

12-6-1910

## Santa Fe New Mexican, 12-06-1910

New Mexican Printing Company

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# SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN

VOL 47

SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1910

NO 282

## HASKELL TURNS DOWN PAPERS

Has Again Refused to Honor Requisition of Governor of New Mexico

## EIGHTH GRADE CERTIFICATES

Department of Education Is Preparing Circulars to Cover Subject

Captain Fred Fornoff of the territorial Mounted Police, has returned from Oklahoma City. He was not exactly impressed with the official treatment given him. Armed with requisition papers for one William B. Quinn, wanted in Socorro for contracting for a car of horses for which he was to pay \$700 cash and a stallion, but for which he has thus far failed to make good, Captain Fornoff located Quinn at Sentinel, Oklahoma, and had him taken to Oklahoma City for a hearing before Governor Haskell. But evidently the governor of Oklahoma is averse to good citizens being taken out of his state and refused to honor the requisition because of the technicality that the averments in the complaint were not sufficient. The complainant, George Cook, of Socorro, has no redress, and may have to pay in addition the expenses of Captain Fornoff and of the proceedings. Sheriff Tallie of McKinley county, who had also gone to Oklahoma to bring back with him a man named Scott, located at Shawnee, and wanted at Gallup for leaving the Carbon City with a diamond ring and shot gun claimed by some one else, became wise to the fact that Oklahoma is a favored refuge for people wanted elsewhere to answer for their deeds, and arranged for a satisfactory settlement and returned with Captain Fornoff, but, without his prisoner.

**Territorial Funds.**  
Territorial Treasurer M. A. Otero today received from Penitentiary Warden Cleofes Romero \$573.72 convicts' earnings; and from Game Warden Thomas P. Gable \$73.75.

**Eighth Grade Certificates.**  
Superintendent of Public Instruction James E. Clark is sending out circulars to govern the issuing of eighth grade certificates this year. Last year, 230 applicants in sixteen counties, took the examinations, for which the questions were prepared by the department of education of the Territory, the papers being graded by local examining boards. This year, the papers will be graded at Santa Fe by the office of the superintendent of public instruction. The object of the plan of issuing certificates, which was inaugurated last year, is to standardize grammar school courses throughout the Territory, to encourage pupils to finish the grammar grade and for school districts to establish grammar schools. A large number of applications for eighth grade certificates is anticipated this year.

**Incorporation Amendment.**  
Today an amendment to the charter of the Diamond Coal Company of Albuquerque was filed in the office of Territorial Secretary Nathan Jaffa, increasing the capital stock from \$90,000 to \$100,000.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 6.—The postoffice at Kent, Dona Ana county, has been discontinued. Mail will be sent to Organ.

## BACK TAXES WILL NOW BE PAID.

Celso Lopez Conducts Sale of Property And Land Is Sold by Job Lots.

The back taxes on certain property in Santa Fe county will likely be paid. County Collector and Treasurer Celso Lopez is seeing to it. He conducted another tax sale at the court house yesterday afternoon, and a large batch was sold. A Santa Fean purchased the following properties: G. W. Bond and brother in precinct 22 for \$5; Joseph Rutledge at Gloria for \$10; J. B. Myers in this city for \$10; Sullivan Burr in this city for \$10; Henry P. Bowman, Mary E. Elroy, J. King, E. A. Johnson, Maer Blah, Ortiz Mining Company (the old Ortiz mine) Abe Harris, all of this city for \$5 each; P. F. Hogan at Cerrillos for \$5; the Cerrillos Land Company's lots at Cerrillos for \$5; Alonzo E. Reed of this city for \$5; Levi S. Davis patent land at Cerrillos for \$5; J. J. King, land near the city for \$5; R. B. Wallace, house and lot in precinct No. 4 for \$5; E. G. Black and D. C. Schuler, city lots for \$5; J. F. Garland city lot for \$5; Daniel Guselman, city lot for \$5; P. E. Moisson land on the hillside and 15 lots near Union depot for \$5; Samuel B. Turner, lots on the capital addition for \$5.

John V. Conway purchased for \$5 the house and lot of Felix Martinez in Ward No. 2. He also bought a mining claim for \$5. But the most sensational sale was likely that made to H. B. Cartwright who bought for \$25 the lots on the capital addition opposite Kennedy's apartment house for \$25. This property is said to be worth \$15,000.

All these properties were taken over for taxes by the county in April 1907 and are being sold by the county this week because the taxes have not been paid.

## NEW MEXICO APPOINTMENTS

President Sends to Senate Several Made by Him During Recess

## INCREASED APPROPRIATIONS

Salaries in New Mexico \$26,300, for Indians in Two Territories \$330,000.

Special to the New Mexican.  
Washington, D. C., Dec. 6.—President Taft sent to the Senate today the following recess appointments: For associate justices of the supreme court of New Mexico: Clarence J. Roberts, of Raton, and Edward R. Wright of Alamogordo; for register of the United States land office at Fort Sumner, Arthur E. Curren of Clovis; for receiver, E. H. Salazar of Las Vegas. For United States district attorney for district No. 2, Bernard S. Rodey of Albuquerque.

The following are estimates for appropriations: Indians in New Mexico and Arizona \$330,000; Indian school at Santa Fe \$58,500; Albuquerque \$60,000; an increase of \$4,000; salaries \$26,300; governor \$3,500, an increase of \$500; secretary \$2,500, an increase of \$700; contingent \$1,500; legislative \$2,400, reduced from \$24,000; survey or general \$22,000, an increase of \$8,000; Inspector of coal mines \$6,000, an increase of \$2,000.

## SECOND LARGEST ARMY POST IN UNITED STATES.

Citizens of San Antonio, Texas, Present \$25,000 Chapel to Fort Sam Houston.

San Antonio, Texas, Dec. 6.—Following the inquiry of the secretary of war into the status of work on the Gift Chapel now being erected by the citizens of San Antonio as a gift to the officers and enlisted men of the U. S. army at Fort Sam Houston, the directors of the chamber of commerce have agreed to raise \$3,000, the amount of the indebtedness on the chapel, provided the original committee completes the work of the construction. Since a year ago, October, when President Taft with Secretary of War Dickinson, dedicated the chapel in the midst of three thousand troops drawn up in a brilliant military display, the cavalry, infantry and artillery all being represented, the work has proceeded slowly, though the chapel is nearly ready to turn over to the army. Chaplain Barton W. Perry, U. S. A., reported to the chamber of commerce that the debt had been reduced during the past year to three thousand dollars and that about \$16,000 would be required to complete the work. With the debt extinguished, the chapel will be completed. It is a beautiful white stone building, on severe classical lines and resembles a Greek temple. It is unique in that it is a testimonial of the appreciation of the citizens of San Antonio to the U. S. army. The social and business relations between the citizenship and the soldiers have always been pleasant. From San Antonio is the second largest army post in the United States and represents an expenditure of nearly \$4,000,000 on the part of the government. The army spends close to \$2,000,000 a year in San Antonio, represented in the purchase of new supplies, new buildings, the living expenses of the officers' families and the amount spent by the 3,500 enlisted men from their pay.

## RECONCILIATION BETWEEN ROOSEVELT AND BALDWIN.

Mutual Friends Seek to Bring it About But Thus Far Have Failed.

New Haven, Dec. 16.—Colonel Roosevelt has written Governor-Elect Baldwin several times since the November election, but it is understood, the letters have been returned unopened. There has been no definite adjustment of the controversy which arose over Colonel Roosevelt's criticism of Judge Baldwin's alleged attitude towards the workmen's compensation laws, but mutual friends are said to be trying to bring about a reconciliation. It is said that Judge Baldwin insists on a public statement from Colonel Roosevelt before a direct communication will be considered. During the campaign, Judge Baldwin said he would bring suit against the colonel for damages, but it is understood that the colonel need not expect any service of legal papers upon him when he comes here for a banquet on Thursday.

## ENGINEER'S BODY IS HURLED 100 YARDS.

Explosion on Texas and Pacific Railroad Near Odessa Causes Loss of Two Lives.

El Paso, Dec. 6.—A freight engine on the Texas and Pacific railroad exploded this morning at Odessa, east of here, killing the engineer and fireman, and seriously injuring a brakeman. The body of the engineer, William Olver, was blown 100 yards.

**President's Message.**—On another page appears a 2000 word synopsis of the president's message as delivered to Congress today.

## TAFT'S MESSAGE TO CONGRESS

Favorable Action on His Recommendation Is Improbable at This Session

## THE JUDICIAL APPOINTMENTS

Will Be Sent to Senate Next Week After Consultation With Leaders.

Washington, Dec. 6.—Congress gave respectful attention to President Taft's message today but there were comparatively few members who are willing to concede the probability of favorable action at the present session. This is in view of the fact that the session will close on next March 4.

### Three New Senators.

Washington, Dec. 6.—In the Senate today the oath of office was administered to Claude A. Swanson, successor to John W. Daniel, as senator from Virginia. Joseph M. Terrell, successor to Senator Clay of Georgia, and Lafayette Young, successor to Senator Dooliver of Iowa.

### Judicial Appointments.

Washington, Dec. 6.—One of the most interesting callers on the President today was Representative-elect Caleb Powers of Kentucky, who was convicted three times of complicity in the Goebel murder case. Mr. Powers was introduced by Senator Bradley, who declared that the new Congress had been vindicated by the heaviest vote ever given a Congressman in his district. The President will devote most of the remainder of this week to conferences with Senators. Representatives and men of prominence in various walks of life regarding judicial appointments which the President expects to send to the Senate next week.

### Two Apples for Supreme Judgeship.

Washington, Dec. 6.—Representative Champ Clark, prospective speaker of the House, who presented President Taft with two luscious red apples a few days ago, and then asked for the appointment of a Missourian as associate justice of the supreme court of the United States, today gave two apples of the same kind to Speaker Cannon. He said he had no favors to ask of the present speaker, but merely desired to introduce the fruit of Pike county, Missouri.

### New Senator for Louisiana.

Baton Rouge, La., Dec. 6.—Judge J. R. Thornton of Alexandria was today elected United States senator to succeed the late Senator McEnery.

## TAFT PRESIDES OVER RED CROSS CONVENTION.

Sixth Annual Session at National Capital is Well Attended. Two Million Dollar Endowment.

Washington, Dec. 6.—An unprecedented attendance of delegates is expected at the sixth annual meeting of the American Red Cross in Continental Memorial Hall here today. President Taft, who is the head of the organization, will preside at this afternoon's session, when reports of the war relief, national relief and international relief boards will be received. The announcement of the completion by New York of its half million dollar subscription for the two million dollar endowment fund will also be made.

## GOVERNMENT FORCES NOW THREE VOTES AHEAD.

London, Dec. 6.—The return of a further list of unopposed Redmondites this afternoon sent the government Coalitionists again to the front with a total of 131 seats in the new parliament against 128 now held by the Nationalists.

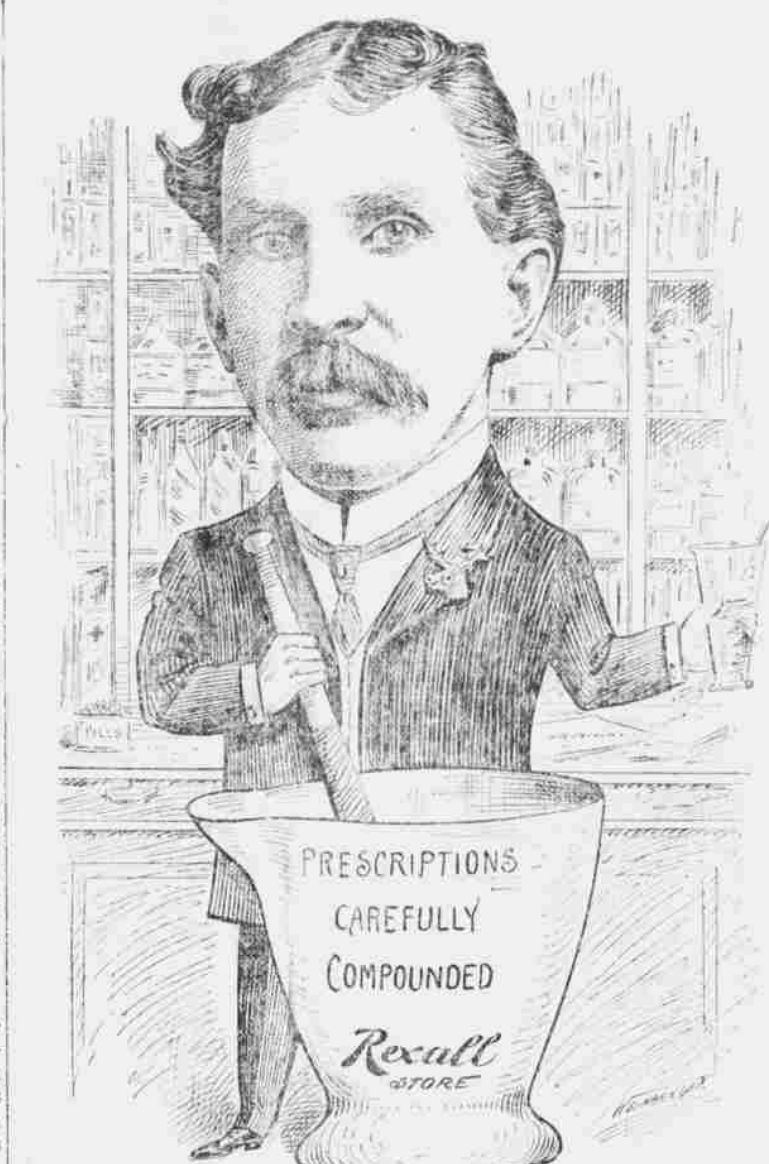
## CHARGES AGAINST "JACK" ABERNATHY

Rough Rider United States Marshall of Oklahoma Under a Cloud

## SPECIAL AGENT HAS REPORTED

Findings Are Now in the Hands of Attorney General Wickersham.

Washington, Dec. 6.—Charges have been made against United States Marshall "Jack" Abernathy, former hunting companion of Colonel Roosevelt, have been investigated by a special agent of the Department of Justice and are now in the hands of Attorney General Wickersham. The attorney general will not discuss the subject. Abernathy's office is a presidential one, and his term has one more year to run. The charges are not of a political nature. (Abernathy and his two sons were visitors in Santa Fe a year ago, the boys having been much in the lime-light because of their unattended travels.)



DRUGGIST A. J. FISCHER, EXALTED RULER OF ELKS AND A LOVER OF FLOWERS.

In Druggist A. J. Fischer, Santa Fe has a desirable citizen and a prominent one.

Mr. Fischer was born in St. Louis in 1867, making him just 43 years of age. At the age of 5 he came west, going to Denver, Colorado, and three years afterward went to Fort Wayne, Indiana, where he attended the Lutheran parochial school. Four years later he moved back to St. Louis and attended the public schools. In 1881 he went to Salem, Mo., and attended the private school of Professor Lynch. He left this school in 1883 at the age of 16. But once in the west, always back to the west and so Mr. Fischer came back. He did not go to Denver but to a still better place—Santa Fe. He decided to enter the drug business and served his apprenticeship under C. M. Creamer, a leading druggist. Mr. Fischer then returned to St. Louis to attend the St. Louis College of Pharmacy at which he spent two years. He was graduated in 1888. He came back to Santa Fe and clerked in the pharmacy of C. M. Creamer and afterward for A. C. Ireland.

In 1894 Mr. Fischer was appointed assistant postmaster which position he held until 1896, and served with great satisfaction to the department and to the public. In 1896 Mr. Fischer bought the old Creamer drug store and opened it as Fischer and Company. He had several partners and was finally in January, 1910, he bought out their interests and now is sole owner of the well known drug store on the Plaza.

Mr. Fischer was appointed a member of the board of pharmacy in 1896 and has served continuously since. He was made secretary of that board in 1903 and has shown a great

interest in his work, doing everything in his power to elevate his profession and serve the best interests of those who have to get medicine.

Mr. Fischer has been a great booster for the Elks, that benevolent and protective order which has done so much good throughout this land. He is a charter member of the Santa Fe Lodge No. 460, and has been an officer of the lodge for eight years, as trustee, secretary, lecturing and leading knight and finally exalted ruler, a distinction that any American might aspire to.

Mr. Fischer was at one time an enthusiastic member of the National Guard and was commissioned as lieutenant.

Although a good sportsman, clever with the rod and modest about his catches of trout, Mr. Fischer takes greatest delight in that ennobling pastime of raising flowers. His store and his home during the floral season are bowers of beauty, and all the wealth of color comes from his own gardens. On his trip east this summer to attend a pharmaceutical convention in Richmond he purchased many bulbs of the most expensive variety of flowers and his gardens this spring will be the admiration of all who see them. Mr. Fischer has a general disposition, always untrifled no matter how great are his business cares, and he has many. He is also progressive and wide-awake. His store shows that its owner is always ready for new ideas and the salesman who call on him find him keeping up to the march of progress of the middle west and the east.

Mr. Fischer has a genius for making friends and his character is such that he holds them, too.

## BLIZZARD SWEEPS ATLANTIC COAST

Temperature of Twelve Below Zero Recorded at Canton, New York

## SHIPPING IN GENERAL TIED UP

Snow and Sleet From Virginia North to New England.

New York, Dec. 6.—A blizzard swept along the Atlantic seaboard and over the lower lake region today. Twelve below zero at Canton, New York, was the lowest temperature recorded. Rain, snow or sleet fell over the entire country from Virginia northeast and through the New England states. Four ocean liners which crept into the port this morning had to anchor in the lower bay because of the blinding snow. Shipping in general is tied up.

## Two Feet of Snow in Kentucky.

Lexington, Ky., Dec. 6.—One of the heaviest snows in many years fell in this section of Kentucky last night and early today. The fall in the mountains was two feet, while ten inches fell in the lowlands. Business in the mountain districts is entirely suspended.

## Twelve Inches in Ohio.

Gallipolis, O., Dec. 6.—Twelve inches of snow fell in this section last night, the heaviest in ten years.

**Suit Filed.**—A suit was filed in the district clerk's office by the Daniels and Fisher Store Company vs. A. Garcia and Silvano Roybal doing business under the name of A. Garcia & Co. on an account of \$205.62.

## BLACK OUTLOOK FOR CHIHUAHUA

Government of Mexican State Is Now Entirely a Family Affair

## HERNANDEZ TAKES COMMAND

Has No Sympathy With Common People and Is a Merciless Soldier.

Chihuahua, Dec. 6.—The state congress met today and elected Alberto Terrazas acting governor of Chihuahua state, succeeding Maria Sanchez. The election serves to consolidate authority as General Luis Terrazas, father of the new governor owns a third of the land in the state and always has been the power behind the throne. General Hernandez today assumed control of this military zone, succeeding General Plata. Hernandez is known as an inexorable fighter who has no sympathy with the common people. The government troops which left here Saturday camped at San Isabel today. Six hundred of the enemy are reported fifteen miles away at San Andres and the government forces in detachments are reconnoitering.

