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Carlsbad Current, 07-21-1922

Carlsbad Printing Co.

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The Carlsbad Current

THIRTIETH YEAR

THE CARLSBAD CURRENT, FRIDAY, JULY 21, 1922.

NUMBER 32.

A RESOLUTION

1. WE BELIEVE that free and uninterrupted movement of traffic is essential to the safety and prosperity of this community.

2. The Transportation Act provided the method of settling disputes between the Railroad and the employees, and the public has the right to expect that it will not be made to suffer by either the Railroad Company or the employees arbitrarily disregarding decisions of the Labor Board.

3. The Labor Board has made it plain by official order that the strike now prevailing is unwarranted in the following language:

"If it be assumed that the employees who leave the service of the carrier because of their dissatisfaction with any decision of the Labor Board are within their rights in so doing, and likewise must be conceded that the man who remains in the service and those who enter it anew are within their rights in accepting such employment. That they are not strike-breakers seeking to impose the arbitrary will of an employer or employees, that they have the moral as well as the legal right to engage in such service of the American Public to avoid interruption of indispensable railway transportation, and that they are entitled in the protection of every department and branch of the government, state and national."

Therefore, the Carlsbad Chamber of Commerce places itself on record supporting these principals and calls upon its members and the community generally to render their assistance to insure continued and uninterrupted transportation, and urges upon the governmental authorities, national, state and local, the importance of providing proper protection against violence, intimidation to such men as are willing to work, in accordance with the principals expressed by President Harding in his Marion Fourth of July speech:

"A free American has the right to labor without any other's leave," and Liberty is gone in America when any man is denied by anybody the right to work and live by that work."

Therefore, the Directors of the Chamber of Commerce of Carlsbad, New Mexico, hereby direct that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the Governor of the State of New Mexico, the Mayor of the City of Carlsbad, the County Commissioners of Eddy County, New Mexico, the Sheriff of Eddy County, New Mexico, the Chief of Police of the City of Carlsbad, the City Attorney of the City of Carlsbad; also that a copy be furnished for publication to both newspaper of Carlsbad, New Mexico.

CARLSBAD CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.
By (Signed) F. E. HUBERT,
President.

Attest:
(Signed) R. A. TOFFELMIRE,
Secretary.

A CHILD IS KILLED BY FALL FROM SHETLAND

Richard Kelly, the 6-year-old son of Sergeant and Mrs. Frank M. Kelly, was killed about 5 o'clock Sunday afternoon at his home, 1719 North Richardson avenue, Roswell, when a Shetland pony he was riding threw him, catching one foot in the stirrup of the saddle.

The little lad was desirous of having a pony of his own, and was trying out the pony at the time of the accident, as his parents were considering buying him a pony.

Sergeant Kelly is stationed at the New Mexico Military Institute, and is in charge of the cavalry horses sent there last year for the school.

FARMER BADLY CUT ON ARM BY KNIFE OF CORN CULTIVATOR

Artesia, N. M., July 14.—George Lewis, a farmer residing south of Artesia, was seriously cut on the arm when he was thrown from a "go-devil," a form of cultivator. The man was working with this cultivator, which is equipped with large knives on each side of the plows, to cut weeds between the corn rows. The implement struck a rock or some object, throwing the man to the ground. One of the large knives gashed his wrist and forearm. His sleeve was cut from his shirt.

Medical aid was soon summoned and seven stitches taken in a large gash on the right arm. No serious results are expected, although much blood was lost by the injured man.

Miss Marguerite Roberts was hostess to a very cleverly planned party at the Eddy House in La Huerta, last Monday night. The house was decorated both on the outside and the interior, Japanese lanterns being used on the front of the building, and many cut flowers on the inside. About seventy-five persons, friends of the young hostess, were present. Dancing was indulged in by the young folk and those who did not wish to dance played cards. Music for the dances was furnished by Mr. Shafar, the pianist. Delightful refreshments of cake and punch were enjoyed by the party. Mrs. S. I. Roberts and Mrs. Mary Wright, mother and aunt, respectively of the young hostess, assisted her in looking after the comfort of her guests.

EARLY HISTORY OF OIL INDUSTRY

On the 20th day of May, 1859, the first oil well ever drilled was to speak in the modern oil vernacular, "spudded in." There was no celebration, such as we have today where there are loads of barbecues and pretty girls all dressed up in their Sunday's best, to mark the event.

The attitude of the human race has made no noticeable changes, in its regard for the intelligence of anyone who has dared to accomplish the unusual, since Columbus discovered, up to the present age, therefore, Edwin L. Drake, the man who had the nerve to attack the first "wildcat" recorded in history, was called a stark fool.

Oil creeks and springs were spoken of in Ancient times, and many tribes used the oily contents they obtained from these sources for numerous purposes, usually, as a liniment. Finally, it was bottled and put on the market under the name of Rock Oil. George H. Bissell, a graduate of Dartmouth College, saw a bottle of the fluid, and it was he who saw the commercial value of petroleum. In 1854 he, with the assistance of Jonathan D. Eveleth, organized the first oil company—The Pennsylvania Rock Oil Company. This was a New York company. They secured a tract of land on Oil Creek below Titusville, Pennsylvania. Their idea was to collect oil from the surface springs in sufficient quantities to market in the East, but their efforts, by such primitive methods were unsuccessful and another company was formed in Connecticut for the same purpose. It took over the New York concern's property and later on was succeeded by the Seneca Oil Company in which Col. Edwin L. Drake of New Haven, Connecticut, became interested.

Start in 1859
The Seneca Company sent Drake to Titusville in 1859. A short time previous to this visit, Drake had seen the salt wells at Tarentum, Pennsylvania, which produced considerable petroleum. There Drake got the idea that oil could be obtained in greater quantities by drilling. He would drill an oil well!

Years of Work
Col. Drake spent several trying months in assembling the necessary equipment to start the well. Finally, the day arrived—the well was begun. There was nothing to urge him on in this great undertaking except the faith of his own heart, the cheerful chirping of the birds, and the nodding consent of the wild flowers. Almost three months passed before he reached the bedrock which lay only thirty-six feet below the surface. By this time his company had lost faith in him and had declined to give him sufficient financial assistance; thus, he found himself out of funds, and had it not been for David Fletcher, a Titusville merchant, and Peter Wilson, another Titusville friend, he would doubtless have given up the project in despair, but with \$500 of borrowed money in his pocket and the old courage that was ever burning in his breast, he went back to his task. On the 28th day of August, 1859, his efforts were rewarded. At the depth of sixty-nine and one-half feet, the tools fell into a crevice in the rock, this was a common thing in the salt well region, and nothing was thought of it until the tools were pulled and they were bathed in oil.

The oil rose within ten feet of the surface and the Colonel fitted up a piece of tin spouting which could be lowered into the well. With this several gallons of oil was bailed out. The next day a hand pump was erected and several barrels were pumped. Copper tubing, such as was used in salt wells was sent from Pittsburgh, and the well was rigged up to pump with an engine. The Drake well produced 2,000 barrels the first four months of its existence. This oil was worth \$20 per barrel. A peculiar feature of this well is that it is the shallowest ever drilled in Pennsylvania. Others drilled about it varied from 200 to 600 feet.

Lost Money
Col. Drake never made much money out of petroleum. He overlooked two opportunities on his pipe-dream idea. When he struck the bedrock in his well he conceived the idea of driving an iron pipe down to the rock so as to case off the water, clay and quicksand. This alone would have made him a fortune. Then, as he never made an effort to secure additional acreage, it appears that he thought he had discovered what the Mexico field claimed to have, the mother pool, father pool, and all the little pool children.

In 1863 he went to New York. There he lost all he had in Wall Street speculation. Later, his health gave way, and he was left in destitute circumstances. The Titusville people heard of his condition and subscribed several thousand dollars. Later, the legislature of Pennsylvania voted him an annuity of \$1,500. He settled with his family in South Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, and passed away November, 1881. The Titusville people erected a monument in his memory which was dedicated in 1901. Later his remains were removed to that city.

Boys and Girls of Boston College in Tub Race



The annual picnic of the college of liberal arts of Boston university was held the other day at Riverside recreation grounds, and the tub race here pictured was one of the joyous events on the program.

CROP PROSPECTS GOOD

The July report of the federal department of agriculture estimates the wheat crop at \$17,000,000 bushels, 569,000,000 winter grain and 248,000,000 spring wheat, with a condition registered at 78.9, which is virtually perfect. This is the final advance report, and the figures given out will not be revised until the actual yield has been determined by harvest returns. If this estimate is sustained by the actual marketable production the season's crop will not be materially different from that of 1921. June conditions decreased the wheat crop an estimated 34,000,000 bushels.

The corn crop shows a substantial change from last year's output, with an estimate of 2,860,000,000 bushels, which is 220,000,000 bushels less than the 1921 harvest, but 23,000,000 bushels more than the five-year average. The slightly larger acreage holds out good prospects for a heavy potato yield, the output of white potatoes indicating 423,000,000 and of sweets 111,000,000 bushels. While none of the main crops are of record-making proportions—none have been even partial failures, the relatively light production coming as the consequence of an acreage somewhat smaller than during war years.—Albuquerque Journal.

Las Vegas, July 20.—Organization of Democratic women throughout the state now is actively under way.

Following the conference here between State Chairman George H. Hunker and women leaders in the various counties of the state, the women established headquarters in Fort Sumner. The Fort Sumner office will be the seat from which all Democratic operations relating to women's activities will be directed. Mrs. Frances E. Nixon was selected by the county chairman at the meeting here to direct the women's campaign.

The element of economy with efficiency which has been made the basis of the Democratic bid for victory next fall has found a ready response among women, to whom this idea has a direct appeal. In a message given to the women of the state through the county chairman, Mr. Hunker said:

"Conditions which have resulted in the general dissatisfaction all over New Mexico have been brought about by the party in power. It is natural to assume that what they have been doing will continue to be the policy of that party."

"Promises have been made in each campaign, and to what extent those pledges have been met is apparent in the state-wide demand for changes. Economy and efficiency are the two main things wanted and needed by the electorate of the state. Both have been promised to them in the past. They are still looking forward to fulfillment of the promise."

"The Democratic party this year will offer two reasons for its selection as the guiding factor in state administration: First, a sincere pledge to give efficient government at minimum cost. Second, candidates capable and willing to meet that pledge."

INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS

The following officers of the local lodge of I. O. O. F. were installed July 11, 1922: J. B. Leck, grand warden of the Grand Lodge of this state being the installing officer;

N. G. Jacob J. Grubaugh; V. G. Ray V. Davis; Secretary, Victor L. Minter, Treasurer, Sam J. Lusk; Warden, J. B. Leck; Conductor, Elmer Webb; Chaplain, J. P. Flowers; R. S. S. T. C. Horne; L. S. S. Geo. M. Brinton; R. S. N. G. E. S. Kirkpatrick; L. S. N. G. J. P. Prickett; R. S. V. G. Jas. W. Stevenson; L. S. V. G. Henry Collins; I. G. L. E. Regalier; O. G., Carl W. Herring.

Be optimistic as to the future. Pessimism gathers no moss.

People who hit the high spots often find themselves in the low ones.

TRAIN KILLS MAJOR CROW

Estimated Former Carlsbad Citizen Victim of Grade Crossing Accident in Kentucky.

The following clipping from the Florence, (Alabama) Times, refers to a former resident and property owner of this section, Major Crow, who at one time owned the place now owned by Joe Cunningham, in La Huerta, and who is well remembered by many of the old-timers. The article was sent to Major Bujac and by him furnished the Current for publication:

While enroute from the headquarters of the Sunlight Mining Company to the station of Alabama, Kentucky, in an automobile with two other men Major James M. Crow, for many years a resident of Florence, was instantly killed when the automobile was struck by a train at a grade crossing. The driver of the car sustained injuries from which he was not supposed to recover, at last reports, while the third man was not dangerously injured.

At the time of the accident Major Crow was on his way to Nashville for a brief stay before coming to Florence, where he expected to make a visit among his friends and relatives. Later he planned to go to Jasper, where he made his home for several years, and retained his electorate, in order to vote for some of his friends in the primary election in August.

The news of Major Crow's death came as a shock to his large number of friends here, who held him in high esteem, and to many others throughout North Alabama in the different places in which he had made his home. Although he had reached the advanced age of eighty-six years, Major Crow was still active and vigorous and took an exceptional delight in mingling among his friends, who always met him with a most cordial greeting.

The body was brought to Florence on the afternoon train Wednesday and following its arrival the funeral services were held at the city cemetery, conducted by Rev. C. L. Price, rector of Trinity Episcopal church in the presence of a large crowd which met the train and escorted the body to its last resting place.

Major Crow is survived by one son, Mr. W. T. Crow, and one daughter, Mrs. J. H. Johnson, both of whom live in Nashville. A brother, Mr. Dave Crow, and a niece, Mrs. J. E. Barnett, who resides in Florence.

BORN

A wire received at Loving Monday morning brought great happiness to the family of Mr. and Mrs. T. O. Wyman, announcing as it did the birth of a grandson. The mother, Mrs. H. L. Smith, will be better remembered in Carlsbad as dainty Maude Wyman, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wyman, who are among the most substantial residents of the lower valley. Miss Maude was a teacher in Carlsbad Schools at one time and afterward was in charge of the Boys and Girls Club work, in the various schools of the county. She resigned her position to take the more responsible one of wife, marrying Mr. Smith about three years ago. He is superintendent of the city schools at Sharon, Tennessee. Miss Maude, as we love to call her, nobly fulfilled her duties as daughter, teacher and friend, and now in the more responsible and exalted position of mother she will not be found wanting. May all good attend these young folk and their baby.

WHEN in need of Printing see what we can do before you go elsewhere.

DEATH OF MRS. BENSON

Mrs. Guy Benson died at her home in Los Angeles, California, last Friday night, at 8:30 o'clock, and was buried in that city Monday morning at 10:30.

