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Albuquerque Weekly Citizen, 05-23-1903

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Weekly Albuquerque Citizen

VOLUME 11

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, SATURDAY, MAY 23, 1903.

NUMBER 89

Territorial Topics

GALLUP.

From the Republican.

Mrs. Gregory Page returned from Los Angeles.

The election at St. Michaels on May 5 resulted in 12 to 1 in favor of no license.

Charles Jones, who is running a saloon five miles south of Thoreau, is in town.

E. L. Watkins has been appointed deputy county recorder in place of L. L. Henry, resigned.

Ray Aldrich has returned home from Las Cruces where he has been attending the military school.

All the stores of Gallup have signed an agreement to close their places of business at 7 o'clock p. m., and Saturdays at 8 p. m.

H. Neumann, of the Zuni mountain Lumber and Trading company, Guam, was in town. While here he purchased one of those popular Victor talking machines.

Mrs. John C. Patterson, who has been spending the winter in Las Cruces and Albuquerque, arrived here and will spend a few weeks with her son, Rev. George Leo Patterson.

Cormack Kennedy, of Winslow, is here on a visit to his brother, John, the Railroad avenue merchant. Cormack used to live in Gallup, but has been in business at Winslow for some time.

SOCORRO.

From the Chieftain.

Charles, son of Mayor and Mrs. M. Cooney, is recovering rapidly from a severe spell of sickness.

Mrs. Susan Swisher, mother of Dr. Edwin Swisher, is suffering from a severe attack of the grippe.

Prof. Charles T. Lincoln left for Boston. He will return on or before the first of September with a bride.

Dr. Swisher was called to La Joya on Monday afternoon to attend a case of Don Matias Contreras. The young man is suffering from appendicitis.

Procopio Sanchez was brought before Judge Green on a charge of rape and was placed in jail in default of bond for \$10,000. The victim was Piedad, the young daughter of Cristobal Saldaña de Apodaca.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Files expect to leave for Colorado to spend the summer. The many friends they have made during their sojourn in Socorro will be glad to know that Mr. and Mrs. Files will return in the fall.

Negotiations are on foot between Captain Matthews and certain citizens of San Marcial looking to the connecting of that city and Socorro by telephone. If such a line is established, side lines will probably be run out to Rosedale from San Marcial and to Carthage from San Antonio.

SAN MARCIAL.

From the Bee.

There never has been a time in the history of the town when common help of all kinds was as scarce as it is at present.

The Socorro telephone system is being extended to San Antonio, and there is to be no delay for the poles are now being placed in position.

Dr. C. G. Cruikshank will leave for St. Paul about the 5th of June in the capacity of supreme representative to the A. O. U. W. supreme grand lodge gathering. The doctor has officiated in this connection for a number of years.

During the past week Dr. C. C. Cruikshank performed successful operations on three patients. A Mr. Vilgil, of La Luz, was operated on for necrosis of the bones of the foot. Mrs. Sam Vivian and Mrs. W. W. Jones permitted the use of the knife for internal complications. R. J. Nesbit was the doctor's able assistant.

DEMING.

From the Headlight.

G. N. Petty will hereafter be found behind the counters of the gent's furnishing goods store of Clarke & Kelly, at the postoffice. Guy is well and favorably known, especially in the handling of this class of goods.

C. A. Ament left for Colorado, where he has large contracts with Orman & Crook. Mr. Ament expects to return about the first of June, when he will take Mrs. Ament and children to Colorado to spend the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Weed, of Brooklyn, N. Y., relatives of Richard Hudson, spent the latter part of last week at the ranch of Mr. Hudson and were very much interested in the western manner of handling cattle. They left for home yesterday.

Deming, aside from being a great health resort, since the National sanitarium will be located here, also will

be one of the leading cities in New Mexico having a large membership of each of the popular secret orders. Col. J. G. Albright is at present associated with the deputy inchoance, Hon. Lee Herman, in the organization of the Red Men lodges in the southwest. This is one of the oldest fraternal orders in the United States and is growing in membership at the rate of 15,000 per month. Mr. Albright arrived in the city and soon after making his business known to leading business men and citizens who knew of the order's popularity and benefits, he became assured that a fine tribe of Indians can be organized here. The gentleman proceeded to get signatures and is now assured of a large membership which will be fully organized within the next week.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Moher, on Thursday, a twelve-pound boy. Dr. Cassels is in attendance.

Mr. and Mrs. Barton entertained Professor Richards of the Agricultural College at Mesilla Park and the teachers in attendance at the institute, last Wednesday evening.

Great rain, that of Friday afternoon. If the weather clerk continues in future years as he has done this year our cattlemen will be able to turn their cattle ranges into wheat and corn fields. The rain Friday, while not heavy, will do the ranges a world of good.

Dr. J. C. Hoffman, the celebrated brain and nerve specialist of Chicago, has been the guest of W. H. Greer for the past week. Dr. Hoffman owns a fine stock ranch and bunch of cattle at Cambray and comes out frequently to inspect matters.

There has been a teachers' institute in session for the last two weeks, the meetings being held at the public school building in this city after the close of each day's session. Professor Barton being in charge. Several teachers from a distance have been in attendance and all have derived much benefit.

The Deming Real Estate and Improvement company will at once move their office to the Deckert block on the west side of Gold avenue, opposite the Adelphi club rooms. Workmen are busy putting the rooms in shape and by the time the national sanitarian committee arrives, as they will the first of next week, the company will have nice new quarters in which to receive them.

Those of our citizens who leave to attend the annual reunion of the Confederate Veterans at New Orleans which convenes on the 21st of this month are John Lester and daughter, J. R. Kerr and two daughters, Birdie and Marie. The ladies are going as maids of honor and sponsors for the Pacific division, while Mr. Kerr and Mr. Lester are delegates from Pap Price, Camp No. 773, of Deming.

Last Wednesday two men, named Rodgers and McKnight, claiming to hail from Oklahoma, were arrested by Sheriff Foster and Capt. Oglesby about eighteen miles west of Gage station for stealing guns, pistols and other property from a section house on the Southern Pacific road west of here. They were examined Thursday by Justice of the Peace Edward Pennington and bound over to await the action of the grand jury.

From the Graphic.

Miss Marie Tuston, of the Upper Mimbres, spent several days last week visiting with her sister, Mrs. William Foster, of this city, but has returned to her home.

James Carroll, well known to all the old residents here as an old timer in Deming, returned from England and has been visiting with friends here whom he has not seen since 1886.

Last week a boy 19 years old, Green Watson by name, roped a mountain lion near Hachita, just across the line in Grant county which measured eight feet in length. The specimen is a fine one and the boy and his relatives are justly proud of his achievement.

J. B. Hodgdon has on exhibition at his store a piece of mineral that comes from the bottom of the shaft of the Hancock mine in the Tres Hermanas. The chunk weighs forty pounds and is as full of good mineral as some dogs are of fleas. Last Wednesday the vein at the bottom of the shaft showed twenty inches of this fine mineral and was gaining in depth at every shot. All of this only goes to show that good mines are not always at the grass roots and that it requires perseverance and grit to find them.

WHITE OAKS.

From the Eagle.

Dr. A. G. Lane is going to New Orleans to attend the reunion of the confederate veterans, which convenes there on the 25th inst.

White Oaks, for the time being, is without a preacher. Rev. Sampson has returned to Albuquerque and Rev. Hamilton has gone into the newspaper business.

J. E. Wharton went to Capitan last week to assist in the prosecution of Timoteo, Isidro and Francisco Analla charged with arson in the burning of the store and stock of goods of M. A. Wharton & Co. at Hondo. The store was burned on the morning of April 29th. The building and stock, amounting to eight or nine thousand dollars, was a total loss. The Anallas have a store and saloon only a short distance from the store they are charged with burning, and the motive was to destroy opposition. The proof was strong against them and they were held to await the action of the grand jury and bail was fixed at \$5,000 each. They were taken to jail.

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

It is Nearing the Close of its School Year.

SOME INTERESTING COLLEGE NOTES.

Special Correspondence.

Mesilla Park, N. M., May 19.—The Agricultural College here is nearing the close of its school year. In a little over three weeks it shall have terminated one of the most successful years in its history, both in regard to attendance and the character of the students. A greater part of the territory has been represented than before, and its work has become more widely known. Next week ends the third terms work, and examinations covering the three months just past will occupy the last three days of the week. The following week will be commencement week, and indications point to its being a very interesting and successful one. Prominent men well known for their abilities as speakers have been engaged to deliver the various addresses, such as the baccalaureate sermon address before the Columbian Literary society, and commencement address.

A feature of the week will be the competitive drills in the military department. There are to be three drills—one for the best drilled private, one for the best drilled squad and one for the best drilled company. The best drilled private and the corporal of the best drilled squad will each receive a gold medal suitably engraved. The winning company receives the right to carry the colors for the coming year and its captain will be major of the battalion for the ensuing year. The order of the competition is something as follows: Privates knock-out drill, corporals' squad drill, battalion review and inspection; captains to toss for the command, companies to drill in turn in the movements prescribed by the judges; battalion parade, formation of the battalion and announcement of the winners, winning company to take right of line, battalion to pass in review before the judges, commanded by the winning captain; dismissal.

The flags for which the companies are striving for came a few days ago and are certainly worth striving for. The battalion foot colors is a large silk crimson banner, having on one side the seal of New Mexico worked in colors, the other side the words "Battalion of Cadets" also worked in color. The other banner is a United States silk stars and stripes with the letters of the college worked on it. Two other flags were received which are to be floated from a seventy-foot pole in front of the main building.

A short time ago Major Irons from the inspector general's office inspected the military department and his report has just been received in Washington. In it he praised very highly the work that has been done this year in the formation of the department and the progress of the boys in the matter of drill. For the past few days the companies have been drilling in firing and target practice. A number of the boys have shown themselves quite proficient in hitting the "bull's eye."

Considerable interest is being taken by the track boys in preparing for the second annual intercollegiate track meet, which is to come off the 30th of this month at Albuquerque. They are working hard and hope to carry off whatever trophies there may be. The team which goes will probably be chosen from the following who took part in the local field day: Pelphrey, Metcalf, Deemer, Ramirez, Newberry, Priest, Bouts, Hughes and Brown.

The station is sinking another well for continuing the pumping experiment. The well used in previous tests was a six-inch one; the new one is a twelve-inch one. This investigation still creates interest among all those interested in the development of the farming lands of New Mexico.

PRESIDENT RIPLEY

President E. P. Ripley and Third Vice President J. W. Kendrick of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, were in the city about twenty minutes this morning between trains while en route east from a trip to the coast.

Mr. Ripley was seen by a Citizen representative and consented to an interview.

Mr. Ripley is the chief official of the Santa Fe system and what he says about things concerning railways can be relied on. He stated that he and Mr. Kendrick had been on a tour of the coast lines and had covered the coast from southern California to as far north as Portland. They found the coast lines doing a nice business

and road beds and equipment in good condition.

When asked about the Santa Fe cut off and how work was getting on in its construction, the veteran railroad man said that was all right as far as he was informed, but he let such things alone when they were in the hands and under the supervision of contractors like the well known firm of B. Lantry Sons.

The Harvey curio department and officials of the Santa Fe friendly toward this attractive and worthy department of the Harvey system have been making an effort to have the California limited stop at the local station longer than it does now, thus giving the passengers on it, which passengers are the largest buyers in Indian curios, plenty of time to visit the Alvarado and curio rooms.

It seems that the officials of the eastern grand division are willing to grant a stop here of more than twenty minutes and that the officials of the coast lines object. They base their objection on the fact that the flyer gets into San Francisco too late now and that the time between there and Chicago should be shortened instead of being lengthened.

Arthur G. Wells, general manager of the coast lines, accompanied Messrs. Ripley and Kendrick as far as Albuquerque, and is spending the day here.

It was surmised that the lay-over proposition had been under discussion by the three officials, and the question was put to Mr. Ripley. He hesitated some before answering but finally admitted that the matter had been fully considered and that the wishes of the west end officials would probably be gratified. The flyer will only stop here twenty minutes as in the past.

SANTA FE.

From the New Mexican.

Professor R. R. Grant, who was the principal of the Santa Fe high school during the past year, has resigned to accept a better paying position.

A number of the leading business men of this city gave a smoker at the Palace hotel in honor of Senator W. H. Andrews, General Manager W. S. Hopewell and their eastern friends.

J. Conklin, who has been employed at Fischer's drug store for the past year, has resigned and will go to Albuquerque, where he will accept a similar position with B. Ruppe.

S. H. Elkins, the postmaster of Columbia, Mo., who has been in the city for some time on business, departed for Silverton, accompanied by J. H. Vaughn, territorial treasurer. The two have valuable mining interests at that point.

J. Gundelfinger, manager of the Orendorck Live Stock company at Lamby, drove into town recently and was here during the day attending to business. He reports that the kidding of the extensive goat herds on the property of the company is about completed and that the increase will amount to about 65 per cent.

The following marriage has been recorded at the office of the probate clerk and ex-officio recorder of this county: Miss Berta Rogers, of Cerrillos, and Samuel H. Sperry, of Madrid. The ceremony was performed in this city on May 17 by W. A. Cooper, pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal church of Santa Fe, and was witnessed by E. E. Herman and Miss Virgie Herman.

Oscar J. Taeuber, of La Crosse, Wis., treasurer of the Glenn-Wooddy Mining and Milling company, with mines and works at Glenn-Wooddy, about six miles north of here on the Rio Grande, has spent several weeks at the company's works, and returned to his La Crosse home. He is very much pleased with what is being done at Glenn-Wooddy. The ore is a free milling proposition and the works are to be increased so as to have a capacity of 1,000 tons per day. It will, however, take two or three years to bring this about.

The room at the east end of St. Vincent's sanitarium on the first floor is being refurbished. The windows in the room have been enlarged to double their original size.

The board of county commissioners will meet Monday, June 1, as a board for the examination and equalization of tax returns. At the regular quarterly meeting in July, the tax levy for the present year will be made.

Page B. Otero, territorial fish and game warden, returned from a trip to Raton on official business. Mr. Otero states that he has found it necessary to notify parties holding titles to land grants that they have no more right to fish or kill game out of season on their own property than on any one else's land.

The current issue of the Oaks, a magazine published in Chicago, contains an epigram written by A. B. Renchan of this city. The poem relates a legend told to its author by an old In-

honestly made
Levi Strauss & Co's
Copper-riveted
Overalls



dian. The story is told in fourteen stanzas and is very interesting, being written in a charming style. The poem is entitled "The Survivor."

Fruit growers are commenting on the unusual coincidence that it was just one year ago Monday night that this section was visited by a heavy frost. Such heavy frosts as those of a year ago and Monday night are almost unprecedented for this season of the year.

Suit was filed in the First district court for Santa Fe county by Charles L. Bishop, administrator of the estate of the late Martin Quintana, versus Simon Garcia de Quintana, versus Anastacia Garcia, heirs of the said estate which have not been paid. The claims aggregate \$3,443. Suit was also filed by D. Spencer versus the Rio Arriba Coal company and J. H. Crist to recover \$1,000 on a note alleged to have been issued by the company and bought by the defendant.

Base Ball at the Fair.

Attorney M. E. Hickey has been put in charge of the base ball matters for the territorial fair. Five hundred dollars in prizes will be offered. The best teams in New Mexico, Arizona and El Paso will compete in the contest. The Browns of this city hope to carry off the money, and they will come pretty near landing it, too. This feature of the coming fair will be an enjoyable one.

The Macphersons Entertain.

D. A. Macpherson and wife pleasantly entertained a number of friends last evening at their home. Euchre was played and refreshments served. Miss McDonald and Mr. Berg secured first prize, and Miss Betty Willey and Charles White the consolation prize. Those present were:

Mrs. Mabel Stevens Himoe, Misses Reese, Kennedy, Celia and Edna Gibson, Saint, Stevens, Louise Saint, Fitch, Hunt, Walton, Willey, Summers, Betty Willey, Francis Butts, Ida Summers and Mabel Strong, Messrs. Duncan Bell, Rollin Stevens, Kimball, Charles White, Newman, Elder, Summers, Dunbar, Plead, Wilkerson, Blair, Faber, Panoast, Alger, Hertzog and Berg.

Santa Fe Traffic Agent Here.

George E. Roe, freight and passenger traffic agent for the Santa Fe at El Paso, was in the city this morning between trains while en route from the Pass city to Trinidad, Colo. He was seen by a representative of The Citizen and stated that traffic on the Santa Fe is moving nicely. Mr. Roe seemed to be enjoying good health and chatted pleasantly about things in general. He says that El Paso is booming and that the Santa Fe's business there is all that could be wished for. The ground where the new union depot is to stand is being cleared, and that construction will begin almost immediately. It will be a handsome structure. Mr. Roe will stop in Albuquerque on his return to El Paso.

SHEEP LOSSES.

Over a Million Frozen to Death in Montana.

Helena, Mont., May 21.—Statistics compiled by President T. C. Power, of the state board of sheep commissioners, fixes the total number of sheep lost in the blizzard at 900,000. Up to the time of the storm 600,000 had frozen in the snow of previous blizzards, making a grand total of 1,500,000 lost in Montana since December. At an average of \$2.50 this means a monetary loss of \$3,750,000.

KILLING JEWS.

"Poor Brethren, We Must Kill You. It is So Ordered."

Berlin, May 21.—The singular state of mind of the people of Kishineff, Bessarabia, while they were killing Jews there about a month ago, is described in a letter from a non-Jewish German of Odessa, received by the relief committee here. He said:

"Leaders of hands on entering Jewish dwellings often addressed the occupants good naturedly, saying, 'Poor brethren, we must kill you. It is so ordered.'"

The state of terror of the Jews at Kishineff, the letter adds, continues. A fresh massacre is expected there, and the Jews of Odessa and of all the large towns of Bessarabia are living in hourly dread of death. The whole

province seems to be in a state of fanatical fury against Jews.

The writer of the letter then says: "Excitement is intensified through proclamations distributed in the streets and the tone of bitterly antisemitic newspapers."

Russians say to their educated and tolerant countrymen, who urge keeping peace: "It is the czar's will that Jews be everywhere robbed. Orders have been given that we start again at Pentecost."

Arrangements at Portland.

Portland, Ore., May 21.—Arrangements of an elaborate character have been completed for the reception of the president, who arrives here this afternoon for a stay of eight hours. The streets are tastefully decorated for the occasion and the city is filled with visitors from far and near. The president is to take part this afternoon in the laying of the corner stone of the Lewis and Clarke monument. A drive about the city will also be a feature of the program, and in the evening the presidential party will witness a parade and a display of fireworks.

LAS VEGAS FLOPPER HIT.

Extracts from the Advertiser.

By the time the average person has reached 40 he begins to feel like an old doll that is leaking sawdust through a dozen places.—The Optic.

It is presumed, if the Floptic's editorial column is any criterion, that its contributors have all reached the leaking period.

The Advertiser seems to be quite a thorn in the side of the pedagogical aggregation that has been turned down so bluntly by the leaders of the republican party, to which it tried to annex itself through the back door. It is now singing "Back to the Deistric School, Democratic Party, or Any Old Where." The white elephant is getting obstreperous.

The bargain counter editor at the republican mourner's bench who is installed as the overseer for the newspaper properties at this end of the district, realizes the recent flop was not a wise move. He has incurred the enmity of the democratic followers and lost the support of the republicans and has been turned down on every hand, and seeks to reimburse Papa with hot, vituperative air in lieu of cold shekels. If he wants the barrel opened and the inside workings of his combination exposed he is on a fair road to hit the first rocks in the pathway of amateur journalism.

A GENERAL GUN PLAY.

A Free-for-All Fight Seemed Imminent in Deming.

Monday Robert Herrington and Al Watkins met on the streets of Deming and decided to settle a difficulty existing between them with their fists. While they were exchanging blows, friends of both parties gathered around them flourishing revolvers and it for a time looked as if there would be a free-for-all fight. Sheriff Foster appeared upon the scene and soon quelled the disturbance, but not until two shots had been fired, one of which took effect in Watkins' hip, injuring him painfully, but not seriously. Four men who flourished guns were arrested and fined.

Typographical Delegates.

At a meeting of Typographical Union No. 405, Santa Fe, held Wednesday night, R. H. Bowler was elected as a delegate to attend the annual convention of the International Typographical Union, to be held in Washington, D. C., August 10. M. Lopez was named as alternate. Over 1,000 delegates will be present at the meeting. The Washington Typographical Union, No. 101, composed of some of the best men in the trade in the country, has for several months been making extensive preparations to make the coming meeting excel any ever held. Trips will be arranged to Mount Vernon, and many points of interest in the vicinity of Washington and to the countless points in the city.

Eugenio Romero, collector of San Miguel county, spent Wednesday in Santa Fe on business with General Manager Hopewell of the Santa Fe Central railway. He left yesterday for the Meadow city.

TERRITORIAL TAX LEVY.

The total tax levy for territorial purposes as fixed by the territorial auditor is 16.81 mills on the dollar. The levy is divided as follows: For territorial purposes, 6 mills on the dollar; for territorial institutions, 4.40 mills on the dollar; for charitable institutions, 0.81 mills on the dollar; for Louisiana purchase exposition fund 0.60 mills on the dollar; for payment of interest and 1-5 principal of certificates of indebtedness, 1 mill on the dollar; for provisional indebtedness sinking fund, 0.50 mills on the dollar; for capital building sinking fund, 1.50 mills on the dollar; for support of public schools, 2 mills on the dollar. The levies for the cattle indemnity fund and for the sheep sanitary fund are not included in the total, as they do not apply generally.

GETTING OUT OF DEBT.

Donna Ana county, under a republican county administration, is doing very well and getting out of debt. In this connection the Las Cruces Progress, an excellent weekly newspaper, comments:

"Donna Ana county is getting out of debt. Under a republican administration since the 'shot-gun' days of '96, she has paid about \$50,000 of democratic approved accounts and has paid the running expenses of the county up to date, with a slight difference. If the republicans, when they came in power, had not had this enormous debt to pay, Donna Ana county now would be the best county in the territory, financially speaking. And on that account the people indifferent to political opinion gave the 'reformers' another dose of what they call Castoria down in Venezuela."

THE MERGER STATE.

The Lordsburg Liberal sees many advantages for the people in the making of one state out of the territories of New Mexico and Arizona. The Liberal says that the single statehood theory, so far as appears on the surface, is opposed principally in both territories by the politicians and aspirant officeholders. For the more states there are the more offices there will be and greater would be the opportunities for aspirants to fill them. But the masses of the territories are not looking for offices. They want the advantages that statehood would bring and they want them quick. They know it will be greatly to their interests in the matter of taxes alone to have but one state organization to support representing a grand state, than it will be to support two state organizations of inferior status with enormously increased taxes. This fact is ever before the masses and they are pondering it seriously, and will be ready with their answer when the time comes to consider the proposition of the union of the two territories in one state or no state at all for many years to come.

DEFENDS RODEY.

The Silver City Enterprise defends Delegate Rodey from an ill-tempered criticism by the Silver City Independent. The Enterprise says:

"The mandate issued by the Independent this week ordering Delegate Rodey to secure a geological survey for southwestern New Mexico, no doubt threw that gentleman into the laments when he believed it and it is equally certain that Mr. Rodey, fearing another outburst, dashed off his coat and vest and penned a scorching to the interior department. Not that the cause is not a worthy one, for an examination of the geological formation of this highly mineralized region is something devoutly to be wished. It is not in the asking, but the manner of asking that the Independent pursued the methods of a common scold, intimating that in pursuing the cause of statehood, Mr. Rodey had neglected other causes. People residing on the Lower Gila in this county, and in Arizona, where free rural delivery will be installed through the efforts of Delegate Rodey, know differently, as do also others from this county who have written to this indefatigable worker on any question concerning the public welfare and who have, at least, received prompt answers to their queries. This is more than can be said of some of New Mexico's former delegates."

MEXICO AND MONEY.

The railroads of Mexico seem to be in a bad way financially on account of silver and there is now a scramble on to avert the ruin that is staring these concerns in the face. The annual report of the Mexican Central shows that almost constantly depreciating currency has brought the Mexican railroads to the verge of a grave financial crisis.

Modern Mexico, in commenting upon the situation, declares that the continuance of a 38-cent dollar would mean speedy bankruptcy for the Mexican railroads. In the annual report and editorial referred to, the idea is held out that the only hope is in government aid in establishing an arbitrary rate of exchange which will give the railroads the benefit of a 50-cent stable dollar. There is no concealment of the fact in financial and railroad circles that the situation has for some time been considered grave.

The annual report says that through the depreciation of the Mexican peso

"I had scrofula and erysipelas for eighteen years, until I heard"

Of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery," writes Mr. Hilary Koons, of Queens, W. Va. "When I commenced to take this medicine I weighed one hundred and thirty pounds. I have taken six bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and three vials of his 'Pleasant Pellets,' and am glad to say I feel like a new man. I now weigh one hundred and seventy-five pounds. When I had used one bottle of the medicine I could feel it was helping me. I realize Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is the best medicine on earth."

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery purifies the blood and entirely eradicates the poisons that breed and feed disease. It cures scrofula, eczema, erysipelas, boils, pimples and other eruptions that mar and scar the skin. Pure blood is essential to good health. The weak, run-down, debilitated condition which so many people experience is commonly the effect of impure blood. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery not only cleanses the blood of impurities, but it increases the activity of the blood-making glands, and it enriches the body with an abundant supply of pure, rich blood.

FREE. Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the book in paper covers, or 31 stamps for the cloth-bound volume. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

during 1902, the Mexican Central suffered a net loss in revenue amounting to \$188,964.94, United States currency. This resulted in a net deficit to the company amounting to \$964,422.74, United States currency. Had the average price of the Mexican dollar during 1902 been the average price of 1901, the company would have shown a surplus amounting to \$272,582.29 over and above the charges of the year. This loss is at the rate of \$5,859.53 for every cent depreciation in Mexican currency.

ROOSEVELT ON EXPANSION.

