

10-22-1915

Carlsbad Current, 10-22-1915

Carlsbad Printing Co.

Follow this and additional works at: https://digitalrepository.unm.edu/cb_current_news

Recommended Citation

Carlsbad Printing Co.. "Carlsbad Current, 10-22-1915." (1915). https://digitalrepository.unm.edu/cb_current_news/273

This Newspaper is brought to you for free and open access by the New Mexico Historical Newspapers at UNM Digital Repository. It has been accepted for inclusion in Carlsbad Current, 1896-1918 by an authorized administrator of UNM Digital Repository. For more information, please contact disc@unm.edu.

The Carlshad Current

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR.

CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1915.

NUMBER 50.

MEX. BANDITS KILL AMERICANS

MURDEROUS OUTLAWS SLAY AND LOOT AFTER WRECKING TRAIN NEAR BORDER.

Twenty Alleged Followers of De la Rosa Pull Rail From Under Engine and Whole Train Goes in Ditch.

Brownsville, Tex., Oct. 19.—Inspired by race hatred as well as desire for loot, twenty Mexicans who claimed to be followers of Luis de la Rosa, leader of the so-called Texas revolution, held up and robbed a train near Olmito, seven miles north of here late last night. As a result two men are dead another is probably fatally injured, and four others are seriously hurt.

The scene of the robbery was three miles from the Rio Grande. The Mexicans as they fired at the train crew and passengers shouted:

"Viva Pizano! Viva Carranza!"

Pizano was a co-leader with de la Rosa.

The robbery was the boldest piece of work by bandits since their raids began three months ago.

The bandits removed the spikes from a rail and laying concealed in the nearby brush, jerked this rail from under the nose of the engine with a long heavy wire. The engine, jumped the track. Few passengers were aboard. The robbery was conducted by five or six Mexicans clad in khaki uniforms while outside the train some fifteen or twenty more Mexicans kept up a constant fire, apparently shooting either over or beneath the train.

Burn Train to Delay Troops.

After the robbery the Mexicans burned a trestle north of the wreck, preventing prompt arrival of United States soldiers from San Benito. It took up pursuit. The troops had to leave their train and hike a mile to reach the wreck.

The hold-up occurred on the St. Louis, Brownsville and Mexico line, the only railroad entering the lower Rio Grande valley.

Ex-Soldier Tells Story.

John W. Sword of Pinesville, Ky., a former United States soldier, said that he and three soldiers occupied a corner seat in the front end of the smoking car. The other three, McBee, Brishhear and Leymon were in uniform, but Sword was not. He said there was a lurch and four men pitched forward. As the train came to a stop, he noticed five or six Mexicans crowding into the rear end of the coach next to the first class day coach. The Mexicans came forward with guns drawn and firing. The first firing was directed at the United States army uniforms worn by Sword's companions. Two of the soldiers were shot at the first fire and Leymon was hit as he dived for the front door. The soldiers were regular passengers without their arms. The Mexicans grew bold and noisy when the passengers failed to shoot at them.

In the smoking compartment in addition to Sword and the three soldiers were Dr. McCain, Wallis; District Attorney John I. Klieber of Brownsville; R. W. Wright, traveling man of Houston, and P. W. Sauer, a traveling man of San Antonio.

In their first rush at the uniformed men the bandits paid little attention to other smoking car passengers.

McCain and Wallis managed to hide in the toilet without being observed by the bandits. Klieber fell as if shot, while Wright and Sauer hid under seats. Sword said the bandits then announced to the several Mexicans in the coach that they need not fear, that they would not be harmed. In the meantime Sword brushed aside a bandit's arm and proceeded into the first class coach, which he passed through without being stopped. Dropping off at the rear end, he ran three miles to a telephone.

"Informed on the 'Gringos'."

Sword said that just before he left the coach a well dressed young Mexican told the bandits there were two "gringos" in the toilet. These were Dr. McCain and Wallis. Wright, who had hidden under a seat, said the bandits knocked on the toilet door and commanded the men to come out. McCain and Wallis refused, whereupon the Mexicans fired through the door, hitting McCain in the abdomen and wounding Wallis twice. The young Mexican, the informer, was arrested.

Sword said after the killing started, the bandits began shouting "Viva Pizano! Viva Carranza!"

Loot Follows Murder.

Sauer, the San Antonio traveler, was relieved of \$35 in cash. Wright hid his cash and was not robbed. The bandits relieved the dead soldier, McBee, of his shoes, but did not attempt to take the shoes from the wounded men. Several of the bandits were barefooted. Dock Washington, a negro chauffeur, hid beneath a seat, but the Mexicans saw his feet, stole his shoes and \$35 in cash.

Sword left his hat and coat hanging on the window. Returning, he found his hat and coat were gone and says he had \$280 in a coat pocket which went with the coat.

Dock Sterritt, a negro porter on the train, was one of the first to reach a residence in his stocking feet. His shoes had been taken away by the

bandits. During the smoking car shooting, passengers in the day coach behind either crawled under seats or sheltered themselves as best they could from a chance shot.

After finishing on the smoker the Mexicans robbed the day coach passengers mostly of small amounts of money and jewelry. Mr. and Mrs. Finkelstein of Houston, reported that Mrs. Finkelstein had lost a diamond ring and \$50 in cash. Except for robbery, none was molested in the day coach. The entire robbery lasted probably ten or fifteen minutes.

The wreck occurred about midnight, with the train running thirty-five miles an hour to make up lost time. The mail clerk and the express messenger were not molested. The first men to reach the train were five oil well drillers, camped about 1,000 feet from where the hold up occurred. These men crept up close, but seeing they were outnumbered by the bandits, remained in hiding until the Mexicans left.

United States soldiers and the county officers today made a thorough search through the Mexican village of Villa Nueva, located five miles from Brownsville.

Colonel A. P. Blocksom, in command of the cavalry patrol in this section, said today that he did not believe the bandits came from the Mexican side of the river as he had received no reports to indicate crossings last night.

Five companies of infantry and two troops of cavalry were sent today from Fort Brown here to the district where the robbery occurred.

L. L. Henninger, a passenger from Council Bluffs, Iowa, had a narrow escape. He hid his money before the bandits entered the day coach, where he sat with Morris Edelstein of Brownsville. A robber, on failing to open Henninger's grip, which stuck, shoved a pistol into the latter's stomach while another of the robbers ordered "kill the gringo."

Edelstein, who spoke Spanish, told the Mexicans that Henninger was not American but a German. The bandit then lowered his gun, robbing Henninger of his grip and coat, but failing to get his money.

Recognizes de la Rosa.

Wallis said today he recognized as Luis de la Rosa, one of the train robbers. He knew de la Rosa well before the bandit troubles began.

Brownsville, Texas, Oct. 19.—Ten Mexicans were killed by posse today because of their alleged complicity in last night's wrecking of a St. Louis, Brownsville and Mexico passenger train and the slaying of three Americans and the wounding of four others. Peace officers said tonight they had clues to other Mexicans connected with the robbery.

ADMINISTRATION PROGRAM FOR DEFENSE OF NATION IS COMPLETE.

Includes Six-Year Plan Which Will Bring American Army With Reserves to 1,200,000 Trained Men.

Washington, Oct. 19.—Details of the administration program for national defense became known officially today. They include a six-year program which in that time will bring the American army up with reserves to 1,200,000 trained men and have a building program to add sixteen capital ships—ten dreadnaughts and six battle cruisers—eighty-five submarines, fifty destroyers and fifteen scout cruisers in five years with proportionate increases in personnel and officers.

Estimates of appropriations needed to begin the national defense program are placed at \$182,000,000 for the army and \$216,000,000 for the navy. President Wilson has approved the program as submitted by Secretaries Garrison and Daniels.

In the first year's program Secretary Daniels has recommended the building of two dreadnaughts, two battle cruisers, twenty-five coast submarines, five ocean-going submarines, twelve destroyers, three scout ships, an increase of 8,000 enlisted men and legislation for the appointment of 250 more midshipmen to the naval academy.

For the army \$72,000,000 more than last year will be asked and for the navy a \$48,000,000 increase, making the total increase for defense over last year \$140,000,000.

The combined estimates of appropriations for national defense will be between \$398,000,000 and \$400,000,000, the latter figure being the estimate that has been kept in mind from the beginning as the limit for expenditures.

Secretary Garrison's plan to increase the regular army from 87,000 to 140,000 men under a six-year enlistment requiring two years of service and four years in reserve, will give about 300,000 reserves in six years, according to war department calculations. The continental army which is to be created by means of a six-year enlistment of two months each year for three years with the colors and three years of reserve subject to call, will at the end of the six years give a total of 800,000 men. This trained citizen army, together with the regulars, will give, with the 125,000 national guardsmen, a mobile army of more than 1,200,000 in six years.

SHARP BATTLE WITH MEXICANS

American Soldiers and Civilians are

Forced to Fight for Their Lives in

the Night. Eight Killed, Eight

Hurt in the 45-Minute Melee.

Three of the White Men Killed

Were United States Soldiers—

Luis de la Rosa is Suspected.

Brownsville, Texas, Oct. 21.—About seventy-five Mexicans at 2 o'clock this morning attacked fifteen Americans at Ojo de Agua, a small Mexican settlement on the American side of the river, about sixty miles up the Rio Grande from here. Three soldiers were killed and eight wounded, and at least five Mexicans killed in the forty-minute battle which followed. Some of the Mexicans fled across the Rio Grande into Mexican territory when American cavalry reinforcements came up.

Mexicans slain in the fight had white handbills bearing the words, "Viva Villa."

San Antonio, Texas, Oct. 21.—Three United States soldiers were killed and six others wounded in an engagement with Mexican bandits near Ojo de Agua, about 2 o'clock this morning. The troops guarding the place, which is located near Mission, Texas, and about sixty miles north of Brownsville, were attacked by a large band.

Details of the fight are lacking, but in a preliminary report from Captain Frank R. McCoy, received at southern department headquarters at 3:45 o'clock this morning, the information was given that five dead Mexicans had been found in the dar kafter the attacking party had been driven off. The killed and wounded were all

yesterday is in the patrol district commanded by General Lopez.

Today was the first time that the bandits have openly adopted Villa's name as a rallying cry. Heretofore, they have been accustomed to appropriate Carranza's name. Reports to military authorities here indicated that today's attack was made with considerable show of good organization.

Today's fatalities brought the number of United States soldiers killed in fights with Mexicans in this section in the past three months, up to ten. Today's casualties were the largest number suffered by the troopers in any one fight.

Civil authorities have sent urgent messages from all points along this section of the border asking for men familiar with the Mexican methods of following trails in the brush. Army officers said they believed more troops would have to be sent here if the border is to be made safe from raids.

Bodies of four Mexicans killed as a result of the Monday night train robbery were found today about five miles from here near the scene of the wreck.

United States immigration authorities confiscated all copies brought to the United States side of El Embarcadero the Carranza paper published at Matamoros. The authorities did this because the papers contained articles "regarding troubles in Texas which were detrimental to peace and good will."

Brownsville, Texas, Oct. 21.—Mexican bandits randed ranch property near Sebastian today, and fought with Texas rangers and deputy sheriffs who pursued them. No casualties were reported on either side.

Sebastian is forty miles north of here and fully fifty miles from the Ojo de Agua battleground, where Mexicans attacked United States troops this morning. The Sebastian raid occurred about daylight, the Mexicans burning the Ysenaga ranch house. The number of bandits is not known, but they were in sufficient force to head on pursuit of the small posse of rangers or deputies who attempted to follow them. The posse finally gave up its pursuit.

Silence. What do you suppose caused him to go to the hall? Cyrus. Trying to be a good fellow.

THE TIME TO CHEAT THAT FALL COUGH AND COLD IS BEFORE IT BECOMES DEEP ROOTED.

NOW IS THE TIME—THE REMEDY IS

Penslar Cherry Cough Baisam

25 and 50 Cents per Bottle

WE HANDLE ALL THE OTHERS, BUT WE RECOMMEND THE ABOVE.

EDDY DRUG STORE

members of Troop G, Third cavalry, and Company D, Signal corps.

The dead are: Sergeant Shafer, Troop G, Third cavalry, and first class Privates Joyce and McConnell, Company D, signal corps.

The list of wounded includes Privates Brown, Behr, Shallenback, Langlands and Kubie, Troop G, Third cavalry, and first class Sergeant Smith and Corporal Cansler and Private Stewart, Company D, Signal corps.

Captain McCoy arrived with relieving troops and the bandits fell back in the brush between Ojo de Agua and the Rio Grande.

Additional troops were rushed to the scene from nearby border patrol stations and search made for the bandits.

Ojo de Agua is near the river. Dense brush afforded the Mexicans perfect cover as they scattered and made toward the Mexican boundary.

A picket reported the presence of the bandits in time to give the troopers a chance to take positions for their desperate resistance against odds.

The fifteen United States soldiers, fighting five against one, held their ground, although half of them were put out of commission before relief came from Mission, several miles away. Captain Frank R. McCoy took two troops of cavalry totalling about sixty men to the rescue and the Mexicans fled upon his approach.

The early morning attack again centered attention on activities of Luis de la Rosa, the Mexican bandit, who led Monday night's train robbery. Wednesday night he was reported in a camp on the Mexican side, not more than ten miles from Ojo de Agua. The Carranza consul here, Jose Z. Garza, went to Matamoros today to place before General Eugenio Lopez, the Carranza commander there, such reports as were available. American army authorities here impressed upon Mr. Garza the fact that they viewed the situation in a very serious light. The camp where de la Rosa was reported

WILSON ESTOPS ARMS FOR MEX.

Embargo Goes as to Everybody Except Carranza. Among the Various Warlike Arms, Heavy Penalties Attached to Shipping Shoot-stuffs.

Washington, Oct. 20.—President Wilson today declared an embargo on the shipment of arms and ammunition to Mexico.

