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Mr. and Mrs. A. C. White

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THE KENNA RECORD

VOL. 16

KENNA, ROOSEVELT COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, APRIL 7, 1921

NO. 3

WEEKS NAMES NEW ARMY STAFF

NO ONE NAMED FOR MAJOR GENERALS PLACE BUT WILL BE SOON

IS ALMOST SEC. BAKER'S LIST

One Less Name Appears On List To Be Sanctioned by President Harding Which is That of Brig. Gen. C. R. Edwards.

Washington.—Secretary Weeks announced that President Harding would appoint the following chiefs of service. 11 of the officers failed of comment:

To be major generals: C. S. Farnsworth, chief of infantry; Charles T. Menoher, air service; W. J. Snow, field artillery; W. A. Holbrook, cavalry; George O. Squire, chief signal officer John L. Chamberlain, inspector general.

To be brigadier generals: Herbert M. Lord, chief of finance; Amos A. Fries, chief of chemical warfare service. All of the officers failed of confirmation during the last session of congress.

Secretary Weeks indicated that a new chief of staff of the army to succeed Major General Peyton C. March, would be selected before the special session of congress convenes April 11. He refused to discuss the matter beyond saying that the "name of the new chief of staff will probably be announced before congress meets."

Compilation of the list of nominations for general officers is expected to be completed soon by the secretary.



Maj. Gen. Chas. T. Menoher

The list, it is understood, will be almost a duplicate of that sent to congress by former Secretary Baker, which failed of confirmation. One important exception, however, may be the inclusion of the name of Brigadier Clarence R. Edwards, former commander of the 26th (New England) national guard division overseas, to head the list of major generals. His name did not appear in the Baker nominations.

RENE VIVIANI IS IN THE U. S.

Came To Visit Pres. Harding, But Will Not Say Why.

New York.—Rene Viviani, former premier of France and now envoy extraordinary of the French government to this country, arrived on the steamship Lorraine. He will confer with President Harding to see whom he came "on a mission of courtesy."

A small reception committee, composed of city and state department officials went down the bay to meet the official and brought him back to Battery Park, where thousands had assembled. Although the exact time of his arrival had not been announced, the crowds waited patiently.

He declined to discuss the official nature of his visit to this country before having talked with President Harding.

"I have come to the United States," he said, "to pay the president of this great republic

LIEUT. W. D. CONEY IS DEAD

DEATH COMES AFTER FALL FROM AIRPLANE

Was Attempting to Make Another Transcontinental Flight When His Plane Was Wrecked.

Natchez, Miss.—Lieut. W. D. Coney, who was injured recently while attempting to make a transcontinental



Lieut. W. D. Coney

flight from Jacksonville, Florida, to San Diego, California.

The death of the lieutenant, whose back was broken in the fall, resulting in a complete paralysis of his body from the chest down, was not unexpected, and his physicians had announced earlier that he could live.

Mrs. E. F. Coney, mother of the lieutenant, of Brunswick, Georgia. Mrs. W. H. Devoe, an aunt of Jacksonville, Florida, and E. F. Coney, a brother, of Brunswick, Georgia, were with the flier at the time of his death. Lieutenant Coney is a son of the late Edgar F. Coney, a lumberman of Brunswick.

At the outbreak of the Mexican trouble in 1916 he enlisted with the Brunswick rifles, an infantry organization, and saw service on the border. Returning to Brunswick in 1917 about the time the United States entered the European war, he entered the officers training camp at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia, where he was commissioned a second lieutenant of infantry. Later he was transferred to the air service.

Was Flying Instructor.

He was assigned as flying instructor during the war and had no opportunity to see service at the front. On the day he was injured the announcement was made at San Diego, California, of his promotion to a first lieutenancy.

TO REDUCE INCOME TAX

Senator Penrose Outlines Program for Revenue Legislation.

Washington.—A general scaling down of all income taxes, with reductions in the levy of small incomes as well as the heavy surtaxes on large earnings was prestaged by Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania, chairman of the senate finance committee. Senator Penrose outlined the plans for revenue and tariff legislation on which congress will be called to act at the special session beginning April 11.

The senator declared that he hoped that the finance committee would be able to begin the preparation of the new tax bills within the next week. The plan, he said, is to draft these measures while the house ways and means committee is working on the tariff in order that the revenue legislation will be ready for congress as soon as the tariff is out of the way.

While still in a formulative stage, Senator Penrose asserted that the new program of federal taxation contemplates the abolition of the excess profits tax entirely.

SIX ARE KILLED IN EXPLOSION

BOOTLEG MANUFACTURE OF FIRECRACKERS AND EX- PLOSIONS CAUSE.

MANUFACTURERS ARE HELD

Many Are Homeless and More Than 100 Are Injured as the Results of the Blast Which Caused Many Small Buildings to Collapse.

Chicago.—Manufacture and storage of fireworks in a manner prohibited by city ordinances was blamed by city and police officials for an explosion in the heart of the west side tenement district which killed at least eight persons, injured 100 or more, rendered dozens temporarily homeless and damaged buildings blocks away.

Two men were held in jail in connection with the disaster and two others, possibly killed in the explosion, were sought by the police.

The explosion wrecked the warehouses of Well and company, paper dealers, where a dozen men were working. All were believed to have been killed.

Next door was the firm of Singer and Shaffer, dealers in novelty merchandise. Chief of Police Charles Fitzmorris and Fire Attorney Shirley High, after completing investigations declared that the Singer and Shaffer firm had manufactured fireworks in and around the warehouse in violation of city ordinances and that combustion of these fireworks was to blame for the disaster. They declared the firm frequently had been warned to discontinue the manufacture and had been repeatedly warned that fireworks could not be stored within the city limits.

Men Admit Charge.

According to Mr. High and Chief Fitzmorris, the two men held in jail both admitted that the firm manufactured fireworks and that it had conducted an illicit trade in this product. Dozens of salesmen toured the central west taking orders, they were quoted as saying.

More than a ton of T. N. T., dynamite and other explosives is believed to have been consumed in the explosion. Scores of fireworks labels, pieces of firecrackers and torpedoes were found near the wreckage. In a nearby building were 7,000 pounds of torpedoes, according to the police, and evidence indicating that hundreds of pounds of gunpowder and dynamite recently had been shipped to the firm, was said by the police to have been found.

Four Are Identified.

Only four of the eight persons known to be dead had been identified. The other bodies were so badly mangled as to be unrecognizable.

Many persons whose homes had been so badly damaged by the explosion as to be untenable were given temporary quarters in the Garfield school house where 1,500 children were attending school at the time. The roof of the building was damaged but the children escaped unhurt.

JOHN BURROUGHS IS DEAD

Was On His Way Home From California When Death Came

Utica, N. Y.—John Burroughs, naturalist, died on a New York Central train near Kingsville, Ohio, on his way home from California. He had been very ill for six weeks with an abscess on the chest and heart and with kidney complications.

He was so eager to get home that the long journey was undertaken with the hope that he could survive. The end came suddenly, a few minutes after he had asked: "How near home are we?"

His physician, Dr. Clara Barrus, his granddaughter, Ursula Burroughs, and the Misses Eleanor and Harriet Burroughs accompanied him on the journey.

Rate On Cotton Reduced.
Houston, Tex.—The Mallory and Morgan lines announce a reduction of sixteen cents in the rate on cotton

Tires and Tubes
Boots and Patching

Accessories
and Supplies

Phone 42

P. & R. GARAGE

Elida, New Mexico

Acetylene Welding
Expert Mechanics

W. E. LUCAS
PROPRIETOR

ED. J. NEER,

Undertaker and Embalmer

LICENSED BY STATE BOARD

Calls answered day or night. Office phone 67 two rings. Residence, 67 three rings. Agent for Roswell and Amarillo Greenhouses. Portales, New Mexico.

Complete Line of Caskets and Robes

The Old Time Preparations Are Good

—and you will find them all here—from Dobell's solution to the end of the chapter. All correctly compounded and bearing the guaranteeing label of

McLain Drug Co.

THE PRESCRIPTION DRUG STORE
ROSWELL, N. M.

GO TO

KEMP LUMBER CO.

ELIDA, N. M.

For Wire, Posts, Cement, Lumber and Building Material, Sash Doors and Hardware

S. G. BRIDGES, Manager.

KENNA BANK & TRUST COMPANY.

Kenna, New Mexico.

STRAIGHT BANKING ON SAFE
AND SOUND METHODS.

Cobbler Close to Coolidge

Town Shoe Repairer, "Friend, Philosopher and Guide" of Vice President.

HELPS TO SHAPE HIS CAREER

Friendship Begun in College Days Continues Through Early Struggles and Subsequent Prominence in Politics.

Northampton, Mass.—James Lucey, mender of shoes, is pegging away in his shop here with one eye on the newspapers for word of how the national capital treats Calvin Coolidge, his one-time associate in local politics, and now vice president.

When Vice President Coolidge, just before departing for Washington recently, grasped the cobbler's hand as the photographers snapped their cameras, he gave him a distinction that he was asked to explain. "Put Mr. Lucey down as my guide, philosopher and friend," he said. And so the cobbler is now nationally known.

What the vice president meant was more or less well known to Northampton folk. The story goes back to the days when Calvin Coolidge was a sophomore at Amherst college. With shoes to be repaired he sought Lucey's shop on Gothic street in this city, and then remained to listen to the cobbler's homely comments on the topics of the day.

Helped to Shape Career.

The student found the shoemaker's philosophy so engaging that during the remainder of his college course he went frequently to see him. As a lawyer later young Coolidge opened offices here, and while he waited for clients, continued his acquaintance with the cobbler. Throughout his career in the politics of the city and state, Mr. Coolidge dropped in at the shoe shop from time to time to exchange ideas with his friend and have the benefit of the latter's pointed political observations.

The youthful Coolidge took away lessons from the cobbler counsellor; Coolidge, the candidate, received the benefit of his influence, which was considerable in city politics, and when he rose to a position of state and national prominence he still received

the loyal support of the shoe man. Mr. Lucey, modestly explaining that Mr. Coolidge long since passed out of his range of influence, admits that he may have been of some help when the vice president was on the first rungs of the political ladder.

Cement Closer Friendship.

The cobbler says that the only time he ever crossed Calvin Coolidge seemed to make firmer the friendship between them. Mr. Coolidge had sought the election of a friend as mayor, and asked Mr. Lucey as a delegate to the party caucus to stand in his behalf, but the cobbler, already bound to the opposing candidate, refused. This evidence of loyalty to a prior allegiance served to heighten their mutual respect.

The shoemaker, a native of Ireland, came to Northampton forty years ago at the age of twelve. A family of

eight children, seven of whom are now living, has made demands on his earning ability. Five are girls, one is a stenographer, two are teachers, a fourth, who was formerly a teacher, is now married and one is a clerk. Of the two boys one is a graduate of Holy Cross college, and the other is a student in the Northampton Commercial college.

Income Tax Four Cents; He Pays in Installments

Augusta, Ga.—A taxpayer whose total tax is 4 cents and who insists on his right to pay in four installments and who bought a 1-cent money order for which he paid 3 cents was revealed here today. The taxpayer, a tall, lanky farmer, who gave his address as Lincoln county, but whose name was not divulged, personally submitted his return to the deputy collector of internal revenue, using the 1-cent money order to pay the first installment.

