

10-6-1916

Carlsbad Current, 10-06-1916

Carlsbad Printing Co.

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The Carlsbad Current

TWENTY-FOURTH YEAR.

CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1916

NUMBER 48.

ARMORY COMPLETED

COMPANY "B" TO HAVE A COMFORTABLE HOME

The magnificent piece of masonry known and pointed out as the Armory is nearing completion.

It is beautifully located in the very heart of the city, is a three story building 132 feet long, 64 feet wide and, from the basement floor 36 feet high. Is built of reinforced concrete up to grade line and hollow building block tile above.

Carlsbad may well be pleased with this magnificent structure. It is one of the best of its kind in the state. If Carlsbad had not had some splendid talent in the way of sharp shooters the appropriation by the legislature of \$17,500 would not have been allowed. Major E. P. Bujac played a leading part in the early life of the company by urging the boys to enlist, and by giving his time in drilling the boys.

In the infancy of the company they occupied the Tansill block and contended against many difficulties ten years ago. The Armory board consists of W. W. Dean, Major E. P. Bujac, Dr. F. F. Doepf, R. C. Dow and Adjutant General Herring of Santa Fe, and they have about paid off the debt. The lot was bought by the people of Carlsbad and the state donated \$17,500, and by shrewd management the board succeeded in getting the building erected, and it will be splendidly equipped. It is practically modern, and the arrangement seems ideal, and when Company B comes marching home they will find everything ready for their comfort.

The placing of the heating system has been let to the Finlay-Pratt Hardware Co.

In the lower story or basement is found the locker room 25x40 feet, rifle range 15x90 feet, for indoor practice room for government supplies 15x20, dressing room 15x20, four shower baths equipped with hot and cold water.

The furnace room 12x20 will contain the heating plant furnace.

The suite of rooms for the men will be cozy and ample; a room for reading, gymnasium and games, three rooms each 25x21 feet.

The heating plant for the club room and auditorium is situated in the basement, in the northeast corner.

All this is arranged for the pleasure of Company B.

As the structure is entered from the front, ascending the steps, we find a ticket office and a room on each side, 12x14 feet for officers. As we pass through the doorway we enter the auditorium or drill room, 54x90 feet, with hard maple floor. The stage alone is a beauty and perfectly designed, being 35 feet wide and 22 deep—the largest stage in the state. Two rooms are arranged on each side of the stage 12 x 14. Around this main enclosure is the balcony for the exits, two in front and two near the stage. The auditorium and stage are large baccalite lamps pitted 200 watt well equipped for light and eight fine are already fitted. They are also fitted on top for dim lighting. The foot lights for the stage have the three color system, red, white and blue. Geo. Frederick is authorized to let the auditorium for dances or shows and the proceeds will be used to provide seating capacity.

The Carlsbad Commercial Club is comfortably housed on the balcony floor and consisting of a billiard room 19 x 30 and a social room with rolling partition dividing it into two smaller rooms 13 1-2 x 30 feet or one large room 27 x 30. On the floor is located a cloak room and lavatory supplied with hot and cold water and toilet. The electric light system is quite a feature and was installed by the P. U. Co. The Finlay-Pratt Hdw. Co. have the credit for the plumbing and heating system. Wallace & Pond are the builders and commenced about the first of February and completed their part of the work October 1.

There is one ideal and life saving point in the construction—the exits are ample, two front and rear and sides—six ways of escape in case of fire.

Frank Moritz has the contract to furnish the scenery and curtains. He has secured agency advertising to pay for the work and any extra will be used to furnish the building. The building fund has been totally exhausted and the debt has been practically met. One bill to Finlay-Pratt remains unpaid but all creditors are willing to wait.

Monday, Pete Raborn and Jack Scott were in town and made a deal, Pete selling the improvements on his place in Dark canon known as the old Middleton place with the crop of beans and corn to Jack all for \$600. Mr. Raborn expects to file in Dog canon and make a home to suit him over there. It is not many miles farther and the soil is deep and fine for farming.

CHRISTIAN & CO.—INSURANCE.

WARDIE POLK'S DEATH.

O! Not in cruelty, not in wrath,
The reaper came that day.
T'was an angel visited the green earth,
And took the flower away.
—Longfellow.

Six minutes of the noon hour Tuesday, the reaper Death called at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Buford Polk and plucked a tender flower, the little daughter, Wardie. Wardie had been ill for the past four weeks. About a month ago she was jumping up and down on a spring seat and lost her balance and fell out over the dash board and on the wagon tongue striking her back on the wagon hammer or bolt to fasten the doubletress. She was badly hurt and suffered all night and they brought her to town the next day. She was under the care of a physician from that day until she died, suffering with her spine and her limbs. She was at the home of her grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Ward in La Huerta for a while, and then at the Eddy hospital and at the Anderson Sanitarium. Eight large abscesses were endured and the little life hung on a thread for many days.

Every thing was done that could lessen her sufferings, but Thursday about noon she passed to the home not made by hands and will be one of the loved ones here to join her there. She was a bright child and a favorite of her grand mother whose name, Rachel Wardie, she bore.

This is the first sadness of this kind in the family and the many grand aunts and uncles—all her mother's family, except Homer who is at the state college were present. Mr. Polk's brothers, uncles and cousins came to see the little girl and comfort her. She leaves to mourn her loss, besides uncles and aunts a father and mother one brother and two sisters. She was the second youngest in the family. The little white, flower covered casket was borne to the Baptist church by the big bay horses, and Rev. Barb in his usual calm way delivered one of the best sermons it has been our lot to hear for many a day, telling the mourners and friends that she could not return to them and asking if they were ready. The selected hymns by the choir were tenderly and beautifully rendered. The pall bearers, four in number found the little casket light and they placed it in the hearse and followed to the grave where the last sad parting came.

Thus they gave the flower they did love, trusting to find it again.
In the fields of light and love.

FAIR FROM FRANCE.

Jacques Contjean, aged eighty-five years, died at the home of his daughter Mrs. August Rayroux, in La Huerta, Monday. He was born in Bethon Court, France and came to this country in 1891 having lived in or near here almost the entire time. He was physically strong and had his own little home, living out his number of years on a homestead, and lived there until about three months ago, when he was taken ill and made his home with his daughter, as they considered him too feeble to be alone. Not many weeks ago he walked to town and visited the grand babies and made over them as if they were much to him. Mrs. Rayroux is the only child living, three grand children, the Mesdames C. H. McLenathen, Carl Gordon and Lawrence Rayroux and a number of great grand children survive him. In his youth he was a clock maker by trade and in those days each man made a clock, not just the wheels or springs, or parts; but a complete clock and if every part did not move evenly, the man was called to make it good and their mark was on the wheels or parts, so it would be known who was to make it good. And, the remarkable thing about this was when Mr. and Mrs. Tracy were married they received a beautiful clock presented to them by some of the Tiffany family in New York, and the clock was not in perfect order and Mr. Contjean volunteered to look it over although his hands were then trembling with age. He tenderly lifted the masterpiece from its resting place and began to look it over for the cause when lo! he finds it is the clock he so proudly surveyed in his youth and, was, like him, in a foreign land. The inmates of the house heard exclamations of joy and supposed he had gotten it to going nicely so came to see and he showed them his mark and they understood how remarkable it was. He readily touched the wheels and springs and it responded and today is telling the time, when the hands that labored so faithfully are folded and the wonderful brain that made each tiny wheel and placed them to tell men for generations to come the time, is peacefully sleeping.

Services at Grace church were held at ten A. M. Tuesday, where the relatives and friends assembled to pay the last respects to the dead. Rev. Pratt officiated and many floral tributes covered the casket and the body was interred at the Carlsbad cemetery. The pall bearers were: Messrs Merchant, A. N. Pratt, Pierce, Christian Tracy and C. C. Hutto.

John D. Stephens and wife returned to Clovis Saturday night. Mr. Stephens was operator here for a few weeks while J. N. Bales was off on a vacation.



WOODROW WILSON.



THOMAS R. MARSHALL.

A. J. Loomis, the U. S. revenue man came over from El Paso, Saturday, and he was sobusy the Current hardly knew he was in town. Mr. Loomis is the dean of the New Mexico press and what he don't know about newspapers he does apout collecting reve-

The Woerner brothers W. G. and John came in from Knowles Wednesday and spent one day in town with old friends and bid adieu this morning leaving for the Plains town. From the looks of the big Chalmers they must have been moving.

FOR THE PARTICULAR SMOKER

"LA LUGBANA"

A GENUINE IMPORTED MANILA

Something Different—But Just Right

Sold only at the

EDDY DRUG STORE

PENSLAR

IT CAN'T BE DONE!

THERE is no cause for Democrats and Progressives—lovers of peace and opponents of the horrors and crimes of war—to feel other than the greatest confidence in the re-election of President Wilson.

Friends of his Republican opponent have been making vociferous endeavor to impress the voters of the country with a fictional strength for Mr. Hughes' candidacy.

President Wilson has the Democrats of the country enthusiastically behind him.

He has the friends of preparedness and peace. He has every Progressive who really holds policies above prejudice and deeds above vague promises.

He has the women voters of the states where suffrage is an accomplished fact, who hold their country first in their esteem and who are able to see more in the support President Wilson has already given suffrage than in the opportunist espousal of their cause by a candidate who before never has shown by his acts even the most condescending sympathy.

There are but a meager few states where Mr. Hughes' champions can give him more than a doubtful chance of securing electoral votes.

No issue has been joined by the speeches of the Republican candidate which is of sufficient worth to merit serious consideration.

Behind Mr. Wilson there is a long record of deeds done and legislation enacted which puts him far up abreast of the times and popular demands. For President Wilson to be defeated there must develop such a reaction from present sentiment as would be startling indeed.

He has the record of achievement.

He has the shibboleth of peace.

He has the accomplishment of preparedness.

He has a Congress which has stood nobly behind his policies and has written laws that the great masses of voters will surely endorse.

He has been direct, diligent, assertive and dominant.

No public man ever cherished loftier ideals or did more to win to them the public approval.

Beat him?

IT CAN'T BE DONE!

Beat him, and restore to power in the Government the old order, the Republican reactionaries, the guardians and agents of privilege and prerogative?

Beat him, and blot from the statute books laws that register a century of progress?

NO, INDEED!

Beat him, with the harvests ripening into such wealth as the country never knew before?

Beat him, with the Government's credit talk of the world?

Beat him, with labor employed, wages good and happiness the outward semblance of nation wide contentment?

Beat him, with the vaults of the banks of the country bulging and legislation already enacted which is the guarantee of low interest rates?

Beat him, with his neutrality achievements, which have made us the one nation secure from the criminal effusion of the red blood of the sons and fathers of the land?

Beat him, when law is highly respected, when the national honor is respected, when the flag has been the signal at once of preparedness and peace and our people home loving, God fearing and ready for higher achievements in the future than were ever chronicled in the past?

IT CAN'T BE DONE!

CARLSBAD SCHOOLS

SUPT. BRINTON MAKES FIRST MONTHLY REPORT

The Carlsbad schools closed the first month of school on Friday, Sept., 29, with an enrollment of 544. Last year the enrollment for the first month was 530. The average daily attendance for the first month this year was 479 against 492 a year ago. In the High School were 89 enrolled. During the first month last year there were 95 enrolled. The falling off, six in number, is due to a small freshman class as but few promotions were made from the eighth grade to the High School at the close of the term last May.

The enrollment by grades is as follows:

High School, 89, Eighth Grade 34, Seventh Grade 26, Sixth Grade 40, Fifth Grade 48, Fourth Grade 41, Third Grade 48, Second Grade 55, First Grade 51, Spanish American First Grade 56, Second and Third Grades 46 and above the Third Grade 11.

The total number of students neither absent or tardy for the month is 315 against 266 for last year for the same period.

The schools have been running along in good condition and with very little friction. The prospects for the year are bright. The students and teachers are earnest and good results for the first month have been recorded in every department.

In the High School, literary societies have been organized for literary and a glee club will be organized in the near future. Plans are being made for public performances to bring the students before the public to use their talents. Students are taking hold of this work with a will and the outlook for some good work along this line is good.

The manual training department, under the direction of Mr. Hatfield, is now reciting and doing regular work five days in each week. Last year but two periods were given to manual training. Industrial subjects are fast growing in demand for people are growing more to see that education along lines of practical activities of life are more in demand than smother text knowledge without the practical application.

SPANISH AMERICAN SCHOOL.

The new building added and the new dress of paint for the Spanish American school building has added wonderfully to the looks of the school and the room added has made it possible to teach manual training and domestic science. Thirty dollars has been invested for tools and conveniences for manual training and twenty four pupils are so much interested that one class took the training on Friday night and the other class two afternoons each week after school hours. They are very much enthused over the work. The girls are anxious to study domestic science and twenty dollars has been invested for various little things including an oil stove. Miss Dushman is teaching the culinary department and Mrs. Pope the sewing department. The enrollment is 40 and the attendance good.

Facts About the International Dry-Farming Congress.

1. The congress is not an institution for profit. It aspires only to a voluntary membership organization.

2. No commercial interest can ever use the congress for private gain. No land exploitation scheme can secure the assistance of congress.

3. Permanent offices are maintained, and the work of congress is kept up throughout the year.

4. The proceedings of the annual sessions are printed in book form, each volume comprising a valuable addition to the agricultural literature of the times.

5. The annual membership fee is twenty dollars.

6. A monthly bulletin or magazine is published by means of which the members and others are kept informed as to the current proceedings and progress. This magazine is a constant source of information on practical and technical agricultural and allied problems. It is sent regularly to all members in good standing. Present plans contemplate marked improvement in this magazine.

7. The annual sessions occupy four to six days and evenings, the program being composed of the very best talent that can be secured. Also, actual, practical farmers take a prominent part, and altogether these sessions mark the acme of agricultural achievements. Educational, economic, country life and live stock topics also receive careful and liberal attention.

8. The annual sessions and the columns of the magazine, are open to all for a free discussion of proper topics.

9. The advertising columns of the magazine, "The Agricultural Review," are open to honest, legitimate and reputable advertisers.

