9-12-1901

White Oaks Eagle, 09-12-1901

John Y. Hewitt

Wm. Watson

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REVOLUTIONIZING THE MINING BUSINESS

Why Not White Oak Profit By The Experience of Other People Who Have Thoroughly Tested The Possibilities of Electricity.

One of the things which is revolutionizing the mining business is the use of electrical machinery.

One of the most notable examples of the transformation of a mining property from a non-profitable proposition is the great Comstock mine in Nevada. This body was as well known worked to an immense depth until the cost of mining became enormous. The water flow was so immense that the biggest pumps were required to handle it.

The difficulties to be surmounted were so great and the expense so enormous that the property was abandoned, but since the electrical transmission of power has become an established fact the Comstock is again being drained of the accumulated water and the chances are that with the improved machinery it will again become a great dividend payer. The flow of water from this property is by several clever devices made to furnish electric power to drive the machinery.

All over Colorado and in the other mining states of the west electrical apparatus is coming more and more into use. Perhaps no where is this use more general than in Cripple Creek. Nearly all the smaller plants have electric hoists and the larger ones are being gradually equipped with them. Every day some properties are adopting electric power where it has not heretofore been employed. It is often much more easily available than steam power for a list of poles can be permanently affixed to a steep hillside and maintained summer and winter where the utmost difficulty would be obtained in securing supplies of coal.

It seems quite likely therefore that the coming power of big mines and small mines is electric power, both by reason of its convenience and its economy. And by the very reason of its economy it will enable small propositions to develop into paying mines and will enable bigger properties to pay greater dividends.—Daily Mining Record.

This article impresses the Eagle with the tremendous possibilities of the use of electricity in the operation of the machinery of the mines at White Oakes. We confidently believe that the amount of money expended to propel the machinery at the Old Abe mine and pumps would generate enough electricity to operate the Old Abe, North and South Homestake and Lady Godiva. The plant could be placed at the coal mine and all cost of haulage etc., saved. The enterprise would also greatly reduce the cost in the treatment of ores, and enable the operators to handle with profit much of the low grade materials which now go over the dump as waste.

Again owners who are unable to operate because of the heavy expense of costly machinery for steam appliances, could mine properties which are lying idle and are only a source of expense in the way of assessment for unutilized, and taxes on patented property.

The use of electricity is unquestionably the solution of the power problem for the operation of the properties of this district, and should be the first consideration before the introduction of more cumbersome and expensive machinery. Should the Old Abe, for example take the initiative, put in a plant at the coal mine, the issue would be made, and other properties would follow, as well as the town, in the use of an electric street plant, and an electric road to connect us with the new extension northwest.

The Eagle would like to see this matter taken up by those interested and something done immediately. It is reasonable and sensible, and can be made profitable.

BIG MINING DEAL CLOSED.

Silver City, N. M., Sept. 4.—It is understood that one of the largest mining deals to be consummated in this locality for some time was made last week when some properties of the Mogollon mountains, consisting of the Little Jesse and Copper Glance groups were sold. The purchasers in the deal were United States Marshal C. M. Forsaker, G. J. Koons, general live stock of the Santa Fe railroad and W. Stickley, vice-president and cashier of the Bank of Commerce of Alamosa.

The new owners will incorporate a company with a capital stock of $250,000. The mines are considered one of the best propositions in that district.

MORE FOREST RESERVES.

They Will Not Be Created Until After Congress Has Amended Certain Laws.

Body Mountain News—Word has been received from Washington that the department of the interior has decided to make no more forest reserves until congress meets and revises the law. A few months ago the National Live Stock association called the attention of the department to the fact that certain people were taking advantage of the ignorance of the officials to have worthless lands set aside as forest reserves and then quash them to the government for lieu scrip, with which they could take up valuable agricultural and grazing lands. The government, having investigated, has come to the conclusion that it is time to call a halt. So flagrant have been the attempts to obtain something for nothing that Secretary Hitchcock has determined to recommend the establishment of no more forest reserves until congress has bad an opportunity to amend the law in regard to the exchange of lands.

NEW MEXICO SHEEP.

They Outnumber Those of Any Other State Except on the Assessment Bulls.

Albuquerque Journal—The part of the report of the census bureau dealing with the manufactures of New Mexico says:

"One notable development of the decade is the establishment of four wool-sourcing establishments within the borders of the territory. New Mexico has a larger number of sheep than any other state or territory, and the possession of facilities for scouring the wool before it is forwarded to eastern markets is proving of great advantage to the growers."

In the census reports of ten years ago, Texas was given first place in number of sheep on the ranges. It will be gratifying to New Mexicans to know that the territory has eclipsed its gigantic brother in this respect. The sheep industry is still forging ahead. During the past year alone it is estimated that more than a million new dollars were spent in the sheep business.

There's another phase of the sheep question, however, that might perhaps not be so welcome to the public. According to the reports from the various county assessors, there are half a dozen states in the union that outrank New Mexico in the total of herds. The actual returns may undoubtedly be taken as correct. It follows then that taxes are paid on far more than half the number of sheep in the territory.

COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE.

All Children Between the Ages of Five and Sixteen Must Go To School.

