

11-6-1908

## Carlsbad Current and New Mexico Sun, 11-06-1908

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# The Carlshad Current

## AND NEW MEXICO SUN

SIXTEENTH YEAR

CARLSBAD NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY NOV. 6, 1908

NUMBER 50

### W. H. TAFT ELECTED

### IT WAS A LAND SLIDE

Wednesday's Roswell Record.

New York, Nov. 4.—William Howard Taft, of Ohio, Republican, has been elected twenty-seventh President of the United States and James Sherman, of New York, has been chosen Vice-president. This is the outcome of one of the most remarkable political campaigns in the history of this Republic. William Jennings Bryan, of Nebraska, Democratic candidate went down to the third defeat of his life's ambition to occupy the White House.

The returns today indicate that Taft will have at least 268 electoral votes and possibly more. One of the results surprising even the most sanguine of the Republicans was Taft carrying the City of Greater New York by a plurality of 15,645. His plurality in New York state will exceed Roosevelt's big plurality of 1904. Governor Hughes was re-elected by a plurality estimated early today at above 75,000 over the vote cast for his democratic opponent, Lieut. Gov. Chanler.

While Greater New York gave Taft more than 15,000, it gave Chanler a margin of 56,843.

With thirty-one United States senators to be elected by state legislatures chosen yesterday or earlier in the fall, the republicans will retain control of both houses of Congress. The precise figures are subject to change however.

The New England states, New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania rallied to Taft with notable majorities. Maryland's returns early today dwindled Taft's plurality as claimed last night until Bryan appeared to have narrowly carried the state. West Virginia also is in doubt. If Maryland and West Virginia are both Bryan states, Taft still has 291 electoral votes.

Of states which at the outset of the day were generally placed in the Bryan column, Colorado and Montana are still subject to counter claims. Nebraska, however is heavily credited to Bryan. On the basis of facts already known the table of electoral votes would be as follows:

States for Taft: California, 10; Connecticut, 7; Delaware, 3; Idaho, 3; Kansas, 10; Maine, 6; Massachusetts, 16; Michigan, 14; New Hampshire, 4; New York, 39; North Dakota, 4; Ohio, 23; Oregon, 4; Pennsylvania, 34; Rhode Island, 4; South Dakota, 4; Utah, 3; Vermont, 4; Washington, 5; Wisconsin, 13; Wyoming, 3.—Total 287.

States for Bryan: Alabama, 11; Arkansas, 5; Colorado, 5; Florida, 5; Georgia, 15; Kentucky, 13; Louisiana, 9; Mississippi, 10; Missouri, 18; Montana, 3; Nebraska, 8; North Carolina, 12; Oklahoma, 7; South Carolina, 9; Tennessee, 12; Texas, 18; Virginia, 12.—Total, 177.

In Doubt: Maryland, 8; West Virginia, 7.—Total, 15.

Among the more significant results were re-election to con-

gress of Speaker Cannon and Chairman Payne, of the House Committee on Ways and Means, and the probable re-election of Governor Johnson, democrat, in Minnesota, which state gave Taft a plurality of 7,500.

The vote of Hisgen, of the Independence party, was meager and did not materially affect the result. Little is yet known of the magnitude of the Socialist and Prohibition vote.

STATEMENT FROM JUDGE TAFT

Cincinnati, O., Nov. 4.—"I believe I was elected by the business men of the country, democrats as well as republicans, that I received my share of the labor vote, and that farmers generally stood by me. I am very much gratified." So said Judge Taft this morning while sitting in the library of his brother's home.

BRYAN A GOOD LOSER.

Fairview, Neb., Nov. 4.—Although it was after midnight when he actually went to bed, Bryan was up early this morning. So far as appearances went there was nothing to indicate the disappointment which he must have felt over the result of the election. He greeted all callers with a smile and scanned the morning papers for late news. "Before making any statement," he said, "I want to get the actual results in Ohio, Indiana and Kansas."

BRYAN CARRIES NEBRASKA

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 4.—Beginning with a brilliant victory in his home precinct, Mr. Bryan reversed a majority of 2,000 in this city, carried the county by a handsome plurality, and will win the state by 10,000.

OKLAHOMA SAFELY DEMOCRATIC.

Guthrie, Okla., Nov. 4.—The republican gains have been general, but not large enough to affect the result on the national ticket, congressmen or members of the legislature. Bryan's plurality is estimated at 25,000. The congressional delegation will be four democrats and one republican.

The legislature is overwhelmingly democratic and will re-elect United States Senator Gore.

BRYAN LEADS IN MARYLAND.

Baltimore, Md., Nov. 4.—Bryan is in the lead by about a thousand according to the latest figures, which give Bryan 101,402, Taft 100,338. In four counties the returns are incomplete, but in such case only a few precincts remain to be heard from.

TAFT WINS GREATER NEW YORK.

New York, Nov. 4.—Taft's plurality in Greater New York is 15,645.

LITTLE CHANGE IN ILLINOIS.

Chicago, Nov. 4.—Early returns today did not materially change the figures of last night. Taft carried Cook county by 72,400 and the city of Chicago by 56,400. His plurality in the state will be from 170 to 175 thousand.

EVEN BREAK IN WEST VIRG.

### UNOFFICIAL VOTE OF EDDY COUNTY

ELECTION HELD TUESDAY NOV. 3, 1908.

OFFICES AND CANDIDATES	CARLSBAD	ARTESIA	HOPE	LAKEWOOD	DAYTON	MALAGA	KNOWLES	MONUMENT	QUEEN
For Delegate—									
O. A. Larrazolo	319	228	84	93	76	25	71	15	8
W. H. Andrews	82	93	9	38	14	13	15	13	8
For Council, 12th District—									
Wm. D. McBee	322	267	93	103	77	32	75	18	15
Creed F. Copeland	78	91	9	30	15	5	12	10	10
For Representative, 19th Dist.—									
Chas. R. Brice	329	258	93	96	75	32	77	18	15
E. C. Cook	79	92	9	35	15	5	13	10	10
For Sheriff—									
M. C. Stewart	358	290	93	110	78	34	79	18	15
For Probate Clerk—									
A. R. O'Quinn	367	295	93	110	78	34	81	18	14
For Treasurer—									
W. H. Merchant	367	295	93	110	78	34	81	18	14
For Assessor—									
John W. Price	367	295	93	110	78	34	81	18	14
For Probate Judge—									
G. W. Lawrence	367	295	93	110	78	34	81	18	14
For Supt. Schools—									
A. A. Kaiser	367	295	93	110	78	34	81	18	14
For Surveyor—									
Joe M. Cunningham	367	295	93	110	78	34	81	18	14
For Com. Dist. No. 2—									
J. H. Graham	341	175	46	82	61	32	80	18	13
J. W. Turknett	88	109	62	50	33	2	4	100	00
For Com. Dist. No. 3—									
C. W. Beeman	357	302	96	107	76	34	79	18	15
For Carlshad Bridge Bonds—									
202	181	9	41	—	22	7	—	—	—
Against Carlshad Bridge Bonds—									
57	110	45	86	49	4	65	35	14	—
For Artesia Bridge Bonds—									
197	285	35	17	22	22	7	—	—	—
Against Artesia Bridge Bonds—									
61	6	36	80	35	4	65	35	14	—
For Black Riv. Bridge Bonds—									
208	181	9	41	—	22	7	—	—	—
Against Black River Bridge Bonds—									
61	110	32	81	49	4	65	35	14	—

While the above table is not correct, the official count will not make any change in the result. The correct and official vote with totals and majorities will appear next week. The names of the democratic candidates appear first in the list given above.

### DRUGS ... JEWELRY ... STATIONERY

**DRUGS** Something we can never be too particular about. We carry only the freshest and purest of everything.

**JEWELRY** Any article bought at our store is a guarantee in itself. Repair work especially.

**STATIONERY** The right kind of stationery, always denotes good taste. We carry only the latest.

### The Eddy Drug Company

The largest drug store in the southwest. Drugs and druggists sundries. Agents—Pratts and Hess. Station and Poultry Food.

Wheeling, W. Va., Nov. 4.—West Virginia is doubtful, indicating an almost even break between Taft and Bryan, with the democratic candidate slightly in the lead. For governor it seems that there is little doubt that Bennett (Dem.) is elected by a plurality of seven thousand.

INDIANA GOVERNOR DEMOCRAT

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 4.—For the first time since Hendricks was elected governor on the Democratic ticket and Grant received the electoral vote of the state on the national ticket, Indiana has given a plurality to the republican candidate for president and at the same time elected the democratic candidate for governor. Whether Thomas R. Marshall, the governor-elect, will carry the rest of the state ticket with him is a matter of conjecture. According to the latest estimates Taft received a plurality of about 12,000 and

Marshall about 8,000. The congressional representation will probably be seven democrats and six republicans. The legislature is still in doubt.

RESULT MIXED IN OHIO

Cincinnati, O., Nov. 4.—Taft carried his home state by not less than 10,000. The indications are, however, that Harmon (Dem.) was elected governor by 10,000. The democrats gained two congressional delegates with two doubtful. Nicholas Longworth was re-elected.

REVISED RETURNS OF MISSOURI

St. Louis, Nov. 4.—An almost complete reversal of yesterday's indicated results in Missouri came today when the returns from the country precincts and congressional districts outside of the big cities came in. Nationally the state is in doubt with chances slightly favorable to Bryan. His margin is so slight however, it may be wiped out. There is little doubt that Hadley

### School Days

Are here and so are we with a full line of

### School Books and Supplies

Such as Books, Slates, Tablets, Sponges, Pencils, etc.

### THE STAR PHARMACY

THE QUALITY STORE

is elected governor by about 16,000, with a possibility of the legislature being republican.

REPUBLICAN CONGRESSMEN IN IOWA.

Des Moines, Nov. 4. Complete returns from every congressional district in Iowa but the eighth indicate the election of republicans. Congressman Hepburn in a telephone conversation at 10:30 this morning said he believed he had been defeated.

DEVELOPMENTS IN COLORADO

Denver, Colo., Nov. 4. Forty-four precincts complete out of 146 in Denver give Bryan 8,977, Taft 7,684. For governor the same precincts give Shafroth, (Dem.) 9,364, McDonald, (Rep.) 7,251. The feature of the local election was the election of Judge Lindsey, of the Juvenile court. He ran independent and polled a clear majority over the candidates on both the republican and Democratic tickets.

At noon today Chairman Vivian, the republican state central committee, conceded that Bryan would carry Colorado, and that the next state legislature would be democratic.

KANSAS LEGISLATURE IN DOUBT

Kansas City, Nov. 4.—At 12:30 this afternoon W. R. Stubbs, the successful republican candidate for governor of Kansas, said over the long distance telephone from Lawrence: "The Kansas legislature is in doubt and looks bad for the republicans."

The returns up to noon indicate a democratic majority in the legislature, which would mean the election of H. P. Farrelly to the U. S. senate.

Andrews or Larrazolo—Which?

That there is room for hope for Larrazolo is very plain, for in the reports sent republican headquarters are the following, none of which are correct:

For Larrazolo: Chaves, 550; Colfax, 100; Eddy, 650; Grant, 524; Guadalupe, 75; Luna, 127; Otero, 50; Quay, 500; Roosevelt, 785; San Juan, 119; Sierra, 7; Torrance, 103. Total, 3,590.

For Andrews: Bernalillo, 711; Dona Ana, 160; Lincoln, 65; McKinley, 153; Mora, 200; Rio Arriba, 180; Sandoval, 800; San Miguel, 709; Santa Fe, 358; Socorro, 350; Taos, 200; Union, 150; Valencia, 1,200. Total, 5,227.

(Note: There are undoubtedly some errors in the figures given above as it will be observed that neither Eddy, Roosevelt nor Chaves are given correctly. Larrazolo's plurality in this county is 558, in Eddy county, 695, and in Roosevelt 753 with one precinct missing. Larrazolo's total plurality in the three Pecos Valley counties is 2,006.)

(Continued on Next Page, See Column)



## The Carlsbad Current and New Mexico Sun.

Carlsbad, N. M. Friday Oct. 30, 1908

Carlsbad Current established November 15, 1890. New Mexico Sun established May 12, 1905. The two papers consolidated October 11, 1907.

Carlsbad Printing Co., Publishers  
Wm. H. Mullane, Pres.

SECOND EDITION, 31 3/4 CENTS PER COPY

The Official Paper of Eddy County.

Published every Friday, and entered as second-class matter at the Carlsbad, N. M. post office.