The news came in a wire to the brothers and mother of Mr. Benson on Saturday morning, and was a great shock to them and to all, although the news of her illness had been received a few days previous. Her last illness was of very brief duration, she receiving a stroke about two weeks previous from the effect of which she never recovered.

Mrs. Benson came here from Kansas City, when a bride, and lived here until about ten years ago, when the family moved to Los Angeles, where they have since resided.

Our people here remember Mrs. Benson as a woman, charitable in the extreme, one who delighted to care for the sick or those in distress of any kind, and whose purse was always opened for any worthy cause. A member of the Christian church, since her early childhood, she exemplified in her life the example of her Master, who "went about doing good." She was about forty-five years old. In her home life she was an ideal home maker, a faithful wife, and a loving, indulgent mother, looking well to the ways of her household. The writer is indebted to her for one of the very pleasant days she spent while in the City of the Angels last winter.

Mrs. Benson leaves besides her husband, a grown daughter, Miss Thelma, who recently completed her education, graduating from the Girls Collegiate School, at Los Angeles, last June. Two brothers also survive, whose homes are in Kansas City.

A feeling of sympathy for the husband and daughter and other relatives in their hour of sorrow, pervades this entire city.

A QUIET WEDDING

Miss Anna Fay Black became the bride of Mr. Arthur H. Nutt, Wednesday morning at seven o'clock at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Black, of Plainview, Rev. L. O. Cunningham, pastor of the Lovington Presbyterian church, officiated.

The bride is a sweet, charming girl and was frocked for this happy occasion in a most becoming creation of blue silk taffeta, with accessories to match.

The couple were unattended, only the immediate families were present. After the ceremony and congratulations, a beautifully decorated wedding cake was cut and enjoyed, after which Mr. and Mrs. Nutt left for a bridal trip through Colorado and Wyoming, with stops over at Denver, Boulder and Yellowstone National Park.

Mr. Nutt is a son of Mr. and Mrs. William E. Nutt and is a young man of sterling qualities and splendid business ability. After his return from over sea service, he secured the contract for the Roswell-Lovington mail route; during his two years and six months as carrier he established a record for efficiency, never having missed a trip the entire time he served.

On their return they will make their home somewhere in this county. Their many friends here are hoping they will favor Lovington.—Lovington Leader.

Mrs. Hardy received a letter from her son, Granville, who has been in Chicago for a year past, in which he says that he is taking his vacation with the men of the 222nd United States Artillery at Battle Creek, Michigan. Granville was made First Sergeant of that organization, after his military training was seen. He is a graduate of the N. M. M. I. at Roswell, and a son of Mr. and Mrs. Hardy, of Hardyville, and is a general favorite with our people.

Keep moving or the world will run off and leave you.

CARLSBAD'S WATER AND LIGHT PLANTS

A reporter for the Current made a visit to the plants of the Public Utilities Company at the well, in the western part of town, and also to the six mile dam south, Tuesday morning. It is worth any one's while to make a visit to these interesting places and see where the water which we consume daily comes from and the conditions under which it is secured. The open tank at the well which is never drawn from for the use of the city, is full at this time, its complete capacity being 300,000 gallons and it being kept full most of the time, although of necessity a great deal of its contents are lost by evaporation. The tank, out of which Carlsbad is furnished with water, has a capacity of 105,000 gallons. Samples of the water in the ground tank and also in the iron tank, are frequently sent to the State Board of Health for examination, and are found to be remarkably free from any bacteria or harmful substance.

A visit to the lower plant was made also and everything was found to be going on in excellent shape, under the skillful management of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Cook, engineers. Mrs. Cook runs the plant at night and Mr. Cook has the day run. They have things fixed up in fine shape at the pump house, having fans everywhere that they will add to their comfort, a fine Victrola, electrical cooking conveniences, etc., which give the little pump room the air of a home. There is plenty of water in the river at this time and everything is kept in fine shape at the plant. A tall flag pole is one of the prominent features of the place.

Leaving the plant and the friendly engineer, a trip was made thru beautiful and productive farms, passing fields of cotton in all stages of development, altho in the main, the cotton is in a fine and promising condition. In many fields the plants are putting on squares, rapidly, and it seems now as though the farmers will have a good cotton crop which will help them out of their embarrassed state, that is, of course, if cotton brings the price it is expected to bring.

One of the most beautiful farms in the valley is that of A. R. Poole, which is passed through on going to and returning from the lower plant. The home is a new structure, large, and with every convenience that modern ingenuity can name in a house of that kind. Running water has been installed, both drinking and soft water, and many other conveniences are noticeable. But the lovely fields, with their fine crops of cotton, and alfalfa, are the finest things about this up-to-date suburban home farm. Large crops of hay are produced annually, and cotton and corn are the best we have seen this year. Many other fine farms are between here and Loving and as we said before, it will repay anyone to take a drive in that direction.

The little village on the south, Loving, is improving in many ways. Many new buildings have been erected, and old ones repaired and remodeled, the people seeming to take more pride in their town and surroundings than ever before. The Roberts-DeBarbore Hardware Company has been first and foremost in developing the business of the town, they having a fine store with a stock of shelf hardware that is better and more complete than may be found in towns much larger than Loving.

The cotton gin below Loving some three-quarters of a mile, is being moved to the oil mill and both plants are to use the same power, which will result in a great saving to the company. We understand that need will be shipped in from Texas points, which will give the oil mill a longer run the coming season, and especially will this be the case, owing to the large cotton acreage, which is almost twice that of last year or any previous year. A. L. Allinger of Loving, in a booster for his home town as well as other business men whom we met, in fact, not one instance of "knocking" was heard from any of the residents of the little city.

The streets were receiving attention Tuesday, Road Supervisor F. E. Little being on hand and directing the work which was much needed, as under the old condition cars frequently had to be hauled out of the streets when it rained.

Community Worship will be held Sunday evening at eight o'clock in the Airdome. There has been an excellent interest from the start, and it promises to grow to the end of the season. The weekly assembly in the open with the charm of night all about and above and with a program of song and Scripture and sermon is well worth while. The special interest with the music next time will be a solo by Mrs. McKim.

Virgil McCollum, Glenwood Jackson and Patsy Higgins will leave Monday for the encampment of the C. M. T. C. at El Paso, Texas. So far as we can learn these are the only men going from Carlsbad. They will be gone a month.



Don't You
Need a
**HAIR
TONIC?**

A beautiful head of hair is the crowning glory of a woman and a source of comfort to a man.

The moment your scalp begins to itch come and let us supply you with a hair tonic and SAVE your hair from falling out.

Better to come now and care for your hair while you have it. It is easier to keep it healthy than to restore it when it begins to fall.

When you need anything in the drug store line—

COME TO US FOR IT.

Corner Drug Store

LOCAL NEWS.

Pat Higgins, Bill Hardy and D. Jackson were in Roswell Wednesday.

Mrs. Herbert Cawley is visiting in Roswell this week. Mrs. Cawley resides on the ranch near this city.

Miss Ina Warren is assisting in the J. F. Flowers Store during the Nickel Sale now in progress.

Miss Sina and Miss Fraz McCall of Otis, left last night for a three weeks visit at Gravelly, Arkansas, their old home. Here's hoping they may have a happy visit with friends of other years.

Walter Beach and F. E. Little returned Wednesday afternoon from their camping trip in the Guadalupe mountains, where they spent a couple of weeks. The boys have been friends since early childhood and are happier when together than at any other time, and their trip was made pleasant from the fact of their constant association.

Mrs. R. J. Boatman who is now in charge of the Crawford Dining room, has asked the Current to announce a Sunday dinner at that place for 50 cents next Sunday. She says she will not give the menu but invites interested persons to come and see. That it will be satisfactory is a foregone conclusion.

The Daily Vacation Bible school is more than justifying its organization. The various departments are proving worth while, but the novelty of craft work seems to be attractive more than any other interest. There is the general assembly in the Presbyterian church at nine o'clock each morning, and the devotions are conducted by the ministers in turn. And the sessions close about eleven. The opportunity may well appeal to all parents in town to make sure that their children are present.

Rev. A. C. Douglas and family spent the night in Lakewood Wednesday.

The W. O. W. will take in a class of six candidates on Saturday, July 22. A parade will be headed by the Carlsbad band. The parade will take place on Main street at six o'clock P. M. A large number of Woodmen from Artesia and Carlsbad will be present.—Penasco Valley Press.

Messrs. Geo. and Sid Reel, Chas. McDonald and wife and Bob Stoneham left Monday for the Carlsbad Sanitarium with Mrs. Geo. Reel of Artesia, who it is supposed, will have to undergo an operation.—Livingston Leader.

Wednesday morning, Mrs. Olive Thayer, Mrs. Powers, Louisa Pipkin and his two daughters, Misses Mabel and Inez, left for El Paso overland. They expect to be gone for two, or perhaps three weeks.

The regular drill at the Armory Wednesday night was well attended by members of the Cavalry Troop. At the close of the drill, following a suggestion recently made, a pleasant informal dance was pulled off, the music being furnished by Mr. Shafer, the pianist.

A Rest Room is among the things needed for Carlsbad, and some of our public spirited business men should see to it that such a place is prepared. Ladies coming from the outlying districts, have no place to go for a rest, or to make any alterations in their dress, while mothers with young children would be glad of a room where the little ones could be quiet for a short time. The care of the room could be undertaken by ladies of the town working alternately, and the benefit to be derived would far outweigh the cost of providing and equipping such a room.

Something to Think About THE JOB AND THE MAN By F. A. Walker

ONE of the greatest troubles with the average man is that he does not get excited frequently enough. Excitement is only MULTIPLIED ENTHUSIASM.

The man who lacks enthusiasm doesn't get far, whatever road he travels.

One of the chief faults of a snail is that it never has the sensation of excitement.

It crawls along in a seemingly aimless fashion, and having reached the nowhere for which it was headed, it stops to contemplate its ineffectiveness.

Nobody is ever interested in a snail, and only the dullard copies him.

If you want to see enthusiasm and excitement in animal life, watch an ant. Everything interests him. Everything has a meaning for him. Everything he sees or feels is a matter of investigation and study.

He is excited all the time and accomplishes something every minute.

Every boy and every man ought to be excited about what he is doing.

He should be so intensely interested in it, so thoroughly in love with the task and its accomplishment, that its finish should find him thrilled with enthusiasm.

Can you imagine Edison working without enthusiasm and excitement?

Can you conceive the feverish eagerness with which Galileo worked through the night on that first crude telescope and with what excitement he took his first look through it toward the far-off stars? Yet that telescope was not as powerful as the opera glass you carry to the theater.

Can you imagine with what excitement Mme. Curie looked upon the first tiny speck of radium which she had distilled from the tons of material which concealed it?

THE GLORY OF LABOR IS ITS ACCOMPLISHMENT.

The real wages of work is the satisfaction of production.

The man who makes a machine of himself, who finds no interest and no basis of enthusiasm in his daily task is little better than the ox.

There is no labor so menial and no task so hard that it has not in it a reason for enthusiasm.

The scrub woman whose knees are calloused and whose arms ache from her lowly labors may still find a distinct pleasure and an actual enthusiasm when she sees the glistening cleanliness accomplished by her hands.

The teamster can be enthusiastic about his horses and his wagon. The office boy can get excited about the rush of business where he is employed. Everybody has some reason to get enthusiastic and excited about their work. If they have no reason they are either following the wrong vocation or they are looking on the world and its doings with distorted vision.

If your present work doesn't enthrall you, if you cannot get excited and happy about it, find something else to do. Get another job. Find something that will stir you up and rouse your mind and hurry your fingers and leave you, when the day is done, anxious for tomorrow and the bigger accomplishment that it will make possible.

Don't be content to be a snail. A SNAIL NEVER GETS ANYWHERE.

(Copyright.)

THE ROMANCE OF WORDS

"COCKNEY"

AS USED by writers of the word "Cockney" meant a molly-coddle, an effeminate person, a child that had been "cockled" or coddled too much by its mother. Then, because the men who lived in a city were supposed to be less virile and strong than those who lived in the country, the rural population commenced to apply the term to residents of London and other cities throughout England. Gradually this meaning was restricted and localized until it was applicable only to Londoners, or, as one writer of the period phrases it, "particularly to connote the characteristics in which the born Londoner is supposed to be inferior to other Englishmen." The opposite term—the one applied by the townsmen to the farmer—was "down," meaning a loud, uncut, ill-bred man.

Today, the name of Cockney is applied generally to Londoners but specifically to those of a certain station—Arms and Arriet being typical of the class which is supposed to drop its h's and to replace them where they do not belong. But anyone who has come in contact with the Cockney as he is today will testify to the fact that it is a far cry from him to the "cockney" of the Elizabethan period. The London Cockney may not be well-educated or super-refined in his speech—but he is emphatically not a milk-sop.

(Copyright.)

DID YOU EVER STOP TO THINK
That you should be either for or against your city. If you are for or against your city. If you are for it, you should Boost It! If you are against it, you should Leave It!

That you should clean up your city and Keep It Clean!

That you should seize every opportunity to help to exploit in your community a spirit of Better and Bigger Business.

That most cities are big and generous enough to realize that in order to go ahead they must destroy and do away with much of the littleness, narrowness and staleness of some of their backward citizens.

That the one big thing behind all big achievements is Opportunity.

That many firms are waiting for business to pick up; others are realizing the opportunities of Today and are forcing business by Newspaper Advertising.

That your city should set the pace as the convention city of your section.

That Public Opinion influences everything.

That what you can do for your city is of as vital importance as what your city can do for you.

That good Advertising lights the pathway to better business.

That a sick man needs the services of a doctor. A sick business needs immediate attention. The right kind of Advertising is good medicine.—E. R. WAITE, Secretary Shawnee, Oklahoma, board of Commerce.

COL. NATHAN HAINES CALLED

Col. Nathan Haines, aged eighty-nine years, passed away at his home in Hagerman last Saturday afternoon, following a short illness, though he had been confined to his home several months due to the infirmities of old age. The remains were shipped Monday night, accompanied by deceased's daughter, Mrs. Eliza Photo, to Rhodes, Iowa, where interment was made.

