sec. David Gonzales.



ODD FELLOWS, No. 2, I. O. O. F. Santa Fe Lodge meets regularly every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Odd Fellows Hall. Visiting brothers always welcome.

FRATERNAL UNION OF AMERICA.
Lodge No. 259, holds its regular meeting on the first Thursday of each month at Fireman's hall at 7:30 p. m. Visiting brothers are invited and welcome.

J. A. RAEL, F. M.
DAVID GONZALES, Secretary.



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HARRY D. MOULTON,
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Santa Fe, New Mexico.
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DR. W. -UME BROWN,
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Rooms 1, 2 and 3.
Phone Red 6.

Office Hours 8 a. m. to 5 p. m.
And by Appointment.

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Office Hours—11 a. m. to 12:30 p. m. 2 to 4 p. m. Evenings.
Phone Black 47.

DR. J. M. DIAZ,
RESIDENCE, DON GASPAR AVE

Phone, 220 Red
OFFICE, WEST SIDE PLAZA
Phone, 237 Black

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PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,
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PHONE 233.
Residence Palace Hotel.

Phone Main 68.

Let Him Know It—if you are out of a position, you must let the employer know it. A want advertisement in the news and professional men in the city and county and a great many in the state. If you have any special talent, do not hide it under a bushel.

You cannot get up to date printing unless you have up-to-date material and facilities. The New Mexican Printing Company has both, and at the same time expert mechanics. Your orders are always assured personal attention.

VOLUME 16. NEW MEXICO REPORTS NOW READY.

Price, \$2.70. Express Prepaid, \$3.00.

Send your orders in now for this latest volume covering the decisions of the Supreme Court up to January 15, 1912. We also carry in stock all numbers from one to fifteen inclusive. Copies of the Compiled Laws of 1897 and all subsequent Session Laws. Money's and Darden's Digests of the New Mexico Reports. Missouri Code Pleadings and Missouri Pleading Forms.

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New Mexican Printing Co.,
PUBLISHERS, SANTA FE, N. M.

SPORTING NEWS

ASSOCIATION STARS, CANDIDATES FOR MAJOR LEAGUES

It won't be long before the major league clubs begin buying the phenoms found in every bush and fast minor league in the country.

In the American association, a half-dozen fast youngsters are picked by the dopesters to get trials in the big leagues.

In Kansas City, Charles Carr believes he has one of the best, in Third Baseman Johnny Corriden, who kicked himself out of the American league a couple of years ago by letting Napoleon Lajoie beat out something like seven or eight bunts one afternoon when Larry and Cobb were fighting for batting honors.

Corriden has lost his timidity. He is strong on hard hit balls or bunts. He is one of the greatest ground-covering infielders in the American association and goes after everything. He has lost sight of his own average in the effort to help his club. A pair of good hands, a splendid arm and fleet-footed, few balls get by him.

Corriden graduated from the Western league to St. Louis, and after the Lajoie episode went to Pittsburgh where Kansas City secured him. He is now one of the stars of the American association.

Given a job until another player's finger recovered usefulness, and becoming the most talked-about player in the league, is the fate of Kemper Shelton, Columbus fielder, declared the fastest man in baseball.

Shelton didn't have a look in until an accident put him in an exhibition game. He hit like a fiend, cut off several sure hits and nailed his job.

Pittsburg tried out Shelton in the infield when he graduated from the University of West Virginia, but his speed proved a handicap and he did not last long. He went to Maysville, Ky., played the outfield, and Bob Quinn, Columbus scout, saw him one day as he stretched an ordinary double into a triple, and on top of that, steal home.

Quinn signed him, and now, although hitting less than .300, Shelton leads the association in runs scored, is fourth among the base stealers and is the most sensational fielder in the league.

Shelton is considered faster than

Cobb or Jackson. He bats right handed, but has been timed to first in 3.25 seconds, and has gone from the plate to third, 270 feet, in 10 seconds.

A year ago Wilbur Cooper was "riding the rods," trying to convince some small town manager he could pitch. Today he is the most sought pitcher in the American association and will bring a fancy price in the fall.

Cooper is only 20 and this is his second season in professional baseball. Mansfield, O., had a left-hander last year, so the management decid-



WILBUR COOPER (IN ACT OF THROWING), KEMPER SHELTON (ABOVE), AND JOHN CORRIDEN (BELOW).

ed Cooper wouldn't do. He "hopped a freight" for Marion, where, after many rebuffs he was permitted to pitch and clinched his job. Columbus bought him, while the Cubs were making bids.

Cooper may not be as sensational as Rube Marquard, but his record has

bidders after him. He has good speed, a fine curve, and what is better, wonderful control for a young southpaw. He is far steadier than Marquard was when that sensational left-hander was at Indianapolis, and is just about ripe for the fastest competition.

ever, there were local track races and hill climbs all over the country, particularly in the far west and the south. Motorists on the Pacific coast, and those interested from the buying standpoint watched with particular care the light car race at Tacoma, in which was entered a very representative field including two Fords, two Studebakers, an Oakland and others, as well as the 1910 Maxwell car which recently amazed all beholders by winning the light car race at Santa Monica. The event turned out a sweeping Studebaker victory, Evans and Tower finishing first and second, each driving the 100-miles at a rate faster than a mile a minute.

At Old Orchard Beach a Studebaker E. M. F. "30" driven by Burke and entered by Charles Simerson of West Hoboken, N. J., scared all competitors out of the races to which it was eligible, winning three events by the walkover route. Burke made a fatal mistake by showing his car at speed, in practice.

Studebaker cars also swept the card at the Memphis meeting, winning three out of four races and suffering second in the fourth after suffering from a foul which caused the disqualification of a 90-horse power opponent. Driver Gibbs and his Studebaker Flanders "20" won in their class, and in the class for 30-h. p. cars, Driver Dunnivan in another Studebaker "20" won the race for 40 h. p. cars and under.

At Los Angeles the Studebaker "20" again swept the boards, though Driver Kincaid stopped twice—once to give first aid to a fatally injured driver and mechanic, and then to send back medical help. The field included two Fords, a Thomas, Schacht and Reo.

A Studebaker "30" won the big hill climb at High Point, N. C., beating two Corbets, a Stoddard-Dayton, Pullman, Hudson and Buick.

For variety, there was a twenty-mile race on a half-mile track at Leadville, Colo. The course is probably the highest in the world, being at a two-mile altitude above sea level. The event was won by a Studebaker E. M. F. "20". A Pennsylvania finished second, and an Overland, third.

Reports of minor meetings are still filtering in, through the mails, each of them bringing its story of educational competitions.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

| NATIONAL LEAGUE. | | | |
|------------------|-----|------|------|
| | Won | Lost | Pct. |
| New York | 21 | 26 | .432 |
| Chicago | 23 | 35 | .443 |
| Pittsburg | 27 | 38 | .414 |
| Philadelphia | 29 | 47 | .382 |
| Cincinnati | 30 | 44 | .409 |
| St. Louis | 31 | 44 | .413 |
| Brooklyn | 36 | 44 | .447 |
| Boston | 27 | 70 | .278 |

| AMERICAN LEAGUE | | | |
|-----------------|-----|------|------|
| | Won | Lost | Pct. |
| Boston | 21 | 33 | .633 |
| Washington | 24 | 39 | .622 |
| Philadelphia | 29 | 43 | .578 |
| Chicago | 31 | 49 | .510 |
| Detroit | 32 | 52 | .500 |
| Cleveland | 36 | 56 | .451 |
| New York | 32 | 66 | .327 |
| St. Louis | 32 | 69 | .317 |

| WESTERN LEAGUE. | | | |
|-----------------|-----|------|------|
| | Won | Lost | Pct. |
| Denver | 43 | 46 | .577 |
| St. Joseph | 57 | 50 | .532 |

WONDERFUL RESULTS IN AUTO RACES.

Details gathered during the week following Independence day indicate that "The Fourth" of 1912 was easily the biggest day that the United States has ever known in the number and variety of automobile contests which marked its celebration.

The two "big" meets of the celebration were at opposite extremes of the country—Tacoma, Wash., and Old Orchard Beach, Me. In addition, how-

WOODROW WILSON IS TODAY OFFICIALLY NOTIFIED THAT HE HAS BEEN NOMINATED

HE ACCEPTS HIGH HONOR AND DECLARES THAT IT IS TIME TO SPEAK FROM THE CONSCIENCE AND NOT FOR MERE PURPOSE OF CATCHING VOTES—JUSTICE AND RIGHT MUST PREVAIL IF NATION IS TO PROSPER IN YEARS TO COME

IT IS PLAINLY A NEW AGE DECLARES

PROFESSOR-GOVERNOR OF NEW JERSEY

Sea Girt, N. J., Aug. 6.—Governor Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey, was officially informed today that he had been chosen by the Baltimore convention as the nominee for the presidency on the democratic ticket.

Briefly and simply, Governor Wilson was notified of his nomination by Senator-elect Ollie James of Kentucky who emphasized, as he said, that the Governor had obtained the honor untrammelled by obligations and unembarrassed by affiliations of any kind. Though the Governor spoke in acceptance, theoretically, to the fifty-two members of the committee, representing each state and territory in the United States, the speech, sounding the depth of his political philosophy, was heard by a great number.