The defeat of Wm. J. Bryan for the third time for the highest office in the gift of the people is probably the limit in the United States, for possibly no other man was thrice defeated for the office. The cause of the third defeat of this most wonderful man may be found in three distinct lines. First, he antagonized the conservative element of the democracy by having been nominated or endorsed by populists in 1896 and 1900 and had the taint of populism. Second, he was opposed by the favored classes because he was their well known enemy. Many democrats voted against him because of his well known advocacy of the final government ownership of railways, holding the view that such a move would cause too much centralization of power in the government. The railway systems fought Bryan because they consider it pretty hard sledding with the present inter-state commerce commission and believed Bryan would be more radical. No man can be elected president that will oppose any class or interest, for if he is a negro hater, the negroes will beat him; if he is a railway corporation hater the railways will beat him. If he makes a special fight on any one interest he has the combined forces of that interest to contend with. Add to this the fact that no office seeker could count on Bryan to give him a piece of pie in case of victory, but instead all knew he would favor only merit in his appointments. As there was no way of judging what he would do, except to do right as he saw it, the usual horde of pie hunters evaded him and saved their money and time. Had Gov. Johnson, of Minnesota, been nominated he would not have had J. J. Hill of the Northern Pacific to fight, but instead would have been supported by all such men or at least they would not have spent money to defeat him, for he has the confidence of all, being a very fair man. While Bryan is just as fair and would make a better president, he cannot be elected because capital in all lines is afraid he might do something awful, which, however, is far from true. That Bryan carried his own precinct, county and state is especially gratifying, for Nebraska was and is as rock ribbed a republican state as Maine or Massachusetts. As it is he has 199 electoral votes and it is easy seen what contributed most to his defeat, for the purchasable vote is large in New York. That Andrews should be elected is not strange when we consider the large amount of boodle used. The facts are that there should be a right of suffrage test and it should exclude the purchasable vote, but how to get at such a law is impossible to tell.

Consumption Statistics prove that a neglected cold or cough puts the lungs in so bad a condition that consumption germs find a fertile field for fastening on one. Stop the cough just as soon as it appears with Ballard's Horehound Syrup. Soothes the torn and inflamed tissues and makes you well again.

Many voters whose names are not on the tax rolls are found on the bridge bond tally sheets. When such are found the boxes should be thrown out for the only documentary evidence that a voter is a tax payer is the tax rolls. From present indications and without the official count on the face of the returns all the bonds are beaten except for the Artesia bridge. However several boxes may be thrown out on account of illegal voting which would insure all the bridges.

Now, if it should happen that both Andrews and Taft are elected, what excuse will the republican congress find for keeping New Mexico out of the Union?

A Broken Back

That pain in your back caused by lambo, stiff muscles or a strain is an easy thing to get rid of. Ballard's Snow Liniment cures rheumatism, lambo, sore and stiff muscles, strains, sprains, cuts, burns, bruises, scalds and all aches and pains. You need a bottle in your house.

Your horse gets the best care at City Stables.

See A. J. Crawford for two phaetons, two large wagons, two heavy work horses set of heavy harness, ensilage cutter and fanning mill.

Baptist Church.

Preaching on Sunday by the pastor at 11 A. M. Sunday School 10 o'clock. Young People's Meeting 7.30 P. M.

Will Require Official Count

St. Louis, Nov. 5.--Returns to Post-Dispatch from 114 of 115 counties of Missouri, 88 counties being complete, give Bryan 289,688 and Taft 290,177. Taft's plurality, 479. For governor: Hadley (Rep) 301,757, Cowherd (Dem) 286,604. Hadley's plurality 15,153. Only the official count can decide the electoral vote.

The vote on bridge bonds at Carlsbad and Artesia was a surprise to many who have held

that there is no senseless antipathy held by the citizens of Artesia against Carlsbad. As will be seen by the returns there are 110 people who pay taxes in Artesia who would wish to wipe Carlsbad off the geography and drown deep in Pecos every mother's son who lives here; while on the other hand there are only four in Carlsbad who had it in for Artesia so deep that they would not give Artesia justice, or vote as well for Artesia as Carlsbad. As to the relative merit of the two bridges the one at Carlsbad is most needed because more people ford the river here every day than would cross a bridge at Artesia in a week. The trip of four miles around where people find the river high is too much for any. All the people of Carlsbad wish Artesia well and hope to see it a good town always, but there are 110 in Artesia who seem to dislike Carlsbad. If Carlsbad loses the bridge it will still have its honor, while those infected with Carlsbaditis at Artesia will have a bridge. To the 181 in Artesia who voted for the Carlsbad bridge this paper wishes to express the thanks of Carlsbad and her people and will say that even though Artesia is infested with a number of Carlsbad haters, that this matter will not be held against the town as a whole.

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## A Dollar Saved Is a Dollar Earned

You will always save money by dealing with people you can trust.

The Old Reliable

Is at the same stand that he was years ago, and will be there when you want clothes.

CLEANED, REPAIRED OR MADE TO FIT

JACOB J. SMITH.

W. H. TAFT ELECTED  
IT WAS A LAND SLIDE

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE

Andrews by 400 to 800.

A telegram received in Roswell late yesterday afternoon from Governor Curry says Andrews' majority is between 400 and 800, and that the race between Henry Lutz and John Y. Hewitt, of White Oaks is close for councilman from the 11th district.

Chaves County.

Chaves county elected its entire democratic ticket receiving a good, substantial majority. The head of the territorial ticket and leaders of the county ticket received a vote something less than two-thirds, but the lowest majority will go over 200 when the official returns are made. All precincts have been reported, except Plainview. Some are incomplete, however. Plainview is a strong democratic precinct with a vote of about a hundred. Its returns will no doubt increase the plurality of every democratic candidate. The socialist vote was unobtainable, and cannot be published until the official canvass is made. This party vote was much smaller than expected.

All the latest books of fiction, romance and adventure at the Eddy Drug Co.

For Sale.

Tent and tent furnishings including a camp stove, cots, etc. Enquire of George Bruce.

Never a One Day President.

The periodic assertion is made that on Sunday, March 4, 1849, Senator David Rice Atchison of Missouri, who was then president pro tem. of the senate, was president of the United States "virtually." He never was "virtually" or otherwise.

In 1793 congress enacted that in event of no president or vice president being ready to succeed the first office should devolve on the president of the senate and next on to the speaker of the house. The succession was changed in 1886. Now, Zachary Taylor and Millard Fillmore were in Washington on March 4, 1849. It being Sunday, they permitted an interregnum to follow until the next day. Mr. Atchison took no oath as president, and without taking such he could not exercise the office. Mr. Taylor could have taken the oath at any second subsequent to noon on March 4. No pompous inauguration is demanded. The chief justice need not administer the oath. Arthur took it in New York before Judge Brady at 2 a. m. and Mr. Roosevelt in Buffalo before United States Judge Hazel.

The "virtually" of Mr. Atchison is visionary unless by some bolt from the blue the elected officials had been removed.—Pittsburg Post.

Willing to Help.

"I suppose old Cashman has more money than he knows what to do with."

"Yes, but his wife and daughters are ready to supply the needed information."

A Martyr.

"Mamma, have I got to take a bath tonight?"

"I'm afraid you have, my dear."

"But I haven't done anything all the week to deserve it."—New York Life.

## Finlay-Pratt Hardware Co.

## Farming Implements Royal Hay Presses Hay Stackers and All Kinds of FARMING TOOLS

## Finlay-Pratt Hardware Co.

List your land with the OLD RELIABLE  
**FARMERS LAND LEAGUE**

We are bringing hundreds of prospective buyers to the valley.

E. T. CARTER, Field Manager,  
Headquarters: Hotel Schlitz, Carlsbad, New Mex.

## U. S. Market.

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JOHN LOWENBRUCK.

## Corn fed BEEF AND MUTTON Free of Alkali. PORK, SAUSAGE, A-D ALL MEAT-PRODUCTS. FISH and OYSTERS in Season Prop.

## WANTED

YOUR PROPERTY TO SELL OR RENT.

We have 500 live agents in all parts of the U. S. and believe we can dispose of your holdings quicker than anyone. We have opened a branch office in the building formerly occupied by J. S. Crozier and would be pleased to have you call and list your property with us.

## KNOBLAUCH LAND COMPANY.

## CHEAPER LUMBER

Owing to the recently reduced freight rates and a slight fall in the price of lumber we are able to announce a reduction in the price of lumber of from \$2.50 to \$6 a thousand. The grade is just as good as ever, the price is less. We are now able to compete with yards on the T. & P. and ask the opportunity to figure with those from the Monument locality who have been hauling from these points.

## The Groves Lumber Co.

ONE WAY TO SUCCESS is to invest properly and at the right time. The "success" road is an easy one to travel when once you get started in it.

"HOUSES FOR SALE" like we offer all on the roads to success. It isn't accident brought about the ways and means enabling us to offer these bargains. We hewed the path ourselves and now offer you the benefit. Buy a home of us, as every one we offer a bargain.

**McLenathen & Tracy**  
REAL ESTATE DEALERS CARLSBAD, N.M.



## WORKMAN FIGHTS SNAKES AN HOUR

OKLAHOMAN NEAR DEATH FROM  
ATTACK OF DEADLY DIAMOND-BACK RATTLES.

### BITTEN ON HAND AND LEGS

Twenty Reptiles Surround Howard  
Jordan Working on Oil Tank  
and Battle Ensues in Which  
He Kills Nine.

Oklahoma City, Okla.—Suffering terrible agony from the bites of poisonous diamond-back rattlers, with which he fought for hours, and of which he killed nine, Howard Jordan, a tank builder near Kiefer, is in a hospital at Tulsa in a precarious condition.

Jordan was working on the Annie Stewart allotment between Mounds and Kiefer. At this point is a very rough piece of country, being a break-off of a chain of limestone ledges. For some time this ledge has been known as a den of diamond-back rattlers, and it has been difficult to get men to work in the oil fields in that section on account of the danger.

A search of the premises where the tanks were to be erected was made, and five large snakes were killed. Supposing this was all there were Jordan began work. On the day of his fight he was eating lunch at the noon hour, near the tank he was working on, when his attention was attracted by a hissing sound at his side.

He arose to find himself confronted by two huge rattlers in the attitude of springing upon him. Grabbing a piece of gas pipe, he struck one of the snakes and killed it. This seemed to arouse the other and it began circling around him, apparently to get an opportunity to strike.

Finally, Jordan drove this one away. He concluded his lunch hurriedly and went back to work on the tank, climbing several feet high off the ground.

He had not been at work more than five minutes when he heard another rattling sound beneath him, and saw no less than 20 large diamond-back



He Battled with the Poisonous Reptiles.

rattlers assembling at the bottom of the tank, and only a few feet from him.

The snakes began to circle around the tank. They coiled and struck at the tank repeatedly, trying to reach Jordan's feet, which were dangling dangerously near the snakes. He was kept in this position for more than an hour and, becoming tired, saw that he was not gaining any time on his enemies and concluded to make a dash for liberty.

Climbing down from the tank, he grabbed another piece of gas pipe and a battle royal began. He struck right and left. The snakes coiled and struck at him. In the scrimmage he killed nine of the rattlers, the largest of which was eight feet long with 41 rattles. He crippled several others, and the remainder got away.

After the fight was over, Jordan found that he had been bitten three times by the poisonous reptiles—once on the hand and twice on the calf of the leg. Jordan was alone, but expected a party of helpers about the middle of the afternoon.

In the meantime his wounds commenced to swell. Becoming frightened, he started on foot for Kiefer, several miles away. On the way he met his party. He was almost exhausted from pain and could hardly travel. A horse was hastily unhitched from the wagon and he rode into town as rapidly as he could and put himself under the care of a physician.

Jordan was treated and removed to Tulsa. He became very sick, had convulsions and lapsed into spells of unconsciousness. His condition is alarming, and it is feared that he cannot recover.

## HAS TWO HUSBANDS; KEEPS TWO HOMES

NEW YORK WOMAN'S DUAL DOMESTIC EXISTENCE EXPOSED  
IN DIVORCE COURT.

New York.—Instances of a man maintaining two wives in different parts of the city are not rare, but it is not often that a woman gets into the limelight as the possessor of two husbands with whom she lived every day in the year. Mrs. Catherine Stroebel was such a versatile helpmeet, according to undisputed evidence furnished the other day before Justice Aspinall in the Brooklyn supreme court, where Philip Stroebel was awarded a decree of divorce from her.

Judge Aspinall was satisfied by the evidence that Catherine lived with Stroebel as his wife on Stanhope



She Lived with Two Husbands.

street and with Jacob Valusee as his wife at Atlantic and Grant avenues, Richmond Hill. She was added in her dual household accomplishments by the fact that Stroebel, whom she married in 1899, is an engineer and works nights. Valusee is a clerk and works in the daytime.

The terms of Stroebel's employment forced him to leave his home at six o'clock in the evening. Before departing he would eat what corresponds to a day worker's breakfast. As soon as he was out of sight Mrs. Stroebel would put on her wraps, close up the house and hasten to Richmond Hill, where she would assume her position as Mrs. Valusee.

