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Albuquerque Weekly Citizen, 08-01-1903

T. Hughes

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Albuquerque Weekly Citizen

VOLUME 11

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, SATURDAY, AUGUST 1, 1903.

NUMBER 98

NEW MEXICO TOWNS

DEMING.

From the Graphic.
Deming has three trunk line railroads; two more coming.
Professor Duff and party have returned from their camping trip on the Mimbres.

The Kinsworth family returned last Saturday from a camping trip on the Mimbres.

Maj. W. H. H. Llewellyn, district attorney for this district, transacted business in our town last Wednesday.
Population of Luna county, about 1,000. Assessed valuation of county, \$1,600,000. About 25 per cent of the actual value.

Public and high school, corps of eight teachers, Deming school fund on hand \$7,200. County school fund on hand, \$8,868. Nearly as much more will be in hand through the December collections. Schools well equipped and attendance.

Will Mentz of Albuquerque was shaking hands with his many friends here last Wednesday as he passed through on his way home from Arizona. He reports the weather in Arizona very hot and says it is a relief to get back to New Mexico.

SILVER CITY.

From the Independent.
Mrs. Walter Page is visiting her parents at their ranch near Lone Mountain.

Miss Sarah Black, who has been quite ill with typhoid fever for some time, is slowly recovering.

Miss Ada Titus returned from a week's recreation at Allen's ranch in the Burro mountains.

Robert H. Boulware has so far recovered from his recent attack of typhoid fever as to be able to drive about.

A. F. Witzel left on a business trip to Douglas and other points on the El Paso & Southwestern railroad.

Col. Charles F. Grayson was an arrival on Sunday's train from the east and received a warm welcome from his Silver City friends.

Charles Metcalfe and sister spent a portion of last week in town and report considerable damage lately done by reason of the Mangus flood.

S. A. Brewer, a young man of Washington, D. C., arrived in the city the last of last week and went out to the ranch to make strenuous efforts to get on to the ways of ranch life.

George Kelsey has been appointed administrator of the estate of James Hill, deceased, by the probate court of Socorro county. Mr. Kelsey is now in charge of the Gila hot springs property.

Jackson Agee and family will leave during the present week, probably this evening, on a vacation trip to Los Angeles and surrounding resorts. It was his intention to have gone last week, but Mrs. Agee was taken suddenly ill, and her sickness caused a temporary postponement. Mrs. Agee has now almost regained her usual health.

Professor Hiram Hadley, of Las Cruces, was a business visitor in Silver City the early part of the week, and while here visited the territorial normal school. He expressed himself in complimentary terms of the management of the school and this coming on an educator of Professor Hadley's experience and ability is natural praise.

Perry Crawford, who has been employed in the assay office at Santa Rita, has resigned his position and will leave this evening for Berkeley, Cal., where he will attend the University of California, taking a course in mining engineering, in which he has already had considerable experience and in which profession he will undoubtedly make a success.

SANTA FE.

From the New Mexican.

It is reported that Charles Apodaca, adopted son of Manuel Apodaca, a left home. It is presumed he has gone to his mother.

Some of the second crop of alfalfa is being brought to the city. Most of it is being from the farms about Pena Blanca, and is of the very finest quality. It commands good prices in the Santa Fe market.

C. P. Jones, who recently shipped up cars of sheep to Pueblo, has returned from that city. He cleared up some sum on the deal and will undertake the shipping of a number of cars sheep from Old Mexico to Pueblo this next few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Watson and daughter, who have been at the Windsor ranch near Willis postoffice on the Los forest reserve for the past two weeks taking a vacation, returned here. They report having had a very enjoyable time.

Captain Sylvester Davis was here

from Galisteo looking after business matters. He says a rainfall of one and one-half inches has fallen in the vicinity of Galisteo this week, greatly reviving the ranges, putting out a bountiful supply of stock water and refreshing both man and beast.

Before United States Commissioner John P. Victory, Mrs. Manuela Martinez vs. Tapia appeared and swore out warrants for her husband, Jose Tapia, and a woman, Inez C. Rodriguez, both of this city, charging them with violation of the Edmunds act. Both parties were arrested and gave bond in the sum of \$250 each to appear before the federal grand jury, which meets in September. A short time ago Tapia instituted proceedings against his wife for a divorce on the ground of desertion. The divorce suit is yet pending.

Last night at the Bon Ton there was gathered around the festive board a party of most congenial spirits. The occasion was a banquet by Santa Fe lodge No. 2, Knights of Pythias. The tables groaned beneath their load of delicacies. The time was passed first in refreshing the inner man, then came the toasts and responses. John L. Zimmerman acted the part of toastmaster to a nicety, and there were responses to the toasts, "The Rathbone Sisters," "The Absent Members," "The Press," "The Organization," and other toasts. All toasts were drunk in aqua pura. It is understood that about the last of August another toast will be given by Santa Fe lodge No. 2. The occasion last night was an impromptu affair, and came as a surprise to most of the members of the lodge, but was enjoyed, just the same, by all those present.

Mrs. Charles V. Safford has returned from her visit to the Pecos country. She was accompanied home by her children.

Mrs. Jennie Schooley of Harrisonville, Mo., who has been visiting in Santa Fe the past three weeks, being the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. F. Sidelbottom of Galisteo street, left for her home.

Yesterday afternoon Gil Lovato, Damacio Gonzales, Nepomacena Ortega and Pedro Lopez y varros appeared before Justice A. the Peace J. M. Zomora of precinct 3, and waived examination on the charge of assault with intent to kill, alleged to have been made upon Dario Mora, July 24. They gave bond in the sum of \$500 each to await the action of the grand jury.

At the opera house August 4 will be a band concert and dance for the benefit of the Capital City band. F. A. Oung, the great soloist of Colorado, will play the clarinet solos of the evening. Upon the program appears "The Capital City March," by Mrs. W. H. Cartlett of Santa Fe. Also other features, such as "Poet and Peasant," "Ambuscade," "Sambo's Wedding," "Hady's Passion," "Plantation Songs," "Indian Sun Dance," etc.

Antonio J. Silva, of the Guadalupe parish in this city, died last night at 11:30 o'clock. Deceased was about 50 years old, and had been a resident of Santa Fe all his life. He was an honest and industrious citizen. He was a brother of Hon. B. M. Read's former wife, the late Mrs. Magdalena Silva de Read. A widow, a daughter and a son survive him.

According to a recent and accepted computation, railroad stocks whose par value is \$3,430,000,000 can be bought today for \$1,122,000,000 less than it would have cost to buy them a year ago. Industrial stocks with a par value of \$2,250,000,000 are cheaper by \$644,000,000 than they were in July, 1902.

LORDSBURG.

J. J. Bruck of the Springer mine is absent in El Paso on business.

Work is progressing rapidly on Herbert McGrath's new adobe house.

Mrs. Malcolm M. Crocker and mother will leave on August 1 for Los Angeles, where they will remain about a month.

Lottie, the younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Gammon, who has been seriously ill all week, is convalescing slowly.

Mrs. Wm. C. Marshall left on a visit to her parents in Oakland, Cal., and will remain there during the rest of the summer.

Harry Small and John McCabe left for the X T ranch. They remained until Monday looking after the interests of the company.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles J. Adair left for California. After a brief stay there they will visit Mrs. Adair's sister in Bremerton, Wash.

Baylor Shannon passed through Lordsburg on his way to Safford, where he expects to arrange for the pasturing of 1,000 head of cattle.

After August 1 the miners which

have been operated on trains No. 7 and 8 will be withdrawn and passengers on No. 8 will be given an opportunity to breakfast at Lordsburg.

Simon Hagenauer, proprietor of the El Paso store here, is selling out his stock of goods preparatory to buying a new stock for his store in Douglas, where he will locate in the near future.

James Cory of Denver, Colo., tax agent for the Denver & Rio Grande railroad, is at Santa Fe. He is there in connection with tax cases for his road.

WEALTH OF A HOME.

"I would not exchange my freedom, my home life and my content of heart for the wealth of a Morgan or a Carnegie."

This is the view Hon. John D. Long, ex-governor and ex-congressman from Massachusetts and ex-secretary of the navy, holds of life. Hon. John D. Long is himself no pauper. He doesn't have to worry over the price of a good dinner tomorrow, nor does he live in doubt of the probability of good sums being left for his relatives when he dies. He has a very comfortable income, though not to be classed with the Morgans and Carnegies.

Notwithstanding John D. Long is somewhat of a capitalist himself it is indeed refreshing in these dollar chasing, captain of industry days to have a man of Long's stamp declare himself as finding comfort in something besides the Almighty dollar. The present generation needs some dilution of the money changers' gospel. If the younger element is to be led to the worship of any other God than Mammon. The tendency of the times is to teach that the highest aim of man is to erect a monument of gold coin too large for him to dispose of, big enough for relatives to fight over and sufficiently powerful to crush the life from those who find comfort in a small competency and a comfortable home.

The man whose highest ideal is in the contented home, who is willing to live and let live, who is a good neighbor and a firm friend is more to be desired in the make up of any nation, state or town than ten aristocrats of wealth whose soul is gold and whose gold is gain. Money has its good uses. The Morgans and the Carnegies have some good missions on earth. A small proportion of their accumulated coin has been used to assist many highly commendable objects. But taken by and large the tremendous American fortunes so often held up for the glorification of mankind have produced an overwhelmingly large proportion of freaks, more first class idiots and shallow minded spendthrifts than is possible from the element whose highest aspiration is found in the provision for comfortable, unassuming, natural homes. The massive fortunes which stand sponsor are promptly rated as a possible necessary evil. Governor Long admits that wealth has its place when he says, "Wealth is, however, all right. The life of the people is made much easier by its possession." This remark, however, does not rub the sheen from his original proposition that there is more to be gained for the individual and finally for the nation in the enterprise that seeks a competency and is satisfied with plain home life.

COST OF LIVING.

The captains of industry employ far too much of their time in dealing with wage problems. They should find other ways to help content the working classes. Let them look to the cost of living. Instead of giving the people who work for wages or salaries the full benefits of prosperity, business systems are immediately adjusted to take away the major portion of the gains that come from increased wages and steady employment, in the form of excessive prices for the necessities of life. For some years this country has been highly prosperous—more prosperous than ever before in its history. Everything is abundant. Crops have been bountiful. Business concerns have been running full capacity. In all lines of enterprise there have been a high degree of success.

Why, under such conditions, should the price of meats, coal, ice, vegetables, grain, flour and hundreds of other articles of necessity be higher than normal? Simply because of the determination of the grabbers to get all they can of the people's increased earnings. This problem is not one of labor unions merely—not one of wages only. It concerns everyone who is employed, whether a member of a union or not.

The long struggle for reclamation of arid lands is about to culminate in something visible to the naked eye. The government engineers are now in Denver preparing the final report. Its completion and transmission to Washington will be followed shortly, it is expected, by orders from Secretary Hitchcock to go to work. The beginning of active operations will mark an epoch in the history of the west.

WORLD'S FAIR COMMISSION.

Met at Santa and Took Steps for a Creditable Exhibit.

WILL APPOINT COUNTY COMMITTEES.

The board of managers of the Louisiana Purchase exposition met again yesterday morning at the capitol in Santa Fe.

The board got down to work in short order and worked fast. Many matters were disposed of, and others came up before the afternoon meeting.

Rules were adopted for the government of the board. These rules are rather lengthy, covering all possible contingencies. The Citizen will publish these rules in full in the near future.

President Spiess, who had been instructed at a previous meeting to confer with the Arizona board of managers, with a view to having a joint building for the two territories, and to go to St. Louis for the purpose of conferring with the exposition managers in that city in regard to space allotments and a desirable building site, submitted a report to the board. He showed that it had been found impossible to arrange a joint building for New Mexico and Arizona, as the Arizona board had already made arrangements for a separate building. The report furnished information in regard to sites, the plans, probable cost and other items concerning the proposed New Mexico building. The exposition of the question of a New Mexican world's fair building was made at the afternoon session.

Mrs. S. Spitz, president of the Woman's Board of Trade of Santa Fe, and Mrs. Grant Rivenberg, appeared before the board and asked that the board purchase the table now on exhibition at the Historical society rooms in Santa Fe and known as the world's fair table, it having been exhibited at the Chicago world's fair, and made entirely of New Mexico products, precious stones, petrified wood and metal entering into its make up. After due consideration the board declined to make the purchase.

It was decided to organize in the different counties of the territory, and have sub-committees of three members appointed in each county. To this end, the boards of county commissioners for each county of the territory will be conferred with, and all the names suggested will be submitted to the secretary of the board. This will result in a close organization of the whole territory, and will arouse the proper interest among the people, and result in much good to the efforts to have New Mexico creditably represented at St. Louis.

The secretary was instructed to correspond with Tiffany & Co., the New York jewelers, who are owners of turquoise mines in Santa Fe and Grant counties, and see if this firm will loan its turquoise collection for the New Mexico exhibit at the St. Louis fair. The secretary was also instructed to take up the matter of arranging for a relief map of New Mexico. It is proposed to have this map show the complete topography of the territory, and to indicate the mountains, the rivers and valleys, the divides, the plains and in short every topographical feature of the territory. However, this map was not ordered; only the preliminary steps being taken toward having it made.

A committee on printing and publication was appointed, whose duty will be to look after the printing and distribution of printed matter, setting forth the resources and industries of New Mexico. This committee was named by the president, and is composed of Messrs. W. B. Walton of Silver City and Eusebio Chacon of Las Vegas. It will get out some very attractive literature for distribution at the fair.

Herbert J. Hagerman was instructed to go to Denver and meet with the representatives of the world's fair commission of Colorado and other western states and confer with them on August 12 in regard to taking steps to have the managers of the world's fair revoke a rule which practically prohibits the exhibition of live stock at the exposition. The idea of the St. Louis managers is to have stall exhibits, while the great west never doing things by halves or on a small scale wants to ship cattle and other stock there by the carload. The people of New Mexico also want an exhibit of Angora goats, the raising of which is becoming one of the great industries of the territory.

The board has decided to erect a building at the exposition not to exceed \$5,000 in total cost. This will include the building and furnishings.

The New Town of Roy.

William C. Roy left last evening for Roy, N. M. This is a new town on

the Dawson railroad, forty-five miles south of French.

Roy Brothers have a townsite there which they have laid off in 1,200 lots. There is a well 775 feet deep and one foot in diameter, in which there are 450 feet of water, the finest in the land.

There are already between 400 and 500 people in the village.

The Messrs. Roy have given a block 300x300 feet for a school house, another block of the same size to the first church which shall come, and they propose to give several blocks for a park—Quay County Democrat.

AL. MORLOCK'S INVENTION.

He Has Completed His Telegraphic Typewriter—A Wonderful Device.

A. E. Morlock, night wire chief at the Santa Fe telegraph office, has just completed an invention which is attracting a great deal of attention among those interested in telegraphy, especially operators, for it is that class of men which will be benefited the most by this new invention, says the Topeka State Journal. Mr. Morlock's invention is a device which can be attached to any typewriter and which any one whether they are an operator or not to send a telegraphic message, the only requirement being that they know how to operate a typewriter. Mr. Morlock's invention is probably best described in his own words.

"It is a combination of electro magnets with release or trip bars adapted to release and stop insulated symbol discs that are loosely mounted on a shaft revolved by a three volt motor, with a variable speed gear for fast or slow sending as desired.

"The electro magnets are connected in series by a comb-like switch with one pole of a local battery to the individual key bars of a typewriter, the other pole connected to an eccentric switch, thumb screwed to the typewriter under and across all the key bars.

"By depressing any letter of the typewriter the symbol discs are instantly released, causing the make and break of the main line which is connected to the discs by a split plug inserted into the Morse key or switch board."

Mr. Morlock has been working on this machine for about a year. He really completed it several months ago and since then the first machine of its kind has been under process of construction at the Santa Fe shops in Topeka. With the exception of one or two possible improvements the machine is now completed and Mr. Morlock is now using it every night at the Santa Fe telegraph office. So far it has worked to perfection and all experiments that have been made have been successful.

In some respects Mr. Morlock's machine is similar to the Yetman telegraphic transmitter, two of which are now in use in the local telegraph office of the Rock Island, but in it are embodied many new principles which are a credit to the genius of the inventor. In fact Mr. Morlock's machine excels the Yetman machine in nearly every respect, and it is for this reason that nearly every one thinks that it will be its owner's fortune. The Yetman machine is a clumsy affair. It is built inside of the typewriter thus making it necessary for one to purchase typewriter and all when he wishes to buy a transmitter. This fact makes the Yetman machine very expensive, and in this respect it is not a success for very few operators are willing to spend so much money on a machine of this kind. This is not the case with Mr. Morlock's transmitter, however. His is small and compact and can be attached to any typewriter. Consequently it can be manufactured and purchased for a very small amount of money. Mr. Morlock thinks that he can put the finished article on the market for about \$10 or \$15.

"That is my main object in inventing the machine," said Mr. Morlock. "I wish to put an article on the market which would be within the reach of the most humble operator. I also had another reason for inventing the machine. It is a fact that there are a great many excellent operators out of work today for the simple reason that they cannot handle a telegraphic key on account of their being paralyzed in the hand, wrist and arm. This peculiar affliction is very common among operators. They can receive a message they understand the code perfectly but on account of their paralysis they simply cannot operate a telegraphic key. Consequently it is necessary for them to give up the business altogether. This machine of mine, however, will do away with that constant use of the arm, wrist and hand and in the long run paralysis among operators will be eliminated."

Mr. Morlock's machine excels other machines of its kind in one other respect. With other machines, especially Mr. Yetman's, the shaft upon which the symbol discs are mounted is operated by a clock spring. This has to be wound nearly every hour and is the source of much trouble to the operator for the reason that as the spring runs down the speed of the machine becomes irregular and almost unintelligible to the operator at the other end of the wire. In Mr. Morlock's machine this shaft is revolved by a motor, thus rendering the speed of the machine a, says regular. This motor attachment also does away with the necessity of winding the machine every hour or so. The Morlock has another feature which is not possessed by any other machine. It is equipped with a motor lock attachment which prevents the operator from pressing more than one key at a time and thus making his message unintelligible. Mr. Morlock's machine is also equipped with a device with which the speed of the machine can be regulated. It is possible to send about 140 words per minute with Mr. Morlock's transmitter. It must be understood that 140 words per minute would be beyond comprehension but is possible with a Wheatstone or Morse register, providing the typewriter can be operated that fast. About fifty words per minute, however, is as fast as an operator could possibly take a message from the machine.

honestly made Levi Strauss & Co's Copper-riveted Overalls



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Now that Mr. Morlock has completed his machine he intends to begin the work of manufacturing them as soon as possible. Mr. Morlock said that all of this work will be done in Topeka and that the work would be commenced just as soon as he could secure stamps and dies with which to manufacture the different parts of the machine.

Mr. Morlock's invention is protected by several different patents. Representatives of the Remington Typewriter company and several other typewriter concerns have endeavored to buy Mr. Morlock's invention, but he will probably arrange to put the invention on the market with his own company.

[NOTE.—Al. Morlock, the inventor resided in this city about two years ago, holding the position of manager and operator at the local office of the Postal Telegraph company.]

WEEKLY CROP BULLETIN.

United States Department of Agriculture, Climate and Crop Bulletin of the Weather Bureau, New Mexico Section.

Santa Fe, N. M., July 28.—High temperatures have continued to prevail throughout the week, with mornings clear, but clouding in the afternoon and threatening showers, but the light rains that have occurred were confined principally to the mountain sections. Under the influence of the high temperatures the prairies have dried up very much, and unirrigated crops are showing the effects of the lack of moisture. As a rule irrigation water is still sufficient, and as a consequence crops under ditch are making fairly good progress, but good rains are badly needed over all sections to replenish the streams and to revive the grass on ranges and to provide stock water. Harvesting wheat is in progress in central and some northern counties; the yield and quality of the grain is fairly good. Oats are being cut in northern sections and the second crop of alfalfa is generally well secured and with a good yield. The June rains caused an unusually fine growth of gramma grass on the prairies, and much has been cut and secured under most favorable conditions. Irrigated corn is growing rapidly, but unirrigated is becoming badly wilted, and is very short. In the north, peaches, plums and pears are ripening under unfavorable conditions, but good rains would be beneficial to all ripening fruits.

The following remarks are extracted from the reports of correspondents: Albert: H. M. Hanson—A good rain on the 17th, but so hot and dry since that vegetation was but little benefited. The second cutting of alfalfa secured, and a very good crop. Shearing not quite finished. Stock in good condition. Highest temperature, 99; lowest, 57; rain, 0.81.

Arabela: A. M. Richardson—Hot and dry weather; the grass and water are drying up on the prairies, and crops

need rain. Highest temperature, 93; lowest, 58; rain, 0.36.

Borsey: Will C. Barnes—Hot and dry week; the high temperatures have dried out the grass badly and rain is sorely needed. There is still an abundance of irrigation water, however, and irrigated crops are doing well.

Fort Stanton: Ernest W. Halstead—Good showers the latter part of last week greatly refreshed crops and renewed irrigation water. A fair crop of oats being cut. Stock continue improvement. Highest temperature, 89; lowest, 54; rain, 0.51.

Gallinas Springs: J. E. Whitmore—Very dry weather and rain is badly needed to help the crops through. Highest temperature, 98; lowest, 56; no rain.

Hobart: W. H. Hough—wheat harvest in progress; quality of grain is good. Corn improving. Fruits and vegetables good. Grasshoppers getting numerous. Highest temperature, 90; lowest, 53.

La Luz: Ernest S. Swift—Hot and dry weather. Crops are being damaged by a small fly which destroys garden stuff particularly. Everywhere in this vicinity farmers are complaining of these pests.

Las Vegas: Wm. Curtis Bailey—A warm week. Several light showers early in the week helped crops some but a good, soaking rain badly needed. Highest temperature, 94; lowest, 48; rain, 0.18.

Lower Pecos: H. W. Creswell, Jr.—Prevailing warm weather with a few light showers. Corn, alfalfa and garden truck doing well but grass drying up considerable. Early corn in tassel. The calf crop on the range is better than expected, and there were less losses.

Mesilla Park: R. H. Hart—A dry, hot week, but threatening rain. No water as yet in the canals. Some crops are needing rain badly. Highest temperature, 99; lowest, 61; rain, trace.

Ojo Caliente: A. Joseph—Hot and dry during the past week and streams falling rapidly, but as yet there is sufficient water for irrigation. First class crop of wheat is being harvested; other crops doing well. Stock on the ranges in excellent condition.

Santa Fe: U. S. Weather Bureau—Warm weather with several light showers, and threatening rain almost every day. Almost daily showers in neighboring mountains. Unirrigated corn is making slow progress, but all irrigated crops doing well and water in abundance in ditches. Prairies still look fairly green but a good rain badly needed. Second alfalfa growing well; oats getting ripe. Highest temperature, 88; lowest, 56; rain, 0.24.

Watrous: M. C. Needham—Warm and dry; range drying up rapidly. Irrigation water getting scarce. Highest temperature, 93; lowest, 46; no rain.

R. M. HARDINGE,
Section Director.

The state of Texas is on the point of turning over live stock inspections to the federal officials. It is charged that the state inspection service has become so corrupt that this move is necessary to kill off the political graft.

George A. Cooke, who was noted as the composer of campaign songs and who organized a klee club and traveled with it around the country during the Henry Clay campaign, died at his home 132 Quincy street, Brooklyn, in his 90th year. He is said to have been the author of nearly 100 campaign songs.

Among the latest achievements of science is wooden silk, an English invention, although the rights of manufacture in this country have been sold to an American concern. The stuff will probably appear on the market in a short time. The imitation process obtains a delicate thread from wood fibre the single strand being finer and possessing only one-third the strength of the natural silk thread.

According to figures on the pig production of the country, furnaces are now turning out over 400,000 tons a week, which is greater than at any period in the history of the country. The record last year was 311,000 tons, and 414,000 tons were recently turned out in a single week. At the present rate of production the year's output is expected to reach 18,000,000 tons, as compared with a total production of 17,821,000 last year and 9,652,000 tons in 1897.

Subscription Rates: Daily Citizen, per year \$6.00; Weekly Citizen, per year \$2.00.

A COSTLY STRIKE.

The building trades strike in New York has been settled, and the 75,000 workmen involved have returned to their work. The strikers are granted a slight increase in wages, the employers have secured an agreement whereby the walking delegates are excluded from interference for the space of one year.

The strike began on May 5, and lasted seventy days. It cost the workmen in wages \$7,000,000. The losses of the contractors are estimated at another \$7,000,000. The total cost of the strike, direct and indirect, is conceded to have been close to \$45,000,000.

APPEAL TO COMMON SENSE.

Judge Gray, president of the Anthracite coal strike commission, stated in a speech a few days ago that he believed there was no danger of a general strike between labor and capital. He said that the strike was settled by the common sense of the American people. The strike of the building trades organizations, which has been in progress in New York for two months, causing loss to capital and labor alike and demoralizing industrial conditions generally, has just been settled, according to the Judge Gray formula, by an appeal to common sense. Riots marked the progress of the strike, courts were invoked to grant injunctions against both sides to the conflict, and much bitterness has been aroused between leaders for the opposing factions. Yet, when reason prevailed and the differences were submitted to arbitration, it was discovered that the issues involved were almost trivial. Both sides are now making concessions, and the strike is virtually at an end. This leaves only the textile workers' strike in Philadelphia as the one important disturbance on the labor map of the country.

LEO XIII AND LABOR.

One of the most extraordinary features of the policy of Leo XIII. was that he met great questions with a twentieth-century openness of mind. His touch was alive to the heart throbs of the time. The encyclical on labor is, indeed, a memorable document. His view of the question was profound and complete. He gave open endorsement to trades unions, and declared that in their efforts to better the condition of toilers they should have the encouragement and protection of government. This which but a few years before would have seemed revolutionary was an indisputable proof that the papacy was modern and in close touch with the masses of its communicants. An utterance in the encyclical is worthy of being written in letters of gold or marble: "Religion will teach the employer to respect the human dignity of the workman, and to treat him with justice and equity. On the other hand, the same religion will inculcate in the conscience of the workman the sentiment of duty and of fidelity; it will render him moral, sober, and honest." Some men of both classes, laborers and capitalists, will laugh at this; but it will be recognized as truth when the scorners' bones have been dust a thousand years.

