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New Mexican Printing Company

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OFFICIALS AWAY, CAPITOL IS DULL

Nearly Every Official Seems to Have Been Called to Las Vegas

NEWSPAPERS ASKED TO AID

Rupert F. Asplund is a "Good Press Agent" for Educational Association.

Quiet reigned again today in the territorial, federal and county offices, as most or the officials are in Las Vegas participating in the history making convention which tomorrow places the first state ticket in the field.

The governor, the secretary, the treasurer, the territorial engineer, the superintendent of public instruction, the attorney general, the supreme court clerk, the adjutant general, the coal oil inspector and the superintendent of insurance, the traveling auditor and the territorial auditor, the game warden and the land commissioner were reported "in Las Vegas." As some one said the capitol reminded one of a deserted village.

For the Treasury.

Territorial Treasurer M. O. Otero has received the sum of \$134.68 from Oscar Lohman, treasurer of Dona Ana county.

Educators Are Busy.

But for all that the department of education was kept busy and Chief Clerk Rupert F. Asplund was at work on many matters including the drafting of an appeal to the newspapers of New Mexico to aid in giving publicity to the meeting of the New Mexico Educational Association here November 18.

The appeal is as follows:

To the Newspapers.
We are sending you this announcement of the meeting of the Educational Association in the hope that you will find space for it in some issue during the next few weeks. It was originally planned to hold the meeting on November 2-4, but the executive committee decided to postpone it two weeks on account of the election to be held November 7th.

The New Mexico Educational Association was established in 1886, holding its first meeting in Santa Fe. It is quite appropriate therefore the twenty-first anniversary should also be held in Santa Fe. Twenty-five years of educational progress lie behind us and a future bright with educational promise before us. At the close of the territorial period, it is appropriate to take a look backward, to examine closely our present school conditions and to plan broadly and wisely for the training of the future citizens of our great commonwealth. The central idea of the meetings of the association, will be, therefore, "Our Schools as they have been, are, and may be."

At the meeting held last year at Las Vegas the association enrolled 340 members and three years ago at Albuquerque 250. The association is growing rapidly therefore, and we believe that the Santa Fe meeting will show an enrollment of 500. Many of the teachers will want to take advantage of this opportunity to visit the capitol of the state and the most interesting town in the southwest. The railroads are making lower rates than ever before. Hotel accommodations will be adequate and the rates reasonable. Santa Fe will prove herself hospitable and all will be most heartily welcomed.

The Territorial Board of Education has called a meeting of all the county superintendents for Wednesday, November 15th for conference on matters pertaining to school administration.

The superintendents and principals of cities and towns have also agreed to hold a conference on school supervision on Wednesday November 15th.

So important are these conferences that the Territorial Board of Education, at its meeting held June 3, 1911, passed the following resolutions:

RESOLVED, That the Secretary of this Board be directed to request boards of county commissioners to draw upon the general county fund (not the general county school fund) to pay the expenses of county superintendents while in attendance upon the meeting of the county superintendents to be held Wednesday, November 15th, at Santa Fe in connection with the meeting of the New Mexico Educational Association.

THAT the Secretary be directed to request city boards of education to pay the expenses of their superintendents while in attendance at the meeting of the New Mexico Educational Association in Santa Fe, November 15th to 18th.

THAT the Secretary bring to the attention of city boards of education and boards of school directors the importance of securing as full an attendance as possible of their teachers at the meeting of the New Mexico Educational Association, November 15th, 17th, 18th, by contributing the pay of the teachers while in attendance at said meeting, by granting such holiday as may be necessary and by such other means as they may deem wise.

We urge, therefore, that cities, towns, villages and rural districts will send their teachers to this important meeting to let them get into touch with those vital forces which are in

(Continued on Page Five.)

BURSUM OPENS CONVENTION

1500 Cheer Wildly As He Says, "We Have Met Here As Free Men"

PRINCE MAKES GREAT SPEECH

Routine Work Transacted Today and Nominations To-morrow.

Convention Hall, Las Vegas, Sept. 28.—It was almost noon when the chairman, H. O. Bursum, called to order the first Republican state convention of New Mexico. The auditorium of the Duncan Opera House was enfolded in patriotic colors out of which shone a great electric red, white and blue star with the figure "47" in the center.

As each central figure in the Republican party appeared he was given an ovation but particularly was every move of H. O. Bursum followed with applause that swept over the 1,500 people gathered in the opera house. Nathan Jaffa, too, was given a remarkable demonstration and so were National Committeemen Solomon Luna, Secundino Romero and O. A. Larrazolo who entered together, Governor Mills, T. B. Catron, George Curry and others including B. S. Rodey.

Rodey Looms Up.

Yes, B. S. Rodey, who was thought safely immured at Nome, Alaska, but who heard the call of New Mexico and came direct to the convention hall. Had he dropped from the clear sky he would not have created more astonishment, and what is more he is suspected of having ambition to land a place on the state ticket.

The vast audience arose and every head was bowed as a fervent prayer was pronounced by the Rev. Norman Skinner of the Presbyterian church. After invocation, Secretary Jose D. Sena called the temporary roll and read the call. On the platform beside the chairman and the secretary were seated L. Bradford Prince, C. J. Roberts, M. C. Mechem, B. S. Rodey, O. A. Larrazolo, George Curry, William J. Mills, Nathan Jaffa, Frank W. Parker, E. R. Wright, Nestor Montoya, in the order named, the last named being interpreter.

Mr. Bursum Speaks.

In opening the convention Mr. Bursum made an eloquent address that went straight to the heart. He said among other things, "We have met as free men, (cheers) as citizens, of the state that is about to be one of the great states of the Union. We are about to witness in a very short time the dawn of self-government by the people, for the people. We are about to shake off the shackles of territorialism. We are here for the purpose of nominating a ticket which will stand for Republican principles, Republican policies, and a ticket that WILL WIN ON NOVEMBER 7!"

"Men of affairs have come from all over this broad state and their active interest cannot mean anything but victory and that the Republicans will put up as candidates the very best material in New Mexico as they always do."

"It can mean but one thing. That the choice of this convention will be the choice of every delegate, of every good Republican."

Protect Our Industries.

The necessity of protecting the great industries of New Mexico involving a square deal for every man, the policy of "live and let live," demands that Republican senators and congressmen be sent to Washington to protect New Mexico's industries and especially the great woolen industry which gives employment to more than THIRTY THOUSAND CITIZENS OF NEW MEXICO. "And sustains their families but which is threatened with annihilation by the Democratic party."

Party of Progress.
"The Republican party has always been a party of construction, of progress, of development, of protection to industries, of fair treatment to both capital and labor with friendship for each. I am in favor of progress within the Republican party. The Republican party is the real party of progress. It has made the United States the greatest nation on the face of the earth. No nation has progressed as this country has progressed during the past fifty years."

The address was frequently interrupted by tumultuous applause.

Temporary Organization.

The convention then proceeded to temporary organization and elected Hon. L. Bradford Prince temporary president; Hon. J. D. Sena, temporary secretary; Hon. Nestor Montoya, temporary interpreter.

The following committee was appointed to escort temporary president to the chair: A. A. Sedillo, Charles Springer, Solomon Luna.

"That Eminent Jurist."

Mr. Bursum introduced ex-Governor Prince as that eminent jurist, and great statesman of New Mexico. Ex-Governor Prince then launched into an address that was brilliant, scholarly and eloquent. And again and again he had to stop to let the applause die down.

When Mr. Prince concluded he was

DID NOT KNOW SHE GAVE OPIUM

Elsie Crawford Says She Thought Tablets Were of Calomel

SHE WAS A CARELESS NURSE

But Testimony Shows That She Tried to Monopolize Role, Nevertheless.

(By Special Leased Wire to New Mexican) New Orleans, La., Sept. 28.—Accused of the murder of her sister Elsie through administration of opium in her food, Annie Crawford was arraigned in city criminal court here this noon. She was held on the murder charge without bail. She started to make a statement but the presiding judge cut her off, entered for her a formal plea of not guilty then remanded her to prison.

Was Very Attentive.

Members of the family furnished the information that the accused had insisted that she alone attended her parents and two sisters when they fell ill, and that she alone administered all the medicine. It was said that when Elsie wanted her aunt to nurse her, Annie would protest. It was said that Elsie complained that the food given her by Anna was bitter. Mrs. Robert Crawford, an aunt, stated that whatever food others gave to Elsie was given without Annie's knowledge. In her confession Annie said that she gave Elsie three half grain morphine tablets in capsules, mistaking them for calomel, and soda. "Why did you not call the doctor and tell him about it?" she was asked. "I thought she would get over it, and my aunt would not do anything to me. I was afraid of her."

Disliked Her Sister.

In explaining her dislike for her sister Elsie, she said: "After my mother died and we broke up housekeeping, my eldest sister took Gertrude, the youngest sister, and Elsie and I began boarding. Gertrude finally came here, but I was unable to take care of her. Elsie was always interfering because when I would tell Gertrude to do this or that, Elsie would always tell me to mind my own business. She would go weeks at a time without speaking to me. But this is not why I gave her the morphine. It was a mistake."

MINING DISASTER ENACTED AT TRINIDAD.

(By Special Leased Wire to New Mexican) Trinidad, Colo., Sept. 28.—Before a crowd of eight thousand people, including coal mining officials and experts, from seven states, seventeen first aid to injured teams of five men each, competed in the first and largest competition of the sort ever held in the Rocky mountain district. Eight oxygen helmet teams also competed. Several hours will be occupied by the judges in grading the teams before announcing the awards to winners offered by the federal bureau of mines, the American Red Cross, large coal mining companies and the fair association. J. C. Roberts of the bureau of mines, and Dr. M. V. Glasgow pronounced the contest the best ever held in the nation. A mimic mine disaster was acted before the tests began and scores of assistants simulated entombed miners who were rescued.

JOHNSON-WELLS MILL IN ENGLAND IS ABANDONED.

(By Special Leased Wire to New Mexican) London, Sept. 28.—Johnson-Wells championship fight scheduled for October, was abandoned today by the principals, and promoters owing to the opposition of the authorities and a large element of the public.

given one of the greatest ovations of the day.

The New Mexican will tomorrow dwell at greater length on this masterpiece of oratory.

Settle Down to Business.

The convention then settled down to prosaic business. The committees on credentials, rules and order of business, permanent organization and resolutions were appointed. Each county was called upon in alphabetical order and each chairman named one delegate for each committee after which adjournment was taken.

The afternoon was given to the different committees which were in session as the New Mexican went to press.

Adjourns Until Tonight.

East Las Vegas, N. M., Sept. 28.—The first Republican state convention opened here this morning at 10 o'clock.

Chairman H. O. Bursum of the state central committee, presided. He announced that ex-Governor L. Bradford Prince of Santa Fe, and Jose D. Sena, of the same city, were named as temporary officers.

Each county represented in the convention was allowed to name one member on the committee on credentials, permanent organization and rules. The committees began working this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. The convention adjourned at 1:30 o'clock until 8 o'clock tonight.

It is expected the session this evening may last all night.

ITALY REJECTS TURKISH OFFERS

Notifies the Porte That It Will Occupy Tripoli and Cyrene

A WAR CLOUD NOW RISES

Turkey's "Unreasonable" Attitude to Italians Is Given as the Cause.

***** Tripoli. Tripoli, a Turkish possession which stretches 1,000 miles along the north coast of Africa between Tunis and Egypt. Its area is estimated at 400,000 square miles, and its population at from one to one and a half millions. Tripoli is the capital with 30,000 population.

Cyrene.

Cyrene is a Greek colony on the north coast of Africa between Alexandria and Carthage founded in 631 B. C.

(By Special Leased Wire to New Mexican) Rome, Sept. 28.—The Italian government has notified Turkey of its intention to occupy Tripoli and Cyrene. Economic concessions offered by Turkey at the eleventh hour are rejected by Italy, which announces its purpose to protect its interests and its dignity in its own way, relying no longer on Ottoman promises.

Italy's purpose is set forth in a note addressed by the Italian foreign minister to the Italian charge d'affaires at Constantinople. This note is supposed to have been prepared some time during Tuesday night but the exact hour of its delivery to the porte is not revealed.

Rome, Sept. 28.—A note addressed by the foreign office to the Italian charge d'affaires at Constantinople, very recently peremptorily fixed 24 hours as the period within which the Turkish government must reply to the demands therein set forth.

Italy announced her intention to occupy Tripoli and Cyrene.

London, Sept. 28.—A dispatch from Rome says that the period of grace allowed Turkey will expire at noon, September 29 (tomorrow).

Will Occupy Tripoli.

The communication, while leaving no opportunity for negotiations over the fact of occupation is an ultimatum in that it demands that the Turkish government reply within twenty-four hours declaring that it will not oppose the measures which Italy has adopted to affect the solution of the difficulty which it considers necessary. In the absence of such a reply Italy will proceed immediately "with measures destined to secure the occupation."

To Take "Grave Measures."

Rome, Sept. 28.—The minister of foreign affairs has sent the following telegram to the Italian legations at Athens, Belgrade, Cettinje, Sofia, and Bucharest, and also to the Italian consulates in the Balkans: "The constant opposition of Turkey to all legitimate and economic activity on the part of Italians in Tripoli and Cyrene and the danger which surrounds our national relations at this moment compels the royal government to take grave measures."

Turks Ship Ammunition.

Paris, Sept. 28.—A dispatch to the Temps from Tripoli, says that the Turkish transport Derna which arrived there Tuesday carried 20,000 Mauser rifles and 2,000,000 cartridges, that three other transports are awaited and that Tugut Sheekat Pasha, who, because of his alleged cruelty, was recently recalled from the chief command of the Turkish troops in Albania is expected at Tripoli.

Italy Viciously Interested.

Rome, Sept. 28.—Some time during Tuesday night the Italian minister of foreign affairs, Marquis di San Giuliano addressed to the Italian Charge d'Affaires at Constantinople, signor di Martino, a note which says: "During a long series of years the government of Italy never ceased to make representations to the Porte on the absolute necessity of correcting the state of disorder to which the government of Turkey has abandoned Tripoli and Cyrene. These regions should be admitted to the benefits of the progress realized by other parts of the Mediterranean and Africa."

"This transformation, which is imposed by the general exigencies of civilization, constitutes for Italy a vital interest of the first order by reason of the slight distance separating these countries from the coast of Italy. Notwithstanding the moderation and patience shown by the government of Italy, its views concerning Tripoli have been badly received by the imperial government, but more than that, all enterprise on the part of Italians in the regions mentioned had been systematically opposed and unjustifiably crushed."

Italy Distrusts Turkey.

The imperial government, which to the present time, has shown constant hostility towards all legitimate activity in Tripoli and in Cyrene, has by an act in the last hour, proposed to the royal government to come to an agreement and has declared itself disposed to accord all the economic concessions compatible with the treaties

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35,000 MEN WILL STRIKE

Now Merely a Question of Going Out Saturday or Monday

THE ORDER ALREADY ISSUED

And It Takes But "Flash" to Make It Effective, Says President Kline.

(By Special Leased Wire to New Mexican) Chicago, Ill., Sept. 28.—A strike on all the Harriman lines, including the Illinois Central, will be called as soon as the presidents of the Shompen's International Unions involved can fix upon the day and hour, according to J. W. Kline, president of the International Blacksmiths and Helpers' Unions to-day.

"A strike is inevitable now" said Kline. "Kruttschnitt replied unfavorably to our final request for a conference and after a talk this morning with other union presidents, we have decided that a strike must be called."

"Some favor next Monday as the proper time to begin the actual struggle, others want to begin Saturday. As soon as we decide that question, the word to strike will be sent to all unions."

The strike order is said to be already in the hands of local union heads and all that will be needed is the flash making it effective.

35,000 Men Affected.

Thirty-five thousand men, including machinists, boiler-makers, car repairers and manufacturers, sheet metal workers and blacksmiths will be affected.

Demands Rejected.

New York, Sept. 28.—Announcement was made by officials of the Union and Southern Pacific railroads at noon today that they had rejected the demands of the Federation of Railway Employees on their lines.

An official statement giving the position of the railroads in the matter is expected shortly.

Where the Strikers Live.

Davenport, Iowa, Sept. 28.—The call for a strike of machinists and allied trade unions on the Harriman lines may come from Davenport to-night or tomorrow morning, according to James O'Connell, of the Machinists' Union. The time for the walk-out will be set for early next week, probably Monday or Tuesday, he said.

The number of men who will be effected was roughly estimated at 35,000. According to a statement at union headquarters here, the chief centers which will be affected are: Chicago, 5,000; Kansas City, Mo., 1,000; San Francisco 1,000; Denver 1,000; Sacramento 3,500; Los Angeles, 2,000. On the Illinois Central lines, 10,000 will go out.

Crafts Affected.

The crafts affected include: Car-men, 12,000; machinists 7,000; boiler-makers 3,000; blacksmiths 2,000; sheet metal workers 1,000.