The clerk Valusee wound up his labor at six o'clock in the evening. By the time he got out to Richmond Hill his apparent wife would have dinner on the table for him. She would spend the night at Valusee's home and get up at 5:30 in the morning and prepare his breakfast.

Valusee left his house about 6:30. Mrs. Valusee would then put on her wraps, close up the domicile and hasten down to her home in Van Hope street to begin the day as Mrs. Stroebel. Stroebel would get home about 1:30, tired and sleepy, and wash the oil and coal dust from himself. Then he would sit down to a meal corresponding to a day worker's supper, after which he would go to bed.

The double life was discovered by Stroebel's sister, Mrs. Matty Meyers, who called at the Stroebel home one evening and found it dark. Mrs. Meyers called again and found the house closed. This time she made inquiries among the neighbors and learned that Mrs. Stroebel was in the habit of skipping away from home every evening after her husband's departure and remaining out until the next morning. She informed her husband, and together they did some sleuthing.

They lay in wait and trailed Mrs. Stroebel to Richmond Hill and saw her enter a house there. Mrs. Meyer asked a woman living across the street who lived on the corner.

"Mr. and Mrs. Valusee," replied the person addressed. "They are a strange couple. The wife goes away every morning and remains out all day. I suppose she works somewhere." And so it all came out. Stroebel lost no time in filing his divorce petition.

### College Girls Haze a Boy.

Alton, Ill.—That co-education in at least one sense is a success was proved when seven pretty-eyed freshmen of Shorttiff college gave Raymond Carr, a member of the sophomore class, a hazing that he will not soon forget. Carr was pummed upon by seven girls. The coeds were athletic, and when he was lifted to his feet his clothing was torn and his face bleeding. He was tied to a tree and tormented and then deserted. He was rescued several hours later by a professor.

### Particulars Required.

"Kitty, wouldn't you like to know something about Esperanto?" "Do you have to learn to play it, or is it something you eat?"—Chicago Tribune.

## AROUND THE HOUSE

LITTLE MATTERS OF MORE OR LESS MOMENT.

Convenience for the Kitchen. That is Easy to Make—Egg Shaker Frequently a Sensible Investment Now.



Kitchen Convenience.—Once have a dust box in the kitchen and it will become a part of the necessary furnishings. Most any other shade with regularly will give you one of the large, wooden cracker boxes that has hinges. The hinges are simply pieces of tin, and soon break, but a pair of small steel hinges and screws for ten cents and a white china knob and screw for five cents and add these to your cracker box. Then instruct the maid to empty all dust pan wrappings into the box, instead of the dust hod. Nothing should go into the coal scuttle or hot but coal and hot shells. One or two ten-cent boxes of paint will cover the box with the aid of a ten-cent brush.

Nourishing Drink.—So many now take for luncheon a non-alcoholic drink at a soda fountain and some substitute it for a breakfast. Thus, an egg shaker at home has often proved a most sensible investment. This can be purchased at a drugist supply house or procured by order of any ordinary drugist. Buy a deep, flaring tumbler along with the egg shaker. The shaker costs \$1.50 and is of white metal, silver lined and triple nickel plate on outside with an airtight cover. One strictly fresh egg, a heaping teaspoonful of malted milk, a dash of either sugar or salt, then fill the glass three-quarters full of rich milk and you have a most excellent substitute for a breakfast.

A Novel Idea.—Where discussions of either lace or embroidery are used for trimming, place a flat steel or case knife between the insertion and material. Run the scissors along the steel and you will find it will be much easier to cut the material and it will prevent all possibility of cutting the insertion.

Making Beds.—A hospital-made bed is a constant source of satisfaction and comfort. The bottom sheet should be put on and tucked in separate and distinct from any other covering and should be drawn as tight as a drum head, without a wrinkle. All ticklers must extend under the mattress as far as possible, thus if the sheet is wide, the weight of the occupant will hold it tight.

Towels.—When there is any danger of towels being hung or thrown over rails or anything metal where they may stain, sew in about three inches of narrow white tape in the middle and on the edge of the hem at each end. Fasten the tape securely only at each end by tucking in the edge and hemming being sure to fasten the end of the thread. In this way the tape lies flat beneath the hem, out of sight from the right side of the towel and never in the way when hanging, yet when needed the size of the towel in the exact middle, naturally gives and the tape is ever ready to slip over a nail or hook. All wash cloths should be treated the same way.

### Grape Cobbler.

This is best made while the grapes are rather green. Take a deep earthen dish and put in the bottom a layer of washed and seeded grapes, then a layer of sugar, alternating grapes and sugar until the dish is full. Add a tablespoonful of water and cover with rich crust. If the grapes are too small to seed readily stew first with a little water and then soft strain and sweeten to taste. In this case, a lattice crust is rather better than the ordinary whole crust.

### Poached Eggs and Macaroni.

Break some macaroni into inch pieces, rinse it well, put two ounces of butter into a fireproof dish, put the macaroni in and pour enough milk over it to cover it thoroughly, stirring it now and then. When it is nearly cooked take it out and put it into another dish, flavoring it well with pepper and salt, and pour over it half a pint of good brown gravy; then put it back in the oven again and leave it till cooked. When ready lay some poached eggs on it, sprinkle well with grated cheese and serve.

### Cook Meat in Bags.

When making broth or soup for invalids or children I always place meat in a clean salt or part of flour sack, tied or sewed at the ends. Place this on an old saucer in boiler to prevent sticking. This allows rice or anything else desired cooked in soup without danger of splintered bone, which seems to me will sink into meat chopped at the butcher's, and no matter how carefully washed, some will get in, especially mutton.—Chicago Journal.

## CACAO, THE BEAN AND COCOA, THE DRINK



CURING AND DRYING CACAO BEANS.

Cacao is the correct word to apply to a product which ranks with coffee and tea as a great and instinctively selected stimulant in the dietary of man. By using this term cacao instead of the English one of cocoa, two advantages are gained. First, the word then becomes of universal application, for cacao is the commercial and domestic term applied throughout Latin America. It has been adopted in Europe since the days of the earliest importation from the new world. It is the naturalized expression wherever it is produced in the East Indies, and will be understood even in Japan, although it offers no rivalry there to the national and native tea; second, a confusion, unfortunately so prevalent throughout the English-speaking world, will be avoided.

Cocoa is apt to be confounded with coca, the plant of Peru which the Indians use to sustain them in their weary journeys across the mountains, and which furnishes the drug salvia, both called cocaine in medicine, as a matter of fact cocaine and cacao are botanically quite different, and have nothing in common, a point that should be well known, because the fear that cocaine has a part of coca is entirely groundless. Cocoa is supposed, also, to be of the same family as the coconut, but here too the resemblance goes no further than the name; for the coconut is a palm and requires an altogether different soil for its propagation.

Chocolate, on the other hand, the choicest of life's articles, is the original cacao. In the language of the aboriginal Mexicans it means water—that is a drink from cacao, which became under the Spanish tongue cacao. The Aztec name shows that the plant is distinctly American. It is indigenous to Mexico, Central America and certain areas of South America. Emperor Montezuma was so fond of it that he had his jars of chocolate prepared for his own table and 2,000 more for that of his house hold. His use among the people was so extensive that bags of cacao containing a certain number of beans were current as money. The Spaniards carried a taste for the drink to Europe, and even today chocolate is considered a peculiarly Spanish drink.

Cacao is essentially a tropical cultivation, and is known in countries situated both north and south of the line. On the north side of the equator, the cacao countries are Ceylon, the Philippines, Cameroon, the Gold Coast, Mexico, Nicaragua, the Guianas, Salvador, Guatemala, Venezuela and the West India islands, south of the equator the main cacao countries are Ecuador, Brazil, Peru, and parts of Africa with the adjacent islands. The extreme range of latitude is from 20 degrees north to 20 degrees south. Not only is the cultivation of cacao limited to these few degrees within the tropics, but it is usually a success only in those areas in which the altitude is very insignificant; an elevation of between 200 meters and 800 meters (650 to 2,600 feet) marks the limits of the successful cacao plantations in this equatorial belt. In this respect it presents wide differences when compared with tea, cinchona, camphor and coffee, and certain similarity in environment to the coconut palm, the rubber plant, and bananas.

The cacao tree does not produce marketable fruit for several years after planting, but when once the pods can be gathered—and under careful cultivation a small crop may be expected at the end of the fourth year—the yield is a progressively increasing one until full maturity at the tenth year is reached, after which the

fruit is considered the finest and the tree may be kept in steady bearing for fully a generation.

This is all a picture of agriculture. In addition to the question of soil and shade, of protection and climate, other important details demand the constant attention of the agriculturist. These relate to fertilization, to watering, and to particular methods of this plant.

When the fruit is ripe, the pods—and a pinkish variety takes place twice a year, for the tree may have on it buds, flowers and fruit all at the same time. They are severed from the branches by skilled gardeners, who reach up to them with a long, pruned-shaped knife so arranged that it can cut off the ripe fruit without bruising any adjacent green pods. The gathered pods are left in bunches upon the ground for a day or so, when they are cut open, the seeds are then taken out and placed in the place where they are to be dried or roasted.

The curing process is as delicate as it is for coffee and tea, and upon the results obtained depend to a great extent the quality and richness of the powder sold for consumption. The older way was to spread the beans in the shallow pans exposed to the sun, and in a sense succeeded beans produced in a better article, but later methods require expensive buildings in which to bring about the result. Curing consists of two steps, the first being the fermentation, the second the drying. The object of fermentation is to remove the sugary pulp surrounding the seeds to promote chemical changes within the kernels, to convert the bitter substance into a sweet one, and to improve the color and flavor of the beans itself. All this may take from two to eight days, and only experts can tell when the proper stage has arrived for the discounting of the process. The beans are then washed as a rule, although claims are made for some that washing is unnecessary, and also reduces the weight of the marketable article. After washing they are placed in the sun or in hot air, the drying process gradually removing the bean into the finished product when the surface of the bean has a bright, reddish-brown color, the kernel a brown or chocolate color, and when the pods are brittle and show no signs of moisture on breaking.

### Sleeping Car Hat Bag.

The traveler on sleeping cars is now emboldened with a new bag of the common variety. As soon as he is duly installed in his seat the porter brings him a large paper sack, shows the traveler's hat in it and puts up the bag in any convenient place, securely closed so no one can reach the precious contents. At night the sack is pinned inside the curtain of the berth and the traveler sleeps happily in the consciousness of the safety of his headgear. Women travelers' hats are also carried in the same way—that is, some of them are. The manufacturers of paper hats have not yet reached the heights of fancy demanded by the Merry Widow hat and the new French brims of the fall fashions, hence they have not provided sacks of the requisite size. Accommodating porters sometimes make shift by splitting open several bags and wrapping them around the feminine headgear, but the manufacturers have an offer opportunity still open to them to enlarge their orders.

### Should Have Been in Olympic Games.

Not long ago a man of 62 walked backwards from Manchester market place to the Grosvenor at Buxton. He covered the whole distance of 12 miles in three hours 14 minutes 45 seconds, or 15 minutes 15 seconds under the suggested time.

In 1875 Aleksei (that was the man's name) performed the same feat in two hours 14 minutes.—Pall Mall Gazette.

### Lines of Brazilian Railways.

According to statistics just published the number of kilometers of railway in Brazil in actual operation on January 1, 1908, was 17,600; the number of kilometers under actual construction was 1,312, while plans have been approved for the construction of 6,650 kilometers more. These figures are equivalent to 10,915, 2,053 and 4,142 miles, respectively.



## NEW MEXICO NEWS SUMMARY

## Banker Charged With Crime.

A Santa Fe dispatch of October 24th says: With the police of every southwestern city and town on the lookout for him, R. H. Pierce, a wealthy banker of Alamogordo, aged sixty years and one of its richest citizens, is a fugitive from justice. Pierce is charged with assaulting two blind girls, aged fourteen and sixteen years, respectively, of the Institute for the Blind, at Alamogordo, of which institution the accused man was a member of the board of trustees. It is understood that individuals charging Pierce with the crime have been refused by the grand jury of Alamogordo and that warrants for his arrest have been issued.

Although Pierce is alleged to have committed the offense almost two weeks ago at Alamogordo, where he took the girls to the National Irrigation Congress for the purpose of showing what is being accomplished at the institution in the way of making the helpless children self-supporting, it was only two days ago that the matter came to light, owing to one of his alleged victims having made a full confession to the superintendent of the institution. The matter was at once reported to Governor Curry, who ordered Attorney General James M. Harvey to make a rapid investigation. The finding of the attorney general resulted in Pierce's summary removal from the board of trustees.

When it became known that he had committed the crime, Pierce fled. The matter has created a tremendous sensation here and feeling at Alamogordo is very bitter against Pierce and should he be captured and taken back, some violence might be committed to it is feared.

