

6-23-1906

## Albuquerque Weekly Citizen, 06-23-1906

T. Hughes

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## Local Happenings

(Friday, June 15.)

Mrs. H. A. Brachvogel of Magdalena spent yesterday in the city, visiting and shopping.

G. B. Wilson, New Mexico agent for the Continental Oil company, was a passenger for Santa Fe this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Datta, prominent people of Silver City, passed up the road for Santa Fe on official business, this morning.

W. B. Drake, with the McGaffey-Horah company, "thores," returned today on the limited train from a business trip to New York.

The ladies of the W. C. T. U. will hold a social meeting at the residence of Mrs. H. B. Datta, 401 South 10th street, Saturday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

W. B. Francis, bookkeeper for the Whitney company, has the distinction of being a stockholder of the company, and of being elected secretary of the company.

The Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary Society of the Presbyterian church was in session this afternoon at the home of Mrs. W. J. Morrison, of 125 North Waller street.

"Albuquerque, N. M., the Metropolis of the Land of Sunshine," is the title of an illustrated booklet recently issued about this city. They are on sale at O. A. Matson & Co.

Mrs. Joseph Barnett and sister, Mrs. Pettibone and children, left last night for California to spend the remainder of the summer. Mrs. Barnett has a summer cottage at Ocean Park.

The Golden Rule dry goods store will soon spread out into the room to the west of its present location. The work of cutting through the intervening wall was begun yesterday.

T. V. Maynard is in receipt of a letter from Harry A. Day, late of Albuquerque, now of Providence, R. I., in which Mr. Day sends "his regards to all the boys and his love to all the girls."

There will be a regular meeting of Adult Chapter No. 5, O. E. S., this evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members are cordially invited. The order of the worthy matron, Laura Plank, Secretary.

Harvey P. Dittmer will leave tonight on the limited train for Chicago, to attend the summer session of the University of Chicago, until September, when he will return to Stanford to begin his senior year.

The Howell Record says: J. H. O'Reilly, of Albuquerque, arrived in the city Tuesday, via the auto route. He is connected with a new insurance company being formed to operate in New Mexico and Arizona.

Dr. and Mrs. G. S. Enderday of Waterville, Cal., left last night for St. Louis, after a pleasant visit in the city with his brother, Dr. and Mrs. J. S. Enderday of this city.

Miss Grace Altfahrer, who has been making her home with her sister, Mrs. W. Balno, of Silver City, for the past six months, passed through the city this morning en route to Alliance, Ohio.

Miss Hanna Moore, of the Commercial club boarding house, left this morning on a pleasure trip to her old home at Oswego, N. Y. Miss Moore expects to be absent from the city several weeks.

Harry Kous, local ticket agent for the Santa Fe, yesterday received notice that the required rates to Chicago and other eastern points would be extended. The advance dates of sale will be June 17 and 18 and July 19 to 21.

Miss Grace Borradaile, daughter of Col. and Mrs. John Borradaile, returned home last night. Miss Borradaile has been attending the Convent of Visitation at St. Louis for the past two years, and will probably return again this fall.

Mrs. N. T. Armijo and son Nicolas J., will leave tonight for Los Angeles. They will be absent during the summer.

Attorney A. J. Mitchell, recently of the First National bank building, this city, has opened a law office in the Heine building, Los Angeles.

The Albuquerque social club, at its late meeting, elected officers as follows: J. J. Ryan, organizer; G. E. Gustafson, financial secretary; Peter Stewart, recording secretary; W. P. Metcalf, literary agent.

The contract has been awarded to Dickson & Stevens for the rebuilding of the warehouse of the W. J. Lemp Brewing association, on North First street, which was recently destroyed by fire. The building will be of brick, about 40 by 100 feet, and will be pushed to completion.

Last evening, at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Grimmer, at No. 618 Iron avenue, Miss Katherine celebrated her 15th birthday. Sixteen young people, girls and boys, were present; refreshments were served, and all had a splendid time. The young lady received several very nice presents.

Wayne Wilson and bride, nee Julia Coulter Eno, passed through the city from Silver City to eastern cities this morning. They were united in marriage at Silver City yesterday, and are en route to spend their honeymoon in New York, Western, Washington, etc. They will be absent from the territory for a month or six weeks.

C. W. Cook, Jr., traveling freight agent of the Santa Fe, with headquarters here, is now on his way to Kansas City, where he will meet the manager of the territorial fair, and both will then go to Chicago. On leaving this city, Mr. Cook stopped over on Wednesday in Santa Fe, where that evening he was invited into the Santa Fe lodge No. 450, B. P. O. E.

"Hip Van Winkle" awoke from his long sleep sufficiently today to lead a parade through the principal thoroughfares of the city, headed by Elmer's band, which rendered good music. Tonight, in the tent near Alvarado hotel, Elmer's company will produce, with scenic effects, the old favorite, "Hip Van Winkle."

It is rumored that Indians in northwestern Grant county and southwestern Socorro county, are being harassed with stock depredations, and that reports are coming in daily telling of horse stealing and cattle killing, all of which is attributed to poor La. Inasmuch as a large band of the robs have been seen at Dry Creek and near Buckhorn creek recently.

The Evening Citizen has been requested to warn those who have been notified by Special Health Officer Maine and have yet failed to clean up their back yards and quit throwing rubbish out in the streets, that they will be arrested if they do not comply with the notice at once. The board of health is determined to have a clean

city, and no favors will be shown in the arrests of those who violate the ordinance. Some of Albuquerque's citizens are in the habit of throwing tin cans, cast off clothing and many other trashy things into their back yards, and over the fence into the streets, and others make it their business to throw them into the street.

John N. Coffin, general manager and financial secretary for the American Lumber company, returned last night from an extended business trip and Mrs. Coffin, who accompanied Mr. Coffin east, is shopping in Chicago with friends, and expects to be absent from the city several weeks.

Mr. Coffin was accompanied on his return by G. C. Cowell, also of the American Lumber company. Rev. W. W. Havens, superintendent of the New Mexico Arizona Anti-Rabid League, leaves tonight for a trip to Winslow, Flagstaff, Williams and Prescott, Ariz., in the interest of the league, which, during the short time it has been organized, has secured a strong foothold in that territory as well as in New Mexico. Rev. Havens expects to be absent until July 1.

Following an order from the post-office department, all the mail boxes to Albuquerque are now being given a fresh coat of green paint, the painters having started on the job today, and several ladies of the city, are today, for upon approaching the mail boxes today, and endeavoring to mail their letters, they usually left with more or less of the green paint adorning their gloves, or other portions of their clothing, as not one of the freshly painted boxes has the regulation "red" finish.

E. H. Ferguson, district manager for the Mutual Life insurance company, with headquarters at El Paso, left this morning for Santa Fe, after having spent several days in the city transacting business. From Santa Fe Mr. Ferguson will proceed to Farmington, N. M., since the meeting of the Mutual Life office in El Paso, the district under Mr. Ferguson has been changed, so that now he has ten counties in western Texas and one county in Oklahoma and all of New Mexico. The Arizona business, which was formerly in Mr. Ferguson's district, is now directed from an office located in Phoenix.

A large number of his friends, members of the Congregational church, followed Herman Snyder to his former home on South 10th street last evening, where he was to attend a committee meeting and agreeably surprised that gentleman, presenting the presentation speech. Refreshments were served during the evening, and a thoroughly enjoyable time was had by all present.

(Saturday, June 16.)

Mrs. Frank Strong is expected home tomorrow morning from California.

Dr. T. M. Michaels, surgeon for the El Paso & Northern railway at Torrance, is transacting business in the city.

P. E. Giraldi, representing the American Tobacco company, has returned to the city from a business trip to Colorado.

Dr. J. P. Kaster, chief surgeon for the Santa Fe, with headquarters at Topeka, is in the city on professional business.

Mrs. Thos. Walsh left last evening for Kansas City, where she will visit her sons, W. J. and T. P. Walsh, for a month or six weeks.

Mrs. W. R. Fisher of San Marcial passed through the city this morning en route to El Paso, where she will be the guest of Mrs. P. E. Giraldi.

Harry W. Kelly arrived in the city last night from a two weeks' business trip to Torrance county. Mr. Kelly says that the Estancia valley is badly in need of rain.

Sheriff Perfecto Arriaga went to Santa Fe this morning to meet Miss Otero, daughter of Alfredo Otero of this city, who is returning from school at Cincinnati.

License to marry was granted today to S. T. Johnson and Jane Malcolm, both of Albuquerque. The marriage was performed this afternoon by Police Judge A. J. Crawford.

Rev. Ernest E. Crawford, pastor of the Christian church, moved his residence from 201 North 10th street to 311 South Arroyo street, where he can be found in the future.

W. B. Brown, general freight and passenger agent for the Santa Fe in the district of the southwest, is in the city from El Paso, having arrived on the early morning train.

William Baxter and family returned last night from the Jones springs, where they were guests of the Bion hotel for a week. Mr. and Mrs. Baxter are spending today at Santa Fe.

A regular meeting of John A. Logan Circle, No. 1, Ladies of the U. S. A., will be held at Old Fellows hall tonight at 7 o'clock. By order of the president, Rita B. Allison, secretary.

Win. Morris, the Railroad avenue jeweler and watch repairer, has returned from a one month's stay in southern California, where he had a fine vacation.

Attorney A. B. McMillen left last night for Ann Arbor, Mich., where he will attend an annual reunion of his law class. Mr. McMillen graduated from the University of Michigan in the year 1888.

Mrs. Samuel Schultz expects to return to her home at El Paso tonight, accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. James Grunsfeld and son, Mrs. Schultz has been the guest of Albuquerque friends for several weeks.

The Bowden Record says: The Albuquerque Shriners got in a day Wednesday morning to visit the Chisum boy ranch, and as they were driven down the street, a small boy yelled, "Hully gee, that Albuquerque base ball team's in town again!"

Miss Juanita Gaineley, in company with Miss Haines, attended the Rip Van Winkle performance at the tent last night, and on returning home discovered that she had dropped her gold watch. The two young ladies, with Mr. Gaineley, then returned to the tent, and fortunately found the watch partly buried in sand.

There will be opening services in the new Presbyterian church tomorrow morning at the usual church hours, followed by communion at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, and regular services at night. An elaborate musical program has been arranged for

this special occasion. Everybody is welcome to any or all of these services.

Judge H. R. Rodey and son, Pearce, have arrived in Santa Fe, and the judge is to be held at Las Vegas later on to select a room for Search. Captain Ruppe is desirous of enlisting a few more men for his company, men who are positive they can find the Austin encampment. Preference will be given those having been members of the National Guard before, and to those having previous experience in drilling.

With the prospects for a beautiful and warm day tomorrow the usual number of recreation seekers are preparing to make the journey to Bear Canyon Sunday. This resort in the mountains is Albuquerque's chief recreation ground for picnickers and parties seeking a cool spot, and it is to be regretted that the roads from here to the canyon are not in better shape. As it is there is seldom a Sunday that more or less of the pilgrims do not meet with some mishap to their vehicles. The county commissioners, as stated in previous issues, should take cognizance of the evidently poor condition of the canyon road in and fix it up so that a trip to the canyon would be what it should be—a thoroughly enjoyable trip in every respect.

(Monday, June 18.)

Tonight is regular meeting night for the city council.

E. H. Bleiford, of Lake Valley, was a visitor in the metropolis over Sunday.

W. C. Woods and family, 120 South Arroyo street, left today for a visit to the Jones springs.

Regular meeting of Mineral Lodge, Knights of Pythias, will be held tonight at 8 o'clock in the Elks building.

Mrs. George Arnold, accompanied by her children, has gone to Las Vegas, where she will visit the remainder of the summer.

Val J. Thomas, passenger conductor on the Santa Fe, is in the city on business, being introduced at the Citizen office by A. J. Franks.

James A. Wroth, son of Dr. Wroth, left last night for San Francisco, from which place he will go into the Tonopah Nevada mining district.

Max Ehrlich, the attorney of Cedar Rapids, is in the city today, the first time for several months. Max has been on the sick list.

W. H. Snyder, a contractor and builder of this city, is at Raton looking over the field there with a view of locating to that city.

Andrew Fraser, connected with the water service of the Santa Fe, has gone west for several weeks in the interest of the company.

Harmon Wykoop, of Las Vegas, formerly a printer in this city, visited his family here Sunday. He will return to Las Vegas tonight.

Alonso Hino No. 1, Ladies of the Macabees, will meet in Odd Fellows hall tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Refreshments, to members only.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Romero and son, of Chama, Mexico, who were the guests of Albuquerque relatives and friends for several days, were passengers for Las Vegas this morning.

Mrs. W. D. Clark and son, Chester, of South 10th street, have returned from Clifton, Ariz., where they have been visiting Mrs. Clark's brother, Harry L. Wilkerson and family, formerly of this city, the past two weeks.

Mrs. Samuel Schultz has returned to El Paso, accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. James Grunsfeld, of the latter's sister, a pleasant visit with her daughter, Mrs. Noa Hilt, West Copper avenue, the past two months.

This day, twenty-five years ago, Milton Yarberry, marshal of Albuquerque, shot and killed a railroad shop employee named Campbell. On this day also, Clay Allison and his gang of stage robbers were arrested in this city.

Benigno Romero, of the Romero drug company, manufacturers of "La Sanadora," has returned to the city from a very successful business trip to Colorado, where he placed his medicine on sale in a number of cities.

Miss Rose Blumreich Land, of Selma, Ala., has arrived in the city, and will be the guest of Miss Helen Rodey, 402 Kant avenue, for some time to come. The young ladies were schoolmates in Washington, D. C., two years ago.

Mrs. W. H. Greer, who has but recently returned from Chicago, will leave tonight for Denver, where she will visit for several weeks, spending most of the time at the home ranch of the victor Land and Cattle company.

M. C. Ney, a druggist, who resided in this city for a short time, accompanied by J. B. Montoya, made the trip, returning from here to Farmington, where Mr. Ney purchased a drug store from H. R. Bowling, and is now in business in that town.

Robert London, the well known dairyman, is now supplying "San Marcial" with his ice cream, and word comes from that town that the ice cream furnished by Mr. London is the best ever handled by any dealer in San Marcial.

Mrs. A. B. McGaffey, accompanied by her children, is expected to arrive in the city within a few days from Los Angeles, where she has been the past five months. Mrs. McGaffey will be accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Frank Strong, who has been her guest the past six weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Montague Stevens and son, of Socorro county, did not arrive this morning as scheduled. In a letter to Mr. Metcalf, Mr. Stevens stated that they are delayed at the ranch until they can get some good man to take charge during their absence. Mrs. Stevens and son have arranged to visit relatives and friends in London, and they hope to be on their long journey in a few days.

Emil Kleinwort, the well known North First street meat dealer, will leave tomorrow evening for Wied, Holstein, Germany, on a visit to his aged mother. About a month or two weeks ago Mr. Kleinwort's father died and his mother who has reached a ripe old age is anxious to see her son. Mr. Kleinwort will be absent several months.

Rev. J. W. Barron, of the Congregational church of this city, has the distinction of being one of the few ministers in the territory who have been members of the National Guard before, and to those having previous experience in drilling.

With the prospects for a beautiful and warm day tomorrow the usual number of recreation seekers are preparing to make the journey to Bear Canyon Sunday. This resort in the mountains is Albuquerque's chief recreation ground for picnickers and parties seeking a cool spot, and it is to be regretted that the roads from here to the canyon are not in better shape. As it is there is seldom a Sunday that more or less of the pilgrims do not meet with some mishap to their vehicles. The county commissioners, as stated in previous issues, should take cognizance of the evidently poor condition of the canyon road in and fix it up so that a trip to the canyon would be what it should be—a thoroughly enjoyable trip in every respect.

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## CURING LEPROSY; PRAYERS OF AGES ANSWERED

TREATMENT OF DR. DYER IN THE LEPROSY HOME OF LOUISIANA SEND FORTH PATIENTS MADE WHOLE—A SHUNNED LOCALITY WHERE BRAVE SISTERS OF CHARITY MINISTER TO THE PLAGUE RIDDEN AND HEROES WITH DINNER PAILS WORK FOR THEM.

Jesus and the Lepers.  
And behold, there came a leper and worshipped him, saying, Lord, if thou wilt, thou canst make me clean.—Matt. XIII-2.

Special Correspondence.

New Orleans, June 15.—The most startling news the scientific world has received in a long time is the announcement that leprosy, the dread of anti-centuries, can be cured.

For a long time experimental treatment has been in progress at the Louisiana Lepers' home near Indian Camp. Dr. Isadore Dyer, who, with an assistant, Dr. Ralph Hopkins, have risked their lives to minister to these poor outcasts, have been sure for a long time that they were on the right track, but they wanted to make the test conclusive, and now they are able to give to the world the news of success.

There are 44 patients in the home at this time, 26 white males and 18 white females and two colored males and three colored females.

The first case cured was that of a boy admitted August 10, 1902, at the age of 12 years. He was discharged December 1, 1904, as cured and has been kept under observation ever since. There has been no return of any evidence of the disease.

The second case was that of a woman admitted August 10, 1904, at the age of 20 years. She was discharged as cured April 26, 1906.

Only two patients are believed by these physicians to be fatally afflicted out of the total number of inmates. It is probable that the cured patients will be made the subject of observation and investigation by other experts from both this country and Europe, although Dr. Dyer is noted internationally as an authority on leprosy.