Now Tap Air to Get Music

Radio Amateurs Enjoy "Concord of Sweet Music Sounds" From 60 Miles Away.

CONCERTS A NIGHTLY AFFAIR

Development of Radio Equipment Has Brought Price of Apparatus Down —Wire and Broom Handle Enough for Aerial.

New York.—Rapid development of the radio telephone has made possible for thousands of persons in New York and other parts of the country fulfillment of Longfellow's prophecy that "the night shall be filled with music."

Enterprising amateur wireless operators, as well as many commercial stations, now put out through the air each night concerts created by attaching to sending sets phonographs and player pianos. Others, more enterprising, sing or play the violin and

other instruments for the benefit of all who will "listen in."

Receiving Apparatus Cheap.

Approximately one-half the amateurs in the New York district are licensed, permitting them to send.

Development of the radio equipment has been such that a practical receiving apparatus can be purchased for a very few dollars—the prices range upward in accordance with the equipment.

Great stretches of aerials are no longer necessary. A few feet of wire, looped over the end of a broom and hung out over the fire escape, and a ground wire attached to a radiator or water pipe answer. Some do not even call on the family broom, but attach a wire to the spring of a bed or a couch and excellent results follow.

On a recent evening one amateur residing in New York city heard seven concerts at one time coming from distances varying from two to 100 miles. By means of "tuners" these concerts were easily separated so that each one stood out clear and distinct from the others as desired.

Music From Sixty Miles.

The Press club of Jackson Heights, a suburban residential district of New York, recently featured a radiophone demonstration at a meeting of the members. By the aid of a "loud speaker" the members were enabled to dance from 9 p. m. until midnight to music which came in from varying distances. In a medley dance the members of the club started with a waltz, played at Woodside, Long Island, five miles away; swung into a fox-trot, played at Brighton Beach, 15 miles distant; to a one-step, which came from Paterson, N. J., 35 miles away, then back to a fox-trot, emanating from a phonograph about sixty miles up state. At 10 o'clock all watches were set by the time signals which were sent out from the United States navy station at Arlington, Va.

So numerous have their amateurs become and so united their interests by being able to talk with each other at will that they formed an association. They held a convention at a New York hotel. They exhibited not only their latest possessions in modern sets, but also brought with them the home-made apparatus of their pioneer days. During the convention lectures were given and nightly concerts from distant stations featured.

SILKS FOR SPRING

Fabric in High Favor for Various Garments.

Material Used for Hats Arriving From Paris and for Headgear Created in America.

While the new styles are undeniably attractive, notes a New York fashion correspondent, the big question that must be satisfactorily settled before much buying can be safely done, whether it be of ready-made things or of materials for custom or home preparation, is "what will the favorite fabric be?"

The answer seems to be—silk. Fashion has decreed linen years, madras years, other silk years, cotton years and, during the war, a gingham year. Now silk is to return to a place that it once held, and never entirely lost, in the hearts of women.

Garments are made up almost entirely in silk from brassieres to evening frocks while the spring hats arriving from Paris and those created here are trimmed with silk used in novel ways. It seems probable, too, that silk shoes will be used this year for street wear as well as a part of the evening costume. In hosiery the more expensive lines will be plain and of the heavier grades of silk without fanciful designs.

The designer for one of the famous modistes declares that there is a strong psychological angle to the appeal of silk to women. She has discovered that from children of twelve or fourteen up to dowagers all prefer silk for the same reason, differently expressed. She found it difficult to put this universal reason into a phrase, and it is even more difficult to record it as second hand, as it were. The children frankly said that it made

them feel "dressed up;" the debutantes said that it made them feel properly equipped; the matrons declared it "such good form," and the dowagers expressed the belief that silk was a dignified and proper fabric for those who are no longer young and that it had the advantage of lasting so well that they did not have to bother about new gowns every little while just as they were getting accustomed to their favorite ones.

SPRING FASHION SHOW MODEL



This is an interesting tailleur shown at the spring promenade of the National Retail Garment association in Chicago. It is of gray cheviot stitched in blue.

THE SKIRT LENGTH QUESTION

Younger Women Prefer Shorter Garment Despite What Dame Fashion May Have to Say.

As to skirt length, that question is an individual one and always will be. It seems impossible to induce a great many of the younger women to wear their skirts longer, no matter what Dame Fashion may have to say about the matter. And as a matter of fact, some matrons whose skirts should have a more dignified length seem to feel that a trifle below the knees is quite as far as a skirt should go. However, skirts for the coming season are distinctly wider than for several seasons, and a rather wide skirt, especially if it has any flare at all, looks shorter than it really is.

The circular skirt is distinctly in the limelight just now, but it is too early to say whether or not it will really "take." The type of skirt is always an experiment, and the woman who is to have just one suit or frock for spring will do well to avoid it. Circular skirts almost always sag; that is, unless made of very firm material and most carefully shaped.

Patent Leather Hat.

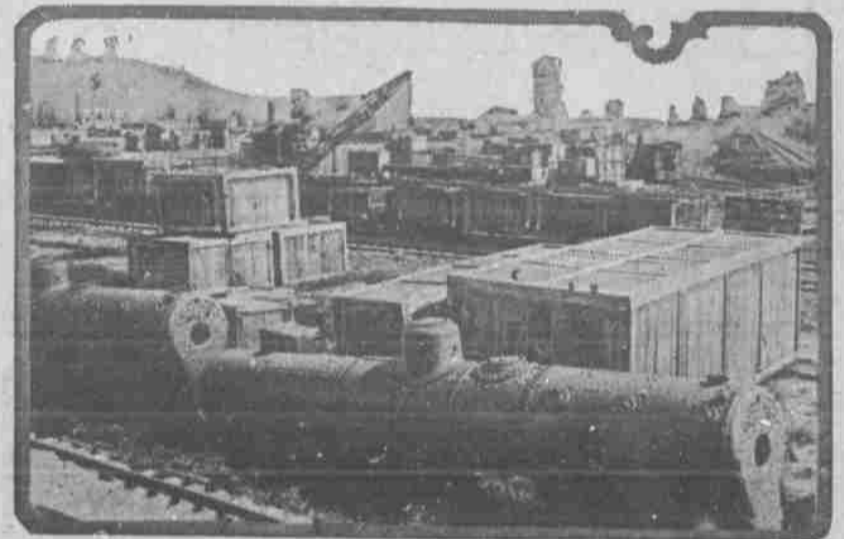
A smart hat worn by a woman who knows how to dress is made of black patent leather of a fine, thin quality, with tiny colored wooden beads, sewed on at regular intervals all over its surface.

NEW GOWN FOR DEBUTANTE



This evening gown for the debutante is of shell pink faille, trimmed with silver lace. The apron front is wired out in hoop effect.

Russian Mystery in Seattle Yards



Here is more Russian mystery. Since Kerensky's fall, valuable railway machinery consigned by American manufacturers to the Russian government, has been lying in Seattle railway yards. No one appears to know its ownership. It was originally intended for export to Siberia. A congressional investigation now in progress may solve the mystery. If Kerensky should get on top again, as now seems quite possible, doubtless the mystery will be quickly solved. The goods are valuable, though they have suffered from exposure.

Diamond Mine Found

Only One on Western Hemisphere Is Located in Arkansas.

Gems Are Found in the Crater of an Extinct Volcano in Pike County —First Found in 1906.

Murphreesboro, Ark.—The only diamond mine thus far discovered on the western hemisphere is located in Pike county, Arkansas, in which this hamlet is situated. The mine is two and a half miles south of here.

The diamonds are found in a "pipe," the crater of an extinct volcano which ages ago boiled up through the surface, had its terrific heat chilled by the water of an inland sea, and left bits of carbon scattered throughout the peridotite which now fills the crater, to be pressed into diamonds by the contraction of the rock. The peridotite forms the original matrix of the

diamond, and thus far the only diamonds found in the western hemisphere in their matrices are those of Pike county.

Diamonds have been found in some twenty-five states, in Canada and South America, but always in river beds where, geologists surmise, they have been washed by the waters, or in places where it is presumed they have been deposited by glacial action.

The first Arkansas diamond was found in 1906 by John Huddleston, then owner of the farm on which the sixty-acre "pipe" is located, by accident. Huddleston observed outcroppings of the gray-green rock, since classed as peridotite, and came to the conclusion that his hillside contained valuable mineral, perhaps copper. After pecking around without finding anything which looked to him like mineral, he picked up a crystal, and then one day, showed it to some friends in Murphreesboro. A little

Rock jeweler pronounced it a diamond, and made sure by verifications by jewel experts in New York.

The mining operations in Arkansas for several years, at least, will be far different from those of the South African fields, although the formations are the same.

In Africa deep shafts are sunk, the peridotite is brought to the surface and spread on drying floors for periods ranging from six to eighteen months. The rock has the peculiar quality of disintegrating when exposed to the air.

In Arkansas, however, except for a few places, the peridotite already has disintegrated to a depth of about twenty feet, and mixed with vegetable matter, formed a sticky clay, called "gumbo" locally. This overburden of "gumbo" will be worked before blasting operations are started.

Ex-Admiral Sixty-Eight, Cobbler's Aid, Vienna.—With former officers of the army and navy as pupils, a shoemaking school has been opened here.

Among the students is a former vice admiral, sixty-eight years old, who is enrolled as a cobbler's apprentice

Sweater Dress for Kiddies

Knitted Garments With Long Waists and Short Plaited Skirts Attract Attention.

Among the prettiest of children's clothes, writes a Paris fashion correspondent, are the smart little top-coats carrying all the fashion ideas seen in the motor coats of grown-ups. Very abbreviated full coats are cut with kimono sleeves and narrow standing collars. They open in the front like a painter's smock, and are slipped on over the head. The standing collar usually fastens with a bow tie. The coat may be of gray or castor color, trimmed with bands of bright peasant embroideries.

The tailored suits for children are quite those of the grande dame. Nothing that goes with the dress of the grownup is lacking. The most favored style is the straightline box coat, usually worn without a belt of any sort, or if a belt is used it is in the form of a trimming or side belt. A

great many collars are of the Dutch type, which is so becoming to children. On cool days knitted sweater dresses, with long waists and short plaited skirts, are seen. Sometimes they are untrimmed and merely finished with a banding of the same material, and again the neck, sleeves and bottom of the skirt may be banded with a contrasting material.

Many little girls are seen wearing bright colored homespun frocks embroidered in wool. One of yellow homespun was made with a long waist. The skirt was extremely short and full. The dress was trimmed with a running stitch of wool in several bright shades.

Becoming Style.

A new military model, particularly becoming to a brunette, has a circle of ostrich feathers in attractive shades of bronze and green and blue, over which falls a lace veil in tete de Legre.

**PRESIDENT GRANT ONCE HELD
MARANVILLE TO BE PRICELESS**



The sale of Rabbit Maranville by the Boston Braves is an example of how quickly the value of a man, quite the same as that of any other commodity, can change with circumstances.

Was Beyond Price.

Last summer Barney Dreyfuss of the Pirates wanted to buy the Rabbit. George Washington Grant, owner of the Braves, laughed the proposal to scorn, neglecting to put a price on the player and declaring that he was beyond price. He said the Rabbit had become an institution in Boston and could not be allowed to depart.

In explaining the apparent fickleness of his attitude, Mr. Grant said

that Maranville had violated club rules and got the impression that he was a privileged character.

