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Albuquerque Weekly Citizen, 04-30-1904

T. Hughes

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AS A MATTER OF RECORD.
In commenting on Albuquerque city affairs, the New Mexican pays a nice compliment to the Myers administration and also turns its attention to the "yellow journals" of the territory.

The republican city administration which has just retired in Albuquerque, turned over a nice surplus in the treasury to the new administration. Its record under Mayor C. F. Myers is creditable alike to the republicans and citizens of the town. The same state of affairs exists here. The republican city administration from April, 1901, to April, 1904, have done well in the capital city and have administered affairs honestly and efficiently. The same status obtains in Las Vegas, where the retiring city administration also made a very creditable record.

These facts clearly and strongly disprove the assertions and statements made by a few yellow papers in the territory to the effect that the results of the recent elections in these three cities were brought about because the voters were tired of the corruption and dishonesty that had existed in their government for years past. In this city the only corruption and dishonesty that has existed since the establishment of the city government are those under democratic mayors. This statement is simply made at this time as a matter of record and if possible to shut off the false charges and lying statements that have been floating about the territory in these matters.

PASSAGE OF THE STATEHOOD BILL.
As was expected would be the case, the bill providing for joint statehood for Oklahoma and the Indian Territory under the name of Oklahoma and for Arizona and New Mexico under the name of Arizona passed the house on schedule time, says the St. Louis Globe Democrat.

As was also expected the division on the measure was on party lines, the republicans favoring admission and the democrats opposing it. The bill now goes to the senate, where it will lie until the next session, there being no time to consider it there in the few days remaining before adjournment. Whether it will pass that body in the next session may depend on the result of the election in November.

The proposed state of Oklahoma will have an area of 70,320 square miles, which will be a fair average for its locality. Louisiana has 48,790 square miles, Arkansas 53,000, Missouri 69,415, Kansas 82,000, Nebraska 77,510 and Colorado 103,825. The proposed state of Arizona will have an area of 235,600 square miles, which is larger than any other state except Texas, that state having an area of 267,780 square miles. On the score of population the proposed state of Oklahoma is well equipped for home rule and for participation in national rule, having a total of 250,000 under the census of 1900, which has probably grown to 1,000,000 since then. The proposed commonwealth of Arizona had 215,000 people four years ago.

It is understood that the democrats of the senate will oppose admission in December if the elections in November should chance to go in favor of their party. They want four states instead of two. They believe that they could thus get at least six senators, and possibly eight, whereas under the two-state plan they would get only four, and possibly might get only two. The reasons, however, which have impelled the republicans to stand out for union between each of the two pairs of adjoining territories are sound, and will appeal to the average intelligent citizen, aside from all partisan bearings which the matter may have. The chances are that the republicans may win in November. Two new states thus stand a chance to be enrolled in the flag in 1905 or 1906.

JUST LIKE OTHER EMPLOYERS.
Perhaps the most stupidly mortified man in the world is Viceroy Alexieff, says the Denver Post editorially. He selected and worked for a war with profound skill and diplomacy. But he overlooked a fact. He got the war quicker than he had any idea. Paralyzed with enormous power by the war, he neglected ordinary precautions. He had left two warships exposed to capture. His great fleet was divided when war came. One day a proud and feared commander-in-chief one day an assistant emperor. The next day explaining disaster. And explaining ever since.

The czar of Russia is like any other employer. He wants results, not excuses. The employee who is always telling why something can't be done is sure to be discharged or reduced to the ranks. Some employers are long-suffering. They hate to hurt the feelings of their trusted men. They realize how mortifying it is to be superseded. They try to ease the blow. No did the czar.

He "adjointed" Admiral Makaroff and Gen. Kuropatkin to Viceroy Alexieff. They were to help him, but report direct to the czar and have supreme control in their assignments. Now one of his personal enemies is "adjointed" in Makaroff's place. Alexieff quail.

So it happens every day in every business. And doubters Alexieff believe that Nicholas is an ass. One man in a thousand admits his failure to be his own fault. There is only one thing to do and that is to succeed. And, to succeed, you must apply every power you possess. Getting over your own pride. Battling, fighting and wars have been lost since the dawn of history because the commander got over. But how hard to avoid it! And that is the lesson to all employers, from the czar down: If a

man is good enough to do the work he is good enough not to make more. P. Polingantama sola rin aydulu

DELEGATE RODEY

The joint statehood bill has passed the house of representatives. When Delegate Rodoy got up to speak for it, he received an applauding reception, the like of which has not been accorded so unanimously from both sides of the house of representatives to any member in recent years, and which showed the estimation in which he is held by the members of both political parties. Charles Springer of New Mexico, was in the gallery at the time, and afterwards came to the delegates and tendered his congratulations on the speech he made, and on the grand reception he received.

The delegate was complimented everywhere as he rode on the speech he made for the territory, and for the first time in the floor of the house in modern times an undertone of respect and did not receive a whole lot of misrepresentation with reference to the territories of New Mexico and Arizona, and the facts he gave have gone out to the nation through the Associated Press. It is said that he received greater attention and more courteous applause than did Burke Cochran when he made his great speech about two weeks ago.

Some of the greatest speeches of modern times on the statehood question can be found in the Congressional record of the 19th and 20th instant. A noticeable thing is the grain showing that Oklahoma and Indian Territory made McGuffey's closing words, that the nation gave no more to that great state by giving it statehood than it gave to the union by coming in, are unique and true.

Delegate Rodoy has information that the friends of New Mexico and Arizona do not really want the bill to pass at this session of congress in the senate, but a bargain will be made before the adjournment fixing a time for its passage in the next session, and giving it right of way; and in addition certain amendments of tremendous importance to New Mexico and Arizona will be engrafted on it before it becomes a law. It will be passed as a republican measure in the next session.

The dispatches will have news about it before this reaches the eyes of our readers.

UNIFORM DIVORCE LAWS

Secretary Drake of the National League for the protection of the Family has supplied a new summary of the reasons for uniformity of divorce laws throughout all the states, and uniformity is to be gained, he contends by concerted action of the several states, not by national legislation.

Congress cannot pass a divorce law until the federal constitution has been amended, and amendment to the federal constitution is next to impossible.

Nearly fifteen years ago a committee of the American Bar association declared that a constitutional amendment was out of the question. The late Professor Thayer of the Harvard law school, used to say that this country would never get another constitutional amendment on any question, so great are the difficulties in the way. Certainly some great evils must arise which will arouse the feeling of the people, more than any mere moral question ever can, before another amendment can be secured.

Throughout the south, there is unalterable opposition to any further transfer of power from the states to the national government. It may also be added that there is less need in the south of laws to restrict divorce than in any other part of the country. Besides, there appears no good reason why the national government should do for the states what the states can do for themselves.

The states have no difficulty in getting together on uniform laws relating to money affairs, in it would seem there is no insuperable obstacle to their getting together on a vital where it arose.

Since the several states can agree to protect the banks, the way is open to an agreement to protect the states. The courts of Delaware, according to Mr. Drake, are forbidden to entertain a suit for divorce for any cause arising prior to the residence of the petitioner in that state unless it was also a ground for divorce in the state where it arose.

The adoption of a similar law in all the states would effectively end the migration for divorce. It would put an end to the rivalry for divorce fees between the states which includes so much of the littleness of the laws.

But after all, public opinion is the great power that not only can render divorce laws, but influence laws to prevent it. Mr. Drake calls upon the churches to get together. That would be a good example to the states.

Parties at Santa Fe have drawn a bill to be passed by congress authorizing mayors of cities in New Mexico to appoint police judges for their cities with exclusive jurisdiction all over the city without reference to precincts. The delegate introduced the bill, but it is too late for to even be reported this session.

Drying preparations simply develop catarrh; they dry up the secretions, which adhere to the membrane and decompose, causing a foul, mucus trouble that the ordinary form of catarrh. Avoid all drying inhalants, douches, snuffs and sprays and that which causes, soothes and heals. Ely's Cream Balm is such a remedy and will cure catarrh of cold in the head easily and pleasantly. A trial size will be mailed for 10 cents. All druggists sell the 50c size. Ely Brothers, 50 Warren St., N. Y. The Balm cures without pain, does not irritate or cause sneezing. It spreads itself over an irritated and inflamed surface, relieving immediately the painful inflammation. With Ely's Cream Balm you are armed against Nasal Catarrh and Hay Fever.

EDITORIAL NOTES

The first cultivator rose is said to have been planted in Belgium in the year 1522.

There were 6,000 daisies in Germany last year, with a mortality of 22, as shown by official reports.

Chicago newspaper reporters are entering upon a dull season. The car barns have been hanged.

The capital of the Philippine Islands is to be moved from Manila to Baguio, 155 miles north, in the mountains, 5,000 feet above sea level, so that Americans can live there.

General Sickles says no afternoon is worth more than \$1,000 a year. Corporal one sometime pay many times that for an afternoon, and then the fellow doesn't deliver the goods.

The cattlemen of Colfax county have formed a Cattlemen's Association for the promotion and protection of their interests with A. J. Abbott as president.

Mr. Carnegie's new fund of \$5,000,000, according to a table in the Springfield Republican, brings the total amount of his benefactions up to a trifle over one hundred millions of dollars.

The territorial firemen will hold an annual tournament at Las Vegas in August, and the Citizens would be pleased to see a large crowd of fire fighters present. Albuquerque will no doubt be represented.

One of the newest weekly papers on the Citizen exchange list is the "Seedling Eye." It is well patronized by the merchants of Seedling, and L. V. Root, the editor and proprietor, gives them a good paper.

Some of the seasons in New York which are required to serve meals with liquor on Sunday have invented a "circulating sandwich" which is passed round the room but not eaten. The court are now taking a hand and interfering with the game of progressive whist.

A French Wayne, Ind., man has been recently killed by an electric shock from a telephone receiver he incautiously applied to his ear. And yet you will continue to use the things just the same.

The world contains many heroes, men and women, whom Mr. Carnegie's money probably never will reach. Their acts of heroism are not chronicled in the newspapers and are never known outside the circle of their immediate friends. They are merely soldiers in the ranks but they are heroes none the less.

So far the war has not brought any nearer the answer to the long vexed question of what would happen when battleship met battleship. The builders of these vessels have been disappointed in every conflict that has taken place since the nations began their construction. And since Russia recently has none left intact in Asiatic waters there is not likely now to be any light shed on the problem.

Come to think of it, Christopher Columbus showed great wisdom in presumably discovering America before there were any millionaires to take out an injunction against him. Suppose he should come today looking for a piece of land. He would probably find Pier Morgan at the dock saying, "I much dislike to be harsh with you, Chris, but this belongs to a syndicate I have just formed and if you want to be a rope to the western hemisphere you will have to pay the schedule price."

Delegate Rodoy calls the attention of the editors of New Mexico to the Congressional Record of the 19th and 20th instant, and asks them to kindly read all of the speeches on the statehood question as they appear in both of said issues. If our editors will do this they will be in a better position to discuss the statehood question in the future. They will understand about Oklahoma and Indian Territory, as well as about New Mexico and Arizona. Our delegate makes a special appeal to the editors of the territory to look into these arguments.

The last democratic success in a state contest in New York was in 1897, when Judge Parker was elected chief justice by a majority of 60,839, following the presidential election of 1896, when Major McKinley scored the phenomenal lead of 265,463. In the three gubernatorial elections since 1897—that is, in 1898, in 1900 and 1902, the republican majority fell off largely from the presidential vote of 1896. At the last election in 1902 political parties resumed their normal conditions, and Governor Odell had a plurality of only 8,803, winning by a squeak.

On Wednesday morning workmen will commence tearing down the Alohe church of the Lead Avenue Methodist congregation. It was built in the fall of 1881, Rev. Gale being the first pastor. It is truly one of the landmarks of the city, and the pulpit has been occupied by some of the best Methodist divines sent by conferences and missions to the southwest. In its stead there will be erected a very handsome church edifice. A concert will be held in the old church building tonight, and tomorrow night, when other ministers of the city will participate, the last services in the old edifice will be held.

NEW POSTMASTER

FRANK A. HILL APPOINTED POSTMASTER OF RATON, VICE T. W. COLLIER DECEASED.

A telegram was received in Raton from Frank A. Hill, dated at Washington Monday, the 18th inst., containing the announcement of his appointment that day by President Roosevelt as postmaster at Raton, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Capt. T. W. Collier. The appointment will give general satisfaction to the people of the city, says the Raton Range. Mr. Hill has been a resident of Raton for the past ten years, is a loyal Republican and will make a good postmaster. In

1898 he joined the New Mexico Rough Riders and went through the war in Cuba including the fight on San Juan Hill. On his return home from Cuba he was appointed deputy sheriff and served in that capacity until a few months ago when his health failed him and he was forced to undergo a critical surgical operation. His health is now restored and he will be able to give his undivided attention to the duties of the official position to which he has been appointed.

Hugo Schaffer, former master mechanic of the Santa Fe at Needles, is now in the employ of the road at Los Angeles, was in the former city this week, returning to Los Angeles the next evening accompanied by his family. Their many friends in Needles wish them well in their new home.

