

10-5-1910

Santa Fe New Mexican, 10-05-1910

New Mexican Printing Company

Follow this and additional works at: https://digitalrepository.unm.edu/sfnm_news

Recommended Citation

New Mexican Printing Company. "Santa Fe New Mexican, 10-05-1910." (1910). https://digitalrepository.unm.edu/sfnm_news/337

This Newspaper is brought to you for free and open access by the New Mexico Historical Newspapers at UNM Digital Repository. It has been accepted for inclusion in Santa Fe New Mexican, 1883-1913 by an authorized administrator of UNM Digital Repository. For more information, please contact disc@unm.edu.

SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN

VOL. 47

SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1910

NO 191

COMMITTEES ARE SELECTED

Constitutional Convention Performs Important Work Today

CONSTITUTION OF 1889

Mr Catron Makes Suggestion That It Be Placed on File.

It was 3:05 p. m. before President Spiess called the convention to order. Rev. Julius Hartman invoked the divine blessing. Chief Clerk Armijo read the minutes of the sessions on Monday and Tuesday. Three corrections were made and the minutes adopted.

Charles Springer offered Resolution No. 4, providing for the appointment of a committee on committees consisting of 26 members one from each county, the resolution naming Solomon Luna, chairman; Francis E. Wood, Charles Springer, Frank W. Parker, W. D. Murray, Tranquillo Labadie, John H. Canning, Gregory Page, Fred S. Brown, Albert B. Fall, Reed Holloman, Perfecto Esquibel, W. E. Lindsey, E. A. Miera, Eugenio Romero, T. B. Catron, Frank H. Winston, H. O. Bursum, Malaquias Martinez, Acasio Gallegos, Eufrazio G. Gallegos, H. M. Dougherty, C. R. Brice, C. C. Davidson, W. B. Walton, G. A. Richardson. This committee at once reported the following standing committees:

Members of Committees.

No. 1. Rules and Order of Business. Chairman, C. A. Spiess, Solomon Luna, E. A. Miera, T. B. Catron, Chas. H. Kohn, H. B. Fergusson, J. H. Crist.

No. 2. Preamble and Boundaries. Chairman, Isidoro Armijo, A. B. McDonald, A. Abeyta, William McKean, Jose Amado Lucero, C. M. Compton, Edward D. Tittman.

No. 3. Bill of Rights. Chairman, F. E. Wood, S. B. Davis, Jose Amado Lucero, Jose D. Sana, Margarito Romero, F. H. Winston, J. Francisco Romero, Onecimo Martinez, John W. Childers, James N. Upton, E. F. Saxton.

No. 4. Legislative Department. Chairman, A. B. Fall, Solomon Luna, Charles Springer, T. B. Catron, F. E. Wood, S. B. Davis, Eufrazio Gallegos, Juan Navarro, E. A. Miera, J. Francisco Romero, Perfecto Esquibel, H. M. Dougherty, C. R. Brice, H. O. Bursum, A. H. Hudspeth, C. C. Davidson.

No. 5. Executive Department. Chairman, T. D. Burns, E. C. Stover, P. J. O'Brien, Luciano Maes, Candelario Vigil, Charles E. Miller, H. O. Bursum, John G. Clancy, Wm. McIntosh, M. L. Stern, Anastacio Medina, C. C. Davidson, G. A. Richardson, M. P. Sken, J. H. Crist, John L. House.

No. 6. Judicial Department. Chairman, Frank W. Parker, T. B. Catron, C. J. Roberts, A. B. Fall, Reed Holloman, Herbert J. Raynolds, Malaquias Martinez, Nepomuceno Segura, John Becker, F. C. Field, J. Amado Lucero, G. A. Richardson, A. H. Harliee, James G. Fitch, J. Lee Lawson.

No. 7. Elective Franchise. Chairman, Nestor Montoya, Eufrazio G. Gallegos, Frank W. Parker, Atanacio Rolbal, Benjamin F. Pankey, Venecio Jaramillo, Squire Hart, Harry W. Kelly, George E. Moffett, John W. Childers, James G. Fitch.

No. 8. Education. Chairman, George W. Prichard, Acasio Gallegos, W. E. Garrison, J. H. Canning, Nestor Montoya, W. E. Lindsey, George S. Brown, Sylvester Mirabal, Margarito Romero, F. C. Field, Thomas J. Mabry, Emmett Patton, James G. Fitch, A. H. Harliee, M. D. Taylor.

No. 9. Public Lands. Chairman, Sylvester Mirabal, T. D. Burns, George Baker, H. W. Kelly, F. H. Winston, Salome Martinez, A. B. Fall, G. W. Prichard, A. C. Abeyta, Wm. McIntosh, W. E. Garrison, Thos. J. Mabry, A. H. Hudspeth, A. H. Harliee, C. R. Brice, H. B. Fergusson.

No. 10. Taxation and Revenue. Chairman, J. M. Cunningham, Charles E. Miller, John R. Canning, Victor Ortega, A. A. Sedillo, John Becker, E. A. Miera, H. O. Bursum, George Baker, Onecimo G. Martinez, Perfecto Esquibel, A. H. Hudspeth, James A. Hall, Samuel Eldott, E. F. Saxton, J. B. Gilchrist.

No. 11. State, County and Municipal Indebtedness. Chairman, W. D. Murray, J. J. Aragon, A. B. McDonald, Charles E. Miller, William McKean, Victor Ortega, C. J. Roberts, B. F. Pankey, J. M. Cunningham, G. W. Baker, John Becker, George E. Moffett, Raymond Harrison, John I. Hinkle, J. N. Upton, W. B. Walton.

No. 12. Public Buildings and Institutions. Chairman, Gregory Page, W. E. Garrison, Anastacio Medina, Eugenio Romero, George S. Brown, Nestor Montoya, Salome Martinez, W. E. Lindsey, Emmett Patton, C. M. Compton, Samuel Eldott.

No. 13. County and Municipal Corporations. Chairman, Daniel Cassidy, Sr. Charles Kohn, W. D. Murray, M. L. Stern, Candelario Vigil, F. Gauna, Squire Hart, Jr., Tranquillo Labadie, J. L. House, G. B. Patterson, J. B. Gilchrist.

No. 14. Corporations, other than Municipal. Chairman, H. O. Bursum, M. L. Stern, George S. Brown, Harry W. Kelly, Solomon Luna, T. B. Catron, Juan Navarro, Gregory Page, Alejandro Sandoval, Venecio Jaramillo, Reed Holloman, H. M. Dougherty, C.

GET READY FOR THAT ROAD TAX

Fee of \$3 per Will Be Collected for Street Improvements

PETITION ON FIGHT PICTURES

Mayor Had Already Given Permit For Their Display at Elks.

Get ready, citizens, to dig down into your pockets for \$3 and if you own a team, for another \$3, as the road tax man will soon be on his way.

This was decided at the meeting of the council last night when work was ordered to commence tomorrow on the Montezuma road from the depot to the capitol. The mayor appointed Seferino Alarid to be in charge and Pedro Quintana to notify the men who are to work. All men who are 21 to 60 years of age and citizens of Santa Fe are subject to work on the road and if they do not give their brawn and their teams they will have to hand over their shekels.

Owners of driving horses, motorcycles, buggies and buzz wagons will likely find an additional expense to meet.

The mayor and the council are "keen" to have the road built and a good sum of money has to be collected to do it.

The city treasurer reported that there are \$6,282 in the city treasury. Mayor Seligman announced the appointment of Bernardo Baca to replace Valentine Madrano on the police force, at least for six months, perhaps longer if he spots those buggies that have no lights and does a few other things to help enforce the city ordinances.

That Jeff-Johnson Matter.

The council listened to the reading of a petition signed by 43 persons, including a number of ladies, to suppress the Jeffries-Johnson pictures which have been announced with so much eclat for an attraction of surpassing interest at the Elks' theater tomorrow night. The mayor told the council that he already had granted the permit asked by Manager Stanton that the only objection he could see to such an exhibition would be the possible stirring up of race prejudice; that in his opinion Santa Fe can well handle such an issue if it arose. The petition was laid on the table.

All bills for the past quarter were referred to the finance committee and it will report at an adjourned meeting of the council tomorrow night when the automobile ordinance will also come up to receive the "finishing touches."

Archaeologist Is Up-to-Date.

S. G. Morley applied to the council for a culvert on Washington avenue and Hillside. It was referred to the committee on streets, of which Celso Lopez is chairman. E. L. Wheeler also presented a petition for a road and bridge off Riverside drive and it was referred to Mr. Lopez's committee.

The Elks through a representative appeared before the council asking a rebate on the charges for admission of the carnival here. The council finally decided to allow the carnival to come here for the nominal fee of \$25.

PRETTY TALL STATEMENT AS TO FREIGHT RATES.

Denver, Colo., Oct. 5.—E. P. Costigan left last evening for Arizona to try some more freight rate cases before the interstate commerce commission. Costigan has become the unofficial freight rate buster of Arizona; and has so far managed to smash every rate attacked.

"We pay some pretty outrageous charges in Colorado," said Costigan just before leaving. "But the only place I know where the science of charging all the traffic will bear has been worked out to the last nickel is in Arizona."

"For example, there is the rate on shipments from Milwaukee, Wisconsin, to Prescott, Arizona. Prescott is fifty-nine miles off the main line of the transcontinental route. The rate from Milwaukee to Prescott is the rate from Milwaukee to Los Angeles, plus the rate from Los Angeles back to the Missouri river, plus the local tariff for those fifty-nine miles. Los Angeles is about 400 miles farther from Milwaukee than Prescott. If you can beat that I'd like to know where."

BANKERS CONSIDER MODERN BANKING METHODS.

Los Angeles, Oct. 5.—The Trust company section of the American Bankers' Association met in a business session here today and took up for consideration this important part of modern banking. A section of State Bankers' Associations also held their meetings today.

RECEPTION AT EXECUTIVE MANSION TONIGHT.

From 8:30 to 11:30 o'clock this evening a reception to the members of the constitutional convention will be given by Governor and Mrs. Mills at the executive mansion. The public is invited and no one should miss this occasion to meet and become acquainted with the constitution makers of New Mexico. No invitations have been issued.

REVOLUTION IN PORTUGAL

King Manuel Flies to Board of Brazilian War Ship

NAVY BOMBARDS THE PALACE

Part of the Army Also Goes Over to the Rebellious People.

LATEST BULLETIN STATES PORTUGAL IS A REPUBLIC.

London, Eng., Oct. 5.—The foreign office has just received a telegram from the British minister at Lisbon announcing that a Republican form of government has been declared in Lisbon.

Paris, Oct. 5.—It is stated at the Brazilian legation here that King Manuel of Portugal, has taken refuge on the Brazilian warship San Paulo.

Cause of the Revolt.

Paris, Oct. 5.—It is generally believed that the immediate cause of the revolution was the assassination in Lisbon of Professor Bombardo, a Republican deputy and chief of the Liberal League, by a lieutenant of the army. So intense was the feeling against the throne that this incident was sufficient to start an outbreak. But Portugal, following the example of Spain, has been imbued since the recent war, with a strong anti-clerical sentiment and the governmental program included revision of the statutes regarding religious orders. Evictions of activity of those who aimed at the throne were found frequently of late. On September 20, the police raided a bomb factory and arrested ten persons. This action was said to have followed the discovery of a widespread anti-monarchical plot. Since then, there have been arrests almost daily among medical students who are members of a secret revolutionary society. The government's action against the clericals also complicated the situation.

Royal Body Guard.

Pisa, Italy, Oct. 5.—The Portuguese legation here while in receipt of no official advice, understands that the faithful troops of the royal palace up to 3 o'clock this morning had succeeded in repulsing the Republicans.

Blood Flows in Street.

Paris, Oct. 5.—Portugal since yesterday has been isolated from the rest of the world and circuitous reports declare that the country is in the throes of a violent revolution. All the Portuguese navy and part of the army are reported to have deserted the monarchy and cast their lot with the revolutionists. The Portuguese warships shelled the Royal Palace while the land forces after desperate fighting in the streets dragged the banner of Republicanism to defeat.

Liberals Applauded.

Paris, Oct. 5.—The whole Liberal press, including the Republican element, applauded the government's action in expelling the Jesuit Friars and confiscating the convents and monasteries and other properties. President-elect Ponce de Brazil recently arrived in Lisbon and must have witnessed a scene similar to that in 1889 in Brazil, when Portugal's empire in that country was overthrown and a Protestant government under Ponce de Brazil's father, the present president, established. Ponce was given a significant reception on his arrival in Lisbon. He addressed a large crowd from the balcony of Belem palace, felicitating the Portuguese people as "the source from which sprang my fatherland and the Brazilian nation." The crowd cried: "Long live the republic of Brazil!"

Rome Is Anxious.

Rome, Oct. 5.—Intense interest and apprehension are felt here over the reports of a revolution in Portugal. Queen Dowager Maria of Portugal, is a sister of the Italian king and is anxious over the religious situation and the possible effect it may produce in Spain.

British Send Cruisers.

Gibraltar, Oct. 5.—The British cruisers Newcastle and Minerva sailed from here today at full speed for Lisbon.

Will Proclaim Republic.

Madrid, Oct. 5.—There has been no communication with Lisbon since yesterday morning. It is believed that the revolutionists have cut the wires with the intention of restoring them only when they are prepared to announce to the world that a republic has been proclaimed.

Troops Desert Government.

Lisbon, Oct. 5.—At eight o'clock this morning the troops faithful to the government that had been assembled in the palace of Dom Pedro made common cause with the revolutionists and returned to their barracks. The multitude in the street applauded crying: "Long live the republic!"

Lisbon and Oporto in Hands of Rebels.

Pisa, Oct. 5.—The Portuguese legation announced that it is practically certain that Lisbon and Oporto are in the hands of the revolutionists, but adds that it should not be conceded that Portugal has fallen.

Garrison Joins Revolutionists.

Badajoz, Spain, Oct. 5.—All messengers received from the frontier this afternoon from correspondents in

CONSTITUTION MAKERS



HON. FRANK H. WINSTON.

Frank H. Winston of Fairview, who is a delegate to the constitutional convention from Sierra county, is a native of Wisconsin, and is of English and Welsh descent. He came to New Mexico in 1882, and located at Grafton where he became interested in merchandising and stock raising.

Intending to make it a permanent home, he preempted a claim near Elk Mountain, and proved up on it soon after, stating certain exceptions regarding residence and other matters, his wife having been in a sanitarium during his residence on the claim.

When Geronimo made his raid through southern New Mexico, three young men were killed by Indians within a few miles of Grafton, their bodies being horribly mutilated. This tragic event made a strong impression on Mr. Winston, and he determined not only to abandon his preemption claim as a residence, but to remove his business to a less exposed place. Acting on this determination, he bought a mercantile business at Fairview, and has made that place his home since that time.

When Land Commissioner Sparks attempted to show that the Republican administration had allowed land

frauds to be committed in New Mexico, Mr. Winston was one of the many who were indicted at Las Cruces by a grand jury especially instructed and guided by the United States attorney for that work. However, when Mr. Winston's case came to trial his indictment seemed so clearly a miscarriage of justice that the judge ordered the jury to bring in a verdict of "not guilty" without leaving their seats.

Mr. Winston was chairman of the Sierra county board during 1889 and 1890, and was offered a second term. He was a member of the thirty-third legislature, and nettled by a remark of a prominent politician, that the reason he, Mr. Winston, received so large a majority was because he was unknown to most of the voters, he became a candidate for a second term, and was elected to the thirty-fourth legislature by a large vote as he received in the preceding election.

Since then he has been so fully occupied with his own affairs that he has taken little part in politics, but his interest has not abated. He believes that simple honesty is as imperative in politics as in any other pursuit, and can admire integrity and ability in an opponent the same as in a friend.

THREE CARDINALS, SIXTY BISHOPS

Most Notable Company of Roman Catholic Hierarchy Assembles

CATHEDRAL CONSECRATED

Ceremonies in St. Patrick's Cathedral Were Impressive in the Extreme.

New York, Oct. 5.—Three cardinals, the most notable company of prelates in this country with a host of lesser church dignitaries, participated in the consecration of St. Patrick's Cathedral today. Sixty bishops from all parts of the United States are present. Cardinal Logue, primate of Ireland, Cardinal Gibbons and Monsignor Falconio, apostolic delegate, took part in the conference which was impressive in the extreme.

NET CLOSES AROUND DESPICABLE VILLAINS.

Contemptible Dynamiters of Times Building Are Being Arrested By Man Hunters.

San Francisco, Oct. 5.—The net thrown out by authorities appears to be closing rapidly on the dynamiters of the Times building in Los Angeles. "It is absolutely certain the dynamite which was used was secured in Giant, was taken to Los Angeles and that was the same dynamite used in destroying the Times building and in bombs found at the Zeelandlaar and the Otis residence," said Attorney Earl Roger, who is in charge of the man hunt. "We have ordered arrests," he continued, "and we have men now in jail at several points."

He refused to divulge the names of the prisoners or the places where they are placed. The theory on which the authorities are working is that the dynamiting was the result of a plot in which several conspirators are involved.

"Sherlock" Burns on the Job. Los Angeles, Oct. 5.—Detective Burns and two assistants from the San Francisco police department arrived here today to take up the search for the Times dynamite conspirators.

It is said Burns brought important information which has startled the local police department to its utmost effort.

Reign of Terror.

San Francisco, Oct. 5.—"A reign of terror was planned for Los Angeles" said Mr. Rogers, "at least six jobs were intended with five hundred pounds of dynamite secured at Giant." It is estimated that only two hundred pounds of explosives thus far have been accounted for.

DEAD WERE PILED IN HEAPS

Thirty Six Killed, Thirty One Injured in Traction Car Collision

SOME ONE HAD BLUNDERED

Electric Trains are Telescoped at Curve in Deep Cut Near Stanton, Illinois

Stanton, Ill., Oct. 5.—The responsibility for the collision between two traction cars at Dickerson curve, two miles north of here late yesterday by which thirty-six persons were killed and thirty-one others injured, many of them seriously, is being sought today by the coroner's jury. A preliminary investigation is also being made by the state railroad and warehouse commissioners. Dispatcher Tebbis of Stanton charges that Motorman John Liermann of the northbound train disobeyed his orders to meet the limited second section of the southbound train at the wall, and the police are searching for Liermann, who it is said leaped from his car just before the crash and disappeared. The death list includes twelve women. Nearly all of the killed and injured are from Illinois cities and towns on their way to Stanton. Included among the killed were three officials of the Illinois Traction System, the superintendent of the St. Louis Springfield division, John E. Berry, land commissioner, and D. E. Black. Both trains were going at the rate of forty miles an hour when they struck in a curve in a deep cut. The local telescoped the limited and forced both cars to a mass of wreckage beneath which the dead and injured were piled in heaps.

Motorman Turns Up.

Stanton, Ill., Oct. 5.—Later—Motorman Liermann reported to the officials. He and E. J. Young, motorman of the limited, were taken to Carlinville at the request of the coroner.

TWO MORE AVIATORS TAKE A TUMBLE.

One Fractures His Skull the Other Escapes with a Broken Leg in France.

Boissy, France, Oct. 5.—Leon Mauroane, who started this morning for Clermont, in an attempt to win the Michaelson aviation prize, fell here and sustained a broken leg. His brother, Robert, who was a passenger, received a fractured skull.

SENATOR LA FOLLETTE IS DOING NICELY.

Rochester, Minn., Oct. 5.—Senator LaFollette who was yesterday operated on for gallstones, is reported this morning as doing finely.

OFFICIAL POPULATION FIGURES

Received by Governor Mills From Census Director Dana Durand.

ANALYSIS OF WATER SAMPLES

In Otero County Railroads Pay More Than One Third of Taxes.

Upon the special request of Governor Mills, Census Director Dana Durand and his forces at Washington compile the population figures for New Mexico by counties in time for the constitutional convention so that they might be available for apportionment purposes. Governor Mills today received the official result, which corresponds with the figures for each county and the Territory published by the New Mexican on Saturday and Monday, having been furnished by Associated Press. The figures are herewith repeated for more ready reference:

Population of New Mexico.	1910	1900	1890
The State	327,396	195,310	153,593
Bernalillo	23,606	26,320	20,913
Chaves	16,850	4,773	—
Colfax	16,480	10,150	7,974
Curry	11,443	—	—
Dona Ana	12,893	10,187	9,191
Eddy	12,400	3,229	—
Grant	14,813	12,883	9,657
Guadalupe	10,927	5,429	—
Lincoln	7,822	4,953	7,081
Luna	3,913	—	—
McKinley	12,963	—	—
Mora	12,611	10,304	10,618
Otero	7,969	4,791	—
Quay	14,912	—	—
Rio Arriba	16,719	13,777	11,534
Roosevelt	12,064	—	—
San Miguel	22,930	22,053	24,204
San Juan	8,504	4,828	1,890
Sandoval	8,579	—	—
Santa Fe	14,770	14,658	13,562
Sierra	3,536	3,158	3,630
Socorro	14,761	12,195	9,595
Taos	12,008	10,889	9,868
Torrance	10,119	—	—
Valencia	11,404	4,528	—
Yuma	13,320	13,895	13,876

Territorial Funds.