## \$750,000 FIRE LOSS AT EVANSVILLE, INDIANA.

Evansville, Ind., Dec. 6.—Fire here early today caused a damage of \$750,000 to the plant of the Fendrich Tobacco Company. The tobacco warehouse and several other buildings were destroyed.

## SOUTH GROWING VERY SLOWLY

Percentage of Increase for Arkansas and South Carolina Is Small

## MONTANA TOWN ASKS RECOUNT

Census of Mines Not as Satisfactory as Had Been Desired by Bureau.

Washington, Dec. 6.—Census: Arkansas 1,574,419, an increase of 202,885 or 20 per cent over 1900. South Carolina 1,515,400, an increase of 173,984 or 16.3 per cent over 1900. New Mexico's increase was 67.6 per cent.

### Gleedive Complaints.

Gleedive, Mont., Dec. 6.—Gleedive has a grievance against the census bureau. The Commercial Club will appeal for a recount of the population of Gleedive, 3,467 being considered too low. The census enumerators, it is claimed, overlooked among others, the sheriff and all the prisoners in the county jail.

### Trouble With Mining Census.

Washington, Dec. 6.—According to information which has become public here, continued trouble is being had with the census of mines. Statements made by those who have been engaged in the census office are to the effect that lately, in hundreds of cases, it has been necessary to send the schedules back for verification or else to have a special agent visit the establishment and get what he could to rectify the inconsistencies or shortcomings of the census. One of the special troubles that has recently been experienced, it is stated, is found in the fact that the schedules did not properly distinguish between the commissary branch of the mining companies' business either as to expenses or receipts, so that the returns shown are of a mixed character, including not only mining figures, but also figures for the mercantile operations.

These reported defects in the mining census are in the line with what has been anticipated and merely indicate a continuance of troubles that have been apparent in conjunction with this branch of work from the beginning. Some of those who are close to the census of mines assert that it will undoubtedly be one of the least satisfactory that has been taken and this statement is made broadly and generally, rather than with special application to any particular class of mining operation. It is stated that the fundamental trouble has been found in the character of the schedule, from the failure to accept the views of experts at the time it was originally formulated. The condition thus indicated is paralleled by a similar condition in other branches of the census where schedules were considerably altered before being put into use, the alterations frequently rendering the returns noncomparable with preceding returns of former years, or making the whole inquiry so complex as to render it nearly impossible of successful completion.

## WOOL MARKET IS HOLDING ITS OWN.

Boston, Dec. 6.—Despite the somewhat uncertain outlook, the local wool merchants view the situation with a good degree of confidence. The supply of wool in Boston is small, and there is a fair amount of business mostly small lots, and values hold steady. At the moment fleece wools are neglected. Still considerable fine and fine medium from Montana have been transferred on a basis of 58 cents cleaned. Some Wyoming wools have change hands at 16 1/2 in the grease. Scoured, twelve months old Texas clips, bring 60 cents, while fall clips are offered at 48 to 50 cents. Pulled wool is dull, but there is a fair business in the foreign product.

## NO OUTWARD SIGNS OF GRIEF

Sensible Ideas of Christian Science Observed at Eddy Home

## NO CREPE ON THE DOOR

Church Finances Discipline and Organization Pass to Board of Directors.

Boston, Dec. 6.—The body of Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, late head of the Christian Science church will be buried in Mount Auburn cemetery, Cambridge. This was decided today. In the meantime the directors of the church, Archibald McLellan, Stephen A. Chase, Allison Stewart, John V. Dimore and Adam H. Dickey have taken full charge of the church management and the scope of their powers includes matters of organization, finance and discipline. At the mansion on Chestnut hill, where the body lies in the upper chamber, there are no outward signs of grief. There is no crepe on the door, the window shades are up and the members of the household come and go as usual.

## FREEDOM OF WEST FAST VANISHING

H. W. Adams Says Days of the Real Cowboy Are Numbered

## DRY FARMING IN HIGHLANDS

Manager of Bartlett Estate Tells Where Alfalfa Seems to Pay.

That the freedom of the west, and southwest, famed in story drama and song is fast disappearing, and the vast tracts of land over which the cowboy formerly rode in reckless freedom is being cut up into farms and put under fence were declarations made today by H. W. Adams, manager of Bartlett estate of 100,000 acres in Vermejo Park, Colfax county, and who has had a score or more years ranching and managing huge ranches in New Mexico and Arizona.

Mr. Adams was seen at the Palace hotel this morning and he said that he had come here to testify in the Costilla land case which comes up before Judge McFie tomorrow. He is a man of middle age, with the clear eye that could direct a bullet with unerring accuracy and the physique that could keep him in the saddle for two days and nights managing a great herd of cattle.

Asked about the ranch of William H. Bartlett the Chicago millionaire, Mr. Adams said that Mr. Bartlett has 205,000 acres of his own and 299,000 more acres under lease. During the past two years 150 men are employed on this ranch over which roam thousands of cattle.

This ranch, however, is not the largest ranch in the Territory for the Bell ranch on the Pablo Montoya grant contains 750,000 acres.

"But the day," he said, "is fast coming when these immense ranches will be a thing of the past. We see that in Texas. Then, too, the fact that even the big ranches are being put under fence, will make the great riding feats of cowboys less needed. Animals too will become more tame and there will be no more broncho busting as it was in the old days."

Asked about farming prospects in New Mexico Mr. Adams said: "Of course much depends on the man and also on getting water on the land. Look at Roswell. What was that section 15 years ago? And there are many other such phenomenal developments in almost no time, because of the supply of water. Still, the dry farmer has a chance and in my opinion he has the better chance in high altitudes where 18 inches of rainfall must do as much good as 24 inches on the lower lands."

### Discusses Alfalfa.

Asked about alfalfa Mr. Adams said: "It is unquestionably a great crop for the grower who has land that will produce four and five crops in a year. This can be done in the southern part of New Mexico without a doubt. In the northern part two or three crops are obtained. I would not advise a man to go into alfalfa extensively except where he can get these four or five crops per year."

Mr. Adams is a native of Maine but he spent a dozen or more years in Arizona and he spoke highly today of the winter climate of Phoenix though he admitted that the summer climate there is "awful hot." He now is on his way to Los Angeles where he will take a vacation. He has been manager for some years of Mr. Bartlett's ranch or estate. Mr. Bartlett has erected one of the finest houses of stone in the west and lives there with his family. His son, Norman H. Bartlett was a delegate to the constitutional convention which adjourned last month.

## RAILROAD BROWNSVILLE TO SAN ANTONIO.

Construction Company With Half Million Dollar Capital and \$600,000 Bonuses Will Build Line.

Houston, Texas, Dec. 6.—A construction company with a capitalization of half million dollars is being organized by San Antonians to construct a railroad to Brownsville. It is believed that this company, with bonuses aggregating approximately \$600,000, will have no trouble in bonding the road and can easily raise finances to build it.

It is planned to build a road to the border, almost in an air line, and going either by way of San Diego or Alice. In a line as straight as a bird would fly the proposed road would pass through sections of Bexar, Atascosa Live Oak, Nueces, Hidalgo and Cameron counties. Owners of large ranches along the contemplated route realizing the increased value to their land, have signified their intention of liberal donations to see the project become a reality.

Not alone the motive of the preservation to San Antonio of the Brownsville trade and shipping territory is urging the building of the road but it will bring San Antonio into direct communication with the northwestern part of Mexico, opening up a new field for commercial pursuits and putting into close touch with markets a rich but hitherto undeveloped section of southwest Texas.



## THE LITTLE STORE WE HAVE THE GOODS

FRESH GROCERIES,  
CHOICE FRESH CANDIES  
FRESH NEW ENGLAND BUCKWHEAT FLOUR  
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

**TRY US.**  
**Winter Grocery Co.**

Southern Corner Plaza, Santa Fe. Telephone No. 40.  
WE GIVE CASH REGISTER TICKETS  
WITH ALL CASH PURCHASES

## A NEW LINE OF

### Genuine Ebony Goods

MILITARY BRUSHES, MANICURE SETS ETC.

## SEE OUR

### Motor Circulating Coffee Percolators

CHAFING DISHES AND TABLE KETTLES

These machines are fitted with Acolite Burners, and there is nothing more useful in the home; adapted to uses innumerable.

**S. SPITZ, Manufacturing Jeweler.**

## LADIES' OUTER GARMENTS

The Kind That Give

A "Smart" Appearance

Ladies' Capes	\$8.00 to \$12.50
Misses' Capes	\$5.00 to \$6.50
Ladies' Coats	\$5.00 to \$25.00
Ladies' Suits	\$15.00 to \$35.00

Good Goods **The Cash Store** Low Prices  
JULIUS H. GERDES

## STATEHOOD

TOYS AND DOLLS

FOR XMAS. AT  
**FRANK F. GORMLEY'S**

GENERAL STORE

Statehood Prices Prevail.

Wholesale  
&  
Retail

**FLOUR, HAY, GRAIN  
POTATOES and  
SALT.**

Sole Agents For  
INTERNATIONAL STOCK FOOD.

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE GRAINHOUSE IN SANTA FE

PHONE 45 **LEO HERSCH** PHONE 45  
BLACK BLACK

Ladies &  
Gents

Traveling Cases, Manicure Sets,  
Brush, Comb & Mirror Sets,  
Puff Boxes : Cologne Bottles

Everything desirable in Jewelry Novelties.

345 San Francisco Street, **H. C. YONTZ** Santa Fe, N. M.

## NOTICED BALD SPOT COMING ON HEAD

Interesting Story of Consultation with  
Dermatologist and Successful Use  
of Cuticura. Also Case of Severe  
Ivy Poisoning, Relief of Which by  
Cuticura was Permanent.

"Nine years ago I noticed a bald spot coming on my head and, as I was only nineteen years old, it did not seem natural, as it was on the side of my head instead of on top. My mother advised my seeing a dermatologist and I did so, one of the best in Boston, and he said it was due to a germ I must have got at the barber's. He couldn't assure a cure, but by treating each hair separately by electricity, he said, the hair might come out white or gray, if it came out at all. He proposed giving me a treatment every month for six months at ten dollars a treatment. When I told my mother she advised using Cuticura and this I did, using Cuticura Soap and Ointment every day. In two months my hair commenced to grow, and in six months one would never have known there had been any trouble, the hair coming out being black the exact shade of my own. I have never had any trouble since, and feel I can't say half enough for Cuticura. "Another member of our family was terribly poisoned by poison ivy and every summer for six years the blisters came, burning and causing great suffering. We tried everything recommended by the best physicians, but with no good result. Finally we tried Cuticura and obtained relief in a very short time which was permanent. She has never had any trouble since, so Cuticura is invaluable to us, you see. G. J. Browne, 1 Remington St., Dorchester, Mass., Jan. 29, 1910."

This letter is but one of hundreds giving proof of the success of the Cuticura Remedies in treating the skin and scalp.

Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston

## THE DAILY ROUND UP.

### THE MIRAGES.

(By Minna Irving.)

Across the painted desert,  
Toward the burning skies,  
From plains of phantom verdure  
Their purple peaks arise,  
The midst along their summits  
A scarf of silver trails,  
From cliff to cliff the waters  
Fling down their foamy veils.  
From Arizona's furnace  
Of arid sands and stones,  
And dusty cactus gardens,  
Strewn thick with bleaching bones,  
The traveler at sunrise  
Beholds their ramparts gay,  
And seeks their cooling shadows  
To see them fade away.  
Ghost mountains of the mesas,  
No living foot can climb  
Their canyons bright with blossoms  
Or ledges dark with thyme.  
For there the desert victims,  
(So say the Navajos),  
Who died of thirst and hunger,  
Alone may find repose.

Death of Little Girl—The five months old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Eugenio Flores, died at Las Vegas yesterday.

Death of Pioneer—R. W. Hall, a pioneer of Colfax and Mora counties after whom Hall's Peak was named, died at Canton, Ohio.

Revival at Albuquerque—The Ministerial Alliance of Albuquerque, has invited Rev. E. J. Bulgin, an evangelist, to hold revival meetings in the Duke City.

Passed Rhodes Examination—Karl G. Karsten, a student at the University of New Mexico has passed the Rhodes examination for a scholarship at Oxford, England.

Two Deaths at Albuquerque—George Peacock, aged 32 years, and for ten years a resident of Albuquerque, died on Sunday. Ethel Salazar, aged 7 months, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Adolfo Salazar, died on Last Saturday.

Police Court News—At Albuquerque, J. F. Bird drew a 15 days or dollars sentence in police court for disturbing the peace. Adelaide Sandoval received a sentence of \$10 or 10 days for a similar offense, and Raulo bay Marcus was given the same sentence for vagrancy.

Death of Las Vegas Pioneer—J. B. Mackel, a pioneer resident of Las Vegas, died on Sunday. He had lived in the Meadow City thirty years and was 70 years old. He was a native of Luxembourg, Germany, and is survived by his second wife and a son.

Suits in District Court—In court at Albuquerque, suit has been filed by Aaron Elchwald against Alberto Lobato for \$208.14 on account. The case of Peter Johnson vs. Justo Gutierrez for \$500 damages for trespassing of defendant's sheep is being tried.

Hotel Fire at Kelly—Much damage was done to the Vivian hotel at Kelly, Socorro county, by fire. All the boarders lost heavily and it was only the timely arrival of the chemical engine that saved the structure from entire destruction as no water was available. The loss was \$500.

Sneak Thief in Duke City—J. L. Parks was robbed at Albuquerque of a gray coat and a dark pair of trousers. Parks rooms at Fourth street and Central avenue and the articles were removed from his room. The coat was found near Beaven's coal yard by the police. It is thought that hoboes removed the articles.

Terrific Gale at Las Vegas—"Saturday night Las Vegas was visited by the most terrific wind storm that has swept this locality for months, the

velocity of the wind at one time approximating 40 miles an hour. A big ornamental glass window over the front door of the Bacharach store was broken by the wind as was a plate glass window at the Normal University. Telephone poles were leveled on the boulevard and limbs blown off some of the trees. On the streets yesterday morning the wind had deposited piles of dirt and weeds which were blown in from the surrounding hills."—Las Vegas Optic.

District Court at Las Vegas—The grand jury returned eight indictments yesterday at Las Vegas. Two indictments for larceny of cattle were returned against Francisco and Doroteo Jaramillo. Francisco pleaded not guilty but Doroteo pleaded: "We are both guilty." Leonido Naranjo and Juan Candelario were indicted for larceny of a colt and pleaded guilty. A change of venue was denied Abnan Archuleta, accused of murdering his uncle Damacio Archuleta.

## MINOR CITY TOPICS

Denver, Colo., Dec. 6.—The forecast is fair weather tonight and Wednesday with temperature stationary.

The Swiss Guide a beautiful story of the Canadian Alps. See it at the Elks' tonight.

Embossed stationery and engraved calling cards make most acceptable Christmas gifts. Call at the New Mexican and see their exquisite designs.

Indians Get Marriage License—Adean Silva aged 26 and Filomena Naranjo, aged 22, two Indians of Santa Clara took a marriage license yesterday.

Went Down to 20 Degrees—The silvery bulb which tells how the weather is, plunged down to 21 degrees at 6 o'clock this morning and those who attempted to rise early were quite aware of the fact. The maximum yesterday was 41 degrees and the mercury went as low as 20 at midnight. The average relative humidity was 53 per cent. The prediction is clear and colder weather.

Good Road Commissioner—Rafael Granito of Cerrillos, road commissioner for southern Santa Fe county, reports that he has put in fine condition the roads to the Cash Entry mine, to Madrid, Golden, San Pedro, and Stanley through Galisteo, and also the road to Lamy and Glorieta. He had as high as 200 men at work at one time and naturally is quite proud of the results achieved.

Battle for Pig-Skin—What promises to be another fast game of basketball will be played at the Armory hall between the High School and Company F of the New Mexico National Guard. The High School has won both of the games that have been played between the two teams; the last one having been won by only one point. The line-ups are as follows: High School—Enzo Sherman, center; forwards: Wallace Fiske and Howell Ervies; guards: Harold Stephens and Ralph Smythe. Company F. Frye, center; Fernelly Wiley and Jacob Safford forwards; Henry Kaune and Ralph Enos, guards.

Board of Education Meeting—No meeting of the Board of Education was held since September. Last evening, no quorum was on hand for the meeting. Another attempt will be made this evening to meet. It really seems the constitutional convention made a ten strike by giving the school franchise to women and permitting them to serve on school boards, for their interest in school affairs would result in regular meetings of the board of education. The Woman's Board of Trade meets once each week but it always has a quorum for the transaction of business.

## STOLE COLLECTION BOX FROM CATHOLIC CHURCH.

Albuquerque, N. M., December 6.—On a charge of larceny, Perfecto Luna and Eugenio Baca, two youths, who yesterday morning arraigned before Justice of the Peace G. R. Craig and bound over to the grand jury in the sum of \$500 each. The boys had previously confessed that they had entered the church of San Felipe de Neri several nights ago and appropriated the contents of a collection box on the wall. The box contained some thirty dollars, more or less. The

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury.

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free. Sold by all druggists. Price 75c per bottle.

## A PRODUCT OF NATURE.

Warmed into life by the sun shining on Southern cotton fields, nurtured by rain and dew, the cotton plant concentrates in its seed that life-giving and life-sustaining quality which is the basis of Cottolene. From Cottonfield to kitchen, human hands never touch the oil from which Cottolene is made. It is a product of Nature.

Lard comes from the fat of the hog—often impure, always indigestible. Cottolene, on the contrary is pure, and jelly made from the juice of choicest fruit is not more easily digested than this product of the oil extracted from the kernel of the cotton seed.

burglar was traced to Luna and Bacia and they were arrested. They stoutly denied the crime, and for three days stoutly protested their innocence. Yesterday, however, one of the lads broke down and admitted the charge, implicating his companion, who later confessed to his part in the affair. In default of bond the boys were remanded to jail to await the action of the next grand jury.

## TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

## IMPERIAL LAUNDRY For Best Laundry Work

basket leaves Monday Tuesday Returns Thursday and Friday. AGENCY at O. K. Barber Shop Mrs. F. O. BROWN Agent. Phone No. 23 Red



We have received the first shipment of Ball Bearing Buggies with which we expect to stock our barn eventually. These are very high class rigs, equipped with lights fulfilling the city ordinance.

Give them a trial if you wish to find a marvellously light running vehicle!

