

5-22-1908

## Carlsbad Current and New Mexico Sun, 05-22-1908

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# The Carlsbad Current

## AND NEW MEXICO SUN

SIXTEENTH YEAR

CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY MAY 22, 1908.

NUMBER 27

### HAWKINS IS BOUND OVER TO GRAND JURY; NO BOND

Three Witnesses Testify Regarding the Shooting, But Neither of Them Seems to Have Seen It—The Dead Man, Charles Barber, Was Shot Six Times—The Tragedy Occurred at Van Horn, Texas.

W. P. Hawkins, who is being held on the charge of killing Charles Barber in the B. P. & H. store at Van Horn Wednesday morning, was bound over to the grand jury without bail at the preliminary hearing held this morning in the thirty-first district court room before Justice Marshall.

The defendant waived statement and the state only introduced three witnesses—Dr. McGhee who made the examination of the body after the shooting; A. K. Plott and Chas. M. Hawkins, who works in the store where the shooting occurred. The defense did not cross-examine any of the witnesses for the state or offer any defense.

At 10 o'clock the defendant was brought in by Deputy Constable Rynerson, but the trial did not commence until 11 o'clock on account of a conference between the counsel for the state Maury Kemp, the county attorney, and judge Edwards and Victor Moore, who are assisting the state. Hawkins, who is a tall slender man with a red mustache, light hair and rather sharp features, did not seem very much disturbed during the trial, except that his eyes roved constantly and his face was flushed. He was dressed in a black suit with a low turned down collar and black tie.

The first witness called was A. K. Plott, of the B. P. & H. Mercantile company who owns the store where the shooting took place. His ideas about the affair seemed to be rather hazy and Judge Edwards, who conducted the examination of the first two witnesses, had hard work to make him admit that the killing took place this week.

Plott, who was in a side room when the shooting took place, said that he heard the shooting but did not pay very much attention to it at first, but as it continued he came out and asked Chas. Hawkins what was the matter. Hawkins replied that W. P. Hawkins had shot Chas. Barber, and W. P. Hawkins said:

"Yes, I shot Barber. He has been following me around to kill me. I turn myself over to you; go and get your gun, but don't let on as though you have seen all."

Hawkins then walked past Barber, who was on the floor, and out of the west door. As he passed Barber he said: "He's afire." Charles Hawkins went for the doctor and Plott, after putting out the fire in the clothing of Barber, went out in the blacksmith shop to tell the men out there and afterwards for D. C. Wofford, the justice of the peace, and then returned to the store.

The next witness called was Charles M. Hawkins, who clerked in the store. He said that

about 10 o'clock of the morning of the killing he was in the rear of the store talking with the defendant when Barber came in. The clerk went forward and asked him what he could do for him. Barber inquired for someone and he was told that he had not seen him. Charles Hawkins then walked back to the desk in the rear, also stopping to look in the store room for a moment to see if there were any long handle shovels there. After he got back to the desk he heard W. P. Hawkins say: "Charlie I heard," and something else that he could not catch. Then the shooting commenced. About two shots had been fired before he could get up from behind the desk to see what was the matter. Barber whirled around, whether or not to shield himself the witness could not say, and

gasps after he came in but he could not feel any pulse. The doctor stayed only a few minutes. He said that Barber did not have any coat or vest on and that the shirt buttoned up. He did not know whether Barber had a gun or not.

At the examination of the body which the doctor made later, he discovered six wounds, one in the left breast, where the bullet entered, ranging upward to the back of the shoulder; one where a ball entered on the outside of the right arm near the wrist, coming out on the inside of the arm at the elbow and entering the side; one in the right of the center of the small of the back, which passed through the body and was just under the skin on the right side of the stomach; one in the back which came out about two inches below the sternum; one which was near the border of the right shoulder blade and passed up into the neck; one through the head above the right ear, which came out a little in front of the left ear, the bullet ranging upward. The wound in the head was powderburned as were two of the other wounds and the shirt also.

### ON THE DIAMOND



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fell on his left side. After Barber was on the floor, Hawkins fired another shot. Just how many shots were fired the witness could not say from his recollection of the affair. He said that he did not see Barber make any motion to get a gun.

After the shooting W. P. Hawkins came back to the desk and did not seem to very much excited. He said to Charles Hawkins: "Barber has been following me around to kill me, he killed one man but he did not get me."

Charles Hawkins says he then said: "I must get a doctor," and W. P. Hawkins said: "Yes, get a doctor."

The witness said "get the doctor."

The witness said that the defendant reloaded his gun after he came back to the desk. He said that he did not know if Barber had a gun or not as he did not see one on him.

Dr. McGhee, who was the last witness called, said he was summoned to the scene of the shooting about 9 a. m. The man who was shot gave two or three

After the witness had concluded, the state said it did not care to introduce any more witnesses and as the defense did not offer any, the prisoner was bound over to the grand jury without bail.—Saturday, El Paso Herald.

#### Notice.

Notice is hereby given that sealed bids will be received by the undersigned Board of Directors of school district No. 11, Malaga, New Mexico, from any contractor or firm of contractors, for the erection of an addition to the present school building in said district the same to be built of cement blocks or native stone according to plans and specifications now on file and may be seen in the office of the county superintendent of schools at Carlsbad or the clerk of the school board at Malaga, New Mexico.

All bids must be in the hands of said clerk on or before the 6th day of June 1908; such bids must be from reliable sources, and any and all bids shall be subject to rejection by said board.

Board of Directors District No. 11 by C. W. BREMAN, Clerk. 25-5

#### Do You Love

your baby? You wonder why he cries buy a bottle of White's Cream Vermifuge and he will never cry. Most babies have worms, and the mother don't know it. White's Cream Vermifuge rids the child of worms and cleans out its system in a pleasant way. Every mother should keep a bottle of this medicine in the house. With it, fear need never enter her mind. Price 25c. Sold by Eddy Drug Co.

#### Music in Carlsbad.

Miss Emerine Wilson, who was for several years a student in Oxford College, Oxford, Ohio, and who graduated from the conservatory of that institution in 1902, has decided to accept a few pupils in music in Carlsbad. Miss Wilson comes especially well recommended from several musical institutions, where she has held positions. Among them the following are quoted:

Oxford, Ohio, May 1st., 1905.

To whom it may concern:

Miss Emerine Wilson has been a student of mine in Miami University for three years, and it affords me a very great deal of pleasure to offer this word of commendation for her. She is a fine musician, an accomplished lady, and with her energy and enthusiasm, coupled with her splendid womanly character, I feel she will be a success. I commend her to all to whom she may apply.

Respectfully,

(Signed) GUY POTTER BENTON, Prof. of Miami University.

Oxford, Ohio, April 28th., 1905.

To whom it may concern:

Miss Emerine Wilson was for several years a student in Oxford College and graduated from the conservatory of that college in 1902. She has musical ability, and besides accomplishing the amount piano practice that was required, she stood well in the studies of Theory, History of Art etc.

She has courage and perseverance and is a natural leader among her associates. She is courteous and pleasing in her manner and I know of nothing which should interfere with her ambition to make a place for herself in the musical world.

(Signed) FANNIE RUTH ROBERTSON, President.

Oxford, Ohio, May 1st., 1905.

To whom it may concern:

This will certify that Miss Emerine Wilson has been a member of my classes in the College of Liberal Arts of Miami University. I cheerfully recommend Miss Wilson as a young lady of worthy purpose and noble Christian character.

Respectfully,

(Signed) FRANCIS GIBSON RICHARD.

Oxford, Ohio, April 27th., 1905.

This is to certify that I regard Miss Emerine Wilson thoroughly competent to teach and supervise the music in any public school, college, or to take charge of piano and harmony in any school or college. In the line of music, theory, harmony and composition Miss Wilson is extra-ordinarily strong and well equipped to teach.

(Signed) S. C. MYERS,

Director of Music, Miami University, and the Ohio State Normal College.

April 18th 1905.

Miss Emerine Wilson studied musical theories including Harmony, analysis and history for four years under my instruction at Oxford College, and I found her a conscientious, intelligent and interested student.

Her piano work showed careful and thorough preparation and she stood at the head of her class in theory.

Miss Wilson's conduct was always most exemplary, and her general disposition won both fellow students and teachers for her friends. I take pleasure in commending her excellent qualities to the consideration of any one desiring a teacher of music.

(Signed) A. C. VERGEMONT,

Director of Music Nicholasville, Ky.

It gives me the greatest possible pleasure to commend Miss Emerine Aver Wilson. As a teacher she has added to the most excellent educational equipment the ability of a splendid teacher and her faculty of interest her pupils in their work to a degree that I have never found in another person. Her work here has been perfectly satisfactory, and the position is open to her indefinitely.

The patrons have expressed themselves as more than gratified.

Miss Wilson has a charming personality and makes friends readily. She will be an acquisition to any school with which she may be connected. I know of few persons so well equipped and so capable. She is a most conscientious and painstaking teacher.

My appreciation of this young woman's native ability and efforts in behalf of her class and the school make it an insignificant return for me to add that to any person wishing further information it will be a pleasure to give it.

(Signed) MISS CATHERINE CRAWFORD, Pres. Chickasaw College, Poototoc, Miss. January 22, 1906.

#### Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the old Lookout school building and the one acre lot on which said building stands will be sold at 2 o'clock on the 6th day of June, 1908, at the front door of the Malaga Public school building by the

OUR New sanitary soda fountain is doing the business. It pleases everybody, give it a chance to please.

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will be there when you  
want clothes  
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JACOB J. SMITH.

Board of Directors of school district No. 11, said property to be sold at public auction to highest responsible bidder for cash in hand. Building and lot will be sold separately.

By order of Board of Directors District No. 11 C. W. BREMAN, Clerk. 25-5

Quick Meal Gasoline Stoves

A child or an untrained hired girl can use it safely. Fuel only costs 4 or 6 cents a day. No kindling, ashes, soot dirt or HEAT. Cheaper than wood at \$3.00 a cord. We sell them.

TRACY-ROBERTS HDW. CO.



## The Carlsbad Current and New Mexico Sun.

Carlsbad, N. M., Friday May 22, 1908

Carlsbad Current established November 15, 1907. New Mexico Sun established May 12, 1905. The two papers consolidated October 11, 1907.

Carlsbad Printing Co., Publishers  
Wm. H. Mullane, Pres.

SUBSCRIPTION \$1.50 per annum

The Official Paper of Eddy County.

Published every Friday and entered as second class matter at the Carlsbad, N. M. post office.

Owing to the fact that some people who are unacquainted with Uncle Joe Graham, the popular candidate for commissioner from the Plains, have seen fit to criticize his ability and strength of character by reporting that he would be under certain "influences" if elected, the following from a well known Texas ex-district judge may be of interest:

I have known Joe H. Graham, formerly of Young county Texas, for twenty-four years. While he lived in Young county I knew him very intimately, and since his removal from the county I have been with him several times. I can say for Mr. Graham that in my opinion no more independent, upright man ever lived. No man, whether standing close to Mr. Graham or not could influence him at all by any other consideration than what would convince his judgment.

Mr. Graham is essentially honest and absolutely independent, and no man or set of men could influence him to do what he believed was wrong.

You have my full permission to make whatever use of this letter you desire.

Very truly yours,

LEO MILLER

Mr. Miller was formerly judge of the district court in the southwestern counties of Texas.

Hundreds of such letters can be produced from Texas to show that Mr. Graham has a mind of his own and would not be influenced by any living person, but do as any honest man, that which he thought best at all times regardless of outside influence.

The Carlsbad Commercial Club and the Farmers Institute are bending every effort to have the Carlsbad exhibit the banner one at the Albuquerque Fair this fall. Strong committees from both the club and the institute are hard at work on the details. It is the intention of the committees to have local prizes offered for all kinds of fruit, vegetables, melons, grains, cotton and also a large cash prize for the best exhibit of diversified farm produce. The produce will be brought to town, whenever it is ready, where it will be passed upon by competent judges and the prize winning articles will be taken to Albuquerque where they will compete for the very liberal prizes and trophies offered by the fair association.

It is expected that the list of local prizes and the conditions will be published in the local newspapers next week and a list sent to each farmer individually.

The list of trophies and prizes offered by the Albuquerque Fair association can be seen at the office of the Carlsbad Commercial Club Publicity Bureau. The committees in charge requests that the farmers all over the valley communicate with them or the publicity bureau of the Commercial Club for full particulars. If every farmer in the valley will take an interest and enter the competition for at least one product, he will not only stand the chance of winning some very valuable prizes but will assist in making the Carlsbad exhibit at Albuquerque, the most talked about thing at the fair.

Discussion of the bridge bonds by J. D. Whelan of the Roswell Democrat is not only sensible, but conservative and on the lines always held by this paper. That the onus of the condemnation for Artesia not having a bridge should rest on Messrs. Heard and Weaver of the board of commissioners was always held to be unjust.

## The Artesia Bridge.

"The only republican paper in the Pecos Valley," the Pecos Valley News (Max Frost please N. B.) contains the following account of the action taken by the Artesia Commercial Club in regard to the Pecos river bridge at a recent meeting of the club.

"The bridge proposition came up and Mr. Brainard being the only member of the committee present offered a report. The attorneys of the town are willing to take \$200 and fight the case, and it was understood that there would be no trouble in securing a verdict in favor of Heard, declaring the bonds legal. Mr. Brainard expresses himself as not being in favor of this step on account of the extra expense and pointed out that it would leave us in the same fix we are in now in case the bonds was declared legal. Judge Atkeson also thought that we would be no better off after the suit than we are. The committee was continued and a meeting of the club will be called later at which they can report more fully."

As the editor of Democrat was identified with the bridge movement, believes that Artesia ought to have the bridge, as he has still some interests in the town and as the Democrat has considerable circulation in their town we believe that no Artesian will take it amiss if we offer a suggestion or two in regard to the matter.

It seemed to us that if the expenditure of \$200 will further the bridge it will be money well spent. The facts seem briefly as follows:

After the bonds were voted they were sold to brokers who deposited a check to bind the bargain. When the panic came, the bond buyers claimed that they had discovered a flaw in the election at which the bonds were voted which they said would invalidate them and they convinced the county board their objection was good. The board allowed them to withdraw the forfeit. Then the people of Artesia got up a petition for another election. At this juncture a number of people at Carlsbad presented a remonstrance on the ground that the first election was valid, as it almost undoubtedly was; that the first election being legal a second election would be illegal. This point was also undoubtedly correct. At this juncture it was proposed to bring action against the board to compel them to call an election on the second petition. As the board would have to defend on the ground that the first election was legal, the question of the validity of the bonds would be judicially determined. If the court held that they were illegal it would be necessary to call another election and Artesia would get her bridge, at least she would likely get it, as certain elements outside of Carlsbad that opposed the bonds the first time had pledged themselves to vote for them if again submitted.

Now with all due respect to Judge Atkeson and Mr. Brainard we cannot see how a judicial determination of the question would leave the town of Artesia "in the same fix" it is now in.

Suppose the first election were legal, as we believe it to have been, the judicial determination of that fact would undoubtedly facilitate the sale of the bonds. As it is, it leaves the purchase of the bonds largely in the hands of the original bidders. If the county board should try to sell the bonds to other brokers, and

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the original purchasers wanted them at a greatly reduced price, they could easily let the fact leak out that they had once bought them, and on examination had decided that the election providing for their issuance was illegal. In all human probability this would hurt their sale and might defer it for a long time or until the original buyers saw fit to purchase. We do not believe that either of the gentlemen quoted above, on consideration, will deny the force of this reasoning. On the other hand if the question is judicially determined in favor of the validity of the bonds then it will be impossible for the original purchasers to corner them and the decision of the court will be a complete answer to any attempt on their part to hurt their sale. We do not believe that on consideration the above named gentlemen will deny the reasonableness of this proposition.