Colonel J. Francesco Chaves, the territorial superintendent of public instruction, has sent the following letter to the county superintendents:

Dear Sir: Your more earnest and careful attention is directed to section 1855 of the compiled laws of New Mexico of 1897, in reference to the compulsory attendance of children to the public schools of their districts from the ages of 5 years up to and including 16 years, and it is, and is required and demanded by this office that superintendents of schools of different counties of the territory shall without delay communicate with the school directors within their respective districts, that they must send their children to the public school and that such attendance must continue for three months, unless such children are at the time attending some good, reputable, private school each and every year. The strictest compliance with and implicit obedience to this section of the law is demanded of superintendents of counties, and it is made their imperative duty to see that the directors of the several districts respectively give compliance and obedience to this section of law, as provided in the section in which attention has heretofore already been directed.

Very respectfully, etc.,
J. Francisco Chaves,
Superintendent of Public Instruction.

ENCOURAGING OIL NEWS.

The stockholders of the Great Western Oil company of New Mexico are receiving some very encouraging reports from their Guadalupe county fields these days. There are now seven oil companies that have located lands around Santa Rosa, and one of them has a drill on the ground and will begin boring at once. Experts who have been investigating the oil bearing rock from there claim that there is no question that oil will be found.—Silver City Independent.
OFICIAL COUNTY PAPER

THURSDAY SEPT. 12, 1901

STATEHOOD FOR NEW MEXICO.

Dear Sir: Will you kindly favor me with a copy of the New Mexico Eagle containing your editorial article on the subject of statehood for New Mexico, as it is read by your readers? Many of the wise and influential men of this territory I do want to see what sort of an argument you put up.

Sincerely yours, B. S. Rodey.

Delegate in Congress.

The foregoing article was received from Delegate Rodey, who naturally leads one to think that he doubts the opposition to statehood for New Mexico under present conditions really has any cause for so opposing admission. However, as he is solicitous of knowing the Eagle's position on this subject, we will review a few of the reasons herefore advanced by this paper on the subject of statehood.

Among the many sensible reasons that may be given to show that New Mexico is not yet ready for admission we will say in the beginning that we are opposed to statehood because it has not been shown in any way that New Mexico would be benefited thereby, and in proof of this will say that capital is more readily and willingly invested in New Mexico in this territory in every legitimate enterprise where it can be shown that dividends are reasonably certain. The Eagle need not be taken as authority on this statement, but the Albuquerque Citizen, one of the strongest and most influential Republican dailies of New Mexico, and the leading statehood advocate, in its issue two weeks ago said on this very point: 'There isn't a jurisdiction over which the United States flag floats that is as prosperous as the territory of New Mexico, or that is making such strides of progress, etc., etc.,' Now if this is true, and Mr. Rodey evidently will not contradict it, what are we to gain in the way of industrial development under statehood that we are not already gaining as a territory? The answer is, nothing. But on the other hand, as the Eagle has before stated, capital has all the benefits to be had in a state government in our territory, and also check on probable vices, through the authority of congress has over the legislation of our territorial law makers. Of course it is easily understood why a politician like Delegate Rodey, Governor Otero and many others are moving heaven and earth for statehood. They allege that New Mexico now has no voice in congress as would be accorded through two senators and one representative, yet it is evident to all that if the possibilities of a senatorial position and that of representative were taken out of the fight that Mr. Rodey, Governor Otero and others would not be half so arduous in their struggle for admission. It might be well for these gentlemen to remember that there is many a slip between the cup and the lip, and that many ambitious statesmen and politicians before them have fallen by the wayside, as much as the ideal in their race for power and political preferment, and should they be left behind in the great rush for senatorial honors, etc., they may at least console themselves that such men as Aaron Burr, Alexander Hamilton, Daniel Webster, Henry Clay, Stephen A. Douglas, Joseph C. Conklin, Jos. G. Blaine, Howell Cobb, Jefferson Davis and many others have also in their small way fallen short of their ambitious goal. Even Alexander the Great, Napoleon and the much loved William E. Gladstone, Julius Caesar and Mrs. Nation of Kansas have had and are having their disappointments. So gentlemen cheer up, if you are out of politics when New Mexico is ready for admission there will be others as willing as you to sacrifice yourselves on their country's altar, whose brilliance has not yet dawned on the political horizon.

Again, ring rule and corrupt legislation as now practiced, do not encourage us to become a state where we will be at the mercy of a political ring which regards not the interests of the people and the tax-payers, but only looks to the spoils, as does Mr. Otero and his Coal Oil Johns, political pets and favorites. Now we have not a small amount of corrupt legislation, unless statehood we should have none. We would have judges of our courts elected by an ignorant and corrupt class holding the balance of power; and in many instances we would have judges as ignorant and corrupt as the class bringing about their election.

Now the Eagle will add before going further that if congress will provide in the enabling act that the franchise shall be limited to that portion of the inhabitants of New Mexico who can read, write and speak the English language we are most heartily in favor of state government. Our ablest representatives in the Philippines, Admiral Dewey and General MacArthur have warmed us against the fraudulent signing of the Filipinos, and both of them we believe have said that the Filipinos is more capable of self-govern- ment than the Cuban, and it is by many of political influence said to be a fact that the Cuban outdranks in intelligence many of New Mexico's inhabitants. New Mexico has been a territory since 1850, and has had a reasonably fair system of public schools for 20 years, and though the native population equals about 75 per cent of total inhabitants, our courts, from justice of the peace to the supreme court of the territory, is filled with interpreters and translators at high salaries, as is also our legislative assembly. Our judges must have interpreters and are often made up of men who neither read, nor write the language of the nation. It has been only a short time since the statutes of New Mexico had to be or were written in two languages. No other country under the sun would ever have countenanced such a thing. The Eagle does not wish to be understood as favoring the limiting of the voting franchise statehood to any citizen of the United States on account of race, color or previous conditions of servitude, but we do believe that the laws of the state being made and executed by an intelligent population, and in forever barring alike the ignorant white, black and every other race, color, who vote without knowing what they vote and who legislate without knowing what the results will be to themselves or to the nation.

