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Albuquerque Weekly Citizen, 11-29-1902

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Weekly Albuquerque Citizen

VOLUME 11

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1902.

NUMBER 70

Territorial Topics

RATON.

From the Range.
Miss Ella Reed, of Willow, is visiting with Miss Mamie Gillespie.
Mrs. E. Tusher left to join her husband in Las Vegas, where they will make their home.

Miss Cora Ball gave a most enjoyable party to a large number of her young friends.

Mrs. Kohlhausen and sister, Mrs. Charles Springer, of Cimarron, who have been enjoying a visit east, are again at home.

C. E. Stivers, editor of the Range, is absent this week on a visit to eastern Kansas and St. Louis. He will return some time next week.

William A. Williams, of Denver, Colo., and Miss Leona M. Bryte, of Los Angeles, Cal., were united in marriage at the Palace hotel in this city Sunday, November 23, 1902, by Rev. Samuel Magill, and left for Denver, where they will reside.

Mrs. Bert Warner, whose singing has so delighted attendants at the Methodist church, will fill her place in the choir Sunday evening for the last time, as her husband has accepted a position in La Junta and she goes Monday to join him at that point.

Invitations are out for the wedding of Miss Ruby Grey and Samuel Ruffner, to take place at the Presbyterian church Thursday, December 4, at 8 o'clock. The announcement of the marriage of this popular young couple will be no surprise to their friends, and they will start their marriage life with the earnest good wishes of almost every man, woman and child in Raton.

DEMING.

From the Herald.
J. M. Hannigan, while climbing a ladder to inspect the work on his new house one day last week, slipped and fell, injuring his right leg and side sufficiently to lay him up for a day or two. We are glad to say that he is all right again and able to be about and attending to business.

A young Mexican by the name of Martinez, engaged in hoisting brick by the bundle with a rope and pulley at Clark's new building, met with quite a serious accident. A brick, slipping from the bundle and falling upon his head, cut a deep gash. A physician dressed the wound and the young man is getting along nicely.

While playing around one of the new buildings Ned Keith and another boy quarreled and the other boy hit Ned on the right temple with a brick and toppled him over. Ned was pretty far gone for awhile, but when he came to he found that the other boy was farther gone than he was, and that he could not catch him.

SILVER CITY.

From the Independent.
Richard Mawson, the blacksmith, will leave during the present week on a visit to California.

Mrs. Ormeda C. Carpenter is in the city from her Park ranch on the Sapello.

Wes Williams, the well known cattleman, was in the city recently on business.

J. A. Lewandowski, a well known mining expert, who makes his headquarters at Lordsburg, is in the city, making a personal inspection of the tributary camps.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Spellman will leave on a visit to Mr. Spellman's old home in Ohio. Mr. Spellman will return about the first of the year, while Mrs. Spellman and little daughter will remain east for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Dawson, of Santa Rita, were in Silver City. Mr. Dawson is just recovering from a severe illness, resulting from typhoid fever, and his many Silver City friends were more than pleased to see him on the rapid road to recovery.

L. A. Snyder, formerly ore buyer for the Silver City reduction works, and now serving in a similar capacity with the Valverde Copper company in Arizona, is in the city on mining business. Mr. Snyder is now handling the output of the Thompson-Copp mine in the Butte.

Eugene Warren left on a visit to his relatives in Louisville, Kentucky.

where his sister, Mrs. Moorman, and daughter, have been for some months past. Mr. Warren has not been in the best of health for some months past, and the trip was made for the purpose of seeking a change.

Sheriff-elect James K. Blair informs the independent that he has decided upon the appointment of James Dill, of Silver City, as jailer, and Ed Dalrymple, of Central, as guard. Both are good men and well qualified. Mr. Blair will not name any riding deputy for the present, but will look after his own field work.

George Richardson, who for the past sixteen years has been a respected resident of Pinos Altos, left for Bisbee, Arizona, where he had the offer of a good position. Very naturally it was with feelings of greatest regret that Mr. Richardson made the change to a new location, and it is to be hoped that it will not be a great while until he is back in Grant county again.

Dr. S. M. Young will remove from Silver City to Santa Rita about the first of the month and enter upon the practice of his profession there. Dr. Strong, although a recent addition to local medical circles, has already gained a reputation for ability and trustworthiness, and will undoubtedly do well in his new field. The departure of Dr. and Mrs. Strong will be very much regretted here.

ST. JOHNS.

From the Snips.
The double wedding of Hiram and John Jones to the two beautiful daughters of J. T. Patterson, was celebrated in grand style. Bishop C. P. Anderson performed the ceremony. The evening was devoted to dancing.

The Apache county warrant case was decided last week. The claim involved amounted to about \$21,000. The decision provides that this and Navajo county shall pay about \$1,500 each. This is about one-seventh of the claim and is a decided victory for the counties.

We received news of the death of Mrs. Estefanita R. Nunez. She was a sister of Mrs. Hunt, of this city. She also has a son and daughter living here. She lived here formerly and is well known by the entire native population. Her many friends are sympathizing with the bereaved relatives.

HOLBROOK.

From the Argus.
F. J. Wattron returned from Los Angeles on No. 2.

Industrial Teacher Woolsey, who spent the past two weeks in Idaho, returned to Whitewater.

Mrs. J. L. Clark and son, Dick, returned from Los Angeles. Dick, whose eyes were treated by a specialist, is much improved.

H. H. Scorse claims to have felt two distinct earthquake shocks last Monday. The movement was from east to west and the exact time was 12:55 p. m. The shock was heavy enough to move tables and swing the lamps. No one seemed to notice it, but as Harry has experienced several during his many years' residence in Arizona, no one doubts the report. San Francisco papers report a heavy shaking up of islands in the Pacific, and this was undoubtedly a slight shock from the same source.

WINSLOW.

From the Mail.
Father Connelly returned from his visit to Flagstaff.

R. C. Cresswell shipped three cars of cattle to Bixley & Patterson, of Ash Fork.

Mr. and Mrs. John Noble will leave in a few days for Phoenix, where they will spend the winter.

Julius Lesser and daughter, Adele, returned from Los Angeles, where they went to have an operation performed on Miss Adele's eyes. The operation proved very successful.

The heavy snow of the last two days reminds the old timers of how it used to be eight or ten years ago. The storm was general throughout the southwest and augurs well for a good supply of water for next spring.

Dr. Brown is enjoying a visit with his wife and daughter, who are returning to their home in California after a

short visit in Ohio. Miss Prudence was attacked with pneumonia on the journey and has been confined to the hospital this week. It is hoped she will speedily recover.

W. A. Parr has received an invitation to attend a family reunion to be held the first part of January in Simmi, Ventura county, California. This will be the first family reunion in many years and Mr. Parr will endeavor to attend.

A chorus choir has been organized at the Methodist church and made its first appearance last Sunday evening. It added materially to the vigor of the congregational singing. An anthem rendered by a quartette consisting of Mrs. Hoar, Mrs. Daze, Messrs. Smith and Young, was greatly enjoyed by the audience.

District Attorney Burbage was in Phoenix the first part of the week arranging for the refunding of Navajo county bonds by the territory. The amount involved is about \$38,000. The present rate of interest is about 6 1/2 per cent, but when the territory assumes the responsibility the rate will be reduced to about 5 per cent, a considerable saving and a great convenience to the taxpayers of the county.

FLAGSTAFF.

From the Sun.
Owing to the snow storm the public schools were given a vacation last Thursday and Friday.

F. L. Noble, the Postal telegraph line repairer, was here recently from Ash Fork. The storm was hard on the telegraph lines, going down in many places.

Oswald Rueckwert and M. Harron left for Tonto Basin. They expect to be gone about fifteen days, and they will put in their spare time deer hunting.

Clinton Reed, of the Gospel Mission Union, Kansas City, is here awaiting transportation to Tuba City, where he will do mission work among the Indians on the reservation for the next three months.

W. R. Page came over from Prescott and left the following day for the Grand Canyon. He reports his brother, John H., as being ill with typhoid fever in Mercy hospital in Phoenix, and is slowly improving.

The following pupils of the intermediate department of the Emerson High school were neither tardy nor absent during the last school month: Ruth Baker, Charles Marshall, George Veit, Ella Vail and Paul Aubineau.

Col. James McLaughlin completed the transfers of the lands belonging to the Tuba City settlers and left for Yakima, Washington, where he has business as inspector of the land department that will keep him busy the balance of the year.

From the Gem.
Charles S. Howard is in town, confined to his room with pneumonia.

Wick Thompson and George Black, Jr., killed the largest buck deer last Saturday that has been killed in this vicinity up to date.

John Noble, one of the leading sheep growers of this county, was here from Winslow to pay his taxes for the present year, which amounted to over \$600.

The report has gone abroad that Flagstaff has more marriageable women of uncertain age than any town in Arizona. Thirty-five women over 20 years is not many for a town of the population of Flagstaff.

WILLIAMS.

From the News.
Mrs. Joseph Johnston returned from Phoenix. She reports Mrs. Johnston's mother, whom she was called to see, as being in a slightly improved condition.

A. F. Polson and Mesdames Fanshler and Carney returned from their trip to northern California in quest of timber land. They were successful, as were the rest of the party, some of whom will return later.

Ellery Knowles, of Deadwood, S. D., visited the News office last Saturday. Mr. Knowles has been with a party of surveyors for the past two months, doing government work in this county, and left Saturday night for his home to resume his duties as a clerk in the Deadwood postoffice.

Topographer F. E. Matthes has completed his work at the Grand Canyon, so far as the appropriation made by congress would allow. Messrs. Dough and Dunnington, of the topographic department, spent the first of the week at the canyon and on Tuesday, with Mr. Matthes, left for Prescott. It is understood that the work will be resumed soon and carried as far west as Bass' camp on the canyon.

It is expected that work on the smelter, east of town, will commence within the next two weeks, or as soon as the newly made special machinery arrives from Denver. Messrs. H. I. No. smith and W. L. George arrived in the city Monday from the east and will proceed to get things in readiness for its installation. The members of the

Anta Consolidated Copper company have every faith in the process invented by Mr. George for the economical treatment of their ore in the canyon district and upon the arrival of the new equipment things are very likely to get a hustle on themselves in this immediate section.

KINGMAN.

From the Miner.
Newt, Hart, the last typhoid fever patient on the sick list at Gold Road, is now rapidly recovering. Good water is now used in the camp and all traces of sickness have disappeared among the miners.

Miss Hall, niece of Mrs. C. W. French and Mrs. Cummings, died at the home of Mrs. French in Kingman last Sunday. The young lady had been ill for several months past and her death was not unexpected. The body was embalmed and shipped to Prescott, where she formerly resided.

The bondsmen of "Farmer" Tobin are just now mightily concerned as to his whereabouts. Two of the heaviest bondsmen desired to turn him in and sent an officer to his former residence only to learn that he had "gone to California to hunt for work." Is it possible that this good man has left his bondsmen in the lurch for \$2,500?

Charles Metcalfe returned from Los Angeles, California, where he had been making arrangements for the placing of his pumice tufa on the market. He reports that he has arrangements now perfected for the sale of the stone in the city in large quantities. It dresses up beautifully and will be used for ornamentation.

F. W. Lowery, one of the foremost lawyers of Denver, arrived in Kingman the first of the week and has been looking after the litigation in the case of Moffatt vs. the White Hills Mining and Milling company. Executions have been issued and the personal property of the company will be sold the first week in December. Nothing is known as to the disposition of the mining property.

The rain and snow storm this week was the heaviest ever known in this part of the country at this season. The whole country is soaked and snow covers the high altitudes to a considerable depth. On the Wallapai mountain, at the old Wheeler cabin, snow is eighteen inches deep. Telephone lines have been interfered with all over town and it will take a day or two to get them connected up again.

EARLY THANKSGIVINGS.

"Sandy" Wardwell and D. R. Evans relate interesting tales—Indians Were Their Friends.

The contrast of the Thanksgiving in the southwest today and the Thanksgiving of 1860 is most interesting. The manner in which the old pioneers celebrated the great event was much more fascinating and perhaps more enjoyable than are our quiet celebrations and "silly" obtained feasts.

Albuquerque has several old pioneers in her midst this Thanksgiving who have a vivid recollection of the Thanksgiving as it was celebrated on the plains in the early 60s and 70s. Several of these early plainmen were seen yesterday and extracts of the early Thanksgiving are given in this article.

Sandy Wardwell's Thanksgiving.
The first pioneer approached was L. C. Wardwell, better known as "Sandy," a name which he acquired on plains years ago.

"Thanksgiving now," said Mr. Wardwell, "does not have the gayety and excitement that it had in the early days. I remember a Thanksgiving in 1860. I believe the first one I spent in New Mexico. It was at the ranch of Lucia B. Maxwell, a Frenchman. He owned the old Maxwell land grant, the largest tract of land in the country at that time. It is now owned by some British land company, and the town of Cimarron now stands where we held our celebrations. Maxwell was an old trapper, and on these occasions Kit Carson, Tom Tobin and other old celebrated frontiersmen would gather here, and what a time we would have."

"On this special Thanksgiving there were 300 or 400 Ute Indians present. We were on pretty good terms then, and they celebrated with us. There was lots of sport in those days. Horse races that were very exciting, Indians against the whites and whites against the Indians. There was lots of betting and high stakes, but usually there was not much money up. The sporting men would bet from 50 to 200 cattle and from 500 to 800 sheep, which soon run up into dollars."

"I have heard old Maxwell tell his rider that if he didn't win he would shoot him. So you can imagine that there was nothing tame about those races."

"Yes, all running races, and the kind you don't see nowadays. Then there was the turkey shooting. The turkey was put in a box some distance away. Each man had to pay so much for a shot and the man who got a bullet through the head got the turkey."

"The men who attended these Thanksgiving feasts were stockmen, stage drivers, prospectors, government officers from Fort Union and other men who were engaged in work in the west."

"Wild game was plenty and previous to the feast there would be a big hunt. Nick nacks like one gets these days were unknown. After the hunt a big fire would be built and the barbecue would begin. An ox would be roasted whole, and the big brown bears roasted were delicious. Then we would have lots of venison and turkeys. Those feasts were great. At Maxwell's place the tables were sixty feet long and they were always filled to overflowing. The Indians sat at one table and we sat at the others, all eating the best meals of our lives. After the dinner the Indians would have their fire dances and the boys and Mexicans would dance until very late at night."

"There were lots of sports then and the betting stakes were very high. Those who had money didn't think anything of staking \$1,000 or more on a favorite horse. Jim Hickland was the greatest sport in the bunch. Kit Carson wasn't much of a sport; he was rather quiet."

"People came all the way from Santa Fe and Elizabethtown and other places to attend the one event of the year."

"No," concluded Sandy, "Thanksgiving now is nothing like we use to have. It lacks the interest and excitement of the old days on the plains."

Evans' Thanksgiving.

Another pioneer, the oldest in the city, D. R. Evans, was also seen by the Citizen representative and the story he told of the good old Thanksgiving was equally as interesting.

"The first Thanksgiving I spent in New Mexico was in 1879," said Mr. Evans, his face beaming at the recollection of the day of enjoyment. "A party of ten or fifteen of us were camping north of Elizabethtown and we had a grand celebration. The forests abounded with wild game of every description. The entire party went on a hunt and on our return we had our roasted barbecue. We brought in several bears, deer and other game that got in our way. Then cutting the slain animals into large pieces we roasted them before the large fires built for the occasion. There were no Indians present, as we at that time were not on friendly terms. But the feast in the forest with all kinds of game at our disposal was an event I shall never forget. I spent most of my early Thanksgivings in Colorado and there we also had a grand dinner, at many of which the Indians were present and they would race, have chicken grabbings and all kinds of games. The races at these events were particularly interesting. Everything was fast and exciting, yet never disorderly. At the Thanksgiving in '79, which I celebrated in New Mexico I was connected with the railroad, stationed at Raton Pass. Yes, Kit Carson, Tom Tobin and other now famous men were always present at these celebrations in this territory."

"Tom Tobin was quite an interesting character in those days, and was a partner of Kit Carson. A story is told of how Tobin captured a couple of native desperadoes on one of these events. It was near the Sangre de Cristo range. Tobin with a party were on a march across the country. A thousand dollars reward was offered for a native named Episcopa and his son. Tobin saw a raven circling in the air above a forest. 'Watch that raven,' he said, 'and wherever it lights there is meat of some kind.'"

"Everyone kept an eye on the raven, and advancing closer saw smoke arising from between the trees. Crawling on their hands and knees they advanced within a few paces of the outlaws. They refused to surrender and were shot through the head. The heads of the desperadoes were carried back to the camp in a bag, which Tobin retains to this day. This will give you an idea of the way we lived in those days."

"I could tell all kinds of stories which relate to the strenuous life of the early days. Thanksgiving was always an event of great interest among the plainmen, because it was seldom we could always get together and feast and enjoy ourselves."

INSURANCE SWINDLERS.

Detective Tells of the Operations of the Men in El Paso and Elsewhere—Swindlers in Bad Condition.

Probably the most remarkable conspiracy to defraud life insurance companies out of large sums of money yet recorded in the annals of crime was disclosed today in the habeas corpus proceedings in the cases of William Mason and C. T. Richardson, charged by the New York Life Insurance company with conspiracy to swindle and conspiracy to murder, and held under bonds aggregating \$40,000, says a dispatch to the Denver News from El Paso, Texas.

When Richardson, the company's ex-agent and the alleged ringleader, was brought, handcuffed, into the court

room, it was evident that the strain was beginning to tell on him. Mason is a physical wreck, and unable to speak, eat or leave his couch.

The main witness for the state was Detective Gray, of Richmond Hills, L. I., whose right name is W. J. Garrison. He was on the stand six hours, and told the story of the plots and counterplots in detail. Gray said he was sent to Dallas by the company to unearth the frauds, and he began his task by engaging in the lumber business, posing as a rich man, and finally becoming acquainted with Richardson, the company's agent. He afterwards gained Richardson's confidence and met Mason, or Mannering. Richardson insured Gray's invalid nephew, Evans, of St. Louis, a fictitious person, for \$10,000, substituting a healthy man for the examination. The policy was collected and the money divided.

After this the three men formed a conspiracy to cover the entire southwest and Chihuahua, Mexico, in their operations. They came to El Paso to begin, and insured Gray, under the name of Marshall D. Sangalnette, for \$100,000, with Mason as David Sangalnette's beneficiary. They were to burn a corpse in a house, prove that it was the body of the insured, and divide the policy equally. Gray feared that he was about to be made the victim and murdered by the other two. They urged him to go to Chihuahua with them to carry out other similar schemes. He declined to enter Mexico, fearing murder, but consented to go to Denver. All were arrested.

Attorney D. Curtis Cano, of Rochester, N. Y., testified that in 1896 Richardson was a lawyer of that town, under the name of Leslie Hurlbert, and Mason, then known as William Mitchell, was his clerk. Mrs. Hurlbert was Mitchell's sister.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Two Big Albuquerque Enterprises File Papers to Do Business—Cattle Company Organized.

The Rio Grande Woolen Mills company was incorporated by John H. Bearup, John C. Fenger and Henry B. Ray, of Albuquerque, to sell and handle on commission wool, pelts and hides. The capital stock is \$100,000, divided into 1,000 shares. The office and principal place of business is at Albuquerque.

The Albuquerque Gas, Electric Light and Power company was incorporated by William S. Huff, John S. MacBeth and Joseph J. Henry, all of Denver, Colorado. The object of the company is to generate electricity for power, heating, lighting and other purposes. The capital stock is \$200,000, divided into 2,000 shares, par value of each share \$100. The principal office and place of business in New Mexico will be Albuquerque. Maynard Gunsul is the New Mexico agent. The directors are Maynard Gunsul, William B. Childers, Daniel A. Macpherson, William S. Huff and Charles K. Durbin.

The M. C. Stacy Dredge Company of Roswell, filed incorporation papers. The incorporators are Samuel E. Allen, W. Armistead Wright, Frank W. Leimbaugh and King G. Stacy. The headquarters of the company are at Roswell, Chaves county, where it is engaged in the mercantile business. The incorporators are the directors. The capital stock is \$25,000, divided into 250 shares.

The C. A. P. Land and Cattle company was incorporated by John B. Cecil, Mary A. Cecil, Thomas C. Aldrich, Hudson A. Porter, all of Stegman, the object of the company is to buy, sell, raise and handle cattle, horses, hogs and other live stock. The capital stock, \$10,000, divided into 200 shares, par value of each share \$50. The principal office and place of business will be Stegman, Eddy county. The incorporators are the directors.

A Narrow Escape.

Charles Hamilton, a well known painter, had a miraculous escape from death one day this week, says the Roswell Journal. He was working on the glass skylight of the Garst building, when a board broke under him, letting him down on the glass. He slipped to the edge of the roof, where he was fortunate enough to catch his foot in the gutter, and save himself from falling fifty feet to the street. Several horrified spectators, who saw him sliding down the roof, expected to see him dashed to death, hurried to his assistance, and Mr. Hamilton was hoisted back to safety considerably frightened, with his hands badly cut, where he tried to hold on to the glass. In speaking of the matter, Mr. Hamilton said it was one of the closest calls to death he had ever had, and one experience was enough for him.

Patrick Case.

New York, Nov. 26.—On motion of Assistant District Attorney Carvin, argument on the motion for a new trial for Albert T. Patrick, set for today, was adjourned until December 5. Patrick was convicted of the murder of William M. Rice.

STATEHOOD URGED.

Governor Otero interviewed on Subject in Chicago.

Chicago, Nov. 27.—Governor Otero, of New Mexico, is in Chicago on business. "There is no reason on earth why New Mexico should not become a state," he said.

"It has a population of 300,000 people and we have wealth and education that entitles us to statehood. The real property values of the territory reach \$200,000,000, and the native Mexican population is fast becoming an educated and more progressive factor in the community."

CONVICT PAROLED.

Elesio Sena, a Life Prisoner, Gets His Thanksgiving Pardon—Land Contest Decisions.

Executive Office, Santa Fe, N. M., Nov. 26, 1902.

Whereas, Elesio Sena was at the October, 1890, term of the district court in and for the county of Mora, territory of New Mexico, convicted of the crime of murder and sentenced to life imprisonment in the territorial penitentiary; and

Whereas, The Hon. James O'Brien, presiding judge who tried the said Elesio Sena, and Hon. Miguel Salazar, district attorney who prosecuted the case, have united in a recommendation for executive clemency, which recommendation has also been signed by Judge William J. Mills, present judge of the district, and Hon. Charles A. Spiess, present district attorney; and

Whereas, There are on file in the executive office numerous petitions signed by former members of the legislative assembly and by some of the most prominent citizens of the territory, as well as by a statement by the board of penitentiary commissioners recommending that a full pardon be granted to the said Elesio Sena.

Now, therefore, I, J. W. Reynolds, acting governor of the territory of New Mexico, by virtue of the authority in me vested, and in continuance of the established custom in vogue not only in this territory, but in nearly all the states of the Union of extending to some unfortunate prisoner an act of clemency upon each day of national thanksgiving, do this day grant to the said Elesio Sena a full and complete pardon, said pardon to take effect upon the morning of the 27th day of November, A. D. 1902, at which time the superintendent of the territorial penitentiary is authorized to discharge the said Elesio Sena from confinement in said institution.

Done at the executive office this, the 26th day of November, A. D. 1902.

Witness my hand and the great seal of the territory of New Mexico.

J. W. REYNOLDS,
Acting Governor.
By the acting governor:
J. W. REYNOLDS,
Secretary of New Mexico.

Good Words.

In commenting on the advice of an exchange to "kill your dog and buy a pig with the dollar you save on dog tax," our Dumb Animals says:

"Yes, kill your dear old faithful, mindful, thankful, trusted dog and buy a pig. But when you come home after a hard day's work don't expect the same pig to meet you two blocks away with a joyful little cry of welcome and jumps. Sometimes when you feel unusually 'blue' and it seems as if the whole world was 'knocking' against you, don't expect it to nestle up to your side, and lay its head within your lap and wag out its unalloyed sympathy. Don't expect it to leave its meal of 'scraps' just for the privilege of being your companion on a lonely drive or walk. Don't expect it to do any of these 'little things.' There's a vast difference between your most constant friend and a pig."

The Needy Poor Remembered.

The poor and needy of the city are being made happy today by the distribution of the donations of all kinds of food by the school children. The children were supposed to divide their gifts, giving part at Thanksgiving and part at Christmas, but if the generosity of the public schools at Christmas is equal to the spirit of Thanksgiving there will be no need for the poor to go hungry.

The transfer wagon, donated by E. S. McGuire to collect the gifts from the schools yesterday, was filled to overflowing with everything one would wish for a Thanksgiving dinner. The supplies were taken charge of by Mrs. J. W. Edwards, and all the unfortunate who are unable to enjoy Thanksgiving dinner by reason of adverse circumstances will be remembered.

The ladies of the Non-Sectarian Benevolent society have done and are doing a noble work among the poverty stricken classes, and they are deserving of the support of every patriotic family in the city.

Levi Strauss & Co's
copper riveted overalls
the best garment for workmen in the world

OBJECT OF VISIT.

The Deming Headlight asserts that the object of the visit to Silver City of certain gentlemen of this city last week was to secure allies to down the governor. This is absurdly incorrect.

The object of the visit was to secure help to elect Hon. Nestor Montoya speaker of the house at the approaching session, and they met with flattering success.

Nothing was said about downing the governor. In fact, the delegation from this county who visited Silver City are among the best friends of Governor Otero.

The Headlight is a democratic paper at times, and its object is to bring about dissensions in the republican ranks.

TO BE TESTED.

It is inevitable that sooner or later the supreme court of the United States will be required to pass upon the validity of the negro disfranchising sections of the new constitutions, which have been adopted during recent years by several of the southern states, and it looks as if the machinery has at last been set in motion.

Action has been commenced at Norfolk, Va., with the idea of having the recent election in that state, so far as the ten members of congress are concerned, declared invalid and a declaration entered that no election was held. This action is based upon the disfranchisement of negro voters, and Governor Montague and the state canvassing board have been cited to appear in the United States court to show cause why a temporary injunction should not be issued to restrain them from issuing certificates of election. The allegation is made that all acts made under the new constitution of the state, in so far as they related to depriving any citizens of their votes, are invalid and ought not to stand.

HOW BEVERIDGE INSPECTS.

