

5-29-1908

# Carlsbad Current and New Mexico Sun, 05-29-1908

Carlsbad Printing Co.

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# The Carlsbad Current and New Mexico Sun.

Carlsbad, N. M., Friday May 29, 1908

Carlsbad Current established November 15, 1882. New Mexico Sun established May 12, 1895. The two papers consolidated October 11, 1907.

Carlsbad Printing Co., Publishers  
Wm. H. Mullane, Pres.

SUBSCRIPTION \$1.50 per annum

The Official Paper of Eddy County.

Published every Friday and entered as second class matter at the Carlsbad, N. M. post office.

## ANNOUNCEMENTS.

### Probate Clerk and Ex-Officio Recorder

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Probate Clerk and Ex-Officio Recorder of Eddy County, subject to the action of the democratic primaries.

Arthur R. O'Quinn

W. L. Bohn authorizes the Current to announce his name for probate clerk and recorder subject to the democratic primaries, June 25.

The Current is authorized to announce T. M. Walker, of Lakewood, as a candidate for the office of Probate Clerk subject to the democratic primaries June 25.

### Tax Assessor.

The Current is authorized to announce John W. Price, of Artesia, as a candidate for the office of Assessor of Eddy County, subject to the action of the democratic primaries.

The Current is authorized to announce Mrs. O. McKeen for reelection to the office of Assessor of Eddy County, New Mexico, subject to the action of the democratic primaries.

The Current is authorized to announce H. R. Barker for the office of Tax Assessor of Eddy County, New Mexico, subject to the action of the democratic primaries.

### Sheriff

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Eddy County, New Mexico, subject to the action of the democratic primaries. I earnestly solicit the support of all.

M. C. Stewart

The Current is authorized to announce the name of R. A. Fulton as a candidate for the office of sheriff of Eddy County, subject to the action of the democratic primaries.

### Superintendent of Public Instruction

The name of J. W. Armstrong is hereby announced for Superintendent of Public Instruction of Eddy County, subject to the action of the democratic voters at the primaries.

The Current is authorized to announce Prof. A. A. Kayser, as a candidate for the office of superintendent of public instruction for Eddy County, subject to the action of the democratic primaries, June 25th.

### Commissioner District No. 2

The Current is authorized to announce the name of Joseph H. Graham for Commissioner from District No. 2, Eddy County, N. M., subject to the action of the democratic primaries.

### Commissioner District No. 3

The Current is authorized to announce the name of C. W. Beaman for Commissioner from District No. 3, Eddy County, subject to the democratic primaries.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for County Commissioner for District No. 3, Eddy County, subject to the action of the democratic primary election.

J. C. Keith

### Probate Judge

My N. W. Weaver authorizes the Current to state that he will be a candidate for Probate Judge of Eddy County, subject to the action of the democratic primaries.

The Current is authorized to announce Geo. W. Larrabee, as a candidate for the office of Probate Judge, subject to the democratic primaries, June 25th.

### Treasurer and Collector

W. H. Merchant, the present treasurer and collector authorizes the Current to present his name for reelection subject to the democratic primaries of June 25.

Because the county board was placed in a position that precluded the idea of a second election to vote bridge bonds and because the district attorney was unable to pass on the legality of the bonds voted, for such questions properly come before a district court, a small gang at Artesia have seen fit to censor Messrs. Heard and Weaver of the county board. The only way to permanently and legally settle this question of a bridge for Artesia is to take the matter into court on some question, such as to mandamus the board to compel another election when the questions of the bonds already voted will be passed upon. From what the people of Artesia said the board was expecting this action long ago. Instead of taking proper steps to secure a bridge, the Artesia gang prefer to make political capital out of the matter and endeavor to stir up prejudice against Carlsbad and Carlsbad people. The Advocate continues to refer to the Carlsbad gang and says "no candidate was even elected to office that did not hail from Carlsbad," which is untrue.

Quite a number of health seekers have come to Carlsbad in the past week to try the health giving waters of this city and all who

have tried the water say it is the best restorer they have found in the west, which is some of the many proofs that this is a good health resort and should be pushed more.

Ex-Governor Bradford Prince stated in his address at the court house Friday night, while speaking of the past history of New Mexico and the "Pecos Valley," was the first river seen in New Mexico by English eyes and that Pecos, New Mexico was the largest town in the United States in 1492. Just where the town Pecos was located is not known, but it is somewhere near Santa Rosa.

Drummers and visitors to Carlsbad state that this is the prettiest town of its size in New Mexico and the Commercial Club knows how to entertain better than the majority of the other clubs.

Considerable interest is being taken in the passage by congress of the bill increasing the homestead law from 160 to 320 acres. Many inquiries are being received from interested settlers who need more land that they may exist in this arid country. The Current has written for a copy of the bill and all other information which will be published later.

The Artesia News has another howl about taxes and intimates the county rate is too high. If the News will investigate its tax receipt—if it has one—it will find that a republican district court is responsible for the expenditure of about one sixth of the funds paid in for county taxes, that the republican territorial gang expend, waste and graft at least one-third of all taxes paid into the county treasury; that the school districts have all built new houses and in many districts this is a heavy burden. Out of that \$7.00 the county board is allowed less than sixty cents to pay all general expenses, including deputy district clerk's salary and all other county officer's salaries, also fees of the sheriff prescribed by law. The News is a fair specimen of the saying, that "figures won't lie but liars will figure."

Roswell will expend about a half million in public improvements the coming season. Roswell's bonded debt now hovers around the half million mark while Carlsbad only owes \$1,800 all told. Despite these facts some people say we should not vote a measly \$40,000 for sewers, street improvements and fire protection.

### Home Trade Homilies.

When your next door neighbor sells the same kind of goods that the mail order catalogue advertises and at corresponding prices, you need a doctor's attention if you purchase by the mail route.

Every tub must stand on its own bottom. No also must every town. If you knock the bottom out of prosperity in your town by doing a large part of your buying from the catalogue houses, the place is calculated to fall down pretty soon.

If the farmer who does a good deal of buying from mail order concerns expects to continue selling his vegetables and other products to his home town, he should remember that it is a poor rule that won't work both ways.

Folks looking for bargains need not confine their researches to the large and luring catalogues from the city houses. Sometimes local newspapers advertise bargains to be had right at home, and it might pay to look for such things in the home papers. Then if you don't find what you want ask the merchant why he doesn't advertise.

The city mail order store is the real octopus. Its thousands of tentacles are sucking in money from every direction. Money is the blood of a community, and when it is drunk by the octopus to such an extent the town is sure to become anaemic.

## PURE WATER SUPPLY VITAL.

Health of a Community is Very Largely Dependent Upon It.

Too many precautions cannot be taken toward guarding the water supply of a town. Along this line Edward Wegmann says in the Metropolitan Magazine:

The health of a community depends largely upon the purity of its water supply. Formerly it was thought that water in which chemistry failed to find any noxious elements was fit for domestic use, but in recent years the science of bacteriology has demonstrated that such water may contain the germs of dangerous diseases. These germs increase very rapidly in number and are often communicated by the contamination of a source of water supply from one infected person to a whole community. Such a case occurred in 1884-5 in Plymouth, Pa. A man who had contracted typhoid fever in Philadelphia was nursed during the winter in a house near a mountain brook which flowed into a river from which Plymouth derived its water supply. The refuse from the sickroom was thrown on the snow near the house without being disinfected. As cold weather does not kill disease germs, the typhoid germs were washed in the spring by the melting of the snow into the mountain stream referred to above, and as a consequence more than 1,000 cases of typhoid fever and about 100 deaths from this disease occurred in Plymouth, these cases being all confined to persons drinking the polluted water.

In 1892 Hamburg, Germany, was visited by a terrible epidemic of cholera. This city derives its water supply from the river Elbe. At the time of the epidemic the river water without being filtered was used for domestic purposes. It has been proved beyond question that the germs of cholera were communicated to the city's water supply by throwing into the river the excreta of a sailor who was sick with cholera on a vessel anchored in the Elbe. Nearly 9,000 persons died of cholera in Hamburg during this epidemic, but in Altona, a suburb of Hamburg, using Elbe water that had been filtered through sand, not a case of cholera occurred that could be traced to the drinking of the unfiltered water of Hamburg.

## BEAUTIFY YOUR FACTORIES.

Valuable as an Advertising Feature and Beneficial to Employees.

Scores of newspaper articles are written about improvement of public streets; magazines galore are published in regard to beautifying homes and grounds; prizes are offered to certain classes of people as an incentive toward gardening back yards; public playgrounds are established and school yards tastefully kept. We pass judgment on all these things and call them good, says the Los Angeles Times. In this land of sunshine, where vegetation grows with almost no cultivation and where to beautify at least the exterior and grounds of our manufactories would require so little effort, this should be done not only for the moral and aesthetic influence on the employees, but really as an advertising feature, always showing tourists that even working shops can be made beautiful by nature in our California.

Not one but many travelers have remarked about the vine covered water tank (practical thing truly) at a certain station near Los Angeles on the Salt Lake railroad. The eye and mind are rested at seeing a bit of greenery there. The electric power houses stationed at intervals all the way from Pomona valley to several thousand feet above in San Antonio canyon show what can be done in simple landscape gardening in waste places. Every weary climber coming around a bend in the trail up there among the mountains can assure you that the vision of blooming flowers, well kept lawn and maybe a fountain is a welcome sight.

The writer has in mind two factories, one so pretty and refreshing that the passerby thinks it must be a pleasure to sit near the low open windows in summer and glance out occasionally from the work of cutting leather and hammering tacks, for it is a shoe factory in Holland, Mich., to which I refer to a plot of fresh green grass. That glance does not detract from the work, but makes the fingers more nimble and the mind more clear. Most we of the golden west go back east to find the beautiful in nature combined with utility in supplying the needs of our bodies? Can we have no such ornamental practical factories of our own? Another, perhaps more pretentious, is the home of the famous Rookwood pottery in Cincinnati. Do you doubt that the influence of these beautiful surroundings on the artists who decorate this ware works out through their active fingers? Our ground is as fertile, our workmen as appreciative, our own minds as aesthetic as any in the east. Let us look to our factories, at least to the extent of improving them by the addition of a few clinging vines to hide and soften the glare of walls and the harsh, conventional outlines of the buildings.

## Where Idols Are Eaten.

At certain seasons in some parts of India it is the duty of every devout person to eat a special sort of confectionery. Every confectioner in October, for instance, has a pole about six feet high at his door, and to this is nailed a great hook about a foot long and thick in proportion. On one side of this is a brisk fire, with a huge earthen pan on it. Before the pan a man may be seen sitting, for nobody stands when he can sit, with a kind of wooden ladle, and with this he briskly stirs a quantity of bubbling, black looking sugar till it becomes quite tough. He then scrapes it together and puts it on a piece of board to cool a little, and then, getting up and dexterously throwing it on the large hook he begins to pull out the tough substance. He draws it out to the length of four or five feet at a time and throws it back and elongates it again, and so he manipulates it till the mass becomes as white as snow. This composition is treated in a manufactured in all sorts of sacred forms—figures of little idols and gods—and is eagerly bought for consumption.—Strand Magazine.

Some children act as if it were a constant surprise to them that their parents had the excellent taste to pick them out.—Nantucket Inquirer and Mirror.

Attend the cake walk, at the minstrels.

## Notice of Suit.

Territory of New Mexico, County of Eddy.

J. W. Russey, Plaintiff, No. 28, vs. Lara F. Bryan and I. T. Valentine, Trustees, Defendants.

To the defendants in the above cause, greeting: You will take notice that there has been filed against you in the district court for the Fifth Judicial District of the Territory of New Mexico, within and for the county of Eddy, a suit by J. W. Russey in a cause wherein J. W. Russey is plaintiff and Lara F. Bryan and I. T. Valentine, trustees, are defendants and numbered 28 on the court docket of said court. That said suit is now pending in said court.

That the general object of said suit is to quiet title to the following described lands, to-wit: Southeast quarter of Section 14, Township 22 south, Range 27 East, N. M. P. M., in Eddy County, New Mexico, as against defendant Lara F. Bryan and I. T. Valentine, said property according to the rights of the parties therein and to cancel the mortgage given on said property by said Lara F. Bryan to the defendant, I. T. Valentine, as trustee.

You are further notified that if you fail to enter your appearance on or before the 10th day of July, 1908, judgment by default will be rendered against you in said cause and the allegations of plaintiff's complaint will be taken as confessed.

Plaintiff's attorneys are Messrs. Bujac & Brier, and their residence in Carlsbad, New Mexico.

Witness the Hon. William H. Pope, Associate Justice of the supreme court of the Territory of New Mexico, and Judge of the Fifth Judicial District Court thereof, and the seal of said district court this 15th day of May, A. D. 1908.

S. I. ROBERTS, Clerk.  
GUY HUSKINS, Deputy.

A finished Finn from Finland, at the minstrels.

Attend the Nigger wedding Tuesday night.

## Memorial Service Programme.

Programme, of Memorial services to be held at court house in Carlsbad, May 30th, 1908 at 2 p. m:

Invocation Rev. S. R. Wood.  
Song America.  
Speech Judge James M. Dye.  
Speech Capt. E. P. Bujac.  
Song Star Spangled Banner  
By Mrs. R. M. Fesenden.  
Audience to join chorus.  
Speech Rev. E. McQueen  
Gray.  
Song Nearer My God to Thee.  
Prayer Rev. J. F. Hedgpeth.