Col. Haines had been a resident of Hagerman for about ten years, and at one time was heavily interested in farm development enterprises, but in more recent years, due to financial reverses and physical infirmities, he retired from active participation in business affairs. Highly educated as well as trained in the school of experience, he had been a man of wide influence in the affairs of communities where he had resided, and always took a leading part in business, social and fraternal affairs. He had been an active Mason for nearly a half a century and observed the tenets of the order with almost religious fervor.

While Col. Haines had lived far beyond man's allotted time, all of his years had been active and fruitful, and his going leaves a void in the community that brings a sense of loss to every citizen and his mem-

Ready, ice-cold, at
hundreds of places

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Coca-Cola

Delicious and Refreshing

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CO., ATLANTA, GA.



THE VALLEY BOTTLING WORKS
CARLSBAD, N. M.

ory will be cherished for the honorable life he lived and good deeds toward his fellowman.

The Messenger joins with other friends in the community in extending sincere sympathy to the bereaved family in their time of trial and great sorrow.—Hagerman Messenger.

Advertising?

If it results you want
you should use this
paper. It circulates in
the majority of homes
in the community and
has always been considered

The Family Newspaper

The grown-up quarrel
about it, the children cry
for it, and the whole family
reads it from cover to
cover. They will read
your ad if you place
it before them in the
proper medium.

NEIS BROTHERS SLASHED WITH KNIFE BY RENTER

Trouble which presumably arose over the settlement of financial matters in connection with the renting of a farm west of town resulted in C. J. and John J. Neis being severely cut with a knife this morning by H. A. Olive, the tenant.

C. J. Neis was cut in the back and on the arm and one leg, the only dangerous wound being in the back. John J. Neis received a deep gash in the cheek and throat and several stitches were taken. Neither of the men were considered in a dangerous condition and both came to town soon after the near tragedy.

Nothing definite has been obtained on just how the trouble started but Olive was reported to have become infuriated from some cause and drew a gun on the two Neis brothers. After he was persuaded to leave the gun alone it is said that Olive started at C. J. Neis with a knife, losing his temper a second time. According to reports John Neis then picked up a box and hit Olive over the head, at which the enraged man attacked him.

A warrant for Olive's arrest was sworn out and Deputy Sheriff Guy Robinson started out to the farm west of Hagerman to place him under arrest.—Hagerman Messenger.

Volume Savings Permit Greater Value

There are hundreds of parts in a motor car. Many companies buy all, some makers build a few, of the parts that go to make up a complete motor car. For every part they buy, a partsmaker's profit must be included in the final price.

Studebaker builds every vital part. Motors, bodies, axles, transmissions, frames, tops and other parts are designed and manufactured completely from raw material to finished product in

Studebaker plants, under Studebaker control and inspection.

The savings, because of tremendous volume, give the buyer extraordinary value.

Complete manufacture also explains the uniform high quality that you get in a Studebaker car, whether it is a Light-Six, a Special-Six or a Big-Six.

And uniform high quality has made Studebaker cars known everywhere for their dependable performance in owners' use.

MODELS AND PRICES—f. o. b. factories

LIGHT-SIX 5-Pass., 112" W. B., 40 H. P.	SPECIAL-SIX 5-Pass., 112" W. B., 50 H. P.	BIG-SIX 7-Pass., 126" W. B., 60 H. P.
Chassis \$ 875	Chassis \$1200	Chassis \$1500
Touring 1045	Touring 1475	Touring 1785
Roadster (3-Pass.) 1045	Roadster (2-Pass.) 1425	Speedster (4-Pass.) 1985
Coupe-Roadster (2-Pass.) 1375	Roadster (4-Pass.) 1475	Coupe (4-Pass.) 2500
Sedan 1750	Coupe (4-Pass.) 2150	Sedan 2700
	Sedan 2350	

Cord Tires Standard Equipment

Renick & Grubaugh

Studebaker

THIS IS A STUDEBAKER YEAR



THE BANK THAT DEALS IN COURTESY
THE NATIONAL BANK
OF CARLSBAD
CAPITAL \$100,000.00 SURPLUS \$50,000.00
4% ANNUAL SAVINGS DEPOSITS

TOMORROW

The man who thinks of tomorrow—of his future comfort—of the protection of his family—INSURES HIS PROPERTY TODAY. If it burns it will not break him. The insurance company pays the damage.

TODAY

The one who thinks only of today—who considers only the slight expense of the moment—who forgets the future security of his family—DOES NOT INSURE. When the property burns it cripples him or wipes him out completely.

FIRE AND AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE — SURETY BONDS

Let us quote you low prices on a policy

W. F. MILVAIN

"PETE'S TRANSFER"

HAULING OF ALL KINDS

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Residence Phone 222 J.
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**Permanent
Progressive
HUTCHISON
INSURANCE AGENCY**

Insurance of all kinds
Surety Bonds

Room 2 James Bldg.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior, U. S.
Land Office at Roswell, New
Mexico, July 3, 1922.

NOTICE is hereby given that V. Lynn Chester, of Lakewood, New Mexico, who, on October 6, 1920, made homestead entry 048208 for S $\frac{1}{2}$ N $\frac{1}{2}$ E, E $\frac{1}{2}$ S $\frac{1}{2}$ E, Sec. 1, Twp. 20 S., R. 24 E. and Lots 6 and 7 Sec. 4, Twp. 20 S., R. 25 E. and on April 24, 1922, made Addl. Hd. entry 049616 for N $\frac{1}{2}$ S, Section 9, Township 20 S., Range 25 E., N. M. Principal Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before George D. Beardsley, U. S. Commissioner at Kansas City, Missouri. Witnesses to appear before Dover Phillips, U. S. Commissioner, at Carlsbad, New Mexico, on the 9th day of August, 1922. Claimant names as witnesses: John Pollard, and Frank Morrison, of Artesia, New Mexico, and George McGonigal, and Frank Morrison, of Lakewood, New Mexico. JAFFA MILLER, Register. July 7 July 28.

WE ARE

AT

**YOUR
SERVICE**

**THE EDDY COUNTY
ABSTRACT CO.**

"The Wide-awake
Abstracters"

**This Spring Especially
Make up Your Mind to Seek Quality in
YOUR CLOTHES.**

DEMAND ALL-WOOL MATERIAL AND HAND TAILORING PERFECTION OF FIT.

New Styles of Outstanding Distinction and merit! New Woolens unrivaled in excellence of appearance and quality.

NEW PRICES that conform to present ideas of ECONOMY.

Altering, Repairing, Cleaning and Pressing at Reasonable Charges.

Jacob J. Smith

THE TAILOR

POULTRY

PIGMIES OF POULTRY WORLD

Bantam Breeds Have Distinct Utility
Value for Egg Production for
Family Use.

(Prepared by the United States Department
of Agriculture.)

The Bantam breeds gained their popularity as ornamental fowl and as playthings for children and grown-ups, but, says the United States Department of Agriculture, they have also a distinct utility value for egg production for family use. There is also a good demand for eggs for hatching and for breeding stock of good quality. Because of their small size these pigmy breeds often have the advantage over larger fowls where only a very small space is available for the flock. They are easy for children to handle, and the ownership of a few Bantams often is the beginning of a real interest in poultry raising.

The various breeds of Bantams, their characteristics, and methods of management are discussed in Farmers' Bulletin 1251, The Bantam Breeds and Varieties, the fifth of a series on Standard Varieties of Chickens. The various breeds, says the bulletin, have not been raised with the idea of egg production and, as a result, the average is not very high, probably around 175 eggs in a year. The eggs vary in size, as do the different Bantam breeds, ranging from 12 ounces a dozen to 18 or 20 ounces. The color of the eggs runs from white to dark brown. Some of the breeds have a tendency to lay for a fairly long period, but the Brahmas, Cochins and Silkies are apt to be broody. Since many of these kinds have been de-



White Cochon Bantam.

veloped from the larger standard breeds they have many of the same characteristics.

Reports collected from Bantam breeders show that the average hen will eat from 25 to 35 pounds of feed in a year, which is about one-half as much as a hen of the Mediterranean breeds or one-third as much as a hen of the larger breeds would eat.

A copy of the bulletin may be obtained free by addressing the Department of Agriculture at Washington, D. C.

FIND HIDDEN TURKEY NESTS

When Confined in Pen Until Late in Day, Laying Hen Will Go Straight to Her Eggs.

A quick and easy way to find stolen nests of turkeys is to confine the birds from early morning to late afternoon. The laying hens will then go straight to their nests to lay the eggs which they are holding, say poultry specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture. When turkey hens have free range they nest usually in obscure places and often wander a half mile or more from home before they find a nesting place that suits them.

If attractive nesting places are prepared about the barnyard, the turkeys sometimes lay in them. Such nests are easily made from boxes or barrels, or by scooping out a little earth in the shape of a shallow bowl, piling brush round it to satisfy the hen's desire for seclusion. The nest most preferred by turkeys consists of a barrel laid on its side, in which straw or hay is placed. When confined in a breeding pen several turkey hens may lay in the same nest, but on free range each bird usually makes her own nest. Turkeys do not range far during cold weather. In the north, where the laying season often begins when there is still snow on the ground, the hens are more likely to select their nests near home.

LEAKY POULTRY HOUSE ROOF

More Annoyance From Damp Quarters in Spring Than in Winter on Account of Rain.

There is usually more annoyance from leaky poultry house roofs in the spring than in the winter, because more rain occurs. Also, in winter, ice and snow may remain for weeks on a roof without melting, and really assist to protect against the winds; but in spring any leaky places will be openings for beating rains. Roofs should be repaired at once, if there are any cracks or leaks at all or the result will be damp quarters and the flock will probably be ravaged by colds and roup.

**The Story of
Our States**

By JONATHAN BRACE
XXXV.—W. VIRGINIA

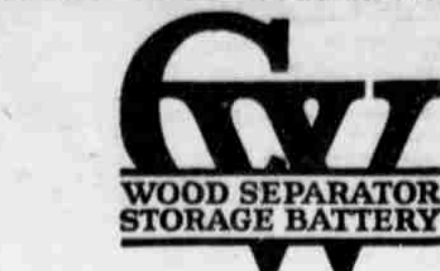


A name implies. West Virginia was originally a portion of Virginia, the Old Dominion Colony. While its history is naturally yoked up with that of the Mother State, there are many points in which the two sections of Virginia were divergent and it was for this reason that West Virginia finally became a separate state.

The first white man who probably penetrated the wilderness of this Western region was John Lederer, a German surgeon, who went on a tour of exploration in 1699. In the same year, La Salle sailed up the Ohio and landed at several points in the present state. There was little colonization until 1732, when Scotch and Irish adventurers began to fill Western Virginia. They were encouraged but little, and, in fact, the King in 1733 declared that this part of the colony was Indian country and could not rightfully be settled. Colonization continued, however, and bitter warfare was waged against the Indians and the French who had come down from the North. In 1774 the battle of Pt. Pleasant was fought, which was one of the bloodiest of Indian conflicts.

The backwoodsmen who settled in the Western part of Virginia were entirely different types of men from the wealthy slave owners along the coast. Jealousies between the two sections arose and the Western countries felt great dissatisfaction at the way Virginia was governing them. The most marked point of disagreement was over the slavery question, and it was because of this that, when Virginia seceded from the Union in 1861, West Virginia took matters in its own hands. Delegates met at Wheeling, drew up a separate constitution, and declared their independence. Their application for admission into the Union was accepted by Lincoln, and in 1863 West Virginia became the thirty-fifth state.

It is often called the "Pan-handle State" on account of its shape. Its area is 24,170 square miles, and it has eight presidential electors. (By McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)



**An Underpriced
Battery**

The CW Battery (Wood Separator) has quality plates, selected cedar wood separators. Built right, of all new, high-grade materials. Easily the best low-priced battery you can buy!

Sizes to fit all cars.

6-volt
11-plate
\$17.50
Other sizes at
slightly higher
price.

The OHNEMUS SHOPS

"CAN FIX IT"

A BATTERY IN STOCK TO FIT EVERY CAR.

Representing
Willard Batteries
(THREADED RUBBER INSULATION)
and **CW Batteries**
(WOOD SEPARATORS)

Mrs. Schoolcraft of Carlsbad, New Mexico, came in Saturday for a visit to her cousin, Mrs. Perry Holdman, and family.—Pecos Enterprise.

Morning worship will be held as usual Sunday at the Presbyterian church, and the subject of the sermon will be "A Memorial Name." Church school is held at ten o'clock and congregational prayer-meeting Wednesday evening at seven forty-five.

The Chamber of Commerce Luncheon will be held next Thursday noon at the Crawford Hotel. Please telephone in your reservations as early as possible so that Mrs. Boatman may know how many to prepare for at that time.

Miss Dorothy Batton returned the first of the week from a visit to her sister, Mrs. Brown, in Roswell.

Unexpected!

a New "USCO"—
Better, Heavier, Longer Wearing
30x3½—\$10.90 No Tax added
on Sale Now



USCO set the high value mark for 30 x 3½ tires when it originated the \$10.90 price last Fall.

USCO today betters that mark with a new and greater USCO—an USCO improved in many important ways.

For instance, a thicker tread—with a surer hold on the road—thicker side walls, adding strength and life to the tire.

And the price is \$10.90—with the tax absorbed by the manufacturer.

Men have always looked to USCO for the biggest tire money's worth on the market.

They always get a bigger tire money's worth than they expect.

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U.S. Tire Co.

**No
Tax**

United States Tires
United States Rubber Company

Where You
Can Buy
U. S. Tires:

Stockwell Auto Service Station
CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO.

