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The Carlsbad Current

TWENTY-FOURTH YEAR.

CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, JUNE 16, 1916.

NUMBER 32.

NATION'S DEMOCRATS CONVENE

GREAT CONVENTION AT ST. LOUIS NOMINATES WILSON AND MARSHALL BY ACCLAMATION LAST NIGHT AT 10 O'CLOCK

CONVENTION HAS PATRIOTIC START.

Great Democratic Gathering at St. Louis Opens With Tinging Proofs of Spirit.

"LET US DELIBERATE AS AMERICANS," SAYS GLYNN.

"Star Spangled Banner" Is the First Melody That Is Heard in the St. Louis Coliseum. Harmony is Sure As Bryan Disclaims His Belligerency. "Elephant and Moose Dead, Long Live the American Eagle," Says Chairman McCombs.

Special to the Current:

St. Louis, June 16.—Wilson and Marshall were re-nominated last night at about 10 o'clock amid scenes of the greatest enthusiasm. The platform declares for woman suffrage by the states.

Coliseum, St. Louis, June 14.—With the keynote of "Americanism and peace, preparedness and prosperity," the democratic national convention began its first session shortly after noon today with not a single element in sight to disturb the harmonious renomination of President Wilson and Vice-President Marshall.

When National Chairman McCombs called the convention to order, twelve thousand delegates, alternates and spectators packed the big coliseum to the roof.

Members of the national committee, members of President Wilson's cabinet and party leaders from all parts of the country had places on the platform. Plaster medallions of Washington, Jackson, Jefferson and Cleveland looked down upon the delegates from the decorations which consisted uniformly of nothing but the American flag. The only picture of President Wilson in the hall hung in front of the speaker's desk, inscribed "America first."

Vice-presidential booms wailed by President Wilson's direct word that he desired the renomination of Vice-President Marshall, were brought to the convention hall but only as favorite sons compliments.

When National Chairman McCombs had called the convention to order, the next business was the reading of the call by Secretary J. Bruce Kramer. Former Governor Glynn of New York was next with the introductory speech.

Down under the speaker's stand direct telephone and telegraph wires to the white house carried momentary reports of the proceedings in the hall. All prospects of a fight in the convention had gone glimmering overnight with William J. Bryan's announcement that he did not propose to press certain planks before the resolutions committee and that he would make campaign speeches for the democratic nominees.

"We have entered this hall as democrats, let us deliberate as Americans," declared Mr. Glynn in sounding the keynote.

"It is the business of the convention representing every section of the United States, speaking for every racial strain in America, to send forth a message to all the world that will leave no room for doubt."

Reviewing President Wilson's conduct of foreign affairs he declared the president had stood with Washington, Adams and Grant, who had preserved peace with honor.

"For vain glory or for selfish purpose," Mr. Glynn declared, "others may cry for a policy of blood and iron, but the president has acted on the belief that the leader of a nation who plunges his people into an unnecessary war, like Pontius Pilate, vainly washes his hands of innocent blood while the earthquakes and the heavens are darkened and thousands give up the ghost. If Washington is right, if Jefferson was right, if Hamilton was right, then the president is right today," he declared.

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GOV. GLYNN PRAISES WILSON.

Great New Yorker Speaks Eloquently at the Opening of Democratic Convention.

AMERICANISM, PREPAREDNESS, PEACE, PROSPERITY, ISSUES.

President Has the Biggest Load of Any Man Since Lincoln and is Making Good at It.

St. Louis, June 14.—With the assertion that no president since the Civil War has had as crucial problems to solve; and no president has displayed a grasp more sure, a statesmanship more profound (as President Wilson, Hon. Martin H. Glynn, former governor of New York, opened the democratic national convention here today. Declaring that "Americanism and peace, preparedness and prosperity" are the issues upon which the democratic party stands, and the heart of democracy awells with pride that is more than a pride of party, as it hails the man, who has asserted this Americanism, assured this peace, advocated this preparedness and produced this prosperity," he predicted the re-election of President Wilson.

Taking up our foreign relations that has been called into emphatic prominence by the world-wide war the speaker declared that "we have entered this hall as democrats; we shall deliberate as Americans." . . . The policy of neutrality, he argued, is as truly American as the American flag. For two hundred years neutrality was a theory; America made it a fact. "It took Washington and his successors eighty years of endless negotiations to win recognition of American neutrality. And this eighty years of struggle wove the doctrine of neutrality so closely into the warp and woof of our national life that to tear it out now would unravel the very threads of our existence." By the records of history Mr. Glynn maintained that if Washington and Lincoln were right, President Wilson is right. The neutrality that President Wilson stands for today was advocated by Washington, by Hamilton, by Jefferson and by Lincoln.

By citing precedents Mr. Glynn justified and defended the course of the president in the Lusitania and similar incidents. "In the face of this record," he asked, "Do republicans realize that when they arraign the policy of the president of the United States today they arraign the policy of Harrison, of Blaine, of Lincoln and of Grant? For the pleasure of criticizing a democratic president, are they willing to read out of the republican party the greatest men the republican party ever had? Are they willing to say that the republican party of today condemns what Hamilton did in revolutionary days what Lincoln did in Civil war days and what Grant and Blaine and Harrison did but yesterday?"

"In his policy of peaceful negotiations today the president of the United States follows the example set him by the greatest presidents which the democratic party and the greatest presidents the republican party ever gave this nation."

Mr. Glynn impressed on his hearers that it was the business of this convention "representing every section of the United States, speaking for every racial strain in America, to send forth a message to all the world that will leave no room for doubt."

"We must enable every real American to stand up and assert his Americanism. We must make the issue so clear that every ballot box in the land may become a monument to the loyalty of American manhood."

"The citizens of this country must stand behind their president because his policies are right. They must stand behind him because his policies are the policies which have brought the nation a century of prosperity and honored peace. They will stand behind him because they want these policies continued, that prosperity

prolonged, and that peace assured."

He pointed out that the promise made four years ago that a democratic administration would liberate the nation from the chains of industrial tyranny has been carried out. He eulogized the Federal Reserve act and declared that the "Scholar-statesman, whose rod has struck the golden rock of America's resources to set free the wealth imprisoned for half a century, is a Moses who has led America's industries from the wilderness of doubt and despair to the Promised Land of Prosperity and Hope."

The laws restraining big business from stifling competition, the trades commission act, the movement to foster expansion of American trade, the close union of economic, commercial and financial interests between the United States and the nations of South America are shown to be legislation of the widest benefit. The Underwood tariff, Mr. Glynn characterized as the fairest and the best of all we have enacted. Under the present administration the United States has enjoyed a wonderful era of good business and good times.

The American's ideals and his aspirations served as the basis for the speaker's opening discussion.

"We who stand today on the fertile soil of America, who live under the smiling skies of a free and fruitful land, must prove worthy of the trust that American sacrifice has imposed on every American."

"Disregarding the divisions that

ODD FELLOWS' MEMORIAL DAY.

The annual event of interest to every Odd Fellow—Memorial Day—was appropriately observed by Eddy Lodge No. 21, at Odd Fellows' Hall, on Tuesday evening, June 13. The previous day, June 12, marked the twentieth anniversary of the institution of the Lodge, and a brief anniversary service was combined with the Memorial Day exercises.

The service was opened by a well rendered piano duet by Misses Modene and Wardie Bates, entitled, "The Charge of the Hussars."

L. E. Hayes, district deputy grand master of the local lodge, told of the adoption of memorial day and stated that as the federal government had wisely seen fit to set aside May 30 in memory of departed soldiers and sailors, so the order of Odd Fellows had designated June 13 as a day to cherish the memory of its past members.

Hon. D. G. Grantham delivered a eulogy upon the life of the late Louis A. Tomlinson, who died during the past year. As the name Tomlinson was spoken, the pianist played softly, "Lead Kindly Light" and little Miss Lucile Hayes marched slowly to the center of the lodge room and deposited a wreath of white carnations in memory of Brother Tomlinson.

Mrs. Armstrong and Miss Maude Jones rendered a vocal duet entitled "Pond Lillies" which was well received by the audience.

Brother J. E. Laverty, who was initiated on the evening of the institution of the lodge June 12th, 1896 delivered an address relative to the early history of Odd Fellowship in New Mexico, and also related events of interest in connection with the lo-

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make one man a Tory and another a Whig, one man a republican and another a democrat, Americans will cast aside the tinsel of party labels and the mummery of party emblems.

"From the great pulsing heart of the nation will come a patriot command to crush partisanship and rebuke what ever is mean or blind."

"That command will be heard by the ploughman in his field, and by the laborer at his bench. It will reach the merchant in his office and the lawyer at his desk. We would be false to ourselves, and recreant to those who send us here if we permitted any thought of partisan profit, and consideration of political advantage to obscure our vision of the tremendous issues now before the people of the United States. We must cast aside all that is selfish, we must hold ourselves worthy of a nation's confidence by offering only the best of our intelligence the flower of our patriotism toward the solution of what all men perceive to be a crisis in the nation's affairs."

In asking for an endorsement of the president's peace policy, Mr. Glynn said:

"For two years the world has been affire; the civilization that we know has been torn by the mightiest struggle in its history. Sparks from Europe's conflagration have blazed in our own skies, echoes of her strife have sounded at our very doors. That fire still burns, that struggle still continues, but thus far the United States has held the flame at bay; thus far it has saved its people from participation in the conflict."

"What the people of the United States must determine through their suffrage, is whether the course the country has pursued through this crucial period is to be continued; whether the principles that have been asserted as our national policy shall be endorsed or withdrawn."

Continued on last page.

MEXICANS AGITATED

WASHINGTON REGARDS WITH GRAVE UNEASINESS GROWTH OF ANTI-AMERICAN FEELING.

Coast Artillery and Battalion of Engineers From Atlantic Seaboard Garrisons to Reinforce General Funston's Command.

First Official Admission of Lack of Carrancista Co-operation Comes With Statement by Secretary Lansing That Situation Grows Steadily Worse.

Washington, June 12.—The war department tonight ordered 1,000 coast artillery and 500 engineers to the Mexican border, increasing General Funston's force in Mexico and on the border to about 50,000.

These troops were sent to the border following the receipt of official reports that conditions of anarchy are fast spreading in Mexico and General Pershing's army is facing an ever-present threat of attack by Mexican forces.

Secretary Lansing volunteered the statement tonight that the situation in Mexico is steadily growing worse. State department reports, he said, show that where some Carrancista authorities are making efforts to suppress anti-American demonstrations, most of them are indifferent.

This was the first official admission that the Carrancista authorities are not "co-operating" with the American forces. Considered in connection with the action of the war department in sending additional troops to the border, Mr. Lansing's statement was regarded as forecasting drastic changes in the Mexican policy.

On the eve of the convening of the democratic convention in St. Louis, today's developments were construed as indicating that some important step in Mexico is under consideration.

Brigadier General Albert L. Mills, acting chief of staff, said that the eleven companies of coast artillery ordered to the border today would be taken from the following forts:

Two companies from Portland, Maine, two from Boston, two from Narragansett bay, two from the five forts on Long Island sound, one from Fort Totten, one from Fort Hamilton and one from Fort Hancock, at Sandy Hook.

The 500 engineers ordered to the border were stationed at Washington.

Funston Has Entire Mobile Army.

With the dispatch of these forces the only mobile troops left in continental United States will be a squadron of the Second cavalry at Fort Myer, Va., which is guarding Washington. There are about 12,000 coast artillery to draw on besides the 2000 now on the border or under orders.

Advance Notice to Carranza. With the 9,428 recruits recently enlisted in the army and the 5,000 or more national guard on border patrol duty, General Funston has a force of about 50,000 troops, representing all branches of the service, as the nucleus of any force needed for a campaign in Mexico.

Today's troop orders were considered as an advance notice to General Carranza that this government's forthcoming note will be a flat rejection of his demands for withdrawal of American troops.

There was renewed discussion today of the possibilities of intervention and some officials admitted that President Wilson probably would approve this course if forced into it by an armed attack on American troops in Mexico or by the spread of anti-American demonstrations and border outlawry.

EDDY COUNTY HOSPITAL NEWS.

Isabelle Sottola, who underwent a serious operation Tuesday, is resting very well after the removal of a ten pound tumor.

Mr. J. Barber, was dismissed from the institution Wednesday but will remain in town a few days.

Mr. Chas. Witt who was operated on for appendicitis last Friday is up and around feeling greatly improved. The Eddy County Hospital has broken all previous records having cared for 87 patients from January 1st to June 15th.

Sue Katherine Uesery is home from a very pleasant stay at the Leatherman home, having gone out there when school closed. She expresses herself as having had all kinds of outdoor sport. She returned Saturday with Mr. and Mrs. Leatherman.

SITUATION NEVER MORE SERIOUS DECLARES GEN. FUNSTON.

San Antonio, Texas, June 12.—The sincerity of the alleged "co-operation" of Carranza troops with American soldiers in ridding the border zone of bandits and putting down brigandage was pretty well indicated tonight. Reliable word was brought to San Antonio that at least one of the three Luis de la Rosa outlaws killed by a sheriff's posse near Cactus, Webb county, today wore a Carrancista uniform, and carried in his breast pocket a captain's commission in the first chief's army.

"The border situation was never more critical than it has been the past four days," Major General Frederick Funston said tonight. "Apparently a large part of the gravity of it has blown over, but you never can tell."

When shown Washington dispatches that the state department was worried over the situation because of sinister reports from consuls and consular agents in Mexico, General Funston said:

"I am glad somebody besides me is beginning to worry a little."

Tonight the situation around Laredo apparently was this:

T. A. Coleman denied that his ranch at Hidalgo, thirty-five miles from Laredo, was raided, as reported late yesterday. Mexican bandits, however, under the direction of Luis de la Rosa, were operating in Webb county, Tex. They were reported in two encounters, losing two captured and three killed, with no American casualties.

Captain Olo Bell, with one troop of the Fourteenth cavalry, did not lead a third punitive expedition across the Rio Grande, as General Funston was led to believe by a report from General Mann, at Laredo; but Bell had his men ready to pursue the bandits in any direction.

A dispatch late today from General Mann reported that a band of De la Rosa bandits appeared yesterday at Palafax, in Webb county. At 10 o'clock last night they were seen at Webb, in the same county supposedly intent on destroying railroad bridges. Captain Wellborn, with a squad of the Ninth infantry, encountered them and captured two.

Posse Runs Into Bandits.

This morning a posse under the sheriff of Webb county ran afoul of the bandits in the vicinity of Cactus and killed three. None of the dispatches mentioned the numerical strength of the outlaws.

A report to General Funston today from Lieutenant General Waterman, at Hachita, said a patrol of three men of the Twelfth cavalry was attacked by two Mexicans between 9 and 10 o'clock on Saturday night at monument 44, near Hachita. Private Lee Sanders was wounded. Lieutenant Long, with a detachment of the Twelfth, pursued the bandits. General Funston assumed that "monument 44" was one of the stones marking the international boundary.

ATTENTION—ODD FELLOWS!

An invitation has been extended to Eddy Lodge No. 21, I. O. O. F., of Carlsbad, by Artesia Lodge No. 11, to attend the annual memorial day services to be held at the Presbyterian church in Artesia, on Sunday, June 18, at 3 p. m. There will be special music for the occasion and the address of the day will be made by C. Bert Smith, past grand master of the state of New Mexico.

It is expected that several automobiles of local Odd Fellows will attend these services.

D. G. Grantham and J. F. Flowers were elected representatives of Eddy Lodge No. 21, I. O. O. F., to the annual meeting of the Grand Lodge of the state, which will be held at Albuquerque, during the latter part of September, next. Wm. Lock and Edwin S. Kirkpatrick were elected as alternates.

At the coming session of the grand lodge, there will be present four members from Eddy Lodge No. 21, namely: Victor L. Minter, Grand Master; L. E. Hayes, who is a member of the finance committee of the grand lodge; and D. G. Grantham and J. F. Flowers, representatives.

Donors for the box to be sent the members of Company "B" are requested to remember every Wednesday to send something especially food dainties, such as eggs, oranges, lemons, cookies, canned fruit or tobacco.

HUGHES NOMINATED

THIRD BALLOT VIRTUALLY UNANIMOUS FOR JUSTICE

John M. Parker, of New Orleans, Named Running Mate to Seer of Oyster Bay, Who Tells Convention He Cannot Take Leadership Against Republican Nominee Before Knowing Latter's Attitude on Big Issues; If Hughes' Principles Are Satisfactory, Roosevelt Will Not Make Race.

CHAS. W. FAIRBANKS IS CHOSEN TO MAKE G. O. P. VICE PRESIDENTIAL RACE.

Chicago, June 10.—The republican national convention today nominated Charles Evans Hughes of New York, and Charles W. Fairbanks, of Indiana, as the candidates of their party for president and vice president.

Almost at the same moment Theodore Roosevelt was nominated by the national progressive convention, and later in the day John M. Parker of Louisiana was named as his running mate.

The republican nomination required a ballot, the third of the convention, while the progressive nomination was made by acclamation.

Mr. Roosevelt's provisional declaration to accept the progressive nomination is believed by the politically wise to leave the door ajar, if not wide open, for eventual withdrawal of the third ticket, in the event Mr. Hughes' position on what the progressives feel to be the vital issues of the campaign meets their approval. To this extent at least, the leaders in both parties feel that the efforts of harmony, even if not directly fruitful of result, may yet be realized.

HUGHES IS NAMED ON THIRD BALLOT.