The people of Alamogordo had very practical evidence that Senator Beveridge's senatorial statehood committee was not looking for the bright side of the New Mexico picture, says the El Paso News. The committee visited three places in New Mexico where the native population predominates. But enterprising places that have grown up in the mining regions got the cold shoulder. No trip was made to Silver City or any town representative of New Mexico's great mineral wealth and resources. Alamogordo, an energetic town, that grew up so rapidly and substantially, because of the investment of eastern capital, desired to show the senators what might be expected in our localities, if statehood were attained and investors induced to come who are now afraid to put their money where a possible stand discredited by territorial guardians. The town raised an entertainment fund, prepared for decoration, illumination and demonstration in favor of statehood. The senatorial committee was corresponded with by wire and the announcement came from Arizona that the citizens' wishes would be respected. It had been stated the committee would visit Deming, Las Cruces and Silver City, arrive in El Paso Friday, visit Alamogordo, return here Saturday night and go eastward. However, the committee sent out Silver City, slipped into El Paso at night unannounced and arranged for their car to go out on the Texas & Pacific before Alamogordo found out the program. Then a final urgent invitation was telegraphed and a representative of Alamogordo called upon the committee and told of the preparations that had been made, and what an important example of territorial enterprise and prosperity could be seen by a short trip. The secretary of the committee gave very little satisfaction to the caller, but said that perhaps he could arrange for the trip if free transportation were provided for the car and government party to Kansas City. Of course, the Alamogordo people were willing to guarantee a free trip to and from El Paso, but had no arrangements for saving expense to the government for a trip on the Rock Island from Santa Rosa to Kansas City.

RESULT OF INVESTIGATION.

The Denver Republican says that the result of the investigation of the senate committee is still in doubt, but the impression seems to prevail that Senator Beveridge, chairman of the committee, is opposed to admission. The character of the inquiries made by the committee suggests that the report may be unfavorable, for the subjects touched upon relate to what may be called the weakest side of the statehood case. The fact that similar weaknesses can be found in the oldest states in the Union may have little weight if the members of the committee were looking for an excuse to oppose statehood.

The real question involved is whether the territories in question are capable of maintaining state governments. If they have sufficient population and taxable wealth, that should settle the matter in their favor. The fact that a greater or less percentage of the population speaks English is a matter of minor consequence as far as the ability of the community to maintain a state government is concerned. There may be a large percentage of illiterate without necessitating statehood a dangerous experiment. Certainly Senator Beveridge does not have to go beyond the limits of his own state, Indiana, to find a demonstration of the truth of this proposition.

The white caps of southern Indiana are an element of disorder and violence which has made Indiana notorious; and there is nothing in the condition of New Mexico, Arizona and Oklahoma to warrant a belief that an element of that kind will ever establish a condition of terrorism like that which exists in defiance of the law in some localities in southern Indiana. The foreign born and non-English element in New York is a more dangerous factor than the native born non-English element in New Mexico. But no one thinks that for this reason the people of New York are incapable of maintaining a state government.

The welfare of the southwest calls for the admission of the three territories in question, and since they are capable of maintaining state governments, the doors of the Union should be thrown open to them. Members of the senate from states east of the Mississippi should not let their prejudices control their action, especially when people who live in the Rocky mountains possess full information concerning the qualifications of the proposed communities for statehood in fact that they are entitled to admission.

ALBUQUERQUE'S OPPORTUNITY.

The El Paso News says: "The builders of the proposed Albuquerque Eastern railway have asked the people of the Duke City to donate right of way and terminal grounds for the line, which is now assigned to go to Durango. Albuquerque has longed for competition in railway freight rates. It will now be seen whether the city has the enterprise to offer an inducement for a hurry-up proposition. The time to get railway enterprises is when they are available for delay often changes the drift of matters. The News makes the prediction that a line from Albuquerque to the road from Santa Fe to the El Paso & Northeastern for a connection to El Paso, will not be built unless the extension to Durango shall be constructed. Albuquerque had better hurry." Such an extension would serve to open business between Durango and El Paso.

THE NEED OF NEWSPAPERS.

China has seldom had an able minister in this country and never a more popular one than Wu Ting Fang who is now en route home. In summing up, just previous to his departure, what he considered to be the greatest needs of his country he promptly replied: "More schools, more railroads and more newspapers." With this great trinity of blessings he felt that China would soon be able to take her place among the progressive nations of the world. Each in its way is an educator and each helps not alone to bring the country into touch with the world's progress but to bring the people into contact and acquaintance with each other.

A side-light of this sort helps one sometimes to realize what a tremendously significant part good newspapers play in the development and progress of a country, particularly a country of vast proportions like the United States, all parts of which, through their agency, are kept in as close touch as the tightest little monarchy of which Europe may boast.

IRRIGATION OF THE WEST.

The so-called 'arid' section is about a thousand miles square and, without doubt, is the richest in natural resources of any region in the world. It has gold, silver, copper, lead, iron, coal, timber, petroleum and every kind of useful silicate and clay. It has a superb climate, and the numerous valleys are as fertile as the basin of the Nile. The electric power that can be created by the falling water of the streams would be ample to turn the wheels of the civilized world. It is penetrated by numerous railroads and has many handsome cities and towns. The funds immediately available for the canals and reservoirs amount to about \$7,000,000; but, as the act of congress authorizing the work set apart for this purpose the money received from future sales of public lands, the supply will be large and continuous. It is expected that at least \$500,000,000 will be expended on construction within the next twenty or thirty years, as each improvement made has a tendency to increase the value of and make more desirable for new settlement the land in contiguous irrigable basins. It is obvious that the initial expenditure by the government and those which follow as a result of it in the construction of railroads, the building of cities and towns, the opening of mines and farms, and their wants will be multitudinous. It is also quite certain that the numerous rich gold deposits will be opened and the precious metal extracted at a steadily increasing rate.

THANKFUL NATION.

"The year just closed has been one of peace and overflowing plenty. Rarely has any people enjoyed greater prosperity than we are now enjoying," says the president. Whether we can enjoy turkey or not we must acknowledge the truth of this statement. Never have the farmers received such bountiful returns for their labors than this year. Never have so many men been so profitably employed as at present, and never have the American people been freer from misfortune than during the past year. Never a year in our history has seen so much money given to educational and charitable institutions. Never were there so many schools or so

Keeley Cure
For Drunkenness, Opium, Morphine and other Drug Usings, the Tobacco Habit and Neurasthenia.
THE KEELEY INSTITUTE, Dwight, Ill.
Correspondence Strictly Confidential.

many pupils as there are today. Opportunities for material advancement, for advancing physically, mentally and morally were never so plentiful as now. The popularity of athletic sports in and out of our schools has increased to an extent hardly dreamed of a few years ago. This means a stronger, more vigorous race. Facilities for the dissemination of intelligence have grown so rapidly that daily newspapers are now within reach of practically 90 per cent of our people. To this great educational factor, and to the marvelous increase in school attendance we are indebted for the rapid decline in illiteracy and for the active and intelligent interest our people take in public affairs.

Personal and religious liberty has been steadily enlarged. The dignity of labor, no matter how humble, has been sustained and emphasized. But a few years ago the strong hand of authority could and did lash the bare backs of American sailors and of our black people in the south for trivial offenses. These things cannot happen today.

The national treasury is overflowing and the national debt is being constantly decreased. The rights of property have been strictly guarded, and the rich, instead of hoarding their wealth, are using it to develop the mighty resources of the republic.

THANKSGIVING SUGGESTIONS.

There are few persons, comparatively, in this country who have attained to years of discretion who will not have abundant cause for thanksgiving tomorrow. Life alone, with its splendid possibilities and opportunities, is a cause of gratitude. Sound health is a cause for it. The possession of kindred and friends is a cause for it. The fact that we live in the grandest century of recorded time is a cause for it. Even suffering, hardships and reverses are clouds, we are told, which bear a silver lining, a philosophy which has in it a great deal of practical truth as well as consolation.

Another and signal reason for gratitude which every American has is that he is a citizen of no mean country. Here constitutional freedom has reached its "bright, consummate flower." Here liberty is the birthright of every individual. Here are to be found no classes to levy toll upon the masses. Here every voter is a sovereign. Here every individual, be his skin black or white, stand equal before the law. Here no system of militarism eats up the substance and crushes out the energies of the people. Here freedom of speech and thought find widest latitude. Here every man and woman is privileged to worship as conscience dictates. Here church and state are totally disjoined, the people absolutely free to "render to Caesar the things that are Caesar's, and unto God the things that are God's." Here the greatest degree of intelligence exists. Here every form of industry has reached its fullest development. In a word, under the Stars and Stripes is to be found the noblest civilization that ever blessed mankind.

It is a magnificent heritage which is the patrimony of the American people; and there is no season of the year which is more befitting than the festival of "Harvest Home" for recognizing the "debt immense of endless gratitude" which the nation owes. It is also a suitable season for renewing fealty to American institutions and for highly resolving that government "of the people, by the people and for the people" shall not perish from the earth.

BUGABOO OF MORMONISM.

Certain persons in the eastern part of the United States find in Mormonism and its alleged increase a source of terror which is next to incomprehensible to persons living in this part of the Union, says the Denver Republican. An illustration of this is shown by the fact that in a recent issue of the Christian Work and Evangelist of New York, Rev. S. E. Wishard represents that if New Mexico and Arizona are admitted as states Mormonism will control the whole section from Mexico to Canada.

Every one who is properly informed knows that Mormonism in this sense is nothing but a bugaboo, hardly worth the consideration of thoughtful men. That the Mormon element is in the majority in Utah is not denied, but its power in Salt Lake City, the center and citadel of the church, has been broken. The Gentiles are the dominant power in Salt Lake, and they are so in every state and territory of the Rocky Mountain region except Utah. In Wyoming and Idaho the Mormons are an element to be taken into consideration, but they cannot affect the result of elections, except as they may throw their weight to one side or the other. In both Idaho and Wyoming they are a minority of the population, and were they to attempt to control the government they would be crushed under an overwhelming adverse vote.

Mr. Wishard's proposition that if Arizona and New Mexico are admitted they will be controlled by Mormons is only less absurd than the fear that they may become dominant in Colorado. There are a few Mormon settlements in Arizona and possibly one or two in New Mexico, but the idea that they can control either of the ter-

ritories is ridiculous. Among religious organizations the Roman Catholic church is the strongest in New Mexico, but even it cannot control the government. As for Arizona, it must be classed in this respect with communities east of the Mississippi in which all churches are represented and in which none controls.

TEMPERATE NATION.

America is by far the most temperate nation of the civilized world. The statistics prove that the annual per capita consumption of beer in the United States is 13.3 gallons, as against 31.7 in England, 27.5 in Germany and 6.2 in France.

France consumes far less beer, but what is lacking here is more than made up in wine and spirituous liquors. In the consumption of both of which she leads by a large majority. For instance, the French consume 25.4 gallons of wine annually, as against 32 of a gallon in the United States, 39 in England, and 1.45 in Germany. Of spirituous liquors the American consumes annually 1.10 gallons, the Englishman 1.12, the German 1.94 and the Frenchman 2.02.

The total consumption of all three classes of beverages is: In the United States, 14.73; in England, 33.21; in Germany, 30.87, and in France, 33.62.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The greatest men are made up of qualities that meet or make great occasions.

If the omnibus statehood bill is amended in the senate it is almost sure to defeat the bill.

All the committees are at work securing subscriptions to the fund to secure the building of the Albuquerque Eastern railroad.

The world's fair at St. Louis will be the biggest thing of the kind in history. The postponement for one year will prove beneficial in a great many ways.

One army that is not being mustered out is that of the rural free delivery service, in which under republican policies 11,000 carriers have been enlisted in four years.

For the first time since 1869 the post-office department with the issuance of the new series of stamps now in preparation, will make use of the American flag in one of its designs. This will be a part of the two-cent stamp, which will bear little resemblance to the one now in use.

Postmaster General Payne is in favor of reducing the rates of letter postage to one cent. He may not recommend action in this direction in his coming annual report, but it is said he will discuss the subject at some length and present the results of investigation that have been made by the department.

The department of labor has just issued statistics regarding the strikes and lockouts of the years 1881-1900, which are full of interest. During the period there were 22,793 strikes in 117,500 different establishments and 6,105,694 strikers. The last number does not include the strikers of 33 establishments for which no statistics were forthcoming. More than 65 per cent of the establishments referred to—77,607 in all—were situated in the states of New York, Pennsylvania and Illinois, in which there were 11,964 strikes—more than 52 per cent of the total.

There are over 2,000 square miles of coal land in New Mexico.

Fort Marcy should be sold and the proceeds applied to the erection of public school buildings in Santa Fe. President Roosevelt can win the west by inserting in his annual message urging statehood for the territories.

Commercial estimates indicate a fax seed crop in the United States in 1902 of about 27,000,000 bushels, a record crop.

In his annual report to the secretary of the interior, Governor Otero makes sage a paragraph urging statehood for the territories.

If iron ore can be found in large bodies on the route of the proposed Albuquerque & Durango railroad, it will insure the early building of the line.

Antwerp claims to have originated the first newspaper, a news sheet issued by royal permission 1605, and to celebrate its 300th anniversary three years hence. The date of the first English newspaper is 1622.

The broom corn crop of the United States in 1902 is estimated by the American Agriculturist at 29,800,000 pounds from an area of 76,300 acres. The yield in the previous year was estimated at 37,150,000 pounds.

Grading will soon begin on the Santa Fe short line across eastern New Mexico. It is understood that contracts for the construction work have been let. This cut off will add 300 miles of new railroad to New Mexico.

The governor-elect of Nebraska, John Sparks, is a genuine cowboy. He was born in Texas, in Lampasas county, and was a teamster and herder in that state for years. For a long time he has been the owner of the largest ranch in Nebraska.

It was found to come. The "card of thanks" nuisance as an exhibit of the three-ply sorrows of the bereaved has been tolerated so long by some newspapers that it is invading the political field. A Kansas paper appeared the other day with a "card of thanks" from the lucky candidate for a county office.

At the recent election the state of Wyoming cast 25,052 votes, 13,000 less than the vote of this territory. Let us be thankful that the unsightly old porches in Santa Fe are to be removed by order of the city council. Somebody has been figuring up how much money the Indians have cost the United States government from the



BEAUTY TRIUMPHS.

"It is a priceless treasure." Beauty is woman's greatest charm. The world adores beautiful women. A pretty woman dreads maternity for fear of losing this power. What can be done to perpetuate the race and keep women beautiful? There is a balm used by cultured and uncultured women in the crisis. Husbands should investigate this remedy in order to reassure their wives as to the ease with which children can be born and beauty of form and figure retained.

Mother's Friend

is the name by which this preparation is known. It diminishes the pain allied to motherhood. Used throughout pregnancy it relieves morning sickness, cures sore breasts, makes elastic all tendons called upon to hold the expanding burden of the child, and relaxes under its influence and the patient anticipates favorably the issue, in the comfort thus bestowed. Mother's Friend is a liniment for external application. It is gently rubbed over the parts so severely taxed, and being absorbed lubricates all the muscles. Druggists sell it for \$1 per bottle. You may have our book "Mother's Friend" free. THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

beginning to date. It reaches about five-sixths of a billion of dollars; and a quarter of a billion has been expended in pacific efforts to better the condition of the red man, and especially of the red child.

The postmaster general has invited woe, devastation and pestilence. If anything awful happens to the country he will be to blame. He has issued a 3-cent postage stamp.

The St. Louis Globe-Democrat says that it is hinted that Arizona, New Mexico and Oklahoma are likely to be admitted in the omnibus bill, although it is doubtful if Oklahoma will be satisfied with anything less than a land wagon or an automobile.

The Pueblo Chieftain says that the vicinity of the northwest corner of New Mexico continues to be the finest apple region in the United States. There is now an endless chain of wagons carrying apples from the Hyde company at Farmington to the Durango cold storage plant, and frequently the street is almost closed to passage. Drivers and teams have to wait patiently for a turn to unload. One Durango shipper has sent out 1,800 boxes of fancy apples thus far this season.

If you desire a good complexion use M-C-I Tea, a pure, new drink. It acts on the liver and makes the skin smooth and clear. Cures skin headache, 25c and 50c. Money refunded if it does not satisfy you. Write to W. H. Hooker & Co., Buffalo, N. Y., for free samples. J. I. O'Reilly & Co., and B. H. Briggs & Co.

THIEVING YOUNG HOBBO.

Found a Home, but Showed His Character by Stealing and Skipping Out.

A few days since Mrs. C. G. Cruickshank had a call from a dilapidated but intelligent appearing boy of some 14 years, who offered to work that he might enjoy the fortifying influence of a square meal, says the San Marcial Bee. This he readily secured, and Mrs. Cruickshank became so interested in the boy's story of how he despised tramping and was on his way to the coast to secure employment, the fruits of which would be carefully husbanded that she interviewed the doctor and secured his sanction to have the boy remain with them. He was fed, groomed and clothed in good shape and gave promise of becoming a useful member of society. He accompanied his guardians to the bazaar supper Thursday evening, and they were frequently reminded of their luck in securing such a promising lad. When the passenger train pulled out for the east Friday morning the kid was on board and in his pocket was \$40 belonging to Mrs. B. W. Cruickshank. Train Dispatcher L. U. Morris was on the train. He recognized the lad and suspected some crooked work on his part. At Isleta he collared him and without much ceremony went through his pockets and secured the money. Then the young hobo was allowed to keep on to the coast in search of that education, new foster parents and possibly a ball and chain to exterminate the ignominy of a square existence of a few days in San Marcial.

Stops the Cough and Works Off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure; no pay. Price, 25 cents.

STOPPED THE WEDDING.

When the Groom Found Out the Bride Wore Open Worked Stockings.

The marriage of Miss Margaret McDermott, of Elizabeth and Terence Sheehan, of Newark, N. J., was indefinitely postponed the other evening, in consequence of the discovery by Sheehan that Miss McDermott wore open work stockings. The couple went to the office of Edward Markley, justice of the peace, accompanied by two friends, and said they had come to get married. Justice Markley had taken their names, but had not finished ill-

ing out the blank for his official report of the wedding, when Miss Margaret placed her foot on a chair, and the young woman who accompanied her tied the loosened shoelace. The incident disclosed the fact that she wore open work hosiery.

Some one remarked that a clergyman in Brooklyn had lost his charge because of his opposition to open work hose.

"I think the clergyman's view is right," remarked Sheehan.

"I think he hasn't much sense," said Miss McDermott. "I went open work hose and I'm not ashamed of doing so." "I would much rather my wife would not wear such things," said Sheehan. "I don't wear any kind of hosiery I like," said the young woman.

"I would not marry a girl I knew would wear such things. You can choose between me and open work stockings."

"I'll not be dictated to by you or anybody about what I shall wear." There were further angry words, and Miss McDermott turned and walked out of the office.

The Best Prescription for Malaria,

Chills and fever is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure; no pay. Price, 50c.

Cross-Country Running.

New York, Nov. 24.—Interest in athletic circles today centers largely in the annual six-mile championship cross-country run of the intercollegiate Cross-Country association. The race takes place over the Morris Park course and has as contestants the crack runners of Columbia, Harvard, Cornell, Princeton, Yale and the University of Pennsylvania.

We sell the greatest of blood purifiers, Acker's Blood Elixer, under a positive guarantee. It will cure chronic and other blood poisons. If you have eruptions or sores on your body, or are pale, weak or run down, it is just what you need. We refund money if you are not satisfied. 50 cents and \$1. J. H. O'Reilly & Co., and B. H. Briggs & Co.

Funeral of T. J. Helm.

Sunday afternoon at the Presbyterian church, Santa Fe, the Elks held a lodge of sorrow over the remains of Thomas J. Helm, which was sent to Red Key, Indiana, Monday morning for interment at his old home. The church was crowded to such an extent that many could not find seats.

The poetic and symbolic ritual for the burial of the dead was impressively spoken, the choir singing "Nearer My God to Thee," "We Shall Meet But We Shall Miss Him" and "There is One Vacant Chair."

A solemn hush fell over the audience as each Elk dropped his sprig of green upon the bier and uttered feelingly the word "Peace!"

Hon. T. B. Catron pronounced a eulogy upon the deceased.

Rev. W. Hayes Moore preached upon the briefness of life and "Immortality."

The Elks wore their regalia and crepe upon their left arm and marched into the church in a body.

E. W. Grove's
Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets
This signature is on every box of the genuine
the remedy that cures a cold in one day

Diphtheria Among the Zunis.

Dr. E. D. Harper was sent to Zuni to make a report on the alleged cases of diphtheria at that place. He reported about twenty cases. There have been two deaths. The board of town trustees immediately ordered a quarantine. —Gallup Republican.

Swede Wants \$15,000.

Otto Kaleen, a Swede living in the vicinity of Norway, Kas., and who has been in the employ of the Palace Pullman Car company as a coach cleaner at the Kansas City Union depot, has brought suit for \$15,000 against the Santa Fe railroad for injuries received in September, 1901, while at his usual occupation, by employees of the defendant company switching a car back against that in which he was at work so violently as to throw him down, inflicting injuries to his head, brain, spine, etc., that have since ruined his nervous system, weakened his eyesight and his mind, leaving him permanently disabled. Ellis, Clark & Ellis and Pulifer & Smith represent the plaintiff, the suit being brought at Concordia, Kas.

Will Give Section Hands \$1.40 a Day.

The section men on the Southern Kansas division have been given a raise in wages from \$1.25 to \$1.40. Men are scarce even at this price. Roadmaster Hildebrand, of Ottawa, Kas., is having a lot of trouble keeping men enough to keep the road in shape. He is looking for three men for the yards and needs a good number for the south section. Laboring men are scarce in Ottawa. The new church, the library and other building improvements are taking all of the extra labor.

TO EXTERMINATE BANDITS.

Rock Island Offers Large Reward—Burlington Fixes Price for Dead Robbers.

Train robbery as an industry is to be throttled through concerted action of railroad and express companies operating from headquarters scattered throughout the middle west.

The Davenport robbery of the fast Rock Island train was the straw that broke the camel's back. The railroad company, in connection with the United States Express company, issued notice of a reward of \$5,000 for the arrest and conviction of the men

A BREATHING SPELL.

If the consumptive could only keep from getting worse it would be some encouragement.

Scott's Emulsion at least gives tired nature a breathing spell. The nourishment and strength obtained from Scott's Emulsion is a great relief to the exhausted system.

This treatment alone often enables the consumptive to gather force enough to throw off the disease altogether.

Scott's Emulsion brings strength to the lungs and flesh to the body.

Send for Free Sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409 East St., N. Y.

who robbed the train Saturday.

Burlington officials announced that a dead train robber would be worth \$1,000 to any of its employees.

Officials of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Illinois Central and Chicago & Alton roads declared that they would not hesitate for an instant to bear their share of any burden brought about by a concerted movement to eradicate the evil.

Colorado River Very Low.

Although the Colorado river is at the lowest stage known in years the little gasoline boat makes the run as far as Bulls Head canyon with ease and without encountering delays by reason of bars forming in the channel. The new boat now in course of construction will be able to make trips at the present stage of water and will be a great convenience to people operating as far up as Pyramid.—Kingman Miner.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on the box; 25c.

Big Onion Crop.

San Juan county has taken to onions and it is estimated that 350,000 pounds of them were raised this season. Exact figures returned are Burt Hubbard 60,000 pounds, C. M. Hubbard 90,000 pounds, H. S. Bay 65,000 pounds, A. J. Gilmore 25,000 pounds, William Black 25,000 pounds, William Pickering 20,000 pounds, Jos. Howe 15,000 pounds. Those unaccounted for will bring the total to the figure given.

You Know What You Are Taking

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic, because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure; no pay; 50c.

Land Office Business.

Homestead Entries—Noberto Naranjo, Ocate, 154 acres in Mora county; Antonio Valdez, Jr., Wagon Mound, 169 acres in Mora county; Gabriel Silva, East View, 160 acres in Valencia county; John W. Corbett, East view, 169 acres in Valencia county.

En Route to Mexico.

T. Evans, mining engineer, with the Green Consolidated Copper company at La Cananea, Mexico, stopped over in the city for a short time yesterday on his way to the mining camp, after a brief trip to Denver.

The reported recent murders of the American mining engineer in the Yaqui country of Sonora was news to Mr. Evans. He stated that the affairs of the Yaqui Indians were better known to the outside world than to the people in Cananea.

A great many stories with a sensational bearing are sent out from the towns along the border. The reports are mostly exaggerated and without any trace of truth.

The Mexican government have made it a point to keep the Indians away from the settlements and to concentrate them as far as possible.

Serious Accident to D. M. Mills.

D. M. Mills, father of M. W. Mills, of Springer, 82 years of age, who has been living on the son's ranch, thirty miles southeast of Springer, fell over a precipice and was seriously injured, says the Raton Range. Mr. Mills had been quite feeble for some time and was

THE AIMS OF GENIUS

By Rabbi Jacob Kaplan

Gen. 32:27: "And the angel said to Jacob, 'Let me go for the morning dawn, and Jacob answered 'I will not let thee go until thou bless me.'"

In my last lecture I spoke to you on "The Penalty of Genius," showing how great men have always suffered in accordance with their greatness, because of their greatness. I asked why did Israel suffer? Why do great men suffer anywhere? And I found no more suitable answer than this: They suffered simply because they were great; greater than their surroundings. All great men suffer because they are not understood; because they are not of proportion with the environment.

Let me ask this evening, What for has and does Israel suffer? What for do great men suffer anywhere? In other words, what is the aim of genius? And the answer to the question is found in the words of Jacob: "I will not let thee go, until thou bless me."

All great movements and inventions of any consequence to man work have with human society at first; but if they be of real value, they will in the end be a blessing to humanity. If great men and great movements and inventions depended on popular applause at first there would be no progress whatever in the world, because most men see only the immediate result and not distant ultimate good.

Political and economic history abounds with illustrations.

The French revolution, its immediate result was evil to the superlative degree. Its distant, ultimate result is the greatest blessing that ever visited Europe. The immediate result of the freeing of the negro increased his misery and brought disorder to thousands of human beings, but the ultimate result depended and still depends on those who are great enough to persist in the idea of freedom for all human beings. If the freeing of the negro has not yet been recognized a blessing everywhere, I can only urge for your thoughtful consideration that the last pages of history have not yet been written, and when those pages will have been written we are sure that they will read thus: "The freeing of the negro in the United States was a blessing to humanity."

The introduction of the sewing machine threw out of employment those whose livelihood depended on needle work, but the ultimate result was a saving of labor, a benefit to society.

The introduction of the steam engine had for its immediate result the shoving of thousands of public conveyances, and the air was rent with curses for the steam engine, but the steam engine persisted in spite of the curses, until it is universally recognized a public blessing.