W. W. Snyder
LOVING, NEW MEX.

The Carlsbad Current

S. L. PERRY, Editor

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One year in advance.....\$2.00
Six months in advance..... 1.00
Three months in advance..... .50
Sample copies..... 5 cents

There are obligations for us to trade with the merchants of our own home town that some do not seem to fully recognize, for if they did recognize these obligations they would trade more with our home merchants instead of sending off to mail order houses.

The home merchant pays in his taxes to help support the country and the county institutions, the school, town, etc. What does the mail order house do? It takes your money and none of it goes to support any institution or enterprise in your section of the country. It is withdrawn from circulation so far as your section of the country is concerned.

Your home merchant circulates the money he handles here at home, which helps to keep the ball of business rolling here. Your home merchant is your neighbor, he is interested in you and in your welfare and he is ready to accommodate and help you when he has the ability and opportunity. What does the mail order house know or care about you? He cares for your money and it never returns to your section. Many times when the cost of transportation and quality of goods are considered the cost is greater from a mail order house than it would be if you patronized your home merchant. Patronize the business men in your own home town. They invested their money, believing that you would give your patronage to home institutions in preference to strangers.

"Distance lends enchantment" but in buying our necessities we need more than enchantment.

Cooperate, patronize, help in all home interests first.—Dexter Index

DID YOU EVER STOP TO THINK

That if your city is in need of more mercantile establishments of any kind—Advertise.

That if you want any more farmers or homeseekers to locate in your community—Advertise.

That if you can offer any special advantages as a desirable location for factories, branch plants, etc.—Advertise.

That your section will attract greater attention today than ever before if you—Advertise.

That your vast resources will receive the consideration their importance has long entitled them to, if you tell the world—Advertise.

That the directing heads of manufacturers, investors seeking profitable outlets for capital, as well as those on the outlook for good farms and homes, are reading the papers every day looking for opportunities—Advertise.

That the best results from any kind of advertising are obtained by "keeping everlastingly at it"—Advertise.

That no matter what you have to sell, the columns of the newspapers will fill your needs in the surest and most economical way.

That if you want increased business—Advertise.

That most newspaper readers are boosters. They pass on everything good, whether found in editorial or advertising pages.—E. R. WAITE, Secretary of the Shawnee Oklahoma Board of Commerce.

MEXICAN METHODIST CHURCH

DONKEY MEWHORN, Pastor.

The following services are planned for the week end:

7:00 P. M. Saturday. Boy Scout meeting, Dr. Lowry in charge.

2:30 P. M. Sunday. Bible School.

3:15 P. M. Sunday. Sermon by Rev. Douglas.

7:01 P. M. Sunday. Sermon by Rev. Watson.

"Safety First" in Education.

Parents, send your boy to a Christian College.

The busy man doesn't figure much in the police court news.

LOVING NEWS

Rev. Hunt from Baltimore, Md., is in Loving this week end. He will hold services both Friday and Sunday evenings at the Baptist church. Everyone is cordially invited to attend.

Jesse Craft, the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Will Craft, is suffering quite seriously from an attack of Typhoid fever. Dr. Oliver is in charge of the case and we are glad to know that Jesse being in such good hands, will soon be up and about again.

Rev. Z. B. Moon spent a few days in Loving this week. John Nymeyer is threshing grain this week for C. W. Beeman.

Richard and Clyde Donaldson, Van Wisdom and Gertrude Lyons motored to Carlsbad Sunday evening.

The young people of the Baptist Sunday school enjoyed a pleasant bathing party at the Carlsbad dam last Tuesday evening.

Sam Montgomery, the from Carlsbad, moved the "Rabbit Hill" school house into town, last Wednesday locating it near the property owned by M. N. Cunningham of Carlsbad.

Mrs. A. D. Howard, proprietress of the Loving Hotel, returned home Wednesday evening from an extended vacation in Miami, Texas. We are certainly glad to be able to give her such a "warm" welcome, as well as to see her looking so well after her visit.

Mrs. R. P. Morrison and children are visiting relatives in Odessa, Texas.

Frank Darous and Alvin Allinger returned home Saturday evening from a pleasant outing in the White Mountains.

Mrs. C. Grandi and son Henry, of Otis, have been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Geo. Fessler, this week. Sam Hart, Will Craft, and Roy Martin are busily employed in building a new office building for the Oil Mill company.

Mrs. Geo. Fessler entertained the ladies of the Otis Sewing Society at her home Thursday afternoon.

Frank Reed and son, Russell, are painting the interior of the Malaga school building.

AGAIN FOR SATURDAY

CANDY IN SOUTH WINDOW

30c. lb.

The Sweet Shop

MARRIED AT EL PASO

A telegram to the Current from El Paso, yesterday, contained news of the marriage of Louisa Pipkin and Mrs. Olive Thayer, both well known residents of this city. The marriage ceremony was pronounced by Rev. B. L. Nance, at 4:30 P. M. yesterday.

By this union two of our oldest and most highly respected families are united. Mr. Pipkin has lived in Eddy County continuously for the last twenty-five years, and is well known as a successful stockman. Mrs. Pipkin has resided in the county even longer than her husband, the Thayer ranch, her home on the mountains near Queen, being considered one of the best in this entire section of the country. She is a sister of Messrs. W. R. and E. S. Shattuck and counts her friends by her acquaintances.

The exact date of the return of Mr. and Mrs. Pipkin is not known at this time but their friends in this city and county are prepared to wish them all the success in their married life that is due two industrious and

worthy persons, and that their lives may continue to be useful to those around them as they have ever been and that happiness may be theirs in full measure is the wish of the Current.

Mrs. John Lucas is preparing for a trip to California, for which state she will leave as soon as her sister, Mrs. Sallie Slaughter, returns to take her place at the Eddy County Hospital. Accompanying Mrs. Lucas will be Miss Martha Williams, who will enter a business school in Los Angeles, where she will take up expert accounting, banking and other advanced business subjects. Miss Martha is a graduate of Carlsbad high school, and a fine girl in whom we are all interested, and whose success it is pleasant to predict in the business world.

Mrs. Jane Kuykendall, mother of Mrs. Barney Hopkins, will leave Monday for Baird, Texas, near which place she has a farm and after remaining there for some time will visit points in Oklahoma, planning to be gone until Christmas.

ORDINANCE NO. 175

AN ORDINANCE GOVERNING THE PRODUCTION, HANDLING AND DISPOSAL OF MILK, CREAM AND THE PRODUCTS THEREOF; PROVIDING FOR THE INSPECTION OF COWS, PREMISES, ETC., AND REQUIRING A LICENSE FOR THE SALE OF MILK, CREAM AND THEIR PRODUCTS, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

BE IT ORDAINED by the City Council of the City of Carlsbad, New Mexico,

Sec. 1. No person, firm or corporation shall maintain or operate a dairy or milk depot, as hereinafter defined, or produce for sale, sell, offer for sale, or have in his or their charge, custody or control for sale or distribution within the City of Carlsbad, any milk or cream and the products thereof, without first obtaining a license to conduct such business or distribution under penalty as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. The word "dairy" as used in this ordinance shall be held and construed to mean any place from which milk is supplied or in which milk is kept for purposes of sale or distribution as food.

The word "herd" or "dairy herd" shall for purposes of this ordinance, be held and construed to mean one or more cows from which milk is sold or distributed for consumption as food.

Sec. 3. Any person desiring a license pursuant to this ordinance, shall first make a written application therefor to the Health Officer, authorized by the City Council, stating the following facts:

(a) The name and place of residence and business of the applicant.

(b) Whether said applicant is a producer of milk.

(c) The exact location of the dairy and herd which produces the milk.

(d) The number of cows in each dairy herd.

(e) If this applicant is not a producer of milk or if he purchases milk for distribution in addition to the amount produced, the name of each person from whom he obtains or is about to obtain the milk, the location of each dairy, and the number of cows in each herd from which the milk is obtained.

(f) That the applicant will permit the Health Officer or anyone authorized by the City Council of the City of Carlsbad, prior to the issuance of a license, to inspect in accordance with this ordinance, his dairy herd and dairy premises, and that he will permit such inspection at any time thereafter.

If the applicant is not a producer of milk, or if he sells or is about to sell milk not produced by his own cows, his application must be accompanied by a written statement from the owner of each dairy or herd where such milk is produced, to the effect that such owner will consent to an inspection by the Health Officer or anyone so authorized prior to the issuance of any license for the sale of milk in the City of Carlsbad from such herd or dairy, and that he will permit such inspection to be made at any time thereafter.

Sec. 4. Upon the filing of such application, the Health Officer shall cause the dairy and herd of the applicant, or the person from whom he obtains milk, to be thoroughly inspected. If he finds the dairy or herd to be maintained and operated, and the milk prepared, handled, transported, sold and delivered in the City of Carlsbad in a clean and sanitary way, and in accordance with the provisions of this ordinance, he shall issue to each applicant a certificate of inspection. No such inspection certificate shall be issued to any applicant until such inspection shall have been made, provided, however, that the said dairy or herd owner shall have a reasonable time to conform to the provisions of this ordinance. Thirty days is to be considered a reasonable time, under the provisions of this section.

Sec. 5. In order to defray the expenses of regulating the production, handling and disposal of milk, cream and the products thereof; and providing for the inspection of cows, dairies, premises, etc., the following fees shall be charged for license for the sale or distribution of milk and cream, in the City of Carlsbad, and are hereby established as follows:

All persons keeping one cow..... One Dollar
All persons keeping from two to five cows, inc..... Two Dollars
All persons keeping from six to ten cows, inc..... Five Dollars
All persons keeping from eleven to fifteen cows, inc..... Seven Dollars
All persons keeping from sixteen to twenty cows, inc..... Ten Dollars
All persons keeping from twenty-one to twenty-five cows, inclusive..... Fifteen Dollars
All persons keeping more than twenty-five cows..... Twenty-five Dollars

which license shall expire on the first day of January of each year, and no license shall be issued for less than one year, except to a person commencing business, in which case the permit shall be issued to the first day of January next ensuing.

Sec. 6. Upon the receipt of the certificate of inspection provided for by Sections 3 and 4 of this ordinance, the applicant shall pay to the Clerk of the City of Carlsbad the annual fee provided for by Section 5 of this ordinance. The Clerk shall then issue a license to sell and distribute milk and cream in the City of Carlsbad.

Sec. 7. Each license issued under the provisions of this ordinance shall be issued upon the condition that each person so granted a license, as well as the person from whom he obtains his milk, shall at all times permit the Health Of-

ficer of the City of Carlsbad, or the dairy and milk inspector thereof or other proper agents authorized by or cooperating with the City Council, to thoroughly inspect in accordance with this ordinance, any dairy or herd from which milk is obtained for sale or consumption within the City of Carlsbad. If any person granted a license under this ordinance shall at any time refuse to permit an inspection of his dairy or herd as herein provided for, his license shall be revoked by the City Council.

If any person granted a license shall sell milk in the City of Carlsbad from any dairy or herd, the owner of which shall have refused to permit an inspection of his dairy, as herein provided for, the license shall be revoked by the City Council.

Sec. 8. No person who has in good faith filed a proper application as herein provided shall be prosecuted upon the charge of selling milk in the City of Carlsbad without a license, pending action upon such application by the Health Officer, but in all other respects such applicant shall, during such time, and all other times, comply with this ordinance and all the rules and regulations thereof, and it shall be unlawful for such applicant or any person to sell or have for sale in the City of Carlsbad milk produced by tubercular or otherwise diseased cows, or any unwholesome milk, or to violate this ordinance in any way.

Sec. 9. The City Council is hereby authorized to employ one or more competent persons as dairy and milk inspectors, who shall receive such compensation as the City Council may fix by resolution.

Sec. 10. It shall be the duty of the Health Officer to cooperate with the City Council, to inspect all dairies or herd owners delivering or selling milk within the City of Carlsbad. An initial inspection shall be made upon each application for a permit, as provided for by Section 3 of this ordinance. Additional inspections shall be made when deemed necessary by the Health Officer, which inspection shall be made in accordance with the Dairy Farm Score Card system as adopted by the rules and regulations of the State Bureau of Public Health. The report of such inspection shall be published under the direction of the Health Officer at least once every sixty days. The tubercular test shall be applied by a competent veterinarian in accordance with the laws of the State of New Mexico, once each year to each animal producing milk to be disposed of for human food in the City of Carlsbad. The place and things to be inspected by said officers shall include all dairies and dairy herds, and all milk produced therefrom, and all barns, stables, cow yards, creameries, stores, railroad cars, delivery wagons, and all places and implements and utensils, thru, by or from which milk is furnished to the City of Carlsbad, and its inhabitants, and for the purpose of making such inspection, said Health Officer is hereby authorized to open any can or vessel containing milk or cream and take a sample therefrom not to exceed one quart, for the purpose of testing or analyzing the same, and in case such sample shall be proved upon such examination to be held with intent to sell in violation of any of the provisions of this ordinance, said Health Officer shall cause to be revoked the license held by such person.

Sec. 11. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell in the City of Carlsbad or ship or bring into said City for sale as human food, any unclean, impure, infected, unwholesome, watered, adulterated or chemically preserved milk, or any milk produced under unsanitary conditions about the barn yard, or drawn in over-crowded, unventilated stables, or stables which are filthy from any other cause; or any milk prepared for market in dark, unclean, unventilated or un-screened milk rooms, or collected or conveyed in unclean, uncovered or unsanitary utensils or vehicles, or milk drawn from sick or diseased cows or with filthy udders, or from cows within 15 days before or six days after parturition; or any milk handled in any way by sick, unclean or diseased persons, or persons having recently been exposed to any infectious or contagious disease; or any milk drawn from cows fed upon garbage or slops or any similar feed that has been subject to fermentation or putrefaction. Nothing herein contained shall prevent the feeding of fresh mash or silo feed.