## WILLIAMS & RISING

310 San Francisco St. Phone 139 Red

## When You Are

"All Broke Up"



In the way of a suit, after passing through a rainstorm that has transformed your next looking suit into the appearance of a bundle of rags, don't despair, or get mad, but send the garments to us. In less time than you think we will return you a new suit, to all appearance—and you will find it clean and fresh-looking, and pressed back into shape. And our charges are low.

**Julius Muralter, Tailor.**  
Cor. Palace and Washington Avenues.

## KERR'S PLAZA BARBER SHOP

For 19 years the only first class tonsorial parlor in Santa Fe.

## OUR NEW FITCH TREATMENT

is guaranteed to cure, (not only relieve, Dandruff, falling hair & other scalp irritations. We also carry a complete line of all the popular hair and facial tonics.

HERPICIDE, DE LUXE QUININE & FITCH

BATHS BATHS BATHS

Agents HUBBS LAUNDRY

Phone us, we will be glad to call for your laundry on Mondays and Tuesdays and deliver on Thursdays and Fridays

All work is guaranteed; your socks are mended and buttons sewed on your shirts, without extra charge.

PHONE RED 122. PHONE RED 122.

Established 1856.

Incorporated 1903

## SELIGMAN BROS CO.

## Toys Toys Toys HOLIDAY GOODS

In buying your Holiday Goods of us you are assured of attractive and interesting stocks brimful of new and original gift, ideas and suggestions.

Come Now and Make Your Selections

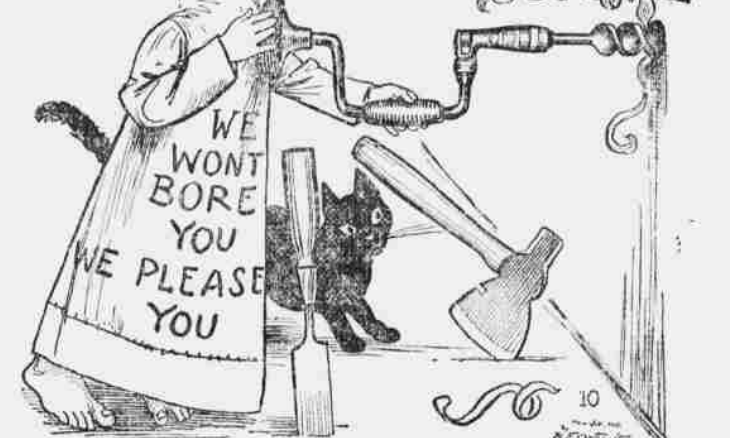
THE GOODS ARE RIGHT.  
THE PRICES ARE RIGHT.

FOR HALF A CENTURY THE LEADING DRY GOODS HOUSE IN THE CITY

P. O. Box 219

Phone 39

## TOOLS OF ALL KINDS. HARDWARE FOR EVERYONE



NO MATTER WHAT YOU DO, YOU MUST HAVE TOOLS TO CARRY ON YOUR WORK. WE HAVE TOOLS OF ALL KINDS; FOR FARMERS, CARPENTERS, BLACKSMITHS, GARDENERS—FOR EVERYBODY. OUR LINE OF HARDWARE IS UP TO DATE. OUR STUFF WILL WEAR. IF YOU DON'T BELIEVE OUR PRICES ARE LOW, COME IN AND SEE.

If it's Hardware **WOOD-DAVIS** HARWARE CO. We have it. Phone No. 14.

## Coal WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Wood Screened RATION Lump YANKEE CERRILLOS

Anthracite Coal all Sizes, Smithing Coal, Steam Coal. Sawed Wood and Kindling.  
MONTEZUMA AVENUE  
Near A. T. & S. P. Depot. **CAPITAL COAL YARD.**  
Telephone 85 Telephone 85

## Shawgo's Parisian Cleaning and Dye Works

CLEAN ANYTHING—SATISFACTION GUARANTEED—NEW MANAGEMENT—UP-TO-DATE EQUIPMENT—COURTEOUS TREATMENT.

Gentlemen's Hats Made New.

Phone Red 132 **O. O. SHAWGO, Proprietor** East Side Plaza.

## LIVERY STABLE

Fine Rigs, Reliable Horses, Single Buggies, Surries, Saddle Horses

Call up 'Phone 9

When in Need of Anything in the Livery Line. Drivers Furnished

RATES RIGHT.

**CHAS. CLOSSON**  
Don Gaspar Avenue

## The Prescriptionist:

faultless from any standpoint that you may take. You may feel safe and sure if we fill your prescriptions.

The man who does the weighing, the measuring—the man who knows how and why—the one whom everything depends. Our responsibility, is never lost sight of for a moment in filling prescriptions. Every prescription leaving our store is

**ZOOK'S Pharmacy**

Phone 213

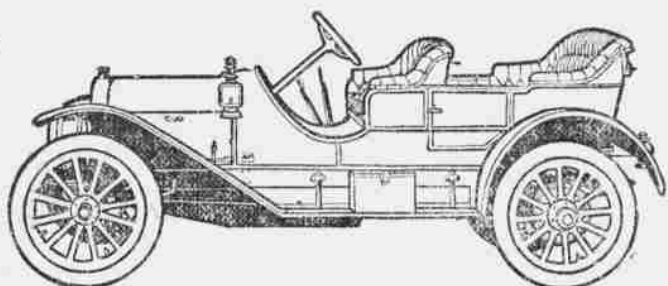
**ZOOK'S Pharmacy**



Get Your Holiday Gifts at a Discount

**20** per cent Discount off all  
**TOYS and DOLLS.**

SOLD FROM 12th. TO THE 17th. INCLUSIVE

**Suggestions  
for Gifts****EMBROIDERED SCARFS, CEN-  
TER PIECES AND DRAWN  
WORK. TOILET SETS, PUR-  
SES, NECKTIES, etc.****Toys Galore:** DOLLS - DOLLS - DOLLS  
Everything to make the heart of a child  
glad, and REMEMBER the DISCOUNT  
on all these seasonable goods sold on the  
6 days mentioned.**Adolf Seligman Dry Goods Company****RIDE IN THE MOON**

30 H. P.

\$1,500

We repair and care for all makes  
GASOLINE AND SUPPLIES.**SANTA FE GARAGE****Palace Ave.****THE C. E. HARTLEY REAL ESTATE CO**  
SPRINGER, NEW MEXICOOffers irrigated lands in tracts of all sizes, raw lands,  
under ditch, \$10.00 to 75.00 per acre, under cultivation  
and highly improved, \$60.00 to \$175.00 per acre. These are  
ideal homes ready for you.**Dry Farming Lands, \$5.00 to \$20.00 per acre**RANCHES. We are prepared to locate settlers on gov-  
ernment land. We have irrigation enter-  
prises, needing capital. Moneyed men are  
invited to correspond with us. RANCHES  
LARGE AND SMALL. LARGE AND SMALL.

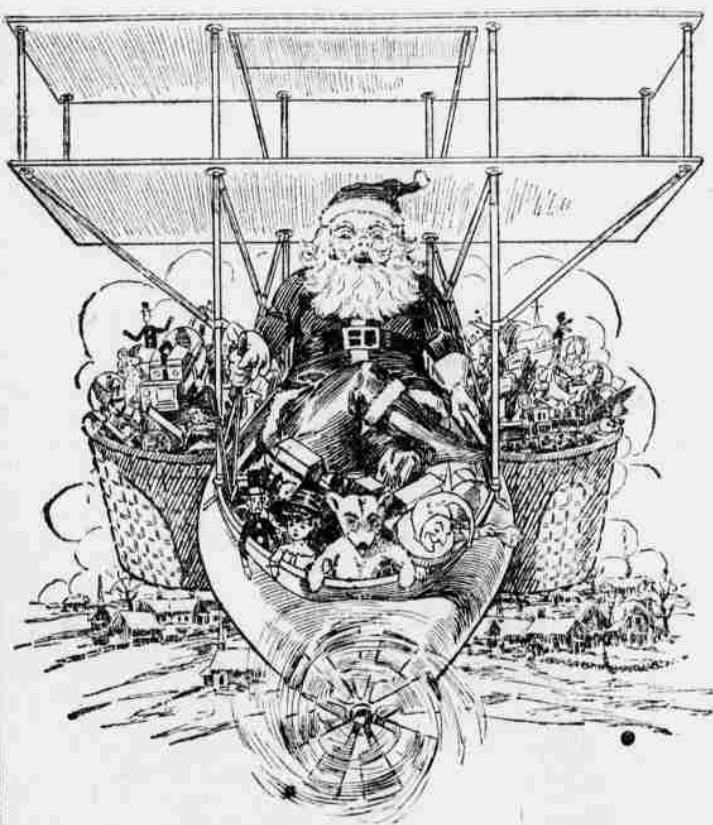
IF YOU NEED ANYTHING IN NEW MEXICO, LET US HEAR FROM YOU.

**SKIN AND SCALP TROUBLES  
YIELD TO ZEMO.****A CLEAR LIQUID PREPARATION  
FOR EXTERNAL USE.**The Capital Pharmacy drug store is  
so confident that ZEMO will rid the  
skin or scalp of infant or grown per-  
son of pimples, blackheads, dandruff,  
eczema, prickly heat, rashes, hives,  
ivy poison or any other form of skin  
or scalp eruption, that they will give  
your money back if you are not entire-  
ly satisfied with the results obtained  
from the use of ZEMO.The first application will give  
prompt relief and show an improve-  
ment and in every instance where  
used persistently, will destroy the  
germ life, leaving the skin in a clean,  
healthy condition.Let us show you proof of some re-  
markable cures made by Zemo and  
give you a 32 page booklet now to pre-  
serve the skin. The Capital Pharma-  
cy Drug Store.**BOOSTER FOR PANAMA  
SHOW AT ALBUQUERQUE.**Man Who Put San Diego, California,  
on the Map is a Visitor in  
New Mexico.Albuquerque, N. M., Dec. 6.—Albu-  
querque had as a visitor for a brief  
time yesterday one of the cleverest  
and most consistent boosters of the  
country in the person of D. C. Collier,  
of San Diego, Cal., who is known all  
over the Pacific coast as the man who  
"put San Diego on the map." Mr.  
Collier is en route to Washington,  
where he will assist a number of  
prominent Californians in the work of  
presenting and pressing to official  
recognition the claims of San Fran-  
cisco as an ideal place for the holding  
of the Panama exposition in 1915. The  
Californians while lauding San Fran-  
cisco to the skies, will incidentally  
take time to tell "who's who" in the  
national capital a few things about  
New Orleans, La., and why it should  
not be favored as a place for holding  
the big exposition when there is such  
a place on earth as San Francisco.Mr. Collier spent but a few moments  
in Albuquerque but may stop here a  
day on his return trip to the coast.  
Alone and unaided, Mr. Collier con-  
ceived the idea of holding the Panama  
exposition in San Diego in 1915. He  
beat the San Francisco people to it  
and was successful in placing San  
Diego's claim before the public in  
such a persistent way that residents  
of the Golden Gate city and of north-  
ern California became exceedingly  
alarmed. Delegations called on the  
governor of California representing  
San Diego and San Francisco, each  
asking him for his support of their  
town as the exposition city. The ri-  
valry between the two cities for the  
exposition became intense. It was  
New Orleans against San Francisco  
and San Diego against them both. Af-  
ter San Diego had become advertised  
to the world as the logical place for  
the exposition, and every newspaper  
had "San Diego" splattered over ev-ery edition, Colonel Collier coolly  
broke it to the untainted that San  
Diego didn't care for the exposition. It  
was just a clever advertising scheme  
and Mr. Collier had "worked," San  
Francisco and New Orleans to a fin-  
ish in gaining a great deal of publi-  
city at very little expense.San Diego, however, is to hold some  
kind of a Panama exposition in 1915,  
which will be in the nature of a dis-  
play of the products of California and  
of the countries which will be put in  
direct communication with the Pacific  
coast as the result of the completion  
of the Panama canal. It will not be  
the real Panama exposition, however,  
the San Diego people wisely knowing  
that a big exposition is just a little  
bit too big for that town. San Diego  
is now for San Francisco, first, last  
and all the time for the exposition  
and Colonel Collier is devoting a  
great deal of his time and energy  
convincing everybody and everything  
that San Francisco is the logical place  
for the big show and that New  
Orleans would be a very inappropriate  
town in which to hold the attraction.**CONSTITUTION MAKERS****HON. GEORGE S. BROWN.**Delegate in the Constitutional Convention from Raton, Colfax County and  
Who Has Shown Himself the Friend of the Laboring Men.Hon. George S. Brown, delegate in  
the constitutional convention from  
Raton, Colfax county, is a North Caro-  
linian by birth, the son of a Baptist  
minister, the Rev. T. K. Brown. He  
is still under 40 years of age. When  
a youth, he attended the public  
schools in Buncombe county, N. C.,  
and later went to Oak Ridge Institute,  
and Judson College. He took up rail-  
roading, working from one depart-  
ment to another for the past twenty  
years. He has lived in North Caro-  
lina, Tennessee, Colorado and finally  
in March 1912 he came to New Mexico.  
Mr. Brown always took an active in-  
terest in the politics of his home  
country but when he was elected dele-  
gate to the constitutional convention  
he held this first public office. Mr.  
Brown is a member of the Railway  
Conductors Association and of the  
Masonic Order. He took a prominent  
part in the constitutional convention  
in securing labor legislation and he  
has been rightly called the friend of  
the laboring man.**MONTEZUMA LODGE HOLDS  
ELECTION OF OFFICERS.**The members of Montezuma Lodge  
A. F. and A. M. elected officers last  
night as follows: H. H. Dorman,  
master; Allan McCord, S. W.; E. R.  
Paul J. W.; H. B. Cartwright, treas-  
urer; Charles E. Linney, secretary  
and Roy Crichton, filler.**You Must Read This if You Want the  
Benefit.**J. W. Greer, Greenwood, La., suf-  
fered with a severe case of lumbago.  
"The pains were so intense I was forced  
to hydrometric injections for relief.  
These attacks started with a pain in  
the small of my back which gradually  
became fairly paralyzing. My atten-  
tion was attracted to Foley's Kidney  
Remedy and I am glad to say after  
using this wonderful medicine I am  
no longer bothered in any way by my  
old enemy lumbago." Sold at Capital  
Pharmacy.If you want anything on earth—try  
a New Mexican Want Ad.**MARKET REPORT****MONEY AND METALS.**New York, Dec. 6.—Call money 2  
58@1-1.  
Prime mercantile paper 5 5/8 1/2 per  
cent.Mexican dollars.  
Amalgamated 51 5/8; sugar 111  
bid; Atchison 93 3/4; Great Northern  
Pacific 120; New York Central 109  
1/8; Northern Pacific 112; Reading  
112; Southern Pacific 111 3/8; Union  
Pacific 167 1/8; Steel 71 1/4; pf 115  
1/4.Lead quiet 44 5/8@45.  
Standard Copper easy spot 123 5/8  
124 1/2; January 123 5/8@125.  
Silver 54 1/4.**GRAIN, PORK, LARD AND RIBS.**  
Chicago, Ill., Dec. 6.—Wheat May  
37 3/8; July 34 1/2@35.  
Corn—May 48 1/4; July 48 7/8.Oats—May 34 1/2@35; July 34 1/2.  
Pork—Jan. 18; May 17 5/8.  
Lard—Jan. 9 8/12; May 9 7/8.  
Ribs—Jan. 9 3/12; May 9 3/12.**WOOL MARKET.**  
St. Louis, Dec. 6.—Wool unchanged.  
territory and western mediums 21 5/8  
22; fine mediums 17 1/8; fine 12 5/8 1/2.**LIVESTOCK.**Chicago, Dec. 6.—Cattle—Receipts  
7,900. Market slow to weak. Beef  
44 5/8@45 1/2; Texas steers 41 1/8@42 1/2;  
western steers 41 1/8@42 1/2; stock-  
ers and feeders 32 5/8@33 1/2; cows and heif-  
ers 22 1/2@23 1/2; calves 36 1/2@37 1/2.Hogs — Receipts 24,000. Market  
five higher. Light 7 1/2@7 5/8; mixed  
7 1/2@7 5/8; rough 7 1/8@7 3/4; good  
to choice heavy 7 3/4@7 5/8; pigs 6 5/8  
6 7/8; bulk 7 1/4@7 5/8.Sheep — Receipts 25,000. Market  
weak. Native 22 1/2@23 1/2; western  
22 1/2@23 1/2; yearlings 24 1/2@25 1/2;  
lambs native 24 1/2@25 1/2; western  
24 1/2@25 1/2.Kansas City, Dec. 6.—Cattle—Re-  
ceipts 13,000, including 300 southern.  
Market steady to weak. Native steers  
43 1/2@44 1/2; southern steers 41 1/2@42 1/2.550; southern cows 22 1/2@23 1/2; na-  
tive cows and heifers 22 1/2@23 1/2; bulls  
23 1/2@24 1/2; calves 34 1/2@35 1/2; western steers  
41 1/2@42 1/2; western cows 22 1/2@23 1/2;  
Hogs — Receipts 11,000. Market  
five to ten higher. Bulk 7 1/4@7 5/8;  
heavy 7 1/2@7 5/8; packers and butch-  
ers 7 1/2@7 5/8; light 7 1/2@7 5/8.  
Sheep — Receipts 6,000. Market  
steady. Muttons 22 1/2@23 1/2; lambs  
24 1/2@25 1/2; fed wethers and yearlings  
23 1/2@24 1/2; fed western ewes 23 1/2@24 1/2.**GAS, INDIGESTION AND  
DYSPEPSIA JUST VANISH.**Indigestion, Stomach Gas, Heartburn  
or Dyspepsia Will be Relieved in  
Five Minutes.The question as to how long you are  
going to continue a sufferer from in-  
digestion, dyspepsia or out-of-order  
Stomach is merely a matter of how  
soon you begin taking some Diapiesin.If your stomach is lacking in di-  
gestive power, why not help the stom-  
ach to do its work, not with drastic  
drugs, but a reinforcement of diges-  
tive agents, such as are naturally at  
work in the stomach.People with weak stomachs should  
take a little Diapiesin occasionally,  
and there will be no more indigestion,  
not feeling like a lump of lead in the  
stomach, no heartburn, sour risings,  
Gas on Stomach or Belching of undig-  
ested food, Headaches, Dizziness or  
Sick Stomach, and, besides, what you  
eat will not ferment and poison your  
breath with noxious odors. All these  
symptoms resulting from a sour, out-  
of-order stomach and dyspepsia are  
generally relieved in five minutes af-  
ter taking a little Diapiesin.Go to your druggist and get a 50  
cent case of Diapiesin now,  
and you will always go to the table  
with a hearty appetite, and what you  
eat will taste good, because your  
stomach and intestines will be clean  
and fresh, and you will know there  
are not going to be any more bad  
nights and miserable days for you.  
They freshen you and make you feel  
like life is worth living.Calling cards are always useful, al-  
ways desirable, and the New Mexican  
can supply any kind for Christmas  
gifts.**SOFT DRINKS**Telephone Red 35 and have  
your orders deliveredThe following are suggested to the thirsty as something  
cool and inviting**GINGER ALE, WILD CHERRY, LEMON SODA, IRON BREW,  
ROOT BEER, KLONDIKE FIZZ, COCO COLA,  
TABLE MINERAL WATERS.****SANTA FE BOTTLING WORKS.**

