

1-7-1905

## Albuquerque Weekly Citizen, 01-07-1905

T. Hughes

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# MURRAY & MACK'S CORNER IN CHORUS GIRLS



well, condition is said to prevail in the chorus girls in New York at the present time, that is without a parallel. Chorus girls are not to be had on any terms. Musical comedies and extravaganzas seem to have the call this season, and the demand far exceeds the supply. Murray and Mack with their unexcelled business sagacity, foresee this condition of affairs last summer, and they quietly set to work to secure the signatures of girls of recognized ability in this line of work. Needless to say, they had little difficulty for the height of every chorus girl's ambition is to flout a Murray and Mack contract in the face of her less fortunate sister in art. It insures a season with a firm which stands far above other producers of musical comedy as to make comparison out of the question, but carries with it the largest salary paid for this class of work. And so, while other managers are in despair, Murray and Mack view the situation with complacency born of the knowledge that they have not only more than enough for their own "An English Daisy" company which represents twenty-four of the most beautiful and accomplished girls possible to band together, conceded for road work.

## NEW MEXICO TOWNS

### ALAMOGORDO.

From the Advertiser.

Judge Mann's appointment, having recently been confirmed by the United States senate, he received his commission this week.

The water works force of the improvement company have been very busy the past few days overhauling and cleaning meters and looking after hydrants that have frozen up and bursted. All the meter boxes in town have been overhauled, cleaned and put in good repair.

Prof. H. H. Claypool, formerly president of the Baptist college, arrived in Alamogordo from Waco, Texas, where he is now located, to dispose of what property he has here. On Tuesday he sold his lots in the Abbott subdivision to Alamogordo to Mrs. E. L. Reynolds. Prof. Claypool states that he and his family are well pleased with their new location.

Work on the Institute for the Blind building is progressing but is rather slow and tedious at present on account of the cold weather. Work can be laid only for a short time during the middle of the day as the mortar has to have time to dry before it freezes. The brick is laid from the foundation to the second story floor. Work will progress rapidly after the weather warms up.

### SILVER CITY.

From the Independent.

Frank Farnsworth is reported as being seriously ill at his home in this city.

Mrs. R. P. Barnes was confined to her home for a few days last week on account of illness.

Mrs. C. W. Marriot accompanied by her two daughters, Ina and Florence, and son Charles, returned to Silver City after having been away for nearly four months visiting relatives and friends in eastern cities.

It is rumored that the Fort Bayard dramatic club, which consists of over twenty members, will in the near future present a vaudeville entertainment in Silver City. The club has recently been organized and promises to do excellent work. The entertainment was given last Wednesday evening in Fort Bayard and met with great appreciation on the part of the audience there. It will undoubtedly be well received in Silver City.

News reached Santa Rita of the marriage of Miss Grace Clark and Dr. A. A. Shaw in San Francisco. The bride is the daughter of Mrs. Miller of Santa Rita and lived in that town for a number of years. The groom is one of the well known physicians of San Francisco. The newly married couple will make San Francisco their future home. They have the good wishes of their many Santa Rita and Silver City friends.

### SANTA FE.

From the New Mexican.

John Donahue, janitor of the federal building, is reported to be seriously ill at his home on the south side.

I. B. Hanna, supervisor of the Pecos forest reserve, who has been ill for some time, but who was getting better rapidly, has suffered a relapse and is in a serious condition.

The Santa Fe Typographic Union No. 495 held its monthly meeting last night. The following officers were installed for the year, 1935: President Canuto Alarid; vice president, M. Lopez; treasurer, J. A. Hael; secretary, M. Vigil, executive committee, R. H. Bowler, William Rush and J. J. Ortiz; editing committee, C. W. Combs, E. A. Edwards, P. C. McCreary, sergeant at arms, J. G. Howland.

The Santa Fe lodge of the Woodmen of the World gave a banquet in its hall last evening. This was preceded by the installation of officers for the coming year, as follows: A. M. Battibach, past council commander; Antonio Alarid, council commander; D. L. Miller, advisor; lieutenant, H. S. Kaune, banker; H. S. Lutz, clerk; C. H. Luchner, assistant clerk; Carl Probst, escort; Miguel Gorman, watchman; J. R. Valencien, secretary; J. H. Sloan, physician; Eugenio Sosa, J. H. Georges and Charles Palmer, managers.

Happiness is the harvest of hopefulness.

### BOGOTA.

From the Christian.

Mrs. J. J. Lawson is numbered among the sick this week.

Misses Jane and Nellie Zimmer of San Antonio are guests at the home of their aunt, Mrs. C. T. Brown of this city.

John Burns, popularly known as "Juan Rico," a resident of this city for many years, died Sunday and was buried on the following day.

Doctor Wm. Driscoll suffered a relapse in his illness the first of the week but is improving again and it is hoped that his improvement will be permanent this time.

A pretty severe earthquake at 7 o'clock Monday morning and a much more severe one at 6 o'clock in the evening reminded the people of Socorro that the foundations of the earth are not always as secure as might be wished.

Mrs. Charlotte Cortes, a former resident of this city for many years, was married on Christmas day in El Paso to Mr. J. J. Redding, a business man of good standing in that city. Mrs. Redding's many old time friends in Socorro will unite most heartily in wishing her all happiness and good fortune in her new home.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar F. H. Redeman of Magdalena registered at the Windsor, Mr. and Mrs. Redeman were married only two or three days ago at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wythe Walker of Douglas, Arizona. The groom is the efficient accountant for the Becker-Blackwell Co. at Magdalena. The bride is an estimable young woman who spent several years of her life at the former home of her parents in the same place.

### GALLUP.

From the Republican.

W. H. Morris returned home from Brazil, Ind. Sunday morning. He reports the weather in the east as extremely cold. His family were all well when he left.

Miss Elizabeth McIntyre was called to her home in Kansas City on account of the serious illness of her father. During her absence Mrs. J. M. Carman is taking her place in the public schools.

The board of county commissioners, which finished up its year's session on Tuesday last Monday, made an excellent record for themselves. At the beginning of 1934 they had on hand \$12,042.51, and quit business with \$19,470.01, \$6,427.50 more money than they began with. A thing almost unheard of in the annals of New Mexico official life.

Miss Beale Danbar left for Kansas City from there she will go to Troy, Ala., where she will be married to J. K. Kirksey. Mr. Kirksey was the popular druggist at the Banner drug store last summer, and it was while here that the acquaintance of the two was made. Mr. Kirksey is conducting a drug store at Troy at the present time.

### Returns for Health.

The El Paso News says that word comes from Alamogordo that W. A. Hawkins, general attorney for the El Paso-Northeastern, who formerly lived in El Paso and Alamogordo, but for the last year or more has been residing in Chicago, will shortly return to El Paso and make his home there. The climate of Chicago has proven too rigorous for Mr. Hawkins' constitution, which was never of the most robust character, and now he is suffering from a severe throat ailment which demands the high, dry and balmy climate of El Paso.

### Stranded Town.

Oh, Stranded Town is a dismal place. Don't visit it ever, my son. There's never a friendly hand or face, Nor slap on the back, not one.

The air is cold and the wind is keen. While always gray is the sky. But never an open door is seen—It's Stranded Town, that's why.

A snow is all they give for a smile; For the choicest talk, a frown. Ah, home, sweet home, full many a mile Art thou from Stranded Town!

—Puck.

Worry never made anything—but wrinkles.

### MORMONS TO MOVE BACK TO MISSOURI

A dispatch from El Paso, Texas, dated Jan. 3, says:

"The headquarters of the Mormon church will some day be located in Independence, Mo," said John Henry Smith, one of the twelve apostles of the Mormon church, ex-member of the 174th legislature and president of the Utah constitutional convention of 1895, while here today.

"The Mormon people have long cherished a dream," he continued, "that their great city should be located in Kansas City. This dream seems now about to become something tangible, as James D. Duffin, a bishop of the church, has bought several thousand acres of land near Independence for the use of Mormon colonists. They will be our vanguard. In the course of time we will erect there a magnificent city, which will be known as Zion, and in which there will be a Mormon temple far more extensive and more magnificent than in Salt Lake City. When this city and temple have been built, headquarters of the Mormon church will be moved from Salt Lake City.

"Way back in the thirties, when the Mormon people were in Kirtland, Ohio, Joseph Smith, Jr., received a divine revelation commanding him and his people to establish their home city and the seat of church government at Independence, Mo. The revelation declared that the city must be called Zion, and must be the headquarters of the Mormon church as long as the world lasted.

"Soon after that revelation the Mormons moved to Independence, but the other people around there were hostile and drove them away. This was in 1839. The Mormons fled to Nauvoo, Ill., from there to Council Bluffs, Iowa, and from there to Utah. But all this time they have borne in mind the revelation commanding them to establish their ultimate great city on the site of what is now Independence, Mo. There is no question but that this will some day be done, and there has been more activity in this direction during the past few months than in the score of years preceding."

Apostle Smith was a recent witness before the committee on privileges and elections in the United States senate which is trying the Reed Smoot case. Mr. Smith says the commission is not paying any attention to the Smoot case, but is simply hauling the Mormon church over the coals and trying to discover some meanness in it.

### STORY OF WRECK VIVIDLY TOLD

Judge Moriarty Tells All About the Recent Wreck at Waldo.

"That was a memorable experience for us all," said Judge M. T. Moriarty to a New Mexican reporter the next morning after the Santa Fe wreck near Waldo.

"When we first halted we did not think so very much about the mishap. We were told that the engine and three cars were displaced and that a couple of rails were spread. One of our party made the assertion that two or three hours would clear the track, and we all listened to him. The two hours came and two more on top of them, and it was then that we began to get anxious and hungry. When it was seen our train could not get through we were sent back to Thornton for supper. We were all hungry as could be and anything that looked the least bit palatable was corralled.

"The most amusing episode occurred when Attorney Ferguson, Field, Childers, of Albuquerque, and myself entered the establishment of a Jap in company with other gentlemen. I took the proprietor for a Chinaman and I fired at him the few Chinese words I knew. He replied: 'Me no Chinese, me Jap.' We all made him understand our mission, and a few minutes later he was completely aware that we were right hungry. I managed to get a couple of hard boiled eggs. As I was congratulating myself upon the acquisition of this, together with two or three hard pieces of bread and a chunk of butter that was of sufficient strength to dance about my plate I glanced to look over to the other side of the room and saw my friend Ferguson had procured a can of corn beef from a high shelf. He lost no time in opening the tin and lost less time after he had gotten a mouthful. That beef was about the most delectable edible the bartender had had in

his possession for a lengthy season. He could not say enough in its behalf and he did not offer any of us a particle of the meat. Everybody was watching Ferguson with his can, and he had to watch it or some one else would have relieved him of it. There were just enough of the lawyer's friends on that isolated accommodation to keep him reminded of the extended journey to Santa Fe for years to come."

### SUPREME COURT DOWN TO BUSINESS

The supreme court of the territory of New Mexico convened yesterday morning at 10 o'clock in its chambers at the capitol, there being present: Hon. William J. Mills, chief justice; Hon. John R. McPhee, associate justice; Hon. Frank W. Parker, associate justice; and Hon. Edward A. Mann, associate justice; W. B. Childers, United States attorney; George W. Prichard, solicitor general, and Jose D. Sosa, clerk.

In case No. 952, George W. Harrison, appellee vs. Antonio Gallegos, appellant, the judgment of the district court of Bernalillo county was reversed and case remanded.

There being a number of applicants for admission to the bar the following committee was appointed by the court to pass upon their character and qualifications: R. C. Gortner of first district; H. R. Ferguson, second district; A. H. Harlow, third district; A. A. Jones, fourth district; A. A. Freeman, fifth district; and George W. Prichard, sixth district.