In 1894 treatment of the lepers in the home was begun. This consisted of tincture of iodine, potassium, strychnine, salicylate of soda, chaulmoogra oil and arsenic. For several years the treatment was not favorably followed, but in 1902 results began to show and since then the work has been systematic.

The theory and method of Dr. Dyer has been one of nutrition and that if a resistance can be followed in the individual patient the disease will disappear. Leprosy, say the physicians, is recognized as a bacillary disease and one in which the tissues of the person affected are used as a feeding ground. Any medicine, hygiene or diet which will change the tissues into food the bacilli cannot feed upon.

These cottages are being put up by a firm of New Orleans architects, Mackenzie & Goldstein, who visit the lepers' home with their workmen, who do a day's work exactly like they would do a similar day's work anywhere else. The picture of Dr. Dyer, whose discovery will be famous in history, is shown.

lional church of this city, has the distinction of being one of the Congressional chaplains of the United States to accomplish things during the last year. A large number of the "Advance," a Congressional weekly, published in Chicago, contains a large halftone cut of Rev. Barron, along with a written of his work.

About 200 men and women, members of the German society, journeyed to Schermerhorn's park yesterday morning leaving about 8 o'clock, taking basket lunches with them, and spent the day in the shade of the trees. In the afternoon dancing was indulged in. Refreshments were served and altogether the picnickers report a most enjoyable time.

W. A. Brown spent Sunday in the city from Cerrillos.

Mrs. P. A. Smith has returned from a visit to Santa Fe.

W. A. Cassman was in Albuquerque yesterday from Silver City.

Neil R. Field has returned from a short visit to his summer home on the Pecos river.

R. C. Whitely, of the Continental Oil company, has returned from a business trip to Santa Fe.

J. E. Hillan, with Ruppe's drug store, has returned from a two weeks' outing in the Grand Canyon.

Mrs. Thomas Walsh has gone to Kansas City, where she will visit relatives and friends for several weeks.

City Clerk Harry Lee has returned from a flying business visit to Santa Fe, where he conferred with Governor Hagerman and others.

Saturday afternoon the Women's Christian Temperance Union held an interesting meeting at the home of Mrs. Boyd, 401 South 10th street, at which time much business was transacted.

Superintendent Dixon, of the Indian department, who is in charge of the local Indian school, has returned from a trip to the San Felipe pueblo. He expects a superintendent to arrive at the school soon.

In San Antonio, Texas, ice costs the consumer fifteen cents per 100 pounds, and the manufacturers report themselves making good profits. This luxury costs considerably more in New Mexico towns.

A most but delightful picnic party that spent the day at Whiskey Springs, yesterday, was composed of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Donnithorn, Mr. and Mrs. James Correll, and Misses Mae Donnithorn and Katherine Correll.

Mr. and Mrs. Solomon Loma have returned from Santa Fe, where Mr. Loma conferred with Governor Hagerman about the holding of a sheep growers' convention here during the fall. He stated that the governor would call the convention.

Miss Gladys Childers, daughter of Attorney W. R. Childers, will graduate from the Los Angeles Girls' College tomorrow. Thursday, and will reach Albuquerque Saturday, accompanied by Miss Ethel Palmer, a schoolmate, who will be her guest the remainder of the summer.

A. W. Beevers, traveling freight and passenger agent of the Southern Pacific, with headquarters at El Paso, is in the city, looking up business for the road he represents. Mr. Beevers was at Roswell, where he attended the Shriners' doings, and accompanied the Albuquerque delegation to this city last night. He will return to El Paso tonight.

"Dad" Hedges, who is a small ranchman up the river, is in the city purchasing Paris green. He says the grasshoppers are so bad in his neigh-



This gallery view shows how all of the cottages, as fast as they are completed, are being connected together by one continuous covered way, quite common between nearby cottages on southern plantations. The man with his back turned is a leper. So sensitive are they that they never allow their pictures to be taken. They can help it. This man is one of the most prominent families in the state.

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## DISCOVERER OF 'SPIT BALL' DOESN'T USE IT

H. Howell





# NEW YORK FASHION LETTER

New York, June 16.—(Specialty) is the first requisite for an ocean voyage outfit; and to have that which is absolutely necessary only will save our girl much worry and annoyance from custom house and railroad officials, to say nothing of expense. There are some things that are absolute requirements: a rain coat, a short lighter wrap, the traveling dress, a dressmaker's costume, a fancy waist or two, for dinner wear on the steamer, another for wear at evening functions on land, such as theatre, concert, etc., and also those odds and ends of travel comfort, which make life easy when away from home resources—things we are apt to forget until we are made conscious of them by their lack.

Nothing has become so popular in fashion as the raincoat and separate waists for use traveling, and though they may vary in cut and trimmings they hold their own in popularity far in spite of their years. The reason for their continued popularity is not far to seek, it is owing to their comfort and the many uses they may be put to.

For hard traveling, stormy weather and lack of a good, cheerful, sturdy and reliable is the most serviceable as to quality and warmth. The coat may be an Eton, a short 3/4 coat, or one of half length, skirts are short and have little, if any trimming, the smartest having straight lines from the belt downward, with possibly a simple design at the bottom, done in braid, though many have bands of the material which end in points at each side of the front skirt. If trimming is used upon the skirt, the coat is ornamented to match, but many suits are finished with machine stitching only.

A new idea for the traveling dress line is to have collars, cuffs, chemisettes and cuffs matching the dress in color. As an extra finish buy

## A SMART STREET DRESS



Crepe de chine foulard is the latest fashionable fabric for smart street dresses. A stunning one is made up on a simple model. Delicate horizontal lines in the color of the foulard, the crepe being dyed with groups of tiny rings in the same tone. The crepe and sleeves are trimmed with large modillions, while blue silk and panne velvet are confined to make a handsome costume.

The skirt is circular to the knees, where a full Spanish dounce is joined.

made with buttons and button holes and the neck is finished with a notched collar. The sleeves are of medium size, formed with one seam, in full length with turned back cuffs. The skirt was a variation of the circular skirt, the pattern showing a bias effect at the center front and center back seams, while the sides ran straight without any sagging. Side plaits all around and an inverted box plait at the back are stitched to yoke depth, producing a close adjustment about the hips, and below the skirt falls in graceful folds to the lower edge, where it measures six yards and three-quarters. A wide black trimming band in two sections overlapping toward the front, trims the skirt a short distance from the bottom.

A pretty little extra wrap could be constructed from black silk, trimmed with insets, edgings, and applique of black lace. The jacket is cut in short box lines, closes invisibly at the front by means of hooks and eyes. The fronts and edges are finished with a lace heading and the corners are decorated with large insets of lace, the same arrangement being used on the slashed bell sleeves and shawl collar. There could be, if desired, a skirt of the same material made in circular style with three folds about the bottom and the front gore trimmed with the lace insets of graduating size.

For a better dress nothing is more useful than a foulard, and an attractive example of such a gown is blue with white spots, consisting of a skirt having seven green, plaited down each side of the front gore for a distance and trimmed with two clusters of crossways tufts divided with bands of inertial, while the back fullness is gathered under an inverted box plait. The waist which fastens at the center back has an especially pretty front tucked in clusters of two on each side of the center to deep yoke depth, and below this is a band of embroidery which heads three deep tufts. The sleeves are elbow length, finished by a narrow band of embroidery. This gown would be pretty arranged for chemisette and long cuffs which a few different sets would make some pleasing changes.

An attractive waist of black crepe with a silk lining would be a useful adjunct to the outfit; and the model I have in mind has a full front blousing slightly

at the belt, and gathered in a yoke and stock collar. Around the outline if the yoke was a tertia of silk shirred to form a puff around the neck and having ends crossing in front and finished with jet ornaments just over the bust. The sleeves are pretty arranged to match the belt, having a full puff above and another small puff just below from which a shaped ruffle falls over the lace under-sleeves.

Alice Jolie Burlington was used for the construction of another pleasing waist having a plastron front, a partly concealed yoke and puff sleeves. The waist at the back is drawn down snugly at the belt line and below a little at the front. A belt of leather, silk or velvet in the same shade as the material may be used. The yoke and plastron are of heavy white lace and the fronts on each side have curved double tufts, while an extension of the front about four inches deep is faced over the bust.

For wear in traveling one of the new skirt blouses would, be just the

## FOR STREET AND TRAVEL



A smart costume is of woven hatters, the correct fabric for street and traveling wear. The material is of a mottled white, with crossing bands of French blue. The strong one is used with effect in the revers, and an air of elegance is given by the waistcoat and chemisette, which are of mellowed yellow Malta lace.

The skirt is a sweeping circular one with a multiplicity of acres. The modified pony jacket is short, exposing the empire belt, close at the bust and shoulders and slightly loose above the waist line.

A rough white straw is formed in to the low crowned English walking hat to be worn with this trim suit. The broad effect in front is increased by the copper buckles, which fasten the blue velvet. The two curling plumes are blue.

## VISITING GOWN



A handsome visiting gown for a young matron is of crepe laine, in a soft champagne tone. The much-desired short waisted effect is obtained by means of a high grade which extends along the sides and at the back, while an empire effect is shown at the front. A square shaped yoke is made of white lace, upon a foundation of white mousseline and outlined with Val insertion.

The skirt is trimmed with the Val insertion, which crosses the tufts of the skirt yoke and vanishes beneath the box plait, which forms the empire front. The skirt is a long trailing one and is fully gathered to the hips.

Yellow is the tone of the Neapolitan hat which is worn with this costume. The high crown is surrounded with big white daisies, with yellow centers. Two pale yellow plumes sweep across the back.

Make it of some black linen or nun's veiling that contrasts prettily with your suit. The waist is simply nothing more than a shirt having a plain back and fronts closed under a stitched band, while a yoke made after the style of a man's shirt is applied back on the shoulders.

The collar is a turnover finished with a bright tie. The skirt sleeves are joined to the waist without any fullness and are completed at the wrists with stiff cuffs fastened with cuff links. A breast pocket on the right side gives a nice touch, while machine stitching is the only decoration.

Provide yourself with plenty of warm underclothing for on the water you will feel the dampness and change of atmosphere. Have instead of too many white shirts a number made of dark silk or other material. Have no more than you can put in your steamer or trunk and bag. Have a large steamer rug which now come in "highland plaids" and are as soft and beautiful as velvet. In this rug many things may be strapped.

Take with you all those little toilet articles you will need, soap, extra towels, a warm woolen wrapper and a pair of soft moccasins.

Catherine Mann-Pearson.

## IRON WEDDING CELEBRATION AT POTSDAM

Commemorates Seventy Years of Married Life--Husband is

NOW 93 AND WIFE IS 86

Much Other News of Interest From Many Parts of the World.

Berlin, June 16.—An unusual festivity took place the other day at Potsdam, when Herr Forse, who boasts the proud title of "Master Carpenter to the Imperial Court," and his wife celebrated their "iron wedding," which means the seventieth anniversary of their wedding day. The 30 graybeard, who is a favorite at court, is 92 years of age, and his wife 86. Emperor William made the venerable couple a present of two finely decorated vases from the royal porcelain factory. The Crown Prince sent a diamond pin and the Prince Eitel Friedrich appeared in person to offer his congratulations. Prince Hohenzollern conferred the order of his house upon the "iron" bridegroom, and the garrison commander of Potsdam sent two magnificent oil paintings framed in oak. From all parts of the country letters and telegrams of congratulation arrived for the jubilee day, during the day and evening hundreds of their numerous friends and acquaintances called to express their congratulations and best wishes.

## FIVE CAPTAINS TO RETIRE UNDER AGE LIMITATION.

Washington, D. C., June 16.—Five captains of the navy are to be considered for retirement from the active list, under section 3 of the Navy Personnel law of 1893, the retirement to take effect on July 1.

Among those who have applied for consideration under this law is Captain William Sturtevant Moore, who has been the head of the department of steam engineering at the navy yard for more than one year. Captain Moore was a classmate of Rear Admiral Charles W. Rice, chief of the bureau of steam engineering of the navy, being one of the members of the first class of cadet engineers appointed at the Naval Academy. Captain Moore's record is an excellent one, and he has many years of service he was on five different occasions detailed for duty at the bureau of steam engineering, on which duty he spent more than ten years, and he had much to do with the designing and proving of the steam, electric and other machinery for warships. He also served several years on inspection duty, where the making, forging and machining of steel plates, ingots and other material for the navy was in progress.

At the time of President Garfield's assassination he was detailed for special duty at the White House as one of the officials in attendance upon the president and his family. His years of sea duty have also been many; in fact, he has been almost constantly employed ever since he was appointed a cadet. When the Navy Personnel law was enacted he was transferred from the engineer corps to the line corps. When retired he will make his home at the old homestead, which recently came into his possession, following the death of his father, the Rev. Dr. Moore.

## SOLDIER VS. CIVILIAN AT SAN FRANCISCO.

San Francisco, Cal., June 16.—There are signs of trouble in this city, although the disturbance is not destined to attract much attention outside the army service. It all comes about through the actions of General Greely, who is in command of the military situation here, to put the general sanitary work in charge of civilians instead of army medical officers. He has accordingly relieved from this important duty the army surgeon who established and who has been maintaining the sanitary regulations which have resulted, it is said by medical officers, in preserving the health of a community living under conditions which were at all times menacing and at any time likely to get beyond the control of the physicians. The army surgeon, working hard in the establishment of field hospitals, free dispensaries and other aids to the public health; they feel that they should still have charge of the general sanitary situation in San Francisco. The fact that this responsibility has been transferred to civilian physicians has occasioned some little feeling among the army surgeons, especially as there has been no occasion for complaint, and, on the contrary, the work of the army medical corps in San Francisco from the day of the earthquake has elicited the warmest praise on every side. The heartiest commendations have come from San Francisco physicians, who appreciated the value of the gratuitous work of the army medical officers. Under the circumstances, General Greely's action is regarded by the army medical officers as unfortunate in that it may create the impression that the army medical department failed to do its full duty.

## THE ARMY CONTRACTOR AND THE QUARTERMASTER.

Washington, D. C., June 16.—The army quartermasters on duty here are elated over the results of the experiments which have been going on in supplying supplies without the aid of contractors. There has been considerable expense in transportation by contract. This work has been done after the public opening of bids, and it was found that the service was not entirely satisfactory. In addition, the local teamsters entered into a combination by which they materially increased their prices for hauling, of which the government does a good deal, between the railroads and the quartermasters' depot at Fort Myer, Virginia, and other places of storage. As the quartermasters' depot was well supplied with wagons and horses and employed a large number of men, it was decided to do away with contract

transportation. The result has been entirely satisfactory. The work has been done more promptly, at a saving of money hitherto paid to the contractors and at no additional cost for new wagons or horses or additional men. The system will be permanently adopted, and the War department, in its local transportation, will hereafter be independent of contractors.

## NEW WAGE LAW EFFECTIVE TODAY IN MASSACHUSETTS.

Boston, Mass., June 16.—The new law relative to the assignment of wages, which was passed in the last session of the state legislature, went into effect yesterday. It aims to prevent the practices of numerous dealers who sell goods on installments, and who are not very particular in explaining the conditions to their customers at the time of making the contract. It forbids all dealers who sell goods by this plan and it is considered quite a burden by them, although it does not interfere with their business as it does with that of the "cut-throat" concern. Under the new law no assignment of future wages shall be valid for a period exceeding two years from the date thereof, nor unless made to secure a debt actually contracted prior to or simultaneously with the execution of said assignment. The law surrounds the assignment of wages with numerous safeguards to protect the working classes, who more than any other purchase goods on the installment plan.

## THE GENERAL SLOCUM DISASTER RECALLED.

New York, June 16.—The anniversary of the Gen. Slocum disaster, which occurred two years ago yesterday, was observed in this city in an impressive manner. Memorial services were held at St. Mark's church in East Sixth street and were attended by hundreds of people who had lost relatives in the catastrophe. In the afternoon there were exercises at the monument, which was erected last year over the graves of the unknown dead in the Lutheran cemetery at Middle Village, L. I. The monument stands on St. Mark's hill, one of the most commanding elevations in the cemetery grounds. Here, each thousands of people gathered at the exercises. Memorial addresses were delivered.

The excursion steamer General Slocum having an excursion party of the Sunday school of St. Mark's church, mostly women and children, on board, caught fire while steaming up East river, June 15, 1890, and burned to the water's edge, after being run into shallow water at North Brother island. One thousand and thirty-one persons were burned or drowned, while 266 persons were more or less severely injured. Capt. William H. Van Schaick, the master of the Gen. Slocum, the pilot, Frank A. Barnaby, Henry Lundberg, assistant local inspector of steamboats, and several others, in some way connected with the disaster were tried, but only Capt. Van Schaick was punished by being deprived of his license.

If you knew the value of Chamberlain's Cough Syrup, you would never wish to be without it. Here are some of the diseases for which it is especially valuable: sore throat, croup, whooping cough, influenza, colds, and all the troubles of the throat and lungs. Price 25c per box. For sale by all druggists.