10. The Soil Products Exposition,

held in connection with the congress sessions, is not surpassed in its educational features it is a class by itself.

11. The congress compiles and publishes results of research and experimental work; not only its own, but the best that is accomplished by federal, state and other stations, and by individuals.

12. The eleventh annual congress and exposition will be held at El Paso, in Texas, in October, 1916.

DAVID LUBIN ADVOCATES RE-ELECTION OF WILSON.

Father of American Rural Credits,
Another Leading Republican, to
Join President's Standard.

David Lubin, founder of the International Institute of Agriculture and father of the rural credits movement in America, has joined the list of prominent Republicans openly advocating the re-election of President Wilson. Within a fortnight Thomas A. Edison, Luther Burbank and Henry Ford, all Republicans and men of international fame, have done the same.

David Lubin is a wealthy California farmer. His interest in securing a square deal for the farmer led him to make research abroad, and out of his efforts grew the International Institute of Agriculture at Rome. This institution does for the staples of agriculture of the world what the American chamber of commerce does for the products of the American manufacturer.

Through his connection with the institute he became interested in the



DAVID LUBIN.

rural credit systems of Europe and led the movement which resulted in the passage of the Rural Credits Act by the Wilson administration.

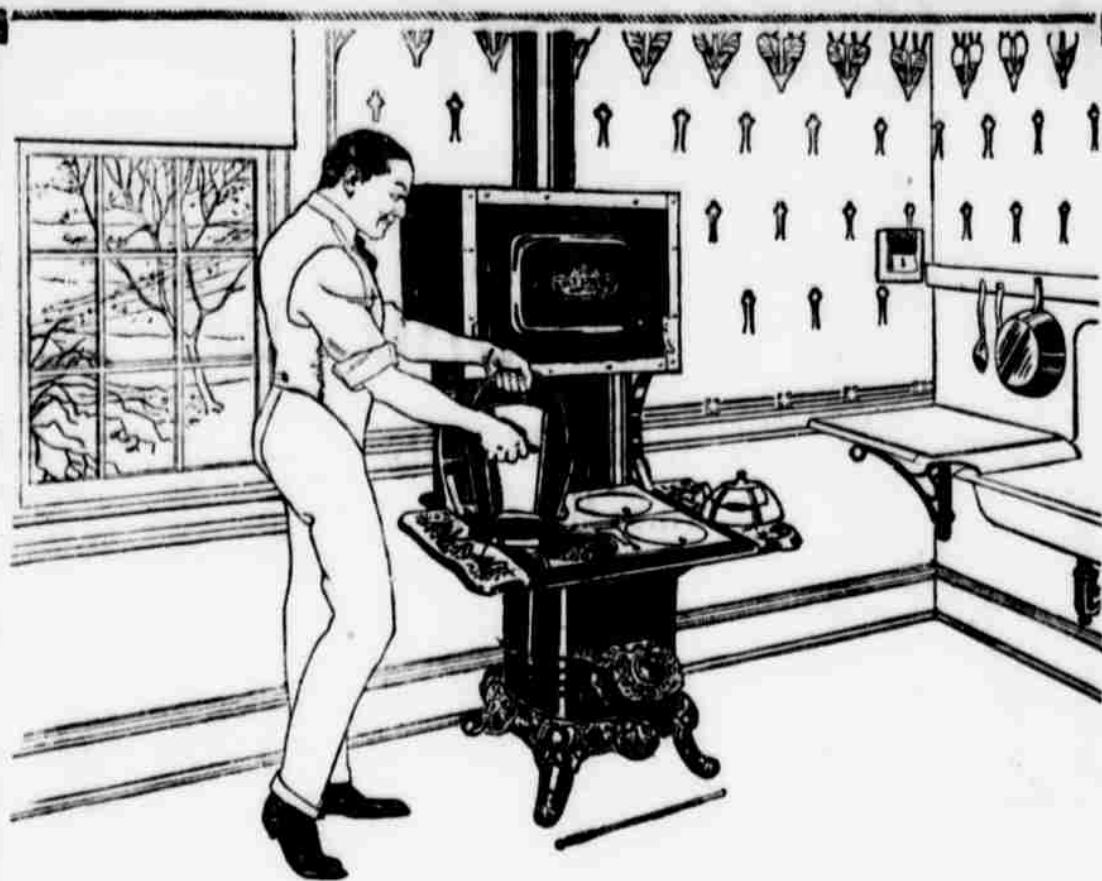
Just before departing for Italy recently, Mr. Lubin authorized an interview of 4,000 words in which he gave his opinion of those acts of the Wilson administration which directly affect the farmer. This has been furnished without cost to every leading farm paper in the United States. If the farmer does not read it in his farm paper it will probably be because the editor does not care to use his columns for discussion of economic questions and government policies that vitally affect the farmer.

Mr. Lubin said: "In the application of business methods of distribution, America, until the present administration, was about 150 years behind the rest of Europe. And yet in the very thing in which America is backward she should lead the world. She does not, because a clique of special interests dictated public opinion and controlled legislation through the bosses of the Republican party. So cleverly have they worked that the average man is hypnotized, his critical faculties dulled.

"President Wilson is neither fooled nor led by this crowd. He is tireless, patient, farseeing. He has a historic sense of the past, a sympathetic sense of the present and a prophetically spiritual sense of the future. While his head is above the clouds, his feet are always upon the earth. He is idealistic on the one side, on the other practical. He is a good business man. "He knows that good politics and good economics are the same thing. He is fearless; in all my relations with him, direct or indirect, I fail to find anything or anybody he is afraid of."

Much Hail Damage.

Hail in the Ira community of Scurry county, Tex., destroyed over \$30,000 worth of cotton and feedstuffs. One farmer losing sixteen bales of cotton. A severe storm raged in Brown county and did considerable damage. A mile from Comanche lightning destroyed a barn and contents.



One-Half Hod of Coal Costs Three Cents

Heats Your House Overnight
and Cooks Breakfast with

Cole's High Oven Range

It Pays Its Way

Place Cole's High Oven Range in your home and it will quickly return the money advanced in reduced fuel bills. It has the same air-tight construction and fuel-saving draft as Cole's Hot Blast Heaters, "world famous" for their fuel economy. It takes advantage of Nature's Law for heat to rise in heating the oven, thus giving same oven heat with much less fuel.

We are on the job at all times. We are here to see that merchandise purchased from us makes good, and gives value received.

Come in today and see our quality displays, which are backed up in every particular by their makers.

See the name "Cole's" on the oven door—
None genuine without it.

R. M. THORNE

AGENT



THOU SHALT NOT STEAL!

Voters of New Mexico—

Who shall elect your representatives?

You or the Republican bosses?

The people's right to choose their own government is the foundation of the Republic.

If this foundation is blown up by Political Dynamiters what will become of Popular Government?

Will you vote to put into power men who have used Political Dynamite in the past?

In 1912 the Republican State Senate, acting under the orders of the Republican bosses, unseated Abelino Romero, who had been duly elected State Senator by the people of Socorro county. He was given 1,793 votes, as against 1,669 votes cast for A. C. Abeytia, his Republican opponent, a majority for Romero of one hundred and twenty-four votes.

Abelino Romero was thrown out without the shadow of an excuse and without a hearing.

Why?

Because the Republican Bosses wanted a two-thirds Republican majority in the Senate.

Why did they want this two-thirds majority? Did they want it in order to be able to pass good and just laws?

They did not. They wanted it because they knew the Democratic governor would veto Bad and Unjust laws. They wanted it to enable them to pass Bad and Unjust laws over the Democratic Governor's veto.

But their unscrupulous scheme was frustrated by the fact that they lacked sufficient Republican strength in the House of Representatives. They were forced to wait until the Second State Legis-

lature, in 1914.

At that session they went the limit.

Nullifying the will of the people as expressed at the polls, and violating all right and justice, they threw out four duly and honestly elected Democratic representatives.

They did this for the sole purpose of establishing a two-thirds Republican majority in the House—a majority to match that established in the Senate in 1912. The Senate in 1915 was the same as in 1912.

Rafael Garcia, Democrat, was elected from Bernalillo county. The election judges gave him his certificate.

But the Republican Bosses sneered at the election judges. In effect they tore up the certificate of election. They threw out Garcia and seated M. C. Ortiz, the Republican the people of Bernalillo county had repudiated.

G. C. Smith, Democrat, was elected from Union county. He had a majority of 84 over his nearest opponent. But the Republican Bosses said, "The people be damned. We need O. T. Toombs." So they kicked Smith out and seated Toombs.

Toombs is the man who publicly announced, when he reached Santa Fe, that although he didn't have an election certificate, he had a "jimmy."

A "jimmy" is a piece of steel used by burglars to break into houses in the night time.

Serapio Miera, Democrat, was elected from Union county. He had 984 votes, while Candelario Vigil, his Republican opponent, received but 800. But the Republican Bosses said: "We desire that 800 be more than 984." So they ejected Miera and seated

Vigil, and the people of Union county were disfranchised.

All this was rank enough to disgust every decent citizen. But the worst is yet to be told.

F. M. Bojorquez, Democrat, was elected from Sierra county. He received 369 votes as against 137 cast for Antonio T. Chaves, the Republican who opposed him. His majority was nearly 3 to 1.

At the direction of the Republican Bosses, Chaves brought a contest against Bojorquez. The seating of three repudiated candidates in place of three duly elected candidates was not enough to give the Republican gang a two-thirds majority. They needed a fourth puppet.

But the Republican Bosses found the Chaves contest so funny that their nerve failed them. So they looked about for some other means of stealing Bojorquez's seat.

They found that Bojorquez had formerly been a county commissioner. They found that he had duly resigned. But on the outrageously transparent pretense that as his successor had not been immediately appointed by the governor he was still a county commissioner, they declared his seat vacant.

The report declaring the vacan-

cy did not recommend the seating of Chaves. The Republican Bosses hadn't bolstered up their nerve to that point at that time.

The vacancy was declared during the afternoon of January 21, 1915.

Early in the morning of January 22, 1915, Governor McDonald, acting under his constitutional right, called an election in Sierra county to fill the vacancy declared by the House of Representatives. The proclamation calling the election was filed in the office of the Secretary of State at 10 o'clock on that morning, and a copy immediately forwarded to Sierra county.

Late in the afternoon of January 22, 1915, hours after the Sierra county election had been called, the proclamation filed and forwarded, the Republican Bosses got their nerve up to the point of holding an election for Sierra county in Santa Fe. They then elected Chaves to the seat stolen from Bojorquez.

Their action was the rankest ever recorded in the history of unscrupulous politics.

The Sierra county election, constitutionally called by Governor McDonald, was duly held and Bojorquez elected a second time by a vote of 338 to 2 for Chaves. Fifty-one of the 338 votes were cast for Bojorquez in Monticello, Chaves' home town. That was 13 more than Bojorquez received there at the first election.

Prominent Republicans of Sierra county forwarded to Santa Fe a telegram of protest against the unseating of Bojorquez. These Republicans included Max Kahler, county assessor; Will M. Robins, county treasurer; Dr. F. J. Given, county school superintendent, and H. A. Wolford, former district attorney. Mr. Wolford even made a trip to Santa Fe in the hope of preventing the flagrant violation of the rights of the Sierra county voters.

When Bojorquez presented himself as a member of the House of Representatives a second time, with his second election certificate, the Republican Bosses laughed at him. "We are in control here," they said. "The people be damned."

And in consequence of all this the Republican gangsters had a two-thirds majority in both branches of the last State Legislature.

What use did they make of it? They used it to pass, over the veto of the Democratic Governor, extravagant, outrageous and vicious legislation; to pass laws for the benefit of the Invisible Government and inimical to every interest of the people of New Mexico.

Some of the very men responsible for this legislation, in an attempt to fool the people, are at present running about the state repudiating their legislative offspring and promising the people some Real Good Laws if they will only Forget the Past and elect them to office.

Voters of New Mexico—
Are you going to entrust the Liberty you hold so dear to the tender mercies of Political Burglars and Thieves?

Are you going to give Political Dynamiters a chance further to wreck your Constitutional Rights?

Are you going to vote for the men who Disfranchise you, who sneer at you, and who tell you "The people be damned?"

Are you going to vote against Deceit and Good Government? Against your interests and the welfare of your State?

Are you?

THE MAN OF PROMISES.

As a campaign promiser H. O. Bursom is in a class by himself.

During campaign after campaign in this state and territory Mr. Bursom has been flooding New Mexico with promises. He has promised roads and bridges and buildings, dams and reservoirs, drainage and reclamation, irrigation and sanitation, reformation and appropriation, beneficent laws enough to make a Utopia out of the commonwealth, reduced taxation, curbed corporations, relief for the toiler, prosperity for the farmer and rancher, money in the bank for everybody, peace and contentment and happiness, world without end, amen.

Mr. Bursom is still promising. It isn't because Mr. Bursom hasn't been able to deliver the goods. Mr. Bursom has come nearer being absolute boss of the New Mexico Legislature than any other one man, with the possible exception of Charles Springer. The bossism of these two celebrated members of the third house, however, doesn't generally come into conflict. It has always been bossism for the benefit and in the interest of the corporations and the Republican office-holding ring. Mr. Bursom has been

in a position generally to make suggestions do just about what he wanted. But he has never used this influence for the purpose of redeeming any of his glittering and innumerable promises.

Mr. Bursom's road promises are among his most familiar. There are others still fresh in our minds.

Mr. Bursom promised taxation reform previous to the last Legislature. He then assisted the Legislature in turning down a taxation reform bill a splendid up-to-date, effective law drafted and introduced by Republicans, and secured the passage of a law which is not workable, and never was intended to be workable. A law was passed with Mr. Bursom's active assistance for the taxation of mine corporations which is practically a law for the benefit of mine corporations.

Mr. Bursom promises, but he never performs.

During the campaign he promises every conceivable measure for the relief of the taxpayers; when Mr. Bursom's Legislature convenes it tells the taxpayers to be damned!

Mr. Bursom can get what he wants from his Legislature when he wants it.

