

12-5-1919

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Carrizozo News

OLDEST AND LEADING NEWSPAPER IN CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN, NEW MEXICO

VOLUME 20

CARRIZOZO, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1919

NUMBER 49

CARRIZOZO SCHOOL NOTES

SUPP. R. E. COLE

Miss Lutton and Miss Sullivan of the high school, Miss Seale, of the sixth grade, and superintendent Cole were the Carrizozo teachers who attended the New Mexico Teachers' Association at Albuquerque last week. All report a very profitable and enjoyable session. Miss Lutton gives the report on the English section and Miss Sullivan reports the commercial section; both given below.

The editor of this column saw enough and heard enough to fill one page of this paper. In the History section he saw parchment, real sheep-skin, deeds to various parts of North and South America, with the personal signatures of Charles IX, of France, the king who ordered the massacre of St. Bartholomew's Day; of Louis XIV, and other kings of France; of various rulers down to Leopold of Belgium. One paper was signed by Queen Anne, of England, and was a description of how a man was to be dressed when he became a Knight of the Garter. The suit was to be of velvet, with additions of gold. Ex-Governor Prince made a very interesting talk concerning these papers.

There are quite a number of things of historic interest at Albuquerque. We saw the church which was completed four years before the beginning of the Revolutionary War; also the house in which General Paul Sheridan was married.

There were 2137 teachers of New Mexico present and all were well entertained and most courteously treated by the citizens of Albuquerque.

The Commercial Section of our State Teachers' Association demonstrated quite clearly our growth in this department during the past few years.

Mr. Goodell, president of Albuquerque Business College, who was our chairman, informed us that eleven years ago we had only three commercial teachers in our state, that we have now more than forty and that our meeting consisted of forty-one members, some business men filling the places of absent teachers.

We had an interesting talk from Mrs. Nash on "Some Improved Methods in Shortland Teaching"; a discussion on "Helps and Hints from the Gregg School," Miss Bernice Frye; an address on "Book-keeping Courses for High Schools," Mr. Kirtland; "Suggestions to Teachers of Typewriting," Miss Gladys Rye, and a forceful address by Prof. L. A. Wolfard of the New Mexico Normal University, subject: "When May We Recommend a Student?"

Prof. Wolfard agrees with Dr. Cole in the assertion: "A pupil should have at least two years high school work as a foundation for beginning the most technical commercial work."

Mr. Wolfard also emphasized that our finished product, our pupils, whom we furnish to the commercial world, should, first of all, be of good moral character, enriched by culture, proficiency, social stability and refinement.

There is a movement for vocational cooperation in which the business men of our cities employ our students a few hours each day, teachers giving credit for work done. As none of our schools are thoroughly equipped for business practice, a pupil needs some of this work to make him commercially efficient. We hope that schools and cities may be benefited by this cooperation.

In the English department of the N. M. E. A. emphasis was laid on bringing to the pupil the classics of the day, or "the classics that may be," as well as the classics of the past. Why should the high school pupil become acquainted with the good writers of his own time? He should, of course, have some knowledge of our great classics, such as *Los Miserables*, *Innocence Abroad* and our own Hawthorne's writings.

To become acquainted with the writers of the hour we have O'Brien's "Best Short Stories of the Year," our prize poem and antho-

logies of modern verse, not to mention the current magazines such as the *Literary Digest*.

Among the novelists we have Booth Tarkington's books of youth. Then, too, we have the modern histories and biographies, especially, at this particular period, that of Col. Roosevelt.

The "Little Theater" movement was also brought to mind in a very interesting talk by Miss Ethel Hickey of the University of New Mexico. The "Little Theater" may be most effectively used in schools, as its chief aim is to do away with elaborate stage settings. It aims to produce the short or exact plays.

An Oil Company to Drill Near Duran

Duran, N. M., Dec. 2.—For the past few weeks Duran has been in the grip of the excitement and expectancy which comes in the wake of the oil "fever." It was common knowledge that the Corona Lularosa Basin Oil association had a geologist, investigating the territory adjacent to the town of Duran, but no one knew definitely that the above-named company really meant business.

While the geologist was going over the field the company was busy securing leases, to the extent of 10,000 acres. The territory prospecting included Duran, Corona, Cedarvale, Pinos Wells, Encino and Vaughn. Yesterday, on the recommendation of the geologist, the company decided to drill the first well two miles south of Duran, on the property of J. M. Gardner.

The drilling outfit is now on the siding here and will be unloaded immediately and set up. Lumber for the derrick and other necessary buildings is being hauled to the site of the proposed well, and in a few days building operations will begin.

In appreciation of the company's decision to locate their first well here the business men and citizens of the town are making arrangements to give a free barbecue on the day the well is spudded in. It is understood that a general invitation will be extended to the public to attend.

A Ranch Thanksgiving

The I-X ranch, the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. O. Finley, had a jolly gathering Thanksgiving, about fifteen guests from Carrizozo attended. The occasion was not only in commemoration of a national holiday but was also Mr. Finley's birthday. So it made a double event for the household.

The guests gathered around the festal board which was tastefully decorated in yellow and red and loaded with the choicest viands that nature and art could produce, the dinner being served in four courses. Cards followed, and in the evening the guests returned to their respective homes, delighted with the day's entertainment.

Aged Lady Cremated

On Sunday night, Nov. 30, the house of Mr. Buckner, at Jicarilla, was burned to the ground, and Mrs. Charles Hamilton, a sister of the late C. L. Kennedy, was burned with the building. The deceased was in her 88th year. She had been bed-ridden the past five years from a stroke of paralysis.

The fire started between 12:00 and 1:00 o'clock, but when discovered by the other inmates of the house the flames had so thoroughly enveloped the building that they had a very narrow escape. Others sleeping in a nearby building were also unable to render the unfortunate invalid any assistance.

Besides the loss stated, all the house hold goods and a quantity of corn and beans that were stored in the building were also consumed by the flames. No information as to the origin of the fire was given by our correspondent and presumably, is unknown and only, therefore, a matter of conjecture.

New Mexico Coal Fields

Here in New Mexico lie wonderful deposits of coal. The estimates in tons run into figures so large that they mean little. Yet no one really knows how much coal there is in New Mexico. No one knows the exact boundaries of any of the larger fields. It is claimed by those who are best informed that New Mexico has as much coal as Pennsylvania. Here are found high quality anthracite, semi-anthracite, bituminous and lignite. Good coking coal is already being mined.

These fields are so extensive that New Mexico need not worry about being out of coal for some time to come. So far the production is nominal. The production at Gallup runs around 3,000 tons a day. In fact, no real big mine has yet been opened up. The greater part of the coal mined at Gallup is for the Chino Copper company for its own use.

A smaller coal field lies in Northwestern Socorro county and Southwestern Valencia county. This being away from all means of transportation lies latent.

Another considerable coal field lies in northern Colfax county around Raton. A number of companies are active in this field.

Another small field lies in Santa Fe county on the Santa Fe and New Mexico Central railway. A branch railroad extends from Waldo on the Santa Fe to the mines at Madrigal. Anthracite coal of good quality is mined at this point. A few miles west of Clark on the New Mexico Central coal is mined and hauled in trucks to the station.

At Carthage in Eastern Socorro county coal is being mined. A nine-mile road from the mine connects with the Santa Fe at San Antonio.

Another district is at White Oaks in Lincoln county. Operations there are just starting and the coal hauled 14 miles to the E. P. & S. W. As soon as development work warrants the expense of a spur, it is understood it will be built. The operators in this district promise El Paso cheaper coal.

There are a number of other localities where coal has been found. Among them may be mentioned the Hagen fields, west of Moriarty.

As a whole New Mexico has a large area underlaid with coal. With abundant coal in the state there is opportunity for developing many other resources. The mountains are full of metal. Coal conveniently located will help to develop metal mining.

New Mexico coal and slack has built up extensive smelting business at El Paso and Douglas. The railroad to Dawson in Colfax county was built for the purpose of carrying coal. The Chino Copper company in Grant county found it worth while to buy a coal mine at Gallup.

New Mexico has iron, limestone and coal. Today the iron ore goes to Colorado. Some day the coal and iron ore in New Mexico will do business at home. If coal makes the wheels go, the time will come in New Mexico when every other resource will be taken into use. New Mexico may never become a real Pittsburgh, yet it holds coal enough to make a smoke worth while.

Baptist Sunbeam Band

The following amounts have been pledged to the Baptist Seventy-five Million Dollar Campaign:

Ruth Kelley \$25, Bobbie Pine \$25, Broadus Smith \$25, Wilbur Smith \$25, Lorena Dinwiddie \$25, Reta Montgomery \$25, Catherine Patty \$25, David Saunders \$25, Georgia Saunders \$25, Irma Pogue \$25, George Morris Benson \$25, Truett McIlhenny \$25, Jesse McIlhenny \$25, Jack McIlhenny \$12.50, Louise McIlhenny \$12.50, Dolly Corn \$25, Hada Corn \$25, Josephine Clements \$25, Mandie Hamilton \$25, Evelyn Hamilton \$12.50, Lora Hamilton \$12.50. Total amount pledged, \$500.

Nellie Shaver cash contribution, Mack Shaver cash contribution.

Mrs. L. S. Smith, Sunbeam Leader.

Red Cross Christmas Seals For 1919

M. B. Paden, county chairman for Lincoln County of the 1919 Red Cross Christmas Seal and Health Bond Sale, has completed the organization of the county by naming community chairmen in every community of the county and active preparations are being made for the drive or sale which began December 1 and will end December 10. It is expected that New Mexico will raise a total fund for use in the state of \$60,000 and of that amount Lincoln county is looked to for \$1350.

George A. Clements, publicity director of the sale for New Mexico, was in Carrizozo early in the week for the purpose of going over the situation with County Chairman Paden.

"I am confident," said Mr. Clements, "that when it is made plain to the people that the money to be raised through the sale of Red Cross Seals and Health Bonds is to be spent in the state for the benefit of the people of the state in an effort to cut down the frightful waste of human life to say nothing of the waste of money caused by sickness and death, there will be a generous response to the appeal for funds with which to fight tuberculosis and other preventable diseases which now take such terrible toll."

The names of the community workers named for Red Cross seal work outside of Carrizozo by County Chairman Paden are as follows:

Encinosa, Sam Farmer; Rabeton, Mr. Johnson; Picacho, B. D. Gardner; San Patricio, John A. West; Hondo, Clemente Hightower; Tinnie, H. Doyle Murray; Richardson, James Woodland; Spindle, Will Blanchard; Capitán, L. W. White; Mesa, Con Skinner; Mesa, William Ferguson; Ancho, Mr. Straley; Fort Stanton, Mr. Babbis; Lincoln, Fred Pfingsten; Parsons, Miss Helen Rice; Corona, Mrs. W. R. Lovelace; Glencoe, B. J. Bonnell; Arabela, Nicholas Brill; Oscura, R. W. Burns; Alto, Jess Dawson; Deseo, Abe Foster; White Oaks, Mrs. Charles Meyer.

Returns a Benedict

L. H. Clauch, a prominent ranchman of the Gran Quivira country, adjacent to and claimed as Carrizozo territory, returned yesterday morning from a visit to El Paso and other nearby Texas points. However, he did not return alone, but was accompanied by Mrs. Clauch, formerly Mrs. Mary Webb, and the newly wedded pair went to the ranch during the day. The best wishes of a host of local friends attend the couple, not only for the esteem in which the groom is held, but for the charming matron who is to share his life for the future.

An Oil Booster

William A. Franklin left Saturday on his return for his Chicago home, after a week in our city. Mr. Franklin is interested with O. T. Nye in oil leases in the Picacho-Tinnie country, and their holdings were largely the cause of the promising developments now going on in the eastern end of the county. Messrs. Franklin & Nye began on the proposition two years ago, induced the best geologists of the country to examine their holdings and have been rewarded by a substantial oil concern of the country to enter an agreement to develop that region. Few sections promise better results, and to bolster up that feeling, the best geologists of the country have put their O. K. on the property.

Back from Albuquerque

Misses Seale and Lutton, teachers in the local schools, and the Misses Brannum returned on the heels of the storm from Albuquerque last week. They had attended the New Mexico Education Association and Miss Seale was assigned a special feature on the program which added much to its entertaining features. The other teachers returning were noted in the last issue, they having arrived ahead of the storm.

The N. M. Educational Association

The meeting of the New Mexico Educational Association held the past week in Albuquerque and presided over by Miss Isabel Eckles of Silver City, the first woman to have the honor of being president of the Association, was one of the most successful meetings since the organization of the Association. The enrollment of 2137 teachers of New Mexico and adjoining states exceeded any previous enrollment by 300.

The speakers brought many good messages appropriate to the period of reconstruction and the "Americanization Keynote" sounded on every side.

Jonathan H. Wagner, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Santa Fe, N. M. was unanimously elected president of the Association; Mrs. Josie Lockard of Raton, Vice President; John Milne, Albuquerque, secretary; James M. Brickly, Clovis, treasurer; Mrs. Adelina Otero-Warren of Santa Fe, Railroad Secretary.

The teachers showed their appreciation of the many courtesies extended to them by the people of Albuquerque by casting their ballots in favor of Albuquerque for 1920.

The Educational Council met on Saturday November 22. The important points discussed by this body were: Higher salaries and better qualifications of teachers; extended length of term of office of state and county superintendents and a change in manner of election; a teachers' pension law and other questions of special interest to educators.

The officers of the Education Council elected for the ensuing year are, President, E. W. Bowyer, Supt. Clovis Schools; Vice President Mrs. Maude L. Blaney, Supt. Lincoln County, Secretary, Mrs. Josie Lockard, Raton.

Increasing Use of Oil

Steel manufacturers are turning more and more to the use of oil. France is urging that big concerns convert their boilers to burn oil in place of coal. Large users of coal in Paris declared it would take months to adapt the boiler to the new fuel, but it is stated a group of American engineers guaranteed to make the complete change in 6 weeks. As the advantages of oil as fuel becomes recognized its use is being rapidly extended. Consumption is exceeding production in the U. S. This situation emphasizes the necessity of national and state policies which will encourage development of new oil fields and the opening of thousands of acres now withdrawn from use in western states by the government.

A Big Cattle Deal

On Tuesday of this week a cattle deal was closed by the Carrizozo Live Stock Commission Company, in which Edwin O. Finley of the I-X ranch disposed of 1340 head of fat steers to a buyer named Willingham of El Paso. The cattle were three and four year olds, and in prime market condition. The consideration was close to \$100,000.

Bakery Changes Hands

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Haines arrived this week from Silver City and are in charge of the Pure Food Bakery, having purchased the plant from Ed Hannon. Mr. Haines is a baker of many years standing and hopes to keep the bakery up to the high standard maintained by his predecessor. We are glad to welcome the Haines to Carrizozo.

The Third Red Cross Drive

As reported in last week's News, the Lincoln County Chapter of the Red Cross Drive netted the magnificent sum of \$2290.78. Since the Drive closed, the following donations have been handed in:

Carrizozo—Donations, \$26; two membership fees, \$2.00. Tinnie—Donation, \$2—making a total of \$2320.78.

A Jicarilla Mining Company Changes Name

The Industrial Mining Company, whose properties consists of several holdings of high-grade iron ore in the Jicarilla mining district, has changed its name to that of the "Hematite Mining & Transportation Company," and increased the capital stock from \$50,000 to \$250,000. This company is now arranging to install air compressors and hoists on their property, and build a railroad from their mines to Ancho, on the El Paso and Southwestern Railroad, a distance of about eight miles, in order to handle a large tonnage. The iron ore mined in this district is of a kind that compares favorably with the best that is produced in the United States, and with the prices of steel and iron advancing right along it behooves the producers of iron to expand. This company also plans to construct some new buildings and make other substantial improvements on their property in the immediate future.

Income Tax Forms Ready In December

Plans for the issuance early in December of forms for filing income and excess profits tax returns are being made by the Bureau of Internal Revenue. Taxpayers will thus be given the opportunity of making out their returns immediately upon the closing of their books for the year 1919, when accurate knowledge of their accounts is fresh in their minds.

As a convenience to themselves and as a means of expediting the work of the government, taxpayers are urged by the Bureau, in a statement just issued, to avail themselves of this opportunity. The period for filing is from January 1st to March 15, 1920.

If the tax is paid in quarterly installments, one-fourth of the amount must accompany the filing of the return.

Form 1040 A will be used for filing individual income tax returns of \$5,000 and less, and Form 1040 for filing returns of income in excess of that amount.

