

7-24-1908

Carlsbad Current and New Mexico Sun, 07-24-1908

Carlsbad Printing Co.

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The Carlsbad Current

AND NEW MEXICO SUN

SIXTEENTH YEAR

CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY JULY 24, 1908.

NUMBER 36

ROCK ISLAND TO BUILD A LINE INTO CARLSBAD

**Fort Worth Advances are That
Steel and Ties Have Been Purchased—Line to Hit Carlsbad.**

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)

Fort Worth, Texas, July 18.—The Rock Island officials here today announce that that road is planning to build a cut-off from Mangum, Oklahoma, through western Texas to El Paso. The line will also cut across a corner of New Mexico, going to Carlsbad. The new line will shorten the distance from Mexico to northern cities seven hours.

STEEL ORDERED.

The Fort Worth Telegram of Sunday also prints the item and says:

Advices say that the Rock Island has completed contracts for steel and ties, to be laid at once and work will be rushed. It is probable the towns to be touched by the road will be Childress, Floydada, Lubbock, Brownfield, Carlsbad, Westwater, and El Paso.

This line of railroad would be a most remarkable one. From a point twenty-five miles northeast of Floydada, where it would rise above the caprock and enter the Staked Plains, for several hundred miles there is a natural grade and rails can be laid with surprising cheapness. This country is perfectly level, so level that the early plainsmen were often lost as would be a ship at sea without a compass.

The general slope is four feet to the mile to the southeast.

COUNTRY IS FERTILE.

This is a suprising fertile country as well and the natural grasses which, for a quarter of a century, have furnished the finest pasture in the state, are now giving away to alfalfa and corn. Hog raising is one of the greatest money making industries of this country and alfalfa raised hogs are becoming recognized as a standard product of the plains country.

Floydada is a thriving little city and in a center of industrial activity. Lockney is a few miles to the north and will make a strong bid for the railroad, being a competitor with Floydada for every advantage that place hopes to attain.

Lubbock which for years was 110 miles from a railroad and which grew to a remarkable little city of some 2000 people under this adverse condition, is in the path of the proposed railroad. Lubbock is a frontier town, but though even now thirty-five miles from Plainview, its nearest railroad point, boasts of the finest machine shops in west Texas, and is looking forward to a fine future.

Regular automobile lines are run to Lubbock daily and the city has telegraphic connection both to the north and to the south. Brownfield, which also has good opportunity to get the railroad, is now ninety-five miles from Plainview, its nearest point

and nearly equal distance from Big Springs on the Texas and Pacific to the south.

It is probable the proposed route will cross the Pecos Valley lines at Carlsbad, already a thriving little city in New Mexico, and onward through Westwater and finally reach El Paso thru the famed Guadalupe mountains. This railroad will open up the most remarkable scope unexplored by railroads in the United States and will form a shorter route for the Rock Island from Oklahoma points to El Paso.

Quick Meal Gasoline Stoves

A child or an untrained hired girl can use it safely. Fuel only costs 4 or 6 cents a day. No kindling, ashes, soot dirt or HEAT. Cheaper than wood at \$3.00 a cord. We sell them.

TRACY-ROBERTS HDW. CO.

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM

We, the Democrats of New Mexico, in delegate convention assembled at Roswell, again renew our pledge of allegiance to those fundamental principles of democracy as originally enunciated by our first great leader, Thomas Jefferson, chief among which is contained in the maxim, "Equal rights to all, special privileges to none." We believe this maxim, rightly applied, is capable of solving all the great questions which are now agitating the minds of the American people—the reform of the tariff, the suppression of the trusts, the regulation of the railroads and the attitude of our government towards imperialism.

We recognize that the democ-

to faithful and impartially discharge all of his official duties; and we condemn the republican party of this territory for its disregard of this principle, for its mal-administration, corruption and ring-rule, expect for that brief period of time, which one Chief Executive of the territory was endeavoring to adhere to and carry out some of the principles of government we advocate and endorse and whose efforts resulted in his removal from office by a republican president.

We call the attention of the executive and of the Judicial Departments, and of the people of this territory generally to the many open, shameful and defiant frauds and violations of our election laws that have disgraced our public elections in this territory in the past, and notably at the last general election. It was conclusively proved by legal and competent evidence and was not denied, that in the coal camps of Colfax county the polls were established by the order of the commissioners of the said county on the private lands of the respective companies owning and operating coal mines; that the managers of said companies arbitrarily refused to allow any democrats to be present at the polls in said coal camps on election day; that in some of said coal camps, democratic challengers were subjected to indignities and forcibly ejected from said camps by deputy sheriffs acting under instructions from the managers of said companies; that the ballot boxes were stuffed and the registration and poll books were padded and hundreds of foreigners were compelled to vote the republican ticket under threats of discharge. We call attention to the fact that these arbitrary acts have been continuously practiced in Colfax county for the past eight years until they have ripened into an established system.

The undisputed record of the County Valencia in election matters for the past quarter of a century has been a stigma and a reproach upon the fair name of New Mexico. It is a proven and established fact and it is not even required that the voters should go to the polls in that county, but the officers of the election board cast the ballots for all the absentees, while in some instances the registration lists are copied into the poll books in strict alphabetical order. At the last election in this county and in Torrance county, republican ballots were substituted in place of democratic ballots actually cast, and in one precinct in the latter county the judges of election openly refused to permit any democratic ballots to be cast.

The foregoing instances are but a few of the many open and defiant violations of our election laws and it is humiliating to be compelled to acknowledge that with the single exception of Mr. Frank W. Clancy, District Attorney of the Second Judicial District, no action has ever been taken by any republican official, National or Territorial, to stop these abuses or to punish the offenders.

We demand, and if entrusted with the power, we pledge ourselves to a strict enforcement of the election laws by the courts and the prosecuting officers.

We are heartily in favor of the nomination of all party candidates by a direct vote of the people at primary elections held for that purpose under the sanction of the law and hereby pledge our representatives in the next legislature to work and vote for such a law.

We believe that all county officers should be paid fixed salaries, instead of fees or commissions, for all services required of them by the government.

We condemn the policy of the Federal government in prohibiting the free grazing of livestock in the forest reserves of the territory, as unwarranted and arbitrary; such policy tends to injure and destroy the interests of many

OUR New sanitary soda fountain is doing the business. It pleases everybody, give it a chance to please.

THE STAR PHARMACY
THE QUALITY STORE

small livestock raisers and may create a monopoly of that industry by the very few wealthy owners of sheep and cattle. The conservation of our timber in such reserves and the wise regulation of its use in order to prevent its waste and destruction, is a commendable economic measure, but the free use of the lands in such reserves for the grazing of live stock under suitable regulations does not in any manner interfere with the proper care and protection of the timber growing therein and we pledge the best effort of our candidate for delegate to congress to secure the removal of pasture charges.

We recognize that under an act of congress, the Inter-State Commerce Commission has complete jurisdiction to regulate rates to be charged by common carriers doing business in New Mexico. We charge that in numerous instances such rates are not only excessive and exorbitant, but grossly unjust and done through discriminations. We therefore favor the creation of a commission by legislative enactment whose duty it shall be to investigate the facilities furnished, rates and discriminations and where injustice is being done any citizen or community present such grievances to the Inter-State Commerce Commission for adjustment. The Commission so to be created should be composed of persons identified with the principal commercial and industrial interests of the territory and funds should be provided so that every citizen or locality may obtain just treatment from common carriers at public expense.

We favor and demand the admission of New Mexico into the Union as a State. For about twelve years the President and both houses of congress of the United States have been dominated by the Republican party and during all that time the people of New Mexico have been begging and praying for statehood. All our appeals have been in vain. We therefore charge that all declarations of the National Republican party in favor of statehood for New Mexico are not sincere, but made for the purpose of influencing territorial elections, and we regretfully express it as our profound conviction that New Mexico will never obtain statehood except at the hands of a National Democratic administration.

It Reached the Spot.

Mr. E. Humphrey, who owns a large general store at Omara, Ohio, and is president of the Adams County Telephone Co., as well as of the Home Telephone Co., of Pike county, Ohio, says of Dr. King's New Discovery: "It saved my life once. At least I think it did. It seemed to reach the spot, the very seat of my cough, when everything else failed." Dr. King's New Discovery not only reaches the cough spot, it heals the sore spots and the weak spots in throat, lungs, and chest. Sold under guarantee at the Eddy Drug store, 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

Catholic Services

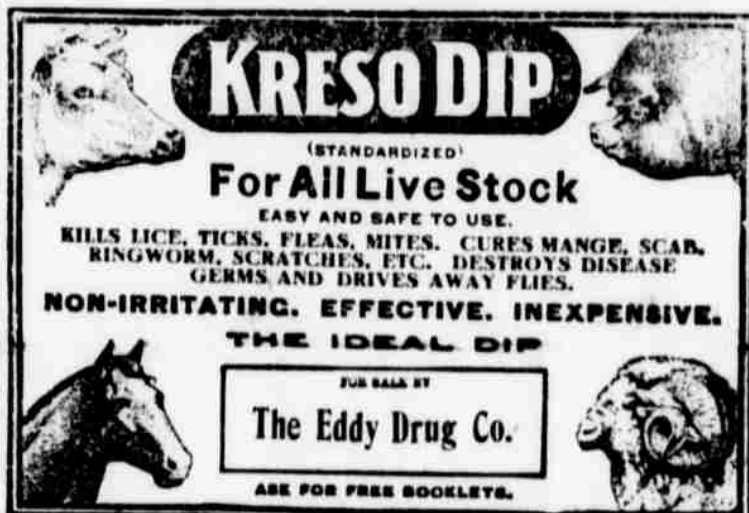
are held regularly every Sunday at both of the Catholic churches of Carlsbad. High mass and sermon in English at 10 a. m. every Sunday. Instruction in Christian doctrine at 3 p. m. Benediction after instruction.

Mass at 7:30 a. m. every morning during week days.

Mass at 9 a. m. at the church of San Jose, for the Spanish speaking natives or others, on Sundays.

A Californian's Luck.

"The luckiest day of my life was when I bought a box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve," writes Charles F. Budahahn, of Tracy, California. "Two 25c boxes cured me of an annoying case of itching piles, which had troubled me for years and that yielded to no other treatment." Sold under guarantee at the Eddy Drug store.



Methodist Church.

Sunday: Sunday school, 10 a. m.; preaching services, 11 a. m.; junior league, 3:30 p. m.; senior league, 7 p. m.; preaching services, 7:30 p. m.
Wednesday: Prayer meeting, 7:30 p. m.; choir practice, 8 p. m.
Thursday: Home Mission Society first Thursday in each month at 3 p. m.; choir practice, 7 p. m.

The pastor, as well as the Charity and Help Department of the League and the Home Mission Society, will be glad to learn of the whereabouts of the needy, sick or strangers.

The Late Rains.

Rain commenced in these parts Monday evening and the weather continued broken until Wednesday morning, when a steady drizzle set in raining continuously for twenty-four hours, every drop of which soaked into a baked and burned soil. Though showers had visited many portions of the county nothing to compare with this general rain has occurred since last September. Kaffir, milo maize and cane that was up or planted just before this rain will now make a good crop and the range will be in fine condition shortly, especially because half the live stock has been shipped out during the past few months.

All the World

knows that Ballard's Snow Liniment has no superior for rheumatism, stiff joints, cuts, sprains, lumbago and all pains. Buy it, try it and you will always use it. Anybody who has used Ballard's Snow Liniment is a living proof of what it does. All we ask of you is to get a trial bottle.

Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00. Sold by the Eddy Drug Co.

racy of the United States has today, many tried and trusted leaders, anyone of whom would worthily fill the office of chief magistrate of this great nation, but we cannot fail to recognize the further fact that there is one democratic leader, who, above all others, has identified himself with all the reforms now demanded by our party and who has endeared himself to every believer in democratic principles and whose very name, of itself, constitutes a platform upon which the democracy of this nation could well stand in the coming campaign—in other words we believe the nomination of William Jennings Bryan by the democratic convention at Denver is demanded by every consideration of political principle and party policy.

Therefore, be it resolved that the delegates to be selected by this convention to represent the democracy of New Mexico at the Democratic National Convention to be held at Denver on July 7th, 1908, be and they hereby are, instructed to vote for William Jennings Bryan as the candidate of our party for the Presidency of the United States, as long as his name is before the convention.

Public office is a public trust and no man is worthy of any office, either elective or appointive, who does not appreciate the obligation he is under, not alone to his party, but to the whole people, whom he serves.

The Carlsbad Current and New Mexico Sun.

Carlsbad, N. M., Friday July 24, 1908

Carlsbad Current established November 15, 1892. New Mexico Sun established May 12, 1905. The two papers consolidated October 11, 1907.

Carlsbad Printing Co., Publishers
Wm. H. Mullane, Pres.

SUBSCRIPTION: \$1.00 per annum.

The Official Paper of Eddy County.

Published every Friday, and entered as second class matter at the Carlsbad, N. M. post office.



For President.
WILLIAM J. BRYAN

For Vice President.
JOHN W. KEIN, of Indiana



For Delegate to Congress
O. A. LARRAZOLO.

Democratic County Ticket.

FOR SHERIFF
M. C. STEWART.
FOR PROBATE CLERK
A. R. O'QUINN.
FOR TREASURER
W. H. MERCHANT.
FOR ASSESSOR
JOHN W. PRICE.
FOR PROBATE JUDGE
G. W. LARREMORE.
FOR SEPT. PUBLIC SCHOOLS
A. A. KAISER.
FOR SURVEYOR
JOE M. CUNNINGHAM.
For Commissioner District No. 2
JOE H. GRAHAM.
For Commissioner District No. 3
C. W. BEEMAN.

Present indications point to a very prosperous future for Carlsbad. Thousands of cattle and other live stock have been shipped out during the past three months and the late rains have started grass as was never before known. Many good people in the crowded east are looking this way for homes, both under the irrigation system and in the valleys between the hills on either side of this valley. There never was a season for the past sixteen years when milo maize cane, or kaffir corn would not make by what is known as dry farming, if the ground was plowed deep in the fall or winter; then harrowed and planked and planted in May the year following. The preparation of the soil is the principal feature in dry farming. With a good

well, windmill and tank anyone can build a farm home on the government land where water is found is found at a reasonable depth. The valleys such as Dagger Draw, Hackberry and Lone Tree will some day, and that not afar be filled with cotton, corn and cane farmers, all of whom will be tributary to Carlsbad and it is certain that this class will outnumber the valley farmers for all time, as great as those deriving their sustenance from stock raising now exceed the irrigation farmers. The big canal and the great body of land that is under it is only a drop in the bucket when compared to the four million acres of Eddy county not irrigated. Even if only one tenth of the lands not irrigated are tilled the products will exceed by twenty to one those raised by irrigation. Time will demonstrate that a large part of Eddy county will become a farming and stock raising proposition. While there are portions where water is difficult to get there will be new and improved methods of developing water and the county will become as full of people as many Texas counties east of Abilene are at present.