RACE SUICIDE AND RELIGION.

There has been a good deal of discussion of the race suicide question since President Roosevelt took it up, and the discussion will not long lag. Walter Laidlaw, executive secretary of the Federation of Churches and Christian organizations, furnishes some statistics of value, giving the results of his examination into the relation of church membership to children. The field covered by his investigations was portions of Manhattan and Brooklyn. He says: "The average number of children of Protestant families is 1.85; in Roman Catholic, 2.03; in Hebrew, 2.54. There are only 16 per cent of the Hebrews without children, whereas 28.3 per cent of the Protestants are without children. It should be noticed that six times as many Hebrew families have nine children as the Protestant families, and for every Protestant family with eight children there are proportionately four Hebrew families and twice as many with seven children. Among the several Protestant communities there were several whose average of children is higher than the Roman Catholic average, notably the Episcopal and Presbyterian, but excepting the Free Methodist there is not single Protestant community in which the average is as high as the Hebrew."

CONGRESS AND GAMBLING.

In Arizona a man has been sent to the penitentiary for prize fighting. The promoters of the affair would also go to the pen if they had not vamoosed. The prosecution was under a law enacted by congress to prevent a contest in New Mexico, which Texas had outlawed.

Now, when congress so easily provided for suppression of pugilism, why has it not suppressed gambling, says the El Paso News, which territories license?

An act of congress could put a stop to the business in New Mexico and Arizona towns. The federal officials would certainly round up every one who tried to conduct a game of chance, just as they have brought to court the people who violated the Edmunds act, passed to prevent polygamy in Utah.

Since the federal government has strings upon the territories and legislates for their benefit with regard to prize fights and matrimonial relations, it would not be out of the line for



HOSTETTER'S BITTERS

People who suffer from stomach troubles will find relief in Hostetter's Bitters. It is a powerful purgative and a reliable remedy for all ailments of the digestive system. It is sold in bottles of 50 cents and \$1.00.

Constipation, Indigestion, Bileousness, Dyspepsia or Malaria.

MOHAVE MINES.

From the Mineral Wealth. The contractors at the Gold Road pay their machine men \$4 for 8 hour shifts.

The three shafts on the O'Dea & Dempsey mine will be sunk as fast as good miners can do it.

Dr. J. P. Wallace returned from the mine Wednesday bringing along a few chunks of fine ore from the drift on the foot wall. There is boulders of it and free as water.

Sheriff Lovin escorted another big gold brick from the Gold Road mill into the hands of Wells Fargo, Monday. They come as regular as the dinner horn and soon the Leland forty stamps will be pounding out a full weight bar, weekly. The age of gold has arrived.

Word has been received that work will shortly be resumed on the C. O. D. with a full force of men, the concentrator being operated at the same time. The C. O. D. is one of the best developed mines in the county and one of the most productive. The main shaft is down 400 feet and in early times the openings under the shaft produced in the neighborhood of a million dollars. The new development on the mine consists of 1000 foot drift from the 300 level north.

DEATH OF MRS. SMITH

Death of The Good Wife of a Gallant Veteran.

Mrs. Gustavus Adolphus Smith is dead. She died a little after 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon. For weeks death has been anticipated by the watchers at the bedside, and it did not come unexpectedly. The funeral was held this morning at 10 o'clock at the late residence of Mrs. Smith. The services were conducted by her pastor, the Rev. W. Hayes Moore of the First Presbyterian church. "Just As I Am" and "Nearer My God to Thee" were sung by a quartette composed of Mrs. Faison, Mrs. Moore, Mrs. McCord, and Miss Walter. The pall-bearers were Judge McFie, Adjutant General W. B. Whitman, Captain Muller, Hon. T. H. Catron, John G. Schumann and Jacob Wetmer.

Mrs. Smith's remains were interred by the side of her late husband, General Gustavus Adolphus Smith in Fairview cemetery.

The military life of her late husband, General Gustavus Adolphus Smith, is shown by the records of Carleton Post G. A. R. He was born in Philadelphia, Pa., in 1822; entered the service of the United States on July 4, 1861, as colonel of the 35th Illinois Infantry, was discharged January, 1864. In the meantime he had been promoted to be a brigadier general. Not content to be in private life while his country needed help, General Smith re-entered the military service in January, 1865, as colonel of the 155th Illinois Infantry and was discharged January, 1866, as brevet brigadier general. His actual term of service during the Civil War was forty-three months. He was severely wounded at the battle of Pea Ridge. He was department commander of the G. A. R. in New Mexico in 1883, and under the reorganization in 1883, was a charter member of Carleton Post. He died in Santa Fe, December 11, 1885, and was buried with military honors, in Fairview cemetery in this city.

Captain William A. Smith, sheriff of McKinley county, is a son of General and Mrs. Smith.—New Mexican.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat. This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. It is unequalled for the stomach. Children with weak stomachs thrive on it. First dose relieves. A diet unnecessary.

Cures all stomach troubles. Prepared only by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. 25c. 50c. 1.00. J. H. O'Rilly & Co. and B. H. Briggs & Co.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

It was almost a "black Friday" yesterday in New York City.

The toy pistol has proved this year to be a greater destroyer of life than any 100-ton gun ever built.

The events of every day are convincing to the people that the afternoon papers publish today's news today.

President Roosevelt and General Miles will be invited to enter the broncos taming races at the territorial fair.

If Albuquerque fails to get the Albuquerque Eastern railroad, town lots can be bought at reduced rates and rents will be cheap.

Breakfast is not the most important meal of the day. A little variety might be injected into the market if the cereal mixers would invent a good dinner food.

Since a child died from the effects of mosquito bites in Dewey, I. T., this week, the work of classifying the mosquito as a bird of prey cannot be postponed any longer.

More than 200 of the concerns with fancy capitalization have collapsed within the past couple of years. Recently a \$5,000,000 company surrendered to a \$400 judgment.

The Las Cruces Progress says: "If Albuquerque is not successful in securing the building of the Albuquerque Eastern railroad, it will be about the first enterprise she has let slip through for want of a little hustle."

The Western Union is pensioning some of its old employees. This is right. The men never succeed to very high wages, and hundreds become helpless through paralysis and should be provided for as well as when old age overtakes them.

One-half of the deaths in the United States are due to lung diseases. The government ought to issue an official bulletin telling the people of the sunshine of the southwest, and of the remarkable curative quality of the arid air of New Mexico and Arizona.

Leonard Imboden, who launched a bank in Kansas City on resources aggregating \$2.55, is said to be connected with a string of banks and trust companies stretching from New York to Oklahoma. He must have made the raise of as much as \$14.00 in order to finance all these concerns.

There are at the present time six states in this country which are out of debt. They are Ohio, New Jersey, Nebraska, Illinois, Iowa and West Virginia. All of them are republican states, and all have achieved their financial independence under republican state administrations.

There is not much prospect of a realization of the hope expressed in some sections, that sooner or later all religious creeds will eventually be solidified in one brotherhood—in one grand, universal organization—its efforts directed toward evangelizing the whole world, its teachings being one and the same as to every point in theology.

He who has health and owes nothing is both young and wealthy. This city is proud of the fact that it holds the best annual fairs in the west.

That race war in progress at Danville, Ill., is a disgrace to American civilization.

The truly religious person has resources of strength in adversity that cannot be fathomed by others.

A strong effort should be made this week to complete the subscription to the Albuquerque Eastern railroad.

That misappropriation of \$5,000 of the territorial institutions funds by decision of Solicitor General Bartlett calls for investigation.

One hundred and thirty-six Texas counties have voted in favor of prohibition, leaving only about 380 counties to hear from.

Exports to Asia, particularly to China and Japan, have increased during the past year more rapidly than those to any other country.

Great Britain has declined to maintain an army of 25,000 men in South Africa. This colonization business is expensive.

During his recent visit to Sayville, L. I., President Roosevelt rode in an automobile. There appears to be absolutely nothing that that man is afraid of.

"The west needn't worry over Wall street's tribulations," says James J. Hill. "So long as crops are good, manufacturers keep busy, and the territory between the Mississippi and the Pacific produces as bountifully as it does."

The national irrigation congress is making a new departure this year. It is offering a prize of \$50 to the person composing the ode, suitable for the purposes of the congress and embodying what it represents.

The San Marcial Bee makes this caustic remark: "Generally when a democrat renounces the error of his ways the question naturally arises: 'What office has he received or is he about to receive, from the present administration?'"

The lives of great men teach us that an ordinary amount of brains and an honest effort are all that are necessary to insure success in any legitimate occupation. Energy, integrity, brain activity, attention to detail and faithful application have carried many a man and many a woman from the humblest cottage to the grandest palace in the land; from the lowest depth of ignorance to the highest intellectual attainments.

The assessed valuation of property in New York this year shows an increase of \$1,500,000,000 over last year. The gain has been obtained chiefly through the new rating of realty at its full value. The assessment now aggregates \$5,432,398,918.

That the fraternal order of Elks is maintaining its reputation as a thoroughly charitable organization is evidenced by the fact that no less than \$189,000 was expended for purely charitable purposes during last year, besides large amounts raised for local club houses, and for the national home for aged members of the order.

The morning sheet has perpetrated a neat inn flum upon the merchants of this city.

Much comment has been created in the newspaper world by the remarkable success of the papers of the south.

In the past few years the newspapers of the entire country have made great progress, but in no section is it so evident as in the south, where the papers have experienced exceptional growth.

Russia's advance seems to be, not rapid, but inevitable. It's the glacier moving toward the sea.

"You better watch out or the trust'll get you!" is not so frightful a cry to smaller corporations as it once was.

The School of Mines at Socorro has issued a neat annual catalogue of the work of that institution the past year.

A wise man will be more anxious to deserve a fair name than to possess it, and this will teach him so to live, as not to be afraid to die.

Cardinal Gotti is in the lead for the papal succession, but not far enough ahead to justify him in transposing the last two letters of his name.

The merchants of this city have just paid over \$2,000 for a fake edition of the morning paper, and yet it is claimed that the city is too poor to subscribe \$9,000 to secure a railroad.

It is said Mayor Harrison of Chicago, will not be a presidential candidate until 1908; that he expects to be elected national committeeman for Illinois, and that he aspires to the honor of making the national platform next year.

American citizens have much to learn from London, Glasgow and Manchester. Over there they collect their sewage, treat it with chemicals and extract the solid material. The waste water that enters the rivers is relatively pure.

The present flurry, which almost approaches the fierceness of a panic, in Wall street, is the result of wild speculation through the operations of stock gamblers, and is not attributable to the natural conditions of the trade and commerce of the country.

In the year ending June let over \$57,000 immigrants arrived and reports from different parts of Europe show that the government in this direction is likely to continue. Especially in Southern and Southeastern Europe the migration of population to the new world, most of which is turned toward the United States, is as strong as it was at any time before; and some persons who have studied the subject estimate that the total immigration to this country during the present fiscal year will be over 1,000,000.

According to the United States government's July report on growing crops there will be a yield this year of more than 720,000,000 bushels of wheat and 2,263,000,000 bushels of corn. These figures compared with last year show a considerable reduction in the yield of corn, but a great increase of wheat.

SANTA FE.

From New Mexican. Burtrum Jones has accepted the position of night clerk at the Claire.

Earl E. Suelbottom, connected with the legal department of the El Paso & Northeastern railroad at Alamogordo, is in the city on a visit to his parents.

Company F, 1st Infantry of the New Mexico National Guard of Santa Fe, is making preparations to disband in the near future.

Mrs. Rosario Tafuya de Ortiz, a native of Santa Fe, aged 95 years died yesterday afternoon at her residence in precinct No. 3, east of the city limits. She leaves no immediate family.

W. J. Burrows, the United States census bureau attaché, who is gathering financial statistics, in certain counties of this territory, left for Toas this morning. He will return to Santa Fe during the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank W. Clancy, of Albuquerque, arrived yesterday and will remain here several days. Mr. Clancy is district attorney of the second judicial district and is in town on business.

Immigrant Traffic.

The Western Passenger association has issued a statement showing arrivals of steerage passengers at the port of New York for the first few months of 1903. The total number of aliens is 305,558, and of naturalized citizens 6,653, a total of 312,211. During the corresponding months of last year the aliens arriving in New York numbered 263,395, and citizens 7,190, the increase amounting to 15.42 per cent. The amount received from this traffic by the bureau lines in the first five months of 1900 was \$272,298.81, while the amount received by the same lines in the first five months of 1900 was \$273,298.81 while the amount received by the same lines in the first five months of 1903 was \$516,332.67.

FARMINGTON.

From the Times. Apricots are coming into the market this week.

The county normal institute for teachers will begin on Monday, August 17, and will continue two weeks.

Many Navajos have been passing through town this week on their way to work on the new irrigation canal on the Piedras.

At the special election held Wednesday to vote on the special levy of 7 1/2 mills for school purposes in this district, the vote was unanimously in favor of the proposition. Our people are determined to have good schools and are going after them in a way that means success.

Chester Dooley gives us an illustration of the power of production of the cherry tree in this section. On his mother's farm is a cherry tree that all the cherries on it can be reached by hand while standing on the ground from which they have gathered 12 gallons of cherries and the fruit can hardly be missed from the tree.

Rheumatism

"THE PAIN KING."

Those who have ever felt its keen, cutting pains, or witnessed the intense suffering of others, know that Rheumatism is torture, and that it is rightly called "The Pain King."

All do not suffer alike. Some are suddenly seized with the most excruciating pains, and it seems every muscle and joint in the body was being torn asunder. Others feel only occasional slight pains for weeks or months, when a sudden change in the weather or exposure to damp, chilly winds or night air brings on a fierce attack, lasting for days perhaps, and leaving the patient with a weakened constitution or crippled and deformed for all time.

An acid, polluted condition of the blood is the cause of every form and variety of Rheumatism. Muscular, Articular, Acute, Chronic, Inflammatory and Sciatic, and the blood must be purged and purified before there is an end to your aches and pains.

External applications, the use of liniments and plasters, do much toward temporary relief, but such treatment does not reach the real cause or cleanse the diseased blood, but S. S. S., the greatest of all blood purifiers and tonics, does cure Rheumatism by antidoting and neutralizing the poisonous acids and building up the weak and sluggish blood. It is safe and reliable in all forms of Rheumatism. It makes the old acid blood rich, and the pain-tortured muscles and joints are relieved, the shattered nerves are made strong, and the entire system is invigorated and toned up by the use of this great vegetable remedy.

If you have Rheumatism, write us, and our physicians will furnish without charge any information desired, and we will mail free our book on Rheumatism.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

REDEEMING THE WEST.

Roosevelt the Friend of the Arid Region.

GROWTH OF IRRIGATION SENTIMENT.

Three presidents of the United States have toured the arid region of the west in the past twelve years. The view which they entertained of irrigation, as disclosed in their speeches, furnishes a most interesting gauge by which to measure the growth of that cause.

Benjamin Harrison traversed the west twelve years ago, in 1891. The date of his trip was coincident with the earliest national organization looking to a development of a widespread public sentiment in aid of irrigation. At that time nobody seriously dreamed of a system of public works, and certainly not of a public works to be built by the nation.

President Harrison marveled at the contrast between the desert and the garden, wherever he beheld the results of irrigation. He paid many graceful compliments to the pioneers who had overcome natural difficulties and made the streams flow upon the land. But there was nothing, either in his speeches or his conversation, to show that he had any appreciation of the fact that he was in the presence of one of the tremendous national issues of the future.

On the contrary, he held to the eastern view that irrigation is a poor makeshift for rain and he was plainly relieved when he opened his eyes one morning to find himself back in the rainfall region. This was at Hastings. There he made a speech from the end of the train and congratulated his hearers on living in a place "where God furnishes the rain." The people applauded enthusiastically. At that time the name of irrigation had no power to evoke popular response anywhere.

McKinley and the West.

It was ten years later when William McKinley made much the same trip that President Harrison had taken in 1891. During the intervening decade public sentiment had undergone a change concerning irrigation. Time had shown that the reclamation of arid lands, and the making of homes upon them, is a work which does not lend itself to speculative methods, like mining and town-building. It is a sober industrial process which pays enormously in the way of social and economic gains, but does not return glittering profits to the absentee investor, nor for the boomer, the promoter and the speculator.

William McKinley looked upon the arid region with a vision which was denied his predecessor. He was able to see that irrigation possesses certain advantages over dependence on rainfall and that the day would come when it would present a practical issue of stupendous moment. He said the strength in his speeches and went further in private conversation. But he also added that it was a question for the future which would be dealt with after he had passed from the stage of action. Few men have had so rare a faculty as McKinley for understanding the real condition of public opinion and keeping abreast of it, rather than so far in advance that their utterances could have only academic value. And yet this time even McKinley was deceived—he did not know the strength of the national irrigation sentiment, nor did he appreciate how nearly ripe was the new issue.

Roosevelt the Champion of Irrigation.

Following McKinley by only two years, Theodore Roosevelt beheld a wave of public sentiment in behalf of national irrigation. True, he had done much to create this wave, both before and after his accession to the presidency. But no one man, even if he be first in all the land, makes American public opinion.

In the two short years intervening between the visits of McKinley and Roosevelt the irrigation idea took root and spread as perhaps no other social and economic proposition ever did in this country in the same space of time. The President and his traveling companions looked out and beheld the desert, as the earlier presidents and their friends had done. But they saw the desert alone—they had the imagination and the gift of prophecy to see the streams harassed and howling, like bands of silver, across the soil; to see the worn waste give place to field, orchard, and garden; to see cactus, sagebrush and greasewood fall back to make room for red-roofed, vine covered cottages. And in their ears was the murmur of moving waters and the laughter of happy children.

Future Swings 'round the Circle.

What President Roosevelt and his companions beheld in imagination, the next president who tours the arid regions will know by evidence of his

senses. For the American people have decreed that the thing shall be done. "We've got the men, we've got the ships, and we've got the money, too."

In other words we have discovered America and have decided to have it annexed to the United States, in the full economic sense of the term. The thing that Harrison looked at, yet saw not, that McKinley beheld dimly and thought afar off, that thing Roosevelt sees face to face and already growing under his hand. And it has all come about with such marvelous rapidity that even those who have grayed and labored for it sometimes rub their eyes and ask each other if it be really true.

But if we are to see the full fruition of our hopes, nothing is more certain than that the land to be irrigated by the government must be saved for the actual settler and homemaker only. Our old land laws now in force make it too easy for the ubiquitous speculator to step in just ahead of the genuine homemaker, or for the cattle baron to increase his grazing area, thus peopling the west with cattle instead of people. What the west wants for herself and what the country wants for the west is its settlement by homesteaders. As President Roosevelt said in his first California speech, at Redlands: "The man we want to favor is the man who comes to live, and whose interest it is that his children and his children's children shall enjoy to an even greater degree than he has himself."

The movement afoot to repeal the land laws under which the beefsteak has the advantage over the man who deserves the hearty support of the people.

WILLIAM E. SMITHE.

RAPIDLY CLOSING UP GAP.

Santa Fe Central Laying Track on the Main Line at Rate of Two Miles Per Day.

The Santa Fe Central is now building sure enough railroad. It has gotten out of the city, away from the switches, side tracks and spurs that have taken up so much time, and is now going toward Kennedy at the rate of from one and a half to two miles per day. The Harris Tracer laying machine never worked better or faster than it is now working, and it will continue to work at full capacity until the gap that separates Santa Fe from the other terminus of the Santa Fe Central, is filled and the screech of the locomotive of the new road is heard in the city on the Rio Santa Fe.

It was found expedient to keep the machine going all day yesterday and last night, when the work was stopped by darkness, the main line had been constructed as far as the Indian school, a pretty good start toward Kennedy.

A great number of people drove out yesterday afternoon and saw the machine at work. Not all of the men employed with the outfit would work yesterday, but enough availed themselves of the opportunity to do so to keep the machine doing its best. While it is not known just how far out the main line will be at the close of today's work, it ought to be at least three miles from the Central's yards in the city, which are near the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway's depot.

It is understood that the new large locomotives recently started from the locomotive shops in the east will be here and ready to pull the first Santa Fe Central passenger trains into this city. These new engines are said to be beauties of the 80-ton type of moguls.—New Mexican.

New Railroad in Mexico.

Mexico is to have another important line constructed in the immediate future, which while it is a short line, will be an important one, as it will open up a new and virgin country.

The preliminary survey has been run for the line and a corps of engineers is being organized in this city and it is expected to have them leave here at once to take up the locating work.

The new line will run from Irapuata on the Mexican Central, to Tacambaro in the state of Michoacan, a distance of a little over one hundred miles.

The line is projected to run also to the Pacific coast, but up to the present time the concession for the line has only been secured as far as Tacambaro, with a branch to Arlo.

The Phelps, Dodge & Co. railroad interests in southern New Mexico, Arizona and Sonora will likely push northward through western New Mexico to a connection with the Denver & Rio Grande railroad at Durango, and that before long.

LETTER LIST.

Remaining in the post office at Albuquerque, N. M., July 18, 1903:

Persons calling for or sending for these letters please state where they had been receiving mail, also mention date of advertising.

Free delivery of letters at the residence of addressee may be secured by observing the following rules:

Direct letters plainly to street number.

Give writer's name, and request answer to be directed accordingly.

Advertised matter is previously held one week awaiting delivery.

Advertised matter is held two weeks before it goes to the dead letter office at Washington D. C.

Ladies' List.

Aiken, Samuel
Baca, Marlanita
Baca, Celina
Campbell, Viola
Dennin, Mary
Garden, J. M.
Howell, Lila J.
Huning, Cruse
Lundry, Margaret
Montoya, Julia B.
O'Brien, Florence
Reemann, E. B.
Ritcher, Helen
Shepherd, Norma
Varney, Mattie
Webster, Mildred

Men's List.

Applegate, S. B.
Armitjo, Pedro
Analla, Jesus
Anderson, F. M.
Andover, Sebastian
Allen, Walter (2)
Bartino, J. W.
Brady, Leo
Bell, Roy
Bell, Roy
Bostwick, C. R.
Candeario, Primo
Durtale, J.
Eparasy, Ruperto
Ely, John
Fay, Frank L.
Garcia, Joaquin
Gallegos, B.
Garrity, M. H.
Herrera, Serapio
Healy, Jas.
Hall, John
Harris, J.

TAKEN UNDER ADVISEMENT

Arguments in Assessor Case Submitted to the Court.

ALBRIGHT'S ANSWER IN THE CASE.

The contest case of Sandoval vs. Albright was concluded yesterday in the district court. After the attorneys had submitted all their arguments the court asked for memoranda of the various authorities they cited and the case was taken under advisement to be decided at a later date.

The answer to the information filed by Mr. Albright, through his attorney, is as follows:

Territory of New Mexico, county of Bernalillo, in the District Court Territory ex rel. Jesus Maria Sandoval, relator, vs. George F. Albright, respondent. Answer.

Now comes George F. Albright, respondent in the above entitled cause and in answer to the information filed against him says:

1. That he admits that at the general election held in the territory of New Mexico on the fourth day of November, A. D. 1902, Jesus Maria Sandoval was duly elected to the office of assessor of the county of Bernalillo and received from the proper officers of said county a certificate of his election to said office; that thereafter and within the time prescribed by law, the said Jesus Maria Sandoval duly qualified and entered upon the discharge of the duties of said office of assessor as aforesaid; but respondent denies that the said Jesus Maria Sandoval has ever since continued to be and still is the person lawfully qualified to discharge the duties of said office and denies that the said Jesus Maria Sandoval is at the present time so qualified, or has been so qualified since the tenth day of March, A. D. 1903.

2. Further answering the respondent says that he has no information as to whether or not the said Jesus Maria Sandoval has resigned his said office, but he denies that the said office did not become vacant and was not vacated by the said Jesus Maria Sandoval. Respondent admits that the term for which the said Jesus Maria Sandoval was elected has not expired, that is to say, this respondent alleges that the said Jesus Maria Sandoval was elected to fill the office of assessor of the county of Bernalillo for the term beginning the first day of January, A. D. 1903, and the said term being for two years from that date; but this respondent alleges that the said office became vacant on the tenth day of March, A. D. 1903, in the manner hereinafter alleged.

3. This respondent further answering, alleges that on the 3rd day of March, 1903, this respondent was lawfully appointed to said office as hereinafter alleged, and further alleges that the said office was vacant at the time he was so lawfully appointed, and denies that the said Jesus Maria Sandoval was in possession of said office, engaged in the discharge of the duties thereof, and further answering, denies that by stealth and fraud and without authority of law did unlawfully usurp the said office and did unlawfully take possession of the same assigned for the use of the assessor of Bernalillo county in the court house of said county, and the books, papers and other insignia of said office. Respondent alleges that after having been duly appointed and qualified as assessor, by filing his bond and oath of office required by law, on the day aforesaid, he demanded possession of the office and said books and papers from one Jesus Garcia, who was then in possession of same, and the said Jesus Garcia, who had formerly been a deputy under said Jesus Maria Sandoval, peacefully delivered possession of the said room and said books, papers and other insignia of the office of this respondent.

4. Further answering, this respondent admits that he has ever since assumed to be the assessor of Bernalillo county and alleges he is the lawful assessor of said county and denies that by any unlawful usurpation and intrusion he has become possessed of the said office of assessor and of the emoluments, immunities and privileges appertaining and belonging to the same, contrary to the form of the statute in such case made and provided and against the dignity of the territory of New Mexico. Respondent, in said information, and alleges that he is the lawful incumbent thereof and entitled to the emoluments, immunities and privileges appertaining and belonging to the same.