Pierce's closest friends are astonished at his action and some advance the theory that he was probably insane at the time the alleged offense was committed. These friends also believe that he has gone to some secluded spot in the mountains near his home and taken his life.

He left his home here, supposedly to go to the bank and that was the last seen of him. That he did not leave on a train is evident as he is well known and would have been easily recognized. A searching party headed by one of his sons is now scouring the nearby mountains for him.

An examination of Pierce's accounts in the bank of which he was the head, show them to be in good shape, as do also his books as secretary and treasurer of the board of trustees for the institute for the blind.

## Articles of Incorporation.

The following articles of incorporation have been filed in the office of Territorial Secretary Nathan Jaffa.

The Presbyterian Sanitarium for Consumption, with headquarters at Albuquerque. The institution will be supported by contributions from Presbyterians throughout the United States.

Brownell-Casper Company. Principal place of business at Silver City, and territorial agent, Eugene R. Casper, of Silver City. Grant county. Capital stock, \$1,000,000, divided into one million shares of the par value of \$1 each, comprising business with \$2,000. Object, general mining business. Period of existence, fifty years. Incorporators, George K. Brownell and Eugene R. Casper, both of Silver City, and Robert Brownell, of Texas Nova Scotia.

Silver City Land Company. Principal place of business at Silver City, Grant county and territorial agent, Charles L. Landman, of Silver City. Capital stock, \$1,000,000, divided into 250 shares of the par value of \$400 each, comprising business with \$5,000. Object, general mining business. Period of existence, fifty years. Incorporators, Burton J. Davidson and A. Russell Davidson, both of Pecos, Ariz., and Charles L. Landman, of Silver City.

The Kalamazoo Company. Principal place of business in New Mexico at Grants. Union, Grants and territorial agent, W. A. Davis, of Grants. Capital stock, \$1,000,000, divided into one thousand shares of the par value of \$100 each. Object, operating gold mines, plants and manufacture of ice. Period of existence, fifty years. The company was incorporated originally in Kansas and is doing business in this territory as a foreign corporation.

The Adair Company. Principal place of business at Las Cruces, Dona Ana county. Territorial agent, William M. Adair, of Las Cruces. Capital stock, \$1,000,000, divided into thirty shares of the par value of \$33,333 each, comprising business with \$2,000. Object, to engage in general mercantile business. Period of existence, forty-nine years. Incorporators, William M. Adair, Virginia M. Adair and Cedina C. Jaramillo, all of Las Cruces.

## New Sylvanite Gold Camp.

An El Paso, Texas, dispatch says: Hundreds of El Pasoans are joining with others in a rush for the new gold fields which have been discovered on the prairie in New Mexico 200 miles from this city.

The diggings are said to be the richest yet discovered in the Southwest, and there is considerable excitement here. A new town named Sylvanite has been started at the scene and already has a population of 700. Outfitting establishments in El Paso are swamped with orders from the new town, as well as by those who are contemplating going to the new diggings.

The new gold field of Sylvanite is located in Grant county, just at the edge of the Big Hatchet mountains, seventeen miles from Hachita, a station on the El Paso & Southwestern railroad, running between El Paso and Bisbee, Arizona.

Miners who have been to the scene declare that the new camp promises to rival that of Cripple Creek. Gold is said to be found almost on the surface, free gold and sylvanite, and the camp is so new that it has been impossible to do an extensive work on it as yet to ascertain the depth of the veins.

An El Paso firm purchased a claim last week for \$1,000, and was offered \$20,000 for it Monday. Today, after an expert had examined the ground, the firm claims to have been offered \$75,000 for it.

The rocks in the mountains are said to be full of rich gold values, and the earth in the ravines and valleys is yielding rich results for placer workers, who as yet have had no better method to get it out than dry washing.

From the experienced mining men of experience who have been to the scene, the gold discovery will no doubt pay out strong.

A newspaper has been started in the new camp.

## Articles of Incorporation.

The following domestic corporations have been organized and foreign corporations authorized to do business in New Mexico by filing their articles of incorporation in the office of Territorial Secretary Nathan Jaffa.

The Southwestern Presbyterian Sanitarium, a domestic corporation, having its registered office at Albuquerque and designating as its statutory agent, R. W. D. Bryan, Period of existence, fifty years. Object, maintaining hospitals and sanatoriums. Incorporators, Hugh A. Cooper and Walter G. Hope, of Albuquerque; Judge John R. McElle of Santa Fe, R. R. Larkin, of Las Vegas, T. L. Lowe, of Silver City, John Meyer, of Alamogordo, E. C. Reed of Phoenix, Ariz., and W. P. Ship of Pleasant, Arizona. No capital stock.

Supreme Lodge, Knights of Honor, a foreign organization admitted from the state of Missouri, having its registered office in New Mexico at Santa Fe, county of Santa Fe, and designating as its statutory agent in this territory, Jacobo Chavez. Period of existence, fifty years. Object, fraternal benevolent society. No capital stock.

The Clovis Chamber of Commerce, a domestic corporation having its registered office at Clovis, and designating as its statutory agent, George Singleton. Period of existence, twenty years. Capital stock authorized, \$3,000, divided into 300 shares of the par value of \$10 each. Object, commercial organization to promote business interests of the community. Incorporators, J. S. Edwards, George Singleton, Charles Schenck, E. E. Hull, W. A. Davis, Claude Miller, John S. Adair, W. H. Haxson, J. S. Fitzgerald and H. D. Terrell, all of Clovis. Roosevelt county.

## Storms in New Mexico.

In addition to having been a year of marvelous growth for eastern New Mexico, 1908 has been noteworthy also on account of the destruction wrought by wind and water in that part of the territory, says the Santa Fe New Mexican. In Union county, Folsom and Clayton suffered fatalities and great loss of property from wind and flood in Roosevelt county, Sunnyside was partly destroyed by a tornado, and now Tucuman, Quay county, reports a storm that caused loss of life and property. To old-timers this appears like a climatological change for it was New Mexico's boast formerly that it suffered less from floods and wind than any other commonwealth. But this is a fallacy. The eastern plains and mesas have been always swept by severe gusts of winds but formerly there were no towns and homes to destroy no newspapers to report tornadoes and cyclones, and therefore the impression of immunity, which, however, was only apparent and not real, has been prevalent.

A postoffice has been established at Cedarvale, Torrance county, to be served from Corona, twelve miles to the southwest and Pecos, Wells, seven miles to the northeast. Olive P. De Wolfe has been appointed postmaster.

## VENEZUELA IS EXPECTING WAR

## CASTRO REFUSES TO REVOKE DECREE AND PREPARES FOR DEFENSE.

## HOLLAND MAY BLOCKADE

## TIME FIXED IN ULTIMATUM OF NETHERLANDS GOVERNMENT HAS EXPIRED.

Willemstadt.—The Netherlands government fixed Nov. 1 as the limit of time for Venezuela to revoke the decree of President Castro, issued on May 14th, prohibiting the transshipment of goods for Venezuelan ports at Curacao. President Castro has refused to revoke this decree, but as yet, so far as is known here, the Netherlands government has not decided upon definite action. There has been much activity here of late, but in an interview Sunday the governor of Curacao said that Holland ought to have assurance that Venezuela had not revoked the decree at the last hour of the day, fixed according to the ultimatum before taking any active measure. He believed that his government had made ample preparations for any emergency, and he added that a statement would doubtless be issued Monday announcing the position of Holland and Venezuela, and what action it was purposed to take.

There is no question, however, that Venezuelans believe that the Netherlands government is preparing to blockade their ports. Advice received by the steamer Zulu from Maracaibo states that it was reported on Oct. 24th that President Castro had ordered the mobilization of 50,000 troops to be ready Nov. 2nd.

Other advice reaching Willemstadt again report the serious illness of President Castro, who, according to the report, was compelled to take to his bed on Thursday last. There was some talk, too, of a trace of poison having been found in his food.

The residents of Curacao and other Venezuelan cities look for the blockade to be inaugurated this week.

## Clerks Go Home to Vote.

Washington.—Such an exodus as has been taking place in the last four or five days from the national capital of voters entitled to the right of franchise in various states has not been known in any political campaign since that of 1896. A careful canvass of the several executive departments showed, up to noon Saturday, approximately 3,700 voters had already gone to their homes and many hundreds more left Washington that night and Sunday. It is estimated 1,500 more will leave for nearby states before election.

## Pluralities Four Years Ago.

The following table showing the electoral vote and the pluralities in the several states four years ago, when Judge Alton B. Parker ran for President on the Democratic ticket against Theodore Roosevelt, may be found interesting as a basis of comparison in the present election.

Electoral Vote.	Dem.	Rep.	Plur.
Alabama	11	11	0
Arkansas	9	12	3
California	10	11	1
Colorado	7	10	3
Connecticut	7	10	3
Delaware	3	4	1
Florida	5	13	8
Georgia	13	10	3
Idaho	3	10	7
Illinois	27	10	17
Indiana	15	10	5
Iowa	13	10	3
Kansas	10	10	0
Kentucky	13	10	3
Louisiana	9	10	1
Maine	6	10	4
Maryland	7	10	3
Massachusetts	12	10	2
Michigan	14	10	4
Minnesota	13	10	3
Mississippi	10	10	0
Missouri	15	10	5
Montana	3	10	7
Nebraska	3	10	7
Nevada	3	10	7
New Hampshire	4	10	6
New Jersey	12	10	2
New York	29	10	19
North Carolina	12	10	2
North Dakota	4	10	6
Ohio	23	10	13
Oregon	4	10	6
Pennsylvania	34	10	24
Rhode Island	4	10	6
South Carolina	9	10	1
South Dakota	4	10	6
Tennessee	12	10	2
Texas	18	10	8
Utah	3	10	7
Vermont	3	10	7
Virginia	12	10	2
Washington	4	10	6
West Virginia	4	10	6
Wyoming	12	10	2
Oklahoma	3	10	7
Total	140	220	80

The entire popular vote for President in 1907 was 13,520,521 and the Republican plurality was 2,545,515.

## Governor Guild Recovers.

Boston.—Gov. Curtis Guild, Jr., has fully recovered from the attack of gastritis with which he was afflicted last week. It is announced that he will be at his desk at the state house Monday.

## AID TO YOUNG MEN

## BOSTON SCHOOL RESULT OF OLD FRANKLIN GIFT.

Big Technical School Built from Fund Accumulated from \$5,000 Left by Noted American in Will 118 Years Ago.

Boston.—One thousand pounds bequeathed to the city of Boston by Benjamin Franklin in 1790, and held in trust for 118 years, until it amounted to over \$400,000, has been devoted to the erection of a magnificent industrial school, the Franklin Union, in which the young mechanic may be trained in practical handicraft. \$400,000 was added by Andrew Carnegie as an endowment fund.

"I have considered that among artisans good apprentices are most likely to make good citizens." So wrote Benjamin Franklin more than 118 years ago, in setting aside in his will the sum of £1,000 for the "town of Boston," to help advance "young men that may be serviceable to their country." Since 1790 when it was turned over to Boston, the sum has grown to generous proportions, and by means of it the city is now to open a magnificent structure, the Franklin Union to its deserving young men, in which unexcelled advantages are offered to become practical in their chosen pursuits.

Franklin stated in his will that the principal and interest at the end of 100 years would probably amount to about \$500,000, of which \$500,000 was then to be used, and the balance, about \$155,000, allowed to accumulate for another hundred years. He figured that, at the end of the second hundred years, the amount would be about \$29,505,000.

In making the bequest, he stated that it was in recognition of financial aid given him by his Boston friends which enabled him to begin business in Philadelphia, and which was the foundation of his fortune. That young men in similar need might have the advantage of a helping hand, and be



Franklin Union.

come "serviceable to their country." He devised that from the date of its acceptance, small sums of the principal should be loaned, at five per cent. interest, to young married apprentices of Boston. The trustees who were named by him were to be the selectmen, with the three ministers of the oldest Congregational, Episcopalian and Presbyterian churches.

The legal status of the trust, which now amounts to over \$400,000, was definitely fixed by the courts in 1904, and a board of managers appointed to control it, and expend the available fund. This board, created by legislative act and designated the Franklin Foundation, is composed of many of the foremost citizens of Boston, among them being former Secretary of State Richard Olney, and James J. Storrow, president of the Boston Merchants' association and vice-president of the chamber of commerce.

The new structure is located in the geographical heart of the city. It is a five-story, fire-proof building of steel and concrete, with outer walls of Bedford stone and brick, following the colonial style of Franklin's day. Its length of 160 feet and width of 100 feet gives ample room for the comprehensive courses of study to be undertaken.