In one of his San Francisco addresses President Roosevelt gave more attention to the subject of expansion than in any other speech of his present tour. Although a man of broad, western spirit, whose course has been directed for years by a sense of a national greatness and individual opportunities, Mr. Roosevelt seems to have been especially inspired by the immensity of the country and its tremendous force in the order of nations when he reached the Pacific coast. He summed up the prospective importance of the Pacific and the relations of the United States to it in these words:

"Now in our day the greatest of all the oceans, of all the seas, and the last to be used on a large scale, by civilized man, bids fair to become in its turn the first in point of importance. Our mighty republic has stretched far across the Pacific and now in California, Oregon and Washington, in Alaska and Hawaii and the Philippines, holds an extent of coast line which makes it of necessity a power of the first class on the Pacific. The extension in the area of our domain has been immense, the extension in the area of our influence even greater. America's geographical position on the Pacific is such as to insure our peaceful domination of its waters in the future, if only we grasp with sufficient resolution the advantages of this position. We are taking long strides in this direction; witness the cables we are laying and the great steamship lines we are starting. We have taken the first step toward digging an isthmian canal which will make our Atlantic and Pacific coast lines to all intent and purpose continuous, and will add immensely alike to our commercial and our military and naval strength. The inevitable march of events gave us the control of the Philippine Islands at a time so opportune that it may without irreverence be called providential."

LABOR AND CAPITAL.

Indications point toward a conflict between capital and labor in the near future, and a conflict the end of which no man can predict. The employers of New York City have organized, and the first thing done was to declare war on all labor unions. This declaration was followed by similar actions in Boston and Chicago and it is expected that the employers in all the big cities will come in to fight the war of the sweat of his brow.

According to telegraphic dispatches, billions of capital will be pitted against labor, for the purpose of crushing the spirit of independence which has always been recognized as strictly American and to bring American labor down to the level of the serf and funky of Europe. The claims of the unions have been declared excessive and unreasonable, even to the organization itself. The keynote of all deliberations, they say will be: "No quarter given; no quarter asked." The possibility of arbitration will not enter into the question. An increase of wages will not be considered for one moment. Combines that have been able to pay 50 per cent. on the money invested can not afford to meet labor with a 5 per cent. increase in salary, and should the employed assert their right and strike, they are to be kicked off the earth.

Organized capital seems to have

overlooked that great doctrine of equality of all men and they are now seeking to oppress, coerce and suppress those who have assisted in making their great wealth possible. They have overlooked the fact that the union is perhaps all that the laboring man has. It is his club, his social organization where he meets and greets his friends, where he discusses the small affairs of life, and where he can in time of need assert that God-given right of a human being that has almost been reduced to a beast of burden. And because the union will assist in the fight for the rights for a few of their number, the combinations of capital have decreed that he shall not exist. These combinations have overlooked the fact that even in his sublimed condition the spirit of Americanism still exists in his breast. He will not submit to outrages, nor will he accept that which the man of millions may cast from his back door and meekly depart, satisfied that he is allowed to encumber the earth. The laboring man is willing to meet the capitalist half way, and even two-thirds of the way in order that difficulties may be avoided and disputes settled. Before the millionaire employers take the step that means a conflict between labor and capital, let them take into consideration the consequences, for it is just such acts and organizations as the one started in New York that breed socialism and makes possible a victory for socialism, and to avoid such a calamity to the country, it is the interest of every employer, large or small, to intercede for the laboring man and for capital itself.

KNOX'S FOURTH VICTORY.

When President Roosevelt decided to continue the McKinley cabinet in office he was severely criticized. It was pointed out that he only real statesman in the cabinet was Secretary Root, and especially was the retention of Attorney General Knox considered unfortunate.

Today this opinion must be reversed, for Mr. Knox's anti-trust victories have placed him on an eminence of his own. He has proven a patriotic public servant and an eminent attorney general.

The fourth of these victories for Mr. Knox and for the Sherman law has just been achieved. The salt trust has been indicted, found guilty and fined for existing as a combination in restraint of interstate trade. The conviction and fining of the beef trust, the Northern Securities decision, and the supreme court finding in the Champion lottery case, which established the right of the government to prohibit interstate trade, are the other victories for the law and the people which Mr. Knox has been chiefly instrumental in winning.

Of course, the attorney general, has been urged on and backed throughout by the president, but unless he had been sincere in his determination to enforce justice, much less would have been accomplished than the record of the last two years shows. General Knox is entitled to unstinted praise, and the efforts that are being made on the part of certain capitalists to belittle his work are not likely to receive any degree of support from the people at large.

SANTA FE.

From the New Mexican.

Miss Mary A. Dissette, supervisor of the Indian day schools, left for Espanola where she will remain a few days.

S. H. Sperry of Madrid, and Miss Berta Rogers of Cerrillos, were married at the parsonage of St. John's M. E. church by Rev. W. A. Cooper.

Abel Gold has just received the largest consignment of Indian baskets ever exhibited in Santa Fe. Some of them are centuries old and are of the following different makes: Jicarilla, Papago, Pomo, Cimó, Felipe, Oashol, Mesquero and Pima.

F. P. Crichton, the contractor, has the contract for the construction of a large store building, 20x100 feet for Mayers and Rueth, merchants at San Juan Indian Pueblo, Rio Arriba county. He expects to commence work on the building next week.

Gerald Griffin of Washington, D. C., arrived in this city Sunday and will be in Santa Fe for an indefinite period. Mr. Griffin is a Washington attorney. He and Norman L. King, chief draftsman at the office of the surveyor general, were friends in Washington and had a pleasant meeting Sunday.

Miguelito, the 15-month old boy of Mr. and Mrs. Miguel Rodriguez, who live on Upper Palace avenue, died of lung fever. The remains will be interred in the Spanish Presbyterian cemetery on the south side. Mr. and Mrs. Rodriguez have the sympathy of their friends in their bereavement.

The New Mexican has received information from Louisville, Ky., that parties in that city, who are owners of large interests in the Piedra Lumbré land grant in Rio Arriba county, will soon institute suit for partition of the grant and after the closing of the suit, establishing their title to a large portion of the grant, will develop the property on an extensive scale.

For Drunkenness, Opium, Morphine and Other Drug Using, the Keeley Cure and the Keeley Institute, Dwight, Ill.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

It is only a few years ago when The Citizen was the only republican daily newspaper in New Mexico.

The democratic party is surely in hard straits if it is forced to nominate Cleveland for president in 1904.

Eleven thousand employees of the government railroad in Australia have struck. Will the government say there is nothing to arbitrate?

The Las Vegas Optic says that the reform league of Albuquerque is a "charmed circle." A sort of high-toned, dress circle concern.

The Citizen has a larger circulation than any other daily newspaper in New Mexico, and expects to keep at the head of the line for several years to come.

All the papers in Denver are urging the people to keep cool, which probably accounts for the cold wave which is sweeping over the Rocky mountain region.

Adolphus Busch, the great brewer, says that he has had so much trouble with labor unions and striking employees that he now favors compulsory arbitration.

It is stated that the new Mexican silver dollars will be legal tender for 50 cents each, and kept at par with gold on that basis by a redemption fund of \$25,000,000 gold in the treasury.

Bryan's Commoner says that the president spent so much time talking about irrigation while in Arizona and New Mexico that his train was always pulled out of the station just as he was about to say a few words concerning the pledge to confer statehood.

The great seal of the United States is to be recast at an expense of \$1,250. The present seal was made in 1885. It has always been in the custody of the secretary of state and is mounted in a large press with sufficient power to impress it upon the thickest parchment.

When the courts fall out what will the people get? At Omaha where a strike prevails the federal court has enjoined the strikers from interfering with the employers and the state court has enjoined the employers from interfering with the strikers. The situation ought to make for peace if nothing else.

The morning sheet, which is owned by a non-resident corporation, and brags of its "independence," has always been an enemy of the republican party. It was "fixed" by the republican leaders two years ago, and gave a half-hearted support to the republican ticket last fall. It now is doing all it can to break down the republican organization in this county, but its influence will not affect a dozen votes.

There is no danger whatever of an overflow of the Rio Grande doing any damage to this city. The river is at present at high water mark, and beyond overflowing the lowlands above Alameda, no further damage will be done. If the people in that vicinity had enough energy to keep a dike in repair they could save several thousand acres of land, but they think this city should bear the expense.

American tourists this year will spend \$100,000,000 abroad, of which steamship companies get nearly one-third.

King Edward has ordered a barrel of whisky from Kentucky. The Kansas City Star recalls the fact that among his two or three dozen titles he is also a colonel.

No sooner had all the newspapers of Las Vegas merged than a new daily appeared and monopoly is no nearer than ever. The El Paso Times says that no newspaper field can ever be cornered for long at a time.

According to a census bulletin recently issued, the cotton crop of 1902 foots up 10,630,945 bales of 500 pounds, with some additions yet to be made before the cotton year ends in August. The total crop of 1902 is larger than the crops of 1901, 1900 and 1899, by from 5 to 14 per cent.

The young counties of Otero and Quay, in New Mexico have before them expensive trials as the result of killings at dives where women were lured. Civilization ought to dispense with such traps says the El Paso Herald, which cost so much to taxpayers, to say nothing of the lives that are lost.

The Pennsylvania libel law, which went into effect a few days ago by the signature of Gov. Pennypacker of that state, is in some respects an extreme measure, which it is believed will work injustice to newspapers in many instances. It seems to be retrogressive rather than in line with the development of newspapers and the utilization of modern means of obtaining information from many different parts of the world.

The last Pennsylvania legislature made a law permitting any city which owns its water plant to sell to a private company. Since then the promoters and agents have been going around the state looking for plants to buy. Among other cities approached was McKeesport. The water commissioners of that town have issued a statement in reply, showing that it made a net profit of \$47,887.68 from its plant last year; that it has an abundance of water and the cheapest service of any third-class city in the state. The McKeesport plant is not in the market.

Strikes are generally wrong and wasteful. There are times when they are the only way, perhaps, to secure redress, just as revolution sometimes supercedes law and is justified by the world's sense of true justice. But by reason of their economic waste, and the immense and irreparable injury always worked to innocent persons, they should be put aside as arguments in a dispute, and used only as weapons in a war. Strikes are even taken in

SCROFULA A DISEASE WE INHERIT.

Scrofula manifests itself in many ways. Swelling of the glands of the neck and throat, Catarrh, weak eyes, white swelling, offensive sores and abscesses, skin eruptions, loss of strength and weakness in muscles and joints. It is a miserable disease and traceable in almost every instance to some family blood taint.



160 South 8th Street, Salina, Kan.

Scrofula appeared on the head of my little grandchild when only 18 months old, and spread rapidly over her body. The disease next attacked the eyes and we feared she would lose her sight. Eminent physicians were consulted, but could do nothing to relieve the little innocent. It was then that we decided to try S. S. S. That medicine at once made a speedy and complete cure. She is now a young lady, and has never had a sign of the disease to return.

S. S. S. is a cure for Scrofula. It cleanses and builds up the blood, makes it rich and pure, and under the tonic effects of this great Blood Remedy, the general health improves, the digestive organs are strengthened, and there is a gradual but sure return to health. The deposit of tubercular matter in the joints and glands is carried off as soon as the blood is restored to a normal condition, and the sores, eruptions, and other symptoms of Scrofula disappear.

S. S. S. is guaranteed purely vegetable and harmless; an ideal blood purifier and tonic that removes all blood taint and builds up weak constitutions. Our physicians will advise without charge, all who write us about their case. Book mailed free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

sport sometimes, and looked upon as vacations. The average workman does not stop to consider the deeper meaning of enforced cessation of industry. But the results are certain to come, in reduced purchasing power, timid capital, lost markets.

The beer handlers may strike, but the beer consumers never boycott the juice.

Another Missouri senator has confessed to hoodluming. Really, this is getting monotonous.

Someone has written an "official" song for Missouri. It will be warbled in many a lonely cell.

It was eight years ago, not seven, that a snow storm on May 30 visited this section of New Mexico.

The comments of the German press are enough to convince the American people that Admiral Dewey is still all right.

By the liberal use of herbs, alcohol, alum, gun camphor and moth balls, it may be possible to preserve Senator Stone's presidential boom until 1908.

Watch the Rio Grande. At certain points along its banks, from Alameda to Isleta, there are weak spots, and they should be guarded by the valley farmers.

Russia has now promised to keep her word. Next week she will give her word to keep her promise. The following week she will agree to do better next time.

"Unfair bread" and "unfair laundering" are terms that have little argumentative weight with the woman whom the strikes force to do her own cooking and washing.

The wealth of the United States accumulates at the rate of \$2,500,000 daily, which is one-third of the world's accumulations. The income of the newspaper men of New Mexico is fearful to contemplate.

The Citizen is read today by more people than all the other territorial daily papers combined. It is the newest and by all odds the best paper published in the territory. Hence its popularity at home and abroad.

In 1904 St. Louis should be able to furnish 100,000 rooms at \$1 a day. The \$1 a day people are the ones that are going to push the attendance at the fair up to 30,000,000. Others who wish to pay \$2, \$3, \$5 and \$10 a day will have ample opportunity.

The Albuquerque edition of the Las Vegas Optic objects to the Citizen saying that "it is the newest paper published in the southwest." A few days before the Optic was enlarged, that paper became nauseating to its readers by lauding itself to the skies in every issue for about a week. It was the Optic's business and no objections were raised to its praises from anyone in Albuquerque.

If you want the news, right up to press hour, see that your name is on the subscription list of the Citizen.

The Las Vegas Advertiser is coming to the front rapidly. It is the official paper of San Miguel county, and deserves all manner of patronage from the republican party of San Miguel county.

After studying and photographing more than 40,000 pairs of ears of persons, including those of 2,000 insane and 800 criminals, and those of 300 animals, an English criminologist is forced to conclude that the ear gives us no clew to personal traits.

Sensational preachers have their innings now. One of them in Oregon, in his last Sunday's sermon, said: "All the world shouted for joy when the news of Christ's birth flashed over the wires." The preacher probably had not heard of the Marconi system of sending messages.

There are in New York three life insurance institutions, two of them mutual associations and one an incorporated organization, whose financial operations practically match those of the United States treasury. They possess resources in the way of cash or quick assets almost equal to those upon which the secretary of the treasury may rely.

The "shot heard around the world" was only a little louder than the drum-beats that echoed it. The Massachusetts legislature has been asked to give to the Lexington Historical society the drum which woke young America on April 19, 1775, that it may be kept with other relics of the battle. It is now in the office of the state adjutant general.

If the present falling off in yard switchmen keeps up within a short time none of the old men will remain.

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says the San Bernardino Sun. Engine Foreman Davidson, Head Switchman Daniel Coyle and Yard Switchman Gutzmer have stepped down and out. Coyle has already departed for the east and Gutzmer has left for Denver. Several other resignations are looked for. So far no new men have been taken on to fill these vacancies.

Romero Injunction Case.

I. B. Hanna, superintendent of forest reserves, and Norman L. King, chief draftsman in the office of the surveyor general, returned Saturday to Santa Fe from Las Vegas where they have been for the past week in attendance at the hearing of the injunction suit wherein Margarito Romero was enjoined from cutting timber in the Pecos forest reserve. Counsel for the defendant endeavored to have the evidence heard by jury but Judge Mills overruled a motion to that effect. The taking of the evidence of the United States in the case was completed Saturday and the injunction was continued until the evidence of the defendant can be heard. No date was set for the hearing of the defendant's side of the case, but it was left with United States Attorney W. B. Childers to name a date when it would be convenient for him for the trial to be resumed.

NEARING HIS TIME.

To Hang for murder at Prescott on June 19th.

The death watch has been placed over Simon Alderete, who will hang on June 19th, sometime between 10 o'clock a. m. and 2 p. m. for a murder committed in Prescott, eighteen months ago. Up to a short time ago the doomed prisoner had but little appetite, but for the past few days he sleeps well and is eating normally. He seems but little affected over the approaching day, and since crying on the day of receiving his sentence, has exhibited no emotion. Although professing christianity he has not asked for the attendance of a minister of the gospel. A stockade will be erected in the rear of the court house which will surround the gallows from which the murderer will hang.

Notary Appointed.

Governor Otero appointed the following notary public: Juan Jose Salazar, Cuba postoffice, Sandoval county.

HARD WORK.

Such is Being Experienced on the Belen Cut-Off.

R. F. Bennett of Albuquerque, who has been in the employ of the Santa Fe, assisting in its Belen cut-off work, arrived in this city yesterday on his way to Los Angeles, where he goes on a business trip, says the San Bernardino Sun. He stopped off in this city to spend the day and enjoy the closing features of the street fair. He states that as many as 1,600 men are now employed by the company in the rock cuts near the Abo Pass. The weather has been very cold in that part of the country of late, ice forming each night. Mr. Bennett says that the water about the camps is very bad and that nearly all of the Americans are leaving the site of operations. In speaking of the work he said:

"The big cut, 130 feet deep, is getting well along towards completion. Some wonder has been expressed that the company did not tunnel here instead of making such a prodigiously deep cut. The reason is that the material is so loose and shaly that the digging of a tunnel would be practically an impossibility. It is an interesting fact that out in Abo canyon there are within a distance of three miles seven big steel bridges of varying lengths. The number of the bridges necessary and the immensity of the excavations make it evident that the cut-off is going to cost all kinds of money, besides being an engineering feat of much note."

S. Horrabin of Thoreau will take twenty-five Navajos back with him to work on the railroad spur now being built from Thoreau to the timber lands of the American Lumber company. About 150 men are at work on the grade now. Horrabin wanted 100 Indians at \$1.75 per day, but could get only twenty-five.

Engines Nos. 681 and 679 were out for trial yesterday after a siege in the back shops undergoing extensive repairs.

OFFICIAL MATTERS.

The following homestead entries have been made: A. Herrera, Rociada, 160 acres in San Miguel county; Leandro Trujillo, Springer, Mora county, 160 acres in Mora county; Martin Granley, Colmor, 160 acres in Mora county.

The following desert land entry has been made: Charles M. Fraker, Ocate, 325 acres in Mora county.

The following coal declarative statements have been made: August Richter, Gallup, W. 1-2 NE, E. 1-2 NE, 1-4 NE, 1-4 section, 4 T. 15 N., R. 18 W., in McKinley county.

Edward Pillars, W. 1-2 NE, 1-4 NE, 1-4 NE, 1-4 section, 4 T. 15 N., R. 18 W., McKinley county.

Joe Stearns, Gallup, W. 1-2 SE, 1-4 section, 4 T. 15 N., R. 18 W., McKinley county.

The following final desert land entry was made: William H. Williams of Artee, 40 acres in San Juan county.

The following sales of coal lands were made at the United States land office, Santa Fe, last Saturday:

Alleta E. Sloan, 155 acres, \$3,107, SE. 1-4 of SE. 1-4, lot 4, section 17, W. 1-2 of SW. 1-4, section 16, lot 12, section 20, township 13, N. R. 6 E. May Huber, S. 1-2 of NW. 1-4, E. 1-2 of SW. 1-4, section 16, township 13, N. R. 6 E. 160 acres, \$3,200. C. R. Huber, N. 1-2 of NW. 1-4, N. 1-2 of NE. 1-4, section 17, township 13, N. R. 6 E. 160 acres, \$3,200. Sarah Stoker Ross, S. 1-2 of NW. 1-4, S. 1-2 of NE. 1-4, section 17, township 13, N. R. 6 E. 160 acres, \$3,200. J. M. Breeden, SE. 1-4, section 16, township 13, N. R. 6 E. 160 acres, \$3,200.

Territorial Funds.

The following territorial funds have been received by J. H. Vaughn, territorial treasurer: From H. O. Bursum, superintendent of the territorial penitentiary, convicts' earnings, \$207.51; from Leopold Sanchez, treasurer and ex-officio collector of Guadalupe county, taxes for 1902, \$103.38.

Territorial Tax Levy.

The total tax levy for territorial purposes as fixed by the territorial auditor is 16.81 mills on the dollar. The levy is divided as follows: For territorial purposes, 6 mills on the dollar; for territorial institutions, 4.40 mills on the dollar; for charitable institution, 0.81 mills on the dollar; for Louisiana Purchase Exposition fund, 0.60 mills on the dollar; for payment of interest and 1-5 principal of certificates of indebtedness, 1 mill on the dollar; for provisional indebtedness sinking fund, 0.50 mills on the dollar; for capital building bond sinking fund, 1.50 mills on the dollar; for support of public schools 2 mills on the dollar. The levies for the cattle indemnity fund and for the sheep sanitary fund are not included in the total as they do not apply generally.

A BAD CHECK.

Passed on the Romero Mercantile Co. by John R. Crane.

A man giving his name as John R. Crane, dropped into the grocery department of the Romero Mercantile company last

Early Times of Albuquerque

ARTICLE VI

REMINISCENCES AND CHRONOLOGY.

The twenty-second anniversary of two important events in our local history might be celebrated tomorrow: The opening of our first hotel and the opening of our street railway. Sunday, May 15, 1881, was a great day. Everybody could ride, and everybody did, and having ridden could enjoy a meal in the then elegant Armijo house.

Work on the street railway commenced on Railroad avenue near the Santa Fe track on March 29 and the first rail was laid on April 23. Originally the grade was made, not in the center, but on the south side of the avenue within a few feet of the sidewalk, the company paying no attention to the protests of property owners until its superintendent, Col. M. Bell, was in an effectual way, informed that he must change the grade to the street center or quit building and go back to New York. The grade was changed. Upon the opening day individual fares were paid in sums ranging from the regular 10 cents to \$10, the people thus signifying their appreciation of street cars over the native's ambulence.

That the Methodists are now about to erect a new church brings the recollection that the present church was built in the summer of 1881. The church was organized in the old town on Sunday, April 18, 1880, and of the original trustees all are dead except T. G. Ames, though to fill a vacancy in June, 1881, Thos. Hughes was made a trustee and he is the only other old time survivor.

It was in this same church building that in October, 1881, the opera Pinafore was rendered by home talent, and of that talent we have but two survivors. Minnie Horner (Mrs. Jesse Miller), who rendered the part of Hebe, and Mattie Howe, (Mrs. W. C. Brown), who made a delightful Little Buttercup. It was a grand success. Its words, its music and its lyrics were, and are, so sprightly and catchy, that if it were reproduced today it would be the event of the season.

Eighty-one was a busy year. Many organizations were perfected and a few of them survive and have surviving organizers.

The fire company was organized October 28. Billy Sanguinette was chief and of the original members there are but R. H. Greenleaf, Perfecto Armijo, T. F. Phelan and the chief. The fire alarm was the voice and the six shooter, and with a scarcity of both water and buckets the labor was arduous. Fortunately there were no serious fires. The fact that we had a day and night town—open all the time—led to the discovery of an incipient blaze and to its extinction.

The Guards organized November 3, and of the original members none but its officers remain. Capt. John Borradale and Lieutenants Wm. Sanguinette and T. F. Phelan.

The fair association dates from the evening of March 15, at Rancho Seco hall in old town. We had baseball enthusiasts then as now. The first club was organized April 2, and the first game played April 16, on grounds near the A. & P. shops, between the town boys and the A. & P. boys. W. T. McCreight, captain and third baseman and W. Y. Walton, catcher, are the sole survivors of the town club. J. H. Kuhns, second baseman for the A. & P. team, is its only present representative. It rained, but the game went on until it rained too hard, when shelter was taken at the A. & P. boarding house and a supper and smoker given the victors, the town boys; score, 9 to 3.

It was but a month after the opening of the Armijo that the Madden house, now the European, was opened, June 14, for dinner.

October 4 records a double mark. The opening of the first fair, and the laying of the corner stone of the Masonic temple, the first Masonic edifice in the territory. We had also the telephone originally between the new and old town express offices and then to the fair grounds.

Our postoffice dates from March 23, with Fred Kent as our first postmaster. The office was in that little, broken down shack just south of Walton's drug store.

The first two story frame business house was being erected on the northwest corner of Railroad avenue and Second street for George Laile. It was nearly completed on March 31 and was a handsome structure. A few minutes after 6 o'clock that evening a zephyr—Kansas would call it a cyclone—struck it and in a moment it was razed. The wind lasted but a couple of minutes, but destroyed a \$10,000 improvement solely. At an earlier date we had a less destructive but a very strong momentary blow from the same direction. It came out of the west. On the morning of December 4, 1880, the adobe roof, large rafters and all, was lifted from the adobe store room, 25x100, occupied by Berry Bros., on the north east corner of Railroad avenue and Second street, was carried over Jaffa Bros' store adjoining, over four vacant lots and lodged partially upon the roof of the Boss saloon. We had a few other little blows, but these two were peculiar.

We needed no wind, however, to increase the life of the town. As compared with the present we are not in it. The last week of December, 1889,

our merchants received forty-five cars of freight and the freight bills paid that month by them was \$65,000. From the arrival of the railroad in April, 1880, to January 1, 1881, we paid the railroad for freight alone \$457,014.69, and in the following two months \$172,392.12 and the following four months \$230,000. Passenger and express receipts would greatly swell these figures. Rates were somewhat steep. Upon a shipment of trees in April, 1881, from Sedalia, Mo., invoiced at \$40, we paid the railroad \$33.60 freight.

Money was easy. Both the living and the dead had it, as illustrated by a story Ernest Meyers likes to tell. On September 18, 1881, a man was killed by a train a few miles below town, his body and effects picked up and brought in, that an inquest might be held. There was no identification, and a question arose as to what disposition should be made of his effects—a gun and \$60 cash. Myers says that Justice Sullivan easily disposed of that question upon finding "That the deceased at the time of his death was carrying a gun." "I'll fine him \$50 and costs for carrying the deadly weapon." As a rule in those days the maximum of money was the minimum of the fine.

The big ditch, that eye sore, that stench in the nostrils of our people, was a work of 1881. A part of the town was a slough, particularly from First to Third street, being very bad in Railroad avenue, near the center of each block. To make lots saleable, and following the cry started then and annually repeated to this day, to provide a waterway for the river overflow, to protect the railroad, the ditch was dug. I have driven through water three feet deep at the corner of First street and Railroad avenue, but that water came from the mountains. I have been through mire deep on the avenue east of Third street. The slough has been filled and the streets graded up. Many of our sidewalks, upon the same level as now, were like platforms to which a wagon might and did back for unloading, its bed level with the walk. Jaffa Bros' store was so. E. J. Post & Co. was the same and Jo Moore's meat market, 212 Railroad avenue, was set upon six foot piling, and underneath his shop was his stable. The ditch was built and the stagnated water was, upon motion, allowed to take its natural course.

