

6-20-1903

## Albuquerque Weekly Citizen, 06-20-1903

T. Hughes

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# Albuquerque Weekly Citizen

VOLUME 11

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, SATURDAY, JUNE 20, 1903.

NUMBER 93

## Territorial Topics

### DEMING.

From the Headlight.  
Sammy Lindauer, son of S. Lindauer, and his grandmother, Mrs. Goldsmith, will arrive in Deming to visit with Mr. Lindauer and friends here, and they may decide to remain permanently in Deming.

Quite a large party of the best people of this city left for the Pacific coast to spend the summer. The party consisted of Mrs. F. A. Bolch and two daughters, Misses Alice and Esther; Mrs. Bolch's mother, Mrs. Alice Smith; Miss Ella P. Guiney and her mother, Mrs. Guiney.

It is authentically stated that Miss Allie Lawton, who went to El Paso some time ago on a visit, and Waldemar J. Wigginton, who last summer and fall was foreman of the Headlight office, were quietly married in El Paso last Thursday week. The young married couple, after a few days spent in El Paso, went on to Colorado City, where the groom has a good position in a printing office. The marriage was a genuine surprise to Miss Lawton's many friends in this city, as no intimation of her intentions were known.

### TUCUMCARI.

From the Democrat.

It now transpires that the selection of a site for a school house is left to the judgment of the county school superintendent, county surveyor, and chairman of the board of school trustees.

Rev. A. P. Morrison, superintendent of the Methodist church in New Mexico, preached to a large audience last Sunday morning and evening. The sum of \$58.50 was raised towards the support of the church expansion board.

The office of the City Hotel was the scene of a wedding Wednesday evening at 9 o'clock. John Kinchlow, of Atarque, up on the Dawson line, was joined in the bonds of matrimony to Mrs. Elizabeth J. Nelson, of El Paso, Texas. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Charles M. Metts, of the Methodist Episcopal church, in the presence of a few witnesses.

Miss Male O'Rourke left for Bucklin, Kas., where she will join her mother and sister. Mrs. O'Rourke and daughters have had charge of the Rock Island eating house for the past four or five months and during their stay in Tucumcari have made many friends who wish them joy and prosperity in their new home.

Sheriff Street received a message from Sheriff Owens, of Portales, that he two robbers who held up their associates near Endee were captured. One was killed and the other is in custody. It appears that the robbers stayed all night with their associates, eating their victuals and using their beds and in the morning relieved them of their valuables, taking their team and buggy as means of escape. A posse started from Endee with the above mentioned result.

### WHITE OAKS.

From the Eagle.

F. D. White, Congregational minister, and his wife arrived from Hudsonville, Mich.

White Oaks merchants are enjoying a good country trade now. Sheep and cattle men all have money.

The stock interests of Lincoln county have been benefitted thousands of dollars by the splendid rains we have had during the past two weeks.

W. A. Melvers came in from Jicarilla with samples of copper-iron ore from his Jack Peak property that will assay high in both metals. The ore also contains some gold.

At the meeting of Knights of Pythias officers were elected for the ensuing six months. Robert L. Taylor was elected chancellor commander; George Queen, vice chancellor; Joseph Spencer, prelate; John A. Haley, keeper of records and seal; Sol C. Wiener, master of finance; Silas R. May, master of exchequer; Charles Hamilton, master at arms; A. H. Hudspeth, master of the work; A. P. Green, inside guard; James A. Simms, outside guard.

### SANTA FE.

From the New Mexican.

Miguel Ortiz returned from a few days' visit to Fort Wingate and Albuquerque. He reports that a great quantity of rain has fallen in the sections

visited by him and that the crop outlook is splendid.

Testimony is being taken in the Indian deprecation case of Ramon Salazar et al vs. the United States. The claim amounts to about \$5,000, it being claimed that some eighty cows, forty mares and other animals belonging to Ramon Salazar was stolen from him by the Navajo Indians in 1858 at or near what is now Costilla, Colo. Ellsworth Ingalls, special agent for the department of justice in Indian deprecation cases, is appearing for the government.

Agent J. B. Davis, of the Denver & Rio Grande railroad in this city, is arranging for an excursion from here to San Juan pueblo in Rio Arriba county on June 24 next, that being St. John's day, and a great feast day for the Indians of that pueblo. The ceremonies at that feast are of very ancient origin, of great interest, of many attractions and unique especially to those interested in Indian customs and Indian folk lore. A low rate will be made and a special train will be run to Chamita in the morning of that day to return here in ample time for supper in the evening.

There was much uneasiness and alarm in Santa Fe this morning, and for a few hours it was thought some of the members of the Mechanics' ball club and rooters had been swept away in the flood yesterday. A large crowd went with the club to Madrid yesterday, and shortly before dark last evening they left Cerrillos for the return drive. The next to the last vehicle, which was driven by Atanacio Muniz, had just crossed an arroyo a short distance from Cerrillos when the men saw a wall of water nine feet high coming down the arroyo. The last wagon, in which were Louis Baca, George Trujillo, Horacio Ortega, Nacio Romero, A. Brito and E. Garcia, was about a quarter of a mile behind. Late last night all arrived here safely except the last wagonload. This morning they had not appeared, and J. S. Canclario, manager of the club, telegraphed to Cerrillos and received a reply that the party had left there at 9 o'clock. It was assumed that they had seen the wall of water coming down the arroyo and turned back until 9 o'clock last night. As they had not appeared this morning, it was feared that they had been swept away in trying to ford the stream. Manager Candelario at once started Juan Costillo and Lucio Baca out on horseback to look the men up. Later he started a third horseman out, shortly before 1 o'clock this afternoon the entire party arrived, none the worse for wear. The men had seen the water and remained in Cerrillos until 9 o'clock this morning before starting out.

### SOCORRO.

From the Chieftain.

Judge McMillan granted Josefa Minajares a divorce from the tie that bound her to Maximiliano Gomez.

Jim Berry and Alfredo Gallegos manned a boat and rescued two aged Mexican women up the valley from the top of a haystack where they had taken refuge from the rising waters.

Miss Agnes Jaques and her guest, Miss Rosemary Buchanan, of El Paso, went to the Gardiner ranch near Magdalena for a visit of a few days with their friend Mrs. W. P. Sanders.

John Howard was brought in from Mogollon the first of the week, pronounced insane, and taken to the asylum at Las Vegas. The case is not a very bad one and hopes are entertained that with proper care the patient will recover.

Citizens of Socorro have recently had an opportunity to contribute to the payment of the salary of Rev. Chas. R. Taylor. Mr. and Mrs. Taylor have done excellent work since they came to Socorro and have well deserved an even more liberal support than they have received.

### LORDSBURG.

From the Liberal.

E. Ritter, of Philadelphia, is visiting his nephew, W. F. Ritter, at Gold Hill.

W. J. Sapp returned from Silver City recently, bringing his family with him, and they will live at the concentrator.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Morrison at El Paso. Their

many Lordsburg friends extend congratulations.

Secretary J. W. Reynolds and Mrs. Reynolds returned recently from a few days' visit with relatives in Las Vegas.

John W. Catron, eldest son of Hon. T. B. and Mrs. Catron, is near Aspen, Colo., with his class doing work in the mines. He hopes to be able to reach Santa Fe some time during the present summer for a visit with his parents.

The operetta given Friday night for the benefit of the Christian church was much enjoyed by those who had the good fortune to be present. Unfortunately it rained hard about the time that the people were ready to start and a large number who had intended to attend the performance remained at home.

P. J. Bennett, editor of the Clifton Herald, was in the city on his way to his old home at Deming. He expected to move his family from Deming to Clifton. He has returned to Clifton without his family to see how his print shop stood the flood. It was one of the few buildings on Chase creek that was not ruined. While in Deming the libel suit brought against him by George Shakespeare was dismissed at cost of the plaintiff.

### SAN MARCIAL.

From the Bee.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Rowe went to Rosedale to remain in the mountains for some little time. Mr. Rowe's health is far from being of the best.

Sigmund Marcus arrived here from Clifton on a visit to his cousin, Leo Loewenstein. Mr. Marcus will sail from New York in a few days for Germany, on a visit to his old home.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Featherstone came in from Rosedale to meet the mother and sister of Mrs. Featherstone. They are from Texas and intend to remain in the mining camp for some time.

Frank Johnson drove in from his ranch with Vick Winters, who was suffering from the renewed pains of an old rupture received in a gymnast during his college days. Mr. Winters secured relief at once and was soon in a more cheerful frame of mind.

### LAS CRUCES.

From the Citizen.

Frank Broyles, who has been here visiting relatives and friends, left for Morenci, Arizona.

Isidro Armijo, recently elected school director for school district No. 2, will take charge of his office July 1.

Miss Nona Murphy, who has been visiting here for the past week, returned to her home in Hillsboro.

Alejandro Daguerre and wife of Juarez, Mexico, came up on a visit to Mrs. Martin Amador.

Mrs. Louis Hostetter returned the fore part of the week from her trip to Omaha, Neb., where she has been visiting relatives and friends.

C. B. Goane, who recently came here from Silver City to manage the City meat market, left for home, where he will probably accept a position with his old employers.

From the Progress.

Miss Julia Archibald has returned from El Paso.

Prof. M. A. Molina, superintendent of Las Cruces public schools, has accepted a position at Winslow, Arizona, and will remain there during vacation.

Road Supervisor Hadley proposes to deserve that name. He will begin work very soon. His plans, if carried out, will demonstrate that roads can be improved materially with good management.

Sheriff Lucero went up to Las Vegas with a lunatic who has been in jail several months. When the unfortunate man was told where he was to be taken, he began to talk to the guards, took a bath and for the first time in his life got into a pair of blue overalls and a rich red shirt. He remarked that he looked "pretty" and that he was pleased he was going away. For hours before the train came the guards noticed he stood in the jail door—he was desperate. Finally the train came, the whistle blew and the door was thrown open. Once out he gave a sign of relief. He said: "Had you not noticed me holding that door? I was waiting to be let out. I wanted to hear the whistle." The guards took him to the train and he talked to them all the way—something he had not done before during confinement. If signs mean anything he will recover.

## STORM AT SANTA FE.

Bridges Damaged and Much Property Destroyed By the Flood.

ALL JUNE RECORDS BROKEN.

The New Mexican says that on last Sunday that city started to take a bath and wound up by going swimming. For a short time that afternoon rain poured down in such quantities that it seemed as though there had been a cloudburst, arroyos and irrigation ditches became so full that it was impossible for them to carry off the water, streets looked like unusually wide ditches and considerable damage was done. With the rain, hail pelted down for awhile and beat against windows as if determined to break the glass. The precipitation yesterday as recorded at the local office of the weather bureau was 1.10 inches and for Saturday night was .12 of an inch, making a total since Saturday of 1.22 inches. This breaks all previous records for June, as the total rainfall for the first fourteen days of this month has been 3.57 inches or more than the total for the entire month since record has been kept.

The water rose so rapidly yesterday and came down in such quantities that much damage was done. Within a few moments the water in the river and many of the tributary arroyos rose bank full and but a light fall more would have caused them to overflow. Many of the posts which marked the channel of the river as surveyed by the city, were swept away and the water paid no attention to the official channel. The strain on all bridges which teams were permitted to be driven across, was that on Galisteo street.

The bridge on Don Gaspar avenue was open to foot traffic, but it was deemed unsafe for vehicles.

The bridge over the arroyo Sals was swept away and a number of smaller bridges over arroyos were carried out. A dangerous place was left on Don Gaspar avenue east of Manhattan avenue, where the water washed out a new channel across the street and let one end of the bridge fall into the deep arroyo. But few bridges over arroyos were left in good condition. The foot bridge on Canyon road is among those carried away.

The Delgado street bridge over the Rio Santa Fe was damaged and a large amount of dirt at the end of the Don Gaspar avenue bridge was washed out. At Galisteo street, by the end of the bridge, was a large pile of dirt which has remained from the erection of new buildings in that vicinity. This was to a great extent carried away and there were several small landslides.

Much damage was caused by the flood water which poured down from the hills north of the city. Grant and Washington avenues for a time looked like incipient rivers and the water extended over the walks as well as the street. This morning the vacant lots south of the Palace hotel and east of Washington avenue resembled lakes with the water standing in them.

The house owned by Lehman Spiegelberg on Washington avenue, was greatly damaged. The water came down from the hill above in such volume that in a few moments it rose almost to the height of the window sills. St. Vincent's hospital did not escape. The breaking of an aqueduct permitted a large amount of water to flow directly towards the building and there was over two feet of water in the cellar in consequence. Many trunks were stored in the cellar and so were damaged. Four rooms in the frame building were flooded. The water rose so that it flowed through the rooms but it was seen coming in time to permit the removal of carpets. Men were kept busy all night pumping water from the cellars of the buildings. Some damage was done to the new residence of Hon. Arthur Seligman by water getting into the cellar.

A vast amount of annoyance and, in the aggregate, quite a heavy loss, was caused by water beating under windows and injuring carpets and furniture. It has been a long time since Santa Fe has had such a flood and the damage and loss from it will aggregate quite a large sum.

The storm demolished a stable in which were twenty goats belonging to Manuel Montoya and Leandro Lova-

to and the falling roof and adobe killed the animals. The stable was situated just outside of the city limits in precinct No. 18. The partially finished dam constructed by the Santa Fe Water and Light company some years ago in the Fort Marcy arroyo north of town, was washed away by the flood which came down that arroyo. No other damage was done in that vicinity as the flood waters had the right of way and the earth work of the dam was not very solid.

A terrific volume of water came down the Arroyo Sals in the eastern part of town and across Palace avenue for two hours. The arroyo is about six miles long and heads in the mountains near Tesque. It is on an average sixteen feet wide and nine deep and water ran over its banks; waves five feet high and running with great swiftness were very noticeable. Much broken timber and a great deal of debris as well as large rocks were brought down the arroyo. The supports of the bridge across the arroyo on Palace avenue were washed out and the bridge was wrecked. A lot on Palace avenue and Delgado street, the property of W. J. McPherson and planted in fruit and alfalfa was greatly injured, fences torn down, swept away and the alfalfa crop destroyed. The amount of water that came down the arroyo was very great and it is astonishing that more damage was not done by the force and swiftness of the current.

### HILLSBORO.

From the Advocate.

L. Tresselt has resigned his position as night watchman and will go to Arizona. He is succeeded by Henry Brown.

The amount of rain that has fallen so far this month beats any June rains that have occurred here for the last twenty-three years.

It is with pleasure that the many friends of Miss Nona Murphy learn of her appointment as vocal instructor at the Agricultural college at Mesilla park.

John Gardiner and Vincent Kasser are taking out a fine lot of ore from the Lily of the west mine. They have leased the Porter mill and are now having 200 or more tons of ore hauled down for treatment. They have just completed a road from the mine to the main highway.

### LAS VEGAS.

From the Advertiser.

C. R. Snyder, of Howell, Michigan, has purchased the City Steam Laundry from H. F. Benedict.

Zacarias Valdez is in town from Rocky Ford, Colorado, and wants 175 men to work in the beet fields at that place.

Peter Ortiz and Frank Martinez got mixed up with too much tanglefoot in Benigno Martinez's saloon and in arresting them Policeman Munroe had to use his club. They were arraigned before Benigno Martinez and were fined \$7 each. Ortiz and Martinez then filed complaint with Donaciano Otero, justice of the peace in precinct 26, charging Officer Munroe with assault and battery. He was bound over to the grand jury in the sum of \$250.

The directors of the Las Vegas & Hot Springs Street Railway company, have completed arrangements for the extension of the electric track to the west side. The line will cross the river at the sanitarium and run south on the boulevard through the plaza and down Bridge street to the bridge giving us about three miles of track. The west side has met all requirements of the railway company and the early construction of the line is assured. The same company will also install a first class lighting system, which will be a great improvement to the city. The citizens of the west side owe considerable to the efforts of Margarito Romero, who is a director in the company, and has worked hard to add these improvements to the west side. He was materially assisted by Charles Hefed, Veeder & Veeder, the Rosenwalds, Jefferson Reynolds, and other enterprising west siders.

### SANTA ROSA.

From the Sun.

The water in the river at this point was eleven feet above low water mark Wednesday morning.

Page and Tom Lawrence, formerly of Santa Rosa, are both holding good positions in Denver.

Ranchman Turnbull and John McDonald in attempting to cross the Pecos river near Santa Rosa on Monday

honestly made  
Levi Strauss & Co's  
Copper-riveted  
Overalls



narrowly escaped drowning. They lost their horses and saddles.

Santa Rosa and vicinity, in fact all of eastern New Mexico has been visited the week past with copious rains. This downpour means thousands of dollars to Santa Rosa and vicinity in the way of hay and better stock range.

The drawing of the town lot had at the office of the La Voz Publica, was conducted by W. H. Giddings, A. H. Young and F. D. Morse as committee. Salome Martinez was the lucky man.

Attorney Edward R. Wright will leave tomorrow for a three weeks' visit to his old home at Brooklyn, N. Y. While gone he will take in a re-union of his class at college.

The trial of a Chinese herb doctor for practicing medicine without a license occupied the attention of the justice court last Monday. The territory was represented by Attorney E. R. Wright. Don Celso Baca appeared for the defense. The Chinaman was found guilty and fined \$25 and costs. He appealed the case.

From La Voz Publica.

John S. Clark, ex-coal oil inspector and prosperous sheep raiser from Las Vegas, passed through Santa Rosa on his way to his sheep ranch on the Salado.

Mrs. J. G. Gallegos, who has been in charge of the public school in this district for the past eight months, closed her school last Friday and the next day took the stage for her home in Las Vegas.

C. V. Safford, territorial traveling auditor, was a visitor in Santa Rosa, having come for the purpose of examining the different county offices. The office of auditor as constituted now will be of great benefit to the territory of New Mexico, financially, and will add thousands of dollars into the county and territorial treasuries. Mr. Safford went from here to Lincoln county.

### FARMINGTON FACTS.

From the Times.

Preparations are being made by many of our farmers to begin harvesting the first crop of alfalfa. The yield will be uniform and heavy.

A. L. Russell has sold seven acres from the north part of his ranch to Robert C. Woods, and Mr. Russell in turn purchased ten acres of land adjoining him on the west of W. A. Hunter.

A game of ball was played yesterday between the Fruitland nine and the home team, that was of interest, and attracted quite a crowd. The result was a victory for the home team by a score of 20 to 5.

Sunday morning, a slow gentle rain began falling and it continued at regular intervals throughout the day and during the night it increased in volume, until, if we had not already said it so often, we would again say that it made the heaviest rain that this section has had for years. At any rate many say that it is the best soaking rain they had ever seen in June.

### DEMING.

From the Graphic.

J. A. Mahoney left for Los Angeles, called by the serious illness of his daughter Anna.

Mrs. LaMaster and her sister, Miss Thomas, of Hachita passed through here en route to their old home in Illinois.

The infant child of T. T. Smith died last Friday and was buried Saturday. The parents have the sympathy of the entire community in their bereavement.

Will Jennings, engineer for the Golden Cross and Eagle Mining company, came for a few days' rest and recreation. He reports everything lively in the Tres Hermanas district.

Ridge Johnson of Uniontown, Kentucky, who has been making a tour of Mexico and California, came in from the west and is visiting a few days with his friend, Took Chapman of this city.

The Central Labor union of Albu-

querque is arranging for a grand celebration on July Fourth of this year unique in character and entirely different from anything ever held in the territory. Everybody is invited and excursion rates will be in force on all roads, thus giving an excellent opportunity for people of this vicinity to visit the Duke city at this time.

Last Thursday Deputy Customs Collector W. R. Fall of Columbus came before United States Commissioner B. Y. McKee and made complaint against Suvria and Carlos Malz for bringing horses across the line without paying duty. Commissioner McKee set the case for June 20, and as they were unable to give bonds of appearance they were sent to jail to await trial.

### RATON.

From the Reporter.

Mrs. Robert Vogle is in Denver for the purpose of submitting to a surgical operation.

Herbert Hansbro and Bert Dudley returned from a trip to Oklahoma.

Charles Lillie of Tucuman, Ariz., is visiting here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Lillie.

Miss Alma Mitchell of Pueblo arrived here and will spend the summer with her sister, Mrs. Clarence Hurst. S. M. Bellamy of Knoxville, Iowa, father of Frank Bellamy and Mrs. Carl Blazer, arrived here and will visit with his son and daughter for a few weeks.

Joe Miller, a Russian Jew, stole from his room mate, Joe Ruks, \$57 in money, a 44-caliber six-shooter and some clothing. Upon advice from here he was arrested at Starkville and is now in the county jail.

A. P. Garner and daughter, Miss Florence, of Gardiner, left for Chicago and New York. Miss Florence will attend school in New York and Mr. Garner will return to Chicago, where he expects to locate, he having resigned his position as superintendent of the coal mines at Gardiner and Blossburg. Mrs. Garner is here yet but expects to join her husband at Chicago in about two weeks.

Mrs. C. N. Blackwell is visiting with relatives in Kansas City. She will be accompanied on her return home by her daughter, Miss Marlon, who has been attending school in Missouri.

Mrs. Etta B. Walker and children and Mrs. David Lockhard and children are here from Denver to spend the summer. Both ladies have a large circle of friends who will rejoice at their return to Raton.

Mrs. A. L. Hobbs entertained about twenty-five ladies at cards. The game was hearts, the first prize, a lovely china plate, being won by Mrs. Shafter, the second, a chatelaine purse, by Mrs. Littrell and the consolation prize, a bread and butter plate, by Mrs. Sandusky. An elegant collation was served.

Prof. William M. Heinley has decided to accept for another year the superintendency of the Raton public schools. This will be very pleasing to the people of this city. He has done good work in bringing harmony into and in raising the standard of our schools and the board of education is to be congratulated on his acceptance of his former position.

Mrs. Florence Morris, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Taylor, who was called to Raton a few weeks ago by the death of her husband, left Monday with her children for her home in Colorado Springs. She was accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Mary Fanning and children, who will make a visit in Colorado Springs before going to their home in Missouri.

The Pennsylvania railroad has started work on a roundhouse at Altoona that when completed will be the largest on this system. It will be about 1,300 feet in circumference and will have a capacity for holding fifty-two locomotives. The stalls are to be ninety feet in depth.



### DROWTH IN THE EAST.

While the middle west has been deluged with rain and wasting floods, the east has suffered from an almost unexampled drouth, covering Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York and the New England states. While these are not great crop producing states, yet they will suffer much from injury to berries, vegetables and small fruits. There must be a shortage of peaches and apples and serious damage to the hay crop. For several years that large area has been rainless. One paper says: "The soil is as dry as powder, the foliage is taking on the hues of August almost before it fulfills the leafage of June. The crops in the country districts show premature failure. Forest fires are numerous and greatly destructive. The land is withering." May will go into the meteorological records as the dry month in the east and the wet month in the west.

### FAILURES IN MAY.

Reports to Dun's Review from branch offices of R. G. Dun & Co. in the United States and Canada show commercial failures during the month of May exceptionally few in number, 943 comparing with 1,080 last year, but the aggregate of defaulted indebtedness was \$12,314,206, against only \$9,109,840 in May, 1902. Last month's statement emphasizes the great value of a careful analysis of insolvency returns. Apparently there is an increase of over a third in total liabilities and it might not be unreasonably inferred that the general business situation was unsound. As a matter of fact, however, trade conditions are by no means as unsatisfactory as the 35 per cent increase in liabilities would suggest. Practically the entire increase is provided by one unfortunate wholesale fruit dealer in Chicago. This single disaster, which accounted for almost a fourth of last month's aggregate of liabilities, obviously is no reflection of the general situation, even in that branch of business.

### DANGEROUS DAY.

It seems to be the opinion of dwellers in large cities that the United States is old enough to cease celebrating the anniversary of its independence in that childish manner which for so long a time has allowed the American youth to indulge his passion for dangerous fireworks, the possibilities of which in the way of mutilation and death he does not appreciate until too late.

According to careful statistics, last year, as a result of the glorious Fourth observance, there were counted 2,649 killed and wounded. This is a frightful cost to contemplate and, in view of such a showing, it is urged to be supreme folly for municipal authorities to sanction a similar "glorification" the coming Fourth, with no restraint whatever placed on the sale of the dangerous fireworks which are so dire a menace to life and limb. Truly, America's greatest national holiday has grown to be the day of all the year to be most dreaded.

### CHINESE PIRATES.

Piracy is common on all of the interior waters of China. The rivers on which commerce is carried from the seaboard are infested with pirates. No merchantman can enter these streams without being in peril of attack by them. So many acts of piracy have been committed from time to time on these rivers that the arming of all vessels engaged in commerce navigating them has been seriously suggested as the best means of self-defense. The Chinese authorities are either unable or disinclined to interfere with the operations of the river pirates until some aggravated case of piracy occurs which involves themselves in serious danger and cannot be ignored. But it would be difficult, if not impossible, to find a case on record wherein any substantial redress for these outrages has ever been obtained.

