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Carlsbad Current and New Mexico Sun, 10-09-1908

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The Carlsbad Current

AND NEW MEXICO SUN

SIXTEENTH YEAR

CARLSBAD NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY OCT., 9, 1908.

NUMBER 47

CARLSBAD PEOPLE AT ALBUQUERQUE

Carry off Many Honors and
Hearst Cup and Many
Other Prizes.

A VISIT TO SANTA FE

Party Highly Elated Over Their
Reception at Both Places.

The party that left last week Monday for Albuquerque to attend the big Irrigation Congress from Carlsbad, and which occupied one fine tourist sleeper was one of the most congenial character and had the time of their lives. The car containing the party went through to Albuquerque, arriving at 11 Monday night. Besides those who were first mentioned as having gone in the car, the following accompanied the party going in the coach or the car: Dr. A. A. Bearup, Capt. E. P. Bujac and wife, Judge and Mrs. Pope and three young ladies, Mrs. Avery Turner and three lady guests and Mr. D. L. Meyers. In Mr. Turner's car. Also Cuno Scheel, Link Stamp, Jas. Ford, D. Clark jr., and Arthur Linn. The train made a stop of twenty minutes at Roswell, where after much trouble the occupants secured a very bum breakfast. At Clovis the party obtained a very nice dinner and at a Vaughn a good supper at 5:30 served in a box car near the depot and where it is said a new Harvey eating house will shortly be erected. The so called town of Vaughn is about a mile and a half west of the depot and the train runs through it as if the town was a pest house and it would contaminate the passengers. The Santa Fe company it is said will build a town at the depot and endeavor to kill off the town of Vaughn, where water is sold for sixty cents a barrel and where the nearest well is fifty miles away. The citizens, about fifty people are at present supplied by the Rock Island company by purchasing a tank of water for \$25 about once a week, which they hold in a cistern until used. The other towns along the line of the cut-off each contain many saloons, Clovis being supplied with fourteen and is a town about the size of Carlsbad. Clovis is being boomed by the Santa Fe and shops will shortly be erected and it is said the town will be forced up to 8000 in a couple of years. The town has several fine brick buildings, quite a string of concrete walk and good drinking water from surface wells. Wednesday morning the party was discovered at daylight in Albuquerque by D. B. Sutherland and many were piloted by him to the exposition.

All New Mexico and several other states were represented at the congress and it was worth the price to see the exposition alone. At 9:30 the great Irrigation Congress opened in the big convention hall erected for the purpose of entertaining the congress. There was ample room for the delegates, a thousand or more and also room for about

three thousand spectators. The opening of the congress was a treat in a musical way, the Mexican National band of forty pieces playing the Star Spangled Banner, while the great gathering of four thousand standing listened to the almost perfect rendition by the celebrated musicians. After this a chorus of 100 voices entertained the audience being encored and singing until nearly noon. The address of the president Mr. Goudy consumed some time the crowd gradually making its escape while he was speaking. The Carlsbad people took in the exposition and ball game between Trinidad, Colorado, and Douglas, Arizona, that was a good one, the score being three to four in favor of Trinidad. On going into the exposition building almost the first display to meet the visitor was the exhibit from Eddy county, on the first glance was evident would carry off the honors, which it did, winning the Hearst cup, besides several other prizes. Eddy county and Eddy county people were in it from the start, a Hope man being awarded first prize for best display of apples. In other matters Carlsbad was recognized by the election of E. McQueen Gray to the newly created office of foreign secretary of the Irrigation congress, and C. W. Beeman was elected vice-president from New Mexico of the congress. R. Ohnemus was selected as vice-president of the New Mexico Association of Firemen and Carlsbad selected as the next place for the meeting of the Association and firemen's tournament. The delegates to the meeting of the firemen were: R. Ohnemus, W. G. Woerner, Wm. H. Mullane, W. M. Locke, from Carlsbad. Mr. Leonard Ruppe the president of the association will visit Carlsbad shortly and will be entertained by the firemen. The Commercial Association of New Mexico was organized and Carlsbad was recognized by the election of Wm. H. Mullane of the Carlsbad Commercial Club as vice-president of the new territorial association. E. L. Medler, of Albuquerque is the president and J. A. Graham, of Roswell, secretary. The new organization is destined to be one of the most important in the territory, its objects being to unite all the commercial bodies in a close union to advance the immigration, transportation, agricultural and live stock, mining and all other interests that look to boosting the territory.

Mr. W. G. Woerner was appointed to a position in the Great Council of Red Men. J. E. Laverty was appointed Grand Marshal in the Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. Taken altogether the Carlsbad bunch have no cause to complain of the treatment received at Albuquerque. The Red Men especially were treated royally, for after the adjournment of the Great Council the Pocohontas Sisters invited the Great Chiefs to a feast of corn and vension, it being a ten course banquet, a ball, cards and an old fashioned spelling bee. Speeches were made by Great Chief Godchaux and several

others in which Carlsbad did not fail to be represented. The next day the Great Chiefs were taken by the Pocohontas Council in autos and shown the sights of Albuquerque. In the evening of the second day the visitors were initiated into the mysteries of the Pocohontas degree. The following from the Albuquerque Journal of Tuesday shows how the visiting chiefs appreciated the treatment of the Albuquerque people:

"The visiting great chiefs were very empathic in their expressions of appreciation of the courtesies extended by the Pocohontas sisters and their brother chiefs in the hunting grounds of Albuquerque. They also desire to express through the Journal their thanks to the citizens of Albuquerque for their uniform kindness in providing for the great chiefs while in the city and desire to assure the good pale faces that should they ever stray away and be found in any of the various hunting grounds of the reservation of New Mexico that they will receive that

Carlsbad electrician did a large share of the work in this line.

Farm Notes.

Cecil Thompson has just completed planting his forty acres near Otis in alfalfa. The first pointed is already up and is making a fine stand.

William O. Roby, who purchased Pinkerton's place near Otis a short time ago has taken possession and moved on the place with his family. He has already planted twenty-five acres in alfalfa, and is starting to cut his kaffir corn and cane of which he has a fine crop.

Miss Alkire has a force of men at work on her place near Otis, planting alfalfa. She expects to plant the greater part of her eighty-five acre farm this fall.

W. B. Wilson has already planted a considerable acreage of oats on his place east of Otis. Mr. Wilson believes in diversified farming, growing alfalfa, some orchard, some garden and other crops, a little cotton, and

DRUGS ... JEWELRY ... STATIONERY

DRUGS Something we can never be too particular about—We carry only the freshest and purest of everything.

JEWELRY Any article bought at our store is a guarantee in itself—Repair work especially.

STATIONERY The right kind of stationery always denotes good taste—We carry only the latest.

The Eddy Drug Company

The largest drug store in the southwest. Drugs and druggists sundries. Agents—Pratts and Heas. Stock and Poultry Food.

genuine hospitality that only the true Red Man can give."

The Carlsbad car was run up to Santa Fe last Saturday, and the Carlsbad people took in the sights at the territorial penitentiary, the old church, the cathedral and called in a body on Colonel Max Frost, of the New Mexican, who offered the columns of that paper to the party to write up Carlsbad. This was taken advantage of and the interview will appear next week, taken from the New Mexican.

One of the pleasant features of the trip of the Carlsbad people was the parade last Friday evening in which 500 Pecos Valley people took part and was led by the N. M. M. I. band, the cadets lending valuable assistance with their excellent music. When the parade reached the Alvarado hotel Governor Curry discovered it quickly broke into the ranks saying that there was where he belonged and he continued to march with the Pecos Valley people for half an hour. This parade showed what the valley can do when united, for it was the best demonstration of the kind during the whole celebration.

The electric illumination was a fine feature and made Albuquerque light at night as during the day. Sykes the former

adds to the list of crops this year, oats. Mr. Wilson has a fine herd of jersies that have brought him good returns at all times.

G. W. Swift is planting a considerable acreage of alfalfa on his place just south of Otis. Much of his place is already in good alfalfa, but he thinks once more of a good thing.

Never Worry

about a cough—there's no need of worry if you will treat it at its first appearance with Ballard's Horehound Syrup. It will stop the cough at once and put your lungs and throat back into perfectly healthy condition. Sold by Eddy Drug Co.

Catholic Services

are held regularly every Sunday at both of the Catholic churches of Carlsbad. High mass and sermon in English at 10 a. m. every Sunday. Instruction in Christian doctrine at 3 p. m. Benediction after instruction.

Mass at 7:30 a. m. every morning during week days.

Mass at 9 a. m. at the church of San Jose, for the Spanish speaking natives or others, on Sundays.

Boys see Prof. Wells. Join boy's band.

Instruments free Boy's Band.

Cole's Hot Blast Heater will burn 1-3 less fuel than any low draft stove of same size, for sale by Carlsbad Furniture Co.

School Days

Are here and so are we
with a full line of

School Books and Supplies

Such as Books, Slates, Tablets, Sponges, Pencils, etc.

THE STAR PHARMACY

THE QUALITY STORE

Call and let us show you our line of Coles Hot Blast Heater absolute satisfaction guaranteed. Carlsbad Furniture Co.

LOST:—Bracelet. Leave at this office and receive suitable reward.

Boys learn Band Instruments.

Hamlet

had melancholy, probably caused by an inactive liver. A bad liver makes one cross and irritable, causes mental and physical depression and may result disastrously. Ballard's Horebine is acknowledged to be the perfect liver regulator. If you're blue and out of sorts get a bottle to day. A positive cure for bilious headache, constipation, chills and fever all liver complaints. Sold by the Eddy Drug Co.

DR. H. SHIVE

Formerly of Chicago.

RELIABLE VETERINARY SURGEON.

Permanently located in Carlsbad.

Treats all diseases of the horse, cow, hog, etc. Guarantees work to give satisfaction or money refunded. Residence Phone 105, Office Phone 52

DR. H. W. SELLERS

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Office, Dequ Building

Office Phone Residence Phone 86

DR. A. G. ROADLEY,

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AND SURGEON

Rooms 9 and 10, Schlitz Hotel, Carlsbad, N. M.

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CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO.

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SECURITY ABSTRACT CO. in office.

DR. HOMER F. PARR.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office in Hall & Brice building. Residence on Halaguena St., 2nd Door North of School house

CARLSBAD NEW MEXICO

E. P. BUJAC. O. H. BRICE

BUJAC & BRICE.

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law.

Will practice in all the courts of New Mexico and Texas.

Office in the Canoll Building.

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and

EX-COUNTY SURVEYOR

Twenty-one years experience in surveys of Eddy

and adjoining counties in Texas and New Mexico

ANNA S. PLUMMER

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE

PRACTITIONER

Roswell, N. Mex.

Phone 240. Res., 503 W-7th-St.

\$100 Reward.

For arrest of and conviction of any person stealing my horses or cattle.

A. C. HEARD.

The Carlsbad Current and New Mexico Sun.

Carlsbad, N. M. Friday Oct. 9, 1908

Carlsbad Current established November 15, 1892. New Mexico Sun established May 15, 1905. The two papers consolidated October 11, 1907.

Carlsbad Printing Co., Publishers
Wm. H. Mullane, Pres.

SUBSCRIPTION \$1.50 per annum

The Official Paper of Eddy County.

Published every Friday and entered as second class matter at the Carlsbad, N. M. post office.

For President.
WILLIAM J. BRYAN
For Vice President.
JOHN W. KERN, of Indiana
For Delegate to Congress
O. A. LARRAZOLO.
For Council 12th District
Wm. D. McBEE.
For Representative 19th Dist.
CHAS. R. BRICE

Democratic County Ticket.