If Mr. Bursom wants a special law to whitewash his penitentiary record he can get it.

If Mr. Hubbell wants a law to enable him to get pay for school visit, 400 days in the year, he can get it from Mr. Bursom's Legislature.

If Mr. Bursom wants a Hawkins bill to oppress the railroad man, he can get it.

If Mr. Bursom's Legislature wants to throw out regularly elected members rob the voters of the franchise and elect its own members, Mr. Bursom doesn't stand in the way.

BUT WHEN THE PEOPLE DEMAND THE FULFILLMENT OF MR. BURSOM'S PROMISES FROM MR. BURSOM'S LEGISLATURE—THEY DON'T GET IT!

For twenty years during state campaigns Mr. Bursom has been going up and down the length and breadth of New Mexico making promises.

For twenty years during sessions of Mr. Bursom's Legislature he has never delivered the goods.

Arren't you getting about enough of Mr. Bursom and his promises? Santa Fe New Mexican.

BURSOM VS. THE TRUTH.

"During these five years," said H. O. Bursom, Republican candidate for governor, in his speech of acceptance, "not one sentence of constructive legislation has been proposed by Governor McDonald."

This is a fair sample of the glaring misstatements of facts with which that speech abounded.

To the first session of the first State Legislature Governor McDonald recommended:

Placing the state, educational and the state penal and charitable institutions respectively under one general board, for efficiency and economy.

A law giving the counties a fair rate of interest on their own funds.

Larger appropriations for the penitentiary.

Adequate banking laws, and a state banking commission in view of "recent disastrous failures of banking in this state." (Under Republican administration.)

Adjustment of county salaries fair to officials and taxpayers.

Adjustment of gross inequalities of taxation and wider powers for board of equalization.

Turning over of entire Old Palace to State Museum.

Better support of education, improved school laws, free text books.

Provision for the maintenance of the public land trust with a maximum degree of safety, and at a minimum cost.

Abolition of coal oil inspector in cities on consumers.

Another assistant to traveling audit or

Increase in mounted police force.

Enforcement of liquor regulation laws and passage of effective anti-liquor law.

Revision of statutes.

Inheritance tax law and ratification of income tax law.

Direct primary and modern election laws and initiative and referendum.

Removal of language qualification in constitution as unjust to Spanish-American citizens.

New constitution to replace one characterized as "unjust, unfair and unworkable."

At the last legislative session Governor McDonald recommended:

Wider powers for corporation commission.

A board of immigration.

Closer supervision of state educational and penal institutions.

Revision of statutes.

Stricter enforcement of liquor laws.

EVERY FARMER NEEDS

Our Low Down
Handy Farm
Cart



The Handiest Thing on the Farm

The Ford Low Down Farm Cart is giving perfect satisfaction everywhere. They are used on large dairy farms, on fruit and truck farms, on big ranches in the west and thru the grain belt states.

A N. Y. Dairy Concern writes: "The Handy Cart bought of you last spring is a dandy; could not get along without it. We use it for everything, even hauling in hay and fodder for our dairy."

Buy one for hauling your water.

Prices F. O. B. Factory:
Without springs \$12.50
With springs \$14.50

Mr. Henry Lange, our Selling Agt. for the Pecos Valley, will show you the cart.

FORD & CO.

WRONG BODY TAKEN TO GRAVE

DISCOVERY MADE ON OPENING CASKET JUST BEFORE BURIAL.

When a casket supposed to contain the body of Coleman Johnson, seventy years old, was opened at the grave in Winfield, La., so that relatives might have a last view, the face of a large negro man appeared under the glass. Pandemonium broke loose and some women fainted.

Shreveport hospital authorities where the veteran died explained that a negro, also of Winfield, died in the institution, and his body shipped by an undertaker of his own race to Winfield.

Meanwhile a white undertaker prepared Mr. Johnson's body and sent it to same city. How the caskets were switched is not known.

Husband Accepts Explanation.

Mrs. LeDue is the name of the woman with J. C. Gravier in a Philadelphia hotel when he was killed and she wounded by Mrs. Harry Belzer, who suicided. She asserted to Joseph LeDue of Chicago, her husband, that she was innocent and he said he believed her. Said she went to Philadelphia by train to see a relative and met Gravier; left her handbag in his room at his suggestion and when the shooting was done had gone to get it. Said she did not know Gravier had registered her as his wife. LeDue and the dead man were friends ten years. The woman said she and Gravier had been to a theater, had supper and attended the Hotel Walton roof garden dance. She denied traveling with him.

Such Votes Not Wanted.

President Wilson made it plain that he wanted no "dishonest" American to vote for him. He expressed indignation over a statement from Jeremiah A. O'Leary, from New York, president of the American Truth society, accusing him of being pro-British, and saying he had failed to obtain compliance with American rights. In a telegram sent O'Leary the president said: "Your telegram received. I would feel deeply mortified to have you or anybody like you vote for me. Since you have access to many disloyal Americans and I have not, I will ask you to convey this message to them."

SPECIAL

Excursion



ACCOUNT TEXAS STATE FAIR.
Round trip tickets to Dallas will be on sale October 12th to 28th inclusive for \$24.15. Final return limit October 31st.

National Irrigation Congress, International Soil Products Exposition will be held at El Paso, Texas, October 14th to 24th inclusive. For the above occasion round trip tickets to El Paso will be on sale October 12th to 18th, inclusive for \$29.80 via Santa Fe all the way, and \$12.60 via Pecos and the T. & P., final return limit October 27th. No stop overs allowed except when routed Santa Fe all the way. Stop overs will be allowed at Engle and Butte Junction on October 13th and 14th to permit those desiring to attend the opening of Elephant Butte Dam October 14th.

\$46.95 to St. Louis Mo., and return, October 8th, 9th and 10th account general convention Protestant Episcopal Church, final return limit November 4th.

One way second class colonist fares to destinations in Arizona, California Washington and north west will be on sale Sept. 24th to October 8th inclusive. For additional information call at the passenger depot or phone No. 4.

J. N. BALES, Agent.

R. M. THORNE

UNDERTAKER

LICENSED EMBALMER

Telephone 70

The Carlsbad Current

Wm. H. Mullane, Editor and Manager
OFFICIAL PAPER EDDY COUNTY.
Carlsbad, N. M. Friday, Oct. 6, 1916.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One year in advance \$2.00
Six months in advance 1.00
Three months in advance .50
Sample copies, 5 cents.

For President
WOODROW WILSON.
For Vice President
THOMAS R. MARSHALL.

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET
For Governor:
E. C. DeBACA,
of San Miguel County

Lieutenant Governor,
W. C. McDONALD,
of Lincoln County

United States Senator,
A. A. JONES,
of San Miguel County

Representative in Congress
W. R. WALTON,
of Grant County

For Secretary of State
ANTONIO LERO,
of San Miguel County

State Treasurer,
H. L. HALL,
of Rio Arriba County

Corporation Commissioner
BENEFACIO MONTAÑA,
of Sandoval County

Attorney General,
HARRY L. PATTON,
of Curry County

State Superintendent of Schools
J. L. SWINNEY,
of San Juan County

Land Commissioner,
G. A. DAVISON,
of Chaves County

State Auditor,
MIGUEL A. OLLERO,
of Santa Fe County

Justice of the Supreme Court,
NIEL B. FIELD,
of Bernalillo County

Presidential Electors,
FELIX GARCIA, of Rio Arriba
JOSE CHAVES, of Bernalillo Co.
JAMES UPTON, of Luna County.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

STATE SENATE,
DR. M. P. SKEN.
REPRESENTATIVE,
J. S. FAYES
CARL R. LIVINGSTON.

District Attorney
ROBERT C. DOW
SHERIFF
JOHN N. HEWITT

COUNTY CLERK,
A. R. OQUINN
ASSESSOR,
ROY S. WALLER

TREASURER,
WHIT WRIGHT
SUPERINTENDENT,
W. A. POORE

SURVEYOR,
B. A. NYMEYER
PROBATE JUDGE,
W. B. ROBINSON

COMMISSIONER, DIST. NO. 1,
L. A. SWIGART
COMMISSIONER, DIST. NO. 2,
C. E. MANN

COMMISSIONER, DIST. NO. 3,
W. T. MATKINS

There are people in New Mexico who are going to vote against Woodrow Wilson next month because he has not intervened in Mexico, because he has not sent down into that country a quarter of a million of our boys to face Mexican bullets and settle a quarrel among the people of that country. The people who are finding fault with the policy of the administration are not at the front; their sons are not at the front and neither they nor their sons are going to be at the front. They are at home finding fault with the administration and at the same time are being afforded the greatest opportunity of their lives for making money. There never has been a time in the history of New Mexico when one half the money has been made by its people in the same length of time as has been made in the three and a half years of the Wilson administration. While the few individuals who would like to see their neighbor's sons go to the front and fight are finding fault, the great majority taking advantage of the unprecedented opportunities offered, is contentedly making money and will vote for continued prosperity under Woodrow Wilson.

It would be a pity to send a good shepherd in order to make him a mediocre senator. Don Francisco Hubbell can make many times as much money looking after his sheep under



FOR
PEACE
PREPAREDNESS
AND
PROSPERITY

100 PER CENT AMERICAN.

I am the candidate of a party, but I am above all things else an American citizen. I neither seek the favor nor fear the displeasure of that small alien element among us which puts loyalty to any foreign power before loyalty to the United States.—From President Wilson's speech of Acceptance.

the beneficent influences of a democratic administration, as he could draw as salary as a senator. We dare say that he has made several times as much money during the past three years as he has made, during any three years "under the beneficent influences of a protective tariff." We wonder why republican orators do not point with shame to Don Francisco as a frightful example of the ruin which has been wrought to the sheep industry of New Mexico by the present democratic administration! The voters of New Mexico are not going to have to tear Mr. Hubbell away from his flocks. They are going to give him a chance next year to repay some of his campaign expenses.

Neither the republican press, the republican orators, the republican publicity agent nor the republican candidates for state offices in New Mexico this year are pointing with a great degree of pride to the official record of the republican candidate for governor. Some of the voters in New Mexico who have not lived in the state five years or more may not be familiar with the management of the state penitentiary when Mr. Bursum was conducting the affairs of that institution. It might be interesting to some of the new arrivals to learn Mr. Bursum's dilate on his experience while in charge of the penitentiary, and how he came to quit his job.

Teddy Roosevelt is not satisfied with the prosperous condition of the country under the administration of President Wilson. Does Teddy recollect his panic of 1907 when depositors in more than ninety-five per cent of the banks could not get their own money on their own checks and were obliged to accept "clearing house certificates" which they could not even use for street car fare?

STATE ROAD.
The state highway is being pushed right along toward Lakewood, there being so many employed on the road and at the McMillan dam that it is difficult to get a hand to do anything. Many are also working on the construction of the new round house and also on the Joyce-Fruit warehouse. The road west of town is being graded. The work is now quite a distance out heading for Lakewood on the westside of the river.

F. G. Snow received his returns from the Roswell poultry department of the fair. He won first cock and pullet, third on cockerel, third and fourth pen and best display in the Mediterranean class.

CHRISTIAN & CO.—INSURANCE.

THE GOOD THINGS IN
OUR STORE WOULD
TEMPT THE MOST FASTIDIOUS APPETITE. IF
YOUR FAMILY IS HARD
TO SUE, TRY



IN ANY KIND OF SALAD
DRESSING, IT IS SIMPLY
DELICIOUS. This bland
delicious oil costs only a third
as much as imported olive oil
anywhere near so good.
WE HAVE EVERYTHING
TO MAKE A SALAD—
CLEAN, CRISP and FRESH

Joyce-Fruit Co.

Carlsbad, N. M.

BOTH BIG PARTIES TALK OF VICTORY

Predictions and Claims Carry
Little Weight.

LAST DAYS WILL DECIDE

Minnesota and Iowa Republican Rain-bow States—Texans Reaping a Harvest—Some People Dislike the Name "Shadow Lawn"—"Wild" Prediction as to Vote of New York City.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington, Oct. 4.—[Special].—This election is going to be settled in the last few weeks of the campaign, perhaps the last few days, was the remark of a man connected with the Democratic national committee. "The whole situation may be changed at any time," he continued, "and that is why the betting and predictions that we hear so much about may just as well be discounted."

It is a curious fact that even the Republicans who talk most confidently frequently remark that "Wilson may turn a trick which will win at the last moment." What they really mean is that something may happen which will turn the tide, even if it has been setting toward the Republicans.

Rainbow States.

In nearly every campaign since I can remember there have been ideas expressed or predictions made that Minnesota and Iowa are Democratic possibilities. Leaving out the 1912 election, upon which no computations for future elections can be made and which was a freak year in politics, Minnesota and Iowa have been known to Republican as Vermont. It is like the claims of the Republicans that they are likely to carry Tennessee and North Carolina. Many Democrats have advised the party managers to look after New York, New Jersey, Indiana, Wisconsin and other states which will give the party victory if carried.

Travel to Texas.

Texas not only carries the \$75,000,000, one month that is now being expended by the government for the maintenance of the troops on the border, but expects to have a lot of private money distributed in that state during the fall and winter. It is expected that the families of the national guardsmen encamped on the border will visit them during the fall and winter. Many people are expected to see Texas who never before had any idea of going to the Lone Star State.

Don't Like Shadow Lawn.

President Wilson is not superstitious. He has never been affected by the ill of the month or Friday of the week. Nor does he share the feeling of some of his supporters that Shadow Lawn is ominous.

Late Power, who once won fame and a medium of notoriety as a Populist member of the house from Colorado, told Washington newspaper men not long ago that the name Shadow Lawn gave him the creeps. He analyzed the word "shadow" to show that it was not pleasant to contemplate. Isn't it strange the way politics gets on some people's nerves?

Pershing's Advancement.

General Pershing, who has just been promoted to the highest rank allowed in the army, has been most fortunate. He was a captain, and President Roosevelt jumped him over about a thousand officers to make him a brigadier general. Pershing is a son-in-law of Senator Warren of Wyoming.