Territorial Treasurer M. A. Otero today received the following remittances: From S. I. Roberts, clerk of the fifth judicial district, \$1,200.25; from W. D. Newcomb, Socorro, clerk of the seventh judicial district, \$562.85; from Charles P. Downs, Alamogordo, sixth judicial district, \$500.30, being fees collected during the past quarter. From Camillo Sanchez, treasurer and collector of Guadalupe county \$273.59.

Who Pays the Taxes?

According to the percentages of the assessment for 1910, compiled by Traveling Auditor Charles V. Safford, the railroads pays more than one-third of the taxes collected in Otero county for their share of the taxable assessment is 38.46, then follow city property 16.67, cattle and swine 9.93, grazing lands and improvements 5.65, agricultural lands and improvements 4.78, timber lands 4.10, other property 4, power plants 3.86, horses and mules 3.39, merchandise 3.30, household goods, etc., 2.56, carriages and wagons 1.31, sheep and goats .77, miles 60, mineral lands 43, telegraph telephone and ditches 19.

Territorial Board of Education.

A meeting of the territorial board of education will be held on Thursday, October 13, at 2 p. m.

Analyzing Waters.

The territorial engineer's office announces that it has not made arrangements with the College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts to analyze samples of water from private wells or reservoirs. Only the waters of streams on which gauges have been placed or will be placed, are to be analyzed. Today samples of water were received from Cameron creek at Fort Bayard, and the Gila and Zuni rivers, the last named being sent by the Indian service.

Much Wanted Man Arrested.

The mounted police were notified today of the arrest at Tucumcari of a man named Goldberg, who formerly held forth in this city, ran a clothes cleaning establishment, attempted suicide and incidentally sought to raise money on wind. It is a bank at Alamosa, Colorado, that wants him badly enough to have caused his arrest, but it is said that banks at Santa Fe and Pueblo, also have charges against him.

County Treasurer Appointed.

Reymundo Romero has been appointed county treasurer and collector of Torrance county to succeed the late M. B. Atkinson. He had been recommended by the Republican county central committee.

MINER KILLED AT CASH ENTRY MINE.

Cerrillos, N. M., Oct. 5.—J. H. Rector, a miner, working in the Cash Entry mine, was killed at 3 a. m. by the explosion of powder when a shot was ready to go off. His companions had left the mine. Rector seemed dazed and failed to get out of the way. He leaves a wife and one child in Silver City. The remains were shipped to Silver City.

YOKUM ON GOOD ROADS

Even a Good Farm Unless close to Some Highway is Unprofitable

MORE THAN TALK IS NEEDED

Western Progress Is Making New Conditions That Must Be Met.

Oklahoma City, Okla., Oct. 5.—B. F. Yoakum, chairman, St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad Company, delivered an address on Farmers' Day at the Oklahoma state fair today. His subject was "Wagon Roads and Railroads."

Mr. Yoakum said:

There is not much new to be said on the value of good roads to agriculture and commerce. Every farmer who hears me knows that the necessity for country roads is as old as farming itself. A good farm away from a railroad or a public road is almost as unprofitable as without water. It is hard to understand why Americans who have been so enterprising in other things, should be backward in making good country roads. There has been a disposition to use "bull strength" and haul farm products over bad roads regardless of expense.

Good roads add greatly to the profits and comforts of farmers, but knowing so and saying so do not produce good roads; they will have to be made. All talk and no work will not make your roads. Go at it with the same determination you would to dig ditches or build fences.

A farmer in Crawford county, Mo., has his choice of hauling to either of two stations—one two miles away with a poor road, and the other four miles away with a good road. He can drive the four miles in less time and haul larger loads. Good roads cut the time to market in half and double the value of farm property. You can't make as good an investment in any other way, and the state and general public should and will aid you if you go about it in the right manner.

Many can remember that a few years ago one of the important issues of this country was whether we should have free public roads. All admitted that we should. We had good roads along well enough without them, and therefore there was no use in paying out money to educate the masses. It seems now almost unbelievable that the proposition to educate the masses free should ever have been seriously opposed. In earlier days it was an exception to find among the poorer classes one who could read; now it is an exception to find among them one who cannot read.

Western progress is making new conditions. Only a few years ago the rich lands of Oklahoma, so far as farming purposes were concerned, were as far from American markets as if they had been located in South America. It was railroad construction that placed these lands in touch with commerce, and it is the public road that

Old Wheat
Imperial
Jersey Cream
Pansy
Bobolink

Flour

Also VARIETY FRESH YEAST

WE GIVE CASH REGISTER TICKETS
WITH ALL CASH PURCHASES

Winter Grocery Co.
Southeast Corner Plaza, Santa Fe. Telephone No. 40

**CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELF
THE FINEST AND FULL LINE OF**

Diamonds, Watches, Clocks
Jewelry, Silverware, Deco-
rated China, Novelties,
Leather and Leather Ebony
Goods

**S Spitz MANUFACTURER
JEWELER**

TAXIDERMIST TANNER & FURRIER
EVERY DESCRIPTION OF WORK IN OUR LINE DONE TO ORDER.
GAME HEADS MOUNTED
Artistic Taxidermy and Ladies' Fur Repairing a Specialty

Send for prices for tanning and lining
furs and hides for rugs and robes
Highest prices paid for raw furs of all kinds

FRANK F. GORMLEY
GENERAL MERCHANDISE

PHONE 19 BLACK SANTA FE, N. M. 436 CANON ROAD

MULLIGAN & RISING
Funeral Directors &
Licensed Embalmers

DAY & NIGHT 130 RED 125 PALACE AVE.
PHONE 125 PALACE AVE.
PICTURE FRAMING TASTEFULLY AND SATISFACTORILY DONE.

Onion Sets, Alfalfa Seed.
All kinds of Garden and Field Seeds.

SOLE AGENTS FOR
International Stock Food
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Flour, Hay, Grain, Potatoes,
Salt and Seeds

LEO HERSCH

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE GRAIN HOUSE IN SANTA FE

FIRST CLASS CORRICK'S HACK LINE
HACK SERVICE For Hire at Popular Prices Buggies and Saddle Horses

DIAMONDS H. C. YONTZ WATCHES
MANUFACTURER OF
MEXICAN FILIGREE JEWELRY

Right Prices
Right Goods
Right Service

Eye Tested and
Filled by Opti-
cians

Cut Glass, China and Silverware
345 San Francisco St. SANTA FE, N. M.

THE DAILY ROUND UP.

TWILIGHT.

(By Edward M. Carney in the Columbian.)
The day dies.
The last faint ember of the setting sun
Goes out, and long, dark night grows on apace.
A stillness wraps the world in solemn thought.
No song of bird, no rustle of the breeze
Disturbs the sacred silence of the hour.
On rapid wing, a solitary dove
Pursues her lonesome, solemn flight to East.
Through skies o'ercast with blackest leaden clouds—
So white, so sad, so lost in such a sky!
Her course is straight and swift as arrow's flight;
And darkness swallows up the white-winged dove.
A star peeps out—and night is on the world.
(Lines suggested by an Autumn sunset.)

Marriage License Issued—A marriage license was issued at Estancia to Ross G. Archer and Miss Jennie Duer of McIntosh.

Store Robbed at Raton—The Mendelsohn dry goods store at Raton was robbed and the thief has been apprehended at Trinidad, Colorado.

Brought Back From Kansas—Lee Turner has been brought back to Raton from Wellington, Kansas, to answer to a charge of criminal assault. He gave \$1,000 bond.

Fought Over Water Rights—Eugenio Barela, of Alameda, near Albuquerque, was arrested yesterday for raising a disturbance during a dispute over water rights.

Burglars Plunder New Store—Thieves night before last broke into Rosenwald's new dry goods store at Albuquerque and carried off several hundred dollars' worth of merchandise.

Acequia Election at Old Albuquerque—At the acequia election at Old Albuquerque, the following were elected by 300 majority: Lewis Springer, Cornelio Murphy, Casimiro Sals and Leonardo Humick.

Sentenced to Penitentiary—District court has adjourned at Alamogordo and Judge Wright has gone to Santa Rosa. Before leaving he sentenced Felipe Portillo to five years to seven years in the penitentiary for the murder of a man named Abeyta.

Given One Thousand Dollars Damages—David Williams was given \$1,000 damages in district court at El Paso, Texas, against the El Paso & Southwestern Railway Company, for being thrown from a handcar while in the employ of the company and breaking a bone in his left heel.

Banks Will Consolidate—H. B. Jones, president of the First National bank of Tucumcari, has bought the interest of President Isaac Otis and Cashier Grant Otis in the Vaughn and Trust Company at Vaughn, Guadalupe county, and has consolidated with it the bank at Duran recently burned out.

Two Women Lost in Woods—Mrs. Oliver Lee and Miss Lena Cox, of the San Augustine Ranch in eastern Dona Ana county, started at three o'clock in the afternoon to ride to Alamogordo, but lost their way and were compelled to camp all night in a canon without food, without a match to start a fire and but thinly clad. Next day, after several hours' search, they picked up their tracks and returned to the ranch.

Las Cruces Nimrods in a Runaway—Attorney Mark B. Thompson, of Las Cruces, but formerly of this city, and a party of friends, experienced a thrilling runaway while out hunting in the Mesilla valley. The tongue coupling broke as they returned and the horses ran into the buggy of Dr. T. C. Sexton. Mrs. Sexton was thrown out but escaped serious injury. The team then ran into another wagon and both wagons were overturned, the horses keeping on down the street, knocking down a young girl, who also escaped serious injury. A small boy in trying to get out of the way of the runaways was thrown by his horse which fell on him but he too received only slight bruises.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo,
Lucas County—ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY,
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

MINOR CITY TOPICS

Denver, Colo., Oct. 5.—The forecast is fair weather to night, and Thursday cooler to night with probably frost in north portion.

A Big Laugh is John Afraid of the Work, at the Elks' tonight.

Train Was Late Again—Santa Fe train No. 10 from the south was over an hour late again today this afternoon.

Doors open at 7:30 and show starts at 8 o'clock tomorrow night. Get your tickets for the Johnson-Jeffries fight picture at Fischer's drug store.

Fatal Explosion at Cash Entry—An explosion in the Cash Entry mine, 20 miles south of Santa Fe, yesterday, resulted in the death of one of the employees.

Daily Bulletin Board—The Daily Bulletin Board in front of the New Mexican office is attracting greater attention each day as the news is posted hot from the wires.

Water Melon Eating Contest for Editors—A water melon eating contest for New Mexican editors will take place at Obar on Saturday. Editor Klinefelter of the Obar Progress will pay for the melons.

Reception to Constitutional Convention—The Ladies' committee of the Museum of New Mexico will give a reception at the Palace of the Governors on Tuesday evening, October 11, from 8:30 to 11 o'clock.

The Dance Tomorrow—Tomorrow evening a dance will be given under the auspices of the Woman's Board of Trade in the assembly room of the public library on Washington avenue. It promises to be an enjoyable social affair.

Baptismal Ceremony—The child of Celso Ortiz was baptized at 6 p. m. by the Rev. Father Besser at the Church of Our Lady of Guadalupe, as Epitasio Ortiz. Tomasito Tenorio was the god father and Manuela Sanchez the god mother.

Clear the Corners—Ladies and pedestrians are complaining that the corners of the plaza, especially at San Francisco street are almost impassable on account of men standing around. The police should keep the pavements clear.

Tonight is Prize Night at the Elks'
Six big prizes given away. Show at 8 o'clock.

Will Push Tax Collections—The board of county commissioners took a recess yesterday. It adopted a resolution urging the district attorney to push the collection of delinquent taxes and to bring suit against every individual owing taxes.

Girl Kicked by Horse—While riding to school Monday with her mother, from their home east of Tucumcari, Little Miss Smyer, 9 year old daughter of Gene Smyer, was kicked from the buggy by the horse they were driving and rendered unconscious, a part of one ear being torn off. The child was sitting on a stool in the front of the vehicle and, when the wheels crowded the brute at a low ditch, it easily reached her with its heels. Doctors are still on the scene as the patient has never regained consciousness.

Janitor of Business Men's Association—Edward Tafuya is the janitor in charge of the Commercial Club rooms in which the Business Men's Association is keeping open house for the visiting delegates. The New Mexican sends all of its exchanges to the club rooms and that includes practically every paper published in the Territory, many published in Arizona and the large city dailies.

Appeal Taken—An appeal has been perfected in an important water rights suit which is likely to go up to the United States supreme court in the case of Community Ditches on the Acequias of Tularosa Townsite, a corporation, vs. the Tularosa Community Ditch, W. D. Tipton, E. Knight, J. J. Dale and E. H. Simmons.

SEVEN LADIES NOMINATED FOR QUEEN OF ELKS' CARNIVAL

Seven of the fairest daughters of New Mexico have been nominated as candidates for the honor of presiding over the festivities and carnival that will take place, next week, under the auspices of the Elks. The lady who will be fortunate enough to be queen will be indeed lucky, for in addition to being the queen of the carnival with all the honor attached thereto she will be the recipient of a very handsome diamond ring, and will with her maids of honor of her own choosing be the guests of the Elks and the carnival and have full sway.

The ladies already nominated for this exalted position and the votes cast are:

Anita Bergere1000
Richie Sellman1000
May Spitz1000
Elsie Jacobs1000
Ruth Laughlin1000
Nellie Brewer, Atty.1000
Gertie Jones1000

Now let's see who the winner will be. It all depends on the efforts of the candidate and her friends, so every body hustle and hustle hard and drop your ballots at any of the drug stores, where voting envelopes and ballot boxes are to be found, and full information of the conditions of the contest may be secured.

ONE WEAK SPOT.

Most Santa Fe People Have a Weak Part and Too Often Its The Back. Everyone has a weak spot. Too often its a bad back. Twinges follow every sudden twist. Dull aching keeps up, day and night. Tells you the kidneys need help—For backache is really kidney-ache. A kidney cure is what you need. Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys.

Cure backache and urinary ills. Santa Fe people recommend the remedy.

Thomas M. Baca, Cerrillos St., Santa Fe, N. M., says: "My faith in Doan's Kidney Pills is just as strong today as when I publicly recommended them in 1902. I was caused much suffering by backache for three years and my loins were so painful at times that it was all I could do to go around. Doan's Kidney Pills entirely relieved me and I had no return attack of the trouble for six months. At that time my work brought on a recurrence of backache. I at once took Doan's Kidney Pills and they gave me relief. A medicine that lives up to the claims made for it like Doan's Kidney Pills do, deserve the strongest endorsement."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Forster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

LOCAL OPTION ELECTIONS

ARE A STAND OFF.
New Haven, Conn., Oct. 5.—In the small town elections held throughout the state yesterday, the license element won your towns from the no license column and the prohibition adherents a similar number from the list of licensed towns.

NICK YANNI'S SHOE SHOP

24 E. SAN FRANCISCO ST. 124

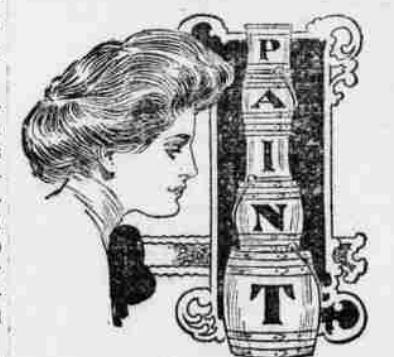
Men's half-soles (nailed) - 75c
Ladies' half soles - 50c
Rubber heels - 50c

FIRST CLASS WORK
GUARANTEED.

IMPERIAL LAUNDRY
For Best Laundry Work

basket leaves Monday Tuesday
Returns Thursday and Friday.
AGENCY at O. K. Barber Shop
Mrs F. O. BROWN Agent
Phone No. 23 Red

We Have Built Up



our Paint business by giving only the best grades for a reasonable price. Every can of our Paint is reliable. It is made of the best White Lead and well-ground colors, giving a uniform coat and spreading easily and smoothly without streaks or spots. These colors will not fade in the sun, and they cover a large surface. One coat of our Paint is as good as two of other kinds.

Charles W. Dudrow

KERR'S PLAZA BARBER SHOP

For 19 years the only first class tonsorial parlor in Santa Fe.

OUR NEW FITCH TREATMENT

is guaranteed to cure, (not only relieve, Dandruff, falling hair & other scalp irritations. We also carry a complete line of all the popular hair and facial tonics.

HERPICIDE, DE LUXE QUININE & FITCH BATHS BATHS BATHS

Agents HUBBS LAUNDRY
Phone us, we will be glad to call for your laundry on Mondays and Tuesdays and deliver on Thursdays and Fridays

All work is guaranteed; your socks are mended and buttons sewed on your shirts, without extra charge.

PHONE RED 122. PHONE RED 122.

Established 1856. Incorporated 1903
SELIGMAN BROS CO.

WE ARE THE LEADERS IN DRY GOODS

OUR FALL & WINTER GOODS are now arriving; Mens, Womens and Childrens Sweaters Newest Styles. A New line of Trousers and Neckties all the latest novelties. Mens & Boys Harvard Suits Latest Styles. A Swell line of Mens Kenyon Overcoats and Raincoats just received.

MAKE YOUR SELECTION NOW.

PHONE 36 FOR HALF A CENTURY THE LEADING DRY GOODS HOUSE IN THE CITY. P. O. BOX 219

TOILET ARTICLES FOR THE HORSES. and BLANKETS.



Care for your horses well and no thing will do better work for you. We cannot mention the many things we carry in our store. But whenever you need anything in hardware, come to us and you will find it.

Our quality is always the best. Our prices are always fair prices.
Phone No. 14. If it's Hardware WOOD-DAVIS HARDWARE CO. We have it. Phone No. 14.

Coal WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Wood
Screened RATS YANKEE CERRILLOS Lump

Anthracite Coal all Sizes, Smithing Coal. Steam Coal. Sawn Wood and Kindling.
MONTEZUMA AVENUE Near A. T. & S. F. Depot. CAPITAL COAL YARD.
Telephone 85 Telephone 85

ABSTRACT REAL ESTATE INSURANCE

As a Protection for yourself demand an Abstract—Do you know whether you have an absolute title to the property which you own?

Abs tracts of Title, THE SANTA FE ABSTRACT Realty & Insurance Agency
Furnished by Catron Block Santa Fe, N. M. Tel Black 76

LIVERY STABLE

Fine Rigs, Reliable Horses, Single Buggies, Surries, Saddle Horses

Call up 'Phone 9

When in Need of Anything in the Livery Line. Drivers Furnished

RATES RIGHT.

Don Gaspar Avenue CHAS. CLOSSON

Why Do you Send for the doctor when there is sickness in the house? **Why?**

Because he is the one who, through study and training, is best fitted to treat the illness successfully. THAT'S HIS BUSINESS.

Our Business is to compound scientifically the medicine your doctor orders. And we are the best fitted through education, experience, and facility, to do his bidding.

BRING EVERY PRESCRIPTION TO US FOR RESULTS
ZOOK'S PHARMACY Phone 213

WANTS

FOR SALE—Cottage tent with furnishings. Apply 102 West Manhattan Avenue.

FOR RENT—Furnished room, bath, electric lights and steam heat. Address "400," care New Mexican.

FOR SALE—A little house corner Manhattan avenue and Garcia street. \$1,750. Rent for \$50 month. Lots on E. Manhattan 48x600, \$150. Walter Kraul.

TYPEWRITERS

Cleaned, adjusted and repaired. New platens furnished. Ribbons and supplies. Typewriters sold, exchanged and rented. Standard makes handled. All repair work and typewriters guaranteed. Santa Fe Typewriter Exchange. Phone Black 237.

Herewith are some bargains offered by the New Mexican Printing Company: Code of Civil Procedure of the Territory of New Mexico, 1897, sheep bound, \$1; paper bound, 75c. Missouri Pleading forms, \$5; Missouri Code Pleading forms, \$5; the two for \$10. Adapted to New Mexico Code, Laws of New Mexico, 1899, 1901 and 1903, English and Spanish pamphlets, 25c; full leather \$3. Sheriff's Flexible Cover Pocket Docket, single, \$1.25; two or more books, \$1 each. New Mexico Supreme Court Reports, Nos. 3 and 10 inclusive \$3.50 each. Compilation Corporation Laws, 75c. Money's Digest of New Mexico Reports, full sheep, \$6.50; full list school blanks.

Notice for Publication.

(013328.)
Coal—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 4266.
Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 6, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Comm., at Cuba, N. M., on October 28, 1910, viz: Tranquilino Romero, of Cuba, N. M., heir of Francisco Romero for the claim 4266 in Secs. 16 and 21, T. 21 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:
J. J. Salazar, Donaciano Lucero, M. Reyes Lucero, Zenon Sandoval, all of Cuba, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO,
Register.

If you want anything on earth—try a New Mexican Want Ad.

WOODY'S HACK LINE

From
BARRANCA TO TAOS
Meets Both North South
Bounds Trains.

Leaves Barranca on the arrival of the north bound train and arrives at Taos at 7 p. m.
Ten miles shorter than any other way. Good covered hack and good teams.

