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Carlsbad Current and New Mexico Sun, 03-27-1908

Carlsbad Printing Co.

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The Carlsbad Current

AND NEW MEXICO SUN

SIXTEENTH YEAR

CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY MARCH, 27 1908.

NUMBER 19

CROSSES THE DIVIDE

James Chisum, Mexican War Veteran and Frontiersman, Passes Away at Artesia.

James Chisum, one of the oldest pioneers of Eddy county, died at the home of his daughter Mrs. Sally Roberts, near Artesia, March 18, of sickness resulting from exposure in the storm a year ago last fall, and old age. He was up in Dark Canon, some twenty miles or more west of Carlsbad, that were being cared for by a man to whom Mr. Chisum had let them on shares. While out with the goats a storm came up and Mr. Chisum walked all night. To a man of near eighty years this hardship and exposure was too much and he commenced to fail from that night. Mr. Chisum was born Sept. 25, 1827, in Hardeman Co., Tenn. His parents emigrated to Texas in 1840, and though only thirteen Mr. Chisum went to the Mexican war, enlisting at San Antonio and became a teamster, driving six government mules and was in all the principal battles of the Mexican war. After the Mexican war he returned to Paris, Texas, residing there until the civil war broke out in 1861, when he went to Bonham, where a camp of instruction was conducted for recruits to the confederate army. He obtained permission to drive beef cattle for the army and for four years did all he could to feed the soldiers of the Southland. After the war he resided in several portions of Texas, until 1875, when he came to live with his brother, John Chisum, at South Spring, near Roswell. The spring of 1877 he drove 3,500 head of cows to the Canadian river and brought them back in 1878. This move was taken to circumvent cow thieves who at one time rounded up 500 head in Dark Canon and drove them to the Mescalero Indian reservation, selling them for from four to five dollars per head. Mr. Chisum lost his wife by death thirty-two years ago and remained a widower until he died. Mr. Chisum was one of the most genial and pleasant men to meet. He was never gloomy or sad but always in good humor. He gave away all he possessed and only acquired property as a means to help others. For the past several years he made his home with his daughter, Mrs. Roberts, by whom he is survived also two sons, Walter and Will of Roswell. Mr. Chisum is the fourth old settler to pass away in three years, three of his old friends, R. M. Gilbert and Mr. and Mrs. Haskeil Jones preceded him.

Oasis.

Well, this little burg seems to be on the boom; everybody hustling to get in crops; the merchants, too, seem busy, and the real estate men are on the jump.

Four wagons were seen heading for town Friday, ready to jump claims; that seems to be

the topic now days.

The hotel has changed hands; the genial Mr. and Mrs. Pate are running it now. Florence Love has rented it and moved his family to his ranch.

Mr. Burks has moved his house from this range to Lovington. We will miss his ever smiling face from our street, but can find consolation in the fact that we still have the congenial and hustling Jesse Rubes to stand by us.

Mr. Wise has just finished his building, which will be used for a drug store.

Mr. Christopher, the genial sheriff, was a visitor in our rising little town some 10 days ago.

Wise and Timely Action.

When the Democrats met in convention last week and made nominations for city officers, there was more behind the movement than a mere desire to provide competent men for office. For the past three years, there has been rife in Artesia, like most live towns, a fight for supremacy in both a business and

play. When the smoke of the contest had subsided, it was seen that neither of Artesia's banks was in control, and for the first time, the old issue of bank affiliation was eliminated. Of the five men named for town trustees, two are depositors in the First National Bank and two in the Bank of Artesia, with a fifth man who does business with both institutions. Of the two school trustees nominated, one does business with the Bank of Artesia and the other was nominated by the president of the First National Bank. The man who was nominated for treasurer will, in all probability patronize the First National Bank.

The meeting was entirely harmonious, and now the old fight bids fair to be wiped out in this way. It is clearly the duty of the people of the town to support the ticket put out by the citizens last week, and not allow themselves to be used as tools to pull the chestnuts out of the fire for any private interest or institution in the town. The welfare of Artesia should be thought of and not the welfare

Toilet Goods Stand High



In importance among people of refinement. In inviting you to examine the goods offered here we are assured of your approval if you honor us with a call. We are known as dispensers of only the best.

Drugs and Medicines

When we guarantee that our toilet goods and preparations match our drugs in character it means there are no better to be had anywhere at any price.

Eddy Drug Company

Largest Drug Store in Southwest

political way between those of our citizens interested in the success of the First National Bank of Artesia and the Bank of Artesia. It is not possible at this late day to attempt to conceal the fact or to ignore the issue that has arisen. The contest has long since passed the stage where it can be considered a mere matter of business rivalry—it has become a stumbling block in the way of Artesia's progress. With the approach of the April election, the old scrap was resumed and a coterie of parties interested in one of the banks promptly came out with a slate of candidates for endorsement, and the fight was on.

Believing that this unseemly contest should be brought to an end in the name of harmony, a call was made for the democratic mass meeting last week for the purpose of naming a ticket that would, if elected, represent all interests of the town in an impartial manner. To that extent, the meeting was even a greater success than had been anticipated. Instead of a ticket being made out by a few men in a dark-lantern manner, everybody had a hand in the

of any individual or company.—Artesia Advocate.

Dry Homesteads May be 320 Acres by New Law.

The house committee on public lands has agreed to report favorably the bill introduced by Mr. Mondell to increase from 160 to 320 acres the amount of non-timbered, non-irrigable lands liable under the homestead act. The bill provides, however, that continuous residence must be had on the homestead for five consecutive years and requires a certain amount of cultivation of the soil. The law governing ordinary homestead entry on plots of 160 acres is not in any way changed by this bill whose sole object is to promote reclamation of semi-arid lands by "dry farming" in the states of California, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, North Dakota, Oregon, Utah, Washington and Wyoming, and the territories of New Mexico and Arizona. If the bill becomes a law many millions of acres of land will be made subject to enlarged homestead entry.

Rank Foolishness.

"When attacked by a cough or a cold, or when your throat is sore, it is rank foolishness to take any other kind of medicine than Dr. King's New Discovery," says C. C. Eldridge, of Empire, Ga. "I have used New Discovery for seven years and I know it is the best remedy on earth for coughs and colds, croup, and all throat and lung troubles. My children are subject to croup, but New Discovery quickly cures every attack." Known the world over as the King of throat and lung remedies. Sold under guarantee at Eddy Drug Store, 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

For Sale

At Hopedale ranch. Cane seed \$2.25 per hundred. White Wyandotte, good winter layers. Eggs \$1.00 per setting. Jersey Bull calves thoroughbred at farmers prices. W. B. Wilson, Carlsbad.

Danger of Contagion From Tuberculosis.

(By a Roswell Physician.)

Consumption is a disease of the lungs, produced by a germ which is called the tubercle bacillus. Tuberculosis of the lungs is only one of the many manifestations produced by this germ. This is the only form of the disease, however, that is of special interest to those that have the immediate care of persons suffering from the disease, as it is the only one which is in any way dangerous to the attendants. The tubercle bacillus is a very minute plant, so small that it would take more than 20,000 laid side by side, to make a row an inch long. It will grow, and does grow, when lodged in almost any part or portion of the human body. All warm blooded animals, and even some cold blooded animals, are subject to this disease.

The patient suffering from consumption is almost constantly expectorating pus, sometimes great quantities, which contains these germs in absolutely uncountable numbers, and the danger to persons who are daily coming in contact with such persons, is that the germs will be taken into the respiratory or digestive tract. Fortunately, most of us enjoy more or less immunity to this disease; that is, we have a great resisting power to the invasion of the germs. This, however, is not an absolute protection, because, if the conditions are very favorable to the growth of the germs, and our resisting power happens to be even temporarily at a low ebb, they may gain access to the lungs or alimentary tract, or to other parts of the body, where they may multiply almost without limit.

This spittle, if allowed to come in contact with clothing or the hands of attendants, may be conveyed to the mouth or the nose, by direct contact, or through the agency of food or drink, and thus be a beginning of the disease.

When a patient, having tuberculosis, coughs into the atmosphere, he throws out a fine spray, which consists of minute drops of mucus and saliva, and these drops may contain great

SQUARE DEALING

Star Pharmacy service is an untiring effort to give every customer a square deal for their money. Any store doing that deserves patronage, and deserves to win success, and will win.

How well this store has won out in its two years' business career is proof that its way of doing business is the Square Dealing way. That is, striving to give the highest quality in goods and service and all at a fair price for goods. This growth is strong evidence. We would be glad to add you to our list of customers.

THE STAR PHARMACY

THE QUALITY STORE

numbers of the germs. They will float in the atmosphere, like drops of moisture in a fog, for an indefinite time, and may be inhaled by any person occupying or passing through the room. Therefore, it behooves attendants to be extremely careful that they carefully wash their hands, after being soiled, and before eating, whether they know them to be soiled or not. Every particle of sputum should be destroyed by burning. If any of it, by any means, be deposited on the floor, the furniture, or the bed clothing, the spots should immediately be wiped up with a cloth, saturated with a solution of bichloride of mercury.

The skin and mucous membrane is a coat of mail to keep these germs out, but if there is any break in this coat of mail, which may come as a wound or as a cold, or sore throat, or a bronchitis or a tonsillitis, a door is opened through which the person may be invaded by the germs, and any nurse, who is in condition thus to become easily infected by the disease, should be, if possible, immediately removed from the neighborhood of infection. Roswell Record.

Notice to Non-Resident Defendant.

In the District Court, Eddy County, New Mexico.
Louella Bush, vs. Wm. H. Bush.
Do. Wm. H. Bush, defendant in the above cause.
You are hereby notified that there has been filed against you a suit by the above named plaintiff in the District Court for the Fifth Judicial District of the Territory of New Mexico within, and for the County of Eddy, in which Louella Bush is plaintiff and Wm. H. Bush defendant, and numbered 15 on the docket of said court.
You are further notified that the general object of said suit is to obtain a divorce from you, the defendant, you being charged in the complaint filed in said cause with having abandoned the plaintiff and having failed to support her according to your means and her station in life.
You are further notified that unless you appear in answer to this suit on or before the next tenth day of May, 1907, judgment by default will be taken against you and the allegations in the plaintiff's complaint will be taken as confessed.

The names of plaintiff's attorneys are Eugene A. Bruce and their business address is Carlsbad, New Mexico.
(Signed) E. J. Roberts, Clerk.

77 Mar-4

For Sale.

A Petaluma, California, incubator and brooder, practically new.

L. F. DIEFFENDORF, Otis, N. M.

Growing Aches and Pains.

Mrs. Josie Sumner, Bremond, Texas, writes: "I have used Ballard's Snow Liniment in my family for three years. I would not be without it in the house. I have used it on my little girl for growing pains and aches in her knees. It cured her right away. I have also used it for frost bitten feet, with great success. It is the best liniment I ever used." 25c, 50c and \$1.00. Sold by Eddy Drug Co.

The Carlsbad Current and New Mexico Sun.

Carlsbad, N. M., Friday, Mar. 27 1908

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Wm. H. Mallane, Pres.

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The Official Paper of Eddy County.

Published every Friday, and entered as second class matter at the Carlsbad, N. M. post office.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Probate Clerk and Ex-Officio Recorder

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Probate Clerk and Ex-Officio Recorder of Eddy County, subject to the action of the democratic primaries.

ARTHUR R. O'NEILL.

W. L. Baker announces that he is a candidate for the office of Probate Clerk and Recorder of Eddy County, subject to the action of the democratic primaries, June 22.

Tax Assessor

The Current is authorized to announce John W. Price, of Artesia, as a candidate for the office of Assessor of Eddy County, subject to the action of the democratic primaries.

The Current is authorized to announce J. C. McKee, of Roswell, as a candidate for the office of Assessor of Eddy County, subject to the action of the democratic primaries.

The Current is authorized to announce D. B. Hudson, of the office of Tax Assessor of Eddy County, New Mexico, subject to the action of the democratic primaries.

Sheriff

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Eddy County, subject to the action of the democratic primaries.

W. L. Baker.

Superintendent of Public Instruction

The Current is authorized to announce J. W. Price, of Artesia, as a candidate for the office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, subject to the action of the democratic primaries.

Commissioner District No. 2

The Current is authorized to announce J. W. Price, of Artesia, as a candidate for the office of Commissioner District No. 2, subject to the action of the democratic primaries.

Commissioner District No. 3

The Current is authorized to announce J. W. Price, of Artesia, as a candidate for the office of Commissioner District No. 3, subject to the action of the democratic primaries.

County Judge

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of County Judge of Eddy County, subject to the action of the democratic primaries.

Deputy Judge

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Deputy Judge of Eddy County, subject to the action of the democratic primaries.

Deputy Sheriff

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Deputy Sheriff of Eddy County, subject to the action of the democratic primaries.

Deputy Assessor

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Deputy Assessor of Eddy County, subject to the action of the democratic primaries.

LEWIS DISSATISFIED.