President Wilson signed a supplementary order, however, which excepts General Carranza's government from the embargo and permits munitions to go through to him unhampered. The prohibition applies to the factions opposed to the government which the United States had recognized.

The president's proclamation is based upon the authority conferred by congress in 1912 and follows closely the terms of President Taft's proclamation issued when the revolution was on against Madero.

Violation of the embargo is punishable by a fine of not to exceed \$10,000 or imprisonment for not more than two years, or both.

The Villa agency here closed its doors today. It was announced that in view of the recognition of General Carranza, there was no further need for maintaining it.

Persian Bread.

The Persian native bread today is very little different from that used a thousand years ago. The Persian oven is built of smooth masonry in the ground, and many of them have been used for a century. The dough is formed into thin sheets about a foot long and two feet wide and slapped against the side of the oven. It bakes in a few minutes.

Highest Mountains.

The five highest mountains in the world are all to be found in the Hindu kays.

Christian & Co., INSURANCE.

EDDY WINS 2ND. PRIZE

ODD FELLOWS BAN-

QUET VICTOR MINTER

Our young and worthy friend, Victor L. Minter, seem to be coming in for his share of honor and notoriety, he having been elected Grand Master for the lodge of Odd Fellows for the New Mexico Jurisdiction, and Tuesday evening at the Odd Fellows hall in Carlshad an elegant oyster stew was given in his honor by the local lodge in order to give the membership an opportunity of showing Mr. Minter that they heartily endorsed and appreciated the honor conferred on him at the Albuquerque assembly last week.

Plates were set for twenty-nine guests, and an elegant menu consisting of oyster stew, pickles, coffee etc., was spread and greatly enjoyed by those present.

Judge John W. Armstrong was elected toastmaster, and in a most fitting way performed his duty much to the satisfaction and entertainment of the guests.

L. E. Hays and J. F. Flowers, recent representatives at the Grand Lodge at Albuquerque, where Mr. Minter was elected to this important position, spoke to the toast "How it Happened." They each expressed much satisfaction at the election of Mr. Minter and said he was elected without opposition because of the fact that the state body recognized in him a worthy leader.

Grand Master Minter, R. L. Bates and Dr. Boatman made the principal addresses of the evening, the latter two and all the local Odd Fellows present, except Mr. Minter, speaking to the toast "Why it Happened." They all agreed that the principal element leading to Mr. Minter's selection was plain devotion to duty.

Visiting members of the order spoke to the toast "How We Like It." The visitors said they were all highly pleased and believed that the guidance of the future of the order was in safe hands.

Mr. Minter himself responded to the toast "How I Feel About It." He said his feeling of gratitude was profound; that he fully realized the great responsibility imposed, but would endeavor to do his whole duty.

Many witty things, many earnest things and many pleasant things were said during the course of the evening and the event altogether was quite a pleasant affair.

Noble Grand Master G. V. Price, R. L. Bates, E. S. Kirkpatrick and Will Koehner superintended the work of getting the banquet table in order, and nothing was dispensed with in the arrangement of affairs that would add to the comfort and entertainment of the guests.

The people of Carlshad are proud of the distinction given to Mr. Minter and the Current congratulates him on having acquired the admiration and respect of so great a body of men as the Odd Fellows of the State of New Mexico.

Walter Pendleton wishes to announce to the public that he has moved his garage to the building formerly occupied by the Eddy Garage, near the depot, and invites all his old customers, as well as soliciting new ones, to call and see how nicely everything is arranged down there. He expects a car load of brand new 35 horse power Overlands Monday or Tuesday, and will sell them while they last for \$825. A car of the famous Willys-Knight Overlands will arrive later and the price will be right. He will keep a man on duty all night, so that at any hour of the night the public may obtain automobile service. A full line of repair parts for Overland cars will be kept on hand, as well as tires and accessories of all kinds, and expert mechanics will be on hand at all hours to do any kind of repair work. Gasoline and oil will be kept on hand at all times and sold as cheap as anyone can sell it. Free aid at the curb in front of the garage. Also has to sell or trade 200 acres of irrigated land, some town lots and real estate at a bargain for cash or will trade for livestock. Will lease grass for 1,000 to 10,000 head of cattle and pay 20 or 25c. a head per month for good pasture.

MILLION AND A QUARTER FOR ROADS READY.

State Engineer French Shows Huge Sum Available for State During Coming Year; Governor Wants Bookkeepers.

Santa Fe, N. M., Oct. 20.—That New Mexico has available in state and county funds \$1,247,277, for road construction during the coming twelve months was the conclusion of a report given to the session of the state association of highway officials here today, by State Engineer James A. French. Mr. French showed that the state would have available, including the income from tax levies and the bond issue \$685,000 while approximately \$565,000 would be available from county levies.

United States Senator Catron expressed confidence that the next session of congress would act favorably on the proposed appropriation of \$500,000,000 for national highway construction and state aid, and showed that New Mexico's share of that sum would be \$26,000,000. He pledged his help to the road appropriation. Governor McDonald, who addressed the convention this morning, said he

ROOSEVELT COUNTY WINS

FIRST PRIZE; EDDY GETS

SECOND AND COLFAX THIRD

Eastern District Lands Top Money in Inter-County Competition at State Fair.

Albuquerque, N. M., Oct. 16.—Roosevelt county was awarded the first prize for the best county exhibit at the state fair. Eddy county was given the second prize, and Colfax county the third.

The awards were made by R. S. Trumbull, Walter H. Olin and H. M. Bainer, agricultural agents, respectively, of the El Paso & Southwestern, Denver & Rio Grande and Santa Fe railroads.

In announcing the awards Mr. Trumbull stated that the judges had taken into consideration quantity, uniformity, arrangement and appearance, variety, and adaptability and marketability. Filing the maximum at 1,000 points they had apportioned the scoring in the following manner: Quantity, 150; uniformity, 150; arrangement and appearance, 230; variety and adaptability, 200; and marketability, 300.

On this basis, Mr. Trumbull said, the first eight counties had been rated in the following order: Roosevelt, 798; Eddy, 768; Colfax, 731; San Juan, 722; Dona Ana, 719; San Miguel, 681; Chaves, 635, and Bernalillo, 609.

SANTA FE RAILROAD JOINS

NEW MEXICO TAXPAYERS' ASSOCIATION.

ERS' ASSOCIATION.

Big Transportation Company Sends in Check for \$4,685.78 for First Year's Dues in New Organization.

HAS SAME VOICE AS

MAN WHO PAYS \$1.50

Believes Organization for Benefit of State and Taxpayers and Want to Help, Says General Attorney.

The organization office of the Taxpayers' association of New Mexico in Albuquerque this week received the check of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad for \$4,685.78, being the company's dues in the association for the coming year, and accompanying its application for membership in the new organization. It is three-fourths of one per cent of the taxes paid by the Santa Fe system in New Mexico last year, the rate fixed for payment of dues by the executive committee of the association under its articles of association.

The big check was handed in by W. C. Reid, New Mexico general solicitor for the railway company, who pointed out that the Santa Fe in becoming a member of the Taxpayers' association simply was following out its policy of joining actively in every movement which its directing heads believe for the benefit of the territory served by its lines.

"Although our membership check is a large one," said Captain Reid, "doubtless the largest membership check that the association will receive, we will have and will expect no more voice in the affairs of the association than is had by any individual member who pays the minimum dues of \$1.50 a year. Our company regards this Taxpayers' association as one of the most important, if not the most important public movement that has been initiated in New Mexico since it became a state, and it is our desire to co-operate with the association to the extent of giving it our complete support. Under the articles of association of the Taxpayers' association our membership entitles us to one vote, just the same as the smallest taxpayer who joins. That is all the vote we want. We are satisfied that the affairs of the association are in the hands of competent, public-spirited, earnest men and we want to do our share in assisting the movement in achieving its purposes to the fullest extent."

wanted to get into closer touch with the county road boards, and hoped they would "hit the ball" during the coming year. The governor urged a competent bookkeeper in connection with every county road board as the boards themselves would always know their financial status, and so that taxpayers might always find out at a glance how their money is being expended.

EDDY COUNTY HOSPITAL NOTES

J. T. Reach was operated on this week for blood poison.

Mrs. Georgia Lawson, Willie, Opal and Ruby Lawson, all of Loving, were brought in Sunday, suffering with intestinal trouble.

Christian & Co., Insurance.

It Will Pay You to Wait

—AND SEE THE—
New Series "EIGHT" FRANKLINS

NEW STUDEBAKER SIXES and FOURS

—THE—
EIGHT CYLINDER KING

—THE—
Unrivalled DODGE

—ALSO A FULL STOCK OF—

SWINEHART and MICHLIN TIRES



THE OHNEMUS SHOPS

"CAN FIX IT"

EXPERT MECHANICS

THIRD PRESIDENT TO MARRY IS WILSON.

Cleveland and Tyler Took Brides While in Executive Office.

Washington, Oct. 19.—When President Wilson weds Mrs. Norman Galt, next December he will be the third president of the United States to marry during his term of office. By peculiar coincidence all three of the marrying presidents have belonged to the Democratic party.

John Tyler was the first president who married while he was in office. June 26, 1844, near the close of his term of office, President Tyler was married in New York to Miss Julia Gardiner, daughter of Senator Gardiner. Her father had been killed in an explosion of a big gun aboard the Princeton, one of the navy vessels, while President Tyler, members of his cabinet and other high officials were taking a trip on her. President Tyler's bride was famous for her beauty. As mistress of the White House she assumed a good deal of state in her entertainments. She is remembered as the only "first lady of the land" to receive her guests upon a chair on a raised platform. Her habit of driving four horses to her carriage also attracted much attention at the time.

When President Cleveland had been in office only little more than a year, he married Miss Frances Folsom. This wedding was one of the most interesting events which ever took place in the White House. The president and his bride went to Deer Park, Md., for their honeymoon. The White House was renovated and refurnished for the bride, and all of Washington was anxious to bid her welcome upon her return to the city.

The wedding of President Tyler and Miss Gardiner was Mr. Tyler's second marriage. His first wife was Letitia Christiana of Virginia, to whom he was married in 1813 and who died in 1842. Three other of our presidents have been married twice—Mil-

lard Fillmore, Benjamin Harrison and Theodore Roosevelt.

Millard Fillmore was married in 1826 to Miss Abigail Power of New York. She died in 1853 and some five years later Mr. Fillmore married Mrs. Caroline McIntosh, widow of Ezekiel C. McIntosh, of Albany, N. Y., and with her visited Europe. After his return the former president passed his life in retirement at his home in Louisiana, where he died in 1874. Mrs. Fillmore's death occurred in the same city in 1881.

Benjamin Harrison, the twenty-third president of the United States, was married in 1853 to Miss Caroline Scott, daughter of Professor John W. Scott of Oxford, O. Mrs. Harrison was one of the most popular mistresses of the White House and her death in 1892, leaving her husband's term of office, was widely lamented. Mr. Harrison was married a second time in April, 1896, to Mrs. Mary Lord Dimmock, who was a niece of the first Mrs. Harrison, her mother having been Mrs. Harrison's sister.

In the year of his graduation from Harvard, Theodore Roosevelt married Miss Alice Lee, daughter of George Cabot Lee of Boston. Mrs. Roosevelt died three years after the marriage, leaving one daughter, the present Mrs. Nicholas Longworth. Mr. Roosevelt was married secondly, December 2, 1880, to Edith Kermit Carow, daughter of Charles Carow of New York City.

President Arthur was a widower during his term of office, his wife, who was Miss Ellen L. Herndon, of Virginia, having died about a year before Mr. Arthur was called to presidency through the death of President Garfield.

James Buchanan was the only bachelor president, unless exception can be made in the case of Mr. Cleveland, who was unmarried during the first few months of his term. Not only was Mr. Buchanan a bachelor during his occupancy of the White House, but he remained unmarried during his entire life.

LIFE HISTORY OF MRS. GALT.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 19.—When President Wilson brings his bride to the White House in December, America will have a new "first lady" who until a few weeks ago was known to only a small circle of friends. Today she is the object of interest and admiration throughout the country.

The drama of democracy (which may raise a farm boy to the Presidency) over-night brought Mrs. Edith Bolling Galt into the limelight. The quiet of the dim sitting-room where she played and sang for the president after his days of harassment in his office, is at an end. From now on she will be always before the public. This will be a decided change for her. Mrs. Wilson-to-be. For many years she has been one of the quietest of the Washingtonians who in the big "cliffdweller" houses near Dupont circles. Already her comradeship with the President has given her a large interest in the many problems confronting him; and in the White House, her friends say, she will be above all the aide of the man who must be first in answer to the call of the people.

Mrs. Galt reflects in face and manner the distinguished lineage of her family, one of the foremost in the south, with reason to be proud of an unusual genealogy. For as most of America knows she is a direct descendant of the Indian Princess Pocahontas, who according to tradition, saved the life of Capt. John Smith and married John Rolfe. Their daughter married John Bolling, forefather of William Holcomb Bolling, Mrs. Galt's father.

Edith Bolling was born at Wytheville, Va., rumor says, forty-two years ago. She was reared in a big southern home and surrounded with the cultural influence of books and music. She finished her education at Martha Washington college at Abington, Va., and at Powell's college at Richmond, both quiet southern schools where the virtues of domesticity and the value of social graces is emphasized.

Nineteen years ago, on a visit to Washington, she met Norman Galt and later married him. He was the head of a big jewelry store here. Nine years ago he died.

Mrs. Galt has taken an interest in many philanthropies here. She is a worker for the Children's hospital, has aided in the affairs of St. Thomas' Episcopal church, of which her late husband was a vestryman. Many Sundays recently the president has put aside from his work and waited in the big crested White House limousine near the church, to drive her home.