## SEVENTY-FIFTH ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATED.

Medford, Mass., June 16.—In commemoration of the 75th anniversary of the settlement of Medford literary exercises will be held in the opera house this afternoon. The Rev. Nehemiah Boynton of Brooklyn, N. Y., will deliver the oration and Dr. William Everett of Quincy, Mass., will read the poem which was written for this occasion by Mrs. Daniel A. Gleason of West Medford. Addresses will be delivered by a number of prominent speakers. The music will be in charge of Professor Leo L. Lewis of Tufts college. In the evening there will be a banquet in the opera house, at which Mayor Dwyer will preside.

Tomorrow will be school children's day. In the forenoon exercises will be held in all the grammar schools and in the afternoon there will be exercises at the opera house. In the evening the high school pupils will take part in a memorial celebration at the opera house. In the afternoon the Sons of the American Revolution will dedicate a tablet to the memory of Governor Brooks. The exercises will take place in front of the bank building on High street.

## FINALS PLAYED TODAY IN BIG LAWN TENNIS MEET.

London, June 16.—The finals in the great international lawn tennis contest for the Davis International Lawn Tennis cup began yesterday in the grounds of the All-England club, Wimbledon. The Liberty Broom will defend the cup against the pairs of the contesting teams. Yesterday the doubles were played, and tomorrow and Monday will see the finish of the singles.

## WALTER WELLMAN AND HIS PARTY OFF FOR NORWAY.

Paris, June 16.—Walter Wellman and the remaining members of his Arctic expedition, have left Paris for Tromsø, Norway. Previous to his departure Wellman said he was sure that the balloon features of his airship were the finest ever constructed, but mechanically not perfect, owing to strikes and the short time available. However, they are good, and he had faith in the success of his trip.

## Unknown Friends.

There are many people who have used Chamberlain's Cough Syrup, and who are unknown because they have been so often giving a testimonial of their experience. These people, however, are none the less friends of this remedy. They have done much toward making it a household word by their personal recommendations to friends and neighbors. It is a good medicine for all the troubles of the throat and lungs, and it is a good medicine for all the troubles of the chest and lungs. For sale by all druggists.

## Letters From a Self-Made Packer to His Son.

Paris, June 5, 1890. Dear Percy: It is a small world, after all—only a step from Chicago to Paris. I realized it at breakfast this morning, when the waiter brought me an order of sausage. The man announced that one of the specialties of the hotel was fresh country sausage. It did not seem from what country, but naturally I supposed it meant France. The fellow who brought that meat was all the more, as we say in Chicago.

Ordinarily I would say a man was not up to snuff, but this one was a soul-soothing, appetite-raising affair, a sort of a sympathy that made your toes vibrate one minute and your spinal column creak the next. It took you up in the clouds and tugged at your heartstrings (wonder how they move) and made you feel that the common things of this old globe were too sacred for the human mind. (Don't I talk like "an evening with Kubelik and Paderewski"? Well, as I was about to say, "get up" and "arrange," are too coarse, too gross, for this meat. It was, in fact, translated this brand of sausage was "Chateaubriand" fresh country sausage from Knochever farm; made from maize and beehive-fed animals, slaughtering and packing done under the supervision of Prof. F. de Bergerac, special bacteriologist, and under the supervision of the winner of the 10,000 franc prize awarded by the government pure food bureau for a treatise on "The Killing and Preparation of Animal Foods for Human Consumption. Quality guaranteed." Well, as I was about to say, "get up" and "arrange," are too coarse, too gross, for this meat. It was, in fact, translated this brand of sausage was "Chateaubriand" fresh country sausage from Knochever farm; made from maize and beehive-fed animals, slaughtering and packing done under the supervision of Prof. F. de Bergerac, special bacteriologist, and under the supervision of the winner of the 10,000 franc prize awarded by the government pure food bureau for a treatise on "The Killing and Preparation of Animal Foods for Human Consumption. Quality guaranteed."

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## WILL DR. MILLER RETURN TO VEGAS?

OBVIOUS REASONS WHY PEOPLE ARE INTERESTED IN HIS RETURN.

Las Vegas are anxiously waiting for Dr. Albert Miller of Denver, Colo., who stated he was an expert forster, intends to return to this city in the near future or at some remote period, or perhaps, not at all, says the Optician. The reason is obvious.

## Sold Fertilizer and Seed.

Dr. Miller had fertilizer and grass seed to sell, and sold some of it here. The park commissioners purchased it, so did individuals. He promised to sow the seed in Hillside park, voluntarily and distribute the fertilizer free of charge; also trim the trees, reset several of them and oversee the work of laying new walks in the park. All for the opportunity of having his fertilizer. He has been paid for his fertilizer and it is said would have received money for more fertilizer than was delivered had not the stuff been checked up. Then he left Las Vegas ostensibly for Santa Fe. He stated he would return late Tuesday. Today in Friday, Dr. Miller is still out of the city.

## Weighed the Sacks.

It is stated that the doctor tried to collect money for more fertilizer that he delivered. He had the stuff hauled to the park in bags and dumped out. The park officers did not believe there were as many pounds in the sacks as he claimed and found upon weighing them that the delivery was several hundred pounds shy. So Dr. Miller only received pay for what he was entitled to.

## TOO MUCH LAS VEGAS FOR POSTOFFICE PATRONS.

Both the postmasters of the city and town of Las Vegas have sent in their new bonds and as soon as they are returned from Washington the city will be compelled to retake the name of East Las Vegas, while the town will be known as Las Vegas. (Times) a committee arranged for a central postoffice can be arranged. It is believed that the city of East Las Vegas will change its name to something different from Las Vegas, since it is impossible to get correspondents to use the address East Las Vegas and the greater part of the mail for the city thus will go to the town. As the town loses free delivery under the new act, there is a strong feeling on both sides of the river for a central postoffice and it is believed the end will be achieved.

W. H. Gibson, a brother of Frank and James Gibson, formerly of this city, was here yesterday, leaving last night for Boise, and thence over the coast to El Paso. Mr. Gibson is located at Topoka, as the assistant general foreman of telegraph for the Santa Fe road.

## ROTTEN, ROTTEN, WAS THE CRY

When Eiler's Aggregation of Hamfats Played Kip Van Winkle Last Night.

## SLUNK OUT OF TOWN AT NIGHT

For some days past the boards of the city have been covered with paper and lithographs, announcing that on Friday and Saturday nights, June 15 and 16, Eiler's Mammoth Tent Show, producing the famous comedy-drama, "Kip Van Winkle," with great special scenic effects, and traveling in a magnificent special car, would play in this city.

True, in reply to their announcements, the aggregation arrived in Albuquerque yesterday, in their "magnificent special car," which was a top-sided, grayed old wreck, that resembled a stock car transformed for the time being, into some semblance of a Pullman.

They pitched a small, dirty, side-show tent, on the vacant lot beside the Santa Fe tracks, near Railroad avenue, their hand paraded the streets yesterday at noon, and last night, to an audience of some 200 people, who had been led astray by the glaring and lurid lights of the "Mammoth" production, with special scenic effects, of Kip Van Winkle," was presented.

Ye gods! Could the poor lamented Joe Jefferson have known what was going on inside of that tent, he would have turned over in his grave, in sheer disgust. The stage was about six feet high, and maybe as many wide, elevated some five feet above the ground. The actors (7) in making their entrances and exits, jumped down, or clambered up this five feet. It was graceful.

The "special scenic effects" consisted of a dingy gasoline light in the back part of the stage, two sickly gasolene lights for footlights, and a candle or two as border lights. The wheezy orchestra straggled out a piece, the drop curtain, hand painted, by the famous artist, Don't know, rather up, and "Kip Van Winkle" was commenced. Just what the ham-fats and actresses were endeavoring to say, no one in the pitful bunch of Albuquerque, who had been so ruthlessly gulled, knew, for the rattle of the passing freight trains and switch engines, drowned all spoken dialogue.

However, things quieted down in the railroad yards after a time, and the ham-fats' voices could be heard. Then one wished the trains would start up again. Some one in the rear hit the base drum a whack, and screamed "Greichen," "How the storm rages." A snicker, went through the audience.

And thus it went, until the four curtain relieved the agony of the performance. A few minutes prior to the final curtain, a rough-neck, with a cove like a rip saw, mounted the dinky stage, thanked the people for their liberal patronage and applause, (whereupon, a veritable roar of laughter shook the moth-eaten tent), and announced "the great mirth-provoking, entertaining special concert," to take place immediately after the last act of the present piece, all for the "magnificent sum of fifteen cents. The ticket sellers will now pass among you. Don't fail to get your tickets for the big concert."

A darker, with more money than brains, and a drooping Irishman, bought tickets for the rest of the lot, and a graveyard silence. And thus Eiler's "Mammoth Tent Show," producing with special scenic effects, Kip Van Winkle," came to an inglorious end, in Albuquerque, for in keeping with the "magnificent sum of fifteen cents," the ticket sellers will now pass among you. Don't fail to get your tickets for the big concert."

In New Mexico there is a law against obtaining money under false pretenses, and had the officers of the law been using their duty last night, some twelve or fifteen rank amateurs, ham-fats and actresses, who, with monumental nerve, charged fifty cents general admission and twenty-five cents extra for reserved seats, to witness their puny performance, would have been behind the bars today, instead of wending their way, in their stocky special car, to some other town, there to take the gullible inhabitants, even as were our townspeople duped last night.

Even the health laws were ruthlessly broken last night, for anything as rotten should long since have been buried. Though the tent is gone, the stomach remains.

## TAKE IT IN TIME.

Just as Scores of Albuquerque People Have.

Waiting doctors, aching back, urinary troubles, diabetes, surely follow. Don't's Kidney Pills relieve back-ache. Cure every kidney ill. Albuquerque citizens endorse them. Mrs. M. J. Butler, residence 717 East Street, says: "When I went to a drug store for Don's Kidney Pills I had an attack of back-ache. It was only one of many which had annoyed me for two or three years. At first they were mild, and I expected they would leave just as mysteriously as the yams, but with the passing of time the attacks were more frequent and of longer duration. I used three boxes of Don's Kidney Pills, and was rewarded with an entire cessation of the aching. Up to date, and it is considerably over six months since I stopped the treatment, there has not been a sign of any recurrence."

For sale by all dealers. Price 30 cents. Foster-McBride Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Don's—and take no other.

The Window Mail says: Miss Cora Hall, daughter of Dispatch, and Mrs. J. H. Hall, returned home from Albuquerque, where she has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Casanough.



## GYPSY RUTH'S MARRIAGE NOW AWAITS DRESS

Astor Family Carefully Divide All Their Joint Property.

## LARGE CARGO FOR FOURTH

Chinaman and Filipino Girl Take School Honors from the Americans.

CHICAGO, June 19.—The wedding of Ruth, who is a princess of the Gypsy colony that makes its headquarters over in New Jersey, not far from the metropolitan area, is expected to be a very large affair. Ruth is not only a Gypsy, but in society circles in New York City. Now Ruth is engaged to be married, and should have been married last week, but her wedding gown was not ready, and like all the daughters of Eve she really couldn't be married in a gown that did not fit and was not what she really had picked out as the proper attire for that important occasion. She had ordered the silk expressly woven for her fitting out on her matrimonial venture, and the nimble fingers of the weavers had proven too slow at their work to get the silk out in time. The whole tribe is waiting for that silk, and will continue to wait until it is delivered to the dressmaker, and the dressmaker in her turn delivers the completed dress. In the mean time the members of the tribe sit on the fence or in the shade all day long for a week at a time, with nothing to do, and they wait to move on, for they have tried to New Jersey scenery for a spell. The house has been swarmed on the spring grass, and the men of the tribe wait to go shopping bags, making big profits out of the other fellow. There are plenty of calls at the side of the house. The Gypsy girls play in the garden, having nothing to do in the matter of complexion. All the trinkets of the tribe have been sent to the safe deposit of the city of Elizabeth, and all await the bidding of the tents and the silent moving away. All think a great deal of Ruth and will patiently wait for Ruth, not only a princess in her own right, but she is a very pretty girl, and the men and women of the tribe wait to see her well and happily married.

## Immigrants Won't Go South.

The southern commissioners who have come here to talk to the immigrants last night, told every day, and induce them to go south instead of west, find the task very difficult. The immigrants are all well informed concerning the situation and know where the best wages are paid, and where their work will prove them the most, and so they stay in the cities, or go west or north into Canada. Commissioner Watson says that out of the immigrants 99 know, when they land, exactly where they are going, and nothing that the southern commissioners can do will alter their determination. Besides they want to get near friends and countrymen who speak the same language and love the same customs as they do. They can find plenty of such localities in the north, and indeed they have been sent for from just such localities and by such old friends. When they are told how superior the south is, they think the men telling them this are confidence men, and shirk away from them. Then the south finds it difficult to supply them with work at the trades they follow, but offer them farms instead, which the immigrants say they know nothing about. Thus the south continues to trend to the west and the north with a large share left in the cities that are nearest to them as they land. An immigrant is a tough problem, he fixes up the whole program before he leaves his old home and does not believe in changing it at the solicitation of strangers, notwithstanding the fact that they officially represent states of the republic.

## Peculiarity of Astor Family.

The custom of the Astor family in having a piece of property which they own jointly, divided in some substantial way is revealed through the filing of plans for alterations of both exterior and interior of the city home of John Jacob Astor, at 341 Fifth avenue. These alterations show that the central wall which bisects the grand staircase and which was erected at the command of Mrs. Astor, to separate her portion of the apartment from that occupied by her son and his family, will be removed completely, thus giving to the Astor town house the largest entrance hall in America. Two of the Astors, John Jacob and William Waldorf, own the Astor house in common, and they are particularly keen about their respective shares of the profits of that house. The same state of affairs prevails in the case of the Waldorf Astors, of which William Waldorf Astor owns the Waldorf side, while John Jacob Astor owns the Astoria portion, and these twin hotels are divided up just such a partition wall as is authorized existed in the Astor house, where mother and son live side by side.

## Oratorical Ability of Chinaman.

Inspired by enthusiasm for the same he was addressing in a speech against the exclusion of the Chinese, Jon Tong Lee, a native of Canton, vanquished four of the American students who contested with him in the oratorical contest which was a feature of an exercise in connection with commencement week at the New York university. Lee, who came to this country to fit himself to be a teacher, surprised every one by his oratorical abilities. The contest is open to seniors and juniors of the school of Applied Science, and prizes of \$75 and \$50 are awarded annually from the George Augustus Bandman fund, founded by Miss Anna M. Bandman. Six men, all from the junior class, were entered this year, and few expected that the modest young Chinese would beat all save one of his competitors. From the start, however, of his oration, he seemed to be subject, as though every word he ut-

tered were a plea for justice to the members of his race. He made a comprehensive argument in favor of letting the Chinese come into this country.

Last Nephew of Washington Irving. George Irving, the last surviving nephew of Washington Irving, married only male and active at 42, is living at the Fifth Avenue hotel. Mr. Irving is practically the sole remaining member of the Irving family. He is a teller of the Astor Corner. He was graduated from Columbia college when the university was at College Place and Park Place. "My, my," said Mr. Irving the other day, "I don't think you gentlemen have the fun the young fellows had in the city a month and more in the winter, and when a ride over the bridge at Canal Street was an event to be remembered even now, but never to be talked about, you know." Mr. Irving is preparing a history on the Irving family. The knowledge possessed by Roland P. Molineux as to the composition of various acids, dyes and other chemical compounds was in great request in the federal court a fortnight ago. The question as to whether the acid was whether "chromo-fluoric acid" is an acid or a red dye. As a dye it would be subject to importation to a duty of 30 per cent, as an acid, as an acid to little or no duty. Kuitroff, Richard & Co. imported a large quantity and the United States board of appraisers called it acid. Molineux was retained by the government on appeal as an expert. His testimony had all been given before a referee and was to the effect that the acid was really a dye, and used as such and recorded as such throughout the trial. Molineux gave his occupation in the record as a maker of lakes and other colors for the last twenty years. He has been connected with the P. W. Joyce & Co. T. Wagners company, makers of colors.

## Immense Arrival of Fire Works.

What a time the boys are going to have on the coming Fourth of July! One ship has brought over a hundred million fireworks, each from one inch to a full three inches in length, and from a quarter to a full inch in diameter, also there were stored outside the hatchways thirty millions of bombs, thousands upon thousands of pin wheels, Roman candles, "hanger chasers," golden fountains, and every variety of celebration explosives that the night-eyed Celestials make in enormous quantities for American consumption around the glorious anniversary. The fireworks were stored eight miles of punk, there being over 400,000 feet of punk in sticks a foot long, which would stretch from Jersey City to Philadelphia city hall as the crow flies.

Dyspepsia is America's curse. Barbed Blood Bitters conquers dyspepsia every time. It drives out impurities, tones the stomach, restores perfect digestion, normal weight and good health.

## TRAINING QUARTERS HAVE HOUSE WARNING.

Newport, R. I., June 19.—To celebrate the completion of his new training quarters, Alfred G. Vanderbilt arranged a "house warming" on his beautiful estate. In the afternoon there will be a miniature horse show in the new training quarters and in the evening there will be a grand dinner and an entertainment. Hundreds of invited guests were expected from New York and other cities. The ring of the new training quarters is 200 feet long and 100 feet wide, with a broad promenade on the west side, which will comfortably accommodate several thousand guests. The ring has been handsomely decorated with bunting and the numerous ribbons which Mr. Vanderbilt has carried off at various horse shows.