The committee appointed at a former session of the court to prepare suitable resolutions upon the death of the Solicitor General Edward L. Bartlett, consisting of G. W. Prichard, N. B. Laughlin and F. W. Clancy, through its chairman, read the following report which was ordered spread upon the minutes of the court:

Your committee, whom was submitted one and duty of reporting to the supreme court resolutions on the death of General Edward L. Bartlett, an officer of the court, submits the following:

General Bartlett departed this life in the city of Santa Fe on the 19th day of October, 1934. He had been a citizen of our territory for more than twenty years, during which time he filled many places of honor and trust. He was at all times a citizen that took a prominent part in the interests of the territory. At the time of his death he was solicitor general, an office he had filled for many years in our territory. He was uniformly courteous and obliging, both as an individual and official. He was careful, conservative and painstaking. By nature he was ever genial, urbane and pleasant in his intercourse with his fellowmen. We miss him from our ranks, but his memory will remain with us.

Your committee therefore recommends the following resolutions:

Resolved, That in the death of Solicitor General Bartlett, the people of our territory have lost an eminent and valuable citizen, and the bar one of its most efficient and courteous members.

Resolved, That a copy of this report and resolutions be spread upon the minutes of the court, and that a copy of the same be furnished the press of the territory.

Upon the convening of the court, Pablo Padilla was appointed crier and Adolfo Padilla, bailiff.

The court then ordered a recess until 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

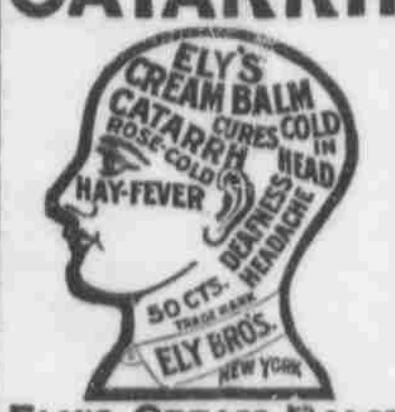
### Cheesemaking Discussed.

Milwaukee, Wis., Jan. 5.—The following were among the papers presented and discussed at today's session of the Wisconsin cheesemakers' convention: "The Licensing of Factories and Makers and the Value of Competitive Contests," J. G. Moore, president Wisconsin Butter Makers' association, Madison; "How to Interest Our Patrons in the Production of Milk at a Profit," Henry Van Liew, Milwaukee, Wis.; "What Must Wisconsin Cheese Factories Do to Improve the Quality of Their Cheese," Prof. J. G. Emery, state dairy and food commissioner, "Care of Steam Boilers and Engines," G. H. Benkenroff, agricultural experiment station, Madison. The business session for the election of officers will be held this evening.

### Kuropatkin of British Origin.

London, Jan. 5.—The enemies of Gen. Kuropatkin are, says a dispatch from St. Petersburg, doing everything they can to discredit him at the present juncture. The latest report spread by malicious tongues is that the general is of British origin. His great-grandfather, a surgeon named Partridge (Russian "Kuropatkin"), is said to have settled in St. Petersburg in the reign of the Empress Catherine II.

## CATARRH



This Remedy is a Specific, Sure to Give Satisfaction. GIVES RELIEF AT ONCE. It cleanses, soothes, heals, and protects the diseased membrane. It cures Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Easy to use. Contains no injurious drugs. Applied into the nostrils and absorbed. Large Size, 50 cents at Drugstore or by mail. Trial Size, 10 cents by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

## LOCAL NEWS

(From Wednesday's Daily Citizen.)

### "WHEN THE MOONBEAMS PEEP,"

By S. Dye.

When the moonbeams peep, o'er the trackless deep,  
And wandering stars light up the lonely shore;  
While this cold world is lost in restful sleep,  
I think of the days that can be no more.

I think of my youth with its happy dreams,  
Of my air castles, now sunk in decay;  
And the future dark and cheerless seems,  
I find joy in dreams of a once bright day.

My once true friends are friends to me no more,  
All seeking richer friends, and happier faces.  
While I left forsaken, with a heart so sore,  
Must roam amid the wilds of lonely places.

When dark clouds ever around me hover,  
While drifting over life's treacherous sea;  
The storms excite no emotion, mother,  
Except that they have deprived me of thee.

With the wreck of my bark, which was too frail,  
To weather the gales on life's stormy sea;  
I'll try to brave the storms again, and sail,  
Mother, over the dark waters to thee.

They say that our grief is forever o'er,  
In fields Elysian, by the Crystal Sea;  
But ah, could I only see thee once more,  
Mother dear, it would be heaven for me.

Attorney O. N. Marron was a passenger for Santa Fe this morning.

J. C. Paulson, the ticket broker, returned this morning from a visit to El Paso.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Akers, of Santa Fe, are here on a visit to relatives and friends.

F. R. Dunlavy, of the Dunlavy Mercantile company, was an Albuquerque visitor last evening.

Mrs. W. S. Brotherton, of Clarkville, McKinley county, is again in the city, doing some shopping.

Rev. F. B. Francis, of Socorro, is here, and will take part in the revival meeting at the Columbus hall.

Mrs. E. C. Watson, of the Whitson Music company, was a passenger for Gallup on the flyer today.

H. H. Lister, who sells Fairbanks saws in New Mexico, was a passenger for Las Vegas this morning.

A small freight wreck near Thornton last evening delayed the arrival of trains from the north last night.

Misses Carrie and Cecile Reynolds left this morning for Hopewell, New Mexico, for a visit to their parents.

Edworth Ingalls, special attorney for the government returned this morning from a strenuous trip to San Marcel.

Mrs. P. J. Savage, of Socorro, who was here under treatment at the St. Joseph hospital, has returned to his home in Socorro.

Joseph Burke, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Burke, returned to school at Santa Fe this morning after spending the holidays at home.

George Stubbs, the mining man, returned to the city from the Mogollon Gold and Copper company's properties near Cooney, N. M.

The building in which the scholars of the university stable their horses, was totally destroyed by fire this afternoon. The origin of the fire is not known.

"The Hardy Able club," organized for human, benevolent and temperance purposes, have elected the following officers for the ensuing year: E. W. Schrage, president; W. P. Wilson, secretary; W. H. Smith, treasurer.

Henry Yanow, the pawn broker, placed \$5,000 in currency and coins in his store window yesterday and placed an electric rattle on the glass to attract attention. It was a great show of wealth and attracted the attention of a hungry crowd.

Dr. G. H. Fitzgerald, who was in Pennsylvania spending the holidays with relatives and friends, has notified friends that he would return to the city tomorrow (Thursday) night.

The doctor also makes the announcement of his recent marriage to Miss Alice Weston. Mrs. Fitzgerald will accompany the doctor back to Albuquerque.

Messrs. George O. Colwell and George S. James, representing the Diamond Publishing company of Minneapolis, Minn., large without supply house, are in the city. Both gentlemen have visited a number of schools in this county, and say they found them in excellent condition, which speaks well for Edwino Vigil, the county school superintendent.

Mrs. A. S. Clark, daughter of Congressman Landenslager of New Jersey, died at the St. Joseph sanitarium of consumption, after four months' illness. The mother and father and husband were present when the end came. Three children mourn the loss of a mother. The remains will be shipped to Paulden, N. J., the old home, for interment.

H. W. Kelly, of Gross, Kelly & Co., Las Vegas, is in the city on business.

Edward Ray, of the Alvarado curio, has recovered from a severe attack with typhoid fever.

Miss Josie Romero, who was here on a visit to her brother, Herbert D. Romero and wife, has returned to Las Vegas.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Crenner and Mrs. H. E. Anderson, who were here last few days, have returned to Bland, Cochiti district.

F. B. Hyde, Jr., merchant and Indian trader at Putnam, N. M., and Winston Withers of the San Juan

## THE MARKETS

STOCK -- MONEY -- METAL -- WHEAT

### NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

Trading quotations received by Levy Bros., members of Chicago Board of Trade, over their private wire, room 37, Barnett building. Atn. Phone, 650; Bell, 285.

New York, Jan. 5, 1935.

Amalgamated Copper ..... 74 1/2  
American Sugar ..... 142 1/2  
Atchafalpa common ..... 87 1/2  
Atchafalpa pref. .... 101 1/2  
B. & O. .... 105 1/2  
C. & N. .... 41 1/2  
C. & P. .... 47 1/2  
Coca Southern second ..... 35 1/2  
C. & W. common ..... 43 1/2  
C. & O. .... 40 1/2  
Erie common ..... 40 1/2  
Erie first ..... 7 1/2  
L. & N. .... 140  
Missouri Pacific ..... 107 1/2  
Metropolitan ..... 130  
Mexican Central ..... 23 1/2  
New York Central ..... 145  
Norfolk ..... 79 1/2  
Ponding common ..... 81 1/2  
Pennsylvania ..... 128 1/2  
R. I. common ..... 27 1/2  
R. I. pref. .... 83 1/2  
Rep. I. & R. common ..... 17 1/2  
Southern Pacific ..... 65 1/2  
St. Paul ..... 173 1/2  
Southern Railway ..... 35 1/2  
T. C. & L. .... 71  
Texas Pacific ..... 35 1/2  
U. P. common ..... 114 1/2  
U. S. S. common ..... 29 1/2  
U. S. S. pref. .... 92 1/2  
Wabash common ..... 31 1/2  
Wabash pref. .... 42 1/2  
Wis. Central common ..... 22 1/2  
U. S. Leather common ..... 13 1/2

(From Wednesday's Daily Citizen.)  
Clinton J. Crandall, superintendent of the government Indian school at Santa Fe, is an Albuquerque visitor.

Judge D. H. McMillan, of Socorro, and Capt. W. C. Reid, of Roswell, are at Santa Fe attending the supreme court.

Mrs. Mary Scott, of 805 S. 11th Street, has returned from Santa Fe where she attended the christening of a grand child.

There will be a special meeting of the city council tomorrow afternoon at City Clerk Lee's office in the N. T. Armijo building.

Mrs. A. S. Sweetland left last evening for Los Angeles, Cal., where she will spend the winter with her son, Archie Sweetland.

H. O. Bursum, the superintendent of the territorial penitentiary, who was south on business, has returned to his duties at Santa Fe.

The commissioners, on adjourning yesterday afternoon, adjourned until February 16, and not January 16, as stated in The Citizen.

Miss Cordelia Howell, the pianist, will be joined here on Monday by her sister, Mrs. Annabelle Schell, who will arrive from Kansas City.

Postmaster Hopkins is doing spring house cleaning. The postoffice building is being thoroughly renovated and paint and varnish will follow.

Hon. M. B. Otter, the register of the United States land office who was here the past few days on a visit to Mrs. Otter, has returned to Santa Fe.

Attorneys W. B. Childers, H. R. Ferguson, F. W. Clancy and others, including Mrs. Clancy and Capt. W. E. Dume, are at the Capital City attending to supreme court.

J. W. Bennett arrived from Houch, Arizona, and is looking after business interests in Albuquerque. Mr. Bennett is the proprietor of the Bennett curio store on North First street.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Lead Avenue church will meet in the church parlors Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Joseph W. Powell wishes to meet every member at this meeting.

George Shau, merchant and tie contractor of Chilili, was here on business. Mr. Shau has just closed out his interests at Chilili and will locate at some other point in this territory.

An insane woman, one of the pitiful cases at the county jail, died early this morning. The remains were interred in the potter's field by Undertaker A. Borders.

Alfred Grunsfeld, senior member of the wholesale dry goods firm of Grunsfeld Bros., will leave tonight for the east, where he will purchase the spring and summer goods for his firm.

Regular services will be held at Temple Albert Friday evening at 7:45. The sermon by Rabbi Kaplan will be "Is There a Royal Road to Revelation and to Salvation?" The public is welcome.

W. R. Moore, district manager for the New York Life Insurance company in New Mexico, left for New York, where he will attend a meeting of the company managers, which convenes there January 10.