State of C. to, City of Toledo, Lucas county ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1898.
(Seal) A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists. The
Takes Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

COLLEGE ATHLETICS AT PHILADELPHIA

Philadelphia, Pa., April 22.—The

of the athletic world are turned toward Philadelphia today. Upon Franklin field this afternoon the pick and flower of college athletes will strive with every effort to win glory and fame and the plaudits of the multitude. The occasion is the sixth annual relay carnival of the University of Pennsylvania.

In past years this athletic meet has been seen only to the intercollegiate championship games, and this year it far surpasses this annual event in the number and representative character of the entire. Never before, in fact, in the history of college athletics in America has an event of greater importance been held, one in which a keener pitch of enthusiasm has been aroused.

Practically every college champion of the east and west is entered in one or other of the events on the program. Thus, for the first time, a real line on the respective merits of the eastern and western athletes may be obtained. The winner in these events will practically show himself the American college champion, and he will have every claim to such a title.

While the principal features of the program consist of relay races for grammar, high school and college teams, the individual contests have not been neglected. For the college relay runners there are one, two and four mile races, in which teams of four men each are to compete. The races are for the intercollegiate championships at these distances. The principal features for the individual contests are the 100-yard dash, 120-yard hurdle race, the pole vault and hammer throw.

So many records have been broken in all of the big relay races this winter that today's meeting undoubtedly will see the smashing of many long-standing marks. The record which is in the most danger is the two-mile mark of 8 minutes 4.6 seconds, held by Penn's 1902 quartet. Yale's team has run the distance in 7:59 in doors, and should be able to beat this on the outdoor track. Chief interest in the Yale quartet centers in the running of Parsons, the Yale Freshman, who broke the world's indoor record twice in succession this winter.

In the four-mile event the race is sure to be a thrilling one between the Michigan and Cornell quartets. In the special events the interest is just as keen as in the relays. The shutout brings together a wonderful Freshman Rose of Michigan, who has put the shot 48 feet 8 inches; Lemoyne, of Harvard, who has a record of 49 feet 1 1/2 inches; DeWitt, of Princeton, and Glass, of Yale, both of whom have done better than 48 feet. In the 100-yard event much is expected of Torrey, of Yale, who as a Freshman has run the 50-yard dash in 5.4 seconds, equalling the world's record. Meadehan, the Yale champion pole vaulter, is also looked upon as a possible record-breaker.

It is natural that the greatest interest should center in the 100-yard dash, in which will be seen the greatest bunch of sprinters that ever met in one race. Besides Torrey, of Yale, the entries include the world's champion, Duffy, of Georgetown; Shick, of Harvard; Hahn, of Michigan; Blair of Chicago; Rice, of Chicago; Dear, of Pennsylvania, and three or four other flyers.

In this and other events on the program will be seen the greatest athletes of Princeton, Harvard, Yale, Pennsylvania, University of Chicago, University of Michigan, Purdue, Syracuse University, Amherst, University of Illinois, Cornell, University of Wisconsin, Georgetown and a number of other big colleges.

Situation at Fort Scott.

Fort Scott, Kan., April 25.—The flood situation here today is better than it was last night, although there is still danger. The street bridge to Beltsville, which was threatened last night will probably be saved. The railroad bridges were saved by placing loaded cars on them. All night pickets were in dangerous places.

Dangerous for April.
Lexington, Mo., April 25.—Heavy rains have caused the river here to rise rapidly and it now stands sixteen feet above low water mark. This is considered dangerous for April. It continues to rain here and the river is still rising. Much anxiety is felt.

SSS FOR THE BLOOD

The best known and most popular blood purifier and tonic on the market today is S. S. S. It is a blood purifier and a tonic in America who has not heard of "S. S. S. for the blood." It is a standard remedy for all blood troubles and unequalled as a general tonic and appetizer. S. S. S. is guaranteed purely vegetable and gives strength and vigor to the entire system.

For Chronic Sores and Ulcers, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Blood Poison, Malaria, Anemia, Scrofula, Eczema, Psoriasis, Skin Rheum, Tetter, Acne and such other diseases as are due to a polluted or impoverished condition of the blood, nothing acts so promptly and effectively as S. S. S. It counteracts and eradicates the germs and poisons, cleanses the system of all unhealthy accumulations and soon restores the patient to health. Write us and our physicians will give you case prompt attention without charge.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

FROM CONGRESSMAN LIVINGSTON, OF VERMONT.
I know of the successful use of S. S. S. in many cases. It is the best blood purifier on the market.

FROM EX-GOV. ALLEN D. GARDNER.
S. S. S. is unquestionably a good blood purifier, and the best tonic I ever used.

GALLUP GLEANINGS
COAL PROSPECTING — SOCIETY POINTERS — GRAVEYARD MISCREANTS.

E. L. Watkins, of Luna, Arizona, was the guest of his family last week.

Mrs. Stevenson, who is sojourning at Zuni for a while studying the habits of the Zuni Indians, is a visitor in the city this week.

Wm. Norton, who is well known in this city, was adjudged insane some time ago and is now in the asylum at Phoenix, Arizona.

Father Julliard has gone to California to spend a few weeks in the hope that the change of climate will benefit the throat trouble from which he has been suffering and afford him relief.

J. H. Brown, who has been prospecting for coal near Zuni, was in town last of the week the guest of his family. He reports that he has struck a rich vein of coal four and one-half feet deep, twelve miles north of Zuni, and that they are getting out fine coal.

Last Thursday Mrs. Gregory Page entertained the ladies of the Guild at her home. The following ladies were in attendance: Mrs. E. M. Sanjour, Mrs. Frank Brown, Mrs. T. C. DeShon, Mrs. W. A. Smith, Mrs. Gordon, Mrs. E. Morris, Mrs. Coleman and Miss Jennie Bayle.

Mrs. Dominica Treaselle of Clarkville, died at her home in that village, Sunday, of kidney trouble. The deceased was 24 years of age. The funeral was held Monday at the Catholic church and the remains were laid to rest in the Hillside cemetery.

The Knights of Pythias at their regular meeting on Thursday evening of last week conferred the rank of knight on George Starling of Guam. The rank of knight was conferred on T. S. Thornburg. D. W. Roberts of Guam was admitted to membership by card.

Some descendants visited the Hillside cemetery and purposely defaced monuments where there were portraits of the deceased. They broke the glass covering them. To wantonly destroy and mar the remembrances of the dead is not only a disrespect to the dead, but an insult to the friends and relatives. Effort is being made to ascertain who the offenders are, and when discovered, they will be dealt with to the limit of the law. A heavy punishment should be meted out to them, and teach them to confine their depredation to other places than "the city of the dead."

PLENTY OF WATER
THE KAW RIVER AND TRIBUTARIES CAUSING MUCH ANXIETY.

Kansas City, April 25.—A steady rain is still falling in western Missouri and Eastern Kansas as far west as Manhattan, and many small streams, which overflowed their banks yesterday, are still rising and spreading over valuable farm lands. In this part of the southwest rain has been falling for from thirty-six to forty-eight hours, with prospects of continuing another twenty-four hours. The Kaw river, which did so much damage last year is slowly rising but no fear of the outcome is yet felt. At Topeka it has risen five feet and some minor damage has been done. Trains from the west are late, tracks at several points being under water or unsafe.

Kaw River Rising.
Lawrence, Kas., April 25.—Rain still continued to fall here and the Kaw river is six feet higher than Saturday, and rising at the rate of two inches an hour. The Wakarusa is higher than for years and the bottoms along that stream are inundated.

Topeka, Kas., April 25.—The Kaw river is nine feet above low water mark at noon and rising every hour. There seems to be little danger of another flood like that of last spring.

Situation at Fort Scott.
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LETTER LIST

Remaining in the postoffice at Albuquerque, N. M., April 23, 1904.
Persons calling for or sending for these letters please state where they had been receiving mail, also mention date of advertising.

Free delivery of letters at the residence of addressees may be secured by observing the following rules:
Direct letters plainly to street number.

Give writer's name, and request answer to be directed accordingly.
Advertised matter is previously held one week awaiting delivery.

Advertised matter is held two weeks before it goes to the dead letter office at Washington, D. C.

Ladies' List

Mrs. J. H. Watkins, of Luna, Arizona, was the guest of his family last week.
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Monday, May 16.

9 a. m.—Morning parade; 10 a. m.—physical drill—Hutts' Manual, followed by competitive drill; 2:15 p. m.—field day exercises; 5:30 p. m.—battalion parade; 9 p. m.—reception by the Howell club.

Tuesday, May 17.

9 a. m.—Morning parade; 9:20 a. m.—tennis tournament. Completion of field day exercises; 2:15 p. m.—base ball game; 5 p. m.—battalion drill and athletic exercises; 9 p. m.—battalion parade and "Graduating Parade"; 9 p. m.—society celebration and debates.

Wednesday, May 18.

9:20 a. m.—Battalion review before the board of regents; 10 a. m.—graduating exercises. Prayer, announcement of distinctions, valedictory address, by Cadet T. H. Wren of La Crosse, Arkansas. Delivery of diploma. Address to graduating class, by Professor Edward S. Parsons, vice president of the Colorado College. Delivery of medals and commissions. Publication of orders. "Auld Lang Syne." 9 p. m.—Final ball "Special Invitations."

A general invitation will be extended to the public to attend these exercises in many ways the past season on the New Mexico Military Institute has been the best in the history of the school and a great effort will be made to close the school year with the best commencement ever given in the southwest. The institute is especially fortunate in securing the services of Professor Edward S. Parsons to deliver the address before the graduating class. He is the vice president of Colorado college, Colorado Springs, Colorado, one of the leading universities of the west. He is a noted educator and lecturer, and graduate, from Amherst, in the same class with Roosevelt's well known classmate, R. A. Cahoone. The cadets are hard at work preparing for their final examinations which will take place the week before the commencement. This year's graduating class is composed of eight young men, the largest class ever prepared for graduation by the New Mexico Military Institute. They are: L. M. Brownell, Ely Minnesota; J. W. Chubb, and C. Cranston, Santa Fe; T. H. Wren, La Crosse, Arkansas; A. A. Rife, Bonito; D. E. Ruff, R. N. Smith and H. H. Howell, Roswell.

The base ball and track teams are hard at work and they will delight their friends by performing their assigned tasks with great skill and proficiency.

Four gold medals will be awarded as follows: Collegiate scholarship, preparatory scholarship, debater, and drill.

The scholarship medals are to be awarded to the cadets who make the highest average, for the entire session in their respective departments.

The debater's medal will be contested for in a public debate on May 17, and the drill medal will be awarded to the winner of the competitive drill.

The citizens of the territory are given a cordial invitation to attend all of the exercises during the final week.

H. A. Jastro, the wealthy cattle raiser from Bakersfield, Cal., came in from the west last night, accompanied by the city his daughter, Mrs. W. H. Greer. Mr. Jastro is one of the principal members of the Albuquerque Traction company. He is also the principal of the Victorio Land and Cattle company, and after a few days' stay here he will go south to his ranges in Socorro, Grant and Luna counties.

Within the last two years he had been granted a patent on what was designed to save lost motion on machinery 40 per cent, and which proved impractical for the reason that it made too much noise, but which he was trying to overcome at the time of his death. These disappointments, taken in connection with his ill health, are said to have caused him to commit the act which yesterday ended his life—Ed Paso Herald.

All civil service examinations scheduled for April 27, will be held on that date, except stenography and typewriting, which examinations have been indefinitely postponed.

Don't Worry.

What's the use of fretting? If you're troubled, try forgetting. Take things easy—Praise or blame—The world will wag on. Just the same. What's the difference, anyhow?

A hundred years from now (don't anticipate) Your sorrow. When it comes. No need to borrow. Get your sleep out. 'Troubled one. You cannot rush. The slow old sun. So let the seasons Come and go. Bringing with them Weal or woe. Use the moments As they fly. Nor try to help them Haften by. In life's long race You needn't hurry. And if you win it. Don't—don't worry.

THE CLEANSING AND HEALING CURE FOR CATARRH
Ely's Cream Balm
Ely's Cream Balm is a standard remedy for all blood troubles and unequalled as a general tonic and appetizer. S. S. S. is guaranteed purely vegetable and gives strength and vigor to the entire system.

Keeley Cure
For Drunkenness, Opium, Morphine and other Drug Using, the Tobacco Habit and Neurasthenia.
THE KEELEY INSTITUTE, Dr. G. H. L.

REV. HARWOOD'S INTERESTING TALK

THE PASSING AWAY OF THE OLD ADOBE FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

The farewell meeting of the old corner of Lead street and Second street, the corner of Lead street and Third street, this city, which took place as previously announced in The Citizen, night before last, was largely attended.

The services were under the direction of the pastor, Rev. T. G. Cocks, Rev. Mr. Marsh made the opening prayer, Rev. Mr. Mandy read the Scripture lesson, and Rev. Mr. Clayton made the closing prayer and closed the services with the benediction.