## CUT GLASS MAKERS WANT HIGHER PRICES.

New York, June 19.—The National Association of Cut Glass Manufacturers will hold its annual convention at the Astor house this afternoon. One of the most important matters to be considered by the convention will be the adoption of a new schedule of prices for cut glass, which has been approved by a committee on prices appointed at the last annual convention. There has been considerable dissatisfaction among the cut glass manufacturers in recent years owing to the fact that the prices of cut glass have steadily declined, until cut glass articles sold for less than one half their value ten years ago. It is expected that the new scale of prices will be adopted, which would mean a considerable increase in prices. J. D. Bergen, of J. D. Bergen & Co., of this city, is president of the association and W. H. Lam is treasurer.

## LOVERS OF SINGING IN OLD CONNECTICUT.

Waterbury, Conn., June 18.—This is the first day of the Connecticut State Singers' festival, which will last two days. The Baugersbund, which will hold its annual meeting here at the same time, has not held its convention in this city since 1878. The local singing societies have made every effort to make the convention and singing festival a great success. The opening business meeting was held this morning, with an unusually large attendance. In the afternoon a band concert will be given and in the evening the first concert will take place. An orchestra from Rochester will furnish the instrumental music, while the choruses will consist of the main voices. Tomorrow morning there will be a parade and in the afternoon a picnic in Morris park, where the chorus will sing several selections and the judges will award the prizes. The concert tonight will be held in the new music hall of the Buckingham building. The hall has just been completed and this will be the first time that the large auditorium will be used. It seats 1,500 people and is said to be of fine acoustical property.

For any pain, from top to toe, from any cause, apply Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Pain can't stay where it is used.

The consulting engineers of the reclamation service, after two days' hard work in the field, met with the chamber of commerce at Las Cruces and announced to the expectant audience that the diversion dam would be built at Pecos rock, and that as soon as the specifications could be prepared, work would commence, the contract to require it finished by February, 1907.

C. G. Gonzales, merchant and ranchman of Sandoval, up the river, is in the city being treated for rheumatism. He navigates with the aid of crutches, but hopes to throw them away in a short time.

## THE PRESIDENT'S OPEN PURSE

Queer Way of Paying Expenses At the White House—About the President's Special Trains.

Washington, D. C., June 18.—Who pays the president's cook? Nine points out of ten, it asked this question, would answer: "The government. And they would be wrong."

The government pays the steward, but the president pays the cook. The government furnishes the dishes, but the president pays for the food which the dishes hold.

The government pays the plumber, but the president pays the milkman. The government pays for the horse which goes to the capital with the president's message, but the president pays for the horse which he rides in the afternoon.

The government pays for the flowers which decorate the dinner table; the president pays for laundering the table cloth.

The government pays the secretary who attends to Mr. Roosevelt's mail; the president pays the printer who engraves his white house invitations.

The government pays the man who opens the white house door; the president pays the man who shovels the white house coal.

The government mows the white house lawn, and clears the ice from the white house sidewalk; the president pays for the official dinners which are spread for the foreign ministers and ambassadors.

Somebody invented the screw system a hundred years ago, and it remains a monument of antiquity and obscurity.

All this brings up the subject of the president's railroad fare, which the republicans and democrats are fighting out in the house.

President Roosevelt is quite willing to pay his own railway fare and that of his family. What he objects to is paying the fare of all the official retinue which necessarily travels in his wake. The real question, as he believes, is whether it is right to tax this expense against his private purse, or even against it as a gratuity from the public service corporations—the railways.

The president would prefer as a general thing to travel alone. He would be entirely content to accept the accommodations enjoyed by an ordinary citizen.

But this is not possible. The president of the United States cannot move without retinue. In the first place he must be protected from the cranks. The public demands it. He must have a couple of secret service men at his elbow.

Then there are demands of the public business. Secretary Loeb and Mr. Latta, the White House stenographer, must go along. In addition to this, the public having such a vital interest in the president, his movements and what he says, there must be correspondents in the party. Then there are telegraph operators and usually a physician.

All this means a special car. The railways insist upon it, because of the necessity of taking unusual precautions.

But a presidential party, riding in a special car is certain to be joined by cabinet officers—often on official business—and by state governors who wish to pay their respects. For the entertainment of whom, and for the convenience of all it becomes necessary to add another car where meals can be served.

If a third car is added for baggage and additional room, it is seen that there are already assembled all the component parts of a special train except the locomotive. So a special locomotive is added, and the result is the fully evolved "presidential special."

But special trains cost money. One of the last trips such as those taken by President McKinley and President Roosevelt cost at least \$50,000—the entire annual salary of the comptroller of the White House.

Shall the president foot this bill?

It is no strain on a railroad to provide a presidential train. In fact, of fields of competing lines call on the president and plead for the selection of their road. The president traveling over a certain railway largely swells traffic on the feeding lines. There is value in the advertising lines.

But, in spite of this fact, President Roosevelt believes such trains should be paid for. He believes it beneath the dignity of the presidential office to trade its prestige for free rides and food. The United States is rich and can afford to pay for the president's travel.

There are few presidents who enjoy the long journeys which they take about the country. In spite of John Sharp Williams' designation of such trips as "junkets," they are matters of work rather than play to the chief executive. Sixty hours of it makes the most strenuous president a played out human being.

You read about Willie Schambrauer and you feel your muscles a-jelling and think what you could do with a barrel stove.

That is because you forget. You were in love furiously when you were a boy. You carried a heart that weighed a ton in your breast. You smiled when she smiled and wept when she frowned.

It is a part of life—perhaps the biggest part.

Willie is 17; lives in Philadelphia, and he fell in love with Susie Wilson, who is 18. Love! Did you ever wake up in the night and have fear clutch your vitals. Perhaps she cared for another fellow. Perhaps you would have to live on through days and months and years and ages without her. Oh!

And away off somewhere in the night a dog barked or an owl hooted and you felt more lonesome and you wet your pillow with tears that you would have died rather than let anybody see.

Well, that is the way Willie loved Susie, and he had no money.

Now, love is surely an elevating emotion, but it makes folks do strange things. It drove Willie to his mother's drawer, forced him to take out some

money, and then he purchased for Susie a hat, waist, one of those neck-ades affairs that the ministers are denouncing, and they were just preparing to elope, and he happy forever when Mrs. Schambrauer discovered her loss and had Willie arrested.

And while Susie sobbed and said that Willie had given her the money to leave for him, the lad came to the front and said: "She tells the truth, judge."

"Madam," said Magistrate Hughes to the mother of the scowl, "no home and send your boy."

And it is to be presumed that she did, and that is all right if she humphed him for being the money, but there should not be our blow struck because of the love.

For, you know, all of us were young once.

## HOW I WON GREAT MARATHON RACE

Wm. J. SHERRING, THE YOUNG CANADIAN WHO WENT TO GREECE ON BORROWED MONEY AND WITH NO TRAINER, TELLS ALL ABOUT HIS TRAINING AND HIS VICTORY—NOW THE BIGGEST MAN IN CANADA.

By Hamilton Jones, Special Correspondence.

Hamilton, Ontario, June 19.—Wm. J. Sherring, the Marathon winner, who covered 26 miles in 2 hours, 51 minutes, 23.94 seconds, lowering the record by 4 minutes and 17 seconds, is good to look at. He is slight, blue-eyed, weighs 125 pounds and lives with his parents, who are mighty proud of him.

They are poor folks, just like the most of us, and live in a very unpicturesque home.

"My successes," said the champion, "simply show what hard work and perseverance will do. I advise any young man who wants to become famous in the athletic world, to train hard and take good care of himself."

"In training, the principal thing I did was to watch my stomach. If that plays out it is all day with an ailment. I ate as a rule steak and toast, and when hard at work, training, that was the bill of fare three times a day. I ate moderately and regularly. Many a young fellow has ruined his career as an athlete by indiscriminate eating."

I smoke, but not while training, and I am temperate. It is the only way. In training, I would walk or run a short distance at intervals each day. Sometimes I would run ten miles in the morning and ten miles in the afternoon.

"My occupation the past few years has been work, and sometimes I worked as a plasterer. Then I was a Grand Trunk brakeman. For an athlete any outside occupation is all right. He must have plenty of fresh air."

And right here there was an extraordinary admission. Sherring, in his preparation for the Marathon race, had no trainer. He would not have the one selected by the athletic club of Hamilton, and so a decision was reached to send him to Athens at all. He raised \$3.00 and went on his own book.

He was one of fifty-eight starters and was light sixteen pounds. He had been living on eggs, goats' meat and beef tea.

Of the race he said:

"It was the toughest race I have ever run. The thermometer was about 90 in the shade, and for the first time in my life I ran a race with my hat on. The road was good, but the dust was thick. The night before I slept on the floor, there being an awful crowd."

"At the start eight of the runners

broke away very fast and went well into the lead. I felt it was too fast for me, so I did not try to stay with them. After about ten miles had been covered the leaders began to be distressed and I could see them coming back to me gradually. They were about half a mile ahead at that time and they were all waiting when I passed them. After I got in the lead I was feeling fresh, as I let out a little, and about seven or sixteen miles over the course I estimated that I was about a mile and a half ahead of the second runners and couldn't see a son in sight behind me. When the 15-mile post was reached I fell to a walk, a slow, easy walk, and then I was feeling fresh, as I let out a little, and about seven or sixteen miles over the course I estimated that I was about a mile and a half ahead of the second runners and couldn't see a son in sight behind me. 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## COMMISSIONERS' PROCEEDINGS

### Rankin Says \$420.00 Is Too Much for Repairing the Arisco Dyke.

#### LOS PADILLOS DOESN'T NEED DYKE

Adjourned Regular session. Albuquerque, N. M., June 4, 1906. Present: Hon. Alfred Grunfeld, chairman; M. R. Springer and Severo Sanchez, commissioners; and A. E. Walker, clerk.

The following report was received and read:

Albuquerque, N. M., May 29, 1906. Honorable Board of County Commissioners, Bernalillo county, New Mexico.

Gentlemen:—I have to inform you that the repairs contracted for by M. C. Westbrooke, to be made on the Arisco bridge have been completed in accordance with the contract and specifications.

Respectfully,  
DON J. RANKIN,  
County Surveyor.

The following assignment was filed: Albuquerque, N. M., May 31, 1906. Honorable Board of County Commissioners, Bernalillo county, New Mexico.

Gentlemen:—Please pay to M. Mandel or order the sum of six hundred and forty (\$640) dollars, amount due of repairs to Arisco bridge and oblique.

M. C. WESTBROOK.

Mr. Kieck appearing on behalf of R. Valt and others, petitioners, for a writ to be opened in precinct No. 5, asks that a bond instead of a cash deposit be accepted by the commissioners, whereupon the matter is referred until the next meeting on Wednesday, June 6, 1906.

Moved by Severo Sanchez, seconded by M. R. Springer, that a warrant be drawn on the bond fund in favor of J. Felipe Hubbell for \$75, and a warrant in favor of Jose Jaramillo on same bond for \$20.25, carried.

J. Felipe Hubbell, work on R. de Arisco dyke, \$75.  
Jose Jaramillo, work on R. de Arisco dyke, \$20.25.

The resignation of Sienhoras as constable in precinct No. 5 is read. It is moved by Mr. Sanchez, seconded by Mr. Springer, that said resignation be accepted and that Turlito Ontiveros be appointed to fill out the unexpired term. The motion is carried.

A communication read from Diego M. Sanchez stating that Candido Armita races his horse across the bridge over the Rio Grande at Batares. It is moved by Mr. Grunfeld, seconded by Mr. Springer, that said Candido Armita be notified to appear before this board at the regular meeting to be held on the second day in July, 1906. The motion is carried.

It is moved by Mr. Grunfeld, seconded by Mr. Springer, that a committee of three be appointed by this board to examine into and ascertain the value of the work done on the dyke at ranches de Arisco by Francisco Galabon (the amount of work done having been changed from what was originally contracted for, said Galabon having been paid for said work \$420) dollars for said work, and that Mr. Rankin, county surveyor, recommend that the sum of one hundred and ninety-four (\$194) dollars be allowed for said work. The motion is carried.

Thereupon the honorable chairman of the board nominates Mr. Ross, Mr. Sanchez and Mr. Springer nominates Benito Salas as members of said committee. It is therefore ordered by the board that the said Mr. Ross, Jose de la Luz Sanchez and Benito Salas, be and they hereby are appointed as such committee.

It is moved by Mr. Grunfeld, seconded by Mr. Springer, that the Albuquerque, Gas, Electric Light and Power company, the Mutual Automatic Telephone company and the Colorado Telephone company be each notified to confer with the county surveyor, D. J. Rankin, regarding in a manner which said companies have placed their poles along the mountain road, and that each and every one of said companies be notified to place its own particular poles along said mountain road (and that each and every one of said companies be notified to place its own particular poles) as it may be directed so to do by said D. J. Rankin, county surveyor. The motion is carried and it is so ordered.

A petition from Ekanalero, Padilla and others asking for \$250 appropriation for dyke work at Los Padillos was presented to the board. Moved by Mr. Grunfeld, seconded by Mr. Springer, that said petition be rejected. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Grunfeld, seconded by Mr. Springer, that the board adjourn to Wednesday, June 6, 1906, at 10 o'clock. Carried.

ALFRED GRUNFELD,  
Chairman.  
A. E. WALKER, Clerk.

Adjourned Regular session. Albuquerque, N. M., June 6, 1906. Present: Hon. Alfred Grunfeld, chairman; Severo Sanchez and M. R. Springer, commissioners; and A. E. Walker, clerk.

The board convenes as a board of equalization.

Moved by Alfred Grunfeld, seconded by Mr. Springer, that the following resolutions be adopted, to-wit:

Resolved, That the clerk be instructed to notify the following persons that the board of county commissioners at its regular session, June 4, 1906, make the following changes in their assessments for the year 1906, and to further notify said persons that the board will be in session July 2, 1906, when the parties interested can be heard as to such changes, if they so desire:

Silverio Mirabal, real estate, \$400.  
Atanacio Montoya, real estate, \$200.  
Mrs. L. B. Putney, real estate, \$1,000; personal property, \$200.  
R. J. Post & Co., real estate, \$300.  
Willi Fiebelberg, real estate, \$1,500.  
Peter Feick, real estate, \$1,500.  
Barthel & Glont, personal property, \$1,000.  
William Dolbe, personal property, \$250.  
Hickox-Maynard company, personal property, \$500.  
Leonard & Lindemann, personal property, \$500.  
E. Maharaja, personal property, \$200.  
J. H. Schuffelberger, personal property, \$200.  
Isidro Sanchoval, personal property, \$100.  
Joseph Vahl, personal property, \$200.  
E. L. Washburn, personal property, \$500.  
H. L. Wellner & Co., personal property, \$150.  
H. Yano, personal property, \$250.  
H. J. Zarac, personal property, \$300.  
W. V. Strong, real estate, \$500.  
Security Warehouse & Improvement company (Park View State), \$1,000.  
Geo. C. Bowman, real estate, \$200.

Resolved, That the assessor is hereby authorized to assess the First National bank, the State National bank and the Bank of Commerce, all of Albuquerque, Bernalillo county, New Mexico, in accordance with instructions of the territorial board of equalization to assessors and county commissioners for assessing banks, and that the clerk be directed to notify said parties interested of such assessment, and to further notify said parties that the board will be in session July 2, 1906, when the persons interested in such assessments can be heard, if they so desire. These assessments are as follows:

First National bank, capital stock and surplus, \$150,000; real estate, \$15,000.  
Bank of Commerce, capital stock and surplus, \$100,000; real estate, \$2,500.  
State National bank, capital stock and surplus, \$60,000.

First National bank, personal property, \$100,000; real estate, \$1,000.  
The clerk is instructed to notify the following persons that assessments have been made against them for merchandise and personal property in the following sums and to further notify parties interested that the board will be in session July 2, 1906, to receive appeals on same, if any:

J. E. Bell, \$200; Mrs. A. Coverdale, \$200; Ford & Hart, \$200; Gruner & Schelle, \$400; C. Granillo, \$1,000; Holmes Supply company, \$1,500; C. M. McGuire, \$200; Michael Bros., \$1,000; P. Mori & Co., \$400; J. W. Masters, \$400; O'Brien Sisters, \$400; A. G. Hols, \$200; Aquilino Bros., P. E. McCanna, agent, \$1,200.

Adjourned until Wednesday, June 6, 1906, at 10 a. m.

ALFRED GRUNFELD,  
Chairman.  
A. E. WALKER, Clerk.

WERE MURDERED BY THE TIBURON INDIANS

MYSTERY OF DISAPPEARANCE OF YUMA MEN IS FINALLY CLEARED UP.

A Yuma, Arizona, dispatch says: The mystery surrounding the disappearance of H. E. Miller and Gus Olinde, who left Yuma in January of 1904 for a trip of exploration in the Gulf of California, has at last been cleared up.

George Sikes, owner of the boat in which Miller and Olinde made their trip, has received a letter from a party residing near Hermosillo, Sonora, stating that he and others had just returned from a campaign against the Indians of the Sonora side of Tiburon. The said Sikes of his discovery, and the information thus gained has been the latter given to Herbert Brown, of Yuma.