It is all bugaboo and senseless twaddle to even presume that the arguments of our statehood advocates that statehood would encourage immigration or stimulate industrial development more than our territorial government does. In the other hand it cannot be successfully contradicted that the additional cost in a higher rate of taxation to defray the expenses of a state government for a decade at least, after admission, in salaries of state officers, etc., much of which is now paid by the government, would add materially to the burden of an already tax-ridden people. It may be shown and has been shown by the Eagle five years ago from statistics that statehood does not add in reality to the progressive interests or population of a commonwealth. The statement of a question does not make it true, and the only way we may intelligently judge the condition of the future is by a comparison with experiences of the past. It is the belief of the Eagle that statehood on the part of many of its advocates in the territory is largely a matter of sentiment, and not backed up or warranted by past experience. Now let us go to the record and ascertain the truth of the argument. Take for comparison the increase in population in the following group of western states: Utah, North Dakota, Washington, South Dakota, and the states above the line which have been the two decades, the one before and the other after admission, they comprise the western portion of the United States and in all respects are so situated as to make the comparison a fair one.

The percentage of gain in population of these states in the ten years preceding admission was as follows: From 1880 to 1900:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Gain</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Utah</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Dakota</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Dakota</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Montana</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wyoming</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

And for the decade following admission as follows: From 1890 to 1900:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Gain</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Utah</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Dakota</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Dakota</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Montana</td>
<td>94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wyoming</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Again the latest census reports show the following comparison existing between the same list of states and the remaining territories for the decade of 1890 to 1900:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Gain</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Arizona</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oregon</td>
<td>114</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kansas</td>
<td>88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colorado</td>
<td>96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Montana</td>
<td>122</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nevada</td>
<td>76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wyoming</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Eagle has not at hand the statehood showing the relative per cent of gain in assessed value of property to go with the comparisons made of relative population, but it is simply follows that this feature is largely governed by the percentage of gain in population, however there is a feature which the census of 1890 shows between a group of states and territories during the decade of 1880 to 1890 that may be interesting to tax-payers, and this is the comparison of the state and territorial individualized per capita for this period:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Per Capita</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kansas</td>
<td>69.24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oregon</td>
<td>71.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colorado</td>
<td>73.73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Montana</td>
<td>75.72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Idaho</td>
<td>77.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nevada</td>
<td>79.79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wyoming</td>
<td>82.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utah</td>
<td>84.57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Dakota</td>
<td>85.78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington</td>
<td>87.66</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Now if any reasonable statehood advocate can find anything in this that is to buttress the assertion that statehood stimulates immigration or industrial development, the Eagle is ready to be convinced, but until more potent arguments are offered than have been presented, we shall continue to oppose statehood for New Mexico under present conditions.
FOR FALL and WINTER

WE ARE AFTER YOUR TRADE
We will make prices interesting We have everything to wear For women, misses and children For men, boys and youths

Place in White Oaks to trade is at, S. M. Wiener & Son.

Hotel Baxter

Has the very best of accommodations to be found in this section of New Mexico. Come and see us.

F. M. LUND, Proprietor.

Little Casino Saloon

HEADQUARTERS FOR THE BEST AND PUREST

Imported Wines, Liquors & Cigars

SOLE AGENTS FOR GREEN RIVER WHISKEY

Club Rooms In Connection

White Oaks Avenue Next Door East of EXCHANGE BANK.

McLaughlin's

IT IS THE BEST!

Ask your Grocer
for IT
Sold only in 1 lb. Packages.

Closeout

coffee! Settles
ITSELF!

Potter & White,

WHOLESALE
AND RETAIL
DEALERS IN

Drugs, Books, Stationery, Toilet Preparations, Etc.

Special attention given to Mail Orders. El Paso, Tex.

White Oaks Passenger Line.

IN THE AMERICAN PACIFIC EXPRESS

White Oaks to Socorro, Carrizozo, Jicarilla, El Paso.

Passengers carried to White Oaks and any part of the country on the shortest notice.

Address: White Oaks, N. M.

PAUL MAYER, PROPRIETOR.

OF LOCAL INTEREST.

The public schools opened Monday with an enrollment of 125 pupils.

R. D. Armstrong has been out of the city a few days. He returns Monday.

Mrs. Walker Hyde has made her husband happy by presenting him with a new girl.

Emil Fritz, one of Lincoln county's most enterprising stock men was in the city Tuesday.

There is to be another of those much enjoyed dancing parties at Hotel Baxter tomorrow night a week.

Lute, collector and treasurer of Lincoln county was in the city on business Monday and Tuesday.

Hon. W. H. Hubbert came up from the county seat Monday and spent a day or two looking after legal matters.

Rev. R. P. Pope, the Baptist minister for this church, preached his first sermon since his appointment at the Baptist church Sunday.

Lincoln county had a genuine old fashioned down-pour Monday afternoon. Lincoln county is the banner stock county of New Mexico, and this is one of our banner years.