There is a rumor prevalent in the lower valley to the effect that the men who first bought the bonds are trying to negotiate for their purchase a second time. If so, they can be depended on to use the fact that the board conceded their illegality, to prevent others from buying.

But, suppose the bonds should prove illegal after all, (we do not believe they are, remember, but suppose they are) isn't it quite certain that the attorneys for other prospective bond buyers will find the flaws in them? Certainly. In that event, they cannot be sold. Then if they cannot be sold on account of a real defect, of course there will be no bridge money and no bridge until another election is held. Patent, isn't it? In that event the proper course would be to

settle the matter judicially at once and have another election called right away on the second petition by order of the court. Good reasoning isn't it? If not, why not?

We think it perfectly clear that whatever decision the court might render must change the status of things in favor of Artesia and that the assertion that it would leave the town in the "same fix" is necessarily untrue. The editor of the Democrat feels strongly in this matter. Months have passed since the election was held; months have passed since Artesia decided to bring proceedings to test the validity of the bonds. We are not discussing the attorney fee proposition, that is something to be settled between the lawyers and the club. But Artesia needs the bridge, she won it fairly after a long fight and she ought not to abandon it now.

The editor in the aforesaid O. R. F. in the P. V. (remember Max) tries to make capital out of this situation in favor of the republican candidate for reelection as county commissioner, and also in favor of the fake Citizens movement he is trying to organize. He says:

"Dexter, Hagerman and Lake Arthur, all in Chaves county, each have a bridge across the Pecos. Why is it that Artesia equal in population to all three of them has no bridge? Ask the democrats in charge of Eddy county affairs."

Why not ask Turknett?

The present editor of the Democrat severely criticized the Eddy county board while he was owner of Artesia Advocate and is not at all penitent, but common honesty would have im-

pelled the only republican editor whose assertions we are discussing to admit that after the bonds were sold, 'Dick' Turknett voted with the democrats to declare the election illegal. He will admit or at least he cannot deny, that the board did not get any legal advice on the question from democratic sources, which is the only mean thing we can say of them in that connection. If Turknett knew that the bonds were legal, why didn't he so inform the board? Of course he didn't know, for he is an honest man and he thought he did right in helping let the bond buyers take down their check. But although saved by the plea of good intentions yet it stands on record, that he is just as responsible as either Heard or Weaver for the fact that Artesia has no bridge.

It should be remembered that the above criticism of the Democracy came from the gentleman who a few weeks ago said that while the citizen's ticket was beaten as a whole in the town of Artesia yet it would win in the precinct; when as a matter of fact the school district which occupies about the same territory as the precinct had given a majority of three to one for the democratic ticket.

If the democrats of Artesia want a north end commissioner let them elect some good democrat who is just as honest as Mr. Turknett who is more familiar with that sort of business than either he or the other members of the board, and who will not yield to the bluff of the bond buyers or anybody else without making a thorough investigation before acting.—Roswell Democrat.



# BITTER-SWEET FOR EGYPT

RAISING OF ASSOUAN DAM EXTENDS FERTILE FIELDS BUT RUINS ANCIENT TEMPLES.



THE TEMPLE AT DAKKH WHICH WILL COLLAPSE UNLESS UNDERPINNED. A NEW VIEW OF PHILAE NOW NEARLY SUBMERGED.

In reaching for the prize of fertile fields, which mean present prosperity, Egypt bids fair to wreck, if not completely lose the priceless archaeological treasures which have been her peculiar possession through the centuries, for the raising of the great Assouan dam has increased the height of the overflow waters until many of the ancient temples are completely submerged, while others are partly so. This annual encroachment of the mighty waters of the Nile upon the sacred places of Egypt is undermining the vast piles of stone and absolute ruin is inevitable. Thus must Egypt take the bitter with the sweet. Thus for her fruitful fields she must pay the price of her ancient monuments.

The Assouan dam, 850 miles above Cairo, was only completed a short time ago, and now the height of the structure has been raised so that the waters of the Nile spread out over a larger area of country. This dam is of solid masonry and is penetrated by 180 gates intended for regulating the flow of water. Constructed from granite blocks brought from the old quarries at Assouan, it runs directly across the river for a distance of 2,150 yards. Rising 129 feet above the foundation, the thickness of the dam varies from 23 feet at the top to 98 feet at the bottom. The additional masonry on the dam has raised it nine feet so that the stored water may reach a height of 23 feet above its old level. The 180 sluice gates include 149 lower sluices 23 times 6½ feet for the distribution of water and 40 upper sluices 6½ times 11 feet to permit the escape of surplus water. The iron gates of the sluices are regulated by the help of electrical winches standing on top of the dam. The total length of the immense dam is 14 miles; the height from foundation about 129 feet; the difference of level water above and below 67 feet and the total weight of masonry over 1,000,000 tons.

To the west of the dam has been constructed a navigation canal by means of which boats are "locked" up and down stream. The same length as the big dam, it is provided with four locks each 230 feet long and three feet wide. The two upper gates of the locks are 63 feet high, and the others 49, 39 and 36 feet high.

When the Nile begins to rise, usually at the beginning of July, all the 180 sluices are opened. After December 1, when all the suspended mud has passed through and the water has become comparatively clear, the gates are gradually closed, one after the other in regular order. The lake upon the dam becomes quite full about February 1.

When the want of water in Egypt begins to be quite noticeable, which is about the end of April, the quantity required for cultivation is drawn off gradually from the reservoir until it is entirely empty. This occurs usually about the middle of July.

The original plan for the Assouan dam was worked out by Sir William Willcocks at the Egyptian ministry of public works, under the superintendence of Sir William Garstin, under secretary of state. The carrying out of the plans was entrusted to a firm of English contractors, Messrs. John Aird & Co. Two months after the signing of the contract the permanent works

were commenced, and soon thousands of native laborers and hundreds of Italian granite masons were hard at work laying the foundations and preparing the bed of the river to receive its enormous weight of masonry. In February, 1899, the cornerstone of the dam was laid by the duke of Connaught. Immediately after, the work was fairly started. At times there was great pressure to get a section complete before the inevitable rise of the Nile, and as much as 3,600 tons of masonry were executed per day.

On December 10, 1902, the dam was formally declared complete, though so many were the unseen and unexpected difficulties encountered that at one time Sir Benjamin Baker, under whose advice the plans were accepted, stated to Lord Cromer that he could form no estimate of the actual cost or time that might be involved. All that he said when the "rotten rock" in the bed of the river was discovered was that, "though conditions were bad, the job could be done." To which Lord Cromer replied that, whatever the cost in time or money, the dam must be finished.

This shows the spirit in which this gigantic enterprise was conceived and accomplished. On December 10, 1902, after three years of prodigious labor, the dam was formally declared complete in the presence of the duke and duchess of Connaught and Lord Cromer.

The quantity of water now stored is more than 2½ times that contained by the reservoir, and affords sufficient irrigation for 950,000 acres of land formerly lying waste in the southern districts of Egypt. The cost of this extension is estimated at £1,500,000 English money, or \$7,500,000 American coin.

One unfortunate feature about this vast dam at Assouan is that the temples of Philae and many others in lower Nubia will be completely covered by the dammed up water, thus causing undue saturation of the sandy soil, which will probably undermine the foundations of the temples and ultimately cause their destruction if not removed. However, the idea of placing them on other sites has already been under serious consideration.

## France Maintaining Her Sea Power.

France proposes to maintain her sea power. The new French Dreadnaughts which are building are to have armaments which, it is said, will place these vessels in a class superior to that of their British namesakes. A Paris paper states that the new battleships, six in number, are to be armed with the heaviest types of naval artillery used in France, each ship carrying 16 guns. Great improvement in the rapidity of fire has been made, and a competition among French naval armors for improved devices for the rapid and efficient handling of heavy artillery on board ship has resulted in an automatic mechanism that will keep the guns trained on any fixed object as at first laid, in spite of the roll of the ship. It is calculated that the new battleships will be able to fire 11½ tons of shot a minute.

Several powerful armored cruisers will also soon be added to France's navy. Thus, while army reduction is favored, the sea power of the nation is to be strengthened.

# THE ELECTRICAL WORLD

## WIRELESS TELEGRAPH DETECTOR.

Simple Apparatus Which Can Be Rigged Up by the Amateur.

One of the requisites of a good wireless telegraph detector of the crystal type, is that it be so constructed as to permit easy removal and substitution of different metals for the electrodes, as different metals sometimes produce different results.

The necessary parts of a simple yet very efficient wireless detector are as follows: A base, of the dimensions shown in Fig. 1; three inches of one-half-inch round brass rod; four inches of three-sixteenth-inch round brass rod; some brass tubing, three-sixteenths-inch inside diameter, two

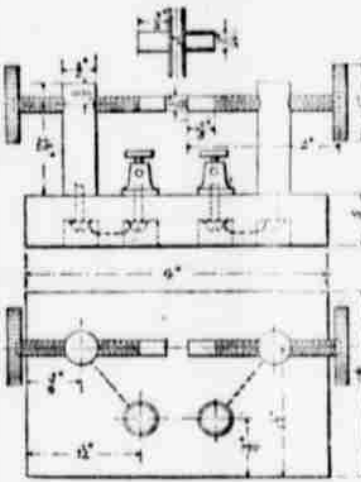
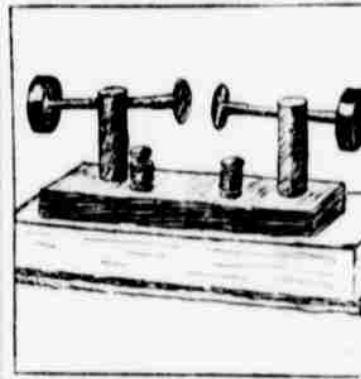


Fig. 1.—Details of Construction of Wireless Telegraph Detector.

thumb nuts of brass or hard rubber, and two binding posts.

The three-sixteenth-inch rod is cut into two equal parts, and both pieces threaded to within three-eighths inch of one end. The other rod is also cut into two equal parts, making a pair of standards. At one-quarter inch from the top of each of the standards a hole is drilled and tapped to receive the smaller rods. The other end of each standard must also be drilled and



Wireless Telegraph Detector Complete.

tapped to receive a machine screw, by which it is fastened to the base. The positions of the standards on the base are indicated on the drawing. The smaller or pressure rods are screwed in the holes of the standards, with the untapped ends facing each other, and the thumb nuts, having previously been tapped to fit the rods, are screwed on them.

The binding posts, must now be mounted on the base, and connected to the standards by wires run underneath the base.

To make the removable electrodes, the brass tubing is cut in three-eighth-inch lengths, says the Scientific American. One-inch disks of one-sixteenth-inch brass, copper and other metals are cut out, and at the exact center of each is soldered one of the brass

## A LITTLE ECONOMY.

How to Use Old Batteries as Wet Batteries.

Cut out the bottom of the dry battery and clean thoroughly. Punch three or four holes with a nail or pointed instrument near the top of the cell. These holes will allow the air to escape when the battery is set in the solution, explains Popular Mechanics. Make a five-ounce solution of sal ammoniac and place it in a jar which should be a trifle larger than the dry battery. Set the battery prepared as above in this solution and you will have a good battery.

All Necessities Supplied. As you grow ready for it, somewhere or other you will find what is needful for you in a book—George MacDonald.

tubes, with its length perpendicular to the disk. When it is desired to use them, the tubes are slipped over the ends of the rods, a crystal placed between them, and the rods screwed up so as to hold the crystal in place. Car-

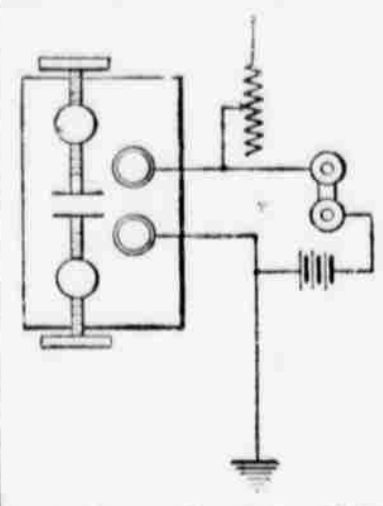


Fig. 2.—Electrical Connections of Wireless Telegraph Detector.

borundum and silicon are the most common crystals, although there are many others that produce excellent results.

## PLANTS BY ELECTRICITY.

Current Utilized to Stimulate Development of Vegetation.

The new system which has been introduced by Mr. H. H. Thwait, a famous electrical engineer, undertakes to supply all the necessities of the living plant. From a single gas engine, connected with an electrical apparatus, it is possible to obtain artificial light, carbonic acid gas, heat and energizing current to stimulate the growth of both the upper and lower portions of the plant.

It is a simple point, but in these experiments it has been found to be a very important one, to have the electric arc continuously on the move. This is arranged by affixing the lamp to a small motor which runs up and down the house on rails. A moment's thought will show the purpose of this device. Owing to the apparent movements of the sun, the rays from the solar orb are never stationary for a single minute on any part of vegetation. Another special feature is the placing of a water screen so that the electric rays passing through this medium are robbed of most of their heat. Very much the same process goes on in the case of the sun and our world. The rays of light as they reach us have been toned down from much of their fierceness because they have passed through that which is practically a water screen, composed of count less myriads of moisture particles which go to make up our atmosphere.

If there is one direction more than another in which the use of electric light might be advantageously taken up by the gardeners, in the opinion of S. Leonard Bastin, who writes in the World Today it is in the growing of green-stuffs for salads, etc. The great secret in the production of this particular class of material is to encourage a speedy development, not only that the stuff may be out of the way quickly, but because it is more sweet and tender. Such plants as mustard and cross lettuce and other salads, respond in a magical way to electric rays. The crops are ready in about half the usual period, and an immense saving of time is the result with the further advantage that the produce commands a high price because it is good.

## Electric Cars in Tientsin.

While the Belgian electric street railway lines in Tientsin, China, do not as yet pay much, the Chinese are riding on the cars in ever-increasing numbers, and in a few years the company expects to make handsome profits. There is evidently an end of all superstitious opposition.

## HINT FOR ELECTRICIAN.

To "Fish" Electric Wires Through Walls with Ease.

Electricians often experience difficulty in "fishing" wires through drilled holes, and especially if there is an intervening space; a hollow wall for instance. This trouble may be overcome, says Popular Mechanics, by first inserting a piece of tubing or pipe—long enough to reach through both holes. The wire then may be pushed through this tube and the latter withdrawn. A tube or pipe having a five-sixteenth-inch hole and two feet long will do for general work. For bell wires a smaller one may be used. This little device will prove a time-saver for the electrician.

German children convicted of serious offenses numbered in 1905, 48,003, in 1906, 51,232, and in 1907, 65,216.