Sec. 12. The cows shall be well fed with clean, wholesome food and have an abundance of clean, fresh water accessible. All stables shall be cleaned, well drained and free from all filth and contaminating surroundings, and manure shall not be allowed to accumulate in such stables. The barn yards and places where the cows are allowed to be kept shall be well drained and free from standing liquid manure. All manure shall be removed at least fifty feet away from such stables and yards. Cows shall at all times be kept clean and just before milking shall be brushed or wiped with a damp cloth on and around the udders and under and on the side of the cow to remove loose hair or other particles that may have accumulated. The udders shall be clean and dry at the time of milking, and the hands of the milker shall be clean and dry. The air in the stable at the time of milking shall be free from dust, foul air or obnoxious or unwholesome odors. All stables in which cows are milked must be well drained. All corrals shall be free from liquid manure and other filth.

Sec. 13. Milk which is to be sold or distributed in the City of Carlsbad shall immediately upon being drawn from the cow, be removed from the stable to a lighted, well ventilated room, which shall be separate and apart from said stable, and said milk shall be cooled to a temperature of at least

60 degrees F., unless delivered to the customer within 30 minutes. All milk delivered shall not at any time thereafter reach a temperature above 60 degrees F.

Sec. 14. All utensils used for the collection or transportation of milk or cream shall before being used, be thoroughly washed and then sterilized with boiling water or live steam, or if chemical agents are used to sterilize the vessels, they must be rinsed with boiled water, and must be clean at the time of using.

Sec. 15. No milk or cream offered for sale in the City of Carlsbad shall be drawn or placed in bottles except on the premises on which said milk is produced, or on the premises of the wholesaler or retailer in which case it must be handled in a clean and sanitary manner satisfactory to the Health Officer, and any milk bottled while being transported shall for the purposes of this ordinance, be declared unwholesome and unsalable as fresh milk.

Sec. 16. That there be, and hereby is established the following standard of normal milk, and normal milk is hereby defined to be milk containing not less than 3.25 per cent of butter fat, and not less than 8.5 per cent of milk solids other than butter fat, and having a specific gravity of not less than 1.025 or more than 1.034, and free from dirt, pus, blood cells and disease germs. Milk or cream containing more than 500,000 bacteria to the cubic centimeter shall, for the purposes of this ordinance, be declared unwholesome and unsalable as fresh milk or cream. All cream shall contain not less than 18 per cent of the fatty portion of pure milk which rises to the surface when milk is left at rest, or is separated by other means.

Sec. 17. For the purpose of this ordinance, the term milk shall be defined as whole milk, or cream.

Sec. 18. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell or offer for sale within the City any butter that is not made from pure milk or cream, or butter that is not the product of milk or cream produced from non-reacting tuberculin-tested cows, or produced from pure milk or cream that has been pasteurized.

Sec. 19. For the purposes of this ordinance, butter, cheese, buttermilk, skimmed milk, cream, and ice cream is hereby declared to be a milk product, and shall be handled and sold in accordance with the provisions hereof.

Sec. 20. The Health Officer shall keep a record of all certificates of inspection granted for the sale of milk in said city, and shall keep such records in a systematic manner and available for the inspection of the public.

Sec. 21. No water closets, privies, cess pools or urinals shall be located within any building or room used for the production or handling of milk or cream and no water closets, privy, cess pool or urinal shall be located within fifty feet of any milk house. All privies and cess pools shall be adequately screened or otherwise protected from access by flies to the contents thereof.

Sec. 22. License to sell milk or cream shall be publicly displayed in the place of business of each holder of a license and the number of such license, together with the name of the holder shall be painted on each vehicle from which milk or cream is distributed. No vegetable or waste products shall at any time be hauled in any vehicle used for the transportation of milk.

Sec. 23. (a) Any milk or cream or milk product offered for sale in the City of Carlsbad, found by the inspector to be below the standard heretofore established, or unclean, unsanitary or prepared or sold in violation of this ordinance, may be confiscated and destroyed by the inspector.

(b) Should the milk inspector at any time find that milk and cream is being sold by any licensee within the City of Carlsbad in violation of any of the conditions of this ordinance, the Health Officer shall have power to revoke the license of such licensee and shall forthwith file his revocation of said license with the City Clerk, whose duty it shall be forthwith to mail a copy of such revocation to the said licensee, with a notice that said licensee may within ten days take an appeal from such action of the milk inspector to the Mayor and City Council. Should such licensee desire to continue business during the pendency of such appeal, he shall file a bond with good and sufficient sureties to the City of Carlsbad in any amount to be fixed by the Mayor conditioned that he will while thus continuing business, not violate any provisions of this ordinance.

(c) Any person who shall sell or offer for sale any milk or cream or milk products within the City of Carlsbad, which is produced, obtained, handled, carried or treated contrary to the provisions of this ordinance, or which falls below the standards required by this ordinance, shall upon conviction be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$10.00 nor more than \$100.00 for the first offense, and by a fine of not less than \$50.00 nor more than \$200.00 or by imprisonment in the City Jail for a period not exceeding 90 days for subsequent offenses, or both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court trying the case, but not more than one offense shall be chargeable within a period of 24 hours.

Sec. 24. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after five days after its passage and publication, as required by law.

Passed and approved this 19th day of July, A. D. 1922.

J. D. HUDGINS, Mayor.

(SEAL)

ATTEST:

R. A. TOFFELMIRE, City Clerk.

WANT ADS

WANT TO RENT—Two unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. H. A. GRAGG. 11c

HOUSE FOR RENT—A five room house with garage and garden, and other improvements. Strictly modern. Telephone 536. 11c

FOR RENT—Two room bungalow with sleeping porch. Electric lighted and water convenient. See Guaranty Abstract & Title Co. 11p Phone 292

For that dainty finish to your garments have them hemstitched or picotted. Annie V. Morrison. Phone No. 210.

FOR SALE—At a bargain. My residence on Alameda Street. Good terms to responsible party. RAY SOLADAY. 11c

WANTED—Salesman: \$100.00 and commission to sell guaranteed cord tires direct from factory at lowest prices. GOODSTOCK TIRE CO. 1106 S. Michigan Ave. Chicago, Illinois. 14July21p

ROOMERS WANTED—A couple of nice rooms, by week or month. MRS. W. H. MULLANE. Telephone 329.

WANTED—Second hand furniture, saddles, harness and all kinds of second hand goods. SAM MOSKIN. Phone 61.

If you are getting a loan from the Federal Land Bank, the Guaranty Abstract and Title Co. know their requirements and can save you time and money on your abstract. 23June

STRAYED

One dark bay mare mule, weight about one thousand pounds, brand BAK, last seen near Mullane, west of town, grazing in a southwesterly direction with a 10 foot rope fastened about her neck. Any information leading to her whereabouts will be highly appreciated, as I am sick in bed. Address any information to R. D. Hurler, Carlsbad, box 397, or phone the Corner Drug store. Liberal reward for her return. 21c

FOR SALE—One Ford Touring car with starter. Overhaul tires. Good condition. At a bargain. Apply this office.

FOR SALE—Six room house, furnished or unfurnished, 2 sleeping porches and garage. Two blocks from court house and Grammar School. Also auto. See. D. F. SELLARDS. 21p

SCHOOL APPORTIONMENT ON BASIS OF \$1.36 FOR EACH PUPIL IN STATE

State Superintendent Conway has apportioned the public school funds from the last two month collections, amounting to \$165,299.84, among the counties on a basis of \$1.36 for each child of public school age in the state.

The total number of children is 121,544. Each county will receive as follows:

Bernalillo, \$16,305; Catron, \$1,476; Chavez, \$5,632; Colfax, \$9,413; Curry, \$5,429; De Baca, \$1,476; Dona Ana, \$7,706; Eddy, \$4,530; Grant, \$6,269; Guadalupe, \$3,817; Harding, \$2,581; Hidalgo, \$15,116; Lea, \$17,011; Lincoln, \$3,669; Luna, \$2,883; McKinley, \$4,126; Mora, \$5,188; Otero, \$4,115; Quay, \$4,729; Rio Arriba, \$9,272; Roosevelt, \$5,798; Sandoval, \$2,834; San Juan, \$2,638; San Miguel, \$12,121; Santa Fe, \$11,408; Sierra, \$2,059; Socorro, \$5,174; Taos, \$6,167; Torrance, \$5,101; Union, \$6,649; Valencia, \$5,262.

July 17, 1922.

Mr. A. E. Lusk,

County Treasurer of Eddy County,

Carlsbad, New Mexico.

Dear Sir:

A distribution from the State School Fund has been made to the General School Fund of Eddy County, amounting to \$1.36 per capita upon the 1921 Census Enumeration. Please credit the various school districts of the county, fund of 1921-22 with the following amounts upon the basis of the enumeration of each district:

District	Enumeration	Amount
No. 1, Otis	260	\$353.60
No. 3, Lower Black River	30	40.80
No. 4, Upper Black River	37	50.32
No. 5, Queen	61	82.96
No. 6, Rocky Arroyo	43	58.48
No. 7, Lakewood	111	150.96
No. 10, Loving	235	319.60
No. 11, Malaga	207	281.52
No. 17, Atoka	72	97.92
No. 27, Cottonwood	117	159.12
Total Rural Maintenance Fund	1173	\$1595.28
No. 8, Hope	493	670.48
No. 12, Dayton	72	97.92
No. 16, Artesia	665	905.76
Carlsbad Independent	1016	1381.76
TOTAL	3330	\$4528.80

Very respectfully yours,

County Superintendent of Schools.

G. O. Chance was in from his home on the Plains this week having his teeth extracted while in the city, and leaving for his home this morning. He was accompanied on the return trip by Miss Maggie Mullane, who will spend a couple of weeks at their home.

Attractions at Crawford Theatre NEXT WEEK

MON.—

J. M. Barrie's Great Play
"THE LITTLE MINISTER"

TUES.—

Miriam Cooper in
"THE OATH"

WED.—

Adapted from William J. Locke's
Novel "Idols"

THUR.—

Raymond Hatton in
"HIS BACK AGAINST THE WALL"
A Most Unusual Western Story

FRI.—

Trancharon Rival. Cheerful Credit
A Panicky Pullman
"WINNERS OF THE WEST" No. 16

SAT.—

George M. Cohan's Biggest Success
"GET RICH QUICK WALLINGFORD"
Special Production
Advanced Prices — 25 & 50 cents.

LOCAL NEWS.

The County Health Officers spent yesterday in Hope, examining the babies of that section, and transacting such other business as belongs to their department.

R. D. Bule of the Joyce-Fruit selling force, is taking his vacation among relatives at El Paso, going down there yesterday.

Messrs. J. M. Wood and Ross, of Lakewood, were down from there today, returning to their home shortly after noon.

County Clerk Jackson had his tonsils removed this week and as a consequence is not able to talk at any length at this time.

Miss May Middleton has accepted the position of teacher of the school at El Paso Gap. This will be her second year at the same school.

Mrs. Mary Montgomery is spending the week in town from her home on the mountains near Queen.

The Sam R. Carter family, and Miss Clotilde Brown left this morning on their annual outing. Their exact destination is unknown, but their first stop will be at Cloudercroft.

Rev. T. C. Mahan returned last night from his trip to Silver City and will preach at the Baptist church Sunday morning at 11:00 o'clock.

Miss Durant Grogan returned from a six weeks stay in Dallas, getting in the latter part of the week and is much improved in health by her vacation.

Postmaster John Wells left some days ago for Rochester, Minnesota, where he went for consultation and treatment from the Mayo Brothers, his health not having improved as his friends desired. The date of his return is not known definitely.

A party of old friends and neighbors of Mrs. Edwin Stephenson were invited to meet at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Ray Soliday, yesterday afternoon, to help celebrate the birthday of Mrs. Stephenson. A pleasant time resulted and many good wishes are offered for many returns of the pleasant anniversary of this beloved mother, neighbor and friend.

Mrs. Ben Rotan, of El Paso, was among the many visitors with her family to Carlsbad, during the Fourth of July celebration. The lady is a niece of the Livingston Brothers, and liked the place and surroundings so well that she rented the Arlie Nichols home and will remain here for the summer. She is already settled and feeling at home among us.

Let the knockers strike—no one wants them on the job anyway.

A JUVENILE PARTY

Frances, the little daughter of F. E. Hubert reached her fourth anniversary last Wednesday and celebrated the auspicious occasion by a party at the L. G. Ryan home where the little folk had plenty of shade in which to play and the nice lawn made a still further attraction.

About thirty little ones of near her own age helped Frances in the games and also helped her enjoy the delicious cake and ice cream provided in abundance for their pleasure.

Those entertaining the children were Miss Inez Jones, Mrs. Joe Livingston and Mrs. Lee Hanson.

Little boys and girls present were as follows: Roberta Lee Hanson, William Hanson, Dorothy Smith, Marion Foster, Philip Jackson, Mary Frances Dow, Katherine Livingston, Samuel and James Hampton Stearns, June Carter, Lois Linn, Arthur Linn, Junior, Jimmie Lewis, Harriet West, Helen Wells, Margaret and Judie Rogers, Genevieve Grack, Gene Roberts, Junior, Mary Helen Gervilla, Helen Virginia, and Margaret Minter, Houston Clark, Junior Hervey, Vera Koten, Jeanette Wertheim and her two little cousins from El Paso, Texas. May many pleasant returns of the day be given to little Frances.

A very effective scene was enacted at the Methodist church Sunday morning when Rev. Moon came in by the rear door during the Sunday school hour. He had possibly been in the building a minute before his presence was realized, when they welcomed him by a vigorous hand clapping and waving of handkerchiefs. This was Bro. Moon's first public appearance since his recent illness and was a fitting demonstration of the love shown by the congregation for their pastor.—Penasco Valley Press.

The Chamber of Commerce luncheon will be held next Thursday noon at the Crawford Hotel. Please telephone in your reservations as early as possible so that Mrs. Boatman may know how many to prepare for at that time.

A message to Dr. F. F. Doepp this morning called him to the Edgar Williams ranch at Lovington, asking that a physician be sent out at once as W. A. Finlay had been shot. Dr. Doepp left at once but no particulars can be learned at this time. Mr. Finlay has been making his home with his daughter, Mrs. Williams, for some time. The Current hopes to have later news soon.