Every Thing done to Make Passenger Comfortable.
Round Trip
FARE \$5.00

St. Michael's College
Santa Fe, New Mexico
DIRECTED CHRISTIAN BROTHERS
BY THE
Oldest and Most Popular Institution in the Southwest
Courses COMMERCIAL LITERARY & SCIENTIFIC
Academic and Preparatory Courses
form Separate Departments
BOARDING AND DAY STUDENTS. Send for Prospectus
Studies resumed September 5th
BROTHER EDWARD, President

RIDE IN THE MOON

30 H. P. \$1,500
We repair and care for all makes
GASOLINE AND SUPPLIES.
SANTA FE GARAGE
Palace Ave.

MASON AFTER LORIMER'S SEAT

Governor Deneen Has Publicly Declared He Does Not Want the Toga

SULTAN OF SULU IN CHICAGO

Conservation of Men Is Plea of General Claim Agent of Western Railroad.

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 5.—For successor to Senator Lorimer, in event the Burrows committee vacates his seat in the United States Senate, there is increasing talk in Illinois of the former senator, William E. Mason, who in Chicago has been popularly known as "Bully" Mason out of an affectionate regard for his old-fashioned honesty. The name of B. A. Eckhardt, also of Chicago, a member of the railway and warehouse commission and a millionaire, also is mentioned. Former Senator Mason was the father of the present pure food law and the first champion in the Senate of the postal savings bank bill. His greatest strength lies in a record of integrity and since the Lorimer inquiry has become almost a national issue party leaders have realized the need of such a man to fill the Lorimer seat if it should become vacant. Mr. Eckhardt's reputation is also high but his millions are likely to count against him when the public is to be appeased in a doubtful year. Governor Deneen has publicly stated that he would not seek the toga because he felt that he was needed "to prevent the state from being looted." Congressman Foss, who was one of the candidates during the Springfield deadlock which resulted in the election of Lorimer, ran behind his ticket in the recent primaries in his district. Organized labor has repeatedly endorsed and supported Mason and the farmers have had occasion to regard him, while senator, as a stalwart champion of their interests. Southern counties of the state have been Mason counties. The defeat of Mason by Hopkins was looked upon at the time as due to the liberal use of money and under such conditions as would result from a humiliation of Lorimer by the senatorial investigation the return of Mason would be urged from many quarters as a recognition of his services by the voters in a year when money did not dominate the choice of senator.

Sultan Wore a Dirty Turban.
Hereafter the Sultan of Sulu, who made Chicago a disillusioning visit with his retinue, will not be the picturesque monarch portrayed in George Ade's musical comedy. He proved to be a plump man, garbed in store clothes and dirty turban, with a penchant for poetry and a grudge against New York because of a misfit pair of pants sold to him there.

Increase of Accidents.
The increase of deaths and injuries caused by the railways of the United States has brought forth a plea for "conservation of men" from R. C. Richards, general claim agent of the Chicago & Northwestern road, one of the few roads that have boldly admitted the facts publicly and set about attempting reforms. Each year and each quarter of each year has seen the totals of casualties mount higher. The interstate commerce commission figures for the last ten years being 868,000 killed or injured, the total number killed being 94,390. "More men than were killed on the Union side during the Civil war," Mr. Richards, in a booklet he has just completed, has said in referring to the total number killed. "During ten years in the pursuit of a peaceful industry we have killed more people than were killed in a five years' war," Mr. Richards points out the enormous

total time lost as result of injuries, a loss of time that increases the hazard and expense of the railways because it diminishes their efficiency. He adds the ominous fact: "The last report made by the interstate commerce commission was for the year ending June 30 1908. The record of calamities on the railroads of the United States for that year was very much worse than for an average time during the last ten years." The great number of railroad employees injured, 52,305 in ten years, is the reason for Mr. Richards' plea to railway employees: "Now, is it not time we should do something to change all this? Is it not time that you men who are running this railroad—it isn't the officers but you people who are absolutely operating the railroad, you and no one else can change things for the better—isn't it time to begin? Even with all of these improved safety cars, safety appliances, safety air-brakes and safety engines, the average percentage of men killed and injured among employees, has increased instead of decreased on all of the railroads of this country. In the United States in 1899, there was killed one railroad employee out of every four hundred and twenty men, women and children employed. In 1907, one out of every nineteen employed was injured.

An Aviation Brain Storm.

Brookings started an aviation brain storm in Chicago and now tremendous interest is shown in the preparation for the Chicago-New York airship flight whereas before Brookings in his biplane sailed over the skyscrapers of the city the achievements of the "bird men" were of vague interest, like an astounding dream. The sight of an airship poised 2500 feet over State street was electric. Brookings became an idol of staid business men and of office boys, bankers and elevator operators, stenographers and chauffeurs. Immediately the Evening Post-New York Times flight became a matter of such absorbing interest that even the victorious Cubs were of secondary interest—having clinched the pennant. Crowds went to the Hawthorne field by thousands to see the tryout. Secretary Augustus Post of the Aero Club of America found the hoopla listening to him with rapt attention. "It is about time Chicago should establish itself as a great center of aerial navigation," he said. "Everyone will recall that Chicago is the place where the first automobile race was held. It was away back in 1895, as I remember, and a man named Charles E. Duryea was the 'speed king' then. Of course the records of that time are as nothing compared to what has been accomplished in automobile since, and so it will be with aerial navigation. Aviation has gone forward with tremendous strides and has no limitations. Its fascination is such that it will continue to appeal more and more to the people of every section of the country. While a flight from Chicago to New York may seem and is a stupendous undertaking, so stupendous in fact that it is difficult for the mind to grasp it, there is no reason why it cannot be accomplished successfully, and if it is, it will mark the greatest feat in the short, but remarkable history of aviation. As far as the distance is concerned, that can have no terrors for the professional aviator, for many of them have covered as great a distance in the space of a week."

Manual Training in Chicago.

Three thousand children in Chicago cannot study manual training and cooking this year because the public schools have inadequate facilities. Mrs. Ella Flagg Young, superintendent of schools, reveals that Chicago's schools have insufficient equipment for instruction in those lines. Expensive kitchen equipment such as has been installed in seventy Chicago schools is not necessary, according to Mrs. Young. The board of education has paid \$1,050 to equip each of these schools. Suitable facilities could be provided for \$300 each, according to Mrs. Young who said: "It is not necessary for the people today to equip the schools for years to come. Cheaper equipment can be purchased, which would meet the needs today, and later more expensive facilities could be provided if needed."

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS ELECT GRAND OFFICERS.

Hugh H. Williams of Deming is Chancellor Commander and John L. Zimmerman Outer Guard.

Albuquerque, N. M., Oct. 5.—The annual meeting of the grand lodge of Knights of Pythias of New Mexico came to a close last evening after a very busy and eminently satisfactory two days' session, most of the time being devoted to a revision of the governing laws of the order, a plan for such revision being adopted by the delegates. Officers for the ensuing year were elected yesterday morning as follows:

Grand Chancellor, Hugh H. Williams of Deming; Grand Vice Chancellor, H. L. Hickley of Raton; Grand Prelate, George L. Bradford of Dawson; Grand Keeper of Records and Seals, C. M. Bernhard of Las Vegas; Grand Master of the Exchequer, W. Q. Fawcett of Roswell; Grand Master at Arms, Howell Earnest of Clayton; Grand Inner Guard, R. P. Donahue of Tucuman; Grand Outer Guard, John L. Zimmerman of Santa Fe.

The financial condition of the order in New Mexico shows considerable improvement, according to the Knights and there are now nearly thirty lodges numbering in all 1,150 members.

It is in time of sudden mishap or accident that Chamberlain's Liniment can be relied upon to take the place of the family doctor, who cannot always be found at the moment. Then it is that Chamberlain's Liniment is never found wanting. In cases of sprains, cuts, wounds and bruises Chamberlain's Liniment takes out the soreness and drives away the pain. Sold by all druggists.

THE FORUM.

AN OMNI-PARTISAN LEAGUE.

(Communicated.)

The Anti-Saloon League is not a partisan movement in any sense whatever. It is not a new lodge, nor a new organization. Here is what Dr. P. A. Baker, general national superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League of America says on this point:

"The Anti-Saloon League is not, strictly speaking, an organization. It is what its name indicates—a league. It is a league of organizations. It is the federated church in action against the saloon. Its agents are of the church, and under all circumstances loyal to the church. It has no interest apart from the church. It goes just as fast and just as far as the public sentiment of the church will permit. It has not come to the Kingdom simply to build a little local sentiment, nor to secure the passage of a few laws, nor yet to vote the saloons from a few hundred towns. These are mere incidents in its progress. It has come to solve the liquor problem."

Dr. Baker has here given a clear statement of the nature of the league. It is simply the federated church in action against the saloon. It is not Protestant any more than it is Catholic in its origin.

Archbishop Ireland, of the Catholic church of St. Paul, and Dr. Kynett, of Philadelphia, a Methodist divine, were riding on a train one day between Chicago and Philadelphia, both ardent friends of humanity, and therefore opponents of the saloon. They were earnestly discussing whether there were not some plan and platform broad enough that men could unite on, regardless of denominational creed or political party affiliations, and work together to reduce and repress the evils of the saloons, and eventually suppress them altogether.

Dr. Russell, of Oberlin, O., took up this idea and further elaborated the plan, inaugurated the movement 17 years ago and today the league is organized and doing effective work in practically every state and territory in the Union, and in the Hawaiian Islands.

Thus it seems that the league is inter-denominational and as non-partisan as the whole Christian church. Catholic and Protestant. It has its roots in both branches of the church of Christ. It is like a child binding together the hearts of father and mother for the protection and welfare of the entire family. That's the league. It binds together Catholic and Protestant, in the one great work of destroying the greatest enemy of our youth, of the home, the municipality, the state and nation.

The splendid galaxy of statesmen who have gathered at Santa Fe, charged by the people with the writing of a constitution for the new state, have no weightier problem to solve than that of protecting and conserving the new state's most valuable and precious resources—our boys and girls.

Go to, with your mountains of gold, and silver and copper and coal and oil and minerals! Go to, with your piles of lumber, your fine orchards, alfalfa fields! Go to, with your corporate interests, your stocks, bonds, banks, merchandise and any other material interests the convention may have to consider! But give me my boy and girl! Take my gold, but leave me in this world, health and all, but save the good name, the pure character, the life, the soul of my boy! This is not the cry of a fanatic, gentlemen. You know, as I know, that is the cry of the good of earth, the cry of heaven itself, the cry of God. That is why the Son of God came into the world and died on the cross, to save our boys and girls from all evil, including the saloon.

The church has recognized the enormous evils of the saloon, and banded together for its speedy overthrow. This is the Anti-Saloon League.

Rev. Father J. M. Cleary, of Minneapolis, is one of the national vice-presidents. Rev. Father Ward, of Beloit, is vice-president of the Wisconsin state league. So with other states. We merely cite these to show how all denominations join in the campaign to bring in sobriety and righteousness in our country.

In the very nature of the league, it must be non-partisan, because its constituents belong to all political faiths. There are Republicans, Democrats, Socialists and Prohibitionists in the ranks. But the league is not a political party, neither is it dominated by any party, nor does it seek to dominate any party. It is omni-partisan. In fact, as a league it only touches politics where the saloon comes in and seeks to dominate politics, dictate laws and officials which and whom it knows to be against the public welfare, the safety of the home and state.

Here this federated church openly and boldly steps in and says: "Governments are ordained of God," and officers are "God's ministers" or servants for righteousness, and evil and self-seeking men must neither make nor execute the laws. The church has not only that moral and God-given right, but it is its high-moral duty to exert itself in behalf of good government. That does not mean union of church and state, but it does mean such an enlightened and quickened public conscience as will enact good laws and enforce them honestly.

In New Mexico the league is exactly what it is elsewhere. It makes common cause with no political party as such. It simply stands for principles, measures and men which will repress and abolish the liquor evil and protect the home, the state and the Kingdom of God.

When, therefore, the liquor interests publish abroad the statement that the Anti-Saloon League has made common cause with the Democratic party or any other party in New Mexico, I wish to say over my own signature, that statement is like so many

others of their utterances—foamy, unsubstantial and without foundation in fact.

If the league, W. C. T. U. or any one else buys space in the public press, Democratic or Republican, and there-in gives the public facts on the evils of the liquor traffic and the benefits of prohibition, that is not partisanship. It only enters every open door to turn on the light on this problem. And the league does not follow the underhand tactics of the liquor interests of writing editorial matter and paying for its insertion at "so much per" all over the country, making the untrue impression that those are editorial opinions, when they are not. A good cause does not need to hide and slink away like that. Righteousness loves the light; an unrighteous cause loves the darkness.

J. I. SEDER.

ANNUAL BENCH SHOW OPENED THIS MORNING.

Long Lines of Display Pens or Kennels Completed at Albuquerque Fair Grounds.

Albuquerque, N. M., Oct. 5.—Following a busy day's work by a brigade of carpenters yesterday and the arrival of a continuous procession of dogs of all kinds, sizes, shapes and breeds and colors, the first annual New Mexico kennel show will open this morning at the corner of Fourth street and Central avenue. The long lines of display pens or kennels completely fill the big ground floor of the Yrisarri building and there will be about 175 dogs of nearly thirty varying breeds in the kennels when the doors open to the public at 9 o'clock this morning. The competition for the blue ribbons will be keen and some of the very finest thoroughbred dogs in the country have been entered. Dr. E. S. Spindler is in charge with Dr. Belen as veterinarian and the dogs will be looked after carefully on display.

The kennels are made comfortable with fresh straw and saw dust and are conveniently arranged for inspection of the dogs by the public.

Notice for Publication.

(013793.)
Coal—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 1306.
Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 6, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Comm., at Cuba, N. M., on October 28, 1910, viz: Octaviano C. de Romero, transferee of Jose Antonio Gallegos, for the claim 1306, in Sec. 15, T. 21 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:
J. J. Salazar, Donaciano Lucero, M. Reyes Lucero, Zenon Sandoval, all of Cuba, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

(013796.)
Coal—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 1353.
Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 6, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Comm., at Cuba, N. M., on October 27, 1910, viz: Luciano Gonzales, of Cuba, N. M., for the claim 1, Sec. 34, and tract 2, Secs. 27 and 34, T. 21 N., R. 1 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:
J. J. Salazar, Dionicio McCoy, Tranquilino Romero, Pulador Martinez, all of Cuba, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

(013788.)
Coal—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 1293.
Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 7, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Comm., at Cuba, N. M., on October 29, 1910, viz: Francisco Atencio, of Cuba, N. M., for claim in Sec. 34, T. 21 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:
Felipe Atencio, Vinton Canadas,

New Mexico Military Institute
ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO,
"The West Point of the Southwest."
Army Officers Detailed by War Department
Army Inspectors RANK SCHOOL IN CLASS "A."
Through Academic course, preparing young men for college or for business life. Great amount of open air work. Healthiest location of any Military School in the Union. Located on the beautiful Pecos Valley—the garden spot of the West—at an elevation of 3,700 feet above sea level, sunshine every day, but little rain or snow during season.
Eleven Officers and instructors, all graduates from standard eastern colleges. Ten buildings, thoroughly furnished, heated, lighted and modern in all respects.
REGENTS—E. A. Cahoon, President; W. G. Hamilton, Vice President; J. Phelps White, Treasurer; W. M. Atkinson Secretary, and W. A. Wiley.
For particulars and illustrated catalogue address:
COL. JAS. W. WILLSON,
Superintendent.

Reyes Ledesma, J. J. Salazar, all of Cuba, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

(013773.)
Coal—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 4309.
Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 6, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Comm., at Cuba, N. M., on October 24, 1910, viz: Jose R. Montoya, of Cuba, N. M., for the claim 4352, in Secs. 28 and 29, T. 21 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:
J. J. Salazar, Elias Sanchez, E. A. Miera, Apolonio Martinez, all of Cuba, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

(013832.)
Coal—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 4305.
Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 5, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Comm., at Cuba, N. M., on October 24, 1910, viz: Antonio Salazar, of Cuba, N. M., for the claim in Sec. 14, T. 21 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:
Jose Jeronimo Aragon, Mauricio Sanchez, Donaciano Lucero, all of Cuba, N. M., and Juan A. Parraz, of Senorito, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

(013821.)
Coal—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 3260.
Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 5, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Comm., at Cuba, N. M., on October 26, 1910, viz: Jose Francisco Aragon, of Cuba, N. M., for the claim 3260, in Secs. 19 and 20, T. 21 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:
M. Reyes Lucero, J. J. Salazar, Apolonio Martinez, Pulador Martinez, all of Cuba, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such

proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

(013841.)
Coal Land—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 4352.
Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 5, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Comm., at Cuba, N. M., on October 24, 1910, viz: Jose R. Montoya, of Cuba, N. M., for the claim 4352, in Secs. 28 and 29, T. 21 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:
J. J. Salazar, Dionicio McCoy, Tranquilino Romero, Ciriaeco C. de Baca, all of Cuba, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

(013844.)
Coal Land—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 4375.
Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 5, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Comm., at Cuba, N. M., on October 24, 1910, viz: Juan Montoya y Montoya, of Cuba, N. M., for the claim 4375 in Secs. 15 and 16, T. 21 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:
M. Reyes Lucero, Jose Andres Archibque, Marcelino Salazar, Francis Aragon, all of Cuba, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

(013783.)
Coal Land—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 1288.
Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 5, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections

SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING COMPANY PUBLISHERS.
PAUL A. F. WALTER, Editor and President.
JOHN K. STAUFFER, Secretary-Treasurer.
FRANK P. STURGES, Vice President.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.	
Daily, per week by carrier.....	25
Daily, per month, by carrier.....	75
Daily, per month, by mail.....	65
Daily, per year, by mail.....	7.00
Daily, six months by mail.....	\$3.50
Weekly, per year.....	2.00
Weekly, six months.....	1.00
Weekly, per quarter.....	.50

OFFICIAL PAPER OF SANTA FE COUNTY.

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every postoffice in the Territory, and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the Southwest.

A COUP D'ETAT.

It is whispered about the capital that the Democratic minority is planning a coup d'etat which will tie to them the insurgent Republicans, which latter, however, seem to exist in the imagination only of the Democrats. It is to be hoped that the coup will be picturesque, something like that which Goodwin's Weekly is sniffling whenever it refers to the expiring Rough Rider. It says:

"London Punch in a catchy style pictures the United States government overthrown by Colonel Roosevelt and the Colonel proclaimed emperor. But Punch does not show very much originality in the sketch. It pictures the Colonel obtaining power by a coup de main, even as poor old Louis Napoleon did. The idea that anything so tame, so wanting in dramatic climax, so little likely to induce newspaper notices, would do for our Colonel is too ridiculous to consider. He should have been portrayed swooping down on the capital, he and his rough riders, all on aeroplanes, horses and men and rita, carbines and sashes, revolvers and sheath knives, with a new flag bearing a lion couchant and a black rhinoceros rampant, and in one corner of the flag a shield, the escutcheon bearing in burnished brass the words, 'What the Hell!' Then on alighting the Colonel should be represented as making a speech something like this:

"My braves, I hated to do this. They forced me to it. The government had become so corrupt, the people so lax in their duties—the truth is most of them except a few of us won't do—that I felt it an imperative duty to interfere and do what Washington and Lincoln failed to do, give them a government of me, by me and mostly for me. About once in so often the world becomes so trifling that a man has to be born to restore things. It was so with big Alee of Macedonia; so with old Sesostris; so with Genghis Khan and Tamerlane; so with Charlemagne; so with Napoleon. Hence I am here.

"There will be no occasion for Congress to convene this year; it all ways was a worry to me. Billie Taft, naturally a well meaning man and fair lawyer, only he has that obsolete idea about strict construction that is sometimes troublesome, because laws like the currency, ought to be elastic—I will make a chief justice on the understanding that he will run the supreme court my way. It will take me a week or ten days to get everything settled so that we can have a government of us, by us, and chiefly for us, that free government may not perish from the earth. And any man who objects may be put down as a liar, and an enemy of the people."

WHY NOT WORK THE COAL MINES?

The proposition is made to employ convict labor to develop the coal deposits within twenty miles of Santa Fe. In every direction there are coal veins, cropping out at the surface. In spots, tunnels have been driven or shafts sunk, but thus far development has been slight. On the upper Pecos and in Dalton Canon to the east; in the shale and lime rock to the northeast and north; in the O'Mara mine to the south and in outcroppings to the west, there are evidences that the entire Santa Fe basin is underlaid with coal. The penitentiary and the territorial institutions here consume a large quantity of coal and it would keep the entire force at the penitentiary busy to supply the demand of the territory alone. With the bituminous coal retailing at \$8 a ton in Santa Fe and much more at points like Roswell, with coal deposits within rifle shot of the penitentiary that are lying idle and from which coal could be mined at a cost of 90 cents a ton, it seems that such convicts as can be spared from road work and gardening should be put to work on the coal deposits. It will be cheap to maintain and guard convicts at such work, and being so near to the penitentiary it offers an opportunity for employment and profit that the penitentiary boards of the future should not overlook.

The population of Delaware, that little runt among the thirteen original states, whose newspapers have been disparaging New Mexico as a rotten pocket borough with insufficient population for a state government, according to the census is 202,322, or 125,000 less than New Mexico. Its growth in population during the past ten years was less than ten per cent, while that of New Mexico was 68 per cent; the population it added during those ten years was only 17,587, or less than the two counties of Chavez and Eddy increased during that same period. Oh, yes, the Diamond state ought to shout about pocket boroughs and rotten politics, for wherever those terms are mentioned, every one unwittingly thinks of Delaware.