The normal rate of tax for 1919, provided for in the Revenue Act of 1918, is 4 per cent on the first \$4,000 above the exemptions, and 8 per cent on the remaining net income. The tax for 1918 was 6 and 12 per cent respectively. The surtax rates, which range from 1 per cent on the amount of net income between \$5,000 and \$6,000 to 65 per cent of the amount by which the net income exceeds \$1,000,000, are the same as for the year 1918. The exemptions of \$1,000 for single persons and heads of families remain unchanged.

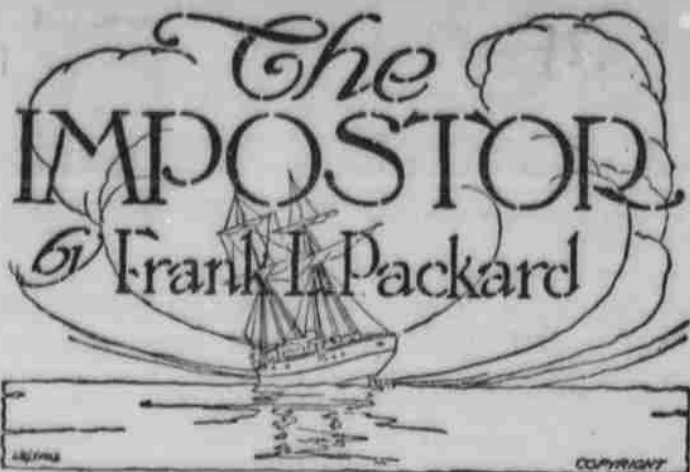
These rates apply to every citizen and resident of the United States. Alien non-residents receiving income from sources within the United States are subject to the full tax of 8 per cent on such income in excess of the exemptions.

New Broker Firm

In another column will be found the announcement of Gurney & Monroe, who have opened a brokerage office here. Without attempting to commend their "wares," for their worth may be ascertained, we are free to say that the members of the new firm are worthy citizens of our town, and in our opinion will offer nothing to the public that they know to be worthless. They will handle legitimate stocks, and anyone who is able and desires to make an investment will find it advantageous to consult them.

To Hold Mining Claims

Joint Resolution No. 241, recently passed by congress, enables miners and prospectors to hold their claims without doing the annual work for 1919, provided they file with the county clerk their intention of doing so before December 31, 1919. Filing notices can be had at the office of this paper.



"DIED TODAY, S. WALLEN."

Synopsis.—Stacey Wallen, first mate of the bark Upolo, in the Java sea, is the sole survivor of the crew, all victims of yellow fever. Ting Wah, Chinese sailor, last man to die, tells Wallen he and five other Chinamen were sent aboard by "Drink-House Sam," notorious character of Singapore, to kill him. This recalls to Wallen an incident of his childhood which seems connected with the confession.

CHAPTER I—Continued.

And Gunga had shaken his head as he had answered.

"I have looked, sahib, and the hand is whole."

Spellbound he had stood there on the stairs, a lad of fourteen, and Gunga had lifted the Thing in his arms and gone away with it; and the great figure of his father, dressed in pajamas, had stood motionless for a long time, then turning had faced the stairs and caught sight of him—and suddenly had sent a wild, unnatural laugh ringing through the house.

"You there, eh, Stacey?" he had laughed out, as though unmannered. "Well, I'll tell you something now. Never go to the East. Remember that—never go to the East."

And then he had pulled himself together, and his face had set sternly as he had pointed up the stairs. "Go back to your bed!" he had commanded sharply. "Go back to your bed instantly!"

"Yes," said Wallen aloud to himself. "That's what he said: 'Never go to the East—never go to the East.'"

But he had come to the East and six Chinamen had shipped aboard the Upolo to kill him. His father had been quite right in telling him not to go to the East. How was it that he had come there? He had run away from that gray house after that night, and he had never heard of his father since.

That was in California.

He had gone to Frisco, and gone to sea. He had been at sea ever since in all kinds of ships, and he had done pretty well. He had his master's certificate already.

But that did not account for his being here in the Java sea, and for those six Chinamen. He had been fourth officer of the Tokamuru when they had touched at Shanghai a few weeks ago. She was a fine ship, the Tokamuru, the biggest passenger liner in the fleet—only a fourth officer's pay was very small.

He had met Captain Mitchell of the Upolo ashore there, and Captain Mitchell had persuaded him to ship as first mate on the Upolo for double the pay he had been getting. The Upolo, of course, traded through the Java and Banda seas—that was what his father had meant by the East—touching at Shanghai as a port of call in a liner wasn't the same thing.

How that sun burned through the awning! It seemed to stab and drill into his skull with little shafts of exquisite pain. He could get away from it, of course, by going below into the cabin, by putting the deck between him and that torturing ball of fire, but in the cabin one couldn't breathe.

One couldn't live in the cabin—Captain Mitchell was there and Captain Mitchell was dead.

Had Captain Mitchell anything to do with those six Chinamen? Or anything to do with Drink-House Sam in Singapore? And where was it those six Chinamen had joined—at Shanghai like himself?

If he could remember that he would know whether Captain Mitchell had had a hand in the cursed game. Hadn't Johnson said something about new hands? But then native crews were everlastingly shifting about. It was a long way from Singapore to Shanghai.

Who was this Drink-House Sam? What was it Ting Wah had said? "Drink-House Sam—him know?"

"Him know, him know, him know"—the words began to run through his mind in a singsong, crazy fashion—and then a passionate, merciless anger seized upon him, and the splendid six-foot bulk of the man heaved up from the chair, and, clenched fist raised, he swayed upon his feet.

They had got him! Not the way they had thought to get him—but they had got him. And he could not fight—there was no one to fight—he could only die like a trapped rat, while this Drink-House Sam laughed a thousand miles away!

"Him know, him know, him know"—the words coursed like fire through his brain. He shouted aloud, and the nails of his fingers in his clenched fist bit into the palm of his hand. He could not choke the life, as his own ship out from this devil in Singapore had never seen—he could only lie.

heavy for him, fell to his side, a ghastly whiteness spread over his face, he reeled, clutched at the skylight for support, and slipped prone upon the deck. It was the nausea upon him again.

The virulence of the attack passed after a while, but for a long time he lay where he had fallen, weak and exhausted.

He was semi-delirious when he stood up again, and hung limply against the skylight. Medicine—yes, that was what it meant—that stuff there spilled all about. He put some into his mouth. His eyes fastened on the ship's log open in front of him. What kind of a book was that? What was it doing there? Had he been reading? He couldn't read when he was sick.

It was very strange. No; he remembered now, he had been writing in it. Whenever any of the crew died he wrote it down in the book.

And now the crew was all dead, and he would be dead, too, very soon; therefore he should also write his own name down while he could still write. He remembered it all perfectly now—that was what the book was for.

He lurched forward and picked up the fountain pen from where it had rolled into a broken package of powdered quinine. He lurched again heavily as he leaned over the book. A nervous twitch of his hand gouged the pen-point into the page and left a blot.

He shook his head in a gravely puzzled way.

It was queer that the pen wouldn't write as it had written before; it seemed to travel all over the page, and—he paused, his hand going to his eyes again—it was strange that he couldn't think of his own name!

He was first mate, he knew that; but—yes, his name came back to him now. He wrote on laboriously. He finished the entry, dropped the pen, and stared at what he had written, nodding his head.

"Died today, S. Wallen, first mate." He read the words aloud, and nodded his head again. It was true, quite true. When that damnable sun that was tormenting him through the awning was gone, that would be the end of today and he would be dead.

His eyes strayed forward along the deck—and widened with a dawning fear. What were those shapes there? He began to mumble to himself, and suddenly shrieked out aloud. It was a horror ship.

He shrieked aloud, rushed to the rail, and in the delirium of his mind crouched low to hide himself from this dead throng that raved like demons for medicine, ran screaming forward to where the ship's boat bumped monotonously in its rise and fall against the vessel's hull.

He hurried himself over the side, cut the boat loose, and snatching at the oars began to pull like a madman away from the ship. Two hundred yards off he stood up and shook both fists and yelled tauntingly—they could not reach him now. But why not? Suppose they should swim after him? He flung himself to the sea again and pined the oars furiously.

And then slowly the strokes lessened, and presently an ear fell from his grasp, and after that, with a moan, he pitched forward into the bottom of the boat—and all was blackness.

CHAPTER II.

On the Road to Pohl.

"Mon," expostulated the Scotch trader, "but you're fair daff! You're but out of the jaws of death, and I'd say you're all the way out at that. Bide a bit, there'll be another in a month—or in two, anyhow."

Wallen, standing in the center of the little galvanized-iron-roofed storehouse, his eyes on the native who had entered a moment before, shook his head.

"I've got to get away, MacKnight," he said earnestly. "There's no use talking about it. What kind of a ship does he say it is?"

MacKnight flung out a question in the native tongue.

"He says it is a big smoke-boat," translated the trader, "which will be by way of saying it's some meanly steam counter that's so small it's no able to accommodate its own cock-roaches, d'ye mind? Mon, pay no attention to it. What's another month or so—and you'll be strong then, and—uh, mon, but I hate to have ye go!"

Wallen, gaunt and thin from his illness, shook his head decisively again, though the other's words had brought a quick responsive smile to his lips.

Six weeks ago a prosa from the village here had picked him up at sea and brought him, as it were, to this high-hearted man's door. He owed his life to MacKnight.

"It's no use, MacKnight," he answered. "I've got to go."

"It'll be that black devil in Singapore!" ejaculated the trader, screwing up his wizened face and pulling viciously at his beard. "You'll no play the fool, Wallen. It's not fit you are to go. Listen to me, mon! It's a matter o' twenty miles across the island, as ye know well, and no conveyance, ye mind. And it's no regular trader that's called, for none is due—she'll have put in for water or the like, and will be sailing again at daybreak."

"I can make it by daybreak, MacKnight," Wallen stated quietly.

For a moment MacKnight stared at Wallen, then his hands dropped from Wallen's shoulders.

"Well, go, and be damned to you, then!" he said gruffly, deep down in his throat to hide his emotion—and, turning, stepped abruptly outside.

There were not many preparations to make—very few.

Wallen's worldly possessions were his only through the generosity of the trader. But MacKnight did not stop at that now, for, five minutes later, as Wallen started for the night's tramp across the island, a Malay guide, well loaded with supplies, started with him, while MacKnight cursed with earnest profanity as they wrung each other's hand.

At the edge of the clearing Wallen looked back. On the great bearded figure that leaned against the door frame of the solitary trading station Wallen's eyes lingered.

The man waved his hand and shouted:

"Mon, ye'll no forget MacKnight o' Arru! Ye'll no forget MacKnight, mon!"

And then suddenly a mist dimmed Wallen's eyes. He tried to shout back—and could only wave his own hand in return. And then the trees hid the trader from view.

Forget MacKnight! The man who had nursed him back to life as a mother would nurse her child! Forget that solitary human outpost of civilization—a man with an iron fist, a barbed-wire tongue and a heart as tender as a woman's! No; he would not forget MacKnight!

He forced a smile to his lips. One queer strange friendship in these far parts of the world, and made them under strange circumstances. The



Crouched Low to Hide Himself.

chances were a thousand to one that he and MacKnight would never meet again—but, for all that, it was a friendship that would last.

Twenty miles across the island before daybreak!

Wallen felt to wondering what sort of a ship and, more pertinent still, what sort of a skipper was on the ship that had put into Pohl. He had refused MacKnight's offer of an advance of money, and he hadn't a penny—but he was satisfied that he would not be refused passage in any case. He could work his way.

A white man who knew his business was worth his weight in gold on a ship any time in these parts. It was true he wasn't any too fit yet; but he was fit enough for that, fit enough—a dull flush came into his face, and his eyes hardened—fit enough to get to Singapore somehow!

He had not forgotten that ghastly afternoon in the reek of the pest ship, nor the Chinaman who had died in his arms whispering of Drink-House Sam of Singapore! Forget! He had thought of nothing else all these weeks, raved of it in his delirium, so MacKnight had told him.

There was one thing dominant in his life now—Drink-House Sam of Singapore, the man who had tried so mysteriously to take his life, to stab at him treacherously, without warning, out of the dark.

Singapore! Singapore! It was never out of his mind now. To get there, to force the truth, the motive, the reason, the story behind all this from the human spider that lurked in his web, and then—his fists clenched fiercely—and then settle with the man himself!

And that was why he must get to Pohl before daybreak, before this steamer sailed.

Twenty miles across the island before daybreak!

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Men should be temperate in eating as well as in drinking.

CARDINAL MERCIER HONORED BY COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY



Cardinal Mercier, primate of Belgium, receiving the degree of L.L.D. from Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia university, New York, on the steps of the university's library.

Persia Is Rich in Mineral Wealth

Natural Resources of Ancient Country Are Almost Inestimable.

DIFFICULTY OF TRANSPORT

Chief Obstacle in Way of Development—Various Schemes Already in Hand for Construction of Railway Lines.

London.—The natural resources of Persia are almost inestimable, and up to the present the great wealth of this ancient country has scarcely been touched. The now famous Anglo-Persian oil fields are a vivid example of what can be done when the necessary enterprise and capital are forthcoming. The large area over which this company possesses the rights of working contains an almost inexhaustible supply of oil.

There is at least one other oil field in Persia waiting to be exploited. A few Baku experts have known for some time of the existence of oil in the northeastern part of the country. This district is judged to be exceedingly rich in oil-bearing strata and is situated close to the southeastern shore of the Caspian sea.

Beyond any doubt, says the London Times, the plateau of Persia is extremely rich in mineral wealth, but the question has been how to work it, owing to the difficulty of transport. In the past reliance has had to be placed on mules and camels, whose loads cannot possibly exceed 400 or 500 pounds. This being so, the importation of the necessary heavy machinery has been altogether out of the question, and as a result the greater part of Persia's rich mineral wealth lies dormant.

HAS ANTIQUE FIDDLE



Chinese coolies, who had served with the allied armies on the western front, recently arrived in Canada on the way home. Here is one with musical instruments he is taking back with him.

STILL AGAIN WORKS

"Mountain Dew" Plant Has Been Buried 50 Years.

United States Marshals Hunt Wilds of W-yne County, W. Va., for Giant Still.

Huntington, W. Va.—County and state prohibition officers and United States marshals are searching the wilds of Wayne county, where a gigantic copper still is again in operation, after being buried for half a century. Fifty years ago a "mountain dew" was manufactured in this section which was superior to legalized brands. "Wash Farley's Best" was a famous brand of whisky in this section.

Making whisky was then a legal and much appreciated occupation. The authorities usually ran a small still in addition to arresting a few murderers

chinery has been altogether out of the question, and as a result the greater part of Persia's rich mineral wealth lies dormant.

Precious Metals.

Seventy miles or so to the north of Isfahan is a disused gold mine that was originally worked by the Persians themselves. The ore was extracted in a crude and antiquated way and then carried to Teheran on the backs of mules, a distance of over 200 miles. There the gold was extracted by some old-fashioned process, and as the profits only covered the expenses the mine was ultimately closed down. With modern methods and up-to-date machinery on the spot such a venture should prove a very paying concern.

Gold dust is found in various parts of Persia, principally in the river beds, but not in any great quantity, with perhaps one exception. It is regularly brought into the Kermanshah bazaar for sale, but from exactly where has so far been kept a secret.

Lead and silver are both to be found in quantities that would pay for the working.

In considering the mineral wealth of the country, copper undoubtedly takes the most important place. Persia is full of copper, but so far has not attracted foreign capital, because of the import and export difficulties that have had to be contended with in the past. In spite of these many draw-

backs, at least one mine is being worked locally.

A little to the north of Isfahan, in the Santaz mountains, is a large seam of copper. To mine such a rich deposit would assuredly pay. The Kerman district abounds in copper, and in the judgment of a mining engineer who has visited the neighborhood any operations seriously undertaken would easily repay the necessary capital invested.

Coal and Transport.

Should financiers be ready to embark on such a venture as the exploitation of Persian mines, the question of both coal and transport would have to be seriously considered. Fortunately coal does exist in many parts of the country and is at present being worked in at least two localities. The district of Kumsheh is especially rich in this mineral, and quite recently it has been discovered in the Curdish mountains bordering on the Bagdad-Hamadan road.

The difficulty of transport is rapidly being overcome. Already there are various schemes in hand for the construction of railways; in fact, quite a good start has been made. The recent operations in both the north and the south of Persia have shown the roads to be quite suitable for heavy motor traffic, consequently the importation of heavy machinery ought not to prove a very serious obstacle.