Mrs. Galt is domestic in her tastes. She is a good cook. She is an able business woman. She has not taken any great interest in Washington society, but is known as a charming hostess to a small circle of friends. She is gracious and courteous. Close friends call her "Sunshine" because of her happy disposition.

She is fairly tall, with a graceful figure and dark brown hair. Her eyes are blue gray, but so shadowed by long dark lashes that at first appearance they seem black. Her mouth is expressive and her face exceedingly animated when she talks. Her voice is low.

Mrs. Galt is normal in her tastes. A lover of books and music, she has many broad interests. What she has done has been accomplished so quietly that few people know of it.

Her engagement to the president, friends say, marks a real love match. Soon after her introduction to the White House by Miss Margaret Wilson, the president found their tastes much the same. Both liked the outdoors, and together they played golf and tennis and took long walks and drives together. Mrs. Galt was a guest at Harlakenden House, where the President spent his long summer vacation, and where their friendship ripened.

Since their return to Washington, the President has spent many evenings at the Galt home, where she has sung for him the old-fashioned songs he likes best, and talked over with him his unending series of problems. In the library, close to the President's favorite chair, hung a big silver-framed portrait of her.

Big boxes of flowers have been brought to her house daily in the White House car. But lest their secret leak out, the President has been sending them from a down-town florist, rather than from the White House conservatory.

The announcement of the engagement presages the greatest social season in years. Washingtonians declare, though in this they may fail to take into consideration the liking of both for quietude.

FREE UNTIL 1916.

Have you subscribed yet for the Youth's Companion for 1916? Now is the time to do it, if you are not already a subscriber, for you will get all the issues for the remaining weeks of 1915 free from the time your subscription with \$2.00 is received.

The fifty-two issues of 1916 will be crowded with good reading for young and old. Reading that is entertaining, but not "wishy-washy". Reading that leaves you, when you lay the paper down, better informed, with higher aspirations, with a broader outlook on life. The Companion is a good reason to tie to if you have a growing family, and for general reading, as Justice Brewer once said, no other is necessary.

If you wish to know of the brilliant list of contributions from our exchange students down, who will write for the new volume in 1916, and if you wish to know something of the new stories for 1916, let us send you free the Forecast for 1916.

Every new subscriber who sends \$2 for 1916 will receive, in addition to this year's free issue, The Companion Home Calendar for 1916.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, Boston, Mass.

New subscriptions received at this office.

Of late dollars are the essential thing sought by foreign nations and the American eagle is the king of birds and the bird of a king.

Health Seekers

—GO TO THE—
Cottage Sanatorium
CARLSBAD, N. M.

COMFORTABLE AND SANITARY
COTTAGES FOR WINTER
OR SUMMER.

Rates Reasonable — Phone 224

Address:
MRS. C. H. DISHMAN
CARLSBAD, N. M.

WHETSTONE MINES
FOUND IN TEXAS.

Valuable Deposit of Novaculite Discovered in Brewster County, at Marathon. Is Hard Brittle Stone, Heretofore Known Only in Arkansas in Large Quantities.

University Texas, Oct. 15.—While engaged in exploring in the mountains of west Texas during the past summer, Charles Laurence Baker, of the bureau of economic geology, University of Texas, found large deposits of novaculite, a valuable oil stone heretofore found in the United States only in the Ouachita mountains of west-central Arkansas. The novaculite in Texas is found in north-central Brewster county, along the line of the Southern Pacific railroad from Marathon westward to beyond Marathon. A small area of it is found north of the railroad north and northeast of Marathon, but it has by far its largest extent south of the railroad, in which direction it is found for fully 15 miles.

Novaculite is a very fine, very hard, brittle siliceous rock of a color varying from pure snow white to a slightly bluish watery tint. There are two kinds—the "Arkansas" and the "Ouachita" stones, each of which there are both hard and soft grades. The "Arkansas" stone is very hard, very fine grained and slow cutting, and is used chiefly by engravers, wood carvers, jewelers, dentists, machinists, toolmakers and cutlery makers. The "Ouachita" is a hard stone which wears away comparatively fast and both cuts the steel rapidly and produces a fine edge. It can be used for razor hones as well as for sharpening common tools. For sharpening small-pointed or very fine edged tools, the "Arkansas" novaculite is considered to be the best whetstone in the world.

THE FIGHT.

Ho! the conflict I seek,
And not a silent grave
Life full of battles reek
After this do I crave.

Talk not to me of eternal peace
For that to me is eternal naught
In peace the lamb yields his fleece
Into the hands of robbers caught.

There is no life without the fight
Pressed with vigor every day
There is no day without the night
To hide the Sun burning ray.

Some shallow thinkers of our time
Dispute me with silly prate,
Preaching peace with all strength of mind
While they their enemies hate.

What is war but bursted hate?
I'm forced beyond its common bounds.

Where it seeks to even an uneven rate,
Or measure anew disputed grounds.

033118.

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Roswell, New Mexico, Oct. 16, 1915.

Notice is hereby given that Sam B. Smith, of Eddy County, State of New Mexico, whose post-office address is Carlsbad, New Mexico, did on the 11th day of October, 1915, file in this office his application to make selection, location and entry of the Northwest quarter (NW 1-4) of the Northeast quarter (NE 1-4) of Section Twenty (20), Township Twenty-three (23) South, Range Twenty-five (25) East, N. M. P. M., as the assignee of the person who is entitled to make location and entry thereof as the additional homestead right of Vincent L. Reynolds, deceased, and based upon Section 2306 and 2307 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, and the rules and regulations of the Department of the Interior thereunder, granting additional lands to soldiers and sailors who served in the Army and Navy of the United States during the War of Rebellion.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the lands described, or desiring to object because of the mineral character of the land, or any part thereof, or for any reason, to the disposal to applicant, should file their affidavits of protest in this office on or before the 25th day of November, 1915.

EMMETT PATTON,

Oct. 22-Nov. 19 Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico, Oct. 15, 1915.

Notice is hereby given that Cecil C. Cass, of Carlsbad, N. M., who, on Dec. 28, 1908, made RD. E. Serial No. 03329, in S 1-2 NE 1-4, Sec. 34, and W 1-2 NW 1-4, Section 35, Township 23-S, Range 26-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described before A. R. O'Quinn, Probate Clerk, of Eddy County, in his office at Carlsbad, N. M., on November 24, 1915.

Claimant names as witnesses: Julian Smith William A. Simmons, Justice Beach, Kearney Beach, all of Carlsbad, N. M.

EMMETT PATTON,

Oct. 22—Nov 19 Register.

NOTICE.

Statement of the Ownership, Management, circulation, etc., required by the act of August 24, 1912: of the Carlsbad Current published weekly at Carlsbad, New Mexico, for October 1, 1915:

Name of editor, Wm. H. Mullane; Name of managing editor, Wm. H. Mullane; Name of business managers, Wm. H. Mullane; Name of publisher, The Carlsbad Printing Co., incorporated under New Mexico state law; Name of owners: (If a corporation, give its name and the names and addresses of stockholders holding 1 percent or more of total amount of stock. If not a corporation, give names and addresses of individual owners.) Wm. H. Mullane, Delia S. Mullane, S. L. Perry; Names of known bondholders, mortgages, and other security holders, holding 1 percent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities: (If there are none, so state.) None.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 8th day of October, 1915.
(Seal) W. A. MOORE,
Notary Public.
(My commission expires Dec. 8, 1917.)

NOTICE OF PENDENCY OF SUIT.

Notice is hereby given that A. J. Crawford, plaintiff, has instituted suit against Jim Blackwell, G. D. Mosley and Benton H. Mosley, as defendants, in the District Court of Eddy County, New Mexico; that said suit is numbered 2324, on the civil docket of the District Court of Eddy county, New Mexico; that the general objects of said suit are the recovery of a judgment against Jim Blackwell and G. D. Mosley for the sum of Thirteen Thousand Nine-hundred and 68-100 (\$13,994.68) Dollars with interest at the rate of 12 per cent per annum from the 30th day of June, 1915, balance due on a promissory note executed by Jim Blackwell and G. D. Mosley to plaintiff, and in addition thereto the sum of Thirteen Hundred Nine and 46-100 (\$1,309.46) Dollars as attorney's fees, and the foreclosure of a certain chattel mortgage made, executed and delivered to the plaintiff by defendants Jim Blackwell and G. D. Mosley upon the following chattel property, to-wit:—

400 or about that number of horses, mares and mules in the following brands, to-wit: H on jaw H on thigh, Z on jaw Z on thigh, H on jaw, x on thigh, C on jaw on thigh, A on jaw 7H bar on thigh, Y bar on thigh, R on jaw H on shoulder S on thigh, H on jaw, F on thigh, circle Z on thigh, HES on thigh U on shoulder and S on thigh.

All the foregoing brands appearing in the left jaw, shoulder or thigh, and all said stock being branded with 7H bar on 7 on horses and mules, placed high up on the left thigh, and on mares high up on the left thigh. Parties of the first part have bought the foregoing stock from T. A. Ezell, and about 311 head have been delivered and about 90 more are to be delivered. It is the intention by this instrument to mortgage the entire number of stock bought from said Ezell, whether yet delivered or not, and whether in the foregoing or other brands.

These stock are to be ranged in Gaines county, Texas, and Eddy county, New Mexico. This mortgage covers the increase of said stock and is to be branded 7 on left thigh and the sale of said chattel property and also the sale of the following collateral notes held by the plaintiff as security for the promissory note sued upon herein, to-wit:—

One note, dated Knowles, New Mexico, November 26th, 1913, for the sum of \$1193.00, payable one year after date with interest at 12 per cent per annum until paid, and signed by G. M. Ansell, upon which there is a credit of \$200.00, paid January 20th, 1915.

One note, dated Knowles, New Mexico, April 27th, 1914, payable to John F. Warren for \$750.00, payable one year after date with interest from date at the rate of 10 per cent per annum until paid, signed by C. G. Stiles.

One note dated Carlsbad, New Mexico, February 19th, 1915, in the sum of \$320.00, payable 12 months after date to the order of Blackwell & Mosley, bearing interest from date at the rate of 12 per cent per annum until maturity and after maturity the note shall bear interest at the rate of 12 per cent per annum until paid, signed by R. S. Latham and D. Y. Musick.

One note, dated Knowles, New Mexico, January 11th, 1915, in the sum of \$140.00, payable nine months after date to the order of Blackwell & Mosley with interest from date at the rate of 10 per cent per annum until paid, which note being signed by E. W. H. card, O. B. Graves and Nay Stice.

One note, dated Knowles, New Mexico, July 6th, 1914, in the sum of \$275.00, payable six months after date to the order of J. M. Blackwell and B. H. Mosley, and signed by Wyatt Leeper and Mrs. M. E. Leeper.

One note, dated Lovington, New Mexico, November 28th, 1914, in the sum of \$640.00, payable one year after date to the order of Benton H. Mosley and Jim Blackwell bearing interest from date until paid, signed by W. H. Homer.

The defendant, G. D. Mosley is hereby notified that unless he enters his appearance in said cause on or before the 27th day of November, 1915, judgment will be rendered against him by default.

S. D. Stennis, Jr., is attorney for plaintiff and his business and post office address is Carlsbad, Eddy county, New Mexico.

WITNESS my hand and the seal of the Clerk of said Court, this 11th day of October, 1915.
(SEAL) A. R. O'QUINN,
County Clerk.

NOTICE.

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Roswell, New Mexico, October 9, 1915.

Notice is hereby given that on the First day of October, A. D. 1915, The Santa Fe Pacific Railroad Co., made application at the United States Land Office, at Roswell, New Mexico, to select under the Act of April 21st, 1904, (33 Stat. 211) the following described land, to-wit:

The South half of the Southwest quarter of section one, and West half of the Northwest quarter of section

twelve, in township twenty-four south of range thirty-four east, of the New Mexico Principal Meridian.

The purpose of this notice is to allow all persons claiming the land adversely, or desiring to show it to be mineral in character, an opportunity to file objection to such location or selection with the local officers for the land district in which the land is situated, to-wit: at the land office aforesaid, and to establish their interests therein, or the mineral character thereof.

EMMETT PATTON,
Register.

Oct. 15—Nov. 12.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the board of county commissioners of Eddy County, New Mexico, will receive sealed bids up to 3:30 o'clock, p. m., October 9th, at the office of the Board of County Commissioners at Carlsbad, N. M., for the painting of the following steel bridges: the Malaga bridge, the two Carlsbad bridges. Said bridges to be scraped and thoroughly cleaned with a steel brush.

Said contractor to furnish all paint and materials entering into said painting, which paint shall be known as Carbonizing Coating made by the Goheen Manufacturing Company of Canton, Ohio, or Crystolite made by the Smet Salvay Company of Syracuse, New York.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

A. R. O'QUINN,
County Clerk.

8-Oct.-4

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Roswell, New Mexico, September 30, 1915.

Notice is hereby given that the State of New Mexico, under the provisions of the Acts of Congress approved June 21, 1898 and June 20, 1910 and acts supplementary and amendatory thereto, has filed in this office selection lists for the following described lands:

List No. 6019, Serial No. 033021, All Sec. 11 Tp. 26-S, Range 26-E, N. M. Mer., 640 acres.

List No. 6020, Serial No. 033022, All Sec. 12, Tp. 26-S, Range 36-E, N. M. Mer., 640 acres.

List No. 6021, Serial No. 033023, All Sec. 14, Tp. 26-S, Range 36-E, N. M. Mer., 640 acres.

List No. 6022, Serial No. 033024, All Sec. 15, Tp. 26-S, Range 36-E, N. M. Mer., 640 acres.

List No. 6023, Serial No. 033025, Lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, NE 1-4, E 1-2 NW 1-4, E 1-2 SW 1-4, Sec. 19, Tp. 26-S, Range 26-E, N. M. Mer., 482 acres.

