

1-27-1906

## Albuquerque Weekly Citizen, 01-27-1906

T. Hughes

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And Bill a moment later sat down  
Well, something cracked like glass  
there and there.  
It was the D.



# THE CITY COUNCIL OFFERED \$250,000 FOR WATER PLANT

## But Company's Representative Refused the Liberal Offer--Interesting Special Meeting Held Friday Night.

The city council held a special meeting in Clerk Lee's office last night for the purpose of discussing the water question.

The council on being called to order, immediately went into a committee of the whole. Alderman Wilkerson was the first to speak. His talk was along the line of whether the plant would be a paying investment for the city. He believed that it would be a paying investment at anything less than \$250,000.

Alderman Gillenwater followed Mr. Wilkerson. Mr. Gillenwater explained that regarding additional expenditures the city would have to make in extensions would not be considered as a paid investment nor a part of the investment price.

Alderman Harrison: "I believe that it is the desire of the majority of the people of the city that the city own the water works. We've been discussing this here, and to get at the root of the thing, I'll offer a resolution setting forth a price I think the city ought to pay for the plant."

It was at this point that Mr. Hanley offered the resolution, which was finally adopted, and which is printed further on in this article.

Alderman Walker offered a second to Mr. Hanley's resolution.

Then followed a debate, and Mr. Hanley's resolution received many amendments and amendments before it finally reached the goal.

Alderman Hanley said that he wasn't in favor of buying anything that wasn't for sale. "If it's for sale," he said, "let the company make an offer. It's against all principles of business to try to buy anything that's not for sale. As to Mr. Wilkerson's statement that we have to pay interest on \$250,000, it is a farce. We don't have to sell the bonds unless we need to."

Then Mr. Hanley said that he would like to know something about the bonds now covering the water works. A. B. McMillen, who was present, representing the water company, stated that \$110,000 of them were due in 1912, but were payable at the option of the company at any interest paying date, which dates occur twice a year, and \$75,000 of them were payable in 1910. Both issues bear 6 percent interest.

"If what Mr. McMillen has stated is true," continued Mr. Hanley, "the water company does not care to sell its plant, let's call the business off."

This last statement of Mr. Hanley brought Mr. McMillen to his feet. He said that he was not there to advise the council, but he did not think that the \$250,000 offer set forth in the Hanley resolution was a fair offer.

"I have demonstrated that the property is worth \$250,000, but I will make this offer," continued Mr. McMillen. "I want it understood that this was made after the stockholders of the company had held a meeting, and that it is final. We will transfer our business to the city on July 1, 1908, all rights and privileges, franchise included, the company to pay all obligations and collect all bills, for the consideration of \$275,000."

Alderman Harrison took the floor for the first time during the meeting. "I firmly believe that the city will have to renew in this city within a very short time," he said. "I was here when A. A. Grant built this plant, and we old settlers were glad to have him do it, but he built a plant for a village and not for a city. I heard Mr. Hanley, manager of the water works at Colorado Springs, express himself on Mr. Hanley's report, and he smiled at it. He stated that it wasn't any report at all. Mr. Hanley had had twenty-five years experience in the business, and I believe him to be a man of excellent judgment. He stated that in the Arkansas river valley, where conditions are very similar to what they are here, the life of a plant was not over twelve or fifteen years."

"I would like to know the condition of these pipes," he said, "as a member of the council, requested Mr. Hanley to let me know when he excavated any of these pipes, but he failed to do so. In fact, I haven't been able to find where he dug up any pipes."

Then Mr. Harrison defined the estimate. He said that it was composed of the lead and zinc, and in his estimation, was no better than a "scum pipe."

Mr. Harrison concluded by saying: "I firmly believe that if we should buy these water works at \$275,000, we would have to issue a half million dollars' worth of bonds to carry it."

Alderman Gillenwater, protesting against Mr. Harrison's attack on the estimate, called upon Alderman Harrison, as a practical man, to give his opinion of the pipes of the city. Mr. Harrison said that they were in fine condition. He had examined a number of pipes of this city, and found them not the least worn. He stated that he saw these pipes put down in 1884 and 1885.

Alderman Harrison objected to Mr. Gillenwater, who was secretary of the Water Supply company, taking any further part in the discussion. The alderman acquiesced in the objection. Wilkerson moved that the Hanley resolution be amended to read \$275,000 instead of \$250,000. The amendment failed, by Harrison, Hanley, Walker, Isherwood and Leonard voting "no," and Wilkerson voting "yes."

Alderman Walker took the floor for the first time, and stated briefly that he was in favor of municipal ownership, and that if he was going into the water business himself he would be willing to pay \$225,000 for the plant.

Mr. Walker's declaration started an amendment to the Hanley resolution, that \$225,000 be inserted as the purchase price, instead of \$250,000. This amendment was lost by Wilkerson, Isherwood and Leonard voting "no," and Hanley, Walker, Harrison and it voted voting "yes."

The Hanley resolution was finally adopted with a few minor alterations by Wilkerson, Hanley, Isherwood, Leonard and Walker voting "yes," and Hanley and Harrison voting "no."

The Hanley Resolution.

"Whereas, a petition has been presented to this council, signed by over 200 legal voters and property owners

of the city of Albuquerque, praying that the city council immediately negotiate with the present owners of the Water Supply company for the purchase of the works and to obtain a release of the city from its contract with the company.

"Whereas, the council through its special committee having ascertained the value of the Water Supply company's plant and the council being advised in the premises by said special committee, and the Water Supply company having signified their willingness to sell provided the people and the company can agree as to price.

"Resolved, by the city council of the city of Albuquerque, (First) that the Water Supply company is hereby offered the sum of \$250,000 for its right and title to the entire plant including the land upon which the same may be located. That is to say, the city of Albuquerque to assume all the present bonded indebtedness, and the difference between the bonded indebtedness and \$250,000 to be paid to the Water Supply company. (Second) That in the event that the Water Supply company should accept this offer that the question of purchase and issuance of bonds be submitted in accordance with existing territorial statutes at the regular municipal election to be held in April, 1908."

On the adoption of the resolution, Mr. McMillen announced that the Water company would not accept \$250,000.

### Representative Citizens on the Water Plant Question.

Relative to the action taken at last night's meeting of the city council, a representative of The Evening Citizen called upon a few of the tax payers and representative citizens of Albuquerque with the following questions:

"In view of the proposition made to the city council, last evening, by the Water company, do you think it advisable for the city to purchase the water plant, and if so, at what price? Or do you favor extending the present franchise on more favorable terms to the company, or do you favor the city putting in an up-to-date, modern plant of its own?"

As a result of the canvass of the citizens, the following views on the matter were extracted:

M. Mandell, Clothier—I favor extension of franchise on more favorable terms to consumers.

A. J. Mayo, Grocer—I favor building new plant. Never did like second hand goods.

W. H. Greer, President Albuquerque Traction Co.—Think water should be put before the people of Albuquerque, and be decided by majority vote.

J. C. Bridgman, Lumber Merchant—Am against extending the franchise under any circumstances.

J. A. Weisman, Golden Rule Dry Goods Co.—Favor building new plant. Positively no extension of franchise.

G. L. Brooks, President J. M. Moore Realty Co.—Under no circumstances extend franchise. Favor building new plant.

P. J. Hawley, Stationer.—In favor of buying plant at reasonable price.

W. H. Childers, Attorney—I am in favor of letting it alone—not in favor of extending the franchise or purchasing the property at the price named.

William Farr, of Farr's Meat Market—I favor the city putting in an up-to-date modern plant of its own, unless the city can buy the old plant for what it is really worth.

F. H. Kent, Real Estate Agent—I favor the city putting in a new plant, unless the present works can be purchased for not more than \$250,000.

B. W. D. Bryan, Attorney—I am opposed under any circumstances, to the extension of the present franchise, or the reason that it will be impossible to secure a reasonable return for water as it would be possible for the city to furnish water under municipal ownership. From what I can hear, having no actual personal knowledge, it is my opinion that the present owners of the water works could well afford to sell them for \$250,000. I believe it would pay the city to purchase the plant, even if we had to give the price asked.

John F. Pearce, Physician—I think the city council should purchase the water plant for what it is really worth and no more. It cannot be bought for that, let the city negotiate for the building of its own water.

James H. Wroth, Physician—While I think the valuation as expressed by the company is greater than a conservative estimate would figure the valuation, I am in favor of the city purchasing the plant. I am opposed to extension of franchise and favor municipal ownership.

Arthur Everett, Jeweler—I do not believe in extending franchise. Do not think council should offer more than they did yesterday. It is my opinion that unless water company accepts offer at once offer should be withdrawn and city set about at once to install new plant. I consider \$250,000 a very generous offer.

Simon Stern, Clothier.—Buy the plant for what it is worth. If franchise is extended rates should be readjusted equitably.

F. E. Storges, of Sturgis European—I don't drink water. See some of the other merchants.

John Borradale, Second Hand Merchant Dealer.—Do not believe in extending franchise now. Wait till Albuquerque Eastern railroad is built into this city before taking action.

Frank M. Trotter, Grocer.—Build a plant of our own, and start with a new and decent outfit.

G. C. Brown, Real Estate and Insurance Man—I know the history of the purchase from the Grant estate of the water system and I know that \$100,000 would be a big price for the present system. Don't believe in taking any action, however, for at least ten years.

T. Y. Maynard, Jeweler—I am against extending the franchise as I believe in municipal ownership of such things. I believe in leaving the matter of building or buying to the city council.

David Weisman, of The Economist—I am in favor of the city putting in its own water works, or purchasing the old plant at what it is really

# HON. HERBERT J. HAGERMAN INAUGURATED GOVERNOR AT NOON TODAY

## The New Executive Delivers Most Appropriate Address--The Reception and Ball to be Held This Evening.

Special to The Evening Citizen.

Santa Fe, N. M., Jan. 22.—The inauguration ceremonies were simple and dignified, but very attractive.

The supreme court chambers were crowded, there being present many elegantly attired ladies.

Governor Olsen, the retiring official, and Governor Hagerman, the incoming official, entered together, the former to the right and the latter to the left.

Governor Hagerman presented his commission to Chief Justice Mills promptly at 12 o'clock noon, when the oath of office was administered.

After taking the oath of office, the governor made a most appropriate address. He expressed great gratification at the splendid reception, and realized the great difficulty of being present for the occasion.

He recognized the fact that he would undertake to administer the executive office to the best of his ability. He realized that the cordiality is not formal, but is extended to a new, untired official, and that the people desired to help as much as possible in the inauguration.

He had an eloquent tribute to President Roosevelt and Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock, and said they were among the best officials on earth, and found that they gave constant attention to the smallest details, especially to New Mexico and Arizona, and accorded them very great praise as men and officials for the conscientious, careful discharge of their great duties.

On taking possession of the executive, Governor Hagerman announced the reappointment of W. P. Tarkenton as assistant general of New Mexico and Miss Clara Olsen as his private secretary.

This Evening.

The reception and ball will be held this evening at the Palace hotel. The reception will begin promptly at 8 o'clock and will last until 9 o'clock. Sojourners in the city, citizens generally and men and women are invited to attend the reception and pay their respects to the new governor, Herbert J. Hagerman.

The committee has appointed Jose D. Sosa, clerk of the supreme court, master of the ceremonies, and he will introduce all callers to the new executive and the receiving party. The inauguration ball will start promptly at 9:30 o'clock, p. m., the music for which will be furnished by Morrison's orchestra, assisted by the orchestra of Albuquerque, including Prof. Di Mauro. There are eighteen dances on the program, which is a very handsome and unique souvenir of the occasion. Bagnard on the cover is "Inauguration Reception and Ball, Tendered Herbert H. Hagerman, by Citizens of Santa Fe."

On the back cover of the program is a photograph of Governor Hagerman, which is a very good likeness.