One reason why wool is cheap may be found in the fact that there is a trust, grown up under the high tariff that absolutely governs the price. When a wool clip is thrown on the market the trust offers only as much as it chooses; then when the wool is all in the hands of the trust a gradual rise takes place. The following from a leading republican explains the situation.

Frank S. Monnett, former Republican Attorney General of Ohio, who conducted the prosecutions in that state against the Standard Oil Company, and later was employed by the Interstate Commerce Commission to gather material upon which to base the Government suits, arrived in Lincoln and had a lengthy conference with Mr. Bryan. Mr. Monnett announced that it is his purpose to actively support Mr. Bryan in Ohio in the campaign, and he will make numerous speeches in behalf of the Democratic ticket.

Mr. Monnett said that he was authorized by Mr. Bryan to state that because of the Government's dereliction in prosecuting the alleged wool combine, whose headquarters he claims are in Ohio, Mr. Bryan had announced that if elected to the Presidency he would at once put all the machinery of the Government at work to destroy any combination that may exist. "It will be his policy," said Mr. Monnett, "to destroy the wool monopoly that prevents competition as promptly as the courts, and himself, can do it. The American Woolen Company has destroyed, so far as the producer is concerned, the entire benefit supposed to inure from the pay of wool."

Mr. Bryan and Mr. Monnett were agreed that the Sherman anti-trust law as it stands today is sufficient for any anti-trust action necessary, but that the Government, for some unknown reason, refused to act.

Mr. Monnett returned to Lincoln at a late hour and will depart for his home early tomorrow morning.

A man named Kennedy is again talking of building a railway this time by some circuitous route into Roswell, thence to El Paso. The El Paso people know Kennedy and take no stock whatever in his windy railroads. This is not the first time he has promised the earth to Roswell people. The fact that Kennedy proposes to obtain the cash to build his road from the people along the line and then own and run it himself should be proof sufficient to convince any person that the whole thing is a big fake and done in an endeavor to hold

up the Rock Island or some responsible outfit for a bonus.

The facts are that a line from Altus to Roswell is absolutely impracticable on account of the country through which it is proposed to build. The rough sand hills and breaks hundreds of feet high make the line almost impassable and besides such a line would parallel the Ft. Worth & Denver and Santa Fe lines to Roswell and would be of no use whatever. If Kennedy is not working to hold up the Rock Island in some manner, it is an endeavor to do the people along the line. The announcement this week that the Rock Island had commenced actual construction of its line between Mangum, Greer county, Oklahoma, and Carlsbad is authentic and coming from the Rock Island officials bears the stamp of reliability.

Comparisons Are Odious.

We last week mentioned the fact that democratic congressmen who had only been in congress a few months had secured more appropriations, more pensions and more private bills for their districts than Andrews has secured for New Mexico in nearly four years.

The enormous appropriations in Brooklyn, New York City, and the New York harbor were made in democratic districts represented by democratic congressmen.

The same is true of the Charleston harbor, its fine Custom house and other public buildings. This too in a state that never had a republican congressman.

Mobile and New Orleans are other fine examples. In solid democratic states were a republican congressmen would be a curiosity, some of the largest appropriations have been made.

Along the coast, look at Galveston, its magnificent harbor and custom house and the millions it acquired to make it one of the finest ports of entry in the world. It probably never saw a republican congressman.

See what Houston has gotten in the line of appropriations, all by democratic congressmen.

Look at the democratic states of Missouri and Texas: Have they not fared equally well with republican states?

Look at the thousands of Union soldiers now living in the South who have secured pensions through the efforts of democratic congressmen.

The facts are that this country is too large to belong to one party, and no man's deeds or merits are measured in legislation by his political beliefs. Only a few pie-counter-adherents in New Mexico are small enough to advocate such theories.

Why cannot Larrazolo do for New Mexico what democratic congressmen have done for their districts? He can, and in doing so will do more in one session than Andrews has done in four years. —Tucumcari Sun.

The Knoblauch Land Company has made several sales the past few weeks, all of which have gone through without a hitch, both the purchaser and seller being well pleased with the open, fair and above board methods of the dealers. This firm which has a page in this issue will be found exceptional as land dealers, on account of their explicit, plain, honest and pleasant methods of closing deals, so pleasant, that the customer of yesterday is the customer of tomorrow or next year. Confidence in a dealer in lands is essential to expedite business and this is what the Knoblauch firm has instilled by its dealings in every sale made.

JERSEY'S GOOD ROADS.

Plan of Governor Fort For Their Improvement.

At the annual dinner of the New Jersey Automobile club in Newark the other night Governor Fort, W. H. Hotchkiss, president, and others were among the speakers. The governor promised his aid in everything which would tend to improve the sport in the state and on the subject of roads said:

"There is one thing which I hope to see established in this state, and that is a department for automobiles and motor vehicles. There are two reasons which go to show that the putting into effect of such a scheme would be a benefit to the state and automobile owners. I might say the chief reason would be that with such a department we would derive a revenue which will equal any other obtained by the state save that which we receive from corporation taxation. We should at least accumulate in this way \$200,000 on a reasonable basis.

"The other reason is that we should have the best roads of any state in the Union, and with the money derived we would be in a position to repair and otherwise maintain these roads. That is what I propose should be done with the money derived by the proposed department. It is my desire to see after the establishment of such a department a legislative body that will provide that every dollar of revenue go to repair and maintain our roads."

Wagon yard facilities at City Stables.

Harness and Saddles made and repaired at Finlay-Pratt Hardware Company.

Valued Same as Gold.

B. G. Stewart, a merchant of Cedar View, Mississippi, says: "I tell my customers when they buy a box of Dr. King's New Life Pills they get the worth of that much gold in weight, if afflicted with constipation, malaria, or biliousness." Sold under guarantee at the Eddy Drug store. 22c.

Attention Stockmen.

Any one interested in pasture lands will do well to see me. I have plenty of range, good water. Will sell or lease pasture or run stock on shrubs.

Geo. M. Roberts, Carlsbad, New Mexico. Post Office Box 199.

Commissioner's Proceedings.

Board of County Commissioners met in regular session on this the 6 day of July 1908. Present J. W. Turknett, commissioner district 2, N. W. Weaver commissioner district 3, W. R. Owen, Clark and the following proceedings were had to wit:

On motion of J. W. Turknett, N. W. Weaver was appointed temporary chairman, the board proceeded to the examination and allowing of accounts against the county, it was ordered by the board the assessments against the northeast 1/4 of section 13 township 16 south range 25 east be cancelled, application for patents on said land not having been approved, per letter dated June 8, 1908 from Howard Leland Register of the U. S. Land Office at Roswell, the board adjourned to Tuesday July 7.

TUESDAY JULY 27.

Board met pursuant to adjournment of July 6 present as before, and the following proceedings were had: Board proceeded to the examination and allowing of accounts against the county. On motion duly carried the following levy for taxes for the year 1908 was made. On this 7th day of July 1908 at a regular meeting of the board of county commissioners within and for the said county of Eddy, territory of New Mexico. It is ordered and directed by the board that there shall be levied on the taxable property in said county as ascertained by the assessor of said county for said year and that may be hereafter ascertained by the collector in case said assessor has failed to assess any property taxable under the laws of said territory for the following funds the following amounts to wit:

For territorial purposes.	\$1.13
Sheep sanitary on valuation.	0.04
Cattle indemnity.	00.35
General school app.	0.03
COUNTY	
General fund.	0.05
Court fund.	0.04
Interest fund.	0.15
School fund.	00.18
Road and bridge.	00.3

The Bank of the Creation

The only safe bank in the world. Never returns a check unpaid. Burglar proof. Will pay the largest dividends of any bank. Never refused to pay depositors. Never affected by money panic. Always solvent. The oldest banking institution in the world. The only safe bank to deposit in. All deposits guaranteed by the creator of all things and the U. S. Government. If you are interested, see

The Holloway Land Co.

In the Mullane Building, east of First National Bank. CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO.

Court house and jail sinking fund 001
Lincoln county indebtedness 001
Court house and jail repair 002
Wild animal bounty 002

The following named persons are hereby appointed to serve as board of registration for the following precincts to wit:

Precincts No. 1 N. Cunningham, John Harvey, W. A. Finlay.
Prec. No. 2 R. A. Montgomery, J. W. Hays, E. E. Hartshorn.
Prec. No. 3 W. L. Whitaker, Jas. R. Cannon, A. S. Harris.
Prec. No. 4 W. K. Breeding, Silas Hogg, D. H. Birditt.
Prec. No. 5 W. G. McArthur, J. B. Plisson, A. J. Waters.
Prec. No. 6 D. L. Newkirk, Albert Blake, J. C. Gage.
Prec. No. 7 W. F. Daugherty, M. B. Chieppier, J. B. Hook.
Prec. No. 8 J. W. Tolk, W. E. Thayer, W. R. Shattuck.
Prec. No. 9 L. L. Toole, J. E. Rieves, J. R. Perry. Adjourned to Tuesday July 14 1908.

N. W. Weaver, qr sal and mig	128.40
J. W. Turknett, qr sal and mig	132.00
G. T. Bane official services	18.90
W. R. Owen, qr sal birth and death ctr. and stamps	201.45
Public Utilities Co. L. W.	75.05
Carl Gordon official services	171.60
C. R. Brice 4 mo sal P. J.	166.60
N. Cunningham J. P. fees	123.00
J. L. Emerson assessor fees	26.75
J. D. Walker interpreter fees	8.60
G. A. Beckett juror fees	1.90
L. F. Briggs juror fees	1.00
J. P. Jones juror fees	1.00
Sam Jones juror fees	1.00
J. A. Simpson juror fees	1.00
Finlay Pratt Hdw Co mdse	19.20
Albuquerque Morning Journal tax schedule	4.16
J. P. Middleton jr and jnr	225.00
J. H. Baker official services	94.62
E. Hendricks Dry Goods Co mdse	1.50
J. D. Christopher official services and bds prisoners	618.95
J. B. Rogers witness fees	10.00
N. E. E. Liff witness fees	12.50
Worrell Mfg Co dispendant	60.00
Eddy Co Hospital care of pris	12.00
H. C. Boone witness fees	11.40
Andrew Habs	11.50
Rives & Hull insurance	98.00
New Mexico Pittz Co records	15.75
J. M. Cunningham plat and sur	100.00
G. D. Lucas drayage	7.50
W. H. Merchant stamps etc	61.64
Matheson & Little gunho	5.40
Baker Mfg Co road graders	241.00
D. W. Alberts care small pox patient	38.70
J. A. Stoblauch meat small pox patient	5.00
Carlsbad Prg Co printing	82.50
Star Livery Stable bus hire	4.00
Boyd Hill guarding prisoners	12.00
C. M. Whitcher Prof. services	43.00
C. C. Brooks, witness fees	5.50
George Frederick Gdg prisoner	45.00
R. M. Thorne, carrying papers etc	70.00
Joyce Fruit Co, mdse.	38.75
A. A. Beeman	5.10
John W. Armstrong, Supt. Sch.	252.30
Big Jo Lumber Co., Lumber	443.90
J. O. Richards, rep. on road tools	21.25
O. Ward Road work	33.75
E. N. Reams	30.00
J. B. Bowman	35.00
J. R. McCabe	28.75
C. F. McKinley	38.50
A. G. Right	22.50
George Lewis	32.50
S. R. Mallon	30.00
F. S. Gray	22.50
Brainard Hdw. Co. Mdse.	12.15
Toole & Heard	4.55
Harry Hess road work	122.80
J. T. Patrick	121.00
D. J. Musick	8.70
V. L. Cruise	30.00
J. S. Stewart	20.00
T. H. Blackoney	80.50
A. E. Akins	31.50
W. E. Hurt	7.50
Hank Baughman	10.00
H. Baughman	21.00
M. McCullough	6.25
C. J. Mabley	77.75

\$5.00 Reward.

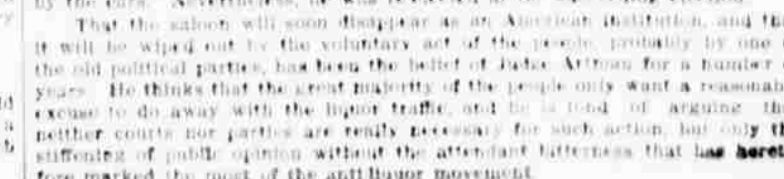
For the return of a bay mare branded C. R. on left hip, also a light colored young burro, not branded. The two were last heard of at the cement plant going south July 1.

34-2t. W. E. PLUM,
Dayton, New Mexico.

Call at our store and see the wonderful Fireless Cooker. Very simple in construction, but marvellous in its results. Tracy-Roberts Hdw Co.

Your horse gets the best care at City Stables.

FOR SALE:—Single top buggy. Good as new. See R. B. Armstrong at National Bank of Carlsbad.





FASHION'S LATEST FANCIES

SEASON OF COLORS

BRIGHT HAIRMENT WORN BY THE LITTLE ONES.

Write Franks for Sunday suit After with No Longer in Vogue—Wilson Devotee Best in Great Profits—Lone-New Sashes.

It is the fashion of the season to wear bright hairments worn by the little ones. The hairments worn by the little ones are of various colors, and are of various styles. The hairments worn by the little ones are of various colors, and are of various styles.



These things are of various colors, and are of various styles. The hairments worn by the little ones are of various colors, and are of various styles.

MIXTURES FOR THE BATH

Inexpensive Luxuries That Can Be Prepared at Home. The first of these mixtures is for the bath. It is made of various ingredients, and is of various colors. The hairments worn by the little ones are of various colors, and are of various styles.

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These things are of various colors, and are of various styles. The hairments worn by the little ones are of various colors, and are of various styles.

LOW CUT BODICE



Richard a charming low-cut bodice appropriate for summer dresses or gowns. The material is the finest silk, pink fabric which is crossed in simple fashion in front and draped over shoulders in a modified form of the much used kimono effect.

HADLEY TO BE A FARMER.

Missouri Attorney General Seeks Health Telling Soil.

Kansas City.—Herbert S. Hadley, attorney general and a candidate for the Republican nomination for governor, is to become a farmer.



Herbert S. Hadley.

When he works under high peak some 16 hours a day he occasionally runs down because his nervous system affects digestion. He is the reverse of Guy Folsom who can turn his head a day when he is working hard and grows fat on a food campaign.