Governor Wilson stood smiling on the veranda of the Summer Capital here early today fondling a little child and surveying the broad, green meadow where, in the afternoon he was to be officially notified of his nomination to the presidency on the democratic ticket. The child was the year old granddaughter of Mrs. Annie M. Howe of Raleigh, N. C., a sister of the nominee. The Governor's only brother, Joseph R. Wilson, one of the editors of the Nashville, Tenn., Banner and his cousin, James Woodrow, of Columbia, S. C., were the only other relatives here. Miss Eleanor Wilson, the Governor's youngest daughter, who had been visiting in Connecticut, returned here today, completing the family group.

On the veranda, where Governor Wilson was to deliver his speech of acceptance, were wicker chairs, for the 52 members of the notification committee and the guests invited by the committee which included 22 democratic governors. The exercises were scheduled to begin immediately after a luncheon to the official group.

By half past eleven the roadway was jammed with automobiles. The marching club which arrived with brass bands bore orange and black pennants with a Wilson picture on them. On their coats they wore sunflowers.

Colonel William Libbey, Princeton '77, a member of the Governor's staff, was an early arrival. It was Colonel Libbey who gave the orange and black color scheme to Princeton, which probably will be the colors of the democratic campaign decorations. Colonel Libbey discovered while in England in 1870 that the English branch of the Duke of Nassau's family had adopted orange and black and brought it to Princeton the next year when it was adopted as the college insignia.

The democratic committee of notification numbering 35, left here at 11 o'clock for Sea Girt, N. J., where this afternoon, Gov. Wilson was to be officially informed that he has been nominated for the presidency. An interesting member of the committee was Mrs. C. P. Overfield of Salt Lake City, Utah, who took the place of her husband, C. P. Overfield, who was unable to come east and asked his wife to act for him in the committee.

The notification committee led by Governor-elect Ollie James of Kentucky arrived at 1:45 o'clock, accompanied by Governors Baldwin of Connecticut, Dix of New York, Donaghey of Arkansas, Foss of Massachusetts, and O'Neal of Alabama. Senator Myers of Montana, Former National Chairman Norman E. Mack, Charles R. Crane of Chicago, who has just been appointed vice chairman of the democratic finance committee, and Representatives Henley of Alabama, and Johnson of Kentucky.

The party were received by the governor, his wife, and daughters in the governor's cottage, where luncheon was served to them.

William Jennings Bryan sent a telegram regretting that previous engagements had prevented him from coming to Sea Girt.

Senator-elect Ollie James came to the front of the veranda at 3 o'clock accompanied by Governor Wilson and Governor Marshall. They were greeted by loud cheers.

Governor Wilson sat to the right of Mr. James while the vice presidential candidate was at his left.

Mr. James' speech of notification was frequently interrupted by applause.

After thanking the committee of notification and expressing his profound sense of responsibility in accepting the nomination, the Governor said he realized that he was expected to speak plainly, to talk politics and open the campaign "in words whose meaning no one need doubt." And he was expected to speak, he added, to the country as well as to the committee.

"We must speak," he continued, by way of preface, "not to catch votes, but to satisfy the thought and con-

science of a people deeply stirred by the conviction that they have come to a critical turning point in their moral and political development.

"Plainly it is a new age," he went on. "It requires self-restraint not to attempt too much and yet it would be cowardly to attempt too little. In the broad light of this new day, we stand face to face with what? Plainly not with questions of party, not with a contest for office, not with a petty struggle for advantage. With great questions of right and of justice, rather, questions of national development, of the development of character and of standards of action no less than of a better business system.

The forces of the nation are asserting themselves against every form of special privilege and private control, and are seeking bigger things than they have ever heretofore achieved.

"There are two great things to do. One is to set up the rule of justice and of right in such matters as the tariff, the regulation of the trusts and the prevention of monopoly, the adaptation of our banking and currency laws to the very uses to which our people must put them, the treatment of those who do the daily labor in our factories and mines and throughout all our great industrial and commercial undertakings, and the political life of the people of the Philippines, for whom we hold government at power in trust, for their service, not our own. The other, the additional duty, is the great task of protecting our people and our resources and of keeping open to the whole people the doors of opportunity through which they must, generation by generation, pass if they are to make conquest of their fortunes in health, in freedom, in peace, and in contentment. In the performance of this second great duty we are face to face with questions of conservation and of development, questions of forests and waterpowers and mines and waterways, of the building of an adequate merchant marine.

"We have got into trouble in recent years chiefly because these large things, which ought to have been handled by taking counsel with as large a number of persons as possible because they touch every interest and the life of every class and region, have in fact too often been handled in private conference. They have been settled by very small, and often deliberately exclusive groups of men who undertook to speak for the whole nation—very honestly it may be, but very ignorantly sometimes, and very shortsighted, too—a poor substitute for genuine common counsel, no group of directors, economic, or political, can speak for a people. They have neither the point of view nor the knowledge. Our difficulty is not that wicked and designing men have plotted against us, but that our common affairs have been determined upon too narrow a view and too private an initiative. Our task now is to effect a great readjustment and get the forces of the whole people more into play. We need no revolution, we need no excited charge; we need only a new point of view and a new method and spirit of counsel.

"The tariff question as dealt with in our time at any rate has not been business. It has been politics. Tariff schedules have been made up for the purpose of keeping as large a number as possible of the rich and influential manufacturers of the country in a good humor with the republican party which desired their constant financial support. The tariff has become a system of favors, which the phraseology of the schedule was often deliberately contrived to conceal. Who, when you come down to the hard facts of the matter, have been represented in recent years when our tariff schedules were being discussed and determined, not on the floor of congress, for that is not where they have been determined, but in the committee rooms and conferences? That is the heart of the whole affair. Will you, can you, bring the whole people into the partnership or not?

"We do not ignore the fact that the business of a country like ours is exceedingly sensitive to changes in legislation of this kind. It has been built up, however, ill-advisedly, upon tariff schedules written in the way I have indicated, and its foundations must not be too radically or too suddenly disturbed. When we act we should act with caution and prudence, like men who know what they are about, and not like those in love with a theory. It is obvious that the changes we make should be made only at such a rate and in such a way as will least interfere with the moral and healthful course of commerce and manufacture. But we shall not on

that account act with timidity, as if we did not know our own minds, for we are certain of our ground and of our object. There should be an immediate revision and it should be downward unhesitatingly and steadily downward.

"The nation as a nation has grown immensely rich. She is justly proud of her industries and of the genius of her men of affairs. They can master anything they set their minds to and we have been greatly stimulated under their leadership and command. Their laurels are many and very green. We must accord them the great honors that are their due and we must preserve what they have built up for us. But what of the other side of the picture? It is not as easy for us to live as it used to be. Our money will not buy as much. High wages, even when we get them, yield us no great comfort. We used to be better off with less, because a dollar could buy so much more. The majority of us have been disturbed to find ourselves growing poorer, even though our earnings were slowly increasing. Prices climb faster than we can push our earnings up. We know that they are not fixed by the competitions of the market, or by the ancient law of supply and demand which is to be found stated in all primers of economics, but by private arrangements with regard to what the supply should be and agreement among the producers themselves. Those who buy are not even represented by counsel. The high cost of living is arranged by private understanding.

"We naturally ask ourselves, how did these gentlemen get control of these things? Who handed our economic laws over to them for legislative and contractual alteration? We have in these disclosures still another view of the tariff, still another proof that, not the people of the United States, but only a very small number of them have been partners in that legislation.

"The so-called labor question is a question only because we have not yet found the rule of right in adjusting the interests of labor and capital. Here, again, the sense of universal partnership must come into play if we are to act like statesmen, as those who serve, not a class, but a nation. "The working people of America—if they must be distinguished from the minority that constitutes the rest of it—are, of course, the backbone of the nation. No law that safeguards their life, that improves the physical and moral conditions under which they live, that makes their hours of labor rational and tolerable, that gives them freedom to act in their own interest, and that protects them where they cannot protect themselves—can properly be regarded as class legislation or as anything but as a measure taken in the interest of the whole people, whose partnership in right action we are trying to establish and make real and practical. It is in this spirit that we shall act if we are genuine spokesmen of the whole country.

"In dealing with the complicated and difficult question of the reform of our banking and currency laws, it is plain that we ought to consult very many persons besides the bankers, not because we distrust the bankers, but because they do not necessarily comprehend the business of the country, notwithstanding they are indispensable servants of it and may do a vast deal in making it hard or easy. No mere bankers' plan will meet the requirements, no matter how honestly conceived. It should be a merchants' and farmers' plan as well, elastic in the hands of those who use it as an indispensable part of their daily business.

"In dealing with the Philippines, we should not allow ourselves to stand upon any mere point of pride. We are not the owners of the Philippine Islands. We hold them in trust for the people who live in them. They are theirs, for the uses of their life. We are not even their partners. It is our duty, as trustees, to make whatever arrangement of government will be most serviceable to their freedom and development. Here, again, we are to set up the rule of justice and of right.

"I do not know any greater question than that of conservation. We have been a spendthrift nation and must now husband what we have left. We must do more than that. We must develop, as well as preserve, our water powers and must add great waterways to the transportation facilities of the nation; to supplement the railways within our borders as well as upon the Isthmus. We must revive our merchant marine, too, and fill the seas again with our fleets. We must add to our present post-office service

a parcels post as complete as that of any other nation. We must look to the health of our people upon every hand, as well as hearten them with justice and opportunity. This is the policy that has a vision and a hope and that looks to serve mankind.