Rev. Mr. Harwood preached the sermon which was listened to with marked attention, taking as his subject "Old Things are Passed Away." He began by saying that when the great apostle wrote these words, as found in 2nd Cor. 5th chapter and at the 17th verse, he had no reference to this occasion. He didn't know a word about the American continent, much less New Mexico and Albuquerque and the passing down of this Methodist church building, but the text is suggestive to the occasion, as the old adobe church is soon to pass away.

The speaker said, "When he received word that he was expected to take part in the service of this occasion, he was at Tucson, Arizona, about to commence the Spanish services." When he informed the congregation that he could not spend the Sabbath with them, that he had to return to Albuquerque to preach a funeral sermon, someone at once asked "who is dead?" he answered "I cannot give the name very well. The same voice in Spanish, 'When did he die?' I answered 'he is not dead yet.' And when I explained that the American Methodist Episcopal church at Albuquerque were about to build a ten or twelve thousand dollar church and were to give, for the Spanish work, the old adobe out of which we expect to build two churches and that I was asked to preach the funeral sermon of the old church, a hearty laugh followed."

Mr. Harwood then gave a brief review of the Methodist work in Albuquerque, reaching from 1879 to the present time, covering a period of about twenty-five years. The church building, however, bears date of 1881. The first church work was done in the old town in 1879, under the pastorate of Rev. N. C. Gale. The Sunday school numbered that year about twenty and the church membership, one. The speaker then named the different bishops of his church who have visited the field and held services in the old building, ten in all, two of whom have passed away. Then the different superintendents of the New Mexico mission from time to time have visited the field and held their quarterly conferences in this church, six in all, one of whom has passed away.

He then gave a list of the preachers who have served as pastors of the church, fourteen in all. He made special reference and spoke very tenderly of three of those, Revs. Mr. Gale, Mr. Kiefer and Prot. Hoyt, who was also the first president of the Albuquerque college. These have died, Mr. Gale in Colorado, Mr. Kiefer in Las Vegas and Mr. Hoyt in Albuquerque.

He then gave a list of the trustees of the church from 1880 to the present time, and as our readers would probably like to know who were among the pillars of the Methodist Episcopal church in early days as well as at the present time we will give the list, Gale, Johnson, Adams, Coddington, Ames, Thos. Hughes, McCann, Guseonier, Mass. Hill, Pratt, J. J. Varsani, Messrs. Stranberg, Chevalier, McLean, Ives, Dunlap, Anderson, Baker, Hutchinson, Ferguson, Roy, Reid, Munson, Crosby, Harding, Strong, Pancher, Watts, Galsworthy, Dent, Ball and Briggs, these men were not all religious but they did well their work.

The speaker has also prepared a list of the church members from 1879 to 1882, but only read a few of the names. The list, however, showed that in 1879 there were five members, in 1880 there were fifteen, in 1881, 14; in 1882, 25, and at the present time 211. It also showed that since the beginning 480 members have been dismissed by letter and that only seventeen had died, as shown by the record. Mr. Harwood then paused to call attention to the astonishing fact that out of a membership of 891, passing through twenty-five years, that only seventeen had died, that is to say, that only seventeen had died in Albuquerque, of course many of those who went away have likely died, but Albuquerque was not responsible for that.

The speaker then represented the old church as speaking tenderly to that it had "to be torn down and passed to the ground after serving the people so long. For almost twenty-five years the people had found a pleasant church home, a quiet retreat from the cares of life, cool in summer and warm in winter within the enclosure of these dirt walls. These adobe walls ought to remind you that, 'From the dust these are and unto dust shall these return.' I know I am not handsome," says the old church. "My worst side is out, and that is more than some of you can say. The master never would have chosen me by which to represent the hypocrite as he did the 'Whited sepulchre,' while an beautiful without and inwardly full of dead man's bones. You all admit that I am beautiful within and only homely without, and thus I stand for honesty." "I am glad to say, continued the old church, 'that my pulpit has generally been filled of good and noble men for these long years and

not one has ever brought reproach upon the cause for which I stand. And the same is said of those may also be said of the pastors of the other churches whose fraternal spirit has done much to make us strong. Also my altar have often been filled with prayerful souls and many have consecrated their souls to the master's work at this place. The singers too have, in the main, done their work nobly. They have studied and kept up with the modern advances of church music. We have, however, not a little amused when we have heard them sing with a will, and heard the congregation, 'O, how I love Jesus,' when 'Show pity Lord, O Lord forgive,' would have been more appropriate. Also in the past 'Blessed Be Thee O God,' when it was hard to find the tie. At the speaker said, "Well, old church, you have served us well. We feel sad in parting, but we intend, with the help of the Lord, to make something better out of you, after all, than you have ever been. We believe in the Resurrection, and we preach a kind of resurrection for you, for right where you stand, we hope to see a modern up-to-date building, and to see two other churches built out of your remains and so the good work will go on." "Old Things are Passed Away."

LOOK AT THE LAKE.

Diners in Chicago Restaurants Overlooking Lake Michigan Ask for Seats at the Windows.

A New Yorker who is a frequent visitor here says that to ask for a seat overlooking the water has become an unconscious habit with the Chicago restaurant diner, says the Tribune.

"Let him go into a hotel or restaurant on Michigan avenue or one of the high eating places from which a view of the lake may be had, and the first thing he does is to ask for a table from which he can see the lake. If they are all full he expresses disappointment at having to take one a few feet away, and if there are any women at the party they are positively uneasy and feel themselves defrauded if they don't get that location. Nine times out of ten he will telephone to have a place by a window on that side saved for him."

"The funny part of it is," continued the observer, "that after it is secured no one in the party ever glances at the water, but all go on with their talking and eating apparently as oblivious of the lake's existence, much more so than if they sat on the other side of the room. This, and the fact that the same people go back and forth on Michigan avenue and ride in the Illinois Central trains without speaking of Lake Michigan or giving it a glance, make it appear that this request which the Chicago man invariably makes is a habit rather than something that adds to his enjoyment of his dinner."

DEATH TO THE DOGFISH.

Government Aid to Be Sought for Its extermination on the Atlantic Coast.

One of the great problems which is interesting the people of the Atlantic coast, and especially that part of the coast lying between Cape May, N. J., and Cape Hatteras, N. C., is the extermination of the dogfish. The dogfish, says the Boston Transcript, is a species of the shark and has a habit of following its prey in packs. The fish uses its spine in a remarkable manner, bending itself into the form of a bow, and unbending with a powerful spring. It is caught in nets which have been set for other fish, and sometimes measures three or four feet in length. These fish have multiplied very much of late, and as nothing has been done to exterminate them the people of the Atlantic coast have thought it their duty to bring the matter before the government in the form of a petition which will be placed before congress. Dogfish, the sea wolves of the ocean, infest the Atlantic coast with great range of latitude in schools, and each dogfish, which weighs five pounds will, it is estimated, eat and destroy a large quantity of edible food fish yearly. Not only do the dogfish eat the valuable foodfish, but they eat the food of the same food fish, thus doing double injury to the nation's fisheries.

PHARAOH'S CORN A FAKE.

European Scientists and Journalists Find That They Have Been Deceived.

Some time ago there was a wonderful story in the European journals about certain grains of ancient Egyptian corn which had been planted in Germany and had come to life.

The grains, they said, had been found in an Egyptian sarcophagus and had been planted by a Dresden forist. Some days later the corn appeared above ground, much to the surprise of scientists, who did not suppose that there was any life in grains which were from 4,500 to 5,000 years old. The corn, however, was certainly growing, and even the most incredulous among them soon became convinced that grains have a lease of life to which there is practically no limit.

Alas! A boy employed by the Dresden forist has now confessed that he planted some other grains in the same place where his master had planted the Egyptian ones, and only a few hours after the forist completed his work. This was said to the scientists and for the numerous journalists who had written enthusiastically about the miraculous qualities of the ancient grains of corn.

DEATH'S DOINGS.

A Variable Weight.

Teacher—How many ounces is a pound?

Tommy—It depends on the grocer.

E. C. Moore, age 22 years, died at the St. Joseph's sanitarium yesterday of peritonitis, which was the result of a cold in conjunction with an advanced stage of consumption. The deceased came here from Palestine about a year ago and for several months was a clerk at the Alvarado curio. Last fall he went to Ash Park, Ariz. where he conducted a news and

company at Williams and at Grand Canyon. At the Alvarado Mr. Moore was a decided favorite, and especially so was he liked by the little colony of Indians employed in the industrial rooms, all of whom referred to him as "Moheva," which translated in English means friend. The announcement of his death was received by the members of the little company with profound grief, the feminine members shedding tears in their andresses. But more touching than the tears shed by the squaws was what Tom Gansko said: "Two much talk I guess; Moheva him some day, maybe." As he uttered these words the old Indian rolled his eyes heavenward. The remains will be shipped east, where an orphaned sister awaits to receive it.

And later was agent for the Harvey curio stand for the Harvey company. The northernmost old son of Mrs. Frank Brown died at the home in Old Albuquerque yesterday as the result of brain fever. The father passed away but a few months ago.

Geo. H. Hoffman, age 52 years, died yesterday of consumption. The remains were moved to the undertaking establishment of A. Borders, and will be shipped to Baltimore, Maryland, accompanied by a brother, John Hoffman, who was present at the death bed.

THEY GOT RIGHT OFF.

And Took with Them Some of the Smart Conductors' Hard-Earned Cash.

Four men were playing cards in the smoking compartment when the conductor entered with the request: "Pardon, gentlemen."

Three of them quietly handed up tickets, but the fourth did not, and seemed to become suddenly embarrassed. He called the Chicago Inter Ocean.

"Fare!" said the conductor again, this time rather sternly. The passenger answered responded with a series of spasmodic winks, and tapped the backs of his cards significantly when his three companions were out looking.

"Come, sir, I'm in a hurry," said the conductor. "I am sorry, sir, but I haven't any tickets."

"Pay your fare, then; it costs only ten cents more."

"Boys, will you allow him to take a ride off?" inquired the delinquent of his fellow players.

"Not much," was the unanimous answer.

"My money's all on the board," said the passenger, appealing to the conductor.

"You'll have to get off at the next station, then."

The man laid his cards face down and said in a low tone to the next player: "What you do?"

"I raise you 20," was the reply. The man passed his hand up to the conductor. The latter gave it one glance. Then he relieved a fat pocket-book of two \$20 bills and handed them to the dealer.

"We see your 20 and go you 20 better," he said.

The original raiser of \$20 shifted uneasily in his seat. Matters were becoming complicated. Finally he said: "I'll raise you ten."

"Call raise," said the conductor, and handed over the money.

The delinquent passenger called, and started to take in the money on four ones, when the other showed a straight flush and proceeded to fill his pockets with the money, which included the conductor's.

The latter was dazed. The delinquent passenger was meek and astonished.

"Now, you'll have to get off," snapped the conductor.

The train was just pulling into a station, and the whole party alighted. After the train had started again a passenger remarked to the conductor:

"Pretty slick crowd, eh? I saw 'em work the same game over in Ohio a few weeks ago."

But the conductor was so mad that he did not reply, and went into the next car and slammed the door behind him.

ON RUSSIAN RAILWAYS.

There Are More Accidents Than on Any Other Continental System.

Although railway traveling in Russia is slower than in any other country of Europe, there are more accidents on the Russian than on any other continental system, says an Odesa correspondent of the London Times.

The speed of a passenger train is 35 miles an hour, and that of the so-called "fast express" 42 miles. Approximately speaking, there are now about 25,000 miles of railway in European Russia. According to an official return lately published, the number of accidents last year amounted to 5,500. Of these 1,213 were collisions, and 1,821 derailments. One thousand five hundred and twenty-nine persons were killed, and 7,906 injured. The damage done to railway stock was estimated at 1,400,000 rubles, a pretty sum as compared with the terrible loss of life and the number of people injured.

The greater part of the permanent way in this country is laid without either chairs or fish-plates, the old and insecure method of rivet staples being still in vogue, a fact which largely accounts for the enormous number of accidents.

An instructive instance of the use of electrical effects for treating diseases is described in a recent issue of the Lancet, London. The practitioner made use of high-frequency alternating currents to cause electrical coagulation, by means of which drugs were introduced into the tissues of the diseased part. In 22 per cent of the cases of cancer treated, the treatment was successful. He has come to the conclusion that a radio-active salt of strontium induced into the tissues by cataphoresis by high-frequency currents would prove a panacea for all forms of cancer.

J. B. Slavich, manager of the Becker-Blackwell Co., Magdalena, is in the city today.

RAILROAD NOTES

T. Y. Maynard, the water inspector of the Santa Fe Pacific, returned last night from Gallup.

Superintendent J. F. McNally of the Rio Grande division is in the city on official business.

Engineer W. L. White on his engine Wednesday near Lamy gave his arm a severe wrench and is lying off in consequence.

One of the imported strike breakers was accidentally struck in the head yesterday and was removed from the stockade to the hospital.

J. W. Davis, transmitter of the New Mexico division of the Santa Fe railway at Las Vegas, was at Santa Fe yesterday and attended to railroad business while there.