CHIEF OF MODERN WOODMEN.

Head Consul A. R. Talbot Unanimously Re-Elected.

Edmore, N.Y.—Head Consul A. R. Talbot of the Modern Woodmen of America, who was unanimously re-elected at the annual convention held in Peoria, Ill., is a lawyer of this city, and was formerly the mayor of William, Michigan.



A. R. Talbot.

Station the Woodmen have flourished now having 930,000 members, of whom 100,000 are in Illinois. The salary of the office was increased from \$2,000 to \$10,000. The election is for a term of three years.

Human Hair in Wedding Gowns.

Madge O'Rourke, the famous Irish American dressmaker, was showing a customer an assortment of wedding gowns, relates the New Orleans Times Democrat.

In every one of those gowns, were you to tip them apart," she said, "you would find a lock of hair hidden—red hair, brown hair, golden hair, even gray hair.

"Sewing girls believe that she who works on a wedding gown, if she sews a lock of her own hair into it, will be married herself within the year.

Riches of Frugality. Cicero: The world has not yet learned the riches of frugality.

A CENTRAL AFRICAN DANDY



It will be seen that the colored dandy whose portrait is here given wears a turban, earrings, a collar and a beanie of beads, plus—and this is the most important—a pair of spectacles with head frames. There is no glass to the spectacles, which are obviously worn as an aid to beauty, in the belief that the white man wears his spectacles as ornaments, not for any utilitarian purpose.

LITTLE CHURCH PEW.

LONG LEGAL BATTLE OVER ITS OWNERSHIP.

Farmer's Sons Arrayed Against Step-mother for Possession of Father's Estate—Contest Extends Over Ten Years.

Littleton, Mass.—The question of ownership of a little church pew in the First Congregational church, seating five persons was the last obstacle to be overcome in a contest extending over ten years, and it has cost the opposing factions of a once happy family not only the loss of much time, but also large sums of money.

Tucked away on the side of one of the many hills that abound in this town is the estate left by the late Theodore C. Fletcher, comprising about 60 acres.

The late Mr. Fletcher was held in high esteem by all the residents of the town, and his example of caring in good shape for his farm was well followed by his stepson.

When he married the present Mrs. Fletcher Mr. Fletcher had two sons by his first wife, Hammond and Daniel, while Mrs. Fletcher who was previous to her marriage Mrs. Titcomb, had two sons, Ora and Walter.

On the death of Fletcher, 14 years ago, an agreeable settlement of the estate was made.

The estate was to remain in the hands of Mrs. Fletcher, while the two sons, bearing the name of Fletcher, were given a money consideration and relinquished all claims. The old family pew in the First Congregational church was to remain in the name of Fletcher.

The estate was valued at about \$1200 about ten years ago Hammond Fletcher so it is alleged, became dissatisfied and, enlisting the support of his brother, put in the claim that they had not received proper treatment in the distribution of the estate. A legal fight was made to obtain possession of part of it.

It is alleged that their claim called for more than the estate was valued at. The matter was carried from one court to another until it reached the highest tribunal. The findings were all ways for the widow, her fight being handled by the son, Ora Titcomb.

The estate could not, however, be legally settled until the ownership of the pew had been established. Some time ago the widow, Mrs. Fletcher, sold the pew to her son, Walter Titcomb, for \$20, and the claim was made by one of the Fletchers that the pew was worth \$150.

In the probate court at East Cambridge Judge Lawton was called upon to decide whether or not the pew came under the head of real estate. With the decision would come the final settlement of the contest that had been continued for ten years.

main in the family, but that he did not have \$150 to buy it back, whereupon the counsel for the administratrix replied that if the pew was all he wanted he could take it and consider himself indebted to Titcomb for \$20. The matter was finally settled on this basis to the satisfaction of all.

ROWS FAR IN FRAIL CRAFT.

Oarsman in 1,200-Mile Trip in Boat Made of Newspapers.

Annapolis, Md.—George W. Johnson, who is making a trip from St. Augustine, Fla., to New York city in a single scull rowboat made entirely of newspaper pressed like paper mache, arrived in Annapolis the other day.

Mr. Johnson, who is an old Harlem river oarsman, left Shadyside, this county, at 8:10 Monday morning, and reached Annapolis three hours later. He was met by representatives of the Severn Boat club, where he will make his headquarters while in Annapolis.

The boat in which he is making his 1,200-mile trip is composed of news papers published all over the country, from Maine to California, and from Alaska to the Bahamas. There are about 20 thicknesses of paper, the headlines having been clipped separately and placed along the outside.

The oarsman left St. Augustine on May 6, and expects to reach New York by July 1. He has been delayed by bad weather, and is four days behind his schedule. On his arrival in New York Johnson will land first at the boat of the Nonpareil Boat club, on the Harlem.

KIN TO CLEVELAND AND TAFT.

Newsdealer at Fort Wayne Claims to Be Relative of Both.

Fort Wayne, Ind.—This city has a third cousin of the late Grover Cleveland in a newsdealer, who has a stand in the Arcade and was the founder of the Newsboys' union in the city, Charles A. Phelps. Oddly enough, Mr. Phelps is also related to William Howard Taft, Republican nominee for the presidency.

Mr. Phelps is related to Mr. Cleveland on the maternal side of Mr. Phelps' family. His grandmother, Nancy Cleveland Wood, was first cousin of the former president, and his mother thus became a second cousin. His mother is living and resides at 324 Creighton avenue. Mr. Phelps never met the deceased ex-president, but Mrs. Phelps, his mother, knew Mr. Cleveland well in earlier years.

It is through his father's side that Mr. Phelps is related to Mr. Taft. His great-grandfather and the grandfather of Charles Phelps Taft were brothers. Charles Phelps Taft is a half-brother of William T. Taft. Mr. Phelps has never met Mr. Taft either, but is greatly interested in his relationship.

Notice of Sale of School Building Bonds

Of School District Number Sixteen, of Eddy County, New Mexico.

I, the undersigned Treasurer of Eddy County, Territory of New Mexico, hereby give notice, that I hold in my possession ten (10) of the coupon bonds of the denomination of one thousand dollars each, School District No. 16, of Eddy County, New Mexico, all bearing date of July 1st, 1908, and redeemable after twenty years from date and absolutely due thirty years from date with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually on the first day of July and December of each and every year, said interest being represented by 60 coupons for \$20.00 each attached to each one of said bonds. I further give notice that I will sell all of said bonds at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at my office at Carlsbad, in Eddy County, New Mexico, on the 25th day of August A. D. 1908.

Bids for said bonds will be received up to the hour of 12 o'clock M. of said day.

No bid for less than 90 per cent of the face value of said bonds can be received, and all bids must be accompanied by a check or draft for not less than 5 per cent of the amount bid by any bidder.

Witness my hand this 25th day of July A. D. 1908.

W. H. MICHENER, Treasurer of Eddy County New Mexico.

Notice of Suit.

In the District Court Eddy County, New Mexico. The Malaga Land & Improvement Company, Plaintiff.

No. 38.

Harry C. Andrews, Walter K. Andrews, Albert C. Braxton, and all unknown claimants of interest in and to the premises hereinafter described adverse to plaintiff, Defendants.

To the defendants in the above cause, greeting.

You will take notice that there has been filed against you in the district court for the Fifth Judicial District of the Territory of New Mexico, within and for the county of Eddy, a suit by The Malaga Land & Improvement Company, in a cause therein wherein The Malaga Land & Improvement Company is plaintiff and Harry C. Andrews, Walter K. Andrews, Albert C. Braxton and all unknown claimants of interest in and to the premises hereinafter described adverse to plaintiff are defendants, and numbered 38 on the docket of said court. That said suit is now pending in said court.

That the general object of said suit is to quiet the title to and described herein, plaintiff alleging that the defendants claim some right, title or interest in and to the same or some portion thereof, and that plaintiff alleges it is the owner in fee simple of the same. Said land is situated in Eddy County, New Mexico, and particularly described as follows, to-wit: The south 1/2 of the northeast 1/4 of Section 3, Township 24, south of Range 28, East N. M. P. M.

Plaintiff prays that plaintiff's estate in and to said premises be established as superior to such adverse claims, and the defendants and each of them be barred and forever estopped from having or claiming any right, title or interest in and to the said premises adverse to the plaintiff and that the plaintiff's title thereto be forever quieted, and set at rest, and the plaintiff recover costs of suit and have such other relief as it may be entitled to.

You are further notified that if you fail to enter your appearance in said cause on or before the 15th day of Sept. 1908, judgment by default will be rendered against you in said cause and the allegations in plaintiff's complaint will be taken as confessed.

The names of plaintiff's attorneys are: Hujac & Brice and their business address is Carlsbad, New Mexico.

Witness the Hon. William H. Pope, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, of the Territory of New Mexico, and Judge of the Fifth Judicial District Court thereof, and the seal of said District Court this 14th day of July A. D. 1908.

S. I. ROBERTS, Clerk.

G. E. BENSON, Deputy.

Notice of Suit.

In the District Court, Eddy County, New Mexico. The Malaga Land & Improvement Company, Plaintiff.

No. 39.

George B. Cook, and all unknown claimants of interest in and to the premises hereinafter described adverse to plaintiff, Defendants.

To the defendants in the above cause, greeting.

You will take notice that there has been filed against you in the District Court for the Fifth Judicial District of the Territory of New Mexico, within and for the county of Eddy, a suit by The Malaga Land & Improvement Company, in a cause therein wherein The Malaga Land & Improvement Company is plaintiff and George B. Cook and all unknown claimants of interest in and to the premises hereinafter described adverse to plaintiff are defendants, and numbered 39 on the docket of said court. That said suit is now pending in said court.

That the general object of said suit is to quiet the title to and described herein, plaintiff alleging that the defendants claim some right, title or interest in and to the same or some portion thereof, and that plaintiff alleges it is the owner in fee simple of the same. Said land is situated in Eddy County, New Mexico, and particularly described as follows, to-wit: The south 1/2 of the northeast 1/4 of Section 3, Township 24, south of Range 28, East N. M. P. M.

Plaintiff prays that plaintiff's estate in and to said premises be established as superior to such adverse claims, and the defendants and each of them be barred and forever estopped from having or claiming any right, title or interest in and to the said premises adverse to the plaintiff and that the plaintiff's title thereto be forever quieted, and set at rest, and the plaintiff recover costs of suit and have such other relief as it may be entitled to.

You are further notified that if you fail to enter your appearance in said cause on or before the 15th day of September, 1908, judgment by default will be rendered against you in said cause and the allegations in plaintiff's complaint will be taken as confessed.

Plaintiff's attorneys are Messrs. Hujac & Brice and their residence is Carlsbad, New Mexico.

Witness the Hon. William H. Pope, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, of the Territory of New Mexico, and of the Fifth Judicial District Court thereof, and the seal of said District Court this 14th day of July A. D. 1908.

S. I. ROBERTS, Clerk.

G. E. BENSON, Deputy.

Notice of Suit.

In the District Court, Eddy County, New Mexico. The Malaga Land & Improvement Company, Plaintiff.

No. 40.

George B. Cook, and all unknown claimants of interest in and to the premises hereinafter described adverse to plaintiff, Defendants.

To the defendants in the above cause, greeting.

You will take notice that there has been filed against you in the District Court for the Fifth Judicial District of the Territory of New Mexico, within and for the county of Eddy, a suit by The Malaga Land & Improvement Company, in a cause therein wherein The Malaga Land & Improvement Company is plaintiff and George B. Cook and all unknown claimants of interest in and to the premises hereinafter described adverse to plaintiff are defendants, and numbered 40 on the docket of said court. That said suit is now pending in said court.

That the general object of said suit is to quiet the title to and described herein, plaintiff alleging that the defendants claim some right, title or interest in and to the same or some portion thereof, and that plaintiff alleges it is the owner in fee simple of the same. Said land is situated in Eddy County, New Mexico, and particularly described as follows, to-wit: The south 1/2 of the northeast 1/4 of Section 3, Township 24, south of Range 28, East N. M. P. M.

Plaintiff prays that plaintiff's estate in and to said premises be established as superior to such adverse claims, and the defendants and each of them be barred and forever estopped from having or claiming any right, title or interest in and to the said premises adverse to the plaintiff and that the plaintiff's title thereto be forever quieted, and set at rest, and the plaintiff recover costs of suit and have such other relief as it may be entitled to.

You are further notified that if you fail to enter your appearance in said cause on or before the 15th day of September, 1908, judgment by default will be rendered against you in said cause and the allegations in plaintiff's complaint will be taken as confessed.

Plaintiff's attorneys are Messrs. Hujac & Brice and their residence is Carlsbad, New Mexico.

Witness the Hon. William H. Pope, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, of the Territory of New Mexico, and Judge of the Fifth Judicial District Court thereof, and the seal of said District Court this 14th day of July A. D. 1908.

S. I. ROBERTS, Clerk.

G. E. BENSON, Deputy.

Notice of Sale by Special Master

In the District Court of Eddy County, New Mexico.

E. F. Emerson, Plaintiff.

No. 399.

J. L. Emerson and Robert Emerson, Defendants.

Whereas, on the 23rd day of January, 1908 the District Court within and for the county of Eddy aforesaid in that certain cause, pending, entitled and numbered as above, by its judgment and decree made and entered of record in said cause, entered judgment in favor of said plaintiff E. F. Emerson and against the defendant, J. L. Emerson for the sum of \$2400.12, with interest and costs of suit, and,

Whereas, it was further provided in and by said judgment and decree that in case said judgment, with interest and costs of suit be not paid to said plaintiff within ninety days from the date of said decree, then and in that case, the premises described in said decree, to-wit: Lots 7 and 9 in Block 25 of the Stevens Addition to the town of Eddy (now called Carlsbad) Eddy County, N. M. and all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption of said defendants and all persons claiming said premises by, through or under them be sold at public auction, to the highest and best bidder, by the undersigned Special Master who was appointed in and by said decree for the purpose of making such sale; and,

Whereas, more than ninety days has elapsed since the rendition of said decree, and said judgment, interest and costs of suit remain wholly unpaid.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that the undersigned Special Master will, on Saturday, the 23rd day of August, 1908, between the hour of 9 o'clock A. M. and time of sunset of that day, at the front door of the Court House in the County of Eddy, Territory of New Mexico, sell at public auction, for cash in hand, to the highest and best bidder, the real estate in said decree described, as follows, to-wit: Lots Seven (7) and Nine (9) in Block Twenty-eight (28) in the Stevens Addition to the town of Eddy (now called Carlsbad) Eddy County, New Mexico, for the purpose of satisfying said judgment, interest and costs of suit.