"With regard to the development of greater and more numerous waterways and the building up of a merchant marine, we must follow great constructive lines and not fall back upon the cheap device of bounties and subsidies. In the case of the Mississippi river, that great central artery of our trade, it is plain that the federal government must build and maintain the levees and keep the great waters in harness for the general use. It is plain, too, that vast sums of money must be spent to develop new waterways where trade will be most served and transportation most readily cheapened by them. Such expenditures are no larger on the part of the government, they are national investments.

"The very fact that we have at last taken the Panama Canal seriously in hand and are vigorously pushing it towards completion is eloquent of our re-awakened interest in international trade. We are not building the canal and pouring millions upon millions of money into its construction merely to establish a water connection between the two coasts of the continent, important and desirable as that may be, particularly from the point of view of naval defense. It is meant to be a great international highway. It would be a little ridiculous if we should build it and then have no ships to send through it. There have been years when not a single ton of freight passed through the great Suez Canal in an American ship so empty were the seas of our ships and seamen. We must mean to put an end to that kind of thing or we would not be cutting a new canal at our very doors merely for the use of our men of war. We shall not manage the revival by the mere palsy device of tolls. We must build and buy ships in competition with the world. We can do it if we will but give ourselves leave.

"There is another duty which the democratic party has shown itself great enough and close enough to the people to perceive, the duty of government to share in promoting agricultural, industrial, vocational education in every way possible within its constitutional powers. No other platform has given this intimate vision of a party's duty. The nation cannot enjoy its deserved supremacy in the markets and enterprises of the world unless its people are given the ease and effectiveness that come only with knowledge and training. Education is part of the great task of conservation, part of the task of renewal and of perfected power.

"A presidential campaign may easily degenerate into a mere personal contest and so lose its real dignity and significance. There is no indispensable man. The government will not collapse and go to pieces if any one of the gentlemen who are seeking to be entrusted with its guidance should be left at home. But men are instruments. We are as important as the cause we represent, and in order to be important must really represent a cause. What is our cause? The people's cause. That is easy to say, but what does it mean? The common as against any particular interest whatever. Yes, but that, too, needs translation into acts and policies. We represent the desire to set up an unentangled government, a government that cannot be used for private purposes, either in the field of business or in the field of politics; a government that will not tolerate the use of the organization of a great party to serve the personal aims and ambitions of any individual, and that will not permit legislation to be employed to further any private interest. I heed with deep thankfulness the message you bring me from the country. I feel that I am surrounded by men whose principles and ambitions are those of true servants of the people. I thank God, and will take courage.

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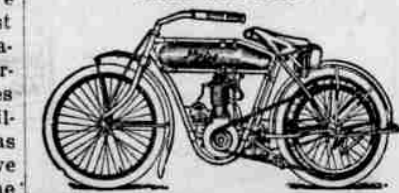
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WONDERFUL LECTURES ON ARCHAEOLOGY HERE

(By Nan O'Neill)

The two lectures at the School of Archaeology last night proved to be the most interesting to the large number of students in attendance. The enrollment is larger than ever before and the session promises to be a tremendous success.

Dr. T. D. A. Cockrell continued his course of lectures upon Evolution and Heredity. He began his talk with an explanation of the Darwinian theory of evolution. He explained that the popular impression of Darwin's theory was that man is the direct descendant of the ape—whereas we are probably only forty-seventh cousins of the monkey. The theory was based on two principles—sexual selection and survival of the fittest, and in this general theory evolution was only one example.

Darwin's evidences that man and animal were made on the same plan are first, man's body is constructed in the same way as an animal's body. Studying tissue, one finds they are the same not only in mammals but even in insects as in man. As a second evidence numerous rudiments are found in man which may be traced in lower animals. There is a small lump on the top of our ears which is the remains of the pointed ears of our ancestors. The appendix is another rudiment whose only value in man is to give surgeons practice, which in animals is a very useful organ.

Another biologist of great fame is an Englishman named Wallace who is still living in England although he is over ninety years of age. Biologists have been divided into two camps, the one headed by Darwin and the other by Wallace. Wallace says that man's soul is the explanation of all higher qualities in man, and that Darwin's theory of evolution does not include the evolution of the soul. The struggle for existence would bring no love of music or art qualities which are born with us today. It is the effort of all philosophy to understand the origin of the soul and all theories regarding it have some weak links in their arguments. Philosophy is at best a coat which one may button in front at the expense of leaving it split up the back. We try to give proper only the front view but occasionally some one sneaks around and sees the back. It may be said that Darwin and Wallace see the same object from two different points—one material and the other metaphysical.

Each scientist must have his own theories, according to his point of view. Bergson, a French scientist, claims that all knowledge comes in two ways—through intellect and intuition. For example we feel intuitively the continuance of life through all the ages, but we do not know this through intellect. Weismann, a German philosopher, published a theory stating that all forms of life have two kinds of plasmas—the form plasma and the germ plasma. The form plasma which is the center of material for the body dies, but the germ plasma creates other germ plasmas which do not die with the body. Therefore life is a continuous thread, growing larger and smaller, but never breaking—in this way each of us in ourselves are epitomes of all the past and because the germ plasma remains unbroken we are at least a million years old.

Dr. Hector Allot of Los Angeles gave the second lecture of the evening on Early Italian Art. He connected his lecture with the preceding lecture in showing how art was also an evolution and since painting was the mirror of each period, we could trace the development of culture through art. Painting did not begin as an idle juggling of stones with a stray piece of charcoal as many suppose, but served a purpose from the beginning as a record of man. The crude pictures and engravings that we find in the cave dwellings all had their use, for instance, there is a sketch of a primitive man, killing a lion. The father may have drawn this to encourage bravery in his son and as a record of the father's courage.

The three great divisions of art are architecture, sculpture and painting and these remain the flower of archaeology because the art of today will be the ruins which are excavated tomorrow. In the development of painting one finds three periods, first fresco, then mosaic and finally wall painting which gave rise to canvas painting later on.

Dr. Allot illustrated his lecture with splendid stereoscopic views showing the development of art from the early fresco—Roman frescoes, mosaics, showing oriental influence, and painting showing the three types primitive, mystic and the Madonna. Pictures by the masters, such as Fra Angelico, Botticelli, Da Vinci, Raphael, Andrea del Sarto Titian were thrown on the screen and made the evening a delight to all those present.

PERSONALS

W. C. Beal is here from the Duke City.

L. P. Lyster is here from the Meadow City.

Mrs. Robert Ervin will not be at home tomorrow.

W. D. Shea returned last evening from a business trip to the San Luis Valley.

J. P. Boyer from Albuquerque, is registered here today.

Gus Adrian is in the city today from the San Pedro mining camp.

George Graves and son of Las Vegas, are city arrivals today.

B. G. Randall, the Taos banker and ranchman, is in Santa Fe today.

Mrs. W. R. Johnson and Miss E. M. Whitney are Santa Fe visitors.

Attorney J. H. Crist returned last evening from a trip to his ranch in Rio Arriba county.

Judge E. R. Wright returned last evening from Fort Sumner where he had been on business matters.

Miss Pearl Gallagher left today for an extended trip through New Mexico and Texas. She will return about October first.

Judges Hanna and Roberts and Messrs. Salmon, Winters and John Walker are enjoying an outing on the Pecos at the Valley Ranch.

Rev. J. M. Shimer returned yesterday.

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It is assumed that the government is prepared to meet them part way in a plan of establishing peace. El Paso, Texas, Aug. 7.—Rafael Hernandez, minister of fomento of Mexico, at noon today crossed the international boundary just west of El Paso, and was met by General Pascual Orozco, who rode out from Durango on the Mexican side with a party of his staff officers. The result of the secret conference between the federal government cabinet members and the rebel commander in chief, is not made known.

It was declared to the Associated Press by Enrique C. Lorente, Mexican consul here, that the conference is not official. Consul Lorente says that General Orozco sent for Senator Hernandez and that the meeting was solicited on the part of the federal government.

Hernandez arrived here last night on his way to California.

It was announced here this morning that he merely stopped over in El Paso for a day's respite on the journey. It was said that he was on a purely industrial mission and that his trip along the border had nothing to do with the revolution.

When seen this afternoon by the Associated Press, Senator Hernandez denied that he had talked with General Orozco. Pressed, he admitted that he had crossed the line west of El Paso, but for the purpose, he said, of showing his friends the place of the peace conference in which he participated at the end of the Madero revolution. The minister had just returned here in an automobile. General Orozco who left Juarez this morning on horse, has not yet returned to the Mexican border city of Juarez.

Pascual Orozco on returning to Juarez about one o'clock, said to an Associated Press reporter that he had not met Mr. Hernandez. He said he had only been out riding.

"I would be glad to admit it if I had met Mr. Hernandez," said Orozco, "as it would be to my advantage if the minister of the interior had met me in a conference."

Orozco admitted that his ride had taken him to the vicinity of "Peace grove" which Minister Hernandez said he had visited.

MONSTER PENSION

BILL IS BEATEN BY BUT ONE VOTE.

Measure Carrying Pork to the Amount of One Hundred and Fifty Million Dollars Goes Back to the House.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 7.—The fight to pass the \$150,000,000 pension appropriation bill was lost by one vote in the senate today and the measure was sent back to the house for further conference.