A former council, the first town council, through its ignorance, constructed a V shaped trough through its entire length. It was a job, a steal. The slough that ditch was built to drain has long been filled. Dig in Railroad avenue in front of Chaplin's shoe store and three feet below the present surface you will find a layer of terraces put there by Henry Jaffa to raise the grade. That was the original filling; above that is a dirt fill, then another layer of sod, and then the fill for the street grade. As it is there, so was it done by the lot owners and by the business tenants at a time when of necessity it had to be done. The bog has been filled. Reunite the Griegos ditch with the Barreles ditch—which for several years has not been giving Barreles people one-half the water they required—and when the Barreles ringsters ask for \$100, or any part of it, quit them; drop them as grafters, and consult the people on the ditch. To a man they will tell you their ditch will carry the water now wasting through your useless drain, and that they will be glad to get it without the city council paying them to take it. The object for which the ditch was built by the town company and the Railroad company, was accomplished before we had a city council, and had we done without a council the nuisance would long ago have been abated by the citizens.

Spring Ailments. There is an aching and tired feeling; the liver, bowels and kidneys become sluggish and inactive, the digestion impaired, with little or no appetite, no ambition for anything, and a feeling that the whole body and mind needed toning up. The trouble is, that during winter, there has been an accumulation of waste matter in the system. Herbine will remove it, secure to the secretions a right exit, and by its tonic effect, fully restore the wasted tissues and give strength in place of weakness. 50c at J. H. O'Reilly & Co.

Police Court. George Bock and John Davis, two weary looking members of the Sons of Rest society, were before Judge Crawford this morning. They had over-indulged in fire water and were each given five days of work.

World Wide Reputation. White's Cream Vermifuge has achieved a world wide reputation as being the best of all worm destroyers, and for its tonic influences on weak and unthrifty children, as it neutralizes the acidity or sourness of the stomach, improves their digestion, and assimilation of food, strengthens their nervous system and restores them to health, vigor and elasticity of spirits natural to childhood. 25c at J. H. O'Reilly & Co.

Howell Secures Appointment. H. H. Howell is the name of the lucky Roswell youth who succeeded in getting the appointment to the United States naval academy at Annapolis. He won out over Frank Springer of this city by a small mar-



Are you a sufferer from Loss of Appetite, Sour stomach, Indigestion, Constipation, Insomnia or Malaria, fever and Ague, and want to be cured? Then come and take the Bitters at once. It positively cures these ailments. A trial will convince you.

HOSTETTER'S BITTERS

For Those Who Live On Farms. Dr. E. J. Post, M.D., writes: "I have used Ballard's Snow Liniment; always recommend it to my friends, as I am confident there is no better made. It is a dandy for burns." Those who live on farms are especially liable to many accidental cuts, burns and bruises, which heal rapidly when Ballard's Snow Liniment is applied. It should always be kept in the house for cases of emergency. 25c, 50c and \$1.00 at J. H. O'Reilly & Co.

Funeral of Mrs. Corinna Florence Israel.

The funeral of Mrs. Corinna Florence Israel, wife of Melvin M. Israel, who died Thursday morning of scarlet fever after a short illness, was held yesterday afternoon in the parlors of A. Borders on West Gold avenue. Rabbi Kaplan officiated. There was a large number of friends present to show respect to the departed, who was held in high esteem by all who knew her. The floral tributes were many and beautiful, the casket being literally buried under fragrant flowers. The burial was in B'nai B'rith cemetery.

Cures When Doctors Fail. Mrs. Frank Chasson, Patterson, La., writes June 8th, 1901: "I had malaria fever in very bad form, was under treatment by doctors, but as soon as I stopped taking their medicine the fever would return. I used a sample bottle of Herbine, found it helped me. Then bought two bottles, which completely cured me. I feel grateful to you for furnishing such a splendid medicine, and can honestly recommend it to those suffering from malaria, as it will surely cure them." Herbine, 50c at J. H. O'Reilly & Co.

DEEP WELL FOR SANTA FE. May Be Made Thousand Feet Deep For Water for Railway Shops and for Engine Use.

General Foreman Clough, of the Santa Fe system, is in El Paso, says the News.

It is stated that he is here to investigate the feasibility of sinking some deep wells on the ground near the Santa Fe depot. This is for the purpose of securing water for the shops and engines.

There are a number of shallow wells there at present, but they are all apt to go dry or to act in a contrary manner when most needed.

Rigs for the drilling arrived last night and the work will be begun probably Monday. It will take considerable time and a well may be made more than a thousand feet deep.

For Over Sixty Years. An old and well tried remedy. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

HIS HORSE FELL ON HIM. The Manager of Bolles Farm Meets with a Serious Accident While Riding After Cattle.

Harry C. Harris, lately come from Colorado Springs to accept the position of manager of the Bolles farm, at Otis, had the misfortune to have his horse fall on him, injuring him seriously, if not fatally.

It seems that he was riding after cattle, and his horse stepped in a prairie dog hole and fell with the unfortunate rider, rolling completely over him. The man was unconscious when carried to the house, and Dr. Doepp was summoned, who found that besides receiving a broken thigh he had also struck his head, producing concussion of the brain. He had not regained consciousness up to Wednesday night, and his mother was telegraphed for, arriving from Colorado Springs Thursday night.

The doctor considers his injuries very serious, with probable fatal results.—Carlsbad Argus.

Subscribe for The Citizen.

THE DOUBLE TRAGEDY.

Particulars of the El Paso Crime, When Media Tyler Was Killed.

SAD END OF ILLICIT LOVE.

El Paso Herald, May 15.

A mysterious crime was committed in this city this morning, in the Ramona rooming house on North Stanton street, which resulted in the death of Mrs. O. M. Fairchild and Geo. P. Peterson, the former a beautiful woman about thirty years of age, and the wife of O. M. Fairchild, who travels for the Corticelli silk concern in St. Louis, the latter a handsome young man twenty years of age, the son of P. N. Peterson, a wealthy produce merchant of Amherst, Wis.

Mrs. Fairchild roomed on the third floor of the building while the man roomed on the second floor, and it was in her room that the shooting occurred.

Mr. Borcharding's Statement. Arthur Borcharding, proprietor of the house, speaking to a Herald reporter of the crime said:

"There has been nothing to indicate any relations between the two further than that they were close friends and I thought they were respectable people. The actions of these people have been proper as far as anybody in the house could see."

"I believe that Peterson did the killing. He sleeps on the floor below the one on which she rooms and I sleep on the floor on which her room is located. When Peterson came to my room I had not been aroused by the shooting and he awoke me by knocking on the door. I jumped up and when I opened the door he was standing in front of it, blood dripping from his face and an awful sight. He said that Mrs. Fairchild and shot him and that he was dying."

"I told him to return to his room or go to the bath room and then I rushed to Mrs. Fairchild's room. He went ahead of me and when I looked in she was lying on the floor as if dead, a wound in her head, and he was sitting on her bed, blood flowing from his wounds. He again asked me to do something for him and then I rushed back to get into my trousers and came to the room a second time."

"This time I asked him how it happened and he murmured something that I could not understand, but a man across the hall says that he said: 'How do you know she did not shoot me?'"

"As we turned away for help I heard three more shots and rushing back we saw Peterson in the last throes of death, a pistol in his hand and the body of the woman still in the same position that we first discovered it. One of the shots had entered the floor, there were two wounds in Peterson's head and two in the woman's. As one of the boarders heard the first shots and says there were only two of them, and as the woman and Peterson were both shot, showing that one bullet went for each, it is certain that of the last three shots fired one of them was for him and one for her, while the other went into the floor."

"I am satisfied that he fired the last shots without a doubt, for I believe she was dead when we first entered the room and I am equally satisfied that Peterson fired all the shots. I think he went to her room and that a difficulty followed and he shot her."

"Peterson asked me about a week ago for the loan of a revolver and I told him I had none. I offered him a target rifle and asked him what he wanted to do and he said he wanted to go out in the mountain early in the morning and that a target rifle would do."

The bodies were removed to the morgue at Nagley & Carr's, where they have been viewed by many friends of the dead woman today. A great many people, friends of Mrs. Fairchild, seemed to know considerable about her private life, but knew nothing of any tender relations existing between the young man and herself.

Woman Followed From Denver.

Mrs. Fairchild, upon her and her husband breaking up housekeeping, went to room at the Ramona hotel on the 16th of April. Shortly before removing to the Ramona, Mrs. Fairchild had made a visit to Denver, where she met Mr. Peterson. He followed her to El Paso, reaching here on the 21st of April, and began rooming at the Ramona. It was noticed that a friendly relation existed between the two, but Mr. Borcharding said he never had a more seemingly perfect lady about his house than Mrs. Fairchild. The theory which has gained way today among friends of the dead woman that Peterson and she at Denver became fast friends seems to be a logical one in view of the young man's following the woman to El Paso.

The mother of the dead woman is at present at San Bernardino.

It is stated by all who knew them that Mrs. and Mr. Fairchild were very affectionate one to the other, and that no domestic trouble could have prompted the act.

Spent Evening in Parlor.

Last night the dead couple, in company with several other guests of the Ramona, spent the evening very pleasantly in the parlor, and Mr. Peterson was in excellent spirits. A few days ago he drew a draft on his father for

\$125 which was honored and last night in the parlor, when some one accused him of being broke he said: "I am never broke," at the same instant drawing a \$20 bill from his pocket. He drew frequently upon his father for money, and did not pretend to want to work. No other motive is ascribed for his coming to El Paso except to be with the dead woman.

Father is Prominent.

A Herald reporter was shown several letters written by the boy's father to him, asking him to return home to accept a position with the International Harvester company at a good salary. The letters urged the son to settle down. From the trend of the letters one would judge that the son had promised to go home soon. The father has served several terms in the state legislature of Wisconsin and is a prominent business man of Amherst.

He had enclosed to the son a copy of a letter received from the International Harvester company, offering the young man a position at a salary of \$65 a month to begin with. It is said that the young man was spending an average of \$200 a month, and while the father had not complained, he insisted on the boy's returning home and fitting himself for a business career.

Peterson had just placed an order for a suit of clothes with Brunner, the tailor, and they are ready to be tried on today.

The two bodies present a sad sight in the morgue today. The woman's face wears a look of fright, while the young man's is natural.

Location of the Wounds.

Dr. Anderson, in speaking of the affair, said: "I was called to the Ramona house immediately after the shooting, and when I entered the room the woman was lying on the floor dead, the head of the left ear, and doubtless ranging upward, the other on the top of the head a little to the left side. Either shot would have proved instantly fatal."

"I examined the dead man's wounds and found that two bullets had penetrated the region of the right temple, one of which, I think, would not have produced instant death, and possibly would not have produced death at all, simply passing through the bony part of the face. The other one, however, would have produced instant death."

He thought that all the shots were fired by the man, and said: "I believe that first he shot the woman behind the ear, then turned the pistol on himself. Then when his wound did not produce death he rushed out to tell Mr. Borcharding that she had done the shooting, possibly hoping that he would live. He then returned to the room and finished his deadly work with her to do away with suspicion resting upon him, and just about that time his own wound was bleeding profusely, the blood streaming from his mouth and nose, and it was probably painful him severely, when he decided to kill himself, too, firing the fatal shot in his temple. The fifth shot which took no effect, lodging in the door, I think, was fired while he was dying. I believe that the man intended at first killing both the woman and himself, but as I have stated, I think after his wound did not prove fatal at first, he thought if possible he would save his life."

Another theory is that the woman first shot Peterson in the face and then shot herself in the head; that Peterson rushed out and on returning thought he might as well end it all, shot the woman in the head to make death certain, then shot wild, finally putting a bullet in his own brain.

Peterson's Body Goes Home.

This afternoon Nagley & Carr received a telegram from P. N. Peterson of Amherst, Wis., father of George Peterson, in which instructions were received to prepare and ship the body there for interment.

The Husband Coming.

Upon a stand in the room were found some letters written by Mr. Fairchild to his wife, telling her what his route would be for the next week. He was intending to run into El Paso the early part of next week.

Who She Is.

The El Paso News, in its article regarding the horrible double tragedy, says:

The dead woman was a handsome blonde, hardly more than 25 years of age. She is said to be the daughter of Captain Tyler, formerly a merchant and policeman of Albuquerque. She is well known there, where she was Media Tyler. About one year ago she was married to O. M. Fairchild, a drummer of the Corticelli Silk company. Mr. Fairchild was a widower and well known here. He was formerly in partnership with J. R. Kingery, of Calisher's store, of this city.

Two months ago Mrs. Fairchild came here from San Bernardino, Cal., with her mother and brother. She was said to be in bad health, and they rented a small house in the city. Shortly after that Mrs. Tyler left and Mrs. Fairchild secured rooms at the rooming house. Mrs. Fairchild is said to have once clerked in the Economist store in Albuquerque. The people of the rooming house say they had no idea that her relations were anything but proper, if they were improper.

Shortly after she secured rooms there George M. Peterson secured lodging there. He registered from Milwaukee, Wis., claimed to have been a broker and appeared to be a man of some means. The pair were

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digesta all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. Is unequalled for the stomach. Children with weak stomachs thrive on it. First dose relieves. A diet unnecessary.

Cures all stomach troubles

Prepared only by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. The 51c bottle contains 2 1/2 times the 25c size. J. H. O'Reilly & Co. and B. H. Briggs & Co.

In each other's company often and said that they were old friends.

The woman is said to have had something like \$1,000 worth of diamonds in rings and pins, which her husband had given her.

Wanted for Embezzlement.

F. A. Wakefield was arrested by Sheriff Leandro Baca Sunday morning on receipt of a telegram from Nashville, Tenn., stating that he was wanted in that city by the Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Co., for embezzlement. An officer from Nashville was expected to arrive this morning with the necessary requisition papers, to take Wakefield into custody. —Socorro Chieflain.

MILITARY INSTITUTE.

Invitations received to Fifth Annual Commencement.

Handsome and attractive invitations have been received here to the fifth annual commencement of the New Mexico Military Institute at Roswell, May 17-20, inclusive. The commencement sermon was preached at 11 o'clock yesterday morning by Dr. C. E. Lukens. Today the tennis tournament will be held at 8 a. m., the field day exercises from 3 to 5 p. m., battalion parade from 5:30 to 6 p. m., and the club reception at 8:30 p. m. On Tuesday the competitive drill will begin at 9:30 a. m., the baseball game from 2 to 4:30 p. m., battalion drill from 5 to 6 p. m., and society celebration at 8 p. m. The commencement exercises will be held at 10 a. m. Wednesday. The valedictorian is B. M. Thomas of Santa Fe, and the annual address will be delivered by Colonel R. E. Twitchell. The cadets will be dismissed by noon and the final ball will be held at 9 o'clock that evening. The affirmative debaters are J. F. Crumpacker and B. L. Sheridan, and the negative debaters are E. A. Lohman and H. H. Howell. The declaimers are L. Siskard and W. E. Talbot. The chief marshal is L. M. Brownell and the marshals are D. E. Pruitt, A. Ririe, J. W. Chaves and F. R. Crandall, all of next year's class. The graduating class numbers four and consists of E. R. Bowie of Gallup, Fritz Brueggemann of Raton, B. M. Thomas of Santa Fe, and Bruno Totzek of Roswell.

Plenty of Plastering in Sight.

W. B. LAURIN, the Albuquerque plasterer who demonstrated his skill in San Marcial last year by doing a fine piece of work on the new residence of Dr. Cruickshank, arrived here last week and will probably remain all the summer. The jobs ahead of him are the J. N. Broyles academy, the Nisbet block, Harry Armstrong's residence, the new house of Chief Dispatcher Smith, the opera house, and one or two other dwellings being planned.—San Marcial Bee.

Don't let the little ones suffer from eczema or other torturing skin diseases. No need for it. Doan's Ointment cures. Can't harm the most delicate skin. At any drug store, 50 cents.

MASTER MECHANIC BARNES.

He Resigns and Will Soon go to Alamogordo.

Master Mechanic P. P. Barnes, of the local Santa Fe shops, has tendered his resignation, to take effect as soon as his successor can be appointed. Mr. Barnes will go to the El Paso & Northeastern railroad, and be located at Alamogordo. This is a promotion in every way for him, and his many friends here are happy.

He will probably leave the middle of next month for Alamogordo where he will take charge of the mechanical department with 250 miles of main line and two branches, making the system one including over 300 miles. The branches include Dawson and the Sacramento mountain and Cloudcroft line with a branch to Capitan, in Lincoln county.

During his stay here Mr. Barnes has endeavored himself to the men who have worked under him. The shops have also been brought up to a higher standard, and the Santa Fe officials are sorry to lose his valuable services. Before coming here Mr. Barnes had been for thirteen years in the mechanical department of the Northern Pacific.

When doctors fail try Burdock Blood Bitters. Cures dyspepsia, constipation; invigorates the whole system.

Alleged Robbers Caught.

City Marshal McMillin received a telegram from the chief of police at Florence, Colorado, stating that he had arrested three men who had jewelry in their possession which was

taken from the safe of S. Vann & Sons of this city.

It will be remembered that this robbery took place last fall and several thousand dollars were taken. Under a barn on Second street later a considerable amount of the goods was recovered. This was the greatest robbery that ever occurred in the south-west.

Chief McMillin and Lou Schoenecker will leave tomorrow evening for Florence to bring back the men. They will carry requisition papers. The chief received a letter stating that the men were named Gibson, Logan and Lewis. No particulars were given. Three men have already been tried for this robbery in the district court and in each case the territory failed to make out a case.

Takes the burn out, seals the wound; cures the pain. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, the household remedy.

MINING MATTERS.

Rich Strike in Shakespeare District, Grant County—Forty Mt. Working in Taos County mine.

The American Consolidated Copper company working the Atwood and Lena properties in the Shakespeare district, southern Grant county, has struck a vein of very high grade ore at the 300 foot level. The ore is being shipped to the El Paso smelter, but the company is remodeling the Lena concentrator at Lordsburg, and is adding a leaching plant. The Alessandro company of New Haven, Connecticut, is also erecting a leaching plant in the Burros.

The Glen Woody Mining and Milling company at the new mining camp of Woody in Taos county, commenced the construction of a mill and cyanide plant. A flume 1,000 feet long will conduct water out of the Rio Grande river to the mill to furnish motive power. At present forty men are employed. An assay office and a laboratory have just been completed which include a testing plant of 500 pounds capacity.

No man can cure consumption. You can prevent it though. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma. Never fails.

MIKE WAS MAKING MONEY.

New Brakeman Intended to Stay With a Good Thing.

Here is one that a young man who knows a good story when he hears it heard one railroad man tell another in a depot up the line the other day, says the Newton (Kan.) Republican.

"We picked up a new Irishman somewhere up-country and set him to work brakeman on a construction train at 3 cents a mile for wages. One day when him an' me was on the train she got away on one of them mountain grades, and the first thing we knowed she was flyin' down the track at about 90 miles an hour, with nothin' in sight but the ditch and the happy huntin' grounds when we came to the end. I twister 'em down as hard as I could all along the tops, and then, of a sudden, I see Mike crawlin' along toward the end of one of the cars on all fours, with his face the color of milk. I thought he was gettin' ready to jump, an' I see his finish if he did."

"Mike," I says, 'you'll be killed! Don't jump!'"

"He clamps his fingers on the runnin' board to give him a chance to turn round, and lookin' at me contemptuously, answers:

"Jump, is it? Do yez think I'd be after jumpin' an' me makin' money as fast as I am?"

Manager Herbert Will Confer With Compeers.

Vice President and General Manager Herbert of the Colorado & Southern railroad has gone to New York City. President Trumbull and C. L. Wellington, who left Denver early last week, are already in the metropolis, says the Denver Republican.

The simultaneous presence of the three chief officials in New York augurs sweeping action with reference to the affairs of the Colorado & Southern. In the light of Mr. Herbert's former announcement that his policy of management would be to make a "clean sweep of all subordinates," much is expected of the New York meeting with the governing committee of the road.

It is denied, however, that a conference is intended previous to President Trumbull's departure for Europe. The meeting will be the first at which Mr. Herbert has appeared, and it is believed that he will broach to the powers his ideas of innovations that should be attempted in the conduct of the Colorado & Southern affairs.

EXTENDS ITS CONTRACT.

Frisco Not Read to Cut Loose From the Santa Fe.

A Wichita (Kan.) dispatch says: The Frisco railroad will have its freight business moved to the new depot on Rock Island avenue by the 1st of June, as at first intended. The passenger department, however, will not be enabled to take charge of its new quarters until about the first of July.

The bad weather has delayed the work nearly two weeks already and J. A. Quinn, division superintendent, who was in the city recently, said he would not expect the passenger offices moved by the first of the month as scheduled. Owing to this it has been necessary for the company to extend its contract with the Santa Fe for one month to handle the passenger business as the original contract for handling both the freight and passenger business by the Santa Fe expires June 1.

Citizen "want ads" bring results.

Railroad Topics

Engine No. 810 is in the shops for repairs.

Engineer Brown is laying off nursing an injured foot.

Oil burner No. 508 and coal burner No. 681 were sent out west yesterday after being repaired.

It is stated that the Rock Island is laying 80-pound steel between Herington and Liberal, Kan.

Superintendent J. F. McNally of the Rio Grande division, was in the city a few hours yesterday.

J. V. Keya, superintendent of construction for the Santa Fe on the cut-off at Helen, was in the city yesterday.

Conductor A. P. Gatchell, who has been laid up with rheumatism for some time, left Las Vegas for Trinidad on a short business trip.

L. H. Dickerson, who succeeded W. H. Matson as traveling passenger agent on the Santa Fe coast lines, was in the city over Sunday and accompanied the trains carrying the Presbyterian clergymen to Los Angeles.

L. M. Garin, of Topeka, the Santa Fe electrician, who installed the light plant of the local shops about a year ago, was in the city between trains yesterday while returning to his headquarters from an official trip to San Bernardino.

S. D. Hendy, one of the well known conductors on the Santa Fe Pacific, has returned to the city from his vacation in southern California, and today took out No. 3, the California limited. During his absence J. C. Pingley officiated as extra conductor.

The El Paso & Northeastern has completed arrangements to build at Santa Rosa and between Santa Rosa and Alamogordo, 30,000 feet of new track and switches. This will be done to afford storage room for the coal and coke which is being received from the Dawson branch at the rate of 20 cars of coke and 35 cars of coal daily.

Engineer Geo. Norman, while on his engine at Las Vegas waiting to take No. 2 out Monday, was suddenly seized with cramps in the stomach which were so severe that he was incapacitated for duty and had to be relieved. He was conveyed to Superintendent Masley's private car, which was attached to the train and taken to his home in Raton.

The El Paso News says: The Biabee Railway company is said to have offered to buy the Santa Fe railway branch that runs from Deming to Hanover, Santa Rita and Silver City, and, as the offer was declined, arranged to construct its line to the camps. There may be no truth in the statement, but as the Biabee builds in order to haul ore for its owners and they have large property in the Grant county copper field, the report may have foundation.

PAN-AMERICAN RAILROAD.

James G. Blaine's Lifelong Project Is Taking Tangible Form.

Papers for the incorporation of the Great Central Railroad company have been forwarded to the secretary of state of Maine. The project is to build from the head of navigation on the Coco river, Nicaragua, to connect with the National railway of Managua, while a main line will be built through Honduras into Salvador. The capital stock is \$10,000,000.

Possibly before the close of this year definite form may be given to the lifelong project of James G. Blaine to build a Pan-American road by which trains will run from New York to Buenos Ayres.

Andrew Carnegie and other millionaires are known to be interested in the project, which has been declared feasible but costly.

Financiers who weigh the cost and returns have expressed the opinion that it would be a paying investment, even though more than the \$200,000,000 estimated as needed to build the road are required.

It is estimated that the distance from New York to Buenos Ayres is nearly 11,000 miles. Of this over 5,000 miles remains to be constructed.

Of the 5,000 miles to be constructed much of it will have to be built over the highest mountains in the world, and almost insuperable obstacles in the way of water for the engines, grades and safety of passengers will have to be overcome.

Engineers and experienced railway men say that it will be nearly eleven years before it could be finished, but maintain that it can be done.

It is estimated that when the road is finished it will take over two weeks' steady traveling day and night to make the trip, but will bring the tourist in the shadow of the antarctic circle.

In 1890, when the project was taken up by James G. Blaine, the United States government appropriated nearly \$400,000 for surveys of the proposed route, but further action was not taken because of the death of Mr. Blaine.

Charles M. Pepper has been appointed special commissioner to South America to investigate the feasibility of the project from a political standpoint. His expenses will be defrayed by Mr. Carnegie.

Students of commerce are of the opinion that the revenue derived from the commercial exchanges with the South American countries by this system would more than pay the interest on the investment and advise that the project be backed by the government.

The latest information from the railway building camps on the Santa Fe Central railway is as follows: Nine miles of the grade of the Albuquerque Eastern railway, west of Moriarty Junction, have been completed. The

track on the Santa Fe Central railway from Torrance north, up to noon yesterday has been constructed thirty-four miles. From Kennedy south, track laying at the rate of one-half mile per day is progressing in a satisfactory manner. There is a scarcity of men and more are needed. The authorities of the Santa Fe Central railway would employ 200 additional men at once could their services be obtained.

BENEFITS THE SANTA FE.

New Wharf Being Built for Big Ships at San Francisco.

Port Costa is to have a rival as a grain shipping center, says a dispatch from San Francisco. The contract for the first wharf to be built was signed, the price being \$30,000. Behind the scheme is the Richmond belt railroad company.

The wharf contracted for is to be built at San Pablo point.

Malabar point is located to the south of San Pablo, and between the two points are to be erected warehouses for the storing of grain. It is estimated that at least \$1,000,000 will be expended on work before the company will be ready to begin operations.

Both the Southern Pacific and the Santa Fe roads have spur track extending to within a short distance of San Pablo point. The waters there are deep enough to float any vessel that enters this harbor.

A dispatch from Melbourne, Victoria, says: Premier Irvine announced in the legislative assembly that he had received a letter from the officials of the Engine Drivers' association declaring the strike off and submitting unconditionally. The president of the Engine Drivers' association, in an interview, said the surrender was due to the drastic nature of the strike bill, which was sure of adoption.