J. D. WALKER, Special Master.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that The Board of Education of the Town of Carlsbad will sell to the highest bidder for cash, at not less than par, Coupon Bonds to the aggregate amount of Twelve Thousand, Five Hundred (\$12,500.00) Dollars, payable in twenty (20) years and redeemable at the option of the said Board of Education of the town of Carlsbad after ten (10) years said bonds being dated July 1st, 1908, and bearing interest at the rate of six (6) per cent per annum, payable semi-annually at New York City and Carlsbad, New Mexico. Said Bonds will be sold by me at the office of the First National Bank in Carlsbad, New Mexico, on the 19th day of August, A. D. 1908, by order of The Board of Education of the town of Carlsbad, New Mexico.

At Carlsbad, New Mexico this 8th day of July, 1908.

J. E. LAVERY, Treasurer of the Town of Carlsbad, New Mexico.

Notice of Suit.

In the District Court, Eddy County, New Mexico. The Malaga Land & Improvement Company, Plaintiff.

No. 341.

Edgar B. Bronson, C. H. Eddy, Trustee for the use of Grace V. Bronson, Grace V. Bronson, W. H. Austin and J. George Hinzinger and all unknown claimants of interest in and to the premises hereinafter described adverse to plaintiff, Defendants.

To the defendants in the above cause, greeting.

You will take notice that there has been filed against you in the District Court for the Fifth Judicial District of the Territory of New Mexico, within and for the county of Eddy, a suit by The Malaga Land & Improvement Company, in a cause therein wherein The Malaga Land & Improvement Company is plaintiff and Edgar B. Bronson, C. H. Eddy, Trustee for the use of Grace V. Bronson, Grace V. Bronson, W. H. Austin and J. George Hinzinger and all unknown claimants of interest in and to the premises hereinafter described adverse to plaintiff are defendants, and numbered 341 on the docket of said court. That said suit is now pending in said court.

That the general object of said suit is to quiet the title to and described herein, plaintiff alleging that the defendants claim some right, title or interest in and to the same or some portion thereof, and that plaintiff alleges it is the owner in fee simple of the same. Said land is situated in Eddy County, New Mexico, and particularly described as follows, to-wit:

The south 1/2 of the southeast 1/4 of section 15, southeast 1/4 of the northeast 1/4, East 1/2 of the southeast 1/4, and the southwest 1/4 of the southeast 1/4, of section 21, all in Township 24, south of Range 28, East N. M. P. M.

Plaintiff prays that the plaintiff's estate in and to said premises be established as superior to such adverse claims, and that the defendants and each of them be barred and forever estopped from having or claiming any right title or interest in and to the said premises adverse to the plaintiff and that the plaintiff's title thereto be forever quieted and set at rest; and that the plaintiff recover costs of suit and have such other relief as in the premises it may be entitled to.

You are further notified that if you fail to enter your appearance in said cause on or before the 15th day of September, 1908, judgment by default will be rendered against you in said cause and the allegations in plaintiff's complaint will be taken as confessed.

Plaintiff's attorneys are Messrs. Hujac & Brice and their residence is Carlsbad, New Mexico.

Witness the Hon. William H. Pope, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, of the Territory of New Mexico, and of the Fifth Judicial District Court thereof, and the seal of said District Court this 14th day of July, A. D. 1908.

S. I. ROBERTS, Clerk.

G. E. BENSON, Deputy.

A Dandy for Burns

Dr. Bergin, Pana, Ill. writes: I have used Ballard's Snow Liniment always recommended it to my friends as I am confident there is no better made. It is a dandy for burns. Those who live on farms are especially liable to many accidental cuts, burns, bruises, which heal rapidly when Ballard's Snow Liniment is applied. It should always be kept in the house." 25c, 50c and \$1.00. Sold by the Eddy Drug Co.

Quick Meal Gasoline Stoves. We sell them, prices \$3.50 to \$35.00. Tracy-Roberts Hdw Co.

Go to the City Livery Stable to get your horse fed.

\$100 Reward.

For arrest of and conviction of any person stealing my horses or cattle.

A. C. HEARD.

The World's Best Climate

is not entirely free from disease, on the high elevations fevers prevail while on the lower levels malaria is encountered to a greater or less extent, according to altitude. To overcome climate affections, lassitude, malaria jaundice, biliousness, fever and ague, and general debility, the most effective remedy is Electric Bitters, the great alterative and blood purifier; the antidote for every form of bodily weakness, nervousness, and insomnia. Sold under guarantee at the Eddy Drug store. Price 50c.

A Dangerous Feat.

For a feat of dexterity and nerve it would be difficult to surpass that of the Boesjesman of South Africa, who walks quietly up to a puff adder and deliberately sets his bare foot on its neck. In its struggles to escape and attempts to bite its assailant the poison gland secretes a large amount of the venom. This is just what the Boesjesman wants. Killing the snake he eats the body and uses the poison for his arrows.

BIG ROAD PROBLEM.

THE EFFECT OF TWO TIRES.

Soft Rubber Variety Injures Where the Iron Improves—International Congress of Highway Engineers Will Discuss the Issue.

Few would think that the soft pneumatic tire of the whizzing automobile could so shorten the life of the macadam roads as to absorb the attention of highway engineers of every civilized country of the globe, yet they are doing an incredible amount of damage daily to rock surfaced highways, and France has called an international congress of highway engineers at Paris on Oct. 11 to discuss this latest and most startling road problem.

To understand how the broad, soft rubber tires of the modern gasoline propelled juggernaut kills the roads which iron tired wagons improve one must have at least an inkling of the methods adopted by Tressanget of Limoges and Macadam of Ayrshire when the so called modern first rock surfaced highways were planned and put down. Macadam figured that the constant passing of iron tired wagons



DAMAGING EFFECT OF AUTOMOBILES.

over a crushed stone highway would grind dust particles from the stones, that those particles would fill in all interstices and that wettings and rollings would not only give a hard, smooth surface, but that the highway would improve as the years pass.

For a century and a quarter the wisdom of the Scotch road builder was justified. Every country that lays claim to civilization adopted it, and thousands of miles of road were laid annually in France, Germany, England, Holland and the United States.

Then came the automobile, and a few years after its arrival the road overseers began to notice the deterioration of these highways. Broad and level stretches became strewn with surface stones, ruts became frequent, and dust clouds were constantly settling on the adjacent property. The trouble was quickly traced to the automobile.

These machines through the tractive and centrifugal forces exerted by their rapidly turning wheels were pulling the rock dust from the roads and swirling it away in blinding clouds. While every iron bound wagon tire was doing its own small percentage of rock crushing, dust making, road smoothing and rock tamping, every rubber automobile tire was undoing that work by taking the dust away.

Tressanget and Macadam knew that the effect of wagon traffic would be beneficial to rock surface roads, but they never suspected that in future years chugging machines, guided by bogged, speed and enthusiasts, would rush frantically across the face of nature or that the wheels of the odd vehicles in which they journeyed would be bound by air stuffed rubber.

The antidote lies in the discovery of a method which will benefit both the road and the car. Study to overcome existing conditions by creating better conditions is now going forward, and it is practically certain that when the international congress meets there will be a solution of the road problem and the evil effects of the automobile will be turned to a benefit.

Director Page of the office of public roads of the United States department of agriculture, who recently received through the French ambassador, M. Jusserand, an invitation to attend the congress at Paris in the fall, was asked recently if the life of the highways was so seriously menaced as to justify a condemnation of the motor car and to warrant an international congress to discuss it.

"Nobody who has made a study of the hard surface roads of this or any other country would attempt to deny that the motor car is constantly shortening the life of such thoroughfares," said the director, "but that is no reason for the condemnation of the automobile. The arrival of this machine has created a new and unlooked for condition. That means that the new condition must be studied and the problems which have arisen must be solved. It does not mean that because the roads suffer through the arrival of the motor car the motor car shall pass in the interest of road preservation."

"I regard the automobile as an important factor in the upbuilding of civilization, and it has come to stay. It has created conditions demanding the best thought of the highway engineers of the world. I see in the solution nothing short of ideal dustless roads."

Finlay-Pratt Hardware Co. Farming Implements Royal Hay Presses Hay Stackers and All Kinds of FARMING TOOLS Finlay-Pratt Hardware Co.

WHAT A WAGNER MOTOR WILL DO.

You give a Wagner Electric Motor a kilowatt hour of electricity. The Motor will—Saw 300 feet of timber. Clean 5,000 knives. Clean seventy-five pairs of shoes. Chop five horses. Run a sieve two hours. Iron thirty silk hats. Grind 120 pounds of coffee. Knead eight sacks of flour. Fill and cork 250 dozen pint bottles. Pump an ordinary church organ for one service. Pump 100 gallons water twenty-five feet. Run buffing wheel twenty hours. Run an electric piano ten hours. Lift three and a half tons seventy-five feet in four minutes. Run a small ventilating fan twenty hours. Run a large ventilating fan ten hours. Run a sewing machine twenty hours. Carry your dinner upstairs every day for one week. Carry you thirty times from basement to attic eighty feet. Carry you three miles in an electric broadham. Make you happy. A CHILD CAN HANDLE WAGNER MOTOR.

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JONSON & EDERLE, Makers COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.

The Bank Saloon,

Drop in when in town

and we will convince you

We Keep NOTHING BUT THE BEST

WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS.

AT REASONABLE RATES

Simpson & Co. Proprietors. Phone 14

CHEAPER LUMBER

Owing to the recently reduced freight rates and a slight fall in the price of lumber we are able to announce a reduction in the price of lumber from \$2.50 to \$2.40 a thousand. The grade is just as good as ever, the price is less. We are now able to compete with yards on the T. & P. and ask the opportunity to figure with those from the Monument locality who have been hauling from these points.

The Groves Lumber Co.

ADMIRAL DEWEY

Is a Fine Stallion, Owners of Ambitious Mares Should visit him at the

VINEYARD STOCK FARM

THE Carlsbad, New Mexico, Project United States Reclamation Service

The Irrigation Way to the West

EDDY COUNTY lies in latitude 33 degrees north, in the southeast corner of New Mexico, being bounded on the south and east by Texas. Its area is 9,000 square miles. About 170,000 acres are patented, the assessed valuation of which is about \$355,000, and improvements about \$752,000. The population has increased since 1888 from less than 500 to over 10,000 people. The altitude in the valley along the Pecos river is about 3,300 feet. To the west, the Guadalupe mountains rise to 9,200 feet. To the east and north is a range of hills and low mountains, effectually shutting out the cold piercing winds of winter.

Irrigation began here, in a small way, in 1888, when a little ditch was taken out at grade a few miles above the present Avalon dam, and water was carried about nine miles to irrigate a portion of what is now known as La Huerta and the trees along the streets of the present town of Carlsbad. From this beginning gradually grew the present extensive system, which was put out of business by the destruction of the old Avalon dam in October, 1904, by the most disastrous flood ever known on the Pecos.

The stockholders of the Pecos Irrigation Company, then owner of the irrigation works, were reluctant to furnish the money necessary to rebuild the dam, and, with their consent an appeal was made by the settlers to the United States Reclamation Service to come to their rescue. The government responded promptly. Engineers came here in December, 1904, and made a most careful examination of the old works, the lands, the water supply, and the agricultural possibilities. These were found satisfactory, and the government acquired the irrigation works, which it at once proceeded to repair and reconstruct, making the best works, that money and modern engineering skill can devise.

Carlsbad Project has two reservoirs on the Pecos river, the first at McMillan, 15 miles north of Carlsbad, capacity 35,000 acre feet, another at Avalon six miles north of Carlsbad, capacity 5,500 acre feet, a total storage of 40,500 acre feet, of water enough to irrigate from storage alone 25,000 acres of land. The East Side canal is about three miles long. The southern canal and its extension below Black river, about 35 miles. The Southern canal crosses the Pecos river in a concrete flume 513 feet long. This was originally built at a cost of over \$50,000, and since has been further strengthened and extended. At Dark Canyon, a steel reinforced concrete pressure pipe, about six feet in diameter and 100 feet long, carries the canal below the bed of the stream, thus avoiding the floods that caused serious trouble to the canal in the past. The dam at Avalon, the distributing reservoir, is over 1,000 feet long and has been constructed with exceptional care. It has a concrete and steel core from rock bed to crest. Ample spillway has been provided to care for floods many times greater than have ever been known on the Pecos river. Water was ready for delivery April 1st, 1906, from the government works, and will be furnished for only 20,000 acres. Maintenance and distribution are in charge of government engineers, thus assuring permanency, stability and absolute equality of water rights have been approved by government engineers and lawyers. An incorporated association of water users, electing its own directors and officers, deals with the United States. Each resident owner of water right land has a share of stock in this association for each acre of water right, and each share is entitled to one vote at the meetings of said association. The shareholders of the association own all the water, but the title to the irrigation works remains permanently in the United States, thus assuring perpetual federal guardianship of each individual's rights as well as of the canal and dams, which will be paid for in ten equal annual installments of \$1 per acre, without interest.

Water Supply. And the water here, the Pecos river is a living stream that at its lowest known stage carries annually 15,000,000 acre feet of water. The water supply was fully investigated by government engineers and the title to the water carefully examined by government attorneys before a dollar was expended on a single foot of concrete dam. Therefore, with works of the character which the government has constructed here, and an ample and certain water supply, the farmer under the Carlsbad Project can plant and know what the harvest will be.

Lands Under Carlsbad Project. Over 11,000 acres of land were classified under the Carlsbad Project. Out of this the government selected 20,000 acres, the crown of it all. This selection was made with great care by the engineer in charge of the Reclamation Service, and it was based on data obtained by a series of examinations extending over a number of years. In the spring of 1906, the engineer of said land made the final examination, spending months in going over it in detail, cutting out something here, and another tract there until he had a list of the chosen lands under the canal. This classification of the lands by the government itself is of value to every owner of land under the project. Not all land that looks well as valuable for agriculture, and often is the home seeker deceived by appearances, while here he has the reports of government experts on the character of the soil of any tract which he may wish to buy.

Telephone service with long distance connection with El Paso, Roswell, Alamogordo, Texas, and other points north, south and west, runs throughout the farms. Free rural delivery runs ten miles south of Carlsbad. There are post offices at Florence and Malaga. No irrigated farm is distant more than three miles from a railway shipping point.

Soils. The soil is generally a sandy loam underlain with gravel or rock. It varies in depth from three to twenty feet. It is easily worked and responds well to cultivation. It retains moisture well, as a properly cultivated field of corn will continue to grow steadily for weeks without rain or irrigation. All soil comes from the grinding up and disintegration of rock. The Pecos Valley soil has its original strength. The rains have not leached it, but it is as the great mills of the ages left it.

