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Albuquerque Weekly Citizen, 04-16-1904

T. Hughes

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Albuquerque Weekly Citizen

VOLUME

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, SATURDAY APRIL 16, 1904.

NUMBER 132

FACTIONAL DEMOCRATS

Special to The Citizen.
Silver City, N. M., April 14.—The territorial democratic convention convened this morning in accordance with adjournment yesterday afternoon.
Hon. A. B. McMillen, of Albuquerque, was made permanent chairman, with Hon. A. B. Bonahan, of Santa Fe, and Hon. H. E. M. Huerfano, of Roswell, permanent secretaries.
Resolutions for William R. Hearst, instructing the delegates for him, were introduced by Hon. Antonio Joseph.
A hard fight is being made against and for instructing the delegates for Hearst. Some of the politicians are again instructing the delegates at all, and others for instruction.
Hearing speeches by both sides are now in progress, and the convention is strictly a lively, enthusiastic one.
Delegates to the St. Louis national convention will be named late this afternoon.
Later—Hearst's advocates capture convention by two votes.

From the Independent.

Silver City is in gala attire today in honor of the democratic territorial convention. Nearly every business house is displaying the national colors, and the town is in holiday dress.
The delegates and convention visitors commenced arriving yesterday, and this morning's train, which was straight passenger and Pullman from Denver, instead of the regular mixed freight and passenger, brought in over 100 people.

The convention is one of the largest attended in years and all of the twenty-four counties are represented.
After the arrival of the train, and when the delegates had secured quarters, a meeting of the central committee was held in the parlors of the El Paso hotel. Chairman Hopewell presiding and Hon. A. B. Bonahan acting as secretary in the absence of Judge Laquinta, who was unable to come by reason of recent severe injury.

A temporary organization for the convention was named by the selection of Hon. Antonio Joseph of Yuma county as temporary chairman, and Hon. A. B. Bonahan of Santa Fe county as temporary secretary. Hon. E. C. de Baca of San Miguel county and A. Torres of Socorro county being chosen as interpreters.

The full convention for the nomination of a delegate to congress was assembled at Las Vegas by a unanimous vote, the date of the same being left to the discretion of the executive committee.

It was decided to call the convention to order in Merrill opera house promptly at 2 o'clock.

It was twenty minutes past 2 o'clock, however, when Chairman W. C. Hopewell formally called the convention to order, after which the official roll was read by Secretary Bonahan.

Chairman Hopewell then announced the personnel of the temporary organization as determined upon at the meeting of the central committee, and upon motion of Philadelpho Mack, a committee of three, consisting of Hon. Antonio Lucero of San Miguel county, Hon. H. C. Moore of Dona Ana county and Hon. H. J. Ferguson of Bernalillo county, was appointed to select the temporary chairman, Hon. Antonio Joseph, to the platform.

When this duty had been performed and the temporary officer introduced to the convention, Mr. Joseph made an appropriate speech, thanking the convention for the honor which had been conferred upon him, and expressing the strongest confidence in democratic success, both in the nation and in the territory next fall. He referred to the pressure which he gave to himself and the other delegates present to meet in Silver City, the county seat of the banner democratic county of New Mexico. Mr. Joseph spoke eloquently, and his remarks were interrupted by frequent applause, not only from the delegates, but also from the many outsiders with which the opera house was well filled.

Hon. Antonio Lucero of San Miguel county then moved that the convention proceed with the work of organization by the selection of a committee on credentials. The motion was carried, and after each action had been taken from J. A. Crist of Rio Arriba county suggested that all of the committee on credentials be named at the same time, in order to avoid unnecessary delay. A suggestion was placed as a motion before the convention and was carried.

The following committees were then named by the different county delegations:
Credentials—A. B. McMillen, J. F. Hutchinson, F. B. Crosson, Horton Moore, M. C. Stewart, J. W. Blinn, Philadelpho Mack, Paul Steyer, A. J. Clark, Eugene Romero, H. A. Morgan.

Permanent Organization and Rules

J. H. McCutcheon, M. M. Salazar, W. D. Ogle, Horton Moore, M. C. Stewart, John L. Burnside, Mr. Matson, Paul Meyer, A. J. Clark, Eugene Romero, O. M. Lee, E. H. Hildreth, H. H. Harkness, J. H. Crist, Antonio Lucero, Arthur Hageman, W. B. Hopewell, H. A. Pino, Juan Vigil, Pablo Lara y Sanchez, A. B. McMillen.

Resolutions—A. B. McMillen, M. M. Salazar, H. P. M. Bear, Horton Moore, J. C. Stewart, John H. Hargrave, E. C. de Baca, J. V. Hewitt, J. A. Mahoney, M. H. Harkness, J. L. Lawson, P. C. Matson, J. A. Hildreth, C. F. Kestley, J. H. Crist, W. B. Harkness, A. B. Bonahan, J. L. Pino, James Berry, Antonio Joseph, Pablo Lara y Sanchez, A. B. McMillen.

After the committees had been named Hon. H. M. Dougherty of Socorro county arose and stated that whenever it was impossible to comply with the business of the convention this afternoon, and in order that the delegates be given ample time to formulate their reports, that an adjournment be taken until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock. After some discussion the motion was carried, and at this writing the committee are in session.

DISTRICT COURT

VALENCIA COUNTY HORSE THIEF FOUND GUILTY—THE OUTRAGE MURDER TRIAL CALLED.

This morning, in the case of the Territory versus Desiderio Aguilera, charged with stealing a horse, the jury, after being out all night, returned a verdict of guilty as charged.

The case of the Territory versus W. H. Woodward, an employee of the Santa Fe company, charged with larceny from the Santa Fe railway company, was called for trial this morning, and the defendant failing to appear, the bond for his appearance was forfeited against the six or seven sureties.

The next case taken up was the case of the Territory versus Toribio Gutierrez, charged with the murder of Solomon Vallejos on the 9th day of August last, at Las Lunas, Valencia county. The first witness called was Doctor Witter of Las Lunas, who testified in detail to the shooting in which the defendant had deliberately shot the deceased with a rifle on the night in question, the ball entering at the groin, from the effect of which he died.

History of Horse Thief Case.
A long drawn out criminal case came to an end this morning by a verdict of "guilty as charged." The history of the case is as follows: Harry C. Bennett, a stockman living at Col. Francisco Chavez' ranch at Progress, bought a colt about three months old in 1903 from Spence Bros. He fed the colt on goat's milk until able to eat grass. Bennett removed from the Dolores ranch in Col. Chavez' ranch in 1903 bringing the colt with him, which had then grown very considerably and was as gentle as a pet lamb. In May, 1904, the horse disappeared and was not seen again until Desiderio Aguilera rode up to the Chavez ranch, quite drunk. Bennett demanded the horse, but Aguilera claimed that he had bought him and Bennett could get him for \$50. A suit was then instituted against Aguilera by Bennett for the horse, which was taken into possession by the constable of Pecos de Agua in Valencia county. The case was tried, a commission of three men appointed by the justice of the peace to examine the brands on the horse and the commission reported to the justice of the peace that the original brand on the left shoulder, H, which was Bennett's brand, had been altered and defaced thus, HP and that the hook on the upper end of the perpendicular bar had been put on subsequently and had still a scab and at the lower end the little cross bar had also been added and was fresh and had a scab still. Aguilera was indicted by the grand jury of Valencia county for defacing a brand. Subsequently Aguilera, through his attorney, E. V. Chavez, obtained a change of venue to Bernalillo county, and the first case tried was the indictment for defacing the brand, and at the last October, 1903, term of court was found "not guilty." The indictment for the larceny of the horse was tried at this April, 1904, term, and it was begun on Monday, the 11th day of April, and was concluded and given to the jury yesterday evening, the 12th instant. This morning the jury, after an all night consideration and additional instructions from the court, brought in a verdict of "guilty as charged."

This it is to be hoped will be a lesson to the stock thieves who made Aguilera's Balthus ranch headquarters and rendezvous for all stock thieves. Aguilera had a good story of his same stripe of people to testify for him, such as Teofilo Alperon, a brother-in-law, and a fugitive from justice in Lincoln county for nearly

ten years past; Espiridon Lucero, a cattle, sheep and horse thief; Venancio Grillo, Enrique Saez, Martin Ballagos and Ygnacio Sanchez, all of them thieves of sheep, cattle and horses.

NEW MEXICO IS SIGHTED

The Reclamation Service is Too Slow in Inaugurating Work in This Territory.

DELEGATE RODEY ANGRY

The statement that a career is to be determined by a caucus of reclamation members to be a primary Thursday evening. A special rule limiting debate and providing for a vote is expected as a result of the caucus.

Government Irrigation Works.
Progress has been made in the irrigation work of the government and is reviewed in the publication issued by the geological survey, which points out the necessity of great caution and conservatism in the extension of the reclamation work. It says that of the irrigation projects favorably reported on, which included those on the San Juan river in Arizona, on the Salt river in Montana, on the Sweet Water river in Wyoming, and on the Goshute river in Colorado, the Nevada and Arizona projects have been found feasible and construction on the engineering work has progressed to a reasonable extent. The Montana project, however, has presented unexpected engineering difficulties as well as complications regarding water rights, so the progress there is slow. It was found necessary to modify the first plans in order to achieve early results. The Wyoming project as first outlined was found impracticable. A better reservoir site has been discovered on the North Platte, so that a large system of development may be worked out there in the future. Grave engineering difficulties are encountered in the Colorado project. The amount of arid lands thereby reclaimed is less, than anticipated.

Approaching End of the Season.
The present session of congress will probably terminate on April 28, according to the opinion of the senators and representatives. The republican leaders of the senate anticipate holding a meeting of the steering committee some time during the early part of next week to arrange a general program for the remaining days of the session. No call for the meeting of the committee as yet has been issued, however.

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THE BIRTHDAY OF EXILED QUEEN

Vienna, April 14.—At Omander, in upper Austria, where she resides with her son, the Duke of Cumberland, the venerable Queen Marie of Hanover, observed her 84th birthday today. Queen Marie is a queen with a throne, for her husband was deposed nearly forty years ago, so that the greater part of her life has been spent in exile. She was 2, when she married the King of Hanover, in 1813, and she enjoyed being a queen for 46 years. In the war of 1866 Hanover sided against Prussia, and the Prussian King, afterwards Emperor William of Germany, the grandfather of the present emperor, revenged himself by deposing the Hanoverian monarch and exiling Hanover to Princess, Queen Marie has never forgiven the Hohenzollerns for depriving her of her seat on a throne, and it is due chiefly to her intrigues that her son, the Duke of Cumberland, refuses to abandon his claim to the throne of Hanover.

HE HAS ENOUGH

San Miguel County Democratic Delegate En Route.
Antonio Lucero, editor of the La Voz del Pueblo, published at Las Vegas, who attended the preliminaries of the territorial democratic convention at Silver City yesterday, passed through the city this morning, returning to the Meadow City.