Every introduction of labor saving machinery for manufacturing purposes has been followed by curses from those who were thus thrown out of employment, for it always means a reconstruction of a greater part of society; but machinery has persisted, and when the wounds have been healed, and society has reconstructed itself, the curses are exchanged with an acknowledgment that these inventions are indeed a blessing to civilization.

The wonderful, almost alarming strides that have been made in the improvement of farming implements yearly throws out of employment thousands of farm hands, but when these have found and fitted themselves for other employments there usually follows and there must follow an acknowledgment of the blessings which these useful instruments bestow on man.

Thus on every hand examples may be multiplied where great movements would have died in the inception were their life dependent on popular approval. It is always the persistency of some man or men great enough to see beyond popular prejudice to whom the world owes its greatest blessings.

The aim of these towering geniuses of humanity has ever been in the presence of ridicule, curses and persecution the superhuman determination: "I will not let go, until thou bless me."

Every great man is a thorn in the side of little men, for every great man brings a problem to the world which means one or two things, (1) either the little men must change their system of life, or (2) the genius must give way, and though sometimes the mighty heart of Caesar breaks, more often he says: "I will not let go, until I bring from the hard hearts of the prejudiced world a real, heartfelt blessing for my cause."

In recent history we have Shakespeare, Dr. Johnson, Luther, Lincoln, Henry George, Isaac M. Wise and an uncountable host of others who were scorned and hooted off the stage of life, but they said to the world in unmistakable accents: "I will not let thee go until thou recognize in my cause a veritable blessing."

This is the aim of genius everywhere at all times.

Throughout the centuries, was the aim, object and mission of Israel: "I will not let thee go until thou bless me."

From the moment when the first patriarch, Abraham, took up his wandering staff, leaving his home in which he gathered the fancies of childhood, up to the present time when the sons of Israel are scattered over the entire face of the earth, our aim and object has ever been to become a blessing to the peoples of the earth.

The whole story of Abraham's life, how his mighty soul felt circumscribed in his father's idolatrous home,

how he made inroads into his soul in search of his God, how he showed others the way to God, how he left his father's house to go whithersoever that God would send him, how, through all his complicated life, he daily sought the luxury of doing good, how he would seek peace at any cost, when only his own interests were at stake, but how he would fight like a true soldier when other people's welfare was involved, not taking so much as a shoe lace for his trouble. All this, yes all these silent voices of a great soul won for him the acknowledgment that he had indeed lived to be a blessing to those who knew him; and as one noble deed is an infinite of noble deeds, so Abraham was promised that not only those who knew him, but in the character, "In thee all the nations of the world shall be blessed."

Isaac's life tells the same story. The meek, gentle, peace loving disposition of Isaac had in view the same object, and accomplished the same results. At Esau the Philistines took away his food of water and he quietly pitched at Sitnah and dug another well. Again the Philistines stopped his well and again he removed and dug another at Beersheba, until finally Abimelech, king of the Philistines, came to Isaac and extended to him the hand of fellowship saying: "Let there be peace between us, for thou art the blessed of God."

And Jacob, too, in that night, when he fought with the angel in the darkness shows the same tenacity to principle, which in the end wins from the most stubborn, icy, unappreciative heart an acknowledgment that persistence in a righteous principle is indeed worthy of the highest admiration.

"Let me go," says the angel to Jacob, "for the light of morning is breaking in upon us, and Jacob answered: 'I will not let thee go, until thou bless me.'"

In Egypt the children of Israel might have been just as happy and perhaps much happier in their ignorance and in their slavery than they were ever since. In fact their freedom worked havoc to Egyptian society and brought much misery to Israel. More than once did the children of Israel, seeing only the immediate result of freedom, murmur against Moses, and curse him for this unheard of innovation into their lives, this upsetting of their accustomed status of society.

"It is not because there were not graves enough in Egypt; that thou hast taken us away to die in the wilderness."

And again they wept: "Who shall give us meat to eat? We remember the first which we ate in Egypt for naught, the cucumbers, the melons, the leeks, the onions and the garlic. But Moses stood firm like a rock. He showed his genius by doubting often in his greatness. Time and again he would enter his own soul to see whether he had not better give up this whole struggle, for he worked not for his own good but for their's. At such times, however, the fire of genius burned within him and with ever renewed energy and determination he would say:

"I will not let thee go, until I have become a blessing to you; until you bless me."

It was too tedious in one lecture to examine the life of each of the prophets, but if we did, we should find that each one in one form or another had the same struggle and that the fire of their genius led them to put aside all selfish motives and to determine on this one aim: "I will not let thee go, until I have been a blessing to you."

Jeremiah's honest, human struggle, showing the mighty force of his soul is portrayed in master strokes by his own hand. "I thought," he said, "I thought I would speak no more in the name of God, but then it was within me like a burning fire, shut up in my bones; I tried to withstand it, but I could not."

Thus, my friends, Israel's mission and aim through the centuries, silent, awful, majestic, persistent, has been: "I will not let thee go, until thou bless me."

The immediate result of Israel's sugar-natured persistency in the principles of his confusion threw the world in confusion and uproar. Neither the rock, nor the bastion; neither the devilish device of the crusaders, nor the devilish instruments of the inquisition, could shake Israel's sons and daughters from their convictions and high resolves. Even so great a man as Martin Luther, to whose genius and manly courage I bow in humble adoration, was thrown into utter confusion by the unshakable persistency of Israel to the mission entrusted to him by Allwise Creator. At first Luther thought the Jews would be easily won over to his conception of religion, if only they be treated with kindness, but when he saw that even kindness could not make the Jew faithful to his mission, he treated them with scorn and bitterness. Bitter and grand as Luther's conception of religion was, it was not beautiful and grand enough for Israel, for as Carlyle has said: "What is better than itself it cannot put away, but only what it works."

Israel has time and patience and endurance and will persist silently, majestically, acerbimously, until he will have become a blessing to humanity. Some one might ask, "If you are secure in your mission, why do you not send out missionaries to convert the world to your religion?"

Israel has never sent out salaried preachers and never intends to send out preachers to convert the world. Only a spirit of ignorance and narrowness: only a befogged conception of the character of God could frame such a law: "Extra ecclesiam nulla salus." ("Outside of the church there is no salvation.")

Ruskin has well said: "Your converted children, who teach their par-

ents; your converted convicts who teach honest men; your converted dunces, who, having lived in cretinous stupefaction half their lives, suddenly awakening to the fact of their being a God, fancy themselves therefore his peculiar people and messengers," and I might add, and keep on affronting intelligent men with little doctrines that their great grand mothers centuries ago had long outgrown.

No, Israel does not send out preachers to convert the world. This is beneath the dignity of genius. Israel, and every genius, teaches as God teaches, by his superior personality.

The school boy runs home to upset the household with a new problem in geometry that he has learned which his father and grandfather and great grandfather have long since forgotten. The man with a thick cranium, who is struck by a thought once in a life time without dodging it, grows mad to set the world on fire at once with his precious little thought. He grows impatient and intolerant if you do not grow mad with him. But the geniuses, the mighty men of thought, can wait and must wait, until a world be prepared for their thoughts. Thus it has ever been and thus it shall ever be in the evolution of human thought and unfolding of human character. Thus, too, Israel has suffered silently and waited patiently with the one burning desire in his heart: "I will not let go until I have become a blessing to humanity."

"Let me go, for the light of morning rises." "Let me go, for the light of a new civilization is dawning upon the world," and the Jew says: "No, I will not let go. I am not willing to have you forget that you have kicked and cuffed me, scorned and persecuted me, and that in spite of it all I had the moral courage of my conviction and stood like a veritable mountain in the mighty roarings of fanaticism. I am not willing to have you forget the high principles for which the Jew stands. I will not let go, until your actions toward others and toward me will tell in unmistakable accents that all these centuries I have not suffered in vain, but that I have persisted like all great men and movements, in spite of yourselves, to be a blessing to humanity."

And now, we should continue to teach not by words but by our actions, by our life, by our personality, that we have no sympathy with the narrow dogmatism of sects, or the theologies of churches, but that our aims are beyond the clouds and deeper than the earth, so that we may wring from the hearts of even the most materialistic and unbending an acknowledgment that after all there is something noble and sublime in a people not wholly given up to the sensual and the low, but who unostentatiously and silently suffer for the truth which, when the morning of a grander civilization shall have dawned, will unite all men in one bond of fellowship. So may it be. Amen!

DEATH OF THOMAS J. HELM.

Another Old Resident Answers the Last Summons.

Thomas J. Helm, one of the best known men in Santa Fe, in fact in New Mexico, died Saturday morning at 8:45 o'clock, after an illness of only a week. He had been suffering with a cold and only on Monday afternoon took to his rooms in the Kahn block on the south side of the Plaza. The cold developed into pleurisy and that in turn in pneumonia. The deceased came to Santa Fe twelve years ago for his health from Indianapolis, Ind. He was appointed superintendent of the Santa Fe Southern and eight years ago general agent of the Denver & Rio Grande railroad with headquarters at Santa Fe, his territory covering all of New Mexico. This took him to the leading towns in the territory and gave him a large acquaintance. Before coming west he had been general agent at Indianapolis of the Big Four system, on which line he commenced railroad work. He was 56 years old and a member of the Masonic order and of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, in which he took a great deal of interest and which he served in various capacities.

Mrs. Helm, who was in the east visiting relatives, has been notified of her husband's death, which came so unexpectedly, as only Friday it was thought that he was on the way to recovery. Her maiden name was Mary Lake, and she and the deceased were married at Red Key, Ind.

The only daughter of the deceased, Mrs. Joseph E. Kilbourne, is a resident of San Francisco, Cal., and she has also been informed by telegraph of her father's sudden demise.

Late Saturday afternoon the Elks received a telegram from Mrs. Helm from Red Key, Ind., to ship the remains there. They will be sent today over the Denver & Rio Grande and the Elks will have full charge of all arrangements.—New Mexican.

A Fine Edition.

The Citizen has received a copy of the souvenir edition of the Shelbyville, Ky., Sentinel. It contains thirty-eight pages, with handsome cover, printed on an excellent quality of book print, and every page is profusely illustrated.

What Is the Use

of suffering from indigestion if you eat what you want, or of starving yourself to avoid such distress? Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets taken after eating will digest your food perfectly and free you from all the disagreeable symptoms of indigestion and dyspepsia. Eat what you want at any time and take an Acker's tablet afterward. Positively guaranteed. Your money will always be refunded if you are not satisfied. Write to us for a free sample. W. H. Hooker & Co., Buffalo, N. Y. J. H. O'Reilly & Co., and B. H. Briggs & Co.

"I have no more nervous headaches and rest very well at night."

When a woman suffers from female weakness and irregularity or other forms of womanly disease, the effect is certain to be marked in her nervous system, the general effect being, as in Mrs. Woodin's case, "nervous headaches, restlessness at night" and a run-down condition. It is simply common sense then which says if you cure the female weakness, irregularity, etc., you will cure the nervousness, sleeplessness, etc., by curing the womanly diseases which cause these ailments.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures the womanly diseases which undermine the general health. It establishes regularity, dries encumbering drains, heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures female weakness. It cures headache, nervousness, sleeplessness, etc., by curing the womanly diseases which cause these ailments.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, free. All correspondence strictly private. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

"I feel more than grateful to you for the benefit I have received from Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and Golden Medical Discovery," writes Mrs. Ernie E. Woodin of Millerton, Butte County, N. Y., care of Box No. 1. "For a number of years I had been troubled with female weakness, nervous headache, irregularity, restlessness at night, and in fact was all run-down, but after taking three bottles of Favorite Prescription and one of Golden Medical Discovery, I feel that I am entirely cured. I have no more nervous headaches, and rest very well at night; in fact, feel like a different person. Thanks to your kind advice and wonderful medicine, I feel well and able to do my usual work. I feel free to write to Dr. Pierce at once. He will not regret it."

"Favorite Prescription" has the testimony of thousands of women to its complete cure of womanly diseases. Do not accept an unknown and unproved substitute in its place.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets should be used with "Favorite Prescription" whenever a laxative is required.

With fine half tone cuts, together with short sketches, and is artistically arranged as to general make up. The edition is by all odds the most progressive-like, showing in a marked degree prosperity that this office has ever received. C. M. Lewis is the editor, and Harry McCreight, brother of the junior member of The Citizen, is the young man who handles the mechanical end of the institution.

NEW MILLS.

To Handle Burro Mountain Ores of Grant County.

A correspondent of the Denver News, writing from Silver City, says: "The International Gold Mining & Milling company of Malone, in the Burro mountains, is working a new force of men. A large body of high grade gold and silver ore has been exposed and a mill will shortly be constructed for the treatment of the ore. Dr. M. C. Sinclair, of Grand Rapids, Mich., president of the company, is on the grounds at present and will stop for some time."

The directors of the Michigan-New Mexico Copper company visited their properties at Lordsburg recently and were especially pleased with the carbonate mine which has thirteen feet of ore exposed in the tunnel, averaging \$4 gold, \$3 silver and 8 1/2 per cent copper. A mill of fifty tons capacity is in process of construction.

A corps of surveyors is at work on the railroad line from Waco, via Gallup and Clifton, to reach the Gallup and Durango coal fields. Ample capital is ready for the construction of the road, which will pass through Alma, within seven miles of Mogollon and four miles of Graham.

Considerable prospecting is going on at Stein's Pass by Colorado and Michigan parties in the interests of capitalists who have been attracted by the new impetus to the southwest, directed by the press of New York, St. Louis and other cities, who are giving considerable space to the subject. As values of ore struck every day in Stein's Pass are astonishingly high. A car load of lead ore is shipped regularly every week to El Paso.

George Reid, assistant manager of the Alessandro Mining company, operating in the Burro mountains, has received word from Judge L. P. Deming, manager of the company, who went east to consult stockholders with regard to erecting a leaching plant upon their property, that he has met with most flattering success and that in all probability the plant will be constructed immediately.

D. A. Walker and A. R. Gibson, treasurer and president of the American Consolidated Copper company, are spending several days in the Burro mountains inspecting the company's property. While here a contract will be let for the erection of a plant for treating the ore from their properties in the Shakespeare district.

THE SNOW STORM.

Biggest November Storm That Ever Fell on Colorado Plateau.

Rain commenced Wednesday night which turned to snow before morning, and it continued to snow until yesterday. The snow was wet and heavy and it played havoc with the telegraph, telephone and electric light lines. The telegraph and telephone lines were out of service Thursday. The electric light lines were kept up by a force of men.

Snow varying in depth from two to four feet now covers the entire plateau. The snow extended as far west as Hackberry, east to the Little Colorado and south to Wickenburg. It is the heaviest snow fall that ever occurred in this section so early in the season.

With the recent rains it gives a precipitation of about seven inches, and means an abundant supply of water for next season, and will be of great benefit, not only to this vicinity, but to all of Arizona.—Flagstaff Sun.

RAILROAD NOTES.

C. J. Dixon, superintendent of the Omaha division of the Illinois Central railroad, is dead at Cherokee, Iowa, after a long illness. He had been in the road's employ for over twenty-five years.

"Nacozari" is the name of a new private car just out of the Pullman works, of Pullman, Ill. The car passed through the city last Saturday night en route to El Paso for the El Paso & Northwestern railroad.

General Superintendent Sheppard, of the coast lines of the Santa Fe, after a couple of days sojourn in the metropolis, returned west last Saturday night, being accompanied as far as Fort Wingate by Major F. H. Hardie.

It is rumored that an effort will be made at the next legislature to change the present law exempting new railroads from taxation for six years after their completion, for a longer time.

Joseph W. Walker, who was here Friday and Saturday, left Saturday night for Wichita, Kan., to spend Thanksgiving with relatives and friends. Mr. Walker is the superintendent of terminals for the Santa Fe at Point Richmond, Cal.

Pat Walsh, the general baggage-master of the Santa Fe system, is in the city from his headquarters at Topeka.

The Optic says: J. J. McGinnis, of Albuquerque, has been appointed joint clerk for Roadmasters Dan and Jack Elliott. He will also be a member of both the orchestra and the band, playing the clarinet.

The two young men arrested in Williams last week on suspicion of having robbed a Santa Fe freight car, made a confession to the sheriff of the taking of goods from a car at Williams. A lot of cutlery and tobacco were among the articles taken.

The gigantic new Santa Fe shops at Topeka were formally dedicated Thursday night last with the largest ball ever held in that city.

The Chicago & Alton management has announced a 10 per cent increase in the pay of all section men. The pay has been \$1.35 per day, but now will be \$1.48. Scarcity of men led to the voluntary advance.

The new time table and circular for the Golden State limited, the new Rock Island train to California, has been issued. This circular gives all information of the Golden State limited, which is one of the finest trains in the west. It is illustrated with pen and ink drawings of the interior of the train, and altogether it makes a very handsome folder. The Santa Fe also has gotten out a folder for the new daily California limited. This folder is gotten up in red and brown effects. It is illustrated by drawings from photographs taken of the interior of the train and as an advertisement it would be hard to find a more neat affair.

Charley Hitchcock arrived at San Marcial to accept a position in the railway shops.

Dave Anderson was in San Marcial and passed in his resignation as a freight conductor. He has entered the employ of A. H. Hilton & Co., at San Antonio.

Engineer J. W. Lyons, of the south run, is having a fierce struggle with the devil, if a had attack of rheumatism has any connection with the agent of evil repute.

Brakeman L. J. Shepherd, of Conductor A. L. Forkner's freight crew, met with a misfortune at Lamy the other day, in that he had his second and third toe of his left foot broken, the latter considerably lacerated. It appears that some cars in the train were off the track, and while carrying a heavy block on which to place a jack screw for the purpose of raising the car onto the track, he dropped the block upon his left foot, with the above result. He was under a car at the time and could not escape the accident. His injury is quite painful, and will lay him up for at least ten days at his home in Las Vegas.

KENDRICK AT TOPEKA.

Helping to Adjust Differences With Engineers.

J. W. Kendrick, third vice president of the Santa Fe and head of the operating department, arrived in Topeka from Chicago, and this afternoon is in a conference with the committees representing the firemen and engineers, says the Topeka State Journal. General Manager H. U. Mudge has been closeted with Mr. Kendrick. It is understood from an unofficial source that the engineers and firemen will present to the officials of the Santa Fe a proposed new wage schedule, embodying certain increases in pay which it is claimed the men are entitled to. The officials, on the other hand, are said to be preparing to submit a counter statement, showing what readjustments of the scale the company is willing to make.

FOR GIGANTIC ENTERPRISES.

Fifty Millions for New Railroad, Smelter and Big Steel Plant.

Articles of incorporation of the Colorado, Arizona & Gulf Railroad company, the Southwestern Fuel & Iron company, the Gage National Reduction company, and the Bear Creek Mining & Reduction company will be filed within a few weeks, says the Denver Republican. Their aggregate capitalization will be \$50,000,000, which is said to have been subscribed. The four corporations will develop and furnish transportation to new areas of southwestern Colorado, northwestern New Mexico, southeastern Utah, and central Arizona. Denver will furnish supplies for a vast territory with great

A LANCE IN A LIFE TIME

to invest on the ground floor with owners, in a developed free milling gold mine that has produced, and has expended on it:

FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS

In development on the ledge and a complete five-stamp mill, with all other necessary machinery ready to run.

The Ozark is not a prospect, but a mine that has produced. We are placing 100,000 shares of development stock at 25c per share, capital stock 1,000,000 shares, (par value \$1 each), fully paid and non-assessable, to further develop and put the property on a paying basis.

A property lying near the Ozark, with nowhere as good a showing and very little development, sold last week to a New York syndicate for \$200,000. The Ozark will pay dividends and be worth par inside of six months. This is the best investment for the money that has ever been offered to the investing public.

Do not lose this opportunity. It will never come again. For further particulars, prospectus, report on mine, references, etc., address,

OZARK GOLD MINING & MILLING CO., MOSCOW, IDAHO.

natural resources. The route between this city and the Pacific coast as planned would be 250 miles shorter than any other railway projected or in operation.

The railroad is generally claimed to be a Gould project which will, when completed, furnish a western outlet for the Missouri Pacific-Denver & Rio Grande systems, and also for Gould's Texas Pacific system. The route will extend almost in a direct line from Denver southwesterly to San Pedro harbor, on the coast of southern California. The co-ordinate corporations are expected to develop the coal beds in the sections through which the railroad will pass, utilize the iron deposits which have lain dormant for lack of transportation facilities, and also open up the richest gold bearing sections of Colorado and southeastern Utah.

MANY TICKETS COUNTERFEITED.

The Santa Fe is Buncoed—Pinkerton Men on the Trail of the Gang.

Railroad ticket counterfeiting on a large scale has been unearthed by the Santa Fe passenger department, and the damage done has not yet been determined, says a dispatch from Los Angeles, dated November 21.

Transportation purporting to have been issued by the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling railway, that is part of the Baltimore & Ohio system, has found its way to Los Angeles. The tickets read: "Good for one first class passage to Barstow, California," from somewhere in the territory of the road purporting to have issued them. The tickets found are a clever imitation of original form, carrying the purported signature, "M. G. Carroll, general passenger agent."

Only two of these counterfeit tickets have been found by the Santa Fe. These were used from Berea, Ohio, and represent a value of \$200. The tickets, as they went the circuit of the railway auditors, bear only the coupon, reading Albuquerque to Barstow, and as no other coupons have turned up the counterfeiters may not have been used east of New Mexico. Undoubtedly many of these counterfeiters have been put into circulation. The Pinkerton agency has been apprised, and W. A. Pinkerton, who was in Los Angeles yesterday, is personally conducting the secret service inquiry into the subject. Detective Pinkerton departed last night for Denver.

FIREMAN GETS BIG DAMAGES.

Former D. & R. G. Employee is Awarded \$48,850 for Injuries.

One of the largest verdicts for damages ever awarded in Colorado was given to J. A. Scott, formerly a fireman on the Denver & Rio Grande railroad, in the district court at Colorado Springs. The jury brought in a verdict of \$48,850 for injuries sustained by him in jumping from a runaway train on the Cumbrie pass in December, 1900.

Scott stuck to his post till he believed there was no hope of saving the train when he jumped. The impact of his fall literally broke every bone in his body. Since that time he has been unable to work and was reduced to a sad state of destitution. The railroad company offered a quit claim signed by Scott for \$150 in full for all damages received to offset the suit. The jury refused to consider this more than to deduct that amount from the amount sued for by the crippled fireman.

The Aztec Index says: "The surveyors for the new Albuquerque-Durango road are now working in the Animas valley below Aztec. They

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. It is unequalled for the stomach. Children with weak stomachs thrive on it. First dose relieves. A diet unnecessary.

Cure all stomach troubles. Prepared only by E. O. Rorer & Co., Chicago, Ill. Sold everywhere. Beware of cheap imitations. J. H. O'Reilly & Co. and B. H. Briggs & Co.

have been running levels with a view to obtaining the best route over and across the Animas-San Juan divide, and crossed it at the head of the Blamett canyon. They should make rapid progress from now on."

THREE THOUSAND MEN

Will Be Employed a Year on the Santa Fe Cut Off to Rio Puerco.

John W. Corbett, of Eastview, Valencia county, was in Santa Fe last Saturday and Sunday, and was here yesterday. While at the capital city he stated the Santa Fe cut off from the Pecos Valley line to Rio Puerco, on the coast line division, will pass through the southeastern part of Valencia county and will open a tract of rich country that has heretofore been almost inaccessible. Several survey lines have been run and during the past two or three weeks, many contractors have gone over the route. The bids for construction will be opened December 1 and it is expected work will be under way within three months. It is estimated by the chief engineer that it will require 3,000 men one year to build the cut off, as a part of the work is unusually heavy. A cut will be made across Abo Pass thirty-one feet deep. The country is almost ideal. Mr. Corbett thinks, as the altitude is from 6,500 to 7,000 feet and the land is unusually fine for grazing. He has put a well down, seventy feet and has excellent prospects for water. The formation through which the drill has passed is peculiar, much like drift, and at times it has been necessary to blast. There is a large amount of timber all through the Manzana mountains. Eight miles below the town of Eastview is the copper region in Abo canyon. The town on the railroad survey is about fifty miles from the El Paso extension of the Rock Island system.

FREIGHT RATES HIGHER.

The Public Will Have to Pay for Recent Wage Increases.

At a meeting of executive officials of central freight lines, the trunk lines and southern roads held at the Trunk Line association's headquarters in New York, rates in the territory controlled by the association have been generally advanced, says the Journal of Commerce. The meeting was called primarily to discuss export rates, particularly those rates on southern lines from St. Louis territory, but resolved itself into a conference to advance rates. The increase is in line with action usually taken at the close of navigation.

It is learned on high authority that an increase of 2 1/2 cents per 100 pounds, Chicago-New York basis, on grain and grain products was decided upon. A corresponding advance in rate on glucose, glucose syrup, corn oil, corn syrup, etc., was made. The rate on dressed beef was increased 5 cents per 100 pounds, both domestic and export, and 5 cents a hundred also on provisions. The present rates on grain products from Chicago to New York are: Grain, export, 13 1/2 cents; grain, domestic, 17 1/2 cents; grain products, export, 15 cents; domestic, 17 1/2 cents. The present rates on dressed beef and provisions, both export and domestic, are 40 cents and 25 cents, respectively. The new rates will take effect on December 8.

As to the export rate situation on southern lines, it was alleged that some of the roads had been shading their rates from St. Louis territory in favor of southern as against northern ports, bringing them below the differential. A satisfactory understanding was reached in this matter, as is indicated by the agreement among the representative lines to advance rates. One of those present at the meeting is quoted as having said:

"In former seasons, when there was considerable rate cutting and the rate situation generally was demoralized, increases decided upon brought the rates up to perhaps not more than the normal tariff. The advance now agreed upon will, in view of the present favorable conditions, be a real increase."

One of the reasons given for this action was the general advance in wages to employees which is being granted by various railroads. It was also plain that if there ever was need of cutting rates to secure business, there certainly is no necessity for such action now.

Freight is piled up at Pittsburgh, for lack of transportation, to such an extent that 60,000 miners, mill men and furnace workers are reported to be idle. Operators are 1,500,000 tons behind in shipments and need 3,000 additional cars.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Special Correspondence.
Winslow, Ariz., Nov. 25.—If the possibility of being located near a strip of 800 acres of oil land dotted with seeping wells, would have a tendency to boom a city, Winslow's prospects are undoubtedly good.