"We found evidence," says the Hermosillo man's letter, "of several Americans having been murdered. Many American newspapers and letters were gathered up. One of these was written by yourself and addressed to P. P. Poole, which spoke of an expedition in a boat, and that the boat was to be returned to Yuma. In another place we found letters addressed to Capt. Gus Olinde. Olinde was undoubtedly of this party. At this place the indications were that four men had been killed. The Serts always had a small dance for each person killed. Four rings had been worn on the earth, showing that four scalps had been danced to or ground."

This and further details imparted to Sikes renders it reasonably certain that Miller and Olinde met death at the hands of the bloodthirsty Serts.

#### ALAMOGORDO'S NEW BANK ORGANIZED.

Last week's final steps were taken at Alamogordo for the organization of the Citizens' National Bank to be capitalized at \$30,000. The following directors were elected: Perry Kearney and H. M. Denney of Blandford; James Hunter, of Mayfield; Alfred Hunter, of La Luz; Jacob Sawyer, of Cloudcroft; Charles Mitchell, H. P. Seaman, Oliver M. Lee and J. L. Lawson, of Alamogordo. Alfred Hunter will be president; Jacob Sawyer, vice-president; H. P. Seaman, cashier. Orders have been placed for the bank fixtures and the bank is to open its doors in the near future.

#### SHOW PEOPLE STRANDED AT TRINIDAD RESORT.

Trinidad people are trying to locate Roy G. Danahy and Claude Mahone, who came to that city from Topoka, Kan., and June 6, 1906, at the summer resort. Both men have left town, leaving it is charged, unpaid bills amounting to about \$700. There are some fifteen actors and actresses stranded at the park; efforts to make a paying proposition here for the park are being made. Among the stranded ones are eight women who are anxious to find a home.

**KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS**

**WITH Dr. King's New Discovery**

FOR CONSUMPTION, CROUP, COLDS AND BRONCHITIS

Price 50c & \$1.00 Free Trial

Best and Quickest Cure for all THROAT and LUNG TROUBLES, OR HOARSENESS.

## TERRITORIAL TOPICS

### PENALTY FOR OPENING WRONG LETTERS

Hereafter the "opened by mistake" excuse will be a mistake that will cost \$200, says The Postmaster. Every letter, a monthly magazine for men and women of letters, the post office department has ruled that mail must be looked over before leaving the office, and that any letter put in your box by mistake must be returned by you, leaving the postoffice under a penalty of \$200 for failure to do so.

### AGAIN AFFLICTED WITH SCREW WORMS

About a year ago a Mexican named Rivera was severely afflicted with screw worms in the nose and nearly ascribed to the ravages of the insects. Which were finally removed by Dr. Givens, and the man was saved, says the Hillsboro Advertiser. A few days ago he was again attacked by the vermin and Dr. Givens again came to the rescue of the unfortunate man who has now recovered.

### ALBUQUERQUE CONTRACTOR WORKING AT SOCORRO

W. D. Crabtree, a building contractor of Albuquerque, was in town making preliminary arrangements to begin the erection of a new residence for C. T. Brown, says the Socorro Star. Crabtree will be a one and a half story building of stone, very commodious, comfortable and attractive. It will be constructed so as to include Mr. Brown's present residence.

### PLENTY OF WATER FOR NEXT YEAR'S CROPS

Engineer Louis C. Hill, in charge of the Salt River Valley reclamation project of the United States reclamation service, stated that the dam will be far enough advanced in construction to store the flood waters of next summer, which means that the irrigation water for the 1908 crop and the water for the later crops of 1907 will be furnished from the reservoir.

### CLEMENCY FOR PRISONERS FROM ARIZONA GOVERNOR

Governor J. H. Kibbey, of Arizona, has granted a full pardon to Otto H. Moore, who was sentenced to the penitentiary from Santa Cruz county in 1901 for murder, being convicted in the second degree. He was paroled by Governor Alexander O. Brodie in February, 1905. Moore was a model prisoner and since his release has been working at different places, lately at Cananea, where he holds a high position and is about to marry. The girl of his choice is acquainted with his past. He requested a full pardon that he might marry her without a cloud over him.

The governor has also paroled Sidney B. Page, a young man of 27, who has served seven of a twenty-year sentence for murder in the second degree. He too, is a model prisoner.

### MAMMOTH PRIZE GIVEN BY GREENE.

W. C. Greene has given \$1,000 for the first prize for the double hand drilling match to be held in Douglas, Ariz., July 4. This is to be known as the Greene prize and is the largest ever given for a drilling contest, except that given by Col. Greene for the best double hand drilling match in the El Paso contest, which was \$1,000.

### SAYS CITY CLERK LEE TAKES LIFE EASY

Harry F. Lee, of Albuquerque, who has been the efficient secretary of the Territorial Sheep Sanitary board for seven years, and for four years has been the responsible officer in charge of the city of Albuquerque, arrived at noon Saturday and in the afternoon was present at a meeting between Governor Hagerman and Chairman Luna of the Sheep Sanitary board on business connected with the forthcoming convention of New Mexico wool growers in Albuquerque during the territorial fair. Mr. Lee looks prosperous and happy as he is of a genial and sunny disposition and takes life easy—New Mexican.

### CONFEDERATES WILL PICKNIC AT ROSWELL.

The ex-Confederate soldiers, the sons and daughters of the Confederates and their families and friends, will hold their annual picnic next Saturday, June 21, on the Slaughter ranch, near Roswell. There will be entertainment for all ages and both sexes. The Howell band will be in attendance, and thus good music is assured. Judge William H. Payne is set down for a talk, and there will be one other speaker who has not yet been selected. If it is possible all are urged to attend, and take part in the annual outing. A good time is in store for all who go.

### GOVERNOR KIBBEY AND WIFE VISITS THE EAST.

Governor and Mrs. J. H. Kibbey left Phoenix via the southern route, for a more or less extended visit in the east, says the Republican. They have been planning for some time to make a summer visit in Indiana, but only recently decided to go. They will depart. It is quite likely that the governor will go on to New York and Boston, also, in which event he will undoubtedly go to Washington for a stay of a day or two. He will be absent for two or three weeks, and perhaps for a month.

### WHY NOT PATRONIZE OUR HOME MEATS

New Mexico has abundance of all kinds of meat, beef, mutton and pork to supply all of the needs of home consumption. It would be well for every consumer of fresh meats to try to get it from the home producer. It is shipped here from abroad and put on the home market. Beware of all refrigerator meats, all kinds of canned meats for you cannot

tell whether it is charged with deadly poisonous preservative or is full of taste and doctored with deadly poison. Cut out all kinds of cheap and canned meats, if you would avoid purgative doctored stuff. We have plenty of the clean, healthy, wholesome butchers' meat. Patronize the home markets and require your hotels and restaurants to do likewise.

### TRIO OF SANTA FEANS RETURN FROM MEXICO.

James L. Sellman, J. W. Ahern and J. W. Townsend returned to Santa Fe from a two weeks' pleasure and pleasure trip to the republic of Mexico. With the exception of about 250 miles made on horseback over a trail, they traveled the entire distance by rail, making but few stops before reaching their destination in the Santa Fe, about sixty miles from the Pacific coast.

### INCREASING ORE OUTPUT IN MINE AT SILVER CITY

The Colorado Fuel & Iron company, which has been taking out and shipping from its mine at Silver City, about 500 tons of iron ore daily for several years past, will in the very near future almost double this output. During the past few days several of the officials of this company visited the mines in a private car and after a thorough examination of the mine and the output of the mine, they found that the iron ore is shipped to their smelter in Colorado.

### YOUNG MAN ACCIDENTALLY SHOT NEAR CLOUDCROFT

My husband, of Dr. and Mrs. H. Schugt, of El Paso, was shot in the right lung near Cloudcroft, Sunday afternoon by accidental discharge of a 22-caliber revolver in the hand of Everett Townsend.

Young Schugt was brought to Cloudcroft on a cot and was cared for by his father and a local physician. It is reported that he is in a very critical condition.

### ON THE HURRICANE DECK OF A QUAY COUNTY FROG

"Duke" Williams, the queen bee of all the cow punchers for miles around, anchored himself on the hurricane deck of "Germino," in order to keep out of the line of the quays county frogs, all in front of the ivory stable Thursday, to the great enjoyment of a crowd of lovers of aerial sports, says the Tucuman News. The frogs was one given John Henry by an enemy who hoped to hear of his being kicked to death, but John got wise to the revolutions of the white of the brook's eye, and decided to ride by himself. "Duke" undertaking the job for a purpose. When "Duke" was on route to the look out, "Germino" sailed straight up through seven strata of thin air, then turned earthward, submarine to gravity, and after a time hit the earth at an angle of fifteen degrees, making only one click, and showing a nose and two claws. By this time "Duke" had his cigarette lighted, and the vovaro began proper. There was a rough sea and a touch of sea sickness, but "Duke" was aboard for the trip; the cargo was neither misplaced nor injured. The brook brought up amazed and deeply chastened that anything so half cocked should be back.

"Duke" and "Germino" will make an excursion at Tucuman the night of the fourth, and "Duke" will pull off the fire works from the saddle, while the shoats, leap the logs, and wind up with the great sea dive of fifteen feet under the earth in the McFee addition.

### ALANOGORDO SCHOOL TEACHERS SELECTED

The Alamogordo school board has announced the following selection of teachers to serve in the public schools for the coming year:

Superintendent and 10th grade, Prof. E. H. Graham of Delmar, Mo. Principal and 8th and 9th grades, Prof. Rosa Brown, Alamogordo. 10th grade, Miss Helen Huggins, Arizona. 9th grade, Mrs. Lena Eldridge, Tucuman. 8th grade, Miss Olive Raper, Alamogordo. 7th grade, Mrs. Geo. Dixon, Alamogordo. 6th grade, Miss Etta L. Shepherd, Missouri. Kindergarten, Miss Eva Felton, Alamogordo. School No. 2 (Mexican school)—Principal, Mrs. J. M. Baker, Tucuman; assistant, not yet selected. School No. 3 (Mexican school)—Principal, Helen Sanders (Colored). Of these teachers Prof. Brown, Miss Meigs, Miss Raper, Mrs. Geo. Dixon, and Mrs. Sanders held positions last year. Miss Felton has conducted a private school in Alamogordo for the past three years.

### STEPPED IN PRAIRIE DOG HOLE AND RIDER INJURED.

I. M. Barker, who was running a herd of goats on the west side of the White mountains, met with a severe accident, several days ago, while out hunting his miles, says the White Oaks Outlook.

The animal he was riding either stepped in a prairie dog hole or stumbled, throwing him off. He remained unconscious for some time, after the accident, but does not know how long, and when recovering his wounds were found to be bad. A cowboy house, a badly bruised and disfigured face, besides other severe injuries. No help being within call, Mr. Barker finally reached Carleton in a most exhausted condition, but there being no physician there, he was brought on up to White Oaks, and his wounds treated by Dr. Padon, and the injured man made as comfortable as possible.

### POURED COAL OIL AND WAS BADLY BURNED.

Putting coal oil on a fire to hurry it along, resulted in an explosion, about 7 o'clock, Saturday morning, at the kitchen of E. C. Pierce, 409 North Stone avenue, and Cathryn O'Neill, the domestic, was severely burned, and Dr. W. V. Whitmore, in rescuing the girl from the flames, was also badly burned, said the Tucson Citizen.

The injuries to the O'Neill girl are most serious. She was badly burned about the waist and arms and was taken to the hospital, Saturday forenoon.

Dr. Whitmore was severely burned on both hands and arms. His injuries were dressed by Dr. C. A. Rogers.

## SHEEP AND WOOL GROWERS WILL ORGANIZE IN CONVENTION HERE

### Governor Hagerman Issues Proclamation Calling Them Together in This City on September 18, 1906, During the Territorial Fair.

Office of the Executive, Territory of New Mexico, Santa Fe, N. M., June 20, 1906.

#### PROCLAMATION.

There are many questions of vast importance now confronting the stock men of the west. Among the most important of these questions are: The government control of grazing on the public domain, the leasing by the federal government of the public domain, the grazing of stock on forest reserves, the devising of methods for the eradication of disease from sheep and cattle, and questions relating to the restrictions placed upon the movement of live stock between the states.

All these questions and many others are of vital importance to sheep and wool growers of New Mexico. Only by meeting together for careful and thorough discussion, and by the formation of an effective organization for united effort, can the people of our territory who are most deeply interested, become a factor in the correct solution of these important matters.

It having been represented to me that such a meeting is desired, and fully realizing the important results that should be derived therefrom, I, H. J. Hagerman, governor of the territory of New Mexico, do hereby call a convention of the sheep and wool growers of New Mexico, and their allied interests, to meet at the Elks' Theater, in the city of Albuquerque, N. M., on

#### TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1906.

At 10 o'clock, a. m., for the purpose of forming a Sheep and Wool Growers' Association of New Mexico, and for such other purposes as may be deemed advisable, and I do hereby appoint the following delegates to the said convention:

#### Bernalillo County.

Albuquerque, N. M.—Nora Hild, Frank A. Hubbell, Policarpo Arango, Severo Sanchez, George Arnot, Charles Chavira, Elias Garcia, Frank McKee, William Farr, Harry P. Lee, Victor Sals, Jacobo Trisarr, Juan Garcia, V. P. Bile, John H. Bearup, Los Padillas—Manuel Padilla y Chavez.

#### Chaves County.

Rowell—Wm. H. H. White, W. E. Frager, Harold Hurd, H. M. Miller, E. A. Caborn, A. D. Garrett, C. Martin, A. S. Gunter, Chas. Bremont, Chas. K. Keyes.

#### Hagerman—Willie Caldwell, W. H. Long.

Lower Pecos—F. E. Riggs, Guadalupe—Pedro Casares, Kenna—W. S. Miller, Weed—Wm. Cox.

#### Doña Ana County.

Las Cruces—Nestor Arango, Martin Lobman, Eugene Van Patton, Hatch—H. Weston, Hiram—Esteban Gonzalez.

#### Eddy County.

Carlsbad—C. E. Westerfield, L. O. Fuller, J. O. Cameron, John H. Joyce, A. Price.

#### Hughes—Gilbert O'Neil, A. S. Gunter.

#### Guadalupe County.

Puerto de Luna—J. G. Clancy, A. H. Luna, Joseph DeDraffent, Guadalupe—Carlos Casares, Pastors—L. F. Chubbill, Los Colonias—Francisco Crespin, Anton Chico—H. Nelson, J. M. Abner.

#### Lincoln County.

Corona—George Spencer, J. B. Pop, Corona—Henry Fritz, Hondo—Henry Lutz, Jesus Maria Gonzalez.

#### Ancho—J. B. French.

#### Apulla—Francisco Apulla, Jose Gonzalez.

#### White Oaks—James Tallafiero.

#### Luna County.

Cocks—C. W. Gaskaway, S. J. Groves, Deming—L. H. Brown, Columbus—Edwigen Pacheco.

#### McKinley County.

Guam—Clark M. Carr, Thurman—Wm. Horrahn, Mora County.

#### Wagon Mound—Estimado Martinez.

G. W. Bond, J. Aguilar, Ocala—Louis Violi, C. A. Blackman, N. Weil, C. E. Blattman, Mora—Romundo Gonzalez, Hoya—Wm. Roy.

#### La Cueva—Frank W. Gaylord.

#### Otero County.

Tularosa—Thomas Martinez, Pedro A. Aguilar, Ralph R. Connell, Nestor Herrera.

#### La Luz—Agapito Madrid.

Three Rivers—Benito Padilla, Jose Duran, Jr., Bree—Lee Moore, Weed—C. H. Fleming, W. S. Green.

#### Quay County.

Kender—Felipe S. Baca, Pablo Garcia, McJello—Florentino Martinez, Patricio Sanchez, Casimiro Romero, Tucuman—Vicente Otero, J. L. House, P. H. Wood, Max Goldenberg, Monterey—James A. Erwin.

#### Rio Arriba County.

Tierra Amarilla—T. D. Burns, Perfecto Biquel, Fernandez Martinez, T. D. Burns, Jr., Victor Valdez, Albuquerque—Tomás Gonzalez, Chama—Ed. Saraceni.

#### San Juan County.

Las Vegas—Miguel A. Otero, Chas. H. Reid, A. A. Jones, Max No-dans.

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There are many questions of vast importance now confronting the stock men of the west. Among the most important of these questions are: The government control of grazing on the public domain, the leasing by the federal government of the public domain, the grazing of stock on forest reserves, the devising of methods for the eradication of disease from sheep and cattle, and questions relating to the restrictions placed upon the movement of live stock between the states.

All these questions and many others are of vital importance to sheep and wool growers of New Mexico. Only by meeting together for careful and thorough discussion, and by the formation of an effective organization for united effort, can the people of our territory who are most deeply interested, become a factor in the correct solution of these important matters.

It having been represented to me that such a meeting is desired, and fully realizing the important results that should be derived therefrom, I, H. J. Hagerman, governor of the territory of New Mexico, do hereby call a convention of the sheep and wool growers of New Mexico, and their allied interests, to meet at the Elks' Theater, in the city of Albuquerque, N. M., on

#### TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1906.

At 10 o'clock, a. m., for the purpose of forming a Sheep and Wool Growers' Association of New Mexico, and for such other purposes as may be deemed advisable, and I do hereby appoint the following delegates to the said convention:

#### Bernalillo County.

Albuquerque, N. M.—Nora Hild, Frank A. Hubbell, Policarpo Arango, Severo Sanchez, George Arnot, Charles Chavira, Elias Garcia, Frank McKee, William Farr, Harry P. Lee, Victor Sals, Jacobo Trisarr, Juan Garcia, V. P. Bile, John H. Bearup, Los Padillas—Manuel Padilla y Chavez.