List No. 6024, Serial No. 033026, SE 1-4 Sec. 19, N 1-2, SW 1-4, Sec. 20, Tp. 26-S, Range 36-E, N. M. Mer., 640 acres.

List No. 6025, Serial No. 033027, SE 1-4 Sec. 20, N 1-2, SW 1-4, Sec. 22, Tp. 26-S, Range 36-E, N. M. Mer., 640 acres.

List No. 6026, Serial No. 033028, SE 1-4 Sec. 22, N 1-2, SW 1-4, Sec. 23, Tp. 26-S, Range 36-E, N. M. Mer., 640 acres.

List No. 6027, Serial No. 033029, SE 1-4 Sec. 23, N 1-2, SW 1-4, Sec. 26, Tp. 26-S, R 36-E, N. M. Mer., 640 acres.

List No. 6028, Serial No. 033030, SE 1-4 Sec. 26, E 1-2 Sec. 27, NE 1-4 Sec. 28, Tp. 26-S, Range 36-E, N. M. Mer., 640 acres.

List No. 6029, Serial No. 033031, W 1-2, SE 1-4, Sec. 28, Lots 1 & 2, N 1-2 NE 1-4, Sec. 33, Tp. 26-S, Range 36-E, N. M. Mer., 627.47 acres.

List No. 6030, Serial No. 033032, N 1-2 NW 1-4, Lots 3 & 4, Sec. 33, N 1-2 NE 1-4, Lots 1 & 2, Sec. 34, N 1-2 NW 1-4, Lots 3 & 4, Sec. 34, Tp. 26-S, Range 36-E, N. M. Mer., 324.47 acres.

List No. 6031, Serial No. 033033, N 1-2 NE 1-4, Lots 1 & 2, N 1-2 NW 1-4, Lots 3 & 4, Sec. 35, Tp. 26-S, Range 36-E, N. M. Mer., 294.12 acres.

Protests or contests against any or all of such selections may be filed in this office during the period of publication hereof, or at any time before final certificate.

EMMETT PATTON,
Register.

15-Oct-5

NOTICE.

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Roswell, New Mexico, Oct. 9, 1915.

Notice is hereby given that on the First day of October, A. D. 1915, The Santa Fe Pacific Railroad Co., made application at the United States Land Office, at Roswell, New Mexico, to select under the Act of April 21st, 1904, (33 Stat. 211) the following described land, to-wit:

The South half of the Southwest quarter of section one, and West half of the Northwest quarter of section twelve, in township twenty-four south of range thirty-four east, of the New Mexico Principal Meridian.

The purpose of this notice is to allow all persons claiming the land adversely, or desiring to show it to be mineral in character, an opportunity to file objection to such location or selection with the local officers for the land district in which the land is situated, to-wit: at the land office aforesaid, and to establish their interests therein, or the mineral character thereof.

EMMETT PATTON,
Register.

Oct. 15—Nov 12th.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed bids will be received up to five o'clock, p. m., Monday, November 8, 1915, at the office of P. S. Eaves, Lovington, New Mexico, for the construction of a four room frame high school building at the town of Lovington, Eddy county, New Mexico. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check amounting to two percent (2 per cent) of the bid. Plans and specifications will be on file at the office of P. S. Eaves, Lovington, New Mexico, and at the office of W. H. Walker & Co., Carlsbad, New Mexico, on and after October 8, 1915. Contractor must be prepared to furnish a good and sufficient bond as security that the building contract will be completely performed.

P. S. EAVES,
Chairman School Board, Lovington.

8-Oct-4 Eddy County, New Mexico.

COUNTY NEWS ITEMS

**ABSOLUTELY RELIABLE NEWS
GATHERED BY THE LIVE
WIRES OF THE CUR-
RENT.**

KNOWLES DARTS.

W. H. Honea formerly a cow man of this vicinity now of Odonnel, Texas, was among us last week, attending to business.

Nat Huston was in from the ranch the other day, laying in some ranch supplies and seeing what Uncle Sam is going to do with Carranza and his gang.

Captain J. L. Coleman came to town last week in his auto buggy after a few table supplies and informing himself on the topics of the day.

Miss Josie Turner returned from Trifles, Texas, just taking a vacation holiday down her claim west of town for a few days.

Judge G. U. Garrett went to Carlsbad last week for medical treatment, for the injury he sustained recently, which threatened blood poisoning and returned last Friday improving nicely. Henry Smith was in town a few days ago and says he has about gotten his crop safe from threatened frost.

Manning Lewis, one of the old time boys, was a visitor in Knowles the other day, calling on friends.

Vernon Black casually dropped in to see his friends in town and see what's doing.

Charley and George Weir returned to their homes on the Plains from Walla Walla and Cheyenne, and several other points and are well pleased with the scalps taken and the trophies captured on their long run among the best of them.

We understand that Dr. Black is holding down Dr. Lackey's business in Carlsbad during the latter's absence. Dr. Lackey has been sick for some weeks and was compelled to change climate for a few weeks.

Ace Christmas who ranches in the sand south of us, was in Carlsbad last week, attending to legal matters.

That hustler, Will Gilmore, whose ranch is located a few miles south of us, made a trip to the mountains to see if he could find a better ranch suited for his business than the one he now has, but he states, after looking over the situation, he feels that he is very well satisfied where he now is.

Ophelia Cox, a former resident of Knowles now located at Lamesa, Texas, was a visitor in town last week, and reports business prospects good, for the winter in said town.

Col. Wm. Weir who was in Carlsbad several days last week returned to his home near Monument last Friday.

Mrs. J. L. Emerson and Mortar John L. returned from Carlsbad last Saturday. They having gone there for the relief of dental troubles with which the latter was suffering.

The dance in town last Wednesday was numerous partaken of and all claim they had a glorious time, and are planning for another of the same nature within the near future, which they say will be fully as good if not better.

Mr. Allford, of Lorraine, Texas, is a visitor in Knowles this week, looking around for trades worth the money in stock.

Miss Traylor, the popular young school mistress of Thorndale, was in town last Monday, doing some shopping.

Harris Garrett came in from the ranch west of Lovington, looking around for something interesting among his friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Hardin came to town from the ranch north of town last Monday to visit awhile among their friends.

Miss Eliza Graham was in from the ranch this week, visiting friends and doing a little shopping.

The dance scheduled here for last Tuesday turned into all kinds of pleasant amusements, which was very much enjoyed by the Hull bunch.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Roberson, came in from the ranch last Sunday, enjoying the beauties of a drive during this fine autumn weather.

The man of pretended high morals, can be, and generally is, a standing block to his community, more so than a dozen of the common every-day hard working man, who lives a life open to the world, and hasn't a sheep's pelt cast about his shoulders. Kalamity says this is the truth and it must be, for he says he knows what he is talking about.

Reverend Toby preached the gospel to a very appreciative congregation last Saturday night, and again Sunday morning, the good work was continued in the afternoon by administering the sacred rights of baptism on Miss Cordelia Higgins, at the Pearl Griffin lake. The day's work was concluded with another fine sermon at the Baptist church in the evening at the usual hour.

Germany says:
I give you the prettiest cannon,
And cases with explosives galore,
I give you millions of bullets
My England what wish you for more.

With the assistance "My England" is receiving on this side of the pond, it seems to be keeping the Dutch rather busy. Perhaps our Modus Operandi is just (?) at least so to England.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Graham returned from Albuquerque last Tues-

day, where they have been attending the fair, and they report a hog-killing time in that city they were especially well pleased with the exhibits without end, and entertainments that were exceptionally pleasing, in fact the best ever pulled off in the state.

The farmers of this community are all rushing the game of finishing their job of de-horning maize, before the frost catches them napping. They say frost will be certain to be here soon for the coyotes are busy taking to the water melons to save them which always is a sure sign of frost.

Some folks are so very moral it hurts em; while others not quite so high up in morality are willing to concede other folks mind some activity on their own hook, and to believe that have some rights of their own, especially so, when they know they are right.

The big sand road, oh my! what a pity it is, after the big rains, how much work there is again needed to make it passable.

Glen and Room Hardin, Perry Andrews and Noy Stiles were busily engaged last week de-horning their herds at their various ranches.

You would never suspect what a man is talking about when you hear him grumbling about pigs, unless you owned an automobile, and you had to wait for the parts, to come from the factory to the plains.

Some folks in this country live so close to the line they are some times puzzled themselves as to what state they really live in.

The Nadine section was a favored spot last week, by having a fine, large rain—balance on the plains slick too, which no one apparently held any grudge.

Walter Brown sold his 320 to Greene Brothers last week. Walter hung and rattled with this half section for several years past, and came through with flying colors. He got about one thousand iron men, which he says comes in real handy, for he intends to loan it to the Allies, provided the Germans don't want it.

Uncle Charlie Eller, who was taken sick on a wagon coming from Carlsbad, was brought through Knowles on a car last Saturday, to his home west of town. The host of Uncle Charlie's friends hope to hear of his speedy recovery.

The Hobbs school district is finishing up one of the swiftest school buildings on the plains which will be ready for occupancy next week for school work. They believe in doing the work right, and the community may well be proud of this neat piece of work.

T. Bar of Midland, Texas, was in this section last week looking after his stock interests and to see that his boys are carrying out his instructions—if not, his visit means something.

Some folks who always have a crow to pick, about other people's affairs, and viewing their morals with suspicion, must be afflicted with the heat causing a badly deranged system, which evidently causes them to gauge the other folk's action by their own abominable standard—a rattle snake is harmless is let alone, and will do its level best to make his get-away, but punch him, and he will eventually surely turn on you, and strike hard (no getting around that fact) just where it will do the most good, and is perfectly justified in so doing—the venom is there, and when you get it to a boiling heat, business will surely pick up, and the effect is sure to be felt.

The Monument folks did themselves proud last week by getting together and having the worst place on the Carlsbad road shaped up with a grade which will enable vehicles to cross at any time, which in the past was almost an impossibility. This piece of work is viewed with pleasure by all traveling that road. We also note the City Dads of that town are having some of the rock moved which have long been a source of annoyance—bully for you, keep up the good work—this well!

Colonel Frank Hardin who so mysteriously went to Midland, Texas, last week, returned the other day with a splinter-fire new Oakland six. Now, how does that strike you? The Colonel says he fell out with the Ford the minute one broke his arm in fact he says he always knew he should have bought an automobile in the first place, but wanted to try out a jitney. He says he now has comfort, efficiency, power, speed, economy, certainty, resiliency, safety, satisfaction, and several other things all in a bunch and is plum well satisfied with life as it is.

Lee Stout, the fully insurance man from Fort Worth, Texas, was in Knowles last Tuesday, feeling the public's pulse in the insurance line. Mr. Stout was highly pleased with the appearance of this country, and favorably impressed with the people of this section. He also took in the dance at night, where he stated he had the time of his life. He will remain in this vicinity several days.

E. C. Nelson, a prominent real estate man from Grand River, Kansas, was a prospecting visitor in Knowles this week. Mr. Nelson will be in Midland for the month, and is at this time scouring this country looking up data necessary in his line of business, with a view of doing extensive business in real estate. He states this country looks good to him and will no doubt soon open up, satisfactory to his line of business. This information is duly appreciated in this community and his visit warmly appreciated also.

Hon. T. C. Heard came up from Midland, Texas, last Monday evening (18th) to be present at his thirty-eighth birthday celebration, gotten up by his friends, especially for him. Top, as he is familiarly called, by his friends, said he was very busy at the time of the notice, but he was going to be here or die in the attempt, and take in this important event. On his arrival he was warmly welcomed and many jokes cracked at his expense to the amusement of all present and thoroughly enjoyed by Top. The dance on this memorable occasion was played as it should be played, many kinds of games for amusement indulged in and the feast prepared at the hotel for his special benefit rapidly went the route laid out for occasions of this kind. All present agreed they could not afford to miss the next stunt of this nature, even if they had to come from the ends of the earth. Top's senator brother, A. J., was also present and enjoyed the carnival of joy, almost as much as Top—the only shadow cast for him was his birthday was on the next day (19th) he being 40 on this occasion, but since the two days joined, he concluded it to be a double celebration and added A. J. to T. C. and came in for his part of the jokes. The affair ended at midnight, and every one went home happy and glad to have been present with a good bunch.

Mr. T. Shipp and son, Elbert, went to Lovington in their Buick last Saturday, on a matter of business and returned the same evening. We are informed Col. Wm. H. Mullane "have taken out", and are taking a pleasure trip, through west and south Texas, with San Antonio as the principal point of interest, making the long journey in their little Buick. We trust the Gods will be with them, and occasionally take a peep into the transmission and the Bosch and a few other places so they won't hub prevailing car troubles. His Nibs says he believes the Current will survive the shock of his absence for a few weeks, for he states he is leaving a couple of mighty good boys in charge, who will always be ready to take notes subscriptions, ads or make collections at the slightest provocation, and never make a holler or shed a tear.

Baxter V. Culp, the rustling ranch man from the Monument district, was in Knowles last Monday, attending to some pressing land business. After having it arranged to his satisfaction he returned home delighted with his trip.

CARRANZA EXPRESSES A FEW OF HIS THOUGHTS.

Gomez Palacio, Coahuila, Mexico, Oct. 2.—Via Eagle Pass, Tex., Oct. 20.—First Chief Carranza, touring northern Mexican states, was informed here today, of his formal recognition as an executive of the defunct government in Mexico in a telegram from Eliseo Arredondo, his confidential Washington agent. As to what title he would be recognized under, the first chief said he did not know.

"I presume," General Carranza said, "that the title of 'in charge of the executive power of the republic' that I have been using, will be the one used. However, I do not wish to be approved as president of the republic, because so many men have been named president when they were not warranted in assuming that title."

"I do not wish to lose the character I have had. I suppose the recognition will be of the de facto government, but I do not know. I have received no information of the status. General Carranza was talking in his private car with newspaper correspondents when he was asked if he would become a candidate for the presidency.

