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Albuquerque Weekly Citizen, 06-09-1906

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TEN THOUSAND KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS

Assemble at New Haven, Conn.—No Troops for State Fairs.

WALL STREET IS SHOCKED

South Seeks Right Kind of Immigrants, but Would Reject Others.

New Haven, Conn., June 8.—Nearly ten thousand members of the order of the Knights of Columbus have already invaded this city and more are coming to attend the national convention of that organization, which will be held here during this week. The local members of the order, assisted by a large committee of Knights representing the various lodges of this state, have been busy for weeks preparing for the convention, and now everything is in readiness for the enormous crowd streaming into this city. All foreign trainloads of delegates from all parts of the United States arrived here. The delegates, many of them accompanied by ladies, were received by local committees appointed for that purpose, and conducted to their respective headquarters, where they registered and were assigned to their lodgings. The convention proper will not begin until tomorrow, but there will be a public reception to the officers of the National Council this evening, which promises to be a grand affair. Tomorrow morning the delegates will attend pontifical high mass at St. John's church, on Davenport avenue. His Eminence, Cardinal Gibbons, together with several archbishops and bishops, will be present. After mass the National Council will convene in the new Knights of Columbus building on Chestnut street. The rest of the day will be spent in sight seeing. Carriage parties and trolley rides have been arranged for that purpose. In the evening a grand promenade concert and ball will be given in the armory.

Wednesday morning will be devoted to sight seeing and various entertainments and in the afternoon the new building of the Knights of Columbus will be dedicated. Addresses will be made by the mayor, President Hadley of Yale, Cardinal Gibbons and other distinguished members of the hierarchy. In the evening a banquet will be tendered the delegates and national officers.

On Thursday morning the session of the National Council will be continued and in the afternoon there will be field sports and other entertainments. Most of the delegates will prepare for their departure on Friday evening or Saturday.

NO SOLDIERS LOANED TO EASTERN FAIR THIS YEAR.

Washington, D. C., June 8.—The United States army will not be able to take part in any of the country fairs this year. There is an increasing demand for military representation on all occasions in all sections of the country, and hitherto the disposition has been to gratify such desires on the part of the people so far as may be.

This year there has been an unusual demand for the presence of one or more of the troops of cavalry or infantry, a preference being expressed for the cavalry as a more spectacular body, for the drawing of crowds.

This year, however, all the cavalry, infantry and field artillery commands will be otherwise employed. They are to leave their respective stations on July 15 for marches to the nearest camps, where they will be mobilized in large bodies and engage in two or three months' exercises, the program of operations including the militia.

This rule will be rigidly enforced, by direction of the president, without exception. The troops must leave their stations on the day set, and nothing will be allowed to interfere in any way with this program. They will be required to remain in camp on the work incident thereto, for the full period designated, and there will be no exception to this requirement. For this reason the War Department is obliged to refuse to lend its aid by the presence of any part of the military body at the county fairs.

SOUTHERN IMMIGRATION COMMISSION IN SESSION.

New York, June 8.—Delegates representing nearly every southern state and including many prominent students of economy, met here today, in compliance with a call sent out some time ago, with a view of organizing a Southern States Immigration Commission. The delegates, who were appointed by the governors of their respective states, will remain in session for two days, and it is hoped, that a permanent organization will be formed, to regulate the immigration to the south.

As David Robinson, the publisher and editor of the Southern Investor of New York, stated at the opening session, yesterday, some of the southern states, which have steamship connection with New York, are over-run with an undesirable class of immigrants, who are sent south from New York, and are absolutely worthless. Many dissatisfied men, who had been engaged to work in Florida, but refused to stay there, also in-

vade other southern states quite frequently, and many of them must be provided with transportation to New York, to prevent them from becoming public nuisances. Today the commission will hold a session in the Williamsburg hotel, where they will inspect the methods employed in examining the immigrants.

MAN IN THOUSAND PAYS

New York, June 8.—Wall Street has had quite a shock and is eagerly discussing the "peculiar" action of a man who gave up a considerable fortune to pay certain moral debts which he was by no means obliged to pay under the law. The man who caused this sensation was Edwin S. Hooley, whose firm, E. S. Hooley & Co., of No. 49 Wall street, failed during the panic of 1903. The failure occurred on July 27, 1903, three days after the failure of Talbot J. Taylor & Co. and W. L. Rorer & Co., and was for \$3,000,000. The firm settled with its creditors in December, 1903, at 50 cents on the dollar. In October, 1904, Mr. Hooley formed his present firm of Hooley, Larned & Co., his partners being George E. Larned and Frank E. Hurnley, the latter the board member. The house was notably successful, from the start, and Mr. Hooley, who when he was in the firm, assumed the moral liability for its debts, found recently that the time had come when he could carry out his steadfast purpose to discharge his "moral obligations" to the creditors. As a result he mailed to each of his creditors a check for the remaining 50 per cent of the debt, with interest at 6 per cent from the date of the failure. His action is not without precedent in Wall street, but the precedents are not numerous. Mr. Hooley, who is still a young man, has always been well liked in the street. The failure of Mr. Hooley's firm in 1903 was due to an overvalued account in Evansville & Terre Haute and Kookuk & Des Moines. These railroads the firm expected to sell. The money panic developed, however, bankers refused to loan on the collateral, and the Hooley firm was forced to suspend.

CHATTANOOGA'S SPRING FESTIVAL HAS OPENED.

Chattanooga, Tenn., June 8.—Yesterday was opening day of the spring festival, for which the most extensive preparations have been made during the last month or two. Thousands of visitors from all parts of the state are congregated here and the hotels are already crowded. The festival, which will last all week, was formally opened on yesterday, with an automobile parade, in which fifty-five motor cars, handsomely decorated and filled with ladies and gentlemen, took part. The parade was reviewed by the mayor and city officials. The festival show was opened at Olympia Park. Great efforts have been made this year to make the show at the park attractive. One of the most interesting features is the Swiss farm, which was exhibited at the St. Louis Exposition, and attracted so much attention. There will also be a large spectacular show in which more than sixty persons will take part.

The most interesting feature of today will be the Red Men's parade in the evening, when several hundred members of the order, dressed like Indians, will march single file through the brilliantly illuminated streets to Olympia Park, where the Red Men will conduct a "Country Store." The Knights of Korasson will have their big parade on Wednesday afternoon.

The industrial parade, which will be one of the most important features of the festival week, will be held on Thursday morning, and it is expected that between seventy-five and one hundred floats, representing the various industries and lines of business will take part in the great pageant. The coronation festival and distribution of prizes to the successful owners of the floats will take place in the evening. Friday will be military day with a fancy drill by the Twelfth Cavalry as the special feature. Every night the city will be brilliantly illuminated.

FINE STRING OF RACERS FOR KENILWORTH TRACKS.

Buffalo, N. Y., June 8.—As fine a string of horses as ever was seen in this city is now quartered in the sheds of the Kenilworth race track, where the thirty days' race meeting will open this afternoon. The most important event of the opening day is the famous Buffalo Derby, which was won last year by Oxford, a colt formerly owned by Jacob G. Lang, a local horseman. For this year's Derby a number of excellent horses have been entered. The south will be ably represented by Minnie Adams, the southern Derby winning filly owned by Mr. Cook. Canada will make a strong bid with Kinleydale and Com. Marial, both from the stables of M. Dymond. Other promising horses are Foundner, Hummel, Lotus Eater and several others. Although the track is comparatively young, having been opened in 1902, it is in excellent condition, and everything is favorable for the running of the famous Derby. The race is for three-year-olds and is for \$3,000. Horsesmen from all parts of the state are here to attend the race meeting, and it promises to be the most successful ever held in this part of the country.

ALAMO'S COLLECTION EN- RICHED BY PORTRAIT.

Austin, Tex., June 8.—The historic collection in the Alamo has been enriched by the addition of a fine portrait of Davy Crockett, painted from life by John G. Chapman, while Crockett was a member of congress from Tennessee. The portrait belonged to John S. Wise, Jr., a native of Virginia, now living in New York, and was recently purchased by a representative of the Daughters of the Republic of Texas, for \$1,000. The picture bears the date of 1832 and is

said to be an excellent likeness. There is but one other authentic portrait of Davy Crockett known to exist, which was painted by Deramb, and hangs in the Capitol at Washington.

ARTILLERY COMPANY CELEBRATES 25TH ANNIVERSARY.

Boston, Mass., June 8.—The Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Massachusetts is celebrating its two hundred and sixty-eighth anniversary today. Shortly after 1 o'clock in the afternoon the members of the company assembled at their headquarters and escorted the governor of the state and the commander-in-chief to the Old South church, where a special service will be held. After the conclusion of the exercises in the church the company will march to the Common, where the ceremony of commissioning the newly elected officers will be performed by the governor and commander-in-chief. The company will then parade to Faneuil hall where dinner will be served at 6:30 o'clock. It will be preceded by a formal reception.

PITTSBURGH'S UNIQUE WAY OF ADVERTISING.

Pittsburgh, Pa., June 8.—The first of the series of trade excursions to go out from here under the auspices of the Merchants and Manufacturers Association of Pittsburgh started from here at 6 o'clock this morning, in a special train. The delegates taking part in the excursion, which had been arranged for the purpose of advertising the manufacturing interests of Pittsburgh, will take in many towns in northeastern Ohio and will return to Pittsburgh on Saturday. Today the excursion will visit East Palestine, Columbiana, Leetonia, Lakon, Salem, Alliance, The Canyons, and the excursionists will stop over night. Tomorrow they will visit Massillon, Orrville, Wooster, Loudonville, and will spend the night at Mansfield. On Wednesday, Ashland and Akron will be visited, and the night will be spent at the latter city. The route for Thursday includes Kent, Ravenna, Warren, Niles and Youngstown, and for Friday, Ashabula, Conneaut, and Erie, leaving Erie during the night to return to Pittsburgh.

LIQUOR INTERESTS HAVE GATHERED AT LOUISVILLE.

Louisville, Ky., June 8.—The annual convention of the National Wholesale Liquor Dealers' Association opened yesterday with a large attendance of delegates, representing every part of the United States. The convention will last three days, and the local liquor men have made special efforts for the entertainment of the delegates. At the same time the National Association of Mall Order Liquor Dealers is holding its annual convention here at the Seelbach. This association, which is incorporated in the state of Kentucky, has now about forty members. It was organized last year in Chicago, with an original membership of seven members.

Matters of great importance to the liquor trade will be discussed at both conventions. The principal fight now on in which the mall order houses are interested is a fight with the express companies for a reduced rate of transportation. The companies held for the regular merchandise rates, but through the efforts of the association a reduction has been granted. The reduction, however, has not been great enough to satisfy the demands of the association, and the fight is still being continued. Robert L. Crier of Covington, Ky., is president of the association.

WOMEN CONNECTED WITH LITERATURE OR TEACHING.

Syracuse, N. Y., June 8.—Several hundred women, representing the literary and educational organizations in the western part of the state, are assembled here to attend the tenth annual convention of the Federation of Women's Literary and Educational Organizations, which opened here this morning at the New York State Trade School for Girls. The headquarters of the delegates is at the Yates Hotel.

THE PROGRAM ARRANGED FOR THIS CONVENTION IS OF UNUSUAL INTEREST.

The program arranged for this convention is of unusual interest. Among the attractive features is a lecture by James J. Pettit, professor of Semitic languages and archaeology in the University of Syracuse, who will speak this afternoon on "Women in the Ancient Hebrew Cult." At the opening session this morning Miss Ladd delivered an interesting address on "Early Federation Days." The women's suffrage question will come up for consideration and debate at the session tomorrow morning, and the discussion will be in charge of Miss Harriet May Mills, state organizer, who has selected a number of able speakers, among them Miss Julia A. Jenner, Syracuse; Mrs. Mary V. S. Bennett, Rochester; and Miss Anna S. Huntington, Syracuse. A delightful program has been prepared for the literature and art division of the convention. Mrs. Henry Altman of Buffalo will read a paper tomorrow morning on "The Art of the Ancient Hebrews," and Dr. S. P. Colman of Salamanca will speak on "Art in the Home."

SCARCITY OF TEACHERS IN APACHE COUNTY.

There is going to be a scarcity of teachers in Apache county next year, says St. John's Herald. Beginning right here in St. John, five of the seven teachers who taught here last winter are gone. Those who are at Nutrioso and Alpine are not applicants for the places again. Springerville will have to get another principal as well as teachers. The school board of the district of the railroad. It has been many years since teachers were so scarce. The school boards should be looking out for teachers at an early date.

J. M. Hill, of Hillwell ranch fame, spent the day in the city. His mission, as he puts it, is to acquaint people with the conditions in his district.

ROCKEFELLER'S NOT DYSPEPTIC SAYS DR. ALLEN

Gawkwar of Baroda and wife Don't Like Ways of Americans.

TOWNS BLOTTED OUT AND RAILROADS CHANGED FOR NEW YORK'S WATER SUPPLY-BIG GAS FIGHT ON.

Special Correspondence.

New York, June 8.—What are we to believe now? If there is anything in this world that the people of America have believed in, it was that John D. Rockefeller, the great oil king, has been a sufferer from a fearful form of dyspepsia for these many years, and that food poisoning generally had made him a thin, atreptic man, just fitting the living skeleton cartoons that had become the standard works of publishers and readers of the illustrated newspapers. Many people found much comfort in believing in Rockefeller's dyspepsia. It seemed, in some way, to equalize matters. It had money; likewise dyspepsia. We had the money; neither had we the dyspepsia. But here comes Dr. Allen, Rockefeller's family physician for many years, who declares that Mr. Rockefeller has never been a sick man, and particularly has not had dyspepsia and that, instead of being a skeleton, he is a man of one hundred and ninety pounds weight, which, by the way, is what an eighty pounds weight of what Secretary Taft has after a long series of treatments to reduce the figure at which he tips the scales. Dr. Allen is supposed to know what he is talking about, and he declares that just shakes our belief in every thing. If we can no longer have a thin, dyspeptic Rockefeller, what can we believe in? Have the papers been stringing the public with manufactured ideas of the Standard Oil company's head, and must we conclude that they cannot be believed when they talk about the public men against whom the public has a time of animosity? Here's Tom Platt, New York's senator, saying he never saw an alleged interview, made him rip out the strongest part of an article, and time the misrepresentation stopped, or when we meet those worthless in heaven, we won't know them. The Rockefeller has some rights, whether Rockefeller or Platt has or not.

INDIAN PRINCES DOES NOT LIKE OUR MANNERS.