### BEST PEOPLE ON EARTH.

An exchange sensibly remarks that it is high time that the city newspapers look elsewhere than to farmers for subjects for jests and cartoons. In this country there are upward of 6,000,000 of farmers who own their own land, their horses, cattle, sheep and hogs and the aggregate of their wealth is greater than the combined riches of the steel trust, the Standard Oil company and all the railroads of the United States. They live comfortably and they enjoy life. Place them side by side with city people and they will compare most favorably with these in intelligence and education. They are sensible and observant. They believe in law and order. They select good men as candidates for office and usually elect such. All their influence is cast for what is best in the neighborhood and they are in-

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tensely patriotic. As a class they are just, upright and honest. Farmers are readers of newspapers, and above any other class are educated to rely upon advertisements to tell them where to go to buy goods.

### FOREST RESERVES.

President Roosevelt's recent visit to the west and his personal inspection of some of the forest reserves have evidently been the means of modifying his views regarding the policy of the government toward the timbered sections of the public domain. In the past the policy followed in the creation of forest reserves has been influenced by sentiment. Utilitarian ideas have had very little, if any, effect upon the establishment of their lines. The practical phases of the subject have, consequently, been entirely overlooked and disregarded, and vast tracts of the public domain have been included in the reserves which should not have been embraced in them. A bulletin which has just been issued by the National Wool Growers' association and which is believed to reflect the later views of the administration on the reservation of the timber lands, indicates that a careful examination is to be made of the forest reserves already created and that the outcome will be the restoration of large areas of them to that part of the public domain subject to entry and occupation.

### THE CONGRESS MINE.

Description of the Quartz in Famous Gold Mine.  
In the Congress mine of Arizona the ore is white quartz carrying very pure iron sulphide, marcasite, generally disseminated through it in small particles, but at times in quite massive form, says the Mining World. There is little, if any, gold in the quartz, showing no pyrite, and hardly any free gold exists in the ore. The marcasite carries on an average about eight ounces of gold per ton. Other sulphides so commonly accompanying iron pyrite are notably absent, a little galena of very rare occurrence being the only one identified. The Niagara ore, on the other hand, shows considerable galena and some copper minerals, beside the iron pyrite. The difference seems to be rather characteristic of the ore of this neighborhood where the veins are entirely in granite, as distinguished from those which are accompanied by the greenstone dikes.

### AN ALBUQUERQUE COMPANY.

The John M. Moore Realty Company Incorporated.  
Articles of incorporation have been filed with J. W. Reynolds, territorial secretary, by John M. Moore Realty company. The incorporators are John M. Moore, George L. Brooks, Melville R. Summers, all of Albuquerque, and the principal place of business of the company is in this city. The company is authorized to buy, sell, acquire, own, and hold property of every kind and character, to underwrite insurance, borrow and lend money, execute mortgages, to own and operate mines, to own and lease water rights, to acquire and sell franchises and rights of way, to act as general financial agent or broker, to manage and control the affairs of the Albuquerque Abstract company. The capital stock is divided into 10,000 shares of the par value of \$1 each and the term of existence is fifty years. The affairs of the organization are to be in the hands of a board of three directors, the incorporators to compose the first board whose term of office shall cease at the expiration of one year.

### CARLSBAD.

From the Argus.  
The work of demolishing the ruins of the sugar factory is about completed.  
Mrs. Daisy Ross has been appointed postmistress at Stegman, which is to be changed to Artesia after the first of July.  
D. H. Harkey sold his ranch of 640 acres at Black river to E. P. Corley, of Bluffton, Texas, the consideration being \$6,000.  
Miss Hutchins is confined to her room in Hotel Schlitz with a very serious attack of peritonitis. Her physician announces that it will be at least a week or ten days before she will be out.  
The Sedalia, Mo., papers announce the marriage in that city of Miss Josephine Brown and Percy H. Greene. Miss Brown is well known in Carlsbad as a sister of Mrs. W. H. Hull.  
Charles O. Lee, of Bakersfield, Cal., a practical fruit grower and orchardist, arrived in Carlsbad and was shown around by McLenathen & Tracy. The next day he bought forty acres from Abe Wilson in La Huerta and will proceed at once to build and improve the tract, the principal feature of the planting being a commercial cherry orchard.

### EDITORIAL NOTES.

Drought notes from Kansas will soon be in order.  
Peace prevails at the Morenci (Ariz.) copper mines, the strikers sensibly agreeing to arbitrate their differences. The union labor sentiment is so strong in Albuquerque that it is uphill work to organize a company of the national guard.  
Senator Depew says an income of \$50,000 a year will not hurt any man. Of course not—it's the outgo of the income that does the damage.  
The farmers of the Tonto reservoir, in Arizona, have pledged 105,000 acres to the federal government to induce the building of a great irrigation reservoir.  
The prediction that the lion and the lamb shall lie down together is entirely plausible. A coyote, a wolf and a goat floated peacefully down the river past Topeka, Kas., on one roof.  
The grave diggers who are on strike in Chicago filed a grave dug by non-union help with water and blew up a crematorium. Even the dead cannot escape being drawn into labor troubles.  
Kansas City has an army of men at work in the district recently submerged. Many factories have resumed operation, and the railroads are beginning to recover from the effects of the flood.  
The Roosevelt administration is winning the confidence of the people by the manner in which it is going to the bottom of things in the postoffice department and routing out the criminals.  
During the first nine months of the present fiscal year the public lands sales were \$8,127,927, and there were 157,159 land entries, including 14,969,536 acres. The receipts for the first three-quarters of the year were \$3,970,043.  
The exports of the United States for the month of April made a new record, a record for the greatest exports in April in the history of the nation. They were, in round numbers, \$40,000,000. The greatest part was of course to England.  
It is now expected that the new Pacific cable which is to be laid west of Honolulu will reach Manila in time to be put into service by July 4 of this year. The cable is to be laid eastward from Manila by three vessels. One vessel will lay the cable from Manila island, and a second vessel from Guam island, and a third vessel from Midway island to Honolulu.  
Observance of law is the first duty of a citizen; the enforcement of law is the first duty of an official.  
Since the beginning of May the country has sent abroad \$16,000,000 in gold mostly to Paris and Argentina.  
Missouri is determined to see that her home industries are not neglected. A big mule show is being organized as a feature of the approaching world's fair.  
It is stated at Washington that President Roosevelt will inform Colombia that unless prompt action is taken on the canal treaty negotiations will be broken off.  
The total supply of currency in the United States on June 1 was \$2,382,000,000 against \$2,254,000,000 the same date last year, an increase of \$128,000,000 in twelve months.  
In a special election Kansas chose a republican congressman by 15,000 majority. The same district used to give a majority of 7,500 to Jerry Simpson. Kansas seems to be ready for 1904.  
The production of salt in the United States in 1902 amounted to 23,849,221 barrels—the largest quantity yet recorded for any one year—valued at \$5,688,536, as compared with 20,555,661 barrels, valued at \$6,617,449 in 1901, and with 20,869,342 barrels, valued at \$6,944,603 in 1900.  
A recently issued British blue book represents that the regular army numbered 324,653 officers and men on the first of January this year. Of these 153,148 were garrisoned in England, Scotland, Ireland, Wales and the Channel Islands; 95,475 in Egypt, China, Crete and the colonies, and 75,740 in India.  
The production of crystalline graphite in the United States during 1902 amounted to 4,176,824 pounds, valued at \$153,147, as compared with 3,967,612 pounds, valued at \$135,914 in 1901. The greater part of the product was from Ticonderoga, N. Y., but mines at Chester Springs, Pa., and at Stockdale, Ala., also contributed to the output.  
The people of the flooded districts in Kansas are counting their losses and going to work to make them good with characteristic American grit and enterprise. The water has not dried in the pools where homes and business have been wrecked before the western Americans are busy rebuilding their homes and stores and taking up their tasks with unfailing energy and hope.  
The calamity predictors are certainly having a hearing. All over the country all sorts of disasters are coming thick and fast.  
It will be some time before the people believe that the Water Supply company voluntarily increased its assessment \$40,000.  
Rev. Thomas Harwood makes con-

vincing reply to the slanders uttered by Rev. Norman Skinner at Los Angeles. It is published elsewhere in this paper.

The republican party has brought about all the tax assessment reforms in this country. A republican assessor is responsible for the attempt to equalize the property assessments.

One of the causes of so much spectacle-wearing is never mentioned, but it does the work just the same. It is the habit of late hours. Every one with weak eyes knows how they are affected by artificial lights, especially if such lights be glaring.

Before the recent rains the Rio Grande bed was filled with sand, and a small amount of water would cause it to overflow. Today the river is carrying a larger amount of water and the swift current has bored out a deep channel.

The people of New Mexico today observed the anniversary of the adoption of the Stars and Stripes as the American flag. However, the people of this territory will more cheerfully observe the anniversary when the star of New Mexico is added to the field of blue.

During the past seventeen months Las Vegas has erected thirty-three houses of all sorts, at a cost of \$106,900. The central public school building cost \$35,000. This is in the town where Rev. Skinner resides, who reported that there were no public schools anywhere in the territory.

The New York court of appeals has decided that the health authorities in cities have no right to enforce compulsory vaccination. The court says: "The doctrine that a person can be compelled to take a remedy in which he does not believe, or which he regards as harmful, is a dangerous one to embody in a statute." If this is good law it is difficult to see in what way many measures of public sanitation which interfere with personal rights as much as vaccination can be enforced.

That Alameda dyke should be enlarged.  
The rainy season appears to be over in New Mexico.

This territory will grow all sorts of crops in abundance this year.  
Mayor Harrison of Chicago is working up a healthy presidential boom.

The chances are that it may be a century before New Mexico will have another rainy June.  
The mountain districts of Kentucky are ideal localities for those who wish to lead strenuous lives.

The flood scare is all over and work will be resumed on the preparations for the territorial fair.

Peace has been restored in the Morenci (Ariz.) mining district and the miners have returned to work.

It has been estimated that the bad roads of the United States cost every man, woman and child \$5 annually.  
The year 1903 will be remembered as the year when the arid lands were flooded and the flooded lands were arid.

The postal scandal has extended to New York City. Rigid investigation is being made in several of the large postoffices.

That Oregon cloudburst capped the climax of the disasters of this month. In one hour a prosperous town was washed away and over three hundred people drowned.

The people of the village of Alameda have lost nearly everything by the overflowing of the Rio Grande, and are deserving of help from the people of this city.

Bogus mine promoters and others who float companies with an immense capital stock on the basis of some worthless prospect are being looked after by Uncle Sam. They have been refused the use of the mails.

Porto Rico is furnishing a market of a million dollars a month to the producers and merchants of the United States and supplying nearly a million dollars' worth each month of tropical products required by the United States.

The low lands in the valley of the Rio Grande a few miles north of this city are flooded. At no time was this city in any danger of inundation. At present the rainy season appears to be ended and the Rio Grande will soon be a very small stream.

The people of Clifton, Ariz., are taking care of the destitute of the recent storm disasters at that place. The firm of Phelps, Dodge & Co. subscribed \$2,000 to the fund, and all the subscriptions were liberal. Clifton is one of the best mining towns in the United States, and its people are the generous sort.

Germany still leads the world as a beer producing nation, but she will soon be overtaken by the United States. According to a German technical journal, the output of beer in 1901 was 65,250,000 hectoliters in Germany, 67,750,000 in the United States, and 60,000,000 in Great Britain and Ireland. There were 19,281 breweries in Germany in 1901, and only 2,412 in the United States. The United States now has several breweries whose productive capacity exceeds those of any other country.

## MALARIA

### Germ Infected Air.

Malaria is not confined exclusively to the swamps and marshy regions of the country, but wherever there is bad air this insidious foe to health is found. Poisonous vapors and gases from sewers, and the musty air of damp cellars are laden with the germs of this miserable disease, which are breathed into the lungs and taken up by the blood and transmitted to every part of the body. Then you begin to feel out of sorts without ever suspecting the cause. No energy or appetite, dull headaches, sleepy and tired and completely fagged out from the slightest exertion, are some of the deplorable effects of this encroaching malady. As the disease progresses and the blood becomes more deeply poisoned, boils and abscesses and dark or yellow spots appear upon the skin. When the poison is left to ferment and the microbes and germs to multiply in the blood, liver and kidney troubles and other serious complications often arise. As Malaria begins and develops in the blood, the treatment to be effective must begin there too. S. S. S. destroys the germs and poisons and purifies the polluted blood, and under its tonic effect the debilitated constitution rapidly recuperates and the system is soon clear of all signs of this depressing disease.

S. S. S. is a guaranteed purely vegetable remedy, mild, pleasant and harmless. Write us if you want medical advice or any special information about your case. This will cost you nothing.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.



### OFFICIAL MATTERS.

#### Guard Officers Resign—Indians Ugly—Notaries Appointed.

#### LAND COURT SESSION POSTPONED.

The following officers of Company K, First Regiment of Infantry, New Mexico national guard, have tendered their resignations, which are now in the hands of Adjutant General Whiteman: Capt. A. R. Da Costa, First Lieutenant Bonifacio Lucero, Second Lieutenant J. C. Lynch, all of Las Vegas.

**Indians Threaten Trouble.**  
Page B. Otero, territorial fish and game warden, is in receipt of a communication from one of his deputies in Taos county in which it is stated that the Indians there declare that any one who interferes with their hunting rights will be killed. Mr. Otero states that the law will be enforced with reference to the Indians the same as others.

**Notaries Appointed.**  
Governor Otero has appointed the following notaries public: Frank C. Allen of Tularosa, for Otero county; Alphonso H. Garnett of Chubb, for Valencia county; Frank A. Chavez of Las Vegas, for San Miguel county.

Governor Otero appointed the following notaries public: Dolores Aragon, Antonchico, for Leonard Wood county; A. B. Renehan, Santa Fe for Santa Fe county.

**Session of the United States Land Court Postponed.**

A telegram received yesterday morning by the clerk of the United States court of private land claims from Chief Justice Joseph R. Reed of the court, announces that the session of the court which was to have convened on Tuesday, the 16th inst., has been postponed until Tuesday, the 23d inst., at which time the session will open at the court's chambers in the federal building in Santa Fe.

**Survey Approved.**  
The survey of the Whale group of lode mining claims by United States Deputy Mineral Surveyor Duane Wheeler of Tusas, has been approved at the office of the surveyor general. The claims are the Royal Copper Mining and Milling company of Pueblo, Colo., and the group comprises the Whale and Whale No. 1 lodes, situated in the Bromide mining district in Rio Arriba county.

**Postoffice Established.**  
A postoffice has been established at Analia, Lincoln county. It is about half way between Pico and Hondo.

**Deputies Appointed.**  
Page B. Otero, territorial fish and game warden, reports the appointment of the following deputies: Jose O. Rivera, Willis; Epifanio Gonzales, Maxwell City; Pablo Golzanes, Willis, all for San Miguel county.

**Territorial Funds.**  
The following territorial funds have been received at the office of Territorial Treasurer J. H. Vaughan: From George W. Knaebel, collector and ex-officio treasurer of Santa Fe county, taxes for 1902, \$408; from John C. Spears, treasurer of McKinley county, taxes for 1902, \$332.90; Ramon Sanchez, collector and ex-officio treasurer of McKinley county, \$306.52.

The following territorial funds have been received at the office of Territorial Treasurer J. H. Vaughan: From John C. Plemmons, collector and ex-officio treasurer of Sierra county, \$3,088.81, taxes of 1902.  
**Appointment of Postmaster at Taos.**  
Clerk of the Supreme Court J. D. Sena yesterday received information from Washington to the effect that Delegate B. S. Rodey had recommended Alphonso Clouthier of Taos for the appointment as postmaster of that town to succeed M. M. Kahn, resigned. There was a spirited contest over the appointment, the other candidates being Willis E. Sower, Mrs. Sheek and Mrs. Manuela Martinez. The appointment was made yesterday, according to a dispatch to The Citizen. Mr.

Clouthier was strongly endorsed; Mr. Sower also had good endorsements.

**Land Office.**  
The following homestead entry was made: Andrew P. Simer, Dulce, 40 acres in Rio Arriba county.

**Agent Designated.**  
The Otto Mining and Milling company, a corporation with a capital stock of \$100,000, whose principal office is situated at Manistee, Mich., has filed a certificate with the territorial secretary designating Tres Piedras as the company's principal place of business in this territory, and Frank Bolton of that town as the agent in the territory.

**Game Laws Commended.**  
Page B. Otero, fish and game warden of this territory, is in receipt of a communication from G. O. Shields of New York City, president of the League of American Sportsman, in which complimentary comment is made on the game laws of the territory. This organization has many of the leading men of the nation as members. President Theodore Roosevelt being among the members. There are thirty-nine members in New Mexico, including Governor Otero. The object is to endeavor to preserve and protect wild game, and now that the New Mexico laws are such that the game is better protected an effort will be made to extend the order in New Mexico.

**Santa Fe County Collections.**  
Col. G. W. Knaebel, collector and ex-officio treasurer of this county, has made the following collections for the month of May, 1903, and has turned the amounts over to the proper treasurers: On account of the territory and paid to the territorial treasurer, \$408; on account of the city of Santa Fe and paid to the treasurer, \$201.31; city school taxes and gambling licenses, paid to the city treasurer on account Cerrillos, \$3.28; Madrid, school district No. 27, gambling licenses for district school fund, \$122.67; county of Santa Fe, various funds, \$870.15; total, \$1,729.03.

#### GENTLE, SOAKING SHOWERS.

#### They Have Come the Past Week—Very Backward Spring.

The New Mexico section of the weather bureau in issuing its weekly bulletin of collections from various correspondents, summarizes the climate and crop situation as follows: "A cloudy, showery week with higher temperature but night still cool for the season. The rains have come as gentle, soaking showers, and as a rule have been of the greatest possible benefit for the amount. The nights remain cool and crops are still somewhat backward, but with warmer weather a most decided improvement should be noted in a few days. The prairies which, in many sections, especially in the northeast, were almost as brown and bare as in winter already show the effects of the more favorable conditions and are beginning to look green. Cattle will show a decided improvement now that the grass is started. Owing to the cool weather corn is backward, but other crops are fairly well along. First alfalfa is being cut as far north as Albuquerque. The prospects are for a light crop of apples, peaches, cherries and apricots, many orchards of the colder valleys having none. Lambing is about finished in the more northern camps; reports indicate a very fair yield of lambs."

#### LIVE STOCK SHIPPED.

#### Canadian Buyers Made Business Brick at This Port.

Dr. A. T. Bray, the animal inspector at this federal port, has prepared his monthly report for May, says the El Paso News. It shows that the movement of cattle and horses, both domestic and foreign, was greater than at any similar period for the last several years.  
The Mexican cattle importations for the month aggregate 17,115, and those of horses and mules, 662, the greater portion of both being shipped to Canadian ranches.  
In domestic cattle movements the largest shipment reported was from

Van Horn to Whitewood, S. D., when 1,490 cattle were shipped. Other large shipments of the month were 1,008 cattle from Alpina to Imperial, Neb.; 866 from Longfellow to this city; 1,052 cattle from Toyah to El Paso; 243 horses from Deming to Texarkana; 327 cattle from Alpine to Globe Creek, Wyo.; 255 horses from Globe, Ariz., to Kansas City; 263 sheep from Kansas City to El Paso.

It is estimated that about 7,000 cattle, 2,000 horses and 1,000 sheep were handled locally by the railroads, traveling from different portions of Texas, Arizona and New Mexico to the east and north.

#### SILVER CITY REFUSE FRANCHISE.

To J. L. Burnside, Who Said He Wanted to Build Telephone Line to Deming.

The city council of Silver City voted to refuse to grant John L. Burnside a franchise to construct a telephone line into Silver City from Deming. It is understood that the granting of this franchise by the council meant the entrance of the Pacific Telephone into Silver City, and if such is the case it is thought by many that the franchise should have been granted. The Grant County Telephone company opposed the granting of the franchise as infringing upon their rights.

At the present time there are many miles of telephone lines in Grant county and if the line could have been constructed from Silver City to Deming, a distance of nearly fifty miles, it would have been a great convenience to both cities.

Col. Richard Hudson, of Deming, a member of Carleton post, G. A. R., of Santa Fe, has written friends there that he expects to attend the annual encampment in San Francisco in August. He urges that a large delegation from Carleton post attend. He came to this territory with General Carleton's command and has been a resident of New Mexico since.

#### CAMP IN SANTA FE CANYON.

To Be Established This Week and Work on the Road to Commence at Once.

On account of the continuous rain, which prevailed at Santa Fe during the past week, it was impracticable for the penitentiary authorities to establish the camp for the detachment of convicts which is to work on the "Scenic Route" road in the Santa Fe canyon. Everything, however, is prepared and tents have been secured for that purpose and the camp will be established today or tomorrow, the weather permitting, and a detachment of twenty-five convicts will be set to work on the construction of the road at once. Three or four guards will be placed in charge and the prisoner will be carefully selected and only such as have proven themselves of exemplary conduct will be placed in the detachment.

Arthur Peterson, formerly time keeper at the local shops, but now a Kansas City, is here visiting his family. The wee member of the family an eight-month boy, arrived at the home, 522 North Second street, yesterday. All concerned are reported to doing nicely. Mr. Peterson was in excellent spirits when seen on the streets last night.

#### SANTA FE CENTRAL.

#### Train for the New Road Passes Through This City.

Albuquerque people who were at the depot yesterday morning had a chance to see the first Santa Fe Central train. It came 'n here from Torrance by the way of El Paso and was bound for Kennedy.

The train consisted of an engine, Santa Fe Central No. 3, with three flat cars and a coach. The engine was under steam and the train was running with a full crew of Santa Fe Central men. They reported the track laying is going on from Torrance end in spite of the recent heavy rains. Rails are being laid by hand out of Kennedy, and the track has now reached a stage where it is necessary to have an engine to haul the steel and supplies out to the front.

The Santa Fe Central has now four engines. Three are being used at Torrance. Five more engines are now being built at Pittsburg, and will be here the last of this year.

The track laying gang reached Moriarty Saturday noon, and there was great celebration by the citizens. Moriarty is the place at which the Albuquerque Eastern will connect with the Santa Fe Central.

It has not been possible to get a full force of men together to work the track laying machine. A full crew of the work is 120 men and eighty-five, the greatest number that the Central has ever been able to get together.

Attorney Edward Habbitt, a member of the firm of Habbitt Bros., merchants, with stores at Flagstaff and Winslow, Ariz., passed through the city en route to his home at Cincinnati, O., after a visit of six weeks duration with his brothers at Flagstaff.



## HOPE FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

BY AN OBSERVER

### Special Correspondence.

Deming, N. M., June 10.—The national colony and sanitarium for consumptives, located in southwestern New Mexico; climatic conditions unsurpassed; an inspiration to the healthy, a haven for the sick.

The average winter day—crispy, cool mornings and evenings, balmy at noon, and proverbially cool nights. Glorious weather to walk in, to ride in, to work in, sleep in and to play in.

There are very few days when children and invalids may not be out in perfect safety and enjoyment. The spring and fall days are perfect, an unbroken combination of cool breezes and warm suns. The summers never know a warm night, and the very air is fragrantly clear and tonic.

Blessed with sunshine, pure air and pure water, a combination that gives life, routs disease, nourishes hope, warms the soul and lifts up the heart. Year after year, we have eleven sunny days to one cloudy day; while in the eastern cities and in the east generally, the sunny days are fewer than the gray ones. This means clear skies, brilliant and intoxicating, with dazlingly bright stars not often seen in damp climates. The dryness of the atmosphere gives the air by night and day, a sparkle that is like the bead on champagne, and the little, soft, cool showers generally come to cool the air and make sleep refreshing and restful.

### The Climate a Sanctuary.

To the well the climate is an inspiration; it doubles the value of life; there is no excuse for not doing one's best. Psychologists say that more murders, suicides, and crimes of all sorts are committed on gray days, in damp, gloomy weather, than on bright days; gray weather is for despondency, discouragement and uncharitableness, if these be in a person. To the sick this climate is a haven, a sanctuary. As in the days of old the church was a refuge where the pursued, the weak, the helpless could flee for sanctuary, and be, for a time at least, safe from the evil that threatened, so Deming is a sanctuary for the sick who sometimes shake off their pursuer—death—and always have some respite at least from his pursuit. Every one is better here; the majority get entirely well, and even those at death's doors have a pause before they must cross the dreaded threshold; the very air helps to destroy the germs of consumption, and if a consumptive has any hope, he can usually expand it into life here.