10,000 Allies.
The four allied trades that will walk out, the steam fitters, copper-smiths, and brass workers, clerks and painters will number 10,000 more.

The strike order when the hour is decided upon, will be given out by the five presidents of their respective international unions.

Parade in Los Angeles.

According to a statement here, preparations have been made for a demonstration at Los Angeles when the order is received there, the proceeds to be used for the benefit of the McNamara trial fund.

Arrangements have been made for a spectacular parade around the shops, followed by a moving picture machine. The pictures later will be displayed at Union halls around the country.

Goes to Atlanta.

President Kline will leave tonight for Atlanta, Ga.

WAS SUPREME EXPRESSION OF MATERNAL LOVE.

Illinois Woman, Struggling With Flames Gives Her Life to Save Child.

(By Special Leased Wire to New Mexican) Mitchell, Ill., Sept. 28.—Mrs. Virgil Vandever, and four of her children, were burned to death this morning when a can of kerosene, used to accelerate a fire started by the husband and father in the kitchen stove exploded.

Mrs. Vandever's last act was a supreme expression of maternal love. She snatched up her seven year old boy, hugged him tightly to her breast and with a final effort shoved him out the screen of a window and pursued him to safety. Then, onlookers saw her throw up her hands and sink backward, into the flames.

NOTICE.

All persons having rooms for rent during the Democratic convention next week should immediately get in touch with the information committee, J. S. W. Mayes, chairman, and have same listed. It is especially desired to have a special list of rooms to be used only if it is found absolutely necessary. This call is made to every patriotic citizen so that no one need go away from Santa Fe without having had the proper accommodations.

WANT GRAZING HOMESTEAD LAW

Giving Preference to Stockman and Farmer, Declares J. A. Eddy

STATE RIGHT IS ADVOCATED

Oppose Continued Federal Control and Disposal of Public Lands.

(By Special Leased Wire to New Mexican) Denver, Colo., Sept. 28.—A grazing homestead law giving preference to the stockman and farmer "ahead of any and all American citizens" in disposing of the public domain under a system of state supervision was advocated by chairman J. A. Eddy in his address opening the public lands convention here and sounded the keynote of the fight to be made by states rights advocates.

The latter clearly are in control and whatever declarations of principles is set forth by the convention, undoubtedly will oppose continued federal control and disposition of public lands.

How President Taft will meet the situation in his address scheduled and whether anything he may say in favor of federal control will be effective in modifying the attitude of the majority caused considerable speculation today among the rank and file of the delegates.

The address of welcome by Governor John F. Shafroth of Colorado and the response by Governor William Spry of Utah generally approved the views of Chairman Eddy.

Reports of committees on organization and addresses by Governor J. M. Carey of Wyoming, and Francis C. Tracy, of Carlsbad, New Mexico, were scheduled for this afternoon.

In evolving his idea for the disposition of public lands, Mr. Eddy said: "Every and all existing grazers upon the public domain should be first in right, though in equal rights, regardless of any other consideration, except existing ownership of untitled lands. A corporation cannot, nor ever should be recognized as in any wise a party to a homestead."

"There should be a second preference right class for these living and engaging in agricultural pursuits in proximity to the grazing lands."

"A third class would be the opportunity for any and all American citizens."

After obligating the states to certain general principles Mr. Eddy held that the federal government should "entrust the whole matter of disposing of public lands under the plan for grazing homesteads to the states individually."

LAS CRUCES FEDERAL BUILDING SITE CONDEMNED.

Work is to Be Pushed More Vigorously on the Roswell Federal Building.

Special to the New Mexican.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 28.—The supervising architect of the treasury department has ordered the condemnation of the federal building site at Las Cruces. Pursuant to an order of the court the contractor's work is to be pushed more vigorously at the Roswell federal building as soon as the desired material can be received.

And Why Not?

A high official of the interstate commerce commission says the state railroad commissioners frequently consult the best railroad lawyers in the country on interstate cases involving vast interests.

Looks Good for Andrews.

Those interested in research matters find that the entire records of the country show that every state admitted to the union elected its first delegate in congress as its first United States senator.

THIS BANDIT WAS A "BOLD, BAD MAN."

With But 20 Men, Half of Whom Deserted Him, He Started a Revolution.

(By Special Leased Wire to New Mexican) Cananea, Mexico, Sept. 28.—Isidro Escobosa, the bandit who attempted to launch a revolution in the State of Sonora, following the election of Vice President Gayon, is in full flight today down the Sonora river valley pursued by 300 government troops.

Escobosa started the revolt with twenty men. Half of these deserted him, and he and the remaining ten are in imminent danger of capture, which means death.

Their latest deredation was taking sheep from the Zurdo ranch near Placeritos.

BANDITS SLASH AND FLEECE CHINESE.

(By Special Leased Wire to New Mexican) Colonia, Dablan, Chihuahua, Mex. Sept. 28.—A band of Mexicans raided a house occupied by Chinese on Pratt's ranch near here, burned the house and slashed fleeing Orientals with knives as they ran from the burning building. The Mexicans got a hundred dollars in cash from their victims.

"BE GHARITABLE," SAYS MR. TAFT

And Don't Ascribe Corrupt Motives To All But One's Good Friends

"ALL OF US IN SAME BOAT"

Doubt and Distrust Among Investors Due to Enmity to Enterprise.

(By Special Leased Wire to New Mexican) Fort Dodge, Ia., Sept. 28.—The reception committee of Iowa Republican leaders which welcomed President Taft to the state at Council Bluffs today did not include United States Senator Cummins, one of the acknowledged leaders of the "insurgent" faction in the Senate. Senator Cummins has declared for Senator LaFollette for the Republican presidential nomination in 1912 against the wishes of many of his own friends, who desire Mr. Cummins himself to be a candidate.

Governor Carroll and staff, with Senator Kenyon and enough Republican leaders to fill two special cars attached to the Presidential train at Council Bluffs, were waiting to greet the President.

Senator Cummins' welcome, it was said today, would come at Des Moines tomorrow where he is a member of the reception committee. Aside from that appearance with the President, the senior Iowa senator is not expected to figure in the trip across the state. Beginning at Council Bluffs with a speech of explanation of his long trip west that was turned into a talk on prosperity, President Taft led up before he had seen a half dozen Iowa towns, to a discussion of the tariff and his vetoes of the three revision messages at the special session.

Good Crowds.

The crowds were fairly large and proved good listeners.

At Denison the President made his first long speech. He referred to the platform of the Republican party in Iowa as calling for a tariff commission of three Republicans and three Democrats and said the present tariff board was as near like such a commission as congress would permit the country to have.

Will Reduce Tariff.

At Rockwell City, the President said: "We are going to attempt a reduction of the tariff just as soon as we have adequate information and that information is coming along on the first of December next. Then we are going to recommend a reduction and if we don't you punish us; if we do, be with us."

His Speech.

The President's speech in full is as follows:

My Fellow Citizens: I wish to invite your attention to the relation of the Federal Government and the Federal statutes to the business of this country, its legality and its prosperity. There are four most important points at which the policies of Congress and the Federal Executive touch the business of this country in such a vital way that the people are entitled to have the greatest care, industry and application characterize governmental action in respect to them. They are, first, in respect of interstate commerce and the regulation of railroads between States; second, in the enforcement of the laws forbidding combinations to monopolize interstate trade in industrial companies; third, in the amendment of tariff legislation affecting chiefly the manufactures of the country; and fourth, in the furnishing for the use of the business of the country a proper banking and currency system which shall automatically give an elastic currency, expanding and contracting according to the business methods, and inspiring a confidence in the business community which shall prevent panics.

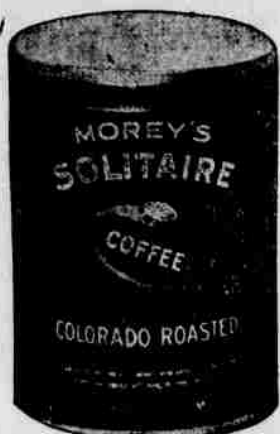
First, in respect to the regulation of railroads and the prompt remedying of unreasonable and unduly discriminating rates, we have progressed far toward a satisfactory solution. In the last administration the power was given to the Interstate Commerce Commission to fix railway rates, it having been decided that the functions of the Interstate Commerce Commission, then conferred, went only so far as to find that a rate was unreasonable, but did not include the power to fix a reasonable rate. When the first regular session of Congress met in the administration I urged upon the Congress the necessity for further legislation looking to a more complete control and regulation of railways in respect to rates than had heretofore been given. I recommended the establishment of a commerce court, which should absorb all the reviewing jurisdiction which circuit courts had theretofore had, to consist of five members, with the hope that this might secure greater expedition and greater uniformity in ruling and a prompter disposition by the Supreme Court of cases passed upon by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

I recommended that cases affecting the interstate commerce should be put under the direct control of the Department of Justice, and that the proceedings after the order had been made in the Interstate Commerce Commission should be brought for or against the United States, and not

(Continued on Page Six.)

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terms will prove to prospective piano
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THE PIN POINT OF SUCCESS

When I was a boy in Titusville,
My father led me over the hill
To a big, wide street where he pointed
with pride
To the finest house in the countryside;
High iron fence and a lawn of green,
Marble steps of a snowy sheen.
"That," said Dad, "is the house of
Blynn,
Who invented a patent safety-pin."

"And that there house just goes to
show
How mighty oaks from acorns grow.
For Lucifer Blynn never took no prize
A-buildin' ships of a lofty size,
Nor railroad lines across the land;
But he stuck to his task, did Mister
Blynn,
Inventin' a tiny safety-pin."

Now and then as I cross the street
I saw old Blynn in his carriage neat,
Lofty of forehead, round of chest,
With a huge gold chain on his brocade
vest.

I looked up—but he never looked
down—
And I thought with the rest of my old
home town,

"Newton was smart—but I tell you,
Blynn
Got his by inventin' a safety-pin."

Some years passed. I started away
To be an inventor myself one day.
Father said: "Don't try first trip
To think up a cannon or battleship,
Or a telescope that will reach to Mars,
Or a bran' new species of trolley cars;
But keep yer eye on the life o' Blynn,
Who made his pile on a safety-pin."

I harked to the words that my father
spoke.

I have worked for years, and I'm now
dead broke,

Though I can't see why. For I've spent
no time

On bridges tall or on ships sublime.
I've lottered not with the super-men,
Dreaming of forces beyond my ken;
But the deuce of it is—O Ghost of
Blynn!

I haven't invented a safety-pin!
—Wallace Irwin in Popular Mechanics.

AROUND THE STATE

Married in Roswell.
Jim Hall and Miss Callie List were
married Tuesday in Roswell.

New Picture Show.
Las Cruces is to have a new picture
show, and a splendid new building will
be erected on Main street.

Marriage License.
Marriage license was issued Satur-
day afternoon to Solomon Beatty and
Miss Ethel Marko, both of Dexter.

Coleman-Kurkendall.
Victor Coleman and Miss Sarah Kur-
kendall, both of Dexter were united
in marriage Sunday evening at the
office of Probate Judge Evans in Ros-
well.

Petit Jury at Clovis.
The petit jury of Curry county,
drawn for the purpose of sitting upon
cases tried at the fall term of court
to convene at Clovis today, was em-
paneled by Judge Pope Monday.

Institute Has 135.
The New Mexico Military Institute
now has enrolled 135 cadets, that be-
ing pretty close to the record and also
not far from the accommodations. Sev-
eral more will report for duty this
week, and by the first of October the
full capacity will be reached.

Death of Russell Eggleston.
Russell Searl Eggleston, eldest son
of Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Eggleston, born
in Great Falls, Montana, Sept. 15, 1902,
died Sunday, Sept. 17 at St. Mary's
hospital at Roswell, after an operation
for appendicitis. The death was a
shock to the parents and their many
friends.

Wight Estate.
The appraisers of the estate of the
late Frederick D. Wight, who had ex-
tensive land and stock interests in
Union county, although he had lived
late at Denver, have appraised the
value of his estate at \$1,213,407 and
have asked for leave to distribute
\$560,000 among the heirs, a widow
and seven children.

Scenic Highway Progressing.
Charles Hohn arrived in Tucuman
from Montoya and reports about one-
third of the scenic highway, which is
being built up the cap rock at that
place, nearing completion. The road
is being built at a cost approximating
\$1,500, which was appropriated by the
territory, and winds up the cap rock
at one of the highest points, the grade
climbing a mountain nearly 1000 feet
in height.

Would Be Good Outing.
Colonel J. W. Wilson, superintendent
of the New Mexico Military Insti-
tute has received an invitation from
the officials of the El Paso Statehood
celebration to be held in El Paso, Oc-
tober 19, 20 and 21, to attend the cele-
bration, with his cadets. The colonel
is not decided whether he will be able
to take the boys. El Paso agrees to
furnish the boys tents, camping
grounds and rations, and low rates will

be made on the railroads for them.

Will Wed October 11.

Announcement was informally made
today of the coming marriage of Dr.
G. N. Hunsberger and Miss Blanche
Lenore Smith, to occur at the home
of the bride-elect's sister, Mrs. B. D.
Gordon, 703 North Richardson avenue,
at Roswell, on October 11. This an-
nouncement will be received with
interest, for the two young people are
among the most popular of the younger
set in Roswell.

Judge Fall Opens Office.

As we go to press the library of
Judge A. B. Fall is arriving. This
means the opening of the general of-
fices of Judge Fall in Alamogordo. The
office will occupy rooms over First
National Bank.

The general offices of Judge Fall
being located in Alamogordo will of
itself mean much for our town. From
first to last important transactions
will be pulled off in Alamogordo.
Judge Fall is interested in big mining
propositions in Mexico.—Otero County
Advertiser.

Preparing for Fair.

All Las Cruces is preparing for the
big fair, which opens today. The tent
for the reception of exhibits and mer-
chants' displays has been erected on
the fair grounds south of the Las Cru-
ces Lumber Company. The tent pre-
sents a fine appearance, with its six
immense poles standing 32 feet high
and supporting a large expanse of
white canvas 60 feet wide by 224 feet
long. Friday, El Paso day, will be de-
voted to the visitors from El Paso.
Special features will be added to the
amusement program. The sports will
be especially arranged for the visitors

ARKANSAS PRODUCES LESS COAL THAN IN 1909.

Strike of 1910 Causes Loss in Output
as Well as Permanent Loss
of Markets.

Arkansas's production of coal in
1910, according to E. W. Parker in a
statement just made public by the
United States Geological Survey was
1,905,958 short tons, with a value at
the mines of \$2,379,213, a decrease of
nearly one-fifth from the tonnage of
1909.

The coal mining industry of Arkan-
sas, like that of the other states of
the Western Interior region except
Iowa, was practically out of business
for six months in 1910. The coal
strike which began on April 1 and
lasted until September 15 affected
nearly 90 per cent of all the coal em-
ployees in Arkansas, and the total
time lost was within one per cent of
the total time made during the year.

The total working time amounted to
713,794 days and the time lost was
713,210 days. Efforts to make provi-
sion against the strike were made dur-
ing January, February, and March, in
all the states affected by it, the opera-
tors being inspired by a desire to ac-
cumulate stocks of coal and the miners
by the necessity for increasing their
earnings in order to tide over the pe-
riod of idleness. The struggle was evi-
dently to be bitter and prolonged, and
both sides made preparation for it.

After operations were resumed, about
October 1, every ton of coal which it
was possible to mine with the avail-
able labor was mined. The activity
before and after the strike made up
for a part of the loss in tonnage
during the summer, so that instead of
a decrease in production of 50 per
cent, proportionate to the loss in time,
the output decreased only 371,199
short tons, or 19.8 per cent, from 2-
377,157 short tons in 1909 to 1,905,958
tons in 1910. The value decreased
from \$3,523,139 to \$2,379,213, a loss of
\$1,143,926, or 32.44 per cent.

Strikes Cause Loss of Markets.

The most serious effects of this
strike and of the regularly recurrent
difficulties every two years are the
loss of markets through the invasion
of coals from other states and the en-
couragement given to large consumers
to substitute oil or natural gas for fuel,
to the displacement of coal. Many
such changes have already been made.
Another evil effect is the migration of
miners to other fields, and in Arkan-
sas and the adjoining state of Okla-
homa this is particularly serious, for
mining conditions in these states are
not so attractive as in some others,
and miners once leaving seldom re-
turn. The mining force has therefore
to be recruited from inexperienced la-
bor, which is always unsatisfactory
in the long run, expensive. The condi-
tions in this respect in Arkansas and
Oklahoma are much the same.

There were 5,568 men employed in
the coal mines of Arkansas in 1910,
and they averaged 128 working days
each; there were 4,873 men on strike,
and the average time lost by each of
these was 146 days. The total work-
ing time made by the 5,568 men was
713,794 days, and the total time lost by
the 4,873 men was 713,210 days.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

For Biliousness, Headache, Indigestion,
Constipation, etc. Sold by Druggists Every-
where.