# SPORTING FACTS AND FANCIES

Frank Chance of the Chicago Cubs team will not have a man on his squad who does not obey training rules or who is not gentlemanly in his line of action at home or on the road. Twelve o'clock at night is the limit for old and young players and many of them take to bed earlier. "Perhaps the carrying of such high-class utility men as Hofman, Howard, Zimmerman and Durbin don't keep the Chicago National holders on their toes all the way," remarked a baseball fan. "I doubt if Chance will let one of them go, at least until the Cubs have been three-time winners. Should he win three times in a row he may be interested in a four-time record and still cling to his new developments." Before the National league was organized in 1876 Boston won what was known as the National championship four times in a row in 1872, 1873, 1874 and 1875. Since the National league was formed no club, no matter how clever or how fast, was able to last for more than three years in a row as champions of the organization. Chicago won the title in 1890, 1891 and 1892. Again in 1895 and 1896 the Chicago club won twice in a row. Boston came to the front with a three-time winner in the years 1891, 1892 and 1893. Then came Baltimore for its famous run of three in 1894, 1895 and 1896. Boston won twice in a row in the next two years and faltered. Brooklyn won twice and quit. Fred Clarke's famous Pittsburg team took up the running with a three-time winner, starting in 1901 and running through 1902 and 1903. New York crowded them out in 1904 and won again in 1905, followed by the machine Frank Chance created, with which he won twice, in 1906 and 1907, the last year taking a world's championship.

William Ralph Tozer of the Cincinnati club of the National league was born in St. Louis 26 years ago and learned to play ball on the lot. His first professional engagement was with the Salt Lake club of the Utah league in 1902. He remained with that team throughout its stormy Pacific National league career. In the fall of 1904 he joined the Los Angeles



team of the Pacific Coast league and made good. He was re-engaged for 1905 and proved to be one of the best pitchers in that powerful Class A league. That fall he was drafted by the New York American league club and in the spring of 1906 was turned over to the Buffalo club of the Eastern league, with which he remained until the fall of 1907 when he was purchased by the Cincinnati National league club. In the practice this spring he showed up so well that he has been retained as a member of the regular Cincinnati pitching corps.

"I do not believe in saving money by taking a short handed ball club around the circuit," says Joe Cantillon. "Very often you want to make quick changes to save a close game. For one thing, I am a great believer in emergency hitters. We have some pretty good material in that line, and they bring in many a run. Again, sometimes when one run will tell the tale it is not a bad idea to take out a slow runner and substitute one who can turn a trick like the squeeze play, or stand more chance of stealing from first to second, where a hit would bring him home. For instance, Bert Keeley is one of the fastest men we have, and, although he is not due to pitch in the coming series, there is no telling when he might be useful in a pinch."

Columbus Gets Pitcher Harris. Joe Harris, the Boston American pitcher, has been released to the Columbus American association team.



Detroit makes 6,000,000 pills a year, all guaranteed to cure. Why die?

The world is not near so old as some of the people who go growling and grumbling over it.

A New Jersey man, aged 81, had his wife, aged 55, arrested for spanking him. Another mollycoddle!

A California man fasted for 45 days and then ate clam broth. One might naturally think that he would have taken food.

A straw hat was seen on the streets of Philadelphia the other day. Is it possible that they think there that it is still hot summer?

Two rats have been declared legally dead in Philadelphia. And yet the supply of gossip in that city is probably not appreciably diminished.

Though you may be surprised to hear it, nowhere has it been decreed by city, state or nation that our womenfolk must wear those big, impossible hats.

The latest definition of love is "protoplasmic hunger." After marriage it is supplanted by a craving for a more substantial diet than the protoplasmic bill of fare seems to offer.

That Scotchman who invented a gun that will shoot a projectile from London that will land in Paris may suddenly take it into his head to invent bagpipes that can be heard the same distance.

According to reports, President Elliot of Harvard wants to limit the college football teams to two games a season. If such ideas are carried out this cause of higher education will meet a disaster.

The husky athlete who shows up at the dock with a crowd of admiring friends and a camera man with disc over, on a little inquiry, that the small boy with the fish pole has beaten him into the water.

"Saloons have swung doors which yield to a very gentle push. Why not schoolhouses?" is the pertinent question asked by a correspondent of the New York Times. It ought to be as easy to get out of a schoolhouse as into a saloon.

A Cleveland has invented an air ship which he says will stay up for months. We don't wish to be critical, but it does seem as if the most enthusiastic aeronaut would want to come down to earth at least once in two or three weeks.

A New York physician is said to have removed a human heart from the body and replaced it with a pump without any harm resulting to the patient. That's nothing; there are plenty of pills who can give their hearts to three or four men at one time.

The New York teachers who prefer to decline the offer of a free trip to Europe to study the school systems there, with salaries paid in full while they are away, because they are too high and mighty to travel second class, should cheerfully be allowed to stay at home.

After getting married and married a few times some rich folks actually get tired of the sport, says the Washington Post. This may be so, but remarks the Baltimore American, it is impossible to see that recent examples give any grounds for such a conclusion.

If the Chicago woman who drank to intoxication in order to give her husband an object lesson had first consumed some one with common sense, she would have learned without the humiliating experience that morality does not thrive on that kind of teaching, and perhaps have saved herself from a divorce scandal.

Penny-in-the-slot machines for selling gas are so popular in London that there is almost a famine in copper coins in that city. The British mint is coming out a day in an attempt to supply the demand. In 1907 1,326 tons of pennies were taken from the automatic gas meters. As the meters are opened only once in three months, it can be seen that the amount of coin taken out of circulation by them is considerable.

Automobiles have not given all the horses to the bone-yard. There are nearly 20,000,000 horses in this country, and their estimated value is at least \$2,000,000,000. In the decade during which the motor car has been developed the number of horses has increased by 4,000,000, and the average value of a horse has risen. The case is a little like the experience of traction development in large cities. When new tunnels and subways are opened, the old lines seem to be just as much crowded as ever.

## CONDENSATION OF FRESH NEWS

THE LATEST IMPORTANT DISPATCHES PUT INTO SHORT, CRISP PARAGRAPHS.

### STORY OF THE WEEK

SHOWING THE PROGRESS OF EVENTS IN OUR OWN AND FOREIGN LANDS.

#### WESTERN NEWS.

The Wyoming Democratic convention met in its delegates to vote for Bryan.

Detroit will be the place of meeting for the next annual convention of the National Real Estate exchange, Denver tried for it but couldn't get it.

At San Francisco Thursday Joe Gang, the heavyweight champion, added another victory to his long string by defeating Rudolph Uhlitz, the rugged beer from South Africa, in the eleventh round.

The United States transport Thompson arrived at San Francisco on the 12th inst. from the Philippines with the officers and 540 men of the Philippine infantry, besides 102 civilians and twenty-eight prisoners.

The \$5,000 silver service to be presented by the state of Montana to the railway Montana has been received by the state and will be presented to the railway when the Atlantic fleet returns to Hampton Roads.

Five persons are known to have been killed, two fatally injured and many others badly hurt by a tornado in Cass and Sarpy counties, Nebraska, on the 12th inst. A great amount of damage was done to property.

At the bond elections in San Francisco all of the bond propositions, carrying a total of \$18,000,000, have secured the necessary two-thirds vote and are carried. The money is to be used for civic improvements.

In the Social convention at Chicago an open letter addressed to President Roosevelt, severely scolding him for his alleged disparaging remarks about Socialists in his last message to Congress, was voted down.

E. J. Perrine, express messenger on the Great Northern train between Seattle and Vancouver, British Columbia, was beaten over the head with a revolver and tied hand and foot by two men who looted the strong box of a sum estimated at from \$1,000 to \$1,500 and escaped.

To call the attention of the government to what they believe is a deliberate attempt to rob them of Indians, a deputation of Indian chiefs, representing the ex-chiefs of British Columbia coast Indians, will leave Vancouver for Ottawa on May 26th, to interview Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

The Denver & Rio Grande railroad, acting for the Western Pacific, has sold \$1,000,000 of two-year, six per cent. bonds, with the privilege of extending them for three years from 1910. The proceeds of the sale of these bonds will be used in completion of the construction of the Western Pacific.

Felix Grundy Stodger, exposé of the Golden Circle, dropped dead at Chicago a few days ago. Stodger was a secret service man during the two last years of the Civil War. He worked his way into the order of Southerners in the northern states known as the Knights of the Golden Circle and became one of its chief officers.

Winning gold is now in progress in Alaska and British Yukon gold mining camps. The Yukon river opened last Friday in front of Dawson and navigation will soon be in full swing. This will be the busiest season ever known to Yukon and its tributaries. During the last six months strikes have been made that are comparable in importance to those of the Klondike, Tanana and Nome.

#### GENERAL NEWS.

A tornado swept through Mercer and Henry counties, Illinois, Monday, touching several towns and doing considerable damage. Mrs. Gatch, an elderly woman, was killed at Cleveland.

Members of the Chicago Board of Trade defeated a proposal to forbid the "cornering" of grain. The dealers in cash grain were generally in favor of the rule, but the traders were against it.

The Mexican government has announced positively that if the Yaqui Indians surrender it will be unconditionally. The requests of the chiefs for a treaty carrying certain privileges and exemptions are being positively denied.

New York woman suffragists will conduct a canal boat campaign, traveling from Albany throughout the length of the Erie canal. Suffrage banners will wave from the canal boats and the passengers will speak at towns along the route.

Martin Van Buren, favorite nephew and namesake of Andrew Jackson's successor as president, died in lodgings at Albany, New York, a few days since in poverty and obscurity, and was buried in the soldiers' plot in the rural cemetery.

The citizens of Auckland, New Zealand have appointed various committees to arrange for an adequate welcome to the American fleet of battleships when they call there next September.

The statement widely circulated in the press of the country that Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy did not take her usual drive Sunday afternoon, and that her carriage had not been seen for a fortnight is denied.

Detroit city officials expect to save \$100,000 a year by establishing in a central location an automobile fire company, instead of increasing the number of men in each company, for which \$100,000 recently was appropriated.

The American competitors in the New York-to-Paris race arrived at Tokyo, Japan, Sunday and left the next morning on their way to Vladivostok. Here all the cars will meet and make a new start. The Americans say they are 1,200 miles in the lead.

The grand jury at Paducah, Kentucky, in the case of Robert H. Hollwell, who shot his brother, John H. Hollwell and twenty-seven other alleged night riders, for \$50,000 damages for driving him and his family from the state, brought in a verdict awarding the plaintiff \$35,000.

Mrs. Howard Gould, wife of the multi-millionaire New Yorker, and her sister, Mrs. Sun You, wife of a San Francisco Chinaman, and devoted to slum work on the coast, were bequeathed \$1 each by the will of their father, Solomon Perry Siemens, just filed at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

#### CONGRESS AND THE CAPITAL.

The eradication of mosquitoes on the Potomac has greatly decreased the death rate in Washington.

President Roosevelt has accepted the presidency of the International Congress of Tuberculosis which will be held in Washington City in the autumn.

The House committee on public lands has reported a bill extending the acreage limitation of the Carey land act to 2,000,000 acres in the state of Idaho.

A bill authorizing the appointment, as an addition to the regular military establishment, of five captains to command the Philippine scouts was passed in the House.

The endowment of schools of mines and mining from proceeds of public land sales outside the irrigated states is provided for by a bill passed by the Senate.

After a brief debate the House passed the Mondou dry farm bill, permitting the homesteading of not to exceed 320 acres of non-irrigable, non-mineral and non-timbered public lands.

Senator Clark of Wyoming secured the incorporation of an amendment in the civil appropriation bill increasing fees of witnesses in United States courts in Colorado, Wyoming and other Western states to \$3 a day.

Returns indicate that there will be no difficulty in securing the 5,000 recruits wanted by the Navy Department. The good times that the boys on the Atlantic fleet are having on their long cruise may have something to do with it.

According to a reported interview with Representative Townsend of Michigan, President Roosevelt will not insist upon any amendment and Sherman anti-trust law amendments in the present session of Congress, and there will be no such legislation.

The Senate adopted the Guggenheim amendment to the postoffice appropriation bill, giving railway mail clerks expenses not to exceed one dollar per day while absent from home on postoffice business. The bill carries an appropriation of \$1,000,000 to meet this charge.

The forest service has announced the following appointments on Colorado national forests: John H. Cammish, forest guard Gunnison national forest; J. A. Peterson, G. K. Munsell and Edgar J. Pittsburgh, forest guards San Juan national forest.

Senator Teller secured an amendment in the Sunday civil appropriation bill by which Colorado is to be included in the provision which was placed in the bill at the instance of Senator Warren, granting the states of Wyoming and Idaho an additional 1,000,000 acres of land under the Carey desert land act.

Three members of the United States Senate have received letters from President Roosevelt within the past few days declaring his supremacy as commander-in-chief in all matters referring to the control of the army and navy. He denies that he was under any obligations to give the discharged soldiers or Colonel Stewart a court of inquiry.

Mrs. Sarah Platt Decker of Denver has been appointed a member of the executive committee of the National Civic Federation. Among other members are Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, Mrs. Murrays Crane, Mrs. Frederick Dent Grant, Mrs. George Westinghouse, Mrs. John D. Rockefeller and Mrs. Nicholas Longworth.

Senator Guggenheim has received telegrams of protest from many constituents against permitting the enlarged homestead bill to go through with that part of Colorado east of Meridian be eliminated from its provisions. On the strength of Senator Guggenheim's representations the conference committee probably will amend the bill so as to include the entire area of Colorado within its scope.

In the senate Senator Warren secured the incorporation in the sundry civil appropriation bill of an amendment adding 1,000,000 acres to the grant of the state of Wyoming under the Carey land act. His bill for this purpose previously passed the Senate, but was defeated in the House.

## NEW MEXICO NEWS SUMMARY

#### Belen Cut-Off Completed.

A Belen dispatch of the 14th inst. says: The last and "Golden Spike" on the Rio Puerco end of the new famous Belen cut-off was driven last week when the last permanent rail was laid making the final connection of the great transcontinental route of the Santa Fe. Grant Brothers, of Los Angeles, who had the contract for this work have moved out and their outfit is now being shipped to Nogales, Arizona, where they have large contracts for railroad building with the Southern Pacific.

General Manager J. E. Hurley in his private car No. 18, accompanied by General Superintendent H. W. Sharp of La Junta, came down from Albuquerque Monday evening and spent some time in inspecting the improvements at Belen after which they went to Rio Puerco, meeting President Ripley in private car No. 17, and General Manager A. G. Wells of the coast lines in private car No. 5. After making a thorough inspection of the Rio Puerco end of the line and arranging for the movement of trains into Belen the entire party left for the east via the cut-off. General Manager Wells going as far as Vaughn, from which point he returned to Belen. Instructions have been received that the entire line of the Eastern railway will be turned over to the operating department on July 1st and the finishing touches have been ordered rushed as rapidly as possible.

The various improvements at Belen are progressing nicely and if there are any doubts as to this place not becoming an important railroad center it is only necessary to note the extensive improvements now under way. Two large steel tanks have just been completed, while a power house and water treating plant, together with a large store house are being erected. Tracks for storing several thousand cars have already been laid and still more are coming. A new depot, Harvey eating house and a reading and recreation room for railroad employees will also be constructed during the present year.

The Rio Puerco end of the Eastern railway of New Mexico will become a part of the Coast lines, with its terminals at Belen, which will also be the first division of the Cut-off. Heavy stock shipments are now moving over the Rio Grande division and several hundred cars will move east via Belen and the Cut-off within the next ten days. There is a noticeable increase in freight moving to points on the Cut-off showing that the country tributary to this line is rapidly settling up.

#### Killed By His Son.

News reached Santa Fe on the 13th inst. that G. Cox, aged sixty-three, was shot and instantly killed the day before by his son, C. C. Cox, aged twenty-two, at the Cox ranch, about twenty miles south of Portales. The verdict of the coroner's jury was justifiable homicide.