"I do not know; I might accept it, or I might not," he said.

Mr. Carranza does not expect that presidential elections will be held immediately, however, he expressed his opinion that the reconstruction period would continue for a year more or less.

"There is still fighting going on," he continued. "I shall not call an election until peace is entirely restored." The first step will be municipal elections, in order that general elections may be supervised properly. Congressional elections will follow. This congress will be largely for the purpose of passing upon the decrees and proclamations promulgated by the constitutional government. It will give way in time to a congress elected later.

"Finally we will come to the presidential elections. Responsibility for life and property will be assumed throughout the republic, just as it would be in any other country, and it matters not that a part of the territory is occupied by Villa and Zapata. The same protection will be extended to foreign lives and property as at other times."

"I shall give all classes of guarantees, throughout a large area, and in return I shall expect that foreigners will do their part by minding their own affairs and not mix in politics." Carranza displayed a telegram in which one of his agents told him that newspapers in the United States were quoting leaders of the Catholic party in Mexico in saying that a recognition of the Carranza government was an insult to the Catholic church.

"This message adds," said Carranza, "that they hold us responsible for assassinations in the churches." The first chief smiled as he laid down the sheet, saying: "I will leave it to you how many I have killed. All the Catholics that have been punished have been punished because they have taken part in politics."

Regarding his choice for an American ambassador, he said he would welcome any one the United States sent, but added that a man should be sent who was familiar with Mexico and her internal affairs.

Carranza said he had not yet considered whom he would send as Mexico's representative to the United States. It is believed here that Arredondo will be retained in an official capacity at Washington.

The official notice from the state department was delivered to Carranza in Torreon by J. W. Belt, of the state department at a room in a hotel, just as Carranza was preparing for a ride.

THE DISEASE OF BLACKLEG IN CATTLE.

It Is Contracted Through Infection From Soil or Pastures Where Spores of Disease Exist.

Blackleg, also known as black quarter or quarter ill, is a disease of young cattle characterized by bloody swelling under the skin of the fleshy parts of the body. It is not a contagious disease; that is, animals do not contract it by contact with affected animals. It is an infectious disease; that is, animals get it from soil or pastures in which the spores or seeds of the disease exist. The disease is confined almost entirely to young cattle, and other species of animals are very rarely affected. It is seen most frequently in animals ranging in age from 6 months to 2 1/2 years, and well-bred, and well-conditioned animals seem more susceptible than scrub stock.

Blackleg is caused by a bacillus, called popularly the "blackleg bacillus." This organism produces spores which carry the disease much as the spores of seedling elements of ferns spread ferns. The blackleg spores, when once established in the soil, are main ready to cause trouble. Every year, sometimes several years, until they gain entrance to the animal body, whereupon they grow and reproduce the disease. When this fact is understood, the persistence of the disease is a highly is readily comprehended. Blackleg is a nature disease, the infective agent being found in the soil, and the germs can take in with the food and water or through slight wounds in the skin, as in briar briars or barbed wire scratches.

The disease manifests itself by swelling under the skin of the fleshy parts of the body, usually the quarters, hence the name "quarter" ill. The animal becomes lame and lags behind the herd. In experimentally inoculated animals, they frequently continue to eat as long as they can stand. The swellings, at first hard, hot, and painful, later become cold and insensitive, while the skin becomes discolored and leathery. Gas accumulates underneath the skin so that when pressed with the fingers a crackling sound is heard similar to that produced by placing a piece of paper under the coat and rubbing with the hand. The animal finally goes down, and lies struggling upon the ground, catching its breath in gasps, and expelling it with grunting, grunting sounds. The head is frequently thrown to the side.

After death the animal is found lying in distorted positions, and is usually bloated as tightly as the skin will hold, which causes the legs to stick straight out horizontally in a characteristic attitude. Bloody fluid oozes from the natural openings, is forced in drops from the skin, and collects in large blisters under the outer layers.

On cutting into the swollen parts a sweetish, foul-smelling gas rushes out, and a bloody, frothy fluid runs from the opening, sometimes accompanied by the black, mushy, disintegrated muscle which is forcibly blown out by the pressure of gas. The loose tissue underneath the skin is filled with bloody fluid and bubbles of gas, which appear as a quaking gelatinous mass. The disease is between the muscles contain the same fluid and have a greenish, metallic color, while the muscles are soft and black.

This condition is not general throughout the body but is confined to certain affected portions. The organs seldom show extensive changes. Treatment is ineffective after the disease is once fully developed, and death almost invariably results. Some have advocated cutting into the swellings, roweling, and dragging the animals about. Such measures can not be too strongly condemned. The fluids, which are liberated contain the germs of the disease, and as a result more infection is distributed over the soil.

Prevention consists in vaccination of the susceptible animals in proper disposal of dead carcasses. Vaccine is manufactured by various firms. It is also manufactured and distributed free of charge by the Bureau of Animal Industry of the United States Department of Agriculture. Vaccine and directions for its use are sent direct to stockmen and to the proper State officials upon application by letter to the chief of the bureau.

Blackleg tends to occur in seasons, usually spring and fall, and vaccination should be performed at least one month before the usual time for the outbreak. The best results have followed semianual vaccination, beginning at six months and continuing until the animal is 2 1/2 years of age.

Too strong emphasis can not be placed upon the proper disposal of the carcasses. They should not be left for predatory animals and buzzards to tear apart and distribute over the country, but should be buried deeply, without opening, where they die, using quicklime or strong antiseptics to disinfect the carcass and the place where the body has lain.

During the fiscal year of 1915, 3,454,628 doses of blackleg vaccine were distributed to stock raisers and farmers in this country. This amount is approximately 45 per cent more than that distributed during the fiscal year 1914. While the percentage of increase of this year's output over that of 1914 is nearly half as great it does not necessarily follow that greatly on the increase. The difference is due in a large measure to the fact that stockmen in blackleg districts who heretofore did not vaccinate their animals begin now to recognize the practicability of vaccination.

**Time to have us
make the Kiddies'
pictures---NOW
Ray's Electric Studio
ONE BLOCK NORTH OF
POST OFFICE**

Gems In Verse

NEW ENGLAND.

DREAM of a languorous, tideless shore,
Of azure light in magic caves,
Of healthy hills with summits near
That wade knee deep in northern waves.
Of rainbow sails like butterflies
That flutter to an old world quay;
Or where a buried city lies
Beneath the sands of Brittany.

Nay! But my own New England coast,
Pungent with wild rose, pine and hawthorn,
Brown marsh, white sand, gray rocks that boast
The periwinkle surf, the wildest spray!
Nay! For me
Where the white, white sails go flashing to the sea,
And the sea wind in the east wind, as the sea wind ought to be!

I dream of a castle covered helmet,
Of garlands with eternal flowers,
And hallow foundations glowing white,
Of brown stones and Oude towers;
Of tower steep and hoarded batts,
Which in ancient make to and fro,
Of polished, of gray stone,
Of English green and alpen glow.

Nay! But New England apple trees,
The hallow houses, quiet and plain,
The simple gardens, laid of trees,
The simple groves, the fire of Maine!
Nay! For me
Where the spring comes sturdy, like a play to see,
And the sea wind in the east wind, as the sea wind ought to be!

—Abner Parkwell Brown.

THE NATIONAL HONOR.

[The happiness of America is intimately connected with the happiness of all mankind. She will become the wife and respected asylum of virtue, integrity, education, equity and tranquil happiness.—Lafayette's letter to his wife, May 2, 1777.]

MY country! glorious, happy and secure,
Write hunker him, the nation of thy shield,
And that dear guardian, Washington the pure,
He thy true crest upon an azure field.
Think of the past, its wrongs, its tale of woe,
Think of the huts of logs where patriots dwelt,
Think how ere Freedom struck the final blow.
Her God she did invoke and at his footstool knelt.

THEN with thy memory stored with noble deeds,
Stretch thy broad arms to clasp each citizen, blest,
And vow that no from honor who resides
Shall be to feel contempt and scorn allied.
He thou the flag which knows no west or east,
Be thou the sword which flashed at nation's birth;
And through stern thy magnanimity shall triumph.
When still he are dust and time has withered,
—Edw. C. Jones in "History of the Flag."

LOVE WE LIVE.

THE love we live is not a vain, idle dream,
Nor a mere fancy, nor a dream,
A burning, beating, and a beauty,
A love and secret spell.
To breathe it and exhale it,
To breathe it and exhale it,
Who walks the hilly of the air
And treads on hills of sun.

THE love we live is shallow,
The love we live is true,
With all its ancient passion,
The love we live is new.
Fresh as a spring just happened,
Glad as a rose just born,
It is the singing summons
Of nature and of morn.

AND what is romance, dear,
And what is all this glow,
But love that true hearts bring
To be known and ever known
No words lips outpouring,
Not merely vow and word,
The love that couples in action,
That voice and feels connect.

THE love we live is so lasting,
So brave and true and fine,
Unbroken through all danger,
In shadow as in shine,
And back from its own keeping
Of love and us and trust,
It breathes to times forever,
The faith that makes us just.

—The Bostonian Band.

JOHN H. JOYCE, President. A. C. HEARD, Vice Pres.
G. M. COOKE, Cashier. W. A. CRAIG, Asst. Cashier.

The First National Bank
CARLSBAD, N. M.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.

DIRECTORS
JOHN H. JOYCE, A. J. CHAFFORD, G. M. COOKE, CLARENCE BELT, J. E. CRAWFORD, A. C. HEARD, J. F. JOYCE, W. A. CRAIG.

The Club Livery and Feed Stable

FARMERS ATTENTION!
Cane, Milo Maize, Feterita, Indian
Corn, Alfalfa Seed, Vegetable Plants,
Re-Cleaned, graded acclimated Seed,
Standard Varieties

Lowest Prices
Send for Catalog

United Seed & Fruit Co.
ROSWELL, N. M.

J. M. DILLARD
ATTORNEY AND
COUNSELOR-AT-LAW
Notary Public Carlsbad, N. M.

REFERENCE FURNISHED ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY GIVEN
All kinds of repair work done promptly. Personal supervision of all work entrusted to my care.

U. S. Hamilton
CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER
CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO. Phone 128.

The Carlsbad Current

Wm. H. Mullane, Editor and Manager

OFFICIAL PAPER EDDY COUNTY.

Carlsbad, N. M., Friday, Oct. 22, 1915.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One year in advance \$1.50
Six months in advance 1.00
Three months in advance .50
Sample copies, 5 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Per inch of column, run of paper 15c. per insertion.
Time contracts and regular ads. 12-15c. per insertion.
Local notices plain face type per line, 5c. per insertion.
Local notices black face type per line, 10c. per insertion.
No local notice received by mail inserted or communication ordering advertisement answered unless accompanied by cash, for thirty words or less 25 cents and five cents for every six words additional. All local notices must be paid for when ordered or they will not be inserted.

The outcome of the agricultural exhibits at the Albuquerque fair proves conclusively that it stands this lower valley in hand to take more interest in getting up exhibits for these occasions. The Current is informed by people who were right there on the ground that Eddy county would easily have gotten off with first money for having the best county exhibit if they had only arranged more of a variety of the things that they produce down here in abundance. What we did send swept off the prizes, but Roosevelt county attended to all the little details and had everything that is produced anywhere. We swept the prizes on alfalfa, cotton, apples, and tomatoes simply because we had them there, and if we had had the many other things that we produce in abundance we would have gotten first instead of second money. Those who had our exhibit in charge only had three or four days in which to gather up the material out of which to make the exhibit, while the Roosevelt delegation worked for several weeks, and had the cooperation of the people in general, hence the result. This all speaks well for the efforts of the committee which gathered the exhibit for this county, and proves beyond all doubt that Eddy could have a county fair which would far exceed the Live Stock and Products exposition pulled off each year at Roswell, for the best of their exhibits were taken to the state fair and they were not even in the running.

Any noticeable difference in the general appearance of the Current this week may be attributed to the absence of the editor and his family, who are away over in the free state of Texas enjoying a vacation. They left Friday of last week in the Mullane Buick and expect to be gone two or three weeks, during which time they will visit with relatives in different parts of the lone star state, leaving the Current in charge of the foreman and a cow puncher. If there is not the usual amount of local news in the paper during their absence, attribute it to the fact that Mrs. Mullane is away, and if the editorials fail to sound natural, that fact may be accounted for by the "old pen" himself being out of the city. In either event we hope the Current readers will exercise as much patience as possible and try to believe most of this dope that we are manufacturing.

There are times when you walk into a store and a clerk rushes up to the front to be the first to wait upon you and acts as if he is really there to sell goods, and you will never notice that the work bothers him. He is willing to take down half of the goods on the shelf in his efforts to please you. He makes sales and will make something of himself if he continues. And there is another class of clerks. They let you hunt them up when the boss is not around, show you as few goods as possible, and if they fail to sell you anything they don't give a darn. They get their salaries just the same as the other clerks—(the boss who makes the losing. They will always be just clerks—just clerks!

The first battle women have waged in the eastern states for the ballot closed this week and was beaten by a large majority in New Jersey which is the first of four to decide whether "votes for women" will be a part of their constitution. Voters in the other three states—New York, Massachusetts, and Pennsylvania—will not vote on the issue until November. Despite the fact that President Wilson, Wm. J. Bryan and other prominent statesmen gave their support to the women it was impossible to carry the amendment.

From conclusive proof submitted to the state department by the German ambassador it is seen that the British are not always so merciful to their enemies as the dope sent out from London would have America believe. Affidavits of Americans state that British marines killed the commander and ten men of a German submarine who were seeking rescue after their vessel had been sunk.

The plan for our continental army calls for a vacation of two months in each of three successive years. There's many a poor, hard working devil that does not get a two weeks vacation in that many years. This extended vacation will be one of the hardest difficulties to overcome in the entire plan.