CAN'T SERVE TWO MASTERS.

Trades Unionism Considered Disloyal by the Australian Government.

In view of the complete victory of the government over the strikers, the following from the Railway Age on the Australian situation is of interest:

"Government railway ownership is again shown to be no panacea against labor troubles by the strike of locomotive engineers in the Australian state of Victoria. As in Holland, where the recent strike proved a failure, the government takes the stand that the employees of state railways are public servants and must not be subject to any authority which may require them to be disloyal. The Victorian engineers having affiliated themselves with the trades hall, the center of trades unionism in the colony, the government notified them to withdraw, for the reason that in case of a strike in other trades the affiliated railway men would be obliged to strike in sympathy. The government does not appear to have objected to the existing association of railway engineers, and the men seem to have had no complaint as to wages or other conditions, but they struck on May 8 rather than relinquish their alliance with trades unionism generally. The railway system of Victoria, all owned by the government, represents over 3,200 miles of lines, having about 11,000 employees. The strike seems to have succeeded at first, so far as to stop traffic throughout the colony and to throw thousands of workmen besides the railway men into idleness, but the destruction of business is now stated to be turning public sympathy from the strikers, and some acts of violence, such as the derailing of locomotives, are naturally weakening the movement. The premier suggests the real principle at issue by saying at a public reception that 'come what would, the community would never allow the control of its property to pass into the hands of a section of the people.' Government ownership and government itself would certainly be a failure if it was dominated by any sectional organization, either of labor or capital. The principle now under contention in Victoria is at stake in all the seven colonies of Australia, with their 15,000 miles of railway, and the result of the struggle will be awaited with interest in all other lands as well."

SANTA ROSA THE CENTER.

Santa Fe Surveyors at Work on the New Cut-Off.

"A corps of Santa Fe surveyors arrived in Santa Rosa last week," says the Santa Rosa Sun. "They have struck camp, and are already doing the preliminary work to complete a survey for the long-talked-about cut-off. The survey will be made from Santa Rosa as nearly on a straight line as the topography of the country will permit to Liberal, Kan., to connect at that point with the survey already made to Dodge City. It is said by those in a position to know, that the surveyed line from Abo Pass to a connection with the Pecos Valley road, has been abandoned. It will be remembered that that survey crossed the Santa Fe & Northeastern at Llano. A more recent survey from Abo Pass has been made down the Pintada canyon

to Santa Rosa, and will cross the river on the new bridge just north of the Rock Island & El Paso here. This is official. It is too bad for the prospects of Tucumcari that this important railroad improvement will miss that town by more than a score of miles, but then they have the Choctaw, now building into their town, and it is well for them to get out of that all the comforts they can, for after it is built, the Choctaw trains will be made up at Santa Rosa, running in connection with the El Paso & Northeastern to avoid a second change of passengers and freight. This arrangement has already been entered into by the officials of the two companies."

BECAME ABUSIVE.

A Santa Fe Fireman Gets Landed in Jail.

Dan Leary, a Santa Fe fireman, made rough house at Golden Smith & Son's store yesterday afternoon and now languishes in the city jail in consequence. He went into the store and told one of the clerks he wished to purchase a suit of clothes. Leary became very abusive and used large chunks of profane language. When Alderman Golden Smith remonstrated with him he became worse and a police call was sent in. Officers Bowden and Young responded and after a desperate scrap succeeded in landing him in jail. The prisoner fought the two officers all the way to the jail. Trinidad Chronicle.

Reflections of a Bachelor. Cupid is not so blind as those who can not dodge his shots.

Some women would rather be divorced than never to be married.

The funny, fluffy things that a woman calls clothes a man calls mysteries.

Even if a man knew the names of all the queer things women wear it would not help him to understand why they do.

Whatever happens to be the good point of a woman's figure it is around that spot that she dresses the rest of herself.—New York Press.

SANTA FE WRECK.

Two Pullman Sleepers Hurled from the Track.

Monday morning between 1 and 2 o'clock the Santa Fe passenger train No. 1 was wrecked at Coolidge, Kansas, and many passengers had narrow escapes from death or injury.

The train was behind time and was going at a sixty mile an hour clip, and when going through the yards at Coolidge two of the Pullman sleepers climbed the rails at a frog and were turned over on their sides, the passengers being unceremoniously dumped out of their berths and bumped around the cars. The train was finally stopped and the Pullman passengers were placed in the chair car until they arrived in Trinidad, where they disembarked and waited for No. 7, which had been provided with an extra coach.

The passengers were badly shaken up and frightened, but none of them were injured to amount to anything. It was a most fortunate escape for all of them.

Accident on the Canyon Trail.

On Saturday morning of last week, at the head of Bright Angel trail, Grand Canyon, Ralph, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Ellinwood, was kicked in the head by a mule. A number of tourists were going down in the canyon and one of the mules became unmanageable. The tourist asked the boy to hold the mule, which he attempted to do, but with almost fatal result. The boy was kicked above the eye and for a time it was thought the result would be fatal. The frontal bone was broken and the nose injured. A doctor was among the tourists and he attended to the injuries and the lad was taken to the hospital of Dr. Melick for treatment, where he now is and is recovering rapidly. Mrs. Ellinwood was on her way to visit her mother at Rock Creek, Ohio, when the accident occurred, and Mr. Ellinwood was in Prescott, but obtained a special train to carry him from Ash Fork to Williams. They will resume their journey in a few days.—Flagstaff Sun.

A Nervy Brakeman.

Sam Goodall, a brakeman on the short run between Winslow and Flagstaff, was the victim of a distressing accident, says the Mail.

Cars were being placed on the coal chutes at Winona, and Mr. Goodall in coming down off the cars caught hold of the rod across the end of the car. The rod pulled out and he was thrown over his left leg below the knee, pulling his foot off at the ankle.

He showed remarkable nerve after being injured. He told his comrades to put up a ladder and he would come down. They did so, and he descended the ladder.

On the way to town not a whimper escaped him, although he was suffering intense pain. When placed on the operating table he did not want to take an opiate and joked with those around him. He finally was put under the influence of ether and his leg was amputated five inches below the knee. Dr. Brown, the company physician, and Dr. Hathaway performed the operation.

The injured man was resting easy today and will be sent to the hospital at Los Angeles in a day or two.

Mr. Goodall is a member of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen and the Masons. He is well thought of by his associates.

E. McCreary, auditor for the Harvey news service, was a passenger east last night.

MADE A SCAPEGOAT.

Remarkable Story of the Silver City Banker Told by Man Who Knows.

FRIENDS LOYAL TO GRAYSON.

From New York Sun.

John Brown, 55 William street, New York, or Charles F. Grayson, of Silver City, N. M., or Moody Merrill, of Boston, arrested at Seventy-second street and Riverside Drive on Wednesday by Detective Sergeant Woolbridge on the charge of embezzling \$19,000 some ten years ago from Sarah Cohen, of Boston, will be arraigned in the Center street police court this afternoon at 2 o'clock. It may be that some of the old man's history may then become a court record. Until then, his lawyers, Wentworth, Lowenstein & Stern, of 346 Broadway, refuse to make any statement regarding their client, and none of his friends in town—he appears to have many of standing and wealth in the financial district—will say much about him. This all-around reticence is the result of a request made by the prisoner himself. To his lawyers and to some of his oldest New York friends he said yesterday morning:

"I have been arrested on a serious charge, which must be tried in court. I do not wish to shirk responsibility or avoid punishment for any wrong act of mine which I have not righted. I wish to affirm or deny nothing. I am down as plain John Brown, 55 William street, New York. Let me remain as such for the present."

His attorneys said they would be glad to make an extended statement about their client, had he not bid them to keep silent. But a man who knows said:

"When John Brown, 55 William street, New York, was taken into custody, the New York police arrested one of the biggest financiers of New Mexico. Down in that country 'John Brown' is Charles F. Grayson, president of the Silver City National bank.

The bank has a capital of \$50,000, a surplus of \$45,000 and deposits aggregating \$225,000. Its New York correspondent is the Hanover National bank, and it has correspondents in St. Louis and Kansas City. It is one of the strongest banks in New Mexico, and Mr. Grayson has been its president for more than ten years. And I want to say, although I have no authority for so doing, that I believe, should there be a run on the Silver City National bank as a result of the arrest of John Brown, the Hanover National bank will stand behind the New Mexico institution until the run is over. The Hanover people will do this, I believe, solely because of their confidence in President Grayson.

In the past Mr. Grayson has handled very nearly \$15,000,000 for various banks and bankers in New York, and every cent has been scrupulously accounted for.

"This may seem no extraordinary thing to the average New York banker, but I mention it because this man for the time being, is held up as a 'crook.' If he were naturally dishonest he could, in the country in which he has been living for so many years, have got away with a good part of the millions he has handled for New York accounts and the New Yorkers could have whistled for their money."

"But what is, perhaps, more interesting than anything else is the fact that Charles F. Grayson, the New Mexico banker, has never tried to conceal the fact from his friends in New York and elsewhere that he is, in reality, Moody Merrill, lawyer and financier of Boston. I don't mean to say that he has worn placards announcing the fact, but I have reason to believe that people in New York and in Boston knew that Grayson and Merrill were one and the same."

"I don't know that Grayson would thank me for telling the story, but now that he is under arrest, I can see no harm in telling of the incubus under which this man has lived and worked and righted wrongs done to others many years ago. As Moody Merrill, Grayson was a bigger man in Boston than he is today in New Mexico."

"Property was entrusted to him and money given to him to invest. One day it came out that a large part of these trust funds had been dissipated. Merrill was accused and he never lifted his finger to clear himself of the charge. He fled from the city, which of itself was a confession of guilt. Moody Merrill, lawyer, financier, street railway magnate and once candidate for mayor of Boston, was branded as a felon."

"From that day to this he has never put in a defense, and I believe he will put in none now, even to save himself from state prison. Some of his friends, however, know the story behind Moody Merrill's alleged default. The man had a relative who was very dear to him and whom he trusted. That relative made a mistake and in trying to get on the straight road again, helped himself to some of the money and property entrusted to Merrill. In trying to spare the first theft, more of the money was 'borrowed,' and thereafter it was the old story."

"When Merrill understood the situation he said, to all intents and purposes, 'I did it,' and fled. Since then he has settled with the creditors as he could, and I am told he has settled every one of the claims against him, including the one for \$10,000 on which he was arrested here. The money,

as the story has been told to me, was sent to a representative of Sarah Cohen. If the woman didn't get it, it is not Merrill's fault."

"Merrill long regretted that he ever assumed the name of Grayson and often he has said it was a great mistake. But he wanted to begin all over again when he went to New Mexico and he did what then seemed to be best. However great the mistake may have been, Charles F. Grayson has prospered in his new home and he is highly esteemed there. The men and the banks he has done business with in New Mexico have no fault to find with him. If he cannot establish that he has discharged his indebtedness to Sarah Cohen, I believe he will take his medicine, whatever it may be, and the relative he has protected from the beginning will be protected to the end."

What the Charges Are.

Boston.—District Attorney Stevens says that he will prosecute Moody Merrill on an indictment containing thirteen counts, nine counts for embezzlement and four for larceny. All relate to four transactions involving about \$19,000. The loss was sustained by Sarah Cohen.

The first count relates to a check for \$13,000, the allegation being that on October 23, 1890, the defendant, in breach of confidence, embezzled it. Two other counts for embezzlement and one for larceny spring from the same cause. The amount was given to Mr. Merrill for investment.

The second transaction, forming the basis for the next three counts, two for embezzlement and one for larceny, is in regard to \$4,000 which it is alleged the defendant took on December 3, 1892.

The money was given to him to hold subject to the order of Mrs. Cohen. It is alleged that on March 20, 1893, he took \$1,500, the transaction being the subject of three counts, two of which are for embezzlement and one for larceny. On January 23, 1893, according to three counts of similar character and description as the others, he took \$500. The indictment was found in May, 1896, and in November of that year it was put on file pending his arrest.

Today there is a report that during almost all the years since Merrill went away, and especially since he began prospering in New Mexico, he has been sending large sums of money to Boston to square up his old accounts and that a great deal of it has been sequestered.

It is added, also, that at least some of the people who have been acting as his agents have converted the money to their own uses, and have steadily worked on the fears of Merrill to keep him not only away from Boston, where he might have learned the truth, but also to keep him sending sums to them, on the representation that they were applying it to the old debts and getting the indictments dismissed.

Mrs. Cohen Missing.

A dispatch from Boston, dated May 18, says:

The mysterious disappearance of Mrs. Sarah Cohen, complainant in the case against Moody Merrill, now held in New York on a charge of embezzlement and awaiting extradition papers from Boston, will probably result in his release.

All trace of Mrs. Cohen has been lost since a few days before Merrill's arrest. There is a belief that finding Merrill has made efforts to pay off his indebtedness to her, she has experienced a change of feeling toward the man whom she has followed so relentlessly for ten years.

District Attorney Stevens said today that without Mrs. Cohen's affidavit attached to the complaint, he could take no further action with a view to having Merrill brought to Boston, but Captain Dugan, of the police headquarters, was equally emphatic in declaring that Merrill would be brought to Boston to stand trial, without Mrs. Cohen's affidavit. How this is to be accomplished he declined to explain.

Meantime Merrill, through the Silver City, N. M., National bank, has assumed the offensive. He has begun suit to recover a portion of \$19,000 which it is contended he sent to an agent in this city to be used in settling some of his financial obligations. The bank's suit is based on two notes for \$3,000 and \$2,000, both overdue. It is said that other suits will follow.

It is alleged by those who have certain checks, drafts and letters that Merrill has sent to the city within five years \$19,000 to settle as many as possible of the claims against him. Among those supposed by him to have been benefited by these remittances was Mrs. Sarah Cohen, upon whose complaint he was indicted seven years ago. If Mrs. Cohen had received what was sent for her the chances are that Merrill would not have been arrested.

Before the requisition papers are signed Mrs. Cohen must make affidavit that the charges for embezzlement are true and that in presenting the charges she is not attempting to use District Attorney Stevens' office as a collection agency.

A new and modernized turntable has been put in at the Santa Fe round house in this city. It was used for the first time the other day.

"When Merrill understood the situation he said, to all intents and purposes, 'I did it,' and fled. Since then he has settled with the creditors as he could, and I am told he has settled every one of the claims against him, including the one for \$10,000 on which he was arrested here. The money,

ARIZONA TOWNS

WILLIAMS.

From the News.

John Morgan has accepted a position as guide at the Grand Canyon.

Mrs. May Frakforter, of Flagstaff, sister of Medauna Johnston and Kennedy, is in the city on a two weeks' visit.

John H. Page, who came in from the canyon reports that about eleven of the old employees of the Canyon Copper company have been put to work and the force is being increased as applicants show up.

Mrs. M. Salzman and Miss Hattie Barth left hurriedly last Saturday for Los Angeles in response to a message stating that Mrs. Nathan Barth was lying at the point of death. Later reports are that the estimable lady is rapidly recovering.

About a week since Mr. Esau Lamb scratched his left hand on a nail. Later blood poisoning set in and he was given considerable trouble, but he now states that all danger is passed and he hopes to soon have the use of that member.

J. P. Parker, while riding a mule at the cinder pit, was thrown to the ground by the animal, which had become suddenly unmanageable, and badly cut up about the face. Later he was brought to town and taken to the hospital, where Mr. Melick put in about three hours fixing up Parker's face.

Jacob Salzman, grand master of exchequer of the territorial Knights of Pythias, grand lodge, departed for Yuma to attend the meeting of that body. On Thursday the following officers were elected: Supreme representative, J. T. Dilling, Prescott; grand chancellor, G. M. Porter, Bisbee; vice grand chancellor, J. C. Evans, Globe; grand prelate, Joseph H. Cox, Morenci; grand master at arms, J. C. Pickards, Wilcox; grand inside guard, J. G. Kelley, Clifton; grand outside guard, C. C. Dyer, Yuma.

The little child of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Van Allen, which has been very ill at Ash Fork for several days, died of cholera infantum, aged 14 months and 10 days. Dr. Sawyer was called up from Prescott to consult with Dr. Tyroler, who had been attending the little sufferer, and everything possible within human power was done. The members of the Prescott lodge of Eagles sent up a beautiful floral tribute on Wednesday's train, in time for the funeral, which was conducted by Rev. John Oliver, of this city.

KINGMAN.

From the Miner.

Mrs. Wm. Sartori, of Williams, is visiting with friends in Kingman this week.

Mrs. Dr. J. B. Wallace has joined her husband at the Burro Creek mines and will probably remain there for the summer.

The young men of Kingman have organized a dancing club for the benefit of the young men who do not know how to dance.

Herbert Yoe, who has been with the surveying party on the Colorado river for the past six months, arrived in Kingman and has gone out to the camp of R. J. Holmes, near Acme.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Decker spent a day in the Wallapai mountains near the old American flag mine. They were delighted with the scenery and think it would be an ideal place to spend the hot months.

"Wallapai Charley" returned from Phoenix recently with the remains of Willie Ewing, the Indian boy who died at that place. The Indians hold a big cry around the depot on the arrival of the train with the remains, which was quite a sight to some of the tourists.

St. Charles brothers are doing good work on the Midnight mine, near Chloride, and are showing it to be one of the big copper gold properties of that section. The main shaft is at a depth of 200 feet, while many hundred feet of crosscuts and drifts have been run. Good ore has been exposed in nearly every opening.

It is believed that the dam across the Colorado river will be built above Parker at what is known as the Narrows. At this point the river is but two hundred feet wide with rocky walls on each side. At a height of one hundred feet above the present river level the width of the canyon is about six hundred feet. This great dam would be the means of reclaiming thousands of acres of the most fertile lands in Yuma county, and afford homes to more people than now inhabit the whole territory. The dam would back water up as far as Melien.

WINSLOW.

From the Mail.

L. Studer returned from a trip to California points and resumed work at the shops.

Mrs. Charles Flinn left for Albuquerque. She will visit her sisters, Mrs. S. K. White and Mrs. James A. Bell.

Mrs. Selva, of this place, and her sister in law, Mrs. Selva, of Albuquerque, have returned from San Francisco.

co, where they were in the German hospital.

James Castleman, who has the contract for doing the wood work on the new Woods block, has, with the assistance of Hon. W. A. Parr, put on a roof in his usual excellent manner. Bob Fenton, the brick and stone contractor, is now finishing up the elegant stone front, and Dick Wiggins, the plumber, is putting on a tin roof that will defy the elements.

W. H. Cooley is anxiously rushing things on the new water line. His men are making the dirt fly and the pipe men are industrious also. In parts of the town the fire plugs are in and from present indications Mr. Cooley will not be long completing the work.

FLAGSTAFF.

From the Sun.

Prof. W. H. Russell, who has acted as principal of our high school for the past three terms, has been elected by the trustees of Yuma school district No. 1, as principal, to succeed Prof. B. F. McDonald, the present incumbent.

P. R. Weatherford left recently on a trip through the east. He will first go to Nashville, Tenn., where his daughter is attending school, and where his brother lives. He will visit the prominent cities of the east, and expects to be absent about six months.

Harry Cullinan, who has been quite ill with pneumonia, is now in the St. Joseph sanitarium, in Albuquerque. An operation was performed on him this week, by Dr. Cornish, and a gallon of pus was removed from his left lung. The doctor has every hope of his recovery, and Mr. Cullinan is much improved in health since the operation.

While here last week Collector of Customs Baker, of Nogales, together with Sheriff Johnson, visited the various Chinese restaurants and wash houses, and examined the certificates of the Mongolians. One was found without a certificate, and he was arrested and placed in jail. Wednesday Deputy United States Marshal Utting came after the Chinaman and took him to Prescott for examination. He was unlawfully in this country, and will be deported to China.

A colored man named Brown was arrested here recently by Deputy Sheriff Nobles, from Ash Fork, charged with stealing two calves from Babitt Bros. Brown had a shipment of cattle in his charge from Phoenix to this place, and at Ash Fork they were unloaded for reshipment, and Brown sold two calves to a resident of that place for \$4 each. The transaction will probably land him in Yuma for a number of years.

HOLBROOK.

From the Argus.

W. H. Clark went to Winslow to attend to business matters.

Dr. and Mrs. J. S. Woolford left for their home in St. Johns. They went via Snowflake.

J. A. Beal, representative of the Albuquerque Citizen, was here looking after the interests of that valuable paper.

Tourists are learning that Holbrook is the best place to stop off when they wish to see the large petrified forest. A couple of carriages loaded with tourists left today to see nature's most wonderful work.

C. W. Crouse, Indian agent at White-river, came in from the east and left for his place of duty at Whiteriver. Mr. Crouse has been on an extended tour of the east, visiting nearly all of the Indian schools.

Leandro Sanchez, better known as "Chappo," died here the other night. He was going into the house when he dropped dead at the door. The cause was undoubtedly heart disease. Chappo had been a resident of this place for a long time and used to play the violin for the dances here. He was buried by the county.

Order of Railway Conductors.

The twenty-ninth biennial convention of the Order of Railway Conductors has closed at Pittsburg. At the session Monday the following grand officers were re-elected at increased salaries: Grand chief conductor, E. E. Clark, compensation increased from \$5,000 to \$6,000 per year; A. E. Garretson, assistant grand chief conductor, \$2,000 to \$3,000; W. J. Maxwell, secretary and treasurer, \$3,000 to \$3,500; C. H. Wilkens, grand senior conductor, \$2,000 to \$2,500, and L. E. Sheppard, grand junior conductor, \$2,000 to \$2,500.

At the session the amendments were all passed on third and final reading. The most important were on making the increase reserve fund unlimited, one reducing the term of eligibility service from 313 days to 156 days, one repealing the law providing for a permanent home for disabled members.

Edward Wilder of the treasurer's department of the Santa Fe was in the city last night between trains while en route to El Paso. He arrived here from the east in a private car attached to passenger train No. 7.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic

has stood the test

EXPOSITION COMMISSION.

Full Text of the Law Relative to the Duties of Said Board.

SPECIAL TAX LEVY PROVIDED.

House Bill No. 192, an act providing for the collection, arrangement and display of the products of the Territory of New Mexico at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition or St. Louis World's Fair of 1904, and to make an appropriation therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of New Mexico:

Section 1. That for the purpose of exhibiting the resources, products and general development of the Territory of New Mexico at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition or St. Louis World's Fair to take place within or near the city of St. Louis, in the state of Missouri, in 1904, a commission is hereby created to be called the Territorial Board of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition Managers of New Mexico to be organized and continue its duties as hereinafter provided, said commission to consist of seven members residents of said Territory of New Mexico. The members of said territorial board shall be appointed by the governor of New Mexico within sixty days after the passage of this act.

Sec. 2. Said members shall meet within thirty days after their appointment, and organize by the election of a president, a vice president, a secretary and a treasurer, who shall act as aforesaid and in the absence of the president the vice president of said board shall be the presiding officer thereof. Five members of said board constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The said board shall have power to make rules and regulations for its own government, and to do such other things as may be necessary and proper for carrying out the provisions of this act. Any member of said board may be removed, at any time, by the governor for cause, and any vacancy which may occur in the membership of the board shall be filled by appointment by the governor.

Sec. 3. The members of the board created by virtue of this act shall be entitled to their actual expenses for transportation, and the sum of \$3 per day for subsistence for each day necessarily absent from their homes on business of said board, but no member of said board shall receive any further compensation from said territory; provided, that no member of said board shall receive any compensation for any time that he is not actually engaged in attending to the meetings or the work as prescribed in this act as being the duty of said board.

Sec. 4. The said board shall have charge of the collection and preparation of the exhibits of New Mexico for said exposition or St. Louis World's Fair and it shall communicate with the officers thereof and obtain and disseminate information regarding said exposition in due and ample time for the proper exhibit of said resources and products of New Mexico at said exposition.

Sec. 5. The members of said board shall have and exercise full authority in relation to the participation, the displaying and the arrangement of the exhibits of New Mexico, and the receipt of its citizens, at the said Louisiana Purchase Exposition of 1904, but shall incur no expense to the Territory of New Mexico in said reception of its citizens.

Sec. 6. The said board shall make a report of its proceedings and expenditures from time to time to the governor and at any time upon written request; and such reports shall be transmitted by him to the legislative assembly of the Territory of New Mexico of 1905, together with such suggestions as he may deem important for future like exhibitions.

Sec. 7. To carry out the provisions of this act the sum of thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000.00) or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated, from taxes to be levied and collected for said purpose, as hereinafter provided, and the territorial treasurer is hereby directed to pay the same, from the fund to be created out of said taxes to be levied and collected as aforesaid, on requisition of said board, signed by the president and secretary thereof, and approved by the governor, and accompanied by estimates of the expenses for the payment of which the money so drawn is to be applied.

Sec. 8. Said fund shall be called the Louisiana Purchase Exposition Fund and for the purpose of creating and establishing said fund as specified in section 7 of this act, the auditor of the territory shall cause to be levied upon all taxable property in the territory during the fifth and sixth fiscal years, the tax of three-fifths of one mill to be certified by him each of said fiscal years to the various county commissioners as all of the territorial taxes are levied and certified, and to be collected in the same manner as other territorial taxes, the territorial treasurer is hereby authorized to make loans as now prescribed by law for other loans to the amount as authorized herein for the purpose of making his fund at once available.

Sec. 9. The said board shall make a detailed report of all its duties under this act, together with all monies expended thereunder to the governor by the 15th day of January, 1905, showing a detail of all work done and expenditures made up to that date; and the said board shall not exist longer than March 1, 1905; before February 15,

THE BUCKEYE STATE.

The One Hundredth Anniversary Being Celebrated at Chillicothe.

GRAND DAY FOR OHIO.

Chillicothe, O., May 20.—A superstitious man last night passed the house where 1,000 odd years ago Gen. Arthur St. Clair, governor of the Northwest Territory, and today he was almost willing to attest the statement that he saw that honest, indomitable and most irascible man—who was assaulted by a mob in that very house for opposing the statehood movement, standing in the doorway and gazing in wonder at the flags and bunting and triumphal arches and other outward signs of the great celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of Ohio's admission into the union.