Quick on the "Come Back."

The Republicans say they are not in the least disappointed with Hughes as a campaigner and are feeling more satisfied since President Wilson has begun making political speeches. They say that Hughes is quick on the "come back." "When Wilson makes a statement in the afternoon," said one of them, "Hughes replies to him the same night, and both interferences appear in the papers the next morning. That is 'snappy work' as we used to say on the athletic field."

How Will the Big City Go?

A man came over from New York not long ago and had a story to tell the effect that Hughes was likely to carry New York City. He got the story printed. As they say around the Press club, some of the fellows "fell for it." According to the Democrats, such a story would come under the head of popular fiction, or stories by the wild man.

Objects to Charity.

Entertainments have been given in Washington and presumably elsewhere for the purpose of raising funds to support the families of soldiers of the national guard who are now in Texas. People have been doing such things for the refugees and suffering of Belgium and Poland and some of the other countries engaged in the greatest of world wars. But it seems rather shocking that such things have to be done for the families of men serving this great rich nation in times of peace. It is reported that there will be great destitution among many of these families because the men who were their means of support are doing service on the border.

Jim Mann's Visions.

Minority Leader Mann has visions of the speakership. He, like many other Republicans, hopes the house will be Republican, and it is expected that the Republicans will make Mann the speaker if they win.

NEW MEXICAN DARES

OPTIC TO PRINT RECORD
(Santa Fe New Mexican)

"THE OPTIC WILL PRINT THE RECORD."—Las Vegas Optic. You will, will you? YOU WON'T!

The New Mexican dares you to print the Bernalillo county record of Frank A. Hubbell, your candidate for senator.

The New Mexican dares you to print the record of how Frank A. Hubbell was forced to pay back \$1600 which he took illegally out of the county school fund.

The New Mexican dares you to deny that the Bernalillo county grand jury found that \$13,000 HAD BEEN STOLEN FROM THE SCHOOL CHILDREN of Bernalillo county under the Hubbell regime.

The New Mexican dares the Optic to deny that four years ago it declared Hubbell had "treacherously knifed" the party.

The New Mexican dares the Optic to print what Whispering Gillenwater said about Frank A. Hubbell four years ago.

The New Mexican dares the Optic to print that portion of the record of Las Vegas 1911 convention showing it refused to disgrace the party by allowing Frank Hubbell on the platform.

The New Mexican dares the Optic to print the record of H. O. Bursum as warden of the state penitentiary.

The New Mexican dares the Optic to print any of the record of the speeches made by H. J. Hagerman concerning Mr. Bursum in the last campaign.

The New Mexican dares the Optic to print the report of the Colorado Title and Trust Company on Mr. Bursum's management of the penitentiary.

The New Mexican dares the Optic to tell whether or not Mr. Bursum destroyed the books of record when his institution was under a cloud.

The New Mexican dares the Optic to tell whether or not Mr. Bursum hastily paid a large sum of money over to the state while his institution was being investigated, and before any demand was made on him.

The New Mexican dares the Optic to tell whether Mr. Bursum made \$1,7000 to \$3,000 "errors in bookkeeping."

The New Mexican dares the Optic to tell whether or not Mr. Bursum had a law passed by his legislature to whitewash him.

The New Mexican dares the Optic to print the record of the court vindication of Mr. Bursum.

The New Mexican dares the Optic to print the records of the administration of the county funds by Mr. Bursum's county officers in Mr. Bursum's county of Socorro.

The New Mexican dares the Optic to print the record of Mr. Bursum's payment of taxes in Socorro county.

The New Mexican dares the Optic to print the record of the troubles of Whispering Gillenwater's Montezuma Trust Company.

The New Mexican dares the Optic to tell the story of Mr. Gillenwater's candidate for traveling auditor, why Gillenwater had a candidate and why he was turned down.

The New Mexican dares the Optic to print in full the record of any one of Frank A. Hubbell's speeches in Taos county.

The New Mexican dares the Optic to print the record of the growth of state banking under the McDonald administration.

The New Mexican dares the Optic to print the record of one dishonest act by Governor McDonald during his administration.

The New Mexican dares the Optic to print the record of the republican majority in the last legislature.

The New Mexican dares the Optic to print the record of Malapapas Martinez as coal oil inspector and what it cost the tax payers of New Mexico.

The New Mexican dares the Optic to print the personal record IN FULL of Gregory Page of Gallup, and to show thereby that he should have the vote of the citizens of New Mexico.

The New Mexican dares the Optic to print the audit of the state tax payer's association on Mr. Gregory Page's town of Gallup.

The New Mexican dares the Optic to print the record of the amount of money received from the public till during the office holding period of the Romero family of Las Vegas, the San Miguel branch of the Republican ring.

The New Mexican dares the Optic to print the record of Mr. Bursum's connection with the Hawkins bill and to publish the text of that bill.

The New Mexican dares the Optic to print the record of Scoundino Romero's "investigation" of the state penitentiary.

The New Mexican dares the Optic to print the record of the complaint of the receiver in the case of the Montezuma Trust Company.

The New Mexican dares the Optic to print the court record in the case of Charles Spader against Frank A. Hubbell in Albuquerque and the incident which led to that trial.

Will the Optic print the record?

The New Mexican will pay five thousand dollars to any charity the Optic names if it will print the record.

The Optic will not print the record because it is controlled body and soul by the men who don't dare have the record printed. The Morning Journal will not print the record although it will barter its principles for a few grimy dollars for "political advertising." It has been shut up, muzzled, hatched.

Will the Las Vegas Optic print the record?

It will not.

The thought of the Las Vegas Optic printing the record is the funniest thing the campaign has developed thus far, not excepting Whispering Gillenwater's hatred of Burkhardt because Burkhardt got a receiver appointed for his bank.

T. F. BLACKMORE	If its	C. O. SWICKARD
ABSTRACTS, INSURANCE or BONDS		
We Know How		
GUARANTY ABSTRACT & TITLE CO.		
Hall Building		South of Court House.

WHAT THE PRESIDENT ACTUALLY DID TO AVERT STRIKE DISASTER

Before I consulted with them (the railroad executives and representatives of the employees) I made myself acquainted with the points at controversy.

The first thing I told both sides was that I stood for the eight hour day. We believe in the eight hour day because a man does better work within eight hours than he does in a more extended day. I said to the railroad executives: "You are asking that the result of the eight hour day be predicted, and the prediction be arbitrated. The reasonable thing to do is to grant the eight hour day, not because the men demand it, but because it is right, and let me get authority from Congress to appoint a commission to observe the results and report. In order that justice may be done the railroads in respect of the cost of the experiment."

That was the proposal which they rejected and which Congress put into law, a proposal which I made to them before I conferred with it, which I urged upon them at every conference and which when the one side rejected and the other accepted, I went to Congress and asked Congress to enact. I did not ask either side whether it suited them, and I requested my friends in Congress not to ask either side whether it suited them. I learned before the controversy began that the whole temper of the legislative body was in favor of the eight hour day.

In the House of Representatives the plan was passed, was sanctioned, by a vote which included seventy Republicans as against fifty-four Republicans. In the Senate the Republican members held a conference in which they determined to put no obstacle in the way of the passage of the bill. Now this was because the proposal was reasonable and was based upon right. From President Wilson's Speech to New Jersey Business Men at Shadow Lawn, Long Branch, N. J., Sept. 23.

Gutte Selected. The United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners selected Harte, Montana, the next place of meeting at Saturday session in Fort Worth.	Steamer Breaks Thick Ice. An ice breaking steamer built in Sweden for the Russian government has cut its way through ice fields thirty feet thick, when using only half its power.
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TRY OUR DOMESTIC NUT

C O A L

NO WASTE \$9.25 PER TON NO DIRT.
Absolutely guaranteed to give satisfaction. For range and heater.

CARLSBAD ICE FACTORY.

"DO IT RIGHT" AND "DO IT RIGHT AWAY."

THIS IS A GOOD MOTTO TO USE
EVERY DAY FOR PROCRASTINATION IS THE THEIF OF TIME—
THERE ARE MANY THINGS TO
DIVERT ONES ATTENTION FROM
THE REALLY NECESSARY
THINGS, THAT WE FAIL TO LAY
THE PROPER STRESS ON THEM

OUR ELECTRICAL DEVICES SAVE
MUCH TIME AND TROUBLE AND
AS WINTER APPROACHES IT IS
WISE TO TAKE INVENTORY OF
YOUR NEEDS ALONG THIS LINE.
LET US TALK THE MATTER OVER
WITH YOU.

YOURS FOR SERVICE

Public Utilities Co.

Do It Electrically

CARLSBAD LOCAL ITEMS

J. I. Penny left for the Plains Wednesday.

Dr. Miller of Loving, is in town today, on business.

Miss Nettie Vaughn left for Jal Sunday, where she will open school Monday.

P. S. Eaves, wife and daughter were here Saturday from their home at Lovington.

J. F. McClure and wife were down the valley Sunday to visit the farm of B. C. McClure.

Mrs. Asbury Moore is spending the week end at the Tom Kindel home west of the canal.

Monroe Lee came in from the D ranch yesterday and left last night for Kansas City.

Will Fenton is ill at the Anderson Sanitarium and is under the care of Grandma Anderson.

Rose, Rosson and Arthur a trio of Loving's live wire farmers visited the hub last Saturday.

A. J. Crawford and wife returned Monday evening from a very pleasant stay in El Paso.

Mother Stanford, who has been ill for the last three or four weeks, is some better this week.

Sheriff Stewart returned from Santa Fe Saturday where he went by auto to take some prisoners.

E. M. Teel, W. H. Whitaker, H. M. Gage and Tom Larremore were in town the first of the week.

Miss Hazel Fleming was the guest of the Misses Walker this week, coming up with the girls Sunday night.

Tom Stagner, of Artesia, the justice there, was here Monday with County Commissioner Whit Wright.

John B. Stetson, the congressional rancher from Black River, came in Wednesday, and spent a few days in town.

Mrs. Morintzky, and son John, the chauffeur, Mrs. Luther Thomas, and Mr. Leonard, spent Saturday in town.

Will Fletcher came up from Loving last night where he spent a few days with his brother, Tom Fletcher and family.

Judge Rodgers, of Roswell, a one time resident of La Huerta, was in town last week accompanied by Mr. Moreland.

Mrs. Claude Wright and two children are ill at their home with fever. They are reported much better this week than last.

J. W. Gamel, manager of Joyce-Pruit dry goods department, was a passenger to Roswell, going and returning Wednesday.

John Murrah, of Lakewood this week purchased from Pedro Etchevery 1,200 young ewes. Price said to be upward of \$8.00.

Rich Carter, and little daughter, Alice, came down from Hagerman Wednesday, and will be here visiting his parents for a few days.

Mrs. A. E. Lamb, sister of the Bates boys, has secured a good position at Abilene, and she and the boys will spend the winter there.

Johnnie Dixon, the young ranchman from the Good ranch, came up from there Saturday evening and spent Sunday up the valley.

Charles Grammar and his father-in-law, J. N. Nolen, spent Saturday and Sunday in town, and returned to the ranch on Walnut Monday.

Boone Kindel is ill today with a new attack of appendicitis and is confined to his bed. Possibly he may recover without an operation.

Mrs. W. F. Cochran is visiting her daughters in El Paso and writes this office to send her paper to Fillmore, Cal. where her son Plinney lives.

Jack Johns, wife and baby boy spent the night with his brother Joe Johns here, while enroute for their home in Cotulla, Tex., leaving Friday morning.

Mrs. Maggie Reed was called to Artesia, Wednesday, by the illness of her daughter, Mrs. Bert Mc Caw, who has been ill for the past two weeks with typhoid.

Frank Wesley from Loving was in town Wednesday afternoon and left that night for Amarillo to look up the market on honey as he has some fine honey for sale.

S. L. Posey and D. C. Jackson of Pearl were in town the first of the week, and were looking at a place down the valley. While here they were the guests of the Bates.

W. C. Bates and wife came in from Panama tanks yesterday. Mrs. B. and the two girls have taken the two story residence just north of the Thayer residence for the winter.

Milton Smith has a fever to have all things compare with his Franklin car. He is busy removing all the sheds and the barn on the home lot and will have only one neat building a garage for the car.

ROUND HOUSE.

The work on the round house is being pushed. One of the Ya is completed and work is progressing on the other. The concrete pedestals for the round house are being laid.

Mrs. C. C. Green expects to visit her daughter in Deming, going Tuesday for an extended visit. She has been here a score of years or more, and all her old friends regret that she is making the change, but she says she is tired of staying by herself.

Mr. and Mrs. John Queen and her daughter, Miss Josie, mother Queen, and Mrs. Hillman Queen and two sons were in town Saturday, shopping and visiting with friends. They came up in the Queen Overland.

David Clements' new Angora buck came in the last of the week, and has been making friends with every one that passed along the street, as he was left in his crate a number of days. Most of the animals that are left confined seem to get cross with everything, but he always seemed to be glad to see everyone that passed.

Mrs. Bill McLendon and little son, Bill, came down from Clovis Sunday. She was called here by the illness of her mother, Mrs. Dora Smith. Mrs. Smith is much better this week.

Fred Pendleton came in from the ranch the first of the week and was accompanied on the return trip by his wife and her sister, Mrs. East, and baby. The ladies have spent the past two or three weeks in town with their sister Mrs. Ida Cooper.

Billy Hegler, the angora man from the Point of the Guadalupe came in Saturday and spent two or three days in town waiting for a fine angora buck to arrive. The buck came Tuesday and every one who saw him was delighted with the quality and quantity of his fleece. When mohair sells at 40 cents the one time ignored goat man steps around as proud as a king and kid meat is more of a delicacy than you or I could have dreamed of ten years ago. Even the champion black Shetland pony of John R. Joyce neighbors and calls to the fleecy angora neighbor—and the two are great companions.

The Board of Registration will be in session all day Saturday at the Finlay-Fruit Hardware store, and all voters are requested to take advantage of this and register. No register, no vote.