Chicago, June 10.—Charles Evans Hughes, former governor of New York and until today justice of the supreme court of the United States, was today nominated for the presidency by the republican national convention.

Charles Warren Fairbanks of Indiana, elected vice president with Theodore Roosevelt in 1904, again was chosen for second place on the republican ticket.

Both nominations, made by overwhelming majorities on the first ballot of the day—the third ballot of the convention, were by acclamation made unanimous.

Lodge Gets Seven Votes.

Senator Lodge of Massachusetts presented by Roosevelt as a compromise candidate, received seven votes, Colonel Roosevelt himself received eighteen and one-half, scattered over twelve states.

The nominating ballot showed the count:

Hughes, 940 1-2; Roosevelt, 18 1-2; Lodge, 7; Du Pont, 3; LaFollette, 3; Weeks, 3; absent 1. Total, 987.

Despite the fact that Frank H. Hitchcock, leader of the Hughes supporters, let it be known while the presidential balloting was in progress that the Hughes men wanted Burton for second place, Ohio withdrew Burton's name, leaving the field to Mr. Fairbanks and former Senator Hiram Bland of Nebraska.

Ballot for Running Mate.

Fairbanks, 561; Burdett, 198; Burton, 1; Hughes, 1; Johnson, 1; Weeks, 1; absent 1. Total, 974.

Mr. Hughes will be notified of his nomination at 10 o'clock at a time and place yet to be decided. He is expected to arrive in New York at 11 o'clock.

Mr. Fairbanks will be notified of his nomination at 11 o'clock at a time and place yet to be decided. He is expected to arrive in New York at 12 o'clock.

Expressions of Harmony.

At 10 o'clock the convention adjourned. A large number of delegates from the two parties were seen talking and shaking hands in the corridors.

The nomination of Mr. Hughes was made possible by an overnight break-up of the allies (progressive) convention, which early this morning released its delegates.

When the convention began business shortly before noon, the withdrawal from the platform one after another and votes began dropping into the Hughes column in solid blocks so rapidly that the nomination was plainly assured before the roll call had gone five states. When it got to Colorado the drift was so apparent that a proposal to make it unanimous or nominate him by acclamation was made, but Chairman Harding ruled that the balloting should take its regular course. The votes piled up until New Jersey carried it past the record, 494.

In rapid succession as the voting went on Du Pont was withdrawn by Delaware, Illinois withdrew Sherman, Ohio withdrew Burton, Iowa withdrew Cummins, New York withdrew

Root, Massachusetts withdrew Weeks. Then Senator Weeks and Senator Lodge pledged loyalty to the nominee.

The final analysis of the nominating ballot showed that Hughes had drawn his vote from every state in the union and every territory; that Roosevelt's had been scattered over twelve states; that Du Pont's five had come from South Carolina; Lodge's seven from North Carolina, and the final three for Senator Weeks had come from Massachusetts and Missouri.

Hughes Breaks Silence.

Although the convention when it nominated Mr. Hughes had no word that he would accept and no statement of his position, one came along after the convention had adjourned. The former justice had kept to his determination to utter no word in his own behalf, to make no new announcement of his position on issues, and to say nothing which might be construed as becoming a candidate while he wore the robe of a justice in the world's greatest court.

Before the ballot was taken today Senator Smoot of Utah announced the report of the latest meeting of the republican conferees with the conferees of the progressive convention, disclosing that the republicans had presented the name of Mr. Hughes for their consideration as a candidate on which both conventions could unite. He also read a reply of the progressive conferees which merely was an acknowledgment of receipt of the proposal. Then he read Colonel Roosevelt's telegram to the progressive convention which had been brought to the Coliseum by John McGrath, the colonel's secretary, suggesting Senator Lodge.

Roosevelt Proposes Lodge.

Before he had finished the reading word came and was announced in the Coliseum that the progressive convention itself had not only tabled the republican proposal of Mr. Hughes, but had tabled Colonel Roosevelt's own proposal of Senator Lodge as well.

There was a gallery demonstration, not so prolonged as yesterday's at the announcement of Colonel Roosevelt's proposition, but the delegation section by its silence plainly showed its indifference and if any of the republican managers entertained the least fear of a stampede to Colonel Roosevelt it was dissipated at once by every outward indication that about the only message from Colonel Roosevelt that could have roused the delegations to any degree of enthusiasm would have been his acceptance of Hughes.

With that the roll call of states began and there never was a moment's doubt of the result from the time the clerk began.

Sensor Weeks, who came to the convention with the greatest number of instructed delegates and who was of all the favorite sons considered a foremost possibility, was received with tumultuous applause when he made a statement releasing his delegates.

Senator Lodge, known to all men in politics as a close personal friend of the colonel's, got a reception of cheering and applause when he made his speech endorsing Hughes.

Ohio for Fairbanks.

With the end for the balloting for the presidential nomination and the adjournment of the convention, Chairman Harding, the balloting for vice president began. In view of Mr. Hitchcock's withdrawal of Burton's name, the field was left to Mr. Fairbanks and former Senator Hiram Bland of Nebraska.

Mr. Fairbanks was elected by a vote of 561 to 198 for Burton. The vote was cast by 100 delegates, with 100 delegates for Fairbanks and 100 delegates for Burton.

With the end for the balloting for the presidential nomination and the adjournment of the convention, Chairman Harding, the balloting for vice president began. In view of Mr. Hitchcock's withdrawal of Burton's name, the field was left to Mr. Fairbanks and former Senator Hiram Bland of Nebraska.

Resolutions of Thanks.

After Chairman Harding had officially announced the nomination of Mr. Fairbanks, resolutions were passed thanking the officers of the convention and the entertainment provided for delegates by the city of Chicago; some national committee selections were announced and ratified by the convention; Chairman Hilles called a meeting of the new national committee for organization, and the convention adjourned.

The convention was notable in political history for many things. A man who steadfastly had refused to seek the nomination had been chosen; it left a new milestone in the path of both the republican and progressive parties. It was the first republican convention since 1888 which had been forced to take more than one ballot to agree upon a candidate, and it had been marked by a lack of riotous demonstration and nervous enthusiasm which hitherto had been a feature of such gatherings.

It did not touch any of the existing records for sustained demonstrations, but despite the fact that in political vernacular it was wholly and decidedly "unbossed" it moved with a precision and quietness which has not been equalled since the McKinley convention in Philadelphia.

HUGHES' SILENCE BROKEN AT LAST.

Washington, June 10.—Following is the telegram to Chairman Harding: "Mr. Chairman and delegates:

"I have not desired the nomination. I have wished to remain on the bench. But in this critical period of our national history I recognize that it is your right to summon and that it is my paramount duty to respond. You speak at a time of national exigency, transcending merely partisan considerations. You voice the demand for a dominant, thorough-going Americanism with firm protective upbuilding policies essential to our peace and security; and to that call, in this crisis, I cannot fail to answer with the pledge of all that I am to the success of the country. Therefore, I accept the nomination.

Scores Foreign Policy.

"I stand for the firm and unflinching maintenance of all the rights of American citizens on land and sea. I neither impugn motives nor underestimate difficulties. But it is most regrettable true in our foreign relations we have suffered incalculably from the weak and vacillating course which has been taken with regard to Mexico—a course lamentably wrong with regard to our rights and our duties. We interfered without consistency; and while seeking to dictate when we were not concerned, we utterly failed to appreciate and discharge our plain duty to our own citizens.

"At the outset of the administration the high responsibilities of our diplomatic intercourse with foreign nations were subordinated to a conception of partisan requirements and we presented to the world a humiliating spectacle of ineptitude. Belated efforts have not availed to recover the influence and prestige so unfortunately sacrificed and brave words have been stripped of their force by indecision.

Wants Best Diplomacy.

"Our desire to see our diplomacy restored to its best standards and to have these advanced; to have no sacrifices of the national interest to partisan expediencies; to have the first ability of the country always at its command here and abroad in diplomatic intercourse; to maintain firmly our rights under international law; insisting steadfastly upon all our rights as mutual and fully performing our international obligations; and by the clear correctness and justness of our position and our manifest ability and disposition to sustain them to dignify our place among the nations.

"I stand for an Americanism that knows no ulterior purpose for a patriotism that is simple and complete. Whether native or naturalized, of whatever race or creed, we have but one country and we do not for an instant tolerate any division of allegiance. I believe in making prompt provision to secure absolutely our national security. I believe in preparedness, not only entirely adequate for our defense with respect to numbers and equipment in both army and navy, but with all the resources to the end that in each branch of the service there may be the utmost efficiency and the most competent administration. We are devoted to the cause of humanity, peace, and justice. We are for the best and most permanent peace. We are for the best and most permanent peace.

No Danger of Militarism.

"In case of our nation's interests there is no danger of militarism in this country. We have no policy of aggression; we have no policy of territorial acquisition. It is in this spirit that we demand adequate provision for national defense and we condemn the unbecomingly needless that has been shown in this matter of first national importance. We must have the strength which self-respect demands; the strength of an efficient nation ready for every emergency.

"Our preparation must be industrial and economic as well as military. Our severest tests will come after war is over. We must make a fair and wise readjustment of the tariff, in accordance with sound protective principles, to insure our economic independence and to maintain American standards of living. We must conserve the interests of labor, realizing that in democracy patriotism and national strength must be rooted in even handed justice. In preventing as we must, unjust discriminations and monopolistic practices, we must still be zealous to assure the foundations of honest business. Particularly should we seek

the expansion of foreign trade. We must not throttle American enterprise here or abroad; but rather promote it and take pride in honorable achievements. We must take up the serious problems of transportation of interstate and foreign commerce, in a sensible and candid manner, and provide an enduring basis for prosperity by the intelligent use of the constitutional powers of congress, so as adequately to protect the public on the one hand, and, on the other, to conserve the essential instrumentalities of progress.

Upholds Civil Service.

"I stand for the principles of our civil service laws. In every department of government, the highest efficiency must be insisted upon. For all laws and programs are vain without efficient and impartial administration.

"I cannot within the limits of this statement, speak upon all the subjects that will require attention. I can only say that I fully endorse the platform you have adopted.

"I deeply appreciate the responsibility you impose. But I shall undertake to meet it, grateful for the confidence you express. I sincerely trust that all former differences may be forgotten and that we may have united effort in a patriotic realization of our national needs and opportunity.

"I have resigned my judicial office and am ready to devote myself, unreservedly, to the campaign.

(Signed) "CHARLES E. HUGHES."

THE GERMANS AT VERDUN.

—El Paso Times.

The Teuton forces under the Crown Prince are reported to have captured Fort Vaux, a short distance to the northeast of the coveted Verdun. This adds another link in the slow and patient advance and another step toward the interior of the French republic, which the Berlin ministry are said to be heading for. Paris is one objective, with its ports in the distance; Calais to the north another point in view, with its close proximity to the home of its hated enemy, the English. The German force have been making advances in the Verdun battle. They have paid dearly for it, but it cannot be denied they have made gains.

It is said the German general staff figured the duration of the Verdun campaign at five months. It will be recalled that, in the Reichstag, the imperial chancellor declared that the operations against the fortress were developing in accordance with an accurately pre-determined plan which provided for all possibilities. The words of the Prussian war minister will also be recalled. In the early part of last April he said: "These are not, as our enemies are pretending to believe, the last exertions of an exhausted nation, but the hammer blows of a strong, invincible people which command sufficient reserves in men and all other means for the continuation of the hammer blows."

It slowly develops that the campaign against Verdun is proceeding with the accuracy of clockwork and the force of hammer blows. The French tell us their lines have been straightened out for the purposes of a better defense. This can mean nothing else than a slight advance for the invaders. Fort Douaumont has been stormed; Malancourt has been captured; Fort Vaux has fallen. During the fighting since the terrific offensive was launched last February, it has been the object of the Germans to clear away everything before them. If reports are to be depended on, they have kept their word. Gradually they have pushed their columns to the west bank of the Meuse, from the line of Forêt-Macmourt to within firing range of Le Mont Homme and Cote du Poivre. The new offensive is now directed against the northwestern outposts of Verdun, as well as against the railway which leads from Verdun to Paris, and which is today the only great line of supply and the only tactical line of escape for the French army. The lines of defense stretch from Houleulles on the northwest in the shape of a crescent to the north and around to Combes on the southeast, with Verdun lying almost equidistant from the two points of the crescent. With Fort Vaux in the hands of the enemy, the path of the Germans has been cleared of another obstacle in their advance to Verdun, which lies only some three miles to the south.

The city of Verdun itself, in spite of its high, encircling walls and citadel covering an immense subterranean town, has no longer any military significance according to the French war ministry. It is said to owe its importance to the belt of detached forts, which, spreading over a circuit of thirty miles, was intended to render stationary an entire army to insure the investment of the city in view of a regular siege. From a view of the disposition of the troops, it begins to resemble once more the epicure of the Kaiser. Verdun is the nut. Will it be cracked and the way cleared for another march toward Paris?

Christian & Co., INSURANCE.



On the Farm Modernize Your Home

Every building on the farm can be modernized and brought right up to date at small cost by the use of Cornell Wood-Board. Start with the farm house.

Cornell Wood-Board

For Walls, Ceilings and Partitions

Nails direct to the studding or right over old walls and stays there permanently; cost of application is very reasonable compared with other materials; takes paint or kalsomine perfectly.

It is specially adapted for dairy barns, milk houses, hen houses, basements and porch ceilings.

GUARANTEE
Cornell Wood-Board is guaranteed not to warp, buckle, chip, crack or fall.

THE PECOS VALLEY LUMBER CO.
Carlsbad, New Mex.

Manufactured by the Cornell Wood Products Co., 1110 O. Street, (President), Chicago and sold by the dealers listed here. Ask for free plans.

HARVEY SYSTEM APOLOGIZES TO GUARD OFFICER.

Indignity Offered Lieut. Roberts at Alvarado Hotel is Regretted; Offense Will Not Be Repeated.

—Special correspondence to Albuquerque Journal.

Columbus, N. M., June 9.—Adjutant General H. T. Herring has received a communication from the manager of the Harvey house system with regard to the case of Lieut. Gene Roberts, who was refused admission to the dining room of the Alvarado hotel in Albuquerque while in uniform, and wore the regulation sweater coat instead of a coat, and for that reason the attendant at the Albuquerque Harvey house refused to permit him to eat in the dining room. General Herring took the matter up with the manager of the Harvey house system, and received the following letter in reply:

"Gen. Harry T. Herring, Columbus, N. M.

"Dear Sir—I beg to acknowledge receipt of your favor of the 27th and to confirm the telegram which I sent you yesterday reading as follows:

"Your letter of May 27th received. Very much regret occurrence and will issue appropriate instructions immediately.

"I have read the statement of Lieutenant Roberts enclosed in your letter and am distressed over the circumstances. I would appreciate it if you would be good enough to forward this letter to Lieutenant Roberts as an expression of our sincere regrets.

"I am attaching a copy of general letter being sent out today to all our houses on this subject, which I hope will obviate any further cause for criticism.

"Yours very truly,

"FORD HARVEY."

The letter of Mr. Harvey speaks of which was sent to all house managers, is as follows:

"All managers: referring to the rule now in effect requiring gentlemen to wear their coats while in the dining room: An exception should be made in the case of soldiers or sailors, who may be traveling either in full or fatigue uniform. In other words, a

ADVERTISING RATE CARD.

The Current will accept advertising from responsible parties payable on 1st of month following the appearance of the ad. at the following rates:

Plates, cuts or photos with legends must be set, ad. to take run of paper, for not less than four weeks, and no preferred position, per inch of column, 125c.

Same to be put in type, without position, per inch 15c.

Same, with preferred position, either "island" top of column next to reading matter or other position as agreed per inch of column 20c.

Local notices in classified column, 5c. per line of six words—no notices less than 25c.

Reading notices ten cents per line. All local notices payable before being inserted.

LEGAL BLANKS FOR SALE AT CURRENT OFFICE.

Contract to sell real estate of all kinds on installment, 5c.; 40c. pr. doz. Warranty Deeds, 5c.; 40c. doz. Mortgage Deeds, or Real estate mortgages, 5c.; 40c. per doz. Bills of Sale in books of fifty, 25c. Bills of Sale, single, half size blank 5c.; 25c. doz.

All Justice blanks 5c.; 25c. doz. Contract to Sell Live Stock 5c.; 40c. doz.

Placer Claim Notices 5c.; 30c. doz. Lode Mineral Claim Notices 5c.; 40c. doz.

Release Chattel Mtg. 5c.; 40c. doz. All other blanks, too numerous to mention at 5c. each and 40c. per dozen. Blanks sold in quantities 500 to 1000 at \$10 to \$15 per 1,000.

Christian & Co., INSURANCE.

soldier or sailor of the state militia or federal army will be served in our dining rooms in the uniforms in which they are traveling. This will not change the present rule requiring private citizens to wear coats in the dining rooms.

"Please see that these instructions are fully understood by all employees interested.

"Yours truly,

"H. L. BENJAMIN."

Kovermann's BOOT SHOP

Carlsbad, N. M.

FIRST-CLASS COWBOY BOOTS AND SHOES

Repairing Neatly and Promptly Done.

Give Me a Trial Order

Parcel Post Orders

All Repair Orders received by parcel post attended to promptly and postage paid to return goods.

THIRTY-FIVE YEARS' EXPERIENCE enables me to guarantee my work.

SPECIAL

Excursion

ROUND TRIP SUMMER TOURIST.

Los Angeles, San Diego, San Francisco, Cal.

55c. 30c.