At close of exercises, all go to the cemetery and decorate graves.

D. G. GRANTHAM, Chairman of the meeting.

Only one chance to see the minstrels, Tuesday night.

Your horses get the best care at the Star Stables.

FOR SALE:—Single top buggy. Good as new. See R. B. Armstrong at National Bank of Carlsbad.

## Struck it Rich.

The following from the Wick-enburg, Arizona, Miner refers to a former employee of the Current, Tom Kellis, who was here during 1896-7-8-9. He left here going to Texas and finally drifted out to Arizona and from the notice herewith it is likely he is doing well:

"The Big Horn range of mountains promises to be the scene of considerable mining activity in the near future. The latest deal that promises well is that whereby the Corral groupe of mines passes from the hands of Ramon Valencia to A. J. and Tom Kellis of this place, they having made the second payment on the property last Saturday, and propose to do considerable work there this fall. There has been very little development work done so far, but the surface ore is so rich that by actual measurement there is sufficient in sight to reimburse the purchasers for the price of the property. Ramon Valencia made a shipment of the ore to the Humboldt smelter some time ago, which netted him \$170 per ton. The most recent assays of ore taken from a two foot vein gave \$245 and \$249.70 per ton. The Kellis brothers are well pleased with the property, and say the ore is the best they have seen in many days."

Bring your Harness or Saddles and have them fixed up at Finlay-Pratt Hardware Company. All kinds of leather work.

## No Use to Die.

"I have found out that there is no use to die of lung trouble as long as you can get Dr. King's New Discovery," says Mrs. J. P. White of Rush-born, Pa. "I would not be alive today only for that wonderful medicine. It loosens up a cough quicker than anything else and cures lung disease even after the case is pronounced hopeless." This most reliable remedy for coughs and colds, la grippe, asthma, bronchitis and hoarseness, is sold under guarantee at Eddy Drug store. 50c. and \$1.00 Trial bottle free.

## Longs for Carlsbad.

In a recent letter to A. M. Hove, secretary of the Pecos Water Users' Association, Judge A. A. Freeman, formerly of Carlsbad, but now of Victoria, British Columbia, says in part:

"I am more than glad to hear of the bright prospects of the lower valley. There is a charm about that country which I cannot describe. I may never return to it to live, for I am getting old now and my interests here may detain me some time, but I would prefer that to any country I know of, if I were at perfect liberty to select my home."

## The Life Insurance

muddle has started the public to thinking. The wonderful success that has met Ballard's Horehound Syrup in its crusade on coughs, Influenza, Bronchitis and all pulmonary troubles—has started the public to thinking of its wonderful preparation. They are all using it. Join the procession and down with sickness. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00. Sold by Eddy Drug Company.

## Methodist Church.

Sunday: Sunday school, 10 a. m., preaching services, 11 a. m.; junior league, 3:30 p. m.; senior league, 7 p. m.; preaching services, 7:30 p. m.

Wednesday: Prayer meeting, 7:30 p. m.; choir practice, 8 p. m.

Thursday: Home Mission Society first Thursday in each month at 3 p. m.; choir practice, 7 p. m.

The pastor, as well as the Charity and Help Department of the League and the Home Mission Society, will be glad to learn of the whereabouts of the needy, sick or strangers.

Harness and Saddles made and repaired at Finlay-Pratt Hardware Company.



# MOUNTAIN STUNTS

AMERICAN ENTHUSIASTS PREPARE FOR SEASON'S CLIMB.



LAKE LOUISE IN THE CANADIAN ROCKIES

The Alpine spirit is growing in America, and there is a constantly increasing number of people in the United States who annually seek the lofty mountains and strive to scale difficult and sometimes impossible heights. These people drawn together by their enthusiasm and devotion to a common sport have organized the American Alpine club, and include in their numbers some of the most distinguished Alpinists in the world.

There is also a Canadian Alpine club, and these two clubs mingle fraternally in the summer assaults upon the lofty peaks of the Canadian Rockies. Just at the present time plans are being laid for the outing arranged for early in July, when the Canadian Alpine club will assemble at Glacier, British Columbia, for its annual outing, and the mountain climbers of both the United States and Canada who respond to the call of the mountain peak will attempt to obtain fresh thrills and furnish new oratorical similes by essaying the conquest of at least two of the unconquered monarchs of the Selkirk. The knowledge that there are unattained heights, whose whiteness, jagged heights rival those of the Swiss Alps in every respect, close to the border of the United States, will be fresh to many an American who has almost come to believe that only the summits of the Himalayas, rising into the rarefied air of Central Asia, as bleak as the mountains of the moon, remain to be surmounted.

Four very prominent peaks, among a multitude of lesser ones in this region, are still virgin summits, although they have been attacked. They are Mount Pinnacle, which was attempted three times in one season, but without success; the north tower of Mount Goodaire, Mount Douglas and Mount Sanford, discovered two years ago by triangulation to be the highest of the Selkirk and the Mont Blanc of this section. All are worthy of the ambition of the most skillful climbers.

The base of Mount Sanford has never been approached nearer than 25 miles. This mountain will be essayed by Benjamin S. Constock of New York city, a veteran Alpine climber, who has visited this region for six years. He will be accompanied by a companion and two Swiss guides. The start for the summit of the 11,600-foot peak will be made on July 10. It is believed that it will take at least ten days to perform the feat, if it is accomplished. To reach the base the party will drop down the Columbia river 25 miles in a canoe to the mouth of Green river, 40 miles from the mountain's base.

Properly nailed boots are considered to be the most important detail of a climber's outfit. They must be waterproof to their very tops. Every nail must be driven with a nicety and individuality that amounts to an art. Care must be taken to see that the leather is firm enough to hold the nails after they have been driven, for it would be inconvenient to have them come out when the wearer was

part way up a rock face which contained only two-inch footholds. Nails are very important when they lie between the conquest of a mountain and precipitation into a glorious panorama spread out a few hundred feet below. The rope is considered of the next importance by the expert. The pseudomountaineer, ambitious to be able to say that he has reached the summit of some well-known peak, and dependent upon the pushing and pulling powers of guides in the accomplishment of his ambition, is likely to think it superior in rank to his foot-gear.

The amateur often has to be initiated into such a detail as the



A Woman Climber.

proper part of the body about which to tie the rope. It was fortunate for a party of four innocents being conveyed across a much crevassed snow covered glacier in the Alps that they met a party of experienced climbers. They were being led by a Swiss who was ignorant of the business of guide, having undertaken the task in the absence of his father, who was experienced. He had directed the members of his party to tie the rope about their necks. The expert climbers set the innocents right before mischief had been done.

The expert climber is as finicky over the choice of his ice ax as a cricketer over his bat or a bowler over his ball. It is used for cutting steps in the snow and ice, and, when reversed, to assist in climbing by means of the spiked handle. It is also used for testing the depth of the snow and the safety of ice bridges. It is the ice ax that the novice "doctors up" to give the impression that he is a mountaineer of long experience. All of the smearing with muddy soil or other mixture to destroy the glaring brightness of the metal will not avail to conceal his inexperience if he does not know how to carry the implement.

## FOR STUFFED TOMATO SALAD.

New Recipe Recommended by Fannie Merritt Farmer.

"A stuffed tomato salad is one of my new recipes," writes Fannie Merritt Farmer, the great cooking authority, in her monthly page in the Woman's Home Companion. "Peel six small tomatoes, cut a slice from the stem end of each, remove the soft inside, sprinkle the insides with salt and let stand, inverted, 30 minutes. Mash half a ten-cent cream cheese, add six chopped pickles, one tablespoonful of finely chopped parsley, one tablespoonful of tomato pulp, one fourth of a teaspoonful of dry mustard and enough French dressing to moisten. Fill the tomato cases with the mixture, and serve on lettuce leaves with mayonnaise dressing, which may be successfully made if one will but follow directions. Mix one teaspoonful of mustard, one teaspoonful of salt, one teaspoonful of powdered sugar and a few grains of cayenne. Add the yolks of two eggs, and stir until thoroughly blended; then add one-half teaspoonful of vinegar. Add olive oil gradually at first, drop by drop, and stir constantly. As the mixture thickens, thin with vinegar or lemon juice. Add oil and vinegar or lemon juice alternately, stirring or beating constantly, until two tablespoonfuls each of vinegar and lemon juice and 1½ cupfuls of olive oil have been used. If the oil is added too rapidly the dressing will have a curdled appearance. A smooth consistency may be restored by taking the yolk of another egg and adding the curdled mixture slowly to it. Olive oil for the making of mayonnaise should always be thoroughly chilled. The utensil used in the making of mayonnaise may be a silver fork, wire whisk, small wooden spoon or Dover egg beater.

## THE REAL PEACH COBBLER.

One of the Most Palatable of All Forms of Dessert.

Every cook can make peach cobbler, but it is down south that this palatable dessert approaches perfection. Here is a recipe which is guaranteed to produce a delicious result. Select the richest and ripest fruit, usually some variety of the yellow peach, because of its superior richness. Butter a deep earthenware pudding dish at least three and one-half inches deep. Line the side with good paper, then fill the dish with peeled peaches torn in halves instead of cutting. Leave in enough pits to impart flavor. Sweeten abundantly, then cover with a rich layer of crust, sealing down so that none of the juices may escape. Bake in a hot oven about three-quarters of an hour, covering with paper if there is any danger of it browning too rapidly. When nearly done draw to the oven door, dredge over with powdered sugar and set back to glaze. A real old-fashioned cobbler is a stickler for a few spoonfuls of brandy poured over the peaches before the top crust is put on, but the majority of folk find it quite delectable enough without any spirituous additions.

## Washing Delicate Embroideries.

Make a good lather with soap and warm water, adding one-fourth of a teaspoonful of powdered borax to each quart of water. Place the articles in an ordinary glass fruit jar, then nearly fill the jar with the lather. Seal tightly, shake the jar a little, and place it in bright sunlight for 24 hours. Of course, if the weather is cloudy, the time should be allowed for. Turn the jar around occasionally, so that the sun may penetrate every part. When the time is up, pour off the lather, press the fabric gently, then rinse several times in clear, soft water. Return it to the jar with more clear water, set it again in the sun, changing the water daily, until the material is white. I recently renovated a bit of fine old hand embroidery, which had become as yellow as saffron, by this method, and it was beautiful!—Woman's Home Companion.

## Chicken in Green Pepper Cases.

Cut three large sweet green peppers in halves from stem end down, remove the stem and seeds and scald five minutes. Mix one cupful of minced cooked meat, either veal or chicken, one-fourth cupful of bread-crumbs or boiled rice, with enough white or tomato sauce to moisten. Season and pack the mixture in the pepper cases. Sprinkle buttered cracker crumbs over the top, lay the peppers in a shallow pan with water to cover the bottom, and bake about 20 minutes.

## Preparing for Sorrow.

A man must make up his mind that sorrows and troubles are sure to come. You must have your share and perhaps more than you think is your share. When you have fixed this fact in your mind, you have made much progress toward meeting it manfully, with patience, faith and hope.—Christian Observer.

## Warm Raisins and Currants.

A good baker warms the raisins and currants before putting them in the bread or cake dough.



## IN THE NEW GOWNS

ELABORATE TRIMMING A DISTINCTIVE FEATURE.

Soutache and Heavy Cotton Braid Much Used—Tassels and Laces Also Are Combinations Popular with the Fashionable.

"If the new summer gowns have a conspicuous note at all this year, it is in their trimmings, which seem to stand out in bold relief," says Grace Margaret Gould, in Woman's Home Companion. "Much soutache in all widths and heavy cotton braid are used, in white and dyed to match the fabric. In the skirt and coat suits the outline of the coat is shown by the line of braiding, and either braid or

bottoms not infrequently trim the back.

"Tassels are very much used where ever a place for them can be found. The heavy and the fine laces are fashionable in combination for trimming both gowns and separate blouses.

"Very narrow satin platings are much used as a trimming for silk voile and net gowns. They are often introduced in some brilliant shade, such as empire green, on a gown of neutral tint. Platings of this style frequently simulate a lap effect on the bodice and create a basic effect on the skirt.

"Buttons are used not only where they are needed, but where they are not needed by the new gowns. The colored buttons there are the far removed, but they are the most fashionable.

"The white and colored cotton crepe shirt blouse is extremely high style, and for lingerie wear there are the new point blouses.

## WHEN SEWING ON BUTTONS.

Little Hints That Will Add Greatly to Their Life.

While lace buttons are pretty, they never should be sewed on any but the shirtest frocks and waists, such as perline lawn, mercerized batiste or mulls and organdies. They do not wear well and soon give out despite the most careful laundering and they are too expensive for the ordinary purse. There is only one way to make these dainty but perishable things last and this is by sewing up and down through them. Few people know that this can be done, but this is possible for these little lace buttons are made on a bone foundation which has a hole in the middle.

There is a great deal more art in sewing on buttons than one would imagine, and there are several little tricks which can be employed that few people have discovered. One of these little tricks is to place the knot on the right side of the goods so that it will come underneath the button and thus be protected.

The reason some people find it hard to make buttons stay fast is because they place the knot on the wrong side where it is broken off by the iron the first time it is laundered, thus allowing the threads to become loosened.