The Bankers' Association, assembled in convention two thousand strong at Los Angeles, enthused over a report on "Bills of Lading" yesterday. This explains why the average banker never seems to wax enthusiastic when he is struck for a loan by the man without gilded collateral.

PRACTICAL MANUAL TRAINING.

The form of manual training in New Mexico best adapted to present day circumstances and needs would be practical and theoretical instruction in farming. There is a sharp line to the number of carpenters, printers, blacksmiths that may find employment in the commonwealth, and even common labor vainly looks for work at times as the commonwealth has but few factories and mills. Thus far however, there is no practical limit to the opportunities for making the soil yield crops and incidentally a living. At the Dry Farming Congress yesterday one of the speakers emphasized the fact that broadly speaking for the vast majority of the 17,000,000 school children of the country, efficiency for citizenship rather than scholarship or literary culture should receive paramount consideration. The public schools should teach persons how to make their living even if it becomes necessary to discard some of the cherished ideals of the old school educators. The short courses in elementary agricultural and domestic science which the agricultural colleges have arranged for farmers' children, courses that could readily be adopted by the high schools, have been more than justified by the eagerness with which the subject matter has been pursued, the interest it has awakened and the added enthusiasm with which boys and girls, after completing these courses, look forward to their life work. It would be splendid if the thousand boys growing up to manhood in Santa Fe were taught to be carpenters and printers, but it would be better still if they could be trained to reclaim twenty thousand acres of land in this immediate vicinity and thus provide not only for themselves but also make Santa Fe a prosperous agricultural center.

BROAD AND LIBERAL.

There is this difference between the Republican and the Democratic positions on the New Mexico constitution. The Republicans will draft a fundamental law which will contain nothing offensive to any fair minded citizen; to which Democrats as well as Republicans can subscribe without conscientious scruples; a document containing no partisan measures. True, it will not contain everything everybody wants but what it does contain will be merely fundamental. If the Democrats had the writing to do they would put into the constitution, matters which are the subjects of heated controversy, clauses which would be offensive to many if not the majority of the people; sections that would be frankly partisan; paragraphs that would be condemned by President Taft and Congress. It is well therefore, for the sake of statehood, that the Republican majority is writing the constitution. It will leave purely legislative and statutory matter for future legislatures. The constitution will be broad and liberal enough to permit of the people formulating any law they may desire under the state government.

It must not be forgotten that it is primarily due to the work of the Republican territorial central committee that the constitutional convention is a Republican, a Taft convention; that right from the start the task of drafting a safe and sane constitution has been placed in firm hands that assure early statehood. During the campaign, there were doubters at times among the Republicans, who feared that socialistic agitation had made such inroads as to imperil Republican success, but Chairman H. O. Bursum, Treasurer Solomon Luna and Secretary Frank W. Shearon never faltered, and worked to the end that a magnificent victory, such as was achieved, would be recorded. It merely proves what organization properly supported, can accomplish if headed by unselfish and patriotic men.

"What has Mr. Ripley been doing at Santa Fe?" the Tribune-Citizen asks in large type on several pages. The answer is easy. Mr. Ripley was in Santa Fe just ten minutes, and walked no further than the Union depot to the Santa Fe depot. Of those ten minutes he gave five to a representative of the New Mexican, the other five he fumed and fussed over a valise that he had lost on his trip from Taos. Incidentally, it might be remarked, that Mr. Ripley, on his trip through New Mexico, discussed plans that will mean much, very much for Albuquerque, if they mature and go through, but whether they will, depends much on the attitude of the new state towards railroads and corporations.

A railroader was given a thousand dollars damages in court at El Paso for having a bone broken in his heel by a fall from a handcar. What damages the jury would have awarded if he had been kicked in the solar plexus by a company mule, it is difficult to estimate.

The ship of state was auspiciously launched Monday. It is well officered and efficiently manned. Its voyage to its first port should be accompanied by fair weather and without accidents.

A good physician would diagnose the symptoms of Hon. B. S. Rodey as nostalgia.

"Who pays the taxes?" is not as interesting a serial as the latest Marie Corelli novel, but it has its lessons nevertheless. It is apparent that the railroads pay about one-quarter of the taxes in New Mexico; that the cities and city real estate, also pay a big proportion, but that other interests, including the poor, downtrodden farmer, the man who wisely invests his simoleons in mortgages, stocks and bonds, and the woman who believes in diamonds, gold and silver-ware and beautiful furniture, escape taxation almost altogether. This is hardly an inducement to outside capital to invest in new railroads or in city improvements in New Mexico.

The financial condition of Santa Fe county is not what it should be. An effort should be made to collect the delinquent taxes of which almost half a million dollars are owing. The non-collection of these taxes is an incentive to property owners not to pay their taxes, for the man who has been paying in the past will argue with himself: "Why should I pay when my neighbor is not compelled to pay?" The board of county commissioners therefore took the proper action this week when it directed the district attorney to bring individual suits against delinquent taxpayers.

The Republican majority cannot only afford to be fair to the minority but it will be generous. Every one will be given a hearing and whenever a question of precedence arises, the majority will step aside to say: "You first, Gaston!" as did Judge A. B. Fall yesterday when he moved that the leader of the minority be permitted to choose his seat first in the convention. That is the spirit that will prevail throughout and there will be no effort to cut short debate or to sidetrack any propositions made by the minority.

Dr. W. E. Garrison did well to recall to the memory of the constitutional convention that the Oklahoma constitutional convention in which there were only fourteen Republicans said to them: "Here you take these seats," and then had the Democratic majority divide the choice seats among themselves by lot. The Republican majority of the New Mexico convention is treating the minority with every courtesy. That is the difference between the Republican and the Democratic spirit.

That Republican majority of 4,881 cast on September 6, is not quite as large as it would have been if all the voters had come out to record their preferences, but it is large enough to be called a working majority and to assure that the first two United States Senators will be Republicans and the Democratic nomination for the first state governor will be as empty an honor as was the Democratic nomination for sergeant-at-arms in the constitutional convention.

The assessment of Wyoming, which by the way has only one third as many inhabitants as New Mexico, is almost \$200,000,000. That of New Mexico is only about one-fourth as much. Either the average wealth of New Mexicans is only one-twelfth that of Wyoming residents or there is something the matter with New Mexico assessments. It is a riddle for the new state, the foundation for whose solution should be laid by the constitutional convention.

The Y. W. C. A., the Anti-Saloon League and the Prohibitionists are not good politicians or they would save their ammunition for the real campaign that is coming along by and bye after the constitution has been adopted. At present they might as well bark up a hollow tree as expect to win over the constitutional convention to the idea of incorporating a prohibition clause in the constitution.

A balcony will have to be built to the hall of representatives to make room on the floor not only for all the officials but all of the ex-officials of the territory who have been given the privilege of the floor. Although the Republicans have been in the saddle now for almost two decades, the changes in officialdom have been many and the "ex's" are a host in themselves.

The reason that Hallie Ermine Rives, fell in love with Post Wheeler, poet and diplomat, and he with her after she had been a princess by marriage, was because he wrote so many mean things about women, and she so many mean things about men. Does that solve the psychological riddle of the love of the Hon. A. B. Fall for the Hon. H. B. Ferguson?

Hearst has begun his fight on Tammany and on the Democratic state ticket in New York. The Republicans will not be squeamish about accepting help in the campaign from whatever source it may come but there is many a citizen who will doubt whether the accession of Hearst is any help.

Oh, yes, the Hon. B. S. Rodey is present in spirit in the constitutional convention. But more than one member is thankful that there are some things like two or three thousand miles that separate Santa Fe from Nome, Alaska.

Santa Fe is almost five inches of rainfall shy since New Year. The fact that its water supply has held out despite the drought and despite extravagant use, and even waste, by consumers shows how much better off Santa Fe is than such cities as El Paso and Albuquerque.

The Interstate Commerce Commission should get after those bees which yesterday tied up the Burlington railroad for several hours. If those bees were not guilty of a conspiracy in restraint of trade then all precedents go for nothing.

A good physician would diagnose the symptoms of Hon. B. S. Rodey as nostalgia.

If you want anything on earth—try a New Mexican Want Ad.

Notice for Publication.

(013780.)
Coal Land—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 4372.
Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office.

Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 5, 1910.
Notice is hereby given that the following-named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Commr., at Cuba, N. M., on October 25, 1910, viz: Mauricio Sanchez, of Cuba, N. M., for the claim 4372 in Sec. 7, T. 29 N., R. 1 W., and Sec. 12, T. 20 N., R. 2 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:

Vicente Sanchez, Manuel Sanchez, Sam Wiggins, Elias Sanchez, all of Cuba, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

Notice for Publication.

(013802.)
Coal—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 1922.
Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office.

Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 6, 1910.
Notice is hereby given that the following-named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Commr., at Cuba, N. M., on October 27, 1910, viz: Marcelino Salazar, of Cuba, N. M., for the claim 1922 in Sec. 21, T. 21 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:

Tranquilino Romero, Dionicio McCoy, Ciriano C. de Baca, Reyes Ledesma, all of Cuba, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

Notice for Publication.

(013768.)
Coal—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 5374.
Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office.

Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 7, 1910.
Notice is hereby given that the following-named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Commr., at Cuba, N. M., on October 29, 1910, viz: Ambrosio Segura, of Senorio, N. M., for the claim 5374 in SE 14 NW 14, SW 14 NE 14, NW 14 SE 14 NE 14, SW 14 of Sec. 22, T. 20 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:

Roberto Garcia, Cuba, N. M.; Flavio de La O, Dionicio Lucero, Jose de Jesus Archibeque, all of Senorio, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

Notice for Publication.

(013810.)
Coal Land—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 5244.
Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office.

Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 5, 1910.
Notice is hereby given that the following-named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Commr., at Cuba, N. M., on October 22, 1910, viz: Victor Casados, of Cuba, N. M., for the claim 5244 in Secs. 26 and 27, T. 21 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:

Ponciano Casados, Guadalupe Aragon, Chistobal de Herrera, Hilario Lucero all of Cuba, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the

Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

Notice for Publication.

(013792.)
Coal Land—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 1305.
Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office.

Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 5, 1910.
Notice is hereby given that the following-named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Commr., at Cuba, N. M., on October 25, 1910, viz: Jose Jeronimo Aragon, of Cuba, N. M., for the claim 1305 in Secs. 11, 12, 13 and 14, T. 21 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:

Placido Archuleta, Luciano de Herrera, Florencio Vieja, Ygnacio Trujillo, all of Coyote, N. M.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

Notice for Publication.

(013792.)
Coal Land—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 1305.
Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office.

Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 5, 1910.
Notice is hereby given that the following-named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Commr., at Cuba, N. M., on October 25, 1910, viz: Jose Jeronimo Aragon, of Cuba, N. M., for the claim 1305 in Secs. 11, 12, 13 and 14, T. 21 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:

Antonio Salazar, Benigno Chavez, Felix Montano, Donaciano Lucero, all of Cuba, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

Notice for Publication.

(013790.)
Coal—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 1302.
Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office.

Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 7, 1910.
Notice is hereby given that the following-named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Commr., at Cuba, N. M., on October 29, 1910, viz: Abelina Aragon de Lucero, widow of Jose Nasario Lucero, for the claim 1302 in Secs. 20 and 21, T. 21 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:

J. J. Salazar, Dionicio McCoy, E. A. Miera, Tranquilino Romero, all of Cuba, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

Notice for Publication.

(013815.)
Coal—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 3250.
Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office.

Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 6, 1910.
Notice is hereby given that the following-named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Commr., at Cuba, N. M., on October 27, 1910, viz: Fuldero Martinez, transferee of Manuel Garcia de Garcia, for the claim 3250 in Secs. 20 and 21, T. 21 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:

Dionicio McCoy, J. J. Salazar, Tranquilino Romero, Manuel Garcia, all of Cuba, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

R. J. PALEN, President,
L. A. HUGHES, Vice-President,
J. B. BEAD, Cashier,
FRANK McKANE, Assistant Cashier

The First National Bank OF SANTA FE.

The Oldest Banking Institution in New Mexico. Established in 1879

Capital Stock - \$150,000
Surplus and Undivided Profits - 80,000

Transacts a general banking business in all its branches. Loans money on the most favorable terms on all kinds of personal and collateral security. Buys and sells bonds and stocks in all markets for its customers. Buys and sells domestic and foreign exchange and makes telegraphic transfer of money to all parts of the civilized world on its liberal terms as are given by any money transmitting agency public or private. Interest allowed on time deposits at the rate of three per cent per annum on six months' or years' time. Liberal advances made on consignments of livestock and products. The bank executes all orders of its patrons in the banking line, and aims to extend to them as liberal treatment in all respects, as is consistent with safety and the principles of sound banking. Safety deposit boxes for rent. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

THE PALACE HOTEL

WILLIAM VAUGHN PROP.

One of the Best Hotels in the West

Cuisine and Large Sample
Table Service Room for Com-
Unexcelled mercial Travelers

SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO WASHINGTON AVENUE

The Claire Hotel

Santa Fe, New Mexico

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT.

Completely renovated and neatly furnished. Fireproof
Every room steam heated.

European plan. Rooms \$1.00 to \$2.00 per day.
Meals 50 cents and up.

J. C. DIGNEO, Proprietor.

We Are Now Serving
FULL COURSE MEALS FROM NOON ON
If you drop in at 5 o'clock you can get a hot supper ready to eat and you will not have to wait.

THE HOTEL CORONADO G. LUPE HERRERA Proprietor

RATES \$1.00 A DAY AND UP ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES

Gregg's Peerless Hotel

EUROPEAN PLAN SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

The only first class Hotel in Santa Fe, with hot and cold water in every room, and with bath on every floor the finest & best CAFFE in the City in connection with Hotel. First class service guaranteed. Nice sample room on first floor. Special attention given to traveling men. Give us a trial if you want first class service.

Corner of Water St. and Don Gaspar Ave. WM. GREGG Prop.

GRAND SPECIAL SALE ON EVERYTHING IN THE HOUSE

FROM NOW UP TO AND INCLUSIVE OF OCTOBER 15th.

THIS MEANS DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, SHOES AND EVERYTHING THAT WE CARRY-- STRICTLY HIGH-GRADE MERCHANDISE.

ADOLF SELIGMAN DRY GOODS CO

Wells Fargo & Company Express

General Express Forwarders

TO All Parts of the World.

Save Money and Inconvenience by Purchasing Wells Fargo

DOMESTIC MONEY ORDERS, TRAVELERS' MONEY ORDERS, FOREIGN MONEY ORDERS.

Payable Throughout the United States, Canada, Mexico and all Foreign Countries.

REMITTANCES SENT BY TELEGRAPH.

J. D. BARNES, Agent.

UNITED STATES BANK & TRUST CO

CAPITAL \$50,000.00

Does a General Banking Business

Your Patronage Solicited

N. B. LAUGHLIN, President H. F. STEPHENS, Cashier,
W. E. GRIFFIN, Asst. Cashier

FOR SALE OR RENT

Residence property with all modern conveniences, hot-water heat etc. etc. Also furnished rooms for rent.

O. C. WATSON & COMPANY

Real Estate Insurance Surety Bonds

Santa Fe, New Mexico

119 San Francisco St.

Phone Red No. 189

THIS is the time to put new carpets or rugs on the floors and new furniture in the house. We have a very fine assortment of both to offer you, and we have some decidedly attractive mission furniture on the way. We especially call your attention to our new dressers in quarter oak and library tables in mahogany and in oak. We have also pictures, leather rockers, and a fine line of mattresses, bedsteads and other things to make one comfortable.

CALL WHILE YOU HAVE A CHANCE
TO MAKE A SELECTION

Akers-Wagner Furniture Co.

EXPERT EMBALMERS & FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

THE C. E. HARTLEY REAL ESTATE CO

SPRING, NEW MEXICO

Offers irrigated lands in tracts of all sizes, raw lands, under ditch, \$40.00 to 75.00 per acre, under cultivation and highly improved, \$60.00 to \$175.00 per acre. These are ideal homes ready for you.

Dry Farming Lands, \$5.00 to \$20.00 per acre

RANCHES. We are prepared to locate settlers on government land. We have irrigation equipment, need capital. Moneyed men are invited to correspond with us. RANCHES. LARGE AND SMALL. IF YOU NEED ANYTHING IN NEW MEXICO, LET US HEAR FROM YOU.

Shawgo's Parisian Cleaning and Dye Works

CLEAN ANYTHING—SATISFACTION GUARANTEED—NEW MANAGEMENT—UP-TO-DATE EQUIPMENT—COURTEOUS TREATMENT.

Gentlemen's Hats Made New.

Phone Red 132 O. O. SHAWGO, Proprietor East Side Plaza.



PRETTY GOOD LOOKING TURNOUT

you'll admit when we send it around to you. Of course it is.

HIRING FIRST-CLASS RIGS

is a feature of our livery service. So if you want a carriage and team that you can travel in classy company with, send here and engage them.

WILLIAMS & RISING

310 San Francisco St. Phone 139 Red.

GAGE BROS. and other SMART MILLINERY JUST RECEIVED

Also Laces, Silk Shirt Waists and Dresses; Ribbons, Buttons, Novelties COME IN AND SEE LA MODA MILLINERY

Patron Block East Side Plaza



IF THE NURSE IS AS CAREFUL

to pour out the proper dose as we are in preparing the medicine, earthly skill can do no more.

WE COMPOUND PRESCRIPTIONS

with a full sense of our responsibility. So we consider no pains too great to take to insure accuracy. Have us fill yours next time.

THE CAPITAL PHARMACY

Successors to Stripling-Burrows & Co.

If you want anything on earth—try a New Mexican Want Ad.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. William J. Mills will not be at home to callers tomorrow.

Mr. and Mrs. Ommann, of Denver, are sightseers in the city.

H. C. Applegate, a traveling man of St. Louis, is in the city.

Stanley D. Pearce, an attorney of St. Louis, is at the Palace.

A. M. Cutting, of Topeka, Kan., is a business man registered at Gregg's.

Governor and Mrs. Mills will leave tomorrow for Albuquerque to attend the state fair.

Judge John R. McFie is making his home for the present with Mr. C. L. Bishop on Bower's Place.

J. A. Smith, a tourist from Baltimore, is in the city and is stopping at the Montezuma hotel.

Brother Edward, president of St. Michael's college, is very ill at St. Vincent's Sanitarium.

Francis E. Wood, and Miss Sharp, both of Albuquerque are registered at St. Vincent's Sanitarium.

Judge J. Erb, of Chicago, has arrived in the city as special counsel in the New Mexico Central litigation.

Sheriff Sylviano Roibal of Chamita, is in town to watch the proceedings of the constitutional convention.

Harry G. Chunn of El Paso, Texas, private secretary to Judge A. B. Fall, was an arrival in town yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Barrymore, of St. John's, New Brunswick, are sightseers registered at the Claire.

Mrs. McFie and daughter Amelia, will leave tomorrow for Los Angeles and other points on the Pacific coast.

Former District Attorney Elmer E. Studley, of Baton Rouge, came up from Albuquerque last evening to attend the constitutional convention.

Territorial Engineer Vernon L. Sullivan is confined to his home with typhoid fever contracted at St. Joseph, Mo., where he attended federal court.

The Rev. Elias Nicholas and the Rev. Petro Joseph, of Mesopotamia, are in the city. They are touring the world in the interests of schools in their country.

Captain Fred Fornoff was able for the first time in a week to be at his office at the capitol. He is rapidly recovering from the effects of his recent illness.

Mr. and Mrs. Forest E. Lewis and Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Owen, of Roswell, came to the city yesterday by motor and will go to Albuquerque today to attend the fair.

Mrs. Charles A. Spies, wife of Charles A. Spies, president of the convention, arrived yesterday from Albuquerque and will attend the reception at the executive mansion tonight.

Mrs. Hardesty, sister of Mrs. Fred Harvey, of Kansas City, and her daughter, Sallie, who have been guests of Game Warden and Mrs. Thomas P. Gable, will leave tonight for their ranch in Grant county.

B. Spitz, of Albuquerque, member of the board of equalization, is in town to make arrangements for the attendance of members of the constitutional convention at the meeting of commercial clubs at the Duke City this week.

Assistant Traveling Auditor John Joerns has returned from an official trip to Clovis, Taiban, Melrose and other points in eastern New Mexico, where he examined banks and county accounts. He speaks highly of the display made at the Curry county fair at Clovis, which demonstrated that the dry farmers have not lost heart.

The display of stock, of melons, broom corn, peanuts and other products was excellent.

Aden M. Emerson, a well known typewriter salesman, is back from Taos and will spend a few days in this city.

MR. WARD IS SUMMONED TO THE SEAT OF WAR.

New York Republicans Have Booked Him for Speeches During the Hot Political Campaign.

George Cabot Ward, former acting governor of Porto Rico, diplomat, lawyer, tourist, explorer, club man and public speaker, who has been visiting relatives here for a few days, will leave for New York Saturday to bear his burden in the hot political campaign that now is in full swing in the Empire state. He will deliver a speech in New York City Tuesday night but he expects to return to Santa Fe for another outing after the campaign is over.