After a motion to agree to the house amendment to abolish the 17 outlying pension agencies had been lost on a tie vote, the senate agreed 29 to 26 to stick to its demand that the pension agencies be retained. This is the only point upon which the senate and house are at odds.

BIG LAND GRANTS

SOLD FOR TAXES.

(Continued From Page Four.)

a mad scramble to save the properties. A. J. Green bought in the Salt Lakes, also the Tajique grant. William Elgin bought in the New Mexico Fuel and Iron company's holdings. Ed. Robinson bought the Torreon grant and Mr. Green also took the Mora grant. Representatives of the various properties arrived in time yesterday to redeem the certificates and so the status of the property remains about the same except the New Mexico Fuel and Iron company properties. Mr. Paul came in with his injunction after the deeds were recorded. It is now a question as to whether or not the county officials are in contempt of court or whether the court's injunction is void having been served too late. The Tajique people are indignant over the whole affair.

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NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

(04591)
Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Santa Fe, N. M.
July 29, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that Antonio Villanueva of Galisteo, N. M., who, on July 8, 1907, made homestead entry No. 11718 for NW 1-4, Section 14, Township 13 N., Range 9 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final 5-year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Harry C. Kinsell, U. S. Comm'r. at Stanley, N. Mex., on the 16 day of September, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Thomas Villanueva, Pino Villanueva, Gregorio Padia, and Jose Villanueva, all of Galisteo, N. M.
MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

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THAT QUESTION OF EUGENICS.

The world's congress on eugenics is in session over in London. People who have had time to look it up in the dictionary have a hazy idea of what eugenics is.

Nobody has anything clearer than a hazy idea, not even the people attending the congress. The best that can be said for them is that they know where they think they are going, but they don't know the way.

Really, however, and this makes it interesting to us all, eugenics is the science of breeding better men and better women.

It relates to babies and the improvement thereof. It seeks for an improved transmission of the best qualities from one generation to another.

It's a great, an alluring idea. Burbank breeds cactuses without thorns, and persimmons without pucker, and why can't we breed people without diseases or bad breath or criminal tendencies?

The answer is plain. It is too bad to dampen the ardor of the eugenicists, who, on the whole, are doing some good, but the fact is that people can't be bred as plants and animals are. We get better breeds by saving only the best, and killing off the ordinary and imperfect.

To the ordinary and imperfect people this seems an objection to the application of the principles of scientific breeding to us! We don't like to be killed off, or sterilized merely because we are ordinary or imperfect.

And again, suppose we adopt, for the sake of argument, the plan of allowing only the extraordinary and the perfect to perpetuate the race. Who shall say who are extraordinary and perfect? You and I, my dear, of course, but how about Harold and Gladys? Hasn't Harold's father a questionable ancestry as to morality? And doesn't Gladys' mother have "queer" spells that send her to a sanatorium? We are all right, but probably Harold and Gladys had better be inbred!

The result would be that the strong, the wealthy and the powerful would get hold of the bureau of eugenics and insist on perpetuating their own lines—which are just as ordinary as ours.

Eugenicists of the world! There is only one way to make the race better. That way lies through better conditions for everybody. The bad breeds out with a few generations of good food, good clothing, good housing, and good education. Most criminals are normal. Most athletes and geniuses are of breeding lines with "outs" in them.

Abolish poverty, brethren, and the better race will come. Educate, and the mating business will take care of itself. It is true that epileptics, feeble-minded people, and syphilitics should not marry. As to these cases the eugenicists are doing good. But the breeding of a uniformly better race must be sought through political economy, not eugenics.

THEY DO NOT REALIZE.

The Detroit Free Press in an analysis of the present political situation, sums up with a practical decision that the split in party organizations at the present time is based rather on personality than principle, and is inclined to take the view that were Roosevelt to be removed the movement would disintegrate. The Free Press is inclined to compare the present situation with that of 1896 and even that of 1880 when the fight was made with Grant's 306, and in speaking of the events at those two dates says:

"The Grant strength in the 1880 convention was almost one-half the whole, being the 'immortal 306' who stood for their candidate from the first to the thirty-sixth ballot. The 'silver' strength of 1896 can be gauged by the size of the group of delegates who left the St. Louis convention on the adoption of the gold plank. It numbered 34."

"There are innumerable indications today that the respective proportions of the personal and the principle represented by Roosevelt are in about the proportions shown by these figures."

In giving credence to, or in accepting the views of the Free Press, two things must be taken into consideration. The first is that the Detroit journal is a rabid Taft paper, and the second that the article from which the quotation is made was written before the assembling of the progressive convention at Chicago with its 1,100 delegates and its hurricane of enthusiasm. The cause of the calling of the present convention has no parallel whatever with the reasons that led to the revolt of 1880 and 1896. On the former occasion there was no opposing convention. There was only a political soreness which is always arising in politics and which did not develop into a national organization. The revolt of 1896 was over one single political issue and upon a single political issue no great party was ever born.

The present organization is basic. It is a demand for an entirely new deal; the establishment of new methods; the tearing down of tottering structures and the building of new. It is not a question of political issues but of a governmental policy. It is not a Roosevelt party but the progressive party. The members of it are proud of their leader, but the fight for success is with him, not alone for him. It is a great, living, potential, initial movement and it is here to stay.

THE SPEED MANIA.

The question of speed in all departments of our life which was so startlingly brought out in the Titanic disaster, is again brought to mind by the action of the New York Central railroad in extending the schedule time of the limited between Chicago and New York. They are to make more stops and the tremendous speed at which they have been running will be largely reduced. This is brought about by the fact forced upon the company that no rails can be manufactured that will stand the weight of the great steel cars running at so great speed, and it was recognized that before long some terrible accident was sure to occur unless more care were taken.

The speed mania has become rampant with us and the desire to do everything at the highest possible tension has brought many a disaster. It is this demand for the combination of speed and luxury in overland travel that called into use our great limited trains which are marvels in travel, and one had grown to believe that for speed, every chance could be taken, even the chance of horrible disaster as was done in that inexcusable horror last spring on the sea.

It is gratifying therefore to note the action of one of our leading railroads in taking heed of the possibility of a wreck and consequent loss of life. It is about time that our speed mania was given a check.

A NEW LINE UP.

Instead of bosses Penrose, Crane, Barnes, Dick, Root, Watson and others who figured prominently in the boss ridden convention of seven weeks back, in the present convention appear such names as Judge Lindsey of Denver, Jane Adams, one of the foremost authorities on social betterment in the United States; Prof. C. E. Merriam of the University of Chicago, Raymond Robins, the settlement worker, a Gifford Pinchot, James R. Garfield, Francis J. Heney, Side by side with such widely known progressives are business men, farmers, manufacturers—men from every field of human activity.

In addition to these, associated with the movement are Dean Kirkway of Columbia University, Dean Lewis of Pennsylvania University and men of that stamp. It is refreshing to see the new line up; men who have been thinkers and students and not professional politicians.

A convention so representative of the forward movement in the United States has probably never assembled since the first convention of the republican party in 1856.

The government scientists are now deeply engaged in considering what makes the holes in cheese. While they're about it there are other mysteries about cheese that might be investigated. For instance, why does it sometimes move, and why is Rochefort green speckled, and why does Limburger smell. Then, too, they might tell us why is tripe goose fleshed, and why is restaurant milk blue. There is a lot ahead for the scientist.

A Georgia man has found a new use for turkeys besides making them the piece de resistance at the Thanksgiving feast. He is driving them into his cornfield to feed on the army worms. The Georgia watermelon is all right yet, but we hope the turkey importation this fall will be from some other state than Georgia. "Corn fed" sounds good enough for us.

Eleven hundred delegates at Chicago and fifty-seven minutes devoted to enthusiastic cheering for the cause the delegates represent is not as trivial as some people may think. Eh, Hon. Sec?

The senate seems to consider the nomination of the Hon. Sec. as rather a trivial matter, so far.

THE SWITZERLAND OF AMERICA.



Valley Ranch Activities.

Valley Ranch, N. M., Aug. 7.—Any one desiring a large number of fine mountain trout should have no trouble in securing them. Judging from the quality and quantity of the fishermen now seen on the banks of

the Pecos. It has been said, and we believe with truth, that the man who is a success in one thing is likely to be a success in most anything he undertakes, and those who in the last few days have undertaken fishing, and to whom any order for fish should be referred, are Judge R. H. Hanna, Judge Roberts, Nathan Salmon, Mr.

Winters, John H. Walker and many other equally prominent men. If you are looking for a prominent man around Santa Fe and don't find him, the chances are that you can get him on the long distance telephone by calling Valley Ranch. If he isn't here, he ought to be, because the fishing is unsurpassed.

REMARKS FROM THE SIDE LINE

Deelighted! Have you any new progressive ideas today?

Yes, Sec, the Colonel is just too trivial for any use these days.

If this clean business keeps up, we are going out and cut a weed out of self.

In Kansas they have given up swatting the fly to scratch the festive chigger.

And you bet your life, the Colonel will show 'em how to hold a real convention.

After all, the colonel seems to have one or two warm admirers who will not vote for Taft.

Our judicial temperament, somehow or other, seems all shot to pieces these days.

If they run a democrat along with the Colonel he will have to be some sprinter, believe us.