The reception and ball will be the largest ever given to an executive officer in this territory, and Governor Hagerman and party should feel themselves highly honored after tonight's celebration.

It does not seriously affect the heavy traffic. Sounds as though Muesy is talking by the card.

"What kind of a reception did you get when you reached home the other night?"

"Oh, the unexpected."

"Your wife didn't care?"

"Oh, she jumped on me with both feet and didn't leave a spot on me unlicked."

"You call that unexpected?"

"Sure. It always happens."

Aurelia Herrera, the Mexican, rather upsets the staid old idea that cigar smoking and whisky sipping are the profession's lighter. Herrera drinks whisky and lots of it, even during his training for battle. He smokes when he pleases. He says beer is harder on the constitution than whisky.

Young Corbett, whom he defeated, is only 25.

Jake Kilrain, the old time pugilist, has opened a fine saloon at Eighth and Twentieth streets, New York. Kilrain is 46 years old, but looks younger. He passed from prize ring when Sullivan took his measure, but he attended to his own business. Sullivan squandered a fortune. Kilrain saved his money, and is wealthy, while Sullivan is broke. Because a man is a has-been it does not mean that he is down and out, not by a jug full.

Trolley cars are having a strong bearing on the base ball business. The growth of trolley systems has made possible the formation of a number of trolley leagues, and several more are being discussed. A string of towns in Michigan and another in western Pennsylvania will form leagues this season because the trolley league and effective means of transportation for the players. As the systems spread throughout the country other leagues will be formed, giving employment to thousands of ambitious young ball players. The trolley leagues keep interest in the game stimulated in the smaller towns, and encourage youngsters with base ball ability to develop their talent, which, of course, helps keep up the supply of players for the bigger leagues. Also, the trolley leagues add one more star downward for the hush when he hits the down grade.

James G. McNary, editor of the Las Vegas (Nev.) paper, called upon The Evening Citizen after this afternoon over the long distance telephone lines and informed the city editor that he had returned home from the inauguration ceremony held yesterday at Santa Fe. Mr. McNary stated that there were about thirty Las Vegas people in attendance at the ceremony, the majority of whom arrived in Las Vegas on the same train that he did.

MYSTERIOUS DEATH OF A PEARCE RESIDENT.

Word was received at Tombstone of the sudden death of a woman named Mrs. Mitchell at Pearce, the other night, under mysterious circumstances. Various reports were current and it is believed by many that the deceased was poisoned either by suicidal intent or perhaps deadly poison administered by someone with murderous design. A coroner's jury was summoned and the investigations were such that an analysis of the stomach was ordered. Dr. L. E. Halse, of Pearce, being called upon to make the examination, the jury meanwhile withholding their verdict until the report of the analysis could be made.

The body of the deceased was shipped to relatives at Hillsboro, N. M., for interment. Further developments are expected with the report of the inquest when more light will be shed on the sudden death.

Cool, calculating man—Bookkeeper. His business hit and miss—Weather man.

Does things by rule—Carpenter. Knows where to draw the line—Fisherman.

Charity worker—Tramp. Always trying to make an impression—Priest. Richer.

Good at figures—Insurance man. Always looking ahead—Locomotive engineer.

Always twisting things—Rope-maker. Doesn't care about a change of scene—Stage hand.

Began at the bottom and worked his way up—Blacksmith.

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# "UNHEALTHIEST PLACE ON GOD'S GREEN FOOTSTOOL."

## Says O. H. Kleinwort, Speaking of the Philippines. Has Been in Islands Since 1898--At the Fall of Manila--Returned to Albuquerque.

O. H. Kleinwort, a brother of E. Kleinwort, the third street meat market man, has arrived in the city from the Philippines, and will remain for several months, for the purpose of recovering his health, which has become greatly undermined from his continued residence in the islands, and the unhealthy conditions of the country on God's green footstool.

Mr. Kleinwort went to the Philippines in 1898, with the 3d U. S. Volunteer, 18th Regiment, landing at Manila in July of the same year. Kleinwort was at the fall of Manila, and tells some interesting stories of those stirring times. After the war with Spain he joined the 1st Philippine, 37th Regiment, and served all through the insurrection, being in the famous Novitas massacre.

Interesting History.

At that time Mr. Kleinwort was acting as interpreter for Colonel Chas. A. Messersmith, who was in command of the headquarters of the army at that time. There were about 200 of them. Acting on the information, Colonel Chas. A. Messersmith ordered a company of 100 soldiers to attack and capture the leaders of the insurgents.

When the little company of soldiers, of which Kleinwort was one, approached the town, they discovered that instead of a handful of insurgents, there were about 2,500 of them, firmly entrenched, and armed with modern rifles. On each side of the road they were traveling was a marsh, through which it was impossible to make progress, so that the company, finding themselves greatly outnumbered, started to retreat along the route they had just come.

The insurgents poured out after them, and when the little company finally staggered into the lines of the United States army, they had 47 killed and 23 wounded, out of the company of 103 sent out.

Leaves the Army.

In 1901, when Mr. Kleinwort's term of service in the army expired, he entered the police department at Manila, afterwards receiving a commission in the constabulary, where he served for a short time, after which he was transferred to the cattle business, but finding this unsatisfactory, owing to the great number of deaths from pest diseases among the cattle, he went into the coffee plantation business, but the pest disease of a 40 acre coffee plantation at the present time, in northern Luzon, Mr. Kleinwort states that there are great opportunities for capital in the island, especially in the sugar and coffee business, and that the business has but one drawback, that being the lack of transportation facilities.

Mode of Transportation.

"There is but one railroad in the islands," said Mr. Kleinwort, "and that is but 100 miles long, running out of Manila. It takes the train, then, about six of the coaches inside of one American coach, nine hours to make the trip of 100 miles as they stop at every pig trail, adobe house, or crossing, calling them stations. All other means of travel are dependent upon the sickly little government motor and ponies imported from China and the bull carts and carriages, or water buffaloes, the latter being the sole means of travel outside of walking, to be found in the provinces, outside of the larger towns. The government agent millions on roads there, but when the rainy season, which is about six months long on the plain and lowlands, and nine months long in the mountains, came along, the government roads disappeared."

Unhealthy Conditions.

"It is undoubtedly the most unhealthy country on God's green footstool, and I advise every American who wishes to keep his health, to stay away from the country. The malarial plague is about wiped out, but small pox, cholera, dysentery, like the poor,

we have with us always. I have been in ill health for the past four years, and am here now to recuperate. The cattle have all died from pest and disease, and hog cholera is rampant all over the islands. As a result, you can't get fresh milk for love or money, and beer is 30 cents a pint. All drinking water has to be distilled before you drink it. Cows plod about throughout the islands, except in the cities. Marsh land is everywhere. Mosquitoes and other pests are as thick as sand on an Arizona desert. In June and July the hog cholera breaks out every year. There's no getting rid of it."

Rainy Season.

"The rainy season opens up early in the spring and continues for at least from five to six months. I've seen it rain for weeks at a time, a steady downpour, heavier, one day, sometimes, than others, but rain just the same. I've seen an average of 22 inches of rain per day for three successive days. Then it lets up for a few days. The sun comes out, hot and blistering, the steam rises from the damp ground, and you suffocate and sweat, the mosquitoes bite you, the flies annoy you, dysentery gets you, no dose malaria, and, altogether, you lead a miserable life. Then in March, the typhoon begins to blow, and it is a well known fact that the China and Philippine coasts are the worst in the world. Reefs and rocks and coral heads are rounded to pieces on the Philippine coast every year. Then a little later along comes the earthquake, and if you have anything left, after passing through the rest, the earthquake robs you of it. All houses are one story affairs. A few of the three story buildings would stand the disturbances that occur every year."

Other Facts.

"Rates at the hotels in Manila are from \$2 to \$6 per day, gold. Wages are good, though, the smallest salaries being from \$75 to \$150 per month. In the Civil Service, school teachers make \$75 per month. But it costs \$75 per month to live decently, and then you can't, for you can get no vegetables, unless imported. Meats, fresh from the cold storage house, at 20 cents gold, per pound. The Americans live mostly on canned goods, and the country is the richest in the world in hemp, coconuts and sugar, and if we had transportation facilities, so we could get our goods to the coast, fortunes could be made in a few years. The finest 'hardwood' to be found in any of Uncle Sam's possessions are in the Philippines, and the supply is seemingly inexhaustible. Railroads are the crying need of that country at present. Sanitary conditions are getting better every year, but it will take many, many years to make it healthy enough to live in comfortably."

Shouldering Valances.

There are several active volcanoes in the islands, the largest being the Mayon near Lagay, in southern Luzon. This one smokes and smolders continuously. Another large one is the Apo, which the Moro tribe worships. It is always in eruption, to a certain extent. There are about 20 different tribes of natives in the islands, of which the Moros and Igorotes are the worst and most uncivilized. They live in a barbarous manner, and are continually at war with one another. The head hunters of the Igorotes are as bad as the claimants for them, and the half has not been told."

Mr. Kleinwort will remain in Albuquerque for some time to come, until he has fully recovered his health. He has left his coffee plantation in charge of an overseer, and will not return to the Philippines for several months, at least. He is making his home with his brother, Emil Kleinwort, on Atlantic, and during his stay in the city.

DELEGATE ANDREWS' TWO GOOD BILLS

ONE TO SURVEY UNSURVEYED LANDS, AND THE OTHER TO RATIFY LAWS OF LAST LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

A bill to make appropriations for the survey of unsurveyed public lands in the southern and southeastern portions of the Territory of New Mexico under the direction of the Surveyor General of said Territory.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in congress assembled: That the sum of One Hundred Thousand Dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the survey of unsurveyed public lands in the southern and southeastern portions of the Territory of New Mexico, said survey to commence and be made under the direction of the Surveyor General of said Territory upon the passing and approval of this act, without the filing of applications or requests therefor, anything in the act or acts heretofore passed by congress to the contrary notwithstanding.

A bill to ratify and confirm Chapter 111 of the Acts of the Thirty-sixth Legislative Assembly of the Territory of New Mexico.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled: That Chapter 111 of the Acts of the Thirty-sixth Legislative Assembly of the Territory of New Mexico be, and the same is hereby, ratified, confirmed and declared to be valid, any law to the contrary notwithstanding, subject, however, to amendment or repeal hereafter by such Territorial Assembly.

William G. Evans, who has been appointed an American factor, and is a college graduate and speaks four languages—English, French, German and Spanish.

"Tip" O'Neill, once the leading batsman of the country, is running a hotel in Canada.

George Blumson, who refused to meet Willie Hoppe before the youthful billiard went to Paris to play Maurice Vignaux, is loath to give the boy wonder credit for his achievement. When Blumson heard the news he said: "I don't think Hoppe would defeat Vignaux. Now that he has he must be considered seriously, and I must say that I consider him a wonder." It took Blumson a long time to discover what less careful students of the game have known for many months.

Mr. Jones, whose resignation as general manager of the American Lumber company was announced in The Evening Citizen yesterday, stated today that he was leaving the city because of the poor health of Mrs. Jones. His health has always been the best, with the exception of the past few weeks, during which he had a slight attack of a gripe. He will leave the city next week for California, taking his family with him, and may become there permanent, but he will not move his household goods from Albuquerque for a month at least. If he should not be in California, he had should finally decide to return to their old home in Michigan, they will not leave Albuquerque before March.

William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., will sail for France this month to discuss the interests of the Automobile Club of France to hold a road race this fall. If the Frenchmen decide against the plan, Vanderbilt will favor the holding of races on Long Island coast next October.

Lapole, of the Cleveland team, who got a bad case of blood poisoning from his stockings last season, is thinking of discarding the use of stockings altogether and wearing socks instead of shoes.

Lave Cross declares he will still be playing baseball when he is fifty years old. How much further has he to go?