It is trustworthy stated that the wife of the Gawkwar of Baroda, who is called the maharani, does not entertain a very flattering opinion of New Yorkers. The Indian princess evidently takes the things written about her very seriously. She is deeply distressed at being attributed with strange and weird habits which to the high caste Indian woman, seem barbarous indeed. So in place of the customary charming remarks about our beautiful America, our handsome men and lovely women, her highness thinks New Yorkers are entirely too deeply distressed at being attributed with strange and weird habits which to the high caste Indian woman, seem barbarous indeed. So in place of the customary charming remarks about our beautiful America, our handsome men and lovely women, her highness thinks New Yorkers are entirely too deeply distressed at being attributed with strange and weird habits which to the high caste Indian woman, seem barbarous indeed. So in place of the customary charming remarks about our beautiful America, our handsome men and lovely women, her highness thinks New Yorkers are entirely too deeply distressed at being attributed with strange and weird habits which to the high caste Indian woman, seem barbarous indeed.

LONDON HOTEL APES AMERICAN MANNERS.

The Hotel Carlton, London, has become a large purchaser in New York, of refrigerated game, meats, fish and oysters, crabs, lamb chops, diamonds, back teeth, and all the delicacies that are obtainable in this market, of the finest possible quality. The goods are stored away in a square room, which is really a refrigerator, and the contents of each basket is frozen solid. The Hotel Carlton has many American customers in its restaurant, and they want the delicacies of their own land, and they will get them if the enterprise of the Hotel Carlton can give it to them. The list of contents of the baskets makes a gourmet's mouth water.

OLD TIMER.

The management of the McIntosh Browns received an answer to the proposition made the Santa Fe Central to play here Sunday, this morning. The Central stating that they would play the Browns here Sunday at Traction Park, provided the management of the Browns would secure Santa Fe railroad connections at Lamy for them so they could return to Santa Fe Sunday night instead of having to stay here until Monday.

UNTERPRISED OF ARKANSAS IN STATE CONVENTION.

Hot Springs, Ark., June 8.—The democratic state convention of Arkansas opened yesterday at noon with a full delegation representing every county in the state. It is expected that the convention will remain in session three days. Contesting delegations are present from Hempstead, Cross, Mississippi and Polk counties. The principal contest will be over the nomination of commissioner of mines, manufactures and agriculture, as none of the candidates has enough instructed votes to secure his nomination at the first ballot. Guy Tucker leads with 268 votes. The nomination for railroad commissioner in the northwestern district will have to be settled in the district convention, as none of the candidates has a clear majority.

GREATER CITY'S WATER SUPPLY DESTROYS TOWNS.

When the great metropolis wants anything, it gets it, no matter who suffers by it. In reaching out after a vast addition to its water supply, it will wipe out several small towns in Utah county, a hundred and more miles away, and supposed to be reasonably secure from any interruption to their pain rural life, and miles of a large railroad, the Utah & Idaho were railroad, which these very towns banded themselves heavily to build, will be moved from one to four miles from its present bed, sometimes outside the limits of the towns which paid for it. Nineteen miles of the track of this road will be thus treated. The largest of the towns and villages to be thus uprooted and wiped out of Shoshone. It has a population of about 1,000 people, and West Shoshone, nearby, has half as many. Other villages are Ashron, Glenford, Brown's Station, Olive Branch, Stony Creek and West Shoshone, all containing about six thousand population. These towns, of late years, have had a large summer boarder business, being in the shadow of the Catalina, and great favorites of the lovers of pure air. The city works will cost \$100,000,000 and 10,000 men will soon be employed in the work that will take many years to finish. Yet the rights of a great city are supreme, as her citizens are entitled to be supplied with the element that is absolutely necessary to existence. And so a desert has first to be made in order that water may be secured to be drawn a hundred miles away.

Everything of consequence, nowadays, as soon as it reaches large proportions, has to have its skyscraper. And so the cold storage people are to have theirs, at a cost of two millions. The entire upper part of the building, embracing about two million cubic feet of space, will be equipped with a modern refrigerating plant. All the fruit and vegetable industry will be accommodated with facilities to keep their products in good shape, store and basement for the building for these things, cold storage pipes being put in such places as are demanded by the necessities of dealers.

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GAS FIGHT MAY END IN CITY OWNERSHIP.

The gas fight is the greatest one the city has had on its hands in a long while. The legislature passed a law reducing the price of gas to 30 cents a thousand cubic feet of gas, but the companies resist this, declaring it is not constitutional, and will sue the city for damages. The city is determined to fight the gas companies, and has already taken steps to collect the full amount of \$1.00 per thousand as heretofore. Resistance is being made by users to this procedure, and legal aid has been secured, and organizations have been formed to support the contention that the companies be paid on the basis of the old rate of 50 cents, put the money in a safe place, with proof of the tender. The fight will be a bitter one, and those interested wish to largely advertise themselves as champions of the people, and will make all the trouble they can to the gas companies. There are heated discussions in the Gas Consumers' League over half a million consumers of gas, and their advisers purpose to attack the franchises of the gas companies if they do not consent to the demands of the people. One of the methods of opposition proposed is for blocks of ten consumers to get injunctions from the state courts restraining the gas companies from either taking out gas meters or shutting off the supply of gas from the premises of those refusing to pay the rate that has been outlawed. Prominent lawyers declare that the legislature was within its rights in arbitrarily fixing the rate of gas at 30 cents, and that the legislature has the power to disfranchise the companies and pave the way to the city's condemnation of their property and purchase thereof. This has a capital towards municipal ownership.

INSPECTING RAILROAD AVENUE.

This afternoon Col. Jastro, Col. Grover, Col. Sellers and a civil engineer made a tour of inspection over Railroad avenue from the Santa Fe tracks to the University, taking levels for the purpose of discovering whether or not route would be more practical than the Gold avenue line. Silver avenue was also inspected, but it was

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TRACTION COMPANY MAY TAKE OVER PROPOSED NEW CAR LINE

Understood That Col. D. K. B. Sellers Has Made a Proposition to Col. Jastro With Above Object in View.

(Wednesday, June 6.)

That the residents of the Highlands district are soon to be served with transportation by an electric car line and that the line may be built by the Albuquerque Traction company instead of the local promoters, headed by Col. D. K. B. Sellers, as was first intended, now seems not only a possibility but a probability.

Interviews Subscribers.

While both Col. Jastro, of the Traction company, and Col. Sellers, who is at the head of the proposed new line, did not seem inclined to talk for publication, or to discuss what might take place, it is known that Col. Sellers and representatives of the proposed opposition company, yesterday visited a majority of the larger subscribers to the \$15,000 subsidy asked by the promoters of the proposed Highlands line, and questioned them as to their willingness to turn their subscriptions to the subsidy, which were in the nature of stock subscriptions, into a bonus, or donation, to the Traction company, provided the latter company would agree to build the line and operate it according to the terms of their existing franchise, and a number of the subscribers, who were interviewed by a representative of The Evening Citizen, stated that, with one exception, all the larger stockholders had agreed to this proposition.

Makes Jastro a Proposition.

Judging from this, it would seem that Col. Sellers, representing the promoters of the proposed line, had made Col. Jastro, of the Traction company, a definite proposition, although just what the proposition was Col. Sellers, when seen by a representative of this paper, refused to state.

Terms of Proposition.

It is supposed, judging from indications, that the promoters of the new line have agreed to turn their subscriptions over to the Traction company, as a donation, in the form of a bonus, provided Col. Jastro will agree to build the line and keep it in continuous operation, as per their present franchise.

Definite Answer Tonight.

It is understood that Col. Jastro has agreed to give the promoters of the new line a definite answer regarding this proposition tomorrow morning. The proposition tonight. The proposition was made him yesterday, Col. Sellers stated, and he was to give an answer last evening, but asked for further time in which to consider the proposition. In the meantime looking over the line of the proposed new street railway, with a view to discovering the percentage of grades in the Highlands.

Make Tour of Inspection.

Col. Jastro, Col. Grover, president of the Traction company, and Mr. Farwell, chief engineer for the Albuquerque Engineers, went over the route of the proposed line yesterday, taking levels, and discovering the percentage of grades. Col. Jastro later wired an engineer in California asking his opinion of the feasibility of operating street cars in the area discovered in the prevailing climatic conditions, as it is well known that climatic conditions have a great effect on the electrical power of a street car, and as an electric car can only pull a certain grade under certain climatic conditions, it is desired to discover whether or not the proposed line in the Highlands are favorable or not.

Inspecting Railroad Avenue.

This afternoon Col. Jastro, Col. Grover, Col. Sellers and a civil engineer made a tour of inspection over Railroad avenue from the Santa Fe tracks to the University, taking levels for the purpose of discovering whether or not route would be more practical than the Gold avenue line. Silver avenue was also inspected, but it was

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found to be impracticable for a car line.

Col. Sellers Interviewed.

When asked why this move was made, and why the promoters of the new line did not continue with their project as at first planned, Col. Sellers replied:

"There has been so much talk, and so much exploitation in the newspapers, concerning the proposition as to whether two car lines would mean two five-cent fares, provided they were operated independently, and as the Traction company did not seem inclined to accept our proposition of an interchange of transfers on a 3-1-2 cent basis, that we arrived at the conclusion that it would be best to have the car line operated under one system, if possible, so that all chances of having to pay two fares would be removed. We were willing to turn their stock subscriptions into a donation bonus. On that basis we made the Traction company a proposition but the terms of it I do not care to discuss for publication until the Traction company has given us its answer."

Line Will Be Built.

"And in case the Traction company refuses your proposition, what then?" was asked of Col. Sellers.

"Then," emphatically returned the colonel, "we will proceed with the construction of the line ourselves, as originally intended, just as soon as the city council sees fit to grant us the franchise asked."

Think It Traction Project.

Some there are who seem to think that the proposition of the promoters of the new line in the Highlands is a proposition, offering them the \$15,000 subsidy raised, as a bonus, on condition that they build and operate the line. It is understood that the Traction company was back of the move from the start, as was claimed by many at the time the project of a car line into the Highlands was first promulgated, but there is no further evidence now that such is the case, than there was at the beginning of the raising of the subsidy for the new line.

Highlanders Want Line.

But whether the allegations be true or not, the fact remains that the residents of the Highlands want street car service, and that they are willing to assist in any project that will lead to a culmination of their desires, and that they are as willing, taking the largeness of the larger subscribers to the subsidy as a criterion, to donate their subscriptions to the Traction company, as a bonus, as they were to take stock to the same amount in the proposed new company, provided the line and operate it.

Extension Work Progressing.

In the meantime the Traction company is going ahead with its new extension to the lumber mills. Second street from Railroad avenue to Roma avenue, has been plowed up and lines and rails laid thereon, and the work of preparing the street for the new line is being pushed forward as rapidly as possible.

Engineer Sent For.

An engineer has been sent for and will arrive soon to lay out the curves and raise the grades and the work of connecting the extension with the Railroad avenue line will be completed as soon as practicable. It is intended to have the line in operation by the first of July if possible.

WILL NOT BUILD CHURCH AND PARSONAGE

THE GOOD PEOPLE OF THE HIGHLAND METHODIST CHURCH ABANDONED A GOOD IDEA.

It is understood that, at a meeting of the members of the Highland Methodist church, held last night at the church, it was voted to abandon the idea of erecting a new church and parsonage.

This is to be regretted, because Rev. Kellie, who has provided himself a good work, had assurances of liberal support from the board of home missions of that church, and it does look like the members here are doing themselves and their church a great injustice by refusing to improve along with the other religious denominations of the city.

It is to be hoped that the members will hold another meeting at an early day, and reconsider what they did last night.

The Highland Methodist church has a membership, as The Evening Citizen learns, of over 100, and the present church edifice is entirely too small for such a large congregation, which is steadily growing. The church, through the good work of Rev. Kellie, some time ago purchased two valuable lots on East Railroad avenue, near Broadway, and these lots should be ornamented with a handsome church edifice and a modern parsonage building for the Highland Methodist congregation and its pastor.

Local Happenings

(Friday, June 1, 1906.)

Miss S. H. Ramsey left this morning on a pleasure trip to Kansas City. Two crack teams will bowl tonight at the West bowling alley, and some high scores are looked for.

Prof. R. L. Larkin, superintendent of the Las Vegas public schools, is registered at the Alvarado.

Mrs. H. S. Lutz and children are in Santa Fe, to remain over Sunday, the guests of Mrs. Lutz's parents.

Miss Martha Conner, who visited relatives at Santa Fe the past few days, returned to the city last night.

Linus L. Snellett, of the Texas hot springs, is spending a few days in the territorial metropolis, seeing the sights.

Archibald Brown, of the Agricultural and Mechanical Arts college, has accepted a position in the shop as a special apprentice.

President G. T. Light, of the University of New Mexico, left this morning for a visit to friends and relatives at Columbus, Ohio.

Miss Constance Abbott, daughter of Judge Ira A. Abbott, left on the Chicago limited train last night for Havertown, Conn., for a visit to friends.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Frank Fillmore left this morning for Japan, Mo., for a visit to Mr. Fillmore's parents. They expect to be absent from the city several weeks.

Proctor Clerk A. E. Walker today granted license to marry to Reginald H. Mackenzie and Adele J. Girard, the former of Santa Fe and the latter of Albuquerque.

Mrs. Gale, of Chicago, is spending the day in the city, the guest of Mrs. Corine E. Rice. Mrs. Gale has been in El Paso for the winter and is on her way home to spend the summer.

L. A. Tessier, the barber, left this morning for New Haven, Conn., where he will attend the annual council of the Knights of Columbus, as a representative from the Albuquerque lodge.

Rev. John Mills Kendrick, Episcopal bishop of New Mexico and Arizona, has arrived in the city from Farmington. He goes from here to his home in Phoenix, by way of Fort Defiance.

Hon. H. B. Ferguson left this morning for Santa Fe, where he will take the Central railroad for White Oaks. Mr. Ferguson is one of the owners of the Old Abasco mine. He will be absent from the city a week.

Mrs. B. Drake left last night for Rochester, N. Y., his former home. He has been employed by the Horvath McGaffey company at Thoreau. He intends returning to New Mexico in a few weeks.

J. B. Payne, acting superintendent of the Albuquerque Traction company, acting on the suggestion made him by The Evening Citizen, yesterday afternoon levelled first street, between Railroad and Gold avenues, with the street car rails, using adobe and gravel dirt.