5. For answer to the second cause of action, in said information alleged, this respondent says, that on the 23rd day of March, 1903, as the said George F. Albright, was duly appointed assessor of the county of Bernalillo, and was duly qualified as such, aforesaid, by filing his bond and oath of office, by the board of county commissioners of Bernalillo county, acting under and by virtue of section 3 of an act of the legislative assembly of the Territory of New Mexico, entitled, "An Act to create the county of Sandoval," approved March 10, 1903; and this respondent, further answering, denies that said legislation was and is void in law and of no effect in so far as it attempts or pretends to authorize or empower the selection or appointment of any other person than the said Jesus Maria Sandoval to be assessor of the county of Bernalillo aforesaid for the unexpired part of the term for which the said Jesus Maria Sandoval had been therefore elected by the qualified electors of Bernalillo county as in the first count of said information set forth; and denies that said act in said particulars is void in law because the said legislation attempts to deprive the said Jesus Maria Sandoval, of his right to said office for the full term for which he was elected without due process of law and to deprive the said Jesus Maria Sandoval of the equal protection of law and is therefore in contravention of the provisions of the constitution of the United States and in that the said legislation is a special law regulating county affairs and granting special privileges to the board of county commissioners of Bernalillo county and is in

contravention of the legislation of congress to a territorial legislature in that same is not in so far as it attempts to deprive the said Jesus Maria Sandoval of the office of assessor of Bernalillo county for a portion of a term for which he was elected a rightful subject by said territorial legislature; but respondent alleges that the said legislation is valid in every particular and fully authorized and empowered the county commissioners to appoint this respondent to said office.

6. Further answering, this respondent alleges that the office of assessor for what remained of the county of Bernalillo became and was vacant by reason of said legislation and creation of the county of Sandoval, having been previously a part of the county of Bernalillo; and said legislation being for the purpose of dividing the county of Bernalillo and creating the county of Sandoval; that the legislature had full power and authority to pass acts and every part thereof, and thereby vest in the county commissioners of Bernalillo county the power to appoint this respondent, or such other person as they saw fit to select, to the office of assessor for the new county of Bernalillo, as the same existed from and after the date of the passage of said acts. Respondent further alleges the office was subject to the control of the legislature and that a vacancy thereafter was created by said acts above referred to.

7. Further answering, this respondent alleges that by virtue of an act entitled, "An act to create the county of Sandoval" approved March 10, 1903, there was created the county of Sandoval, the Territory of New Mexico, and that the said relator at the time of the creation of said county of Sandoval was and had been for a long time and many years previous thereto, a resident of the portion of Bernalillo county which was incorporated into the county of Sandoval, and that by virtue of the passage of said act creating the county of Sandoval, the said relator became and was and still is a resident of the county of Sandoval and of the county of Bernalillo, and thereupon the said relator ceased to be upon the passage of said act a resident of the said county of Bernalillo and was disqualified from exercising the duties of the office of assessor of the said county of Bernalillo to which he had theretofore been elected, and at the time of the appointment and qualification of this respondent as assessor, by virtue of his appointment by the county commissioners under and by virtue of the act of the legislative assembly of the territory of New Mexico, entitled, "An Act to amend An act entitled 'An act to create the county of Sandoval' approved March 10, 1903," approved March 12, 1903, as alleged in the information in this cause such office was and has been since the date of the creation of said county of Sandoval, vacant; and the said respondent denies that he holds the said office and assumes to discharge the duties thereof, wrongfully and contrary to the form of the statute in such case made and provided and against the peace and dignity of the Territory of New Mexico.

W. B. JILBERS, Attorney Respondent.

Territory of New Mexico, county of Bernalillo, vs.

George F. Albright, being duly sworn, on oath deposes and says: that he is the respondent in the above entitled cause, that he has read the foregoing answer and knows the contents thereof and that he answers the same as therein contained are true.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 24th day of July, A. D. 1903.

E. L. MEDLER, Notary Public.

Deming National Bank.

T. M. Wingo, cashier of the Lowdown National Bank, returned yesterday from Deming, where he went to assist J. Bennett in closing final arrangements for the opening of the Deming National Bank. The subscription list is now complete, and on it are represented many of the most solid and substantial business men and cattlemen of Deming and vicinity. Abundantly built for a bank that was never organized, has been raised, and the Deming National bank will be opened for business just as soon as it is possible to complete the necessary arrangements with the national banking authorities and to install the fixtures. The formal organization meeting will be held on August 5th.—El Paso News.

MILITIA CIRCLES.

Encampment Will Probably Be Held Near Armory.

The report of Captain Matthews of Socorro to the adjutant general of New Mexico, W. H. Whitman, is expected to be made public early the coming week on the location where the territorial militia will in all probability hold their encampment. The place is near Socorro, and it is said is an ideal place, there being plenty of good water and fine target ranges. Col. John Borradale says the encampment is almost a certainty.

In regard to the new armory to be located in this city, which the last legislature provided for, Colonel Borradale said there would be nothing done until the acts of the legislature were approved by the interior department. This bill simply provides a certain sum for building the armory, and therefore it will be necessary for the citizens to donate the site, which should be centrally located. All this, however, will come up after the appropriation is approved.

BIG FIRE AT GALLUP.

Colorado Fuel and Iron Company's Briquette Plant Totally Destroyed.

The Colorado Fuel and Iron Company's briquette plant at Gallup was completely destroyed by fire early last evening. It is not exactly known just where the fire started, but it is thought from the furnace. Considerable slack coal was consumed by the fire as well as the building and machinery. It is thought that the loss is almost fully covered by insurance. The plant was an experiment plant and has only been in operation a few months. Advice from Gallup says that it will probably be rebuilt.

SILVER CITY EAGLES.

A Prosperous Aerie Organized and Instituted.

NAMES OF OFFICERS OF NEW LODGE.

Frank McKee, district deputy for New Mexico of the Fraternal Order of Eagles, and Joe Sheridan, special assistant, returned from Silver City, where they went to initiate the new aerie recently organized in that city. The lodge starts off with fifty charter members, and comprises the best citizens of Silver City. Every member is enthusiastic and determined to make this aerie the banner order of Grant county. After the installation an elegant banquet was spread, and a good time had. Between courses toasts were delivered and music discoursed. The Albuquerque visitors are loud in their praises of the Silver City birds. Following are the new officers of the aerie:

Past President—E. A. Farnsworth. President—K. Platt. Vice President—F. M. Wynkoop. Chaplain—W. J. Walton. Conductor—Al Card. Secretary—Lee Dodson. Treasurer—H. Dillon. Inner Guard—William Rose. Outer Guard—J. A. Shipley.

The Reformed Party. Denver, July 25.—The movement to combine the populists, bimetalists, socialists and other elements into a national political organization promises to receive a new impetus at the conference to be held in Denver early in the coming week. Leaders of the movement predict a large attendance. Some of those who have signified their sympathy with the aims and objects of the new party are George Fred Williams of Massachusetts, Clarence S. Darrow of Chicago, former Governor Poynter of Nebraska and Edward Atkinson, president of the anti-imperialist league.

BOUND OVER FOR LARCENY.

Doings of Police Court—Two Grand Jury Prisoners and Two Drunks.

Depot Master Troutman Wednesday night arrested a man who registered his name on the police court docket as R. R. Tilley. Tilley is charged with larceny from the person. It is alleged that Tilley stole \$6 from a tourist on passenger train No. 7 of the 22nd. Tilley was brought out of the city bastille this morning and before Judge Crawford. On examination the city magistrate found that Tilley's case was rather a grave one and bound him over to the grand jury. Tilley's scheme was a good one. He had a one dollar bill which he would pull out before a person, at the same time asking for change for a ten. He would grab the money and run. It seems that he worked an unsuspecting Italian on passenger train No. 1 of Wednesday night, getting \$6. He was seen arguing with the Italian and the Italian had a long knife threatening to use if his money was not returned forthwith. Tilley finally jerked loose from his victim and ran away. When train No. 27 was made up a half hour later Tilley again appeared and walked through the train probably looking for another victim, but the depot master took him in charge and he was landed in "limbo."

Antonio Rodriguez, a native of Mexico, alleged to have stolen a hat from the store of S. Benjamin & Co., Wednesday, was brought before the court this morning and pleaded guilty to the charge. The charge was larceny from a store and out of the jurisdiction of the police court, so the prisoner was bound over to await the meeting of the grand jury under \$250 bonds.

Two drunks appeared before the court, pleaded guilty of the misdemeanor and were given the usual dose of \$5 or five days. One paid up and the other will improve his time improving the streets.

When Deputy Sheriff Newcomer took Antonio Rodriguez to S. Benjamin & Co.'s store this morning it was for the purpose of ascertaining what kind of a hat he wore before he bought his new one. Officer Newcomer had the description of a man badly wanted in Arizona. Rodriguez talked pretty well with the description of the man wanted, with the exception of his hat, which was new and bore the mark of Benjamin & Co. So to Benjamin & Co. Mr. Newcomer went for information. He inquired around and finally found the clerk that had waited on his prisoner, but the clerk had sold him no hat. A hurried investigation of stock revealed one hat missing and not accounted for. The new hat was examined and was identified as that missing. None of the clerks had sold Rodriguez the hat, so the natural supposition was that he stole it, and sure enough, he had. He wasn't the man wanted in Arizona.

SANTA FE CENTRAL.

Great Activity at Santa Fe the End of the Road.

The New Mexican says that a great many people of Santa Fe have been out to the Santa Central camps to see the Harris tracklaying machine, but those who expected to see the machine laying railway track were disappointed for there will be no more work done by the machine for two or three days yet. It takes time to get ready for as big a thing as this trackbuilding is, and all that is being done now is the preliminary work necessary before the real work of actual railroad building is commenced in dead earnest, when the Santa Fe Central will push away from the camps established out on the southern hill, and take a lead off toward Kennedy and that portion of the road that is now completed and in operation. This will probably be about Monday.

The work of loading cars with ties and steel to be used when the machine is put into operation, continues and the new switches, spurs and sidings which were put down yesterday, are today receiving ballast and being made into good road. The scenes of industry and push depicted at the camp yesterday is not abated in the least today, and will not be. Many cars of steel have been loaded ready for the grand rush and a crowd of forty more men are busy all the time, on the work of ballasting the new tracks, spurs and sidings is being pushed by a large force, while others are loading ties, timbers and other building material. Connections have been made which give the Santa Fe Central an abundant supply of good water, and, as the hours pass, other results of the energy and industry displayed are showing up in and about the camp and yards.

Practically every one of the seventy-one cars in the Central's Santa Fe yards is now in service with the exception of those which have not yet been loaded. Buildings have been erected and much machinery is stored in Santa Fe.

The Harris tracklaying machine is capable of averaging about one and four-fifths miles of track per work day of ten hours. The distance from Santa Fe to Kennedy is twenty-two miles and if nothing happens to impede the progress of the work the Santa Fe Central will be a realized hope for the city for which it was named, by or before the 10th day of August—perhaps a few days sooner.

CONQUEST OF NAVAJOES.

Kit Carson Conquered the Tribe by Destroying Their Orchards.

The Denver Field and Farm says that in 1863 the Indian bureau conceived the idea of removing the Navajo Indians from their present reservation in northern New Mexico to a new reserve on the Pecos near Fort Sumner and Kit Carson was called upon to execute the job. Then, as now, the Navajos constituted a powerful nation and they objected to the idea of being removed from their land and hunting grounds of their youth. Kit first organized a band of 100 Ute scouts in Colorado under Chief Kanahatch and with 1,000 men constituting the First New Mexico cavalry they invaded the Navajo land and located the various camps for attack.

The strategy of the Navajos was the Canyon de Chelly, a rock-ribbed rift in the face of the level earth extending for more than forty miles and through which no white man had ever passed. In this peculiar canyon there exist innumerable orchards of fine peach trees which were the pride of the Navajo nation. In order to discourage the Indians from returning when once removed Carson decided to destroy the orchards. The Indians as they were with a great crop of delicious fruit. In July, 1864, Carson sent Capt. John Thompson of Company K with axes to cut them down. Then Carson laid siege to the Navajo citadel by starving out the Indians.

He drove off their sheep, burned their grain fields and devastated the length and breadth of the reservation without engaging the tribe in actual warfare.

During this campaign of fire and pillage Maj. Joe Cummings was killed in the Canyon de Chelly, thirty-five miles from Fort Defiance, which was then called Fort Canby. Seeing that they were being starved out, the Indians finally agreed to give up and they were soon copped out for the long march to Fort Sumner on the Pecos, where Don Francisco Chaves, who was then delegate to congress, had succeeded in securing an appropriation of \$150,000 for the purchase of a new reservation. The water of the Pecos was too brackish for the health of the tribe and in 1869 after much dissension and no end of trouble they were taken back to the San Mateo country together with their neighbors, the Jicarilla Apaches, and there they remain to this day, although the tribe is gradually dying out much as all the noble red men are going under the blighting influence of advancing civilization. For twenty years previous to this removal such great army generals as Bonneville, Garland, Canby, Sumner and Colonel May had ineffectually striven to oust the Navajos, but it took the wily maneuvers of Kit Carson without any particular military training and with a comparatively small force of men to hunt them out and effect the removal without serious loss of life on either side.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature.

A Pretty Surprise.

Miss Ethel Bowser, niece of Mrs. Rogers, was the victim of a well gotten up surprise party, given by her friends at Orchestra hall last night. Miss Bowser was seventeen yesterday, and it was by clever strategy that she was persuaded to attend an imaginary rehearsal at the hall. Dances and other sorts of amusements passed away the time all too quickly. A nice luncheon was spread and about thirty were there and sat at the board.

Making Ready for the World's Fair.

The Alton road has received from the Baldwin locomotive works two new express messenger engines, the largest and most powerful ever built. They have been built expressly for the expected heavy business of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition in St. Louis. These engines will haul trains made up of twelve passenger cars and weighing about 600 tons, exclusive of passengers and baggage. Such a train will accommodate 760 people, whose aggregate weight would not be less than fifty-seven tons, and estimated their baggage at fifteen tons, the total of the train behind the engine will be 675 tons. Such a train will have to be hauled by one locomotive, 1194 miles in two and one-half hours, making two stops and three slow-downs for railway crossings. This will reduce the actual running time for that distance to two hours and twenty-four minutes, and will necessitate an average running speed of forty-six miles an hour.

It is reported from Austin, Tex., that the Colorado Fuel and Iron company is behind the project to establish an iron and steel plant at the mouth of the Balsas river, on the Pacific coast of Mexico. This may explain Rockefeller's investments last week in Mexican Central stocks and bonds. He wants the continent.

VOLUNTEER FIREMEN.

Meeting to Be Held at Santa Fe in September.

WOODMEN OF THE WORLD TO BE THERE.

The New Mexico Association of Volunteer Firemen will hold their next convention at Santa Fe on September 2, 3 and 4. The meeting promises to be a large one and everybody who attends will certainly have a good time. Besides the business of the convention there will be a splendid program of amusements. Races, base ball, speaking, music and a Woodman's log rolling will be among the attractions. All Woodmen lodges in the territory are expected to be there to take part. This city will send a large delegation. Special rates will be made by the railroads, which will be announced later. Cards for eleven new members were sent to B. Ruppe of this city for signature, and Santa Fe expects to add twenty-five more new names to the growing roll of membership. The initiation fee is \$2 and the yearly dues \$1. If a member in good standing dies an assessment of \$1 per member is levied and paid to his heirs. There should be more interest taken in this city and a local association should be organized with at least 100 members. The territorial officers are: B. Ruppe, president; A. M. Dettelbach, vice president, and L. William Ilfeld treasurer.

Low Rate on Lemons.

According to a pamphlet, just issued by the Santa Fe, the transcontinental freight association has fixed a special winter relief rate on lemons moving from December 1 to April 30th inclusive.

The rate is \$1 per 100 pounds which is a cut of 25 cents in the regular tariff. The reason for this reduction is said to be due to the fact that the lemon season is quiet from December to April, and the movement of fruit consequently light. The lemon market in the east is good during the winter, as can be seen by a glance at the number of cars of that fruit shipped during the winter months with the summer.

The new rate is expected to be particularly welcome to the Santa Fe people, who have been experimenting with considerable success in a new process for curing lemons. The fruit is shipped to Chicago in the winter and after being cured is stored until the warm weather sets in. Then the lemons are marketed in a much better condition as well as in a shorter time than they would be if shipped across the continent. Thus it will be seen that the Santa Fe will, more than any other road, reap the benefit of the winter relief rate.

IRRIGATION CONGRESS.

Fight For Ten Million Dollars of Public Money.

The Eleventh National Irrigation Congress, which meets in Ogden, Utah, September 20th to 18th, 1903, witnesses a struggle unknown outside the United States Senate and Congress. The United States government has in the treasury over ten million dollars, which has been appropriated and set aside for the purpose of reclaiming the arid lands of the west. This great sum of money, as well as all future receipts from sales of the public lands of the sixteen arid states and territories, can be used only for the storage of water by the erection of reservoirs and dams and the developing of water supplies by artesian wells and drain tunnels, and the conserving in other ways of water for the reclamation of lands in the arid west, which is defined by the irrigation law as including the following states: Arizona, California, Oregon, Washington, Nevada, Idaho, Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, Kansas, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, South Dakota, Oklahoma and Utah.

The National Irrigation Congress, which was instrumental in causing the government to set aside this great sum of money and which reconvenes at Ogden, Utah, next September, will recommend to the secretary of the interior the expenditure of these millions of dollars set aside as a reclamation fund. Shall this state have her quota of this money? Shall this important question be represented at this congress? Each board of county commissioners, the mayor of each city not over 25,000 population, each chamber of commerce, irrigation association, agricultural society, live stock association, society of engineers, and agricultural college is entitled to send two delegates. Mayors of cities over 25,000 population, four delegates, and the governor of each state, twenty delegates. This state and community should be fully represented in this National Irrigation Congress. Those interested in the upbuilding of our state surely should look into this matter, and see to it that proper representatives are sent to Ogden, Utah, to attend the Irrigation Congress. Those desiring further information may address Fred J. Kiesel, chairman of the executive committee of the Eleventh National Irrigation Congress, Ogden, Utah, who will send the official call including credential blanks. Those who are authorized to appoint delegates should act promptly in this matter.

WINSLOW.

From Winslow Mail.

James Kennedy, the good natured city marshal of Winslow, was mingling with his Winslow friends Wednesday.

E. P. Hartzell, the car inspector, has a double addition to his family. Two fine babies are the new arrivals. Mrs. Hartzell and the babies are in good health.

E. D. Spencer, formerly timekeeper for the Albuquerque division of the Santa Fe, has accepted the position of traveling coal accountant on the Wyoming division of the Union Pacific out of Denver.

Improvements are being made to the Catholic church. The vestibule is receiving a new coat of paint. The vicarage is also being decorated in like manner. Chisholm & Roberts, the decorators, are doing the work.

Lantry's stone gang and outfit were in town Thursday. They came in from Luna, where they completed the abutments for a steel bridge. The gang will be working about a mile out of Winslow doing the same character of work.

Drakeham J. S. Cook sustained some bad treatment at the hands of several Mexicans near Chiles the first of the week. He was endeavoring to put them off a freight train, when one drew a knife and inflicted several gashes on his roustabout anatomy.

FLAGSTAFF.

From the Sun.

The work on the second story of the Pollock block has been completed. There are a number of pleasant offices on the floor and three of them are already occupied.

J. D. Newman, who has been buying sheep in New Mexico, returned Sunday.

The fire alarm bell arrived the forepart of this week and will at once be put in place.

Geo. N. Baty has the contract for painting the interior wood work of the Normal school.

Charles McLean has gone to the Grand Canyon to take charge of the work of the Grand Canyon electric power company.

Father Mandelaria, of Albuquerque, spent a day here this week. He was on his way to Prescott where he will spend several weeks.

Harry Jacoby, Thomas Sayer and A. J. Doran left Thursday for the copper mines on the Navajo reservation. Mr. Doran will examine the mines with view of interesting capital for their development. As the distance from the railroad has held back the work on them.

Bob Casey, who shot Jack Keegan, the saloon keeper of Challender, one day last week was arrested at a ranch near that place and taken to Williams where a hearing was had before Judge of the Peace Ranney, who held him to appear before the next grand jury under \$1000 bail, in default of which Casey now occupies a cell in the county jail. Keegan is in Williams under treatment for his wounds and will recover.

You Know What You Are Taking.

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chilli Tonic, because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure; no pay; 50c.

HOLBROOK.

From the Argus.

Fred Brown came in from the range Friday, and reports lots of grass out there.

Sheriff Houck, made a trip up the line as far as Gallup, this week looking after criminals.

Geo. Sponseller, of Taylor formerly in the sheep business in this county, is in Holbrook during the week. County Supervisors F. F. Flickinger and R. C. Creswell returned home Tuesday having completed the task of equalization.

W. B. Woods and family returned home Thursday from Los Angeles, where they have been visiting for sometime.

Quite a number of friends gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Zuck last Tuesday evening and were entertained in the form of a social. The occasion was in honor of Mr. Zuck's sixty-fifth birthday and was a very pleasant evening for the guests, who were served with refreshments.

WILLIAMS.

From Williams News.

"Bud" Emory returned this week from a pleasure trip to Los Angeles instead of Texas, as he had first intended. Bud says he met quite a few acquaintances in the "profess" around the theaters, and that they showed him a good time.

Leo Seely is looking forward to the arrival, probably next week, of his brother, Fred, from San Marcial, N. M.

Mr. Nathan Barth and young son Sidney departed last Sunday evening for their home in Albuquerque.

Among those at Prescott the past week were F. O. Mason, H. F. Ashurst, E. T. Phelan, William Souder, A. Tezlaft, Albert Leisch, J. D. Raudebaugh and M. Rencke.

Casey, the man who shot Jack Keegan at Challender last week, was captured near Bellemont and on Tuesday was bound over to appear before the grand jury by Judge M. L. Ranney.

Conductor Archibald and family departed last Sunday for Los Angeles, where they will establish a home, hoping the change will be beneficial to Mrs. Archibald's health. Her husband will return in a couple of weeks and resume charge of the short run express.

Born—Wednesday evening, July 22, 1903, to Mrs. Harvey Hicks, wife of the head sawyer at the mill, a girl, Harvey wasn't working Thursday and came around to tell us the good news. He says he thinks he can make ten "12s" at the shoot tomorrow, but we think differently.

The visitors to the Canyon in the near future need not be surprised if they see the various roads leading away from the rim resemble the first of May moving day in the eastern cities, for all residents and campers living on the forest reserve have been ordered by the government at Washington to move off. None are excused. It will be a question just where to go.

Born—Thursday morning, July 23, 1903, to Mrs. George U. Young, wife of the editor of the News and present secretary of the territorial republican central committee, a boy. For a man of his weight, Young stepped pretty high all day Thursday. In his writings hereafter he will probably tell how to care for the baby.

The Santa Fe limited, No. 3, which arrived here yesterday, was wrecked at the crossing of the Rock Island near Princeville. The accident resulted from an open switch. Engineer Ed O'Brien and Fireman Charles Vogel, both of Fort Madison, Iowa, were instantly killed. Express Messenger R. L. B. Budway and his assistant, Ed. Parshall, both of Chicago, sustained minor injuries.

HELD IN EL PASO.

Primrose, the Circus Crook, in Jail for Theft.

HE IS WANTED IN SOCORRO.

The El Paso Herald says that "A. D. Primrose, the bogus circus agent, is still in the city jail and still there is no charge against him. However, it is expected that information will be filed against him this afternoon and that he will be transferred to the county jail, as Police Chief Wootton has turned the matter over to County Attorney Maury Kemp and Mr. Kemp will charge him with theft over the value fifty dollars, for the alleged theft of a watch from Mrs. Rodriguez at Hotel Angeles.

Primrose is still confident that the officers cannot send him to the penitentiary for the offense, however, and is contented with everything except his food and close quarters. He complains about the hard bed and also kicks at the "jail grub," as he calls it, declaring that he will starve if he has to stay there much longer.

Another telegram was received from Socorro, N. M., this morning by the police chief asking if the prisoner could be taken back there. The telegram was from Sheriff Leandro Baca, of Socorro, and he said:

"Several charges against Rose or Primrose here. Will you turn him over to our officer there, A. B. Baca, or shall we get requisition papers?"

Chief Wootton wired back that a charge of grand larceny would probably be preferred against the prisoner here and in that event the New Mexican people could not get him at least until he was acquitted if he could be convicted and sent to the pen from here.

"Primrose" was shown the telegram by the police and begged them not to send him to New Mexico. He said he would prefer staying here and standing trial for the theft of the watch to going back there and stand trial even on a petty charge. He says he did not obtain over ten dollars from any one person in New Mexico and did not, therefore, commit a felony, but he defrauded a number of persons out of small sums and the total sentence would mean several months in jail.

RAILROAD NOTES.

F. F. Gague succeeds M. M. Drake, as clerk in Trainmaster E. J. Gibson's office at Winslow.

H. Little, track foreman of the local yards, has gone with his family for an outing in Bear Canyon.

Conductor Craven of S. Marcial has gone to West Palm Beach, Fla., to spend a couple of weeks.

Some of the leading yardmasters of the country are advocating the establishment of a freight car clearing house.

Walter Johnson, apprentice of the aqua Walter Johnson, an apprentice local shops, is recreating at San Bernardino.

F. S. Ripley, son of President Ripley of the Santa Fe, is in the city. The young man is secretary to Superintendent Shepard of the coast lines.

Two electric roads, one on each bank of the Ohio, are projected between Cincinnati and Louisville. The trolley is marching on in the neighborhood of all large American cities.

The plans and specifications for the new Denver & Rio Grande and Santa Fe Central depot at Santa Fe are out. The building is to be of brick, with a red wood shingle roof, and will be a beauty, when finished.

Miss Guila Leffer, of El Paso, and well known in San Marcial, has instituted proceedings against the G. H. & S. A. Railroad company for damages on account of personal injuries sustained by the plaintiff.

General Manager W. S. Hopewell of the Santa Fe Central has telegraphed the chief clerk of the railway mail service that his road is now ready to carry mail between Torrance and Kennedy and intermediate points.

The late F. M. Arthur, chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, saw the organization, during the thirty years he was at its head, increase from 15,000 to 50,000 members and its various financial benefits

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Two Companies File Papers With Territorial Secretary.

CONDEMNATION COMMISSION.

Tuesday morning the following articles of incorporation were filed in the office of Territorial Secretary J. W. Reynolds: The Roswell Printing company of Roswell. The incorporators are Charles E. Kessler, Benjamin F. Harlow, William A. Wilson, William H. McClintock, James W. Wilson and Wendell M. Reed, all of Roswell. The capital stock is \$5,000, divided into 100 shares of a par value of \$50 each. The term of existence is fifty years as the principal place of business is at Roswell, with the object of establishing a printing plant, to carry on a general printing, publishing, binding, blank book manufacturing, engraving and lithographing business, to purchase and sell all kinds of stationary, books, papers, magazines, office fixtures and supplies, to manufacture and sell wrapping paper and paper bags.