G. Pray Smith, President, Estey Mining & Milling Co., B. F. Colburn, stockholder, Boston, Mass., B. F. Street, stockholder, New Haven, Conn., and D. M. Estey, Sec. & Treas., Estey City, are here looking at the resources at and surrounding White Oaks. Plymouth church services Sunday Sept. 15, Sunday school at 10 o'clock. At 11 o'clock the pastor Dr. Miller will preach, subject: "It is not good for man to live alone." At 7:30 o'clock in the evening, "Children's Harvest Home Festival," Special music program. Recitations and Dialogues by the children. Everybody invited.

S. S. Doak and Forest Smith were in the city from Schellerville, Tuesday. Mr. Doak is the Iowa & New Mexico Mining company's superintendent at Schellerville now, and has put a force of men to work taking out ore for shipment. The properties there have been so far developed that shipments to the smelters will begin this next week. The ore bodies at a depth of 180 feet are so widened out that high values may now be obtained after shipping to El Paso.

HOTEL BAXTER.

W. F. Blanchard, Neapol; J. O. Vanek, Estey City; J. W. Kemple, B. F. Colburn, Miss Maggie McCourt, Conemaugh Ranch; Miss Jennie Lee Campbell, Dallas, Tex.; W. M. Johnson, Park; W. N. Grisson, Mrs. Little Engler, Neapol; Miss Clara Byrd, Jackson, Mo.; J. H. Evershafe, El Paso, Texas; Mrs. W. M. Quinlan, New Mexico; J. E. TIMMS, New Mexico; Mrs. Sidney Armstrong, Lincoln, Neapol; J. H. Carney, White Oaks.

JUGGARILLA RUMBLE.

Correspondence.

Mrs. A. S. Price is quite sick, suffering from a fever. The son-in-law and daughter of Mr. McCoy, from Kansas, are visitors in the camp, for a time, at least.

Hostetler and Bryan were in from the Gallinas last week and report things along in that camp on a substantial basis. Joe Ross has gone to the hay fields to cut grass for winter use, and says there is more grass this year than there has been for a number of years.

A. Donelson left this morning for Houston, Texas, to be gone for an indefinite time. He has been surveying land for the Jupin Co. represented by Mr. Bush of Houston.

R. D. Armstrong returned from the Gallinas saw mill this week and reports the absence of logs at the mill for the want of choppers and haulers. The railroad company had all the teams in the country.

It is rumored here the American Phacer Co. will soon start operations on their big machine. They are waiting for some additional machinery to put in the elevators to carry off the waste and return the water as the pump they now have is not large enough to supply the amount required.

It was with sorrow that the people of this camp heard of the attempted assassination of President McKinley, and all express themselves regarding the desolately cowardly who made the attempt, that it would be a justifiable case for Judge Lynch. Such a brute does not come under the protection of the constitution or the laws of God.

Mr. Editor, in some of your recent issues you have complained of the "Knockers." It seems we have a few out our way and also, what is more, they attend strictly to other peoples' business—not to the neglect of their own, for they have none. If they had it would be more profitable to them and others who are trying to do something for the country and themselves. As long as such people stay in a country, men of fair minds and honest hearts might as well shut up shop. They are what we call backpackers.
"No Trouble to Answer questions."

TAKE THE "CANNON BALL" FAST TRAIN

This handsomely equipped train leaves El Paso daily and runs through to St. Louis without change, where direct connections are made for the North and East; also direct connections via Shreveport or New Orleans for all points in the Southeast.

Latest Pattern Pullman Buffet Sleepers

Elegant New Chair Cars—Seats Free

Solid Vestibuled Trains Throughout.

For descriptive pamphlet, or other information, call on or address,

R. W. CURTIS
W. A. IRVIN & COMPANY,
Wholesale and Retail
Druggists & Stationers,
Paints, Oils and Window Glass.
El Paso, Texas.

BIDS FOR BUSINESS.

EYES TEXAS-PAN.-J. B.
COLLIER, Optician.

Ice Cream at Lesnet Hotel
Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

For RENT: A good mowing machine and hay rake. Inquire of C. D. Mayer.

Do not fail to look over the immense stock of millinery goods we have just received.

Ziegler Bros.

Look out for the seasonable ads of S. M. Wiener & Son and Taliaferro Mercantile & Trading company in this issue.

A. Ziegler, the firm of Ziegler Bros., returned last Friday from the eastern markets, where he purchased one of the largest and most complete stocks of dry goods ever brought to White Oaks, so look out for bargains.

LINCOLN LOCALS.

Circumstances:

School commences today Monday, Sept. 9th.

Judge Blanchard came in from the west today.

Work has commenced on the court house repairs. B. H. Moeller has completed the roof of his house.

Leslie Ellis, who for some time has been sick, is again about.

Wm. Brady, who was cast for some time, returned yesterday.

Infant child of Mr. and Mrs. R. Salazar died Sunday of diarrhoea.

Hon. I. L. Amalia and J. J. Aragon made a trip to Picacho on the 8th.

Mr. and Mrs. Knuckles were agreeable visitors from Captain on Monday.

Rain has been threatening here for two weeks with hardly a drop in that time.

Mrs. A. E. Lesnet, from White Oaks passed through town on her way to Roswell.

Among our visitors are included Messrs. Hudspeth, J. E. Cree, McReynolds, Mrs. Lesnet, and McIveres.

Fawcett & Little already have material on the ground to commence work on their contract on court house.

Acasio Gallegos left Lincoln this morning on an overland trip to Santa Fe, talking with him his two children.

Aragon Bros. & Co. are putting on an additional ware-house to their already large building. Business must be good.