Although a staunch Republican, Mr. Ward is the most "democratic" of men. While in the city some joker sent him an invitation to join "The Exotic Club" to be composed of "tender feet."

Mr. Ward commenting on the joke laughingly said: "I have lived in every state of the Union and I do not believe I am worthy of the honor of joining any such organization."

Accompanied by Mrs. Ward, who is an accomplished equestrienne, Mr. Ward spent the forenoon riding horseback and expressed pleasure at the beautiful views to be obtained from the environs of the Ancient City.

BRINGS PASSPORT FROM PIUS, AS POPE AND KING.

Priest From Mesopotamia Has Numerous Other Documents Written in Many Languages.

Armed with passports and other introductory documents written in many languages, the Rev. Elias Nicholas, accompanied by the Rev. Petro Joseph, of Mesopotamia, arrived in the city yesterday and celebrated mass this morning in the cathedral according to the Chaldean rite.

"We are collecting for schools in our country," said Father Nicholas, "and we have just toured Arizona and now are on our way to Oklahoma."

Father Nicholas carried with him, as an interesting paper, a passport issued by the secretary of state of Plux IX when he was pope and king to the bishop of the diocese to which Father Nicholas belongs.

MORE CENSUS RETURNS HAVE BEEN ANNOUNCED.

Washington, Oct. 5.—Population statistics as enumerated in the thirteenth census were made public last night for the following cities:

Chattanooga, Tenn., 41,604, an increase of 14,450 or 47.9 per cent over 30,154 in 1900.

Lincoln, Neb., 42,973, an increase of 3,804 or 9.5 per cent over 40,169 in 1900.

San Jose, Cal., 28,946, an increase of 7,446 or 24.6 per cent over 21,500 in 1900.

Jacksonville, Fla., 57,699, an increase of 29,270 or 103 per cent over 28,429 in 1900.

Topeka, Kans., 43,684, an increase of 10,076, or 30 per cent over 33,608 in 1900.

AGRICULTURISTS WIN A VICTORY OVER POLITICIANS.

Spokane, Wash., Oct. 5.—Dr. J. H. Worst, president of the North Dakota Agricultural school, was today announced by the nominating committee of the Dry Farming Congress as the candidate for president of the congress. This choice will probably be ratified without a contest. It may be considered a victory for the "agricultural college" which favors emphasizing agricultural, rather than political, problems at the sessions of the congress.

BLANKS

Printed and for sale by New Mexican Printing Company, Santa Fe, N. Mex.

Mining Blanks.

Additional and Amended Location Certificate, 1-2 sheet.

Agreement of Publisher, 1-4 sheet.

Proof of Labor, 1-4 sheet.

Notice of Mining Location, 1-2 sheet.

Title Bond and Lease of Mining Property, 1-2 sheet.

Placer Mining Location, 1-4 sheet.

Title Bond of Mining Property, 1-2 sheet.

Mining Deed, 1-2 sheet.

Mining Lease, 1-2 sheet.

Coal Declaratory Statement, 1-2 sheet.

Coal Declaratory Statement with Power of an Attorney, Non-Mineral Affidavit and Corroborating Non-Mineral Affidavit, 1-2 sheet.

Notice of Right to Water, 1-4 sheet.

Forfeiture or Publishing Out of Notice, 1-4 sheet.

Affidavit of Assessment, 1-2 sheet.

Stock Blanks.

Bill of Sale—Animals Bearing Vendor's Recorded Brand, 1-4 sheet.

Bill of Sale, in Books of 25 Blanks, 40c per book.

Bill of Sale—Animals not Bearing Vendor's Recorded Brand, 1-4 sheet.

Bill of Sale—Range Delivery, 1-4 sheet.

Bill of Sale, 1-2 sheet.

Authority to Gather, Drive and Handle Animals Bearing Owner's Recorded Brand, 1-2 sheet.

Authority to Gather, Drive and Handle Animals Not Bearing Owner's Recorded Brand, 1-2 sheet.

Contrato de Partido, 1-2 plego.

Escritura de Renuncia, 1-2 plego.

Documento Garantizado, 1-2 plego.

Hipoteca de Bienes Muebles, 1-2 plego.

Documento de Hipoteca, 1-2 plego.

Documento Garantizado, extensa forma entera, full sheet.

Certificado de Matrimonio, 10c cada uno.

Replevin Bond, 1-2 sheet.

Execution—Forcible Entry and Detainer, 1-4 sheet.

Subpoena, 1-4 sheet.

J. P. Complaint, 1-4 sheet.

Capias Complaint, 1-4 sheet.

Search Warrant, 1-2 sheet.

School Blanks.

Enumeration Form, 1-2 sheet.

Teachers' Certificate, 1-2 sheet.

Contract for School Teacher, 1-2 sheet.

Teachers' Term Register, full sheet.

Contract between Directors and Teachers, 1-4 sheet.

Oaths of School Director, 1-4 sheet.

Certificate of apportionment of School Funds, 1-2 sheet.

Contract for Fuel, 1-4 sheet.

Teachers' Monthly Report, 1-4 sheet.

WILSON Heater



Stop and figure out how much money you would save if you cut your fuel bills right in two, and still doubled the heating power of your coal. The result will be the strongest of all arguments why you ought to own a Wilson Hot Blast Heater. It is constructed upon entirely original principles, which are so thoroughly efficient and practical as to make the Wilson the greatest heater in the world. Chief among these is the famous

Hot Blast

Down Draft

through which all gases generated are burned, eliminating all waste.

Now is The Time To Buy Stoves

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A CAR-LOAD OF HEATERS AND RANGES. THE MONARCH MALLEABLE RANGE IS THE BEST AND STRONGEST ON EARTH. IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF A RANGE OR A HEATER, REMEMBER THAT WE CARRY THE BEST STOVES ON THE MARKET. THE WILSON HEATER IS THE BEST HEATER JUST AS SURE AS TEDDY THE LION TAMER IS THE BIGGEST MAN IN THIS COUNTRY. THEY ARE POWERFUL HEATERS, DURABLE AND ATTRACTIVE LOOKING STOVES.

COME IN AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES

THE SANTA FE HARDWARE and SUPPLY CO

ONE-WAY-ONLY

THERE IS ONLY ONE WAY TO CONDUCT A SUCCESSFUL CLOTHING BUSINESS.

THAT'S TO MAKE GOOD EVERY TIME.

THE SALE OF A SUIT OR OVERCOAT IS INCIDENTAL TO SECURING A CUSTOMER'S CONFIDENCE.

THE PROFIT WE'D MAKE WOULD NOT COMPENSATE FOR THE LOSS OF A CUSTOMER.

THAT'S THE REASON FOR OUR SELLING KIRCHBAUM READY MADE CLOTHES.

WHILE WE MAKE LESS MONEY ON THEM THAN OTHER MAKES WE COULDBUY, THEY ARE SO UNIFORMLY GOOD YEAR IN AND YEAR OUT, THEY INVARIABLY GIVE SUCH EXCELLENT SATISFACTION, THAT WE PIN OUR FAITH TO THEM ABOVE ALL OTHERS.

OUR PRICES RANGE FROM \$10.00 \$12.50 \$15.00 AND \$20.00.

ABOVE THESE PRICES WE WILL TAILOR YOUR SUIT TO MEASURE FROM THE ROYAL TAILORS CHICAGO AND NEW YORK. ALL WOOL HOUSE—SEE OUR WINDOWS NOW FOR NEW COAT SWEATERS FOR MEN AND WOMEN

W. N. TOWNSEND & CO.

REPUTATION BUILDERS PRICE SETTERS.

SOFT DRINKS

Telephone Red 35 and have your orders delivered

The following are suggested to the thirsty as something cool and inviting GINGER ALE, WILD CHERRY, LEMON SODA, IRON BREW, ROOT BEER, KLONDIKE FIZZ, COCO COLA, TABLE MINERAL WATERS.

SANTA FE BOTTLING WORKS.

All drinks made from filtered water. HENRY KRICK, Proprietor

CLARENDON GARDEN

R. V. BOYLE Mgr.

CLARENDON POULTRY YARDS

RIPE FRUIT NOW

CUT FLOWERS, WEDDING BOUQUETS, and FUNERAL DESIGNS.

Pure bred barred Plymouth Rocks and White Wyandottes. Chickens are yarded in the orchard under the trees and fed on clean-wholesome food only. No chance of Tuberculosis germs nor Pottainie poisoning. A FEW FAT HENS FOR EATING.

DAY and NIGHT

24 Hour Electric Service

WIRE UP THOSE DARK PLACES

We are Agents

or Electric Irons, Boilers, Cleaners and Wash Tubs.

Call and See them in

Operation

Santa Fe Water AND Light Company

DAY and NIGHT

St. Louis Rocky Mt. & Pacific Railway Company.

GENERAL OFFICES--RATON NEW MEXICO.

(Read Down)				In effect Sept. 1st 1910				(Read Up)			
1	19	Miles	STATIONS	2	12	20		3	12	20	
1	19	0	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
2	19	1	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
3	19	2	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
4	19	3	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
5	19	4	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
6	19	5	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
7	19	6	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
8	19	7	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
9	19	8	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
10	19	9	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
11	19	10	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
12	19	11	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
13	19	12	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
14	19	13	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
15	19	14	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
16	19	15	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
17	19	16	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
18	19	17	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
19	19	18	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
20	19	19	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
21	19	20	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
22	19	21	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
23	19	22	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
24	19	23	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
25	19	24	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
26	19	25	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
27	19	26	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
28	19	27	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
29	19	28	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
30	19	29	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
31	19	30	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
32	19	31	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
33	19	32	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
34	19	33	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
35	19	34	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
36	19	35	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
37	19	36	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
38	19	37	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
39	19	38	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
40	19	39	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
41	19	40	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
42	19	41	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
43	19	42	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
44	19	43	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
45	19	44	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
46	19	45	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
47	19	46	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
48	19	47	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
49	19	48	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
50	19	49	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
51	19	50	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
52	19	51	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
53	19	52	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
54	19	53	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
55	19	54	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
56	19	55	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
57	19	56	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
58	19	57	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
59	19	58	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
60	19	59	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
61	19	60	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
62	19	61	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
63	19	62	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
64	19	63	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
65	19	64	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
66	19	65	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
67	19	66	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
68	19	67	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
69	19	68	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
70	19	69	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
71	19	70	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
72	19	71	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
73	19	72	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
74	19	73	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
75	19	74	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
76	19	75	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
77	19	76	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
78	19	77	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
79	19	78	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
80	19	79	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
81	19	80	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
82	19	81	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
83	19	82	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
84	19	83	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
85	19	84	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
86	19	85	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
87	19	86	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
88	19	87	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
89	19	88	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
90	19	89	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
91	19	90	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
92	19	91	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
93	19	92	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
94	19	93	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
95	19	94	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
96	19	95	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
97	19	96	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
98	19	97	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
99	19	98	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00
100	19	99	Des Moines, N. M. Ar	2	12	20	4.00	3	12	20	4.00

Trains leave Santa Fe, N. M., for El Paso, N. M., at 9:00 a. m. daily, except Sundays. Fare \$2.00, one-way \$1.50, round trip; fifty pounds baggage carried free. (See 4th page for details.)

J. VAN HOUTEN, F. M. WILLIAMS, V. P. & G. M., G. P. Agent, Superintendent.

ASK FOR TICKETS SHIP YOUR FREIGHT

From Santa Fe to El Paso, Bisbee, Douglas and all points in New Mexico, Arizona, Mexico and to the Pacific Coast, via NEW MEXICO CENTRAL to Torrance, Thence El Paso & Southwestern System

The Best Route - East or West

For Rates and full information address

EUGENE A. FOX,
C. F. & P. A.
El Paso Texas.

SUMMER TOURIST RATES VIA RIO GRANDE

ALL POINTS EAST & WEST

Liberal Limits and Stopovers

TICKETS AND RESERVATIONS AT
CITY OFFICE IN

NEW MEXICAN BLDG.

Or Union Depot.

THE TIME: October 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 1910
THE PLACE: Albuquerque, New Mexico
THE OCCASION: NEW MEXICO

THE FIRST STATE FAIR AND GRAND STATEHOOD CELEBRATION

SIX SOLID DAYS OF RECREATION, INCLUDING
HIGH CLASS HARNESSES AND RUNNING RACES
BASE BALL TOURNAMENT
TENNIS TOURNAMENT
GRAND MILITARY DISPLAY
FIRST ANNUAL DOG SHOW
GRAND RESOURCES EXPOSITION

Every species of new and instructive amusement will be provided

including

Fourteen high class shows and sensational free acts.

Furnished by THE W. PARKER AMUSEMENT CO.

REDUCED RATES ON ALL RAILROADS

Write the Secretary for premium lists or other information

J. H. O'RIELLY, President. JOHN B. McMANUS, Secretary.

Notice for Publication.

(06904)

Not Coal.

Department of the Interior,

U. S. Land Office.

Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 10, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that Pascual Vianueva, of Galisteo, N. M., who, on August 4, 1905, made homestead entry (serial 06904), No. 8439, for NW 1-4 NE 1-4, S 1-2 NE 1-4, SE 1-4 NW 1-4, Section 15, Township 13 N., Range 9 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final

five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Register or Receiver, U. S. Land Office, at Santa Fe, N. M., on the 11th day of November, 1910.

Claimant names as witnesses:

Cruz Archuleta, Juan Vianueva,

Ventura Anaya, Guadalupe Montoya,

all of Galisteo, N. M.

MANUEL R. OTERO,

Register.

If you are in need of anything, try

DRY FARMING IS A NECESSITY

El Paso Herald Man Makes Notable Address at Spokane Congress

LONE STAR STATE INTERESTED

One Hundred Bushels of Corn Per Acre is a Possibility.

Spokane, Wash., Oct. 5.—Address of G. A. Martin, editor of the Herald, El Paso, Texas, and president Texas Dry Farming Congress. Topic: "Texas' Needs; Dry Farming an Absolute Necessity."

Texas is such a large state that the people in the central, southern and eastern sections cannot understand the needs of the people in the west and the panhandle. South Texans, where they have to fight the floods throughout the summer season, cannot understand why anybody wants to talk about dry farming. They can't realize that anybody ought to want rain. When you talk dry farming they laugh. You may tell them that the principles of dryfarming are applicable anywhere and will improve the crop in any region, but they only smile. A few, however, are embracing the scientific methods of cultivation which we are teaching, and these are among the most enlightened men in each community, but the gospel is spreading slowly. Thanks to our state agricultural commissioner and his able corps of assistants, the state agricultural department is spreading the gospel of scientific soil tillage and one by one we are winning converts—proving to them that, while dry farming is necessary in the arid regions, it is good anywhere.

This congress has to do a lot of teaching before the work of dry farming is fully understood, and in my state we have as difficult a lot of pupils as any tutor ever took in hand. You would think the entire state of Missouri had immigrated to Texas from the manner that they want to be "shown." And when you show them, some are so hard-headed that they won't let it soak in; some men prefer to knock a good thing because they didn't discover it, rather than embrace it and get rich. We have a lot of them in Texas, possibly no more than in some other states, but a plenty for all practical purposes.

The people of west Texas are forced to fight their battles alone. They need dry farming; they need mining laws and they need many legislative matters which the state legislature, overwhelmingly composed of farmers from the "black land region," refuses to assist. Our state senator from El Paso recently made the statement in Austin that he was going to fight for the segregation of west Texas from the rest of the state because of this ill treatment on the part of the majority, and all west Texas will be with him when the times come for secession. It is all very nice to talk about having the biggest state in the Union, but when this very condition works to the detriment of a large part of the state, a remedy is necessary. We would have some dry farming experiment stations and a mining law that would enable us to develop our vast mineral wealth if we were to carve a new state out of the west. It seems our only salvation.

Even with all our setbacks and opposition, however, dry farming is advancing in the state and at the last meeting of the Texas Dry Farming organization we had an attendance of over 200. Many of them said they had never before attended a farmers' meeting of any kind; many others had been regular attendants on the state farming gatherings. All were unanimously of the opinion that dry farming was going to do much for the state. We will get some good advertising out of that meeting, for those men are going back home to spread the news. Two neighbors came to the convention to show us what they had accomplished this year. One had cultivated his cotton in the old method and the stalks were about 10 inches tall. Another had plowed his cotton lightly nine times and had followed scientific principles and had cotton stalks as tall as his waist to show us.

Another drawback to our farming in the west end of Texas is that we have too many speculators—men who buy land and try to raise a crop without working it, hiring cheap labor and trusting to luck, hoping to make a good crop by chance and to dump the land onto some sucker who will pay a big advance on the purchase price. One of these men was seen riding along his fence recently, booted and spurred, looking over at his crop. H. P. Attwater, industrial agent of the G. H. railroad, saw him and asked him who he was. "He is one of our farmers," a native said. "He's a cavalry farmer," remarked Attwater. That is what is the trouble in a great many cases—we have too many cavalry farmers and not enough infantry farmers.

With all the faults of its largeness, Texas is a great state and there is room for a great work in dry farming. I believe with the education that the newspapers are able to give the farmers and the information that the dry farm organizations, state and national, can spread, along with the gospel which Judge Kone, our agricultural commissioner, and his assistants are preaching, that it will not be long until dry farming takes its place in Texas as it has done in other states.

Texas is big enough and has opportunities enough to support a dry farming movement and not injure any of

the other movements. Texas grows practically everything needed for consumption and it has often been said that we could be cut off from the rest of the world and fare better than the world would fare without us. Texas, if let alone, is the garden spot of the world. Why, if the Pilgrim Fathers had landed at Galveston bay instead of at Plymouth rock, Texas would now be sending missionaries to New England to convert the heathen and New York state would be a howling wilderness—but we got some mighty poor material in the makeup of our citizenship when we drew our settlers. It is not to state, but the people.

But we have some men who are missionaries in the field, and where you have good missionaries, results are bound to come in the end. One man near Pecos, in the arid belt, has taken to experimenting with dry farming in his irrigated fields and he finds that by irrigating in the winter in his orchard he puts enough moisture in the ground to last through the summer, by tilling the soil in such a manner as to hold the moisture there. He says it keeps the ground wet deep and makes the roots seek a downward course, where they are immune from the hot rays of the summer sun; and, best of all, the water he used to take in summer for his orchard he now has left for his garden and alfalfa—in the orchard he uses winter water that used to go to waste.

R. Branagh, another farmer, has hit upon the planting of his crop of seed just before the rainy season in the summer. We have scarcely any rain in west Texas in winter, hence none to conserve, so this farmer plows and pulverizes his land and has it perfectly dry in June. Then he plants beans, peas, milo maize and even Indian corn. The seed could lie there for a year and not spoil in that dry earth. The first rain sprouts them, and then others—we are always sure of rain in June, July and August—mature the crops. He has been growing these crops on four and five inches of rain. He is now doing some experiment work for the Mexican government.

Down near Del Rio, Texas, where a crop of corn that brings 30 bushels to the acre is considered splendid, Senor Zeferrino Dominguez has harvested 100 bushels and more for the past two years. Senor Dominguez follows modern methods of cultivation, seed selection and planting.

We have done enough in Texas to prove to the man who is willing to listen that dry farming is the greatest aid to the man in the region where the rainfall is light or is apt to be a failure. And before many years we are going to be able to get it into the heads of even those who make our laws and sit in exalted positions without knowing why they were put there or having a shadow of excuse for being there.

Movement of Soil Moisture.
Spokane, Wash., Oct. 5.—Address of Dr. H. H. Stoner, Highmore, S. D. Being composed as the soil is of disintegrated rock it is evident that the soil particles do not occupy all of the space left between the soil grains, the water finds its way and the amount of water that a soil will contain depends upon the number of pore spaces left between the soil grains. The finer are the soil particles the greater are the number of pore spaces, and, consequently, the greater amount of water it will hold. The pore spaces in the average western soil represents from 30 to 50 per cent of the volume. This means that the soil will hold 30 to 50 per cent of its volume of water. In a dry soil the pore spaces are filled with air and the application of water drives out the air and fills the spaces with water. When the pore spaces are full the soil is saturated. A saturated soil cannot drain itself dry. There will be left behind around every little soil particle a thin film of moisture which the power of gravitation cannot possibly remove. This is known as capillary and hygroscopic moisture. It is upon this moisture which the roots of plants must depend for plant food and water.

The capillary water of the soil is removed in two ways: first, by the action of plant roots, and second, by means of evaporation. As the capillary water from a soil is evaporated, the surface tension of the water tends to approximate the soil particles until by the time all of the capillary water is removed the soil particles are so close together that the soil particles being now brought within close enough relationship with each other that the power of cohesion may act between them, water readily passes from one soil grain to another. This has been incorrectly called capillarity.

It is not because capillary tubes are formed in a crusted soil that water is lost by capillarity, but because the soil grains during the drying process have been so closely approximated to each other that the dry soil grains steal the water from the moist ones below and carries it in a stream from one soil particle to another until it finally reaches the uppermost one, when it is carried off into the air by evaporation. If a soil that has been subjected to the drying and contracting process be stirred with any implement the soil particles will be separated so far apart that they will lie beyond cohesive range of each other. In a soil so treated it is next to impossible for water to travel from one soil grain to another and thus the efficacy of the dust mulch. In this case the water rises by capillarity from the moist soil below until it comes into contact with the dry, loose and separated particles of the mulch, where it is diverted from its upward course.