Although very little has been said through the press about the oil lands near this city, the lands are surely here and have been located and the locations registered. The gentlemen who are interested and who have made the locations, have been very conservative about the matter, and it may have been through their efforts that it has been kept from the press and public.

About six weeks ago a man by the name of Taylor came here from California, hired teams and men and drove to a point on the river bottom about five miles north of the city and posted oil location notices on more than a section of land. It took him some days to finish the first part of the work and after it had been done, Mr. Taylor immediately and forthwith went to Holbrook and registered the same as oil lands. He spent money freely, but talked very little. He did not exactly keep his business a secret, as that would be impossible in a case of this kind. He is reported to have told the few supposed to have been on the inside that he was positive that oil would be found on the land located, and also said that he was going to California and would return soon, bringing oil boring outfits with him. This is all that is known of Mr. Taylor and his present whereabouts. He left the city for the west unexpectedly and has not been heard from since.

It is thought by some that he is a representative of the Standard Oil company, and others think that he is crazy and did not know what he was doing. Nevertheless, his expected return is looked forward to with momentous waiting.

Hunter's Return.
Division Superintendent I. L. Hubbard and his party composed of his secretary, Rufus Goodrich; superintendent of bridges and building, D. A. Shope; general storekeeper, C. M. Cotton and Martin Bugeln, proprietor of the Bright Angel hotel at Grand Canyon, who went over across the Grand Canyon last week in search of game, have returned home. They reached the hunting ground all right, but on account of the heavy snow which overtook them, were compelled to return home without doing much hunting or getting any game.

Home of News.
Mrs. M. M. Mickles has opened up a restaurant around the corner of the Down's house, and at last the railroad boys have a good place to get their meals.

R. C. Crewell, the old-time and trustworthy Winslow liverman, is doing business at the old stand and is the right man to get your horses from when at that railroad town.

J. B. Drumm, proprietor of the Opera House tonorial parlors, seems to be a favorite with the railroad boys.

Operator Duffy, Night Yardmaster Bob Bennett, and Wright, also of the night yard force, are to be made conductors in the near future.

A social event which promises to be a very well affair, will be the B. of T. ball given at the opera house Thanksgiving eve. The boys are making big preparations.

TOWN OF HOLBROOK.

Some Interesting Local Notes of a Good Western Town.

Special Correspondence.

Holbrook, Nov. 25.—To say that five traveling men carrying heavy sample cases alighted from the train a little town of 200 inhabitants in a single day speaks well as to business transactions by that town's merchants. An instance of this kind occurred at Holbrook one day last week, and not only occurs once in a year but quite often. It is not unreasonable to say that the little trading post draws business from both the north and the south of the railroad, in a radius of 175 miles. Not only do the merchants sell large quantities of groceries and other supplies, but they trade considerably in Navajo blankets and Indian curios; and the writer will also say here that these goods can be bought from most any of the merchants of Holbrook at most reasonable prices, and it is safe to say that some of the Indian curio collections owned by them, are almost as large and complete as found anywhere in the United States. Holbrook not only has some generous, progressive merchants, but is the county seat of Navajo county, which is a large and quite wealthy part of Arizona. The county paper, the Holbrook Argus, edited and published by Mr. Pearce, is another evidence of the progressiveness of the inhabitants of the town and county.

H. H. Seare, the merchant and cattle raiser, is out on the range branding colts.

Probate Judge Watron, one of the county's leading politicians, and the town's leading merchant, has returned from a ten day's business trip to Los Angeles. The judge was elected to the bench for the second term, and has the honor of receiving the largest vote ever cast for one candidate at an election in the history of Navajo county.

J. R. Hunt is down at Snowflake for a few days.

Will Wooten has moved into his new store building north of the depot. W. M. Ambrose, the blacksmith, and one of Holbrook's oldest and most

honored citizens, is still to be found with hammer and tongs doing business at the old stand.

About 50 scholars are enrolled in the Holbrook public schools.

H. Kempenich, formerly employed with E. J. Post & Co. at Albuquerque, is now acting bookkeeper for A. & B. Schuster, the merchants.

LAS VEGAS HAPPENINGS.

Special Correspondence.

Las Vegas, N. M., Nov. 25.—A. D. Ridgway arrived here yesterday afternoon from Benson, Arizona, where he was telegraph operator. He left the same night for Kansas City on his way to pull down a \$5,000 prize he had just won by guessing within two of what the vote in Ohio would be for the head candidate, offered by the Cincinnati, Ohio, Enquirer. His home is in Benson, Kansas, but he had been out here for his health. A telegram was sent him saying he had been awarded the \$5,000 prize and he immediately asked for a relief to go back and get it. This being refused him, he politely left the door and walked away and left the office in the lurch. His guess was 755,637 votes.

F. V. King, chief dispatcher here, and wife, left last night for California for a visit to their daughter, who is in ill health.

Mrs. E. G. Clark, who has been stenographer at the First National bank, left yesterday evening for Sonora, Mexico, to remain for at least a couple of years. Mrs. Clark has a good mine there and goes to look after affairs.

The injunction suit brought by the Colorado Telephone company against the street railway people, which was returned yesterday to show cause, as passed by the court with the understanding that the court would be amicably adjusted outside.

Mrs. N. L. Rosenthal and Miss Lucy Rosenthal left last night on No. 8 for Chicago, where they will attend the wedding of Mrs. Rosenthal's niece, Miss Lizzie Spurling.

Modesto Booth, an employee of the transfer company, will be married on Thanksgiving to Miss Maria Sanchez, daughter of Nestor Sanchez. The wedding will take place at the west side Catholic church.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 6 o'clock yesterday evening was, maximum, 46; minimum, 26; mean, 36. The mean humidity was 57.

W. S. Heydt and wife left this afternoon for Albuquerque to attend the wedding there of Miss Madge Heydt to George Hubbell.

No. 4 did not get in this morning until after 11 o'clock on account of a little wreck at Fox, this side of Glorieta, last night. The wreck did not amount to much, a few cars being derailed on the track.

Bert and Clarence Wallace, who have been here the past two years, left this afternoon for Albuquerque to try a lower altitude for the benefit of the latter's health.

District court convened this morning and the panel of the petit jury was completed. There is little business for the petit jury this term, and it is thought that court will finish up this week. The petit jury empaneled is as follows: Martin Blea, Crescencio Martinez, Felipe Montoya, Jose Maria Bustos, Pilar Gonzales, Jose L. Martinez, Pablo Vigil, Teodoro Herrera, Desiderio Apodaca, Lorenzo Gurule, Eliseo Tafuya, Juan Sanchez, Fabian Romero, Cruz Sinerros, Antonio Montoya, Crescencio Barros, Pedro Garcia, Patricio Armijo, Juan Martinez, Eligio Herrera, A. Martinez, Damacio Tafuya, Damacio Chaves and Ladislado Gallegos.

Jose Clemente Sandoval plead guilty to an old charge of sheep stealing. The case of S. E. Wilkins against the Santa Fe Railway company was dismissed for want of prosecution.

The court then adjourned until afternoon.

S. N. Schwartz, a traveling man for a Chicago shirt waist line, and a retired lieutenant in the United States navy, was here yesterday. With him is Emory Martin, an assistant, who is a bugler in the First Regiment of the Ohio national guard. The gentlemen gave the cavalry troop a little exhibition last night.

Las Vegas, N. M., Nov. 25.—Work is progressing at the El Porvenir coal mines. A fifty foot tunnel has been completed and a contract for another fifty feet has been let and work will progress steadily. After getting in the fifty feet, crosscuts will be made and it is thought the black diamonds will be found plentiful then. There is now about twenty tons of coal on the dump ready for the first steam under the boilers of the street railway power house.

William Presentius has located a particularly fine iron claim in the second canyon this side of Porvenir. The vein, it is thought, is about seven feet thick and Mr. Presentius will work on the claim this winter. Associated with him are Robert Howe and Charles Semple, and a cabin has already been erected on the claim for shelter during the winter.

Max Nordhaus is making preparations to take an extended trip east. He contemplates leaving next week.

Ascencio Barba has transferred to Esmerajildo Medina, a house and lot on the west side. Consideration, \$25.

Divorces are coming pretty regularly from Union county and Colfax county will have to look to her record if the business keeps up.

Carlos Cornaye now wants a divorce. It seems too bad that Carlos and his wife, Maria Sandoval de Cornaye, should live together since 1873, when they were married, until September, 1905, and then find that married life was a dread failure. It may be because there were no children to bless the

union, at least the petition for divorce is silent on the matter of children, and then it may have been because Carlos was not treating Maria Sandoval right. Anyway, she left, abandoned and abandoned from Carlos' bed and board and refused to have anything more to do with him, so he now wants the court to cut the tie that binds and let him free to begin over again.

At the practice shoot of several of the members of the gun club yesterday evening, S. R. Dearth made the best score on live birds, getting six out of nine, and A. R. Quinley made the best score at the trap, taking nine clay birds out of ten. The shoot will begin tomorrow morning at 9:30 and there will be marksmen from Watrous and Albuquerque to take part. The live bird shoot will be ten pigeons each and the turkey shoot will be the best record made on a 100 yard distant target.

The shoot will furnish considerable amusement for an audience and everybody is invited to be present and see the fun.

Charles Stevenson, the conductor, is just able to be about. He had a narrow escape from pneumonia and is quite weak yet. He contemplates leaving soon for California to recuperate.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Stern will entertain a number of lady and gentlemen friends tonight at their home with a chaffing dish party.

Mrs. Emma Cohn entertained the Hebrew Ladies' Whist club yesterday afternoon.

Conductor Patrick Conner, from Raton, and running on the north end, arrived here yesterday and was taken to the Santa Fe hospital to recover from an attack of partial paralysis.

Miss Ruby Gray, daughter of the Santa Fe chief dispatcher at Raton, will be married tomorrow, there, to Samuel Ruffner, well known here, and who is the cashier of the First National bank in Raton.

Fred Fletcher and Robert Whigham are now firemen on the Santa Fe here. William Kincaide and John Lowe are new colored porters on the Santa Fe. Harry Bargman, a clothing drummer of Denver, is seeing the local trade.

At 5:30 this evening will occur the marriage of Hugh Quigley to Miss Ella Stafford at the home of the groom's brother, J. A. Quigley. Father Pouget will perform the ceremony. The groom is one of the most popular of the railroad boys, and the bride is one of Las Vegas' most estimable young ladies. The happy couple will go to house-keeping as soon as a home can be fixed ready for occupancy. The railroad boys as a unit extend their hearty congratulations to the groom and the best of wishes to the charming young bride.

Startling, But True.

"If every one knew what a grand medicine Dr. King's New Life Pills is," writes D. H. Turner, Dempstons, Pa., "you'd sell all you have in a day. Two weeks' use has made a new man of me." Infallible for constipation, stomach and liver troubles. 25c at all drug stores.

Cottages 6 and 7 on the south side of the railroad track at Winslow have been thrown together and remodeled throughout. When the repairs are completed the cottage will be occupied by W. J. Francis, the company storekeeper at that place. It is stated that the railroad company intends to make single cottages of all the houses in that row.

Asleep Amid Flames.

Breaking into a blazing home, some firemen lately dragged the sleeping inmates from death. Fancied security, and death near. It's that way when you neglect coughs and colds. Don't do it. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption gives perfect protection against all Throat, Chest and Lung Troubles. Keep it near, and avoid suffering, death and doctor's bills. A teaspoonful stops a late cough, persistent use and most stubborn. Harmless and nice tasting, its guaranteed to satisfy by all druggists. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free.

HURT IN WRECK.

Trinidad Citizen and Conductor Injured by Jumping From Train ON Track.

A wreck on the Gray Creek coal branch on the Colorado & Southern, near Trinidad, resulted in two men being injured, and the ditching and almost total destruction of eight loaded coal cars and a caboose. The train jumped the track, Conductor Stone and J. M. Cochran, at Trinidad, who was returning home from Gray Creek, were in the caboose. Both jumped. Stone fell nearly fifty feet and struck on his head, but was soon able to care for himself. Cochran was caught under the wreck and was dragged for some distance and rendered unconscious for an hour. He was later brought to his home in Trinidad. Physicians say he will be confined to his bed for several weeks.

Luck in Thirteen.

By sending 13 miles Wm. Spirey, of Walton Furnace, Vt., got a box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, that wholly cured a horrible Fever sore on his leg. Nothing else could. Positively cures Bruises, Felons, Ulcers, Eruptions, Bolls, Burns, Corns and Piles. Only 25c. Guaranteed by all druggists.

THE SALT LAKE ROAD.

Work on New Line in West is Being Hastened.

Senator Thomas Kearns, of Utah, and Richard C. Kearns, of St. Louis, have held a conference at Chicago on matters connected with the San Pedro, Los Angeles & Salt Lake railroad. They said that all the contests and the legal obstacles over the right of way

had been disposed of and that the road would be completed as rapidly as men and money could do the work.

"We have completed 112 miles in southern California," said Mr. Kearns, "and construction is progressing on the remaining 350 miles from Salt Lake. That part of the road now built connects with the Santa Fe at Redlands, Cal., and our trains will run over the Santa Fe track to a point in Arizona, where we will have another junction for the line from the north."

"In Utah the arrangements are to acquire by purchase what is known as the Oregon Short Line, and thus get an independent entrance to Salt Lake City. It is understood by all the parties interested that no parallel lines shall be constructed in that region."

Both Senator Kearns and Mr. Kearns declared that the new harbor and terminals at San Pedro would be as fine as any on this continent.

A Startling Surprise.

Very few could believe in looking at A. T. Hoadley, a healthy, robust blacksmith of Tilden, Ind., that for ten years he suffered such tortures from Rheumatism as few could endure and live. But a wonderful change followed his taking Electric Bitters. "Two bottles wholly cured me," he writes, "I have not felt a twinge in over a year." They regulate the Kidneys, purify the blood and cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Nervousness, improve digestion and give perfect health. Try them. Only 50c at all drug stores.

A. O. U. W. BALL.

Members and Their Friends Had a Fine Time Last Night.

The ball given by the Ancient Order of United Workmen at their hall on South Second street last night was a successful and enjoyable social event, and will linger long in the minds of those present.

The pleasant hall was comfortably filled with gay and mirthful dancers, who glided through the many dances until the small hours of Thanks-giving day.

The inspiring music for the occasion was furnished by Mrs. Berry and James Devine. A sumptuous supper complete and appetizing in every respect, was furnished by the Degree of Honor, the Ladies' auxiliary to the Ancient order. The supper committee consisted of Mrs. Shuffelbarger, Mrs. Johnson, Mrs. Harsh, while Mrs. Allen and Mrs. Wilson were the table committee.

J. H. Shuffelbarger, Thomas McElvaine and J. Bouchert were the committee who arranged for the brilliant ball. The event was the occasion of enjoyment on all sides, which lasted until the last guest left the hall.

A Thanksgiving Dinner.

Heavy eating is usually the first cause of indigestion. Repeated attacks inflame the mucous membranes lining the stomach, exposes the nerves of the stomach, producing a swelling after eating, heartburn, headache, sour risings and finally catarrh of the stomach. Kodol relieves the inflammation, protects the nerves and cures the catarrh. Kodol cures indigestion, dyspepsia, all stomach troubles by cleansing and sweetening the glands of the stomach. J. H. O'Reilly & Co.; B. H. Briggs & Co.

AN ANARCHIST NEST.

Street Fight Leads to Its Discovery in New York.

New York, Nov. 27.—As the outcome of the arrest of two Italians fighting fiercely in the street, the police of the Oak street station in this city, believe they have discovered an anarchist meeting place within a stone's throw of the station. The prisoners gave their names as Dominio Santo and Tony Mens. Santo had a big revolver with which he was trying to shoot Mens. The latter carried a dangerous looking knife. When searched fifteen cartridges were found in Santo's pockets. Besides there was an unopened letter from Canatelli, Italy.

Menz had a rough map of Paris and the department of the Seine, with about a dozen of the largest public buildings numbered consecutively and marked. He also had a bill head from the Charlton hotel, London, and admitted that he came to this country three years ago.

According to the police the fight started in a hall where a meeting was in session. Santo was charged with having revealed secrets and the fight in the street followed, resulting in their arrest. Mens is said to have admitted that he is an anarchist.

One Minute Cough Cure

Is the only harmless cough cure that gives quick relief. Cures coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, whooping cough, pneumonia, asthma, hiccups, and all throat, chest and lung troubles. I got soaked by rain, says Gertrude E. Penner, Muncie, Ind., and contracted a severe cold and cough. I failed rapidly; lost 48 lbs. My druggist recommended One Minute Cough Cure. The first bottle brought relief; several cured me. I am back to my old weight, 148 lbs. One Minute Cough Cure cuts the phlegm, relieves the cough at once, draws out inflammation, cures croup. An ideal remedy for children. J. H. O'Reilly & Co.; B. H. Briggs & Co.

Funeral of Krupp.

Essen, Prussia, Nov. 26.—The remains of Herr Krupp were buried today. The obsequies were impressive. Emperor William followed the hearse on foot from the old home of the grandfather of the decedent to the cemetery. Practically the entire population of Essen attended the funeral.

Subscribe for The Citizen.

LOCAL PARAGRAPHS.

Louis Hildel will entertain a number of friends at a Thanksgiving dinner tomorrow.

W. H. Dearatyn, representing the Peters Paper company of Denver, is in the city with his samples.

Page Otero, who was here the past week on business and pleasure, returned to Santa Fe this morning.

Horace Middleton of Denver, who resided in Albuquerque last year, is here again, representing some powder house.

Will G. Tabor, from Edison, O., is the new man in charge of the New England bakery on South Second street.

Jas. D. Bakin, of the firm of Melini & Bakin, who was up north on business connected with his firm, returned to the city last night.

J. F. Cook, the Socorro county cattleman, is in the city on stock business, and will probably enjoy his Thanksgiving meal here.

The Albuquerque attorneys at Socorro, attending district court, will return home tomorrow morning, so as to spend Thanksgiving with their families.

Yesterday afternoon, between 3 and 5 o'clock Mrs. E. L. Medler entertained a party of friends to progressive euchre at her home on North Tijeras avenue.

Dr. McEwen and Mr. Hilliard arrived in the city from Farmington. They came all the way overland and will remain here a few days before their return.

The special attorney of the Indian department, Ellsworth Ingalls, is at Los Lunas today taking testimony in Indian deprecation claims against the government.

Owing to the snow storms out west, and heavy travel from the east, all passenger trains last night and this morning, except the westbound limited were delayed.

E. J. Barnum, the linotype machine operator on The Citizen, left on the delayed No. 1 passenger for the north. He will return on No. 1 tonight, accompanied by his wife, who is just returning from a visit to her sister in Texas.

P. H. Metesger, a young ranchman at Pajarito, is in town today on business. He called at the Citizen office and stated that on yesterday his wife presented him with another boy baby, making three. Mother and child doing nicely.

Hon. W. S. Hopewell, the general manager of the Santa Fe Central, was a passenger to the city last night, and, as he is interested in the Albuquerque Eastern railway proposition, he is watching the good work done among the people by the railroad committee today.

Col. Thomas Lebo and wife (nee Miss Grace Hawks), who were on a visit to the eastern cities on their honeymoon trip, arrived last night and for a few days will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Hawkes, after which they will go to Fort Grant, A. T., where the colonel's troop in the Fourth United States cavalry is located.

This morning just as the sun shone itself over the peaks of the Sandia mountains, the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Freeborn was brightened by the arrival of another boy, the second in this pleasant home. Mr. Wm. Coulodon, the grandfather, is around town today relating some interesting tales about this and that, and whenever he gets in that mood it is a wise bet to make that the old gentleman is happy. Mother and child doing nicely.

General James S. Clarkson is in the city on a visit to his son, Grosvenor B. Clarkson, who is here for his health. General Clarkson was, a few years ago, the first assistant postmaster general of the United States and is now collector of customs at New York city. He has always been prominent as a republican politician and leader. He will remain here a few days. General Clarkson was met this afternoon by a Citizen representative and announced himself in favor of staidhood for the three territories.

John Lee Clarke of the Hyde Exploring Expedition, left last night for Thoreau, N. M., where he will obtain five or six Navajo blanket weavers, silversmiths and hair workers. Immediately on getting together the class of workers he desires, he will proceed to Pittsburgh, Pa. The industrial Indians are to be placed on exhibition at the holiday display of the Hyde company at Pittsburgh, which is said to be an elaborate and magnificent display of Indian curio goods. Mr. Clarke will return to this city as soon as the Indians are installed in the large eastern city.

Captain Oliphant, the roadmaster of the Rio Grande division of the Santa Fe, was here yesterday on business connected with his duties.

Hon. Solomon Luna, of Valencia county, was in the city yesterday. He went south on a freight today to eat his Thanksgiving turkey at his home in Los Lunas.

A. E. Powell, the popular route agent of Wells-Fargo Express company, who was out on the road the past week, returned to the city last night, so as to enjoy his Thanksgiving turkey with his family.

The Thanksgiving dance at the Commercial club was a most enjoyable affair, although the number of dancers was small. A delicious turkey lunch was served, and dancing continued until a late hour.

That Hawaiian claret punch, introduced to the patrons of the White Elephant this morning by Lou A. Schoenecker, touched the right spot, and was pronounced by several old timers as the very best on the market today. The stock of goods of Theo. Muenstermann, the Railroad avenue shoe merchant, was moved today to the vacant store room opposite the postoffice, where Mr. Muenstermann will be located in the future. The vacant store room on Railroad avenue will soon be occupied by R. Ruppel, the druggist.

Col. and Mrs. A. A. Trimble gave a delightful and Thanksgiving dinner, in honor of their cousins, Mrs. J. S. Trimble, Judge A. J. Crawford and family, William I. Trimble and all others of this extensive family were invited to share it.

The Ladies' auxiliary of St. Joseph's hospital held the initiatory meeting in the parlors of A. Borders in the Commercial club building yesterday afternoon. Organization was completed and the good work begins with a large and interested membership. The purpose of the organization is to furnish linen and clothing for the charity patients of the hospital.

Mrs. Anna Grace Jacobs, 30 years of age, the wife of P. R. Jacobs, a business man of Spokane, Wash., died at her home in the Highlands yesterday. The deceased had been a resident here only a short time. She leaves a husband and a year old brother to mourn her death. Her father and mother live in Scotland. The remains were taken charge of by O. W. Strong & Sons, and sent to Spokane for interment last night.

Charles Gates Ward, city editor of the Journal-Democrat and wife, nee Miss Turner, were unexpected arrivals on the late train last night. They had just returned from a honeymoon trip in Colorado after the wedding in St. Louis last week. The arrival of Mr. and Mrs. Ward was so untimely that the reception planned by their friends did not materialize. But congratulations are in order just the same. The happy couple will be at home after January 1, at 724 South Third street.

Hon. W. D. Hoard, ex-governor of Wisconsin, arrived last night from Fort Atkinson, that state, joining here his wife and son, A. R. Hoard and wife, who arrived a few weeks ago. The ladies are here for their health, and the men abide their waiting. In that event, the party may remain here some time, and again may depart for a little warmer climate in a few days. The senior Hoard is editor and publisher of Hoard's Dairyman and the Jefferson County Union at Fort Atkinson, Wis.

Articles of Incorporation.

Territory of New Mexico, Office of the Secretary.

I, J. W. Reynolds, Secretary of the Territory of New Mexico, do hereby certify there was filed for record in this office, at 9 o'clock a. m., on the twenty-fourth day of November, A. D. 1902, Articles of Incorporation of The Rio Grande Woolen Mills Company, (No. 3271), and also, that I have compared the following copy of the same, with the original thereof now on file, and declare it to be a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole thereof.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal this Twenty-fourth day of November, A. D. 1902.

J. W. REYNOLDS, Secretary of New Mexico.

Articles of Incorporation of the Rio Grande Woolen Mills Company.

We, the undersigned, citizens of the United States, being desirous of forming a corporation under the laws of the Territory of New Mexico, have made, signed and acknowledged the following articles of incorporation for that purpose:

First—The full names and residences of such incorporators are: Johnny H. Bearup, residence, Albuquerque, Bernalillo County, Territory of New Mexico.

John C. Fenger, residence, Albuquerque, Bernalillo County, Territory of New Mexico.

Henry B. Ray, residence, Albuquerque, Bernalillo County, Territory of New Mexico.

Second—The corporate name of such corporation is "The Rio Grande Woolen Mills Company."

Third—The purposes for which said corporation and company is formed are as follows, to-wit:

To buy, sell, and handle on commission, wool and pelts, to scour wool, to tan, manufacture, sell and deal in leather, gloves and clothing, to manufacture, sell and deal in woolen cloth, goods and clothing and articles of a like nature, to acquire, buy, sell, own and hold property of every kind and character whether real, personal or mixed, and to do and perform any and all acts and things necessary to be done in order to fully carry out or accomplish the foregoing purposes.

Fourth—The amount of the Capital Stock of such corporation shall be One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) divided into one hundred shares of One Thousand Dollars each, the said stock to be non-assessable.

Fifth—The term of existence of said corporation shall be Twenty-five years from and after the date of its incorporation.

Sixth—The number of directors for said corporation who shall manage the concerns of the company for the first three months of its existence and until their successors are elected and qualified shall be three, and their names are: Johnny H. Bearup, John C. Fenger and Henry B. Ray.

Seventh—The office and principal place of business of said corporation

is fixed and located at the city of Albuquerque, in the County of Bernalillo and Territory of New Mexico.

In Witness Whereof, we, the aforesaid incorporators, have hereunto subscribed our names and affixed our seals this 12th day of November, A. D. 1902. (Signed)

JOHNNY H. BEARUP, (Seal)
JOHN C. FENGER, (Seal)
HENRY B. RAY, (Seal)

Territory of New Mexico, County of Bernalillo, ss.

On this 12th day of November, A. D. 1902, before me, the undersigned, a Notary Public with authority for the County of Bernalillo, Territory of New Mexico, personally appeared Johnny H. Bearup and Henry B. Ray, each to me known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they each acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed for the uses and purposes therein set forth.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name and affixed my official seal the day and year in this certificate first above mentioned. (Signed) A. J. MITCHELL, (Seal) Notary Public.

State of Indiana, County of Marion, ss.

On this 17th day of November, A. D. 1902, before me, the undersigned, a Notary Public within and for the County of Marion, in the State of Indiana, personally appeared John C. Fenger, to me known to be the person described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and he acknowledged that he executed the same as his free act and deed for the uses and purposes therein set forth.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name and affixed my official seal the day and year in this certificate first above mentioned. (Signed)

GEORGE TEIDENSTICKER, (Seal) Notary Public.