#### Chaves County.

Rowell—Wm. H. H. White, W. E. Frager, Harold Hurd, H. M. Miller, E. A. Caborn, A. D. Garrett, C. Martin, A. S. Gunter, Chas. Bremont, Chas. K. Keyes.

#### Hagerman—Willie Caldwell, W. H. Long.

Lower Pecos—F. E. Riggs, Guadalupe—Pedro Casares, Kenna—W. S. Miller, Weed—Wm. Cox.

#### Doña Ana County.

Las Cruces—Nestor Arango, Martin Lobman, Eugene Van Patton, Hatch—H. Weston, Hiram—Esteban Gonzalez.

#### Eddy County.

Carlsbad—C. E. Westerfield, L. O. Fuller, J. O. Cameron, John H. Joyce, A. Price.

#### Hughes—Gilbert O'Neil, A. S. Gunter.

#### Guadalupe County.

Puerto de Luna—J. G. Clancy, A. H. Luna, Joseph DeDraffent, Guadalupe—Carlos Casares, Pastors—L. F. Chubbill, Los Colonias—Francisco Crespin, Anton Chico—H. Nelson, J. M. Abner.

#### Lincoln County.

Corona—George Spencer, J. B. Pop, Corona—Henry Fritz, Hondo—Henry Lutz, Jesus Maria Gonzalez.

#### Ancho—J. B. French.



# MODERN JOAN OF ARC A HUMBLE SERVANT GIRL

ELIZABETH ROLPH LED THE DIS-FRANCHISED WORKINGMEN OF HAMBURG IN DESPERATE BATTLES WITH THE SOLDIERS AND POLICE—HER IMPASSIONED WORDS AGAINST INJUSTICES DEALT THEM MADE HER LEADER.

Special Correspondence.

Hamburg, Germany, June 18.—Elizabeth Rolph, a young woman of 25 years, who has just been sentenced at Hamburg to three years imprisonment for revolutionary activity, has an amazing record as a political martyr.

At the beginning of this year she was a servant employed in the modest household of a Hamburg citizen with a wage of \$5 per month.

About that time the population of Hamburg was greatly agitated over a proposal to alter the suffrage laws in such a way that thousands of electors belonging to the lower classes would be disfranchised.

Hamburg is an independent state belonging to the federal German empire and has a republican form of government with a senate and a house of representatives. The two legislatures are almost entirely controlled by the plutocratic classes who desire to check the overgrowing socialist movement.

Early in January a meeting of workmen was summoned to discuss the situation and to decide what steps should be taken. Nearly 5,000 were present. A workman was in the chair and workmen delivered speeches.

It soon became evident that considerable differences of opinion existed. Some favored revolutionary methods, but the general trend of feeling in the meeting was for moderation and pacific means. There was not a single woman in the hall.

Suddenly a female figure was seen advancing from the entrance through the crowd toward the platform. The attention of the entire audience was soon drawn to this surprising invasion



and dead silence prevailed while all eyes were directed toward this bold woman. She was Elizabeth Rolph, the maid-of-all-work, who had suddenly adopted a political mission. She was entirely unknown to the meeting. Elizabeth Rolph mounted the platform, faced the audience and began an impassioned revolutionary speech. She reproached the workmen of Hamburg for submitting tamely to disfranchisement. She denounced them as cowards and urged them to strike a blow for liberty. Her eloquence and enthusiasm fired them. Within a few minutes Elizabeth Rolph could away these men to her will.

A committee was appointed to organize open rebellion and Elizabeth Rolph was elected president. The outbreak took place on January 17, and proved to be a most formidable revolt.

Elizabeth Rolph was the soul of the whole movement. She led the mob in an attack on the wealthy quarter of the town where dozens of shops were entered and plundered, booty to the value of many thousands of dollars being seized and carried off.

A force of police was speedily in

evidence to protect persons and property, but Elizabeth Rolph and her followers quickly put them to flight.

More mounted police came, but Elizabeth Rolph placed herself at the head of the mob and fought them with indescribable ferocity. After these police had been put to flight the authorities requisitioned troops, but the domestic servant was ready for them.

She caused her rebel army to erect barricades and to receive the troops with a terrific volley of heavy stones and other missiles. Desperate street fighting took place for many hours, but authority finally won. Elizabeth Rolph was wounded and captured. After recovering from her wound she was tried and sentenced. The evidence at the trial showed conclusively that she alone had conceived and carried out the idea of rebellion.

The Cubans are taking active measures now to stamp out the infection and they say if the gulf ports are kept clean they will soon be ready to raise the embargo.

The new national quarantine bill, which for the past few days has been pending in congress, after passing the senate and house, is regarded in the south as an excellent measure. The bill carries an appropriation of \$500,000, to be used by the doctors of the marine hospital service in co-operation with the authorities of the states and counties in stamping out infection and killing the yellow fever mosquito.

Under the federal quarantine, the port regulations will be in full charge of the national government, so far as health regulations are concerned. This will include Galveston, New Orleans and Mobile.

It is believed the new quarantine bill will eliminate the reckless "shotgun quarantine," and the unfortunate clash of state authorities, such as marked the fever epidemic in New Orleans last summer.

Mrs. Hamilton, at her parlor, No. 399 West Railroad avenue, is prepared to give thorough scalp treatment, to half dressing, treat corns, bunions and ingrowing nails. She gives massage treatment and manicure. Mrs. Hamilton's own preparation of complexion cream builds up the skin and improves the complexion, and is guaranteed not to be injurious. She also prepares a hair tonic that cures and prevents dandruff and hair falling out; restores life to dead hair; cures itching scalp and restores hair. Also a face powder, freckle cure and pimple cure and pills cure. All of these preparations are purely vegetable compounds. Have just added a vibrator machine for treatment of scalp, face and cure of wrinkles. It is also used for rheumatism, pains and massage.

ARIZONA & COLORADO BEGINS ACTIVE WORK.

The actual work of construction on the Arizona & Colorado railroad, which has been long wished for by the people of the San Juan section, has actually begun, says the Times-Herald. Evidence indicates that the work will be pushed with all possible speed.

Last week, the survey corps between Farmington and Gallup had orders that they would remain on the line three weeks longer. They had arranged at Fruitland for supplies to last them for that length of time. On Sunday night a messenger brought orders for them to break camp on the line and be at Gallup with all camp equipment for shipment to Tucson. A man was sent to Fruitland to cancel all orders and to convey change of plans to interested parties at Durango and other points.

The actual work of construction has commenced this side of Tucson, and Engineer Milton and all his men are engaged on the construction work instead of going to Old Mexico, as was at first reported.

It may be of interest to some of the doubting Thomases to know that a section of this road between Pierce and Cochise is already in operation.

The road will be built into Farmington and up the La Plata to the coal fields as the first phase to be reached, after which the line will be pushed up the San Juan to a Pueblo connection.

A man by the name of Reis, who was in the wreck at Mesquite, was west a few months ago, has used the Santa Fe railroad for something over \$5,000. The man was in a car with some household goods, and also had a horse and burro in the car with him. The household goods were somewhat damaged, but neither the man nor the animals were injured in the slightest.

The examining board will meet in Needles some time in the early part of July, to examine a number of firemen who are eligible for promotion. As usual, the Arizona division is well represented on the board. Master Mechanic W. A. George is chairman of the examining board, and Road Foreman of Engineers M. P. Cheney is one of the examiners.

# HOT AFTER YELLOW FEVER

NO OCCASION, HOWEVER, FOR HAVANA'S QUARANTINE APPLYING TO GULF PORTS—NEW QUARANTINE MEASURE WILL HOLD "YELLOW JACK" A FEW.

Special Correspondence.

Washington, D. C., June 18.—There is nothing in the government health reports to warrant the quarantine which Havana has declared against the gulf ports.

The Washington authorities are rather amused at the sensitiveness of the Cuban and gulf cities on this subject. Havana, particularly, is very much put out because of the lapse which that city has suffered from its excellent record of 1900 to 1905, during which time there was not a case of fever on the island. The trouble last fall is charged by the Havana people to the carelessness of New Orleans.

There is no yellow fever in the gulf ports at present. Even Central America is quite free from infection. About two months ago there was known to be yellow fever at Puerto de Cortez and Bocas del Toro. But no recent cases have been reported.

The extent which Havana gives for quarantining against Galveston, New Orleans and Mobile is that the regulations have not been strictly observed for quarantining against fruit steamers from infected Central American ports. These regulations have been very strict, made so by the marine hospital service, and are now being rigidly enforced. One or two steamers which arrived before the regulations became practically operative, ran by without much notice, and the agents from Havana heard of this and made it the basis of their action.

Yellow fever was reported in Havana February 11, and as late as May 22 a case or two was reported from the Matanzas province. As there is free travel from Matanzas to Havana this caused the gulf ports to take action to protect themselves from Havana.

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# The BEST of all Liniments In Use For Over 60 Years

**MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT**

IT IS A QUICK HEALER WHEN APPLIED TO CUTS AND ALL OPEN WOUNDS. FOR DEEP SEATED PAINS APPLY THIS LINIMENT FREELY AND RUB HARD.

**MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT**

CURES QUICK BECAUSE IT PENETRATES QUICK. NO PAIN SO DEEP THAT IT CANNOT BE REACHED AND ROUTED BY THIS OLD TIME-TRIED REMEDY.

**MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT**

GOOD FOR STIFF JOINTS, WOUNDS, AND ALL OUTWARD AFFECTIONS OF BONES. JUST WHAT YOU NEED FOR BLISTERS & CHAPES. 25c, 50c and \$1 a BOTTLE.

**MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT**

HEALS OLD SORES AND ULCERS PERMANENTLY WHEN ALL ELSE FAILS. CURES SPAIN, AND IS EQUALLY GOOD FOR RINGBONE & HARNESS SORES.

**MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT**

SOAKS INTO THE FLESH CURES SHARP ACHES, DULL ACHES, ACHES, PAINS OR BRUISES OF MAN OR BEAST. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

**MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT**

GREATEST EMERGENCY LINIMENT KNOWN. NO OTHER IS AS GOOD. QUICKLY HEALS BURNS AND SCALDS. THE POOR MAN'S DOCTOR.

**MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT**

FOR ALL INSECT BITES. IT IS NEEDED FOR CUTS, FROZEN LIMBS, CHILBLAINS, OR ACCIDENTS OF ANY KIND. POSITIVELY CURES PILES.

**MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT**

HAS BEEN THE STANDARD LINIMENT FOR OVER SIXTY YEARS. GOES TO THE VERY CURE OF PAIN AND PUTS ALL ACHES TO FLIGHT.

**MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT**

NOTHING HAS EVER BEEN FOUND SO GOOD FOR FROST-BITES. IT GIVES SURE AND PERMANENT RELIEF. WORTH TRYING. KEEP IT WITHIN REACH.

**MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT**

FOR RHEUMATIC PAINS, INFLAMMATION, STIFF JOINTS, LUMBAGO, ETC. A FEW DROPS, A FEW RUBS, AND THE PAIN IS GONE.

**MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT**

YOU COULDN'T BUY A BETTER LINIMENT IF YOU TRIED—IT'S THE BEST, AND NEVER FAILS.

**MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT**

GOOD FOR MAN, BEAST AND POULTRY. CURES SORE THROAT, PUT A TEASPOONFUL IN A HALF GLASSFUL OF WATER & GARGLE WITH. ALSO RUB THE OUTSIDE WITH THE LINIMENT.

**MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT**

TRY IT ON A SPRAINED LEG IN YOURSELF OR IN ANY OF YOUR STOCK. PENETRATES THE FLESH, GIVES QUICK RELIEF AND A POSITIVE CURE.

**MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT**

MECHANICS NEED IT ON THEIR WORK BENCH. FOR PAINS, ACHES AND SORE MUSCLES. THERE IS NOTHING SO GOOD. RUB IT IN WELL.

**MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT**

THE LINIMENT OF our Forefathers.

# NEW MEXICO CHILDREN AID FRISCO SCHOOLS

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF ALBUQUERQUE HEAD THE LIST IN AMOUNT GIVEN.

The school children of New Mexico have thus far contributed \$69.50 to the fund which is to be raised for the purpose of aiding in the rebuilding of the handsome schools in San Francisco. When the request was sent out by Prof. Hadley, superintendent of public instruction, there was considerable rivalry which school would make returns first. Prof. Hadley, in the following table, shows the amount contributed by each in the order in which the money was received at his office.

The letter from Boston proposing this enterprise was not received until about May 10. At that date a very large proportion of the schools in New Mexico had closed.

Edmund J. Vert, from Normal University, \$4; A. B. Stroup, from Barcelona, \$1; L. H. Indulle, \$1.50; Mabel A. Smith, San Mateo Congregational mission, \$0.45; Desale Cavanaugh, Magdalena, \$2.70; R. B. Larkins, East Las Vegas public school, \$2; Annie T. Aiken, Mora mission school, \$1; Luther Foster, Agricultural college, \$1.50; L. H. Indulle, White Oak, \$1.00; Antonio Valles, Public school, \$1; C. M. Light, New Mexico Normal school, \$3.50; Alice A. Blake, Tarentia mission school, \$1.70; Winifred Tuttle, East Las Vegas, \$0.75; Lars M. Larson, Deaf and dumb school, \$2; Anna J. Rieve, East Las Vegas public school, \$1.50; J. S. Clark, Albuquerque public school, \$17.84; David Flores, Carthage public school, \$2.25; J. A. Wood, Santa Fe public school, \$3.70. Total to date, \$69.50.

**Deadly Serpent Bites**  
Are as common in India as are sunburn and liver disorders with us. For the latter, however, there is a sure remedy: Electric Bitters, the great restorative medicine, of which Dr. A. C. Brown, of Bennettville, S. C., says: "I have used it for many years, and it has cured me of many ailments, after years of suffering with dyspepsia and a chronically torpid liver." Electric Bitters cure chills and fever, malaria, biliousness, lame back, kidney troubles and bladder diseases. Sold on guarantee by all druggists. Price 50c.

**NOTICE.**  
To Simon Sanders, his heirs, administrators and assigns:  
You are hereby notified that I have expended in labor and improvements upon the Agnes lode, situated in the New Mexico Mining district, county of Santa Fe, Territory of New Mexico, for the year 1904, one hundred dollars (\$100.00), as will appear by certificate filed June 27th, 1904, in the office of the Recorder of said county, and for the year 1905 one hundred dollars (\$100.00), as will appear by certificate filed July 27th, 1905, in the office of the Recorder of said county, in order to hold the said premises under provisions of Section 2324, Revised Statutes of the United States, being amount required to hold the same for the years ending December 31st, 1905, and December 31st, 1906, respectively.

And if within ninety days after this notice by publication you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure as co-owner, your interest in said claim will become the property of the subscriber under said Section 2324.

**WILLIAM LOFINCK.**  
First publication April 21, 1906.

**LEGAL NOTICE.**  
In the District Court of the County of Bernalillo, Territory of New Mexico: No. 7094.

Donatiano Garate, Jose de la Luz Sanchez, Jose Garate, Antonio Garate, and Juan Garate, Plaintiffs, vs. The unknown heirs of Diego Montoya, deceased, the unknown heirs of Elena Gallegos, deceased; George Hill Howard, and all unknown claimants of interest adverse to the plaintiffs in and to the real estate hereinafter described. Defendants.

You, the above named defendants, and each of you, are hereby notified that the above named plaintiffs have commenced their action against you in the above named court being cause No. 7094, on the docket of said court; that the general object of said action is to secure the partition of the real estate hereinafter described, according to the rights of the several owners thereof, and to require you and each of you to come in and set up or prove your respective interests in and to said premises, or be forever barred, and in case partition of said premises cannot be had without material injury to the interests of the respective owners, then for a sale of said premises and a division of the proceeds thereof between the parties according to their respective rights, and for all proper and equitable relief.

Said real estate is situated in the county of Bernalillo, Territory of New Mexico, and described as follows, to-wit:

A tract of land commonly called the Elena Gallegos grant, and also some times called the Rancho de Albuquerque Grant, bounded on the north by the Pueblo of Sandia, on the east by the summit of the Sandia Mountains, on the south by the North boundary of the Albuquerque Grant, and a line extending easterly therefrom to the summit of the Sandia Mountains and on the west by the Rio Grande as the same ran in the early part of the seventeenth century, and containing according to the official survey of 1847, 5,047.75 acres, as will more fully appear from the record of said survey on file in the office of the Surveyor General of New Mexico, and which is hereby referred to, to-wit:

You are hereby notified that the plaintiffs' attorneys, McMillan and Raymond, whose postoffice address is Albuquerque, New Mexico, and that unless you and each of you enter your appearance in said cause on or before the 14th day of July, 1906, judgment will be rendered against you and each of you by default.

**W. E. DAME.**  
Clerk of said Court.

**An Alarming Situation**  
Frequently results from neglect of clogged bowels and torpid liver, until constipation becomes chronic. This condition is unknown to those who use Dr. King's New Life Pills, the best and gentlest regulators of Stomach and Bowels. Guaranteed by all druggists. Price 25c.