The following articles of incorporation were filed in the office of Territorial Secretary J. W. Reynolds: The Alamo Mining and Developing company, whose principal place of business is Alamogordo, N. M.; the term of existence is fifty years, and the capital stock is \$500,000, with 500,000 shares of a par value of \$1 each. The company is to begin existence with the filing of the articles of incorporation, and the purposes for which it is created is for the development and operation of gold, silver, copper and other kinds of mines; to acquire mines and mining claims, and to acquire and dispose of personal and other property. The incorporators are: Maurice P. Coakley, W. C. Hood, W. K. Shelton and Thomas T. Leask of Otero county, New Mexico, and Walter Irish of Polk county, Iowa.

Condemnation Commission Appointed. Associate Justice John R. McPhee in the first judicial district court for Santa Fe county, has appointed as a commission to appraise the property involved in the cases of the Santa Fe Central Railway company vs. Mrs. Esther B. Thomas, vs. Philip E. Meisner, and vs. William E. Berger, the property being certain lots situated in ward 2 of Santa Fe. The commission is composed of Arthur Seligman, Frederick Muller and Charles H. Haspel, math, and will meet July 31 to take the matter under consideration.

Suits Filed.

In the district court for San Juan county a suit was filed styled The First National Bank of Durango, Colo., vs. Simon Martinez, Vidal Martinez and Manuel Prado. It is a civil action brought for the collection of a certain promissory note, executed September 1, 1902, for \$200.

Tuesday morning in the district court for Taos county, a suit was filed by Edith D. Jourdan and N. B. Laughlin against John Cinley. It is an adverse mining claim, and the plaintiffs pray that they shall receive an undivided three-fourths interest in the Copper King lode mining claim, situated in Taos county.

WANT MORE TIME.

Safety Appliances Act May Be Suspended in Operation.

The interstate commerce commission has granted a hearing to several lines which desire an extension of the time in which to comply with the provisions of the amended safety appliance act. The hearing will take place in Washington, D. C., August 5.

"The act as amended last March became effective September 1. There is some doubt in the minds of members of the commission as to whether they have the power under the amended law to grant an extension of time for compliance. If there is any such power, however, it must be granted before September 1, when the penal sections of the law begin to run. The commission will probably be called upon in course of time to decide whether the act can be made to apply to vehicles which are engaged in a strictly state commerce. By its terms the law is evidently intended to apply to cars, locomotives and all vehicles, whether or not they cross state boundaries. But the courts have never determined the right of congress to legislate for or of the commission to enforce laws against instrumentalities of commerce which are not outside of the state's geographical lines.

Ground was broken Tuesday in Cincinnati, O., for what will be the largest building in the world devoted to the uses of a freight depot or warehouse. The new structure will be erected by the Baltimore & Ohio South western railroad, on the north side of Second street, extending from the Chesapeake & Ohio bridge to Mill street, a distance of about three ordinary city blocks, the full length of the building being 1,277 feet, width at the first of 55 feet and 48 feet above that story.

General Manager Avery Turner and Traffic Manager Don A. Sweet of the Santa Fe, were in Carlsbad several days last week and looked over the field pretty thoroughly. While not officially decided, it is pretty sure that the work on the new depot will commence at once and that the extension of the water system will be on a much more ambitious scale than was at first contemplated.

LOVELL IN CHARGE.
Acting as Santa Fe Superintendent of Motive Power.

It is expected that some time this week the appointment of a successor to succeed Geo. R. Henderson, as superintendent of motive power for the Santa Fe, will be made by the Topeka State Journal.

Mr. Henderson's resignation is effective August 1 and if the change of office is carried out according to the usual custom the circular announcing the appointment of his successor will be issued before that date. Meanwhile Alfred Lovell, assistant to Mr. Henderson, is looking after the business of the office. It is understood that all correspondents have dropped Mr. Henderson's name and are addressing Mr. Lovell as superintendent of motive power. All business of that office is being carried on under Mr. Lovell's name. For this reason it is thought that Mr. Lovell has already been appointed to the position and that the authorities are only waiting for Mr. Henderson's resignation to become effective before announcing Mr. Lovell's appointment.

Charles Beiert, formerly operator here for the Santa Fe railroad, and now agent at Rowe station, has secured his annual vacation, and is in Santa Fe making preparations for a fishing trip. He will leave in company with several other Santa Fe people the first of the week and expects to be gone ten days or longer.

The stockholders of the Western Pacific Railroad company have formally authorized the directors of the company to issue \$50,000,000 worth of bonds, redeemable in thirty years. It was stated that the company has four "open" surveying parties at work mapping out a route from San Francisco to Salt Lake.

The machinists of Las Vegas are making elaborate preparations for the grand ball to be given at the Montezuma casino on the evening of the Raton picnic, August 22.

SENATOR DOLLIVER.

He is Returning to Washington From the Coast.

HE IS OPPOSED TO NEW MEXICO.

United States Senator Jonathan P. Dolliver of Iowa, was in Albuquerque about thirty-five minutes this morning while en route to Chicago from a month's visit on the Pacific coast. Senator Dolliver's home town is Fort Dodge, Iowa, but since his election to the senate he has lived at 1415 Massachusetts avenue northwest, Washington.

"I have been on the coast a month for no other reason than to get a little rest," said Senator Dolliver to a representative of The Citizen.

"I found that country prosperous," continued the senator. "The people going right along picking their fruit and paying little attention to stock panics in Wall street and other eastern financial disturbances.

"I am much impressed with the push and business like character of you western people. You have a fine hotel here. You get a good meal there, one that makes you feel like you were in Washington."

Just as the reporter was about to touch the senator on the statehood question, the conductor shouted "all aboard" and the interview was brought to a close.

Senator Dolliver was not a friend to New Mexico and Arizona in the fight last winter. He made his opposition on the grounds that the territory was strong for free silver. The state statement of Senator Dolliver's made to a member of the New Mexico statehood committee which visited Washington during the fight is proof enough that the senator is not conversant with the conditions of the southwest.

As to the free silver question New Mexico gave a majority of 13,000 votes for gold standard.

Farmington Fruit Growers.

The Fruit Growers' association met at the Times office Saturday night with President Brothers in the chair. The matter of boxes for summer fruit was discussed and it was decided to order 2,000 boxes for plums and peaches. The proposition of Wolf & Co. was further discussed as also the matter of grading. It was decided that it was only feasible for the association to attempt to handle the first and second grades. D. R. Ross was appointed as representative to visit Durango and have a formal contract drawn and signed between Wolf & Co. and the association.

W. N. Kight and Robert O. Hanna added their names to the roll of membership. The meeting adjourned to meet in regular session, at the city hall next Saturday evening.

The executive committee of the fair fair met at the Hustler office Friday evening and selected the committees that will act for the various departments. The finance committee is headed with A. Graff and Judge Bowman has charge of the infant industry.—Farmington Times.

OFFICIAL MATTERS.

Land Office Transactions—Notaries Public Appointed.

WORLD'S FAIR COMMISSION MEET.

The following notaries public were appointed by Governor Otero: George A. Campfield of Albuquerque for Bernalillo county; Lucius K. McGuffey of Roswell for Chaves county.

Land Office Business.

The following homestead entry was made in the United States land office: John Hixenbaugh of Raton, 120 acres of land in Colfax county, being the SE 1/4 of the SE 1/4 of section 23, and the NE 1/4 of the NE 1/4 and the SE 1/4 of the NE 1/4 of section 26, T. 32 N., R. 24 E.

Meeting of Board of Managers of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition. The New Mexico board of managers of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition met at Santa Fe yesterday afternoon at 2:30 in the private office of J. F. Chavez, superintendent of public instruction, at the capitol building. There was present the following members: Hon. Charles A. Spiess, president of Las Vegas; Secretary W. B. Walton of Silver City; Treasurer Arthur Seligman of Santa Fe; H. J. Hagerman of Roswell, Professor Fayette A. Jones of Albuquerque, and Eusebio Chacon of Las Vegas.

Of course no great amount of work was accomplished yesterday afternoon, the time being so short, but the board was called to order by the president and several matters were discussed. These matters will be taken up today and disposed of before the meeting closes.

Many subjects of weighty importance to the whole of New Mexico will come before the board at today's meeting. Among other things might be mentioned the report of the president, Charles A. Spiess, on the result of his trip to St. Louis, where he inspected plans and specifications for the New Mexico building to be erected at the World's Fair in St. Louis. The matter of preparing and getting together a suitable exhibit of the different industries of the territory will come up for consideration and the board will have to devise means of getting the proper exhibits ready for the big show and gathered together.

Notary Reappointed.

W. H. Waring was reappointed a notary public in and for Rio Arriba county by Governor Otero. His post office is Tierra Amarilla, N. M.

Application to Purchase.

Tuesday morning W. A. Dunlavy of Santa Fe made application to purchase the following coal lands in Sandoval county: SE 1/4 of section 8, T. 13 N. R. 6 E. The application was suspended and the adverse claimants were notified as follows: To appear on September 15, Valentina S. de Mondragon and Antonio Ortiz of Santa Fe and Petrita Sanchez and N. B. Young of San Pedro, N. M.

Land Office Business.

The following homestead entry was made in the United States land office: Anastacio Sandoval of Galisteo, N. M., 160 acres in San Miguel county, being the S 1/4 of the SE 1/4 and the SE 1/4 of the SW 1/4 of section 31, and the SW 1/4 of the SW 1/4 of section 32, T. 12 N., R. 13 E.

Grant County's Large Area.

According to the figures given out from the office of the United States surveyor general at Santa Fe, Grant county has an area of 4,737,594 acres or 7,403 square miles. There are only three counties in the territory of larger size: Socorro, Chaves and Valencia, in the order named.

G. A. R. NEWS.

Tourists to National Encampment Will Stop Over in This City.

Cut rate tickets to the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, to occur at San Francisco August 17-22, inclusive, over the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, will be put on sale in the eastern states August 1. About August 5 or 6 the flood of old soldiers and old soldiers bound for San Francisco will begin passing through Albuquerque. The first special train carrying nothing but G. A. R. excursionists is scheduled to arrive in Albuquerque August 11 at 7:15 o'clock, running as No. 1 of that day. This train will stop over in the city about twelve hours, as will some others due to arrive later. Although the Rock Island has been chosen by the commander in chief of the Grand Army of the Republic as the official road, the Santa Fe is making an effort and will likely carry a large part of 50,000 or 60,000 people, who are expected to attend the encampment. The Santa Fe has issued a pamphlet in regard to the encampment excursion rates and accommodations along the Santa Fe route, setting forth the interesting country it passes through and stop overs allowed.

In respect to the stop over at Albuquerque, the circular says: "Remaining over night for a glimpse of this remarkably progressive western city of 12,000 inhabitants, with its colleges, universities and other attractive buildings and private residences; but particularly for a visit to the Harvey museum, where are displayed Indian curios valued at \$75,000 collected from all western tribes. The museum is a unique feature of the Hotel Alvarado, the finest railway hotel in the southwest, which cost \$125,000. The main building is 330 feet long, 190 feet wide with open court. An arcade 200 feet long connects it with the new Santa Fe passenger depot."

The train will leave here the following morning at 6:30 o'clock en route to the Grand Canyon of Arizona, stopping a short time at the villages of the Ileta and Laguna tribes of the Pueblo Indians.

White in Albuquerque. Department Commander J. W. Edwards said this afternoon that as yet no provision had been made in the way of entertainment of the Grand Army of the Republic excursionists, who will take advantage of the preferred stop overs here and visit our city. Commander Edwards said that he didn't know whether or not the post would be able to do anything toward the entertainment of the visiting comrades. He thought that the responsibility would fall on the Commercial Club, and that it would be the club's duty.

For Fast Riding.

A young man riding a bicycle at a high rate of speed darted out of an alley opening on Gold avenue between First and Second streets yesterday afternoon and into a pedestrian street passing. There was a mixup and some hot words passed. The collision happened to be a deputy sheriff and the young man was pinched until he was badly frightened. The officer was lenient and the cyclist was released after receiving a severe scolding.

SANTA FE OFFICIALS.

Here Last Night Going to El Paso on Union Depot Matters.

General Manager H. U. Mudge and General Superintendent D. E. Cain of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe system of railroads, were in the city a short time last night while en route to El Paso, where, presumably, they go on matters pertaining to the proposed El Paso union depot. They were accompanied by Judge E. B. Kenna, vice president and general counsel for the Santa Fe, which is another good reason to believe that Mr. Mudge and Cain have gone to the Pass city on union depot business.

The railroads have experienced some trouble in securing a title to the depot site on account of some of the property owners holding their lands too high. The Santa Fe, on account of its interests entering El Paso, the Rio Grande division and the Mexican Central, which latter road is thought to be controlled by the Atchison people, has taken considerable interest in the union depot matter, and as they have their chief attorney on the field, it is thought that they will make an effort to secure the coveted land by some process of law.

Mr. Mudge had retired before reaching the city last night, and could not be seen, but it is understood that he will, on his return east, stop off at Glorieta for an outing.

Court Marshal Ended.

The court martial sitting at Fort Logan to try Major D. M. Appel, surgeon in the United States army, and Hiram McL. Powell, captain in the Twenty-fifth Infantry, on technical charges, has adjourned. The findings of the court have been returned to Adjutant General Sharpe, to await the return of General Baldwin. It will be two or three days before the verdict is made public but the feeling is that the officers will be acquitted. General Baldwin is now out on an inspection trip of the posts in the department. He is expected to return tomorrow or the next day, and as soon as possible he will review the proceedings of the court and make them public.—Denver Times.

OFFICIAL MATTERS.

Yesterday morning the following land was sold by the United States land office:

To Mary J. Nutt, Cedar Hill, San Juan county, on receipt and certificate No. 2091, 40 acres of land in San Juan county, being the NW 1/4 of the NE 1/4 of section 8, T. 31 N., R. 10 W. The price paid was \$2.25 per acre, or a total of \$90.

The following reservoir declaratory statement was filed this morning in the United States land office: For stock watering rights, by Alexander J. Bushkervitz of Roy, the S 1/4 of NE 1/4, section 23, T. 22 N., R. 24 E., in San Miguel county.

Machinist C. A. Schooley had an operation performed by the hospital physicians at Las Vegas for the removal of a growth in the nose. He will be subject to the doctor's orders for some time yet.

KOUNS GOING WEST.

Santa Fe Official From Topeka Reaches San Francisco.

C. W. Kouns, superintendent of transportation of the entire Santa Fe system with headquarters in Topeka was in this city yesterday in his private car No. 10, says the San Bernardino Sun. Later in the day he continued his way to Los Angeles. He comes west to locate his family at Santa Monica for the summer. Mr. Kouns is one of the most important men in the employ of the Santa Fe railroad. He has entire charge of the distribution and the movement of cars, both passenger and freight, on all the company's lines. If a bunch of freight cars is wanted in handling the crops in California it is up to him to have those cars on hand, and the same applies when cars are wanted in one of the middle west states to take care of the wheat crop or in the south to move a big cotton yield.

INDIAN SCHOOLS.

Delegate Rodey Will Endeavor to Secure Larger Appropriations.

NEW MEXICO HAS BEEN SLIGHTED.

Monday a representative of the New Mexican called upon Delegate B. S. Rodey at Albuquerque, and requested his opinion upon the question of Indian education, and asked him to state what stand he intended to take upon the desired increase in appropriations for the schools so that a greater number of Indian youths could be educated. Mr. Rodey said:

"The time draws near for the heads of departments at Washington to make estimates for the coming fiscal year and to send the same to congress. I think that New Mexico has not heretofore had a fair show in the matter of appropriations for the teaching of Indian children in New Mexico at the different schools, and for experimenting for artesian water and the construction of reservoirs upon Indian lands; and I am, therefore, going to make an effort at the coming session of congress to have congress do better in this regard by the territory.

"Years ago Indian schools were established in out-of-the-way places in other states, and yearly the agents of those schools came down into New Mexico, visited the various tribes, and carry off Indian children to be educated far away from home, who could just as well be educated at Santa Fe and Albuquerque, and the money for their education spent here in the territory. The members of congress of those states having such Indian schools, of course, work hard to get immense yearly appropriations, that really belong to New Mexico and Arizona.

"I will also try to get a clause inserted in the appropriation bill permitting all children who have as high as one-sixteenth Indian blood to be educated in the Indian schools, and not barred, as they are now, by a recent regulation of the department.

"I am also of the opinion that priests and ministers of the gospel all over the territory, who have influence with the different Indians who belong to their denominations, can aid materially in inducing Indian parents to send their children to the different Indian schools in the territory. Instead of sending them to the states, and thus cause New Mexico schools to be filled and enable the superintendents to ask for larger appropriations for their education with a greater prospect of success. All clergymen who have such influence ought to aid the territory in this way, because the government schools are strictly non-sectarian, and the children of each denomination are permitted and encouraged to attend the church of their choice.

"As the law stands, government of funds, certainly as to the Pueblo Indians, are without power to compel attendance of Indian children at Indian schools, and, therefore, influence with parents is necessary.

"There is no reason why the Indian schools at Santa Fe and Albuquerque should not be educating 1,000 Indian children each, instead of a few hundred, as now; and the day schools in all the pueblos and at the different agencies should be educating the balance of the Indian children within the territory."

El Paso Poet.

A short time ago The Citizen contained a spicy article relative to the "doing" or "misdoings" of certain gay people of both El Paso and Albuquerque. The article was "town talk" down in El Paso last Monday, and a young poet of that city has submitted the following and lines for publication: "I can't believe her faithless. Her eyes they were so black; I still think that she loves me. And think that she will come back, I am waiting for her coming. From dark till break of day The hours are very lonely Since Rena went away."

Special Correspondence.

Kansas City, July 27.—Cattle receipts at Kansas City this week were 20,937 head, against 50,100 the same week last year. Light supplies made a good market, and trade was quicker and prices better on all kinds of stuff. The good prices on steers brought in quite a run of wintered stock Friday, which sold from \$4.35 to \$4.55. Some westerns sold at \$5.10 Thursday, but they were very good. Fleshy cows and heifers sold from \$2.75 to \$3.25, with occasionally a sale as high as \$3.65. Stockers and feeders gained more than any other kind of cattle, except veal calves, and sold from \$2.75 to \$3.75, with one sale of western feeders at \$3.95. Veal calves jumped up fully \$1, and natives sold Friday as high as \$5. Two hundred pound westerns brought \$4.25 the same day. A mixed train of cattle arrived from Rife Tuesday of last week. Stockers, 503 head brought \$3.25; 930 pound feeders \$3.25; canner cows, \$3.30 and \$2.40. There is a heavy run today, 11,000 cattle, and prices on killing stuff are off 5c to 10c. Stockers and feeders are selling steady, some traders claim they are strong.

Sheep receipts picked up a little at Kansas City last week, 12,156 head arriving, but do not compare well with a year ago, when 18,922 head came in. The first Idaho sale of the season came in last week, and ewes and wethers mixed sold at \$3.35 and \$3.45. A shipment of Idaho yearlings, 89 pound, is on the market today, and sold for \$3.75. Not nearly enough sheep have been coming in, and packers are getting anxious to see the run of westerns begin. Some Utah mixed sheep, 98 pound, sold at \$3.50 today. The market is 10c higher today, in the face of lower reports from the east. Lambs gained 25c to 35c last week. Arizonas brought \$5.7 today, and natives up to \$5.85.

Prices of horses at Kansas City gained some last week from the recent depression into which they have fallen. There was a good inquiry for rangers. Thirteen loads of range horses arrived Thursday. Horse receipts are about double what they were at this time last year, and the regular horse auctions were resumed last week, after being discontinued for a short time.

Harry Reed of Wichita, who has been here a couple of weeks visiting his father, L. F. Reed, left last night on his return to the Kansas town. He is inspector of telephones for the city of Wichita. Mrs. Ed Byers, who is here from Wichita, will remain some time.

Where the Alfalfa Goes.

Many remarks of surprise are heard concerning the large shipments of alfalfa hay this year. Feeders are holding off their purchases and saying hay is too high in price to feed. Some have been saying that there has been an abundant rainfall in Texas and that was our only market and prices would go down—but where does the hay go? The Felix ranch is shipping to Honolulu. Mr. Creighton has been shipping to South Africa. Mr. Brown at Hagerman is considering a proposition to ship to Philadelphia. These places are very far distant and wide apart.—Roswell Record.

FAVORABLE FOR CATTLEMEN.

Excellent Range Conditions in Southern Part of Territory.

GOOD CALF CROP PROMISED.

A recent bulletin issued from the headquarters of the National Live Stock association at Denver has the following to say concerning conditions in New Mexico which will be of especial interest to stockmen.

In the southern and southwestern part of the territory general snow and rains from January to and including March, and heavy rains in May brought about exceptionally good range conditions, such as have not existed for twenty years. Cattle were put in splendid condition and were sought after early for immediate movement and fall delivery. Up to June 1, 45,000 head had been shipped out, most of them consigned to the Kern County Land company, Bakerfield, Cal.; 9,000 yearlings were consigned to points in Colorado at \$15, \$18, and \$21, and 10,000 were contracted for fall delivery to go to California for \$14, \$17 and \$20. The calf crop is 80 per cent, and the October roundup promises to yield a big branding; on some ranges every two-old-year heifer or some have a calf. Generally, conditions point favorable for cattlemen in this particular section of New Mexico, comprising Socorro, Luna, Grant and part of Dona Ana counties, with Deming as the trading center.

Northern and eastern New Mexico reports are encouraging. Very cold nights and high winds during April and May kept the prairies as dry and yellow as in winter, resulting in thin cattle and some losses. There is no grass in all that district above a line drawn east and west through Albuquerque, and the southeastern part of the territory is in no better shape.

Taking the territory in general the calf crop will be about 50 per cent of normal and the lamb crop about 60 per cent. There are 15 per cent more sheep in New Mexico and about 20 per cent less cattle than last year or about 1,250,000 head.

The wool clip is stated to have been satisfactory. Wool sold in Las Vegas and Albuquerque in March and April at 16 to 16 1/2 cents per pound. Cattle losses during the winter are estimated at not over 6 per cent and sheep losses from 8 to 10 per cent. From Roswell complaints are strong against the order of the government to remove the drift fences, and the enforcement of this order has resulted in sending several larger outfits into Canada. One result of this is an increase in farming in the Pecos valley.

J. W. Harling, from near Moriarty station, dropped into The Citizen office this morning. He says that a severe wind storm blew down the round house at Estancia, which was under construction.

OFFICIAL OPINIONS.

Fees to Sheriffs and Assessors for Collection of Gaming and Liquor Licenses.

IMPORTANT MATTERS.

Upon the request of Traveling Auditor Charles V. Safford for official opinions upon three important questions involving the allowance of commissions to the treasurer and ex-officio collector, the sheriff and assessor of each county upon collection of liquor and gaming licenses, and certain school funds, Solicitor General Bartlett has rendered opinions upon the subjects. There are three in number, dated July 25, 1903, and as they are of great interest to the people and county officials, are published herewith.

Four Per Cent Commission to Collector and Ex-Officio Treasurer's Not Allowed.

"In response to your inquiry as to whether county treasurers and collectors are entitled to 4 per cent commission upon liquor and gaming licenses, under section 6, chapter 19, laws of 1901, and the other laws governing such licenses and the compensation to be paid treasurers and ex-officio collectors, I would say, that section 6, of chapter 19, laws of 1901, expressly makes the sheriffs of the several counties the collectors of all liquor and gaming licenses and authorizes them to retain out of license so collected a commission upon such licenses. The proceeds of these licenses are to be turned into the county treasurer, and not to the collector. The compensation of 4 per cent is allowed to the treasurer and ex-officio collector upon all taxes and licenses collected by him. It cannot be said or inferred that the ex-officio collector has collected any of this money, when that duty is specifically imposed upon the sheriff and a commission of 4 per cent allowed to him for his services."

Commission Allowed Assessors. "Your favor yesterday asking my official opinion as to whether the county assessor has the right to collect from the school fund a commission of 4 per cent or any other sum for issuing liquor licenses is received, and in reply would say, that chapter 19 of the laws of 1901, in section 6, provides that the sheriffs of the several counties shall hereafter be the collectors of all liquor and gaming licenses, and to retain out of the proceeds a commission of 4 per cent. Two-thirds of such collections to be paid to the school district in which the same is collected, and the remaining third to the credit of the general school fund. The same section provides that such licenses shall be made and issued as provided by law. The provision of law for issuing such licenses is found in section 4156 as amended by the laws of 1901, chapter 59, making such license annually only, and chapter 108, section 6, specifically amending this section so as to make it the duty of the assessor to assess the amount of tax.

"The assessors are allowed 4 per cent upon all moneys collected upon assessments made by them by section 1794, compiled laws of 1897, as amended by chapter 25, session laws of 1899.

"Therefore, I am of the opinion that the assessor is entitled to this commission upon such licenses, and also a fee of 5 cents, as provided by laws of 1901.

"For the information of your office, I hand you herewith copy of an opinion given by me on the 13th of March, 1902, which is still the law, as follows: No Commission Allowed Upon Public School Funds from Land Sales.

"In reply to your communication stating that some collectors have been in the habit of taking out 4 per cent commissions upon moneys coming into their hands derived from the lease of school lands and 5 per cent from the proceeds of sales of public lands by the United States government, and asking my opinion as to the legality of this action on their part, has had my attention, and in reply would say this is not justified by law. The territorial tax for the support of the common schools is laid and collected as other taxes; but under section 1527, compiled laws of 1897, the collector is limited to 2 1/2 per cent on the amount. While the moneys derived from leases of school sections and the sale of government lands is paid direct to the different counties by the territorial treasurer, and there is no allowance for this fund to either the collector or treasurer. The law under which compensation of the treasurer and collector is provided is section 7 of chapter 60 of the session laws of 1897, and provides 'As full compensation for all services and licenses collected by them.' The school moneys referred to above are neither taxes nor licenses and the detention of any part of the same will subject the officer so detaining to removal from office, and the other penalties provided for misapplication of public funds."