My commission expires November 29, 1905.

Goos to Las Cruces.

Charles P. Downs, of Silver City, where for some time past he has been engaged with the Silver City Enterprise, and who also formerly was foreman of the Las Vegas Record office, has purchased a half interest in the Rio Grande Republican, published at Las Cruces, and will assume editorial charge of that paper on Monday next. Mr. Downs is a first class newspaper man and will no doubt do good work and be successful in his new venture.

Will Work the Mines.

Pottsville, Pa., Nov. 26.—The United Mine Workers have decided to keep all the colliers at work with a full force of men on Thanksgiving day. The operators requested the men to remain at work and this action is in compliance with their requests.

P

THE OFFICIAL VOTE.

The Record of Ballots Cast in the Principal Territorial Towns.

DELAYED VOTE OF GUADALUPE COUNTY.

The official vote on November 4, gives an idea of the relative standing of the towns in population, although in this city the full voting strength of the city fell short between 500 and 600 votes, there being no special contest on.

In the following seventeen towns or precincts over 250 votes were cast, indicating a population of 1,500 or over:

Santa Fe, 1,154; Albuquerque, 1,139; East Las Vegas and Las Vegas, 1,008; Roswell, 823; East Las Vegas, 730; Alamogordo, 555; Las Cruces, 491; Raton, 490; Silver City, 454; Carlsbad, 412; Deming, 367; Dawson, 356; Barajas, 302; Las Vegas, 278; Gallup, 273; Central Las Vegas, 267; Socorro, 266; Wagon Mound, 255.

Bernalillo County.

The following precincts and towns in this (Bernalillo) county cast over 100 votes: Albuquerque, 1,139 votes, a falling off from two years ago of 315 votes; Barajas, 302; Old Albuquerque, 240, a falling off of 18 votes; Pena Blanca, 188; Alameda, 169; Corrales, 166; Bernalillo, 151; Los Padillas, 124; Los Griegos, 122; Ranchos de Albuquerque, 122; Duranes, 115. Bland was the only precinct that gave a democratic majority, the other thirty-two precincts giving republican majorities, and in quite a number not a vote for the democratic candidates was cast. The vote in detail for each candidate was published in The Citizen last week.

Guadalupe County.

In Guadalupe county 1,364 votes were cast, an increase of 208 votes since two years ago. Six precincts gave democratic majorities and thirteen republican majorities. The following precincts cast more than 100 votes: Santa Rosa, 204; Anton Chico, 117; West Puerto de Luna, 113; Tucumcari, 101.

The republican vote showed a gain of 269 votes and the democrats a loss of 57 votes.

The following is the vote for each candidate:

For delegate, Rodey, r., 773; Ferguson, d., 591; council, C. A. Spieser, r., 653; J. S. Duncan, r., 710; Crescenzo-Gallegos, d., 664; F. E. Olney, d., 551; Manuel C. de Baca, l., 36; David C. Winters, l., 32; house, Celso Baca, r., 459; Eduardo Martinez, d., 548; Salome Martinez, l., 326; county commissioner, second district, Jose P. Martinez, r., 555; J. C. Thomas, d., 623; E. G. Cooper, l., 168; county commissioner, third district, Jose P. Sandoval, r., 566; Raymond Harrison, d., 776; probate judge, Florencio Garcia, r., 680; Desiderio Jaramillo y Aragon, d., 664; sheriff, Martin Serrano, r., 489; Leandro Casaus, d., 715; W. H. Rusby, l., 139; assessor, John C. Clancy, r., 550; John B. Gliding, d., 782; treasurer and collector, Fred L. Braun, r., 473; Leopold Sanchez, d., 862; superintendent of schools, Dr. J. Addison Jackson, r., 515; Milnor Rudolph, d., 833; surveyor, J. W. Campbell, r., 529; T. D. Martinez, d., 598.

Brought Prisoner Here.

Deputy Sheriff Newcomer arrived from El Paso this morning with prisoner Ward, who was arrested in that city some time ago, as a suspect of the Santa Fe and Benjamin safe robberies. One of the early suspects arrested here had property on his person which he claimed to have received from Ward. With the description of the man given by the prisoner here, Officer Ben Williams and Detective O'Reilly, of El Paso, arrested their man. However, he refused to come back with the officers. Fugitive papers were sworn out and as soon as they could be signed by the governor of Texas, Ward was brought back against his will. He will probably be given his hearing today or tomorrow.

SANTA FE CUT OFF.

May Build Only Half—Rumor of a Big Traffic Deal with Rock Island.

The report of an important Santa Fe-Rock Island deal comes from Las Vegas, N. M., and is believed to have originated with the Las Vegas backers of the Eastern Railway of New Mexico, the corporate name of the proposed Santa Fe cut off.

It is stated that the cut off will be constructed only from Rio Puerco eastward to the point where it crosses the Rock Island tracks, which is a short distance north of Pinos Wells. When this portion of the track is completed, the Santa Fe and Rock Island will enter into a traffic agreement by which Rock Island trains for Los Angeles and San Francisco will be sent over the Santa Fe tracks to the coast, while Santa Fe trains will go over the Rock Island tracks as far as Pinos Wells, N. M.

It is claimed in substantiation of this report that the Santa Fe has entered into important contracts for material for the track west of Pinos Wells, but has apparently made no preparations to build its lines by which it was proposed to connect up with the Pecos Valley system.

The report that the Rock Island is planning to build a line west from Tucumcari to connect with the Santa Fe is denied. It is claimed that the above described plan has been devised to take its place.

The advantages of the proposed

Santa Fe-Rock Island deal would be as follows:

Both lines would secure a shorter route to the Pacific coast than they now have. It would probably be the shortest possible route to Los Angeles. The Santa Fe would secure a much shorter route to El Paso and southern points.

The Rock Island would greatly cut down its mileage to the coast points, gaining more in this respect over present conditions than the Santa Fe would.

Each line would have exactly the same mileage to the coast, which would prevent the danger of speed wars and rate slashing.

Just how much of the Rock Island line would be included in the deal can not be stated. It is likely that the Santa Fe trains would leave the Santa Fe tracks at Hutchinson, and travel the 300 miles between there and Pinos Wells on Rock Island tracks. Some claim, however, that the Santa Fe main line as far as coast traffic is concerned would remain as at present, and that only the El Paso business would be sent over the Rock Island tracks. In confirmation of this theory they point to the fact that the Santa Fe is making costly improvements and double tracking on its main line, which indicates that there is no intention of abandoning it as a main line.

GOULD A DIRECTOR.

Of Stillwell's Road—An Outlet for Missouri Pacific to Pacific Coast.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the Kansas City, Mexico & Orient Railway company, Warren G. Purdy, formerly president of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railway, and George J. Gould were elected directors of the Kansas City, Mexico & Orient railway. The election was in accordance with instructions received from A. E. Stillwell, president of the road, who is now in New York city.

George J. Gould is president of the Missouri Pacific railway, and vice president of the Kansas City Southern, being president or vice president of all the lines of the Gould system in the west and southwest.

It was announced last week that a traffic alliance had been made between the Missouri Pacific and the Orient road. The Stillwell line will give the Missouri Pacific and the other Gould lines an outlet to the Pacific coast.

If you are bilious and seeking advice,

Take Dr. Williams' Little Early Risers. Just before going to bed. You will find on the morning. You are rid of your sorrow. That's all; just enough said. These famous pills do not gripe, but move the bowels gently and easily, cleansing the liver. Their tonic effect gives strength to the glands, preventing a return of the disorder. J. H. O'Reilly & Co.; B. H. Briggs & Co.

Men Burned and Maimed by a Rush of Molten Iron.

Birmingham, Ala., Nov. 26.—One man was burned to death, two fatally injured and a third severely hurt while two strangers are reported missing as a result of a sudden breaking of the furnace of the Williamson Iron company, in Birmingham, today. The dead: Thomas J. Edwards, general manager of the plant. Injured: James F. McAnnally, store man, fatally burned; Allan Maw, colored, foundryman, fatally burned; Charles Sampson, son of the secretary of the company, severely injured. The break in the furnace caused a mass of molten iron to gush forth.

Philadelphia Dog Show.

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 26.—Every variety of the canine kingdom, from fluffy little toy spaniels to please the women, to monster great Danes and mastiffs of ferocious appearance, are to be seen in Horticultural hall, where the Philadelphia Dog Show association opened its fourth annual exhibition today. Nearly all the famous kennels of the country are represented, the entries being both more numerous and of a higher class than ever before. The show continues through the remainder of the week and already gives promise of being a pronounced success.

More About Mrs. Gore.

Paris, Nov. 26.—Consul General Gowdy received a letter from M. Elissner, of London, offering to furnish information to the family of Mrs. Ellen Gore which will assist Elissner, in clearing up the facts in connection with her death by shooting on Wednesday last. Mr. Gowdy has written to Elissner asking him to forward the details. The funeral services over the remains of Mrs. Gore will take place this afternoon in the American church.

Arrested for Murder.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 26.—F. W. Reul, employed in a bank at Watertown, near Winnipeg, was shot and killed on Cedar street at an early hour today. At the time of the shooting Reul was escorting Mrs. A. L. Schlusser to her home. Both had attended a theater. A. L. Schlusser, the husband of the woman, was arrested today charged with the murder.

General Gomez Succeeded in Preventing Further Rioting in the City.

Havana, Nov. 26.—There was a general resumption of work today except in the case of the cigarmakers, who still have a few minor points under discussion. Gualberto Gomez, colored, is mentioned as the successor of Diego Tamayo, the secretary of the government, who recently resigned. Gualberto Gomez, with Gen. Maximo Gomez, took a prominent part in the settlement of the strike. His speech to the strikers Monday night is said to have prevented further rioting.

PLOT IS EXPOSED.

Decker Confesses to Participation in Alleged Mexican Insurance Frauds.

NOW VICTIMS DIED.

A dispatch to the Denver News from El Paso, dated November 26, says:

The mystery which has surrounded the death of James Devere and Harry Mitchell, policy holders of the New York Life Insurance company, who died in Chihuahua, Mexico, was cleared up today by the testimony of Dr. C. S. Harle, the company's examiner there and a former practitioner in El Paso. On oath Dr. Harle said:

"In June, 1901, Mitchell, whom I knew as an inmate of the Richardson home, at Chihuahua, and brother of Mrs. Richardson, was insured for \$10,000. He died in convulsions the following February, and I diagnosed the case as strychnine poisoning and believed he committed suicide. By request of Richardson I reported to the company that death was due to cerebrospinal fever, and the policy was paid Mrs. Richardson. James Devere was a worn-out, drunken bum, brought from El Paso by Richardson. He was insured for \$10,000, with Mason or McKeith as beneficiary, claiming to be a half brother.

"No examination was held by me in this case, but I filled out the blanks and made affidavit before the American consul that Devere had been examined. The policy was issued.

"He was a heavy drinker and was afflicted with dysentery. He was furnished with plenty of money to buy whisky and died in February of last year. Richardson and Mason said that if given plenty of whisky he would not last long. I knew that whisky would aggravate his ailment. I attended him when he died. His stomach was swollen and he suffered much pain. Poison would have had the same effect. I issued a certificate that death was due to dysentery.

"The policy was collected. Richardson told me that if I aided him in making out certificates he would pay me handsomely. He paid me \$200 at a subsequent date. Mitchell was taken ill in the day time while talking to his wife. He had just come out of the kitchen and fell in convulsions. Richardson wept when he saw his agony. I told him all the physicians in the world could not save the man's life. He said he was satisfied and refused to call others. Richardson told me that he was merely making an experiment with Devere and if successful he intended working the same scheme for \$500,000. He left Mexico and asked me to meet him at El Paso in October. I did not go. I reported privately after my first report to headquarters at New York that Mitchell had died of strychnine poisoning and that I thought it was suicide. They asked me if ground for contest existed and I told them no."

Dr. Harle's testimony created a sensation. Court adjourned until Friday. The defense will offer no testimony.

Definition of a Kiss.

Kiss is a noun; it is a name; proper noun because its proper thing to do when you are ready and the heart is willing; plural number because two perform it; common gender, because it is performed by one of each sex; possessive case, because it possesses a delicate infatuation for the human race and agrees with the parties performing the act. Kissing is closely connected with "buss," which is a good old backwoods expression, meaning a kiss that is highly enjoyed by two greenhorns who have powerful lungs to perform the act with. In this case buss means one kiss; rebus means kiss again; pluribus means a number of kisses; hornibus means to be caught by the old folks; merribus means to steal a kiss; symplibus means to kiss the hand instead of the lips; blunderbus means to kiss an old maid by mistake; and omnibus means to kiss all present, including the mother-in-law.—Ex.

A Hurry-up Medicine.

Every housekeeper recognizes the need of effective remedies to be used in emergencies, when something must be done right away. Such a remedy is Perry Davis' Painkiller, for sprains and bruises, for strained muscles and for the aches and pains resulting from blows and falls. Its mission of mercy began sixty years ago. It is used in all countries. There is but one Painkiller, Perry Davis'.

RAILROAD NOTES.

Several railroad companies have entered into a combine to suppress train robbers. There are many different effective ways of suppressing them, but only one way to catch them, and no one seems to know the method.

This morning was the coldest of the season thus far, and today has shown itself of the same character.

It is said there is hardly a road in the country that is not in the market for freight cars and most of them are placing orders as fast as they can for new passenger equipment.

The Rock Island is said to be completing arrangements for 10,000 new freight cars to be delivered in 1903. The Santa Fe is trying to find some factory willing to take an order for 3,000 cars.

The design submitted by Herbert Adams, of New York to the board of trustees of the Baldwin memorial monument has been selected, and the contract for the statue will shortly be awarded. The statue will be erected at Broad street and Spring Garden.

rectly opposite the offices of the Baldwin locomotive works.

"The mountains are constantly moving." This was the remark of an officer of the Denver & Rio Grande road recently, in speaking of the great landslides in the canyon above Glenwood Springs, Colo. "We find from actual experience in maintaining tunnels, bridges and tracks in the mountains that the mountains are moving. It costs a railway passing through the mountains a great deal of money in the course of ten years to keep the tracks in line and maintenance of tunnels is even more expensive. Drive a stake on the side of a mountain, take the location with the greatest care, and return after a few months. The stake is not in the same location. The whole side of the mountain has moved. This experiment has often been tried and in all cases the result proves that the mountains are moving. The mountains are gradually seeking the level of the sea."

This morning a passenger coming in on the G. H. Limited brought in a wild cat, says the El Paso Herald. It was caged in a common cracker box, with a piece of wire netting nailed over the top. When the cat was taken off the train the box was set down on the platform and a sack thrown over the top. One of the switchmen came along and having a few minutes to spare sat down on the box. Pretty soon along came the owner of the cat and told the switchman what he was sitting on. It is said that the switchman immediately took a lay off and is busy trying to figure out what might have happened if the wire netting had given way.

SHORT LINE REFUNDS BONDS.

Mortgages All Its Properties for the Sum of \$3,000,000.

The Colorado Springs & Cripple Creek District Railway company has at Colorado Springs, Colo., a mortgage on all its franchises and property to the Morton Trust company of New York, for \$3,000,000, to refund out-standing first and second mortgage bonds aggregating \$2,977,000, and to provide cash for further improvements. The railway company places all its bonds with the Morton company. They are "first consolidated 40-year gold," and bear interest at 5 per cent, payable semi-annually in gold. Their par value is \$1,000.

The former first mortgage is held by the Central Trust company, trustee, of New York, and the second by the International Trust company of Denver. About \$600,000 will be expended in improvements and extensions of the system.

CAN'T WRITE THEIR NAMES.

Natives Employed by Santa Fe Sign the Hospital Petition.

Speaking of the petition which is being circulated to get the Santa Fe to build its proposed new hospital at San Bernardino, the San Bernardino Sun says:

"All to whom the petition has been presented have signed: that is, all who can write their names. For there are some in the employ of the Santa Fe who are unable to see what they look like on paper, unless some one helps them out. For instance, there are the natives who form the roughest crew which is Storekeeper Sloat's chief backing. None of them can write, but are nevertheless going to sign that petition. They held a meeting the other day and declared themselves unanimously in favor of having the hospital in San Bernardino, especially if it is going to be in the old mission style. They will have some of the storehouse force sign their names to the petition and after it they will make their crosses."

MUST GET OUT.

Santa Fe Trying to Eject Squatters From Toad-Loup.

Attorneys for the Santa Fe at Kansas City filed forty ejectment suits in the north side court, Kansas City, Kan., against the people who are living in that section of the city known as Toad-Loup. The Santa Fe purchased this land several weeks ago and notice was served on all squatters in the district to remove their belongings within thirty days. A great many of the residents removed to Greystone heights and other places not far distant from Toad-Loup. Those who are defendants in the ejectment suits filed have refused to comply with the order of the railroad company.

Denver Grand Jury.

Denver, Nov. 26.—Judge Carpenter today called a grand jury to investigate the alleged election frauds in Arapahoe county. The venire is returnable next Wednesday.

Western Union Telegraph Company at Oute With Pennsylvania Railroad.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 26.—The application of the Western Union Telegraph company for an injunction restraining the Pennsylvania railroad from compelling the plaintiff company to remove its poles and wires from the right of way of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, by reason of the alleged expiration of contract between the companies, came up for argument in the United States circuit court before Judge Buffington today. An additional bill, accompanied by a petition, was filed today.

District Court.

The court this morning tried the case of A. Morenci against R. Roper, suit for damages, and rendered judgment in favor of plaintiff for full amount sued for.

Court also tried the case of D. Shaves vs. Jose Platero; replevin for horse claimed by both parties. After hearing evidence of a large number of witnesses the court found the issues for plaintiff, giving him possession of horse and damages for detention.



Good Digestion is essential to good health. A dose of the Bitters before meals will insure perfect digestion by stimulating the secretions of the stomach. It will also cure Dyspepsia, Headache, Constipation, Biliousness and Malaria, Fever and Ague, Try it.

Daring Attempt to Rob a Bank in Indiana.

Akron, Ind., Nov. 26.—Early today a desperate attempt was made to rob the Exchange bank at this place. The robbers captured and bound the two night telephone operators and cut all the telephone wires leading out of the local exchange. They also bound and gagged a physician, whose office is in the same block with the Exchange bank. The first explosion of dynamite at the bank aroused the citizens who hastened to the scene with firearms. Many shots were exchanged but the robbers escaped without any booty. The bank building is badly wrecked.

Venezuela Pays No Attention to Demands of Great Britain.

London, Nov. 26.—Diplomatic relations between Great Britain and Venezuela have not been severed up to the present, though the foreign office would not be surprised if it was compelled to take a decisive step at any moment. Thus far Venezuela shows no signs of granting reparation demanded, and the question of seizure of Venezuelan customs has been discussed between Berlin and London as one of the various possible methods of obtaining satisfaction. No decision has been reached, however, regarding the course which shall be finally adopted.

Gone to the Mountains.

Loaded down with camping outfits, an ample supply of grub, cameras and scientific instruments, Prof. W. G. Tight of the university, accompanied by A. T. Atkinson, John Cannon and E. E. Jones, students of the geology class, set out this afternoon for a four days' exploring trip across the mountains. The first stop will be at Whitcomb Springs; from there they will explore all the mountain region for geological specimens to Hell canyon. Their purpose is to determine the foundation along this region and collect all the geological material possible without removing the mountains.

Prof. Tight has all the qualities of an explorer and the boys accompanying him will no doubt greatly enjoy the trip.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

There is no middle road for virtue to travel. Men betray their laughter with sighs and women conceal their sighs with laughter. It almost restores a woman's faith in her husband to hear that he has gone into politics. A girl with nice, long, wavy hair can fix it up so that it will fall down at the first possible chance. Let a woman spend all the money she wants and if she has any other troubles they will not worry her.—New York Press.

Yale-Harvard Athletics.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 26.—The reports to the effect that a breach was likely in the athletic relations of Yale and Harvard were neutralized by a Yale announcement, authoritatively made today in the editorial columns of the Yale Daily News, the university organ. The News announced that a meeting of the Yale-Harvard conference committee is to be held in the immediate future to decide on a term of years agreement between the two universities.

Capacity of Government Prison at Leavenworth Almost Reached.

Leavenworth, Kas., Nov. 26.—Thirty-one prisoners were received at the United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth Sunday. They traveled in a combination prison car and were guarded by twelve United States deputy marshals. Two of the convicts, Andrew Lennox and William Phillips, were brought to prison to serve life terms for murder committed by them in the Indian Territory. Of the thirty-one prisoners nineteen came from the northern district of the Indian territory, eleven from the central district and one from Colorado.

The population of the federal prison is now 843, and its capacity is 900. Warden McClaughey says at the rate that the prisoners are coming to the prison the institution will be crowded, and he will probably arrange to have a number of convicts kept at the new prison, one of the cell houses there being nearly completed.

Report on Statehood for the Territories Will Be Made December 3.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 26.—The senatorial committee looking into the claims of statehood made by New Mexico, Arizona, Oklahoma and the Indian Territory has finished its investigations in these territories. Senator Beveridge, chairman of the senate committee on territories and of the sub-committee that made the trip, returned to this city today for a few hours, before going to Washington. He declined to say anything as to the conclusions the committee may have reached and said nothing would be given out until the committee made its report to the senate. The report is expected December 3.

SPORTS DOWN SOUTH.

Our Indians Defeated College Boys at Football.

WE LOST AT BASKET BALL.

THE ALBUQUERQUE INDIAN SCHOOL WERE VICTORIOUS IN THE FOOT BALL CONTEST WITH THE AGRICULTURE AND MECHANIC ARTS COLLEGE TEAM AT MESILLA PARK YESTERDAY.

The score was 6 to 0.

Intense interest pervaded from the kick off until time was called. The game was beyond doubt the best played in the history of the gridiron at the college. It was fast and furious, in both halves, but the Indians proved that they were superior in team work.

The first half began by the Indians attacking the college line, but seeing that they were holding out strongly, the Indians worked the ends effectively.

In the second attack on the end, Roybal, the fast right half back of the Indians, went around the end and having a clear field, made the only touchdown of the game. Goal was kicked by full back Johnson. In the last half of the first the Indians had the ball within several feet of the college goal.

The second half opened with center rushes which soon broke the line of the college, but their staying qualities were all there and the Indians were prevented from another goal, although they advanced the ball within three feet of the college goal, which looked dangerous for some time. The Indians had the game in their hands all during the game, for at no time could the college get nearer than the forty yard line.

Both teams were in excellent condition and the work was fast and of a nature that showed they had received plenty of practice since their last meeting.

"One Arm" Pelphrey and Hart of the college team played a star game, while Johnson and Roybal of the Indians were the heroes.

Prof. MacGregor and Dr. Woods were referees and umpires. Time-keeper, Miller.

OUR GIRLS DEFEATED.

High School Basketball Team Lose to Agricultural College Girls.

Defeated, and yet not disgraced, was the young ladies basketball team of the high school, in the basket ball battle with the Agriculture and Mechanic Arts college team at Mesilla Park last night, resulting in a score of 14 to 4.

The young ladies from the high school held their adversaries down in the first half in a manner that called forth great admiration. As soon as the ball was put into play it was seen that the team work of the college team had received close attention and that the high school girls were doing good work, but were weak on several essential points in team work, although their individual playing was fine, and they were heartily cheered by the large crowd of enthusiastic lovers of college sport. Miss Rose Huntzinger threw a goal from field, which was the prettiest goal made during the game. The first half ended with a score of 6 to 4.

The fast work began in the second, and then the weak points of the high school team came into evidence. The college team made two baskets, scoring 8 points, which made the score 14 to 4. There is no reason whatever on the part of the high school team to feel discouraged as their playing was fine, when their experience in the favorite game is considered. They have the quality and all the essentials for a good team, but need more practice in team work.

After the game a dance was given in honor of the guests from the Duke City. The social feature was a most enjoyable affair, and was celebrated in a manner of which young ladies and gentlemen with a prevailing college spirit are capable.

The game was refereed and umpired by J. O. Miller of the Albuquerque Indian school and Professor Woolton, of the A. and M. college.

Tomorrow morning the young ladies will return from their eventful trip.

The Ill Wind.

That blows nobody good is bent on errands of mischief in the fall and winter. It produces that most dangerous of common complaints, a bad cold. Your cold will not become bronchitis, nor consumption if you make timely use of Allen's Lung Balm. Take it frequently until the cough and the stopped-up feeling in the chest are gone. Contains no opium and will not disturb digestion.

The cake for the cake walk of the Juvenile Minstrels is on exhibition at Simon Stern's, and the medals are at M. Mandell's store.

Cured of Piles After 40 Years.

Mr. C. Harey, of Geneva, Ohio, had the piles for forty years. Doctors and dollars could do him no lasting good. DeWitt's Harey Harey Salve cured him permanently. Invaluable for cuts, burns, bruises, sprains, lacerations, scabs, tetter, salt rheum, and all other skin diseases. Look for the name DeWitt on the package—all others are cheap, worthless counterfeits. J. H. O'Reilly & Co.; E. H. Briggs & Co.

J. E. Saint, in charge of the commissary department of the Santa Fe Central at Torrance, came in from the south yesterday morning to enjoy the Thanksgiving with his family. Mr. Saint is still here.

LAS VEGAS LACONICS.

Las Vegas, N. M., Nov. 25.—W. C. Reid left Sunday afternoon for Socorro to attend United States court, which opened there today. The two principal cases on the docket this term is the trial of the postmasters of Capitan and Lincoln, who are charged with embezzlement.

Charles Chandler, who has been foreman of the shops here and lately in charge of the air brake department, has resigned and left Sunday night on No. 8 for Springfield, Mo., where he has a fine position in the Frisco shops. Mr. Chandler has many friends here and has a splendid record with the Santa Fe. He was with the Santa Fe five years and was foreman of the La Junta shops and was gang boss at Raton. His father is in ill health at Springfield and that was one of the reasons for his leaving the Santa Fe here; besides his family is now back there visiting and Mr. Chandler concluded to just move back to "Miz-zouri."

Hon. John S. Clark returned Saturday night from his stay on his ranch on the Salado.

Governor M. A. Otero concluded to stop off here Saturday evening, as the train was so late and, with Major W. H. Llewellyn, of Las Cruces, spent the night with friends here, and Sunday continued their journey on to Denver.