Born to Hon. and Mrs. I. L. Analla a baby boy on the 6th, weighing ten pounds, mother and child doing well, father not quite so well.

A picnic party composed of Mrs. Hubbert and family, Wm. Ellis and family and Dr. and Mrs. Watson took an outing in Baco canyon. Mr. Ellis caught a fine

mess of speckled brook trout.

An enjoyable dance was given at Ft. Stanton last Saturday and was enjoyed by following Lincolnites: Messrs. J. J. Aragon, J. M. Serrano, Lawrence Dow, L. Mundell and wife, Mrs. B. H. Moeller, Misses Lucy Serrano, Edna Hubbert, Mela Aragon, Mr. Jose, Hall and family. All report pleasant time.

A NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

The firm of Aragon Bros. & Co. of Lincoln, New Mexico, who commenced business Aug. 1, 1901, is composed of Manuel Aragon, J. J. Aragon and B.H. Moeller.

Manuel Aragon has been in general merchandising business for the last 20 years and came from El Paso where he was associated in the dry goods and furnishing business with his brother J. J. Aragon.

J. J. Aragon who also comes from El Paso, is extensively interested in live stock in Grant and Sierra counties and was formerly in the general merchandising business at Hillsboro, New Mexico, and later Alamogordo and El Paso. B. H. Moeller, is well known in the country, being formerly manager of establishment of Charles Beljean, and one of the incorporators of the Lincoln Trading Co., of Lincoln.

Aragon Bros. & Co. carry a full and complete line of dry goods, groceries, boots and shoes, clothing, furnishing goods, skirts, ladies waists, general merchandise and is in every way essential to carrying on a general merchandising business.

All customers will be and are always appreciated and in showing goods, quoting prices etc., the firm will consider it a pleasure knowing their prices are bottom on everything.

TURKEY CREEK MINES.

Correspondence:

The Bird & Collard people are going ahead on the Old Crow, and will put in a boost, air compressor and drills. Things look good for the future of the Bonito and Turkey Creek properties.

J. M. Rice is building a wagon road over the Pursuits divide. They are getting ready for extensive developments. Everything will soon be astir around the Hopeful, Rio Alto and Pursuits mines.

Assessment work is now progressing on the Iowa & New Mexico M. & M. company’s properties at Turkey Creek. As soon as assessment is finished a shaft of five hundred feet will be begun on the King Rex, and a tunnel of 1000 feet will be started on the Richard Carvel.

Prof. Leo, Volker, German, aged 70 years, died in Jicarilla Wednesday.
THE ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION
OF PRESIDENT MCKINLEY.

Of course you have heard of the attempted assassina-
tion of President McKinley. The dastardly act is
not only a heinous crime but a criminal assault
against the nation. The deed was committed by an
anarchist by name, Leon Baslow, a Pole, who resides
in Detroit, Michigan.

The assassin approached the President as if he
were going to shake hands, and instead fired two
shots into the President’s body, both taking effect in
the stomach. The assassin was quickly captured,
and made a complete confession of the crime, stating
that he was an anarchist from Detroit and that he
had only done his duty.

The latest dispatch received here before going to
press says:

Dispatch 7, a. m. this morning states that the
President is still improving and his physicians that he
will recover. McKinley says “I will recover.”

ALTO NEWS.
The shingle mill at Alto is run-
ning continually.

Pete Phillip left Thursday for
Roswell to attend school.
Miss Ula Gilmore and Lucile
Peters left Sunday for Tularosa,
giving thus far with Matt Gilmore.
He goes to attend school at Mesil-
ia Park.

J. C. Hightower and Dave
Cranmer are going to ship a car
of goats to market; will be the
first from Lincoln county, if not
the first from the territory.

All the campers and visitors to
Eagle Creek have left. Rev. J. T.
Chafin and family leave tomorrow
for Clayton, N. M. They have been
guests at Hotel Gilmore this sum-
mer.

We are having plenty of rain,
crops are good, corn is better this
year than ever before, just splen-
did. Every body busy gathering
hay. Gardens fine, grass good,
cattle and horses fat.

A sale has just about been clos-
ed for a mine on Eagle Creek,
amounting to several thousand
dollars. If it goes through work
will commence at once, and it,
your correspondent thinks, will
be one of the best paying mines
in Lincoln county. 

Mr. Editor I wish you would
give your opinion about a normal
school; why some teachers have
to attend the school, and some
teach and get their pay without
attending the normal. It is a lit-
tle expensive to attend, and if
they can teach and get pay
without attending, then it is get-
ting money from those that at-
tend for nothing. Would like to
hear from the editor on this sub-
ject. [Editor’s note—next week.]

FROM ANGS,
[Henry Valley Journal]
Correspondence.

No one is better acquainted with
the White Mountain fruits ques-
tion their exquisite flavor, which
is not found in the cloving taste of
the decidious fruits of Cali-
ifornia. The canned pear put
up in California and in the east-
er states under a Bartlett brand,
is nothing but a tasteless Kieffer
pear preserved in a syrup of sugar
cheesed with glucose and other
condiments to give the flavorless
tingestable zest.

The jellies, jams and preserved
fruits of commerce are fearfully
and wonderfully concocted, and
have for their basis apples,
pumpkins, etc. So if one wants
the real thing they will have to
put up their own fruit.

The small wild plum is super-
ior for preserving to the large at-
tractive English variety. This
month of September is the prop-
er time for the housewife to se-
cure the fruit as it is then more
plentiful.