Mrs. George L. Davis, wife of the engineer for the American Lumber company, returned this morning from a month's visit with friends in Detroit and Grand Rapids, Mich.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic

has stood the test 25 years. Average Annual Sales over One and a Half Million bottles. Does this record of merit appeal to you? No Cure, No Pay. 50c.

Enclosed with every bottle is a Ten Cent package of Grove's Black Root Liver Pills.

NEW MEXICO.

Interview on Tuberculosis and the Eastern Physicians.

RESOURCES OF A GRAND TERRITORY.

From Shelbyville, Ky., Sentinel.

W. T. McCright, a Shelbyville young gentleman who emigrated to the far southwestern country years ago, is here this week, on a visit to his mother, Mrs. Bettie McCright, and other relatives. Mr. McCright is so thoroughly identified with New Mexico and especially Albuquerque that he can talk interestingly and intelligently about that great territory, which has been knocking for admission into the sisterhood of states for fifty-odd years and is still yet outside of the fold.

On Statehood.

"When Delegate Rodey returned home from Washington," said Mr. McCright to a group of old-time school friends at the Sentinel office Monday afternoon, "last fall he was met at Raton pass by a committee of Albuquerque citizens, and this persistent, energetic advocate of statehood was so enthusiastic over the early admission of the territories that he actually promised the delegation that New Mexico would be made a state a few days after the re-assembling of congress on December 10. It was admirable to behold the sincerity of Delegate Rodey, and his arguments were so thoroughly convincing and his promises from party leaders before leaving Washington were so bright and prospective that each and every member of that reception committee were likewise convinced that the blessings to be derived from statehood would soon come.

"As far as that session of congress was concerned, the fate decreed otherwise, although the fight for statehood in the senate last winter and up to the adjournment of congress in March of this year will go down in the annals of time as one of the most persistent and bitterest ever known. The opposition was led by Senator Beveridge, and this gentleman, fortified by some of the queerest documents collected together by himself and sub-investigation committee which visited the territories, maligned and outraged in his speeches, as fine and generous class of people as can be found anywhere in the confines of Indiana or in any other of the older states.

"It was no fault of Delegate Rodey; he put in his time day and night for the cause of statehood, and his work in congress and his many articles and interviews in the newspapers gave New Mexico more free advertising than the territory had ever received before since the treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo. Mr. Rodey is still in the fight, and when a new congress convenes in the coming December, whether the bill for admission is first introduced into the senate or house, Mr. Rodey will be Johnny-on-the-spot after some of those senators who broke promises with him once and they will be watched very carefully in the future."

On Tuberculosis.

"Yes," said Mr. McCright, "New Mexico is the country for people in the first stages of consumption, but no place for consumptives with one foot in the grave and the other on the brink. People die in New Mexico the same as any other country, and while the finest climate in the world has been accredited to that territory the atmosphere has never been known to save tuberculosis patients almost ready to jump into the grave. It is an outrage and shame that eastern physicians will keep their consumptive patients until they realize that no medicine can restore them, and then send them to either New Mexico or Arizona to die in a strange land and among strangers. The southwestern territories care not for such emigrants and again, to me, it appears heartless to make the poor hopeful consumptive believe, when death is so near at hand, that the climate of New Mexico or Arizona will restore them to vigorous life again. It is all bosh. Keep them home and let them die among their own immediate people. It will be better all around and the expense account will not be so large."

Wonderful Resources.

Continuing Mr. McCright said: "New Mexico abounds in many and varied resources, but my advice to those who have no energy is to stay away from the thrifty west, for the people never sleep and a person who cannot think and scheme would really get lost. Cattle and sheep browse and graze on almost every mountain side and through every valley, and there are hundreds of thousands of them. A few million pounds of wool are marketed at Albuquerque every spring and fall, while train-loads of New Mexico wethers, lambs and range cattle pass through for the feeding pens of Colorado, Nebraska and Kansas, and in a few months, in fine condition, they are shipped to Chicago and Kansas City markets and slaughtered. It is a wonderful country for the raising of cattle and sheep, more especially the latter, and it is no uncommon sight to see flocks of 5,000 to 10,000 sheep, and to converse with owners of from 20,000 to 50,000 sheep.

"New Mexico also has minerals, and there are some good mines scattered throughout the territory. There are good mines producers in the Cochiti, Cerrillos, Golden, San Pedro, Heli canyon and Jerome mining districts near Albuquerque, while farther south, in Grant, Sierra and Socorro counties, some of the best gold, silver,

copper and lead mines are being developed. In northern New Mexico there are also good mines. There are many coal mines in the territory, and some of the carapaz are large, thrifty towns. There is no better town in the southwest than Gallup, and some of the best coal mines in the United States are located near that town."

Mr. McCright is one of the proprietors of the Albuquerque, N. M., Daily Citizen, filling the positions of business manager and city editor on that paper. He reports Albuquerque one of the best and finest cities, with only 10,000 people, in the United States. He says the two banks of Albuquerque do a business equal to a city of a hundred thousand people, and claims that every merchant of the place, regardless of his or her nationality, are up-to-date in every respect, believers in printer's ink and generous givers toward every enterprise looking to the upbuilding and advancement of the city. He reports five miles of cement sidewalks; large hotels, notably the Alvarado; some of the finest business blocks and handsome residences in the country, and says that Albuquerque will soon have the nicest opera house between Denver and Los Angeles, now under construction by the Elks' lodge. He also stated that another annual New Mexico Territorial Fair will be held in Albuquerque in October and that it will be a stem-winder.

On his way to Shelbyville, Mr. McCright stopped off at French Lick Springs, Ind., and for a week was the guest of Hon. Thomas Taggart, at the handsome French Lick Springs hotel. Here he met George Logan and wife, of this city, who were stopping at the hotel. Mr. McCright says there are over 250 guests at the hotel, and they are receiving wonderful benefit from drinking the Pluto and Bowles springs waters. He recommends all afflicted with kidney or bladder troubles to spend a few weeks at French Lick Springs, and by all means call on President Taggart and Manager Barnes, of the big hotel. If they are too busy to give attention, a courteous force of obliging clerks will not overlook any of the guests.

Mr. McCright returned to the west, going by way of the Rock Island, Wednesday night.

INDIANS DANCE

In Honor of Their Natal Saints at Pueblos of Cochiti.

MANY VISITORS WERE PRESENT.

The Indians of the pueblo of Cochiti held their annual dance in honor of their natal saint, in the presence of a large crowd of white and red observers. Thanks to the advertisement given them last winter by "Old Man Crandall," as he is called by the Mexican citizens of this vicinity, a larger number of white people than usual were present, besides many Indians from San Domingo, San Felipe and other pueblos. Many of these visitors wore the uniform of the Santa Fe Indian school. The professor thought that he would break up the dances because they were relics of the Sun worship, and heathenish, no doubt brought many strangers here. For whites were not only here from Pena O'Hara, La Bojardo, Wallace, Algodones, Thornton, Bland, Las Vegas, Santa Fe and other towns. The ceremonies began with mass, according to the Roman church, administered by Parish Priest Dague.

This dance is really the summer solstice dance, but the date is according to the Greek Calendar of the early sixteenth century, instead of the twentieth, which is the correct date, but according to the Gregorian calendar which the monks of three centuries ago had never seen.

AFTER LAND FRAUDS.

Wholesale Forgery Unearthed in the Pueblo Land Office.

Max Pracht, who was a special agent in the land department and who was stationed in this territory years ago, is again in the service, and has just unearthed frauds in the Pueblo, Colo., land office. A special dispatch from that city to the Denver Republican says:

A wholesale forgery of names to secure about twenty patents to Las Animas county coal lands has been discovered by Special Agent Max Pracht of the United States land office, who is making investigations in the office in this city. While little could be learned concerning the discovery, the agent stated that a number of attorneys, both in Pueblo and in Trinidad, would have to face the charge of forgery to secure these lands.

The work has been going on for several months and names have been signed to application papers without the consent or even the knowledge of the persons named. Such irregularities have been discovered in about twenty applications for entries of 100 acres each, and the agent stated that there are probably many more.

Distinguished Visitors Coming.

Delegate Rodey has information from the private secretary of Senator Thurston, Mr. R. B. Brown, that Senator Thurston, Hon. George E. Greene, state senator of New York; Col. Harlow and Mr. Brown himself will come out to the territorial fair in October, in Colonel Greene's private car. They will be with the Hearst congressional train.

CENTRAL LABOR UNION.

Enthusiastic and Harmonious Meeting Last Evening.

PREPARATIONS FOR LABOR DAY.

The Central Labor union of this city held their regular meeting last night at Carpenters' hall.

The Labor Day special committee reported ways and means for holding a parade. It was decided that each union in the city should turn out a full membership, with both the Italian and First Regiment bands in line. Should the Indian school band be re-organized at that time an effort will be made to secure them also. Several unions have already started plans for their turnout. Some will possibly have floats, while others will simply wear a uniform and carry their banners. Each union is to appoint their own marshal, who will act in the same capacity as a captain of a company of soldiers. It is expected that 1,200 men will be in line. Unions with lady members will have vehicles for their accommodation. The committee in charge is Jack Robinson, Harman Wynkoop, B. B. Hopkins, William Magee and Henry G. Faber.

The delegates were notified that the new hall would be ready for occupancy by next morning, when announcement was hastily revised, as the present hall is entirely inadequate.

The newly elected officers were installed by Organizer Harman Wynkoop, and immediately entered upon their duties. The new officers:

President—Robert Massey.
Vice President—Jack Robinson.
Financial Secretary—H. G. Faber.
Recording Secretary—Wesley Foster.

Treasurer—W. E. Bullard.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Frank Quier.
Trustees—T. S. Kline, B. Kemmerer, A. V. Skinner.

There are now twenty-three unions affiliated with the central body, each being represented by five delegates.

RECORDS BROKEN.

Annual C. F. and I. Report Shows Coal Business the Biggest in History.

The Denver News, in its comments on the coal industry says:

According to the annual report of the Colorado Fuel & Iron company, which is now being prepared, the past year will show the greatest coal business in the history of the company. This statement refers only to the wholesale fuel business and to the coal mined for its own properties and railways. In addition to this, nearly 5,000,000 tons of coal were sold at retail. The report will further show that from the sale of steel rails alone the company has taken in \$5,600,000, the output of steel rails for the year amounting to 200,000 tons.

A portion of the report will also be devoted to the condition of the company's plants. These are now in operation to their full capacity, and the extensive improvements which have been planned are being rapidly pushed to completion. When this work is finished the plant will have a capacity of 600,000 tons of steel rails annually.

The wire, rod and nail mills are now completed and in operation, but nothing can be announced as to their output until they have been in operation long enough to show satisfactory results. Everything about the mills is being modernized with the latest machinery, and it is expected that the report of next year will show that in all departments the company's business will be the most successful ever known.

Plans are now being completed for the absorption of the Utah Fuel company. This is a Gould company and has control of valuable properties in Utah. It is expected that the deal will soon be consummated. Some arrangements will also be made for better transportation facilities from these properties.

CAUSED BY AGITATOR.

Manager Mudge Places Responsibility For La Junta Strike.

Present conditions at La Junta indicate that the Santa Fe's labor trouble at that point is about to be brought to an end, says the Topeka State Journal. H. U. Mudge, general manager of the Santa Fe, has returned to Topeka from La Junta where he conferred with the committee and succeeded in bringing about a situation which it is hoped will end satisfactorily.

Mr. Mudge said: "A great many of the men at La Junta own their own homes at that place and others are buying homes on the installment plan. For those men the proposition of having to leave La Junta is a very serious one and consequently I issued orders to the effect that all those who are willing to act decently and will see to it that there is no more trouble of this kind at La Junta, are to be taken back. 'The preference is to be given to those men who own their homes there and who it is thought will not give the road any trouble.'"

When questioned regarding the dispatch which was received at Topeka which stated that Vice President Wilson of the Machinists' union was credited with saying that unless some settlement was reached immediately all of the snopmen on the system would be ordered out, Mr. Mudge said:

"When I was in La Junta I was asked to see Mr. Wilson for a few moments. I consented and we had a

short talk on the subject of the trouble at that place. Mr. Wilson requested that the men be taken back in a body but he did not make any mention of the system employees being called out. In fact he admitted that the men were in the wrong and that he had no power to declare a strike of Santa Fe machinists. That was what he said to me. He may have put up a different talk to the men, however."

"Do you know who was responsible for the trouble at La Junta?" Mr. Mudge was asked.

"I think that the present trouble is the result of the work of walking delegates and agitators who have been playing their craft at La Junta. The Santa Fe authorities at La Junta have a pretty good idea who these men are, and they will not be taken back. We do not intend to run the risk of another strike."

Mr. Mudge was then asked whether the majority of the Santa Fe machinists were union men or not?

"I can not say," said Mr. Mudge. "When we employ a man we do not ask whether he belongs to the union or not. I make no difference to us. All machinists look alike to us."

Mr. Mudge said that even if the trouble at La Junta was settled the shops there would not be opened for work for some time yet. The work at the round house will be all that is needed at present.

NEW GAME FOR SUMMER.

A Game That Everybody Can Work Out Easily.

"Summer brings all sorts of queer things," said the Summer Widower, whose family is at the shore, says the Philadelphia Press. "Since my wife went away I have closed the house and gone to a suburban boarding house to live. There are two or three men there who are in their second or third season and are used to all the local peculiarities."

"The other night after supper the women went out to sit on the front porch and we men were about to follow when a little man said to my neighbor at table: 'I'll play you "knockers" for the cigars.'"

"I tried to find out what 'knockers' was, but I was simply told to come out on the porch and watch the players."

"We took seats with the women and I waited for the game to begin, but nothing happened. Finally, the little man pointed to a young woman passing the house and said to the company in general:

"That's a pretty hat that lady has on. There was silence for a fraction of a second and then three women answered at once: 'Humph! Pretty? I call it a fright!'"

"My neighbor quietly passed the little man a cigar."

"In a few minutes a woman walked by."

"That's rather a handsome woman," observed my neighbor.

"Again there was silence and then: 'I don't think she's very handsome. She's dressed like a perfect fright!'"

"The little man quietly passed the cigar back again to my neighbor."

"Of course, this puzzled me, but the little man afterward explained."

"You see," he said, "we take turns. I make a remark in favor of some woman who is passing. If the other women 'knock her' at her, we win. If by chance, they should fail to contradict me, I lose. You don't often lose."

OLD MAN DEPEW.

Old "Chestruts" M. Depew, the hoary headed old beau from New York, for whom his employers bought a seat in the United States senate, is now over in London with his young wife, drinking wine and cracking last year's fibbers before the nobles. He cracked that rotten old one the other day about the maiden who told a fellow who made an offer of marriage to her to go to, and this is the way he got it off so as to bring out a delic of noble guffaws:

"Go ask papa," the maiden said. He knew that her papa was dead. He also knew the life he led.

And understood her when she said: "Go ask papa."

He is the scallie old pop that thought it was funny last winter to use his position in his "booghten" seat to abuse the people of the territories of New Mexico and Arizona.

Expensive Trial.

The Blishe Review has figured out that it cost Cochise county, Arizona, nearly \$1,500 for the trial of Ranger Webb for the killing of Lon Bass at Douglas.

HAS MOVED 21,000 CARS.

Santa Fe Proves It Can Ship Fruit on Its Own Wheels.

To date a few more than 20,000 car loads of citrus fruit have been shipped from California to the east this season. It is estimated that the total number of cars shipped for the season of 1903-4 will amount to at least 35,000, or the record by a wide margin over previous years. The Atchison usually handles about 60 per cent of the traffic, which would bring its showing up to about 21,000 cars, an increase of more than 3,000 over the previous year. The importance of this lies in the fact that the company has handled all the shipments in its own cars this year and practically none has been given to the private car lines.

Engineer A. H. Dixon, one of the best on the Santa Fe Pacific, has returned to the city from his outing on the upper Rio Pecos. He is a great fisherman, and, of course, has a fresh stock of fish stories.

UNION WORKERS

Stopped Over on Their Way to Washington City.

GOING TO ANNUAL CONVENTION.

Albert A. Hay, special representative of the International Typographical union, located at Los Angeles, Cal., and Thomas D. Fennessey, president of the Los Angeles union of the same international body, stopped off in this city today, and were met at the depot by G. L. Hopping, H. L. Dunning and Harman Wynkoop, a committee from the local union. The gentlemen are on their way to attend the annual convention of their union, which convenes on August 10 at Washington, D. C.

Mr. Hay, whose home is in Syracuse, N. Y., was sent to Los Angeles by President Lynch of the International Typographical union, to prosecute the fight on the Times of that city. In speaking of his success he said it was helped along greatly by the territories of Arizona and New Mexico, where hundreds of subscribers were lost on account of the hostility of that paper towards them on the statehood matter. In Los Angeles, he states, the paper is considered unreliable and hostile. He is very well pleased with Albuquerque and would like very much to remain a week or so.

Mr. Fennessey—just plain Tom—is known to hundreds of Albuquerqueans, with whom he is spending the day shaking hands. For many years he was a resident of this city, and it was from here that he enlisted and went to the war with the Rough Riders as a sergeant. He became a great favorite with his colonel, now President Roosevelt, and was heartily received by him on his recent trip to California.

The gentlemen are going to continue their journey this evening, and may stop over on their return trip.

OUTLAW STILES.

Wanted on Charges, Visits His Wife and Taken in By Officers.

A dispatch from Tombstone, Arizona, to the Denver News, under date of July 27, says: William Stiles, who was indicted lately by the United States grand jury and escaped from Tombstone on that day, was arrested Sunday at daylight near the Mexican line by Deputy Sheriff McDonald. Stiles came across to visit his wife and was in bed when the officers went into the tent. He is wanted on four United States charges and with assault and attempt to murder George Bravin at the time he released Alvord and Bravo Juan from the county jail, several years ago. Stiles, with Alvord, Mat Burtis and William Burtis doing the work and the other two to shield them. Stiles afterwards informed on his companions and turned state's evidence on territorial charges of train robbery and in the meantime he released Alvord and John Yost from jail by surprising a later Bravin while alone and shooting him.

He, with others, were outlaws for nearly two years when Alvord and Stiles came in. Stiles again went before the grand jury and gave testimony against Alvord on a charge of obstructing the United States mails, but was given a tip that he was to be indicted also and before he could be arrested by the marshal made his escape to Mexico. His bond for appearance tomorrow on the Bravin charge was fixed at \$5,000.

Two to Hang.

The work of putting up the scaffold and building the inclosure preparatory to the execution of the Goddard murderers at Prescott was begun this morning.

The execution will take place at the court house in that city next Friday.

PLEADS NOT GUILTY.

Nephew of Senator Cullom in Trouble in Arizona.

From Prescott Herald.

The case against Shelby Cullom, in the United States court will not come to trial this term. He was arraigned yesterday, and after being placed under bond of \$500, took the statutory time in which to file his plea, and as a consequence this morning entered a plea of not guilty. In speaking of the indictments the Gazette of Phoenix, says:

"The two charges against him are similar in nature and thought to be the outcome of a political quarrel several years ago between Cullom and Morrison, the internal revenue collector for this district under whom Cullom served for some time. Considerable feeling has existed between the two, but it was thought that peace had been restored after Cullom had so enthusiastically supported Hon. Robert E. Morrison, son of the collector, for congress."

In one indictment it is alleged, Cullom collected \$50 from James Vial, a saloon keeper at Flagstaff for selling bottled wine not bearing the revenue stamp. In the other bill it is alleged that he collected a similar amount from Michael Rencke, of Williams, for having an empty whiskey cask with an uncanceled stamp in his possession. According to the information secured today, it is claimed that Cullom collected the fines and did not remit to the government at the proper time, although the amounts were made good before he resigned.

Mr. Cullom will return to Phoenix

this evening and he informed a representative of this paper, would immediately hand in his resignation as clerk of the supreme court pending the adjustment of this difficulty. The case has attracted widespread attention on account of the prominence of the parties interested. Mr. Cullom the defendant is a nephew of Senator Cullom of Illinois.

Disappeared.

The Denver papers report the strange disappearance of Harry J. O'Bryan, of that city. He has been missing since July 17. Mrs. O'Bryan, wife of the missing man, is a sister of Governor Otero of New Mexico and a leader in Denver society.

GRANT COUNTY TEACHERS.

Most All Districts Supplied For Approaching Term.

The majority of the district boards of Grant county have employed teachers for the coming year and have so advised the county superintendent.

Central—Miss Marie Agee, principal, and Miss Blanche Casey, assistant. Pinos Altos—Misses Lela Manville and Clara W. Church.

Silver City—Same as last year. List published a short time ago.

Elroy—Prof. D. L. Coil.

San Juan—Miss Elsie McGregor.

Hanover—Miss Titus.

Mangus—Miss Florence Utter.

Redrock—Miss Elizabeth Swan.

Richmond—Prof. J. E. Williams.

Fierro—Misses Della M. Schmidt and Edna Mae Page.

Santa Rita—Miss Stella Jackson, principal, and Mrs. Katie L. Provence, assistant.

Lordsburg—Misses Ruth Taylor and Miss Corinne White.

Stein's Pass—A young lady who last year taught at Benson, Arizona, but her name has not been learned by the superintendent.

Fowler—Prof. Otto Matteson.

The districts of Mimbres Hill, San Lorenzo, Thompson, Swartz, Horn, Upper Gila, Hachita and Gold Hill are yet to make elections.

Henry Engelbreth has returned from a visit at Chicago and is firing the "goat" of the local yards.

RADIUM DISCOVERED.

Peralta Canyon Contains the Wonderful Metal.

WORTH \$170,000 AN OUNCE.

Since the papers of the east are devoting so much space to a description of a new metal named radium, which sends off waves of minute particles that will cure cancer and give flashes of light to the blind, and which is expected to supersede and surpass the X-rays, it will be of interest to many in this territory to learn that the metal has been discovered in Peralta canyon, about twenty-five miles from this city. Although this magical metal is many times more costly than gold or diamonds, and the French company which manufactures it is charging \$170,000 an ounce for it, the metal from which radium is extracted positively exists in this territory.

The scarcity of the world's supply of radium and the elaborate processes required for its extraction account for this enormous price. It is estimated that the complete supply of the world is not more than two tons.

The new substance, discovered only three or four years ago, is found principally in uranium. Pitch blende is the name which the miners give to the mineral oxide form in which uranium is usually found. The chunks of pitch blende look like coal, and are seen in lumps smaller than a miner's hand within veins of other minerals, gold, silver or mica, or in small lumps in granite.

Radium will displace X-rays for all scientific practitioners' purposes. That, of course, must be qualified by saying it will if a sufficient amount can be secured for sale at reasonable commercial prices. The consistency of the radio-activity of radium is the reason. The particles are given off from radium every second of the time. As long as the radium exists it constantly gives off the waves of particles.

For its practical uses any ideas of harnessing radium waves for heavy mechanical work are absurd. But for the purposes of curing diseases it seems from the statements in the medical journals that radium will be of inestimable value.

When it becomes known that this precious metal exists in Peralta canyon, it is expected that several Chicago scientists will visit the section.

TROUBLE AT HORTON.

Rock Island Shopmen Strike for More Pay.

Trouble began at the Rock Island shops storehouse which may terminate in serious trouble, says the Horton, Kansas Headlight. The laborers at the storehouse have been contending for an increase from \$1.50 to \$1.75 per day, which has not been granted them. There being no laborers in the yard the sawmill gang had to carry the material from the yards to the sawmill. This they did for one day, and then refused as they considered they were taking the place of their fellow workmen who had quit for higher wages. The officials were informed of the saw mill gang's refusal to carry in the lumber from the yards, and the mill was shut down.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Public Installation of Mineral Lodge No. 4.

MANY INVITED GUESTS PRESENT.

There was a public installation of officers of Mineral Lodge No. 4, Knights of Pythias, at their hall on Gold avenue last evening, conducted by Grand Chancellor B. F. Adams, assisted by Grand Prelate W. W. Risdon and C. O. Cushman, who acted as grand master at arms. The ceremony was beautiful, and it left a lasting impression on all who were so fortunate as to witness it. The officers installed were as follows:

Chancellor Commander—J. E. Elder.

Vice Chancellor—D. H. Bonbright.

Keeper of Records and Seal—E. D. Fluke.

Master of Finance—E. B. Booth.

Master of Exchequer—Norman Kemmerer.

E. L. Washburn, who is now in Los Angeles taking a vacation, is the newly elected prelate, and will be installed on his return.

There were quite a number of guests present, among whom were the Woman's Relief Corps, who were specially invited guests. About eighty persons were present.

After the installation ceremonies "ye gallant knights and fair ladies" partook of elegant refreshments, which was thoroughly enjoyed.

The Knights of Pythias have again established themselves in this city as one of the leading lodges, and all who know declare it a good thing.

ON THE MIMBRES.

Energetic Inhabitants Have Got Most Ranches Again in Good Shape.

Considerable fruit from the Mimbres river is now coming into town and its excellence is acknowledged by all, says the Silver City Independent.

There has been considerable speculation as to the future of this rich section of the country since the disastrous flood of last year, and for a time it looked next to impossible for the farmers and fruit growers along the river to repair their land. It is learned that the greater portion of the damage has been repaired and with the prospects for good crops and quite a fruit yield, the inhabitants on the river have every reason to be happy these days. A. J. Goforth, one of the leading fruit growers and farmers of that section, was in town yesterday on private business and it was learned from him that the Mimbres has begun to look itself again. Of course, some farms, notably the Perrault, will be years in getting back to its original value, but the larger number of farms are now substantially repaired. The first crop of peaches was fairly good and have now been marketed at a fairly good price. Within ten days the second crop of peaches will begin to ripen, and this crop promises to be a large one. Present indications point to a small crop of apples on the average, but withal, the Mimbres, through the persistent industry and push of its inhabitants, is again becoming prosperous and the people happy and contented. There is no questioning the hardihood and industry if the people of all sections of Grant county.

OLD POTTERY FIND.

Discovery by Excavators on Government Work at Fort Bayard.