Tickets on sale May 1st, to September 30th, 1916.

Final return limit October 31st.

ROUND TRIP SUMMER TOURIST

On sale daily May 15th to Sept. 30th.

Final return limit Oct. 31st.

Chicago, Ill. 55c. 30c.

St. Louis, Mo. 44.95

Kansas City, Mo. 44.50

Denver, Colo. 35.10

Colo. Springs 32.20

For Additional Destinations and further information, call

SANTA FE TICKET OFFICE

T. C. JOHNSON, AGENT

FATY'S FOUNTAIN

BEST OF COLD DRINKS

Barber Shop

Billiards

COURTEOUS TREATMENT To ALL

Everything New and Up-to-date.

R.M. THORNE

UNDERTAKER

LICENSED EMBALMER

Telephone 79

T-H-I-N-K

THINK—THINK

WHY

ARE YOU BURNING UP YOUR

MONEY FOR

GASOLINE?

BECAUSE

YOU

HAVE NOT GOT A WONDER

GASOLINE

SAVER

WHY does your car Carbonize?

Is it Lacking in Power?

BECAUSE YOU HAVE NOT GOT A

Wonder Gasoline

Saver

Will Save You \$\$\$

B. A. CARDER, Agent

COUNTY NEWS ITEMS

LOCAL SHOWERS KNOWLES.

Geo. H. Samuel, the Sanger Bros. representative, was in town doing business last week.

Mrs. H. C. Sporn, of Seminole, Tex., was in town visiting last Friday and Saturday.

Dr. D. L. Bell leading dentist from Brownwood, was here visiting last Friday.

Marion Stephens and Sim Thompson of Eunice, were late business callers the other eve.

J. V. O Neal and M. K. Walker, of Seminole, Texas, with families, visited here a few days ago.

Mrs. Aline McMahon of San Angelo, Texas, was in Knowles visiting friends last week.

Frank Isaacs returned from Carlsbad with a load of dependable goods, the other day.

L. M. Wright of the Hobbs district was a business caller in town the other day.

Cop Coleman, the Armour traveling man, was here calling on the trade last week.

Allen Stewart and Deputy Armstrong were here in the interests of their office last Saturday.

Manager Brill of the Inter-Mountain man, was here several days looking after their affairs.

Leroy McCravy one of the most progressive Plains, Texas, cowmen was here doing business last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Ross of Seminole were here visiting friends last Friday and Saturday.

H. B. Dunagan, the moving spirit of the Magnolia Oil Company, of Midland, Texas, was here viewing matters last Friday.

T. C. Ivey the leading Yoakum county, Texas, cowman, was in Knowles looking around for something last Friday.

B. Hardin passed through Knowles the other evening enroute to his ranch at Monument.

Walt Welch, who ranches a few miles northwest of town, was here last Monday attending to business.

Mr. Mathis, of Midland, Texas, was here several days looking around for spare grass—no find.

Charley Loyd, of Lovington, was a business caller in town last Monday morning.

The big dance last Monday night was seriously threatened with failure by the fierce storm, but finally came to a most successful issue, even though somewhat late, by a large and most enthusiastic crowd, which would not be rung off, until the early hours of the morn.

Oscar Anderson, from near Lovington, was amongst the bunch here, visiting relatives.

Major Peveler from the Cap Rock west of Lovington, was a business visitor in town last week.

Mechanic Dickson is now installed in the garage here and will await on the car public to their satisfaction.

J. M. Joiner of the Sewalt ranch, was in Knowles to see who is here, and what they do, the other day.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Engle of Seminole, Texas, were visitors among us a few days last week.

Ed. Wright of Mule Shoe, Texas, who is an old resident of this section, was here visiting this week.

Walter Lynch of the Monument country, came up to Knowles to see the old timers the other day.

Miss Leona Shipp and Miss Geneva Miller arrived at home from the university at Abilene, Texas where they attended school during the past season.

W. G. now drives a Chalmers Six and when you look at him you will see he looks as content as if driving a-a-Ford.

A. J. Shropshire of the Midway country, was noted purchasing dependable merchandise in town last week.

Dr. H. J. Coburn that rambling piece of furniture from Warren, N. M., was in town again looking for "victims".

Senator Burk, of Monument, was noted as going to the county seat on a matter of business last week.

Winifred Knowles, of Monument, was up here and called on his friends in Knowles last week.

Boyd Turner returned to his home-stead south of town, after a prolonged absence in Bell county, Texas.

Olen Hardin returned from Lamesa, Texas, where he was attending to a matter of business last week.

Ed. Veach, who resides south of us, was a pleasant visitor in town the other day.

Mr. and Mrs. B. V. Culp came in from their Monument ranch, partaking of the big ball last Monday night.

C. J. Lowery was in the burg last Monday night seeing what can be done in an official way.

Mrs. H. V. Wright called on Mrs. Cooley and spent the evening, discussing certain community moves, both pro and con.

Isaacs Willhoit who was injured in a runaway some weeks ago, seems to be recovering but is gaining strength very slowly, probably on account of advanced years.

We notice when a man goes "hunched" he is dropped like a hot potato—the Christian spirit is never thought of—at any rate he is not nearly so popular as he was when he "kicked in" with the "kale seed".

Both the local and the general agent of the Pierce-Fordyce Oil Association were in Knowles last Tuesday. Yes, we expect they are reaching out and trying to grab some new business.

J. C. Ainsworth, of Andrews, Texas, came up to attend to some business in Knowles last Tuesday and returned home during the next night claims it to be too hot for comfort, to make the drive during the day.

Ed. Gage, I. C. Bell and W. C. Woolridge of Midland, Texas, came up to see what this country is made of, and incidentally keeping their eyes open for grass which seems to be rather a short article in that country.

A fine and most highly appreciated rain is reported to have fallen a few miles northwest of Lovington, last Monday—for it was badly needed in that section of the plains country.

We are able to detect with the natural eye, that a man sometimes becomes so "sanctified" he just can't compromise with the wrong—but a man is known by his works. He may think he is fooling somebody, but believe me, he's not.

The big bubble tire factory at Texico, which is a million dollar corporation will sure be built, provided their representative can induce the plains people to put up the necessary cash—quite a task.

Delbert Pain, the farmer from near the Texas line, a short distance south, was here buying improvements last Tuesday.

Musicien Blackmon from Monument was here last Monday playing for the dance.

When a being standing on two legs poses as a most refined moral gentleman and tries to be the king pin of his community, he can't for all time prevent showing that he is but a "rough neck".

Billy O Neal was in town the other day, and says he is working hard, taking care of his cattle. Says he can't afford to loose any of them—worth too much white metal. Go to it old boy, we are with you.

The Hardin boys are ably assisted by Theo Mosley are tacking at Olin's place. They say they need all the water the mill can bring to the surface.

The Emerson Mercantile Company has placed an awning around the front part of their store, which adds much comfort, during the intense dry heat.

The road to the valley can scarcely be classed as a peach—it's quite possible to get over it, but that's just about all. Midland in tones gone by, passed up the road question, until she lost all her immense plains trade, with no chance of ever recovering it. To us it seems scarcely possible, that the valley business men can afford to offlow the same course.

Oscar Thompson, Hawk Medlin, and Keen Barr, made a hurry-up business trip to Knowles last Tuesday afternoon—going west without delay.

John L. Emerson made a business trip to Carlsbad last Saturday returning home Sunday night.

W. G. Woerner made a trip to Carlsbad last week, to see that several of his real friends, from the plains, attended to business correctly.

Last Tuesday Captain J. S. Coleman, entertained his friends with a birthday blowout in the way of a splendid fish fry, which was very much appreciated by the fish hungry bunch. Among those present were:

A. C. Heard and family, W. M. Holloway and family, W. D. Marshall and family, Mr. and Mrs. R. Peveler, Cleve Arnold, and family, Young Holloway and family, D. H. Coleman and family, John L. Emerson, P. W. Cook, W. G. Woerner and Graham Peveler. The hull bunch decided unanimously they would again gather at the same place and partake of the same kind of a feast.

It seems the fighting British fleet gained but little advantage nad less glory in the recent North sea episode. They claim some of the actual facts are withheld for strategic reasons—yes, we understand.

QUEEN ITEMS.

Grandmother Queen returned to her home, with her daughter, Mrs. Fred Montgomery after a pleasant visit to her sons, John and Hillman Queen, of Malaga. Mrs. Queen was accompanied by her granddaughter, Miss Josie Queen who will spend a few weeks with Mrs. Montgomery.

Last Sunday was preaching day here. The preacher didn't come. We haven't heard why, but suppose he was called away, for some more important work.

Oscar and Ross Middleton are gathering their horses to take them to water. They will take them to Jer-nigan down in the foot hills.

Guy Davis and Ben Gelespie are leaving today on the mail car for Hachita, N. M.

Abbott Lyons, Guss Dean and Oliver Shattuck cleaned the mud out of Ned Shattuck's tank at the ranch. Bertha and Margaret Shattuck are on the sick list this week.

Mrs. Julia Shattuck whom Doctor Lyons has been treating is improving nicely.

Uncle Ed. Lyons is in Queen today for the first time in quite a while.

The stockmen moved their cattle from the company tank in Dog Canyon last week every man taking his cattle to his watering place.

Mrs. Benjamin Kuykerdall, son, Oliver, daughter, Edna, and Mrs. Kuykerdall's brother, Mr. Coffee and wife, motored to Queen last Friday looking at the country and returned to Rocky the same day.

It is still dry on the mountains, but has tried several times to rain. We are in hopes it will try until it succeeds and we get a good rain.

Mrs. C. C. Keller from Malaga, Lee Keller and Mrs. Luther Thomas came up Sunday with Mr. Greenlee. They returned the same day.

MALAGA NEWS.

Mr. and Mrs. Todd returned home Saturday morning from an extended visit with relatives.

Mrs. G. B. Moritzky and three children left Sunday morning for an extended visit at Mound Valley, Kan.

Mrs. Keller and Mrs. Luther Thomas and children went to Carlsbad Friday evening for the show and going from there to the mountains.

Mr. and Mrs. Black visited at Mr. Sherman's Sunday evening.

Miss Anna Hoag and Miss Annamay and Jessie Donaldson were out horse-back riding Saturday.

JAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Clay Slack, of Pecos, Texas, came out Monday to attend the funeral of Mrs. Slack's father, J. V. Stephens.

Mr. and Mrs. Loyd McCutchen are the proud parents of a girl baby, born May 30th.

Miss Sallie Black, who had been at Midland, Texas, for several months, returned home last week.

Mrs. Henry Stack and Evelyn were out from Pecos, Texas, to attend the funeral of Mr. Stephens.

DEATH OF J. V. STEPHENS.

Mr. Stephens died at his home near Jal, New Mexico, June 5th, 1916, leaving a wife and three children to mourn his loss. The deceased was born at Ripley, Miss., on the 14th day of February, 1856 being a little over three score years in age, yet he was enjoying good health until the health from which he never recovered.

Mr. Stephens came to Jal in 1908 and had resided here ever since, being one of the pioneers of this country. May the Heavenly Father who notes the smallest sparrow, comfort the widow and fatherless in their sorrow.

CHARLES K. AUBURG.

WATER—DO YOU NEED WATER?

To the Stockmen of Eddy county: I have succeeded in locating water for D. R. Harkey and W. H. Harroun. I have also been successful in locating water in various parts of Texas, Oklahoma and Mexico. I am the only man who has located water in Dog Canyon. I will go anywhere and guarantee water wherever I say it is located. Charges reasonable. Write or see me for terms. J. D. SHANNON, 16-June-2 Carlsbad, New Mex.

TO OWNERS OF DAIRY COWS.

Every person, firm or corporation, engaged in the dairy business or selling milk in towns of 500 inhabitants or more, shall have their cows examined and tested with Tuberculin by a qualified Veterinarian authorized by the Cattle Sanitary Board.

Cattle Sanitary Board, By W. J. Linwood, Sec'y. Dr. W. C. Doss, State Veterinarian.

FOUND.—A pair of spectacles. Owner can have same by calling at this office.

BOYS AND GIRLS CLUB WORK IN EDDY COUNTY.

A trip was made over the county recently in the interest of boys and girls club work. Mr. W. T. Conway, State Leader of club work for New Mexico accompanied on this trip.

Meetings were held in each community where there is a club and after the meeting visits were made to the homes of some of the club members to see what he or she was doing.

Many fine pigs were seen and lots of chickens from a day old up to a good broiler size.

The first contest to be held this season will be at Lovington in August at the time of the Lovington Fair. At that time the boys and girls in the Lovington, Knowles and High Lonesome clubs will compete for prizes.

The local contest at Lovington will be on Wednesday, Sept. 6th; Otis, Thursday, Sept. 7th; Hope, Friday, Sept. 8th; Artesia, Saturday, Sept. 9th; and Lkewood, Monday, Sept. 11.

The winners from each local contest will be expected to attend the County Fair at Artesia which will begin, in all probability, on Wednesday, Sept. 13th. At Artesia the local champions of each district will compete for county-wide honors.

The county-wide winners will in all probability go to the Roswell District Fair, which takes place the following week.

There are over 200 boys and girls actively engaged in club work in Eddy county. These club-workers of today will be the farmers of tomorrow in this county. It is very necessary that the parents, business men and others of each community get behind this club movement and see that it is carried out according to present plans. Remember the above dates and help to make the contests a success.—Farmers' Exchange Bulletin.

CARLSBAD ASTONISHED BY SIMPLE MIXTURE.

Carlsbad people are astonished at the INSTANT action of simple buck-thorn bark, glycerine, etc., as mixed in Adler-ka. ONE SPOONFUL removes such surprising foul matter it relieves almost ANY CASE constipation, sour stomach or gas. Because Adler-ka acts on BOTH lower and upper bowels, a few doses often relieve or prevent appendicitis. A short treatment helps chronic stomach trouble. The Star Pharmacy.

ANTI-AMERICAN RIOTS BECOME ALARMING.

Washington, June 10.—Administration officials were uneasy today over continued reports of anti-American demonstrations in northern Mexico. Americans, fearing serious riots, are making their way to the border in great numbers and those seeking to return to Mexico are being advised against such action by border agents acting under orders.

Joffre in London.

London, June 9.—General Joffre, the French commander-in-chief, is in London.

Christian & Co., INSURANCE.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

Buick runabout good as new, to trade for sheep, hogs, colts or any kind of live stock, except Belgian hares. Wm. H. Mullane, Carlsbad.

Harry Woodman

Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist

Having purchased the CLUB STABLES and located permanently in Carlsbad, I wish to inform the public that I will be ready to answer calls at all hours, day or night, in the practice of my profession, that of Veterinary Surgeon.

All examinations at the CLUB STABLES will be made FREE OF CHARGE. Services will be reasonable and satisfaction guaranteed.

Phone night or day

Club Stables

Phone No. 78

BLOATING.

For acute bloating in cattle drench with a solution of 1-2 ounce of formalin (40 per cent formaldehyde) in a quart of water. Insert a wooden block in the mouth of the animal and give gentle exercise if the animal can be gotten up. Recovery should follow in about 30 minutes.

Franklin



Chalmers

"ASK ANY OWNER"

J. S. OLIVER

HUSBAND RESCUED DESPAIRING WIFE

After Four Years of Discouraging Conditions, Mrs. Bullock Gave Up in Despair. Husband Came to Rescue.

Catron, Ky.—In an interesting letter from this place, Mrs. Bettie Bullock writes as follows: "I suffered for four years, with womanly troubles, and during this time, I could only sit up for a little while, and could not walk anywhere at all. At times, I would have severe pains in my left side."

The doctor was called in, and his treatment relieved me for a while, but I was soon confined to my bed again. After that, nothing seemed to do me any good. I had gotten so weak I could not stand, and I gave up in despair.

At last, my husband got me a bottle of Cardui, the woman's tonic, and I commenced taking it. From the very first dose, I could tell it was helping me. I can now walk two miles without its tiring me, and am doing my work."

If you are all run down from womanly troubles, don't give up in despair. Try Cardui, the woman's tonic. It has helped more than a million women, in its 50 years of wonderful success, and should surely help you, too. Your druggist has sold Cardui for years. He knows what it will do. Ask him. He will recommend it. Begin taking Cardui today.

Write for Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions on your case and 64-page book, "Home Dressing for Women" sent in plain wrapper. 10c.

House of Representatives, U. S., Washington, D. C., June 10, 1916.

My Dear Sir:—

I have a limited number of copies of the final report of the Commission on Industrial Relations, also a number of copies of the Agricultural Year Book of 1915, which is the latest published, and shall be pleased to send them to any one to whom they may be of interest.

I will ask you to be kind enough to make a note of this in your valuable paper, and thanking you in advance, I am,

Yours very truly,

B. C. HERNANDEZ.

FOR SALE.—Fire proof safe, small size. THE BOSTON STORE.

HUGHES CONGRATULATED BY FAIRBANKS.

Indianapolis, Ind., June 10.—Mr. Fairbanks sent the following telegram to Mr. Hughes:

"Hon. Charles E. Hughes, Washington, D. C.

"I most heartily congratulate you on your selection as the leader of the republican party in the present national contest."

"(Signed)
"CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS."

REWARD

\$5.00 REWARD FOR ARREST AND CONVICTION OF ANYONE TURNING ON WATER AT A FIRE PLUG WITHOUT AUTHORITY.

The Public Utilities Co.