MR. AND MRS. JONES WILL VISIT CALIFORNIA

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# Albuquerque Weekly Citizen

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## A Wealth Producer

Several days ago the New Mexican called attention to the fact that the mineral production of New Mexico during the last year exceeded \$400,000,000 in value. The department of agriculture in the crop report for December, 1905, just to hand, gives figures which indicate that the crops raised in this territory during 1905 added in value even the mineral production. It enumerates only a few of the staple crops, but from these and from other statistics to hand an estimate can easily be made as to the total production of the 250,000 acres under irrigation. The corn crop amounted to 97,400 bushels, valued at \$308,307, and in round numbers covered 40,000 acres; the spring wheat crop covered 47,000 acres and the production was \$41,740 bushels, valued at \$83,355. About 151,400 bushels were in oats, from which were garnered \$51,400 bushels, valued at \$102,814. Only 604 acres were in barley, and the production was 12,684 bushels, valued at \$2,732. About 1,500 acres were in potatoes, the production amounting to 150,350 bushels, valued at \$98,112. The largest average, 77,087 acres, was hay, the production amounting to 215,535 tons, valued at \$2,255,601. This leaves the product of 70,000 and more acres unaccounted for and as much of that is in orchards or was in vegetables yielding from four to ten times as much to the acre as corn or other grain crops, it is no over-estimate to say that the farm crops this year in New Mexico amounted to almost \$10,000,000, and with sheep, cattle, goats, horses, hogs and chickens, the product of New Mexico farms and ranges exceeded \$20,000,000.

Add to this the \$5,000,000 produced by the mines, the \$5,000,000 produced by the manufacturing plants, \$10,000,000 and more earnings of commerce, and the total wealth produced or earned in this territory during 1905 was in the neighborhood of \$30,000,000, not to speak of the money left by tourists and health seekers, which, in a way, was earned, too. This is a very good showing, but merely a small fraction of what it will be when millions of 250,000 acres in cultivation, there will be 10,000,000 acres and more under the plow.—New Mexican.

## Bigelow Cremated

In his speech before the Commercial club of Cincinnati, Ohio, Saturday evening, T. P. Shultz, chairman of the Isthmian Canal Commission, added to the present Panama discussion, a clear and convincing statement of the affairs and management of this great American enterprise. He clearly disproves the slanders which have been so industriously circulated concerning the state, progress and control of the canal's construction. The way he disposed of Pauline Bigelow, was both pleasing and annihilating. The Citizen quotes as follows:

"A notable specimen of this scandal-mongering literature was laid before the country a few days ago from the pen of a man who had spent twenty-eight hours and ten minutes on the Isthmus. The ten minutes are important for a person of such extraordinary powers of observation and production can collect an enormous amount of material in that time. He landed at Colon on November 20 at 10 a. m., and sailed away on the same steamer from Colon at 5:10 p. m., on December 1. In those twenty-eight hours and ten minutes he accumulated a fund of exact knowledge sufficient to enable him to draw a general and sweeping indictment of the president, Secretary Taft, the canal commission, Governor Magoon, Chief Engineer Stevens, Colonel Gorgas, and everything that has been done on the Isthmus since the American government came into possession of the canal zone.

"One point only will I mention as an illustration of his miraculous powers of observation. He said that during a recent rain the volume of water was so great in the sewers of Panama that it backed the sewage up into cellars and ruined many houses. There is not a cellar in Panama and never has been."

## Statehood Fight

The bitterness manifested by some of the people of Arizona against union with New Mexico as one state is without just reason, but that is true of nearly all cases of the kind. When men for more or less selfish considerations oppose a measure and are unable to give good reason for their opposition, they seem to vent themselves all the more readily and completely to bitterness of protest and vehement condemnation.

If New Mexico were protesting against absorption by Arizona, one might account for, while not justifying or approving, the attitude taken. But why Arizona should object to being enlarged, made a bigger, greater, more powerful state than it can ever hope to become without the addition of part or the whole of New Mexico, is beyond the power of any man to explain along the lines of reason.

## A New Mexican Trait

Where else in the United States will you read death notices such as can almost daily be read in New Mexican papers of persons seventy and eighty years of age who have recently died and who have all their lives made their homes in the one town or village in which they and their forefathers were born. To my mind it speaks volumes for the love of home and the permanency of New Mexico's native population. It is a trait that we who love to call ourselves Americans are strangely lacking.

With our restless discontent of surroundings, our longing to see what's just over the range, our constant ambition to tear down the old and build anew, no matter how hallowed the surroundings, it is in a way a pleasure to know and mingle with people and men who are content with their father's home, who can point back into the past centuries and say as could Mr. Perce: "Here my forefathers settled when the first conquistadors came to New Mexico almost three centuries ago, and here we Perce have ever since been born, married and buried, and I hope will continue to do so as long as there is a Perce in the name."—Optic.

## Pertinently Penned

There can be no question that the more the statehood question is agitated, the better people understand, especially eastern people, that it will be a crime to attempt to unite Arizona and New Mexico as a single state against their wishes.

Thus reads the opening of an editorial in the Las Vegas Optic, and this vein is continued for twenty lines or more, but not a single argument is given to show why such is the case, to any nothing of an absolute lack of proof for the statements. This is the argument put up by ninety-nine per cent of the anti-statehood newspapers.—Roosevelt Register.

It does not appear that the Southern Pacific purchase of the Porter coal properties near Durango, Colorado has yet been consummated, though the Denver Times expresses full confidence that it will be, while the statement is made that the Southern Pacific has secured options upon a large extent of adjacent coal properties, which if carried to completion will give the Southern Pacific entire possession of the Durango coal fields.

Carried It Too Far.

"Are you satisfied, dear?" asked hubby.  
And wife replied, "No, I ain't.  
True, I married you to reform you—  
Now I've got to put up with a saint."

## Words of the Wise

No one can read the interview with Governor H. H. Hagerman, which appeared in the New Mexican of last evening, without realizing two things—the governor believes that the joint statehood bill will become a law, and he is confident that the people of the territory will accept it. Hence his wise utterance on the character and the work of the constitutional convention. This utterance The Citizen reproduces with great satisfaction:

"If the joint statehood bill goes before congress or any other statehood bill about this I want to make a statement of interest to all who have a real welfare of New Mexico at heart. I consider it the most important thing that will come before the citizens for many, many years. It is the election of the right sort of men to the constitutional convention. You should be 'out out' entirely in such event.

"I consider it most important, not only to secure the most representative men, but also the men best educated along lines of constitutional law. We want the very best men it is possible to find. No locality, whether for or against joint statehood, should fail in this important duty.

"Every man sent to that convention should, without exception, be pledged to work for the best constitution it is possible to secure. He should work to this end without the least regard for his personal opinion, or those of his constituents. You may say, and I think it is generally known, that rumors are current in some localities, that delegates in the event of statehood are to be sent to the convention with the intention of trying to make a bad constitution. Such delegates would, in my opinion, be soon found out. Should any man work against the interests of a good state constitution, he would become a political pariah."

Everything which Mr. Hagerman uttered, during the like before his nomination and his inauguration—and with an unusual sense of propriety—did not convince the people of the wisdom displayed by the president in the selection of New Mexico's new governor. But in the selection of The Citizen the foregoing words of the governor, made just before his inauguration, are like 'apples of gold in pictures of silver.' Nothing could be more timely, nothing more wisely thought and more clearly expressed. If such shall prove to be the character of his thinking, speaking and acting during the term of his administration, New Mexico may well count itself among the blessed.

## Against Stock Speculation

The weekly financial review by Henry Cline is always worthy of attention, but that which was issued Saturday seems to The Citizen unusually imperative of consideration. Among important things, he tells us that "there is scarcely any possibility of a reaction (from present prosperity) unless there should be a break-down through reckless speculation in New York." Again he says that "today excessive speculation is the chief menace to a continuance of prosperity, and no legitimate means should be spared to control or repress it."

In this connection he says: "Manipulation, backed by prosperity, imparted much strength and activity to the stock market. It is quite obvious that all the largest interests in the street have a common interest in advancing the market. The big holders still have plenty of stocks for sale, and the big means of finding purchasers at the present high level is to create the impression among the public, through tactics easily detected by the trained observer, that the market will rise still higher. Bullish predictions have been spread broadcast, and as these in many cases have been proved correct, the public is naturally taking the bait with increasing confidence. In some quarters manipulation has been of a very questionable and reckless character; and at the moment there seems to be nothing to check such operations except stringency in the money market or a collapse of some kind."

Speaking of the industrial stocks, he emphasizes the hazard of speculation in them by saying that "many of these are still excessively over-capitalized, and their market course is largely influenced either by reorganization proposals or merger rumors. They are, consequently, dangerous to touch, except for those who are well informed of what is coming on. But the most reckless manipulation of all is to be witnessed in the copper stocks, based upon the great demand and present high prices of the raw material. These are least severely alone except by those with exceptional sources of information and heavy margins."

## Certainly Wise Warden

Matt W. Hall, warden of the Missouri state penitentiary, and possessor of much experience with perpetrators of capital crimes, is thus quoted:

"I believe in the most humane treatment possible to all persons who have offended the law, but to this there must be a limitation. I am decidedly of the opinion that men sometimes become so depraved that often they, themselves, are better off by being put out of the way. I feel that there is too much sentiment springing up in the minds of the people in regard to capital punishment, and I do not believe that it would be just to the rest of the world to do away with it."

"Our criminal code, as practiced today, I regard as a great failure for the reason that we are accomplishing nothing with it. As warden of the Missouri state penitentiary, I now have in mind a number of convicts who have served anywhere from three to five terms, and some even more than that in this institution. They serve out their time and go directly back and begin to prey upon society, and perhaps to reproduce themselves in the meantime. They, of course, have not committed such crimes as would cause them to be hanged for the offense, but I would amend the constitution of the United States and annex every man or woman as soon as the fact was established that he or she was an habitual criminal. I would let the second offense of larceny establish the fact."

"I think the consistent thing for the American people to do is to stop the breed, and in cases where a person has committed willful and deliberate murder, I would let him hang for the crime. The lawlessness will breed the lawlessness for the reason that they do not care what becomes of their posterity; therefore, I believe that their hope of posterity should be cut off. When this is done, I would then establish first-class libraries, start schools, and three every influence possible around the inmates of the penal institutions of the United States that would have a tendency to cause them to lead better lives."

The sugar trust has not succeeded in crowding out all its competitors, but it controls affairs sufficiently to its prices. The total quantity of sugar consumed in this country in 1905 was 2,065,610 tons, of which the American Refining company manufactured 52.9 per cent; and the independent refiners 47.1 per cent. The best sugar factories, mainly controlled by the trust, produced the remainder. Yet, in behalf of this about 95 per cent of the sugar consumed in this country, congress is asked to perpetuate upon the people here and upon the Philippines, the import duty on sugar brought from that part of United States territory. In this effort Colorado and California members of congress took part against the Philippines. But did they do so in the interest of the best sugar producer, who now in Colorado is on a strike against the manufacturer for the price paid last season, or was it in the interest of the sugar trust, which controls best sugar but does not control the Philippine product?

At present our foreign trade movement is exceedingly satisfactory, the excess of exports over imports for the month of December amounting to \$28,500,000, compared with only \$3,000,000 excess the same month last year. It was the largest December on record for both imports and exports, the total imports during the month being \$101,000,000 and the total exports amounting to almost \$129,000,000. A year ago the imports for December were \$90,000,000 and the exports \$145,000,000. This enormous increase of \$4,000,000 in exports is an extremely satisfactory feature.

## TERRITORIAL TOPICS

### DEATH RESULTED

FROM APPENDICITIS.  
Mrs. Mary Kallio did not have much of a home in Lincoln the other night from an attack of appendicitis and was buried the following day in the Lincoln cemetery. An operation was performed, but it was too late to save the young lady's life.