The utilitarian features of the building include a lecture hall, with a gallery, of a seating capacity of 1,000, laboratories for every branch of mechanics, 13 classrooms, a library, etc., all equipped with the latest devices. Instructors selected from the leading manufacturing industries will train the pupils in the practical side of mechanical drawing, machine details, which means taking apart and assembling of all kinds of machinery, mechanism, or the problems of pulleys, cams, gears, etc.; architectural drafting from the builder's viewpoint; shop formula and industrial arithmetic; practical mathematics for carpenters and builders; industrial chemistry, with special reference to important commercial products; steam engines and boilers, dealing with their construction, use, and heat generation; industrial electricity, and the common application of mechanical principles. The courses are open only to those who are employed during the day.

## World's Wool Production.

The world's wool record is held by Australia, with Argentine second and the United States third.



## LATEST NEWS EPITOMIZED

FROM TELEGRAPHIC RE-  
PORTS THAT COVER THE  
WEEK'S EVENTS.

## OF MOST INTEREST

KEEPING THE READER POST-  
ED ON THE MOST IMPORTANT  
CURRENT TOPICS.

### WESTERN NEWS.

The forest service has gathered 190 bushels of pine cones from the forests near Phenix, Wyoming, and will thresh out the seeds for replanting barren areas.

Robert Hellmich, who is cycling from New York to Germany, reached San Francisco last week. He started July 14th and expects to be in Berlin next August to win the wager.

Two new steel fireboats are being built for San Francisco, to have seven monitor outriggers and twenty three and one-half inch hose outlets on each boat. Each will be able to throw 2,000 gallons of water a minute.

Mrs. Lillian M. N. Stevens was re-elected president of the national W. C. T. U. at Denver October 27th. Mrs. Frances F. Parks was elected corresponding secretary and Mr. E. P. Hutchinson, treasurer. All the other officers were re-elected.

Out of forty-five of the largest cities in the country, including New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, St. Louis and Baltimore, Denver stands first in building increase during the present year. The amount of increase is fifty per cent. During the month of September it was 112 per cent.

The United States Circuit Court at St. Louis refused to issue an injunction restraining the Interstate Commerce Commission from putting into effect an order reducing rates on cattle shipments from the southwest for ritory to Chicago, Kansas City, St. Louis and other points.

It is reported at Tacoma, Wash., that an enormous whale in the west passage of the Sound upset a rowboat in which there were three duck hunters and all were drowned. It is said the men began firing with shotguns upon the mammal when it rose to blow, and that the maddened leviathan attacked their boat.

John A. Groisler, editor of the Golden City, Mo., Register, has filed a damage suit against eight members of the local camp of Modern Woodmen for \$10,000 for injuries he says he sustained in taking the second degree of initiation into the order. The editor declares that two of his ribs were fractured and his side badly bruised, and asserts that for several days he was unable to leave the house.

A monument to Gen. Benjamin Harrison was unveiled at Indianapolis October 27th, Vice President Fairbanks, president of the General Harrison Memorial Association, presenting the monument to the people in a brief address. Little Elizabeth Harrison pulled the cord unveiling the statue of the soldier President whose last picture was taken with her in his arms. On the stand were the distinguished guests. The family party included Mrs. Harrison and daughter and Russell B. Harrison, three members of General Harrison's cabinet, John W. Noble of St. Louis, John W. Foster of Washington and Mrs. Foster and W. H. H. Miller of Indianapolis. James Whitcomb Riley read a poem which he had written for the occasion, "The Tribune of His Home."

### GENERAL NEWS.

The Aero club of London has awarded its medal to the Wright brothers of Dayton, Ohio, for their remarkable achievements.

During the government fiscal year ending July 31, 1908, 19,154,485 gallons of denatured alcohol were produced and consumed in the United States.

King Alfonso of Spain officiated Wednesday at the unveiling of a monument to the defenders of Saragossa in 1808. He was given a hearty reception by the populace.

Returns from the Canadian election Monday show that Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the present premier, who in the last house had a majority of sixty-six, will be returned to power for another five years, with a safe, although slightly reduced, majority.

Declaring the signature in a will disposing of about \$1,000,000 a forgery, the will being that of Ambrose Burbank, who died in 1904, Dr. Albert H. Hamilton of Auburn, N. Y., a handwriting expert, created a sensation in the suit against Caleb H. Burbank, a nephew of the testator, during the trial in the United States Circuit Court in New York City.

Edward Cook & Co., soap manufacturers of London, have obtained a libel judgment of \$115,000 against certain newspapers owned by Lord Northcliffe, which charged that the company was attempting to form a trust. Other firms have similar suits pending.

When William J. Bryan entered the Astor gallery at a reception of the Woman's Democratic club at the Waldorf Astoria Monday, he was klanned by two women in the presence of nearly 700 others, and narrowly escaped the embrace of a third. Mrs. Bryan was present. Mr. Bryan displayed some embarrassment.

Col. Robert E. Wing, editor and publisher of the New Orleans State, delivered at Democratic national headquarters in Chicago Friday a check for \$2,500 for the Democratic campaign fund. This brings the total of collections raised by his paper to \$22,000, which is said to be the record for popular newspaper collections.

James Kerr, Democratic national committeeman from Pennsylvania, died October 26th at his summer home in New Rochelle, following an operation for an intestinal disorder which had made him practically an invalid for a year. He was fifty-seven years old. Bryan visited Kerr the Monday before his death and the latter was much elated.

"There is absolutely, and positively not the slightest foundation in fact for such a report," was the way which Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., in the carpet factory at Hartford, took of emphatically and finally disposing of the report from Washington that he was engaged to marry Miss Carrie A. Munn, daughter of Mrs. Charles A. Munn of Washington.

The franchise under which the Cleveland, Ohio, Municipal Traction Company is operating street railway lines on a 2-cent fare basis, was defeated by a majority of 870 in the referendum vote Thursday. The total vote was more than 75,000. It is alleged that the public were dissatisfied with the service given by the operating company.

Three suits for \$100,000 each against William R. Hearst, principal, and others, were begun in the Superior Court at Chicago Saturday by Jacob J. Kern, Democratic candidate for state's attorney for Cook county. The actions, it is claimed by the attorney filing the suits, are based on editorials, cartoons and stories printed in papers controlled by Mr. Hearst and attacking the character of Kern.

The British government has loaned in London and through the British ambassadors abroad a formal denial of a rupture in the direct negotiations between Austria-Hungary and Turkey and Great Britain's intervention, together with a statement that any direct arrangement satisfactory to Turkey would, in the opinion of the British government, smooth the way toward a general settlement.

### NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

Prince Henry of Prussia, son of the Emperor, took a ride in Count Zepelin's airship Tuesday and was highly delighted with it.

The treasury Friday purchased 750,000 ounces of silver for delivery at New Orleans and 50,000 ounces for delivery at Denver, at \$9.5284 per fine ounce.

President Roosevelt was fifty years old October 27th. He worked at his desk as usual, but received a great many congratulatory messages from this and foreign countries.

Notwithstanding efforts of labor leaders to have the question decided upon before election, Justice Wright, in the District Supreme Court, postponed until November 10th consideration of the case of Samuel Gompers, president; John Mitchell, vice president; and Frank Morrison, secretary of the American Federation of Labor, who are charged with contempt of court.

Colonel James W. Pope, assistant quartermaster general, and Lieutenant Colonel George Young, Twenty-first infantry, are detailed as members of the army retelling board at Denver, vice Colonel Charles A. Williams, Twenty-first infantry, and Lieutenant Colonel George K. Hunter, Fifth cavalry, relieved.

President Roosevelt has signed a proclamation creating the Loch Katrine bird reserve in Big Horn basin, Wyoming. The reserve embraces an area of about 5,500 acres, in the midst of which is the reservoir of the Shoshone Irrigation Company. In recent years, since the reservoir was built, all manner of wild ducks have frequented this locality, and it has become a favorite breeding ground for different kinds of edible water fowl.

To man the new Western field headquarters of the forestry service recently established at Denver, Missoula, Mont.; Albuquerque, N. M.; Ogden, Utah; San Francisco, and Portland, Oregon, a party of 365 foresters, clerks, stenographers and other employees, including 120 women and from fifty to seventy-five administrative officers, will leave Washington, December 1. The chief forester and 200 employees will remain.

### TO SAVE TIME IN KITCHEN.

Few Moments Gathered in Huru and There Amount to Much.

To get best results with rice, wash quickly in cold water and drop slowly into water that is boiling rapidly. Rice prepared in this fashion will be soft and mealy, yet whole, in 20 minutes or half an hour. Have plenty of water in the kettle and drain the rice directly it is cooked—before the water stops boiling.

Save fuel by washing beans and all dried fruits until the water poured off is clear. Then soak over night, covering them with warm, not cold, water.

To get best results with macaroni, do not break it before cooking. Drop it whole into salted boiling water, cook 20 minutes, drain in a colander, coat it in the baking dish, pour cream sauce over it and finish off with grated cheese and bits of butter. Bake golden brown. You lose much of the substance in breaking it in short lengths before cooking.

Mix prunes and raisins for a supper dish. The raisins give the prunes a tang that is savory.

To make the mint jelly as popular—and expensive—at exchange and tea rooms, try this recipe: Wash and bruise a bunch of fresh mint; cover with a pint of boiling water and simmer very gently 15 minutes. Strain and, to every pint of this liquid, while hot, allow a package of ready-to-use lemon jelly powder. Add sugar to taste. Stir until sugar and jelly powder are dissolved. Mold and set on ice to harden. Garnish with fresh mint leaves.

### TO MAKE SCOURING BALLS.

Two Methods of Preparing These Useful Aids to Housewives.

Not every house-keeper knows how to prepare scouring balls. The following is a good method: Mix fullers earth and strong soda or white castile soap to a stiff paste, then work this into balls about the size of a hen's egg and allow them to dry.

To use, first remove all surface dirt with a brush after shaking, and sponge the soiled places lightly with tepid water.

Then rub gently but very thoroughly with one of these balls. The detergent should be hung in a dry place for a day or so, then the dry earth brushed off. After this, it is ready for pressing.

Another way of making these balls is to use five ounces of pipe clay, three ounces of powdered French chalk and three ounces of alcohol. This paste should be molded into small balls and set aside to dry.

If a housekeeper has any leisure time on her hands after the autumn housecleaning, she would find it a great help to make a lot of these scouring balls and have them on hand for any emergency.

### A Cure for Stained Walls.

We have a large chimney which stained the wall paper in spite of successive coats of size, paint, varnish and shellac. A paper-hanger remedied the matter by pasting sheets of tinfoil over the spot, making good care to smooth out all wrinkles. When this was thoroughly dried the chimney was thoroughly respapered. We have not been bothered with any stains since. The foil is so very thin it may be used under any paper without danger of showing through. Of course, the wall was first cleaned of the old paper.

—Good Housekeeping.

### Red Poppy Salad.

Take a can of pinapples and lay in cold water for about five minutes, then drain and cut to form four petals to represent a red poppy. Lay in center of plate surrounded by crisp lettuce leaves. Then wash a can of Barataria shrimps and spread, adding chopped celery. Mix with mayonnaise. Place a tablespoonful of this in the center of the pinapples and garnish with pinapples.

### Irish Stew.

Grease the bottom of a cooking pot; place in it four pounds of tender beef. Turn carefully until nicely browned. Then drain and avoid burning. Add four sliced carrots, four sliced onions, two leeks, six peppers, six potatoes, and one pint hot water. Simmer slowly until vegetables are thoroughly cooked, then remove. Burn spoonful white sugar till deep brown, stir in gravy, add one teaspoonful table sauce, season with pepper and salt, serve vegetables on same dish. Do not thicken with gravy.

### To Soften an Egg.

When an egg has been boiled too long, it can be softened instantly again by lifting pan off fire quickly placing under tap, and allowing a good stream of cold water to pour into it. The sudden shock from hot to cold has the curious effect of softening the egg. A splendid method of securing correct consistency for invalids' eggs.

### Odorless Lamp Wicks.

New lamp wicks, if boiled in vinegar and thoroughly dried before using, will not smell bad when burning.

# FRENCH WOMEN'S ONLY CLUB

BY ALYS HALLARD



RESTAURANT OF THE FRENCH WOMEN'S CLUB



THE LYCEUM CLUB, PARIS

A great revolution is taking place in France, an evolution which has been working so slowly and so silently that until some six months ago scarcely any one realized all that it meant.

In Anglo-Saxon countries the opening of a fresh club for women is considered of about as much importance as the opening of a fresh newspaper shop. There is a certain analogy between the two, and one merely wonders instinctively what kind of news will be circulated and what the tone of the new enterprise is to be.

In England and America, where houses are apt to become the hotels of our numerous friends, clubs are almost a necessity, if only to relieve the domestic services of the private house. They have now, too, become a fashion, so that many women pride themselves on belonging to several clubs.