WHY THROW THEM AWAY WHEN SLEAZE WILL MAKE THEM WEAR LIKE NEW AT THE FOLLOWING PRICES. GIVE HIM A TRIAL:

Men's 1-2 Soles, Nailed, 85c.
Ladies' 1-2 Soles, Nailed, 65c.
Men's 1-2 Soles, Sewed, \$1.25
Ladies' 1-2 Soles, Sewed, 1.00
Childrens Shoes according to size.
Heels, Men's, strengthened, 40c.
Heels, Ladies', strengthened, 25c.
Heels, Ladies' or Men's, Rubber 50c.

I am not boasting of my long experience, but will compete with the best in workmanship and material.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

H. J. SLEAZE

Boot and Shoe Maker

South Side U. S. Market Building

Carlsbad, New Mexico

CARLSBAD AUTOMOBILE COMPANY

Official Service Station

—FOR THE—

ELECTRIC STORAGE BATTERY COMPANY

—MAKERS OF THE FAMOUS—

EXIDE BATTERY

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO GIVE THE BEST POSSIBLE SERVICE IN BATTERY CHARGING AND REPAIRING, AS WELL AS TESTING AND ADJUSTING OF ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT.

BATTERIES EXCHANGED

CARLSBAD AUTOMOBILE COMPANY

O. H. JOYCE, President A. C. HEARD Vice-Pr. J. F. JOYCE, Vice Pres. G. M. COOKE, Cashier W. A. CRAIG, Asst. Cashier

The First National Bank

CARLSBAD, N. M.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY

DIRECTORS

JOHN R. JOYCE L. S. CRAWFORD
A. J. CRAWFORD A. C. HEARD
G. M. COOKE CLARENCE BELL J. F. JOYCE

The Carlsbad Current

Wm. H. Mullane, Editor and Manager

OFFICIAL PAPER EDDY COUNTY.

Carlsbad, N. M., Friday, June 16, 1916

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One year in advance \$1.50
Six months in advance 1.00
Three months in advance .50
Sample copies, 5 cents.

NOTICE TO CURRENT SUBSCRIBERS—CURRENT \$2.00

The Current feels grateful for the many kind friends who have stood by us through good and bad times, through adversity and prosperity, through good and evil reports for the past nearly twenty-four years, and is proud to state that there are now on the subscription list over 200 who have taken the paper since the first year of its existence. As is well known, the subscription price for the first twelve years was two dollars per annum in advance but was, in 1906, cut to one-fifty. Then the price of paper was about one half of the present price and all kinds of labor was at a lower standard. Owing to these conditions and the added fact that the paper contains about four times the quantity of reading of any other in the country, it has been decided to raise the subscription rate to \$2.00 per annum to take effect September 1st. As an inducement for all to secure the paper for the coming year, a special rate will be made of \$2.00 to all who pay up to September 1st and for one year in advance after which the paper will be sent from or after Sept. 1st until Jan. 1, 1918. This will give all an opportunity to receive the Current through the campaign free for four months. It was with more than ordinary concern that this action has been decided upon, but we have found it impossible to publish such a paper as the Current at the price it has been for ten years, and it has come to the place where we are compelled to reduce the size of the paper or increase the rate, and as between the two it was not difficult to decide as we believe Eddy county should have at least one first class county paper, which will be sent only to pay-in-advance subscribers and names removed from the list without notice except the date after the name on the paper which shows the time the subscription expires as many object to a paper continuing to be sent after the first paid time expires. Watch the expiration date after your name and do not expect the paper after that date unless by special agreement for a few weeks in order to give those living at a distance time to get to town.

The withdrawal of Teddy from politics which he has announced will, no doubt, make the political game more respectable, for if there ever was a demagogue it was that same Teddy. However, he seems to have had sense enough to quit when he found it was impossible to make a great bluff win.

The Afterberry sale on the Benson farm last Saturday was not well attended, but all who came seemed to want something, according to Auctioneer McIlvain, who says he sold small turkeys at as high as 80 cents each but the milk cows did not go so well several being sold as low as \$50. Mac can get about all there is in almost any kind of plunder and if you want to get tied loose from any old stuff just get him to call a sale.

As will be noted from the statement made by General Funston the situation between Mexico and the United States was never more serious. It seems the politicians of both parties in Mexico have worked many of the people into a frenzy by reporting that the Americans are interfering with the government of Mexico and working on the well known pride of the better element of the Mexican people, though, in that country as elsewhere, the people generally are against war. It is now authoritatively stated that the United States has an army of 50,000 ready at a moment's notice to defend the border against attack by an army from Mexico. At every station along the Southern Pacific now are held sufficient regulars to protect the citizens from any attack and there will not be another Columbus outrage, but, if matters continue getting worse it will not surprise any if the whole of Mexico is not in possession of Uncle Sam within a few months not as a matter of conquest but as a means of protection to the people of the border states.

The Beaty Wilson sale Monday, was gulled off according to the announcement and quite a crowd attended. While the cows did not bring as high prices as they should, considering the class of milk stock they were, the prices exceeded that paid recently for Jerseys. The lowest price paid was for a heifer of three years giving four gallons which sold for \$54. The highest was for a cow of five years which brought \$76.00. As Mr. Wilson paid

\$100 for several of the cows, the price did not look good to him. However, it has come the turn when a milk cow will hardly hold its own with a range cow for there seems to be a general drift toward raising cows for stock purposes and not for dairying. But, it is only a question of time when the pendulum will swing the other way and we will hear of milk cows bringing \$150.00 while range cows will be going at from \$30.00 to \$40.00.

L. E. Gillett, traveling salesman for Overland cars, delivered a car load of Overlands to Chas. Tucker Wednesday.

Dan Harroun, arrived Tuesday from Missouri where he has attended school and will spend his vacation with his parents near Malaga.

W. L. Ashbrook was in from the ranch Monday. While here he was a guest of the Bates' hotel.

C. W. Merchant came up from Abilene, Texas, the first of the week and is visiting his sons, Will, Lige, and John, and looking after business.

Mrs. Frank Prue, of Hope, and daughter were stopping at the Bates' hotel Sunday. Mrs. Prue was returning from Stanton, whither she had gone to accompany her daughter home from school.

Mr. and Mrs. McIntosh entertained five tables at bridge Friday evening. Mrs. C. C. Sikes received a handsome watercolor for high score for the ladies, and Mr. Jackson captured the gentlemen's prize, a pair of gent's silk hose. A delicious two course luncheon was served at the close of the game.

The pleasant home of Dr. and Mrs. Ervin was all aglow with bright lights Monday evening, complimenting Captain W. W. Dean, Nasturtiums and sweet peas were used in decoration and bridge was played at five tables. Mrs. Sikes made top score and carried off the handsome sandwich basket, and Mr. Jackson the silver mounted cigar case. A refreshing ice course was served by the pleasant hostess.

Monday Isabelle the daughter of Elbert Smith, and wife, returned from a very pleasant stay of three weeks or more in Portales, with her grandparents, Mrs. W. H. Smith, and her aunt, Dora Smith. Howard, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Smith, who went as far as Portales with Mr. and Miss Pratt, returned with her. She is well pleased with her visit.

Mrs. Jack Horn and the children, also Miss Grace O'Quinn, are planning a pleasure trip to the state line, to the home of Mrs. Horn's parents, T. A. Ezell and wife. This is an ideal place to visit, near the river so fishing and bathing can both be enjoyed any afternoon. Then the house is large and airy, with an upstairs for sleeping and cool large porches.

Invitations are out for a dance at the home of Miss Violet Gossett, for tonight, which will prove a very delightful affair.

The friends of Mrs. Wisdom regret to state that she is on the sick list again this week, but they are wishing for her speedy recovery.

A. N. Pratt and sister, Miss Pratt, left for the Pacific coast the first of the week, to be gone a month or more. While away Mr. Pratt will enjoy the encampment with the Nights Templars.

The statement in a recent issue of the Current referring to Adjutant General Herring as "Bunker Herring" was an error as it appears from further investigation that the Current was misinformed in regard to the facts, and in justice to all concerned makes this as an amende honorable. From present indications it is time that all good citizens would work for the building up of the National Guard for there is no telling what time complications may arise that will necessitate a large draft upon the people for the protection of the country. Already the Americans are being driven out of Mexico and if a real war is started with Mexico all who are able will be expected to go and assist in protecting the country. While we differed from the adjutant general and the governor in placing Major Bujac on the unassigned list, the major himself has led out by going after recruits and from his actions we take it he desires that all who are able to pass the physical examination go to help protect New Mexico. It is, therefore, no time to start a controversy and for this reason the Current will refrain from further comments on the merits or demerits of the head of the National Guard.

Mr. Koverman, the boot and shoe maker, has changed his residence, moving from the old Gee home to the old M. Livingston residence.

STATE POLITICS.

Santa Fe, June 13.—Republicans of the nation and of the state will go into the campaign this year with just one outstanding idea—to put the Democrats out of office and gain control of the machinery of government for their own selfish ends.

The constructive legislative measures of the Democratic congress, which have resulted in unprecedented prosperity; the splendid statesmanship of Woodrow Wilson, which has kept the country free of international complications, while maintaining American dignity and honor, and the soundness and efficiency of Democratic management in New Mexico, which have made this infant among the states the rival of her older sisters in many departments, have left the Republicans here and throughout the country without a single issue with which to appeal to the intelligence and sound judgment of the voters. Republicans as well as Democrats, Progressives and Socialists, are today enjoying the fruits of Democratic wisdom and foresightfulness, and are utterly without ground for any complaint against, for criticism of, the Democratic administrations.

A few days ago New Mexico's Republican congressman, B. C. Hernandez, in a letter to "El Nuevo Estado," the Republican organ of Rio Arriba county, highly praised the Rural Credit bill, one of the great financial measures of the present Democratic administration, which will soon become a law, and which it is estimated will save the farmers of the United States \$75,000,000 a year in interest. He announced that he had voted for the bill; that he regarded it as one of great importance to the farmers of this state, and that it represented a far step forward in bettering the conditions of the agricultural classes.

Everyone remembers the famous "sheep" posters that the Republicans scattered broadcast through New Mexico during the presidential campaign of 1912. They pictured a man in the act of slaughtering a sheep, the man representing the Democratic party and the animal the sheep industry of this and other states. The attempt was to create the belief that if the Democrats were elected and their tariff reforms put into effect, sheep raising, so important to many sections of this state, would be given its death blow. How appropriate these posters would be today, after more than three years of Democratic national control, with sheep and wool commanding record prices! How convincing they would be of the accuracy and reliability of Republican prophecies!

The other day Secundino Romero, one of the Republican candidates for the gubernatorial nomination, sold several thousand head of sheep at prices far in excess of any ever received during the days of Republican control. H. O. Bursum, another Republican gubernatorial candidate, who is said to have been foolish enough to believe his party's claim of 1912, and to have lost heavily as a result of contracting his wool at a low price, will naturally realize handsomely on his clip this year. The big profits of Frank Hubbell, a candidate for the Republican nomination for United States senator, whose 1916 wool output is estimated at 250,000 pounds, can be easily figured. It would require a wonderful stretch of imagination to credit these men with dissatisfaction over present conditions. The great prosperity they are enjoying has come to them, along with all other sheep growers in the state, under Democratic rule. They know that the unparalleled prosperity of the industry commenced before the opening of the European war, which Republican leaders, in sheer desperation, are declaring responsible for every prosperous condition obtaining. And they know further, that the Democratic party now proposes a tariff commission, with the object of taking the tariff out of politics and making permanent the commercial and industrial prosperity now existing. They, in common with other Republicans, have absolutely nothing to complain of. Their only ailment is a desire for office, and their only grievance is based upon a consuming fear that the people will not allow them to have it.

In the last four and one-half years of the Democratic control of state affairs in New Mexico greater progress has been made than in the fifteen years preceding, when Republicanism was absolute in the territory. The record is one of ability, honesty and economy compared with incompetency, dishonesty and extravagance. Against the sad and unsavory history of the penitentiary under Republican management, the splendid showing made by the present Democratic superintendent stands out in bold relief, commanding the admiration of every fair minded citizen. The wonderful educational strides and the unequalled handling of the state institutions of learning have compelled the praise of even the partisan Republican press. Considering the funds at hand, the cause of good roads has been advanced amazingly, and within the last year,

to keep credit from the Democratic notwithstanding the efforts of Republican obstructionists, striving madly administration, Democratic progressiveness brought about the sale of the state highway bonds and made available one-half million dollars for the important work of highway construction in New Mexico.

In this state, possibly more than in any other state of the union, selfish and unscrupulous interests will be behind every effort made by Republican leaders to return the Republican machine to power. It is the duty of every loyal citizen of New Mexico regardless of party affiliations to line up in November determined that these interests shall not prevail; to work solidly together for the future of their state by the election of a Democratic ticket.

ENROLLMENT OF TEACHERS' INSTITUTE

Misses Maud Jones, Inez Jones, Louise Baxter, Vera Pearce, Vude Kroeger, Blanche Boyd, Pattie Witt, Edith Davis, Nettie Vaughn, Joanna Hudburgh, Lola Marshall, Nola G. Harrell, Lizzie D. Walls, Nannie Farrell, Mabel Mudgett, Zada Mudgett, Mesdames Dudley Smith, Mary Reed Miller, A. A. Kaiser, Anna T. Boyd, Laura S. Miller, Jennie Wright, Marie B. Miller, C. S. Bell, M. C. Pearce, and Messrs. L. S. Jones, R. D. Pulliam, J. M. Mann, George R. Spencer, Jerry Pearce, Otis L. Jones, Curran Jones, R. M. Jones, Frank V. Walls, H. G. Howard, Frank Howard.

Tommy Jordan, the Pullman conductor between here and Kansas City, called at the Current office Wednesday. Tommy said he was all tired out from being on the jump for the last eight days and nights, as he could not get back to Kansas City for the wash-out on the North Canadian river where the engine and nearly all the coaches toppled over into the river and the fireman lost his life.

B. B. McClure residing on Cass draw near the W. W. Galton farm threshed his oats two weeks ago and hauled in about 2,000 bushels last week for which he received \$1.50 per hundred, or fifty cents per bushel. Mr. McClure is an experienced farmer, having raised oats all his life and remarked that he could do better here than either in Kansas, or any other eastern state he ever farmed. He states that some of his crops made as high as eighty bushels per acre and the oats were of an excellent quality.

Will Fenton, wife, his mother, Mrs. M. E. Fenton, and his sister, Mrs. J. M. Smith, of Coleman, accompanying them, arrived at the ranch Saturday. They were only two days coming from Coleman here, and had a splendid trip without any car troubles. Mr. and Mrs. Fenton were called to Coleman some three or four weeks ago, his mother being very ill. She is doing nicely now, and it is to be hoped it will come a good rain now, so it will be cool nice weather, and every one that can will not be running off to find cool weather.

F. G. Tracy received six registered Durham heifers, the oldest four years, and a registered bull. Mr. Tracy is now on the way to a fine registered herd. The bull is a fine roan and two of the heifers also while the other four are blood red.

John Lusk last week, Thursday evening, arrived from Big Springs, Tex., with twenty-five fine yearling white face bulls which he purchased near there for \$75 each. They are good looking stock and will make a fine addition to his already well bred stock of cattle.

BRIDGE.

Mr. and Mrs. Dee Jackson proved themselves genial host and hostess last night when they entertained five tables at bridge, honoring Capt. W. W. Dean, who was called to the border yesterday by telegram. The tables were cozily arranged and the games proved very interesting, resulting in Mrs. Will Ed. Carter winning the choice box of stationery, for high score, and Mr. McIlvain carrying off the high score for the gentlemen, which was a handsome silver hat brush. A delicious two-course luncheon was served at the individual card tables. Those that bridged were Mr. and Mrs. Tipton, Mr. and Mrs. McIlvain, Dr. and Mrs. Ervin, Mr. and Mrs. Hardy, Mr. and Mrs. Will Ed. Carter, Mr. and Mrs. Dilly, Mr. and Mrs. Dean, Mr. and Mrs. Sikes, Mr. and Mrs. Christian, Mrs. Mary Reed Miller and Paul McLenathan.

Mr. McEntire, from Page, Oklahoma, arrived in Carlsbad last Thursday. He came after his wife, who was here visiting her aunt, Mrs. John Cantrell. Mr. and Mrs. Buska and little daughter, Dorothy, came down from Roswell with him. They went on to El Paso and will visit Columbus and Elephant Butte dam, and other places, before returning to Roswell to visit another aunt of Mrs. McEntire's, Mrs. C. G. Thomas, who is residing in Roswell, and after a long and pleasant trip, visiting different places, they will return to Page, Oklahoma. They are making the trip by auto.

BRIDLES-WORK BRIDLES

50c. AND 75c. WHILE THEY LAST

CORNER DRUG STORE

"HAS IT"

SPECIAL DISPATCH.

Amarillo, Texas, June 16.—The conference held in New York between the railroads and their train service employees adjourned yesterday without agreement. The employees will now order a strike vote. The men insist on their demand for an eight hour day without giving up any favored present rule for compensation. The railroads offered to submit the matter in controversy either to arbitration, or to the Interstate Commerce Commission for adjustment, or to be settled under the Newlands act. All three offers were rejected. The men say that they always had the worst of it under arbitration and refuse to consider any method of settlement before a disinterested committee.—A. M. HOVE.

Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Williams, the Misses Elsie Wallis, Hakes, Mabel Hartshorn, motored to Rocky Sunday and spent the day enjoying a splendid picnic dinner, and returned that same afternoon.