Miss Lucille May, the little lady that sings and dances at the Casino with the Berger-Gross Stock company, made her greatest hit since coming to the Casino, last night, in the singing of "My Merry Oldsmobile."

Miss May has a really wonderful voice as a soloist, and controls it with artistic precision. Her songs and dances are the best ever given in Albuquerque by a juvenile performer.

Joseph Baer, special agent of the Mutual Life Insurance company, of New York, with headquarters in El Paso, came in from the south this morning, and is around drumming up business for his company. He states that Darby A. Day is now located at Providence, R. I., as supervisor of agencies for the company, and Mrs. Day and son are there with him. Miss Nellie Kennedy, a sister of Mrs. Day, is still in El Paso, holding a position in the office of the Mutual Life Insurance company.

Juan Armijo has received a telegram from his sister, Miss Eliza Armijo, stating that she had returned to her home at Hohenstein, N. J., from her European trip, and on route to her home in this city would stop a few days to visit friends in Chicago. Miss Armijo left this city about four months ago for Europe, it being stated at the time to have an operation performed, and visited England, Italy and Spain. She is returning in pretty good health, but it is understood that no operation was performed, the surgeon she consulted having decided that it was unnecessary.

(Saturday, June 2.)

J. T. Bourke and Thomas A. Buell, of this city, are at Santa Fe on business.

Blahup Kendrick left last night for Phoenix, after a brief visit in the city.

H. J. Haverkamp, of San Rafael, is in the metropolis for a few days on business.

Jacobo Chavez, general merchant at Los Lunas, and deputy collector and treasurer of Valencia county, is in the city for the day on business.

The board of county commissioners will hold an important meeting Monday morning. They will sit as a board of equalization on tax assessments.

Hugo Scherewinkel, of the Jelen Mercantile company, is registered at the Alvarado. Mr. Scherewinkel has just returned from a business trip east.

Misses Flood and King of the Harwood Industrial school, left this morning for Hermie's camp in the Matanzas mountains, where they will spend several weeks.

Mrs. H. Yanow, accompanied by her sister, who has been her guest the past few months, left last evening for Kansas City, where she will visit friends and relatives.

The Citizens has received the following invitation: "Thirty-sixth annual commencement, Loretto academy, Las Cruces, N. M., Tuesday, June 12, 1906, at 8 p. m. Sisters of Loretto."

A. Vandover, of Boston, one of the best known wool buyers who make New Mexico their field of operation, has returned from a wool buying trip to the southern part of the territory.

Perry F. Knight has retired as secretary and treasurer of the New Mexican Printing company, Santa Fe, and has been succeeded by John K. Stauffer, who was the disbursing clerk in the Santa Fe postoffice.

A special meeting of the Women's Christian Temperance Union was held this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the home of Mrs. David Stewart, 207 East Canal avenue, at which time business of importance to the union was transacted.

Colonel W. H. Greer has presented to the Commercial club two photographs of the American Lumber company's plant, made by the celebrated

The Evening Citizen during the past ten days.

W. C. Forbes, a deputy in the United States marshal's office, returned this morning from Alamogordo, where he has been attending the session of the federal court in session there, the past week. The court was sitting, but no cases of importance being up for hearing, and the session only lasting one week.

The United States Bank and Trust company, newly organized, will open its doors for business in the new building in Santa Fe, June 15. The stockholders are all well known business men of Santa Fe and the territory, and the new building will start business under the most auspicious circumstances.

Dr. W. G. Shadrach, the eye and ear specialist, has returned from a visit to his old home at Culpeper, Va., where he was cured several weeks ago by the kindness of his mother. The doctor stated that he was glad to announce that he had left his mother recovering fast from the malady which on one time threatened to end in her death.

John Murray Taylor, a painter, died yesterday afternoon in the eastern part of the city, after an illness of several weeks, as a result of hemorrhage brought on by tuberculosis. Deceased had resided in Albuquerque about three months, and leaves a wife and child to mourn his death. Interment took place this morning.

Mr. Sandon and Oscar B. Smith, the latter of Los Angeles, left the city this morning for the Cochiti gold mining district. Mr. Sandon and Mr. Smith are stockholders in the Peralta Gold Mining and Milling company, owning property in the Cochiti district. Their present visit to the district is to attend a meeting of the stockholders of the company, to be held at El Estacion.

The election of school directors, who will have charge of the affairs and finances of the district schools of the Cochiti county, is in progress today, and with the exception of the Barajas district with but one candidate in the field in each district. In Barajas, however, Simon Tafara and a candidate of Delavio Vigil's are in opposition, and as yet the result of the election is not known.

Violation of the game law with an occasional lapse of high morals, ending in sheep stealing, is the cause of several Navajo and San Felipe Indians being in the jails at Socorro, where they will be given hearings on the above charges. Deputy Sheriff Montoya having made the arrests in each case. Friday he arrested two Navajos for stealing sheep and Saturday he captured the San Felipe near Bernalillo, at the request of Sheriff Baer of Socorro county.

The Berger-Gross Stock company drew a good horse last night, when, by special request of numerous patrons, "Faust" was repeated, with Mr. Berger as Mephistopheles. To say that Mr. Berger played the devil to perfection is to do him no injustice. While he perhaps may never be a Morrión, he is indeed a close second. Helen K. May, as Marguerite, and Mr. Noff as Faust, both gave splendid renditions of their respective parts. Special pleasure has been gained for the piece, and with the electrical effects, made a very clever production. Tonight a special vaudeville bill with moving pictures of the disaster at San Francisco, will be presented.

(Monday, June 4.)

Mrs. J. C. Flournoy has gone to California for the summer. The German service and sermon this evening at a o'clock in St. Paul's Lutheran church.

Regular meeting of Alamo Hike No. 1, L. O. T. M., at Old Fellows hall (underway) tomorrow.

Miss Millie Kaplan, sister of Rabbi Kaplan, of the Jewish synagogue, left last night for New York, the home of her father.

Percy Barbour, the mining engineer, returned to El Paso this morning, after a brief visit in the city.

Mrs. M. D. C. Nassar, Miss Franchine Nassar and Miss Kittie Picard have gone to Long Beach, Cal., to spend the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Fleischer left last night for St. Louis. After a short visit at St. Louis, they will go to New York for the summer.

H. A. Brocavogel, formerly of Magdalena, and now with C. H. Elmendorf at San Antonio, was an Albuquerque visitor yesterday.

Miss Irene Barker left this morning for the James hot springs. They will be absent a month or six weeks.

Percy Hawley and a party of sharpshooters will leave Wednesday morning for the James country, where they will fish and hunt the next few weeks.

Mrs. Thos. Hughes, accompanied by her sister, Miss Daisy Hantlinger, left last night on No. 8 for Pueblo, Colo., where they will visit for several weeks.

Mrs. M. H. Dice and baby, on their way to Las Vegas from Saltillo, Coahuila, Mexico, stopped on for a short visit with her sister, Mrs. W. J. Davis.

Miss Grace Nichols will leave tomorrow morning for the upper Rio Pecos country. The lady will join the Albuquerque colony now stopping at Windsor's place.

Mrs. J. H. Pearce returned to her home at Las Vegas this morning, after a pleasant visit of two weeks' duration with her daughter, Mrs. L. E. Tripp, of 118 Haselbine avenue.

The monthly business meeting of St. John's Guild will be held Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock, at the home of Mrs. Brocavogel, 101 West 10th avenue. A full attendance is desired.

Miss Barbara Cotton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Cotton, of Gallup, passed through the city last night on route home from Washington, D. C., where she has been attending school the past winter.

Mrs. A. Leavitt and daughter, Miss Madeline Leavitt, left Saturday night for their home at Grand Rapids, Mich. They will visit at Chicago and several other cities before returning next fall.

Forty Indian boys boarded No. 8 last night to go to Colorado, where they will be employed a couple of months in the Arkansas river valley beef fields. They are in charge of Acting Agent Dugan.

At the meeting of the city council tonight, the matter of plans for the new city building will be discussed, as will the granting of a franchise to promoters for a Highland street railway.

George W. Hekox, of the Hekox Manufacturing company, who has been on the sick list for some time, has recovered sufficiently to be able to leave yesterday for California, where he hopes to fully regain his health.

Colonel H. A. Jastro, a prominent capitalist and banker, Cal., and president of the American Cattle-men's association, arrived in Albuquerque last evening to look after the affairs of the Albuquerque Traction company, in the stock of which he is heavily interested.

Tomorrow the territorial board of penitentiary commissioners will meet at the prison in Santa Fe for the purpose of awarding bids for supplies for the institution for the coming six months in accordance with the advertisement which has appeared in

PROGRAMS AND LETTERS OF TERRITORIAL FAIR

BEING SENT TO HORSEMEN AND OTHERS BY MAIL. HEADQUARTERS—OTHER FAIR ITEMS.

Every day in the office of Manager McGinnis, of the fair association, is filled with these days with letters and programs of the harness and running races to take place during the twenty-sixth annual fair, which are to be mailed to horsemen in the west.

In addition to these, many letters are being sent broadcast throughout the United States advertising the fair and telling of some of its merits. Each incoming train brings piles of letters from inquirers in this part of the country, so that the headquarters of the fair association resembles somewhat a correspondence school.

Manager McGinnis is still dickering with the Patterson-Brainerd Carnival company, and it is more likely that this attraction will be secured for the fall festival. He is also in correspondence with an air ship inventor, and may close at any time with a Chicago man who is working on an air ship which he is planning to build.

Other arrangements and plans for attractions so on space, and it begins to look as though the coming fall would eclipse anything ever held in the territory in this regard. Altogether the outlook for a record-breaker was never brighter. Almost all of the old indebtedness has been paid off, and funds sufficient for all present needs are in the treasury. However, there are still a number of business men to be secured, and subscriptions, and money to put through several special attractions is still needed. This, no doubt, will be forthcoming, however, from those yet remaining to subscribe.

HOW IT STICKS.

Albuquerque Has Found It Hard to Shake Off.

Hard to be shaking to get rid of, is any itching skin complaint, Eczema or itching piles.

The Dean's Ointment relieves and cures all itches of the skin.

Albuquerque people endorse this statement.

A. M. Whitcomb, nurseryman, corner of Eighth and Tileras streets, says: "In my estimation there is no ointment for the purpose that is used that can equal Dean's. It is a spot below my knee which annoyed me for ten years. Unlike eczema, it did not spread, but at times it itched so excruciatingly, particularly after I went to bed or sat by the stove, that I scratched it until I smarted, before relief came. I tried every salve and ointment I came across, when one did not help me, I bought another and applied it. Reading about Dean's Ointment induced me to go to a drug store for a box. In a few days the itching ceased, and the life of the part affected was killed, for up to date, and it is now cured for good. The exact cause is not yet made public, but it is said to be the First National Bank of Taos county."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Postmaster: Buffalo, N. Y., send agents for the United States. Remember the name—Dean's—and take no other.

Most Anything

The Senate.

Once upon a May day dreary, while I slumbered, weak and weary, Anguish and grief were smiling now and then a gentle snore.

While I slumbered, gently snoring, suddenly there came a roaring, As of thirteen-inch guns pouring, pouring sudden death all over. 'Tis an earthquake, surely! I shouted, as I scrambled for the door.

"I am lost forever more!"

Out into the street I bounded, startled, Frightened, aye, dumbfounded. Thinking of beddings, towers and stupors over my puny form would pour.

There I saw an old man sitting on the curb with tremors flitting through his tangled hair. "Sir!" I cried, "What's this?"

And he said, "They are yelling, far down there on the senate floor, Only that and nothing more."

General Bell wants taller officers for the army. Cost of living made the present bunch short.

Is Over His Head.

(By Elbert W. Jambers.)

Mr. Sherry, Chamber of Last Persons, sat in his office, studying the facts in the celebrated case of the missing girl of the celebrated Floraora estate, when he was interrupted by his sixth assistant private secretary, bearing the card of Van Dyke Beard.

"Admit him at once," said the Chamber. "He may be a Pittsburgh steel man and a dollar on the hand, but he is a pure fall of promises."

Van Dyke Beard was one man in a million. In fact, he was one man in 50,000,000, and one man in even half a million millions. By no possibility could he have been two men in any number of millions. The Chamber was about to decline the request, when the door, the dark, curly hair, the clear features, the dark lines under the eyes.

"Pray be seated, Mr. Beard," said the Chamber. "Let me diagnose your case. You are in love."

"No," declared Mr. Beard. "I am not. I am married—ah, that is—ah, yes, of course, I am in love. But I do not require any assistance in my love affairs, I mean."

"Strange," observed the Chamber of Last Persons, "would have staked my reputation on their being a woman in the case."

"There is."

"I knew it. As I said before, you are in love."

"And I repeat that I am not. The signs you see are those of hunger, worry, anxiety and despair—possibly of dyspepsia."

He hesitated.

"Proceed," said the Chamber. "Your case grows more interesting every minute."

"Up to two months ago I was a happy man. Occasionally I experienced trouble after my marriage, minor things that every man must experience. A bank in which I had \$50,000—very cent I owned—went to pieces; then the trust drove my business to the wall, but I was not discouraged. I had a little money, and I faced the world without a tremble, and today I am worth more in mere money, than ever before. But—"

"He was on the point of breaking down."

"Courage, my boy; courage," said the Chamber, kindly.

"Two months ago our cook quit, and I want you—"

"Find her. Easiest thing in the world," interrupted the Chamber.

"No, curse her, not to find her. I would rather do the cooking myself than to take her back. But I do want you to find a new cook for me."

(This story ends right here, as there is no way on earth by which the plot can be worked out to show that the Chamber found a new cook, and the author does not wish to show Sharp's humiliation in his failure.)

PROMINENT EDUCATOR NOW

A DRUNKEN TRAMP

SAD LIFE STORY OF AN UNFORTUNATE NOW AT PROENIX, ARIZONA.

Martin Ramsey was sentenced to thirty days in jail by Judge Johnston, but the commitment was not issued the accused being given twenty-four hours to get out of the county, says the Phoenix Gazette.

This is an interesting case. Ramsey is a post graduate of John Hopkins university and on other colleges and has been on the faculty of at least two prominent colleges in the country. He speaks five or six languages and was a man full of promise and ability.

His downfall was rapid and he is now in the gutter. He has occupied the drunk cell in the Maricopa county jail several times and is evidently on a permanent basis.

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An Alarming Situation

Frequently results from neglect of clogged bowels and torpid liver, until constipation becomes chronic. This condition is unknown to those who use Dr. King's New Life Pills, the best and safest regulators of stomach and bowels. Guaranteed by all druggists. Price 25c.