Mose Lewis, who was convicted at the present term of court of murder in the second degree, on charge of killing his first cousin Leland S. Terhune in Chaves county, and brought here on change of venue, is not satisfied with the verdict of the jury, evidently believing that he has been unjustly convicted and that he should have come clear and given a chrome for his dastardly deed.

He made the statement in jail to a Current reporter, that he had not been given justice and that he still clung to his original story of self-defense and that the reason he buried the body was because he was scared and did not know what to do.

On his first trial in Roswell there was a hung jury, ten of the jurors standing for the death penalty, and on the first ballot here nine of the talesmen stood for the death penalty, and finally a compromise was reached on a second degree verdict, without any recommendation for mercy from the court.

In face of being ably defended and in face of nineteen of the jurors standing for the death penalty and in face of the evidence against him, Lewis should thank his stars that he will not now be compelled to expiate his crime on the gallows and die a felon's death at the end of a rope. If he had not been ably represented he would have undoubtedly been executed ere this time.

On a conviction of murder in the second degree in New Mexico, the

presiding judge is in possession of the extraordinary and Czar-like power of sentencing the one convicted to as severe a sentence as life, or to as miserably low a sentence as three years in the penitentiary. Sentence has not been imposed in the Lewis case yet, but it is thought that Judge Pope will impose a life sentence, which, in the opinion of the Current, would be eminently proper, the jury having failed to bring in a verdict of first degree murder, which in New Mexico would only be accompanied by the death penalty.

It is high time that this cold-blooded murder business be halted in New Mexico, and the most effective stimulus to this end would be to execute a few more of the guilty ones. Elmer Price, the news butcher, who cold-bloodedly murdered Passenger Conductor Frank Curtis in Roosevelt county; Kinch Mullins, the gambler, who murdered Tony Stauffacher, a bartender at Roswell, because he refused to give him a drink, and Wm. Geaton, who murdered his well drilling partner, Henry Jones, and weighed the body down in the head of North Spring river, near Roswell, were all given life sentences in the past five years, when if they had received justice, all three of these murderers would have smelled hemp and their miserable and sin polluted bodies long ago would have returned to dust from which they came, and New Mexico and the world would be better off by their absence.

It has come to the deplorable condition of affairs in New Mexico, where it is nearly more dangerous for the criminal to steal a yearling than it is to commit cold blooded murder.

Human life is held too cheap by courts and juries.

R. T. McC.

J. A. Terhune, of Iowa Park, Texas, father of Leland S. Terhune, who was slain by Moses Lewis, who was a witness here at the second trial, is a simple and honest appearing farmer with an excellent countenance, and showed by his conversation that he is a Christian of the old school type. During the time that the jury was deliberating on the case, Terhune was approached by a Current reporter and asked if he would rather see Lewis hung or sent up for life, and he replied that if he were sure Lewis would be confined in prison for life he would rather see that sentence imposed than the death penalty. As has been stated, Terhune is the uncle of the man who murdered his son. Mrs. America Bowman, who was a witness in the case, is the mother of J. A. Terhune and is an elderly lady of evident culture and refinement. She, of course, was the grandmother of Leland S. Terhune, the deceased, but was in no way related to Lewis. Lewis is an ignorant, brutal looking pervert and must have received his criminal tendencies from the other side of the house, or they had been latent for decades or even centuries, and cropped out in this red, bushy headed specimen. When informed that Mr. Terhune did not want him hung, Lewis coolly said: "Well, he always was friendly to me."

R. T. McC.

The famous or infamous Safford the most intricate schemer of the whole gang of Otero scheming politicians, was temporary and also permanent secretary of the republican territorial convention held in Silver City last Saturday. The Albuquerque Journal in speaking of the affair says:

"A question quite a number of the delegates could not understand

was just how Safford got to be permanent secretary. He could have been temporary secretary as secretary of the central committee, but he was not a member of the convention. Of the four delegates from San Juan county, where Safford is supposed to live, two were present and A. M. Edwards, of Farmington, held the other two proxies, Safford for the first time in several years was neither a delegate nor did he have a proxy from his home county. Indeed, it is understood that the San Juan county delegates came down instructed to withhold Safford from appearing as the representative of the county. Just why this opposition to the faithful secretary of the republican territorial central committee should exist in his home county is not plain, but that it does is evident."

Can it be possible the people of Safford's own county have learned his inclinations toward intricate politics, and realizing that his methods cannot last have turned him down? When the republican party can offer no better or cleaner grafter than Safford for territorial auditor it is time the party was reorganized.

The republican territorial convention met in Silver City last Saturday and turned a deaf ear to the mention of the name of Bull Andrews, so it is not likely that he will be nominated to succeed himself. The six delegates to the national republican convention to which two only are allowed, are Judge A. B. Fall of El Paso, Ex-Governor Otero, T. B. Carron, Major Llewellyn, C. A. Speiss and Bursum of Socorro. The national committee only gives the republicans two delegates from New Mexico, but they, with true whole hog republican proclivities, have elected six.

The matter of a mistrial in the Mitchell case is of but small consequence so far as Mitchell is concerned, for with several other indictments hanging over him, he will not be a free man for some time to come. That the sheep were stolen was proved, also that Mitchell knew they were in the flocks run by him, so the eight men who voted for conviction were no doubt right. That something must be done to put a break on theft in Eddy county is admitted by all honest men, for only one-tenth of the thieves are ever discovered, let alone convicted. Many law abiding people in this county now favor the proposition of eight jurors finding a verdict, especially against thieves.

Double Wedding at Artesia.

David M. Cogdell and Miss Nellie Turknett were married at 4:30 Wednesday morning at the home of Rev. E. E. Mathis in Artesia. Mr. Albert Kline and Miss Lida Carson were also wedded at the same time and place. Mr. Cogdell is in the well drilling business and has resided in or near Artesia about four years. Miss Turknett is the daughter of J. W. Turknett, the popular county commissioner and sheep man and who also owns the largest artesian well in the valley and has resided here twenty-five years. Miss Carson is a daughter of W. M. Carson, and was brought up in Eddy county, her parents having resided for a time in the Guadalupe, then moving near Artesia and are now residents of Hope. Both couples took the early morning train for the north on a short wedding trip.

Six-room cottage, close in, all conveniences, nicely furnished, stables, sheds etc. Electric lights and water. Will rent for the summer. Address Box 37.

BEST RESULTS

Will reward your efforts if you use **BAT GUANO** in your field, yard or garden. We are Carlsbad sales agents for the famous Bat Guano mined by the El Paso Guano and Fertilizer Co. of Carlsbad, N. M., and can make prompt deliveries.

Matheson & Little

THE ICE, FEED, FUEL AND BOTTLING MEN

CARLSBAD, N. M. PHONE 79

The Bank Saloon,

Drop in when in town and we will convince you

We Keep NOTHING BUT THE BEST WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS.

AT REASONABLE RATES

Simpson & Co. Proprietors. Phone 14

COMPARISON OF THE ADMINISTRATIONS

The above table compares the expenditures for the year of the Thornton administration with the expenditures for the year of the Otero administration. The figures are taken from the annual reports of the respective administrations. The figures are given in dollars and cents. The figures are given in dollars and cents. The figures are given in dollars and cents.

OTERO'S ADMINISTRATION		THORNTON'S ADMINISTRATION	
GOVERNMENT OFFICE		GOVERNMENT OFFICE	
Contingent expenses	\$2,000.00	Contingent expenses	\$500
Private secretary	1,500.00		
Messenger	100.00		
Total	\$3,600.00	Total	\$500
SOLICITOR GENERAL'S OFFICE		SOLICITOR GENERAL'S OFFICE	
Salary solicitor or atty. general	\$3,000	Salary	\$2,000
Assistant	600		
Stenographer	1,200		
Total	\$4,800	Total	\$2,000
AUDITOR'S OFFICE		AUDITOR'S OFFICE	
Auditor's salary	\$3,000	Auditor's salary including clerk	\$3,000
Clerk's hire	1,000		
Total	\$4,000	Total	\$3,000
TREASURER'S OFFICE		TREASURER'S OFFICE	
Salary	\$2,400	Salary, including clerk hire	\$2,500
Clerk hire	1,200		
Total	\$3,600	Total	\$2,500
OFFICE OF SUPT. OF INSTRUCTION		OFFICE OF SUPT. OF INSTRUCTION	
Salary and incidentals	\$2,400	Salary and incidentals	\$2,500
Assistant	1,800		
Printing and contingent expenses	400		
Total	\$4,600	Total	\$2,500
TRAVELING AUDITORS OFFICE		TRAVELING AUDITORS OFFICE	
Salary	\$2,400		
Clerk	1,200		
Contingent expenses	1,800		
Inefficiency	671.90		
Total	\$6,071.90		
GAME WARDEN		GAME WARDEN	
Salary	\$1,800	Appointed in several counties and allowed fees for arrest	
Incidentals	500		
Total	\$2,300		
BUREAU OF IMMIGRATION		BUREAU OF IMMIGRATION	
Printing and incidentals	\$4,000	Board of five members without compensation to appoint a secretary at a salary of	\$500
Secretary	1,000		
Total	\$5,000	Total	\$500
MOUNTED POLICE		MOUNTED POLICE	
Salary	\$12,000		
Incidentals	1,200		
Total	\$13,200		
IRRIGATION COMMISSION		IRRIGATION COMMISSION	
Engineer	\$2,000	Five citizens to be appointed, no compensation except expenses, no railroad fare as all held passes	
Incidentals	300		
Six commissioners at \$8 per day and \$5 expenses for 100 days	7,800		
Total	\$10,100	Total	Hotel Bills
COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC LANDS		COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC LANDS	
Commissioner	\$2,500		
Clerk hire	2,000		
Board of control, same as Irrigation board, 6 at \$8 per day and expenses, say for 100 days	4,800		
Total	\$9,300		
INSURANCE COMMISSIONER		INSURANCE COMMISSIONER	
Salary of commissioner	\$2,400		
Expenses exclusive of salaries	1,200		
Office furniture, etc.	1,200		
Total	\$4,800		

CITY OR TOWN LIFE?

Tommy Wilkins Tries Both and
Prefers Stringville.

A TALE OF TRUE CONDITIONS

How a Youth From a Small Town In-
vaded Chicago With Tall Notions.
Things Not What They Seem From
Distance That Lends Enchantment.

This is just the simple little story of
the going up and the coming down of
Tommy Wilkins. No matter where he
lives. You have known youths exact-
ly like Tommy. You will recognize in
Tommy some old acquaintance.

Tommy Wilkins lived in a small
town until he was lured away. Vi-
sions of vast wealth and the blowing
in thereof lured him. The small town
had no amusements such as horse rac-
ing, pool, selling places, big league
baseball games, not even a hockey
club; but, after all, it had its com-
pensations. There was the lively lit-
tle main street, with the general stores,
the printing office, the bakery and other
places of business. Then there were
the quiet residential streets, bordered
with trees that almost overlapped their
leaves in summer time, with pretty
green lawns all around the houses.
The residences themselves were com-
fortable and cozy, with lots and lots
of fresh air circulating around and
through them and plenty and plenty
of God's unadulterated light pouring
in through the windows. In front
were porches with rustic chairs.

In one of these cozy cottages dwelt
Tommy Wilkins with his parents and
two younger brothers and a sister.
Sister was a little older than Tommy,
who was just twenty and feeling im-
portant enough for that. Sister was
engaged to the head clerk in the
& Brown's general store, who earned
\$20 a week.

"Chuck him, sis," said Tommy Wil-
kins. "You just wait about a year, and
I'll find you a man to fall in love with
who'll be worth your while. I'm going
to Chicago to live, I am. I'm tired of
clerking in Hart's grocery store for 20
per, and I'm going where the big op-
portunities are."

Sister laughed softly.
"In about a year, Tommy," said sister
in a sisterly way, "you can come
back here and board with Ned and me.
We won't charge you a cent till you
get your old job back or something else
to do."

"Huh!" ejaculated Tommy Wilkins
who made off next day for Chicago.

Tommy did better in Chicago right
from the start. He got a job in a dry
goods store at \$12 a week. Of course
his \$9 at home wasn't the worst in the
world, for his parents had boarded him
free. In Chicago, of course, it cost
him \$7.50 a week for board—a tiny hall
bedroom at the top of the house, rear
without heat and practically without
light and air by reason of the amazing
closeness of similar buildings. But
then Tommy had \$4.50 left over to
pay car fare, buy standup lunches at
the football rush hash joints, purchase
clothes with which to shine in society,
buy theater tickets, play the races and
—but, come to think of it, no use to
mention baseball, for Tommy never
had time to attend a game.