He said that the convention opened with delegates from every county excepting Roosevelt and San Juan counties present, and the organization was completed with A. B. McMillen of Albuquerque as chairman. There was little strife displayed in the making up of the slate for the delegates to the national convention. They will be announced today. Silver City is taking care of the crowd admirably, and sanguine is in order. A republican representative is on the ground, and it was evident last night that the New Mexico delegation will be instructed by the New York paper man.

LEAP YEAR BALL GRAND SUCCESS

In the Elks' ball room and banquet hall last night the Leap Year ball was carried out to its fullest extent. A splendid exhibition of what the women would do if they were the pants took place. The dance did the honors admirably. Six society stellar

THE MISSOURI CATASTROPHE

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Pensacola, Fla., April 1.—Two more military cadets who were injured in the terrible explosion on board the battleship Missouri at target practice yesterday are dead. There is also one man of the torped crew missing from the ship. It is the general opinion that he was either blown overboard or else escaped from the turret and jumped overboard being seized with pain.

Experts say that the explosion was caused by a misfired gun, which fired the torpedoes back from the mouth of the gun and through the breech, thus igniting the powder charge being loaded. Officers of the vessel differ in their opinion as to the cause of the explosion, but the exact cause will never be known.

Impressive ceremonies were conducted over the graves of twenty-six men who died in the national cemetery at the navy yards. The bodies of five dead officers are being held here awaiting advice as to their burial or shipment.

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OF THE DREADFUL CATASTROPHE ON THE BATTLESHIP MISSOURI.

The Citizen reporter, knowing that P. Hanley, of this city, was the chief engineer of the United States battleship Missouri, during the war with Spain, down in Cuba, met that gentleman this morning, and in their conversation regarding the Missouri accident, he made the following interesting reference:

The Associated Press dispatches do not state what kind of powder was in use at the time the explosion took place, but from the fact that a similar explosion took place on board the Philadelphia, I conclude that it was brown prismatic powder.

In firing with brown powder, there remains a residuum throughout the entire gun, more especially in the powder chamber. Sometimes this residuum in the bottom of the powder chamber forms a solid substance, resembling molten sulphur, and this matter is usually not hot when you open the breech to get ready for reloading. Right there is where you sometimes get your accidents, and here is how it happens. The moment the breech is opened the spenglers wash off the mudroom and sponge out the powder chamber, the former with a marine sponge and the latter with a bristle sponge. If this is well done no accidents can happen, but sometimes the men slight this very important duty with the result that this molten mass spoken of before will not be cooled off, or there may be some burning pieces of cartridge case, which have not been put out by the sponging process.

After the shell has been put home the charges are put in, which in the case of a twelve-inch gun consist of three sections. The first section goes up against the shell and the third or last section goes up against the mudroom, that is you allow the breech block to send it home. If now there is any live matter in the powder chamber it is very apt to ignite your charge before you have time to close the breech block, and of course if your charge ignites before the breech is closed the gas will escape in the rear. Along with this gas will be numerous primers of powder which are like so many balls of fire and they will fall all over, igniting other charges which may be on hand ready for the next firing.

If the Missouri used smokeless powder then they will have to look elsewhere for the trouble, because smokeless powder leaves no residuum, but you may still have the fragments of burning cartridge cases, or you may have your charge ignited prematurely by the primer going off before the breech is closed.

However, I am quite sure you will know before long just how it happened. In cases of this kind it is usual for the captain of the ship or the commander-in-chief of the squadron to order a court of inquiry. These courts seldom fail to place the blame where it belongs.

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New York News Letter

New York, April 11.—The result of the Democratic primaries has caused considerable surprise in Democratic quarters, and nowhere was the surprise greater than among the Tammanyites. The vote disclosed an unexpected weakness and will probably have a strong tendency to diminish the prestige of the Tammany tiger as a political power in New York politics. The days of undisputed control seem to be over for Tammany Hall and the power of the giant organization seems to be on the wane. The climax of respectability introduced by the election of Mayor McChesney does not seem to agree with the Tammanyites, and the latter is looking its grip on the political situation.

The recent Democratic primaries were peculiar in many respects. As a rule the outcome of an election in which two or more contending parties oppose one another satisfies at least one of the contending parties. The result of the Democratic primaries, however, does not seem to be a source of genuine satisfaction to any one. Tammany Hall is not pleased, which is quite natural, as the result of the primaries practically means a victory for Hill, who is engineering the Parker boom. Murphy, the leader of Tammany, is decidedly displeased with the result, as it means a loss of prestige, which is quite serious under the present conditions. The Tammany voters, who favored Parker and placed themselves in open opposition to their leader, find the outcome of the primaries a rather sorry thing. It might be said that it amounted to cutting off the nose to spite the face. Mugwumpism seldom pays from a partisan standpoint. The Democrats outside of the Tammany ranks, who contributed to the success of Parker, although they are making a brave display of enthusiasm, are by no means as elated over the prospects of the future as might be assumed. It is satisfactory enough to give the Parker boom an energetic impetus, to set the ball rolling, so to say, by securing the election of a Parker delegation, but it is a different proposition altogether to saddle Hill as boss upon the Democratic party of New York. That is a bitter pill, the taste of which continues to linger in the mouths of the Parkerites, notwithstanding their elation over the defeat of the Tammany leader.

The discussions in the ranks of the Tammanyites are a sign of the times. They indicate clearly, that the great effort to resuscitate the spirit of the great organization, which for so many years held New York by the throat with an iron grip, has practically failed. It is evident, that a greater man than Murphy was required to maintain the rigorous discipline in the Tammany organization. In unity alone lies the strength of a party or faction. As soon as there are dissensions in the ranks, the organization loses not only actual power, but its prestige, which is frequently a good equivalent for actual power. There seems to be a decided lack of harmony of sentiment between Mayor McChesney, Murphy and the powerful family element of Tammany Hall. They seem to be at cross purposes and the prospects of a compromise seem to be very remote, if they exist at all.

The friends of the gamblers have given many a broad hint to Mayor McChesney, that he had done enough in the line of reform to satisfy public opinion and that it is about time to take into consideration the wishes and interests of his friends, by allowing them to legally raise the lid, but the mayor has not shown himself particularly eager to defer to the wishes of the green table fraternity. He has publicly stated, that he was determined to keep the lid down as long as he was at the head of the administration and that the lid would be kept down, before as well as after the election. He said, that his resolution had nothing to do with politics and would not be influenced in any way by political considerations. The worst feature of the situation, so far as the gamblers are concerned, is, that the mayor really seems to mean what he says.

The determined efforts of district attorney Jerome, to have a law passed by the legislature, which will enable him of making effective war against the gamblers in New York in general and Richard A. Cusfield in particular, are met with equally determined efforts of the gambling fraternity to prevent such legislation. Judging from the past history it is not particularly difficult to make the New York state legislature do anything, if the desire for certain action is backed up with a well filled purse. The gamblers, who are interested in this matter, seem to be well aware of the propensity of the legislature and were not slow in availing themselves of it. It is quite openly charged, that a purse of about hundred thousand dollars was made up between them, to which, possibly, a certain sportsy spirit of New York's aristocracy may have contributed his share and that a representative of the knights of the green cloth was dispatched—not to Albany, however—that would have been to conspicuous. He was sent to Troy and the legislators were given a hint of his presence in that town. What happened was that a regular procession of assemblymen migrated to Troy and back again, for the sole purpose of having a brief but remunerative interview with the aforesaid representative of the sporting fraternity. It is believed that aforesaid representatives will not have any

considerable part of the hundred thousand dollars left when he returns to Manhattan. The district attorney seems to have an inkling of the things that happened in Troy and has practically given up all hope of seeing him pass.

Here is a chance for Ben Akink to prove the correctness of his theory. The preliminary steps have been taken recently for organizing an enterprise, which is without parallel in the history of things mundane. The plan is, to publish daily papers on board of the great trans-Atlantic steamers. It is true, papers of a more or less humorous character have often been published on board of those liners, but never regular newspapers, containing the latest telegraphic news from day to day. According to the plan of the promoters printing plants, presses, editorial rooms, etc., in fact, everything necessary for getting out a modern newspaper shall be installed on every liner. Every day they are to receive the most important telegraphic news by wireless telegraphy, turning the first three days after sailing from New York and during the rest of the voyage from London. The plan is decidedly original and it is to be hoped that it will be carried out successfully.

The refusal of secretary Taft to resign the hearing, a matter of the request of the city of New York, for permission to extend the North river piers sufficiently to accommodate the largest liners, is a grave blow to the shipping interests of the city. It simply means, that owing to a lack of sufficient accommodations the trans-Atlantic steamship companies will be compelled to fit more suitable dockage somewhere else. An effort will be made to find some other way out of the difficulty.

John Alexander Dowle, who calls himself Kajah III, has evidently not given up all hope of being able to convert New York. His representatives haunt the various elevated railroads and distribute tracts among the passengers. Every night the car cleaners find a large number of these tracts under the seats.

Immigration promises to break all previous records this year. During the past week over twenty-four thousand migrants from various European countries arrived in this city and the steamer lines report an unusually brisk demand for steerage accommodations for many weeks ahead. The number of Russian Jews, who have arrived here during the past two or three weeks was enormous. It is stated that the increase in their emigration from Russia is partly due to the persecutions, partly to the anxiety of the Jews to escape military service. In spite of reports to the contrary the persecution of the Russian Jew does not seem to be very keen.

Best Cough Medicine for Children. When you buy a cough medicine for small children you want one in which you can place implicit confidence. You want one that not only relieves but cures. You want one that is unquestionably harmless. You want one that is pleasant to take. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy meets all of these conditions. There is nothing so good for the coughs and colds incident to childhood. It is also a certain preventive cure for croup, and there is no danger whatever from whooping cough when it is given. It has been used in many epidemics of that disease with perfect success. For sale by all druggists.

Alabama Grocers in Session. Birmingham, Ala., April 11.—About two hundred delegates representing nearly all local organizations were present today at the opening of the second annual convention of the Retail Grocers and General Merchants' association of Montgomery presided over by the secretary and other officers were present. The association was organized in 1903 and has since that time been making progress in increasing its membership since the initial convention held in Montgomery last year. The convention will be in session through tomorrow and in addition to discussing matters of interest to the trade it will listen to addresses by officers of the national association and other persons of prominence.

Robbed the Grave. A startling incident is narrated by John Oliver of Philadelphia, as follows: "I was in an awful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite, growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Then I was advised to use Electric Bitters; to my great joy, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. It's only 50 cents, guaranteed at all drug stores.

Troops Coming This Way. Next Saturday there will pass through Albuquerque two troops of the Fifth United States cavalry, which is en route traveling horseback, with full equipment, from Fort Logan, Colorado, to Fort Huachuca, Arizona.