In normal times the Persian laborer is paid from 12 to 16 cents (United States) a day. A slight advance in pay would insure the necessary labor, especially if it should prove permanent. It is not difficult to prophesy that before many years have passed Persia will prove to be one of the mining countries of the world.

New Express Rules

Shippers Must Pack Goods According to Regulations.

Expected to Provide Additional Safeguards for Merchandise Sent by Express.

Washington.—New express packing rules, similar to those required for freight movement on the railroads, will go into effect on December 10, and express shippers are requested to prepare themselves for the new standards. The new packing requirements, which were recently approved by the United States railroad administration, were formulated to provide additional safeguards for merchandise sent by express. Heretofore shippers have been using all sorts of containers for express packages, but the new rules are expected to make the regulations uniform and thus provide business concerns with an even more reliable and speedy service.

Preparations are being made at local offices of the American Railway Express company, which is the agent of the government in handling the express business of the entire country, to put the new rules into effect on December 10, and to require a strict adherence to them thereafter. The ex-

press officials expect that in this way shippers will be induced to pay greater attention to their packing methods and to turn their business over to the carrier substantially packed and clearly marked, so that, with reasonable care on the part of expressmen, all traffic can be handled rapidly and with fewer chances of loss or damage in transit.

The rules, recently promulgated, will not permit the use of paper wrapping for packages over 25 pounds, nor ordinary paper boxes, wrapped or unwrapped, when the weight of the package is over that limit. For shipments over 25 pounds, wooden containers, or containers of fiberboard, pulpboard or corrugated strawboard material are required. The cartons must be made of materials of specified "test strengths," similar to those required for the freight service, and the containers must bear the stamp of the manufacturers certifying that the material used is of strength required for the weight of the shipment carried in it as called for in the rules.

Airmen Hunt Illegally.

London.—Complaint has been lodged by the department committee on the protection of wild birds that airmen have been illegally hunting and bombing water fowl and other game from army machines.

ascendants of "Uncle" John found this map under the rafters of a barn.

During the last few days a new and excellent brand of liquor has been appearing in these parts. Veterans declared it was like "Uncle" John's. Then the secret leaked out.

The old still had been unearthed, and with a little practice the finder was able to distill a brand just like the famous "Uncle" John brand. It is known the still is located in the Lick creek region, but the officers have as yet been unable to find it. It is said to be the largest, finest and most complete whisky making plant in West Virginia. The whisky is being put out in great quantities through Wayne and Lincoln counties.

Post Card Travels for Years.

Boston, Mass.—After being en route from Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., to Boston for 13 years, a postal card has been received by H. B. Macy of 379 Atlantic avenue. The card was mailed at the fort July 31, 1906, by Macy's sister Hazel, and it was addressed to her father, who died a few years ago.

Refused Insurance

Mr. Dunning Left Service in Bad Shape, But Doan's Soon Corrected His Trouble.

Geo. Dunning, ex-Chief Postmaster of the U. S. Navy, 470 Madison St., Somerville, Mass., says: "Every bit of trouble I suffered from my kidneys was a result of exposure at sea. I was retired practically an invalid. My kidneys became very irregular all the time and some nights I was forced to get up every half hour. The kidney secretions burned like fire and were filled with blood-tinged sediment. My joints swelled and were inflamed. I couldn't bend over to lace my shoes and had to be helped up and down. Right after my retirement from service I tried to get insured, but was turned down because of kidney trouble. I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills and used sixteen boxes. By that time every sign of kidney trouble left me and my back was like new; not an ache or pain left. I tried for insurance again and was declared a good risk. I give Doan's Kidney Pills credit for putting me in perfect health."



Mr. Dunning

Subscribed and sworn to before me.

GEORGE L. DOHERTY,
Notary Public.
Get Doan's at Any Store, 50¢ a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
POSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

BELCHING

Caused by
Acid-Stomach

Let EATONIC, the wonderful modern stomach remedy, give you quick relief from disgusting belching, food-vegetable indigestion, heartburn, dyspepsia, flatulence, heartburn and other stomach troubles. They are all caused by Acid-Stomach from which about nine people out of ten suffer in one way or another. One writer says follows: "Before I used EATONIC, I could not eat a bite without belching it right up, and after I had a bit of trouble since the first tablet."

Millions are victims of Acid-Stomach without knowing it. They are weak and ailing, have poor digestion, bodies improperly nourished although they may eat heartily. Grave disorders are likely to follow if an acid-stomach is neglected. EATONIC, of the liver, intestinal congestion, flatulence, catarrh of the stomach—these are only a few of the many ailments often caused by Acid-Stomach.

A sufferer from Catarrh of the Stomach for 13 years states: "I had catarrh of the stomach for 13 long years and I never found anything to do me any good—just temporary relief—until I used EATONIC. It is a wonderful remedy and I do not want to be without it."

If you are not feeling quite right—lack energy and enthusiasm and don't know just where to locate the trouble—try EATONIC and see how much better you will feel in every way.

At all drug stores—a big box for 50¢ and your money back if you are not satisfied.

EATONIC
(FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH)

Feline Felicitations.
Editor: "Jack told me I was as interesting and beautiful." Marie: "And yet you will trust yourself for life with a man who begins deceiving you even during his courtship."

Baby's little dresses will just simply dazzle if Red Cross Rag Blue is used in the laundry. Try it and see for yourself. At all good grocers, etc.

Most Distant Cepheids.
The most distant cepheids now known are nearly 20,000 light years from the sun—almost as far away as the nearest of the globular clusters (about 21,000 light years).

A Lady of Distinction.
Is recognized by the delicate fascinating influence of the perfume she uses. A bath with Cuticura Soap and hot water to thoroughly cleanse the pores, followed by a dusting with Cuticura Talcum Powder usually means a clear, sweet, healthy skin—Advt.

Tip to Inventors.
An inventor has invented a noiseless gas engine. What humanity really needs, however, is a noiseless toment. —Thrill Magazine.

STRENGTHENS KIDNEYS—PURIFIES BLOOD

You can't expect weak kidneys to filter the acids and poisons out of your system unless they are given a little help. Don't allow them to become diseased when a little attention now will prevent it. Don't try to cheat nature.

As soon as you commence to have backaches, feel nervous and tired, GET RUSH. These are usually warnings that your kidneys are not working properly. Do not delay a minute. Go after the cause of your ailments or you may find yourself in the grip of an incurable disease. GOLD MEDAL Haaren Oil capsules will give almost immediate relief from kidney troubles. GOLD MEDAL Haaren Oil Capsules will do the work. They are the pure original Haaren Oil Capsules imported direct from the laboratories in Haaren, Holland. Ask your druggist for GOLD MEDAL and accept no substitutes. Look for the name GOLD MEDAL on every box. Three sizes, sealed packages. Money refunded if they do not quickly help you—Advt.

Church bells bring the thought that a hundred can go so high and no higher.

You always get full measure when you go after a neck of trouble.

MURINE
Night and Morning.
Have Strong, Healthy Eyes. If they are, Red Smart or Burn, if Sore, Irritated, Inflamed, or Cracked, use Murine often. Softens, Refreshes. Safe for Infant or Adult. At All Druggists. Write for Free Eye Book. Boston Eye Remedy Co., Boston.

Horse Meat to Be Sold by U. S.

Wild Equines, Too Small for Work, Will Be Slaughtered to Furnish Supply

The sale of horse meat may put a crimp in the high cost of living in the United States. The average American citizen may not be aware of the fact, but nevertheless it is true, that congress has opened the way for slaughter and sale of horses as food for human beings.

In the future, if the family pocketbook will not stand the strain of purchasing a beefsteak, the good housewife may step around to the corner grocery and buy a chunk of horse meat and still keep within the family means.

Horses are to be slaughtered and the meat sold under regulations carefully prepared by the department of agriculture so as to insure at all times the wholesomeness of the product.

The following announcement on the subject is made by the department of agriculture:

"To open up the channels of trade for some of the inferior horses in this country that do not pay for their keep, and to increase the meat supply in some of the larger cities in the United States and abroad, where horse meat is used for human food, the department of agriculture is authorized by congress to inspect horse meat and horse meat products. The amendment to the regulations governing meat inspection by the department was passed by congress on July 24, with an appropriation of \$100,000 to carry on the work during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1920.

"While it is expected that as a result of this amendment inferior horses throughout the country will be slaughtered for human food, it will open a market especially for the small horses—many of them wild—on the western range. These animals are eating much of the limited supply of range feed which is needed by live stock that is better able to pay for its keep. Elimination of the undesirable horses not only will save feed for more worthy cattle and sheep, but will add hides to the leather supply and increase meat stocks."

Every establishment in which horses are slaughtered for the preparation of food products for transportation or sale in interstate or foreign commerce must be federally inspected under the new regulations. The slaughter of horses and the preparation and handling of horse meat must be conducted in establishments separated from those in which other animals are killed and handled.

All horse meat or horse meat products must be conspicuously labeled or branded "horse meat" or "horse meat product" and must bear the statement "U. S. inspected and passed by the U. S. department of agriculture." The regulations list a number of horse diseases which, if found in any animal slaughtered, will cause it to be condemned as food.

Briefly, in making possible the utilization of horses for meat, the regulations place the matter under federal supervision, thereby insuring that the product is clean and wholesome. The regulations, it is explained, merely provide for the inspection. The number of horses used for meat will depend on the extent to which horses are marketed for that purpose and likewise on the demand for the product. In some cities horse meat already has a ready sale.

British Maidens Sigh in Vain for Husbands While Living Cost Grows Higher

Shortage of men and the high cost of living are responsible for the husbandless plight of at least 2,000,000 British maidens.

The swain finds that diamonds have advanced 75 per cent. Wedding rings have increased in price on almost the same ratio as engagement rings. What is still more ominous for the man who is inclined to become a husband is the fact that the average British maiden eats more than she did before the war.

War work encouraged large appetites, but long endurance of bully-beef hashes and stews and enforced acquaintance with Irish and other varieties of delectable dishes somewhat unpalatable to the maiden who, during the time the Germans were being whipped, was stimulating her energies with plain "grub."

A box of good chocolates that used to cost 50 cents now fetches \$1.25 to \$1.50 a pound. In the frostiest movie theater they get 60 cents for a fairly good seat that formerly was sold for 25 cents.

When it comes to after-marriage expenses the intended husband finds that household furniture has gone up at least 300 per cent. A piano costs \$500 or \$600. A respectable baby carriage sells for \$40 to \$60. Shoes are \$12 to \$15 a pair. As to rent, if a man cannot buy furniture at its present exorbitant price he must pay \$40 to \$60 a week for a small furnished flat.

WORDS OF WISE MEN

Chance is a deceiver. Without labor there is neither ease nor rest.

Success comes in cans. Failures in can't.

Who will not when he can, cannot when he will.—Portuguese Proverb.

A pond in front and a stream behind. (Between two evils).—M. Greek.

A man diligent in business shall stand before kings; he shall not stand before mean men.—Bible.

American Angora Cats of English or Scotch Origin

Angora is the name popularly applied to Persian and other varieties of long-haired cats—a strange custom, for cat fanciers have never been able to find a long-haired cat in Angora. Antiquarians testify, however, that they were known to the ancients long before the Christian era. They were first carried to the United States by sailors who brought them from India to Maine. The harder specimens adapted themselves to the Maine climate, and became very popular and were raised for show purposes, Maine having had cat shows long before the first national show at Madison Square Garden, in 1905. English cat fanciers, however, were more careful to preserve the thoroughbred strain, and won many prizes in American exhibitions. American dealers bought this stock, with the result that now most champion American cats of this kind are of English or Scotch origin.

Many Rubber Stamps.

It has been estimated that 100,000,000 rubber stamps are in use in the United States.

FALL SMILES

Doesn't Wait for Him to Offer It.
"I sometimes wish you'd give me a little money without my having to ask for it," said she.
"I sometimes wish you'd give me the chance," said he.

The Vehicle.

"You say the fight was suspended. Did the defendant go home in the interim?"
"No, sir, he went to the hospital in an ambulance."

The Great Constructor.
"What we want is constructive criticism," said the artist.
"What is your idea of constructive criticism?"
"The kind our press agent writes."

Encouragement.
"Can you find room for this little poem I dashed off today?"
"Certainly; plenty of room. There isn't a thing in the waste-basket just now."

Still Popular.
"Yes, I manufacture candles."
"Dear me, do people use candles still?"
"Oh yes, I sell a good many for birthday cakes."

A Royal One.

"What a pretty flush Miss Bertha had in her cheeks the other evening."

"Not half as pretty a one as I had in my hand."

Holding It Over Him.
"That fellow can't pay you. Why don't you call his account square?"
"Wouldn't do," said the merchant. "He'd immediately want to open up another line of credit."

Fruits and Vegetables Should Not Be Wasted

A pantry well filled with home-canned and otherwise preserved fruits and vegetables means more varied, attractive and wholesome diet during the winter months, as well as cheaper living. Don't let any vegetables go to waste. It will be wise economy to store all you can, dry, pickle or brine. A well-ventilated cellar is a convenient storage place. If there is no available space there an outdoor pit storage is satisfactory. Select a well-drained spot, pile the vegetables in a shallow trench, cover with straw, then a layer of dirt, etc., to protect from freezing, and provide ventilation at the top.

Sunflowers for Profit.

The sunflower grows readily in South Africa and is cultivated to a limited extent for poultry food. In the opinion of the British and South African Gazette, large quantities could be produced if there were a demand at a remunerative price.

Snow Huts Are Warm.

A temperature between 80 and 90 degrees is maintained in Eskimo snow huts.

Philatelists Swindled by German Stamp Speculator; Fake Estonian Stickers

"A German citizen, who knows how eager the world's collectors are to obtain the stamps of the countries of the new Europe, has succeeded in pulling the wool over the eyes of philatelists, many of whom have paid as high as \$30 for a set of Estonian stamps which have proven to be 'fakes,'" writes Kent B. Stiles in the stamp department of Boys' Life.

"When the Esths proclaimed their land an independent republic on the day on which the armistice was signed, last November, the German citizen was living at Reval, where the proclamation was issued. He hurried to a post office and purchased stocks of the stamps which the German occupation authorities had forced the people of this former section of old Russia to use during the days of the invasion by the German troops. These stamps are Germany's own 'woman in armor' designed labels, but with the surcharge 'Postgebiet Ob. Ost.' upon them.

"These occupation stamps the German citizen took with him into Germany, and upon them he had overprinted the inscription 'Eesti,' meaning 'Estonia.' These were then allowed to circulate among stamp dealers. It was supposed that they had been legitimately issued by the Estonian government, and they were soon regarded as being among the more valuable stamps of Europe's reconstruction period."

Noise Like Airplane Adds to "Movie" Plane Scenes

All kinds of instruments are used behind the stage in theaters and picture houses to produce imitations of noises, such as the clattering of horses' hoofs, the entrance of a train into a station, and so on; and quite elaborate machines have been thought out to produce these noises. Flight has made it necessary to invent still another one, and a new instrument has been produced to make a noise like an airplane. Two large disks are fitted together with partitions like a water-wheel, and holes about four inches apart are arranged round the circumference. While one man turns the "wheel" quickly round, another man pours a jet of compressed air against the holes, and the noise is exactly like that of the motor of an airplane in flight.

Mother's Cook Book

Cherish friendship in your breast, New is good, but old is best. Make new friends, but keep the old. These are silver, these are gold.

What to Have for Breakfast.

If a woman be her own maid, as statistics tell us 85 per cent of us are, a dainty satisfying breakfast is her family's by a little preparation in advance. An alarm clock to insure the right time of rising will give ample time to arrange the meal hurriedly. He who goes mornings from a quiet house, comfortable and well ordered is twice as capable as his neighbor whose wife either leaves him to prepare his own meal or comes down with disordered hair and apparel, and whines at him from across a miserable breakfast.

The "uniform breakfast" advocated by some is a most convenient one as it saves brain fat; you know just what you are to prepare and the family knows just what they will have; however, the most of us like an occasional break from fruit and cereal, eggs and bacon, either or both, toast and coffee, with perhaps a doughnut or cookie to finish off with.

A pleasing variety in the daily menu is secured by having a variety of prepared cereals as well as those which need cooking. In this way there is no chance to tire of any one kind and the favorites may be repeated more often.

Codfish balls, broiled or baked mackerel, flounder haddock and smoked salmon are fish dishes which are permissible for the first meal of the day. Of the meats the favorites are bacon, ham, chops, corn beef hash, fried beef and calf's brains.