James K. Wilson, relief operator of the Santa Fe has temporary relief Operator W. M. Goodson at Santa Fe, who has been called east on account of the serious illness of his mother.

August Reinhardt, head carpenter of the Santa Fe Central railway company, arrived in Santa Fe from El Paso to take charge of the construction of the new stock yards now being erected there.

J. W. Orchard, who was formerly a charge of the stock for the Santa Fe Central railway company spent Wednesday in Santa Fe on business and left the next night for his old home at Lake Valley, Sierra county.

Manager Chestnut, of the Alvarado, has received information that J. A. Gillis has resigned as manager of the Castaneda, the Harvey railway hotel at Las Vegas. It is understood that Mr. Gillis has accepted an important position in Chicago, and, with Mrs. Gillis, he will leave Las Vegas in a few days.

Foreman Virgin Brown who was seriously injured in an explosion at the Watsons stone quarries a couple of weeks ago, is very ill. Mr. Brown had done so well since being taken to the company hospital at Las Vegas that strong hopes of his recovery were entertained. Complications have set in and while the best is hoped for there is serious danger.

Santa Fe inaugurates Statistical Bureau—Following the announcement of the creation of the tile and timber department of the Santa Fe road, with E. O. Paulkner as head, comes the news that the Santa Fe is about to create a department of statistics, to be in charge of all the statistical work of the road. The headquarters of this office will be in Chicago, and in charge of James Peabody. This means that about thirty statistical clerks employed at the Santa Fe offices at Topeka in the various departments will be concentrated at the chief statistician's office in Chicago.

New Men at Las Vegas—A force of eight men came down from the north for employment in the machine shops at Las Vegas, says the Optic. They are machinists and helpers. This makes fifteen men who have been imported within the last ten days who are not union men. All these men are living at the old Santa Fe house. There has been no sign of trouble yet between them and the unionists. The latter in fact number but six. The railroad company in all its moves seem to be determined to fight it out on the lines laid out. The disregard shown to the union men is particularly galling to them and there is every probability that they will not tolerate much longer the present situation.

Something Doing—Chief Engineer Allen G. Kennedy and Assistant Engineer J. C. Babcock, of the Santa Fe Central and Albuquerque Eastern railways have had a party of surveyors and some material here a past few days, and started an outfit this morning for the purpose of making some investigations in this region.

Mr. Kennedy stated to a representative of the Deming Graphic that he did not wish to make public his business at present, but he felt sure that this company, who have done such extensive development work in other parts of the territory, are not sending a party of men here for nothing, and the Graphic will keep its readers posted as to all developments as soon as they are made.

Deming Friends Congratulate—The many old time friends in Deming of Charles Hudson, who was in the early eighties agent at this point for the Santa Fe, will be pleased to learn that Mr. Hudson is now president of the San Antonio and Arkansas Pass Railway company, in Texas, says the Deming Herald. After leaving here Mr. Hudson was agent at San Bernardino, California; then general agent of the coast line. Soon he was advanced to general freight agent of the Alchison, Topeka & Santa Fe system. After a time he was offered and accepted the position of general freight and passenger agent of the Mexican Central with headquarters in the City of Mexico, and now he has risen to the presidency of the road mentioned. All of this has been accomplished by true worth and a steady application to the interests of the companies with whom Mr. Hudson has been connected in the past. As we have already said his many old time friends here in Deming congratulate the genial Charles most heartily.

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making window and door frames for the new blacksmith shop.

Our blacksmith, with his detail of boys, is busy building two wagons for the use of the school.

Superintendent Allen is visiting the Laguna group of Pueblos in the world fair. He expects to secure a number of Indians to go to St. Louis during these show to the world how the Pueblo Indians live and work and make pottery and bread and do weaving, etc.

Our genial farmer, Mr. Candalaria Bernal has just returned from Las Cruces where he has been for a few days visiting his wife. While there his wife presented him with a bouncing baby boy. All congratulations to our old friend Candalaria.

Mr. Edwards thus arrived last evening from a business trip. He brought his family with him and he will be employed as night watchman at the school after May 1.

Mr. Wheelock, the noted leader of the Haskell school Indian band, spent a day at the school this week.

Inspector Chubbuck and wife arrived yesterday and are lodged at the school. Mr. Chubbuck will inspect the school and farm, etc.

FOOD VALUE OF OYSTER.

Relative Does Not Rank with the Cod, Haddock or Mackerel—The Blue Point.

As a matter of interest there is only one species of oyster, *ostrea virginica*, along the eastern coast of North America, says Good Housekeeping. The western coast has at least five species, but only two of these are of importance, and these do not compare with the eastern shellfish. Thus it is important that a blue point, a Provincetown river and a Chesapeake bay oyster are one and the same thing, so far as species is concerned. The difference is merely a matter of environment, a difference in food supply and conditions of growth.

The noted blue point comes from the Long Island shore, from where was once a natural bed. It gets its name from the little town of Blue Point off which the oysters were discovered. These oysters were of handsome shape and superior appearance, and at once commanded high prices. It was only a kind of time when these and northern blue point would be worked up, and then it was found necessary to resort to "weeding" or "planting"—that is, covering the beds with young oysters from other localities.

The oyster is rich in phosphorus, but is almost entirely lacking in fatness, being building material and these elements which go to make up physical force and vitality. While it is wholesome and easily assimilated, the actual food value of the oyster is not sufficient to rank it with our great food fishes—the cod, haddock, mackerel, etc.

Value of Neighbors.

Mr. Blinks—Our neighbor, Mike, was shot at by a burglar and the bullet lodged in his pocketbook.

Mr. Blinks—What of it?

Mr. Blinks—Nothing; only I was thinking his wife must be very economical. A bullet would go right through mine. —N. Y. Weekly.

Prospect of Relief.

"Why, I wouldn't begin to tell you half the things she has said about you," quoth Mrs. Sellman-Holmes, pausing at last for breath.

"I'm so glad!" exclaimed Mrs. Nedmore, with a joyful little gasp.—Chicago Tribune.

SMART ADVERTISING.

Even-Hed Merchant Turns a Loss by Accident to Good Account.

The cleverest advertisers are those who take advantage of every wave of public interest and are always on the look-out to make themselves the center of public attention. In a large western city there is a merchant who makes it a business principle to let pass no opportunity for advertising which he can afford to accept.

Not long ago a horse driven by an awkward fellow backed on the sidewalk and pushed the cart right through the merchant's window, thereby smashing a piece of plate-glass worth several hundreds of dollars.

The merchant was annoyed, but not discouraged, and almost before the inevitable crowd had a chance to collect the following type-written notice appeared in the empty frame, attached to a fragment of glass which still remained in the sash:

"This window was broken by an accident. A country horse, being led down the street, unaccustomed to city life, became frightened, plunged, reared, and, backing, finally set down in this window. No, the horse was not hurt. The glass is insured, and as soon as a plate large enough can be made it will be replaced. The work is at the expense of the insurance company, and doesn't cost us a cent. The interior of our store is in perfect order, and you will find no better opportunity than the present to do business with us."

Delicious Potatoes.

Cut fine enough boiled potatoes to measure a pint, season well with salt and pepper, and turn into a shallow buttered dish. Pour over them one cup cream, then melt two tablespoons butter and pour gently over the top. Brown them in a quick oven.—Chicago Tribune.

The Scientific Side.

Young Lady—Why do I get so nervous when I play before an audience? Prof. Von Thunpff—Sympathy and magnetism, my dear young lady; mind acting on mind, you know.

"I don't see how."

"Get some very simple off explanation. Do nervousness and restlessness and weariness of the company affects yourself?" —N. Y. Weekly.

Mr. and Mrs. M. R. Porter, of Hard Scrabble mine near Magdalena, are in the city. Mr. Porter is on his way to St. Louis where he will enter a sanitarium to be treated for a spinal trouble with which he is afflicted and Mrs. Porter, who was formerly Miss Adele Fleming of this city, will go to Council Bluffs, Iowa to visit relatives.

At one time Mr. Porter was local agent for The International Correspondence school and during his residence here made many friends who wish him good fortune and recovery from the malady with which he is afflicted.

ANIMALS MADE HAPPY.

Some in Yonkers Park, N. Y., That Women Have Made for the Lost and Sick.

There is near New York city a stretch of pasture land in which usually a number of happy dogs are capering, and the land and other things belong to these same dogs. There is a barn for them with its comfortable kennels heated by a coal fire, quite the same as folks have, and in the house nearby a friend is ready to make a pilgrimage to the kennels with medicine and bandages day or night. And this is not for some especially pampered breed of dogs, but for all unfortunate of the race, except the Sam.

A woman, an Irish one, realized the practical need that would result from establishing a home for dogs, cats and birds, and she has organized a society of workers to carry out the plan and the result has been the home for them, the Yonkers Park Animal Asylum.

The object of the home is to provide a place where animals will receive proper treatment and care if they are sick, just like a city hospital for humans. If the owner is unable to care for the animal, it is not dumped into a sack with a dozen others to fight for a poor breath of life.

There are many people who would keep a dog or cat instead of turning it into the street to be abused and finally caught and killed, if it could be taken care of gratuitously for awhile. An animal taken to this home is welcomed. If a release is signed, the animal is placed in a good home and is visited from time to time by an inspector.

Similar homes are doing good work elsewhere in this country and abroad. The Animal Rescue League of Boston cares for more than 1,000 dogs and cats each month, placing them in homes where they remain under the supervision of the league.

Some of the women who run these homes have been asked why they don't direct their attention to human suffering instead of to dumb creatures. One of the reasons, they say, is that there are 124 institutions in this city for the relief of human beings, and there was only one (two now) for the benefit of animals.

The home seems to be a welcome charity, for it is finding many sympathizers, and since it has become known that it needs and appreciates gifts to help its work along, it has been receiving money—some in memory of lost animal friends.

SELF-SUPPORTING STUDENTS.

Splendid Results Achieved by Ambitious Youth in American College.

The most hopeful characteristic of the American colleges is the self-supporting student, says the Cincinnati Post. It has been said that any boy in this country who wants an education can get it, if he wants it hard enough. The truth of this is being demonstrated now more clearly than ever before.

There is common complaint that the poor boy's chance to get ahead in the world are not what they used to be. That is not borne out by the facts in any department of life.

Since the beginning young men have worked their way through colleges. Poverty has been no bar.

The growth of the practice is indicated by the report of the secretary of Columbia college committee on employment of students from which it appears that Columbia students during the past summer earned \$1,401, an increase of \$15,000 over their earnings for the year before.

The number of vacation workers this year was nearly ten per cent of the entire university attendance. The occupations engaged in ranged in variety from truck driving to the operation of a printing office, and the largest sum earned was \$1,000 by a law student.

What the wage-earning student learns from the college course he makes up in practical application of his talents to the real work of life. He is better prepared, perhaps, to step into his chosen occupation when college days are over than is the fellow student whose way has been made easy, and who knows nothing of the difficulties to be encountered.

The boy who works for his education learns what an education is, and places it in its proper perspective in his view of life.

No boy need despair because his father is not rich enough to buy him an education. If he wants it bad enough, he can get it and by working for it get something better still along with it.

Whether to Tw

NEWS OF THE CHURCHES

It seems there is to be a minority report in the Presbyterian general assembly in Buffalo in May on the matter of organic union with the Cumberland Presbyterian body. A majority report has been already published, and favors union. One of the commissioners to the Buffalo assembly, who is a member of one of the largest of the presbyteries, is author of the statement that Cumberland Presbyterians are not Calvinists. He says the body with which union is sought is emphatically Calvinist. When the Cumberland people learn this they may not, he thinks, desire union. The same commissioner voices a sentiment that opposes union, and that admits its purpose to do all in its power at Buffalo to prevent the same. A reason it will urge, apart from doctrinal standards, is the addition to the burden that already hangs over the assembly in the task of finding a solution of the colored Presbyterian problem. While there may not be many colored Cumberland Presbyterians, there is a sentiment among white Cumberland Presbyterians, and this sentiment will add materially to difficulties already confronting Presbyterians of the north. These difficulties relate to what may be called "Jim Crow Presbyterianism." The same commissioner declares union to be not so near as some people have imagined.

"Jim Crow" Problem.
The "Jim Crow Presbyterian" problem is being discussed throughout the entire north and south. The subject was up last year at Los Angeles and was put over until this year, the Rev. Dr. Samuel J. Nicolai of St. Louis being named as chairman of a committee upon it. White Presbyterians at the south, but who belong to the Presbyterian church, not to the Presbyterian church, South, demand separate presbyteries for the colored people. They have agitated the matter so long that a considerable sentiment in its favor has developed at the north. So far as can be learned, the colored people themselves are rather indifferent. They say they are tired when they do not put themselves forward, but leave the white to fight their own battles. It is said that if separate presbyteries are granted, the whole machinery of Presbyterian church government will have to be changed. Leaders have been consulted who say that the most that will be done will be to frame a permissive overture. This will make it elective in form separate presbyteries. Even this concession will, it is declared, revolutionize the Presbyterian form. The problem, in similar form, but under other names, is confronting Methodists and Episcopalians, the last named of whom admit that they will have more difficulty to make the change than will almost anybody else.