Another way is to run a pin under the button so that it does not lie close to the material. When the button has been sewed on run the needle out between the button and the material and holding the thread firmly between the thumb and first finger wind it around and around the threads which serve to hold the button to the material. This method is the strongest one and is particularly good for sewing buttons on children's waists and trousers where they have a good deal of strain.

Four hole buttons such as are used for sewing on the bands of petticoats and other undergarments should be sewn first through the two holes on one side and then through the opposite two and never by any means diagonally.

When buttons are sewn on diagonally they almost invariably break, taking out the entire center portion.

## BLOUSE FOR YOUNG GIRL.



Here is quite a simple little blouse of muslin veiling, smartened up by braces of chine ribbon; these are edged each side with narrow lace, and have revers turning over from bust to waist, which are also edged with lace. The sleeve bands are finished with three lace frills.

Materials required: 1½ yard veiling 40 inches wide, 2¼ yards ribbon, about 1 dozen yards lace.

## PINAFORE MODEL FROM PARIS.

Ideal Costume Adapted to the Needs of School-Girl.

It is small wonder that we choose with unusual pertinacity the two most convenient models that we have ever favored to enjoy—viz. the kimono and pinafore styles of bodice.



For schoolgirls especially the latter is so perfectly practical from every aspect, that it will be a sorry day when it departs from us.

A very fascinating evolution of the pinafore idea is set forth in our sketch, which had its inspiration in a Paris model, and even in its simplified form as here shown retains a chic that should charm.

## TO BE WORN ON STREET.

Pongees and Rajas Are to Be Favorites of Season.

Nironean costumes permit far greater varieties of style, as well as scope, in making. Short skirts remain a settled fact in both transparent voiles or wool fabrics, as well as in washable materials, which more often are sent to the cleaners instead of the tub. Except for July and August days of scorching heat, cottons and linens will have to give way to pongees and rajahs, which are more to the fore than ever, both in robe styles and in the plain unfigured variety. The former are made up with short border skirts and furnished with all-over waists, either of lace or lingerie, with coat to match in the unfigured pongees or rajah. The coats have a narrow V-opening in front, and below three covered buttons follow for fastening, while from the third button the coat fronts are slanted off abruptly. A narrow turned-over collar of the robe patterned silk finishes the neck. It is seen also as inset for the narrow flat cuffs to the long sleeves, and a touch of the same defines the flaps of the side pockets, on the fronts, half way down the jacket skirt. The figure lines of this short coat depend upon the seams, which start from the shoulders, back and front. This same model answers for linens and twills.—Vogue.



# ELEPHANT HUNTING WITH A SPADE

REMARKABLE WORK OF AMERICAN PROFESSORS IN AFRICA



EXCAVATIONS BEING MADE OVER THE BONES OF ONE OF THE ANCESTRAL ELEPHANTS



PROFESSOR OSBORN AND MR. FERRAR IN THE ZENGIODON VALLEY

Ever since the discovery of remains of prehistoric animals in the Egyptian desert in 1891, made North Africa the storm center of paleontology, men of science have been seeking to exhaust the secrets of that region, and to solve the problems of origin which the Egyptian fossils suggested. By 1905 Mr. Hennrich, accompanied by Dr. Andrews of the British Museum, had proved that Africa lay from being a continent, but a partly dependent, but chiefly independent center of a highly varied life. A great breeding place, not only of animals which subsequently wandered into Europe, but of animals belonging to forms which were unknown. Before the work at Dr. Andrews had been even begun, Prof. Henry Fairfield Osborn of the American Museum of



Where the Excavations Are Being Made

Natural History had prophesied that the original home of the elephants and of several other great groups would be found to be in Africa. These animals, he believed, in spite of the contrary opinion of science, had invaded Europe, Asia and North America from Africa.

The American museum authorities, so rich in the remains of the great monsters of their own country, could not fail to be interested in the Egyptian discoveries, and Prof. Osborn longed to fit out an expedition to discover, if possible, and bring back to the New York treasure-house the African ancestors of the vast creatures which once inhabited the American continent. In due time the plan became an accomplished fact; the Egyptian government, in the person of Lord Cromer, gave the American explorers every help in its power, and Prof. Osborn and his assistants went to work. As their caravan crossed the desert, it amused Mr. Osborn to think that he was going with camels, the gift of the western American plains, to bring back the remains of elephants, which were the gift of Africa to all the other continents.

At first, the results of the American Museum's search were disappointing, but after ten days the explorers were rewarded with the jaws and teeth of the ancestral elephant which the expedition chiefly desired, and a fortnight later they found a complete skull of the Palaeomastodon, belong-

ing to the second stage of the evolution of the elephant. A week later, the skull of a Moeritherium (the beast of Lake Moeris) came to light, and Mr. Osborn knew that he had found the representative of the first distinctive stage in the evolution of the elephant.

Twenty-seven species of land and marine animals discovered by the Egyptian survey, and now several new animals were discovered by the American expedition. These include the giant Arctotherium, the smaller and larger ancestral elephants, the large and small rhinoceroses, and certain pig-like animals. With two exceptions, all these animals were short-legged and slow-moving, and they had a pair of front teeth as large as tusks, probably for defense against the actively running carnivores of the period. The Arctotherium was one exception, and defended themselves by sharply pointed horns. Two million years ago the Mediterranean bordered on Eocene Libya, and was inhabited by whales known as the Zeuglodon, remains of which have been found in every part of the Fayum region. These creatures were extraordinarily long and snake-like, and were far more slender in body than any existing whale. Among other discoveries made in Eocene Libya are remains which go to prove that the Sirenia, or sea-cows, represent an aquatic offshoot from the very stock which gave rise to the elephant. This kinship was suggested by de Blainville long before Darwin, and it has now been confirmed by the extraordinary resemblance between the most ancient sea-cow, the Eotherium, and the most ancient of the elephants, the Moeritherium.

The source of the researches, El Fayum, a name derived from the ancient Egyptian word "Phum," meaning "the lake," lies 10 miles southwest of Cairo, and is the fertile alluvial bottom of a great natural depression, or basin, enriched by the Nile sediments, which have poured for ages into a large natural lake of late geological times, and subsequently into the more contracted Lake Moeris of the Ptolemies.

The brackish lake named Birket-Qurun which bounds the Fayum to the north-west is the vestigial remnant of these two great sheets of fresh water. It lies 130 feet below sea-level, and receives such a meager overflow from the vast irrigation system of the Fayum plains that it is constantly diminishing in extent and increasing in salinity.

The rich historical associations of the northerly shores of these ancient and modern reservoirs begin with the Palaeolithic flint-makers. They include the irrigation works of Amenemhat I., 2200 B. C., they cover the rise and fall of populous Greek and Roman cities, now represented by the ruins known as Dime and Mushim. But far, far back of this period of man, the discoveries of the survey on the northerly shores of these same lakes reveal the presence of a world of life so ancient that the pyramids seem as of yesterday.

## SNAKES INHABIT ATLANTA CELLAR

GREEN-EYED REPTILES GIVE GEORGIA PLUMBER AN UNPLEASANT EXPERIENCE.

### IS SENT TO REPAIR PIPES

Mistakes Wiggler for Walking-Stick—Store Above Place Formerly Rented by "Zulika, the Snake Swallower."

Atlanta, Ga.—Last fall No. 32 Decatur street, formerly the home of Atlanta's bower, was rented to a "snake swallower," and thereby hangs a tale. The store, for it is on the first floor, is located next to the old Young Men's Library association building, and in the heart of that section of the city which shows a show and heat of all a side show. Flaming pictures announced the fact that "Zulika" was there alive. Entering the place "Zulika" would be seen seated on a platform where she took wiggling, curling snakes into her hands and passed them, seemingly, into her mouth. Instead, however, there was a very clever funnel arrangement, whereby the snakes went wriggling down the pipe and dropped into the cellar under the floor. "Zulika" lasted for about two weeks and the store was placed on the market for rent.

A tenant was secured last week and a plumber sent to look over the job of repairing it. Dave Yarrington was the man who got the job. Now, he never attends Decatur street side shows, so, of course, didn't know.

Taking a lighted candle in hand, he descended the dark steps to the dangerous cellar, guided only by the faint light of the candle. Arriving at the bottom he saw a long black walking-stick lying on the ground and stooped to pick it up. It wriggled, squirmed and he dropped it in terror. It was an outstretched black snake.

Turning quickly to retrace his steps, the candle was blown out and he was left in stygian darkness. He managed to find the foot of the steps with his shin and began his way up to where the door stood open. He caught a glimpse of a half hundred pairs of green eyes



He Dropped It in Terror.

staring at him out of the darkness, and made a dash for the door, only to hear the door, with the spring lock, bang and slam. Alone in a cellar with 60 snakes!

He had hardly strength to crawl to the top of the steps and to beat feebly against the door. To his intense surprise it flew open—for it had not caught when it slammed.

Hurrying to the offices of Forrest & George Adams, the renting agents, he told of his experience. Weak, scratched, nervous and bruised, he told what he had seen.

"Brown," the janitor of the firm, claiming to be the champion snake killer in the country, was told of the experience and dispatched to investigate.

He went to the cellar armed with a lamp that wouldn't blow out, and killed by actual count 63 snakes.

The snakes had been in there since they first made friends with "Zulika."

### Leopard Leaps Into Crowd.

Baltimore, Md.—During a performance at the zoo a leopard which was being put through its tricks suddenly leaped over the top of a large open cage into the gallery, and a panic immediately ensued.

In his upward flight the leopard's claws caught into the cheek of a boy who was leaning over the gallery rail, and made a horrible wound.

The leopard was badly frightened and ran into a room adjoining the gallery, where it was recaptured.

## WILL NOT SPEAK OR EAT ANY SOLID FOOD

GIRL'S STRANGE CONDUCT FOR THREE YEARS BAFFLING—MAY BE EFFECT OF A COLD.

Elwood, Ind.—One of the most puzzling cases that has come to the notice of doctors here is that of Miss Dale Godin, a 14-year-old girl, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Goslin, living two miles northeast of Orestes, who has subsisted three years on liquid food, and during that time has not spoken a word or uttered a sound.

When Dale was 11 years old she caught a severe cold while attending school and her throat became affected. Her voice gradually sank to a whisper, and finally disappeared. Meantime she was fed on liquid food and apparently the cold left her, but she has not spoken since and absolutely



She Absolutely Refuses to Partake of Any Solid Foods.

refuses to partake of any foods that require mastication before being swallowed.

Her health is not affected. She is well developed for a girl of her age, weighing 110 pounds and is remarkably pretty. When spoken to she hears what is said to her, and if pleased she acknowledges it with a nod of the head or a smile, but while she has been examined by surgeons and specialists in throat and vocal affections, who state that there is absolutely nothing the matter with the girl, nothing will induce her to speak or partake of anything to eat but liquid food.

Katzenbach, a physician and even force have been tried, but without avail. The father has spent hundreds of dollars trying to get his daughter to talk, but she will not utter a sound or give the least intimation that she desires to converse with her parents or friends.

The father has been advised to place the girl in some institution, where it is believed that the formation of new friends and strange, influential surroundings will induce her to talk again.

### BURIED ALIVE, HE ESCAPES.

Expected to Survive Injuries Sustained When Trench Caved.

Milwaukee.—Although buried for nearly an hour under a mass of clay and gravel weighing over a ton, after a sewer trench caved in, August Wendorn, aged 40 years, will probably live. Although the man has five ribs crushed in, a fractured breast and collar bone, and other bruises, the physicians at the hospital believe he will recover.

Wendorn was at work with several other men on a sewer, on Twenty-third avenue. He was in the deepest section of the trench while other men were working on the surface when, without any warning, the walls caved in and he was buried in the mass of earth.

Immediately the laborers grabbed shovels and picks and set to work to liberate their companion, while the spectators telephoned for the fire department to send out apparatus. Truck company No. 11 responded and also the police ambulance.

The man was found at the bottom of the cave-in, protected by a timber which had fallen diagonally across him, crushing his right side, but in such a manner as to protect him from a great share of the clay and gravel. He was unconscious when freed and was immediately taken to the hospital, where he revived.

The bracing is what saved Wendorn from death for the timber fell crosswise, relieving the weight of the mass and admitting a slight amount of air.

### Run Down.

Sympathetic Visitor—How did you come here, my poor man?

Convict—I was simply hounded, lady.

Sympathetic Visitor—In what way? Convict—They run me down with dogs.—Baltimore American.

## MAY FLY BY SOUND

DR. OWEN HAS NEW THEORY FOR AERIAL NAVIGATION.

First Airship Smashed by Vibrations. He is Busy Constructing Another—Says Principle Was Used by the Ancients.

Detroit.—Dr. Orville W. Owen is experiencing the troubled life of an inventor. Years ago he got an idea. Months ago he was on the point of realizing it. To-day he is mournfully watching the repeated deferment of the hour when the idea will be embodied in practical form.

Owen is the man who believes he can make a noise like a top and fly to the uttermost parts of the world. Flying is nothing but applied harmony, according to his theory, and if he can produce the correct tones he can go anywhere and do most anything.

The vibratory theory in his pet hobby just now. He knows all the old school book stories about the effect of vibrations, and a lot more that have been printed in books that few people read. The phenomenon that a bridge can be thrown down by sound, the proper note on a violin is mere kindergarten talk to Owen. He tells you that Joshua threw down the walls of Jericho that way, when he ordered the blast from the rams' horns, followed by a mighty shout.