The older Cox became suddenly demented and told his son, who was working at the barn, that he was going to put the whole family "under New Mexico." He went to the house, closely followed by his son, secured a pistol and rifle and struck his daughter over the head with the pistol. He then laid the rifle down and drew the pistol on his wife, but before he had time to shoot, his son picked up the rifle and shot his father. The bullet entered just back of the right ear and death was instantaneous.

#### Oil Tank Explosion.

A dispatch from Deming, received at Albuquerque on the 14th inst. says that the storage tanks of the Continental Oil Company at that place exploded and burned early that morning, resulting in the death of J. G. Clark, manager for the company, and the destruction of thousands of dollars worth of property. The fire also consumed several large warehouses of the Anheuser-Busch Brewing Company, causing a heavy loss, and Santa Fe railway cars and tracks were also damaged.

The fire started at 5 o'clock from an explosion, the cause of which is a mystery. As the fire gained headway one after another of the tanks exploded with a terrific jar, sending great volumes of flame and smoke hundreds of feet in the air.

#### Indian Baseball Team.

A Laguna dispatch says: The Pueblo Indian village west of here is in the field with an all-star, all-Indian baseball team, composed entirely of graduates of Carlisle Indian school in Pennsylvania. The team includes some of the crack players who have made Carlisle famous. Ben Harvey, a well known Carlisle man, is manager, and Solomon Day, one of the most famous twirlers that ever pitched at the Indian school, will be the star of the new aggregation. The team is a unique one and promises to make things interesting for the other baseball teams of New Mexico this season.

#### Planting Cotton Seed.

Several sacks of cotton seed have been secured from the department of agriculture by Delegate Andrews and distributed among farmers in Quay and Roosevelt counties. The experiments in cotton growing in several sections of the two counties last year were quite satisfactory and it is believed that large areas in those counties can be successfully planted in cotton and quite remunerative crops raised. Score another one for the Sunshine Territory. In five years it will be numbered among the cotton growing states of the Union—Santa Fe New Mexican.

#### To Tour New Mexico.

It is understood, says the New Mexican, that Governor George Curry, upon his return from Washington, will head a large party of officials and citizens who will make a circuit of the eastern part of the Sunshine Territory in a special train in the interest of the sixteenth national irrigation congress and International Industrial exposition. The excursion is to start about the latter part of May.

In the party will be Governor Curry, Colonel W. S. Hopewell, chairman of the board of control of the Irrigation congress, Ralph E. Twitchell, secretary of the board of control, and many other citizens.

From Albuquerque the train will go to El Paso, Texas, where it will be switched onto the El Paso and Southwestern line and sent north through eastern New Mexico. Stops will be made at Santa Rosa, Alamogordo, Carrizozo, Tucuman and other flourishing towns in that part of the territory. From Tucuman the train will go to Clayton and Folsom and other towns in that portion of the country, then back through Raton and down over the Santa Fe railway to the Duke City.

#### Oppose Enlarged Reservation.

The Board of Trade of Farmington has passed strong resolutions which will be presented to Governor Curry, together with a request that he present them to President Roosevelt, in which they wish the President to rescind his order of some months ago, by which the Navajo Indians have had added to their reservation some 4,000,000 acres of land, about half of which is in New Mexico.

The resolutions set forth that there are already 11,000,000 acres in the Navajo reservation, including many acres of good land which the Indians, it is said, have not attempted to use, and of this amount some 3,000,000 acres in New Mexico, mostly in San Juan county. The resolutions set forth that this tract is sufficient for the Indians without further allotments.

The 4,000,000-acre allotment includes 120,000 acres along the east boundary of San Juan county, and government agents there, it is said, are forbidding sheepmen from crossing this land with their herds. Sheepmen have been in the habit of crossing this land to reach their summer ranges ever since white men have occupied these parts. There are about 20,000 Navajo Indians on the reservation.

It is stated that more than thirty railroad men from New Mexico are planning to go to Chile, where they will work on a railroad being extended from Valparaiso into the interior.

After five days on his own resources John Finn, the insane Irishman from McKinley county, who escaped from the territorial asylum at Las Vegas, returned of his own accord. Even his feeble intellect discovered the fact that he was better off inside the institute than attempting to take care of himself so he came back "home."

The Roy Water Works Company, is the name of a stock company organized at Roswell by the leading business men of the town, headed by a special waterworks committee. They have entered into a deep well contract to supply the town with water. A drilling outfit was placed on the townsite with an expert driller in charge.

There has been restored to public domain 167,150 acres heretofore withdrawn for forestry purposes in connection with the Manzano national forest, New Mexico, the same to become subject to settlement on and after August 1, 1908, but not to entry filing or selection until on and after August 31, 1908, at the local land office at Santa Fe. The area of lands so restored, but embraced within pending or adverse claims is believed to amount to about 40,000 acres.

The faculty of the New Mexico Military Institute at Roswell has issued elegant invitations for the 1908 commencement of the institute, which will take place at Roswell commencing May 17th and ending May 20th. The graduating class is composed of the following: Louis E. Armijo, Nicolas T. Armijo, Harvey H. Calk, H. Houde Coolidge, Ralph B. Crowell, Cramme H. Frost, O. B. Freeman, John L. Hill, James L. Hubbell, Jesse J. Lee, Wylie Parsons, Melvin G. Pader, Jr. and Estanislao Montoya.

In connection with his visit to Roswell to deliver the commencement address at the Military Institute, Hon. L. B. Priner is preparing a lecture for use in that city and Carlsbad on "The Pecos Valley in History." There is a general idea that all the romance of the Spanish occupation was confined to the Rio Grande, and that the Pecos has no part in ancient story, but the fact is that enough can be gleaned from the old chronicles to make a very interesting recital with regards to the latter. In this lecture everything relating to the Pecos will be brought together and the whole illustrated with ancient maps, which show the various names under which that river has been known.

An item in the public lands bill, as introduced by Chairman Mondell permits the surveyor general and attorney general of New Mexico to receive compensation not exceeding \$600 each for services as members of the land commission.

Forest Assistant W. D. Hayes, who has charge of the government tree nursery in Gallinas canon, near Las Vegas, has begun the work of reforesting an experimental way, by transferring 3,000 seedling conifers on the high separating the Harvey valley from the north fork of the Gallinas.



## Election Notice.

Public notice is hereby given that on the 16th day of June, 1908, a special election will be held in the town of Carlsbad, County of Eddy, Territory of New Mexico, at the town hall therein for the purpose of submitting to the qualified electors thereof, who are also the owners of real or personal property subject to taxation within said town, the proposition of issuing the negotiable coupon bonds of said town, in the aggregate sum of \$10,000.00 for the purpose of providing funds for the improvement of the streets of said town of Carlsbad.

In accordance with plans heretofore adopted by this Board of Trustees, and pursuant to an Act of the Congress of the United States, entitled "An Act to amend an act to prohibit the passage of local or special laws in the territories; to limit territorial indebtedness, etc.," Approved March 4th 1898 and under and by virtue of the laws of the territory of New Mexico, said bonds to bear date the 1st day of July, 1908, to become due and payable on the 1st day of July, 1928, and to bear interest at the rate of not more than six per cent per annum payable semi-annually.

The ballot to be used in voting at said election shall be in substantially the following form:

FOR the issuance of the negotiable coupon bonds of the Town of Carlsbad, New Mexico, in the aggregate sum of \$10,000.00, for the purpose of providing funds for the improvement of the streets of said town of Carlsbad.

Against the issuance of the negotiable coupon bonds of the Town of Carlsbad, New Mexico, in the aggregate sum of \$10,000.00 for the purpose of providing funds for the improvement of the streets of said town of Carlsbad.

The elector desiring to vote for the issuance of said bonds shall erase the second clause of said ballot, and the elector desiring to vote against the issuance of said bonds shall erase the first clause of said ballot.

No person shall be entitled to vote at said election, unless he be a qualified elector of said town, and also the owner of real or personal property in said town subject to taxation therein, and shall have registered as provided by law and hereinafter mentioned.

The voting place at said election shall be at the Town Hall on Canyon Street, between Fox Street and Green Street, in said town.

The following named persons shall act as election officers at said election: E. N. Woerner, L. S. Crawford and N. J. Taylor to act as Judges and J. J. Welch and F. L. Hopkins to act as clerks thereof.

Said election shall be held and conducted, and the result thereof canvassed in the same manner as regular elections for said town.

Polls will be opened at 9 o'clock a. m. and close at 6 o'clock p. m. on said election day.

A register will be opened for the registration of voters pursuant to title XXVIII, Chapter 2, of the Compiled Laws of the Territory of New Mexico, of 1897, at the store of Eddy Drug Company on and after the 26th day of May 1908, and shall be held open until ten days thereafter until the 6th day of June, 1908 inclusive, and every legal voter of said town and who is the owner of real or personal property therein subject to taxation, shall be registered in the manner provided by law, and will be entitled to vote at said election.

Passed this 6th day of May, 1908, by a unanimous vote of said Board of Trustees.

JOHN B. HARVEY, Recorder.  
JAMES M. DYE, Mayor.  
Attest: JAMES M. DYE, Mayor.  
JOHN B. HARVEY, Recorder.  
(Seal)

## Election Notice.

Public notice is hereby given that on the 16th day of June, 1908, a special election will be held in the Town of Carlsbad, County of Eddy, Territory of New Mexico, at the town hall thereof for the purpose of submitting to the qualified electors thereof, who are also the owners of real or personal property subject to taxation within said town, the proposition of issuing the negotiable coupon bonds of the said town, in the aggregate sum of \$5,000.00 for the purpose of erecting a public building in said town of Carlsbad, to-wit: engine house and fire hall and for the purpose of providing equipment for the extinguishment of fire.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH PLANS HERETOFORE ADOPTED BY THIS BOARD OF TRUSTEES, and pursuant to Act of the Congress of the United States, entitled "An Act to amend an Act to prohibit the passage of local or special laws in the territories; to limit territorial indebtedness, etc.," and under and by virtue of the laws of the Territory of New Mexico; said bonds to bear date the 1st day of July, 1908, to become due and payable on the 1st day of July, 1928 and to bear interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, payable semi-annually.

The ballot to be used in voting at said election shall be substantially the following form:

For the issuance of the negotiable coupon bonds of the Town of Carlsbad, New Mexico, in the aggregate sum of \$5,000.00 for the purpose of erecting a public building in said town of Carlsbad, to-wit: engine house and fire hall and for the purpose of providing equipment for the extinguishment of fire.

Against the issuance of the negotiable coupon bonds of the Town of Carlsbad, New Mexico, in the aggregate sum of \$5,000.00, for the purpose of erecting a public building in said town of Carlsbad, to-wit: engine house and fire hall and for the purpose of providing equipment for the extinguishment of fire.

ing equipment for the extinguishment of fire.

The elector desiring to vote for the issuance of said bonds shall erase the last clause of said ballot; and the elector wishing to vote against the issuance of said bonds shall erase the first clause of said ballot.

No person shall be entitled to vote at said election, unless he be a qualified elector of said town, and also the owner of real or personal property in said town subject to taxation, and shall have registered as provided by law, and hereinafter mentioned.

The voting place at said election shall be at the town hall on Canyon Street between Fox Street and Green Street.

The following named persons shall act as election officers at said election: E. N. Woerner, L. S. Crawford and N. J. Taylor to act as Judges and J. J. Welch and F. L. Hopkins to act as clerks thereof.

Said election shall be held and conducted, and the result thereof canvassed in the same manner as regular elections for said town.

Polls will be opened at 9 o'clock a. m. and closed at 6 o'clock p. m. on said election day.

A register will be opened for the registration of voters pursuant to title XXVIII, Chapter 2, of the Compiled Laws of the Territory of New Mexico, of 1897, at Eddy Drug Store on and after the 26th day of May, 1908, and shall be held open until ten days thereafter until the 6th day of June, 1908, and every legal voter in said town who is a resident thereof, and who is the owner of real or personal property therein subject to taxation, shall be registered in the manner provided by law, and will be entitled to vote at said election.

Passed this 6th day of May, 1908, by a unanimous vote of said Board of Trustees.

JOHN B. HARVEY, Recorder.  
JAMES M. DYE, Mayor.  
Attest: JAMES M. DYE, Mayor.  
JOHN B. HARVEY, Recorder.  
(Seal)

## Election Notice.

Public notice is hereby given that on the 30th day of June 1908 a special election will be held in the Town of Carlsbad, County of Eddy, Territory of New Mexico, at the town hall therein, for the purpose of submitting to the qualified electors thereof, who are also the owners of real estate or personal property subject to taxation within said town, the proposition of issuing the negotiable coupon bonds of the said town in the sum of \$25,000, for the purpose of providing funds for the construction of a sewer system in and for said town, in accordance with plans heretofore adopted by this Board of Trustees, and pursuant to an act of the Congress of the United States, entitled "An Act to amend an Act to prohibit the passage of local or special laws in the territories; to limit territorial indebtedness, etc." and under and by virtue of the laws of the territory of New Mexico; said bonds to bear date the 1st day of July, 1908, to become due and payable on the 1st day of July 1928, and to bear interest at the rate of not more than six per cent annually.

The ballot to be used in voting on said proposition shall be in substantially the following form:

For the issuance of the negotiable coupon bonds of the Town of Carlsbad, New Mexico, in the aggregate amount of \$25,000 for the purpose of providing funds for the construction of a sewer system in and for said town.

Against the issuance of the negotiable coupon bonds of the town of Carlsbad, New Mexico, in the aggregate amount of \$25,000 for the purpose of providing funds for the construction of a sewer system in and for said town.

The elector desiring to vote for the issuance of said bonds shall erase the last clause of said ballot and the elector wishing to vote against the issuance of said bonds shall erase the first clause of said ballot.

No person shall be entitled to vote at said election unless he be a qualified elector of said town, and also the owner of real or personal property subject to taxation within said town and shall have registered as provided by law and hereinafter mentioned.

The voting place of said election shall be the Town Hall of said town, on Canyon street between Fox and Greene streets.

The following named persons shall act as election officers at said election: N. J. Taylor, L. S. Crawford and E. N. Woerner to act as Judges and J. J. Welch and F. L. Hopkins to act as clerks thereof.

Said election shall be held and conducted, and the result thereof canvassed as provided by law in the same manner as regular elections for said town.

Polls will be opened at 9 o'clock a. m. and closed at 6 o'clock p. m. on said election day.

A register will be opened for the registration of voters pursuant to title XXVIII, Chapter 2, of the compiled Laws of 1897 of the Territory of New Mexico, at Eddy Drug Co's Store on and after the 26th day of May, 1908 and shall be held open for ten days thereafter until the 6th day of June, inclusive 1908, and every legal voter of said town, and who is the owner of real or personal property therein subject to taxation, shall be registered in the manner provided by law, and vote at said election.

Passed this 6th day of May, 1908, by a unanimous vote of said Board of Trustees.

JOHN B. HARVEY, Recorder.  
JAMES M. DYE, Mayor.  
Attest: JAMES M. DYE, Mayor.  
JOHN B. HARVEY, Recorder.  
(Seal)



ALWAYS PUT  
YOUR BEST FOOT  
FORWARD, BUT BE  
SURE IT HAS A  
CRAWFORD SHOE  
ON IT.

A shoe that you will have  
hard work to duplicate in any  
store. Notice the cleancut,  
stylish outlines.



"That Custom Look"

# Crawford Shoes

I am especially eager that every man who is not already familiar with Crawford Custom Style should buy a pair of CRAWFORD SHOES this spring. The Crawford Shoemakers are in such constant touch with the world's fashion centers that they originate exclusive custom models simultaneously with the custom boot makers who charge \$8 or \$10 a pair. Therefore, Crawford advance styles are on our shelves as soon as the same styles appear on Broadway, New York.