Then, again, Tommy really needed no
money for fine clothes, because he had
no use for fine clothes. He knew any-
body in the city except his hand-
some, who smiled upon him just once a week
—for \$7.50 per suit. True, he did
know, so to speak, the lady across the
table, who worked in De Smith's de-
partment store as "head saleslady" in
\$11 a week, but Tommy didn't like the
De Smith person. She had spoken to
him just once. She had said across the
table:

"Where are you from, Mr. Wilkins?"
"Wilkins," corrected Tommy; "Wil-
kins. I'm from Stringville."

"What are you doing in the city?"
"Clerking at Solomon & Isaacs,"
replied Tommy, swelling with manly
pride.

"Huh! You'd better go back to
Stringville," commented Miss De
Smith, scooping up the final stewed
prune from her dinner dessert.

"Go back to Stringville," Tommy
mentally echoed as he climbed the
three flights of stairs to his cell on
the top tier. "Well, anyhow, I did get
something to eat there that didn't give
me the feeling of being stuffed full of
baked hay. And I wore pretty good
clothes there, with fair prospects of
getting a new suit when I needed one
and I had friends there—yes, friends!
There's 2,000,000 people in this burg,
but not a single, solitary one of 'em
cares a red copper for Tommy Wil-
kins."

Tommy had been in Chicago eight
months and had saved \$8, the price of
a ticket to Stringville, when one Sat-
urday night after paying his board he
received a letter from sister some-
thing like this:

Dear Tommy—If you think Ned is good
enough for me, we'll be married next
Wednesday noon in the Methodist church.
Bring some of your high life friends down

and attend the wedding, won't you? And
Ned says, if you will accept, he'll get you
a job in the store at \$12 a week, and we
won't charge you but \$3 for board.

The only reason Tommy Wilkins
didn't wire his acceptance was that he
needed all of his cash on hand to buy
the railroad ticket. When he got back
to Stringville he remarked confidently
to his sister:

"There is high life in Chicago, sis,
but it's so plagued high that it is not
visible to the naked eye of ten out of
1,000 young fellows who go up there
to try high. Stringville life looks love-
ly to me."

MODEL VILLAGES.

Excellent Plan Followed by a Mining
Settlement in France.

Consult. H. Albert Johnson in a re-
port from Liege gives details of a min-
ing enterprise in Belgium, one of
which is planning to establish a model
mining village, and has engaged an
engineer in charge of a
mining plant at Bettone, in France,
concerning which the consul writes:

"These French mines employ a
force of some 8,000 workmen. They
possess 2,000 workmen's dwellings,
that are rented to the miners at from
\$1.15 to \$1.54 a month. The houses
with gardens attached, are arranged
in attractive villages, with broad
streets and boulevards. Churches and
schools have been built. The water
supply, sanitary arrangements and the
electric light plant are all of the most
modern and up to date class.

"A visit to Bettone proved highly
satisfactory to the officials of the Lie-
ge region and has tended to
strengthen their determination to
building up their new organization to
follow as closely as possible the model
set by the French mines. Thus, ac-
cording to the plan, this new mining
settlement in the Campine will be
most beneficial innovation, and instead
of the hitherto insanitary conditions,
they of houses, placed one against the
other without either symmetry or de-
sign, the new mining village will pre-
sent an attractive and orderly col-
lection of neat cottages, grouped on the
land and broad streets, with a plen-
tiful supply of good water and the
most advanced system of electric light-
ing and sanitary appointments."

Nevel Road Marker.

It is very annoying to have grocer-
wagons and other vehicles spoiling the
avenue by cutting off the corners of the
drive, and many people use with-
washed stones at intervals to warn
drivers not to come too close to the
grass. However, these are not pleas-
ing objects. A novel plan patented
by a gentleman in Lawrence, N. Y.,
is worth considering, says the New
York Herald. Three or four plates
were planned together in such a way
as to have a private drive, and it is
entirely necessary to have something that
would indicate by night where the
road was that led to this gentleman's
house. To save the expense of a high
post and artificial light he planted
white birch trees which is fairly con-
spicuous except on the darkest night
and serves all practical purposes, as
well as a more expensive and beau-
tiful light.

RAILWAY BEAUTY SPOTS.

Phlox and Hydrangeas For Stations.
Blue Grass For Right of Way.

One of the good things for which
people have to thank the railroads is
the progress they are making in beau-
tifying their right of way.

It is the practice of the Pennsylvania
as Moody's Magazine points out,
to surround its passenger stations with
little parks with terraces and grace-
fully curving paths and roadways. To
care for these station parks is part of
the duty of the maintenance of way
department, just as it is to keep the
rails and ties in good order. Flowers
and shrubbery are planted in artistic
plots, and gardeners keep them fresh
and flourishing.

At a station on the Long Island rail-
road, which is a subsidiary of the
Pennsylvania, 900 trees and shrubs
besides beds of phlox and hydrangeas
were set out in 1907. For another sta-
tion on the Long Island railroad 425
shrubs and twelve trees have been
ordered of the so-called perennials and
evergreens.

In the open country, too, far from
towns, the Pennsylvania has adopted
the policy of making its right of way
pleasant to look at. Slopes of unsightly
rock or dirt are transformed into
green terraces.

Henceforth the standard roadbed
when the tracks are in a cut, will in-
clude the sodded slopes. Blue grass
used for sodding will prevent the ero-
sion which has given engineers so
much trouble in times past. In help-
ing to solve the drainage problem the
grass is even more useful than it is
ornamental.

Listen

and remember the next time you suf-
fer from pain—caused by damp
weather—when your head nearly
bores from neuralgia—try Ballard's
Snow Liniment. It will cure you. A
prominent business man of Hempstead,
Texas, writes: "I have used your

liniment. Previous to using it I was a
great sufferer from Rheumatism and
Neuralgia. I am pleased to say that
now I am free from these complaints.
I am sure I owe this to your liniment."
Sold by Eddy Drug Co.

See A. J. Crawford.

For two phaetons, one double
buggy, harness, saddle, ensilage
cutter and finest horse in town.

We have 480 acres 9 miles west
of Carlsbad; patented land, with
fine dam and reservoir and indi-
vidual irrigating plant, fine land,
four room frame dwelling, all
tillable land. Price \$12,000, half
cash, balance one, two and three
years. The finest fruit land in
New Mexico.

Holloway Land Co.

Choice Eggs! Choice Eggs!

One dollar per setting. Pure
bred Single Comb White Leg-
horn. The Breed that lays, the
Breed that pays. Hopedale
ranch. MABEL E. WILSON.

Sweet potato plants ready
April 1st. Roswell Seed Co.

The Artesia News is authority
for the statement that an inde-
pendent ticket will mix things
with the democrats in Eddy
county this year, it stating that
the people of all parties will be
invited to join in the movement.

This now appears to be the best
course to pursue, and the result
will be watched with interest.
The democratic party has had
complete possession of Eddy
county so long that many of the
common herd have tired out,
whether to the point of voting
anything except the Democra-
tic ticket remains to be seen.

Roswell Register Tribune.

If anybody should have the
temerity to trot out such a head-
less, fatherless ticket as is de-
scribed above, we would like to
know who will have the temer-
ity to vote it? Certainly no
"staunch" republican would
throw down his colors and vote
it, and we know that there is
not a "true blue" democrat in
Eddy county who could by any
amount of argument, or persua-
sion be drawn into such a con-
glomerated mess. "The demo-
cratic party has had complete
possession of Eddy county" and
it going to keep it, notwithstand-
ing the frantic efforts of a few
outsiders to create dissensions.
Every democrat in the county
will vote the democratic ticket,
and we hope that the republi-
cans will vote with their party,
unless they can be made to see
the extreme error of their way
and fall in with the Democrats.
—Lakewood Progress.

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FOR COUGHS
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GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY
OR MONEY REFUNDED.

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Good Alfalfa Seed Good Cane Seed

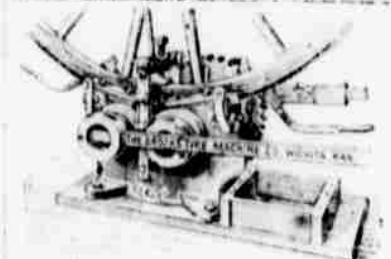
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TIRES SET

By the

Brooks System

SETS TIRES WHILE YOU WAIT



Without Even Scratching the Felloe.

The O. K. Shop.

A Dollar Saved Is a Dollar Earned

You will always save money
by dealing with people you
can trust.

The Old Reliable

Is at the same stand that
he was years ago, and
with a few things when you
want clothes
CLEANED, REPAIRED OR MADE TO FIT

JACOB J. SMITH.

Carlsbad Dairy

Pure Jersey Milk
and Cream Deliv-
ered to all parts of
the city

J. O. Wersell, Prop'r.

Eggs! Eggs! Eggs!!!

Now ready from best bred to
lay strain of pure bred Buff
Rocks. Eggs per setting of fif-
teen, \$2. Pullets from 8 to 12
months old, \$1.50. Cockerels
same age, \$2. Express prepaid
on stock or eggs to points on P.
V. Ry.

Mrs. O. E. Nicky,
Artesia, N. M.

HOW THE WOMEN CAN HELP

Commercial Salvation of Home Town Is "Up to" Them.

This buying of catalogue houses and through soap outlets is a bad that has grown up in the commercial garden like a rank weed. It grows and flourishes because there was no attempt made to keep the garden clear of such growths, writes Silas Treadwell in Maxwell's Tattler. People have been so busy about other things that they simply forget the obligations they are under to their neighbors and to themselves as a community. And ever since there has been a marked awakening to the need for civic improvement, for building up the industrial and ethical interests of the home town, the workers seem to have overlooked the most important feature of it all, the protection of the retail trade of the home merchant.

The women's clubs all over the country have been doing a remarkable work in molding public sentiment along right lines. They have been leaders in movements for beautifying the home, the streets and the town. They have led the fight for better sanitation and in many localities are a potent force for honesty in municipal affairs. But as yet they have not taken up the protection of the life of the home town, in which the success of all their other measures must depend.

Ladies, are you doing your trading at home? I don't mean all of it, but so much of it as you can. Before you send to the city are you giving your home merchant a chance to sell to you or to send and get what you want? You want this merchant's help to make your home town a better place to live in. Now and then you want a donation of \$5, \$10 or \$25 for a worthy purpose. It may be the building of a church or the establishment of a hospital, or it may be the parking of a street. Are you doing all in your power to help this merchant in his business so that he may be able to give to these worthy objects? Are you advising your friends to trade at home even if you can save a dime by sending away, or do you belong to a soap club and get your teas, your sugar, your coffee and a thousand other things

sent you by mail and express? Have you a collection of catalogues in your house to which you go when you want a rug or a piece of furniture? Are you a premium fiend? Are you always trying to get something for nothing? You will never get it. But that does not matter. While you are trying you are the worst possible enemy your own community has. You are false to your first civic duty. And all that you may do toward the improvement of your home town will be futile as long as the lifeblood is being drawn away.

TEN MILES OF POPPIES.

Decorative Plan For a Suburban Town in California.

Ten miles of street borders in Arlington Heights, Cal., were planted to poppies and sweet peas last fall by a fruit company. Half a ton of poppy seed of different varieties and almost as much sweet pea seed were sown along the margins of the Arlington Heights orange groves, between the palms and other tropical street trees, and as the season advances the drives will show a riot of color.

This decorative feature is the idea of James Mills, manager of the land department of the company. Last year Mr. Mills imported poppy seed from France at a cost of \$2.50 an ounce and harvested the seed at the end of the season for this year's planting.

In addition to the large number of trees already planted along the streets in Arlington Heights, 4,000 palms have been set out this year, bordering all of the principal streets not already planted. Three thousand are of the Washingtonia robusta species, and the others are of the canariensis variety. Three thousand more are in the nursery for next year's planting.

Tree Planting Club.

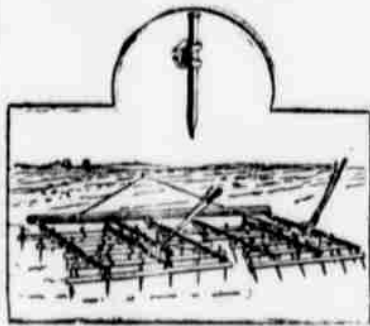
Realizing the value of trees to a town, not only as a means of beautifying it, but also as health producers, John Greer of Waycross, Ga., has organized a forestry club, which is already doing a splendid work, says a Tifton (Ga.) special dispatch to the Atlanta Constitution. Going to a picnic during the summer, he suffered in health and realized it was the lack of

Seed Sowing is in Order.

GOOD SEED properly put in the ground insures a crop in the Pecos valley.



We sell the kind and quality of seed that the Pecos valley farmer should have and also the best tools that can be found for putting in the seed and handling the crop.



THIS SIXTY TOOTH STEEL Harrow is as indispensable to the farm as the land itself. Strong and WELL MADE.

OUR PRICE IS . . . \$15.00

TRACY-ROBERTS HDW. CO.

IF you think a minute, you'll realize that as many people see your back as your front. The cut of your coat, the hang of it, the way it fits the back--you can't see it yourself, but a lot of other people can.