Indigestion Overcome.  
Indigestion is easily overcome by the use of Koli Dyspepsia Cure, because this remedy dissolves what you eat and gives the stomach a rest—allows it to recuperate and grow strong again. Koli relieves indigestion, belching of Gas, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, etc., and enables the digestive organs to transform all foods into the kind of rich red blood that makes health and strength. Sold by all druggists.

### UNEXPECTED DEATH

FROM RHEUMATISM.  
Mrs. M. R. Shaver, who had been suffering with rheumatism for several years, passed away the other afternoon, says the Farmington Enterprise. Her death was entirely unexpected, she was apparently as well as usual at the time, but at any other time for several weeks. She leaves an only son, Harvey, who is well known at Farmington, and has the sympathy of many friends.

Perfection Attained.  
Perfection can only be attained, it is the physical by allowing Nature to appropriate and not dissipate her own resources. Calisthenics, gymnastics, disports, while DeWitt's Little Nephew simply expel all impure matter and bile, thus allowing it to live in its own natural activity. Good for the complexion. W. H. How, Houston, Tex. says: "For years I have used Little Nephew Pills in my family. No other pill can be used for constipation." Sold by all druggists.

### TUCUMCARI WANTS AN

### EXPERIMENTAL STATION

The Commercial club held a meeting Tuesday evening for the purpose of discussing the feasibility of an agricultural experimental station in Quay county, says the Tucuman News. A committee consisting of C. C. Davis, son of W. P. Buchanan, M. C. Sherman and Colonel T. W. Adams, was appointed to take the matter up with the proper authorities immediately. The object is to get the government to help our people to ascertain the variety of agricultural products that are best adapted to this climate and to try to get the farmers to plant and cultivate that which promises the greatest yield and the most money per acre. The Commercial club has done a great deal for the county already, in helping to locate immigrants and to all in any way possible, the prospective settlers in Quay county, but this is the most important step yet taken, and if the station can be had it is just the thing most needed at this time.

### A Modern Miracle.

"Truly a modern miracle," said the recovery of Mrs. M. K. Miller, of Woodford, Tenn. "she was so wasted by coughing up phlegm from her lungs. Doctors declared her and so near that the family had watched her by her bedside for nearly three weeks; when at last, after using Dr. King's New Life Pills, she was given her, with the astonishing result that improvement began, and continued until she finally completely recovered, and is a healthy woman today." Guaranteed cure for coughs and colds. Sold at \$1.00 at all druggists. Trial bottle free.

### A BURGULAR DOES NOT

### OBJECT TO JAIL LIFE

Antonio Pino was taken before Judge Smith a few days ago on a complaint sworn by Mr. C. C. Miller, charging Pino with burglary and grand larceny. Pino, a New Mexican, was a robber. Mr. Miller's cabin on the Rio and got away with over \$20 worth of property, the most of which was recovered. When arrested he was wearing some of Mr. Miller's clothes. Mr. Pino said he did not wish to be put in jail, but he said he would go to Santa Fe and be a nice thing, and he was bound over to the next grand jury. Pino is about 30 years old and served a ninety day sentence some two years ago for robbing C. H. Ladlaw's cabin in the Cochillo mountains.

### Always Increases the Strength.

A reasonable amount of food that is properly digested and properly assimilated will always increase the strength. If your stomach is a "little off" Koli Dyspepsia Cure will digest your food, dissolve the indigestible, break up the indigestible, and transform all food into tissue-building blood. Koli relieves Sour Stomach, Belching, Heartburn and all forms of indigestion. Palatable and strengthening. Sold by all druggists.

### PATRONS OF ROY

### POSTOFFICE KICKING

Patrons of the Roy postoffice have been much annoyed by the dilapidated condition in which they often receive their mail, says the Springer Stockman. Often packages are burst, wrapped in mud, etc. The cause for this lies in the fact that it is so often handled before arriving at its destination. One mail bag is provided by the government in which to carry the mail on the Roy-Springer route. Hence at Taylor and Santa the contents are taken out to sort out mail for Taylor, and receive that much unnecessary handling. Roy receives at least eight-eighths of all the mail on the route and is entitled to a separate bag. This would not only save the mail but would also facilitate the distribution at the intermediate points.

### May Live 100 Years.

The chances for living a full century are excellent in the case of Mrs. Jennie Duncan of Haysville, Mo. Now 70 years old, she writes: "Electric Bitters cured my chronic dyspepsia of 20 years' standing, and made me feel as well and strong as a young girl." Electric Bitters cure Stomach and Liver Disorders, Blood Disorders, General Debility and bodily weakness. Sold on a guarantee at all druggists. Price only 50c.

### PAINFULLY BURNED

IN AN EXPLOSION.  
Mrs. J. Goldstein was very painfully burned by a candle flame when at her home on the west side this morning at about 10 o'clock, but her injuries are not serious, says the Las Vegas Optic. The four or five year old son of the household was also slightly burned about the face. The boy was playing with matches

near an open dish of gasoline, which was used for cleaning purposes, when a match, accidentally ignited, set an explosion followed. The child's clothing caught fire and the mother rushed to him and beat out the flames with her hands. Her hands, especially the left, were badly burned, the wounds being very deep. The boy will not be disfigured by the accident. Dr. M. P. Desmarais dressed their injuries.

Soothing and Comforting.  
The soothing and comforting effects of DeWitt's White Hound Salve, when applied to Piles, cuts, boils, etc., subdues pain almost instantly. This Salve draws out the inflammation, reduces swelling and acts as a substitute, thus circulating the blood through the diseased parts, permitting or aiding Nature to permanently remove the trouble entirely. Sold by all druggists.

### ACCIDENTALLY SHOT

WHILE OUT HUNTING.  
A young man by the name of Fraz was brought to Albuquerque from Teosote and taken to the railroad hospital recently. He was suffering from a gunshot wound in the leg, having been accidentally shot by a companion while out hunting. The nature of the wound is not thought to be serious.

Half the World Winners.  
How the other half lives. Take who the Ditchers' America Salve never wonder if it will cure Cuts, Wounds, Burns, Sores and all Skin Eruptions. You know it will. Mrs. Grace R. Hays, 1130 E. Broadway, Springfield, Ill., says: "I regard it one of the absolute necessities of housekeeping." Guaranteed by all druggists, etc.

### STEAMER SUNK, BUT

### CREW ALL SAVED

Boston, Jan. 22.—The loss of the steamer Trojan, of the Boston & Philadelphia line, in collision with the steamer Nacoochee in Vineyard sound, last Sunday, was reported by the Nacoochee, which arrived here today, having on board the crew of the Trojan. The accident occurred in a fog.

Beats the Music Cure.  
"To keep the body in tune" writes Mrs. Ben Brown, 20 Lafayette Place, Longhemp, N. Y. "I take Dr. King's New Life Pills. They are the most reliable and pleasant laxative I have found." Best for the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Guaranteed by all druggists. 25c.

### Your wife was the widow of Bill

### Swift, wasn't she?

### "Yes."

### "Doesn't she ever remind you of Bill?"

### "No, never. You see, I knew Bill pretty well, so I occasionally remind her of him."

One Minute Cough Cure contains not an atom of any harmful drug, and it has been curing Coughs, Colds, Croup and Whooping Cough so long that it has proven itself to be a tried and true friend to the many who use it. Sold by all druggists.

## SUPREME COURT

### LEGAL BODY IS WELL UP WITH WORK—NUMBER OF CASES HEARD YESTERDAY.

The supreme court continued its session at 10 o'clock yesterday morning in the chambers in the capitol building.

The following business was transacted:

Case No. 1122, entitled Levi R. Thompson and A. D. McMillen, appellants, vs. Maria Ines Garcia de Snyder, appellee; passed. McMillen and Snyder, attorneys for appellants, and Clancy, attorney for appellee.

Case No. 1114, entitled Thomas S. Hubbell, appellant, vs. Perfecto Arzuffo, appellee; argued and submitted. Callahan, McMillen and Dobson, attorneys for appellant, and Clancy, attorney for appellee.

Case No. 1117, entitled Estelito Vigil, appellant, vs. Andrew W. Stroup, appellee; argued and submitted. Callahan, McMillen and Dobson, attorneys for appellant, and Field, attorney for appellee.

Case No. 1118, entitled Frank A. Hubbell, appellant, vs. Justo R. Arzuffo, appellee; argued and submitted. Callahan, McMillen and Dobson, attorneys for the appellant, and Field, attorney for the appellee.

Court then adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

### Just Write and Ask.

(Richard Mansfield has appeared in the theatrical trust to allow Sarah Bernhardt to appear in its theaters.) New York, Jan. 25.—Joe Wicks has decided to appeal to Henry H. Rogers to answer Attorney General Hadley's questions. Joe also says he intends to ask John A. Rockefeller out to either the Independent oil companies.

Charles E. Mason, publisher and editor of the New Mexico Record, is in the city and various pleasant calls at the office of The Evening Citizen. Mr. Mason attended the inauguration, reception and ball to Governor Hagerman, at Santa Fe, and came here last night to spend today in the metropolis of New Mexico. The gentleman will return to Roswell tonight, via Trinidad and Amarillo.

Paulo Aberta, one of the prominent Indian general merchants of the village of Aberta, was in the city today, interviewing local wholesale merchants. He called at The Evening Citizen office this afternoon and stated that Indian farmers at his home are making the preparations for early farming, while others are strengthening embankments to counteract any damage from the usual spring rises of the Rio Grande.

Joseph Raynolds, president of the First National bank, is in the city from Las Vegas. Mr. Raynolds was in conference with J. W. McQuade, the contractor and carpenter, who recently secured the contract to erect for Mr. Raynolds a three-story brick store and office building on the old Highland hotel site. The building will cost about \$50,000. Mr. McQuade has already commenced excavation and rock work.

This afternoon, on South Broadway, just beyond the viaduct, a very bad runaway took place. A. W. Fletcher, who had been to town on business, was on his way to his home at the Patterson ranch, driving a team of horses, when the pole of the wagon became loose and dropped to the ground. This scared the horses and they ran away, with the result that the hind legs of one of the animals were broken. The horse was put out of its suffering by an officer shooting it.

"Poor Willard! He's had a break down." I met him the other day, and he told me the full story of it.

THE GREATEST EPIC OF MARRIAGE.  
The first is the most crucial time. If for the first time the greatest love of your married life is about to occur, how exciting, how vital it is to you and yourself.

You try to overlook, but in fact, that element of uncertainty and danger that you have been led to expect from the experience of those mothers and fathers who have struggled through this ordeal in ignorance of Mother's Friend.

What it is and what it does. If at this time every expectant mother and wife might know of the greatest of mothers, desired for the express purpose of eliminating and dispelling the suffering and consequent danger of childbirth, how quickly would all doubt and worry be dispelled.

Mother's Friend is an invaluable remedy for external massage, through whose parent agency countless mothers have been enabled to experience the joy of parturition for the first time without danger to themselves or child of offspring.

MOTHER'S FRIEND REGULATOR CO., ALBUQUERQUE, N.M.

## LOCAL PARAGRAPHS

### L. M. BARNES, OF SAN MARCEL, WAS IN

### THE METROPOLIS TODAY ON SANTA FE

### RAILWAY COMPANY BUSINESS.

Miss Ora Waggoner has returned from a visit with friends and relatives in Los Angeles, Cal., and Gold Roads, Ariz.

Mrs. W. E. Olson, wife of the entrepreneur, left last night for El Paso, where she will visit with relatives and friends.

Mrs. Charles Foster, recently of Joplin, Mo., is a late arrival in the city, where she and her husband will reside.

K. C. Quinn, one of our well known merchants of Laguna, has arrived in the city and will remain several days transacting business.

Frank Ackerman was yesterday appointed administrator of the estate of the late Edward T. Hedron, to act without bond.

P. G. Bartlett, a prominent merchant of Mexico, arrived in the city today and will remain over night transacting business.