Dr. Oscar D. Stewart, of the Alvarado tontorial parlors, returned last evening from a visit with friends and relatives in eastern cities. He was absent from the city two weeks.

M. B. Otter, son of Mrs. A. M. Herge, who with his brother, Edward M. Otter, left two weeks ago for the City of Mexico, has accepted a position with the Dunn Mercantile Agency in the Mexican capital. He writes that they are nicely situated and are pleased with their surroundings.

J. A. Jones and family will leave this evening for Roswell, N. M., where Mrs. Jones will visit friends and Mr. Jones will devote his time to a new gas plant which he is building in the Pecos valley metropolis. He will return to Albuquerque shortly and begin the erection of a gas plant for this city.

Chief of Police McMillan turned Deserter Barron over to a United States officer, who arrived from Fort Wingate. The officer returned to the fort and now Chief McMillan would like to know "where he is at." He has no United States prisoner, no receipt for him, and he has not received the promised reward.

One of the latest displays of photographs ever made in Albuquerque is on exhibition in the cases at the door of the "Butman Studio." Mr. Butman has devoted the entire space this week to the children, laughing babies, in every position, and in the center little John Clark, representing cupid, one of the most unique pictures ever shown. On the other side is a beautiful water color enlargement of Meyer Stern, showing what the "Butman Studio" can do in making a large picture from a life negative. The display is attracting much attention and is well worth going to see.

The beef combine made unprecedented profits in 1934 and the price of beef was, and is, about 130 per cent above the average for the period from 1890 to 1929. But, as Ben Teed once said, "What are you going to do about it?"

All farmers and gardeners ought to have a copy of the 1935 Seed Annual of the Perry company. It contains information and suggestions that are invaluable. The Annual will be mailed free on anyone addressing D. M. Perry & Co., Detroit, Mich.

A Famous Seed House.

An instance of commercial development and growth to proportions unusual is cited in the career of the well known seed firm, D. M. Perry & Co., of Detroit, Mich. Since its establishment half a century ago, the company, following out principles of strict business integrity and building upon unquestionable merit, has steadily grown until the name of Perry's Seeds is now a household word with every planter in the land.

Perry's Seeds are famous for their purity, freshness and reliability. The greatest care is exercised in their growing and selection, and only seeds of the highest possible standard are placed upon the market. Every package has behind it the reputation of a house whose standards are the highest in the trade. A fresh stock, just received from the growers, is carried by dealers everywhere.

All farmers and gardeners ought to have a copy of the 1935 Seed Annual of the Perry company. It contains information and suggestions that are invaluable. The Annual will be mailed free on anyone addressing D. M. Perry & Co., Detroit, Mich.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

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Allen's Lung Balsam

Best Cough Medicine Safe, Sure, Prompt

Allen's Lung Balsam

Best Cough Medicine Safe, Sure, Prompt

Allen's Lung Balsam



## OFFICIAL MATTERS

### Articles of Incorporation of Two Important Companies Filed at the Capital.

#### BONDS OF OFFICERS APPROVED

A copy of the certified election returns have been received and filed in the office of the territorial secretary of the election in Torrance county for a successor to the late J. Franco Chavez, for the council, Jacobo Chavez, the only candidate, received 357 votes.

#### Plats of Durango & Gulf Railway Filed in U. S. Land Office.

The Albuquerque, Durango & Gulf Railway company filed two sets of plats for the right of way of the road in New Mexico in the United States land office. This is the road which is contemplated by the promoters of the Santa Fe Central and the Albuquerque Eastern.

#### Board of School Superintendents Approved.

Judge John H. McPhee has approved the bond of Marcelino Garcia, as superintendent of schools of Santa Fe county, which was in the sum of \$2,000. Friday afternoon Judge McPhee approved the bonds of Antonio J. Ortiz, sheriff-elect of Santa Fe county. They were in the sum of \$5,000 for the faithful performance of his duties and \$7,000 as collector of liquor and gambling licenses.

#### Complication as to Bond of Collector of School Funds of Treasurer of Chaves County.

Chaves county has a curious legal complication. Superintendent of Public Instruction Amado Chavez Saturday morning received the bond of J. S. Lea, recently elected treasurer and ex-officio collector of Chaves county, for \$40,000 as collector of the school fund. The bond, according to law, should be approved by the county superintendent of schools, but Chaves county seems to have none. J. McPhee, who term expired last Saturday, has left the county to make his home in California, and H. L. Johnson, who was elected at the recent election, died before qualifying.

#### Articles of Incorporation Filed.

The following articles of incorporation have been filed in the office of territorial secretary J. W. Reynolds:

Torrance, Roswell & Gulf railway, incorporators and directors for the first three months, William H. Andrews, Albuquerque; Willard S. Hopewell, Hillsboro; Arthur Kennedy, Francis J. Torrance, T. Lee Clark, Pittsburg. The capital stock is \$2,500,000, divided into 250,000 shares of the value of \$100 each, and the principal place of business will be at Roswell, Chaves county, although it is specified that meetings of the board of directors may be held in any city in the United States, in or out of the territory. The amount of shares actually subscribed are 1,250 or 252 shares per each incorporator. Ten per cent of the entire capital stock has been paid to T. Lee Clark, of Pittsburg, the treasurer of the new company. The object of the company is to construct a railroad and telegraph line from Torrance, connecting with the Santa Fe Central to Roswell, the length of the line to be 125 miles. The term of existence of the company is for fifty years.

The following articles of incorporation have been filed in the office of the territorial secretary, J. W. Reynolds:

The Tonopah-Crow Gold and Copper company, the incorporators and directors for the first three months are E. L. Washburn, C. O. Cushman, Foss, N. Wilkinson, Albuquerque; Nathan Washburn, Middleboro, Mass.; E. F. Hoxall, Albion, Mich. The object of the company is to carry on a general mining and smelting business in gold and copper ores, with the principal place of business at Albuquerque; capital stock \$1,000,000, divided into 1,000,000 shares of the value of \$1 each. Term of existence, fifty years.

#### PRIZE WINNERS.

Among the Station Agents on the Santa Fe Railway System.

The Santa Fe railroad annually appropriates \$1,000 to be distributed as prizes among the station agents of the system who show the best proportion of gain in business for the company during the year.

The award of prizes for the year of 1904 has just been made and the following are the lucky employees:

First prize, \$250, has been awarded to Henry Newell, of Hollanda, Cal. Second prize, \$200, has been awarded to C. E. Brown, of Fairview, I. T. Third prize, \$150, has been awarded to D. N. Garrett, of Canyon City, Col. Fourth prize, \$125, has been awarded to N. J. Lucas, of Las Vegas, N. M. Fifth prize, \$100, has been awarded to D. L. Luster, of Plattburg, Mo. Sixth prize, \$75, has been awarded to H. R. Nelson, of Paul's Valley, I. T. Seventh prize, \$50, has been awarded to A. L. Parker, of Princeton, Ill. Eighth prize, \$25, has been awarded to John Kendrick, of Marion, Kan. A circular has been distributed containing the information regarding the distribution of the prize money. From among the more than 750 station agents along the Santa Fe system, seventy were mentioned in this circular in addition to the eight winners of cash prizes, as being worthy of honorable mention on account of exceptional efforts put forth in the interest of the company.

#### FROM SANTA FE TO ROSWELL

Delegate-Elect W. H. Andrews and Associates File Articles of Incorporation of Torrance Roswell & Gulf Railway.

The filing of articles of incorporation on last Friday by the Torrance Roswell & Gulf railway is another of the results accomplished by Delegate-Elect W. H. Andrews, while in the east the past month. This is an assurance to the people of Roswell and the Pecos Valley, that their hoped for

line from Torrance to Roswell is very soon.

The articles are signed by the same promoters and capitalists who built the Santa Fe Central who are now constructing the Albuquerque Eastern and who through local agents filed plats for the new Albuquerque, Durango & Gulf railway. The road will begin at Torrance, where it will connect with the Santa Fe Central and proceed in a southeasterly direction through the northeastern corner of Lincoln county and the northwestern part of Chaves county. The southern terminal will be at Roswell, a distance of 120 miles from Torrance.

The route proposed was surveyed by Chief Engineer J. R. Farwell and a corps of engineers about eight months ago and the right of way plats will soon be filed in the land office. Mr. Farwell says that the highest grade on the line will be one per cent and the sharpest curve will be three per cent, both of which are very low.

The capital stock of the company is \$2,500,000, which is estimated by experts to be the cost of the road and 10 per cent of this amount has already been turned over to the treasurer of the new company, T. Lee Clark, of Pittsburg. The incorporators of the company are W. H. Andrews, Albuquerque; W. S. Hopewell, Hillsboro; Francis J. Torrance, Arthur Kennedy and T. Lee Clark, Pittsburg. These are also the directors for the first three months. It is understood that work will begin on the construction of the new road, simultaneously with that of the Durango road.

#### LOCAL PARAGRAPHS.

(From Monday's Daily Citizen.) H. A. Horton, of McPherson, Kansas, who has been visiting his cousin, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Crisman, of 116 North Second street, left for home Saturday morning.

Chas. V. Safford, traveling auditor for the territory, is in the city checking over the accounts of Bernalillo county officials. The alarm of fire sounded early Saturday evening startlinging the city and causing confusion in shops and stores, was of little consequence, a small blaze at the shops was extinguished by the Santa Fe fire department.

A large number of city folks were entertained at Orchestra hall yesterday afternoon for a couple of hours by the Marten family. They are real artists. The Marten family will furnish music for a dance at Orchestra hall tonight.

Harry Cooper, assistant city marshal, who visited San Francisco, has returned to the city. Hon. and Mrs. L. Bradford Prince who were back east the past month, have returned to Santa Fe.

Several big cottonwood trees, on Silver avenue between Second and Third streets, have been cut down.

Mrs. Mary Scott went up to Santa Fe Saturday morning to spend a few days with her friend, Mrs. E. H. Papa. Governor Otero will leave Santa Fe in a few days for Washington. He goes to fight against the passage of the joint resolution bill.

Prof. Hiram Hadley, one of the principal instructors of the Agricultural college, is here to enjoy a few days with Albuquerque friends.

W. E. Martin, who will represent Socorro county at the next territorial assembly, was an Albuquerque visitor over Sunday. He left for Socorro last night.

#### THE REVIVAL MEETINGS

THEY ARE GROWING IN INTEREST—LARGE CROWDS ATTENDING.

(From Tuesday's Daily Citizen.)

Dr. F. E. Smiley spoke to a well filled house last evening at Colombo hall, his subject was "That Great and Wicked City." After reading the "Parable of the Lost Sheep" and after Mr. Hanson sang "The Ninety and Nine," Dr. Smiley gave a brief description of the low moral and social conditions existing in the east end of London, and to a greater or less extent in all the large cities of the world.

Dr. Smiley's statements were based upon his present observations and statistics compiled by public authorities. He spent some months, a few years ago, in a special study of methods used and advocated for reaching the people living in the slums of London.

He read from a chapter of his book "The churches' answer to the bitter cry of outcast London," in which he referred to the densely populated districts where from one to four families lived in a single room, in one place by actual count 2,307 people were living upon three acres of land, a little less than one and one half of our city blocks.

He spoke of the thousands of homeless wanderers, sleeping in boxes and barrels, under bridges, in cellars and out in the open—rich soil for the reception and growth of anarchistic teachings.

In contrast to this dark picture of the results of intemperance and kindred forms of sin, Dr. Smiley spoke of the work which has been instituted to bring light into those hearts so blighted by vice in all its forms. The 2,000 churches of London, about 600 of which have services every day, some having several services daily. He mentioned the "Prison Gate Mission," whose work is among the ex-convicts, and procuring honest work for them far from their former haunts and companions.