FOR SHERIFF
M. C. STEWART.
FOR PROBATE CLERK
A. R. O'QUINN.
FOR TREASURER
W. H. MERCHANT.
FOR ASSESSOR
JOHN W. PRICE.
FOR PROBATE JUDGE
G. W. LARREMOIRE.
FOR Supt. Public Schools.
A. A. KAISER.
FOR SURVEYOR
JOE M. CUNNINGHAM
For Commissioner District No. 2
JOE H. GRAHAM.
For Commissioner District No. 3.
C. W. BEEMAN.

Democratic Convention Call.
Carlsbad, New Mexico,
Oct., 5th, 1908.
To the Democratic Voters of
Eddy County.

I hereby call a Democratic Convention to be held at the court house in Carlsbad on the 17th day of October, 1908, at 3 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of nominating candidates for the various county offices. This convention is called by virtue of the territorial laws, at which the democrats of Eddy county will ratify nominations of candidates elected at the June, 1908, primaries.

J. T. COOPER,
Chairman Democratic Executive Committee.

Attest: J. B. HARVEY,
Secretary.

It stands the Democracy of Eddy county in hand to get busy and do something to get out the vote at the coming fall election. It is said that Mr. Fuller the manager for the republican gang of Chaves and Eddy counties has offered to use his influence to get the county divided at the next session of the legislature if the people of Artesia will vote for Andrews. He has also promised to use his influence, it is reported, to prevent the division of the county if the democrats of Carlsbad will vote for Andrews. The republicans of this, Chaves, and Roosevelt counties are all talking about voting the democratic ticket in the legislative and county portions but no such talk is heard in republican counties or where the race is close in any county. Gov. Curry says he is a democrat in county and legislative matters but MUST vote for Andrews. All this is very plainly only an effort to strengthen the republican party where it is weak, for all believe that under the present scheme of districting the territory for legislative purpose there is no possibility

of electing a democratic legislature. The only place the republicans are weak is in the matter of delegate to congress and all efforts are to be made to beat Larrazolo even to giving office to democrats and promising anything in the matter of county division. If any democrats are found dealing with republicans or taking favors from them they should be spotted and attended to at the very next chance to shelve them. All leaders of the party and all candidates not on hand at democratic meetings from now on to the third of November can expect to be believed by their actions to be in league with republicans and their names will be given by this paper after the election so it can be seen who laid down and caused a light vote to be polled in Eddy county. A light vote is what the republicans are after in Eddy county for they well know that only the stay at homes can beat Larrazolo. Any apathy on the part of democrats from now on is worse than giving over to the republicans totally.

In Memoriam

Mrs. R. A. Montgomery, born at Dublin, Texas, June 25, 1875. Died at Malaga, New Mexico, Sept., 10, 1908. Aged 33 years and 16 days.

Mrs. Montgomery spent her childhood and youth in Texas, coming to the valley in 1896. She early in life confessed Christ and lived a true Christian life.

Her illness, serious from the first, was not to be combated. Mrs. Montgomery suffered for two days and then was called by the Angel of Death.

She leaves a host of friends, a bereaved husband and six small children to mourn her untimely death.

Her sister Mrs. T. C. Sanford and brother John Walker were at her bedside.

The remains were put to rest in the Lookout cemetery by the side of her infant daughter.

"What, though in lonely grief we sigh,
For friends beloved, no longer high,
Submissive still would we reply,
"Thy will be done."

"If Thou shouldst call me to resign,
What most I prize, it ne'er was mine;
I only yield Thee what is Thine,
"Thy will be done."

The Roswell Democratic Rally

If there ever was an enthusiastic political meeting in Roswell it was the Democratic rally of the Bryan-Larrazolo club in Democratic Headquarters in the Gaillard Block last night. The spacious rooms (formerly occupied by the Commercial club) were filled to overflowing and the enthusiasm was so great the democrats were not content to leave until nearly midnight. It was a regular love feast. The party spirit was everywhere manifest. The program was made out with many speakers, but the intention was to call on as many as the guests desired to hear. Nearly all had to respond and this goes to show the interest of the occasion.

Judge Gatewood, as president of the club, presided over the first part of the meeting, later giving his place to C. C. Hill, vice-president. Both of these gentlemen made introductory speeches. The feature of the program was the voice of Wm. J. Bryan, reproduced by means of a phonograph and giving extracts from some of his speeches made since he was nominated at Denver. His talk on

"The Ideal Republic" "Campaign Contributions" and kindred subjects were especially entertaining. An extract, "Immortality of the soul," from the Commoner. It was a great, Democratic gathering of Democrats and will no doubt result in great good for the party, locally.—Friday's Roswell Record.

Thomas W. Lawson Hurt in Carriage Accident.

Egypt, Mass., Oct. 4.—Thomas W. Lawson, the well known financier, was thrown from his carriage while driving near Scituate today, and severely injured by the fall and by being kicked by the horse. Mr. Lawson was picked up unconscious, taken into a nearby drug store and attended by a local physician. Later he was removed to his home, Dreamwood, in this town, in an automobile. He did not recover consciousness until late tonight. He was bruised about the head, having a long scalp wound; one eye was injured and it was at first feared that he was suffering from internal injuries.

Mr. Lawson was driving with his daughter, Miss Bonnie Lawson, in a basket phaeton behind his chestnut colt, Glorious Dougie. A passing automobile frightened the horse, and Mr. Lawson and his daughter were both thrown out. Miss Lawson escaped injury.

At Dreamwood late tonight, his son, Arnold Lawson, said that while Mr. Lawson was badly bruised, his injuries apparently were not serious.

Canada's Richest Woman Dead.

Special to All-Canada Journal.
Victoria, B. C., October 2.—Mrs. Joan Oliva Dunsmuir, widow of the late Robert Dunsmuir, discoverer of the Wellington coal mines on Vancouver Island, died here today. Mrs. Dunsmuir, who was probably the richest woman in Canada, celebrated her eightieth birthday about five weeks ago.

At the time of her death Mrs. Dunsmuir was engaged in a suit brought against her son, Lieutenant Governor Dunsmuir, asking for an accounting of the estate, valued at about \$15,000,000 left her by her husband's will which, it is claimed, was managed by the lieutenant governor until he and his brother, the late Alexander Dunsmuir, purchased it for \$400,000 a few years ago, the statement being made in the claim filed that the deal was put through upon misrepresentation.

Mrs. Dunsmuir came to British Columbia about six years ago with her husband from Scotland.

See A. J. Crawford for two phaetons, two large wagons, two heavy work horses set of heavy harness, ensilage cutter and fanning mill.

WANTED—Milk cows for their feed. Phone 106. 47-2t

WANTED—15 boys between the ages of 10 and 16 years, to learn band instrument most instruments furnished, it will only cost you \$2.00 each for tuition per month. All boys desiring to join meet Prof. Wells at Fire Hall Saturday Oct. 10th at 7 o'clock

TOMATOES, Green and Ripe
Green 10 lbs for 20 cents. Ripe 7 lbs for 25 cents. Your card addressed to Box 92 will bring them to your door. Crop nearly exhausted—Order an once.

FOR SALE—Good gentle family driving horse. W. H. Merchant.

DEMOCRACY PARTY OF LIBERTY AND EQUAL RIGHTS.

Platform of Principles As Adopted
At the Territorial Convention
At Roswell, June 10th.

Endorses Great Champion of the People's Rights, William J. Bryan—Seathing Denouncement of Election Frauds and Proofs Cited—Nominations by Direct Vote Approved—Demands Single Statehood—Position of the Party on Other Important Questions Stated in Straightforward Way.

"EQUAL RIGHTS TO ALL."
We, the Democrats of New Mexico, in delegate convention assembled at Roswell, again renew our pledge of allegiance to those fundamental principles of Democracy as originally enunciated by our first great leader, Thomas Jefferson, chief among which is contained in the famous "Equal rights to all, special privileges to none." We believe this maxim, rightly applied, is capable of solving all the great questions which are now agitating the minds of the American people: the reform of the tariff, the suppression of the trusts, the regulation of the railroads and the attitude of our government towards imperialism.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN.
We recognize that the Democracy of the United States has today many tried and trusted leaders, any one of whom would worthily fill the office of chief magistrate of this great nation, but we cannot fail to recognize the further fact that there is one Democratic leader, who, above all others, has identified himself with all the reforms now demanded by our party and who has endeavored himself to every believer in Democratic principles, and whose very name, of itself, constitutes a platform upon which the Democracy of this nation could well stand in the coming campaign—in other words we believe the nomination of William Jennings Bryan by the Democratic convention at Denver is demanded by every consideration of political principle and party policy.

Therefore, be it resolved, that the delegates to be selected by this convention to represent the Democracy of New Mexico at the Democratic national convention to be held at Denver on July 5th, 1908, be and they hereby are instructed to vote for William Jennings Bryan as the candidate of our party for the presidency of the United States as long as his name is before the convention.

REPUBLICAN MISRULE.
Public office is a public trust and no man is worthy of any office, either elective or appointive, who does not recognize the obligation he is under, not alone to his party, but to the whole people whom he serves, to faithfully and impartially discharge all of his official duties, and we condemn the Republican party of this territory for its disregard of this principle, for its misadministration, corruption and ring rule, even for that brief period of time during which our chief executive of the territory was endeavoring to adhere to and carry out some of the principles of government we advocate and endorse, and which efforts resulted in his removal from office by a Republican president.

ELECTION FRAUDS.
We call the attention of the executive and of the judicial departments, and of the people of this territory generally, to the means open, shameful and defiant frauds and violations of our election laws that have disgraced our public elections in this territory in the past, and notably at the last general election. It was conclusively proved by legal and competent evidence and was not denied, that in the coal camps of Colfax county the polls were established by the order of the commissioners of the said county on the private lands of the respective companies owning and operating coal mines; that the managers of said companies arbitrarily refused to allow any Democrats to be present at the polls in said coal camps on election day; that in some of said coal camps Democratic challengers were subjected to indignities and forcibly ejected from said camps by deputy sheriffs acting under instructions from the managers of said companies; that the ballot boxes were stuffed and the registration and poll books were padded and hundreds of foreigners were compelled to vote the Republican ticket under threats of discharge. We call attention to the fact that these arbitrary acts have been continuously practiced in Colfax county for the past eight years until they have ripened into an established system.

The undoubted record of the county of Valencia in election matters for the past quarter of a century has been a stigma and a reproach upon the fair

name of New Mexico. It is a proven and established fact that it is not even required that the voters should go to the polls in that county, but that the officers of the election board cast the ballots for all the absentees, while in some instances the registration lists are copied into the poll books in strict alphabetical order. At the last election in this county and in Torrance county, Republican ballots were substituted in place of Democratic ballots actually cast, and in one precinct in the latter county the judges of election openly refused to permit any Democratic ballots to be cast.

The foregoing instances are but a few of the many open and defiant violations of our election laws, and it is humiliating to be compelled to acknowledge that with the single exception of Mr. Frank W. Clancy, district attorney of the second judicial district, no action has ever been taken by any Republican official, national or territorial, to stop these abuses or to punish the offenders.

We demand, and if entrusted with the power, we pledge ourselves to a strict enforcement of the election laws by the courts and prosecuting officers.

PRIMARY ELECTIONS.
We are heartily in favor of the nomination of all party candidates by a direct vote of the people at primary elections held for that purpose under the auspices of the law, and hereby pledge our representatives in the next legislature to work and vote for such a law.

SALARY SYSTEM.
We believe that all county officers should be paid fixed salaries, instead of fees or commissions, for all services required of them by the government.