You want it right; and we offer you the goods that will make it right. They're made by

Hart Shaffner & Marx and there are no better clothes made. We show you here the back of one of our Varsity models; very smart; look that way on you.

This store is the home of Hart Shaffner & Marx clothes

E. HENDRICKS
DRY GOODS COMP'Y.



Copyright 1908 by Hart Shaffner & Marx

trees on the road returning home. He wrote letters to friends and suggested the organization of the forestry club. The first act of the members has been to plant 210 trees fifty feet apart on all the roads leading out from Waycross. The sycamore tree is the easiest of growth and is the one now being planted by the club. It is the intention of Mr. Greer to push the movement into the adjoining counties.

GOOD ROADS-LORE.

How Even a Few Improved Highways Help the Farmer.

Mathematical good roads lore and the farmer's welfare are thus treated by W. Pierrepont White in the Outlook Magazine.

Railroad officials state that in a fairly level country, such as Indiana or Ohio, a steam railroad will have sufficient freight to haul to make it a safe financial investment if it receives the freight produced from the farms for a distance of five miles on either side of the steam road and the road is long enough. In other words, steam roads in rich agricultural sections are profitable investments if located ten miles apart and will not disastrously interfere with the business of each other in securing local freights. The cost of transportation on dirt roads is figured, at \$2.50 for the hauling of one ton ten miles, or a cost of 25 cents per ton per mile, and by improving the highways with gravel or macadam and establishing proper grades each wagon in place of carrying one ton will be enabled to carry with the same team three or four tons in less time than the one ton was formerly carried the ten miles to market, and that, too, for the same price of \$2.50 for the haul, thus reducing the cost to 6 or 8 cents per ton per mile. The following table shows the cost of hauling product five miles, which gives readily to the eye the reason why a longer haul than five miles is not profitable unless the product hauled is of a greater than ordinary value to the usual product carried:

It will haul a ton—	Cost per mile.
5 miles on a common road.....	25
12 1/2 to 15 miles on a well made stone road.....	41
25 miles on a trolley road.....	56
25 miles on a steam railway.....	66
1,000 miles on a steamship.....	60012

It can be mathematically demonstrated and actually shown to the eye by the use of highway maps that the improvement of from 8 per cent to 10 per cent of the total highway mileage of a state, being the main highways which follow the natural valleys or are artificially established in level sections, will when improved leave no farm farther away than five miles from the main highways. Therefore the improvement of a comparatively small percentage of the total mileage is of a certain and positive value to the entire agricultural interests of the state, and it is proper that these roads should be built and maintained at state expense as rapidly as may be permitted without the creation of a burdensome tax rate upon the people.

Methodist Church.

Sunday: Sunday school, 10 a. m.; preaching services, 11 a. m.; junior league, 3:30 p. m.; senior league, 7 p. m.; preaching services, 7:30 p. m.

Wednesday: Prayer meeting, 7:30 p. m.; choir practice, 8 p. m.

Thursday: Home Mission Society first Thursday in each month at 3 p. m.; choir practice, 7 p. m.

The pastor, as well as the Charity and Help Department of the League and the Home Mission Society, will be glad to learn of the whereabouts of the needy, sick or strangers.

Exposure.

To cold draughts of air, to keen and cutting winds, sudden changes of the temperature, scanty clothing, undue exposure of the throat and neck after public speaking and singing, bring on coughs and colds.

Ballard's Horehound Syrup is the best cure. Mrs. A. Barr, Houston, Texas, writes: "One bottle of Ballard's Horehound Syrup cured me of a very bad cough. Sold by Eddy Drug Co."

Just received a big shipment of late books of romance, storied history and adventure. Eddy Drug Co.

Catholic Services

are held regularly every Sunday at both of the Catholic churches of Carlsbad. High mass and sermon in English at 10 a. m. every Sunday. Instruction in Christian doctrine at 3 p. m. Benediction after instruction.

Mass at 7:30 a. m. every morning during week days.

Mass at 9 a. m. at the church of San Jose, for the Spanish speaking natives or others, on Sundays.

All are cordially invited to these services.

It Does the Business.

Mr. E. E. Chamberlain, of Clinton, Maine, says of Bucklen's Arnica Salve: "It does the business; I have used it for piles and it cured them. Used it for chapped hands and it cured them. Applied it to an old sore and it healed it without leaving a scar behind." 25c at Eddy Drug Store.

All the latest books of fiction, romance and adventure at the Eddy Drug Co.

Quick Meal gasoline stoves for sale by Tracy-Roberts Hardware Co.

60 section ranch in Texas. Plenty water, fine grass land, one-half or two-thirds tillable. Goes at \$25,000 in 30 days from Feb. 14, 1908. One-fourth cash, balance time.

Holloway Land Co.

Your horses get the best care at the Star Stables.

Presbyterian Church.

Sunday School - - - 10 a. m.
Divine Service - - - 11 a. m.
Christian Endeavor - - 7 p. m.
Evening Service - - - 7:30 p. m.

Jack for Sale.

A fine Maltese Jack fourteen and a half hands high. 12-4 John Nevinger.

A Higher Health Level.

"I have reached a higher health level since I began using Dr. King's Life Pills," writes Jacob Springer, of West Franklin, Maine. "They keep my stomach, liver and bowels working just right." If these pills disappoint you on trial, money will be refunded at Eddy Drug Store, 25c.

There should be a pocket edition automobile that the chauffeur could chuck into one pocket of his overcoat while he pulled his snowshoes out the other. Equipped with the arch boots he could sail nimbly along sliding down inclined places and toiling up the hills. But the main point is that he would make progress, however slow. Automobiles are too cumbersome. It is all right for them to have weight, if the owner is going to patronize the boulevards exclusively. Still, in an ordinary emergency, say perhaps he could get away with fenders, hub and rail; but when there is fog or snowstorm and he wants to transport the machine to the nearest repair shop on his shoulder its weight is a serious handicap.

Trinidad, Colo.—While attempting to be released, to prevent James Hissick, a bartender in a saloon at Thown from shooting a stranger because the latter had objected to the amount of foam in a glass of beer, Edward James was late Saturday night shot in the left breast just above the heart, the bullet striking downward and causing death five hours later. Immediately after the shooting Hissick was arrested, taken before a justice of the peace and released on \$500 bonds. When Hissick learned that James had died, he came to Trinidad and surrendered himself to the sheriff.

In the suburbs of one of our great cities recently a new resident stopped in front of his neighbor's gate and inquired of the boy swinging thereon:

"Is your pa home, sonny?"

"No, sir," replied the lad. "He went up the road a piece."

"Gone afoot?"

"No, about a mile."—Judge's Library.

An Albuquerque dispatch of the 18th inst. says: Charles Mehan, employed for several years in the local postoffice, in various capacities, was indicted by the United States grand jury here today on the charge of embezzlement from the mails. Mehan, who was a trusted employee, is charged with stealing several hundred dollars from letters and destroying the letters. Decoy letters were sent by postoffice inspectors. The officers claim that Mehan has confessed.

Two persons were killed outright and three others seriously if not fatally injured at Las Tanos, on the El Paso & Southwestern railway in Guadalupe county, March 19th, by an explosion of seven sticks of dynamite which were being thawed in a stove. The dead are: Teodoro Chaves, aged fifty; Edward Velvarie, aged fifteen. J. W. Seawright was so badly injured that it is not believed he can recover, and A. B. Seawright and Emilio Crespan were seriously injured. The house was wrecked by the force of the explosion.

NATION NEEDS POSTAL BANKS

POSTMASTER GENERAL MEYER WRITES LETTER TO SENATOR GUGGENHEIM.

DESCRIBES HIS PLAN

QUOTES STATISTICS OF OTHER COUNTRIES AND ENLARGES ON VALUE TO THE PEOPLE.

Washington.—Senator Guggenheim has been making careful inquiry into the proposed plan of establishing government postal savings banks. In the course of his investigation Senator Guggenheim called upon Postmaster General Meyer for a brief statement of his views upon the proposed legislation and in response recently received the following:

"My Dear Senator—I am presenting for your consideration the proposition for the establishment of postal savings banks.

"In foreign countries such banks have been in satisfactory operation for many years. In illustration of the extent to which they are resorted to by the people, and their growing popularity, the following table based upon a message from the President to the House of Representatives (Eighty-ninth Congress, second session) has been compiled:

GREAT BRITAIN.		
Year	Number of depositors	Deposits
1885	8,400,000	\$176,400,000
1890	10,000,000	\$200,000,000
1904	12,000,000	\$240,000,000
FRANCE.		
1885	2,000,000	\$100,000,000
1890	3,000,000	\$150,000,000
1904	4,000,000	\$200,000,000
GERMANY.		
1885	1,000,000	\$50,000,000
1890	2,000,000	\$100,000,000
1904	3,000,000	\$150,000,000
ITALY.		
1885	500,000	\$25,000,000
1890	1,000,000	\$50,000,000
1904	2,000,000	\$100,000,000
JAPAN.		
1885	100,000	\$5,000,000
1890	200,000	\$10,000,000
1904	500,000	\$25,000,000

"There are three primary results which should be attained by the establishment of postal savings banks: (1) The forming of habits of economy and thrift by the great mass of people. (2) The providing of a place entirely above suspicion for the deposit of funds. (3) The bringing into circulation of vast sums of money now hoarded here or sent out of the country by foreigners.

"While there are many communities in the eastern states fortunately situated as to banking facilities, statistics indicate that of the \$1,500,000,000 deposited in savings institutions throughout the United States, the combined holdings of thirty-five states are but 8 per cent of the total. There are, therefore, great numbers of our people who are practically without banking facilities. Indeed, it is found that in the South the average distance from the postoffice to the nearest savings bank is thirty-three miles; in the states west of the Rockies, fifty-five miles.

"There can be no question as to the advisability of encouraging the foreigners within our borders to make such disposition of their savings that some benefit may accrue to the communities in which they are employed. Most of these people come from countries in which postal savings banks have long been established, and they have little confidence in any depository for savings which is not absolutely vouched for by the government. In the fiscal year ended June 30, 1907, money orders amounting to \$71,080,711.06 left this country. In the calendar year 1907, \$91,822,716.04, to replenish foreign coffers; and in addition many millions were undoubtedly sent through the agency of banks and express companies.

"The rate of interest is variable, not only in different countries, but in different years in the same country, as indicated below:

"Great Britain—Interest is allowed on deposits at the rate of 2 1/2 per cent per annum. No interest is paid on any sum in excess of \$200.

"France—The rate of interest paid is 2 1/2 per cent per annum.

"Belgium—Interest is paid at the rate of 3 per cent per annum on

deposits up to 2,000 francs and 2 per cent per annum on the excess.

"Italy—The interest paid has averaged under 3 per cent. No interest is paid on any sum in excess of 2,000 lire, and the rate is determined each year by the minister of finance.

"Canada—The rate of interest is 3 per cent per annum.

"Japan—Since the postal savings bank system was established in 1875, the lowest rate of interest paid was 3 1/2 per cent per annum, and the highest rate 7 1/2 per cent per annum. The present rate is 5 1/2 per cent per annum. The average amount of deposits allowed to each depositor is 1,000 yen, about \$198.

"The rate of interest which the department has recommended, 2 per cent per annum, is evidence that it is not the intention to go into the banking business or to compete with existing savings institutions which pay, in a great many instances, 4 per cent per annum. On the contrary, it is proposed to redeposit the money which is brought to the postoffice in national banks in the locality where it is first received, thus making it immediately available for the financial and business transactions of the community to which it properly belongs.

"The character of the immigration to this country is undergoing a rapid and significant change. This is a subject for serious consideration, and one which has important bearing on the matter under discussion.

"The expense to the government in connection with the operation of postal savings banks would not be great. In Canada, where \$165,000,000 have been received and returned to depositors in the last thirty-five years, and where at present about \$9,000,000 are on deposit, the total expense to the central establishment at Toronto is given as \$6,000 annually. Outside of that city the work incident to the system is included in the duties of regular postal employees. In the United States this work could be performed in money order offices by the clerks handling such orders, and it is not believed that additional employees would be needed in any of the offices.

"The system proposed contemplates the daily reporting deposits to the postmaster general, who would acknowledge receipt directly to the patrons. The maximum amount which would be received from any individual is placed at \$500. Postal savings deposits would not be liable to demand, seizure, or detention under legal processes against the depositor.

"As the Postoffice Department (government) is a preferred creditor, it would not demand collateral from the banks in the way of bonds. There would be the safeguard of the comptroller of the currency reporting regularly on the standing of the banks that are used as depositories, and the double liability of the stockholders of the national banks would be an additional assurance of the security of the deposits.