E. HENDRICKS DRY GOODS CO.  
CARLSBAD, N. M. NEW MEXICO

## Election Notice.

Public notice is hereby given that on the 16th of June, A. D. 1908, a special election will be held in the town of Carlsbad, county of Eddy, territory of New Mexico, at the town hall, for the purpose of submitting to the qualified electors residing in the Carlsbad school district, who are also the owners of real estate or personal property subject to taxation within the said district, the proposition of issuing the negotiable coupon bonds of said Carlsbad school district in the sum of twelve thousand five hundred (\$12,500.00) dollars in accordance with the laws of the territory of New Mexico; for the purpose of providing funds for purchasing a building site for a high school building and for the erection thereon of a high school building; said bonds to bear date the 1st day of July A. D. 1908, to bear interest at the rate of six per cent per annum and payable semi-annually, at Carlsbad, New Mexico, or New York City.

The ballot to be used upon voting on said proposition shall be substantially the following form:

For issuance of negotiable coupon bonds of the Carlsbad school district in the aggregate amount of twelve thousand five hundred (\$12,500.00) dollars for the purpose of providing funds for the purchase of a building site for a high school building and for the erection thereon of a high school building for said district.

Against the issuance of negotiable coupon bonds of the Carlsbad school district in the aggregate amount of twelve thousand five hundred (\$12,500.00) dollars for the purpose of providing funds for the purchase of a building site for a high school building and for the erection thereon of a high school building for said district.

The electors desiring to vote for the issuance of said bonds shall erase this last clause of said ballot and the elector desiring to vote against the issuance of said bonds shall erase the first clause of said ballot.

No person shall be entitled to vote at said election unless he be in all respects a qualified elector in said district and also the owner of real or personal property, subject to taxation, within said district, and unless he shall have registered, as provided by law, as hereinafter mentioned.

The voting place at said election shall be at the town hall on Canyon street between Fox and Green streets in the town of Carlsbad.

The following persons shall act as election officers at said election: L. S. Crawford, E. N. Woerner, and N. J. Taylor, Judges, and F. L. Hopkins and H. F. Christian as clerks thereof.

Said election shall be held and conducted as provided by law in the case of such elections.

Polls will be open at 9 o'clock a. m. and will close at 6 o'clock p. m. on said day of election.

The register will be open for the registration of voters pursuant to title 28, chapter 2 of the compiled laws of New Mexico, at the store of the Eddy Drug Company in said town on and after the 27th day of May, A. D. 1908,

at which time the registration shall begin and shall continue for ten days thereafter and will close on the 6th day of June, 1908, and the following named persons shall constitute the registration board: H. S. Dilley, Murray Johnson and C. D. Church.

Every legal voter in said school district, who is the owner of real or personal property subject to taxation therein, shall be entitled to register in the manner provided by law.

The foregoing notice is made upon the request of the Board of Education of the town of Carlsbad, of the territory of New Mexico, and upon their filing an affidavit with the Board of Trustees of the town of Carlsbad, showing the estimated cost of said grounds and building.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand this 6th day of May, 1908.

Attest: JAMES M. DYE, Mayor.  
JOHN B. HARVEY, Recorder.  
(Seal)

## To the Stockmen of New Mexico

During the sessions of the congress and the Industrial Exposition there will be held the largest live stock show ever held west of the Missouri river. You should take advantage of this opportunity for placing yourselves on record as producers of first class marketable stock.

In due course the governor of New Mexico will issue a call to all stockmen to assemble at Albuquerque; the date of this convention will be announced later. We trust that every stockman will take advantage of this opportunity to become a factor in making the convention a success and in the end bring about results beneficial to the stock growing interests of New Mexico. We want to demonstrate to all concerned that New Mexico range stock is equal to any found in the southwest.

There will be two big sales days when the exhibitors will be able to dispose of their stock and there will be offered for sale some of the finest registered animals ever brought into New Mexico, thus affording the best opportunity for herd improvement ever given the stockmen of the territory.

The stockmen of the southwest can improve conditions materi-

ally by acting as a unit.

The National Irrigation Congress and Inter-State Industrial Exposition will be in session two weeks, the former from the 29th of September until October 3rd and the latter until the 10th of October.

Correspondence with stockmen of the country is cordially invited and we will cheerfully give out any information that may be called for. Write for list of premiums and trophies.

Yours truly,  
W. H. HOPEWELL,  
Chairman Board of Control,

## Legal Notice.

In the District Court Eddy County, New Mexico.

Franklin B. Lippert, Administrator, Plaintiff.

No. 302 vs. John Lippert, Elizabeth Lippert, Ida A. Tamm, Addie Knowles, Mary E. Crouch, Alonzo B. Crouch, William Turner, Rose Abbott, and Ralph B. Knowles.

Defendants. To the defendants, John Lippert, Elizabeth Lippert, Ida A. Tamm, Addie Knowles, Rose Abbott, Mary E. Crouch, Alonzo B. Crouch and William Turner named in the above cause.

You will take notice that the above named plaintiff Franklin B. Lippert, has filed a petition in the district court of Eddy County, Territory of New Mexico, said cause being styled and numbered as above, for the purpose of obtaining from said court an order to sell certain real estate described in said petition, the same being the property of the estate of Napoleon B. Lippert, deceased, to-wit: The east half of the north-east quarter of section 20, township 17 south of range 20 East, N. M. P. M. situated in Eddy County, New Mexico.

It being alleged that said premises are under mortgage and it is necessary to sell the same for the purpose of paying said debt and other debts of said estate.

It is further alleged that the said Franklin B. Lippert is the duly appointed, qualified and acting administrator of the estate of Napoleon B. Lippert, deceased, and that the plaintiff and defendants are legatees and devisees under the last will and testament of said Napoleon B. Lippert, deceased and claim an interest in said real estate.

Petitioner prays in his petition that the court may issue an order permitting him to sell the above described real estate for the purpose of discharging the debts against it and other debts owing by said estate.

You are further notified that if you fail to appear in said cause and answer said petition on or before the 15th day of June, 1908, judgment by default will be rendered against you in said cause and the allegations in said petition will be taken as confessed.

The names of plaintiff's attorneys are Buzze & Buzze and their business address is Carlsbad, New Mexico.

Witness my hand and the seal of said court, this 24th day of May, 1908.

S. I. ROBERTS, Clerk.  
By G. E. Benson, deputy.

Roosevelt county is growing much faster than most people can realize. From statistics taken from the Santa Fe New Mexican we find that the postal map of 1901 showed only one postoffice, Portales, in what is now Roosevelt county. The map of 1903 showed five post-offices, Portales, Floyd, Bethel, Texico, Elida. The map of 1908 shows forty postoffices.







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was no time to weigh words. He must let loose the first that sprang to his lips.

"I see what you think of me," he said. "I see you think I was watching you. I know I wasn't, though I know you were in the garden with the sun just out. Wait, you must listen. You must hear my justification. I was sent to this room to fetch you. For your sake, how could I go back and say you had disappeared together? I looked out into the garden and saw you with him. I saw from your manner that he had made you suffer. I was half mad with rage, gnawing, gnawing something which one word you let drop in your room in told me had happened. He is my sovereign, but he has insulted you. Let me be your knight, as in days of old. Let me defend you, for I love you. I waited here to tell you this as you came, so that if you would we might announce an engagement."

If Virginia's eyes had been daggers he would have fallen at her feet pierced to the heart. For one long second she looked at him without speaking her face eloquent. Then she went by him with the proud bearing of a queen.

Egon was stricken dumb. Dully he watched her move across the room to a door which led into a corridor. He heard the whisper of her satin dress and saw the changing lights and shadows on its creamy folds under the crystal chandeliers; he saw the white reflection, like a spirit, mirrored down the polished surface of the floor.

Never had she been more beautiful but she was beautiful in his eyes no longer. He had hurt her pride, but she had stilled his vanity, and to wound Egon von Breitenstein's vanity was to strike at his life. He hated the girl, hated her so sharply that his nerves ached with the intensity of his hatred, and the only relief he could have would be through reprisal.

He had not been able to deceive her. She knew that he had been spying, and it was fortunate for his future, he realized already, that she had broken with the emperor. He must do all he could, and do it quickly, to prevent a reconciliation lest she should work him injury.

As for his hastily stammered proposal, it was a good thing that the girl had not taken him at his word, for the chancellor had not given him permission to speak, and if she had accepted him he might have had to wriggle out of his engagement. Still, he could not forgive her scorn of him. "Lorenz shall help me to pay her for this!" he said furiously to himself, too angry to mourn over lost hopes, lost opportunities. "He will know how to punish her. And between us she shall suffer."

(TO BE CONTINUED)

No. 5487

Report of the Condition of

## THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

at Carlsbad,

In the Territory of New Mexico, at the close of business May 11, 1908.

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts	\$260,546.00
Overdrafts secured and unsecured	550.00
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	12,500.00
Bonds, securities, etc.	500.00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	277.23
Due from National Banks not re- served agents	9,964.32
Due from approved reserve agents	32,314.74
Checks and other cash items	18.51
Notes	146.35
Lawful money reserve in Bank viz specie	10,000.00
Legal tender notes	83,000.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	625.00

Total \$306,650.28

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	\$50,000.00
Surplus fund	10,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	67,797.02
National Bank Notes outstanding	12,500.00
Due to other National Banks	11,840.00
Individual deposits subject to check	181,028.45
Time certificates of deposit	3,430.00
Cashier's checks outstanding	3,064.82
Bills payable, including certificates of deposit for money borrowed	25,000.00

Total \$306,650.28

Territory of New Mexico,  
County of Eddy,

I, G. M. COOKE, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

G. M. COOKE, Cashier.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 20th day of May, 1908.

E. P. BURAC,  
Notary Public.

(SIGNED)  
Correct Attest:  
D. H. LUCAS,  
L. S. CRAWFORD,  
J. E. JOYCE,

Directors

Carlsbad Furniture Co.

UNDERTAKERS

R. M. THORNE

LICENSED EMBALMER

## ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Probate Clerk and Ex-Officio Recorder

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Probate Clerk and Ex-Officio Recorder of Eddy County, subject to the action of the democratic primaries.

ARTHUR H. O'QUINN

W. L. Bohn authorizes the Current to announce his name for probate clerk and recorder subject to the democratic primaries June 27.

The Current is authorized to announce T. M. Walker of Lakeview as a candidate for the office of Probate Clerk subject to the democratic primaries June 27.

Tax Assessor.

The Current is authorized to announce John W. Price of Artesia as a candidate for the office of Assessor of Eddy County, subject to the action of the democratic primaries.

The Current is authorized to announce Jno. O. McKen for re-election to the office of Assessor of Eddy County, New Mexico subject to the action of the democrats at the county primaries.

Sheriff

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Eddy County, New Mex., subject to the action of the democratic primary. I earnestly solicit the support of all.

M. C. Stewart.

The Current is authorized to announce the name of R. A. Eaton as a candidate for the office of sheriff of Eddy County, subject to the action of the democratic primaries.

Superintendent of Public Instruction

The name of J. W. Armstrong is hereby announced for Superintendent of Public Instruction of Eddy County subject to the decision of the democratic voters at the primaries.

The Current is authorized to announce Prof. A. A. Kayser as a candidate for the office of superintendent of public instruction for Eddy County subject to the action of the democratic primaries June 27th.

Commissioner District No. 2

The Current is authorized to announce the name of Joseph H. Graham for Commissioner from District No. 2, Eddy County, N. M., subject to the action of the democratic primaries.

Commissioner District No. 3

The Current is authorized to announce the name of C. W. Beeman for Commissioner from District No. 3, Eddy County, subject to the democratic primaries.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for County Commissioner for Precinct No. 3, Eddy County, subject to the action of the democratic primary election.

J. C. Keith.

Probate Judge

Mr. N. W. Weaver authorizes the Current to state that he will be a candidate for Probate Judge of Eddy County, subject to the action of the democratic primaries.

The Current is authorized to announce Geo. W. Laramore as a candidate for the office of Probate Judge subject to the democratic primaries June 27th.

Treasurer and Collector.

W. H. Merchant, the present treasurer and collector authorizes the Current to present his name for re-election subject to the democratic primaries of June 27.

## The Lucky Quarter.

Is the one you pay out for a box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. They bring you the health that is more precious than jewels. Try them for headache, biliousness, constipation and malaria. If they disappoint you the price will be cheerfully refunded at Eddy Drug store.

Farwell, Texas, the town adjoining Texico at the state line where the Santa Fe enters Texas, is now a county seat.

## Best Healer in the World.

Rev. F. Starbird, of East Raymond Maine, says: "I have used Bucklen's Arnica Salve for several years, on my old army wound, and other obstinate sores, and find it the best healer in the world. I use it too with great success in my veterinary business. Price 25c at Eddy Drug store."

Skating "In the Good old Summer Time" is a pleasure if you use roller skates, so come to the rink every night. We have opened up for the season with new skates and plenty of them to accommodate all sized feet. As an inducement to bring every one to our up-to-date rink we have decided to let the ladies skate free except Saturday night for a short time.

Humble Bros. Props.

## See A. J. Crawford.

For two phaetons, one double buggy, harness, saddle, ensilage cutter, hay rake and fanning mill and finest horse in town.

## Carlsbad Dairy

Pure Jersey Milk  
and Cream Deliv-  
ered to all parts of  
the city.

## DEATH CLAIMS ARCH- BISHOP BOURGADE.

Suffering From Rheumatism He  
Sought Relief in Chicago  
Where End Came at  
Five o'clock Satur-  
day.

Chicago, May 17.—Most Rev. Peter Bourgade archbishop of Santa Fe died at a hospital here of heart failure today, aged 66 years.

The archbishop came to Chicago, May 4th, from Hot Springs Arkansas. He was suffering from a slight physical weakness, but until yesterday had not been confined to his bed. On the contrary, he took short drives on days when the weather permitted and his condition was not considered serious. Yesterday, feeling more than usually indisposed, he remained in bed. He had a sinking spell early today, from which he appeared to have rallied, when he was again stricken and died at five o'clock in the afternoon. Rev. S. Gates chaplain of the hospital, and Rev. Thomas Caraher, of Buffalo the latter a patient in the hospital, were at his bedside.

Archbishop Bourgade had held his present charge since January 7th, 1899. Born and educated in France, he went to Arizona as a missionary in 1869, was ordained at Santa Fe the same year and began work at Yuma in 1879. He was consecrated in 1885 vicar apostolic of Arizona, with the titular rank of bishop of Taumaco and resided at Tucson until promoted to be archbishop.

Most Rev. Peter Bourgade, archbishop of the archdiocese of Santa Fe and metropolitan of the suffragan dioceses of Denver and Tucson, died at 5:20 yesterday evening at Mercy hospital in Chicago. The news was received in this city by Rev. A. M. Mandalari, S. J. a short time after the death of the prelate.

The archbishop had been in very poor health for several years, suffering a great deal from rheumatism of the stomach. His condition, however, was at no time considered alarming. The active work of the diocese for some time past has been almost entirely attended to by Bishop Pitaval, auxiliary bishop of the archdiocese. The archbishop was in Albuquerque about two months ago and spent two weeks recuperating at the St. Joseph's sanitarium. From this city he returned to Santa Fe, where he spent several days. He then went to San Antonio, Texas, in the hope that the climate there would benefit him. He visited in San Antonio for several weeks and then went to Hot Springs, Arkansas. From there he went to Chicago where he placed himself under the care of Dr. Murphy and entered the Mercy hospital for treatment. Reports as to his condition were issued from time to time and seemingly indicated that he was on the road to recovery. The telegram announcing his death caused much grief and surprise among the clergy in this city, among whom he had many friends of long standing. Father Mandalari, who was a close friend to the archbishop for the past twenty years, was very much shocked at the announcement.