"When an employee tries to run your business it is time to shift him to other scenes," said the Boston owner.

Value Began to Cheapen.

In other words, according to Grant, as soon as Maranville learned that Grant held him to be priceless, his value began to cheapen because of the acts of the player. As soon as that happened a price was put upon him very quickly.

How eloquent is this little baseball deal of the fact that we are what we make ourselves.

**"BABE" ADAMS OLDEST
PITCHER IN LEAGUES**

**Veteran Pittsburgh Twirler Holds
Record in Years.**

**His Excellent Control and Knowledge
of Opposing Batters Make Him One
of the Most Valuable hurlers
in National League.**

Charles "Babe" Adams, the veteran Pirate hurler, is the oldest pitcher in the major leagues today, in point of years of steady playing and age. Despite his age—he is thirty-seven years old—he seems to be improving with each year of playing, for he shows more control of the ball as one season laps the other.

For instance, last year he took part in 35 games, pitched 263 innings and permitted only 18 bases on balls, a little over one-half a pass per game. "Old Man Control," as he is referred to around the big circuit, faced 1,035 batters during the season and permitted only one in every 58 to get to first base by the pass route. Even this was an improvement upon the previous year when he pitched to 1,017 batters and walked 23. This is a record of 41 passes in two years, or less than many a pitcher has for only half the season.

Only once during the entire season did Adams show any wildness at all. This was against the Giants when he



"Babe" Adams.

was having an off day. He permitted three passes, one-sixth of his total for the entire year.

Adams' control and his knowledge of opposing batters made him one of the most valuable pitchers in the National league. He ranked next to Grover Cleveland Alexander in efficiency, allowing only 2.12 earned runs per game.

Back in 1909 Adams, almost single-handed, won the world's series for Pittsburgh, beating the Tigers in three games.

In 1920 Adams, besides his other achievements, also was high man for shutouts, with eight to his credit. Alexander was second with seven.

CHENEY BEATS FATHER TIME

**Former Major League Spit-Baller Had
Exceptionally Good Year in
Southern Circuit.**

Larry Cheney, the moist ball pitcher, who had a long siege of service in the majors, refuses to be courted out by Father Time. Larry was let out by Brooklyn to the Boston Braves and finished his major league career with



Larry Cheney.

the Phillies. Last season he was with Columbia of the South Atlantic league and was the leading twirler of that circuit. He turned in twenty-three victories and was defeated six times. According to the latest records he fanned 183 batters with his spitter. Larry had a fielding average of .939 and hit for .247.

NEW TENNIS BOWL FOR 1921

**Eighth Longwood Cup Will Be Put
Up for Tennis Tourney—Johnston
Lifted Seventh.**

A new Longwood bowl, the eighth since the start of the historic lawn tennis tourney at the Longwood C. C., Boston, will be put up for this year's play. The seventh cup was lifted by the former national singles champion, Wm. M. Johnston last August.

**The Kitchen
Cabinet**

(© 1921, Western Newspaper Union.)

The time is coming when no young person of either sex will be considered well educated, who is not conversant with the composition of food-stuffs, and their uses in the body, and who does not know why cleanliness is ranked next to godliness. An elementary training in the principles of food and dietetics is quite as important as skill in the use of the multiplication table, and both should be taught at the same age. The girl whose school days end with the grammar grade has not been started in life properly unless she can classify all the food products found in the market, and get good results on her cookstove.—American Cooking Magazine.

EVERYDAY GOOD THINGS.

A dish of onions in some form should be served at least once a week, and oftener if possible, in every family.



Stuffed Onions.—Par-broil or steam six Spanish onions, or other choice even sized ones, one hour. Remove from the fire, drain and cut the centers from them; scoop out the onion to

form a cup. Chop fine the onion removed, and pass through a sieve. Add an equal measure of finely chopped veal or chicken, cooked; salt, pepper and a teaspoonful of minced parsley, one-fourth of a cupful of soft bread crumbs, one-fourth of a cupful of butter and mix thoroughly. Put a spoonful of the mixture into each onion, then add a few nuts—chestnuts are especially good if blanched and boiled until tender. Bake slowly one hour, basting four times with melted butter and hot water. Fifteen minutes before removing from the oven add a spoonful of buttered cracker crumbs on top of each and brown. Serve with a thin cream sauce, or a white sauce made by using one tablespoonful each of butter and flour. When cooked add one cupful of milk and season with salt and pepper.

Delicious Cheese.—Rub the yolk of one hard-cooked egg to a paste with a tablespoonful of olive oil or butter. Add one teaspoonful of salt, one of made mustard, one of granulated sugar, and one-fourth of a teaspoonful of cayenne. Mix with this two cupfuls of grated cheese, and one cupful of chopped chicken. Press into scallop shells and bake until the cheese is melted.

GOOD THINGS FOR OCCASIONS.

The following are a few dishes which may be enjoyed for special days:



Tomato and Pineapple Salad.—Remove the skins from hot-house tomatoes; scoop out the centers, chill, fill with small cubes of fresh or canned pineapple; if the fresh is used, sweeten slightly. Set a spoonful of mayonnaise, mixed with one-quarter its bulk of whipped cream, above the fruit.

Chicken Custard.—Beat the yolks of four eggs until thick and stiff; add a little salt, and beat into one cupful of cream. Heat a cupful of strong, well-seasoned chicken stock in a saucepan; add the beaten eggs and cream and cook with care, stirring until the custard coats the spoon. Serve cold in small custard cups with a garish of watercress.

Date Loaf Cake.—Cream one-half cupful of butter with one cupful of brown sugar; add two well-beaten eggs and two cupfuls of flour, sifted with one-half teaspoonful added alternately with one-half cupful of lukewarm water, in which one teaspoonful of soda has been dissolved. Lastly stir in one pound of dates, stoned and chopped, with one cupful of nuts, chopped, one teaspoonful of vanilla extract. Bake in a greased and floured pan in a slow oven.

Virginia Ham, Baked.—Wash and scrub the ham thoroughly; let soak 36 hours in cold water to cover; remove from the water and rinse; place on the stove in a kettle of cold fresh water. Bring slowly to the boiling point and let simmer for five hours. Remove from the kettle and take off the skin while hot.

Steamed Strawberry Shortcake.—Sift together two and one-half cupfuls of flour, one-half cupful of sugar, three teaspoonfuls of baking powder, a little salt and one-quarter cupful of milk. Beat one egg; add one cupful of milk and add to the mixture. Turn into a buttered melon mold and steam for three hours. Serve hot with whipped cream, the juice and pulp of one cupful of crushed strawberries, well sweetened.

Nellie Maxwell

ASPIRIN

Name "Bayer" on Genuine



Beware! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for twenty-one years and proved safe by millions. Take Aspirin only as told in the Bayer package for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago, and for Pain. Handy tin boxes of twelve Bayer Tablets of Aspirin cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.—Adv.

Quite prevalent is the ground hog habit of hoping for spring six weeks before it comes.

WOMEN USE "DIAMOND DYES"

**Dye Old Skirts, Dresses, Waists,
Coats, Stockings, Draperies—
Everything.**

Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains easy directions for dyeing any article of wool, silk, cotton, linen, or mixed goods. Beware! Poor dye streaks, spots, fades, and ruins material by giving it a "dyed-look." Buy "Diamond Dyes" only. Druggist has Color Card.—Adv.

The giddy girl makes a merry companion but a sorry wife.



WHEN A WOMAN IS NERVOUS

San Antonio, Texas.—"For about three years I have been in a run-down condition. I would be so weak at times I could scarcely get around. I was extremely nervous, could not sleep and was in a miserable state when I was advised to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Before I had taken all of one bottle I felt better than I had for a long time."—MRS. H. T. KNIPPA, 913 Burleson St.

All druggists. Liquid or tablets.

**STOMACH
SUFFERERS!**

**SHOULD TRY DOCTOR'S
PRESCRIPTION**

A new remedy, made from bitter extracts of fruit and vegetable origin, that tones and stimulates the intestinal tract. Now on the market under the name—DIGESTOIDS.

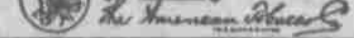
R. L. Hope, druggist of Centralia, Mo., says: "Digestoids never fail to benefit and cure many so-called incurable cases of indigestion."

Get a package of DIGESTOIDS today, on a Money Back Guarantee, at your druggist—50 cents.



**GENUINE
"BULL"
DURHAM**

tobacco makes 50
good cigarettes for
10c



**NEED MORE THAN BIG
VOICE TO BE "UMP"**

When Harry Howell, one-time splendid Brown pitcher, quit the game as an active participant, he tried his hand at umpiring and broke in on the Texas league circuit. Harry possessed an excellent voice, one that was compared to that of the late Silk O'Laughlin.

In a battle at Houston, Howell was behind the bat and announced the batteries of the two teams brilliantly. His voice was flutelike and created a splendid impression.

The game started, and, according to the Houston catcher's idea, Howell missed many of the balls and strikes. Finally, he could stand it no longer. Turning his head half around and growling through the latticework of mask, he said:

"You can't get by on that voice alone, Harry; you've got to have an eye, too."

Squibs of Sport

American Legion favors Missouri passing a bill to permit boxing.

Philadelphia boasts 19 basketball leagues, comprising 106 teams.

Jay Gould has lost his squash title, but he's still got his bank roll.

Royal Hamilton (Ont.) Yacht club will construct a \$50,000 clubhouse.

New York city high school boys are to be trained in shooting with the rifle.

Joe Beckett won't know whether to box Martin or Brennan when he comes over.

Ted Ray will return from England to defend his national open golf title this summer.

Scotty Hough has been re-elected captain of the West Virginia University wrestling team.

Yale News is out with a plea for an ice hockey rink that its teams may be put on the hockey map.

SEXTON & ROBERTS

General Real Estate
and
Land Loans

Elida, New Mexico

Daniel Paint & Glass Co.

Paints, Glass and Wall Paper.
We pay freight on \$10.00 or over.
Roswell, N. M.

Notice for Publication
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.
March 12, 1921.

Notice is hereby given that Bob Preston, of Milnesand N. M. who on Sept. 24, 1919, made orig. H. E. No. 04439, for SE $\frac{1}{4}$, Sec. 24, NE $\frac{1}{4}$, Section 25, Township 8-S., Range 35-E., and who on September 24, 1919, made add H. E. 04600, for N $\frac{1}{2}$, Sec. 30, Twp. 8-S., Range 36-E. N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described before William R. Blanchard, U. S. Commissioner at Jenkins, N. M. on the 20 day of April 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Joe C. Ainsworth, James A. Morris, these of Milnesand, N. M. Ben R. Warren, George Farmer, these of Jenkins, N. M. m18 a15
Emmett Patton, Register.

Notice for Publication
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.
Feb. 12, 1921.

Notice is hereby given that Walter L. Rogers, of Jenkins, N. M., who on April 22, 1916, made orig. Hd. E. 031028, for S $\frac{1}{2}$, NE $\frac{1}{4}$, SE $\frac{1}{4}$, Section 26, N $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, Sec. 35, and who on July 16, 1918 made add H. E. No. 049153, for S $\frac{1}{2}$, Section 25, Township 8-S., Range 34-E. N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Wm. R. Blanchard, U. S. Commissioner, at Jenkins, N. M. on the 20, day of April 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses:
James A. Morris, Alexander Webb, these of Milnesand, N. M. Mrs. Sallie Miller, of Jenkins, N. M. Lon J. Pate of Elida, N. M. m18 a15
Emmett Patton, Register.