Sour Stomach

No appetite, loss of strength, nervousness, headache, constipation, bad breath, general debility, sour risings, and catarrh of the stomach are all due to indigestion. Kodol cures indigestion. This new discovery represents the natural juices of digestion as they exist in a healthy stomach, combined with the greatest known tonic and reconstructive properties. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure does not only cure indigestion and dyspepsia, but this famous remedy cures all stomach troubles by cleansing, purifying, sweetening and strengthening the mucous membranes lining the stomach.

Dr. J. E. Hall, of Richmond, Va., says:—
"I was troubled with sour stomach for twenty years. Kodol cured me and we are now using it in our family."

Kodol Digests What You Eat.
Bottle only, 35¢. Six bottles 2.00. Money refunded if not cured. Sold by all druggists. Prepared by S. O. DAWITT & CO., CHICAGO.

zons. They spent Sunday and Monday at Las Vegas, leaving there this morning. The troops are B and G, and are in charge of Captain Gold and Captain Dallas respectively. In addition to the 130 officers and men in march, seven wagons, loaded with supplies, and one ambulance accompanies the cavalcade.

Taking Desperate Chances. It is true that many contract colds and recover from them without taking any prevention or treatment, and a knowledge of this fact leads others to take their chances instead of giving their colds the needed attention. It should be borne in mind that every cold weakens the lungs, lowers the vitality, makes the system less able to withstand each succeeding cold and paves the way for more serious diseases. Can you afford to take such desperate chances when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, famous for its cures of colds, can be had for a trifle? For sale by all druggists.

Chief Justice Joseph R. Reed of Council Bluffs, Iowa, and Associate Justice Henry C. Wilson of Wichita, Kansas, of the United States court of private land claims, passed through the city last night en route to Tucson, Arizona, where the last session of the United States court of private land claims for Arizona will convene tomorrow. There is but one case before it to be adjudicated, and that is the case of the Seneca land grant, with this the business of the court for the latter territory will close. Matt G. Reynolds of St. Louis, attorney for the court, is now at Tucson.

"Little Soldier." Thousands of lives sacrificed every year. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures little soldiers. Cures colds, coughs, croup, whooping cough, down to the very verge of consumption.

HOPEWELL ON RAILROADS

W. B. Hopewell, who was back on business, has returned to Santa Fe, and on the subject of railroads, the New Mexican says: As to the railroad situation, as his name implies, Mr. Hopewell has some hopeful news. He is now reasonably sure that actual construction work on the Albuquerque Eastern railroad from Moriarty station to Albuquerque a distance of forty-four miles will commence within a short time and that not many months will elapse before construction on other important branches contemplated by the Santa Fe Central railway will be commenced and prosecuted. As to the particular concerns these plans he would not talk, believing in this case that silence was golden and for the benefit of the projects which are under construction by certain capitalists who will visit New Mexico within the next thirty days for the purpose of looking carefully over the field and satisfying themselves personally as to the feasibility and money making results of the projects.

The Albuquerque Eastern, will, of course, be built in connection with the Hagan coal fields owned by the New Mexico Fuel and Iron company, as it has been demonstrated and that after two years' investigation, exploration and development that the coal in the Hagan coal fields is very extensive, will produce largely and that as good a quality as found in the United States. Considering the fact that capital has been very timid of late the outlook for the building of the Albuquerque Eastern and of other extensions contemplated is certainly remarkably good.

Save the Loved Ones! Mrs. Mary A. Vile, Newcastle, Col., writes: "I believe Ballard's Horehound Syrup is superior to any other cough medicine, and will do all that is claimed for it, and it is so pleasant to take. My little girl wants to take it when she has no need for it." Ballard's Horehound Syrup is the great cure for all pulmonary ailments. 25c and 50c at J. H. O'Reilly & Co.

Ivan Grunfeld, of the wholesale dry goods establishment of Grunfeld Bros., has gone west, and will make calls on the merchants of Gallup, Hotbrook, Winslow and other western towns.

OF INTEREST TO OLD SOLDIERS

Pension Orders Recently Promulgated by Commissioner Ware.

THE AGE LIMIT REDUCED

For the benefit of old soldiers living in New Mexico, and because the order of the commissioner of pensions with reference to age pensions is not yet in print, The Citizen takes pleasure in publishing the enclosed correspondence between Delegate Roddy and the commissioner of pensions. It will give him information to the old soldiers living in the territory as to what their rights are under the new famous order of the president and Commissioner Ware.

"Washington, April 2, 1904.
"Honorable R. B. Roddy, House of Representatives:
"Sir—In response to your attached communication of recent date, I have the honor to advise you that you will herewith find enclosed a copy of order 72, promulgated March 15, 1904, with reference to the adjudication of invalid claims arising under the provisions of section 2 of the act of May 9, 1900, and also, a circular letter explaining the benefits of said order. In this connection it is proper to state further that said order is now in the hands of the printer, and that as soon as a supply of the same has been received a number of copies of said order will be forwarded to you, if you will kindly renew your request at a later date and will specify the number desired.

Respectfully,
"R. F. WARE,
"Commissioner."
Washington, April 2, 1904.
"Sir—In response to your attached communication, you are advised that under the provisions of section 2 of the act of June 27, 1900, as amended by the act of May 9, 1900, any officer or enlisted man who served ninety days or more in the army or navy of the United States during the late war of rebellion and received an honorable discharge therefrom may be entitled to a pension as such, provided, he is now or may hereafter be suffering from any mental or physical disability or disabilities of the permanent character, not the result of his own vicious habits, which so incapacitates him from the performance of manual labor as to render him unable to earn a support.

"In the adjudication of invalid claims under said act, it is taken and considered as an evidential fact, if the contrary does not appear and if all other legal requirements are properly met, that when a claimant has reached the age of 62 years, he shall be regarded as disabled one-half in ability to perform manual labor and may be entitled to the minimum rating of \$6 per month; after 65 years of age to \$8 per month; after 68 years of age to \$10 per month, and after 70 years of age, to the maximum rating of \$12 per month. A declaration stating that the claimant is 62 years of age, 65 years, 68 years, or 70 years, as the case may be, is a sufficient allegation in cases of this kind, even if no other disabling cause is set forth but in all cases the exact date of birth should be stated.

"Allowances under said act at a higher rate, not exceeding \$12 per month, will continue to be made as heretofore, where disabilities, other than age, are shown a conclusion of inability to perform manual labor, but in no case can a pension exceed \$12 per month which is the maximum rate of invalid pensions provided for in said act and is not subject to increase in any case.

"This ruling will not take effect until April 13, 1904, and shall not be deemed retroactive, and declarations filed for the purpose of obtaining the benefits of said acts by reason of same should not be filed in this bureau prior to April 13, 1904. The former rules of the bureau fixing the minimum and maximum of 50 years and 75 years respectively are accordingly modified as above.

"Pensions granted under the provisions of section 2 of the act of June 27, 1900, as amended, whether affected by the late ruling or not are not in addition to pension allowed under any other law, as the law prohibiting the payment of more than one pension to a person for the same period.

"Very respectfully,
"R. F. WARE,
"Commissioner."
Washington, March 29, 1904.
Hon. Commissioner of Pensions, Washington, D. C.
Sir—Old soldiers at home are asking me the exact terms of the recent order said to have been issued by your department about age pensions, and I will be thankful for any information on the subject that you can give me, as I have several applications for it. With assurance of my high esteem, I am,
Sincerely yours,
"R. B. RODDY,
"Delegate in Congress from New Mexico."

THIN PEOPLE

want to get fat and fat people want to get thin—human nature. If you are fat don't take Scott's Emulsion. It will make you gain flesh. If you are thin Scott's Emulsion is just what you need. It is one of the greatest flesh producers known. Not temporary gains but healthy, solid flesh that will fill out the body where it is needed. There's nothing better than Scott's Emulsion for weakness and wasting.

Well, and you can easily live upon it. SCOTT & BOWNE, 400 West Street, New York.

is duly considered, and the aggregate of the disabilities shown to be rated; and
"Whereas, old age is an infirmity, the average nature and extent of which the experience of the pension bureau has established with reasonable certainty; and
"Whereas, by act of congress in 1887, when 30 years had elapsed after the Mexican war, all soldiers of said war who were over 50 years of age were placed on the pension roll; and
"Whereas, thirty-nine years will have elapsed on April 13, 1904, since the civil war and there are many survivors over 62 years of age.

"Now, therefore, ordered: (1) In the adjudication of pension claims under said act of June 27, 1900, as amended, it shall be taken and considered as an evidential fact, if the contrary does not appear, and if all other legal requirements are properly met, that when a claimant has reached the age of 62 years he is disabled one-half in ability to perform manual labor and is entitled to be rated at \$6 per month; after 65 years at \$8 per month; after 68 years at \$10 per month; after 70 years at \$12 per month.
"(2) Allowances at higher rate, not exceeding \$12 per month, will continue to be made as heretofore, where disabilities, other than age, are shown a conclusion of inability to perform manual labor.
"(3) This order shall take effect April 13, 1904, and shall not be deemed retroactive. The former rules of the office fixing the minimum and maximum at 50 years and 75 years respectively are hereby modified as above.

"R. F. WARE,
"Commissioner of Pensions."
"In response thereto, I have to state that our copy of the order has been approved by endorsement thereon and is herewith transmitted for the files of your office.
"Very respectfully,
"R. A. HITCHCOCK,
"Secretary."

Are You a Dyspeptic? If you are a dyspeptic you owe it to yourself and your friends to get well. Dyspepsia annoys the dyspeptic's friends because his disease shows disposition as well as his stomach. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure not only cures dyspepsia, indigestion and sour stomach, but this palatable, reconstructive tonic digests and strengthens the whole digestive apparatus, and sweeps the life as well as the stomach. When you get this Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, the food you eat is enjoyed, it is digested, assimilated and its nutrient properties appropriated by the blood and tissues. Health is the result. Sold by J. H. Briggs & Co., and S. Vann & Son.

NO! NOT BEAN.

JOHN PURCELL, OF TOPEKA, IN LINE TO SUCCEED G. R. JOUGH LINS AS MECHANICAL SUPERINTENDENT.

"The railroad editor of the San Bernardino Sun is as glibly as an old hand," said a prominent Santa Fe official this morning. "Apparently the San man has been told that Master Mechanic Dean of Albuquerque is not the man slated to succeed G. R. Joughlin," continued this Santa Fe official, "but still he blows his unwarmed horns of private tips, keeping the whole railroad population along the Santa Fe on the qui vive."

If Mr. Bean is to succeed Mr. Joughlin he doesn't know a thing about it, and furthermore, Mr. Bean doesn't want the job. Mr. Bean has charge of the best shops and is living in the best town on the Santa Fe system. The man in line for the promotion is a fellow likely to get it—that is if he wants it—is John Purcell, superintendent of the Santa Fe shops at Topeka. The company management has his name under consideration for the place, but there is a question as to whether or not he wants it.

The general master mechanicship by want has been desired, while freedom it is to prepare to advance the muscles and tissues intimately associated with parturition.