"The news of the death of the archbishop surprises and grieves me very much," said Father A. M. Mandalari of this city last night "I knew that he had been in delicate health for some

death so soon. With the passing of archbishop Bourgade, the Catholic church loses one of the best men who have ever worked for the upbuilding of the church in New Mexico and a man who was popular with the people of all races and denominations in the territory. He was a man of mild and sweet disposition, superior training and attainments and was a zealous and tactful priest. He came to New Mexico when he was a young man and has held every position in the archdiocese from parish priest to the archbishopric. He thoroughly understood local conditions and had excellent success in directing the spiritual needs of the priests and the people under him. On account of his health of late years his activity has been very much impaired. The condition of his health was a continual sorrow to him and he often confided his regrets to me, saying that there was so much work to be done if he only had the physical strength to accomplish it. We will hold a requiem mass for the repose of the soul of the archbishop some time this week. Announcements regarding the date and time of these services will be made later."

Most Rev. Peter Bourgade was born sixty-six years ago in Clairmont, France. He made his preliminary studies for the priesthood in France and came to New Mexico before being ordained a priest in 1866, accompanying Archbishop Lamy. He was ordained a priest in Santa Fe shortly after his arrival. For nearly twenty years he labored as a parish priest and missionary in Arizona, New Mexico, and Texas, being at different times stationed at Silver City, New Mexico, San Elizario, Texas, and many other places. While parish priest at Silver City he built a convent, hospital and academy for the Sisters of Mercy. At Elizario the large church was erected through his efforts. On May 18, 1885 he was appointed vicar apostolic of Arizona, with headquarters at Tucson. On May 8th, 1897 he was consecrated bishop of the diocese of Tucson, succeeding Bishop Salpointe, who was transferred to the archbishopric of

Santa Fe. A magnificent cathedral and a fine sanitarium were built at Tucson by Bishop Bourgade, while laboring in that diocese. On January 7, 1899, he was transferred to the archdiocese of Santa Fe and consecrated as archbishop. Archbishop Bourgade was the fourth prelate to occupy the archbishopric. The see of Santa Fe was established as a bishopric in 1850 and as an archbishopric in 1875. Archbishop Lamy being the first archbishop. He was followed by Archbishops Salpointe, Chapelle, and Bourgade. Although in poor health while occupying the position Archbishop Bourgade managed to accomplish a great deal of work which will be a lasting monument to his memory. His last annual report showed a total of 167,000 members in the territory, with forty-five churches having resident priests 340 missions and chapels and a number of schools, convents and academies.

The exact date of the funeral has not been announced, but it is believed that the remains will be shipped from Chicago to Santa Fe and that interment will be made in Santa Fe next Friday.—Albuquerque Journal.

## Notice of Suit.

Territory of New Mexico,  
County of Eddy,  
J. W. Russey, Plaintiff, No. 95 vs.  
Lara F. Bryan and J. T. Valentine  
Trustee, Defendants.

To the defendants in the above cause, greeting:  
You will take notice that there has been filed against you in the district court for the Fifth Judicial District of the territory of New Mexico, within and for the county of Eddy, a suit by J. W. Russey in a cause wherein J. W. Russey is plaintiff and Lara F. Bryan and J. T. Valentine, trustees, are defendants and numbered 95 on the court docket of said court. That said suit is now pending in said court.

That the general object of said suit is to quiet title to the following described lands, to-wit: Southeast quarter of Section 14, Township 22 south, Range 25 East, N. M. P. M., in Eddy county, New Mexico, as against defendant Lara F. Bryan and to partition said property according to the rights of the parties, therein and to cancel the mortgage given on said property by said Lara F. Bryan to the defendant, J. T. Valentine, as trustee.

You are further notified that if you fail to enter your appearance on or before the 15th day of July, 1908, judgment by default will be rendered against you in said cause and the allegations of plaintiff's complaint will be taken as confessed.

Plaintiff's attorneys are Messrs. Eugene A. Brice and their residence in Carlsbad, New Mexico.

Witness the Hon. William H. Pope, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the Territory of New Mexico, and Judge of the Fifth Judicial District Court thereof, and the seal of said District Court this 18th day of May, A. D. 1908.

S. I. ROBERTS,  
Clerk.  
GUY BENSON,  
Deputy.

27-5

FOR SALE:—Cement block plant. Best process made. Will be sold at a bargain. N. T. Daugherty, Carlsbad, New Mexico.

## Finlay-Pratt Hardware Co.

## Farming Implements Royal Hay Presses

Just Received

Hay Stackers and All Kinds of  
FARMING TOOLS

## Finlay-Pratt Hardware Co.



# WOMAN'S REALM

## ROSE PINK LINEN

ONE OF THE DAINTIEST OF SEASON'S PARASOLS.

Sunshade is Second to Nothing as a Telling Accessory of the Costume—Smart Gown to Go with It.

In the hands of a clever woman a parasol becomes something more than a mere sunshade, a protection to the eyes and the complexion. Laid off skilfully it is a telling accessory of the costume, and when chosen carefully,



Parasol of Rose Linen.

giving due thought to its color effect with the gown, the hair and the complexion, the parasol has all the power of making or marring the tout ensemble.

The parasol shown here is of a rose pink linen, heavy, but with a mesh which does not defy the strong rays of the sun. To make it daintier and still more becoming there is a thin

## TO MAKE MUSTARD PASTE.

Prepare it as is Done in Large New York Hospital.

At the Presbyterian hospital, Manhattan, mustard paste is made according to these accurate instructions:

Mix one part mustard with three to six of flour for an adult ten to twelve for a child, crushing all lumps. Add sufficient tepid water to make the mixture thin enough to spread on gauze or cheesecloth. When the patient's skin is tender it is advisable to add either white of egg, oil or vaseline also, since either of these will lessen the irritating action of the mustard without detracting from its strength. Large poultices are best spread on muslin and covered with gauze or cheesecloth. Small poultices can be spread on thinner material, folding over the face one thickness of gauze and over the back three or four thicknesses.

A poultice should always be covered with a protector of oiled muslin or old flannel, in order to keep in the heat, and held firmly in place with a bandage. A poultice for the chest should always be shaped to fit around the neck and armpits.

## Gathering Ruffles.

A quick way to gather a ruffle, which is superior, so they say, to the old way of using the gatherers: Thread the machine, using coarse thread on the bobbin, make the stitch long. Now stretch the ruffle, leaving as much heading as you desire. Then using the under thread as a gathering thread, draw it up as full as desired. In this way the fullness is more easily distributed. The coarse thread on the bottom is stronger than an ordinary thread would be and is less liable to break.



Have a pair of men's buckskin gloves a size too large for the hands to use when sweeping and some other kinds of housework. They will slip on and off readily and protect the hands.

Careful eating is the surest road to soundness of disposition. It is not so

## RAILROAD AND POWER PROJECT

PROPOSED \$15,000,000 COMPANY TO DEVELOP ARKANSAS VALLEY.

## ACTION AT LA JUNTA

TOWNS REPRESENTED FROM GARDEN CITY, KAS., TO CANON CITY, COLO.

La Junta, Colo.—At a meeting attended by nearly 400 delegates from towns along the Arkansas valley from Garden City, Kansas, to Canon City, Colorado, Thursday, plans were launched for the organization of a \$15,000,000 electrical power and railroad company which will connect all the important towns of the valley with an interurban line and will reclaim fully 200,000 acres of arid land.

A committee of thirteen was selected, which will meet here in a few days, perfect the organization and take steps to incorporate the company, which will be known as the Kansas Colorado Power & Railroad Company.

The principal speaker was A. H. Hull, representative of the Northern Electrical Manufacturing Company of Madison, Wisconsin, which company proposes to make the surveys, furnish the equipment for the power plants, etc. It is expected that those of the Arkansas valley who will be benefited by the huge project will take a large share of the stock.

Resolutions were unanimously adopted strongly endorsing the project. The committee of thirteen appointed to perfect the organization follows:

Hon. Alva Adams, Pueblo; Andrew McClellan, Pueblo; S. H. Abwater, Canon City; F. D. Pasorlos, Colorado Springs; J. N. Beatty, Manzanola; J. A. Lockhart, Rocky Ford; Robert W. Patterson, La Junta; Donald McIntosh, Las Animas; W. C. Gould, Lamar; A. H. Warner, Garden City, Kansas; Fred Humphreys, Syracuse, Kansas; W. O. Bourne, Scott City, Kansas; and Andrew Russell, Dodge City, Kansas.

## Indicted in Federal Court.

Denver.—The federal grand jury reported to Judge Lewis Thursday returning sixty-five bills of indictment. The report of the grand jury includes a pertinent opinion rather in the nature of a recommendation, reading as follows: "We believe that it is our duty to call attention to the fact that it is our opinion from an examination of the matter coming before us, that the registers and receivers of land offices and other persons authorized to take proofs in land cases, should exercise more caution and common sense in such matters. Ordinary care, caution and honesty on the part of those officials would, in our opinion, prevent many frauds upon the government, and largely eliminate the most serious class of cases with which we have to deal; viz., perjury in relation to public lands."

The Yampa Live Stock Company, a well known Denver corporation, is among those indicted. The offense alleged is illegal inclosure of land, the property in question is said to be a horse pasture on the company's big ranch in Bent county.

The indictment against Franklin Barnes was not unexpected, as he has been involved in several law suits, the government asking damages for cutting timber from public lands. Two suits are now pending in the courts, and this indictment is the criminal end of the matter. Barnes is alleged to have cut 2,000,000 feet of timber from the reserves in San Miguel county, and suits to recover damages to the amount of \$75,000 have been instituted.

Shepherd Husted, former supervisor of the Medicine Bow national forest, with headquarters at Estes Park, was indicted in connection with Warren Rutledge and John Rausch. Husted was permitted to resign from the government service last fall. The forest service in an examination discovered his connection with the filing of a homestead claim adjoining his property in Estes Park. Husted, with Rutledge, was a witness for Rausch in his proof filings for the location of the claim. The testimony in the case, it is alleged, was proven false.

The postal law offenses are those of Postmasters William E. Avery of Empire, Colorado, and Chas. M. Yutz of Jefferson, Colorado. Avery was short \$1,500 in his accounts, and his actions are alleged to have indicated pecuniary motives other than embezzlement. He has been out on bond since his arrest. Yutz fled while Inspector Gregg was making an examination of that office, and has never been heard from since.

The indictment against Benca Branca of Pueblo, alleged misquereau, who was arrested on the charge of trafficking in white slaves, may result in a term of imprisonment for the man and the deportation of the young woman who was arrested with him. It is the first case of the kind to come before a grand jury for several years.

Charles O. Erbaugh of Denver, who escaped his indictment by the grand jury on account of a technicality, will have to answer the charge of fraudulent use of the mails on a re-indictment in connection with patent cases.

## RAPID RISE OF GEN. BARRY

Career of Army Officer Recently Named for Promotion.

Washington.—The rise of Gen. Thomas H. Barry, recently nominated as major general, vice Gen. C. E. Hall, retired last year, has been rapid. Born in New York in October, 1855, he was graduated from the Military Academy in June, 1877. After three years' service in the cavalry and 17 years in the infantry he was transferred to the adjutant general's department with the rank of major in January, 1891, and became colonel in that department in



Gen. Thomas H. Barry.

July, 1902, less than six years ago. As a brigadier general of volunteers he served in the Peikin relief expedition and in the Philippines. For three services he was made a brigadier general in the regular army in August, 1903, and now stands fourth in that grade, his seniors being Gen. Funston, Carter and Bliss, in the order named.

Gen. Barry is now in his fifty-second year, and will not retire until October, 1915. With the exceptions of Gen. Funston, who is his junior by ten years, and Gen. Pershing, who is five years younger, Gen. Barry is the youngest officer of brigade rank in the army.

For several months past Gen. Barry has been in command of the army of Cuban pacification and it is announced that he will remain on that duty in spite of his promotion.

## GETS IMPORTANT POST.

John R. Wise Appointed Superintendent of Chilocco Indian School.

Washington.—John R. Wise, for many years a resident of Washington, has been appointed to secretary of the United States Indian school at Chilocco, Okla. This is one of the largest and most important Indian schools in the northwest.

Mr. Wise was graduated from the University of Wisconsin in 1888. He entered the government service in Washington in 1891 in the record and pension office. For over 12 years he was employed in the office of the commissioner of Indian affairs. He was designated by the secretary of the interior in 1895 as manager of the United States Indian congress held in connection with the trans-Mississippi



exposition at Omaha. For the last three and a half years Mr. Wise has served as assistant superintendent of the Carlisle Indian school.

Success Attainment of Ambition. Success is the attainment of land able desires, and the successful man is he who faithfully performs his duty towards himself and all the world besides, and by doing so confers happiness upon himself in the knowledge that he is fulfilling his divine mission here in the hope of an eternal reward hereafter.

Her Good Work Recognized. Mrs. W. S. Peabody of Colorado is called the mother of Mesa Verde National park, because of the interest she has taken in the preservation of the relics of the mysterious cliff dwellers of Colorado.

## CONSERVATION RESOLUTIONS

PASSED BY GOVERNORS OF THE STATES AT THE WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE.

## MUST STOP WASTE

RECOMMEND ACTION TO PROTECT OUR COUNTRY'S SOIL, WATERS, FORESTS AND MINERALS.

Washington. At the governor's conference at the White House, Friday, Governor Chandler of Louisiana, chairman of the committee on resolutions presented to the conference the report of the committee, as follows:

"We, the governors of the states and territories of the United States, in conference assembled, do hereby declare our conviction that the great principle of conservation of the land, waters, forests, and minerals of the United States is one of the most important of the principles of the government of this great nation."

"It is our duty to recognize the fact that the conservation of the land, waters, forests, and minerals of the United States is one of the most important of the principles of the government of this great nation. It is our duty to recognize the fact that the conservation of the land, waters, forests, and minerals of the United States is one of the most important of the principles of the government of this great nation."

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# PERILOUS AUTO TRIP IN AFRICA

OFFICER OF GERMAN ARMY TELLS OF HAZARDOUS EXPERIENCE IN DARK CONTINENT.

## NEAR TO DEATH ON BRIDGE

Mozambi River Is Crossed by Means of Shaky Structure Made by the Natives of Sticks and Branches.

London, April 24.—(Special.)—The German army, who are clearing the coast of Africa from the east coast, to the west coast, on the Mozambi River, have had a very dangerous experience in crossing the river by means of a bridge made of sticks and branches.

Leaving Mozambi, near the mouth of the Mozambi River, we crossed the river by means of a bridge made of sticks and branches. The bridge was very shaky and we had to be very careful when crossing it.

We had to cross the bridge very carefully, and we had to be very careful when crossing it. The bridge was very shaky and we had to be very careful when crossing it.

At last we reached the other side of the river. The bridge was very shaky and we had to be very careful when crossing it. The bridge was very shaky and we had to be very careful when crossing it.

There is a kind of bridge over the river, and it is very shaky. The bridge is made of sticks and branches, and it is very dangerous to cross it.

When we reached the other side of the river, we found that the bridge was very shaky and we had to be very careful when crossing it.



Passing Over the Tattering Remnants of a Bridge.

path, the driver came to a stop. The car was very shaky and we had to be very careful when crossing it. The car was very shaky and we had to be very careful when crossing it.