Notice for Publication.
Department of the Interior U. S. Office, Fort Sumner, New Mexico, March 10, 1921.

Notice is hereby given that Harry T. Venable, of Kenna, N. M., who on May 3, 1920, made orig. Hd. E. No. 019328, for Lots 1. & 2, E $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, NE $\frac{1}{4}$, Section 30, Township 5-S. R.

28 E., and on Oct. 13, 1920, made add H. E. 019648, for N $\frac{1}{2}$, Sec. 14, Township 5-S., Range 28-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Alvin C. White, U. S. Commissioner, at Kenna, N. M. on the 20 day of April 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Levi D. Deering, Harvey L. Deering, John E. Deering, John F. Sturman, all of Olive, N. M. m18 a15
W. R. McGill, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.
March 12, 1921.

Notice is hereby given that Harold Eakins Crosby, of Kenna, N. M. who, on Jan. 7, 1918, made orig. H. E. 042724, for E $\frac{1}{2}$, Sec. 17, and who on Jan. 14, 1920, made additional H. E. No. 044895, for W $\frac{1}{2}$, Sec. 17, Twp. 8-S., Rge 30-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Alvin C. White, U. S. Commissioner at NW $\frac{1}{4}$, Sec. ten T. 6-S, R. 31-E, N. M. on the 20, day of April, 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Joe W. Wilcox, Richard J. Cato, William T. Cooper, Arch H. Eaves, all of Kenna, N. M. m18 a15
Emmett Patton, Register.

PORTALES ABSTRACT CO.

Will Appreciate a share
of your Abstract business.

Mrs. Maud Smith, Pres.
Portales, New Mexico.

The Kenna Record

PUBLISHED WEEKLY

By Mr. and Mrs. A. C. White

Entered February 8th 1907 at the Kenna, New Mexico, Post Office, as second class Mat. Matter.

Subscription \$1.00 Per Year in Advance

Advertising rates made known on application

OLIVE ITEMS

Fred Graves and John Metcalf were in Elida, making proof on their additional homesteads.

J. R. Morris made a business trip to Elida, Tuesday.

James M. Jordan was attending to business in Elida, last week.

Manford Elkins was in Elida, Tuesday assisting his neighbor Mr. Metcalf in making his proof.

George Graves and U. Grant Adams were business visitors in Elida, this week.

H. B. Lucas motored over to Kenna, Tuesday.

There was a heard of cattle passed through this vicinity last Tuesday, westerwardly bound but we failed to learn the owners name.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Good visited relatives at Kenna, Sunday

H. T. Jones is transacting business in Portales, this week.

Coal oil 5 gallons for 90 cents at H. E. Whites.

Roswell Has Monthly Auction and Sales Day.

The Roswell Fire Department will put on a special demonstration in Roswell next Monday morning at eleven o'clock. This is the second Monday of April, the day of the regular monthly auction and sales day. The Roswell department is ranked as one of the best in the whole southwest and fire chief Charles Whiteman is arranging some special stuff for the entertainment of the large crowds expected in Roswell that day. There will be other entertainment features too. The Juvenile Band, which is getting a reputation all over the southwest, will be on the job the greater part of the day. An effort is being made to have a Junior school team play one of the junior league teams in Roswell that afternoon, and while arrangements have not yet been completed it is hoped that arrangements can be completed so that Dexter, Hagerman or some other community which can provide a base ball team of boys under sixteen will play one of the Roswell junior teams. At night a boxing contest under the auspices of the American Legion is on the cards at the Armory.

The auction sale of live stock and farm implements will begin at Keel's wagon yard on East Second street promptly at one o'clock. While only a limited amount of stuff reached the printer in time to be included on the regular advertised list other articles have since come in and there will be plenty of stuff to please the buyers who are needing anything.

SEND US YOUR

Mail Orders

Will make shipment the day the Order is received. Goods not perfectly Satisfactory can be returned.

Write for Samples

and ask to include with every order,
10 yards 36 inch Domestic for \$1.00.

Joyce-Pruit Co.

Roswell, N. M.

Roswell Pump Co.

Wind Mills, Engins, Pumps, Micabestos
Liquid Roof COATING.
Roswell, New Mexico.

Roswell Mattress and Rug Co.

Mattress Manufacturing and
Renovating, Carpet
Cleaning, Satisfaction
Guaranteed

313 So. Main St. Roswell, N. M.

Notice for Publication
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.
March 12, 1921.

Notice is hereby given that John A. Beavers, of Kenna, N. M. who on Jan., 25, 1921, made add H. E. No. 048650, for S $\frac{1}{2}$ S $\frac{1}{2}$, Sec. 24, W $\frac{1}{2}$ W $\frac{1}{2}$, Sec. 25, Twp. 6-S, Rge 30-E N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before Alvin C. White, U. S. Commissioner at NW $\frac{1}{4}$, Sec. ten T. 6-S, R. 31-E, N. M. on the 20, day of April 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Judson T. Abbott, John A. Rogers, Luther M. Carmichael, William H. Cooper, all of Kenna, N. M. m18 a15
Emmett Patton, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.
March 15, 1921.

Notice is hereby given that George W. Reed, of Jenkins, N. M. one of the heirs of Lucy Davis, dead, who on Jan. 24, 1916, made H. E. No. 033851, for E $\frac{1}{2}$, Section 3, Twp. 9-S, Range 34-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before William R. Blanchard, U. S. Commissioner at Jenkins, N. M. on the 21 day of April 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Virgil A. Mauldin, Lawrence A. Grey, George W. Watson, A. Turner Hutchinson all of Jenkins, N. M. m18 a15
Emmett Patton, Register.

G. W. ZINK, JEWELER.

Edison & Victor
Phonographs,
New Records Received Once
A Month.

Roswell, N. M.

Notice for Publication.
Department of the Interior
Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M.
Feb. 23, 1921.

Notice is hereby given that Dora M. Murphy, of Duke, Okla., widow of Miles P. Murphy, deceased who o March, 24, 1916, made orig., Hd. E. No. 013740, for SE $\frac{1}{4}$, Sec. 15, T. 5-S., R. 27-E, and on Dec. 27, 1918, made add H. E. 016789, for S $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, E $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, Section 10, and NE $\frac{1}{4}$, Section 15, Twp. 5-S Range 27-E, N. M. P. Meridian has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish claim to the land above described before A. D. Chatten, U. S. Commissioner, at Elkins, N. M. o the 14, day of April 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses:
James W. Brawley, of Duke, Okla., John F. Van Eaton, of Elkins, N. M. Will R. Jones, Thomas L. Moore these of Olive, N. M. m11 a8
W. R. McGill, Register.

HIGH ART TAILORING

CLEANERS, TAILORS AND
HATTERS

WORK NEATLY DONE.

103 west Fourth ROSWELL, N. M

Dr. Chas. A. Staehlin

Optometrist and Optician
EYE GLASSES THAT SATISFY.

Roswell, New Mexico.
M. W. Hodges

RANGE CATTLE and SHEEP
COMMISSION DEALER

124 North Main Roswell, N. M

Patronize Home Industry

Why pay freight on flour. The Roswell Milling Co., is making the best grade of patent FLOUR from Peccs Valley wheat. Keep your money at home. What is the sense in helping Kansas farmers toward prosperity when a good FLOUR is made here at home?

Try a Sack Today. Its GUARANTEED
If Not Satisfied, Bring it Back and
Get Your MONEY.

For Sale By

H. E. White,
Kenna, N. M.

The Long Fellow

Or the short one gets a good fit in clothes here. Ready-to-wear or Made-to-measure Suits now ready for Your Selection

When you come to Roswell Monday to the monthly Auction come and see us whether you need anything or not

THE MODEL

E. J. Williams
Roswell, New Mexico.



LOCALS

W. P. Littlefield, Mr. and Mrs. T. D. Cothran were in Portales, last Saturday.

Miss Josie Good came up from Roswell, and spent the week end with home-folks.

Mrs. J. W. Good arrived last Saturday from El Paso, Texas, where she has been visiting her son, Grover and family, and will be here some time visiting her son, Frank and family before returning to her home at Grand Prairie, Texas.

Miss May Hicks who, teaches at the White Chapel school spent the week-end with her parents at Clovis.

Jodie Zumalt deputy sberiff of Chaves county has been attending to official business here a few days this week.

Miss Beulah Fry came up from Roswell, last Friday and spent a few days with homefolks.

W. B. McCombs returned Sunday from Roswell, and El Paso, where he had sbent several days attending to business matters.

Mrs. W. P. Littlefield returned home from Roswell, the first of the week where she has spent the past several weeks visiting relatives.

Doc Roberts was up from Dexter, the latter part of last week.

J. A. Cooper is serving on the Petit-jury at Portales, this week.

Commissioner, G. T. Littlefield has been in Portales, this week meeting in regular session with the other members of his board.

Ase Guffy passed through town Wednesday en-route to Roswell.

Wesley Wilkinson and J. C. Mabry were up from the Wilkinson ranch Wednesday.

Frank Good was a business visitor in Portales, yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Leslie White have been visiting relatives in Carlsbad, and Roswell, this week.

Ambros the little eighteen months old son of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Fry, had the misfortune of getting one of his fingers cut off at the first joint this week while playing with an older brother.

Mrs. C. H. Sims and son, Howard, and Mrs. G. T. Littlefield and children were shopping in Portales, Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Cranford Coorger of Clovis, announce the arrival of a little son in their home Friday April 1st.

Dan C. Savage,

U. S. Commissioner,

Office Room 12, 1st., National Bank Bldg.
Roswell, New Mexico.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N.

"COSTASHO"

BRAND

Typewriter Ribbons & Carbon Paper.

This is a brand of goods that we stand behind and if they are not good, we will make them so. We carry ribbons for all kinds of Typewriters and all colors of Carbon Paper—Call and see us or send in your Order.

Cobean Stationery Shop.

Roswell, New Mexico.

"SEED"

Your Name on a Postal Card

WILL BRING OUR CATALOG

Roswell Seed Co.

Roswell, N. M. 115-117 S. Main, St.,

Shop Made Saddles & Cow Boy Boots.

Write for Catalog

We make and repair auto tops and seat covers. Work guaranteed. Mail us your shoes for repairing.

E. T. Ammonett,

210 N. Main Street Roswell, N. M. 400 Texas, St. El Paso, Texas.

E. R. Brasher,

— Hard To Beat Slogan —

Up to-date Methods. Positive Guarantee.

116, W. 2nd., St. Roswell, N. M.

Notice for Publication.
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.
March 12, 1921.

Notice is hereby given that Sallie Miller, of Jenkins, N. M. who, on March 17, 1916, made H. E. No. 034330, for NW 1/4, Sec. 25, Township 8-S Range 34-E. N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof to establish claim to the land above described, before Wm. R. Blanchard, U. S. Commissioner, at Jenkins, N. M. on the 20 day of April, 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses:
James A. Morris, Alexander Webb, these of Milnesand, N. M. Lon J. Pate, of Elida, N. M. Walter L. Rogers, of Jenkins, N. M. m18 a15
Emmett Patton, Register.

Notice for Publication.
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.
March 12, 1921.