We would like to make a noise like a Bull Moose but we never heard a Bull Moose make a noise.

The situation has become such Sec, that to attempt to describe it would be a trivial waste of words.

Just as soon as roasting ears get a little cheaper, we are going to pull off a green corn dance of our own.

And was it really trivial? And was it trivial, too? And just how trivial was it? And just how trivial do?

The only thing we can find at Chicago to view with alarm is this suffragette business. All our family is girls.

The president seems to be awfully worried about Panama canal legislation. Never mind Willyum, you won't have to worry, after next spring.

No Willyum, there ain't nothin' particularly "reasonably progressive yet strictly safe and sane" about the damned, old convention this time.

And the Chicago convention yesterday cheered fifty-seven minutes for the Colonel. It is a striking difference from those two minute yelps for Willyum.

The Washington state bar association has adopted a resolution praising Judge Hanford. Yet, some attorneys wonder why the common gezer does not have the full mead of confidence in the profession.

General Orozco says he does not recognize the American government. What he probably wanted to say, however, was that he does not recognize the Taft administration. The state department should send him another polite but firm note.

If the senate really intends to confirm the appointment of the Hon. Sec. it ought to go ahead and do it. Any one will admit that it is obviously unfair, although admittedly safe and sane yet reasonably and trivially progressive, to keep a fellow in suspense that way.

WELCOME NIGHT, W. C. T. U.

Thursday Evening.
Mrs. S. C. Nutter, president New Mexico W. C. T. U., presiding.

Singing—"America."
Scripture Lesson and Prayer.
Violin Solo—Miss Selke.
Music, No Shadows Yonder, Episcopal Choir.

Addresses of Welcome—
His Excellency, W. C. McDonald, Governor of New Mexico.
Rev. J. M. Shimer, pastor of St. John's M. E. Church—for the church-
es.

Judge Wm. H. Pope—for the city.
A. B. Renahan—for Chamber of Commerce.

Mrs. Rupert F. Asplund—for Women's Board of Trade.
Alvan N. White, state superintendent of schools—for education.

Solo, Miss Abrahamson.
General George W. Prichard—for Bar Association.

Judge J. R. McPhee—for School of Archaeology.
Mrs. Katherine B. Paterson—for Santa Fe W. C. T. U.

Ex-Governor L. Bradford Prince—for Historical Society.
Music, Solo, "Victory", Miss Ester Barry.

Responses—
Mrs. Mary P. Ulmer, Hudson.
Mrs. M. S. Kelley, Socorro.
Mrs. B. T. Link, Las Cruces.
Music, Quartet.
Collection.
Benediction.

AS SEES IT THE BYSTANDER

ISN'T IT NICE?

To look down Hillside avenue and Johnson street is in the nature of a compensation for past unsightliness. The city workers have cleared out the weeds and both streets look spick and span like a dirty boy whose face is washed and hair brushed down smooth and slick before he is sent off to school. The renovation and revelation is especially pleasing to Johnson street residents as they have long been neglected in the attention which they deserved and they are now feeling that their street is entitled to take a place in the most select street society; indeed, they can look down on some of the other streets that have not yet donned the neat and attractive attire which is expected of those who are in society. It is but fair to commend the city government for the work it is doing in getting the streets in proper condition. Next year we are going to commence earlier so that the people from abroad who come to see our De Vargas Day parade, which is going to be one of the big features of western exhibitions in the future, will go home and tell their friends and acquaintances that Santa Fe is one of the neatest, cleanest and prettiest little cities in the whole west and that no one of the transcontinental tourists should fail to see it. But it is better late than never, as the old saying is, and a start has been made that gives encouragement for the future. It is a pleasure to look down our streets where the hoe brigade has operated and to show that the Bystander is a commender as well as a kicker. I tender congratulations to the mayor and city council for the work being done.

JUST COMMON HEROISM.

Once in a while we see in the news columns some startling act of heroism which stirs our blood and makes us rejoice in that quality which Divinity implanted in the human race. The old saying, "A man is not without honor save in his own country," is so true, and for years and years, we felt that we had to go back to ancient history for examples of heroism. Even the civil war, teeming with the most touching bits of heroic devotion, we slighted, because they were too near to our own time, and the distance to Horatius and Regulus and Alexander and Caesar and the historic heroes lent a glamour to their name and fame.

Here in our own land just the other day, a negro bootblack showed an act of heroism as great as anyone ever showed in any age and its gives us a thrill of admiration to read of it. It happened at Seattle. The slip on the Coleman dock collapsed and several women and children were thrown into the water. This negro boy, who had come west a few years ago from Pennsylvania where he had left a poor mother in destitute circumstances, plunged into the stream and managed to save seven lives.

Nothing could be finer than that, nor more heroic, nor more worthy of recognition. The mayor called a meeting, a reception was tendered the boy and a goodly sum raised. Like every true hero, the boy was modest about it. This is what he said: "I only did what any good swimmer would do in the same place. Those women lost their heads, and most of them couldn't swim, and they needed help from somebody who knows the water. I have swum since I was a boy in the Delaware river at home, and I thought I ought to help them out. I thank you very much for this medal. I know my old mother will cry for happiness when she hears about this."

Fine, wasn't it? It had the right ring. It does anyone good to know that the spirit of heroism did not die out with the men and women of ancient history. Of course it did not. The men and women of today are as great in heart and spirit as any that ever lived, if they will only give their better qualities full sway.

JUST AMUSING.

Along with the exasperating and trying things that are constantly intruding themselves into the editorial room, there are others that are just amusing. Chief among these is the importance attached to their own interests and communications by those who want something in the paper. They want it on the front page, first. It is always of more importance, of course, than the Associated Press news or anything that can occur outside their own view. It must be big headlines and sometimes boxed, but always made up in some special way. The fact that the matter is handed in today and fails to appear this afternoon is an inexcusable oversight on the part of the editor and his associate. It is so easy to make up a paper, you know, and get everything in promptly and in the most conspicuous place. The telegraph

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SANTA FE

THE OLDEST BANKING INSTITUTION IN NEW MEXICO.

Loans money on the most favorable terms on all kinds of personal and collateral security. Buys and sells bonds and stocks in all markets for its customers. Buys and sells domestic and foreign exchange and makes telegraphic transfers of money to all parts of the civilized world on as liberal terms as are given by any money-transmitting agency, public or private. Liberal advances made on consignments of livestock and products. The bank executes all orders of its patrons in the banking line, and will extend to them as liberal treatment in all directions as is consistent with sound banking.

OFFICERS.

R. J. PALEN, President. J. B. READ, Cashier.
L. A. HUGHES, Vice-President. F. McKANE, Assistant Cashier.

4% PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS 4%

THE PALACE SANTA FE, N. M.

S. A. AKINS, Proprietor.

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT. AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLAN.

LEADING COMMERCIAL HOTEL.

European Rate, \$1.00 and up,
American Plan, \$2.50 and up.

Meals, 50 Cents.

Rooms en suite with or without private bath.
Local and Long Distance Telephones in rooms. Hot and cold running water, steam heat, electric lights.

LARGE, FREE SAMPLE ROOMS IN CONNECTION.

The Montezuma Hotel SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO.

THE TRAVELING MAN'S HOME

Cuisine and Table Service Unexcelled. Rooms en suite with private baths. Electric light, Steam Heat, Central Location.

Large Sample Rooms. THOS. DORAN, Proprietor.

How About That Fire Insurance?

IS YOUR PROPERTY FULLY PROTECTED?

Think About It!—Then Act!

THE MOULTON-ESPE COMPANY

GENERAL AGENTS. : : : SANTA FE, N. M.

ZARAPERIA MEXICANA,

EDDY DELGADO, PROPRIETOR.

MANUFACTURER OF

MEXICAN BLANKETS, RUGS, PILLOW TOPS, NAVAJO PATTERNS.

Both Native and Germantown Wool Used.

Send for Price List. Orders Taken and Promptly Filled.

119 Don Gaspar Avenue.

ONE DOLLAR BUYS

One Thousand Dollars in Accident Insurance for one year in the

OCEAN ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY.

Let us Explain Our New

TRAVEL INDEMNITY POLICY

For those who travel. This contract is a winner.

GENERAL AGENTS HALL & HALL ROOM 31, CAPITAL CITY BANK BUILDING

Rooms With Bath, . . . \$1.50 and \$2.00 Per Day

THE ALBANY HOTEL

This is something new for a Denver Hotel. Larger rooms with bath, \$2.50 and \$3.00 per day. Try one of these moderate priced rooms with bath, and you will be pleased. New Fire Proof Annex, every room with bath.

Work for the New Mexican. It is working for you, for Santa Fe and the new state.

SUMMER TOURIST RATES EAST AND WEST

SANTA FE ALL THE WAY.

| | | | |
|----------------|------------|------------|---------|
| Chicago, | St. Louis, | St. Paul, | Denver, |
| \$50.35 | \$44.35 | \$50.35 | \$21.10 |
| Colo. Springs, | Pueblo, | Salt Lake, | |
| \$18.15 | \$16.15 | \$40.00 | |

CALIFORNIA.

| | | |
|--------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| Los Angeles, | San Francisco, | San Francisco, |
| San Diego, | Oakland, | One way via Portland, |
| \$46.90 | \$55.90 | \$73.35 |

On sale daily, to September 30th.
Return limit, Oct. 31st.