He urged the Christian people of Albuquerque to greater efforts in behalf of the young men of the city who are daily and nightly exposed to many temptations to lead them into the ways of vice which infest our streets, and which are drawing them to their ruin.

Dr. Smiley will speak this evening at "What Comes After Death."

Tomorrow afternoon his subject will be "What Did Jesus Mean by 'Kingdom and Thine'?" The afternoon meetings for this week will be held at the Baptist church, at 2:30 o'clock.

# THIS CITY'S WONDERFUL GROWTH

## A Concise Statement of Some of the Main Points That Are Making the Best City in the Southwest.

### EPITOME OF FACTS SHOWING REMARKABLE GROWTH OF THE DUKE CITY

#### Over Five Hundred Thousand Dollars Expended During the Year Just Closed in the Construction of Substantial Business Blocks.

#### SOME INTERESTING FIGURES PRESENTED BY ARCHITECTS, CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS

In keeping with a custom established in the past, The Citizen winds up the year by giving its readers a resume of the growth of the city. The data on building, postal, express and freight statistics, improvements and increases, tabulated below, were gathered with great care and patience; and while they may not be absolutely correct, they reflect well what has been done in these lines and are sufficiently exact for all practical purposes.

The year which closes tonight has been an exceptionally good year for the city of Albuquerque. The year 1904 will dawn upon it tomorrow as a city of a half million dollars greater and stronger than when its 10,000 people welcomed in the year of 1903, and in the twelve months a metropolitan atmosphere has settled upon it. Many commodious and substantial business blocks have filled in the vacant lots of the downtown portions and many are the new suburban homes on which the paint is hardly dry.

The going of a metropolitan electric

pal church, two Grant blocks, Mrs. Jaffa's residence, the additions to the four ward school buildings, residence for Clarence Ten Eyck, O. W. Strong's warehouse and cottage for Mrs. Aron Rosenwald, and others, amounting in the whole to about \$140,000.

#### Cement Walk Builders.

The cement walk builders, too, have had a very busy year. At the beginning of the year the city could boast of about nine miles of cement and brick walk. Now it is estimated that it has at least eleven miles, an increase of about two miles and probably more. James McCriston, claims to have laid forty blocks and other contractors have laid at least that many more.

#### Contractors and Builders.

The contractors and builders of Albuquerque number about one dozen and the tabulated statement tendered by each of them, and given in this article, shows that they have all been very busy during the year 1904. W. W. Strong leads with \$164,000, the Elks'



THE ELKS' OPERA HOUSE LOCATED CORNER OF FIFTH STREET AND GOLD AVENUE.

front railway, built at a cost of \$100,000, is one atop Albuquerque has in the year 1904 toward being a large city.

Several new industries have been added and the old ones have grown. The Santa Fe has built a new car shop building and equipped it at a cost of \$25,000. This and the new Santa Fe Pacific hospital, costing \$25,000, are not included in the tabulated building statistics, but they are a part of the city.

The exact growth in population could not be ascertained as no census has been taken in the past few years, but judging from the enormous increase in postal receipts, it must have been large. A claim of 12,000 population for the city of Albuquerque, is not exorbitant. Another excellent means of gauging the growth of a city in population is by the growth of the school attendance. Albuquerque spent \$75,000 this year to build additions to the four ward buildings and yet the school rooms are crowded.

But the best criterion is the record of buildings erected and their character and estimated cost.

#### Corps of Architects.

This city may well be proud of the number and ability of her architects, which alone shows that the half million dollars expended has not been spent in putting up buildings of a clasp nature or of the stately order. These architects are E. B. Crisley, J. L. Lafrere and F. W. Spencer, while several of the contractors make their own plans and supervise their own work.

Mr. Lafrere was the first called upon. He said:

I have drawn plans for a \$1,600 warehouse for Mellin & Eakin, a \$1,600 residence for William Kieko, a \$4,100 school building erected in Old Albuquerque, a \$3,000 brick residence for G. G. Gioni, a \$4,000 residence for Clark M. Carr, four houses for Thelin Brothers, costing \$6,000; two houses for Chas. Roe, costing \$2,800; a \$2,200 brick residence for Jesus Romero, a \$5,000 business block for Mattucci & Lamori, a \$4,000 brick residence for M. E. Otero, a \$3,800 brick warehouse for Whitney company, a \$7,500 brick business block for Korber & Quichel, a \$4,500 residence for Mrs. A. J. Wiener, a \$2,000 flat for M. Nash, \$2,500 residence for John S. Heaven, and a \$1,000 addition to the M. Mandell residence.

F. W. Spencer, architect, reports as follows:

Residence for Sidney Houghton, on West Lead avenue, brick and frame; cost about \$12,000; rooming house for Mrs. M. F. Myers, corner of Atlantic avenue and Third street, 30 rooms, brick, cost about \$8,500; residence for Wm. L. Elmer, Kent avenue, near Eleventh street, frame, cost about \$2,500; residence for Mrs. Laura E. Bessie, corner Atlantic avenue and Fourth street, brick, cost about \$2,100; residence for Dr. J. F. Pearce, West Railroad avenue, brick and frame (now in course of erection), cost about \$6,300.

Mr. Crisley has had a very busy year during 1904, having had charge of the construction of the large warehouse for L. B. Putney, a residence for Pitt-Ross, Lead Avenue Methodist Episcopal church, two Grant blocks, Mrs. Jaffa's residence, the additions to the four ward school buildings, residence for Clarence Ten Eyck, O. W. Strong's warehouse and cottage for Mrs. Aron Rosenwald, and others, amounting in the whole to about \$140,000.

opera house building and several downtown business blocks, amounting to a business almost \$100,000 above any of the balance.

Contractor Morgan is practically a new man in the city. He began putting up houses here on July 1, 1904. H. H. Tilton during the early summer consolidated his business with the Security Warehouse company, which concerns it will be noticed, has not been idle. This firm has purchased a large block of real estate and contemplates spending \$6,000 in buildings during the year 1905. Other builders report large contracts in view for the new year.

#### W. W. Strong.

Elks' opera house \$60,000  
Business block for R. H. Greenleaf on Silver avenue \$2,000  
Business block for Louis Grant on Railroad avenue \$18,000  
Store building for J. M. Sandy on Teller street \$3,500  
New home for water works on



THE C. COLOMBO SOCIETY HALL, LOCATED ON NORTH SECOND STREET.

Tijeras avenue \$4,500  
Plats for Adelaide Shope \$6,000  
Block on Railroad avenue \$2,800  
Residence for J. H. Peague \$2,100  
Residence for A. A. Trimble \$2,300  
Rooming house for M. F. Meyers \$9,000  
Residence for W. W. Strong \$9,000  
Small jobs and improvement work \$15,000  
Total \$164,100

#### Anson & Holman.

Korber & Quichel, business block on Railroad avenue \$4,500  
Brick additions to four ward school buildings \$4,900  
Residence for Henry Goets on North Second street \$1,500  
Business block for Grant brothers estate on Lead avenue

between Third and Fourth streets \$16,400  
Total \$149,400

#### Albuquerque Planing Mill Co.

Two story flat for Miss A. Worthington at corner of Granite avenue and North Second street \$6,949  
Residence for G. L. Alheimer at corner of New York avenue and North Fourth street \$1,832  
Four room cottage for Albuquerque Planing Mill company, Second street and Mountain road \$9,000  
Residence on Copper avenue for Mrs. Jaffa \$3,750  
Addition to residence for Mrs. A. C. Sharp at corner of Lead avenue and Armo. \$425  
Improvement to residence for W. H. Worth, 615 East Railroad avenue \$1,400  
New roof on residence for Ed Lavelle on Huning avenue \$5  
Residence for Mrs. Aspinwald on Hazelbine avenue \$1,352  
Residence for A. Rosenwald on Marquette avenue \$1,999  
Improvement to store front on Yrissari building on West Railroad avenue \$309  
Store building for J. F. Sulzer at corner of Broadway and Tijeras avenue \$953  
Improving house for M. Mandell on Tijeras avenue \$620  
Mill work \$7,698  
Total \$24,585

#### John Hart.

Residence for M. R. Otero at the corner of Silver avenue and Seventh street \$4,500  
Residence for Mrs. Berry at the corner of Tijeras avenue and Eighth street \$3,500  
Residence for J. S. Havana on West Marquette avenue \$3,000  
Two story business block for E. G. Garcia on West Railroad avenue \$8,000  
Cottage for Mrs. Bonnell at No. 1024 North Second street \$500  
Improvement and job work \$1,000  
Total \$20,500

#### O. H. Scott.

Addition to home of Mrs. Rose Hunt on Twelfth street \$800  
Residence for O. H. Scott on North Eighth street \$1,500  
Improvements on house for F. H. Kent on Tijeras avenue \$50  
Shop work and job work \$300  
Band stand in Robinson park \$200  
Store house for Whitney Company on First street \$2,000  
Store house First street for Mrs. N. T. Armijo \$1,500  
Double brick house for Chas. Roe on Sixth street \$2,000  
Brick residence on Eighth street for Obermeyer \$1,200  
Residence for O. H. Scott on West Lead avenue \$3,000  
Job work for E. G. Garcia \$300  
Cottage for O. H. Scott on West Lead avenue \$1,500  
Warehouse for Automatic Telephone company \$200  
Improvement on bakery building on Sixth street \$200

#### Resume in Totals.

W. W. Strong \$164,100  
Anson & Holman \$4,900  
Albuquerque Planing Mill Co. \$24,585  
O. H. Scott \$20,500  
J. W. McQuade \$40,200  
Wallace Hesseiden \$59,750  
A. L. Morgan \$12,000  
Dwight Wheeler \$1,000  
H. H. Tilton \$11,000  
The Security Warehouse Co. \$25,000  
John Hart \$29,500  
Grand total \$507,515

#### The Archer Brothers.

The Citizen was unable to get an itemized report from either James or William Archer, who are well known carpenters and contractors of the city. They do not carry on business together, but James Archer today informed The Citizen that he and William Archer had executed about \$25,000 worth of buildings and improvements during the past year.

#### Trial of Adolph Weber.

Auburn, Cal., Jan. 3.—The case of Adolph Weber, the youth who is charged with murdering his father, mother and other members of his family, and then firing the house to conceal the crime, was called for trial today before Judge Prowert. So intense is popular feeling and so widely have the facts of the awful murder been advertised, that it is expected considerable difficulty will be experienced in getting a jury.

#### Southern Rabbis in Session.

New Orleans, Jan. 3.—The annual session of the Southern Rabbinical conference began in New Orleans today with leading rabbis in attendance from Memphis, Houston, Atlanta, Richmond and other cities of the south. The purpose of the conference is to discuss various questions relating to the Jewish faith. The visiting rabbis will remain here for the celebration next week of the golden jubilee of the Jewish Widows and Orphans' home, the oldest Jewish institution of its kind in the country.

#### On Trial for Embezzlement.

Washington, Jan. 3.—James A. M. Watson, formerly a district government clerk, was placed on trial today for the alleged embezzlement of \$72,000 from the office of Auditor Petty of the District of Columbia.