A card from the Albritton family located then in Colorado Springs, Colorado, and says they have had fine weather for their trip, the entire distance. They spent part of the time in the beautiful Taos country of New Mexico, and state that it came up to their expectations in picturesque scenery. They state that all the roads in Colorado are exceptionally good.

ROSWELL 9, CARLSBAD 2

Roswell in a small measure got revenge for the stinging defeat they received in Carlsbad when they defeated our team in Roswell yesterday by the score of 9 to 2. Even then it was not as bad a defeat as Roswell got when they played here when the score was 4 to 9. The story of the downfall of Carlsbad is one of errors and wild pitching. Littleton, a new recruit to the home team, started the game and pitched well for two innings, striking out some of Roswell's best batters. In the first inning Roswell had a man on third with two out when a slow grounder was hit between first and second base, which Wilcox fumbled, allowing the runner safe at first and a score. This seemed to blow up the Carlsbad boys and led by Wilcox they continued to make errors which coupled with blazes back of the bases and wild pitching caused Littleton to ask to be relieved and Stewart was substituted. "Happy"

Johnson going behind the bat as catcher. After the third inning, when the pitcher was changed, Stewart allowed only one run and it was not earned. He had plenty of steam and used his head to advantage. Stewart is a pitcher of considerable ability and if he could be persuaded to pitch oftener would develop into a fast one as he now has a swift ball he used to advantage against the Roswell batters. Manager Oliver is not dissatisfied because Littleton was knocked out of the box yesterday for the reason that he was wild and after giving three balls had to put a straight one over allowing the batter to hit it. Littleton has plenty of stuff and we believe he is a first class pitcher, yesterday being an off day. Carlsbad was handicapped by Welpton having a sprained ankle which caused him to be off and Fessler got hit by a pitched ball on his ankle which was just getting well from a sprain. Center Fielder Brown made a pretty throw from center and stopped a

run at home plate. He also made a good catch of a line drive in deep center. Stewart knocked one fly close to center field fence which the fielder got, robbing him of a home run perhaps. Thomas knocked out a three bagger to right, later scoring. Wilcox also got a three base hit, but died on third. "Happy" showed he was a real catcher. He pegs well and backs up the bases and is also good on grounders thrown in from the field to get runners at home. Jones pitcher for Roswell allowing eight hits but they were scattered.

Outside of the third inning it was a good ball game and a game between the same teams may be played soon in Carlsbad when the result is almost sure to be different. The score by innings follows:

	R.	H.	E.
Carlsbad	000	020	000
Roswell	116	010	00

There are other wise people—and otherwise.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE SOCIETY

Sunday morning services at eleven o'clock at Woman's Club building.

The public is cordially invited. Sunday School at ten o'clock.

It's peculiar how proud a man is of himself and how he pats himself on the back for having a little backbone, after the fear that some of his friends will jump all over him for daring to assert himself has proven groundless.

Mrs. Dan Lowenbruck is making a visit to the Cap Rock ranch, going up Saturday and will remain until after the doings at Hope, which she will attend in company with others from that locality.

A letter from the Hegler girls tells that the airplane which was forced to land near the D Ranch was repaired Tuesday, and sailed away Wednesday of this week.

MAKE THE PENNIES BIGGER

When James Buchanan was President and tall beaver hats were in vogue; when gentlemen wore broad cravats and ladies wore hoop skirts the pennies they tossed to children were as big as quarters. But the cart-wheel coppers your grandfather got for keeping his lace collar clean were not as big in buying power as the pennies of today.

A penny then might buy a pastry, or ten of them take one to the Fair, but your great-aunt and great-uncle couldn't have gone to a movie at any price.

Your great-gran'ather may have driven the fastest horse in the country and paid a tidy sum for it. But the price of a stable of thoroughbreds would not have bought him a flier.

Sixty years ago the ladies could go shopping for dry goods and buy silks that would make you green with envy, linens that were linens and broadcloths that beggar description. But what their favorite store did not have they usually got along without.

You can pick up your daily newspaper and in fifteen minutes you can know what the different shops are offering in fabrics, patterns, varieties and qualities that great-grandmother never dreamed could be gathered together under any conditions.

Times have changed, and so have merchandise and business methods. One of the influences that has helped to bring about

so much of change, that has helped to multiply opportunities and increased the spending size of our pennies is advertising.

Every merchant, every manufacturer knows that advertising materially reduces selling costs by increasing the demand for and the distribution of the products of hundreds of thousands of mills. Indeed many of the things we count today as necessities or simple luxuries could not be made and sold at their reasonable prices except for advertising which has created a broad market for them, making millions of sales at little prices and little profits.

And so you owe very much to advertising. You owe much to the people of yesterday who have read and been influenced by past advertising and so have made possible the economies and varieties and wide distribution of merchandise that you enjoy.

You owe present advertising a thorough reading. A greater familiarity with advertising, with advertisers and advertised merchandise makes continually for the increasing size of your pennies.

ADVERTISE IN

The Carlsbad Current

"The Paper With A Circulation"

WANTED

Your Old Jewelry To Remodel Or Repair.

Will Buy Your Old Gold, Silver And Platinum.

One Hour Service on Spectacle Repairs

Phone 9.

H. A. Gragg
Jeweler

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF

The First National Bank

Carlsbad, New Mexico

At the Close of Business June 30, 1922

Resources		Liabilities	
Loans and discounts	\$1,002,391.04	Capital	\$100,000.00
U. S. Bonds	25,000.00	Surplus (earned)	100,000.00
Banking House	8,595.70	Undivided Profits	7,515.61
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank	6,000.00	Circulation	24,997.50
Cash and Sight Exchange	98,091.03	Reserved for Taxes	2,235.43
		Rediscunts with Federal Reserve Bank	344,157.00
		Deposits	561,172.23
	\$1,140,077.77		\$1,140,077.77

The Above Statement Is Correct.

CLARENCE BELL, Cashier.

LOCAL NEWS.

We learn with regret of the serious illness of "Billy" Matheson, at his home in Carlsbad, and trust that he may recover soon.

Visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Mahan this week are, Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Carle and Mrs. G. C. McFadden, of Roswell the latter named lady being the mother of Mrs. Mahan.

Mrs. Myrl Nornhauser is enjoying a visit from her mother, Mrs. Wright, whose home is in Olathe, Kansas, and who will visit here a while, getting acquainted with her one and only grandchild, Miss Marjorie May Nornhauser.

Mr. and Mrs. Sturgis, parents of Mrs. Melvin Bearup, left this week for their home in Detroit, Michigan, after spending a year in this city. We hope they may decide to return before long as they are the kind of citizens that Carlsbad cannot afford to lose.

A private letter to a friend from Blythe McCollum, formerly employed by the Current office as a space writer, but now employed as advance man for the Redpath Horner Chautauqua Company, located him for the present at East Las Vegas, this state after a lengthy tour through parts of Texas, Kansas and Oklahoma. Blythe says the Carlsbad Current is sent to them and that it is well read, and passes from hand to hand, presenting a rather ragged appearance when all are through with it. He also says that the troupe, which started from Carlsbad this summer is much interested in Carlsbad and was very anxious to learn of the Fourth of July celebration here. "On the afternoon of the Fourth, Dr. Johnston went on the stage with the double sheet program and used Carlsbad in illustrating his "Community Cooperation" speech.

Miss Lucille Johnston came in Monday night from Big Springs, Texas, where she is employed as a stenographer in a railroad office, and will spend part of her vacation with her mother in Carlsbad, later both will go to California, for a brief visit.

MEETING OF K. K. K.

The report that the local Bookers T. Washington Post of the Klu Klux Klan held a meeting Monday night at the home of one of our summer widowers in the east part of town has been sustained. We have been able to gather complete information concerning the meeting, including those present, but as it would involve the names of several prominent citizens, and as many threats have already been made against us if we do, we will have to refrain from the use of names. It is understood that it was impossible for them to agree upon the date for the next meeting.—Hagerman Messenger.

Henry Roberts and family are newcomers in the city, coming from the western part of the state, and looking for a location. Mr. Roberts at one time lived on the Plains, and is familiar with conditions in that section of the country. He tells of long continued and serious drought in the extreme western part of the state and says that conditions there are no where near as favorable as in the eastern part.

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL

Sunday School Lesson

(By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D., Teacher of English Bible in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)
Copyright, 1922, Western Newspaper Union.

LESSON FOR JULY 23

DANIEL IN THE DEN OF LIONS

LESSON TEXT—Daniel 6:1-28.
GOLDEN TEXT—Who through faith subdued kingdoms, wrought righteousness, obtained promises, stopped the mouths of lions.—Heb. 11:33.
REFERENCE MATERIAL—Jer. 38; Dan. 1; Acts 12:1-19; 25:12-26; Heb. 11:32-40.
PRIMARY TOPIC—God Takes Care of Daniel.
JUNIOR TOPIC—Daniel in the Den of Lions.
INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—Daniel's Heroic Faith.
YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—Trials and Triumphs of Faith.

I. Daniel the Prime Minister of the Medo-Persian Empire (vv. 1-3).
Sterling worth brought him to the front and kept him there. The new king was keen to discern his worth and to give it recognition.

II. An Occasion Sought Against Daniel (vv. 4-9).
11. The reason for (v. 4). No doubt that which prompted this effort was their envy and jealousy. The presence of envy always shows inferiority. It is hard for the human heart to forgive those who excel.

2. Failure of (v. 4). Daniel's official record was blameless. They could not even find an error. Envy is still in the world. Those who excel in any line are sure to suffer in some way for their excellencies.

3. The wicked plot (vv. 5-9). They trumped up a charge on the ground of his foreign religion. They were not careful about their method, just so their end was attained. When surrounded by such hatred only the fear of God can save. "Everyone needs that help daily. In spite of Daniel's loyalty the decree was signed by the king which would put him into the den of lions.

III. Daniel's Noble Confession (vv. 10-13).

Though Daniel knew that the wicked decree was signed he knelt before God as usual. Note the absence of heroism. Weak men bluster; strong men have little to say.

1. He continued his usual habit (v. 10). Regular habitual prayer is essential to right life. Habit has an important bearing upon life and especially upon our religious life. He knew that the civil law had absolutely nothing to do with his religion. God's law is first. When the laws of earth conflict with God's laws there is but one thing to do. Laws forbidding to read the Bible, to pray, or to meet to worship God, have no authority over men.

2. Daniel reported to the king (vv. 13-15). These wicked men watched to find out as to whether Daniel would pray before his God, and when they found that he continued his worship of the true God they went to the king and reported that Daniel disregarded his decree.

IV. The Foolish Decree Executed (vv. 14-17).

1. The king displeased with himself (v. 14). He labored till the going down of the sun to deliver Daniel. He was conscious that he had been entrapped.

2. The king helpless (v. 15). The proud ruler found that he was a slave.
3. Daniel cast into the den of lions (v. 16). The king's parting word to Daniel was a poor, feeble excuse for his guilty conscience.

4. The Double Seal (v. 17). This double act shows that one rascal will not trust another.

V. Daniel Delivered (vv. 18-23).

1. Note the contrast between the night spent in the lion's den and the one in the palace. In the palace there was no sleep, no mirth. Daniel's quiet life is a picture of the safety and peace which are the portion of those who trust God and do His will.

2. The king's question in the morning (v. 20).

3. Daniel's answer (v. 22). God's angel has done many wonderful works. The early Christians despised bonds, stripes and death.

4. Daniel delivered (v. 23). No manner of hurt was found because he believed in his God.

VI. The Doom of His Accusers (v. 24).

They were cast into the den of lions and before they even came to the bottom of the den their bones were broken in pieces. This is an example of retributive justice. Daniel's enemies go into the same trap which they prepared for him.

VII. Darius' Decree (vv. 25-27).

Men were to tremble and fear before Daniel's God. As to whether Darius had a change of heart we do not know.

VIII. Daniel's Prosperity (v. 28). Daniel goes higher into the kingdom and continues in his place of honor even though dynasties change.

Events Like the Globe.
All the great events of this globe are like the globe itself, of which one-half is in the full daylight and the other half is plunged in obscurity.—Voltaire.

Discontentment.
After a spirit of discontentment, the next rarest thing in the world are diamonds and pearls.—Bunajere.

To Have a Friend.
The only way to have a friend is to be one.—Emerson.

TIRE SALE

Beginning Monday and closing Saturday, we offer GATES STANDARD SUPER TREAD CORD TIRES 30 x 3½ for only **\$15.50**

C. J. Walter

RURAL CARRIERS HOLD STATE CONVENTION

The Rural Letters Carriers Association of New Mexico, was successfully organized at Tucuman, July 4th, by A. K. Balch, State Organizer of New Mexico. The association is an organization to promote harmony and efficiency in the service and the welfare of its members.

Postmaster Roy Smith of Tucuman, gave the welcome address and Rural Letter Carrier R. S. Floresheim and Postmaster C. J. Johnson of Roy responded in behalf of the carriers. Postoffice Inspector O. M. Hood of Trinidad, Colo., made a very able address which was very interesting and educational.

The public is always welcomed at these conventions, and especially patrons of the R. F. D. service. The next State Convention will be held at Roy, Mora County, July 4th, 1923, unless the executive board sees fit to change it for the benefit of the members.

Executive Committee: C. W. Smith, St. Vrain; S. H. Stevenson, Elida; E. J. Floresheim, Roy, W. J. Caffall, Dexter.

Officers: President, Francis L. White, San Jan; Vice-president, S. M. Mayer, San Jan; Secretary and Treasurer, Chas. E. Miller, Des Moines.

It causes some people a heap of worry because so many of their expected troubles never happen.

NEW MEXICO

Leaving much unsaid, oh! very much, we say: What is the Matter with New Mexico?

The sun is shining.
No one is whining.
But all are dining.
The crops are growing.
The oil is flowing.
The breezes are blowing.
The factories are running.
The banks are loaning.
The peaches are ripening.
The cattle are fattening.
The railroads are thriving.
Business is reviving.