FOREST RESERVES.
We condemn the policy of the federal government in prohibiting the free grazing of live stock in the forest reserves of the territory, as unwarranted and arbitrary such policy tends to injure and destroy the interests of many small live stock raisers and may create a monopoly of that industry by the very few wealthy owners of sheep and cattle. The conservation of our timber in such reserves and the wise regulation of its use in order to prevent its waste and destruction is a commendable economic measure, but the free use of the lands in such reserves for the grazing of live stock, under suitable regulations, does not in any manner interfere with the proper care and protection of the timber growing therein, and we pledge the best effort of our candidate for delegate to congress to secure the removal of pasturage charges.

RAILROAD COMMISSION.
We recognize that under an act of congress the interstate commerce commission has complete jurisdiction to regulate rates to be charged by common carriers doing business in New Mexico. We charge that in numerous instances such rates are not only excessive and exorbitant, but gross injustice is done through discrimination. We therefore favor the creation of a commission by legislative enactment whose duty it shall be to investigate the facilities furnished, rates and discrimination, and where injustice is being done any citizen or community, present such grievances to the interstate commerce commission for adjustment. The commission so to be created should be composed of persons identified with the principal commercial and industrial interests of the territory and funds should be provided so that every citizen or locality may obtain just treatment from common carriers at public expense.

STATEHOOD.
We favor and demand the admission of New Mexico into the Union as a state. For about twelve years the president and both houses of congress of the United States have been dominated by the Republican party, and during all that time the people of New Mexico have been begging and praying for statehood. All our appeals have been in vain. We therefore charge that all declarations of the national Republican party in favor of statehood for New Mexico are not sincere, but made for the purpose of influencing territorial elections and we respectfully express it as our profound conviction that New Mexico will never obtain a statehood except at the hands of a national Democratic administration.

For pure milk delivered once or twice a day. See Marshall. Phone 106.

Preserving kettles, tin cans, glass jars, etc. Tracy-Roberts Hardware Co.

Slighter Cold or with Sore

When you see that kind of a weather forecast you know that rheumatism weather is at hand. Get ready for it now by getting a bottle of Ballard's Snow Liniment. Finest thing made for rheumatism, chilblains, frost bite, sore and stiff joints and muscles, all aches and pains. 25c, 50c and \$1.00 a bottle. Sold by Eddy Drug Co.

YOUTH AND LOVE.

The song—the rose—star
With youth and love rejoice;
'Tis for the young that the song is sung.
That the rose is sweet and the starlight flung;
They are naught, they are naught to the old, they say—
The old have had their day.

But above the rose I see, is a face,
And behind the song, a voice,
And beyond the star is a soul afar
Where the shimmering leaves of the Life tree are—
Where youth and immortal stay
For the old who have had their day.

—Heloise Scule, in Putnam's Magazine.

The Baby's Part

By Frances Boone Mitchell

(Copyright, by Storycraft, Inc.)

"I shall have to ask you to hold baby until I can get some milk. Poor little angel, he is about starved."
"But I—!" Ann stammered—and then gazed helplessly at the squirming piece of humanity, so hastily and unceremoniously deposited on her lap. The woman had vanished. "Well!" Ann gasped for want of anything else to say, and Ann was seldom at a loss for words. "Rather abrupt, don't you think so?" Ann smiled sweetly at the man opposite, his forehead creased into two straight lines of annoyance. "Of all the confounded limits, she was the leader!" he growled. "If I only knew where she went or how she looked I would go after her and make her take the infernal—" "Don't call the poor little thing names, Dick! See, you have made him cry." Something surely had. The deserted infant was testing the capacity of an unusually vigorous pair of lungs. "Poor little tootsie—it's hungry, so it is, but his mummy will be back in just a minute with some nice milk for the poor little starved



"So You Are the Eloping Couple?"

fellow." Ann cooed softly and soothingly—definitely she turned the infant across her knees after the time immemorial method of pacifying young humanity. "Little chap is hungry—yes, he is." Ann's voice was full of deep, vibrant caresses. The long, straight lines faded from Richard's forehead—little, deep ones appeared around his mouth. He watched Ann from under half-closed lids—decidedly this was a new and altogether wonderful Ann.

"By jove, she is a wonder," he breathed under his breath. He was almost glad it had happened. "She's got clear through," he murmured.

"Euchred!" he yelled, springing to his feet. "Ann! Ann! the train is moving and—" "Hush, Dick, he's about asleep." "But the woman—the train is moving, I tell you."

The train was surely moving—how long it had been in motion, neither knew. Ann had been absorbed in her efforts to quiet the now sleeping baby. Dick Richard lost in admiration of Ann.

"Dick, what shall we do?" Ann spoke after a long silence spent in staring at the swiftly moving landscape.

"Pitch the thing out of the window!" the masculine element growled.

"Be serious, Dick—what shall we do?—it's only a few minutes until we reach Wentworth."

"Give it to some one else," Dick suggested, brightly. "There is no one in the car to give it to." Leave it on the seat then.

"It would fall off." "Pin it on, then."

"Dick, how can you be so heartless?" "Well, we can't take it off with us," he said doggedly. "Tom is going to meet us—we can't let him see it—confounded lubber—he sees a joke in everything—we would never hear the last of it. We will have to leave it on the train."

"Richard Manning, we won't leave the poor little thing on the train, by itself—it must be properly cared for by some one."

"That some one isn't going to be us," his mother now claim it. She's deserted it." "You know better, Richard." Ann, when displeased, had a very decisive way of saying Richard. Richard realized that it was time for him to do something practical; at the same time he must appease Ann. "Of course she will claim it," he agreed. "Rather out of the ordinary, isn't he?" "Certainly his mother will claim him, Richard." Ann was not easily appeased.

"By jove, the conductor is coming. We will leave it to him."

"Good boy, Dick." Dick smiled. Ann was appeased.

In a few words he explained their sudden and unexpected acquisition of the baby. "Describe the woman." The man of tickets spoke gruffly. "We can't, you see I was looking at Ann." Dick floundered helplessly. The conductor looked expectantly at Ann. Ann blushed. "I can't, I was—"

"Looking at this young man," the conductor supplemented, grimly. "However, the mother of the child will probably wire to the next station." "But we got off there—something must be done at once—" Dick spoke desperately.

"If that's the case, so much the better." The conductor spoke more affably—he saw all the responsibility vanishing from his shoulders. "Your wife can take charge of the baby, until its mother reaches there, on the train following this—it's only 20 minutes later."

"But she isn't my wife—yet, you see," Richard spoke desperately. "We are—er—we're to be married there." He straightened his shoulders, as if he defied the entire world to try to stop that ceremony. "You see, Ann's father—" The conductor collapsed into the seat across the aisle and roared with laughter.

"So you are the eloping couple—you are Major Deering's daughter?" he spoke to Ann, between paroxysms.

"There is an official searching through the train for you—he is in the next car." Richard moved over beside Ann; his face several shades paler. Ann forgot the sleeping baby and clutched Dick's coat sleeve. "Ann—" Richard gasped. "You will not tell." Ann looked at the conductor as if to measure her antagonist. The conductor looked soberly at Ann. "I suppose I will have to"—he said.

"But you must help us; papa wants me to marry a horrid old friend of his—and there's Richard—" she paused, as if the fact of Richard's existence made further explanation unnecessary.

"Papa's friend is rich, no doubt, and Richard is not, I suppose." The conductor spoke as if he were weighing Richard in the balance and Richard was found wanting.

"Richard has his law practice; he will make plenty for us—" Ann flared—then changed tactics. "Please help us," she said. No one resisted Ann when she said please. Ann's "Please" was a word of art—Ann realized it. Richard smiled; he knew the battle was won.

Emperor an Ardent Sportsman.

Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria was 78 years old on August 13, but he is still an ardent hunter. Having settled down at Ischl for his summer holiday, the emperor has lost no time in beginning his favorite sport of deer shooting. In the first formal court shoot the emperor and his party drove in carriages as far into the mountains as possible and then took to horses. But after riding for a quarter of an

A smooth-faced individual came down the aisle. Ann and Richard braced themselves. Ann kept her eyes on the conductor in Ann's conquering way.

"You won't find your parties in this car, Jenkins." The conductor arose as he spoke. He turned to Ann. "That's a fine little chap—be sure to take good care of him," he said. Ann smiled her thanks. Ann's smile was dazzling.

"I suppose you are right, Finch," Jenkins spoke undecidedly, but if it wasn't for that baby that couple certainly fit the description. Jenkins looked searchingly at Richard. "He is about 25—tall—clean-shaven—gray eyes—brown, curly hair." He counted each from off on his fingers. The description fitted Richard. It was Ann's turn—deep blue eyes—light, wavy hair—slender—medium height—brown dress—brown hat. That certainly fitted Ann. Ann bore the scrutiny and enumeration better than Richard; she was absorbed in watching the baby's sleepy efforts to get a pink, chubby hand in a mouth fully a size smaller than the hand.

"But the baby"—Jenkins swore softly under his breath. Ann's father had offered an alluring reward to the party who stopped the runaway. Jenkins was not romantic; his was a grasping nature. "Yes, the baby eliminates them," Finch spoke promptly and decidedly. He stood so that Jenkins could pass out first.

"You will reach your station in about ten minutes; I am sure you will find your message all right," he said pointedly to Richard.

"We sure will—but it will be all right anyway," Richard spoke promptly. Ann smiled at him approvingly. "Bless the baby," she said, softly, as she gathered it up in her arms and kissed a tiny, dimpled hand.

"Same here," Richard echoed fervently. "Hang Tom and what Tom says."

WHAT NEXT?

The Latest Is Teaching the Proper Way of Entering a Church.

The sexton of one church that keeps open doors all day long didn't know whether to regard the matter in the light of a desecration or a devotional exercise, relates the New York Times. He paid no attention when the three women, watched by a man who stood at the lower end of the aisle, walked the length of the church and back again. Even when they made the trip a second time he scarcely gave them a thought, but when the trio started around the church a third time and the man called out: "Stop a little more briskly, please," he began to wonder, and presently made inquiry.

"I hope you won't be offended," the man replied. "I am a physical culture instructor. I am teaching these young ladies to walk. I have already taught them to walk in the street, in the drawing room, in the theater, and every place else they are likely to find themselves. I am now teaching them to walk in church. Very few women can walk there properly. Some lope, some swagger, some skip, others adopt a mincing gait. All these styles are very inappropriate for church. A dignified, subdued gait alone is suitable for devotional purposes. Church is the best place for pupils in walking to receive practical instruction, therefore I have brought them here."

"Great fathers!" gasped the sexton. "What next?"

But he said no more till the walking exercise was ended. Then he followed the class to the door.

"I hope," he said, "you will practice the lesson learned to-day by coming here to church once in a while."

Money in Raising Deer.

"The business of raising deer as a matter of profit may sound strange, but there are a number of people in various parts of the country who get lucrative returns from their herds," said W. G. Adams, of Washington, D. C. "A friend of mine began raising deer in the District of Columbia over 30 years ago, and has made money in their propagation. For his herds he gets \$50 each, and the does bring \$75. Deer will eat almost any kind of grain or grass, even preferring the rankest of weeds to the choicest hay. They should always have an abundant supply of clean, running water. And the greatest item of expense connected with raising deer is the cost of fencing. The fawns are usually born in the spring or early summer. Does, as a rule, have but one fawn at first, but subsequently twins are born, and in rare cases triplets."—Baltimore American.

hour his majesty was forced to walk the rest of the way up the Steinberg, 5,000 feet high. An hour's climb brought the party to the hunting ground, and the emperor shot four stags.

China's Population.

The customs service of China estimates the total population of that country at 438,214,000.

Good Jokes

THE BOASTER.

"I've never planted seeds that didn't grow. He never tried a job he couldn't do. He is always very quick. To defeat the shrewdest trick. And nobody ever humiliated him. It's a true. He's a brilliant and a wonderful success. Though I never saw him show a roll of gold."