We are nearly on the other side of the river. The car is very shaky and we had to be very careful when crossing it. The car is very shaky and we had to be very careful when crossing it.

The back wheels have sunk through a hole in the bridge. The front wheels are lifted upward. But by a stroke of luck in the midst of our misfortune the springs of the car have caught in the oblique planks of the bridge and it is wedged fast.

A fresh activity seizes us. We fasten a strong rope to the front part of the car. There is no time to waste. A catastrophe is still threatening us. The Lobela natives are fetched back. The bridge is repaired after a mighty effort, and the natives slowly drag the car forward. The rescue is a success.

Day after day the difficulties and obstacles increase, and we nearly lose the hope of ever reaching our goal. The car, however, has worked without one break down since we left Abor-corn. At last we see, on the hill in front of us, the village of Kasama, the buildings of the magistrate, and the African lake corporation, appearing above the green landscape.

# IN JAIL OVER YEAR, MAN IS FORGOTTEN

NO RECORD OF HIS NAME, CRIME, COMMITMENT OR TRIAL CAN BE FOUND.

Elmstown, Pa.—It would seem incredible that in this age a man could be imprisoned for more than a year in the jail of this county, in this town, not knowing himself the reason or cause of his imprisonment, his identity unknown to the county officials, and no entry reliably affecting him or his alleged offense to be found anywhere in the public records, yet it is a fact this is so.

The man, a foreigner, was recently released from jail because no ground could be found for his further detention, nor indeed for his detention at any time. He might still be in prison but there had been a change of sheriff.

The new sheriff is Peter A. Johns, having one of his late official successors.



"What Are You in Prison For?"

When the jail inmates' attention was called for some reason to this man.

What is your name? Inquired the sheriff.

"Eck Lenchack."

"What are you in prison for?"

"I don't know."

"How long have you been here?"

"More than a year."

The sheriff examined the jail register, covering a year and longer, but could not find the name of Lenchack. He did the same with the commitment books, but with equal unsuccess. Then he questioned the prisoner more closely. Lenchack could not handle English very well, but he managed to explain that all he knew about it was that he had been walking across a field in one of the cold places not far from this town when two men arrested him, took him before a magistrate and then brought him to jail.

It is the sheriff's theory that Lenchack had been committed to jail under one name, that he had got on to the jail register under another name, and on the final docket of the court under still another name, and that when the name on the trial docket was called during sessions of the court there was no prisoner to answer to it.

The poor fellow was glad to get out that his expressions of gratitude, so far as he was able to make this sentiment clear, were most pathetic. A foreigner, knowing little or nothing of the habits and customs of this country, not understanding the language, homeless, friendless, knowing no one to apply to, he had got into jail for a trivial offense. There, forgotten, unable to confide in any one even if he had wished, ignorant of how to take steps to get free, he had put in more than a year of his life in a place to which he should not, perhaps, have been sent at any time.

Stand in a Buggy and Wed.

Rochester, Pa.—John Creslip of this city and Miss Ivy Davis of Beaver, Pa., were married here the other night while standing in a buggy on the street.

The young couple met Rev. Harvey L. Grimes, who was out walking, and produced the marriage license, which the preacher read by the aid of an arc light.

There were no witnesses, and after waiting a short time Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hayes, who were out strolling, came along. They agreed to be witnesses, and while Creslip and Miss Davis stood in the buggy under the arc light Rev. Mr. Grimes performed the ceremony. Creslip and his bride then drove away.

That's What He Said.

Jones—Is that your wife on a bicycle?

Brown—It is.

Jones—I thought you said you would never permit her to ride one.

Brown—I don't permit it; but what difference do you suppose that makes to her?

# ODD CREW HANDLES SHIP.

Mixed Talent Signed as Sailors on Bark from San Pedro.

Tacoma, Wash.—In a mixed crew which brought the four-masted British bark Howard K. Troop to Tacoma, Capt. Durkee found an amazing array of talent. On his articles he has stenographers, musicians, restaurant keepers, and, in fact, many other ancient and honorable professions and occupations represented. In looking over the men he secured at San Pedro Capt. Durkee found a collection of genius that would be hard to beat. Every kind of talent was there but the kind he wanted. The Nova Scotia master asked for sailors, and out of 14 new hands there was but one who had actual experience at sea.

During the seven weeks that the four-masted lay at San Pedro discharging she naturally lost the majority of her crew, and when the vessel was ready to sail for Tacoma in ballast it was necessary to sign 14 new men. Real sailors were scarce, but there were many willing young fellows who wanted to try for experience.

In flying ash weather the new hands were all right for sweeping down decks and lighting the binnacle, but even at that the real seamen had practically all the work to do. But when the weather was more threatening the green hands were next to useless for going aloft, furling sails, or steering "full and by." If the weather had been at all heavy, Capt. Durkee says he does not know what he would have done with his crew of novitiates, and he considers his trip up the coast remarkable under the circumstances.

# PAYS LOAN OF FIFTY YEARS AGO

Chicagoan Surprises New Jersey Man Whose Father Aided Him.

New York.—William Davis of Jersey City received a call the other day from an old man who introduced himself as James O'Leary of Chicago. Mr. O'Leary said that when he came to this country from Ireland 50 years ago Mr. Davis' father, now dead, had lent him \$25 to pay his way from Jersey City to Pittsburgh, telling him to pay it back when he could spare the money.

Mr. O'Leary said he served in the civil war, after which he drifted about the west with varying fortune until 1890, when he went to Chicago and with \$20 he had saved opened a fruit stand. From that time he prospered and he is now comparatively wealthy. Recently, he said, his conscience stricken him for not repaying the loan and he came to Jersey City to look for Mr. Davis, only to learn that he was dead, but had left a son, whom he succeeded in locating after a long search.

William Davis, after satisfying himself that it was his father who had lent the money, accepted the \$25, but declined Mr. O'Leary's offer to pay interest. Mr. O'Leary said he would now a few days in New York and then go back to Chicago.

# CANARY BIRD EGGS OF SOAP.

Wise Man of Ship Crew Admits the Joke at Last.

New York.—The library steward of the White Star liner Republic prides himself on being too wise for practical jokes, but on a recent trip his shipmates entered into a conspiracy to make him a victim and the chance came at Palermo, where the librarian bought some canaries.

The plotters placed a sugar-coated almond in the cage and the steward was delighted, thinking it an egg. This made the joke keener to keep up the fun. After leaving Palermo no more almonds were to be had, but the ship's butter shaped eggs out of soap and one each day was placed in the cage until four appeared to have been laid.

The librarian installed an electric heater in his berth to keep them at the right temperature. Looking into the nest a few mornings later he found the cock canary eating sugar and almond. His astonishment was great when he cut into the other eggs and found them of soap.

The staff and even the passengers had been waiting for the denouement. He who had always been proof against tricks finally laughed with the rest and admitted that he had "got his" at last.

# Peanut in Girl's Lungs.

Owosso, Mich.—The case of the three-year-old daughter of Paul Thieda of this city is puzzling physicians. Two months ago the little girl swallowed a peanut, which lodged in her windpipe. Her life was despaired of, as it was supposed that she would die from strangulation. Fighting constantly for breath, the child survived several hours, when her breathing suddenly became easier.

The peanut had passed on into her lungs. She has been gravely ill, but her health is gradually becoming better. An operation to remove the peanut would probably be fatal. Physicians think there is a possibility of the peanut taking sprout and beginning to grow.

# MAY SUCCEED ROOSEVELT



Secretary of War William H. Taft is at present the most prominent candidate for the Republican nomination for the presidency. Secretary Taft recently sailed for Panama at the suggestion of the president to investigate several important questions in connection with the construction of the canal and the relations between the United States and the republic of Panama. The above is the latest portrait taken of the secretary.

# RICHES NEAR THE DEAD

## AMERICANS TO OBTAIN MINERAL IN MEXICAN CATACOMBS.

Bodies Stand Upright and Have to Be Moved in Search for Wealth—Robbers Once Tortured Prospectors in Vaults.

Guanajuato, Mexico.—The famous catcombs of Guanajuato will be made to yield up their dead in order that the gold and silver which lie beneath the underground chambers may be obtained by enterprising Americans, according to plans which have just been set on foot here. It was while workmen were excavating for the foundation of the new station of the Mexican Central railroad here a short time ago that a blast uncovered a vein of gold and silver ore of great richness. Two Americans, W. S. Davis and Eliza Moore, immediately acquired title to the promising mining claim. They traced the vein from the point where it was uncovered to the catcombs and thence down the hill and through the city park, which is situated in the heart of the city.

In order to get out the ore the owners of this claim will have to conduct mining operations throughout the length of the vein. The storehouse of the dead will have to be disturbed and mining carried on in the heart of the city.

The long and narrow underground chamber in which many skeletons of the more distinguished dead are kept standing long has been one of the most gruesome sights in Mexico. These skeletons were naked until a few years ago, when the municipal authorities decided that their appearance would be improved by draping the bony forms with a semblance of clothes. The effect of clothing the mummies is to add to the gruesome spectacle rather than to diminish it. At the far end of the chamber is a great pile of human bones, taken from

## GIVES RING TO MUSEUM.

Bequest Commemorates the Hero of Tripoli Exploit.

Washington.—The United States national museum has just received as a bequest from the late Stephen Decatur Smith through his son, S. Decatur Smith, Jr., of Philadelphia, a plain gold ring, formerly the property of Commodore Stephen Decatur, given him by his fellow officer, Richard Somers, at Tripoli, in 1804.

In the brilliant war against the pirates of Tripoli, who for years had preyed upon American commerce and had succeeded in capturing the American ship Philadelphia, Commodore Preble fitted the intrepid as a bomb vessel to explode in the midst of the Tripolitan fleet and cause a panic, and on the night of September 4, 1804, dispatched it on its mission in charge of Richard Somers. When it

the catcombs above and thrown indiscriminately together.

Many hair-raising tales are told of this chamber of standing mummies. According to one story, which now is little more than a legend, an American of San Antonio, Tex., who had been to the City of Mexico on a trading expedition during the time that Mexico was carrying on a war against the French invaders, was attacked by a band of robbers near Guanajuato. He carried a large sum of money, and this was taken from him. His captors believed that he was in some way identified with the French cause, and, in order to bring about his death through terrible torture, instead of killing him outright, they threw him into the chamber of the dead. It is related that the depositing of a body in the vault five days later led to his discovery and rescue. He was insane. His terrible experiences had been more than his mind could endure.

It is expected that a more modern way of caring for the dead of this city will soon be adopted. The rapid development of the mines and other industries of the territory immediately adjacent to the city is leading to many substantial improvements. Nearly all the mines are owned by Americans, and the new element of citizenship is having its influence upon the government of municipal affairs.

It will not surprise the slow-going Mexicans here if the Americans tear down the whole city in their mining operations. It was about a year ago that an American mining man discovered that the adobe blocks which were used in the construction of the buildings in the older part of the town contained much gold and silver. He purchased all the houses in that part of town and extracted the precious metals from the walls. Of course, he had to tear down the houses to do this. It is said that the American cleaned up a neat fortune by his unique stroke of enterprise.

was within 500 yards of the enemy they opened fire, a premature explosion occurred and Somers with his volunteer crew were never heard of afterwards.

An inscription on the ring reads: "Tripoli, 1804," and inside are the initials of the various owners with dates.

## Finds Diamonds in Quebec.

Toronto, Ont.—Uncut diamonds worth more than \$8,000 were seen and examined the other day at the home of John A. Mackenzie's sister on University avenue.

Mackenzie who says he has discovered a diamond field on the Notaway river in Quebec, about 400 miles north of here, refuses to indicate its exact locality, but considers the fields vastly richer than the South African mines. He was once a diamond miner at Kimberley.



## LOCAL NEWS.

L. N. Hoag tarried Sunday night enroute from Amarillo, where his teams are at work, to his home in Malaga where he visited a few days.

Burl Chaney who visited with his aunt, Mrs. J. J. Draper, while attending school during the past term departed for his home in San Antonio, Texas, last Wednesday.

Cuno Scheel of the Vineyard Stock Farm leaves in a few days for Chicago where he will purchase a large number of big mares. Mr. Scheel intends raising mules on his farm.

The ladies of St. Edwards Catholic church will hold a Market Saturday May 30th.

A. R. O'Quinn the popular candidate for probate clerk and recorder started north Monday morning by team and hack taking his bed so as to be certain to live with the people of Hope for a time.

Mrs. E. S. Mays of Tucson, Arizona, who visited her sister Mrs. L. E. Merchant the past month, departed Monday morning for El Paso, where she was joined by her sister Mrs. Chas. Mitchell, going from there to Mexico City.

The Farmers Land League of Artesia and Florence has made a contract with Messrs. McLanthen and Tracy whereby they secure the exclusive of the lands around Florence belonging to these gentlemen. The contract is made for five months.

Lena Dunn, who was caught in the tool box under the south bound way, car last Wednesday was captured and tried for stealing a suit case owned by Holly Ray and sentenced by Judge Cunningham to sixty days in jail which sentence he commenced serving last Saturday.

C. H. McLanthen departed Monday morning for Brooklyn, New York where, on May 26, he will be joined in wedlock to Miss Marie Rayroux. Both Mr. McLanthen and Miss Rayroux have a host of friends in Carlsbad who will wish them much joy and a pleasant wedding trip.

Acrey Bros. Shipped out 1,500 head of fat ewes yesterday to Kansas City, R. Ohnemus going in charge of same. While in Kansas City Mr. Ohnemus will purchase the largest stock of blacksmith goods ever brought to Eddy county being confident of a good business this coming summer and fall.

A ball game occurred in Carlsbad Sunday between a nine picked up among the railway employees and the Carlsbad nine. The railroaders showed up well and in the first five innings made nine runs to only one for the town team. But when the game closed the town boys had eleven, to twelve for the railroaders. Considerable interest was manifest in the game which proved that a good club can be gotten up in Carlsbad.

Government Engineers G. D. Kirkpatrick and F. J. Ivie came in Monday and left Tuesday for the Guadalupe and Dog canon, to inspect four townships surveyed last season by Deputy U. S. Surveyor B. A. Nymeyer. Three townships near Orange in Otero county and one township near Queen in this county. The Star stable furnished the outfit and George Bennett (colored) accompanied as driver, guide and scout.

Jacob Merle of Attica, Wyoming county, New York, who came here eight weeks ago to take treatment at the Carlsbad Inter-vein Sanitarium for tuberculosis of the glands of the neck left Wednesday morning after taking eight treatments, about four quarts of the liquid being injected into the veins of his arm coming in direct contact with the blood. He stated before leaving that he felt much better and believes he is cured.

J. W. Armstrong was in Roswell this week on legal business.

E. V. Albritton left Tuesday with 800 old cows and other mixed stuff for Kansas parties.

John W. Price the hustling candidate for assessor came down Monday from Artesia.

Mr. Frank Joyce who has been confined to his home with illness for two weeks is on the mend.

E. E. Hartshorn of the Malaga Land & Improvement Co., came in Wednesday with a bunch of land seekers.

"Tad" Huling has purchased a \$25,000.00 home in Mineral Wells Texas, where he will make his home in the future.

Allen C. Heard has been under the weather for the past week with sciatic rheumatism, requiring a cane to move about.

The ladies of the Baptist church will serve ice cream and cake on Friday May 26th from 5 to 10 p.m. at some place down town.

E. J. Boyle of Greeley, Col., has sold his stock, implements, etc., and left for Colorado after a couple of months prospecting in this vicinity.