Notice is hereby given that Milton Graves, of Boaz, N. M. who on July 12, 1918, made add Hd. E., 037126, for S 1/2 NE 1/4, E 1/2 NW 1/4, NW 1/4 NW 1/4, E 1/2 SW 1/4, NW 1/4 SW 1/4, Section 1, Township, 8-S, Range 30-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Alvin C. White, U. S. Commissioner, at NW 1/4, Sec. Ten T. 6-S, R. 31-E, N. M. on the 20 day of April 1921

Claimant names as witnesses:
Charley E. Netz, Elmer Fernstrom, Henry Ernst, Etta Ernst, all of Boaz, N. M. m18 a15
Emmett Patton, Register.

Roswell Laundry Co.

Send us your bundle by Parcel Post. We pay all Return CHARGES.

Everything washed

In SOFT Water.

Roswell Laundry Co.

Roswell, New Mexico.

STUDENTS--SAVE MONEY!

Room in the Business School while attending school, get a nicely furnished room cheaper than elsewhere, and be right there where you can have the privilege of practicing more on the typewriter and using the reference books.

Standard Business School,

111 S. Richardson, Box 405, Roswell, N. M.

Dr. B. B. McGee,

Medicine

and

Obstetrics,

Elida,

N. M.

DAVID L. GEYER

LAND OFFICE PRACTICE
A SPECIALTY.

ROSWELL, N. M.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.
March 12, 1921.

Notice is hereby given that Hugh B. Wagoner, of Kenna, N. M., who, on Oct. 16, 1919, made Hd. E. No. 046702, for E 1/2, Sec. 34, Township 8-S, Range

30-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Alvin C.

White, U. S. Commissioner, at NW 1/4, Sec. T. 6-S, R. 31-E, N. M. on the 20 day of April 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses:
John A. Kimmons, Richard J. Cato, William T. Cowgill, these of Kenna, N. M. Henry Ernst, of Boaz, N. M. m18 a15
Emmett Patton, Register.

Dr. A. J. Evans,

Obstetrics A Specialty

Office East Door South of Post Office.

Phone: -:- :- 88

ELIDA : : : N. M.

Local Surgeon for Santa Fe Ry.

M, March 22, 1921.

Notice is hereby given that Edgar E. Lee, of Kenna, N. M. who, on March 2, 1921, made add H. E. No. 019460, for SE 1/4, Sec. 7, NE 1/4, NE 1/4 SE 1/4, Section 18, Township 5-South Range 29-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Alvin C. White, U. S. Commissioner, at Kenna, N. M. on the 27 day of April 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Joseph A. Cooper, Frank Good, Joe R. Evans, George T. Littlefield, all of Kenna, N. M. m25 a22
W. R. McGill, Register.



CALIFORNIA

Land of climatic benefits and wonderful amusements for those who seek health or recreation.

You may stop over at the Grand Canyon of Arizona, on your way.

For particulars as to train service, fares, etc., see the local Agent or write

T. B. Gallaher,

Gen Passenger Agent.
Amarillo, Texas.

Notice for Publication.
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.
March 12, 1921.

Notice is hereby given that Thomas F. Neely, of Kenna, N. M. who on Jan. 18, 1921, made add H. E. No. 048609, for SE 1/4, Sec. 26, Twp. 6-S, Range 30-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Alvin C. White, U. S. Commissioner, at NW 1/4, Sec. Ten T. 6-S, R. 31 E, N. M. on the 20 day of April 1921

Claimant names as witnesses:
Judson T. Abbott, Luther M. Carmichael, these of Kenna, N. M. John D. Daniel, Shirley D. Lemons, these of Elida, N. M. m18 a15
Emmett Patton, Register.

Notice for Publication
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M. Mar. 26, 1921.

Notice is hereby given that Harvey B. Lucas, of Olive, N. M. who on Jan., 17, 1919, made orig. H. E. No. 017982, for S 1/2 S 1/2, Sec. 1, SE 1/4, Section 2, T. 5-S, R. 27-E, and on April 9, 1919, made add. H. E. 018598, for NE 1/4 NE 1/4, Sec. 12, T. 5-S, R. 27-E, Lots 6, 7, E 1/2 SW 1/4, Sec. 6, Lots 1, 2, NE 1/4 NW 1/4, Sec. 7, Twp. 5-S Range 28-E N. M. P. Meridian has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Alvin C. White, U. S. Commissioner, at Kenna, N. M. on the 5, day of May 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Henry T. Jones, George A. Malone, Oscar H. Hewatt, William E. Lucas, all of Olive, N. M. at a29
W. R. McGill, Register.

Notice for Publication.
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M.
March 17, 1921.

Notice is hereby given that Frances L. Teague, of Kenna, N. M. who, on May 15, 1918, made add Hd. E. No. 015587, for SE 1/4, W 1/4, Section 9, NE 1/4, S 1/4 NW 1/4, Section 22, Township 4-S Range 29-E N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described before Alvin C. White, U. S. Commissioner, at Kenna, N. M. on the 23, day of April 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Harvey E. White, Luther M. Carmichael, Willie A. Fry, Leslie White, all of Kenna, N. M. m25 a22
W. R. McGill, Register.

Notice for Publication.
Department of the Interior
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.
March 12, 1921.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph C. Ainsworth, of Milnesand, N. M. who, on August 16, 1918, made H. E. 044235, for N 1/2 SE 1/4, W 1/4, Section 9, NE 1/4, S 1/4 NW 1/4, Sec. 8, Twp. 8-S, Rge 30-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before William R. Blanchard, U. S. Commissioner, at Jenkins, N. M. on the 20 day of April 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Pink Smith, George Farmer, Ben R. Warren, these of Jenkins, N. M. James A. Morris, of Milnesand, N. M. m18 a15
Emmett Patton, Register.

WOMEN WHO CANNOT WORK

Read Mrs. Corley's Letter and Benefit by Her Experience

Edmund, S. C. — "I was run down with nervousness and female trouble and suffered every month. I was not able to do any work and tried a lot of medicine, but got no relief. I saw your medicine advertised in a little book that was thrown in my door, and I had not taken two bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound before I could see it was helping me. I am keeping house now and am able to do all of my work. I cannot say enough for your medicine. It has done more for me than any doctor. I have not paper enough to tell you how much it has done for me and for my friends. You may print this letter if you wish." — ELIZABETH C. CORLEY, care of A. P. Corley, Edmund, S. C.

Ability to stand the strain of work is the privilege of the strong and healthy, but how our hearts ache for the weak and sickly women struggling with their daily rounds of household duties, with backaches, headaches, nervousness and almost every movement brings a new pain. Why will not the mass of letters from women all over this country, which we have been publishing, convince such women that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help them just as surely as it did Mrs. Corley?

HOW DOCTORS TREAT COLDS AND THE FLU

First Step in Treatment Is a Brisk Purgative With Calotabs, the Purified and Refined Calomel Tablets that are Nausealess, Safe and Sure.

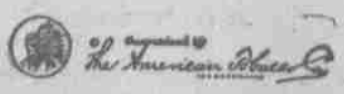
Doctors have found by experience that no medicine for colds and influenza can be depended upon for full effectiveness until the liver is made thoroughly active. That is why the first step in the treatment is the new, nausealess calomel tablets called Calotabs, which are free from the sickening and weakening effects of the old style calomel. Doctors also point out the fact that an active liver may go a long way towards preventing influenza and is one of the most important factors in enabling the patient to successfully withstand an attack and ward off pneumonia.

One Calotab on the tongue at bed time with a swallow of water—that's all. No salts, no nausea nor the slightest interference with your eating, pleasure or work. Next morning your cold has vanished, your liver is active, your system is purified, and you are feeling fine, with a hearty appetite for breakfast. Druggists sell Calotabs only in original sealed packages, price thirty-five cents. Your money will be cheerfully refunded if you do not find them delightful.—(Adv.)



LUCKY STRIKE CIGARETTE

No cigarette has the same delicious flavor as Lucky Strike. Because Lucky Strike is the toasted cigarette.



Cuticura Soap
IS IDEAL
For the Hands
Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c, Talcum 25c.

OXIDINE IN HOT WATER
New Method Discovered for Warding off Colds and Flu.

Put a tablespoonful of OXIDINE in a half glass of hot water and drink in the same manner as you would a hot toddy. It will make you feel better almost immediately and a similar dose three times a day will purify your blood and strengthen your resistance to a very marked degree. OXIDINE tones up the entire system. 50c at your druggist's. Adv.

Kentucky Home Grown Tobacco—Smoking.
10 lbs. \$2.50; 20 lbs. \$4.00; 40 lbs. \$7.00.
20 lbs. 25c, C. O. D. S. H. Andrews, Paducah, Ky.

W. N. U., Oklahoma City, No. 14-1921.

RAT IS SERIOUS ENEMY OF WORLD

No Other Animal or Insect Is So Dangerous and Persistent in Doing Harm.

INFLECTS IMMENSE DAMAGE

Value of Food and Property Destroyed Annually by Each Individual Rat is Estimated at \$2—Is Efficient Germ Carrier.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The necessity of a campaign of unvarying efficiency against the common brown rat, is an outstanding one. No other animal or insect is so dangerous and persistent an enemy, and no other enemy succeeds in inflicting the damage that the rat annually imposes upon humanity. The rat population of the United States is at least equal to the human population, and the same ratio holds true for practically every country under the sun. The bureau of biological survey, United States Department of Agriculture, places the



Every Rat Costs the Nation \$2, a Total of \$200,000,000 Annually.

value of the food and property destroyed annually by each individual rat at \$2. Keeping well within the boundaries of conservatism this means that each year, in this country alone, we produce \$200,000,000 worth of food to no other purpose than to feed our rats. In another way, 200,000 men in the United States are devoting all their labor to the maintenance of 100,000,000 rats.

Is Efficient Germ Carrier.

But the rodent's enmity is far from being satisfied by this huge economic injury. A frequenter of all the places that are vile and loathsome, the rat is a most efficient germ carrier. The germs of the dreaded "black death" have killed more human beings than all the wars of the world's history, and these germs are introduced into the human system by the bite of a rat flea. In India, no longer ago than 1896, the bubonic plague killed 9,000,000 persons. In Europe, during the Fourteenth century, it is believed to have brought death to 25,000,000 human beings. Other diseases, almost as dreadful, are traced to the common rat. Thus, from the standpoint of public health, as well as from the necessity of controlling the drain upon the public purse, it is essential that the rat be exterminated. Once the extermination is complete, or as nearly so as modern methods will permit, every precaution must be taken to prevent the rat from multiplying and regaining lost ground.

Exterminating Plans. Trapping should be done continuously

and systematically at all rat-infested places. Rat poisons, especially barium carbonate preparations as recently developed by the biological survey, should be employed. In furthering the destruction of the rat, community or civic organization is of the greatest importance. It does no good to drive the rats from one cellar into the next if they are allowed to breed unmolested in their new quarters. When the campaign is made general the pest is allowed no rest and no opportunity to intrench in a new position.

In connection with the extermination campaigns, preventive measures should be employed against the rodent. First among these is the protection of all food supplies. This is of prime importance. The removal and destruction of refuse is the next step in prevention, as abandoned dumps and piles of waste material furnish excellent shelter and food for the rats that have been driven from the houses and cellars.

Building Should Be Rat Proof.