In regard to our road system,
would say, while the matter is
fresh in our minds that there are
quite a number here who are fa-
miliar with the county that be-
lieve a shorter and better route
can be secured to the inhabitants
of the upper Bonito, by way of
the Bitter canon road to where it
intersects the Henley road from
the south, from there north to
the old Telegraph canon road,
where the gravely ridge can be
skipped by a comparatively short
and easy grade. From the top
of the ridge there is a very
slight descending grade all the
way into Capitan. What we
need is a sort of King’s highway
from White Oaks to Capitan and

to the Ruidoso. This would
obviate the thickets inhabited por-
tion of the county. If a commit-
ttee of say three influential and
public spirited citizens would
take this matter in hand and in-
vestigate the feasibility of the
route and lay its merits before
the people they would be entitled
to the everlasting gratitude of
the present and future genera-
tions. We cannot have too many
good roads.

I put myself on record in cold
print several years ago that this
is to be a thickly settled country
similar to Belgium. The unde-
veloped natural resources now
slumbering warrant it. The au-
tomobile is coming to stay,
hourly trips will be made from
White Oaks to Capitan for fifty
cents fare. Edison’s late inven-
tion has reduced the weight of
storage batteries two-thirds and
with the cheap fuel we have, the
possibilities of our section is very
great.

When your correspondent was
returning from Capitan last week
over our new road, after a rain
storm, he met a fellow who had
just emerged from one of the
many arroyas which had been
waxing the water off. He was
getting the component parts of
his rig together which was be-
smeared with silt, ooze and
slime, commonly called mud.
He evidently had encountered a
calamity and as he was not making
any particular howl I inferred he
was short on vocabulary, or had
only an elementary idea of road
studies.

S. A. Neid
Contractor and Builder
Estimates Furnished on Stone
Brick Work, and Plastering.

THE CITY RESTAURANT
[Opposite Postoffice Block]

REGULAR MEALS 35C
SPECIAL SUNDAY DINNERS 50C

Tables furnished with the
very best markets afford.

A Share of your Patronage Solicited.
ANCHOR OF CRITICAL NATIONAL POLICY.

The annual meeting of the Academic Association of which George William Curtis was founder, called forth utterances from many prominent persons, including Charles Eliot Norton, ex-Gov. D. H. Chamberlain and Hon. Charles S. Hamilton, expressing their condemnation of the policy of the nation toward Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines. Professor Norton exclaimed, "What sin, what folly, what shame are we playing to the galleries, or perhaps I ought to say, to the pit, of hell driven by our rulers." He denies that there has been anything anomalous in the conduct of our army in Cuba or in the Philippines. The President of the United States he referred to as "an unscrupulous and deceitful" leader of the nation into a "career of vulgar and aggressive expansion.

UNITED STATES.

We are no longer the United States of America, but it is more correctly the United States of America and Asia. One of the latest definitions reads as follows: A federal republic composed of 50 states, 4 territories and one federal district, together with the outlying territory of Alaska, the island of Puerto Rico, the Hawaiian group, the Philippines and several small islands.

THE NEW YORK WORLD

THIRTEEN-A WEEK EDITION.

The Most Widely Read Newspaper in America.

Time has demonstrated that the Thirteen-a-Week World stands alone in its class. Other papers have imitated its form but not its success. This is because it tells all the news in all the time and tells it impartially, whether that news be political or otherwise. It is in fact almost a daily at the price of a weekly and you cannot afford to be without it.

Republican and Democrat alike have carried the Thirteen-a-Week World with absolute confidence in its truth.

In addition to its publications first-class serial stories and other matter is fmited to the home and frend.

The Thirteen-a-Week World's regular subscription price is only $1.00 fourth year and this pays for 136 papers. We offer this unenlarged newspaper and Wurr Oaks Eagle together one year for $2.00.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY NEW YORK CITY:

In 1920, the Thirteen-a-Week World was a stalwart of the progressive movement, which it defended and supported. It was the "voice of the people," and its editor, George William Curtis, was a leading citizen of the world.

The Thirteen-a-Week World is the only newspaper that tells the news in all the time and tells it impartially, whether that news be political or otherwise. It is in fact almost a daily at the price of a weekly and you cannot afford to be without it. Republican and Democrat alike have carried the Thirteen-a-Week World with absolute confidence in its truth.

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SHERIFF’S SALE

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Territorial Attorney, Territory of New Mexico.

William G. Thompson, Esq.

Notices hereinafter given by authority and under the power vested in the said William G. Thompson, Commissioner of the Interior, for the sale of certain specified real estate are hereby published.

The sale will be conducted by Mr. Roswell F. Martin, Sheriff of Lincoln County, New Mexico, on the first Tuesday of each month, except the month of June, at the courthouse door of said county, unless extended by order of the circuit court of said county.

The said William G. Thompson, Commissioner of the Interior, hereby gives notice that a certain parcel of real estate, containing 20 acres, more or less, situate in Section 18, Township 13 S., Range 23 E., Lincoln County, New Mexico, will be sold at public auction on the first Tuesday of the month of June, 1914, at the courthouse door of said county, unless extended by order of the circuit court of said county.

The said parcel of real estate is more fully described as follows: A tract or piece of land, containing 20 acres, more or less, more or less, situate in the north half of Section 18, Township 13 S., Range 23 E., Lincoln County, New Mexico.

All persons interested in the said parcel of real estate are hereby notified to appear at the said sale and take such action as may be necessary to protect their interests.