J. B. Kipp, Jr., and wife, yesterday conveyed to Dr. J. A. Henry, ranch property in Los Ranchos de Albuquerque, consideration \$175.

W. A. Fleming Jones, an attorney of Las Cruces, arrived in the city today for a brief business visit, and will return home today.

Mrs. P. P. Simmons and family and Mrs. Koyes, all of Belen, were in the city yesterday on a shopping expedition, returning last night.

Louise H. Harwood, 15 years old, of San Rafael, and Paulina Chavez, 19 years old, of Alamosa, were today granted a license to marry.

J. B. Dye, president of the Crescent Lumber company, who visited the company's place of business at Deming, has returned to this city.

Mrs. James Buchanan and son, who have been visiting relatives in San Diego, Cal., for the past six weeks, returned home yesterday morning.

A. W. Cleland of Denver, is in the city to spend a few days with old friends. Mr. Cleland is the owner of some valuable real estate in this city.

John Beckman, of Tucson, interested in the American Lumber company, arrived in the city today on delay No. 2, and will remain several days on business.

News received from Mrs. John Frederick, who was called to El Dorado Springs, Mo., by the illness of her father, states that the old gentleman is improving.

Local and visiting Elks are urged to attend the meeting tonight. After the transaction of lodge matters, there will be a smoker and of course that means plenty of fun.

Colonel W. J. Hagerman, Roswell, who attended the Governor Hagerman inauguration, reception and ball, returned to the city last night from Santa Fe. They had a fine time.

Ben Dignoe, foreman of The Citizens' composing room, who was at Santa Fe on business, and incidentally to shake hands with the new governor, returned to the city last night.

J. G. Elch, the attorney, accompanied by his wife, were in the city last night for a short time, en route to their home in Socorro from Santa Fe, where they had been to attend the inaugural ceremonies.

An alleged prize fighter, claiming Albuquerque as his home, and named "Kid" Stevens, showed up at Winslow the other day, where he had a go with "Kid" Brahm, the alleged "Tiger of Pittsburgh." After the contest it is understood that a dance took place, in which it is assumed, everybody had a high old time.

Colonel W. B. Hopewell, with Mrs. Hopewell and two children, who spent the past few days at the Hopewell ranch in Sierra county, returned to the city this morning. Mr. Hopewell says the cattle ranges of southern New Mexico are in fine condition, and in consequence the cattle are really now in prime condition for the market.

E. J. Carpenter, formerly general manager for the Dawson Mines company, was a visitor in Albuquerque yesterday, en route to El Paso, from where he will continue on to Los Angeles. Mr. Carpenter has been succeeded as general manager of the coal fields by W. P. Thompson, former manager of the Utah Coal and Fuel company, with headquarters at Salt Lake City. Mr. Carpenter stated that he would spend a few months visiting with his family, after which he would return to New Mexico and engage in business.

Robert C. Reid, son of J. M. Reid, county school superintendent of Chavez county, is in Indianapolis, Ind., where this evening he will be united in marriage to Miss Gertrude Humann. The prospective groom is at present in the right of way attorney for the Santa Fe cut-off from Belen to Texas. He is a brother of Captain W. C. Reid, a well known attorney of Roswell.

Charles E. Mason, publisher and editor of the New Mexico Record, is in the city and various pleasant calls at the office of The Evening Citizen. Mr. Mason attended the inauguration, reception and ball to Governor Hagerman, at Santa Fe, and came here last night to spend today in the metropolis of New Mexico. The gentleman will return to Roswell tonight, via Trinidad and Amarillo.

Paulo Aberta, one of the prominent Indian general merchants of the village of Aberta, was in the city today, interviewing local wholesale merchants. He called at The Evening Citizen office this afternoon and stated that Indian farmers at his home are making the preparations for early farming, while others are strengthening embankments to counteract any damage from the usual spring rises of the Rio Grande.

Joseph Raynolds, president of the First National bank, is in the city from Las Vegas. Mr. Raynolds was in conference with J. W. McQuade, the contractor and carpenter, who recently secured the contract to erect for Mr. Raynolds a three-story brick store and office building on the old Highland hotel site. The building will cost about \$50,000. Mr. McQuade has already commenced excavation and rock work.

This afternoon, on South Broadway, just beyond the viaduct, a very bad runaway took place. A. W. Fletcher, who had been to town on business, was on his way to his home at the Patterson ranch, driving a team of horses, when the pole of the wagon became loose and dropped to the ground. This scared the horses and they ran away, with the result that the hind legs of one of the animals were broken. The horse was put out of its suffering by an officer shooting it.

"Poor Willard! He's had a break down." I met him the other day, and he told me the full story of it.

THE GREATEST EPIC OF MARRIAGE.  
The first is the most crucial time. If for the first time the greatest love of your married life is about to occur, how exciting, how vital it is to you and yourself.

You try to overlook, but in fact, that element of uncertainty and danger that you have been led to expect from the experience of those mothers and fathers who have struggled through this ordeal in ignorance of Mother's Friend.

What it is and what it does. If at this time every expectant mother and wife might know of the greatest of mothers, desired for the express purpose of eliminating and dispelling the suffering and consequent danger of childbirth, how quickly would all doubt and worry be dispelled.

MOTHER'S FRIEND REGULATOR CO., ALBUQUERQUE, N.M.

## CAPITALIST'S WIFE

## PLAYS ARMY LASSIE



Des Moines, Jan. 24.—For more than an hour on a cold day Mrs. Arthur Hyde, wife of a Des Moines capitalist, stood on the city's busiest corner with a Salvation Army contribution box.

Mrs. Hyde was attracted by a girl with white, wan face peeping forth from beneath the regulation Salvation Army bonnet, who was in charge of the box. Dropping a dollar in the paper mache turkey, she stopped. A word convinced her that the girl was tired, cold and hungry. Mrs. Hyde being imbued with the Christmas spirit,







**PEPPER SEEDS**



# WILL SULTAN MAKE THE RAILROAD GO TO MAHOMET?



ABDI, HAMID'S SCHEME LIKELY TO FAIL FOR WANT OF MONEY. GREAT BRITAIN FEARS COMPETITION WITH SUEZ MONOPOLY.

Constantinople, Jan. 22.—Abdi Hamid's plans for the construction of a railway from Damascus to Mecca, for the use of the faithful on their annual pilgrimages to the tomb of Mahomet, are troubled for want of money. About \$7,000,000 has been spent in the past four years in building 250 miles of line and it will require over \$20,000,000 to continue the railway to Mecca. It may become necessary for Abdi Hamid to "draw" his own pocket to keep work going.

There is no necessity for the line, because the few Mohammedans make the journey to Mecca overland. Most of the faithful go by boat through the Suez canal and down the Red sea to Jidda on the coast, and then travel inland about seventy-five miles to Mecca.

The sacred caravan, which bears the sultan's annual religious gift to



the sultan of Mecca, however, is obliged to travel by land. The journey takes two months, the conveyance consisting of camels. They are frequently attacked by treacherous Arabian tribesmen, and sand storms hamper them.

The whole line from Damascus to Mecca will measure 1,100 miles. The part now finished runs through the Holy Land to Mecca, near Mount Sinai. The section on which the engineers are now working in a desultory fashion extends to Medina. When that is finished it will be a stretch of 300 miles to Mecca.

The pilgrimage traffic will never make the line pay. There are no port terminals, and branches will be built to Khaffa on the Mediterranean and Akaba on the Red sea, near the outlet to the Suez canal, to encourage freight traffic. Already Great Britain is planning to be frightened at the proposed branch to Akaba, and the British ambassador at Constantinople may object to the line and order the sultan not to interfere with the Suez monopoly.

# HE CAN CHOKE A WOLF OR PLAY THE PIANO



VARIED ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF AN OKLAHOMA COLONEL WHO IS ROOSEVELT'S FRIEND.

Washington, Jan. 22.—Members of the smart set in Washington, always anxious to meet a new social lion, are crowded some polite remark when the president entertains his associates of the Oklahoma hunt. Among the particular stars of the coming dinner will be Colonel John Abernathy, a deputy United States marshal for Oklahoma.

Colonel Abernathy can pull a gun as quickly as any man in the territory. He is a man of action, such as the president admires. He has long sinewy fingers over which he has admirable control. He is "lickle the ivory" with the best of them—an accomplished

ment seldom achieved by an ex-puncher and fence-buster, and on occasions those same long fingers can bring the last howl from a prairie wolf's throat.

Colonel Abernathy was born in Texas thirty years ago. He began to train as a cow puncher when eight years old. Ten years ago he dropped with Miss Jessie Pearl, his music master's pretty niece, and "popped off" the wedding just five minutes before the officer arrived to arrest him. He has five children. The colonel began life as a Texas Democrat, but later changed his politics and moved to Oklahoma, where he accompanied the president on his hunting trip last spring.

If the president carries out his wishes, Abernathy may be appointed United States marshal for Oklahoma.

# IN THE PUBLIC EYE



**BENJAMIN R. TILLMAN.**  
Age 58; born South Carolina.  
Battled in Confederate army, but saw no service, because of fever, from which he lost one eye.  
Pioneer until 1866, when he entered public life.  
Elected Democratic governor in 1890 and 1892.  
In United States senate since 1895.  
Author of the South Carolina dispensary system under which the state sold liquor.  
Named "Pitchfork" Tillman for his fierce attack on President Cleveland in the senate.  
In 1902 struck his colleague, Senator McLaughlin, for giving him the lie during a senate debate.  
This incident caused President Roosevelt to formally withdraw an invitation previously extended to Tillman to attend a White House dinner in Prince Henry of Prussia's honor.  
Brilliant orator and very popular in the south.

# OFFICIAL MATTERS

**Articles of Incorporation.**  
The following articles of incorporation have been filed in the office of Territorial Secretary J. W. Reynolds: Hughes Mercantile company—The incorporators, together with their addresses and the number of shares owned by each are: Levi A. Hughes, Santa Fe 150 shares; George H. Van Stone, Escondido 150 shares; Edmund J. McLean, Denver 150 shares; Arthur Milby, Moriarty 10 shares.  
The capital stock of the company is \$50,000, divided into 500 shares of the par value of \$100 each. The directors are: Levi A. Hughes, George Van Stone and E. J. McLean.  
The time of the existence of the company is fixed at fifty years. The principal office is located at Escondido, Torrance county, and the principal agent is George Van Stone.  
The objects of the company are to conduct a general merchandise and banking business, and to deal in stocks, bonds, etc. To buy and sell wool, hides and pelts; to engage in the telephone business.

# TURK DID NOT UNDERSTAND, AND WAS KNOCKED DOWN.

There was a bit of excitement at the Alamo depot the other morning on account of trouble between a Turk and some hobos. The Turk claimed that the hobos attempted to rob him of his watch, and in the scuffle the Turk was knocked through one of the glass windows of the depot and was badly cut on the left arm. At the trial of the offenders it was shown that the hobos asked the Turk as to the time of day, which was misunderstood by the sultan's subject as an effort to take his watch. The vagrants claimed that the Turk snubbed them, hence the blow that sent him through the window. Officer Sam Minto made the arrests and Justice O'Reilly imposed upon the fellow guilty of striking the Turk a fine of \$10 and costs.

# NEW STATE MUST BE "ARIZONA"

CANNOT CHANGE NAME, SO SAYS SENATOR BEVERIDGE AND REPRESENTATIVE HAMILTON.

Hon. L. Bradford Prince, of Santa Fe, addressed a letter a few days ago to Chairman E. L. Hamilton, of the committee on territories of the house of representatives, and to Senator A. J. Beveridge, chairman of the senate committee on territories, urging upon them the retention of the name of New Mexico for the new state to be created in its northern part as to the name of the proposed state. The action of the house as you know was confirmed by the senate, so far as the "me" was concerned, no serious objection, if any, having been raised in either house.