Baptist Anniversaries.
It is said to be probable that the Baptist anniversaries, which meet in the World's Avenue church, Cleveland, to which John D. Rockefeller belongs, will pronounce in favor of a Pan-Baptist conference. Talk of such a conference has been general among Baptists for some years, but it has been declared that it should be held in America. During the last six months, however, sentiment has changed, and if the Cleveland meeting favors a conference it will be one to be held in London this July. The cause of the change of sentiment is due to English politics. The Rev. Dr. John Clifford, perhaps the most famous of English Free Churchmen, is a Baptist, and the very head and front of the passive resistance movement against the English education act. He is a London pastor, and the conference would be held in his church. American Baptists think they might help British Baptists at this time, for their sympathies are strongly with the resisters. If the Pan-Baptist conference be inaugurated it will be with the idea of making such conferences permanent, probably at intervals of eight or ten years.

Young People's Work.
The young people's missionary movement is to try a conference this year at Winona, June 17 to 26. For the second time a conference will be held at Lookout mountain, the dates this year being July 1 to 10, and for the third time Silver Bay, on Lake George, will be visited. The last named will be the chief conference of the year by this movement. The dates are July 22 to 31. The purpose of these conferences is to afford a practical training school for missionary workers in Sunday schools and young people's societies, and to combine with such training the recreation that Christian workers, with all other people, are obliged to seek. It is expected that missionary secretaries for young people's work of the country will be present as speakers at these conferences. Reduced railroad rates are offered, and also benefits in the way of recreation, but little more than one-half of what would ordinarily be the expense of such vacation privileges. The speakers at Silver Bay will include Messrs. Robert E. Spear, H. Earl Taylor and John W. Wood.

Methodist Mission Gifts.
The gifts to missions of the Methodist Episcopal church have been during the last four years \$2,817,328, which is an increase of \$1,695,323 over the four years from 1895 to 1899, or 23 per cent. The increase of the two women's societies alone was \$695,467. These increases were made at a time when the Methodist church as a whole was raising \$20,000,000 to pay off debts, and while it was being aided by special friends of the missionary

cause that the larger and special effort had neglected their cause, and would be certain to injure it. During the same quinquennial, the growth of Methodist membership on the foreign mission field has been 17 per cent, and of Sunday school membership 19 per cent. These ratios are fully twice those of Christianity in the United States, and considerably larger than that Methodism grows in the United States. Mission property in the foreign field has increased in value from \$5,419,928 to \$6,635,058, or 22 per cent. Porto Rico, the Philippines, Bolivia and Patagonia are among the new fields entered. In no fewer than eight provinces in the Philippines have Methodist congregations, and in Porto Rico their membership is not much short of 1,200.

Catholic Church in France.
The Society of the Propagation of Faith, the one foreign missionary society of the Roman Catholic church, apart from the orders, is appearing at Catholics in the United States with the statement that the persecution of the church in France is so severe that unless others come to the assistance of the foreign work much of it must stop. The headquarters of the society are in Paris and at Lyons, and fully 90 per cent of the income comes from France. Even yet some work is done by the society in this country, which is still a missionary one under the Roman Catholic system. American Catholics contribute about \$80,000 a year to the foreign work through the society. Headquarters have just been removed from Baltimore to New York, and from the latter city the appeals are going out that American Catholics, favored as the society's plea puts it above other Catholics, both in religious liberty and in worldly prosperity, must take the place of France in supporting the Roman Catholic work in the east and in Africa.

Premier Combes' Position.
The concordat which Premier Combes of France professes not to be unwilling to see broken, and which the pope surprised the church by repudiating, was made by Napoleon I. and Pope VII. Its aim was to infamously the church for property confiscated during the French revolution. At least this was its ostensible aim. Really it was to vault the ambition of the French emperor. The date of its making was 1801, and by its provisions the Roman Catholic church came to be the established religion of France. Under the concordat French political influence in the east grew, until France came to be the protector of the Catholics in the east. This protection helped political ambition at home and abroad. It also helped the Roman Catholic church. Now the French ministry would annul the concordat, and the pope is said to be willing that it should do so. In this position he is by no means supported by the curia. To gain political favor which France is said to be willing to throw off is declared to be the purpose of the French emperor, who, under the French president is willing to go to Rome and call personally at the Vatican. The latest position taken by Premier Combes is radically unlike the former position, and will bring about the complete separation of the Roman Catholic church from the French government.

Serious Stomach Trouble Cured.
I was troubled with a distress in my stomach, sour stomach and vomiting spells, and can truthfully say that Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets cured me.—Mrs. T. V. Williams, Lansingburg, Mich. These tablets are guaranteed to cure every case of stomach trouble of this character. For sale by all druggists.

Saturday Night's Fire.
As a result of the carelessness of the inhabitants of a Santa Fe work train, which was standing on the tracks near the Rio Grande Woolen mills fire caught in some sacks of wool stored along the outside of the mill side-track evening about 7 o'clock and for several minutes the destruction of the mill and the prompt and quick response of the city fire department, the blaze was extinguished with a slight loss. The chemical engine did the business.

Short Lived
Only Live from five to nine days.

THE germs of an ordinary Cough only live from five to nine days, but during their life inflame the membranes of the respiratory organs making them unusually susceptible to attack of the germs of other diseases, but usually other cough germs find lodgment on the inflamed surfaces causing "one cold after another" until Pneumonia, Bronchitis or Consumption develops.

THERE is no excuse for a Cough or Cold becoming serious as FOLEY'S Honey and Tar not only stops the Cough but destroys the germs and cures you perfectly, so why take other so called remedies which only deaden the effect of these germs and leave you half-cured.

FOLEY'S HONEY and TAR
is safe and sure.

Contains no Opiates and will not constipate.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

For Sale by J. H. O'Reilly & Co.

The Halo of Motherhood.
The halo of motherhood is a divine thing, we all agree it, and we all appreciate it, but a cost it has been won. A motherhood, tears, worry, and actual suffering make up its cost, and yet all this might be vastly lessened by the simple agency of
MOTHER'S FRIEND,
a salient dedicated to the saving of motherhood and its accompanying suffering.
It is applied externally, and the results following its use are nothing short of marvelous. "A friend in need is a friend indeed," that's what Mother's Friend is. Sold at all drug stores for \$1.00 per bottle. Send for our book, "Motherhood," free if you ask.
BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.,
ATLANTA, GA.

RAILROAD NOTES

Simon Garcia is now employed by the railroad company at Las Vegas in the capacity of wiper.
Mrs. C. H. Nance, wife of the well known Santa Fe agent at Taleta, was an Albuquerque visitor on Sunday.

Engineer J. H. Penner is reported quite ill at his home, 620 North Broadway.

L. M. Gazin, constructing engineer of electric lines for the Santa Fe, is in Santa looking over the newly installed plant.

E. W. Foster, a well known Santa W. A. Harney, general agent of the Denver & Rio Grande railroad at Santa Fe, is laid up with the rheumatism.

Harry Rehder, the passenger engineer, is laying off for thirty days and Engineer J. H. Harney has been given his run.

John Wynn, recently of Saginaw, Mich., is a new fireman on the west end. Mr. Wynn expects to move his family here in the near future.

Mr. engineer, has removed his family to Raton from Trinidad and intends making a permanent home in Raton. Special car No. 2, passed through the city last night attached to train No. 8, en route to Santa Barbara, for the conveyance east of President E. P. Riley and family, who are stopping at Santa Barbara.

F. M. Murphy, president and general manager of the Santa Fe, Prescott & Phoenix railway, passed through the city last night en route to Phoenix. Mr. Murphy was returning from the east, where he had been interesting eastern capitalists in Arizona mining property.

The Santa Fe has double tracked its line on both sides of the Raton tunnel and is straightening curves and putting in steel bridges in the mountains.

C. O. Young and his fire ladders of the local shops tenanted their young lady friends a hop at the fire house last Friday night. It was a lively and delightful affair.

Frank Dier, assistant treasurer of the Santa Fe Central railway, who was in the southern part of the territory for a week on business, has returned to the capital.

R. L. McCance, auditor of the Santa Fe Central railroad company, returned to Santa Fe from a several day's visit to Albuquerque, where he was on railroad business.

W. S. Hopewell, general manager of the New Mexico Fuel and Iron company has returned to Santa Fe from this city, where he was on business pertaining to his position.

All the freight equipment on the coast line is being renumbered and restenciled. The new lettering will be "A. T. & S. F." for "S. F. P." and "S. F. & S. V." being dropped.

Machinist Thomas Ainsworth and wife left last night for Los Angeles, where Mr. Ainsworth hopes to recover from an attack of pleurisy, from which he has been suffering quite a long time.

The terminal buildings of the Central railway at Guanajuato, Mexico, have been destroyed by fire. The loss is \$50,000. Six cars of merchandise and 12,000 railroad ties were also burned.

Miss Jose Williams, daughter of Bridge and Building Inspector H. R. Williams, passed through the city from Las Vegas Friday night for Needles, California, where she will pay a visit of several weeks to her brother and his family.

W. E. Floyd, of Winslow, accompanied by Mrs. Floyd, returned here yesterday after a pleasant visit in the city. Mrs. Floyd had been on a visit east and Mr. Floyd came here to meet her on her return. Mr. Floyd is a popular employee of the Santa Fe at Windy Winslow.

The machinists of Winslow are making elaborate arrangements for their annual ball to be given at the opera house of that place April 22. The Winslow boys have the reputation of doing things about right and no doubt their dance will be a very delightful affair.

The railroad company which has been drilling a well at Roy has had its troubles. For some months past work has been suspended on account of the being of the drill. This has recently been recovered and work is again going on. Some water is already in the well.

John C. Balemb, who for the past year and a half has filled a position as draftsman in the office of the chief engineer of the Santa Fe Central railway, has severed his connection with that company and has gone to the southern part of the territory, where he has accepted a position as engineer under A. G. Kennedy formerly chief engineer of the Santa Fe Central.

The San Marcial has been Mrs. J. F. McNally and son departed Tuesday morning for their old home in Brookfield, Mo. Mrs. McNally was accompanied by her father and sister who have been spending a few months in San Marcial. They will travel as far as Kansas City in Mr.

RAILROAD NOTES

McNally's private car. The superintendent accompanied the party as far as La Junta.

The Santa Fe has just completed statistics showing the wonderful increase in the number of passengers carried to the Grand Canyon, over their line. The Santa Fe's line to the Grand Canyon was once completed in 1900, but even at this early date the average annual business of the line has reached up into the thousands. The statistics show that the business of the line has grown from 312 passengers in 1900 to 12,000 in 1902.

Will a Strike Come?—The first statement made by any Santa Fe machinist regarding the pending strike situation is reported by the *Albuquerque Journal*. The *Journal* says:

"Fred Robertson, president of the local lodge of the Machinists' union, who is in a position to know whereof he speaks, made the startling statement today that a strike could not be avoided and that he thought it would come within the course of the next two weeks. He said:

"One cannot tell very much about what is going on in Washington by reading the press dispatches. The general tone of these indicates that the machinists have practically given up the fight, but talk is not so. A secret vote on the question of a strike has been taken and all the ballots were to have been counted Friday. This vote will simply matter greatly and will serve to bring about a decision in a very short time."

A Fine Entertainment.—S. E. Bueker's Masonic entertainment company gave a very good entertainment at the Santa Fe reading rooms last night. The attendance crowded the hall and nearly every member on the program elicited hearty applause.

Mr. Albert K. Wilson, who is a 32-degree Mason and Grand Secretary of the Grand Lodge of Kansas, was the principal performer of the entertainment, and in his lecture on "Organization and Literature" gave his audience some valuable points on good books and social life. Mr. William Shaver, who is also a 32nd degree Mason, played and sang in a very pleasant manner. Mrs. Wilson sang, and Mrs. Hinson, of this city, rendered several piano solos. After the concert Mr. Bueker and his company was rendered a reception at the Masonic Temple by Temple Lodge, No. 8. At 11:30 o'clock they left for San Marcial where an entertainment will be given this evening.

More Strike Breakers for the Santa Fe.—Another bunch of Santa Fe strike breakers were sent through on No. 9 this morning from the east to San Francisco. There were forty-two men in the party, says the *El Paso Herald*.

Railroad men coming in from off the Santa Fe report that so far there has been but little change in the Santa Fe strike situation for several days and no one seems to know just what the future will bring forth. The company is not to be caught napping, however, and has just placed a strong guard about the shops at Albuquerque, as well as other points along the line where shops and roundhouses are located.

The Joughins Family.—Mrs. U. H. Joughins and Miss Joughins are in this city from Los Angeles visiting with friends before leaving for the east to join Mr. Joughins who has accepted the position of superintendent of motive power for the Inter-Colonial railway, says the *San Bernardino Sun*. They will leave here before the end of the week for Halifax, Nova Scotia, and will stop at the Grand Canyon and different eastern cities en route.