H. E. James is remodeling the Fatty fountain, decorating the interior and painting the front part of the building.

Snooks Gordon was in town Tuesday. He said this dry weather was more than any one had bargained for.

Ruth Duncan returned Friday from a two weeks stay in Artesia, the guest of Belle and Serena Perry.

Mr. and Mrs. Grubaugh and their daughter, Miss Goldie, returned Sunday night from a ten days trip to their farm nine miles from Clovis. Goldie stayed up there and will spend the summer. They made the trip in their Studebaker, leaving there Sunday morning at 8 o'clock and reaching home the same evening, being about 12 hours on the road. Harry joined them at Clovis and made the return trip with them.

J. L. Emerson of Knowles was a welcome visitor the first of the week.

Mrs. A. W. White was called to Palmaria, Ill., by message stating that her mother was very ill.

J. D. Rackley, wife and children, spent the first of the week at the Bingle farm fishing. The children had a fine time riding in the boat and swimming, and Mack said "we had a good time, if we didn't catch all the fish in the river".

PERCHERON STALLION VILLA

No. 110463

Foaled Dec. 28, 1913

WILL MAKE SEASON OF 1916 AT GRANDI FARM-SIX MILES SOUTHEAST OF CARLSBAD AT \$10.00 CASH WHEN MARE IS BRED FOR SEASON AND \$15.00 TO INSURE LIVE FOAL.

Parting with mare forfeits insurance and amount becomes due for colt at once.

C. GRANDI.

Since the first of the year a class of more than twenty members under the care of the Rev. Mr. Pratt has been meeting weekly in the Presbyterian manse, and the interest has been intense. Vacation with its consequent absence has reduced attendance, and the meeting Monday night the propriety of discontinuing till fall will be acted on.

L. E. Hayes has moved from the Gee cottage, and have one of the Crawford residences, beyond the Captain Church residence.

Mrs. Ed. Turner, of San Antonio, came Friday and is the guest of her brothers, the Messrs. Dicksons. Mr. Turner is an engineer on the Southern Pacific with headquarters at San Antonio. Mrs. Turner will be here for a month or more. She is well pleased with Carlsbad and was agreeably surprised to find as many shade trees and paved streets as we have.

The remarkable low quotations on alfalfa making it possible to obtain but \$8.50 F. O. B. Carlsbad, for shipment to eastern markets, has brought about during the present drouth what should have developed long ago. The stockmen are paying more for the alfalfa than can be secured by shipping and it pays them too, for it will hardly pay to allow a \$75 cow die for want of a ton of \$10 alfalfa.

Electric Service

In The Home

Is Essential to Good Housekeeping

It isn't guess work ---
It isn't a possibility ---
but a cold fact, that during these warm days our

"NEW ELECTRIC FANS"

Are a Comfort

Yours for service,

The Public Utilities Co

Do It Electrically

CARLSBAD LOCAL ITEMS

Fred Felin and Ural Boyd were in town Wednesday.

F. G. Tracy returned from his trip to New York last week.

J. D. Rackley is very busy this week cutting his fine crop of alfalfa hay.

T. C. Love and wife, from the west side, of town, were here Wednesday.

Orville Beals, who was in town last Saturday, left for El Paso Tuesday.

Mrs. Scott Etter, who was quite ill all last week, is reported much better.

Miss Mary Usery has accepted a position at Flowers' store for the summer.

Joe Lusk and wife are guests of the Bates' hotel today. Mr. Lusk is here delivering a bunch of steers.

George Stone, came up from his ranch near Orla, Texas, last night. He will return to Orla tomorrow.

Mrs. J. F. Flowers entertained the ladies of the Methodist church with a tea at her home this afternoon.

Major E. P. Bujac returned Monday from Chicago whither he journeyed to attend the Bull Moose convention.

Mrs. Henry C. Dickinson has been very ill for the past week or more, but is reported some better today.

B. E. Proser, came in last week, Thursday, and is canvassing the valley for the Watkins toilet articles, etc.

N. L. Randolph, accompanied Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Price to Lovington going Tuesday and returning yesterday.

J. H. Kelly, manager for the Peoples at Lovington, will spend a few days in town on business for the firm.

Cal Miller came in from the Point some sixty miles south west last Saturday and reports the country very dry.

Mrs. J. Oscar King, is here from Pecos, to look after some legal business connected with her husband's estate.

Madame Thorne, and sister, Miss English, were guests at the Hardy home Tuesday, and enjoyed a splendid dinner.

Mrs. John Merchant was in from the ranch Monday and spent Tuesday in town, returning to the ranch the last of the week.

Chas. Tucker, the salesman for the Overland, returned from El Paso and Pecos Monday where he had been for the past ten days.

W. Q. Leatherman, wife and little daughter, Nannie Lummie, were in from the 9K ranch Friday and returned to the ranch next day.

Mrs. Agnes Lange returned last week from a stay of over a year in San Francisco where she taught German in one of the city schools.

The Woman's club at Otis are posing for the movies today and maybe some time we will have the pleasure of seeing them at the Peoples.

Johnnie Dickson was up from the Coad ranch Wednesday. He states that a good rain in their vicinity would help things out wonderfully.

Johnnie Barber is spending the week end in Carlsbad, looking after business. He is here today. His family is still in Oklahoma visiting relatives.

J. W. Bates, father of the Bates boys, left Tuesday for Eureka Springs, Arkansas, where he expects to spend the summer at this resort for health purposes.

Mrs. Lige Mitchell and the small baby boy have both been quite ill for the past two weeks. The baby is not doing very well, having an attack of jaundice.

Tom Curtis came in from near Pearl fifty-five miles northeast last Monday and reports the stock doing well, but says unless rain comes, soon conditions will be serious.

Mr. and Mrs. George Roberts are occupying the home of Mr. and Mrs. Will Craig while they spend the summer in Colorado. They went recently to be away all summer.

Allie Rushing was in last Monday from his ranch near Orla and says his stock are doing well at present on account of the feed in the sand being green still in places.

Mr. McComb and Tom Gray passed through town Saturday returning from a prospecting trip to Van Horn and Pecos. Mr. McComb was looking after a deal to sell some of his fine horses in Pecos. They went by automobile and said the road was long and dusty.

Mrs. L. M. Thompson and two sons, now of San Francisco passed through Carlsbad Monday night enroute to Dexter where they will make a two months visit with her parents and relatives. Mrs. Thompson has resided in San Francisco the past 5 years and she enjoys the climate of the Pacific coast.

Mrs. Chas. E. Mitchell, of Kansas City, spent two days in Carlsbad visiting and resting. She has had a visit with her sister, Mrs. Johnson, of Hope. She left Tuesday for her home.

Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Arthur, and little son, Ralph, and Mrs. Arthur's mother, Mrs. Shropshire, were up from Loving Wednesday shopping and enjoying a car ride.

Johnnie Stewart and Lee Middleton were seen in town yesterday. They must have been very busy as they did not call at this office and give us the news. We don't want this to happen again.

Walter Pendleton, Miss Ella Campbell, and Mrs. Les Bates, motored to Roswell Saturday afternoon and met the Misses Campbells at that place. The party spent the night in Roswell and returned to Carlsbad the next day, Sunday.

Mrs. C. C. Keller, Mrs. Luther Thomas, the two little girls, and Lee Keller, went out to the mountains Sunday in Greenlee's Chevrolet. The ladies returned the same day. Lee stopped with Walter E. Thayer a day or two and rode Mrs. Keller's saddle horse to town Wednesday.

T. G. Darman, W. A. Bender, James Lamb, Sam Wuldrup and Ben Pachroskie, with the U. S. Survey, under Mr. Lyman, came in from the plains country and celebrated Flag Day, which is a national holiday, and was observed here by flags flying from all the business houses and many automobiles laden with children were arrayed with flags.

Walter Pendleton took two cow-buys out to the Washington ranch this week to look at the J. D. Roberts cattle at that ranch. One of the men bought the steer cattle, and they will be delivered Monday, and the other buyer took the stock cattle which will be delivered later. They paid a good price for the cattle.

Mrs. Hedrick, who was seriously injured about the head when she was thrown from a horse and dragged a rod or more last week, is doing well. Mr. Hedrick was busy in the field, and Mrs. Hedrick saddled the young horse and went to look after some cattle. The horse went along the fence until he came to where Mr. Hepler was using the other horses, she kept urging the horse along and when he had gotten a short distance he reared and jumped in a way that threw her from the saddle, her foot hanging in the stirrup. She was picked up unconscious and a long gash was cut in her temple which Dr. Miller said only liked a fraction of an inch of killing her. As it was, it required a number of stitches to close the wound, and close attention for a number of days.

Tom Gray and daughter, Miss Ida Belle, also Miss Macy Usery, brought Mrs. Rickman and children home. They had been spending the last two weeks with Mrs. Rickman's parents at the ranch and getting away from the heat and dust of the town. They came by auto and Mr. Gray and the girls returned to the ranch same afternoon.

Mrs. Fannie Mitchell, an aunt of the Mitchell boys here, came up from Pecos and Toyah, last week and brot Daisy Mitchell home. Daisy says she had a fine time and I have never seen her looking so well. Mrs. Mitchell left on the mail car Tuesday for a visit with G. Mitchell, a brother-in-law who has a ranch between here and Monument.

Mr. Biggs, of Canyon City, grandfather of Mrs. Eugene Roberts, came down from Santa Fe Thursday and has been the guest of the Roberts home. He expects to return to Santa Fe tonight or in the morning, accompanied by Mrs. Eugene Roberts and Miss Margurite Roberts, who will make an extended visit in Santa Fe, and no doubt enjoy every minute of her stay.

Christian & Co., INSURANCE.

GOLDEN WEDDING.

Monday, the twelfth of June, was the fiftieth anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Lucius Anderson. They are so well and favorably known throughout the Pecos valley one needs only to mention their name. Miss Bettie Rule, the second granddaughter, while in Roswell, with her good friend, Will Robinson, got out the invitations done in gold, to which more than 200 responded. The unusual event was pleasantly observed by a reception, given at the Anderson home, between the hours of eight and twelve. Cut flowers of the golden hue, bright bowls of sweet peas and ferns were used to decorate the parlor and library.

Iced orange punch was served thru out the evening. Many pretty gifts of gold, as spoons, two handsome gold cups, brooches, cuff buttons, and articles in gold too numerous to mention, also gold pieces ranging from \$2.50 to \$20.00 were received; many five and ten and two twenty dollar gold pieces among the number. The immediate members of the family were all present except the grandson, Craddock Rule, and wife. Craddock sent a message wishing them many more pleasant anniversaries.

Choice gold brick ice cream and gold cake were daintily served.

After the departure of the older guests, the young people played games enjoyed a moving picture farce and spent a few hours tripping the light fantastic toe. All went merry as wedding bells should and Mr. and Mrs. Anderson were voted the most congenial of the younger set.

Rev. J. T. Redmon is now able to be out and around. While he was laid up for a time, from the operation for the removal of his toe, he feels he will be much better in the end, as the member was always giving him trouble, at one time having a very bad attack of blood poison.

Misses Lucile Farrell and Mildred Walter left by auto for the Farrell ranch after the wedding Tuesday morning, where Mildred will spend a few weeks with her friend and enjoy an ideal ranch home, lounging under the shade of the tall trees, and many other pleasures to numerous to mention.

DANCE.

Mesdames Brockman and Zigler honored their visiting nephew, Henry Heintz, from Nebraska, with a very pleasant dancing party at the home of the former, Mrs. Brockman, Tuesday night. About forty-five were present and enjoyed dancing, games and delicious ice cream, and a variety of cakes, the music was furnished by the grapholite. The night was perfect, and the way to and from the Brockman home was one of pleasure.

Captain W. W. Dean and Arthur O'Quinn returned from Lovington yesterday afternoon, having gone there earlier in the week to secure recruits for Company B. They succeeded in getting Charles Blair, of Lovington, to enlist. On their return here Captain Dean found a telegram calling him to the front. He left for Columbus last night with nine recruits. We only secured part of their names: Jim Walters, of Hope, J. J. Rye, of Lakewood, Jerry Pearce and Chas. Blair.

John Neveger came in from the ranch Sunday and made a trip to Roswell in the car Monday accompanied by his daughter and her husband, Mr. and Mrs. Will Ed. Carter. They returned Tuesday and Mr. Neveger went out to the ranch Wednesday.

Dr. and Mrs. Leon Durham are leaving Carlsbad next week, to make their home in Arizona. Mr. Durham has finished his work here and the government is sending him to Arizona where there seems to be a long stay for them. They will make their home in Prescott this summer and in Phoenix during the winter. They leave a large circle of friends who regret their going and hope since it is necessary for them to make the change, Mr. Durham will enjoy as good health there as he has here.

THESE HOT DAYS

YOU WILL ALWAYS FIND THE

SWEET SHOP

A PLEASANT RETREAT

TO THE SISTERS OF ST. FRANCIS

To the editor of the Current.—Please give the following a space in your paper:

My pen cannot voice my feelings but the feelings of the whole town at the closing of St. Francis Sanatorium, which means your removal from our midst. Since taking over the institution the improvements you have made on the property shows the abilities and interest of good citizens for their town. The unseen hand of God has surely blessed your work for without cooperation, which we citizens have neglected to our loss, the destitute regardless of creed or nationality, have been cared for and the poor, lone tubercular tenderly nursed and if not restored to health assisted on the road to eternity. You had but to enter the halls of the institution to be imbued with its spirit. The sweet simplicity, the bright cheerful candor portrayed souls whose desires are far beyond the petty things of this world.

Dear Sisters: you are leaving us with a universal regret, love and esteem of the community and since we know our loss is your gain we wish you the choicest blessings of heaven and assure you that you are leaving a memory in Carlsbad that time will not erase.

A. CITIZEN.

M. L. Hughes, the machinist helper for Ben Christian, at the depot came near losing his life last Friday. He was firing on the locomotive coming from Pecos in the afternoon in place of the regular fireman and became very heated. He fell over before the engineer was aware of his condition and was placed in a coach while the brakeman fired the balance of the trip from Orla, and it was only by great efforts of the trainmen that he was kept from expiring while coming to Carlsbad, when he was taken to the sanitarium. He is improving but will be unable to work for a couple of weeks.

CAMPING PARTY TO MOUNTAINS

Monday Mr. and Mrs. Milton Smith and their visiting guest, Mrs. Ione McLain, of Sweet Water, Texas, Elsworth James, wife and baby boy, Marvin Livingston, and wife, left for the mountains and have spent the week camping on Dark Canyon just above the Thayer ranch. Joe Livingston motored out Monday afternoon and spent the night with the camping party.

MOVING PICTURE

SCENES FOR PROJECT. C. J. Blanchard statistician of the Reclamation Service, also H. T. Cowling, the official photographer, arrived Wednesday from Washington, D. C., and immediately began making moving pictures of scenes on the Carlsbad project. They were very busy yesterday and today.

Sunday Mrs. Keen Barr, accompanied by her sister, Mrs. John Moore, went out in the Dolph Lusk car to Lovington. Mrs. Barr returned to her home and Mrs. Moore and little daughter for a few days visit. Mrs. Moore enjoyed her visit with her sister very much and returned yesterday to Carlsbad.

Mrs. Ora Hayes and children, of Hope, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. E. C. Hackler, were in Carlsbad last night, returning to Hope from a trip to East Texas.

Miss Josephine Tracy has returned home from the winter spent in California, where she attended school. Miss Tracy has many friends in Carlsbad who are always pleased to know she is at home.

Mrs. W. W. Snyder, of Lakewood, is attending the Teachers' Institute here. She will teach the Lakewood school this coming term. Her husband is manager of the Peoples Mercantile at Lakewood.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Abston, Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Evans and Mrs. Dora Evans were guests of the Bates Wednesday night, enroute to Ochtrook homes on the plains. They were returning from a sad mission to Roswell where their sister, Mrs. A. D. Jones, sickened and died within three days.

T. J. Garrett, of Lovington, came in Wednesday and returned yesterday accompanied by Mrs. Bert Rawlins, who will spend eight or ten days on the plains visiting her father, W. B. Hamilton, and sister, Mrs. Harris Garrett. Mrs. Rawlins is a very pleasant lady and her many friends wish her a pleasant stay.

Ed. Toner, cattle inspector, for New Mexico, and West Texas, also Mr. Boyd, both of Carlsbad, were at Red Bluff Monday inspecting the cattle shipped from that point.

Arthur Mayes from Upper Black River is in town today.

Miss Effie Rudeen returned to her home in Oklahoma, going Wednesday.

GUESTS OF R. E. DICK.

Two cars well filled with friends of Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Dick left Carlsbad early Sunday morning, and motored to Hope, where they spent the day and enjoyed a feast of fried chicken, and other delicacies in proportion. Mrs. Dick having prepared thirteen young chickens and fried them to a turn. The spread was served picnic fashion, on the grassy lawn, and pillows arranged for the comfort of each guest. This was one of the most pleasant affairs that has been planned and successfully carried out for a long time. Those enjoying the trip and the hospitality of the Dick home were Mr. and Mrs. Ervin, Miss Mary Lee Newton, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Sikes, W. W. Dean, wife and children, and Arthur O'Quinn.

HOME FROM TEXAS AND OFF TO THE RANCH.

E. V. Albritton, wife and daughter, Elizabeth, returned Saturday afternoon from an extended trip to various points in Texas. They made the trip in their Overland, and enjoyed stopping with friends and relatives at Fort Worth, Dallas, San Marcus, and a swim in the surf at Galveston. Mrs. Albritton had the misfortune to stick a nail in her foot, which gave her considerable pain. They did not tarry long in this good town, leaving Tuesday for the ranch where they will spend a few weeks looking after the cattle.