NEW ALASKAN REPORT ISSUED THIS WEEK.

Geologic Reconnaissance in South-
eastern Seward Peninsula and
Norton Bay-Nulato Region.

West of Koyukuk and Yukon rivers
in Alaska a large area has long re-
mained geologically unexplored. In
a portion of this region an explora-
tion party from the United States
Geological Survey worked during the
season of 1909, and the results of the
studies there carried on and extended
as far as Council, in Seward Penin-
sula, are set forth in Bulletin No.
449 just issued by the survey. The
party consisted of Philip S. Smith,
and H. M. Eschin, geologists of the Sur-
vey and authors of the report. A. G.
Winegarden, packer and a cook. Sup-
plies for a month were shipped to
Nulato, the point from which the ex-
pedition set out, and other supplies,
sufficient to last the rest of the sea-
son, were sent to Nome and then
transported to the mouth of the Koy-
uk and there cached to await the
arrival of the party.

The area traversed by this party
was selected for survey because it
was thought that the metamorphic
rocks of the Seward Peninsula might
occur within it, which would give
presumption of the presence of gold
deposits.

In addition to exploring the region
east of Norton Bay the party carried
the topographic and geologic mapping
into the southeastern part of the Se-
ward Peninsula, thus extending the
areas mapped by the Geological Sur-
vey in earlier years.

The report is a volume of 140 pages
describing the topography and geol-
ogy of the area and containing notes
on its climate, vegetation, game, and
fish. Some 40 pages are devoted to
the mineral resources—placers and
lode gold deposits and prospects, and
silver, lead, copper and coal. It is
illustrated with photographs and brief
sketch maps and contains also a
topographic reconnaissance map of
southeastern Seward Peninsula, on
the scale of four miles to the inch, a
colored geologic map of the same
area, and a colored geologic map of
Nulato-Norton Bay region, on the
scale of eight miles to the inch. Bul-
letin 449 may be obtained on applica-
tion to the director of the United
States Geological Survey, Washing-
ton, D. C.

Are You a Seller?—An advertise-
ment in the classified columns of the
New Mexican will put your real estate
on the market effectively. It will put
the facts of your property before the
eyes of all possible buyers.

\$100 REWARD, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be
pleased to learn that there is at least
one dreaded disease that science has
been able to cure in all its stages, and
that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure
is the only positive cure now known
to the medical fraternity. Catarrh be-
ing a constitutional disease, requires
a constitutional treatment. Hall's Ca-
tarrh Cure is taken internally, acting
directly upon the blood and mucous
surfaces of the system, thereby de-
stroying the foundation of the disease,
and giving the patient strength by
building up the constitution and as-
sisting nature in doing its work. The
preparations have so much faith in its
curative powers that they offer One
Hundred Dollars for any case that it
fails to cure. Send for list of testi-
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Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., To-
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Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipa-
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Imperial Laundry For Best Laundry Work

BASKET LEAVES MONDAY AND TUESDAY
RETURNS THURSDAY AND FRIDAY

Agency at O. K. Barber Shop
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Phone us, we will be glad to call for
your laundry on Mondays and Tues-
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All work is guaranteed; your socks
are mended and buttons sewed on
your shirts without extra charge.
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Two Doors Below F. Andrews Store.

Regular Meals 25 cents.

Rooms for Rent 25c and 50c.

Short Orders at All Hours.

BOARD BY THE WEEK \$5.00

French Noodle Order 30c. a dish.

New York Chop Suet 50c.



MAKE HOME HAPPY WITH A GLOWING NEW HEATER. EN-
JOY THE COMFORT OF SITTING AROUND A HANDSOME,
WARM STOVE.
OUR HEATERS WILL HOLD THE FIRE OVER NIGHT, SO THAT
YOU ONLY NEED TO MAKE A FEW TWISTS AND POUR IN
SOME COAL TO QUICKLY HAVE A HOT FIRE.
"FIRE OUT" YOUR OLD STOVE AND "FIRE UP" A NEW ONE.

Wood-Davis Hardware Co.

Phone 14. If Its Hardware We Have It. Phone 14



Pennants for Decorations

We can furnish beautiful
NEW MEXICO STAR PENNANTS
in State Colors for 65c.

Appropriate Novelties for Athletic Events, Conventions, Celebrations,
Etc., furnished reasonable at short notice.

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Celebrated Maiden Buttee Mineral Water,
All Kinds of Soda,
Special High Ball Ginger Ale

Delivered to your house. Patronize home industry. Leave orders at

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Coal WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Wood Screened RAYON Lump YANKEE CERRILLOS

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and Ranches; Also a number of the finest Fruit and
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Modern Residences for Rent.

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Fine Rigs, Reliable Horses Single
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It is not merely a question of GETTING YOUR MONEY. Your
trade is what we want.

We offer you only the HIGHEST CLASS OF GOODS—whether it be seriously
needed DRUGS OR FANCY TOILET ARTICLES. The quality we uphold. We use
the most careful methods in catering to your pleasure to make every deal a satisfac-
tory one. ANY DRUG OR MEDICINE YOU GET HERE IS RIGHT : : : :
IF YOU ARE NOT A CUSTOMER HERE, YOU SHOULD BE.

Zook's Pharmacy

Phone
213

DOING THEIR DUTY.

Scores of Santa Fe Readers Are Learning the Duty of the Kidneys.

To filter the blood is the kidney's duty. When they fail to do this the kidneys are sick. Backache and most kidney ills follow.

Help the kidneys do their work. Doan's Kidney Pills build up weak kidneys.

Santa Fe people endorse our claim. Manuel Delgado, 140 Canon St., Santa Fe, N. Mex., says: "The public statement I gave in praise of Doan's Kidney Pills in 1902 still holds good. For four or five years I was subject to attacks of backache which were so severe that I was unable to work. I tried various remedies said to be cures for such troubles, but nothing benefited me until I used Doan's Kidney Pills. They promptly proved their worth and effected a cure which has been permanent. My experience with Doan's Kidney Pills has been gratifying that I gladly recommend them."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION. Department of the Interior. U. S. Land Office at Santa Fe, N. M. (07894)

Sept. 12, 1911. Notice is hereby given that Jose Cano, of Golden, N. M., who, on Oct. 22, 1906, made homestead No. 10146, for SW 1-4, Section 13, Township 13 N., Range 6 E., N. M. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Register or Receiver, U. S. land office, at Santa Fe, N. M., on the 19 day of October, 1911.

Claimant names as witnesses: Ambrosio Cano, Bernardo Cano, Daniel Wright, and Roberto Armijo, all of Golden, N. M.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

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McKEAN & CHEETHAM, Attorneys-at-Law. Practice in all the Courts and before the Interior Department. Taos, New Mexico.

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THE WASSERMAN & NOUGHTESTS. SALVARSAN "606" ADMINISTERED.

Chemical and Microscopical Examinations of blood, sputum, urine and gastric contents. Directions for collecting specimens given on application. Santa Fe, N. M., Albuquerque N. M.

DAY BEFORE THE CONVENTION

Maneuvering of Forces for Vantage Ground Appar-ent on Surface.

STANDPATS VS. PROGRESSIVES

No Sign of Insurgency but Battle for Same Ideas That Are Advanced.

Las Vegas, N. M., Sept. 27.—With the human mass milling and grinding and swarming there was fascination even to the disinterested onlooker, in the scene at the Castaneda, this afternoon, which for the time being was the Mecca of New Mexico Republicans. It was like looking steadily at an eddy in a swift mill race, or at a swarm of bees around the hive. Beneath the swirl and the foam the real forces of the deeps were working quietly and determinedly—there was constant shifting for vantage points and ceaseless maneuvering for supremacy.

"Who is Who?" in the Republican party could have been compiled this afternoon by merely making note of the men who had gathered here and were discussing earnestly, at times vindictively, the welfare and the future of the Republican party and of the State of New Mexico. One could see that the leaders, as well as the rank and the file, deemed it a most serious matter, and that there is nothing cut and dried in the program that is shaping itself for the morrow. Never before in the history of New Mexico have so many of its men of force and eminence gathered at one place and for the same purpose. There is not a county that is missing and there is hardly any old time leader who is absent, while the new blood is making itself felt. Even the most radical of the progressives are on deck to make propaganda.

The Leaders.

In a party where the newest recruit in the ranks has opportunities for leadership; where any man may by force of his intellect, or by his aggressiveness, become a leader, it is not surprising to find new men making themselves heard and felt. And yet the old and tried leaders, were also at work. Most unobtrusive of all the least self-assertive in the gathering, was Holm O. Bursum, the state chairman, whose nomination to the governorship was conceded this afternoon by the friends of the other candidates. Very quiet too, with a smile and a hearty handshake for every one, was Delegate to Congress W. H. Andrews, who had arrived only this morning from Washington, D. C., and brought good tidings from the national committee. Charles Springer of Colfax county moved about almost noiselessly, but one could feel as did his companions in the constitutional convention, that here was a force, a dynamo of potentialities, that reached much farther than appeared on the surface. Very busy and much in demand was Charles A. Spies, and still busier was George Curry, who was striving mightily with the delegates to make the Republican platform broad enough for the most progressive of the progressives to stand upon. Strange to say, upon arrival here, the delegates found, that the battle was not so much one for nominations as it was for principles to be embodied in the platform.

The Blue Ballot.

Northern New Mexico seems to have set its heart on taking a decisive stand against an easier amendable constitution. Especially, the men, who had been most active in formulating the Constitution, such as Charles A. Spies, Charles Springer, Thomas B. Catron, Solomon Luna, E. A. Miera, seemed most determined to repudiate the blue ballot forced on New Mexico by a designing Democracy. On the other hand, men like George Curry, W. E. Lindsey, Elmer Studley, Frank W. Clancy, M. C. Mechem, counseled the other way. It is well known; that Holm O. Bursum favored making the platform as progressive as possible, but at this writing it seems as if the conservatives are having the better of it. But there will be fireworks on the floor and there will be a battle royal, before the issue is finally decided.

Central Committee Meeting Postponed. The meeting of the territorial central committee called for 2 o'clock this afternoon, was postponed until 8 o'clock this evening. The Bernalillo and Sandoval county contests, and the claims of one man from San Juan county were scheduled for disposition. Sentiment at this writing, favors setting the Mann delegation from Bernalillo county, although hopes of a compromise were entertained until the last moment, and probably would have been realized but for the stubborn attitude of the Gillenwater faction.

Las Vegas in Gala Attire.

Las Vegas is a mass of bunting and flags. F. O. Blood, M. M. Padgett, Harry W. Kelly, R. C. Rankin, R. E. Twitchell, and a host of others, were at the depot and at the hotel greeting the arrivals and offering them the freedom of the city. Especially admirable are the arrangements made for the press in the convention hall. Telegraph, telephone, typewriting facilities are right at hand. The members of the press were decorated with special badges which proved a sesame everywhere. In addition to those pen pushers enumerated yesterday, Mrs. O. A. Foster of the Rio Grande Republican, and W. F. Brogan of the Albuquerque Evening Herald, were fitting to and fro getting inside lines on events about to transpire or transpiring. Band music added to the festal air. The convention will be held in the Danes opera house. The committee meetings are being held in the Commercial Club rooms which were

thrown "wide open" to the visitors. Forces Lined Up.

By tonight, the contending forces will have chosen their positions, will have mapped out their plan of battle, will have determined as far as possible the result. It is remarkable, that practically every delegate, even from the remotest part of the territory arrived early and ahead of time. The personnel of the convention is one of which the party and the people have every reason to feel proud. In intelligence, patriotism and ability, the membership occupies a high level. It was good to see leaders like Solomon Luna, Thomas D. Burns, Thomas B. Catron, Charles Springer, Charles A. Spies, Malaquias Martinez, A. B. Fall, Alexander Read, L. Bradford Prince, R. E. Twitchell, John S. Clark, Jose D. Sena, John Becker, Frank W. Clancy, Frank A. Hubbell, E. A. Cahoon, W. S. Prager, and a host of others whose names have become familiar through press and through their activity on behalf of party and the commonwealth, all discussing the one great question of party principles and standard bearers.

Candidates on Hand.

Practically every candidate for a place on the state ticket was in attendance. Holm O. Bursum, the leader in the candidacy for governor, kept much in the background. Secundino Romero, his most formidable rival and the man with the perpetual smile, was exceedingly popular and made a host of new friends. Ex-Governor Miguel A. Otero, whose friends formed a veritable "Old Guard," like that which admired Grant and pushed him for a third term in the presidency, was on deck. Nathan Jaffa, the fourth candidate for the gubernatorial honors, was constantly surrounded by well wishers and friends.

E. A. Miera, the only avowed candidate for lieutenant governor was receiving many a hearty handshake, and George W. Armijo, the only candidate in the open for the secretaryship, was constantly surrounded by a retinue of followers, who see in him the political Napoleon of Santa Fe county Republicanism.

The candidates for the supreme judgeships, and for the other places on the state ticket, were rapidly extending their circle of acquaintanceships and friendships. There was a noticeable absence of bitterness or of a disposition to create trouble, and the eve of the convention, at least, augurs well for party success on November 7.

The Busiest Man.

The busiest man of all was Secretary Jose D. Sena, and he was a regular bureau of information and political encyclopedia combined. His assistants or stenographers, Albert Clancy and Miss McGill, were kept hammering the typewriters without intermission. It takes work to get ready for a convention, especially when it is the first convention of the dominant party of a new state.

RED CROSS SEAL

NOT ABOLISHED.

No Official Order Issued—New Design Will Be Used—Agents in Every State.

"Not only will the sale of Red Cross Christmas Seals be continued this year, but it will be carried on along broader lines, and will be larger and more comprehensive than ever before," says Dr. Livingston Farrand, executive secretary of the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, in a statement issued today by the Press Bureau of that organization.

Dr. Farrand denies absolutely the statements which have appeared recently to the effect that Postmaster General Hitchcock had forbidden the sale of Red Cross Seals. "No official order has been issued on this matter," says Dr. Farrand. "On July 1st the Post Office Department decided that they could no longer carry mail matter which bore stamps or seals which resembled postage stamps. Our design of the Red Cross Seal, however, has been approved definitely by Postmaster General Hitchcock and the Department, and it does not come within the prohibitions of this order of July 1st. It hardly looks as if we were going to abandon the sale, when we have already placed the order for the printing of fifty million seals and for large quantities of advertising matter."

"The Red Cross Seal this year will be from a new design drawn by an artist in Washington, D. C. Every effort has been made to get as far away from the conventional design of stamps and seals as possible. The new seal will depict a very pretty winter scene. In the lower right hand corner will appear a snow-covered house with a pine tree, also snow-covered, in the foreground. The scene is at night and windows are lighted. In the background are trees and snow-capped hills. In the upper left hand corner will appear a small red cross. The entire design is enclosed with a heavy red circle. The year is expressed in Roman numerals. The only other words on the seal are, "American Red Cross, Merry Christmas, Happy New Year." The corners of the seal, which will be square, are in white, thus giving the effect of a circular seal when it is affixed to letters and packages.

"It is very important that every one bear in mind that the Post Office Department will not carry any letters bearing these seals or any other non-postage stamps upon the face of the letter. Red Cross Seals may and should be placed on the back of letters and packages. Agents for the sale of Red Cross Seals have now been appointed in every large state of the United States. More territory will be covered this year, and more agents will sell seals than ever before. We need and want a million dollars from the sale of Red Cross Seals in 1911."

Play Kidney Pills.

Will reach your individual case if you have any form of kidney and bladder trouble or urinary irregularities. Try them. For sale by all druggists.

Danderine

Makes your hair grow long, heavy and luxuriant and we can prove it

Get a 25 Cent Bottle Now and Forever Stop Falling Hair, Itching Scalp and Dandruff

Hair Becomes Soft, Fluffy, Lustrous and Abundant After a Danderine Hair Cleanse

Danderine is to the hair what fresh showers of rain and sunshine are to vegetation. It goes right to the roots, invigorates and strengthens them. Its exhilarating, stimulating and life-producing properties cause the hair to grow abundantly long, strong and beautiful. It at once imparts a sparkling brilliancy and velvety softness to the hair, and a few weeks' use will cause new hair to sprout all over the scalp. Use it every day for a short time, after which two or three times a week will be sufficient to complete whatever growth you desire.

Immediately after applying a little Danderine all dandruff will disappear, all itching of the scalp will cease and there will be no more loose or falling hair.

If you wish to double the beauty of your hair in ten minutes surely try this—moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and draw it carefully through your hair, taking one small strand at a time, this will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt or any excessive oil. In a few moments your hair will be wavy, fluffy and abundant and possess an incomparable softness, lustre and luxuriance, the beauty and shimmer of true hair health.

If you care for beautiful, soft hair and lots of it surely get a 25 cent bottle of Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter—A real surprise awaits you.