Too Many Hours.—George Hilton, the engineer on the incoming passenger last night was taken ill en route, and it was with difficulty that he pulled the train to Roswell, says the *Record*. He was supposed to return last evening with a freight train that left here at 7 o'clock, but was unable to go and an extra man was put in his place. It is thought that his illness is not serious, but was the result of overwork. Recently he was on duty for a continuous stretch of sixty-one hours.

In Two Days.—The following local employees of the Santa Fe have tendered their resignations the past couple of days: Geo. McCulloch, boiler-makers' helper, will go to San Bernardino; Sotero Montana, car repairer, will go to Gallup; John Holliday, machinist, left with his wife for Des Moines, Iowa; Clarence V. Taylor, foreman of wheel house, has gone to breaking; Albert Fleming, boiler-makers' helper, has returned to Chicago after two weeks' service; H. A. Keck, boiler-makers' helper, will go to St. Paul.

Business Men to Help Railroads.—The commercial interests of Chicago have completed a union with the railway passenger associations in a war of extermination against the "ticket scalpers," whose business it is that city is sufficient to warrant an outlay of nearly \$50,000 annually in office rent alone.

After a month of conferences between representatives of the National Association of Merchants and members of the steamship and travel association in Chicago and the representatives of the passenger agents, the crusade has reached the point where counsel has been engaged to prosecute the fight, which will include seeking in both federal and state courts of injunctions against the ticket brokers, restraining them from dealing in railway tickets transacted in a contract with the purchaser which makes them non-transferable.

The immediate purpose of the movement is to prevent the "scalping" out of low rate tickets from northern and eastern points to the St. Louis exposition, but following that an attempt will be made to conduct such a crusade that the scalpers' business will be crushed in Chicago.

Taking Desperate Chances.
It is true that many contract colds and recover from them without taking any precaution or treatment, and a knowledge of this fact leads others to take their chances instead of giving their colds the needed attention. It should be borne in mind that every cold weakens the lungs, lowers the vitality, makes the system less able to withstand each succeeding cold and paves the way for more serious diseases. Can you afford to take such desperate chances when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, famous for its cures of colds, can be had for a trifle? For sale by all druggists.

FOR THE WORLD'S FAIR.

NOVEL FORM OF TRANSPORTATION SERVICE TO BE INTRODUCED.

An automobile service, carrying visitors to the World's Fair grounds, will add to the transportation facilities of the exposition at St. Louis. At least 200 machines will carry passengers along the fine residence streets and parks of the city and discharge them at points of vantage within the grounds. A company called the World's Fair Automobile company has been organized for this purpose, with Lillburn G. McNair as president. The machines to be used will carry from two to forty passengers each, and steam, gasoline and electricity will be the motive power. The large machines will be in the style of trolleybuses. These vehicles will collect passengers at the hotels, union station and other points in the downtown district. Coupon tickets will be sold entitling the passengers to a ride and admission to the World's Fair grounds. Stations will be provided at suitable points within the exposition grounds for discharging and collecting passengers. Automobiles will also be operated within the grounds over certain routes at a specified rate of speed. This service is intended to be of great advantage to visitors, taking them practically from their hotels, saving the trouble of buying tickets in the crush at the gates and waiting for the crowds at the turnstiles.

The time-worn injunction, "Never put off till tomorrow what you can do today," is now generously presented in this form: "Do it today!" That is the terse advice we want to give you about that hacking cough or demoralizing cold with which you have been struggling for several days, perhaps weeks. Take some reliable remedy for it today—and let that remedy be Dr. Boschee's German Syrup, which has been in use for over thirty-five years. A few doses of it will undoubtedly relieve your cough, or cold, and its continued use for a few days will cure you completely. No matter how deep-seated your cough, even if dread consumption has attacked your lungs, German Syrup will surely effect a cure—as it has done before in thousands of apparently hopeless cases of lung trouble. New trial bottles, 25c; regular size, 75c. J. H. O'Reilly & Co.

Visitor From El Paso.
Mr. H. L. Edwards, publisher of the *Miner and Manufacturer*, a journal devoted to the mining and manufacturing interests of the southwest and published in El Paso and City of Mexico, is in Albuquerque for a few days. Mr. Edwards is assisting Mr. Halle of the southwestern irrigation association in advertising the coming National Irrigation congress at El Paso. His journal, the *Miner and Manufacturer*, has a wide circulation throughout New Mexico.

Arizona and Old Mexico, and is considered an authority on all matters pertaining to mining interests. Mr. Edwards leaves tonight for Denver, and will stop over a few days in Albuquerque on his return.

Church 20th Years Old.
New York, April 22.—Episcopalians of New York and vicinity are deeply interested just now in the two hundredth anniversary of St. George's Episcopal church at Hempstead, L. I. A two days' celebration of the anniversary was begun today with bishops Potter and Burgess and a number of other distinguished clergymen among the participants.

Long before an Episcopal church was built in Brooklyn, King George II. had granted a royal charter to St. George's at Hempstead. This was in 1726, but the Quaker and Presbyterian settlers had built a church on the present site of St. George's in 1748, which remained an independent organization until 1794 when it passed under the control of the church of England, and became an Episcopal parish. Few churches in America have a more interesting history than the old Hempstead church, which is built of brown logs brought from the forests on the north shore of Long Island. Among its other claims to distinction is the fact that the Hempstead parish furnished the first American bishop, the Rev. Samuel Denison, who was consecrated in 1784.

A Great Sensation.
There was a big sensation in Lees Ferry, Ind., when W. H. Brown of that town, who was expected to die, had his life saved by Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. He writes: "I suffered insufferable agonies from asthma, but your New Discovery gave me immediate relief and soon thereafter effected a complete cure." Him a cure of consumption, pneumonia, bronchitis and grip are numerous. It's a peerless remedy for all throat and lung troubles. Price 50c, and \$1.00. Guaranteed by all druggists. Retail bottles free.

Congressman Lloyd Renominated.
Hannibal, Mo., April 23.—The democratic primary in the First Congressional district today resulted in the renomination of Congressman James T. Lloyd. There was no opposition.

Chronic Bronchitis Cured.
"For ten years I had chronic bronchitis so bad that at times I could not speak above a whisper," writes Mr. Joseph Hoffman, of Monticorne, Ind. "I tried all remedies available, but with no success. Fortunately my employer suggested that I try Foley's Honey and Tar. Its effect was almost miraculous, and I am now cured of the disease. On my recommendation many people have had Foley's Honey and Tar, and always with satisfaction. For sale by J. H. O'Reilly & Co.

St. Louis Getting Ready.
St. Louis, Mo., April 22.—The opening of the Louisiana Purchase exposition is only one week off and all the builders and exhibitors are on the rush. The railroads are making every effort to expedite the shipment and delivery of exposition exhibits. Early in the coming week a large force of men will be put to work decorating the building exteriors and grounds in preparation for the formal opening on Saturday. The merchants and manufacturers of the city will make the opening day a public holiday. Though the opening will not be accompanied by such elaborate ceremonies as marked the dedication last year, the exposition authorities expect a much larger crowd of visitors on Saturday. Hotels and boarding houses, in fact, are already filling with strangers in anticipation of the week.

Robbed the Grave.
A startling incident is narrated by John Oliver of Philadelphia, as follows: "I was in an awful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite, growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Then I was advised to use Electric Bitters; to my great joy, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. It's only 50 cents, guaranteed at all druggists.

MARRIAGE ANNOUNCEMENT.
Harry B. Rose and Miss Isabella Spencer to marry in September.

Last night an informal gathering at the home of the bride elect's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Spencer, of the Grand Central hotel, Mrs. Spencer announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Isabella Julia, to Mr. Harry B. Rose, the happy event to occur in November. Of course, some of the young folks expressed surprise, but most of those present took the news as a matter of course, having it a happy betrothal. The bride is the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Spencer and has grown up in Albuquerque, receiving her education in the Albuquerque public schools and the University. Mr. Rose came to Albuquerque about a year ago from Duluth, Minn. He, at present, occupies an important clerical position in the office of The Citizen.

Canada's Trade Increases.
Ottawa, Ont., April 22.—Canada's foreign trade for the nine months ended March 31 amounted to \$246,306,561 or \$14,872,238 more than for same period of the year previous. This is on the basis of imports for consumption and exports and includes coal and bullion. The imports for the past nine months totaled \$176,622,000 as against \$166,440,000 last year and the exports amounted to \$126,064,156 as against \$119,420,762.

Nothing Equal to Chamberlain's Cough, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for Boil Complaints in Children.
"We have used Chamberlain's Cough, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in our family for years," says Mrs. J. B. Cooke, of Nederland, Texas. "We have given it to all of our children. We have used other medicines for the same purpose, but never found anything to equal Chamberlain's. If you will use it as directed it will always cure." For sale by all druggists.

Robt. B. Catron.
Hon. B. Catron, the well known attorney of Santa Fe, is here on business, and expects to return to the Capital city tomorrow morning. Speaking of the shortage of County Treasurer Knobel of Santa Fe, Mr. Catron says: "Mr. Knobel will come out all right; it will probably take out all his property to do so, and as he seems honest in the matter he has the sympathy of the community." Mr. Catron says that everyone regrets the short age, and hopes that nothing further will come out of the transaction and that no one outside of himself will be the loser.

HERE AT HOME.
Albuquerque Citizens Gladly Testify.
It is testimony like the following that has placed "the old Quaker Remedy" so far above competitors. When people right here at home raise their voice in praise there is no room left for doubt. Read the public statement of an Albuquerque citizen:

"Mrs. W. C. Wood, (W. C. Wood, is employed in the Santa Fe railroad shops) residence, 739 South Broadway, says: 'When on a visit to Fall River, Mass., I learned that Doan's Kidney Pills had been a household necessity in that city for years. Naturally when a person has backache themselves and friends, acquaintances and relatives continually insist that a particular remedy shall be tried, you at least consent to take a course of the treatment. I used Doan's Kidney Pills and they stopped an aggravated attack of backache, only one of many which had occurred in the past. When I came west I brought with me a dozen boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills long before they were so extensively known in California, as at present. I have not the slightest hesitation in publicly stating that I know from experience as well as observing that this remedy can be absolutely depended upon in all cases of kidney complaint causing backache, lumbago or other symptoms which follow in the wake of that far too prevalent annoyance.'"

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-McBride Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitutes.

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MARRIAGE ANNOUNCEMENT.
Harry B. Rose and Miss Isabella Spencer to marry in September.

Last night an informal gathering at the home of the bride elect's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Spencer, of the Grand Central hotel, Mrs. Spencer announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Isabella Julia, to Mr. Harry B. Rose, the happy event to occur in November. Of course, some of the young folks expressed surprise, but most of those present took the news as a matter of course, having it a happy betrothal. The bride is the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Spencer and has grown up in Albuquerque, receiving her education in the Albuquerque public schools and the University. Mr. Rose came to Albuquerque about a year ago from Duluth, Minn. He, at present, occupies an important clerical position in the office of The Citizen.

Nothing Equal to Chamberlain's Cough, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for Boil Complaints in Children.
"We have used Chamberlain's Cough, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in our family for years," says Mrs. J. B. Cooke, of Nederland, Texas. "We have given it to all of our children. We have used other medicines for the same purpose, but never found anything to equal Chamberlain's. If you will use it as directed it will always cure." For sale by all druggists.

Robt. B. Catron.
Hon. B. Catron, the well known attorney of Santa Fe, is here on business, and expects to return to the Capital city tomorrow morning. Speaking of the shortage of County Treasurer Knobel of Santa Fe, Mr. Catron says: "Mr. Knobel will come out all right; it will probably take out all his property to do so, and as he seems honest in the matter he has the sympathy of the community." Mr. Catron says that everyone regrets the short age, and hopes that nothing further will come out of the transaction and that no one outside of himself will be the loser.

HERE AT HOME.
Albuquerque Citizens Gladly Testify.
It is testimony like the following that has placed "the old Quaker Remedy" so far above competitors. When people right here at home raise their voice in praise there is no room left for doubt. Read the public statement of an Albuquerque citizen:

"Mrs. W. C. Wood, (W. C. Wood, is employed in the Santa Fe railroad shops) residence, 739 South Broadway, says: 'When on a visit to Fall River, Mass., I learned that Doan's Kidney Pills had been a household necessity in that city for years. Naturally when a person has backache themselves and friends, acquaintances and relatives continually insist that a particular remedy shall be tried, you at least consent to take a course of the treatment. I used Doan's Kidney Pills and they stopped an aggravated attack of backache, only one of many which had occurred in the past. When I came west I brought with me a dozen boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills long before they were so extensively known in California, as

PERSONAL.

"Tell me not in truthful numbers"
Advertising doesn't pay!
For the man's not business thinking
Who would such absurd thing say
Business is real! It is earnest!
And the man who hopes to rise
To success in any calling
Must expect to advertise.
In this world's great business battle
In the conflict of mercantile life,
Advertising is the secret
Of achievement in the strife.
Lives of rich men all remind us,
We can make our own sublime;
And by proper advertising
To the highest summit climb.

Edward H. March, of the March
building works, left last night for
Winslow.