Also the doctor is sure that this same vibratory theory was put to practical use by the ancients. The pyramids were built in this way, he says, and the sphinx was moved into its present position by the same agency.

"The Moabite stone tells of an 'ariel' which the Israelites possessed," says the doctor, "and which gave them victories until the Assyrians took it away from them. The ariel was a flying machine, worked by vibrations, and it could move any weight."

This ancient knowledge of the earth's inhabitants has been redis-



Dr. ORVILLE W. OWEN

covered, Dr. Owen believes, and he is the rediscoverer. He has invented and patented a flying machine, controlled by vibratory action, produced by means of revolving tops on the siren principle, the tops being placed under metal bells. Once the doctor was near success with the machine, he says, but it went to pieces from the force of its vibrations. Now he is constructing another.

His first delay came from the deferred shipment of a consignment of holly from the south. The holly was for the tops and, because no other wood has the requisite cohesive powers, he was obliged to wait until it came before he could begin operations. It arrived after some months on the road.

Casting the metal bells is just now the difficulty. There are to be seven of these, each with a different note, and to get the exact dimensions of the patterns has been a task of great precision. After the patterns were ready, it was found that the molders here were bothered in getting a perfect casting, several efforts in the last two or three days having gone wrong.

"After we get the first bell properly cast, there will be no further difficulty," the doctor said. "We can build the rest of the machine easily and will soon have it ready for flight. Then I will show the students of aeronautics that they have all been on the wrong track. Man cannot fly by balloons or aeroplanes. Their principle is wrong. Vibratory action will enable me not only to fly but to perform the apparent miracles of olden times. With it I will be able to lift any weight. It will revolutionize mechanics."

### Cure for Nosebleed.

If tobacco smoke is blown up a child's nose it will cure nose bleed. Have some man who smokes a clay pipe fill his mouth with smoke and blow gently up the nose.



#### Election Notice.

Public notice is hereby given that on the 16th day of June, 1908, a special election will be held in the town of Carlsbad, County of Eddy, Territory of New Mexico, at the town hall therein for the purpose of submitting to the qualified electors thereof, who are also the owners of real or personal property subject to taxation within said town, the proposition of issuing the negotiable coupon bonds of said town, in the aggregate sum of \$10,000.00 for the purpose of providing funds for the improvement of the streets of said town of Carlsbad.

In accordance with plans heretofore adopted by this Board of Trustees, and pursuant to an Act of the Congress of the United States, entitled "An Act to amend an act to prohibit the passage of local or special laws in the territories; to limit territorial indebtedness, etc.," Approved March 4th 1898 and under and by virtue of the laws of the territory of New Mexico, said bonds to bear date the 1st day of July, 1908, to become due and payable on the 1st day of July, 1928, and to bear interest at the rate of not more than six per cent per annum payable semi-annually.

The ballot to be used in voting at said election shall be in substantially the following form:

FOR the issuance of the negotiable coupon bonds of the Town of Carlsbad, New Mexico, in the aggregate sum of \$10,000.00, for the purpose of providing funds for the improvement of the streets of said Town of Carlsbad.

Against the issuance of the negotiable coupon bonds of the Town of Carlsbad, New Mexico, in the aggregate sum of \$10,000.00 for the purpose of providing funds for the improvement of the streets of said town of Carlsbad.

The elector desiring to vote for the issuance of said bonds shall erase the second clause of said ballot, and the elector desiring to vote against the issuance of said bonds shall erase the first clause of said ballot.

No person shall be entitled to vote at said election, unless he be a qualified elector of said town, and also the owner of real or personal property in said town subject to taxation therein, and shall have registered as provided by law and hereinafter mentioned.

The voting place at said election shall be at the Town Hall on Canyon Street, between Fox Street and Green Street in said town.

The following named persons shall act as election officers at said election: E. N. Woerner, L. S. Crawford and N. J. Taylor to act as Judges and J. J. Welch and F. L. Hopkins to act as clerks thereof.

Said election shall be held and conducted, and the result thereof canvassed in the same manner as regular elections for said town.

Polls will be opened at 9 o'clock a. m. and close at 6 o'clock p. m. on said election day.

A register will be opened for the registration of voters pursuant to title XXVIII, Chapter 2, of the compiled laws of the Territory of New Mexico, of 1897, at the store of Eddy Drug Company on and after the 26th day of May 1908, and shall be held open until ten days thereafter until the 6th day of June, 1908 inclusive, and every legal voter of said town and who is the owner of real or personal property therein subject to taxation, shall be registered in the manner provided by law, and will be entitled to vote at said election.

Passed this 6th day of May, 1908, by a unanimous vote of said Board of Trustees.

JOHN B. HARVEY, JAMES M. DYE,  
Recorder. Mayor.  
Approved this 6th day of May, 1908.  
Attest: JAMES M. DYE,  
JOHN B. HARVEY, Mayor.  
Recorder.  
(Seal)

#### Election Notice.

Public notice is hereby given that on the 16th day of June, 1908, a special election will be held in the Town of Carlsbad, County of Eddy, Territory of New Mexico, at the town hall thereof for the purpose of submitting to the qualified electors thereof, who are also the owners of real or personal property subject to taxation within said town, the proposition of issuing the negotiable coupon bonds of the said town, in the aggregate sum of \$5,000.00 for the purpose of erecting a public building in said town of Carlsbad, to-wit: engine house and fire hall and for the purpose of providing equipment for the extinguishment of fire.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH PLANS HERETOFORE ADOPTED BY THIS BOARD OF TRUSTEES, and pursuant to Act of the Congress of the United States, entitled "An Act to amend an Act to prohibit the passage of local or special laws in the Territories; to limit territorial indebtedness, etc.," and under and by virtue of the laws of the Territory of New Mexico, said bonds to bear date the 1st day of July, 1908, to become due and payable on the 1st day of July, 1928, and to bear interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, payable semi-annually.

The ballot to be used in voting at said election shall be substantially the following form:

For the issuance of the negotiable coupon bonds of the Town of Carlsbad, New Mexico, in the aggregate sum of \$5,000.00 for the purpose of erecting a public building in said town of Carlsbad, to-wit: engine house and fire hall and for the purpose of providing equipment for the extinguishment of fire.

Against the issuance of the negotiable coupon bonds of the Town of Carlsbad, New Mexico, in the aggregate sum of \$5,000.00, for the purpose of erecting a public building in said town of Carlsbad, to-wit: engine house and fire hall and for the purpose of providing

ing equipment for the extinguishment of fire.

The elector desiring to vote for the issuance of said bonds shall erase the last clause of said ballot; and the elector wishing to vote against the issuance of said bonds shall erase the first clause of said ballots.

No person shall be entitled to vote at said election, unless he be a qualified elector of said town, and also the owner of real or personal property in said town subject to taxation, and shall have registered as provided by law, and hereinafter mentioned.

The voting place at said election shall be at the town hall on Canyon Street between Fox Street and Green Street.

The following named persons shall act as election officers at said election: E. N. Woerner, L. S. Crawford and N. J. Taylor to act as Judges and J. J. Welch and F. L. Hopkins to act as clerks thereof.

Said election shall be held and conducted, and the result thereof canvassed in the same manner as regular elections for said town.

Polls will be opened at 9 o'clock a. m. and closed at 6 o'clock p. m. on said election day.

A register will be opened for the registration of voters pursuant to title XXVIII, Chapter 2, of the Compiled Laws of the Territory of New Mexico, of 1897, at Eddy Drug Store on and after the 26th day of May, 1908, and shall be held open until ten days thereafter until the 6th day of June, 1908, and every legal voter in said town who is a resident thereof, and who is the owner of real or personal property therein subject to taxation, shall be registered in the manner provided by law, and will be entitled to vote at said election.

Passed this 6th day of May, 1908, by a unanimous vote of said Board of Trustees.

JOHN B. HARVEY, JAMES M. DYE,  
Recorder. Mayor.  
Approved this 6th day of May, 1908.  
Attest: JAMES M. DYE,  
JOHN B. HARVEY, Mayor.  
Recorder.  
(Seal)

#### Election Notice.

Public notice is hereby given that on the 30th day of June 1908 a special election will be held in the Town of Carlsbad, County of Eddy, Territory of New Mexico, at the town hall therein, for the purpose of submitting to the qualified electors thereof, who are also the owners of real estate or personal property subject to taxation within said town, the proposition of issuing the negotiable coupon bonds of the said town in the sum of \$25,000, for the purpose of providing funds for the construction of a sewer system in and for said town, in accordance with plans heretofore adopted by this Board of Trustees, and pursuant to an act of the Congress of the United States, entitled "An Act to amend and Act to prohibit the passage of local or special laws in the territories; to limit territorial indebtedness, etc." and under and by virtue of the laws of the territory of New Mexico, said bonds to bear date the 1st day of July, 1908, to become due and payable on the 1st day of July, 1928, and to bear interest at the rate of not more than six per cent annually.

The ballot to be used in voting on said proposition shall be in substantially the following form:

For the issuance of the negotiable coupon bonds of the Town of Carlsbad New Mexico, in the aggregate amount of \$25,000 for the purpose of providing funds for the construction of a sewer system in and for said town.

Against the issuance of the negotiable coupon bonds of the town of Carlsbad, New Mexico, in the aggregate amount of \$25,000 for the purpose of providing funds for the construction of a sewer system in and for said town.

The elector desiring to vote for the issuance of said bonds shall erase the first clause of said ballot and the elector wishing to vote against the issuance of said bonds shall erase the first clause of said ballot.

No person shall be entitled to vote at said election, unless he be a qualified elector of said town, and also the owner of real or personal property subject to taxation within said town and shall have registered as provided by law and hereinafter mentioned.

The voting place of said election shall be the Town Hall of said town, on Canyon street between Fox and Greene streets.

The following named persons shall act as election officers at said election: N. J. Taylor, L. S. Crawford and E. N. Woerner to act as judges and J. J. Welch and F. L. Hopkins to act as clerks thereof.

Said election shall be held and conducted, and the result thereof canvassed as provided by law in the same manner as regular elections for said town.

Polls will be opened at 9 o'clock a. m. and closed at 6 o'clock p. m. on said election day.

A register will be opened for the registration of voters pursuant to title XXVIII, Chapter 2, of the compiled Laws of 1897 of the Territory of New Mexico, at Eddy Drug Store on and after the 26th day of May, 1908 and shall be held open for ten days thereafter until the 6th day of June, 1908 inclusive, and every legal voter of said town, and who is the owner of real or personal property therein subject to taxation, shall be registered in the manner provided by law, and vote at said election.

Passed this 6th day of May, 1908, by a unanimous vote of said Board of Trustees.

JOHN B. HARVEY, JAMES M. DYE,  
Recorder. Mayor.  
Approved by me this 6th day of May, 1908.  
Attest: JAMES M. DYE,  
JOHN B. HARVEY, Mayor.  
Recorder.  
(Seal)

#### Election Notice.

Public notice is hereby given that on the 16th of June, A. D. 1908, a special election will be held in the town of Carlsbad, county of Eddy, territory of New Mexico, at the town hall for the purpose of submitting to the qualified electors residing in the Carlsbad school district, who are also the owners of real estate or personal property subject to taxation within the said district, the proposition of issuing the negotiable coupon bonds of said Carlsbad school district in the sum of twelve thousand five hundred (\$12,500.00) dollars in accordance with the laws of the territory of New Mexico, for the purpose of providing funds for purchasing a building site for a high school building and for the erection thereon of a high school building; said bonds to bear date of the 1st day of July A. D. 1908 to bear interest at the rate of six per cent per annum and payable semi-annually, at Carlsbad, New Mexico, or New York City.

The ballot to be used upon voting on said proposition shall be substantially the following form:

For issuance of negotiable coupon bonds of the Carlsbad school district in the aggregate amount of twelve thousand five hundred (\$12,500.00) dollars for the purpose of providing funds for the purchase of a building site for a high school building and for the erection thereon of a high school building for said district.

Against the issuance of negotiable coupon bonds of the Carlsbad school district in the aggregate amount of twelve thousand five hundred (\$12,500.00) dollars for the purpose of providing funds for the purchase of a building site for a high school building and for the erection thereon of a high school building for said district.

The electors desiring to vote for the issuance of said bonds shall erase this last clause of said ballot and the elector desiring to vote against the issuance of said bonds shall erase the first clause of said ballot.

No person shall be entitled to vote at said election unless he be in all respects a qualified elector in said district and also the owner of real or personal property, subject to taxation, within said district, and unless he shall have registered, as provided by law, as hereinafter mentioned.

The voting place at said election shall be at the town hall on Canyon street between Fox and Green streets in the town of Carlsbad.

The following persons shall act as election officers at said election: L. S. Crawford, E. N. Woerner and N. J. Taylor, Judges, and F. L. Hopkins and H. F. Christian as clerks thereof.

Said election shall be held and conducted and the result thereof canvassed as provided by law in the case of such elections.

Polls will be open at 9 o'clock a. m. and will close at 6 o'clock p. m. on said day of election.

The register will be open for the registration of voters pursuant to title 28, chapter 2 of the compiled laws of New Mexico, at the store of the Eddy Drug Company in said town on and after the 27th day of May, A. D. 1908, at which time the registration shall begin and shall continue for ten days thereafter and will close on the 6th day of June, 1908, and the following named persons shall constitute the registration board: H. S. Dilley, Murray Johnson and C. D. Church.