Dr. and Mrs. Doepp and Mrs. Will Hicks, left by auto Sunday to spend the summer on the Pacific coast. They were well equipped for traveling, having a nice, new, well arranged trailer to carry any baggage or luxuries they wished to take with them. From the Pacific coast they will motor to Chicago and other cities. They are leaving a host of well wishers here for a splendid trip and a safe return to Carlsbad in the fall.

FROM W. H. WIMBERLY.

A card from Mrs. O. B. Chance locates her in San Angelo, Texas, where she has taken her father, W. H. Wimberly, for treatment. She seems hopeful of his recovery. Mr. Wimberly has made a long struggle to regain his health, having been a victim of laryngitis in January, and later developed pneumonia from which he has suffered many bad effects. His many friends here hope to hear soon of his return home, strong and well.

OUT DOORS SUPPER.

An unusually happy party, was enjoyed by a congenial party of friends, Sunday evening at the Big Rock near the lower dam.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Hardy arranged the affair. A delightful feature was the splendid picnic supper, around which the merry party assembled and certainly did justice to the choice viands. The guests were: Mr. and Mrs. Dilley and Henrietta Dilley, Mr. and Mrs. McIlvain and Miss Helen McIlvain, Mr. and Mrs. Tipton, Miss Mary Mize, Mr. and Mrs. Rawlins, Miss Finlay, Miss Heard, Messrs. Carl Smith and Rudeen.

Tomorrow is the 17th of June and it seems that Eugene Roberts' leave of absence from Columbus has about expired, and he will need to be there for further orders. Eugene left this morning by way of Pecos and El Paso to report at Columbus. His stay here during the leave of absence has been a very busy and profitable one to the Public Utilities Company, for when the manager is away one often finds it necessary to have his views on various things.

M. E. Collier, of Hope, returned on the train from Pecos last night, from a trip to Mumford, Texas, where he went to be with his father who has been very ill. He will go to his home at Hope in his car today.

Christian & Co., INSURANCE.

THE GOOD THINGS IN OUR STORE WOULD TEMPT THE MOST FASTIDIOUS APPETITE. IF YOUR FAMILY IS HARD TO SUIT, TRY



IN ANY KIND OF SALAD DRESSING, IT IS SIMPLY DELICIOUS. This bland delicious oil costs only a third as much as imported olive oil anywhere near so good. WE HAVE EVERYTHING TO MAKE A SALAD—CLEAN, CRISP AND FRESH

Joyce-Pruit Co.

Carlsbad, N. M.

FARRELL—OWEN

Tuesday morning at the Methodist parsonage occurred the wedding of Miss Nannie Farrell and A. L. Owen, Reverend J. T. Redmon officiating, in the presence of the bride's sister, Miss Lucile Farrell, Miss Mildred Walter, Mrs. Redmon, and the sister of the bride-groom, Mrs. Jack Love.

The bride wore a lovely tailored suit of light brown, and hat of a harmonizing shade. She is the oldest daughter of J. F. Farrell and wife, a graduate from the Carlsbad High school with the class of 1912. Has attended the Silver City normal at different times and has been teaching school in this county for the past four years. The last three years being employed in the Loving school, and for the vocation of teaching she has attained a high standard. She is a very popular and accomplished young lady and a favorite with all who chance to know her. Her parents were at the ranch spending the summer and she and her younger sister, Miss Lucile, were here in town and Miss Owen was attending the normal.

Mr. Farrell is a big ranchman and has a lovely summer home surrounded with lofty trees and a stream of running water, a ditch in front of the house from which they can irrigate the garden and field.

The bridegroom is one of the Pecos, Texas, favored young men, has charge of a grocery department there with one of the large companies. He is seemingly an intelligent and worthy young man. He had known his bride from childhood. Mr. Owen is a brother of Mrs. William McDonald at the point of the mountains, where they have a big ranch and fine horses, mules and cattle. His sister, Mrs. Jack Love accompanied him here from Pecos, on the belated train Sunday. A passenger on the same train stated next day when they heard of the wedding: "Well! no wonder he said: 'If I was running this train I would make it fly'". After the ceremony the wedding party repaired to the Bates' hotel where a wedding breakfast was served, and the happy couple left on the train for Pecos where they will make their future home.

Congratulations are in order and may a long and happy wedded life be their fate.

C. C. Cass met his wife and children here Monday evening and they returned to their home Tuesday accompanied by Katie Mae Stone, Hollie Cass, the oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Cass, of Lakewood. The girls are planning to stay at the ranch until the fourth of July.

L. T. Turner, of Artesia, is in the county seat today on business.

'Phone 66 Let us figure your bills

We have SOME lumber
.....BUY IT.....
Where it will do the
most good

Carlsbad Lumber Co.

(GROVES' OLD STAND)

Let us figure your bills 'Phone 66

THE OHNEMUS SHOPS

FOR THE BEST SMALL AND MOST ECONOMICAL CAR ON THE MARKET, SEE THE NEW MAXWELL.

"CAN FIX IT"

WESTERN WOOL SITUATION.

Buying in the west has become, if anything, a little brisker and in the territory section limits appear to have been advanced a little. It is estimated that there has passed from first hands about 50 to 60 per cent of the territory clip up to the present time. Buying has started in New Mexico, with fine and fine medium wools costing about 78 to 80 cents, clean landed here. There has been considerable wool sold in Wyoming and some in Montana at 31 to 32 cents for medium wools and about 25 to 27 cents for the better fine and fine medium clips. Close to 80 cents is being paid for fine clips in Oregon and staple and half staple clips are figuring more. Buying has been fairly steady in Idaho and the Soda Springs section at the parity of prices ruling elsewhere. In Texas, little has yet been done.

Fleece wools are moving moderately at full recent rates. Unwashed fine wools have started at around 30 cents (although some little wool has been bought at 28 to 29 cents). Some wool containing a large percentage of delaine has been taken at 31 cents.

For medium wools the market has held steady at 35 cents for average clips and 36 cents and occasionally 37 cents for the best light shrinking wools. The foregoing prices are prevalent principally in Ohio, Pennsylvania, Michigan, and New York, with Missouri about a cent lower, while in Kentucky and Virginia for the lightest shrinking medium wools 40 and 41 cents has been paid—Commercial Bulletin.

Do your swearing at the Current office. Notary always in.

Fine young R. I. Red Cockerels for sale. Eggs for hatching. Phone 259. MRS. Wm. H. MULLANE.

WORMS IN HOGS.

Mix one dram of sulphate of iron (copperas) in the slop once a day for five consecutive days for each hundred pounds of body weight of hogs and repeat the treatment in two weeks if necessary. Omit iron for pregnant sows, but they may have salt and sulphur in similar doses.—Hoards Dairyman.

Carl Herring Transfer and Dray Line

I DESIRE TO ANNOUNCE THAT I HAVE STARTED A DRAY AND TRANSFER WAGON AND WILL DO ALL HAULING IN MY LINE AT REASONABLE RATES AND GUARANTEE SATISFACTION AS TO PROMPT SERVICE.

Carl Herring
Phone 186

Mammoth Jack

I WILL STAND THE BIG MAMMOTH JACK, FORMERLY OWNED BY LEE WOMACH, DURING THE SEASON OF 1916 AT MY PLACE.

TERMS—
\$5.00 single service
\$10.00 to insure a mare in foal
\$12.50 to insure a colt to stand up and suck.
Parting with mare causes service fee to be due
Jack will be found at my place 4 1/2 miles southeast from Carlsbad.

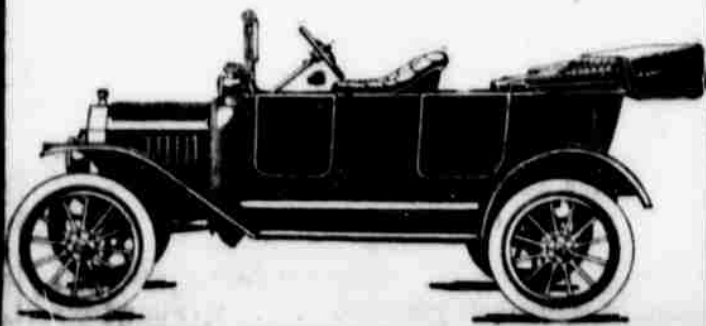
W. C. Bindel

Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

When over half the motor cars in America today—about a million and a quarter—are of one make, there must be a mighty good reason. In every kind of service, under all conditions of road and weather, Ford cars have proved to be the most dependable economical and efficient servants of men. Touring Car \$440; Runabout \$390; Coupelet \$590; Town Car \$640; Sedan \$740. All prices f. o. b. Detroit. On display and sale at

C. C. SIKES, Agent



G. O. P. PLATFORM ATTACKS SHIFTY EXPEDIENTS AND "PHRASE-MAKING".

Administration is Censured for Destroying Influence Abroad and Humiliating Country in Its Own Eyes.

HANDLING OF MEXICAN TROUBLE DENOUNCED.

Democratic Methods of Inference Characterized as "Indefensible"; Tariff Question is Treated at Length.

Coliseum, Chicago, June 8.—Following is the report of the resolutions committee of the republican party now in session at the Coliseum:

"In 1861 the republican party stood for the union. As it stood for the union of states, it stands for the united people, true to American ideals, loyal to American traditions, knowing no allegiance except to the constitution, to the government and to the flag of the United States. We believe in American policies at home and abroad.

Protection of American Rights.
"We declare that we believe in and will enforce the protection of every American citizen in all the rights secured to him by the constitution, treaties and the law of nations, at home and abroad, by land and sea. These rights, which in violation of the specific promise of their party made at Baltimore in 1912, the democratic president and the democratic congress have failed to defend, we will unflinchingly maintain.

Foreign Relations.
"We desire peace, the peace of justice and right, and believe in maintaining a straight and honest neutrality between the belligerents in the great European war. We must perform all our duties and insist upon all our rights as neutrals without fear and without favor.

"We believe that peace and neutrality as well as the dignity and influence of the United States cannot be preserved by shifty expedients, by phrase-making, by performances in language, or by attitudes ever changing in an effort to secure groups of voters. The present administration has destroyed our influence abroad and humiliated us in our own eyes. The republican party believes that a firm, consistent and courageous foreign policy always maintained by republican presidents in accordance with American traditions, is the best, as it is the only true way to preserve our peace and restore us to our rightful place among the nations. We believe in the pacific settlement of international disputes and favor the establishment of a world court for that purpose.

Mexican Question.
"We deeply sympathize with the fifteen million people of Mexico who for three years have seen their country devastated, their homes destroyed, their fellow citizens murdered and their women outraged by armed bands of desperadoes led by self-seeking, conscienceless agitators who when temporarily successful in any locality have neither sought nor been able to restore order or establish and maintain peace.

"We express our horror and indignation at the outrages which have been and are being perpetrated by these bandits upon American men and women who have been, or are, in Mexico by invitation of the laws and of the government of that country, and whose rights to security of person and property are guaranteed by solemn treaty obligations. We denounce the indefensible methods of interference employed by this administration in the internal affairs of Mexico, and refer with shame to its failure to discharge the duty of this country as next friend to Mexico, its duty to other powers who have relied upon us as such friend and its duty to our citizens in Mexico, in permitting the continuance of such conditions, first, by failure to act promptly and firmly and second, by lending its influence to the continuation of such conditions through recognition of one of the factions responsible for these outrages.

Promise Protection to Citizens.
"We pledge our aid in restoring order and maintaining peace in Mexico. We promise to our citizens on and near our border, and to those in Mexico, wherever they may be found, adequate and absolute protection in their lives, liberty and property.

Monroe Doctrine.
"We reaffirm our approval of the Monroe doctrine and declare its maintenance to be a policy of this country, essential to its present and future peace and safety and to the achievement of its manifest destiny.

Latin-America.
"We favor the continuance of republican policies, which will result in drawing more and more closely the commercial, financial and social relations between this country and the countries of Latin-America.

Philippines.
"We renew our allegiance to the Philippine policy, inaugurated by Mc-

Kinley, approved by congress and consistently carried out by Roosevelt and Taft. Even in this short time it has enormously improved the material and social conditions of the islands, given the Philippine people a constantly increasing participation in their government and if persisted in will bring still greater benefits in the future.

"We accepted the responsibility of the islands as a duty to civilization and the Filipino people. To leave with our task half done would break our pledges, injure our prestige among nations and imperil what has already been accomplished.

"We condemn the democratic administration for its attempt to abandon the Philippines, which was prevented only by the vigorous opposition of republican members of congress, aided by a few patriotic democrats.

"We reiterate our unqualified approval of the action taken in December, 1911, by the president and congress to secure with Russia, as with other countries, a treaty that will recognize the absolute right of expatriation and prevent all discrimination of any kind between Americans, whether native-born or alien, and regardless of race, religion, or previous political allegiance. We renew the pledge to observe this principle and to maintain the rights of asylum which is neither to be surrendered nor restricted and we unite in the cherished hope that the war which is now desolating the world may speedily end with a complete and lasting restoration of brotherhood among the nations of the earth and the assurance of full equal rights, civil and religious, to all men in every land.

Protection of the Country.
"In order to maintain our peace and make certain the security of our people within our own borders the country must have not only adequate but thorough and complete national defense, ready for any emergency. We must have a sufficient and effective regular army, and a provision for ample reserves, already drilled and disciplined who can be called at once to the colors when the hour of danger comes.

"We must have a navy so strong and so well proportioned and equipped, so thoroughly ready and prepared, that no enemy can gain command of the sea and effect a landing in force on either our western or our eastern coasts. To secure these results we must have a coherent and continuous policy of national defense, which even in these perilous days the democratic party has utterly failed to develop, but which we promise to give to the country.

For Protective Tariff.

"The republican party stands now, always has, in the fullest sense for the policy of tariff protection to American industries and American labor and does not regard an anti-dumping provision as an adequate substitute. Such protection should be reasonable in amount but sufficient to protect adequately American industry and American labor and be so adjusted as to prevent undue exactions by monopolies or trusts. It should, moreover, give special attention to securing the industrial independence of the United States, as in the case of dyestuffs.

"Through wise tariff and industrial legislation our industries can be so organized that they will not be only a commercial but a powerful aid to national defense.

Underwood Act Failure.

"The Underwood tariff act is a complete failure in every respect. Under its administration imports have enormously increased in spite of the fact that intercourse with foreign countries has been largely cut off by reason of the war, while the revenues of which we stand in such dire need have been greatly reduced.

"Under the normal conditions which prevailed prior to the war, it was clearly demonstrated that this act deprived the American producer and the American wage-earner of that protection which entitled them to meet their foreign competitors, and but for the adventitious conditions created by the war would long since have paralyzed all forms of American industry and deprived American labor of its just reward.

Welfare Demands Repeal.
"It has not in the least reduced the cost of living which has constantly advanced from the date of its enactment. Welfare of our people demands its repeal and the substitution of a measure which in peace, as well as in war, will produce ample revenue and give reasonable protection to all forms of American production in mine, forest, field and factory.

"We favor the creation of a tariff commission with complete power to gather and compile information for the use of congress in all matters relating to the tariff.

"Big" Business Regulation.
"The republican party has long believed in the rigid supervision and strict regulation of the transportation and great corporations of the

country. It has put its creed into its deeds, and all really effective laws regulating the railroads and the great industrial corporations are the work of republican congress and president. For this policy of regulation and supervision the democrats, in a stumbling and piece-meal way, are undertaking to involve the government in business which should be left within the sphere of private enterprise and indirect competition with its own citizens, a policy which is sure to result in waste, great expense to the taxpayer and an inferior product.

"The republican party firmly believes that all who violate the laws in regulation of business should be individually punished. But prosecution is very different from persecution, and business success, no matter how honestly attained is apparently regarded by the democratic party as in itself a crime. Such doctrines and beliefs choke enterprise and stifle prosperity. The republican party believes in encouraging American business, as it believes it will seek to advance American interests.

Rural Credits.

"We favor an effective system of rural credits as opposed to the ineffective law proposed by the present democratic administration.

"We favor the extension of the rural free delivery system and condemn the democratic administration for curtailing and crippling it.

Merchant Marine.

"In view of the policies adopted by all the maritime nations to encourage their shipping interests, and in order to enable us to compete with them for the ocean-carrying trade we favor the payment to ships engaged in the foreign trade of liberal compensation for services actually rendered in carrying the mails, and such further legislation as will build up an adequate American merchant marine and give us ships which may be requisitioned by the government in time of national emergency.

"We are utterly opposed to the government ownership of vessels as proposed by the democratic party, because government ownerships while effectively preventing the development of the American merchant marine by private capital, will be entirely unable to provide for the vast volume of American freights and will leave us more helpless than ever in the hard grip of foreign syndicates.

Transportation Problems.

"Interstate and intrastate transportation have become so interwoven that the attempt to apply two and often several sets of laws to its regulation has caused conflicts of authority, embarrassment in operation and inconvenience and expense to the public.

"The entire transportation system of the country has become essentially national. We, therefore, favor such action by legislation or, if necessary, through an amendment to the constitution of the United States as will result in placing it under exclusive federal control.

Economy and National Budget.

"The increasing cost of the national government and the need for the greatest economy of its resources in order to meet the growing demands of the people for government service call for the severest condemnation of the wasteful appropriations of this democratic administration, of its shameless raids on the treasury, and of its opposition to and rejection of President Taft's oft repeated proposals and earnest efforts to secure economy and efficiency through the establishment of a simple business-like budget system to which we pledge our support and which we hold to be necessary to effect any real reform in the administration of national finances.