A. B. Laird of the contracting firm of Matthews & Laird was in Silver City from Fort Bayard, the government sanitarium for consumptives, where his firm has the contract for erecting the hospital corps, barracks and other buildings. Mr. Laird says that while excavating for the foundation of the barracks, east of the present hospital, the workmen unearthed an ancient Indian burying ground about two feet from the surface. A large number of skeletons have been unearthed, some in a good state of preservation, others simply a jumbled mass of bones. In one skull the teeth were in a perfect state of preservation, even and well formed. A jawbone was also dug up, evidently that of a prehistoric giant. However, the most interesting find consisted of a number of specimens of Indian pottery. An earthen jar, about ten inches long, six inches wide and four inches deep, was unearthed. The ends were rounded while the sides and bottom were perfectly flat. One of the flat sides lay against an Indian skull. Inside the jar was a drawing of a terrapin or mud turtle, every outline of which was perfectly visible and as fresh as the day it was laid away, which must have been several hundred years ago.

NEW MEXICO TOWNS

SILVER CITY.

From the Enterprise.

Mrs. W. H. Decker and son Harold, of Albuquerque, will spend the summer with her sister Mrs. A. P. Cameron of this city.

Hon. R. M. Turner will conduct a competitive examination in this city August 4, for the appointment of a cadet from this district to the New Mexico Military Institute at Roswell.

A. B. Laird drove over from Fort Bayard Friday evening to attend to business matters. Mr. Laird says that excavation for the new buildings is nearly completed and that brick work will commence shortly.

Robert Evans and Charles Daniels who have been employed at Fort Bayard and incidentally doing good base ball stunts on the side have gone to Albuquerque where they will remain until after the territorial fair.

Miss Catherine, the thirteen year old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Forsythe residing near Lone Mountain, last week shot and killed near her father's ranch a Mexican eagle measuring fourteen feet from tip to tip.

The Rev. J. G. Harshaw, pastor of the Asbury A. B. church, received the plans and specifications for the new church this week, from Architect L. B. Voss, of Los Angeles, and at a meeting of the building committee Monday evening the same were accepted. Bids for the construction work will be called within the next thirty days. When completed the building will be an ornament to the town, and next to the one in Albuquerque, will be the finest Methodist church in the territory.

GALLUP.

From the Republican.

Agent Hudson is enjoying a visit from his mother from Los Angeles.

J. A. and F. W. Courtney, employees at the depot, expect to leave for Oklahoma next month.

The commercial coal shipments from this station will probably reach 1000 cars during the month of July.

Joe. Koenig is fixing up the store room in the K. of K. building for a first-class restaurant and will move in a few days.

Harry Codrington is moving into his new barn. He now has one of the best equipped livery stables in this part of the territory.

Mr. H. C. Sculitz and Miss Nellie May Winters were united by marriage at 10 o'clock Monday evening at the home of the bride, by Rev. Geo. Leo. Patterson.

Jacob Schenck was arrested Monday for selling whiskey to Indians. At the hearing before Justice Brown he pleaded guilty and was bound over to circuit court under \$500 bonds.

SANTA ROSA.

From the Sun.

W. R. Lott, a prosperous sheep raiser from this county, but who resides at Topeka, has been a visitor at Santa Rosa for several days.

C. Strawn and Ida Lee Brodley were married Tuesday evening, July 21, by Judge Morse. The contracting parties are residents of Santa Rosa.

C. N. Moore, who shot and wounded L. J. Peters, on last Friday, was placed under a \$500 bond, or his appearance at his preliminary hearing on the 31st of the present month.

W. C. Burnett, deputy sheriff for Leonard Wood county, made a trip to Gallinas Springs last Friday, having gone there for the purpose of serving attachment papers on property pertaining to Charles Gause of that place.

Seferino Rios was brought before Justice Morse last Friday, charged with the crime of assault and battery upon complaint of Isaac Romero. He pleaded guilty to the charge and the court fined him \$10 and costs.

SANTA FE.

From the New Mexican.

Sunmount will have telephone connections with the city tomorrow, so the telephone company announces.

Santa Fe merchants say that business is much better this summer than last, and all express themselves as well pleased with the outlook.

Brick laying on the new residence now in course of construction for Dr. Poppewell on Don Gaspar avenue on the south side has commenced, and is being pushed rapidly.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Wood, who were at the head of the New Mexico delegation to the Christian Endeavor convention held recently in Denver, have returned home. They brought with them the banner presented to this territory for making a gain of more than 10 per cent during the past year. The banner is of satin and silk, made in Japan, and is extremely handsome. It will be presented to the society that made the largest gain during the year which in the present instance is the Lake Valley society. The gain for New Mexico was 34 per cent, and includes the organization of fifteen societies.

Mrs. T. B. Catron entertained this evening at a reception in honor of her guests, Mrs. Lulu F. Lary and Miss Jean Sullivan of Butte, Mont.

A reception at the executive mansion for Wednesday evening next is announced. Mrs. Otero will be assisted by several other ladies in receiving.

Chief Justice W. J. Mills is spending a thirty days' leave of absence at his old home at New Haven, Conn., and is expected to return to New Mexico about the middle of August.

Misses Stella E. Sloan and Edna E. Berger, who were delegates to the Christian Endeavor convention, are expected to return today from an extended visit in Denver and other Colorado points.

The printing press and outfit owned by Hon. T. B. Catron and formerly located at Cerrillos, has been brought to Santa Fe and will be used for the publication of the Santa Fe Morning Bulletin. A weekly paper is also to be published by the same printing office and this it is understood is to be conducted by W. M. Berger.

Col. C. F. Grayson of Silver City, who has been in the city for the past week in connection with the refund

ing of the Santa Fe county indebtedness, left this evening for Grant county to look after important financial affairs there. Col. Grayson has many friends in the capital, as well as throughout the territory, and received a very cordial and hearty reception upon his arrival. The people of Santa Fe county trust that he will succeed in his endeavor to straighten out the financial difficulties of this county.

The convict camp in the Santa Fe canyon was moved today from the location where it has been for the past six weeks to a point about four miles east. The convicts have constructed about 4,000 feet of first class road commencing about four miles from the city. From the new camp they will commence work on the road according to the survey made running in an easterly direction to strike the divide. Superintendent Bursum spent part of the day in the canyon supervising the removal of the camp.

LAS CRUCES.

From the Progress.

Colonel Llewellyn returned Sunday night from Coahuila, Mexico.

Pedro Monera and wife of Morenci, Arizona, are visiting relatives in this city.

Las Cruces needs an ice factory. Let us have one, and dispense with the annoyance of being without ice when we need it and the consequent loss to business men and residents.

We heard from H. D. Bowman, our banker, the other day. He was enjoying life and indulging in cooling breezes at Atlantic City—which made us regret we were born rich instead of so beautiful.

Martin Mendiz died Monday at the county jail. The old gentleman's mind became unbalanced some time ago and his neighbors at Mesilla becoming alarmed lest he might injure some one, he was brought to Las Cruces and placed in charge of the sheriff. He practically starved to death, as the jail officials were unable to get him to eat anything to speak of, and they were compelled to force his food and medicine down his throat.

SOCORRO.

From the Republicano.

The Presbyterian church has undergone repairs and renovation on the inside, which improved it greatly.

Leon B. Stern, the bustling Albuquerque merchant, spent last Sunday with his family, who are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Price.

Miss Edna Hammel on Monday last celebrated her birthday with a party. She received many nice tokens of friendship from her many friends.

Leo Watlette arrived home Monday last. He is nursing a crippled hand, which was injured two weeks ago at Clifton, while making a coupling.

Judge D. H. McMillan, wife and son Ross, arrived from the east last Tuesday morning. The judge says that he is in love with our climate, and will probably reside here for some time.

Capt. A. T. Matthews, Albin Abeyta, J. E. Smith, August Winkler and others went out to Water Canyon Thursday to select and make all arrangements for a camp for the territorial National Guard encampment. We would advise our troopers to bring their blankets, as the nights at the canyon are quite cool.

RATON.

From the Range.

Keep your eye on Raton. There's going to be "something doing" here before the good old summer time is past.

A game of base ball took place at Trinidad Sunday afternoon between the Raton and Trinidad teams, resulting in a score of 23 to 13 in favor of Raton.

John Snedden and Miss Lizzie Setters, both of Colorado, were united in marriage at the Methodist Episcopal parsonage Wednesday morning, Rev. Mr. Armstrong officiating.

A man was seen at the depot yesterday with an overcoat on and his feet turned up, and he looked uncomfortably cold. He had just arrived from El Paso.

James Preston Lonsbury and Miss Ada Adell Wilbur, both of Pueblo, were married the 20th inst. at the Methodist Episcopal parsonage, Rev. Mr. Armstrong performing the ceremony.

Isabel Vicens, a young girl 15 years of age, died Monday night at Blossburg of appendicitis. The funeral took place Tuesday afternoon from the home of the deceased.

The coal mining industry in Colfax county is assuming immense proportions and it is yet in its infancy. Raton as the center of this great and growing industry has indeed a bright future.

Mrs. Charlotte Sophia Brett died Sunday afternoon after about two weeks' illness. Mrs. Brett was born in Hesse, Prussia, was 55 years old and was a consistent member of the Lutheran church.

On Sabbath afternoon at the prospective home of the happy couple in Raton Frank Shumaker was united in marriage to Mabel Porman by Rev. S. Magill. Many of the friends of the young people were present to express their good wishes for a pleasant and joyous life.

LAS CRUCES.

From the Republican.

Miss Lena Lynch arrived here last week from Kentucky on a visit to her sister, Mrs. L. C. Woodson.

Mrs. M. B. Ryan and daughter, Mrs. William F. Lambert with her child, came down from Magdalena Tuesday.

George E. Fitzgerald, superintendent of the Torpedo mine, returned the fore part of the week from a visit to New York and other eastern points.

Mr. and Mrs. Horace Stephenson and daughters, Mrs. Moreno, Mrs. Mary Armijo and Miss Annie Stephenson, left Tuesday evening for California, where they will visit for a month or more.

Hon. Nicholas Galles expects to leave in a week or so for a few weeks' outing on the Rio Grande. Judge Park-

er and O. C. Townsend will meet him at Tularosa and from there they will go up into the mountains.

HILLSBORO.

From the Advocate.

The iron and wood work front of the Webster block has received a new coat of paint.

The Lady Franklin mine, at Kingston, shipped a carload of ore to the El Paso smelter this week.

The last school apportionment was gratifying large, and we hope to see all Sierra county teachers well paid this fall.

M. A. Hicks, a mill man of Denver, arrived here this week and is now engaged in putting the Prosper mill in running order.

The boys from the Happy Jack say that property never looked better than at present. They expect to start the Andrews mill in a few days.

The Empire people report that mine to be showing up nicely. The company will put down their working shaft 500 feet before attempting to run any levels.

There was a good game of base ball here last Sunday between the Andrews and the Hillsboro teams. At the close of the game the score stood 14 to 15 in favor of the home team. Sheriff Kahler umpired the game.

SAN MARCIAL.

From the Bee.

Dr. and Mrs. Richards are here from Roswell. The doctor has entered the employ of C. E. Mead as prescription druggist.

The first child to bless the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Broyles was born Tuesday. It is a fine, healthy girl.

Mrs. N. A. Kennedy, Mrs. McCrory, Miss Melt, and the family of W. G. Lane returned from an outing at Rosedale last Saturday. They were all delighted with their experience in the mountains.

W. B. Lambkin returned to Albuquerque last Saturday to visit with his wife and enjoy a well earned rest. He has made a fine record for himself as a plasterer while in San Marcial, and he expects to return soon to clear up a few more jobs awaiting his attention.

The writer visited the Valverde valley last Sunday and viewed the results of the recent overflow of water from the Rio Grande. The little town of La Mesa, where sixty-two votes were cast at the last election, is completely deserted. From there and away around the mesa to far beyond the town of Clyde, thousands of acres of the most fertile soil on earth present a dreary appearance, being one vast bed of partially dried mud, with the tops of what were growing crops exposed here and there. Many of the small farmers have lost everything they possessed. They are too modest to say much about their hard luck.

W. J. Parsons and wife, accompanied by the Misses Schmidt, are at Long Beach, Cal.

FARMINGTON.

From the Hustler.

H. C. Weaver has opened a new hotel in the Pond house on Main street.

M. M. Parr of Pagosa Springs, ex-county treasurer of Archuleta county, is a recent addition to our community.

J. T. George and sister of Ochiltree, Tex., are recent arrivals in Farmington and are looking over the country with a view of locating.

The guests of Animas lodge No. 15, dedicated their beautiful new lodge rooms in the city hall, last evening. Their wives, members of the Eastern Star, and a number of friends were invited to witness the interesting ceremonies.

S. E. Shoemaker and wife were in Farmington yesterday. Mr. Shoemaker came up for the purpose of letting the contract for the erection of the government buildings at Mrs. Elsie's place. The contract was let to Contractor Chittenden of this place.

ALAMOGORDO.

From the News.

R. H. Pierce informs us that the plan for putting down the test well for artesian water is progressing nicely and that within two or three weeks active work will begin.

The mills of the Alamogordo Lumber company will resume work in a few days. The mills were stopped on account of the extension of the road into Russian Canyon. This track is about completed and will give the mills all the logs needed for some time to come.

Alamogordo prides itself on the possession of the prettiest as well as the largest park in the territory. It is one mile in length and 316 feet in width with a driveway down the center the full length of the park, and five rows of cottonwoods on each side of the driveway. A bicycle path encircles the park.

What enterprise and capital may do in the way of transforming a region is illustrated in the case of Alamogordo. Where today is located the most charming and attractive little city in the entire southwest was five years ago devoted to cattle ranging, with nothing more inviting in the way of vegetation than bunch grass and the ubiquitous cactus and its population consisted of the occasional cow-puncher or sheep herder. Today a bustling community of 4,000 souls proclaims the possibilities of the southwest.

The growth of Alamogordo has been steady since its founding, but the past twelve or eighteen months it has been very rapid and at present there are a large number of buildings under way and some handsome business structures have been erected. The Avis block is a two story pressed brick structure with a frontage of fifty feet and costing some \$16,000. The First National bank will tell a contract this week for a new two story building of fifty feet frontage, to be built of artificial cement stone. This building will cost about \$15,000.

SOCORRO.

From the Chieftain.

Wm. F. Gordon of Joplin, Mo., has been examining mines in the Magdalena this week.

H. M. Dougherty and wife expect to leave for a trip to California the first of the week.

Jan. G. Fitch and wife left Sunday for San Francisco, California, where they will enjoy coast life for a few weeks.

Miss Emilie Sass, a pleasant young lady from Albuquerque, is in the city, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Max Fitch.

R. C. Stewart, an old Socorroite formerly with the Brown-Manzaneros Co., but who is now traveling for a Kansas City house, is in the city for a few days.

It is reported that Matas Contreras of La Joya has purchased Ricardo Abeyta's flock of sheep numbering some 1400. The transfer having been made yesterday.

Jim Berry came down from Belen Tuesday evening to attend the dance given by the young men in honor of the young ladies of Belen who were visiting Estelle Greenwald.

A representative of this paper was shown through the immense orchard of W. H. Liles last Sunday and for variety and quality of fruit we will venture to say there is not an orchard

JUMPING UP

Is a great deal harder than jumping down. And yet people who have been years running down in health expect to jump back at once. It takes years generally to make a man a confirmed dyspeptic, and he cannot expect to be cured in a few days.

There is no quicker way of cure for dyspepsia or other forms of stomach trouble than by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and builds up the body with sound flesh and solid muscle.

"I was taken sick two years ago," writes Rev. W. H. Patterson, White Cloud, Mich., "with what the doctors thought was gastric trouble, indigestion or nervousness. I was unable to eat or sleep, and my health was in a dreadful condition. I tried several different doctors, but with but little result. I had gotten so feeble that I was almost past traveling about, had lost down to 114 pounds. I went and bought six bottles of Golden Medical Discovery, and got the pellets and began following directions. When I had taken about five bottles I felt very much better and was greatly improved. I weighed one hundred and thirty-eight pounds. I will say that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a God-send to poor suffering humanity, and I can say that any and all chronic sufferers to give them a fair trial they will be satisfied."

Accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery." There is nothing "just as good" for diseases of the stomach and bowels. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure biliousness and sick headache.

Lawrence Mercantile company's building.

J. L. Duran's ranch house at Clapham was destroyed by fire last Monday. We understand it was insured to the amount of \$10,000.

Work has been begun on the six-room house of J. Brown. The foundation is about laid, and the carpenters will commence work Monday.

During the month ending June 30, the collector of Union county collected \$9,697.12. Of this the territory received \$1,069.39 and the rest was distributed among the county and the school funds after deducting commission.

De Witt is the Name.

When you go to buy Witch Hazel Salve look for the name De Witt on every box. The pure, unadulterated Witch Hazel is used in making De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve, which is the best salve in the world for cuts, burns, bruises, boils, eczema and piles. The popularity of De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve, due to its many cures, has caused numerous worthless counterfeits to be placed on the market. The genuine bears the name of E. C. De Witt & Co., Chicago. Sold by R. H. Briggs & Co. and S. Vann & Son.

DEMING.

From the Headlight.

Hon. A. W. Pollard returned last Monday from a month's visit to his old home at Portage, Wis. Mrs. Pollard will remain in Portage for the summer.

That Deming is assured of at least two more railroads and a smelter within the next twelve months as any town can be before such things become actual facts is now certain.

Joe Chester, who was pretty badly injured a few days ago by the bursting of a gun in his hands, is doing nicely and will in due time be all right again and ready for the next sensation that comes to all boys.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Green leave this evening for California. Mr. Green goes on a hurried business trip and will return the last of next week, while Mrs. Green will remain visiting friends and relatives for some weeks.

The body of a soldier was shipped from here to Fort Bayard on last Thursday in the undertaking establishment of J. A. Mahoney. The poor fellow was en route to the fort and when he arrived here he was found to be too sick to go on, so was placed in the hospital where he died.

Wagons from the Mimbres are now seen on the streets of this city almost daily loaded with fruit and vegetables. The early fruit from there is not up to the standard of former years, still it is very acceptable. Reports are to the effect that the late fruit is all right and will be fine.

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this side of the Mississippi that can boast finer.

J. T. Stoneking and family of Kelly, were in Socorro several days this week. Mr. Stoneking contemplates coming to Socorro to live in order that his son may attend the School of Mines.

H. Maynard, Sowers, son of Dr. G. H. Sowers, who resided in Socorro some years ago, died at Silver City last Friday afternoon of asthma, an disease from which he suffered since childhood.

A Woman Killer.

J. A. J. Montgomery, Puxico, Wayne Co., Mo., writes: "I have little twin girls, who have been bothered with worms all their lives. I tried everything to relieve them which failed until I used White's Cream Vermifuge; the first two doses brought four worms from one of them, the next two doses, twelve, one of them measuring twelve inches; the other child was only relieved of four worms. It is a most excellent medicine." White's Cream Vermifuge is good for children. It not only destroys worms, it helps the child to perfect growth, wards off sickness. 25c at J. H. O'Reilly & Co.

A SYMPOSIUM.

"What is the secret of success?" asked the sphinx.

"Trust," said the button.

"Take pains," said the window.

"Never be led," said the pencil.

"Be up to date," said the calendar.

"Always keep cool," said the ice.

"Do business on Tick," said the clock.

"Never lose your head," said the barrel.

"Do a driving business," said the hammer.

"Aspire to greater things," said the nutmeg.

"Make light of everything," said the fire.

"Make much of small things," said the microscope.

"Never do anything offhand," said the glove.

"Spend much time in reflection," said the mirror.

"Do the work you are suited for," said the flute.

"Get a good pull with the ring," said the door bell.

"Be sharp in all your dealings," said the knife.

"Find a good thing and stick to it," said the glue.

"Trust to your stars for success," said the night.

"Strive to make a good impression," said the seal.—Life.

A wheelman's tool bag isn't complete without a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Heals cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Monarch over pain.

Passenger train No. 8 of this evening is reported to arrive about one hour and thirty minutes late. Trains from the east are reported on time.

Two Women Killed.

Columbus, O., July 28.—An explosion of natural gas wrecked a building at 117 North High street today, killed two women and seriously injured half a dozen men. The dead are: Mrs. W. A. Heinline, Mrs. W. H. Gahl.

Watch for a Chill.

However slight at this time of year and in this climate it is the forerunner of malaria. A disposition to yawn, and an all tired out feeling even comes before the chill. Herbine, by its prompt stimulative action on the liver, drives the malaria germs out of the system, purifies the blood, tones up the system and restores health. 50c at J. H. O'Reilly & Co.

Railroads Expect Great Business.

Chicago, July 28.—In the opinion of well posted traffic officials all lines of business could not be in a much more healthy condition. Naturally, attention is concentrated upon western territory, particularly that in which the great crop growing areas which serve as a guide for future business operations. Careful investigation has failed to disclose anything in the prospective conditions which would justify anxiety in New York's financial district. In the northwest railroad men are equally optimistic and fully as confident that not only is the crop outlook encouraging, but the indications point to a greater volume of traffic for the railroads than was assured one year ago.

In the southwest traffic conditions are rapidly becoming such that officials say they have difficulty in handling it promptly, and are looking for a car shortage earlier than usual, although they claim to be better prepared for tonnage than ever before. There is now a great volume of merchandise going to the recently flooded districts and the railroads touching those points are overburdened with traffic additional to that which has been pouring into other parts of the country for weeks. Officials of the lines directly west from Chicago say their reports from all distributing points could not be of a more encouraging nature.

AZTEC.

From the Index.

The Aztec mill is preparing to handle all the wheat offered this season. The wheat yield in San Juan county this year is going to something enormous.

C. G. Brewer has a full force of men at work on the brick kiln and will soon be ready for new buildings.

The ranch belonging to Marshall McFarland and wife, including household furniture, stock and agricultural implements, was put up at public sale last

Tuesday and brought fair prices. The ranch was bought in by Marshall McFarland for \$1,900.

Freight teams are constantly on the road, hauling goods for Aztec merchants, which proves this to be a good trading point.

Aztec will soon be able to telephone to Bayfield. The poles between Durango and Bayfield are all up and three miles of wire stretched.

WORLD'S FAIR NOTES.

Paragraphs Concerning the Big St. Louis Exposition.

Maryland day at the World's Fair, next year, will be September 12.

Indiana will spend \$5,000 on her corn exhibit at the World's Fair.

A glass factory in operation will be a feature of Indiana's display at the World's Fair.

Work on the Cabildo, which will be the Louisiana state building at the World's Fair, was begun recently.

California's display in the agriculture palace at the World's Fair will cover 40,000 square feet of floor space.

A life sized copper statue of Maud Adams, the noted actress, is a proposed feature for Utah's copper display at the World's Fair.

A unique collection of 120 paintings by Adolf von Menzel will be a feature of the German section at the World's Fair.

Five hundred tons of exhibit for the World's Fair from the Philippines are now on the way to St. Louis on the United States transport Kilpatrick.

New York City will make an interesting exhibit of her summer school system at the World's Fair of 1904. The sum of \$19,000 has been appropriated for this purpose.

The contract for the giant floral clock to be installed on the side of the hill north of the agriculture palace at the World's Fair was let recently to the Plant Seed Co. of St. Louis.

A miniature railway system will be an attraction at the World's Fair, at St. Louis. At least thirty trains of miniature cars drawn by baby locomotives will be run throughout the grounds. The system will be run not only as an amusement feature, but as a means also of transporting visitors.

Probably the finest diamond ever drawn from the mines at Kimberly will be exhibited at the World's Fair. It weighs 120 carats and is valued at nearly a quarter of a million dollars.

The National Editorial association, with 425 delegates from fifty-nine state and territorial associations, representing 15,300 newspapers, will hold its 1904 convention at the World's Fair.

The contract for the erection of the Oklahoma state building at the World's Fair was let recently for \$15,000. Work will begin August 1 and the building will be completed December 1.

Japan has appointed the following commission to collect and arrange her exhibit at the World's Fair: Baron Sirata, president; Baron Matsudaira, vice president; Teijima, commissioner-general.

Columbia has appointed the following commission to collect and arrange her exhibit for the World's Fair: Dr. Santiago Cortez, Julio D. Portocarrero and General Francisco Javier Vergara y Velasco.

As an evidence of the interest abroad in the coming World's Fair, the fact may be cited that the space in the various exhibit buildings which Great Britain has at her disposal, has all been applied for by prospective British exhibitors.

New Orleans photographers, both professional and amateurs, will make a creditable exhibit at the World's Fair. The Louisiana Purchase Exposition, for the first time in the history of American expositions, will recognize photography as an art, a section in the art palace being reserved for this exhibit.

The oldest clock in Missouri will be shown in that state's building at the World's Fair. The timepiece was brought to Upper Louisiana from North Carolina in 1800 by George Frederick Bollinger, who afterwards was a member of the first Missouri general assembly. The old clock is eight feet four inches high and is now owned by M. V. Pabor of Fredericktown, Mo.

Trainmaster Morris Transferred.

L. U. Morris, until a few days ago trainmaster on the Rio Grande division of the Santa Fe, passed through the city this morning, bound for Dodge City, where he will take up the reins as trainmaster of the Dodge City division. Mr. Morris will be succeeded on the Rio Grande division by Dan Coughlin, now chief dispatcher at Dodge City.

Notary Public Appointed.

Edward Hale of Mora county, has been appointed a notary public for Mora county by Governor Otero.

POLICE COURT DOINGS.

An Unusually Large Gathering of City Miscreants Were Before Judge Crawford.

Judge Crawford's court drew a full house this morning but there was little money in the pot. The benches were crowded and the crowd had a very bumpy appearance.

John Graynor was the first one up, and pleaded not guilty to the charge of being drunk and a nuisance. The officer, who made the arrest, was present and gave evidence that was conclusive. Graynor is a big strong man and will do ten days on the streets.

GREAT SAN JUAN

D. K. Sellers Enthusiastic Over Outlook.

FRUIT ASSOCIATION ORGANIZED

Will Possibly Make Exhibit at the Territorial Fair.