NEW MEXICO POLITICS AND POLITICIANS

Appreciate Andrews and Parker.

At the convention of the Dona Ana county Republicans held in Las Cruces, Judge Frank W. Parker was endorsed and resolutions voicing appreciation of the efforts of Delegate Andrews in behalf of statehood were passed. The delegation to the state convention was instructed to vote as a unit.

"The New Mexican has it figured out that H. O. Bursum will receive 164 votes on the first ballot, as Republican candidate for governor leaving 139 for all other possibilities. Paul also prophesies that Jaffa and Romero will withdraw before the first ballot. Well, it does not cost anything to guess."—Raton Daily Ranger.

The Democrats of Dona Ana county in convention yesterday at Las Cruces nominated the following ticket, which is considered a weak one. For Senate, J. H. Paxton; House, W. F. Gillen and N. C. Frenger; three county commissioners, Humboldt Casad, J. D. Isaacs, David Apodaca; probate judge, David Rodriguez; sheriff, William F. Jacoby; county clerk, C. I. Bennett; assessor, D. Seligman; superintendent of schools, B. Freeman; collector, Hugh Clary.

Democrats Indorse Reese.

In the Democratic primary held in Artesia George L. Reese of Portales, candidate for judge, received 216 votes to 74 votes given his opponent Judge John T. McClure, of Roswell. The small vote received by McClure was caused by the injection of the prohibition question by the adherents of Reese, the latter receiving strong support from the churches. A number of Republicans participated in the

primaries. Hiram Dow, candidate for prosecuting attorney and Reese's running mate, received 242 votes to 47 received by K. K. Scott. Dow was formerly an Eddy county man.

Mr. Linwood for Assessor.

Subject to the endorsement of the Republican county convention, the candidacy of Hon. W. J. Linwood of Raton is announced for county assessor for Colfax county. William J. Linwood came to New Mexico before the Santa Fe laid its ribbons of rail across Raton pass. From the time his parents settled here in 1872, with the exception of a few years at school, this has been his home. In 90 he graduated at the Lyons (Ohio) High school and subsequently attended Mt. Union college at Alliance, Ohio. For the past sixteen years he has been increasingly identified with the cattle industry of the southwest, personally on his Bartlett Mesa ranch and publicly as a member and secretary of the Cattle Sanitary board of New Mexico.

They Want Bursum.

Says the Mountaineer Messenger: "With almost every man of H. O. Bursum is the choice of the Republican press for governor of New Mexico, and there is not a political combination in the state that can defeat him with the lead and strength he has developed. It is marvelous, somewhat akin to hero-worship, yet devoid of political intrigue or office lust. It is apparently a spontaneous demand for the man of the hour, a man well seasoned in sacrifice, a man of sterling worth, splendid character and without a vulnerable point of attack save from ambush, and there are enough sharpshooters on the watchtower to pick them off wherever they bob up. Hall to the chief!"

MARKET REPORT

MONEY AND METALS.

New York, Sept. 28.—Prime paper 4-4; Mexican dollars 45; Call money 2-2-3/4; Copper spot 11.80@11.90; Lead quiet 4.45@4.55; Silver 52 5-8; Amalgamated 49 5-8; Sugar 112 1-2 bid; Aitchison 102 1-4; Great Northern preferred 122 1-2; New York Central 102 1-4; Northern Pacific 113 1-4; Reading 137 5-8; Southern Pacific 107 3-4; Union Pacific 159 3-8; Steel 60 1-2; pfd. 109.

GRAIN, PORK, LARD AND RIBS.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 28.—Wheat—Sept. 94 2-4; Dec. 98 1-2@1-4. Corn—Sept. 68; Dec. 63 7-8@64. Oats—Sept. 45 3-4; Dec. 47 3-8. Pork—Jan. 15; May 14 9-12. Lard—Oct. 9 1-2 1-2; Jan. 8 3-8@87 1-2. Ribs—Jan. 7 81 1-2; May 7 92 1-2. Wool, St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 28.—Wool weak territory and western mediums 17@20 1-2; fine mediums 17@19c; fine 11@15.

Livestock Kansas City, Sept. 28.—Cattle—Receipts 5,000, including 800 southern. Market 10 to 15 cents higher. Native steers \$5.25@8; southern steers \$3.50

@5.50 southern cows and heifers \$3@4.50; native cows and heifers \$2.65@7; stockers and feeders \$3.50@6; bulls \$3@4.50; calves \$4.50@8; western steers \$3.80@7.25; western cows \$2.75@4.85.

Hogs — Receipts 9,000. Market steady to 5c lower. Bulk of sales \$6.25@6.45; heavy \$6.30@6.40; packers and butchers \$6.25@6.50; lights \$6.25@6.50.

Sheep — Receipts 5,000. Market steady to weak. Muttons \$3.25@4.25; lambs \$4.75@6.10; range wethers and yearlings \$3.25@4.85; range ewes \$2.50@4.

Chicago, Sept. 28.—Cattle—Receipts estimated at 4,000. Market strong. Beef \$4.75@8.15; Texas steers \$4.30@6.10; western steers \$4.15@7.10; stockers and feeders \$3.15@5.60; cows and heifers \$2@6.20; calves \$6@9.50.

Hogs — Receipts estimated at 18,000. Market steady to 5c lower. Light \$6.05@6.70; mixed \$6@6.70; heavy \$5.80@6.65; rough \$5.50@6.10; good to choice heavy \$6.10@6.65; pigs \$3.50@6; bulk of sales \$6.15@6.55.

Sheep — Receipts estimated at 20,000. Market steady. Native \$2.50@4.15; western \$2.75@4.20; yearlings \$3.85@4.60; lambs, native \$4@6; western \$4.50@6.10.

Backache



Is only one of many symptoms which some women endure through weakness or displacement of the womanly organs. Mrs. Lizzie White of Memphis, Tenn., wrote Dr. R. V. Pierce, as follows: "At times I was hardly able to be on my feet. I believe I had every pain and ache a woman could have. Had a very bad case. Internal organs were very much diseased and my back was very weak. I suffered a great deal with nervous headaches, in fact, I suffered all over. This was my condition when I wrote to you for advice. After taking your 'Favorite Prescription' for about three months can say that my back was never better."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

Is a positive cure for weakness and disease of the feminine organism. It allays inflammation, builds absorption and soothes pain. Tones and builds up the system. Do not permit a dishonest dealer to substitute for this medicine which has a record of 40 years of cures. "No, thank you, I want what I ask for."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets induce mild natural bowel movement once a day.

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Telephone Red 25 and have your orders delivered.

The following are suggested to the thirsty as something cool and inviting

GINGER ALE, WILD CHERRY, LEMON SODA, IRON BREW, ROOT BEER, ELANDICE FIZZ, COCA COLA, * * * * * Genuine Artec Spring Mineral Water.

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Just the thing for school wear, made of Kangaroo Calf, unlined. This is a soft leather, easy on the foot and will not crack or scuff up. Made with extra heavy single soles.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF SANTA FE COUNTY.

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every postoffice in the Territory, and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the Southwest.



Without having asked any delegates to vote for him, without having made any pledges and without having surrendered to any interest, the great majority of the delegates to the Republican state convention will vote for Holm O. Bursum tomorrow on the first ballot for governor and it is very likely that the nomination will be unanimous and by acclamation. It certainly cannot be that the judgment of these 318 delegates is so much at fault that they would nominate a man who is not the most representative leader of New Mexico citizenship. It is certain that these delegates recognize in Holm O. Bursum a man who is clean, able, straightforward and close to the people, in fact a man who not only will win but deserves to win.

A GERMAN CRITICISM OF THE PANAMA CANAL.

There recently appeared in Prometheus, a review of conditions and prospects at the Isthmus of Panama, which may probably be taken as representing the average German view of our stupendous task of cutting a waterway from the Atlantic to the Pacific at that point.

It takes but a cursory reading of the article, says the Scientific American to convey the impression that the writer is strongly pessimistic, both as to the completion of the canal in 1915 and as to its commercial utility after it has been thrown open for traffic. American reports of rapid progress are considered to be "very optimistic," "extraordinary obstacles have yet to be overcome," and "the officials responsible for the canal are beset by worries and fears."

Of the five kinds of difficulties: sanitary, technical, financial, geological, and commercial, enumerated by Prometheus, it is admitted that the Americans, who have proved themselves masters of the art of sanitation, have surmounted the hygienic and climatic obstacles which all but prevented the construction of the Panama Railway half a century ago. Seeing that the United States regards it as a matter of national honor to carry the work through, the financial basis of the enterprise is considered to be secure.

It is easy for any one who is familiar with the canal problem to predict the line of criticism which will be followed by any one who approaches the unusual geological and technical difficulties which the construction of the canal has opened up. In the present case, the security of the Gatun Dam and the permanence of the slopes of the Culebra Cut are called in question; but in neither case is any new light shed upon the subject nor are any possibilities of failure suggested which have not been made the subject of careful study and practical experiment by the engineers in charge of the work. An experimental dam has demonstrated that the materials used in the hydraulically built-up Gatun dam will be proof against seepage; and there is no evidence that any continuous and outcropping strata of pervious material is to be found in either of the two underlying geological gorges, which will form part of the foundation upon which the dam will rest. Compacted by the great weight of the overlying dam, 120 feet in height, the underlying materials as revealed by hundreds of borings, is such that there is every reason to believe that the sub-surface, thoroughly compacted by the enormous weight of the overlying dam, will prove to be as water-tight as the dam itself. It is true, as Prometheus states, that "this construction has been much discussed and severely criticised in America," but it should be noted that this criticism was made before the extensive borings and the carefully carried out tests had demonstrated to the satisfaction of our engineers that the structure will be stable and secure against seepage.

Regarding the unquestionably serious slides in the Culebra Cut, to which much attention is given, it is sufficient to say that these slides were expected and provided for in the estimate of final cost. The unstable character of the Culebra Mountain had been suggested by the experience of the French when they commenced the cutting, and further established by the borings made by the American engineers. An estimate of six million dollars was made by Colonel Goethals to cover probable extra cost of removing the slides. The latest advice from the Isthmus is to the effect that on the more important of the slides, the movement seems to have ceased, and that present indications show that the appropriation will be sufficient to cover any further movements of this character. Certainly it is not true that the "heavy rains and floods sometimes make the most careful and elaborate calculations utterly useless." Careful records of climatic conditions for many years past have made it possible for the engineers, by basing their calculations upon the maximum rainfall and maximum flood discharge, to make ample provision for every possible contingency.

Finally and inevitably, the writer in Prometheus brings to the front the old bugaboo of damage by possible earthquakes, although it is distinctly to his credit, that unlike some American critics, he impartially points to the fact that the Panama region is comparatively free from such violent earthquakes as frequently occur in Central America. The last earthquake of violent character took place in 1621, nearly three hundred years ago, and since then the Isthmus of Panama has experienced only very slight shocks, the most notable of which occurred in 1882. It is our belief that slight disturbances of this character would have no material effect either upon the earthen dams or the concrete locks. Furthermore, we believe that because of this great mass, not merely the dams, but the locks themselves, would pass through an earthquake of some severity without either fracture or displacement.

We are free to admit, however, that when our critics come to the question of the commercial future of the canal, it is much more to the point. He considers it doubtful if the Panama Canal is destined to become the "important artery of commerce and the worthy rival of the Suez Canal" that it is designed to be, believing that it makes its appearance too late to render to civilization the service that it might have rendered at an earlier date in the history of the commercial world. Had the canal always existed, the history of development might have been very different; the northeastern part of the Pacific Ocean would not have remained almost unknown until the middle of the nineteenth century, and the route of traffic between Europe and Australia and eastern Asia would have been via Panama, and would have become so established that it could scarcely have been diverted by the construction of the Suez Canal. But the development of the present trade routes has been based on the absence of a Panama Canal, and the great question is, how far can the opening of the waterway serve as a diversion.

The writer believes that the existence of the eleven trans-continental roads in Canada and the United States, and the recent opening of similar routes across South America, to say nothing of the excellent Tehuantepec Railway, have largely removed the trade necessities which, in former years, called so loudly for the construction of the Panama Canal waterway. Very significant is his comparison of the values in millions of dollars of merchandise which was shipped from American ports to both America and foreign ports, via the Panama and Tehuantepec, in successive years from 1907 to 1910. In 1906-7 the value for Panama was \$9,600,000; in 1909-10 this had risen to \$12,000,000. The value of the Tehuantepec Railway for five and one-third months in 1906-7 (the opening year), was \$11,450,000, and in 1909 to 1910 this had risen for the twelve months to the astonishing total of \$69,600,000.

How far the forecast of the German review will prove to be correct, time alone can tell. It is our opinion that the advantages of shipment from port to port, without breaking bulk, will prove to be too great for successful competition either by our own trans-continental railroads, or those of Mexico and Central and South America. The appearance of this ably-written article, however, is another proof of the careful study which foreign nations are making of the commercial aspects of the canal. It is quite a question whether our own commercial bodies and the federal government are giving this subject the early attention which it deserves. If the general commerce of the United States and the interests of its merchant marine are to reap the legitimate fruits of this great national undertaking, we should take early steps to safeguard our interests by suitable legislation. It would be perfectly proper to pass a law extending to all commerce between United States ports on the Atlantic and Pacific by way of the canal, these benefits which are secured by our present coast-wise traffic—in other words, Congress should recognize such traffic between American ports via the Canal as forming part of our coast-wise traffic by excluding all foreign ships from participation therein. The passage of a law to this effect would unquestionably prove to be a most effective means for promoting the upbuilding of the American merchant marine.

Assessor Henry J. Arnold of Denver, more or less well known in Santa Fe, has pleased the people so well with his assessment and equalization measures, that they are considering him seriously for the governorship. Mr. Arnold has succeeded in reducing the assessment and taxes of ninety-one per cent of the tax payers, and yet, deriving as much and more revenue from taxation, than any of his predecessors. It is the rule, for the first time in Denver, that two pieces of land or two buildings similarly situated and of equal value, are assessed at the same figure. That is after all, the secret of real tax and assessment reform, that property of the same value pay the same taxes, no matter whether the assessment is ten or fifty or a thousand per cent of the market value.

THE SMALL BANK ACCOUNT.

There has of late arisen a somewhat animated discussion, says the New York Nation, especially in families of moderate means who keep small bank accounts upon which to draw checks for household payments, over the intimation by their banks that the account cannot be continued unless the deposit is maintained at a stated amount. Sometimes the intimation comes in the form of a refusal to open the account unless such a stipulated minimum can be assured. More often it takes the shape of a notice that the average deposit account is too small, and that unless it is maintained at or above a specified figure a monthly charge will be imposed for carrying it. In some of these notifications the bank declared its purpose of charging a dollar a month for carrying deposit accounts which averaged below \$200. This, in the eyes of most people, would be equivalent to notice of withdrawal for the proposal that a depositor should pay 6 per cent on his own deposit, for the privilege of having it carried, is financially propitious. The position of the banks is, that the bookkeeper, the clearing and collection of checks, and the other incidental expenses of the office are as applicable to a small account as to a large one, and that where (as in most household accounts) the number of separate checks drawn on the account bears exceptionally high proportion to the average credit standing of the bank, the performing of these functions may cost more than the bank could possibly earn by lending out the deposit.

The late Frederick D. Tappen, one of the shrewdest judges of banking practice in his day, discussing the question, held that a small deposit account of today might be a large one next year or some years later, and that the business of a bank was to look for customers; also, that the use of a given bank's check, in the payments even of a small depositor, was the best of all advertisements for the bank, and the cheapest, too. The bank may make no profit from the account on which are drawn the checks to settle butchers' or bakers' bills, but it may, in the course of time, get the butcher or baker himself as a depositor.

There is undoubtedly a tendency among depositors, in these days of competition between trust companies, savings institutions, and deposit banks for obtaining accounts which will rest for a reasonable period undisturbed, to leave the bulk of a credit fund where it will draw some interest and to cut down to the smallest convenient size the deposit account which gets no interest, and on which household checks are drawn. It is not unreasonable for a bank, under such conditions, to point out to a depositor that it must have at least a working margin in a given deposit, if it is expected to do the work involved in facilitating transaction of affairs by check.

PREPARE IN TIME.

Santa Fe must not fall down on the proposition of entertaining the delegates to the Democratic convention next week. It would be a poor advertisement to have it go out that the Capital City cannot take care of five or six hundred strangers within its gates. If necessary that private citizens should throw open their homes and volunteer to entertain delegates. The committee having in charge the entertainment of the visitors and to furnish information, should at once make a systematic canvass to determine what rooms can be had and what citizens would be willing in case of emergency to take care of a delegate or two or more.

In fact, people having at heart the interests of the Capital should notify the committee of what they would be willing to do in case of an emergency. It is believed, that with special Pullman cars and stretching the accommodations of hotels and rooming houses, and perhaps, renting a few vacant rooms and putting up out, every one can be accommodated, but there is nothing like being prepared for the rush when it comes.