But I'm sure he must be great. For I'm very free to state. He's very often told me so himself.

He could write an epic poem if he chose. And Frohman wants him to write a play.

He's been often asked to mix. In the game of politics. But he wouldn't use his talents in that way.

He never failed in anything he tried. He has many styles of medals on his chest. He advises public men. What to do and how and when. He's a know, because he has told me so himself.

There aren't many things that he has never done. And it's certain that he's out of all the ropes. But with all his talk and blow. I would really like to know.

If he ever tried to pick out candidates? There is one thing more I'll bet he cannot do.

And on it I'll wager now my wad of gold. I will gamble now with you. Every solitary son. He can't talk on any subject but himself.

—Detroit Free Press.

Wasted Energy.

"Ah, yes, his was a wasted life," sighed the baldheaded gentleman. "Was he dissipated? Had he antipathy for work? Was he a gambler, a lover of fast horses, a—"

"Nay, nay," interrupted the bald-headed gentleman. "None of these, but far worse. He spent his life endeavoring to raise vegetables which should remotely resemble the gorgeous specimens he had seen in the seedman's catalogues."—Royal Magazine.

HER PREFERENCE.



Mr. Shy—Are you fond of animals?
Miss Maitre—Very.
Mr. Shy—Which one do you like best?
Miss Maitre (with a faraway look)—Man.

The Lady's Opinion.

A certain member of congress from New England went to a southern state some years ago to make a few campaign speeches. It was his first experience in the south, and he had considerable to learn. One day he stopped at a farm house for dinner. "I'm sorry, m'am," he said to the lady presiding, "but I don't eat hot bread."

"Why don't you?" she asked, being quite as inexperienced in northern customs as the congressman was in southern.

"Because it is indigestible and unhealthy."

"What kind do you eat?"
"Cold bread, always."

She looked him over carefully, sizing up his scrawny form from every point of view, and after a survey she remarked with a sniff:

"Well, it seems to me that it's about time you had a change of diet."—Judge.

Another Philanthropist.

"Why don't you abolish straps and high tops on your street car lines?"

"My friend," answered Mr. Dustin Stax, impressively, "scientists tell us that unless we take more exercise we will become mere creatures of brain, with neither arms nor legs. I'm trying to stand between humanity and an awful fate!"—Washington Star.

A Possible Explanation.

Anxious Mother—Don't you know that George Washington never, never told a lie?

Sinful Boy—Maybe his mamma didn't care how much cakes and jam he took, and he wasn't 'fraid to tell her.—New York Weekly.

FOR FAMILY USE.

"John," Mrs. Mugwump began, thoughtfully, "I've been thinking a lot about you lately."

"Something nice?" questioned hubby, with hopeful infection.

"Do you know," she went on, quite ignoring the bid for flattery, "that since we have lived here in the country and you have gone backwards and forwards to the city every day, you have seen absolutely nothing of the children?"

"I don't see how that can be helped," replied Mugwump. "When I leave in the morning they are not up, and when I come back in the evening they're still in bed."

"Yes," assented the patient wife, "that is so, but you might at least send them a souvenir post card now and then."

A SNUB FOR THE SKI-PPER.



Lady Passenger—How long shall we be before we reach Liverpool, captain?

Captain (who hates to be approached by the passengers when on duty)—Don't know, m'am, don't know. Better go and ask the cook.

Lady Passenger (somewhat taken aback, but equal to the occasion)—Oh, I beg your pardon. Excuse me, I thought I was addressing the cook.—London Telegraph.

Explained.

"They don't care for expense here," said the regular boarder at the summer resort hotel. "When you call for lemonade they give you a stalk or two of macaroni with it instead of a straw."

"I was just wondering," observed the new boarder, after a pause, "why this baked macaroni tastes so strongly of lemon juice?"—Chicago Tribune.

Go by Contraries.

Baron—Your wife is a dream!
Egbert—You dreamers are contrary things, you know?—Yonkers Statesman.

SAVED MONEY.



"Did your husband have any sort of luck at the races yesterday?"

"Splendid! The railway service broke down and he didn't get there till they were over."—London Opinion.

A Heartless Wretch.

"It is our first dinner together, darling, and I have invited our old friend Dr. Safeleigh to dine with us."

The young wife was quite satisfied. The doctor came in time, was excellent company, and the various dishes, all prepared by the bride, apparently appreciated. It was not until the physician had gone that the wife grew thoughtful.

"Thomas," she suddenly broke out, "why, among all our friends, did you invite but one man, and that man a doctor, to dine with us to-day? Oh, Thomas, Thomas, to think that you were afraid to eat your first meal of my cooking without having a doctor at your very elbow!"—Royal Magazine.

THE CARLSBAD CURRENT

CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO

The Transvaal produces 400,000 ounces of gold every month.

Married life often begins with silver and ends with broken china.

If a man has money to burn, he can easily find a woman willing to furnish a match.

In the race between conservation of the forests and the floods, the floods have a long start.

At the quarterly sale of ivory in London recently a total of 8 1/2 tons was offered for sale.

In the course of a year ground worms will bring to the surface about ten tons of soil to the acre.

Edward Allen Poe has been appointed city auditor of Baltimore. The poets have not been entirely dissatisfied.

Some men are proud of the fact that they kick when anything displeases them—donkeys do the same thing.

Hanging pathos for three hours over the Niagara gorge would seem to be about the best word in balloon thrill.

Not until Gen. Grosvenor gets through firing on them can we know just what the pointers from Vermont indicate.

The Japanese world's exposition has been postponed from 1912 to 1917. This will make it impossible for a lot of us to attend.

Complaints from the Japanese about taxation should be a pretty reliable indication that no peevish ways will be speedily discontinued.

A German editor has succeeded in reducing coffee oil to a tasteless white powder. What a childlike thing is getting to be anyway?

China has now 200 newspapers with more to come. The first thing China knows it will attract the attention of the world pulp trust.

Schmitts has that no person has a perfect ear. But the politician who can get his arduous appendage to the ground is dead sure to hear things.

Uncle Sam is going to build ten torpedo boats to travel 25 1/2 knots an hour. Uncle thinks that some time he may want to go somewhere in a hurry.

Discovery of fake hoodlums for moving picture purposes tend to further shake public credulity. It is officially true that a man cannot believe his eyes.

A fine of \$100 has been imposed upon a Chicago concern for violating the smoke ordinance. This sort of thing will help greatly in clearing the atmosphere.

The tallest man in Florida is John C. King of Fort Lauderdale. He is 6 feet 8 1/2 inches in height. He is a giant. The other King as everybody knows, is one of the fools.

An air fleet is now confidently spoken of as a necessary addition to the modern up-to-date army. The only sure way of doing nowadays, is contrail-wise, to be in the clouds.

The German emperor has again declared that he wants peace and thinks he is going to have it. London journalists will regard this as another covert attempt to disarm Great Britain.

Dr. James F. Rymer, a native of Croydon, will soon gain the distinction of being the first fully qualified English physician to carry on professional work within the Aztec circle.

An improved apparatus has been made by Dr. Fritz Lang of Munich, by which the inside of the stomach can be clearly photographed. The camera is actually swallowed by the patient.

A California man has married a lady because she succeeded in fasting for 40 days. Perhaps he expects her to just sit around and look pleasant while he takes his meals out in case the cook leaves.

One can tell at a glance that Esperanto is an artificial language and not a natural growth, for it contains no profane expressions, commonly called swear words. To express his real feelings in a time of emergency each user will be obliged to draw on his own particular language.

The suffragists will doubtless be delighted with President Eliot's declaration of his opinion that women who pay taxes should vote. And from a man of his standing, it means a great deal to their cause, even though he declares for limited suffrage only. He is in danger, however, of being mobbed by the next invasion of grateful suffragettes, and then very likely he will be sorry he spoke.

PLATFORM OF IRRIGATIONISTS

WORK OF FOREST SERVICE, RECLAMATION AND GEOLOGICAL SURVEY INDORSED.

WANT TIMBER CENSUS

PROPOSE AN INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS ON IRRIGATION TO BE HELD AT WASHINGTON.

Albuquerque, N. M.—The sixteenth national irrigation congress in this city recently completed its work. There was with the adoption of the report of the committee on resolutions and the election of officers of the seventeenth congress.

The report of the committee on permanent organization was adopted with out debate, electing George H. Barlow of Texas president, collecting R. A. Fowler of Arizona secretary, H. D. Loveland of California, R. E. Twitchel of New Mexico and I. D. O'Donald of Montana vice-presidents, and creating the office of foreign secretary, to which E. McQueen Gray of New Mexico was elected.

At the closing session Friday Spokane was selected as the next place of meeting. Public withdrew her claims and the sale was made unanimous.

After a long session before the committee, the report of the forestry committee was adopted with the following:

Resolved, That it is the sense of this congress that such legislation should be had, in justice to the forest service and claimants to property rights within the national forests, as will provide for a review at the instance of any party affected, by a competent tribunal of controversies relating to homestead entries, or forest control or regulation, arising from any action, regulation, or ruling of the forestry office.

That whenever large tracts of land suitable for agriculture and which are not naturally forest, and which are not intended to be made forests and which are not necessary or proper for the preservation of the forests or the watersheds or water supplies for the purposes to which they have been devoted, lie within forest reserve boundary, such tracts should be restored to entry as public lands.

Another resolution is that bearing upon the utilization of streams for the creation of electric power and favoring the removal of restrictions upon such use.

Resolved, That the necessary rights of way, and rights for construction of reservoirs and other uses of the public lands for development of electric power should be encouraged and aided in every possible way and all such rights and uses should be granted and allowed upon equal terms with similar rights granted for the direct purpose of irrigation.

That a census of the standing timber in the United States should be authorized by congress and that the states should be urged to cooperate with the nation for the preservation and enlargement of our forest resources by adoption of uniform forest laws and that forestry, irrigation, drainage, flood protection, water storage and river regulation and control for navigation and water power should be regarded as one great interrelated subject in all legislative and executive policies.

The resolutions also sweeping in character, to the work of the reclamation service, the forest service and the geological survey, and also on congress the continued support and increased appropriations for all of these bureaus, urge the repeal of the timber and stone act, to the end that the reclamation of the public timber lands in the hands of a few great corporations may be prevented—urge the speedy creation of the southern Appalachian and White Mountain national forests, ask congress for an adequate appropriation for the use of the hydrographic division of the geological survey to determine by experiment and measurement and observation, the practical effects of grazing and lumbering on the supply of water for irrigation and on the erosion of the soil and that such investigation extend over the entire watershed, both in and out of the national forest and that such investigation be prosecuted simultaneously throughout all the states and territories of the arid and semi-arid West.

A strong resolution against free sugar is included, as are also resolutions for the creation of limitations by treaty with the Western states and territories, requesting co-operation with the national conservation commission, a conservation committee of the irrigation congress being authorized; urging that the Carey act be made applicable to the territories; endorsing the movement to hold a session of the congress in Washington in 1912; to be known as an international congress on irrigation and asking appropriations from the state and federal governments for this congress; and authorizing the present congress to appoint a committee of five to be known as the congressional committee, charged with the duty of urging the recommendations of the organization on congress.

WAR THREATENS TO REND EUROPE

PRINCE FERDINAND DECLARES INDEPENDENCE OF BULGARIA AND RUMELIA.

SEIZURE BY AUSTRIA

ARMIES RUSHING TO THE FIELD AND OTHER NATIONS MAY BE INVOLVED.

London.—Events which threaten to change the political face of Europe are crystallizing with lightning rapidity. Almost over night the horizon of the near East, which seemed gradually assuming a peaceful appearance, has become crowded with war clouds.