Farm and Orchard Products. The variety of products that may be raised profitably under the Carlsbad Project is unusually large, and the tiller of the soil may choose what suits his taste and inclination. This point is important, as in most sections only one or two crops are staple and grown as a money crop. It is worthy of note that what grows best here is high priced, and therefore most profitable.

Fruits. This district is the peer of any in the United States in producing perfect fruit in great variety. Local conditions, climate, soil protection from severe frosts and by cold winds, moderate altitude, abundant sunshine, moisture at proper time, give fruit flavor, texture, color and keeping qualities that are unsurpassed. Deciduous fruit of every variety, as far as tried, grows to perfection. There is no danger of the over-production of fruit, especially of the quality produced under the Carlsbad Project.

Peach. Its delicious flavor and richness, color, its shipping qualities, places the Carlsbad peach at the top. Year after year in competition with peaches from the favored peach districts in the West, it has brought the highest price.

Apples. The Pecos Valley apple must be seen and tasted to be fully appreciated. It simply attains perfection in color, shape, texture and flavor.

Pear. It grows to a remarkable size, and at the same time is perfect in color, texture and flavor. To really appreciate the Bartlett pear the Pecos valley product must be seen and sampled.

Plums. Many varieties of plums have been tried. The quality is the best and the productiveness is remarkable.

Grapes. Many varieties have been tried and none have failed to produce abundantly and of the best quality. Soil and climate seem especially adapted to the culture of the European grape.

Other Fruits. The nectarine, cherry, apricot, quince, persimmon, etc., reach the same perfection as elsewhere in the territory.

Farm Products. Alfalfa, the peer of forage plants, is the leading hay crop. It is cut four or five times each year, and furnishes some pasture besides. One hundred acres of alfalfa means busy times, haying from May 1st till late in the fall, as one cutting is hardly out of the way till the next is ready for the mower. The yield will average over one ton to the cutting, while many fields produce over two tons. The market for hay is unlimited.

Kafir Corn and Sorghum. The first is grown for corn and fodder and it is a heavy yielder and gives better returns than Indian corn. Sorghum is grown for fodder, and is often planted as a catch crop. It is cured for hay, or fed green, hogs, cattle and horses relishing the juicy feed.

Cotton. Cotton produces remarkably well, one bale to a bale and a half to the acre being not uncommon. The staple is of a fine quality and usually grades above middling. There are gins at Carlsbad and Florence. Nowhere else in New Mexico is cotton commercially grown as yet. Owing to the sunshine and altitude the boll weevil is unknown and impossible.

Small Grains. Winter oats have become one of the leading field crops in the valley. After the oats are removed in the spring, some other field crop may be grown on the same land in the summer. Winter wheat, rye and barley may also be used to advantage in rotation with corn, cotton and alfalfa.

Root Crops. The sugar beet, mangel, carrot, turnip and other root crops seem especially adapted to this locality. The sugar contents of the beets is especially high.

Melons and Cantaloupes. The perfect sunshine, hamper, sweetness and flavor into the melon and cantaloupe. They are equal to the best that are produced anywhere in the United States. The uniformity, both of melons and cantaloupes, in size and quality, insure a ready sale at the top price even when the market is glutted with inferior stuff. Soil and climate seem to possess the essentials required for producing the delicate flavor and the juicy meat of the

FARMS in the Famous PECOS VALLEY SOLD on the INSTALLMENT PLAN

DON'T miss this opportunity to invest in New Mexico farms. When you buy one of these farms you are not prospecting with your money for veins of gold that will never be found or boring a hole for oil or gas that will never burn, but you are buying a farm at the lowest price that good irrigable land ever sells for.

Every paper that you read tells you that

Men are Making Fortunes in Real Estate. ARE YOU?

WHY NOT? Because you are buying none. Every person who buys one of these farms prepares for old age.

Do you know about our Five acre tract and town lot proposition? If you do not and are interested ask us to tell you about it.

MALAGA LAND & IMPROVEMENT CO.

cantaloupes, and giving sweetness and crispness to the watermelon.

Dairying. The dairying interest is a source of certain and large returns. Alfalfa, kaffir corn, cotton seed, small grain and root crops make an ideal dairy ration that every farmer can produce for himself. The home market is large. Butter finds a ready sale at 10 to 15 cents a pound the year round. This mild climate requires no expensive building for the stock.

Poultry. Poultry may be raised with less labor and at lower cost than at any place in the territory. Eggs will average 25 cents, seldom selling below 20 cents. Spring chickens find ready sale at \$1.50 per dozen.

Bee-keeping. The alfalfa honey of Carlsbad has won a name. Bee-keeping is exceedingly profitable, and some who are devoting nearly all their time to bees make more money on the capital invested than in any other line of business.

Stock Industry. Stock raising is still one of the leading industries of Eddy county. The open range to the east and west of the Carlsbad Project carries thousands of cattle, sheep, goats, and horses. The irrigation farmer who wishes to feed for the market can find high grade steers and lambs on the range at a reasonable price. Pecos Valley fat lands have topped the market in Kansas City and Chicago year after year, and won first prize last year at the International Stock Show, in Chicago.

Gardening. Vegetable growing yields handsome returns. The Pecos Valley celery and asparagus are noted. Tomatoes, onions, cauliflower, cabbage and sweet potatoes are very profitable. By proper rotation, the gardener may have something ready for the market every month in the year. Flowers grow profusely, shade trees and ornamental shrubs grow rapidly, and in a short time the farmer can make the farmstead a thing of beauty.

Carlsbad, the county seat of Eddy county, is located on the Pecos Valley railway, which is now a part of the Santa Fe system, connecting with it and the Fort Worth & Denver and the Choctaw Route at Amarillo, the Belen Cut off at Clovis and the Texas & Pacific at Pecos City, Texas, thus affording railway connections north, east, south and west. The Pecos river skirts the town on the east. The population is 3,000 and is increasing rapidly. The town is a striking example of what water and enterprise can accomplish in the American desert. Broad streets lined with wide-spreading shade trees, fine residences, modern business blocks, substantial public buildings, commodious hotels, two national banks, schools, churches, water works, sewerage system, telephone exchange—local and long distance, electric light and power system, ice factory, hospitals, public library and free reading room, two newspapers, Commercial, Masonic and Odd Fellows' buildings etc., tell a wonderful story of progress. It is a growing town and has made substantial advance, even the last two years. It is headquarters for the United States Reclamation Service for New Mexico and West Texas. The agricultural, pastoral and industrial resources of the county are varied and their development will make Carlsbad a city. Carlsbad has cosmopolitan population, nearly every state and territory in the Union being represented.

In Conclusion. This article would not be complete without saying something for the healthfulness of Eddy county. The high, dry atmosphere is of special benefit to persons afflicted with consumption, asthma and bronchitis. Many people with these diseases have been permanently cured by residence here. Children live out of doors in sunshine throughout the year. Wet feet from mud or dew are practically impossible. Malaria is unknown.

Repeatedly since 1890 prominent officers of the United States engineers sent by the government to discover the best line for a railroad across the Continental Divide to the Pacific have reported emphatically in favor of the passes at the south end of the Guadalupe and Hueco mountains, where an elevation of only 5,000 feet is found with not to exceed a one per cent grade to get through them. These passes lie in an air line between Carlsbad and El Paso, and in connection with the new road assured by Mr. Spreckles, from San Diego to El Paso, offer the shortest line by 800 miles between Kansas City and the Pacific ocean. Citizens of El Paso and Carlsbad, working together, have recently undertaken to promote this line, with the result that a survey has already been ordered from Mangum, Okla., through to El Paso. What the building of this road and the completion of the government work will mean to holders of property in and adjacent to Carlsbad, need not be emphasized. Those who buy now will reap the fruits not only of their own investments, but of the labor and foresight of the pioneers whose patient persistence has laid the sure foundation for steadily increasing and permanent values.

— WANTED —

YOUR PROPERTY TO SELL OR RENT.

We have 500 live agents in all parts of the U. S. and believe we can dispose of your holdings quicker than anyone. We have opened a branch office in the building formally occupied by J. S. Crozier and would be pleased to have you call and list your property with us.

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OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN
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CARLSBAD NEW MEXICO

DR. H. SHIVE

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RELIABLE VETERINARY SURGEON.

Permanently located in Carlsbad.

Treats all diseases of the horse, cow, hog, etc.
Guarantees work to give satisfaction or money
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CIVIL ENGINEER

and

EX-COUNTY SURVEYOR

Twenty-one years experience in surveys of Eddy
and adjoining counties in Texas and New Mexico.

Carlsbad Dairy

Pure Jersey Milk
and Cream Deliv-
ered to all parts of
the city.

J. O. Wersell, Prop'r

Homes for Everybody

HAVE YOU A HOME?

It is the ambition of the average American citizen to own a HOME. Do you own yours? THERE'S no good reason why you should not.

To the average man a house and lot in town or a small shelter from wind or weather, with the title vested in himself is HOME.

The uncertainty of rainfall is not confined to any one locality; it is universal. In the eastern, central or southern states where the farmer depends upon rainfall for the cultivation of crops he is constantly inconvenienced by having either too much rainfall or not enough. It is either a flood or a drought. The springs are too wet for early planting and the summers are too dry for the successful maturing of the crops.

When selecting a home the most essential points to be considered are: a location in a wide-awake, growing and prosperous community with good, deep, rich soils, plenty of bright, warm sunshine all in a healthful climate. With out these NO country can prosper.

WE CAN SUPPLY YOU WITH ONE; ANY KIND AT ANY PRICE.

Without water good fertile soil is fruitless; with a climate of extremes health is uncertain and vegetation scarce.

But, with an abundant supply of pure water, deep, rich, fertile soil, a desirable climate, with mild, sunny and absolutely dry winter it only remains to intelligently irrigate and cultivate the soil.



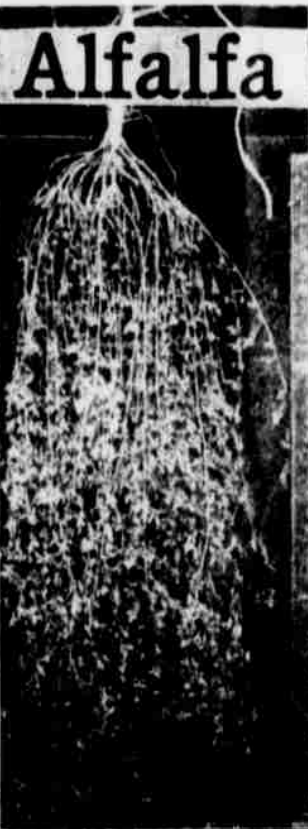
HOME OF W. P. MUDGETT, Two and a Half Miles North of Carlsbad.

These Conditions Exist in the Pecos Valley.

The Irrigation System which is the most gigantic system ever put in operation has transformed the heretofore unproductive Valley of the Pecos into a choice garden spot of the United States and made it a desirable PLACE in which to live.

Its geographical location places it in the semi-tropical zone and its altitude affords it a combination of climate conditions which are unequalled by any other section of farming Lands in the country.

If you want land for a farm, apple or peach orchard or cattle or sheep ranch, we can suit you.



CARLSBAD ALFALFA 3 Ft. High

Sold in tracts of any size, from 1 acre upwards.



KAFFIR CORN, Near Carlsbad

It has been the chief agency in locating hundreds of families of homeseekers in the famous PECOS VALLEY and who are here to stay. Once located, they have learned that under the superior advantages offered under a perfect system of irrigation, with a fertile, rich and productive soil, in a land of "perpetual sunshine," farming is made easy and crops are assured.

We have placed thousands of acres of fine land within the reach of all at figures which will insure their sale.

They are suitable for farming, fruit growing, cattle, horses or sheep ranches and for chicken and duck raising.

If you are looking for an ideal HOME in an ideal climate where long life is assured and living made easy come to the

PECOS VALLEY of New Mexico.



YOUNG ORCHARD, Carlsbad



PEACHES, Near Carlsbad.

The Santa Fe trans-continental railway system, affords ample facilities for transportation for the various industries and products including cattle, sheep, hogs, goats, fruit and feed stuffs. This great railway system connects with the markets of the world in every direction.

This gigantic system of irrigation has been purchased by the reclamation service of the department of the interior of the United States, and the entire system of dams canals and ditches have been remodeled and repaired and are as permanent as the government itself. Under its control and management the system has been greatly enlarged and improved and water supplied in abundance. Orchards thrive and prosper and farms produce an abundant harvest.

Now, we, the Knoblauch Land Co., have thousands of acres of the choicest farming lands in the Valley, which are now thrown on the market for sale at reasonable figures.

Lakewood.

Our land at Lakewood is at the base of the Artesian water supply according to the Gov't. survey thus assuring a greater flow than the wells farther up the valley. Be independent by having an artesian well of your own near the thriving town of Lakewood. Our prices range from \$20. to \$50. per acre, we also have some very attractive assignments and relinquishments which can be bought for from \$7. to \$12. per acre on terms that will interest you.



Artesian Well at Lakewood

Excursion rates may be had over the Santa Fe Railway every 1st and 3rd Tuesday of each month; good for 25 days; Railroad fare Round trip from Chicago \$32.50 Kansas City \$27.50 and return.

KNOBLAUCH LAND COMPANY CARLSBAD, N. M.

Keebler-Page-Dimmitt

Company

We are after you and want you to come after us with the other fellow's price list, then we will show you where we can save you money.

WE ASK NOTHING BUT A FAIR TRIAL;
WE GIVE NOTHING BUT SATISFACTION.

ITEMS FOR MEN:

We have discontinued handling the Florsheim line of shoes and are offering our entire line at a sacrifice. \$6.00 values at \$4.50, \$5.00 values at \$3.85. We are also making a very liberal reduction on all Brown and W. S. S. shoes. We have a few dozen pair of men's Russett and Vici Oxfords, \$3.50 and \$4.00 values now on bargain counter at \$2.00 per pair.

Your Summer Suit;

The unprecedented selling of summer suits last week in our suit section proved conclusively that quality counts and that quality counts and that real value is appreciated.

There are several reasons for the popularity of this section. The main one being the fact that we do exactly as we advertise.

\$20.00 Kuppenheimer suits at **\$15.50**
18.50 " " **12.75**

All others in proportion to these prices.

Bring the other fellow's price list with you, and if we don't save you money, you can have the gray mule.

Ladie's Shoe Department;

Our stock of Oxfords is somewhat broken, but still we have a fair assortment of sizes in the RED CROSS, Russetts, patents, Vici's and Gunmetals.

Ask to see the thred buckle tan, its a winner.

Other Brands.