JUDGE PLEDGED TO BE GOOD.

During his campaign, Judge David H. Craig of Wyoming, signed the following pledge to the voters: "If any one will furnish proof of my being drunk after election, if re-elected, I will immediately forward my resignation to the governor, or place it in some reputable citizen's hands to be so forwarded." It is claimed that the judge was drunk and the newspapers and people now insist on his resignation.

A war between Italy and Turkey would recall the olden days when Venice waged war against the Mussulman. It would be a spectacular war in many respects. The first battles would be fought on African soil. Italy's navy is so much greater than that of Turkey, that Italy would have the advantage at the start. But the Turks are brave fighters and a war in Tripoli would be complicated with native uprisings as the great majority of the inhabitants of Tripoli are fanatic Mohammedans.

The mayor of Wichita was recalled this week because he had an idea that there are some laws and some ordinances that did not need to be enforced as strictly as other laws and ordinances. But, the public sentiment is growing each day, that every law and ordinance is as good as any other law or ordinance when it comes to enforcing them, and that the only way to avoid their enforcement is to repeal them.

While the political and will be to the fore during the next six weeks, yet, the casual reader must remember that politics is after all a small part of the life of New Mexico and that 200,000 people in this great commonwealth are engaged in thought and work other than politics for at least the greater portion of the time.

In Denver, a dangerous rival of the divorce court seems to have sprung into existence. During the past month three wives have killed their husbands.

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because of infidelity. There is more or less personal danger connected with this affinity business, which danger is a good thing for civilization.

AVIATOR RODGERS RESUMES COAST TO COAST FLIGHT.

Landed at Meadville, Pa., at Noon and Now is 517 Miles Out of New York.

(By Special Leased Wire to New Mexican) Salamanca, N. Y., Sept. 28.—C. P. Rodgers, the aviator, resumed his attempted flight from coast to coast at 10:33 this morning. He ascended from a field two miles east of Red House, where he met with an accident last Sunday. He said before starting that he hoped to be in the state of Ohio before night.

Meadville, Pa., Sept. 28.—Rodgers landed at 12:30 p. m. at Meadville race track. After lunch at the Country Club House, he said he would continue his westward flight. Meadville is 517 miles from New York.

On Way to Ohio. Meadville, Pa., Sept. 28.—Rodgers resumed his flight at 2:22 p. m. He said he expected to reach Marion, Ohio, tonight. If successful, he will have added 217 miles to his days flight and would be 730 miles from New York.

STRONG TONE PREVAILS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Absence of Yesterday's Disquieting Fluctuations—News of Reassurance for Corporate Interests.

(By Special Leased Wire to New Mexican) New York, Sept. 28.—A strong tone prevailed throughout the morning session on the stock exchange. Gains were rapid but the advance was orderly and there was an absence of yesterday's disquieting fluctuations. The financial district was flooded with rumors to the effect that a statement reassuring the corporate interests of the country would emanate from the administration sources before long.

This induced considerable short covering and no little speculative buying of steel. In the second hour there was a frantic scramble by the shorts to cover. Virtually every stock of moderate activity rose from 2 to 2 1/2 and with Reading showing a rise of 3 points, United States Steel 3 1/2, American Smelting 3 5/8, and Union Pacific 3 3/4.

Bonds were firm. Wabash fours sold at 54 compared with 51 3/4 of yesterday's closing.

MISS KRUTTSCHNITT TO WED IN NEW ORLEANS.

Another Case of American Heiress Marrying a Foreigner But He Has Money Not Titles.

(By Special Leased Wire to New Mexican) Chicago, Sept. 28.—Miss Rebecca Kruttschnitt, daughter of Julius Kruttschnitt, vice president and active manager of the Harriman roads, and her mother, are in Chicago on their way to New Orleans, where the daughter is to be married to Henry Clifford Woodhouse, an Englishman. The wedding is to be a very quiet one will take place at the home of the bride's aunt, Mrs. Joseph P. Blair. The honeymoon will be spent in the Orient, and after March, the young people expect to be at home in Oregon. Mr. Woodhouse has money but no title of nobility.

STRONG CROSS CURRENTS PREVENT FOWLERS FLIGHT.

(By Special Leased Wire to New Mexican) Emigrant Gap, Calif., Sept. 28.—Strong cross currents, with a twenty mile wind blowing down Carpenter Meadow, prevented Aviator Robert G. Fowler from resuming his trans-continental flight today. His clearing space is hedged about with tall trees and he cannot rise out of the depression in which the machine lies, unless the wind is blowing up the gap, or the air is still. He said he would get away on the first favorable morning.

Rises 1,500 Feet. Emigrant Gap, Calif., Sept. 28.—Fowler circled five times for altitude, reaching a height of 1,500 feet but after twenty minutes returned to the meadow.

Foley's Honey and Tar Compound Still retains its high place as the best household remedy for all coughs and colds, either for children or grown persons. Prevents a cold from becoming a cold. Take only the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, and refuse substitutes. For sale by all druggists.

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CAPITAL \$50,000
Does a General Banking Business
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FOR THE
LADIES, MISSES and CHILDREN,
FOR THE
MEN and for the BOYS,

Sweaters for Everybody and at Prices
that you cannot equal anywhere. Every
variety and quality in all colors.

IF IT IS A SWEATER YOU WANT WE HAVE IT.
THOSE NIFTY AVIATION CAPS
GO RIGHT WITH THEM.

Do not miss seeing our Stock

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Opening.

In the Best City in the State.

For Full Particulars Call on the Undersigned,
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Beautiful Hand-Painted China

The Very Latest Popular Designs, Covering Any Article That You Might Be Interested In.

THERE IS A DIFFERENCE IN CUT GLASS,
and we can show you. Our stock is complete in all details.

Reliable Jeweler **H. C. YONTZ,** San Francisco Street

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Best of Food Best of Beds
Cold Pure Spring Water
No Invalids \$15 a Week

Pecos and Mora Rivers, Holy Ghost, Willow and Bear Creeks
Telegraph Glorietta Write Pecos

MULLIGAN & RISING, Funeral Directors
PICTURE FRAMING
108 Palace Avenue

Day and Night Phone.

Phone, 130 Red.

PERSONAL MENTION

Lee Lasseter of Dallas, Texas, is here on irrigation matters.

The Rev. G. Haeltermann of Espinola, was a visitor to the city yesterday.

F. L. Tuttle, who sells brushes and travels out of San Francisco, is at the Palace.

U. S. Attorney David J. Leahy, who was here yesterday on business, has returned to Las Vegas.

Miss Kate Muller who has been spending the summer here, will leave tonight for her home in Philadelphia.

I. H. Rapp of Santa Fe was in the city last night, going to the convention at Las Vegas this morning.—Albuquerque Herald.

Thomas C. Closson, a son of Sheriff Closson of Santa Fe county, arrived Sunday evening to re-enter the New Mexico Military Institute.—Roswell Morning News.

"Dr. M. F. Desmarais and O. A. Larazolo, returned last night from Santa Fe. They made the trip overland in the big touring car of the doctor."

Manuel B. Otero, assistant postmaster of Santa Fe, left last night for Las Vegas to attend the Republican convention to which he is a delegate from Santa Fe county.

"William H. Andrews, delegate to the national congress from New Mexico, arrived this morning from Hutchinson, Kansas, where he stopped yesterday to greet President Taft."

"Governor William J. Mills arrived last night from Santa Fe to attend the big Republican state convention. Governor Mills is a guest at the home of Colonel M. M. Padgett, editor of the Optic."

"Olin W. Kennedy, staff correspondent for the Washington Times, is here to cover the convention for his paper. Mr. Kennedy will remain in New Mexico until after the first state election, residing in Santa Fe."

"Mr. and Mrs. Solomon Luna arrived last night from their home, Los Lunas. They will be guests at the home of Harry Kelly during the convention. Mr. Luna is Republican national committeeman for New Mexico."

"L. B. Sylvestre, a livestock man of Monte Vista, Colorado, is in the city. George Grant and A. J. Stewart of Creede, Colo., are here on business."

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bolce of Toledo, Ohio, are here visiting friends. They are registered at the Montezuma hotel.

County School Superintendent John V. Conway has postponed his inspection trip to the southern school districts, for a few days, on account of having been called to Cerrillos. Mr. Conway was in Cerrillos last evening where he aided the school directors in selecting an up-to-date heating system for the schools there. The plant will be installed within three weeks.

Says the Las Vegas Optic: "The Santa Fe delegation arrived this afternoon in a private Pullman car attached to Santa Fe train No. 10 and this morning headquarters of Capital City visitors is sidetracked near the Castaneda

H. S. KAUNE & CO.

Where Prices are
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Staple & Fancy Groceries

Flour, Hay and Grain,
SAFE QUALITY.

DOLE'S Pure Hawaiian Pine Apple Juice

The Most Delicious of Drinks, Palatable and Refreshing. A Decided Aid to Digestion.

JUST A FEW OF THOSE
EXTRA FANCY
Elberta Peaches
LEFT.

Welch's Grape Juice

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MISS A. MUGLER HEADQUARTERS FOR FINE MILLINERY ALSO HANDLES

Wash Embroidery, Silk D. M. C. Embroidery Cotton, and for Crotchet Stamped Linen Doyles, Cushion Tops and Center Pieces.

hotel. The party, which is composed of over 25, left the Ancient City this morning at 8 o'clock and their present plans are to return home on train No. 9 on Friday evening. The car will be in the care of a porter at all times during the convention and will be used as the hotel and headquarters of the delegation. Some of those in the party are: E. C. Abbott, A. S. Brookes, Paul A. F. Walter, A. B. Renahan, Fred Fornoff, J. W. March, O. O. Carr, I. Sparks, E. C. Burke, M. A. Ortiz, L. B. Prince, Edward Safford, Frank Owen, A. J. Griffin, R. H. Hanna, S. G. Cartwright, J. E. Clark, Alfredo Lucero, Jose Ortiz y Pino, R. L. Baca, E. P. Davies, A. M. Edwards, Charles A. Johnson, J. M. Palmer, M. B. Scott, C. W. Fay.

OFFICIALS AWAY:
CAPITOL IS DULL.
(Continued from page One.)

operation throughout the nation effecting, changing and improving our educational facilities.

Very respectfully,
RUPERT F. ASPLUND,
Secretary New Mexico Educational Association.

Parole Applications.
The following prisoners in this institution have filed applications for parole:

Luis Torres, sentenced from Grant county to serve 99 years for murder.

Esteban Canton, sentenced from Colfax county to serve one year to two years for robbery.

Antonio Ortiz, sentenced from San Miguel county, to serve one to two years for unlawfully branding a horse.

John Lee, sentenced from Eddy county, to serve one to two years for forgery.

Louis Giese, sentenced from San Miguel county to serve one to two years for burglary.

Frank J. Willing, sentenced from Bernalillo county to serve one to two years for burglary.

Frank C. Mitchell, sentenced from Bernalillo county to serve one to two years for larceny from dwelling.

Burton D. Pennington, sentenced from Bernalillo county to serve one to two years for burglary of shop and larceny therefrom.

Francisco Munoz, sentenced from Otero county, to serve two to four years for larceny.

Antonio Villalobos, sentenced from Otero county to serve two to four years for larceny.

John Aragon, sentenced from San Miguel county, to serve nine to eighteen months for larceny from dwelling.

Jack O'Downe, sentenced from Luna county to serve one to two years for forgery.

Park Edmondson, sentenced from Chavez county to serve one year to eighteen months for larceny of cattle.

C. Harris, sentenced from Dona Ana county to serve one year to eighteen months for drawing deadly weapon.

Juan Reyes Valencia, sentenced from Sandoval county to serve one to two years for manslaughter.

Jasper G. Davis, sentenced from Chavez county to serve one year to eighteen months for larceny of cattle.

George A. Humbird, sentenced from Torrance county to serve one year to fifteen months for assault with deadly weapon.

Leandro Romero, sentenced from San Miguel county to serve ninety-nine years for murder.

Elsa White, sentenced from Chavez county to serve one to twenty months for larceny of horse.

Steve Bardison, sentenced from Chavez county to serve six months to one year for assault with intent to kill.

John Holston, sentenced from Bernalillo county to serve one to three years for burglary in shop.

Manza Inluye, sentenced from Union county to serve twelve years for murder.

New Inspection Officer.
Captain M. S. Murray at Roswell, is in receipt of notification from the war department that Colonel C. Clark, of the San Antonio U. S. arsenal, has been designated as inspection officer for the militia equipment of Texas, New Mexico, Colorado and Utah and that he will go to Roswell in about ten days to inspect the equipment of Battery "A."

Captain Murray expects a personal letter from Colonel Clark stating exactly the day that the inspection officer will be there.

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FRESH BREAD AND CAKE
Daily. 6 Loaves Fine Bread, 25c
Confectionery. - Fruits - and - Groceries
Fresh Cream Puffs Wednesday & Saturday
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Phone 49 Main Phone 49 Main
**Parlor Market
and Grocery**

KANSAS CITY

CORN-FED
Beef,
Pork,
Mutton,
Veal and
Lamb

Home-Made Sausage,
Blue Point Oysters, Fish
and Fresh-Dressed POULTRY

FRUITS -- VEGETABLES

Forbes' Quality Gas-Roasted
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COFFEE, 30c LB.

No better guarantee to
offer than money back if
not satisfactory when you
deal at the Parlor Market.

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PROPRIETOR.

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HOT WATER BOTTLES
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thereby insuring fresh goods.



We guarantee each and every Bottle we sell to last one year.

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OUR SPECIAL THIS WEEK
Ladies' Cloaks
\$8.50==to==\$35.00

Children's Coats
\$2.50 to \$5.00

These are our selections, and if you look them
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W. N. TOWNSEND & CO.

THE MASTER TAILORS. NOTHING BETTER.

In Our Immense New Windows

You can see how we are prepared to furnish your home,
FROM SITTING ROOM TO KITCHEN.

Call and see the beautiful Circassian Walnut
Parlor and Dining Room Sets, which are the admiration of all Santa Fe.

We have just received some attractive Japanese Screens and
immense variety of Carpets. Hand painted Dishes, salad
sets, which rival anything of the kind in the South-
west, are, also worth looking at.

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UNDERTAKING COMPANY.**

GREAT--SPECIAL--SALE

OF A LINE THAT EVERYBODY IS INTERESTED IN.

The Biggest Bargains Ever Offered in Santa Fe
Look in the Show Windows of Adolf Seligman Dry Goods Co.

THE SALE WILL LAST THREE DAYS.

ADOLPH SELIGMAN DRY GOODS CO.

This must go NOW and is THE BIGGEST BARGAIN
ever offered in Irrigated Lands

80 acres all under ditch and exceptionally good fence.

GOOD 8-ROOM HOUSE,

wells, chicken house, 300 three-year-old fruit trees,
40 acres in alfalfa. Ask about it before TOO LATE.

Santa Fe Abstract, Realty & Insurance Agency.

Phone Black No. 52 Phone Black No. 229 Residence

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SUITS, COATS AND SKIRTS

FOR WOMEN and MISSES. Customers and Friends are cordially invited to inspect our

PORTFOLIO OF FASHIONS

Satisfaction IN STYLE, QUALITY AND FIT Guaranteed

JULIUS H. GERDES.

Santa Fe Water &
Light Company

NO PROFIT ON THE LAMP...ITS CURRENT WE WANT TO SELL

Listen! Why Not Get the Benefit of All the Light?

You pay for, by having it right where you are using it. It saves on your light bill and SAVES THE EYES. Our display rooms are open for your inspection, and we have the finest line of Reading and Student Lamps that can be seen anywhere, and we will sell them right. Get away from the idea that these lamps are expensive. Cheaper, cleaner, give the maximum light, and better looking than anything you can get.

SANTA FE WATER & LIGHT COMPANY, WASHINGTON STREET.

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GENERAL OFFICES--RATON NEW MEXICO.

(Read Down)		In effect Sept. 1st 1910		(Read Up)	
1	19	Miles	STATIONS	2	12
1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36
37	38	39	40	41	42
43	44	45	46	47	48
49	50	51	52	53	54
55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66
67	68	69	70	71	72
73	74	75	76	77	78
79	80	81	82	83	84
85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96
97	98	99	100	101	102

Connects at Colfax with E. P. & S. W. Ry. train both North and South.
 Stage for Van Houten N. M. meets trains at Preston N. M.
 Stage leaves Van Houten N. M. for Elizabethtown, N. M., at 9:00 a. m. daily except
 Sundays. Fare \$2.00 one way \$3.50 round trip; fifty pound baggage carried free.
 G. & S. train leaves Des Moines, N. M., for the south at 11:11 p. m. arrives from the
 south at 4:45 a. m.

E. G. DEDMAN, J. VAN HOUTEN, F. M. WILLIAMS,
 Superintendent, V. P. & G. M., G. P. Agent.

Pains All Over!