All drinks made from filtered water. HENRY KRICK, Proprietor

# The Home Of Santa Claus:

## 2700 Different Gifts From Which To Select

**NECKWEAR.****JABOTS-- Latest Persian effects**  
Individual Xmas Boxes 65 & 75 each  
**Lace tabs; tabs of lawn fancy**  
**stocks; embroidered collars.**  
**Latest Persian silk scarfs** \$1.00 & \$1.50  
**Silk Mufflers for men** 65c & 75c  
**Phoenix knit mufflers** 35c & 5c  
**Silk Ties for Men, Women and Children in**  
**exquisite designs.****TOYS****CHILDREN'S TOY DISHES, TIN AND CHINA.**Doll Buggies and Perambulators.  
Games of all Kinds for All Ages.  
Mechanical Toys; Air Ships.  
Trunks, Houses, Furniture, Telephones, Stoves.  
In fact, there is nothing that goes with the most extensive  
Toy Department in any city store which you will not find  
here.**Mexican Drawn Work****Handkerchiefs, Doilies, Centerpieces**  
**collars, dresser scarfs etc.**  
Nothing could be nicer to send to  
friends in the East.**DOLLS DOLLS DOLLS**

5c. TO \$10.00

27 Different Kinds of Dolls ranging in price  
Tiny Dolls; Big Dolls; Dressed Dolls; Undressed Dolls;  
Doll Heads.**HANDKERCHIEFS**IMPORTED BY US DIRECT FROM ST. GALL,  
SWITZERLAND AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT.Silk Handkerchiefs for Men ..... 35c to \$1.00  
Linen Handkerchiefs for Men and Women ..... 5c to 35c.  
Also, Handkerchiefs for the Children.  
A fine line of Initial and Embroidered Handkerchiefs  
for ladies.**LEATHER GOODS****Why pay \$10.00 for Real Leather**  
**Hand Bags, when you can get**  
**here for : : : \$6.00**  
**Leather Bags from : : : 50c to \$2.00**  
**Hand Embroidered Bags : : : 50c to \$2.00**  
**Misses Purse : : : 15c to 35c**  
Traveling Cases; Medicine Cases; Collar  
& Cuff Boxes; Everything in Leather  
Novelties**BOOKS****BOOKS MAKE EXCELLENT XMAS GIFTS.**  
Beautifully bound Classics, Bibles, Poems, Gift Books.  
Popular Fiction, Newest Editions.  
Children's books in infinite variety.  
Our Illustrated Gift Books are exquisite.**FANCY CHINA**Many beautiful pieces in hand-painted and imported—  
Salad Bowls, Bonbons, Nut Bowls, Cups, Saucers, Plates,  
Steins, Vases, etc.  
Also some exquisite statuary and ornamental China.**Toilet Articles and Miscellaneous Gift Suggestions****OPERA GLASSES \$5.00 TO \$7.50.**  
**MILITARY SETS \$2.00 TO \$5.00.**  
**TOILET SETS ALL KINDS AND PRICES.**  
**SHAVING SETS.**  
**FRAMED PICTURES.****DOROTHY DAINTY RIBBON SETS.**  
**HAIR BOWS 40c TO 60c.**  
**BOW AND SASH SETS \$1.50 TO \$3.00****House Slippers, Ladies' and Gents'.....\$1.25**  
**Individual Boxes Silk Socks, 3 pair to a box, assorted colors**  
**Special Price \$1.50.**Musical Instruments—Violins, Guitars, Accordions,  
Talking Machines.**AN ABSOLUTELY NEW LINE OF CALANDERS, INDIVID-  
UAL BOXES, 15c TO 35c.**  
**FUR SETS \$5.00 TO \$25.00.****All the Christmas Accessories found here, such  
as Christmas Tree and House ornaments,  
Holly paper, boxes, Festoons, Garlands, etc.****COME AND  
SPEND THE DAY****W. N. TOWNSEND**



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JOHN K. STAUFFER, Secretary-Treasurer.  
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## OFFICIAL PAPER OF SANTA FE COUNTY.

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every postoffice in the Territory, and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the Southwest.



## THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

The President's message to Congress made public today covers 34 printed pages or 55 closely spaced typewritten pages. The New Mexican did not receive the advance copy until yesterday, too late to put so formidable a document into type and print a 26,000 word synopsis of it on another page. The message is a review of the various activities of the departments of the government rather than a legislative plan to be put through the short session, and therefore presents very little that is new or that is startling. Its philosophy and policy may be summed up in the last paragraph:

"I believe it to be in the interest of all the people of the country that for the time being the activities of government, in addition to enforcing the existing law, be directed toward the economy of administration and the enlargement of opportunities for foreign trade, the building up of home industries, and the strengthening of confidence of capital in domestic investment."

In other words, President Taft does not believe that this is the time for radical legislation, for changes in form of government, for the adoption of socialistic "isms." He intimates that generally speaking, there are laws enough on the statute books to last for some time and that there is no crying need for the introduction of such novelties as Oregon is experimenting with and as Arizona is writing into its constitution.

No reference is made in the message to New Mexico and Arizona. It is very likely that a special message will cover the subject of statehood for those two commonwealths when the constitutions are submitted with the approval of the people.

The first part of the message is devoted to affairs of the department of state, the progress of international arbitration, the negotiation of important treaties, the situation in Portugal, Liberia, Turkey, Montenegro, the Far East, the Latin American Republics, reciprocity, the Diplomatic and Consular service.

One-fifth of the entire message is given to this department and then follow equally lengthy discussions of the subjects properly grouped under the treasury department, the key-note being an insistence on economy and the introduction of modern methods in department business. The final estimates for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1912, are \$630,494,013.12, which is almost \$53,000,000 less than the appropriations for the present fiscal year. This total does not include the Panama estimate of \$55,000,000. The estimated revenues are \$880,000,000, which would leave a probable deficit of \$7,000,000, unless Congress does not authorize the fortifying of the Panama canal an expenditure that would involve \$19,000,000. The President advocates the abandonment of the hazardous methods of authorizing public buildings. As to the Payne tariff act, the President says:

"The schedules of the rates of duty in the Payne tariff act have been subjected to a great deal of criticism, some of it just, more of it unfounded, and too much misrepresentation. The act was adopted in pursuance of a declaration by the party which is responsible for it that a customs bill should be a tariff for the protection of home industries, the measure of the protection to be the difference between the cost of producing the imported article abroad and the cost of producing it at home, together with such addition to that difference as might give a reasonable profit to the home producer. The basis for the criticism of this tariff is that in respect to a number of the schedules the declared measure was not followed, but a higher difference retained or inserted by way of undue discrimination in favor of certain industries and manufactures. Little, if any, of the criticism of the tariff has been directed against the protective principle above stated; but the main body of the criticism has been based on the charge that the attempt to conform to the measure of protection was not honestly and sincerely adhered to."

After discussing the work of the Tariff Board, the president takes up the War Department. The Army now numbers 80,000 men, of whom 18,000 was engaged in the Coast Artillery. He advocates the passage of the pending Volunteer bill and the establishment of a commission to determine a comprehensive policy for the organization, mobilization and administration of the Regular Army, the organized militia and volunteer forces. The need of more officers is dwelt upon as well as the speedy fortification of eastern possessions, including the Philippine Islands, to which as well as Porto Rico, the Panama Canal, rivers and harbors, the rest of that part of the message is devoted, advocating a toll for the Panama Canal not to exceed \$1 per ton.

Under the heading of the Department of Justice, the President advocates a federal incorporation law, urges the payment of claims found to be valid, reform and cheapening of judicial procedure, relief of the Supreme Court from unnecessary appeals, regulation of the matter of

injunctions and an increase in judicial salaries.

Under Post Office Department, he announces that Postal Savings Banks will begin business on January 1, 1911, in several towns and cities. The President points with pride to the great savings instituted by Postmaster General Frank H. Hitchcock in reducing the postal deficit and returning to the national treasury \$11,500,000 of the appropriation for the last fiscal year. He alludes to the extension of the classified service to assistant postmasters and recommends that first, second and third class postmasters be placed under civil service. The abuse of the franking and second class privileges are discussed and the adoption of the parcels post on rural delivery routes is advocated.

As to the Navy Department, the President coincides with Secretary Von L. Meyer, that several of the navy yards is abolished, dwells on the introduction of a new system of accounting in the department, and refers to the discovery of the North Pole by Commander Robert Peary.

Naturally, the Department of the Interior comes in for a large share of discussion. Appeals to court in land cases, conservation, agricultural lands, reclamation, forest lands, coal lands, oil and gas lands, phosphate lands, water power sites, Alaska, national parks and pensions, are the sub-divisions in this part of the message. Then the work of the Department of Agriculture is reviewed and the fact that the crops of the country the present year are valued at nine billion dollars indicates to the chief executive that the country will continue prosperous. He calls attention to the fact that the reforestation of 15,000 acres compared with 150,000,000 acres of national forests seems small, but promises greater activity in the future.

Under the Department of Commerce and Labor, the accuracy of the census is vouched for. Other subjects discussed are the Bureaus of Light Houses, of corporations, of fisheries, of geodetic survey, of Labor, the eight hour law, workmen's compensation and immigration.

In conclusion, a variety of miscellaneous subjects is mentioned: Bureau of health, the establishment of which is recommended; the Imperial Valley project District of Columbia, Freedman's bank, negro exposition which is recommended, civil service commission, safety appliances and valuation of railroads, fraudulent bills of lading, and once more "economy and efficiency," on which subject a special message is promised and of which the President says in conclusion:

"My experience leads me to believe that while government methods are much criticised, the bad results—if we do have bad results—are not due to a lack of zeal or willingness on the part of the civil servants. On the contrary, I believe that a fine spirit of willingness to work exists in the personnel, which, if properly encouraged, will produce results equal to those secured in the best managed private enterprises. In handling government expenditure the aim is not the profit—the aim is the maximum of public service at the minimum of cost. We wish to reduce the expenditures of the government, and we wish to save money to enable the government to go into some of the beneficial projects which we are debarred from taking up now because we ought not to increase our expenditures."

Delegate C. R. Brice, in an interview in the Democratic Carlsbad Current, speaks in a dispassionate way of the Democratic view of the constitution. He admits it isn't all he wanted it to be, but that it has many features which every honest Democrat is compelled to praise and he will therefore vote and work for its adoption. He says:

"The constitution, as adopted, is not by any means all the Democracy of New Mexico could wish. The principal objection to the constitution from the Democratic standpoint is the failure to incorporate direct legislation. I was especially disappointed on account of the failure to submit the prohibition question to the vote of the people, or at least local option; but nearly all of the delegates from the west side of the territory, including Democrats and Republicans were opposed to this and of a consequence, we were very much in the minority. The constitution compares very favorably with that of most of the states which have not adopted progressive ideas. Some of the provisions that offset the failure to incorporate direct legislation, etc., are those providing for the election of all officers including judges of courts and the corporation commission; the placing of all county officers on salaries and abolishing the fee system; the creation of a corporation commission; providing penal statutes against bribery and corrupt solicitation by legislators; a reasonably fair apportionment; the preventing of county and state officials to succeed themselves and county officials from holding any other office for four years after the ex-

piration of their terms; the limitation on the power of the state to tax people, and the limitation of the power of the state, counties and municipalities to bond themselves."

## NOT AN OFFICE HOLDER'S CONVENTION.

"The convention was composed largely of office holders," screeches one of the New Mexico papers opposed to the constitution. In this assertion it hits as far as from the truth as in its other arguments. The convention was remarkably free from office-holders. Only two federal office holders sat in, and one of these was appointed to federal office after he had been elected a delegate. The other was also a member of the Supreme Court of New Mexico and even if an officeholder, a most desirable and valuable member of the convention. In addition to these two federal office holders, there were three territorial officers in the convention, Supreme Court Clerk Jose D. Sena, Coal Oil Inspector Malaquias Martinez, and Assistant Superintendent of Education Acacio Gallegos, high-minded men, whose presence in the convention was most desirable and beneficial. In other words, five per cent of the one hundred delegates were either on the federal or territorial pay roll. Of county officials there were six in the convention, making the total of these drawing public pay, eleven out of the one hundred delegates. The New Mexican does not remember any legislature or any other public body that has been so free from office holders as was the constitutional convention.

## WORK FOR THE CIVIC REFORMER.

France is in some respects called the richest country in the world. It has been accumulating wealth for centuries. It is the savings of the comparatively poor which in the aggregate have given the French financiers billions of francs for investment in foreign rentals and this wealth has been created to a large extent on small tracts of land intensively cultivated. Herein lies a lesson to sections like Santa Fe county, where the water supply for irrigation is limited, and yet, where the soil is not made to produce one-tenth it might under intensive cultivation with the water supply available. France has three million farmers who cultivate from three to ten acres each, and not only make a living but save regularly for the proverbial rainy day and thus add to the sum total of available wealth. Santa Fe county has the water, it economically used and supplemented by pumping, to create ten thousand ten acre farms, each supporting a family. Instead, it hasn't more than a thousand farms and those supporting their owners indifferently or only in the greatest poverty. Surely, here is work for the civic reformer, for the statesman who beyond politics sees a prosperous and happy community.

## A STATE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.

Delegate to Congress W. H. Andrews certainly understands one of the prime needs of New Mexico in his bill to appropriate three hundred thousand acres for an industrial school for boys. A million dollars such a land grant would yield, and a million dollar manual training school at the Capital would be such an incentive to industrial education in the public schools, that no boy and no girl would need to leave school without being fully equipped to gain a livelihood in some gainful occupation. The supply of skilled mechanics is growing less each day and the demand for them more insistent. The rewards of skilled labor are beginning to compare very favorably with the income from the profession. Thousands of New Mexico boys are compelled to leave the commonwealth to seek work elsewhere and having no trade, no training either in farming or in mechanical pursuits, must accept the most menial positions in the most dangerous portions of coal mines or on the range in other states. That grant of 300,000 acres ought to be made by congress for there is no public object that would bring greater and more satisfactory returns to the commonwealth.

The Democratic Tolar Tribune, published in eastern New Mexico, looks at the constitution from the common sense angle, for it says:

"Now is the time for the kickers to bob up and roar about the work of the constitutional delegates. If you are a narrow minded Republican and know of some bills that have been introduced by Democratic delegates take up arms, grit your teeth and fight it. If you are a Democrat and have more politics than you have brains, just rear up and kick with both hind feet. It seems that we must needs have kickers but after all the constitution will be ratified just the same. We never expected any set of delegates to frame a constitution to suit each individual. To do this would be impossible."

This is the kind of argument that the Farmington Times Hustler puts up in its insane fight against the constitution among its limited circle of readers in San Juan county.

"The people of this county are not peones to Privilege, nor will they bow to the Brewer's. Send on your hired Hessians. We will meet them at the gates of Gaza."

Selah. Fortunately, the great majority of the San Juan county voters are men of sound common sense, and the "Hessians" at the gates of Gaza will not perturb them very much. It seems that Governor Haskell is determined to fill up Oklahoma with men who have escaped from the criminal jurisdiction of neighboring states, judging by the difficulties that New Mexico experiences in having its regulations honored. The neighboring state has more than one reason to be ashamed of the man it elected to the executive chair during its frenzy of populism and socialism, which fortunately is rapidly giving way to saner second thought.

## FRATERNAL SOCIETIES

## MASONIC.

Montezuma Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M. Regular communication first Monday of each month at Masonic hall at 7:30 p. m.  
H. H. IORMAN, Acting Master

ALAN R. McCORD, Secretary.  
Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. A. M. Regular convocation second Monday of each month at Masonic hall at 7:30 p. m.  
S. G. CARTWRIGHT, H. P.  
ARTHUR SELIGMAN, Secretary.

Santa Fe Commandery No. 1, K. T. Regular convocation fourth Monday in each month at Masonic hall at 7:30 p. m.  
J. A. MASSIE, E. C.  
W. E. GRIFFIN, Recorder.

Santa Fe Lodge of Perfection No. 14th degree. Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of Free Masonry meets on the third Monday of each month at 7:30 o'clock in the evening in Visiting Scottish Rite Masons are cordially invited to attend.  
JOHN W. MAYES, 32, Venerable Master  
HENRY F. STEPHENS, 32, Secretary.

B. P. O. E.  
Santa Fe Lodge No. 469, B. P. O. E. holds its regular session on the second and fourth Wednesday of each month. Visiting brothers are invited and welcome.  
A. J. FISCHER, Secretary.

Knights of Pythias.  
Santa Fe Lodge No. 2, Knights of Pythias. Regular meeting 1st and 3d Tuesdays in month at 8 o'clock in I. O. O. F. hall, San Francisco St. Visiting Knights invited to attend.  
AUGUST REINGART, C. C.  
JOHN K. STAUFFER, K. R. S.

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Santa Fe Lodge No. 2, Knights of Pythias. Regular meeting 1st and 3d Tuesdays in month at 8 o'clock in I. O. O. F. hall, San Francisco St. Visiting Knights invited to attend.  
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## BLANKS.

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Proof, Testimony of Claimant, 4-369a, full sheet.  
Desert Land Entry, Declaration of Applicant, 4-274, full sheet.  
Deposition of Witness, 4-373a, 1-2 sheet.

Yearly Proof, 4-074b, full sheet.  
Final Proof, 4-372a, 1-2 sheet.  
Contest Notice, 4-345, 1 sheet.  
Affidavit to be filed before contest, 4-072, 1-2 sheet.

Affidavit of Contest Against Non-Resident Entryman, 4-628, 1-2 sheet.  
Notice of Intention to make final proof, 3-348, 1-2 sheet.

Additional Entry, 4-004, 1-2 sheet.  
320 Homestead Entry, 4-003, 1-2 sheet.

Small Holding Proof, Affidavit of Applicant, full sheet.

Relinquishment, 1-2 sheet.  
Township Plats, 1-4 sheet.  
Township Plats, full sheet.

## General Blanks.

Bond for Deed, 1-2 sheet.  
Bond of Indemnity, 1-2 sheet.  
Bond, General Form, 1-2 sheet.

Certificate of Marriage, 75c per doz.  
Official Bond, 1-2 sheet.  
Notice of Sale Under Foreclosure of Mortgage, full sheet.