# CITY OF LOS ANGELES TO VOTE ON A UNIQUE SALOON PLAN

THE MILLIONAIRES WOULD BUY UP ALL THE GROCERIES AND RUN THEM FOR THE CITY'S BENEFIT — "BARKEEPS" COULD BE SUBSIDIZED TO PUSH SOFT INSTEAD OF ALCOHOLIC DRINK

- Buy all the saloons at a fair value.
- Close 130 and operate only 70.
- Pay the city the total revenue now derived from the licenses—\$130,000 a year.
- Give back to the city all profits after operating expenses and 6 per cent on the investment are deducted.
- Place the books of the company under the inspection of the city.

Special Correspondence.

Los Angeles, Cal., June 18.—This city will in near future vote on a plan for regulating saloons which promises:

No trotting. Only the purest of liquors to be sold. Bartenders given a percentage on all soft drinks, to push the sale of non-intoxicants.

No violation of existing laws. No liquor sold to minors or drunks.

No women allowed in saloons. The city to reap the profits.

This will be inaugurated in Los Angeles if the city will authorize a committee of citizens known as the "Gothenburghers" to acquire the saloons and turn them over to a holding company. They are all men of independent means, who believe they see in the plan a rational solution of the saloon problem.

**Charter Aids Test.**  
Los Angeles has a novel provision in its city charter for direct legislation. By this the people may obtain, by direct vote, any ordinance which the city council refuses to pass, provided its urgency is backed by a sufficient number of voters. Only twice has the method been invoked—once upon a proposition to banish all slaughterhouses from the city and once to close all saloons. Both failed.

Petitions, signed by 15 per cent of the voters at the last general election form the first step. With the petitions is a draft of the proposed legislation. When enough signatures are secured the petitions go to the city council, whose duty it is to pass the legislation without amendment, or at once call a special election. Should the petitions contain less than 15 per cent and more than 7 per cent of the voters the subject is placed upon the ballot at the first general election. Los Angeles holds its municipal elections biennially.

The idea is Swedish. The main idea of the plan comes from Gothenburg, Sweden, which has practiced, with success, this method of operating saloons for 4 years.

At present Los Angeles has 200 saloons, and over 200,000 inhabitants. The district in which the saloons operate is confined to the business center. Each pays a license of \$75 per month to the city.

The men who are backing this plan include Wm. Meade, bank president; Homer Laughlin, who made a fortune in potteries at East Liverpool, Ohio; Dr. John R. Haynes, millionaire and socialist; E. L. Doherty, who controls the oil output of Mexico; J. Ross Clark, brother of Senator Clark and vice president of the Salt Lake railroad; and Abbott Kinney, founder of the famous beach city of Venice.

The scheme is bitterly opposed not only by the saloonkeepers and brewery interests, which maintain a powerful political machine, but also by the prohibitionists, the Anti-Saloon league and the W. C. T. U.

At its regular meeting Wednesday night, Santa Fe lodge, No. 460, B. P. O. Elks, decided to build its opera house and club rooms on the lot owned by the lodge at 296 Palace avenue and now occupied by Adam's hall, says the New Mexican. H. D. Clarke has returned to the city and will begin work of floating the bonds recently issued by the order. The contract will be let as soon as possible, and the construction will then begin without delay.

**ELKS OF SANTA FE WILL BUILD HOUSE.**  
At its regular meeting Wednesday night, Santa Fe lodge, No. 460, B. P. O. Elks, decided to build its opera house and club rooms on the lot owned by the lodge at 296 Palace avenue and now occupied by Adam's hall, says the New Mexican. H. D. Clarke has returned to the city and will begin work of floating the bonds recently issued by the order. The contract will be let as soon as possible, and the construction will then begin without delay.

The Las Vegas Optic says: W. I. Paris, special officer of the Santa Fe railroad, was stricken with paralysis, at 10:30 o'clock, Saturday morning. The stroke affected his entire right side. He was immediately removed to the railroad hospital, where his condition was reported serious late in the afternoon. He is unable to talk and from a mumble and appears semi-conscious of his surroundings.



WHEN BARTENDERS BECOME TEMPERANCE PROMOTERS.

**PHOENIX GIRLS CONFESS TO SOME VERY WILD ESCAPADES**  
Mabel Tomlinson, a 15-year-old girl, was committed to the Arizona territorial reformatory by the probate judge for incorrigibility. There is an underlying story that has caused a scandal in Phoenix.

Recently a girl of the same age was committed. She had been wayward and the relatives complained. When the girl appeared in court she confessed to her sins, but gave a list including about twelve other young girls and three married women who had been meeting men at a local natatorium and holding high carnival. The sheriff's office has been working on the case and the mother of the Tomlinson girl made complaint against her. She also confessed to many wild escapades and told a story of having been drugged by a young man 25 years of age recently.

**MUNICIPAL ELECTION IN OROGRANDE.**  
R. G. Mullen was elected mayor of Orogrande at the meeting of the trustees held the other day. His experience fit him for the position, which was unanimously tendered to him. Mayor Mullen will immediately commence the work of improvement that

will make the city one of the fairest and the busiest in the southwest, as it will be the largest and most important in the Sacramento valley. B. C. Thayer, Jr., was elected clerk to the board. Frank W. Beach was elected treasurer. Frank Taylor was elected marshal, health officer and street commissioner. Judge R. H. Wade was appointed to look after the drafting of city ordinances and preparing some franchises that are to be granted in the near future. M. A. Gleason, B. C. Thayer, Sr., and W. D. Brown, were appointed a committee on finance, with M. A. Gleason as chairman.

**APPOINTED TO POSITION IN INDIAN SERVICE.**  
Ralph S. Connell of Otero county, Angora stock raiser in the Sacramento mountains, east of Alamogordo, has been appointed to a nice position under the Indian office, as per letter from the acting commissioner of Indian affairs to Delegate W. H. Andrews, which reads:

"Sir—I am pleased to inform you that under date of the 6th inst., Mr. Ralph S. Connell of New Mexico, whom you recommended, was appointed agent at a salary of \$2,500 per an-



### Bees and Army of Norway Rodents.

**Gulf Stream Gets Peculiar.**  
According to Captain Robert Quick of the Morgan line St. Albans, port from Galveston, Texas, the gulf stream is exhibiting a new idiosyncrasy and in all of the years that the well known master mariner has sailed to and from southern ports along the track of that ocean current it never served him the trick recorded in the log of the voyage last August.

The windows of the school are brightly lighted. On the lower of the two floors the class in life drawing meets every night, the model, generally a man dressed as a western desperado, with revolver pointed at the imaginary victim, stands on a raised

**E. E. BURLINGAME & CO**  
**ASSAY OFFICE** AND **CHEMICAL LABORATORY**  
Established in Colorado 1866. Samples by mail  
express will receive prompt and careful attention.  
**Gold & Silver Bullion** Refined, Melted and Assayed  
OR PURCHASED.  
Concentration Tests 10¢/lb. or less load lead  
1730-1735 Lawrence St., DENVER, CO.

### Stoppage of Passes For Congressmen.

The outcome, of course, is just what the result of Mr. Cortelyou's intervention. Delaware republicans are getting sick and tired of the mixer-squabble, which for so many years has made their state a subject of derision. More offensive still was the

campaign in mind when he introduced the bill. But it is bound to give the railroads trouble in the future, there are other members who will press it and the chairman of the republic committee would have a hard time getting away from his own bill.

**DEMOCRATS LET NATIVES VOTE**

At a meeting of the 1944 congressional democratic central committee, held in Washington, D. C., last Wednesday afternoon, the committee voted to let natives vote in the 1944 congressional elections.

**JUDGE REFUSES**

Four young men from Kansas, who came last week with a party, have filed on government claims south of Alamogordo, about six miles. The young men from Marshall, Mo., also filed on claims about eight miles northwest of town the present week. All are single men and evidently intend to remain with the army.

Hinton's head and face were not considerably and he was shot in the shoulder. The trouble arose, it is thought, from the brother-in-law in

Very respectfully,  
O. A. CONOVER,  
Attorney at Law,  
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## ALL ABOUT ELECTION FOR JOINT STATEHOOD

Full Particulars Taken From Bill As  
Signed by President Roosevelt  
on Last Saturday.

### GOVERNOR'S PROCLAMATION ON JULY 4

The conference report on the Hamilton joint statehood bill as finally adopted and as approved by the President, Saturday last, was received by The Citizen yesterday. The sections relating to the creation of the state of Arizona, to be composed of New Mexico and Arizona, are from and including 22 to 41.

The report was examined yesterday by Governor Hagerman and Secretary Reynolds. After consultation, Governor Hagerman stated that in order to carry out the provisions of Section 24 of the law, a meeting would be arranged between himself, Secretary of the Territory James W. Reynolds, and Chief Justice William J. Mills of Las Vegas, for the purpose of fixing and declaring the appointment of delegates to the convention under the law as it now exists. As soon as this is agreed upon, a proclamation calling for the election of delegates in accordance with the ratio fixed for each county, will be issued by the governor. This will be based upon the votes cast at the election for delegate to congress, November, 1904. The Citizen publishes herewith Sections 22, 24 and 25 of the law, which contain the only changes bearing on the election.

#### Document No. 457.

Conference report made by Senator Beveridge.

Section 22. That the inhabitants of all that part of the area of the United States now constituting the territories of Arizona and New Mexico, as at present described, may become the state of Arizona, as hereinafter provided.

Section 24. That at the general election to be held on the 6th day of November, 1906, all the electors of said territories, respectively, qualified to vote at such election, are hereby authorized to vote for and choose delegates to form a convention for said territories. The aforesaid convention shall consist of one hundred and ten delegates, sixty-six of which delegates shall be elected to said convention by the people of the territory of New Mexico, and forty-four by the people of the territory of Arizona, and the governors, chief justices, and secretaries of each of said territories, respectively, shall apportion the delegates to be thus elected from their respective territories, as nearly as may be, equitably among the several counties thereof, in accordance with the voting population as shown by the vote cast for delegate in congress in the respective territories in 1904.

That at the said general election and on the same ballots on which the names of candidates to the convention aforesaid are printed, there shall be submitted to said qualified electors of each of said territories a question which shall be stated on the ballot in substance and form as follows:

"Shall Arizona and New Mexico be united to form one state?"

Yes.

Electors desiring to vote in the affirmative shall place a cross mark in the space to the left of the word "Yes," and those desiring to vote in the negative shall place a cross mark in the space to the left of the word "No," in the form prescribed. The governors and secretaries of the respective territories shall certify and transmit, as soon as may be practicable, the results of said election, each to the other and likewise to the Secretary of the Interior, and if it appears from the returns thus certified that a majority of the qualified electors in each of said territories who voted on the question aforesaid at such election voted in favor of the union of New Mexico and Arizona, as one state, then, and not otherwise, the inhabitants of that part of the area of the United States now constituting the territories of Arizona and New Mexico, as at present described, may become the state of Arizona, as hereinafter provided; but if in either of said territories a majority of the qualified electors voting on the question aforesaid at such election shall appear by such certified returns to have voted against the union of said territories, then and in that event, Section 23 and all succeeding sections of this act shall thereafter be null and void and of no effect, excepting that the appropriation made in Section 40 hereof shall be and remain available for defraying all and every kind and character of expense incurred on account of the election of delegates to the convention and the submission of the question aforesaid.

The governors of said territories, respectively, shall, within thirty days after the approval of this act, by proclamation, in which the aforesaid appointment of delegates to the convention shall be fully specified, and announced, and the aforesaid question to be voted on by the electors shall be clearly stated, order that the delegates aforesaid in their respective territories shall be voted for and the question aforesaid shall be submitted to the qualified electors in each of the said territories as herein required at the aforesaid general election. Such election for delegates shall be conducted, the returns being made and the certification of persons elected to such convention issued, as near as may be, in the same manner as is prescribed by the laws of said territories, respectively, regulating elections therein of members of the legislature; Provided, That if it appears from the returns, that a majority of the qualified electors in the territory of Arizona who voted on the question at the election, voted in favor of the union of New Mexico and Arizona, as one state, then, and not otherwise, the secretary or other proper officer of said territory of Arizona shall whose hands the result of said election finally comes, shall immediately transmit and certify the results, as to the election of delegates to the convention to the secretary of the territory of New Mexico, at Santa Fe, and if it appears from the returns from the election held in New Mexico that a majority of the qualified voters aforesaid voted in favor of joint statehood, then in that event the secretary of said territory of New Mexico shall make up a temporary roll of the convention from the certified returns from both of said territories, and he shall call the convention to order at the time herein required, and said convention when so called to order and organized shall be the sole judge of the election and qualifications of its own members. Persons possessing the qualifications entitling them to vote at the aforesaid general election shall be entitled to vote on the ratification or rejection of the constitution if submitted to the people of said territories hereunder, and on the election of all officials whose election is taking place at the same time, under such rules or regulations as said convention may prescribe, not in conflict with this act.

Section 25. That if a majority in each of said territories at the election aforesaid shall vote for joint statehood, and not otherwise, the delegates to the convention thus elected shall meet in the hall of the House of Representatives of the territory of New Mexico, in the city of Santa Fe therein, at 12 o'clock noon, on Monday, December 3, 1906, but they shall not receive compensation for more than sixty days of service, and after organization shall declare on behalf of the people of said proposed state that they adopt the Constitution of the United States, whereupon the said convention shall be, and is hereby, authorized to form a constitution and state government for said proposed state. The consti-

tution shall be republican in form, and make no distinction in civil or political rights on account of race or color, except as to Indians not taxed, and shall not be repugnant to the Constitution of the United States. And said convention shall provide, by ordinance irrevocable without the consent of the United States and the people of said state—

First, That perfect toleration of religious sentiment may be secured, and that no inhabitant of said state shall ever be molested in person or property on account of his or her mode of religious worship; and that polygamous or plural marriages and the sale, barter, or giving of intoxicating liquors to Indians are forever prohibited.

Second, That the people inhabiting said proposed state do agree and declare that they forever disclaim all right and title to the unappropriated and ungranted public lands lying within the boundaries thereof and to all lands lying within said limits owned or held by any Indian or Indian tribes, except as hereinafter provided, and that until the title thereto shall have been extinguished by the United States the same shall be and remain subject to the disposition of the United States, and such Indian lands shall be in the absolute jurisdiction and control of the congress of the United States; that the lands and other property belonging to citizens of the United States residing without the said state shall never be taxed at a higher rate than the lands and other property are taxed, any lands and other property owned or shall be imposed by the state on lands or property therein belonging to or which may hereafter be purchased by the United States or reserved for its use; but nothing herein, or in the ordinance herein provided for, shall preclude the said state from taxing, as other lands and other property are taxed, and lands and other property owned or held by any Indian who has severed his tribal relations and has obtained from the United States or from any other person a title thereto by patent or other grant, save and except such lands as have been or may be granted to any Indian or Indians under any act of congress containing a provision exempting the lands thus granted from taxation, but said ordinance shall provide, that all such lands shall be exempt from taxation by said state so long and to such extent as such act of congress may prescribe.

Third, That the debts and liabilities of said territory of Arizona and of said territory of New Mexico shall be assumed and paid by said state, and that said state shall be subrogated to all the rights of indemnity and reimbursement which either of said territories now has.

Fourth, That provision shall be made for the establishment and maintenance of a system of public schools, which shall be open to all the children of said state and free from sectarian control, and that said schools shall always be conducted in English. Provided, That nothing in this act shall preclude the teaching of other languages in said public schools.

Fifth, That said state shall never enact any law restricting or abridging the right of suffrage on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude, and that ability to read, write and speak the English language sufficiently well to conduct the duties of the office without the aid of an interpreter shall be a necessary qualification for all state officers.

Sixth, That the capital of said state shall temporarily be at the city of Santa Fe, in the present territory of New Mexico, and shall not be changed therefrom previous to Anno Domini Nineteen Hundred and Fifteen, but the permanent location of said capital may, after said year, be fixed by the electors of said state, voting at an election to be provided for by the legislature.

### Good Reasons Given

In an able article on the statehood bill, the Courier-Journal of Louisville, Ky., last Saturday, after referring to the often repeated assertion that Arizona will refuse to join with New Mexico, went on to say:

Unexpected things happen, and it is altogether likely that the people of Arizona will be strongly urged to accept the chance to become a part of the largest state in the union, with the exception of Texas. It will, no doubt, be pointed out to them that the chances are overwhelmingly against Arizona's ever becoming a state by itself, that it has been out in the cold for a long time and it is likely to be out an equal or longer time if it insist on becoming a state by itself. Hence the people will be told that they would do better to seize the present opportunity to emerge from a territorial condition, for it may be a good while before they get another chance. Nearly sixty years have elapsed since Arizona, first as a part of New Mexico, afterwards as a separate territory, has been under the control of the United States. Smaller and less populous territories have become states, but Arizona has been kept out because its political status was rather wrong, as congress viewed it, or doubtful. It is still doubtful, and therefore, the territory stands a good chance to remain such unless it be joined to New Mexico, or unless there is a change in the complexion of both houses of congress. This is one of the arguments likely to be made, and though Arizona has many times sworn she will never consent, it is still possible that she may change her mind.

### Reason Revealed

The Arizona Republican published at Phoenix, has been the most intemperate opponent of joint statehood, among all the papers of that territory, with the single exception of the Phoenix Gazette, of the Tucson Citizen, the latter being an addition to the population of Arizona of something like four years standing.