Our bad weather is not very bad at the worst—an occasional storm is mean and we do not like it, but after it is over and the sand is brushed and washed and combed out, it is to be remembered that sleet, slush and cold, driving rains are far worse, worse to endure, do more destruction and are more fatal to health. There is no pneumonia, no grip, no fever and ague, no rheumatism in a sand storm, but it is a simple pure aggravation.

### Comfortable in Summer.

Almost all strangers to Deming will ask, "But is it not very hot there in the summer time, and are the winters warm?" because it is so far south people who do not know attribute it to the climate of the southern lowlands, with oppressive heat, when the fact is that it is on the highlands, and the great altitude, 4,300 feet, modifies the temperature so that it has all the benefits of a southern climate, with none of the ill effects of malaria and other debilitating influences, and all the energizing ozone of the highlands without the severity of climate of the highlands of the north.

In a low, damp climate the damp air acts like a blanket, and the hot summers are deadly, the winters bitter and merciless. The humidity kills. In Deming the thermometer may range much higher, but, owing to the altitude, and absolute clearness of the air, the heat is not oppressive. In New York and other cities of the east, and further north, in midsummer we read of men and beasts perishing from the heat, while here, with the higher temperature, no one ever succumbs to the heat, even in midday on the streets. From 11 o'clock until 4 in midsummer is very warm in the sun, but the shade is always cool, and there are always little refreshing breezes, so that one can comfortably cool off and enjoy life.

It is the lack of humidity that makes the midsummers not only tolerable, but delightful. One never sweats and stifles and gasps for breath, even in the blazing noons of the hottest June days. It is a simple scientific fact, that the sun's rays do not warm the air through which they pass. This is easily proved by the fact that the higher aeronautes go the cooler the atmosphere. The sun's heat goes through dry air as it does through a glass window without heating it. But when the air is damp and heavy with vapor the sun heats the moisture, and each drop becomes a little radiating mass of heat. The vapor thus heated

forms a heavy upper blanket and the earth, which also holds the heat of the sun, is below, and so the dweller in damp climates is in the hot days stifled between the two, and must gasp and gasp, and often perish for breath. There being no moisture in the air here, there is no upper blanket of heat to stifle the laborer when he goes about his daily toil in midsummer.

### Old Sol's Antiseptics.

Besides tempering the heat of the sun and making the temperature so delightful, the dryness of the air makes the country clean and sweet and healthful. The sun, the dryness and the winds together keep the country thoroughly disinfected. A disease germ or any uncleanness is soon disposed of. Meat may be cut and hung in the air and it will simply dry and harden—never spoil or gather to itself myriads of germs, of rot and uncleanness and disease. An animal left dead on the plains is seldom offensive in odor. It simply dries up without offense to the nostrils.

Disease germs usually live and have their being in moisture; the dry air dries up their favorite medium, and materially lessens their chance of harm. The sun's rays lighting upon a moist disease germ, will, in drying up the moisture, create a little peroxide of hydrogen, and peroxide of hydrogen, being one of the finest disinfectants known to science, the disease germ has to die. This little chemical performance is nevertheless a great boon to the world, where the sun shines so freely. The sun is everywhere a cleaner and purifier, but here, where he shines every day, and his rays strike directly, he does more of it than elsewhere. Where man is careless, the sun, the winds and dry air all together do much to save him from the punishment of his own carelessness and help to keep this country clean and healthful. Hence it can readily be seen why the national colony and sanitarium for consumptives has been located here. The location is endorsed by the government, and the fact that this is a purely benevolent association does away with any suspicion which may arise as to any object of speculation or profit to the founders, and the whole plan is so thoroughly safeguarded that it will be impossible for any official to misappropriate the funds of the association. The high character of the board of managers and officers of the association is a full guarantee that every dollar contributed will be applied to carry out the humane objects for which the institution is organized.

### REACHED MORIARTY.

Tracklaying on the Santa Fe Central Passed That Point at Noon Saturday.

General Manager W. S. Hopewell at 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon received the gratifying intelligence that the railroad track of the Santa Fe Central was completed to Moriarty at noon that day, and that this occurrence was celebrated by the citizens of that town and by the track laying gang with bonfires, firing off guns and pistols and other evidences of joy and hilarity. The weather commenced to clear up out there Saturday morning and was good enough to allow work on the track. The tracklaying machine is keeping right along putting down track and steel rails and worked all day yesterday.

Frank Ackerman, attorney, who was at Chicago on some important matters, has returned to the city.

## THE CLIFTON DISASTER.

Thirty-One Lives Lost in the Cloudburst and Clifton.

### GREAT DAMAGE TO PROPERTY.

A special dispatch from Clifton to the El Paso Herald, dated June 11, says:

Twelve bodies of flood victims have been recovered, but the death list is generally placed at thirty-one.

Many of the bodies will never be recovered, although hundreds of men are engaged in the search.

The rush of waters bore most of the bodies from Chase creek into the San Francisco river. So fierce is the current that the bodies will be carried far down the stream or will be covered by silt and wreckage.

Harrowing tales of death are brought in by people living along Chase creek.

One man reports that he counted twelve people struggling in the water and believes that all of them were lost.

One Mexican woman lost five children who were swept away with the wreckage of her hut. None of the bodies have been recovered.

Every able bodied man has been pressed into service to clear away the wreckage in the hopes that the bodies of the missing may be recovered. Hundreds are at work around the mouth of the creek, where the greatest damage was done.

The baby guage road running to Metcalf was almost wholly washed away in many places. It will be two or three weeks before it can be operated. All the idle men can find work on construction forces, which may help to avert trouble.

First estimates as to the amount of damage done to company property are far below the actual facts revealed as the waters subside.

### District Court.

The case of E. A. Tegen vs. the Bluewater Land and Irrigation company, which has been occupying the district court and a jury all the week, went to the jury this afternoon. The arguments were all in before adjournment this morning, and Judge Baker charged the jury on the opening of the court this afternoon.

The case of William Farr vs. the Catholic Sanitary Board is being taken up.

## SESSIONS CLOSED.

Sunday School Association Adjourns After Good Meeting at Santa Fe.

### COMMITTEES AND NEW OFFICERS.

The convention of the New Mexico Sunday School Association closed its session at Santa Fe Thursday evening. Wednesday afternoon the devotional exercises were led by Rev. R. A. N. Wilson, after which Mrs. J. Woodbridge Barnes delivered an address on "Childhood, Its Possibilities and Limitations." The address was exceptionally fine and Mrs. Barnes has proved herself to be a host in herself. The following committees were appointed:

On nomination: Professor J. A. Wood, Mrs. M. C. Berger, Mrs. George Kinsell and W. J. McPherson, all of Santa Fe.

To draft a constitution: F. W. Spencer of Albuquerque; S. W. Clark of Paton; Professor J. A. Wood of Santa Fe, with Mrs. Barnes and Rev. R. A. N. Wilson to assist.

Resolutions: Rev. A. C. Geyer of Las Vegas, S. W. Clark of Paton, and F. W. Spencer of Albuquerque.

Finance: Judge John R. McPhee, Rev. W. A. Cooper, and F. E. Dunlavy, all of Santa Fe.

The treasurer was absent and did not send a written report. The annual report of F. W. Spencer of Albuquerque, secretary, was submitted.

The report shows that in 1902 there were ninety-seven Sunday schools established in New Mexico, divided as follows: Baptist, 16, Congregational, six, Episcopal nine, Presbyterian 31, Methodist Episcopal thirteen, Methodist South nineteen, Union three.

Those that reported to the secretary in 1902 numbered fifty-seven as follows: Baptist five, Congregational two, Episcopal five, Presbyterian twenty-four, Methodist ten, Methodist South, eight, Lutheran one, Union three. Those that reported to the secretary for this year number forty-eight and are as follows:

Baptist five, Congregational four, Episcopal three, Presbyterian twenty, Methodist South five, Union five. The new schools number fourteen and are Baptist three, Congregational two, Presbyterian four, Methodist one, Union four. The membership last year was as follows: Baptist 192, Congregational 187, Episcopal 243, Presbyterian 1,375, Methodist 1,094, Methodist South 484, Union 166, or a total of 4,941. This year the membership is 5,238, an increase of 1,197, and is divided as follows: Baptist 606, Congregational 342, Episcopal 265, Presbyterian 1,696, Methodist 1,121, Methodist (south) 619, Union 697. The average attendance last year was 2,562 and this year 3,593, an increase of 1,041. The attendance is divided as follows: Baptist 380, Congregational 202, Episcopal 178, Presbyterian 1,082, Methodist 701, Methodist (south) 479, Union 571. Thirteen schools have separate rooms for the primary department, thirteen are observing decision day, two, the Methodist at Las Vegas and the Presbyterian at Silver City, have home departments. In the former fifty-five are enrolled and in the latter sixty. Eight hold teachers' meetings. It is estimated there are 111 schools in the territory now.

Bernalillo county has been organized with J. W. Morning as president, C. H. Appleton as vice president, and J. A. Hammond as secretary. Santa Fe county has organized with W. H. Kennedy as president, J. A. Wood as vice president, W. J. McPherson as secretary and C. L. Bishop as treasurer. Vice presidents selected for the territorial association are J. G. McNary of Las Vegas, R. H. Carter of Raton, J. M. Reid of Roswell, and D. J. Aber of Tucumcari.

Albuquerque is the only applicant for the next meeting, but the selection of the place will be made by the executive committee.

Wednesday evening the devotional exercises were led by Rev. A. C. Geyer of Las Vegas. The principal address of the evening was by Rev. R. A. N. Wilson on "Sunday School Teaching as a Life Work" and also on "The Home Department." The subjects were handled in a masterly manner and to the thorough enjoyment of all present.

In the business session the constitution submitted was adopted and the following officers, as reported by the nominating committee, were elected: President—Judge John R. McPhee of Santa Fe.

Vice President—S. E. Leeman of Raton.

Secretary—F. W. Spencer of Albuquerque.

Treasurer—C. H. Appleton of Albuquerque.

Chairman of the Executive Committee—W. J. McPherson of Santa Fe.

Judge John R. McPhee accepted the presidency in a brief speech in which he referred to Mrs. Barnes and Rev. R. A. N. Wilson as "the dynamo."

Thursday morning at 10 o'clock, Mrs.

Barnes conducted an institute especially for teachers.

Thursday afternoon the first address was by Rev. R. A. N. Wilson on "Planning for Definite Results." The address was a masterly one and full of excellent suggestions and ideas. At 4 o'clock Thursday afternoon Mrs. Barnes took a class of children and taught them as a model for teachers to observe.

### THE CHICAGO TAYLOR.

A Veteran Printing Press Goes to the Mesilla Valley.

When Capt. L. Lapoint, editor and proprietor of the Las Cruces Citizen was here the other day, he was told that The Citizen had a crackerjack in the way of a cylinder power printing press for sale. Captain Lapoint promptly agreed to purchase same at our figures, and the press was taken down, boxed and loaded into a box car at the local depot Saturday afternoon.

It has no doubt ere this reached its destination in the Mesilla valley, and if Capt. Lapoint gets a good pressman to put it up he will have a press that will last him for many years to come.

This "Chicago Taylor" drum cylinder has a wonderful history, and beats all the improved machinery manufactured. It was the first cylinder press used in printing the Rocky Mountain News years ago; was humped into the Platte river; dug out of the river and shipped to Las Vegas where for years it dispensed news through the columns of the Gazette, and was then shipped to this city, being in use at The Citizen once up to the time it was supplanted by a two-revolution Cottrell press.

The captain will find the Chicago Taylor a faithful old press, capable of running off a thousand papers an hour, and plenty large enough for the conditions for many future years. It is a press that never balks nor refuses to work, except when its owner fails to pay the pressman and printer—then it gets on a high horse, and only a little oil and sweet persuasion will make it work. Get a pressman, with the aid of a machinist, to put it up, captain, and you will have a gem of a press in your office.

The San Bernardino Sun says: Frank Peterson, who is in the employ of the Santa Fe in Albuquerque, arrived on the overland yesterday morning and will spend several days here visiting with Frank Smithers of the local coach department. From here he will go to Los Angeles, where he will spend a week before leaving for home. He comes west on a vacation made necessary on account of poor health.

### MINING REVIVAL.

Golden District Showing Signs of Renewed Activity.

### GOOD MINERAL DEPOSITS.

There is a decided revival of interest in the gold camps of the Golden mining district. Some fine specimens of gold bearing ores have been shown in this city the past week, said to have been taken from mines there and this is a very good sign of renewed activity in the near future.

A five ounce piece of gold bearing rock, taken out from the old Las Vegas mine were shown here the other day. The fissures of the sample were filled with a foil of gold. The piece contained about two ounces of gold (\$40) and the owner stated that it came from a well defined lead about two inches in thickness. No work is being done on the Las Vegas mine at present.

E. B. Ryckman, a prominent solicitor and barrister of Toronto, Canada, representing and interested in the Baird Mining company, which company controls 180 acres or nine placer claims three miles from Golden, claims same to be quite productive of the yellow dust, visited the properties this week. He was accompanied by George H. Doran, vice president of the Fleming H. Revell company, publishers, of Chicago. They were in Albuquerque Monday and left Tuesday morning going through Tijeras canyon for Golden, returning to the railroad at Cerrillos on Thursday night, after being out in the rain three days. Mr. Ryckman's visit here at this time was occasioned by some alleged crooked work by W. S. Rishworth, who, until his departure for Old Mexico, was in charge of the Baird Mining company's properties in New Mexico. Mr. Doran, so Mr. Ryckman stated, was just out on a little pleasure trip. But Mr. Ryckman is not sorry on account of the trip and the few days of wet weather he experienced, although it was very disagreeable, to say the least. In fact, he stated to a representative of The Citizen that he was glad he came and was much gratified by what he saw out at Golden. He believes the Baird company's properties to be rich and will have work begun on them within the next six weeks. The Baird company have machinery with which they expect to extract the gold from the sand.

## Railroad Topics

The railroad to Bland should be built. Although mining matters have been rather quiet in the Cochiti the past two years, yet large and valuable ore bodies exist in the district and need but railroad facilities to give employment to several hundred men or more.

Ryenere Van Sickle, said to have been the oldest living railroad engineer in the country, died in the almshouse at Winnebago county, Illinois, last week, aged 96. He was a graduate of Princeton university, and in 1854 ran an engine on the old Borden town & Trenton railway.

The case of Maria Snyder vs. the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad company for the death of her daughter, caused by being struck by one of the railroad company's trains near Hot Springs, N. M., has been decided in favor of the company, the court holding that the deceased was a trespasser upon the company's property at the time of her death.—El Paso News.

George De Long and wife left this morning for California. Mr. De Long is a machinist in the local Santa Fe Pacific shops and is suffering a slight illness from overwork. They will be on the coast a month and Mr. De Long hopes to recuperate in health.

Dr. W. E. Haldus, surgeon for B. Lantry Sons, on the Santa Fe cut off, was in the city yesterday and returned to Helen last night.

It is authoritatively denied that the directors of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe road intend to authorize the issue of additional bonds in the near future.

The line of the Phoenix & Eastern, between Phoenix and Mesa City, a distance of about twenty miles, has just been opened to passenger and freight traffic.

The freight handlers' strike is settled for the time being at least by the flood, at Kansas City. The men have decided by an overwhelming majority to waive the question of wages and return to work.

The back shop force is doing good work these days. Seldom a day passes but from one to three engines are turned out after being repaired and overhauled. Nos. 805, 663 and 758 were the harvest yesterday.

B. W. Robins, general freight and passenger agent of the Santa Fe Central railway, left for a few days' visit to Denver, Colo., on business connected with his position.

A. C. Hobart, formerly superintendent of the Guadalupe division of the Central, has been appointed superintendent of the San Luis division of the same road, in the place of C. O. Wheeler, who has resigned. Change will be effective June 10.

With the expiration of the present contract by which the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railroad leases the Des Moines & Fort Dodge, the intimate relations between these two properties will cease. The present lease expires in two years. Edwin S. Hawley and a party of capitalists, it has recently developed, have secured control of the property.

### SEVERE RAIN STORMS.

Delay Construction Work on the Santa Fe Central.

Telegraphic advices to General Manager W. S. Hopewell, of the Santa Fe Central, state that at the close of work Wednesday evening the tracklaying machine and gang were one mile and one-third of a mile south of Moriarty. Four thousand six hundred feet of track were put down Wednesday, but work was very much delayed by a very heavy rain storm, which lasted all that afternoon. It rained during Wednesday night and was raining on the Estancia plains Thursday. A great deal of water has come down during the past week, and in many places the Estancia plains are covered with water from one to two feet deep. If the rain ceased tracklaying was resumed and Moriarty station should have been reached some time Thursday. The rainfall on Estancia plains during the present month has been unprecedented and a vast amount of rain has fallen during the entire past week.

Much difficulty has been experienced in doing track work, but every available chance for work has been taken advantage of and utilized.

### MANY NEW ENGINES.

Santa Fe Figures in the Recent Locomotive Bookings.

The Wabash has placed an order for twelve simple locomotives for September delivery. They will weigh 170,000 pounds each, with 90,000 pounds on the drivers and will have cylinders 21 by 26 inches.

The Mexican International has ordered five simple locomotives for delivery this month and in October. They will weigh 190,000 pounds, with 170,000 pounds in the drivers.

The El Paso & Southwestern has placed orders for four simple "Pac-

fic" three simple consolidated and two simple decapod locomotives.

The Santa Fe and Chicago & North-western are each having 226 locomotives built at the Baldwin works.

### LAYING EIGHTY POUND RAILS.

Southern Pacific Railway Figuring on a Thirty-Five Mile Schedule West of El Paso.

There is 150 miles of eighty pound steel rails being laid on the Los Angeles division of the Southern Pacific, in place of the sixty pound rails. This is in view of making faster time and engineers are expected to pull at the rate of thirty-five miles an hour.

In line with the above, Superintendent C. C. Stroufe said to the El Paso News:

"The Tucson division has just completed laying thirty-five miles of new eighty pound rails, replacing the sixty-two pound ones between Adonde and Yuma and we are receiving eighty pound rails, all new, to replace eight miles of sixty-two pound rails between Sylbi and Dragon, in the Dragon mountains.

"This work will be done within the next thirty days and then the Tucson division will be equipped with heavy rails from Yuma to Lisbon, a station in New Mexico, ten miles east of Lordsburg. This will be a continuous stretch of heavy rails 426 miles from Yuma.

"There will remain 124 miles of sixty-two pound rails between Lisbon and El Paso, which will come out next year.

"We don't consider this work as any special feature for faster time, but of course it will enable us to make faster schedules, if found necessary.

"We consider it in line with President Harriman's policy to replace all light rails with heavier rails and his general policy of betterment to place all of the Harriman lines in first class condition to handle the increased volume of both passenger and freight business, in the safest and most economical manner to meet competition, as well as to render the best possible service to our patrons."

### RAILROAD CHANGES.

Auditor of Disbursements to Be J. W. White.

Further particulars regarding the probable appointment of J. W. White to the position of auditor of disbursements of the Santa Fe to succeed the late I. S. Lauek have been given out at the general offices, says the Topeka State Journal.

Mr. White is to come here from Los Angeles, Cal., where he has had his headquarters as auditor of the Santa Fe coast lines.

Mr. White is said to be just the man for the place on account of his being thoroughly familiar with the work. He was employed in the office of the auditor of disbursements for a good many years and at the time he left here to accept the position of auditor of the Santa Fe coast lines he was chief clerk to Mr. Lauek.

It is stated that A. S. Jennings, now auditor of the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe railroad, is to succeed Mr. White as auditor of the coast lines and J. E. Baxter, now auditor of the Gulf, Beaumont & Kansas City lines, is to succeed Jennings.

There is a rumor being circulated at the general offices to the effect that C. J. Webb, Chicago, is to be made auditor of the G. B. & K. C. to succeed Mr. Baxter. Mr. Webb is well known in Topeka. He left the position of chief clerk to the division superintendent of the Santa Fe at this point to go to Chicago where he is now employed in the office of President Ripley. This was about two years ago. Mr. Webb is a prominent Mason and at the time he left Topeka was grand master of that lodge.

Thursday evening the last session of the convention was held. It opened at 8 o'clock and the first address was by Rev. A. C. Geyer of Las Vegas, on "The Child for Christ." At 9 o'clock S. W. Clark of Raton spoke on "Sabbath Desecration." The convention then closed by informal handshaking and farewells.

### FINGERS CRUSHED.

Margarito Romero Painfully Injured While Riding in a Hack.

Margarito Romero of Las Vegas was painfully injured the other day. He was riding from the Montezuma hotel to the depot in the hotel hack and his hand was resting on the open window. A sudden jolt of the vehicle caused the window to become loosened from its fastenings and it fell on his fingers, tearing the flesh of two fingers to the bone, and making an ugly wound.

The Phoenix & Eastern road, now building from Phoenix to Benson, will burn oil in its engines. Oil fuel costs about \$5 per ton laid down in Phoenix. One ton of oil equals three tons of coal for heating purposes.



OFFICIAL MATTERS.

Governor Otero yesterday appointed the following notary public: Bonifacio J. Baca, Lincoln, for Lincoln county.

Postoffice Notes.

A postoffice has been established at Puerto Rico, Socorro county, to be served from Hurley. The railway mail service between French and Dawson in Colfax county, has been discontinued.

Territorial Funds.

The following territorial funds have been received at the office of Territorial Treasurer J. H. Vaughn: From Leopoldo Sanchez, collector and ex-officio treasurer of Leonard Wood county, \$1,060.85, taxes for 1902; from L. N. Jackson, collector and ex-officio treasurer of Otero county, \$3,675.32, taxes for 1902; from Jose M. Gonzales, collector and ex-officio treasurer of Union county, \$765.71, taxes for 1902.

Deputies Appointed.

Page B. Dier, territorial fish and game warden, yesterday appointed the following deputies: Leopoldo Sanchez, R. K. Wade, Cooney; Thomas W. Hanna, Georgetown; John Korr, Joseph; W. B. Warden, Graham; George F. Williams, Alma; Thomas F. Mengher, Jr., Silver City; Eugene E. Higgins, Georgetown; for the Gila Forest reserve. They are authorized to act in the counties of Sierra, Grant, Lincoln and Socorro. Frederick Whitney, Dawson; E. G. Twitty, Cimarron, for Colfax county; A. D. Baca, San Marcial, for Socorro county.

Placed Under Bond.

Page B. Otero, territorial fish and game warden, has received notice that Marguerito Romero, who was arrested in San Miguel county on a charge of violating Section 7 of the fish and game laws of 1903, had been bound over at Las Vegas, Saturday, by Justice Wooster, to await the action of the territorial grand jury for San Miguel county. Section 7 provides that any person who allows sawdust to get into a running stream is liable to a term of not less than six months nor more than one year in prison. Romero is charged with allowing sawdust from his sawmill to blow into the Gallinas river. He is out on bond.

Meeting of the Territorial Land Board.

The monthly meeting of the territorial land board was held at its office in the capitol. There were present Governor Otero, president of the board, and Solicitor General Bartlett, a member of it. The third member and secretary of the board, Land Commissioner A. A. Keen, was absent on account of illness. The board approved a number of land selections recommended by the irrigation commission of the territory, in several parts of the territory and amounting to 202,000 acres of land. A decision from the secretary of the interior to the effect that the lands to be selected in lieu of territorial lands lost in school sections and other territorial selections for various causes, could only be located in the same township in which the original school section or other selection was originally located, was read and spread upon the records. The secretary of the interior also holds that it would take an act of congress to allow the territory to select the public lands in New Mexico. Such such indemnity lands at large from an act was passed for Utah, while it was a territory, and is believed can be obtained for New Mexico. The secretary was instructed to inform all applicants for leases or purchasers of such indemnity lands accordingly.

School Apportionment.

The following apportionment of the money on hand in the common school income fund on May 7 has been made by Colonel J. Frank Chavez, territorial superintendent of public instruction:

Bernalillo	\$2,159.45
Chaves	424.55
Colfax	1,080.45
Dona Ana	1,347.85
Eddy	430.50
Grant	1,410.80
Lincoln	695.10
Leonard Wood	500.55
Luna	272.50
McKinley	242.55
Mora	1,401.75
Otero	731.15
Quay	196.95
Roosevelt	249.20
Rio Arriba	1,266.30
San Juan	471.10
San Miguel	1,961.75
Santa Fe	2,051.70
Sandoval	916.20
Sierra	393.40
Socorro	945.35
Taos	1,395.85
Union	612.85
Valencia	1,171.45
Total	\$31,874.45

Boys Did Not Run Away.