"I hope and believe that if the people of Arizona and New Mexico have opportunity to vote on the question of statehood, their desire for statehood will overcome such objection as they may have to change of name."

"Yours very truly,"  
"E. L. HAMILTON."

"My Dear Governor Prince,  
I have your good letter of January 14th, which I have read with very earnest interest. I appreciate the position in the question through my good friend Robery, who worked day and night in the interests of his people."

"I have been trying since my return to have the committee engraft a provision on the bill providing that at any time within twenty years the new territory of Arizona, whenever she should have a population of 250,000, exclusive of Indians, might come in as a separate state. I think if this were put in the bill it would draw away considerable of the opposition to the bill. Whatever may be the action of the house, I shall support the bill."

Yours sincerely,  
H. M. HOGG.

# REPRESENTATIVE HOGG WRITES ON STATEHOOD

**HE PREFERS SEPARATE STATE, BUT WILL SUPPORT JOINT STATEHOOD BILL.**

Washington, Jan. 16, 1908.  
W. T. McCreight, Esq., Albuquerque, N. M.  
Dear Sir—On my return to Washington, I have your letter of the 14th. You make, but I do not see how it is possible to do what you suggest. With kindest regards, I am,  
Sincerely,  
"A. J. BEVERIDGE."

# NICHOLAS GALLES APPOINTED RECEIVER OF MINES.

Nicholas Galles, president of the First National bank, of Las Cruces, was the other day appointed by Judge Parker as receiver for the Torrey Mining company property. A number of the stockholders, including R. V. Anderson, made application for a receiver. It has been reported for some time that this property was being held idle for speculation purposes to freeze out minor stockholders.

"And he married a girl only 33 years old. Why, he was 60 last November."

"Yes, that's his excuse."

# DR. GOSS' DISCOVERY FOR TUBERCULOSIS

Is Being Given a Thorough Test By the Eastern Physicians.

# DISCOVERER WELL KNOWN HERE

Dr. Seth C. Clark of Melrose, Mass., one of Boston's prominent physicians, was in the city today visiting relatives, and will leave on the 6:30 train this evening for Adams, where he has been interviewing Dr. Alfred Goss in regard to the latter's method of curing tuberculosis, says the Watertown (N. Y.) Daily Standard.

Dr. Clark has become deeply interested in the results attained by Dr. Goss, and desires to utilize Dr. Goss' treatment among the thousands of consumptives of the Bay State. It has been practically decided that Dr. Clark will give the treatment a thorough test in Boston, where he plans to treat hundreds of consumptives at the same time with the idea of tabulating results very thoroughly. Dr. Goss has already made such cures that Dr. Clark believes that the Adams physician has made the greatest medical discovery of the century, but the question that must be definitely answered is just how much recuperative power is left to a patient after the treatment has removed the tubercular bacilli. For over a year Dr. Goss has been treating, not the easy cases, but the very advanced stages of the disease, and has achieved a high percentage of cures.

As the hostility of the Adams residents to the coming of Dr. Goss' patients and the limited facilities at the latter's disposal have greatly cramped him in his work, there is a possibility that, if Dr. Clark's tests are thoroughly satisfactory, Dr. Goss will establish headquarters in Boston.

As will be remembered, the Standard last spring printed exclusively a detailed account of Dr. Goss' theory, and showed how, by the introduction of a bacillus-killing gas into the lungs by means of an electric current, the percentage of bacilli is daily reduced, until after several days the patient's sputum shows no trace of bacilli, and the patient has begun to return rapidly to normal weight.

Dr. Clark is a Lewis county man, having been born at Deer River. He began practicing at Smithville, and in 1884 removed to Clayton, where he was health officer. Later, he practiced eight years in Rochester, and for a number of years has practiced in Boston.

Dr. Goss visited Albuquerque something over a year ago, spending much time making observations of climatic and other conditions in regard to tuberculosis. He is an old friend and former professor of Dr. H. I. Host of the N. T. Arajo building.

# A HOBO ON THE LINE

A hobo without religion  
Was flat broke in Albuquerque,  
There was lack of the colbertian  
And he swore he would not work.  
But a cop had him in his grip.  
While he chuckled every step.  
And he watched his move and motion  
To the box car where he slept.  
The sleeping hobo muttered,  
As the cop had him in hand,  
And he said "I make a motion  
You let me send a telegram."  
He said "I will send notice  
To an old-time girl of mine.  
For once I was pinched at Needles,  
At Needles, on the line."

"I'll tell her just how this happened.  
And when I can get around  
To her I'll make good every penny,  
You bet, believe me, it's a sad mistake, sir.  
And I came here for my health,  
My lungs are very weak and sore;  
You can tell from the way I  
belch.  
And she never has refused me  
When I told her of my hard  
luck;  
And I know she can't deny me—  
She will certainly die up.  
Then everything will be straight-  
ened;  
I'll have the cash to pay my fine,  
For she don't owe to K. C.  
At K. C. on the line."

# FURS IN MISS ALICE'S TROUSSEAU



Magnificent set of silver fox furs, which are a part of Miss Alice Roosevelt's Trousseau.

New York, Jan. 20.—The wedding trousseau of Miss Alice Roosevelt will include a magnificent set of furs which are now being made from silver fox skins which followed the president's daughter from the outset.

The skins are now in the hands of a furrier, who is fashioning them along the lines of the latest mode. They are being made into a wide collar with a stole effect, reaching far down the back and almost to the hem of the skirt in the front. The collar will be made in a point in front, and will have no tails for ornaments.

The suit will be of the large, flat variety, now so fashionable. Miss Roosevelt will also have, for a part of her going away suit, a toque of the same silver fox with a jaunty white wing to ornament it. The furs will be lined with pale gray broad satin. The outfit is to be delivered at the White house on February 15.

It is the statement of the furrier that these fox skins are of rare value. They formed a portion of the much discussed articles in the twenty-three boxes which were shipped from the Orient after Miss Roosevelt's return.

# THE TERRITORIAL SUPREME COURT

The supreme court continued its session at 10 o'clock yesterday morning in the chambers of the Capitol building, Santa Fe.

The following business was transacted:

Case No. 1188, entitled Andres Canaleja, an infant, by Andres Canaleja, his natural and statutory guardian, appellee, vs. Espanola A. Miera, appellant; argued and submitted. Burkhardt, attorney for the appellant.

Case No. 1189, entitled Paula Canaleja, an infant, by Andres Canaleja, her natural and statutory guardian, appellee, vs. Espanola A. Miera, appellant; argued and submitted. Burkhardt, attorney for the appellant.

Case No. 1190, entitled James N. Upton, appellee, vs. the Santa Rita Mining company, appellant, and Caspita, her natural and statutory guardian, appellee, vs. Espanola A. Miera, appellant; argued and submitted. Burkhardt, attorney for the appellant.

The cases are the result of a dispute as to the ownership of a small tract of property in the Santa Rita mining camp, sixteen miles east of Silver City, Grant county, upon which are located three stores. The company claims the right to the land, while Mr. Upton makes a similar claim. Were these stores not located upon this one spot, it is said that no other merchant could compete with the mining company's stores, because the company owns or controls all other property. The decision in these two cases has not yet been announced. Both cases were appealed from the district court of Grant county.

**Yesterday's Proceedings.**  
The supreme court continued its session at 10 o'clock yesterday morning in the chambers of the Capitol building.

Case No. 1191, entitled Roman L. Baca, et al., plaintiffs; Plomosa P. de Otero, et al., intervenors, appellants, vs. Santiago Araya, et al., appellees; motion for new trial in law, granted. Cator, attorney for appellant, and Prince, Clancy and McKillen, attorneys for appellees.

Case No. 1125, entitled the Territory of New Mexico, appellee, vs. Rosalio Rindia, appellant; leave granted to withdraw motion to dismiss; ninety days granted to Rindia, appellant, for argument, and Barker and Barnes, attorneys for appellant.

Case No. 1131, entitled the Territory of New Mexico, appellee, vs. Howard Chenoweth, appellant; the appeal was dismissed and the decision of the lower court affirmed because the appellant has accepted from fall to Grant county December 25. The charge was murder. Prichard, attorney for appellee, and Pfeiffer, attorney for appellant.

Case No. 1130, entitled Nick Metz, appellant, vs. Marvin R. Turner, appellee; argued and submitted. Adams, attorney for appellant, and Wilkinson and Burkhardt, attorneys for appellee. Court then adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

# EPIDEMIC OF WHOOPING COUGH INCREASES

The epidemic of whooping cough, which has been raging in Silver City since early in the fall, seems to be on the increase instead of diminishing in size, and new victims are continuing to appear daily, says the Enterprise.

Among those who have had it are a number of adults, whom it has not treated with undue gentleness because of this strange oversight in their early training. Silver City these days resounds with regular Indian war-whoops as some child or "grown-up" pays tribute to this pestilential disease, which demands recognition of every one sooner or later in life. The disease is not dangerous, except with the very young, but with two of whom it has proven fatal in Silver City this winter, the Kelly baby having died from exhaustion superinduced by the strain of coughing.

The appearance of H. H. Rogers in the character of a bacteriologist at the Silver City investigation committee hearing, was certainly a great surprise.

The Standard City people have been generally held to be the very quintessence of business and get before Mr. Rogers came to the front as one of the funny ones. John D. Rockefeller, was hailed by the news-sheet men as one of the best fellows out and full of fun. Now Rogers proves to be the same, and we must conclude that the oil greases the way for their jokes, as they come really.

OLD TIMER.

# INCREASED ACTIVITY ON CITY'S REALTY

New Year Opens With Investors Decidedly Bussy Gobbling City Property.

# HOME BUILDERS ARE NOT IDLE

January 2.—Simon Laughlin and wife to W. C. Wood, the north 21 1/2 feet of lot 8, block 3, Lewis & Simmonds' addition, \$200.

January 2.—John C. Lawler to P. R. Romero, lot 4, block 2, Hunting Highland addition, \$1.

January 4.—Augusta Valin and husband to Jane Gummer, lots 1 and 2, and the south half of lot 13, block 18, Eastern addition, \$1.

January 4.—Surety investment company to Howard H. Hoffman, lot 21, block 2, Perca addition, \$250.

January 5.—Joseph C. Baldrige to Ellen H. Walker, lots 8, 7, 6, 5 and 10, block 24, and lots 7, 8 and 9, block 44, Hunting Highland addition, \$5.

January 5.—Mrs. Kittle M. Hope and husband, to Elias G. Garcia, lots 1 and 2, block 18, original townsite, \$1.

January 6.—Pauline W. Jones and husband to T. A. Gordon and wife, lots 13, 14 and 15, block 11, original townsite, \$1.

January 6.—W. M. McCallahan and wife to Highland Methodist church, the east 80 feet of lots 5 and 6, and the east 80 feet of the north 30 feet of lot 4, block 10, Hunting Highland addition, \$2,800.

January 2.—A. L. Martin to W. S. Gordon, lot 6, block 2, Lewis & Simmonds' addition, \$1.

January 8.—J. M. Moore Realty company to George L. Brooks, lot 21, block 4, Springer addition, and lot 4, block 14, P. Armitage's Over addition, \$1.

January 9.—Ellen E. Walker and husband to Edna D. Worth, lots 9 and 10, block 24, Hunting Highland addition, \$10.

January 9.—John M. Moore Realty company to Mary L. Withmarsh, lots 49 and 50, Moore Realty company's addition, \$300.

January 9.—R. P. Brown to J. E. Tingley, the north 1/4 of lot 3, block 4, Hunting Highland addition, \$1.

January 9.—City of Albuquerque to J. A. Hubbs, the north 42 feet and the south 50 feet of lots 19 to 24, inclusive, block 36, original townsite, \$1.

January 11.—T. A. Gordon and wife, to Warren and the Graham, lots 13, 14 and 15, block 11, original townsite, \$1.