All buildings should be rat-proofed by the liberal use of cement and tin. Rat-proofing should be a prominent specification in all new construction and it should be applied to older buildings in the form of repairs. All drain outlets should be sealed with wire cages, or similar protective devices.

With the food supply locked away from him, and his shelter gone, starvation and exposure will add to the effectiveness of work with traps and poisons and the menace of the rat will cease to be a real hazard against American lives and property.

HENS WITHOUT WHEAT GIVE GOOD RESULTS

More Eggs Obtained From Pen of Rhode Island Reds.

Mash Containing Only 15 Per Cent Meat Scrap Gave Very Satisfactory Results—Experimenting With Green Feeds.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Poultry-feeding experiments conducted by the United States Department of Agriculture, last fiscal year, show that practically as good results can be obtained without wheat as with it in a ration. The Rhode Island Reds, in the wheatless pen, averaged 140 eggs, while those in the pen receiving wheat averaged 134 eggs. Good results were obtained with the use of garbage until the warm weather began, when there was considerable mortality, due apparently to the garbage spoiling. This work is being repeated this year with much more satisfactory results, the garbage being fed in a trough on a large wooden feeding board, which prevents it from getting on the ground and decaying.

In the use of vegetable proteins the relative order of production is the same as it was last year. No success has followed an attempt to substitute completely vegetable protein for animal protein. The ration used last year, a mash containing only 15 per cent meat scrap as compared with 20 to 25 per cent in the ordinary mashes, gave very satisfactory results with the heavier breeds, especially the Plymouth Rocks, in keeping the birds in good physical condition and fertility, though the egg yield was not quite so good as when the higher per cent of meat scrap was used.

New experiments were begun during the year with green feeds, comparing alfalfa meal with sprouted oats and comparing these rations with one in which vegetables were supplied. While none of these green feeds have shown marked increased production over any other, the results have emphasized the importance and value of that form of food when given in a variety.

EXCELLENT FOR LAND'S SAKE

Where Sweet Clover Does Not Thrive Well an Application of Limestone Is Favored.

Sweet clover is an excellent plant to grow for the land's sake under many conditions, and where it does not grow well now it can be made to grow well by applying ground limestone to the soil. It will add humus and nitrogen to the soil rapidly when plowed under, thereby increasing the fertility of the soil in these essential factors.

Learn Cost of Production.

One of the big things modern farmers are learning is the keeping of accurate accounts, and learning therefrom what it costs to produce farm crops and animals.

Successful Co-Operation.

Successful co-operation means giving and taking; conceding a point for the sake of harmony. Neither you nor the other fellow can have his own way all the time.

BURN CHINCH BUG NESTS

Chinch bugs have made their appearance in certain parts of the United States.

One chinch bug destroyed now may prevent the production of hundreds to infest your wheat field later.

Chinch bugs pass the winter and early spring in wild grass and leaves, especially along hedges and fences and in the edges of woodlands adjoining cultivated fields.

Burn grasses, leaves and other trash where the bugs may have found winter refuge. The bugs not burned will be killed by exposure to the weather.

Clean up all trash and rubbish which may harbor the insects in winter.

Treat wheat for smut. Treat your wheat for smut before seeding.

RESULTS REMARKABLE SAYS NEW YORK MAN

Prominent Rochester Citizen Tried Ten Years To Get Relief, But Tanlac Is Only Thing That Helped Him.



JAMES J. BEASLEY
Of Rochester, New York.

One of the latest to testify regarding the powers of Tanlac, the celebrated medicine which has been accomplishing such remarkable results, is James J. Beasley, 102 Eimdorf Avenue, Rochester, New York. Mr. Beasley has been chief record keeper for the Department of Water Works, city of Rochester, for thirty years and is a well known and highly respected citizen. In referring to the remarkable recovery of his health by the use of Tanlac, Mr. Beasley said:

"I have been trying for ten years to find relief from a case of dyspepsia. Nothing ever helped me to amount to anything until I got Tanlac. This is saying a great deal, for I did everything it seems that a man could do to find relief. Of course, I was hardly ever sick enough to go to bed and was most always able to keep going, but I just never felt right. At times during those ten years, my stomach would become sour like vinegar. I would have an uncomfortable bloated up feeling after eating that would last for hours. I suffered a great deal from nausea. At times my heart would flutter and palpitate and I would become alarmed over my condition. My nerves were on edge all the time, and I became irritable, nervous and restless. I had no strength or energy to do anything. In fact I wasn't like myself at all. Even a week or two ago it was an effort for me to get out of my chair and I felt as stiff and clumsy as an

old work horse." "It is really remarkable what Tanlac has accomplished in my case. It has relieved me entirely of indigestion, I never have that distressing feeling any more after eating, and I feel perfectly fine in every way. I will always feel grateful for what this wonderful medicine has done for me and I am only too glad to give it my heartiest endorsement." Tanlac is sold by leading druggists everywhere.—Adv.

What to Do for CONSTIPATION



Take a good dose of Carter's Little Liver Pills—then take 2 or 3 for a few nights after. They cleanse your system of all waste matter and Regulate Your Bowels. Mild—as easy to take as sugar. Genuine bear signature—Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

No Cart Along.
The girl walked briskly into the store and dropped her bag on the counter. "Give me a chicken," she said. "Do you want a pullet?" the storekeeper asked. "No," the girl replied. "I want to carry it."—Brown Bull.

Catarrh Can Be Cured
Catarrh is a local disease greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. It therefore requires constitutional treatment. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE destroys the foundation of the disease, gives the patient strength by improving the general health and assists nature in doing its work. All Druggists. Circulars free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Bad Form.
"Judge, I wasn't trying to flirt with this young lady."
"She says you called her 'Precious.'"
"I was talking to myself."
"Then you ought not to call yourself pet names. Ten dollars and costs."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Watch Cuticura Improve Your Skin.
On rising and retiring gently smear the face with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off Ointment in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water. It is wonderful sometimes what Cuticura will do for poor complexions, dandruff, itching and red rough hands.—Adv.

Out of Order.
"That motion is out of order," said the chairman of a political meeting as he saw a rowdy raising his arm to throw an egg.—Pearson's Weekly.

No ugly, grimy streaks on the clothes when Red Cross Ball Blue is used. Good bluing gets good results. All grocers carry it—5c.

Near Bait.
Kulcker—"Does Smith still enjoy fishing?" Bocker—"Yes; he has built a pond in his cellar."

MURINE Night and Morning. Have Strong, Healthy Eyes. If they Tingle, Itch, Smart or Burn, if Sore, Irritated, Inflamed or Granulated, use Murine often. Soothes, Refreshes. Safe for Infant or Adult. At all Druggists. Write for Free Eye Book. Nucleo Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

No Shortage.
"I rented a house in the Street of Dreams," sings a poet. Well, even a poet can pay the rent of that kind of a house.—Boston Transcript.

The man in the honey-moon is no creation of the imagination.



KILL RATS TODAY
By Using the Genuine **STEARNS' ELECTRIC PASTE**
The guaranteed "killer" for rats, mice, cockroaches, ants and waterbugs—the greatest known carrier of disease. They destroy both food and property. Stearns' Electric Paste forces these pests to run from the building for water and fresh air. **READY FOR USE—BETTER THAN TRAPS** Directions in 15 languages in every box. Two sizes, 50c and \$1.50. Enough to kill 50 to 400 rats. U. S. Government buys it.

ARE MEN VAIN?


Of course they are, just like women, except they don't let on so much. Every man and woman wants three things—health, good looks and money. Good looks depend upon health, and health depends largely upon the blood. If your blood isn't pure and plentiful, you need Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, the reliable blood tonic, invigorator and purifier. Nothing but vegetable ingredients in it—positively no alcohol. It is safe for every one in the family to take. Send Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y., 10c for trial package Tablets.

WOOLEN CLOTH

Velours, Polo Cloth
Sport Skirtings, etc.
Very latest patterns. Unquestionably good materials. **DIRECT FROM THE MILL** Write for prices and samples NOW. You will be surprised how inexpensively you can buy material for your new coat, skirt or suit. Waukegan Woolen Mills, Dept. 2, Keosauqua, N. H.

126 MAMMOTH JACKS
I have a bargain for you, come quick. W. L. DeCLOWE JACK FARM Cedar Rapids, Iowa

After Every Meal WRIGLEY'S Sealed Tight Kept Right



WRIGLEY'S JUICY FRUIT
CHEWING GUM
THE FLAVOR LASTS

WRIGLEY'S DOUBLEMINT
CHEWING GUM
THE PERFECT GUM FLAVOR

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT
CHEWING GUM
THE PERFECT GUM FLAVOR

Still 5c

WRIGLEY'S has steadily kept to the pre-war price. And to the same high standard of quality.

No other goody lasts so long—costs so little or does so much for you.

Handy to carry—beneficial in effect—full of flavor—a solace and comfort for young and old.

THE FLAVOR LASTS

UNITED COUPONS **B10**

Highway Improvement

DEMAND FOR SAFE ROADWAYS

Some Kind of Protection Should Be Provided to Keep Cars From Skidding Off Dirt Roads.

What value do we place on a human life? To judge by some of the roads over the country it is not much. Lives are lost many times where a few dollars or a little extra time would make a road safe enough so that taking a ride along them on a rainy day in an auto would not be such a hair-raising experience as is often the case now, says a writer in Successful Farmer.

Recently a friend of mine was driving along a road within a half mile of a small town and ran into a ditch six feet deep, upsetting his car and smashing things up generally, though he escaped unhurt, and had no one with him. Many complaints had been made about that road, but nothing was done by anyone. On either side the ditch came within less than two feet of the roadway, and there was not even a ridge or anything to ward the wheels off and keep them from sliding over.

When hundreds of automobiles are owned in every part of the country and it is impossible to always keep off roads when they are slippery, it is not morally right and should not be legally right to leave them in a condition that would make an accident under ordinary conditions possible. During the last two years I have been riding around considerably and we have been in places where it was very dangerous driving, and often came upon such places with no chance at all to avoid them. In one case we crossed a bridge after a light shower, and on the far side found that it had caved away to within six inches of the road, though that was solid. For a road the ditch was not two feet from the road, with nothing to check a slide into it. A very steep hill began just beyond the bridge. Our car could not make the hill, and we stalled, and had to back some. The least bit of skidding would have been certain to have car-



Properly Protected Road.

ried us over the bank and for several minutes it looked like we were to go down six or eight feet into a creek.

It is not always that such places are on unimportant roads. In fact the first place mentioned was on a main traveled road between county seats, and automobiles used it on long distance travel. In the main it was a fine road well kept, but there were two or three places that were really dangerous, though this was the worst of all.

Wherever there is a place at the side of a dirt road that has much travel, that is deep enough to upset a car that went down into it, some kind of protection should be made to keep cars from skidding off. We are not considering the quick dash to one side from careless driving or going too fast in mud, but the unavoidable skid that is bound to occur now and then. Our roads should be safe in muddy weather as far as we can make them for often at such times we have to use them with our cars.

UNITED STATES' GOOD ROADS

Work is in Progress in Every Section to Give Country Superior Highway System.

The time is rapidly passing when the bad roads of America can be pointed out as a reproach. In every section of the country work is in progress to give the United States a system of roads which will compare favorably with those of other countries. Roads are being built at 2,985 different points. Fully 30,000 miles of road have been approved by the secretary of agriculture. It is estimated that this construction will cost the country nearly \$400,000,000. At the end of June, 1920, the government reported that 2,118 different projects, or a total of 16,000 miles of roads, had been completed.—Boys' Life.