Willie Wilson, the 12-year-old son of Mrs. G. E. Wilson, and Herman Fleming, the 14-year-old son of the South First street grocery, did not run away from home yesterday afternoon, as was reported in the morning paper. The youngsters had heard so much about raging waters above this city

that they thought they would go up and see the sights. They got into a box car, thinking that, as they had heard that the bridges were down they couldn't go any farther than where they wanted to go.

When they arrived at the place the train didn't stop, but at Bernalillo they were glad to get off. They arrived home this morning and have no desire to leave their good homes or parents.

SAN MARCIAL FLOODED.

Levee Breaks and Water Does Damage to Town.

Special to The Citizen.

San Marcial, June 17.—The expected rise in the river reached us last night. At 8 o'clock the levee west of town broke and water, backing up, caused considerable excitement. In a short time men were working to shut off the water, but to no good, and the same was given up about 2:00 a. m., and they commenced raising another levee ahead of the water. Several old town land owners was found to be at a heavy loss. At 1 o'clock today there is a loss to crops where the water touched.

Deserves Credit.

Frank A. Hubbell went to the Alameda dyke yesterday morning and promptly cut the acequia embankment that was holding the waters against the dyke. This was prevented the day before by the people living along the acequia. With a revolver in hand, Hubbell waded out to the acequia embankment and with a force of men cut the bank and turned the current back into the river.

ENTERTAINS.

Miss Rodey Entertains in Honor of Miss Davenport, of Richmond, Va.

Miss Helen Rodey, daughter of Hon. and Mrs. Bernard S. Rodey, entertained last evening at the Rodey residence in honor of Miss Davenport, of Richmond, Va., who is a schoolmate of hers in Washington and who is her guest for the summer.

The evening was one of pleasure to all. Dancing was indulged in and refreshments served. On Saturday Miss Ada Campbell will give a picnic at Bear canyon in honor of Miss Davenport.

The guests last evening were: Misses Davenport, Kunz, Fox, Dobson, Campbell, Telfer, Messrs. Bearrup, Pratt, Anderson, Field, White and Strong.

The Citizen First.

A prominent merchant told The Citizen representative this morning that he uses various methods of advertising, but nothing else since his space in The Citizen has been contracted for. No other medium brings such large returns, he said, considering the result, and it is by all odds the cheapest.

And why is this? Simply because The Citizen is read by the people. It is to be found in the office, in the store, on the cars—no place is denied it—and all this because it is a downright necessity. The person who tries to get along without it is certain to fall out of the procession. The newspaper brings buyer and seller together, and is thus entitled to hold first place in the matter of advertising.

BIG MINING SALE.

Cassino Group in Bald Mountain District Sold to Western Capitalists.

A mining sale which means much for this section was consummated last week, when J. C. Woodward disposed of a three-quarter interest in the Cassino group of mines to Los Angeles capitalists, represented by T. N. Stubbs. The claims are fourteen in number and a millsite and are situated in the Bald mountain district, about nine miles southeast of Silver City.

The purchase price was \$110,000, on which a substantial payment was made to Mr. Woodward. It is the intention of the new owners in connection with Mr. Woodward to at once commence extensive development work upon the property, and among the first improvements will be the erection of a mill for the treatment of the ores, and new roads. During his ownership of the mines Mr. Woodward has given careful attention to the best process for handling the ores and has arrived at a successful solution so that no time will be wasted in experiments. By roasting the ores can be handled by either amalgamation or cyaniding. The new management has already purchased considerable machinery from the Hearst estate for use in its operations.

The Cassino group has been operated for the past twenty years, and in recent years, under Mr. Woodward's management, has been a steady producer. Several thousand feet of development work has been done upon the claims. The ore is gold and silver—Silver City Independent.

F. L. Lanable, chief clerk in the superintendent's office of the Santa Fe at Winslow, is spending a short vacation in San Bernardino, Cal., where he was married to a young lady of that city on June 12. Mr. Spencer is acting clerk during his absence.

RAILROAD NOTES.

The delegates to the annual convention of the Train Dispatchers' association of America gathered at Nashville, Tenn., yesterday. They came from all parts of the United States and many of them were accompanied by their wives. At the opening session the delegates were welcomed on behalf of the city and the local railroad men, and after some formalities had been observed of the annual reports of the officers were taken up for discussion. The sessions will continue until Friday.

The El Paso & Southwestern has placed orders for four simple "Pacific" three simple consolidated and two simple detached locomotives.

The Santa Fe railway has over 1,000 extra men on its payroll just now repairing flood damages to the road in New Mexico.

BEAT THE ROCKEFELLERS.

Mexican Government Prevented Their Acquisition of Mexican National.

The Rockefeller are keenly interested in a statement expected from James Speyer & Co., which will make known the extent of the interest which the Mexican government has acquired in the Mexican National railroad. The time expires then for depositing voting trust certificates of the road with Speyer & Co.

The deal is regarded as a black eye for the Rockefeller interest, which was understood to control the Mexican Central road, the rival of the Mexican National. The trip of young John D. Rockefeller to Mexico some months ago was said to have been for the purpose of studying the question of consolidating the two lines.

MAY SUE AT HOME.

New Mexico Court Decides Residents Cannot Bring Suit in El Paso.

Final judgments have been rendered by the district court in suits which have been brought by the El Paso & Northeastern Railway company against George Richardson, of this town, and Ralph S. Connell, of Tulsa, Oklahoma, each of said persons from further maintaining their suits in El Paso, Texas.

The determination of these suits in the manner above indicated establishes an important principle, which is that a citizen of this territory has no right to go outside of the territory and maintain a suit against another citizen of the territory on account of personal injuries occurring in this territory.

It has been the custom heretofore for parties living in New Mexico and desiring to bring suits against corporations for damages for personal injuries, to go to El Paso, Texas, and institute such suits. This has worked a great hardship upon many of the industries of New Mexico, as the defendants in such suits were unable to take witnesses from New Mexico to Texas by any process of court, and were dependent entirely upon such witnesses going voluntarily.

The theory upon which these cases were decided is that it is unjust and oppressive to compel a man to go away from his own home to defend litigation which could as well be tried there.

The decision of the court in the above mentioned cases leaves the defendants free to prosecute their litigations in the territory of New Mexico, if they desire, but restrains them from carrying it on in the state of Texas.—Alamogordo News.

MEXICAN TARIFF.

New Ruling That Requires Payment of \$200 Per Ton on Powder.

Effective July 1 a number of new rates will be effective in the Mexican customs department, covering the duties on certain articles imported into Mexico. Among these is a change in the rates on powder. The new ruling provides that dynamite and industrial explosives entered through the custom houses of the republic, or manufactured in the territory of the republic, will pay \$200 per ton.

A change will also be made in the importation and internal taxes on alcoholic liquors and tobacco.

These changes are made necessary owing to the reduction in stamp taxes, which had been increased to meet the crises of 1893 and 1904, and which have just been reduced to their old standard.

ANOTHER RAILROAD.

New Line in Contemplation Which Will Pass Through Santa Rosa.

The Theo. Steger Co., a Missouri corporation, capitalized for \$10,000,000 is preparing for a preliminary survey of a line which will enter New Mexico from the east near the northern line of Quay county, where it will probably pass through Endee settlement, Santa Rosa, thence into Valencia, Lincoln and Socorro counties, and passing into Arizona near the San Francisco mountains. The western terminal will be some point on the southern California coast. A road along this proposed

route will open up a vast amount of fine agricultural land, timber land and stock country. It will also furnish a remarkably short cut off to the coast for some trans-continental line.—Santa Rosa Sun.

WILD MAN CAPTURED.

Long Haired Man Lassoed by Cowboy in the Huachuclas.

At the court house today there is a genuine wild man, who was captured last Saturday near Huachuca Siding by a cowboy who had to lasso the unfortunate. The demented creature had been seen in that vicinity upon several occasions, but being fleet of foot, parties who attempted to capture him were amazed at the rapidity with which he put distance between himself and would-be captors.

Of late a watch has been kept for the strange creature and Saturday evening he was seen in his occasional haunt by a cowboy who gave chase and succeeded in running him down so as to get a rope around him.

When captured he carried a few published bones with him and when questioned as to what use he would make of his harp, replied that he intended to make soap of them. He is a man of large build, has long shaggy hair and hair, and is without doubt crazy, although it is not thought he is of a vicious disposition. No one who has seen the wild man can identify him, nor is it known how long he has been in the Huachuca mountains. He will be examined as to his sanity and a proper disposition made of him.—Tombstone Prospector.

River at Las Cruces.

The river has fallen a foot at Las Cruces and the belief is that it will continue to fall.

The weather is clear and settled, with no indication whatever of rain. The river at that place rises and falls by spells. Yesterday it rose a foot in a few hours, and today has fallen a foot.

THAT SANTA FE DIVIDEND.

President Ripley Says It Will Not Be Curtailed or Passed.

The many rumors which have gone forth regarding the curtailment of dividends on Santa Fe common stock have caused a decided panic among smaller stockholders, and many of them have been induced to sell their holdings at a loss. President Ripley of the Santa Fe in a recent interview regarding the matter, said:

"It is no part of my business to attempt to influence the stock market, but I do not like to feel that bona fide holders of our stock for investment are being induced to sell at a sacrifice because of these absurd stories about passing or reducing dividends. The dividends on common is not due until October 1, and the matter will not come before the directors until August. No man can tell what will happen between now and that time, but there is no more reason to anticipate a change in the dividend rate today than there was a year ago today. The subject has not been under discussion in the board because there has been no occasion for such discussion and nothing in the conditions to make it necessary."

A Boycott Declared.

A Chicago dispatch states that the order of Railroad Telegraphers has declared a boycott against the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe road, a circular letter, signed by the president and grand secretary of the order having been received by the ticket agents of all the roads centering in Chicago. The letter asks the ticket agents, when routing passengers and freight, to discriminate against the Santa Fe.

The trouble between the telegraphers and the Santa Fe is of long standing. In 1890 the telegraphers and station agents became dissatisfied with their pay and working conditions and sent a committee to Chicago to make demands, and, after many conferences, a strike was called.

The officers of the order say that the company, by a subterfuge, induced the men to resume work at the end of seventeen days, and they also say that those who took part in the strike have been discriminated against ever since by the Santa Fe and some other roads. The Santa Fe has not been employing members of the order for some time.

EXPERT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT.

Final Report of Ex-Collector Abeyta of Socorro Found Inaccurate.

Messrs. Smiley and C. A. Baca, the accountants who have recently been engaged in auditing the accounts of Abian Abeyta, ex-treasurer and collector of Socorro county, have reported the results of their investigations to the board of county commissioners in session this week, says the Socorro Chief. The commissioners have thought best not to publish the report at present; but the nature of that report may be seen from a resolution adopted by the board Thursday and now on record in the county clerk's office. The resolution, which may reasonably be supposed to be merely preliminary to further action, is as follows:

The clerk is hereby instructed to

notify Abian Abeyta, former treasurer and collector of this county, and each and all of his bondsmen as follows:

You are hereby notified that the final report made by Abian Abeyta, as treasurer and collector, showing him to be in debt to the county on final settlement in the sum of \$16,987.37, is not satisfactory, as examination of the books made under direction of the board shows that the said former treasurer and collector, Abian Abeyta is indebted to the county in a much larger sum than shown by his said final report.

Incendiary Fire at Kingman.

Last Tuesday night the dwelling house and assay office owned by Henry P. Ewing and William Helmerod, in the southwest part of town, were destroyed by fire, says the Kingman Miner.

The origin of the fire is supposed to have been incendiary, as no one was about the building for some days. The fire was discovered breaking from the dwelling house, but although a number of people arrived in good time it was found impossible to do anything toward extinguishing the flame for lack of water. The oil or gasoline tanks were on the track in front of the building, but were shoved away in time to save them and their contents. Considerable of the assay materials, scales, etc., were saved. The loss is about \$2,000, partly covered by insurance. A few years ago Messrs. Ewing & Helmerod lost their sampling works by fire, the loss being very heavy. This additional loss will be severely felt by the boys. Among the people of Kingman the destruction of the building is regretted by reason of its associations, the dwelling being the first house erected in the town, the date being about the year 1881.

POSTOFFICE RECEIPTS.

Charges and Allowances in the New Mexico Offices.

Special to Citizen.

Washington, June 16.—The following are the changes in allowances in the postoffices for New Mexico, beginning July 1, 1903:

Albuquerque, \$2,600 to \$2,700; total receipts, \$24,854.93.

Carlsbad, \$1,500 to \$1,600; total receipts, \$4,352.59.

Clayton	\$1,300 to \$1,300; total receipts, \$2,726.93.
Deming	\$1,500 to \$1,500; total receipts, \$3,943.38.
Gallup	\$1,500 to \$1,400; total receipts, \$3,994.17.
Las Cruces	\$1,400 to \$1,400; total receipts, \$10,937.25.
Las Vegas	\$2,100 to \$2,200; total receipts, \$10,179.03.
Raton	\$1,800 to \$2,200; total receipts, \$8,139.64.
Roswell	\$2,000 to \$2,200; total receipts, \$10,219.13.
Santa Fe	\$2,200 to \$2,200; total receipts, \$10,493.71.
Silver City	\$1,800 to \$1,700; total receipts, \$5,664.95.
Socorro	\$1,100 to \$1,100; total receipts, \$2,371.20.
Springer	\$1,100 to \$1,100; total receipts, \$2,159.26.

Other offices where no changes are made are not sent.

The fight will be hot and close next year between the cities of Raton, Roswell, Las Vegas and Santa Fe as to which will be the second city to Albuquerque in the territory. They are each now marked at \$2,200. Raton advanced this year \$400, Roswell \$200, Las Vegas \$100 and Santa Fe decreased \$100. At a proportionate rate next year, Raton would be second to Albuquerque, Roswell third, Las Vegas fourth and Santa Fe fifth. Silver City had a decrease of \$100.

IRA M. BOND.

Painful Injury.

C. L. Youngfoot, who is employed at the railroad shops, has met with a very painful accident. While at work his index finger of the left hand caught in a large circular saw and it was severed from the hand. The finger was dressed at the Santa Fe hospital.

CLAYTON.

From the Enterprise.

Mrs. Robt. Brown returned from Kansas City.

Those who planted alfalfa this year are now congratulating themselves upon their foresight.

Mrs. N. E. Charlton and her daughter, Alice, left for Olivet, Kas., where they will visit for a month.

Prof. Tooley, from Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, is in the city for the purpose of organizing a dancing club. The professor comes well recommended.

J. L. De Haven was in town and reports that he has lost several sheep, which were recently sheared, on account of the cold rains.

There has been considerable loss in lambs during the past week on account of the rain. Several parties who had commenced to shear lost heavily from the newly sheared sheep.

Death of Mrs. Denham.

At 8:30 this morning Mrs. David H. Denham died at the family residence, No. 221 Highland avenue. Her death resulted from consumption. She was an invalid for many years. Mrs. Denham was 50 years old, and was beloved.

THE CONCESSIONS OF A WIFE

"I Would Have Been in My Grave Long Ago Had It Not Been for PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND."

This is the closing sentence of a thankful and grateful letter of testimony written by Mrs. P. Hoffman of Kylesburg, Pa. A complication of liver trouble, kidney disease and stomach neuralgia resisted the best treatment of an able and experienced family physician. When all seemed dark and gloomy, a kind Providence directed an anxious husband to have his wife make use of the medicine that saves even at the eleventh hour. Paine's Celery Compound gloriously triumphed; it removed waste and poisonous matters from the blood, toned every organ and nourished the weakened system. Mrs. Hoffman says:

"For about four years I suffered from liver and kidney troubles and neuralgia of the stomach. My doctor could do nothing for me. My husband read about Paine's Celery Compound, one-half bottle I was able to be out of, and bought some for me. After using it, I used two bottles and can now do my own housework. Paine's Celery Compound is the best medicine in the world, and I recommend it to all sufferers. Had it not been for Paine's Celery Compound, I would have been in my grave long ago."

ed by a large circle of friends. She leaves a husband to mourn her death. The funeral will take place from Edwards' undertaking parlors, Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

IRON-CLAD ASSOCIATION.

Business Men of Roswell Have Formed a Strong Organization.

The Roswell business men have organized somewhat on the plan of the business men of the cities that have been troubled with strikes. Nearly every business man or firm in Roswell has signed the constitution and by-laws. The constitution states that the object of the association is the better promotion of business interests and to unite the merchants for joint co-operation of any and all matters affecting their joint or several interests. The three resolutions are as follows:

"First—Every man has a right to work for whom he chooses, for such wages as he sees fit, as many hours as he chooses, and to quit when he chooses, provided that in so quitting he does not violate his contract without adequate cause.

"Second—Every person, firm or corporation has the right to employ whom he, or it, pleases, for such wages as may be mutually agreed upon, and to discharge any employee at pleasure, provided that such discharge is not in violation of contract without adequate cause.

"Third—We do not approve of the boycott, and we will not employ, or retain in our employ any person who engages in it."

The fourth and last resolution is a pledge to abide by the three above given.

NOTICE OF SALE.

In the District Court, County of Bernalillo, Territory of New Mexico. Thomas N. Wilkerson, Trustee, et al plaintiffs, vs. Wiley M. Weaver and M. Valdez Weaver, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of the decree of said court in the above entitled cause, dated May 18th, 1903, the undersigned appointed special master in said decree for the purpose of executing the same will, on the 22d day of July, A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., on said day at the front door of the court house of Bernalillo County, New Mexico, in Oil Albuquerque, N. M., offer for sale and sell to the highest bidder for cash the property hereinafter described, to satisfy the indebtedness decreed to be due to the said Thomas N. Wilkerson, trustee, to said defendants, to wit: \$6,682.14, principal and \$200 attorney fees with interest on said principal sum from the date of said decree until paid, together with costs of said suit, and which said indebtedness was by said decree adjudged to be a first lien upon the property, in said decree described, and which said indebtedness will on the day of sale be foreclosed together with interest amounting to the sum of \$6,984.12, together with costs of suit and costs of sale; and said defendants having made default in the payment of said indebtedness according to the terms of said decree, and said indebtedness still remains due and unpaid. The property to be sold is described as follows:

An undivided one-half interest in and to lots numbers twenty-two, twenty-three and twenty-four, in block number eleven, in the New Mexico Town company's town site addition in the City of Albuquerque, as same are known and designated upon the map of said addition, made by M. Mack, C. E., and filed in the recorder's office of Bernalillo county, New Mexico, on the 29th day of December, 1882.

Also lots thirteen, fourteen and fifteen, in block "A," in the Duran Alexander addition to the City of Albuquerque, as designated upon the map of said addition made by C. Marriner, and filed in the recorder's office of Bernalillo county, New Mexico, September 18th, 1884.

Said sale will be subject to approval and confirmation by said district court.

W. E. DAME, Special Master.

For the Deaf and Dumb at Santa Fe.

The superintendent of public instruction gives these territorial institutions seventy-one teachers, 907 pupils, salary paid to teachers \$87,231, and total amount of property \$392,900. One thing should be remembered with pride by our people, and that is that when students go from these schools into any of our eastern institutions they generally stand a good examination, showing that they have been well taught, and they nearly always more than hold their own with their associates in eastern schools.

Mr. Harwood thinks also that instead of praying "morning, noon and night to be delivered from statehood, and Matthew Quay," we would show better taste to express gratitude to Mr. Quay, Rodey and others for their indomitable efforts to lift us out of our territorial ruts and place us on the highway of statehood, where we will have a fair show in the race of life.

Dake's Agency Moved.

The E. C. Dake Newspaper Advertising agency of San Francisco, Cal., has moved from the Merchant's Exchange, where it has been located for the last twenty-three years, to the Eyre building, 124 Sansome street, new and larger quarters. This is the leading agency of the coast, in fact it is the only agency, for it places advertisements almost anywhere and by telegraph if necessary. This agency is now known as one of the solid institutions of the west and many who wish to do business through a reliable source hunt up Dake's agency when wishing to place advertising.

MINING NOTES.

Cal Wilson, A. A. Schwerin and J. A. Farrell have struck it rich in the Jallapal mountains near the Enterprise company mines, Mohave county, Arizona. The ore is thick with horn silver and runs up into the hundreds of dollars. The ore was struck at a depth of thirty feet and is widening with depth. The vein is large and the pay streak eighteen inches. It seems to be coming their way with a down-hill pull.

H. C. Malloy and wife were at Kingman from Stockton Hill. Mr. Malloy is superintendent of the Earl mine, which just now is reported to be showing up splendid values.

A. J. Doran, president of Arizona's World's Fair commission, arrived in Kingman from Los Angeles. Mr. Doran is a well known mining operator and has made a number of successes in the handling of Arizona properties where others had failed.

It is rumored that a ten stamp mill is about to be installed at the Clay Springs group of mines, in the Music mountain country of Arizona. There is a good supply of water at Clay Springs and this will be brought in to be used in the mill. The mines show good bodies of free milling ore, which will be broken down and run through. The mine is one of the best in that section of country.

Dr. Harwood Makes Correction.

Dr. Harwood desires to correct the figures used yesterday in this paper with respect to the amount of money expended last year by the Presbyterians in their school work in New Mexico. It was \$33,471, instead of \$23,471, as appeared in the paper, and he says they are doing a great work.

While making this correction he desires also to say that he did not forget to speak of the territorial institutions, but hadn't room for it in his paper. El Abogado Cristiano. He thinks the territorial schools are doing a fine work, considering the fact that they are yet in their infancy, the fact also of their limited means and their remoteness from each other. There are seven of these schools—the University at Albuquerque, the Agricultural College at Las Cruces, the Military Institute at Roswell, the Normal School at Las Vegas, the Normal School at Silver City, the School of Mines at Socorro, and the School

At 8:30 this morning Mrs. David H. Denham died at the family residence, No. 221 Highland avenue. Her death resulted from consumption. She was an invalid for many years. Mrs. Denham was 50 years old, and was beloved.

The clerk is hereby instructed to



# ARIZONA TOWNS

## HOLBROOK.

From the Argus.  
W. H. Means, of Kansas City, has been in Holbrook the past week looking for Arizona mutton.

Wm. Amos, of Show Low, came in to see the shipping of his wool, of which fourteen loads belonging to him were unloaded that day.

F. H. Newman, of Albuquerque, representing the Aztec Land and Cattle company, was in Holbrook attending to business for that company.

M. J. Kennedy, contractor, from Flagstaff, and who has been out at Whiteriver building a school house, passed through Holbrook on his way home.

W. H. Clark has shipped 300,000 pounds of wool up to Monday of this week, and has been shipping more every day since. That shows that there is something doing in the wool business in Holbrook.

Herbert Carr, steam fitter and plumber, recently engaged in the fitting of the White River school house in that town, came down Tuesday evening. He went to Koom's canyon, where he will do some work of that kind.

## WILLIAMS.

From the News.  
Mrs. David Joyce, of Prescott, is visiting her sister, Mrs. E. O. Abbott.

Mr. and Mrs. George Haven, of Kalamazoo, Mich., have located in Williams. Mr. Haven is an old newspaper man.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Neal returned from Fresno, Cal. The summer climate over there may be all right when one is used to it, but we are glad to again breathe the cool mountain air.

Nicholas Peralt, a sheep herder employed by E. B. Porin, was thrown from the wagon belonging to the latter and sustained a fracture of the right arm. Dr. Tyroler repaired the damage to the injured member.

Miss Winifred Coombs, for the past year a teacher in our public schools, departed the first of the week for her home in Globe. Miss Coombs has been engaged to teach the coming year at Tombstone.

J. Cauffman put a number of teams to work on J. C. Phelan's dam, north of town, to repair the damage done by the Saginaw & Manistee Lumber company, which has leased the property.

The town council at its meeting this week passed an ordinance to prohibit bawdy houses, houses and rooms of prostitution, dance houses and other rooms and houses of bad repute, or used or occupied for immoral purposes; and to prohibit prostitution within certain boundaries of the corporate limits of the town of Williams. The ordinance is undoubtedly a good one and the council is to be congratulated by all fair minded citizens, as it will tend to keep the other side of life at a distance which is not dangerous. Another ordinance relative to the levying and collecting of a street tax was also passed and will be enforced to the letter.

## KINGMAN.

From the Miner.  
Miss Mary Carrow is visiting with friends in Hackberry.

William Corbier, a resident of the Leland camp, was in Kingman a few days ago.

Miss Maud Prather, of Barstow, is visiting with her mother, Mrs. Frank Maguire, at the Maguire ranch south of Kingman.

Mrs. J. C. Potts and children returned a few days ago from a visit with relatives in Needles and Marvel.