This business is for external application. By its use the parts are relaxed and enabled to withstand not only the actual strain brought to bear on them during accouchement, but also to rally from this strain and speedily regain their normal proportions and tonicity. It is not irritating to the most sensitive surfaces, and is applicable in all cases. It's not enough to call it Mother's Friend—it's the friend of the whole family. 50c, all druggists. Ask "Motherhood" free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

of the coast lines is so hard, heavy, steady, hard work and had newspaper reporters are a few of the disagreeable incidents encountered on the coast lines. If Mr. Purcell is not made mechanical superintendent of the coast lines he will—
"Given a salary equal to that received by the man in that position John Purcell is the man in line.

Have Left Santa Rita.—Herbert Dawson, formerly justice of the peace and postmaster at Santa Rita, with his wife, left for Colorado Springs where they will make their future home. It is understood that Mr. Dawson has accepted a good position from a large fuel company of the Colorado state. Mr. and Mrs. Dawson were last seen in Santa Rita where they have been popular residents for the last six years, and where Mr. Dawson has been identified with everything pertaining to the upbuilding of that camp.

Small Wreck has brought the furniture and household effects of the Dawson and will move his family next week from Silver City to Santa Rita where they will occupy the Dawson home.

Walks Without Crutches. I was much afflicted with sciatica, writes Ed. C. Noll, lawville, Sedgewick county, Kansas, "going about on crutches and suffering a deal of pain. I was induced to try Ballard's Snow Liniment, which relieved me. I used three bottles. It is the greatest liniment I ever used. Have recommended it to a number of persons. All express themselves as being benefited by it. I now walk without crutches, able to perform a great deal of light labor on the farm. The box and \$1.00 at J. H. O'Reilly & Co., Inc."

ANOTHER ORDER.

POSTED AT THE LOCAL SHOPS BUT IT IS NOT RELISHED. The new order posted at the shops yesterday radiating the machinery to the same effect, it is said, they do damage to company property at least \$500,000 in damages to the machinery. The company they will promptly be arrested and punished, as not covered with the best of grace by the men.

In fact some of the men declared that the company was robbing it in and threw down their tools and asked for their time.

It is believed that the issuance of these orders will be "the straw that broke the camel's back" and that the strike will be declared within twenty-four hours.

It appears that the company is anxious that the machinists do strike. It has been coming a long time and they desire to have it done and over with before the St. Louis fair rush of traffic begins this fall.

Makes a Clean Sweep. There's nothing like doing a thing thoroughly. Of all the sales you ever heard of, Bucklin's Arnica Salve is the best. It sweeps away and cures burns, sores, bruises, cuts, boils, ulcers, skin eruptions and piles. It's only 25c, and guaranteed to give satisfaction by all druggists.

Peach Springs Railroad to Canyon.—The Grand Canyon north of Peach Springs is at last to be connected by rail with the outer world. Last week Delegate Wilson, of Arizona, introduced a resolution in congress granting to the Peach Springs and Colorado River railroad company a right-of-way through the Walapai Indian reservation. It is proposed to build a trolley line from Peach Springs into Diamond Canyon and operate it solely for sight-seeing in the sublime depths of nature's greatest wonder—the Grand and diamond canyons. At the point where the railroad reaches the canyon Major Powell reports that the sublime sights and deepest gorge of the whole canyon exist. A railroad from Peach Springs will reach the canyon in twenty miles, as against seventy miles from Williams, and should be a paying proposition. In the canyon country are also immense bodies of rich copper ores that cannot be handled under present conditions.

Half the ill that man is heir to comes from indigestion. Burdock's Blood Bitters strengthens and tones the stomach; makes indigestion impossible.

The Southern Pacific road is taking very radical action in its efforts to have its vacant lands in Texas and Louisiana settled up as rapidly as possible. It has announced its intention of throwing these lands open to free settlement on condition that the settlers agree not to sell the lands, but to occupy them and make them productive immediately.

There will be a regular meeting of the Red Men tomorrow, initiation and refreshments. All members urged to attend. Order of March, George A. Blake.

LIVES DEARER THAN OUR VERY OWN

How many lives dearer to us than our very own have been placed in needless jeopardy by failure to provide against and forestall the great suffering which too frequently accompanies and follows the bearing of children? That we would do anything within our power to obviate the possibility of such an happening is too patent to admit of question; therefore, mark well this fact—a salient, a lifesaver.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

By want has been desired, while freedom it is to prepare to advance the muscles and tissues intimately associated with parturition.

This business is for external application. By its use the parts are relaxed and enabled to withstand not only the actual strain brought to bear on them during accouchement, but also to rally from this strain and speedily regain their normal proportions and tonicity. It is not irritating to the most sensitive surfaces, and is applicable in all cases. It's not enough to call it Mother's Friend—it's the friend of the whole family. 50c, all druggists. Ask "Motherhood" free.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

EDITOR FURLONG

Failure at Residence

FUNERAL TOMORROW MORNING

James Jackson Furlong died suddenly, of heart failure, last evening shortly after 1 o'clock at his home, No. 322 South Broadway, was in his 60th year, having passed from our midst a devoted and successful railroad conductor, a kind father and a good citizen, a man respected by all who knew him.

At 6:30 o'clock last night Constable Furlong reported at the Santa Fe office to start up to go out on train No. 1 to Winslow, the end of his run. He chafing pleasantly with friends and seemed in the best of spirits. He returned home to change his street coat for a train suit, but while making the change, entered the toilet room, fastening the door. There was a thud in the room as a heavy body falling on the floor. The door was broken open and Conductor Furlong lay face downward on the floor dead. Doctors were summoned, but life was extinct when they arrived.

Conductor Furlong was born in Louisiana and was 41 years of age. He began his railroad career some twenty years ago on the Texas Pacific. For sixteen years he has been in the train service of the Santa Fe. The last of this time running a train. A wife and three children, the oldest 10 years of age, survive him. He was a member of the Order of Railroad Conductors and a member of the society of Knights of Columbus. The latter organization will have charge of the funeral services, and with an escort of the former organization will attend the service in a body.

The remains and casket of mourners will leave the residence at 3:15 tomorrow morning, the service taking place at 10 o'clock. High mass will be said by Rev. Father Mandalaris. Interment will be made at Santa Barbara cemetery. The pall bearers will be: O. N. Maroon, P. P. McCanna, A. Gargan, of the Knights of Columbus, and S. D. Hoady, J. R. Tingley and F. A. Noll, of the Order of Railroad Conductors.

DISTRICT COURT

VERDICT OF GUILTY AGAINST ROMAN B. JOHNSON—A PICK-POCKET ON TRIAL.

Yesterday afternoon the District court was engaged in trying the case of the territory against Roman B. Johnson, charged with larceny from the dwelling of one Jose Manuel of \$20. Both the prosecuting witness and the defendant are government educated Apaches. The story of the prosecuting witness was a long story of Damon and Pythias, turned upside down. The defendant had been employed as night watchman at the Indian school, which position he lost last summer because of his fondness for liquor and the prosecuting witness got his place, and rather than see one of his own tribe in want permitted him to share his room at the Indian school, and while the officials kept raised the pantry in the interior of his friend's appetite. On one day last November the prosecuting witness possessed some \$20, which he left in his clothing hanging on the wall, and while he went on his beat watching for thieves in behalf of the government, his friend, he claims, watched his chance to appropriate his \$20. At any rate it happened in his room about 4 o'clock that morning and found both the money and his friend, none, and hastening after him, he reached the Midway resort of Pete Hadenor. Just in time to see one of his own kind change into silver, and thereupon as he had his first-while crowd arrested. The defendant claimed that he had received this money from his wife, one Inez Bixler, who is now living in Ohio, and that he had only had it a few days, as to this fact the territory introduced witnesses to prove that the defendant had told the officer arresting him and others that he had the money for some months, though the defendant admitted that he had shortly before borrowed money from his friend and attempted to borrow from others. Mr. Johnson defended, and the jury this morning returned a verdict of guilty as charged.

Pete Sanchez, who got one foot out of jail the early part of the week, when tried upon the charge of highway robbery of Mrs. Gutierrez at the station last October, was tried this morning on the charge of having made an assault with intent to rob Mr. William P. Clarke, industrial agent of the Santa Fe Central, of his watch at the Midway last fall time. The only testimony presented by the territory was that of the prosecuting witness that while attending the celebration here he felt a rugging at his watch chain, and discovered the defendant making an effort to relieve him of his belongings, when he grabbed him and turned him over to an officer. Mr. Clarke evidently expected some such treatment here, as he had provided himself with two watches, but it required more of an expert than a citizen of Old Mexico to part him from either of them.

The defendant denied that he was in the Midway at all, or that he ever came in contact with Mr. Clarke there, or anywhere else.

The Santa Fe Pacific railroad is having bad luck with the water plant at Badila. Last week the pipe broke letting half the pipe including the working barrel fall to the bottom of the well.

Territorial Topics

Patron's Day at Deming.—Last Friday was Patron's Day at the Deming school and the interest which the people take in the schools was exhibited in the number who attended the entertainment given in the afternoon. A very nice program was rendered and the exhibit of school work which is to go to the St. Louis exposition was viewed by the visitors before being boxed up for shipment.

Forest Reserve Matters.—Superintendent R. C. McClure has received authority from the department to increase the ranger force from six to eight men, and Aaron Clark and J. W. Gresham have been appointed and will report upon their duties during the present week. On May 1 the force will be increased to thirteen men and will so remain during the summer months. R. E. Wright, recently transferred from the Lincoln county reserve to the Gila river reserve, has resigned his position.

A Little Girl Dangerously Ill.—Little Helen Wyman, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank K. Wyman, is now lying dangerously ill with a complication of troubles that are proving difficult to overcome, says the Deming Headlight. Poor little Helen Wyman is a bright, lively little girl and the favorite of all who know her and the thought of her suffering day and night can't but sadden the hearts of all. God grant that the dear little child may soon be well again in the arms of her family.

Deming's Sick.—A number of Deming citizens have within the past week been stricken with various ailments and that quite seriously. Those who have been laid up with rheumatism for several days past, and are confined to their beds, being unable to move or help themselves to any extent. Last Tuesday night Walter H. Gunder, treasurer and collector of Luna county, was taken very sick with what threatens to develop into pneumonia. Mr. Gunder, while a very sick man, is slowly gaining and it is believed by his physician will recover in time.

Chico Springs Sanatorium.—A Colfax county institution that is making an enviable reputation for itself both at home and abroad is the Chico Springs sanatorium, of which H. B. Masten is medical superintendent, says the Hater Reporter. The location seems to be an especially favored one in the way of natural advantages, and the facilities for treatment and entertainment of patients are equal to those of many larger institutions.

In addition to the main building, which is built almost entirely of brown sandstone and large enough to accommodate about twenty patients, a number of casita or tent cottages are being erected this spring for patients who wish to enjoy the advantages and escape the discomforts of the ordinary tent.