SPECIAL EXCURSION FARES.

| | | |
|--------------|----------------|----------------------|
| Los Angeles, | San Francisco, | San Francisco, |
| San Diego, | Oakland, | One way via Portland |
| \$40.55 | \$50.55 | \$67.50 |

On sale August 29, 30, 31, Sept. 2, 3, 5, 6, 1912.
Return limit, Oct. 31st, 1912.

Liberal Stop Over Privileges. Visit the Grand Canyon of Arizona

LOW RATES TO MANY OTHER POINTS EAST AND WEST.

Low Summer Tourist Rates from Colorado and Other Eastern Points to Santa Fe, New Mexico.

For further information call on or address,
H. S. LUTZ, Agent, SANTA FE, N. M.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Santa Fe, N. Mex., July 23, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that Chas. A. Siringo, son and heir of Bridget Siringo, who on June 11 1908, made Homestead Entry No. 14486, for Lot 7, SW 1-4 SW 1-4 Sec. 2, N 1-2 NW 1-4 Section 10, Township 16 N, Range 9 E., Area 140.70 acres N. M. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final Homestead 5 year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before U. S. Land Office at Santa Fe, N. M., on the 12th day of September, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses: Geo. S. Tweedy of Santa Fe, N. Mex.; Ben Romero of Santa Fe, N. Mex.

Nevas Romero of Santa Fe, N. Mex.; Samuel Fallo of Santa Fe, N. Mex.; MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

FOR SALE—A lot of second hand belting, hangers, pulleys, and shafting; one 12 horse power and one 22 horse power Lefel Engine, first class condition; one 40 horse power locomotive type boiler capable of carrying 75 pounds of steam, passed upon by Boiler Inspector; radiators, steam piping and valves; a 50 gallon gasoline tank, with other sundry items. Any of these items will be sold cheap if taken at once. If interested, address the New Mexican Printing Company, Santa Fe, New Mexico.

NEW YORK HAS BECOME WORLD'S GAMBLING CAPITAL. SURPASSING MONTE CARLO. PUBLIC FLEECED OF PROBABLY \$100,000,000 A YEAR IN CROOKED GAMES.

NEW YORK'S DISTINCTION.
There are said to be at the present time 313 gambling houses in Greater New York, the greatest number in any city in the world.
Manhattan has 176, Kings-co 65 and Queens-co 28.
Seventy-four are "high class" houses, 44 smaller houses and 100 are "swell" poker rooms. There are hundreds of smaller games.

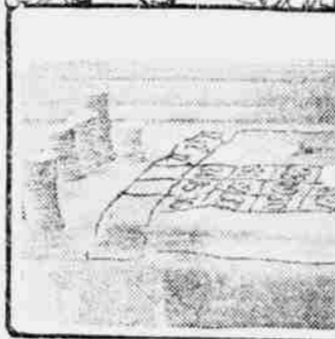
New York, Aug. 6.—New York is the new gambling center of the world. This is the humiliating and indisputable fact, which America has now got to face—that New York, the pride of our great nation, has come to be in a class with Monte Carlo, with Paris, and with other ill-reputed European gaming resorts—has, in fact, outstripped foreign cities in the number and size of the houses of chance within her gates.

The day has passed when the metropolis of the United States could lay claim to being morally clean. This fact seems to have been only too evident by the results of Dist. Atty. Whitman's investigation into the murder of Gambler Herman Rosenthal. For these results show, if the triple confession of Jack Rose, Harry Valton and Bridgey Webber is to be believed, that the proprietors of Manhattan's gambling houses pay out each year in graft almost \$5,000,000 in order to be "protected" by the "system."

And the question instantly arises, if dealers in chance can afford to pay out such a tremendous sum of money in graft, how much must they take in from their victims?
There are various answers to this being made in New York today. But whatever this sum total is, be it one or two hundred millions a year—and it may be as much as that—it is certainly so great that the jackpots of Monte Carlo and its allies dwindle to foolish little piles besides it; and pace New York in the very center of the world's gambling map.

Where are these places in New York? What sort of places are they? Who owns them and who frequents them?

The gambling places and dives of New York are scattered. They stretch from the very doors of proud, aristocratic Fifth avenue down to the East and West sides of the island where the wharf rats run within deep shadows. But most of them are grouped about Longacre Square, the famous center of the white light. A majority of them are but a stone's throw from the Metropole hotel, where Herman Rosenthal was shot to death by the occupants of the drab gray murder car.



HERMAN ROSENTHAL'S BROWNSTONE FRONT "PALACE OF CHANCE" ON 14TH ST., GAMBLING DEVICE DEMOLISHED BY ORDER OF DIST. ATTY. WHITMAN AND ONE OF ROSENTHAL'S ROULETTE OUTFITS.

Most of these gambling dens have a middle class look of respectability about them, not too ornate nor too plain. They are housed in the unobtrusive brown stone fronts which "society" lived in 50 years ago, but which "society" has now given up for marble palaces overhanging the park. There are places, however, which might be easily taken for the abodes of steel trust magnates, so impressive are their carved and used entrances; and there are, again, little shacks that would be passed by as "sweat shops."

Before ex-Dist. Atty. Jerome crusaded against gambling in New York a few years ago, there were 10 gaming houses that were considered the leading ones of the city. They were most elaborate and the amount of money

that passed hands in them every evening in the year was almost beyond belief. Some of them have gone now, but others have changed their location, but probably most of them of their successors are still playing trade somewhere about the city.

The old houses, (among the world over were; Richard A. Canfield's in East 41st-st., William T. Burbridge's in W. 33d-st., John Kelly's in W. 11st-

Canfield's too, that Reginald Vandenberg, a party of friends made their money play late one night. Canfield's was nearly \$80,000. That loss has been confined to young Vanderbilt.

Do the men who frequent these places get a square deal? Those on the inside say they do not, that there is not a single gambling den in New York where things are played straight.

Where fare is played, and most of the big houses play fare and roulette only, there are generally a couple of brace fare dealers, men so adept in their line that they can fool the shrewdest of professional gamblers and men who do not work for \$10 or \$20 a night, but who demand and receive 55 per cent of their victims' losses, the house being content with but 45 per cent.

This percentage in itself shows what chance the player has of winning. Practically every gambling house has these "steerers," and if games were run honestly no gambling house could exist and pay its steerers 55 per cent of the winnings. In "honest" deal" fare the percentage is only about 3 per cent in favor of the house, and on roulette but between 6 and 7 per cent.

And who, you ask, came to these houses, that they must be kept up in such exquisite style?

Well, one man, for instance, who used to frequent them was John W. Gates, a financier who had Pierpont Morgan, August Belmont and all of Wall street worried to death at one time. Gates at a single shing in

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NEWS OF THE STATE

BIG WHEAT.

Wheat harvest is nearing the finish and it is a sight worth seeing to size up the big stacks of wheat that dot the prairie in every direction. The weather has been favorable for harvest and the several headers and binders have been doing overtime for the past two weeks.—Roy Spanish-American.

DAYTON FROM EVERYWHERE.
"From San Diego to St. Louis," "From Altus to El Paso," "From Quannah to Mexico," etc., reads the headlines in many Pecos valley papers, and every town in the valley is "in direct line" for these routes. But, pether you look a leedle out. Pretty soon the slogan will be "From everywhere to Dayton."—Dayton Informer.

KICKED BY HORSE.
Harry Poland, of Talban, was kicked in the mouth by a vicious horse the early part of the week and was brought here for medical treatment. Upon examination by the dentist it was found that five lower front teeth and an upper tooth were gone, while three upper teeth had been driven upwards. At last report he was doing nicely, although it will be some time before he is entirely recovered.—Fort Summer Review.

PLENTY OF MILLS.
Do you know that Questa is a milling town? Why, we have seven mills in Questa, grist mills, understand, and each one is at present running to full capacity. One can place about one fanga of wheat in the hopper, turn on the water and there you are good for a twenty-four hour run. These mills are all water power, and as soon as one grain of wheat is cracked the burs are ready for another. A grist mill of some consequence ought to do well here.—Questa Gazette.

CROPS ARE FINE.
The crop report for the Logan county State of Ohio, city of Toledo, Lucas County, is—

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh, that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O., Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

try is excellent and indicates great prosperity for the farmers this year. Last winter's snows, with the good rains last spring, and the excellent showers in the month of July, just at the time they were most needed, has made the growing of field crops easy this summer. The quality of all the crops so far harvested is of the best and will bring a top price in the market. This is certainly encouraging and should bring all of our old timers back.—Logan Leader.

GOOD ADDRESSES.

Alvan N. White, state superintendent of schools, and his assistant, Hon. Filadelfo Baca, delivered fine addresses Monday morning and their advice to the teachers were to the point. Their addresses in the evening at the court house were well received and enjoyed by most all who were present. Both gentlemen proved that they are interested in the building up of the school system in our new state. They state that they found the school situation in Taos county in good condition. They had words of praise for the institute instructors and the interest that has been aroused in the work by the members of the teachers' institute.—Taos Valley News.

BIG SHIPMENT.

The 1912 crop of wool from this section of the state of New Mexico, one of the largest ever clipped here, is about all shipped out of the valley.

The Roswell Wool and Hide company has about six carloads yet to be shipped. This has been sold and will be loaded shortly.