When the 1907 panic overtook the country there were under construc-

Stop Women And Consider

This Fact—that in addressing Mrs. Pinkham you are confiding your private ills to a woman—a woman whose experience with women's diseases covers twenty-five years.

The present Mrs. Pinkham, daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, was for years under her direction, and has ever since her decease continued to advise women.

Many women suffer in silence and drift along from bad to worse, knowing well that they ought to have immediate assistance, but a natural modesty causes them to shrink from exposing themselves to the questions and probable examinations of even their family physician. Such questioning and examination is unnecessary. Without cost you can consult a woman whose knowledge from actual experience is great.

MRS. PINKHAM'S STANDING INVITATION:
Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. All letters are received, opened, read and answered by women. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established this confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America which has never been broken. Never has she published a testimonial or used a letter without the written consent of the writer, and never has the company allowed these confidential letters to get out of their possession, as the hundreds of thousands of them in their files will attest.

Out of the vast volume of experience which Mrs. Pinkham has to draw from, it is more than possible that she has gained the very knowledge needed in your case. She asks nothing in return except your good will, and her advice has helped thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, should be glad to take advantage of this generous offer of assistance. Address Mrs. Pinkham, care of Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

YOKALAM ON GOOD ROADS.

(Continued From Page One.)

the improvement of public highways, but also a question as to whether Oklahoma is going to show the marvelous growth for the next ten years which it has in the past, or will be content to go on as at present, with a slow growth along its existing railroad tracks. If Oklahoma is to be confined to the lands which are at present available for transportation facilities, its future growth is limited. If, on the other hand, it can have more railroads and public highways, no one can prophesy what growth the state will have, with its wealth of productive soil, coal lands, oil fields and forests.

But Oklahoma must have new railroads and improved public highways to serve the country lying back from the railroads to enable it to grow as it should, and it should have them now, if the present generation is to enjoy the fruits of its own enterprise. There is another reason why the making of good wagon roads should be pushed at this time: As all know, railroad construction throughout the country is at a standstill, and I am now going to talk a little about the hardships that follow the stoppage of railroad construction.

We are approaching the year 1911 with prospects not good for building more than 1,000 miles of new railroad, which is 4,000 miles less than our normal for thirty years. The country lying west of the Mississippi is attractive to transportation people, and it will require 170,000 miles of additional railroad to give the vast area of rich country lying between the Mississippi river and the Pacific ocean equal railroad facilities with the country lying east of the river.

To build, ballast, equip and provide terminals and all things that go to make a first class railroad cannot be done in the southwest for less than \$25,000 to \$40,000 a mile and in the northwest for less than \$45,000 to \$50,000 a mile. There should now be building in the country west of the Mississippi 7,000 to 8,000 miles of railroad annually; but, if we build only 5,000 miles annually, it will require the expenditure of over \$200,000,000 a year, to be distributed among those who sell materials and those who sell their labor.

In the last thirty years 150,000 miles have been added to the railroad mileage of the United States. The banner year of construction was under Mr. Cleveland's first administration, when there were 13,000 miles constructed in one year. Eighty-five per cent of the total mileage of railroads built in the last ten years was built in the territory west of the Mississippi and south of the Ohio rivers; and it is safe to say that from this time on for many years, if we can again get railroad construction under way, 85 per cent of the mileage will be west of the Mississippi river.

When the 1907 panic overtook the country there were under construc-

tion 5,000 miles of new railroad which had been contracted for and could not be postponed. This new construction was made up partly of 1,400 miles in the southwest, with which I was associated, the Pacific Coast Extension of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul and the Western Pacific from Salt Lake to San Francisco. Most of this work was completed during 1909. The money for its construction had been provided before the financial trouble of 1907 came on. If any one could have foreseen this panic, the money for these 5,000 miles would have been hard to get. This is borne out by the fact that there has been no large construction undertaken since the completion of the above contracts.

MARKET REPORT

MONEY AND METALS.
New York, Oct. 5.—Call money 2 1/2 @ 2 5/8; prime paper 5 1/2 @ 6; Mexican dollars 45; Amal. 64 1/2; Sugar 115 3/4; Atcn 100; G. N. pfd, 127 1/2; N. Y. C. 123 1/2; N. P. 117 3/8; Reading 146 1/8; S. P. 114 3/8; U. P. 166 1/2; Steel 69, pfd, 117 1/2.
GRAIN, PORK, LARD AND RIBS.
Chicago, Ill., Oct. 5.—Wheat—Dec. 98 5/8 @ 3/4; May 104 3/4.
Corn—Dec. 50 3/8 @ 1/2; May 53 3/8 @ 1/2.
Oats—Dec. 33 3/8; May 36 1/2.
Pork—Jan. 17 7/8; May 17 1/8.
Lard—Jan. 10 65; May 10 32 1/2.
Ribs—Jan. 9 24 1/2; May 9 37 1/2.

WOOL MARKET.
St. Louis, Oct. 5.—Wool unchanged territory and western mediums 18 @ 23; fine mediums 20 @ 25; fine 14 @ 17.

LIVESTOCK.
Chicago, Ill., Oct. 5.—Cattle—Receipts 16,000; market steady to 10 cents higher. Native \$4.70 @ 5.10; Texas steers \$4.10 @ 5.65; western steers \$4.00 @ 5.75; stockers and feeders \$3.40 @ 5.75; cows and heifers \$2.25 @ 6.40; calves \$7.50 @ 9.75.
Hogs—Receipts 15,000; market 5 to 10 cents higher. Light \$8.50 @ 9.10; mixed \$8.25 @ 9.00; rough \$8.05 @ 8.30; good to choice heavy \$8.30 @ 8.85; pigs \$8.15 @ 8.95; bulk of sales \$8.35 @ 8.75.
Sheep—Receipts 4,000; market steady to strong. Natives \$2.50 @ 4.25; western \$2.75 @ 4.25; yearlings \$4.20 @ 5.50; lambs native \$4.50 @ 7.00; western \$4.75 @ 7.00.

Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 5.—Cattle—Receipts 10,000, including 1,200 southern; market 10 cents higher. Native steers \$5.00 @ 7.75; southern steers \$3.90 @ 5.00; southern cows \$2.75 @ 4.25; native cows and heifers \$2.60 @ 4.25; stockers and feeders \$3.50 @ 5.75; bulls \$3.25 @ 4.25; calves \$4.00 @ 6.25; western steers \$4.50 @ 8.50; western cows \$2.75 @ 4.75.
Hogs—Receipts 5,000; market 5 to 10 cents higher. Bulk of sales \$8.45 @ 8.75; heavy \$8.30 @ 8.50; packers and butchers \$8.40 @ 8.75; light \$8.65 @ 8.85.
Sheep—Receipts 10,000; market strong. Muttons \$3.50 @ 4.25; lambs \$5.75 @ 7.00; fed wethers and yearlings \$3.85 @ 9.25; western fed ewes \$3.25 @ 4.00.

Hurt By Fall From Horse—Charles Cronan had a serious accident while hunting near Tularosa. Accompanied by Bill Bourne and John Hyde, he went to a lake several miles west of town to hunt ducks, and on their return, it is believed Mr. Cronan's horse stumbled and threw him. He was rendered unconscious, and was carried to a house nearby until the other men could get help. The doctor said he had suffered concussion of the brain. He has not yet regained consciousness.

Notice for Publication.
Not Coal Land.
Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Santa Fe, N. M.
August 31, 1910

Notice is hereby given that Teodora Montoya, widow of Neasio Archuleta of Kennedy, N. M., who, on August 7, 1905, made Homestead Entry (Serial 06910) No. 8445, for NE 1-4 SW 1-4 and NW 1-4 SE 1-4, Section 8, Township 13 N., Range 9 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Register or Receiver, U. S. Land Office, at Santa Fe, N. M., on the 27th day of October, 1910.

Claimant names as witnesses: Felix Montoya, Nestor Arabe, Marcos Gonzales, Pascual Vianneya, all of Kennedy, N. M.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

Notice for Publication.
(013811)
Coal Land—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 3245.

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 5, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Comr., at Santa Fe, N. M., on October 25, 1910, viz: Manuel Aragon, y Lucero, of Santa Fe, N. M., for the claim 3245 in Secs. 23 and 29, in T. 21 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz: Dionicio McCoy, Tranquilino Romero, Donaciano Lucero, Reyes Ledesma, all of Santa Fe, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

Notice for Publication.
(013770)
Coal Land—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 4267.

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 5, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Comr., at Santa Fe, N. M., on October 25, 1910, viz: Zenon Sandoval, of Santa Fe, N. M., for the claim 4267, in Sec. 6, T. 21 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz: Vicente Sanchez, Jose Francisco Aragon, Mauricio Sanchez, Manuel Sanchez, all of Santa Fe, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

Notice for Publication.
(013837)
Coal—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 4328.

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 6, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Comr., at Santa Fe, N. M., on October 25, 1910, viz: Juan Montano, of Santa Fe, N. M., for the claim 4328, in Secs. 14 and 23, T. 21 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz: Ciraco C. de Back, Reyes Ledesma, Tranquilino Romero, Dionicio McCoy, all of Santa Fe, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

Notice for Publication.
(013820)
Coal Land—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 3259.

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 5, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Comr., at Santa Fe, N. M., on October 25, 1910, viz: Cristobal de Herrera, of Santa Fe, N. M., heir of Juan de Jesus de Herrera, for the claim No. 3259, in Secs. 22 and 27, T. 21 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz: Victor Casaus, Guadalupe Aragon, Ponciano Casados, Antonio Casados, all of Santa Fe, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

Notice for Publication.
(013791)
Coal Land—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 1303.

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 5, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Comr., at Santa Fe, N. M., on October 25, 1910, viz: Manuel Aragon, y Lucero, of Santa Fe, N. M., for the claim 1303, in Secs. 20, 21 and 28, T. 21 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz: E. A. Miera, J. J. Salazar, Felix Montano, Jose Andres Archibque, all of Santa Fe, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

Notice for Publication.
(013812)
Coal Land—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 3248.

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 5, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Comr., at Santa Fe, N. M., on October 25, 1910, viz: Jose Andres Archibque, of Santa Fe, N. M., for the claim 3248 in Secs. 15 and 16, T. 21 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz: Manuel Aragon y Lucero, Juan Montoya y Montoya, M. Reyes Lucero, Donaciano Lucero, all of Santa Fe, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

Notice for Publication.
(013778)
Coal—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 4364.

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 6, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Comr., at Santa Fe, N. M., on October 25, 1910, viz: Tereza Garcia de Frequez, of Senorito, N. M., for the claim 4364 in Sec. 2, T. 20 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz: Jose de Jesus Herrera, Julian Segura, Carlos Atencio, Jose Abundio Padilla, all of Santa Fe, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

Notice for Publication.
(013799)
Coal Land—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 1355.

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 5, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Comr., at Santa Fe, N. M., on October 25, 1910, viz: Reyes Jaramillo, of Santa Fe, N. M., for the claim 1355, in Secs. 33 and 34, T. 21 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz: E. A. Miera, Manuel Aragon, Felix Montano, Francisco Aragon, all of Santa Fe, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

Notice for Publication.
(013840)
Coal Land—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 4342.

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 5, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Comr., at Santa Fe, N. M., on October 25, 1910, viz: Luis G. Ortiz, of Santa Fe, N. M., for the claim 4342 in Secs. 15 and 16, in T. 21 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz: Jose Andres Archibque, M. Reyes Lucero, Tranquilino Romero, Enrique Valdez, all of Santa Fe, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

Notice for Publication.
(013831)
Coal Land—Jemez Forest.
Small Holding Claim No. 4300.

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 5, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has

No. 4 CASH No. 4

GROCERY AND BAKERY DIAMOND "M" FLOUR

per sack \$1.65 per sack

NO BETTER FLOUR AT ANY PRICE. WITH EACH SACK YOU BUY YOU GET A GUESS AT THE WEIGHT OF THE BIG SACK IN OUR SHOW WINDOW WHICH WEIGHS BETWEEN 500 AND 1000 POUNDS. THE ONE GUESSING THE NEAREST GETS THE BIG SACK ON SEPT. 25th

Try this flour, we will take it back and cheerfully refund you money if not entirely satisfactory.

Phone No. 4. F. ANDREWS Phone No. 4.

DELEGATES TO THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION AND ALL VISITORS TO THE CITY CORDIALLY INVITED TO MAKE

THE REXALL STORE

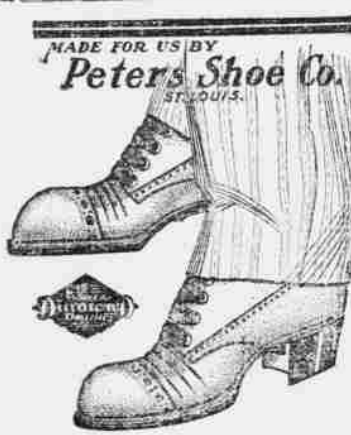
THEIR HEADQUARTERS

You will find everything there for your comfort

THE FISCHER DRUG COMPANY

THE REXALL STORE

THE REXALL STORE



SMART FOOTWEAR

Men, Women and Children

HIGH & LOW SHOES

IN SUEDES, PATENTS, GUNMETALS

LIGHT AND HEAVY SOLES

DRESSY SHOES FOR LADIES

\$1.50 to \$4.50

EXCLUSIVE SHOES FOR MEN

\$1.75 to \$6.00

JOHN PFLEUGER

Shoe Specialist

248 San Francisco St.

Tuberculosis Conquered

WRITE FOR TESTIMONIALS OF PROMINENT PEOPLE FREE BOOKLET AND WHY

NATURE'S CREATION SAVES CONSUMPTIVES

L. M. HOFFMAN, General Sales Agent, Albuquerque, N. M.

Minor City Topics

(Continued From Page 2.)

See the Broker's Daughter at the Elks' tonight. It's good.

Good Home Cooking at the Coffee Kitchen, corner Lincoln and Palace avenue. L. W. Astler.

Remember it's Six Big Prizes to be given away at the Elks' tonight. Bring your numbers.

Hats—Trimmed and Untrimmed to suit young or old—rich or poor—your trade is worth our courtesy no matter what price you pay. Mrs. Richards.

F. B. White, representative of the Underwood Typewriter Co. has sold seven machines in Santa Fe during the past two weeks. Mr. White will be in the city until Sunday. Any one wishing to see him will find him at the Montezuma hotel.

From 32 to 71 Degrees—That was the range in temperature yesterday while the average relative humidity was 34 per cent. The temperature at 6 o'clock this morning was 49 degrees. Yesterday was a partly cloudy day but it was pleasant for all that.

Judge McFie is Busy—Judge McFie was kept busy yesterday over a bankruptcy case, hearing the petition of Hill Brothers of Duran to be thrown into voluntary instead of involuntary bankruptcy. Attorney G. Volney Howard was appointed special referee in the case.

On Cot in Court Room—Lying on a cot which is placed on the long table in front of the jury box in the 41st district court at El Paso, Texas, J. R. Daniels, the plaintiff in a \$50,000 damage action against the Southern Pacific railway for injuries received at Lordsburg, Grant county, is hearing the testimony introduced in his case.

Williams and Rising Get It—Williams and Rising, the liverymen, have been awarded the contract to carry passengers to and from the depot for the Montezuma hotel. They have fine hacks with the name of the hotel conspicuously displayed, and these hacks are being put to good use by the traveling public.

A Brutal Assault—Mrs. J. J. Fuss, wife of a well known mill owner of Mora, Mora county, lies at her home in a serious condition today, and it is feared she will not recover. The attack, which was the second made upon Mrs. Fuss in the past year, occurred as she was entering the basement of her home at 5 o'clock in the evening. On returning home later her husband found the unconscious form of his wife, bruised and showing that she had sustained a severe beating.

District Court at Las Cruces—Judge Wright convened the United States and the territorial courts for the third judicial district in the court house at Las Cruces. Pedro Gonzalez was appointed clerk for the United States court and Elias Spears for the territorial court. Octaviana Perera was appointed as court interpreter. Jesus Avrizo as bailiff for the United States grand jury. Serapio Telles and Charles Geck as bailiffs for the United States court. Estevan Banegas bailiff for the territorial grand jury. William Lerma as interpreter and Consul Fuller as reporter for the latter body.

Lincoln County Seat Controversy—Another suit has been filed in the district court at Alamogordo against the board of county commissioners of Lincoln county by J. J. Aragon of Lincoln, to have the board show cause

why they removed the county seat from Lincoln to Carrizozo. A hearing of the case will be had some time this month. The former suit in the county seat controversy which was decided by the territorial supreme court in favor of Carrizozo, will not be taken to the United States supreme court, as the time has now elapsed in which to file application for an appeal. In the meantime work is going ahead on the new court house and before the end of this month the roof will be on.

COMMITTEES ARE SELECTED.

(Continued From Page One.)

C. Davidson, M. P. Skeen, J. Lee Lawson, G. B. Patterson.

No. 15. Military Affairs, Chairman, Venceslao Jaramillo, E. S. Stover, Jose D. Sena, Anastacio Gutierrez, Candelario Vigil, Emmett Patton, R. W. Hefflin.

No. 16. Mines and Mining, Chairman, F. H. Winston, T. H. O'Brien, Gregory Page, W. D. Murray, J. B. Gilchrist, E. D. Tittman, Malaquias Martinez.

No. 17. Irrigation Water Rights, Chairman, Malaquias Martinez, Atanacio Gutierrez, J. M. Cunningham, T. D. Burns, E. M. Lucero, Isidoro Armijo, C. J. Roberts, Luciano Maes, E. S. Stover, Juan Navarro, G. A. Richardson, J. Lee Lawson, C. R. Brice, R. W. Hefflin, Raymundo Harrison, N. Segura.

No. 18. Agriculture and Conservation, Chairman, Norman W. Bartlett, Fred S. Brown, Anastacio Gutierrez, Perfecto Esquibel, Wm. McKean, John G. Clancy, A. C. Abeyta, Luciano Maes, G. B. Patterson, M. D. Taylor, Ramundo Harrison.

No. 19. Constitutional Amendments, Chairman, J. J. Aragon, S. B. Davis, Isidoro Armijo, B. F. Pankey, Sylvester Mirabal, D. Cassidy, A. A. Sedillo, T. H. O'Brien, J. H. Crist, H. M. Dougherty, G. E. Moffett.

No. 20. Ordinance Compact with the United States, Chairman, Eufrelio F. Gallegos, Salome Martinez, Herbert F. Reynolds, Anastacio Medina, John H. Canning, John I. Hinkle, M. P. Skeen.

No. 21. Schedules, Chairman, Reed Holloman, Tranquillo Labadie, J. J. Aragon, Onecimo Martinez, H. F. Raynolds, Norman Bartlett, Jose D. Sena, P. C. Field, S. B. Davis, E. M. Lucero, A. B. McDonald, J. N. Upton, Ed. F. Saxton, C. M. Compton, Jas. A. Hall, R. W. Hefflin.

No. 22. Miscellaneous Provisions, Chairman, Alejandro Sandoval, Fred S. Brown, Tranquillo Labadie, Daniel Cassidy, Atanacio Roibal, F. Gauna, J. Francisco Romero, Charles H. Kohn, M. D. Taylor, M. P. Skeen, John L. House.

No. 23. Revisions and Arrangements, Chairman, Charles Springer, William McIntosh, Acacio Gallegos, Margarito Romero, F. E. Wood, J. H. Crist, E. H. Tittman.

No. 24. Engrossing and Enrolling, Chairman, Norman E. Bartlett, Acacio Gallegos, N. Segura, G. W. Pritchard, Margarito Romero, James A. Hall, E. H. Tittman.

No. 25. Printing and Binding, Chairman, John G. Clancy, Squire Hart, Jr., Alejandro Sandoval, Victor Ortega, E. M. Lucero, T. J. Mabry, W. B. Walton.

No. 26. Ways and Means, Chairman, W. E. Lindsey, F. W. Parker, A. A. Sedillo, Eugenio Romero, Fred S. Brown, Samuel Eldred, M. P. Skeen.

No. 27. Apportionment, Chairman,

Eugenio Romero, E. A. Miera, H. O. Bursum, Solomon Luna, Charles Springer, W. B. Walton, John I. Hinkle.

The convention adopted the report of the committee on committees and ratified the committee appointments. The rules and the committee appointments were ordered printed.

Solomon Luna introduced Resolution No. 5 referring all matters as to printing to the committee on printing. The resolution was adopted by a vote of 68 to 10.

The constitution of 1889 was offered by Thomas B. Catron for the files of the convention to be referred to the proper committee.

CONVENTION SPARKS.

The Republican caucus was in session again this forenoon to formulate policies to dispose of the committee and employes question.

If all committees work as hard as did the sub-committee of the committee on committees, the convention will be able to dispose of its work in another week.

The caucus today decided to do away with interpreters and translators. Jose D. Sena offered to translate the constitution as finally drafted free of charge.

The sub-committee of the committees on committees, completed its work yesterday and reported to the committee which was in session until 11 p. m. and will report to the convention this afternoon.