DEMING'S FIRE

SUNDAY NIGHT'S BLAZE TOOK BIRTRONG'S SALOON AND OTHER BUILDINGS ON SILVER AVENUE.

Last Sunday evening at about 11 o'clock the fire alarm was given and our citizens warned that the fire had been again at work in our city, says the Deming Graphic. This time it was the saloon of T. B. Hirtong which was burning and the fire had made such progress before being discovered that the people in the building barely escaped with their lives, some even leaving their hats and shoes in their haste to get out before the roof should fall in. The fire spread to the residence property of Mr. A. M. Little just north of the saloon, and that also was destroyed with most of its contents, but its farther spread was checked by the fire department who did good work with the new fire engine, which did duty that night for the first time.

The buildings belonged to Mr. Little and he was the heaviest loser, estimating his loss at about \$5,000. Mr. Hirtong also lost his entire stock of liquors and furniture of the saloon and lodging house, while the Chinese man who had a restaurant in the same building lost everything including \$300 in money which he lost on the table while trying to save other things.

This, like other fires in the town, proves the great danger in the practice of throwing out paper and other inflammable material to blow about the street and lodge against bushes, fences and other objects where a spark may reach it and in a moment the fire will be beyond control. This practice should be done away with, and there should be a watchman provided to patrol the town on windy days and see that there is no fire where it would be in any danger of reaching buildings as such a precaution might save a large part of the town at some time.

Chinese to be Deported.—Last week two more Chinese were tried before United States Commissioner D. Y. McKays for being in this country illegally and were ordered deported. A man came to Mr. McKays on Monday from P. S. P., of Columbus, stating that two Chinese had passed that place going toward Deming. Chinese Inspector J. J. Bonner was notified at once and started out to intercept them, which he succeeded in doing on Tuesday morning and brought them in that day from George Watkins ranch south of town where they stopped to ask for food. The trial was held on Saturday and they offered no evidence as to their right to be in the

United States, they will return to the country at the expense of their own government.

We have great respect for the citizenship of the Chinese race and for the superior civilization of the United States over any other country in the world, but it does look to us that in the case of the Chinese exclusion act, the heathen Chinese has all the best on us. All the thrifty gentlemen who have made a stake in Mexico have to do when they get ready to pay a visit to their native land, is to send his money home and deliberately walk across the line into the United States where he will be taken in charge of by one of our officers and after having a trial is sent to China, and Uncle Sam has to pay the freight.

MEXICAN BARBER STABBED

A special dispatch from Clayton, N. M., to the Denver News, says: John Campbell, a Mexican barber who has been working at the El Comodo hotel barber shop, was stabbed today by Trinidad Trujillo, from Canon de Las Vegas. The doctors say Campbell cannot live. He is wounded under the heart and in the back, into the left kidney. Campbell was formerly from Las Vegas, N. M., and his brother is jailer at that place.

Corner Stone of New Methodist Church at Silver City.—The cornerstone to the new Methodist church will be laid next Monday afternoon, April 18, says the Silver City Independent. The Grand Masonic order will have charge of the exercises and an address will be delivered by Rev. A. P. Morrison, D. D., on behalf of the New Mexican English mission and the church in general. Hon. H. C. McClure on behalf of the board of trustees and Judge C. Bennett for the Masonic fraternity. In the vault in the corner stone will be placed many documents of historical interest, such as a history of Asbury church from its organization to the present time, prepared by John M. Ginn, the names of the church members, etc. Music will be rendered under the direction of C. H. Hickman, chorister. After the exercises supper will be served in the Pickett building by the Epworth league at 50 cents. The time for the exercises will be 7 o'clock. Everyone should attend and enjoy them.

SANTA FE NOTES

Miss Grace Kennedy is seriously ill at her home at Miss McQuarrie's on Upper Palace avenue, with an attack of peritonitis.

W. J. Slaughter, who has been appointed janitor of the New Mexico building at the Louisiana Purchase exposition at St. Louis, expects to leave in a few days for the Mount City to assume the duties of the place.

Mrs. Hubbard of Boston, Massachusetts, is expected to arrive in the city to spend the summer with her daughter, Miss Anna L. Hubbard, who is a sojourner at the Summit Tent City and has spent the winter here.

An epidemic of diphtheria is reported to be raging at Pena Blanca and two deaths have occurred thus far. There have been a number of cases at San Ildefonso, but they are now on the decrease.

Dr. and Mrs. L. E. Chamberlain and Miss Bora Stafford of Topeka arrived in the city and will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. V. Stafford for ten days, after which Dr. and Mrs. Chamberlain will continue their journey to California and Miss Stafford will visit other parts of the territory. The doctor is a cousin of Mr. Stafford and Miss Stafford is his sister.

Superintendent Clinton J. Grandall returned from a trip to the Pueblos of Tesuque and Nampe. He reports that the Nampe and Tesuque rivers are dry, and as there is no snow in the mountains where these streams have their source, the prospects for water for irrigation purposes during the coming season are very poor. There is plenty of water, however, in the Rio Grande around Santa Clara and San Ildefonso. Fruit trees in the Rio Grande valley are in full bloom.

PROSECUTION IS BEING MADE.

MURDER OF BRUCE JONES FOR TRIAL IN PROGRESS AT LAS VEGAS.

The Bruce Jones murder trial is progressing at Las Vegas and considerable evidence has been heard. Jones killed Ernest Howell in Hillburn's saloon, near Alamogordo, on May 8 last and the case was brought to Las Vegas for trial on a charge of venue.

A jury was not secured in the case till noon Wednesday, and the afternoon was occupied with the taking of evidence for the prosecution.

Dr. J. E. Gilbert was the first witness Wednesday. Dr. Gilbert was called by the coroner's jury to make an examination of the body of Ernest Howell, whom Jones killed at Alamogordo. He says he found a bullet wound passing in at the back of the chest, at the left of the spine, passing through the eighth rib, cutting two-thirds of the rib in two, and thence upward, outward and forward and through the lower and back portion of the left lung, cutting the lower half of the second rib behind the central cartilage, causing death.

James H. Howell, brother of the deceased, was the second witness. He was called to give a description of his brother and to prove corpus delicti. Sheriff Hunter was next. His testi-

mony was that he was called to Hillburn's saloon on the morning of the 8th of May, between 5 and 6 o'clock, and found Ernest Howell, the deceased, lying on his stomach on the ground outside the saloon. He said he found a bullet wound in the back of the head near the ear of the dead man. He found a man's clothes and gun were used in evidence.

Court adjourned at 3:30 to attend the funeral of Fred T. Wyle, a guest of the prosecuting attorney. J. E. Wyle, who died the previous night, rather suddenly, having had a hemorrhage of the lungs.

A night session was held Wednesday night, commencing at 8 o'clock. Dr. Howell was called for information as to the wound and cause of death. Law Bailey and Campbell were each put on the stand. They testified that they had been with the deceased on the night of May 7; that they had left Hillburn's saloon and had carried to drive to town; that the deceased had got out of the wagon to go down, stating that he did not want to go. He would not come with them, they let him stay and sleep off what he had drunk, first searching him for valuables so he would not be robbed if found. The object of their testimony was to prove that he was unarmed when he returned to the saloon.

Other witnesses for the prosecution are being heard.

OFFICIAL MATTERS

Notaries Public Appointed. Governor Otero appointed the following notaries public: Octaviano J. Jones of Alamogordo for Otero county, and Charles E. Knight of Sanchez for San Miguel county.

Territorial Funds Received. Territorial Treasurer J. H. Vaughn received the following public funds: From W. G. Clark, treasurer and ex-officio collector of San Juan county, \$133.92 taxes for 1902. From Donald Stewart, treasurer and ex-officio collector of Quay county, \$554 taxes for 1902 and \$24.98 for taxes for 1903.

Townships in Valencia County Temporarily Withdrawn From Entry. Register M. A. Otero and Receiver Fred Miller received the following telegram: "From Washington, D. C., April 12, 1904, to the register and receiver, Santa Fe, N. M.: Department directs temporary withdrawal from entry and settlement of townships 8, 9 and 10 north, ranges 4, 5 and 6 west, and townships 8, 9 and 10 north, range 7 west. (Signed) W. A. Richards, commissioner." These townships are situated in Western Valencia county and along the line of the Santa Fe Pacific railway and in the vicinity of the towns of Cuervo and Laguna.

FLAGSTAFF.

From the Sun. R. E. Conroy and Charles J. Hahner have gone to Cave Creek to look after their brands of sheep in that locality.

Mrs. Hugh E. Campbell and children returned home this week from Los Angeles, where they have been spending the winter.

A. H. Bradley came up from the lower country Saturday, and says the heady land of sheep is now on the way to the mountain range, and will be the first to return to the forest reserve.

Jack Arnold is a successful hunter of the smaller animals that trouble the rancher. Monday he brought in eighteen coyote skins, five wolf hides and eight wild cat skins, which he turned over to the board of supervisors and received the bounty.

Mrs. E. Wilson, who has been suffering for more than two months with typhoid fever followed by congestion of the brain, is now slowly recovering but is not able to sit up yet. Her adopted son hurt his ankle a few days ago, resulting in blood poisoning, which has caused him a great deal of suffering. The surgeon has lanced it several times, but it is still badly swollen.

From the Sun. Frank Payne, formerly of Indianapolis, is now in charge of the bar at the Weatherford hotel.

Jack Butler, who has been acting as guide at the Grand Canyon, has been visiting here this week.

Flagstaff cast more votes at her municipal election than any town in the southwest between Albuquerque and Los Angeles. T. E. Pulliam, an old time resident of this place, returned Sunday. He will make his future home, but his family, who are in Los Angeles, will not return here until fall.

Work on the addition to Hubbert's mercantile building is progressing fast. When completed it will not only contain more floor space than any building in Arizona, but will surpass in dimensions and building work of Kansas City.

BOY MEETS HORRIBLE DEATH

THROWN AND DRAGGED FOR OVER A QUARTER OF A MILE BY BRONCHO HE WAS RIDING.

On the road between Parkview and the Huerfano Apache Indian reservation on Friday, April 8, last, Francis W. Baskins, a boy fourteen years old, met a most horrible death when riding a broncho. He was thrown, his foot caught in the stirrup and he was dragged by the frantic horse for about a quarter of a mile when he was released. His life was extinct. The body was terribly mangled. The funeral took place at Parkview last Saturday.

After Day Observed. Columbus, O., April 15.—In response to the proclamation of Governor Hecker, Thursday day was generally observed throughout Ohio today by transplanting and special exercises under the auspices of the public schools and colleges.

ALKALI BILL'S PET.

A CUB MOUNTAIN LION SENT TO SENATOR FORAKER FROM LORDSBURG CRATES SENSATION IN CINCINNATI.

Hart Burke, of Lordsburg captured a cub mountain lion in the Huerfano mountains. The cub was taken to the Burke ranch, where it was nourished to a strong animal of six months' growth. One day last week Marshal C. M. Foraker if the lion wouldn't be a nice present to Senator Foraker of Ohio, and receiving a reply in the affirmative, boxed it up and sent it by express, addressed to "Foraker, Cincinnati." That was all. It arrived safely at its destination, and is what the Cincinnati Times-Star says about it.