"You are welcome," says Mrs. Nora Guffey, of Broken Arrow, Okla., "to use my letter in any way you want to, if it will induce some suffering woman to try Cardui. I had pains all over, and suffered with an abscess. Three physicians failed to relieve me. Since taking Cardui, I am in better health than ever before, and that means much to me, because I suffered many years with womanly troubles, of different kinds. What other treatments I tried, helped me for a few days only."

TAKE CARDUI The Woman's Tonic

Don't wait, until you are taken down sick, before taking care of yourself. The small aches and pains, and other symptoms of womanly weakness and disease, always mean worse to follow, unless given quick treatment.

You would always keep Cardui handy, if you knew what quick and permanent relief it gives, where weakness and disease of the womanly system makes life seem hard to bear. Cardui has helped over a million women. Try it.

Write to: Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions, and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent free. J51

To accurately cast this latest and greatest success of Rex Beach for its first transcontinental tour has been a heavy responsibility. The clean-cut and pronounced characters in the story must have their realistic counterparts upon the stage.

Those world wide book favorites, "Captain Burrell," of the U. S. A.; "Gale," the Mysterious, with a shadow on his past; "Poleon," the light hearted French-Canadian, who sings his way on to the stage, and into the hearts of all, and loves in vain; "Stark," who has never been surpassed as a stage villain; "Runyon," his confederate, who so faithfully represents the lower life of Alaskan bad men; "No Creek Lee," a unique comedy character of the last west; "Corporal Thomas," who allows his honesty to overshadow his discretion; "Aluna," the faithful squaw of "Gale," and supposed mother of "Necia"; and last of all "Necia" herself, who is led to believe that her "Barrier" to Captain Burrell and happiness, in the faint of Indian blood running through her veins, will all fit into the stage pictures with realistic accuracy, when the company fills its bookings, appearing here as advertised in the daily press in the Elks' theater on Friday, October 6.

The sale of seats opens at Fischer's drug store on Tuesday, October 3, for those who have signed the roll and on October 4 for the general public.

A good sized guarantee is necessary to cover the expense of this attraction which has been playing to overflowing audiences in all sections of the country, and Manager Stanton anticipates no difficulty in signing the contracts, if the appreciative class of theatergoers each agree to take the usual number of seats in advance of the appearance of the agent.

Names will now be received for all who assist in securing this excellent attraction.

Two hundred names—approximately—not only insures it but places our city in line for more of the big shows from the same source.

Everyone who would like to see a play of this nature stop here should give their names to Mr. Fischer without delay.

this be given them, subject to such reasonable regulation as the commission might prescribe.

All these provisions in one form of another were enacted into the law. In addition, the House of Representatives added to the jurisdiction of the Interstate Commerce Commission the power to declare reasonable rates in respect of telegraph, telephone and express companies. A modification was made in the Senate regarding the long and short haul clause, which gave more discretion to the Interstate Commerce Commission than that which it had heretofore exercised under the decisions of the Supreme Court. The time during which the commission could suspend the raising of a rate was enlarged to four months, and after that, if necessary, to six months longer, instead of the 90 days which I had recommended. I had submitted the question of the proper amendment to the Attorney General and the Solicitor General, to the Chief of the Interstate Commerce Commission, to Commissioner Prouty and to Senator Townsend, then a member of the Interstate Commerce Committee of the House of Representatives, and I recommended to Congress for inclusion in the bill the provisions which they recommended to me. The bill was enacted in the form which I had indicated. There were certain amendments that I recommended that were not approved. One was a recommendation that no railroad company should be allowed to acquire stock in a competing railroad company, with such provisions for existing arrangements as would obviate confusion, and the second recommendation in accordance with the platform of the Republican party, and the urgent message of my predecessor, was that competing railroads should not be able to make temporary arrangements for common rates between common points without giving them any binding character as contracts. It was thought by Congress, however, that this would seriously affect the operation of the antitrust act, and it was not approved.

Another recommendation which I made was one forbidding interstate commerce railways to issue bonds and stocks without permission of the Interstate Commerce Commission. For this provision was substituted a section providing a commission to be appointed by the President to make a report upon the feasibility and wisdom of such a provision, and that report will be submitted to Congress at the next session.

I think it is not generally conceded by those who understand the operation of the present law that the regulatory power of the Interstate Commerce Commission is sufficiently great to remedy generally the injustices to shippers which gave rise to the demand for legislation. Except the introduction of a limitation as to the power of issuing stocks and bonds, I do not think it wise to add to the present statutes.

The history of the operation of the Interstate Commerce Act is interesting and instructive. Soon after the inception of the statute the railroads began to treat the Interstate Commerce Commission quite contemptuously. The system of unlawful rebates was very widespread among them, and the neglect of the law was apparent to every one interested in its operation. This condition aroused the indignation of the people and pressed their representatives on to further restrictions. Indeed, it gave rise to a prejudice against the railroads from which they have suffered in some cases unjustly. Now, I feel that they have become reconciled to the facts; they have come to recognize that the public insists upon regulating their business and seeing to it through the Interstate Commerce Commission that they do not violate the law. I believe and hope that the spirit of vindictiveness against these great arteries of public commerce which the indignation of the public naturally prompted in their representatives is gradually disappearing.

Occasionally one hears the complaint that there is no room for enterprise among railroads; that there is no inducement to further investment and the extension of their lines; that someone else is running their railroads for them; and that all hope of prosperous business in transportation has disappeared. I think this attitude is unreasonable on the one hand as that of spite against a railroad because it is a railroad on the other. We all have to face the condition that the public insists, and have a right to insist, upon the close regulation of railroads in view of past evils and of the danger of their recurrence in the future if vigilance is abated, and that nothing but such regulation will secure the compliance with the law that the public insists on having.

That regulation is not restrictive of wide discretion in railroad management and there is and ought to be sufficient scope for enterprise, for close economies in the business of the common carrier, and for the securing of a reasonable profit for the shareholders, to make the railroad business as great a field as ever for business genius. All reforms have not been secured in railroad management. This takes time. Many rates are still unreasonable or discriminatory; but the point I am making is that we now have effective and impartial machinery in the present organization and power of the commission for affecting these reforms without additional restrictive legislation.

Second, with respect to the trusts, I have elsewhere given my views of what the decision of the Supreme Court is. It in effect declares that the anti-trust statute punishes every combination or restraint of interstate trade that is intended and has the necessary effect to control prices, exclude competition, and establish a partial or complete monopoly of any interstate trade in any merchandise, and that a bill of equity may be filed against the offending combination or corporation which will lead to disintegration of that combination, if found unlawful, and a division of it into a sufficient number of parts under separate ownership to insure competition and to maintain it by the continuing force of perpetual injunction against the resumption of the unlaw-

ful bond and purpose of the combination. Whether it will be possible to secure a national incorporation act for closer supervision of those corporations engaged in interstate trade, and for their greater security when they pursue business in accordance with law, I am unable to say, because the constitutional views of the present majority in the lower house are presumably against the increase of a Federal function in respect to corporations. Be that as it may, the business community now knows, or ought to know, where it stands. The court declines to hold that competition is impossible under modern business conditions, but it insists that it might be given fully opportunity for operation, and that any combined effort affecting interstate trade looking to its suppression is contrary to law. In other words, business must face the necessity of throwing away the crutch of combination against competition in its further progress. When this rule is recognized, when the corporations that have offended the law are disintegrated sufficiently to enable competition to have full play, then there is no reason why business should not go on unhampered.

Criticism has been uttered in no measured tone against the activity of the Department of Justice in the institution of prosecutions and bills of equity under the anti-trust law, on the ground that it is hurting business. It is the sworn duty of the Executive to enforce the law, and as long as such combinations exist and are known to exist in any way they would be lacking in their duty if they did not prosecute them. They are under my orders to treat the prosecution of trusts like the bringing of any suits which are within the scope and duty of the Department of Justice, and I must decline to admit that there is any discretion which would enable the Attorney General and his assistants to stay the hand of the Government in respect of such violations of law. I do not think it need be long continued, because I believe that the business community itself is rapidly taking in the effect of the decisions of the Supreme Court, and we may expect a revolution of feeling on the attitude of business men toward this step.

I have heard the severest criticism, from some men engaged in business, of the anti-trust law. It is difficult for me to argue with them, because I don't understand how their position can be supported in the slightest. They seem to think that there ought to be some measure making legal the control of competition and limited monopoly, some statute enacted which shall establish a line between those monopolies that are reasonable and those that are not—those that are benevolent and those that are unconscionable. No such line is possible, and the Supreme Court has expressly so decided. Mourning over a condition which is inevitable is useless, and until they realize that their view in this regard must be radically changed their complaints must fall upon deaf ears.

I have seen arguments based upon the attitude of foreign government toward great enterprises in which it is pointed out that they have encouraged fondled and protected combinations of this character. That is true. There is a tendency among some foreign governments to encourage what they call trusts, to take part themselves in the management of the trusts, to fix prices, and to depend upon governmental control to secure their reasonable conduct, but such a system with us is utterly impossible, and it might as well be understood. The countries to which reference is made are veering toward state socialism. This, indeed, is competition is to disappear, is the logical escape from the evil of private monopolies, because if private companies are to be allowed to manage everything and fix prices, then there is every reason why the control thus exercised by them should be transferred from them to the government, and this is state

socialism. Third, with respect to tariff laws. The business of the country today rests upon the protective tariff basis. Everyone knows this, and everyone must be aware that a change in tariffs in such a way that those businesses that are dependent upon protection for their existence shall lose it must injure present conditions in all business, whether dependent on the tariff or not. The change, therefore, from a protective tariff to a tariff for revenue only is necessarily hostile to existing business, and must lead to business depression and at least temporarily business disaster. But there are many, and I am among those, who believe that protection in the past has been too high and that it is possible to lower the tariff so as not to interfere with business, giving a living rate of protection to existing enterprise and yet prevent excessive prices growing out of excessive rates. In carrying out such a policy and maintaining such an attitude it is essential that the interests of business should be guarded by close investigation into their needs as to a protective tariff, and this emphasizes the importance and vital necessity of the maintenance of a tariff commission and of its ascertainment of the facts with respect to business and the difference between the cost of production here and the cost of production abroad before tariff changes are made.

One of the prominent and useful features of the administration of the Government in Germany, in Austria, and in France, is the existence of under officials constituting a tariff bureau or commission who shall follow closely the changes in trade in their own country, and in other countries through consular bureaus and otherwise, and who keep in constant readiness for use a digested mass of information which enables them to advise the government with the utmost accuracy what changes in the tariff law would help the trade of their own country, and what the effect of the changes will be. They exercise the closest guardianship over the business of the country, with the hope of promoting its prosperity and expanding its volume. They would no more think of changing a policy like that of the protective tariff to a free-trade policy by one stroke, breaking down the business of the country in many directions, than they would of blowing up their battleships or destroying their fortifications.

We have had in the past two years, since the agitation and the excitement growing out of the passage of the Payne bill, a strong movement toward the establishment of a tariff board or commission which, by furnishing accurate information as to tariff matters and the comparative costs of foreign and home production in respect to manufactures and products, should enable Congress to act with care toward the existing industries of the country and to save them as far as possible in any change that might be made. Under circumstances which it is not necessary for me to recount and by appropriations furnished by Congress, I have been able to establish a tariff board, and I have declined to promote the passage of tariff measures framed without the knowledge that within a few months

(Continued on page seven.)

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Our map is the best, the most attractive and elegant ever made of any State when admitted into the Union. It is in itself a souvenir for the delegates and for any patriotic son of New Mexico. The size of the map is 40x50 inches, printed in several colors; at the top is a rampant American Eagle, and at the bottom the Capitol of Santa Fe with the brilliant Sun of the State rising behind the Capitol's dome.

It will be a historical ornament for every office and home in the new State, and every patriotic and public-spirited citizen can hardly afford to be without one.

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Selling Dates, September 28 and 29, 1911, with return limit of 5 days from date of sale.

THE PEOPLE'S ANNUAL HOLIDAY NEW MEXICO STATE FAIR Albuquerque, Oct. 9-14, 1911

CURTIS AVIATION MEET

"Birdmen" of International Repute will thrill the crowd for three days, October 11, 12 and 13

\$1,000 "BULL" DURHAM STAKE FOR 2:12 PACERS to be raced "Bull" Durham Day, Friday, Oct. 13. This stake was given by the BLACKWELL'S DURHAM TOBACCO CO.

BASEBALL EVERY DAY --- EXCITING HORSE RACES Feature Upon Feature. Fun by the Ton Instructive Departments

SPECIAL RATES ON ALL RAILROADS

ISAAC BARTH, President. JOHN B. McMANUS, Secretary-Manager

ROSWELL AUTO CO., ROSWELL, N. M.

Carrying the U. S. rail and passenger lines between Vaughn, N. M., and Roswell, N. M., connecting with the Santa Fe and Southern and Rock Island Railroads and the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad.
 Leaves Vaughn at 8:45 a. m., arrives in Roswell at 2:00 p. m.
 Leaves Roswell at 12:30 a. m., arrives in Vaughn at 5:30 p. m.

Baggage allowance 100 lbs. to each regular ticket, excess baggage at the rate of \$5.00 per hundred lbs.
 We are equipped to carry any kind of trunks or baggage, up to 1,500 lbs.
 Special rates are given for excursions, for eight or more passengers.
 For further information, write the Roswell Auto Co., Roswell, N. M.

J. W. STOCKARD, MANAGER



ELEANOR HABER as NECIA in THE BARRIER

Hotel Arrivals.

Palace.
 W. E. Cogswell, City.
 F. L. Tuttle, San Francisco.
 L. B. Sylvestre, Monte Vista.
 E. A. Johnson, City.
 F. L. Edminster, Alamosa.
 Montezuma.
 F. J. Cashin, Denver.
 R. C. Caneyhill, Denver.
 C. W. Henry, San Francisco.
 D. E. Hart, Kansas City.
 C. A. Scheuch, Clovis.
 Mr. and Mrs. Fred Boice, Toledo, O.
 Rev. G. Haelterman, Espanola.
 A. Appelbaum, Louisville.
 E. C. Lewis, Denver.
 Joseph Gordon, Kansas City.
 Lee Lasseter, Dallas, Texas.
 W. O. Duvall, Denver.
 J. S. Hunter, Kansas City.
 H. M. Harris, Denver.
 Edward Hesch, City.
 Coronado.
 Andres C. de Baca, Cienega.
 G. W. Cable, Belen.
 George Grant, Creede.
 A. J. Stewart, Creede.

Common Colds Must be Taken Seriously.

For unless cured they sap the vitality and lower the vital resistance to more serious infection. Protect your children and yourself by the prompt use of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound and note its quick and decisive results. For coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, bronchitis and affections of the throat, chest and lungs it is an ever ready and valuable remedy. For sale by all druggists.

"BE CHARITABLE" SAYS MR. TAFT

(Continued From Page One.)

against the Commission as heretofore.

I recommended that shippers should have some easy and practical method of ascertaining a rate applicable to any proposed shipment in advance in writing with a penalty for a failure to furnish it.

I recommended that a commission be authorized to act on its own initiative, as well as upon the complaint of any individual respecting the reasonableness of any rate or the fairness of any practice, and that the commission should be empowered to pass upon the classification of commodities as well as upon their rates, that having been left in doubt under the previous law.

I also invited attention to the injurious delay of remedy which was occasioned to the shippers whenever unreasonable advances in rates were made. The Interstate Commerce Commission might find the advance unreasonable only after long hearing and after it had gone into effect, and after the unreasonable rates had been collected for a considerable period. I suggested that the Interstate Commerce Commission might have power to suspend such an order for 60 days and look into its reasonableness, and that if it be found to be unreasonable it should not be permitted.

I invited attention to the complaint of the shippers that they did not have the power to direct the route over which their shipments should pass to destination. I recommended that

HOLM O. BURSUM BY ACCLAMATION

Friends of Jaffa and Otero
Say Their Candidates Will
Withdraw

SANTA FE VOTES FOR BURSUM

Mann, and Not Gillenwater Delegates from Bernalillo, Are Seated.

(By Special Correspondent.)
Convention Hall, Las Vegas, September 28, 9 a. m.

It was 2 o'clock this morning when the Territorial Central Committee adjourned subject to call of the chairman. It was a long, weary session, in which the Bernalillo county controversy was again gone over from A to Z.

Nothing new was brought out but W. H. Gillenwater, chairman of the faction that had held out against harmony, was given several hours to explain and defend his position. He made a vehement argument and went into the history in detail. There was a psychological moment toward early morning when a compromise seemed in sight on the basis of having both county chairmen call the primaries and have Thomas B. Catron act as arbiter. There was wavering for a minute but some one moved a recess and the plan came to naught during the breathing spell.

Holm O. Bursum presided with Col. J. D. Sena as secretary. Charles A. Spiess relieved H. O. Bursum later as presiding officer. There was no inter-preter.