National Conservation.

"We believe in a careful husbandry of all the natural resources of the nation—a husbandry which means development without waste; use without abuse.

Civil Service Reform.

"The civil service law has always been sustained by the republican party, and we renew our repeated declaration that it shall be thoroughly and honestly enforced and extended wherever practicable. The democratic party has created since March 4, 1913, 30,000 offices outside of the civil service law at an annual cost of \$44,000,000 to the taxpayers of the country.

"We condemn the gross abuse and misuse of the law by the present democratic administration and pledge ourselves to a reorganization of this service along lines of efficiency and economy.

Territorial Officials.

"The civil service law has always been sustained by the republican party, and we renew our repeated declaration that it shall be thoroughly and honestly enforced and extended wherever practicable. The democratic party has created since March 4, 1913, 30,000 offices outside of the civil service law at an annual cost of \$44,000,000 to the taxpayers of the country.

United States Depository (Postal Savings)

DIRECTORS: E. Hendricks, Morgan Livingston, J. A. Lusk, J. N. Livingston, Carl B. Livingston

"Reaffirming the attitude long maintained by the republican party, we hold that officials appointed to administer the government of any territory should be bona fide residents of the territory in which their duties are to be performed.

Labor Laws.

"We pledge the republican party to the faithful enforcement of all federal laws passed for the protection of labor. We favor vocational education, then enactment and rigid enforcement of a federal child labor law; the enactment of a generous and comprehensive workmen's compensation law, within the commerce power of congress, and an accident compensation law covering all government employees. We favor the collection and collation under the direction of the department of labor of complete data relating to industrial hazards for the information of congress, to the end that such legislation may be adopted as may be calculated to secure the safety, conservation and protection of labor from the dangers incidental to industry and transportation.

Suffrage State Question.

"The republican party, reaffirming its faith in government of the people, by the people, for the people, as a measure of justice to one-half the adult people of this country, favors the extension of the suffrage to women, but recognizes the right of each state to settle this question for itself.

"Such are our principles, such are our purposes and policies. We close as we began. The times are dangerous and the future is fraught with peril. The great issues of the day have been confused by words and phrases. The American spirit, which made the country and saved the union, has been forgotten by those charged with the responsibility of power. We appeal to all Americans, whether naturalized or native-born, to prove to the world that we are Americans in thought and in deed, with one loyalty, one hope, one aspiration. We call on all Americans to be true to the spirit of America, to the great traditions of their common country, and above all things, to keep the faith."

Albuquerque, N. M., June 13.—The Albuquerque Commercial club is the promoter of a unique demonstration by Albuquerque business men in behalf of the New Mexico State University, upon the opening of the University for the fall semester on August 22nd. Albuquerque business interests in years past have been charged with indifference to the University and the business men propose to "show them" that such indifference doesn't exist now, if it ever did. The trolley line from the business district to the University campus, now building, is nearly complete. It will have been finished by July 1st and will be in full operation by July fifteenth. The City Electric company has purchased two new cars especially for use on this line, making a total of nine modern cars in its equipment. It is proposed to line up all nine of these cars, fill them with business men and conduct a "trolley car parade" to the University, there to take part in the opening exercises in Rodey Hall, which will be more than usually elaborate this year, including addresses by a number of prominent men.

Development of the University Hill section has been rapid during the past year, more than forty new homes having been built in what has come to be known as the University district. Much of the impetus for this building has been demand for rooms in private families, by University students. Practically every new private house in the University district has accommodations for one or more University students. This building has centered attention of business men on the University's rapid growth and they have determined to give the University recognition on its opening day.

LAMB FEEDING IN THE PECOS VALLEY.

Mr. H. M. Bainer, agricultural demonstrator for the Santa Fe railroad, who is so well known among our farmers, was with the county agent for an entire week, recently. While here he, with the county agent, visited practically all of the farmers in Eddy and Chaves counties that fed lambs or sheep on their farms during the past winter.

Some very valuable data has been obtained and it is the intention of Mr. Bainer and the county agent to compile the data thus obtained and put it in bulletin form to be distributed among the farmers of the two counties.

OFFICERS: E. Hendricks, Pres. Morgan Livingston, Vice-Pres. J. N. Livingston, Cashier J. A. May, Ass't.-Cashier

NATIONAL BANK of CARLSBAD

United States Depository (Postal Savings)

DIRECTORS: E. Hendricks, Morgan Livingston, J. A. Lusk, J. N. Livingston, Carl B. Livingston

FOREST FIRE PREVENTION ANTEDATES THE REVOLUTION

Colonists Decreed "29 Lashes, Well Laid on" For The Man Who Set Fire to Woods.

Albuquerque, N. M., May 18.—Apropos of the coming danger season for forest fires, District Forester Redington has called attention to a very interesting booklet issued by Cornell University on pre-revolutionary forestry in America. Contrary to the general impression that American forestry is of recent growth, it is pointed out that such first principles as the prevention of forest fires developed with the first American settlements. Only six years after the Pilgrims landed at Plymouth Rock, the colony passed a law aimed to prevent the exhaustion of the local timber supply, and soon after a forest fire law was enacted, prohibiting the setting of forest fires or even the burning of private lands except during certain seasons. Similar laws were enacted by the Massachusetts Bay Colony, the New Haven Settlements, the Providence Plantations, Pennsylvania and others at about the same or even earlier dates.

Some of the penalties prescribed were very curious. The law of North Carolina, compelled the offender to pay a fine of 25 pounds, or, lacking this, "to receive on his bare back thirty-nine Lashes, well laid on." Burning of the woods, the law declared, is "destructive to cattle and hogs, extremely prejudicial to soil and often-times of fatal consequences to Planters and Farmers, by destroying their fences and improvements." Thus again do we learn, says the District Forester, that there is at least a medium of truth in the old saying: "There is nothing new under the sun."

SMALL GRAINS ARE BEING HARVESTED.

Considerable Smut to be Found.

GRASSHOPPER CONTROL.

In going over the county at this time it is indeed encouraging to see the numerous fields of small grains that are just being harvested. It means that the farmers are beginning to believe in diversified farming. Some crops have been threshed out already. The yields obtained in some cases were rather light. This should not be any criticism, however, as to the adaptability of the small grains to the Pecos valley, because the unusual climatic conditions this spring were not favorable toward the small grains. Generally speaking, wheat and barley have done better this spring than oats. This will have a tendency to decrease the acreage of oats another year and increase the acreage of wheat and barley. Many people ask the value of barley. Barley, pound for pound, will produce more pork than shelled indian corn. In feeding barley to hogs, it is better to have it ground and fed as a mash, by adding water at the time of feeding.

Many fields were found to be badly infested with smut. In some instances fully 40 percent of the crop will be lost because of smut. TO PREVENT SMUT IT IS ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL THAT THE SEED BE TREATED WITH FORMALDEHYDE. In one field of wheat where the seed was treated it was impossible to find one head of smutted wheat. It costs less than 3 cents to treat seed enough for one acre. You cannot afford to plant untreated seed. Later on in the summer the county agent will give demonstrations over the county on treating the seed for smut.—Farmers' Exchange Bulletin

ORDINANCE NO. 117.

An Ordinance Granting a Franchise to Mary E. Tinsall, Giving Her Heirs, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, a Right to Build, Operate and Maintain an Electric Light and Power System in the Town of Carlsbad.

Section 1. Mary E. Tansill, a citizen of the United States, over the age of twenty-one years, a resident of the city of Chicago and State of Illinois, her heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, is hereby granted and the privilege is hereby granted to the said Mary E. Tansill, her heirs, executors, administrators or assigns, for a period of twenty-five years, from the first day of April, A. D. 1916, to the 31st day of March, A. D. 1941, to use the streets, alleys and public places and grounds of the town of Carlsbad, for the purpose of building, operating and maintaining an electric light and power system, and to construct, maintain, place and use poles, towers, overhead street, electric lines and conduits, street, alleys and public places and grounds of the said town all necessary poles, posts and towers, and stretch, run and suspend wires thereon and to do all other things necessary for the purpose of constructing, operating and maintaining said electric light and power system within the corporate limits of said town; to establish, maintain and operate machinery, appliances and apparatuses within the said town which may be necessary for the establishment and maintenance and operation of the said electric light and power system, to make all necessary excavations in the streets and alleys

Christian & Co., INSURANCE.

Section 5. It shall not be lawful for any person to damage or in any way interfere with the poles, posts or towers, nor to damage or in any way interfere with the wires, lamps or other property of Mary E. Tansill, her heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, used by her in the exercise and enjoyment of the privileges herein granted, unless authorized by the said Mary E. Tansill, or by the board of trustees of the said town; but the provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to any persons engaged in making, repairs, grading or improving said streets, or in any other public work, or to any person walking on behalf of or by order of the said Board of Trustees.

Section 6. Any person who shall violate the provisions of the next preceding paragraph shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five (\$25) Dollars and costs of prosecution or by imprisonment in the town prison or county jail for a period not exceeding ninety days, or by both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the Court.

Section 7. At no time during the life of this franchise shall the lake created by the "Tanisll Power Dam" be closed or its use denied the citizens of Carlsbad for boating, bathing, fishing and other pleasure pastimes, free of charge.

Section 8. The town of Carlsbad in granting this franchise surrenders no privileges or rights that it may now have or possess of owning or installing any system of lights, heat or power and furnishing the same to the citizens of Carlsbad and the inhabitants thereof.

Section 9. Whenever any excavations are made, in any of the streets or alleys, by the said Mary E. Tansill, her heirs, executors, administrators or assigns, in the exercise of the Franchise hereby granted the said Mary E. Tansill, her heirs, executors administrators or assigns shall re-fill, fill up and replace such excavations by any material or substance which is placed thereon. And should any paving or Macadamizing be broken, torn up, or mis-placed, same shall be re-built or replaced in such manner that the surface of said street or alley shall

Section 10. This franchise is granted upon the expressed condition that it shall not be conveyed, transferred or assigned by the said Mary E. Tansill, her heirs, executors, administrators or assigns, without the written consent of the Board of Town Trustees of said town of Carlsbad. If property is mortgaged the funds shall be used in the development of the property and betterment of the electric light plant.

Section 11. For the faithful performance of the conditions of this franchise, upon the part of the said Mary E. Tansill, her heirs, administrators, executors and assigns, the said Mary E. Tansill, her heirs, administrators, executors or assigns shall make or cause to be made and executed to the town of Carlsbad a good and sufficient and solvent bond in the sum of \$2500.00, said bond to be executed and delivered within thirty days after the enactment and passage of this ordinance and the granting of this Franchise, by the said Mary E. Tansill, her heirs, executors,

Section 12. After the passage of this ordinance by the town trustees of the town of Carlsbad, and its approval by the mayor of the said town and its acceptance and approval by the said Mary E. Tansill, it shall be published as required by law and shall become of full force and effect ten days from the publication.

Upon motion of M. R. Smith, Town Trustee, duly seconded by W. A. Poore, Town Trustee, that said ordinance be passed, the roll was called which resulted in the following vote, upon the question of the passage of said ordinance:

Years: W. A. Poore, Julian Smith,
Milton R. Smith.
Nays: F. G. Snow.
Thereupon the mayor declared the
ordinance duly passed and ordered its
publication as required by law.
(Signed) D. G. GRANTHAM,
(SEAL) Mayor.
Attest:
(Signed) JOE C. RUNCH,

Recorder,
ACCEPTANCE CONTRACT.

Carlsbad, New Mexico, June 6th,
1916.

For myself, my heirs, executors,
administrators and assigns I hereby
accept and agree to all the terms and
conditions of the heretofore going
Gardella (Purgation No. 117) and
subsequent offerings, made and to be

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE OF SUPP.

In the District Court, Edly County,
New Mexico,
No. 3153,
Ira B. Callen, Plaintiff,
vs.
H. D. Callen, Defendant.
State of New Mexico,
To H. D. Callen, Defendant, Greeting:
You are commanded to appear be-
fore the District Court, in and for
the County of Edly, (that being the
Court in which the complaint herein is
filed and said cause is pending) for
the Fifth Judicial District in the State
of New Mexico, and answer the com-
plaint of plaintiff, Ira B. Callen,
within FIFTY days from the date of
the first publication of this summons
to you, on or before August 1st
A. D., 1916.
You are hereby notified that the
general objects of said action, are
full and complete divorce of
plaintiff from you, said defendant, and
that plaintiff be awarded the care,
custody, control, management and
education of the two minor children,
Eula Callen and Bennie Callen, dur-
ing their minority.
The grounds alleged for divorce
being abandonment and non-support.
You are further notified, that the
name and business address of at-
torney for plaintiff, is, D. G. Gran-
tham, Carlsbad, New Mexico.
You are further notified that un-
less you so appear and answer in
said cause, on or before the expira-
tion of the time aforesaid, the plain-
tiff will apply to the Court for the

judgment and relief demanded in
judgments 1-4 of Section Thirty-three (33)
and the Northeast quarter of North-
east quarter 1-4 of Section Thirty-
two (32), Township Twenty-two (22)
south, range twenty-eight (28) East
of New Mexico Principal Meridian,
containing two hundred and forty
acres more or less according to gov-
ernment survey. Also a perpetual
water right of three (3) acre feet
per acre per annum for the above de-
scribed land from the water rights of
said party of the first part said water
rights being the water of the river from
the Pecos River and being from the
water appropriations originally made
by F. E. Downs and now owned by
the party of the first part.

On the third cause of action for the sum of \$3000.00 with interest at 8 per cent per annum from the 20th day of September, 1915, and the further sum of \$125.00 attorney's fees and for costs of said suit and the costs of making this sale. The amount of said sums (exclusive of costs and expenses of this sale) with interest as provided in said judgment and decree to the 27th day of June, 1916, the date of the sale hereinafter mentioned, is to wit: \$3912.00.

**NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE,
No. 2381.**

The undersigned was in said judgment and decree appointed Special Master to sell the following described property being in Eddy County, State of New Mexico:

The North half (1-2) of the Northwest quarter (1-4) and Southwest quarter (1-4) of Northwest quarter (1-4) section Twenty-nine (29); and Northeast quarter (1-4) section Twenty-nine (29), Township Twenty-two (22) South, Range Twenty-eight (28) East of New Mexico Principal Meridian, containing in all two hundred and eighty (280) acres more or less according to government survey, also a perpetual water right of three (3) acre feet per acre per annum for the above described land, from the water rights of the said party, the first part, said water right being for the use of water from the Pecos River, and being from the water right appropriations originally made by F. E. Downs and now owned by the party of the first part.

On the fourth cause of action for the sum of \$3000.00 with interest at 8 per cent per annum from the 20th day of March, 1914, (subject to a credit of \$62.90 part payment of said interest) and the further sum of \$125.00 attorney's fees and for costs of said suit and the costs of making this sale. The amount of said sums, (exclusive of costs and expenses of this sale) with interest as provided in said judgment and decree to the said plaintiff, June, 1916, the date of the sale hereafter mentioned, is to wit: \$3624.57.

The undersigned was in said judgment, and decree appointed Special Master to sell the following described property being in Eddy County, State of New Mexico:

The North half (½) of the South-east quarter (¼) Section Twenty-nine (29), and the Southwest quarter (¼) of Section Twenty-eight (28), all in Township twenty-two (22) South, Range Twenty-eight (28), East of New Mexico Principal Meridian, containing two hundred and forty (240) acres more or less according to the Government Survey. Also a perpetual water right of three (3) acre feet per acre per annum for the above described land from the water rights of said party of the first part, said water rights being for the use of water from the Pecos River and being from the water right appropriations originally made by F. E. Downs and now owned

Therefore, the undersigned will, on the 27th day of June, 1916, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the South front door of the court house (old building) in Carlsbad, Eddy County, New Mexico, offer for

Notice is hereby given that in Cause

sale separately the above described property to pay and discharge the judgment rendered in the separate causes of actions and against the several described pieces of property together with all costs, attorney's fees, costs of suit and costs of this sale actually accrued and to accrue to the highest and best bidder for cash, and notice is further given that any surplus received over and above money sufficient to pay such judgment and costs will be paid over to the Clerk of the District Court of El Paso County, New Mexico, to be held and paid to the owner of the property sold.

The terms and conditions of sale are that the purchaser shall be paid in cash.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand this 17th day of May, 1916.

CHAS. H. BROWN
John H. Brown, Master

By the Clerk of Court R. Lewis

Northampton Agency, present day. The
 author would like to express his appreciation
 to the staff of the State of Maine Archives
 and to the staff of the State of Maine
 Library and all persons who have assisted
 him in the completion of this project. He
 is grateful to the staff of the State of Maine
 Archives and to the staff of the State of Maine
 Library for their assistance in the completion
 of this project.

Don't Miss It!
 C. F. JOYCE
 J. F. JOYCE
 Administrators

20 May 4

Department of the Interior, United
 States Office, Portland, Maine

Notice is hereby given that the State of New Mexico, under the provisions of the Acts of Congress approved June 21, 1906 and June 20, 1910 and acts amendatory and amendatory thereto, has filed in this

SW 1-4 SW 1-4, SW 1-4 SE 1-4
Sec. 20; NW 1-4 NW 1-4 Sec. 29 T
25 S. R. 21 E., N. M. Mer. 130 acres.

1, 2, 3, 4, NE 1-4 NW 1-4, SE 1-4 SW 1-4, Sec. 30 T. 24-S. R. 34-E. N. M. Mer. 319.12 acres.