Residence for J. K. Wilson on Copper avenue \$2,200  
Two residences on Copper avenue for J. W. McQuade \$4,500  
Improvements and repairs on various buildings \$3,800  
Warehouse and office building for Rio Grande Lumber company on North Third street \$2,000  
Total \$10,200

#### Wallace Hesseiden.

Warehouse on South First street for Clarkville Coal Co. \$1,900  
Residence for Dr. J. F. Pearce on West Railroad avenue \$6,800  
Residence for Judge W. D. Lee on Fourteenth street \$1,700  
Residence for E. M. Trimble on North Third street \$2,100  
Addition to Episcopal church \$3,500  
Guild hall, annex to Episcopal church \$1,250  
Store and apartment house for M. Nash on West Railroad \$3,250  
Two houses for Doc, Blodose near corner of New York avenue and Seventh street \$2,500  
Store building for C. May, same merchant, on Railroad avenue \$2,600  
Two houses for Thelin Bros. \$3,000  
Residence for A. W. Harris \$3,000  
Residence for C. M. Conn, corner of Fruit avenue and Fourth street \$4,000  
Residence for John Brady on the Highlands \$2,750  
Residence for Mrs. J. J. O'phelt on West Tijeras avenue \$4,750  
Residence for R. C. Ten Eyck on Kent avenue \$3,000  
Residence for Mrs. J. H. O'phelt \$1,700  
Residence for J. Palladino on North Fourth street \$8,000  
Residence for J. Romero \$3,300  
Total \$59,750

#### A. L. Morgan.

Residence for Dr. M. K. Wylder on West Railroad avenue \$4,500  
Residence for Frank Moore at the corner of Tijeras avenue and Twelfth street \$6,000  
Residence for Mrs. A. J. Gundersen on Coal avenue \$3,000  
Total \$12,000

#### Dwight Wheeler.

Improvements and job work \$1,000

#### H. H. Tilton.

Two modern residences on North Ninth street \$11,000

#### The Security Warehouse Company.

One storage warehouse on Marquette avenue \$4,000  
Four brick cottages on Fourth street \$10,000  
Four frame houses on Fruit avenue \$8,000  
Three frame houses on North Sixth street \$6,000  
Total \$28,000

#### A. W. Hayden.

Store and flat for Mattucci & Lamori, West Tijeras avenue \$6,000  
Residence for L. A. Tessier on North Eighth street \$4,000  
Cottage for Frank McKee on West Roma avenue \$2,500  
Remodeling store front for D. J. Abel \$700  
Residence for M. G. Armijo on North Second street \$2,000  
Addition to residence on Marquette avenue for T. F. Reed \$800  
Residence on South Walter at for A. R. Stroup \$3,000  
Double house on North Third street for J. E. Haines \$4,500  
Livery barn on the Highlands for Owen Dinnale \$1,000  
Warehouse and stable on North Second street for O. W. Strong's Sons \$2,000  
Residence on Kent avenue for W. L. Edgar \$3,200  
Lead avenue M. E. church \$17,000  
Public school building in Old Albuquerque \$6,500  
Cottage at Menaul school for J. C. Ross \$2,000  
Carpenter shop for A. W. Hayden on Copper avenue \$1,500  
Total \$57,000

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## COUNTY COMMISSIONERS HELD ANOTHER

### INTERESTING SESSION AND AL-LOW BILLS FOR KILLING WILD ANIMALS.

(From Tuesday's Daily Citizen.)

The newly organized board of county commissioners resumed work again this morning. The following bills were approved:

Garret Satarain, road supervisor of precinct No. 2, twenty days work, \$50  
Juan Otero, services for one year as road supervisor of precinct No. 23 \$50.

Albuquerque Gas, Electric Light & Power company, lights for court house for quarter ending December 31, 1904, \$100  
Albuquerque Gas, Electric Light & Power company, for light at Albuquerque plaza for October, November and December, \$24.

Albuquerque Gas, Electric Light & Power company, for lights at county jail during quarter, \$36.  
Albuquerque Gas, Electric Light & Power company, lights furnished court house during July, August and September, \$12.

Albuquerque Gas, Electric Light & Power company, are light in Old town plaza for months of July, August and September, \$24.  
Albuquerque Gas, Electric Light & Power company, for lights at county jail during months of July, August and September, \$23.45.

E. F. Milworth, river commissioner, \$45.  
R. L. Medier, assignee of T. A. Harris, tax refund, \$54.  
James D. Keener, bounty for killing wild animals, \$2.

La Bandera Americana Publishing company, three years subscription, \$7.50.  
Mutual Automatic Telephone company, for services during quarter ending December 31, 1904, \$48.

W. H. H. Metzger, bounty for vanquishing wild animals, \$2.  
Juan Serrillo, \$2.50.  
Roman Moraga, bounty for killing two coyotes, \$4.

Santiago Garcia, for holding an inquest on body of Ramon Garcia, \$2.



# Railroad Topics

(From Saturday's Daily Citizen.)

H. McCrory is here taking the annual inventory of the Harvey rifle department.

Headmaster J. M. Williams, of the Santa Fe Central, and wife have returned to Estancia from Garden City, Kansas, where they went to visit over Christmas with relatives.

F. B. Delarino, assistant superintendent of the fourth division of the Denver & Rio Grande, with headquarters at Alamosa, spent Wednesday in Santa Fe and returned home yesterday morning.

J. W. Orchard, who has charge of the grading for the construction of the Albuquerque Eastern, was at Santa Fe yesterday to confer with Assistant W. H. Andrews and W. S. Hope, relative to the work in hand.

Arthur W. Moore, who has been traveling passenger agent for the Erie railroad, with headquarters at Kansas City, has been promoted to the chief clerkship of the passenger department at Chicago, succeeding H. B. Haven, resigned.

General Manager Wells of the Santa Fe coast line has offered a reward of \$100 for the arrest and conviction of the persons who recently attempted to blow up an engine at Colton, Cal., by setting a time out between the cross-hatched guide.

According to officials of the Santa Fe no underwriting for the new bonds has as yet been arranged for, although the applications are said to be numerous.

From this it is expected the new issue will be popular. Stockholders will be given the right to subscribe for them first, and those which are not taken will go to a syndicate for sale.

It is officially announced that G. W. Gonnors, having resigned as assistant superintendent of machinery of the Mexican Central, the position is abolished. The office of C. H. Burk, master mechanic of the Mexican division, has been transferred from Alamosa to Mexico, and all reports formerly made to the assistant superintendent of machinery will hereafter be made to Burk. H. Rothford has been appointed assistant master mechanic of the Mexican division with headquarters at Aguas Calientes.

## RUMOR DENIED AGAIN.

President Ripley of Santa Fe Will Not Appoint Successor to Paul Morton.

The report was current in railway circles in Chicago Tuesday that a successor to Paul Morton as vice president of the Santa Fe system, in charge of traffic, would be announced on January 1, on account of the departure of Mr. Morton to remain in Washington as a member of the cabinet at least for a year longer. "There is no truth in the report," said President Ripley. "I have not even thought of appointing a successor to Mr. Morton."

## TRAINMEN WANTED IN TEXAS.

Santa Fe Railroad is Hiring as Many Experienced Men as Apply.

There is a great demand for good trainmen and switchmen at the Santa Fe headquarters in Temple, Texas.

The company has experienced an unusually heavy increase in business which necessitated a great increase in the number of men employed, and therefore great numbers have been employed and there is yet a good demand for experienced men. Thirteen men were hired Wednesday and thirteen more will be hired today and employment today were they to present themselves and ask for work.

It is stated, also, that there will be permanent work for good railroad men in good numbers when they desire to come to the Temple division and remain with the company.

## MAIL CONTRACT.

Let to the Rock Island and From the Pacific Coast.

A mail contract has just been entered into whereby transcontinental mail passing through the Kansas City railway to the Pacific coast will be carried by the Rock Island. Heretofore the Santa Fe has had this contract. The mail passing through Kansas City for the extreme western points costs the government fully \$1,000,000 a year. Just what proportion of this business the Rock Island will get is not known, but it is said to be a considerable part of the traffic. The contract is the result of a sharp struggle between the Rock Island and the Santa Fe railroads, resulting in the settling of the time of transcontinental passenger trains to fully six hours and the establishment of several new trains.

Heretofore the mail coming from the territory west of St. Louis and from the Atlantic seaboard, passing through St. Louis, has been compelled to be over the Rock Island. The daily mail is delivered to Kansas City by the Missouri Pacific at 10:30 a. m. in trainloads of seven cars, and hitherto that portion of the mail destined for southern Pacific coast points has laid over about six hours. The evening train from St. Louis to the Wabash, arriving in Kansas City at 9:30 p. m., and has laid over until morning, about twelve hours.

Beginning last week the Golden State limited at the Rock Island leaves Chicago at 8 p. m. instead of 10:30 a. m. in time to pick up the transcontinental mail from the Wabash. The time of the train from Chicago to Los Angeles was heretofore 72 hours. To checkmate this the Santa Fe put on a new transcontinental train, leaving Chicago at the same time but making the trip in 72 hours. The cut of six hours was not by the Rock Island. Both morning trains out of Chicago will divide the mail coming to that city from the east between the time of the leaving of the early morning train and the leaving of the early morning train from the leaving of the two trains in question.

## HE HAD A READY ANSWER.

It May Result in a Man Getting Job With Santa Fe.

While J. H. Hurley, general superintendent of the Santa Fe, was at the Union depot at Kansas City the other night a man entered his private car to make a request for a position with the road. He requested letters showing that he had held a position in the transportation department of another road.

"New old are you?" suddenly asked Mr. Hurley, glancing at the man before him.

"Forty," was the answer.

"Most men of 40 working in the transportation department of a road over the road," he said to have pro-

posed if the best built line in operation through the two territories and perfectly fit for heavy freight traffic as well as for passenger business. The large increase in freight traffic over the road will necessarily call for a large additional force of men in the train service, and by the consummation of the proposition, "dawned" will at once become the most important division point between the Missouri river and the Gulf.

## ACROSS THE CONTINENT AND OVER THE SEA

(From Saturday's Daily Citizen.)

The founding of Wells Fargo & Company dates back to the spring of 1852, when Henry Wells, Wm. G. Fargo, John Livingston, D. N. Darnay and others, animated by a desire to profit by the marvelous natural developments on the Pacific coast, organized a company bearing that name, to do an express and banking business in California and soon after offices were established in all the mining camps of any consequence and operations were commenced.

In April, 1868, anticipating the regular mail service across the continent, they established the famous Pony Express between St. Joseph, Mo., and Sacramento, Cal., making weekly trips and carrying letters only.

## THE SALT LAKE ROAD.

Nine Mile Gap to Be Built Before the Golden Spike Is Driven.

Nine miles of ungraded Nevada soil lie between the two approaching lines of steel, which mark the last stage in the completion of the new Salt Lake road, and it will probably be well into the month of February before the rails meet and the line is in condition for business. According to the statement of the road's engineers:

G. L. Adams is in charge of the water department of the new line and G. B. Wolcott of the corps of engineers who are now in Los Angeles state that while the construction of the line shows the work to be progressing rapidly, it is not expected that the road will be in any shape for traffic until the early part of February.

"The work of installing water stations is being pushed rapidly," said Mr. Adams, "and I have found the water supply to be abundant and of an excellent quality all along the line of road. We have been sinking wells and installing machinery for some time and have a good start in the work."

"I have not been at the front for some time, but I have just learned that there is about nine miles of track to be laid before the gap can be closed."

## NEW DRINKING CUPS.

Santa Fe Railroad Has Placed Sanitary Glass Drinking Cups on Trains.

If a one-armed man or a man without the full number of hands which nature provides human beings were to try to get a drink of water on a Santa Fe train how would he find himself as thirsty as a dog? The answer is that he would not. The Santa Fe has placed sanitary glass drinking cups on its trains. These cups are made of glass and are not set on end. The idea is that the patrons of the water tank will take the hint and after drinking, set the glass down in the receiver upside down, thereby letting them drain and dry.

The change is made for sanitary purposes. The order abolishing the tin cups and establishing the glass substitutes went into effect Tuesday, December 20. Each brakeman was allowed to draw three. Some of the more long-headed, with a view of the future, demanded a half dozen. The glasses promise to be much shorter lived than the tin cups. These latter resembled nothing so much as the cones or funnels used by prestidigitators, and were practically a nuisance. Nothing ever happened to disturb their shape, and they were practically indestructible and they that one ever thought of carrying them off, in an absent-minded manner of course.