Mrs. Lydia Partridge, formerly of Mineral Park, was married a few days ago to a gentleman residing near Los Angeles.

Mrs. K. K. Lake and sister, Miss May Kirkpatrick, arrived from Prescott a few days ago. Both ladies have been ill since their arrival in Kingman.

The matter of oiling the streets of Kingman is being agitated by our business men. Dusty streets are the worst of nuisance and it would be a blessing to have them oiled and put in the best possible condition. \$600 or \$800 would do the work on the principal streets of the town. Only those are used a great deal would have to be treated.

The charge preferred against Ed Haskins, of Hackberry, of cattle stealing, but Sam Rucker, Jr. was held to the grand jury with bonds set at \$250, which was given. There was no evidence connecting Mr. Haskins with the theft of the cattle in any way.

Last week Wednesday, at the home of the bride's mother, Tucson, Arizona, Miss Florence Ogden was wedded to Harry A. Drachman. Miss Ogden lived

in Kingman for many years and was regarded as one of the most popular of our young ladies. Harry A. Drachman is a popular young business man of the Ancient Pueblo. The best wishes of the many friends of the contracting parties in this county go with them through all their years.

Thursday last the Freeze Wash country experienced one of the heaviest torrential rains that has fallen in years. In the canyons leading from the mountains to the valley a mountain of water came down submerging everything in sight. The goat flocks of W. E. Frost had a narrow escape from the flood, only three being drowned. Chickens were killed by the hail which accompanied the great downpour of rain.

Mr. Frost's loss will not exceed fifty dollars, while the benefits of the rain will be incalculable.

Miss Mabel G. Steen, a native of Mineral Park, is visiting in Kingman with her aunt, Mrs. Ida Crozier, and Mrs. A. H. Smith. The young lady has been living with an aunt in Waukegan for the past nineteen years, but is now visiting the scenes of her early childhood. She is the daughter of the late Moses and Minnie Steen, and is a beautiful and accomplished young lady. She will remain in Kingman a month or more.

## FLAGSTAFF.

From the Sun.  
W. J. Brookshy of Los Angeles is visiting his brother-in-law, W. J. Watson.

W. C. Bayless has been appointed deputy United States marshal, vice A. W. Jurden, resigned.

T. A. Rioridan and daughter, Miss Marie, returned from a trip to Rome, Italy. They left here in April, and had a most enjoyable trip.

Mrs. George H. Coffin is entertaining her mother, Mrs. Joella Farmer, and sister, Miss Maggie, of Springfield, Mo. They are on their way to California.

The hose companies of Flagstaff are cordially invited to participate in the hose races at Milton on the Fourth of July, and also to be on hand and take part in the parade.

Thomas Devine, county treasurer, received a telegram from his father, who is a resident of Armourdale, Kas., saying that he had lost all his property in that place by the flood. A large store and three dwellings were washed away. The loss represented the savings of a lifetime.

William Davis, who resides near Bellemont, was arrested on complaint sworn to by John Hennessy of this place, charging said Davis with altering brands. Case was continued by consent of counsel until next Tuesday, when the examination will take place before Justice Quinlan. E. M. Doe represented the territory and Davis was placed under \$300 bond to appear, which was readily given.

From the Gem.  
Miss Jennie Gavin, who has been at Albuquerque for several months, came in and is visiting relatives and friends in this city.

Mrs. Ella Farmer and daughter, Miss Maggie, mother and sister of Mrs. G. H. Coffin of our city, arrived Saturday from Springfield, Mo., for a few days' visit.

One of Babbitt Brothers' delivery teams ran away and ran into David Lewis' express wagon and broke the tongue of his wagon. They furnished him a new tongue and business went on the same as if nothing had happened.

Miss Grace Grim returned from Bisbee, where she has been teaching school for the past ten months. She has secured a position in the Flagstaff public schools for the ensuing year.

Married, at the Methodist parsonage, by Rev. J. W. Henry, William A. Phelps of this county and Miss Lena Wait of New York. Mr. Phelps is a range rider in the Rogers Lake district, and they will reside in that vicinity.

## WINSLOW.

From the Mail.  
Bud Paxton, who has been visiting in Kentucky, has returned to Winslow.

Mrs. Collin Campbell has returned from a short visit with Mr. and Mrs. Wallace at St. Joseph.

Prod Volz, who conducts the trading post at Canyon Diablo, came in recently to visit his friends in the metropolis.

Another property deal was made this week. W. J. Rickman, inspector for the Santa Fe Land Improvement company of the new water system, has purchased a residence and two

lots, on First near Willow streets, from Thos. O'Kelly, an insurance man of Bakersfield, Cal. Mr. Rickman intends to improve the property and he will at once repaint the exterior of the house and adorn the walls of the interior with paper of a handsome pattern. Mr. Rickman has great faith in Winslow, and to substantiate his convictions he has invested his money in property.

C. S. Swift, father of Mrs. F. M. French, who has been visiting here for some time, has returned to his home at Ashland, Oregon.

Mrs. J. S. Christal, who is visiting her daughter at Las Vegas, is expected to return to her home in this city during the latter part of the month.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Heydt, at Las Vegas, a daughter, Mrs. Heydt was formerly Miss Christal, daughter of Engineer J. S. Christal and wife, of this city.

## S. L. BEAN.

He is the New Master Mechanic at the Local Santa Fe Shops.

E. P. Barnes has been succeeded by S. L. Bean, as master mechanic, at the Santa Fe shops.

Mr. Bean has already arrived and is at work. Mr. Bean has served for several years with the Northern Pacific Railroad company.

Mr. Barnes resigned several weeks ago to take the position of mechanical superintendent of the El Paso & Northwestern system with headquarters at Alamogordo. Since he left Albuquerque the shops have been in charge of General Foreman William Essex, who has been acting master mechanic.

A reader of the State Journal at Dalhart, Tex., contributes the following: "Jones, the train master, has fallen! The hero of many a gastronomic battle is vanquished, and Myers, the invincible Joe, the man of many titles, heads the profane."

"On last evening it was decided finally and forever, a contest that has well nigh exhausted the extensive verbiage of the English language. For months it has been a hard fought battle as to which of the well known gentlemen could put into the inner man the greatest amount of food and to settle the matter for the benefit of themselves and many admiring friends on both sides, they took possession of the Rock Island diner on No. 4 and were to wire results from Bucklin. At 8:30 p. m., two hours and thirty-eight minutes from the start, the anxious friends of the gladiators were advised, 'Myers won by a goose neck.' The contest was nip and tuck for two hours and a half, when Chris commenced to slow down and at 8:37 he gulped, gagged and threw up the sponge, just as Myers was calling for the seventeenth steak. It is understood that quite a sum of money changed hands among the general office boys, as the operating department boys were backing Jones at two to one."

## Will Leave for Colorado.

Mrs. Munger and her accomplished young daughter Lillie, who have been residing in this city for the past couple of years, will leave Monday night for their old home in Telluride, Colo. Miss Lillie was formerly one of the accommodating clerks at the dry goods store of Leon B. Stern, but at present is connected with the firm of S. Benjamin & Co. While here Mrs. Munger and daughter have made a great many friends who deeply regret their departure, but hope that at some future time they will again have the pleasure of seeing them once more in Albuquerque.

## BUSY TIMES AHEAD.

Albuquerque Shops Crowded with Engines Needing Repairs.

The track down in the shop yards is now occupied by a long line of dilapidated engines that need only a good overhauling to put them in first class condition.

The shops are working all hands every minute of the time, but there is enough work, it is said, already in sight to keep the men busy all summer. More engines are coming in for repairs and there is some talk of hustling going on in the back shops. The local repair department is making a record this year for fast and thorough work.

Several engines are turned out in good shape every day, and they are all needed to take care of the heavy traffic.

## Police Court.

A colored man was given fifteen days or \$15 for being drunk this morning.

## District Court.

A small justice of the peace case was decided by Judge Baker this morning. Some \$14 was involved.

Citizen "want ads" bring results.

## RIVER DISCUSSIONS.

City Council Grants Full Power to the Mayor to Act.

## FLOOD DISTRICTS VISITED.

A special meeting of the city council was held last night and the condition of the river was discussed by members present; also by several others who were present and anxious to know all about the river.

Mayor Myers presided, and a resolution was passed, vesting supreme power in the mayor to act as he sees best during these prospective flood times. The mayor stated that he had not received the cordial support of the city in this important matter as he had expected, but now being granted by the council full power to act he would see to it that his first declaration "there is no danger of a flood" is fully sustained.

Hon. Frank A. Hubbell was one of the outsiders present at the meeting, and he, so it is understood, criticized an intended complimentary notice published in The Citizen, wherein it was stated that he (Hubbell) had "with revolver in hand waded out to the acquia embankment at Alameda and with a force of men cut the bank and turned the current back into the river." The Citizen received the information from a business gentleman and said that Mr. Hubbell deserves credit. Mr. Hubbell, however, has worked hard to prevent the overflow of farming lands between this city and Alameda, and announced last night that he would be responsible for \$750, money to be expended in the work, a like sum having also been agreed upon by the mayor.

B. Spitz of the dry goods firm of B. Hild & Co., was also present at the council, and stated that his firm would stand the expense of twenty-five workmen for two days, and as many more, if needed.

The mayor informed Mr. Spitz that there was no extra men to hire, as all up the valley in the flooded district were now at work protecting their own premises.

Alderman Harsch, who has been in water almost continuously since the break, gave it as his opinion that the situation has been very grave, but better now.

In any event, a force of men were sent to the neighborhood of Dick Lusted's place and on North Fourth street last night to watch conditions, and report, should any break occur or any tampering with acacias not otherwise right, to the mayor.

The meeting then adjourned.

## THE IMPORTANT FACTS.

Representatives of The Citizen Visited Flooded Districts.

Last night and this morning there were rumors on the street that the waters were rushing toward the city at a rapid rate; water now surrounding the woolen mills and the government Indian school place was under water to a depth of a foot or two. One report had it that North Fourth street, between the saw mill railroad track and the big acquia, was under water, and with an expected rise of only a few inches that part of the city just beyond the mountain road would be practically inundated in a few hours.

The true facts are these: A drive to the woolen mills revealed no water whatever around the big plant, and the small acquia just northeast of the mills, was not carrying the bulk of water it is capable of.

## At the Acacias.

From this point a drive was made out Fourth street to the acacias that cross the street. The first acquia was found full of water, but no signs of it overflowing its banks. The second acquia, a hundred yards northwest, was practically empty, but the road and lowlands beyond and for several miles is inundated by several feet of water. This water came from overflowed acacias and the break in the dyke in the Alameda precinct of several days ago, and finally reached its level late yesterday afternoon and last night, being prevented from any further progress toward the city by the banks of the two big acacias.

## Water Was Expected.

Just before The Citizen representatives left this point Mayor Myers, Alderman Harsch, Street Commissioner Tierney and Hon. F. A. Hubbell drove up, and the mayor stated that some effort would be made immediately to draw off this accumulation of water. He assured the newspaper men that the collection of water at this point was expected, as it came from the break in the dyke before it was repaired, and from no new break or overflow. He also stated that the water further beyond and which came at the same time from the break had practically been absorbed by the earth.

Of course along the Fourth street road, beyond the two acacias mentioned, there are half a dozen farms and fruit ranches inundated, notably

Ora Hunt and Joseph Provencher, and they have moved their household effects to more fortunate neighbors.

## Found All Right.

From this point a drive was made to the government Indian school, and this institution, together with the Lockhart ranch, and the Foraker place, were found to be perfectly dry and no signs of water.

From here the drive was taken up the lane to the neighborhood of the J. E. Matthew Jersey dairy. Here resides, on this side of two acacias, the Mennel boys, J. E. Matthews, Richard Lusted and a Mr. Hendricks. These gentlemen were found all O. K. —no overflow water whatever on their places, but at the Lusted home this gentleman's family had the household effects of several neighbors, who resided on the north side of the acacias and were forced to move out.

## Yott and Aller, Flooded.

Just across the acacias—one of which was found full and the other practically empty—is the J. D. Yott place. He has moved out and his place is surrounded by several feet of water. He was seen and stated that the water crept upon him at 6:30 yesterday evening. Without any further parleying, he and wife commenced moving out, leaving the residence and outhouses to the mercy of the flood. This morning the outhouse, or rather barn, succumbed to the water. Fears are entertained that the residence, which is two stories and of adobe, will fall some time this afternoon or tonight.

Adjoining the Yott place is the residence of W. P. Allen, who is a successful apiarist. His place is surrounded with water, and this morning his house fell to the ground. He reports having lost thirteen bee hives, with their accumulation of honey and bees in the flood.

In this immediate vicinity half a dozen adobe houses have succumbed to the waters, and several valley farms, vineyards and orchards are inundated. This water also came from the break in the dyke and the overflowed acacias in the Alameda precinct.

## Had Their Guns.

Here half a dozen native farmers were found with Winchester shot guns and revolvers. They had heard that the city intended to do some acquia cutting should it become necessary to prevent the overflow from coming into the city, and they were there to protect what they consider their rights, and to prevent any unnecessary overflow of their lands.

## Dyke Strengthened.

Messrs. Myers, Harsch, Tierney and Hubbell returned to the city from the dyke this afternoon, and Mr. Harsch called at The Citizen office, leaving the information that the river at the dyke has fallen over a foot since last night and the dyke considerably strengthened, especially in the weak places. He also stated that the acquia at the Fourth street crossing had been cut and the water was being drained nicely from the overflowed section on the Fourth street road north. It is the opinion of these gentlemen should no further break occur in the dyke at Alameda and none is expected except from an unforeseen rise, that there should be no further alarm among the people of Albuquerque as to a flood visiting this city.

## Renewed Excitement.

This afternoon, at 4 o'clock, Mayor Myers, who returned to the Alameda dyke, telephoned to his store, for the boys to close up and immediately come up to Alameda. The Whitney company and the Albuquerque Hardware company stores also closed, and all the employees of these three stores are now on the way to Alameda. A telephone message to The Citizen gives the information that the water had broken through the Barajas acquia, sending down a tremendous flow of water.

It is also learned this afternoon that the Barajas bridge is weakening, but it is thought, with immediate attention, it can be saved from going down.

## Band Concert Postponed.

The band concert which was to have been held at the Robinson park last night was postponed on account of the failure to get light on the surroundings. A break in the machinery at the electric light plant was the cause of the failure to have lights at the park.

The band had taken its place in the stand, and although the weather was threatening, a good crowd had assembled to hear the music but were disappointed when it was announced that the concert would be postponed until Sunday night.

## Mr. Graham Dead.

F. W. Graham died last night in the hospital at 8 o'clock from a complication of diseases.

He was a shoemaker by trade and had lived here some little time. His wife and child reside on Temple street, Los Angeles. A Borders took charge of the remains. He notified his wife and she wired that his father would send instructions what to do in the matter. The deceased was about 35 years old.

Subscribe for the Daily Citizen.

## TWENTY-NINE YEARS AGO.

Albuquerque on an Island in the Flood of 1874.

## PEOPLE SOUGHT THE BLUFFS.

The Citizen, apropos to the present flood excitement, reproduces the subjoined article from the Republican Review, published in Old Albuquerque twenty-nine years ago by Guillermo McGuinness. The clipping is taken from the issue of May 30, 1874, and just at this time is interesting reading.

## THE FLOOD.

Albuquerque on an Island—People Flying to the Bluffs—Excitement.

In our last we mentioned the fact that the river had overflowed its banks at the Rinconada and was threatening our town with isolation. The latter occurred on Sunday morning at 3 o'clock a. m., when the water which entered at Rinconada on Wednesday reached the river again above Barajas; thus partially cutting us off from all surroundings, communication being kept up solely by means of fording between here and points east and by boats between here and points south and west. On Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday a force of men were at work under the direction of Mr. Franz Huning and Lorenzo Montana, endeavoring to stop the breach, but owing to a want of sufficient help and the unsteady manner in which the men worked, no headway could be made and the attempt was abandoned. In the meantime the water had spread over a large portion of the lands along the margin, drowning out the budding crops, tumbling down houses and scaring everybody generally. This destruction was mainly due to the action of some persons between here and Alameda who "saw up" embankments across the channel where the water was seeking an outlet, hereby causing it to collect, rise and expand until it finally overtopped the obstructions and burst a passage through them. Other embankments existed in its course in the shape of acacias, which also helped to spread destruction, some of which were cut or burst by the force of the water and others that resisted had to be opened notwithstanding the innumerable objections of a few shortsighted individuals. A large force had to be kept at work day and night since Saturday last, strengthening the border of an acquia one mile above town, otherwise a still greater destruction of property would ensue and the town itself endangered. The losses so far are very heavy and numbers of poor people are rendered homeless. Ever since Monday last wagons loaded with the effects of some persons whose houses have been washed away, but principally of those timorous individuals who are always the first to fly at the mere semblance of danger, thus abandoning not only their properties but basely failing to do their duty in helping the community to combat a common danger, and as fear is always infectious, showing the worst kind of example to other who may have looked upon them as models of sensibility. It reminds us of a ship at sea in danger of being wrecked, when there is no ruling mind to direct and restrain the crew and passengers; the cowardly are the first to fly to the boats and abandon their companions in danger. Were it not for the exertions of Salvador Armijo, Santiago Baca, F. and C. Huning, Diego and Manuel Armijo, and the money contributed by H. Springer, Ambrosio Armijo and a few others, we think the town in all probability would have been swept away or at least a much larger amount of property destroyed. There were others who assisted according to their means and still several others who did not. We mention the above persons because they were the most conspicuous, spending more money, devoting more time and using more exertions in endeavoring to animate their neighbors, where no such animation ought to have been necessary. If Albuquerque is not swept away during the present flood it will be owing to the determination of the above named gentlemen. It has never been our lot to witness such a display of foolishness, cowardice, illiberality, ignorance and meanness as has been exhibited during the present excitement by some of our fellow citizens. On the other hand, we have numerous examples of the opposite virtues among those from whom we least expected it. The base of the bluffs in front of town, on the east side, is now lined with camping places where it seems to us the persons encamped although rejoicing in comparative safety, are suffering a great deal from exposure and anxiety at the prospective loss of their homes and crops. We know not, of course, whether the river will rise much higher than it is now, but believe if it should rise three feet higher, a proper display of energy, a unity of purpose and liberality of purse can yet save the town. The whole weight of our defense should not be left on the shoulders of three or four persons, no matter how

much those persons have at stake. Every resident of this town has something to lose and ought to do something towards the common defense. The losses already incurred will be long felt and the prostration of business difficult to recuperate, and it is only through a proper display of public spirit that our difficulties can be overcome. Trust and resignation to the Divine Will are very good and noble virtues when misfortune comes upon us in any shape after having done all in our power to avoid it, but they should not be carried to the verge of foolishness by sappingly sitting down and awaiting its approach without making every possible effort to evade or turn it aside.

Owing to the embarrassment and interruptions consequent upon the alarming reports brought here, about new breaks in the embankment made to resist the encroachments of the present flood, and the unsettled state of our society, we are obliged to omit the publication of a full sheet this week, and confine the use of our space to necessary advertisements, a compendium of general news and the fullest details possible to collect regarding the alarming and deplorable situation of our town and vicinity. We therefore ask the indulgence of our patrons for the present omission, and conclude with the hope that by the time another issue will come due the present danger may be passed in safety and future floods properly provided for.

## SOME MORE RAISES.

Assessor Albright Makes Another List of Those Who He Thinks Should Pay More Taxes.

The county commissioners have passed the following resolution:

Resolved, That the clerk be instructed to notify the following persons of changes in their assessments for the year 1903, and to further notify such persons that the board will be in session June 22, 1903, when the parties interested can be heard, as to such changes, if they so desire.

J. P. Girard	250
Ed. Quicquel	200
F. E. Sturgis	300
B. Toti	1,000
W. V. Futrelle	800
Lola A. Borradaile	1,400
G. Badaracco	1,200
William Archer	300
Neil B. Field	1,200
J. A. Henry	900
R. P. Freeborn	400
Korber & Quicquel	1,000
Rosenwald Brothers	1,800
Maud T. Cully	400
A. H. Dixon	200
William Farr	500
Justiano Garcia	500
Mrs. M. K. Gatlin	400
Nestor Armijo	1,000
W. C. Leonard	750
William Hart	500
F. H. Kent	300
R. and P. Myer	400
Edward Rosenwald	180
Aaron Rosenwald	300
W. W. Strong	400
M. K. Tully	400
A. E. Walker	700
Arthur Everett	150
Mutual Automatic Telephone Co	200
Robert Abraham	150
S. B. Coen	200
W. M. Clayton	200
Ella Conroy	300
F. E. Detweiler	200
H. Doerr	100
Ernest Lix	100
Ellen Love	100
George W. Parks	300
Charles Trapp	600
L. T. & R. B. Delaney	500
J. W. McQuade	1,200
T. S. Austin	150
Miguala E. Sosina prop. in 13.	500
Mrs. Anna Zilchut	1,200
L. D. Sugar	200

## JORDAN OFF.

Sheriff Lucas Left With Him This Morning for Topeka.

City Marshal McMillin on Sunday arrested Frank Jordan, alias Henry Williams, a colored man, who is wanted in Topeka, Kansas.

He is charged with assault with intent to kill. Sheriff Lucas, of that city, arrived yesterday afternoon, and left with Jordan this morning for Topeka.

## For the Burro Race.

At a regular meeting Tuesday night of the Barbers' local union No. 501 of Albuquerque, the following were selected to represent that body in the union burro race on the Fourth of July: Chapple Miller, of Switzer & Co.'s shop was elected as jockey; Robert H. Crane, of the European shop, puller, and B. B. Hopkins, of L. A. Tessier's shop, was named as pusher. The Barbers' union have selected their best material and are willing to back their entries, and promise that if they don't win they will give the winners a close shave.

The Painters' union have also selected their representatives, but their names have not been given out.

A great many bananas are now being eaten by Albuquerque people; but we don't anywhere near come up to Boston people, who last year made away with three million bunches.

## Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic

has stood the test 25 years. Average Annual Sales over One and a Half Million bottles. Does this record of merit appeal to you? No Cure, No Pay. 50c. Enclosed with every bottle is a Ten Cent package of Grove's Black Root Liver Pills.



## POWDER EXPLOSION.

**Twenty-Five Thousand Pounds Does Some Damage.**

**BELONGED TO GRANT BROS.**

The Citizen published, the other day, a brief account of the explosion of 25,000 pounds of blasting powder near Phoenix. The particulars of the accident are as follows, taken from the Prescott Herald:

Last night about 10 o'clock one of the most disastrous wrecks since the Santa Fe, Prescott & Phoenix was built, took place a mile south of Glendale, ten miles north of Phoenix, and was caused by an explosion of 25,000 pounds of blasting powder, consigned to Grant Bros., contractors. The damage to the railroad company runs up into the thousands of dollars, fully covered by insurance.

While the train, which was No. 3, southbound, was running along about a mile beyond Glendale, the train crew noticed that the car of powder was burning. The train was stopped immediately and the brakeman Ardie went in between the burning car and the next freight car with the intention of cutting the burning car out. He was just pulling the pin when the powder exploded. How he ever escaped instant death will always be a mystery. While the cars on each side of the powder car were literally blown to pieces, Ardie walked back from the field where he had been blown, and began to assist in saving property.

Eight cars of freight were more or less damaged, four cars and contents, car of powder, car of merchandise, car of spikes and one car of coal were blown to pieces and the pieces burned in the fire which started immediately after the explosion. A car of railroad stationery was blown to pieces, together with a car of coal and two of ties, making a total of eight cars wrecked, four totally destroyed. The explosion wrecked part of the machinery of the locomotive and the fire burned the wood work of the cab. Probably the engine was damaged to the extent of \$1,000.

Several passengers were in the caboose when the explosion occurred, but no one was seriously injured. Conductor Wallin was in the caboose, rushing out and took charge of the work saving all the property possible for the company. With the assistance of the balance of the train crew and residents of Glendale, who had hurried to the scene, the conductor uncoupled and pushed out of the way several cars which had not been blown from the rails. Had they not pushed the cars away the entire train would have been consumed in the fire which destroyed four cars.

A man named Sharp, Charles Akers and Judge Baker, who were sitting on the caboose, were slightly injured. Engineer Chambers was quite painfully injured about the head and shoulders. Fireman Tom Shipp had his hearing temporarily destroyed. He did not even hear the explosion, so great was the jar to his car-drums.

The explosion was heard in Phoenix, where the shock was also very distinct. Some people thought there had been an earthquake; some thought the world was coming to an end, and some thought different things. The railroad people surmised the truth and immediately began to get a train ready to go to the scene. Medical assistance was taken along. When the special arrived at the scene the people on it were surprised to find that no one had been killed in the explosion. They found wreckage scattered for several hundred yards on every side. A hole had been blown in the roadbed eight feet deep and eighty feet in length. Telephone poles were torn up and blown to pieces.