News has reached here from several sources that two definite strokes are impending which cannot fail to bring matters to a crisis, and perhaps force an immediate war. One is the proclamation of Prince Ferdinand of the independence of Bulgaria which will include Rumelia, taking for himself the title of "czar." The other is an announcement by Austria-Hungary of the practical annexation of the provinces of Bosnia and Herzegovina as appendages of the Austro-Hungarian crown.

Either action will be equivalent to the tearing up of the treaty of Berlin, while Prince Ferdinand's course seems almost certain to precipitate a war between Bulgaria and Turkey. Before these possibilities the quarrel over the Balkan Rumelian section of the Orient railway sinks into insignificance. Both armies are reported to be quietly and swiftly mobilizing on the borders. Bulgaria is said to be buying up munitions and horses on an extensive scale.

The Bulgarians have faith in their army, which has reached a high state of efficiency, although it is perhaps lacking in officers, and the war for which Bulgaria has long been suspected of preparing could be fought with more advantage for her now than when the Turkish government had time to reorganize its forces, which have become enervated by the corruption and neglect of the old regime.

The Emperor of Austria, it is understood, has dispatched a letter to the President of France setting forth his intentions regarding Bosnia and Herzegovina, although the contents of the letter are kept secret, and he is sending similar notes to the other powers.

It seems incredible that Emperor Francis Joseph, who always has been a scrupulous observer of forms, should reveal his plans to the rulers of other nations before he has communicated them to his own parliament. One explanation is that the letter was not intended for delivery until Tuesday, when identical notes would be presented to the other powers.

While Austria's action with regard to the provinces may not technically be called annexation, it is believed it will amount to that, whatever it may be called. Apparently the emperor is determined that the destiny of these provinces should be Austrian not Turkish. For thirty years they have been administered by Austria-Hungary, but they have always remained theoretically Turkish territory, and Austria pledged that her administration should not derogate Turkish rights.

English public opinion is with Turkey in the Bulgarian dispute, as all the powers except Austria seem to be, and it remains to be seen what the English attitude will be toward annexation if that becomes a fact.

Austria is suspected of encouraging the recent Bulgarian-Turkish trouble for her own interests, but the British government has made proposals to the two countries looking to the settlement of the railway case, and the other powers have agreed to give support to the plan, which contemplates the temporary restoration of the railway to Turkey "to save her face" and then transferance from the company to Bulgarian government.

The English press expressed surprise that Austria and Bulgaria should plot against Turkey, and asks if the great powers will submit to having obstacles placed in the way of the regeneration of Turkey.

Battleships Ride Out Typhoon.

Manila.—The Atlantic battleship fleet safely outlasted a hurricane which swept Manila bay for twelve hours and did much damage ashore. Typhoon signals were displayed early Sunday morning, but the storm broke over the bay suddenly and unexpectedly at noon. It was impossible to hoist the cutters and launches belonging to the fleet, because of the danger of smashing them against the steel sides of the battleships, and the little craft were sent scurrying inside the breakwater into the Pasig river, where they remained all night.

NEW MEXICO NEWS SUMMARY

Articles of Incorporation.

The following articles of incorporation have been filed in the office of Territorial Secretary Nathan Jaffa:

The Dayton Gas and Oil Company; principal place of business, Dayton, Eddy county; agent, Joe J. Boyd; object, to prospect for gas and oil and develop the same; to erect oil refineries and refine oil; to construct pipe lines, etc.; Capital stock, \$500,000, divided into 500,000 shares of the par value of \$1.00 each; incorporators, I. C. Roberts, J. R. Creath, R. J. Bigelow, M. B. Culpepper, C. E. Mathews, I. E. Slath, W. C. Lawrence, all of Dayton, and Joe J. Boyd of Lake Arthur.

The Rex Realty Company; principal place of business, Dayton, Eddy county; agent, Ferd A. Berry; object, to locate, make entry, lease, buy, sell and in all other lawful ways acquire and hold lands, etc.; Capital stock, \$25,000, divided into 25,000 shares of the par value of \$1.00 each; existence, fifty years; incorporators, John C. Platt, Mallory B. Culpepper, William C. Lawrence, Ferd A. Berry, Isaac C. Roberts, all of Dayton, and Joe J. Boyd, Isaac C. Roberts, both of Lake Arthur.

The Royal Neighbors of America, auxiliary of the Modern Woodmen of America, fraternal beneficiary society, have entered New Mexico and their articles of incorporation were filed this week. Principal office in New Mexico at Santa Fe, Santa Fe county; agent, Jacobo Chavez of Santa Fe; object, fraternal beneficiary society, insurance on lives or its members. No capital.

The Las Vegas Roller Mill; principal place of business at Las Vegas, San Miguel county; territorial agent, E. J. McWenig, at Las Vegas; Capital stock, \$50,000, divided into 500 shares of the par value of \$100, commencing business with \$20,000; period of existence, fifty years; object, milling business; incorporators, E. D. Reynolds, Hallett Reynolds and E. J. McWenig, all of East Las Vegas.

Water Rights Approved.

The following applications for water rights have been approved by Territorial Engineer Vernon L. Sullivan:

No. 176—Charles H. Bond and W. R. Martin of Alamo, Union county, which calls for two second feet of water for the irrigation of 149 acres of land. This appropriation is from the Ute creek and the time limit for the beneficial use was set for November 25, 1910. The cost of the works is \$2,000.

No. 189—The application of the Aztec Ditch Company, of Aztec, is for an extension of their old ditch. This ditch has been in operation for the past twenty years, but was found to be inadequate for the present needs and an enlargement of 30.95 second feet of water was asked. The appropriation is made from the Animas river in San Juan county and will go to irrigate 2,200 acres of rich agricultural land. The cost of the works is \$8,000. In the approval of the same the territorial engineer limited the appropriation to 22 acre feet.

No. 43—By Charles Springer of Cimarron, for water from the South Pond creek. This adds another irrigation project to Colfax county, which is now one of the foremost counties in irrigation farming. Mr. Springer estimates the cost of his proposition to be \$25,000. It will irrigate 2,800 acres of land.

No. 114—The application of Luis A. Sanchez, of Harney, Union county, is a small project of 165 acres. Such appropriation is from the Pinerettas creek.

No. 172—The Estancia valley is not entirely a dry farming district, for the application of H. L. Porter of Estancia calls for water to irrigate 178.6 acres of valley land. This appropriation of 2.5 feet is from Torreon Arroyo and will be constructed at a cost of \$350. This is one of the first applications approved for the Estancia valley.

No. 175—W. Elmer Sperry of Raton, contemplates irrigating 200 acres by an appropriation of 2.5 second feet of water from Polcoo creek at a cost of \$400.

Postoffice Changes.

Star mail service from Thornton to Cochiti, Sandoval county, will be discontinued on September 30th.

The postoffice at Knowles, Eddy county, has been moved one-half mile southeast of its former location.

Emil Gilg has been appointed as postmaster at Alamo, Union county, and James M. Harper, at Red Rock, Grant county.

The postoffice at Senorita, Sandoval county, has been re-established.

The postoffice at Telles, Dona Ana county, which was ordered discontinued some time ago, has been re-established.

The postoffice at Romero, San Miguel county, has been discontinued, and mail addressed to it will be sent to East Las Vegas.

The postoffice at Pagnate, Valencia county, has been discontinued and mail addressed to it will go to Laguna.

Socorro County Fair.

In a communication to the Santa Fe New Mexican, Judge A. L. Morrison has this to say in regard to the Socorro fair:

"The horticultural, agricultural and artistic exhibits were creditable in the highest degree to all concerned. I do not think I ever saw a more beautiful pear and apple display anywhere else in the country, and as for corn, you know I am a citizen of Illinois, which claims to be the corn state of the Union, but Socorro county can challenge the richest fields of the sucker state to produce such corn as is now on exhibition down there. Some of the stalks must have measured at least ten feet in height and the ears were worthy to grow on such splendid stalks. There were also fine specimens of sorghum, tomatoes, pumpkins and other vegetable productions, and I am glad to say that some of them were grown by the new system of 'dry farming,' which with irrigation, will solve the problem of the arid parts of the country and will make the desert bloom like the Rose of Sharon."

New Incorporations.

The following articles of incorporation have been filed in the office of the territorial secretary, Nathan Jaffa:

The Cimarron Valley Coal Company, principal place of business Raton, Colfax county; agent, W. W. Bonson of Raton; object, mining, milling and concentrating of coal, iron, steel, etc.; Capital stock, \$5,000,000, divided into 500,000 shares of the par value of \$10 each. Twenty thousand dollars of the capital stock is now sold and outstanding; existence, fifty years; incorporators, W. W. Bonson of Raton, J. M. McDonald of Lipcomb, Texas; Fred L. Burch, Charles E. Wherritt and W. E. Goldman, all of Clayton, New Mexico.

The Montosa Sheep Company; principal place of business, Albuquerque, Bernalillo county; agent, R. R. Pollock, of Albuquerque; object, to purchase, own, handle and dispose of sheep, cattle, horses, goats and other domestic animals; to buy and sell minerals, timber, agricultural and pasture lands, etc.; Capital stock, \$100,000, divided into 1,000 shares of the par value of \$100 each. Existence, twenty-five years; incorporators, T. E. Pollock of Flagstaff, Arizona; J. L. Davis of Magdalena, New Mexico, and R. R. Pollock of Albuquerque.

Protect Crops Against Live Stock.

A Grady correspondent says: There has been a great deal of discord among the farmers this summer due to live-stock running at large and damaging the crops of the farmers. Some contended there was no law protecting one's crops from the ravages of live-stock. On the 14th there was a test or example case of the matter made. C. C. Davidson, an attorney of Tucuman, appeared for the plaintiff and to the satisfaction of all showed that there was a law protecting growing crops from the ravages of loose stock. It is always the experience that in new countries the settler contends there is no law, but just as soon as the various parts of the country are thoroughly organized they find out the difference. It will be well to remember that the laws are here, and that they are as good as are found in a number of the states from whence the settlers came.

Train Has Narrow Escape.

A Santa Fe dispatch of September 27th says: The Denver & Rio Grande passenger train from Antonio, Colorado, to Santa Fe, with thirty passengers from Colorado points and the campaigning party of Delegate W. H. Andrews, including himself, ex-Gov. M. A. Otero, ex-Gov. L. Bradford Prince, Supreme Court Clerk J. D. Senn, jumped the track last night at Tres Piedras, Taos county, and stopped on the very brink of a steep bank. A number of the passengers jumped and sustained slight contusions, while those who remained on the train received a severe shaking up, but no serious casualty occurred.

A broken rail caused the accident, which, but for the fact that the train was running at slow speed, would probably have resulted in a catastrophe. Traffic was delayed six hours by the accident.

Helping the Blind.

Superintendent McGill of the New Mexico Institute for the Blind at Alamogordo, writes to the New Mexican as follows:

"We have a town full of friends here for the school and every one I meet from other parts of the territory seems to be interested in us. Our pupils who have been here for some time go and come from school to their homes without trouble, and it seems a pity that so many children in far-away homes who have never been to school cannot be brought here and taught. You see their parents have regarded them as perfectly helpless for so long that they will not give them up in order to let them leave school to come here."

LATEST NEWS EPITOMIZED

FROM TELEGRAPHIC REPORTS THAT COVER THE
WEEK'S EVENTS.

OF MOST INTEREST

KEEPING THE READER POST-
ED ON MOST IMPORTANT
CURRENT TOPICS.

WESTERN NEWS.

Heavy rains have extinguished the forest fires in northern Michigan and Wisconsin.