Not so with the new glasses. One of them came in from a trip of 200 miles with a big hole knocked out of the rim. A brakeman predicted that three of them would be broken in a week. "Does the company pay for them?" was asked. "No, they charge them up to the brakeman," said a conductor standing by, with a twinkle in his eye. "If I thought they would last into another train for a week I would not mind carrying them up to the brakeman. Many passengers fail to understand the intention of the company, and instead of standing the glasses upside down they lay them in the sink, where they rock to and fro and chip their edges against the iron."

## FIRST DIRT THROWN.

Santa Fe Begins Work on Owasso Extension.

A dispatch from Tulsa, T. says: Grading on the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe line from Owasso to Tulsa, to Tulsa commenced Saturday at noon. The contractors, Kincaid Bros., turned the first dirt four miles north of the city. The line is a part of a southwestern extension of the Santa Fe. It is said to be for business in Texas and the line from Owasso to Tulsa will be built to Albuquerque, N. M., through Shawnee, Oklahoma City and other important points.

It has been announced the Santa Fe either build west from Amarillo, Texas, or from Owasso to Albuquerque. The object of the extension is to get a short line from Kansas City to California. The road gives Tulsa its fifth competing line. The grading and the track will be in from Owasso to this point in sixty days.

Shawnee and the Santa Fe.

A dispatch from Shawnee, Kansas, dated Dec. 29, says:

It is given out here today by a prominent railroad official that the heads of the freight departments of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad and the Gulf Colorado & Santa Fe railroad will shortly hold a meeting for the purpose of arranging for the division of all the heavy traffic of the two systems over the Eastern Oklahoma road, which if accomplished will make the line passing through this city the most important one in the southwest.

In speaking of the matter recently, Agent Nelson said that he had no doubt that the arrangement would be made and that the Eastern Oklahoma line would be handling the joint business of the two systems to the extent mentioned within the next sixty days.

General Manager Judge, of the Santa Fe, who recently made a trip over the road, "is said to have pro-

posed if the best built line in operation through the two territories and perfectly fit for heavy freight traffic as well as for passenger business. The large increase in freight traffic over the road will necessarily call for a large additional force of men in the train service, and by the consummation of the proposition, "dawned" will at once become the most important division point between the Missouri river and the Gulf.

The underlying principles—integrity, promptness, enterprise and efficiency—which have been the basis of the business as modestly begun, are those which control its policy today.

"The Albuquerque office of the Wells Fargo Express company," said Agent J. H. Hatcher, "is well pleased with its receipts and expenditures for the year 1904, which I have submitted to the division superintendent of this district, C. H. Young, with headquarters at Denver, and the balance sheet shows an estimated business of over \$75,000 for the past year."

The personnel of the local office is as follows: W. D. McFerran, route agent, with headquarters and home here; J. H. Hatcher, agent; V. L. Lee, cashier; C. E. Vaughn, clerk; B. A. Hagans, depot agent; B. A. Antill and L. R. Chasman, route drivers, and six transfer men. Albuquerque is the home of thirty-two messengers and helpers, divided as follows as to runs: Thirteen between Albuquerque and Los Angeles; five between El Paso and La Junta, with stop-overs at Albuquerque; three between Albuquerque and La Junta; six between Albuquerque and Kansas City, and five regular helpers.

The division superintendent for this district is C. H. Young. He was agent here for several years, but on his promotion to superintendency took up his residence in Denver.

The Citizen has dealings almost every day in the year with the principal officials of the local office and can vouch for the fact that they are first class people to deal with. Each and every one put in plenty of good work and the past couple of weeks, when the rush was at its greatest, they deserve a happy prosperous New Year.

When you want a pleasant purgative try Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They are easy to take and produce no nausea, griping or other disagreeable effect. For sale by all druggists.

## LOST HIS JOB.

Railroad Man Under the Influence of Liquor Embraced Superintendent.

There is a certain good fellow in Atchison who lately lost a job he had worked for years to secure, says the Atchison Globe. He is a railroad man, and this is the way he lost it. He is not a drinking man, but occasionally takes a drink he doesn't want, as so many of us do. Unfortunately, on a late occasion, he took too many, and became tipsy. He met the superintendent on the street, and didn't do a thing but put his arms around the superintendent's neck, and talk silly to him! The man wouldn't have done such a thing for the world, had he been sober. Why should a man pay his hard earned money for that which he does not want, and which makes him act silly? Which makes him lose his job? Isn't it worth thinking about? You would hate to walk up the street acting in a silly way; in a way that would cause people to look at you in surprise and pity. Why, then, deliberately go into a saloon, and pay your hard earned money for that which will cause you to act in a way you despise? In the name of common sense, what are men thinking about when they pay their money for that which injures them? Of course, if a man likes it, and is willing to go to the devil, that is his business, but we appeal to those who do not care for the stuff; who drink occasionally because of a fool custom. The Globe does not wish to be offensive about this matter, but isn't it time to get rid of some of the silly sentiment about drinking being "manly" or "smart"? For of course it isn't, and if you have the slightest sense, you should know it.

## NOTICE.

To Whom It May Concern:

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, administrator of the estate of H. C. Leeds, deceased, has filed in the office of the probate clerk of Bernadillo county, his final report as such administrator, and will on the first Monday in February, 1905, ask the probate court to approve same and to be discharged, together with his bondsmen; any person desiring to file or make objections to the approval of said report may do so at said time.

BEN BOTHER, Administrator.

James G. McNary, of the Optic, is reported to be in the territorial metropolis.

**PETERS**

**"Referee" Shells**

Are loaded with the famous Semi-Smokeless Powder, containing the best qualities of both black and smokeless loads at a price within the reach of all. The "League" is the best black powder shell in the world.

Peters Smokeless Shells won the Amateur Championship of the U. S. in 1903.

Peters Cartridges are loaded with semi-smokeless powder. They have won the indoor rifle championship of the U. S. for seven successive years.

Sold Everywhere.

THE PETERS CARTRIDGE CO.

100 Chambers St. N. Y. City, N. Y.

T. R. Lister, Agt. CINCINNATI, O.

## BIG BUSINESS AT THE LOCAL POSTOFFICE

(From Saturday's Daily Citizen.)

As an index to the actual growth of any city, the wise ones usually point to the increases reported from the postoffice, and the mathematicians, from the subjoined figures, can easily figure out the actual growth of Albuquerque since the year 1901.

Money orders issued, 10,612, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Money orders paid, 8,629, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Receipts of the office, \$21,667.46.

Newspaper postage, \$148.48.

During year, the registered packages, local, amounted to 4,637, and there were 631 special delivery letters.

Year 1901.

Money orders issued, 10,612, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Money orders paid, 8,629, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Receipts of the office, \$21,667.46.

Newspaper postage, \$148.48.

During year, the registered packages, local, amounted to 4,637, and there were 631 special delivery letters.

Year 1902.

Money orders issued, 10,612, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Money orders paid, 8,629, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Receipts of the office, \$21,667.46.

Newspaper postage, \$148.48.

During year, the registered packages, local, amounted to 4,637, and there were 631 special delivery letters.

Year 1903.

Money orders issued, 10,612, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Money orders paid, 8,629, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Receipts of the office, \$21,667.46.

Newspaper postage, \$148.48.

During year, the registered packages, local, amounted to 4,637, and there were 631 special delivery letters.

Year 1904.

Money orders issued, 10,612, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Money orders paid, 8,629, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Receipts of the office, \$21,667.46.

Newspaper postage, \$148.48.

During year, the registered packages, local, amounted to 4,637, and there were 631 special delivery letters.

Year 1905.

Money orders issued, 10,612, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Money orders paid, 8,629, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Receipts of the office, \$21,667.46.

Newspaper postage, \$148.48.

During year, the registered packages, local, amounted to 4,637, and there were 631 special delivery letters.

Year 1906.

Money orders issued, 10,612, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Money orders paid, 8,629, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Receipts of the office, \$21,667.46.

Newspaper postage, \$148.48.

During year, the registered packages, local, amounted to 4,637, and there were 631 special delivery letters.

Year 1907.

Money orders issued, 10,612, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Money orders paid, 8,629, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Receipts of the office, \$21,667.46.

Newspaper postage, \$148.48.

During year, the registered packages, local, amounted to 4,637, and there were 631 special delivery letters.

Year 1908.

Money orders issued, 10,612, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Money orders paid, 8,629, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Receipts of the office, \$21,667.46.

Newspaper postage, \$148.48.

During year, the registered packages, local, amounted to 4,637, and there were 631 special delivery letters.

Year 1909.

Money orders issued, 10,612, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Money orders paid, 8,629, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Receipts of the office, \$21,667.46.

Newspaper postage, \$148.48.

During year, the registered packages, local, amounted to 4,637, and there were 631 special delivery letters.

Year 1910.

Money orders issued, 10,612, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Money orders paid, 8,629, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Receipts of the office, \$21,667.46.

Newspaper postage, \$148.48.

During year, the registered packages, local, amounted to 4,637, and there were 631 special delivery letters.

Year 1911.

Money orders issued, 10,612, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Money orders paid, 8,629, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Receipts of the office, \$21,667.46.

Newspaper postage, \$148.48.

During year, the registered packages, local, amounted to 4,637, and there were 631 special delivery letters.

Year 1912.

Money orders issued, 10,612, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Money orders paid, 8,629, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Receipts of the office, \$21,667.46.

Newspaper postage, \$148.48.

During year, the registered packages, local, amounted to 4,637, and there were 631 special delivery letters.

Year 1913.

Money orders issued, 10,612, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Money orders paid, 8,629, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Receipts of the office, \$21,667.46.

Newspaper postage, \$148.48.

During year, the registered packages, local, amounted to 4,637, and there were 631 special delivery letters.

Year 1914.

Money orders issued, 10,612, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Money orders paid, 8,629, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Receipts of the office, \$21,667.46.

Newspaper postage, \$148.48.

During year, the registered packages, local, amounted to 4,637, and there were 631 special delivery letters.

Year 1915.

Money orders issued, 10,612, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Money orders paid, 8,629, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Receipts of the office, \$21,667.46.

Newspaper postage, \$148.48.

During year, the registered packages, local, amounted to 4,637, and there were 631 special delivery letters.

Year 1916.

Money orders issued, 10,612, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Money orders paid, 8,629, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Receipts of the office, \$21,667.46.

Newspaper postage, \$148.48.

During year, the registered packages, local, amounted to 4,637, and there were 631 special delivery letters.

Year 1917.

Money orders issued, 10,612, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Money orders paid, 8,629, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Receipts of the office, \$21,667.46.

Newspaper postage, \$148.48.

During year, the registered packages, local, amounted to 4,637, and there were 631 special delivery letters.

Year 1918.

Money orders issued, 10,612, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Money orders paid, 8,629, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Receipts of the office, \$21,667.46.

Newspaper postage, \$148.48.

During year, the registered packages, local, amounted to 4,637, and there were 631 special delivery letters.

Year 1919.

Money orders issued, 10,612, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Money orders paid, 8,629, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Receipts of the office, \$21,667.46.

Newspaper postage, \$148.48.

During year, the registered packages, local, amounted to 4,637, and there were 631 special delivery letters.

Year 1920.

Money orders issued, 10,612, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Money orders paid, 8,629, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Receipts of the office, \$21,667.46.

Newspaper postage, \$148.48.

During year, the registered packages, local, amounted to 4,637, and there were 631 special delivery letters.

Year 1921.

Money orders issued, 10,612, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Money orders paid, 8,629, amounting to \$7,466.47.

Receipts of the office, \$21,667.46.

Newspaper postage, \$148.48.

During year, the registered packages, local, amounted to 4,637, and there were 631 special delivery letters.

## NEW MEXICO EDUCATORS' SESSIONS

(From Saturday's Daily Citizen.)