The news of the wreck was wired to Prescott and Mesquite. Emmert and Story went down on the evening passenger train, which was several hours late. Today traffic has not been seriously delayed, for passengers, express and mail were transferred at the wreck. The track is probably laid by now over the place where the disaster occurred, as the officials of the Santa Fe & Pacific are very active when the interests of the road are involved.

**They Cannot Hear.**  
The injuries of Engineer Chambers, Fireman Shipp and Brakeman McArdle who were hurt in the explosion near Glendale on Friday night have not improved, says the Phoenix Republican. The hearing of all of them is found to be affected and it is supposed that their ear drums were ruptured. On the night of the explosion neither the brakeman nor the engineer noticed anything wrong with their hearing but trouble has been developed since. The fireman, though, was quite deaf that night and there has so far been little change in his condition. No other injuries of importance were sustained.

**Survey Ordered.**

Surveyor General Morgan O. Llewellyn has issued an order for the sur-

voy of the Lucky Boy and Jersey Cream lode mining claims situated in the Bromide mining district in Rio Arriba county. Daisy B. Ashton is the claimant and the survey will be made by Duane Wheeler, of Tucson, United States deputy mineral surveyor.

**Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets** are just what you need when you have no appetite, feel dull after eating and wake up with a bad taste in your mouth. They will improve your appetite, cleanse and invigorate your stomach and give you a relish for your food. For sale by all druggists.

**Hearing of Mandamus Case Postponed.**

Associate Justice John R. McFie received a dispatch from the attorneys for the petitioners for a mandamus in the case of the Board of Regents of the College of Agriculture and Mechanical Arts at Mesilla Park versus J. H. Vaughn, treasurer of the territory of New Mexico, to compel the latter to transfer the sum of \$25,000 from the territorial bonds sinking fund to the funds for the maintenance and operation of the college, which was to have been heard yesterday, before him, requesting the postponement of the case for two weeks on account of the illness of Judge A. H. Fall, one of the attorneys for the petitioners. After consulting with the solicitor general Associate Justice McFie granted the request and the hearing of the case was postponed for two weeks.

**His Last Hope Realized.**

From the Sentinel, Gelo, Mont.  
In the first opening of Oakland to settlers in 1889, the editor of this paper was among the many seekers after fortune who made the big race one fine day in April. During his traveling about and afterwards his camping up on his claim, he encountered much bad water, which, together with the severe heat, gave him a very severe diarrhoea which it seemed almost impossible to check, and along in June the case became so bad he expected to die. One day one of his neighbors brought him one small bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy as a last hope. A big dose was given him while he was rolling about on the ground in great agony, and in a few minutes the case was repeated. The good effect of the medicine was soon noticed and within an hour the patient was taking his first sound sleep for a fortnight. That one little bottle worked a complete cure, and he cannot help but feel grateful. The season for bowel disorders being at hand suggests this item. For sale by all druggists.

**Incorporations.**

Articles of incorporation have been filed with Territorial Secretary J. W. Reynolds by the Oro Vista Placer company. The principal office of the organization is at White Oaks, New Mexico, and the company is authorized to buy, lease and operate tramways and railroads, to erect, operate and maintain telephone and telegraph lines, to own and sell or lease water rights, to buy lands and lay it off into town lots and to lease or sell the same. The company was organized on April 15, 1903, and the term of existence is to be fifty years from that date. The capitalization is \$750,000, divided into 750,000 shares of the par value of \$1 each. The first board of directors of the company are: O. B. Taneyhill, of Waterloo, Iowa; George W. Harbin, George E. Sleight, John H. Canning, of Logansport, N. M.; Frank G. Tallender and Thomas Stanock. The officers of the company are: O. B. Taneyhill, president; George W. Harbin, vice president; John H. Canning, secretary and treasurer; George E. Sleight, manager. The Albuquerque Business college, of Albuquerque, has filed corporation papers with the territorial secretary. The organization is authorized to conduct an educational institution for both sexes in professional, preparatory, academic, shorthand and general business courses. The term of existence is twenty-five years and the incorporators are: P. D. Odenwelder, John Tawcher, R. W. Hopkins, J. W. Edwards, all of Albuquerque. The incorporators compose the first board of directors. The Rio Pecos Orchard company has

**IF WOMEN ONLY KNEW**

**What a Heap of Happiness It Would Bring to Albuquerque Homes.**

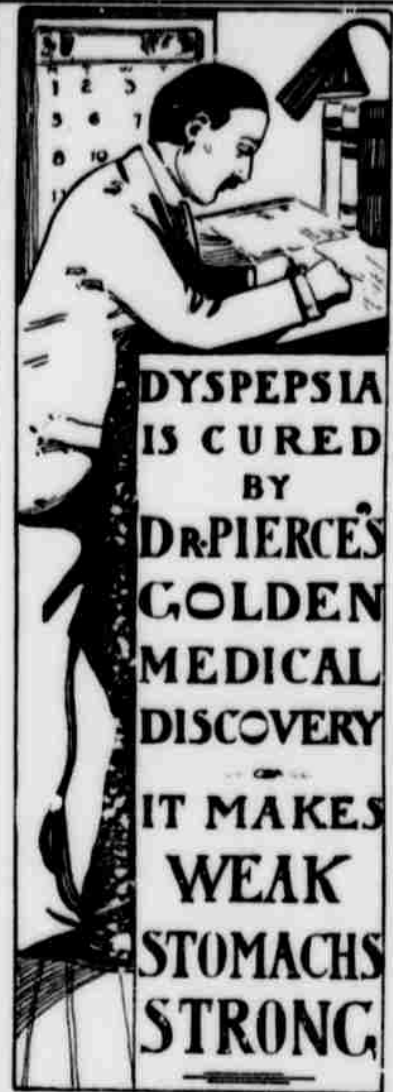
Hard to do housework with an aching back;  
Hours of misery at leisure or at work.

If women only knew the cause: Backache pains come from sick kidneys.

Doan's Kidney Pills will cure sick kidneys.

Albuquerque people endorse this: Mrs. J. H. Smith, of 115 Hunting avenue, (J. H. Smith, deputy sheriff.) says: "Every woman who has had backache for a month so severe that every movement she made hurt and she never knew the moment but the slightest strain on the muscles of the back brought a twinge which could only be described as excruciating, is more than pleased when she finds a means to at first check such attacks and then radically dispose of them. When suffering from backache I went to the Alvarado Pharmacy for Doan's Kidney Pills and took a course of the treatment. It stopped the annoyance. Since then I have had no necessity to use Doan's Kidney Pills nor any other medicine for aching across the small of the back."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.



**DYSPEPSIA IS CURED BY DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY. IT MAKES WEAK STOMACHS STRONG.**

fled articles of incorporation with the territorial secretary. The organization is authorized to plant, cultivate and raise trees, to raise all kinds of vegetables and farm products, and to can the same; also, to raise cattle, sheep, horses, etc. The capitalization is \$100,000, which is divided into that number of shares of the par value of \$1 each. The term of existence is fifty years and the incorporators are: Wm. C. Hamilton, Harry W. Hamilton, John Ritchey, John E. Ritchey, all of Chaves county, N. M. Mexico. The incorporators compose the first board of directors, and the principal place of business in the territory is at Roswell.

**Worst of All Experiences.**

Can anything be worse than to feel that every minute will be your last? Such was the experience of Mrs. S. H. Newson, Decatur, Ala. "For three years," she writes, "I endured insufferable pain from indigestion, stomach and bowel trouble. Death seemed inevitable when doctors and all remedies failed. At length I was induced to try Electric Bitters and the result was miraculous. I improved at once and now I'm completely recovered." For liver, kidney, stomach and bowel troubles Electric Bitters is the only medicine. Only 50c. It's guaranteed by all druggists.

**Holtz Scalded.**

Charles Holtz on last Sunday was the recipient of a very hot bath. He was working around the boilers of the mills of the Arizona Lumber & Timber company, when the manhead, or some other part of the machinery, flew out or became contrary, and resulted in baptizing or sprinkling Mr. Holtz with so much hot water that he was severely scalded. Dr. Brannen was summoned and administered to his sufferings. While not dangerous, the scald is very painful, and the patient will be confined to his room for several days.—Flagstaff Gem.

**A Serious Mistake.**

E. C. DeWitt & Co. is the name of the firm who make the genuine Witch Hazel Salve. DeWitt's is the Witch Hazel Salve that heals without leaving a scar. It is a serious mistake to use any other. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures blind, bleeding, itching and protruding piles, burns, bruises, eczema and all skin diseases. Sold by B. H. Briggs & Co. and S. Vann & Son.

**Why He Left Town.**

An editor of a small Iowa paper recently stated that he had been kissed by one of the most beautiful married women in the town. He promised to tell her name in the first issue of his paper the next month. In two weeks the circulation of his newspaper doubled. But when he gave the name of his wife he had to leave town.

**Driven to Desperation.**

Living at an out of the way place, remote from civilization, a family is often driven to desperation in case of accident, resulting in burns, cuts, wounds, ulcers, etc. Lay in a supply of Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It's the best on earth. 25 cents at all drug stores.

**Milch Cows Killed.**

Last Sunday an electric storm occurred three or four miles south of Flagstaff, in which David Lewis lost two valuable milch cows, says the Gem. It appears they were standing under a small tree when they were struck and killed. Another cow, the ownership of which is unknown to the writer, was killed also near the two mentioned. The loss to Mr. Lewis is great, from the fact that he is a poor man, and derived a revenue from his milch cows, which materially aided in the support of his family.

Joe Ward, night operator of the Santa Fe railroad company at Flagstaff, accompanied by his wife, left for a few days' visit in Los Angeles, Cal.

## THE RATON CRIME.

**How the Murderers Were Spirited Out of the Town.**

**A LYNCHING BEE SPOILED.**

A special dispatch from Raton, dated June 12, giving some facts about the attempt to lynch the murderers of Night Marshal John Jones says:

A mob of seventy-five or a hundred men, a number of whom only recently came here, attempted to break in the county jail at 9 o'clock last night and take out the five negro prisoners for the purpose of having a lynching bee. The mob went to the jail door, and demanded of Sheriff Little the surrender of the negroes. The sheriff said that the men were not there, and refused the mob admission.

The men then attacked the doors of the jail with sledge, and smashed them in. Sheriff Little, who was surrounded by a heavily armed posse, was only prevented from shooting into the mob by the presence of his wife.

After further delay, the leaders of the mob were allowed to enter the jail, and found out for a fact that the negroes were, as the sheriff had said, gone.

Then they searched the courthouse, and finding no one there went back down town. They were in a very angry mood.

About an hour earlier than the attack of the mob, Deputy Sheriff Frank Hill, with three assistants, all heavily armed, quietly went out the back door of the jail, up over the hills, and by a roundabout way to Dillon, a station about three miles south on the Santa Fe. Here the party went into hiding until a through passenger due at 2 o'clock a. m. arrived and was stopped, when they boarded the train and were whirled into Las Vegas, where the prisoners were lodged in the San Miguel county jail. The prisoners were as anxious for their arrival in a solid jail where a mob could not get them as the officers were.

During the afternoon yesterday there was not much open excitement, but at night it was apparent. The citizens of Raton condemn the acts of the mob and its leaders, many of whom are known, and there is no doubt but arrests and vigorous prosecutions will follow at an early date.

The three brothers of the murdered man did all they could to prevent any overt act by the mob, and wish the law to take its course, satisfied that the man who did the shooting will be convicted and hanged according to law.

Wednesday night after the shooting of Marshal Jones, the white employees at the Santa Fe round house took clubs and stones, ran the negro yard hands off and refused to work with them.

The funeral of Marshal Jones will occur this afternoon. He being a member of the Eagles, will be buried under the auspices of that order. Many outside people are here for the funeral.

**You Know What You Are Taking.**

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chili Tonic, because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure; no pay; 50c.

**Fred J. Carleton Dead.**

The hand of death has been busy here in Albuquerque the past week. Last night at 6 o'clock it claimed Fred J. Carleton at the home of his parents, No. 1006 North Fourth street.

The deceased was carried off by that dreaded disease, consumption. He had come here with his mother and father about a year ago from Lawrence, Iowa, to see if the disease could not be checked. But like many others he came too late, so that the mighty hand of sunshine could not cure him. He was only 23 years old.

The funeral will take place at 2 o'clock Wednesday at the undertaking parlors of J. W. Edwards. Rev. Mr. Fisher, of the Lead Avenue Methodist church, will officiate. The remains will be buried in the Fairview cemetery.

The parents of the deceased have the sympathy of all in this sad hour of trial.

**Cuts, Bruises and Burns Quickly Healed.**

Chamberlain's Pain Balm is an antiseptic liniment, and when applied to cuts, bruises and burns, causes them to heal without maturation and much more quickly than by the usual treatment. For sale by all druggists.

**Police Court.**

Albert Lopez, a colored youth from old town, was in court this morning. He drank too much fire water yesterday, and Judge Crawford gave him five days for reflection.

E. E. Clark, president of the Brotherhood of Railway Conductors, will succeed Carroll Wright as commissioner of labor. Mr. Clark is known throughout the United States for his efforts in behalf of the workmen.

## Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

**Digests what you eat**

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. It is unequalled for the stomach. Children with weak stomachs thrive on it. First dose relieves. A diet unnecessary.

**Cures all stomach troubles.**  
Prepared only by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. The 51c. bottle contains 2 1/2 times the dose. Also J. H. O'Drilly & Co. and B. H. Briggs & Co.

**DISTRICT COURT.**

**Rena Potter Had No Case Against the Water Company—Other Matters.**

The case of Rena Potter vs. Water Supply company was taken from the jury yesterday by Judge Baker and a verdict given for the defendant company. In 1897 the seven year old son of the plaintiff was drowned in the company's reservoir. The plaintiff wanted damages in the sum of \$5,000, claiming that the boy came to his death through negligence of the company. The court held that the plaintiff had insufficient ground for action.

The court this morning heard evidence in the Cochiti Gold Mining company receivership. In the matter of the intervening petition of the Navajo Gold Mining company, whereby the latter company alleges that it is the owner of a half interest in the electrical power plant and machinery at Madrid, valued at some \$300,000. The Navajo company produced its president, a Mr. Coram of Boston, who testified to the facts as alleged in the petition. Cross-examination was continued until a later day.

In the matter of a suit by the estate of the late Solin E. Rose against Dr. Henry, whereby the plaintiff sought to enjoin the delivery of a deed for taxes by the collector to Henry, who bought in the property on a tax sale, the court sustained a demurrer to the complaint and plaintiff elected to stand on the pleadings as made, and prayed and was granted an appeal to the supreme court.

**Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.**

The universal success of this remedy as made it the most popular preparation in use for bowel complaints. It is everywhere recognized as the one remedy that can always be depended upon and that is pleasant to take. It is especially valuable for summer diarrhoea in children and is undoubtedly the means of saving the lives of a great many children each year. For sale by all druggists.

**Windows Broken.**

Twenty-two windows in the school building in the Second ward have been broken.

This was discovered yesterday and the police are working on the matter. It is thought that small boys with bean shotters did the work. The school board will have the guilty parties hunted down and punished.

The police have found two boys who did the mischief, and as their parents will settle, nothing more will be said about it.

**Kodol Gives Strength**

By enabling the digestive organs to digest, assimilate and transform all of the wholesome food that may be eaten into the kind of blood that nourishes the nerves, feeds the tissues, hardens the muscles and recuperates the organs of the entire body. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cures indigestion, dyspepsia, catarrh of the stomach and all stomach disorders. Sold by B. H. Briggs & Co. and S. Vann & Son.

**Commissioners Meet.**

The county commissioners—Chairman T. C. Gutierrez and Commissioners A. Harsch and Severo Sanchez—met yesterday, and after being called to order adjourned for the purpose of visiting the flooded district of the Alameda precinct, where they direct certain work; saw that there was no further danger from a flood to the city of Albuquerque, and then repaired to their respective homes. This morning the commissioners reconvened at the court house, and listened to the complaints of several people relative to tax assessment raises. The board will probably clean up the business before it this afternoon, and then take an adjournment until the regular quarterly meeting on the first Monday in July.

"I have been troubled for some time with indigestion and sour stomach," says Mrs. Sarah W. Curtis, of Lee, Mass. "and have been taking Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets which have helped me very much so that now I can eat many things that before I could not." If you have any trouble with your stomach why not take these tablets and get well? For sale by all druggists.

George E. Heber, of Chicago, will be united in marriage at that city today. Old timers will remember Mr. Heber, as he was chief clerk under D. B. Robinson, when the latter was general manager of the Atlantic & Pacific.

## DISTRICT COURT.

**Over \$4,000 Awarded Plaintiff in Case of Tietgen Vs. Bluewater Land and Irrigation Company.**

**OTHER COURT MATTERS.**

The case of E. A. Tietgen versus the Bluewater Land and Irrigation company, which occupied the attention of Judge Baker and a jury in the district court all of last week, is ended. The jury brought in a sealed verdict on Saturday night.

It was opened this morning and the plaintiff is awarded \$4,406.09. The plaintiff wanted damages in the sum of \$35,000. The plaintiff gave notice of motion for a new trial.

Both sides in the suit of William Farr versus the cattle sanitary board for \$1,800 damages, were asked by the court to submit briefs in the case.

The court this morning took up the case of Rena Potter versus the Albuquerque Water and Supply company, whereby the plaintiff sought to recover judgment for \$5,000 for damages alleged to have been sustained in the loss of her child, Folger Potter, in October, 1897, by drowning in the defendant's reservoir on the mesa. The plaintiff's case tended to show that the child, with others, had on the day in question been granted leave by the mother to take an excursion up to the sand hills on the Saturday in question, taking their lunch with them; that when they had been on the mesa awhile they observed from the main road (Railroad avenue extended) the mound of the reservoir, and from curiosity and childish instinct were bent upon investigation; that the fence of the water company being in bad condition they had no difficulty in reaching the top of the mound, where they sat under the little wharf, out of the sun, to eat their lunch; that the sides of the reservoir were of cement and inclined, and that the child, Folger, about 7 years of age, on touching the water edge, which was slippery from the deposits from the water, lost his footing and fell in the water, with fatal results. The defendant contended that in the case made by the plaintiff no liability was shown; that it was not bound in law to guard the reservoir from children at that place. At adjournment the court was still engaged in hearing argument upon the law question involved.

**Ladies and Children Invited.**

All ladies and children who cannot stand the shocking strain of laxative syrups, cathartics, etc., are invited to try the famous Little Early Risers. They are different from all other pills. They do not purge the system. Even a double dose will not gripe, weaken or sicken; many people call them the Easy Pill. W. H. Howell, Houston, Tex., says nothing better can be used for constipation, sick headache, etc. Bob Moore, Lafayette, Ind., says all others gripe and sicken, while Dr. Williams' Little Early Risers do their work well and easy. Sold by B. H. Briggs & Co. and S. Vann & Son.

Yesterday, The Citizen announced that Sidney Rosenwald would soon go into the dry goods business for himself. Today, he informed The Citizen that he would be ready for business by the opening of fall. He will occupy the old Rosenwald stand at the corner of Railroad avenue and Third street, but the building will undergo during

**NOTICE.**

All persons having claims against the estate of Mrs. L. M. Thomas must present same to GEO. H. THOMAS, Administrator.

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**

Notice is hereby given, that I, the undersigned, sheriff of the county of Bernalillo, New Mexico, will, on Wednesday, the 1st day of July, A. D. 1903, at the hour of ten o'clock a. m. of said day, at the front door of the Bernalillo County Court House, in the County of Bernalillo, New Mexico, expose for sale at public auction and sell to the highest bidder for cash, all the right, title and interest of Z. H. Bliss, in and to the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the County of Bernalillo, and Territory of New Mexico, to-wit:

The east half of the southwest quarter and lots three and four in section nineteen, township ten north, range four east, containing 159 46-100 acres.

The above described real estate having been levied upon by me under and by virtue of and to satisfy an execution issued out of and under the seal of the District Court for Bernalillo County, New Mexico, directed to the undersigned, as sheriff of said county, and bearing date the 15th day of May, A. D. 1903, for the sum of \$811.45 damages, and costs of suit amounting to \$10.20, in favor of John A. Lee, as plaintiff, and against the firm of Bliss & Weil, and Z. H. Bliss and Joseph Weil, individually, together with interest thereon at the rate of six per cent per annum from the 19th day of November, 1902, being the late of the rendition of the judgment in said cause, with costs incurred in the making of this sale and the enforcing of said judgment.

T. S. HUBBELL, Sheriff, Bernalillo County, N. M. May 30th, 1903.

**Nasal Catarrh** quickly yields to treatment by Ely's Cream Balm, which is agreeably aromatic. It is received through the nostrils, cleanses and heals the whole surface over which it diffuses itself. Druggists sell the 50c. size; Trial size by mail, 10 cents. Test it and you are sure to continue the treatment.

**Announcement.**  
To accommodate those who are partial to the use of atomizers in applying liquids into the nasal passages for catarrhal troubles, the proprietors prepare Cream Balm in liquid form, which will be known as Ely's Liquid Cream Balm. Price including the spraying tube is 75 cents. Druggists or by mail. The liquid form embodies the medicinal properties of the solid preparation.

the summer a thorough remodeling. A new front will be put in, and the store room will receive new coat of paint, wall paper and up to date fixtures. Sidney says the old stock of goods will be disposed of as rapidly as possible, and he will start out with a brand new stock from front to end.

**That Throbbing Headache** would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit, and sick and nervous headaches. They make pure blood and build up your health. Only 25 cents, money back if not cured. Sold by all druggists.

Yesterday The Citizen published a small local item to the effect that "Mrs. John Johnson" had secured a fund of \$40 as a gift from contributions at the shops for Mrs. Myra Yorchow, deaconess of the Lead Avenue Methodist church, who has gone on a vacation to the Pacific coast. The item, in the main, is all right, but Mr. Johnson objects to being a "Mrs." when he is still in the land of single blessedness and there is—well, it is all right. He is still unmarried.

**NOTICE OF SALE.**

In the District Court of the County of Bernalillo, Territory of New Mexico. The Bank of Commerce, et al., plaintiffs, vs. John A. Johnson and Julia Johnson, defendants. No. 5771.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of the decree of said court in the above entitled cause, dated December 15, 1900, the undersigned appointed Master in said decree for the purpose of executing the same, will on Monday, the 6th day of July, 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the front door of the Court House of Bernalillo County, New Mexico in Old Albuquerque, N. M., offer for sale and sell to the highest bidder for cash the property herein-after described, to satisfy the indebtedness decreed to be due said Bank of Commerce from said defendants, to-wit: \$1,340.90 principal, and \$130.00 taxes paid, together with interest thereon at the rate of 1 per cent per month from the date of said decree, (Dec. 15, 1900) until paid, together with costs of said suit, including an attorney's fee of \$150, and which indebtedness was by said decree adjudged to be a first lien upon said property, and which indebtedness will on said day of sale aforesaid, with interest, amount to the sum of \$2,067.97, together with said costs of suit and costs of sale; and said defendants having made default in the payment of said indebtedness on or before ninety days after the date of the rendition of said decree, and which said indebtedness still remains due and unpaid. The property to be sold is described as follows:

Lot No. 8, in Block No. 19, in the New Mexico Town Company's Addition, as said Lot and Block are known and designated upon the Map of said Addition made by M. J. Mack, C. E., and filed in the office of the Probate Clerk and ex-officio Recorder of the County of Bernalillo on the 29th day of December, 1882, and being situate in the City of Albuquerque, in said County of Bernalillo, New Mexico.

Said sale will be subject to approval and confirmation by said District Court.

THOMAS S. HUBBELL, Master. Dated this May 27th, 1903. 6t

**E. F. BURLINGAME & CO., ASSAY OFFICE AND LABORATORY.**

Established in Colorado, 1866. Samples by mail or express will receive prompt and careful attention. Gold & Silver Bullion. Concentration Tests—100 lbs. or car load lots. 1736-1738 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo.

**PATENTS**  
CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, COPYRIGHTS AND DESIGNS. Send your business direct to Washington, saves time, costs less, better service. My office is in U. S. Patent Office. FREE preliminary examination. I will advise you of the merits of your invention. PERSONAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO PATENTS. ACTUAL EXPENSES. Send "How to Obtain Patents," free. Patents procured through E. G. Siggers secure special notice without charge, in the INVENTIVE AGE.

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether his invention is new. Consultation free. Send description and drawing. Handwritten on patent paper. Patent taken through E. G. Siggers secure special notice without charge, in the INVENTIVE AGE.