Mrs. J. C. Rickerman and daughter returned Sunday afternoon from her sad journey back to Kankeke, Ill., where she laid the remains of her husband at rest. Mrs. Rickerman will continue to live in Las Vegas.

Walter B. Neill, the second house man at the Montezuma, at the springs, who was beaten up by the cooks at the hotel some time ago, and who has been spending some time since in the Ladies' home and city jail, shows some signs of losing his right mind and is carefully watched.

Mrs. A. O. Wheeler returned Saturday evening on belated No. 2 from her visit of a week at Santa Fe.

Thomas Fleming, formerly of this city, and who has many friends here, passed through Saturday evening from his former home in Nevada, where he had just sold out his general merchandising business and was en route to Kansas City.

Paul Morton, third vice president of the Santa Fe, passed through Saturday evening with a party of five on route to Chicago from a trip to the coast.

Hon. Eugenio Romero left Sunday afternoon from a business trip to Santa Fe, where he will look after his tie business.

Hon. Benjamin M. Read came in Saturday evening from Santa Fe to see his wife here.

M. C. Jann and wife, of Folsom, passed through Saturday evening en route to Santa Fe.

Mrs. B. M. Read, on whom an operation was performed the first of the week for cancer, is having a remarkable recovery and is now able to sit up and take solid food. The operation proved a success.

The Thanksgiving exercises given Friday by the pupils of the high school were well attended and the pupils furnished a splendid program. The first part of the program consisted of music and recitations, after which the play, "Courtship of Miles Standish," was given. Miss Anna M. Foster taking the part of "Priscilla," Charles Hodgcock the part of "Miles Standish" and Waldo Twitchell the part of John Alden. The play was excellent and reflected great credit upon all the participants. The high school is forging ahead in a way that is most satisfactory, and even those who at first objected to divorcing it from the normal, are now glad of the change.

District court convened yesterday morning and transacted quite a little business.

Wyat Berkley, who pleaded guilty to the theft of a pocketbook, was given sixty days in jail.

The case of the territory vs. Pedro Padilla, for assault and battery, was dismissed.

The case against Donatiano Baros, for larceny of sheep was dismissed by the territory, as were the cases against Simon Garcia and Bandido Padilla for the same crime.

The case of the territory against Ramon Castillo and thirteen others, an old murder charge, was dismissed. The murder case against Aparicio Tapia was also dismissed.

In the civil business the most important case was that of Margarito Romero, as administrator of the estate of Juan Leyba, who was killed in the Las Vegas yards by the switch engine. The case was dismissed. The attorney for the plaintiff then asked for an appeal to the supreme court, which was granted.

Court then adjourned until Monday morning, when the petit jury will be empaneled for the trial of the criminal cases.

Commencing on November 30 there will be a reduction in the force of forest rangers for the winter months. Rangers and Dockweiler will be discharged, Ranger Stewart will have the east side and Ranger Williams the west side of the Pecos reserve.

A. J. Aber, one of the popular Santa Fe conductors, had the misfortune to get an arm broken Friday morning while taking the second section of No.

3 south. He was leaning out as the train passed Algodones and was struck by a mail crane. He went on to Albuquerque and Conductor Cunningham went down on No. 7 last night to bring back No. 4 this morning.

An old judgment for \$507.10 in favor of Henry Essinger vs. Thomas Walton, of Mora, was renewed.

Las Vegas, N. M., Nov. 24.—District court convened this morning and the petit jury panel was begun but not completed. There was little done in court besides a judgment being given to Gross, Kelly & Co. for \$69.85 against Barney Mason for an old account.

The case of Jefferson Reynolds vs. Peter C. Nison, an ejectment suit on a tract of land lying north of town, was continued until next term.

Those who were out on the prairie Saturday say it was one of the gloomiest days seen in New Mexico for a long time. The fog was so heavy in places one could not see fifty feet ahead.

The short strip of street railway is being completed now and soon all will be ready to start the cars.

Las Vegas has had a couple of good days of rain and things are fairly well soaked.

Mrs. Dora Soper, a sister of R. B. Schoonmaker, who has been spending the summer here, left last night for her home in Chicago.

Bernardo Lopez was married this morning to Miss Ignacia Rivera by Rev. Paul Gilbertson at the west side catholic church. The contracting parties are of San Geronimo and returned there today.

Carlos Sanchez and wife left yesterday for Mora, accompanied by Telesforo Romero, who took to wife there this morning Miss Sofia Martinez.

Louisa Bristol has brought suit against Charles H. Dane et al to have the commissioner who made the sale of the Horseshoe pasture in Colfax county, W. E. Gortner, restrained from paying over to Ada Chase Dimick, one of the defendants, her share of the proceeds of the sale.

Beatrice Ortega, the six year old daughter of Telesforo Ortega, died on Saturday of diphtheria and was buried yesterday.

Enrique Watter, infant son of Geo. Watter, died Saturday of diphtheria, and was buried yesterday. Age, 2 years and 6 months.

Cruz Griego, the 3 year old son of Eugenio Griego, died yesterday of diphtheria and was buried today.

O. L. Houghton has been given judgment against George W. Fuller et al, in the sum of \$490.35, the amount which was due on several promissory notes.

The lecture given at the Presbyterian church last night by Prof. A. E. Willis, of New York, was a real treat to the local church goers who were present. He took for his topic "The Soul in the Face," and brought out some new and interesting thoughts to his large audience. His argument was based largely on his belief that one's thoughts form the character, and the way he presented his argument brought his audience to thinking the same way. Many are the compliments heard on the lecture today.

An operation was performed Saturday on Mrs. Louisa Wells at the sanitarium and a cataract removed. Mrs. Wells had been almost totally blind and the operation has proved a great success.

George S. Markham has left town, leaving behind a warrant for his arrest for disturbance at one of the local saloons and a divorce suit. It is not known which way he went, but has probably left town for good.

Miss Cora Stern entertained fifteen friends last night in honor of Misses Petty and Alma Rosenwald, of Albuquerque.

Mrs. Richard Larimore returned last night from her trip to Kansas City, where she underwent an operation. She returned much improved.

Father Gentile, of Albuquerque, came up last night and this afternoon with Father Dorsey went on to Trinidad.

F. S. Evans left this afternoon with twenty-five laborers for the railroad at French. He sent up about fifty men in all.

Prof. A. E. Willis, who delivered a lecture last night at the Presbyterian church, left this afternoon for Springer and Raton.

Jerome Duval and Arthur McKenzie, two of the Raton force, who have been working here while the turn table was out of order at Raton, today returned and the others will leave soon as the turn table there, which tied up the shops to some extent, is now in repair.

RAILROAD NOTES.

An unusually large shipment of live poultry was one of the items of interest in the local railway yards yesterday and today.

The El Paso & Southwestern is carrying mail between Deming and southeastern Arizona points, having commenced a few days ago.

Railroad changes at Deming: W. B. Stevens takes the Santa Fe ticket office, and J. E. Hanlon takes the Santa Fe car desk. Mr. Rogers, former Santa Fe ticket agent, goes into the Wells-Fargo office.

A wreck occurred on the Blaine railroad at Tomerlin station the other day, by which a brakeman named Sotter was severely bruised about the legs and ankles and disabled. Two heavily loaded freight trains were proceeding in the same direction and only a short distance apart. The forward train was dragging up a long grade and finally came to a sudden stop. The rear train was rounding a curve, and not noticing that the train ahead had stopped, ran squarely into it, the engine telescoping the cabooses and two cars of merchandise.

In every town and village may be had, the Mica Axle Grease that makes your horses glad.

ROCK ISLAND EXTENSION.

Will Be Built From Albuquerque to Salt Lake, Utah—Surveyors Now at Work.

From Farmington Hustler.

The all-absorbing topic going the rounds in San Juan county these days, is railroad. From every source comes rumors of assurance that this line or that line will be built; however, the greatest encouragement comes from the survey now being made by parties connected indirectly with the great Rock Island system. From reliable information we may say the plan is a trans-continental line from the Missouri river to the coast via Salt Lake City, with a feeder from the San Juan river to Durango; this branch to leave the main line near Bloomfield providing the survey as now made down Largo canyon, be the accepted route. However, this is still in doubt as another survey is proposed to follow a course down Canon Gallegos, in which case the junction would be located between the two rivers, just to the east of Farmington. The Durango terminal following a water grade up the Animas, the main line continuing west along the San Juan river to a point which would enable them to avoid crossing the mountains, and from where an easy roadway could be surveyed from the river through Utah to Salt Lake City.

A Great Falls, Mont., newspaper clipping of recent date states that Senator W. A. Clark now has a surveying corps in the field staking a preliminary line from Albuquerque to Salt Lake, where the proposed road is to connect with his new coast line.

The building of the proposed railroad from Torrance to Roswell, to be part of a main line from Durango, Colo., to the gulf.

The Durango and Clifton project is still also very much alive, as the following article, taken from the Denver Times, will attest:

"Otto Mears, the pathfinder of the San Juan, will return to Colorado and take up again the work of railroad building, which made his name a household word in this state. Mr. Mears arrived in Denver a few days ago on one of his periodical trips, and is stopping at the Brown Palace hotel. To friends Mr. Mears said he intended to return to Colorado within the next sixty days and take up his residence here. He said he intended to enter upon the construction of another railroad in the San Juan country, where his name is synonymous with railroad building. Mr. Mears does not reveal the route of the proposed line, but it is understood to be the building of the long-talked-of railroad from Durango to the southwest. Mr. Mears was the builder of the Silverton railroad, long looked upon as the most remarkable piece of railroading in the country and the road which made the prosperity of the San Juan country certain, years before it would have been opened otherwise. Half a dozen years ago he went to Washington and entered upon the construction of the Chesapeake Beach railway, a line running from the city of Washington down to Chesapeake beach, a resort on the bay below the capital city. The line has been in successful operation for a number of years and yearly Mr. Mears has remembered his friends in this city with handsome engraved annuals which have shown that his heart was still in Colorado. The return of Mr. Mears will be a matter of congratulation both for the state and for Mr. Mears. He has been so inseparably linked with the advancement of the state that his return is but natural, and that he is to enter upon railroad construction in the country where he won his first honors as a builder, is a matter of considerable interest.

We all know Otto Mears is a rustler, and is renowned for doing things. The survey of this proposed line runs directly through Farmington, much of the right of way and depot site having already been secured.

BIG "TIPS" ON STEAMERS.

Stewards on Great Ocean Liners Make \$10,000 a Year.

"My tips to servants on the Oceanic amounted to \$13," said a traveler who came over with J. Pierpont Morgan.

"The rule is to give \$2.50 to the table steward, \$2.50 to the bedroom steward, \$1 to the bathroom steward, \$2 to the deck steward, \$2 to the shoe shine steward, and \$5 to the chief steward, in case he has performed special courtesies.

"I saw Mr. Morgan give the chief steward \$100 and it was generally understood among the help that all would fare in proportion. I guess he gave the table steward \$50."

The office of steward on such a steamer as the Oceanic is worth \$10,000 a year to a good man. Just think, 500 cabin passengers at \$7 each—the

least possible sum to bestow in fees on tips—makes \$3,500 given away on every run across.

That sum is distributed among about twelve attendants. Some passengers, like Mr. Morgan, will give several hundred dollars to their pets among the stewards. Others restrict themselves to the customary fees, which do not average over \$1.25 a day.

Some men who travel by rail give the sleeping car porter 25 cents after riding with him three or four days. Such tipping on board the Oceanic would ruin a man's reputation.

On board ship tipping is invited. You will find in the smoking room, for instance, a box conveniently placed for your coin if you care to fee the attendant in charge—the steward.

If you decline to tip on the Oceanic you would better not cross on that ship next time, but try some other, where your face is unknown. There is a freemasonry among stewards and reputations travel fast.—Chicago News.

ADOBE BUILDING.

On the Site of the Indian Industrial Village.

The building of an adobe on the industrial Indian village site will be begun today. This will make the second dwelling on the site, the first, a winter hogan, was erected some time ago by Manager Switzer of the Harvey Indian curio, and has been the pleasant home of the Navajo blanket weaver and hair worker, who are employed at the curio. Manager Switzer said this morning that he expected to receive about four pottery makers from Laguna this week. The adobe now being built will be occupied by these new curio producers. Mr. Switzer has had some difficulty in securing the kind of Indians he desired because of the busy times on the reservation previous to their annual harvest dance and feast.

The Navajos at the curio rooms will leave for their home on the reservation, north of the continental divide, today or tomorrow to attend the yearly celebration after their winter supplies have all been gathered. They have been for the past week trying to find Manager Switzer something that was prying on their mind, but he could not fathom the task they handed him. Yesterday a gentleman came in who could speak their language, and then the truth was unfolded. They stated that they must not miss the dance, but lord of the admiralty; Lord Roberts and Lady Roberts; Lord Strathcona, the Canadian high commissioner; Secretary Henry White, of the United States embassy, and many other notable persons were among those who joined in wishing the colonial secretary and his wife a good voyage at the reception to which only those holding tickets were admitted.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

To Observe Thanksgiving, with Exercises, Tomorrow Afternoon.

All the public schools, with the exception of the high school, will have Thanksgiving exercises tomorrow afternoon. The students of the high school will manifest their thankfulness with examinations.

The generous spirit of the school children was displayed today in a most pleasing manner. A table in the corridors of the Central school at noon today was piled high with all kinds of eatables for the poor. Contributions are also being received and everyone giving, no matter how small, soon amounts to dollars.

The contributing of the gifts is not being exhausted, as Christmas will soon be here and the poor are to be remembered on that event. The donations now are made so that there will be plenty of room for giving at Christmas time.

THEY ALL SAY SO.

Not Only in Albuquerque but in Every City and Town in the Union.

If the reader took the time and trouble to ask his fellow residents of Albuquerque the simple question given below, he would obtain the one answer. If he would read the statements now being published in Albuquerque which refer to this answer, it would surprise him to note that they number so many. As many more could be, and may be, published, but in the meantime ask the first person you meet what cures backache? The answer will be Doan's Kidney Pills. Here is a citizen who endorses our claim.

Mrs. J. Hall, of 519 South First street, says: "One of my daughters suffered from backache for about eight months or a year. Sometime it was so bad that she was completely prostrated for a day or so at a time. I read about Doan's Kidney Pills in our Albuquerque newspaper and thought if they only performed half what they promised they might help my daughter and we went to the Alvarado Pharmacy for a box. In a remarkably short time the medicine took effect and a continuation of the treatment a little longer stopped the backache. We are pleased to recommend Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-McMillan Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

R. L. Cance has been transferred entirely to inside work and will remain in the office exclusively at Santa Fe, giving his personal attention to his duties as auditor of the Santa Fe Central railway and the Pennsylvania Development company.

Of 1,101 passengers on the Rock Island train which was robbed a few nights ago not one had a revolver, which probably accounts for the fact that no passengers were shot.

SALE OF UNCLAIMED EXPRESS MATTER.

Office of Superintendent, Colorado and New Mexico Division.

Denver, Colo., November 3, 1902.

To Whom it May Concern: Notice is hereby given that matter as per list below now remaining unclaimed, or otherwise, in the offices of Wells Fargo & Company Express, at different points in the Territory of New Mexico, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, at Albuquerque, New Mexico, on the tenth day of December next, unless the same shall be called for and all charges paid thereon.

C. H. YOUNG, Superintendent.

W. D. McBRIDE, Agent.

NEW MEXICO TOWNS.

Albuquerque. Adair, Dick; Acuna, Manuel; Acherman, J. H.; Adams, Mrs. A. R.; Brown, J. H.; Banks, O. S.; Belarque, Jose; Chavez, Miguel; Compton, J. J.; Chavez, Carlos B.; Conley, J. W.; First National Bank; Grunsfeld, E.; Hermeda, Dr. A.; Hyde, Mrs. E. H.; Imperial Laundry; Jones, J. W.; Jones, Miss Josie; Langenderfer, E.; Lauke, W. W.; McNeil, A. B.; McLean, Mrs. K.; McCuey, C. E.; Mayfield, S.; Myers, Abel C.; Norrcomb, A.; Owen, H. P.; Putney, L. B.; Parsons, Chas.; Ripley, T. J.; Sanderson, Jno.; Slaughter, Miss N.; Shannon, R. L.; Sawyer, L. H.; Smith, Geo. W.; Williams, Jno.; Zellers, G. W.

Alamogordo. Austin, S.; Advertiser; Brown, H.; Dabales, L.; Fleck, C. A.; Iwig, J.; Lopez, Juan; Lisk, O. M.; Mahoras, P.; Morris, D.; So. West Mercantile Co.; Thorp, W. H.

Bayard. Lustey, D. L.

Belen. De Trillis, A.

Capitan. Anderson, L.; Austin, G. G.; Collard, F. S.; Chavez, L. L.; Dee, Doran, W. R.; Harkey, A. M.; Hightower, J. C.; Moran, J.; McPhillips, Ramos, L.; Saunders, P.; Saxon, J.; Towers, G. H.; Tweed, T. W.; Thatcher, N. J.; Watson, T. W.

Corona. McComes, E. S.

Clayton. Bell, L. M.; Carnes, F. P.; Collins, J. R.; Cochran, H.; Cooper, Mrs. E.; Dunlap, J. S.; Davis, O. L.; Dunriver, J. K.; DeZiac, J.; DeBaca, E. O.; Dentiz, P.; Enterprise; Exc. Democrat; Guyer, J. R.; Gonzales, Petro; Hounney, J. H.; Hughes, W. T.; Montoya, L.; Nunecker, Mrs. F.; North, Mrs. L. E.; Pugh, J. A.; Rowan, Mary; Stone, C. R.; Trojan, A. E.; Valentine, R.; Vigil, R. D.; Wiley, Morris; Woods, Lucy; Williams, S. J.; Welt, J. M.; Young, C. W.; Young, M.

Cloudford. Basgan, E.; Brody, M. M.; Burnett, S. C.; Baches, C. A.; Chalk, F. P.; Dawson, J. H.; Haynes, J. F.; Jeffers, M. O.; Knapp, C.; Lynch, F. W.; Putnam, G. P.; Johnson, J. G.; Kitzer, T. D.; Knapp, C.; Lynch, F. W.; Lewis, Miss L.; McM. News Co.; McKinley, F. T.; Moser, Eli; Mills, W. R.; McCracken, S. J.; Orman, J. V.; Osby, J.; Putnam, G. P.; Pendergast, M. D.; Robinson, T. A.; Rogers, H. R.; Sowers, G. A.; Smith, O. J.; Snipes, Mrs.; Tuggs, P.

Carrizozo. Hernandez, C.; Palkin, F. R.

Deming. Agent for Artie Hunt; Headlight; Jackson, Horace; Little, O. P.; Lindner & Burnside; Miller, A.

Dillon. Coperland, Chas.; Clark, J. J.; Clark, Mrs. S. M.; Borthones.

Engle. Walker, M. & M. Co.

Folsom. McCune, H. H.

Hatch. Parton, S.

Hot Springs. Agent; Berry, Jno.; Bellinger, Dr.

Lamy. Webb, Ben.

Lake Valley. Johnson, R. J.

Las Cruces. Allen, J. E.; Camp, Callie; Peacock, D. O.

Las Vegas. Albright, Geo.; Aguilar, S.; Bayne, E.; Baca, E. H.; Beck, C. W.; Bloom, C. E.; Calligou, Rev. F.; Cephas, W.; Coffelt, Mrs. C.; Carter, G. D.; Cordova, J. D.; Dockman, M.; Duncan, Floyd; Davis, T.; Gonzales, A.; Galdino, G.; Goodie, Mrs. A.; Garcia, D.; Gallegos, J.; Hlenfield, C.; Jackson & Foxworthy; Keller, R. O.; Lopez, S. B.; Manson, H. B.; Mills, T. B.; Mott, J. L.; Montoya, E.; Madrid, Pedro; Maces, T.; Martin, P.; Pixley, C. W.; Quinn, Martin; Ryan, J. P.; Rose, N. M.; Risch, H.; Swick, C. E.; Sullivan, Nora; Strops, D.; VanBreggan, W.; Wagner & M.

Maxwell City. David, Mrs. J.; Fletcher, H.; Meyerhoffer, J. S.

Magdalena. Allen, L. M.; Laney, Wm.; Thompson, Clara; Weaver, E.

Rincon. Garcia, J.; Jellison, H.; Jones, J.; McCusker, P.; Ralston, E. E.; Rosales, C.; Esdillo, Mrs. G.

Raton. Abraham, M.; Bever, J. W.; Clark, Mrs. M.; Cloud, F.; Nicholas, O. N.; Stark, N.; Vorenberg, S.; Whitten, C. H.

Socorro. O'Brien, M.

Springer. Chavez, J.; Latner, W.; Murray, F.

Silver City. Anderson, C.; Donaldson, M.; Gelta & Geta Bros.; Halmer, E.; Lindner & Burnside; Stout, J. N.; Scott, W. H.

Scott, W. D.; Salls, D. U.; Valencia, Jesus; Willis, L. G.

Santa Fe. Flynn, M.; Gerdes, J. H.; Sandoval, G. M.; Van Schack, A.

San Antonio. Candelario, Perferis.

San Marcial. Kimm, F. W.; Laisuro, O. C.

Thornton. Leclair, R. C.; Fowles, O.; Griffin, H.; Hallowell, Paul; Bland Herald; McDermott, J.; Parson, C. S.; Sigura, N.; Thomas, J. C.

Tularosa. Baley, M.; Gejaldo, D.; Borelo, P.

Wagon Mound. Chavez, Eustilia; Sikes, W. E.

Watrous. Barnes, S.; Casalar, Virgin; Frauble, C.; Gentry, Geo.; Herola, J.; Lucero, E. M.; Longevan, J. S.; Olivas, F.; Parsons, C. S.; Regensbury, J.; Romero, R.; Segus, B.; Salazar, A. T.

Notice of Special Master's Sale.

Territory of New Mexico.—In the District Court of Bernalillo County.

George K. Neher, plaintiff, vs. Ambrosio Armijo and Anita Armijo, defendants.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, special master, duly appointed for that purpose will in pursuance of the decree of the district court of the county of Bernalillo aforesaid, made and entered on the first day of December, 1900, in the above entitled cause, sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the court house of the county of Bernalillo aforesaid, at Albuquerque, on Monday, the first day of December, 1902, at about 10 o'clock a. m., the following described real estate, to wit: Lot number seventeen in block number fifteen of the New Mexico Town Company addition to the town (now city) of Albuquerque, as designated and described upon the map and plat made by M. J. Mack, C. E., and filed in the office of the probate clerk and ex-officio recorder of Bernalillo county, on the 29th day of December, 1882. Said sale is made for the purpose of carrying into effect the decree in partition in the above entitled cause and upon confirmation of said sale the purchaser will be let into the possession of the premises sold.

T. S. P. HUBBELL, Special Master.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas issued in that certain cause pending in the district court of the Second judicial district of the Territory of New Mexico within and for the County of Bernalillo, wherein Wallace Hesselnden was the plaintiff and E. E. Carnahan was the defendant and which said cause is numbered on the docket of said court as No. 6205, I, the undersigned, will, on Monday, the 22nd day of December, A. D. 1902, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the front steps of the Court House of the County of Bernalillo expose for sale and sell to the highest and best bidder for cash all the stock and shares of stock and all the right, title and interest of the said E. E. Carnahan in the Albuquerque Construction Company heretofore attached by me in the said above entitled cause, to satisfy the judgment obtained in the said cause.

T. S. HUBBELL, Sheriff of Bernalillo County, New Mexico.

PATENTS.

SAVINGS, TRADE MARKS, COPYRIGHTS AND DESIGNS.

Send your business direct to W. H. Sigsbee, 301 Broadway, New York.

My office is in U. S. Patent Office, FREE consultation, advice and help in securing patents.

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SAVINGS, TRADE MARKS, COPYRIGHTS AND DESIGNS.

Territory of New Mexico

Governor Otero's Report.

The annual report of the governor, Miguel A. Otero, shows material progress in all branches of industry in the territory and embodies detailed statements from all county and territorial offices.

The population of the territory, according to the last census, was 195,310. The estimated population on the 30th day of June, 1902, based upon a comparison of registration returns, the vote cast at elections and the last annual school census, is 246,700, of which 12,700 are Indians.

The financial standing of the territory is stated as excellent. Under beneficent acts of recent legislative assemblies it has been possible to accumulate a surplus in almost every fund in the treasury, enabling all obligations to be promptly met, leaving a handsome surplus to be used in the reduction of the interest bearing debt.

The bonded debt on June 1, 1901, was \$1,180,900, on which there was paid during the past year \$57,600; the bonded debt outstanding June 1, 1902, was \$1,123,300. Since that time sinking funds have accumulated sufficient for the redemption of the bonded debt in the sum of \$89,246.26, leaving the net bonded indebtedness at this time \$1,034,053.74. For more than a year past, it is stated, endeavors have been made by the territory to buy unmaturing bonds without success. Many orders have been filed to take up any bonds the territory might issue, and there has been a wide demand for county and school district bonds. The territorial tax levy bonds for all purposes is now 13.59 mills, far below the average in the western states.

The banking institutions are in a flourishing condition. There are fourteen national banks in the territory, an increase of four during the past year, one located at Raton, and the others at the new towns of Portales, Santa Rosa and Tucuman. In addition there are twelve banks operating under the territorial laws, a total of twenty-six banking institutions, having resources aggregating nearly \$10,000,000, with deposits of over \$7,500,000.

In the line of industrial development the governor states that as large and as many as were the charters filed in New Mexico for various industrial enterprises during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901, that record is exceeded by that of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, which shows the several corporations chartered to number 205, with a total capitalization of \$100,480,130. Of the corporations so organized, 110 were for the purpose of mining, milling and smelting, having a combined capitalization of \$73,017,630; 63 for manufacturing and other industrial pursuits, with a capitalization of \$4,796,509; six bank, building and loan associations, with a capital of \$4,830,000; six railway companies with a capital of \$15,825,000, to construct 834 miles of road; ten irrigation and land improvement companies, with a capitalization of \$2,011,000, and ten benevolent and charitable associations. Last year there was a gain of forty-one in the number of industrial corporations filed over the previous year; this year the gain is fifty-five in number, which measures to some extent the great forward strides New Mexico is taking.

One million one hundred and twelve thousand five hundred and fifty-one and fifty-four hundredths acres of the public domain have been entered under the homestead and various government land laws, two-thirds of the area taken up being in the counties of Colfax, Union, Guadalupe, Santa Fe, Lincoln, Chavez and Otero, contiguous to the new lines of railroad.