Lincoln County, New Mexico, the 1st day of June, 1914.

William G. Thompson,

Commissioner of the Interior.

NOTICE OF SUIT.

In the Circuit Court of the First Judicial District of the Territory of New Mexico within and for the County of Lincoln

J. L. Landis,

Petitioner

v.

O. R. Landis

Defendant

Suit filed in said Court for the purpose of quieting title to certain real estate situated in Lincoln County, New Mexico.

J. L. Landis

Petitioner

THE RELIABLE REAL ESTATE OFFICE.

Lincoln County, New Mexico.

The Reliable Real Estate Office is prepared to handle all real estate transactions in Lincoln County, New Mexico.

PAUL MAYER

Livery Feed and Sale Stable.

Good Stock and Rigs.

WHITE OAKS LODGE

Rebuilt at Corner No. 1, being corner No. 2, of Township 13, Range 23 E., in the South 1/2 of the East 1/2 of Section 18, Township 13 S., Range 23 E., Lincoln County, New Mexico.

For information of any kind regarding the railroad, or the country adjacent thereto call on or write to

A. S. GREIG

Agent, Carrizozo.

At Alamosa: For the Mescalero Indian Agency & San Andres Grant.

At Carrizozo: For White Oaks, Jicarilla, Gallinas and surrounding country.

At Walnut: For Nogal.

At Capitan: For Fort Stanton Sanitarium, Lincoln, Richardson, Rapides and Bonito county.

Through-Train Service

El Paso and Northern Railway Co.

Train leaves El Paso 10:10 a.m., trains leave Carrizozo 10:05 a.m., train leaves E. 9:35 a.m., train leaves El Paso at 10:55 p.m.

Every Daily Except Sunday.

STAGE CONNECTIONS.

At Alamosa: For the Mescalero Indian Agency & San Andres Grant.

At Carrizozo: For White Oaks, Jicarilla, Gallinas and surrounding country.

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THE RELIABLE ASSAY OFFICE.

1324 6th Street Avenue, El Paso, Texas.

The Reliable Assay Office is equipped to handle all assay work in the Southwest.

They are prepared to handle assays from a single sample to large shipments, and our LARGEST crushing power plant of any assay office in the Southwest.

RS. 2003.

RELIABLE ASSAYS.

Sample analyses by mail received postmarked Tuesday.

ODGEN ASSAY CO.

1429 103rd St., Denver, Colo.

EAGLE BLOCK.

Agent Troy Laurens, El Paso.

Your Patience Respectfully Solicited, Osa. Adams, Proprietor.

Eagle Block.

Troy Laurens, El Paso.

We are prepared to handle assays from a single sample to large shipments, and our LARGEST crushing power plant of any assay office in the Southwest.
In accordance with chapter twenty-two of the laws of Thirty-third legislative assembly of the Territory of New Mexico, I, the undersigned Treasurer and Ex-Officio Collector of the County of Lincoln in the Territory of New Mexico, do hereby make, certify and publish the following notice and list of delinquent taxes amounting to not less than twenty-five dollars, with penalties and costs thereon, payable in said county and delinquent on the first day of July, 1901, the same being hereinafter set forth in precincts, and containing first the name of the owners of all property become delinquent; the amount of taxes, penalties and costs due; the description of the property wherein the same are due and the amount of taxes due on personal property.

And notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned, Treasurer and Ex-Officio Collector of said County of Lincoln, will apply to the district court, held in and for said county, upon the next return day thereof, to-wit: the second day of December, A. D. 1901, the same occurring not less than thirty days after the publication hereof, for judgment against the hands, real estate and personal property described in the following list, together with costs and penalties, and for an order to sell the same to satisfy such judgment.

And further notice is hereby given that within thirty days after the rendition of such judgment against such property, and after having given notice by a handbill posted at the front door of the building in which the district court for the said County of Lincoln is held, to-wit: the court house of said county of Lincoln, at least ten days prior to said sale, I, the undersigned, Treasurer and Ex-Officio Collector of Lincoln county, will offer for sale at public auction, in front of said building, the real and personal property described in said notice, against which judgment may be rendered for the amount of taxes, penalties and costs due thereon, continuing the sale from day to day, as provided by law, until the same is satisfied.

HENRY LUTZ,
Treasurer and Ex-Officio Collector,
Lincoln County, New Mexico,
Dated, Lincoln, N. M., Aug. 30th, 1901.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Precinct</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Tax Due 1910</th>
<th>Tax Due 1909</th>
<th>Tax Due 1908</th>
<th>Tax Due 1907</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Little T.</td>
<td>5.03</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>Big T.</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>Small T.</td>
<td>5.03</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>Medium T.</td>
<td>5.03</td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Large T.</td>
<td>5.03</td>
<td>5.03</td>
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<td>5.03</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**DELINQUENT TAX LIST**

Trujillo Juan, not yet arrested, interest on delinquent taxes 
1910. 

**COMMISSIONERS' PROCEEDINGS.**

Proceedings of the Honorable Board of County Commissioners held at Lincoln, La., May 19, 1910. 

**Pecos System.**

The Pecos Valley and Northeastern Railway Co.

**CENTRAL TIME.**

Emergence of the family 1:15 A.M., and arrives at Carlsbad 1:55 A.M. 