Application for License, 1-2 sheet.  
Retail Liquor License, 1-2 sheet.  
Notice of Conveyance, 1-2 sheet.

Certificate of Election, 1-2 sheet.  
Report of the Assessors, full sheet.  
Deed, City of Santa Fe, 1-2 sheet.

Deed, City of Santa Fe, full sheet.  
Application for Marriage License, 1-2 sheet.

Certificate of Birth, 1-4 sheet.  
Certificate of Death, 1-4 sheet.

Butchers' Shipping Notices, 1-4 sheet.  
Promissory Notes 25c per pad.  
Receipts, 25c per pad.

Cost Bond, 1-4 sheet.  
Letters of Guardianship, 1-2 sheet.  
Guardian's Bond and Oath, 1-2 sheet.

Letters of Administration, 1-2 sheet.  
Administrator's Bond and Oath, 1-2 sheet.  
Letters Testamentary, 1-2 sheet.

Declaration in Assumpsit, 1-2 sheet.  
Declaration in Assumpsit, on Note Satisfaction of Mortgage, 1-2 sheet.  
Assignment of Mortgage, 1-2 sheet.

Lease, 1-2 sheet.  
Lease of Personal Property, 1-4 sheet.  
Chattel Mortgage, 1-2 sheet.

Warrant to Appraisers, full sheet.  
Power of Attorney, 1-2 sheet.  
Renewal of Chattel Mortgage, 1-2 sheet.

Replevin Writ, 1-4 sheet.  
Replevin Affidavit, 1-4 sheet.  
Peace Proceedings, Complaint, 1-4 sheet.

Warrant, 1-4 sheet.  
Commitment, 1-4 sheet.  
Attachment Affidavit, 1-4 sheet.

Attachment Bond, 1-4 sheet.  
Attachment Writ, 1-4 sheet.  
Attachment Summons as Garnishee, 1-4 sheet.

Execution, 1-4 sheet.  
Summons, 1-4 sheet.  
Certificate of Brand, 1-4 sheet.

Sheep Contract, 1-2 sheet.  
Justice of the Peace Blanks  
Appeal Bond, 1-2 sheet.

Appeal Bond, Criminal, 1-2 sheet.  
Appearance Bond, 1-2 sheet.  
Stock Blanks.

Bill of Sale—Animals wearing Vendor's Recorded Brand, 1-4 sheet.  
Bill of Sale, in Books of 25 Blanks, 40c per book.

Bill of Sale—Animals not Bearing Vendor's Recorded Brand, 1-4 sheet.  
Bill of Sale—Range Delivery, 1-4 sheet.

Bill of Sale, 1-2 sheet.  
Authority to Gather, Drive and Handle Animals Bearing Owner's Recorded Brand, 1-2 sheet.

Authority to Gather, Drive and Handle Animals Not Bearing Owner's Recorded Brand, 1-2 sheet.  
Contrato de Partido, 1-2 plego.

Escritura de Renuncia, 1-2 plego.  
Documento Garantizado, 1-2 plego.  
Hipoteca de Bienes Muebles, 1-2 plego.

Documento de Hipoteca, 1-2 plego.  
Documento Garantizado, extensa forma entera, full sheet.  
Certificado de Matrimonio, 10c cada uno.

Non-Mineral Affidavit, 4-062, 1-2 sheet.

Notice for Publication.  
(Not Coal—01450.)  
Department of the Interior.

U. S. Land Office at Santa Fe, N. M.  
November 21, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that Lucy Isabel Balfe, of Santa Fe, N. M., who on September 9, 1908, made homestead entry No. 01450, for SW. 1-4, NE. 1-4, NW. 1-4, SE. 1-4, and Lots 2 & 3, section 11, Township 16 N., Range 9 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Register or Receiver U. S. Land Office, Santa Fe, N. M., on the 30th day of December, 1910.

Claimant names as witnesses: Geo. S. Tweedy, Chas. A. Siringo, John S. R. Hammett, Edmonia T. Hammett, all of Santa Fe, N. M.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

Notice for Publication.  
(06966—Not Coal)  
Department of the Interior.

U. S. Land Office at Santa Fe, N. M.  
November 8, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that George Lathrop of Lamby, N. M., who, on September 18, 1905, made homestead entry No. 8255-06966, for SW. 1-4, Section 2, Township 11 N., Range 12 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Register and Receiver at Santa Fe, N. M., on the 23rd day of December, 1910.

Claimant names as witnesses: Macario Leyba, Polito Leyba, Atlano Quintana, Isabel Leyba, all of Leyba, N. M.

MANUEL OTERO, Register.

R. J. PALEN, President, J. B. READ, Cashier.  
L. A. HUGHES, Vice-President, FRANK McKANE, Assistant Cashier.

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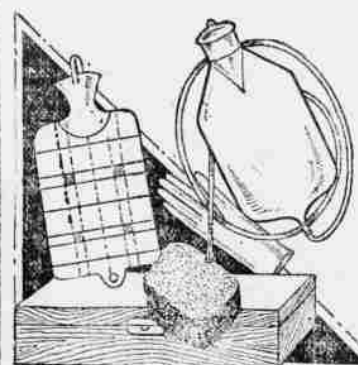
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## PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. Walter will not be at home to callers until after Christmas.  
Mrs. Jaffa will not be at home until after New Year.  
W. Hogan of Pittsburg, Pa., is here on legal business.  
K. Kurtz, a rancher from the Pecos, is at the Montezuma.  
Frank Bond, the Espanola merchant, is at the Palace.  
H. W. Adams of Vermojo Park, is here on legal business.  
F. M. Drescher of Denver is here on curio collection work.  
C. R. Wise, a dental supply salesman, is here from Denver.  
Mr. and Mrs. Edward S. Mares are visitors in the city from Taos.  
Frank Romero and Edward Thompson of Raton are at Gregg's Hotel.  
G. S. Edmonson, a lumber man from Louisville, Kentucky, is at the Montezuma.  
W. M. Calvert, a post office inspector from Denver, is at the Montezuma.

D. C. Rafael, a merchandise salesman from Des Moines, Iowa, is at the Claire.

A. C. de Baca of Cienega, southern Santa Fe county, is a business visitor in town.

John H. Young, a well known merchant from Questa, Taos county, is a visitor in town.

R. R. Michaelis who has spent the summer and fall here left this afternoon for El Paso.

Frank Bond of Espanola, a well known businessman, registered at the Palace last evening.

Miss Richie Seligman continues to improve and her friends are greatly pleased at the news.

Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Lee of Denver are here representing Colliers. They are stopping at the Claire.

J. Eaton a well known meat salesman is here from Las Vegas and is registered at the Palace Hotel.

Hon. Malagulas Martinez, territorial coal oil inspector, is here from Taos. He is stopping at the Coronado Hotel.

C. Martinez, L. de Martinez and Manuel Myrtoll all of Llano, Taos county, are visitors here on legal business.

Postmaster Edmund C. Burke is reported to be steadily improving and yesterday was able to sit up for a short time.

"Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Bardshar and Mrs. J. F. Burns of Wagon Mound were visitors in Las Vegas today."

Las Vegas Optic.

R. V. Kidder, the archaeologist from Boston, who has been working in Rito de los Frijoles canon, came to the city yesterday but will return to the Rito today.

L. J. Chapman, Armour's superintendent at Trinidad, Colorado, and S. S. Jerome, western superintendent for Armours, from Chicago, are at the Palace.

W. C. Hagan for whom the Hagan coal fields in Sandoval county are named, was in the city yesterday. He was formerly vice president of the New Mexico Central railway.

E. P. Kahnt and A. E. Everett, the well known grocery salesman from Denver are calling on the trade here. They are registered at the Montezuma Hotel.

Territorial Engineer Vernon L. Sullivan, his assistant Charles D. Miller, and Land Commissioner R. P. Ervien, who were at Las Cruces last evening, are booked to speak at Tularosa tomorrow and to go over the La Luz-Tularosa project.

W. W. Corbert, a civil engineer who spent some time in Santa Fe where he has many friends returned to the city last night from Pittsburg. He is stopping at the Montezuma Hotel and expects to visit here for a fortnight or more.

"Hon. F. C. Field, of Chapman, delegate to the constitutional convention was in Clayton on Monday and called at the Citizen office. Mr. Field believes the constitution will be adopted by the people and will be certified by Congress and the President."

"The work of the long session was heavy and often it seemed almost impossible to accomplish such in the face of the great amount to be covered but by hard work and much reasoning and an entire spirit of fairness a fine constitution was made" said Mr. Field. Not all was in it that should be from the stand point of the initiative but the referendum was a good work conscientiously performed and I am well satisfied with it. The stay in Santa Fe was most enjoyable and the hospitality extended there I can not soon forget I shall work hard until election day for the constitution and believe Union county as well as all New Mexico will vote almost solidly for it."—Clayton Citizen.

When your feet are wet and cold and your body chilled through and through from exposure, take a big dose of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy bathe your feet in hot water before going to bed, and you are always certain to ward off a severe cold. For sale by all dealers.

## SUNNY MONDAY

The use of Sunny Monday laundry soap means economy; economy in the saving of clothes—saving of time—saving of labor. Sunny Monday is a white soap which contains no rosin. It will double the life of your clothes, and one bar of it will go as far as two bars of any ordinary yellow laundry soap.  
Ask your grocer for Sunny Monday.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY CHICAGO

## RETIREMENT FROM BUSINESS RESULTS FATALITY TO STERN.

New York Dec. 6.—Isaac Stern, one of the best known dry goods merchants in the United States, died suddenly of heart disease at his home here. Four days ago he announced his retirement from active business as the head of the firm of Stern Bros., which he founded nearly fifty years ago.

## BLANKS

Printed and for sale by New Mexican Printing Company, Santa Fe, N. M.

Butchers' Bond, 1-2 sheet.  
Sheriff's Monthly Report of 14 censuses, 1-2 sheet.

Spanish Blanks.

Auto de Arresto, 1-4 plego.  
Auto de Prision, 1-4 plego.

Declaracion Jurada, 1-4 plego.  
Certificado de Nacimiento, 1-4 plego.

Fianza Oficial, 1-2 plego.  
Fianza Oficial y Juramento, 1-2 plego.

Fianza para Guardar la Paz, 1-2 plego.

Formula de Enumeracion, 1-2 plego.  
Contrato entre los Directores y Preceptores, 1-2 plego.

Caminos, 25c.  
Libros de Recibo de Captacion, 50 en un libro, 25c.

Noticia de Asesores de Asesamiento 100 en un libro, 75c.

Contrato de Combustible, 1-2 plego.  
Documento Sin Garantia, 1-2 plego.

Opcion, 1-2 sheet.  
Notas—Obligaciones, 25c por 50.

Libros—Certificados de Bonos, \$1.  
Libros de Recibos Supervisores de Libros de Eleccion de Directores de Escuela, 4, 6, y 8 paginas, 20c, 20c y 40c.

Aplicacion por Licencia de Matrimonio, 1-2 plego.  
Certificado de Muerte, 1-4 plego.

Certificado de Nacimiento, 1-4 plego.  
Registracion de Fallecimientos y Muertes, 25c.

Juez de Paz, Repertorio Criminal y Civil, \$4.  
New Mexico Supreme Court Reports, Nos. 1 and 2, full leather, \$6.50 a volume; 3 to 12 inclusive, \$3.30 each; Money's Digest of New Mexico Reports, full sheet, \$6.50. Postage 25c.

Retail Liquor License, 50 in Book, \$3.00.  
Nos. 13 and 14, \$2.70 each. Postage 25c each.

Notification of Change in Assessment by Assessor, 100 in Book, \$3.75.  
General License, 50 in Book, \$3.00.  
Assessor's Notice of Assessment, 100 in Book, 75c.

## Whatever

Kind of Work

You Do

## Grape-Nuts

FOOD

Will help you do it Better.

"There's a Reason."

## H. S. KAUNE & Co.

WHERE PRICES ARE LOWEST FOR SAFE QUALITY.

## A New Drink

A Healthful, Delicious Beverage DOLE'S Hawaiian Pineapple Juice : : : : :

TRY IT

NEW 1910 NUT MEATS, ALMONDS, WALNUTS, PECANS

NEW CHEESE OF ALL KINDS

## ANNOUNCEMENT.

IN VIEW OF THE FACT THAT THERE IS AN INCREASING DEMAND FOR NEW AND UP-TO-DATE FURNITURE IN THE HOMES OF OUR CUSTOMERS, AND REALIZING THAT WE CAN BE OF GREATER SERVICE TO THE PUBLIC BY EXTENDING TO THEM, LIBERAL TERMS OF CREDIT, AND AT THE SAME TIME INCREASE OUR SALES WE WILL, BEGINNING DECEMBER FIRST, AND CONTINUING THEREAFTER, INAUGURATE THE INSTALLMENT SYSTEM OF CREDIT, IN OUR FURNITURE AND STOVE DEPARTMENT.

THIS IS THE LITTLE-AT-A-TIME SYSTEM THAT IS IN VOGUE IN ALL THE LARGE CITIES OF THE COUNTRY. BY PAYING A PART DOWN AND THE BALANCE IN WEEKLY INSTALLMENTS, YOU CAN TAKE THE GOODS AND HAVE THE USE OF THEM WHILE PAYING.

THIS SYSTEM OF CREDIT WILL APPLY ONLY TO OUR FURNITURE AND STOVE DEPARTMENTS. DO NOT ASK US TO EXTEND ANY BUT THE REGULAR TERMS OF CREDIT IN ANY OF THE OTHER DEPARTMENTS OF OUR STORE. WE POSITIVELY WILL NOT EXTEND THIS SYSTEM BEYOND THESE TWO DEPARTMENTS.

WE HOPE BY THUS ENABLING THE PUBLIC TO ENJOY THE COMFORTS OF GOOD FURNITURE, WITH EASY TERMS FOR PAYING FOR IT, THAT WE WILL NOT ONLY INCREASE OUR SALES, BUT ENABLE THE PEOPLE, WHO HERETOFORE HAVE BEEN UNABLE TO PURCHASE GOOD RELIABLE FURNITURE, BECAUSE OF THEIR LIMITED INCOME, TO GET THE GOOD THING FROM LIFE THAT A COMFORTABLY FURNISHED HOME AFFORDS.

## SANTA FE HARDWARE & SUPPLY CO.

## TRAVIS SPOT CASH STORE

WE HAVE AN ELEGANT LINE OF GOODS USEFUL FOR

## Christmas Gifts

## LADIES

HAND BAGS, COMBS etc. COLLARS & BELTS

A FINE LINE OF NEWPORT SCARFS AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

## GENTLEMEN'S

GLOVES, TIES, PINS & SETS

ALSO A FINE LINE OF SHIRTS, ALL AT SPOT CASH PRICES.

## The Spot Cash Store.

CATRON BLOCK

M. W. TRAVIS Proprietor

FIRST CLASS HACK SERVICE CORRICK'S HACK LINE THEODORE CORRICK, Prop. For Hire at Popular Prices Buggies and Saddle Horses

DAY and NIGHT

24 Hour Electric Service

WIRE UP THOSE DARK PLACES

We are Agents

For Electric Irons, Broilers, Cleaners and Wash Tubs.

Call and See them in

Operation.

Santa Fe Water AND Light Company

DAY and NIGHT



# St. Louis Rocky Mt. & Pacific Railway Company.

GENERAL OFFICES--RATON NEW MEXICO.

(Read Down)		In effect Sept. 1st 1910		(Read Up)	
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	2	3	4	5	6
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277	278	279	280	281	282
283	284	285	286	287	288
289	290	291	292	293	294
295	296	297	298	299	300

Connects at Alamosa with R. P. & S. W. Ry. train both North and South. Stage for Van Houten N. M. meets train at Preston N.M. Stage leaves El Paso N. M. for El Paso, N. M., at 9:30 a. m. daily except Sundays. Fare to El Paso way \$3.50 round trip; fifty pound baggage carried free. O. & S. train leaves El Paso, N. M. for the south at 11:11 p. m. arrives from the south at 4:28 a. m.

E. G. DEDMAN, Superintendent. J. VAN HOUTEN, F. M. WILLIAMS, V. P. & G. M., G. P. Agent.

## ASK FOR TICKETS SHIP YOUR FREIGHT

From Santa Fe to El Paso, Bisbee Douglas and all points in New Mexico, Arizona, Mexico and to the Pacific Coast, via NEW MEXICO CENTRAL to Torrance, Thence

El Paso & Southwestern System The Best Route - East or West

For Rates and full information address  
**EUGENE A. FOX,**  
G. F. & P. A.  
El Paso Texas.

## WHEN GOING EAST OR WEST

use the  
**RIO GRANDE**  
Shortest Line to Denver,  
Colo. Springs and Pueblo

TICKETS AND RESERVATIONS AT  
CITY OFFICE IN

NEW MEXICAN BLDG.  
or  
UNION DEPOT.

## ROSSELL AUTO CO. ROSSELL NEW MEX

Carrying the U. S. mail and passengers between Vaughn, N. M., and Roswell, N. M., connecting with the El Paso & Southwestern and Rock Island Railroads and the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad. Leave Vaughn at 8:30 a. m., arrive in Roswell at 3:30 p. m. Leave Roswell at 8:30 a. m., arrive in Vaughn at 6 p. m. Baggage allowance of 50 lbs. to each regular ticket, excess baggage at the rate of \$5.00 per hundred lbs. Special automobiles furnished to accommodate any number of passengers to make special connections with any train at Vaughn, also to connect with New Mexico Central Railroad at Torrance for Santa Fe, N. M., by communicating with Manager of the Roswell Auto Co., at Roswell, N. M., at least 24 hours in advance. Rate for special \$10.00 to accommodate four or fewer passengers to either point.

**J. W. STOCKARD, MANAGER**

## TIME TABLE ALL LOCAL TRAINS

The following are the time tables of the local railroads:  
A. T. & S. F. Ry.

Leave—  
8:10 a. m. connect with No. 3 westbound, No. 10 eastbound.  
Returning arrive at Santa Fe 12:10 p. m.  
4:00 p. m. connect with No. 1 westbound.  
Returning arrive at Santa Fe, 6:30 p. m.  
7:30 p. m. connect with No. 7 and 9 westbound; No. 4 and 8 eastbound.  
Returning arrive at Santa Fe 11:10 p. m.

D. & R. G. Ry.  
Leave 10:15 a. m. for north.  
Arrive 3:35 p. m. from north.  
New Mexico Central Ry.  
Leave 7:30 a. m. connects with No. 34 east and 33 south and west.  
Arrive 8 p. m. with connection from No. 33 east; No. 34 south and west.

## GET THE GENUINE ALWAYS.

A substitute is a dangerous makeshift especially in medicine. The genuine Foley's Honey and Tar cures coughs and colds quickly and is in a yellow package. Accept no substitute. Sold at Capital Pharmacy.