Billie Nichols accompanied Joe Cunningham and his mother to the ranch Sunday to spend a few days. It seemed very natural to see Mr. Nichols on the street shaking hands with his many friends in and around Carlsbad. He was very well pleased with his trip north, but said he was glad to be home again.

KeeneBarr came in from Lovington Tuesday and was accompanied on the return trip by his wife, who has been here for a visit with her parents, and with Mrs. John Moore, before she returns to British Honduras.

Mrs. A. R. O'Quinn is confined to her bed this week. She has been up and around for the past month with frequent attacks, and her friends trust she may soon be feeling better again.

Mrs. M. E. Riley and the three children are going to visit her mother in El Paso. Kate gave to a niece, saying she was going to be gone a month, when we were only giving her a week off. Well, we will see about it when the week is up.

Joe Graham, wife and daughter came in with Harry Huston and his sister from the Plains Sunday in the new Huston Buick, and were guests of the Bates until Monday. The ladies were buying their suits and furs and other wearing apparel they expect to need before the Christmas holidays. They reported the road as being a little dusty from the heavy traffic that goes and comes. The country is in the shape for grass, and stock of all kinds fat.

Mrs. George Locke and three children left the first of the week for a month's visit with her parents in St. Louis. Mr. Locke is brakeman north and they occupy the cottage of Mrs. Asbury Moore.

Mrs. Morgan Livingston returned Monday from Mineral Wells, Texas, where she spent the past month for health purposes. She was called home by the illness of her little grand niece Wardie Polk.

Two nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping, for rent. Modern. Apply second door south of the Baptist church.

Mrs. M. F. Chaytor, and niece, Miss Lucile McKneeley returned yesterday from a visit in Texas and Oklahoma. They have been away for a number of weeks and both are looking fine.

Lloyd Acree has a very painful hand and has been out of school all week owing to a hurt received at school while playing on the triangle or ladder, a falling the hand was badly bruised and had to be lanced in the palm just under the first finger of the left hand.

The Cemetery Association held its regular business session at Thorne's furniture store Wednesday afternoon. The dinner proceeds were \$120. The ladies hope to have a benefit at the Peoples and if a few new members are added to the list the association will be on easy street for a while. The board is doing some good work and every one is solicited to help the good work in some way.

WANTED—Old and new, at the current office. Will pay three cents per pound.

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WANTED—Old and new, at the current office. Will pay three cents per pound.

WOMANS CLUB.

The Womens Club met Tuesday for the first time after the summer vacation in their attractive little clubroom with about twenty ladies present. Mrs. Bell, our worthy president in her able address of welcome gave a very clear and concise idea of the work for the year and if her plans are carried out in part only, our town will be thankful that we have a womens club. We have Miss Florence Owen to thank for the musical numbers so adeptly rendered and we think we have a right to feel justly proud of her born and reared in Carlsbad and educated here except one year at Berkeley, Calif.

Mrs. Moore then read a paper on "Dramatic Instinct," the writing of which any one might well be proud of and consisted of taking the child from infancy, as an imitator up to the full fledged artist of the drama.

The club house is to be painted and we hope it will remind people that our main object is club improvement.

The fly campaign has been carried on during the past summer and hundreds of flies have been trapped and buried. The coming year the club will offer new and greater inducements to "swat the fly" than in previous years.

Let us make 1917 a banner year. A number of new names were presented for membership and there should be more. A town of this size should have at least fifty representative women, all working together for the uplift and betterment of the town.

Rev. Redmon, left Tuesday night for Clovis where he will attend annual conference. Unless he is called home by illness in his family there will be no services at the Methodist church next Sunday.

W. F. McIlvaine returned Wednesday from Albuquerque and brought the first cash prize of \$1,000 with him which will be used to prepare exhibits of El Paso county products to be shown at other state and national exhibitions.

Pedro Etchevery was in from Lovington five days the past week having sold 100 old ewes to McKnight of Barstow, Texas at \$4.00 around. Mr. McKnight also purchased about 1,100 more from several parties and will feed them at his alfalfa farm near Barstow, and will market them after raising a lamb from each.

E. W. Waite made a car drive Tuesday night that was some of a drive going to Queen and leaving about 3 p. m. and going to Queen and beyond to get the relatives of Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Waite.

Billie Nichols accompanied Joe Cunningham and his mother to the ranch Sunday to spend a few days. It seemed very natural to see Mr. Nichols on the street shaking hands with his many friends in and around Carlsbad. He was very well pleased with his trip north, but said he was glad to be home again.

KeeneBarr came in from Lovington Tuesday and was accompanied on the return trip by his wife, who has been here for a visit with her parents, and with Mrs. John Moore, before she returns to British Honduras.

Mrs. A. R. O'Quinn is confined to her bed this week. She has been up and around for the past month with frequent attacks, and her friends trust she may soon be feeling better again.

Mrs. M. E. Riley and the three children are going to visit her mother in El Paso. Kate gave to a niece, saying she was going to be gone a month, when we were only giving her a week off. Well, we will see about it when the week is up.

Joe Graham, wife and daughter came in with Harry Huston and his sister from the Plains Sunday in the new Huston Buick, and were guests of the Bates until Monday. The ladies were buying their suits and furs and other wearing apparel they expect to need before the Christmas holidays. They reported the road as being a little dusty from the heavy traffic that goes and comes. The country is in the shape for grass, and stock of all kinds fat.

Mrs. George Locke and three children left the first of the week for a month's visit with her parents in St. Louis. Mr. Locke is brakeman north and they occupy the cottage of Mrs. Asbury Moore.

Mrs. Morgan Livingston returned Monday from Mineral Wells, Texas, where she spent the past month for health purposes. She was called home by the illness of her little grand niece Wardie Polk.

Two nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping, for rent. Modern. Apply second door south of the Baptist church.

Mrs. M. F. Chaytor, and niece, Miss Lucile McKneeley returned yesterday from a visit in Texas and Oklahoma. They have been away for a number of weeks and both are looking fine.

Lloyd Acree has a very painful hand and has been out of school all week owing to a hurt received at school while playing on the triangle or ladder, a falling the hand was badly bruised and had to be lanced in the palm just under the first finger of the left hand.

The Cemetery Association held its regular business session at Thorne's furniture store Wednesday afternoon. The dinner proceeds were \$120. The ladies hope to have a benefit at the Peoples and if a few new members are added to the list the association will be on easy street for a while. The board is doing some good work and every one is solicited to help the good work in some way.

WANTED—Old and new, at the current office. Will pay three cents per pound.

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Bradley Sweater Coats



For the Entire Family

New Shades

New Goods

Look at 'Em Right Away

Joyce-Pruit Co.

We Want Your Trade

Boys of the M. E. Sunday School En-
ertain the Sunshine Class.

Saturday was the day set aside by the boys of Mr. Ralph's class to entertain Mrs. M. L. Davis' class of girls, with a picnic and lunch at Avalon. Accordingly, the girls were ready at the church, the place of meeting, on time for fear they would be left. The place of spending the day was changed, as the teachers failed to be on hand. Rev. Redmon and James Weip-
ton with cars took the picnic out to the Kindel home where they remained over the shady orchard, made swings and kodak pictures and the boys were the caters for a while. At noon a splendid lunch was served under the shady trees and besides a variety of sandwiches, cakes and such, cran-
berry and fresh fruit, consisting of bananas, oranges and grapes were served. The girls were well pleased with the events of the day and the boys were declared splendid entertainers and providers.

Those enjoying the day were the Misses Ora Buehler, Marion Witt, Nettie Mae Kindel, Margaret Falke, Jewel Moore, Pearl Forchard, Della Gist, and Messrs. William Redmon, Guy Vest, James Welpton, Paul Redmon, and Boone Kindel.

50 gallon Steel Barrels, for sale \$3.00 each.—The Public Utilities Co., Christian & Co., INSURANCE.

20c.
PER POUND

NORTH WINDOW
CANDY SALE.

SWEET SHOP

SATURDAY ONLY

NORTH WINDOW
CANDY SALE.

PER POUND

20c.

NORTH WINDOW
CANDY SALE.

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SWEET SHOP

SATURDAY ONLY

NORTH WINDOW
CANDY SALE.

PER POUND

20c.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I have a number of nice rooms, well furnished to rent by the day or week. Mrs. Tom Higgins at Fant Bldg.

Mrs. Cora Smith came Sunday from Portales for an extended visit with her brothers, W. E. and Henry Smith and Mesdames Leola Mudgett and Rose Mark.

Dr. H. J. Brock, of Aberdeen S. D. came in yesterday to spend a few days with Mr. Downing on the fire-dart place near Otis. Dr. Brock is a son-in-law of Dr. DeFendorf and was visiting Carlsbad frequently in Texas past.

John Murrah came down from Lakewood Wednesday, and took dinner with his sister, Mrs. Dr. Farley, and went out to Lovington to receive the good young ewes he purchased from Pete Etchevery.

E. Hendrick and wife motored to Roswell Tuesday where they will spend ten days or more. Mrs. Hendricks will undergo two operations, the first she having recovered from.

Mae Fletcher and family came in from the ranch Saturday and remained until Tuesday. Mr. Fletcher's brother came in with them and returned to his home in Montana.

C. N. Jones and family and Mrs. Marvin Livingston motored to Roswell Saturday in the car of Mr. Jones and spent Sunday with their son Indlan, who is attending the N. M. M. I. They returned Sunday night and Mr. Livingston met them there as he returned from Santa Fe.

Mrs. J. N. Bates wife of Station Agent J. N. Bates was called to Clovis Wednesday by the illness of relatives.

Mrs. Green and son from Midland are visiting Mrs. Judge Robinson, coming Saturday. Mrs. Green is Mrs. Robinson's mother.

Fifteen wagons and all drawn by big fine mule teams, passed through town yesterday morning to work at the McMillan spillway. The teams and wagons came from Texas and they seemed to have everything one could need to work with.

R. F. Wright and wife, from Mayfield Ky. a brother of Mrs. Ferguson's came yesterday for a visit.

FOR SALE—Pen green alfalfa, haled, Reserve of Mohorly at Otis. You will find neat clean rooms well furnished over the Nat Bank of Carlsbad in the Fant building where Mrs. Tom Higgins is proprietress.

'Phone 66 Let us figure your bills

BUILD

A Home--Get Ideas
From the Ye Planry
System, at

Carlsbad Lumber Co.

(GROVES' OLD STAND)

Let us figure your bills 'Phone 66



—From New York World.

HOW WIDE IS A ROAD?

Much Waste Land Upon Which Weeds Grow.

In the middle states a road is four rods wide—sixty-six feet—says the Country Gentleman. It is made so by decree of the government survey. Of course only men who are reasonably sober can drive a small automobile comfortably on a strip of land one rod wide. If two men are quite sober they can pass safely on one rod of road. Indeed, the makers of macadam for state roads rarely pretend to build road beds more than eight feet wide, of which the marginal two feet may be counted for selage.

A farm wagon is four feet eight inches wide from wheel to wheel—each it five feet for good measure. Add one foot for horse and still three and vehicle can be placed abreast in the eighteen foot road. In the four rod government highway with a little



UNUSUED SPACES BELONG TO GROW WEEDS. crowding, one dozen farm wagons could be set side by side in single rank.

It sounds extravagant, and it is. Each mile of government roadway contains eight acres of land. Much of it is perfectly good land, capable of growing 200 bushels of corn to the acre. Counting one rod as enough for proper road uses, six acres in each mile are pure waste. Thousands of miles of the best highways in England, France and Germany are only one rod wide but if that seems too stingy for you Uncle Samuel call it two rods for us and we are still throwing away four acres on each mile. Multiply these fig-

ures for the state of Iowa by the 104,000 miles of public road and we have 410,000 acres of the best farming land in the world just wasted. In Kansas where the same system prevails, the government surveyors have been able to divert 383,000 more acres from prop or uses to nothing at all.

This unused space serves only to grow weeds. The roadside are often the greatest weed museum in a good farming country. Each year they produce enough seed to keep the neighboring farms perpetually supplied. In some places, to be sure, the owners of adjoining fields take into their own hands the care of the roadsides. They mow the weeds. Sometimes they even grow hay in place of weeds and mow that. Occasionally one plows the idle roadside and plants it to corn along with the adjoining field.

It isn't his fault, to be sure, but ought it not to be? Some day we shall learn in America the simple lesson earned long ago in older lands—that when a road is wide enough to carry the traffic it need not be any wider. Then we can economize on road maintenance and convert to the uses of agriculture many thousands of acres now hither to idle.

"Chiggers" Club In Southwest.

Chigger has its club of ultra ex-motives. "Chump Chiggers," where the First brigade is encamped at Leon Springs, has a club which takes the hard tack for exclusiveness. It was known as the Chigger club and its membership is confined to officers who have sustained at least thirty dinner bites during the present tour of duty. There are about twenty-five full-fledged members and about fifty more are on the "itching list." Captain Thomas Nolan of the Seventh regiment has been chosen president. Lieutenant Robert S. Gliven of the Second regiment is chairman of the entertainment committee. The duties of this committee are light, but active, as they are merely called upon to entertain the chiggers.

Due to Flies.

Precautions are being taken at Buckner orphan home, six miles east of Dallas, to prevent the recurrence of a typhoid fever epidemic. The walls and ceilings are being repaired and repainted and repaired and a sanitary cow barn built. Rex R. Buckner, the head of the institution, believes flies responsible for the recent epidemic. A box of flies were caught in Dallas and colored red. In two days, according to Dr. Buckner, some of them were caught in traps at and in the neighborhood of the orphanage. A sewer line extruded being constructed.



—From Denver Post

FORTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR McDONALD'S GAME WARDEN; TWENTY-FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS FOR FISH, BIRDS AND GAME

THE REMARKABLE PERFORMANCE IN OFFICE OF TRINIDAD CABEZA DE BACA, NEPHEW OF THE DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR, WHO IN THE FIRST NINE MONTHS OF 1916, HAS SPENT MORE PUBLIC MONEY PROVIDING HIS FATHER-IN-LAW WITH A JOB THAN FOR PROPAGATION OF FISH, GAME AND BIRDS.