PROVED EFFECTIVE BY A FIFTY YEARS TRIAL

The most widely used remedy in the world to overcome the stagnating effects of catarrh. Catarrh is silent and insidious in its ravages, loveses nearly every household and bores like a pestilence everywhere.

PE-RU-NA

FOR CATARRH AND CATARRHAL CONDITIONS

It strikes at the root of catarrhal troubles by stimulating the digestion, enriching the blood, toning up the nervous system and soothing the raw and inflamed mucous membrane. Pe-Ru-Na sets every organ to working properly and gives strength, vigor and pep to the whole body. Try it and like thousands of others, learn what it means to be well.

SOLD EVERYWHERE TABLETS OR LIQUID

Women to Study Architecture.
Women have been admitted for the first time as Associates of the Royal Victorian Institute of Architects and the Sydney Institute of Architects, and the new department of architecture in Sydney university has attracted a number of enthusiastic women students.

Important to all Women Readers of this Paper

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney or bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

You may suffer pain in the back, headache and loss of ambition.

Poor health makes you nervous, irritable and may be despondent; it makes any one so.

But hundreds of women claim that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, by restoring health to the kidneys, proved to be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Many send for a sample bottle to see what Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine, will do for them. By enclosing ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., you may receive sample size bottle by Parcel Post. You can purchase medium and large size bottles at all drug stores.—Adv.

One Against Many.
Solomon was plainly defeated.
"Think of all those wives planning Easter gowns!" he cried.

FRECKLES

Now is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as Othine—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of Othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength Othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.

On the whole, it would seem that an overdose of dignity is preferable to entire absence of it.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the

Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*
In Use for Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Even the dignified man would rather bend a little than go broke.

To insure glistening-white table linens, use Red Cross Ball Blue in your laundry. It never disappoints. At all good grocers, 5c.

It's difficult for a tight-fisted preacher to hold his congregation.

Feel All Worn Out?

Has a cold, grip, or other infectious disease sapped your strength? Do you suffer backache, lack ambition, feel dull and depressed? Look to your kidneys! Physicians agree that kidney trouble often results from infectious disease. Too often the kidneys are neglected because the sufferer doesn't realize they have broken down under the strain of filtering disease-created poisons from the blood. If your back is bad, your kidneys act irregularly, and you feel all run down, use **Doan's Kidney Pills**. Doan's have helped thousands. Ask your neighbor!

An Oklahoma Case

John S. Badger, Pawnee, Okla., says: "I had a constant, dull ache through the small of my back. Whenever I stooped over I felt a twinging pain dart through my kidneys and could hardly straighten up. I didn't suffer long, however, but when I learned of Doan's Kidney Pills I bought some. This medicine gave me relief from the first. I kept on taking it and it permanently cured me."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

ACALA NO. 3 COTTON SEED, 38 per cent lint, 45 per cent G. W. FLAGG, GUTHRIE, OKLA., R. R. 2. Not mixed at gin.

OLD STANDBY, FOR ACHES AND PAINS

Any man or woman who keeps Sloan's handy will tell you that same thing

SPECIALLY those frequently attacked by rheumatic twinges. A counter-irritant, Sloan's Liniment scatters the congestion and penetrates without rubbing to the afflicted part, soon relieving the ache and pain. Kept handy and used everywhere for reducing and finally eliminating the pains and aches of lumbago, neuralgia, muscle strain, joint stiffness, sprains, bruises, and the results of exposure. You just know from its stimulating healthy odor that it will do you good! Sloan's Liniment is sold by all druggists—35c, 70c, \$1.40.

Sloan's Liniment

16799 DIED

in New York City alone from kidney trouble last year. Don't allow yourself to become a victim by neglecting pains and aches. Guard against this trouble by taking

GOLD MEDAL HARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles. Holland's National Remedy since 1696. All druggists, three sizes. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation.



Vaseline Carbollated

Reg U. S. Pat Off
An antiseptic dressing for cuts, sores, etc.—A necessity where there are children.
AVOID SUBSTITUTES

CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO. State Street New York

All Run Down Now Feels Fine

Eatonic Ended His Troubles

"Eatonic is the only thing I have found to stop my heartburn and I think it has been a great help in nervous spells," writes G. C. Johnson.

An upset stomach may cause lots of suffering all over the body. Eatonic helps in such cases by removing the cause of the misery, because it takes up and carries out the excess acid and gases and keeps the digestive organs in natural working order. A tablet after meals is all you need. Big box costs only a trifle with druggist's guarantee.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSM
Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair. 50c and \$1.00 at Druggists. Hesse Chemical Works, Philadelphia, Pa.



HINDERCORN'S KIDNEY PILLS
Removes Gravel, Cures Catarrh, etc. Stops all pain, cures comfort to the feet, makes walking easy. Sold by mail or at Druggists. Hesse Chemical Works, Philadelphia, Pa.

KREMOLA MAKES THE SKIN BEAUTIFUL. Deep washers for a bad complexion. Order of mail, H. H. K. Co., 2778 Michigan Avenue, Chicago

CHIEF Guards Against Carbonization and Burnt Bearings

Tells your oil supply at a Price Only \$2
glance. Too much oil causes cylinder carbonization. Too little causes burnt bearings. Simply attach the CHIEF to motor in place of pet cock and pull out measuring rod to read. All metal. Compact. Durable. Order one—TODAY. Save repair bills.
Agents wanted. Good proposition. Write WALTER C. SHAWLIN COMPANY Dept. 321 618 W. Lake St. Chicago, Ill.

Chile's Methods Changing.
At present, according to a consular report, Chile is passing through a transition period as regards both advertising and merchandising. Methods borrowed from the United States are being adopted.

The Nationally Accepted Wall Tint



No Package Genuine Without Cross and Circle Printed in Red

To Get Alabastine Results You Must Ask for Alabastine by Name

We Hand You the Package That Puts Health and Cheerfulness in Your Home

Smoked, grimy, papered, painted or kalsomined walls are a menace to health and offensive to the discriminating housewife.

Alabastine is so economical, so durable, so sanitary, so easy to mix and apply that it is universally used in securing proper wall conditions.

Alabastine is used in the homes, schools, churches and on all kinds of interior surfaces, whether plaster, wallboard, over painted walls, or even over old wallpaper that is solid on the wall and not printed in sunline colors.

Alabastine is packed in dry powder in full five pound packages, requiring only pure cold water to mix, with directions on each package. You will readily appreciate the economy of Alabastine over other methods, and remember it is used in the finest homes and public buildings everywhere. Be sure you get Alabastine, and if your dealer cannot or will not supply you, write direct for sample card and color designs with name of nearest dealer.

New walls demand Alabastine, old walls appreciate Alabastine.
Alabastine Company
1620 Grandville Ave. Grand Rapids, Mich.



EVERYBODY DOES IT.

Synopsis.—In the village of Bingville thirteen-year-old Robert Emmet Moran, crippled son of a poor widow, is known as the Shepherd of the Birds. His world is his mother and friends, his little room, the flower garden of Judge Crooker, and every flying thing he sees from his window. The painting of pictures is his enjoyment, and little Pauline Baker, small daughter of a neighbor, the object of his boyish affection. To him, J. Patterson Bing, the first citizen of Bingville, is the ideal of a really great man. The village becomes money mad, reflecting the great world in its state of unrest. The Bing family is a leader in the change.

CHAPTER ONE—Continued.

The great white bird in the Congregational church tower—that being Bob's thought of it—flew out across the valley with its tidings of good will.

To the little Shepherd it seemed to say: "Bing—Bing—Bing—Bing! Com-ing, Com-ing, Com-ing!"

Many of the friends of his mother—mostly poor folk of the parish who worked in the mill—came with simple gifts and happy greetings. There were those among them who thought it a blessing to look upon the sweet face of Bob and to hear his merry laughter over some playful bit of gossip and Judge Crooker said that they were quite right about it. Mr. and Mrs. J. Patterson Bing were never to feel this blessing. The Shepherd of the Birds waited in vain for them that Christmas day. Mrs. Bing sent a letter of kindly greeting and a twenty-dollar gold piece and explained that her husband was not feeling "quite up to the mark," which was true.

"I'm not going," he said decisively, when Mrs. Bing brought the matter up as he was smoking in the library an hour or so after dinner. "No cripples and misery in mine at present, thank you! I wouldn't get over it for a week. Just send them our best wishes and a twenty-dollar gold piece."

There were tears in the Shepherd's eyes when his mother helped him into his night clothes that evening.

"I hate that twenty-dollar gold piece!" he exclaimed.

"Liddle boy! Why should ye be sayin' that?"

The shiny piece of metal was lying on the window sill. She took it in her hand.

"It's as cold as a snow-bank!" she exclaimed.

"I don't want to touch it! I'm shivering now," said the Shepherd. "Put it away in the drawer. It makes me sick. It cheated me out of seeing Mr. Bing."

CHAPTER TWO

The Founding of the Phyllistines.

One little word largely accounted for the success of J. Patterson Bing. It was the word "no." It saved him in moments which would have been full of peril for other men. He had never made a bad investment because he knew how not when to say "no." It fell from his lips so sharply and decisively that he lost little time in the consideration of doubtful enterprises. Sometimes it fell heavily and left a wound, for which Mr. Bing thought himself in no way responsible. There was really a lot of goodwill in him. He didn't mean to hurt any one.

"Time is a thing of great value and what's the use of wasting it in idle palaver?" he used to say.

One day, Hiram Blenkinsop, who was just recovering from a spree, met Mr. Bing at the corner of Main and School streets and asked him for the loan of a dollar.

"No sir!" said Mr. J. Patterson Bing, and the words sounded like two whacks of a hammer on a nail. "No sir," he repeated, the second whack being now the more emphatic. "I don't lend money to people who make a bad use of it."

"Can you give me work?" asked the unfortunate drunkard.

"No! But if you were a hired girl, I'd consider the matter."

Some people who overheard the words laughed loudly. Poor Blenkinsop made no reply, but he considered the words an insult to his manhood in spite of the fact that he hadn't any manhood to speak of. At least, there was not enough of it to stand up and

be insulted—that is sure. After that he was always racking his brain for something mean to say about J. Patterson Bing. Bing was a cold-blooded fish. Bing was a scrapper and a grinder. If the truth were known about Bing he wouldn't be holding his head so high. Judas Iscariot and J. Patterson Bing were off the same bush. These were some of the things that Blenkinsop scattered abroad and they were, to say the least of them, extremely unjust. Mr. Bing's innocent remark touching Mr. Blenkinsop's misfortune in not being a hired girl, arose naturally out of social conditions in the village.

Furthermore, it is quite likely that every one in Bingville, including those impersonal creatures known as Law and Order, would have been much happier if some magician could have turned Mr. Blenkinsop into a hired girl and have made him a life member of "the Dish Water Aristocracy," as Judge Crooker was wont to call it.