Eggs are universally used as a breakfast dish and are served in so many ways that one never tires of them. Omelets form an especially desirable egg dish. Scrambled, fried, poached, cooked in the shell, cooked in ramekins with cream, and eggs in combination with rice and other foods too numerous to mention are all desirable dishes.

A Sweet Omelet.

Separate the whites and yolks of the eggs using four, six or eight, the number suitable to the family appetite. Beat well, season with salt and a dash of cayenne, add as many tablespoonsful of cold water as there are eggs, adding it to the yolks when beating them. Turn the yolks into a hot well-buttered, smooth omelet pan to which has been added a half-cupful of blanched almonds. Cook as usual, fold and serve with hot maple syrup.

Nellie Maxwell

Whale Slow But Sure.

The ordinary speed of a whale is about five miles an hour. Hard-pressed, a speed of 15 has been recorded, but not beyond that.

PE-RU-NA and MANALIN Cured Me

Mrs. E. M. Harris, R. R. No. 3, Ashland, Wis., sends a message of cheer to the sick:

"After following your advice and using Peruna and Manalin, I was cured of catarrh of the nose, throat and stomach, from which I had suffered for several years. When I commenced taking Peruna I could not make my bed without stopping to rest. Now I

Catarrh of the Nose, Throat and Stomach.

do all my work and am in good health. I recommend this valuable remedy to all suffering from any disease of the stomach."

Peruna is Sold Everywhere Liquid or Tablet Form

The Cartoonist Outdone.

Jones—See that tattered-looking man over there?

Banka—Yes.

Jones—Well, he used to be one of the most prosperous cartoonists in London.

Banka—What happened to him?

Jones—No, but his specialty was making grotesque drawings of women's fashions, and now the styles have surpassed his pictures!

BIFF!

Stop jolting Liver and Bowels with violent drugs, but take "Cascarets."

"Dynamiting" bile out of your system with cathartics is all wrong. Salts, Oil, and Cathartic Waters act by flooding the bowels with the digestive juices which are vital to the stomach. Cascarets are different. They act as a tonic to the bowel muscles, which is the only sensible way to relieve a bilious attack, a sour, acid stomach, or constipated bowels. There is no gripping or inconvenience. You naturally return to regularity and cheerfulness. Cascarets cost very little and they work while you sleep.—Advt.

Nice Distinction.
"Mrs. Galumpus is always getting after Mr. Galumpus for not having more spirit."

"Yes."

"She says he lets everybody run over him."

"Doesn't Mrs. Galumpus run over him, too?"

"Certainly, but she takes the position that domestic tyranny doesn't compromise the honor of the family like oppression from a rank outsider."

ASPIRIN FOR HEADACHE

Name "Bayer" is on Genuine Aspirin—say Bayer

Aspirin—say Bayer

Insist on "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" in a "Bayer package," containing proper directions for Headache, Cold, Pain, Neuritis, Lumbago, and Rheumatism. Name "Bayer" means genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for nineteen years. Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost few cents. Aspirin is trademark of Bayer Manufacture of Monaceneidester of Salicylicacid.—Advt.

Agreed.
"We want more honest men in politics," exclaimed the reformer. "That's right," agreed the practical politician. "The more honest men we have in politics the less politics will cost."

A gentle hand may lead the elephant with a hair.—Persian Proverb.

Do You Smoke?

Send us fifty cents for one pound carton of "OLD KENTUCKY" natural leaf tobacco direct from the grower. One pound prepaid, 50 cents. Five pounds prepaid, \$2.00. Send check, bank draft or M. O. Old Kentucky Tobacco Association, Water Valley, Kentucky.

SEALS RUBBER STAMPS
METAL STAMPS—OIL MACHINES
RECYCLING LOGS
SACHS & WILCOX
1005 LAMAR ST. ST. LOUIS, MO.
DENVER, CO.

FRECKLES
CONTINUALLY REMOVED BY Dr. Barry's
Freckle Remover. 75¢ a Box. 3 Boxes
\$2.00. Write for Free Booklet.
W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 45-1919.

Farmer Jones Syrup is Better

First, last and all the time we maintain the quality! Its excellence cannot be duplicated. It's wholesome, economical and delicious. Nature helps us. The cane is grown under our supervision from seed chosen under direction of our own agricultural experts. By an exclusive process of manufacture we keep the purity and goodness which come from the sweet juice of the sorghum. We include sugar syrup with an addition of corn syrup to prevent fermentation.



FARMER JONES
SORGHUM BLEND SYRUP

Send name for our new FREE Recipe Book.

How genuine without this signature

The Fort Scott Syrup Sorghum Co.

RECEIVED FROM DENVER, CO., NO. 45-1919

For big free catalogue clip out this ad, sign and mail today.



Earn from \$200 to \$400 a month as an Auto and Tractor mechanic or be your own mechanic for motorized machinery on your own farm. We give you complete instruction in eight weeks.

Notice to the Public

On and after Monday, Nov. 24, 1919, the outside door of the postoffice will be locked in the evening upon the dispatch of mail to trains 1, and 2. A letter drop has been arranged for those desiring to mail letters during the night for dispatch on next morning's Roswell auto, but it's not to be used for any other mailing. By direction of Post Office Inspector.

JOHN A. HALEY, P. M.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
United States Land Office
Roswell, N. M., Nov. 20, 1919
Serial No. 04032
NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that on the 12th day of November, 1919, the Santa Fe Pacific Railroad company, by Howell Jones, its land commissioner, made application at the United States Land Office, at Roswell, New Mexico, to select under the Act of April 21, 1904 (33 Stat. 211) the following described land, to-wit:

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 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A Job of Printing
Ring up 14, Carrizozo News

The standing of a business man is estimated by the character of his printed stationery, whether it is good, bad, or the rubber stamp kind. It therefore pays the business man to have his stationery as neatly and artistically printed as his big city correspondents. The best is always the cheapest.

This office is equipped to do all kinds of printing, plain or in colors

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Letterheads	Folders
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Programs	Stock Certificates

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Established 20 Years

Reaches Every Home in Lincoln County

PRINCE ALBERT



*the national
joy smoke
makes a whale
of a cigarette!*

YOU certainly get yours when you lay your hands on the tin. You call for a tidy red tin or a tomy red bag of Prince Albert and you get a makin's cigarette! You'll want to try a satisfied to say to the owner of your smokestunt! Why, you never dreamt of the smokestunt bag awaiting your call in a home rolled cigarette where the P.A. is the packing!

Talk about flavor! Man, man, you haven't got the flavor of half your smokestunt until you know what rolling 'em with P.A. can do for you. And, back of P.A.'s flavor, and true fragrance, you get a quality—stands out exclusive, refined, smooth, that cuts out the parch! With P.A. your smokestunt is a smokestunt that it any phonograph record you ever heard! Prince Albert is a crimp cut and stays just like a regular cut!

Prince Albert upsets any notion you ever had of how delicious a jimmy is. It is the tobacco that has made three times more pipes in the world than ever before. It has won them all over the world, to the smokestunt.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO COMPANY, Winston-Salem, N. C.



Protect the Children

In most cases Tuberculosis infection comes during childhood.

Little children are helpless against this menace.

YOU KNOW THE DANGER

GUARD THEM!

Use Red Cross Christmas Seals

Each Seal Is a Penny Worth of Cure and Prevention

AROUND THE WORLD WITH THE AMERICAN RED CROSS.
Public Health Nursing.



In the midst of its multitudinous and arduous duties the American Red Cross did not neglect its obligations to the civilian population at home. Throughout the smallest it has directed its Bureau of Public Health Nursing, instruction in first aid, home nursing and sanitation, and disaster relief. Particularly in these dark and gloomy days the efforts by public health nurses important. The accompanying photograph shows a Red Cross public health nurse instructing a mother in the proper preparation of the baby's diet.

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**HEALTH CRUSADERS
FIGHT OFF ILLNESS**

Twenty-Five Thousand School Children
Just in Modern Tournament for
Better Health—Real Sale
Finances Crusade.



The days of child-slay have returned in New Mexico. Through out the schools of the state, there are 25,000 crusaders who are combating the demons of ill health and preventable disease. They are crusading in the Modern Health Crusade, conducted by the New Mexico Public Health Association in most of the public and many of the private schools of the state.

The Modern Health Crusade is a system of practical health instruction depending for its success upon the formation of health habits rather than the memorization of mere rules. The child is regularly enrolled as a crusader and is assigned eleven health chores which must be done daily. If seventy-five per cent are done for two weeks, the child becomes a knight in health chivalry; at five weeks, a squire; at ten weeks, a knight; and at fifteen weeks, a knight banneret. Pins and buttons symbolic of success are awarded at the end of the various periods.

Endorsed by the National Educational Association and the state department of education, the Crusade has been widely adopted in New Mexico. All of the counties except Taos, McKinley and Sierra have pupils enrolled. San Miguel county leads in the point of numbers with 2,678 in rural schools only. Union is second with 2,876 in the rural schools, 299 in Clayton and 250 in Des Moines. In Colfax, there are 829 Crusaders in the rural schools, 751 in Dawson and 700 in Baton, making a total of 2,250 for the county. The city schools of Deming, Chis, Carlsbad, Artesia, Roswell, Santa Fe, Clayton, Silver City, Lordsburg, Carrizozo, Pecos, Socorro, Magdalena, Raton, Duran, Des Moines and Belen in a special contest.

Chore charts printed in Spanish have been ordered for districts principally Spanish-speaking. The blind children at the New Mexico school for the blind at Alamogordo are also enrolled. The Crusade is financed entirely by the New Mexico Public Health Association from funds received by the sale of Red Cross Christmas seals.

ATHLETES VICTIMS OF TUBERCULOSIS

Many Shining Lights of Ring, Track, Diamond and Air Succumb to Dread Disease Which is No Respector of Persons.

The recent deaths from tuberculosis of a number of athletes, each celebrated for his amazing prowess in his chosen field in the world of sport, give proof that the disease is no respecter of persons and are recorded by the medical fraternity as sad and sad evidence that correct hygiene must be observed if perfect health is to be enjoyed.

Boxer Lou, Alcindor, aviator whose death-defying stunts have thrilled hundreds of thousands during the past few years, is among the latest victims of tuberculosis. For years he defied death in every form, yet a few days ago he died after a wasting illness at a hospital in Greenville, S. C.

The list of athletic champions who have succumbed to tuberculosis includes "Tony" Welton, who once wore the crown as a lightweight prize-fighter, "Albie" Murphy, for years captain of the track and field teams of the University of Pennsylvania and "Vic" Sereno, once the star of the New York National League baseball team, the Giants. Even those who were once physically fit fall victims of the Great White Plague when they neglect their resting power to be lowered.

The New Mexico Public Health Association, organized to stamp out tuberculosis in the "Sunshine State", must have \$25,000 if the work now outlined for 1920 is to be done. It can get that amount only through the sale of Red Cross Christmas seals and public health bonds in the drive between December 1 and 10. As every county and practically every school district is thoroughly organized for the drive, the officials of the association believe the desired goal will be reached.

**IN NEW MEXICO
RED CROSS SEALS WILL—**

Equip forty thousand Modern Health Crusaders.
Employ six trained public health nurses.
Secure two lecturers for health instruction.
Finance campaigns for open-air schools, preventorium, clinics and dispensaries, and hold after citizenship in New Mexico.

STRONG LINE-UP FOR SALE OF XMAS SEALS

\$40,000 IS GOAL OF CAMPAIGN
FROM DECEMBER 1 TO 10

Ninety-one Per Cent of Money to Stay
in State for Public Health Work
—Pankey is State Chairman.

With the coming of December 1, one of the most complete sets of machinery ever created in the state of New Mexico will be set into motion to raise \$40,000 for public health work within this state. Headed by Lieut. Gov. R. F. Pankey, state chairman of the drive, there is a force of twenty-five county chairmen, 1,000 precinct chairmen and several thousand workers ready to make a thorough canvass to secure the money necessary to carry out a broad program of health protection during the year of 1920.

The chief medium for raising the money will be the sale of Red Cross Christmas seals. These tiny emblems of holiday cheer have been sold in New Mexico for the past eight years. This year, the New Mexico Public Health Association, state agent for the seals, hopes to achieve a sale which is greater than all the other years combined. Seven million seals are being prepared at state headquarters in Albuquerque for distribution over New Mexico. These are to be sold at a cent apiece, "a penny's worth of prevention and cure."

Money Stays in State.

In addition to being the greatest sale in the history of the state, the 1919 campaign is notable in that 91 per cent of the money raised will remain within the state, the remainder going to defray administrative purposes and to assist the National Tuberculosis Association in its vigorous warfare against tuberculosis in all parts of the country.

The health program which the association has outlined consists first of the employment of six public health nurses who would be available for demonstrations of home care of the sick and would be able to direct all nursing work during an epidemic, such as the influenza outbreak of last winter. They would also direct surveys to find the health assets of the state. They could be mobilized at any point to meet a localized epidemic. One would be a specialist in school work and would be in charge of the Modern Health Crusade which is focused entirely by the association. Another would be detailed to follow up New Mexico soldiers, sailors and airmen who were discharged or rejected from the service for physical defects.

Lecturers on Broad Program.

The employment of two full-time lecturers is included in the broad program. One would work principally in Spanish-speaking communities and would give lectures in Spanish with illustrations to show methods of safeguarding health. The other would lecture only in English. Provision is made for educational work, for the distribution of suitable literature in all necessary languages and for financing the Modern Health Crusade. The portion of money which will be spent for administrative salaries is eight per cent of the total, much below the usual figure in work of this kind.

The drive is to open December 1 and continue ten days. Special services in a number of churches on Sunday, November 29, will signalize the launching of the campaign. Slides in motion picture theaters throughout the state will show the progress of the Christmas seal sale over New Mexico.

THE STAND FOR HEALTH

The desultory fighting against tuberculosis and other preventable diseases must give way to concentrated effort. The story of the ants who carried away a mountain is too familiar to need repetition. We know the wisdom of a united stand.

War records show that out of every 1,000 men of draft age examined, 24 were rejected because of tuberculosis. New Mexico had its share of rejections from this cause. Nearly three hundred boys from this state were sent home from camp because of a tubercular condition. Not a county in the state escaped. Those rejected were not mainly descendants of men or women who came to the state already infected. Many were born and raised here. Their names were Jones and Acropolis and Smith and Lopez. Tuberculosis is no respecter of ancestry.

There is little sentiment in the call of the New Mexico Public Health Association for \$40,000 with which to fight preventable disease, teach health in the schools, and lay a basis for a stronger, more vigorous citizenship. Good business sense demands better health.

Money has been given for bankrupt Europe, for bleeding Belgium, for starving Serbia. Is it not time to realize that charity best begins at home? Ninety-one per cent of the money raised between December 1 and 10 remains within New Mexico for this task: to prevent tuberculosis. It does double duty. It builds for generations to come. It does triple duty: Each Red Cross Christmas seal carries a message of hope, of cheer, of "peace on earth, good will toward men" to any part of any country. Each seal is a penny's worth of prevention and cure. Buy seals liberally; join the fight for better health in New Mexico.

Many Young Men and Women Offer Themselves For Christian Service

Southern Baptists Will Have Ample Working Force for New Program—Campaign Hopes to Strengthen Local Churches and Win 2,500,000 Lost to Christ During Next Five Years.



Group of Young Women Volunteers, Preparing Themselves for Special Christian Service at Baptist Women's Training School, Fort Worth, Texas.

Probably the most encouraging development that has come to the Baptist 75 Million Campaign, so far, is the large number of young men and women throughout the South and Southwest who have volunteered their services for special Christian work wherever God may need them. A special day was set apart in the Baptist schools and churches for "calling out the called," when it was expected to secure a minimum of 5,000 volunteers for special Christian service, this number being necessary, it was held, if the enlarged program of the campaign was to be carried out. Returns from these services are still coming in with the prospect that the number will reach at least 7,500.

These volunteers will enter the ministry, go as missionaries, Christian doctors, nurses and teachers to foreign lands, labor in the homeland for the advancement of the kingdom of God or serve in any special capacity where they feel the Lord directs them. Baylor College, Houston, Texas, an institution for young women, led the list of schools with 430 volunteers; Besse Titt College, Forsyth, Ga., responded with 248; Louisiana College, Pineville, La., 93; Women's Training School, Louisville, Ky., 115; Southwestern Theological Seminary, Ft. Worth, Tex., 33 for the foreign field alone; Oklahoma Baptist University, Shawnee, 67; while similar responses came from numerous other institutions in the various states comprising the territory of the Southern Baptist Convention.