COAL LANDS TO BE OPENED UP

D. K. Sellers an enthusiastic resident of Farmington, in the great fertile San Juan valley, is in the city. He arrived overland with his family. The trip took ten days, owing to the fact that recent rains have caused the grass to grow to such an extent that the roads are entirely obliterated. In finding his way Mr. Sellers was guided by landmarks and when out in the prairie, on the Navajo Indian reservation, he could not drive to a mountain, sometimes several miles away, and take his directions from there. Then, too, the water was so salty as to leave a white rim around their mouths after drinking. However, Mr. Sellers says they enjoyed the trip immensely, but nevertheless was glad to reach Albuquerque. He says that while he does not like to say so they were lost several times. The grass is from six to fifteen inches high, and the entire reservation looks like a great green sea. Live stock is fat and the farmers and ranchers are happy.

When asked about the part San Juan county would take in the coming territorial fair, Mr. Sellers said that already the people are preparing. The district court meets in San Juan county the second week in October, and in order to attend the fair in this city the people of that section are preparing a petition to be presented to Judge John H. McPhee, judge of that district, asking him to postpone convening court until a week later. A mineral exhibit will be sent and blankets and also Indian goods will be exhibited. Recently there was organized the San Juan County, N. M., Fruit association, the members of which are all the big fruit growers of the county. This association is going to make an exhibit. They are coming after the first prize, and if their present plans are carried out they are going to return the winners. By the association making the exhibit it enables them to secure a much larger and better lot of fruit. Heretofore each person would send a little and therefore the exhibit looked scraggy. This year, they also have the advantage of having a large and perfectly sound crop. There has been no frosts to kill any of the fruit and there is no sign of an insect or a worm to injure it. The crop is immense. What is worrying the growers is finding a market. All the fruit is taken to Durango and from there shipped to the Colorado markets.

What the San Juan valley wants is a railroad, to enable them to send their fruit down this way. Should the Albuquerque Eastern extend to Durango there would be an influx of immigration to the San Juan valley, which would make it the garden spot of the world. The fruit would become known all over the west for its magnificent size, flavor and perfect soundness. The grain crop is just as great as the fruit crop, and this will help the Indians on the reservations, who last winter were starving on account of the failure of crops the previous season.

Mr. Sellers is also enthusiastic about the coal fields west of Durango, and, like his namesake, Col. Sellers, thinks "there is millions in it." Recently R. G. Pravo, representing smelter corporations at Clifton, Bisbee, Douglas and Morenci, was at Farmington and inspected these fields. While he refused to say much about the fields, he intimated to Mr. Sellers that the coal was just what was wanted. He had samples sent to the smelters above mentioned, and if the coal proves satisfactory the fields will be opened up at once, which will possibly give the San Juan people the much desired Arizona smelters are shipping steel railroad. At the present time their coal in from the east at a cost of \$13.50 per ton. They claim they can buy the San Juan coal down at their plants for \$3.50 a ton. This, they say, would save them several thousands of dollars every month, as they use an immense amount of coal. Surely the San Juan is great. And to prove this, the Farmington citizens of Farmington are going to have a fair of their own in September. They are going to make grand exhibits of their fruit and grain resources and live stock. Besides they are to have horse racing, base ball and everything else in that line to make things interesting for visitors.

Mr. Sellers and family, after remaining here today, will leave for the Jemez valley, where they are to spend a month.

For over sixty years

An old and well tried remedy. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

Killed Unfaithful Wife.

At Williams, Saturday, July 18, Pablo Greago, while in a fit of jealousy, shot his wife three times with a .38-calibre pistol, killing her almost instantly. The murderer then escaped to the hills and has as yet evaded his pursuers. Pablo Greago was a sheep herder, and after being absent in the hills several weeks tending flocks, returned home one day to find his wife had

flown with one Micoclema Apodaco. They were captured at Belmont and returned to Williams, where the unfaithful wife's lover was tried for adultery. After the trial the wife refused to return to live with her sheep herder husband and Greago, rather than have her return to Apodaco, after he having served only thirty-five days, as that was the sentence for his grave misdemeanor, shot her. Three shots took effect.

A boon to travelers, Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Cures dysentery, diarrhoea, seasickness, nausea. Pleasant to take. Perfectly harmless.

ROCK ISLAND MORTGAGE.

Authorized to Borrow \$3,500,000 on New Mexican Lines.

The Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railroad today filed in the office of the probate court at Las Vegas a mortgage of \$3,500,000. The Illinois Trust and Savings bank of Chicago was trustee. The terms of the paper provide for the issuance by the company of bonds to the amount of the mortgage and for additional bonds to the amount of \$25,000 for each mile of road owned by the company and \$8,000 additional for the equipment of each mile.

Ten thousand demons snawing away at one vital could not be much worse than the tortures of itching piles. Yet there is a cure. Doan's Ointment never fails.

A Junta Strike Declared Off.

At a meeting of the locked-out Santa Fe shopmen Saturday, the strike began a week ago because pay checks had not arrived on time, was declared off, says a dispatch from La Junta. The men decided to accept the company's terms and will go to work as individuals. It is understood that several of the leaders will not be reinstated.

Save the Children.

Ninety-nine of every one hundred diseases that children have are due to disorders of the stomach, and these disorders are all caused by indigestion. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is just as good for children as it is for adults. Children thrive on it. It keeps their little stomachs sweet and encourages their growth and development. Mrs. Henry Carter, 70 Central St., Nashville, Tenn., says: "My little boy is now three years old and has been suffering from indigestion ever since he was born. I have had the best doctors in Nashville, but failed to do him any good. After using one bottle of Kodol he is a well baby. I recommend it to all sufferers." Kodol digests what you eat and makes the stomach sweet. Sold by B. H. Briggs & Co. and S. Vann & Son.

Machinist Broke His Leg.

Lee Hyatt, a machinist who has been employed for the railroad company at Albuquerque, was coming to Raton on a freight train today and when the train reached the railroad yards in this city an accident occurred. He was the unfortunate man jumped from the door of a box car when he was riding, breaking his leg at the thigh. It was said that the man had been drinking considerable of late and that he was in a delirious state of mind at the time he made the reckless jump from the effects of which he will be many weeks in recovering. Shortly after the accident the injured man was brought on a stretcher to the office of Dr. Shuler and Hart where his leg was set and his case otherwise attended to.—Raton Range.

Women love a clear, healthy complexion. Pure blood makes it. Burdock Blood Bitters makes pure blood.

Racing Meet. Several Albuquerque horsemen are in receipt of a list of events and purses of the Leadville, Colo., Racing association. The amount of the prizes is \$2,000, and the meet is to cover three days. The dates are August 14, 15 and 16. As yet it is not known whether any of the Albuquerque fast ones will be entered.

Several of the local horses that followed the Colorado circuit are now in Missouri, where they expect to land some of the handsome purses offered.

Cured Paralysis. W. S. Bailey, P. O. True, Texas, writes: "My wife had been suffering five years with paralysis in her arm when I was persuaded to use Ballard's Snow Liniment, which cured her all right. I have also used it for old sores, frost bites and skin eruptions. It does the work." 25c, 50c and \$1.00 at J. H. O'Reilly & Co.

Otero County School Funds.

The quarterly school appropriation for Otero county schools amounts to \$1.75 on a per capita of 2,973 children of school age. The total amount of money was \$3,227.75, and Alamogordo district's share is \$1,120. The schools of the county are now in excellent shape financially, there being a balance in every district treasury.

Physicians and Druggists.

Ford and Sturgeon, a prominent drug firm at Rocky Hill Station, Ky., write: "We were requested by Dr. G. B. Snigley to send for Herbine for the benefit of our customers. We ordered three dozen in December, and we are glad to say, Herbine has given such great satisfaction that we have duplicated this order three times, and today we gave your salesman another order. We beg to say Dr. G. B. Snigley takes great pleasure in recommending Herbine." 50c bottle at J. H. O'Reilly & Co.

ROPE BROKE.

Heavy Iron Safe Crashed Down Stairway of Barnett Building Doing Damage.

The breaking of an inch and a quarter Manila rope about 2:30 o'clock this afternoon is responsible for considerable damage done the front stairway of the new Barnett building. Dr. James H. Wroth has rented an office in that building and is just finishing moving over from his old office in the Armijo building the last of his office effects. His heavy iron combination lock safe was among the last to be moved. The safe was landed at

Woman's Life....

is hard enough as it is. It is to her that we owe our world, and everything should be made as easy as possible for her at the time of childbirth. This is just what

MOTHER'S FRIEND

will do. It will make baby's coming easy and painless, and that without taking dangerous drugs into the system. It is simply to be applied to the muscles of the abdomen. It penetrates through the skin carrying strength and elasticity with it. It strengthens the whole system and prevents all of the discomforts of pregnancy.

The mother of a plumb babe in Panama, Mo., says: "I have used Mother's Friend and can praise it highly."

Get Mother's Friend at the Drug Store, 51 per bottle.

The Bradford Regulator Co., ATLANTA, GA.

Write for our free illustrated book, "Before Baby is Born."

the stairs all right and had been elevated by block-and-tackle pulley about two-thirds of the way up toward the second story, when the rope parted and the heavy safe descended to the street with a crash.

Several of the lower steps were broken through, a whole side of the iron arch supports was knocked out of plumb at the bottom about half an inch. An employee of the transfer company fairly escaped being crushed by squeezing his body close to the stairway wall and thus avoided the safe in its rapid descent.

Mrs. Mollie Allen, of South Fork, Ky., says she has prevented attacks of cholera morbus by taking Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets when she felt an attack coming on. Such attacks are usually caused by indigestion and these Tablets are just what is needed to cleanse the stomach and ward off the approaching attack. Attacks of bilious colic may be prevented in the same way. For sale by all druggists.

A wealthy Brakeman.

Just because his maternal grandfather, who was a rich Texas ranchman, died and considerably left him \$50,000, in no reason Daniel D. Mack, a brakeman on the Lackawanna railroad, living in New York, argues why he should forego the joys of helping women off his train, which runs from Binghamton, N. Y., to Hoboken. "Getting the money is nice enough," said Mack, "but I like railroading, and I guess I will stick to it a few years longer. The last time my family heard of my grandfather was a little boy. We knew he was in Texas and had a ranch. I did not run across him when I was punching cows down there. The old gentleman evidently knew about our family and what we were doing. My four brothers and three sisters all came in for as much money as was left me."

End of Bitter Fight.

"Two physicians had a long and stubborn fight with an abscess on my right lung," writes J. F. Hughes of Du Pont, Ga., "and gave me up. Everlastingly thought my time had come. As at last resort I tried Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. The benefit I received was striking and I was on my feet in a few days. Now I've entirely regained my health." It conquers all Coughs, Colds and Lung troubles. Guaranteed by all druggists. Price 50c and \$1.00 Trial bottles free.

The Oil Well.

With the large amount of water in the hole, remaining out for the casing is slow work, but the management of the New Mexico Oil and Gas company is doing everything possible to expedite the work. About 140 feet remain to be reamed out; when this is done the casing will be put in, shutting off the flow of water and drilling resumed. It is believed that about twenty-five feet of drilling will penetrate the cap rock overlying the petroleum.—Raton Range.

Eat All You Want.

Persons troubled with indigestion or dyspepsia can eat all they want if they will take Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. This remedy prepares the stomach for the reception, retention digestion and assimilation of all of the wholesome food that may be eaten, and enables the digestive organs to transform the same into the kind of blood that gives health and strength. Sold by B. H. Briggs & Co. and S. Vann & Son.

J. W. Orchard, superintendent of grading on the Santa Fe Central, is in the city stopping at the Alvarado. It is considered probable that the Santa Fe, the Burlington and the Rock Island will unite in building a new passenger station in Denver, in preference to paying an increased rental at the Union station.

R. H. Bowen has been appointed superintendent of the first division of the Denver & Rio Grande, with headquarters at Pueblo, succeeding D. Hardy, resigned. Mr. Bowen was formerly with the Cotton Belt.

There are one hundred and twenty-seven car loads of sugar from Hawaii in the El Paso railway yards.

FASTED FORTY DAYS.

Remarkable Experience of a Man in Grant County.

CURED HIMSELF BY THE FAST.

From Silver City Enterprise.

To exist forty days without food and to live to tell it, such is the interesting experience of Prof. Wellington Putnam, who left Silver City on last Friday evening's train for his home in New York City. So far as known to the writer there is but one other man, Dr. Tanner who performed this feat and it left him a physical wreck. Far different with Professor Putnam. He did not choose to deprive his system of solid food for forty days, but to test the efficacy of the "fasting" cure for a troublesome kidney disease. Prof. Putnam claims that he has been completely cured by his long abstinence from food and is highly elated over the result.

Professor Putnam came to Silver City July 11, 1892, from Columbia University where he was professor of education. He was suffering from kidney trouble and chose the balmy climate of New Mexico in preference to that of the Adirondacks or the Catskills as affording him the greatest amount of sunshine thus insuring an outdoor life during the winter months. Shortly after his arrival here, he decided to put to a test the so-called fasting treatment for his trouble and abstained from food for fifteen days. The effect was beneficial but did not leave him completely cured. During the winter he lived an outdoor life, studying in the open air and writing chapter after chapter of his book, "The Art of Expression." Silver City audiences will remember several delightful evenings spent with the gifted reader during which he gave masterful interpretations of Stephen Phillips "Herod" and Westcott's "David Harum." He also rendered "Rip Van Winkle" before the Normal students.

Early in May Professor Putnam left for the Gila hot springs, about sixty miles from here, and there decided to again abstain from food. "I did not start out to fast forty days," said the professor, "but to hold out as long as I could. Finally when the danger signal loomed up so large that I could no longer afford to pass it unheeded, I decided to again resume the eating habit. Just forty days after I took my last mouthful of food."

Professor Putnam says he came here upon the theory, that if he would abstain from food as much as possible, live an outdoor life and spend as much time in contact with Mother Earth as he possibly could, he would get well. He has put this theory to the test, though at what must have been torture to some persons, and claims that he has been greatly benefited if not cured by it. During the first thirty days of his fasting, the professor says he spent the time in the open air, working on his book, the concluding chapters of which he finished while at the springs, and which is now in the publishers' hands.

During the time he drank great quantities of the Gila hot springs water and took the hot baths. During the next five days he refrained from doing any mental or physical labor of any kind. During the last five days of his fast he became apparently a nurse. He was so weak he could not raise his arm and had to be fed. On the morning of the forty-first day he broke his fast by taking soup made of plasma, a condensed food said to be pure protein. But the most remarkable thing connected with his fast, is that not once during his fast did he have the slightest sensation of hunger and it was only with the first mouthful of soup did the sense return to him and he developed a voracious appetite, following the soup with grape-nuts and lettuce. For five days after his fast he lay in bed, but fast recovering his lost strength. After the fifth day he was able to move around and two weeks later left for Silver City.

Professor Putnam has accepted the chair of education in a well known school of oratory in Boston, and as soon as he attends to the details regarding the publication of his forthcoming book, will leave for the Hub. But it is a safe to hazard that he will never forget Silver City and the Gila hot springs, where he performed one of the most remarkable feats in history.

Fasting is recognized as a valuable remedial agent in kidney trouble by the medical fraternity and is often recommended by them, although long abstinence from food is discouraged for the reason that the system is so weakened as to counteract the good effect of the fast. In the case of Professor Putnam, that gentleman says that his weakness became so general during the last day of the fast, as to affect his eyesight, rendering it impossible for him to recognize his horse at a distance of but a few feet. The case of Dr. Tanner which occupied the attention of the entire medical world several years ago, is slightly different from that of Prof. Putnam in that Tanner abstained from water, not entirely, but as much as it was possible for him to do so while Prof. Putnam drank great quantities of water from the hot spring. However as this is a mineral water it could not have contained very much nutriment. Strange to say, Tanner also became identified with New Mexico. In the establishment of Shalom Colony, near Las Cruces, New Mexico in the Mesilla valley.

When you want a physic that is mild and gentle, easy to take and certain to act, always use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. For sale by all druggists.

New Firm.

J. L. Bell & Co. is the name of the new firm in place of Brockmeier & Co. The members of the new firm are J.

Keeley Cure

For Drunkenness, Opium, Morphine and other Drug Using, the Tobacco Habit and Neurasthenia.

L. Bell and I. H. Cox. They will continue the plumbing business at the old stand on Gold avenue.

Mr. Brockmeier desires that his old customers extend a liberal patronage to the new firm. Success to the new firm.

Suicide Prevented. The startling announcement that a preventive of suicide had been discovered will interest many. A run-down system, or despondency invariably precedes suicide and something has been found that will prevent that condition which makes suicide likely. At the first thought of self destruction take Electric Bitters. It being a great tonic and nerve will strengthen the system. It's also a great Stomach, Liver and Kidney regulator. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by all druggists.

Rain Fell in Torrents.

City people who recreated at the mountains yesterday were treated to a shower bath in the afternoon which was not altogether on the program and anticipated. In the neighborhood of Coyote Springs the rain came down in torrents, and it looked pretty blue for a while for a large party of picnickers camping there. Many shirt-waists and linen frocks were crumpled and soaked and many summer bonnets were stowed away under buggy seats and other dry places. A black stream of water came down Coyote canyon arroya several inches deep.

About twenty families are camped in Bear canyon and it is said that there was a hurried stretching of tents in that resort, about the time the first drops began to fall.

The Death Penalty.

A little thing sometimes results in death. Thus a mere scratch, insignificant cuts or puny blows have paid the death penalty. It is wise to have Bucklen's Arnica Salve ever handy. It's the best Salve on earth and will prevent festering, when Burns, Sores, Ulcers and Piles threaten. Only 25c. at all drug stores.

New Business Houses.

Johnny Mannheim, from Kansas City, who has been in the city for a couple of days, has returned to his home city. He was here looking for a business location and stated that he was more than pleased with the outlook, and would return in a few days and establish himself. He is a confectioner.

There is also talk by local parties of putting in the finest barber shop in the west in this city. The location is to be in the central part of the city. They propose to put in tile floor, the finest chairs to be had, mirrors entirely surrounding the room, an electric spray, Turkish baths, and, in fact, everything that goes to make up an elegant place.

Puts an End to It All.

A grievous malady oftentimes comes as a result of unbearable pain from over taxed organs, dizziness, headache, liver complaint and constipation. But thanks to Dr. King's New Life Pills they put an end to it all. They are gentle but thorough. Try them. Only 25c. Guaranteed by all druggists.

Broke His Neck.

William E. Brubaker, a carpenter of this city, formerly commander of Lincoln post, G. A. R., at Topeka, Kansas, met with a sudden and singular death in a suburb of El Paso yesterday afternoon.

While riding to the smelter with two companions on bicycles, Brubaker fell and his neck was broken.—El Paso News.

Not Over-Wise.

There is an old allegorical picture of a girl seated at a grass-hopper, but in the act of heedlessly treading on a snake. This is paralleled by he man who spends a large sum of money building a cyclotron, but neglects to provide his family with a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy as a safeguard against bowel complaints, whose victims outnumber those of the cyclone a hundred to one. This remedy is everywhere recognized as the most prompt and reliable medicine in use for these diseases. For sale by all druggists.

Mrs. Rich Released.

Mrs. Mattie D. Rich, who was sentenced in 1900 by the Mexican courts to fifteen years' imprisonment in the penitentiary in Chihuahua for the murder of her husband, John D. Rich, in Juarez on the night of April 27, 1899, has been released and is again a free woman. Her release is ordered by Judge Francisco Prieto, of the supreme court of Chihuahua on the ground of insufficiency of evidence.

Dysentery Cured Without the Aid of a Doctor.

"I am just up from a hard spell of the flux" (dysentery) says Mr. T. A. Pinner, a well known merchant of Drummond, Tenn. "I used one small bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and was cured without a doctor. I consider it the best cholera medicine in the world." There is no need of employing a doctor when this remedy is used, for no doctor can prescribe a better medicine for bowel complaint in any form either for children or adults. It never fails and is pleasant to take. For sale by all druggists.

OFFICIAL MATTERS.

Governor Otero has appointed E. L. Medler of Albuquerque to be a notary public for Bernalillo county.

Agent and Place.

Yesterday morning there was filed in the office of Territorial Secretary J. W. Reynolds, a certificate, by the Southwest Copper company, designating Pascal, N. M., as the principal place of business of that corporation, and naming A. H. Hartlee, whose residence is at Silver City, as territorial agent of the company.

TERRITORIAL FAIR

Arrangements Being Completed for Big Event.

PROFESSIONAL STARTER COMING

Will Bring Along Starting Gate for Running Horses.

PROSPECTIVE ENTRIES IN BASE BALL

Secretary P. F. McCanna of the New Mexico Fair association is daily in receipt of letters regarding the coming big event. Some of these letters contain first class propositions and are answered and negotiations opened up with the writers, while others are not so good and should be consigned to the waste basket, but Mr. McCanna, proving himself to be the right man in the right place, promptly answers all and he is closing a deal with Frank E. Stone, a professional race horse starter, who has a national reputation. This is just what is badly wanted here. Mr. Stone was the starter on the Colorado circuit, where his work was very highly praised. In running races he uses a starting gate which he brings with him. This does away with the tireome scoring at the start, which so wearies the spectators as to cause them to lose interest in the race. The gate bunches the horses and gives all an even break, where by the old way one horse would very often have an advantage by firing other entries. This coming fair when the gate is raised the horses will be off in a bunch and will not be called back by the gong.

As to the entries in the horse events for the rich purses to be hung up, it can safely be said that they will eclipse anything thus far seen here. The entries in the recent Colorado circuit will very likely be the entries here, and as some wonderful races were run there, they will be duplicated here. Colorado horsemen all look on the Albuquerque meet as one of the big events of the west. All the local cracks will also be entered. There are many base ball teams in the southwest who are thinking of entering the base ball tournament for the big prizes offered. Good teams are organized at Raton, Las Vegas, Santa Fe, Las Cruces, Deming, Silver City, El Paso, Gallup and this city. Each town thinks they have the best team, and the best way to settle the dispute is to get them together during the fair, when they will get something for their playing besides the good time.

The row roving and bronco busting contest is attracting wide attention and all the stars among the high heel boys will be here. They are putting in their time now roping steers and riding fractious horses preparing for the event. All the best ropers of the southwest will be here, as the prizes are the best ever offered. Such men as Clay McGonigle, "Smookey" Moore, Pat Nunn, Bill Sanders and others are going to enter.

In Grant county there is said to be an unknown who is going to make "Champion McGonigle" hustle to retain his honors. They are all going to back themselves to the limit.

Boy Cured of Colic After Physician's Treatment Had Failed.

My boy when four years old was taken with colic and cramps in his stomach. I sent for the doctor and he injected morphine, but the child kept getting worse. I then gave him half a teaspoonful of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and in half an hour he was sleeping and soon recovered.—E. L. Wilkins, Shell Lake, Wis. Mr. Wilkins is keeper for the Shell Lake Lumber Co. For sale by all druggists.

Killed at Alamogordo.

Justice O'Reilly of Alamogordo returned a verdict of accidental death in the case of an unknown man, whose mutilated remains were found under a passenger train at Alamogordo station early Saturday morning. It was shown that from all testimony that the man had been attempting to steal a ride to El Paso by holding to a rod under a coach. His head and one arm were cut off and his body split open. The man was about 40 years old and had been selling spectacles around Alamogordo. He was buried at public expense.

Potent Pill Pleasure.

The pills that are potent in their action and pleasant in effect are DeWitt's Little Early Risers. W. S. Philpot of Albany, Ga., says: "During a bilious attack I took one. Small as it was it did me more good than calomel blue-mass or any other pills I ever took and at the same time it effected me pleasantly. Little Early Risers are certainly an ideal pill." Sold by B. H. Briggs & Co. and S. Vann & Son.

A Sure Cure for Diarrhoea.

Coming as it does, in the busiest season, when a man can least afford to lose time, a sure and quick cure for diarrhoea is very desirable. Anyone who has given it a trial will tell you that the quickest, surest and most pleasant remedy in use for this disease is Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. There is no loss of time when it is used as one or two doses of it will cure any ordinary attack. It never fails, not even in the worst severe and dangerous cases. For sale by all druggists.

BODY FOUND.

Mexicans Discover It in a Cave in New Mexico. Alejo Oliva and Bernardo Oliva, of this city, came to town last evening from an excursion into the mountains, greatly excited over the discovery of the body of a dead man in a cave.

They made the discovery about seven miles north of the smelter in New Mexico, near the ranch of King J. Tatum and at once returned to the city with the news. The local police notified the authorities of New Mexico and an examination is being made today. The men who made the discovery say that the body was lying in the cave on a rudey constructed bed and that from appearances the man had been dead for a long time. Cooking vessels and other articles necessary about a camp were strewn around the place. It is the opinion that the man was either a prospector or health seeker.—El Paso Herald.

Citizen "want ads" bring results.

Albuquerque Weekly Citizen

HUGHES & McCREIGHT, Publishers.

Subscription Rates.
Daily Citizen, per year, \$6.00
Weekly Citizen, per year, 2.00

TUCUMCARI OBJECTS.

Don't Like Dalhart Dispatch Relative to Suspension of Work on the Choctaw.

A dispatch from Tucumcari, dated July 27, says: Quite a bit of surprise was felt last Friday, when word was received by all of the sub-contractors working on the construction of the Choctaw at this place, and out on the line, to stop work. It was not known just what the cause was and various conjectures were made, in none of which was there a doubt expressed as to the resumption of work, at an early date. The contractors are working night and day to finish out the ten days which the contractors allowed them after notice is given. Over 70 per cent of the grade between here and Amarillo is finished, and the road should have been completed within two months and trains running.

The real reason of the stoppage of the work is that there is a fight on between the A. & S. and the Texas & Pacific commission and as soon as the matter is settled, which will doubtless be in the federal courts, work will be resumed on the Choctaw.

The Santa Fe surveying corps, who have been encamped a mile and a half from Tucumcari, for the past three weeks, have about completed work on the location of the permanent survey of the Santa Fe cut-off from Hutchinson, Kansas, to Belen, New Mexico, from Logan, on the Canadian river, to this place. From here they go south to a point near Santa Rosa, working gradually until they meet the other corps, from Belen, out. Quite a bit of the construction from Belen, this way, has been finished.

An erroneous impression seems to prevail in Dalhart, a small station ninety miles east from here, the junction of the C. & S. and the Rock Island, in regard to the stoppage of work on the Choctaw. They have been heralding the news through dispatches to the daily papers that work on the Choctaw had been permanently abandoned, and that Dalhart was to be the junction point of all the railroads projected, or now building, in the entire west. Most of these things, however, exist only in the imagination of anxious property holders at the above place.