Pleased with the results given by a motor police patrol, Los Angeles has ordered another, which will be the largest in service in the United States.

Minnesota motorists are facing a hard fight in the legislature for the revision of automobile laws, there being a general demand for the re-establishment of the system of state registration abandoned two years ago.

Ten thousand school children in Chicago are insufficiently nourished, some live constantly on the verge of starvation, and many are not sufficiently clad to keep them in healthy condition, according to a report just made to the board of education.

Operating officials of the Canadian Pacific Railroad deny the report that inefficient motive power on their road has caused a congestion of wheat along the western end of the line. In fact, 200 cars a day are now being handled in excess of those moved last year.

The surveyors general of Utah, Colorado, Nevada, Oregon, Washington, Montana and Wyoming have been invited by D. A. Ufer, surveyor general of Idaho, to meet at Boise at a date to be fixed later, to consider the adoption of a uniform system of conducting their work.

Representative Kinsely, in the Indiana Legislature, having charged Governor Hanly with making him an offer of a \$2,000 position if he would support the county local option bill, the governor immediately read a message to the Legislature demanding that a committee be appointed to investigate the charge.

The committee appointed by the lower house of the Indiana legislature, which has been investigating charges made against Governor Hanly by Representative Kinsely, that the governor had tried to influence his vote in favor of the county option bill by offering him a position, reported to the house, completely exonerating the governor.

After exhaustive experiments conducted through a long period, the management of the Harriman lines has decided to adopt steel constructed passenger cars over the entire system of roads. As a starter in this direction, an order has been given by the Pullman company at Chicago to the Harriman people for 220 steel passenger cars of miscellaneous types.

Plans for the new \$20,000,000 passenger depot of the Chicago & Northwestern railroad, to be built at McKendzie and Madison streets, in Chicago, have just been completed. Work on the structure will begin in a short time. The present station of the Chicago & Northwestern has a capacity of 50,000 people a day. The new station will be able to accommodate 250,000.

William Randolph Hearst and Thomas L. Hise, candidate for President on the Independence party ticket, drew an immense audience at the Denver auditorium on the 20th ult., but there was little in the demonstration to indicate sympathy with the new party. An uncompromising allusion to the late President Cleveland by Joseph R. Buchanan, who was the first speaker, awakened a storm of disapproval.

The Supreme Court of Wisconsin has declared an unconstitutional the Wisconsin eight-hour railroad telegraphers' law which was enacted in 1907. The law is declared unconstitutional on the theory that it is in conflict with the provisions of the federal constitution, which clothes congress with the power to regulate interstate commerce, and further on the theory that congress, having already provided a law fixing the hours of railway telegraphers, it was not within the power of the state to enact a law which would in effect change these hours of labor.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Atlantic battleship fleet entered the harbor at Manila on the 2d inst.

In the Quarter Sessions Court at Philadelphia, Judge Wiltbank fined William J. F. Reynolds \$25 for having written a letter thanking the judge for the manner in which he dismissed a perjury charge against him.

The Prussian Academy of Sciences, an association of eminent men under the patronage of the government, has inherited \$7,500,000 from a banker named Sampson, to be expended for scientific purposes.

The Nationalization of British railways is being much agitated in London. It is believed that present combines, if continued, will end in a gigantic monopoly.

The strike of Canadian Pacific mechanics, which started Aug. 4th, has been declared off. About 20,000 men are affected. This will be followed by a similar declaration in the East.

Butler Ames, who was nominated Thursday by acclamation for a fourth term in Congress at the Fifth Massachusetts district Republican convention, was next day nominated by the Democratic convention.

Hart O. Berg, business manager of the Wright Brothers, has confirmed the report that Lazare Weiller, the French financier and aeroplane promoter, was ordering the construction of fifty aeroplanes on the Wright model.

Emanuel Lasker of New York retains his title of chess champion of the world. At Munich Thursday he won the sixteenth and last game in his contest against Dr. Tarrasch of Nuremberg. Of the sixteen games played, Tarrasch won three and five games were drawn.

There were 222,842 natives employed in the mining districts of the Transvaal in June, which was an increase of 1,216 over the previous month. The annual exportation of the coolies is going on, and for the month of June 3,189 were exported, as their time was expired. On the 31st of July 18,413 Chinese were at work.

United States Consul General Michael of Calcutta reports that largely through collective effort and the aid of the Indian government in encouraging experiments in cotton cultivation, an extra million of cotton acreage was brought under that crop last year in India. The quality of the cotton has also been improved.

Leslie Dudley Carter, son of the actress, Mrs. Leslie Carter-Payne, who makes his home with his mother and stepfather in Tarrytown, N. Y., has announced that he will contest the will of his late father, Leslie Carter, of Chicago, who died last Friday and whose will cuts his son off without a penny, because he adhered to his mother after her divorce.

The steamer Roosevelt, on which Peary started from Etah, West Greenland, August 18th in his quest for the north pole, has three Americans beside Commander Peary, the regular crew of the steamer, 25 Eskimos and 350 dogs. The Eskimos are eager to assist the explorer. The Roosevelt has an ample supply of walrus meat for the dogs.

Inflamed by the belief that the fatal ferry disaster at Smyrna, when 149 drowned, was due to the fact that the captain of the Turkish steamer, which ran down the ferryboat, was absent from his post, a mob Thursday descended upon the offices of the Hamid-deck company, owner of the steamer, and burned them, together with the piers and landing stations.

Negro, a full grown African lion, escaped last week from the winter quarters of a circus near New Brunswick, N. J., and after having been hunted by keepers all night, was shot and killed by Edward Radel, a farmer. Before its end the lion killed two cows and a calf. In escaping, the lion had attacked one of the camels connected with the show, and then forced the keepers to flee.

The business depression in felt severely in England. Since 1908 began, trade activity at Manchester, as measured by clearing house exchanges, has declined six and three-eighths per cent. from 1907. This means the cotton industry. At Birmingham, the iron center, the shrinkage has been 10% per cent.; at Newcastle, the coal market, 21%; at Liverpool, the shipping market, 7%.

E. H. Gary, chairman of the United States Steel corporation, has denied the statement that the corporation had given men work for the purpose of influencing the presidential election. An unnamed politician was quoted as saying that, without being justified by the trade conditions, the steel corporation had recently given employment to 100,000 men in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and West Virginia, thus contributing to the Republican campaign fund in a round-about method.

NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

The contract for the decorating and painting the Denver mint has been awarded to John Gibson of Philadelphia at \$18,000.

During last fiscal year \$11,492,453 was derived from sales of public lands in the United States, most of which amount will be turned into the reclamation fund for continuing projects now under way. The entries, areas and receipts are as follows: Colorado, 17,022 entries, 2,615,503 acres, \$764,020 receipts; Wyoming, 8,913 entries, 829,614 acres, \$616,738 receipts; New Mexico, 22,074 entries, 2,850,327 acres, \$577,365 receipts; Utah, 3,446 entries, 468,428 acres, \$168,922 receipts.

President Roosevelt has declined to deliver an address at an educational meeting in Philadelphia on the ground that he will not make any speeches during the presidential campaign.

MILK CAN CARRY TUBERCULOSIS

INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS BY
RESOLUTION CONVERTS
DR. KOCH'S THEORY.

ROOSEVELT ON PANAMA

WORK OF MEDICAL EXPERTS HAS
ALMOST CHANGED ISTHMUS
INTO A SANITARIUM.

Washington—A signal victory was won Saturday by the opponents of the theory advanced by Dr. Robert Koch, the eminent German scientist, maintaining the danger of human infection from bovine tuberculosis, when the sixth triennial international congress on tuberculosis, just before final adjournment, placed itself squarely on record in opposition to the views of the German savant.

The body by unanimous vote adopted a resolution recognizing the "possibility" of human infection from the bovine tubercle bacilli. The text of the resolution is as follows:

"Resolved, That the utmost efforts should be continued in the struggle against tuberculosis to prevent the conveyance from man to man of tuberculous infection, as the most important means of the disease.

"That preventive measures be continued against bovine tuberculosis and that the possibility of the passage of this to man be recognized."

The action of the congress on this noteworthy issue, it is thought, will for the time being put a question to further agitation at least until the next meeting of the congress in Rome in 1911. This scientific battle has been waged with great vigor ever since Dr. Koch advanced his doctrine at the London congress on tuberculosis in 1890.

An entirely unexpected surprise of the closing scenes of the congress was the appearance for the first time during its proceedings of President Roosevelt.

The President's appearance was greeted with tremendous applause and he delivered a characteristic address. He said that in no other manifesto of human activity had the chance been quite so far reaching as in the ability to grapple with disease.

He spoke of the great changes wrought in Panama since the United States government had begun the building of the canal there.

"When the first railroad was laid across Panama," said the President, "it was said with some foundation of truth, with but slight exaggeration, that 'Every sleeper laid and the work of a man.' Now the work on the canal, in that identical place, is being prosecuted on an infinitely larger scale, of course, than the mere laying of a railroad, under conditions which make the locality stand above the ordinary locality in the United States in point of health.

The sanitary conditions of Panama, which was a place of fatal disease, has become well known as a sanitarium, and it has become so because of the investigations of certain medical men which enabled them to find out the real causes of certain diseases, especially yellow fever and malarial fever, and to take measures to overcome them.

President Roosevelt spoke of the regularly fatal and terrible disease, the sleeping sickness, prevalent in Africa, which in one region had killed two-thirds of the inhabitants.

"The chance to control that disease," declared he, "lies in the work of such men as, and indeed of some of the men who are assembled here, who have come here, however, to come to combat not a stranger confined to the tropics, but what is on the whole, the most terrible scourge of the world throughout the world. In a few years ago hardly an intelligent effort was made or could be made to war against this peculiar deadly enemy of the human race. The chance presented to conduct that war arose when the greatest experts in the medical art turned their trained intelligence to the task. It remains for them to find out just what can be done. The rest will be for the representatives of the government to give all possible effect to this conclusion of the scientific men."

The President declared that medical scientists have shown just as much heroism in the fight against tuberculosis as ever was shown by a soldier on the field of battle, and in closing said:

"I feel that no gathering could take place fraught with greater hope for the welfare of the people at large than this assemblage."

Secretary of the Treasury Cortlandt presided at the closing session. The closing sessions were marked by responses by the representatives of thirty-three nations, reflecting the confident hope that medical science will in the not distant future triumph over the scourge of tuberculosis.



REACTION IS SURE

FAIL MILLINERY STYLES ARE
TOO EXTREME.

Good Designers Realize That Revision
and Modification Will Be Demanded by American Women
Who Dress Well.

The stern voice called men to danger and the fashion more effectively than any military operations have women the influence of dress allowances. The conservatism of the fall openings are many and deceptive.

At first glance, the average shopper



This Style Looks Heavy.

will decide that all styles are extreme and she may be deceived. It is also possible that on this question she is making a grave mistake, because also the exaggerations of the fall openings will come a reaction in favor of more sane styles.

FURS THAT WILL BE POPULAR

Some New Wrinkles Are Promised for
the Coming Season.

The enormous stock of furs piled up in the fur stores and warehouses in New York and London is a sight to behold.

The fur trade, however, is a profitable one, the quantity of furs which is used in the transformation of the world's furs.

The fur trade is a profitable one, the quantity of furs which is used in the transformation of the world's furs.

At last it is being made in fur coats and gowns, and the fur trade is a profitable one, the quantity of furs which is used in the transformation of the world's furs.

Still, when which of the fur trade is a profitable one, the quantity of furs which is used in the transformation of the world's furs.

This, however, had all the fur trade is a profitable one, the quantity of furs which is used in the transformation of the world's furs.