**Stages From Lima, White Oaks, and Roswell.**

For late arrivals, information regarding time of hand or any other matters of 

E. W. Mantisell, D. R. Nicolas, G. S. Grant, and M. B. Roswell, New Mexico.

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GALLINA RAZTE.
Correspondence.
Hostetler is building on his groats.
Edward Suggs has struck a good lead of galena on the Pier-
son.
Howard Williamson is over from Captain doing his assess-
ments.
Chittenden's saw mill is in op-
eration, sawing ties for the rail-
road company.
Mr. McBroome, owner of the
"Old Rover," is showing up a
good grade of copper ore.
U. D. Long, of Albuquerque,
representing a Pueblo company,
is here looking over the district
for his company.
Mark Thomas is doing the an-
nual assessment on his group of
five claims. Law & Themself
are also busy with assessments.

Miles Garrett is taking a rest,
at the end of which he will again
join the ranks of miners and
prospectors in this district.
Taliaferro, Spence & Co. are
pushing development work on
Old Hickory shaft. This prop-
erty should soon be a producing
mine.

C. M. Bryan, not Billie, and
John Littleton, have gone to
White Oaks for miners' supplies,
and to make proof on a number of
claims.

Stevenson, Harrison & Reyn-
olds are having their assess-
ment work done on a group of 35
claims. Copper, lead and galena
in way up grades have been shown
up on some of them.

A. R. Gibson and C. S. John-
ston, Gibson & Johnston, New
York brokers, are expected to ar-
rive here this week. They have
purchased a number of claims in
this district, and will place a
force of men to work to prospect
them with the view of putting
in machinery to develop the prop-
erties if conditions warrant it.

R. S. Young of Tampa, Flor-
da, and A. H. Scott, of Albu-
querque, made five locations in
the district lately. Mr. Young
will make this his headquarters
among the prospecting of the
claims. These people have
money and are looking for in-
vestments. Mr. Young is a mem-
er of the state legislature of
Florida and prominently con-
nected among the capitalists of
that state.

UPPER RUIDOSO.
Correspondence.

Still we get plenty of rain and
crop prospects are not better.
John Latham, Jr., and N. Bas-
tion have dissolved partnership.
The dissolution was by mutual
consent.

Next, Allen, employe on the
Northeast extension, was paroled
for ten days and spent the time
here at home.

John Latham, Sr., has re-
turned from Roswell, where he
bought a number of fine bucks
he will place with his herd at
Dead Man's Lake, four miles
above the Hewitt ranch. James
Crockett is in charge of his herd.

There was a free-for-all drunk-
elight at Ruidoso last week.
The duelists were two Mexicans
and two Americans. Arrests
were made but the Americans
managed to buy off and none of
the parties were brought into
court.

"The Best Is The Cheapest."
Not how cheap, but how good,
is the question.

THE TWICE-A-WEEK REPUBLIC
is not as cheap as are some so-called
newspapers. But it is as cheap
as it is possible to sell a first-class
newspaper. It prints all the news
that is worth printing. If you
read it all the year round, you are
posted on all the important and
interesting affairs of the world.
It is the best and most reliable
newspaper that money and brains
in the world can produce—and those should be
the distinguishing traits of the
newspaper that is designed to be
read by all members of the family.

Subscription price, $1 a year.
Any newspaper, newspaper or
postmaster will receive your sub-
scription, or you may mail it
direct to THE REPUBLIC,
St. Louis, Mo.

El Paso mid-winter carnival.
El Paso is preparing for another
great Mid-winter Carnival to
be given January 14, 15, 16, 17,
and 18, 1902. This will be the sec-
ond annual event, and will be
the greatest entertainment ever
given in the southwest.
The "sunshine in January" that
so delighted the thousands of vis-
itors in El Paso last year will
take thousands more there and
the coming event is expected to
surpass anything ever given in
the southwest, you can get a
glimpse of Mexico at El Paso and
this, with the Mexican bull fights,
is something that the other cities
cannot afford. To see the ancient
city of Juarez, Mexico is worth the ex-
 pense of the trip and since the rail-
routes have promised a very low
rate from everywhere thousands
will attend, there will be a miners' con-
vention, medical and teachers'
conventions, the largest cattle ex-
hibition ever given in Texas, be-
sides the regular program.

El Paso is a famous town and has
become famous as an entertain-
er and at the coming Mid-Winter-Car-
nival the border Metropolis prom-
ises the most extravagant free
show, fiesta and general jubilees
ever seen between New Orleans
and Los Angeles. The Carnival
association is now preparing the
program, which will be published
soon.

ZIEGLER BROS.

New and complete stock of Seasonable
Fall and Winter Merchandise
Now En Route.

Wait for the arrival if you want the
The Very Best Values For Your Money
Ever offered in this market.

A complete stock of
Fresh Groceries as well as General Merchandise
will arrive next week.

No trouble to show goods.
Examine our Stock Before Making Your Fall Purchases.

Shelton--Payne Arms Company.
Wholesale and Retail Fire Arms, Ammunition, Saddles, Harness and Leather Goods. We make a
Specialty of Fire Arms, Ammunition and Stock Saddles. All mail orders given prompt Attention.
305 North Oregon St., El Paso Texas.

Jos. White.
Freighter and Contractor for all kinds of Team work, Hauling etc. Prompt attention given to all orders. Prices
Reasonable 

Your Trade is Solicited.

Browne & Manzanares Co.
East Las Vegas, N. M.
El Paso, Texas.

Wholesale Grocers, Wagons and Agricultural Implements, McCormick Rakes and Harvesters.

Highest Price Paid for Wool, Hides, Pelts and Furs.