As the time is drawing near for the direct descendant of Pocahontas to take up her abode in the White House it seems that the President is getting ready to place this nation on the war-path if the occasion should arise.

The allies are now said to already wait a second helping—but wait until Germany is knocking at our door!

JUDGE ROBERTS HOME

Judge S. I. Roberts came in last Saturday afternoon from the east where he had been spending a well earned vacation. While the Judge was gone he visited all the principal cities and states in the east, including New York, New Jersey and Connecticut. The main purpose of his trip was to see his aged mother whom he found in feeble health and fast failing, impressing him with the fact that this would probably be the last time he would see her alive. He had seen none of his people in the east in twenty-seven years and things had changed materially in several respects. The young boys that he knew years ago had transformed themselves into mature and aged men, and while the Judge tried awfully hard to think that he was still a young stalwart, an inspection that the "boys" back there made of his slick, bald head showed him up to be right along in the same class with the rest of the "boys" as far as that was concerned. He spent a major portion of his time at his old home town, Elizabethtown, N. Y., saw numerous familiar faces whom he recognized, and most of the old landmarks were still there.

He visited several towns in Connecticut with our Senator Muzzy as his body guard, and we know from the experiences that we have had in the Senator's district that he showed the Judge everything that was worth seeing. He visited the state capital at Hartford, meeting several of the state officials, and saw all the many places of interest that are only to be seen in Connecticut. Visited the iron foundries and factories and found out how much trouble and expense it is to manufacture the hardware that his firm handles here at home. He also visited with an uncle in the Adirondack mountains and enjoyed outings on Saranac Lake, filled up on lake trout and huckleberries and said he actually got to feeling natural again.

He was in several wrecks, coming out in each instance without a scratch. In New York, on Broadway, he was in a street car wreck in which every occupant of two coaches, except himself, was injured in some way. He was also over on Seventh street the day before the awful cave-in occurred, and was right on the spot that caved in the next day and killed and injured a number of people and did millions of dollars worth of damage to property in that vicinity.

The Judge said the most trying experience that he underwent was when he would be at the public gatherings where the stars and stripes were displayed or where Dixie was being played by a good band and he felt that he wouldn't be in good taste to give vent to his feelings. In one or two instances, though, the Judge broke over, and when he did he said there were plenty of people to get tapped off."

He says those Connecticut "yanks" are as busy as crabs shooting making guns and ammunition, and that they all have plenty of money but they don't know just what is best to do with it, under the circumstances that now exist.

Taking his trip as a whole, the Judge says he enjoyed it every moment of the time. This was the only real vacation that he had ever taken, other trips of importance that he had taken being of a business nature, and he tried to make the best of this trip, and from his looks we believe that he did so. He comes home much refreshed and in a rested condition so that he may assume his duties in the store with renewed interest.

His many friends in Carlsbad are glad to have him at home again.

THE GOOD OLD WORLD.
Some people knock the poor old world. And say it's getting worse. Some long for golden gates impierled. As per the Scripture verse: But this world is what you make it. And despite old Adam's fall, Somehow it seems a good old world To live in, after all.

There may be lots of shadders here. And sorrow all around. But if you're looking for good cheer, There's plenty to be found; There's the music of the waters, And the bobolink's glad call, And somehow, it's a good old world To live in, after all.

Of all God's creatures man alone Is sad and discontent, And seems to think he ought to own The whole big firmament. The birds and bees and butterflies, And beasts and things that crawl Believe that it's a good old world To live in, after all.

COSTLY AUTOMOBILES.
SELL AS LOW AS \$45.
El Paso, Tex., Oct. 20.—Automobiles originally worth several thousand dollars were sold for as low as \$45, by the Villa government of Juarez today. The machines were part of a confiscated lot arriving from the south last night. One dealer is reported to have purchased fifteen machines. Among the lot were a number of foreign make, which sold exceptionally low, because of the United States customs duties amounting to several hundred dollars, which must be paid before the machines could enter Texas.

A carload of high grade silver and lead ore, valued at several thousand dollars recently seized by customs officials when discovered in a shipment of cotton, consigned to a Villa agent in the United States, was released today upon identification by the Topia Mining company of Durango state, and turned over to the original owners.

C. S. Scofield and F. D. Farrell, connected with the United States Department of Agriculture and Irrigation, were in the Valley this week looking over the project. They were shown over the Roswell farming district by Assistant Manager Chas. A. May, of the Carlsbad Project, and were taken charge of in Carlsbad by Project Manager L. E. Foster, and County Agriculturist J. W. Knorr, who escorted them through the farms in the Carlsbad irrigated district.

Christian & Co. INSURANCE.

CHAMP CLARK AT ROSWELL.

Champ Clark, Speaker of the House of Representatives, grand old man, not only of Missouri, but of the entire nation, has come and gone. His appearance last night at the armory marked an eventful and important epoch in the history of the Pecos valley and he has departed not soon to be forgotten.

Last night he addressed one of the largest and most enthusiastic gatherings that ever greeted a speaker in this city. Around the Speaker, on the platform, were seated: John W. Rhea, W. M. Atkinson, Charles Gilbert, R. D. Bell, Governor W. C. McDonald, W. C. Cowan, J. C. Armstrong, Emmett Patton, C. C. Hill, W. Ogle, D. P. Greiner, S. L. Ogle, Ed. S. Gibbany and J. F. Hinkle.

In an appropriate and unique way, Judge J. W. Armstrong of Carlsbad introduced the first speaker of the evening, who was characterized as one of the greatest governors of one of the greatest states, Governor William C. McDonald.

In his usual forceful and picturesque manner, Governor McDonald introduced the speaker of the evening, Hon. Champ Clark of Missouri. The Speaker was given a great ovation and immediately took his audience in his hand and held it in the hollow thereof for over an hour. No man that ever appeared before a local audience ever made a more striking appearance than did Champ Clark last night. Tall and straight of figure, a magnificently shaped head, and an attitude that demands respect, everyone who heard the Speaker last night is now convinced that Missouri and the entire nation has every reason to be proud of Champ Clark's oratorical achievements. He entered into his subject like the veteran thinker and orator that he is, and held his audience spell-bound until the end.

He spoke along the lines of present day advancement and civilization showing the need for optimism and tearing the arguments of the pessimists that we were going backward into atoms. He told of the growth of the American nation during the last fifty years, not only in commerce, in wealth, in population, but in morals. He pointed out that dueling, murder, fraud, and all other remnants of the dark ages had nearly departed from our midst, and that we were today the greatest republic and destined to be the greatest nation in the world.

He told of our great influence in the world's history, saying that the twenty-six republics that had entered had endured were able to do so because of our example and our help. He prophesied that if the European war did not cease, in ten years we would be the leading nation of the world.

As an original, the Speaker has no equal. His hit with the audience last night was no mere accident, but a result of the great and good man from Missouri and from America.

Ton much credit can not be given to R. D. Bowers, the chairman of the Democratic Central Committee, and the other members of the committee for the efforts they put forth making possible the appearance of this great orator in this city.—Roswell Record.

LAND OFFICE DECISION.

A decision of the utmost importance to homesteaders has been handed down by the general land office and may do much to reduce the many unwarranted land contests brought so frequently against entrymen.

The decision states the position of the commissioners of the general land office in regard to contests not properly prosecuted, that are seemingly brought to make trouble for the settlers. The decision is that if a contest is not pushed within the time allotted by law, and the thirty days expire, the contestant cannot be reinstated in his rights and begin it all over again with the same land and the same parties involved. It has become one of the favorite outdoor sports of instituting a contest against land, compelling the entryman to secure attorneys and go to other expenses, only to find that the contestant does nothing to perfect his right during the time allowed by law. The time limit expires and then he starts all over again and the contest must a second time prepare to defend his rights.

Thus it goes on in many cases, until the entryman becomes exhausted in purse and patience and allows his land to go by default. The opinion is in the case of Neiger vs. Keyes and involves a desert entry which was twice contested by Neiger, who the second time made the same charge he did the first.

APPEAL OF BEAUTY

—THE—
PATRICIAN
—DESIGN—
In Community Silver
WITH THE 50 YEAR
GUARANTEE.

Also Jewelry, Cut Glass, Ivory
Toilet Articles for sale by—

H. H. DILLEY
JEWELER

A HORSE FAMINE PREDICTED.

A horse famine in the United States is predicted by western breeders if the European war continues another year. In western Nebraska and South Dakota, Wyoming, Montana and Colorado, are hundreds of ranches where horses have been raised for years. These range animals form the lower stratum of the horse world although they are hardy and fairly average in height and weight they lack the breeding of the general purpose farm animals and the draft horses. A year ago they brought less on the average than \$100.

It was this source of supply that the horse buyers for the European belligerents, the allies mostly, first reached. The demand steadily sent the price up to \$125 for horses suitable to haul guns, or "gunners" in the vernacular. Today they are bringing \$167 and \$200 each and there aren't enough to supply the demand.

At first a rigid inspection was enforced, and any animal that did not weigh 1,300 pounds and which was not absolutely perfect was rejected. Today any animal that gives reason to hope that it will stand the gaff is accepted and more money paid. The Italians are partly responsible for this. When their buyers entered the field they were content with smaller and lighter animals than the English and French, and as they were willing to pay just as good prices they were able to get all they wanted.

With no capital invested many buyers have been raking in profits running from \$500 to \$4,000 a week. Five dollars commission for each horse accepted and the inspection bars almost to the ground have made this possible.

Scattered all through the Middle West are horse buyers who have an accurate knowledge of just where purchasable animals are to be found. It is their business to keep posted, and it is this knowledge they are now cashing in at amazing profit.

"Another year of this great drain," says Mark W. Woods, head of the largest breeding and horse jobbing establishments in the west, "and the future of the business in this country will be seriously menaced. As long as the demand was limited to the range animals it was decidedly beneficial to the industry, for the reason that this meant a clean up of the inferior grades, which would certainly be supplanted by purchases of better animals from the breeders."

"In the last two months the price of these colts has just about doubled, and if the war keeps draining the animals from this source it is bound to demoralize the industry by taking the breeding stock. This means that it will take us years to get back to the old standards. Besides it will make it a difficult task to supply mounts for our own army if we should happen to be drawn into the war. The situation is not very serious now, but it contains possibilities of a menace."—Denver News.

RESOLUTIONS.

WHEREAS: With today, ends a continuous four years service, of Bro. Edwin Stephenson, as Superintendent of our Sunday school; and
WHEREAS, during all these last four years, Bro. Stephenson has ever been faithful, prompt, punctual and religious and zealous in his work as our superintendent, working for the up-building of our Sunday school and the advancement of christianity in our church and community; and,
WHEREAS, during all these years, last past, under his wise and faithful leadership, and sometimes under many difficulties, our Sunday school has grown in numbers, interest and efficiency, far more than at any time in its history, until now our Sunday school is one of the largest and best in Carlsbad and in the state; and

WHEREAS, we believe it right, meet and proper for us to give some expression of appreciation, love and faith in him and his work, do faithfully done. And not wait until he is gone from among us, or passed to his good and final reward, to speak well of him and his good works among us;
NOW, THEREFORE, be it
RESOLVED, by the officers, teachers and scholars, of the Methodist Episcopal, South, Sunday school at Carlsbad, Eddy county, New Mexico, That we will ever cherish for him, a lively recollection, of his faithful stewardship among us. That as he now retires, as our Superintendent, our love, good-will and prayers, will be with and follow him wherever he goes.

That our good Heavenly Father may protect and direct him while he yet remains among us, and at last take him home, to be useful and happy evermore.
Be it further Resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be spread on the minutes of this Sunday school, and that a copy be furnished Brother Stephenson.

Dated: Carlsbad, New Mexico, October 10th, 1915.

W. P. MUDGETT,
D. G. GRANTHAM,
CLAUDE F. WRIGHT,
Committee.

HALLOWEEN IS COMING.
Of all the festivals of the year there is none more enjoyed by young people than All Hallow Eve, because it is an informal frolic where best clothes and company manners have been left at home.

The invitations should be a little out of the ordinary, as a short note written on a scrap of yellow wrapping paper adorned with a black cat, a witch or an owl. The house decorations will correspond with the notes. Candles stuck in bottles may have black cat shades. Black cat kid gloves stuffed with wet bran could be placed where the guests would come in contact with them while skulls and long bony hands could be cut from black paper and hung from walls and chandeliers. Paper cloths and napkins with appropriate designs can be bought in the shops; also inexpensive favors, as horseshoes, rabbit fobs, 4-leaf clover, black cats, witches' brooms and wishbones. An ingenious girl could fashion many of these favors at home. The menu should be simple. Devilish oysters or deviled

NOTHING BETTER
WHEN YOU ARE HOT AND TIRED THAN A
COLD BOTTLE OF
BLUE RIBBON
PARST EXPORT
or SCHLITZ
BEER
ORDER A CASE TODAY. Delivered to your home from—
BARFIELD'S BUFFET
Phone 169.