WHEREIN "JOBS FOR DESERVING DEMOCRATS" GETS IN ITS FANCIEST AND MOST COSTLY WORK

Trinidad Cabeza de Baca, nephew of the Democratic candidate for Governor of New Mexico, is a "deserving Democrat." Trinidad is a favorite with the McDonald administration. He did not get onto the job as Fish and Game Warden of New Mexico for several months after William C. McDonald became Governor. There were several candidates for the office, some from the Pecos Valley, some from Colfax County, some from among sterling Democrats in Albuquerque. Several of these men were real experts in fish and game preservation and propagation. Several were true enthusiasts for the work; sportsmen like Tom P. Cable, the last Republican incumbent of the office, who did the work for the love of it, and did it thoroughly and well.

Governor McDonald, in a recent speech in Roswell, said that he knew E. C. de Baca, the Democratic candidate for Governor, better than any other man knew him, and that if de Baca were elected, he would make the same kind of a Governor that he, McDonald, had been. In view of McDonald's course with the Game Warden, this is readily believable. There is no doubt that E. C. de Baca, as Governor, would pick a Cabeza de Baca for every available job. McDonald set him the example, and the kinsman of all the other Cabeza de Bacas would not be likely to go astray.

McDonald picked Trinidad Cabeza de Baca from a list of applicants some of whom were competent. De Baca was late in getting into the job, but he has made up for lost time.

It is now about four years since Trinidad C. de Baca became our Game Warden. During that time DE BACA HAS SPENT \$43,514.72 OF PUBLIC MONEY, most of it collected from the sportsmen of this state for fishing and hunting licenses. OF THIS SUM DE BACA HAS SPENT LESS THAN \$2,500 FOR THE PROPAGATION OF FISH, BIRDS AND GAME. To be exact he has spent for these purposes \$2,251.02.

THE REST OF THE MONEY—\$41,263.70—has been largely spent by this Democratic model of public efficiency in ever-increasing "traveling and incidental expenses," incurred by himself, by his more favored deputies, by his father-in-law and in salaries to favored friends and relatives, and in the running of his office, the cost of which has mounted to amazing figures.

What the sportsmen of New Mexico think of this dissipation of thousands of dollars which they have contributed to the Fish and Game Department annually, through purchase of licenses to fish and hunt, is shown in the earnest protests they have made to McDonald for a change in the warden. They have told the Governor that de Baca is harassing the fish and game funds—and they have proved it to him. They have requested him with tears in their eyes to replace de Baca with a more sportsmanlike warden, or at least with an official who had some conception of the duties of the job.

But de Baca is a "deserving Democrat" and petitions and protests have proven unavailing. McDonald has stood pat. He has declined to remove de Baca or to do or say anything to him that would make him feel "traveling" and supporting his household at the expense of the sportsmen of this state. The squandering of the money has gone along uninterfered.

Not only sportsmen but all citizens interested in preservation of animal and bird life and in the proper expenditure of public money would like to know why the Democratic game and fish warden has allowed only a meager \$2,251.02 to be spent for fish and game, out of a total expenditure of \$43,514.72 which the paid vouchers in the state auditor's office show de Baca has spent.

The inquiry becomes all the more pertinent when it is shown that in the same period Game Warden de Baca drew, in addition to his salary, \$5,926.11 as personal "expenses," also that the cost of salaries for his deputies has totaled \$12,419.14 and their "expenses" the sum of \$5,142.67.

The Fish and Game Department has no rent to pay in the State Capitol. Yet the office "expense" for de Baca's incumbency of this free spending job totals for the period \$7,958.59, of which only \$788.24 is for postage.

Warden de Baca has managed to spend thousands for traveling "expenses" and to pay his father-in-law, Manuel Segura, \$100 a day—here it is again—and "expenses" to act as a special deputy. But hardly a cent for trout, black bass, quail, pheasants and game propagation. In some months this highly efficient Democratic official has paid out more money for "horse feed" for father-in-law's horse than he has invested into fish and game for the benefit of the sportsmen and the restocking of the forests.

Before de Baca became Warden \$2,371.81 sufficed to run the game and fish department for a whole year, being less than half the amount of money which Tom P. Cable used for restocking forests and streams. All salaries and expenses were included in that total of the last Republican game warden.

IN THE FIRST NINE MONTHS OF 1916 WARDEN DE BACA USED UP \$10,852.70 FOR SALARIES AND EXPENSES—AND HE ACTUALLY PERMITTED \$203.57 TO BE USED FOR THE PURCHASE AND DISTRIBUTION OF FISH AND GAME.

These are statements drawn from the public records of this state. This astounding total of \$203.57 IS LESS THAN ONE-THIRD OF WHAT DE BACA'S FATHER-IN-LAW, SORAYA, HAS DRAWN THIS FAR THIS YEAR IN WAGES AS A "SPECIAL DEPUTY." The warden's relative has dipped into the fish and game fund to the tune of \$600.00 for salary and \$247.00 for "expenses" since January 1, 1916.

Warden de Baca's own personal expense account—"travel and incidentals"—this year has already passed the mark of \$2,331.50. This "deserving Democrat" has become more extravagant every year since he began holding office and as he found himself more and more in harmony with the McDonald administration and its standards for the conduct of public business. The first year he was warden—1913—his personal expense account was \$588.80. In 1914 it was about the same but in 1915 he had learned his way about in the McDonald scheme of spending public money and the expense account amounted to \$1,891.16. From that it was but a step to \$2,331.50 in the short period of the first nine months of 1916.

More than a year ago, de Baca, who is as careful in looking after relatives and friends as is McDonald in providing jobs for "deserving Democrats," was allowed an office deputy, in addition to the chief deputy already allowed him. Still he has charged the state \$775.50 for "extra office work" in the last two years. It almost suggests the supposition that de Baca has worked day and night shifts of relatives or friends, or both, in order to keep up with his duties as a "deserving Democrat," while the fish and game and birds have been left to shift for themselves.

The fish, the game and the birds have the misfortune not to be "deserving Democrats" or to have a stand-in with the McDonald inner circle of political favorites.

Ask the fishermen and the hunters of this state what they think of de Baca's administration of the Fish and Game Department, and of the Governor who will not lift a finger to improve conditions. They will tell you, in pure, straight language.

What do you think of a fish and game warden who draws \$2,331.50 for "personal expenses" in nine months, and in the same period spends \$203.57 for the real purposes of his department?

What do you think of an official of a struggling young state who in addition to himself has a chief deputy and an office deputy and who still spends more money each year for "extra office work" than he spends for the real purposes of his department?

What do you think of a fish and game warden who spends the funds contributed by the sportsmen of this state for the protection of fish and game, in providing salaries and "expense accounts" for relatives and friends?

What do you think of a Governor who will sit quietly by, ignore petitions and protests of the men who have a right to protest, and who calmly permits this waste of public money to proceed with his knowledge and tacit approval.

De Baca has spent \$43,514.72 in about four years. Of this \$2,361.02 has gone into fish and game. The rest has gone into the maintenance of De Baca, his office, his relatives and friends.

Making the Little Farm Pay

By C. C. BOWSFIELD

A neat financial turn may be made on small or large farms by feeding sheep. A carload of sheep may be handled twice or three times a year on a place of a few acres, and two or three carloads on the average farm.

A dollar a head is a low estimate for profit, and double this sum is frequently reached. The fattening is accomplished in sixty to ninety days, and in handling two or more lots in the year inferior pastures are turned to profitable use. Sheep are adaptable to varying conditions. They are easily housed and aid in maintaining soil fertility or in cleaning up weedy fields. A moderate amount of capital will serve for such a feeding business, and the risk is less than with other animals.

Market facilities and cheap transportation are helping to make sheep feeding a successful branch of farming. In many cases that have come under my



FEEDING SHEEP IS PROFITABLE ON SMALL FARMS.

observation the results have been fully satisfactory. T. P. Chester of Champaign county, Ill., has handled as many as 1,000 sheep at one time. His feeding animals never ran less than 100.

He says: "If every one who is trying to 'make a go' in Chicago or Kansas City, it is simply a matter of buying where demand is least and prices correspondingly lower. Likewise he does not hold to the same class of sheep every year, but buys lambs, yearlings or wethers. He takes what looks best for the feed he has on hand, varying this enough to buy the kind that other buyers are passing up. Thus he gets them at a reasonable figure, also securing the kind that are likely to command the higher prices when fattened. Undoubtedly Mr. Chester's success in the sheep feeding business is due largely to his buying methods.

He believes in starting on feed early and carefully and follows practically the same program every year. After they have been on grass for several

days they are given a little clover and timothy, and the amount is increased somewhat day by day. The idea is to offset the green pasture grass and not allow them to get too much of it. This is especially necessary in a late fall.

Except in fields to be cut for silage or shock corn, Mr. Chester always sows rape in his corn. Then after husking is finished the sheep are turned in on the stalks and rape until freezing weather sets in. By picking out the missed ears in the husked field they learn to eat corn. As the roughage in the fields runs low he starts feeding corn in the lot and always figures on giving them just enough to keep them hungry. This season he fed shock corn at the morning and ear corn at the evening feed. When foraging in the field comes to a standstill they are given access to hay and straw.

About Jan. 1 he begins to feed silage. It is necessary to go slow with this and not get up to the maximum amount for about a month. He feels that one pound per head per day should be considered the maximum. A small amount of cottonseed cake is introduced into the ration in connection with the silage. As the sheep fatten up and attain marketable condition they are thinned out and shipped. In this way no feed is wasted on prime animals and, due to the thinning, the backward ones are given a better chance to take on the desired flesh.

Fertility is conserved to a high degree on this farm. It is essentially a feeding establishment, and the intention is not to sell any produce of the fields as such. Mr. Chester understands the science of growing crops as well as that of feeding animals and makes the two go hand in hand.

FOR RENT—My residence, four rooms and bath, west of the Mansion house.

EDDY GROVE CAMP W. O. W. Meets first Thursday night each month at W. O. W. Hall. Visiting sovereigns and members urged to attend. A. R. O'QUINN, Clerks. JOHN W. IREY, C. G.

HARRY WOODMAN VETERINARY SURGEON AND DENTIST All examinations at the CLUB STABLES will be made FREE OF CHARGE. Services will be reasonable and satisfaction guaranteed.

Ranchmen Attention. H. J. SLEASE Boot and Shoe Maker Opposite Post Office.

Men's 1-2 Soles, Nailed, 85c. Ladies' 1-2 Soles, Nailed, 65c. Men's 1-2 Soles, Sewed, \$1.25 Ladies' 1-2 Soles, Sewed, 1.00 Children's Shoes according to size. Heels, Men's, strengthened, 40c. Heels, Ladies', strengthened, 25c. Heels, Ladies' or Men's, Rubber 50c. I am not boasting of my long experience, but will compete with the best in workmanship and material. ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

THE OHNEMUS SHOPS

FOR THE BEST SMALL AND MOST ECONOMICAL CAR ON THE MARKET. SEE THE NEW MAXWELL.



SEE THE STUDEBAKER—THE GREATEST CAR FOR SERVICE ON THE MARKET.

"CAN FIX IT"

Academy of Our Lady of Mercy

STANTON, MARTIN COUNTY, TEXAS.

A Boarding and Day School for the practical and refined education of Young Ladies and Little Girls. Also Boys under Fourteen years of age. High School, Commercial, Grammar and Primary Departments. Music, Vocal and Instrumental. Expression and Needlework included in the curriculum. For catalog and necessary information address.

Sisters of Mercy,

STANTON, TEXAS.

Are You Prepared FOR WINTER

Are your roofs in good repair?
Is all your live stock well sheltered?

Have you built plenty of shed room for your valuable farm implements?
We would be pleased to furnish you with all needed material.

NEW YARD NEW STOCK

PEGOS VALLEY LUMBER CO.

PHONE NO. 6.

COUNTY NEWS ITEMS

KNOWLES NOISES.

J. C. Helms of Snyder, Texas, was in Knowles with an eye open for promising bargains.

Jim Burnette of Monument was visitor in town for a night seeing what's doing last week.

Capt. Haney, formerly of Comanche Texas, now of Artesia, was a visitor here the other day.

Fred Pendleton stopped in Knowles, on his return trip from the Midland fair and he says it was worth the money.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Miller, returned from the Midland fair last Saturday night.

B. V. Culp returned from Santa Fe where he went to see about some land he got it.

G. O. Chance and assistants are busy shaping up the Miller ranch north of Knowles.

Vernon Clardy, having almost recovered from his injuries, was in town last Saturday.

Melvin Smith returned to his job here, from the Roswell fair, last Friday—says there was lots doing there.

Burnette Bros & Proctor, of Brownfield, Texas, are in this section, looking for fat stock, for the market.

Mosely & Cunningham, came in from Midland where they were looking at some fine stock last Friday.

J. R. King of Plains Texas, was in town on a matter of business last Friday.

D. B. Bowser came in from the farm north of town attending to business the other day.

Quite a number on the Plains for several days, but, pleased to report that grass and crops escaped without injury.

Frank Isaacs came in from the ranch south of town for supplies last Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. M. Willhoit went to East Texas, visiting relatives, to remain several weeks, leaving the other day.

Uncle John Clardy was a visitor in Knowles for the first time, in many days last Saturday.

L. E. Beyers and family, of Andrews, Texas were visitors in Knowles last Monday.

C. J. Lowery of Lovington, was a business caller in this burg last Saturday.

Mayor Ray of Midland, Texas, was a prospector in Knowles last Monday.

Rev. Aiken, of Midway, preached to the Knowles folks last Sunday morning and evening.

D. H. Coleman returned from the Midland fair last Sunday afternoon.

Roy Peveler was in from the ranch last Monday morning loading ranch supplies.

Jim Blackwell sold twenty-nine two year old steers to Burnett Bros. & Proctor, at \$35.00 last Saturday that are to be shipped to market.

Walter Hightower, of the Armstrong ranch in Gaines Co. Tex. was a business caller in Knowles last Saturday afternoon.