"The claim is made that instead of injuring present financial institutions it would be a great benefit and would strengthen their position. Any depositor who at present has dealings with a savings bank, and is getting 4 per cent interest, would not take his deposit away and thereby reduce his income one-half to place it in the postoffice. The individual who opens an account with a national or state bank or trust company has the advantage of a check book, enabling him to pay his bills in a convenient manner and to have his paper and that of his customers or clients accounted. None of these advantages accrues to a depositor in the postal savings bank. Again, when the depositors had accumulated money to the amount of \$200 or \$300 they would in all probability withdraw it and place it in a savings bank where they could obtain much larger returns. Furthermore, in times of nervous fright, such a have existed in the past it would be a benefit to banking institutions should the depositor place it with the postal savings bank instead of withdrawing it for the purpose of putting it into hiding, as it would be deposited immediately with the local national bank, thus strengthening that institution and the community with new money.

"Individuals frequently call at postoffices and ask to have their money taken care of by the postmasters. If in such cases money orders are not purchased the money usually goes into hiding, losing its usefulness to the community.

"Believe me, faithfully yours,

"G. L. MEYER."

Indians at White House.

Washington.—Senator Warren, accompanied Agent H. E. Wadsworth and eight Shoshone and Arapahoe Indians from the Wind River reservation to the White House Wednesday, introduced them to President Roosevelt and later took them to call upon Secretary Taft. The Indians lost their accustomed stolidity immediately after meeting the President and exhibited the liveliest interest, for he commenced talking to them in the sign language of their respective tribes, which he learned while on hunting trips in their country in his Western cattle raising days.

Little Wolf, an Apache chief, gave the President an elaborate tobacco pouch made of porcupine quills and beads and a handsome Indian pipe. In return he was presented with a large photograph of the President, with these words written across it by the President himself:

"To Little Wolf, with the thanks of President Roosevelt."

While pleased with Roosevelt, they were more pleased with Secretary Taft, admiring his size and designating him as a "very big war chief."

Under a new system adopted by the United States civil service department, certain positions controlled by the quartermaster's division of the war department may be secured without the red tap, which has been an objection-

PRESIDENT'S PROGRAMME

SPECIAL MESSAGE WILL ORGE MEASURES OF GREAT IMPORTANCE.

FOR TARIFF REVISION

INCLUDES ANTI-TRUST, INJUNCTION, EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY AND FINANCE.

Washington.—President Roosevelt has determined upon a legislative program, the enactment of which will be urged upon Congress in a special message which he said will appear this week. Each of the measures in the proposed program involves perplexing difficulties and each will have far-reaching effect on the business and economic conditions of the country.

The program includes:

A declaration in favor of revision of the tariff in a special session to be held after March 4, 1909.

An amendment to the Sherman anti-trust law so as to make important concessions to companies of both labor and capital.

Limiting the powers of foreign courts in the use of the injunction in labor disputes.

Passage of an employers' liability bill.

Passage of the Aldrich financial bill.

The support of the business and financial interests of the Middle West was pledged to the President on this program following an extended conference held at the White House.

At the conclusion of the conference the following statement was made public by Secretary Taft:

"At a conference with the President held at the White House last evening with the following representatives of commercial bodies of the Middle West:

"Richard C. Hall, chairman, president Chicago Association of Commerce; J. V. Fairwell, Jr., member of the Chicago Association of Commerce; Charles H. Wacker, member of Chicago Association of Commerce; James H. Smith, president St. Louis Business Men's League; Festus J. Wade, of executive committee St. Louis Business Men's League; H. R. Toppin, president of the Kansas City Commercial Club; E. M. Clendenning, secretary of Kansas City Commercial club; the following address was presented to the President and there was a full expression of views both on the part of the President and the committee:

"Mr. President: The organization we represent have a membership of about 4,000 business men, corporations, firms and individuals, engaged in the development of the agricultural resources and the manufacturing, commercial and financial interests of the Middle West. In the pursuit of our various lines of business we come in contact with almost every portion of the country, but especially of the Mississippi valley.

"We never were in a more prosperous condition than prior to the panic of last fall. Our labor was all employed, our capital productively invested. In a short period these conditions have changed. Certain lines of business are almost stagnant, brought about by the fear of the people as to the stability of some of our institutions. Money has been hoarded instead of flowing into the ordinary channels of investment, securities and the various commercial interests.

"Two primary causes are responsible for this condition. First, the gross violation of law by some corporations and grafting by some public officials, and secondly, a deficient currency system, wholly incapable of responding to needs of commerce when fear and uncertainty are engendered into the minds of the masses."

The statement then cites the insurance fraud exposures, the San Francisco earthquake and fire, followed by graft exposures, and the corrupt manipulation of the assets of the great railroads. It goes on to say:

"To you, Mr. President, we accord the credit due for compelling a respect for the law by the great and the small alike.

"We believe that your work toward business morality will be remembered as a milestone not only in the development of this country's business morals, but as a milestone in the progress of the world.

"No great good has ever been accomplished in any time without some suffering in consequence, but we now urge you to consider with extreme patience the unusual conditions that prevail and, while acknowledging no expressed principle, to adjust your executive actions to the requirements of this period of business timidity.

"We ask you, Mr. President, to indicate to the Congress the corrective measures you deem it necessary to take. We believe that the first step toward resumption of normal business conditions can be taken by the Congress in response to explicit recommendations by the executive."

Less Red Tape.

Under a new system adopted by the United States civil service department, certain positions controlled by the quartermaster's division of the war department may be secured without the red tap, which has been an objection-

DEATH OF BISHOP FOWLER.

Great Methodist Divine Succumbs to Heart Failure.

New York.—The Rev. Charles H. Fowler, bishop of the Methodist Episcopal church, died at his home here Friday.

Bishop Fowler had been critically ill only since Wednesday. His death was due to heart failure, resulting from complication of diseases he had been in ill health for two years but during nearly all that time he took a more or less active part in the affairs of the church. As late as two months ago he felt able to make a journey to Minneapolis, where he presided at the dedication of the Fowler Memorial Methodist Episcopal church. His last public appearance was at Metropolitan temple Sunday following Washington's birthday, when he took part in a Washington memorial service. Wednesday he was stricken with the illness which resulted in his death Friday.

Bishop Fowler's long life was filled with activity for the church and the cause of education. Born in Hartford, Ontario, in 1837, he was graduated from Andover college, now Berea college, in 1859, and he was the valedictorian of his class. He also headed his class at Central High school, New York, and was the first man to receive the honorary degree of D. D. from the institution. After completing his education he resided in Chicago, where he studied law but never practiced. His profession was

teaching the ministry at the University of Chicago. He was a member of the Chicago board of Christian Education in New York. He was made general secretary of the church in 1880 and four years later was elected bishop.

Bishop Fowler was pastor of one of Chicago's churches at the time of the great fire and it was he who suggested that plan of pooling the resources of the different churches until all should have time to rehabilitate their services. As missionary secretary he organized Peking university in North China; Nanjing university in Central China; the First Methodist Episcopal church in St. Petersburg, established the McClay college of Theology in southern California, and contributed the three colleges in Nebraska into the Nebraska Wesleyan university at Lincoln.

He suggested an inaugural, the twentieth century, church offering of his church, whereby more than \$200,000 was raised for the church. He also originated the open door emergency commission, which eventuated in the great Cleveland convention at which with the bishop presiding \$212,000 was raised in a single offering.

He was trustee of Syracuse university, New York; Theological seminary, Madison, New Jersey; American university, member of the board of trustees of the Methodist missionary society, the Church Extension society, and other Methodist societies.

Fleet Will Visit Japan.

Washington.—The American battle ship fleet is to visit Japan. The death of the Emperor of the island kingdom to pay him to the fleet was last before Secretary Root Thursday by Baron Takahira, the Japanese ambassador. The invitation, which was couched in most cordial terms, was made the subject of extended consideration by President Roosevelt and his entire cabinet. Secretary Root was directed to accept the invitation and the acceptance was laid before the Japanese ambassador Friday.

It is regarded in official circles here as more than likely that China will be next to bid for a look at the fleet, and that should this be the case the invitation would be accepted.

With the exception of China, it is believed to have been determined that all other invitations, should any be received, will be declined, for at least the fleet will not now be able to reach the Atlantic seaboard before the first of next March.

The itinerary which seems to be the most direct includes stops at the Hawaiian Islands, Samoa, Melbourne, Sydney, Manila, Yokohama, and then back to the Philippines, and then home by the way of the Suez canal, with only such stops as are necessary for coaling.

Japan will have the ships a week, according to tentative plans.

The acceptance of the Japanese invitation is regarded in official circles as of considerable importance in the way of a demonstration of the cordiality existing between the American and Japanese governments. The added trip is nearly equal in distance to a voyage from New York to Europe.

Successful Aeroplane Flight.

Paris.—Following his record-breaking performance of Friday in flying a mile and a half in his aeroplane, Henry Farman, Saturday made another spectacular flight at Issy, covering two and a half kilometers, a little less than two miles, in three minutes and twenty seconds. Later, in company with Leopold de La Grange, he entered the latter's aeroplane, which moved over the ground at a rate of about thirty miles an hour and then went into the air, making a short but highly successful flight. This is the first successful flight of an aeroplane carrying two persons.

EMPLOYERS LIABILITY LAW

CANNON AND FAIRBANKS TELL LABOR LEADERS IT WILL PASS.

PROTEST TO CONGRESS

GOMPERS LEADS REPRESENTATIVES OF EIGHTY-SEVEN DIFFERENT ORGANIZATIONS.

Washington.—Speaker Cannon and Vice President Fairbanks Thursday announced their belief that the present Congress will pass an employers' liability act which will meet and overcome the ineffectuality of the present law pointed out by the Supreme Court of the United States in a recent decision.

Those statements were made immediately by Speaker Cannon and

immediately after the vice president's declaration led by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, from right before a national and international trade union labor assembly and terms a very substantial assembly in a national conference in this city.

The declaration requested the speaker to lay before the House of Representatives through him, a memorial entitled "Labor's Protest to Congress."

The sign of the memorial was set forth in the following opening paragraph:

"We, the official representatives of the national and international trade and labor unions and organizations of farmers, appear before Congress to solemnly protest and emphatically protest, of the workers of the country against the inhumanity, if not actual hostility which Congress has shown toward the (economically and righteously) measures proposed in the works for the safeguarding of their rights and interests.

In the name of labor we turn unto upon Congress the necessity for immediate action for relief from the most grave and momentous situation which has ever confronted the working people of this country. This action has been brought about by the application by the Supreme Court of the United States of the Sherman anti-trust law to the workers, both organized and in their individual capacity.

Under and the people generally look wither at the decision of the court upon the particularity of the law making and executive departments of our government.

The workers feel that Congress will not stand idly by and permit a law of this nature to be enacted which will not only deprive the workers of their rights and interests, but will also deprive the workers of their rights and interests.

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FINEST BASEBALL PARK IN WORLD



When the Philadelphia Athletics' new ground and grandstand is completed it will be the largest and finest equipped in the country. The plans have already been accepted, and the work is to be started at once. The lot measures 385 feet east and west and 530 feet north and south, containing 252,200 square feet—a greater area than contained in any other ball park in the country. An important feature of the work is that not a foot of lumber will be used. All the building materials are to be of steel and concrete except the wall which will be of brick. The grounds will have a seating capacity of not less than 40,000 people, and the stands will be built on the cantilever plan. The Athletic club will spend \$500,000 upon the plant, and when the work is finished the club will have the finest baseball park in the world. The above picture shows the buildings as they will appear when completed.

EASTERN CRITIC COMPARES GIANTS AND HIGHLANDERS

McGraw's Men Have Call Because They Can Entice Jim Corbett and Louis Mann.

It is hard to compare, at this early season of the 1905 season, the Highlanders with the Giants.

The Highlanders will have Niles, McGraw, Chase, Ebbetts and Edward Stewart. But among their principal players.

The Giants will have Mathewson, Ebbetts, Denton, Ebbetts, Shannon, Jim Corbett, and Louis Mann.

Chase, for the Americans, is not so young as he used to be, but he is ready and willing to play the game of his life, and there seems to be good reason for a man's retirement. Mathewson, if we compare him with Chase, has a slight shade, a shade about as big, let us say, as Jack Johnson, who is not such a slight shade. He is ready and willing to play the game of his life.

Next, comparing Newton with Taylor, the Highlanders have a decided advantage, because he will play positively that he is ready to take the game of his life, and the all-out McGraw can only indicate his own intention by winking his finger. The Newton, on the other hand, is afraid to go home in the dark, while Taylor, never hesitating any longer, is always perfectly willing to beat nature, is always perfectly willing to beat it home to his flat early in the evening.

Mr. William Hoge of the Highlanders, compared with Tom Man, McGraw, the old polo grounds, stands out by several lengths. McGraw is usually steady under fire, while the Hoge person, like the animal of the same name, frequently becomes frantic in times of danger.

Willow and Chase will rank favorably with Glade and Doyle, and here in view of the fact that the Giants have run out of pitchers, the comparison must come to a halt.