Tucumcari undoubtedly has a very bright future ahead, as when the Choctaw is completed and the Santa Fe cut-off is built, it will have four roads and will enjoy the distinction of being the only town in New Mexico which has that many roads. It will not only be a railroad center, but will be a distributing and wholesale point having the advantage of being a common point, when these roads are completed.

Black Cat Superstition.

A Chicago locomotive engineer refused recently to take a fast mail out of the station with a black cat crouched on the truck of one of the coaches. He warned those in pursuit of the animal not to let it cross the tracks in front of his engine, for if it did he would not take the train out at all. The poor cat was finally caught and held till the train was safely out of the station. It was doubtless as badly scared at the trainmen.

OPEN JOINT TRACK.

Santa Fe-Rock Island Extension to Pauls Valley in Operation.

Rock Island officials announce the opening of the Pauls Valley extension, sixty-five miles, long, between Chickasha and Pauls Valley, August 1. The road was built jointly by the Santa Fe and Rock Island. The Santa Fe built from Pauls Valley to Lindsay and the Rock Island from there to Chickasha. It will be operated jointly. The road runs southeast through the Chickasaw nation and opens some of the best agricultural lands of the new southwest. It was intended to begin running trains June 15, but the heavy floods washed away the Rock Island portion and they have just completed rebuilding the track.

The New Mexican, July 29, says: This noon about five and one-quarter miles of track had been laid out of Santa Fe on the Santa Fe Central railway. Yesterday 7,600 feet were laid. Tomorrow the camp will be moved from Santa Fe to Donaciano. No track-laying is being done out of Kennedy, the force that was sent down there is simply going over the line between Kennedy and Moriarty to fasten down the rails more securely. Tonight one of the large new engines of the company will arrive from Torrance with three cars.

BUYS ANOTHER SYSTEM.

Hooley Transfers Control of Evansville & Terre Haute Through St. Louis & San Francisco.

The Rock Island system, through the medium of the St. Louis & San Francisco railroad, has acquired the control of the Evansville & Terre Haute and its subsidiary lines, by taking over the holdings of the syndicate headed by E. S. Hooley, senior partner of the firm of Edwin S. Hooley & Co., the failure of which was announced the other day.

Mr. Hooley resigned as president and director of the Evansville & Terre Haute, and B. F. Yoakum, president of the St. Louis & San Francisco, was elected to succeed him in this office. Mr. Hooley also resigned the presidency of several subsidiary roads,

and Mr. Yoakum was elected in his place. No other changes will be made in the board of directors of any of the lines. W. L. Stow & Co., who is also a director of the Evansville & Terre Haute, retaining his connection with the property.

Among those who attended the meeting were W. L. Stow, B. F. Yoakum, Henry Seibert, W. F. Carlton and Charles A. Nunes. From sources other than official it was learned that the price paid for the stock was close to \$50 per share.

RAILROAD MAN PROMOTED.

C. H. Bristol Is Made Superintendent of the Santa Fe Lines in Colorado, Vice Dolan, Resigned.

A circular was issued at Topeka yesterday announcing the appointment of C. H. Bristol as successor to F. T. Dolan, who has resigned the position of superintendent of the Colorado division of the Santa Fe to accept the position of general superintendent of the Colorado & Southern railroad.

Mr. Bristol is now trainmaster for the Santa Fe at Raton, N. M. He has been in the service of the Santa Fe for many years and has risen from the position of train dispatcher at Raton. Mr. Bristol's headquarters will be in Pueblo. His appointment is effective at once.

C. H. Bristol is of Colorado nativity and is understood to be one of the most efficient of the younger men in the employ of the Santa Fe. It was understood as being the policy of the Santa Fe officers to make an effort to keep Mr. Dolan in their employ. When it was found that Dolan really intended to leave the general superintendent decided that the best man for the place, on account of his acquaintance with Colorado railroading, was Mr. Bristol.

RAILROAD NOTES.

The biggest industry at El Paso is bringing damage suits against the railroads.

The Santa Fe will shortly make extensive repairs to their main line track in the vicinity of Topeka.

Col. R. E. Twitchell, assistant New Mexico solicitor for the Santa Fe, is at Santa Fe on legal matters.

Route Agent Powell of the Wells, Fargo Express company, has gone north on business connected with his department.

John Bell, with the Wells-Fargo Express company at Santa Fe, is taking a layoff, and is spending the time on the Upper Rio Pecos.

Mr. Bryan is certain to be disappointed in his tour of Europe. The cars have no rear platforms, either in the United Kingdom or on the continent.

The Missouri, Kansas & Texas will double the capacity of its Parson, Kas., shops and expend about \$1,000,000 during the next two years on the improvements.

M. R. Williams, superintendent of bridges and buildings on the New Mexico division of the Santa Fe, was an Albuquerque visitor last night.

Frank Brown, formerly of the San Bernardino yards, and lately yardmaster with the Santa Fe in Deming, has gone east to Wellington, Kas., where he has accepted a position on the Southern Kansas division.

D. C. Dunlap, vice president and chief engineer of the New Mexico Northern Railway company, writes to The Citizen that the location of that road has been finished between Thornton and Bland, leaving the Santa Fe road one mile east of Thornton station.

Gen. Francis J. Torrance, Senator W. H. Andrews, General Manager W. S. Hoppewell and other of the Albuquerque Eastern and Santa Fe Central roads will be in Santa Fe today. They have visited the Hagan coal fields, and are due to visit Albuquerque in a few days.

The latest sensational invention is a magnetic railroad upon which trains can safely be run at a rate of speed equal to 100 miles or more per hour. The invention has not yet been perfected, but this is what has been promised by a model with which some experiments have been made.

The New Mexican says: From tonight on the Denver & Rio Grande train will arrive in Santa Fe an hour earlier than before. This cuts down the time between Antonio and Santa Fe to that extent. The former time of arrival from Denver was 6:20 p. m. The time from tonight on will be 5 p. m.

Increased traffic over the Union Pacific railroad has necessitated the buying of more than sixty engines in the past year. W. R. Keen, superintendent for the road, stated that thirty-one more engines have been ordered. These are all of the passenger class and embrace both the Atlantic and Pacific types.

The topic of chief interest at the shops, Las Vegas, was the replacing of Division Master Mechanic Suller by A. Harriety of Topeka. The change becomes effective at once. The new man is said to be competent and to be popular with the employees generally. The appointment is made by Mechanical Superintendent C. M. Taylor and is endorsed by Superintendent of Motive Power G. H. Henderson and General Manager H. U. Mudge.

The Roswell Register says that in Chaves county there are 5,354,356 acres of land open to settlement. The total acreage since the formation of Roosevelt county is 6,237,000, so that the land already taken is 919,214 acres. Of this amount more than one-third was taken up last year.

JOINS THE CHURCH.

Geronimo, the Old Apache Warrior, Seeks Religion.

SOME INTERESTING FACTS.

In news which comes from Fort Sill, I. T., there is a striking sequel to a recent article on this page which recalled the banquet given to General Miles and staff at Albuquerque, N. M., in 1886, "for their energetic pursuit of the hostile Apaches, and the capture of Geronimo and his cruel followers." The word from Fort Sill tells us that last Sunday Geronimo and a dozen of his Apache warriors were baptized in the presence of a large gathering of Indians and whites, and joined the Methodist church. Thus runs the account.

With the Comanches sitting on one side of the tabernacle and the Apaches on the other, each tribe with its interpreter standing in the foreground repeating the words of the white preacher, the minister stood and told the story of Christ. At the close of the sermon, Geronimo and twelve of his warriors, prisoners at Ft. Sill, went forward and asked to be received into the church. In the afternoon the baptismal ceremony took place.

It is worth while to see out of what a background this Christian conquest as represented by the Methodist Episcopal church has come. These Indians have taken the step recorded above of choice, and not through force. Seventeen years ago the people of New Mexico and Arizona hailed with deep joy the departure of the last car load of these hostile Apaches. Well, they might! Their going made life and property as safe in those territories and in other parts of the United States and this for the first time in the history of that region, extending back hundreds of years.

In its distant past the Apache nation dominated New Mexico, Arizona and northwestern Mexico. Their very name whether assumed or given to them by those against whom they fought, signifying "master" or "lord" exhibited their dominance over the Pueblos or Aztecs. The Spanish found the subjugation of the peaceful Aztecs comparatively easy, but in the Apaches they encountered a firm, warlike people, trained to the extreme point of endurance, whose normal condition was war. As it was then, so later.

When provinces of Mexico came to this country as the result of the Mexican war, the Apaches roamed over our territories at will. Not a city, town or hamlet was at any time free from the dread of their murderous raids, and all over that country are the graves of early settlers killed by Apaches. As late as 1886 the people of the capital city of New Mexico were repeatedly called upon to arms and band together for the protection of the city against the Apaches. The last of the Apaches to dispute for the supremacy of the territories, which they had roamed and pilaged for so many generations were the Chihuahuas and warm Spring bands, led by Geronimo, and these were subdued and captured by Gen. Miles.

Out of these vicious and most inveterate foes of the white race the Methodist church at Ft. Sill, the place of their captivity since the removal from Florida, has gathered to its membership the chief and the dozen followers. This is far vouches for what they are today. What they were less than a score of years ago, Gov. Ross told in his address at the Miles banquet in October, 1886.

Very many of the families of New Mexico will carry through their lives the wounds in the massacre of one or more of their cherished circle at the hands of these fiendish cut-throats, who were devoid of humanity, of honor or of mercy—who were but brutes—who had no conception of the innocence of childhood, the veneration of age or of glory and dignity, or of the sacredness of womanhood. But they are gone, thanks to the honored guests of the evening, never to return.

WHO WILL PAY DAMAGE?

Question Raised for Interchange Committee by Kansas Flood.

The Kansas and Missouri floods again make prominent a delicate point in the Master Car Builders' rules for interchange, that concerning responsibility for cars away from home damaged by the "Act of God." A recent decision of the arbitration committee fixes the responsibility for a car destroyed by a cyclone upon the road having possession of the car at the time of destruction, in pursuance of the provision in the preface to the rules. The preface broadly provides that damage done by accident is chargeable to the road handling the car, and the committee ruled that damage caused by a wash out, fire or tornado is covered by this provision. So far as can now be recalled, this question first occurred in 1896 as a result of the St. Louis tornado. It was pointed out then that the interchange rules impose obligations not recognized by the courts, since courts will not compel payment for damages to property destroyed by an act of God. Some of the St. Louis roads signified their willingness to repair the damaged foreign cars at their own expense. Others refused on the ground that while willing to do so, provided other roads party to the code would do likewise in the future, there was no guarantee that such costs could be collected, since redress was not obtainable in the courts. There will be many

similar cases based on damage or destruction of cars in the recent floods and we understand that agreements are being arranged on a basis similar to the St. Louis settlement.—Railway Gazette.

Luna County Exhibit.

This region should be represented at the territorial fair, with a large exhibit. A fruit exhibit from the Mimbres valley with mineral exhibits from Cooks and Santa Rita could be secured at comparatively small expense which would surpass any ever sent from any part of New Mexico.—Deming Graphic.

FIGURING UP THE CROP.

New York Railroad Magnates See What Kansas Has Done.

Reports received in the New York offices of the railroads which drain the great southwestern agricultural belt indicate that the wheat crop, which is nearly harvested, will exceed the estimates made three weeks ago.

The Atchison and the St. Louis and San Francisco have canvassed the tributary territory to their lines very carefully in order to obtain data for estimating the necessary car supply. The reports from the Atchison agents estimate the wheat harvest in Texas at 25,000,000 bushels, in Oklahoma at 40,000,000 and in Kansas at 95,000,000 bushels.

Estimates made by the Frisco indicate a yield of 100,000,000 in Kansas, the estimated for Texas and Oklahoma being identical with those of the Atchison.

Advices received at the Atchison offices state that the secretary of the Kansas state board of agriculture estimates the wheat yield of 100,000,000 in Kansas, the estimates and cotton are in a satisfactory condition, but are about two weeks delayed. Atchison officials expect an average yield of corn and a harvest of 3,250,000 to 3,500,000 bales of cotton in Texas.

B. L. Winchell, vice president and general manager of the St. Louis & San Francisco, sent this telegram to President B. F. Yoakum, who is en route to Lake George, where he has a summer home:

"After a trip through Kansas, Oklahoma and Indian Territory, I am sure our wheat traffic alone will earn our dividends for the year on the first and second preferred stock. Corn looks fine, and in many sections is now assured. Cotton is improving every day and we have no doubt of a large yield. Traffic in sight is enormous, and, in spite of our large recent additions to equipment, we are short today on cars to move grain and lumber. On the End-Vernon line we are now loading more than forty cars of new wheat daily. This division opened for traffic last February. There are from one to four new elevators built or building at each of these stations, as well as new cotton gins, oil mills and compresses."

A New Arizona Road.

With a capital of \$5,000,000, the Arizona, New Mexico & Colorado Railroad company has been organized in Arizona. The purpose of the new corporation is to build a line from some point on the Southern Pacific in Coahuila county to Durango, Colo.

Three hundred and fifty miles will be the length of the road. The incorporators are Frank W. Kinney, James S. Autry and George Fruth, all of Colorado, and Charles Thomas and Charles Martin of Arizona. The headquarters are at Solomonsville, Ariz.

The most likely purpose of the new road is to open a new route from Colorado to Guaymas, on the Pacific coast of Mexico, in connection with the Sonora railroad.

MAY BE THROUGH LINE.

Santa Fe Said to Be Planning a New Gulf Road.

The construction of the cut-off from Havana, Kas., to Caney, Kas., by the Santa Fe is said upon good authority to be simply the commencement of the extension of this branch line through the Indian Territory into Texas, where connection will be made with the Santa Fe line to the gulf. This will open up a new and undeveloped country which will soon be open to settlement and promises to be rich in agricultural products and also to be a great cattle country. This extension of the present line from Independence, Kas., will cut off about 100 miles and will be made the through line from Chicago and Kansas City to the gulf. At present it leaves the main line at Independence and runs as far as Owasso, I. T., a distance of about 100 miles.

WHICH TRAIN TO BLAME.

Testimony at Hutchinson Wreck Hearing Is Very Conflicting.

The body of G. E. Lonnecker, who was killed in the Santa Fe-Missouri Pacific wreck, was shipped from Hutchinson to his former home in Bartlett, Kas. At the coroner's inquest being held the Santa Fe trainmen all testified that their train stopped for the crossing and three passengers testified that it did not stop. Three Missouri Pacific passengers testified that their train did stop. The examination will be continued, when the Missouri Pacific trainmen will be examined.

George R. Hancock, formerly assistant superintendent of machinery for the Santa Fe, with headquarters in Topeka, and now superintendent of machinery of the Frisco, is another of the many prospective successors to George R. Henderson, whose resignation as superintendent of the motive power for the Santa Fe will take effect on August 1.

COMMERCIAL CLUB.

Full Attendance of Directors and Important Business Transacted.

TWENTY NEW MEMBERS ELECTED.

A full attendance of the directors of the Commercial club was held last evening at their handsome home, the first meeting held under the presidency of Judge Benjamin S. Baker.

Many matters of much importance were transacted, among the most important of which was the admittance of twenty new members. The number includes some of the most progressive citizens of the territory who will aid materially in keeping up the excellent reputation of the organization, which many large cities would be proud of. The work of the Albuquerque Commercial club is well known to the people of the entire southwest. The good it has done for this city is incalculable.

The new members of the club are: Walter M. Connell, E. A. Linderman, George P. Learned, W. L. Edgar, C. M. Foraker, E. R. Edgar, Daniel Scruggs, W. D. Hollister, Hermann Switzer, Thomas Hughes, Roderick Stover, H. P. Mitchell, J. W. Mallette, James E. Haines, L. B. Stern, C. L. Colson, E. B. Kilgore, Frank Ackerman, R. A. Fullenwider and John W. Wiley.

The unanimous thanks of the club was voted C. C. Hall for his untiring efforts in building up the club and securing new members.

It was decided to immediately commence the work of renovating the Commercial club building. The interior of the rooms will be artistically redecorated and frescoed.

A committee consisting of C. E. Newcomer, W. S. Strickler and D. A. McPherson was appointed to represent the Commercial club at the Fourteenth session of the Trans-Mississippi Commercial congress, which is to be held in Seattle, Washington, beginning on the 15th of August and lasting four days.

In the call issued for this convention is the following allusion to the work of the congress:

"The Trans-Mississippi Commercial congress has, for more than a decade, been a powerful factor in the upbuilding of the states west of the Mississippi river comprising its jurisdiction. During its life it has seen the political and commercial scope of the Trans-Mississippi region expand, and during these years it has taken a prominent part in every movement tending to commercial advancement. The influences of the Trans-Mississippi Commercial congress embrace the greater geographical part of the country, comprising twenty-two million people residing west of the Mississippi river. The recent achievements in the realm of national expansion add to this territory our colonial possessions of the far east, with their nine million of additional population."

The coming session of the Trans-Mississippi Commercial congress at Seattle, meets the general desire of those interested in the commercial growth of the Trans-Mississippi states of this new commercial activity. It is therefore the determination of the executive committee to secure at this meeting as large an attendance as possible of representatives of the commercial, industrial, maritime and other associations within its jurisdiction, together with full delegations from the states, cities and counties within its territory. In order to secure this, we urge that immediate attention be given to this most important movement, and that the number of delegates to which you are entitled, as herein enumerated, be selected from the very best material, and that such delegates when appointed, be urged earnestly to be in attendance.

"Aside from the commercial relations of this western country with the Orient, there will be other topics to be discussed and legislation recommended to the national congress, more directly affecting the people of the west. Among these may be enumerated: Irrigation, railroad rates, improvements of harbors and waterways, the governmental department of mines and mining, good roads, commercial relations with the Central and South American republics, beet sugar industry, the encouragement of home manufacturers, statehood for the territories, legislation for Alaska, isthmian canal, merchant marine, consular service, preservation of forests, postal service, etc."

A Jolly Hayride.

A big heavy wagon rumbled out of the city toward the east last night loaded with a crowd of gay young people. They drove to a place about five miles out on the weird enchanted Mesa and camped. A large fire was built by the road side and by the light shed from its glaring, leaping flames the jolly hayriders interested themselves in watermelons and other things good to eat.

The young folks were: Mable Strong, Jessie Lee, Ada Campbell, Erna Schuster, Susie Dolson, Lillian Spitz, Mildred Fox, Willie Pratt, Willie White, Willie Halloran, Frank Springer, James Wroth, Bruno Dieckman.

Ward Anderson, Ed. Strumquist, Kirk Bryan and Alroy Fild. They were chaperoned by Mrs. E. L. Medler and Mrs. E. W. Dobson.

To Be Married.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael Digneo announce the approaching marriage of their daughter, Miss Sarah, to Anthony Morelli, son of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Morelli, on Sunday afternoon, August 2, 1903, at 3 o'clock, at 308 North Broadway. The young couple are very popular and will have the wishes of a large circle of friends for a happy and prosperous wedded life.

NEW CONCENTRATOR.

Silver City Is to Have One in a Short Time.

The erection of sixty-ton concentrator will be commenced at the Aztec group of mines in the Pinos Altos district in the next few days.

William McAllister, who has the properties leased from St. Louis parties who own the mines, has just returned from a trip to that city, where he entered into arrangements for the building of the mill.

The machinery in the old Aztec mill just above Silver City will be utilized as much as possible in the construction of the new concentrator at the mines.

Mr. McAllister has also purchased some patent dry concentrating tables to place in the mill.

He Saw the Fight.

A recently discharged soldier of the Fourteenth cavalry, stationed at Fort Grant, Ariz., arrived in the city this morning. He states that he was a witness of the battle fought between the soldiers there over a dispute in a polo game. He says over 100 shots were fired and three men were killed and several wounded. The Citizen contained an article giving details at the time. He says this trouble caused the war department to countermand the order for their removal to the Philippines. It is generally thought at the fort that the order is temporary.

POLICE COURT.

J. F. Schelley, the Cut-off Cook Accused of Robbing J. W. Edwards, released—Two Vagrants.

J. W. Edwards' \$25 is gone and probable for good. Edwards was a camp cook on the Santa Fe cut-off. He came to town Saturday night with quite a roll of bills. He took on a few and feeling drowsy retired early. He awoke Sunday morning to find that he had been touched and all his hard earned "dosh" was gone. Edwards had a friend, a comrade of the range and frying pan, by the name of J. F. Schelley, who had access to the room of his couch, and Schelley he accused of getting the money. When Schelley was taken in by the police he had \$25, but proved that he had cashed a check. The evidence against the accused was not at all conclusive and Schelley was discharged.

J. D. Mann and Joh McQuirk came to town to work the people. They had money jewelry, were union men in hard luck and other grafts that were good in most any rural district, but too coarse for city work. The court found them guilty of vagrancy, although they pleaded that they were not. Mr. Quirk had a very good appearance, but his slang and brogue were bad—they convinced the court that the owner was a member of the "profrash." Mann and McQuirk will do ten days each on the city's streets.

Death at Santa Fe.

Elizabeth Whittington, daughter of the late James H. Whittington and M. Paz Sarracino, died at 10:45 p. m., July 28, 1903, at her home in this city of inflammation of the liver and bowels. She was born in Pajarito, Bernalillo county, and was about 45 years of age. She had a long and painful sickness, lasting six weeks. She was a good woman and beloved by all who knew her and will be greatly mourned by her many friends. The funeral will take place tomorrow morning at 7 o'clock from the residence of Col. J. Frank Chaves on the south side to the Cathedral. The remains will be interred in San Rosario cemetery. Charles Wagner is the funeral director.—New Mexican.

DECLINES TO HONOR.

New Mexico Requisition Found Defective by Colorado's Governor.

The Denver Republican says: Governor Peabody yesterday refused to honor a requisition for L. J. Emerson issued by Governor Otero of New Mexico. The papers were found defective. There was no complaint accompanying the papers, and they were otherwise defective. Emerson is wanted in Clayton, N. M., for the alleged forging of a draft for \$257.55. The charge is obtaining money under false pretenses. The complaining witness in the case is John F. Wallingford. Emerson was arrested in Denver on the charge, but has been released. He is a traveling agent for the Siegel-Campbell Live Stock Commission company and in June of this year, it is alleged, gave the draft to the complainant.

The casualties on the railroads of the United States since the beginning of 1898 were twenty times as large as those resulting from the war with Spain and China and the Philippines.

ROY McDONALD RETURNS.

Was Manager of Pittsburg, Kansas, Base Ball Team.

WILL PLAY IN THIS CITY.

Roy McDonald, the well known ball player, son of W. W. McDonald, who has been playing ball and managing the team for Pittsburg, Kas., in the Missouri Valley league, has returned to the city.

Early in the spring Roy was signed by Manager Gear of the Kansas City team of the American Association, and was with them for about two months, but owing to the fact that the association voted to reduce the number of players, Roy was allowed to go. He was immediately secured by the Pittsburg team, and shortly after his arrival there was made manager. He accepted the position under certain conditions, which the Pittsburg team did not live up to, so, becoming disgusted, he concluded to quit and return to this city.

The local fans will be delighted to hear of his return, as he will instill new life in the local team, which has been doing very poor work the present season. The boys will go to work with renewed energy and it is confidently expected will win a majority of their games. He will possibly again have charge of the Browns in the tournament during the fair.

On next Sunday he will catch in the game for the Browns against the Tigers.

"Syke" Young of El Paso, who was so playing with Pittsburg, has returned to the Passa city.

Dixon Ench.

A few days ago C. B. Dixon, formerly of this city, now proprietor of the Astor house, El Paso, was married to Miss Enoch, a very popular young lady of Farmington, Ill.

Mr. Dixon, with his bride, and his mother, Mrs. Emma Dixon, will pass through this city for El Paso Saturday night. His many friends wish him and wife a most happy, prosperous future.

Killed at Las Vegas.

During the thunderstorm, which occurred at Las Vegas late yesterday afternoon, a bolt of lightning struck the home of one Padilla, killing Mrs. Margarita Padilla and violently stunning Mr. Padilla. The Padilla home is in the old town of Las Vegas.

HEALTH AND BEAUTY.

Don't use the eyes when they are tired or weak from illness.

Don't bestow less care upon the teeth than upon complexion and hair. When walking don't throw the shoulders far back of the line of the hips nor hold the arms rigidly at the sides. Don't become too stout. Although plumpness of contour is by no means unbecoming, corpulence is a thing to be avoided.

Heartburn can immediately be got rid of by taking cream of tartar, about half a teaspoonful in half a glass of water. It makes a pleasant effervescent drink, cooling to the blood.

Don't think that because you are 40 and fair you should be fat, and that nature has laid down a law that women shall acquire layers with years, like a magnolia or any other tree.

Keep handy a little bottle of spirits of camphor, and when you are attacked by sneezing as an evidence of having taken cold, take five drops of sugar. Take three doses, one every hour, and you need fear no ill effects.

It is said that a lotion composed of two ounces each of rose water, alcohol and glycerine, is a certain cure for blackheads. After bathing the face night and morning, rub in with the hand.

People who drink abundantly of simple water rarely are troubled with minor bodily ills. Water is good for digestion, and when this important bodily function goes on aright, one is free from headache, biliousness, neuralgia and similar distressing woes.

For headache make the following solution: Mix a handful of salt in a quart of water, adding one ounce of spirits of hartshorn and one-half ounce of camphorated spirits of wine. Soak a cloth with this and apply to the forehead, wetting it as it becomes dry.

An excellent remedy for pains in the back of the neck or side, the result of being exposed to draught, is a plaster composed of vasoline and mustard, two parts of the first to one of the latter. Mix and spread on a piece of muslin, applying to the affected organs.

Prof. Jones at Santa Fe.

Professor Fayette A. Jones of Albuquerque, one of the New Mexico board of managers of the St. Louis exposition, arrived from the south at noon today and this afternoon was in attendance at a session of the board. Professor Jones has just returned from a visit to eastern Valencia and Socorro counties, where he collected mineral specimens for the New Mexico exhibit and also discovered some interesting ruins near the Gran Quivira.—New Mexican.

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. *E. W. Doan*
Seven Million boxes sold in past 12 months. **On every box, 25c.**