CHURCH NEWS
METHODIST CHURCH.
Sunday School 9:45 a. m.
Sermon (with special music) 11 a. m.
Senior Epworth League 6:30 p. m.
Sermon (with special music) 7:30 p. m.
Prayer meeting, Wednesday, 7:30 p. m.
Stewards' meeting, First Wednesday, 8:30 p. m.
Woman's Missionary Society, First Thursday, 3:00 p. m.
There will be no preaching at the Methodist church Sunday as the pastor will be absent. Mr. Redmon will go to the mountains Saturday and will preach Sunday at Queen.
The young men's class of the Methodist Sunday school request as full attendance as may be had next Sunday, as they are intending to reorganize, with Judge Grantham as teacher.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH.
Services at the Christian church:
10 a. m., Bible school.
11 a. m., communion and preaching.
3 p. m., Junior C. E.
6:45 p. m., Senior C. E.
7:30 p. m., preaching.
Wednesday, 7:30 p. m., prayer meeting.
The meeting at the Christian church closes this Friday night. Mr. Lambert's subject will be "Hindrances". A good attendance is expected at this service. Regular services at this church Sunday.
PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Regular Meetings:
The Presbyterian church sabbath school at 10 a. m.
Morning worship at 11 a. m.
Evening meeting at 6:45 p. m.
Evening worship at 7:30 p. m.
Prayer meeting, Wednesday, at 30 p. m.
The Presbyterian ladies will give a tea on the afternoon and evening of next Monday, the 25th, at the home of Mrs. H. H. Dilley. A musical program will be rendered, including several numbers by Mrs. Farr and a silver offering will be taken.
At the Presbyterian church the morning sermon will deal with "The Decoration of the Gospel", and the evening sermon with "David's Full Worth as a Saint", the fourth in a series on the old king's genius and one suited to relieve him from a world of unfavorable criticism.

THE BAPTIST CHURCH.
9:45 a. m., Sunday school.
11 a. m., preaching service.
6:30 p. m., B. Y. P. U.
7:30 p. m., preaching service.
7:30 p. m., Wednesday, prayer-meeting.
7:30 p. m., Thursday, choir practice.
The Bereau class of the Baptist church Sunday school gave a social in honor of the young ladies class at the home of Mrs. Jack Albert last Friday evening. The entertainment consisted of games and contests after which refreshments were served. The house was full and every one expressed themselves as having enjoyed the occasion very much.
The Baptist ladies will serve ice cream and cake Saturday (tomorrow) from 2 until 5 o'clock at the residence of Mrs. Ida V. Minter, on Canal street, and the general public is invited to attend.

GRACE CHURCH (EPISCOPAL).
Lord's Day Services:
Holy communion 1st. Lord's day at 11 a. m.
Morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m., on all other Lord's Days.
Bible school at 10 a. m.
F. W. PRATT, Vicar.
ST. EDWARD'S CHURCH.
Sunday 10 a. m., High-mass and sermon.
Low-mass every morning during the week at 7:30 o'clock.
Rosary devotion and benediction of the blessed sacrament: Sunday, 3 p. m.; Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings at 7:30 o'clock; Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings at 7:30 o'clock.
Fitzgerald's Summary.
Edward Fitzgerald, the translator of the Persian poet Omar Khayyam, was a more or less genial opponent of matrimony as a state.
One day he said to his friend Miss Ellen Churchyard of Woodbridge: "Do you know, Nell, what marriage is?"
Miss Churchyard thought not.
"Then I'll tell you," said he. "Marriage is standing at one's desk, neatly settled to work, when a great big bonnet pushes in at the door and asks you to go for a walk with it."

Christian & Co. INSURANCE
MONUMENT TO CREENE.
One hundred and thirty-five years after he led his command to victory over General Cornwallis, men at Gulf Ford Court House a monument was unveiled recently on the famous battle field in honor of the memory of General Nathaniel Creene, who commanded the Colonial forces in the south during the latter part of the American Revolution.
It was in this vicinity that the battle was fought on March 15 1781 which resulted in such heavy losses to Cornwallis, the British leader, that he was forced to retreat to Wilmington, N. C. Cornwallis subsequently decided to transfer his activities to Virginia. The result was his surrender at York town on Oct. 19, 1781, which virtually ended the war.
AN AVIATOR TO HUNT FIRES.
Wisconsin Forestry Department Puts Hydroaeroplanes in Service.
Wisconsin has enlisted the services of an aviator to search for forest fires in the known woods of Wisconsin. It was announced. The hydroaeroplanes will be stationed at Trout Lake.
E. M. Griffith, head of the state forestry department, made a flight in the machine and located a fire thirty miles distant. Heretofore the view a ranger has had of the surrounding country has been from a sixty foot tower. The air craft will reach the scene of fire within a few minutes. It is figured, whereas with the ordinary facilities of a forest ranger hours would be consumed.

Retort Photographic.
The photographer was drying his plates in the warm sunlight.
"What are you doing there?" asked a friend.
"Oh," was the reply, "just airing my views."
Christian & Co. INSURANCE
His Outlook.
"Life seems all upside down," mused the baby when they reversed him because he had swallowed a button.
"At any rate you're well heeled," responded the parents, each of whom held one.—Baltimore American.
Gardens in Palestine.
Gardens in Palestine are found mainly in the environs of the larger towns and owe their existence to springs and fountains whose precious waters give life to the fruits and flowers, orchards, parks and pleasure grounds which enter into the oriental conception of paradise. Where no running stream exists they depend for life upon capacious cisterns which "drink water from the rains of heaven." They are always carefully enclosed and protected by hedges, walls and ditches, and the traveler is surprised amid the heat and glare of the Syrian sun to enter their pleasant pathways and find retired and shady nooks under embowering greenery.—Christian Herald.

Christian & Co. INSURANCE
The photographer was drying his plates in the warm sunlight.
"What are you doing there?" asked a friend.
"Oh," was the reply, "just airing my views."
Christian & Co. INSURANCE
His Outlook.
"Life seems all upside down," mused the baby when they reversed him because he had swallowed a button.
"At any rate you're well heeled," responded the parents, each of whom held one.—Baltimore American.
Gardens in Palestine.
Gardens in Palestine are found mainly in the environs of the larger towns and owe their existence to springs and fountains whose precious waters give life to the fruits and flowers, orchards, parks and pleasure grounds which enter into the oriental conception of paradise. Where no running stream exists they depend for life upon capacious cisterns which "drink water from the rains of heaven." They are always carefully enclosed and protected by hedges, walls and ditches, and the traveler is surprised amid the heat and glare of the Syrian sun to enter their pleasant pathways and find retired and shady nooks under embowering greenery.—Christian Herald.

CARLSBAD LOCAL ITEMS

Bob Richards was in from his ranch Tuesday.

Joe Lusk and wife were in Carlsbad this week.

J. A. Bruce, of Artesia, was a visitor in Carlsbad this week.

Ned Shattuck was down from the mountains yesterday.

W. D. Hudson, of Pecos, Texas, was in the city this week.

J. A. Lusk was in from the ranch the first of the week.

The Carlsbad Bakery has Raisin Bread every Saturday.

Reagan Middleton was down from the mountains yesterday.

John Hewitt and wife were in from the ranch last Wednesday.

Hardin Clark is cutting meat in the Model Market for a few days.

For Sunday morning breakfast have Carlsbad Bakery Raisin Bread.

Wallace Merchant of Van Horn, Texas, was in the city this week.

Walter Pendleton spent several days up the road this week on business.

Ed. C. Lamb and wife were in from the ranch last Saturday and Sunday.

Paul Gray and wife were in from their Black River ranch home today.

H. G. Headrick was up from Loving Monday on matters in Probate court.

T. A. Gray and J. F. Farrell were in from their ranches the first of the week.

D. W. Blair, of Bovina, was in the city the first of the week looking for cattle.

Bill Ohnemus took a car load of passengers to Roswell Monday, returning Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Graham were in from their ranch home on the plains Saturday.

Fred and Tom Pendleton were in from their respective ranches the first of the week.

John Barber and wife left for the ranch Tuesday morning in their new Franklin car.

Sam Jones and Jim Jones, the wagon boss of the Jones' outfit, were in town Tuesday.

Sheriff Stewart spent several days in El Paso this week returning Wednesday afternoon.

Take your meals at the Palace hotel. Special chef with ten years experience on the dining cars.

W. F. Hird, the Continental Oil man, was down from Roswell this week in his Dodge roadster.

Mr. and Mrs. Mac Fletcher were in from the ranch Tuesday visiting friends and shopping.

A. B. McMillan, a prominent lawyer from Albuquerque, was in the city Monday on legal business.

Misses Nellie and Gladys Eakin were in from the ranch Saturday the guests of Mrs. John Lucas.

Fred Snyder and Geo. Thielin, cattlemen from Pecos, Texas, were in Carlsbad Monday and Tuesday.

Leonard Jones was confined to his home a day or two the first of the week on account of sickness.

"Little" John Tyson, a prominent cow man from the Midland country, was in town the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Dick Cook were up from their ranch on Red Bluff Wednesday, and spent the day in town.

A marriage license was issued Monday to A. B. Chelf of Gem City, Tex. and Miss Amelia Chelf of Carlsbad.

John R. and Frank Joyce made a business trip to Hope the first of the week, returning Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Oscar Beckett returned last week from an extended visit with friends and relatives at Plano, Texas.

Marvin Livingston sold his new Franklin car to John Barber this week and has a "brun new" one coming to take the place of it.

The Sugar Bowl fixtures were sold at sheriff sale Wednesday and were bought in by Mr. Morden, of the Model Market, for \$195.

Marvin Livingston and wife left Tuesday morning for the ranch after several days spent in town visiting friends.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Fenton were in from their ranch Wednesday and report everything going into the winter in good shape.

E. V. Albritton has completed a nice, large sleeping room at the rear of his home on Halsegueno street, and also built a good coal shed.

C. C. Sykes reports the sale of a Ford touring car to Francis G. Tracy and a Ford roadster to Swigart & Co. to be used at their sheep ranch.

Sol Skidmore came in from the D ranch Monday, bringing with him Miss Mabel Mudgett, who had been visiting the D ranch with Mrs. Skidmore.

A. G. Shelby came in Saturday from his home in Shelby City, Kentucky, and his many friends are assuring him of their delight at seeing him with us again.

Chas. May, and wife, and little daughter, Florence, accompanied by Miss Lorena Connally, journeyed up to Roswell Saturday and returned the first of the week.

Frank Robinette, teacher of the upper Black River school, was in the city Friday, coming in in Paul Gray's car and returning with E. V. Albritton in his car Saturday.

Fred Dearborne was confined to his home a day or two this week on account of sickness in a minor form, but he is at his usual post attending to business again.

K. K. Scott, district attorney, was down from Roswell Monday as special master in the sale of the Pecos River Irrigated Lands Co. property which was sold Monday.

Patty's pool hall is undergoing quite a lot of improvements this week, the interior being treated to a fine lot of grill work and frescoing which adds very materially to the appearance of the place.

E. V. Albritton made a trip to his Texas ranch Saturday, returning Sunday. He was accompanied on the trip by Butch Lowenbruck and Ed. S. Kirkpatrick. They found things in A1 shape at the ranch.

W. Q. Richards of Paducah, Texas, owner of the D ranch, came in Monday from that place and went out to the ranch in the D Ford Tuesday. Sol Skidmore acting as "shofur". The D outfit will begin work on the 25th.

Frank Barfield, Uncle Billy Barfield and Charlie Tucker left Sunday morning in Frank's Overland car for Fort Worth, Texas. They will, of course, be reporting a record trip from Carlsbad to Fort Worth in something less than a week.

Mrs. Ed. S. Kirkpatrick returned Sunday night from Albuquerque, where she had been sent as a delegate from the Carlsbad Chapter Eastern Star. She reports a very enjoyable trip and a most successful assembly of the Grand Chapter.

Judge J. W. Armstrong came in from Roswell Sunday night whence he had been to assist in the reception of the Hon. Champ Clark who lectured at the Armory in Roswell last Friday night. The Judge says he really enjoyed hearing the gentleman from Missouri.

The property of the Pecos River Irrigated Land Co., across the river from the town of Artesia, was sold at public sale Monday to satisfy a judgment given at the last term of the Eddy county district court, and was bought in by Joe Anderson of Roswell for \$58,200.00.

Willard and Mrs. Bates were in town yesterday. Willard is busy these days fixing up his newly acquired ranch in the mountains and says he is getting things up in good shape, and that everything looks just right to him up there. He expects to move his family up there later on.

A hunting party composed of Judge J. W. Armstrong, R. C. Dow, Joe C. Bunch, Earl Hanson and Whit Wright will leave Monday for a trip up the mountains. Of course a bunch like that will bring back the big game. They expect to hunt around in the vicinity of Panama and Powers tanks.

Bud Butcher is doing some good work on the county road leading out of Carlsbad to the southwest as far as the D ranch. He has graded the road up in the worst places and is putting in some culverts along as they are needed as well as putting in a bridge at Blue Spring. The people who travel that road certainly appreciate the work that is being done out there.

Robert Walker, son of J. D. Walker, was brought in Saturday from Oklahoma, suffering with malarial fever, which he contracted in that state. Robert had been gone for several months traveling over Texas, Louisiana and Oklahoma, and his folks were glad to have him home again. At present he is convalescing rapidly, though the chills and fever have reduced him in flesh considerably.

Miss Gladys Bush entertained twenty-three of her young friends last Friday evening at a Tacky party. The young folk report a most enjoyable time, the evening being spent in playing buncos, together with an interesting musical program. Ginger bread and buttermilk were served as refreshments and greatly enjoyed. Everett Grantham received the prize for being the tackiest boy, and Maile Ussery was granted the prize for being the tackiest girl.

Last Saturday, while playing around in the corral at home, with a pet sheep, little J. C. Gordon, Jr., was ticked by a horse and painfully hurt. It seems that the little fellow had the sheep around the neck running along with him and got closer to the horse than he thought, and the animal kicked him just above the eye, cutting a gash necessitating the taking of three stitches. A physician was summoned at once and the wound was dressed and J. C. was able to go to school Monday.

Miss Jenny Linn, who has been in California for several weeks, writes that she is enjoying herself immensely. She reports the National gathering of the P. E. O.'s, one of the biggest ever, and feels proud that she was sent as a delegate from Carlsbad. She sees several Carlsbad people quite often, among them the Fessendens, Eulalia Merchant, Mildred Cooke, Leila Christian and Josephine Tracy. She is spending some time in San Francisco, but is located in Los Angeles. Miss Linn is taking advantage of this occasion to brighten up on the latest methods in music and will return greatly benefitted by the trip.