All the catchers for the two New York clubs are ready and willing to play the game of their lives, except Kohnow, who is willing, but not ready. Kohnow has it on Kohnow, a rifle, James and Blair ought to pair off about evenly, and the other youngsters should balance the scales.

Chase has Fred Tenney at first base for a big margin, no matter how well Tenney may perform for the Yankees. Chase is too fast for Mr. Tenney, too fast for his teammates, too fast for the league. Chase is so fast he could be started in the third race and win the second.

The second base position is more or less in doubt on both clubs. It is true that Merkle and Hoge are practically experiments on the polo grounds team, but it is also true that Harry Niles, with all his speed as a base runner, falls a long way short of such second basemen as Evers, Hughson, or Laidie.

At shortstop, Ellersfield, of course, has it on Ellersfield. The latter is a surprisingly clever infielder, but he is not Ellersfield, and although the little Tennessee gamecock has his faults and makes his occasional wild throws, he is a valuable man on any baseball club. There's no getting around that.

There is much doubt about the third base outfield, and it appears as though McGraw's men had the edge here.

Manager McAleer of the St. Louis Americans says he will hold on to catcher Jack O'Connor, utilizing him solely to educate his young pitchers in the art of behaving properly on the rubber.

SMITHS PROMINENT IN PROFESSIONAL BASEBALL

May Be Found in All Sections of the Country—Clever Players of Every Hue.

Much fear has been expressed in recent years lest the valiant family of Smiths, who have done so much in baseball, should die out and pass away from the game. Wrong idea. Even though Alice Smith has skidded, there are enough Smiths left to flood a couple of leagues. Here is the list of the gallant Smiths in professional baseball.

Catchers—Smith of Pittsburgh, the Athletics, Pueblo, Columbia, S. C., and Madison, Wis.

Pitchers—Smith of Cincinnati, Smith of the Sox, Smith of Washington, and the Smiths of Youngstown, Eau Claire, and Madison—the latter not the same Madison Smith who caught.

First Basemen—Smith of Springfield, O., and Lansing, Mich.

Second Basemen—Smith of Grand Rapids, Charleston, and Buffalo.

Third Basemen—Smith of Newark, O., and Los Angeles.

Shortstops—Smith of Washington, Springfield, Mo., and Lansing, Mich.

Outfielders—Smith of Birmingham, Newmarket, Kane, Bradford and Oakland.

Don't overlook the Smiths. They are coming along thicker than ever.

In case any fastidious ball crank should ever insist on a nine made up of different colors, quite a clever assortment of players could be shown him. Most of the men are either White or Brown by hue, but there are a few others. The Whites of professional baseball last season were: White of the Sox, White of Denver, first base, White of Lancaster, pitcher, White of Oklahoma, shortstop, White of Dubuque, catcher, White of Charleston, pitcher, White of Edmonton, shortstop, White of Buffalo, fielder, and two Whites, positions not given, in Kansas. The Whites, by shifting a couple of them, could put up an awful battle as a family team.

The Browns are thus located: Brown of Chicago, pitcher; Brown of Philadelphia Nationals, pitcher; Brown of Boston Nationals, fielder; Brown of Lynn, first base, Brown of New Haven, pitcher, Brown of Boston, catcher, Brown of Cedar Rapids, first base, Brown of St. Louis Americans, first base.

Other colored gents in the business: Ray of Cleveland, line of St. Louis, Green of Milwaukee, Golden of Norwich, Sherrel of Nashville, Ruby of Springfield, Lemon of Clinton, Redman of Youngstown, Black of Keokuk, Green of Burlington, Gray of Webb City, Whitehead of Houston, Gray of Monroe.

BASEBALL NOTES

Jack Thomey, the Port Thomas boy, has signed his contract with the Boston Americans.

Pete Noonan, Andy Coakley's old battery partner up at Holy Cross college, has been sold to St. Paul by the St. Louis Nationals.

Joe Sugden, well remembered as catcher for Pittsburgh, and later with the two St. Louis teams, is gradually fading from view. His latest hike is out to Vancouver, B. C., where he will play the coming season.

A Columbus, O., inventor is working hard to produce a rubber pop bottle guaranteed not to kill when thrown at an umpire. He hopes to have it ready for the pop brigade before the opening of the season.

PROPER CARE OF THE RUG.

Preventive Measures Will Prolong Its Life and Usefulness.

There seems to be a popular impression, according to Good Housekeeping, that an oriental rug will wear for ever, no matter what sort of treatment it receives, but this is one of those mistakes which are often discovered too late to be rectified. In the east, where they are worn smooth by the gliding of bare feet, their chances for immortality are great, but in America foot-traffic is their constant and insidious enemy. However, their lives may be prolonged by skillful attention. If the overcasting on the edge is gone or giving way, a thread of carpet wool or yarn will supply new overcasting and give new resistance. If a warp or weft thread on the back is broken, it should not be left to slip out, taking the knots with it, but should have a linen thread tied to it at one end, be woven over and under as far as the break extends, and then be tied at the other. If knots come out they should be replaced at once with the aid of a coarse, stiff-fashioned worsted needle. If the selvyge wears crooked, it should be leveled out and overcast, saving the surplus wool for other repairs. All these are valuable preventive measures. A good oriental rug is a work of art, and it should be treated with the reverence which it deserves.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

Always serve salads on crushed ice in a pretty dish.

Vinegar improves with keeping and should be bought in quantities.

Lemon juice will bring out the flavor of fish better than anything else can.

If a lump of butter is put into the saucepan while boiling, there will be no boiling over.

Cauliflower will be much better and richer if it is boiled in half milk and half water instead of all water.

Velvet and plushes require polishing cloths, so save old pieces from dresses for the purpose. It is easily washed in a soap suds.

Nail stains may be removed from wood by scrubbing the wood with a solution of soda ash and half a pint of acid to a quart of boiling water.

To wash white silk, use lukewarm water and rubbing with pure white soap, and iron with just a warm iron. It is the yellow soap, too hot water and too hot iron that make the silk turn yellow.

Leather Chairs.

For improving shabby leather chairs, take one part of linseed oil, boil it and let it stand until nearly cold, then stir in half a pint of vinegar. Stir thoroughly mixed, then bottle for use.

When needed shake the bottle well pour a very little on a soft flannel cloth, rub thoroughly into the leather, or, turning the flannel as it gets dirty, then rub with a soft duster till the polish of the leather is restored. This polish softens the leather and prevents it from cracking.

Delicate satin coverings may be cleaned fresh and only the crumb of the soft part used. Rub between the hands until thoroughly crumbled, and rub over the satin with swift, smooth strokes, changing the crumbs as soon as they grow discolored.

Keep Meringue Cold.

I have found in making desserts with a meringue, where it is more convenient to prepare it the day before or where there has been enough made for two days, that the meringue will keep soft and as fresh as when made if placed in an ice box. Otherwise it will be tough, says a writer in the Chicago Tribune. In case it is a pie the pie may be placed in a hot oven a few minutes—just long enough to heat the crust through a few minutes before serving. This will make the crust as nice and as crisp as when first made, and the meringue will be in good condition.

For Weak Throats.

An excellent cure for sore throats is to have the patient eat a fresh pineapple or as much of it as possible. If unable to eat the fruit let the juice be pressed out and given freely. If you live in the country and cannot obtain fresh fruit canned pineapples will do. Another safe and simple remedy is: Take a tobacco pipe, place a live coal in the bowl, drop a little tar upon the coal and let the patient draw smoke into the mouth and discharge it through the nostrils.

Sweet Buckwheat Batter.

To keep the batter for buckwheat cakes from souring take out a cupful in the morning before mixing with the soda. After the cakes are made this cup of batter may be put back. Often when baking bread I put a little of the yeast into the pancake batter.

Eggshells.

Eggshells roughly crushed in the hands are the best things for cleaning enameled pans in conjunction with soap and water.

IN THE PUBLIC EYE

ILLINOIS OFFICIAL WEDS



Lawrence Yates Sherman, lieutenant governor of Illinois, who was quietly married the other day to Miss Mary Fawcett Spitzer, left orders that no public mention should be made of the affair. The orders were obeyed until the smoke of Mr. Sherman's train died away, and then the telephone exchange and telegraph wires were crowded with messages announcing the glad news.

The wedding explains the mysterious visits which the lieutenant governor has been making to Effingham, where it had been reported he owned a farm. It also explains lavish orders left with the tailors. Sherman had led a life almost monastic. For years his home was a room in a lodging house.

Genial and sociable among men, he has been known to put himself to all manner of personal inconveniences to escape any gathering that approached formality.

Sherman has the gift of invective oratory. He is a politician with a memory. Just to indicate how well Mr. Sherman can hide his time and hit back when the opportunity comes, it may be related that in 1905 Senators Cullom and Hopkins, being desirous to break up the big four—Deneen, Hamilton, Yates and Sherman—who had controlled the state convention of 1901, offered Sherman a place on the interstate commerce commission. The work appealed to him and he agreed to accept. Then the two senators fell down in their attempt to deliver the office to him. President Roosevelt said flatly that he did not intend to have federal offices traded about and that he wanted a lawyer and not a politician for the place.

Sherman apparently ignored this affront to his self-esteem. In 1907 the two senators, thinking that it was up to them to "make good" with something or other, secured an option on a place in the Spanish claims commission, and offered it to Sherman. He allowed the two misguided senators to secure his appointment, and have it announced from Washington. Then he rejected it, and the score was even.

WHIPS ZAKKA KHELS



Gen. Sir James Willcocks, who has brought the punitive expedition against the Zakka Khels, a tribe of Afghans on the frontier of India, to a brilliant conclusion by destroying their forts and villages, killing several hundreds of their fighting men and ravaging the country, has had more experience in that kind of warfare than almost any man alive today. He was only 22 when the Leinster regiment, to which he belonged, was ordered out on the second Afghan campaign, and the young soldier so distinguished himself that he was mentioned in dispatches. Willcocks was second in command of the West African frontier force in 1896, and was taken thence to accompany the Borge expedition of 1898. Then he went back to his old post and took command of the Ashanti field force, and was at the relief of Coomassie in 1900. He was also with the field force in South Africa, and has since been repelling minor raids upon India by the restless tribes in the mountains.

The campaign which he has just brought to a successful termination has been in as difficult a country as ever he penetrated. There is said to be not a single square yard of level ground in the whole country, but on every side rise ridges of mountains littered with rocks behind which the expert riflemen can sit and pick off the advancing troops at ranges of from 600 to 700 yards. That the natives are expert shots is not surprising, as in that land of blood trade a man's life often depends upon his quickness on the trigger and his straight shooting. That Gen. Willcocks has been able to take an expedition of 9,000 men through such a country with only a trifling loss will probably win him further honors from this government.

BROWNLOW RENOMINATED



Representative Walter P. Brownlow has been unanimously renominated for the Sixty-first congress. Mr. Brownlow had no opposition at all, there being no other man in his district who even so much as whispered that he wanted the job, consequently the congressional committee of the First Tennessee district, under the primary laws of Tennessee, named Mr. Brownlow as the nominee.

The First district is that which was represented from 1843 to 1853 by the late President Andrew Johnson. Mr. Brownlow has already beaten that record by four years, and this renomination puts him in line for a total of 16 years' straight-away service in the house. Incidentally Mr. Brownlow's district has the one absolutely loyal and consistent Republican constituency in the whole south.

Mr. Brownlow has had a long service in public life. He was postmaster at his home town of Jonesboro in 1881 and resigned to accept the doorkeeper-ship of the house of representatives of the Forty-seventh congress. In 1884, 1895, 1900 and 1904 he was elected by the delegation from his state to the national convention at Tennessee's member of the Republican national committee. He was elected by congress a member of the board of managers for the National Soldiers' home for disabled volunteer soldiers, was twice the Republican nominee for United States senator and has had a seat under the dome since the Fifty-fifth congress.

PROMINENT CANADIAN



Hon. William S. Fielding, the father of the Canadian government scheme to enter into competition with the life insurance companies by issuing government annuities, a measure which he hopes to put in operation next year, is looked upon as the natural successor to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the premier. Mr. Fielding has had the most rapid rise of any man in public life in Canada today. He was a newspaperman in Halifax, N. S., and resigned that in 1882 to go into politics. He was elected to the provincial legislature to represent Halifax city and county, and in a few months was taken into the cabinet. Two years later he was premier of the province, and remained so until 1896, when Sir Wilfrid called him to Ottawa to enter the Dominion government as minister of finance.

One of Mr. Fielding's first duties was the revision of the Canadian tariff and the drawing up of a preferential tariff with the mother country. This involved the denunciation by Britain of the trade treaty with Germany which gave the latter "the most favored nation" treatment. Germany retaliated on Canada by raising her tariff, and it fell to Mr. Fielding to devise methods of retaliation on Germany. He seems to have been fairly successful. He was a representative of Canada at the colonial conference in London in 1902, and it was from suggestions made by him at that conference and previously that Joseph Chamberlain drew up the scheme of inter-imperial free trade which split up the Conservative party in Britain and caused the return of the Liberals at the last election.