Every legal voter in said school district, who is the owner of real or personal property subject to taxation therein, shall be entitled to register in the manner provided by law.

The foregoing notice is made upon the request of the Board of Education of the town of Carlsbad, of the territory of New Mexico, and upon their filing an affidavit with the Board of Trustees of the town of Carlsbad, showing the estimated cost of said grounds and building.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand this 6th day of May, 1908.

Attest: JAMES M. DYE, Mayor.  
JOHN B. HARVEY, Recorder.  
(SEAL)

#### Best Healer in the World.

Rev. F. Starbird, of East Raymond Maine, says: "I have used Bucklen's Arnica Salve for several years, on my old army wound, and other obstinate sores, and find it the best healer in the world. I use it too with great success in my veterinary business. Price 25c at Eddy Drug store."

#### \$100 Reward.

For arrest of and conviction of any person stealing my horses or cattle.

A. C. HEARD.

#### See A. J. Crawford.

For two phaetons, one double buggy, harness, saddle, ensilage cutter, hay rake and fanning mill and finest horse in town.

All the latest books of fiction, romance and adventure at the Eddy Drug Co.

#### The Lucky Quarter.

Is the one you pay out for a box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. They bring you the health that is more precious than jewels. Try them for headache, biliousness, constipation and malaria. If they disappoint you the price will be cheerfully refunded at Eddy Drug store.

Joyce-Pruit Co.

Joyce-Pruit Co.

## We Know

The Condition of the existing circumstances, and place ourselves in position to help you against them. Such as making yourself and family comfortable for the coming season.

We offer you cool comfortable suits at from \$10. to \$20. that will do much to make you comfortable. Extra pair of pants at from \$2.50 up to \$5. and \$6. to be worn with belt or suspenders.

Cool negligee shirts at \$1. \$1.50 and \$2.00. Good colors, with or without collars.

We also show a good line of Straw and Panama hats that you should investigate.

## Joyce-Pruit Company.

"We Want Your Trade."

## Finlay-Pratt Hardware Co.

## Farming Implements

## Royal Hay Presses

## Just Received

## Hay Stackers and All Kinds of

## FARMING TOOLS

## Finlay-Pratt Hardware Co.

## Carlsbad Dairy Carlsbad Furniture Co. UNDERTAKERS

Pure Jersey Milk and Cream Delivered to all parts of the city.

R. M. THORNE  
LICENSED EMBALMER

J. O. Wersell, Proprietor

Telephone 70



### Work For Boys.

The man who hopes for fruit, whether he has ten trees or a thousand, must keep the trees well watered. Some thing can be done now which will tell for the benefit of the fruit tree winter. Those who have large orchards are prepared for spraying, but those who have small orchards are not. It is only a little more work to do now, but it will pay to do it.

But for that reason they need not abandon the orchard entirely. They may do much to save the crop on their fifty or hundred trees. Have the boys over the trees carefully and gather all of the worms, eggs, etc. Every dead leaf found withering to a limb covers a bunch of worms, eggs, and you will be surprised at the number of these when they are gathered together. An active boy with a good tall ladder will gather a pocketful in an hour, and every one of them should be carefully deposited in the potato kitchen house. In this work outside and inside, and the result will appear next summer to your great delight.

### Cultivation of the Currant.

As the currant is a small tree, it is a good specimen of miniature cultivation. It should be treated in much the same way as the larger trees. While the plants are young the attention must be given to the soil in the garden of the roots, but when the roots begin to spread, the soil should be left to the weeds. The soil should be left to the weeds. The soil should be left to the weeds.

### Disease of the Quince.

The disease is caused by which the fruit is small and hard as wood and often is covered with small holes. It is caused by the quince being too close to the ground. The fruit should be raised on a high stake or pole. The fruit should be raised on a high stake or pole.

### Cures Woman's Weaknesses.

We refer to that book to weak, nervous, suffering women known as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Dr. L. E. Pierce, the Editor of the Medical Review, says of this book: "It is a book which is one of the chief ingredients of the 'Favorite Prescription'."

A remedy which is a book to weak, nervous, suffering women known as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Dr. L. E. Pierce, the Editor of the Medical Review, says of this book: "It is a book which is one of the chief ingredients of the 'Favorite Prescription'."

If you are one of the above symptoms, you will find Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription one of the best remedies for the treatment of the above symptoms. It is a book which is one of the chief ingredients of the 'Favorite Prescription'.

### Presbyterian Church.

Sunday School - 10 a. m.  
Divine Service - 11 a. m.  
Christian Endeavor - 7 p. m.  
Evening Service - 7:30 p. m.

### If You Don't

succeed, the first time use Herbine and you will get instant relief. The greatest liver regulator. A positive cure for constipation, dyspepsia, malaria, chills and all liver complaints. Mr. J. J. Emory, Texas, writes: "My wife has been using Herbine for herself and children for five years. It is a sure cure for constipation and malaria fever, which is substantiated by what it has done for my family." Sold by Eddy Drug Company.

Quick Meal gasoline stoves for sale by Tracy-Roberts Hardware Co.

### Call for Democratic Territorial Convention.

East Las Vegas, N. M., April 14, 1908. Pursuant to instructions of the Democratic Central Committee of New Mexico at a meeting held at Santa Fe New Mexico on April 11, 1908, a delegate convention of the democrats of New Mexico is hereby called to be held at Roswell, New Mexico, on Wednesday the 10th day of June, 1908, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, for the purpose of selecting six delegates and six alternates to represent the territory of New Mexico at the National Democratic Convention to be held at the city of Denver on July 7, 1908, which convention has been called for the purpose of nominating candidates for president and vice-president of the United States for the democratic party, and also for the purpose of nominating a democratic candidate to the 61st Congress of the United States and also for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said convention.

The various counties of the territory are entitled to representation at said convention to be held at Roswell on a basis of one delegate for each one hundred votes or fraction over fifty votes cast for the democratic candidate for delegate to congress at the general election held in November, 1906 which is as follows:

Bernalillo	20
Chaves	11
Coffey	14
Dona Ana	9
Eddy	9
Grant	12
Guadalupe	8
Lincoln	5
Luna	11
Mohave	12
Mekim	7
Otero	7
Quay	6
Rio Arriba	10
Roswell	9
Sandoval	2
San Juan	5
San Miguel	27
Santa Fe	15
Sierra	2
Socorro	10
Taos	8
Torrance	11
Union	9
Valencia	2
Total	225

The Democratic Central Committee of the respective counties are requested to hold primaries and county conventions at the earliest possible date to the end that full representation from every county may be in attendance at said convention. All democrats and citizens, irrespective of past party affiliations, who believe in the objects sought to be obtained by the democratic party, are requested to participate in said primaries and the selection of delegates to said convention.

A meeting of the members of the territorial Democratic Central Committee is also hereby called to meet at Roswell on the 10th day of June, 1908, at nine o'clock a. m., for the purpose of transacting such business as may properly come before said committee at said time.

A. A. JONES, Chairman.  
Democratic Central Committee.  
Attest: W. B. WALTON, Secretary.

### REIFF STOCK PASTURE.

Three Quarters of Section

GOOD GRASS and PLENTY of WATER

Good Catch Pen.

TERMS: One dollar per month or ten cents per day.

One and three fourths miles west of south end of Canyon street.

NO. 5487  
JOHN B. JOYCE, President. A. C. HEARD, Vice President. G. M. COURT, Cashier. CLARENCE BELL, Asst. Cashier.

### The First National Bank

Carlsbad, New Mexico  
Capital and Surplus, \$125,000.

We have ample capital and are prepared at all times to care for the needs of our customers. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. No account too small to receive our best attention.

H. A. Houser, President. R. B. Armstrong, Cashier.

### The National Bank of Carlsbad

Depository for Eddy County and Territory of New Mexico

Open an account with us and try paying by checks. You will find it will pay.

DIRECTORS: H. A. Houser, F. F. Joopp, E. Hendricks, M. Livingston, R. B. Armstrong, J. O. Cameron, C. H. McLenathen.

Middle of the Block, Next door to Post Office

### The Bank of the Creation

The only safe bank in the world. Never returns a check unpaid. Burglar proof. Will pay the largest dividends of any bank. Never refused to pay depositors. Never affected by money panic. Always solvent. The oldest banking institution in the world. The only safe bank to deposit in. All deposits guaranteed by the creator of all things and the U. S. Government. If you are interested, see

### The Holloway Land Co.

In the Mullan Building, east of First National Bank. CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO.

## U. S. Market.

PHONE NO. 11  
JOHN LOWENBRUCK.

## Corn fed BEEF


AND MUTTON  
Free of Alkali.

## PORK, SAUSAGE,

A. O. ALL BY-PRODUCTS

FISH and OYSTERS in Season  
Prop.

There is Money in Farms  
Today. More than there ever was. At the prices we offer some you will make money the minute you purchase. Let us take you round and look at them. If you want a farm at all we have just what you want.



## FARMS

### McLenathen & Tracy

REAL ESTATE DEALERS CARLSBAD, N.M.

### WHAT A WAGNER MOTOR WILL DO.

You give a Wagner Electric Motor a kilowatt hour of electricity. The Motor will--Saw 300 feet of timber. Clean 5,000 knives. Clean seventy-five pairs of shoes. Clip five horses. Run a sieve two hours. Iron thirty silk hats. Grind 120 pounds of coffee. Knead eight sacks of flour. Fill and cork 250 dozen pint bottles. Pump an ordinary church organ for one service. Pump 100 gallons water twenty-five feet. Run buffing wheel twenty hours. Run an electric pump ten hours. Lift three and a half tons seventy-five feet in four minutes. Run a small ventilating fan twenty hours. Run a large ventilating fan ten hours. Run a sewing machine twenty hours. Carry your dinner upstairs every day for one week. Carry your things from basement to attic eighty feet. Carry you three miles in an electric brougham. Make you happy. A CHILD CAN HANDLE WAGNER MOTORS.

### THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMPANY

REIFF STOCK PASTURE.

### CITY LIVERY STABLE

PENDLETON & LOCKE

Prompt Service  
Reasonable Prices  
Phone 56  
Good Rigs.....Fine Driving Horses

## Nothing But the Best

Echo Spring, Forester,  
Gaugerholmer, American  
Malt, Sherwood Key,  
Canada Malt  
and many other liquors.

## Stock Exchange

### The Bank Saloon,

Drop in when in town and we will convince you  
We Keep NOTHING BUT THE BEST  
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS.  
AT REASONABLE RATES  
Simpson & Co. Proprietors. Phone 14

### CARLSBAD and other points on PECOS VALLEY LINES

Best reached by direct connection with the A.T. & S.F. Ry  
BE SURE  
your ticket reads via Santa Fe all the way. Full information regarding rates, etc, cheerfully furnished  
D. L. MEYERS,  
Traffic Manager, Pecos Valley Lines,  
Amarillo, Texas.

## ASK FOR



## J & E

JONSON & EDERLEE, Makers  
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.







# A PAGE FOR MEN

TOMORROW SATURDAY MAY 30, WE WILL INAUGURATE

## A One Day SPECIAL SALE

On Clothing, Shoes, and Hats. This includes the famous KUPPENHEIMER Suits; JOHN B. STETSON Hats; FLORSHEIM and CROSSETT Shoes

ONE DAY ONLY; SATURDAY, MAY 30,

We will offer everything in the Clothing, Shoe and Hat line at uncompeting prices. All clean up-to-date goods now in demand, and the remarkable values offered make it imperative on every man in Carlsbad and surrounding country to come to our store on that date, as we are positively going to make prices on the above line of merchandise, that talk. **Remember One Day Only**, in which to purchase your requirements, **at a price that means from 25-to-50 per cent saving.**

**Only  
one  
Day  
Sat.,  
MAY  
30**

A few prices will give you an idea of what we are offering. Lack of space prevents, giving our entire schedule.

\$25.00	Kuppenheimer Suit at	\$16.50
22.50	" " "	15.00
20.00	" " "	14.00
18.50	" " "	12.50
\$7.50	John B. Stetson hat for \$4.50,	\$5.00
6.00	" " " "	4.50
5.00	" " " "	3.85
<b>Florsheim and Crossett</b>		
\$6.00	Shoes at - - -	\$4.50
5.00	" " - - -	3.85
4.00	" " - - -	2.75

**Only  
one  
Day  
Sat.,  
MAY  
30**

And every thing else in this line in proportion to the above figures.

**Remember this is for only one day  
SATURDAY, MAY 30.**

Come in and we won't insist on you buying; you be the judge.

## Keebler-Page-Dimmitt Co.



## CANTON--CHRISTMAS ABOARD SHIP

The Funny Things One Sees

Smiling Round the World

By  
MARSHALL P. WILDER

(Copyright, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

Canton, in spite of its dirt, in spite of its myriad and insistent smells, is fascinating. Beside the ordinary sights of street life that are like a kaleidoscope for change and color, there is a tall and stately pagoda, to be seen, the "flowly" pagoda, your guide will tell you. Another, known as the five-story pagoda, built in the year 1460, stands at the point of the city wall, the ramparts of which are decorated with grotesque little cannon of a bygone age, resting in worm-eaten and rotting wooden gun carriages.