However this may be, it is quite certain that today's contribution to the centennial celebration was of such a nature as to cause the shades of Tiffin, Worthington and the other heroic advocates of statehood to hover over this staid old town, where the great state of Ohio was born and struggled upward through the first years of its existence. The celebration was more than enough to interest and entertain the hundreds of strangers gathered to assist in the observance of the century birthday.

The crowd exceeded the expectations of all concerned. During the early morning hours large delegations arrived from Columbus, Cincinnati, Toledo, Cleveland and other cities of the state, and even New York sent, a distinguished party of Buckeye sons, while the country hereabouts, up and down the picturesque Scioto valley and for miles in every direction poured scores of visitors into the town.

At six o'clock this morning, amid the reverberating boom of cannon, the shrieks of steam whistles, and the clanging of bells, the centennial was ushered in. Such a concert of noises was never before heard in the town. The dull boom of the guns broke in at intervals and counted one by one the years of the century. The town was freely decorated with bunting and flags and about the court house square there were arches and other tastefully arranged embellishments. Business houses and residences alike were bedecked in colors. The people were dressed in holiday attire and business was generally suspended in order to permit clerks and workmen to participate in the day's festivities.

The arrival of the visiting notables was the principal incident of the early morning hours. Before the day was many hours old the streets were thronged. Statesmen, journalists, military men and other distinguished sons of the Buckeye state were to be encountered at every turn. Columbus sent a party of prominent public men together with the governor and other state officials and the educational institutions from the lake to the Ohio river were noticeably well represented. Patriotic organizations and historical societies were also well represented.

As a certain raiser to the more spectacular features of the day's program there was an interesting little ceremony in the court house at 9 o'clock, when a plaster medallion of Governor Edward Tiffin, Ohio's first governor, was unveiled by Miss Anna Cook, great-granddaughter of Governor Tiffin.

Promptly at 10 o'clock the celebration proper commenced in the auditorium in the City Park. The program was a long one, but the speakers were men of eloquence and their addresses were so replete with interest that the vast audience was held spellbound from the moment that Governor Nash rapped the meeting to order until the morning's program was concluded with the rendition of the "Star Spangled Banner" by the famous Fourth Regiment Band of Columbus. After a brief introductory address by the governor and an invocation by the Rev. A. M. Courtenay, the visitors were cordially greeted by Mayor W. D. Yapple. To the mayor's address response was made in behalf of the Ohio Historical and Archaeological Society by General J. Warren Keifer of Springfield. These preliminaries concluded the assemblage listened to an interesting address on the history of the Northwest Territory from the first settlement at Marietta to the organization of the state delivered by Hon. Judson Harmon of Cincinnati. Judge Harmon was followed by Judge Rish R. Sloane of Sandusky, who took as his subject, "The Date of the Admission of Ohio into the Union and the Great Seal of the State."

This afternoon and evening the speakers include many public men of national prominence. The full program of speakers and the subjects of their addresses is as follows: "The Military History of Ohio, Including the War of 1812," General Thomas Anderson, U. S. A., Sandusky; "The Military History of Ohio from the War of 1812, Including the Civil War and Spanish-American War," General J. Warren Keifer, Springfield; "Ohio in the Navy," Hon. Murat Halstead, Cincinnati; "The Governors of Ohio Under the first Constitution," Hon. David Meade Massie, Chillicothe; "The Governors of Ohio Under the Second Constitution," Hon. James E. Campbell, New York City; "Ohio in the United States Senate," Hon. J.

B. Foraker, Cincinnati; "Ohio in the National House of Representatives," General Charles H. Grosvenor of Athens; "The Judiciary of Ohio," Moses M. Granger, Zanesville; "The Industrial Progress of Ohio," Senator Marcus A. Hanna, Cleveland; "The Public Schools of Ohio," Hon. Lewis D. Bonebrake, Columbus; "The Universities of Ohio," President W. C. Thompson of Ohio State University; "The Achievements of Ohio in the Care of Her Unfortunates," General R. Brinkerhoff, Mansfield; "The part taken by Women in the History and Development of Ohio," Mrs. J. R. Hopley, Bucyrus; "The Ethnological History of Ohio," Judge B. R. Cowen, Cincinnati.

NEW MEXICO POSTOFFICES.

Changes Which Have Been Made Since New Year's Day.

Since New Year, the following post-offices in New Mexico have been established as money order offices: Pablitos, Santa Rita and Tucumcari, while the money order offices at East Las Vegas, Catskill and Embudo have been discontinued.

The following are the new offices established in New Mexico in that time: Elda, Felix, Hebron, Hermanas, Jose, Martinez, Mountainair, Pastura, Pina, Pablitos, Vandalia.

The following offices have been discontinued: East Las Vegas, Buckman, Cienega, Embudo, Estey, Pine Spring, Telefora, Tierra Blanca, Westwater and Woodbury.

The name of the postoffice at Osha has been changed to Black Lake and the name of the office at Willow to Van Houten.

Offices re-established are Catskill and Glorieta.

The following offices are in the new counties established by the thirty-fifth legislative assembly:

Sandoval county—Albamarie, Algodones, Bernalillo, Bland, Cabezon, Casa Salazar, Cuba, Jemez, Miller, Pena Blanca, Peres, Placitas, Sandoval, Senorita, Sulphur, Thornton.

Leonard Wood county—Anton Chico, Casasa, Colonias, Conant, Cuervo, Fort Sumner, Guadalupe, Pastura, Pintada, Puerto de Luna, Salado, Santa Rosa.

Quay county—Dodon, Endee, Montoya, Puerto, Revuelto and Tucumcari. Roosevelt county—Bethel, Elda, Portales, Texico.

The postoffice at Espanola, formerly in Santa Fe county is now in Rio Arriba county.

There are at present 371 postoffices in the territory, of which 124 are money order offices.

The Hired Girl Tried It.

The Genoa, Nevada, News tells this story: The other morning, at a well known farmhouse in the valley, the hired man and two of the farmer's sons were competing ardently on the barn floor to ascertain who could put one of his heels around his neck. The boys said that they had seen a man in a circus put both of his heels around his neck at once. Strange, indeed, if they could not get one around. So they heaved and strained, and the hired man heaved and strained to accomplish the feat. Little did they know that the hired girl was watching the performance with breathless interest through a knothole in the barn. A few hours later the hired girl was missing. After yelling to her a dozen times, with no response, a search was instituted. She was not in the house, neither was she at the barn. The searching party repaired to the milkhouse. There was the girl prostrate on the floor, with both heels around her neck, and utterly unable to get them loose. She was so upset that she said she would have died before calling for help.

TUBERCULOSIS REMEDY.

Has Cured Lieutenant at Fort Bliss and is to be Adopted at Government Hospital at Fort Bayard.

Dr. A. T. Sinks, a government surgeon from Fort Bayard, N. M., is in the city for the purpose of investigating a cure for consumption, which has been successfully used upon patients by Dr. Baird of Fort Bliss, says the El Paso News.

Dr. Sinks has been ordered by the government to make a thorough investigation and if successful adopt it at Fort Bayard.

The cure is an injection which is used in Asheville, N. C. Dr. Baird recently cured Lieut. Tombs, who went from Fort Bayard to Fort Bliss in order that he might be under Dr. Baird's care. The cure seems to have been complete and Dr. Sinks is sanguine of having fine results in using the fluid for patients at Fort Bayard.

ARTHUR DOYLE DEAD.

Old Santa Fe Conductor on the Southern Kansas Succumbs.

Conductor Arthur Doyle, one of the best known Santa Fe employees on the Southern Kansas division, died Saturday morning from a complication of throat and lung trouble after an illness extending over eight months, at 6 o'clock, says the Chautauk (Kan.) Tribune. Mr. Doyle was taken sick about eight months ago. His condition becoming alarming, he left in October, accompanied by his faithful wife, for Las Vegas, N. M., and from there he went to Pasadena, Cal., from where he was brought home recently by Conductor Ramsey to die. It is a very sad case, and the bereaved wife and little ones have the sympathy of all. Conductor Doyle entered the service of the Santa Fe in 1881. His length of service and the high esteem in which he was held by the officials and employees all testify to the excellent record he made.

COMPANY G. INSPECTED.

Report of Inspecting Officer to Be Made Known Later

BOYS SHOW UP WELL.

Company G of the New Mexico national guard was inspected last evening by Capt. Kirby H. Walker, Fourteenth cavalry, United States army, department of the Colorado, stationed at Fort Wingate. The captain was accompanied to this city by Brigadier General W. H. Whiteman, adjutant general of the New Mexico national guard.

Both of these gentlemen came down on the evening train, which was over three hours late, from Las Vegas. The company was ready for inspection at 8 o'clock.

The First Regiment band, in full military regalia, gave a concert on Railroad avenue, while waiting for the train to arrive. Colonel Borradaile received a telegram from Adjutant General Whiteman to hold the company until 9 o'clock. However, the company and band waited long after that hour. Both gentlemen inspected the company and band and Captain Walker's compliments were expressed for both.

Captain Walker will make his report to department headquarters, from where it will be forwarded to the war department at Washington. The result will be made known in due time to Adjutant General Whiteman.

They left last evening for Socorro, where company H will be inspected today, and company D at Silver City on Friday.

The war department at Washington orders an inspection of all the national guard in the country, and on the inspection will determine the amount of equipment, the number of new rifles and the amount of money to be allowed during the year.

WORKED A SCHEME.

Deputy Sheriff Huber Caught His Man at the Breakfast Table.

Deputy Sheriff C. R. Huber returned to Santa Fe Saturday night from a trip to Tres Piedras, where he went with a warrant for Berney Dempsey, who is charged with shooting up the town. Deputy Huber went after Dempsey several weeks ago, but when he arrived there his bird had flown. Shortly afterward Dempsey wrote Huber a letter about the matter, stating that he was sorry he was not in town on the date named. Last Wednesday morning the deputy sheriff left for that place again. Instead of getting off at the depot this time, he rode to a switch north of Tres Piedras, where he alighted. He waited around town until dark, when he took a buggy and drove to the camp where Dempsey was employed, arriving there about one o'clock. He waited until morning when the men were all in the dining room at the boarding place and then arrested his man. Dempsey is charged with walking into a saloon at Tres Piedras, knocking the bartender down and then going behind the bar and appropriating a six-shooter, with which he afterwards went out and shot up the town.

OFFICIAL MATTERS.

The following homestead entries were made: Jose Antonio Gonzales, Colman, 160 acres in Mora county; John S. Fox, Raton, 162 acres in Colfax county.

Coal Lands Sold.

The following coal land was sold at the United States land office in Santa Fe: One hundred and forty-two acres in section 17, T. 13 N., R. 16 E., Sandoval county. Purchased by J. H. Sloan, consideration \$2,844.20.

Notaries Appointed.

Governor Otero appointed the following notaries public: William A. Ballau, Las Vegas, for San Miguel county; William McKean, Taos postoffice, for Taos county.

Agent Designated.

The M. T. Jones Lumber company, organized and doing business under the laws of the state of Texas, has filed papers with the territorial secretary designating the company's place of business in New Mexico and naming the agent of the company in the territory. The territorial place of business is at Portales and the affairs of the company at that place are in charge of Milton Newman of Portales. The principal place of business of the company is at Houston, Tex., and it is capitalized at \$150,000, which is divided into 1,500 shares of the par value of \$100 each. The company is authorized to manufacture, buy and sell building material.

Surveyor Appointed.

Governor Otero appointed J. E. Edgington of Alamogordo surveyor of Otero county. L. A. White, who was elected to that office, failed to qualify and this action was taken to fill the vacancy.

No Grazing Permitted.

Forest Superintendent I. B. Hanna is informed by the honorable commissioner of the general land office that a petition has been received through Governor Otero, asking that the residents of precinct No. 6 of Rio Arriba county, New Mexico, be permitted to graze 5,000 head of sheep and 1,000 head of goats in the Pecos river forest reserve. The honorable secretary of the interior has denied this application and has instructed the commissioner's office to advise the interested parties that their stock will not be allowed in the reserve this season; so that they should now prepare themselves for any

possible drought later in the season, as that will not be considered a reason for a further consideration of the matter.

On November 3, 1902, Supervisor Langenberg was required to at once notify the persons allowed a temporary grazing privilege for sheep and goats in 1902, that a similar privilege would not be extended in 1903, and "that no sheep and goat grazing, temporary or otherwise, would be allowed in the reserve in 1903"; so that these people cannot complain of insufficient notice.

POLICE COURT.

R. W. Morrison, a musician, was arrested last night by Special Officer Barton for hanging around a freight train. He was charged with being a vagrant this morning, but he claimed to have work and the judge let him go. Frank Harvey and Charles Burke were also arrested by the same officer last evening. Both claimed to be railroad men. They were given five days each for being vagrants.

John Kelly pleaded guilty of being drunk. He got five days. When he was put in the cooler he hid about \$15 in his shoe so the officers wouldn't get it. Some one of his companions got it, but a search this morning failed to find it. Moral: Let the officer have your money to keep when you are put in the cooler and you will get it when you sober up.

Sam Gilbert, for having a jag, got five days.

No Calamity If Both Are Hit.

David Day, of the Durango Democrat, who had a bloodless duel the other day with Frank Hartman, editor of the Trades' Journal, and who is now after the scalp of the editor of the Durango Telegraph says:

"John G. Higgins has no occasion to start a fire under David F. Day, after this issue is started, and let the liar, tool and ingrate keep away from cover and an undue advantage. Meet us in the open and settle it when we meet. There is no necessity for any future talk, as there will be no national calamity if we both hit the dust, but there must be a settlement."

OFFICIAL MATTERS.

The following final homestead entry was made: Basilio Peres, Lamy, 160 acres in Santa Fe county.

Coal Lands Sold.

The following coal lands were sold at the United States land office: To Frank Dibert, NW 1/4 section 34, T. 13 N., R. 6 E., 160 acres in Sandoval county; consideration, \$3,200.

Deputies Appointed.

Page R. Otero, territorial fish and game warden, appointed the following deputies: Marion Littrell, Raton, for Colfax county; William E. Steadman, Las Vegas, for San Miguel county.

Territorial Funds.

The following territorial funds have been received by Territorial Treasurer J. H. Vaughn: Grant county taxes for 1902, \$571.84, John W. Fleming, collector and ex-officio treasurer. Chaves county taxes for 1902, \$134.34, Mark Howell, collector and ex-officio treasurer. San Juan county, taxes for 1902, \$131.52; W. G. Blackwell, collector and ex-officio treasurer.

SODA WATER IN SILENCE.

How Albuquerqueans Were Fooled by a Visitor Who Was Not a Minister.

A good joke is being told around town about how a couple of professional men of the city were taken in last Sunday. The city was swarming with the visiting clergymen, who stopped over during the Sabbath while en route to Los Angeles. A young attorney had met among the visitors a friend. He was showing him the town and making him acquainted with a number of the prominent citizens. Several of them, the young attorney and his friend, were standing on the corner conversing when a member of the party suggested that they go in and have a "little something," but before that, he had fixed the other members of the party, and all were to take soft drinks—soda water. They lined up and every one took soda water, but the visitor, he saying "give me a little straight whisky." It is needless to say that every one looked at some body else, and drank their soda water in silence.

OLD VETERAN KILLED.

His Home is Supposed to Have Been in Columbus, Ohio.

Zachary Taylor, a veteran of the civil war and formerly a member of Company D, Eighty-Eighth regiment, New York Volunteers, was killed near Montoya station on the Rock Island system, last week. His discharge and pension papers were found in his pocket, and from other documents, it is believed his home was in Columbus, O. On June 1 he would have received \$81 pension money. A note was found on him which stated that he was totally deaf and had not had anything to eat for a day. He was walking along the track when the east-bound passenger train, running at a speed of forty-nine miles an hour, rounded the curve. No attention was paid to the whistle or other efforts made to warn him, and he was instantly killed. The body was taken to Tucumcari and, as no reply was received to telegrams sent to Columbus, was buried there by the county. Taylor was not known in the vicinity in which he was killed.

W. S. Strickler has received a letter from General Manager W. S. Hopewell of the Santa Fe Central and the Albuquerque Eastern, that he and the party of capitalists from the east will be in the city tonight. Senator Andrews will also be with them. They will be at the Alvarado.

A BELEN SCENE.

Two Fair Pugilists—Deputy Sheriff Baca and Mr. Ortega Actors.

JUSTICE OF PEACE BIG DAY.

There was something doing yesterday in Justice of the Peace V. Baca's court down in the thriving town of Belen, which was not down on the official program.

Representative Ortega, of Socorro county, who is an attorney at law and keeps a store in Belen, was before him defending a Mrs. Georgie, who was charged by another woman with assault. These two Belen belles had been having a heart-rendering scrap and considerable hair had been pulled out, too. Now the judge looked wise and concluded to fine both of the fair pugilistic scrappers. This caused the dander in Attorney Ortega to rise and in the discussion that followed Deputy Sheriff Saturino Baca put in his voice. He asked Blackstone's authority several questions and things got warm, as the bald-headed man says, and the deputy threw his a la Corbett flat into Mr. Ortega's face, making a large sized and very painful eruption on the upper lip. The judge thereupon looked wise again and fined the deputy \$5 and Mr. Ortega \$5 with costs. Such a day's business he had never had before.

Representative Ortega came up to the metropolis today and told The Citizen representative that the deputy struck him without cause, for he did not show any pugnacity in any way. He is to consult an attorney and bring suit against Deputy Sheriff Baca for damages.

POLICE COURT.

Five lazy men were before Judge Crawford this morning, all being charged with being vagrants. They will linger up in the employ of the city for the next five days.

Sotelo Peres, a resident of Old Town, was before the court yesterday afternoon. Peres rather steal than work, so yesterday he relieved a team standing on First street of several cans of beef. He was caught red handed and was given ninety days in the county jail. He is an old man and has a wife and five children.

Banqueted at Santa Fe.

A delightful affair was the "smoker" given at the Palace hotel last night by the business men of Santa Fe, complimentary to General Manager W. S. Hopewell, Senator W. H. Andrews and their guests, G. W. Delamater, Major A. G. C. Quay of Pittsburgh and Colonel A. J. Lester of Chicago, says the New Mexican. Senator Andrews was indisposed and was compelled to send regrets, but the remainder of the party attended. The evening was passed in social conversation, toasting and speechmaking and refreshments were served. Interesting talks were made by Messrs. Delamater, Quay and Lester, all of whom are very favorably impressed with New Mexico. An address was also made by Henry Hall, who has been traveling over the southwest for the past two months in the interest of the Pittsburgh Times. Mr. Hall stated during the course of his remarks that previous to his visit to the territory he was opposed to statehood, but that he now firmly believes that New Mexico deserved statehood. He spoke in glowing terms of the Pecos valley and other parts of the territory.

BOGUS CHECK MAN.

He Does Up Phoenix Merchants and Gets a Jail Sentence.

Frank Hamilton, the man who passed a number of checks in this city against fictitious bank accounts, and was captured by Deputy Constable Gonzales in Temple Friday, just as he was preparing to leave the country, pleaded guilty to five of the counts in Justice Robertson's court yesterday, and was sentenced to forty days in jail on each one, or a total of 200 days, says the Phoenix Gazette.

When the time for the trial came yesterday there were a number of men present besides those named in the complaints as having suffered loss on the checks, who had either cashed checks for the prisoner or had refused to do so. It seems that he had worked the town thoroughly. Among those who had cashed checks was the Boston store manager, who had sold Hamilton a small bill of goods, accepted his check for \$5 and paid him the balance in cash. Hamilton had also ordered a suit of clothes from Nicholson, the tailor. Mr. Nicholson refused to accept his check as a deposit, and therefore was not victimized. The Long Hardware company also had a similar escape. There were a number of others who did not want to admit having been victimized, by entering complaints since the man was likely to receive ample punishment.

Hamilton says he is 26 years old, and that he was raised in Texas. He claims to have never been in trouble before, and says that drink is responsible for this. He waived all rights and pleaded guilty to the charges. He accepted the sentence of the court as moved, but seemed greatly relieved when, on asking if the other cases would be prosecuted he was informed they would not.

Mrs. C. G. Noble, who arrived here some months ago and has been employed as saleslady in the local Harvey curio store, left last night for Chicago, where she accepts a similar position with the same concern.

RAILROAD NOTES.

The Santa Fe is preparing to take up all the old steel in the yards at Flagstaff, Arizona, and on its line west of that place and replace it with eighty-five pound steel.

The San Bernardino Sun says that D. D. Franklin, of the car department, left on last night's overland for Albuquerque, where he will visit with relatives for a month or six weeks.

At Las Cruces the Santa Fe is making improvements around the depot. A new cable is being put in for the telegraph office and several of the poles and wires running into the telegraph office will be removed.

C. W. West, late general foreman of the locomotive department at the Santa Fe shops in San Bernardino, has been appointed acting superintendent of machinery for the El Paso North-western system with headquarters in Alamogordo, New Mexico. He takes the office, vice W. C. Parsons, resigned, and his jurisdiction extends over the entire road. His appointment was effective May 10, and is made by General Manager W. R. Martin.

The comparative statement of the Mexican Central Railway company for the month of January shows a decrease in earnings, as compared with January, 1902, of \$24,041.26. The statement shows that the gross earnings increased on the same comparison \$380,090.41, which was offset by an increase of \$414,731.67 in the operating expenses. The number of miles operated in 1903 are 2,914.76. In January, 1902, the miles operated were 2,297.43.

FOURTH RAILROAD.

Now Certain That Deming Will in the Near Future Have Another Railroad.

The engineering party that has been locating the permanent route of the road that is to be built from Alamogordo to Deming have about completed their work and are now in the latter city.

To the Headlight. Mr. Green said: "The road will pass around the south end of the Organ range, and will come to Deming over a light grade, having about eight miles of 1 per cent and a maximum of 6 per cent on the remainder. It will cross the Southern Pacific road at a point this side of Myndus and come to Deming on the south side of that road."

"That this road will be built, and that at once, is as certain as certain can be. Where this road will go from here is, as yet, a question, but we have information that leads to the belief that California is the objective point. "Robert Young of Las Cruces, manager of the short line, expects Mr. Cranshaw, president and director, out in a short time to pass on the now almost completed survey. Mr. Young feels confident that the president will find everything more than favorable and will give the word to start the good work along."

The Farmer Got Fifty Cents.

In the early days of the road there was a smashup and all were badly shaken up. The next morning a burly farmer limped into the superintendent's office and said: "Mr. superintendent, I came in to see what you were going to give me for shaking me up so yesterday." The superintendent asked him how much he thought he ought to have for his injuries. "Well, I think it is worth fifty cents, and I will settle for that." The superintendent replied that it was quite a sum, but as the man seemed honest he would pay him, and he did so, taking his receipt in full. The superintendent said, "I will be liberal with you and give you a pass to take you home." "No you won't. As long as these pins (slapping his legs) last, I won't go on your darn railroad any more."—From "A Historic Railroad," in May National.

EARLY STRAWBERRIES.

Have an Important Effect on Southern Railroad Earnings.

The early fruit season in the south this year is likely to have an important bearing on the April and May returns of Southern railroads. In this connection it will surprise many to learn of the extent of one branch of the fruit raising industry alone. This year the strawberry season began on April 1, while the date was April 21 last year, with the result that up to May 6 the Atlantic Coast Line had carried 313,254 crates of strawberries against 71,083 to the same date last year. As each crate contains thirty-two quarts of strawberries, over 10,000,000 quarts have been shipped from North Carolina over this line this season. Strange to say the destination of the fruit has changed considerably in the last few years, and whereas at one time it was practically all shipped to New York, now it is widely distributed, with Pittsburgh practically the largest market.

From present indications the grain-carrying roads will have nothing to fear for the immediate future. The winter wheat so far promises the largest crop ever raised, and Kansas alone expects to have a 100,000,000 bushel crop, or 21,000,000 bushels in excess of any other year in the history of the state.

Sues for \$1,000,000.

Suit for \$1,000,000 taxes against the Southern Pacific Railroad company has been filed in the Jefferson county court at Louisville, Ky., by W. L. Weiler, Jr., revenue agent for the state of Kentucky. The petition alleges that

Nasal Catarrh quickly yields to treatment by Ely's Cream Balm, which is agreeably aromatic. It is received through the nostrils, cleanses and heals the whole surface over which it diffuses itself. Druggists sell the 50c. size; Trial size by mail, 10 cents. Test it and you are sure to continue the treatment.

Announcement.

To accommodate those who are partial to the use of atomizers in applying liquids to the nasal passages for catarrhal troubles, the proprietors prepare Cream Balm in liquid form, which will be known as Ely's Liquid Cream Balm. Price including the spraying tube is 75 cents. Druggists or by mail. The liquid form embodies the medicinal properties of the solid preparation.

that corporation had not paid taxes on its personality in five years and that \$1,000,000 was now due the state. Under the statutes of Kentucky, failure to or refusal to pay taxes subjects the delinquent to a twenty per cent penalty. This penalty is added on property alleged to be held by the Southern Pacific at that state. In its prayer the petitioner asks that the court assess against the defendant all taxes and penalties now due and unpaid.

The Waste of the Body.

Every seven days the blood, muscles and bones of a man of average size loses two pounds of worn-out tissue. This waste cannot be replenished and the health and strength kept up without perfect digestion. When the stomach and digestive organs fail to perform their functions, the strength leaves down, health gives way, and disease sets up. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure enables the stomach and digestive organs to digest and assimilate all of the whole-some food that may be eaten into the kind of blood that rebuilds the tissues and protects the health and strength of the mind and body. Kodol cures indigestion, dyspepsia and all stomach troubles. It is an ideal spring tonic. Sold by B. H. Briggs & Co., S. Vann & Son.

WILL COST \$2,600,000.

Thebes Bridge Across the Mississippi, Is a Record Breaker.

Work is rapidly progressing on the new bridge across the Mississippi river between Thebes, Ill., and Gray's Point, Mo. Next to the East river bridge between New York and Brooklyn it is the largest bridge under construction in the United States.

The total length of the bridge proper will be 2,750, but including the masonry approaches and the earthwork, will be 3,907 feet. It will be a double track structure, with a clearance of twenty-eight feet between the trusses. The steel work will extend 103 feet above low water and sixty feet above high water.