K. Ginn, a well known citizen of
Laguna, is in the city today on busi-
ness and pleasure.

Mrs. James Wilson and daughter
left last night for an extended visit
at Wichita, Kansas.

Dr. C. P. Blackington, ex-sheriff of
Bocorro county, is an Albuquerque
visitor for the day.

Oscar Gabriel, in the employ of the
Santa Fe Pacific at Winslow, is in the
city today on business.

Attorney John H. Skingle will leave
for Gallup tonight on legal business.
He will return Monday.

E. H. Cohen, the commission broker,
is on a business trip to the towns
north of the metropolis.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Hilo of Los Lunas
are in the city visiting and shopping.
Mr. Hilo is assessor for Valencia
county.

James Grunfeld of Grunfeld
brock, wholesale dry goods merchants
went down to Grants last night on
business.

William Parr, the meat merchant,
left last night for southern California
where he owns a piece of farming
land.

Mrs. W. H. Greer left last night
for Apache. Telo, the Victorio Land
and cattle company's headquarters
in Luna county.

There will be a regular convocation
of the Pilgrin Commandery, K. T., this
evening at 8 p. m. in visiting Sir Knights
cordially invited.

Judge Milworth Ingalls special at-
torney for the United States in New
Mexico, returned to the city from an
official trip up north.

Mrs. L. K. Edwards of Magdalena,
wife of the accommodating Santa Fe
agent at that place, is in the city
the guest of friends.

E. O. Allen, who was at Santa Fe
on business connected with the Santa
Fe Water and Light company, has re-
turned to the city.

Judge F. W. Parker, of the Third
Judicial district, passed through the
city this morning en route from Las
Cruces to Santa Fe.

Attorney O. N. Maroon left last
night for Prescott, where he is called
on important legal matters. He will
also talk joint stockhold.

Joshua S. Reynolds, president of
the First National bank, left last
night for El Paso, where he is also
president of a bank in that city.

Mrs. John Greenwald, wife of the
Socorro miller passed through the city
this morning en route to Alamosa City,
where she has a daughter going to
school.

Regular meeting of the Eagles to-
night at 8 o'clock at Knights of Py-
thias hall. All members are urged to
be present. By order of Frank Acier-
man, secretary.

Special Agent Frank Goygis, of the
general land office, and Ralph Massey,
of Santa Fe are at Bland, to personally
investigate the recent forest fires in
the Cochiti district.

The advent of a girl is the cause of
rejoicing in the home of Mr. and Mrs.
S. F. Borden 117 South Arno street.
Mr. Borden is celebrating the event
by passing around cigars.

A. W. Perry, secretary of the St.
Paul Fire and Marine Insurance com-
pany, which is represented here by
P. F. McCanna, was an Albuquerque
visitor yesterday.

E. J. Pizzotti has resigned as me-
chanical draughtsman at the shops
and left this morning for Las Vegas
and Harvey's ranch. Mrs. Pizzotti
will remain in the city some time
longer.

Babsh services will be held at
Temple Albert Friday evening at
7:45. Rabbi Jacob Kaplan's sermon
will deal with the relations of "Con-
gregation and Rabbi." Everybody is
welcome.

Miss Jeannette Holland and Miss
Mamie Cowen, of St. Louis, who have
been in the city the past two months
stopping at the home of Mr. and Mrs.
Herbert Romero left last night on
their return home.

Regular meeting of the Harmony lodge,
No. 1, I. O. O. F., this evening at 8
o'clock. Degree work. All members
of the order requested to attend. By
order of W. C. Butman N. G. O. H.
Pittsburg, rectory secretary.

Mrs. Mattie Kellogg is here on a
visit to her daughter, Mrs. E. E. Elder
and will remain about ten days. Mrs.
Kellogg is the wife of the cashier of
the New York Life Insurance com-
pany at the Pueblo, Colo. office.

J. K. Allen, superintendent of the
local government Indian school, has
gone to Laguna on official business.

R. P. Hall, proprietor of the Albu-
querque Foundry and Machine works, left
last night for Hollywood, Cal., where
his family resides.

J. R. Haines, with Mrs. Haines and
the children, returned home last
night after nearly five months enjoy-
ing with relatives and friends at San
Francisco, San Jose and other cities
of California. They had a splendid
time; enjoyed every minute of their
absence from this city, and return
home feeling good in health and
spirits. Mr. Haines says everything

looks prosperous in and around San
Jose, where rains came in good time
to make everybody feel good. Mr. and
Mrs. George Haines, of San Jose,
Cal., accompanied them to the city,
and the visitors will take charge of
the Haines-Robertson mesa resort.
They are welcomed to the city.

The regular meeting of the Wo-
man's club will be held Saturday af-
ternoon at 2:30 in Knights of Pythias
hall. The afternoon will be devoted to
parliamentary practice. All mem-
bers are requested to be present.

James B. Duncan, Jr., of Las Vegas,
who was at Los Angeles the past few
months, passed up the road home-
bound this morning. James will leave
Las Vegas shortly for Kansas City,
where his mother is very ill in a hos-
pital.

Last night Mr. W. H. Greer, pres-
ident of the Albuquerque Traction
company, left for San Antonio, ac-
companied by his sister-in-law, Mr.
J. A. Jastro, who is interested with
him in a large grant in that vicinity
where they will remain for a few
days.

Mon. C. L. Kurtz and wife and Miss
V. D. Ebersole stenographer to Mr.
Kurtz, left this morning for the Kurtz
home at Columbus, Ohio, after the
winner's sojourn in the city. Mr. Kurtz
was secretary to Senator Foraker
from Ohio, when the latter was gov-
ernor of that state. Mr. Kurtz is iden-
tified with one of the largest mining
corporations of Mexico.

Only one more day remains where-
in taxpayers and property owners
will be allowed to file their tax re-
turns for the present fiscal year in
the assessor's office without penalty
for failure to do so within the legal
time. On and after Monday next the
assessor will add the legal penalty
of twenty-five per cent on all returns
then and thereafter made.

ITALIAN EDITOR HAS DISAPPEARED

Pueblo, April 29.—An appeal was
made today to Italian vice consul at
Denver by bondsmen and friends of
Charles De Moli, Italian editor, who
disappeared from Trinidad, to enlist
his assistance in locating De Moli.
No trace of him has been found and
the belief is growing that De Moli
is being detained, or has met with foul
play.

It is said that in this country—and
it is said by a financial writer who
ought to know—there are 12,000,000
people who are striving to become
rich. The trouble about the matter is
that most of them have waited too
long. Somebody also has the stuff.

NOTICE OF SUIT.

In the district court of the county
of Bernalillo, Territory of New
Mexico, Minnie M. Rinder, plaintiff,
vs. Joseph D. Rinder, defendant.—
No. 6548.

The said defendant, Joseph D. Rinder,
is hereby notified that a suit has
been filed against him in the district
court of the county of Bernalillo and
Territory of New Mexico, by said
plaintiff, Minnie M. Rinder, praying
a divorce from the marriage now ex-
isting between plaintiff and defend-
ant on the grounds of failure to sup-
port and abandonment; that unless
you enter your appearance in said
suit on or before the 11th day of May,
1904, judgment by default will be en-
tered against you.

Plaintiff's attorney is E. L. Medler,
whose postoffice address is Albuquer-
que, N. M.
(Seal.) W. E. DAME,
Clerk of District Court.

Notice of Sale Under Chattel Mort-
gage.

Notice is hereby given that A. Rob-
ertson, on the 26th day of September,
1903, made and executed a chattel
mortgage to the Brunswick-Balko-
Candler company, of Chicago, Ill.,
upon the following described prop-
erty:

One 20 foot oak Republic counter;
one 20 foot oak Republic back bar;
two sections of copper tank; one No.
180 B Novelty bar; one 20 foot oak
Republic mirror frame; one 20 foot
brass foot rail; one 4 foot oak No. 2
Combination cigar case; one oak No.
1 Standard bar screen.

To secure the sum of \$432, evidenced
by ten promissory notes each for
the sum of \$43.20, dated September
28, 1903, and payable in 1, 2, 3, 4,
5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 months after date,
respectively; and that said chattel
mortgage provided that in case of de-
fault in payment of any of said notes
as and when the same became due,
then the notes remaining unpaid
should immediately become due and
payable, that default has been made
in the payments of the notes number
2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, becoming due Nov.
28, Dec. 28, 1903, Jan. 28, Feb. 28,
March 28, 1904; that by reason of said
default in the payment of said notes
the undersigned, the Brunswick-Balko-
Candler company, as mortgagee,
has taken possession of the said prop-
erty by virtue of the terms of said
chattel mortgage, will on Tues-
day, the 10th day of May, 1904, at the
front door of the court house in Al-
buquerque, N. M., at the hour of ten
o'clock a. m., sell said above de-
scribed property to the highest bidder
for cash for the purpose of satisfying
the indebtedness due under said mort-
gage, which on the day of sale
amounts to the sum of \$493.48, to-
gether with ten per cent attorney's
fees on said indebtedness, provided
by said notes to be paid, and the ex-
penses of said sale. Said property
is now situated in the vacant store
room at No. 205 South First street,
Albuquerque, N. M.

Said chattel mortgage was filed for
record on the 8th day of October,
1903, and recorded in Book F of Chat-
tel Mortgages, page 195, of the re-
cords of Bernalillo county.

THE BRUNSWICK-BALKO-CANDLER
COMPANY.
(Seal.) Mortgagee.

By E. L. Medler, its Attorney.
Dated April 29th, 1904.

WRITS OF INJUNCTION SERVED

Later yesterday afternoon, the At-
chison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway
company, through its solicitor, Col.
R. E. Twitchell, filed a complaint in
the district court, presided over by
Hon. B. S. Baker, praying an injunc-
tion against 173 machinists, boiler-
makers, apprentices, handymen, brigs-
men and metal workers, who went
out on a strike from the shops in this
city Wednesday and yesterday.

The writs prayed for were granted
and the defendants are restrained from
in any manner interfering with the
agents and employees of the com-
pany in the management, movement
or operation of the company's en-
gines, cars and all other machinery
and appliances. They are also em-
bodied from interfering with the men
who are taking the places of the
strikers and are restrained from en-
tering upon the company's right-of-
way and other grounds and property.

The injunction is a very com-
prehensive and voluminous document,
and judging from the prompt action
taken by the company, its legal coun-
sel has been anticipating this sort of
trouble for some days. The restraining
order is the most far reaching ever
issued from any court in this
territory.

The Co-zen publishes below the
order to show cause, and the writ
of injunction. Sheriff Hubbell and
several deputies have been busy all
day serving papers.

This morning, Col. R. E. Twitchell,
counsel for the railway company,
sued out writs of injunction against
thirty to forty more employees of the
local shops who have joined the
strikers.

Order to Show Cause.

Territory of New Mexico, County of
Bernalillo, ss. In the district court.
Second Judicial district. The At-
chison, Topeka & Santa Fe Rail-
way Company, plaintiff, vs. Thomas
L. Wilson, et al, defendants.
No. 6553—Injunction.

On reading and filing the complaint
in the above entitled cause and the
affidavits and exhibits accompanying
the same, and after hearing H. E.
Twitchell, attorney for the plaintiff
twice.

It is ordered, that an injunction is-
sued against the said defendants as
prayed for in the said complaint; and
that the said defendants show cause,
if any they have, before the judge
of this court at the chambers of the
associate justice of the supreme court
of said territory, in Albuquerque,
New Mexico, on the third day of May,
A. D. 1904, at 10 o'clock a. m., of said
day, why said injunction should not
be continued in force, and that de-
fendants be served with a copy of
this order at least five days before
he day herein set for said hearing.
Albuquerque, New Mexico, April 28,
1904.

BENJAMIN S. BAKER,

Associate Justice.
Territory of New Mexico, County of
Bernalillo, ss. In the district court.
1. W. E. Dame, clerk of the district
court of the second judicial district
of the Territory of New Mexico, here-
by certify the above and foregoing
to be a true, correct and perfect copy
of an order of court granting writ
and order to show cause in the cause
wherein The Atchison, Topeka &
Santa Fe Railway company, is plain-
tiff, and Thomas L. Wilson, et al, de-
fendants, as same remains of record
in my office.

In witness whereof I have hereunto
set my hand and affixed the seal of
said court, this 28th day of April,
1904.

W. E. DAME,

(Seal) Clerk of the District Court

Writ of Injunction.