The business placidity of the Traction building was very violently disturbed on Tuesday by the presence of a mountain lion. The fact that the cub was less than six months old did not detract from the fact that it managed to create nothing short of a sensation. Secretary Walter Draper of the Zoo was notified by letter some time ago that C. M. Foraker was not at Albuquerque, N. M., a brother of Senator Foraker, was anxious to present to the Zoo one of the species so well known and so distinctly liked in that country. The lion arrived here Tuesday morning. Mr. Foraker evidently wishing to carry out a last purpose, simply addressed the lion to Foraker, Cincinnati. Then followed on the outside of the box this inscription:

"If you want any more wild animals we will send you all you want in a short time. Also if you want the box the lion is in, we will send it by the next train."

The lion arrived in due time Tuesday morning and the express people, not knowing what to do with it, sent it at once to the Traction building. Alkali Hills lion is not a thing of strength or brawn. On the contrary, it was an exceedingly frail covering for such a ferocious looking little beast. The expressman, with thoughts that he knew to himself, first took it to the office of Mr. J. H. Foraker, on the fifth floor. The animal, that arises from an incarcerated mountain lion after a trip from New Mexico is not a star rose. Every creak and squeak of the lion's office to a man and woman denied the possibility of the lion's destination there. The expressman, in dire distress, took the lion up to the fourth floor door to Mr. J. H. Foraker's office. There, also, the mid-looking and much disconcerted beast was denied admission. By the time, however, the patience of the expressman had wilted and he dropped the lion with more force than gentleness in the hall. A few people came and looked at the little brute with much interest, and one or two of them observed that two of the most lions on one side of the box were loose and likely to fall apart. These persons took an express elevator to the lower floor. Others, more daring, with the hardihood to withstand strong scents, crowded around the box and made much comment. About the noon hour the animal had become a thing of large notoriety all through the building. Girl stenographers and typewriters, not only employed there, but in the Union Trust and other office buildings round about, came over after the luncheon hour to view what they were at first disposed to describe as a

"Very Cute Little Beast."

It was but a few moments before 1 o'clock, however, when Mr. Mountain Lion lost all of his attraction for everybody on the fourth floor of the Traction building. Somebody in addition to the expressman had forgotten that mountain lions sometimes feed, and also to drink. Mr. Mountain Lion, realizing that he had been left to starve, and finding the lions alone, decided to explore the top floor of the skyscraper. The feline of one official in the building accounts for the fact that business still continues there on Tuesday. The lion was about half way out, and the typewriters, forgetting all about the elevators, were hurrying down the steps in a stampede, when the watchman pushed the lion back in the box and nailed it in securely. The fact that some of the firm on the top floor of the building are without typewriters for a time can be readily understood. The escape of a mountain lion is not a pleasant, and no word of health would knowingly stand for the scent that now permeates that corridor. Mr. Draper, in much trepidation, having had the two Messrs. Foraker down the lion, appeared to the express company to send the beast to the Zoo. This suggestion was treated with contempt, and at last reports Mr. Draper was vainly searching for an expressman who has the daring to take a large, half-grown mountain lion out to the Zoo in something that is not quite so strong as a strawberry crate.

NEW MEXICO POSTOFFICES

IT HAS MORE THAN THE STATES OF UTAH, WYOMING, DELAWARE OR RHODE ISLAND.

There were 336 postoffices in New Mexico on March 15, 1904. On June 30, 1903, there were 357, the year preceding 372; in 1901 there were 329, the year before at 322, in 1899, 312; in 1898, 310, and in 1897, 304. There are 130 money order offices in the territory at present. There are five second class offices with rank at following: Albuquerque, Las Vegas, Santa Fe, Roswell and Raton. This rank will not be disturbed by the rating which will be given these offices on March 21, of this year except that Roswell will pass Santa Fe, Alamo-

gordo will be advanced from the third to the second class. The third class offices of the territory at present rank as follows: Alamogordo, Silver City, Carlsbad, Deming, Gallup, Las Cruces, Clayton, Portales, Tularosa, Socorro and Springer. During the last three months twelve new postoffices have been established in New Mexico, one re-established, Escondido, Socorro county, and ten abolished while one, Exter, Union county, had its name changed to Valley. The new postoffices established are: San Juan county, Pendleton and Crystal; Roosevelt county, Arco and Lanigan; Otero county, Avis; San Miguel county, Corazon; Bandolero county, Harlan; Lincoln county, Alamo; Quay county, Moore; Valencia county, Progreso; Taos county, Talpa. The postoffices discontinued are: San Miguel county, Cahua, Gailton, Hot Springs and Jarden; Luna county, Cybar; Bernalillo county, Escobedo; Grant county, Georgetown; Dona Ana, Madero; Valencia county, Valencia; Colfax county, Vanderlika. Socorro county leads with the number of postoffices, 28; Rio Arriba and San Miguel counties each have 25 postoffices and then come the other counties in the following order: Valencia 22; Alameda and Grant each 19; Santa Fe; San Juan and Bernalillo each 18; Mora 15; Dona Ana 13; Sierra, Leonard Wood and Bernalillo each 12; Otero 11; McKinley 10; Chavez, Eddy and Luna each 8; and Quay and Roosevelt each 7.

The following states and territories have fewer postoffices: New Mexico, 336; Wyoming 329; Utah 320; Arizona 267; Nevada 186; Rhode Island 137; Delaware 161; Alaska 108; Hawaii 92; Porto Rico 81.

MISS NELLIE H. POTTER

HER DEATH EARLY THIS MORNING AFTER SHORT ILLNESS WITH PNEUMONIA.

This morning ten minutes before 8 o'clock, Miss Nellie H. Potter, one of the Santa Fe sisters, photographers on the main avenue, succumbed to an acute case of pneumonia, after having been sick only a few days last Thursday.

Miss Potter was born in Muskegon, Mich. Accompanied by her parents and a sister she came to Albuquerque in December a year ago. Two weeks prior to her death the deceased took a slight cold. On Thursday of last week she felt herself going about the house. The symptoms of pneumonia followed and until Saturday her condition increased in violence, then there came a change for the better, and up and about the chances of her ultimate recovery were good. At 9 o'clock last night there was a perceptible change in her condition, and from that time on nothing could check the disease, and her lungs gradually became solid.

Miss Potter was a member of the Congregational church and a teacher of a primary class in the Congregational Sunday school.

The remains will be taken to Los Angeles for interment.

WANTS INFORMATION.

Miss Iustine Jones writes from Franklin, Ohio, concerning the whereabouts of her brother, L. A. Jones, who left home for Las Vegas the 13th of last February, says the Optic. His family heard from him once and since have been unable to learn of his whereabouts. Mr. Jones was in very poor health and his family is decidedly uneasy. Mr. Jones is a Pythian, but as far as known did not make the acquaintance of any of the lodge members here. A letter was received by the postmaster today and turned over to Saul Rosenthal.

OFFICIAL MATTERS.

Senator W. H. Andrews, president of the Santa Fe Central railway, has managed to obtain quite a quantity of seeds which he is sending to settlers and farmers along the line of the Santa Fe Central railway and to other persons in the territory needing them and whose addresses are furnished Frank Dier, assistant treasurer of the Santa Fe Central railway in Santa Fe. These seeds are sent out under the frank of Senator Matthew Stanley Quay of Pennsylvania, and as Delegate Rodney's supply is very small this action on the part of Senator Andrews is very acceptable and greatly appreciated by the people of this territory.

Territorial Funds.

Territorial Treasurer J. H. Vaughn received the following public funds: From J. W. Reynolds, territorial secretary, \$4,925, for corporation filings for the quarter ending March 31.

From George W. Knebel, treasurer and ex-officio collector of Santa Fe county, \$15.54 taxes for 1902, and \$207.97 taxes for 1903.

Hearing Closed.

The hearing of the case of Kinsler versus Lumber, involving the priority right to lease of section 16, township 11 south, range 15 east, was closed by the territorial land board after an all day session Monday, and the decision will likely be rendered in the May session of the board. The testimony is very voluminous and is now being written out.

Base Ball League.

Some base ball enthusiasts were here last week attempting to arrange with W. K. Fowler for the formation of a southwestern base ball league which will embrace El Paso, Albuquerque, Tucson, Deming, Clifton, Silver City, Fort Huachuca and other smaller places. The agreement will be the playing of no professional and no men who have been residents of a town less than ninety days. Preparations for the formation of such a league are already being made and it is hoped that it will prove a success. Silver City independent.

Railroad Topics

A. G. Kennedy, chief engineer of the Santa Fe Central, who was here on business, has returned to the capital city.

There are about one hundred new cars for the Mexican Central in the Santa Fe yards at El Paso awaiting clearance through the Mexican customs house.

Effective on May 1st, the Southern Pacific will raise its second-class passenger rates to San Francisco from \$28 to \$30. The second-class rates to Los Angeles and points this side will remain \$25.

It is announced that plans have been completed for a new Santa Fe depot at Florence, Kansas. The old depot at that place was burned to the ground a short time ago and since then Florence people have been compelled to content themselves with a box car.

A new Glendora booklet just issued by General Passenger Agent A. N. Brown, of the El Paso-Northeastern system, is a beauty to behold, to say the least. The book is well illustrated and also contains a work of some reading matter, descriptive of that resort.

John P. Leighton yesterday resigned his position as an employee of the mainline department of the local railway shops, and on tomorrow night he will leave for Alamogordo, where he will connect himself with the shops there of the El Paso & North American road. Mr. Leighton has been an employee of the local shops for seventeen years, and is therefore an outliner. Many friends regret to see him leave the city. Mr. Leighton and two children will remain here until Mr. Leighton gets settled at Alamogordo.

Rebuild Freight Depot.—Superintendent McQuarrie of the Santa Fe and Jones of the Southern Pacific met at Denver by agreement the early part of last week and agreed upon the building of a new freight depot at once. The new structure will be built on the Santa Fe company on the vacant space between the two companies' tracks and twenty feet west of the western line of third avenue. Both of the companies' offices will front east and be side by side, instead of opposite ends as formerly. The work of construction will begin as soon as the material can be gotten together.

Yardmaster Killed.—M. G. Marsh, yardmaster of the Phoenix & Eastern and Santa Fe, Prescott & Phoenix railways, and conductor of the Phoenix train on the former line, was accidentally and instantly killed in the Phoenix yards yesterday morning about 7:30 by getting one of his feet caught in the frog of a switch while he was uncoupling two cars of a slowly moving freight train, says the Phoenix Republican. The accident was one of many of the same nature by which railroad men have lost their lives. A faithful conductor was careless of the danger, and stepped between the cars to make the uncoupling instead of standing outside and using the mechanical safety appliance.