Another sight of Canton is Examination hall, an institution peculiarly Chinese. Here are 7,500 cells in rows, the fronts open to the air. They are only four feet by three, and their only furniture a couple of boards, laid crossways, one for a seat and the other for a writing desk.

Here the civil service examinations take place for the whole province. Students who wish to compete enter a cell, where they remain for three days and nights, absolutely alone, and guarded by soldiers to see that they have no communication with each other, or with anyone outside.

The examination lasts nine days altogether, in groups of three, with intervals of three days in between, when the students may go outside. It is exceedingly arduous, for there is not room for comfortable sleep, and the tests are very severe.

It is, however, the ambition of every man to pass this examination if he can. Some old students have been known to go there every three years for 50 years without passing. Out of perhaps 6,000 or 7,000 never more than 300 pass, generally much less.

A man who passes is then eligible for any magisterial office in the provincial government, and if he is still

fore nor since. I refer to our Christmas dinner, which we ate amid surroundings so truly novel as to seem to us now almost as the passing of a dream.

The Eitel Friedrich was not merely a good, staunch ship; she was a magnificently appointed steamer—in short, a floating palace, and the dinner which we ate—each smallest component part thereof, from soup to coffee—was laid in at Bremen before the steamer sailed. The splendid tree, a big green fir, had been cut in Japan and lay strapped to the lower deck, lest some sudden cataclysm of the elements might roll it overboard and cheat us of what proved to be the most enjoyable part of our Christmas feast.

It was understood before leaving Hong-Kong that the most important part of the festivities, i. e. the presents, must be purchased there; so a pool was formed and the presents—having been selected and purchased by a member detailed for the purpose—were handed up the ship's side in packages on the end of sticks, or dangling from strings, or in small but-terfly nets, so that the lottery effect was maintained and no one could know what his neighbor held. This mode of procedure provoked hearty laughter and much curiosity as to the ultimate fate of the gifts, each one being secretly wrapped until the eventful day should appear.

The 24th of December dawned—not, as we should say in America, clear and cold—but "muggy" and hot. Clothing, even of the thinnest sort, seemed superfluous; exertion, even the mildest, sent little streams of moisture trickling down towards one's shirt collar. But, never mind. It was Christmas—dear old Christmas eve, and if we were 6,000 miles—more or less—away from home, we were not going to have any less pleasure and happiness out of the occasion. So we donned our bravest attire and, summoned by the bugle, made our way with the rest of the passengers, also in full dress, to the dining saloon. Here a scene of marvelous beauty burst upon our eyes; but don't ask me to describe that table. Running the whole length of the gorgeous saloon it was decorated and twined and blazoned with potted plants and vines, garlands and flags, the whole being set off by a most ingenious and beautiful arrangement of electric lights, that peeped out from every leaf and fold and dish as though some fairy wand had touched them into glittering wonder. Little Swiss chalets, set amid snows of cotton and spangled ice-bergs, gleamed with lights in every tiny window; cascades ran down through little ice-georgs, lit up with

With the dessert and coffee song and merriment burst forth. Every conceivable Christmas glee and carol—not omitting the good old "Tannenbaum" of the Vaterland, which these German officers rolled forth with a volume that made the dishes dance—was sung. And then, the tree!

This gorgeous piece of upholstery reached from the floor up into the which lantern, which is the nautical name for the open dome which rises far up almost out of sight from the saloon. Every year the decorations are brought out from their storing place and hung upon the tree, and most gorgeous are they to behold, glittering with electric lights and swaying to and fro with every motion of the vessel.

The distribution of presents was a jolly ending to the evening's festivity.



Absolutely Alone.

Some people got their own presents, that they had bought in contributing to the pool, but they enjoyed them just as much. One of ours was a handsome silver spoon, engraved with Chinese characters similar to those on the cane which was presented to me by Mr. Wei Yok in Hong-Kong, and which mean "long life and happiness," or something to that effect.

The next day we arrived at Singapore, and it was with indescribable feelings that I stepped ashore in a place of tropic sunlight, saying to myself, "Christmas day! It is impossible—I cannot believe it!"

But it was, and I smiled as I said to a friend: "Well, we're certainly in for a hot old time, all right, it's nothing else!"

### Passing of Script Cards.

Shaded old English is now the most approved form of engraving for visiting cards. The script style, time honored and artistic though it may be, has had its day, according to stationers who speak with authority. Fashion dictates a graduated scale in the matter of shading effect, young folks' cards showing but delicate lines, while those adapted to middle aged and old persons bear medium and heavy tracings respectively. A novel process in imitation of expensive plate printing has lately been introduced in the metropolitan market. The promoters of this project state that results equal to high priced tool work are available at about half the figures usually charged.

### Care of the Eyes.

Good sight is among the greatest blessings of life, and it behooves women for their own sake to take good care of their eyes. When you have nothing to do, when you are simply resting, close your eyes and let them rest also. As long as the eyes are open they are at work to a greater or less extent, and oculists will tell you that the moisture of the closed lids is good for them.

### The Precious Stones.

The pearl is nothing but carbonate of lime, and vinegar or any other acid will eat away the polished surface in a few moments. As for the opal, hot water is fatal to it, destroying its fire, and sometimes causing it to crack. Soap is a deadly enemy to the turquoise. If a turquoise ring is kept on the hand while washing, in a short time the blue stones will turn to a dingy green.

### A Little Anxious.

A physician writes to the London Spectator that he was recently attending a patient whose husband came to see him concerning her condition, and greeted him with the words: "Mr. Irving, do you think there is any need for any unnecessary anxiety about my wife?"—Woman's Home Companion.

### How Is Julia on Spitting Wood?

Miss Julia Chapman won a set of silver knives, forks and spoons in a board-sawing contest given by a medicine show in Steiner hall Wednesday evening. She went through her board before any of her competitors had got well started.—Fossil (Ore.) Journal.

### The Vikings.

Vikings were Scandinavian chiefs, Swedes, Danes and Norsemen, who, in the fourth century, migrated eastward to the countries beyond the Baltic, westward and southward, chiefly to the British isles.



### HOG SORTING CHUTES.

Practical Farmer Tells of One He Finds Satisfactory.

The diagram shown herewith is of a hog sorting chute which a correspondent of the Wallace's Farmer finds specially handy and useful. He not only uses it for a hog sorting chute but for dipping hogs and vaccinating caives. When used to sort hogs the dipping tank is covered by a heavy lid. A is a catch pen which will hold from 20 to 30 hogs, depending on size. They are driven in from yard L, where the herd to be sorted is first

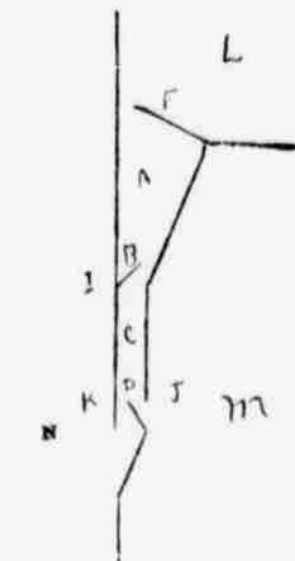


Diagram of the Chute.

yarded. The gate F is then closed. One man goes into the pen A and works the hogs toward the gate B, through which they pass into C, on to D, which sorts them into two yards, M and N. The sorting is done by a man at I, who has full view of the hog from the time it enters the gate B until it passes out at D into either yard M or N. Two ropes from gate D pass over pulleys at J and K up to a lever at L, where the man who does the sorting stands, and also handles the gate B, regulating the number of hogs to let in the chute. As high as seven or eight hundred hogs have been run through in three or four hours.

### EXERCISE FOR BROOD SOW.

She Must Be Kept in Condition at All Times of the Year.

The exercise of the brood sow should be continued after even in the summer time. This should not be forgotten till the sow is just a few weeks from farrowing. She should be given a good lot of exercise all the time of her life, that she may work a large part of her food into good, strong muscle, rather than into fat. The sow that is kept closely penned will not make muscle, but fat, and she will transmit to her offspring a weakened constitution, which means largely a lack of muscle-making power.

The muscle-making power is a large part of the constitution of any animal. The animal that has the power to develop good muscle will make a powerfully-built heart, which is one great muscle. A powerful heart to send the blood with great force all through the body is a large factor in the proper development of the frame.

Therefore give the brood sow a good lot of exercise in the bright sunlight, and in the pure air, in a pasture where there is no dust flying in the air. Some sows are given their exercise in dry lots where every footstep sends the dust into the air. Naturally some of this gets into the lungs of the sow, and this is not a desirable receptacle for dust. It must be coughed off with mucus.

The exercised sow will be more prolific than any other, for she will have the material out of which to make progeny, because not only the muscles of the heart, but all the other muscles of the body will be strengthened.

### Hogs Rooting in Barnyards.

Some hog raisers advise to let the hogs have the run of the barnyard and root over the manure. They say that the exercise is good and that it improves the manure. In addition the hogs get much food out of the manure. But this is not a practice that should be encouraged. The manure is not the proper kind of medium to carry the food of any animal. It is known that tuberculosis germs frequently exist in manure in immense numbers, and we know that hogs are very susceptible to the disease. Let them root in clean soil instead and hunt for roots and grubs.

### SHEARING SHEEP BY HAND.

Two Methods of Doing the Work Are Popular with Shearers.

Two methods of hand shearing are popular. One of these is known as the long method and the other one as the round method. Both have their advantages and disadvantages.

When sheep are shorn by the long method the shearer begins by removing the wool from the head. He then opens the wool on the throat and shears from the underline of the same to the top of the neck. This is continued until a point is reached at or near the shoulder blade. The position of the sheep is then reversed, and the wool is similarly removed from the other side of the neck. A series of rings are thus made, extending from the head to the shoulder blade. The sheep is then laid on its side. The wool is then shorn from shoulder to buttock on one side. The cuts are made similar and parallel and of equal width.

The sheep is then turned over and the wool is removed from the other side, shearing from buttock to stern. A good shearer keeps the shears snawing, as it were, through the wool, rather than making distinct cuts each time the shear handles are pressed together.

When the sheep are shorn by the round method the animal is placed on its buttock, explains the Orange Judd Farmer. The wool is first removed from the brisket downward to the fore flank. It is then shorn from right to left clear across the belly. The wool on the entire belly thus removed hangs on the left side of the fleece. The wool is then opened up on the underside of the back, and beginning at the ears the neck and body are shorn by running the shears to the ridge of the top line. The sheep is then turned over and the right side is shorn in the same way. Each line made by the shears should be at right angles with the top line. Sheep thus shorn have a wheel-like appearance that is very attractive. An expert shearer will never cut the wool twice, that is, he will not, even when shearing past the spinal column, point the shears so high that the wool will have to be clipped again.

### DIPPING VATS FOR SHEEP.

Best Results Are Obtained Where Animals Have to Swim.

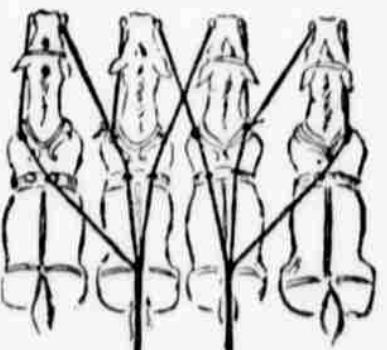
Where sheep swim 10 or 12 feet through a solution, I find it quite satisfactory. When sheep swim through a tank, the dip seems to work into the wool better than if they were simply held in it and then taken out. Several years ago I built on my farm a wooden tank 25 feet long, 20 inches wide at the top, four feet deep, and six inches wide at the bottom. I made it out of plank, tongued and grooved and painted well. It gave me good satisfaction, but the trouble with the wooden vat is that it soon rots where the ground touches it. Since I have been using my steel vat I would not think of making another wooden one, as the steel vat is much more durable, and therefore causes much less trouble. I have used many kinds of standard dips, and the results have been very satisfactory where the instructions were carefully carried out.

Three weeks old is rather young for lambs to be dipped, says a writer in Farm and Home, but I do not hesitate about dipping mine when they are five or six weeks old. In fact, I find it a good practice to dip the lambs when about this age, if the ewes have been shorn a couple of weeks previous. On the shearing of the ewes the ticks will pass to the lambs, then by dipping the lambs the ticks are effectively destroyed.

### FOUR HORSES ABREAST.

Arrangement of Lines for Easy Driving of the Animals.

An easy method of driving four horses abreast is shown in the accompanying illustration. Hitch the two middle horses together as if they were



Line Arrangement for Four Horses.

alone. Then take a hitch rein from the outside of the outside horse's bit and run it through the same ring and to the buckle on the line. Then tie the outside horse to the next horse's hame ring.

This will guide four horses, says the Prairie Farmer, as easily as two horses can be guided.



THE PROCESSION OF WAITERS.

more ambitious and can pass the examination at Peking, as well, he is eligible for metropolitan offices.

So that in China education is the only potent of nobility. In this respect it is one of the most democratic countries in the world, for a man may rise from the lowest rank to a high position.

Only three castes are prohibited



The Five-Story Pagoda.

from competing in the examinations, barbers, actors and chiropodists, who are prohibited from most things, as well as their descendants for three generations.