The cause of the intensity of animus shown by the Phoenix paper has often been matter of conjecture to the New Mexico readers of that paper. The Arizona Gazette has at last revealed the reason. It said, the other day:

These repeated and harmful mistakes of Smith are in line with the Republican's bitter attacks on President Roosevelt during the past winter which, as in the case of the delegate, many believe were not prompted so much by friendship for Arizona as by dislike for the chief executive and his administration.

The time between now and the election on the 6th of November, when the fate of joint statehood will be decided, is short at most and doubly short in view of what has to be done in that time. Those in Arizona whose interests are opposed to the interests of the mass of the people—whether they be politicians, present or would-be office holders, non-resident property holders, incorporated mining or other companies—whose they may be, will not suffer the loss of any time or any effort. The friends of statehood in each territory need to be thoroughly organized, to act in concert and to neglect no means by which the mass of the people may be reached and incited to action. Intimidation, bribery, coercion, persuasion, deception, will all be employed by the enemies of statehood. The friends of statehood must be up and doing.

According to the weekly weather bulletin, Chas. B. Linney, section director, the temperature last week ranged from 3 to 8 degrees above normal in the whole territory. In many of the southern stations no record for the week was warmer than had been recorded for June in many years. Rain is generally needed. The highest temperature, 106, was reported from the Agricultural college. The lowest temperature reported was 22, or freezing, at Chama. Albuquerque reported highest 98 and lowest 60. Las Vegas, highest 95, and lowest 45; Santa Fe, 86 highest, and 45 lowest.

Las Vegas Optimist: Thousands of people will come to Arizona and New Mexico when a state government is adopted who wouldn't think of coming to live in a territory. It will do no harm for Arizona to vote to accept joint statehood. Then when a constitution is formed she can do as she chooses about accepting it.

To judge from the tone of the Arizona press, Delegate Mark Smith was fully justified in getting sick after his remarkable career in the present session of congress. It seems well that he concluded to go away back and take a bath at Hot Springs, Ark.

Farmington Hustler: We believe the good sense of the people of Arizona will so assert itself that they will join us in accepting the only form of statehood that is attainable now or will likely be for years to come.

## Local Happenings

### Tuesday, June 19.

Regular meeting of the Eagles this evening.

F. A. Hottel returned this morning from a business trip to Socorro.

J. J. Sheridan returned to El Paso about night, after a short visit in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Basin, registering from this city, are at the territorial capital.

W. L. Edgar, of the Imperial laundry, left last night on a business trip to La Junta, Colo.

Mrs. Thomas Isherwood and daughter have gone to James hot springs for a couple of weeks' outing.

Charles W. Wood, of Alamogordo, is in the metropolis today attending to some private business affairs.

Mrs. and Mrs. Krammer left last evening for St. Louis to bring Mrs. Krammer's father to Albuquerque.

Mrs. Fred Hays and son, family of Undershaft Hays, have returned to the city from a visit to friends south of town.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Everett, of this city, left for Santa Fe, viewing the interesting sights of the territorial capital.

Bert Baker, who was on the sick list the past few days, reported for duty at the grocery store of A. J. Maloy this morning.

Meeting of the Fraternal Order of Eagles tonight at Red Mesa hall, initiation of new members and refreshments.

Miss Sarah Myers, of South Third street, left on Sunday for Reading, Pa., where she will be the guest of relatives for the summer.

Miss Lucille Becker has returned from the Lake Forest seminary, where she has been a student the past ten months, to her home in Belen.

There was no meeting of the city council last night on account of the absence of a quorum. The next meeting will be held at the call of the mayor.

Mrs. Frank H. Strong has returned to the city from her sojourn in southern California. Mrs. McGaffey and children will not return until about July 1.

Mrs. Merrell McKee left this morning for her home in Nova Scotia, after having spent a year in New Mexico, with her brothers, Louis and Percy McKee.

"Dad" Greenleaf is suffering from a severely inflamed finger on his right hand, caused by a workman striking "Dad's" finger with both were engaged in laying a sidewalk around Mr. Greenleaf's property.

M. C. Turner, carrier No. 2, of the local postoffice department, is off on a vacation, and Substitute Steven B. Matthews is filling his place.

Turner intends going to the mountains for his outing.

Mrs. Jay A. Hubbs and daughter, Miss Jean, anticipate leaving this evening for a pleasure trip, which will take them to Mrs. Hubbs' old home in Michigan. They will be absent from the city for about a month.

Mrs. J. P. Luby and children, and Miss Edith Walker, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Walker, left this morning for the flyer for Long Beach, Cal., where they will take a cottage for the remainder of the summer.

Captain Fullerton, of Socorro, formerly captain of the New Mexico mounted police, has expressed to Dr. D. H. Curns a young coyote, captured near Socorro. The doctor intends making a pet of the animal.

In a prize offer contest for a name for a new theater in the city, Mrs. George L. Wilson won the prize with the name "Alvarado." Mrs. Wilson will be remembered by a number of Albuquerqueans as a guest of Mrs. Elmer, 810 South Third street, during the past winter. Evidently, Mrs. Wilson got the idea for the name from the Alvarado, and which captured the prize, from our own Alvarado hotel.

Col. H. S. Parley, who has been in the city the past couple of days purchasing supplies, started on an overland drive to Golden this afternoon. The colonel is general manager of the Colorado Mining and Milling company at Golden.

Charles W. Dendow, the lumber dealer of Santa Fe, passed down the road for Payson road springs, for the purpose of securing relief from a severe attack of the rheumatism, with which he has suffered for several years past.

Warren Graham and wife, Mrs. Graham's sister, Mrs. C. O. Harrison, of Santa Fe, and Miss Jennie Perkins, left on the California limited today for probably a month's tour in the west.

Mrs. W. H. Metcalf will leave Friday morning for the upper Rio Pecos, where she will be the guest of Mrs. Nellie B. Field, after which she will visit Mrs. W. H. Metcalf's sister, Mrs. W. H. Metcalf, who is now in the city for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Donworth left this morning for Chicago.

Miss Cora Blood left this morning on a pleasure trip to Chicago.

Mrs. M. J. Gansel left last night for Roswell, where she will be the guest of a son for a few weeks.

J. P. Chase, a fire insurance agent of Socorro, is in the city, to remain a couple of days.

Rev. and Mrs. J. M. Soille, accompanied by their son, Henry, are spending the day at Choteau, Mont.

H. W. Campbell, the Pleasant sheep man, was in the city yesterday with a train load of sheep consigned to the Kansas City market.

Fluorencia Sandoval, postmaster at Cuba, Sandoval county, is in the city visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Sandoval, of North First street.

Mrs. J. W. Hall and son, family of the well known conductor on the Santa Fe road, will leave tonight for Los Angeles and the nearby coast resorts.

A regular meeting of the Degree of Honor Workmen hall this evening at 8 o'clock. Initiation of candidates will be followed by refreshments.

Mrs. M. H. Otero, Mrs. J. C. Normand and Mrs. Virginia Charles left last night for Long Beach, Cal., where they will spend the summer months in vacation.

The Ladies Home Mission society of the First Methodist church will meet in the church parlors Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock. All members are requested to be present.

Charles Neustadt, general merchant at Grants, is in the city transacting business with local wholesale houses and visiting his brother, Samuel Neustadt, of the Ernest Meyers Liquor company.

Mr. Dennis, proprietor of a large saw mill at Malm, Arizona, is in the city on business. Mr. Dennis and family resided in Albuquerque a few years ago, and he still owns some real estate here.

Mrs. E. Montoya, mother of Nestor Montoya and Mrs. Nestor Montoya and children, went to Santa Fe this morning to visit with relatives. They expect to be absent from the city a couple of months.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert E. Copeland, (nee Miss Ellen McClure), whose marriage was announced in The Evening Citizen a few days ago, have returned from Denver, where they enjoyed their honeymoon. They will be at home at No. 310 South Arco street, after July 1.

Mrs. Forest Parker, Miss Barbara Hubbell and Miss Anna Thomas left on the California limited today for the Hubbell ranch at Ganado, Ariz. The young folks were accompanied by Mrs. H. O. Whitcomb, who will visit at Ganado with her son, Forest Parker. They expect to be absent from the city several weeks.

Mr. Solomon, who returned to the city this morning from a business trip to his country home at Los Lunas, Mr. Luna has asked for side on his spring clip of wool, which he proposes to leave on the market on Friday, June 22. The wool, which is one of the largest individual clips in the territory, will be marketed at Magdalena.

For the Grand Army encampment, to be held at St. Paul, Minn., beginning August 12, the exceptionally low rate of .25 for the round trip, which is less than the rate for the city, which is .35, will be placed on sale at the local station on August 10 and 11, and will be good, conditionally for thirty days.

Colonel John S. Mitchell, one of the proprietors of the Hollenbeck hotel, Los Angeles, is coming out to the hotel's many patrons throughout New Mexico and Arizona souvenir cards showing the places of interest in southern California, which can be easily reached by those who register at the Hollenbeck. This popular hotel is located at the corner of Second and Spruce streets, right in the heart of the "City of Angels."

Jimmy Hill, a well known young gentleman of this city, has opened an office as public stenographer and notary public at No. 212 South Second street. He is also a Spanish interpreter, and the young man should do well in his chosen profession. A few years ago, while a Santa Fe barber, he attempted to get on the pilot of an engine at Alamo Junction, and in so doing he fell, both legs going under the engine, and he was carried to the city last evening, after a little inconvenience. The Evening Citizen hopes he will prosper as a public stenographer.

Mrs. Terrence McNulty and children of South Second street, accompanied by the lady's mother, Mrs. White, left yesterday for Chicago, N. Y., to spend the summer.

A fire in a bridge near Polson and a bridge just north of Cortez, being out of plumb, caused the limited to be three hours late today. The conductor, in telling of the first obstacle, said that the bridge had been thirty minutes later, the bridge would have been burned beyond repair. As it occurred, the blaze was put out before doing much damage. The second bridge, which was discovered to be out of plumb, was soon abandoned sufficiently to permit the passage of the train.

Major J. S. Van Doren of Valencia county, George E. Anderson, a Denver irrigation engineer, and W. F. Shelton of Chicago, interested in an irrigation project in Valencia county, returned to the city last evening, after a trip to Blue Water, where they went for the purpose of looking over the proposed site for their irrigation project. Major Van Doren and Mr. Shelton stopping over here, but Mr. Anderson continuing on to Denver today.

Major Van Doren stated and reported that the securing of the site for the project would probably be made public in a few days.

### Thursday, June 21.

United States Attorney W. H. H. Lowrey has gone to Washington on business.

A. A. Gordon, county commissioner of McKinley county, is in the city from Gallup on business.

C. N. Cotton, the Gallup wholesale merchant, is in the city hobnobbing with Albuquerque wholesalers.

Attorney J. Shaub went to Santa Fe this morning to spend a few days with relatives and see home-grown cherries.

Miss Lillian Whiting, the magazine writer of Boston, is spending a few days at Santa Fe, studying the antiquities of the place.

Regular communication of Temple lodge No. 6, A. F. and A. M. this evening at 8 o'clock. By order of the W. J. C. Fenger, secretary.

B. Barthele, the deputy sheriff of Valencia county, stationed at San Rafael, is in the city on business. He will return west this evening.

Simon Neustadt, the popular general merchant and postmaster of Los Lunas is still in the city on business. He will probably return south to night.

H. E. V. Chaves, the well known domestic attorney of this city, is at Socorro attending court now in session in that town. Mr. Chaves will not return to the city until June 23.

Doctors Vilas and Gallagher, prominent physicians of El Paso, passed through the city this morning, en route to Gallup, where they will work in a backboard for the upper

## MARKET LETTER

### Special Correspondence:

Kansas City, Mo., June 18.—Heavy cattle supplies and the market getting stronger each day, were the features last week. The week closed a shade higher than the close of previous week on killing cattle or a quarter higher than Monday, packers taking more than 32,000 cattle out of the total supply of 41,000. They apparently have a place for large numbers of cattle, and the only class injured in the situation is manner grades. Stockers and feeders have continued dull and drab since a week ago, including today, 15 to 25 cents lower than ten days ago. Dry weather has had a bad influence on this trade, as pastures have suffered first of all, because the cows that have been heavy for the corn crop. Rain has fallen in the last twelve hours in central and northern Kansas and southern Nebraska, and more is predicted, conditions which are likely to improve the trade in stockers and feeders this week.

Movement to the country last week was 325 car loads, mainly at \$3.50 to \$4.00, some feeders up to \$4.50, and common cattle around \$3.00. Top native steers today \$5.40, choice fed Colorado and Panhandle steers \$4.15 to \$4.25, top quarters \$4.40, grass steers \$3.50 to \$4.00, and some \$3.00. Texas as yet. Calf receipts were the heaviest of the season last week at 4,000 head, 2,000 are here today, a little lower than a week ago, best veals, \$5.50 to \$6.25.

Arizona and Texas muttons make up most of the receipts at the stock yards, supply 24,000 last week, 2,500 today. The market gained 15 to 20 cents last week, and is at strong to 20 cents higher today. A few fed wethers, lambs, clipped, have been received lately, medium to common quality, at \$3.00 to \$3.50, and the full strength of the market. Native spring lambs sold today at \$7.25, a new record for this season, and medium class Texas wethers today at \$5.40. San Pete valley wethers, grazed in Arizona, weighing 105 pounds, sold at \$6.25 straight for fifteen dollars last week, Arizona \$5.50, and some \$5.00, 90 pounds, at \$6.45, and twelve pounds of 87 pound Texas muttons brought \$5.65 Friday. A good many goats have sold lately to go to the country at \$2.50 to \$3.65, demand for them strong.

### STOCK SALES

Kansas City, Mo., June 18.—Some sales of Texas and Arizona sheep and lambs this week:

Monday, June 11.  
Campbell & Francis, Flagstaff, Ariz., 2,196 yearling lambs, 51 pounds, \$6.40, 1,392 sheep and yearlings, 90 pounds, \$6.25.

J. W. Moore, Plano, Tex., 329 sheep, 1 pounds, \$5.25.

Mrs. Davis, Byfield, Tex., 303 goats, 27 pounds, \$5.40.

W. W. Cooper, Byfield, Tex., 495 goats, 76 pounds, \$5.60.

Tuesday, June 12.  
R. E. Packer, Del Rio, Tex., 662 sheep and yearlings, 100 pounds, \$6.00.

Kelly & Norris, Comstock, Tex., 997 sheep, 80 pounds, \$5.60, 246 goats, 98 pounds, \$5.65.

Newman, Del Rio, Tex., 3,548 wethers, 104 pounds, \$6.25.

Cuthbert & H., San Angelo, Tex., 247 lambs, 86 pounds, \$5.50.

Wednesday, June 13.  
T. D. H. H., Comstock, Tex., 325 goats, 89 pounds, \$5.65.

R. W. Prosser, Comstock, Tex., 1,411 wethers, 84 pounds, \$5.45.

W. T. Noelle, San Angelo, Tex., 676 wethers, 86 pounds, \$5.40.

Thursday, June 14.  
Only 120 head of all natives.

Friday, June 15.  
H. L. Cuthbert, San Angelo, Tex., 2,498 wethers, 87 pounds, \$5.65.

### LEGAL NOTICE.

In the District Court of the County of Bernalillo, Territory of New Mexico.

Vincenta Montoya, Plaintiff, vs. the unknown heirs of Francisco Montes Vigil, deceased; the unknown heirs of Juan Gonzales, deceased, and all unknown owners of the real estate hereinafter described. Defendants—No. 71-5.

You, the above named defendants, and each of you, are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff has commenced her action against you in the above named court being cause No. 71-5, on the docket of said court; and she has caused a writ of attachment to be issued against you to secure the partition of the real estate hereinafter described, and according to the rights of the several owners thereof, and require you and each of you to come in and set up or prove your respective interests in and to said premises, or be forever barred, and in case partition of said premises cannot be had without material injury to the interests of the respective owners, then for a sale of said premises and division of the proceeds thereof between the parties according to their respective rights, and for all proper relief in equity.

Said real estate is situate in the counties of Bernalillo and Sandoval, Territory of New Mexico, and described as follows, to-wit:

A tract of land known as "The Alameda Land Grant" bounded on the north by the north line of the old Santa Fe and Alameda land grant, on the south by a small old ditch which was the boundary in 1816, on the east the Rio del Norte as it ran in the year 1719 near the eastern foot hills, and on the west a prairie and hills, and containing according to the official survey thereof 89,346 acres of land, as will more fully appear from the record of said survey on file in the office of the Surveyor General of New Mexico, reference to which is made for more particular description.

You are hereby notified that the plaintiff's attorneys are McMillen and Reynolds, whose postoffice address is Albuquerque, New Mexico, and that unless you and each of you enter your appearance in said cause on or before the 4th day of August, 1906, judgment will be rendered against you and each of you by default.

Witness my hand and the seal of said court, this 14th day of June, 1906.

(Real) Clerk of the District Court.

## MANUELITO IN

### SHORT PARAGRAPHS

#### Special Correspondence:

Manuelito, N. M., June 18.—Mr. Welch spent several days last week visiting friends in Sanders and St. Michaels.

Miss Lizzie Farr spent a day at Luna, quite recently, and reports the holly trees about there in full bloom.