\$3.50	values at	\$2.65
3.00	" "	2.10
2.50	" "	1.80
2.25	" "	1.65

A few dozen pair of 2.50 and \$3.00 values now on the bargain counter at \$1.50 per pair.

SHOES

FOR MEN WOMEN AND CHILDREN

We all have our reasons for putting on these cut price sales and our main reason is; we need the money, and are willing to exchange some of our good goods for some of your good money.

We ask Nothing but a Fair Trial

We Give Nothing but Satisfaction.

KEEBLER-PAGE-DIMMITT

COMPANY

Only an Office Boy.

"If you want a ready-to-hand study in the downright cussedness of human nature unworped," said an insurance agent, "just watch the office boys in your own or any other place of business. In four cases out of five the thing will come out this way:

"A new boy is engaged. He is meek and mild, apologetic of bearing and courteous of speech. He is apparently seeking an excuse for daring to make a living. He looks reproachfully at the head office boy, who orders him around in a rough, catch-as-catch-can style. Such rudeness pains him.

"Note this boy a little later. His rude superior has resigned or been dismissed, and he is now head office boy

Is he meek and mild, apologetic and reproachful? Say, he's a worse young ruffian than his predecessor—bullyraging the newcomer, ignores the cuspidor, uses language not fit to print and comes dangerously near 'bassing' his employer. He knows it all, and a little more.

"There are exceptions, but they prove the rule."—New York Globe.

A Big Grasshopper.

A geographical expedition which set out for Australia on an exploring and mapmaking tour had engaged a negro cook, who took great interest in everything he saw. While the party was en route a kangaroo broke out of the grass and made for the horizon with prodigious leaps, an event that interested the colored gentleman exceedingly.

"You all have pretty wide meadows hereabouts, I reckon," he said to the native who was guiding the party.

"Not any larger than those of other countries," returned the guide most politely.

"Well, there must be mighty powerful high grass roundabouts, heh?" he insisted.

"Not that I know of," replied the guide. "Why do you ask such odd questions?"

"Why, I'll tell you, boss. I was thinkin' of the mighty uncommon magnitude of them grasshoppers."—Kansas City Independent.

ROADMAKING EXPERIMENT.

Long Island Town to Use Native Stone From Sound Shore as Foundation.

The town board of Riverhead, N. Y., has decided to make an experiment in road building, and it isn't going to have the experiment on a crossroad or in the woods somewhere, but right on a busy part of Main street, in the heart of the business section.

At a recent meeting it voted to spend not over \$1,000 to rebuild that section of Main street between Route 11 and the Congregational church, using native stone gathered from the sound shore a few miles distant for the bed of the road and the usual crushed trap rock for top dressing. This road is now a deplorable mud hole. It is believed the native stone, which is of the proper size without crushing, will be fully equal to macadam material brought from points distant to Long Island, and if it proves sufficient for the needs road building in Riverhead town will be greatly cheapened.

It is interesting to note also in this connection that under the new dog tax



SPREADING TRAP ROCK.

law the town has so far received nearly enough money from the canines to pay for this improvement. The dogs have brought in \$900 net.

If using the native stone proves satisfactory the experiment will have a wider influence than merely local, for there is a great quantity of material that can be gathered at an almost nominal cost and utilized on roads in other towns.

Riverhead's highway commissioner has also been authorized to ascertain the cost of a stone crusher. Possibly Riverhead will buy one and not only make its own macadam material of both coarse and fine sizes, but also make some to sell to other towns, using the rocks along the sound shore for the purpose. Some think it would not only provide a way to get better highways for Riverhead at a moderate

cost, but would be a paying investment through the sale of the macadam.

Maintenance of Macadam Roads.

No macadam road is going to be permanent unless you keep the coarser stones covered up. A floor will never wear out if you keep it carpeted, and just the same treatment will keep the road from wearing out. Carpet it, patch it, but patch it and carpet it with the same kind of material as it is made of—crushed stone—and not with mud from the shoulders or ditches. A highway commissioner or pathmaster who will scrape a lot of mud on top of a gravel or stone road ought to be the center of attraction at the rear end of four mules standing at different angles and be kicked into a cocked hat, to be worn on the head of some "bad roads enthusiast," that the enthusiast may be known of all men for what he really is—a dunce. Every contractor should be required to leave at least five cubic yards of stone chips to the mile, not dust, but chips, measuring from one-eighth inch to three-quarters inch, and whenever there is a depression that will hold a quart of water put in a quart of stone and a little more. If this is done three or four times a year over all your macadam roads you will be surprised how little it costs to keep them in repair. However, if allowed to get out of repair you will be as much surprised to see how quickly they will go to pieces. The best way is, if you do not intend to keep them in perfect repair, don't ever pay out the money to build them.

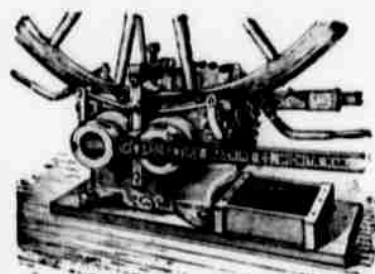
Best Pulp For Colts.

It is stated that for several years colts have been allowed access to sugar beet pulp at a Utah factory, and in no instance, so far as can be learned, has any trouble arisen from feeding it.

TIRES SET

By the

Brooks System



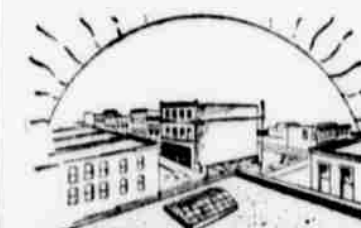
SETS TIRES WHILE YOU WAIT

The O. K. Shop.

List your land with the OLD RELIABLE FARMERS LAND LEAGUE

We are bringing hundreds of prospective buyers to the valley.

E. T. CARTER, Field Manager,
Headquarters: Hotel Schlitz, Carlsbad, New Mex.



GOING UP

NEW BUILDINGS GOING UP

And so are prices of real estate. Now is the time to buy as we have a long list of the best property in the best locality where much improvements is going on in the city or country.

INVESTED IN REAL ESTATE

We want to show you some properties that you can buy with very little cash and that will pay you handsomely in a few days at the most. Many have become rich through buying real estate not as good as we can offer you to-day. This is your chance.

McLenathen & Tracy

REAL ESTATE DEALERS CARLSBAD, N.M.

JOHN R. JOYCE,
President

A. C. HEARD,
Vice President.

G. M. COOKE,
Cashier

CLARENCE BELL,
Asst. Cashier.

The First National Bank

Carlsbad, New Mexico

Capital and Surplus, \$125,000.

We have ample capital and are prepared at all times to care for the needs of our customers. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. No account too small to receive our best attention.

H. A. Houser, President.

R. B. Armstrong, Cashier

The National Bank of Carlsbad

Depository for Eddy County and Territory of New Mexico

Open an account with us and try paying by checks.

You will find it will pay.

DIRECTORS—H. A. Houser, F. F. Doepf, E. Hendricks, M. Livingston, R. B. Armstrong, J. O. Cameron, C. H. McLenathen

Middle of the Block, Next door to Post Office

MRS. LOUISE M. TAFT



Photo copyright by Underwood & Underwood, N. Y.
Mother of the Republican Candidate for the Presidency.

THE SECRET STAIR

By JOHN TRASK

It stands at the head of the long, gentle slope of down approached by the swirling ascents between the hunches, shivering against the dark crevices rising at its back, its square towers, tall and short, standing as though assembled together for defense. Its many small, square windows looking down menacingly across the country, give below its white walls still bar forcing in arm slanting the bolts of the Revolution—the house that once sheltered that famous refugee, whose name has, for certain reasons, since been kept in our family a matter of silence, the appropriate setting of an old romantic tale—none of its corners reached by a stair known only to the inmates, hid him of whom I speak so well that all King George's soldiers ramping through it could not find him. Having passed successfully to many worthy members of the family down to the present from colonial times, it came to me, Richard Clifton, I found myself, at 26, its master, a bachelor living well-to-do, in peace and plenty. In its time-honored, time-faded halls, with a sufficient retinue of servants and an amiable maiden aunt, in rustling, respectable black silk, for comfort, respectability, and all else that was fit.

It was not until she came to visit us—that cousin, Elizabeth, child of my Aunt Matilda Clifton's sister, Eliza Vance, the girl whose beauty in the simpler setting of my home filled me with the pleasure that I felt in all things exquisite and suitable in art, that the place became to me a different thing from that which it had been before. I do not mean, as some may think, a place transformed to me because I found myself in love. I did not know that I loved Elizabeth at first.

We were standing, one afternoon, by the newel in the tower hall. We had been speaking of the old story connected with the house, when Eliza both looked up. Her eyes, searching the stairs, the balcony, the old white doors above us, open, shut, ajar, took on a sudden light. It was but rarely that our eyes that illumination of her face.

"Where is the secret stair?" she asked, with a quick intaking of her breath. "Have you never looked?"

It seemed to me at that moment, as my eyes followed hers and all my husband's love for mystery and adventure began to answer, as remarkable that I had never looked had accepted merely as a legend of the house and probed no further into a heritage so full of charm. The complications of affairs outside, since I had come to the estate, the wealth of what was visible in my new realm, had occupied my thoughts.

"We will find it," I cried, "you and I! We will look now!"

I held out my hand to her, a cousin's hand, but it was like her that she did not seem to see. Together, excited as two children, we sped up the stairs.

We, whispered, tiptoed, like two who were on some clandestine, forbidden quest.

We went through every cranny of the house below, we stood afar off on the lawn outside and counted windows, calculated corners.

I saw afterward what it had meant to me, the ensuing period of close communion, as we carried on our search—the light step that was kept beside me by a common quest, the eyes, so quick to look away, which met with mine at last in real companionship, held by a common interest, the glimpse of her life and soul that Elizabeth was not aware she gave.

It was late one afternoon when, coming suddenly into the library where we were wont to sit, Aunt Matilda, Elizabeth, and I, at seasons when we came together, I found Elizabeth at her embroidery. She was not embroidering. I knew it in the brief impression. The embroidery-frame was teeming in her hands. Was it the late sun through the leaded windows, throwing a mist behind her pale face and soft gown? Her hair against the blinding tints of books that lined the walls, touched here and there with gold? Something in Elizabeth herself that I had never seen or felt before? I only know, it comes to every man at least once in a lifetime—that I knew.

"Elizabeth," I cried, "I love you!" and I felt the earth go round beneath my feet.

She rose quickly, and slipped past me, her eyes, as she stood between me and the door, appealing, startled, wondrous, meeting mine through the veil of strangeness and shyness that had fallen again between us as they had done in that brief period of communion, her hands clasped to her breast.

"I love you, too," she said.

I held my arms to her, but she took another swift step back and shook her head. There was a change in her expression, an almost—was it mirthful?—lighting of her face.

"When," she said, "when you have found the secret stair?"

"Elizabeth," I cried, "Now! Now!" but she was gone. I heard, as I had expected, her laughter in the hall, something in the sound, that ripple that I dared not follow, told me more. A light broke on me, in my joy and my dilemma, and I understood the laughter. She had found it! That evening, it was only a question that I dared to ask her—she told me so, in words.

I knew Elizabeth too well not to know that I must win her in her own way or not at all. She was of those sweetest, wilful dames of times gone by who demanded of their knights a proof of love, for whom men courted perils and crossed swords, who dwelt in lofty towers, none more eagerly sought after, to which men must climb. Did I eagerly desire her? her manner, dear and distant, told me. I would

win her! I would seek! I would seek, had sprung into being in me silently I was seeking, all the love of her that assured her. Was it a knight's part to make complaint or question of his lady's will? Surely no knight of ancient days of chivalry sought, for his lady's sake, more fervently than I. If Elizabeth could find the secret passage, so could I. There was no mouse hole in the house, no ant-hole in the grounds outside, it seemed to me, that I allowed to escape my observation.

I stood by the newel in the hall with spirits low in me, one morning, and as I stood I felt a light touch, from the step above me, on my sleeve. It was Elizabeth, whom I had not seen, except at the table and at her window, for a week.

"Richard," she asked—she had never failed before to prefix it with the cousin—Are we never going to have that little roast pig?"

Her voice—it seemed to me for one brief, intoxicating moment—was full of love and longing, of tenderness, an echo of the voice, in my own heart! I held my hands to her, but she had flown, a vision, always, to enchant and disappear.

Aunt Chloe had long been threatening to roast us a little pig, in southern style, and I immediately sought our old black sovereign and tyrant in her domain.

"Well, Mars Richard," she said, "I'll roast him today—that is if you'll fix my oven for me. De bricks dey fall in de oven las' night again. Deyse fallen twice now—on Miss Elizabeth done fix 'em before."

I took the candle that she gave me and swinging back the door of the big old-fashioned stove, bricked into the wall—from which, exuding heat and savory odors there were went familiarly to leave on the flat, long-handled shovel our nails bread and biscuits, meat and poultry, cakes and pies—put in my head. I was met, in the now cool, black cavern by a little puff of chimney air and dust. Four or five of the bricks from around its iron roof had—Elizabeth! Elizabeth!—as Aunt Chloe had told me, fallen down.

I drew back with the candle. If Aunt Chloe had not been occupied with other interests she would have seen that I was not the same man who went in.

"I think that I can fix it for you, Aunt Chloe," I told her carefully, waiting anxiously behind me, "but I'll have to have the kitchen to myself awhile. Isn't there something you can find to do upstairs?"

"Taint none to hurt you any to have me 'round here," Mars Richard," she retorted, much offended, but I insisted that she leave me, as master of the house. As soon as I heard the last of her retreating footsteps I seized the rolling-pin that she had left lying on the table, the only hammer I could find available, and with an arm made strong by what I say, brought down other of the bricks around the oven-roof. The iron top of the oven, its grooves in the discolored brickwork, was a sliding door. It yielded to my efforts, groaning, and slid back—and the secret stairway was before me, its iron parts, leading from the oven, bedded in the solid masonry with mighty bolts. Hidden so well, I told myself in ecstasy, regarding it, that no one but the devil, that gentleman accustomed to a warm temperature, could have found it. I did not stop to follow that old master at the game of hide-and-seek in his crooked, dark and sadly cramping, if safe, passage through the walls; to discover that it was a little store-room, its partitions now thrown open and the doorway from the secret stair walked over; into which the passage led—the whole house having seemingly been planned to conceal the ingenious contrivance, defying detection to the last. All that came afterward—like Aunt Chloe's dread wrath, I took me to my love.