Delegate E. A. Miera is already proving his great usefulness as a member of the convention. His experience as speaker of the last house and his many interests, make him especially valuable.

"Get through in thirty days!" was the slogan uttered by Thomas B. Catron in the Republican caucus this forenoon, and it was well received. He pointed out that if the convention adjourns by November 1 that the constitution would be laid before Congress by January 15. He said the delegates are here to formulate a constitution and not because of the 34 day.

Much laughter was caused by a protest of the president to the motion of A. B. Fall that H. B. Ferguson be appointed a committee to assign the seats, for only yesterday Mr. Ferguson was after his seat, and he might again choose it. The Democrats had in caucus appointed a committee consisting of H. B. Ferguson, G. A. Richardson and A. H. Hudspeth who had selected the right side of the hall for the Democrats.

The Republican caucus this forenoon was an animated affair. It exonerated Chief Clerk George W. Armijo, by formal resolution, of charges made against him growing out of alterations he had with a Santa Fe citizen. The caucus also thrashed out the question of employes and decided to have no "bench warmers." A complete report on employes will be made tonight. They will number about 30 and will be absolutely necessary to the transaction of business. The cau-

cus also ratified the committee assignments with one exception.

The drawing of lots by counties for seats resulted as follows last evening: 1 Union county, 2 Otero, 3 Taos, 4 Dona Ana, 5 Sandoval, 6 Socorro, 7 Luna, 8 San Miguel, 9 Sierra, 10 Lincoln, 11 Chaves, 12 Mora, 13 Valencia, 14 Bernalillo, 15 Guadalupe, 16 Curry, 17 Eddy, 18 Roosevelt, 19 Grant, 20 Quay, 21 Colfax, 22 McKinley, 23 Rio Arriba, 24 Torrance, 25 San Juan, 26 Santa Fe. This arrangement seemed generally satisfactory, although the front seats are not sufficient in number to accommodate all of the leading statesmen who at all times are anxious to catch the president's eye. Jose D. Sena, for the Santa Fe county delegation, which drew the last lot, amiably offered to exchange seats with any one else.

President Spiess said yesterday, he would have agreed to the motion of A. B. Fall, that H. B. Ferguson should select the seats for the hundred delegates, but he feared that Ferguson would choose the president's seat for himself as he had been after it only the day before. The Democrats by making exchanges, managed to get pretty well together in a body separating the Republicans by a wedge.

Brilliant Tribute to Judge Parker.

The following is the address of Isidoro Armijo of Las Cruces, which he placed in nomination before the Republican caucus, Judge Frank W. Parker for the presidency of the convention:

"Mr. President and Delegates to the Convention:

"I wish to place in nomination a man who because of his ability, because of his patriotism, because of the ripeness of his judgment, because of his devotion to the true principles of Republicanism, his wise and profound experience, because of his devotion to his people is best prepared to execute the arduous and difficult deliberations of such body as this, where are gathered the gladiators of New Mexico.

"If it be your desire to nominate a man who is more ambitious than he for the glorious position, then, gentlemen, you will never nominate this one gladiator, this conscientious grand man. This gentleman is as modest as he is big. Ambition is the last of the weaknesses of great minds, and ambition too is the great danger that the people should fear from great officers.

"My nominee, shall prove to be a public servant without any personal ambitions. Entering as we are into the great work before us, where victory or defeat spell so much, let us elect a standard bearer, the modest Plumed Knight who will and shall rule over the destinies of the people with justice to all. He is a moderate man, not a violent one. With him in the chair, justice and prudence will walk hand in hand. A quiet man is he, not a sensational one. Nature has seen fit to endow him with the temperament, with the love of justice and the firmness of principle. His long judicial career, his great knowledge of affairs, make this man the survival of the fittest, who will be satisfactory to all the people. Mighty men of New Mexico, if he can be instrumental in the hands of his people in adding a few jewels to those that now shine in imperishable luster on the queenly brow of our proud commonwealth, whose associated radiance, like the

lambent beauty of the star, is to guide the footsteps of her children along the paths of peace, and prosperity, security and happiness, he shall then have accomplished the ambition of his life.

"Again, Mr. President, I nominate a New Mexican gladiator, the modest Plumed Knight of Dona Ana county, Hon. F. W. Parker."

REVOLUTION IN PORTUGAL.

(Continued From Page One.)

Portugal have been mutilated by censorship. It seems from them that a large portion of the garrison of Lisbon has joined the revolutionists.

Queen Has Fled, Too.

Madrid, Oct. 5.—Advices received tonight from Lisbon state that the combat continues in the streets. The Queen Mother, Amelia, has fled to the royal palace at Cintra, the summer residence of Queen Dowager Maria, seventeen miles from Lisbon. King Manuel has found refuge on a warship.

MRS. SARGENT'S REMAINS TAKEN TO EL RITO.

Prominent Citizens and Delegates Act as Pallbearers to the Station.

The remains of Mrs. Margaret Sargent, mother of Territorial Auditor W. G. Sargent, who died here yesterday, were taken this morning to El Rito where funeral services will be held in the Catholic church tomorrow. Interment will be made in the Catholic cemetery in El Rito.

Several delegates to the constitutional convention of which Mrs. Sargent's brother, T. D. Burns is a delegate, and prominent citizens of Santa Fe, accompanied the remains from the Sargent home to the D. & R. G. depot. These pall bearers were Judge John R. McFie, Former Mayor Jose D. Sena, Probate Clerk George Armijo of this city; Venceslao Jaramillo of El Rito, Perfecto Esquibel of Tierra Amarilla, and Samuel Eldred of Chamita.

LIONESS ATTACKS TRAINER WHO HAS NARROW ESCAPE.

Captain Cardona Finds "Nellie" a Vicious Pup and His Friends Have to Save Him.

While teaching tricks to "Nellie" the handsome lioness of the Parker, Shows now at Albuquerque and soon to visit Santa Fe, Captain Cardona had a narrow escape from a horrible death last night. The lioness attacked her trainer during the performance and only the intervention of his friends saved the daring captain from what seemed certain death. The lioness was driven into her cage while the audience showed signs of a panic but they were quickly quieted and the show continued.

Captain Cardona states that he will enter the arena tonight and force Nellie to do her tricks proving that he is the master.

WANTED—Good experienced presser. Apply Shawgo's Parisian Cleaning Works.

NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that I have appointed C. A. Bishop of Santa Fe, my agent and representative to act for me in all business transactions during my absence from the city. J. E. LACOME.

THE BIG STORE



ARTISTIC TAILORING!

"Be Sure Your Tailor is a Man of Sense"

This old quotation so often used, is a good, sensible admonition at any time. Judging from the number of men we see wearing ill-fitted, poorly tailored clothes, it would not be out of place if it were pasted in the tops of their hats. Perfect fitting clothes can be had.

There are no Clothes Troubles Here.

Our cutter and Tailors are skilled artists. The clothes they make fit correctly, and are tailored perfectly; The Fall wools are beautiful, and our prices are not "lolly" in any degree.

Suits \$25.00 to \$50.00
Overcoats \$18.00 to \$50.00
Trousers \$4.50 to \$15.00

If you appreciate Good Tailoring, let us have your measure for your Fall garments. Test our ability!

Tailors—Clothiers—Haberdashers



Copyright 1909 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

Hart Schaffner & Marx Ready to Wear Department

You may be just as critical as you please about the details of the way your coat is cut—the shape, length and curve of the lapel, the drape of the skirts, etc.; or the "hang" of the trousers; here in

HART SCHAFFNER & MARX

clothes you find exactly the right thing. And if you're critical about fit, be as exacting as you please. If you can't judge for yourself about fit—it's not easy—bring a good judge with you; we'll fit you right, or we'll not ask you to take the suit. Here they are, Hart Schaffner & Marx goods: suits \$20 to \$50; overcoats \$18 to \$60.

Tailors—Clothiers—Haberdashers

NATHAN SALMON

WANTED!

A QUEEN

To Reign Over the Elk's Theatre Fund

CARNIVAL

To Be Held In Santa Fe From

October 10th. to 15th

Inclusive and Win a Handsome
Diamond Ring

NOTE---The Queen will be elected by popular ballot, which can be obtained from all nominees, or of any Elk. 1,000 votes free. 10 votes 5c, 25 votes 10c, 100 votes 25c, 400 votes 50c, 1,000 votes \$1.00 10,000 votes \$5.00. Contest opens RIGHT NOW and closes Wednesday, October 12th at 9 p. m. Queen will be crowned FRIDAY, OCTOBER 14th.

SPECIAL---The proceeds of the election will go toward purchasing a handsome diamond ring, to be presented to the queen elect upon her coronation.

SEE NEWS COLUMNS FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS

Send in your nominations now, and hustle for your favorite. Ballot Boxes at all Drug Stores.



The Parker Shows

Will Furnish all Attractions

A Week of Mirth and Amusement Stupendous
Attractions Fun Fast and Furious

Come and Celebrate With Us

Welcome to the Elk's Theatre Fund Carnival

We Have the Best and Cleanest Show on Earth

GROUND WATERS OF THE ESTANCIA VALLEY.

Report of U. S. Geological Survey on This Important Subject is Made Public.

The United States Geological Survey has just issued as water-supply paper 260 a preliminary report on the ground water of Estancia valley, an inclosed basin in central New Mexico containing about 2,000 square miles. The center of this valley was once occupied by a salt lake covering about 150 square miles, whose widespread sediments plainly show its character and limits. Salt basins and clay hills are features of the valley, and the floor of one basin is covered by a thick bed of salt which is pure enough for commercial use.

A New Era in the Valley. Estancia valley has long supported a sparse population of sheep ranchers but during the last ten years two railways—the Santa Fe Central and the Belen cut-off of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe—have been built across the valley, hundreds of settlers have come to take possession of the land, and eight new villages have sprung up along the railways.

Need of Irrigation. Scant rainfall in recent years has caused crop failures in the valley and has created an urgent demand for an investigation of the feasibility of irrigating the crops with ground water. In response to this demand the Geological Survey directed O. E. Meinzer, one of its members, to make an examination of the valley, the more important results of which are given in the report just published.

Scope of the Report. The report sketches the geology of the valley, describes the soils, and presents a brief summary of all available information concerning the ground water—its depth, quantity, and quality.

A chapter on irrigation discusses proper types of wells and methods of pumping, showing the cost of different kinds of power, the value of crops and the best uses of the water. The troublesome alkali problem is also considered and analyses of soils and of well waters are given.

Proper Type of Irrigation Systems. Irrigation with surface water requires large co-operative projects, but the problem of irrigating with ground water, even on a large scale, is essentially different. In Estancia valley, according to Mr. Meinzer, each farmer should develop his own supply, install his own pumping plant, and construct his own reservoirs and system of distribution. This method of development will insure a maximum supply with a minimum lowering of the head and will involve the least lift and the least loss in distribution. The only respect in which co-operation may be found profitable will be in installing a central power plant.

Possibilities of Development. The data given indicate that, without seriously depleting the present supply, enough water can annually be withdrawn from the underground reservoir to increase materially the total production of the valley, but that, on the other hand, however economically such water may be applied, it is not sufficient in amount to irrigate more than a small part of the total area of arable land. If it is once proved that pumping for irrigation is feasible and profitable, the danger of overdevelopment will become imminent.

The report may be obtained without charge by applying to the director of the survey at Washington. It is only preliminary in character, but a full report on the valley is now in preparation.

RETURN HOME FROM INSURANCE CONVENTION.

Action of Much Interest and Importance to New Mexico and Other States Taken at Gathering.

Hon. Jacobo Cravez, superintendent of insurance, and Deputy Peter M. A. Lienau returned yesterday noon from Mobile, Ala., where they attended the 41st annual session of the National Convention of Insurance Commissioners. After wrangling into the long hours of the night the work of twenty years was finally accomplished by the bringing together of the Associated Fraternities of America, the National Fraternity Congress and the Insurance Commissioners to a final agreement upon a uniform bill for the supervision of the fraternal societies. Copies of the bill were immediately put to press and the department has a few copies at this time which will be sent to those immediately interested. It has long been conceded that the rates of many societies are inadequate and that it was only a question of time when they would be unable to meet their proper obligations and they can now bring their rates to the proper level by not working undue hardship upon their members being allowed a number of years to do so. The New Mexico department has long desired supervision over these societies and mention of same always made in its various reports, but it was utterly impossible to bring legislation about without the co-operation of the societies themselves and relief is now in sight.

A preliminary report was submitted to the convention of the examination of the Shawnee Fire Insurance Company of Topeka, Kan., which recently reinsured its business in the National Fire Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., making a total of half a million dollars. The company was immediately notified to cease the transaction of business. The New Mexico department has already taken steps looking towards an examination of the company. Fuller information will be given to the public through the department bulletins. The value of these conventions to the departments is difficult to estimate as results in the territory during the past year will show.

It is very interesting to note that in a circular sent out by the vice-president, Mr. Going, the following paragraph was noted: "The Shawnee Fire

is proud of its enviable record, but in view of the poor returns now being realized from the insurance business, it considers that the best interests of all concerned will be best conserved by the action of which you are advised by this letter."

Examiner Wolfe found that the surplus was wiped out together with the capital of \$200,000 and \$100,000.

RED MEN AND K. OF P. FRATERNIZE.

Flow of Oratory at Meeting of Great Council and Grand Lodge at Albuquerque.

Albuquerque, N. M., Oct. 5.—A flow of oratory such as has been seldom heard at a lodge meeting in this city yesterday morning wound up the meeting of the Great Council of the Reservation of New Mexico of the Improved Order of Red Men. Following the installation of the newly elected officers first thing yesterday morning, addresses on fraternalism in its various phases were made by Dr. Swope of Deming, Leon L. Dodge of Dawson, the well known Episcopal clergyman of that place who brought a message of greeting from the Grand Lodge of Knights of Pythias also in session in the city and made a talk which lasted nearly an hour and whose eloquence held his auditors close attention. The address of Dr. Swope was especially flowery and all the speakers were greeted with applause. Messengers were sent to the meeting of the Pythians with courtesies from the Red Men and the bonds of fellowship cemented more firmly than the none of Jim McCorriston's side-walks.

"It was a great meeting," said Col. Bill Mullane of Carlsbad yesterday. Col. Mullane is a veteran medicine man of his tribe and has long been prominent in the high councils of the aborigines. "The great wampum belt," said Col. Mullane, "is I believe more heavily loaded than ever before, our membership is growing and the order is in the most satisfactory and pleasing condition in every respect."

20 YEARS AGO TODAY

From the New Mexican of this date 1890.

Governor Stover distinguished himself at Albuquerque the night before last. He went into a joint debate on statehood, speaking for the constitution, while Field, Childers, Ferguson and J. Placido Romero all spoke against him. Yet so forcibly did Governor Stover present the side of progress that a Democrat who was present said he made at least sixty new votes for statehood.

H. B. Ferguson pleased a portion of his audience Tuesday night by making a red hot political speech on a non-political subject. Democrats say he did not hurt the constitution.

B. M. Read returned home last evening. He said: "Cerrillos is solid for the constitution. Mr. Baker makes an excellent presiding officer and my reception at the hands of the people of Cerrillos could not have been more cordial. You may count south Santa Fe county as in the line of progress." Judge Thornton is expected to return from San Antonio, Texas, in a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Waddingham are in Kansas City.

Notice for Publication.

Coal Land—Jemez Forest. Small Holding Claim No. 1351. Department of the Interior, United States Land Office.

Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 5, 1910. Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Commr., at Santa Fe, N. M., on October 25, 1910, viz: Atanacio Jaramillo of Cuba, N. M., for the claim 1351, in Secs. 34 and 35, T. 21 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:

E. A. Miera, Manuel Aragon y Lucero, Felix Montano, Francisco Aragon, all of Cuba, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

TIME TABLE ALL LOCAL TRAINS

Leave Santa Fe at 8:10 a. m. to connect with No. 10 from the south and west, also No. 2 from the east, returning arrive at Santa Fe 12:10 p. m. Leave Santa Fe at 4 p. m. to connect with No. 1 west-bound, also takes passengers for No. 2 east-bound passing Lamy at 6:30 p. m. Returning arrive at Santa Fe 6:30 p. m. with No. 1's connection only.

Leave Santa Fe at 7:20 p. m. to connect with Nos. 7 and 9 west-bound, and Nos. 4 and 8 east-bound. Returning arrive at Santa Fe 11:10 p. m. Denver and Rio Grande Railroad. Train leaves for the north at 10:15 a. m. Train arrives from the north at 3:35 p. m.

New Mexico Central. Train leaves Santa Fe at 7:30 a. m. Train arrives at Santa Fe at 8 p. m.

If you want anything on earth—try a New Mexican Want Ad.

TURN THE KERCHIEF

MAY OFTEN BE MADE TO DO OTHER SERVICE.

Clever Woman Can Make the Little Linen Squares Play Many Parts—Jabots, Aprons, Laundry Bags, Etc., May Be Made.

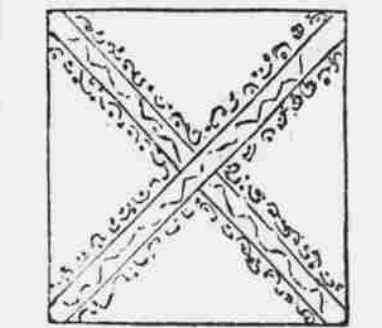
A little handkerchief is a practical thing if you regard it through the eyes of the clever woman who makes one thing in its day play many parts. It is no unusual thing for women to pos-



sess more kerchiefs than they can use. The experiment of turning the pretty squares to other uses should be met favorably by the fair sex.

For a handkerchief holder, or really a little laundry bag, the idea is suggested that will occupy very little time and a decorative place of importance in the bedroom. Two handkerchiefs with scalloped edges are effective when placed together and sewed about one inch from the edge. A heading on the outside, two inches from the top, furnishes a serviceable place for the drawing string of ribbon—the color determined by the other furnishings of the room.

Aprons made of handkerchiefs are attractive gift for the needlewoman. If the large sizes be bought, then deco-



rated borders can be made to play an important part in the construction. Two edges of one square are used for the pointed lower portion, the sides obtained by slanting and hemming the material. From another handkerchief the ruffles can be made, and a ribbon belt and strings made to match the colored border.

A pillow for baby is easily made of four handkerchiefs and strips of insertion to form the diagonals of the square. Dainty and easy of construction, with perhaps a touch of pink or blue if you wish, four handkerchiefs cannot be put to a better use.

From one kerchief a baby cap for a tiny head can be made in about twenty minutes. One edge should be turned back, and fullness allowed for the head by gathering the rest of the square at the back; cut off the pointed flaps and sew into a narrow band of mull or ribbon.

Handkerchief jabots are legion, but one has been sketched to refresh your mind, lest you forget.

Lay the kerchief in pleats to see just how much to allow for the little tabs at the top. Cut off and sew together. Ironing will give the tailored effect of a ready-made. A touch of color, if you wish, can be added by embroidering over the raised flowers or dots.

Don't let the handkerchiefs go to waste. They can be fashioned into pretty gifts for your friends, and no one will appreciate the cleverness of the idea more than recipients.

Gems on Lace Restore Gown.

For the restoration of an evening gown, so that it may do duty during the summer dancing season, sew gems upon the lace.

Laces when cleaned frequently suffer most in the elaborate gown. They are fragile and reach the repair point while the gown is still good.

Then it is that glass gems or large beads come into requisition as beautifiers as well as patches.

Used discreetly they will cover most successfully any small darn or rent, and will at the same time enrich and often recolor the garment.

This adding of a new touch to the half-worn article of apparel is frequently truer economy than the rebuilding of a garment, with new materials which usually attain almost the price of a new gown.

Instead of Handwork.

The woman who wants embroidered effects, but does not like arduous work, will welcome a new silk braid that looks like chain stitching.

A design is stamped as for ordinary embroidery and the braid is sewed on the outlines by hand. A few filling stitches or French knot centers increase the effect of hand embroidery. These braids come in colors to match most of the new shades of dress material. They are especially effective on pongees and shantung done in self-tones.

Rather Suggestive. Advance Agent (minstrel show)—I hope you are giving me the facts about the house we will draw. You don't string actors out here do you?

Bad Bill (Wolf Valley)—Wall, pard, that just depends on the acting.

Would Go the Limit.

"Why don't you perfect a melon with a handle, so that people could carry it conveniently?"

"It would be a waste of time," answered the horticultural wizard. "Then they'd want 'em with wheels."

FRATERNAL SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.
Montezuma Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M. Regular communications first Monday of each month at Masonic hall at 7:30 p. m.
H. H. LORMAN, Acting Master
ALAN R. MCCORD, Secretary.

Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. A. M. Regular convocation second Monday of each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.
S. G. CARTWRIGHT, H. P.
ARTHUR SELIGMAN, Secretary.

Santa Fe Commander: No. 1, K. T. Regular convocation fourth Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.
J. A. MASSIE, E. C.
W. E. GRIFFIN, Recorder.

Santa Fe Lodge of Perfection No. 14th degree. Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of Free Masonry meets on the third Monday of each month at 7:30 o'clock in the evening in Masonic Hall, south side of Plaza. Visiting Scottish Rite Masons are cordially invited to attend.