The Robinson car returned from Midland with its load of joy riders last Sunday evening.

Harry Huston was here among the boys in his new Buick Six, last Friday morning.

Tom Bingham and family returned from the Midland fair last Friday and claimed it was a good one.

Mrs. E. F. Wright, of the East Barber school, visited Mrs. W. C. Coole, last Saturday and Sunday.

Johnson Graham had quite a fight with Buick Six the other day but won out after a hard struggle.

Judge Garrett and Special deputy Oneil, had quite a sale of effects "of the fellow that left" last Saturday.

Grass in this vicinity has a most pleasing appearance, all maturing beautifully, making the cow men sit up and take notice.

Belipo Douthitt, of the Caprock west of us, was a visitor in Knowles for several days this, and last week.

D. R. Cotton, of Midland Texas was a prospector in this vicinity, last Sunday and Monday, looking for some-

AMERICANS AID BLIND

Victims of War Are Being Taught Trades.

WINIFRED HOLT ACTIVE.

She Went to Paris After the Outbreak of War and Succeeded in Gathering Funds Among American Friends to Carry on Work—Keeping Away Dependency Big Task.

Paris.—Blind for life is the fate that has overtaken many of France's sons who have not been permitted to offer their lives on the altar of patriotism. French warfare, the concussion of huge artillery, poisonous gases, flaming tar, have all contributed to cause wounds in the head, only too often resulting in total blindness.

American initiative again has stepped to the fore. A group of Americans have banded themselves into a committee to assist in teaching the blind. Miss Winifred Holt, well known in America for her work with the blind in the Lighthouse in New York city, was the originator of the idea.

She was in London when the war broke out as an American delegate to the



Photo by American Press Association. MISS WINIFRED HOLT.

International congress of the blind in that city. Realizing what great opportunities the war offered to aid those who have been rendered sightless, she came to Paris and succeeded in gathering sufficient funds among American friends to carry on a limited amount of work with the soldiers.

"The darkest moments in a soldier's life are those when for the first time he realizes that he never will be able to see again," Miss Holt recently declared. "Without prompt expert assistance soon after the loss of sight the blind man is apt to become despondent, to lose his intelligence or to drift into an apathy from which it is difficult if not impossible to rouse him."

"The committee's first task is to find the blind sufferers, some of whom are marooned in improvised hospitals, farm houses or chateaux, and many of whom are congregated in the large hospitals or Red Cross stations. The committee sends visitors and teachers to these blind soldiers, and for those otherwise physically able it starts the task of 'putting eyes on their finger tips and giving them light through work.'"

The ministry of war has just given a special building to be used entirely for the instruction of the blind. Many blind teachers have come forward and offered their services to Miss Holt to serve under her guidance. A class in instruction is held every morning in one of the large hotels. The men come here to start their lives over again.

Typewriters and stenographic machines especially constructed for the blind have been imported from America for their instruction. The men are taught the "touch" typewriting system, similar to that taught in many of our large business schools and colleges.

For ordinary writing and reading the International Braille raised letter system is used. The letters resemble the Morse telegraphic code in that they are a series of dots and dashes, punched through heavy parchment-like paper by a stylus. Checkboards, playing cards, musical instruments, rattan for basket weaving, modelling clay and watches, all specially made for the blind, have been brought from America. A large consignment of games and writing materials which kind friends sent to Miss Holt to enable her to continue her work were lost on the Lusitania.

Speaking of her work with the men, Miss Holt said "My friends have been very kind in holding up my hands, and the authorities have given us every support. We are working in twenty-seven military hospitals and have a large waiting list of men who are able to be about and who wish to come to our 'school' as soon as it is opened. My staff of teachers, all of whom are necessarily French, have been most successful in their efforts."

Whatley were in from the ranch Saturday after supplies.

W. L. Beckham and family, and Miss Anna Etta Knight, were in the city Saturday.

Howard Chase went to Pyote after supplies for the Chase store the early part of the week.

R. O. Denwidie went to Pyote on Tuesday. He has a cotton crop in the Big Valley, below Pyote.

VERDUN AS SEEN BY A TELESCOPE

Bursting Shells Make Whole Valley Like Volcano.

FIRE OF FRENCH IS DEADLY

Perfect System of Opposing Forces Makes It Possible to Pour 1,000 Shells a Minute Upon Any Target. Range Finding an Interesting Problem, Mathematics Being Used.

There are few portions of any front that I have ever seen where one could gain more than an idea of a single detail of the operations. Verdun is an exception, writes Stanley Washburn in the London Times. In a certain place carefully sheltered from view of the enemy was a dugout, and through the loophole of this peered the long range eye of one of the highest powered telescopes that it has ever been my privilege to look through. I could not have imagined that from a single spot one could see so many of the now famous points which have become synonymous with the defense of Verdun.

Down in the valley of the Meuse lay the town itself, whence, every few minutes, came the distant reverberation of a bursting shell. When one is in the town itself one sees little. Unless a shell falls very near, one never sees it at all. But from our observation point one can see volcanoes of dust and black smoke shoot up here and there about the town, followed a little later by the belated sound of the report drifting up from the valley. Verdun itself is apparently hidden from the direct vision of the enemy, but ranges long ago corrected by aeroplanes have been established these many months. It is questionable, however, how much check the gunners have on the target at present, since it has become unhealthy for the German aeroplanes to show themselves in this vicinity in the daytime.

The country is rolling in all directions and for the most part barren of forest or shelter except the very questionable protection that small villages afford. Through our glasses we can see the shells bursting in and about the village of Fleury, behind which we are told the French mustered for a counterattack against the Germans on Feb. 26 and nipped their advance by way of Douaumont in the bud just at the moment when the Germans believed their way to Verdun open before them. The village is already desolate from the German shell fire. A little to the north lies Vaux, and we can just see the ruins of the town. Verdun is the telescope that the piers of brick and the remaining walls stand out in clear cut detail.

The plain before us and every portion of the valley that lies beneath us is stripped of any sign of living thing. But for the continuous bursting of shells in all directions one might imagine that the whole landscape had been long since abandoned by human habitation. A little to the west of Vaux stands the sullen ridge of Douaumont fort, whose name has become famous throughout the world as the scene of some of the fiercest fighting which this war has produced.

Birdseye View of Mort Homme. Down the western slope one can see the lines of the German trench, though the French line is hidden from our view by the crest of a ridge that intervenes. To the north lies the valley of the slow flowing Meuse. A bit to the west is the Mort Homme, that bloody slope which cost the lives of thousands.

Turn in any direction and one always sees in the air half a dozen shells bursting. Now it is a big shrapnel over Fleury, with its clouds of puffy, cotton-like smoke drifting off on the breeze, while a second later, with a crash like the explosion of a volcano, a shell aimed at Verdun tears up half an acre on the slope north of the town. The Germans are sending in large numbers of their 380's today, and their explosions on the slopes and crests of the hills resemble the sudden eruption of a volcano, while for many minutes afterward the craters steam and smoke like internal fires.

Under our eyes, though we see them not, are neatly tucked away I know not how many of the lurking 75's and bigger guns. The country is an ideal one for them to work in. Every conspicuous object now in German hands has long since been definitely located and the range worked out to a nicety.

Leaving our observation point, we motor back to the outskirts of the town, where the general shows us one of his anti-aircraft stations. Here are set up a number of 75's on special mountings. In the center of the station, suspended on a small platform, is a brass bell. The moment an enemy machine is sighted the bell is sounded, and, no matter from which direction it may be coming, every gun is on the target and the three corrections necessary for the first shot have been made within fifteen seconds. The mathematics are extremely interesting. A very intellectual young man with a book of logarithms a pad and a pencil undertook to explain to me how the ranging was done. While he was drawing neat triangles and polygons and painstakingly propping perpendiculars here and there the enemy dropped three shells not too far away, and I cannot at this time recall a single one of the equations.

Franklin



Chalmers

"ASK ANY OWNER"

J. S. OLIVER

NADINE.

Mrs. Ella Daniel and mother Mrs. M. E. Walker were in Nadine one day last week. They have filed west of Jai and have moved to their claims.

P. C. Dunbar has sold his cattle, consisting of about 250 head to Mr. Blakey. The latter has leased the Dunbar pasture and Dunbar will leave in a few days to look for a new location south of us.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Fletcher accompanied by Misses Pauline Williams and Annie Black motored up to McDonald Saturday and returned Sunday in their new Maxwell.

J. W. Beatty is ceiling and plastering his home this week.

Jim Burnette returned from Lamesa, Texas one day last week, and reports this brother of his recent attack of fever.

Will Glasscock returned from Midland one day this week. He took down a load of poultry to the Fair.

Miss Omah Wells of Knowles was the guest of Mrs. J. T. Auburg several days this week.

A. M. Larkin returned from a trip to Carlsbad Sunday.

Elbert Shipp passed thru Nadine Tuesday enroute home from his ranch across the line in Texas.

W. A. Wells has sold his ranch and cattle to J. E. Weir. He is thinking of going to the mountains.

Mr. Beyers and wife of Andrews, Texas, passed thru Nadine Monday.

J. H. Wise is drilling a well on the Shook place.

Mrs. Bob Williams spent last week on the Terry ranch.

Earl Kornegay returned Monday from Portales, with about 100 head of cows that he bought.

The party at Mrs. Bob White's last Friday night was enjoyed most highly by a large number of young folks.

Mrs. Mullie Kornegay returned home Sunday from Delphos, N. M., where she had been visiting her sons for the past two weeks.

W. R. Belcher has been on the sick list this week, suffering from an attack of rheumatism.

FOR SALE—My thoroughbred prize winner R. I. R. Cock and a few choice Cockerels.

MRS. W. H. MULLANE.

OFFICERS: E. Hendricks, Pres. Morgan Livingston, Vice-Pres. J. N. Livingston, Cashier J. A. May, Asst. Cashier

NATIONAL BANK of CARLSBAD

United States Depository (Postal Savings)

DIRECTORS: E. Hendricks, Morgan Livingston, J. A. Lusk J. N. Livingston, Carl B. Livingston

CARLSBAD AUTOMOBILE COMPANY

Official Service Station

—FOR THE—

ELECTRIC STORAGE BATTERY COMPANY

—MAKERS OF THE FAMOUS—

EXIDE BATTERY

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO GIVE THE BEST POSSIBLE SERVICE IN BATTERY CHARGING AND REPAIRING, AS WELL AS TESTING AND ADJUSTING OF ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT.

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W. A. CRAIG, Asst. Cashier

The First National Bank

CARLSBAD, N. M.

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CLARENCE BELL

Fall Dress-Up Celebration

SEPTEMBER 30 TO OCTOBER 14



To men and young men---
Fall clothes are ready

This Store contains at this moment one of the largest and best stocks of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes ever offered in Carlsbad.

When we say "large" socks we mean your advantage in selecting; when we say "best" stocks we mean best for you.

In other words, we've selected these goods for their quality-value to you; they're brought together with the idea that they are going to be WORN; not simply that they are going to be SOLD. The way they wear; the service and satisfaction they give—that's our best profit.

T. C. HORNE

The Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx

COMBLES TAKEN BY THE BRITISH

HEAVILY FORTIFIED IN THE WEST IS CAPTURED FROM GERMANS

FRENCH PROVE QUITE FACTOR

Another Zeppelin Raid on England Results in Twenty-Nine Persons Losing Their Lives and Number of Houses Wrecked.

Combles, complete keynote of whole German battle line from Bapaume to Peronne, has been captured by British after eighteen hours of most furious fighting north of the Somme.

General Haig notified London that British entered Combles, overcoming German resistance. The latter's losses were severe, said official reports.

The British victory was achieved after three weeks of desperate driving against the German center. General Haig reported 1,500 Germans captured, and large supplies of war material.

Combles fell after thrusts by British and French the previous day drew a moose about the German garrison that made escape almost impossible.

In the recent fighting the British and French pressed steadily forward on both sides until the town was in a deep pocket. It was no longer available for the Germans as a pivotal point and yet still held out, buttressing the German line and blocking a further allied advance.

In forty-seven air duels along the Somme front the French brought down nine German flyers.

Another Aerial Attack. In the second Zeppelin attack upon England in forty-eight hours, twenty-nine persons were killed and a number of small houses wrecked or damaged. Seven Zeppelins took part in the raid. No industrial or military establishments were damaged. Aircraft guns were fired at the attackers, but all escaped. South, east and northeast counties and north midlands were attacked.

WOMAN PRESIDENTIAL ELECTOR ILLINOIS DEMOCRATS ALSO DECLARE FOR EQUAL SUFFRAGE

The Illinois Democratic state convention, in session at Springfield, declared in favor of equal suffrage for women and the eight-hour day for both men and women workers engaged in nonagricultural pursuits.

Mrs. Catharine Waugh Matichuk of Evanston was named for presidential elector at large. This is the first time any political party in Illinois has taken this action.

SHOOT MAN, WOMAN, SELF. PHILADELPHIA HOTEL ROOM SCENE OF TRIPLE CRIME

A man and a woman were shot to death and another woman mortally wounded as the result of a sensational shooting in Hotel Walton, Philadelphia, when Mrs. Harry Belzard of New York, also known as Mrs. J. C. Ladd, went to a room on the ninth floor of that hotel and shot to death J. C. Gravier, president of the Alhambra Garage company of New York and seriously wounded an unknown woman with him.

Then Mrs. Belzard ended her own life with the same weapon.

After being shot the other woman ran from the room and fell unconscious in the corridor of the hotel. She fell at the feet of Manager Mills. She was rushed to a hospital. The hotel man soon discovered the bodies of the other two in the bedroom.

The triple tragedy is shrouded in mystery. Detectives believe jealousy on the part of Mrs. Belzard was the principal cause.

Gravier and the woman, who was registered as his wife, went in an auto to Philadelphia the previous day and after registering went to their room. They left the hotel early in the evening and went to a theater. After having a midnight supper downtown the couple returned to the hotel.

The tragedy occurred immediately under the roof garden of the hotel while a dance was in progress. No one there heard the shots and nothing was known of the affair until the wounded woman rushed to the corridor.