In Paris the opening of a club for women, and what becomes for French women, came as a surprise and even as a shock to very many people. In the French capital this club for women is unique in France. In order to account for this fact it is necessary to explain something of the position of the French woman. English and American women are apt to consider that their French sisters are very much behind the times, and to look upon them as domestic slaves, because they have hitherto had no clubs of their own. As a matter of fact, the French woman actually needs such an institution far less than her sisters of the Anglo-Saxon race. In consequence of the extreme exclusiveness of the French high society, the French woman is not due to narrowness, as the Anglo-Saxon so frequently declares. It is rather due to that science of selection in social intercourse of which the French appear to have the secret, and which has made the French salon what it is. Outsiders, therefore, scarcely realize how great an influence the French woman wields. She has a realm which is entirely her own, a realm in which she reigns supreme.

Up to the time of the war of 1870 the public service of women consisted chiefly in visiting the sick and in providing the few poor people of whom they heard with nourishment and clothes.

During the siege of Paris and the commune the women of France were needed by their country, and with one accord mothers and daughters left their sheltered homes and answered their country's call. French women have always been extremely patriotic, and in all emergencies have given proof of their courage and devotion. For very many years after the war there was much to be done by the women of France, and the more they plunged into the darker side of life, the more they found to do. Some 15 or 16 years ago a little band of women who were all thus working for the public welfare decided to have an annual conference in order to discuss the problems they found, and help each other to solve them. This annual conference has now become one of the great institutions of French women engaged in humanitarian schemes.

For three years the French Lyceum was organized in slowly but sure manner, its forces. All kinds of material obstacles appeared in its way. Mme. Blanche-Bentzen recommended patience. "We do not like to be taken by storm," she said. "You must give this new idea time. We refuse to be rushed like Americans, and we are not unobtrusive like the Germans. We are eminently critical, and before consenting to take up a new thing we must understand exactly its aims and objects."

The following year Mme. Blanche-Bentzen died, and some of the founders of the new club began to get discouraged. At the end of three years we were a flourishing club of 200 women without even a room in an office for a secretariat. For the sake of keeping up interest in the new scheme a room was rented in the Hotel Bedford, and literary and musical matinees given, the program of which was always composed of the work of members.

Finally one of the vice-presidents of the Lyceum, Mme. Alice Wilfrid, came to Paris on a visit. On seeing the difficulties of the situation, she volunteered to return to London and endeavor to raise money enough to establish the Lyceum in Paris, and to try it for a year. At the end of that time we should see whether a club were really needed by French women and if so they could then take it over themselves. She promised to stay the whole year in Paris until the household arrangements were complete.

The organization took place last December and Thursday. The all-revered office of president. Her name had been at the head of the list given by Mme. Taine, some four weeks previously, but hesitated to let her begin her journey over all kinds of possible objections. Frenchmen had preferred waiting to see whether this new scheme ended with its first promises. The inauguration was a very brilliant ceremony. Some 1,000 guests came and the international side was well represented by ambassadors and their wives, who had been most fully invited by various members of the committee. So pleased were some of them with the idea that among the present members of the club are some of the ambassadors.

With a president so definitely capable and so universally beloved, no doubts were felt for the future, and day by day the number of adherents has steadily increased. There are now nearly 700 members, so that within a year it is expected that the French Lyceum will be able to pay its current expenses.

The president is herself a sculptress and a writer, and she is also the president of the Society of Women Painters.

She has written a play which is to be given at the Lyceum. No president could be more active and more interested. She is not only regular herself in attending all the meetings of the committee, but she urges on every member the necessity of this regularity in the interests of the club.

Two of the most interesting sections of the Lyceum are those of sewing and humanitarian work, presided over respectively by Mme. Schmidt and Mme. Chaptal. At the monthly meetings the members, who nearly all represent some special scheme for the improvement of the conditions of life, expose their schemes and show in what way other members can help them.

Mme. Delphine-Klimpe will in time form the scheme and spirituality, education, and Mme. Alphonse Bonnet is most active and energetic in collecting books for the library and reading room.

The greatest benefits of the system have already been seen in Paris. Women have come from Australia and from America, not knowing a single person in Paris, and instead of wandering about desolately and then resorting to a strange hotel, they have found a home and congenial companionship in an unknown land.



WOMAN CAMPAIGN MANAGER



Mrs. A. J. Foster, campaign manager, philanthropist and lawyer, who has been placed in charge of the woman's campaign bureau in New York by the Republican national committee. Mrs. Foster is America's foremost woman stump speaker.

FLIES CARRY GERMS

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY MADE BY GOVERNMENT SURGEON.

Tests Made by Dr. Wherry Show That Ordinary House Insects Will Transmit Leprous Bacilli—Expert Warns With Rats.

Washington. The highly important discovery has been made by William H. Wherry, surgeon of the marine hospital service, that rats have leprosy and that the ordinary house fly after feeding upon a dead leprous rat will carry and deposit bacilli of the disease. The conclusions reached are not definite that the fly transmits the bacilli of rat leprosy to human beings, but the surgeon is of the opinion that it is quite possible for the fly to transmit human leprosy from a diseased to a healthy person.

Dr. Wherry, in an important report, states that after three experiments of well-bred rats that leprosy is frequently acquired through flies. The insects gather upon the decaying rats and later bite well persons. In one instance a rat who had been bitten by a fly in a leprosy settlement died the first outbreak of the disease at the place where the fly had bitten him. The conclusions of the fly are small, but when made upon favorable circumstances carry leprosy bacilli with them, it is believed.

The very careful examinations made by Dr. Wherry at various places in California seem to confirm the theory that the fly after coming in contact with leprosy will deposit the bacilli of that disease for several days afterward. In the last few months Dr. Wherry examined 9,361 rats at Oakland, Cal., for leprosy and found 20 infected with the disease, some of them in the advanced stages. One leprosy rat was found staggering in the streets of Oakland blind and defenseless from the disease. The disease among rats is believed to be transmitted from one to the other by the bacilli lying but beneath the skin. Blood-sucking insects upon the rats carry the disease from the sick to the well, just as it is now admitted flies do in cases of typhoid fever.

Dr. Wherry found the carcasses of leprosy rats to inoculate flies. The carcasses were exposed to flies in glass jars. After many flies had been collected the jar was screened. After feeding upon the carcasses the flies soon began to deposit specks upon the sides of the jars. Examination in almost every instance showed the presence of the bacilli of rat leprosy. The surgeon found that the flies took up enormous numbers of the bacilli from the carcasses. When fed upon flies and other organs of well rats no bacilli were found.

Dr. Wherry continued his important investigations with human leprosy. At the Alameda county infirmary he captured two flies from the ulcerated portion of the face of an advanced leprosy. Within an hour after the flies had been placed in vials the specks deposited by them showed bacilli of the disease the same as in the case of the rats. For many hours afterward the

specks contained leprosy bacilli. The surgeon was even able to count the number of bacilli in one speck, using the approved methods for that purpose. In one speck there were 1,150 bacilli. Experiments upon human flies with the bacilli failed to transmit the disease to these animals. The conclusions of Dr. Wherry are that there is no certain evidence that rat leprosy and the human disease are the same although it is now well established that the plague is transmitted almost wholly to human beings from rats coming in contact with food or clothing. The taking up of the parasites by the fly does not necessarily mean that the fly also can carry the disease, but the facts are given for what they are worth. It was shown that at least that the parasites found multiply in flies and that in 48 hours the insects are rid of the bacilli.

BABY HAS MANY ANCESTORS

Fifty-Eight Living Great, Greater and Greatest Grandparents.

Madison, Ia. The distinction of possessing more grandparents than any other one of the 1,000,000 babies in the nation is believed to rest with Agnes Mount Rush Gibley, two and a half months old. She is the first born of the sixth generation.

While she lies in the arms of her great great grandmother, who does the family cooking at 95, she is believed to differentiate 58 grandparents, greater and greatest grandmothers in the following order:

Her parents, parents, their parents, 22 less two deceased, total, 8 grandparents for her tiny self.

Her great great grandmother, Mrs. Lydia Strake, has lived almost to the century which she has long guarded with her ten children, 41 grandchildren, 84 great grandchildren, 20 great great grandchildren and some great great great grandchildren, making a total of 167 descendants. She rightfully demands attention. Whether it is more honorable to count down to a posterity of 167 or reckon up an ancestry of 58 is a mooted question in the community.

Mrs. Strake has to her credit the additional fact that she sent five aid men sons to the army in 1861 and is the widow of a soldier of the war of 1812.

Increase in Oil Production

Washington. The petroleum production of the United States in 1907 was goodly, survey reports was far in excess of any previous year but the price of all grades of oil was kept at a high level.

The sensational developments were the great increase in the new Illinois field and the phenomenal yield in Oklahoma, together with increase in both quality and price in California. The total product was 168,093,225 barrels. The total value increased from \$92,444,735 in 1906 to \$129,140,749 in 1907. During 1907 18,855,691 barrels of oil were consumed as fuel by the railroads.

SEEKS WIFE IN DENVER.

New York Inventor Asks Western Mayor to Secure Spouse for Him.

Denver, Col.—Henry Schaefer, of New York, who describes himself as an inventor, writes to Mayor Speer that he can't find any home girls in that city, and wants a Denver wife. Schaefer says:

"Dear Mayor: Owing to a scarcity of true home women in New York and its surrounding territory, I take pleasure in asking you whether you can, through your office secure for me, a wife who is willing to appreciate a good, loving and true youth for a husband."

"I am 22, and this will be my first experience as a navigator on the sea of matrimony. Am sure it will be a lifelong success, as I am a young man with common practical sense, well informed, well educated, and never ill-tempered nor made easy to fly into a fury. A young woman who is looking for that kind of a man and who herself possesses the same trained habits, is the one I wish to correspond with and meet. To such a one I can assure a lifelong joy and happiness."

"Life will then be a paradise. I am an inventor and spend my time solving and planning mechanical problems, of which I have achieved success, controlling numerous patents of various designs and descriptions."

"My income is large enough to comfortably support a wife, whom I am careful to select and I walk into the matrimonial trap. I am anxious, therefore, to marry a Denver woman, regardless whether poor or rich, and wish to hear from them through your Referees with its exchange."

TWINS KEEP TOWN GUESSING.

Residents of New England Village Can't Tell Which Is Which.

Providence, R. I.—"Gee!" said a small boy who could not go to school because he had a sore toe. "You ought to see 'em. They both were brown hair, an' brown shoes, an' nose, an' you couldn't tell 'em apart. An' brown dresses, too," he added as an afterthought.

There at the school, right up there," he said, pointing out a yellow building with a flagstaff in the front yard. "I don't know no other, because it's new, an' you can't see it if I do."

Which one are you afraid of?" asked the stranger.

Both of 'em, answered the boy, disappearing in the opposite direction with an agility surprising for one with a toe sore enough to keep its owner out of school.

He was taking to chances, for either of the two young women, who teach at the Glendale school might be his teacher, and he could not tell them apart. Neither can the others in the village, and as for the children, they are at their wit's end to tell whether they are speaking to Miss Mary or Miss Elizabeth when they pass teaching on the street. They are certain of speaking to Miss Roy, for the teachers are twin sisters and so like that their mother could not distinguish between them in babyhood and early childhood, while today it is difficult to tell which is which, even when they are together and thus having conversation.

SAYS CANAL DAM WILL FAIL.

Panama Editor Insists Present Plan is Not Feasible.

Los Angeles, Cal.—That the Panama canal project as now prosecuted must be abandoned, and that the great ditch will cost \$1,000,000,000 instead of \$500,000,000, and will probably not be completed for 20 years, is the assertion made by J. Gabriel Duque, Contra American, multi-millionaire, owner of three newspapers, including the famous Los Angeles eagle, builder of Panama's new \$500,000 theater, and close friend of Lieut. Col. G. W. Goethals, chief engineer and chief engineer of the Panama canal commission.

Duque is visiting his brother in this city. He has been in Panama 32 years and knows his discouraging statement of expert knowledge of natural conditions there.

He declares the disintegrating action of the fierce sun will break the Gatun dam, release the impounded lake, inundate to form part of the ocean-to-ocean water way, and force the government to build practically a new canal in parts on the sea level idea originally recommended by noted engineers of all countries.

Invents Needle Blind Can Thread.

Edwardsville, Ill.—Miss Alice G. Bradley, of Edwardsville, has just received a patent on a needle that can be threaded by a blind person.

Miss Bradley found great difficulty in threading sewing machine needles on account of a defect in her eyesight, and worked for a long time to devise a needle that could be threaded with out loss of time.

The needle is split from near the top to the eye, which in a sewing machine needle is near the bottom. There the thread slips into the eye and the eye closes automatically and is clasped making the shank practically safe.

Gleanings of Gotham

Life in the Great Metropolis Mirrored for Our Readers

New Velvet Carpets for Mrs. Sage



NEW YORK.—Mrs. Russell Sage has new velvet carpets in her home, 532 Fifth avenue, soft, rich and beautiful, with deep, thick pile into which the foot sinks.