The good ship Prinz Eitel Friedrich here on her way to Hong-Kong on our way to India's splay Isles, and also furnished an experience the like of which we had known neither be-

fore nor since. I refer to our Christmas dinner, which we ate amid surroundings so truly novel as to seem to us now almost as the passing of a dream.

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## MAY RECEIVE FEDERAL PLUM



Copyright by Western Union

It is reported from Washington that Francis B. Loomis of Ohio is to be made commissioner general to the Japanese exposition to be held in 1912. Congress has appropriated \$500,000 for an exhibit there. Mr. Loomis is best known as former minister to Venezuela. He was at one time a newspaper correspondent at Washington.

## A SURE GERM KILLER.

NEW COMPOUND WHICH NO BACILLUS CAN SURVIVE.

Pests Are Choked to Death—Five Ounces of Permanganate of Potash, Ten Ounces of Formaldehyde Do the Business.

St. Louis.—With a compound which Dr. W. B. Winn, assistant health commissioner, is introducing among laymen in St. Louis, germs, mosquitoes

and other pests may be slaughtered swiftly in one's home without inconvenience to any one but the little microbes.

Assuming the truth of the statement that 100,000,000 able-bodied bacilli can wait at the same time on the point of a pin, something like 44,000,000,000 of them can be choked to death with the fumes produced by the admixture of five ounces of permanganate of potash and ten ounces of formaldehyde.

That quantity of the chemicals will

annihilate all the germs that can crowd into 1,000 cubic feet of space. Only the bacillus subtilis can withstand the ordeal. The bacillus subtilis, however, is not the producer of any disease, so that his survival will not be a serious matter.

The worst offense of which the bacteriologists have yet convicted it. Subtilis is the slayer of hay fever. He lives in hay—a sort of hayseed among germs—and is extremely irritating to the mucous membranes. Otherwise he is not a bad fellow and has nobody's blood on his hands.

The combination of the permanganate of potash and a fairly strong solution of formaldehyde generates a strong gas—formaline. This is so pungent and penetrating that nothing in the way of organism can escape its deadliness. In 34 minutes, by actual test, the bacilli of tuberculosis, typhoid, diphtheria, scarlet fever and other like noxious microbes were destroyed.

Here's the way it is done: Put ten cents' worth of permanganate of potash into an ordinary iron bucket, set on a brick or two. If the weather is cold, heat the formaldehyde to the temperature of the blood, before pouring it into the permanganate. When the liquid is added, stir the mixture by a twist of the bucket, and leave the room, after first closing the doors and windows.

At once the chemical union begins. One hundred and fifty degrees of heat are produced and a heavy, steamy vapor arises. The air becomes saturated and unless a germ has prepared a cyclone cellar he will not longer be a bacillus.

This process can be repeated in each room. Not more than an hour will be required to rid the premises of the most malignant bacilli.

Dr. Winn conducted a highly successful experiment in the alley behind the old city hall the other day. In an instant after combining his chemicals two reporters (regarded in the health department as pests) were almost overcome. No germ was visible, but the effect on the reporters was taken to indicate that a bacillus would have no chance whatever.

The use of the new disinfectant is being encouraged by Dr. Winn and the St. Louis Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis. Its convenience makes it available to the layman and saves time waiting for the health department to send its fumigators to a house in which contagion has existed or is suspected. No apparatus other than an iron bucket is needed, and the time consumed in freeing a room from germs is about one-third that formerly used in the process.

## BASEBALL RULES IN SIMPLE FORM

With the exception of two new rules enacted by the joint rules committee of the National league and the American league, in February, the baseball code remains the same as last year. Both of the changes made this winter are important ones. A rule that will prove popular with the spectators is the one which prohibits pitchers from rolling the ball before delivering it to the batter. This habit on the part of the pitchers resulted in delays, but if the intent of the rule is carried out next season all this will be eliminated.

Pitchers are prohibited from rubbing the ball on the ground or grass. Some managers claim that it will be a "dead letter," as there is nothing to prevent the pitcher from filling his mitt with dirt and remove the gloss from the ball by that method. Whether pitchers will be permitted to evade the rule in this way will depend on the ruling of the umpires.

The other new rule relates to the scoring of sacrifice hits. The amendment to the rule reads as follows:

A sacrifice hit shall also be credited to a batsman, when no one is out, or when but one man is out, when he hits a fly ball that is caught, but results in a run being scored.

Heretofore a batter received no credit for scoring a run on a flyout to the outfield. This naturally will have a tendency to boost batting averages all along the line, as it will not count a time at bat.

When the baseball season is on, many disputes occur between spectators at games, owing to unfamiliarity with the playing rules. Arguments arise over block balls, fair hits, interferences, scoring of hits and errors, etc.

The following rules in simplified form will cover many of the disputed points:

**Official Ball.**—The official ball must weigh not less than five nor more than five and one-quarter ounces, and measure not less than nine nor more than nine and one-quarter inches in circumference.

**The Bat.**—The bat must be round, not over 2 1/4 inches in diameter in thickest part, nor more than 42 inches long.

**Warming Up.**—Pitchers, at the beginning of each inning, are allowed to throw five balls to catcher or infielder for "warming up" practice.

**Time Allowed Pitchers.**—If a pitcher occupies more than 20 seconds in delivering the ball to the batter, the umpire may call a ball for each offense of this nature.

**Block Ball.**—Whenever a person not engaged in the game touches a batted or thrown ball a "block ball" results, and runners shall be privileged to advance around the bases until the ball is thrown to the pitcher standing in his position.

**Time Allowed Batters.**—A batter failing to take his position within one minute after the umpire summons him will be called out.

**Interference.**—The batter shall be called out if he attempts to hinder the catcher from fielding or throwing the ball.

**Fair Hit.**—A fair hit is a legally batted ball that settles on fair ground in the infield, or that bounds from fair ground to the outfield inside of first base, or third base, or that touches the person of a player or the umpire on fair ground.

**Bunt Hit.**—A bunt hit is a legally batted ball, not swung at by the batter.

**Out on a Bunt.**—The batter is out on a bunt that rolls foul if the attempted bunt is made on the third strike.

**Infield Fly.**—A batter is out on a pop fly to the infield, with first and second, or first, second and third bases occupied, provided the fly is batted before two men were out.

**Three Strikes.**—The batter is out when three strikes are called and first base is occupied, whether the catcher holds the ball or not, except there be two out at the time.

**Umpire's Ruling Final.**—No appeals can be made from any decision of the umpire on the ground that the official was not correct in his conclusion as to whether a batted ball was fair or foul, a base runner safe or out, a pitched ball, a strike or a ball, or any other play involving accuracy of judgment, and no decision rendered by him shall be reversed except that he be convinced that it is in violation of the rules.

**A Base Hit.**—A base hit is credited to the batter when the ball strikes fair ground outside of the reach of the fielders, when the ball is partially or wholly stopped by a fielder in motion, but such player cannot recover himself in time to field the ball to first base before the batter reaches that base, a base hit is also credited to the batter when he hits the ball with such force that the player cannot handle the ball in time to put out the batter or force out a base runner. In cases of doubt the batter is credited with a hit and the fielder exempted from an error. A base hit is never credited to a batter when a base runner is forced out by the play. Where a base runner is called out by being hit by a batted ball, except by himself, the batter is credited with a hit.

**Fielding Errors.**—An error is a mis-play which allows a base runner to make one or more bases when a perfect play would have insured his being put out.

**Battery Errors.**—These are charged up against pitchers and catchers. They include wild pitches, base on balls, balks, etc., by the pitcher; wild throws by the catcher. In an attempt to prevent a stolen base, passed balls are also classed as battery errors.

**Stolen Bases.**—A player is credited with a stolen base whenever he advances a base unaided by a base hit, a put out or a fielding error.

**Balk.**—A balk is any motion of the pitcher while in position to deliver the ball to the bat without delivering it, or to throw to first base when occupied by a base runner, without completing the throw; a balk is also a thrown ball by the pitcher to any base to catch the base runner without stepping toward the base in the act of making the throw.

**Dead Ball.**—A dead ball is a ball delivered to the batter by the pitcher, not struck at by the batter, but hits the batter while he is standing in his position. If, in the opinion of the umpire, the player has made a reasonable effort to avoid being hit, the batter is given first base.

**Substituting Players.**—A substitute may take the place of a regular player at any stage of the game, but the player that retires from the game cannot resume playing again in the game.

**Coaching.**—Two coaches are allowed in a game, one near first base line, to coach base runners only. The coaches are not allowed to incite the spectators to demonstrations during the game.

To find the batting percentage: Divide the number of base hits by the number of times at bat.

To find the fielding percentage: Divide the number of chances accepted by the total chances.

To find standing of team: Divide the number of games won by total number of games played.

## LAST OF OLD TRIBE

REMNANT OF SENECA INDIANS IN NORTHEAST OKLAHOMA.

Strange Heathen Rites of Small Band—"Wood Faces" Drive Out Evil Spirits—Weird Ceremony for the Patient.

Muskogee, Okla.—Up in the north-east corner of the state there is a small band of Seneca Indians on a reservation of the same name. This is a remnant of a nation of Indians that can be traced from the original New England states, as they were forced west and south by the encroachments of the whites and the battle arm of stronger Indian bands that were constantly warring against them.

Among them there is an old order known as "The Wood Face." Those who belong to the order can call in the "Wood Faces" in case of sickness, as is often done. They go through a performance that is calculated to drive out from the sick person the evil spirit that may be hovering around the bed. These faces are masks made out of wood, usually carved to represent a human form of some character, but sometimes made to represent the head of an animal. They are painted red and black, with large silver eyes and a horse tail for hair.

Arrayed in one of these hideous masks, together with rattles made of turtle shells fastened together at the outer edges with small stones inside and tied to the legs of the "Wood Faces," as they dance, roll and kick, singing their incantations the while, the Indians present a scene calculated to drive away any evil spirit that might happen along and incidentally drive the life out of the patient. While all this is going on it is also customary to pour ashes on the head of the patient.

It appears that this organization has been in the tribe for many generations, the modes of procedure differing sometimes, but following the same general character. Its secret signs and symbols are guarded as closely as Masonry and its fraternal features are as binding. Its spiritual benefits are believed in as implicitly as does any white man believe in his religion.

## NEW BRITISH PEER



The Right Honorable John Morley, the distinguished British liberal leader, has been elevated to the peerage by Premier Asquith. Mr. Morley is secretary of state for India; he is in his seventieth year, and did not enter politics until he was 45. He is the biographer of Mr. Gladstone.

### OLD LANDMARK IS GONE.

New York.—Alexander Hamilton's famous group of 13 trees has ceased to exist. The only one that had been left standing for some time was felled the other day and with their destruction has passed away one more of New York's historic landmarks.

The trees stood in an open plot of ground that will soon be utilized for buildings, facing Convent avenue, between One Hundred and Forty-second and One Hundred and Forty-third

streets. The boys of the neighborhood were busy hacking off pieces of the last Hamilton tree and offering them to passersby as souvenirs at prices ranging from 10 to 25 cents. Several older residents who have viewed the trees with veneration for the last quarter of a century have procured pieces large enough to be made into walking sticks. The trees stood on Hamilton's country estate, known as the Grange, and the old Hamilton house is still standing. It is not positively known that Hamilton planted the trees.

## MAJOR LEAGUE NOTES

Clark Griffith says that next to Hal Chase, Moriarity is the best first baseman he knows of.

This is the eighth straight season that Cy Young has pitched the opening game for Boston.

Eddie Collins, the ex-Columbia University shortstop and quarter back, has reported to Connie Mack.

The St. Louis club turned down an offer from Baltimore at \$2,500 cash for Substitute Infielder Joe Yaeger.

"Socks" Seybold of the Athletics, who injured his leg before the opening of the championship season, is coming along nicely, and is now able to jog around.

Some of McGraw's men privately express the opinion that before the season is over the Giants' new catching find, Snoegraas, will be second catcher on the team.

"Pastorius is a queer pitcher," says Ned Hanlon. "When he is right there is not a ball club in the United States that is likely to beat him. When he is not right there is not a ball club in the United States that is unlikely to beat him."

## NEWS OF THE MINORS

Pete O'Brien, who was obtained last year by Washington from Cleveland in exchange for George Nihil, is holding down second base for Minneapolis.

Joe Wood, a young pitcher picked up at Hutchinson, Kan., to try out with the Blues for this season, has proved to be a find, and Monte Cross may put him on the regular Kansas City pitching staff.

Walter Frantz, who was traded by Louisville to the Trenton team of the Tri-State league for Pitcher Poole, has bought his release from Trenton, and will play with the Enid, Okla., team of the Western association.

Outfielder Christopher, with Ronoke, came all the way from Colon, Panama, where he has played the last two years, to be given a try-out in the Virginia league.

T. F. Daley, released by Cincinnati to the Terre Haute Central league team, should make a good man for the "Tots."

Manager Smith of Buffalo has a likely looking bunch, and expects to keep them around the top in the Eastern league race.



## LOCAL NEWS.

Owing to the rains up the river a rise has reached Carlsbad.

Begin to beautify city park by buying a ticket to the minstrels.

The minstrels will pack the skating rink Tuesday night and it ought.

Jake Holderman died about the 10th inst at Oakville, Texas, of cancer.

Mr. Hubermeyer, of Kansas, was looking over the country this week.

Miss Sadie Grace Costa, of Roswell visited with friends in Carlsbad Sunday.