Mrs. Francis Apman, sister of Gravier, who was telegraphed, arrived from New York with Howard Fancey, partner of the dead man. He identified Mrs. Belzard.

Mrs. Apman said her brother was a widower and the woman taken to the hospital was not his wife.

For two years, according to Mrs. Apman and Mr. Fancey, Mrs. Belzard had followed Gravier. She was infatuated by him and repeatedly had her

love been spurned. Finally she became desperate and followed him to Philadelphia and went to all the large hotels in search of him.

Mrs. Belzard was handsomely dressed and seemed to be at all times well supplied with money.

Gravier's wife died two years ago.

Steel Mills Probable. It is stated that the Texas Development Resources company will erect steel mills at Texas City. This company owns 30,000,000 tons of ore in Texas and Louisiana, and it is understood development of its own iron ore fields is to soon start. A. B. Wolvin of Chicago, the company's president, and several directors conferred at Houston. Mr. Wolvin said a steel mill might be established at Texarkana to handle Cass county ore.

Washington Relics Leave Texas. A clock and barometer formerly the property of President Washington and also a combination thermometer and barometer have been sold by Mrs. Julia Washington Fontaine of Dallas, a great-granddaughter of George Washington, to the Mount Vernon association. It has been in the Dallas Scottish Rite cathedral since May, 1912. For the association, Mrs. T. S. Maxey of Austin, vice regent for Texas, accepted the relics, which were sent by express to Washington.

Flour Mill Burns. Fire destroyed the flour mill and elevator at Texarkana, Ark., formerly owned by the Land Milling company. Estimated loss is \$20,000, with partial insurance.

Two Shots Fired. Half an hour after she had given her three small children their dinner, Mrs. Paul Wuerchmidt of El Paso was found dead in an adjoining room with a pistol wound in her head and one in her breast. Her husband, a plumber, was not at home.

New Lord Mayor. Sir William Henry Dunn was elected lord mayor of London. He is the third Roman Catholic elected to that office in recent years.

JAPAN'S VIEW OF THE PHILIPPINES

Explained by Quezon, Delegate From the Islands.

WILSON STANDS BY DANIELS

Secretary of Navy Has Survived Most Severe Grilling—Senator Fall, Authority on Mexican Affairs, Always Gets Advance Information on Happenings South of Rio Grande.

By ARTHUR W. DUNN.

Washington, Oct. 5.—[Special.]—It has been said that no one really understands the ideas and ambitions and underlying motives of another race, but it is altogether probable that races that are somewhat akin may understand similar races better than those diametrically opposite. The suggestion is caused by the recent publication of Manuel Quezon's speech. He delivered it in the house, but it does not seem to have attracted any attention. Of course the Japanese are somewhat sensitive about being compared racially with the Filipinos. They once rejected John Barrett as ambassador because he had made a statement of that kind, but they are both orientals, and Quezon is an enlightened as the Japanese.

The Way Japan Views It.

Quezon was urging independence for the Philippines and said there was no danger of Japanese taking the islands if they were independent. Miller of Minnesota, who has made the islands his particular study, asked him if he thought that if Japan would not fight for the Philippines if they were independent would Japan fight the United States for them? "I think I can point out the difference," replied Quezon. "The Philippines, as an independent nation, would not be a source of danger to Japan, but the Philippines under American sovereignty might well be a menace to Japan's interest in the far east."

That is a view which has not been considered by Americans. We cannot conceive how our possessions or our occupation of any part of the globe is a menace to any other people.

The Point of View.

And just think of the difference in the point of view. We do not consider free Cuba as any menace to us, but if Cuba should be taken by a great power we would consider it most dangerous. We "view with alarm" any attempt on the part of Japan to obtain even a coaling station on the American continent, and we have just authorized the payment of \$25,000,000 for three little West India islands because we fear they may be taken by some strong foreign power.

Judging from the way we feel about the acquisition of territory near ourselves, it may well be, as Quezon has said, that Japan has an equal fear of the acquisition and holding of territory in the orient. Japan feels about the far east as we do about this hemisphere. It is the point of view.

Wireless From Aeroplanes.

So far experiments have failed to result in satisfactory arrangements for wireless communication with aeroplanes. There have been a great many experiments, and officers of both army and navy are working to find how it can be done. There is a fortune waiting for the man who can invent a workable scheme.

Stands by Daniels.

President Wilson has been loyal to Secretary Daniels. Not many cabinet officers have survived the severe grilling which the secretary of the navy has undergone since he has been in office. Bryan suffered, of course, but Bryan had been the target of public attack for many years and was used to it. Daniels has had more than three years of it and still comes up smiling. President Wilson stands by him and does not seem to be inclined to desert any of his appointees while they are under fire.

Fall's Information.

No man in public life seems to have the fund of information about Mexico possessed by Senator Fall. Almost before anything of importance happens down there the New Mexico senator has a tip on it and sometimes is weeks ahead of the news service from the border. Long before Villa became active the last time Fall was telling his friends that something was likely to happen along that line. He also gave them information about the growing strength and power of Felix Diaz which has recently come to light.

Children Carrying Germs.

Washington is a city where they make all kinds of experiments with the school children. Recently the school authorities permitted the school children to gather up all the old papers in the city, dusty and germ covered as they were, and carry them to the several school buildings. It was a laudable object, the saving of paper, in view of the scarcity, but the papers should have been gathered without such possibilities of dire results.

Young Joe Blackburn.

Former Senator Joe Blackburn, now in charge of building the Lincoln memorial, is seventy-eight years old. I saw him standing on the street waiting for a car the other day and reading a newspaper without the aid of glasses. Uncle Joe Cannon is not the only young man of many years in this country.

EIGHTY-POINT LEAP OF COTTON THIS RESULTS AFTER GOVERNMENT GIVES OUT CONDITION

The United States bureau of crop estimates reported the condition of the cotton crop on Sept. 25 as 56.3 per cent of a normal, against 61.2 Aug. 25, 1916 and 60.8 Sept. 25, 1915, and a 67.2 per cent average on Sept. 25 for the last ten years.

The heavy deterioration throughout the central southern states, together with the unprecedented destruction by boll weevil in Texas, Arkansas, Louisiana and Florida and destruction by caterpillars in southern Texas and eastern Florida, caused a 4.9 per cent decrease in the condition since Aug. 25.

Cool nights injured the crop in the northern portion of the cotton belt.

Forecast is a yield per acre of 156.3 pounds and a total production (allowing 1 per cent from planted area for abandonment) of about 11,637,000 bales, against 11,191,820 bales in 1915 and 16,134,930 two years ago.

Cotton jumped 60 to 80 points on the New York cotton exchange following publication of the agricultural department's bulletin showing damage to the middle cotton states' crop.

December sold up 67 points to 16.75 cents a pound and January was up 80 points at 16.80 cents.

The increase amounted to nearly \$1 a bale.

Prices slipped back about 10 points after the first wild rush to the bull side following the publication of the government figures.

The exchange was in a turmoil as prices mounted to new high levels.

THREE SPINSTERS FOUND DEAD

TWO OF THEM SISTERS AND ALL DIE IN ROCKING CHAIRS.

Never willing to be separated in life, three spinsters, two of them sisters, were found dead seated in the living room of the old Smetters mansion at Lancaster, Ohio. Each body was in a rocking chair.

They were the Misses Alice and Agnes Smetters, fifty-four and forty-eight years old, and Miss Mary Stretton, thirty years old, a neighbor and a bosom friend.

Authorities are under the impression that it might have been a suicide party. The Smetters sisters repeatedly refused offers of marriage, fearing this would separate them.

Their fortune had gradually melted away until Agnes recently was forced to seek employment.

Another Zeppelin Raid.

Seven Zeppelins took part in a raid over England and two attempted an attack on London. No casualties are reported. One was driven away and the other brought down. It fell in an open field and burned up. Members of the crew were incinerated and their charred remains scattered over field. After being hit the huge airship for three minutes appeared stationary enveloped in flames. It fell slowly while nearby residents cheered.

Henry Ford Pledges Support.

Henry Ford, the automobile manufacturer, took lunch with President Wilson at Shadow Lawn, N. J. He was in conference with the president several hours, and stated that, though a Republican in the past, he was supporting him for re-election. Mr. Ford made it known he did not favor campaign contributions. "I think the office should seek the man, not the man the office," he declared.

Mrs. Marshall Poisoned.

The wife of Vice President Thomas R. Marshall while at a Chicago hotel became ill, due to ptomaine poison, caused by eating oysters. She accompanied the vice president to St. Louis improved and remained in her room at a hotel which her husband made address at Belleville and East St. Louis, Ill.

Hurdleston Succeeds Williams.

Governor Ferguson has appointed Charles H. Hurdleston, manager of the state railroad, to succeed the late William D. Williams as railroad commissioner.

Invasion Admitted.

Invasion of Bulgaria by Roumanians is admitted by Germany.

COTTON, GRAIN AND LIVESTOCK

Dallas.

Dallas, Oct. 2.—Cotton: Middling fair, 15.50; strict good middling, 16.25; good middling, 15.97; strict middling, 15.69; middling, 15.50; strict low middling, 15.02; low middling, 14.85; strict good ordinary, 14.25; good ordinary, 14.03.

Grain: Wheat: Per bushel, at Dallas mills, \$1.55, No. 2 basis soft. Corn: White, 95 to 96 1-2c; mixed, 91 to 93, delivered carload lots mill. Oats: Texas red, 54 to 56 sacked; 61 to 62 bulk.

Fort Worth.

Livestock—Cattle: Hoves, \$6.00 to \$7.00; cows, \$4.00 to \$6.00; heifers, \$5.00 to \$7.00; bulls, \$4.00 to \$4.75; calves, \$3.50 to \$5.00; stockers, \$6.00 to \$6.65. Hogs: \$10.50 to \$10.65. Sheep: \$4.00 to \$5.75; lambs, \$9.00 to \$9.75; goats, \$4.50 to \$5.50.

CHURCH NEWS

BAPTIST CHURCH.

Sunday School 9:45 a. m. Preaching service, 11 to 12 a. m. B. Y. P. U. 6:30 p. m. Preaching service 7:30 p. m. Choir practice 7:30 p. m., Tuesday. Prayer meeting 7:30 p. m., Wednesday.

GRACE CHURCH (EPISCOPAL).

Lord's Day Services: Holy communion 1st. Lord's day at 11 a. m. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m., on all other Lord's Days. F. W. PRATT, Vicar.

ST. EDWARD'S CHURCH

Sunday: Low mass and sermon at 7 a. m. High mass and sermon at 10 a. m. Rosary devotion and benediction of the Blessed Sacrament at 3 p. m. During the week mass every morning at 8:15 except Saturday at 7 o'clock. Rosary devotion and benediction of the Blessed Sacrament on Monday Wednesday and Friday evenings at 7:30 o'clock; on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning during mass.

METHODIST CHURCH.

The Epworth League at 7 P. M. Bible school at 10 a. m.

Public worship will be conducted next day morning and evening at the Presbyterian church with Mr. Lowry in charge. The subjects for treatment in the pulpit will be "The Devil's Reserve" and "The Gospel of Sonship". The evening talk follows a series on great texts in the Bible. The Lord's Supper will be celebrated the following Sabbath.

Classified Advertisements.

Honey is cheaper than sugar or other sweets. I have tons of nice pure honey at my office to sell in quantities at prices that will appeal to you as economy.—W. A. Moore. 16-Sept. 4.

FOR SALE AT ONCE—A drop head Singer Sewing machine, in good condition. See Archie Nelson or phone 243.

A SNAP IF TAKEN SOON. New 30-30 Marlin for sale at \$17.50. Never been used. Fancy stock and a fine rifle. Enquire at this office.

WANTED.—To care for children from two to six afterwards. First door south of the Baptist church, MRS. MATHEWS

Farm Loans Wanted.

I am in position to make farm loans in the Pecos Valley and other lands in the state. Write full details and direct all correspondence to, J. P. Hunick, 615 South Topeka, St. Wichita, Kansas.

PASTURE for Horses and Cows.—Alfalfa, barmuda and clover at 10c. per day or \$2.50 per month in advance. T. MARQUESS, La Huerta.

Wanted—A few milk customers for morning or evening delivery—Phone E. Stephenson, 202E.

FOR SALE—Lots 2, 4, 6, 8, and 10, block 19, Spencer addition to Carlsbad, for sale cheap for cash, or will trade for team good mules. Address Geo. I. Starks, owner, Barstow, Texas. 18-Aug-4.

For Sale or to Trade for Mares. Mules and geldings fit for army use. R. B. Knowles, Artesia, N. M.

50 gallon Steel Barrels, for sale, \$3.00 each.—The Public Utilities Co.

Six Drown.

The steamer Roberval, bound from Otta, Ont., to Oswego, N. Y., went down in a storm five miles off Oswego. Six people were drowned. Three others, after being in a lifeboat eight hours, were rescued in an exhausted condition. The steamer, loaded with lumber, was of steel construction.

Moccasin Stree Led.

Johnny Taylor of Orange, Tex., and eight years old, suffered intensely as the result of the bite of a blunt-tail moccasin, inflicting on a leg and causing terrible swelling, although there was prompt medical attention. At the time the boy was playing with some other children on Adams bayou.

Kosher Chickens Blacklisted.

Incensed at poultry dealers for forcing up the price of Kosher chickens, thousands of New York housewives, backed by the United Hebrew trades, "went on strike." The women declare they will buy no poultry until prices reach their proper level.

To Remain in Service.

Texas, Arizona and New Mexico guardsmen for the present are not to come under the recent order of the war department relieving troops on the border with fresh organizations from the northern states. This was Saturday announced at southern department headquarters, San Antonio.

Western Canada's Crop.

Western Canada's crop will have a value of \$255,000,000, an official estimate says. This includes 507,411,000 bushels of wheat, oats and barley. The estimate is 37 per cent higher than a five-year average.

BLACKLEGIDS

It will soon be time to begin using
BLACKLEGIDS
Call and get our prices before you buy

CORNER DRUG STORE

"HAS IT."