"I am glad," said a woman who has known Mrs. Sage for years, that she could have these velvet carpets before she died. In all the years of her married life down at the house, at 504 Fifth avenue, she had nothing except an ancient Brussels carpet on her parlor floor. It was one she had when she first went to keeping house and had those great, set medallions in it that they used to use for carpet patterns 40 years ago. The nap was worn off all over it, so that the brown warp showed through.

"When it finally got so bad that it was impossible to use it longer, matting was put down in the parlor, as it long had been in the rest of the house. She always used the old horse hair furniture she had when she was married, such as one saw in country parlors 40 years ago, and there were

great cracks in the parlor walls of the home at Forty-second street which went for years without fixing.

Mrs. Sage suffered from mortification at such things, just as much as any other woman would, and I'm glad she is able to have the velvet carpets for a few years before she dies. But they came too late to give her much pleasure. After they had all been put down and the furniture was in place, she walked through the house observing and admiring, and then sat down and cried. She said not a word in explanation, but it was easy to understand. She was thinking of all the stunted years when she might have enjoyed such things, and now she has them when she is too old to care very much.

There scarcely is a day that Mrs. Sage does not weep," continued this old friend of hers. "She simply sits and cries at the intolerable burden of having \$55,000,000 on her shoulders, at the burden of disfiguring that home forever in the way that will do the most good. She is so weary old and has a New England conscience. She wants to do just the right thing with it all, and it requires an amount of thought and study and imposes a feeling of responsibility that is hard on an old woman who only wants a quiet room to spend her few remaining years in."

Good Society Not Silly, Says Mrs. Fish



SOCIETY does none of the silly things it is accused of. I ought to know, for I lived in Newport more than fifteen years.

Thus broadly did Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish answer the criticism and attacks which have been made on the "100" by Mrs. Astor and by Mrs. Cornwallis West. She declared that society had been defamed and that the sensational stories were circulated to make us ridiculous abroad.

"Being a true American, I naturally would defend my own countrymen, wouldn't I?" said Mrs. Fish. "Mrs. West was an American woman, but she hasn't been in this country for years. What does she know of New York society? Why doesn't she come over and find out?"

"I never attended any of the extra-

ordinary social functions Mrs. West speaks of. They certainly must be funny. I wonder what they would be like? I really never heard of any of these things before.

"Newport society is perfectly sane and normal. It is high time the silly stories about it were stopped. They are absolutely false, every one of them, and no loyal, patriotic man would publish stories which belittle abroad the dignity of his own countrymen and men.

"Good society is the same everywhere, and a lady is a lady in any country. Being an American, I could not myself just as good as any of the foreign blood, superior probably to some."

"New York society, if anything, is more dignified than that abroad. I believe it is really more exclusive in some respects. King Edward is very democratic and goes about socially a great deal more than President Roosevelt does."

"I agree with Mrs. West that if New York society were to open its doors a little wider its influence might be felt."

City's Annual Coal Bill Is Enormous



NEW YORK feels more than a mere curiosity interest in the oft-repeated prediction that the coal mines of the country will be exhausted in an other hundred years, for the city is the greatest coal consumer in the world.

According to statistics recently collected the metropolis uses 25,000,000 tons annually and requires the services of 50,000 men to keep itself warmed and lighted. More than

\$150,000,000 is invested in the business of supplying New York residents with coal, and 2,000 barges and 150 tug boats are kept busy transporting it about the harbor. These barges average in capacity from 350 to 1,500 tons, and in them there is always afloat more than 1,500,000 tons. Every day there is loaded into barges in the harbor of New York more coal than is used in a year throughout the empire of China. Last year the wharves in the city handled 28,400,000 tons and this year the total promises to run well above 30,000,000 tons.

Averaging factories and small consumers at a price of four dollars for each ton, New York will spend during the approaching winter \$120,000,000 to keep itself warm.

Millionaire Sportsman to Wed Actress



JESSE LEWISOHN, who for many years was a close student of the athletic development of Lillian Russell as an actress and connoisseur in Persian rugs, is reported engaged to Miss Edna McCauley.

The romance involving the millionaire sportsman and son of the late copper king is said to have had its inception at Atlantic City last summer. Mr. Lewisohn spent the greater part of the summer there, as did Miss McCauley.

Atlantic City mathematicians, who are adepts in putting two and two together and making it six, forecasted early in the summer that the little god Hymen was camping on the trail of the tall young son of copper millions and the vivacious beauty of the foot

lights. Not that Mr. Lewisohn has not been reported engaged before, or that there was anything new in his ardent interest in affairs matrimonial.

But then, it seems, he was only slightly bruised by the shafts of Eros, whereas now the dart has ripped right through his waistcoat, a twin dart in flying a similar wound in the bosom of Miss Edna McCauley.

Mr. Lewisohn recently gave an exclusive little banquet. Miss McCauley was present and so were several of her intimate friends and several intimate friends of the millionaire. The occasion, it is said, was to serve as a farewell to single blessedness and during the height of the jolly little dinner the couple confessed their happiness and fixed the marriage day. The wedding, according to friends of Mr. Lewisohn, will be very quiet and after the ceremony the bride and bridegroom will sail to Europe for their honeymoon, visiting on the other side Oscar Lewisohn, Jesse's brother and Oscar's attractive wife, who was Miss Edna May.



## LOCAL NEWS.

Popular prices for "On The Frontier."

Messrs Rives & Hull last week sold several tracts of land including the Rightway hotel and the S. D. Clark place near Otis.

Dr. Doepp, Cicero Stewart, Y. R. Allen and Will Kerr left yesterday for a hunt out east in the sand where they expect to kill deer and wild hogs.

Andrew Lorton, a brother of Jas. Lorton, came in a few days ago to visit his brother Jim. He has been employed painting the stand pipe south of town.

Sam McNeely, the popular dry goods clerk at the E. Hendricks Dry Goods Co's., store is again able to be around after a prolonged illness lasting almost six months.

Judge J. W. Armstrong returned Monday night from a trip to his old home in Missouri. He says he enjoyed himself hugely, although it rained most of the time he was there.

E. McQueen Gray will represent the territory at the congress of American Prison Associations to be held November 14-19 as delegate leaving next Monday for Richmond, Virginia.

Homer B. Stephens returned last week from Santa Fe where he went to visit his parents after a strenuous summer on the farm they own south of Otis. Mr. Stephens is now finishing up the planting of oats on his place.

C. J. Demorest sold his place in the Otis townsite last Friday to a Mr. Drake from Iowa. Mr. Drake returned to his home and is making arrangements to move his family in the near future, and take up the improvement of this fine tract of land.

Wm. E. Ball at Loving is preparing to build a new residence for his son, Tom, who was married to Edna Nymeyer last Sunday. The residence will be built on the west eighty of the 280 acres that the Balls own just north of the townsite.

The construction of the McMillan Reservoir is now on in earnest. More teams and men can find employment, but the teams must be first class, no small outfit being employed on this work. W. O. Weaver has been on the ground looking after this work for the past two weeks.

F. L. Hopkins, the genial insurance man, has 180 acres of most excellent corn on his farm near Lakewood. The corn is finding a ready sale on the farm at \$10.00 a ton, and delivered at Lakewood at \$12.00 a ton. Next year Mr. Hopkins is likely to enter the alfalfa class and plant a considerable tract.

Samuel Augher, of Loving has just harvested his kaffir corn that will average over two ton of corn in the head to the acre. He had two acres that yielded close to three ton. Mr. Hughes has also planted much oats, being satisfied that it is a paying crop. Last year he averaged over fifty bushels of oats to the acre.

Mr. Downs is harvesting fine crops from his place below the Utilities dam this year. He has just finished harvesting his affir corn and sorghum that gave very good returns. Mr. Downs has devoted much attention to gardening the past two years and finds that it pays. Among other things he has some fine celery this season.

C. M. Swain and Mrs. Genevieve Blevins were married in Pecos, Tuesday of last week. Rev. McGee, of the Christian church officiating. Mrs. Bevins as will be remembered purchased the Rightway hotel and forty acres of land south of town. Mr. and Mrs. Swain who are both from Oklahoma, will reside in Carlsbad and will put the Rightway in elegant shape and conduct it as a homelike hotel on the American home plan.

The planting of oats continues without let up. Nearly every farmer from Carlsbad to Malaga has planted some oats, and a considerable number of farmers have sown extensively. The oats first planted are making a very fine showing. As a rule better seed has been planted this year and more of it to the acre than last year which amounts for the better stand than was obtained last season. There has been just a little alfalfa planted lately. This is late in the season for alfalfa, but if the weather continues fine the late planting may come through alright.

Indications are that the Project will be visited by many homeseekers this fall and winter. The Pecos Water Users' Association is receiving more inquiries than ever before. These letters come from all parts of the United States, and apparently are men who are practical farmers. Water right applications have been made for about 13,000 acres, leaving about 7,000 acres yet to be applied for. At the rate lands have been selling of late, it is likely that the greater part of this 7,000 acres will be in the hands of qualified people by the time the next irrigation season opens.

John Espy who carried the poll boxes to Monument and Knowles returned last night bringing besides the sealed boxes incomplete and unofficial returns from both places on the bridge bonds, the vote on delegate having been received by Bob Richards from M. S. Groves who phoned it to Midland Wednesday morning and it was sent by telegraph from there. Mr. Groves voted at Knowles as did also John Emerson, J. J. Rustin and John Espy. Everybody whether a tax payer or not voted against the bridge bonds.

Seventeen cars of cattle were shipped last Saturday by the following cow men: V. H. Lusk, 2; M. Livingston 6; C. J. James, 2; W. P. Mudgett 2; L. L. Fuoss 3; Geo. Williams 2. Mr. Fuoss Joe Livingston, John Nevinger and C. T. Calbert went to Kansas City with the cattle some of which were sold to Moody & Johnson.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Smith of Rocky Arroya, who spent a year in their old home, Wisacky, South Carolina, have returned and decided that New Mexico offers better opportunities than South Carolina. Mr. Smith will purchase sheep later.

Dr. J. D. Pettet formerly of Independence, Kansas will open the Carlsbad Tuberculosis Sanatorium for business shortly. Dr. Pettet is a brother-in-law of Mr. Blair of Malaga and comes highly recommended as a physician.

J. H. Gee came down from Elida last week and spent several days on his place in La Huerta. Mr. Gee is pleased to see the progress made here during the time that he has been away.

Mr. and Mrs. Foster and little daughter Joy returned Sunday from an extended trip to the Pacific Coast visiting Berkley and Los Angeles, California.

Mr. Blodgett, of Monument died Sunday and was buried Monday at Monument near his brother who died last spring.

Between acts you are entertained by high class specialties and Prof. Smith's unexcelled orchestra of 10 solo musicians.

The Farmers Land League last week sold 60 acres near Loving to Nebraska parties.

**A Hair's Breadth Escape.**

Do you know that every time you have a cough or a cold and let it run on thinking it will just cure itself you are inviting pneumonia, consumption or some other pulmonary trouble? Don't risk it. Put your lungs back in perfect health and stop that cough with Ballard's Horehound Syrup. Price 25c 50c and \$1.00 per bottle.

Star Stable prices are same to all.

Remember the date of "On The Frontier, is November 14.

## Obituary.

From Abilene Reporter of Oct. 27.

At 1:50 o'clock this afternoon word went out that Mrs. C. W. Merchant was dead and our city was made sad. She had been sick since January last. This good woman came to Abilene with her husband and family many, many years ago—in the Spring of 1882, coming from Bell Plain, Calahan county, where they had lived for a number of years. She leaves a husband and six children to mourn her loss besides a large number of grand children and other relatives. The children four boys and two girls are: Mrs. Ed Seay, Roswell, New Mexico, Mrs. J. J. Medaris, Abilene, and John, Lige, Will and Mack Merchant. The funeral will take place tomorrow, Wednesday afternoon at 2:00 o'clock from the family residence in Northwest Abilene.

To those who have lived longest in this section of the state the going of this queenly woman means much. She was the mother and stay of one of the most widely and best loved families of Texas. Her charities have lifted the burden from many hearts and she will be missed much. Quiet, and in late years confined to her home most of the time, her heart went out to the needy in a peculiar way. Buckner Orphans' home had in her a great friend and every worthy object found a response when presented to her. Some two years ago she and her husband celebrated their golden wedding and over 500 guests were present, many costly remembrances being sent to them by prominent friends. Hers has been a life on the frontier, so to speak. She has seen the Indian on his hunt for his white brother, but notwithstanding the hardships she has undergone it is very doubtful if there sleeps one who has really done more good. The words of the blessed Saviour, "She has done what she could", are true of her and when that is said it has all been said.