G. W. Hudeburgh of St Joe, Missouri, was in town this week and may invest hereabouts.

Not all fun, the solos at the minstrels, will be the best ever heard here.

Better hear the new comic songs at the minstrels, everybody will be singing them, you want to know them.

Mr. and Mrs. Jno W. Puckett, of Portales, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Allen C. Heard Wednesday.

Sunday morning at 11 o'clock the ladies of the Home Mission Society of the Methodist church will read several papers and the pastor will make a short address. All invited.

Messrs. R. L. McKnight, secretary of the B. I. Co., H. S. Barstow, a well known alfalfa grower and Thomas H. King, all of Barstow came up the valley in Mr. McKnight's automobile to spend a few days with Mr. and Mrs. James S. Carter and look over the irrigation works of the Carlsbad project.

Those wishing to communicate with Miss Wilson regarding music, terms etc., may do so by addressing her at Carlsbad or calling at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. L. McLendon in La Huerta or leave word at this office, when Miss Wilson will call at any home to make any arrangements for music pupils.

The exhibits of farm produce to compete for the local prizes and also for those offered at the Albuquerque Fair, have commenced to come in. W. W. Galton who has a farm south of town left at the office of the Commercial Club Publicity Bureau Monday sheafs of very fine oats and rye as well as some blue grass which is as fine as that grown in Kentucky. It is the desire of the committee in charge to have the products brought to the office of the Publicity Bureau as soon as possible.

F. B. Cook, a printer dropped into Carlsbad Monday morning and stated that he was in El Paso and worked two days before the killing at the News office. He was asked what he knew about seeing six shooters while working in the office and he stated: There was only one gun in the office and that belonged to the operator who receives the associated press dispatches. I do not believe any harm could be done with it as it was a cheap Smith & Wesson and that you could not hit a person with it ten feet away. I furnished trouble was brewing before I left El Paso.

The preliminary organization of the Carlsbad Milling and Ginning Company was effected Tuesday at meeting held at the Commercial Club. As soon as the papers can be prepared the company will be incorporated with a capital stock of \$10,000. A two-stand eighty saw gin has already been ordered and will be installed in time for the ginning season. The gin will be located near the standpipe and will be operated by electricity, a thirty horse power motor having also been ordered. The stock in the company is all subscribed by home people and it is the intention to be prepared to grind feed and alfalfa as well as gin cotton.

The 1907 annual report of the Cattle Raiser Association of Texas is out and the tables therein present some startling facts, among them the report of the inspection department, which shows that Inspector Toner caught sixty-three head of association cattle, that had been cut in for shipment, besides, about seventy-five head inspected and turned loose on the range, before being cut for shipment. This is by far the greatest number of cattle caught by this division of the association in any year and will probably stand as the greatest record for one year for all time to come and speaks well for the ability of the inspector, who resigned on account of a more agreeable position, not having any "boss" at present, while previously about every cow man had more or less instructions to offer.

The Rev. E. McQueen Gray, Foreign Secretary of the National Irrigation Congress, has just received a letter from the Hon. Irving B. Dudley, American Ambassador to Brazil, stating that the Brazilian Government has appointed Senor Neves, the eminent engineer, to represent Brazil at the congress in Albuquerque. During the last few days, other letters have been received from several of the governors of the states of Mexico, stating their intention if their official duties will permit them, to visit the Congress, and the minister from Nicaragua also promises to attend.

Mr. J. C. Keith, candidate for commissioner from the Third District departed Monday, for the northern portion of the county to interview the voters. He says he only expects to be absent long enough to cure the sores on his hands so he can continue his work on the farm.

In spite of this being the dull season, Carlsbad has been full of the nimble homeseeker this week and several sales of considerable size have been reported. From present indications this valley will see the biggest influx of people it has ever known this fall.

Mr. McQueen Gray leaves on Thursday for Amarillo, where he has been invited to deliver the commencement address for the high school of that city, but expects to be in town again in time to take part in the Memorial Day services on Saturday.

The first cutting of alfalfa will be wound up this week and the results are exceptionally good. A great deal of the crop is baled from the stack. Every baler in the valley is busy and a number of the farmers have bought new ones.

Jno. W. Puckett, of Portales, was in town Tuesday to contract for the J. J. and J. C. Draper steers which he purchased at \$15 for yearlings \$18 for two's and \$22 for three's.

Invitations were received in Carlsbad last week to the wedding to occur in Roswell June 4th, of Mr. Bernard Francis Mullane and Miss Sadie Grace Costa, at the home of the brides parents Mr. and Mrs. N. Costa.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Dearborne will depart about Monday or Tuesday for Concord New Hampshire for a three weeks visit at the boyhood home of Mr. Dearborn. This will be Fred's first home visit for several years.

Mr. Womack and Carter More came in from Geary, Oklahoma, last Saturday. Mr. Womack will remain, having purchased property here. He says Mr. Robb will be down shortly.

The cutting of the oat crop in the valley will wind up this week. Every farmer who planted this cereal will make good returns on his investment and they are all feeling good.

Tuesday night at the skating rink, the Womens Club Minstrels, "Fun, fun, going all the time" at the minstrels the minstrels.

Buy two tickets to the minstrels, patronize the biggest ever given by home talent show here.

## L. BRADFORD PRINCE

New Mexico's Most Distinguished Citizen Guest of Commercial Club—Royally Entertained at the "Beautiful"

Friday, May twenty-second, was a gala day in the history of Carlsbad already famed for the beauty of its surroundings and the hospitality of its inhabitants, for on that day the Hon. L. Bradford Prince, former governor of the territory, a man more widely known in the highest circles of learning, literature and art, than any other citizen of the territory, revisited after an absence of sixteen years the capital of Eddy county, and enjoyed once more under altered conditions the hearty and bounteous welcome which Carlsbad is always eager to extend to those whom its citizens delighted to honor.

The governor's visit to Carlsbad formed a charming epilogue to his stay at Roswell, where on the two previous days, he delivered the commencement address before the class of 1908 at the Military Institute and spoke in the Methodist church. On hearing of Governor Prince's intention to visit Roswell, the Carlsbad Commercial Club, at the instance of the Rev. E. McQueen Gray, extended an invitation to continue his journey down the valley and favor the inhabitants of Carlsbad with an address upon a subject which Mr. Prince has made peculiarly his own and in which he is acknowledged to be without a peer—the early history of the territory, with special reference to the Pecos Valley.

Mrs. McQueen Gray, most charming of hostesses, entertained the distinguished guest under her hospitable roof, and the house party on the occasion included former Governor Herbert J. Hagerman, who came on from South Springs Manor on the private car of General Manager Avery Turner, who, with Mrs. Turner and her friend Mrs. Charles Bloodsmith of Topeka, Kansas, was especially invited to partake of the hospitality so gracefully dispensed at Baronald.

The day was filled with a succession of entertainments of the most elegant description. Dejeuner at Baronald was served in the morning room to a select company of guests, including Hon. J. M. Dye, the mayor, Capt. E. P. Bujac, and Hon. I. S. Osborne, who formed the entertainment committee to whom was deputed the pleasing task of conveying the honored guests among the beautiful and interesting sights for which Carlsbad is celebrated, and when the repast was over, the distinguished party entered the allotted conveyances and, charioted by Mr. Francis G. Tracy and Mr. I. S. Osborne, spent the morning hours in visiting the various places of interest, arriving at one o'clock at the charming country home of Mrs. Francis G. Tracy, who was to entertain them at luncheon at the Bungalow in La Huerta.

Shortly after the arrival at the Bungalow, a most recherche luncheon was served to the guests, to whom it seemed doubly refreshing after the long morning's drive. Informally dispersed throughout the charming reception rooms of the artistic home and enjoying the cool atmosphere provided by the broad vine-clad verandah, the guests gracefully participated in the good things placed before them, which, dainty, abundant

and delicious, offered with naive and graceful courtesy by the little daughter of the house, who was the Hebe of the occasion, at once charmed the eye, and upon closer acquaintance, proved even more satisfying to the palate. The luncheon menu was as follows:

Vol-au-vent of chicken, Petits Pois, biscuits, olives, tomato jelly, stuffed cherries en mayonnaise, salted almonds, Pistachio, ice cream, syrup of grape juice, assorted cakes, mint julep, coffee.

The guests at the luncheon were, in addition to the party from Baronald (twelve in number) Mesdames Hoffman and Bujac who assisted Mrs. Tracy in receiving, and Mesdames Dye, Osborne and Bryant.

### The Reception at the Heights

After luncheon, the carriages were once more in request, for Mrs. Percy Pyne Lewis whose splendid mansion on the hill above Carlsbad is a landmark for miles around had invited the whole party to partake of her gracious hospitality. Thither accordingly they drove, and whether it was the invigorating air, the inspiring view from the Heights from hill and dale, or the temptation of the alluring reflection that awaited them, the delicate provision which Mrs. Lewis set before them proved quite irresistible, and one and all declared that the ample, tastefully decorated rooms, filled with choice samples of European art, the broad tables gleaming with silver and loaded with dainty viands, the gracious old-world charm of the cultivated and fascinating hostess, combined to form a picture of sweetness and beauty that would not soon pass away.

In the evening, Mrs. McQueen Gray entertained a large party at dinner. Covers were laid for fourteen in the stately dining room, the guests being Governor Prince and Governor Hagerman, Mesdames Avery Turner, Charles Hoffman, Bloodsmith, and Tracy, Miss Pratt and Messrs. Turner, John R. Joyce, F. G. Tracy and A. N. Pratt. The hostess wore an evening gown of black Chantilly lace over cream silk, with a riviére of garnets and diamonds; Miss Touzel, black Spanish lace paneled over cream silk, pearl necklace; Mrs. Avery Turner, a Directoire gown of cream satin trimmed with Brussels point, headdress of ostrich feathers, pearl and diamond pendant; Mrs. Hoffman, black lace and chiffon of the same color, crimson roses; Mrs. Bloodsmith pale pink satin, richly trimmed with point lace, corsage ornament of pearls and diamonds; Miss Pratt, gown of Manila silk, trimmed with white lace; Mrs. Tracy, grey voile, trimmed with lace and chiffon.

The dining room was exquisite with hundreds of Magna Charta and Dorothy Perkinser roses that gave brilliance to the long table, gleaming with rare old silver and cut glass, the center of the table being occupied by a large plateau of Indian workmanship, bearing five antique silver bowls and goblets, and flanked by silver candleabra. The following is the dinner menu:

Hors d'oeuvre, caviar, olives, soup, mock turtle, fish, channel cat, sauce tartare, roast turkey with giblet sauce, boiled mutton vegetables, lobster salad, trifle, calves' foot jelly, cheese, strawberries and cream, coffee.

After the lecture, an informal reception was held at the

Baronald which was much enjoyed by the guests and the party finally broke up shortly before midnight.

While floods, destructive to both life and property have occurred at Ft Worth, Dallas, Guthrie, Okla., and other points, during the past week, the weather has continued very dry hereabouts, though the plains had a good rain last Saturday.

Don't forget, its Tuesday night.

Mrs. Keebler departed Monday for a ten day visit with her daughter in Kansas City.

Geo. Fredericks, the slack wire wizard at the minstrels Tuesday night.

### Going to Albuquerque.

Arrangements are being made to have at least one car of Carlsbadites go to the Irrigation Congress at Albuquerque this fall. A committee was appointed by the club a few weeks ago to ascertain what arrangements could be made for transportation.

They now report that the Santa Fe will make a rate from Carlsbad of \$10 for the round trip. The Pullman company will furnish tourist sleepers at the rate of twenty-five dollars a day these sleepers contain sixteen sections, accommodating thirty-two people. With a full car this would make each section cost \$1.60 per day and the cars may be used as hotels during the stay in Albuquerque.

The committee has already filled one car but are anxious to have a full train from the valley including Roswell and Artesia so that the cars may be decorated. The committee requests that any one desiring to take advantage of this rate will communicate at once with R. M. Thorne or James S. Carter at the Publicity office of the Commercial Club. The cars will leave Carlsbad on September 28th, and returning leave Albuquerque October 3rd.

Well, well, well, the minstrels Tuesday night.

The 320 acre homestead law failed to pass the house and is therefore dead for this season.

See the little pickaninny cake walk at the minstrels.

Mr. H. C. Booth and Mrs. Clishee were married in Pecos Monday noon between trains. Mr. Booth and wife were old time sweethearts both being wedded, but afterward lost their respective spouses and met in Carlsbad where the old attachment was renewed. Mr. Booth is special agent of the Santa Fe with headquarters at Roswell.

C. H. Bauder, who has bought the Willis Cadwell store and a twenty acre tract at Malaga, was in Carlsbad Tuesday on his way home. Mr. Bauder will close out his business in Iowa and return to Malaga in about a month.

Mr. Tombo and Mr. Bones the end men at the minstrels will tell you some good jokes on your neighbors.

Ab Stevens an old time Pecos river cow boy of the days of 84 was in town this week from Salda, California, visiting his old friends John Cantrell and "Jake" Owen.

John Hewitt came in last Friday from the Draper ranch to bring a gasoline engine for repairs.

Andy Locklear and Paul Ares sold their steers to the number of about 500 head to D. M. Walker, of Salda, California, at \$14 for ones, \$18 for two's and \$22 for three's and up. Mr. Walker is in town waiting for the steers which will be down from the mountains shortly.