Protests or contests against any or all of such selections may be filed in this office during the period of publication hereof, or at any time before final certificate.

EMMETT PATTON,
Register

19-May-5

NATIONS DEMOCRATS

Concluded from first page.

"This is the paramount issue. No lesser issue, must cloud it, no unrelated problems must confuse it."

In declaring that the policy of neutrality is as American as the American flag, Mr. Glynn asserted that: "The first president of the United States was the first man to pronounce neutrality a rule of international conduct."

"In April, 1793, Washington declared the doctrine; and within a month, John Jay chief justice of the supreme court of the United States, in an epoch making decision from the bench whose realization would ensure universal and perpetual peace, wrote the principle into the law of this land. The Declaration of Independence had foretold it by declaring 'the rest of mankind enemies in war, in peace friends'; the Constitution recognized it; but the first president of the United States by proclamation the first chief justice by interpretation gave it vitality and power."

"Neutrality is the policy which has kept us at peace while Europe has been driving the nails of war through the hands and feet of a crucified humanity."

"The praises of this policy are not written in the ruins of American homes, not in the wreck of American industries, not in the mourning of American families; they are found in the myriad evidences of prosperity and plenty that make this a contented land from every whirling spindle in America, from every factory wheel that turns, from every growing thing that breathes its prayer of plenty to the skies, from every quiet school, from every crowded mart, from every peaceful home goes up a song of praise, a psalm of thanksgiving to hymn a nation's tribute, to the statesmanship that has brought these things to pass."

The issue raised by democracy's opponents of the vigor with which our neutrality has been enforced is dealt with by records of history:

"When Grant was president during the war between Spain and the Spanish West Indies, a Spanish gunboat seized the vessel 'Virginia' flying the American flag and a Spanish commandant in cold blood shot the captain of the 'Virginia' thirty-six of the crew and sixteen of the passengers."

"But we didn't go to war, Grant settled our troubles by negotiation just as the president of the United States is trying to do today."

"When Harrison was president the people of Chili conceived a violent dislike to the United States for our insistence upon neutrality during the Chilean revolution. When this feeling was at its height one junior officer from the United States warship Baltimore returned Sunday afternoon from California where he attended the school for boys at Pacific Beach. John R. is a favorite with every one in Carlsbad and no use to say we hope he will enjoy his vacation for he said that what I came home for. Mrs. Frank Joyce is now in Nashville, Tenn., visiting and she is expected home the last of the month."

Mrs. Wilma Nutt returned from Parkville College, Kansas City, Mo., where she has attended school for the past two years. Mrs. Wilma expects to return this fall. Her many friends are pained to have her home for the summer."

T. A. Wood was in from the D ranch Monday.

Classified Advertisements

Rooms for rent furnished for light house-keeping. MRS. J. J. BEALS.

PASTURE for Horses and Cows.—Alfalfa, barmuda and clover at 10c. per day or \$2.50 per month in advance. T. MARQUESS, La Huerta.

FIRE ASLE—Fine baled out hay and headed wheat seed, the best on the market. See WALTER FENDELTON.

NOTICE—ICE CUSTOMERS. Until further notice, private deliveries of ice will NOT be made Sunday morning. Get your ICE Saturday. For deliveries during the week will be made from 7 to 10 a. m., and 4 to 6 p. m.

CARLSBAD ICE FACTORY.

Attention is invited to the real hand embroidery on display in the lobby of the Hotel Bates. Orders for these embroideries are sent direct to Manila, where the work is done by Filipino women. See MRS. A. E. LAMB.

FOR SALE—My entire line of household goods to be sold at a sacrifice. See MRS. JOHN HIGGINS, at the Palace Hotel.

FOR SALE—Good milch cow. Address, K. Current office.

WOMEN WANTED.—For cool rooms in residence near Park. MRS. W. C. BRAINARD. Phone 264.

more was killed outright in the streets of Valparaiso and sixteen of our sailors wounded, of whom one afterwards died.

"But we didn't go to war. Harrison settled our troubles by negotiation just as the president of the United States is trying to do today."

"When Lincoln was president this country's rights were violated on every side. England, Russia, France and Spain were guilty of such flagrant violations that Sec. of State Seward advanced a plan to go to war with all of them at one and the same time."

"But we didn't go to war. Lincoln settled our troubles by negotiations just as the President is trying to do today."

"When Pierce was president the British minister in this country and three of his counsel violated our neutrality during the Crimean war. We gave these representatives of Great Britain their passports and sent them home."

"But we didn't go to war. Pierce settled our troubles by negotiation just as the president of the United States is trying to do today."

"When Van Buren was president a detachment of Canadian militia, during international troubles in Canada, boarded the U. S. ship Carolina in the American waters of Niagara river and killed an American member of the crew, firing the ship and sent her adrift over Niagara Falls."

"But we didn't go to war. Van Buren settled our troubles by negotiation just as the president of the United States is trying to do today."

"When Jefferson was president England seized hundreds of our ships and Napoleon hundreds more."

"When Adams was president France preyed upon our commerce. She extended her seizure, searches and confiscations to the very waters of the United States themselves until she had stored up in our state department charges of over 2,300 violations of neutrality's law."

"But we didn't go to war. Adams settled our troubles by negotiation just as the president of the United States is trying to do today."

"When Washington was president and 'neutrality' first declared war convulsed Europe our ships dared not to put to sea, commerce was paralyzed and business depressed. American passengers and American crews were thrown into prison and deprived of legal rights."

"But we didn't go to war. Washington settled our troubles by negotiation just as the president of the United States is trying to do today."

"In concluding this issue, Mr. Glynn asks: 'Do the critics of the present administration believe that Lincoln should have risked national disaster by using the sword rather than the pen in pressing the Alabama claims? Are they willing to brand Grant as a coward because he kept us at peace with Spain?'"

"The Underwood tariff," declared the speaker, "enacted by this administration has banished greed from the gates of our ports and written justice into our tariff schedules."

"Of all the tariffs we ever enacted this is the fairest and the best."

"Until the foreign war reduced importations no new tariff was ever more satisfactory. The highest protective tariff ever written would probably have given us no more revenue during this European war and a higher tariff on raw material would have hampered our manufacturers; a higher tariff on the necessities of life would have placed a woeful burden on the poor man in the conditions which the war abroad has brought about."

"By the Underwood law this administration has taken the tariff out of politics; by the new tariff commission it proposes to take politics out of the tariff."

In the discussion of prosperity Mr. Glynn made particular reference to our industrial condition.

"Today prosperity shines from blazing furnaces and glowing forges. It echoes from busy docks and from thronged emporiums of trade. Its message of plenty fills the land with the chant of the spindle and of loom lifting the mortgage from the poor man's home and promising his children a future that seemed impossible before."

"During the past four years this country has experienced a steady and continuous improvement in business. Wealth has increased 21 per cent, the value of the manufactured products 39 per cent, capital 43 per cent, wages 54 per cent, and exports 77 per cent. The flood-tide of our prosperity has risen to such an unprecedented height that the only limit to trade is our ability to make and transport the commodities demanded at home and abroad. Our fields and our factories cry aloud for men and unemployment has ceased to be a problem. Wages have advanced, building operations have resumed, real estate has recovered its worth."

"There is not an idle car on our railroads or an idle ship at our docks. For the first time in history America's

greatest port has become the world's greatest port."

"The purchasing power of our people is greater than that of any other people on the globe. Never was there as much money in our vaults as today. The aggregate resources of our national banks are three hundred millions more than the aggregate resources of the Bank of England, the Bank of France, the Bank of Russia, the Reichbank of Germany, the Bank of the Netherlands, the Swiss National bank and the Bank of Japan. We have four hundred and one million of money more than we had a year and a half ago and our gold supply exceeds by many hundreds of millions the gold supply of any other nation on earth."

"This avalanche of money poured into our pockets by the rest of the world as a tribute to our national resources and our fidelity to peaceful industry is not the measure of our prosperity. It is only the symbol. Compared with our trade at home this foreign trade is a mere pittance. Our domestic commerce today is larger than the foreign commerce of all the 'pauquos ppaou out jo souppu'."

Against this actual condition our opponents raise an argument of 'ifs.' With greater truth we can also enter the realm of conjecture and declare that if another candidate had been elected four years ago, the United States would be at war today. A ton of 'ifs' do not weigh as much as a single fact. Our opponents forget that 'if' the flight of the seagulls off the coast of the West Indies had not directed his course, Columbus would not have discovered America when he did. But the seagulls were there—'ifs' cannot banish them—and Columbus found our land."

Chairman Glynn concluded with praise for president Wilson, who he said, has measured up to the best traditions of a great office.

"He has been wise with a wisdom that is steeped in the traditions of his country, with a wisdom that has been disciplined by training and broadened by instruction."

"He has been firm with the firmness that proceeds from deep conviction, with the firmness that is grounded in a duty well defined."

"He has been patient with the patience which believes and trusts that truth crushed to earth will rise again, with the patience that can endure and wait, watch and pray, for the certain vindication of justice, humanity and right."

"He has been patriotic with a patriotism that has never wavered, a patriotism that is as pure and strong as the faith that moved the fathers when they made our country free."

"And when the history of these days comes to be written, and the children of tomorrow read their nation's story, when time shall have dispelled all misconception and the years shall have rendered their impartial verdict one name will shine in golden splendor upon the page that is blackened with the tale of Europe's war, one name will represent the triumph of American principles over the hosts of darkness and of death."

"That name will be the name of the great president who has made democracy proud that he is a democrat, and made America proud that he is an American."

"It will be the name of the statesman who has kept his country true to its faith in a time that tried men's souls; the name of the student and the scholar who has championed the cause of American freedom wherever he found it oppressed; the name of the patriot who has implanted his country's flag on the highest peak to which humanity has yet aspired; the name that carried the torch of progress to victory once and will carry it to victory again the name of Woodrow Wilson, president and president to be."

Mrs. Ed. Cass, of Lakewood, the three little girls, and Mrs. C. C. Cass and two children, also the little niece Katie Mae Stone, came up from Arno Monday where they had spent the past week visiting Mrs. George Stone, sister of Mrs. Ed. Cass. They reported a pleasant stay, the children enjoying rides on the donkey to the river where they all took a swim in the evening.

Frank Kindell, well known adventurer, rode his motorcycle across the flume Tuesday, and various snap shots were made, besides those that will be used for the movies. The pictures will appear in all the dailies and Frank will be hailed as an adventurer. One thing Frank never falls down on anything he starts to do.

U. S. Hamilton will occupy the Tomlinson home on the hill, when Mrs. Tomlinson leaves for her new home. They have made their home here for the past sixteen years, and they leave all Carlsbad to regret their going. Mrs. Tomlinson and Nannie will spend two months or more with relatives at Abilene, Texas. She is undecided as to where she will locate, but near some of her relatives.

Christian & Co., INSURANCE.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED BY THE EDDY COUNTY INSTITUTE.

We, the committee on Resolutions, present to the teachers of Eddy county institute assembled, June 5th to 17th, the following resolutions:

Whereas: We consider the present session of the Eddy County Institute one of the most pleasant and profitable notwithstanding the intense heat, and

Whereas: We feel that our County Superintendent and his instructors have planned wisely and toiled early and late to that end, therefore be it resolved:

1st. That the great success of our Institute is largely due to the untiring efforts, the professional ability, and inspiring example of our conductor, Mr. J. B. Taylor, and that we are grateful to him for the practical demonstration of "Eye and Ear Tests," whereby the teachers may be able to ascertain any defects in sight or hearing of the pupil and take the proper steps to remedy them.

2nd. We wish to extend our appreciation to Miss Dorothy White, whose charming personality and practicality have made her work in music, primary methods, and domestic science a real inspiration. To Mrs. Howard, and Messrs. Knorr, Kaiser, and Kirk, the K. K. K. Klub, for their excellent instruction. To Miss Toffelmire for her spirit of helpfulness so manifest everywhere. To the Board of Directors for the use of the high school building, manual training shop, etc., and to the janitor for his obliging helpfulness.

3rd. Be it further resolved that we extend our hearty thanks to the Commercial club, for the pleasant evening spent at the Sweet Shop.

4th. Resolved: That we favor legislation for free text books as being cheaper, more readily obtained, and equally healthful after disinfection.

5th. That whereas, the salary of teachers is insufficient to enable them to provide for the future, and whereas the leading states of our country have passed such a law.

Resolved: That we memorialize the State Legislature at its next session to pass a law providing pensions for teachers who have taught twenty years, ten of which have been in this state and be it further.

Resolved: That we extend to Mr. Poore our thanks and appreciation for the interest he has taken in our work throughout the year and that we endorse the firm stand he has made for higher certification and that whereas,

The teachers of this convention believing that our state ought not to be second to any in the United States in educational standards, progressive-ness, and efficiency, and believing that these ends may be best attained by a strong man at the head of the educational affairs of the state.

Therefore, be it resolved, that we desire the Democratic party irrespective of politics, to place in nomination for State Superintendent the name of one who is not a politician but an educator, a man who has had much experience in school affairs and who is amply qualified in every way for the office, but who has turned resolutely away from such a proposition and refused to have his name mentioned, Supt. W. A. Poore.

Be it Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the: New Mexico State Democrat, Santa Fe, N. M., Santa Fe New Mexican, Albuquerque Evening Herald, Albuquerque Morning Journal, Roswell News, New Mexico Journal of Education, and all papers of Eddy County.

(Signed) L. S. JONES, MRS. A. A. KAISER, MRS. M. C. PEARCE.

MR. NUTT ASSISTANT CASHIER. At a meeting of the directors of the First National Bank, held on Tuesday, Mr. W. E. Nutt was appointed an assistant cashier of that institution.

Mr. Nutt has been long associated with the First National in the capacity of bookkeeper, and his many friends are rejoicing with him, over the merited promotion.

The necessity of the appointment of an additional assistant cashier indicates that the business of the First National is growing, and its stockholders are to be congratulated.

Dr. A. A. Bearup left Monday for New York and other points east. He will be away about three months.

Last Saturday J. B. Roberts closed a deal through Max Meyer, of El Paso, whereby Mr. Roberts sold to B. B. Posey and others of Lost Spring, Wyoming, 800 head of two and up, Mexican steers at between thirty-two and thirty-five dollars. The steers were on the 9K range and were being looked after by Frank Williams, Mr. Roberts' foreman. The close range and long drought had considerable to do with the low price at which the steers were sold. Mr. Meyer, who made the deal, is an old San Angelo boy and a friend of John Hewitt.

Christian & Co., INSURANCE.

YOUNG MAN

YOU PROPOSE TO WIN IN LIFE.

A COLLEGE EDUCATION WILL HELP YOU WIN.

You can get that education at the NEW MEXICO STATE UNIVERSITY in four years, at an actual necessary cost of \$195.00 per year.

During those four years you will form friendships with hundreds of other young men from every county in New Mexico, from among whom will come the future business, industrial and political leaders of your home state.

Figure out what that acquaintance will be worth to you. Where else can you get it with the same outlay of money, time and work?

THE UNIVERSITY OPENS AUGUST 22ND.

Write today for catalog and complete information to DAVID R. BOYD, President, Albuquerque, N. M.

BELEATED TRAIN.

The train was over an hour late Monday getting into Pecos. The engine on the regular train was out of commission and the engine from the special train took the train to Pecos and back. On the return trip they were delayed for a time getting the twelve cars of steer yearlings loaded ready, when the train finally reached town it was about ten o'clock. There were a number of passengers on the train and all were tired out from the long wait.

Mrs. Wm. H. Mollane and Mary Elizabeth returned Monday evening from a two weeks visit with her sister, Mrs. Aubrey Gist and family, of Bluffdale, Texas, where they feasted on new potatoes, snap beans, peas, blackberries and fried chicken.

Christian & Co., INSURANCE.

About two hundred twenty acres alfalfa seed out stubble pasture to lease. W. F. McILVAIN.

EDDY GROVE CAMP W. O. W. Meets first Thursday night each month at W. O. W. Hall. Visiting sovereigns and members urged to attend. A. R. O'QUINN, Clerk. JOHN W. REEDY, C. C.

DR. P. J. SMITH

VETERINARY SURGEON AND DENTIST. Office Corner Drug Store. Graduate G. W. N. and A. V. C.

K. K. SCOTT

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. WILL TAKE CIVIL SUITS IN CHAVES, IDROSEVELT, CURRY AND EDDY COUNTIES. Office: Roswell, New Mexico. Post Office Box: 343.

C. H. McLenathen and his sister, Mrs. M. E. Goodie, left the latter part of last week. Mrs. Goodie going to Portland, Oregon, and Mr. McLenathen as far as Denver, Colo.

When You Can Buy Lumber

From Us

2x4's AND 2x6'S. FLOORING AND SIDING WHITE PINE SHIPLAPS AND BOARDS FOR

\$3.00 per 100 feet

CAN'T YOU AFFORD TO BUILD A COOL COMFORTABLE SLEEPING PORCH?

CEIL THAT ATTIC AND GET THE USE OF ANOTHER ROOM. BUILD AN IMPLEMENT HOUSE AND KEEP YOUR IMPLEMENTS IN. DOORS. PUT A BOARD ON TOP OF YOUR WIRE FENCE, SAVE YOUR STOCK FROM WIRE CUTS.

THINK IT OVER AND COME IN AND SEE US

Pecos Valley Lumber Co.

"GET THE HABIT. WE HAVE WHAT YOU WANT"