There is nothing the matter with New Mexico except the failure to realize on the national and state platforms in the reduction of useless offices and salaries, which drain the substance of the people.

TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS

The last examination for teachers in our public schools will be held July 21st and 22nd. This will be the last examination to be held this year, and teachers desiring to take such examination should bear it in mind.

Applicants for certification by examination should notify the county superintendent as early as possible. GEO. M. HRINSON, County Superintendent of Schools.

People who pretend to be happy at least save a whole lot of unhappiness for others.

Magee's Independent

A Weekly Newspaper Devoted to Better Government

Magee's Independent was founded by Carl C. Magee, former editor of the Albuquerque Morning Journal. It is now in its fourth week of publication.

This newspaper is edited with the same dash and courage which characterized Mr. Magee's work on the Journal. Supported by a corps of the ablest newspaper people in the state, Mr. Magee has made a state-wide sensation with this new publication.

Here is how the Penasco Valley Press described the first issue of the paper:

A JOURNALISTIC BEAUTY

There blew in upon the west wind Volume 1, No. 1, of Magee's Independent, an artistic bit of seven columns, eight page journalism, and it sure is a warm baby. It comes to the sanctum with a full set of teeth and is talking out loud. We predict that this precious youngster is going to grow, for it looks just like its pa. The noise it is going to make will keep some folks hunting "paregoric" of nights.

Week by week the Independent is telling the people the unvarnished truth about conditions in the state. No other newspaper undertakes the task. Yet the people must know if they are to act intelligently and civic decency is to prevail.

Mr. Magee insists that there are enough people in the state who are devoted to better government to support such a publication.

There is something in each issue for every member of the family. It is read more thoroughly than any paper in the state.

The subscription response is phenomenal. We now have more paid net circulation than the Albuquerque Herald. We are approaching the circulation of the Journal. But we need twice our present circulation in order to account the venture a publicity and financial success.

If you subscribe to help the cause of good government, you will read the paper through sheer delight. It is by far the most readable and enlightening publication coming to your home.

Under the withering white light of publicity and the moral appeal for better citizenship, boss domination is weakening in New Mexico.

Send for a sample copy or remit two dollars for a year's subscription to

MAGEE'S INDEPENDENT

Box 457
Albuquerque, New Mexico

Watch for the Bargains

LOOK OVER THE SPECIALS
for this week

One Lot Men's Florsheim High Shoes At **\$7.50.**

One Lot Men's Low Shoes **\$2.50 & \$3.00**

One Lot Ladies' High Shoes **\$5.00**

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These are but a few of the Splendid Bargains we have to offer.

Don't wait until the lines are picked over.
Make Your Visits Often.

Peoples Mercantile Co.

Where things are new

LAWS RELATING TO CHILD LABOR PUBLISHED BY STATE BUREAU

Penalty provided by federal government for violation of child labor law.

The following is published for the benefit of any person or persons in the state of New Mexico employing child labor. As the bureau of child welfare has been designated as the state agency for the investigation and improvement of child labor conditions, the child welfare bureau by the application of this law is cooperating with the federal department of child labor and the child labor tax division of the bureau of internal revenue.

JANET REID, M. D., State Director of Child Welfare, An Act to Regulate the Employment and Hours of Labor of Children in the State and to Provide a Penalty for the Violation Thereof. H. B. No. 310, Approved March 12, 1921.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of New Mexico:

Section 1. No child under 14 years of age shall be employed, permitted or suffered to work in, or in connection with any mine, theatre, concert hall, or place of amusement, or in any hotel, laundry, manufacturing establishment, bowling alley, passenger or freight elevator, factory or workshop, or as a messenger or driver therefor, within this state.

Section 2. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to employ any child under 14 years of age in any business or service whatsoever in this state, during the hours when the public schools of the municipal school district or rural school district, in which the child resides, are in session.

Section 3. The provisions of sections 1 and 2 of this act shall not apply when upon the application to the district court of any parent, guardian or person having the control of any child under the age of fourteen years, it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the court that it is necessary for said child to work in some of the places of employment or in some business or service by sections 1 and 2 of this act prohibited, and if it shall be further shown to the satisfaction of

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Washington, July 8, 1922.
Register and Receiver,
United States Land Office,
Clayton, New Mexico.

Sirs: Departmental order of June 2, 1922, discontinuing the Tucumcari land district with offices at Tucumcari, in the State of New Mexico, at the close of business on June 30, 1922, was required by the Act of May 24, 1922, Public No. 224, and consolidating same with the Roswell land district with offices at Roswell, in the State of New Mexico, is hereby amended so that the Tucumcari land district with office at Tucumcari, New Mexico, is hereby consolidated with the Clayton land district with office at Clayton, New Mexico, as of July 1, 1922.

Respectfully,
(Sgd.) ALBERT B. FALL,
Secretary.

Dr. and Mrs. Lowry were made happy by the receipt of a telegram Wednesday announcing the birth of a baby daughter, to Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Lowry of Cleveland, Ohio. The family is now composed of two children, a boy and a girl, one daughter having been recalled to the better world about a year ago.

ARTHUR J. LINN

Consulting Auditor

211 Union Trust Building.

Washington, D. C.

Will be in Carlsbad for thirty days and can consult with individuals or corporations requiring representation before the Treasury Department on income tax matters.

Uncle Walt's Story

XX SURE CURES

"OLD JINGLESON says he can cure any disease by drinking hot water," announced the bald boarder. "He has had every disease that is officially recognized by the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons and has banished them all by that simple means."

"Anything becomes a curative agent if a man believes in it hard enough," said the sta boarder. "Jasper Jones says he was tormented with rheumatism for ten years, and tried everything of which we read in the almanacs, and nothing did him any good until he got a horse chestnut and carried it around in his pocket. Then the rheumatism disappeared, and hasn't played a return engagement since. I have talked with Jasper often, trying to point out the folly of his claim, but he refuses to yield an inch. 'I used to have all kinds of rheumatism before I got that horse chestnut,' he says, 'and now I haven't a single one. Who would ask better proof than that?'"

"And echo answers who, my dear Mrs. Jiggers. It may be that a horse chestnut in the hip pocket is a specific for rheumatism. It isn't safe to denounce any theory as a false alarm."

"Ira Grifway used to be always groaning about his diseases, until it became unpleasant to meet him. He couldn't talk about anything else. He ignored the crops and regarded the weather with contempt, and devoted all his great energy and talents to a discussion of the things that were hurting him. Then all of a sudden he began boasting of how hale and hearty he was. He explained that the road to health was absurdly easy, and there was no excuse for sickness anywhere. All a man had to do, he said, was to get up early in the morning, before sunrise, and draw in a hundred long breaths of the crisp morning air."

"He made the discovery himself, and it was more important than any modern invention. His sincerity is shown by the fact that there was no possible graft connected with it. A man can't sell the morning atmosphere at so much per breath. Ira's great discovery was free to everybody. If I were going to invent a cure for anything I'd compound something that could be put up in bottles and sold at a dollar a throw. The man who invents a fresh air cure is running benevolence into the ground."

"His cure was so cheap that I decided to try it, as I was suffering from a broken heart and a sluggish liver at that period. I set my alarm clock for an hour before sunrise, and got up in the pale, bleak dawn, and put my head out of the window to inhale the prescribed hundred breaths. I had reached the twenty-seventh breath when a dissipated bee or wasp, on its way home from a night of revelry, stung me on the nose, and I was in such haste to put a porous plaster on that organ that I didn't finish the treatment, and never tried it again."

"But I knew many people who claimed they were cured of everything from the mumps, hoof and mouth disease, by the hundred-breaths treatment."

"There was a spring on my father's farm, and I doped it with sulphuric acid and a few other wholesome ingredients, and then began selling the water to the afflicted for ten cents a jug. Some marvelous cures were effected. Men hobbled there on crutches to buy the healing fluid, and when they left they threw their crutches away."

"For a brief session I had more small change than any boy in the county, but my father returned home from a visit, and when he found out what I had been doing, he interviewed me with a hickory pole, and for a year or two I was busy paying back the money I had collected from sufferers. The people who had been healed suffered a relapse as soon as they heard the water was faked; which goes to show, Mrs. Jiggers, that we are entitled to a better quality of butter on this table."

Way of Escape.
Flatbush—"That's a funny thing about a bowlegged man.
Bensonhurst—What's that?
"Why, when he meets a mad dog in a narrow alley he's more bowlegged than ever."

Just Like the Old Home.
Mr. Scrapiegh—Can you give my daughter a home such as she has been accustomed to?
The Sailor—Well, I've got a bull terrier and a fighting cat and a parrot and if that won't do it I know where I can get a chimpanzee.

The Dear Girls.
Dora—Did you see the way that man smiled at me?
Doris—Yes, dear. Let me have a look at your face. Perhaps you've got a smut on your nose!

Highway Improvement

PUBLIC ROAD CONSTRUCTION

About One-Half of All Highways Being Built Are Being Aided by the Government.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

What the new federal highway appropriation to be expended under the direction of the bureau of public roads, United States Department of Agriculture, will mean to the country is accurately gauged in a synopsis prepared by the bureau showing the use to



Construction of a Rock Road.

which the \$275,000,000 previously appropriated by congress has been put. Up to December 31, \$212,077,246 had been put to work in projects either entirely complete or under construction. To match that amount the states appropriated \$285,879,812, making a total of \$497,957,058.

If placed end to end the roads to be paid for by this money would encircle the earth at the equator and extend as far as from New York to San Francisco on the second lap. The total mileage of roads under construction and completed, the department's records show, was approximately 27,000 miles. Of this mileage 9,555 miles was in projects entirely completed. The balance of 17,445 miles was in projects which were still under construction but reported 80 per cent complete October 31. In those projects there was the equivalent of 12,000 miles of completed roads, so that the completed road to date was more than 21,000 miles, or nearly enough to encircle the globe.

Prior to five years ago the federal government took no active part in the road construction of the country. Today about one-half of all roads under construction are being aided financially by the federal government, and the construction is subject to inspection and approval of federal engineers.

APPROVE HIGHWAY PROJECTS

According to Announcement of Bureau Every Type of Construction Is Represented.

Ninety-three road construction projects in 28 states were approved for federal aid during October by the bureau of public roads, United States Department of Agriculture, according to a compilation just made public. Virtually every type of construction is represented in the approved projects.

The states in which these projects were approved and the number of projects approved in each state follow: Alabama, 3; Arkansas, 3; California, 2; Colorado, 1; Florida, 1; Idaho, 1; Kansas, 8; Maryland, 5; Massachusetts, 2; Minnesota, 10; Mississippi, 6; Missouri, 4; Montana, 1; Nebraska, 2; Nevada, 1; New Mexico, 2; North Dakota, 2; Ohio, 2; Oklahoma, 1; Pennsylvania, 5; South Carolina, 5; South Dakota, 1; Texas, 3; Utah, 1; Virginia, 12; Washington, 1; Wisconsin, 2; and Wyoming, 1. The longest single stretch of roadway approved in one project during the month was an earth road in Calhoun county, Mississippi, 35.3 miles long; the shortest, 0.9 mile, was a brick road in Stark county, Ohio.

GOOD USE FOR SUBSTITUTES

Gravel and Macadam Can Be Employed Until More Durable Type of Road Is Built.

It will require several years for the United States to carry out the plans for a comprehensive system of hard-surfaced highways. Until such time as the main highways can be built of the durable type, gravel and macadam may be used as substitutes, but what the whole country wants and demands are real honest-to-goodness good roads.

One of Largest Industries.

Road building in the United States is one of the nation's largest industries, a million men being employed last year throughout the construction season at building or repairing the country's highways.

Asphalt Streets in Majority.

Virtually 61 per cent of all the municipal streets in the United States have an asphalt top. As a consequence of heavy truck traffic many of these streets are beginning to show serious evidences of disintegration.

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

\$580

Most for Your Money

F.O.B. Detroit

And remember—the lowest first cost, the lowest upkeep and the highest resale value of any motor car ever built.

No other car of this type is priced so low — no other will give you more real motor car value—more convenience, more comfort, more dependability than a Ford Coupe. Equipped with electric starting and lighting system, demountable rims, extra rim and non-skid tires all around, it makes the ideal enclosed car for business or for pleasure. Reasonably prompt delivery. Terms if desired.

Carlsbad Auto Co.

T. J. Pickens was in this week from Last Chance, and remained a few hours in the city.

Earl Matheson and wife are down from their home at Roswell, called here by the serious illness of Billy Matheson, Earl's father.

Clarence Collins and Frank Barnett made a trip to Hagerman last Sunday and spent a few hours in that place.

R. M. THORNE

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How women like their Laundry work finished—Immaculate Ironing and expert folding.

Your Laundry is now under the supervision of an experienced woman

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GENERAL HARDWARE

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HOT! YOU BET!