Fifty members answered to the roll call. The temporary roll call of the convention was called and adopted. It was announced that the Sandoval county controversy between the Alejandro Sandoval delegation and the E. A. Miera delegation had been amicably settled, each delegation being seated and each delegate having half a vote. W. H. Gillenwater offered a resolution declaring that the territorial central committee had no right to intervene in the affairs of county conventions unless with the consent of all parties to the controversy. This was adopted on motion of Charles A. Spiess.

The report of the sub-committee which had met at Albuquerque was upon motion of A. B. Fall adopted by a vote of 49 to 1, and after W. H. Gillenwater had spoken against the report for two hours. There was parliamentary wrangling and the disposition was manifest to give Mr. Gillenwater every opportunity to be heard and to make the best of his contention. A motion to seat both delegations was lost by a vote of 29 to 21.

Motion Carried.
The final motion to seat the Mann delegation was carried 42 to 8.

San Juan Matter.
The contest for one delegateship from San Juan county between M. B. Scott and C. S. Brulington was referred to a sub-committee of five, consisting of Solomon Luna, M. S. Groves, H. D. Bowman, Malaquias Martinez and George Sena. The sub-committee is in session this morning.

Temporary Organization.
The territorial central committee decided on the following temporary organization:

L. Bradford Prince, temporary chairman.
Colonel Jose D. Sena, temporary secretary.

Prince to Sound Keynote.
It is expected that ex-Governor L. Bradford Prince whose friends mention him prominently for one of the two congressional nominations, will make the keynote address of the convention.

The entire day will be devoted to the appointment of committees and the preliminary drafting of the platform and the nominations will be made tomorrow.

Jaffa and Otero Withdraw.
This morning it was announced that the friends of Nathan Jaffa and M. A. Otero would not present their names for the governorship. A similar report as to Secundino Romero was denied, but events are shaping themselves toward the nomination of Holm O. Bursum for the governorship by acclamation.

Santa Fe For Bursum.
The Santa Fe delegation met in caucus yesterday afternoon and by a vote of 14 to 3 decided to cast its solid vote for Holm O. Bursum.

Taos County.
Taos county took similar action and it is expected that Rio Arriba county will fall in line by tonight solidly for Bursum.

NEW JERSEY ZINC PRODUCTION IS GREAT.

The well known Mine Hill zinc mines at Franklin Furnace, in Sussex county, New Jersey, continued their important production of zinc throughout 1910, according to H. D. McCaskey, of the United States Geological Survey, sending 208,353 tons to the concentrating mills (producing 265,606 tons of concentrates), and 67,324 tons of crude ore to the smelters. Figured as metallic zinc, the total recoverable output was 137,355,219 pounds of spelter, valued at \$7,417,182. The mines are opened by a vertical shaft 965 feet deep, a slope to the 600-foot level, and a shaft 1,500 feet deep on an incline of 47-1/2 degrees. The crushing plant has a capacity of 2,240 net tons per 24 hours and the separator a capacity of 1,244 net tons.

Before you reach the limit of physical endurance and while your condition is still curable, take Foley's Kidney Pills. Their quick action and positive results will delight you. For backache, nervousness, rheumatism, all bladder troubles and urinary diseases. For sale by all druggists.

"BE CHARITABLE" SAYS MR. TAFT

Continued from Page Six.

this tariff board can furnish; and I have done so because I thought the business of the country was entitled to better treatment than the slipshod framing and hasty enactment of the measures the injurious effect of which upon the industries of the country could not be calculated.

Fourth, and finally we have a very lame banking and currency system. The theory of the issue of bank notes based on the deposit of government bonds by each national bank, is that this will increase and decrease according to the needs of the money market; that these national banks will deposit bonds and float their notes when money is needed, and will withdraw the bonds and reduce the circulation when the demand for money is light. Such has not been the result, and it is due to the fact that the bonds which were issued for the purpose of enabling them to be used as deposits paid only 2 per cent, a rate which is about 1 per cent below the regular market rate for government bonds in this country, and, therefore, prevents the disposition and use of the bonds for any other purpose than the securing of bank notes. This gives a stiffness to the deposit and withdrawal of such bonds and a rigidity to the amount of currency dependent on the amount of currency desired.

More than that, the independent action of each bank when money grows tight, in reaching out for cash and increasing its reserve, accentuates the original cause for the contraction of the currency and doubles the force. The control by each of the banks is a control by none of them, and we find a money famine growing by the very fact of its existence, more and more pressing and more panic-producing.

There ought to be some central authority that will take over the quick assets of the banks in the form of business paper and issue bank notes on the faith of it to meet the exigency arising at any time in a demand for money. If vested in one person or set of persons, the business can be intelligently done, panics avoided, and money sufficient for the purpose of business kept constantly on hand. The present proposition of the Monetary Commission, which I believe will be recommended by Congress, is that this authority shall be provided by a combination of all the banks of the country, reserving to the smaller banks a power of selection greater than the ratio between their capital and the capital of the larger banks, in which board or agency the Government shall have a representative, not so that it may control, but so that it may have a voice in the management. I will not go into the details except to say that they must be carefully worked out for the purpose of preventing the political control of the monetary situation, or control by the large banks of Wall Street. Such a system is absolutely necessary for the progress of business in this country. We must have a system in which the merchants have confidence that it will be scientifically run, and with a view only to the public interest.

I have thus reviewed four subjects in which the action of the Government has a direct relation to business, and I have discussed them with a view to the conclusion which I would now like to state. The evils which the interstate commerce law and the anti-trust law were adopted to correct are in the process of being remedied. They were evils that required hostile legislation to stamp them out, and need constant vigilance in the future to prevent their recurrence. The difficulty is that the indignation caused by the evils aroused a spirit of antagonism and bitterness which it is now difficult to allay, and which manifests itself in action of a hostile character whenever occasion arises. The same thing may be said of the excessive tariff. The fact that banking and currency necessarily concerns banks and those institutions that gather together money attracts the hostility of men in politics, who thrive by stirring up envy and hatred and who live chiefly upon the denunciation of the industries, the thrifty and the successful in business.

I have considered these points with a view to an appeal to the public in behalf of reasonable, modest action and treatment for the purpose of encouraging the investment of capital and of promoting prosperity. I deprecate vindictive feeling against railway corporations, against the competing parts of trusts after they have complied with decrees of courts disintegrating them, against a reasonable treatment of the businesses dependent on the tariff, or against the solution of the monetary question which appeals to all reasonable and experienced men.

We in this country are all in the same boat. Speeches made in one part of the country arouse the people of that region against the enterprise or business of another are made by the blindest men. Let there be protection of business in one large section and that protection will spread quickly to all the rest.

What makes men happy? What furnishes shoes and clothes and good wholesome food to the family of father and mother and children but prosperous times, in which labor is in high demand, wages are good, sales are plenty, prices are normal, and everybody is sharing in the general prosperity?

In attempting to rid ourselves of the evils that were growing in business so as to put dangerous power into the hands of concentrated wealth, we had to do many things that savored of hostility to capital, at least to the capital which was engaged in those things that it was thought necessary to enact statutes to condemn. I am no defender of those evils. On the contrary, I have been as strongly in favor of their suppression by statutes made effective as anyone, but I think we have arrived at a time when the people themselves ought to acquire sufficient perception into the operation of economic forces to realize that a sectional protection leading to legislation against the interests of the rest of



the country will as certainly redound to the detriment of another section as night will follow day. We are in the same boat. We are tossed by the same waves. Why, then, should we allow the political fortunes of any man or set of men to mislead us into a hostility toward parts of the country which is certain to work injury to all?

It is not a progressive policy in any true sense to be hostile to prosperity of any part of the country. It is not progressive to be against a railway corporation because it is a railway corporation. It is progressive to take measures by statute which shall regulate railways and prevent their recurring to evils of which they have been guilty in the past; but, assuming them to be engaged in lawful business, it is of the highest interest that we should secure to them reasonable rates, so that their shareholders may have a profit, and that they should not enact legislation in a spirit of hostility and think that merely because we have hit a railway corporation and injured it we have done something for the public good. Any other view is lacking in sanity and it is that spirit of unreasonable and unreasonable antagonism which political exigency seems to develop and against which the complaints of business men may with propriety and good reason be directed.

Of course, we are all anxious to prevent the acquisition of undue profits by anybody, whether in the form of discriminating rates and rebates or by a combination in restraint of trade, or by any other means which is unlawful or improper; but we ought not to allow our fear that something of that sort may happen to lead us on to a general attitude of enmity toward the accumulation of money by thrift and foresight and to its lawful investment in great enterprise for reasonable profit.

The misfortune of the situation I perfectly realize. It is one of the inevitable consequences of a deep-rooted evil. You can not eradicate it by popular movement very strong as to be carried for the time beyond the median line of common sense and into the extremities of unreasonableness.

We have reached a point where we can call a halt, not in the progressive movement to keep business free from these abuses, but where we can call a halt against appeals to a spirit of pure hostility to prosperity on the theory that no one can be prosperous without being dishonest or a violator of law in securing the profits of his business.

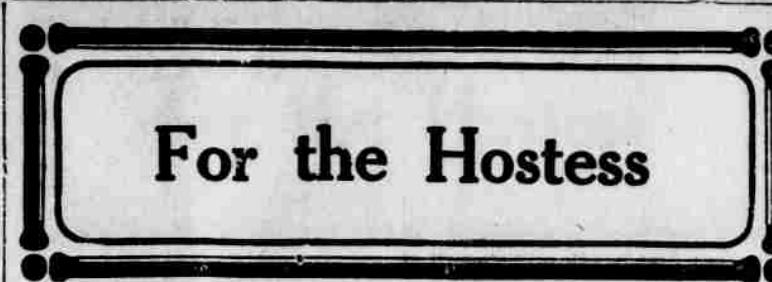
Let us put our shoulders together in a movement to promote the business prosperity of the country by frowning down these attacks that are engendered not by a real desire to eliminate abuses, but by a wish to arouse in the people an unjust prejudice and take away from them a clear perception as to their real interest in encouraging the investment of capital, in commending its thrift, wise and lawful use to secure good and reasonable profit and to enjoy the widespread influence of the prosperity that business thus encouraged is bound to shower upon the people at large.

We must have investments from which to secure a large wage fund, which is needed to support the wage earners. We must inspire in the business men who control those investments the confidence that they will not be driven out of business. If railroads are unjustly legislated against by state legislation to the point where they can not do a profitable business, the injury is more direct to the wage earners of the railway than to the shareholders, because the shareholders presumably are people who have some other means of livelihood than the dividends from the stock, while the wage earners are entirely dependent on a continuance of conditions which make the wages fund large and supports the wage earner and his family.

Let us reason together. Let us be charitable and kind. Let us not be so suspicious and ascribe corrupt motives to everyone in the community but our particular friends and political associates. Let us do teamwork in the community. Let us have legislation that helps, or an absence of legislation if it be a necessity. And let us approve and praise the great business enterprise and genius that honestly and by proper methods accumulates property and puts it into productive industries, supports the thousands of workmen, and furnishes profit to those whose savings have gone into the shares and bonds of the enterprise.

This is the hope that I have for the future. Business is halting now. There is doubt and distrust among investors, due to a fear of blind enmity toward successful enterprise. What is the remedy? It is the restoration of confidence between the classes of persons who have been opposing each other in times past, who now, after the reforms are initiated and are in process of being effected ought to come together in amity and make the best use of the enormous resources we have in this country for the promotion of general prosperity and the securing and encouragement of individual happiness.

Foley's Kidney Remedy (Liquid). Is great medicine of proven value for both acute and chronic kidney and bladder ailments. It is especially recommended to elderly people for its wonderful tonic and reconstructive qualities, and the permanent relief and comfort it gives them. For sale by all druggists.



A Pendule Party.
Who originated this unusually clever party I know not, but I see its possibilities and I am sure our readers will appreciate the efforts of the one who worked it out. In the first place "Pendule" means clock. It is the French and adds a bit of mystery to the invitations which should bear the face of a clock. Have six tables, four players at each. I will now quote from the description given me:

Twenty minutes were allowed at each table, then the men progressed; in this way they met all the ladies. Places at the table were found by booklets in which was space to write the answers; a quotation and picture of a clock were on the cover of each. For table 1, couple 1, the hour hand pointed to one o'clock and the quotation was:

"One truth is clear."
—Pope.
For table 1, couple 2, the hour hand pointed to two o'clock and the quotation was:

"Two heads are better than one."
—Heywood.
Questions. Answers.

1. Inferior one-horned
2. Partial one-sided
3. Condition of many veterans one-legged
4. False two-faced
5. Deuce name for 25 cents two-bits
6. Southern name for 25 cents two-bits

TABLE 2, COUPLE 3:
"Three corners of the world."
—Shakespeare.
TABLE 3, COUPLE 4:
"Four rogues in Buckram."
—Shakespeare.

The questions at this table were represented by cards on which were pictures of—
Questions. Answers.

1. A yard measure three feet
2. A try card three spot
3. An animal four-footed
4. A gallon measure four quarts
5. A flower four-o'clock
6. A necktie four-in-hand

TABLE 4, COUPLE 5:
"My dear, five hundred friends."
—Cowper.
TABLE 5, COUPLE 6:
"Six hundred pounds a year."
—Swift.

Questions. Answers.
1. An afternoon function five o'clock tea
2. A game five hundred
3. A bird five spot
4. One-half of an eagle five dollars, gold
5. An English coin six pence
6. One hour sixty minutes

TABLE 6, COUPLE 7:
"Seven half-penny leaves."
—Old Testament.
TABLE 8, COUPLE 8:
"At the usual hour of eight."
—Hood.

Questions. Answers.
1. A game at cards seven-up
2. A religious sect—seventh day Baptists
3. What is Rome called seven-hilled city
4. A kind of clock eight-day
5. By Louisa M. Alcott eight cousins
6. In old times in England what rung at eight o'clock curfew bell

TABLE 9, COUPLE 9:
"A woman hath nine lives like a cat."
—Heywood.
TABLE 10, COUPLE 10:
"I'd set my ten commandments in your face."
—Shakespeare.

A SHORT STORY.
Substitute words beginning with nine and ten—
She came from (a southern state), lived on (a kind of beef) and their marriage was a (sensation).

He was a (greenhorn), not hardened to life in the mining camp and did not like living in a (portable shelter). But life would have been rather (strained) for them in the east, for he only possessed (OK) dollars; so this (delicate) young couple remained in the west, and his chief amusement was singing (a well known Gospel hymn), with his fine (the)

Two hands of valencienne insertion separated by a band of the nainsook with the French knots form the belt, while the skirt is finished at the bottom with tucks, valencienne insertion and embroidery.

The third sketch, at the right, shows a charming little dress to be made up in white pique.

The skirt is so made that it gives the effect of a very deep hem turned back at the top at the left side to form tiny revers which are ornamented with buttons. Below these revers there are knots and loops of cord.

The blouse, with short kimono sleeves, is made and trimmed to correspond, and is finished in front with a knot of pale blue satin ribbon, of which the girdle is also made. The guimpes and undersleeves are of tuckled mullin and English embroidery.

A Guess.
"Why is the lion called the king of beasts?"
"I don't know," replied the naturalist, "unless he acquired the title years ago when large whiskers were supposed to imply an especial fitness for governmental authority."

Defining His Position.
"Is your husband in favor of the initiative and referendum?"
"Yes," replied the woman in the sunbath; "and the recall and local option and anything that'll enable him to go to the polls and miss a day's work."

Experienced Opinion.
"What do you think of this universal peace proposition? Do you believe human beings will ever give up fighting with each other?"
"Of course, I don't believe it. And I wouldn't."

For prizes for the girl who answers most questions, give a pair of silk "clocked" stockings and the same for the boy. A small travelling clock is also a suitable prize. Serve small cakes, the tops frosted to represent clock faces, the hands and figures done in a colored icing.

An Airship Dinner.
Every one is more or less interested in the great experiments being made in aviation, so with this in mind a hostess used a lovely miniature airship gotten at the toy department, over her table at a dinner given for eight guests. The favors were diminutive airships and the place cards were painted with balloons and airships floating over the surface of the card.

Each guest was asked to express his or her opinion upon the success of aeroplanes; as several of the guests had had actual experience this was a most interesting feature of the affair. One of the women had been "up" and another was about to accept an invitation, so it was all very exciting. Perhaps the time is not far distant when "sky" pilots will be as necessary as those on the sea.

MADAME MERRI.
Much pink linen in coarse weave is seen. Banded bags are in great favor again. The tapestry bag is quite the rage. We see white and black with everything.

Many of the new motor velis are as large as scarfs. Large collars in pique are worn with serge suits. Black satin trims some of the dainty pique collars.

White serge suits often show a touch of bright color. Embroidery is the dominant note in summer dress decoration. There are ribbon effects galore in present clothe decoration.

Suede shoes, with tiny straps over the insteps, are popular. Paris prophesies that the fall will see wide gowns.