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A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 per year. Four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.

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## Early Times of Albuquerque

ARTICLE VIII

Contributed by an Old-Timer

### Sorrowful Sufferings of the Sinful—The Penitentes.

Among the many quaint and queer sights of the early days, none were more novel, more interesting nor more gaudy than the ceremony of "Los Hermanos Penitentes," which was and is a nearly complete enactment of that divine tragedy which initiated the Christian era. The Brotherhood of the Penitents and its public ceremonies was largely in vogue throughout New Mexico until a very recent date and is still existent in remote districts. The order was established on the Western Hemisphere by the Franciscan Friars and came into the territory now known as New Mexico with the "Conquistadores" more than 300 years ago.

I have many times witnessed the procession of this brotherhood, but at no time was I so profoundly impressed as at my initiatory experience nearly a quarter of a century ago.

Those who visited the Fine Arts Building in Chicago in 1883 will recall the painting "The Flagellants," which many considered as but the imitation of the artist, but which was in truth a reproduction of the procession of the Penitentes as seen in old Spain. In general detail it pictures the present day procession. In a little plaza, but a few miles from Albuquerque, I first became acquainted with the Penitentes. In mid-afternoon, from out the door of an isolated adobe house appeared several aged men, ordinarily clothed, some with books, others without, chanting a mournful religious chorus in the Spanish language. Following these were other men, seven in number, each with a hood completely masking his head and otherwise naked of clothing, except for a scanty cotton breechcloth. Around the calf of each leg, and around each thigh were tightly bound with rawhide thong, roughly and crudely perforated pieces of tin—seemingly taken from old cans—the grating slide imbedded in the flesh. One of these seven bore upon his head a wreath of cacti, the needles of which are greatly more penetrating and irritating and more difficult to remove from the flesh than the thorn of any other tree, plant or vine. This man carried, as Christ had carried, a huge cross, the upright beam fifteen feet in length with diameter ranging from ten inches at the base to six inches at the top and with a corresponding cross beam of a seven foot length, the weight of which was from 300 to 400 pounds.

Each of the other six men carried a peculiarly constructed braided whip about three feet in length, made from plaited yucca leaves, a vertical cat-o-nine tails, with the ends of each bearing the sharp tough needle-peculiar to this plant. In the order in which they emerged this procession moved toward the adobe church about a mile distant, followed immediately by one who was clothed and hoodwinked, but who had peep holes; then followed the populace. In slow measured tread, to the tune of the dirgeful chant, three steps were taken, then a momentary halt, and back over the shoulder, wielded by both hands, flew the tails of the whip, alighting cruelly upon the naked back. Three additional paces, the slight halting, and over the opposite shoulder again fell the whip with full force, to cut open the ridges raised by the first strokes. Again three measured steps and a self castigation; three more steps, a continuance of the stroke; at each step the whip being laid over the opposite shoulder, these people blindly made their way toward the church, guided solely by the voices of their chanting leaders, "Los Hermanos de Luz," a by-order of the Penitentes.

Superintending all, and directly in rear of the flagellants, was he whose duty it seemed to be to see that punishment was properly and sufficiently inflicted.

At the crossing of each irrigating ditch, by some unheard order, the procession would halt, when each scourge would be moistened, and each bleeding back drenched by the mayordomo so that upon resuming the march, down the back, through the blood stained breechcloth, over the thong bound thighs, through the holes of which the morbidly enlarged flesh protruded, flowed the miniature composite rivulets of blood, blood stained water and pain produced perspiration, making a well defined gory trail, covering the trail of the cross.

At one of these halts the mayordomo made with his closed hand the sign of the cross, upon the back of two of his people and immediately appeared a bloody cross of about a six inch beam and four inch cross beam, only to disappear almost instantly in a blotch of blood, which at every after-stroke became more exuberant. Whether this sign was made to indicate that the self castigation was not being made sufficiently severe was a question. Later I found that no naked

hand had marked the cross of blood, that it was not to give greater force to the muscular arms of the flagellant; not that more blood should flow or the whip thongs bite more severely, but was the official seal affixed to the only certificate of a membership in the order; that the instrument was a knife and the impression so deep that it would suffice for a long time.

The blinded cross bearer was not castigated regularly. Plodding along the rutted, rock strewn road, stumbling often, falling at the approach of a small bridge he arose with his burden. His down going the first and second times seemed to have been careful and purposely. His third, fourth and fifth falls were from exhaustion growing greater each time. At any hesitancy to arise he was aided by the scourge, well laid on, each stroke bringing additional blood. Being unable to life his burden, it was lifted by his Brothers of Light and placed again upon his naked, lacerated shoulder.

Thus went the procession to the church and into the church, where the flagellants prostrated themselves upon three arthen floor before the altar, and while prostrate each received upon his scourged back three additional strokes "in nomine patri, et filio, et spiritu sancti," after which they arose and disappeared through a side door, to meet on the morrow—Good Friday—again to take up their burdens and their march to a secluded, pre-selected spot for the enactment of the final scene of the Way of the Cross.

At an earlier day the selected victim was actually nailed to the cross, the cross planted, and the victim did live that long, allowed to hang for about thirty minutes. Later rawhide was substituted for spikes, but even under this milder method death has resulted.

While this fanatical brotherhood was instituted centuries ago in a Catholic country, it is now under interdiction by that church, hence it is, that only in isolated places are the rites followed and then only with the utmost secrecy, with greater secrecy even than the "balle de cockino" of our Pueblo Indians—a most peculiar ceremony, an account of which has never yet been published.

### A Splendid Remedy.

Neuragic pains, rheumatism, lumbago and sciatic pains yield to the penetrating influence of Ballard's Snow Liniment. It penetrates to the nerves and bone, and being absorbed into the blood, its healing properties are conveyed to every part of the body and effect some wonderful cures. Mr. D. F. Moore, agent Illinois Central Railway, Milan, Tenn., states: "I have used Ballard's Snow Liniment for rheumatism, backache, etc., in my family. It is a splendid remedy. We could not do without it." 25c, 50c and \$1.00 at J. H. O'Reilly & Co.

### Mescalero Agency Progress.

James A. Carroll, superintendent of the Mescalero Indians, was a visitor in town this week, says the Alamogordo News. Mr. Carroll reports everything most satisfactory at the agency, wool clippings of the Indians amounted to 15,500 pounds, which has been sold for 13 cents per pound.

They have 200 acres planted in wheat which is doing nicely and he estimates that Indians will raise 300,000 pounds of oats this season. Inspector Dickinson who has just completed the inspection of this agency was much pleased with the progress made by the Apaches and complimented Superintendent Carroll upon his management and success. Mr. Carroll expects soon to commence the erection of some extensive building operations at this agency, as a large appropriation was made for this purpose by the last congress.

### Tax on Babies.

Extreme hot weather is a great tax upon the aggressive powers of babies; when puny and feeble they should be given a few doses of White Cream Vermifuge, the children's tonic. It will stimulate and facilitate the digestion of their food, so that they soon become strong, healthy and active. 25c at J. H. O'Reilly & Co.

### Killed at Mine.

J. S. Corney, a former grocery clerk of El Paso, who engaged in the mining business in Durango, is said to have been murdered by Mexicans in a camp forty miles west of Guadalajara. The difficulty which provoked the murder arose over a mining claim.

Corney lived for two years in Socorro county, New Mexico.

### Constipated Bowels.

To have good health, the body should be kept in a laxative condition, and the bowels moved at least once a day, so that all the poisonous wastes are expelled daily. Mr. G. L. Edwards, 142 N. Main st., Wichita, Kansas, writes: "I have used Herbine to regulate the liver and bowels for the past ten years, and found it a reliable remedy." 50 cents at J. H. O'Reilly & Co.

Allotment for New Mexico National Guard.

The secretary of war has notified the

adjutant general of the national guard of the states of Colorado and Wyoming and of the territory of New Mexico that the following apportionments of funds for the equipment and maintenance of the national guard there have been made: Colorado, \$6,327; Wyoming, \$6,327; New Mexico, \$5,516. It is expected that another apportionment will be made before long.

### Hot Weather Weakness.

If you feel fagged out, listless and lacking in energy, you are perhaps suffering from the debilitating effects of summer weather. These symptoms indicate that a tonic is needed that will create a healthy appetite, make digestion perfect, regulate the bowels and impart natural activity to the liver. This, Herbine will do; it is a tonic, laxative and restorative. H. J. Freegard, proprietor Grand View hotel, Cheney, Kan., writes: "I have used Herbine for the last 12 years, and nothing on earth can beat it. It was recommended to me by Dr. Newton, Newton, Kan." 50c at J. H. O'Reilly & Co.

### FOR SAFE KEEPING.

### Prisoners Charged With Murder Taken From Raton to Las Vegas.

Governor Otero took prompt action to prevent a lynching at Raton of the men charged with the killing of Night Marshal John Jones. Thursday afternoon he sent the following telegram to J. Leahy, district attorney: "Just learned of the serious condition existing in your city resulting from the killing of Marshal Jones. I expect you to see the sheriff in my behalf and have him use every precaution to prevent any violence. I sincerely trust that the citizens may not resort to any act that would cast a blot on the good name of our territory. Our courts are strong and well able to handle such cases, and the citizens should show their confidence in the courts, insisting upon the law being upheld. Mob violence would only be adding to the crime already committed."

MIGUEL A. OTERO, Governor.

Yesterday morning the following reply was received from the district attorney: "No danger of mob violence by Raton citizens, but rumors that outside parties were coming here caused the sheriff to remove the prisoners to Las Vegas."

### For Over Sixty Years

An old and well tried remedy. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

### LAS VEGAS LIE.

### People Up There Circulate Report That Albuquerque is Washed Away.

George E. Roe, district freight and passenger traffic agent for the Santa Fe, with office at El Paso, passed through the city this morning en route home from Las Vegas. Mr. Roe said this morning that in Las Vegas yesterday it was reported that Albuquerque was washed away; that the river had broken loose and was making a new channel right through the middle of the city. He was surprised to find this morning that the city was intact and that there was less damage done here by flood than at the Meadow city.

No one would ever be bothered with constipation if every one knew how naturally and quickly Burdock Blood Bitters regulates the stomach and bowels.

### SCHOOL BOARD MEET.

### Matters of Importance Transacted and Teachers Appointed.

The school board held a special meeting last evening in the board's room at the Central school.

Otto Diegmunn was elected to fill the unexpired term of C. W. Ward. Miss Mabel Fitch, who for the past year has been special teacher of music in the Central high school, was appointed special teacher of music and drawing in all departments. Miss Ida Moore, of Sioux Falls, Iowa, was also appointed a teacher. Several other vacancies will be filled at the July meeting of the board.

President Hopkins and Messrs. Alger, Keen, Isherwood, Pratt, Newman, Superintendent Stroup and Clerk Hickley were present at the meeting.

A blessing alike to young and old—Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, nature's specific for dysentery, diarrhoea and summer complaint.

### The Washout South.

Considerable damage to railroad property in New Mexico is the result of the recent rains and the flood water now rushing down the Rio Grande. The Santa Fe has suffered severely.

The washout on the Rio Grande division, which delayed trains from the south yesterday and today, was three-quarters of a mile south of Limetar, a small station north of Socorro. The gap in the grade under the tracks was about ten yards long and caused by the breaking of an aqueduct. The water



Every woman in the country ought to know about

### Mother's Friend

Those who do know about it wonder how they ever got along without it. It has robbed childbirth of its terrors for many a young wife. It has preserved her girlish figure and saved her much suffering. It is an external liniment and carries with it therefore, absolutely no danger of upsetting the system as drugs taken internally are apt to do. It is to be rubbed into the abdomen to soften and strengthen the muscles which are to bear the strain. This means much less pain. It also prevents morning sickness and all of the other discomforts of pregnancy. A druggist at Macon, Ga., says: "I have sold a large quantity of Mother's Friend and have never known an instance where it has failed to produce the good results claimed for it."

A prominent lady of Lambert, Ark., writes: "With my first child I was in labor from 24 to 30 hours. After using Mother's Friend, my seventh was born in 4 hours."

Get Mother's Friend at the drug store, 50c per bottle.

THE BRADFORD REGULATOR CO.

Write for a Free Illustrated Book, "BEFORE BABY IS BORN."

was dammed and the track cribbed up sufficiently strong to let trains pass over it today.

It was reported on the streets this morning that the grades of the Santa Fe cutoff in Abo canyon had suffered severely and that great damage had been done there by a flood of water coming down the Abo arroyo. City Attorney J. H. Stingle arrived this afternoon from Abo, but had heard nothing of the rumored flood in the Abo canyon. The river is in its banks there and the only damage resulting from the high water is a small loss to down alfalfa.

Cures croup, sore throat, pulmonary troubles—Monarch over pain of every sort. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil.

### NO WORK DONE.

### Rain Has Interfered With Scenic Road Construction at Las Vegas.

The inclement weather of the past week has prevented actual work from being commenced at the Las Vegas end of the "Scenic Route" road. The heavy rains have put the ground in excellent shape for beginning work as soon as the weather clears. The men have been taking it easy during the week and have enjoyed the outing. The work has been put in charge of Foreman Eli Caldwell.

It's a mistake to imagine that itching piles can't be cured; a mistake to suffer a day longer than you can help. Doan's Ointment brings instant relief and permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

### PLENTY OF RAIN.

### Put the Country and Stock in Fine Condition, Says W. H. Greer.

W. H. Greer, the well-known manager of the Victoria Land and Cattle company, came in from the south this morning, and is here on some important land grants. He reports rains every evening since the first of June in southwestern New Mexico, and says the country and stock were never in better condition than now. Mr. Greer will remain in the territorial metropolis for a couple of days.

### TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature

### NEW SUPERINTENDENT.

J. K. Allen of Carson City, Nev., is expected tomorrow evening to take charge of the Government Indian School in this City.

Indian Supervisor A. O. Wright, who has charge of the school for the past three months, will then leave for the Pine Ridge agency in North Dakota, where he will hold a teachers' institute. Then he will go to Boston to attend the national Indian Institute. Uncle Sam's bronze boys and girls here are arranging a fine exhibit of literary and industry work to be sent to the "Hub," and there is no doubt but what it will compare favorably with those from any other Indian school in the country.

### The Best Cough Medicine.

I sell more of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy than all similar preparations put together and it gives the best satisfaction of any medicine I ever sold. I guarantee every bottle of it.—F. C. Jaquith, Inland, Mich. This remedy is for sale by all druggists.

It is reported from San Francisco that the Southern Pacific will abandon the pay car, and pay off all employees by check. If this is done the employees should get their pay a week or so earlier than they have heretofore.

### REPLY TO SKINNER.

Rev. Thos. Harwood Reviews Progress of Territorial Schools.

### FALSITY OF SKINNER'S ASSERTIONS.

Rev. Thos. Harwood, who has devoted many years of his life to the missionary work of the Methodist church in this territory, writes an able reply to the slander on New Mexico uttered by Rev. Norman Skinner, of the Presbyterian church of Las Vegas. In El Abogado Christiano Rev. Harwood says:

We are not in the habit of making any unfavorable reference to our Presbyterian brethren or their work in this territory, for in one sense our work is all one and we have always given them credit for doing a good work, but when one of their principal men, away from home, before a body of probably more than 700 of the most select preachers any laymen of their church, strikes such an unlooked for blow at New Mexico, her people, our missionary work and statehood, we would not be true to the Mexican people, the American people, the church work and territory did we not resent it. The following is said to be an exact statement made by Mr. Skinner at the general assembly of the Presbyterian church, recently held in Los Angeles, Cal., and said to have been reported by one of their own stenographers. We have looked for and waited for a denial or some explanation of what is reported as having been said by him and as a greater part of a month has passed since his address was made and it has been in almost all the papers in New Mexico, both English and Spanish, we infer that there is no denial of any part of the address or explanation to be made, and hence we give the following as a part of his address referring to New Mexico, with comments:

"I shall endeavor to speak the very last thing they want to hear in my country, the truth. They are afraid of it, or dodge it, or deny it. We have a population of 200,000, 100,000 Mexicans."

"Not 10 per cent of the Mexicans have any education whatever; all are looked upon with contempt by the whites."

"We have no common schools that are worthy the name. Public instruction is the vilest farce and whole families of all conditions are being brought up in absolute ignorance. I prophesy that it will take fifty years before we have any adequate system, and during that time charity is all for which we can hope."

"There is in this country brethren, with its 90,000 poor, illiterate children, bought and sold like cattle at every election and at lower prices, into whose hands you propose to put the ballot of citizenship. Why, statehood is the very last thing that is wanted out there by men with public wealth at heart. Pernicious private influences sought it, but my prayer, morning, noon and night, is, from statehood, from corporate influence and from Matthew Quay, oh Lord, deliver us."

"Not 10 per cent of the Mexicans have any education whatever." So said Mr. Skinner.

The above statement was very nearly true thirty-four years ago when Mr. Skinner's church and some others began their school work in New Mexico, but if it is true now why call for more schools? Mr. Skinner says "the churches must put in more schools." But why, if the mission schools have had all these years have not reduced the per cent of illiteracy? Or did not Mr. Skinner forget himself when he said that "not 10 per cent of the Mexicans have any education whatever," and imagine himself back over a quarter of a century ago? Why could not Mr. Skinner see that he was turning his battery upon his own ranks and injuring his own cause? His church reports twenty-three schools in New Mexico, forty-six teachers, 1,525 students, and \$23,472 expended last year; but what does it avail if the illiteracy stands the same as when or before such work was commenced? And the Methodist Episcopal church reported last year thirteen schools, nineteen teachers, 305 scholars; the Congregationalists six schools, eleven teachers, 338 students; the Baptists four schools, fourteen teachers, 233 students; total for all the Evangelical churches, forty-six schools, nine teachers, 2,401 students, all at an expense of \$55,620. Why keep up all these schools at such an expense, if the illiteracy of the territory is not being reduced? The Roman Catholics have eighteen schools, sixty-seven teachers, and 1,754 students.

Is it not strange that out of that vast Presbyterian host of 700 ministers and commissioners to that 115th assembly, representing a church of 7,523 ministers and a membership of 1,023,338 and 500,000 young men and women of the Christian Endeavor society, that some one does not inquire of Mr. Skinner, "what becomes of all the



money we are spending down there, if it be true that, after all this, 'not 10 per cent of all the Mexicans have any education?' We are sure that the missionary authorities of our own church would call us down and out and home (if we had any homes to go to) if for the third of a century no progress had been made on the line of education.

Also here are our public schools. If Mr. Skinner imagined himself back a third of a century, or 1870 or 1872, he was about right. We had no public schools until about 1872. At that date, this writer had been advocating the public school system in the face of a strong opposition for three years. At that time, or 1870, the census showed the per cent of illiteracy to be 85 over ten years of age.

Of course the first public school law was a poor one, and the first public schools were poor ones, but they were the best that could be had at that time. They were better than none, and they have been improving ever since. The mission schools were just what the territory needed at the beginning. These with good teachers soon showed the people what schools would do for their children and opened the way for the public school, and these with the incoming of the American people have had reduced the illiteracy very rapidly. From 85 per cent of illiteracy in 1870 to 65 in 1880; and then to 44½ in 1890, and last to 32 in 1900, and as is believed by the superintendent of public instruction, to a much less figure than the above, and yet we are told by Mr. Skinner that we have no "common schools that are worthy the name." Surely schools that will reduce the per cent of illiteracy as above shown are not, as he says, "the vilest farce."

"What other states and territories have done better?"

Between 1880 and 1900 New Mexico filled a gap of illiteracy of almost 32 per cent. No other state or territory has done so well.

The governor's report for last year shows that New Mexico, October 1, 1902, had 710 schools, 1,977 teachers employed, and had expended \$747,508.71. Of the above number of pupils enrolled, 7,593 were enrolled in cities.

Bernalillo county has forty school districts; Albuquerque has five fine school buildings, and why should not we have as good schools as almost anywhere else? A great many of our teachers are from the states. Why should they not teach as well here as there? Can Mr. Skinner see any reason why? If not how can he say there is "not a common school worthy the name," and they are the vilest farce?"

Out of the 1,977 teachers employed in our 710 public schools in New Mexico there surely must be quite a number who were educated in the schools of Mr. Skinner's own church. Why should they not teach a good school? The Methodist Episcopal church is spending but very little money for schools in New Mexico compared with the amount his church is expending, and yet we had at least seven teaching in public schools last year, three county superintendents of public instruction and have had four in the legislature; and if Mr. Skinner's church has done as well in proportion to the amount of money expended and number of teachers employed then there has been quite a per cent from the mission schools in the legislature, school superintendents and teachers, and if we haven't any "common schools worthy the name" we are very largely to blame; but we have good schools or we could not have surpassed all other territories and states in the decrease of our illiteracy.

It is not true that the "Mexican people are looked upon with contempt by the whites." Do you so look upon them, Mr. Skinner? Such statements are calculated to stir up strife among the people, and we are very sorry that Mr. Skinner made such a statement. Many of the Protestant Mexican people speak of such reflections upon them in this way: "The American preachers and teachers come among us, open schools and missions, teach us and our children (we need their instruction), they seem to like us while they are with us, but they go away, make fun of us, abuse us, say many things about us that are not true, and we don't like it." Who can blame them?

As to the charge of "being bought and sold at elections like cattle," we can not answer positively to this charge. We have never dabbled in this kind of business. If Mr. Skinner has he knows better than we. It may be that some low down fellow could be bought, but we don't believe it is a

common thing. We knew a case where it is said that a wealthy Mexican tried to hire men at a big price per day for a few days to fight Americans. He could not find a man. We have heard of several cases where Americans, strong sympathizers with the rebellion of the south, tried to hire Mexicans to use their influence against the United States government. They failed to find their men. The Mexican people, as a rule, were loyal to our government during the dark days of the rebellion. This of itself ought to weigh much with the people everywhere. It was this patriotic spirit that led President Roosevelt the other day, to say, as he was passing from the train to the stand at the Alvarado to address the citizens of Albuquerque, while passing between the open files of his guard of honor, the Grand Army of the Republic, "I know I am safe here." And so he was and so would our loyal government be safe to admit our loyal territory into the Union.

What a compliment the president paid to the old veterans while making his address at the park to the students of the Indian school, still guarded by the same old veterans. "The members of the Grand Army of the Republic stand the highest in my esteem of any of the orders or organizations, because by their valor and sacrifice they made it possible for us to enjoy all the blessings at a nation that we are now in possession of today." If such be the feeling of the chief executive of our great country toward those who were loyal to our flag during the dark days of the rebellion, ought we not to hold in high esteem the people of the territory who gave us, as it is claimed, about one-seventh of its entire population to help save our country from shame?

Neither is it true that "all who have the weal of New Mexico at heart are opposed to statehood." If we have a single preacher, among our forty including local preachers and exhorters in this mission who is opposed to statehood, we do not know who it is. We are sure they all have the "weal of New Mexico at heart."

Do You Enjoy What You Eat? If you don't your food does not do you much good. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is the remedy that every one should take when there is anything wrong with the stomach. There is no way to maintain the health and strength of mind and body except by nourishment. There is no way to nourish except through the stomach. The stomach must be kept healthy, pure and sweet or the strength will let down and disease will set up. No appetite, loss of strength, nervousness, headache, constipation, bad breath, sour risings, rifting, indigestion, dyspepsia and all stomach troubles are quickly cured by the use of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. Sold by H. H. Briggs & Co. and S. Vann & Son.

### HELD FOR TRIAL.

### Jesus Perez Tried to Pass Counterfeit and Is Bountied Over.

Jesus Perez, who was arrested at Ilaeta on June 11 for trying to pass a counterfeit \$5 gold piece, was brought before United States Commissioner Whiting this morning.

He said he hailed from Floresville, Tex., and had been working in a railroad gang on the Belen cut-off. He said he changed some money for a man and in return got the counterfeit, which he tried to get changed by the station master at Ilaeta. Three witnesses from Ilaeta were up and testified. The coin is a face die of the United States, while the back is Mexican. The commissioner decided to hold him for the September term of the district court.

### UPPER PECOS NOTES.

Special Correspondence.

Willis, June 12.—Llewellyn Lewis has returned to his home on the Pecos river, after a short visit to Los Angeles, Cal.

Fourteen days' steady rain has caused much damage on the Pecos river. Many washouts have been reported. In some parts of San Miguel county the crops have suffered considerably from hail.

Marcus Gonzales, aged 48 years, died very suddenly at his ranch near Mzcho. Heart failure is supposed to be the cause. He was considered one of the richest natives on the Pecos river. He carried mail for the rural delivery. A wife and several children survive him.