Some Hot Bargains at Our Store
All Quality Merchandise

Men's Light Weight Suits	25 Per Cent Off
Men's Straw Hats	50 Per Cent Off
Boys' Suits (\$5.00 to \$18.50 values)	50 Per Cent Off
One Lot Men's Shirts (\$2.95 to \$5.00 values)	Each \$2.00
Men's, Women's and Children's Bathing Suits	25 Per Cent Off
One Lot Paul Jones Middys	50 Per Cent Off
Children's Sox	25 Per Cent Off
Ladies' Work Dresses	20 Per Cent Off
One Lot Ladies Suits	50 Per Cent Off
One Lot Ladies' Skirts	50 Per Cent Off
All Ladies' Hats	50 Per Cent Off

Joyce-Pruit Company

"WHERE YOU GET THE BEST FOR LESS"

Representative House of Kentucky, though opposed by Dr. Walsh of Massachusetts, succeeded in getting into the record of January 30, a copy of a letter from Raymond A. Linsane, National Adjutant of the Disabled American Veterans of the World War, enclosing a copy of a memorial which he had sent to the President on January 11, but which had received no publicity. Among other things this memorial showed that 4,000, or one-half of the insane veterans were turned out to "congregate" asylums, which the memorial declared are not hospitals at all, but where all the facilities are completed for which appropriation has been made there will still be about 4,000 insane soldiers unprovided for. Probably the most horrible and inexcusable abuse shown in the Memorial is in Ohio, the home of the President of the United States, where he and his party are in absolute and complete control. The State of Ohio is shown to be profiteering off these poor unfortunates. At Longview asylum, Hamilton county, 240 of the inmates sleep on the floor like cattle and the tubercular patients have not been separated from the others. There are hundreds of curable cases of insanity there that receive no treatment for their mental disorder. And all the money paid by the Federal Government for the care of these men and the boys—the boys who went parading off to war, who crossed the seas to fight among them, perhaps. Dr. E. North, superintendent of Longview, admitted in a statement that these things are true. Dr. H. S. Mac Ayeal gives the following figures as showing the profits made by the State of Ohio on each insane soldier for the year ending Dec. 31, 1921:

Each man in the different institutions receive from the government \$547.50. The institutions are:

Athen's State Hospital cost per man	\$277.86	Profit	\$276.66
Cleveland State Hospital cost per man	\$238.24	Profit	\$309.26
Dayton State Hospital cost per man	\$309.54	Profit	\$237.96
Lima State Hospital cost per man	\$310.75	Profit	\$236.75
Massillon State Hospital cost per man	\$234.20	Profit	\$304.30
Longview State Hospital cost per man	\$231.28	Profit	\$316.22
Toledo State Hospital cost per man	\$286.86	Profit	\$269.64
Ohio Hospital for Epileptics cost per man	\$332.65	Profit	\$214.81
Institution for Feeble Minded cost per man	\$226.57	Profit	\$320.93

Three years ago the Republicans in the middle of president Wilson's second term, won the House and got control of the Senate through bribery—the bribery being in Michigan where a seat was purchased for Truman H. Newberry. Then they raised a great cry for the President to summon Congress in extra session so that they could do something to help the soldiers, with bonus legislation provision for the wounded, sick insane and so on—so Wilson called Congress. In his opening address in April, 1919, he asked Congress to provide for the soldiers and revise the tax laws, which had been enacted in haste in the wartime to provide money to carry on the war. At first it looked like Congress would acquiesce, but Boss Penrose took the position that it would enable the Republicans to elect a President (of his choosing) in 1920 "if we let the people sweat." So they let the people sweat, and they are still sweating, and the insane, the sick, the disabled, the penniless soldiers are doing their full share of the sweating.

Our Advertising Service

Means More Sales for You, Mr. Business Man

When you begin advertising in this paper you start on the road to more business. There is no better or cheaper medium for reaching the buyers of this community.

We can also provide Artistic Printing of every description.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Joyce came in from their vacation trip to various points east and south, getting in Tuesday night. They went from here accompanied by their daughters Misses Mary Frances and June, directly to New York, to be with their son, John R., as he sailed the 15th of June for Europe, and who is now touring Scotland in company with one of the professors of the college he attended in Virginia. Mr. and Mrs. Joyce and daughters also spent some time in Tennessee visiting relatives in different parts of the state, and also in Kentucky, where they in company with Miss Eleanor Flowers, of Carlsbad, who joined them there, went through that wonder of nature, the Mammoth Cave, and other points of interest. The daughters stopped in Kansas City on their return and will remain there until about the middle of August. Mr. and Mrs. Joyce and daughters stepped off the same train at Kansas City which was wrecked twenty minutes later, with such disastrous results. They stopped over at Roswell a short time on their way home.



LOCATE FAMOUS OLD PLAYER

Charles Sweasy, Who Played With Original Cincinnati Reds, is Found in Texas.

Dropping into Fort Worth for an exhibition game, scribes with the Cincinnati Reds discovered a member of the famous team of 1900 living in that city. He is Charles Sweasy, who played second base for the original Reds. He is seventy-five years of age and in feeble health. When the Reds won the pennant in the National League in 1919 an effort was made to dig up all the members of the 1900 team. George Wright and Cal McVey reported, but Sweasy did not and it seems it was not even known he was alive until he identified himself the other day. He has prospered in business and is passing his last days in comfort.

Stories of Great Scouts

By Elmo Scott Watson

SCOUT CALLED "TAM-E-YUKH-TAH" (CUT-OFF LEG)

Amos Chapman was a scout for Gen. Nelson A. Miles in the war with the southern plains tribes in 1874. One day, with Billy Dixon ("Hasta"—Long Hair) and four soldiers he was carrying dispatches from Miles' camp on McClelland creek in Texas to Camp Supply, Indian Territory, when they were surrounded by a war party of 125 Comanches and Kiowas.

At the first fire from the Indians Private Smith fell from his horse. His companions, believing him dead, dismounted, abandoned their horses, and ran to a buffalo wallow, a depression in the ground about 100 yards away. The two scouts worked swiftly with their knives deepening the wallow while the three soldiers kept up a hot fire against the savages, who were riding at full speed in a fast-narrowing circle around them.

Suddenly Chapman noticed Private Smith trying to rise. "Boys, keep these infernal redskins off me and I'll run back and get Smith," he said to his companions. He laid down his rifle, sprang from the wallow, and under a hail of Indian bullets ran to where Smith lay. Throwing himself beside the wounded man, the scout pulled Smith on his back and rose. As he staggered back towards the wallow 15 Indians rode for him at full speed.

Dixon and his comrades opened up with a fiercer fire to protect Chapman in his dash for safety. When he was only 20 yards from the wallow an Indian rode almost on top of him and fired. The scout fell, but since he did not feel any pain, he believed he had only stepped into a hole.

"Amos, you are badly hurt!" exclaimed Dixon as Chapman dropped beside him.

"No, I am not," declared the scout. "Look at your leg," replied "Hasta," and when Chapman looked he saw that one leg was shot off just above the ankle. He had been walking on the bone and dragging the foot behind him, but in the excitement of the moment he did not know it. His friends amputated the foot, bound up the wounds, held out against the assaults of the Indians until they were rescued by a company of soldiers. Their brave defense won special mention in General Miles' dispatches, and Chapman was given a medal of honor for his heroic act. Ever since that day the Indians have called him "Tain-e-yukh-tah" or "The Man with the Cut-Off Leg."

The Indian's Vigil.

In a book of sketches of upper Canada, a pretty incident is cited of the writer meeting an Indian at midnight, on Christmas Eve, during a beautiful moonlight, cautiously creeping along, and beckoning him to silence. In answer to an inquiry the Indian said: "We watch to see the deer kneel; this is Christmas night, and all the deer fall upon their knees to the Great Spirit and look up."

HIGH MORTALITY IN POULTS

Some of Most Common Causes Are Exposure to Cold and Dampness and Overfeeding.

The high mortality common in young poults usually is due to some of the following causes: Exposure to dampness and cold; improper feeding; close confinement; lice; predatory animals; weakness in the parent stock.

BEST ARRANGEMENT OF HENS

Erroneous to Mate Male With Too Many Females for Fertile Eggs and Strong Chicks.

Avoid the error of mating a male with too many females. One male to six or eight females of the American breeds, or 10 or 12 of the Mediterranean, will give a higher percentage of fertile eggs and more vigorous chickens than if half as many males are used.

IMPROVED ROADS WOULD AID

Many Counties Rich in Agricultural Possibilities Are Burdened With Poor Roads.

Fluctuations in market prices may have several explanations. They frequently take place in regions where the local production does not equal the annual consumption. There are counties rich in agricultural possibilities, burdened with bad roads, where the annual incoming shipments of foodstuffs exceed the outgoing shipments in the ratio of four to one. Many such counties with improved roads could not only become self-supporting, but could ship products to other markets.

In Memory of Southern Women.

The Confederate memorial at Arlington is especially in memory of the women of the South and it symbolizes the deep reverence which the people of the South feel for those who at home during the long struggle bore so heavy a burden of sorrow and suffering and sacrifice. It embodies an inspiring sentiment which appeals to the national feeling regardless of the fact that the shaft is the product of the enterprise of the Confederate veterans.

THE PROPOSED TARIFF LAW

By Wallace Basford.
(Special News Correspondent)

Washington, D. C.—When Oscar Underwood, of Alabama, was in the House of Representatives he built up a great reputation as an expert on the tariff, he became chairman of the Committee on Ways & Means and his name became fastened on the tariff law which his committee compiled and put through the House. Under that measure the country enjoyed the greatest prosperity it ever knew, and it remained for the greed of American manufacturers to find fault with the law. Mr. Underwood is now the Democratic leader in the Senate. He has written for the New York Times, the greatest Democratic newspaper of this time, a long article on the proposed tariff law now before the Senate. Space forbids its use in full, but here are some of the most pertinent paragraphs:

"I have always opposed in principle the theory of protection, and have learned strongly to the idea that customs taxation should be levied primarily in the interest of revenue for the Government, and that all rates of taxation should be so adjusted as to allow a reasonable inflow of goods from abroad in order that the Custom House might have an opportunity to take its toll as they passed through and some degree of competition might be established. I have never contended, that, in the interest of a revenue tariff, it is necessary to bring about destructive competition, but a tariff that fixes the rates of taxation so high as to practically prohibit foreign goods from entering the American market at all has been abhorrent to my ideas of the proper use of the taxing power of the Congress of the United States.

Outstrips All Other Bills.

"There are some few low rates in the pending bill. There are some articles on the free list. But, taking it all in all, it is undoubtedly the most prohibitive tariff bill that has ever been proposed in the American Congress, and the rates of taxation are higher and less defensible than any that have ever been presented to us in the past. It looks as if those charged with the responsibility of writing the bill have accepted unqualifiedly the rates proposed by the special interests desiring protection and have not given consideration to the resultant effect on the general business of the country or the burdens that must be borne by the consumers of America. Should the bill become a law, the American people will find this out in time, but it will be after they have paid the price of the experiment.

"The Democratic Party is often charged with being a free trade party. So far as I know from the beginning the Democratic Party has never abandoned the system of raising taxes at the Custom House. There are free traders in the Democratic Party and I have known of some in the Republican Party. As I understand it, the position of the Democratic Party is that taxes levied at the Custom House should be for revenue purposes only, that the Custom House is a place where revenue may be obtained to run the Government, and that it provides a convenient way of raising a certain amount of revenue; that if a revenue tax be levied at the Custom House in such a way that it does not unduly stifle competition from abroad, and the person who pays it really pays it to the Government, it is a reasonable way to raise revenue. But when a tax is levied so high that very few imports come in—and if imports do not pass through the Custom House they leave no taxes behind them—the result is merely that of raising the price, which goes into the pockets of the home producer.

"The effect of protective tariff laws, as distinguished from tariffs for revenue only, has been to tax the great mass of the American people and to increase the profits of a few. I often hear socialism and communism condemned. I do not believe in either, but it is discrimination on the part of the Government against the masses of the people for the benefit of the few that sows the seed from which grows the tree of discontent, and discontent when brought about by unjust laws reflects on the whole system of Government. I believe that the great powers of the Government are intended to be used only for the benefit of all the people, not for the promotion of special interests, and I care not whether those special interests come out of the fields of agriculture or arise from the smokestacks of a steel mill.

Where the Farmer Comes Out.

"In my opinion, if it were not for the support given this bill by Senators who represent agricultural constituencies it would be impossible to pass it through the Senate. The argument is advanced that since taxes are to be levied on manufactured products, taxes should also be levied on agricultural products, and that if the people are to be penalized by the benefit of the manufacturer they should likewise be penalized for the benefit of the farmer. Where the fallacy of this argument comes is that under the guise of doing something to help the farmer in some particular item, their support is asked for a bill that as a whole means that for every dollar the farmers may derive from the bill they will pay \$100 in taxes for the benefit of somebody else. In other words, for every 1 per cent of protection they are given they pay 99 per cent, of protection for the

MICKIE SAYS

"TH' BIRD THAT GITS TH' BIG LAF IS HAWK UP AN' SQUANDERS TWO BITS ON A LIL AD AN' THEN HOLLERS 'BECAUSE IT DON'T LOOM UP LIKE A FIVE DOLLAR ONE! REMEMBER, TH' MORE MONEY TH' MORE LOOM!"



benefit of other people. I do not think there is any question about that.

"We find some of the proponents of the pending measure maintaining that its enactment will greatly relieve the agricultural situation in this country, because so it raises the tax on their products at the Custom House. Personally I have never believed that such a tax would prove of any benefit to the American farmer. We are told how the bill is going to help the farmer by an increased tax on wheat, by increasing the tax on certain kinds of cotton, neither of which will ever be of any benefit to the farmer or put one dollar in his pocket. This talk may sound like music to the farmer, but does the farmer realize that there are also in this bill paragraphs taxing the necessities of life, necessities that are vital to the farmer, the necessities by which agriculture lives?"

"When the present law was written not only were all kinds of fertilizer which are imported into the United States and are valuable in the development of agriculture, placed on the free list, but binding twice for the man who raises wheat in the West and ties and bagging for the farmer whose basic crop is cotton were likewise placed on the free list, and there is no evidence that either of these industries has suffered from outside competition under existing law. Some of the fertilizers coming into this market and many of the commodities from which fertilizers are made also will be taxed, under the proposed law. I am confident that the farmer will not be long in finding out these things. The items I have cited are simply illustrative. Others which concern the welfare of agriculture can be found all through the bill."

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King's CHOCOLATES
For American Queens

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ICE COOLED

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DRUG CO.

Hey There!

How about your letterheads, billheads, statements, envelopes, cards, etc. Don't wait until they are all gone and then ask us to rush them out in a hurry for you. Good work requires time and our motto is that anything that's worth doing is worth doing well.



Let us have that order N.O.W. while we have the time to do your Printing as it should be done.

PIGGLY WIGGLY
All Over the World

BUILT UP TO A STANDARD NOT DOWN TO A PRICE