Although the attendance was small at the meeting of the Educational association just held at Silver City, much important business was transacted and many interesting papers read and discussed.

Superintendent Stroup in his annual address argued for better supervision, placing the greater part of the blame for lack of results in our schools on the teacher.

A symposium presented by President W. G. Tipton, Superintendent Luther Foster and Superintendent M. R. Kaehler, presented the professional teachers in all his different aspects.

Much interest was taken in the athletic exhibition presented by the students of the Normal, both girls and boys, in their new gymnasium. The work showed careful training and revealed the possibilities of a gymnasium.

Prof. Hugh H. Owen told of the New Mexico exhibit at the World's fair, New Mexico was awarded the silver medal for the second prize exhibit.

The subject of county institutes was discussed in all the various phases by Prof. J. A. Wood and President E. J. V. Valdez.

It was agreed to be the sense of all that instruction in the institute should be required to secure a special certificate from the territorial board and that county superintendents should not conduct their own institutes and draw salary for same as such is contrary to law.

Miss Lydia Moore opened the discussion on language teaching, with a very bright and pointed paper, which was followed by papers by Prof. MacArthur and County Superintendent W. W. Duff. All agreed that the great trouble in language teaching is the New Mexican child's life principle in their lack of interest in the language and literature teaching.

The feast of the occasion was the lecture by Rev. Robert McIntyre. For nearly two hours he held his audience with his magical power, swinging between pathos and humor. He is past master of the art of oratory, and a very bright and pointed paper, which was followed by papers by Prof. MacArthur and County Superintendent W. W. Duff.

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## HAPPY NEW YEAR

Is a very familiar greeting, but can one be happy without health? No! Then our greeting is twice welcome because we also offer you a medicine that will positively restore you to health and happiness, namely, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It never fails in cases of indigestion, Dyspepsia, Inflammation, Chills or Colic. Try a bottle; also get a free copy of our 1905 Almanac from your druggist.

## HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

## STATEHOOD BILL IN THE SENATE

IT WILL TAKE PRECEDENCE AT RECONVENING OF CONGRESS.

(From Tuesday's Daily Citizen.)

A special dispatch from Washington, dated Jan. 1, to Denver Republican, says: It is expected that not more than three days of the present week will be devoted to legislation by the senate. Congress reconvenes after the holiday recess on Wednesday, Jan. 4, and the present intention is that the senate adjourn on Friday until Monday.



## ALBUQUERQUE WEEKLY CITIZEN

HUGHES & McBRIDE, Publishers.

Subscription Rates.  
Weekly Citizen, per year.....\$2.00  
Daily Citizen, per year.....6.00

## THE DIPPING OF SHEEP

### Territorial Board Has Lawful Right to Order Such and to Enforce Mandate.

#### CANNOT IMPOSE FINES, HOWEVER

Solicitor General George W. Prichard has handed an important opinion to Hon. Solomon Luna, president of the sheep sanitary board, by letter, as follows:

Hon. Solomon Luna, President Sheep Sanitary Board, Albuquerque, N. M.

Dear Sir:—On account of my absence from the city I did not receive your letter of the 30th inst. until my return yesterday, regarding the refusal of an owner to dip his sheep under an order of the sheep sanitary board.

In your letter you say: "We have an owner of sheep who has positively refused to obey the order of the board, and refuses absolutely to dip his sheep under government or our own supervision, but has dipped them without such supervision." You also say that this owner's sheep do not have any scab, and you ask my opinion whether under the statutes your board can take charge of and dip the delinquent's sheep and hold the same until all expenses are paid, and collect the same from him by suit, and you further inquire whether your board can impose a fine for failure of the owner of the sheep to comply with the board's order and collect such fine.

Under paragraph 3, section 4, of the session laws of 1899, your board is authorized to "prescribe such methods to be observed in the dipping of sheep as to them may seem proper and best adopted to prevent disease and the spread thereof among sheep, and in accordance with the provisions of this act."

On the 23d day of August, A. D. 1904, your board evidently having the above provision of law in view, and the rules and regulations you had prescribed thereunder, saw proper to adopt the following order: "It is ordered by this board, and sheep growers are notified, that all sheep within New Mexico having the disease of scab must be dipped immediately and a second dipping given ten days after the first, and that sheep which do not have scab must be dipped at least once between now and October 20, 1904, but only when sheep are dipped under the supervision of an inspector under the dipping be recognized as a compliance with this order. To insure the presence of an inspector at your place of dipping, you should give the secretary of the sheep sanitary board at Albuquerque as long a notice as possible of the time and place where you wish to dip, so that an inspector may be notified to be present. Owners of public dipping places are required, before opening the same for dipping, to make application to the secretary of this board and obtain a permit to open the same. United States government inspectors will supervise all dipping, and only such dips or medicines as are approved by the bureau of animal industry will be recognized."

Our inspectors have been instructed strictly to enforce this order, and any failure to comply therewith will subject the owner of such sheep to a heavy fine.

Section 19 of the session laws referred to provides "Wherever, under the provisions of this act or of the rules and regulations of the sheep sanitary board in accordance with the provisions of this act, any flock or flocks of sheep must be quarantined or dipped, upon failure or refusal of the owner or of the person in charge of such flock or flocks of sheep to comply therewith, the sheep inspector shall summarily take charge of the flock or flocks of sheep, as under attachment, and shall see that the requirements of the law and of the rules and regulations of the board in relation to said flock or flocks of sheep are complied with under his direction and supervision. The costs and expenses necessarily thereby incurred shall constitute a lien upon said flock or flocks of sheep, and said sheep shall remain in the custody of the inspector until said costs and expenses are fully paid, and if the owner or the person in charge of such sheep fail to pay said costs and expenses within eight days after the inspector has demanded the payment thereof, the sheep sanitary board shall institute legal proceedings for the recovery thereof, and said proceedings shall be as for the foreclosure of an attachment lien on said sheep, and in said proceedings no bond shall be required from said board."

By paragraph 2, section 4, above quoted, your board has the undoubted right to prescribe such methods as may seem proper to it regarding the dipping of sheep, to prevent the spreading of scab or other disease among the flocks of this territory. The order of your board above quoted is one of the methods adopted to prevent the spread of scab or other disease. Under the law it is not essential that sheep should be actually diseased before your board can take action. You may require sheep to be dipped which are not diseased, when in your judgment a rule or regulation is necessary, and upon failure of the owner of any flock of sheep to dip the same as required, the sheep inspector can under the proper directions take charge of the flock and carry out the requirements of the board under the statute. The cost of the dipping of the sheep by the sheep inspector is of course made a lien by statute on the sheep until the same is paid by the owner or until your board forecloses the lien by

suit, in the manner prescribed by section 19 of the law referred to.

In taking charge of any flock of sheep for the purpose of dipping them where the owner refuses to dip them as required by the board and by law the sheep inspector should not fail to observe the latter part of section 19 of the act of 1899, which provides that the sheep shall not be dipped during inclement weather or under circumstances that endanger their health or their lives. While your board has the power through its sheep inspector to enforce the law, respecting the dipping of sheep, it has not the power to impose a fine for the failure of the sheep owner to comply with the orders of the board. The right to fine the guilty presupposes the right to try the person charged with the offense. This right of course resides alone in the courts of the territory. I find, however, no provision in the law making it a feasible offense for an owner of sheep to refuse to dip his sheep. The law imposes upon him certain consequences, such as I have pointed out above, for his refusal to observe the law and the rules and regulations of the board regarding the dipping of sheep. The provisions of the law referred to making certain acts a crime do not seem to embrace the refusal of the owner of sheep to dip the same. It must be proceeded against in a civil action when it becomes necessary to resort to the courts. The method of procedure being prescribed by section 19 above referred to.

Yours very truly,  
G. W. PRICHARD,  
Solicitor General.

## OFFICIAL MATTERS

The following named county treasurers have filed their bonds in the office of the superintendent of public instruction as required by law:

Sao Juan county, William E. Williams, \$10,000, personal; Valencia county, Solomon Luna, \$25,000, personal; Socorro county, Jose E. Torres, \$15,000, personal; Santa Fe county, Celso Lopez, \$30,000, surety company; Grant county, Arthur S. Goodell, \$40,000, personal; Sierra county, J. C. Pierson, \$10,000, personal; Luna county, W. R. Merrill, \$12,000, personal; Leonard Wood county, Camillo Sanchez, \$10,000, personal; Rio Arriba county, Venancio Jaramillo, \$10,000, personal.

All the bonds filed so far, with the exception of two, are personal bonds. The bonds of Marcelino Garcia, treasurer of Santa Fe county, was given by the United States Fidelity and Guaranty company, and that of Celso Lopez, collector of Santa Fe county, was given by the Surety company.

**Pardon of Walter Wade.**  
Governor Otero Tuesday afternoon pardoned Walter Wade, of Raton. Wade was convicted before the district court of Colfax county two and a half years ago of murder in the third degree, having killed an unknown man in a street fracas, the man killed at the time having been in the act of throwing a brick at Wade. The pardon was recommended by Chief Justice W. J. Mills, before whom the case was tried, by District Attorney J. Leahy, who was the prosecuting officer; by a majority of the jurymen in the trial and by numerous citizens of Raton and Colfax county. The sentence was for ten years' imprisonment in the penitentiary, of which Wade had served thirty months. His conduct at the prison was exemplary, and this counted greatly in his favor.

**Transfer of Nambé Pueblo Teacher.**  
Charles A. Dagonetti, teacher at the day school at the Nambé Pueblo, has been transferred to the southern Ute agency at Ignacio, Colo., as clerk and has left Nambé to assume the duties of that position. Mrs. Dagonetti will remain at the Nambé Pueblo for the time being as teacher.

**Indian Pupils and Employees at Santa Fe School.**

On the first of January there were 339 Indian pupils between the ages of five and twenty-one years at the United States Indian industrial school in Santa Fe, of which Clinton J. Crandall is superintendent. There are seven Indians employed at the school, making a total of 346 Indians. The school is filled to its utmost capacity.

**"Why Women Sin."**  
At the Greenwald yesterday and last night "Why Women Sin" was presented before large audiences. It is a thrilling drama and has been presented here several times. The public seems to demand this play, and never fails to fill the house when it is announced. It is a description of a wife who has not been accorded the proper affection by her husband, and as consequence, she strays away, beguiled by the wily words of a villain.

The scenic accessories are in perfect harmony with the play. The company is a particularly strong one, each member doing his or her part well.—New Orleans Item.

At Elks' opera house on Wednesday, January 11, 1905.

## HOW THEY LOST THEIR HOMES

Through the gambling instinct. They let their insurance run out. They bought things they did not need because they were cheap.

They did not use good judgment or right proportion in their expenditures. They subscribed for everything they could pay for on the installment plan. Money enough went down in drink and up in smoke to have saved the home.

The father always intended to get his life insured, but died without doing so.

They did not realize how easy it is to get into debt and how hard it is to get out.

They tried to do what others expected of them rather than what they could afford.

They thought it essential to insist on having an agreement or understanding put in writing.

"They could not say 'No' and they could not afford to tell their friends 'I can't afford it.'"

The sons thought they must "show their wild oats as well as other fellows of their set."

## GROWING UP

There's something the matter with the child that fails to grow up. A child that grows up too much, however, without proper filling out of flesh, is almost as badly off. Nothing will help these pale, thin "weedy" children like Scott's Emulsion. It supplies the rounding out of flesh and the rich inward nourishment of blood and vital organs which insures rapid growth a healthy and uniform development.

The daughters thought it beneath them to work for a living, but were bound to dress well.

They drew their money out of the savings bank to put it into some "wild cat" scheme and lost it.

They did not do business in a business way because they were dealing with relatives or friends.

The doctrine "Each for himself and the devil take the hindmost," was, in effect, the family creed.

They never formed the habit of putting in the savings bank money, which they did not immediately need.