Six stone piers will support the steel work. The piers rest on concrete foundations laid on bedrock, which has been reached at a comparatively short distance below the river bed. The approach on the Illinois side is 325 feet in length, with five arches, and taut on the Missouri side 490 feet, with seven arches. The superstructure design is composed of two fixed spans, four cantilever arms, and three suspended piers and granite for facing and below the high water mark.

The cost of the complete structure is estimated by the engineers at \$2,600,000. The controlling interests in this undertaking are the Cotton Belt and Iron Mountains roads of the Gould system, the Chicago & Eastern Illinois, of the Frisco system, and the Illinois Central.

A Farmer Straightened Out.

"A man living on a farm near here came in a short time ago completely doubled up with rheumatism. I handed him a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and told him to use it freely and if not satisfied after using it he need not pay a cent for it," says C. P. Rayder, of Jattens Mills, N. Y. "A few days later he walked into the store as straight as a string and handed me a dollar saying, 'give me another bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. I want it in the house all the time for it cured me.' For sale by all druggists.

SANTA FE CENTRAL.

Track Laying Is Being Rapidly Pushed Both North and South.

Tracklaying on the Santa Fe Central railway from Kennedy station south is going on well. A foreman and fifty men are doing the work at that place, and one-half mile of track per day is being laid. There are about 2,500 tons of steel rails at Kennedy now, and these will be put down on the track extending south until the track now being put down by a tracklaying machine and a force of 100 men coming north to meet it makes a junction. Within the next three weeks, counting the steel rails at Santa Fe, there will be 2,500 tons of rails in that city. As soon as the trackmen now working between Torrance and Kennedy meet and the track is finished, the tracklaying machine will be brought to Santa Fe and the 2,500 tons of steel will be used in the construction of track between the capital and Kennedy. The tracklaying gang from the south expects to reach Willard station, twelve miles north of Progresso and thirty-six miles northwest of Torrance sometime today.

You never heard of any one using Foley's Honey and Tar and not being satisfied. Alvarado Pharmacy.

An Indian Ticket Office.

Architect Charles F. Whittlesey, the man who planned the Alvarado at Albuquerque, N. M.—the handsomest railway hotel in the southwest—has submitted plans which have been adopted for remodeling the Santa Fe

ticket office at Los Angeles. The fixtures and decorations will be characteristic of the country through which the Santa Fe passes. They will use unique Indian colors and forms. All the wood will be weathered oak. Red and yellow will predominate on the walls. There will be decorations galore of Indian baskets, pottery and bead work.

The Santa Fe has used exhibits of Indian goods at many of its offices, but this is the first attempt to consistently observe the "Amerind" idea throughout all of the interior finish.

Too Great a Risk.

In almost every neighborhood someone has died from an attack of cholera or cholera morbus, often medicine could be procured or a physician summoned. A reliable remedy for these diseases should be kept at hand. The risk is too great for anyone to take. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy has undoubtedly saved more pain and suffering than any other medicine in use. It can always be depended upon. For sale by all druggists.

Funny Man's Book.

The Baltimore & Ohio railroad is about to publish something in the way of a symposium of articles written by the funny men of the United States. A meeting of those who have been responsible for mother-in-law and other ancient jokes, will be held in Baltimore May 22 for the purpose of organizing an association. The book of the Royal Blue for May will contain articles from these so-called humorists. Each contributor has written a story in his characteristic style and it will be accompanied by a photograph and autograph.

Quick Arrest.

J. A. Gulliver of Verbena, Ala., was twice in the hospital from a severe case of piles causing twenty-four tumors. After doctors and all remedies failed, Bucklen's Arnica Salve quickly arrested further inflammation and cured him. It conquers aches and kills pain. 25c at all druggists.

Slashed With Shears.

Last Thursday, a Mexican who is in the county jail, charged with attempted rape, became enraged at another Mexican prisoner in the jail and began stabbing him with a pair of shears.

Before he was made to desist he succeeded in cutting the other hombre in the side and hip, making some bad looking gashes.

Dr. Rexford was called and attended to the wounded man and the other was put where he could do no further harm.

It might be a good idea for Sheriff Foster to apply a goodly amount of "strap oil," and apply it well, to such bad men who are in his charge.—Deming Headlight.

Mr. Joseph Pominville, of Stillwater, Minn., after having spent over \$2,000 with the best doctors for stomach trouble, without relief, was advised by his druggist, Mr. Alex. Richard, to try a box of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. He did so, and is a well man today. If troubled with indigestion, bad taste in the mouth, lack of appetite or constipation, give these Tablets on trial, and you are certain to be more than pleased with the result. For sale at 25 cents per box at all druggists.

High Water at La Mesa.

The little town of La Mesa, directly across the river from San Marcial, is threatened with destruction by the raging Rio Grande. Gradually the river is encroaching upon the settlement and the people are fearful of its treachery. At the bend, about half a mile above, the settlers are anxious to cut a channel to divert the current, but the owners of the ditch on this side of the river object, for the reason that they would be compelled, at considerable expense, to tap the river some distance above. Situation is rather a distressing one from both standpoints, but the La Mesa people seem determined to secure relief in the only feasible way to them—by cutting the channel.—Bee.

A Little Early Riser.

now and then, at bedtime, will cure constipation, biliousness and liver trouble. DeWitt's Little Early Riser are famous little pills that cure by arousing the secretions, moving the bowels gently, yet effectively, and giving such tone and strength to the glands of the stomach and liver that the cause of the trouble is removed entirely, and if their use is continued for a few days, there will be no return of the complaint. Sold by B. H. Briggs & Co., S. Vann & Son.

In Hurley's Hands.

The Santa Fe train porters who were in Topeka last week for the purpose of securing a conference with General Manager H. U. Mudge and asking him to consider their request for a raise in wages, were referred to General Superintendent J. E. Hurley, on account of Mr. Mudge's being too busy to see them. Consequently they laid their case before Mr. Hurley, and he is now making investigations. He says that the road is willing to do the right thing by them. He says that investigations will be made and if it is thought that the porters' demands are well founded and that they deserve a raise, the road will comply with their request, otherwise they will be refused.

Young Waldo to Marry.

Miss Marion Thayer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. N. H. Thayer, of Kansas City, Mo., will be married on the after-

noon of Saturday, June 6, to Thomas A. Waldo, son of Judge and Mrs. Henry L. Waldo. The young man was born in Santa Fe and lived there with his parents for many years. He is greatly liked and popular with all who remember him. Judge and Mrs. Waldo are well known and highly respected throughout the territory. Miss Thayer is a very accomplished and pretty young woman still in her teens. The wedding will be a church affair.

GREATLY ALARMED.

By a Persistent Cough, but Permanently Cured by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

Mr. H. P. Burlage, a student at law, in Greenville, S. C., had been troubled for four or five years with a continuous cough which he says, "greatly alarmed me, causing me to fear that I was in the first stage of consumption." Mr. Burlage, having seen Chamberlain's Cough Remedy advertised, concluded to try it. Now read what he says of it: "I soon felt a remarkable change and after using two bottles of the twenty-five-cent size, was permanently cured." Sold by all druggists.

HEAD BLOWN OFF.

Awful Result of Drunken Brawl and Shooting at Italian Coal Camp.

A telegram from Trinidad, Colo., dated May 14, says: Shortly after 7 o'clock this evening two Italian miners became involved in a quarrel at Majestic, a coal camp about twenty miles from here. One Italian shot the other in the face with a shotgun, nearly blowing his head off. The man who did the shooting tried to escape to the hills but was overtaken by two deputy sheriffs, who had to shoot at the fleeing man twice before he would surrender. The deputies brought the man to the county jail in this city tonight about 10 o'clock, under a strong guard. The man could speak but very little English and refused to talk when an interpreter was furnished. He gave his name as Huestini Garibaldi. The name of the man he killed could not be learned. The times at the Majestic paid off this afternoon, so that the miners, who are mostly Italians, could attend the funeral of the little child of one of their countrymen. After the funeral the men were drinking considerable and three of them went to a cabin, where the quarrel arose which resulted in the killing. When the news of the killing got about camp the other Italian miners became greatly incensed and tried to take the prisoner away from the deputy sheriffs and the guard for the purpose of lynching him. The deputies secured a team and a wagon and left camp with the prisoner while the guard was standing off the crowd.

A Lesson in Health.

He 'thinks kidneys filter the impurities from the blood, and unless they do a good health is impossible. Foley's Kidney Cure makes sound kidneys and will positively cure all forms of kidney and bladder diseases. It strengthens the whole system. Alvarado Pharmacy.

Incorporations.

Articles of incorporation were filed with the territorial secretary by the Sierra, Florida Mining company. The incorporators are: Jacob Smith, John A. Dubs and Gustav H. Bradt, the first named of Luna county, New Mexico, and the other two of the state of Colorado. The incorporators are the first board of directors and are to perform the duties of such for three months. The company is capitalized at \$500,000, which is divided into 500,000 shares of the par value of \$1 each. The term of existence is 50 years and the principal office is located at Denver, Colo. The company is authorized to do a general mining and reduction business, to acquire the title to mineral bearing mines by location, lease or purchase, to operate mines and reduction plant in Luna county and any other part of the territory of New Mexico that the management may deem profitable.

A Revelation.

If you will make inquiry it will be a revelation to you how many succumb to kidney troubles in one form or another. If the patient is not beyond medical aid, Foley's Kidney Cure will cure. It never disappoints. Alvarado Pharmacy.

Apportionment of the Debt of the Counties of Grant and Luna.

The commission composed of Col. J. Franco Chavez, territorial superintendent of public instruction, W. G. Sargent, territorial auditor; J. H. Vaughn, territorial treasurer; appointed by the thirty-fifth legislative assembly to ascertain what amount of Grant county's indebtedness should be assumed by the county of Luna which was created out of Grant county has completed its labors. The indebtedness of the original county of Grant is to be divided as follows: Grant county, \$164,814.28; Luna county, \$51,654.82.

The Exposition Commission. Governor Otero announced the appointment of the members of the New Mexico commission for the Louisiana Purchase Exposition at St. Louis. The personnel is Arthur Seligman of Santa Fe, Charles A. Spiess and Eusebio Chacon of Las Vegas, F. A. Jones of Albuquerque, Carl A. Dailies of Belen, W. B. Walton of Silver City, and Herbert J. Hagerman of Roswell. The commission will meet in Santa Fe June 1 next for organization and preliminary work.

The Werner company, assignee of Richard P. Marvin, has brought suit on contract against Ella E. Hoffman (Mrs. A. H. Jolley). John H. Stingle appears for the plaintiff.

Police Court. Six were before Judge Crawford this morning. Two being drunk, two for using scurrilous language and two for fighting. The judge gave them the usual dose.

MAKES STRONG NERVES

Headaches, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Have Never Troubled Rev. A. L. Brantley Since Taking PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND.

The prompt, effective and honest results that are always obtained by the users of Paine's Celery Compound call forth the grateful and unstinted praise of clergymen of all denominations. In every parish and district of our land, clergymen are quietly but surely spreading the joyful intelligence that Paine's Celery Compound banishes ill health and makes sick people well. Like men and women in other professions and in the ordinary callings of life, church ministers are victims of the same ailments and diseases. When oppressed by sufferings and agonies it is cheering to note that our clergymen have implicit confidence and faith in Dr. Phelps' life-giving prescription.

What he has to Say About the Albuquerque Eastern.

Dr. John W. Elder, chief surgeon of the Albuquerque Eastern railroad, now in course of construction, has returned from a trip to the headquarters camp near Moriarity on the Santa Fe Central, where the new road branches off into Tijeras canyon. The doctor reports that the sanitary conditions of the camps are fine and that the workmen almost to a man are in good health. He also stated that work on the Albuquerque Eastern is being pushed right along. About thirty-five teams and a hundred men are employed and the grade is being thrown up at the rate of two miles a week. Dr. Fitzgerald is surgeon during Dr. Elder's absence.

What he has to Say About the Albuquerque Eastern.

The Four-Track News, an illustrated magazine of travel and education, contains in its May issue a two-page write-up accompanied by pictures of the New Mexico resort. Clouderoft. The description of the resort is from the pen of John K. LeBaron. One of the gems of the description is as follows: "Nature knows no such thing as monotony—her art is infinite and here in the southland she has planted a little cloud-fringed paradise, unlike any other spot on earth."

Foley's Honey and Tar contains no opiates and can safely be given to children. Alvarado Pharmacy.

Captures a Santa Fe Man.

A San Bernardino dispatch says: C. L. Acker, wrecking foreman and inspector at the local Santa Fe shops for the past two years, has resigned his position with the company here to accept that of general foreman of the Rock Island shops in Alamogordo, N. M. He expects to leave on the overland tomorrow night for his new place of residence. Mr. Acker has been one of the best and most popular men that the Santa Fe has ever had in its employ here, and any number of the boys will regret to see him depart from their midst. During the recent fight for street fair queen, which a number of the shopmen made, he was chairman of the campaign committee.

Foley's Honey and Tar is peculiarly adapted for asthma, bronchitis and hoarseness. Alvarado Pharmacy.

Dr. Harry P. Kauffman, surgeon for B. Lantry on the Santa Fe cut-off at Belen, came up from that place this morning and will spend several days in the city.

What is Foley's Kidney Cure?

Answer: It is made from a prescription of a leading Chicago physician, and one of the most eminent in the country. The ingredients are the purest that money can buy, and are scientifically combined to get their utmost value. Alvarado Pharmacy.

Rodey at Washington.

Washington, May 19.—Delegate Rodey, with Director and Professor Newell of the geological survey, spent two hours together on irrigation, reservoirs and artesian wells. Rodey was pleased with the promises made.

DISTRICT COURT.

Isabel Baird Granted Divorce From William R. Baird—Other Items. Judge Baker has granted a final decree of divorce to Isabel Baird from William R. Baird of this city. The care and custody of the minor child, Edward W., was given to the wife.

In the case of Thomas N. Wilkerson, trustee, et al., versus Wiley M. Weaver and M. Valeda Weaver, the judge has found that the defendant, Wiley M. Weaver, is indebted to the plaintiff in the sum of \$6,682.14, damages and costs.

A replevin suit of the Southwestern Brewery and Ice company against Joe Badaracco has been filed.

The Werner company, assignee of Richard P. Marvin, has brought suit on contract against Ella E. Hoffman (Mrs. A. H. Jolley). John H. Stingle appears for the plaintiff.

Police Court.

Six were before Judge Crawford this morning. Two being drunk, two for using scurrilous language and two for fighting. The judge gave them the usual dose.

Paine's Celery Compound. Rev. A. L. Brantley, Summertown, Ga., tells how he was raised from a condition of suffering and great danger: "Before using Paine's Celery Compound I was continually suffering with sick and nervous headache, and it was a common occurrence for me to sleep little or none at night. Often have I arose in the morning with a severe headache and inactive mind, prostrated with nervousness from the loss of sleep. Now I can sleep well at night, have an active mind, and can study ten hours a day, while before I could study but a short while at a time. I certainly feel grateful for such a medicine as Paine's Celery Compound."

What he has to Say About the Albuquerque Eastern.

Dr. John W. Elder, chief surgeon of the Albuquerque Eastern railroad, now in course of construction, has returned from a trip to the headquarters camp near Moriarity on the Santa Fe Central, where the new road branches off into Tijeras canyon. The doctor reports that the sanitary conditions of the camps are fine and that the workmen almost to a man are in good health. He also stated that work on the Albuquerque Eastern is being pushed right along. About thirty-five teams and a hundred men are employed and the grade is being thrown up at the rate of two miles a week. Dr. Fitzgerald is surgeon during Dr. Elder's absence.

HONEST GAMBLER DEAD.

A Well-Known Arizona Sport Has Copied His Last Chip.

Tucson, Ariz., May 19.—"Old Caribon" Brown, one of the most picturesque characters with frontier history of the southwest, is dead, aged 87. He was well known in gambling circles and during the past quarter of a century had made and lost a dozen fortunes at the gambling table without losing the name of being honest. His real name was Henry F. Brown, and he was born in Ireland.

You Know What You Are Taking When you take Grove's Tasteless Chili Tonic, because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure; no pay; 50c.

Eugenio Romero, collector and ex-officio treasurer of San Miguel county, who has large tie contracts with the Santa Fe Central company, is in Santa Fe on business.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature

New Bowling Alley.

R. A. Fullinwider and his sister Miss Bessie, will go to Albuquerque about the 15th inst., where they have arranged to open a three-alley bowling alley—the only institution of the kind in that city, and as Mr. and Miss Fullinwider have the faculty of winning friends rapidly their amusement venture in the Duke City is sure to prove a success. They have the best wishes of their many Raton friends.—Raton Range.

A LONG-LENT WANT.

It is Supplied at Last in Albuquerque. Good-natured people are often irritable.

If you know the reason, you would not be so surprised. Ever have itching piles?

Not stick enough to go to bed; not well enough to be content. The constant itching sensation. Hard to bear; harder to get relief; Spoils your temper, nearly drives you crazy.

Isn't relief and cure a long-felt want?

You can have relief and cure if you will follow the advice of a local citizen. J. Johnston, machinist in the Santa Fe R. R. shops, residence 705 South First street, says: "When a man has itching hemorrhoids commonly called piles and he has to work every day the annoyance becomes positively a plague and he is more than anxious to get rid of it. When Doan's Ointment first came to my notice I wrote to the manufacturers for a box and used it as directed. It stopped the attacks. I have not the slightest hesitation in advising all residents of Albuquerque if annoyed in any way with hemorrhoids or piles to go to the Alvarado Pharmacy, buy Doan's Ointment, take a course of the treatment and the annoyance will cease."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

E. E. BURLINGAME & CO., ASSAY OFFICE AND CHEMICAL LABORATORY

Established in Colorado 1866. Samples by mail or express will receive prompt and careful attention. Gold and Silver Bullion. Refined, Sorted and Assayed. Concentration Tests—100 lbs. or over load lots. Write for terms. 1730-1738 Lawrence St., Denver, Colo.

Notice of Suit. Territory of New Mexico, County of Bernalillo, in the District Court. Richie Terrell Harper, plaintiff, vs. John L. Harper, defendant. The said defendant, John L. Harper, is hereby notified that a suit for divorce has been commenced against him in the district court of Bernalillo county, New Mexico, by Richie Terrell Harper, the said plaintiff, praying for a decree of absolute divorce from the said defendant, alleging as grounds therefor failure to support. That unless you enter your appearance in said cause on or before the 6th day of July, 1903, judgment will be rendered in said cause against you by default. W. B. DAME, Clerk.

THOS. N. WILKERSON, Attorney for Plaintiff, Albuquerque, N. M.

Notice of Suit. Territory of New Mexico, County of Bernalillo, in the District Court. Minnie Moore Bacheiler, plaintiff, vs. Roscoe M. Bacheiler, defendant.—No. 6327.

Notice of Suit by Publication. Notice is hereby given to the defendant, Roscoe M. Bacheiler, that the above entitled action is pending in the above mentioned court.

That said action is commenced by Minnie Moore Bacheiler, plaintiff, against Roscoe M. Bacheiler, defendant, praying for an absolute divorce from said defendant on the ground of cruel and inhuman treatment. Said defendant, Roscoe M. Bacheiler, is hereby notified that unless he enters his appearance in said cause on or before the 20th day of June, A. D. 1903, a decree pro confesso will be entered against him by default. Witness my hand and seal this 16th day of April, 1903.

W. E. DAME, Clerk.

W. B. CHILDERS, Attorney for plaintiff, postoffice address Albuquerque, N. M.

First publication April 25, 1903; last publication May 30, 1903.

Notice of Suit. In the District Court of the Second Judicial District, County of Bernalillo, Territory of New Mexico.

William E. Dame, plaintiff, vs. The Cochiti Reduction and Improvement Company, Defendant.—No. 6298.

Sheriff's Sale.

Notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned sheriff of the county of Bernalillo, in the territory of New Mexico, will, on Monday, the 8th day of June, A. D. 1903, at the hour of eleven o'clock a. m. on said day, at the front door of the Bernalillo county court house, expose at public sale for cash all the right, title and interest of The Cochiti Reduction and Improvement company, a corporation, in and to the following personal property and chattels, to-wit: One 10-stamp mill, fixtures and fittings, two ore feeders with fixtures and fittings, one 3x15 rock breaker, with fixtures and fittings, one dynamo, with fixtures and fittings, one upright boiler, pump and about two miles of water pipe attached.

The above described personal property and chattels having been levied upon by me by virtue of and to satisfy an execution issued out of and under the seal of the District Court of the Second Judicial District of the County of Bernalillo and Territory of New Mexico, and by an order of the court directed to me, the undersigned sheriff of the county of Bernalillo, bearing date the 17th day of April, A. D. 1903, in pursuance and by virtue of a certain judgment in a cause entitled William E. Dame, plaintiff, vs. The Cochiti Reduction and Improvement company, defendant, being No. 6298 upon the civil docket of the Bernalillo County District Court, the same being a suit up on a written contract and upon which judgment was duly rendered in favor of the said William E. Dame and against the said The Cochiti Reduction and Improvement company upon the 2d

MAUD GRIFFINS' FASHION LETTER

New York, May 16.—Though much is said and written about the superiority of important gowns, a comparative study of Paris and New York fashion shows Gotham's creations to no disadvantage whatever. Indeed one smart matron whose summer wardrobe had just arrived is really lamenting the fact that her outfit surpasses her neighbor's American-made gowns only in price and French trade-mark.

This, of course, speaks well for American taste and ingenuity which seems to have reached the climax in this season's modest Summer coats. They are by means new, for we have had them in ponce, canvas, voile, etamine, taffeta and cloth, but the latest novelty in this direction beggars description. It is a delightful coat of grass linen made over to complete the fashionable ensemble than to add to comfort, for it merely a trifle "light as air and billowy as sea foam."

The design is very loose-fitting with an inverted box plait running down the center of the back. Over the shoulders there is draped a pointed collar of linen edged with the finest of thread lace and hand-embroidered. At the front the collar extends in a long stole to the bottom of the coat which is a little less than three-quarters length.

At either side of the front the skirt of the coat is slashed to a depth of nine inches, the incision being lace-bordered and finished at the top with tassels of silk and chiffon.

A similar design suitable for morning wear is carried out in heavy butters' linen embroidered with linen threads. The sleeves have deep cuffs of embroidery and the round sailor collar is trimmed in the same elegant way. The coat is laid in box plaits from neck and hem and confined at the beltline with a band of embroidered linen.

Many of the canvases, pique and linen suits for summer are finished with the coats' inner of the regulation cotton jackets. They are roomier and more suggestive of comfort on sizzling days than is the close-fitting Eton, so this is probably one of the chief reasons why they enjoy such high favor.

There is no end to the possibilities of the lawn dress. This general term includes all of the thin washable goods which can be as costly as silk or as cheap as cotton. Green is the color of the moment, and most delightful shades are being used for dainty summer frocks.

A very fetching design has the skirt made with a yoke over the hips composed of shirring, while medallions of lace are let in, coming to a point in the front and fitting the hips closely. Below the yoke the skirt falls very full with wide tuckings round the bottom and a long sweeping train at the back. The dress is made over a slip of taffeta, which can easily be duplicated in lawn trimmed with ruffles of the same material, edged with lace at the bottom of the skirt.

The bodice has a deep yoke formed like the yoke on the skirt of shirring and lace medallions let in; tiny horizontal tuckings compose the vest, which comes into the waist quite full, blousing in front and hooking up the back with an apple-green silk girdle round the waist. The sleeves are tucked quite tight to the elbow, with very full mandolin cuffs applied with the lace falling to the wrist and gathered into a clerical cuff of lawn and lace.

A notable feature of the linen frocks which promise to become exasperatingly popular, is the short skirt; but what one saves on the skirt must be expended in the bodice, so, as far as money is concerned, the matter is as broad as it is long. With a short skirt one has the choice of a high boot—of leather, almost every time—or of shoes and stockings chosen for each other. Grey, pale blue, champagne, beige and mauve suede shoes with precisely matching stockings are not to be despised, and are really very elegant in effect. This fashion would have been out of place until recently, but my lady models seems to be getting further and further away from the conventions of earlier days, and as long as the artistic sense is not shocked almost any make is permissible.

The woman who wishes to expand her wardrobe by retouching last season's gowns should consider chiefly her figure. Everything depends upon perfect outline. A trained skirt is quite wrong with the drooping shoulder line, and a touch of white tends to the figure fullness. A white stripe in a bodice gives the appearance of shoulder depth and breadth, while flat-chested figure can be toned up by the most stunning fashion by the use of white vests, jabots and other limning down the center of the front.

The corpulent sisterhood should cling to the touch of black, for nothing so contrasts and depresses the effect of the tendency toward bonpoint. To make the neck and wrists appear paler than they really are nothing equals a black stock and cuffs, especially if they trim a light bodice.

A striking example of black and white combination is shown in a flowered chiffon gown with borders of black chiffon. The background is of white clouded with black. The gown made over rose color, so that pink gleams through the filmy black and white. The flowers are large pink blossoms scattered regularly over the surface, and are of black outlined in a raised white line.

The skirt, long and graceful, is quite simply made, with a sounce bordered in a two-inch fold of black chiffon.

The bodice has a bolero of the chiffon that ends midway between the neck and the pink girdle, and is bordered with a two-inch band of black chiffon. The upper sleeves also terminate in similar folds, and when the wearer's arms hang at her sides these bolero bands are on a line with those of the sleeves.

It would be difficult to imagine anything more feminine and yet so sweetly simple as this season's modes. The prettiest effects of the winter fashions have been retained and reproduced in this materials and with additional touches, the summer girl of 1903 has a wardrobe filled with creations as airy and fairy as the traditional Lillians. MAUDE GRIFFINS.

INJAN SCHOOL NOTES.

All the departments literary and industrial, are busily engaged preparing for the closing exercises next week.

A. O. Wright, supervisor in charge, has gone to Rocky Ford, Colo., to perfect the arrangements with the American Beet Sugar company about employing Indian labor for the beet fields. He expects to visit other points in Colorado while gone.

The social given by the C. E. society on Wednesday evening was a very pleasant and enjoyable event.