Prominent among the many interesting accounts of the special services held in the churches was a report from Rev. E. Allison, a Baptist minister of Etowah, N. C., who, now in his eight-

tieth year, looks back over an active ministry of sixty years, practically all of which has been spent in the vicinity which he is now serving. Mr. Allison has the unusual distinction of having baptized 5526 persons and at least 100 additional converts under his ministry have been baptized by an assistant pastor since Mr. Allison's health has not been good, due to his advanced years. When this aged minister of the gospel presented the call for volunteers for special Christian service in this campaign, three young men, all of whom were converted and reared under Mr. Allison's ministry, responded for the ministry themselves, one of them being his nephew.

But the campaign hopes to enlist a large number of Christian workers other than those several thousand who will give themselves entirely to special religious work. The campaign hopes to enlist 2,000,000 additional pupils in the Sunday Schools of the South and Southwest; win 2,500,000 additional souls of this section to Christ during the next five years; bring the Baptist church membership in the South to 5,500,000 and enlist all these in all forms of church work; increase the number of Baptist churches in the South to 40,000, and enroll 40,000 young men and women in the denomination's schools where they will prepare themselves for lives of Christian usefulness in their communities or for service in any part of the world where they may be needed.

While it is the hope to raise \$75,000,000 to be invested in the larger program of Christian service which gave the campaign its name, raising the money is only one of the objects sought. Baptists are being implored to give themselves and all of their talents as well as their money to God, Director Scarborough announces.

Will You Be One
Of A Million Workers
To Secure Members For
The American Red Cross



Volunteer Now At Your
Chapter Headquarters
Third Red Cross Roll Call
November 2-11

AROUND THE WORLD
WITH THE AMERICAN
RED CROSS.
Junior Red Cross.



Early in the participation of the United States in the world war, the American Red Cross perceived the value of mobilizing the school children of the country and the Junior Red Cross was organized. Before the war ended nine million children were enrolled and helped in the war fund and membership campaigns, in chapter production of relief supplies and manufacturing furniture for the refugees whose homes and household goods were destroyed.

Children everywhere in the United States responded to the call to service sounded by President Wilson as head of the American Red Cross. This photograph is that of an enthusiastic young Japanese member of the Junior Red Cross of Spokane, Wash., starting out on the ambitious undertaking of collecting "a mile of pennies" for war relief. A comprehensive peace program is now being worked out for the Junior Red Cross, which is being held intact.

AROUND THE WORLD WITH
THE AMERICAN RED CROSS.
In Siberia.



Possibly the most important Red Cross work in Siberia, and one which most demands the continuance of operations there, is the campaign against typhus. Over a stretch of 4,000 miles the American Red Cross has fought the scourge. Here is seen "The Great White Train," an anti-typhus institution which, with its crew of doctors and nurses and cargoes of drugs, food and cleansing apparatus, has saved the lives of thousands.

STOMACH TROUBLE

Mr. Marion Holcomb, of Nancy, Ky., says: "For quite a long while I suffered with stomach trouble. I would have pains and a heavy feeling after my meals, a most disagreeable taste in my mouth. If I ate anything with butter, oil or grease, I would spit it up. I began to have regular sick headache. I had used pills and tablets, but after a course of these, I would be constipated. It just seemed to tear my stomach all up. I found they were no good at all for my trouble. I heard

THE DORF'S

BLACK-DRAUGHT

recommended very highly, so began to use it. It cured me. I keep it in the house all the time. It is the best liver medicine made. I do not have sick headache or stomach trouble any more." Black-Draught acts on the jaded liver and helps it to do its important work of throwing out waste materials and poisons from the system. This medicine should be in every household for use in time of need. Get a package today. If you feel sluggish, take a dose tonight. You will feel fresh tomorrow. Price 25c a package. All druggists.

ONE CENT A DOSE

WE ARE THE EXCLUSIVE
DISPENSERS OF

Nayal's Compounds

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY
COMPOUNDED

Kodaks, Kodak Supplies and Stationery
Ice Cream and all Kinds of Iced Drinks

Rolland Bros.

FEED YARD

HAY AND GRAIN IN CAR LOTS
All Competition Met in Prices on These Commodities

Roomy Yard - Stalls - Water

Coal and Wood

Wm. Barnett EL PASO AVENUE
Phone 86

Special Facilities
For Banquet and Dinner Parties.

Carrizozo Eating House

F. W. GURNEY, Manager.

Table Supplied with the Best
the market affords.



CAMELS' expert blend of choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos answers every cigarette desire you ever had! Camels give such universal delight, such unusual enjoyment and satisfaction you'll call them a cigarette revelation!

If you'd like a cigarette that does not leave any unpleasant cigarette aftertaste or unpleasant cigarette odor, smoke Camels! If you hunger for a rich, mellow-mild cigarette that has all that desirable cigarette "body"—well, you get some Camels as quickly as you can!

Camels' expert blend makes all this delightful quality possible. Your personal test will prove that Camel Cigarettes are the only cigarettes you ever smoked that just seem made to meet your taste! You will prefer them to either kind of tobacco smoked straight!

Compare Camels for quality and satisfaction with any cigarette in the world at any price!

Camels are sold everywhere in scientifically sealed packages of 20 cigarettes; or ten packages (200 cigarettes) in a glassine-paper-covered carton. We strongly recommend this carton for the home or office supply, or when you travel.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO COMPANY
Winston-Salem, N. C.

Cigarettes

OSCURO NEWS ITEMS

Oscuro's sentiments of Thanksgiving were: "Thanks for the health, strength, power and intelligence to produce, or the equivalent, to produce, such harmony and such good things to eat as was set out Thanksgiving eve", by the ladies of the Oscuro Woman's Club, at their six o'clock dinner. The people who think this only a desert of mesquite, cactus and horned toads, certainly would have changed their views could they have seen the spread, which was made up principally of home products. Considering the shortage of food and the existing high prices, we are grateful indeed for these well-filled baskets and for the good cooks we have to fill them. The remainder of the evening was spent in dancing.

Dr. Ranniger returned home Wednesday from El Paso, to be with his family and friends for Thanksgiving.

Miss Kimmons attended the dance at Carrizozo, returning Thursday with her friend Miss Clements of Carrizozo, to attend our Thanksgiving dinner and Program.

Dr. and Mrs. Blancy were with us Thanksgiving eve.

The recent snow measured 10 inches here.

Miss Kimmons spent the week end with her parents at Corona.

The Consumers Coal Company received a car of material this week, which is being hauled to the mine.

Watch the Oscuro News column close, for we are going to give you some real oil news one of these days.

Arabela Correspondence

We celebrated Thanksgiving with a four inch fall of snow but one of our New Mexico zephyrs cleared the ground Friday night so that we are again enjoying "Indian Summer."

Messrs. Ucario Lujan and Antonio Torres left Monday for Lorenzo Texas where they expect to be employed in the cotton fields until Christmas.

Mr. Leopoldo Pacheco and Mr. and Mrs. Polonio Lucero went to Hondo Monday to attend the funeral of their step-mother Mrs. A. Pacheco.

Mrs. W. C. Parks of Blue Water went to Lincoln Friday to visit relatives and friends for a couple of weeks.

Miss Floripe Lucero who is employed at W. C. Parks' came home Sunday to visit her mother during Mrs. Parks' absence.

Miss Juanita Flores left for Carrizozo Saturday. She has domestic employment and expects to remain for several months.

Seferino Archuleta and family moved to Arabela recently for the purpose of sending their children to school. Several other families have taken up their residence here for the same purpose.

Mrs. Ines Lucero and daughter Miss Martha McTeigue entertained a party of relatives and friends at a Thanksgiving dinner. The guest of honor was Mrs. Castle the principal of the school. After partaking of a bounteous dinner the entire party accompanied the teachers to the school house where a large audience were entertained by a well prepared and appropriate program which all enjoyed.

Mrs. Domitila Villegas returned to her home last Monday after a lengthy visit at Picocho. She was accompanied home by her niece, Miss Augustina Reveto.

Photos-Photos

How about your picture for Christmas—that long delayed picture you promised your friends and dear ones? Well we are here to make it for you, up stairs in the Lutz building. Do not delay. We are here temporarily, and we make pictures of expression and character that please.

THE EL PASO PHOTO CO

Attention!

All parties indebted to Dr. R. T. Lucas will please settle their accounts with Geo. Spence after Dec. 14, 1919. Prior to that date, with A. L. Burke, at the Outlook office.—Dr. R. T. Lucas. 14-4t

State Bank Report

Report of condition of EXCHANGE BANK at Carrizozo, in the State of New Mexico, at the close of business on November 17, 1919.

ASSETS	
Loans and discounts	\$107,900.00
Total Loans	\$107,900.00
Overdrafts, secured	\$122.15
U. S. bonds owned and pledged	8,291.00
Equity in Liberty Bonds	5,708.97
Total U. S. bonds	9,091.58
Stocks, other than Federal Reserve Bank stock	10,867.00
Value of banking house if unincumbered	12,350.00
Equity in banking house	12,350.00
Furniture and fixtures	8,000.00
Real estate owned other than banking house	5,503.00
Net amount due from National Banks	13,301.85
Net amount due from reserve banks	134,991.85
Net amount due from banks and bankers (other than included in 10 and 11)	11,208.01
Exchanges for clearing house	547.41
Outside checks and other cash items	250.90
Fractional currency, notes, etc. and currency	149.15
Coin and currency	11,899.05
Other assets, if any, House Savings Banks	225.00
TOTAL	\$300,559.91
LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	50,000.00
Surplus fund	50,000.00
Undivided profits	16,825.56
Reserve for losses	100.00
Less current expenses, interest & taxes paid	15,701.85
Net amount due to banks and bankers (other than included in 10 and 11)	15,224.05

Dividends unpaid	217.00
Individual deposits subject to check	188,179.49
Certified checks	1,000.00
Cashier's checks outstanding	26,548.78
Certificates of deposit	92,570.80
Other time deposits, Savings deposits	56,815.08
Notes and bills rediscounted elsewhere than at Federal Reserve Bank	77,315.55
Bills payable, including obligations representing money borrowed	100,310.95
Letters of Credit	120.00
TOTAL	\$700,559.91

State of New Mexico, County of Lincoln, ss.
We, Geo. L. Ulrich, President, and Frank J. Sager, Cashier, of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

GEO. L. ULRICH, President,
FRANK J. SAGER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 20th day of November, 1919.

ELLEN V. CRUTCHER,
Notary Public.
My commission expires April 14, 1922.

Correct Attest:
FRANK J. SAGER, Director,
C. SPENCE, Director.

Notice for Publication

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico
November 10, 1919
Notice is hereby given that Alfred Michels, of Carrizozo, New Mexico, who, on July 10th, 1918, made homestead entry, No. 506692, for W. 1/4, Section 15, Township 5 N., Range 11 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before G. C. Clements, Clerk of the Probate Court, Lincoln County, N. M., at Carrizozo, N. M., on the 23rd day of December, 1919.
Claimant names as witnesses:
Fred Laloue, Clark Hunt, Gregorio Pino, Florencio Yaca, all of Carrizozo, N. M.
EMMETT PATTON,
Register.

WE will never go back to old standards. During the war all of us learned to do bigger things than we had ever done before, and the coming years will offer increasingly larger opportunities to men who prepare themselves for them.

Preparation to take advantage of future opportunities begins with accumulating more ready money.

Why not start a term account at this bank and deposit a regular amount in it at regular intervals and let your money earn money for you. We will gladly explain this convenient form of account.

EXCHANGE BANK

CARRIZOZO, N. M.

The "Ten Commandments" and One

1. MAKE A BUDGET
2. KEEP AN INTELLIGENT RECORD OF EXPENDITURES
3. HAVE A BANK ACCOUNT
4. CARRY LIFE INSURANCE
5. MAKE A WILL
6. OWN YOUR OWN HOME EVENTUALLY
7. PAY YOUR BILLS PROMPTLY
8. INVEST IN WAR SAVINGS STAMPS AND OTHER GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
9. SPEND LESS THAN YOU EARN
10. SHARE WITH OTHERS—THRIFT WITHOUT BENEVOLENCE IS A DOUBTFUL BLESSING
11. START A SAVINGS OR CHECKING ACCOUNT WITH

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
Carrizozo, N. M.

"TRY FIRST NATIONAL SERVICE"

State Bank Report

Report of condition of STOCKMEN'S STATE BANK at Corona, in the State of New Mexico, at the close of business, November 17, 1919.

ASSETS	
Loans and discounts	\$107,900.00
Total Loans	\$107,900.00
Overdrafts	\$40.84
U. S. bonds owned and pledged	8,291.00
War Savings Bonds	253.49
Total U. S. bonds	8,544.49
Subscription to Stock of Federal Reserve Bank	2,000.00
Less amount unpaid	1,000.00
Value of banking house, if unincumbered	1,000.00
Equity in banking house	1,000.00
Furniture and fixtures	800.00
Net amount due from Federal Reserve Bank	9,408.08
Net amount due from reserve banks	134,991.85
Outside checks and other cash items	821.40
Fractional currency, notes, etc. and currency	149.15
Coin and currency	11,899.05
Customers liability account of Due from Victory Loan Subscribers	1,238.27
Total	\$415,917.90
LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	\$100,000.00
Surplus fund	5,000.00
Undivided profits	5,941.56
Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	2,388.83
Individual deposits subject to check	95,215.12
Cashier's checks outstanding	1,266.24
Total of demand deposits	99,551.00
Certificates of deposit	10,551.35
Total of time deposits	10,551.35
Redeemable with Federal Reserve Bank	2,000.00
Notes and bills rediscounted elsewhere than at Federal Reserve Bank	7,500.00
Bills payable, including obligations representing money borrowed	10,000.00
Reserves account	8.18
Total	\$415,917.90

State of New Mexico, County of Lincoln, ss.

We, H. B. Jones, President, and D. H. Henry, Cashier, of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

H. B. JONES, President,
D. H. HENRY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 20th day of December, 1919.

Notary Public.
My commission expires August 5, 1921.

Correct Attest:
A. S. McQUAMANT,
H. B. DOBERSON,
H. B. JONES,
Directors

Department of the Interior

United States Land Office
Roswell, N. M., Oct 15, 1919
Serial No. 044074
NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that on the 23rd day of September, A. D., 1919, the Santa Fe Pacific Railroad Company, by Howell Jones, its Land Commissioner, made application at the United States Land Office, at Roswell, New Mexico, to select under the Act of April 21, 1904 (33 Stat. 211) the following described land, to-wit:

R. 4 SW 1/4, NW 1/4, Sec. 15, N. 1/4 NE 1/4, Sec. 22, NW 1/4, NW 1/4, NW 1/4, Sec. 23, T. 7 N., R. 9 E., S. M. P. M.
The purpose of this notice is to allow all persons claiming the land adversely, or desiring to show it to be mineral in character, an opportunity to file objection to such location or selection with the local officers for the land district in which the land is situated, to-wit: at the land office aforesaid, and to establish their interests therein, or the mineral character thereof.

EMMETT PATTON,
Register.

Nov 7-Dec 5

Notice for Publication

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico
November 10, 1919

Notice is hereby given that Arnold H. Norton, of Jicarilla, New Mexico, who, on April 1, 1918, made homestead entry, No. 504101, for the S. 1/4, Sec. 14, R. 14 NW 1/4, Sec. 15, N. 1/4 NE 1/4, Sec. 16, Township 5 N., Range 11 E., S. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Lillie McLaughlin Scott, U. S. Commissioner, at Carrizozo, New Mexico, on the 23rd day of December, 1919.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Clara H. Pitt, of Carrizozo, N. M.; Venalida R. Fair, Nicolas Maas, Solomon Aragon, all of Jicarilla, N. M.

EMMETT PATTON,
Register.

Nov 21-Dec 19

Notice for Publication

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico
November 10, 1919

Notice is hereby given that Robert T. Lucas, of Carrizozo, New Mexico, who, on February 14, 1918, made homestead entry, No. 504402, for S. 1/4, Sec. 14, R. 14 NW 1/4, Sec. 15, N. 1/4 NE 1/4, Sec. 16, Township 5 N., Range 11 E., S. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Lillie McLaughlin Scott, U. S. Commissioner, at Carrizozo, New Mexico, on the 23rd day of December, 1919.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Melvin H. Paulsen, Alex. W. Adams, Marzio Burton, Lena Gallacher, all of Carrizozo, New Mexico.