They did not know that giving full power of attorney to an agent or lawyer put their property at his mercy.

They put off payments on everything possible because it would so much easier to pay tomorrow than today.

They signed important papers without reading them or knowing their contents, just because they were asked to do so.

The extravagance of children who had not been trained to economize or to take care of their pennies, swamped the home.

Through lack of honest ambition and a disposition to interpret too little the text, "Take no thought for the morrow."

The means to make an appearance beyond their means caused them to mortgage their property and ended in bankruptcy.

They feared that the people with whom they had dealings would think them suspicious if they asked them for a receipt for money.

When the shoe began to pinch they "really did not see where they could retrench." Habit had made luxuries seem necessities.

They ran accounts at the stores instead of paying cash, did not realize how rapidly bills were running up and never knew how they stood.

They entertained too expensively and a great deal more than they could afford because they wanted people to think they were in good circumstances.

**Murray and Mack.**

The originals, Murray and Mack, is a name to conjure with, and the mere announcement that they have acquired the New York Casino success "An English Daisy" which is full of fun and melody, and contains a chorus of dazzling loveliness, a wealth of beautiful light effects and groupings is announced for an engagement of one night, Jan. 9, will no doubt cause a stampede for the box office when the seats go on sale. The book of the "Daisy" is by Seymour Hicks, music by "master musician" Walter Slaughter and A. M. Norden, and rearranged for the American stage by our own Edgar Smith, probably one of the most successful writers we have in America.

**Hard Yarn Spinners.**

Charlotte, N. C., Jan. 5.—A general meeting of the hard yarn spinners of the south was begun here today to consider matters of vital interest to the trade. The recent slump in cotton brought about a chaotic condition in the yarn market, and the spinners feel that it is necessary for them to act at once if they would avert something that must be close akin to a catastrophe. When the price dropped many mills were loaded up with raw material, bought at a high price, and the question now is how to get rid of their products without a serious loss.

Manuel Samora to Nestor Martinez, warranty deed, a piece of land in Los Grigios; consideration, \$20.

William B. Childers, trustee, to Maria P. Kirpatrick and husband; releases the Wilson residence property; consideration, \$100.

Eugene Underhill, trustee, to John Akee, release; releases the Wilson residence property; consideration, \$100.

Margaret J. Morrison to R. S. Edwood, warranty deed, a piece of land bounded north by Medvale; consideration, \$1.

John W. Askren and wife to Frank McKee, trustee, deed, lot 9, block 7, Lewis and Simonds' addition; consideration, \$100.

J. C. Baidridge, \$25 lien, to John Hart of al, lots 1 and 2, block 19, N. M. Co.; consideration, \$1,255.75.

George C. Bowman to George E. Brower, warranty deed, lot 4, block 20, Hunsing Highland addition; consideration, \$1.

A. E. Walker and wife to Benton S. Jackson, warranty deed, west 94 2-3 feet of lot 10, block 44, Hunsing Highland addition; consideration, \$325.

**MARKET LETTER.**

Special Correspondence.

Kansas City, Jan. 2.—About eighty per cent. of the 21,000 cattle received here last week were killing cattle, and ninety per cent. of these were beef steers. The storm held receipts down and there was a sharp advance in killing stuff Monday and Tuesday last week. As soon as packers were sure of better receipts later in the week,

## SOMETHING ABOUT FAKE ADVERTISING

PERTINENT ARTICLE IN MAGAZINE ON THIS IMPORTANT QUESTION.

The Commercial club will shortly begin raising money to be used in legitimate channels for advertising the city of Topeka, says the Journal. The plan embraces an iconoclastic rule against all members of the Commercial club spending money on fake advertising grafts. In this connection the following, taken from the monthly magazine called "Advertising," is of interest:

The advertising grafter is a man who makes his living solely by his wits, says the editor of a country weekly. He is the same genius in the advertising field as the street corner faker, who sells worthless shaving soap, toothache cures, cure-all remedies, etc.

He lands in town today, looks up the president or secretary of some labor union and offers him \$10 for the union and \$10 for himself to get the union and \$10 for himself to get a letter stating that he is authorized to get up an official union time book.

He arranges it so that half the inside pages and all the covers carry ads. He says that the printer's charge is \$20. Then this privilege costs him \$50. He has 16 pages of ads besides the four pages of cover. His advertising space then costs him \$2 per page.

With this letter of endorsement he goes out to solicit the "support" of the business community for the benefit of the union.

Then he looks over the firms in a "no-no" line and marks various firms' names down as having taken certain spaces. He puts the screws on another firm in the same line by showing that the merchant's competitors are all in and he "should" like to have the union form the opinion that his house was the only one that refused the union much needed friendly help. He gets the ad and gets \$5 for a quarter page.

Then he rubs out another name and applies the same process to that firm and gets another \$5 and so on.

The result is that he gets an average of about \$10 to \$15 a page for his 20 pages, clearing up about \$300 for himself in a week or ten days at most. Then he kisses Jacksonville a fond goodbye and posts a fellow grafter that Jacksonville merchants are dead easy.

The same game is practiced with all sorts of churches, lodges, societies, unions, philanthropies, charitable organizations, city and rural mail carriers, etc., as a base.

As the "worthy charity" gets only about \$2 to \$10 per cent. of the total, the merchant can mail the charity his check for a few dollars once a year, do more good to charity and save himself \$9 per cent. of this "holdup" expense.

A progressive western town has hit upon a rather novel advertising plan, and it might be adopted elsewhere to good advantage. On all trains stopping at this town a man passes through the cars and distributes to passengers neatly printed circulars on which is the following:

"This stop is Selford, a town with a population of 3,500 inhabitants. It has good schools and churches, fine public buildings, handsome residences, broad, shady streets, well paved and cared for."

"It is one of the cleanest and prettiest towns in the state."

"Its advantages as a manufacturing center are unsurpassed."

"Its banks are as sound as you can find anywhere in the United States."

"It has a good roads association and a town improvement society."

"It has an abundant supply of the purest water on earth."

"It is a progressive town, inhabited by progressive people."

"Perhaps you live in a dead town and want to get out of it. If so, spend a day or two in Selford, and you'll soon be one of its citizens. Further particulars cheerfully furnished."

**REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.**

Fred Fomoff to E. L. Medior, warranty deed, undivided one-half interest in a tract of land in Los Grigios; consideration, \$500.

E. L. Medior and wife to William B. Childers, trustee, deed, 575x764 yards of land in Los Grigios; consideration, \$500.

Manuel Samora to Nestor Martinez, warranty deed, a piece of land in Los Grigios; consideration, \$20.

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though, they took off most of the advance on steers. Cows held up better and closed the week 10 to 20 cents higher. Stockers and feeders were no scarce that sellers easily boosted the price 15 to 25 cents for the week, which held good at the end. Most of the western stuff was fed steers, which sold at \$2.75 to \$3.40, extreme range, with quite a number of steers at \$4.90 to \$5.40 early in the week. Panhandle feeders around 1,050 pounds sold at \$3.60, and Texas and New Mexico stockers at \$2.55 to \$3.30. The representation from Colorado was extremely light. The run today is 5,000 cattle here, not too many, but Chicago has 27,000, market 10 to 20 cents lower, and prices here are generally 10 cents lower than close of last week. Stockers and feeders are around steady. Sentiment has generally favored better prices after the first of the year, but today's market is not a very promising beginning.

Sheep and lambs were also in short supply, and packers had to compete sharply to fill their orders. Prices closed the week at best point of the season, and the market today is steady with receipts of 3,000 head. Western fed ewes sold today at \$4.65, sheep and yearlings mixed at \$5.50, Mexican yearlings, 81 pounds, at \$6, and some fair to good western lambs a \$6.50. Probably the full strength of the market, which has not been tested in the last week, would be \$6.25 to \$7 for lambs, \$5.50 to \$6 for yearlings, weathers \$4.75 to \$5.50, ewes \$4.50 to \$5. No feeding sheep have been received since last Monday, when some inferior Mexican yearlings and lambs, around 48 pounds, sold at \$4.

## COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

### REPORT OF THE TREASURER FOR THE PAST TWO YEARS.

The county commissioners met this morning and received the county treasurer's report for the years 1903-04 and the quarter ending December 1, 1904.

The annual reports are as follows:

January 1, 1904.—Receipts.

Balance rec'd. from C. K.

Newhall ..... \$32,939.19

Tax collections, 1901 and prior ..... 2,827.80

Tax collections, 1901 and prior ..... 2,615.51

Tax collections, 1902 and prior ..... 97,625.14

Tax collections, 1903 and prior ..... 77,281.46

Liquor and gaming licenses, 27,312.00

Merchandise ..... 4,790.99

Poll taxes and fines ..... 60.50

Miscellaneous collections ..... 672.00

Common school income ..... 4,134.06

Pullman taxes ..... 8.15

Clerk of dis. court ..... 1,223.80

Total ..... \$251,616.30

Expenditures.

By payments to territory ..... \$23,950.95

By payments to city of Albuquerque ..... 24,399.86

By payments to county and school funds ..... 106,886.10

Error bringing down balance in bonds of 1891 ..... 36.05

Treasurer's commissions ..... \$ 5,175.52

Cash on hand ..... 91,197.82

Total ..... \$251,616.30

January 1, 1904.—Receipts.

Balance on hand ..... 91,197.82

Tax collections, 1901 and prior ..... 895.42

Tax collections, 1902 and prior ..... 1,148.05

Tax collections, 1903 and prior ..... 71,224.90

Tax collections, 1904 and prior ..... 76,232.53

Liquor and gaming licenses, 21,486.00

Merchandise ..... 3,172.50

Miscellaneous (city) ..... 1,129.45

Clerk district court ..... 507.25

Rent, poll tax and fines ..... 928.98

Error balance bonds, 1891 ..... 36.05

To deposit F. A. Hubbell to cover commissions heretofore deducted and held by solicitor general to be illegal, as per statement hereto attached ..... 2,690.90

Total ..... \$280,668.03

By payments to territory ..... \$54,721.30

By payments to city ..... 22,735.88

By payments to county and school funds ..... 104,559.81

By payments to treasurer ..... 16,941.30

By payments to assessor ..... 4,327.24

Cash on hand ..... 28,382.50

Total ..... \$280,668.03

I hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true statement of the transactions of the treasurer's office of the county of Bernalillo, for the two years ending December 31, 1904, as shown by the records of said office.

CHAS. V. STAFFORD,  
Territorial Auditor.

An item in the report of the year 1904, reading "county and school fund, \$104,559.81" includes court, county and city schools and county expenses.

The commissioners ordered reports spread upon the minutes and adjourned until January 16.

**New Jersey Fruit Growers.**

Trenton, N. J., Jan. 5.—The thirtieth annual meeting of the New Jersey State Horticultural society began at the state house today. The forenoon was devoted to the annual reports of officers and committees. The growing of small fruits at a profit was the chief subject of discussion at the afternoon session. A number of prominent horticultural authorities participated in the discussion. The sessions of the convention will be concluded tomorrow.

**Course in Agriculture.**  
Knoxville, Tenn., Jan. 5.—There is a gratifying attendance at the short course in agriculture which opened today at the University of Tennessee, and will continue for ten weeks. In the arrangement of the lectures, discussions and practical demonstrations the university has endeavored to provide for as wide a range of instruction as is usually given during a year of ordinary instruction. Especial attention is to be given to stock feeding, dairying, farm crops and fruit growing.

## CHIEF INCIDENTS OF GREAT SIEGE

The following are in brief the principal incidents of the siege of Port Arthur.

Feb. 8.—Admiral Togo's torpedo flotilla attacked the Russian ships off Port Arthur and damaged the Carevitch, Retvisan and Pallada.

Feb. 9.—Bombardment by the Japanese, during which the Potemkin, Askold, Diana and Novik were hit.