January 11.—P. J. Ryan and wife to Jose M. Trujillo, a piece of land in the First ward of Albuquerque, \$100.

January 11.—Ernestine Hunsing, et al., to Clara Mott, lot 8, block 6, Highland addition, \$1.

January 11.—H. P. Mohr to Clara Mohr, lot 6, block 27, Hunting Highland addition, \$1.

January 12.—Jose R. Carpenter to Mary S. Carpenter, seven pieces of land near Tijera, \$1.

January 12.—A. L. Martin to Minnie P. Ball, 142 feet of lot 4, block 8, Lewis & Simmonds' addition, \$275.

January 12.—C. M. Cole and wife to H. J. Farmer, lots 5 and 6, and the south 18 feet of lot 4, block 19, Eastern addition, \$480.

January 12.—Flora I. Hunsing and husband to H. J. Farmer, lots 5 and 6, block 29, Hunting Highland addition, \$1.

January 12.—John M. Moore Realty company to J. B. Payne, lots 56, 57 and subdivisions of lots 52, 54, 55, 56 and 57, of the Moore Realty company's addition No. 1, \$250.

January 15.—A. J. Mitchell and wife to Vincenza Catalina and wife, lots 21 and 22, block 4, County addition, \$100.

January 16.—W. A. Preston and wife to H. L. Hoover, lots 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12, block 9, Eastern addition, \$200.

January 16.—Michael Mandell and wife to Harry F. Lee, lot 4, block 10, Perca addition, \$1.

January 16.—Margaret Scott and husband to Harry F. Lee, lots 5 and 6, block 10, Perca addition, \$1.

January 17.—Mrs. L. M. Rombing to Richard Schneider, lot 1, block 8, Baca addition, \$750.

January 17.—G. L. Alheimer to Sarah A. Loomis, the north half of lots 5 and 6, and the west half of the north half of lot 4, block 3, Browne & Latt addition, \$1.

January 18.—James A. Gassner and wife to W. B. A. Pfeiffer, lots 31 and 32, block 9, Perca addition, \$1.

January 18.—Broadway Land and Investment company to Amado Baca, lot 6, block 9, Eastern addition, \$300.

January 18.—Ernestine Hunsing, et al., to Simon S. de Gerde, fraction of lots 17 to 24, inclusive, block 7, Atlantic & Pacific addition, \$350.

January 18.—Carle S. Gatensted and husband to Floyd H. Bamberger, lots 1 and 2, block 1, mandell H. & R. addition, \$1.

January 19.—A. L. Martin to Manuel Lopez, lot 2, block M, Eastern addition, \$1.

January 19.—Broadway Land and Investment company to David Baca, part of lots 2 and 3, block G, Eastern addition, \$29.50.

January 19.—Frank Beest and wife to David Baca and wife, lot 4, block G, Eastern addition, \$110.

January 19.—Kitty H. Bamberger and husband to Margaret Scott, lots 5 and 6, block 22, Hunting Highland addition, \$2,000.

Lave Cross now admits that his ambition is to own a minor league franchise. He must be going faster than his friends have been willing to admit.

The manager who is going to land the pennant has already reported for duty at the newspaper offices in thirty-two different towns in four of the noteworthy leagues.

Charley Dexter, the old-time ball player, will follow the lead of Jimmy Callahan and manage a semi-professional team in Chicago. He is negotiating for a park and is signing players.

Hugh Jennings has a notion that unless Brooklyn finishes in the first division this year that town will tumble out of the National league and Baltimore will succeed it.

Yale is talking of abolishing the professional coach, which may be the 251 way of saying they will have a large force of coaches and trainers as New Haven next season than ever before.



## DR. T. B. KEYES IN ALBUQUERQUE

### Prominent Chicago Physician and His Cure For Tuberculosis.

#### TELLS HOW CURE IS MADE

Dr. Thomas B. Keyes, of Chicago, a recognized authority on the cure of consumption by feeding the patient with subcutaneous injections of oil and its digestion by the white globules of the blood, arrived in Albuquerque yesterday and will probably make his headquarters here.

Dr. Keyes was the chairman of the first organization committee of the American congress of tuberculosis, and one of the vice presidents of the international congress of tuberculosis at St. Louis in 1910.

To a reporter for The Evening Citizen, Dr. Keyes said:

"By the method of treatment which I employ, I believe that consumption can be absolutely cured.

"Tuberculosis is a disease of malnutrition, and while the presence of the germ confirms the diagnosis, before the germ there must exist a suitable soil condition. It is a pre-tubercular condition. It is a condition that we all breathe in a great many of these germs, but that they cannot grow in a healthy, well-nourished individual. People who have taken individual food, fat, oil, and consumption do not eat fat, oil, and consumption in sufficient quantities. The cream in sufficient quantities to cure tuberculosis has been particularly of late years, to feed the patient on various oils, and the most successful results have been obtained by the use of butter, cod liver oil, and the principal food to be fed upon to effect a cure, each article of diet being so prepared as to be easily absorbed and assimilated.

"The malnutrition has been considered the prime requisite of cure, and an increase in weight is an indication that the disease is overcoming the disease, and the cream of the other distressing symptoms, such as the products of the disease, expectoration of mucus, fever and finally cough.

"I will now give my results in the cure of tuberculosis by the subcutaneous injection of oil. The oil which I have selected for the treatment of my cases has been olive oil of a very high grade, thoroughly sterilized, and which I have in preference to other oils on account of its being non-irritating and very readily accepted by the system. The point where the injection is made is over the shoulder blades, and the next day over the other, excepting when a large amount of oil is used, when it is necessary to inject over both. There is very little pain connected with the injection and the following day the patient is made. By being careful in my technique of cleanliness, and sterilization, so far, no infection has taken place, and consequently no serious, though I believe the non-irritating properties of the oil has a great deal to do with this. The amount of oil varies, I commence by injecting 12 c. c. and increase the amount to 24 c. c. and about the fifth day to 40 c. c. of oil. If no unpleasant or inconvenient symptoms arise, I keep gradually increasing the dose to the full tolerance of the patient, which varies with the individual and the stage of the disease. Those who are poorly nourished will sometimes assimilate large quantities of oil. In this manner I have treated nine consecutive cases successfully, and within twenty-four hours after each treatment there is a remarkable benefit from all the symptoms, such as diminished morning cough, night sweats, increased strength, and finally gain in weight. Some of the very worst cases of tuberculosis under this plan of treatment have gained each day, and I believe have been thoroughly cured. The syringe which I use is an aspirating syringe, reversing the plunger with a thumb screw, it requiring considerable pressure to force the oil under the skin.

"By injecting oil thus it is absorbed and assimilated by the blood cells, and there is a great increase in their numbers. Thus all of the indications for the cure of tuberculosis is met. It overcomes the disease through increased phagocytosis, and thus the active cells destroy the disease. Nutrition is re-established. The time required to overcome all symptoms is remarkably short, and one will be greatly surprised at the benefits which come with the treatment. Physicians should use great care in the amount of oil given, for very large doses, if long continued, might result in fatty degeneration of certain organs, but with the disease tuberculosis this is not so apt to occur, as tuberculosis and fatty degeneration are antagonistic. I have based the claims of this treatment as a cure for tuberculosis from my experience and clinical evidence and from my conviction. I give my results this early, believing that the cure of tuberculosis is solved and that by so doing many lives will be saved. Of course, to the above treatment should be added all that has been found useful in the treatment of tuberculosis, principally of which is a forced diet of articles selected for their nutritive value, such as meat, fat, butter and cream, out door life and hygiene.

"I hope and trust that physicians will at once take up this method of cure, and I respectfully request that those doing so will communicate their results to me by the way of knowledge much as you may come."

Abu is and will be known here until her old friends are no more, because she is interested.

Ten years ago Minnie Bowman was accounted one of the most beautiful young women in southern California. She had a stunning figure, wavy hair and golden hair.

About five years ago she married "Ted" Moore, one of the owners of the Yellow Aster mine. Fate seemed to have a romance in his stars at every turn for her. She met Moore just after the opera troupe with which she traveled was stranded in Texas. A year later Mrs. Moore was heard from in New York, where, it was related at that time, she attempted to marry her husband. A divorce followed, and Mrs. Dorothy Moore, as she came to call herself, traveled extensively. Not long ago she moved to San Francisco and adopted a child. She had apartments at the Charles-Magne.

The wedding ceremony was performed in Trinity church by the Rev. J. W. Clappert. The bride was attended by her sister, Mrs. Charles Francis Baird, of Los Angeles, who wore an imported gown of gray embroidered satin, with hat to match. The bride wore cream colored, rose-point lace over tulle, with a picture hat of point lace and ostrich plumes.

After the ceremony there was a reception in the bride's apartments, where American Beauty roses were used in profusion. The bride and groom were assisted in receiving by the bride's mother and sisters, Mrs. Bowman, Mrs. Metcalf, Mrs. Clark and Mrs. Baird.

Mr. and Mrs. Pullen were at Santa Fe Monday, where they attended the inauguration of Governor Hagerman, and also the reception and ball in his honor that evening. Mr. Pullen is the publisher and editor of the Carlsbad Argus and is understood that himself and wife left Santa Fe last night for Carlsbad.

## THE ESTANCIA POET IS CRITICIZED

### AND HE COMES AGAIN TO HIS OWN DEFENSE IN THE EVENING CITIZEN.

Special Correspondence.

Estancia, N. M., Jan. 23.—Your correspondent clips the following and makes subjoined comments:

Saturday's Citizen contained a special correspondence written from Estancia, consisting of four items and some poetry. Each one of the four items contained at least one error, and the poetry—well, the less said, the better. We want the Citizen to know that we don't all write poetry over here in the valley.—Estancia News, January 19.

In the above production in which the critical editor, in one place, fails to use quotation marks. In another fails to close a sentence with a period, in another omitted a comma, and in another abbreviated a word without the use of an asterisk, and still in another place divided a syllable, and in fact only failed to commit more errors because there were no more places for errors—the Estancia News evidently refers to the fact that the poor devil (printer's devil) that set up the Estancia correspondence last week, had the faculty, peculiar to printers at Xmas time, of seeing double, and hence added various letters to some of the words, making them appear rather full. Now, the News is a temperance man and can stand for that, and suffers sundry aches and pains like unto the aches of a boy in green a-pie time. So Mr. Editor, don't let the "devil" play the devil with the correspondence and the News's mental dinner basket. The News man found some words misspelled also in the poetry, as he kindly calls it. Won't he have the cramps if he should see this?

## BEAUTIFUL WORDS ON SANTA TERESA'S LIFE

Last Friday a week ago, January 12, Santa Teresa died at her home in Clifton, Ariz., and a few days later The Citizen reproduced an account of her death from the columns of one of the Clifton weekly papers. The Phoenix paper finally clipped the article, and ten days after her death the Associated Press agent at Phoenix sent out the news as strictly "fresh."

Now "A Friend" has come forward in the Clifton Era, and in beautiful words pays the following tribute to La Santa Teresa.

"While yet in love with life and engaged with the world, she passed to silence and to dreamland sleep. With solemn mien I have my head and drop a silent tear upon the little mound that covers what was once the home of a woman whose life was a gentle spirit, a loving and generous heart, and a soul that gave birth to a barbie she gathered God's dew from the native lands and flowers and cast it broadcast to the world. An angel, ill-used and banished from her native soil, she planted love and kindness where ere her cot was laid, and many gathered foliage from the sprouting seeds and sowed them ere the dawn of peace and sweet content. A leader of the blind, a teacher of God's way; yet where she learned the lessons that she taught, no one can say. Untrampled by the wrongs she suffered at the hands of those who should have been her friends, she cast a benison upon the lands that gave them birth and on the hand that smote her. Her little span of life has been a tragedy; and yet she passed as gently to her dreamland sleep as she had lived. Unguided by the love of any sect, unwavering through the lure of worldly joys, she saw the highway of eternal right, through all the winding ways of day and night, and earth.