Preparing for the Strikers.—News from Santa Fe towns at all points along the line indicate that there is much interest, verging on excitement, regarding the possibility of a general strike of the machinists, says the Las Vegas State Journal.

At many points the Santa Fe is wearing in large numbers of deputy sheriffs for the purpose, supposedly of protecting their shops from violence. They evidently fear that one of the first things the strikers would do in case of trouble would be to cripple the machinery in some way, as has been done in some railroad strikes.

At the time of the Union Pacific strike it is claimed the strikers ruined many engines by putting quicksilver and other substances in the boilers.

BACK BROKEN BUT STILL LIVES

AN AGED BUT DRUNKEN MEXICAN STRUCK BY FREIGHT NEAR ALHAMBRA.

With his back crushed into a jelly, an aged Mexican, whose name could not be learned, is now lying in the woman's cell at the county jail awaiting the inevitable, says the Phoenix Graphic. He was struck by the Santa Fe freight train one mile north of Alhambra, where he had evidently been asleep on the track. It is probable that liquor was the cause of the accident, as the old man was dead drunk, and by his side was an empty bottle that had once contained wine, a quart bottle of claret and a bottle of whiskey.

When the engineer saw him the train was moving too fast to be stopped in time. The snowcatcher caught him in the middle of the back, crushing the spinal column and breaking his ribs, almost pulverizing the bones. He was picked up by Conductor W. J. Walton and brought to Phoenix. The sheriff's office was notified and the county physician called in. Dr. O'Connor stated that there was no hope for the man, but gave him something to ease the pain.

In spite of the fact that his back was broken, the old man was snoring heavily at a late hour last night, and unless known as one would suspect that he was in a dying condition. Nothing was found on his person by which he could be identified, only the three bottles and a few cigarette papers being secured by the officers who tried to identify him, so that his relatives might be notified. He is probably sixty years old, small and weak.

The fact that he had on new

overalls and a clean shirt suggests the possibility that he had left this city during the morning, and, after loading up on liquor, went to sleep on the track. It is more than likely that he will never regain consciousness.

W. E. Hodges, general purchasing agent for the Santa Fe, with office at Chicago, passed through the city this morning east bound, in private car attached to passenger train No. 2. Mr. Hodges has been on one of his general trips of inspection of the coast lines, and is returning to Chicago after two weeks' absence.

SANTA FE IN CONTROL OF THE PASS

IS SAID TO HAVE WON OUT OVER SOUTHERN PACIFIC IN ARL. ZONA.

It appears that notwithstanding the efforts recently made by Messrs. Ransdell and associates to get control of the pass between Kevin and Kirtlandville for the Arizona & Eastern, which is said to be a Southern Pacific company, that the Phoenix & Eastern people, who are really the Santa Fe people, have won the Southern Pacific at the game and now have control of the pass, says the El Paso Herald.

Passengers coming into El Paso from that section state that the sympathy of the people in the move is with the Santa Fe. This is said to be due to the fact that, while the Southern Pacific engineers have had their eye on the pass for a number of years, they have failed to make any use of it until they found that some other company wanted it and since then they have been making every effort to keep the Santa Fe out of the field.

The Santa Fe now appears to be in control of the pass, and unless the court at Florence, before which the case is now pending, decides adversely to the interests, it will hold the pass.

The report that serious trouble had occurred between the grading outfit of the two roads is not credited here among those interested in the move. They claim it is not a fight among the individuals, but a fight between the two companies. Richard Caples, whose grading outfit was recently secured by the Arizona & Eastern, in speaking of the affair, says:

"I have just returned to El Paso from the east and have had but little time to find out what is going on out west, and the latest news I have is what I noticed in the papers. However, it is altogether probable that should our outfit have got in a mix up with the Santa Fe graders we would have been advised at once and I hardly think that there has been a scrap of any kind."

BIG ENGINE OVERTURNED.

ENGINEER AND FIREMAN HAVE NARROW CALL, BUT COME OFF WITHOUT INJURY.

Yesterday afternoon Engineer Johnson and Fireman Reynolds of the El Paso-Northeastern switch engine at Santa Fe, had a narrow escape, says the Herald. The crew were running switch engine No. 8 over the "leeve track" with a string of cars for the Santa Fe, when the engine ran through a spit of rock, and, running out on the main track, turned over on its side and buried the driving wheels on the under side in the sand. The engineer and fireman jumped and got off without serious injury, although they were badly shaken up in jumping. The engine weighs about a hundred and fifty tons and was too heavy for the working crew at this point to replace and Master Car Builder Ransdell of the G. H. was called upon. He is now working to raise it. Three cars were pulled off the track by the engine, but these have been replaced.

Frisco Appointments.—A. F. Davidson, president of the St. Louis and San Francisco railway, announced the following appointments effective at once:

J. F. Hinkley to be chief engineer. C. D. Purson, engineer of maintenance of way; E. F. Kearney, general superintendent of transportation; S. T. Rainey and C. F. Rossegure, district general superintendents. A. E. Burr, superintendent southwestern division, with headquarters at Albuquerque, I. T.

Fred Harvey of the Harvey system of curio rooms and railroad eating houses arrived last night from the west on the Chicago limited. He aroused Herman Schweizer at 6 o'clock this morning, and for an hour inspected the Alvarado. Mr. Harvey satisfied himself that all about the Alvarado was satisfactory, and, on passenger train No. 2 for his headquarters at Kansas City.

The operators on the El Paso-Northeastern have just been successful in getting a schedule on that line. The new schedule provides that the minimum pay for any operator on the line shall be \$72.50, while other of fees will be raised accordingly. This means a raise of about 12 per cent to the men.

Charles Van Wyne, conductor on the Denver & Rio Grande railroad, returned to Santa Fe from a several weeks' trip to the City of Mexico, and will in a few days resume his duties as conductor.

ARIZONA TOWNS

MY ARIZONA BEDROOM.

O, my Arizona bedroom
Is beneath the Milky Way,
And the moon is its ceiling.
And the stars that tell of day
And the mountains life the corners.
And the desert lays the floor,
Of my Arizona bedroom,
Which is large as all outdoor.

O, my Arizona bedroom
Is ventilated right;
Every wind that under heaven
Comes to me with blithe goodnight.
Comes to me with touch of blessing
And of ozone, one drink more.
In my Arizona bedroom,
Which is large as all outdoor.

O, my Arizona bedroom
Has the lightning on its wall,
And the thunders rap the paucis
And their heavy voices call;
And the night birds wing above me,
And the owl hoots gale,
Through my Arizona bedroom,
Which is large as all outdoor.

O, my Arizona bedroom
It sometimes seems to me,
Is aloft in middle heaven
With each star in argosy;
And the tide that turns at midnight
Drifts us down to morning's shore,
Floats us, stars and bed and bedstead,
On the ocean of outdoor.

O, my Arizona bedroom
Is beneath the splendid stars,
And the clouds roll up the curtains,
And the windows have no bars.
And I see my God in heaven
As the ancients did of yore,
In my Arizona bedroom,
Which is large as all outdoor.

—J. William Lloyd in New York Sun.

WILLIAMS.

Pro Intre Nags.
Sheriff J. A. Johnson was a visitor here from Flagstaff.

J. C. Phelan was a business visitor to the Grand Canyon.

A. E. Macomber returned to the city from Flagstaff, where he has been on a business trip.

John P. Phelan was a visitor here came on to Williams to see his brother etc.

Mrs. Mrs. Jacob Kaufman arrived home from Seligman, near which place they have been enjoying a holiday outing on their ranch.

Mrs. B. A. Plesant and son, Junior, departed for a visit to Annapolis Court House, Virginia. They go by way of Chicago and Washington, D. C., stopping off at each place for a time.

Martin Huggins has been spending the past few days in the city from the Grand Canyon. He has suffered a great deal with his leg, which was injured some weeks since, and is still compelled to use crutches.

Wednesday evening Frank Baum at Phoenix passed through here en route to St. Louis, where he will have charge of the territorial agricultural exhibit, being recently appointed to that position by Governor Hredie.

Joe Atwood departed Tuesday morning to accept the agency for the Santa Fe at Holbrook. Joe's place here, as cashier, is now filled by Mr. Washburn, recently of Gallup, while the vacancy at that point will be filled by C. A. Brown, until now agent at Holbrook.

HOLBROOK.

From the Argus.

Mrs. C. F. Putnam, an old resident of Holbrook, is here visiting friends.

J. Y. Lee returned from Winslow, where he had an artificial leg made for his leg, which was cut off by a mowing machine last summer.

Wm. Murray and son, Dan, arrived here from Phoenix. They came overland by way of Chama pass. Mr. Morgan says, "When you see a man that came over that route you can safely bet that he is a pretty husky guy."

K. C. Hunsley came up from Winslow, having in charge two horses, as reared for breaking into sealed cars. They were given a hearing before Justice of the Peace Plinn, and in default of bail were held to await the action of the grand jury.

A. H. Wallace and Mr. Imos, government inspectors, arrived here Sunday night and left Monday morning for the southern portion of the county to inspect the numerous flocks of sheep in that vicinity for scab, which will have to be entirely cured before the sheep will be permitted to enter the forest reserve.

A very pretty wedding took place at the residence of William Seaton on Sunday evening, April 3, 1904. The contracting parties were Mrs. M. E. Perry, mother of James and William Seaton, to William Armbruster, a well known resident of this place. The ceremony was performed by P. J. Watson. Immediately following the ceremony Rev. Healey held prayer, after which the guests fled into the dining room, where refreshments were served, and after drinking the bride's health departed, wishing the happy couple a long and prosperous life. The wedding dance was given Monday night in Wooster's hall. It was attended by a large crowd and a good time was had. At 12 o'clock lunch was served, after which the dance continued until 3 a. m.

KINGMAN.

From the Miner.

Linn Holm, a Los Angeles lawyer, was in Kingman looking after a suit restraining the treasurer from selling or making deed to the Tennessee mine. The cause is to be submitted on briefs to the judge during vacation.

The board of supervisors at its April session let contracts for the ensuing

varieties of the choicest flowers, many of them in bloom.

Case Against Dr. Tarry.

The case of Dr. Tarry vs. the New Mexico board of health, in which the plaintiff sought to compel the board to grant him a license to practice medicine in the territory, the court found in favor of the defendant, says a Las Vegas paper.

The case came up from Albuquerque, where Dr. Tarry attempted to practice. He was represented by N. B. Field, while the board of health was represented by C. A. Spiess. The board declined to license Tarry because the college from which he graduated was not on the accredited list and for the further reason that he had been a member of a firm styled, "The New York Physicians," which was charged to cure everything and everybody on short notice.

OFFICIAL MATTERS.

Notary Public Appointed.

Governor Otero reappointed James H. Head of Santa Fe a notary public for Santa Fe county.

Reprint of Session Laws 1899-1901. A reprint of the session laws of 1899 and 1901 in one volume has been prepared as required by an act of the legislature of 1903, and is for sale by the secretary of the territory at cost price. The volume will be mailed, postpaid to any address upon receipt of \$2.15.