When Elizabeth and I had returned from our all too brief honeymoon, and Aunt Matilda had gracefully resigned her rustling, black-silk reign—we strolled hand in hand through the old colonial mansion, planning a few—a very few—more modern improvements. As we stepped together into the spacious kitchen, followed by the aged cook, I fancied I caught a sudden gleam of amused understanding pass between them. In the privacy of our apartments that evening I charged Elizabeth with having told Aunt Chloe to call me to repair the oven on a momentary occasion, but she only smiled and would not answer—then her silence.

Would Begin in Schools.

At the International Missionary conference recently one of the speakers advocated the beginning of the missionary educational movement in the public schools and continuing in the churches and colleges of the land. In what way the public school could particularly benefit the movement does not seem apparent.

Drury Lane's Oldest Clown.

James Doughty, for 30 years performing with a troupe of dogs on the West Pier at Brighton, England, claims to be Drury Lane's oldest clown. Doughty, who will be 80 years of age in August, appeared as clown in the Drury Lane pantomime of 1851.

Lim Jucklin on Horse Sense

By Opie Read

The wisecracks of the neighborhood were discussing the question of common sense, sitting about the blacksmith shop, waiting for their horses to be shod, when a silence that had suddenly fallen warned old Limuel Jucklin that it was time for him to say something.

"Yes," he remarked, "good, hard horse sense is of so rare a quality that it is nearly always taken for genius. All that most any man needs is a little judgment, the very governor on the machinery of this life; and being so needful it is what we seem to be most lackin' in. To know how to do a thing isn't much more important than knowin' what not to do. Knowin' when to do it is real genius. If you cut your wheat before it's ripe you get sappy straw for your labor. If you wait too long you get but dry straw. Judgment comes from experience, and common sense is the wisdom beat into the heads of men that have gone before."

"You leave out education," spoke up a schoolmaster.

"Oh, no, I don't, for education is the experience of the mind. It goes back beyond all books, and the first book must have been written out of experience. But to read of the common sense of the other men don't always give us common sense of our own. In my house is a book written by a man named Kant; he calls it the 'Critique of Pure Reason.' Well, since I have more or less let up on hard work I've given a good deal of attention to the books that fortune and a little lookin' around have thrown in my way, but this here one stumped me. I read it forward and I tried it backward, up and down, and it seemed like I wasn't goin' to get a thing out of it. My wife, seen' how I was bothered, begged me to throw it away and eat a boiled dinner that she put on the table. I did eat, but all the time I was thinkin' about that thing all set out there in words plain enough, but what didn't appear to have any meanin'.

After dinner I took it up again and fought with it, holdin' it this way and that, up and down, in the sun at the window and in the shade; but I'll be hanged if I could get at the juice of it. Finally, however, I struck one thing that paid me for all my trouble, and it was this, as near as I can remember it: 'A man may read all books and understand them, and he may be able to speak all languages, and yet all this cannot atone for a lack of what we know as mother wit.' Mother wit—horse sense—you understand."

"But how are we to get or rather I should say, after maturer consideration, how are we to proceed toward the acquirement of that quality denominated by the great German philosopher as mother wit?" protested the schoolmaster, and old Lim replied:

"I'll be blowed if I know."

"Then education is useless," said the schoolmaster.

"Oh, no, but sometimes it does seem like an experiment. There are two sorts of education, you know—one of tremory only and one that teaches a feller how to think for him self. I knew a feller that could hear a sermon once and could come away and repeat every word of it, but he didn't have ability enough of his own to write a notice and tack it on a tree announcin' that he had a mule for sale. He was like a blanket that is rained on. You couldn't wring out of him any more moisture than fell on him. Yes, sir, common sense is mighty high everything. And when it rises into a sort of enthusiasm it is inspiration. Sometimes ignorance takes fire and in its light we see beautiful pictures. If the man is altogether unlettered we call him crazy. But if he can write he may prove to be a genius. It is a sudden lurch of common sense, an overhalance, as it were."

"Then you call genius insanity," said the schoolmaster.

"No, not that, but it is a sort of passion that don't halt to reason by slow means, but that sees all reason in one flash. Now there was Shakespeare—"

"Written by Bacon; but proceed," broke in the schoolmaster.

"I don't care if it was written by ham, lard or soap grease, its sentences are staked off with stars, snatched out of the sky on a June night. It took the world several hundred years to catch up, and neither the railroad train nor these pantin' wagons that, bulleied, plunge across the country has outstripped that book yet. And what is it? A torch held high by common sense. A lantern ray flung into the black face of human nature. Up shows a grim countenance, and then we wonder how a man could have been so smart. Of course, the man that wrote that book had to have words, but common sense finds all the words that are needful to its purposes, all the words there is if there should

be a demand for them, and then make a few."

The schoolmaster shook his head. "Those immortal plays were written by a man of the world, and a world man, of that day, could have come from no place other than a university."

"That's all right and it may be true, but the university is a premium put on common sense. It's a flower bloomin' on the top of the buildin'. And I believe that it would be better for every man and every woman to go through a university. It is the warehouse of the ages. It might not teach us how to make a better livin', but it would enable us better to enjoy the livin' we have. I don't believe in this fool idea that ignorance is any ways kin to bliss. I know what the sayin' is, where ignorance is bliss, and so on, but the world got it wrong and thought it was a plea for ignorance. And neither do I think that a little learnin' is as dangerous as much ignorance. If a man's got little the chances are that he'll get more. If we've got mother wit, and it has come out of nature, let us thank nature for it and try to improve it. But trace it on back and mebbe you'll find that it comes from some care that our forefathers took of themselves. One of these days we'll be forefathers, and right here, I want to say, rests some-thing of a responsibility. Let us all try to light up the future with common sense."

Old man Brizantine said that he was willing. He was sure that he was indebted to his forefathers. His great grandfather had been noted as the best horse trader in the state, "and," he added, "if it hadn't been for him I might not have been such a good judge of a colt."

"Yes, might not have been here at all," Limuel spoke up. "But, not wishin' to do the old man an injustice, I may remark that horse sense don't particularly lend itself to horse swap-pin'."

Brizantine had begun to swell with a resentful reply when the schoolmaster spoke. "But giving genius the place of high common sense, undergoin', I might say, some of its own and peculiar evolutions, don't you believe that it sometimes goes through this world unappreciated?"

"Well, I have heard folks say that they wasn't taken at their worth. I know some that haven't been taken at their word. Recollect old Gabner Hightower, over on the creek? He had a son that was a born genius. His name was Elihu and he looked it all right. They didn't want him to sell his hands for fear that it might smirch his genius. His mother wanted him for the church because he wasn't strong in body, and his dad wanted him for the law, because his habit of silence would prove him a good judge. In the meantime Jim, Elihu's brother, worked in the field. Well, they first tried the pulpit and then they tried the law, but Elihu had too much genius for either one. Then they thought he was designed by nature to write hymns, and he tried his hand at it, but failed. They tried many things before they found out what he had a genius for."

"And what was it?" the schoolmaster inquired.

"Well, nothin' but for just lookin' like a genius. And Jim, his brother, invented an evaporator for makin' sorghum molasses and now owns about a third of the county. Yes, sir, horse sense."

(Copyright, by Opie Read.)

Couldn't Make It Out.

Barnard college girls are being instructed on the subject of equal suffrage by a course of lectures, giving both sides of the question. The anti were represented by Mrs. Barclay Hazard and Mrs. Annie Nathan Meyer. The girls say they found no difficulty with Mrs. Meyer's speech, but that they couldn't make out what Mrs. Hazard meant when she said: "Let no restless ambition to play a part in factional public life induce you to surrender the absolutely unique position which we pioneers have gained for you." Mrs. Florence Kelly is the suffragist who is to show them the other side.

Easy to Watch Auto's Speed.

A New York inventor has devised a mechanical attachment for an automobile which, on pressing a button, will start a watch or clock fastened to the dashboard. At the end of a mile the watch stops automatically, thus enabling the driver to test his speed from time to time.

A Study in Finance.

Why is it that, when you finally have a good bank roll, you are so reluctant to buy all those things you felt you needed?

LOCAL NEWS.

Messrs. Epperson and Shadinger, of Malaga, were in town Tuesday.

T. F. Blackmore, the Eddy county abstract man of Artesia was in town Tuesday.

Turn out and hear how Larrazolo can talk, at the court house Tuesday July 28th.

The T X Pool shipped 1500 head of steers Monday, 1200 twos and the balance threes.

George Knoblaugh, of the Knoblaugh Land Company sold this week the Craft residence in Carlsbad to Mrs. Flora Clay.

Harry Gaither, of Monument, came in Tuesday to buy the Mitchell sheep, but found the deal closed before he arrived.

Lee Danley and Pedro Etcheverry left Monday for the Plains seventy miles east where Mr. Danley will turn over the Mitchell sheep to Mr. Etcheverry.

W. E. Thayer the Dark Canon cow man contemplates purchasing a home and moving his family to Carlsbad to take advantage of school facilities.

Mr. Geo. B. Bigelow, of Dayton and Miss Ella Locklear were married by Judge Cunningham last Friday evening at the office of the judge in the court house.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Bujac returned from Santa Fe last Sunday morning where the Captain succeeded in securing the release of Neil Willy and starting him home.

W. G. Brown left Tuesday for St. Louis to place his patent for a nut splitter on the market. His books and accounts will be looked after by J. B. Harvey while his head blacksmith Mr. Sesson will have charge of the shop.

F. W. Moore, the piano tuner of Abilene, was in town last Friday and tuned a number of instruments. Mr. Moore has given excellent satisfaction and will undoubtedly get more business the next time he visits Carlsbad.

H. A. Kuykendall, of Dark Canyon brought in some champion peaches for the Albuquerque Fair Tuesday which weighed on an average of 1-18 pounds each. The fruit has a beautiful color and the flavor was exceptionally delicious.

D. B. Sutherland has already preserved thirty-six jars of fine fruit for the Albuquerque Fair; the list includes apples, pears, peaches, cherries, apricots, and plums. The start has hardly been made yet and Carlsbad should go to Albuquerque with at least 100 jars of fruit.

The parents and relatives of the twin babies of Mr. and Mrs. Jess Wiggins, mourn the loss of Mona, who died July 4th. This paper acknowledges receipt of an obituary that is not published for lack of space, though if possible it would be gladly printed. The article will be held until called for.

Henry Jones came in Monday evening from Lordsburg, where he left B. A. Nymeyer and his surveying outfit. B. A. had employed a negro cook and Henry objected to eating the grub cooked by a negro, hence his return to the Pecos Valley. He states that B. A. surveyed a township near Lincoln, near where Henry has found a mine exhibiting some good rock from it.

The F. A. Percy place, adjoining La Huerta and formerly one of the prettiest places in the valley was sold last week by J. S. Crozier to Charles Denis of Perry, Oklahoma. Mr. Dennis will move his family here in the near future and make extensive improvements on his farm. The place contains ninety-four acres of watered land and 106 acres of dry land, the price was \$15,000.

Carlsbad Peaches.

The following telegram and letters to F. G. Tracy regarding peaches is self explanatory and speaks volumes for the quality of fruit raised near Carlsbad

Trinidad, Colorado,
July 21 1908

F. G. Tracy,
Carlsbad, N. M.
Can use fifteen boxes of peaches daily.

The Gerardi Mercantile Co.
Texas Elbertas are selling in Colorado at seventy-five cents per crate and Colorado peaches at eighty-five cents per crate. The prices quoted on Carlsbad peaches make them cost at Trinidad \$1.10 per crate. This goes to show what Colorado people think of Carlsbad fruit.

The Donaldson & Howard Commission Co.

Denver, Colo
July 22 1908.

McLenathen & Tracy,
Carlsbad, N. M.
Gentlemen:-

Your letter received. There are a great many peaches in the market, but nothing like the kind you ship.

Texas Elbertas are selling at 75c per crate and Colorado Alexanders, small ones at 85c per box, but the stock that you usually ship should bring good prices, from a dollar all the way up to a dollar and a half if the quality is as fine as heretofore. Make shipment and we will advise you by wire how we come out on it.

Thanking you and awaiting your reply, we are

Most Respectfully yours,
The Donaldson & Howard Com. Co.

Parties from Iowa are in Carlsbad this week looking over the creamery prospects here and say they are very well pleased with the outlook. Those throughout the valley who are interested can help matters along materially by reporting the number of cows they now have and the number they would be willing to milk if a creamery were installed. W. B. Wilson, president of the farmers club at Otis, A. N. Hove secretary of the Pecos Water Users Association or James S. Carter of the Commercial Club will receive the reports of the farmers and give information in regard to the creamery.

Brother Christopher, the brother, who has been with the Franciscan Fathers in Carlsbad for two years was taken violently ill last week from the effects of gall stones. He was taken to Roswell where an operation was performed at St. Mary's hospital and twenty-nine gall stones removed three of which were about three-fourths inches in diameter. Some of the gall stones had grown to the duct or passage way from the gall sack to the stomach and had they not been removed would have destroyed his life shortly. As it is he is in a precarious condition.

Mr. Cyrus J. James, who has been very ill for some time with neuralgia or something similar is reported some better.

Mrs. W. H. Hull is very ill with pneumonia. Her sisters Miss Martha Brown and Mrs. A. P. Green, both of St. Louis, are at her side.

W. Prendergast, a brother-in-law of McShane, of Florence came in from Chicago, last night and went down to see his relatives near Florence on the train this morning.

S. I Roberts and son Jean departed for Long Beach, California last Saturday.

FOUND:-A small sum of money, which owner can recover by calling on D. G. Grantham, describing same and paying for this notice.

Uncle Mike Wilson is improving.

Come and hear Larrazolo next Tuesday.

C. R. Brice is visiting with his family in Blooming Grove, Texas

G. W. Swift came in this morning from Iowa City, Iowa.

Gov. Curry has appointed F. G. Tracy and E. P. Bujac as delegates to the National Irrigation Congress to be held at Albuquerque.

Daniel Schley Lowenbruck had a party Monday in honor of his tenth birthday at which quite a large number of his young friends participated.

Joe Kauba, W. E. Washington's right bower was in town this week. Mr. Washington also visited his ranch near Geyser the first of the week.

Jim Bolt came in from his claim, eighteen miles west of Portales, yesterday. Jim is looking for a job to build cisterns, being a good hand at that work.

John Woerner, brother of W. G. and Ed Woerner departed Wednesday morning for his home in Louisville, Kentucky, where he is engaged in the life insurance business. John would do well any place on earth in life insurance or anything else being well liked by all.

Sheepmen Organize.