### Startling Evidence.

Fresh testimony in great quantity is constantly coming in, declaring Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, Coughs and Colds to be unequalled. A recent expression from T. J. McFarland, Bentonsville, Va., serves as example. He writes as follows: "I had bronchitis for three years and doctored all the time without being benefited. Then I began taking Dr. King's New Discovery, and a few bottles wholly cured me." Equally effective in curing all lung and throat troubles, consumption, pneumonia and grip. Guaranteed by all druggists. Trial bottles free, regular sizes 50c and \$1.00.

The gross earnings of the railroads of the United States in 1902 amounted to \$1,588,526,937. Over a million persons were employed in conducting this vast business, and they earned wages and salaries to the amount of \$610,712,000.



**Subscription Rates.**  
Daily Citizen, per year, \$6.00  
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**CONVICTED OF MURDER.**

**Two Arizona Desperadoes Sentenced to Death Penalty.**

"We, the jury, find the prisoners guilty as charged in the indictment, and affix the death penalty." Such was the verdict of the jury in the Goddard murder trial, after a deliberation of only about half an hour after the case had been given to them.

While the case was one of the most important that has been tried in the court at this place for some time, the case had been so well presented in such a manner that it was finished much quicker than it was thought it would be.

There were only seven or eight witnesses examined by the prosecution, but their testimony was absolute and not to be questioned or doubted. Mrs. Goddard, wife of one of the murdered men, who was at the table with her husband when he was killed, positively identified the prisoners as the men who committed the terrible crime. The scene was a most pathetic one, when she pointed out the ruthless slayers of her husband.

Frank Goddard and Milton Turnbull, who were also at the table identified the prisoners as the murderers.

Francisco Rodriguez, the sheep herder who was with them the most of the afternoon on the fatal day, and who saw them go to the house a few minutes before the shots were fired, said positively that the prisoners were the men he was with. Others saw them the next day going south from the scene of the murder, all of which formed a chain of evidence which it was impossible for the defense to break. And while the case was so strong against the prisoners, and Messrs. Anderson and Hicks only had a few days in which to prepare a defense, they made a hard fight.—Prescott Journal-Miner.

**Surveying Line from Silver City to Durango.**

The report has reached Silver City that a surveying party under W. W. Kimball, of Arizona, is working its way from Phoenix to that city in the employ of the Santa Fe railroad. The route which is being surveyed is up the Gila valley from Phoenix via San Carlos to the New Mexican line and then on east to connect with the Silver City branch of the Santa Fe at Silver City. This same route was surveyed by a party of Santa Fe surveyors years ago with the idea of building a line from Silver City to Phoenix and now the company is having the work done over with the idea of constructing the line.

**ON LABOR SITUATION.**

**Lax Enforcement of the Law, He Believes, Is the Weakest Point in the Government Today.**

Marshall Field, one of the largest employers of all kinds of labor in Chicago, gave a dictated interview to the Chicago Inter Ocean, a part of which follows:

"We feel if this agitation continues that labor will be out of employment, for the reason that the employer is now paying as much for labor as it is possible for him to pay and live. We are obliged to look long into the future because of that agitation, since we import our goods from all over the world and make large contracts in advance, even in this country.

"Therefore, I say it is the part of prudence only to look farther into the future than we have heretofore been doing. This prosperity we are now enjoying will not continue unless this agitation can be stopped, and unless labor is willing to continue earnestly at work at the present high prices. These prices must certainly go down as soon as there is any material let-up in business. Personally, I have always been an advocate of good pay, short hours and good, faithful service, trying to keep all our employees thoroughly interested in the business. I have read the president's speech, and I have been much interested in that part of it in which the president warns us to enforce the laws of our country.

"In short, he says that the supreme safety of our country is to be found in a fearless and honest administration of the laws of the land. That, I am sure, voices the sentiment of every good citizen of the United States. Certainly, the weakest point in the government of the country today, and the one that is destined to bring us the greatest trouble, unless we have an immediate change, is the lax enforcement of the law. The trouble is that the young people of the land are growing up to have no respect for law and order, and why should they, when they are not made to respect it? There is nothing we need in this country so much, I repeat, with reference to the labor question, as an enforcement of law. I know of my own knowledge that we would have had a

much greater increase in manufacturing industries in Chicago during the last five years had it not been for labor troubles in Chicago. Why should manufacturers come here when they can go elsewhere and have very little or almost no trouble?"

**CATTLE SHIPMENTS.**

**Over a Thousand Head Shipped the Other Day from Deming.**

On last Sunday A. W. Wilson & Co., which is a local firm that is destined to cut a large figure in the shipping of cattle from this section in the future, loaded 1,122 head of cattle that were shipped to Denver, where they will be disposed of either on the open market or placed in pasture, as the surroundings may justify on arrival there.

The firm consists of A. W. Wilson and Judge Seamon Field, either of whom are too well and favorably known throughout this entire western country to require any further comment at this time.

The cattle were bought from the following cattlemen of this and Grant counties: Bragaw & Potter, upper Mimbres, 477 head; T. R. Kerr, Cambridge, 360 head; Frank Hoffman, Cambridge, 82 head; Wilson Bros., Deming, 203.

Judge Seamon Field started on last Tuesday night over the Santa Fe and will arrive in Denver in time to attend to the placing of this shipment to the best advantage.

Baker Bros., W. J. Wamel and several others in the southern part of the country are now busily engaged in rounding up and will make a drive to this city for shipment in a day or two.

A. J. Watkins on Wednesday last purchased the entire interest of his son, Reed Watkins, in the cattle now running on the range of Watkins, southwest of this city.

**For Fall Delivery.**

So far the Victorio Land and Cattle company has contracted upwards of 1,000 steers, which will be shipped to their California pastures this fall.

These cattle were contracted by W. H. Greer, the manager of the company and are from the following ranches: T. L. and W. J. Stockton, Martin & Sloan, M. F. Fleming, Mullin & Whitmire Bros., T. N. Hawkins and others from the Gila river country.

As there is every assurance of a good season in California this year, this is probably but a small number of what will be taken out of this country by this firm during the fall months, as they always ship when the conditions are favorable.—Deming Headlight.

**Engineer Killed.**

A telegram was received in El Paso stating that E. C. Kline, an engineer on the Mexico City division of the Mexican Central, had been killed in a railroad accident. He was known here to a number of railroad men. His home is at Los Angeles. The body will be shipped via Elgin Pass and El Paso to California. A widow and child survive the engineer.

**CARD PARTIES GAMING.**

**Members of Many Women's Clubs Are Declared Gamblers by an Illinois Grand Jury.**

The grand jury of Williamson county, Illinois, has passed the following resolution against the practice of playing cards and other games by the various women's clubs of that county for prizes, holding that such games are gambling within the meaning of the law:

"Whereas, This grand jury has sought to check public gambling; and

"Whereas, It has been brought to the knowledge of this grand jury that organized clubs composed of women, many of whom profess to be leaders in church work and mothers of grown-up children, meet weekly and engage in parlor games for prizes, some of considerable value; therefore, be it

"Resolved, by this grand jury, That such games are gambling, strictly within the law, offensive to public morals, evil in their example and amenable to law; be it further

"Resolved, That this grand jury in leniency call the attention of our citizens to this violation of the gambling act, and in mercy refer the matter to future grand juries for action should the practice continue; we the present grand jury, abhor the state of affairs existing in this county; that we find the government of the cities and the villages in the county have been unfaithful in discharging their duties in regard to the gambling law, and that we refer it to future grand juries to take strict action on such officials as fail or refuse to perform their duty."

**Flood at El Paso.**

The river today is said to be at a standstill. It fell about three inches last night and then at midnight took a rise, according to the gauge at the customs house scales, and rose three inches.

On the Mexican side above the Santa Fe bridge, the river threatened the jetties last night. This morning the Juarez authorities had a force of prisoners at work repairing the damage and constructing new dykes with tree branches. The river did not encroach to any great extent.—Herald.

**APPEAL FOR STATEHOOD.**

**Picturesque Demand From the People of New Mexico.**

**PRESIDENT PLEASED WITH TABLEUX.**

The desire of our remaining territories to be admitted into the Union as states has been frequently and forcibly expressed in the columns of the press, in congress, and in many other ways. But no method of calling attention to statehood claims has been more picturesque, or, as it may prove, more effective, than the one employed the other day by the citizens of Albuquerque, N. M. President Roosevelt was in that city on his tour to the Pacific coast, and as a president is a very important factor in the enactment of an admission law, a shrewd device was resorted to in order to enlist his interest in such a measure in New Mexico's behalf.

When the president mounted the speaker's stand and looked smilingly over the great crowd that had assembled to do him honor, his eyes could not fail to take in a beautiful and impressive little tableau in the background. Under the dome of a finely decorated pavilion, and within an enclosure, were ranged forty-five of the prettiest little girls of the town, dressed in pure white, each with a star, held by a circlet on her forehead, and each bearing a banneret on which was inscribed the name of one of the states. This bevy of youthful beauties represented the state already in the Union. In front of them and near the gateway stood a stalwart man, wearing a tall white hat, displaying a good deal of the American flag in his costume and representing the guardian of the nation, Uncle Sam. In his extended right hand he held a circlet on which also glittered a star.

Outside of the partly opened gate and at the top of a flight of steps which she had just ascended appeared one more white-robed fairy, no less a vision of grace and comeliness than was each of the others. She wore no star and bore no banneret, but on a sash suspended from her shoulders were seen the words "New Mexico." Her attitude was one of appeal. She was asking for admittance to the charmed inclosure and was reaching forth her hand as if to take the diamond proffered by Uncle Sam. This representative of the territory was Miss Helen Butman, daughter of one of the leading residents of Albuquerque, and a most winsome and intelligent child.

The significant and charming scene aroused the enthusiasm of the lookers-on to a high degree. President Roosevelt, whose fondness for children is proverbial, was delighted with the artistic tableau, and the New Mexicans hope that he has taken deeply to heart the meaning it conveyed and will exert his weighty influence in favor of the passage of a bill admitting New Mexico as a state at the next session of congress.—Frank Leslie's.

**AZTEC AFFAIRS.**

**From the Index.**

We understand the San Juan river has washed away F. M. Hamblet's residence.

The safe for the Aztec bank is on the road and as soon as a few details can be completed, Aztec will have complete banking facilities.

The young people of Aztec sent for lawn tennis paraphernalia last week and now some very pleasant evenings are spent in healthful exercise.

It has rained in this vicinity nearly every day this week and farmers have but little to do except watch the crops grow and figure out the price of hay this fall.

A telegram just received states that Gentry Prewitt won the Howard-Payne college gold medal in elocution. This is not only pleasing because she is our daughter, but because she is a San Juan county girl.

Rev. Arthur Thomas and Miss Ella Whitehead were married at Farmington on Tuesday afternoon, in the Southern Methodist church. The beautiful ring ceremony of the Methodist church was performed by Rev. M. Henry, of Durango, assisted by Rev. Mr. Lewis of Farmington.

Misses Della Martin and Ella King, of Farmington, were passengers on Thursday's stage from Durango. Miss King has just graduated from the Durango high school, having been a student of that institution for the past three years. Miss Martin had been to Durango to attend the graduating exercises, after which the two young ladies visited a few days in Silverton.

**SANTA FE'S OLDEST HOUSE.**

It was Erected in The Ancient City in 1535.

The New Mexican says that the oldest house in the United States, (St. Augustine authorities notwithstanding), was sold yesterday morning and a check for \$500, placed in the hands of Victor L. Seligman yesterday afternoon by Brother Botsulph, head of St. Michael's college in Santa Fe, sealed the bargain.

As all New Mexicans and most well informed people throughout the country know, the oldest house in these United States is situated in Santa Fe, just across the narrow alley from the famous church of San Miguel, which dates from the year 1535. According to the best authorities which we have, the oldest house was built in the year 1533 just two years before the famous church was constructed. It is, of course, of adobe, and the walls are three feet thick at the base with a thickness of fully two feet at the top. The building which contains seven rooms is twelve feet high and until a few years ago the firm dirt blocks of which it is built showed no sign of breaking. Lately, however, it has begun to show its centuries and within the past two years continuous repairs have been necessary to keep the rains and wind from coming in. The walls are still as firm apparently as when they were put up in the sixteenth century but the roof is a ruin. For fifty years the old adobe has been one of the chief attractions for tourists to the capital of New Mexico. It is not known whether the Brothers who manage St. Michael's college propose to tear it down or to add it to the already splendid collection they control.

**SOIL PHYSICIST HERE.**

**Agricultural College Expert to Work Around Carlsbad for a Month.**

Prof. J. D. Tinsley, soil physicist of the experiment station at the Agricultural and Mechanical Arts college at Mesilla Park, and one of the foremost authorities of the United States in that line, arrived in the city Monday evening and will conduct an exhaustive series of observations in the vicinity of Carlsbad for the next thirty days.

Each vacation Professor Tinsley is detailed to different parts of the territory, last year completing the work at Roswell, which covered the matter of drainage, the problem of alkali and such other matters as would naturally come within the sphere of his own of natural science. His reports of the conditions around Roswell were printed and formed a thorough and interesting description of the actual soil facts thereabouts. While for obvious reasons the bulletins were not published by the Roswell papers, they formed the first and only scientific ground work for a thorough understanding of the artesian field, and were duly appreciated as such by the people.

Professor Tinsley is equipped with the finest apparatus known to scientific usage, and he is thoroughly versed in this particular line of work. His services are entirely free, and all farmers or others desiring a determination of soils can have them for the asking, though, of course, the applications will be taken in order of their filing.—Carlsbad Argus.

**Trouble on the Mexican Central.**

The Mexican Central road suffered a severe washout of its tracks below Jimenez. From advices received here yesterday it appears that the company will not be able to operate trains through that point for several days. There is as yet no way to transfer passengers or mails at Jimenez, which means a complete tie up of the line beyond that point.—El Paso Times.

**THE GREAT FAIR.**

**Congressman Hearst and Other Distinguished Men to Be Present.**

The Twenty-third annual New Mexico Territorial fair will be held in this city on October 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17, and it will be bigger and better than ever before. The best exhibit of New Mexico resources ever gotten together will be there.

For the cowboy tournament there will be a purse of \$2,000 hung up; for horse racing \$3,500 and for base ball \$500. Then Congressman William Randolph Hearst, many times a millionaire, owner of several large and influential papers, and with aspirations to be president of these great United States of America, will probably be present a distinguished party of congressmen to see what we are like and to look us over.

They are coming to study us and to see about our fitness for statehood. They won't be disappointed and will go back and vote to give us statehood.

**COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.**

**Met Yesterday to Consider Tax Increases—Meet Next Monday.**

Our county commissioners met at the court house yesterday to hear any objections to increases made by Assessor Albright. Several property owners appeared and kicked, and the commissioners will give them a hearing. The county commissioners are a fair set of men, and those that need an increase on their property will get it, and those that are assessed too much will get a reduction.

Another list has been prepared by the assessor, and the clerk is today sending to the persons that have been raised. The commissioners will will meet again next Monday, at 10 o'clock.

**THE CLIFTON DISASTER.**

**Scene of Horror in Deep, Narrow Canyon in Arizona.**

**DEATH AND DESTRUCTION CAME QUICKLY.**

The Clifton Era says of the terrific cloudburst which last week carried destruction to that town:

In the middle of Tuesday afternoon ominous clouds were seen hovering over the mountains from the New England camp to Morenci, and it was evident that heavy rain was falling. Telephone messages were received from Longfellow and Metcalf to look out for floods, and word was sent up Chase creek, where the principal part of the town of Clifton was located, warning the people to that effect. But few people realized the danger, but little attention was paid to the warning.

In a few moments the happy and prosperous town of Chase creek was partially wiped from existence. The scenes of terror as witnessed by many who were fortunate enough to be in the brick buildings, or who had made their escape and were clinging to the rugged sides of the mountains, were indescribable and can never be blotted from the tablets of memory. Strong men were vainly fighting for their lives as they were carried downward with the flood. Women were seen struggling in the flood, and calling for aid which could never reach them. Aye, and even little children, with their tiny arms outstretched for help, were swept by and within a few feet of men who were powerless to render them assistance. Wreckage and debris would pile against a building or block up the narrow street, causing the water to pile up until its force swept everything before it, crushing strong buildings like egg shells, and hurling the debris with still greater violence against another building which, like its neighbor, could not withstand the force of the compact, and was lifted from its foundation, and dashed into fragments in a few seconds. And so it continued from the upper end of the town of Chase creek to the Frisco river, a distance of probably a mile. How any one, who was on the creek side of the town escaped is a miracle, but hundreds did escape, many of them being mangled and bruised from head to foot. Had this storm occurred in the night time the loss of life would have been appalling.

Within a few moments the worst was over, but the flood lasted for an hour before it commenced to recede, and it was a considerable time after that before any material assistance could be rendered to those whose lives were imperiled in buildings wrecked but still standing.

**KNIVES USED FREELY.**

**Town of Alamogordo the Scene of a Mexican Riot.**

The El Paso Herald says that there was something of a riot in the Mexican section of Alamogordo on Saturday, as a result of which ten men were cut more or less seriously, one of whom was almost disemboweled and now lies at the point of death at the hospital there.

It seems that the Mexican population of the place is divided into factions—those who were born on the other side of the border and those who are natives of this country. There has been more or less hostility between the two parties for some time, which found its culmination Saturday in an argument between two of the men. From words the altercation soon passed to blows and somewhere between thirty and forty of the Mexicans became involved.

Knives were freely drawn and in the melee about ten of the participants were punctured, none of them very seriously with the exception noted above.

**The Elephant Butte Dam.**

A meeting was held at the court house some two months ago for the purpose of taking some action with reference to the building of a dam by the government at Elephant Butte. The meeting was well attended by the farmers and business men. A committee was appointed to gather data and raise funds to send a delegate to Washington to present our case and secure an appropriation for the dam if possible.

We were reliably informed at the time that the government was disposed to help us would we but gather the necessary data and present our proposition to the irrigation bureau. This has not been done as yet, and is only another instance where the people of the Mesilla valley have awakened to

make a star play and fall asleep again before the applauding echoes have died away.

The committee has worked, and worked hard, in its endeavor to get the money for this purpose, but so far has not met with much success. Wake up; don't sleep all the time. Arizona put forward the proper effort—and received nearly \$3,000,000 from the government for the purpose of reclaiming her arid lands.

We want the dam, we need it, and must have it if we expect to have a water supply that is permanent and adequate, but we cannot expect a few individuals to accomplish an undertaking of this kind without some assistance.

The Filipinos are the only people that get anything from the government without asking for it, and if you want the Elephant Butte dam you will have to make your wants known, and in a most emphatic manner at that.—Las Cruces Citizen.

**Santa Fe School Bonds Sold.**

The city board of education last evening accepted the bid of C. M. Ellinwood & Co., of Chicago, for the \$28,000 worth of five per cent bonds to be issued for 20 years. The bid was to take the bonds at par and furnish the bonds. All members of the board except Manuel Delgado were present and the bid of Ellinwood & Co. seemed the best. An assessment of two mills on the dollar for interest was fixed, and of five mills on the dollar for general school purposes.—New Mexican.

**HIS PENSION CLAIM.**

**Husband and Wife Mysteriously Work Their Mine.**

One-man mines are few and far between; they are often more imaginative than real. But near Valley Wells, forty odd miles west of Manvel, there is such a mine. It is a horn silver proposition, and Frank Riggs is its owner.

Riggs has had the property for many years, and during all those years he has preserved the greatest secrecy. No living man today knows just what Riggs has. Parties who have been at his place have seen a shaft, and down this shaft there is a drift fitted by a heavy massive door. What lies behind this door is a mystery. But what comes from within can be judged from the periodical shipments made by its owner.

The vein, or what is more probable, the stringer of ore yields silver that only lacks the eagle to pass as currency. It is worked only when funds are needed. In other words it is a veritable mint for its owner.

Some idea of the richness of the ore can be had from the fact that Riggs invariably makes all his shipments by express, paying \$35 a ton charges. Before the California Eastern railway was built he used to bring his ore down to Dagget, California, and ship it from there by express. This was fully twelve years ago.

Riggs and his wife live at the mine. Together they do all the work. Their shipments are prepared with great care. After the ore has been mined it is carefully broken and sorted. That which is shipped is practically pure silver and will run over \$4,000 to the ton.

Riggs and his wife lead a dual existence. About half the year they work their property, Mrs. Riggs working side by side with her husband. Then, after they have made a few shipments, they travel. To paraphrase, object is no money to them. They can enjoy their outings secure in the knowledge that there is more where the present comes from.—Searchlight.

**Press Men Coming.**

The Arkansas Press association is going the last of this month to the Pacific coast for an outing.

Mr. J. W. Adams, of Pine Bluff, Arkansas, who has been spending the winter months in the Duke city, will try to have the newspaper men stop off here, and he believes they will. They are to have a special train and will enjoy life in the broadest term. The most prosperous and enterprising city of the whole southwest will surprise them, and give them something to write about when they get home.

**The Glorious Fourth.**

The Silver City Independent is authorized to deny the report which has in some unaccountable manner received some circulation to the effect that the Fourth of July celebration in Silver City has been abandoned. The report is totally without foundation. Preparations are going forward and have for their only object to make the coming celebration in that place the biggest, grandest and greatest affair of its kind ever had. No one can afford to miss it.

William Farr and family left this morning for California. They will return the last of August.

**COCHITI TUNNEL.**

**Connection Made With the Irrigation Ditch—Total Cost \$8,400.**

**WORK WAS DONE BY INDIANS.**

The New Mexican says that John B. Harper, of Durango, Colorado, superintendent of irrigation for the Pueblo Indians, was in Santa Fe yesterday from the Cochiti pueblo, where he has about completed the construction of a tunnel through a high bluff for the purpose of tapping the waters of the Rio Grande to irrigate the lands of the pueblo. The bluff in question comes to an end at the beginning of the Indians' farm land and they have had an irrigating ditch at that point for a great many years, but were unable to get water at only its higher stages. The ditch could not be made to cut into the river at a higher stage because of the bluff, which is parallel with the stream, in many places projecting over the waters of the river. About a quarter of a mile above the end of the lower end of the bluff the work on a tunnel was commenced last September. The tunnel runs 100 feet back from the stream and parallel with the channel of the river. It is circular in shape, six feet in diameter, and for the last 520 feet is through solid rock. This was blasted through and at the end of 520 feet laminated clay was encountered. This clay ranks with quick sand for danger and difficulty in this kind of work. Through the clay the circle was made larger. It was first timbered to prevent caving and then the timbers were removed a few feet at a time and the hole lined with an eight inch coat of concrete which reduced it to the uniform diameter.

Work through clay does not progress with more ease and speed and less cost than through solid rock, and Mr. Harper states that the fact that the tunnel passed through 200 feet of clay made the project cost \$2,500 more than it would have cost had the entire tunnel been through rock. After leaving the clay the work was mostly open through the remaining 600 feet, but was through solid rock.

At the close of the work the tunnel was connected with the Indians' ditch which was reconstructed and put on to a true grade, it being in many ways defective as it was first constructed hundreds of years ago. The entire work cost the government about \$4,000, of which 75 per cent was expended on the tunnel.

The new tunnel makes the waters of the Rio Grande accessible at all stages. About 2,000 acres of fertile land are watered and irrigated through the tunnel and ditch. The tunnel, which is about three miles above the Cochiti pueblo, will serve the purpose for which it has been constructed for the next thousand years, Mr. Harper states, and will be used this summer, though a few finishing touches are necessary to put it in perfect condition and this work will be done when the waters of the Rio Grande, which are now very high, recede.

About forty or fifty men have been employed constantly on the work since last December. The work was done by Indians who at the beginning were thoroughly unskilled and unacquainted with the use of dynamite. However, thousands of blasts have been fired and not a single accident has occurred through the explosions or through the falling of treacherous roofs.

The tunnel is a quarter of a mile in length, while the old ditch that was reconstructed is two and a half miles long.

**PASSED OVER.**

**Charles Bulger Dies of Consumption at the Sanitarium This Morning.**

Charles Bulger, a popular young man of thirty-five years, passed over the river this morning to his reward in the great beyond.

He died at the St. Joseph's sanitarium between 12 and 1 o'clock of consumption. The deceased came here about a year and a half ago for his health from Fort Wayne, Ind. His wife arrived here a few days ago to be with him in his last hours. During his stay here Mr. Bulger made many friends. A. Borders took charge of the remains, and they will be shipped tonight to his old home. His wife will accompany them. She has the sympathy of all in her sad hour of trial.

**Police Court.**

A stranger drank too much of Albuquerque fire water last evening, and got mixed up in a row. He flourished a revolver, and this morning Judge Crawford fined him \$60, which he paid.

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*This signature, E. W. Brown*