With all the fur trade is a profitable one, the quantity of furs which is used in the transformation of the world's furs.

The fur trade is a profitable one, the quantity of furs which is used in the transformation of the world's furs.

Finally, the fur trade is a profitable one, the quantity of furs which is used in the transformation of the world's furs.

New Shades for Evening.

New shades are being made in the fur trade is a profitable one, the quantity of furs which is used in the transformation of the world's furs.

The fur trade is a profitable one, the quantity of furs which is used in the transformation of the world's furs.

This much in warning. Do not buy your fall hat, which may have to last you well into the winter, until you have studied the millinery field thoroughly. Do not pin your faith to the milliner's statement that only the extreme styles will be worn. Good designers already admit that the extreme styles of the moment will be revised and modified within a month's time. The American woman simply will not be made to look like a frump, and selecting an extreme style for millinery for general wear, not occasions, stamps the woman as the frump, the victim of hopelessly bad taste.

Naturally the first question which a full opening was this:

What will replace the merry widow hat?

And the answer is: "The English walking hat, crossed with a man's silk tie."

Not a promising outlook, is it, especially for the middle-aged woman of conservative tastes? And the saddest thing about the situation is that the woman who wears the merry widow hat is quite sure that she can select a conservative hat and look smart in the severe English hat which the millinery world is trying to popularize.

In addition to the warning hat described above, there are many more and better styles. The merry widow hat is probably a little better in design than a high crown, and in fact in the back. Another large hat, resembling the summer picture hat, but trimmed with wintery fables in design, as the merry widow, but appearing in the same way as the big winter hat or a compromise hat.

In fact the extreme furs, along these lines seem about to reach the shoulder. Flared brass appear, and while there is no doubt that the fur is slightly tilted on the left side. Crowns are generally high, some coming up absolutely straight and others gradually softer at the top than where they put the form into a peach basket. What few toques are shown at all have elaborately flared brims and a very heavy look.

TO BE WORN ON STREET.

Coat of Walking Costume Designed for
Especially Use.

The coat of this costume would be especially useful, as it is made in a wide range. It could be worn with any dress. It has a high collar, and a high back, which are cut so that they come in perfectly. Pale green silk is used for trimming, but



and used in much are used as trimmings. The skirt is in soft gray cloth, which is checked with fine green lines. It is quite a plain design, with a high collar and a wide back, which are cut so that they come in perfectly. Pale green silk is used for trimming, but

Materials required: Four yards serge 18 inches wide, 4 1/2 yards cloth 43 inches wide, about one dozen yards head, four buttons.

Lemon juice is very good for removing stains from the hands, and if a little salt is added to this juice, it is still more efficacious.

PONTOON FERRY IN THE PHILIPPINES



Photo copyright, copyright by Underwood & Underwood, N. Y.

Bridges are as yet a scarce article in the Philippines and in order to cross the streams and rivers ferries are necessary. The one shown in the photograph on the Pasig river, near the city of Pasig, P. I., was built by American troops.

OLD RUINS IN AFRICA.

DARK CONTINENT ONCE HELD BY PEOPLE OF GREAT RACES.

Buildings Are Discovered Which Evidently Guarded Gold Mines and Smelters in the Days of Antiquity.

Washington.—Evidence is multiplying that Africa contains the secrets of a great civilization. At present it is practically a savage land, given over to savage animals and equally savage men, and it is difficult to realize that in the midst of antiquity this continent was peopled by intelligent communities.

During the present century a great deal has been known about this dark continent, and the South Africa Company has done much to add to our store of knowledge.

The recent exploits of this company into Katschaland, in search of gold, passed the wonderful ruins of Zhabala, nearly 200 miles due west of Bechuanaland, on the Tlopi river, which had been known for three centuries, but have never been heretofore described. They have been attributed to the Moors, the Europeans and the Persians.

These structures were reared of granite, heavy into solid blocks a little larger than a brick, and put together without mortar. In all the walls are seen two or three courses of masonry, where the great blocks are inserted in slanting fashion.

There seems to be no doubt that they were erected in places of defense, and also for the keeping, storage and protection of gold, copper and other metals.

On removing a quantity of the surface rubbish in one place, was found

what are evidently three large circular roasting floors, formed of burnt fireclay and slightly concave. There were also remains of slag and other evidences that the place had been used for smelting metals.

The romantic interest which attracts to these ruins lies in the fact that they were found in the heart of savage Africa.

It is certain that the thing civilized men would not expect to find in this region, where the natives belong to the lower stages of human development, and these great rock structures betokening the existence of a former civilization amid these wilds.

The natives have not even any tradition as to the origin of the ruins. There are many tales proving their great antiquity, and among them the circumstance that at one of the great ruins at Zhabala an ironwood tree, which was undoubtedly hundreds of years old, had seen through the wall and split it.

The theory is that these ruins were the remains of works erected by people who worked the famous mines of King Solomon, so that it was here that the queen of Sheba ruled over a mighty and industrious people.

In the neighborhood of Zanzibar some time ago a traveler found some very interesting ruins, which were proven to be of distinctly Persian origin. He found tiles and fragments of pottery which correspond exactly with the tiles and pottery that are discovered in the ruins of ancient villages near Teheran.

It is very curious that the Persians have in fact been tracked to Africa, and, since their remains have certainly been found there, it will not be surprising if it is found that they traveled as far south as Mashonaland, where these remarkable ruins are found.

Whoever these adventurers were, gold was the magnet which drew them to this country. They landed on the coast somewhere near Sofala, and, working westward, reared fort after fort around the places where they pursued their industry.

They were evidently working in a hostile country, and pursued their enterprises inside the great walls they had reared.

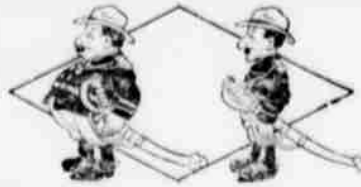
The best forts were near the eastern edge of this gold field. They extended almost to the region of the Zambesi on the north, and southward as far as the Limpopo. Westward the ruins are found beyond the longitude of Tait.

Thus the extent of the gold fields worked by these ancient miners is shown by the remains of fortifications which they reared for their protection while they were digging gold.

ROUND THE CAPITAL

Information and Gossip Picked Up Here and There in Washington.

Lost—Material for One Army Officer



WASHINGTON.—Lost—Somewhere in Virginia, 180 pounds. Finder please return to Maj. Gen. Fred Grant, commander of the department of the east, who will attend to its distribution pro rata among 40 army officers.

If all the detritus, cellular and adipose tissue, cuticle, epidermis and derma matter could be collected from along the route of the test ride that finished at Fort Myer the other day the United States army would be the richer by one highly efficient officer.

All the 40 officers came back, but there was a hiatus somewhere. There had been one member, or his equivalent, left by the way, for the command averaged 4½ pounds lighter to the man than when it started. Forty times

4½ pounds—the lost 180—would make at least one good-sized general or almost two the size of Gen. Funston.

The officers all came back the same day. This much was expected when the ambulance drove into the post empty about 10.30 a. m. There were eager inquiries concerning the whereabouts of the officers, and the driver, waving an arm, said: "Oh, there or thereabouts. We was in a hurry, so we walked back."

Undoubtedly the 40 were "out there somewhere," but they were a long time crossing the finish line.

Everybody was in good spirits at the finish or said he was. There was little doubt about Gen. Grant. He was as hard as nails to start with, having done some 300 miles of saddle work this season.

There was a corps of surgeons in waiting at the hospital for the returned prodigals. A minute examination was made of all the victims, and the results, comprising pulse, temperature, weight and respiration, were all tabulated.

Elkins Won't Stop Marriage to Duke



SENATOR ELKINS will not oppose the marriage of his daughter Katherine to the duke of the Abruzzi after all. The wedding probably will be solemnized in November.

If the duke were as sure of this as is Washington society, he would be spared a lot of worry. As a matter of fact, the duke is about to start for Washington, fearing all the while that the senator will withdraw his consent to the marriage on account of Queen Helena's unrelenting opposition.

The duke fears Senator Elkins will play the part of a high spirited American and endeavor to prevent the marriage, fearing that with the Italian

royal family so haughty, his daughter's position at court would be rather equivocal.

Senator Elkins is said to have given the matter careful thought and decided that on account of the duke's high position, the young women would soon force merited recognition.

Queen Helena is one of the most uncompromising enemies of the marriage. Her majesty, a princess of Montenegro, seems anxious to show her devotion to the dignity of the house of Savoy, which her own marriage imperiled, as disappointed match-making royal mothers saw when it was celebrated.

Save among Republicans and Socialists, public opinion in Rome, according to a dispatch, reflects, distastefully, the royal opposition. The Italians are angry because the Americans, instead of loudly rejoicing that Miss Elkins was to marry into the royal house, have taken an unenthusiastic attitude toward the love affair.

"WESTWARD EMPIRE'S START"

Spokane's High School Has Pupils from 25 States.

Spokane, Wash.—Twenty-five states, four Canadian provinces and five European countries are represented by pupils among the 1,483 names registered in date for the fall semester at the Spokane high school which opened September 8, and Principal Hart says that several others will be added before the list is complete. Pupils have come from as far east as New York and Maine, Tennessee on the south, Manitoba on the north and California and British Columbia on the west.

The largest number are from Wisconsin, Minnesota, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Michigan and Iowa. This shows the trend of emigration to the Pacific northwest and is indicative of the cosmopolitan complexion of the population of Spokane, in which every state and territory and province on the continent has representatives.

It may be also added that among the newcomers this year are families from Great Britain, Germany, Holland, France, Sweden, Norway, Denmark, Australia, Mexico and the orient.

THOUSAND MILES IN CANOE.

New York Explorer Subjected to All Kinds of Dangers in Hudson Bay.

New York.—After a journey of 1,000 miles in an 18-foot canoe, in part through an unexplored wilderness, subject to starvation and pestilence, Alanson Skinner of the department of anthropology of the American Museum of Natural History, has returned from a four months' trip in the Hudson Bay district. He brought with him data of exceptional ethnological interest regarding the Cree Indians, about whom little has heretofore been known, and hundreds of examples of their handicraft, weapons and utensils. He said:

"We reached Rupert's House, one of the oldest posts of the Hudson Bay Company, where the Cree Indians come once a year in their canoes with furs to trade for supplies and indulge in feasting and dancing. This has been a bad year for the Indians, as the rabbits, on which they largely depend for a livelihood, have died in great numbers. This happens every seven years, and some of the Indians are driven by starvation to cannibalism."

SPANISH HOME NEAR MANILA



The above photograph shows a better-class Spanish home in the suburbs of Manila, P. I. The houses are built substantial and are both roomy and comfortable.

WOMAN ACTIVE FARMER AT 84.

Personally Directs All the Work on Her 160-Acre Tract.

Hillsboro, Ore.—Mrs. Rebecca Tongue, 84 years old, personally conducts the operations on a 160-acre tract of cultivated lands on the plains north of the city. She does her own planting and directs two hired men the year round, does her own housework, markets her butter and eggs, and from the income of these two products alone, together with veals, pays for all her help. This leaves her the income from the product of the entire farm, net.

Mrs. Tongue came to Washington county from England 48 years ago, and all this time has resided on this place. She is at present having plans drawn for building a large farmhouse, the old one having burned some months ago. The home place is now worth \$100 per acre and Mrs. Tongue has a snug bank account.

A Literary Project.

"So you have a great idea for a novel?" "Yes," answered the publisher. "Who is going to write it?" "Oh, I haven't gone into details. What we're at work on now is one of the most striking cover designs ever introduced in the holiday trade!"