The use of numerous small buttons as a trimming for waists, etc., is a feature of interest.

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CALL FOR DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY OF PRECINCT NO. 4, SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO.

By order of the Democratic Central Committee of Santa Fe County, New Mexico, a meeting of the Democratic voters of Precinct No. 4, is hereby called to be held on Saturday, September 30, 1911, at the hour of 7:30 p. m. of said day, at Cordova hall in said precinct, in the city of Santa Fe, New Mexico, for the purpose of electing 5 delegates and 5 alternates to the County Democratic convention to be held at the court house in Santa Fe, on Monday, October 2, 1911, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. of said day to elect 13 delegates to represent said county in the Democratic State convention to be held in Santa Fe, New Mexico, on October 3, 1911, and to elect 13 delegates to represent said county in the First Judicial District Convention to be held in Santa Fe, New Mexico, on October 3, 1911.

All Democratic voters and all other voters in said precinct who believe in the principles of the Democratic party, and who believe in a business-like, economic, progressive and efficient administration of public affairs in the county of Santa Fe and State of New Mexico, are earnestly requested to attend said primary and participate in the proceedings thereof.

LORENZO GUTIERREZ,
CHAS. F. EASLEY,
Precinct Committeemen.
Dated September 25, 1911.

Fraternal Societies

MASONIC.
Montezuma Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M. Regular communication first Monday of each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30.

H. H. DORMAN, Master.
CHAS. E. LINNEY, Secretary.

Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. A. M. Regular convocation second Monday of each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.

JOHN H. WALKER, H. P.
ARTHUR SELIGMAN, Secretary.

Santa Fe Lodge No. 1, K. T. Regular convocation fourth Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.

CHAS. A. WHEELON, E. C. W. E. GRIFFIN, Recorder.

Santa Fe Lodge of Perfection No. 1, 14th degree. Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of Free Masonry meets on the third Monday of each month at 7:30 o'clock in the evening in Masonic Hall, south side of Plaza. Visiting Scotch Rite Masons are cordially invited to attend.

S. G. CARTWRIGHT, 32. Venerable Master.
HENRY F. STEPHENS, 32. Secretary.

B. P. O. E. Santa Fe Lodge No. 460, B. P. O. E. holds its regular session on the second and fourth Wednesday of each month. Visiting brothers are invited and welcome.

CARL A. BISHOP, Exalted Ruler.
J. D. SENA, Secretary.

Independent Order of Beavers. Santa Fe Dam No. 30, I. O. B. holds its regular session at 8 p. m. Meetings first and third Friday. Visiting Brothers are always welcome.

GEO. W. PRICHARD, President.
C. J. NEHS, Secretary.

F. W. FARMER, Homestead No. 2879. Brotherhood of American Yeomen Meets Second and Fourth Thursdays. Delgado's Hall. H. Foreman, C. G. Richie, Cor. Sec. Mrs. Daisy Farmer.

Santa Fe Camp 13514, M. W. A. meets second Tuesday of each month, so called meeting third Tuesday at Elks Hall. Visiting neighbors welcome.

L. G. WHITTIER, Consul.
CHAS. A. RISING, Clerk.

Santa Fe Camp No. 6678, R. N. A. meets fourth Tuesday of each month; social meeting third Tuesday at Elks Hall. Visiting neighbors welcome.

NETTIE VICKROY, Oracle.
FLORENCE RISING, Recorder.

LET THE WANT
A good live advertisement in the Want column of the New Mexican will rent any property that is rentable. There is always some one that wants what you have got, but you must let them know it.

If you want anything on earth—try a New Mexican want ad.

COLUMN DO IT.
A good live advertisement in the Want column of the New Mexican will rent any property that is rentable. There is always some one that wants what you have got, but you must let them know it.

If you want anything on earth—try a New Mexican want ad.

A Great Advantage to Working Men. J. A. Maple, 125 S. 7th St., St. Louis, Mo., says: "For years I suffered from weak kidneys and a severe bladder trouble. I learned of Foley's Kidney Pills and their wonderful cures so I began taking them and sure enough I had as good results as any I heard about. My backache left me and in one of my business, expressing, that alone is a great advantage. My kidneys acted free and normal, and that saved me a lot of misery. It is now a pleasure to work where it used to be a misery. Foley's Kidney Pills have cured me and have my highest praise." For sale by all druggists.

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WANTS

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms, 102 Chapelle.

FOR SALE—Excellent saddle pony. Inquire at New Mexican.

FOR SALE—Fine milk cow. Apply Mrs. Dudrow 242 Agua Fria Road.

FOR RENT—Beavers Home. Possession Oct. 1st. Apply to J. M. Diaz.

FOR RENT—Six roomed brick cottage. Bath, range, light. O. C. Watson & Co.

WANTED—Woman cashier who can speak English and Spanish. Call at Coronado Restaurant.

LOST—Old fashioned flat link gold necklace and pennant. Finder return to this office and receive reward.

Furnished or unfurnished rooms for rent suitable for light housekeeping. No sick need apply. 105 Guadalupe street.

Furniture For Sale—The Beavers having decided to discontinue, offer many nice bed room suits, chairs, tables, rugs, carpets, linens and other household furnishings at half cost. Call at once at Beavers Home and see for yourself.

TYPEWRITERS.
Cleaned, adjusted and repaired. New platens furnished. Ribbons and supplies. Typewriters sold, exchanged and rented. Standard makes handled. All repair work and typewriters guaranteed. Santa Fe Typewriter Exchange. Phone 231.

WANTED—Canvassing Agents at once for the sale of "Compendium of Everyday Wants," the book of general necessity, price \$1.50; also for "The Devil's Bride," a wonderful religious allegory, price \$1.00. Either outfit sent postpaid for 10 cents. 50 per cent commission to agents. Big sellers. Address A. B. KUHLMAN, Publisher, 136 West St., Chicago, Ill.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Santa Fe, N. M. (07753)
Copies in triplicate to Forest Supervisor, Cowles, N. M.

Sept. 12, 1911.
Notice is hereby given that Santiago Ortega, of Pecos, N. M., who, on Sept. 5, 1906, made homestead entry No. 9885, for SE 1/4 SW 14, and Lots 2, 3, 4, Section 31, Township 17 N., Range 12 E., N. M. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Register or Receiver U. S. land office at Santa Fe, N. M., on the 20th day of October, 1911.

Claimant names as witnesses: Jose Maria Ortega, Placido Armijo, Fernandez Armijo, and Gregorio Sandoval, all of Pecos, N. M.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
U. S. Land Office at Santa Fe, N. M. Department of the Interior.

September 12, 1911.
Notice is hereby given that Ambrosio Cano, of Golden, N. M., who on Feb. 1, 1907, made homestead, No. 10616, for N 1/2 NW 14 Sec

No. 4 Andrews "Cash" No. 4

GROCERY · BAKERY · AND · MARKET

"UNCLE SAM"

Inspects all the BEEF, VEAL AND PORK we sell.

We Buy the Best K. C. Meats.

Phone No. 4. F. Andrews Phone No. 4.

WHEN BUYING A WATCH GET THE BEST

One that meets every demand for perfect service—one that combines perfection in the work—style and character in the case to satisfy and please individual taste and requirements.



Jewelry of All Kinds

Mounted Gold and Silver
Filigree Work
IN EXQUISITE DESIGNS

Sterling Silver,
Cut Glass,
Decorated China
AND
Diamond Goods

S. SPITZ, THE JEWELER

DAVID LOWITZKI,

Dealer in New and Second-Hand

**Furniture, Queensware, Tinware,
Carpets, Hardware, Stoves, Ranges, &c.**

Highest Cash Price Paid for Second-Hand Goods.

New and Second-Hand Goods Sold on Easy Payments.

PHONE, 59 BLACK. SANTA FE, N. M.

PERSONAL MENTION.
(Continued from Page Five.)

Wilson W. Mills, son of the governor, and who has been spending his vacation in Santa Fe during the last three months, left today for Ann Arbor, Michigan, and will enter upon his second year of law. Mr. Mills has been a favorite in social circles here and his leaving will be regretted by his many friends. He will stop off at Las Vegas for one day to see the convention.

BOYS, TAKE NOTICE.
There will be needed as pages at the Democratic convention next week about 20 active boys. If interested call and see Frank Butt at Butt Brothers Drug store.

THE DAILY ROUND UP.

Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 28.—The Weather for New Mexico is generally fair in south portion. Local showers in north portion tonight or Friday and cooler.

Packing Boxes for kindling wood at your own price at Goebels.

Tonight for the Last Time—The Battle Hymn of the Republic, at the Elks. Milk and Cream always on hand at Capital City Dairy. Phone Black, 188.

For Scientific Plumbing you will have to go to the Santa Fe Hardware and Supply Company. See advertisement tomorrow.

Two Comic Pictures at the Elks' tonight.

The Woman's Aid Society of the First Presbyterian church will meet with Mrs. Theo. Corrick tomorrow afternoon at her home, 119 Palace avenue.

Now is the Time to replenish your stock of Edison Records. C. L. Grant, at Santa Fe Trail Curio Co., has the full list of Amberol Records, also phonographs with the latest improvements. Call and hear them.

Play Basketball—The girls team of the High School are today playing a game of basketball with the boys of the 10th and 11th grades. It no doubt will be an exciting one as the girls can play fully as well as the boys. The result will be announced in tomorrow's paper.

From 50 to 74 Degrees—That was the range of temperature yesterday

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HAYWARD'S MARKET




HAYWARD'S MARKET

92...Phone...92

We are Scientific Plumbers

Our practice conforms to the most modern methods. We believe in the recommendation good work always secures, and employ only highly skilled intelligent workmen, being thus able to guarantee all work we do.

Our customers incur no risk of any kind, for in addition to our guaranteed plumbing, we install "Standard" guaranteed fixtures—the finest of their kind. Let us estimate for you.



FOR SALE BY
Santa Fe Hardware and Supply Co.

ROSES, Pink and White.
ASTERS, LONG-STEMMED SWEET PEAS.
CACTUS DAHLIAS, Long-Stemmed,
Pink, White, Primrose, Orange and Scarlet.

At the ... CLARENDON GARDENS ... Phone 12

and the average relative humidity for the day was 62 per cent. There was a trace of rain. Yesterday was a clear and pleasant day becoming partly cloudy late in the afternoon and with a sprinkle of rain at night.

If You Want to see something real good, see the Battle Hymn of the Republic at the Elks' tonight.

Santa Fe Wants That Prize—Local fans have arranged to bring six great players from Denver teams to assist Santa Fe in winning the prize offered during the Albuquerque fair. Efforts are being made to get up as good a team here as possible to reflect credit on the Ancient City and for that purpose subscriptions are going to be taken up among the business men of Santa Fe.

Ask Those who have seen the pictures at the Elks' last night. They will tell you they are the best yet. They are again tonight.

JUDGE VANDEVENTER SPEAKS ON "OIL, TOBACCO AND THINGS."

(By Special Leased Wire to New Mexican) Cheyenne, Wyo., Sept. 28.—In honor of Supreme Justice Vandeventer of the United States supreme court, the Laramie County Bar Association gave a banquet here last night.

Among the after-dinner speakers was Justice Vandeventer himself, who spoke on the subject: "Oil, Tobacco and Things." His address pointed out the benefits to be derived from the decisions of the court in the Standard Oil and Tobacco Trust cases. He gave an extended view of the relations existing between the government, the law and the courts.

NOTICE.

There will be a meeting of the reception and entertainment committee, connected with the Democratic State Convention next week, in the assembly room of the School of American Archaeology, northwest corner of the Plaza, on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Every member is earnestly requested to be present.

LEVI A. HUGHES, Chairman.

The following is a list of the members of the committee.
Levi A. Hughes, chairman;
N. B. Laughlin, R. J. Palen, M. A. Otero, W. T. Thornton, L. Bradford Prince, A. B. Renahan, J. H. Vaughn, Marcelino Garcia, R. L. Baca, J. W. Akers, John R. McFie, A. P. Hill, James B. Read, Celso Lopez, E. P. Davies, I. Sparks, George W. Prichard, George W. Armijo, Ascension Rael, C. F. Abreu, Jose D. Sena, Frank Butt, Alfredo Delgado, Domingo Pacheco, Jose Ortiz y Baca, Meliton Castillo, H. F. Stephenson, J. A. Rolfe, J. A. Massie, Frank Owen, Standley Small, J. H. Sloan, Dr. Posnansky, H. P. Mera, Ralph Easley, John K. Stauffer, Bronson M. Cutting, John G. Leavelle, Dr. J. M. Diaz, Romulo Martinez.

MRS. STEWART'S FUNERAL WAS HELD YESTERDAY.

Impressive Services Held in Chapel and Conducted By the Rev. B. Z. McCullough.

The funeral of Mrs. Thomas R. Stewart, art, wife of Supervisor Stewart of the Pecos forest, took place yesterday afternoon from the chapel of Mulligan and Rising, undertakers in charge of the arrangements. The services which were of the Episcopal rite, were conducted by the Rev. B. Z. McCullough, as there is no Episcopal minister in the city. The choir of the Presbyterian church sang several selections with its usual impressiveness. Many relatives and friends were present as were the Elks, to which order Mr. Stewart belongs. The pall bearers were all Elks, as follows: Frank Butt, M. A. Stanton, Carlos Creamer, Norman L. King, Dr. Thomas A. McCarthy and W. N. Townsend. Interment was in Fairview cemetery.

ITALY REJECTS TURKISH OFFERS

(Continued from page one.)

In force and in accordance with the dignity and superior interests of Turkey, but the royal government does not believe in measures taken at this hour which resemble the negotiation of which it has had experience in the last year, which have demonstrated their futility and which, remote from constituting a guarantee for the future would be themselves permanent causes of disagreement and conflict.

Italian Generals Hurry Home.
Constantinople, Sept. 28.—General Robilant, the Italian chief of the international gendarmerie in Macedonia and the Italian officers in the Turkish service are leaving today for Italy.

If you want anything on earth—try a New Mexican Want Ad.

WILL BRAVE ARCTIC TERRORS FOR GOLD.

(By Special Leased Wire to New Mexican) Seattle, Wash., Sept. 28.—On the eve of cold weather a big stampede is in progress to the new gold camp of Ruby, on the Yukon river, below Fort Gibbon, and it is estimated that 2,500 people will spend the winter there. The people are now living in tents but are building cabins. Most of the stampedeers are from the Iditarod. They are going by gasoline launches and steamers, taking advantage of the last spell of good weather before the rivers freeze.

Comparatively little gold has been found but old timers say the formation reminds them of the Klondike.

NEW RATES ON IRON AND STEEL MUST WAIT.

(By Special Leased Wire to New Mexican) Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 28.—An order restraining the state board of railway commissioners from putting into effect on October 1 the new and reduced schedule of rates on iron and steel, was granted to the Missouri Railways by Judge Hook in the federal court here today. The matter of issuing an injunction asked by the railroads will be heard at a later date.

The New State

A PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE

242 Lower Palace Avenue

Home Cooking—We bake our own bread, pies, cakes, etc. The best meal in Santa Fe, regardless of price, at 35 CENTS. Weekly or monthly rates upon application.

TRY OUR SUNDAY DINNER

W. G. BUSH, Prop. Phone, Red 64

IT MAKES NO DIFFERENCE How long a time a person works at a trade or profession if circumstances are unfavorable for the keenest development of one's ability. In order to reach the point of highest proficiency one must be surrounded by the most able competition—competition that pushes the less efficient into the shadows.

MRS. W. LINDHART, THE PALACE AVENUE MILLINER, successfully conducted a store for a number of years in Racine, Wis., only a few miles from Chicago and Milwaukee. These cities are creators of fashions, and, unless one has artistic ability that gives to each bonnet such individuality as is demanded by the well posted lady buyer, one cannot succeed there at all. Mrs. Lindhardt succeeded, and she will succeed here too, because her every bonnet is like a pattern, it does not have that home-made appearance. She carries a full line of high-grade material, and her work and prices will please you.

SWEET PEAS, DAHLIAS, PANSIES.

JAMES C. McCONVERY,
Hardy Plants and Flowers.

Phone, Black 204. 415 Palace Avenue.

THE BIG STORE

**== THE ==
CONTINUATION
REDUCING STOCK SALE**

Goes on for ten days longer, ending
SEPTEMBER 28.

Not reducing our stock as much as we liked to, we are forced to continue this sale for 10 days longer. Our bargains are still greater, and the prices much cheaper. We still have seventy-five

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Suits
former price \$25 to \$40
Your choice for
400 Pairs of Florsheim and 200 Pairs of Hannan Shoes
Price, \$6.50 and \$7.00. Your choice \$4.00.

300 Pairs Ladies' Oxfords
Former Price from \$2.50 to \$4.00, now from 75c to \$2.00
Hundreds of other Bargains too numerous to mention go the same way.

NATHAN SALMON