The court of private land claims during the year has judicially considered land covering a large area and now has pending cases involving only 141,760.97 acres. Since the organization of this court it has adjudicated title to 24,000,000 acres of land claimed under various grants, all of which, save something more than a million acres, has been determined to be public land and restored to the public domain.

Under the act of congress, June 21, 1898, donating a limited area of the public lands to the benefit of the territory for educational and other worthy purposes, the United States commission has selected, located and entered for the benefit of the various institutions, etc., 820,926.58 acres, including 79,693.25 acres of saline lands. This act of congress also appropriated 50,000 acres each to the following institutions which have not yet been established, viz, the miners' hospital, institute for the blind and the reform school. It will devolve upon the next legislative assembly to pass necessary laws establishing and locating these meritorious public institutions.

It was tardy justice, the governor says, which brought New Mexico this small concession of the public domain, which is as nothing when compared with the vast area of government lands within the territory, and in view of present needs for utilizing every possible available resource for advancing the territory's educational development, he urges that an additional grant of public land be made to New Mexico. There are more than 50,000,000 acres of the public domain within the borders of this territory and the area has been largely increased of late years through the operations of the United States court of private land claims.

In view of the large area reverting to the public domain by reason of the adjustment of titles by the land court, it is also recommended that the government provide some means for having this class of public lands immediately surveyed and subdivided, to the

end that the school sections therein shall be available at once for leasing purposes under the law above referred to, thus greatly enhancing the benefits derived by the public schools of New Mexico through this congressional donation. At the present time a great many applications for the lease of such school sections can not be taken up by the land commissioner because these former grants have not been surveyed and subdivided.

Coincident with the development of the industrial affairs in the territory, the governor states that great advancement has been made along educational lines. He states that before 1850 New Mexico had been an outlying province in the Kingdom of Spain and the Republic of Mexico, neglected and uncared for by either government, compelled to depend upon herself and her own resources, to contend against the arid climate, while at the same time carrying on war continuously for more than a quarter of a century with savage Indians within her borders. Naturally the cause of popular education suffered much, being entirely suspended, at times, in all save a few of the more populous communities. But after repeated appeals, covering a period of more than forty years, congress, in 1858, passed an act donating to the territory lands for various public institutions, and sections 16 and 33 for the benefit of the public schools. Long prior to that, however, the people had taken the subject in hand and by legislative enactment provided an excellent system of public school laws, supported by a heavier direct tax than was ever laid in any state or territory for the purpose, viz, 3 mills on the dollar. These laws have been materially improved from time to time, until now New Mexico has an educational system that appeals to the pride of every citizen.

Briefly summarized, the school statistics are as follows: School population, 62,564; increase over previous year, 9,856, or 18% per cent. Enrollment of pupils in all schools, 42,825; average daily attendance, 29,825. Number of schools, 726; teachers employed, 1,046. Number of higher territorial institutions, 7; city high schools, 7; kindergartens, 4; private schools, 6. The average number of months taught in all schools, 7.35. Total salary paid teachers, \$412,340.28; annual receipts \$838,018.70; annual expenditures, \$723,048.32; total value of school property, \$2,071,702.55. Enrollment of public schools proper: Year 1899, 21,761; 1900, 31,510; 1901, 35,227; in city schools, 7,243; in rural schools, 27,984; in higher territorial institutions, 907. Expended in improvements on public school property during the year, \$242,617.60. Average monthly salaries paid teachers in higher institutions, \$103.56. Average annual cost of educating pupils in higher educational institutions, \$159.66.

The general interest among the people in the public schools is constantly growing as the good work accomplished by them is seen and appreciated. The educational association of the territory is a great factor in this respect. In his report to the governor, the superintendent of public instruction asserts that New Mexico is now raising by direct taxation of her people more money per capita for educational purposes than any state in the Union, and it is claimed that the ratio of illiteracy has been steadily reduced during the past few years until now less than 18 per cent of the population are unable to read or write, and 92 per cent of the people now speak the English language.

During the past two years charters for many new railroad corporations have been filed with the territorial secretary, the capitalization of which amounts in the aggregate to \$32,286,500. Charters filed during the past year call for the construction of 834 miles of new road and actual construction work is now in progress upon more than one half of this new mileage. The total railway mileage of New Mexico is now more than 3,000 miles, with every indication that it will amount to nearly 4,000 miles before the close of another year.

Following the lines of this railroad development in particular, a healthy flow of immigration has poured into the territory during the past year, composed largely of residents of the central western and northern states in search of new homes, and of mining men from the colder regions of the north. As a result many new towns have sprung into life, and new mining camps established which are growing at a healthy rate and will serve to add very materially to the taxable property of the territory.

The improved systems of irrigation upon which New Mexico has to depend for the multiplication of her useful land area are developing rapidly. More than 3,000 miles of irrigation ditches are now in operation in the territory, the cost of which has been over \$6,000,000. Since the grant of public lands by congress the territorial legislature has wisely encouraged this class of enterprises by giving special privileges to persons or corporations undertaking the reclamation of territorial lands in tracts in any quantity up to 50,000 acres, and ten such enterprises are now in hand which contemplate the bringing under ditch of 261,000 acres of land. Individual enterprise is also increasing the local supplies by the erection of multitudes of windmills, pumping from artesian wells in various parts of the territory. These prove the existence of great bodies of water underlying a large portion of the

territory. To the settler this means much, and will add in a great measure to the future possibilities of the production.

An exhaustive article or rather series of articles, on this method of water development appears in the governor's report and indicates that the most extraordinary progress has been made in this direction during the past year, showing that a very large area has thus been brought under cultivation which hitherto was deemed of little value as farm land because of the lack of available surface water. It is stated also that true flowing artesian wells have thus far been discovered in five widely separated districts in New Mexico, and such discovery is proving a highly important factor in the settlement and development of the country by the farmers and fruit growers. In one district alone 125,000 acres are now supplied with irrigation from artesian wells. The action of congress in enacting the irrigation law is commended.

The live stock industry is flourishing. Grass and water are abundant, despite the late coming of the annual summer rains, and the outlook for the fall and winter season is propitious. During the year 133,835 head of cattle were inspected for removal from the territory, and the revenues derived by beef raisers from such shipments were in the neighborhood of \$3,000,000. There are 1,246,237 head of beef cattle in the territory. The territory claims first place as owner of more sheep than any other state or territory. The wool clip has passed the 20,000,000 pound mark per annum and it is selling at exceptionally good figures. The lamb crop in the spring was in the neighborhood of 1,000,000 head, and there are now on the ranges of New Mexico nearly 5,000,000 head of sheep. Shipments for the year were 406,908 head, which were sold at prices ranging as high as 3 1/2 cents per pound, and netting the grower as high as \$2.40 per head. The Angora goat industry is enjoying great prosperity. At a conservative estimate the live stock now on the ranges of New Mexico has a value of \$40,000,000.

Mining for the useful and precious metals has been extremely active throughout the territory during the year, and a very large area of coal, iron and oil bearing lands has passed to private ownership, with energetic operations inaugurated for their development. Oil-drill rigs are now at work in five or six different districts, with every promise that New Mexico will become a producer of merchantable oil before many months. Several new and important coal camps contiguous to the new lines of railroad have been established, and quite a number of notable gold and copper strikes have been made. The coal and coke industry gives employment to some 2,000 persons, and the machinery and operating plants are valued at \$715,000. The net output for the coal mines for the year was 1,102,046 tons, valued at the mines at \$1,609,898.90. Coke production for the year amounted to 25,311 tons, valued at \$58,207. Of gold, silver, lead and copper, the territorial product for the past year is estimated at between six and seven million dollars, and the value of the turquoise mined in New Mexico is in the neighborhood of \$128,000.

The important industries at present are the smelting of copper and lead ores, with a product valued at nearly \$1,000,000 a year; flour milling, with a product valued at \$551,108; the scouring of wool, with \$77,875 as the receipts for last year's work. Flour and grist mills number about twenty, and there are numerous fruit canneries, distilleries and wineries in operation. There are thirty-one saw mills in the territory, with an invested capital of \$160,798, employing 243 men, earning \$80,851 per year, whose annual product is worth \$290,527. Of mills sawing 50,000 to 500,000 feet per year there are 13; of mills sawing 500,000 to 1,000,000 feet per year there are 4; of mills sawing 1,000,000 to 5,000,000 feet per year there are 14. There are thirteen planing mills, employing forty-one people, who earn \$18,291 annually, and who produce \$75,050 worth of material per year.

The number of Indians in the territory is 12,700, and considerable progress has been made by them toward civilization. There are thirty-three schools devoted solely to the training of the Indian youth, in which 2,183 people were enrolled, with a daily average attendance of 2,114. The cost of maintaining these schools is \$252,687, and the total value of the school property in the territory is \$351,000. Special attention is directed to the efforts of the department toward supplying the Pueblo Indians with irrigation facilities.

An interesting chapter in the report is devoted to the thermal springs of New Mexico, of which there are a great variety, both hot and cold, in many sections of the territory. Much space is also given to the public health, the remarkable salubrity of the climate, and its effects upon tuberculosis and kindred diseases. The fact that the government has recognized the superiority of the territory's natural climatic conditions by establishing government sanitariums for the sick of its military and marine branches at Fort Bayard and Stanton, respectively, is referred to in commendatory terms, and a technical review of the results thus far accomplished is given. Several large private sanitariums are conducted at various points throughout the territory, and many recoveries of patients suffering from consumption, through the effects of the pure air, altitude and sunshine, without the use of medicine or drugs, are reported.

Detailed reports are given of the status of the various eleemosynary in-

PAINE'S Celery Compound CURES RHUMATISM

THE ONLY MEDICINE THAT PREVENTS A RETIN OF THE TERRIBLE SEASE.

Rheumatism, which is its terrible work in the muscle joints and tissues, is caused by acid which gathers in the blood to get rid of this poisonous acid which produces the irritations, pains, aches, inflammations, and swellings peculiar to rheumatism. Paine's Celery Compound should be used with delay. No other medicine gives such prompt, cheering, and happy results. It is the only medicine that prevents return of the dreaded disease. Paine's Celery Compound traces the acids, the blood is quickly cleared of irritating poisons, tissue and muscle are built up, and the digestive organs perfectly toned. Do not treat with indifference the slightest rheumatic symptoms; the early use of Paine's Celery Compound will save you weeks and months of suffering. Mr. S. D. Conway, St. Louis, Mo., was permanently cured by Paine's Celery Compound after repeated failures with other medicines and physicians; he says:

"I am 64 years of age, and have lived in St. Louis 27 years, at all this time with the exception of three years, I have served in the Engineers' Department as Inspector. Last winter I contracted rheumatism and was laid up. I tried all remedies and doctors, but all failed until I struck Paine's Celery Compound, which has made a permanent cure in my case. I have recommended it to many, and they have used it with the same result."

DIAMOND DYES

Color Jackets, Coat Caps, Ribbons, Neckties, Valets, . . .

Stockings will not fade or crock when dyed with Diamond Dyes. Directions book and 45 dyed sample free. DIAMOND DYES, Burlington, Vt.

stitutions of the territory, which show New Mexico to be in this respect fully abreast of the spirit of the times. The moral and social status of the territory is reported as excellent, and the vast amount of data presented regarding the operations of the judicial branch of the territorial government indicates the general good order prevailing throughout the year and the utmost security of life and property in this territory under the present administration of public affairs.

MAJORITY FOR DELEGATE

The Total Vote Cast—Rodey Wins by a Majority of 9,046.

Yesterday morning, Territorial Secretary J. W. Reynolds made the official canvass of the votes for delegate to congress by counties as compiled from the certified returns, as follows:

COUNTIES	B. S. Rodey	H. B. Ferguson	Majorities
Bernalillo	3818	421	3397
Chaves	359	883	524
Colfax	1450	1027	423
Dona Ana	1221	469	752
Eddy	194	456	262
Grant	849	878	29
Guadalupe	773	591	182
Lincoln	767	675	92
Luna	261	243	18
McKinley	390	174	216
Mora	1128	997	131
Otero	692	474	218
Rio Arriba	1752	899	853
San Juan	346	390	44
San Miguel	2794	1984	810
Santa Fe	1620	1116	514
Sierra	426	379	47
Socorro	967	483	516
Taos	1159	786	373
Union	732	711	21
Valencia	1998	56	1942
Total	24222	14876	10505

Total majority for Bernard S. Rodey 9,046.

Total vote in 1900.....39,414
Total vote in 1902.....38,798

Decrease.....616

Shopmen in Trouble.

On affidavit of William Canada, chief of the secret service of the Union Pacific railroad, and at the request of counsel of that road, twenty-seven striking shopmen have been cited for contempt charged with having violated the injunction issued against them by the federal court some time ago. The men with one exception have acted as pickets and are charged with having trespassed on company property or interfered with strike breakers. They will have a hearing at Omaha November 28.

A RAILROADER'S BULLET.

It Killed a Young Man at Lane, Kansas.

The sheriff and coroner returned to Ottawa, Kas., from Lane, where they were summoned to investigate a shooting affray in which J. P. McEchorn, a young man, was shot and killed by Al Tabor, foreman of a Missouri Pacific station gang.

Lane is 25 miles from Ottawa, and is without police officers. The killing took place on the public street in front of a racket store, and caused intense excitement. McEchorn is the son of P. I. McEchorn, a

prominent farmer in the south part of the county. He lived on a farm near Lane. He leaves a wife and two small children. McEchorn had gone to Lane to spend the afternoon and evening. In company with a companion, Lee Caldwell, he had eaten supper, and both were drinking heavily. The two met Al Tabor and Jack Johnson, both railroad men, who were also drinking, and a quarrel ensued, and Tabor fired three shots at McEchorn, only one taking effect.

At the post mortem examination the bullet was found lodged in the victim's heart. During the excitement which followed the shooting Tabor escaped. McEchorn's father has offered \$100 reward for Tabor's arrest. Tabor is of Irish extraction, is tall and smooth-faced, and wears brown corduroy trousers and duck coat. His wife and three children live at Lane.

NOT A ROBBER.

Pueblo Railroad Man Says Isaac Martin Wrongfully Punished at Rawlins.

Pueblo (Colo.), railroad men, and members especially of Pike's Peak Lodge of Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, propose to leave no stone unturned in their effort to prevent what they regard as proposed unjust punishment of Isaac Martin, a Pueblo fireman, who was convicted at Rawlins, Wyo., the other day on a charge of burglary. Some weeks ago an attempt was made at Rawlins to hold up a saloon, three men being concerned in the job. A battle with revolvers was fought between the town marshal and the burglars. One man, who it is claimed, was a member of the gang, was shot in the back. This man turned out to be Martin, who has lived in Pueblo for many years. Martin professes his innocence, and said he was shot by one of the thieves and that he was only a spectator at the occurrence.

Frank L. Harman, secretary of the Locomotive Firemen's lodge at Pueblo, returned from Rawlins and states that the organization has retained an attorney in Martin's behalf, and that another trial for him will be asked. An interesting feature of the case is that a doctor with an X-ray apparatus will be secured to locate the bullet in Martin's shoulder, in order to ascertain its calibre. On this will depend considerably, since the thieves used revolvers of one size and the marshal of another size.

MICA SHIPMENTS MADE TO OHIO.

Claims Near Tres Piedras Are Receiving Attention at Present.

A correspondent, writing to the Denver News, from Tres Piedras, N. M., under date of November 23, says:

It leaked out today that some parties representing capitalists from Cleveland, Ohio, have quietly been working on some mica territory near the Mexican plaza of Petaca, about sixteen miles southeast of Tres Piedras, and have secured an immense amount of ground. Only a few claims, owned by individual parties, are left. This mica district has produced in the past three years about 300 cars of fine mica, both plain and plate.

Considerable interest has been shown of late in this particular industry, and a great many inquiries are being made regarding it. Previous shipments have always been made to Cleveland, on which high freight rates were charged in addition to a wagon haul of ten miles to the railroad at Mica, a switch south of here. It is now claimed a modern process of grinding machinery is to be erected on Petaca creek and the product placed on the market to a finished state.

Heretofore, on account of the expensive long haul, both by wagon and by rail these properties were only worked for partial development and seasonal labor requirements. Claims now owned by private parties in the mica district have suddenly become valuable, and prices are rapidly going up.

Railroad earnings continue to increase. Gross of all roads in the United States reported for the first half of November are \$15,785,495, a gain of 5.9 per cent over last year and 15.9 per cent over 1900.

Two hundred million dollars will be spent by the Pennsylvania railroad and the companies which are controlled by it during the next two years for improvements and equipments. Railroad men have reason to be thankful. The increase in wages which have already been inaugurated, or soon will be, by nineteen railroads during the coming year, will amount to over \$25,000,000. Other railroads are planning to increase wages, and the total increase in 1903 over 1902 may exceed \$50,000,000.

Report comes from an official of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois railroad that Myron J. Carpenter, president of that road, will be appointed general manager of the Frisco system when the Chicago & Eastern Illinois loses its identity in the latter system. He says that President's Yoakum's object in summoning Mr. Carpenter to St. Louis was to offer him the position of general manager of the Frisco system and that the latter accepted.

Mrs. E. M. Campbell, of St. Louis, was robbed of \$700 on a west-bound Santa Fe train. The robbery was either in or near Newton, Kas., where conductors were changed. Mrs. Campbell got off to get lunch and when she searched for her ticket to hand to the new conductor her purse was missing. She had it in an inside pocket of her coat. The conductor brought Mrs. Campbell to Hutchinson. She was going to visit relatives at Los Angeles and says the loss of the money leaves her nearly destitute.

Territorial Topics

SILVER CITY.

from the Independent.
Mrs. J. E. Sheridan, who has been quite seriously ill at her home in this city, is slowly but surely improving. A Junior Christian Endeavor society is being organized in connection with the work of the Christian Endeavor society of the local Presbyterian church.

Mrs. Julia Black, a former well known resident of Silver City, has recently been critically ill at her home in Los Angeles, but is now reported as greatly improved.

While in Silver City last week, assessor-elect E. J. Swartz, announced that when he entered upon the duties of his office he would name C. B. Hickman, of this city, as his deputy.

Mrs. Rhodes J. Cox and daughter, Miss Lucia, mother and sister of W. S. Cox, accompanied by Mr. Cox's little daughter, Beattie, arrived from Chicago and will spend the winter here.

The ladies of the Episcopal Guild have under way a national carnival to be held at Newcomb hall on the afternoon and evening of December 16. Booths will be arranged to represent the different nations of the world, at which articles and edibles peculiar to those countries will be sold.

A force of men is at work at last putting the streets of Silver City into something like decent condition.

Miss Kate Crawford, a popular young lady of Silver City and a graduate of the normal school, is now teaching in the public schools in the Santa Rita camp.

W. S. McLaughlin, a former Grant county boy, who is now in charge of the big store of the Montezuma Copper company at Nacozari, Mexico, was in Silver City for a couple of days last week on a visit to his family and friends. Mr. McLaughlin is doing exceedingly well in his new position and his many Grant county friends will be pleased to learn of his success.

Mrs. Charles L. Ashton returned to Silver City last week after an absence of nearly three years. The greater portion of that time she has spent in Europe, continuing her musical studies, under the direction of the best instructors on the continent, and as a result of her well known natural ability and thorough training, she has perfected herself to a high degree. She will be gladly welcomed back home, especially in social and musical circles.

An adjourned meeting of the Silver City Commercial club was held at the San Vicente, at which considerable business was transacted. President Woods announced the appointment of the executive committee as follows: R. W. Turner, H. W. Ruffner, W. S. Fox, T. F. Farnsworth and W. C. Porterfield. The president and secretary are ex-officio members of the committee. W. H. Newcomb, Percy Wilson and J. W. Pennwell were named as an auditing committee. The membership of the club is increasing right along.

FARMINGTON.

From the Times.

Roy Stewart was down from Aztec on a cattle inspecting tour.

George H. Browne returned from a business trip in the interest of his company to Thoreau and Albuquerque.

W. A. Hunter and wife will leave the first of next month for an extended visit to Oklahoma and Texas and expect to be gone a year.

A smoker was given by the Odd Fellows in honor of E. N. Buck, who has greatly assisted the order during his stay here. It was an enjoyable affair.

Some of our freighters were nine days in making their last trip to Durango and return, owing to the mud on the upper end of the road. The roads, however, are again dry by this time.

D. J. Kennedy this week sold the eighty-acres that Larkin Beck purchased from Frank Quinn last spring. The present purchaser is W. F. Hunter and the consideration is \$1,400. Mr. Hunter is foreman at the evaporator and is getting a good bargain in a piece of realty.

SOCORRO.

From the Chieftain.

J. J. Brown, an old timer of Kelly, was in Socorro. Mr. Brown stated that though mining was very quiet in the Kelly camp a short time ago it is now almost impossible to find miners enough to supply the demand.

Mrs. Julia Wilson, accompanied by her infant son, arrived in the city from Illinois and will remain a short time as a guest of Miss Ruby Berry before proceeding to Prescott, Ariz., where she will reside.

Capt. T. J. Matthews is pushing his telephone enterprise. The poles are now being cut and will be ready to set up by the first of January. A telephone system for Socorro is an improvement that will be hailed with joy by everybody.

Mayor Cooney left for his ranch for an absence of a few days. On his return he will at once enter upon the enterprise of constructing a good road between the city and the School of Mines. This is an improvement that is greatly needed and will be correspondingly appreciated.

AZTEC.

From the Index.

John Swire is down from the mountains to remain for the winter.

A daughter of John Graves, of Cedar Hill, was on the sick list this week. Dr. Eblen was called in attendance and reports the patient im-

proving.
Several residence buildings are in process of construction in Aztec, many more are in contemplation and still others are needed. This is a line of industry which can hardly be overdone.

Frank Bates and Will Raah, having disposed of their interests in the livery business, will leave in a few days for the Pacific coast, eventually proceeding to Washington, where they will go into business. They are enterprising lads and will make a stake if anybody does.

The probate clerk's office is now in the new courthouse. The vault not yet being completed, a part of the records are left in the old building, but all business is transacted in the new quarters. The new office is light and roomy and will allow a more rapid dispatch of business than the old.

Frank Blackmer is not color blind but he cannot tell one gray horse from another. He spent a couple of days in the county seat this week, and when he got ready to go home he saddled up Joe Prewitt's grey and rode it off to Cedar Hill leaving his own grey nag in the livery barn. They have telephoned the circumstances to Cedar Hill and only his political pull prevents Frank from having oodles of trouble.

DEMING.

From the Headlight.

Joe Stratton has resigned his position with Kosky & Knowles, and will open a saloon at Hatchita. He has been succeeded back of the bar at Knowles' place by Charles E. Rehstock.

L. H. Anderson, of California, is now in this section looking for cattle. Mr. Anderson wants feeders and anyone having this class can find a ready purchaser by looking up Mr. Anderson.

F. W. Hamm, Jr., of Albuquerque, was the guest, Sunday and Monday last, of his sister, Miss Josephine A. Hamm, of the public schools. Mr. Hamm was en route to Arizona on business, leaving for that territory on Monday's Bluebeet train.

I. B. Stone, of the firm of Stone, Smith & Rogers, has returned from a trip to some of his mining claims in the Dragon mountains, Cochise county, Arizona, and as a result feels quite jubilant over a recent discovery of turquoise of fine quality in one of the copper mines of the group.

Thursday night the Silver City bunch of duck hunters returned to this city after a five days' hunt at Lake Palomas. They report having had an excellent time, with fun galore and plenty to eat, but say that the weather was entirely too mild for good duck shooting. The party succeeded in bringing down only about 250, and the voraciousness of their appetites did not permit of bringing any ducks to show how lucky they were. The crowd was composed of Capt. Powell of Fort Bayard, Tom Parker of the Turquoise Mining company in the Burro mountains, George A. Bell, Ed. Harris, George Burdett, Clarence Bayne, Dr. Copp and Layne of Silver City.

A. W. Pollard, the popular young attorney, lately elected representative on the republican ticket from the Fourteenth district, lies at his Spruce street home in a very critical condition, having been taken ill at Las Cruces late last week, and for several days past his life has been despaired of. The very best of medical attention has been constantly at his bedside, and the indications at present are that he will recover, although his chances of recovery have been doubtful and his life has hung by a thread.

During his residence in our midst Attorney Pollard has made a host of friends, who sincerely deplore the condition of which overwork and excitement of the campaign has participated him, and who hope for his recovery and mingling with us again in the immediate future.

From the Bee.
Miss Kiehne, of Socorro, is a guest of Mrs. John Barton.

Mrs. J. W. Lyons is here from Rincon, making life a little pleasant for Jack while he suffers from rheumatism.

The smokestack at the flour mill collapsed, having been eaten away by rust. A new one has been ordered by Mr. Broyles.

J. R. Nisbet has retired from the management of the R. A. Shaw drug store, and Charles R. Borchers, recently of El Paso, is now in charge.

J. W. McCoach spent a few days in town this week, and appeared pleased with the management of his store by Dr. Richards.

W. K. Nattress informs The Bee that his son Willie, the celebrated ball player with his wife, will reach San Marcial in about two weeks from Sunbury, Pa., to make his parents a welcome visit.

F. C. Selman is in town securing treatment for what appears to be a small cancer upon his tongue. The malady is a painful and troublesome one and Frank has to play here at every stage of the game.

Major Clark M. Carr, interested in

DRY GOODS MERCHANTS.

A Few Pointers on Advertising for Their Benefit.

The first one in the field with an announcement will probably get the greatest share of the business in the line covered by the announcement. All dry goods men handle linens, but the store where they make the greatest talk about the linens they carry will probably have the greatest returns in the way of line sales. The same is true in other lines. A dry goods man advertised a special line of blankets, and the weather turned warm just at that time and he didn't sell one the day following the announcement. He had used a half a page of space to tell about the blankets he was offering, and the blankets prevented the selling of any of them. Three days later it grew cold again and the day following the cold snap he sold more blankets than all the other dry goods men in town put together. If the advertisement failed to pull the day after the advertisement was issued there was reason to expect that its greatest force might be lost. But the advertisement was a good one and remained in the minds of the people who read it, and the needs of the season made them buy the goods advertised. The man who talked blankets all the year would probably be able to sell the most of the blankets, for he would create the impression that his was the store at which to buy blankets. Talking along a given line gives the impression that the advertiser is especially well posted and well stocked along that line. People like to buy where the merchant has a knowledge of what he is offering and where they feel he has used his knowledge of the goods for the benefit of his stock when he went to buy it. The persistent talker about certain articles reaps a benefit in this way.

OFFICIAL MATTERS.