THE TAOS COUNTY NATIONAL BANK

CAPITAL, \$25,000—WELL KNOWN CITIZENS INCORPORATORS—A TELEPHONE SYSTEM IN OLD TOWN.

Additional information concerning the organization of the proposed national bank in Taos is that its name is to be the First National Bank of Taos county. The capital stock is fixed at \$25,000, with the privilege of increasing the same as occasion and business necessity may demand. The promoters are J. A. Blackwell, president of the First National bank at Raton, and interested in a bank recently started in Springer; S. Florenheim, the Springer merchant and wool raiser; Alexander Gundersen, of Taos; Fred Gower and J. W. McCarthy.

of the Bond-Guarder & McCarthy company, merchants at Taos. The position for leave to incorporate has been signed by the persons above named, and has been sent to the comptroller of the treasury in the national capital. In the petition it is requested that the name of the bank proposed be reserved for sixty days, as provided by law.

The impression is that the organization of the bank will be completed at an early date, and that it has some connection with the proposed construction from Cimarron to Taos, of the line built from Raton to Cimarron by the New Mexico, Rocky Mountain & Pacific railroad. Mr. Blackwell is one of the promoters of this road and one of its incorporators, and the fact that he is connected with the formation of the new bank indicates that the road will be extended forthwith to the county seat of Taos county.

Another good thing that has taken place in the ancient town of Taos is the installation of a local telephone line with twenty-six instruments; this is working satisfactorily, and more subscribers are expected. The owners of the system have made application to the Colorado Telephone company, with headquarters at Denver, to connect with the telephone line of the company at Cimarron, which gives that town telephone connection with Denver, Colorado, Raton and other cities and places in New Mexico, although from Santa Fe a conversation would have to be relayed at Cimarron.

Taos merchants seem to be more prosperous and the merchants are doing more business than for some years past. Many of the citizens of the county are at work in the railroad camps on the New Mexico, Rocky Mountain & Pacific railroad, and in the steel camps in eastern New Mexico. It is estimated that there are not less than 500 of these. At the recent term of court it was very hard to get jurors and witnesses, as it was found that many of the inhabitants were absent from the county, either on railroad or as sheep herders and shearers.

If your stomach troubles you, do not conclude that there is no cure for it. I have been permanently cured by Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. Get a free sample at any drug store and give them a trial. They also cure constipation and biliousness.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE

AT DEMING

The Luna county teachers' institute will convene in the public school building in Deming on Monday, June 4, at 10 o'clock. The institute is under the direction of A. B. Stroup of Albuquerque, superintendent of the school of Bernalillo county, was invited, and has accepted the invitation to conduct the institute.

If you know the value of Chamberlain's Salve, you would never wish to be without it. Here are some of the diseases for which it is especially valuable: sore nipples, chapped hands, burns, frost bites, chilblains, chronic sore eyes, itching piles, salt rheum and eczema. Price 25c per box. For sale by all druggists.

GREAT MINERAL BELT OF GLOBE

Globe district of Arizona is the largest and richest mineral district in Arizona, says the Bull. Its production of copper last year was over 30,000,000 and for 1906 it will exceed 40,000,000 pounds. The great mineral belt of Arizona extends from the Richmond basin to the eastern line of Pinal county, a length of nearly thirty-five miles. Copper is found over almost its entire length, and a number of miles have been added to the producing list during the past year. The district production of silver from 1875 to 1890 amounted to \$5,000,000, and still vast deposits of the white metal are here undisturbed by the miner's pick and drill. Gold has been found in many places in the district, and in the Lost Gulch and Gold Gulch sections of the Globe district, where gold veins are awaiting development.

A ROUGH RIDER MADE MOUNTED INSPECTOR

Alvin C. Ash of Raton, New Mexico, was appointed a mounted inspector by Collector Stuart, says the El Paso Times. Inspector Ash will be located at Columbus, New Mexico. He was a rough rider and went to Cuba with Colonel Roosevelt's regiment. It is understood he was appointed on a request from the department at Washington.

WRESTLING MATCH SCHEDULED FOR BISPEE

At Bisbee, Arizona, H. Rasmussen and E. Anderson have signed for a wrestling match for \$200 a side. A forfeit of \$50 was put up by each man with the Miner. The balance of the money will be forthcoming on or before the last day before the match. Rasmussen is posting his forfeit pending it off of a healthy roll of bills. Anderson drew a check.

MOUNTAINAIR TO HAVE PLANING MILL

Mountainair is not to be outdone in manufacturing interests by any town in the country, and has secured the planing mill of the L. A. Dye saw mill which later will be located in the Matanzas mountains near the "fresh air" town, says the Estancia News. The road to Mountainair is an easy one and the shipping of lumber to that point will be comparatively easy. The location of the planing mill at this place will give employment to a number of men, thus materially adding to the growth of the town.

The freight business already being done at Mountainair is not a small item in itself. When Mr. Hanson was appointed freight agent there he took it as a sort of joke, but he has found that it is anything but a joke. Every day strings of wagons are lined up at the station for freight for the neighboring towns, and Agent Hanson is a busy man.

THE SAN MIGUEL COUNTY GRAND JURY.

The United States grand jury before it was discharged at Las Vegas Saturday afternoon, returned indictments against the Santa Fe Railway company and the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, for granting and receiving rebates on coal shipments in alleged violation of the interstate commerce law. The exact charge is not yet made public, but it is said to specify that the railroad was indicted for granting rebates and the Fuel and Iron company for receiving them. The coal in question, it is said, was hauled from Starkville, Colo., to Deming, New Mexico, where it was sent into southern Arizona.

Walter Whillman has started for the north pole. If he finds it well not be obliged to continue to answer the question "Who is Whillman?"

FIRELESS COOKER SOLVES GREAT DOMESTIC PROBLEM

ALL-DAY DRUGGERY OVER HOT STOVES TO PREPARE HUSBY'S DINNER, A THING OF THE PAST—NEW METHOD GIVES GREATER LIBERTY TO WOMEN.



Special Correspondence.

Kansas City, Mo., June 1.—The dawn of happier days is in sight for the warm families and the doom of the past-up supper has been sounded. The United States army has instituted and the women's clubs throughout the country have endorsed a reform in cooking.

It's a great scheme, this fireless cooker, logically carried to its conclusion, its development means that Mrs. Housekeeper may sell forth to the parliamentary officer at 2 p. m. wrestle with Robert's rules of order for hours and then return unhampered by the fact that Mr. H. will fear a section off the roof when he comes home at 6 and find a lot of Katter Aufschnitz and last night's dinner meagerly disguised as his menu for the evening meal.

"Feed the brute," says the divorce evil expert, and experimenters have shown that Mrs. Housekeeper now has at her command a method to accomplish this without devoting the whole of the afternoon to domestic drudgery.

It's simplicity itself. Mrs. Housekeeper prepares her roast and puts it in the oven, say, at 1 o'clock. She lets it get started well on its roasting process. Then she heats her vegetables, takes the roast, pan and all, and puts it in the fireless cooker and in about the following time, she is on the back porch maybe, clamps down the lid, done her reception gown and goes to the club.

At 5:30 she is back home. The table is set and by the time the operation is finished, in comes the lord and the master. Dinner is all ready. The vegetables are all done to a turn and a roast of beef, juicier and tender than ever before, is produced steaming hot.

This is no dream. Under far more rigorous conditions it has been done time and again. Capt. M. S. Murray, United States commissary officer at Fort Riley, Kansas, is the fireless cooking expert of the army.

The fireless cooker at present is an iron-bound wooden box, separated into as many as six compartments made of asbestos and a special paper. Each closes hermetically, and a big lid covers all. Experiments have demonstrated that well heated food placed in it loses its heat only at the rate of five degrees an hour; the flavor is retained and there is no decrease in weight.

Capt. Murray boiled corned beef 15 minutes, exchanged five minutes, bean soup 10 minutes and potatoes five minutes, until each was approximately at 112 degrees temperature, put them in the fireless cooker, loaded it on a wagon, drove it around in the open air three hours and then took out the food and found it perfectly cooked.

"DOWN ALONG THE CARNIVAL PIKE"

OF THE BIG PATTERSON & BRAINERD CARNIVAL COMPANY AT LEAVENWORTH.

The territorial fair has thrown out its drag net and all are in hopes of capturing the big Patterson & Brainerd Carnival company now filling a week's engagement at Leavenworth, Kansas. Yesterday's Citizen contained some extracts of "Down Along the Pike" of the company at Leavenworth, and in addition the following paragraphs are clipped, also from the Times of that city:

Down Along the Pike.

Those who were on the Pike Wednesday night saw the greatest crowd of the season, and that particularly fast moving portion of the city since Patterson & Brainerd company moved their features to Leavenworth. It was the biggest night the Pike has known.

Almost from the opening Wednesday afternoon at 1 o'clock the crowds began to swirl, and records and a crowd was freely stated that if Friday brought anything worse than Wednesday the Pike would have to retire from business to let things subside.

The London Ghost show has been attracting considerable attention the last couple of days. It is perfectly natural. He is an ordinary low species of man covered from head to toe with large hair scales about which there is nothing artificial or unbelievable. The cry of the hallyho man is that the specimen is real and it was freely stated that if Friday brought anything worse than Wednesday the Pike would have to retire from business to let things subside.

The alligator man, said to have been found in the Amazon river swamps, is a strange creature and is perfectly natural. He is an ordinary low species of man covered from head to toe with large hair scales about which there is nothing artificial or unbelievable. The cry of the hallyho man is that the specimen is real and it was freely stated that if Friday brought anything worse than Wednesday the Pike would have to retire from business to let things subside.

The Spider woman is another freak of the Pike. The thing one sees in the show is an immense spider with the head of a rather good looking woman. The teeth and tongue of the human being are evident and the eyes are too expressive and mobile to be natural to a creature of the kind—wherefore the specimen is real and it was freely stated that if Friday brought anything worse than Wednesday the Pike would have to retire from business to let things subside.

The woman is interesting and deluding enough to make women at the show ask on what it lived and how it was kept. The story connected with the spider woman is that the human mother was bitten by a huge spider some months before the birth of the odious offspring.

The two minstrel shows of the Pike, "The Honolulu Minstrels" and Grace Castle's "Giri Minstrels" are clean and amusing. The Honolulu minstrels are real colored people and the two on the clearest part of an exhibition impersonating old time dandies and stinging plantation songs most excellently. The girl minstrels are all young women—very young—and they do clever minstrel stunts before large crowds all night. One little girl—the best of them all—is almost a child.

Rosa Lee and Paulina in serpentine and fire dancing, posing and illustrated songs have been drawing well. For the beauty of the performance they have anything else on the Pike over a "lover."

The stadium, the main attraction of the fair, has sixteen acts, terminating with Reckless Russell's leap. The DeVoids and Zella troupe is especially interesting and attractive.

NOTARIES PUBLIC APPOINTED SATURDAY.

The following have been appointed notaries public by Governor Hoggard: E. L. Price, of Socorro; Socorro county; and James Walker, of Estancia, Torrance county.

E. E. BURLINGAME & CO., ASSAY OFFICE AND CHEMICAL LABORATORY. Established in Colorado, 1866. Samples by mail or express will receive prompt and careful attention. Gold & Silver Bullion Bought and Sold. Concentration Tests. 1736-1737 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo.

Watering Places, and Many
to Country Homes For
the Summer.

The third annual horse show of Plainfield, given under the auspices of the Plainfield Riding and Driving club, will be held at the club's new show grounds on June 7, 8 and 9. The entries closed on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Osgood Fell are to sail for Europe today and will spend most of the summer automobiling on the continent.

WORKMEN ON STRIKE FOR EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

Paris, June 2.—In response to a general appeal of the General Labor Federation of France, asking all workmen to strike today for an eight hour day thousands of workmen in all parts of the country went on a strike today. There were some demonstrations here and similar demonstrations are reported from Marseilles, Lyons, Toulon and other cities, but the police authorities did not experience much difficulty in preserving peace and order.

to get loose until his ammunition was exhausted. Mam is satisfied that his coolness saved his life, for had he become excited and dived around a little it would have been impossible for him to have failed to connect with some of the flying bullets that were performing the atmosphere of the entire neighborhood. After the battle

You are hereby notified that the plaintiffs' attorneys are McMillan and Reynolds, whose postoffice address is Albuquerque, New Mexico, and that unless you and each of you enter your appearance in said cause on or before the 14th day of July, 1906, judgment will be rendered against you and each of you by default.

W. E. DAME,

ENGINEER DEAD
UNDER LOCOMOTIVE.
At 4 o'clock p. m. Tuesday, four

from Carra is a mining expert and engineer, well known throughout New Mexico and Arizona.

South America, New Zealand, and Australia.

MAY GOOD FOR REALTY MEN

Record Shows That Forty-Six Pieces of City Property Changed Hands.

YET PLANNISTS SAY IT IS DULL

The hard-frozen pessimist bared his mustache to the breeze that fanned a swift-moving trolley that was bringing him to the city from old town in six minutes.

"My, but it isn't dull!" said the man who never looks on the bright side of things.

This man had made \$50,000, or possibly more, on Albuquerque real estate. He bought lots twenty years ago. Now he has money.

"There are lots of empty houses around town," continued the ever gloomy man.

On some of the lots this man bought twenty years ago, houses were erected. These houses are old now. That's why they are empty. There are houses being erected in Albuquerque today that are rented before completed. Over in the eastern addition, where some forty "new" houses have gone up since the first of the year, some of the builders put up a temporary shack to move into and then build a permanent home over their heads. Now houses, if not sold too high, soon find a tenant, even though the pessimist does say that there are lots of empty houses around town.

As for real estate sales, May, with its forty-six transfers, was a better month for the realty men than either March or April.

Transfers were recorded as follows:

May 1—M. K. Wylder and wife to F. C. Hurlington, lot 7, block 5, Peres addition, \$1.00.

May 1—P. C. Hurlington and wife to M. K. Wylder, lot 5, block 5, Peres addition, \$1.00.

May 1—Jacob P. Jacobson and wife to Ferdinand A. Williams, lot 15, block 18, Huntington's Highland addition, \$1.00.

May 1—Arthur J. Mitchell and wife to Fredricola Nolasco, lots 17 and 18, block "A," county addition, \$20.00.

May 1—John P. Neff and wife to F. E. Goldsmith, east 71 feet of lots 1 and 2, block 31, Huntington's Highland addition, \$1.00.