EMMETT PATTON,
Register.

Nov 21-Dec 19

Sheriff's Sale

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the District Court for Lincoln County, in the State of New Mexico, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court, on the 28th day of October, 1919, in an action wherein the Lincoln State Bank, a corporation, is plaintiff, and J. B. Baird is defendant, in favor of the said plaintiff, and against the said defendant, for the sum of three hundred and eighteen and 30/100 dollars which execution was directed and delivered to me as sheriff in and for said county and state, I have levied upon all the right, title and interest of the said defendant, J. B. Baird, in and to the following described property, to-wit:

One Baldwin Piano Player and Music Cabinet and Rolls.

Notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned sheriff, as aforesaid, will sell the above described personal property to the highest bidder for cash, at public auction, at Kelley & Sons warehouse, in the Village of Carrizozo, in the county of Lincoln, State of New Mexico, on the 15th day of December, 1919, at ten o'clock, a. m., of that day, to satisfy the said execution together with the interest, costs, and the costs of this sale.

R. A. DURAN, Sheriff of Lincoln County, State of New Mexico.

Dated at Carrizozo, N. M., this 11th day of November, 1919.
Nov 11-Dec 5

I. O. O. F.

Carrizozo Lodge
NO. 30

Carrizozo, N. M. Regular meeting nights, 1st and 3rd Fridays in each month.

M. H. MONTGOMERY, N. G.
Wm. J. LANGSTON, Sec'y.

Classified Advertisements

FARM FOR LEASE—640 acres, three miles N. W. of Capitan; 55 acres in cultivation; 6-room house and outbuildings; two cisterns and plenty of stock water. All under fence. Will lease for one or two years. Address—J. F. Betts, Box 183, Capitan 2t

FOR SALE—A Piano, a White Hoosier Kitchen Cabinet, and a Gasoline Range No. 60.—Mrs. H. S. FAIRBANK, Carrizozo. 11-2t

Rooms For Rent—Clean, neatly furnished rooms in the Lucas Building. 4-4 tf

POTATOES! POTATOES!
Just received a car of choice white Colorado potatoes. Order a sack and reduce the H. C. of L. Phone 16. HUMPHREY BROS.

For Rent—Furnished house See J. S. Ross. 3-28tf

The Carrizozo Dairy—For pure sweet milk, cream or buttermilk, phone 135 F2.—J. R. McIlhenny, proprietor. 10-3tf

Notice for Publication

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico
November 10, 1919

Notice is hereby given that Simona Martinez, of White Mountain, N. M., who, on April 24, 1918, made Orig. Hd. 031793, for S. 1/4, Sec. 12, N. 1/4, Sec. 13, and who, on June 10, 1916, made additional homestead entry, No. 022852, for S. 1/4, Sec. 12, N. 1/4, Sec. 13, Range 9 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Lillie McLaughlin Scott, U. S. Commissioner, at Carrizozo, New Mexico, on the 23rd day of December, 1919.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Manuel Gonzalez, Celso Gaudieria, Pedro Rodriguez, all of Carrizozo, N. M.; Andalecio M. Padilla, of Three Rivers, N. M.

EMMETT PATTON,
Register.

Nov 21-Dec 19

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
United States Land Office,
Roswell, N. M.,
November 20, 1919

Notice is hereby given that the Consumers' Coal Company, of El Paso, Texas, an association composed of Minor D. Gaylord of El Paso, Texas; Elise G. Rafferty, Charles F. Gray and Marguerite L. Grey, all of Carrizozo, New Mexico, who, on the 2nd day of July, 1919, filed in this office Coal Declaratory Statement, Serial No. 045357, for the coal deposits in and under the S. 1/4, Sec. 14, Range 9 East, N. M. P. M.

Also the following lands and the coal deposits thereunder, viz: S. 1/4, W. 1/4, Sec. 14, Range 9 East, N. M. P. M. S. 1/4, W. 1/4, Sec. 20, Range 9 East, N. M. P. M. S. 1/4, W. 1/4, Sec. 29, all in Twp 9 South, Range 9 East, N. M. P. M. And any and all persons claiming adversely the lands described, or desiring to object for any reason to the entry thereof by applicants, should file their affidavits of protest in this office during the thirty-day period of publication immediately following the first printed issue of this notice.

EMMETT PATTON,
Register.

Dec 5-Jan 3

IN THE LAND OF PLAYTHINGS

A Wonderful Display of

Games, Dolls and Toys

BRING THE CHILDREN to this Store and let them see what Santa Claus has for them. Let them help you select their own Xmas Presents. It will help you and make them glad. Our Toy Department is at its best. Make your selections early. Plenty to chose from.

Buy Xmas Gifts Early

ZEIGLER BROS.

NOTICE!

FORD DEALERS THROUGHOUT THE STATE ARE HAVING A HARD TIME TO GET CARS

In sufficient numbers to fill their orders.

WE are fortunate at the present time in having Two Carloads of Tourings, Runabouts, and Trucks on the road, which should arrive this week.

Prospective purchasers should come in at once and place their orders, as these cars won't last long.

Prices F. O. B. Factory

TOURING \$525 RUNABOUTS \$500 1-Ten Trucks \$550 TRACTORS \$750

Western Garage, Inc.

Phone 80

Carrizozo, N. M.



GOOD ROADS

ROAD BUILDING IS BOOMING

States in All Sections Are Filing Their Projects and Receiving Proper Allotments.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Since early in 1919 there has been a steady increase each month in the federal-aid business in the bureau of public roads of the United States department of agriculture. States in all sections of the country are filing their projects and receiving allotments. The road-building era is in full swing, and it would seem that the end is not yet. All indications point to greater records in the months immediately to come.

Based on complete reports from 44 of the states cash expenditures on the rural roads and bridges of the United States for the calendar year 1918 amounted to \$286,068,193. To this should be added the value of statute and convict labor, which cannot be fixed with any great degree of accuracy but probably amounted to not less than \$14,000,000, thus making the grand total expenditures for the year \$300,068,193. This total is made up of the actual expenditures for such items as labor, materials, supervision and administration directly connected with the construction, improvement, and upkeep of public roads and



Better Roads Mean More Rapid and Economical Transportation of Farm Produce.

bridges outside the limits of incorporated towns and cities, and does not include any item for sinking fund payments or redemption and interest on road and bridge bonds.

The year 1918 offered an unprecedented condition in practically all lines of highway work. There was not only a tremendous increase and expansion in the amount of heavy truck traffic on public roads and an unprecedented shortage in regard to road materials, labor and ready funds, but also a decided increase in maintenance work, which was, however, partially offset by a decrease in the amount of new construction.

TRUCKS AND COUNTRY ROADS

Noticeable That Highways Have Been Improved Along All Motor-Vehicle Routes.

In and around all communities on motor truck routes it is noticeable that all roads have been improved to enable motor trucks to maintain consistent speed as well as to decrease depreciation. Thus the motor truck not only makes communities independent of any one particular line of transportation, but serves the interests of that community efficiently and economically. These improved roads increase realty values along the routes, creating a higher standard of public improvement and fanning into life a community pride that is reflected in the prosperity of that community.

BIG PROBLEM IN ROAD WORK

Not to Show Need of Improved Highways or to Raise Money, but to Spend Funds Properly.

The value of roads to a rural district is becoming more and more apparent. The modern problem in road work is not to show the need of good roads or to raise money. The greater problem before the whole country is to organize to the funds in sight can be properly spent. No longer will the rural highways be allowed to remain neglected. But it must be remembered that with over 2,000,000 miles of roads in the United States that it is not a problem to be solved in a month or a year or in several years.

Road Building Rocks.

In building roads the rocks selected should possess three qualities: Hardness to resist wear; toughness to resist fracture; and binding power to cement rock fragments.

Good Roads Will Be Better. Good roads will be better when they no longer cross railroad tracks at grade.

Mean Extended Prosperity. Good roads mean extended prosperity to America.



"The anxiety of some people to make new friends is so intense that they never have time to have old ones."

HOT SOUPS FOR COOL EVENINGS.

The expert soup-maker will obtain delicious flavors by using leftover meats and vegetables. After cooking the soup should be strained and thickened as usual with a binding of butter and flour cooked together.

Corn Chowder.—Take about four teaspoonfuls of fat salt pork cubes and fry them out; add one sliced onion and cook five minutes, stirring often to keep the onion from burning. Purée four cupsful of potato slices in water to cover, drain and add the potatoes to the fat and onion, with two cupsful of boiling water; cook until the potatoes are soft, add a can of corn, a quart of milk, salt, pepper and buttered crackers. Serve with the buttered crackers on top. This recipe will serve six.

Cream Soup.—Put thin slices of bread as thin as shavings with a small amount of butter in a saucepan and brown; pour over enough boiling water to make the soup needed, add salt to taste and let the mixture boil up; then remove the saucepan and stir in a large cupful of cream, the thicker the better. Be sure to have it well salted or the soup will taste flat.

Cream of Peanut Soup.—Put a cupful of peanut butter into a quart of milk, add salt, cayenne, a tablespoonful of grated onion, a bay leaf, celery salt, and cook ten minutes in a double boiler. Moisten a tablespoonful of cornstarch with cold milk and stir until smooth, add to the soup and cook ten minutes. Strain and serve with cubes of toasted bread.

Quick Egg Soup.—Stir a teaspoonful of beef extract into a quart of boiling water, add a grated onion, celery salt, salt and pepper to taste. Pour boiling hot into a tureen with four tablespoonfuls of boiled rice and two well beaten eggs.

Split Pea Soup.—Pick over, wash and put to soak in plenty of cold water one cupful of split peas. In the morning cook in two quarts of water, add a two-inch cube of salt pork and one sliced onion. Cook and stir often until the peas are soft, rub through a sieve, thicken with two tablespoonfuls of flour and butter, add milk to thin the puree to the desired consistency. Season well and serve very hot.

Ordinarily we find in people the qualities we are mostly looking for or the qualities that our prevailing characteristics call forth. The larger the nature the less critical and cynical it is, the more it is given to looking for the best in others.—Tins.

CHEESE DISHES.

Cheese naturally suggests itself as a substitute for meat, since it is rich in the same kind of nutrients which meat supplies; it is also a food which is staple and may be used in a variety of ways.

Stuffed Potatoes With Cheese.—Split hot baked potatoes lengthwise, remove contents without injuring the skin of the potato. Mash the potato, add seasoning and enough hot milk and butter to season well; heat until light, then refill the skin, piling it up tightly; do not smooth the top. Sprinkle with grated cheese and reheat in oven until cheese is melted and a delicate brown.

Rice Baked With Cheese.—Cook a cupful of rice in a large amount of boiling water, at least three quarts, adding a teaspoonful of salt. When tender drain and cover the bottom of a buttered baking dish with a layer of the rice; sprinkle with grated cheese, a dash of cayenne pepper and add milk to half fill the dish; cover with crumbs and bake until the milk is absorbed and crumbs brown.

Pittsburgh Potatoes.—Cook one quart of sliced potato cubes with a small minced onion until the potatoes are nearly tender; add a teaspoonful of salt and half a can of minced red peppers and cook until the potatoes are done. Drain and put into a baking dish. Make a sauce of two tablespoonfuls of butter and flour, one teaspoonful of salt and a pint of milk, then add one-half pound of grated cheese. Pour this over the potatoes and bake until a golden brown.

Baked Fish With Piquant Stuffing.—Bass or any firm-fleshed fish of moderate size may be used for baking. If the fish lacks fat insert strips of pork in gashes along each side of the fish.

Baked Eggs With Cheese.—Break four eggs into a buttered baking dish and cook in a hot oven until they begin to turn white around the edge. Cover the eggs with a white sauce and over this a cupful of cheese and bread crumbs well mixed. Season and brown the crumbs in a hot oven.

Egg shells should be carefully scraped out with a teaspoon; someone who has tried it says that the bulk of one egg is saved in the scraping of a dozen shells, and with eggs worth four or five cents apiece, it is worth while.

Nellie Maxwell

OLD ORDER PASSES

Today Is the Twilight of the Beloved Earl.

British Aristocracy, for So Many Centuries Secure in Its High Place, Is Feeling the Ground Slip Under Its Feet.

In one of the old Plantagenet houses of England the belted earl and his ladyship live in one corner of the castle. The rest of the fine old mansion is closed. William Allen White writes in Collier's. The servants needed to run the house are no longer available. Money will not hire them. Their men have been commissioned in the army because the earl's son—who had a right to sit at the foot of the throne and who had also the blessed privilege of hearing the king by ancient right address him as cousin—the earl's son lighted one cigarette too many on the parapet, and when he and his kind from Eton and Harrow went out, commissions in the army fell to the cook's son and the housekeeper's son and the parlormaid's brother and chambermaid's sweetheart, who, being commissioned, promptly took their women-kind out of service. They are feeling what they never felt before, these domestic servants of the nobility—the spur of ambition.

So they have left the castle, and such of the servants as stay have begun to assert their rights, to manifest their self-respect. "Whatever you do," said her ladyship to her guest, "don't ring a bell!" To the question in the visitor's face the hostess replied: "If you ring a bell the servants will leave. I have only three. They have announced that they will do their work, but they forbid interruptions by bells!" The hot water appeared on schedule; the service flowed into the guestroom in its regular channel, except that fires were so low that the visitors' feet were frostbitten; the meals were served on time and were well cooked. But the servants were efficient shop assistants, no longer feudal serfs. And the earl chopped the trees in his own forest with his own hands for his own fires. The meager household allowance of coal that the fuel controller gave to the earl from the mines under the earl's own lands was barely enough to heat the servants' rooms.

And as for the broad estate over which the earl ruled as an agricultural overlord six years ago—an agricultural overlord and industrial entrepreneur through his coal mines—the estate is all crumbling. The land is passing into the hands of small farmers; the old yeoman farmer, fairly well-to-do, of good old yeoman stock, going back to the Conqueror—he and his kind are taking the ownership of the land of the belted earl in 100-acre lots, and the nation, having taken charge of the earl's coal mines, may now relieve him of the burden of mine ownership as well. For the parliamentary committee by a large majority has reported in favor of the government ownership of all mines of every description.

And because the earl's son sleeps under the poppies of Flanders and his daughters are married and gone, the earl is a weary, confused old man, chopping wood in the forest to keep his old wife warm. He cannot fight the new order. No leadership is calling him. He knows that the end is coming for him and his kind. He realizes quite definitely that in a few years the castle of the Plantagenets, who were royal in the last Henry's days, probably will fall into the hands of a brewer or a draper or a stock broker, who will put in a central heating plant to defile it, debate the privacy of every bedroom with hot and cold water, and degrade the place with a wilderness of bathrooms, so that four servants can run the place on two eight-hour shifts where 100 retainers once served the baron under Elizabeth.

The millions the old earl received from the yeoman farmers for his land have been divided with the state in yearly income taxes; and now on the horizon he sees a parliamentary bill gradually approach which provides that capital as well as income shall be heavily taxed. So the old man in the forest sees even his capital unsafe, and he wonders curiously how the little gray man at Windsor feels about the prospects of succession for the genial young prince of Wales.

Dish Runs Away With Spoon.

A chain of restaurants in this city has to purchase more than a million spoons, forks and knives every year. Others tell the same story. Some of the help, according to the management of a Wall street restaurant, must be reckoned on as furnishing their homes with "borrowed" tableware and many patrons take it for souvenirs as unblushingly as they would appropriate an umbrella on a rainy day.

A Wall street man was invited to a dinner at the house of a rich client not long ago and during the evening his hostess proudly showed him hundreds of spoons, forks and knives bearing the names of hotels and restaurants both of this country and Europe. "It took me ten years to get this collection together," said the lady, "and I didn't pay for one of them."

"And the dish ran away with the spoon." Yes, in the days of Old Mother Hubbard, but in modern times the patrons who go to the restaurant not to partake, but to eat.—Wall Street Journal.

NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS

Train U. S. Boys to Repel Foes, Plea of Bishop

WASHINGTON.—Perfection of American citizenship, development of American manhood, and a mighty force for the maintenance of peace will follow the adoption of universal military and vocational training by the United States, declared Bishop Samuel Fallows of Chicago recently before the house military affairs committee. Similar views were expressed by H. H. Gross, president of the Universal Military Training league, who also appeared before the committee.

Both Bishop Fallows and Mr. Gross told of the great recent growth of sentiment among the people of the middle West for the adoption of this system for development of the youth. Bishop Fallows was a colonel in the Civil war. "The lack of preparedness and training during the Civil war was alarming," he said. "Scarcely any of them had any kind of training until almost at the end of the war. They were sent to the front with ten or fifteen days' training."