To her fond husband and loving children who are loved and honored all over Texas, the Reporter would point them beyond the skies for comfort. Wife and mother was spared long to you. God was good and from hearts grateful to Him you should thank him for giving her to you and for the long and noble life she lived. The blessings of such a life will be a benediction to you and the days will not be long before you will hear the summons come on, it is enough.

Clabe Merchant is the father of Abilene, he laid out our beautiful city and in this dark hour which has come to his life his thousands of friends extend to him and his bereaved family and loved ones the sincere sympathy of their hearts.

## Her Heart was Broken

because her complexion was bad and she could find nothing to clear it up. Ladies: a bad complexion is caused by an inactive liver. An inactive liver will be put in perfect condition by taking Ballard's Herbine. The unequalled liver regulator.

The big tent was made to order for John E. Stowe's "On The Frontier" and is absolutely water proof.

C. N. Walker, brother of B. L. Walker, who left here two weeks ago for Claremore, Oklahoma, Radium Springs is improving, word having been received yesterday his kidney trouble is disappearing fast.

## Change of Train Time

Takes Effect Next Sunday.

Train 201 due from north to arrive at Carlsbad 9:05 p. m. and 202 due going north to leave Carlsbad 5:35 a. m., connect at Clovis, with a through sleeper running between Newton, Kansas and Albuquerque, New Mexico. The standard sleeper will continue to run between Kansas City and Carlsbad as at present.

## Characters.

In "On the Frontier" Rodger Steadman, a cowboy with a secret, Bob Ralston, a road agent, Tom Beveridge, the sheriff with the quick trigger, Judge Whitford, a frontier justice of the peace, Jim Newton a cowboy and friend of Steadmans, Bill Thompson—who has seen better days, White Feather an Indian with a fondness for whiskey, Poker Pete, a Mexican renegade, Sam, a robber, Mexico, a member of Ralston's gang, Joe Hutchins, an attorney, Mary Hamilton, a school teacher, Mrs. Montmerency, a former member of New York's society, Babe Thompson, who has a mind of her own, Ethel Whitford, a Western girl.

## SCENES

Act I—Home of Judge Whitford, near Albuquerque, New Mexico.—The Accusation. Act II—Ralston's Lair, in the Blue Canyon, night. The Capture. Act III—Bar Room, Red Light Saloon.—The Punishment. Act IV—Same as Act I a year later.—The Reward.

## Queen Items.

There is not much news floating around Queen this week, for the reason that everyone is attending to their own business.

Ned Shattuck and Fred Montgomery started to the Jones round-up Thursday.

Tom Middleton and John Means left Thursday with a nice bunch of horses to ship. Tom will pay a visit to Mineral Wells before returning.

Dock Reed was up at his ranch last week looking for a bunch of lost goats.

Mrs. Queen returned from Dog Canon this week and says she spent a very pleasant eight days there.

Mrs. Andy Locklear and Mrs. Ayres were at Queen Thursday.

Walter Mayfield has at last returned from his peddling trip to crow flat.

Pliney Cochran, Jr., has gone to Carlsbad. His intentions are to work as a drummer for a drug company. He will not return before Christmas.

The jovial Fred Schermeyer was up on top last week. He reports having raised a fine crop of sweet potatoes on his farm this year.

Everything is as advertised and more with "On The Frontier."

# The Bank Saloon,

Drop in when in town

and we will convince you

We Keep

NOTHING BUT THE

BEST

WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS.

AT REASONABLE RATES

Simpson & Co. Proprietors.

Phone 14

JOHN F. STOWES

Greatest of all American Western Dramas,

"ON THE FRONTIER"



Under a Big Waterproof Tent

Seating Capacity for 2000 People

40—People in the Cast—40

Gorgeously Mounted, With Elegant Scenic Effects

An Atmospheric story of the Lone Star State before Law and Order reigned supreme

Big Band Concert at High Noon

Grand Orchestra of 10 Skilled Musicians

Doors Open at 7:30—Curtain at 8:15 sharp

Positively the Greatest Dramatic Production Ever Seen Under Canvas



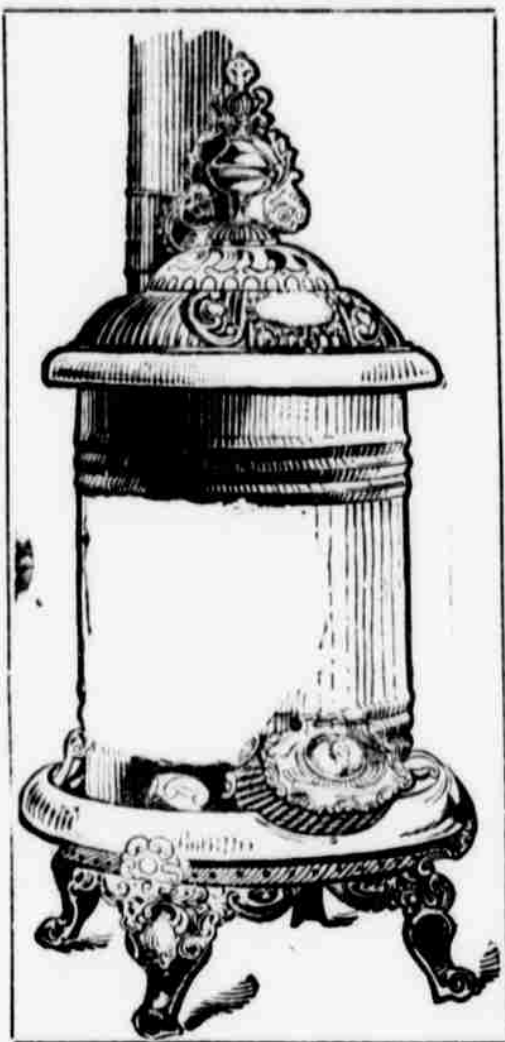
CARLSBAD, ONE NIGHT ONLY  
SAT, NOV. 14th.



# The Goosebone Man

## Says we are to have a COLD WINTER.

That means  
should be  
get ready  
buying a  
stove. If  
no one need  
We have a



Everybody  
sure to  
early by  
good heating  
this is done  
fear the cold.  
fine line of

heaters and can supply all demands from the  
Little \$3.50 cast iron stove to the larger base burner at \$60.

Stove pipe, 20c per joint. Coal hods 35c each.  
Pokers 10c each.

REMEMBER every stove we sell is polished, delivered  
and set up in your house (in Carlsbad) FREE.

# Tracy-Roberts Hardware Company.

## WHAT A WAGNER MOTOR WILL DO.

You give a Wagner Electric Motor a kilowatt hour of electricity. The Motor will—Saw 300 feet of timber. Clean 5,000 knives. Clean seventy-five pairs of shoes. Clip five horses. Run a sieve two hours. Iron thirty silk hats. Grind 120 pounds of coffee. Knead eight sacks of flour. Fill and cork 250 a pint bottles. Pump an ordinary church organ for one service. Pump 100 gallons water twenty-five feet. Run buffing wheel twenty hours. Run an electric planer ten hours. Lift three and a half tons seventy-five feet in four minutes. Run a small ventilating fan twenty hours. Run a large ventilating fan ten hours. Run a sewing machine twenty hours. Carry your dinner upstairs every day for one week. Carry you thirty times from basement to attic eighty feet. Carry you three miles electric trolley. Make you happy. A CHILD CAN HANDLE WAGNER.

THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMPANY

ASK FOR

J & E

JONSON & EDERLE Makers  
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

## CARLSBAD MUSICAL UNION ORGANIZED.

For some time past there has been talk of the organization of a chorus in Carlsbad for the study of good music. This talk has now crystallized into the organization of the Carlsbad Musical Union with a membership of over forty voices. The need of such an organization has long been felt in Carlsbad and with the wealth of material and musical ability the wonder is that this step was not taken before. The first weekly practice was held this week with Mrs. Fessenden as director. With such an able director it is expected that the chorus will make very material progress and it is hoped that Carlsbad may some time this winter be treated to a concert of classic music rendered in a strictly first class manner. All music lovers in Carlsbad, whether able to take an active part or not, should rally to the aid of this movement and assist in every way possible that it may be continued from year to year.

### Catholic Services

are held regularly every Sunday at both of the Catholic churches of Carlsbad. High mass and sermon in English at 10 a. m. every Sunday. Instruction in Christian doctrine at 3 p. m. Benediction after instruction. Mass at 7:30 a. m. every morning during week days. Mass at 9 a. m. at the church of San Jose, for the Spanish speaking natives or others, on Sundays.

Go to the City Livery Stable to get your horse fed.

## Women Who Wear Well.

It is astonishing how great a change a few years of married life often make in the appearance and disposition of many women. The freshness, the charm, the brilliance vanish like the bloom from a peach which is rudely handled. The matron is only a dim shadow, a faint echo of the charming maiden. There are two reasons for this change, ignorance and neglect. Few young women appreciate the shock to the system through the change which comes with marriage and motherhood. Many neglect to deal with the unpleasant pelvic drains and weak nerves which too often come with marriage and motherhood, not understanding that this secret drain is robbing the check of its freshness and the form of its fairness.

As surely as the general health suffers when there is derangement of the health of the delicate woman's organs, so surely when these organs are established in health the face and form will witness to the fact in renewed comeliness. Nearly a million women have found health and happiness in the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It makes weak women strong and sick women well. Ingredients on label—contains no alcohol or harmful habit-forming drugs. Made wholly of those native American medicinal roots most highly recommended by leading medical authorities of all the several schools of practice for the cure of woman's peculiar ailments.

For nursing mothers or for those broken-down in health by too frequent bearing of children, also for the expectant mothers, to prepare the system for the coming of baby and making its advent easy and almost painless, there is no medicine quite so good as "Favorite Prescription." It can do no harm in any condition of the system. It is a most potent invigorating tonic and strengthening nerve tonic, adapted to woman's delicate system by a physician of large experience in the treatment of woman's peculiar ailments.

Consultation by letter, free of charge. Address: Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, No. 231 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

## Carlsbad Dairy

Pure Jersey Milk  
and Cream Delivered  
to all parts of  
the city.

J. O. Wersell, Proprietor

## The Bank of the Creation

The only safe bank in the world. Never returns a check unpaid. Burglar proof. Will pay the largest dividends of any bank. Never refused to pay depositors. Never affected by money panic. Always solvent. The oldest banking institution in the world. The only safe bank to deposit in. All deposits guaranteed by the creator of all things and the U. S. Government. If you are interested, see

## The Holloway Land Co.

In the Mullane Building, east of First National Bank, CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO.

H. A. Houser, President

R. B. Armstrong, Cashier

## The National Bank of Carlsbad

Depository for Eddy County and Territory of New Mexico

Open an account with us and try paying by checks.

You will find it will pay.

DIRECTORS—H. A. Houser, E. F. Dopp, E. Hendricks, M. Livingston, R. B. Armstrong, J. O. Cameron, C. H. McElhatton

Middle of the Block, Next door to Post Office

NO. 5487

JOHN R. JOYCE,  
President

A. C. HEARD,  
Vice President

G. M. COOKE,  
Cashier

W. A. CRAIG,  
Asst. Cashier

## The First National Bank

Carlsbad, New Mexico

Capital and Surplus, \$125,000.

We have ample capital and are prepared at all times to care for the needs of our customers. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. No account too small to receive our best attention.

## Notice of Sale of School Bonds.

School District No. 19 of Eddy County, New Mexico, in pursuance of an election held for that purpose on August 27th, 1908, has issued \$500 school bonds, dated September 1st, 1909, due 30 years after date, with interest from date at 5 per cent, payable semi-annually, with option to redeem at any time after ten years. It is hereby given that the undersigned county treasurer will sell said bonds to the highest bidder therefor at his office in Carlsbad, N. M., on Saturday the 21st day of November, 1908, but no bid will be considered for less than 90 per cent on the dollar.

Witness my hand, this 30th day of October, 1908.  
W. H. MERCHANT,  
Treasurer of Eddy Co., N. M.  
By J. B. HARVEY,  
Deputy.

## Carlsbad Furniture Co. UNDERTAKERS

R. M. THORNE  
LICENSED EMBALMER

Telephone 70

You get the best service at the Star Stable.

Jersey cows for sale. Address, L. W. Holt, Lakewood, N. M. 49 4 times.

A place to take your best girl your wife, sister or family November 14 for a most enjoyable evening, John F. Stowe's big show, "On The Frontier."



A Comfortable  
Between  
CARLSBAD and ROSWELL



Sleeper  
ready for  
occupancy  
after  
9 p. m.

In the through PULLMAN now running on our through trains—due to leave Roswell 10 p. m. and reach Carlsbad 1 a. m.—you occupy berth until 7 o'clock in opposite directions.

You reach Roswell for breakfast



Eastern R'y of New Mexico

D. L. MEYER, G. P. A.  
Amarillo, Texas  
R. F. ROSE, Asst.  
Carlsbad New Mexico.