May 2—Max B. Peres and wife to Mrs. Eliza Hurdick, lot 4, block 2, Romero addition, \$1.00.

May 2—W. S. Strickler, et al., to The Woman's Club of Albuquerque, lots 8 and 9, town of Albuquerque, \$1,000.00.

May 2—Sylvia Sales to Angelo Sales, lot 1, block 2, Belvedere addition, \$50.00.

May 4—J. C. Hurlington to J. P. Neff, east 71 feet of lots 1 and 2, block 31, Huntington's Highland addition, \$1,000.00.

May 4—David Weidner to Francisco C. de Baca, lots 22, block C, and lot 23, block D, Perfecto Armijo & Bros. addition, \$1.00.

May 5—Broadway Land and Investment company to Bartolo Chavez and wife, lot 11, block "W," Eastern addition, \$150.00.

May 5—E. L. Medley and wife to F. H. Kent, lots 6 and 7, block 20, Town of Albuquerque, \$100.00.

May 7—E. L. Medley and wife to F. H. Kent, lots 7, 8 and 9, block 6, Brownwell & Lall addition, and part of lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, block "K," Atlantic & Pacific addition, \$100.00.

May 7—Constance H. Struther to Lee B. Keith, lot 10, block 7, Brownwell & Lall addition, \$1.00.

May 8—P. P. McCanna and wife to George E. Everett, a tract of land in block 15, P. Armijo & Bros. addition, and block "G," Mandel & R. addition, \$1.00.

May 8—Broadway Land and Investment company to Viola B. Brainerd, lot 15, block 27, and lot 7, block 21, Eastern addition, \$1.00.

May 9—D. C. Wisenbaker and wife to D. A. Porterfield, a part of block "O," Huntington's Highland addition, \$1.00.

May 9—Surety Investment company to D. A. Porterfield, lots 19 and 20, block 24, Peres addition, \$1.00.

May 9—Broadway Land and Investment company to Jacobo Gomez, lot 10, block 29, Eastern addition, \$100.00.

May 10—Broadway Land and Investment company to O. A. Klein, north 100 feet of lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, block "U," Eastern addition, \$100.00.

May 11—University Heights Improvement company to E. H. Gibson, lots 22 and 24, block 10, and lots 21 and 22, block 28, University Heights addition, \$225.00.

May 11—Sarah Sullivan to Mignola C. Morris, lot situated on the northeast corner of Copper avenue and Fourth street, \$1.00.

May 12—Peter Broddy to J. R. Herndon, lots 4, 5 and 6, block "E," Mandel & R. addition, \$1.00.

May 12—Terence Addition Improvement company to W. G. Tight, lot 1, block 74, Terrace addition, \$250.00.

May 17—Arthur J. Mitchell and wife to Pedro Gabaldon, lot 2, block "R," Atlantic & Pacific addition, \$1.00.

May 17—Glo Dozza and wife to Pedro Gabaldon, east 7 feet of lot 3, block "R," Atlantic & Pacific addition, \$1.00.

May 17—Broadway Land and Investment company to Albert M. Frost, lot 6, block 12, Eastern addition, \$225.00.

May 18—H. C. Paulson and wife to Mrs. Mary Bohder, lots 3 and 4, block 26, Huntington's Highland addition, \$1.00.

May 18—Whitney company to Ella C. Conroy, lot 5 and fractions of lots 8 and 10, block "B," Simpler addition, No. 2, \$400.00.

May 18—Broadway Land and Investment company to Julius S. Eaton, lots 5, 6, 11 and 12, block 48, Eastern addition, \$1.00.

May 21—J. W. Chaston to Porterfield company, lot 12, block 18, Eastern addition, \$1.00.

May 22—Broadway Land and Investment company to Thomas Gottschew, lot 8, block 29, Eastern addition, \$150.00.

May 22—Surety Investment company to Peter Broddy, lots 13 and 14, block 34, Peres addition, \$125.00.

May 22—Alonso B. McMullen and wife to Chas. Hilde, a piece of land, 42x100 feet, east of lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, block 15, P. Armijo & Otero addition, \$2,000.00.

May 23—Broadway Land and Investment company to Porterfield company, lot 8, block 19, lot 12, block 28, lot 10, block 30, lot 8, block 39,

May 24—Broadway Land and Investment company to Georgeanna H. Rice, lot 4, block 26, Eastern addition, \$125.00.

May 25—Nathan French, et al., to Lorenzo V. Heide, lot 11, block 27, Eastern addition, \$175.00.

May 25—Broadway Land and Investment company to Lorenzo V. Heide, lots 1, 2, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11 and 12, block 42, and other property in Eastern addition, \$315.00.

T. L. McSpadden et ux to Silas H. Rice, undivided one-fourth interest in east one-half of northwest one-fourth, and lots 1 and 2, section 19, township 19, range north 4 east, New Mexico, \$1.00.

May 29—J. G. Donahue to Mrs. Lillian M. Donahue, lot 3, block 18, Huntington's Highland addition, \$1.00.

May 31—D. A. Porterfield and wife to Miss Elsie Yates, lots 15 and 39, block 31, Huntington's Highland addition, \$1.00.

May 31—John T. Carter and wife to J. P. Yates, part of lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7, block 1, Grant addition, \$1,000.00.

May 31—Fred J. Otero to Andrew Lawson, lots 18 and 19, block 16, Peres addition, \$550.00.

MARKET LETTER

Special Correspondence.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 6.—Although total cattle receipts were a little less than 30,000 head here last week, the market averaged 5 to 15 cents lower at the close than at the start.

The agitation which sensational newspapers are making with reference to unsanitary conditions at various packing houses has caused a share of consumers to lose their appetites for meats, which is reflected in a smaller demand from packers. This latest attack on the beef trust is based on partial reports of the government inspection of packing houses recently made. So much pressure has been brought to bear on the president that the publication of the full report is promised within a day or two. The actual facts as set forth are said to be mild as compared with newspaper statements, and a speedy return to normal conditions is hoped for. In the meantime, markets are dull, buyers having small encouragement to put any snap into their movements. Run of cattle today is 9,000 head, including nearly 4,000 quarantines, prices average about steady, a few beef cattle sagging, and a few hogs and sheep a little higher. Scarcely any range stuff has been received lately. Top native beef steers vary from \$5.35 to \$5.60, best ones today \$5.45. Colorado stockers sold today at \$3.75 to \$4.25, medium Utah steers at \$3.55, Pashanide stockers \$3.55, Oklahoma feeders \$4.40, fed Colorado steers \$4.80, this Colorado feeders \$4.10.

The mutton market is a shade lower than a week ago. The make up of receipts is changing from fed westerns to grass Texas and New Mexico stuff. The clipped lambs are given preference by packers over woolled stuff, but the latter lately selling at \$7.45, top clipped lambs \$6.60, best spring lambs \$7.00 to \$7.25, yearlings \$7.75 to \$8.25, wethers \$5.50 to \$6.00, ewes \$4.75 to \$5.75. Grass Texas muttons sell at \$5.00 to \$5.00, but it is predicted that they will have to sell cheaper soon. Large numbers of state hogs have been received lately, including a large consignment today, those suitable for selling bring \$3.55 to \$3.90, the country kinds sell at \$3.25 to \$3.50. Fed stock will probably remain comparatively high, as it becomes scarcer. The 6,500 head received today sold steady with the close of last week.

STOCK SALES

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 1.—Some sales of western, Texas and Arizona sheep here this week:

Monday, May 28.

W. Purvis, Loveland, Colo., 254 clipped lambs, 85 pounds, \$6.45.

J. J. Thornton, Loveland, Colo., 244 clipped lambs, 75 pounds, \$6.45.

H. J. Parish, Loveland, Colo., 299 clipped lambs, 74 pounds, \$6.45.

G. M. Morris, Sugar, Colo., Loveland, 536 lambs, 80 pounds, \$7.55; 333 lambs, 79 pounds, \$7.55.

L. Cheney, Monte Vista, Colo., 155 clipped lambs, 73 pounds, \$3.85; 347 clipped lambs, 74 pounds, \$3.85.

White & Co., Lamar, Colo., 375 clipped lambs, 71 pounds, \$6.15.

G. M. Morris, Lamar, Colo., 183 clipped lambs, 77 pounds, \$6.40; 76 ewes, 84 pounds, \$5.50.

Smith & Co., Del Rio, Texas, 997 wethers, 87 pounds, \$5.75.

R. W. Prosser, Del Rio, Texas, 255 wethers, 85 pounds, \$5.75.

Farmers Bros., Carrollton, Tex., 24 ewes, 82 pounds, \$5.50.

Tuesday, May 29.

H. J. Parish, Loveland, Colo., 295 clipped lambs, 74 pounds, \$6.30.

W. Purvis, Loveland, Colo., 259 clipped lambs, 74 pounds, \$6.45.

A. D. & R. S. Mathias, Monte Vista, 286 clipped lambs, 66 pounds, \$5.20; 290 clipped lambs, 73 pounds, \$6.00.

Smith & Co., Del Rio, Tex., 900 wethers, 85 pounds, \$5.60.

J. O. Hart, Del Rio, Tex., 377 goats, 90 pounds, \$3.75; 132 goats, 87 pounds, \$3.50.

Wednesday, May 30.

A. C. Mitchell, Lamar, 564 clipped lambs, 74 pounds, \$6.55; 544 clipped lambs, 75 pounds, \$6.55.

J. D. Robinson, Monte Vista, Colo., 329 feeding lambs, 69 pounds, \$5.15.

W. Marshall, San Antonio, 529 lambs, 67 pounds, \$7.10.

P. G. Scott, Las Animas, 241 lambs, 64 pounds, \$6.75; 251 lambs, 63 pounds, \$6.75.

C. G. Chisley, San Antonio, Tex., 494 wethers, 99 pounds, \$5.50; 390 wethers, 100 pounds, \$5.50.

Notice & Co., San Antonio, Tex., 717 wethers, 81 pounds, \$5.60; 239 wethers, 92 pounds, \$5.60; 479 wethers, 91 pounds, \$5.60; 834 wethers, 99 pounds, \$5.60.

Thursday, May 31.

A. C. Mitchell, Lamar, Colo., 821 clipped lambs, 75 pounds, \$6.60.

Scott, Las Animas, 161 lambs, 75 pounds, \$7.35.

May & Jacobus, Lamar, Colo., 1055 lambs, 67 pounds, \$6.50.

A. C. Mitchell, Lamar, Colo., 1972 wethers, 101 pounds, \$5.70.

B. Ogilvie, San Antonio, Tex., 730 wethers, 94 pounds, \$5.50; 152 wethers, 89 pounds, \$5.50.

Stephens, Hiale, Tex., 148 goats, 78 pounds, \$3.50.

Friday, June 1.

W. C. Oyer, Tucuman, Tex., 130 wethers, 74 pounds, \$4.40; 139 wethers, 69 pounds, \$4.40; 20 lambs, 54 pounds, \$6.00.

TERRITORIAL TOPICS

ROYAL PRINCE RABBIT

His own automobile.

Berlin, June 6.—The great race for the Markon prize started from here today with a large number of contestants. Among them is Prince Henry of Prussia, who is steering his own 40 horse power motor boat.

The road race will take two days and will take the contestants over a route touching Frankfurt-on-Main, Munich and Vienna.

DAUGHTER OF POSTMASTER WALTER PROMOTED.

The postoffice department Monday gave official notice that the resignation of John K. Stauffer as registrar and money order clerk in the Santa Fe postoffice had been accepted, and that Emily A. Walter, the general delivery clerk, had been promoted to the vacant position with substantial increase in salary. Substitute Clerk Vicente Alarid has been promoted to the vacancy created by Miss Walter's promotion, at a salary of \$500 a year.

HYDROPHOBIA DOG BITES LITTLE GIRL.

The other night, Joseph Rains, living south of Tempe, Ariz., left for Chicago, where he was taking his eleven-year-old daughter for treatment at the Pasteur Institute. The little one had been bitten by a dog supposed to have hydrophobia. Several days ago, the dog is known to have been bitten by a hydrophobia skunk, and when the animal bit the child it was decided to run to Chicago, where he told Dr. Greene, there was a large number of smallpox cases. Dr. Greene does not think there will be any spread of the disease at Willcox.

SMALLPOX DISCOVERED IN WILLCOX, ARIZONA.

Dr. W. A. Greene, county health officer, returned from Willcox, where he was called to see a case of smallpox. He found G. W. Taber, a suffering with a severe attack of the disease, says the Douglas International-American, and immediately caused him to be isolated and a guard placed over the house. The man recently came to Willcox from Globe, where he told Dr. Greene there was a large number of smallpox cases. Dr. Greene does not think there will be any spread of the disease at Willcox.

A BULL HAS FUN IN SILVER CITY.

A bull which escaped from the stock yards at Silver City a few days ago for a time had matters his own way on the streets. He charged upon a little girl on her way to school and was narrowly escaped by a passing wagon. The bull lifted the wagon partly with his horns but was driven away by three cowboys shooting at him.

HEAVY HAIL STORMS AT LAS VEGAS.

Las Vegas and vicinity was visited by one of the fiercest hail storms within the memory of the oldest inhabitant Monday afternoon, says the Optic. After a deluge of rain, hail began falling as big as marbles and covered the ground completely. What made the storm the more remarkable is the fact that the run shown every few minutes during the downpour.

TEAMSTER THROWN UNDER WHEELS AND CRUSHED.

Meager details of an accident which occurred in the Blanchard neighborhood, and which may be attended with fatal results, reached Prescott Sunday evening, says the Journal-Miner.

From the information at hand, it appears that a heavily laden team was being driven down a steep hill on the road from the Iron King mine to the Blanchard siding, the brake on the wagon gave way, and rushing rapidly down the grade, threw the teamster, a man named Treague, violently to the ground, the wheels passing over one of his arms and one leg, breaking both members besides inflicting other serious injuries that it is feared will cause the loss of his life. The injured man was at once taken to the hospital at Humboldt, where his wounds were dressed by the resident physician.

WOMAN SAYS HENDRICKS THREATENED TO KILL.

A R-well dispatch dated June 4, says: The prosecution in the Hendricks murder case announced at adjournment that every one of his attorneys made five minutes after court convened Tuesday morning. The case has been on trial for over a week. Otto Odum, who went after Hendricks after he had been caught in a wire trap, testified that Hendricks threatened to kill him. Hendricks was married in North Dakota. Mrs. A. Minter, a prominent woman, and daughter of the late Judge Frank Lee, Monday afternoon stated that Hendricks was at her home about one month before the killing, and that he threatened to kill her.