Allan Morrison, from Burlington, O. T., has been appointed clerk to fill the vacancy made by the transfer of Mrs. Bush to the United States land office in Pueblo, Colo. Mr. Morrison is expected here in a few days.

The health of the children is excellent, not a single case being in the hospital.

Candelario Roybal has received a permanent appointment as industrial teacher. Mr. Roybal was a former pupil of the school and won the respect of all by his careful attention to business. He is to be complimented on his promotion, as the position is an important one and has a salary of \$600 per annum attached to it.

Rumor has it that Mr. Roybal is soon to marry one of the belles of the school.

A new colored cook has been installed in the "Club" kitchen and is dishing up tempting viands for the employees of the institution.

A large number of visitors from the east called at the school during the past week.

Chancellor Arrested.

Sheriff Cleofus Romero received a tip Wednesday evening that Tom Chancellero, who was indicted about a year ago for assault to murder Fred Bummell, was in Tucumcari, says the Las Vegas Advertiser. The sheriff made a flying trip Wednesday morning to Santa Rosa by the stage, on to Tucumcari by rail, got his man, returned to Santa Rosa that night and arrived in Las Vegas by the stage last night and safely jailed his bird.

Chancellor, who has several aliases, has been wanted for a long time, and when Sheriff Romero learned he had been spotted in Tucumcari he lost no time in giving him a hearty welcome to the Hotel de Romero.

Oklahoma is Sure.

Secretary Hitchcock of the department of the interior, is in Oklahoma and says there is no doubt but that statehood will be granted to that territory during the coming session of congress. He says frankly he was opposed to statehood for Oklahoma until he saw the country and its development, and now he is in favor of it and will recommend it. He does not believe that Indian Territory should be linked to it, but thinks Oklahoma is entitled to statehood alone. He says that New Mexico and Arizona may possibly secure statehood, but he is confident of Oklahoma doing so.

RIVER HIGH AT EL PASO.

But There is No Danger, So an Old Timer Says—All Floods Occurred About This Time in May.

The river is still high, but there has been no perceptible change since yesterday and the day before, although all the old river prophets predict that it will rise still higher. Said an old timer today:

"The extreme high water of the Rio Grande during almost every big rise, has been on, or close around, the 20th of May.

Nineteen years ago the Stanton street and Mexican Central bridges, (the only bridge we had in those days) went out on May 20, 1884, and the water remained quite high for two months.

In 1891, May 17 to 20, the river was very high and Mrs. Dr. Stevenson, then Miss Florence Villas, came near being drowned.

"In 1897 the water came up to the fire station on Overland street and flooded all that section of town. All adobe that were not on stone foundations were washed down.

"This year, the spring being quite cool thus far, the biggest rise most likely will be after May 20, but there will be no danger to the city, owing to the canal that was cut some one and one-half miles below the Stanton street bridge to straighten the river which makes the fall of the river greater and deepens the channel in front of the city."—El Paso Herald.

Jones Bound Over.

The hearing of Bruce Jones, who is charged with the murder of Ernest So-well at Alamogordo, has been finished, and Jones was held in the sum of \$10,000. He furnished bond within half an hour, his two brothers and R. H. Purce qualifying as his bondsmen.

A Young Cowboy Hurt.

Jack, son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles



BEAUTY TRIUMPHS.

'Tis a Priceless Treasure. Beauty is woman's greatest charm. The world adores beautiful women. A pretty woman dreads maternity for fear of losing this power. What can be done to perpetuate the race and keep women beautiful? There is a balm used by cultured and uncultured women in the crisis. Husbands should investigate this remedy in order to reassure their wives as to the ease with which children can be born and beauty of form and figure retained.

Mother's Friend

Is the name by which this preparation is known. It diminishes the pain allied to motherhood. Used throughout pregnancy it relieves morning sickness, cures sore breasts, makes elastic all tendons called upon to hold the expanding burden. Muscles soften and relax under its influence and the patient anticipates favorably the issue, in the comfort thus bestowed. Mother's Friend is a liniment for external application. It is gently rubbed over the parts so severely taxed, and being absorbed lubricates all the muscles. Druggists sell it for \$1 per bottle. You may have our book "Motherhood" free THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Brunton, suffered a serious accident Wednesday, while at work with cattle near San Antonio. He was thrown from his horse, one of his feet remaining fast in the stirrup, and was kicked and trampled fearfully. When he was rescued it was found that one of his legs was broken in four places. The young man will suffer a stiff leg, if he does not lose it. Doctors Swisher of this city, and Bacon of San Antonio were called to attend the case.—Socorro Chieftain.

The X-Rays.

Recent experiments, by practical tests and examination with the aid of the X Rays, establish it as a fact that catarrh of the stomach is not a disease of itself but that it results from repeated attacks of indigestion. "How can I cure my indigestion?" Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is curing thousands. It will cure you of indigestion and dyspepsia, and prevent or cure catarrh of the stomach. Kodol digests what you eat—makes the stomach sweet. Sold by B. H. Briggs & Co., S. Vann & Son.

THE RAILROAD BUILDERS.

They are Now Examining Country Along New Railroads.

The party of Pittsburgh capitalists who are interested in the Albuquerque Eastern, the Santa Fe Central railways and the Pennsylvania Development company are at present at Hagan coal fields and will remain there for a day or two. The party is composed of Major A. G. C. Quay, a son of Senator M. S. Quay, Colonel A. J. Lester, G. W. Delamater, Senator W. H. Andrews and General Manager W. S. Hopewell. Hon. Arthur Kennedy and General Francis J. Torrance were unable to come with the party but will come later. The party arrived at Torrance in a special car over the Rock Island system at 9 o'clock Friday morning and at 8 o'clock they left over the Santa Fe Central railway to Willard. There they were met by conveyances and driven to Antelope Springs, arriving there at 4 Friday afternoon. The trip to the coal fields was made Saturday and from Hagan the party will return to Antelope Springs for a short stay. A visit will be made to Albuquerque and Santa Fe sometime this week.

A Startling Test.

To save a life, Dr. T. G. Merritt, of No. Mehooany, Pa., made a startling test resulting in a wonderful cure. He writes, "a patient was attacked with violent hemorrhages, caused by ulceration of the stomach. I had often found Electric Bitters excellent for acute stomach and liver trouble so I prescribed them. The patient gained from the first, and has not had an attack in fourteen months." Electric Bitters are positively guaranteed for dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation and kidney troubles. Try them. Only one at all druggists.

THE SILVER CITY SMELTER.

Is Now About Ready to Purchase Ore and Will Resume Operations Very Shortly.

It is stated upon good authority that the Silver City smelter will in a very short time commence buying ore. The parties who have purchased the works will arrive in that city in a few days to complete the finishing work before starting up the mill. They will also install considerable new machinery in the plant and it is thought that the smelter will be running by the latter part of next month.

A. A. Herrera, of Finch, Ark., writes, "Foley's Honey and Tar is the best preparation for coughs, colds and lung trouble. I know that it has cured consumption in the first stages." Alvarado Pharmacy.

Henry Englebreth, who has been firing the switch engine the past few weeks, has returned to his old job as day caller at the round house.

THE PRESBYTERIANS

They Will Be Here Tonight and Remain Over All Day Tomorrow.

NAMES OF THE VISITORS.

The Pennsylvania railroad has published a pamphlet containing the names of many of the delegates to the general assembly of the Presbyterian church, to be held next week in Los Angeles. We copy the names of those who will spend tomorrow in this city. Many of our readers may find some friends among the number to whom they will be glad to extend courtesies during their short stay in our city.

The eighteen cars which are used in transporting the party over the Santa Fe will arrive in probably two sections tonight and will remain in the local yards all day Sunday and continue to the coast on Monday. The pulpits of the city will be occupied by the visiting divines, both morning and evening.

In the afternoon the citizens will take the party to the government Indian school and to the Menaul mission school. The start will be from the Alvarado at 2 p. m. It is earnestly hoped that every one having the means to take one or more of the visitors will be on hand promptly at 2 o'clock.

The importance to our city of having these representative men and women receive a favorable impression can scarcely be overestimated. They represent those who have conducted the Menaul school for many years; who have planned to spend at least \$9,000 this summer in putting up a large three story brick building for the school and who contemplate a still further enlargement in the near future by the establishment of a girls' school.

There are plenty of private conveyances in the city and all can be taken comfortably tomorrow afternoon if our people will turn out with their accustomed public spirit. Our readers are urged to call the attention of their friends and neighbors who have carriages or buggies to these visitors and urge them to be on hand at 2 p. m. tomorrow afternoon at the Alvarado hotel.

A special invitation is also extended to the visitors to visit the Commercial club while here.

Names of Party.

Philadelphia.—Rev. B. L. Agnew, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. W. Burgess, Mrs. J. A. Bozardus, C. E. Burns, S. R. Caldwell, Miss S. L. Collins, W. L. Cooke and Miss Cooke, J. S. Crawford, W. W. Fiske, Henry Goodrich, W. Graham, Rev. W. W. Herberton, Miss Jennie Horner, Rev. and Mrs. R. T. Jones, Mrs. A. M. Larzere, Rev. and Mrs. T. C. McCarrell, the Misses McNabb, Mrs. F. Maybin, Mrs. E. A. Mickle and Miss Mickle, Dr. and Mrs. A. G. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. J. Peters, Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Strubing and the Misses Strubing, Miss Anna Truitt, Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Weida, Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Worden and Miss Worden, Rev. and Mrs. C. M. Alford, Mrs. M. H. Allen, Mr. and Mrs. A. Clegg, Rev. and Mrs. J. W. Cochran, Rev. and Mrs. W. J. Graham, the Misses Harvey, Miss Anie Kent, Rev. J. W. Kirk, Miss S. M. Longstretch, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Rogers, Mr. and Mrs. N. C. Sample, Mrs. M. C. Scudder, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Wallace, the Misses Woods, Mrs. M. Wilson, Mrs. J. H. Brood, Warren, Pa.—E. A. Abbott, Miss M. Waters, Parkersburg, Pa.—Mrs. J. A. Parke, West Bownsville, Pa.—Mrs. J. H. Abrams, W. S. Bowman, Pittsburg, Pa.—Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Baughman, R. S. Holmes, W. M. McJunkin, Mrs. M. Riddle, Rutledge, Pa.—Mr. and Mrs. H. Bittler, Harrisburg, Pa.—C. O. Boeserman, W. H. Rutherford, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.—H. W. Dunning, F. E. Parkhurst, Laurel, Pa.—Carl G. H. Ettlich, Ligonier, Pa.—Mr. A. E. Dickinson, Pittston, Pa.—Rev. J. K. Fletcher, Uniontown, Pa.—Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Frederick, Warren, Pa.—Mrs. A. G. Gerould, Chester, Pa.—F. Innes, Rev. and Mrs. P. H. Mowrey, Elwyn, Pa.—Rev. and Mrs. W. T. Kruse, Reading, Pa.—Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Laird, Scranton, Pa.—J. A. Lansing, J. T. Mattes, Chesnut Hill, Pa.—Mrs. M. D. Latta, Scottsdale, Pa.—A. S. Lawks, Bath, Pa.—Mr. and Mrs. R. B. McClure, Parkersburg, Pa.—Rev. T. R. McDowell, Doylestown, Pa.—Miss E. F. Miller, Ashbourne, Pa.—Rev. and Mrs. R. Montgomery, Elizabethtown, Pa.—Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Musser, Avalon, Pa.—Mrs. O. M. Sanford, Chambersburg, Pa.—Rev. and Mrs. T. J. Sherrard, Hornesdale, Pa.—W. H. Swift, Towanda, Pa.—J. S. Stewart, Mt. Airy, Pa.—Mrs. J. Stinson, Devon, Pa.—Miss M. M. Ward, Stevensville, Pa.—Rev. J. S. Wilkes, Mercersburg, Pa.—Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Witherpoon, Bradford, Pa.—Miss Belle Blakenlee, Williamsport, Pa.—Rev. and Mrs. Jas. Carter, Miss A. M. Smuller, Havertown, Pa.—Mr. and Mrs. N. F. Hall, Pottsville, Pa.—F. H. Hauke, Mrs. M. E. Miller, Oxford, Pa.—Miss Florence McClure, Mr. A. C. Townsend, Ashbourne, Pa.—Mrs. C. C. Ferguson, Easton, Pa.—Miss Frances McKee, Cresson, Pa.—Rev. B. M. Gemmill, Wissahickon, Pa.—Rev. D. H. Martin, Port Carbon, Pa.—Mrs. Jaane Newlin, Lincoln University, Pa.—Rev. and Mrs. J. B. Rendell, Bryn Mawr, Pa.—Miss C. N. Rhoads, Allegheny, Pa.—Rev. M. Riddle, Bethlehem, Pa.—Mrs. M. C. Todd, Germantown, Pa.—Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Wister, New York.—Mrs. C. W. Hand, J. A. Hiseon, Miss M. L. Irwin, Miss E. G. Long, Dr.

and Mrs. F. E. Marsten, Miss E. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Randall and Miss Randall, the Misses Reiffert, Mrs. H. E. Rhodes, Miss Sophy Smith, Miss M. M. Stevenson, Miss S. Thompson, Miss J. A. Turner, Mrs. G. C. Walcott, Rev. E. N. White and the Misses White, Rev. and Mrs. C. J. Young, W. T. Booth, Miss M. E. Bowers, J. J. Butler, Dr. and Mrs. J. B. Devins, Rev. John Fox, C. H. French, G. W. Lithgow, Mrs. A. W. Offord, Dr. and Mrs. H. C. Olin, Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Wade, Rev. D. G. Wyle, Mrs. C. M. Foreman, Miss Bertha Fuller, Wm. Thomson, H. Has-torf, Harman Koop, Brooklyn, N. Y.—Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Alkman, Rev. and Mrs. D. H. Overton, C. Eldest and Miss Eldest, Rev. J. P. Dawson, Holland Patent, N. Y.—Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Allen, Clyde, N. Y.—Rev. V. N. Yel-gin, Elmira, N. Y.—A. D. Blodgett, Rev. and Mrs. Sand, Dunham, H. F. Benton, Miss May Edgerton, Auburn, N. Y.—J. W. Brainard, A. Goodrich, Newark, N. Y.—M. E. Cramer, Settle-ker, N. Y.—E. B. Strous, Yonkers, N. Y.—Mrs. T. R. Dawson and Miss Dawson, Waverly, N. Y.—Mrs. Howard Elmer, H. Hamstreet, Hammond, N. Y.—Rev. D. A. Ferguson, Freeport, N. Y.—Mrs. Wm. Foreman, Canandaigua, N. Y.—Mrs. C. A. Franklin, Mrs. E. A. McCall, Riverhead, N. Y.—Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Griffin, Binghamton, N. Y.—D. M. Crummon, Middletown, N. Y.—Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Hanford, Unionville, N. Y.—J. H. Hanford, McGraw, N. Y.—Dr. H. C. Hendrick, Jamaica, N. Y.—Mrs. C. A. Hendrickson, Freeport, N. Y.—Mrs. J. T. Hewlett, Mrs. W. M. Foreman, Hanauet, N. Y.—Rev. J. M. Lelper, Middletown, N. Y.—Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Seward, Rome, N. Y.—Mrs. E. Evans, White Plains, N. Y.—E. A. Slossan, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.—Miss D. Van Hosen, Haverstraw, N. Y.—Rev. and Mrs. G. J. Bonnell, Buffalo, N. Y.—E. D. Emerson, House-ville, N. Y.—Mrs. R. H. Foster, Rock-kill, N. Y.—Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Knapp, Miss Marion Knox, Southold, N. Y.—Rev. W. H. Lloyd, Watertown, N. Y.—Mrs. and Mrs. H. A. Nims, Penn Yan, N. Y.—Rev. D. H. Palmer, Turin, N. Y.—Rev. E. C. Perry, Fairhaven, N. Y.—Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Phillips, Hoboken, N. J.—Rev. H. T. Beatty, Dr. P. W. France, Jersey City, N. J.—Mrs. G. A. Bloomsburg, Mr. and Mrs. Taylor Muir, Lyons, N. J.—Mr. and Mrs. Luther Childs, Morrisstown, N. J.—Mrs. M. H. Cross, Liberty, N. J.—C. B. Condit, Basking Ridge, N. J.—Mrs. D. E. Conklin, Elizabeth, N. J.—Mrs. H. B. Crane, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Davidson, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Cobb, Mrs. E. B. Grier, Mrs. K. C. Halsey, Mrs. E. Norris, Mrs. C. B. Orcutt and the Misses Orcutt, J. Woodruff, Rev. W. C. Romell, East Orange, N. J.—Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Dillworth, Dr. and Mrs. J. Patterson and Miss Patterson, Nathaniel Tooker and the Misses Took-er, Miss A. Lloyd, Tennant, N. J.—Mrs. C. C. Ely, Crawford, N. J.—Rev. G. F. Greene, Delanco, N. J.—Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Herring, Lyons, N. J.—Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Henery, Holmel, N. J.—Mrs. J. S. Holmes, Atlantic City, N. J.—Thompson, Irvin, Miss M. C. Moore, Salem, N. J.—Rev. W. M. Lauderdale, Long Branch, N. J.—J. G. Lovell, Hightstown, N. J.—Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Mount, Newark, N. J.—Cyrus Peck and Miss Peck, J. W. Babbitt, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Rogers, Orange, N. J.—Mrs. F. H. Thompson, South Orange, N. J.—Rev. and Mrs. Stanley White, Beverly, N. J.—Mr. and Mrs. J. Wilson, Passaic, N. J.—Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Biddle, Phillipsburg, N. J.—H. Chindsey, Dover, N. J.—Rev. and Mrs. W. W. Holloway, Montclair, N. J.—Mr. and Mrs. M. Howell, Rev. Orville Reed, Bonton, N. J.—H. C. Jenkins, Rev. G. L. Richmond, Somerville, N. J.—Rev. R. R. Stier, New Brunswick, N. J.—Rev. C. R. Stronk, Washington, D. C.—Miss N. G. Bradley, Miss M. W. Davis, Mrs. A. L. S. Thomas, Miss K. B. Wilson, E. H. Eakle, Mrs. S. P. Rossiter, Wil-mington, Del.—E. S. R. Butler, Balti-more, Md.—Mrs. V. J. Hull and Miss Hull, Mrs. Sallie Dennis, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Everett, Mrs. Cornelia Harper, Bridgeport, Conn.—F. C. Fox, E. H. Long, Worton, Md.—Mrs. M. G. Jan-vier, New Bedford, Mass.—J. A. Mc Gregor, Canton, Ohio—Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Milligan, Detroit, Mich.—Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Prentiss and Miss Prentiss, Steubenville, Ohio—Dr. A. M. Reid, Aquidilla, Porto Rico—J. L. Underwood, Chicago—Mrs. J. H. Cochran, Hartford, Conn.—Miss A. Dick-erson, Staunton, Va.—Miss M. J. Fos-ter, Huron, S. D.—Rev. C. H. French, New Haven, Conn.—Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Kelsey, Frederick, Md.—Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Todd, Wheeling, W. Va.—Miss M. B. Morrell.

Traveling is Dangerous.

Constant motion jars the kidneys which are kept in place in the body by delicate attachments. This is the reason that travelers, trainmen, street car men, teamsters and all who drive very much, suffer from kidney disease in some form. Foley's Kidney Cure strengthens the kidneys and cures all forms of kidney and bladder disease. Geo. E. Hausan, locomotive engineer, Lima, Ohio, writes, "Constant vibration of the engine caused me a great deal of trouble with my kidneys, and I got no relief until I used Foley's Kidney Cure." Alvarado Pharmacy.

Aldolfo Salazar, a popular young man employed in Sol Benjamin & Co.'s store in this city, will be married on May 25 to Miss Clarita Sanchez, a well-known young lady residing in Peralta.

Night Clerk Dennison of the round house force left this morning for the Jemez Springs for a little recreation. He expects to be absent from the city several weeks.

FAYWOOD HOT SPRINGS.

Guests Are Arriving at the Southern New Mexico Resort.

BATCH OF LATEST ITEMS.

Special Correspondence.

Faywood Hot Springs, May 17, 1903.—Among the recent arrivals at this sanitarium and resort are: W. H. Greer, Deming; Harry Huck, Chicago; John Attilr, El Paso; W. E. Brock, M. W. Smith, Cooke; J. J. Smith, Swartz; Wayne McV. Wilson, Diamond Bar Ranch; Chas. F. Navin, Detroit, Mich.; Mr. and Mrs. Radcliffe Furness, son and maid, Philadelphia, Pa.; Julia Eno, Matilda Eno, St. Louis, Mo. Mr. Greer, manager here of the great "Diamond A" cattle business, has with him here his friend, Mr. Huck, who is traveling solely for pleasure and to see the famous south-west land of sunshine.

Mr. Attilr is well known in El Paso as owner of the famous Half Way house, between the city and the great smelter, and also as a dairy man and breeder of registered Holstein cattle. Mr. W. Smith is an employee and Mr. Brock, resident manager of the Faywood Concentrates company's plant at Cooke's Peak. About a week ago, while usually inspecting the machinery, Mr. Brock made a misstep and fell from the plank on which he was walking, to the floor, a distance of eight feet. Fortunately missing a mass of belting and gearing in his fall he escaped with only a fracture of the arm just above the wrist. The injury is healing nicely and no serious result is feared.

J. J. Smith is busily engaged in exploring and developing his mining properties in the Black Range, north of Swartz, and makes frequent trips to Denver and the east.

Mr. Furness and family, having passed the winter pleasantly at Silver City and Faywood, will soon return to their eastern home, so pleased with their climate and surroundings that they intend to be here again next winter. Mr. and Mrs. Furness, Mr. Wilson, Mr. Navin and the Misses Eno are mutual friends forming a party that heartily enjoyed every minute of the waking hours. The young ladies are living in Silver City with their mother and their brother, E. B. Eno, who is there to recuperate the health and strength lost in the service of his country, fighting the Filipinos.

Mr. Collard is a well known and thoroughly competent mill man of Hillsboro, now operating the Bible mill and smelter at Hanover, but he had an attack of sciatic rheumatism and came here to get cured. Already he is improving rapidly and will soon return to his duties.

Mrs. J. Y. Hewitt, wife of Attorney Hewitt of White Oaks, went to Deming to meet her husband and accompany him on a business trip to Socorro.

Mrs. G. L. Hoyt has gone on a week's visit to her husband, the El Paso furniture dealer.

We had another fine shower Friday and reports from the Mimbres farmers indicate a fine harvest, while the cattle outlook is excellent. The past week has been cool and cloudy, with occasional showers here and there but no general rains.

A Sure Thing.

It is said that nothing is sure except death and taxes, but that is not altogether true. Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption is a sure cure for all lung and throat troubles. Thousands can testify to that. Mrs. C. B. Van Metre of Shepherdstown, W. Va., says, "I had a severe case of bronchitis and for a year tried everything I heard of, but got no relief. One bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery then cured me absolutely." It's innumerable for croup, whooping cough, grip, pneumonia and consumption. Try it. It's guaranteed by all druggists. Trial bottles free. Regular sizes 50c, \$1.00.

POLICE COURT.

There were four head a-c-h-e-s before Judge Crawford this morning.

Thomas McMann, a mine laborer, came in from the country yesterday to cash a check and buy some clothes. He took a drink in a saloon on First street and it was all off with him. When he was arrested his money was gone. This morning he said he was drugged. He was given the usual dose.

Manus Anderson, a Swede in the employ of the American Lumber company, paid \$5 for his drunk.

Thomas Wall also got the same for committing a nuisance on the street.

John Dudson was drunk all over yesterday, and it took two strong men to get him to the cooler. He pleaded guilty: \$5.

Made Young Again.

"One of Dr. King's New Life Pills each night for two weeks has put me in my 'teens' again" writes D. H. Turner of Dempseytown, Pa. They're the best in the world for liver, stomach and bowels. Purely vegetable. Never gripe. Only 25c at all druggists.

TURNED DOWN BY ORDERS.

Grievance Committees Did Not Sustain Striking Switchmen.

Switchmen in the El Paso & Southwestern yards have applied to the grievance committee of the Order of Railway Conductors and the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, for a hearing of grievances.

Trainmaster Brown had a confer-

THE PERPETUAL WAR

There is always a fight going on in every human body between health and disease. On one side are poor food, bad air, over-work, worry, colds, accidents. On the other are sunshine, rest, cheerfulness and nourishment.

The reason Scott's Emulsion fights so powerfully for health is because it gives so much more nourishment than you can get in any other way. Get in the sunlight and try Scott's Emulsion.

We'll send you a sample free upon request. SCOTT & BOWNE, 405 Pearl Street, New York.

ence with the men and some of them went to work.

A reporter of the El Paso News called upon F. H. McMahan, chairman of the general grievance committee of the El Paso & Southwestern railroad, and T. H. Purcell, chairman of the grievance committee of the Order of Railway Conductors, of the same road.

Both gentlemen made the following statement: The Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen and the Order of Railway Conductors are working in perfect harmony with the management of El Paso & Southwestern and there has been no grievance of any kind presented to us as chairman of the two grievance committees.

Two or three switchmen saw fit to declare a strike on the road, as individuals. The Order of Railway Conductors and the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen would like it known that there is no strike existing on the above road and any Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen or Order of Railway Conductors man wishing to go to work may do so without any reflection being cast upon him.

Two of the strikers were members of the Brotherhood of Railway Train

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City Officials for 1903.

The Citizen has just issued a neat card giving the directory of city officials and committees of the Albuquerque city council. Here is the official list:

Mayor—C. F. Myers.
City Clerk—Harry F. Lee.
City Treasurer—L. H. Chamberlin.
City Marshal—Thomas McMillin.
City Physician—Dr. J. W. Elder.
City Attorney—John H. Stingle.
Street and Sewer Inspector—Martin Tierney.
Plumbing Inspector—Edward B. Crisley.
Electrical Inspector—Don J. Rankin.
City Engineer—Pitt Ross.
Chief of Fire Department—M. Nash.
City Chemist—John Weinzirl.
Committees.
Finance—Grunsfeld, Hubbs and McKee.
Street—Harsch, Harrison, Rogers.
Police—Rogers, McMillin, Grunsfeld.
Fire—Hubbs, Rogers, McMillin.
Water—McKee, Harrison, Harsch.
Grievance—Heaven, Grunsfeld and McKee.
Sewer—McMillin, Harsch, Rogers.
Building, Light and Fuel—Harrison, Hubbs and Harsch.
On the back is given the location of fire alarm boxes, and instructions how to ring in an alarm.