The sheep owners of Chaves and Eddy county met in Roswell last Saturday and formed what is to be known as the Southeastern New Mexico Sheep Breeders Association. The members of the association includes about all the sheep men of the two counties. While in session resolutions were passed denouncing the system of paying herders in advance, a system that has grown of late years until it is almost impossible to secure a sheep herder without an advance of from five dollars to a year's wages, as high as \$200.00, having been demanded and received as payment in advance for labor. The system, for such it has become, has resulted in large losses to sheep owners, for frequently a Mexican would quit the country in debt to his employer, going to Mexico or some other state, and having no property, a civil suit would be only throwing good money after bad. The sheep owners of Chaves and Eddy counties also learned that herders were demanding and receiving about \$10.00 per month more than either north or south of these two counties. An agree-

The Rain Gauge

The heaviest rainfall of the season for any twenty four hours at Carlsbad occurred since five P. M. yesterday, the government rain gauge at this place showing 2.96 or within four one hundredths of three inches. The day before 1.73, Tuesday .35 fell and Monday .20, Sunday .10 fell and last Friday .8. Previous to this the last was on the sixth when quite a good rain fell.

All the country west of town was under water this morning the flood from the hills covering the flats west of the ditch with over a foot of water. People coming in from Toyah say the whole country is soaked for a hundred miles south. The Plains on the east also received plenty of rain. The only parts that seem to have been missed is the country on the north no rain of importance falling between here and Roswell.

There will be a congregational meeting at the close of service at the Presbyterian church, Carlsbad, N. M., Sunday morning Aug. 2, for the purpose of calling a pastor, all members of the church and congregation are requested to be present.

W. B. Wilson,
Clerk of the Session.

The Lakewood Boosters Club will give a dance at Lakewood Inn, Saturday night the 25th, following the ball game in the afternoon between Hope and Lakewood, for the benefit of the cemetery fund. Ice cream and cake will be served on the lawn by the ladies.

Ballad of Sleepy Bill.
In Sleepyville dwelt Sleepy Bill,
Who kept a sleepy still.
A place was it to curl up or sit
And snore and snore and snore.
And sometimes came to play a game
Of checkers three or four.
But seldom there a lady fair
A bargain came to buy.
For women a rage in catalogues
Quite often caught the eye.
Things for sale they bought by mail
At prices low or high.

In town one day appeared a gay
And lively youth, who quoth:
"Why sit and snore and let your store
Run down? Upon my oath,
Lend me rain things and make, by jings,
A fortune for us both!"

Bill said "O. K." and dozed away.
But Mr. Lively sized
Things up at once—he was no dunce—
And went and advertised
Such bargains rare (Bill had 'em there)
The public was surprised.

The buyers came—young girl and dame
And youth and man and child.
There was a rum, a real crush—
In fact, to put it mild,
All Sleepyville woke up, until
The rush was almost wild.

And Bill awoke and even spoke.
He said: "I'm feelin' sore.
I never thought folks would have
Fought
To patronize my store.
I guess them ads. is poplar fade—
I'll advertise some more!"
T. SAPP, JR.

A Dish of Tea.
In reference to a note about a "dish of tea," it may be mentioned that "dish" throughout the eighteenth century was a colloquialism for cup. In fashionable houses at first, and for long, tea was drunk from a cup without a handle brought from China. The vessel was termed a dish. When the Chinese cup was first copied by English potters, the convenience of a handle was added. The saucer also was brought from China. It received the name because of its resemblance to the English saucer, a platter in which sauce was served. The familiar gift, "saucer eyes," was originally inspired by the saucer saucer long before Lord Arlington gave the first tea party in England in Arlington House, where Buckingham palace stands, at the Restoration period.—London Chronicle.

Destructive Music.
A member of the board of directors of the Metropolitan Opera House tells a story that he had from one of the musicians attached to the orchestra there. It appears that a friend of the wife of the musician had during a call on the latter inquired as to the husband's taste in musical matters. Among other things she wanted to know what operas the musician liked best to play. "I don't know much about dot," said the better half, who was at the time busily engaged in darning an old shirt, "but I do know somethings. Votseffer he likes I like not dos Wagner operas. Dey sounds vell enough, but dose clothes—ach! He neffer yet comes home from dot Wagner opera dot he haf not torn a place in his poor old shirts. I prefer the Italian operas."

COME OUT!!

HEAR LARRAZOLO

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE for DELEGATE to CONGRESS, PRO-
POUND DEMOCRATIC DOCTRINE AT THE

COURT HOUSE

at 2 p. m. Next Tuesday.

All Loyal Democrats Come Out And Bring Your Weak-Kneed Brothers, and get Acquainted With New Mexico's Greatest and Most Distinguished Democratic Citizen and Orator

About Larrazolo

Twenty-eight years ago this season O. A. Larrazolo taught school in El Paso. He was eighteen and had been for some time a student in Santa Fe. He afterward was elected district clerk and served two terms as district attorney, being elected by Texas democrats over some of the most popular, democrats in a district where nine-tenths of the voters are Texas Americans.

For Sale:-Four room house, one year old. Very cheap if sold in the next few days. Good locality and large lot.
Knoblauch Land Co.

What have you to trade for East Texas farms?
Holloway Land Co.

Your Liver

is out of order. You go to bed in a bad humor and get up with a bad taste in your mouth. You want something to stimulate your liver. Just try Herbine the liver regulator. A positive cure for constipation, dyspepsia and all liver complaints. Mrs. F. F. Worth, Texas writes: "Have used Herbine in my family for years. Words can't express what I think about it. Everybody in my household are happy and well and we owe it to Herbine." Sold by the Eddy Drug Co.

Bring your Harness or Saddles and have them fixed up at Finlay-Pratt Hardware Company. All kinds of leather work.

ment was entered into by the sheep men, all of whom signed up agreeing to forfeit \$100.00 to be paid in the event of any advance being made herders, also a forfeit if over \$20.00 per month is paid herders.

Mr. C. T. Adams, who has charge of the dipping for this county wishes to notify all sheep owners that he will be ready to attend the dipping at any time, an order from the government having been issued that all sheep be dipped at once.

Niel Willy (colored) who was sent to the pen at Santa Fe four years ago last April, arrived Tuesday morning from Santa Fe, having been granted a pardon. Niel says John McAninch was placed in charge of the pen livery stable shortly after going to the pen and has had a very comfortable job with, but little hard labor. Niel says he received this paper while there and it was the greatest comfort he had. He fell into a good job as cook for the superintendent's family and was exceptionally well treated by all the different occupants of the superintendent's office.

Don't forget that Larrazolo will be here next Tuesday.

Feed yard a specialty at the City Stables.

HOT! OF COURSE HOT! IT IS HOT

Now let us help you to be **COMFORTABLE**.
That is partly what we are here for
HOW ABOUT A

QUICK MEAL GASOLINE STOVE?

We have the Junior Style, single and double burner at prices ranging from \$2.50 to \$5.00 each; these can be used with an oven and make cooking in hot weather almost a pleasure. We also have the

QUICK MEAL RANGES,

Elegant stoves, some as high \$35.00 each. None can equal them for style, comfort, economy and satisfaction. Let us sell you one you will never regret it.

Take a look at our line of **ICE CREAM FREEZERS, ICE BOXES, REFRIGERATORS, HAMMOCKS, BASE BALL GOODS and FISHING TACKLE.** All first class and at prices that are correct.

TRACY-ROBERTS HDW. CO.

CRYSTAL ICE.

With June comes the long hot summer days, but the discomfort will not be so great if you use **CRYSTAL ICE**, "Its made from Distilled water".

If you happen not to know ask your neighbors, they will tell you we are the dependable **ICE, FEED, FUEL and BOTTLING MEN.**

Our service is the best and we are at all times ready to serve you.

MATHESON & LITTLE.

The ICE, FEED, FUEL & BOTTLING MEN.

OFFICE PHONE 21 RESIDENCE PHONE 30
A 2 Doz. case of our Jersey Cream Soda will make you glad

U.S. Market.

PHONE NO 11
JOHN LOWENBRUCK, Prop.

Corn fed BEEF

AND MUTTON

PORK, SAUSAGE,

A-D ALL MEAT PRODUCTS.

FISH and OYSTERS in Season

CARLSBAD

and other points on
PECOS VALLEY LINES

Best reached by direct connection with the **A.T. & S.F. Ry**
B E S U R E
your ticket reads via Santa Fe all the way. Full information regarding rates, etc, cheerfully furnished

D. L. MEYERS,
Traffic Manager, Pecos Valley Lines,
Amarillo, Texas.

ADVERTISE THE TOWN

Suggestions From an Expert as to a Publicity Campaign.

BUSINESS MEN IN CHARGE.

First Important Duty is to Lay Plans For Securing a Larger Rural Population From Which to Draw Local Trade—Present Facts That Appeal.

More than a hundred cities and towns in the United States are now conducting successful advertising campaigns in their own behalf. Some Canadian cities also boom themselves by this direct method of publicity. In a recent paper read at a meeting of commercial clubs by Curtis L. Mosher, manager of the publicity bureau of St. Paul, some valuable suggestions were given. Mr. Mosher's remarks on municipal advertising are applicable to any town which desires to present its attractions to the outside public. Among other things he says:

"The municipal advertising campaign can succeed until it has the united support of practical business men. Somebody must be responsible for the collection of necessary funds, even though a moderate and economical campaign is decided upon. Some one must be responsible for the results. Otherwise the campaign will be only a costly and unsatisfactory. The best and most practical man the municipality can bring forward should be made chairman of the general committee in charge of the work or be officially designated by some similar arrangement as the manager and director in charge of the work.

"The best beginning that a municipality can make in considering an advertising campaign is to look well to its appearance, attractiveness and local improvements."

Mr. Mosher dwells upon the importance of clean and well lighted streets, good sidewalks, the removal of dilapidated buildings along business streets, a first class hotel, a public library, attractive approaches to the railway station, rest rooms for women and public drinking fountains.

"As no town or city," continues Mr. Mosher, "can grow faster than the business from its local and tributary population permits, the first important duty of local business men is to consider the possibility of securing a larger rural population on which to draw for increased business. To get this population and to build up the agricultural resources of the tributary territory is one of the important ends to be sought in the local advertising campaign.

"The merchants with country trade should get lists of friends of their customers living in distant states and send them a letter framed up something like this: 'Mr. —, who is a prosperous farmer living — miles from this town, is successfully farming — acres and this year raised such and such crops, clearing such and such profits. He has given me your name, and I am writing you to tell you of the splendid agricultural resources of this section and the excellent opportunities near this town and adjacent to the farm operated by your friend, which you may perhaps wish to utilize. Make the letter strong and to the point. Set forth the kinds of soil and crops, the values of land, etc., so that the man who gets it will have a clear idea of the situation.

"Enclose with the letters lists of farms for sale within easy reach of the city; also tracts of unimproved lands.

"If the business men of the town can secure from a hundred farmer customers the names of only five farmer friends or relatives in the old home districts, it means 500 agriculturists upon whom direct advertising work may be started. Each hundred farmers added to the tributary rural population means \$100,000 a year added to the trade of the city or town. Such work can be done at the cost of a few postage stamps and a little effort."

Mr. Mosher dwells at considerable length upon the desirability of keeping commercial clubs supplied with local data and information; of having county exhibits at the state fairs; of securing state and district conventions; of having products marked "Made in —."

"The most dangerous error commonly made in direct advertising for the city or town is to yield too far to the natural feeling of local pride and construct the advertisement or printed matter in such a way that as a matter of fact it is more energetic in praising and placing the city in an agreeable light than it is in presenting purely business facts and arguments that will appeal to a business man.

"Give all your forms of direct advertising a neat and substantial appearance. Decorative effects do not appeal to business men. By all means publish a booklet even though it cannot be pretentious. Fill it with facts and terse business arguments and use all the illustrations you can. Edit it carefully so that all its statements can be proved and that there is no waste of words. It should answer the question,

Of Interest To Women

To such women as are not seriously out of health, but who have exacting duties to perform, either in the way of household cares or in social duties and functions, which seriously tax their strength, as well as to nursing mothers, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has proved a most valuable supporting tonic and invigorating nerve. By its timely use, much serious sickness and suffering may be avoided. The operating table and the surgeon's knife, would it be believed, seldom have to be employed if this most valuable woman's remedy were resorted to in good time. The "Favorite Prescription" has proven a great boon to expectant mothers by preparing the system for the coming of baby, thereby rendering childbirth safe, easy, and almost painless.

Bear in mind, please that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is not a secret or patent medicine, against which the most intelligent people are quite naturally averse, because of the uncertainty as to their composition and harmless character, but is a medicine of known composition, a full list of all its ingredients being printed, in plain English, on every bottle wrapper. An examination of this list of ingredients will disclose the fact that it is non-alcoholic in its composition, chemically pure, triple-refined glycerine taking the place of the commonly used alcohol in its make-up. In this connection it may not be out of place to state that the "Favorite Prescription" of Dr. Pierce is the only medicine put up for the cure of woman's peculiar weaknesses and ailments, and sold through druggists, all ingredients of which have the unanimous endorsement of all the leading medical writers and teachers of all the several schools of practice, and that too as remedies for the ailments for which "Favorite Prescription" is recommended.

A little book of these endorsements will be sent to any address post-paid and absolutely free if you request same by postal card, or letter, of Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. Constipation is the cause of many diseases. Cure the cause and you cure the disease. Easy to take as candy.

A Happy Mother

Will see that her baby is properly cared for—to do this a good purgative is necessary. Many babies suffer from worms and their mothers don't know it—if your baby is feverish and doesn't sleep at night, it is troubled with worms. White's Cream Vermifuge will clean out these worms in a mild pleasant way. Once tried always used. Give it a trial. Price 25 cents.—at Eddy Drug Company.

"Why, as a business man, investor, farmer or citizen in search of summer outing attractions or a suitable residence or city, should I be interested in —?" This is the best guide to the proper construction of a booklet that can be given without extended comment."

Care of Culverts and Bridges.

All kinds of roads have culverts, bridges and ditches, and these should always be attended to. Paint all iron and woodwork. Keep all culverts and ditches open.

The Cleanest Town.

The cleanest town in the world is said to be Brook, in Holland. It is only a few miles from the capital and has been famous for its cleanliness from time immemorial. It is also notable on account of the fanciful style of its houses and yards and gardens and streets. The people, though only peasants, are well to do, and all feel a pride in their town. It seems to be the first business of their lives to keep their houses freshly painted, their gardens in perfect order and their yards and streets as clean as a parlor. No carts are allowed in the streets and no cattle, though the raising of stock and the making of butter and cheese are their occupations.

A Dollar Saved

Is a Dollar Earned

You will always save money by dealing with people you can trust.

The Old Reliable

Is at the same stand that he was years ago, and will be there when you want clothes
CLEANED • REPAIRED OR MADE TO FIT

JACOB J. SMITH.

Carlsbad Furniture Co.

UNDERTAKERS

R. M. THORNE

LICENSED EMBALMER

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