Government Clerk Is Sadder But Wiser



THE down-on-his-luck story of Stephen K. Booth, government clerk, is no more aggravated than many another story that might be told by persons who have come to Washington to settle down in a federal berth for a life of happiness and peace if not luxury and affluence.

Stephen comes from Minnesota. For eight years he labored, if that word can be used properly in connection with the things that a government clerk does in order to draw his salary. He worked in the bureau of the census. Gradually his compensation was increased during that time until it reached the figure of \$1,200 a year.

Then Stephen became fired with an ambition. He took a look around him and decided he could do better in some other department of Uncle Sam's service. So he "accepted" a position as a special agent in the immigration service, under the department of justice. This was in May of this year.

Stephen is a man of a family. His new work took him back to Minnesota, which is one of the pathetic features of the story. His headquarters were at St. Paul, where he moved his family after disposing of all his household effects in the capital city. For a short time—less than a month, in fact—he enjoyed his new field of work and his increased salary, for, with the addition to his responsibilities there had also come an increased amount in his semi-monthly pay envelope.

One day Stephen received a letter from Washington. It was couched in formal language, but from reading it Stephen gathered that the government had no longer any need for his services, or words to that effect. The government was very, very sorry, so said the man whose signature was attached to the letter.

Stephen is now back in the bureau of census. His salary is only \$1,000 a year, for his place had been filled as soon as he left, and it just happened that Director North had a vacancy in the lower grade. It cost him something to move out to Minnesota and back again, but taken all in all and in the light of experience had by others which turned out less fortunately, he considers that, at least, it might have been worse.

Great Exhibit of Aerial Craft Planned



THE marked general interest in aeronautics aroused by the Zepelin and other dirigible balloon flights in Europe, aeroplane flights in France, and Baldwin motor balloon and Wright aeroplane tests at Fort Myer, has been noted by officials of the Smithsonian Institution and National museum.

Prof. S. P. Langley, who built the first successful power driven model of an aeroplane, was secretary of the Smithsonian Institution and his various models, the famous Langley aeroplane and the numerous aeroplane parts used in his experiments in aerodynamics are now in possession of the institution. These and other exhibits in the institution are being arranged into a special exhibit by

George C. Maynard, assistant curator of the National museum.

Octave Chanute, the father of aeronautics in the United States, has offered to build one of his gliding machines for the aeronautical exhibit, and it is understood that the Wright brothers will present the institution with a model of their latest flying machine, and one of their earlier gliding machines.

As soon as the new building for the Smithsonian institution is completed the aeronautical exhibit will be arranged to show each step in the progress of aerial navigation from the hot-air balloon of Joseph Montgolfier in 1782 to the Wright brothers' aeroplane.

One of the Lillenthal's two-winged gliding machines, a model of Hargrave's compressed air flying machine, which flew 319 feet; Stringfellow's aeroplane model, exhibited in the Crystal Palace, London, in 1856, and numerous motors, propellers, wings, kites and other interesting parts of aeroplanes, are now in possession of the Smithsonian institution.

LOCAL NEWS.

Edgar George is going to Texas with his brother prospecting.

D. W. Morgan and wife are visiting in the northern portion of the territory and in Denver.

Geo. Tracy returned from Brooklyn, New York, last Saturday night, after a visit of eight months at the home of his childhood.

The registration board is prepared to register voters at the court house. All democrats should see that they are registered.

The two sons of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Walker left this week for Abilene to attend school at Simmons college for the coming term.

Geo. E. Barstow, of Barstow, Texas, was elected president of the irrigation congress for the coming year and Spokane, Washington was selected as the place to hold the next congress.

Mrs. B. A. Nymeyer, Miss Eudora Draper, Miss Molly Draper, and Mrs. J. C. Draper departed yesterday for a trip to Mineral Wells, Texas, where they will remain for some time.

Tom King, one of the most genial young men ever to have resided in Carlsbad departed yesterday morning for his home in Barstow, Texas. While here Mr. King held a position with the Commercial Club and assisted in taking the exhibit to Albuquerque where he did good work for the county.

Frank Grygla and J. F. Curns, both of Santa Fe and inspectors for the government arrived in Carlsbad yesterday and left for the southern portion of the county to examine the drift fence, desert and homesteads. If any entries not in strict accord with laws are found they will be reported and cancelled. The drift fences will also be examined and ordered removed.

Mr. T. C. Webb the genial secretary of the Malaga Land & Improvement Co., was married in Enid, Oklahoma, September 17th, to Miss Irene Colbert by the Rev pastor of the Catholic church of Enid at the home of the brides parents Mr. and Mrs. M. Colbert. The happy couple arrived in Carlsbad the 28th of September and have settled down to live here.

The chief engineer of the Reclamation Service, Arthur P. Davis, Louis C. Hill, supervising Engineer, and W. M. Reed, District engineer for New Mexico, are making a tour of the various Reclamation Projects in New Mexico. The first days of the week were spent on the Rio Grande Project, where they went over the site of the big dam at Engle, which will be under construction as soon as the railroad from Engle to the dam is completed. They also spent some time at the Leasburg Diversion dam near Las Cruces, and in the lower El Paso Valley, Texas, where additional work of construction will begin soon. From here they went to the Hondo project near Roswell and spent a day going over this project. The engineers are expected to arrive here Saturday morning, and will spend about two or three days in going over the works and investigating improvements and extensions of projects. Accompanying the reclamation engineers are a number of foreign engineers, Lourenco Baeta Neves, of Brazil, Tulio Larrinaga, of Porto Rica, Carlos Camacho, of Chili, and others who are here to investigate irrigation and reclamation for their respective governments.

Cotton Gin in Operation.

Carlsbad, New Mexico, Oct., 8th, 1908. The cotton gin at Carlsbad has begun operation. The citizens raised the money among themselves and built this gin this summer for the convenience of the cotton growers in the neighborhood of Carlsbad. The nearest gin being twelve miles away. It is a two stand gin of the latest design, and is operated by electric power furnished by the Public Utilities Co. It is only within the last few years that cotton has been grown commercially in this locality, and this year there are 2,000 acres in cotton. The crop is turning out very well, and is expected to average nearly a bale to the acre for the entire acreage. Several hundred acres of cotton are grown between the rows of trees in orchards, planted the past two years. Experience demonstrates that cotton does not interfere with the growth of the trees, while it gives the owner some returns from his land while he is waiting for his trees to come into bearing.

Malaga Items.

The following items were received too late for publication last week. All correspondence should be in not later than Wednesday:

Mr. Robert Bruce is staying in Carlsbad a few days.

Mr. Richard Milam has moved to Loving to take charge of a new lumber yard being put in by the Groves Lumber Co.

Mrs. George Stone and children are visiting her mother and sister near Lakewood.

A protracted meeting started at Loving Friday night. The services will be held by Rev. Madesia of the Lincoln association and will continue for ten days. Everybody invited.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Hartshorn and family spent several days last week visiting the family of John Hartshorn.

Rev. F. Marshall preached an interesting sermon to a large crowd at Loving, Sunday evening.

Mrs. Charley King and son, Homer, were visiting with Mrs. Lewellen Sunday.

Rev. D. L. Wheeler, who has had this circuit since the first of the year, is attending conference.

A "shadow party" to be given at the school house Friday night the 25th will cause no end of laughter. Come and enjoy the fun.

Mrs. J. Hartshorn and sister Miss Hayden White made a flying trip to Pecos, Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Creed Larremore spent some time in Carlsbad this week.

Mr. Jim Neil, of Aline, Oklahoma, is spending some time here improving his alfalfa field. He invested in some of the valley land last fall.

Mr. E. Foster, of Aline, Oklahoma, is here and expects to return with his family to reside. He has already bought land.

Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Epperson went to Carlsbad Monday, returning Tuesday morning.

Malaga can now point with pride to her school house. During the summer a new room has been built. Before long the new bell will be placed in the belfry. The school house is now the best in the lower valley.

Queen Items.

The round-up boys came in today, having worked twenty-one days instead of fifteen as they first intended. It took them longer on account of vaccinating calves and yearlings instead of just the yearlings as they did last year.

BORN:—September the 29th to Mr. and Mrs. Wm Anderson a fine boy. Mother and babe doing well and father looking extra well and happy.

Mrs. Plowman and daughter Fanny started to Malaga the first. Miss Fanny will stay with her sister Mrs. Jno Queen and go to school this winter.

Mrs. R. C. Taylor was back to her old home in Dark Canon for a few days last week.

Mr. Hammond and Mr. Queen have returned from the Las Palomas, in good spirits and say the hot springs are just the idea.

Miss Bessie Tulk is staying with Ranger Boss and wife and going to school on Last Chance.

Mr. Miles Stone escorted by Ranger Plowman crossed the reserve yesterday with a bunch of steers purchased from Brownfield in Crow Flat.

Uncle Jim Shackelford and Walter Mayfield started for Crow Flat last week, each with a load of apples, purchased from Mr. Gist in Dark Canon. They hope to make quite a profit on them as there is no fruit raised in Crow Flat.

John Stewart had bad luck, when he first started out to be a cowboy, by getting hooked in the foot by a yearling that he had down and had to go home when the round-ups first started.

WANTER—Milk cows for their feed. Phone 106. 47-2t

Binder twine. Tracy-Roberts Hardware Co.

Your horse gets the best care at City Stables.

Binder Twine. Tracy-Roberts Hardware Co.

Saddles from \$3.00 to \$85.00. Tracy-Roberts Hardware Co.

Go to the City Livery Stable to get your horse fed.

Cole's Hot Blast Heater will burn 1-3 less fuel than any low draft stove of same size, for sale by Carlsbad Furniture Co.

Preserving kettles, tin cans glass jars, etc. Tracy-Roberts Hardware Co.

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Saddles from \$3.00 to \$85.00 Tracy-Roberts Hardware Co.

Call number 111 to have your old stoves blacked and put up in first class shape. Carlsbad Furniture Co.

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Carlsbad Dairy

Pure Jersey Milk and Cream Delivered to all parts of the city.

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Call and let us show you our line of Coles Hot Blast Heater absolute satisfaction guaranteed. Carlsbad Furniture Co.

All the latest books of fiction, romance and adventure at the Edly Drug Co.

For pure milk delivered once or twice a day. See Marshall. Phone 106. 47-2t

Baptist Church.

Preaching on Sunday by the pastor at 11 A. M. Sunday School 10 o'clock. Young People's Meeting 7:30 P. M.

Call number 111 to have your old stoves blacked and put up in first class shape. Carlsbad Furniture Co.



A Comfortable Night's Sleep Between CARLSBAD and ROSWELL



Sleeper ready for occupancy after 9 p. m.

In the through PUEBLO now running on our through trains—due to leave Roswell 10 p. m. and reach Carlsbad 1 a. m. you occupy berth until 7 o'clock. In opposite directions.

You reach Roswell for breakfast



Eastern Ry of New Mexico



The Bank Saloon,

Drop in when in town

and we will convince you

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NOTHING BUT THE

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Corn fed BEEF

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Free of All.

PORK, SAUSAGE,

A. D. ALL BY-PRODUCTS

FISH and OYSTERS in Season

JOHN LOWENBRUCK, Prop.

List your land with the **OLD RELIABLE**

FARMERS LAND LEAGUE

We are bringing hundreds of prospective buyers to the valley.

E. T. CARTER, Field Manager,

Headquarters: Hotel Schlitz, Carlsbad, New Mex.

The Bank of the Creation

The only safe bank in the world. Never returns a check unpaid. Burglar proof. Will pay the largest dividends of any bank. Never refused to pay depositors. Never affected by money panic. Always solvent. The oldest banking institution in the world. The only safe bank to deposit in. All deposits guaranteed by the creator of all things and the U. S. Government. If you are interested, see

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