The community of Bingville was noted for its simplicity and good sense. Servants were unknown in this village of three thousand people. It had lawyers and doctors and professors and merchants—some of whom were deservedly well known—and J. Patterson Bing, the owner of the pulp mill, celebrated for his riches; but one could almost say that its most sought for and popular folk were its hired girls. They were few and snifty. They exercised care and discretion in the choice of their employers. They regulated the diet of the said employers and the frequency and quality of their entertainments. If it could be said that there was an aristocracy in the place they were it. First, among the Who's Who in Bingville, were the Gilligan sisters who worked in the big brick house of Judge Crooker; another was Mrs. Pat Collins, seventy-two years of age, who presided in the kitchen of the Reverend Otis Singleton; the two others were Susan Crowder, a woman of sixty, and a red-headed girl with one eye, of the name of Featherstraw, both of whom served the opulent Bings. Some of these hired girls ate with the family—save on special occasions when city folk were present. Mrs. Collins and the Gilligans seemed to enjoy this privilege, but Susan Crowder, having had an ancestor who had fought in the Revolutionary war, couldn't stand it, and Martha Featherstraw preferred to eat in the kitchen. Indeed there was some warrant for this remarkable situation. The Gilligan sisters had a brother who was a magistrate in a large city and Mrs. Collins had a son who was a successful and popular butcher in the growing city of Hazelmead.

That part of the village known as Irishtown and a settlement of Poles and Italians furnished the man help in the mill, and its sons were also seen more or less in the fields and gardens. Ambition and education had been working in the minds of the young in and about Bingville for two generations. The sons and daughters of farmers and ditch-diggers had read Virgil and Horace and plodded into the mysteries of higher mathematics. The best of them had gone into learned professions; others had enlisted in the business of great cities; still others had gone in for teaching or stenography.

Their success had wrought a curious devastation in the village and countryside. The young moved out heading for the paths of glory. Many a sturdy, stupid person who might have made an excellent plumber, or carpenter, or farmer, or cook, armed with a university degree and a sense of superiority, had gone forth in quest of fame and fortune prepared for nothing in particular and achieving firm possession of it. Somehow the elective system had enabled them "to get by" in a state of mind that resembled the Mojave desert. If they did not care for Latin or mathematics they could take a course in Hierology or in The Taming of the Wild Chickadee or in some such easy skating. Bingville was like many places. The young had fled from the irksome tasks which had roughened the hands and bent the backs of their parents. That, briefly, accounts for the fewness and the sniffliness above referred to.

Early in 1917, the village was shaken by alarming and astonishing news. True, the sinking of the Lusitania and our own enlistment in the World war and the German successes

on the Russian frontier had, in a way, prepared the heart and intellect of Bingville for shocking events. Still, these disasters had been remote. The fact that the Gilligan sisters had left the Crookers and accepted an offer of one hundred and fifty dollars a month from the wealthy Nixons of Hazelmead was an event close to the footlights, so to speak. It caused the news of battles to take its rightful place in the distant background. Men talked of this event in stores and on the street corners; it was the subject of conversation in sewing circles and the Philomathian Literary club. That day, the Bings whispered about it at the dinner table between courses until Susan Crowder sent in a summons by Martha Featherstraw with the apple pie. She would be glad to see Mrs. J. Patterson Bing in the kitchen immediately after dinner. There was a moment of silence in the midst of which Mr. Bing winked knowingly at his wife, who turned pale as she put down her pie fork with a look of determination and rose and went into the kitchen. Mrs. Crowder regretted that she and Martha would have to look for another family unless their wages were raised from one hundred to one hundred and fifty dollars a month.

"But, Susan, we all made an agreement for a year," said Mrs. Bing.

Mrs. Crowder was sorry, but she and Martha could not make out on the wages they were getting—everything cost so much. If Mary Gilligan, who couldn't cook, was worth a hundred dollars a month Mrs. Crowder considered herself cheap at twice that figure.

Mrs. Bing, in her anger, was inclined to revolt, but Mr. Bing settled the matter by submitting to the tyranny of Susan. With Phyllis and three of her young friends coming from school and a party in prospect, there was nothing else to do.

Maggie Collins, who was too old and too firmly rooted in the village to leave it, was satisfied with a raise of ten dollars a month. Even then she



"I Don't Loan Money to People Who Make a Bad Use of It."

received a third of the minister's salary. "His wife being a swell leddy who had no time for wurruk, sure the boy was no sooner married than he yelled for help," as Maggie was wont to say.

All this had a decided effect on the economic life of the village. Indeed, Hiram Blenkinsop, the village drunkard, who attended to the lawns and gardens for a number of people, demanded an increase of a dollar a day in his wages on account of the high cost of living, although one would say that its effect upon him could not have been serious. For years the historic figure of Blenkinsop had been the destination and repository of the cast-off clothing and the worn and shapeless shoes of the leading citizens. For a decade, the venerable derby hat, which once belonged to Judge Crooker, had survived all the incidents of his adventurous career. He was, indeed, as replete with suggestive memories as the graveyard to which he was wont to repair for rest and recuperation in summer weather. There, in the shade of a locust tree hard by the wall, he was often discovered with his faithful dog Christmas—a yellow, mongrel, good-natured cur—lying beside him, and the historic derby hat in his hand. He had a persevering pride in that hat. Mr. Blenkinsop showed a surprising and commendable industry under the stimulation of increased pay. He worked hard for a month, then celebrated his prosperity with a night of such noisy, riotous joy that he landed in the lockup with a black eye and a broken nose and an empty pocket. As usual, the dog Christmas went with him.

When there was a loud yell in the streets at night Judge Crooker used

to say, "It's Hiram again. The poor fellow is out a-Hraming."

William Snodgrass, the carpenter, gave much thought and reflection to the good fortune of the Gilligan girls. If a hired girl could earn twenty-five dollars a week and per board, a skilled mechanic, who had to board himself, ought to earn at least fifty. So he put up his price. Israel Sneed, the plumber, raised his scale to correspond with that of the carpenter. The prices of the butcher and grocer kept pace with the rise of wages. A period of unexampled prosperity set in.

Some time before, the Old Spirit of Bingville had received notice that its services would no longer be required. It had been an industrious and faithful Old Spirit. The new generation did not intend to be hard on it. They were willing to give it a comfortable home as long as it lived. Its home was to be called The Past. There it was to have nothing to do but to sit around and weep and talk of bygone days. The Old Spirit rebelled. It refused to abandon its appointed tasks.

"Why shouldn't people enjoy themselves?"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

FAMED FOR GIANT POTATOES

District Just North of Denver Has Established Its Reputation for the Succulent Vegetable.

When Horace Graeley gave the young men of America a loose foot by saying, some decades ago: "Go West, young man," he incidentally succeeded in getting a very fine brand of potatoes named for himself, writes William G. Shepard in the Saturday Evening Post. A group of men who went to the West at that time settled in a district north of Denver and east of the Rocky mountains, and perhaps, because they thought of nothing else to raise, they planted potatoes. About them, in the highlands, the only wild potatoes in the United States were growing luxuriantly. This district is similar climatically and otherwise to the highland district in Chile, where explorers are believed to have come across the potato for the first time. These Colorado wild potatoes propagated themselves by means of seeds, and it is from the pods of these seeds that the Colorado potato experts get the material by means of which they have produced the Greeleyville potato. Eastern railroads, on which huge baked potatoes, served in the dining cars, have come to be strong allies of the passenger agent and heavy drawers of patronage, send to the Colorado district for the potato giants. Transcontinental railroads which use the northern route send men into the Montana and Dakota fields to pick out, almost by hand, huge potatoes which have been grown from the Colorado seed.

Work.

If the busy rich people watched and rebuked the idle rich people, all would be right among them; and if the busy poor people watched and rebuked the idle poor people, all would be right among them. But each looks for the fault of the other. A hard-working man of "property is particularly offended by an idle beggar; and an orderly but poor workman is naturally intolerant of the licentious luxury of the rich. And what is severe judgment in the minds of the just men of either class becomes fierce enmity in the unjust—but among the unjust only. None but the dissolute among the poor look upon the rich as their natural enemies or desire to pillage their homes and divide their property. None but the dissolute among the rich speak in opprobrious terms of the vices and follies of the poor.—John Ruskin.

Russian Folk Songs Pathetic.

The Russian songs are most pathetic in character. Many of them are written in the Phrygian mode, and even those that begin in a major key often end in the minor, or perhaps on the supertonic of the key, or on some other minor chord which sounds strange and melancholy to western ears. The Russian folk songs are remarkable for their polyphonic tendency. According to Melgounov, a great authority, the "horovod" or choral song, was accompanied by secondary parts called "podgoloski," which ornamented and imitated the principal voice in a kind of free counterpoint. These part songs are mostly in celebration of ecclesiastical festivals, of the different seasons, or of country pursuits and occupations.

What's a Toxin?

The ptomaines must not be confused with the toxins. The toxins are poisonous substances derived from germs in the course of their life and growth. They are the active principles of the germs, to which the germs owe their characteristic effects upon the human system. It is the toxin of the diphtheria germs, for example, which causes most of the mischief when infection has taken place.



MOTHER FUR SEAL.

"They think it is funny," said Mother Fur Seal, "that I am able to recognize or know my own children, but I would think it funny if I couldn't."

"The reason that creatures think it is funny that I know my own children, is because we mothers stay about on the same great beach and there are thousands of mothers and children all about."

"But I always would know my son," said Mother Fur Seal.

"Our children are such dear, playful, merry creatures. Especially when they're very young, and even during the first four or five years of their lives there is nothing they enjoy so much as swimming and playing, diving and playing tag and other games."

"We're known as the Alaska Fur Seal family, and we live interesting lives."

"In the spring or very early in the summer we travel sometimes as much as two thousand miles. Gracious, wouldn't it be an expense if we had to pay for our journeys the way people do?"

"But then people wouldn't care for the way we travel, through the great ocean, whether it's stormy or calm, whether there is rain or sunshine above."

"We go on and on, and no matter how great the fog may be we never lose our way, but go swimming steadily on and on until we reach the islands we're going to for our summer."

"When we reach our summer home we begin to think about the seal babies who have arrived after we have been at the island homes for awhile."

"We stay out of the water for long periods of time, often to make sure no harm will come to our babies. And we go back and forth for our market."



"Out of the Water."

ing, for we must feed our children well and give them good food so they will be strong and so they will feel like playing."

"Our great enemy is the old whale known as the Killer Whale. From his family name you can understand that he is a cruel creature. That would be quite clear to any one."

"Our cousins, the sea-lions are very much like we are in ways and habits and looks."

"They too travel in the spring and in the fall, living one place in the summer and another in the winter."

"The Mr. Sea-Lions are noisy creatures, roaring and talking at the top of their voices, always. They're very big of course, and I suppose like to make their voices seem equal to their size."

"They are all wilder and braver than we are, but they're a clever lot. I do not mind admitting it, because, of course, they're relatives of ours. Sometimes they are known as the Steller Sea-Lion family."

"But what I cannot understand is that people think it is strange that we can always tell our own young when there are such countless and countless children seals on the beach."

"I would like to ask such people this question, especially I would like to ask any question of mothers."

"Would you not be able to recognize your own children even if there were thousands of children about?"

"Wouldn't you be able to pick out your own children in a great big school where there were several thousand children about?"

"Wouldn't you be able to tell your own children if they were marching in a huge parade with many, many, many other children?"

"Wouldn't you be able to tell your children on the beach when the children were flocking to the beach in hundreds?"

"Of course you would! I'm quite sure you would! And so can the Mother Seal tell which are her own children. For she knows her own as any mother would. Don't you see, people, that that is quite easy to understand?"