So far as can be learned, all the other wool buyers have made their last shipments and there is little if any of the 1912 crop now in the valley.

The prices received for wool this year were above the average although the market was rather dull at times.—Roswell Record.

HOPE FOR OIL.

Together with Messrs. Sherwood, Sandusky, Shelton, Meeker and Taylor, we visited the oil fields Wednesday evening, leaving here at 4:30, and returning about 12 o'clock. It was a delightful drive, out by the experiment station, and that alone is worth any persons time and trouble to see. Many other crops along the way look very encouraging, and have a good color.

At the oil field we found them closed down for repairs, but they are very hopeful of being successful soon, and while down nearly 1200 feet in hard rock, they made a headway of 24 feet Wednesday.

It is hoped and expected that oil in paying quantities may be found there, as it will be a great help to this section, and while they have found sever-

al small pockets of oil, it was wholly insufficient for development.—Tucumcari News.

ALMOST EVERYTHING.

Alex Townsend on Monday invited the Index agricultural editor to inspect his gardens, of which he has six, ranging in size from five acres to a town lot. Mr. Townsend has lived here about six years and knows nothing of irrigation farming before coming here. His lots this year show the result of intelligent and energetic care. He owns some land on the hill above the depot, admittedly poor soil, but he has applied stable manure to it until the crops he raises will shame some of the supposedly fertile ranch lands either up or down this valley. On this hill land he has growing vegetables such as turnips, sugar beets, asparagus, peas, onions, sweet corn, sweet potatoes, Irish potatoes, spinach, beans, beside apple trees, berry bushes, English walnuts, soft shell almonds, peaches, apricots and grapes. He has made a practical demonstration of what soil and water will do in this country when mixed with some brains and plenty of energy. On his other lots around in different places he has growing fruits and vegetables in profusion, all showing the same care. Does he make anything of his products? Yes, verily, he does.

THIS IS AWFUL.

Klinefelter of the Ohio Progress, gives the following letter received by him from Lebanon, Ind.:

"Miss Angie Bean says, one good thing about a foreclosed automobile is, she kin take off her new tight shoes while ridin' without everybody seein' her feet."

Miss Bean also states that there's nothin' like automobilin' fer the appetite, an' she ought to know, for she's got back from Eaton Ohio.

Speakin' of Eaton makes me hungry this very minute—yes sir, fer news I aint bin gettin' from the good old Ohio country of late and the editor knows why I aint bin gettin' it too, so here enclosed please find a dollar bill fer fifty 2 weeks of solid brain food."

We are much obliged to Mr. Stolls for the information as to Eaton Ohio. We have known for some time that they are Taunton Massachusetts and Lansing Michigan. Macon Missouri and as well as trying Topeka quarrel with Kansas, and knew in a general way that something has been Eaton Ohio ever since we moved out of the state and Herbert Quick and George Saint Amour moved in, but didn't know just who was doing it until we got Mr. Stoll's letter.

SLEEP.

Did you, sleepless one, ever try a dish of GRAPE-NUTS and CREAM just before bed?

Sure you never did or you wouldn't train with the "sleepless squad."

IT'S A BAD PRACTICE to load up the stomach with a promiscuous variety of rich, indigestible food at night because it "tastes" good.

STRENGTH WITHOUT BULK is a requirement of an ideal food for the last bite before going to bed. The food that is concentrated so that a sufficient amount for all purposes will not distend the stomach; the food that is practically predigested so that the organs can, without undue effort, absorb it wholly; the food that contains the tissue-repairing and energy-making elements from clean field grains—that contains the Phosphate of Potash which combines, by vital process, with albumen to repair the gray matter in brain and nerve centres—that's

Grape-Nuts

TRY A DISH—about four heaping teaspoonfuls with cream and a little sugar if desired, eaten slowly before retiring, if you're hungry, and note how well you sleep and how fresh you feel in the morning.

"There's a Reason"

Postum Cereal Company, Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

WANTS

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room. 120 Galisteo street.

FOR SALE—Two story residence on Palace avenue, Lot 60x240 feet. O. C. Watson & Co.

Elegantly Furnished Rooms for Rent—Rooms elegantly furnished and having all modern conveniences, including electric light, steam heat and baths, in the First National Bank building. Apply to F. M. Jones.

TYPEWRITERS.
Cleaned, adjusted and repaired. New machines furnished. Ribbons and supplies. Typewriters sold, exchanged and rented. Standard makes handled. All repair work and typewriters guaranteed. Santa Fe Typewriter Exchange, Phone 231.

WANTED—100,000 people to drink the mineral, cool, clear water of the Aztec Spring. It can be procured by applying to Mr. Henry Krick, who furnishes same to all the leading saloons and drug stores in the city. Why drink muddy water from the hydrant or pipes when you can drink clear and beneficial water from the Aztec Spring.

CANDELARIO MARTINEZ, Proprietor.

FATHER AND MOTHER
Why do you force your child to play the piano? You know it is a luxury and a money spender and only for the talented. The typewriter is a necessity. Why not let your boy or girl learn the Blindfold Touch Typewriting while their fingers are supple? There's money in this for the child.

It is their proudest moment when they do not, that there is not a single gambling den in New York where things are played straight.

Where fare is played, and most of the big houses play fare and roulette only, there are generally a couple of brace fare dealers, men so adept in their line that they can fool the shrewdest of professional gamblers and men who do not work for \$10 or \$20 a night, but who demand and receive 55 per cent of their victims' losses, the house being content with but 45 per cent.

This percentage in itself shows what chance the player has of winning. Practically every gambling house has these "steerers," and if games were run honestly no gambling house could exist and pay its steerers 55 per cent of the winnings. In "honest" deal" fare the percentage is only about 3 per cent in favor of the house, and on roulette but between 6 and 7 per cent.

And who, you ask, came to these houses, that they must be kept up in such exquisite style?

Well, one man, for instance, who used to frequent them was John W. Gates, a financier who had Pierpont Morgan, August Belmont and all of Wall street worried to death at one time. Gates at a single shing in

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SUMMER TOURIST RATES TO All Stations East and West FROM Stations on the Denver & Rio Grande IN EFFECT June 1st to September 30th

Return Limit, October 31st.

Liberal Stopovers.

For information as to rates, reservations, etc., call on or write to any D. & R. G. Agent or W. D. Shea, T. F. & P. A., Santa Fe.

EL PASO & SOUTHWESTERN SOUTHWESTERN SUMMER TOURIST TICKETS

On Sale Daily, Until Sept. 30, 1912.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE NEW MEXICO CENTRAL
CHICAGO, \$50.35 BOSTON, \$85.95 BUFFALO, \$69.85
NEW YORK, \$79.35 ST. LOUIS, \$44.35 ST. PAUL, \$50.35

CLOSE CONNECTION AT TORRANCE WITH THE
GOLDEN STATE LIMITED
CALIFORNIA

Going via El Paso and Southern Pacific and returning same route, or via A. T. & S. F.
LOS ANGELES AND SAN DIEGO, \$46.90
SAN FRANCISCO, \$55.90

For further information address Eugene Fox, Gen'l Passenger Agt. E. P. & S. W. System, El Paso, Texas, or H. A. COOMER, General Manager N. M. C. R. R., SANTA FE, N. M.

KANSAS CITY, MO., AND RETURN, \$26.30

24th Annual Convention
LOYAL ORDER OF MOOSE

August 19th to

THE HOME OF Quality Groceries



**Appetizing,
Gratifying
Satisfying
Meals
Always
On
Tap
Here!**

**A NEW CARLOAD OF
WATERMELONS**

F. ANDREWS
[Phone 14.]



**HAVE YOUR WATCH
CLEANED OCCASIONALLY**
A WATCH will run without oil or cleaning longer than any other piece of machinery—but it needs both occasionally. If you will consider that the rim of the balance wheel travels over fifteen miles a day, you will not grudge your watch a speck of oil and a cleaning twice a year. It will increase the life and accuracy of your watch. Leave your watch with us to-day.

Wonderful Cures Reported in Germany.

The use of simple herbs as remedies instead of the more concentrated and usually more dangerous inorganic substances, has been revived very widely of late. In Germany a new school of physicians has arisen which throws out almost a whole of the pharmacopeia and relies on an adaptation of the method of wild animals in curing themselves. . . . N. Y. World.



Dr. R. V. Pierce.

It was Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute of Buffalo, N. Y., who first advocated the extended use of some of our native roots, such as: Golden seal and Oregon grape root, manradle and queen's root, black cherry bark. These are the chief ingredients in Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which has been so well and favorably known for nearly half a century. A harmless cleanser and stomach tonic that nature has provided.

LOCAL MENTION

WEATHER FORECAST.
Denver, Colo., Aug. 7.—New Mexico: Generally fair in south portion, local showers in north portion tonight or Thursday.

The Improved Ideal Nail Clippers 25c at GOEBELS.

The Old Stage Coach a great western drama at the Elks' tonight.

No one can afford to pass the shoe sale of John Pfeiffer. It is not old stock. They clean up every few months, so the shoes are right up to the minute. See page three.

Whatever your doctor prescribes for July stomach troubles can be supplied at Zook's.

Have you ever stopped to think what one dollar will buy for you in the way of insurance? See the advertisement of Hall and Hall and be convinced.

A CAR LOAD OF WOLF RIVER AND YELLOW TRANSPARENT APPLIES FOR SALE BY THE BOX, CORNER OF WATER AND DON GASPARET STREETS.