COMING TO THIS CITY.

Senator Andrews and Party Will Probably Be Here Tonight.

Senator W. H. Andrews, General Manager W. S. Hopewell and party arrived in Santa Fe Monday night. Yesterday morning was spent driving over Santa Fe, where the visitors were shown the points of interest.

Accompanying Senator Andrews and General Manager Hopewell are G. W. Delamater, Major A. G. C. Quay and Col. A. J. Lester. The latter is a Chicago capitalist and a member of the staff of Governor Yates. Major Quay is a son of Senator Quay of Pennsylvania, and judging from the marked resemblance to his father, is a chip off the old block. Mr. Delamater is also a Pennsylvanian and is engaged in the brokerage business in Pittsburgh. The party has inspected the Hagan coal fields, and, in fact, all of the properties of the Santa Fe Central and the Pennsylvania Development company, south of Santa Fe. This morning the party drove to Tesuque and this evening they are expected here from Santa Fe. After spending a couple of days here they will return east. The three gentlemen accompanying Senator Andrews and General Manager Hopewell are capitalists.

Damage Done by Frost.

A withering frost did a great deal of damage to fruit and garden truck in the valley Monday night. Alfalfa was turned black but the damage it suffered is slight compared to the damage done to more delicate plant life. Tomato plants, melons, onions and other garden vegetation was frosted hard and some killed.

The fruit suffered some though not severely. The frost seemed to have more effect on vegetation close to the ground.

PAINFULLY INJURED.

Bottle Containing Metallic Sodium Burst.

Last week at the College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts at Mesilla Park, George Gamboa was painfully injured by the explosion of a bottle containing metallic sodium. The bottle was sent to the room to be cleaned and when the water was turned on the explosion occurred. The pieces of flying glass cut Gamboa's face and his eyes were injured, but he will be able to resume his studies in a couple of weeks. The injury to his eyes being only temporary.

New Insect Ravages Barley and Wheat fields.

There is great alarm in the Upper Gila valley in the vicinity of Solomonville, Arizona, over the ravages of a new insect pest that attacks barley and wheat while in the milk and which has in the last few days damaged crops very seriously.

The bug is said by entomologists to belong to a family of pentatomidae, and is known as the green stink bug. Officials of the agricultural experiment station know no remedy and advise cutting the crop for hay without taking the chance of maturing the grain. The bug is not a new visitor, but never before appeared in numbers sufficient to do any damage. Thus far the insect has not appeared in Salt River valley.

BY AN ACCIDENT.

Prominent Stockman Meets Death by Discharge of His Revolver.

A telegram from Tucumcari, dated May 17, says:

A. Nance, a prominent stock raiser of Pueblo, a small town about fifteen miles from this place, met his death by a peculiar accident.

Mr. Nance had gone to the well to draw water for his horses, and in stepping over his 45-caliber revolver fell from his pocket and struck on a rock at his feet. The force caused the gun to be discharged, the ball striking Mr. Nance below the right eye and coming out near the crown of the head. The deceased leaves a wife and four

children to mourn his loss. He was well known in Tucumcari and has many friends throughout the country.

HORSE AND BURRO.

Shipped to Toronto, Can., for F. W. Nichols.

F. W. Nichols of Toronto, Can., who spent the winter in this city at the Alvarado, with his physician, W. T. Williams of the same city, has had shipped to his home the saddle horse he used while here, and a good looking New Mexican burro.

W. A. DeWolf shipped the animals yesterday and George Hager went along with them to see that they were well taken care of on their long journey. This horse and burro will come high before they reach their destination. The horse cost \$145, its fare will be \$119. The burro will be carried for \$48 and Mr. Hager will have his expenses and salary too. But then this is not anything as Mr. Nichols' father has car loads of money.

MINERAL EXHIBIT.

Prof. F. A. Jones Will Get Up a Good Collection for Fair.

Prof. F. A. Jones, formerly president of the school of mines at Socorro and one of the New Mexico world's fair commissioners, who now resides in this city, proposes to have the New Mexico mining exhibit, that will be seen in St. Louis, exhibited at the coming territorial fair held in this city. He is now in the employ of the United States government, collecting mining statistics for the mining census of New Mexico.

Professor Jones says that if this idea is carried out people in this territory will have a chance to see what wonderful resources there are in the territory. As everyone will not be able to go to St. Louis the idea is a good one. Every mining company should make an exhibit.

Married—At the residence of E. I. Johnston, on Hazeldine avenue, on Wednesday evening, May 20, Walter Schmid, of this city, to Miss May Bind-pave, of Cedar Falls, Iowa, the Rev. F. V. Fisher officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Schmid will make their home at 311 Lewis avenue.

Miss Katie Adams and Robert Lillie were united in the holy bonds of matrimony last evening, at their future home on Hazeldine avenue, the Rev. Frederick V. Fisher, of the Lead Avenue Methodist Episcopal church performing the ceremony. Miss Adams has been a resident of Albuquerque for many years and Mr. Lillie is one of the efficient boilermakers of the local Santa Fe shops. They have the best wishes of a host of friends.

How to Grow Seedless Watermelons.

Plant melons the usual way and when the vine is three or four feet long, cover the vine over with dirt about two feet from the hill or root, and in a few days if the soil is kept moist, it will be found the vine has taken root where it was buried, then after it has started a strong new root sever the vine near the place where it was covered and all melons growing on that vine will be seedless.

Care must be taken not to cover the bud or tip end of the vine, only cover a section of vine from six to ten inches in length.—Yuma Sentinel.

FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Suits Filed in Taos County—A Shoot-ist Bound Over.

Argument in the injunction suit of Jose D. Lopez versus Benito Montoya of Taos county was heard in chambers of the First district court by Associate Justice John R. McPhe, sitting as judge of the First district for Taos county. The attorneys in the suit are Benjamin M. Read for the plaintiff and A. B. Renahan for the defendant. The suit involves the right to an easement.

A suit was filed in the First district court for Taos county by District Attorney E. C. Abbott for the territory of New Mexico, against the persons, real estate and property described in the delinquent tax list of 1901 for that county. Suit was filed in the district court for the same county by counsel for Sarah L. Garcia versus Antonio Garcia. Plaintiff alleges that she was married to Antonio Garcia in 1895, and that he deserted her two years thereafter and that he has never contributed to her support since that time. Mrs. Garcia asks for the custody of their minor child and for the restoration of her maiden name, Sarah Layne.

Berney Dempsey appeared before Associate Justice John R. McPhe for his preliminary hearing on the charge of shooting up Tres Piedras. He waived his examination and was bound over in the sum of \$1,000 to await the action of the grand jury of Taos county at the next regular session of the First district court for that county. Dempsey was arrested last week and placed in jail at Santa Fe. One day last February he entered Tres Piedras and after drinking considerable whiskey whipped the bartender in a saloon there, and, arming himself with a revolver he found behind the bar, went out and shot up the town. He is now in jail in default of bond.

Clark Orders a Smelter.

Senator Clark left Jerome, Arizona, on a special train Wednesday morning for Salt Lake City by way of Los Angeles. While at Jerome he inspected his extensive plant at the United Verde mine and gave final instructions for the completion of a smelter at the Iron King mine, three miles south of Jerome.

Mrs. M. M. Deen, who has been here for her health some months, left for her home in Illinois.

HE TOOK STRYCHNINE.

Because His Wife Left Him, Husband Sought Death.

PERRY DUDLEY STEVENS DEAD.

El Paso News, May 20.

Yesterday afternoon Dudley Stevens, a miner from Jarilla, N. M., was found dying in a room at the Silver City lodging house and soon expired. Strychnine and laudanum had been used from bottles found in the room. Letters lying upon a bureau told the cause of the man's self destruction.

One was addressed to the chief of police of El Paso, one to Stevens' wife at Organ, N. M., one to A. B. Cowan and one to the Evening News.

Justice of the Peace Spencer was called and took possession of the suicide's effects. The letter to Chief of Police Wooten stated:

"This no mystery. It is a plain case of suicide. My wife's address is Organ, N. M."

"PERRY DUDLEY STEVENS."

On the back of a piece of paper was written, "I have shaved myself and guess that I look well enough for burial."

The letter addressed to the Evening News told the whole story from Stevens' point of view, expressed love for his boy and his wife, formerly Miss Lillian Cowan, of Las Cruces, and blamed certain relatives of his wife for his domestic unhappiness in the past eight months.

Excluding the narrative of family troubles, the letter was as follows:

"To The Evening News—What a man will do when he loves a woman better than he does his own life. I will first explain what has happened."

I have taken laudanum and strychnine, which I bought to kill myself with. I have taken this plan so when I am dead there will be nothing to do but to place me in the earth and cover me and I take my own life because I love my dear wife and baby better than I do my own life. My baby is the world to me and my prayers are for God to guard over him and protect him. My wife before I married her was Miss Lillian Cowan of Organ, N. M. I have tried to make my wife happy and have done everything in my power to make things pleasant for her, and when I would talk to her and tell her, she would tell me I was jealous, when I did not have anything to be jealous of.

I hope my wife will now be happy and the one who has ruined me will go to hell. Good-bye to my friends and to my darling baby boy and may God bless and love him when I am dead and gone, and his pathway may be strewn with all the beauties of nature.

"Now, friends, one and all, do not misjudge me as most everyone does, claim that I am insane, for I am not, this is all there is to it. I never can be a happy man and he parted from those whom I love and I am not afraid to die, and the reason I take this way to kill myself is that I will be clean when I am dead. I could blow my brains out in less time, but look what a shape I would be in. I will not mention my own people, for I don't want them to know where I have gone to."

"PERRY DUDLEY STEVENS."

"Of Organ and Jarilla, New Mexico."

In Stevens' room was found a letter from his wife, written from Organ, declaring that they should live apart and he should seek another wife. The letter was friendly in tone, though declaring agreement between them impossible. The wife asked to have furniture and provisions of their home sent to her as she had the care of their boy. She declared her inability to provide for him and said she would keep house for her father.

Stevens was a well dressed man, about 35 years of age. He was known to many people here and is a relative of William Skidmore, a Western Union telegraph operator. He is also a brother in law of Billy Hayden, a Las Cruces mining man. Stevens came to El Paso a few days ago to look for Hayden. Deceased came from Iowa to New Mexico.

The body is at Nagley & Cor's establishment and will probably be shipped to Las Cruces.

OF LOCAL INTEREST.

From the New Mexican.

Hon. W. B. Childers of Albuquerque, United States district attorney, was in the city on business today.

W. H. Hahn has returned to Albuquerque after a few days in this city on business. He is proprietor of a coal yard in Albuquerque and contemplates establishing a branch of his business in this city.

Major Harry R. Whiting of Albuquerque was in the city yesterday to be examined for increase of pension by the local board. He entered the service as second lieutenant in Company 4, Twenty-Fourth Michigan Infantry, on July 13, 1862, and was discharged as captain and brevet major June 30, 1865. He now draws \$6 per month.

Biggest Dam in the World.

In a gorge of rock a little more than 200 feet wide, the government has decided to construct a dam of solid masonry at the Tonto basin site that will create in the valleys of the upper Salt river and Tonto creek the largest artificial lake in the world.

From it the now arid plain will be

irrigated and an abundance of water will be secured for every acre of lower valley tributary to these streams.

This is the information contained in a dispatch from the secretary of the interior, which has just been made public by Charles D. Wolcott, director of the United States geological survey, who arrived in St. Louis recently from Washington on his second trip to this region.

The secretary of the interior stated in his communication, transmitted by Director Wolcott, that, as a result of ten years of explorations, the department was satisfied that the Tonto basin dam site afforded one of the five most logical points for reservoir construction.

The secretary approved the articles of incorporation of the Water User's association and indorsed their mode of procedure.

He assured the people that, if their interests could be unified, the government would proceed, probably next fall, to actual construction. The people here declare that nothing will stand in the way of the plans of the government.

The reservoir will impound storm water in sufficient volume to reclaim and liberally irrigate approximately 200,000 acres of land. The cost of constructing will amount to \$2,500,000.

The length of the artificial lake is to be, it is estimated from twenty to thirty miles and the average width will be perhaps ten miles.

Sensile Advice From Alaska.

Patronize home institutions. This is the secret of making a prosperous community. If the consumer sends outside for his groceries and supplies, what can the merchant do up here? If the builder ships in his own lumber, what is the use of lumber yards? If the public sends outside for fuel, meats and clothing, the coal dealer, the butcher and the clothing merchant would have to go out of business. It is obvious that the only way to create a prosperous community is by patronizing home industry. There is one industry that can get along without the encouragement of all the business in the community. Business men may send outside for their printing without interfering with the growth and development of the town. This is due to the fact that printers frequently hold their breath for two months, during which they neither eat nor drink. They keep warm by working, so there is no necessity of fuel. The newspapers are doing nothing but striving to promote the interests of the entire community—the poor misguided persons who patronize them as well as those who do not. But even if you do not patronize the home printer, patronize the home merchant. This is the only way to make a town—Nome News.

PORTLAND GOT IT.

Conductors We're Strongly for the Oregon City.

With three rousing cheers and a tiger for Pittsburgh from the throats of more than 500 delegates, the twenty-ninth biennial convention of the Order of Railway Conductors of America came to a close in old city hall Tuesday night. All of the visitors have praised Pittsburgh and her people and now leave in the anticipation of having as great a reception at Portland, Oregon, in 1905.

At the last session of the convention F. C. Smith, of Detroit, Mich., was selected grand inside sentinel and U. C. Ferguson, of Ogden, Utah, was re-elected grand outside sentinel.

The last thing on the program was the choosing of the city for the next convention, the contest being between Portland, Oregon, and Boston. Portland received enough votes before two-thirds of the delegates had been called.

The convention of the ladies' auxiliary has also closed. The auxiliary elected the following officers: Mrs. J. M. Moore, Toledo, Ohio, the present grand president, re-elected; Mrs. A. F. Conlisk, Fort Worth, Texas, grand vice president; Mrs. W. F. Higgins, Columbus, Ohio, secretary and treasurer; Mrs. R. L. Riggs, Tucson, Arizona, grand senior sister.

Mrs. Moore, grand president, was made president of the insurance association; Mrs. J. M. Sewall, Chicago, secretary and treasurer; Mrs. A. F. Conlisk, Fort Worth, first member; Mrs. H. L. Riggs, Tucson, Arizona, second member, and Mrs. Lahiff, Cleveland, Ohio, third member. The salaries of the president and grand secretary and treasurer were made \$2,000 per year each, an increase of \$200.

Storms Pleads Guilty.
Guy T. Storms, the man who stole a bunch of pay checks at Las Vegas, cashed one of them, fled to Albuquerque and was arrested here, was indicted by the San Miguel district court and pleaded guilty.

Storms was arraigned before the tribunal. While in the paymaster's office of the Santa Fe, at Las Vegas, he picked up a whole handful of pay checks. He forged the name of T. Collier to a sizeable check made out to that gentleman, and cashing the same at the store of Mayor Goodall took the train for this city. Here he was arrested. The remainder of the checks he threw away on the local depot platform. The defendant pleaded guilty, but urged in mitigation of his offense that he had never before wandered from the path of rectitude. This time he was drunk and didn't realize what he was doing. He had paid back \$70 of the \$80 for which the check called. Sentence was deferred.

The Citizen is the people's paper. Read it and get the news correct.

STATEHOOD FIGHT.

Delegate Rodey Says Quay Will Once More be the Leader.

TIE UP CONGRESS.

Delegate Rodey, who has been spending a few days in New York, is now in Washington. The fight for statehood will be continued in the next congress, and Senator Quay will again assume leadership of the statehood forces.

Our delegate predicts that one of the first things which will be brought to the attention of the fifty-eighth congress will be the statehood question. This will be presented first in a special bill for each territory. In this connection he calls attention to what he says was not generally understood last winter, that the omnibus bill was not a measure initiated by the territories themselves, but was an expedient order by the house of representatives.

That there will be a combination before the matter is finally settled he does not deny. The plans of a statehood people, he says, are well matured and a program of definite action has been mapped out to the extent of planning a general tieup of the whole legislative proceedings until statehood is disposed of.

"President Roosevelt has just passed through New Mexico," continued Mr. Rodey, "and received a most enthusiastic welcome on every hand. He was greeted with decorations of the most profuse and elaborate kind. Such words as these were impressed on him on letters four feet high: 'Roosevelt—1904—and statehood. We would like to have the right to vote for him,' and other similar mottoes."

"Mr. Roosevelt was enthusiastically in favor of statehood when he was vice president, and I am confident that he now has a much more correct impression of the wonderful resources, large population, as well as the intelligent character of the citizens of New Mexico. We believe that the cause of statehood has been materially advanced through his visit to the territory."

Pointed Paragraphs.

A woman never puts anything in her pocket that she can hold in her mouth. Happy is the suburban dweller who is the general manager of a small garden.

One trouble with some men is that their upper and lower lips so seldom meet.

Some men never discover that they are on the wrong track till they sit down on it.

Sampson might have escaped with his hair had not that female barber talked him to sleep.

A football match is an imitation of two baseball teams taking a hard fall out of the umpire.

"A place for everything and everything in its place" is the baby's motto, and the place is its mouth.

It is now up to the office boy to invent a few excuses for holding down his head of the bleachers.

Every city may be the soul of wit, but just the same it doesn't tickle a man when he finds himself short.

Once upon a time there was a man who was too lazy to lie, so he invented a machine to do it for him and called it gas meter.—Chicago News.

TRIBUTE TO INDIANS.

Are Doing Fine Work on the Santa Fe Central Railway in Track Laying.

A great deal has been written at one time and another about the "so called" failure of this great and good government of ours in its efforts to civilize the Indian and make of him a factor in the development of the country, especially of New Mexico, says a writer in the New Mexican from Progresso, Valencia county.

The "outs" in politics, are always howling at the "ins" about the "reckless and conscienceless extravagance" of every man connected with the Indian bureau from the committee on Indian affairs down to the "skinner" that hauls freight to the agencies.

"They say" that the Indian "appears" all right in school, but that as soon as he is turned out into the hustling world he relapses immediately into the original barbarism, throws away his hat and shoes, dons a breech clout, leggings, moccasins and a Navajo blanket and at once becomes a wild man again. Is this true as a rule? Or is it the exception?

This writer has but one case in point to refer to and judge from and that is the case of a bunch of forty-two young men from the United States Indian industrial school at Santa Fe who are now working on the Santa Fe Central railway, laying tracks with a machine, surfacing, lining, spiking, bolting and anything necessary to be done. After ten days close observation and a study of the habits, manner of getting hold of their work, and the way they stick to it, the intelligence and skill they exhibit is not excelled by any forty-two picked out of the 200 working on the Santa Fe Central railway on this portion of the line, of any race, color or "previous condition of barbarism." They are fully equal to the best. In their cheerful and ready

obedience to the orders from the superintendent and his lieutenants, they excel all others. In their social relations with each other and with the other races with which they come in contact, they are kind, cheerful and even playful after a hard day's work. Their manners are superior, especially in the dining cars, where their "table" habits, as compared with those of the genus "American hobo" would make an American blush for his race. The personal habits of these young men show that they have the seeds of civilization sown pretty deep in their minds, for they are exceptionally clean.

They have learned other things too. Some letters that have been handed to the writer for mailing (and they all write letters) are beautifully written, some in fine Spencerian and others in fine vertical writing. But the most astonishing thing about them to the writer is their love for music. Some of them play the mouth organ with as much feeling and expression as he has ever listened to. They read, too. They have a good many books with them and it is a very common thing to see a dozen poring over their books out of working hours. So it seems there are two sides even to this question of educating the Indians and making a man of him. The side represented here is not much in evidence yet, but it will be later on and "some sweet day" we will all feel if we do not acknowledge the fact that Uncle Sam does not make failures.

He always "gets there, Eli," sooner or later; and the day will also come when the superintendent of the Indian school will be honored for his work. And yet "the man from Indiana" says that a country and a community who can and has transformed these dusky denizens of the forest primeval and savage warriors into such young men as these, is not fit for statehood; and not only Mr. Beveridge. "There are others." Will it always be so?

Stops Trains Automatically.

A novel device is being tried for automatically stopping a train. A double dial is attached to one of the driving wheels; this registers the number of miles. Another part of the dial is fitted with a series of stops, arranged to coincide exactly with the distance of each station from the preceding one. As the train runs into the station zone the "stop" acts on a throttle valve and pulls up the train within the specified limits. The inventor adds that it will be useful in case of carelessness on the part of the driver or .. he should be asleep.

SANTA FE.

From the New Mexican.

The school census of the Santa Cruz school district has been completed and shows a population of school age of 102 males and 109 females, a total of 211.

"Major Thomas S. Morgan" died of cold poison last night. The "Major" was a fine St. Bernard mastiff and much beloved by his little master, Price Cross.

A New Mexican correspondent at Las Cruces writes that Mrs. Alexander Morrison of the mining camp of Organ, eighteen miles east of Las Cruces, died there yesterday of heart disease.

Benjamin M. Read, Esq., has filed in the district court for Rio Arriba county, suit in ejectment for Andres Lopez against Antonio Lopez. The land involved is in precinct No. 5, in Rio Arriba county. The plaintiff asks for \$100 damages in addition to the land.

Nelson N. Newell went to Las Vegas to be examined for an increase of pension by the board there. He enlisted in Troop D, Eleventh Illinois cavalry as sergeant, September 20, 1861, and was discharged December 21, 1864. The regiment was commanded by Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll. Newell now draws \$8 per month.

It has been over two weeks since any brick has been burned at the penitentiary on account of the inability of the authorities to get coal. Why it is impossible to get coal now is not known. The supply at the institution has been entirely exhausted and wood is being burned to operate the heating and lighting plant.

John Martin of Baker City, Ore., arrived in the city and is visiting Judge N. B. Laughlin and other old friends. Mr. Martin has been away from here for nearly twenty years. He is a mining man and has not been in Santa Fe since 1886. Since leaving this city he has been to many states and territories, but may now decide to locate here permanently. He is accompanied by Mrs. Martin.

The Baltimore & Ohio has laid 1,000 tons of nickel steel rails which weigh eighty-five pounds to the yard. These rails are said to be considerably harder than those usually used and, although expensive, have demonstrated that they are more economical in the end. The new rails are mostly laid on the curves where traffic is the heaviest.

The Las Vegas Advertiser says: The territorial grand jury brought in three indictments yesterday. Two against Guy T. Storms, who stole the pay checks from the Santa Fe office and one against H. A. Lewis for petty larceny. Lewis pleaded guilty before the court and was fined the costs and sent to jail for thirty days.

SKATE'S PURIFYING SCHEME.

Trouble Up the Railway Has Been Overcome by Skill of a Scientist.

HAS DEAD ENGINES NO LONGER.

Prof. Skeats, who superintends the treatment of water for the El Paso & North Eastern tanks in a recent interview in the Alamogordo News, says:

"The El Paso & North Eastern railway from Alamogordo to Santa Rosa passes through the gypsum strata of the geological era called the Permian. In places this strata is covered by the lower cretaceous sandstone, or magne-sian limestone; but practically all of the country covered by this division of railway is of gypsum composition and so carries in solution a very large percentage of sulphate of lime, and quite frequently a large share of sulphate of magnesia and common salt, beside a tolerable amount of carbonate of lime and magnesia—in other words, it contains minerals that render it the hardest of hard waters."

"When this mixture of mineral substances is boiled under the high pressure such as obtains in boilers of locomotives, it produces various and little understood chemical reactions, precipitating to the bottom of the boiler most of the mineral substances in the water, forming a hard scald therein, which gets into the boiler tubes and clogs them up; also hydro-chloric acid is formed and carbonic acid gas is set free, which prevents the proper circulation of the water, and this condition of affairs quickly results in the burning out of tubes, corroding of the iron and general ruin of the engine as a machine."

"As these gypsum strata are very thick—several hundred feet—the waters found therein are of necessity the only ones that can be utilized on the division, and it has been found by experience that they can only be rendered serviceable by chemical treatment of the water. To institute some practical and economical means of establishing the proper methods of chemical treatment, I was called in to investigate several months ago."

"I decided the simplest and cheapest way out of the difficulty was to cause the chemical reaction which does the damage to take place before the water enters the engine boilers. This is what is now being done on the entire Northeastern system. Water softening plants have been erected at Three Rivers, Carrizosa, Corona, Pintado and Santa Rosa. About 3,000 gallons per hour are treated at Pintado and 4,000 at Santa Rosa."

"A new well at Pintado will increase the output there to about 10,000 gallons per hour, and this plant is now running day and night. Water is being hauled from this point to stations where plants have not yet been erected. Pintado water, after treatment, has been in constant use on the road for four months, and has given entire satisfaction both in boilers and for drinking purposes."

"These plants are to have automatic attachments that will enable the pumpers to attend to them."

A Human Ostrich.

The following articles were taken from the stomach of a man who recently died in the Michigan state asylum at Kalamazoo:

One twenty penny spike, four inches long; thirty-two two penny nails, seventy-nine eight penny nails, twenty-three single nails, 180 bent nails of various assorted sizes, twenty-nine pieces of wire, different sizes; one iron washer, one and a quarter inches in diameter; four suspender clasps, seventeen buttons, assorted; 126 small stones, twelve pieces of tin, various sizes; three screws, upper halves of three twenty penny spikes, three 32-caliber cartridge shells, twenty-eight pins. Many of the larger nails were partially eaten up by the acids of the stomach. One four-inch nail, which pierced the stomach, is believed to have caused the abscess which resulted in his death.

The patient was 50 years of age, and had been at the asylum almost continuously since 1878.

Consumption Conclusions.

The conclusions of the medical manager of the government sanitarium at Fort Stanton as to the effect of climate and the treatment in vogue there for pulmonary sufferers, follows:

"1. Given a sufficient length of stay recovery may be expected in a very large per centage in the first stage of uncomplicated cases."

"2. Recovery or arrest may be expected in a fair proportion of second and third stage cases and all the febrile cases in which there remains sound lung tissues to support life, but we should exercise caution