GRAND EXCURSION RATE

THE CARLSBAD CURRENT ONE YEAR FOR ONLY \$1.00

Until May 1st, 1908, all who subscribe, and all old subscribers who pay a year in advance will receive the Current one year, also a full, late MAP OF NEW MEXICO.

The Princess Virginia

During the coming two months the new serial entitled "The Princess Virginia" will be commenced and continued in each issue until completed.

Good Roads and Town Improvement

The Current will also contain a Good Roads and Town Improvement Department, and many additional features will be used from time to time, so as to make the paper interesting to all alike.

Campaign News

This extremely rare excursion trip rate is made that all may be enabled to take the paper during the Presidential, Territorial and County campaign.



The Princess Virginia

BY C. N. AND A. M. WILLIAMSON

Authors of "The Lightning Conductor," "Rosemary in Search of a Father," etc.

ILLUSTRATED BY WILL JONES

THE romance of an English princess to whom came in her waking dreams a vision of the only man she would marry. That this man happened to be a great sovereign adds to the piquancy and fascination of the story. The American blood in the veins of the princess not only gives her the audacity to conceive and the courage to engage in a hazardous adventure, but links her to the American reader whose interest and sympathy she at once commands.

The story is told with vigor and snap and gaiety, and has a swing that will carry the reader along almost breathlessly. — *Philadelphia Record*.

Princess Virginia is charming to know, dashing, brave, vivacious. — *St. Louis Globe Democrat*.

It is a charming, fascinating story which you lay down with regret, but with a happy impression left in your mind. — *Pittsburg Dispatch*.

A dashing romance of royal imperial love that stirs the imagination to a high degree. — *Portland Oregonian*.

A story which appeals to all who read for entertainment, to all who love a lover and particularly to every woman who has cherished an ideal of a husband

WILL BE PRINTED IN THIS PAPER

This serial story is sold in book form at \$1.50, and the other reading is worth \$10 to any resident of Eddy county, for there is sure to be many fearless editorials, to which the sixteen years experience of many old readers will testify. Editorials that speak out against hypocrisy fraud, and corruption; editorials that hew to the line, let the chips fall where they may, but give to all good people full credit while denouncing the bad.

All checks, money orders or registered funds should be made payable to

THE CARLSBAD PRINTING COMPANY

CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO

The Map of New Mexico

This excellent Map is made by that reliable firm, Rand & McNally, of Chicago, the best map makers on earth, and is absolutely guaranteed up-to-date. It is large enough for a wall map and small enough to carry on a trip.

The map alone is worth the subscription price of one dollar.

Official Paper of Eddy County

The Current is the duly appointed official paper of Eddy County. Contains all official notices and proceedings of the Board of Commissioners.

Established 1892, and in 1906 consolidated with the New Mexico Sun.

Largest, brightest, best and cheapest paper in New Mexico, and acknowledges no competitor.

THE DISTRICT COURT

Mitchell Case Hotly Contested
—After Deliberating Two Days, the Trial Jury

RETURNS HUNG JURY VERDICT

At the opening of court last Friday morning the grand jury returned true bills as follows:

B. M. Mitchell, larceny.
Joseph Harper, contempt.
Holly Ray, murder.
C. L. LeRoy, issuing worthless check.

W. W. Gwyn, issuing worthless check.

Pete Runk, selling or giving liquor to minors?

Grover Kornegay, assault with a deadly weapon.
Joseph Homolka, issuing worthless check.

Sol Schoonover, vagrant.
Tuesday the grand jury returned the following true bills and two no bills:

J. B. Marrin, assault and threats.

Daniel D. Sullivan, assault.
Sebastain Hernandez, unlawfully carrying a rifle and flourishing same.

Juan Lujan, unlawfully carrying pistol.

B. M. Mitchell, carrying deadly weapon.

J. B. Marrin and B. M. Mitchell, malicious threats.

Geo. Bane, no bill.

The wind up of the Mitchell case occupied the attention of the court until Saturday night, the arguments of the attorneys occupying the day from the opening of court in the morning. The opening argument for the prosecution was made by District Attorney L. O. Fullen, who talked about forty-five minutes, presenting the case of the territory in a very terse and lucid manner. He was followed by C. R. Brice for the defense, who also made a fine argument for his client. Brice was followed by Capt. Bujae, who occupied the time from about eleven until 2:30 p. m. He was followed by W. W. Gatewood, who talked from 2:30 until about five. The judge's charge consumed about half an hour and the jury then retired. It was soon evident that it would hang, for Sunday morning it was still out. Monday morning the jury asked to be released, stating that it had hopelessly disagreed. Judge Pope extended their time, telling them that he insisted on a verdict. About 5:30 the jury again reported, hoping to be excused on a mistrial, but the judge was obdurate and again sent them back. At nine p. m., Judge Pope sent for the jury and after fully satisfying himself that no agreement was possible, and after expressing regret that the members of the jury were confined so long, and thanking them for their evidently conscientious work he discharged the jury.

As soon as the jury appeared on the street it became noised about that four were for acquittal and eight for conviction, those for acquittal being Jurors Gossett, Reed, Hegler and Collier, with Allison, Albritton, Cook, Kline, Morgan, Kensinger, Baldwin and Stocks for conviction.

This case, which will go down in history as the biggest sheep stealing case ever known in Eddy county, was first started when, about March 19, 1907, M. E. Sewalt, who, with L. A. Swigart and Mr. Griffin, was en-

gaged in running sheep on the Chaves-Eddy Co., line forty miles east of Lake Arthur, missed over 400 of their sheep and immediately started out on a hunt riding for seven days. Upon going to the camp, on the Plains, seventy-five miles north-east of Carlsbad, owned by the Bolles Live Stock Co., and managed by B. M. Mitchell, who also had 2900 sheep with the Bolles sheep, but had taken his ewes to his ranch to lamb. Mr. Sewalt discovered some suspiciously marked sheep in a flock in charge of a Mexican named Amou, who could not be found for a witness in the case, having been spirited away. Leander Mitchell was engaged as rustler for the Bolles sheep, generally known as the Bryant sheep, because Mr. F. E. Bryant is the representative in Carlsbad of the owners.

When Mr. Sewalt discovered the suspicious looking sheep he went to the Buckeye Co., ranch, some ten miles southwest, where he met Mr. Swigart and Mr. Lytle, arriving at twelve o'clock the night of March 27. They all drove to Monument that night arriving at daylight March 28. They swore out a search warrant before Justice of the Peace J. L. Taylor, Jack Waters, the constable, serving same. They went to the sheep but after arriving, learned they had taken out papers in the wrong precinct. They then went to Knowles and secured another search warrant from Justice Griffin and Constable Florence Love served same, both constables going to the sheep cutting out 440. Then B. M. Mitchell told Swigart and Sewalt he had branded the sheep for Bryant. He also said he would replevin the sheep.

He was arrested with his brother Leander, by Sheriff Christopher a month later charged with stealing 440 sheep, the number cut out by the constables. The two Mitchells gave bond in the sum of \$2,000 each with F. E. Bryant surety. The case being set for the fall term of court, B. M. Mitchell turned 2900 sheep over to Jack Marrin claiming to have sold them. The Mitchell's then skipped the country.

In order to save himself on the Mitchell's bond, Mr. Bryant attacked the validity of the sale to Marrin of the Mitchell sheep. Marrin's attorneys compromised by paying the bond out of the sale of the wool, the county accepting \$3000. Marrin had previously sold the sheep to MacArthur & Record, to whom the Mitchell's were indebted for supplies while running sheep. MacArthur & Record assuming all indebtedness against the Mitchells, which amounted to between \$7,000 and \$8,000.

B. M. Mitchell was arrested in January, having returned to Monument, where in company with J. B. Marrin he forced MacArthur & Record to turn over the sheep to Marrin. MacArthur signing a bill of sale at the muzzle of a Winchester, Marrin running the sheep since.

Now a trial to try the rights of property as between MacArthur & Record on one side, and J. B. Marrin on the other will occur shortly. Two true bills were found against Marrin by the grand jury at this term and as soon as he got wind of this action he skipped the country. Now unless he contests the right to the property in court, MacArthur & Record's title will be undisputed.

The case against Sol Schoonover for vagrancy by running a house of prostitution was called promptly at 9 a. m., Tuesday, before the following trial jury: R. A. Montgomery, W. C. Marable, W. T. Kinsinger, R. L. Smith, Geo. Kline, T. M. Curtis, J. D. H. Reed, J. R. Linn, H. M. Chilcoat, H. E. Robb, Harry Gaither, Julian Smith. All forenoon and until after three in the afternoon was consumed in getting the jury. After listening to the evidence of Geo. Sable, the main witness for the prosecution, and several others, among them Boyd Hill, Garrett Reed and Chas. Rascoe, who swore that Sable's reputation for truth and veracity was bad, the judge read a very voluminous charge to the jury. After deliberating four hours or until after twelve o'clock, the jury returned the following verdict:

We the jury in the case of the Territory vs. Sol Schoonover find the defendant guilty as charged and recommend the clemency of the court.

Geo. KLINE,
Foreman.

Quick Meal Gasoline Stoves

A child or an untrained hired girl can use it safely. Fuel only costs 4 or 6 cents a day. No kindling, ashes, soot, dirt or HEAT. Cheaper than wood at \$3.00 a cord. We sell them. TRACY-ROBERTS HDW. CO.

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Attorneys and Counsellors at Law.
Will practice in all the courts of New Mexico and Texas.
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Twenty-one years experience in surveys of Eddy and adjoining counties in Texas and New Mexico.

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LICENSED EMBALMER

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Quick Meal gasoline stoves for sale by Tracy-Roberts Hardware Co.

Bone meal to make hens lay, at the Union Market.

The show at the opera house will be better next week; come and see. 10c.

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The First National Bank
Carlsbad, New Mexico
Capital and Surplus, \$125,000.

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H. A. Houser, President. R. B. Armstrong, Cashier.

The National Bank of Carlsbad
Depository for Eddy County and Territory of New Mexico

Open an account with us and try paying by checks. You will find it will pay.

DIRECTORS—H. A. Houser, F. F. Dopp, E. Hendricks, M. Livingston, R. B. Armstrong, J. O. Cameron, C. H. McLenathen.

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The Bank of the Creation

The only safe bank in the world. Never returns a check unpaid. Burglar proof. Will pay the largest dividends of any bank. Never refused to pay depositors. Never affected by money panic. Always solvent. The oldest banking institution in the world. The only safe bank to deposit in. All deposits guaranteed by the creator of all things and the U. S. Government. If you are interested, see

The Holloway Land Co.
In the National Building, east of First National Bank. CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO.

U. S. Market. Corn fed BEEF AND MUTTON. Free of Alkali. PORK, SAUSAGE. A-D ALL MEAT PRODUCTS. FISH and OYSTERS in Season.

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DONT WAIT! BUY NOW

The time to buy land is when it is cheap.

When time comes that it raises you cannot buy.

NOW IS THE TIME.

If you want to buy, go where the sellers come to sell.

Call or write.
McLENATHEN & TRACY, REAL ESTATE.
CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO.

For Sale Cheap

A good Ditching Machine suitable for irrigation or road work.

THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMPANY

CITY LIVERY STABLE
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Prompt Service Reasonable Prices
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Good Rigs.....Fine Driving Horses

LOCAL NEWS.

Dr. Ross, of Artesia was in town Tuesday.

Quick Meal gasoline stoves for sale by Tracy-Roberts Hardware Co.

Mr. Eperson the Malaga blacksmith was in town last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charley McCullagh have a new son at their home that arrived Sunday night.

W. R. Allison came in Tuesday from southern Texas where he is engaged in the real estate business.

Quick Meal gasoline stoves for sale by Tracy-Roberts Hardware Co.

C. C. Harbert returned Monday from a three weeks visit with his family at Weatherford, Tex.

Boston Ivy Roots given away today, Friday, only. Please call and get one. Sure to grow. E. McQueen Gray.

R. W. Tansill, son of Mrs. Tansill came in from Chicago last Friday, and has been visiting friends here all week.

Churches wishing announcements on the canvass at the moving picture show may do so free. Holloway Land Company.

All the latest books of fiction, romance and adventure at the Eddy Drug Co.

The case against Grover Kornegay was settled by the boy pleading guilty, paying costs and taking a thirty-day jail sentence.

Gertrude the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Lowenbruck was very ill last week, but has recovered so as to be considered out of danger.

Claude Olding is detained by business in Roswell, so the entertainment under the auspices of the Woman's Club will not be given till April 10.

John and Joe Kircher, brothers of Phil and Jake are in town from Mankato, Minn. They came for a visit with their brothers and will remain a week or ten days.

Dan Sullivan, of Artesia, the man made famous by having his eye shot out by a man named Weddle, near Artesia, was in town Saturday to testify before the grand jury.