JOHN W. MAYES, 32, Venerable Master
HENRY F. STEPHENS, 32, Secretary.

B. P. O. E.
Santa Fe Lodge No. 460, B. P. O. E. holds its regular session on the second and fourth Wednesday of each month. Visiting brothers are invited and welcome.
A. J. FISCHER, Exalted Ruler
J. D. SENA, Secretary.

Knights of Pythias.
Santa Fe Lodge No. 2, Knights of Pythias. Regular meeting 1st and 3d Tuesdays in month at 8 o'clock in I. O. O. F. hall, San Francisco St. Visiting Knight's invited to attend.
AUGUST REINGART, C. C.
JOHN K. STAUFFER, K. R. S.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

Chas. F. Easley, Santa Fe.
Chas. R. Easley, Estancia.
EASLEY & EASLEY, Attorneys at Law.

E. C. ABBOTT, Attorney-at-Law. Practice in the District and Supreme Courts. Prompt and careful attention given to all business.
Santa Fe, - - - - - New Mexico

CATRON & CATRON, Attorneys and Counsellors-at-Law. Office: Catron Block.
Santa Fe, - - - - - New Mexico

G. W. PRICHARD, Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law. Practices in all the District Courts and gives special attention to cases before the Territorial Supreme Court. Office: Laughlin Bldg.—Santa Fe, N. M.

HOLT & SUTHERLAND, Attorneys-at-Law. Practice in the District Courts as well as before the Supreme Court of the Territory.
Las Cruces, - - - - - New Mexico

RENEHAN & DAVIES, A. B. Renehan, E. P. Davies, Attorneys-at-Law. Practice in the Supreme and District Courts. Mining and Land Law a specialty. Office in Catron Block.
Santa Fe, - - - - - New Mexico

WILLIAM MCKEAN, Attorney-at-Law. Mining and Land Law.
Taos, - - - - - New Mexico

C. W. G. WARD, Territorial District Attorney. Fo. San Miguel and Mora Counties.
Las Vegas, - - - - - New Mexico

EDWARD C. WADE, Attorney-at-Law. Practices in the Supreme and District Courts of the Territory, in the Probate Court and before the U. S. Surveyor General and U. S. Land Offices.
Las Cruces, - - - - - New Mexico

R. W. WITTMAN, Draftsman. Copies furnished of records on file in the U. S. Surveyor General's Office.
Santa Fe, - - - - - New Mexico

PROBERT & COMPANY, Investments. Lands, Mines, Bonds & Stocks. Money Loaned for Investors. We have for sale general stocks of Merchandise, Retail Lumber Yard and other Business Opportunities throughout Taos county.
Bank References Furnished.
Taos, - - - - - New Mexico.

JOHN K. STAUFFER, Notary Public. Office with the New Mexican Printing Company.
Santa Fe, - - - - - New Mexico

WILLIAMSON HAFNER CO. ENGRAVERS-PRINTERS. OUR CUTS TALK DENVER, COLO.

Certificate of Comparison.

Territory of New Mexico.
Office of the Secretary.
I, Nathan Jaffa, Secretary of the Territory of New Mexico, do hereby certify that there was filed for record in this office at nine o'clock A. M., on the first day of October, A. D. 1910, Articles of Incorporation of The Automatic Scale Vending Company, Number 6599, and also, that I have compared the following copy of the same, with the original thereof now on file, and declare it to be a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole thereof.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the Territory of New Mexico, at the City of Santa Fe, the Capital, on this first day of October, A. D. 1910.

NATHAN JAFFA,

(Seal) Secretary of New Mexico.
Certificate of Incorporation of The Automatic Scale Vending Company.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY That the undersigned, being the subscribers to the capital stock of the within named Company, as hereinafter stated, do hereby associate themselves into a corporation under and by virtue of the provisions of an Act of the Legislature of New Mexico, entitled "An Act to regulate the formation and government of corporations for mining, manufacturing, industrial and other pursuits," approved March 15, 1905, being Chapter 79 of the laws of 1905 of New Mexico, and do severally agree to take the number of shares of capital stock set opposite our names and do hereby certify as follows:

First. The name of the corporation is THE AUTOMATIC SCALE VENDING COMPANY.

Second. The location of its principal office is in the Territory of New Mexico, in the County of Santa Fe, in the City of Santa Fe. The name of the statutory agent therein and in charge thereof upon whom process against this corporation may be served is E. C. Abbott.

Third. The objects for which this corporation is formed are:

1. To acquire by purchase or manufacture, machines or other devices patented or otherwise for the purpose of printing and selling and delivering to the purchaser, coupon or other tickets for indemnity against injury by accident; engaging in all other kinds of business of a general manufacturing, of operating automatic slot machines or other devices for the sale or accident insurance coupons, candy, gum, peanuts or any other merchandise either with or without devices with weighing attachments.

2. To sell, exchange, lease or otherwise dispose of all or any patents, devices or machines for the selling and delivery to the purchaser of coupons or other tickets or packages of merchandise.

3. To mortgage or pledge the real estate and personal property privileges of the company or any part thereof, and to issue notes, bonds, negotiable instruments and other evidences of indebtedness, acting by through or under the direction and authorization of the Board of Directors, and on such terms as the directors may deem best for the purpose of borrowing money with which to purchase or manufacture automatic vending machines or other devices, patented or otherwise and to further the business of said company.

4. To organize or create subsidiary or other corporations and subscribe for the stock thereof; to exchange property therewith and to buy from or sell property to such other corporations and to make and carry into effect all arrangements with respect to union of interest, amalgamation or consolidation with other companies or corporations having objects similar to or included in the objects of this company, and to carry on any business, the carrying on of which the directors may find directly or indirectly conducive to the development of any business in which this company is or may become interested.

5. To pay cash, subscribe for, exchange or transfer real or personal property of any character, or issue full paid and non-assessable stock, for any real or personal property, including stock, bonds and obligations of other companies, rights, privileges or franchises purchased by the company, and to hold, manage or dispose of such real or personal property, stocks, bonds and obligations of other companies and generally transact any and all business and to do any and all things that may in any wise be necessary, incident or appurtenant to the powers, purposes or business of the company.

6. To purchase, hold and re-issue the shares of its capital stock.

7. To do such other things as come within the scope of or that can conveniently, advantageously or profitably be done by an automatic scale vending company.

8. To the extent and in the manner permitted by local laws to carry on and conduct its business and exercise its powers in any of the states, territories or dependencies of the United States and to have one or more offices therein, and to keep the books of the company outside of the territory of New Mexico, except as otherwise may be provided by law, and therein to hold, purchase, mortgage and convey real and personal property.

9. In general, to have and exercise all the powers conferred by the laws of the Territory of New Mexico upon corporations formed under that act hereinafter referred to and any amendments thereof. And the foregoing clauses shall be construed both as objects and powers, and it is hereby expressly provided that the foregoing enumeration of powers shall not be held to limit or restrict in any manner the powers of the corporation.

dress of the incorporators, the number of shares of stock subscribed for which severally and respectively they do hereby subscribe and the amount of the capital stock with which the company will commence business, are as follows:

W. Irving Lake, Kansas City, Missouri, 1,000,000 shares.
C. L. Whitehill, Kansas City, Missouri, 499,000 shares.
E. C. Abbott, Santa Fe, New Mexico, 1,000 shares.

Sixth. The period of existence of this company is limited to fifty (50) years.

Seventh. The directors of said company who are to act as such for the first three months after filing of this certificate of incorporation, are as follows:

W. Irving Lake, Kansas City, Missouri.
C. L. Whitehill, Kansas City, Missouri.
E. C. Abbott, Santa Fe, New Mexico.

The number of directors of the company shall be fixed from time to time by the by-laws and may be increased as may be provided in the by-laws. In case of any vacancy in the Board of Directors through death, resignation, disqualification or other cause, the remaining directors by affirmative vote of a majority thereof, may elect a successor to hold office for the unexpired portion of the term of the director whose place shall be vacant, and until the election of his successor.

In furtherance and not in limitation of the powers conferred by the statute the Board of Directors are expressly authorized as follows:

To hold their meetings, and to have one or more offices and to keep the books of the company within or without the Territory of New Mexico at such places as may be from time to time designated by them, but the company shall always keep at its registered office in the Territory of New Mexico a transfer book in which the transfers of stock can be made, entered and registered, and also a book containing the names and addresses of the stockholders and the number of shares of stock held by them respectively which shall be at all times open to the inspection of the registered stockholders in person.

To determine from time to time whether and to what extent and under what conditions and regulations the accounts and books of the company other than the stock or transfer books or any of them shall be open to the inspection of the stockholders and the stockholders rights in this respect are and shall be restricted or limited accordingly.

To make, alter, amend and rescind the by-laws of the company, to fix the amount as working capital, to make the time for the declaration of dividends, to authorize and cause to be executed mortgages and liens upon the real and personal property of the company provided always that the majority of the whole Board concur therein.

In case of increase of capital stock to issue such portion of the unsubscribed stock of the corporation as may be necessary to acquire or purchase property for said corporation or to satisfy its outstanding debts or obligations.

With the consent in writing and pursuant also to the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the stock issued and outstanding at a stockholders' meeting duly called for that purpose, to sell, assign, transfer, or otherwise dispose of the property of the company as an entirety provided always that a majority of the entire board concur therein.

By a resolution passed by a majority of the whole Board under suitable provisions of the by-laws to designate three of their members to constitute an executive committee, which committee shall for the time being as provided in said resolution or in the by-laws have and exercise all the powers of the Board, of Directors which may be lawfully delegated in the management of the business and affairs of the company and shall have the power to authorize the seal of the company to be affixed to all papers which may require it. Generally said Board of Directors or said Executive Committee shall manage the business and affairs of said corporation and designate the officer or officers who shall have power to enter into and execute any contract or obligations on behalf of the said corporation as may be deemed necessary.

Eighth. The company may use and apply its surplus earnings or accumulated profits to the purchase or acquisition of property and to the purchase and acquisition of its own capital stock from time to time, to such extent and in such manner and upon such terms as its Board of Directors shall determine and neither the property nor the capital stock so purchased and acquired nor any other capital stock in payment or satisfaction of any debt due the company shall be regarded as profits for the purpose of declaration of payment or dividends unless otherwise determined by a majority of the Board of Directors.

Ninth. The company reserves the right to amend, alter, change or repeal any provisions contained in this certificate in the manner now or hereafter required by the Statute for the amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 6th day of September, A. D. 1910.

E. C. ABBOTT (Seal)
W. IRVING LAKE, (Seal)
C. S. WHITEHILL, (Seal)

Territory of New Mexico,
Santa Fe County, ss.

Before me, Juan J. Ortiz, a notary public in and for said County and Territory, this day personally appeared the above named E. C. Abbott, personally known to me to be the same person who executed the foregoing instrument of writing and acknowledged that he signed, sealed and delivered said instrument as his free and voluntary act.

Witness my hand and notarial seal this 19th day of Sept., A. D. 1910.

JUAN J. ORTIZ, (Notarial Seal) Notary Public.

My commission expires Aug. 17th, 1912.

State of Missouri.
County of Jackson—ss.

Before me, V. Hundley, a notary public in and for said County and State this day personally appeared the above named W. Irving Lake and C. L. Whitehill, personally known to me to be the same persons who executed the foregoing instrument of writing and acknowledged that they signed, sealed and delivered said instrument as their free and voluntary act.

Witness my hand and notarial seal this 6th day of Sept. A. D. 1910.

V. HUNDLEY, (Seal) Notary Public.

My commission expires Jan. 25, 1911.

ENDORSED.
No. 6569.

Cor. Rec'd Vol. 6, page 76.

Certificate of Incorporation of The Automatic Scale Vending Company.

Filed in office of Secretary of New Mexico, Oct. 1, 1910, 9 a. m.

NATHAN JAFFA, Secretary.

Compared C. F. K. to J. O.

Certificate of Comparison.

Territory of New Mexico,
Office of the Secretary.

I, Nathan Jaffa, Secretary of the Territory of New Mexico, do hereby certify that there was filed for record in this office at nine o'clock a. m., on the first day of October, A. D. 1910, Certificate of Stockholders' Non-Liability of The Automatic Scale Vending Company, Number 6570; and also, that I have compared the following copy of the same, with the original thereof now on file, and declare it to be a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole thereof.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the Territory of New Mexico, at the City of Santa Fe, the Capital, on this first day of October, A. D. 1910.

NATHAN JAFFA, Secretary of New Mexico.

Certificate of Non-Liability of Stockholders of The Automatic Scale Vending Company.

This is to certify that the undersigned incorporators and subscribers to the capital stock of The Automatic Scale and Vending Company, being incorporated under and in pursuance of an act of the legislature of the Territory of New Mexico, entitled "An Act to regulate the formation and government of corporations for mining, manufacturing, industrial and other pursuits," approved March 15, 1905, do hereby declare, in pursuance of Section 23 of said act, that there shall be no stockholders' liability on account of any stock issued by said corporation.

In Witness Whereof we have hereunto set our hands and seals this sixth day of September, A. D. 1910.

E. C. ABBOTT, (Seal)
W. IRVING LAKE, (Seal)
C. S. WHITEHILL, (Seal)

Territory of New Mexico, Santa Fe County, ss.

Before me, Juan J. Ortiz, a notary public in and for said county and territory, this day personally appeared the above named E. C. Abbott, personally known to me to be the same person who executed the foregoing instrument of writing and acknowledged that he signed, sealed and delivered said instrument as his free and voluntary act.

Witness my hand and Notarial Seal this 19th day of September, A. D. 1910.

My commission expires August 17, 1912.

(Signed) JUAN J. ORTIZ, (Notarial Seal) Notary Public.

State of Missouri, Jackson County, ss. Before me, V. Hundley, a notary public in and for said county and state, this day personally appeared the above named W. Irving Lake and C. L. Whitehill, personally known to me to be the same persons who executed the foregoing instrument of writing and acknowledged that they signed, sealed and delivered said instrument as their free and voluntary act.

Witness my hand and Notarial Seal this 6th day of September, A. D. 1910.

V. HUNDLEY, (Seal) Notary Public.

My commission expires January 25, 1911.

ENDORSED:
No. 6570.

Cor. Rec'd Vol. 6, Page 76.

Certificate of Stockholders' Non-Liability of The Automatic Scale Vending Company, filed in office of secretary of New Mexico, Oct. 1, 1910, 9 a. m.

NATHAN JAFFA, Secretary.

Compared C. F. K. to J. O.

Notice for Publication.
(013591)

Coal-Jemez Forest.

Small Holding Claim No. 3229.

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office.

Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 7, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Commr., at Santa Fe, N. M., on October 26, 1910, viz: Jose de Jesus Herrera, of Santa Fe, N. M., for the claim 4341, in Sec. 2, T. 20 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:

Jose A. Padilla, Senorito, N. M.; Don-
aciano Lucero, Santa Fe, N. M.; Reyes
Jaramillo, Juan A. Parras, both of
Senorito, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

Notice for Publication.
(013594)

Coal-Jemez Forest.

Small Holding Claim No. 3229.

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office.

Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 7, 1910.

be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Commr., at Santa Fe, N. M., on October 29, 1910, viz: Telesforo Sandoval, transferee of Carlos B. Romero, of Santa Fe, N. M., for the claim 3229, in Secs. 29 and 32, T. 21 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:

Cristobal Casados, Arachibueque, Atanacio Jaramillo, all of Santa Fe, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

Notice for Publication.
(013591)

Coal-Jemez Forest.

Small Holding Claim No. 1890.

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office.

Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 5, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Commr., at Santa Fe, N. M., on October 26, 1910, viz: Veneciano Miera, of Santa Fe, N. M., for the claim 1890 in Secs. 8, 9 and 17, T. 21 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:

J. J. Salazar, Luis G. Ortiz, Ceiso Sandoval, Reyes Lucero, all of Santa Fe, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

Notice for Publication.
(013597)

Coal-Jemez Forest.

Small Holding Claim No. 3241.

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office.

Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 6, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Commr., at Santa Fe, N. M., on October 26, 1910, viz: Roberto Garcia, transferee of Alonzo Dunn, of Santa Fe, N. M., for the claim 3241, being tracts 1, 2 and 3, in Sec. 20, T. 21 N., R. 1 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:

Jose A. Archibueque, Francisco A. Lucero, Jose R. Montoya, J. J. Salazar, all of Santa Fe, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

Notice for Publication.
(013775)

Coal-Jemez Forest.

Small Holding Claim No. 4341.

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office.

Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 6, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Commr., at Santa Fe, N. M., on October 26, 1910, viz: Jose de Jesus Herrera, of Santa Fe, N. M., for the claim 4341, in Sec. 2, T. 20 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:

Jose A. Padilla, Senorito, N. M.; Don-
aciano Lucero, Santa Fe, N. M.; Reyes
Jaramillo, Juan A. Parras, both of
Senorito, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

Notice for Publication.
(013776)

Coal-Jemez Forest.

Small Holding Claim No. 4341.

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office.

Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 6, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following named claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before Juan C. Sandoval, U. S. Ct. Commr., at Santa Fe, N. M., on October 26, 1910, viz: Jose de Jesus Herrera, of Santa Fe, N. M., for the claim 4341, in Sec. 2, T. 20 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:

Jose A. Padilla, Senorito, N. M.; Don-
aciano Lucero, Santa Fe, N. M.; Reyes
Jaramillo, Juan A. Parras, both of
Senorito, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

TO AND FROM ROSWELL.

Connection made with Automobile line at Vaughn for Roswell, daily.

Automobile leaves Vaughn for Roswell at 8:30 a. m. and arrives at Roswell at 3:30 p. m. Automobile leaves Roswell for Vaughn at 12:30 a. m. and arrives at Vaughn at 6 p. m.

The fare between Santa Fe and Roswell is \$5.00 and between Torrance and Roswell \$10.00. Reserve seats on automobile by wire.—J. W. Stockard.

GUARDING SYLVIA

It's quite a relief," remarked Mrs. Robell, with a smile of engaging frankness, "not to find any young men here."

"The others in the group of married women on the summer hotel porch exchanged surprised glances.

"You see," continued Mrs. Robell, "when one has an only daughter one is apt to be a bit selfish. I simply can't bear the thought of parting with Sylvia and it makes me positively ill to see a lot of young men doing at home. So I just said to her father the other day: 'I'm going to take her to some quiet spot where I can have a little peace of mind.'"

He suggested our coming here, as he had heard of the place through a business acquaintance."

"Was it Mr. Reddington?" queried Mrs. Dale, the mother of two marriageable daughters.

"Yes, I believe it's Reddington or Eddington. I'm woefully forgetful about names."

"Doesn't his presence cause you any anxiety?" The more acute members of the group scented sarcasm in Mrs. Dale's question.

"Oh, no," replied Mrs. Robell in perfect good humor; "my husband has told me what a confirmed old bachelor he is. Why, there he is now. Oh, Mr. Reddington!" Mrs. Robell's voice was girlishly clear and gay. "If you are going to the tennis courts will you be so good as to stop at the wooden swing and if it's sunny there tell my daughter to come on to the veranda? I'm afraid reading in the sun will make her head ache."

"Trust me to send her back to you if I find her in the sun," said Reddington.

An hour later, when Mrs. Dale, in search of her own two daughters, who were playing tennis with school-boy partners, passed the wooden swing in which Reddington and Sylvia Robell were sitting, she said to herself: "That woman knew all the time that the swing wasn't in a sunny place!"

Not long after the Robells' arrival at the hotel Mrs. Robell confided her ardent hopes to Reddington.

"You can see, Mr. Reddington," she said, appealingly, "how unhappy it makes me to have those tiresome men writing by every mail, simply begging to be allowed to come here. I'm going to throw all formality and conventionality to the winds and implore you, as a friend of my husband's, to help me. I want you to help Sylvia from being alone with the man who, against all my remonstrances, insists upon coming here over Sunday. I fear I'm not strong enough to chaperon her all day."

"Is Miss Sylvia interested in the fellow?" asked Reddington.

"No, but you know how tender-hearted a young girl, like Sylvia, is. He's afraid she'll be led by her sympathy into making some promise she will regret later. I think it's a mother's duty to guard against these dangers."

"I think so, too," agreed Reddington, heartily.

The callow young man who had supposed himself first in the affections of Sylvia wondered all day Sunday why old Reddington, who must have been thirty-five at least, hung round her so constantly. He meant to ask Sylvia when he got her off alone, but he did not get her off alone. Either her mother or Reddington was present all the time. So he took the night boat back to town in an uncomfortable state of mystification.

Only a few days later Mrs. Robell announced to Mrs. Dale her intention of returning home with Sylvia.

"Do you think it safe to take Sylvia back among all those young men?" asked Mrs. Dale sweetly.

"Well," Mrs. Robell laughed, "I'm afraid I'm a failure as a duenna. I don't know what my husband will say. I didn't mean to tell any one until he knew, but we shall be with him tomorrow, so I don't mind telling you in confidence that, notwithstanding my unrelenting care, dear little Sylvia has become engaged! It's a great blow to me."

"Mr. Reddington?" asked Mrs. Dale. "Yes, and you know yourself how I trusted him. Who would have dreamed of such a thing?"

"It must surprise you greatly," replied Mrs. Dale