## We Have Built Up



## WE HANDLE LUMBER

In large quantities and have every modern facility for furnishing the very best rough or dressed Lumber of every description. We are thus enabled to make the very best prices for Lumber of such high grade. We will be pleased to figure on your contracts.

**Charles W. Dudrow**

If you want anything on earth—try a New Mexican Want Ad.

## In Sudden Emergencies



like illness, it is often necessary quickly to raise the temperature of a room. For instance, in those hours between midnight and dawn, when the day temperature has been allowed to drop, if you are called upon to get up, the room is chilly and cold. It takes a long time to start up a furnace or fire and raise the temperature by ordinary means.

You can instantly heat a room to any desired temperature with a

**PERFECTION**  
SMOKELESS  
OIL HEATER  
Absolutely smokeless and odorless

It quickly gives heat, and with one filling of the font burns steadily for nine hours, without smoke or smell. Has automatic-locking flame spreader which prevents the wick from being turned high enough to smoke, and is easy to remove and drop back, so the wick can be cleaned in an instant. It has a cool handle and a damper top.

An indicator always shows the amount of oil in the font. It has a filler-cap which does not need to be screwed down; it is put in like a cork in a bottle, and is attached to the font by a chain.

The burner body or gallery cannot become wedged, because of a new device in construction, and consequently it can always be easily unscrewed in an instant for reworking.

The Perfection Oil Heater is finished in Japan or nickel. It is strong, durable and well made, built for service, yet light and ornamental.

Dealers Everywhere. If not at hand, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of the

**Continental Oil Company**  
(Incorporated)

## CITY COUNCIL.

Adjourned Regular Session of the City Council, Santa Fe, New Mexico, November 18, 1910.

The city council met in adjourned regular session on this 18th day of November, 1910, at the hour of 3:30 p. m., pursuant to adjournment of an adjourned regular session held on November 15, 1910.

Members present, Councilmen Armijo, Baca, Lopez, Moya, Ortiz and Wheelon, absent Councilmen Alarid, Gable, and Mayor Seligman.

In the absence of Mayor Seligman and the President of the Council Gable, on motion Councilman Wheelon was elected president pro tem. of this meeting. Councilman Lopez presented a petition signed by a majority of all the owners and proprietors of all property on either side of San Francisco street from the west line of Don Gaspar avenue west to the Denver & Rio Grande railroad track, asking that said street between those points be graded and paved, as provided in Chapter 42, Laws of New Mexico of 1903, agreeing to pay in cash the amounts set opposite their respective names on account of the expense of such grading and paving.

On motion of Councilman Lopez the said petition was received and ordered filed and the mayor was directed to enter into a contract for the grading and paving of said street and to have the same done at the earliest practical date, provided the petitioners shall make the cash payments on account of the expenses thereof as agreed by them in said petition.

Those voting in the affirmative on this proposition being: Councilmen Armijo, Baca, Lopez, Moya, Ortiz and Wheelon.

Those voting in the negative none. A similar petition was presented from the owners and proprietors of the property fronting on San Francisco street on the south side of the plaza from the Haspelmath property to the Seligman property both inclusive which was received and ordered filed, and on motion of Councilman Lopez the mayor of the city was duly authorized to have the said street graded and paved as provided in said petition and upon the terms and conditions set forth therein. Those voting in the affirmative on this proposition being: Councilmen Armijo, Baca, Lopez, Moya, Ortiz and Wheelon. In the negative none.

Councilman Lopez presented a petition from the property owners of the property from a point on Palace avenue east of the court house, north to a point on Hillside avenue near the residence of H. F. Stephens, asking that a new street be opened between said points on Palace avenue and Hillside avenue. This petition was signed by the owners and proprietors of all the lands through which this street will pass offering to donate the lands necessary for the opening of a new street forty feet in width between said points and to convey the necessary land therefore, upon condition that such street be opened, except H. F. Stephens, who owns a small tract of land necessary for such street purposes near its intersection with Hillside avenue.

On motion of Councilman Ortiz, the mayor was authorized and directed to have the said street opened and graded in accordance with the terms and conditions of the said petition, and in the event the said Stephens declines to donate sufficient of his land for the opening of said street, as provided in said petition, the city attorney is authorized and directed to institute condemnation proceedings for the purpose of condemning such land for

street purposes, as provided by law. Those voting the affirmative on this proposition being: Councilmen Armijo, Baca, Lopez, Moya, Ortiz and Wheelon. In the negative none.

J. V. Conway appeared before the council with reference to an obstruction in Cerrillos street near his residence in ward No. 2, and on motion of Councilman Ortiz the matter was referred to the committee on streets and bridges.

There being no further business the council adjourned.

**CHARLES A. WHEELON,**  
President Pro Tem.

**T. P. DELGADO,** City Clerk.

## A SIMPLE SAFEGUARD FOR MOTHERS.

Mrs. D. Gilkeson, 326 Ingles Ave., Youngstown, Ohio, gained wisdom by experience. "My little girl had a severe cold and coughed almost continuously. My sister recommended Foley's Honey and Tar. The first dose I gave her relieved the inflammation in her throat and after using only one bottle her throat and lungs were entirely free from inflammation. Since then I always keep a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar in the house. Accept no substitute. Sold by Capital Pharmacy.

## INHERITANCE TO BE DISTRIBUTED BY DICE.

Novel Will is Made by Albuquerque Property Owner Who Recently Died at Safford, Arizona.

Albuquerque, N. M., December 6.—Quaint and curious documents of many kinds have been filed in the Bernalillo county court house since its existence, but it is doubtful if there ever was presented for record a more unique paper than was offered for probate yesterday by the heirs of the late Carl Schroeder. The paper is, or purports to be the last will and testament of Mr. Schroeder, for many a resident of Albuquerque, who died in Safford, Arizona, August 28, 1910. Evidently at a loss how to dispose equitably of his property, Mr. Schroeder decided to place the burden of responsibility upon a game of chance. It is therefore specified in the will that Mr. Schroeder's two sons, Carl and Julius, throw dice, the fortunate one to have the first choice of certain specified property. The property described by Mr. Schroeder in his will, consisted of two houses, believed to be located on South Broadway in this city. The curious testament is written in old style German and was penned January 1, 1899, being witnessed by Adolph Harsch and E. B. Harsch. The document was translated by Otto Diesckman several days ago. The will was presented for probate yesterday and Judge Mora fixed February 6, 1911 as a date for the hearing. John F. Schroeder was appointed special administrator. A copy of the will is as follows:

"While I write this, two men are standing alongside of me, Mr. Adolph Harsch, senior and Mr. Eddy Harsch, Junior. They will testify by their signatures that I have written it and certainly with a clear mind and full knowledge.

"In Albuquerque I have two houses on a lot 50x142 feet. Of these, my son Carl Schroeder shall receive one, and my other son, Julius Schroeder, the other. They shall throw dice. Then I have a slaughter house with about three acres of land with it. These goes to both sons for division. Should there be cash money or other

trifles, it goes in halves. So written, January 1st, 1899.  
(Signed) CARL SCHROEDER.  
Adolph Harsch, E. B. Harsch, witnesses.

## HOTEL ARRIVALS

Palace.  
Mateo Lujan, City; W. C. Hagan, Pittsburg; Frank Bond, Espanola; C. A. Carruth, Antonio; F. M. Drescher, Denver; L. J. Chapman, Trinidad; S. S. Jerome, Chicago; W. H. Adams, Vermejo Park; J. Eaton, Las Vegas; C. R. Wise, Denver; W. G. Galloway, Atlanta, Ga.

Claire.  
Sylvanus Davis, Sacramento, Cal.; P. B. Wharton, San Francisco; R. S. Dodd, R. Rosenthal, St. Joseph, Mo.; C. Martinez, L. de Martinez, Manuel Myrold, Llanos; Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Lee, Denver; D. C. Rafael, Des Moines; Mr. and Mrs. Edward S. Mares, Taos.

Gregg.  
Frank Romero, Edward Thompson, Raton; George Walters, Topeka.

Montezuma.  
William Calvert, Denver; Miss True, Pajarito Ranch; J. V. Shaw, Colorado Springs; W. C. Hagan, Pittsburg; M. Kurtz, Peoria; F. L. Kahut, A. E. Everett, Denver; Col. J. A. Wood, Kansas City; William Corbett, Santa Fe; G. S. Edmonson, Louisville, Ky.

Coronado.  
John H. Young, Questa; H. Martinez, Alamosa, Colo.; James Peterson, Apache, Okla.; A. C. de Baca, Cienega; Malaquias Martinez, Taos.

## R. W. HAWKINS MADE ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT.

Was Efficient Operator of Postal Telegraph Company at Albuquerque. Succeeded by Reneau.

Albuquerque, N. M., Dec. 6.—It is announced that R. H. Hawkins, for the past ten years manager of the Postal Telegraph Company office, has been promoted to be assistant to Superintendent W. C. Black, of the Postal Company, with headquarters in Denver. The change will become effective January 1, and Mr. Hawkins will be relieved here by H. R. Reneau, for a number of years manager of the telegraph department for Nelson, Morris and Company, in Chicago. Mr. Hawkins' numerous friends and business associates in Albuquerque will be glad to learn of his well deserved promotion, but will regret that it will necessitate his removal from this city. For fourteen years a resident of Albuquerque, Mr. Hawkins has practically grown up with the city. During the entire time of his residence here he has been connected with the telegraph companies, for the past ten years being a permanent employee of the Postal Company. It is doubtful if there is any other man in the west who is such an expert electrician and telegraph engineer as Mr. Hawkins and that he will make good in his new position is a foregone conclusion. The major part of his new duties will be to inspect the various offices of the Postal Company in the Denver district, which includes Albuquerque, and to make such improvements in the service as he deems advisable.

To Mr. Hawkins' untiring energy and unusual ability to do the fact that the Albuquerque office of the Postal Company is known all over the system as the "model Postal office." That Mr. Hawkins will continue to ascend the ladder and that his ability will continue to be recognized by the Postal is the wish of his many friends in Albuquerque.

## TAKE CARE.

Remember that when your kidneys are affected, your life is in danger. M. Mayer, Rochester, N. Y., says: "My trouble started with a sharp shooting pain over my back which grew worse daily. I felt sluggish and tired, my kidney action was irregular and infrequent. I started using Foley's Kidney Pills. Each dose seemed to put new life and strength into me, and now I am completely cured and feel better and stronger than for years." Sold at Capital Pharmacy.

## INDIAN EXHIBIT AT CHICAGO WAS SUCCESSFUL.

It Attracted Much Attention and Was in Charge of Fred Harvey Company. Chicago, Dec. 6.—By all odds the greatest attraction at the United States Land and Irrigation Exposition which came to a close at Chicago's big Coliseum Sunday night after a successful career of sixteen days has been the Indian exhibit by the Santa Fe railroad under the management of R. W. Miller, traveling auditor for the Fred Harvey Company. Mr. Miller brought here a band of twenty Indians from New Mexico which he installed in one of the largest and most centrally located exhibition booths in the hall. The band is composed of four Navajos and sixteen Hopis. The Navajos comprise a husband and wife and two young daughters. The woman Elle is claimed to be the most expert Indian blanket weaver in the world, while his little girl Yasha who is only 9 years old but bright and pretty as a new picture is rapidly showing signs of having inherited her mother's genius with the clumsy Indian loom which they use. Tom, the husband and father, is a well-to-do Indian who owns 1,000 sheep and many cattle. He says he is sixty-nine years old and remembers the Indian wars of half a century ago. He does not look half that old.

"The Hopis include six men, three women, three 'kids', three young girls and a papoose. The young girls and the children are graceful and pretty, and they have aroused constant admiration from the tens of thousands of visitors at Chicago's big band show. The girls have given a butterfly dance nightly which has awakened great applause, while the Hopi men have shown the pale faces every evening what the Eagle, the Corn and the Buffalo dances look like. All of the Indians start home to New Mexico to-

night and they were busy shopping in Chicago stores yesterday.

## JESUS SEDILLO ENTERS PLEA OF GUILTY.

Is Accused of Larceny. J. C. Somstrom Admits That He Drew and Uttered Worthless Checks.

Albuquerque, December 6.—In the district court yesterday a number of prisoners were arraigned before Judge Ira A. Abbott and allowed to plead guilty or not guilty to the charges brought against them as the result of indictments returned by the grand jury. Jesus Sedillo pleaded guilty to the charge of larceny from a shop; John Barley pleaded not guilty to a similar charge and Attorney H. B. Jamison was assigned by the court to defend him. J. C. Somstrom is the man who obtained a new outfit of clothing from E. L. Washburn company, and made a bluff purchase of ten acres of valley land at \$150 an acre from the Porterfield Real Estate Company, both transactions being manipulated with bogus paper. Pedro Martinez, when arraigned on a charge of being accessory to another with intent to kill, said he was not guilty. Bruno Armijo, indicted on a charge of assault with intent to kill, pleaded not guilty.

## ORATORICAL CONTEST AT SANTA FE HIGH SCHOOL.

Will Take Place Friday Evening Winner to Go to Las Vegas Meet After Christmas.

The annual oratorical contest of the Santa Fe high school will take place next Friday evening, December 9, in the high school auditorium. There will be eight contestants and the one who succeeds in carrying off the gold medal will represent the high school at the New Mexico oratorical contest to be held at Las Vegas on December 23, during the session of the New Mexico Educational Association to be held there at that time.

It is expected that nine high schools of the Territory will be represented at that time, and the one which carries off the oratorical honors there will be presented with a beautiful ten dollar gold medal, and the one winning second place will receive a fine silver medal. Of course, Santa Fe expects to carry off one of the medals. It is to be hoped that a large audience will greet the speakers on next Friday evening to lend inspiration and encouragement. There will be good music under the management of Mrs. Matilde Coard, the musical director.

Worse than an alarm of fire at night is the metallic cough of croup, bringing dread to the household. Careful mothers keep Foley's Honey and Tar in the house and give it at the first sign of danger. It contains no opiates. Sold at Capital Pharmacy.

## KEEP THE KIDNEYS WELL.

Health is Worth Saving, and Some Santa Fe People Know How to Save It.

Many Santa Fe people take their lives in their hands by neglecting the kidneys when they know these organs need help. Sick kidneys are responsible for a vast amount of suffering and ill health, but there is no need to suffer nor to remain in danger when all diseases and aches and pains due to weak kidneys can be quickly and permanently cured by the use of Doan's Kidney Pills. Here is a Santa Fe citizen's recommendation.

Hyman Lowitzki, 115 Guadalupe St., Santa Fe, N. M., says: "I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills, as they have been used by myself and other members of the family with splendid results. The value of Doan's Kidney Pills for relieving pain in the back and the other kidney difficulties has been thoroughly proven to me."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Lilburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

## TO AND FROM ROSWELL.

Connection made with Automobile line at Vaughn for Roswell, daily. Automobile leaves Vaughn for Roswell at 8:30 a. m. and arrives at Roswell at 3:30 p. m. Automobile leaves Roswell for Vaughn at 12:30 a. m. and arrives at Vaughn at 6 p. m. The fare between Santa Fe and Torrance is \$5.50 and between Torrance and Roswell \$10. Reserve seats on automobile by wire.—J. W. Stockard

## GROWING CHILDREN

play hard and work hard at school, and rapid growth uses up an enormous amount of energy and vitality that needs replacing. This accounts for the many delicate, sickly and ailing children we see on our streets.

We wish the mother of every such child would come to our store for a bottle of Vinol, as it is a delicious cod liver and iron tonic which children love to take, and it is easily assimilated.

A grateful mother in Durand, Mich., says her little girl was weak, pale, and had no appetite. She gave her Vinol and she began to thrive at once—and she gained rapidly in weight, color and strength. (Name furnished on request.)

Vinol builds up good healthy flesh and muscle tissue and makes thin little limbs round and plump.

Try a bottle of Vinol with the understanding that if it does not benefit your child your money will be returned. Capital Pharmacy.

## New Mexico Military Institute

ROSSELL, NEW MEXICO, "The West Point of the Southwest." Army Officers Detailed by War Department Army Inspectors RANK SCHOOL IN CLASS "A."

Through Academic course, preparing young men for college or for business life. Great amount of open air work. Healthiest location of any Military School in the Union. Located on the beautiful Pecos Valley—the garden spot of the West—at an elevation of 3,700 feet above sea level, sunshine every day, but little rain or snow during season.

Eleven Officers and instructors, all graduates from standard eastern colleges. Ten buildings, thoroughly furnished, heated, lighted and modern in all respects.

REGENTS—E. A. Cahoon, President; W. G. Hamilton, Vice President; J. Phelps White, Treasurer; W. M. Atkinson Secretary, and W. A. Finlay.

For particulars and illustrated catalog address.

**COL. JAS. W. WILLSON,**  
Superintendent.



COL. JAS. W. WILLSON, Superintendent.

## EUGENIO ROMERO LUMBER & COAL YARD

Lumber and all kinds of building material Lump, nut and mine run coal

YARD ON HICKOX STREET, NEAR NEW M



# WORK OF YEAR REVIEWED BY THE PRESIDENT

Affairs of State Are Dealt With  
at Length in Annual  
Message.

BUT LITTLE ABOUT TARIFF

President Discusses Work of  
Tariff Board—Ship Sub-  
sidy Is Urged.

WORK ON PANAMA CANAL

Need of Legislation Anticipating Com-  
pletion of the Ditch Is Pointed  
Out—Change in Postal Rates—  
Parcels Post and Postal  
Savings—Economy  
Urged.

Washington, Dec. 6.—President Taft's annual message to congress contained 40,000 words, and is said to be the longest document of its kind ever written. In it he reviews the work of each of the administrative departments beginning with the state department. He devotes considerable space to the satisfactory settlement of the fisheries dispute with England through the medium of the Hague Tribunal, and recounts both the history of the fisheries dispute and the establishment of the tribunal.

In connection with the state department he tells of the important political happenings of the past twelve months throughout the entire world, and the action of this country in connection with them.

**Tariff Negotiations.**  
Referring to the negotiation of new tariff agreements President Taft says:

"The new tariff law, in Section 2, respecting the maximum and minimum tariffs of the United States, which provisions came into effect on April 1, 1910, imposed upon us responsibility of determining prior to that date whether any undue discrimination existed against the United States and its products in any country of the world with which we sustained commercial relations.

"In the case of several countries instances of apparent undue discrimination against American commerce were found to exist. These discriminations were removed by negotiation. Prior to April 1, 1910, when the maximum tariff was to come into operation with respect to importations from all those countries in whose favor no proclamation applying the minimum tariff should be issued by the president, one hundred and thirty-four such proclamations were issued.