The defense announced that they would move to have Mrs. Minter's evidence stricken from the records on the ground that it was hypothetical. Evidence for the defense will take at least one week.

SANTA FE TO HAVE A NEW JAIL.

At a special meeting of the board of county commissioners of Santa Fe county, at which all members were present, the contract for the construction of a new county jail was let, John A. Laughlin of Trinidad being the successful bidder. His figure being \$72,000. The jail proper is to be built of reinforced steel concrete, while the residence portion will be of brick, with stone trimmings. There were four other propositions upon which bids were received, but the style chosen was thought to be the best and most economical. Three contractors, John A. Laughlin of Trinidad, M. M. Smith of Las Vegas, and J. J. Rubertson of Albuquerque, were those who had bid bids strangely, none of Santa Fe's contractors took the matter under advisement.

GUN AGAINST KNIVES AND ROCKS

A SECTION FOREMAN, ATTACKED BY BAD MEXICANS, DOES A DOUBLE KILLING.

R. Y. Williams, a section foreman for the Santa Fe road at Afton, this county, a short distance north of Daguerre, killed one Mexican and probably fatally injured two others the other day, says the Needles Eye. The three Mexicans had been sent out from Los Angeles to go to work, and arrived at Afton early in the morning, and made application to Section Foreman Williams for work. Williams stated that he could hire two of them, but that the third would have to go to another section. They stated that they were partners and must work together, and that if all could not go to work none of them would, and they demanded passes. Mr. Williams stated that he could not give them passes, as they had not worked for the road and he had no authority to do so. They then stated that he would have to do so. Mr. Williams went into the section house, knowing that the Mexicans were about to make trouble for him, and when he returned to the door and stepped out having procured a gun in the meantime, two of the Mexicans stood with knives drawn, and he threw a large rock, which struck Williams on the jaw, knocking him down for a moment and stunning him. When he revived he saw a Mexican near his foot approaching him with a drawn knife. He fired, and he fired again, and the Mexican fell on his hands and knees, and was found dead by the coroner, with the knife still in his hand. The other two Mexicans were now approaching, and he fired and dropped the one nearest and the other started to run, when he was again shot and fell on his hands and knees, and was found dead by the coroner, with the knife still in his hand. The two telegraph operators employed there by the Santa Fe road heard the shots, and were eyewitnesses to the fight. Williams was escorted, and he was purely a case of self-defense. The wounded Mexicans were taken to the county hospital.

WAS WORST IN HISTORY OF RATON MOUNTAINS.

Such Was the Wreck, According to Stories of Trainmen.

Probably no trainman ever experienced a more thrilling ride in all the history of mountain railroading than the one which was made by a freight train which with all brakes off, raced down the side of the Raton mountain last Friday morning, finally leaving the track from its own terrific momentum, tearing up the track as it left the rails, piling up twenty-seven cars in one enormous heap, and killing two men and injuring another, says the Trinidad Advertiser.

That the entire crew of the runaway train were not killed is due to their luck in lighting on safe places when they jumped. Engines have run wild down the Raton mountain before, and once in awhile pushers have run wild down the biggest grade on the line, but according to the reports the runaway must have been about the worst in the mountain's picturesque history.

The train was an unusually heavy one and went up through the tunnel west of the mouth of the Colorado river side. It started down the mountain with everything apparently in proper shape, and Engineer Roby, a veteran in the mountain service, in charge. Conductor Glenwood and brakeman Baker, Talbot and Sommers were on the train. Soon after the train left the heavy incline, the brakes were applied and then the engineer found that he had no air. The brakes refused to work and the train started on its wild run down the mountain, gathering momentum with every turn of the wheels until at the finish when the pile-up came, four miles out of Raton. It is estimated that the speed was a hundred miles an hour. The track was torn up for some distance and literally buried in the wreckage of the twenty-seven cars which piled one on top of the other in a great angled mass of debris. The train crew saved themselves by jumping out of the train to the Mexican side, where they were almost ready to come out on the mountain.

The eastbound limited had reached Raton and when the westbound limited arrived at the tunnel the passengers were exchanged, the mails also being shifted. The trains were then switched into shape and started back the way they had come.

The Pullman men on the trains give vivid descriptions of the wreck, which they say is about the most picturesque freight wreck on record. One porter said the wreckage piled up so that it obscured the view of the mountain, finally qualifying the statement by saying the pile of twisted steel would reach 87 feet in the air.

NEW LOCOMOTIVES FOR THE SANTA FE.

One hundred new locomotives will be put to work hauling Santa Fe trains within the next few weeks. This addition to the power equipment represents an outlay of \$2,000,000.

That seems to be a big sum of money for one railroad to spend at one time for one item. And it is a large sum, anyway you look at it. A residence property costing in the average western community \$5,000, is to be paid for many weeks while building. It impresses one as costing a lot of money. Yet when the Santa Fe says from \$22,000 for one of its passenger engines, down to \$13,000 for switch engines, no one complains on the fact. Even the Green River and Colorado rivers, for the most part, will be made on horseback, and the chief endeavor will be to discover Aztec ruins not yet recorded, and to make a study of all he comes across. Upon his return to Washington he will make a full report, which will later be published in book form.

DRURY HOLDS A MECHANICS' MEETING.

Master Mechanic M. J. Drury, of the Santa Fe shop in Raton, held a

meeting Wednesday evening of the subordinate in his jurisdiction, says the Range. Mr. Drury's territory extends from the Texas line of La Junta to El Paso, Texas, and the meeting included some twenty-two persons, and was for the purpose of getting in touch with the different phases of his work. Assistant Police Inspector Austin, of Arkansas City, Kan., was present during the meeting, and will remain in New Mexico a number of days. Mr. Drury was master mechanic of the Santa Fe at Winslow, Ariz., before coming to Raton, and is one of the best known and most popular men in the service west of La Junta.

RATON MAN IN JAIL.

In Old Mexico.

A report is current here that James Shuster, who one time lived in Raton, was taken prisoner by the Mexican authorities on the charge of having shot at a Mexican. At the time he was taken Shuster was nearing the American line in an attempt to escape. Some time Shuster has been a conductor on a Mexican railroad. Nothing is known at Raton of the affair which caused his arrest.

There's nothing so good for a sore throat as Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Cures in a few hours. Relieves any pain in any part.

THOUGHT THEY WERE TREATED VERY BADLY.

INDIANS CONVICTED OF KILLING DEER IN SOCORRO COUNTY. WERE LED BY CARLYSLE GRADUATE.

Special Correspondence.

Socorro, N. M., June 5.—The first trial of the Socorro county district court, which convened here on Monday, consisted of thirteen Indians, charged with killing deer out of season. All pleaded guilty and were sentenced to pay a fine of \$20 each and thirty days in jail, sentence to be suspended pending good behavior.

The offense of which the Indians pleaded guilty was committed in western Socorro county last November. The Indians were driving through the country killing deer on a permit issued by Indian Agent Allen, now deceased, when they were captured by Lieutenant Baca and Private Myers of the territorial mounted police. Baca climbed upon their wagon and pulled four fresh deer skins from beneath blankets which covered them. The report at the time was to the effect that the Indians resisted arrest. Among them was a graduate of the Carlyle Institute. He showed the police their permit. When Baca wrote on the back of the permit a note to Superintendent Allen, the hitherto mild-mannered Indian, deliberately stepped on it to the ground.

The Indians were hunting at the time, believing November to be an open month, not knowing of the change in the law which changed the open month from November and December to between September 15 to October 1.

A number of important cases are on the docket for the term, and it is expected to continue several weeks.

Reds Feel Much Abused.

The Indians convicted yesterday at Socorro of the unlawful killing of deer, passed through the city this morning on route for their homes at the Indian village of San Felipe. The educated Carlyle Indian headed the party. When approached by the reporter he refused to talk on the deer killing affair, further than to say that he thought that he and his tribesmen were treated badly.

SMALL POX IS DISCOVERED IN BISBEE.

DISEASE REPORTED IN MOST MALIGNANT FORM—DRASTIC STEPS NEEDED.

An alarming state of affairs exists in the Mexican settlement near Santa Bisbee, where two new cases of small pox in malignant form were discovered Monday, says the Bisbee Miner.

Constant George Humm was hastily engaged all the morning quarantining houses and taking other precautions against the spread of the disease. It was stated in Lowell that the chief fear of contagion from that action was from animals belonging there which came out to rove around in search of food. Several dogs and goats were shot and it is probable that if the horses belonging to the Mexicans there are not kept up they will also suffer the same fate.

Justice Hogan was notified by telephone that two new cases had been discovered and immediately sent Humm down to take precautionary measures. Every effort is being made to confine the disease to the Mexican settlement. The two new cases will make a total of ten cases that have been discovered there, three deaths having resulted so far. The disease is in its most malignant form, being what is commonly known as "black" small pox. It is probable that Dr. Greene, of the Socorro hospital, will be notified of the new cases and will come to Lowell. He is the county health officer in whose charge the cases would naturally come.

Draught measures will probably be adopted to stop the progress of the disease and render the remainder of the vicinity safe.

WILL MAKE TOUR OF AZTEC RUINS.

DR. E. L. HEWITT GOES TO MEXICO FOR TEN MONTHS' TOUR—REPRESENTS NATIONAL ARCHAEOLOGICAL SOCIETY.

Dr. Edgar L. Hewitt, former principal of the New Mexico Normal school at Las Vegas, but now connected with the United States government bureau of ethnology, and traveling representative of the National Archaeological society, was in the city last evening for a short time en route to Chihuahua, Mexico, from which point he will soon depart on a ten months' tour of the sister republic, and into south America, for the purpose of compiling a report on the Aztec ruins in an endeavor to establish more fully the relations between the Aztecs, the cliff dwellers of New Mexico and other southwestern states and territories, and the more modern people.

NEW YORK FASHION LETTER

New York, June 2.—To have seen the crowd that was buying hats at Boster, you would have supposed that the whole city was supplied; but no sooner was the Easter week over than the millinery at once advertised "Special After Easter Exhibitions." The fact is that today the demands made upon women regarding their dress, make the latter more and more lavish in expenditure, amount and quality. There must be a dress for all occasions and with nearly every dress there must be a hat to match. Even the woman with few social demands upon her, finds she has need of two or more hats in a season and to the woman in business the millinery on and off of a hat four or five times a day, with the year through all weathers—the rain which crushes and the sun which fades—two hats will hardly suffice for even business wear.

FOR MOTORING



The color of the walking costume of chiffon Panama is dove gray, and the dust of country roads and long motor tours cannot affect it. The circular skirt is tucked and the short pony coat is partially fitted to the figure. The revers from this turn back, and are faced with gray calico silk. The edges of these are embroidered with the finest of soutache braid, also in gray. The small plique waistcoat is the one touch of white, and is fastened with dull silver buttons.

A close fitting little toque in reeds is worn well over the head. of the season to blend two or three shades of a color in a costume hat, the straw usually corresponding to the shade of the material of the gown. It would seem as though every shape was fashionable, those tilted at the side, high in the back, while others have flat brims, and even those showing downward. Most of the much bent straws are supported on light wire frames, and, of course, are an absolute necessity to those of chiffon, lace or tulle. In trimmings the rose is the flower of flowers and the short plume holds sway among the feathers. For practical, every day use, one of the sailor shapes, in a serviceable straw, is most durable of anything I know of. Some of the sailors are trimmed most elaborately, and in such a way as to be quite unrecognizable as the plumes of our shapes. Others again are very simple and stiffly trimmed, with an eye to utility alone. The popular sailor of the present moment is wide at the left side, while the front and back are about the same width and narrow. They are all fitted on a band which is edged with a narrow ribbon, which is brought round on the left side, where the hat is slightly tilted. The crown may be replaced by one made entirely of flowers or lace, or the straw crown may be simply encircled by a wreath of flowers, or a wreath of tulle, or a simple band. Now, the high sailor is very unbecoming to some faces, and in that case it is better to choose one of the little round brimmed sailors, which, when effectively trimmed with lace, a quill or two, and some flowers, for the sake of color, you have just as stylish a piece of millinery, and—what is of more importance—a hat that looks well on you.

A pretty example of the flower-crown sailor was made over a wire crown, and straw brim. The crown was composed wholly of white roses, and just below the crown joined the green straw brim, was a band of dark green velvet. Underneath, upon a bandana, was a double ruffling of white and green tulle, brought round under the tilted left side, above which rested a long white egrette.

A round sailor of Panama straw, having a rolling brim in the back, had bands of narrow black velvet about its brim, and a wide bow of the same in front, fastened with a gold buckle; and through the front of the crown were stuck two black quills having gold centers, and large black velvet bows were placed at the back of the collar brim, the ends of which lay against the hat.

structed that she can easily and quickly change the trimming upon it by the taking out or addition of a few pins and extra straw. This hat frame was a round sailor, bent at the sides and back to suit the wearer's face. The frame was first covered with heavy chiffon and over it a fine shirred maline. Underneath was a ruffling of maline covering the band, and a ruff of the same over the brim to the left side. About the low crown was a mass of black panicles, and a short black plume fell from the left side over the back; this she called her fine weather hat, for such occasions when she wished to be smartly dressed, but not noticeably so. On another day, when she wished to attend an outdoor affair of some note, she substituted for the black panicles some black maline choux, placed fairly in front, from which shot out two long white plumes, and on the back, instead of the ruff, she made an exchange of green maline and roses of the shade of the old fashioned cinnamon rose; this she wore with a checked voile gown, made over old rose silk. Another day, when the fog rolled over the land, she arranged over the crown a tan shape of lace and a ruff of the same over the brim; and in the back was placed a wreath of green silk leaves, while two wings decorated the top of the hat at the side. Every bit of these extra trimmings were arranged on wires or silk tape, and by the aid of a few jeweled pins, this woman could have a new hat in about ten minutes.

Black crin was used for a ruff tilted shape, and had a black bow of velvet fur front on the left side, from which extended a black plume, around the back. Around the crown was nothing but a twist of black velvet, caught with a J. J. buckle.

Another of these hats was so trimmed that it did not at all give you the idea of being black. True, the hat itself was all black, but the crown was a mass of panicles of the very

A FESTAL COAT



A stunning coat, for festal occasions, is of Irish crochet. The large rose is the motif of this lace, and the coat is of the cutaway variety. Bands of white linen form the shoulder straps, the belt, and hold the sleeves in position. The buttons are flat mother of pearl, and the gown is of a white silk voile, mounted on pale blue taffeta.