Territory of New Mexico, To:
Thomas L. Wilson, J. D. Buckwalter,
C. B. Allen, Robert Abraham, C. O.
Bisley, W. B. Boothe, William Berry,
Fred Birman, Joseph Burris, A. W.
Hambrook, Theo. Britton, Chas.
Buckner, J. H. Crenin, George Dent,
Deldrich Deopke, Geo. De Long, O.
W. Drury, J. W. Durkin, W. Eversen,
H. M. French, G. Freitag, E. E. Heverie,
H. M. Hawthorne, R. F. Herrick, E. H.
Hockett, W. J. Inckett, C. R. Ho-
warth, John Johnson, T. A. Inley,
Peter Jacobson, John Jacobson, L. H.
Knolls, T. H. Lever, R. H. McAlvair,
Joe McMahon, Walter Nelson, Matt
Poli, Victor Patislo, John Plafstrom,
Chas. Raach, Otto Robertson, L. H.
Holtz, J. Homo, W. W. Steward,
Frank Seibert, John Seibert, E. J.
Schwert, Chas. Schelke, C. L. Sharp,
Howard Tatcher, Chas. Trapp, C. D.
Wise, L. W. White, W. T. Walsh,
Wm. Wilkins, E. Wiesenberger, Martin
Hendrickson, Samuel Davidson, G. C.
Dorffed, Hiram Hambrook, J.
Lee Howe, Harry Pluke, R. W. Helve-
ly, Walter Johnson, Paul Leonard, Paul
Mullenbaugh, J. St. C. McClintock,
Wm. C. Noonan, Oscar Nor-
man, Robert O'Connor, Fred Perera,
Geo. Rutherford, Delbert Robertson,
Harry Shoup, Chas. Shaefer, Hugh
Vaughn, Wm. J. White, Frank W.
Yott, D. F. Astle, H. J. Bailey, W.
Dubzell, Guffie Mautz, John Neilson,
Hugh Wilson, John Lorenz, Geo. Lee-
per, Chas. Bullock, Robert Powell,
Louis Buschke, Burton Donnelly, R.
H. Donnelly, J. M. Higgins, Jas. Hall,
O. Walter York, Pat Murphy, Ralph
Lugin, C. Alexander, Oscar Ander-
son, E. L. Akens, Jas. Boyce, H. B.
Brousseau, F. A. Crawford, N. Dough-
erty, J. J. Freibart, A. A. Pike, H. D.
Hasty, L. H. Henslies, Michael Hag-
erty, W. T. Kincaid, Fred A. Mayer,
C. Marlin, E. L. Murphy, T. J. Mc-
Cormick, J. C. McCannell, Edward
Pettit, C. A. Hoepke, Fred Speddy, O.
C. Steiner, Wm. C. Smith, O. O.
Thompe, Harry West, Matt Walen-
house, Geo. Warden, W. C. Abel,
John Pothernig, Guadalupe Martin-
es, Cesario Romero, Fredricko Chav-
es, D. T. Loan, Fran Isley, F. Wild-
er, Andres Lopez, Moroni Guisepi,
A. M. Miller, David Isaac, Hilario

Labato, H. M. Stamps, Wm. Wilkeson,
Leroy White, Ernest Burros, S. C.
Buntin, Chas. E. Beldi, Geo. F. Ber-
inger, Hold, Brown, O. C. Carpenter,
Juan Chavez, Coris Giovanni, B. R. Hol-
land, Jas. Lally, Louis Mistic, Har-
vey Murphy, D. F. O'Neal, John Per-
ciffeld, Jack Rhodes, F. A. Silvers, T.
J. Young, Watson Purcell, Juan Her-
nandez, Fred Kie, Santa C. Rosa, Ju-
lian Romero, Geo. Lazz, J. S. Merri-
field, Ole Swanson, P. J. Murphy,
Alex. Rosenberg and George Craig.

Greeting:
Whereas, The Atchison, Topeka &
Santa Fe Railway company, has later-
ly filed in the office of the clerk of
our said court, in and for the county
of Bernalillo, its complaint, praying to
be relieved touching certain mat-
ters therein alleged, and we being
willing that the relief therein prayed
for should be granted:

Now, therefore, you, and each of
you, are hereby strictly restrained and
enjoined,

From in any manner interfering
with the agents or representatives of
said plaintiff, The Atchison, Topeka
& Santa Fe Railway company, in the
management, movement or operation
of the locomotives, engines, trains
or cars in its custody, or under its
control; or from in any manner ob-
structing or preventing said agents
or representatives of said plaintiff
from freely moving or operating the
locomotives, engines, trains or cars
in its custody or under its control.

From in any manner tampering
with or attempting to tamper with
or injure or destroy any of the loco-
motives, motive power, appliances,
engines, cars, machinery or other ap-
pliances, or to obstruct or impede the
use of the same, or to render the
same inefficient for the purposes of
said plaintiff in carrying on its busi-
ness as a railroad company and com-
mon carrier of discharging its duties
to the Government of the United
States or to the public;

From in any manner entering upon
the premises, railroads, engines, loco-
motives, cars or property, or coming
into the shops of said plaintiff, unless
specially authorized or permitted to
do so by some duly authorized officer
of said plaintiff, or unless such enter-
ing on the premises of said plaintiff
is rendered necessary in going to the
ticket offices, depots, stations or other
offices of plaintiff for the purpose of
transacting some lawful business
with plaintiff as a common carrier;

From tampering with or attempt-
ing to tamper with the machines, ap-
pliances, cars, engines, locomotives,
engines or property of said plaintiff,
or in its custody or under its control,
so as to injure, or destroy the same
or affect the usefulness thereof, or to
render the same unfit, or to cripple
the same for the uses of said com-
plaint in the transaction or carry-
ing on of its business or in the dis-
charge of its duties to the public or
to the Government of the United
States, or attempt to accomplish any
such purposes by themselves, or any
of them, or through the instrument-
ality of, or by means of other parties;

From threatening by means of
force or violence, or threats thereof,
or by the use of opprobrious epithets
or means of intimidation, whether up-
on or near the premises of said plain-
tiff, or elsewhere, the employees
aired and employed by said plaintiff
in its machine shops, round-houses,
repair shops or in its mechanical de-
partment, for the purpose of, or with
the design of intimidating such em-
ployees, or forcing them, or any of
them, by any such means, to quit the
service of said plaintiff.

From inducing any employee of
said plaintiff who may have a definite
or fixed contract of employment with
said plaintiff for a definite period,
and particularly those employed by
said plaintiff to take the places of
strikers in its shops, round-houses or
in its mechanical department, to
break his or their contract of em-
ployment with said plaintiff by leav-
ing the employment of said plaintiff
before the termination thereof;

From conspiring, confederating or
combining among themselves, or with
other parties, to do or accomplish any
of the foregoing acts or to cause the
same to be done or accomplished, or
to obstruct or impede said plaintiff,
its agents or employees in the carry-
ing on of its interstate commerce
by said plaintiff, or in the discharge
of the duties which it owes to the
public or to the Government of the
United States, or to induce or solicit
any other party of parties to do or at-
tempt to accomplish, singly, or in
connection with any of said defend-
ants, any of the foregoing acts here-
by or heretofore sought to be re-
strained or enjoined: Until the fur-
ther order of this court:

Hereof fall not at your peril:—
Witness the Honorable Benjamin S.
Baker, associate justice of the
supreme court of the Territory of New
Mexico, and Judge of the Second Ju-
dicial district court thereof and the
seal of said court this 28th day of
April, A. D. 1904.

W. E. DAME,

(Seal) Clerk.

Territory of New Mexico, County of
Bernalillo, in the district court.—ss.
I, W. E. Dame, clerk of the district
court of the second judicial district
court of the Territory of New Mex-
ico, hereby certify the above and
foregoing to be a true, correct and
perfect copy of the writ of injunction
in the cause wherein The Atchison,
Topeka & Santa Fe Railway company
is plaintiff and Thomas L. Wilson et
al, are defendants, as same remains
on file in my office.

In witness whereof I have here-
unto set my hand and affixed the seal
of said court this 28th day of April,
1904.

W. E. DAME,

(Seal) Clerk.

Additional Writs Issued.

The names of the additional strik-
ers, who were served with writs this
afternoon in connection with the or-
iginal writ filed in the complaint yester-
day afternoon, are as follows: Fed-
ero Apasoa, Max Back, Herman Gay-
zales, Paul Stattnak, William Pay,
Theodore E. Aline au, Abright, Jose
Benardis, Theodore Caskey, A. Cor-
dova, Pio Chavez, A. T. Devore, C.
W. L. Moore, D. T. Emerson, Apolino
Gonzales, Jos. Haenagan, J. M. Haas,
Luis Herman, Mariano Lopez, Daniel
Labato, Edward Long, Edmund Mil-
ler, Bonifacio Monoya, P. J. Meng-
han, V. A. F. Ross, Frank C. San-
ches, C. W. Sims, Antonio Tujillo,
Jana Chavez, Priscito Sanchez and
all other persons whose names are
unknown.

THE SITUATION TODAY.

EVERYTHING QUIET—COMPANY
READY WITH DISCHARGE AND
TIME CHECKS FOR EMPLOYEES.

At 2 o'clock this afternoon the sit-
uation at the shops was unchanged
from yesterday, excepting that the
machinists and boiler-makers who went
out yesterday and the day before,
are crowding the general foreman's
office drawing their time and with
one or two exceptions, quiet and or-
der has prevailed. In one instance a
striking mechanic, slightly under the
influence of liquor, made a few rail-
road insults remarks to Master Me-
chanic Bean and that gentleman was
about to throw the unruly one out,
when he explained that he wanted
to get his time. Mr. Bean said that
he would favor any employee of the
company. The troublesome mechanic
wished a pass across the yards, but
he did not get it.

Two of the more enthusiastic black-
smiths quit this morning, but as a
body, the blacksmiths were still at
work this afternoon. The rumor
which was circulated about the
streets this morning that they would
walk out tonight, as far as could be
ascertained, is without foundation,
and although the men are inclined to
be restless and during the noon hour
gathered in groups about the shops
and yards, apparently discussing the
situation, the company officials do not
seem the least bit worried about the
report.

It is learned from a reliable source
that the blacksmiths at a meeting
held yesterday resolved not to strike
until a general order is received, and
that, it is proposed, the carpenters
will go out in sympathy with them,
although the latter are not organized.
Some twenty or thirty additional
strike breakers arrived last night,
and as was done in the case of the
first arrival of imported men, the
car in which they rode was run down
to the stockade and two men given
quarters in the bunk cars. The im-
ported mechanics have been placed
in every department of the shops and
every department is running, but the
force is inadequate to cope with the
volume of work coming in and unless
more men arrive, a few days is liable
to see a blockade of engines at the
shops.

Apparently the company expects it
and a force of men today are laying
tracks across the interior of the
stockade on which to run dead en-
gines.

Discharge and Time Checks Will Be
Issued to Every Man who Walked
Out.

When the strike was first inaugu-
rated some of the strikers asked for
their time. They simply passed in
their blocks, took their tools and
clothes and walked away. This for
a while stumped the company, and
the meaning of it was puzzling. At
last the company has decided not to
wait till the men ask for their time,
but all checks are being made out
and each man who walked out will
receive a formal discharge check.

Apprentices Suffer.
When a machinist apprentice
goes in to learn the trade, he signs
a contract to remain with the com-
pany four years. The contract is
binding in every respect, the appren-
tice having practically no redress
against the company but the com-
pany is at liberty to discharge him at
any time and at liberty to hold back
part of his pay to be forfeited if dis-
charged or found guilty of unfaithful
discharge of duties. Two first year
the company holds out five cents a
day and the second ten cents a day,
and the third and fourth years fifteen
cents a day, which at the end of four
years will amount to between \$110
and \$160. Among the machinists' ap-
prentices who walked out the other
day were boys who had almost com-
pleted their four years and would
have in a few days received the cer-
tificate of finished mechanics and this
sum of money. One of the
most striking instances which have
come to the attention of 'The Citizen'
is that of Apprentice Needham, who
had but twenty-four hours (two days)
more to serve before he would get
his money and certificate.

It is given out with authority that
the force of extra men doing
guard duty at the shops, throughout
the yards and near the stations num-
bers forty men.

FOREST FIRE CHECKED.

IN THE COCHITI MOUNTAINS—
CONSIDERABLE DAMAGE DONE
TO TIMBER LANDS IN THAT
SECTION.

Special Agent John Griggs, of the
general land office, Santa Fe, yester-
day received a telegram from Bland
in the Cochiti mining district that the
forest fires which have been raging
in several sections of the Cochiti
mountains are now under control. Mr.

Griggs received a dispatch from Wash-
ington Tuesday afternoon in reply to
one from him asking for instructions,
authorizing him to employ all neces-
sary help to extinguish fires on public
lands. He had, however, before the
receipt of this telegram sent instruc-
tions to Bland to hire all necessary
help to protect the timber on the
public domain. The damage to tim-
ber in the Cochiti range by the forest
fires within the last few days is not
as great as reported, although con-
siderable timber on a few isolated sec-
tions was burned.

HEROES OF CHEMULPO BATTLE RECEIVED

St. Petersburg, April 29.—2:05 p.
m.—Such outburst of popular enthu-
siasm as was witnessed today upon
the arrival here of the survivors of
the Varig and Korietz has not been
experienced for many years. Undeter-
red by the raw rainy weather many as
a hundred thousand persons crowded
the three mile Nevsky, from the rail-
road depot to the palace square.
Roofs and windows were black with
people waving s. i. flags. The whole
route was lined by soldiers, sailors
and cadets of military schools. Grand
Duke Alexis, as vice admiral, receiv-
ed the heroes. Attended by a bril-
liant staff