Vacancy in Office of Treasurer of Luna County.

Owing to the sudden death of Walter H. Guiney, treasurer and ex-officio collector of Luna county, a vacancy exists in that office which it is understood Governor Otero will fill by the appointment of J. J. Kelly who was the first treasurer and ex-officio collector of Luna county and who was a candidate for that office at the November, 1902, election upon the republican ticket. The appointment will likely be made in a day or two as Governor Otero is of the opinion that a few days should elapse before action is taken and until after the funeral of the deceased official.

Grand Canyon All Right—U. J. Cornell has returned to Phoenix from the Grand Canyon and adds his testimony that the show presented is fully up to the advance notices. Further, it is a show that does not seem to run down in a dull season, but holds its own regardless of Wall street movements or crop conditions. If there is any change at all in conditions here, it is in favor of the canyon, which seems to be growing all the time under the influence of Arizona's famous climate. Anyhow, it looked bigger every time he turned his eye in that direction. Mr. Cornell expects to leave for the east the early part of next week.

WEDDING OF MISS SCHULTZ.

Word has reached Silver City respecting the marriage of one of the town's most popular young ladies, Miss Rita Schultz, to John P. Warren of Los Angeles, the ceremony taking place in the latter city, says the Silver City Independent. The wedding was solemnized at high noon in the parlors of the Woman's Club house on South Pioneer street, F. A. Field, pastor of the First Congregational church officiating. The bride was attended by Beth Brahm, an intimate friend, and Harry H. Haywood acted as best man.

The club house was decorated with white and blue carnations. The couple stood for the ceremony in front of a long mantle draped with white and blue flowers and ferns.

The bride was attired in a magnificent gown of white crepe de chine with pearl trimming and white tulle veil, caught in place with orange blossoms. She carried a bunch of white carnations. Her attendant, Miss Brahm, wore blue mouseline de soie and carried white carnations.

The bride was given away by her father, and when the wedding procession appeared Mendelsohn's "Wedding March" pealed forth, being executed by Angelotti's orchestra. During the ceremony "O Promise Me" and the "Hallelujah Chorus" from Lohengrin were played.

The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Max Schultz of Silver City. She spent most of her girlhood here, and after graduating from the New Mexico Normal school in 1902, left for Los Angeles to attend a business college. She remained there about a year and returned home. She has many friends in Silver City who have wished her all life's happiness. The groom is a well-known young architect of Los Angeles and has been successfully engaged in business for several years.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren are at present residing in Maplewood awaiting the completion of their own home in the city.

G. T. Nicholson Showing Off the Alvarado—With George T. Nicholson, traveling passenger agent for the Santa Fe, who passed through the city last night were J. L. Stack, general advertising manager of the Santa Fe of Chicago; E. C. Herrington, secretary of the Trans-Continental Passenger association, Chicago; H. C. Townsend, general passenger agent of the Missouri Pacific railroad, St. Louis; and daughter, Miss Amy Townsend; J. Francis, general passenger agent of the Burlington, Omaha; Mrs. A. A. Wheat, Wheeling, West Virginia; and Mrs. B. B. Hanes, St. Paul. They traveled in a special car, surrounded with every luxury. To demonstrate the quality and style of the Alvarado Mr. Nicholson entertained the party at dinner in the big oak appointed dining room. They will visit the Grand Canyon of Arizona and attend the national gathering of passenger agents to be held at Santa Barbara on April 19.

Elmer Huntton has sold his highland meat market to William Farr. Mr. Farr will continue the business.

In the flower garden are over 150

NEWS OF THE CHURCHES

The Rev. Dr. Henry L. Morehouse, the veteran corresponding secretary of the Baptist Home Mission society, has just returned from one of the most extended tours of inspection ever made in Cuba and Porto Rico by an American representative of a Protestant organization. From the Protestant point of view he is most enthusiastic over the outlook. His own religious body, the white Baptists of the North, has secured, he says, a very strong foothold in eastern Cuba, the enthusiasm of the people in and around Santiago exceeded, he says, anything he had ever seen. The progress making by Baptists in that province is illustrated by the fact that on three successive nights near the end of February he officiated at the opening of chapels, crowds of worshippers being present in each instance. Baptists are putting about \$20,000 into eastern Cuba, and are making strong appeals to Baptists in the United States to give larger sums for similar purposes. At Hongo, sixteen miles out of Santiago, eighty adults applied to be baptized, and forty-eight were accepted for the rite. Two were daughters of the alcalde, and one the leading merchant of the town. So far as heard from Protestant prospects are equally promising in other parts of the island.

Churches in Porto Rico.

The Rev. Dr. Morehouse was struck as well with the tremendous enthusiasm of the people of Porto Rico, whom he visited in every part of their island. Baptists have no fewer than twelve organized churches in Porto Rico and two schools, maintained by the women's societies. Presbyterians have nine organized churches in Porto Rico, and six additional preaching stations. They have also four schools attended by almost 1,000 pupils. Methodists have three churches, and thirty other preaching stations. These are scattered, so the Rev. Dr. Morehouse reports, in almost all parts of the island. Congregationalists are carrying on educational work at two points and have a strong religious work in four principal towns of the eastern extremity of the island. An Episcopal church is nearing completion in San Juan and a church at Ponce, started by the Church of England, many years ago, has taken on new life with the coming of an American minister and workers. Disciples of Christ have three organized churches, one of which has just opened a fine building, erected on modern lines. United Brethren have three churches, besides four preaching stations. Even Quakers are making progress, both in Porto Rico and in Cuba, having two successful stations in one island and three in the other. Christian Science is also making headway.

Schools on the Islands.

Some discussion has been had of late about educational work, in view of the public school systems which are organized in both islands and steadily attaining a proficiency that is remarkable, in view of the comparatively short time since Spanish authority passed away. It has come to be thought, however, that normal school work is essential under religious direction. If teachers are to be fitted for thoroughly conscientious work, and it has been demonstrated that mission schools are essential in out-of-the-way places to supplement preaching work. Women in most bodies are maintaining the educational work. There is, so the distinguished secretary affirms, less friction between Protestants and Roman Catholics than he had feared might be the case. Indeed, there is little irritation on the part of the Roman church, such as might reasonably be looked for. Instead, that church, so this capable official finds, has accepted the situation in good grace, and is entering about the task of modern progressive development, such as probably it was wholly unable to do under Spanish rule. There is not much overlapping of fields in either island. Eagerness on the part of the people for religious instruction is the dominant feature, and this eagerness American Protestants and Roman Catholics alike are trying to satisfy.

Salvation Army Commander.

It is expected that Commander Booth Tucker of the Salvation Army will before long return to England and surrender the control of the army in America to other hands. Salvation Army affairs are doing fairly well, it is said, although some widely advertised projects are not maturing exactly as predicted. Commander Emma Booth Tucker, who recently died as the result of a railway accident in the west, was regarded by her faithful as the strong force in American Army control. There are some more Booth daughters to take her place, but it is said the general does not deem them available. Commander Mrs. Booth, now in Canada, is in very poor health, and the youngest daughter, Constance Lucy, is the wife of a German and is located in Germany. She is more German than English, and it is regarded as quite unlikely that she and her husband will ever come here to control. The man regarded as likely to succeed her is Major Coombs, now in charge of one of the English provinces. Commander Booth Tucker rarely resided in the remotest of Congressmen Charles E. Littlefield and Edwin C. Burleigh. Neither congressman was opposed.

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Walls Collapsed.

New York, April 13.—Two floors and side walls of the four-story brick building at Thirty-eighth and Eighth avenues collapsed today and six men were injured. The cause of the collapse is not explained.

RIO GRANDE FIGURES

CENSUS BUREAU REPORTS ON IRRIGATION POSSIBILITIES.

In a recent report the census bureau at Washington gives an exhaustive description of irrigation in New Mexico, and the following treatment of the Rio Grande from an irrigation standpoint is of considerable local interest:

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The Rio Grande in New Mexico becomes in the numerous cases of desert regions, which have no surface flow at certain seasons of the year, and except during brief periods, carry to the larger rivers or to the sea. It is not, however, a river of the latter type, but a river of the former type, which carries its waters to the sea by evaporation and absorption.

The river spreads out over the bottom lands and as much of its waters are lost either by evaporation or absorption as it flows that the stream channel in this portion of the course is frequently dry.

Water storage is absolutely essential to the further extension of agriculture in this valley. The present treaty between Mexico and this country is regarded as a more important obstacle than problems of pure engineering character. But for this treaty, which prohibits the impounding of the waters of the Rio Grande, the reclamation of an extensive area of land now desert would be secured. It is estimated that less than five per cent of the stream's flow in Mexico comes from the sources north of the New Mexico line. This very small amount has no effect upon the navigability of the river.

The objections which Mexico has made to the United States government undertaking a great storage work on the Rio Grande have arisen apparently from a misapprehension of the facts concerning the stream. It is believed that the storage of the floods would result ultimately in giving a more permanent character to the stream in Mexico. The flood waters being spread over the valleys would reduce in part to the stream by seepage and in future years would materially increase its flow.

In 1902 water from all sources in the Rio Grande drainage basin was utilized through 544 systems to irrigate 36,826 acres on 5,062 farms at an average cost per acre of \$6.99. The total construction outlay for all irrigation appliances, including 1,164 miles of main canals and ditches, was \$209,836. The 150 systems heading directly in the main stream cost \$25,528 and irrigated 49,529 acres belonging to 2,412 farms, at an average cost per acre of \$2.38. There were 284 miles of main canal and ditches.

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The objections which Mexico has made to the United States government undertaking a great storage work on the Rio Grande have arisen apparently from a misapprehension of the facts concerning the stream. It is believed that the storage of the floods would result ultimately in giving a more permanent character to the stream in Mexico. The flood waters being spread over the valleys would reduce in part to the stream by seepage and in future years would materially increase its flow.

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Fifteen systems received water from springs and irrigated 514 acres on 23 farms. The total cost of construction for the 17 miles of main ditches and other irrigation works for the spring systems was \$7,601, an average cost per acre of \$14.79. Eleven farms with an irrigated area of 216 acres received water from wells through 11 systems that cost \$25,169, an average cost per irrigated acre of \$115.94. This high average cost per acre for the springs and wells is explained by the fact that some of these systems are used also for

The following organizers of the Rocky Mountain Coal and Iron company, a corporation supposed to be closely allied with the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, passed through the city last night and today are: Group: C. W. Benson, Mr. and Mrs. C. Oswald of Denver, Mr. and Mrs. W. Tracker of Chicago, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Chapline of Denver, and Governor M. A. Otero of Santa Fe. After a day spent at Gallup, during which properties of the corporation will be inspected, the party will go to Grand Canyon on a pleasure trip. The Rocky Mountain Coal and Iron company's corporation papers have but recently been filed at Santa Fe, showing that it is a comparatively new company and that its business will be conducted quite closely to New Mexico.