"I have been told that some of our men in this latest war were sent to the front with 30 to 60 days' training. A slaughter of men resulted."

Asked whether universal training would lead to "militarism," the bishop replied to Representative Kahn:

"No. Militarism is rule by soldiers in authority. There is not the slightest danger that this nation will be ruled by the military power."

U. S. Population Shifts in War, Census Shows

STRIKING changes in the growth and character of the population of the United States are expected to be shown by the 1920 census, preparations for which are under way. The shifting of population because of the war has upset the calculations of census experts, who since 1917 have considered it useless to attempt to estimate population of any other units than states. Before that it was possible to predict with a fair degree of accuracy the number of persons in any given locality.

The "center of population," it is believed, has stopped its westward movement, which was continuous from 1790 to 1910, when it was located in Bloomington, Ind. This is because industrial cities in the central East, such as Cleveland and Detroit, have been growing at a greatly increased rate during the recent years, as have manufacturing centers farther east. Formerly, the Rocky mountain and Pacific coast states increased in population with twice the rapidity of eastern and central states.

During this year, however, certain modifications of the unusual situation may be made. The opening of reclamation projects in the West, the resumption of immigration, and other causes, it is thought, will change the abnormal distribution. There will also be a tendency to return to normal now that the war is ended.

Pronounced changes are expected also in the "constitution of the population"—the ratio of males to females, the proportions of native and foreign stock and the age distribution.

Every Person in U. S. Has an Ugly Rat to Kill

HERE is a rat for every person in the United States. If every man, woman and child should make his and her financial pro rata contribution to what these hundred million or more rats exact for upkeep annually, we would be setting aside a daily rat fund of one-half of one cent. On this basis the United States pays its rats about \$180,000,000 every year, which sum would build and maintain a very adequate university or support a neat navy or keep Mexico satisfied for a long time.

The United States public health service has figured this out and issues these and many more rat facts in a brochure that calls upon all Americans who are fond of health to enlist in the government's war against the Norway or brown rat, the common black rat and the Alexandrian rat, which is a particularly mean beast of untidy habits and a native disregard for the most elemental of the niceties of life.

The Norway rat is the largest and most ferocious of America's rodents. He'll eat anything, not stopping at a very small child if particularly hungry. He has been pretty well killed off and the government adjures all of us who see him to attack at once and crush him. The black rat and the Alexandrian have been confined by various household and barnyard traps, poisons and other exterminators to the water fronts of sea ports. They are all aliens, their ancestors having come from Egypt, Norway and other old world countries as far back as the days of John Smith and Salem witchcraft.

The United States public health service doesn't limit rat killing to any stated methods, but says that rat proofing one's home and barns and granaries is more effective than trusting to rat catchers—mechanical or animal—traps or poisons. First rat proof your buildings, then go out after the rat in the open.

Under the shibboleth "Rout the Rat," the Public health service has issued rules, chief of which is "Demand city antirrat ordinances and state antirrat laws."

Demonstrates Value of American Citizenship

ANOTHER step was taken a few days ago in the race to save a great fortune when the senate adopted the joint resolution restoring to citizenship Frances Scoville Mumm. The house will be urged to act with haste. This is the second time in legislative history here that a woman has been repatriated by act of congress. The other case was that of Nellie Grant Sartoris when she returned from England.

Mrs. Mumm is the daughter of C. C. K. Scoville, a banker of Salina, Kan. While traveling in Europe she met Walther Mumm, a German subject affiliated with the great champagne-making family of that name. His business interests had caused him to reside in France for 20 years. The marriage was an international social event. When the war began Mumm returned to Germany, while the wife remained in France and rendered service to the allied armies as a nurse. She and her husband reached an agreement which was filed at the American legation in Bern, under which she was to receive a share of his estate. It was impossible for her to reach the German courts or apply for a divorce in them.

Under the peace treaty the property of German citizens was subject to confiscation in France. Such procedure would cause Mrs. Mumm to lose her share, which is said to be a large sum. Representations were made to the French authorities and regret was expressed by them that no alternative remained but loss for her under the present circumstances. It was pointed out that if she were an American citizen the situation would be entirely different.

Mrs. Mumm hastened here and Senator Capper introduced a joint resolution restoring her citizenship. If this can be accomplished before her husband's property is confiscated her share will not be affected by the peace treaty.

The case is being eagerly watched by others whose interests have become involved because of property holdings in Germany and other countries which were at war.

WOMAN'S NERVES MADE STRONG

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Winona, Minn.—"I suffered for more than a year from nervousness, and was so bad I could not rest at night—would lie awake and get so nervous I would have to get up and walk around and in the morning would be all tired out. I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and thought I would try it. My nervousness soon left me. I sleep well and feel fine in the morning and able to do my work. I gladly recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to make weak nerves strong." Mrs. ALBERT SULTZ, 603 Olmstead St., Winona, Minn.



How often do we hear the expression among women, "I am so nervous, I cannot sleep," or "It seems as though I should fly." Such women should profit by Mrs. Sultz's experience and give this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a trial.

For forty years it has been overcoming such serious conditions as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, dizziness, and nervous prostration of women, and is now considered the standard remedy for such ailments.

Sure of it. "Is that lovely color of Miss Ella's her own?" "Yes indeed. She always pays cash when she gets it."

YOUR COLD IS EASED AFTER THE FIRST DOSE

"Pape's Cold Compound" then breaks up a cold in a few hours.

Relief comes instantly. A dose taken every two hours until three doses are taken usually breaks up a severe cold and ends all the grippe misery.

The very first dose opens your clogged-up nostrils and the air passages in the head, stops nose running, relieves the headache, dullness, feverishness, sneezing, soreness and stiffness.

Don't stay stuffed-up! Quit blowing and snuffing! Clear your congested head! Nothing else in the world gives such prompt relief as "Pape's Cold Compound," which costs only a few cents at any drug store. It acts without assistance, tastes nice, contains no quinine.—Insist upon Pape's!—Adv.

If the ocean should rise one-twenty-fourth of their depth they would flood one-half of the land.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County—ss. Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1920.

Notary Public. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Proper Classification. Dyer—Does Wold like music? Rye—No; only popular songs and jazz.—Life.

HER LIFE WAS SAVED!

Kansas City, Kan.—"About twenty-three years ago Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and Golden Medical Discovery saved my life. I became ill; had a severe cough and bronchitis. At times I would get so badly choked up that I would have to sit up in bed to get my breath and in a short time I began to suffer with dropsy. I doctored but did not improve. In fact, I got so bad I was bed-ridden and had to have a nurse. The doctor told me the only thing that would help me was a change of climate. He advised me to go to a southern climate. I knew of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and decided to try it. I had my nurse get me two bottles. The first night I had her give me just a few drops every few minutes and by twelve o'clock I was asleep. A third I had not done for about three weeks. The next day they gave me this medicine every half hour and after that as directed. I kept up its use until I was a well woman. It not only cured me but I was in better health than I had ever been and since that time I have always taken 'Favorite Prescription' whenever I was badly run-down or in need of a tonic and it has never failed to help me. I am glad to recommend Dr. Pierce's medicine."—MRS. SARAH COLEMAN, 1420 Wood Ave.



Run-down—Weak—Nervous. Omaha, Neb.—"I was at one time greatly benefited by taking Dr. Pierce's medicine. I became all run-down in health, was weak and nervous and was greatly in need of some good tonic to build me up and give me strength. I took the 'Favorite Prescription' and the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and they proved to be just what I needed for they built me up and restored me to good health. For this I am very thankful, indeed."—MRS. JENNIE RICHARDSON, 537 S. 25th Ave.

Baby Coughs

require treatment with a remedy that contains no opiates. Pisco's is mild but effective; pleasant to take. Ask your druggist for

PISCO'S

COAT SEASON IS BIG PARIS CARD

Sometimes it is the separate dress and coat and sometimes it is the suit that holds the sway of style during a season. In Paris, without a doubt, declares a fashion writer, it is the coat this season.

Such attention as has been shown to morning and afternoon dresses in Paris would be hard to equal, and instead of their having declined in popularity after several seasons of attention, quite the contrary has happened. They are more in the limelight than ever.

In spite of the fact that there is no little conspicuous change in the line of the gowns, it is upon these "little dresses" that some of the most artistic touches have been lavished. The inconspicuous, unassuming gown for morning or for afternoon can have about it much genuine feeling. At each of the couturiers the same story is true; each one has outdone himself in presenting new reasons for the continued life of this popular garment.

Materials have for their leader one that has the sanction of ages behind it—blue serge. Then there are all of the soft surfaced fabrics—duvetyne, musella, burella, and the allied fabrics. For afternoon there are charmeuse, of which there are a great many models to be seen, taffeta, and velvet which has lost none of its vogue. There was nothing smarter than a black velvet gown and there is nothing smarter now.

The trimmings and touches on these dresses for daylight wear are fascinating in their variety. It is not so much the thing that is done as the way it is done. When one sees the clever little bits of hand-made braid and the inserts of head work, the facings and the edgings, one wonders how there can grow so many new ideas in the course of a single season. But there they are, to be copied interminably by less ingenious Americans.

Not so much hand work is to be seen about these dresses as was the case in former seasons. The little girls who used to do this work have learned by their connection with the war-time munition factories that a female is entitled to more of daily sustenance than it was possible for her to attain by doing embroidery. So the new frocks show the strain. But the Parisian designer gives us something quite as lovely even though it has but one-fourth its former embroidery for adornment, yes, even though there be no hand work at all and the decoration is found to be a product of the good old American machine. Rows of braid and bits of bright rib-

bing cuffs which give an interesting line to the silhouette. The cuffs are set onto three-quarters or half-length sleeves, and sometimes they even finish, in a thoroughly well done manner, the ends of sleeves that are of the shortest.

Fur is used sparingly on frocks of any sort. When it is seen there are apt to be narrow strips of it used as though they might be strips of embroidery. For this purpose moleskin is popular, while kolinsky and seal come in for their usual attention.

Blue Chiffon, Blue Leather.
By way of using two materials showing as great a contrast as it was possible to obtain one designer showed a frock made of dark blue chiffon with dark blue leather (or kid) trim-



An Attractive Tailored Suit of Velours de Laine and Kolinsky.

mings. You will wonder, if you have not seen it, how this could possibly be and what would be the effect produced. Well, it was as pretty as anything that could be imagined. The leather was used as a wide edging for the full peplum and it was worked into the bodice as well as making cuffs on the ends of the flowing sleeves. Not a little of the charm of this gown lay in the fact that the whole was built over a lavender foundation.

Some of the neck lines on the new fall gowns are interesting because they are quite different from anything we have seen for some time. I mean those which are cut in a V and which are finished with frilled or shaped collars standing up quite high at the back of the neck, graduating in width as they reach the front, and gradually tapering off into nothing in a point somewhat below the bust. These are sometimes made of silk or satin to match the material of the gown in color and sometimes they are composed largely of lace or organdie in a plaited frill.

There are many varieties of blue serge. One has a plaited waistcoat made of crisp white organdie and a high collar tied with a peat black bow under the chin. This frock, for a very young person, has a little flat apron effect at front and at back and the panels are edged all around, with the serge done into a knife plaiting about two and a half inches in width. The panels, it may be added, are extensions of the waist and the skirt is a tight and short thing by itself.

Black Velvet Gowns.
A black velvet gown which attracted attention was made with a round neck and cut practically in one straight piece. For trimming there ran up the back in a straight line at either side, from hem to neck, rows of little white crocheted roses. They were continued round the neckline. By this method all of the trimming was confined to the back, the only hint in front being the inconspicuous neck edging.

A black velvet gown was made with two puffs over the hips. They were not overly sumptuous in appearance, just large enough to show that panniers were in fashion. From these the gathered skirt dropped straight to the hem, and the bodice was slightly fitted.

Many of the afternoon dresses show a strong Louis XIV influence. There are upstanding collars and frills, and even high necks with plaitings that stand out underneath the chin. The frills often form themselves into a belted line.

Curling Feather Boa.
A boa may be curled by simply taking a sharp instrument, such as a knife, scissors or a hatpin. Curl the same way as one does when making a paper rose. Use light, quick strokes.

For Better or Worse

By HENRY KIRK

(Copyright)

Marion Story sat in the midst of her wedding gifts. They were spread about upon tables that lined three sides of the room.

There were little round boxes, and large square ones piled with glittering things—in one a rope of pearls, in another a collar of diamonds.

The girl to whom these things belonged sat very still and stared at them. There was no light of triumph in her eyes, no joy of possession that one might think should be there. She showed no satisfaction, no supreme elation. She was almost a thing of stone.

She looked over them all as if they did not exist, as if they were not even thought of, and the shining collar in its velvet box threw no light into her eyes.

A man who had been standing by the window turned carelessly.

"You'll have to send them back, won't you?" he said. The girl did not look at him. "Miserable business, but it's the thing to do. Wonder what they'll say!" He took up a sapphire brooch. "Mrs. Olin Winthrop! Mrs. Olin will say, 'Thank heaven, I can use this again.' The girl did not move. "For heaven's sake, old girl, why don't you look up!"

"My dear Fred, you will be good enough to remember that this is not your wedding!"

"Nor yours, either," the man laughed. "I don't see anything funny in that!"

"You know why you're going to do it!"

"Yes, I know that."

"Well?"

"And I'm going to do it!"

"What's all the fuss about, then?"

A man with iron gray hair and gray eyes came into the room.

"Father, I wish you would insist upon Fred being a little more decent!" She got up and went to the window. The young fellow started after her.

"Marion, I'm not doing anything. What's up? I think we're all concerned in this little strategy upon an equal footing."

"What is it?"

"Nothing, dad, I was only—trying to—cheer Marion up a little."

"You don't seem to have gone about it in the right way, Marion?"

"Yes?"

"Come here." The girl went to her father.

"Baylis is repeating his father's game. All day he has been at it—pushing me to the wall—and when he has me there, making me go upon my knees to him. Well, have you nothing to say?"

The girl looked at her father with cold eyes. "What may I say? I am going to do this thing tomorrow. I am going to deny him at the altar in the presence of my friends and his friends—of the whole world, as far as that goes!"

"It is your duty."

"Yes, father, and I shall not shrink from it. For you—but what will become of me! What man would care to ask me to marry him after I had done such a thing!"

"I say, Marion!"

"Well, Fred Story, would you?"

Would you go to a girl who had refused a man at the altar, shamed him, humiliated him in the most horrible manner possible?"

"His father almost ruined your father—nearly disgraced him! Is that something to forget? And the hate of that man is in his son. I hate him as much as he hates me. The whole Baylis tribe—for fifty years they have been in my way, and this boy is doing the same thing his father did—no, only trying to do it, for I shall have him where I wish him!"

"Don't get melodramatic, dad; you know very well Billy Baylis isn't that bad, although it's crude enough as it is. Marion will turn him down tomorrow—then we will call it square. 'Do you take this man?'—Not on your life!—Ring!—Wedding ring thrown upon floor—Exit haughty Marion Story amid the applause of the gallery and the hisses of the opposing faction!"

Four girls came gaily into the room.

"Marion," said one of them, "I've brought the girls to see the things. You've met my father; my brother Fred? Aren't they simply glorious? Just look at this collar!"

Miss Story waited in her father's drawing-room for the man she had promised to marry.

He would come to her in a moment, with violets or some other delicate offering.

Her romance with Will Baylis had begun six years before, when they were little more than children.

The opposition of their parents had made little difference.

She had loved this man with all her thought, but now it seemed to have given way to quite another feeling. It was anything but the old tenderness. Regret was there, and it was the regret that a woman might give to a dead child.

The opposition of her father had made little difference at first, but like water dripping upon a stone, it finally made its impression.

It would never have done so until she felt that he was becoming somewhat indifferent, a sort of dignified distance that she could not understand.

She learned that her father had been forced to the wall, and his influence, his very credit threatened. This roused her father's blood in her, and she felt that she hated the man's son.

Whatever it was that had separated them, she knew that they were no longer as they had been.

She stood very still, waiting for him to come in.

Then he came into the room, a very tall, clear-eyed young fellow. He came directly toward her, carrying half a dozen orchids and a mass of violets. She took them silently and sat down. Then she covered her face with the flowers.

The man looked at her a moment without a word, then he said slowly: "Marion, I am afraid we have—"

He hesitated. "I am afraid we have not—you have not been happy. I do not know how to say it, but—"

The girl looked at him quietly. "But what?"