Deputy Lucas arrested one Billy Davis Tuesday, who is wanted in Snyder, Texas, for horse theft. Davis was placed in jail to await the arrival of an officer from Texas.

Mr. Charles Summers, of the brokerage firm of Clavin Powell, of 35th Wall Street New York, arrived in Carlsbad Sunday morning to take a position with the Holloway Land Company.

Roy Allison, formerly a pupil of the Carlsbad high school was elected editor in chief of the Delphic, the Drake University (Des Moines, Iowa) college paper. Mr. Allison won on a vote of 111 to 106. The paper is well printed and ably edited for a school journal.

Mr. Daniel Sullivan, who had his right eye shot out by a farmer named Weddle plead guilty to simple assault on the farmer and was fined \$50 and costs by Judge Pope, amounting altogether to about \$80. Mr. Sullivan states that it was impossible to keep out of the difficulty because of the disaffection of Weddle who was insulting in the extreme.

Wild Horse Hill came in Monday from Snyder, Texas. He has been running a Wild West show for nearly a year and says it is a good business. He will secure some outlaw horses shortly and start up his show for the season. Jim Scanlon, who was with him, is now engaged in selling a bunch of horses he drove to the Texas country east of Eddy county.

C. H. McLenathen who has been laid up for a week with an attack of rheumatism was able to get up and out Wednesday and may be seen on the street almost any time, not with his accustomed rush but instead with a cane and a rather slow stride for Mac.

Uncle Joe Graham the popular candidate for commissioner from the 2nd district was in town Tuesday and Wednesday for supplies for his ranch while here he met many old time Texas friends all of whom are delighted with uncle Joe for commissioner.

When court commenced this morning the work of securing a jury in the case of the territory versus Holly Ray charged with murder, was commenced. This case will be tried at once for Holly was announced ready also the prosecuting attorney.

J. P. Lowry, formerly of Italy, Ellis Co. Texas, was the guest of Ed. Hoose, at the Hoose home, a few days this week. Mr. Lowry has taken a homestead near Elida and his son will also locate there. He is now engaged as an emigration agent.

Mrs. F. E. Halsey, of Hope, was brought in Tuesday and was operated on Wednesday at the hospital for tuberculosis, considerable of the tissue of the neck being removed and at last accounts she was doing well.

W. L. Bishop, of Knowles, is assisting in the high school for a few weeks. He will go to his home near Knowles when school closes.

J. E. Miller, of Lincoln Illinois, father of Clarence Miller was in town yesterday from Malaga, where he visited his son and grandson.

The Baptist ladies society will have market at the A. A. Beeman & Company store the second Saturday in April, the 11th.

Kenneth Keebler started Tuesday for a visit to the White Mountains for rest and recreation.

Tom Sanford, of Malaga, will move his office to Carlsbad, next door to Rives & Hull.

The case of Joseph Homolka is set for next week.

Knowles.

Winter is not yet willing to give it up.

Much of the fruit has been killed, but if there is no future freeze, there will be a fair crop.

Planting is about at a stand still until we have a good rain.

The drug store is nearing completion.

Mr. Burke, the hustling land agent, of Lovington was in our midst last week.

Several of our men have been courting in Carlsbad.

Mrs. E. Robison is on a trip to Midland.

A lobo chase was on docket for last Friday. But few turned out. They sighted the wolf but failed to get him.

The neighborhood is now convalescing, after a siege of la grippe and fevers.

Candidates are visiting this "neck o' the woods." Our first visitor is to be congratulated upon the fact that he brought neither whiskey nor cigars. He hailed from a "dry town."

There will be a meeting at the East Barber School House next Sunday with dinner "on the ground."

Lewis Taylor is prospecting for water in the sand about fifty miles northwest of here. Three dry holes is the result so far.

The people of this community are anxious for the auto line out from Carlsbad, thus giving us better mail service.

On St Patrick's night D. H. Coleman and wife threw open their home for the pleasure of the young people. The decorations and favors were appropriate

to the occasion. There were guests from Seminole, Monument, Sligo, Lovington and Artesia. During the evening a Stetson was voted to the most popular young man, Joe Graham was the lucky one. Also two lots in Lovington were given away. Miss Gladys Dewhirst as the most beautiful young lady received the greatest number of votes and Mrs. Dewhirst received the most votes as the most popular married lady. As usual dancing was the main feature of the evening. Ed Dawson and D. H. Coleman furnished the music.

Real Estate Transfers.

(By Rives & Hull.)

A. L. Kruse, of Gary, Okla., from Rives & Hull, the N E of S W and N 1-2 of S E of sec. 35-22-27.

D. C. Hendricks, of Gary, Okla., 105 acres of S W 1-4 of sec. 23, township 22, range 27.

Robert A. Hewitt, of Mayesville, Mo., purchased the Matheon property in Carlsbad. Consideration, \$3,000.

Carl Hewitt purchased the two lots on the corner south of the irrigation building. Consideration, \$500.

Don't Complain.

If your chest pains and you are unable to sleep because of a cough. Buy a bottle of Ballard's Horehound Syrup, and you won't have any cough. Get a bottle now and that cough will not last long. A cure for all pulmonary diseases. Mrs. J. —, Galveston, Texas, writes: "I can't say enough for Ballard's Horehound Syrup. The relief it has given me is all that is necessary for me to say." Sold by Eddy Drug Co.

Grand Jury Report.

To the Hon. Wm. H. Pope, judge of the Fifth Judicial District, sitting within and for the County of Eddy, Territory of New Mexico. March term, 1905.

We, the Grand Jury, beg leave to report as follows:

We have carefully investigated all matters coming before us and we have returned true bills on each case, where the evidence produced has been sufficient to warrant the same.

We have returned no bills in some cases, where in our judgment, insufficient evidence has been offered to warrant a true bill.

We have examined, by committee, the books of the various county officials and are pleased to report that we found everything in good order, and the books neatly and properly kept. We would like to call the attention of the Court, however, to the condition of the office rooms, especially that of the recorder. The plaster being off and cracked in various places, and the court records are liable to be soiled and injured by the plaster falling. We recommend that the county commissioners look after this matter as soon as possible.

We visited the new county jail in a body accompanied by Commissioner A. C. Heard, and are pleased to report that this magnificent building is up to date in every respect, and contains all modern conveniences and requirements for the care and safe keeping of the prisoners. The sanitary conditions are excellent, the building is most substantial, and all cells are safely secure from intrusion. The building has suitable apartments downstairs for the jailer and his family and ample room for him to prepare meals for the prisoners. It has two neatly furnished bath rooms, one for the use of the prisoners and one for the lower apartments. Also a well ventilated room for the grand jury.

We earnestly recommend that the law in regard to carrying deadly weapons be strictly enforced. Also, the law relative to the giving or selling of tobacco and intoxicants to minors, and that the proper officers take every precaution to see that these two laws are diligently enforced to the letter.

We desire to return our thanks to the Court for the courtesies received, also, to the District Attorney, who has at all times been ready and willing to aid us and give us the benefit of his advice, which has been invaluable in our investigations. Also, the sheriff and his bailiffs for the prompt service they have rendered our body.

(Signed) L. A. SWIGART,
Foreman.

Emigrants for Carlsbad.

During the past few weeks emigrant morables have been unloaded at Carlsbad as follows: J. B. Mixon, of Cushing, Texas one car.

Frank Gibbs one crate hogs, one crate seven pigs.

W. E. Rogers, one car from Lake Arthur.

E. J. Bogle, of Winchester, Kansas, one car.

List your land and town property with us, if you have any for sale or rent. Holloway Land Co.

Democratic Mass Meeting.

A mass meeting of the democrats of Precinct No 1 is hereby called to meet at the city hall in Carlsbad Saturday March 28th at 7:30 p. m. to elect four delegates to attend the county convention to be held in Carlsbad, April 11th, and a precinct chairman for the coming two years and such other business as may come before the meeting.

D. G. GRANTHAM,
Precinct Chairman.

The Holloway Land Co., will give \$250 in prizes for the best poems, consisting of three or four verses, on the Pecos valley, \$150 first prize, and \$50 for each of the two second best. Poems must be composed by residents of the valley.

Artesia's Citizens' (?) Ticket.

Those liberal-minded citizens involved in the attempt to perpetrate a "Citizens' Ticket" upon the voters of Artesia are so consumed with a desire to be fair with the republicans that out of the seven men named on the ticket, five are republicans. In effect, it is nothing but republican administration, and yet they have the gall to ask democrats to support it. It is evident that Artesia, too, has some politicians who would borrow the livery of heaven to serve the devil in. Artesia Advocate.

Don't fail to see the show "at the opera house every night this week. Change every night, only 10c.

Liquor Business Dying.

A local real estate dealer in speaking of the extreme dullness of the liquor traffic in Carlsbad said: "It seems remarkable that there is so little drinking in Carlsbad when one considers the great number of strangers and visitors that are coming and going all the time here now. The rooming houses and hotels are crowded nearly every night, and many of these visitors are buying homes and land and locating permanently.

"The saloons are nearly practically deserted since gambling was abolished, and I don't believe there is a saloon in Carlsbad that is paying expense now.

"I have made nine sales within the past two weeks and I have not been invited into a saloon to take a drink by a single one of these customers and I did not invite a single one of them to take a drink with me. The class of people that are coming here and buying land and locating are not the drinking class and it is a good thing for the community.

"I long more every day to see the time when saloons are abolished entirely everywhere, as they are productive of no good."

R. T. McC.

We have a customer for 40 acres of A No. 1 land near Carlsbad, partly in alfalfa. Who has it? Holloway Land Co.

Malaga News Items.

Mrs. A. A. Beeman is here visiting for a few days.

Mr. A. Montgomery visited with his family Sunday.

Mr. C. W. Beeman went to Carlsbad the first of the week.

A slow rain fell all day Sunday. The grass will soon be plentiful.

Mr. A. B. Shadinger has received a large tank for a cistern.

Rev. Hauffman of Upper Black River, preached at Florence, Sunday.

A dance will be given at Sanford's new house on Friday night.

Mr. W. P. McElroy and M. C. Hawkins are busy making cement blocks. They are preparing to build a milk house for Mrs. Hoag.

Surveyors are busy this week platting the townsite.

Mr. John W. Price is here looking up his prospects for election.

J. A. Hartshorn returned from Wichita, Kansas, Wednesday morning.

Mr. John Walker has been on the sick list this week. He is convalescent at present.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Miller and son Frank, of Lincoln, Illinois, arrived Saturday morning on a visit to their son C. E. Miller.

Mr. V. V. Gleghorn and family started for their new home at Plainview last Saturday. They have lived here the past nine years. The community loses a very estimable family with their departure.

Rev. H. Wheeler preached at Upper Black River Sunday.

Mr. J. Miller went to Carlsbad Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. W. C. Cadwell, the general merchandise dealer, has been rearranging his stock to make room for his new spring goods.

Don't wait for hot weather, get a gasoline stove now. The New Process is the best made.

Democratic Convention Call.

At the meeting of the democratic county central committee held Saturday March 26th, the following call was issued for a county convention:

The precinct chairmen were instructed to call meetings in their respective voting precincts to elect delegates to a county convention, which, on motion made and seconded, was set for the 11th day of April, it being the second Saturday, to meet at the court house in Carlsbad, at two p. m., when and where delegates will be elected to the various representative council and territorial conventions, and a chairman of the Eddy County Central Committee, to serve two years or until the next convention. Each precinct shall be entitled in the county convention, to one vote for each 100 votes, or fraction thereof, cast at the last general election for U. A. Larrazola for delegate to congress in 1905.

This gives the respective precincts the following representation in the convention:

Carlsbad	4	Lakewood	1
Artesia	3	Hope	1
Dayton	1	Queen	1
Monument	1	Malaga	1
Knowles	1		

The following persons were appointed to act as judges in their respective precincts:

Carlsbad: T. C. Home, T. J. Fletcher, Wm. Jones.
Malaga: Geo. Stone, C. W. Larrazola, W. A. Foreland.
Knowles: A. J. Heard, D. H. Coleman, Florence Love.
Monument: T. P. Bingham, Henry Record, J. I. Taylor.
Lakewood: R. W. Cole, T. M. Waller, Dr. W. M. Harper.
Dayton: M. B. Culpepper, G. W. Chisholm, J. W. Frank.
Artesia: Albert Blalock, E. C. Higgins, J. E. Swenson.
Hope: D. L. Elms, J. H. White, J. T. Davis.
Queen: J. R. Meems, Geo. Tracy, W. J. Linderson.

The following are the amounts assessed against candidates for each office for the purpose of defraying expenses of primary election and other necessary expense:

For Treasurer and Collector	\$50.00
For Sheriff	50.00
For Probate Clerk	50.00
For Assessor	50.00
For Supt. Pub. Instruction	50.00
For Probate Judge	25.00
For Commissioners	25.00
For Surveyor	20.00

J. T. COOPER, Chairman.
J. B. HARVEY, Secretary.