"And from her pure and unpolished flesh May violets spring; I tell thee, priest and minister, A ministering angel hath this woman been."

A FRIEND.

## THE BROKEN RESOLUTIONS

BY CHAS. GRANT MILLER.

And so, after a week or two, have your New Year resolutions withered and gone?

Have you already neglected the nice new diary? Have you gone back to smoking, or drinking, or saying spiteful things, after a few days of merrymaking?

Well, well; you are not the only one.

He or she who fails to carry out all high resolutions has the comforts of life of company.

There are people who say that good resolutions are led because failure in them reveals to one his own weakness and slavery to habit; that having once failed he is less likely ever to try again with the hope and confidence so necessary to success.

But isn't it better for us to know our weaknesses than to be blind to them? Isn't it better to have tried once and failed than never to have tried at all? Strength comes of effort.

Isn't it better for a man to have had a week or a day even, of sobriety for himself and of happiness and hope for his wife and children, to have had a clear-headed look at himself and the world about him, and to have known for a little while at least how it feels to be a man and master of himself?

No battle does not always include a campaign. One failure, one reverse, or a dozen of them, need not mean defeat.

There is no good of waiting till next New Year to try again. A good resolution and good efforts are as good one day as another. They are lost if all when made every day.

Years are his spaces. We live by days. Every morning when we wake a new world begins; every night when we drop to sleep the old world ends. Years, centuries, ages, are nothing to us but names; it is the days, hours, minutes, seconds, that are ours.

The best time to try to get up is when you realize that you have failed.

## THE MISFORTUNES OF LOVELY MISS KEIGHT

A fair girl of two hundred pounds went with Johnny to the pond for a skeight.

But Miss Keight broke through. And so what did John do then. But share the same shivering fright.

And as Johnny left her at the ghett, With much chattering, he said, Dear Keight:

"For the dry land you're nice, But for fun on the ice, I prefer a blamed slight lighter weight."

And now, it is sad to relate, That this maid did not long heat, light.

But returned him his rings, And letters and things, And their warm love was brought into light.

And now, I've writ another rhyme, Heaven shield me, if you show it; Least spunky Speckman along some rhyme.

At this poor paper poet.

## CUSTOMS INSPECTOR WIRE FOR ASSISTANCE.

Customs Inspector A. B. Putnam, of El Paso, had quite a time getting Angel Morales, a smuggler, to Denning for trial. En route to Las Cruces, where he intended giving his prisoner a hearing before Judge A. E. Chaffee, he ran across four Chinamen on the train who were without certificates of citizenship. He took them in charge, arriving at Las Cruces, he found Judge Chaffee was in a hospital at El Paso and that it would be necessary to take his five prisoners to Denning for a hearing. Not caring to take chances with so many prisoners, he wired United States Marshal Forkner here for assistance, and Deputy Marshal Cooper was sent to his rescue.

Between the two of them they managed to land their prisoners safely behind the bars at Denning where they will be given a hearing. Deputy Cooper is expected to return to the city from Denning tomorrow.

No. 2 was again late this morning, due to trouble with the injector of the engine.

## ARE WEDDED IN SAN FRANCISCO

MRS. DOROTHY BOWMAN MOORE'S WEDS LUIS OLIVER FULLER, OF CARLSBAD, N. M.

After more than three years of widowhood, in which the bereavement was effected through the death of the Rev. W. C. Bowman of this city, was married in San Francisco Wednesday evening to Luis Oliver Fuller, an attorney of Carlsbad, N. M., and editor of a paper in that town, says the Los Angeles Examiner.

The dispatch does not enter into the romance of the affair, but the participation of "Minnie" Bowman, as

## MARKET LETTER

### Special Correspondence.

#### KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 22.—The extraordinary supply of \$1,000,000 cattle arrived last week, but the market averaged nearly steady for the week. The yards were well cleaned up every day, the country held over from last week being 274 head less than held over at the end of the previous week. Traders say packers' buying was never as heavy at this season before. The run today is 2,000 head, but buyers were eager for them, and market is strong to 10c higher on all kinds. Consumption is phenomenal, and prices will no doubt make further gains within the next few weeks, as receipts can scarcely hold up to present volume, while the demand is likely to keep up. Choice fed steers sold at \$5.30 today, highest price since December 16. A number of shipments from the west were here last week. Hay fed Colorado steers sold at \$3.90 to \$4.10; cows, \$3.00 to \$3.25, heifers at \$3.55. Idaho and Utah fed steers, \$3.70 to \$3.85; New Mexico steers, \$3.70; high bred pathfinder yearlings, \$4.20; canners, \$2.25 to \$2.75; bulls, \$3.80 to \$3.15; stags, \$3.35. In live corn but the call is for well bred heavy feeders, which are so scarce that quotations showing range of bulk of steers and heifers, \$5.50 to \$4.15, does not give a true idea of prices on this class, which sell up to \$4.50. The market is 10c higher today on all kinds, and everything points to continued strength. Too many sheep at all points last week broke prices to 50 cents, and 47,000 head were received here, but trade was lively each day, and the supply handled cleanly, without accumulation or congestion. Mild and springlike weather throughout the eastern half of the continent for the past ten days has also been against heavy consumption. Weather conditions have changed in the last 48 hours, and the moderate supply of 7,000 head today met a strong inquiry, prices 10 to 15c higher. Some Arkansas valley lambs, 77 lb., sold today at \$7.25; bulk of mostly good lambs, \$7.00 to \$7.10; top yearlings, \$6.25; some 90 lb. wethers, \$6.75; and 100 lb. ewes at \$5.25. As in the cattle trade, demand from custom consumers is enormous, and prices quickly advanced when receipts diminished. Some partly finished ewes sold to feeders last week at \$4.25 to \$4.50, and lambs in similar condition at \$6.40.

## SUPREME COURT

### SEVERAL IMPATIENT CASES SUBMITTED AND ARGUED AT YESTERDAY'S SESSION OF COURT

The supreme court continued its session at 10 o'clock yesterday morning. The chambers in the Capitol building.

The following business was transacted:

Harold Ward and W. A. Dunne of Roswell were admitted to the bar on certificates of practice before other courts in the supreme court yesterday. They took the oath and signed the roll immediately.

Case No. 1074, entitled City of Roswell, appellant, vs. Thomas M. Davenport, appellee; ten days granted to brief. Patton, attorney for appellant and Greenwood and Bateman, attorneys for appellee. This is the case in which Davenport sues to recover damages for alleged injuries which he claims were received by falling through a sidewalk in Roswell. It is an appeal from the decision of the district court of Chaves county.

Case No. 1114, entitled Frank A. Hubbell, appellant, vs. Board of Commissioners, Bernalillo county, appellee; submitted on briefs. Charters, attorneys for appellant and Clancy attorney for appellee.

Case No. 1112, entitled Thomas S. Hubbell, reitor, vs. Ira A. Abbott, judge of the district court of Bernalillo county, respondent; motion to quash, argued and submitted.

The following cases came up before the court at the session yesterday:

Case No. 1032, entitled Territory of New Mexico, appellee, vs. Garland Livingston, appellant, under advisement by the court; judgment of the lower court affirmed. Fitchard, attorney for the appellee, and Freeman and Cameron, attorneys for the appellant.

Case No. 1115, entitled Benjamin H. Dye, et al., appellants, vs. Board of County Commissioners, Bernalillo county, appellees; argued and submitted. Childers, attorneys for appellants, and Ferguson, attorney for appellees.

## STOCK SALES

### Special Correspondence.

#### KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 19.—Following were some sales of Colorado and western cattle at Kansas City this week:

J. E. Hanson, Hotchkiss, Colo., 124 steers, \$11.00; 27 heifers, \$4.10; 52 cows, \$3.80; 52 cows, 1005 pounds, \$3.90; 28 cows, 975 pounds, \$3.80.

Adam Thomas, Montrose, Colo., 91 killers, 1120 pounds, \$4; 80 feeders, 908 pounds, \$3.85; 137 steers, 491 pounds, \$3.35.

William Auckland, Olney, Colo., 82 heifers, 250 pounds, \$3.85; 17 steers, 435 pounds, \$3.40; 25 canners, 735 pounds, \$2.10; 49 calves, 254 pounds, \$2.70.

A. H. Eldridge, Soda Springs, Idaho, 231 feeders, 1014 pounds, \$3.85; 25 feeders, 1000 pounds, \$3.80.

G. W. Newmyer, Monte Vista, Colo., 17 steers, 477 pounds, \$2.35; 10 cows, 815 pounds, \$3.10; 10 yearlings, 456 pounds, \$2.75.

L. S. Pond, Thatcher, Idaho, 88 killers, 1086 pounds, \$3.75; 5 cows, 3023 pounds, \$3.20; 2 bulls, 1540 pounds, \$2.65.

Carroll, Ridgeway, Colo., 17 cows, 1184 pounds, \$2.35.

W. H. Jones, Denning, N. M., 208 steers, 779 pounds, \$2.40.

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Mr. Kirchman well understands his responsibility as secretary and general manager of the American Bohemian association, which, combined, are a source of continuous care and worry, but his indomitable energy will overcome any difficulties presented.

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## SCIENCE EXTENDING AMONG DAIRYMEN.

Anderson, Ind., Jan. 24.—The sixteenth annual meeting of the Indiana State Dairy association opened here today with a large attendance, representing every part of the state. Many prominent representatives of the important dairy industry are here and some will deliver addresses before the convention. At this convention particular attention will be given to the problems of the milk producer. One of the interesting features of the meeting will be a cow judging demonstration by experts. The development of the field work and the educational butter scoring conducted by the Purdue Experiment station have been of great value to the dairymen of this state and have greatly increased the interest of the dairymen and dairywomen in a more scientific method in dairy work.

## RICH GOLD STRIKE REPORTED NEAR SANTA FE

Two wood cutters while at work six miles northeast of Santa Fe, recently discovered some fine looking mineral bearing rock in place, in which free gold was visible. Corbett & Collins, assayers of Santa Fe, found the samples to run very high in gold and silver. One sample assayed over \$600 in gold and silver. Another sample assayed over \$200 in gold and \$40 in silver per ton. As yet only a few claims have been located on account of the severe weather. Numerous croppings show great quantities of ore of the same general character covering a large area. The mineral is accompanied by considerable iron sulphide.

## THE ATLANTIC



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The reappearance of the familiar light during the dark hours of the morning in the windows of his private rooms in the laboratory told the people of West Orange, N. J., that something momentous was at hand.

That light showed that Mr. Edison was working toward a conclusion of his long labor. For many weeks he has worked, slept and eaten in the laboratory, lying down when exhausted to snatch one or two hours' rest on a couch, and then starting to his work again when all the world was asleep. And now it is known that Mr. Edison has at last conquered the difficulty of transmission of the sound of a human voice through long distances of water.

Hitherto the great and almost insuperable difficulty in the way has been in the impossibility of exactly increasing the power of the sound waves under deep water.

Wind or a rough sea cannot affect the transmission of an electric current. To protect the wires heavier insulation is necessary, and the increase of insulation adds to the carrying capacity of the current. In thus graduating the exact power of insulation and in attaining the highest degree of sensitiveness between the receiver and the transmitter, lay the task which Mr. Edison, according to his admirers, has at last surmounted.

The details are, of course, known only to himself. The secrets of the

## WIZARD EDISON FINDS WAY TO CARRY THE HUMAN VOICE ACROSS THE OCEAN

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New York, Jan. 22.—Ere the world is a few months older humanity and civilization will be the richer for a new development in electric science, evolved from the inventive genius of Thomas A. Edison.

The new discovery, which is destined to bring the great English speaking nations into ever closer union, is none other than the final development of the telephone power to a height which will permit of conversations between individuals across 3,000 miles of water.

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