There will be no services at the Presbyterian church on next Sunday other than the Sunday school and Young People's meeting. The pastor is out of town.

Misses Camille, Aline and Master Leslie Grantham departed yesterday for an extended visit at their old home in Corsicana, Texas, with their grand parents.

Mr. J. P. McShane's hack was badly broken Wednesday by his mules running away from a scare caused by the sprinkling wagon coming along while the team was standing in front of the Schlitz.

W. H. Jones and wife returned last Friday from an extended visit at Mineral Wells. They report having met Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Hess who are both in good health. Mr. Hess is running a wagon yard.

The Huling-Hessery and Lucas & Reynolds cattle to the number of about 1800 arrived from below the Texas line Monday and loaded 800 Tuesday for shipment to Kansas. The balance were driven to the Pickett ranch near Portales.

A couple of health seekers brothers named Lamar came in yesterday from Eastern Kansas. They will stay for health purposes.

The Electric theatre has a \$600 electric piano, besides another piano used while the pictures that are accompanied by singing are shown. This popular place of amusement is showing as good pictures as any of its kind in the cities and well deserves patronage.

Prof. Bishop, of Carlsbad who was recently elected superintendent of Artesia Public Schools for the term of 1908-9, spent a day or two in this city this week. He will move his family here as soon as his wife recovers her health, which is temporarily impaired. —Artesia Advocate.

The many friends of J. R. Creath regret very much that he has decided to move to his ranch and thereby cause a vacancy in the board town trustees. His election to the position was a unanimous choice with the people at the recent city election and he occupies the position of chairman. Mr. Creath has a farm of 320 acres, near Dayton, and his entire time and attention was demanded there. —Artesia Advocate.

FOR RENT:—Six room dwelling, water, electric light, etc., at \$15.00 per month. Enquire at this office.

ROOMS: For a couple of nice furnished rooms call at this office.

Arthur Mayfield was in town Wednesday from the mountains en-route to his father's ranch south of Van Horn where he will tarry for the summer.

## WICHITA BOOSTERS

**Bob up at the Beautiful—Came saw and Conquered—Big Smoker With Plenty of Eloquence and Cold Beer—Highly Pleased with Visit.**

The Wichita, Kansas, Commercial Club showed up on schedule time last Tuesday afternoon with not less than 100 of the bustling business men of Wichita. Nearly every line was represented in the party with the popular newspaper men Messrs. Dave Leaby of the Eagle and H. J. Allen of the Beacon in the van. About twenty rigs met the excursion train at Avalon, six miles north of town and conveyed as many of the party as desired over the works at Avalon dam, thence to town, while the balance of the party were joined on the train by several citizens who rode in on the train.

The excursionists were accompanied by the Hope, Kansas, band which was materially aided by Prof. Wells, who joined the band at Roswell. The band and party went at once to the veranda of Hotel Schlitz and gave several fine concerts, playing and singing for a couple of hours, after which the party was invited to the Commercial Club rooms and a general informal reception held.

President J. R. Joyce of the Commercial Club introduced Mayor James M. Dye, who welcomed the visitors in a neat and appropriate speech. Mr. Dye having spent the greater portion of his life only a few miles east of Wichita in Missouri, was able to talk to the visitors as if they were "home folks." He was followed by Mr. Powell of the visitors, who made a very sensible talk on the needs of both Wichita and Carlsbad and explained in a very lucid way why the two towns should become mutually interested in each other. Mr. Pratt was then introduced by President Joyce and made one of the best addresses of which he is justly famous.

Tipton Cox of the Cox-Bledgett Wholesale Dry Goods Company of Wichita, then made a few humorous remarks and was followed by J. T. Rives of Carlsbad, who paid a high compliment to Kansas and her people averring that the main hope of this section was from Kansas because the large majority of land sales now, are being made to people from the great "Sunflower" state.

Mr. Rives was followed by Henry J. Allen of the Beacon, who made the most finished oration of the evening, describing the trip in detail, besides telling why the visitors came. He said that Wichita had 146 wholesale houses and could furnish the necessities of life to the people here quicker and cheaper than any other point. His closing was a high tribute to home patriotism and love of our town and its people. When Mr. Allen closed, Capt. Bujac was called for and responded in one of the finest speeches he ever made, saying that when young he was taught to fear and despise people from Kansas, but he had gotten over all that and had learned to respect and love such men as Funston and dozens of others he knew in the Philippines. He finally likened the people of Kansas to gods and angles and brought down the house with applause and after he finished

the Kansas crowd wanted to carry him back with them he proved so strong a Kansas man.

After the speeches the crowd repaired to the buffet where Jack Bailey and Phiney Cochran, as caterers served fresh keg beer, hamburger and all the et ceteras to the people from probib Kansas and few there were who after the sweltering evening did not enjoy a glass of the ice cold German beverage, for if there is one thing a prohib generally likes it is beer.

After the reception the visitors gave three rousing cheers for Carlsbad and on a vote which was unanimous expressed themselves as having seen the prettiest town, enjoyed the best time and heard the best speeches of any point on the trip. After five hours of sight seeing and entertainment the visitors departed at 11 p. m., giving the town a farewell serenade. The next stop on the trip was at Clovis thence short stops will be made at the small towns along the Belen cut off, as far as Vaughn, thence to Santa Rosa, Dalhart and down the Fort Worth & Denver to Amarillo and over the Rock Island to Enid and back to Wichita.

### No Use to Die.

"I have found out that there is no use to die of lung trouble as long as you can get Dr. King's New Discovery," says Mrs. J. P. White of Kansas. "I would not be alive today, only for that wonderful medicine. It cures my cough quicker than anything else and cures my disease even after the case is pronounced hopeless." This most reliable remedy for coughs and colds, is gripe, asthma, bronchitis and lung trouble, is sold under guarantee at Eddy Drug store, 302 and 304 Third street.

### Notice to Stock Owners.

The town marshal wishes to notify all who have been in the habit of staking stock out, so as to be in reach of ditches or trees streets or alleys that such stock will be impounded, as though they were loose and held same until all costs are paid.

### Pondmaster's Sale.

I will sell at public auction at the town pound at 2 p. m. May 27, one old red roan horse branded lazy S on left thigh, with L cross under same.

CARL GORDON, Marshal.

### Baptist Church

Next Sunday will be observed as "Organ Day" and a special musical program has been arranged by the chorister, Mr. Gamel, for the morning service. A vocal solo will be rendered by Mrs. Cushing; a duet by Miss Mollie Draper and Mr. Chilcoat and a cornet solo by Dr. Irwin.

The pastor will preach on the subject "The Soul's Praise."

### The Life Insurance

muddle has started the public to thinking. The wonderful success that has met Ballard's Horsehold Syrup in its crusade on coughs, influenza, bronchitis and all pulmonary troubles has started the public to thinking of its wonderful preparation. They are all using it. Join the procession and down with sickness. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00. Sold by Eddy Drug Company.

### Methodist Church.

Sunday: Sunday school, 10 a. m.; preaching services, 11 a. m.; junior league, 3:30 p. m.; senior league, 7 p. m.; preaching services, 7:30 p. m.

Wednesday: Prayer meeting, 7:30 p. m.; choir practice, 8 p. m.

Thursday: Home Mission Society first Thursday in each month at 3 p. m.; choir practice, 7 p. m.

The pastor, as well as the Charity and Help Department of the League and the Home Mission Society, will be glad to learn of the whereabouts of the needy, sick or strangers.

Your horses get the best care at the Star Stables.

Mrs. W. A. Finlay was elected president and Mrs. E. McQueen Gray secretary at the meeting of the cemetery association last Friday. The cemetery is looking well this spring being in good hands.

J. H. James met with an accident Tuesday by a rubber bit breaking in the mouth of his fine Wilkes-Hambletonian driving horse. Though the horse did not run but galloped along up the street; Mr. James concluded to quit the buggy and in the jump sprained his ankle from the effects of which he is now on crutches. The horse was caught, no damage being done the rig, and taken home by Ed Toner, who brought another rig back to get Mr. James.

Jim Scanlan who was thrown from a horse near the Hendrick residence last week and from the effects of which he was laid up ten days is able to be out.

New Process Gasoline Stoves the best ever—Finlay-Pratt Hardware Company.

Mr. and Mrs. I. H. Mitchell residing west of town have a new girl at their home that arrived Tuesday.

Raymond Depew, who has been in Carlsbad a couple of years employed with the Reclamation Service left Wednesday to accept a position with the Forest service in Washington, D. C.

Cornelius Rascoe, son of Jessa Rascoe was married in Roswell to Miss Ethel J. Corn yesterday at the home of W. W. Anderson. Cornelius was born and reared here in Carlsbad.

All the latest books of fiction, romance and adventure at the Eddy Drug Co.

### An Ideal Man.

An Omaha newspaper asked its unmarried women readers the following question: "If you were to exercise your leap year privilege what kind of a man would you propose to?" An astonishing number of replies were received, and it is noteworthy that in a majority of the cases the man described has yet to be born. The prize offered for the best answer went to Miss Myrtle Rascoe, of No. 339 La Salle Street, Chicago.

Here are some of the qualifications of Miss Rascoe's ideal man:

He must be a good meal ticket provider.

He must be able to swear when the occasion demands it.

He must not stay out too many nights in the week. But he would not be forced to tell where he had been.

He must be old enough to know what life is. He can't learn too young.

He must have a face that will attract dogs and babies. Beauty is no object.

He must have just money enough to know where the next meal is coming from, and not enough so that he can live without working.

He must be an American and a gentleman. Foreign noblemen and Americans of the Thaw class need not apply.

This ideal is patterned after James Dahlmann, the "Cowboy Mayor" of Omaha. But it is not him she wants for "Jim" has been married for some time.

Miss Rascoe, who is a pretty blonde of about well she says she is past eighteen—explained why she would choose such a man. She does not want the mayor for she does not believe in taking a man from his wife, but she does believe that another just like him would be a very fit companion for her.





# Do You Know of the Wonderful Opportunities Offered at Malaga?



This is the Very Thing you Have Been Looking for -- a Home and a Piece of farm land.  
Here it is for you and on Easy Payments.

**M**ALAGA is in the heart of the Carlsbad Reclamation Project, surrounded by the most fertile lands known; has a good trade territory, north, south, east and west and is the coming trade center of its section. This is the opportune time to get in on the ground floor and take advantage of the many good offers there.

**T**HE Malaga Land and Improvement Company are offering for sale a large acreage divided into five acre (and a few larger ones) tracts and the remaining lots in the town of Malaga. One tract of land and a town lot selling for \$150.00, on ten dollar (\$10.) monthly payments.

Ask us What "Opportunity" Means.  
For Further Information Call on or Address

## Malaga Land & Improvement Company

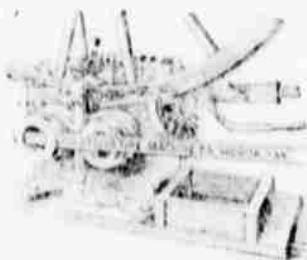
CARLSBAD,

NEW MEXICO.

### TIRES SET

By the  
**Brooks System**

SETS TIRES WHILE YOU WAIT



Without Even Scratching the Felloe

**The O. K. Shop.**

### Sulphur and Epidemic Diseases.

George T. Angell, of Boston gives testimony in regard to sulphur as a preventive of epidemic diseases. In a recent article he says:

"Grip has been widely prevailing in the United States. Many years ago, when it was widely prevailing in Boston, we sent an officer to a large match factory, who found that not a single person of all employed there had been troubled with the grip, the reason being that they were at work on sulphur. We have several times published articles on this subject, showing that in sulphur mines everybody escaped the malaria which was prevailing all about them, that in California men engaged in bleaching with brimstone fumes escaped epidemics.

Casey Young, a member of Congress from Memphis, Tennessee, assured us many years ago at Washington that when the yellow fever was raging in that

city he advised some dozen or more gentlemen in his offices to wear powder sulphur bags in their shoes, and all who took his advice escaped the fever.

It is well known that the old practice of taking sulphur and molasses in the spring would so penetrate the body as to blacken the silver coins in the pockets of the persons taking it. We wish that some of our eminent physicians would carefully investigate the advisability of wearing powdered sulphur about the body in times of epidemic diseases."

[It is reasonable to suppose that the manufacture in Mineral Point of sulphuric acid has proven a preventive of epidemic diseases here, as this community has been for many years free from epidemics of any kind. It is only when the escape of the fumes is great that vegetation is blighted.] County Democrat, Mineral Point, Wisconsin, Feb. 27, 1908.

### Catholic Services

are held regularly every Sunday at both of the Catholic churches of Carlsbad. High mass and sermon in English at 10 a. m. every Sunday. Instruction in Christian doctrine at 3 p. m. Benediction after instruction.

Mass at 7:30 a. m. every morning during week days.

Mass at 9 a. m. at the church of San Jose, for the Spanish speaking natives or others, on Sundays.

All are cordially invited to these services.

### For Sale Cheap.

Two well broken lady or gents saddle horses. P. F. COLE, Postoffice Box 244. Phone 36 A

### Stop Grumbling

If you suffer from Rheumatism or pains, for Ballard's Snow Liniment will bring quick relief. It is a sure cure for sprains, rheumatism, contracted muscles, and all pains--and within the reach of all. Price 25c, 50c, \$1.00. C. R. Smith, Tenaha, Texas, writes: "I have used Ballard's Snow Liniment in my family for years and found it a fine remedy for all pains and aches. I recommend it for pains in the chest." Sold by Eddy Drug Co.

Your horses get the best care at the Star Stables.

Don't wait for hot weather but get a New Process Gasoline range or the best oil stove made at the Finley-Pratt Hardware Co.

All the latest books of fiction, romance and adventure at the Eddy Drug Co.

### School House For Sale.

The building known as the Mexican school house in District No. 10 Eddy county New Mexico and three lots in the town of Florence will be sold at public auction May 27th at Florence, New Mexico at 2 p. m., to the highest bidder for cash. The board of directors reserve the right to reject any or all bids. The lots will be sold separately or with the building as will best conserve the interests of the district. By order of the board of directors District No. 10.

SAMUEL HUGHES,

24-4 t. Secretary.

### Good for Everybody.

Mr. Norman R. Coulter a prominent architect, in the Delbert Building, San Francisco, says: "I fully endorse all that has been said of Electric Bitters as a tonic medicine. It is good for everybody. It corrects stomach, liver and kidney disorders in a prompt and efficient manner and builds up the system." Electric Bitters is the best spring medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter, as a blood purifier it is unequalled. 50c. at Eddy Drug store.

## Been Here Always And are Here to Stay

For Honest Blacksmithing and Low Prices call at the

### OHNEMUS SHOPS

FOR we are in shape to save you MONEY. We carry the largest stock in the Pecos Valley and buy large quantities direct from Wholesale Houses.

### WE ARE ABLE

To give our customers the benefit of same.

Horse Shoeing . . . \$1.50  
Tire Setting \$3.00 to \$3.50

Wood work and all other work in proportion. Ten per cent discount for cash in thirty days. One per cent per month charged on all accounts after thirty days.

## "OHNEMUS CAN FIX IT."

R. OHNEMUS & SON.

## CHEAPER LUMBER

Owing to the recently reduced freight rates and a slight fall in the price of lumber we are able to announce a reduction in the price of lumber of from \$2.50 to \$6 a thousand. The grade is just as good as ever, the price is less. We are now able to compete with yards on the T. & P. and ask the opportunity to figure with those from the Monument locality who have been hauling from these points.

**The Groves Lumber Co.**