On November 30, there will be a reduction in the force of forest rangers for the winter months. Rangers Ewing and Dockweiler will be dismissed. Ranger Stewart will have the east side and Ranger Williams the west side of the Pecos reserve.

Surveyor General Morgan O. Llewellyn has ordered the survey of the Whalen group, consisting of the Whalen Maid of Erin and the Silver King lode in the Corralito mining district, in the southern part of Santa Fe county. Hiram T. Brown, of Golden, deputy United States mineral surveyor, will do the work.

Incorporations.

The Association of San Antonio was incorporated by Melillo Archibque, Pedro Gallegos, Brigido Archibque, Sangul Ruiz and Reyes Gallegos, all residents of New Mexico, for the accomplishment of the federal union of all sincere Roman Catholics to help in the moral instruction of members of the society. The headquarters of the society is at Upper Las Vegas. The directors are Pedro Gallegos, Brigido Archibque and Sangul Ruiz.

The Tucumcari Telephone company was incorporated, the incorporators being James A. Street, Alexander D. Goldenberg, Will B. Jarrell, Jacob Wertheim and Theodore W. Heman. The company will establish telephone system for Tucumcari and surroundings. The capital stock is \$5,000 divided into 500 shares. The principal office and place of business is at Tucumcari, Guadalupe county.

A TOMATO DISEASE.

Bulletin issued by New Mexico College of Agriculture and Mechanical Arts.

Except for the blight, which is well known to the tomato growers of this section, the tomato has been free from serious diseases in the past. However, it is now desired to call attention to a disease which has occurred on the tomatoes in this locality during the past season. This is the first time the disease has appeared in such abundance as to be particularly noticeable and to cause considerable loss to the tomato growers in some parts of the Mesilla valley. The disease is a fungus, but not being sure of its specific name, the writer sent some diseased tomatoes to Professors Atkinson, Dugger, Farnell, Smith and others. While some of these authorities differ as to the exact specific name, yet most of them class the fungus as a *Macrosporium* (Alternaria).

The disease was especially bad on the tomato fields that suffered from the drought. On one of Theodore Rouault's fields that suffered from the drought the fungus was very abundant. It is estimated that this field produced less than one-fourth of a crop and the loss due to the fungus was close to thirteen hundred dollars (\$1,300). At the experiment station the tomatoes suffered very little from the drought. The disease first appeared on these tomatoes the first week in September, and at the time it was found only on very few fruits. The disease spread and developed very slowly at first, but about the last of September it was quite abundant, especially on the weaker plants.

The disease usually occurs first on the green tomatoes. It begins as a small dark brownish circular spot, surrounded by a darker ring. The spot becomes slightly sunken and the green around it turns older they expand and the center of the tomato. The spot does not grow large but it multiplies in numbers rapidly and covers almost the whole to-

mato is dotted with these spots. The disease is likely to occur on any part of the tomato. It attacks the leaves and stems as much as it does the fruit and if abundant enough the leaves drop and the plant stops growing, and consequently it stops bearing.

The remedies for fungus diseases are the various kinds of fungicides. The favorite remedy, both on account of its efficiency and cheapness, is the Bordeaux mixture. It has been used on this disease quite successfully at other places, especially in the south. It may be well to state in this connection that a fungicide is not so much a remedy as a preventative. For this reason, in order that the fungicide may be most effective, the spraying should begin before or immediately after the disease starts. Spraying is about the best and surest remedy that can be recommended at present. If there are any indications of the disease going to attack the tomatoes it is advisable to begin to spray then and there. Do not wait till the disease has gained a strong foothold. If the plants are kept in a vigorous growing condition the fungus will probably not have the same chances of developing as it has in the weaker plants. This disease may attack other kinds of plants. About the last of September it occurred on the melon vines at the station, and it was so bad that many of the vines soon stopped growing.

FABIAN GARCIA.

APACHE KID.

It is Intimated This Blood Thirsty Savage May Start War—Has Returned to Fort McDowell.

Apache Kid, the most noted leader of the Apache Indians during the last ten years, has suddenly and unexpectedly returned to Fort McDowell, says a Prescott dispatch to the Chicago Chronicle. His reappearance has caused uneasiness among the white inhabitants living near the fort. While he gave no reason for his presence, his friends took care to have it plainly understood that the chief was in search of a wife or wives.

Since the arrival of the Apache chief two friends who returned with him have been wooing all the eligible Apache women of Fort McDowell, but have so far failed to find a squaw or squaws to suit the matrimonial wishes of the Kid. The two friends finally got drunk because of disappointment over their failure to find a gentle wife for their chief and they, with several others, started a celebration at Fort McDowell that terrified the whites, who believed a new Apache war was in process of formation. As a result of the disturbance Apache Kid and his two friends are now under military surveillance.

Old settlers at Fort McDowell are suspicious of Apache Kid. They would be greatly pleased if he and his friends were imprisoned without delay in order to frustrate any evil purpose he may have. They fear that he is plotting a new Indian revolt. He already has several wives.

Apache Kid could not have returned to civilization at a more critical time than the present. It is but two weeks since there was serious excitement among the Apaches and Mohaves owing to the distress and discontent among them. These two warlike tribes came so closely together owing to their common sufferings that it was believed they had formed an alliance hostile to the whites. The white inhabitants of central Arizona went so far as to prepare themselves for a struggle with the redskins. Apache Kid, the most dreaded of Apaches, arrived at Fort McDowell, where Mohaves and Apaches come more closely in contact than anywhere else, just when his appearance served to confirm the reports of the alliance of the two great Arizona tribes against the whites.

Nothing can be learned from Kid or his friends concerning his whereabouts during the last five years beyond his admission that he has been in Mexico. He has apparently spent most of his time in the state of Sonora. When asked for his opinion of the Yaqui Indians in rebellion against Mexico he expressed contempt for the Yaquis. He evidently considers the Yaquis to be degenerate Indians for the reason that, while they are fierce and destructive in war, during times of peace they are given to industry and toil.

The dreaded chief must have passed most of his time in the last five years in northern Sonora and Chihuahua. It is known that a stray band of Apaches has been operating in that region and Kid has probably been the leader. The members of this band stole enough cattle to keep themselves supplied with meat without exciting any concerted action against them on the part of the Mexicans.

During the past year the Apaches of northern Sonora and Chihuahua have had a number of conflicts with the Mormon colonists of the region because of raids which they had made on the cattle of the latter. It looks now as though the Mormons had made matters too warm for the Apaches and the result is Kid's return to Arizona.

The authorities at Fort McDowell do not believe that Kid has any evil designs in his visit to the fort. For this reason, while they will keep him under strict surveillance, they will not interfere with his movements. They will give him every liberty in securing and selecting a wife or wives and will offer him inducements to settle down and lead a quiet life. It is believed by these authorities that Kid is at present wifeless. He brought no squaw with him to Fort McDowell, so it looks as if he lost them in Mexico, either by death or repudiation.

The Apaches who returned with the chief are known as Ball-o-ice and

Smoking Hill. They are of the same age as Kid and are devoted to him.

OFFICIAL MATTERS.

Land Office Business—Collections Received—Homestead Contest—Post-office Changes.

Homestead Entries—Harm Frijling, Gallup, 160 acres in McKinley county. Pinal Homestead Entries—Damacio Gonzales, of Santa Rosa, 160 acres in Guadalupe county; Solomon Sanchez, of Santa Rosa, 129 acres in Guadalupe county.

Pension Matters.

Increase, Reissue, Etc.—Herman Hipp, Fort Bayard, \$17, war with Spain. Widows, Minors and Dependent Relatives—Minors of George W. Bryant, San Marcial, \$12.

Collections Received.

Territorial Treasurer J. H. Vaughn received from Mark Howell, treasurer and collector of Chaves county, 30 cents for 1900 taxes; \$156.59 taxes for 1901; \$383.80 taxes for 1902. From J. D. Walker, treasurer and collector of Eddy county, \$2.68 taxes for 1900; \$7.28 taxes for 1901; \$482.24 taxes for 1902.

From Abran Abeytia, collector and treasurer of Socorro county, \$135.99 of 1901 taxes.

Homestead Contest.

A contest for a homestead entry has been brought in the United States land office by Ponican 'Arfoya vs. Alejandro Mora. The land in dispute in the south quarter of section 5 and the north half of the northeast quarter of section 8 in township 29 north, range 9 west and covers 160 acres. It will be heard January 5, 1903.

Postoffice Matters.

The present postmaster at Madrid in Santa Fe county, having resigned, Delegate Rodey has recommended E. J. Thompson of that place to fill the vacancy. Mr. Thompson is the bookkeeper for the Colorado Fuel and Iron company at Madrid and is in every respect fully qualified for the position.

The postoffice at Pena, Taos county, will be discontinued from December 15 on and mail for that point will go to Costilla.

Daniel Beckett has been appointed postmaster at Stogman, Eddy county.

Election Ordered.

Adjutant General W. H. Whiteman has issued the following order, No. 13: A vacancy existing in the office of the captain of Company G First regiment of infantry, national guard of New Mexico, of Albuquerque, by reason of the promotion of Captain James E. Elder to be major, the commanding officer of the regiment will order an election to fill such vacancy and will make a report of the result of such election to this office.

NAVAJO BLANKETS.

Gen. Hollister Explains the Meaning of the Symbols—Told Their Troubles and Joys.

"Navajo Blankets: Their History and the Significance of Their Designs," was the subject of an interesting address delivered before the Colorado Academy of Science and invited guests by Gen. U. S. Hollister, says the Denver Republican. The meeting was held in the rooms of the State Historical society. He exhibited sixty-five rare and ancient specimens, part of his personal collection with several loaned for the occasion by citizens who take an interest in southwestern curios.

Mrs. Cornelia S. Miles, president of the academy, called the meeting to order. After the reading of the minutes of the last meeting by Secretary W. C. Ferrill, she introduced Dr. W. C. Kinley, who spoke of the fact that the Indians are passing away rapidly, leaving as mementoes probably no more lasting articles than their blankets. It was fitting, he continued, that Americans learn as much of the significance of the markings of these blankets as possible. Dr. Kinley then introduced General Hollister. He read extracts from a pamphlet on the history of the Navajos, which he expects to publish, and subsequently displayed each of his blankets, explaining the markings and the history of a few of them. He said in part:

"The Navajos were and are imitators. They secured most of their patterns from the Pueblos, and I presume the Pueblos secured their patterns from the Cliff Dwellers. The source of the Cliff Dwellers' ideas we have no record of. The art of weaving is undoubtedly of aboriginal origin. Our available data shows that soon after 1720 they could produce coarse fabrics. The work was done by the women, and their whole destiny was involved in the designs they adopted. The smallest fabric they made showed their individuality—the individuality of the Navajo squaw. She sets no patterns when she starts, but works symbolically, knowing not until she finishes what she intends to make. She knows symbols, and these must appear in some form. The crosses and squares and bars and zig-zag markings of all these blankets have meanings.

"The simple cross is a common pattern. The Indians paid homage to it as a matter of protection. The creative spirit, father and mother, are shown in red and black. The snake is worshipped by the tribes, and is worked in blankets in homage of this repulsive; but we have to approach these subjects with a great deal of care, as the Indians themselves have a great many analyses of their figures. When the Navajos see the cross they consider it equal in effect, with the Great Spirit, to a supplication."

General Hollister exhibited a speci-

men of Mexicoblanket fifty-two years old, in a fine state of preservation. A Moqui dress worn in solid black and embroidered red, was exhibited as a sample of that as possessed by the Moqui Indians. He showed a Navajo blanket made for the tribe had obtained the seeds of coloring. "They originally matted them all white," explained General Hollister, "then they found a combination that made wool gray. Subsequently dyes became available and lurid colors were adopted. Here is a black and red, genuine Navajo, showing r crosses, each cross indicating the tribes of members of the weaver's family."

He showed Navajo blankets made of Germantown yarn, so closely woven that the wool was not discernible. Another was showwoven so closely and yet as soft as piece of silk. Some specimens two-five years old were declared to have been made of Germantown yarn yet undeniably of Navajo origin. He said, however, that up to 1800 the Navajos made no blankets except natural wool. About that time they secured from Spanish traders a red ochre dye, and from that date turned out genuine Ballatas (pronounced aretas). "Now and then," he said, "an old Ballata is found that must have taken a squaw a year to make. Given the red and blue and black they evolved their peculiar greens as yellows by mixtures with their local shrubs and leaves and roots of plants."

"Cure the cough and save the life." Dr. Wood's New Way Pine Syrup cures coughs and colds down to the very verge of consumption.

Frederick Rush to Marry.

The announcement of the engagement of Miss Rhy Argenbright and Frederick A. Rush, of Silver City, has been made. Owing to the illness of Mr. Rush's mother the wedding will be postponed. The date of the ceremony has been set for early day in December. Mr. Rush is known in Albuquerque and has a host of friends throughout New Mexico. He is now the editor and manager of that newsy weekly, the Silver City Enterprise.

Miss Argenbright is a popular young society lady of Silver City, and is accomplished as a vocalist. The congratulations of their many friends are upon them, wishing them success and happiness.

"I suffered for months from sore throat. Electric Oil cured me in twenty-four hours." M. S. Gist, Hawesville, Ky.

A heavy boulder in the side of the canyon below Kingman was loosened by the heavy rains of the past few days and slipped out so far that it caught the steps of the coaches on the west bound passenger train the other night, ripping off a number and tearing up the side of the cars to some extent. The rock cuts through which the railroad passes are much too narrow and the slipping out of one of the large boulders would cause a terrible wreck. In the cut below, Kingman the rocks appear to be very loose and there is danger of some of the large ones rolling out onto the track. The trains obtain a high rate of speed through this canyon and the destruction that the wrecking of a passenger train would cause can be imagined.

Build up the system; puts pure, rich blood in the veins; makes men and women strong and healthy. Burdock Blood Bitters. At any drug store.

The board of directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, at its meeting, created the office of general counsel and appointed General Solicitor George C. Massey, of Delaware, to the position. Francis I. Gowen, formerly president of the Choctaw railroad, was appointed general solicitor to succeed Mr. Massey.

Ten thousand demons gnawing away at one's vitals couldn't be much worse than the tortures of itching piles. Yet there's a cure. Doan's Ointment never fails.

The latest plans of the 'Frisco show that the Denver, Elid & Gulf line, being completed from Elid to Guthrie, will be extended immediately to Conlgate, 127 miles. The line is also being surveyed westward 150 miles. The plans also show the Arkansas & Choctaw, recently purchased by 'Frisco, will be extended from Ardmore to Waurike, sixty miles, thence west to Vernon, Texas.

A Cauterous Month.

This is the month of coughs, colds and acute catarrh. Do you catch cold easily? Find yourself hoarse, with a tickling in your throat and an annoying cough at night. Then, you should always have handy, a bottle of Ballard's Horehound Syrup. J. A. Anderson, 254 West Fifth St., Salt Lake City, writes: "We use Ballard's Horehound Syrup for coughs and colds. It gives immediate relief. We know it is the best remedy for these troubles. I write this to induce other people to try this pleasant and efficient remedy." 25c, 50c and \$1.00 at Cosmopolitan Pharmacy, B. Ruppe.

CARLSBAD.

From the Argus. Game birds are plentiful this fall, many good bags of quail, duck and rabbits being made by the numerous hunting parties out recently.

A painful accident happened to Gene Little. He ran a 20-penny nail almost through his wrist, and while it does not incapacitate him, it is a severe handicap.

Col. C. C. Slaughter, together with his two sons, C. C. Jr., and George M.,

are now at their big ranch south of Hereford, getting ready a herd of 2,500 cattle for shipment to market. They begin to ship from Hereford this week.

The Improvement league committee having the matter in charge report that the bawdy house trouble has been settled. The houses have been sold and the inmates are preparing to leave town. The houses will be moved to North Canyon street, repaired and generally renovated, and will supply the demand for dwellings. Score another merit mark for the league—assisted by the district court order.

Messrs. Barney Campbell and Edward Allen of Joliet, Ill., arrived here. These are the superintendents who will have charge of the construction of the big flume over the Pecos, under direction of Engineer Johnson. Mr. Allen is accompanied by his wife and two children, his wife not being able to stand the trip just yet. These gentlemen will begin at once on the preliminary work, running lines and getting elevations ready against the coming of Mr. Johnston. The actual work will start about December 1, when the water is out of the canal.

Worm Destroyer.

White's Cream Vermifuge, not only kills worms, but removes the mucus and slime, in which they build their nests; it brings, and quickly, a healthy condition of the body, where worms cannot exist; 25c at Cosmopolitan Pharmacy, B. Ruppe.

David Jones, master mechanic on the Pike's Peak Cog road, arrived in station to visit old time acquaintances. Mr. Jones learned his trade in the shops at that place.

Beautiful Clear Skies.

Herbina exerts a direct influence on the bowels, liver and kidneys, purifying and strengthening these organs, and maintaining them in a normal condition of health; thus removing a common cause of yellow, mothy, greasy skin, and more or less of pimples blotches and blackheads. 50c at Cosmopolitan Pharmacy, B. Ruppe.

United Verde to Start Up.

It may be authoritatively stated that the long silence that has prevailed at Jerome is about to come to an end, says the Journal Miner, and inside of a month work is again to be resumed on that magnificent property.

While the entire plant is not to be operated to the extent it has been in the number of men employed, however, there will be several hundred on the payroll. Two furnaces will be blown in, it is said, and new machinery has been added to facilitate both reduction and mining facilities.

This news should be welcome tidings not alone to the community it directly affects, but likewise to the mining industry at large of the county and that immediate vicinity.

Best Liniment on Earth.

I. M. McNary, Greenville, Texas, writes, Nov. 2, 1900: "I had rheumatism last winter, was down in bed three weeks; tried everything, but got no relief, till a friend gave me a part of a bottle of Ballard's Snow Liniment. I used it and got two more bottles. It cured me and I haven't felt any rheumatism since. I can recommend Snow Liniment to be the best liniment on earth for rheumatism. For rheumatic, sciatic or neuralgic pains, rub in Ballard's Snow Liniment, you will not suffer long, but will be gratified with a speedy and effective cure. 25c, 50c and \$1.00 at Cosmopolitan Pharmacy, B. Ruppe.

Two hundred and fifty teams are at work on the Phoenix & Eastern railroad grade, and the contractors will increase the forces as fast as they can find men and teams. The Lantry grading outfit, now finishing up the grade on the Fairbanks & Tombstone railroad, will be moved to Benson, to work from that point on the Phoenix & Eastern grade. It is also expected that a grading camp will be established at Butte, twelve miles from Florence, to begin on the heavy rock work that will have to be done in the Butte canyon.

For Over Sixty Years.

An old and well tried remedy. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, always all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

There was a meeting of the citizens' committee appointed to raise money for the union depot, in the chamber of commerce, El Paso. The city has so far raised \$14,000, and has the promise of \$30,000, including \$12,000 from the railroad companies. Four thousand more will be raised.

He Could Hardly Get Up.

P. H. Duffy of Ashley, Ill., writes, "This is to certify that I have taken two bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure and it has helped me more than any other medicine. I tried many advertised remedies, but none of them gave me any relief. My druggist recommended Foley's Kidney Cure and it has cured me. Before commencing its use I was in such a shape that I could hardly get up when once down." Alvarado Pharmacy.

General Manager H. U. Mudge has been invited to lead the grand march at the ball which will be given to open the new Santa Fe shops of San Bernardino, Cal., on November 29. The ball will be much after the plan of that

Eczema, Psoriasis, Salt Rheum, Tetter and Acne

Belong to that class of inflammatory and disfiguring skin eruptions that cause more genuine bodily discomfort and worry than all other known diseases. The impurities or sediments which collect in the system because of poor digestion, inactive kidneys and other organs of elimination are taken up by the blood, saturating the system with acid poisons and fluids that ooze out through the glands and pores of the skin, producing an indescribable itching and burning, and

"I can cheerfully endorse your S. S. S. as a cure for Eczema. I was troubled with it for 25 years and tried many remedies with no good effects, but after using a few bottles of S. S. S. was entirely relieved." Wm. Campbell, 218 W. Central St., Wichita, Kas.

It cracks and bleeds, or gives it a scaly, fishy appearance; again the eruptions may consist of innumerable blackheads and pimples or hard, red bumps upon the face. Purification of the blood is the only remedy for these vicious skin diseases. Washes and powders can only hide for a time the glaring blemishes. S. S. S. eradicates all poisonous accumulations, antitoxes the Urine and other acids, and restores the blood to its wonted purity, and stimulates and revitalizes the sluggish organs, and the impurities pass off through the natural channels and relieve the skin. S. S. S. is the only guaranteed purely vegetable blood purifier. It contains no Arsenic, Potash or other harmful mineral.

Write us about your case and our physicians will advise without charge. We have a handsomely illustrated book on skin diseases, which will be sent free to all who wish it. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

given at the Santa Fe shops in Topeka at their dedication. The shops at San Bernardino have just been completed at a cost of over \$100,000.

There is no cough medicine so popular as Foley's Honey and Tar. It contains no opiates or poisons and never fails to cure. Alvarado Pharmacy.

General Manager E. E. Calvin, of the Oregon Short Line railroad, announced that December 1 the wages of all switchmen and yard foremen in the employ of the road would be advanced approximately 10 per cent. This will make the wages conform with the new Chicago wage scale. The advance is voluntary on the part of the road. Several hundred men are benefited by the increase.

A Policeman's Testimony.

J. N. Patterson, night policeman of Nashua, Ia., writes, "Last winter I had a bad cold on my lungs and tried at least half a dozen advertised cough medicines and had treatment from two physicians without getting any benefit. A friend recommended Foley's Honey and Tar and two thirds of a bottle cured me. I consider it the greatest cough and lung medicine in the world." Alvarado Pharmacy.

The net receipts of one hundred American railways during the first eight months of 1902 exceed those of the same period in 1901 by \$8,500,000, and \$55,000,000 more than in 1899. Their prosperity is unexampled in the history of railroading.

W. A. Herren of Finch, Ark., writes, "I wish to report that Foley's Kidney Cure has cured a terrible case of kidney and bladder trouble that two doctors had given up." Alvarado Pharmacy.

T. Booth, who has had charge of the Santa Fe shops at El Paso for the past fifteen years as master mechanic, has been promoted to the position of mechanical engineer on the Pecos Valley system, with headquarters at Amarillo, Texas. Mr. Booth left to assume his new duties.

Foley's Honey and Tar always stops the cough and heals the lungs. Refuse substitutes. Alvarado Pharmacy.

A meeting of the board of directors of the Eastern Railroad company of New Mexico was held at the office of Judge H. L. Waldo in Las Vegas Wednesday, at which important transactions were considered. The local directors of the company are Judge H. L. Waldo, Col. R. E. Twitchell and Charles A. Spies.

Physicians Prescribe It.

Many broad minded physicians prescribe Foley's Honey and Tar, as they have never found so safe and reliable a remedy for throat and lung troubles as this great medicine. Alvarado Pharmacy.

The Southern Railway has put on a "flyer" between New York and New Orleans that is startling the travelers of the southwest. It makes the run of 1,374 miles, leaving New York at 2:30 o'clock in the morning and reaches New Orleans, connecting with the Southern Pacific Sunset Limited for Los Angeles at 11:50 o'clock the next morning. The first run by this train was made in fifteen minutes less than schedule time.

Foley's Honey and Tar for coughs and colds; reliable, tried and tested, safe and sure. Alvarado Pharmacy.

William Schuttenhelm, timekeeper at the master mechanic's office at Haton, has returned to that town with his bride.

Anxious Moments.

Some of the most anxious hours of a mother's life are those when the little ones of the household have the croup. There is no other medicine so effective in this terrible malady as Foley's Honey and Tar. It is a household favorite for throat and lung troubles, and as it contains no opiates or other poisons it can be safely given. Alvarado Pharmacy.

Assistant Foreman William Dunn had a narrow escape from death in the Winslow round house the other afternoon. One of the jacks which are kept above the smokestacks of the engines in the round house had been broken and Mr. Dunn, with some assistants, was making the repairs. The jack swung around and hit Mr. Dunn a terrific blow in the head, knocking him senseless. The first thought of those near by was that he had been killed,

but he soon regained consciousness. Dr. Brown was called and on arriving found that he was not seriously hurt, though there was a bad bruise on one cheek. It is expected that Mr. Dunn will soon be able to resume his duties.

Jumped on a Ten Penny Nail.

The little daughter of J. N. Powell jumped on an inverted rake made of ten penny nails, and thrust one nail entirely through her foot and a second one half way through. Chamberlain's Pain Balm was promptly applied and five minutes later the pain had disappeared and no more suffering was experienced. In three days the child was wearing her shoe as usual and with absolutely no discomfort. Mr. Powell is a well known merchant of Portland, Va. Pain Balm is an antiseptic and heals such injuries without maturation and in one-third the time required by the usual treatment. For sale by all druggists.

Thursday morning Jesse Irwin and W. C. Phillips, of Winslow, were sent to the general hospital in Los Angeles, suffering from injured eyes. Adelbert Carter was sent to the hospital last Saturday with a similar injury. The men were members of different train crews and each had been struck in the eye by hot cinders from engines, causing severe inflammation.

To the Public.

Allow me to say a few words in praise of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I can recommend it with the utmost confidence. It has done good work for me and will do the same for others. I had a very severe cough and cold and feared I would get pneumonia, but after taking the second dose of this medicine I felt better, three bottles of it cured my cold and the pains in my chest disappeared entirely. I am most respectfully yours for health, Ralph S. Meyers, 64 Thirty-seventh St., Wheeling, W. Va. For sale by all druggists.

A new attractive depot is to be built at Adamana for the accommodation of the tourists who stop over to visit the Petrified Forest. A steel tank is also being erected at that point.

A Violent Attack of Croup Cured.

"Last winter an infant child of mine had croup in a violent form," says Elder John W. Rogers, a Christian Evangelist, of Filley, Mo. "I gave her a few doses of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and in a short time all danger was past and the child recovered." This remedy not only cures croup, but when given as soon as the first symptoms appear, will prevent the attack. It contains no opium or other harmful substance and may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult. For sale by all druggists.

The Santa Fe is to start a new city at West Yard near Gallup, said "city" to consist of a tool house and bunk house which are now being built.

A Liberal Offer.

The undersigned will give a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets to any one wanting a reliable remedy for disorders of the stomach, biliousness or constipation. This is a new remedy and a good one. All druggists.

A number of men have been examined lately by Dr. Brown, the company surgeon at Winslow, for various positions in the railroad service.</