Pink, white and blue are the tones of the hat worn with this coat. The clip is dyed blue, while white and pink roses are scattered about the crown. amount of dust that is positively disheartening to the home milliner. A hat that will give good service for the whole season is of Milan straw in that peculiar mode shade that is so fashionable this summer. About the crown was a fold of black velvet, and a twist of the same over the brim close to the crown, out of which flared two black quills. A second hat, a toque, was of black crin, trimmed with a few choux of black mousseline, and two wings.

The last hat, of course, is a more elaborate affair, a turban shape, formed of roses, with two wings rising from the left side, would be appropriate for most occasions and weathers. A pretty hat, with an Alpine crown, and eight, dented trim, white above and black beneath, was in the back nothing but a mass of white plumes and cigarettes, while the front was perfectly plain, having not even a crown band.

For wear with shirt waists, the smartest model I have seen is of white chip, having folds of black velvet about the crown, and a round collar, something on the same order. It is raised in the back with two immense bows of black velvet ribbon; and around the crown is a wreath of roses, and their foliage interspersed with bows of velvet ribbon.

These looks should have long ends, which fall as the wearer walks, having so many there is no vacant space to be seen. If you have not already done so, it is now time for you to make ready. In the hand embroidery hat. All the large stores, having fancy work departments, are offering sets of these parties in their making, but the handy girl, out of her own patterns, could stamp one for herself. First, fit the frame, and shape it to suit your own face, then upon the crown mark out the exact size inside of which your pattern must fit; leave enough cloth at the sides to go in and tuck in at the sides of the crown; now cut a double portion of cloth for the upper and under portion of the brim, leaving plenty of material for seams and turning in; why all edges first, work your pattern and cover the hat. A band of ribbon along the crown with a great bow at the left side, and one under the brim will complete the hat. Or you may work a brown band and trim with rosettes, or pom-poms, or even with flowers, if you so prefer, but the simpler the hat the better the style.

Catherine Mann-Payzant.

darkest shades of purple, red, and, as occasional yellow, under a drap of black Chantilly lace; and at the sides were three short plumes, covering the back and sides from which shot yellow egrettes. While not a hat that even a milliner would wear on all occasions and all weathers, the effect was stylish in the extreme and the coloring such that it might be worn with almost any costume with good taste. For the hat that must be hard wear it is better economy to choose a fine, durable, though not necessarily heavy straw. These fine straws can be so much more easily cleaned of the dust and made to look fresh again by a little retrimming that it pays to invest the extra money in the beginning; the rough straw hat very stylish in the first wearing, but it is only a little while before their rough surface has accumulated an

A DRESSY GOWN



A stunning coat, for festal occasions, is of Irish crochet. The large rose is the motif of this lace, and the coat is of the cutaway variety. Bands of white linen form the shoulder straps, the belt, and hold the sleeves in position. The buttons are flat mother of pearl, and the gown is of a white silk voile, mounted on pale blue taffeta.

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Catherine Mann-Payzant.

ROOSEVELT HAS LOST HIS HOLD ON PEOPLE

This Now Declared by His Enemies—Its Influence on Taft.

BAILEY AS PRESIDENTIAL

Timber for 1908—Congress Will Not Adjourn Before July.

By Sheldon S. Gline. Special Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., June 4.—Secretary of War Taft just now is the victim of more conflicting rumors than any other man in public life. Ten days ago it was announced on "high authority" that his nomination as an associate justice of the United States supreme court would be sent to the senate before the adjournment of the present session of congress. The "high authority" was not given in the published reports, but privately a member of the cabinet was said to be responsible for the story. Now it is said, again on "high authority," that the story was utterly without foundation.

The latest version is that Mr. Roosevelt stands ready to send in the nomination of Mr. Taft whenever the latter says the word, but that he is persistently urging his war minister to hold off until there is some better chance of determining in what direction the presidential cat is going to jump. It has been asserted before, and now the statement is made with renewed emphasis, that Mr. Taft is Mr. Roosevelt's choice for the presidential succession, and that should Mr. Taft consent to enter the running all the vast power of the presidential office would be used to further his chances.

Just what benefit Mr. Roosevelt's support would be to Mr. Taft in a race for the 1908 nomination is a matter of very conflicting opinion in Washington. During the past month the statement has been frequently heard in private—and the other day it was made from the floor in equanimity—that the president's popularity is on the wane and that he is destined to go out of office a discredited executive. These statements, it is remembered, are made by Mr. Roosevelt's enemies, who are both numerous and active in congress and who claim about equal number to the republican and democratic parties. These men may have some means of gauging public sentiment that is denied to more ordinary mortals. There certainly has been made public here no convincing evidence that the president is on the down-grade of personal popularity. If the tone of the press in various parts of the country is to be accepted as a trustworthy barometer, he is as strong today as he ever was and has in no wise suffered because he failed to get all he has asked of congress.

Even if it could be assured, however, that Mr. Roosevelt's popularity would continue unbroken to the day upon which the next republican national convention will convene, it by no means follows that his endorsement and support would be an overwhelming advantage to Mr. Taft, or to any other aspirant for the nomination. In the early days of the republic there were presidents sufficiently strong to dictate the selection of their successors, but no chief executive of the present generation has attempted such a thing. In these days of the newspaper, of the politician, of the grade of personal popularity, of the tone of the press in various parts of the country is to be accepted as a trustworthy barometer, he is as strong today as he ever was and has in no wise suffered because he failed to get all he has asked of congress.

Wide acceptance of the belief, therefore, that Mr. Taft is the favored candidate of Mr. Roosevelt might so weaken an otherwise strong man as to place him entirely outside of consideration. In this light, the situation becomes very unattractive for Mr. Taft. If he accepts the appointment to the supreme bench he is removed, of course, as a presidential candidate. Of this situation the friends of the opposing candidates are bound to make the most, and at the best Mr. Taft would likely lose as much as he would gain even from the open and energetic support of Mr. Roosevelt. Should the situation shape itself along the most probable lines, and Mr. Roosevelt maintain at least a nominal neutrality it is very easy to imagine him a victim of an unfortunate popular belief.

BAILEY'S TEMPER ONLY PRESIDENT'S HINDRANCE

All winter long the question of the republican presidential nomination has been an absorbing one in Washington, but it is only lately that the democratic presidential possibilities have been discussed with any degree of seriousness. This results, no doubt, from the fact that only recently has the democratic brand been the adding place of winter democratic optimism. Friends of the winter have now shaped themselves that democrats now believe they have more than an even chance of coming off victorious in this year's congressional elections.

Optimism breeds optimism, especially with democrats, and hope for this year begins hope for 1908. All along "Yan and Hearst" have been regarded as the most likely leaders in the democratic race two years from now. Very lately Senator Bailey of Texas has come to be looked upon as a probable contender. He has grown measurably this winter in the esteem of his colleagues and of the public, and since Senator Gorman has been virtually incapacitated by illness, Senator Bailey is recognized as the democratic leader in the senate.

If Senator Bailey is not a conspicuous figure before the next democratic national convention it will be very largely because of one thing—his temper. His honesty and his great abilities are admitted generally, but conservative men fear his rashness. A man who gives way to his own passions, they argue, is not safe to trust with the administration of the government. It is true that historians have given high rank to presidents of the past who had ungovernable tempers, but the difficulty is that democrats may forget this when it comes to selecting a standard bearer for 1908. Apologists for Senator Bailey's temper compare him to Andrew Jackson, and it must be admitted that there is an aptness in the comparison. But the times are different now, and the political situation is vastly different. Jackson was the idol of his party, while Bailey is not—though he might become such. The chief difficulty is that since Jackson's time the United States has grown enormously rich, and riches always make for conservatism.

There can be no doubt that Bailey as a presidential candidate, would be an attractive figure, and would fire the hearts and imaginations of America's young men. Bryan fired the hearts and imaginations of young men in 1896, but he did not attain the presidency. General Grant said that "the democratic party can always be depended upon to make a good fool of itself at the right time," and a general Grant was a useful ally in the responsible for many republican victories. It is not meant here that by nominating Bailey the democratic party would necessarily make a fool of itself; but it is true that the democratic party has been sobered by its chastisements at the polls, and if the men who represent the party in Washington are of sufficient influence to control the situation, the next democratic nominee will be made primarily with a view to capturing a majority of the electoral votes.

Democrats are very, very tired of playing a minor role, and a radical democrat in 1896 nominated Bryan, and were still in the saddle in 1900. Conservative democrats, at both elections, refused to support the democratic nominee. Conservative democrats, in 1904, nominated Parker, and radical democrats, either stayed away from the polls or voted for Roosevelt. The result was three crushing defeats for the democracy. The radical and the conservative wings of the party were far apart, and displayed no evidence of a desire to get together upon common ground.

Today the situation is different, and if it continues to be as it is today until 1908, there is going to be trouble for the republican presidential nominee. There is evidenced among all brands and shades of democrats a desire to make such concessions as are necessary to bring about unity in the party, and to nominate a candidate and circulate a platform calculated to unite instead of divide the democratic vote. If this purpose reaches the stage of fruition, the O. O. P. might as well take its sails and get ready to face a storm. In the present state of the public mind, on certain vital questions of economic policy, there will be no republican walk over in 1908, if the democrats get together.

SOUTH CLAIMS SLIGHT IN CONSULAR SERVICE

In a speech in the house, the other day, during the debate on Representative Longworth's proposition that the United States should own the homes of its ambassadors and ministers in the capitals of the world, Representative Burleson of Texas gave some interesting figures to show that the south is almost completely overlooked in the appointment of diplomatic and consular officers. In the eleven southern states of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Louisiana, Mississippi, Arkansas, Tennessee and Texas, Mr. Burleson said, there are but three diplomatic officers, as against the central east with thirty-three; New England, fourteen; middle west, thirty-two; Pacific slope, eight, and the District of Columbia, four.

As to consular officers, the figures are still more interesting. Mr. Burleson showed that from fifteen southern states, with a membership in the house of 132, there were but twenty-four consular officers, the states of Kentucky, Maryland, Missouri and Delaware having seven of this number. The middle states, with eighty-two members, are represented with twenty-four consular officers; New England, fifty-one; middle western states, ninety-one; Pacific slope, eleven, and the District of Columbia, eighteen.

The District of Columbia, Mr. Burleson stated, was reserved for the man who cuts the pie. He insisted that the discrimination against the south as to diplomatic and consular officers marked the president as one of the bitter partisans, and he protested against such favoritism.

EARLY ADJOURNMENT IS NOT NOW SO PROBABLE

The belief prevailed last week that congress would adjourn not later than June 15, but there has been a new shuffle of the cards, and it now seems more probable that the session may last until some time in July. Speaker Cannon, it is said, thinks he sees in the present situation an opportunity to score a point on the senate; and Cannon never overlooks an opportunity of that kind. Having disposed of the rate bill, senators are anxious to quit and go home. Cannon would like to have the senate take up and dispose of the Philippine tariff bill, and there are several measures in conference that he would like to see shaped up more to his liking. With the senate anxious to adjourn and the house, or rather the speaker, prepared to stay here all summer, Mr. Cannon would be in a position to get a good many things that otherwise would be denied him.

Anyone interested in the time of adjournment, therefore, would do well to keep his eyes on the gentleman from Illinois.

The Winslow mail has been informed that Conductor T. J. McNelly has been transferred to a California division of the Santa Fe, and that he will move his family to Oakland, Cal., in the near future.

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IT IS A QUICK HEALER. WHEN APPLIED TO CUTS AND ALL OPEN WOUNDS. FOR DEEP SEATED PAINS APPLY THIS LINIMENT FREELY AND RUB HARD.

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FOR ALL INSECT BITES. IT IS NEEDED FOR CUTS, FROZEN LIMBS, CHILBLAINS, OR ACCIDENTS OF ANY KIND. POSITIVELY Cures FILES.

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT

HAS BEEN THE STANDARD LINIMENT FOR OVER SIXTY YEARS. GOES TO THE VERY CITADEL OF PAIN AND PUTS ALL ACHES TO FLIGHT.

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT

NOTHING HAS EVER BEEN FOUND SO GOOD FOR FROST-BITES. IT GIVES SURE AND PERMANENT RELIEF. WORTH TRYING. KEEP IT WITHIN REACH.

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT

FOR RHEUMATIC PAINS, INFLAMMATION, STIFF JOINTS, LUMBAGO, ETC. A FEW DROPS, A FEW RUBS, AND THE PAIN IS GONE.

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MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT

CURES SORE THROAT. PUT A TEASPOONFUL IN A HALF GLASSFUL OF WATER & GARGLE WITH. ALSO RUB THE OUTSIDE WITH THE LINIMENT.

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT

TRY IT ON A SPRAINED LEG IN YOURSELF OR IN ANY OF YOUR STOCK. PENETRATES THE FLESH, GIVES QUICK RELIEF, AND A POSITIVE CURE.

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT

MECHANICS NEED IT ON THEIR WORK-BENCH. FOR PAINS, ACHES AND SORE MUSCLES. THERE IS NOTHING SO GOOD. RUB IT IN WELL.

The LINIMENT of our Forefathers.

GILA RIVER COUNTRY IN GOOD CONDITION.

James E. Cosper was down from Duncan on business, says the Lordsburg Liberal. Mr. Cosper says that he has never seen the Gila river country looking better than it does this year. The farmers all have fine crops growing, and there is so much water in the river that the prospects are good for making all the crops, and they promise to be record breakers. The stock on the range is looking fine and there are plenty of fat steers ready for butchering. Mr. Cosper has been on the river for fifteen years, and he says this year the farmers and the stockmen will do better than in any year he has been on the river.

NEW EPISCOPAL RECTORY AT DEMING

Rouch & Leupold have the contract to build the rectory for the Episcopal church society of Deming. The stone and brick are already on the ground, says the Graphic. It is proposed to build a five room cottage with bath. The building committee are Messrs. Geo. A. Shepard, Thos. C. Marshall, J. J. Bennett and Col. J. P. McGroarty. The rectory fund came into existence as a result of the work of the Woman's Guild.

Dispatcher Brusha has returned to Winslow from a short visit to the coast. His wife is now in the hospital in Los Angeles receiving treatment.

ALFONSO AND HIS BRIDE



Princess Ena of Battenburg

King Alfonso of Spain

MOST GORGEOUS WEDDING HISTORY RECORDS

All Nations Took Part and Each Vied With All Others in Magnificence of Presents and in Magnificence of Contributions to Make the Pageant Greatest of Its Kind in History.