"This series of proclamations embraced the entire commercial world and hence the minimum tariff of the United States has been given universal application, thus testifying to the satisfactory character of our trade relations with foreign countries.

"Marked advantages to the commerce of the United States were obtained through these tariff settlements.

"The policy of broader and closer trade relations with the Dominion of Canada which was initiated in the adjustment of the maximum and minimum provisions of the tariff act of August, 1909, has proved mutually beneficial. It justifies further efforts for the readjustment of the commercial relations of the two countries so that their commerce may follow the channels natural to contiguous countries and be commensurate with the steady expansion of trade and industry on both sides of the boundary line."

**Ship Subsidy.**

The president urges such action as he believes will increase American trade abroad, and says:

"Another instrumentality indispensable to the unhampered and natural development of American commerce is merchant marine. All maritime and commercial nations recognize the importance of this factor. The greatest commercial nations, our competitors, jealously foster their merchant marine. Perhaps nowhere is the need for rapid and direct mail, passenger and freight communication quite so urgent as between the United States and Latin America. We can secure in no other quarter of the world such immediate benefits in friendship and commerce as would flow from the establishment of direct lines of communication with the countries of Latin America adequate to meet the requirements of a rapidly increasing appreciation of the reciprocal dependence of the countries of the western hemisphere upon each other's products, sympathies and assistance.

"I alluded to this most important subject in my last annual message; it has often been before you and I need not recapitulate the reasons for its recommendation. Unless prompt action be taken the completion of the Panama canal will find this the only great commercial nation unable to avail in international maritime business of this great contribution to the means of the world's commercial intercourse.

**Governmental Expense.**

To no one subject does he devote more space than to the expense of conducting the various government departments and the urgent need for economy, and in this connection he says:

"Every effort has been made by each department chief to reduce the estimated cost of his department for

now reiterate this opinion and ask your consideration of the subject in the light of the report already before you made by a competent board.

"Another question which arises for consideration and possible legislation is the question of tolls in the canal. This question is necessarily affected by the probable tonnage which will go through the canal.

"In determining what the tolls should be we certainly ought not to insist that for a good many years to come they should amount to enough to pay the interest on the investment of \$400,000,000 which the United States has made in the construction of the canal. We ought not to do this, first, because the benefits to be derived by the United States from this expenditure are not to be measured solely by a return upon the investment. If it were then the construction might well have been left to private enterprise.

"My own impression is that the tolls ought not to exceed 1 per cent, and I should recommend that within certain limits the president be authorized to fix the tolls of the canal and adjust them to what seems to be commercial necessity.

"I cannot close this reference to the canal without suggesting as a wise amendment to the interstate commerce law a provision prohibiting interstate commerce railroads from owning or controlling ships engaged in the trade through the Panama canal. I believe such a provision may be needed to save to the people of the United States the benefits of the competition in trade between the eastern and western seaboard which this canal was constructed to secure."

"These figures do not include the appropriations for the Panama canal, the policy in respect to which ought to be, and is, to spend as much each year as can be economically and effectively expended in order to complete the canal as promptly as possible, and therefore, the ordinary motive for cutting down the expense of the government does not apply to appropriations for this purpose.

"Against the estimates of expenditures, \$640,494,013.12, we have estimated receipts for next year \$680,000,000, making a probable surplus of ordinary receipts over ordinary expenditures of about \$50,000,000, or taking into account the estimates for the Panama canal, which are \$56,820,847.69, and which will ultimately be paid in bonds, it will leave a deficit for the next year of about \$7,000,000. If congress shall conclude to fortify the canal."

**The Tariff.**

The president devotes but little space to the subject of the tariff law, and of it he says:

"The schedules of the rates of duty in the Payne tariff act have been subjected to a great deal of criticism, some of it just, more of it unfounded, and to much misrepresentation. The act was adopted in pursuance of a declaration by the party which is responsible for it that customs bill should be a tariff for the protection of home industries, the measure of the protection to be the difference between the cost of producing the imported article abroad and the cost of producing it at home, together with such addition to that difference as might give a reasonable profit to the home producer. The basis for the criticism of this tariff is that in respect to a number of the schedules the declared measure was not followed, but a higher difference retained or inserted by way of undue discrimination in favor of certain industries and manufactures. Little, if any, of the criticism of the tariff has been directed against the protective principle above stated; but the main body of the criticism has been based on the attempt to conform to the measure of protection was not honestly and sincerely adhered to."

**The Tariff Board.**

The president refers to the appointment of a board of experts to investigate the cost of production of various articles included in the schedules of the tariff, and says:

"The tariff board thus appointed and authorized has been diligent in preparing itself for the necessary investigations. The hope of those who have advocated the use of this board for tariff purposes is that the question of the rate of a duty imposed shall become more of a business question and less of a political question, to be ascertained by experts of long training and accurate knowledge. The halt in business and the shock to business, due to the announcement that a new tariff bill is to be prepared and put in operation will be avoided by treating the schedules one by one as occasion shall arise for a change in the rates of each, and only after a report upon the schedule by the tariff board competent to make such report. It is not likely that the board will be able to make a report during the present session of congress on any of the schedules, because a proper examination involves an enormous amount of detail and a great deal of care; but I hope to be able at the opening of the new congress, or at least during the session of that congress, to bring to its attention the facts in regard to those schedules in the present tariff that may prove to need amendment."

**Our Island Possessions.**

"During the last summer, at my request, the secretary of war visited the Philippine islands and has described his trip in the report. He found the islands in a state of tranquillity and growing prosperity, due largely to the change in the tariff laws, which has opened the markets of America to the products of the Philippines, and has opened the Philippine markets to American manufactures.

"The year has been one of prosperity and progress in Porto Rico.

**Panama Canal.**

"At the instance of Colonel Goethals, the army engineer officer in charge of the work on the Panama canal, I have just made a visit to the Isthmus to inspect the work done and to consult with him on the ground as to certain problems which are likely to arise in the near future. The progress of the work is most satisfactory. If no unexpected obstacle presents itself, the canal will be completed well within the time fixed by Colonel Goethals, to wit, January 1, 1915, and within the estimate of cost, \$375,000,000.

"Among questions arising for present solution is the decision whether the canal shall be fortified. I have already stated to the congress that I strongly favor fortification and I

now reiterate this opinion and ask your consideration of the subject in the light of the report already before you made by a competent board.

"Another question which arises for consideration and possible legislation is the question of tolls in the canal. This question is necessarily affected by the probable tonnage which will go through the canal.

"In determining what the tolls should be we certainly ought not to insist that for a good many years to come they should amount to enough to pay the interest on the investment of \$400,000,000 which the United States has made in the construction of the canal. We ought not to do this, first, because the benefits to be derived by the United States from this expenditure are not to be measured solely by a return upon the investment. If it were then the construction might well have been left to private enterprise.

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**Department of Justice.**

Discussing the affairs of the department of justice, the president says:

"I invite especial attention to the prosecutions under the federal law of the so-called 'bucket shops,' and of those schemes to defraud in which the use of the mail is an essential part of the fraudulent conspiracy, prosecutions which have saved ignorant and weak members of the public and are saving them hundreds of millions of dollars. The violations of the anti-trust law present perhaps the most important litigation before the department, and the number of cases filed shows the activity of the government in enforcing that statute.

"In a special message last year I brought to the attention of congress the propriety and wisdom of enacting a general law providing for the incorporation of industrial and other companies engaged in interstate commerce, and I renew my recommendation in that behalf."

**The Crying Need in the United States of cheapening the cost of litigation by simplifying judicial procedure and expediting final judgment is pointed out and action looking to correction of these evils is urged.**

**The president recommends an increase in the salaries of federal judges.**

**Postal Savings Banks.**

"At its last session congress made provision for the establishment of savings banks by the postoffice department of this government by which under general control of trustees, consisting of the postmaster general, the secretary of the treasury and the attorney general, the system could be begun in a few cities and towns, and enlarged to cover within its operations as many cities and towns and as large a part of the country as seemed wise. The initiation and establishment of such a system has required a great deal of study on the part of the experts in the postoffice and treasury departments, but a system has now been devised which is believed to be more economical and simpler in its operation than any similar system abroad. Arrangements have been perfected so that savings banks will be opened in some cities and towns on the first of January, and there will be a gradual extension of the benefits of the plan to the rest of the country."

"It is gratifying," says the president, "that the reduction in the postal deficit has been accomplished without any curtailment of postal facilities. On the contrary, the service has been greatly extended during the year in all its branches."

**Second-Class Mail.**

"In my last annual message I invited the attention of congress to the inadequacy of the postal rate imposed upon second-class mail matter in so far as that includes magazines, and showed by figures prepared by experts of the postoffice department that the government was rendering a service to the magazines, costing many millions in excess of the compensation paid. An answer was attempted to this by the representatives of the magazines, and a reply was filed to this answer by the postoffice department. The utter inadequacy of the answer, considered in the light of the reply of the postoffice department, I think must appeal to any fair-minded person. Whether the answer was all that could be said in behalf of the magazines is another question. I agree that the question is one of fact; but I insist that if the fact is as the experts of the postoffice department show, that we are furnishing to the owners of magazines a service worth millions more than they pay for it, then justice requires that the rate should be increased. The increase in the receipts of the department resulting from this change may be devoted to increasing the usefulness of the department in establishing a parcels post and in reducing the cost of first-class postage to one cent. It has been said by the postmaster general that a fair adjustment might be made under the advertising part of the magazine should be charged for at a different and higher rate from that of the reading matter. This would relieve many useful magazines that are not circulated at a profit, and would not shut them out from the use of the mails by a prohibitory rate.

"With respect to the parcels post, I respectfully recommend its adoption on all rural delivery routes, and that 11 pounds—the international limit—be made the limit of carriage in such post."

**Abolish Navy Yards.**

The president calls attention to certain reforms urged by the secretary of the navy which he recommends for adoption, and continues:

"The estimates of the navy department are \$5,000,000 less than the ap-

propriations for the same purpose next year, and included in this is the building program of the same amount as that submitted for your consideration last year. It is merely carrying out the plan of building two battleships a year, with a few needed auxiliary vessels. I earnestly hope that this program will be adopted.

"The secretary of the navy has given personal examination to every navy yard, and has studied the uses of the navy yards with reference to the necessities of our fleet. With a fleet considerably less than half the size of that of the British navy, we have shipyards more than double the number, and there are several of these shipyards expensively equipped with modern machinery, which, after investigation the secretary of the navy believes to be entirely useless for naval purposes. He asks authority to abandon certain of them and to move their machinery to other places, where it can be made of use."

"The complete success of our country in arctic exploration should not remain unnoticed. The unparalleled achievement of Peary in reaching the north pole, April 6, 1909, approved by critical examination of the most expert scientists, has added to the distinction of our navy, to which he belongs, and reflects credit upon his country. I recommend fitting recognition by congress of the great achievement of Robert Edwin Peary."

**Conservation.**

"The subject of the conservation of the public domain has commanded the attention of the people within the last two or three years.

"There is no need for radical reform in the methods of disposing of what are really agricultural lands. The present laws have worked well. The enlarged homestead law has encouraged the successful farming of lands in the semi-arid regions.

"Nothing can be more important in the matter of conservation than the treatment of our forest lands. It was probably the ruthless destruction of forests in the older states that first called attention to the necessity for a halt in the waste of our resources."

"In the present forest reserves there are lands which are not properly forested, and which ought to be subject to homestead entry. This has caused some local irritation. We are carefully eliminating such lands from forest reserves or where their elimination is not practical listing them for entry under the forest homestead act.

"Congress ought to trust the executive to use the power of reservation only with respect to land most valuable for forest purposes. During the present administration, 62,500,000 acres of land have been reserved, have been excluded from forest reserves, and 3,500,000 acres of land have been principally used for forest purposes. A reduction in forest reserves, making a reduction in forest reserves of non-timbered land amounting to 2,750,000 acres."

**Coal Lands.**

"The next subject, and one most important for your consideration, is the disposition of the coal lands in the United States and Alaska. At the beginning of this administration there were withdrawn from entry for purposes of classification 17,867,000 acres. Since that time there have been withdrawn by my order from entry for classification 18,977,745 acres, making a total withdrawal of 36,844,745 acres. Meantime of the acres thus withdrawn, 1,061,859 have been classified and found not to contain coal and have been restored to agricultural entry, and 4,726,091 acres have been classified as coal lands; while 7,993,235 acres remain withdrawn from entry and await classification. In addition 337,000 acres have been classified as coal lands without prior withdrawal, thus increasing the classified coal lands to 16,429,372 acres.

"Under the laws providing for the disposal of coal lands in the United States, the minimum price at which lands are permitted to be sold is \$10 an acre; but the secretary of the interior has the power to fix a maximum price and to sell at that price.

"As one-third of all the coal supply is held by the government, it seems wise that it should retain such control over the mining and the sale as the relation of lessor to lessee furnishes.

"The secretary of the interior thinks there are difficulties in the way of leasing public coal lands, which objections he has set forth in his report, the force of which I freely concede. I entirely approve his stating at length in his report of the objections in order that the whole subject may be presented to congress, but after a full consideration, for the reasons I have given above, I favor a leasing system and recommend it."

**Water Power Sites.**

"Prior to March 4, 1909, there had been, on the recommendation of the reclamation service, withdrawn from agricultural entry, because they were regarded as useful for power sites which ought not to be disposed of as agricultural lands, tracts amounting to about 4,000,000 acres. The withdrawals were hastily made and included a great deal of land that was not useful for power sites. They were intended to include the power sites on 29 rivers in 9 states. Since that time 3,475,442 acres have been restored for settlement of the original 4,000,000 because they do not contain power sites; and meantime, new withdrawals have been made which, with other restorations based upon field examination, result in withdrawals at present effective of 1,218,856 acres on vacant public land, and 203,197 acres on entered public land, or a total of 1,422,053 acres. These withdrawals made from time to time cover all the power sites included in the first withdrawals and many more, on 151 rivers and in 12 states. The disposition of these power sites involves one of the most difficult questions presented in carrying out practical conservation.

"The subject is one that calls for new legislation. It has been thought that there was danger of combination to obtain possession of all the power sites and to unite them under one control. Whatever the evidence of this, or lack of it, at present we have had enough experience to know that combination would be profitable, and the control of a great number of power at will within certain sections.

"However this may be, it is the

plain duty of the government to see to it that in the utilization and development of all this immense amount of water power, conditions shall be imposed that will prevent extortionate charges, which are the usual accompaniment of monopoly.

"The question of conservation is not a partisan one, and I sincerely hope that even in the short time of the present session consideration may be given to those questions which have now been much discussed, and that action may be taken upon them."

**Alaska.**

"With reference to the government of Alaska, I have nothing to add to the recommendations I made in my last message on the subject. I am convinced that the migratory character of the population, its unequal distribution, and its smallness of number, which the new census shows to be about 50,000, in relation to the enormous expanse of the territory, make it altogether impracticable to give to those people who are in Alaska today and may not be there a year hence, the power to elect a legislature to govern an immense territory to which they have relation so little permanent."

**Pensions.**

"The uniform policy of the government in the matter of granting pensions to those gallant and devoted men who fought to save the life of the nation in the perilous days of the great civil war, has always been of the most liberal character. Those men are now rapidly passing away. The best obtainable official statistics show that they are dying at the rate of something over three thousand a month, and in view of their advanced years, this rate must inevitably in proportion, rapidly increase. To the man who risked everything on the field of battle to save the nation in the hour of its direst need we owe a debt which has not been and should not be computed in a begrudging or parsimonious spirit."

**Bureau of Corporations.**

Referring to the report of the commissioner of corporations, the president says:

"The commissioner finds a condition in the ownership of the standing timber of the United States other than the government timber that calls for serious attention. The direct investigation made by the commissioner covered an area which contains 80 per cent of the privately-owned timber of the country.

"His report shows that one-half of the timber in this area is owned by 200 individuals and corporations; that 14 per cent is owned by these corporations, and that there is very extensive inter-ownership of stock, as well as other circumstances, all pointing to friendly relations among those who own a majority of this timber, a relationship which might lead to a combination for the maintenance of a price that would be very detrimental to the public interest, and would create the necessity of removing all tariff obstacles to the free importations of lumber from other countries."

**Bureau of Labor.**

"The commissioner of labor has been actively engaged in composing the differences between employers and employees engaged in interstate transportation, under the Erdman act, jointly with the chairman of the interstate commerce commission.

"I cannot speak in too high terms of the success of the two officers in conciliation and settlement of controversies which, but for their interposition, would have resulted disastrously to all interests.

**Civil Service Commission.**

"The civil service commission has continued its useful duties during the year. The necessity for the maintenance of the provisions of the civil service law was never greater than today. Officers responsible for the policy of the administration, and their immediate personal assistants or deputies, should not be included within the classified service, but in my judgment, public opinion has advanced to the point where it would support a bill providing a secure tenure during efficiency for all purely administrative officials. I entertain the profound conviction that it would greatly aid the cause of efficient and economical government and of better politics if congress could enact a bill providing that the executive shall have the power to include in the classified service all local offices under the treasury department, the department of justice, the postoffice department, the interior department and the department of commerce and labor, appointments to which now require the confirmation of the senate, and that upon such classification the advice and consent of the senate shall cease to be required in such appointments. By their certainty of tenure, dependent on good service, and by their freedom from the necessity for political activity, these local officers would be induced to become more efficient public servants."

**Economy and Efficiency.**

"The increase in the activities and in the annual expenditures of the federal government has been so rapid and so great that the time has come to check the expansion of government activities in new directions until we have tested the economy and efficiency with which the government of today is being carried on. The responsibility rests upon the head of the administration. He is held accountable by the public, and properly so. Despite the unselfish and patriotic efforts of the heads of departments, and others charged with responsibility of government, there has grown up in this country a conviction that the expenses of government are too great. The fundamental reason for the existence undetected of waste, duplication, and bad management is the lack of prompt, accurate information.

"I have requested the head of each department to appoint committees on economy and efficiency in order to secure full co-operation in the movement by the employees of the government themselves.

"I urge the continuance of the appropriation of \$100,000 requested for the fiscal year 1912.

"My experience leads me to believe that while government methods are much criticized, the bad results—if we do have bad results—are not due to a lack of zeal or willingness on the part

of the civil servants."

**Interstate Commerce.**

"There has not been time to test the benefit and utility of the amendments to the interstate commerce law contained in the act approved June 13, 1910. The law as enacted did not contain all the features which I recommended. It did not specifically denounce as unlawful the purchase by one of two parallel and competing roads of the stock of the other. Nor did it subject to the restraining influence of the Interstate Commerce commission the power of corporations engaged in operating interstate railroads to issue new stock and bonds; nor did it authorize the making of temporary agreements between railroads limited to 30 days, fixing the same rates for traffic between the same places.