"If you do not wish to—to have this—thing go on—"

"You mean, you mean you do not wish to—to—oh, I cannot say it!"

"Marion! Marion! That I do not wish to—that I—"

"Yes, that you do not wish to marry me! I know! I know!"

The man's lips twitched, but he never took his eyes from hers. "I mean that, if—you did not—"

"Have I said so?"

"No."

"Well?"

"I wish you—to be happy!"

"That is the greatest wish that one could have for another, isn't it?" She laughed a little hysterically.

"I have never wished you to be anything else. There's only one thing that we should understand before—and that is—"

"I know, that you will be the master!"

"There must be some one to say what shall be done, although master is an old word."

"Yes, men never like it in that way, but it is true! What do you mean by saying this?"

"I mean only that our home shall be our own, and that we shall live in it alone."

"I know—you do not wish my father—"

"She laughed bitterly."

"I wish only your happiness, and my own. It has been a trying winter. You do not know it, but my father's affairs were not in the best way when he died—"

"Are you intimating that my father was at all responsible?"

"The Street is a strange place, Marion, and many odd things happen there—old friends become enemies, and—well—what is the use in reviving unpleasant memories? It is all dead—"

"Textive them? They are not dead with me, but you have been busy in the Street, and I know what you are doing there!"

"It has been for you. That is all that I may say about it, Marion, won't you believe in me? I may have neglected you, but I was thinking of you all the while, down there. Won't you trust me?"

The girl rose. "Will you pardon me if I say good night?" she said. "I am tired!"

The next day at noon, Miss Story went up the aisle of the church upon the arm of her father. Her friends filled the seats about her. There seemed so many of them, they almost hung from the arched roof.

The triumphal music crashed from the organ and flooded her entire being, but with a mockery that almost choked her.

If they had only run away, as they had planned so many times when they first began to know their love!

The long aisle seemed interminable. With every step it seemed to stretch on and never end, and her agony with it. Then in a moment it did end, and the organ ceased. He was there waiting for her, and he took her hand.

The old minister who had baptized her stood there with open book, and faintly she heard his droning chant.

She heard him say "I will," knew her time had come, and raised her eyes.

Her father was behind her, and all he meant—the opposition of her family, the fearful strength of which oppressed her senses. She was one of them.

It was her hour, and she rejoiced in her heart, so loudly that she hoped no word of regret would be heard above it.

The words of the clergyman came to her as from another world, through another consciousness for which she could not account, but she was impatient for them to be over, that the whole thing might be ended.

Faintly she heard them—love, honor and obey! She felt his fingers press her own, and the touch of him instantly roused her against her father and her family, who were awaiting her denial.

Suddenly she became conscious that her hour had come indeed.

The minister was awaiting her answer to the great question. The man beside her was waiting.

She felt the strength of the hand holding her own, she felt the strength of the arm above it. She looked up into his eyes. They were the eyes of a man who did not knock at the heart of every woman.

As if afraid that he would not knock at her own again, and that she might lose him, she said, faintly but quickly: "I will!"

Doesn't Need To.

"Every girl wants a clear conscience, of course."

"Well?"

"But she doesn't fuss over that as she does over her complexion."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

She learned that her father had been forced to the wall, and his influence, his very credit threatened. This roused her father's blood in her, and she felt that she hated the man's son.

Whatever it was that had separated them, she knew that they were no longer as they had been.

She stood very still, waiting for him to come in.

Then he came into the room, a very tall, clear-eyed young fellow. He came directly toward her, carrying half a dozen orchids and a mass of violets. She took them silently and sat down. Then she covered her face with the flowers.

The man looked at her a moment without a word, then he said slowly: "Marion, I am afraid we have—"

He hesitated. "I am afraid we have not—you have not been happy. I do not know how to say it, but—"

The girl looked at him quietly. "But what?"

"If you do not wish to—to have this—thing go on—"

"You mean, you mean you do not wish to—to—oh, I cannot say it!"

"Marion! Marion! That I do not wish to—that I—"

"Yes, that you do not wish to marry me! I know! I know!"

The man's lips twitched, but he never took his eyes from hers. "I mean that, if—you did not—"

"Have I said so?"

"No."

"Well?"

"I wish you—to be happy!"

"That is the greatest wish that one could have for another, isn't it?" She laughed a little hysterically.

"I have never wished you to be anything else. There's only one thing that we should understand before—and that is—"

"I know, that you will be the master!"

"There must be some one to say what shall be done, although master is an old word."

"Yes, men never like it in that way, but it is true! What do you mean by saying this?"

"I mean only that our home shall be our own, and that we shall live in it alone."

"I know—you do not wish my father—"

"She laughed bitterly."

"I wish only your happiness, and my own. It has been a trying winter. You do not know it, but my father's affairs were not in the best way when he died—"

"Are you intimating that my father was at all responsible?"

"The Street is a strange place, Marion, and many odd things happen there—old friends become enemies, and—well—what is the use in reviving unpleasant memories? It is all dead—"

"Textive them? They are not dead with me, but you have been busy in the Street, and I know what you are doing there!"

"It has been for you. That is all that I may say about it, Marion, won't you believe in me? I may have neglected you, but I was thinking of you all the while, down there. Won't you trust me?"

The girl rose. "Will you pardon me if I say good night?" she said. "I am tired!"

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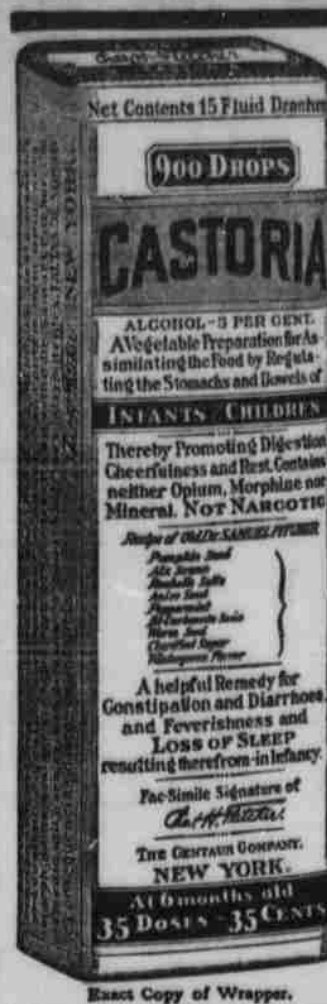
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CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

J. C. Hitchcock

In Use For Over

Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE REMEDY COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

MYOGA HAD DONE ITS WORK

Ample Proof of its Potency, Though There Was No Occasion for Many Congratulations.

A Japanese, Mr. Aisaku Waseda, discusses Japanese humor in the Tourist, and offers the following selection: Said an innkeeper's wife to her husband:

"The guest who came this evening carries a package which seems to contain things of great value. I wish he would leave it behind."

"I have a good idea," said the husband. "I will give him a great deal of myoga."

The innkeeper carried out his plan and gave myoga, a spicy vegetable supposed to produce forgetfulness, in abundance to the guest with soup and with vegetables, and soon after the guest had departed he hopefully inspected the room. There was no trace of the coveted baggage.

The landlady began to scoff at the inefficiency of myoga as an oblivion producer, but her husband admonished her not to lose faith so easily.

"The myoga has had its effect," he declared.

"What do you mean?" demanded the woman.

"Why, he forgot to pay his bill," replied the husband.

Cash Tied Up.

A short time ago my girl friend and myself went into an ice-cream parlor. A number of young men were there. While I was waiting for the ice cream cones I raised my hand to my hair and my money (a dime, which was all I had), dropped down my back, and you can imagine my embarrassment when I was compelled to ask the proprietor to charge the cones.—Exchange.

Her Class.

"I caught her pussyfooting around my room the other day."

"The old cat!"

Say, what a world we would have, if everybody would stop hunting for the bad in folks and try to find the good.

Buildings ought to be so arranged with reference to each other that the fire hazard is as low as possible.

It takes two to make a bargain, but both of 'em seldom get stuck.

WEARY OF "FOOLING 'ROUND"

Common-Sense Maid Decided It Was High Time Bashful Swain "Popped the Question."

A speaker declared that the old-style bashful swain has ceased to exist since the war. "Proposals have no terrors for the boys now. In a young friend of mine, however, I must note an exception."

"He had been going with the girl before war broke out, but even in the stress of going away had not mustered up courage enough to put the question."

"When he came back he went to her, and though he had faced the terrors of the trenches and even the horrors of the Hun, yet he still hesitated."

"Dearest," said the girl finally, "didn't you once say that you would do anything for me? Didn't you once ask me to put your devotion to the test?"

"Indeed I did," he responded warmly; "there is nothing in the world I would not do, no sacrifice I would not make to prove to you how much I think of you."

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Ed. Phingsten and son and the Ferguson boys were down from the Mesa Wednesday with farm produce.

All repair work guaranteed at Western Garage.

E. M. Brickley of the First National Bank, made a trip to Cloud Croft this week on a matter of personal business. The snow in the Sacramento is reported to be from five to ten feet deep.

Garrard & Corn still have tires, the best made, and guaranteed for service.

The fruit growers have their surplus fruit stored for spring trade. One fruit man on the Kurodo is reported to have lost five cars of apples boxed and ready for shipping, by failing to protect them from the frost.

Cars washed at Western Garage.

Brent Paden, city clerk, who spent Thanksgiving with friends in El Paso, returned Saturday.

FOR SALE—Gasoline station, pump and tank, cheap.—Taylor & Sons.

Have you noticed the change in arrangement and display of accessories at Garrard & Corn's? If not, call and see.

Attorney C. A. Perkins left Saturday for a visit to his old home in Birmingham, Alabama. He does not expect to return until after the Christmas holidays.

FOR SALE—An air compressor and tank, cheap.—Taylor & Sons.

Joe Dunwoody, district manager of the Mountain State Telephone Co. with headquarters at Tucumcari, spent the past two days here looking over the local system.

Automobile owners will find it to their interest to examine the stock of accessories at Garrard & Corn's.

The barbecue and fiesta to be given at Picacho on Nov. 30, was postponed on account of weather condition, but will be held at a later date, due notice of which will be given.

What did you say? You couldn't start your Ford? See Garrard & Corn—Hot Shot Batteries.

Reports from the fruit-growing districts are to the effect that the apple crop was about 90 per cent full. Most of the growers sold their crops to outside buyers; others shipped considerable fruit to commission houses, while others have stored their apples for spring trade when prices will be up.

Try a Spirella corset. Mrs. G. T. McQuillen, phone 1. 3-1441

Norwalk Inner Tubes and Republic Castings. Both guaranteed. Western Garage.

Elbert Brown, who had a foot injured last week by a horse throwing him, is reported getting along nicely at the Woods hospital, but it will be several months before he will be able to get around. Brown put in a year and a half chasing Huns and dodging German bullets, without getting a scratch, and then to get knocked out by a darned old bronco, makes his trouble hard to bear.

We meet all competition. Write for our prices. Western Garage.

J. McSmith, who had the misfortune to lose all his personal effects by a fire recently, was here in town this week from the Spence ranch. Mac was smiling as generally as ever, however; still had that Edward VII's appearance and laid in a stock of wearing apparel that will keep him in comfort throughout the winter, barring another fire.

Mrs. Penfield was here last week, during the storm, from Lincoln, guest of Mrs. R. E. Lemon. Mrs. Lemon entertained Friday, Mrs. Penfield being the honoree, and the blanket of snow kept none away, neither did it mar the pleasure of the occasion. With subsidence of the storm, Mrs. Penfield returned to her home at Lincoln.

Mr. and Mrs. O. T. Nye and children left Monday for Los Angeles, California, accompanied by Mrs. Gwinn, a sister of Mr. Nye. The family will spend the winter, at least, on the coast, but Bill expects to return before the holidays to look after local interests; indeed, he may spend the greater part of his time here for he is expecting interesting developments.

Mrs. R. L. Lamay, of the Mesa, who underwent an operation for chronic appendicitis at the Hotel Dieu, El Paso last week, is reported to be getting along fine. The operation was a very successful one, and will relieve her of an ailment from which she has suffered for several years. She is expected home in the course of a week.

According to weather reports the eastern and middle states are tightly held in the grip of winter, with ten feet of snow in some states, and a fuel shortage, to make matters worse, while New Mexico is basking in beautiful sunny weather with plenty of good coal to burn and sell—at least in this part of the sunshine state.

Sam Pambrugh, a cattle grower from the Jicarilla country was in town yesterday. He reports cattle in fine shape, and good range, with plenty of moisture. The late heavy snow was preceded by 36 hours of steady rain, which ensures early grass in the spring. The cattleman, has no kick coming, as this has been the best year in his long experience in the cattle growing business, and there is plenty of feed in sight to pull stock through the winter.

S. W. Davis, of the Mesa, returned Tuesday from a five months stay in California. The climate he pronounced salubrious and the state a one in which money is more easily spent than earned—a beautiful place for people of leisure, with money to spend, but for the man of limited means there are many states better. He will visit for a while at the home of Ed Phingsten.

The farmers have about garnered all their crops, and are making daily and by-daily trips to Carrizozo to market some of their surplus stuff. They all state that the 1919 harvest was the most bountiful in many years, and consequently they wear a perpetual smile. Their grainaries and barns are well filled, their live stock fat, and their families happy. The h. c. of living touches the farmers very lightly.

Ed Hannon left last night on delayed No. 3 for Portland, Maine, via New Orleans. Mr. Hannon recently sold his bakery to C. H. Haines, of Silver City, and goes to Maine to be with his aged mother and to take care of property interests. Ed has lived among us the past few years, conducting an up-to-date bakery and his business life, daily conduct and generous actions won for him the highest regard of our people. We hope we may have the pleasure of announcing his return to this section ere another year passes.

School Courts
With the consent of the faculty the pupils of the Las Cruces High School have adopted a plan for conducting the local high school themselves. They will elect a legislature, a justice court, a governor, etc., and every time there is a breach of discipline one of these bodies will fix the punishment of the delinquent pupil. All sentences must meet with the approval of the principal, Miss French. The plan has been put into effect in a number of cities of the country and has almost invariably met with success, and it is believed it will prove satisfactory here.—Las Cruces Republic.

A Real Brokerage Connection for Carrizozo

F. W. Gurney and E. C. Monroe have taken the Carrizozo branch of McClure-Randle Brokerage house of El Paso and will devote their time to making it one of the best institutions in this section. Both men are well known locally and need no recommendation to the investors of the Carrizozo section. The firm of McClure-Randle have an exceptionally good record, and have established branch houses all over the Tri-State district. They handle all kinds of stocks and other investments, and are not of the so-called "fly by night" variety of brokers. At present they are only handling one oil stock, that being "Service Oil Corp." as they feel it is the one best bet ever offered.

They have this to say in regard to any oil stock: "Pay your grocery bills first before you buy any oil stock, but if you can afford to play, Buy Service."

FOR SALE—Lots 10 and 11 in block 4, Carrizozo. Must sell. Make me an offer. Address F. P. Nipp, Glendale, Ariz., R.F.D. 1, Box 130.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
United States Land Office
Roswell, N. M., Nov. 17, 1919
Serial No. 04120
NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1919, the Santa Fe Pacific Railroad company, by Howell Jones, its land commissioner, made application at the United States Land Office, at Roswell, New Mexico, to select under the Act of April 21, 1904 (33 Stat. 211) the following described land, to-wit:

W $\frac{1}{2}$ Sec. 1, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, N $\frac{1}{2}$ Sec. 2, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, E $\frac{1}{2}$ W $\frac{1}{2}$, Sec. 3, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, E $\frac{1}{2}$ W $\frac{1}{2}$, Sec. 4, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, E $\frac{1}{2}$ W $\frac{1}{2}$, Sec. 5, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, E $\frac{1}{2}$ W $\frac{1}{2}$, Sec. 6, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, E $\frac{1}{2}$ W $\frac{1}{2}$, Sec. 7, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, E $\frac{1}{2}$ W $\frac{1}{2}$, Sec. 8, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, E $\frac{1}{2}$ W $\frac{1}{2}$, Sec. 9, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, E $\frac{1}{2}$ W $\frac{1}{2}$, Sec. 10, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, E $\frac{1}{2}$ W $\frac{1}{2}$, Sec. 11, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, E $\frac{1}{2}$ W $\frac{1}{2}$, Sec. 12, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, E $\frac{1}{2}$ W $\frac{1}{2}$, Sec. 13, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, E $\frac{1}{2}$ W $\frac{1}{2}$, Sec. 14, 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Sec. 169, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{$