Mr. Business Man. Did you ever

**S. SPITZ,
THE JEWELER.**
HEADQUARTERS FOR
HIGH-GRADE

**Watches
and
Clocks.**

"Time Pieces That Are
Reliable."

notice that the man that has the best trade is the man that has the best lighted floor of business.—People's Electric Supply Co.

The Rubie Detective a great comedy at the Elks' tonight.

The big rush is now over and we can now give you better attention. Even though the prices are low, we will fit you and fit you right. Try us. John Pfeiffer.

Two rooms for rent. Inquire at 235 East Palace avenue.

What? You don't need shoes at the prices that John Pfeiffer is naming in his great clearance sale of all kinds of shoes? You must be mistaken or you have not seen what he has to offer. See page three.

Elegantly Furnished Rooms for Rent.—Rooms elegantly furnished and having all modern conveniences, including electric light, steam heat and bath, in the First National Bank building. Apply to F. M. Jones.

The mid-week prayer service of the First Presbyterian church will begin tonight at 7:30. This change is made in order to allow any who care so to do, to also attend the lectures of the Archaeological School.

Keep your skin clean. Use pure, soft, dainty, teacum, such as Zook's. It is healing and soothing. Ask for Violet.

Seven members of the Mormon church came in on the Santa Fe from Mexico, being driven out by the revolution. They were on their way to Farmington, N. M., where they will settle.

An Innocent Thief a great drama by Vitagraph at the Elks' tonight.

A CAR LOAD OF APPLES RIGHT FROM THE ORCHARD, CHEAP BY THE BOX, WATER STREET AND DON GASPARET STREETS. BEAVER'S HOME ROOM.

Thomas W. Garrard, well known by Santa Fe citizens died suddenly on Monday evening at his home in Las Vegas. He was in his eightieth year and was ill but a few days the trouble being acute indigestion, from which he was supposed to be recovering.

The Chauffeur's Dream, another comedy, at the Elks' tonight.

County School Superintendent John V. Conway has received word from Madrid in southern Santa Fe county that the directors there have elected Miss Edith Hickox and Miss Willie Comer as teachers for the coming

school term. These two young ladies taught in this district last year and gave entire satisfaction.

Charming actions go well with charming looks. You will have charming looks if you use Zook's Benzoin, Witch Hazel and Almond Cream.

Prices 10 and 15 cents at the Elks' tonight.

Go to the Dance. The dances given once a month at the public library under the auspices of the Woman's Board of Trade are always delightful. Informal social affairs attended by the best people of town. Tomorrow evening's dance will prove especially enjoyable and you are invited. The proceeds are for the work of the Woman's Board of Trade.

MARKETS.

ST. LOUIS WOOL.
St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 7.—Wool market steady; territory and western mediums 20¢; fine mediums 18¢; fine 13¢.

CHICAGO LIVESTOCK.
Chicago, Ill., Aug. 7.—Cattle—Receipts 21,000. Market 10 to 15¢ lower. Beef steers \$8.50@10; Texas steers \$4.85@7.00; western steers \$8.10; stockers and feeders \$4.00@7.10; cows and heifers \$2.50@7.50; calves \$6.50@9.75. Hogs—Receipts 15,000. Market generally 5¢ lower. Light \$7.90@8.85; mixed \$7.50@8.55; heavy \$7.30@8.30; rough \$7.30@7.50; pigs \$6.60@8.30; bulk of sales \$7.75@8.30.

SHEEP—Receipts 36,000. Market steady to 10¢ lower. Native \$3.20@4.70; western \$4.30@5.40; lambs, native \$4.40@7.70; western \$4.40@7.75.

KANSAS CITY LIVESTOCK.
Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 7.—Cattle—Receipts 9,000, including 2,000 southern. Market steady to 10¢ lower. Native steers \$6.50@10; southern steers \$4.80@5.90; southern cows and heifers \$3.50@5.50; native cows and heifers \$3.25@5.25; stockers and feeders \$4.50@7.50; bulls \$4.00@5.25; calves \$5.00@8.75; western steers \$5.50@9.20; western cows \$3.50@6.00.

HOGS—Receipts 6,000. Market steady to 5¢ lower. Bulk of sales \$8.20@9.40; heavy \$8.15@8.35; packers and butchers \$8.20@8.40; lights \$8.20@8.40; pigs \$6.00@7.00.

SHEEP—Receipts 7,000. Market steady to 10¢ higher. Muttons \$3.50@4.50; lambs \$6.00@7.60; range wethers and yearlings \$3.50@5.00; range ewes \$2.50@4.20.

CHICAGO GRAIN.
Chicago, Ill., Aug. 7.—Rain interfering with harvest in the spring crop tended today to make the wheat market firm. Opening prices ranged from a shade to 1-4¢ up. September started at 92 1/4 to 92 3/8, a sixteenth to 1-8¢ 1-4¢ higher and rose to 92 5/8. Additional moisture southwest making more certain the maturing of the

FLOWERS AT THE CLARENDON GARDEN

Located One Block East from Old San Miguel Church.
Phone Black 12. R. V. BOYLE, Mgr.
Down Town Stand in Butt Bros' Drug Store.

WHAT S.S.S. STANDS FOR

The familiar letters, S. S. S., stand for Sivitt's Sure Specific, a name honestly and fairly earned by a great blood purifying. It is worthy of its title because it really CURES every ailment resulting from impure blood. The majority of physical afflictions are caused by bad blood, because a weak, polluted circulation deprives the system of its necessary strength and disease-resisting powers.

S. S. S. cures every disorder which comes from weak or diseased blood, it tones up and regulates every portion of the system, and creates an abundant supply of nourishing properties which fill the circulation and bring health to the body. S. S. S. is made entirely of healing, cleansing roots, herbs and barks, which are also possessed of great tonic properties. It does not contain a particle of mineral or other harmful drug, and is therefore the purest and safest blood medicine for young or old. S. S. S. cures Rheumatism, Catarrh, Sores and Ulcers, Skin Diseases, Scrofula, Malaria and all other troubles of a deranged circulation. Write for free book on the blood and any medical advice. No charge for either.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

**PURELY
S.S.S.
VEGETABLE**

crop kept corn easy. September opened 1-8¢ 1-4 to 3-8¢ 1-2¢ at 53 3/4-1.10 66¢, rallied to 66 1/4¢ 3-8, and fell back to 66 1-8.

Oats held steady. September started 1-8¢ down to a like advance at 20 1/4 to 20 1-2, and seemed inclined to remain within those limits. Free selling by a big packing concern, revised provisions. First transactions varied from last night's level to 7 1-2¢ 10¢ below with September delivery 17 1/2¢ for pork; 10 50¢ for lard, and 10 52 1-2¢ for ribs.

N. Y. COTTON.
New York, Aug. 7.—Cotton spot closed quiet. Middling uplands 12 5/8; middling gulf 12 3/8. No sales.

ST. LOUIS METAL.
St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 7.—Lead weak 137 1-2; Spelter quiet 6 95¢ 7 00.

JUST PROGRESSIVE PARTY IS NAME OF POLITICAL PARTY JUST BORN.

(Continued From Page One.)

Dixon of Montana would head the national committee and that Oscar Straus of New York would be named treasurer.

Also it was announced that both Colonel Roosevelt and Governor Johnson would take the stump and travel into all sections of the country. Colonel Roosevelt will meet the members of the new national committee at 10 o'clock Thursday morning. The platform sub-committee headed by William Allen White of Kansas, Gifford Pinchot of Pennsylvania; Chester Rowell of California, and Dean Lewis, of the University of Pennsylvania, law school, went into conference with Colonel Roosevelt shortly before 10 o'clock, finally to go over the new party's declaration of principles. It was said the platform had been cut to less than 2,500 words. There had

What is the difference between a prize fight and our meat shop?



At the prize fight you see rounds of pound, but here you see pounds of round!

PORTERHOUSE and SIRLOIN

Short Steak, Flank,
Round Steak, Pork Steak,
That's About
The Way They Rank!
The Mere Mention
Of The Above Choice Cuts
Should Bring

You Here Post-Haste!
How 'Good They'll Taste!

Plaza Market Co.
Phone 92.



**Carpenters,
Contractors!**

We specialize on
TOOLS OF QUALITY. All of the
standard lines
Can Be Found Here.

Santa Fe Hardware & Supply Company

THE BIG STORE

Shirts! Shirts! Shirts!

It seems as though every man in this town should know about the goodness of our **Nathan Shirts** we sell so many of them. We've the most refined and the handsomest SHIRTS that you can imagine. They're beauties!



**Savoy
Shirts**

Regular or Coat Style
Neat STRIPES, FIGURED Madras, Percale, Musline and linens More patterns than YOU care to see. All new. \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 \$2.00 TO \$3.50.

THE COAT SHIRT.

Easy to get into and easy to get out of. A great favorite with a great many men. We have a splendid line of these SHIRTS and we'll simply say that very few men who have ever tested the Coat Shirt are willing to take any other style.



DRESS SHIRTS.

FULL DRESS SHIRTS that fit perfectly, are always appreciated by Society Men. We've all the correct models of Dress Shirts. Made by special maker that knows how to make them correctly. If you have been having trouble with you Dress Shirts Sir, we offer your relief.

Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes.



NATHAN SALMON