"I do not press the consideration of any of these subjects upon congress at this session.

"The interstate commerce commission has recommended appropriations for the purpose of enabling it to enter upon a valuation of all railroads. This has always been within the jurisdiction of the commission, but the request to the value of each railroad would be valuable for many purposes, especially if we ultimately enact any limitations upon the power of the interstate railroads to issue stocks and bonds, as I hope we may.

"For the protection of our own people and the preservation of our credit in foreign trade, I urge upon congress the immediate enactment of a law under which one who, in good faith, advances money or credit upon a bill of lading issued by a common carrier upon an interstate or foreign shipment can hold the carrier liable for the value of the goods described in the bill at the valuation specified in the bill, at least to the extent of the advances made in reliance upon it.

"I further recommend that a punishment of fine and imprisonment be imposed upon railroad agents and shippers for fraud or misrepresentation in connection with the issue of bills of lading issued upon interstate and foreign shipments.

"Except as above, I do not recommend any amendment to the interstate commerce law as it stands. I do not now recommend any amendment to the anti-trust law. In other words, it seems to me that the existing legislation with reference to the regulation of corporations and the restraint of their business has reached a point where we can stop for a while and witness the effect of the vigorous execution of the laws of the statute books in restraining the abuses which certainly did exist and which roused the public to demand reform."

**Waiting for Him.**

"Yes, mum," said Poetic Pete, as he twined an autumn leaf through his buttonhole, "I am a great lover of the romantic. I stopped at his gate because I saw de sign 'Ilewood'."

"You did?" approved the housewife. "Well there is a lot of idle wood down at the woodpile. Just take this ax and split up half a cord."

**"Up in the Air."**

Bill—Russia has appropriated nearly \$1,000,000 for a complete army aeroplane equipment, the largest sum expended for the purpose by any government.

Jill—Well, when it comes to talking of war, Russia nearly always is the first country to go up in the air—Yonkers Statesman.

**NO CHANCE FOR A MISTAKE.**

Prosecuting Attorney—You are willing to swear that it was the prisoner at the bar who fired the fatal shot?

Witness—Yes, yer honor, I could not be mistaken! There was only sixteen fellaers shooting at the time, so I could easy keep track of them!

**Now.**

Without halting.  
Without stopping.  
Go and do your  
Christmas shopping.

**All for Love.**

He—I want you to give me a proof of your love, dearest.  
She—Oh, Ernest! Am I not dancing with you?  
He—That's nothing.  
She—You wouldn't say that, dear, if you knew how badly you danced!—New Zealand Free Lance.

**Couldn't Understand It.**

"This stock," said the promoter, "is fully paid up and non-assessable."  
"Well, if it's fully paid up," replied the man who was inexperienced in such matters, "I can't see why you want me to put money into it. Wouldn't that be unfair to the people who paid it up?"

**A Precise Young Lady.**

"My dear Ethel," said her mother in concern, "were you out in all that dreadful rain?"  
"No, mamma, dear," replied the miss, just home from boarding school, "I was caught merely in that portion of the shower which descended in my immediate vicinity."

**Taking No Chances.**

"Will you be my wife?"  
"I won't answer that till we get ashore. The last time I promised in a canoe to marry a man he upset the canoe and nearly drowned me."

**MANUEL R. OTERO.**

Register.

If you want anything on earth—try a New Mexican Want Ad.

# WANTS

WANT—Girl for general housework Apply S. F. Hdw. & Supply Co.

WANTED—Competent woman for general house work. Apply this office.

ROOM TO RENT—Furnished, close in, reasonable price. Inquire at this office.

FOR SALE—Cows, horses and wagon. Apply at Mrs. Otto Retsch 402 Galisteo St.

**TYPEWRITERS**

Cleaned, adjusted and repaired. New typewriters furnished. Ribbons and supplies. Typewriters sold, exchanged and rented. Standard makes handled. All repair work and typewriters guaranteed. Santa Fe Typewriter Exchange. Phone Black 231.

FOR SALE—Handsome quarter sawed oak desk, roller top, filing device, spacious and in Al condition. Cost \$100 will sell for \$60. Also have one substantial desk in splendid condition for lower price. Inquire New Mexican.

**NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION**

Small Holding Claim No. 2520. 014351—not coal.

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Santa Fe, N. M., Nov. 21, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891, (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and the said proof will be made before Alfredo Montoya, Probate Clerk at Bernalillo, N. M., on January 9, 1911, viz: Marcos C. de Baca, of Pena Blanca, N. M., for the claim 2520 in secs. 35 and 36, T. 16 N., R. 5 E., N. M. P. M. Surveyed in May 1909.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz: Luis Leyba, Gaurio Crespin, Paz Segura, Antonio Lucero, all of Pena Blanca, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by the claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**

(013750.) Coal Land—Jemez Forest. Small Holding Claim No. 4372 Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Santa Fe, N. M., Nov. 9, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Commr., at Cuba, N. M., on December 26, 1910, viz: Mauricio Sanchez, of Cuba, N. M., for the claim 4372 in Sec. 7, T. 20 N., R. 1 W., and Sec. 12, T. 20 N., R. 2 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz: Vicente Sanchez, Manuel Sanchez, Sam Wiggins, Elias Sanchez, all of Cuba, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

**Notice for Publication.**

(013846)—Coal—Jemez Forest.) Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Santa Fe, N. M., Nov. 14, 1910. (Republication.)

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Commr., at Cuba, N. M., on February 10, 1911, viz: Celso Sandoval, of Cuba, N. M., for the claim 44



## No. 4 CASH No. 4

### GROCERY AND BAKERY

**EGGS** STRICTLY FRESH (ANDREWS RANCH) Dz. - 60c.  
GUARANTEED FRESH KANSAS FARM Dz. - 50c.  
FRESH COLO. RANCH Dz. - 40c.

### BUCKWHEAT

We have New Mexico raised Buckwheat  
freshly ground, TRY IT. . . . .

Our prices are right and you need not hesitate as to the quality.

WE BUY THE BEST THAT CAN BE BOUGHT.

Phone No. 4. F. ANDREWS Phone No. 4.

THE REXALL STORE

THE REXALL STORE

### BARGAINS IN STATIONERY

A Double Box of Real  
Linen Stationery for **40c.**

Steel Cut Embossed Initial  
Stationery all-Letters-Per Box **40c.**

ONLY AT

*The Rexall Store*

FISCHER DRUG COMPANY

THE REXALL STORE

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### SURGEON'S FOOT-BRACE

AN EFFECTIVE RELIEF FOR MEN AND WOMEN WHO SUFFER

### FOOT DISCOMFORT

FEATHER-WEIGHT ARCH SUPPORT.  
Wonderful invention for fallen arch, worn  
in ordinary shoes.

**JOHN PFLUEGER**

Shoe Specialist

248 San Francisco St.

**CLARENDON  
GARDEN**  
R. V. BOYLE Mgr.

**RIPE FRUIT NOW  
CUT FLOWERS, WEDDING  
BOUQUETS, and FUNERAL  
DESIGNS.**

CLARENDON POULTRY YARDS

FRESH LAID EGGS every day

Pure bred barred Plymouth Rocks and White Wyandottes. Chickens  
are yarded in the orchard under the trees and fed on clean wholesome food  
only. No chance of Tuberculosis germs nor Ptomatine poisoning.  
A FEW FAT HENS FOR EATING.

### Minor City Topics

Continued From Page Two.

Standard, noiseless sewing machines, bed rock prices, at GOEBELS. Big Change of Program at the Elks' tomorrow night. Watch for the titles. Bicycle License—The license for bicycles is only \$1.00 and not \$3.00 as stated erroneously last evening.

Beautiful Calendars—Williams & Rising, the enterprising livery firm, is distributing very handsome calendars for the year 1911.

Train Late—Santa Fe train No. 19 from the south and west on the Santa Fe was over three hours late this afternoon.

What could make a more acceptable or appropriate Christmas gift, useful to every man and woman, than a hundred engraved calling cards? The New Mexican can suit the most fastidious in this line.

Useful gifts, the kind the sensible people like generally, men, women, and children, are suggested in the advertisement in this issue for the Spot Cash Store. Cash prices prevail, and a very good selection offered. Read the ad.

Its Third Charter—That the First National bank is an old, well-established financial institution, is vividly brought to mind by the legal advertisement in today's paper, extending its charter for the second time for twenty years by the comptroller of the currency.

Have You Seen that beautiful love story "Blasted Hoopes" at the Elks' Your only chance tonight.

Girls vs. Boys—The girls on the first team of the high school will play a game of basket ball next Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock p. m. with the boys of the second team also of the high school. The game will be played at the armory hall.

A Neat Christmas Gift—Christmas is not very far away and now is the time to order attractive gifts. Could anything be nicer than boxes of embossed stationery? Leave your orders at the New Mexican.

A Good Investment—A government bond that will net its investor a little over three per cent per annum is considered a good investment. A certificate of deposit in the First National bank is as good as any government bond and nets four per cent. See the announcement in the advertising columns.

It is a pleasure to be able to con over all the attractive things offered for Christmas Gifts, for every one, by your own friends and then, after your mind is made up, go out and get goods. W. N. Townsend has a half-page display ad. in this issue in which he mentions everything that the heart of man, woman, or child could wish for, and at prices that should draw an immense trade. He states that his store is the home of Santa Claus, and to go into it, one can well believe it. Read the advertisement, by all means.

Advertising Pays—"While delegating at Santa Fe, William McKean did some neat stunts in advertising Taos and Taos county. He had an ad in the New Mexican advising the readers of that journal to "watch Taos county grow," and had the opportunity to answer a myriad of questions asked by those who had heard of Taos and the brilliant prospects that are just ahead of it. "It pays to advertise," and by the notice Taos is getting outside, the proof of this old saying is

only more and more exemplified. The attention of outsiders is being attracted this way."—Taos Valley News.

Oh, You Politicians—See the way Politics win and lose. Hearts and Politics will tell it to you at the Elks' tonight.

Ahead of Father Time—Williams & Rising, the well known liverymen of San Francisco street are ahead of Father Time for they have sent out calendars for 1911 to their patrons and given December 1910 a rude jolt. The calendars bear the picture Charmion from the painting of E. Vernon and were printed in colors in New York. One sees a maiden picking cherries and her lips are "cherry red" while her eyes are of a puzzling color. She has finely penciled eyebrows and a wealth of auburn hair. She is good to look at, and many will see her as they glance at the calendar during the coming year. H. P. Williams, the manager of the Williams and Rising livery is to be commended for his taste in the selection of his calendar, which has become a favorite form of advertising in December, together with newspaper notices.

Albuquerque's Friend Will Retire—Brigadier General Earl Denison Thomas, commanding officer of the Department of the Colorado, will retire from the United States army January 4, 1911, after forty-nine years of military life, the greater part of which was spent in the west. General Thomas is an ardent advocate of an army post for Albuquerque.

George Rivenburg is Dead—Grant Rivenburg has received word that his brother, George H. Rivenburg, who had visited here and made many friends died at his home in Geneseo, Illinois on Thanksgiving day. He was a noted prohibitionist and labored long and successfully for the prohibition cause.

### TEXAS MILLIONAIRE MAKES UNUSUAL REQUESTS.

Manufacturer of Patent Medicines Gives Three Large Tracts of Land for Ministers.

Excelsior Springs, Mo., Dec. 6.—A broad charity along unusual lines is provided in the will of the late millionaire patent medicine manufacturer and railroad builder, Charles F. Simmons, who died while in search of health at Excelsior Springs, Mo., November 4. "Dr." Simmons, who made a large fortune in San Antonio devises to the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, three large tracts of land in Live Oak county. These are to be divided into farms and the bishops of the church and their successors are requested to designate, from time to time, such superannuated ministers and their families, to occupy these farms for such length of time, free of charge, as the bishops may deem best. The will states that it is decedent's desire to provide self-supporting homes for these ministers and the executor is directed to erect on each farm a "neat, five room frame house to cost not exceeding \$1,000, and to put a good well on each farm." Several hundred thousand dollars will be represented in this bequest.

"Dr." Simmons, the prefix having been generally given him because of his connection with a liver remedy manufacturing concern, a business handed down to him from his father, often expressed the wish that he could do something for the many aged ministers of his church, men who had grown old in missionary work, laboring under pioneer conditions in many

sections of the state, where constant journeying was necessary on their circuits. They had no chance to accumulate much of this world's goods and they appeared to him as an opportunity for doing good with his money.

The section of southwest Texas where these ministers' farms will be located is among the most productive in truck gardening, such as melons, vegetables, from the tomato, cauliflower, lettuce, etc., to citrus fruits and cotton. On forty acres, which would be just about the right size for one man to handle with the help of his family, not only a good living could be obtained, but it is a poor farmer who could not put up between \$1,000 and \$2,000 per year. Especially is this so, when water for irrigation is furnished by a good well, such as is ordered in the will. The executors applaud the plan for its practicability. If a minister turns out to be a successful farmer after six or seven years, he will have laid by enough to keep him and his wife comfortably the balance of their days. They will then leave the farm, permitting some other superannuated minister to take their place.

Charles F. Simmons was a character widely known in the south. He came to Texas from Memphis, Tennessee, years ago with a comfortable fortune made from his patent medicine. With his wife and large family of daughters, he located in San Antonio, building a handsome residence and opening a branch office for the sale of his medicine. He was one of the first to recognize the fortunes that can be made in Texas land, and acquired large tracts for three and four dollars an acre in Bexar, Atascosa, Live Oak, and other counties. When the rush of the land hungry from the north began, the "Dr." found himself one morning a very rich man. The land he paid four dollars an acre for was worth \$10 to \$20. So rapidly was San Antonio growing and its tributary country settling up, that he conceived the idea of still further assisting in the development by building a railroad from San Antonio to Brownsville, nearly three hundred miles in length. After several futile attempts to interest capital, he started to build the railroad himself. This was two years ago, and every foot of work has been paid for out of his own pocket. It is now in operation for about seventy miles, and three thriving towns have come into existence along its right of way. A daily passenger train and freight service is operated. At his death the general impression was that he had dissipated in his railroad his millions, but the list of his property and holdings in all lines shows that he was richer at his death than when he began laying rails to the lower Rio Grande valley.

### TEXAS TURKEYS APPEAR TO BE FAVORITES.

New England as Well as Middle Atlantic States Are Sending for Them.

Brownsville, Texas, Dec. 6.—Turkeys from Texas will be served Christmas day on thousands of tables in New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, and even in the New England states, where the great national feast bird was first recognized and given the place of honor in the new country's history. Agricultural communities in southwest Texas will come near arriving in a constant stream by mail and telegraph from northern

A factor  
for pure food  
ante-dating all state  
and national food laws

**DR. PRICE'S**  
CREAM  
BAKING POWDER

No Alum—No Phosphates

Be on your guard. Alum Powders may be known by their price—10 or 25c. a lb., or one cent an ounce.

cities. Whether there is a scarcity of turkeys in the north is not known by local commission men, but it is a fact that all records in the shipping of the big birds are being broken this year. About one thousand birds a day are leaving Cuero, Texas, in the center of the turkey raising country of the southwest.

"Turkey shipments over our road this fall have been the heaviest of any previous year," said A. R. Atkinson, division freight and passenger agent for the Southern Pacific railroad. "Most of the turkeys have come from the Cuero country, and the price has been higher than in years. In some places in northern Texas turkeys are bringing the fancy price of thirty-seven cents a pound this year. If this demand for Texas turkeys in the north continues, we folks down here will have to scratch around mightily for funds with which to buy Christmas turkeys, so high is the price soaring."

Some of the largest turkeys ever shipped to market are grown in the San Antonio country, where the poultry industry is assuming great proportions, ranking with hog raising, and almost with cattle in the revenue it is bringing the ranchmen who are taking advantage of the semi-tropical climate, the cheap and quickly raised feed, and the rapid growth of chickens and ducks and turkeys. In several poultry raising localities plants with the latest equipment for handling large numbers of poultry have been built. It is a known fact that the excellence of the Texas product has created its own market in the largest cities of the north.

### SAME OLD STORY OF ACCIDENTAL KILLING.

Grand Junction, Colorado, Dec. 6.—The accidental discharge of a revolver during a scuffle between two boys resulted last night in the killing of Grace Burgener, aged 15, who was seated in a room underneath that in which the bullet was fired. W. S. Marshall gave himself up to the sheriff immediately after the shooting and is held pending an investigation. He was engaged in a scuffle with a companion in the upper story of the home of M. W. Smith. The girl was

seated in the dining room below talking to Mrs. Smith.

Marshall had a revolver and his companion was trying to wrest it from him when the weapon was discharged. The bullet crashed through the floor and pierced Miss Burgener's heart. She died instantly. The girl was the daughter of S. H. Burgener.

### CERTIFICATE REEXTENDING CHARTER.

Treasury Department, Office of Comptroller of the Currency.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 2, 1910.

Whereas, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SANTA FE, located in the City of Santa Fe, in the County of Santa Fe and Territory of New Mexico, has complied with all the provisions of the Act of Congress "to enable National Banking Associations to extend their corporate existence, and for other purposes," approved July 12, 1882, as amended by the act, approved April 12, 1902;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, LAWRENCE O. MURRAY, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SANTA FE, located in the City of Santa Fe, in the County of Santa Fe, and Territory of New Mexico, is authorized to have succession for the period specified in its amended articles of association, namely, until close of business on December 2, 1920.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF witness my hand and Seal of office this second day of December, 1910.

LAWRENCE O. MURRAY,  
Comptroller of the Currency.

(Seal)  
Charter No. 1750. Extension No. 1767.

The quicker a cold is gotten rid of the less the danger from pneumonia and other serious diseases. Mr. B. W. L. Hall, of Waverly, Va., says: "I firmly believe Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to be absolutely the best preparation on the market for colds. I have recommended it to my friends and they all agree with me." For sale by all dealers.

If you want anything on earth—try a New Mexican Want Ad.

# THE BIG STORE

**A Prescription Guaranteed to Keep  
You Comfortable in Cold Weather.**

**IS YOUR TEMPERATURE GOING DOWN?** Try Overcoat treatment, guaranteed cure for cold, taken in small, medium or long doses, All sorts of good Overcoats \$10.00 to \$25.00.

### TEMPERATURE STILL GOING DOWN?

Try Suit treatment, gets nearer to you than Overcoats, and comes at attractive prices. Good sorts marked \$12.50 to \$27.50.

### YOUR TEMPERATURE GONE DOWN AS FAR AS IT CAN?

**NO!** Try our good, warm Underwear, all kinds, styles and grades.

**THERE!** We have made you comfortable at last and you'll stay so all Winter. Pocket book isn't hurt much either—is it? Right prices is what makes the trade, buy of a house that never disappoints.



**NATHAN SALMON Clothier.**