LOYALTY OF SPAIN TO ITS KING IS PUT BEYOND ALL POWER OF DISPUTE

Madrid, May 31.—King Alfonso and Princess Ena were married at noon today. The day was clear and at an early hour the centers of the city presented an aspect of extreme animation. All along the route of the cortege hurried preparations were being made. Troops lined both sides of the streets in solid ranks for miles. The scene from the Puerta del Sol to the Prado palace was one of striking brilliancy. All buildings were resplendent with yellow and red colors, Spain went to sunbursts, and arches of roses from which were suspended enormous flower baskets and trailing vines. The wedding cortege started from the royal palace at 9:30, amid the ringing of bells, the firing of artillery salutes and the clamorous enthusiasm of the crowd massed along the route. The most brilliant part of this cortege was far surpassed when the famous royal gala coaches came into view, each drawn by eight superb white horses with golden and silver harnesses and lofty colored plumage, looking like coaches depicted on some illuminated page of fairy books.

Enthusiasm Was Immense.
As the royal couple entered the church the assemblage arose, and 200 choiristers intoned the processional hymn. The ceremony was performed with all the pomp and circumstance of the Spanish ritual, by Cardinal Sanchez, Archbishop of Toledo, robed in crimson silk, officiating, assisted by the special nuncio of the pope and the highest dignitaries of the church. The ceremony lasted nearly an hour. As the king and princess were pronounced man and wife, the news was spread throughout the crowd waiting outside, and all Madrid broke into a frantic demonstration of joy. Entering the royal coach, the king and queen of Spain returned to the palace, amid scenes of the wildest enthusiasm.

FULLER ACCOUNT.
Madrid, May 31.—Not within the memory of the present generation has the proud capital of this country been the scene of such a magnificent display of pomp and circumstance as that which today was being enacted in the city of Madrid.

The city awakened early this morning and at the time when Princess Ena was driven in state from the Prado palace to the Ministry of Marine building, thousands of people lined the streets through which the magnificent cavalcade moved and cheered the royal bride with enthusiasm. The whole city was gorgeously decorated and never before was there such a display of flags, bunting, flowers and other decorations as on this occasion. On the main avenues of the city, magnificent triumphal arches had been erected and palms and rosebushes had been planted in great profusion. All windows and eaves of the roofs of the buildings along the street through which the wedding procession moved, were occupied by spectators, who had paid high prices for the privilege.

Shortly after 10 o'clock Princess Ena accompanied by her mother and her attendants, descended from her apartments in the Ministry of Marine building and entered the famous bridal coach of tortoise shell, drawn by eight white horses with gilded harnesses and white uniforms. The princess occupied the coach alone, her mother and attendants following in other richly mounted coaches. A brilliant escort of the royal guard surrounded the coach of the princess and rode on both sides of the cortege. Slowly the procession of carriages, preceded by heralds and richly uniformed officials moved. At the Plaza Oriente, the royal cortege composed of the king and his brilliant suite and together they proceeded to the church of San Gerónimo.

The church had been decorated with flowers and leaf plants and the enormous structure was filled with a brilliant assembly, resplendent in gorgeous uniforms and decorations. The fine old organ of the church played an impressive wedding march, while the bridal procession marched through the center aisle of the church to the altar rail. The princess was beautiful in her magnificent bridal dress of white brocade with silver threads woven into the material and trimmed with priceless lace. The long train of the dress, which was almost covered by the diaphanous folds of the bridal veil, was carried by pages in picturesque court uniforms. They were the young sons of families belonging to the highest nobility of the realm. The king wore the handsome uniform of his guard regiment, with the exquisite jeweled sword, a presage of the crown, and the sword of state, which he carried in his right hand. The king and queen were seated in the center of the church, and the king and queen were seated in the center of the church, and the king and queen were seated in the center of the church.

electric lights used with more dazzling effect than in the Salle des Ambassadeurs with its majestic thrones on which Alfonso and his queen will soon be seated together.

The China hall is so called because the ceilings and walls are covered with porcelain, the joinings of which are cleverly concealed by figures in polychrome relief. Another sumptuous salon is the large dining hall, decorated with tapestry woven in gold and silk for Philip II. It is in six different landscape panels, representing the numerous episodes of Vertumno and Pomona in a delightful garden.

The Bridal Trouseau.
Except the wedding dress, all the bridal accessories of robes, cloaks, evening and tea gowns, petticoats and underlinen, was made in London where many of the dresses have been on exhibition. Some of the articles of this costly trousseau are described as follows:

A dainty dress of white mousseline de soie flowered with miniature roses. A morning gown is of fine spotted lawn over pale blue silk, inset with Valenciennes lace. A beautiful princess robe is in spotted lawn, made to wear over many different colored slips. A charming pale blue China silk evening gown is fastened in front with blue roses and buds. Another morning gown is of white lawn over pale blue, inset at equal distances with Valenciennes lace. A smart morning gown is composed entirely of English embroidery in a very open-work design.

Among the simple day gowns are many composed of linen. The bodices in many instances are made after the American blouse style with touches of red and blue embroidery. One of the many dressing jackets is made of the palest blue and white Zennia edged with quaint silk embroidery. A handsome day dress is composed of even crepe de Chine, the lower arranged with the finest Guipure lace and tucked garters of crepe de Chine, the centers of which are delicately embroidered with colored roundels and set together with insertions of Valenciennes lace. A simple frock is of the palest pink and white flowered voile with Valenciennes lace. Another day dress is of pale pink and white satin fowered in a small design. Another beautiful visiting dress is of fine white Valenciennes lace and ivory colored cloth.

Among the many tea gowns is a beautiful one of palest pink mousseline de soie made in the Empire style. Another is a pale yellow empire gown veiled with white linen de soie. The large bell sleeves are entirely of frills of lace, and round the short waist are pale yellow ribbons threaded through emerald. There is a handsome evening coat of pale blue-colored faced with a hood composed of Valenciennes lace, dyed to match the cloth. Among the evening gowns is a short-waisted one of pale mauve mousseline. Another empire evening gown is of white silk mousseline, flowered all over with tiny clusters of pink roses.

The underlinen is made of the finest linen trimmed with real Valenciennes lace and fine embroidery. The initials of the royal bride surrounded by the Spanish crown are worked on all the garments.

The Wedding Presents.
The presents for King Alfonso and his bride arrived from all quarters of the globe, from countries and their rulers, from provinces and cities, and from the children of Spain, who have contributed their mite to show their loyalty to the king.

The queen mother presents the king with her portrait painted by Moreno Carbonero. The city of Madrid gives an enduring present to the bride, by establishing a workmen's club which is named in the name of "Queen Victoria Eugenia." The mayor of Madrid has invited all the mayors of Spain to sign an artistic album expressing their homages to the young couple. The manufacturers of Barcelona have presented the bride with a diadem of diamonds valued at 150,000 pesetas.

The presents from royalty are notable mainly for their elegance and taste rather than their intrinsic worth, although some of them are of great value. The emperor of Germany sends some splendid hunting trophies, made of the heads of wild boars and stags which Alfonso killed during his hunt in the imperial hunting preserves of Germany. France sends some of the finest productions of Sevres porcelain and the Bohemian tapestry factories. The Spaniards of Argentina cable to the famous sculptor, Mariano Benlliure, ordering busts of Alfonso and the bride, in marble or bronze, and transmitting 50,000 pesetas.

Queen Christina presents the bride with a priceless court mantle which belonged to Queen Isabel II, of dark red velvet wonderfully embroidered in gold. The bride's presents from the Spanish aristocracy include many high jewels, fine old tapestries and porcelains. The daughter of the Duke of Alba sent her a gold waist buckle set in rubies. The presents from the people of Spain show the sympathy with which they receive the foreign princess. The school teachers throughout the kingdom have contributed a large amount for a sumptuous edition of Don Quixote, accompanied by a message of felicitation on parchment.

The friends of the king at Biarritz have united in making a truly royal gift of the Villa Mouricout and its splendid estates, where the royal couple will spend the summer. The students are vying with the Spaniards in giving presents, the English colonies in the foreign towns having raised 100,000 pesetas for a diamond and pearl necklace. Many of the presents from rulers and state are yet to be announced.

The Wedding Dress.
The wedding dress has attracted great interest in Spain, as it is truly a Spanish product, in fabric and finish, except for the wonderful Brussels lace which has been brought to adorn it. It was a fancy of the king and the queen mother that the wedding dress should be made in Spain, and the Princess Ena graciously fell in with this patriotic sentiment. The dress is therefore one of the special presents from the king and is a marvel of elegance. The silk was manufactured from a special pattern in one of the large Spanish silk establishments. It was made up with all the artistic skill of the court dressmakers. The silk is heavily overlaid with wonderful silver embroidery, with frills of the finest Brussels lace, and to have cost \$50 a yard. The lace was specially exhibited before being put on the dress, and excited the admiration and astonishment of the aristocratic ladies of Madrid. Orange blossoms are profusely used with the silver embroidery and lace, for the corsage, and even in dainty clusters

WORK STARTED AT SECOND AND RAILROAD ON NEW EXTENSION

Of Albuquerque Traction Company This Morning. Rumors of Injunction Fill Air-Greer Denies Resignation Report.

(Friday, June 1, 1906.)

With a glow to which was hitched a team of four big horses, the Albuquerque Traction Company bright and early this morning, broke ground at Second street and Railroad avenue, preparatory to extending their line north on Second street, to New York avenue, thence to Twelfth street, and on out to the American Lumber company's plant, thus being the terminus of the new extension.

Shortly after work had been commenced by the Traction company, the air around the corner of Railroad avenue and Second street was filled with rumors of an injunction against the Traction company to prevent them from digging up Second street, or laying ties and rails thereon. Several citizens, property owners on Second street, were mentioned as the parties who were going to ask for the injunction, but when those parties were seen, an either denied the allegation, or stated that they had nothing to say for publication.

M. O. Chabourne, who is in charge of the new construction work, when seen by a representative of The Evening Citizen, said: "I know nothing about an injunction, other than the rumors I have heard. I started this construction work under instructions from Col. Jastro and will proceed with its as per instructions unless stopped by process of law. I will have a civil engineer here in a few days to assist in laying out the curves and grades."

"As contemplated at present, the line will go out Second street to New York avenue, thence to Twelfth street, and on out to the American Lumber company's plant, which will be the terminus of the present extension. There is under advisement a project to put in a down-town loop, taking in part of First street and another loop to take in a portion of Fourth street, but these are merely projects and are subject to any changes the management may see fit."

"My instructions from Col. Jastro were to proceed with the present extension as fast as possible and complete as soon as possible, and having no other business, I will expect to have the line completed and in operation within thirty days or six weeks at the outside."

When asked what would be done in reference to the petition of the Retail Merchants' association, asking that the switch on First street, between Railroad and Gold avenues, be moved to a point elsewhere on the line, Mr. Chabourne stated that he had nothing to do with any part of the line except the new extensions now under way, and that he did not know what, if any thing, would be done in reference to the matter, by the management of the company.

Col. W. H. Greer, president and general manager of the Albuquerque Traction company, was seen at his office on Second street, by a Citizen representative, in reference to the rumor that an injunction would be applied for against them, to prohibit them from digging up Second street or laying rails on it. He has been assured that no injunction has been secured against the company.

THE HORSE WITH MEN ON HIS HEAD

THE EQUINE IN THE CASE BEING ROOSEVELT AND THE MEN HOLDING HIM DOWN TAFT, ROOT, MOODY AND LODGE.

Staff Correspondence: Washington, D. C., June 1.—Now that it is all over, it may interest some people to know that President Roosevelt had very little to do with the letter which was sent out over his signature as an answer to Mr. Tillman.

His part in the affair was similar to that of the horse which had fallen on a slippery pavement, and upon whose head four policemen are sitting while a dozen busy volunteers cut the straps and loosen the tangled harness. The horse lies there and kicks. Occasionally also he snorts. If of a spirited and temperamental disposition he may make things fly, but anyone who knows about horses knows that so long as the men succeed in keeping their seat on his head, he can take little part in the proceedings.

It was Secretary Taft and Attorney General Moody who sat on Mr. Roosevelt's head Saturday night, all day long, and a large part of Sunday. Mr. Taft, Secretary Root and Secretary Lodge did what they could to unhook the straps and loosen the traces.

The letter which Mr. Allison finally received bears in itself sufficient evidence of the absence of Roosevelt and the presence of Root; in addition to which the whole story has been leaking out a little at a time. If the historian ever gets hold of the letter originally dictated by President Roosevelt to Senator Bailey and the democrats generally, it will have to be printed on asbestos with salamander type and kept in a fire proof vault in a cold storage warehouse.

"As a political strategist the president is little short of a genius," said Senator Dilliver in commenting on the letter. "He has been so successful in the South, that he has made it made use of the democrats, and then threw them before they could put him in a hole. He used the democrats until he had culminated the republican senators who were against him to a frame of mind where they were willing to listen to any suggestion. Then, without any thirty days' notice, he dropped the democrats. No doubt those fellows were conspiring to trick him, but he was too quick for them."

A similar speech was voted by a far western senator, who said: "Out in our country Roosevelt will not suffer by his almost breach of faith with the democrats. The plans of morality in our politics is not so entangled that we will be shocked by this. They will simply say that Roosevelt was smart, and was able to turn a sharp corner with the best of them."

URGE ARBITRATION INSTEAD OF WAR

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ALBERT K. SMILEY.

For the twelfth time a conference on international arbitration will be held at Lake Mohonk, N. Y., the session this year being May 30-June 1. John W. Foster of Washington, former United States Secretary of State, was the presiding officer. The conference discussed international arbitration solely and works to bring about its gradual adoption by the powers.

FAMOUS ADAMS

There is some talk among several Gallup parties of organizing an expedition to go into the southern part of Valencia county and into northern Socorro county, says the Republican. This locality is believed by many to be the location of the famous Adams diggings, which are reported to be of wonderful wealth. Whether this district is the location of the Adams mines or not, it is known to be rich and is a splendid field for prospecting. It is a district little known, and is said to be inhabited by Indians who are not friendly to prospectors. Con. Gonzales has made several trips into this country and has seen enough indications of mineral wealth and old Spanish workings to be getting ready to go within a few days to renew his search for gold.

The mad dogs who infested the village some time ago and made charges and threats have resulted in no muzzling of the hydrophobia—Mimbresburg (O.) News.