Tom Middleton was in town yesterday, and reports everything in good shape. Says he has had a force of men busy for several days working on the Dog Canyon hill and that they now have it in good shape, which makes quite a difference to the people who have to travel that road. He says they will work the other side of the mountains soon and make the road across the mountains better in several ways.

E. M. Kearney, deputy county clerk, has begun the issuing of a Daily Mercantile Report which gives all the real estate transfers, mortgages, and other matters of record that are necessary for the banks and business men to have in their daily routine, and they are finding it quite a convenience, compared with the usual search of the records that has been necessary in order to obtain this information.

Wells and Holly Benson are certainly making things look different in their end of town. They are both making marked improvements on the general appearance of their beautiful homes, and each of them are erecting large and handsome garages to accommodate their automobiles. Both places are undergoing a complete transformation, and when complete will be modern in every respect.

W. A. Hamilton, of Roswell, accompanied by D. E. Lower, of Akron, Ohio, were in Carlsbad Wednesday and Thursday, coming down from Roswell in one of the new light six Oakland cars. Mr. Lower is a prominent business man of Akron, and is in the Pecos valley with a view to locating. He expressed himself as being especially pleased with Carlsbad and the lower valley.

Miss Maud Jones, teacher of the fifth grade in the Carlsbad Grammar school was confined to her home for several days on account of sickness, but was able to be at her desk in the school room again Wednesday morning. Mrs. Mary R. Miller taught in her place during her absence from the school room.

Mr. and Mrs. Gabbert wish to express their appreciation of the varied and rich kindness shown them by their neighbors and friends in their recent bereavement. Their sorrow in the death of their baby girl has been softened by practical Christian sympathy.

The Amarillo Boot Shop, which has operated here for the past three or four months, closed its doors Monday and shipped the machinery back to Amarillo, claiming that the business didn't pay here. This leaves Carlsbad without a boot or shoe shop.

J. R. Boyd went up to Roswell on business Saturday, and on his return trip witnessed a very exciting fist fight at the depot in Artesia. J. R. said he didn't get to see all of it but what he did see was "some scrap".

R. Q. Leatherman came in yesterday from the 9K ranch, accompanied by Fred Lucas and Kenneth Thomson. Quince reports the grass green "but awful short". He says the 9K outfit will start work tomorrow.

Ralph Thayer and Jack Greenlee went up to Queen Wednesday afternoon and brought Bob and Oran Means to town so that they could be present at the funeral of their Grandfather Harden.

R. E. Dick and wife and Dorothy were over from Hope the first of the week. These good people are always welcome in Carlsbad, and their many friends here are always glad to see them.

Mrs. Sam B. Smith and daughter, Miss Nettie, Mrs. M. Livingston, of Carlsbad, visited with relatives here Saturday and Sunday, the guests of Mrs. W. E. Casa.—Lakewood Progress.

C. B. Campbell, of Minco, Oklahoma, who has extensive ranching and stock interests over the line in Texas on the Delaware, came in Wednesday to attend to business matters.

F. E. Hubert and wife, of Oriental, came down in their car Tuesday and visited with friends in town during the day. They were accompanied by Miss Speck of Artesia.

Scott Etter has built a nice concrete sidewalk along the north side of his handsome bungalow, which adds much to the appearance of his property.

Little Willis Moore, son of Mrs. Annie Moore, the accommodating sales lady at Joyce-Pruit's store, is very sick with typhoid fever at the family home on Canal street.

Baxter V. Culp was in from his Monument home this week. Baxter is as windy as ever, and enjoyed himself every minute of the time he was in town.

F. W. Fleming, of Kansas City, vice president of the Kansas City Life Insurance Company, was in Carlsbad Monday on business.

John Plowman and family and Mrs. Walter Thayer went up to Hope yesterday to be present at the funeral of Grandpa Harden.

Sam Hall was down from Artesia yesterday.

MRS. T. C. WEBB ENTERTAINS.

Mrs. T. C. Webb entertained quite a number of friends at her lovely home on Canal street Monday evening. Five tables were arranged and the guests amused themselves at Auction Bridge. Mrs. L. E. Ervin won the ladies high score prize and Mrs. Allen J. Hardy received the ladies consolation prize. Harry Christian carried off the gentlemen's high score prize and Mr. W. L. Johnson the gentlemen's consolation prize. All present report a most pleasant evening. Refreshments were served consisting of sandwiches and coffee. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Wm. T. Reed, Mr. and Mrs. Scott Etter, Mr. and Mrs. Dr. L. E. Ervin, Mr. and Mrs. D. Jackson, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Dille, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Christian, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. Allen J. Hardy, Mrs. C. D. Church, Miss Kate Harkless, Mr. Will Craig.

The Woman's Club had an open meeting at the Club room Tuesday afternoon, thirteen ladies being in attendance. After a short business meeting at which the names of five new members were presented, the Club enjoyed a social hour. Miss Jim Penny delighted the ladies with several well-rendered piano solos and each of the members made a short talk on various quotations which had been distributed by the president. Before the meeting adjourned, ice cream and cake were served by the social committee.

Mesdames T. E. Williams and R. M. Thorne entertained Wednesday afternoon at the Williams' home, in honor of Mesdames Parr and Jones, who are visiting in Carlsbad at present. About twenty-five ladies were present and a very enjoyable and social afternoon was spent. The color scheme was yellow and white and was beautifully carried out in the decorations as well as in the ices and cakes which were served as refreshments.

It has been suggested by a local sportsman that as the quail this season are scarce than usual, that hunters should waste a few cartridges occasionally on these "Roy Waller chaparral" birds, as they are supposed to be nesting. These birds seem to be getting more numerous each year, and it might be well for the bird hunters to make a note of this fact and try to exterminate them, if possible.

John Harvey and Judge C. H. Jones went down on the Pecos yesterday and caught a nice string of fish, and report a very pleasant outing.

Miles Stone was up from his ranch below town today.

Byron O. Beall, special agent of the state tax commission, was in town this week. He is installing a new checking system in the tax assessor's office whereby all property will be assessed to its proper owner.

Alexander Ault, of Fort Collins, Colo., was in Carlsbad this week on business.

Legrande Merriman, the blind musician, who has resided in Pecos, Texas, for years, and who is well known in Carlsbad, spent last night in town, going north this morning.

Walter Glover and wife and Mrs. Green McCombs, were in Carlsbad yesterday, visiting friends and shopping.

A hunting party composed of Ben Christian, J. F. Hart, Rev. J. T. Redmon will motor up to Johnny Stewart's place, leaving tomorrow morning, and from there will go up into the mountains with the intention of bringing back a bear with them. They expect to be gone about ten days.

John W. Eakin was in from the Lusk ranch Tuesday and reports everything in good shape to go into the winter.

A hunting party composed of Lucius Anderson, Henry Smith, Will Matheson and Arthur O'Quinn will leave tomorrow for the mountains on a big hunt.

Robert Finlay is back again on duty in the office of the Pecos Water Users Association, after an extended siege of typhoid fever.

W. G. Brown has been diversifying a little this week, leaving his shop occasionally and hiking out west and after investigating the cause of such unusual conduct, we found that he had been actively engaged in superintending the improvement and cultivation of a farm. Now, we didn't suppose that W. G. knew a darn thing about farming, but if you will just take a little drive out to the old race track grounds west of Carlsbad you will see that he is putting in one of the nicest little farms in this country. He has had the place all worked over and planted to alfalfa and oats, and it will certainly be an improvement for that part of the country, and will be the means of converting another unsightly piece of ground into an improved farm.

George Brantley came in Monday evening from Albuquerque, where he had been attending the fair, having in charge the Eddy county exhibit. George was the right man for this particular job, and all who saw our exhibit there expressed themselves as being surprised at the attractiveness displayed in the arrangement of the Eddy county booth. George was limited as to time, but by working overtime he made a successful arrangement of our exhibit, and this had much to do with our getting the second premium. George said they had a great fair, and while he was kept pretty busy with our exhibit, he enjoyed himself part of the time anyway. He was accompanied on this trip by J. B. Cecil, of Artesia, and F. E. Fite, of Hope. While he was gone he motored up to Santa Fe and saw the sights up there. Said he went up to the door of the penitentiary but was afraid to venture in—felt better to be "on the outside looking in".

Only 10 Days More!

To Try for Our Chest of Silver

Look in our window today.

You will see a picture of two young ladies. To the one sending us the most clever answer in fifty words or less as to what these two ladies are saying, we offer a chest of beautiful ALVIN SILVER, The Long-Life Plate.

Write your idea of the conversation on the blank we give you, sign it with name and address and hand it to us by Oct. 30. The Alvin Mfg. Co. will act as judge for us and the prize will be awarded on Thanksgiving Day. Act quickly.



CORNER DRUG STORE

OUR MOTTO:
"A SQUARE DEAL TO ALL"

A most enjoyable affair in the nature of a dance, was pulled off last Friday evening at the hospitable home of Mr. and Mrs. Calvani, south of town. The best of music was furnished by Mr. O'Chesky on the violin and a party whose name we were unable to get, accompanied on the piano. Delicious cakes of different kinds and coffee were served as the refreshments which were enjoyed by all. After dancing to their heart's content, all departed at a late hour after assuring the host and hostess that they had had a most delightful evening. Those present were: Misses Matna, Mary Fesler, Anna and Maryetta Hudiburg, Emma Brockman, Helen, Delia and Emily Calvani, Mrs. Phil Kireher; Messrs. Frank Block, Carl Harin, Henry Brockman, Hugo Engleche, Willie Bindel, Andrew Bindel, George and Frank Fesler, Pete Calvani, Mr. and Mrs. Brockman and family, Mr. and Mrs. Bindel and family, Mr. Duke, and the host and hostess, Mr. and Mrs. Calvani.

THE MOTHER GOOSE.

There was a man in our town
And he was wondrous wise,
He made a lot of money, and
He used to advertise.
And when the time for him to die
Stopped at him on its round,
He said, "I guess my work is done,
I've boosted my home town".

M. A. Ohnemus TAXIDERMIST.



MOUNTING, TANNING AND RUG MAKING DONE TO ORDER. PRICES REASONABLE. P. O. BOX 41, CARLSBAD, N. M. 'PHONE NO. 168.

Astronomers clearly lack the military instinct, else they would have decided long ago that the canals on Mars were trenches.

"I would rather be right than be president"—Clay. But what if a man was neither one?

Better see what the goose bone says about winter.

Classified Column

FOR SALE.—S. C. White Leghorns yearling hens, cockerels and S. C. Black Orpington pullets. F. G. SNOW

Better get the baby's picture now. We specialize in babies' portraits. RAY'S ELECTRIC STUDIO. One block north of post office.

FOR SALE.—One of the best 160 acre tracts within three miles from Carlsbad with portion water right from Carlsbad project. Well improved with good well of pure drinking water and residence. A genuine sacrifice for \$12 per acre takes 1600 acres. Enquire at the Current office or address Wm. H. Mullane, Carlsbad, New Mexico.

Dr. T. E. Presley, of the firm of Drs. Presley & Swearingin, specialist eye, ear nose and throat, will be in Carlsbad 24 to 27 and from 5 to 10 of each month, in the Bates Hotel.—1 Oct.-Dec. 17.

Well prepared meals promote happy, happiness. Cook with a Cof's Blast Range and you will always be happy.

EDDY GROVE CAMP W. O. W. Meets first Thursday night each month at W. O. W. Hall. Visiting sovereigns and members urged to attend. A. R. O'QUINN, Clerk. BOB HAMBLE, C. C.

Full Assortment Hallowe'en Novelties

See our North
Window

Sweet Shop

Let us figure your bills . . . 'Phone 66

JUST A WORD Why Not Keep Carlsbad ? money in Carlsbad ?

WE RUN A LUMBER YARD—

And a Lumber Yard Only

We are complete in Lumber, Lame, Lath, Cement, Plaster, Posts, Shingles, Sash, Doors, Screen Doors and Roofing

—Try—

Carlsbad Lumber Co.

OLD GROVES STAND

For Prompt and Courteous Treatment
No Bill Too Large nor Too Small

'Phone 66 . . . Let us figure your bills



SYNOPSIS.

LOTS FOR SALE

.....

Miss Lorena Connoly

PHONE 59

EXCURSIONS

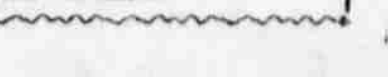


T. C. JOHNSON, AGENT

CHAPTER III



F. F. Hoag, J. N. Lytle



FATTY'S FOUNTAIN

BEST OF COLD DRINKS

Barber Shop Billiards

THOROUGH TREATMENT To ALL
Everything New and Up-to-date.

NATIONAL BANK OF CARLSBAD

United States Depository (Postal Savings)

DIRECTOR: Morgan Livingston, C. H. McLean, S. L. Roberts,
F. F. Dowdy, J. N. Livingston, C. M. Richards.

Correct Hats For Fall

Smart shapes, authentically right according to the latest headwear fashions

We have full assortments in **SOFT HATS**—all dimensions and all proper colorings in staple and novelty trimmings.

No one style is suited to every face, therefore we include in our display the diversity of models required to suit varying personalities.

SOFT HATS, \$3.00 TO \$5.00

Joyce-Pruit Co

"WE WANT YOUR TRADE"

EDISON TELLS HOW HE MADE THE FIRST ELECTRIC LAMP.

On the Thirty-Sixth Birthday of Electric Light Thomas A. Edison Presents New and Better Electric Lamps

It is exactly thirty-five years ago since the electric incandescent lamp was commercially introduced—a period so short that most of us can still recall the first amazement that greeted the first bulbs, with their curious, thin, glowing filaments. It seems as if everyone received the incandescent lamp willingly from the very first, and that the path of the inventor, in this case at least, was not so thorny as the world has been led to believe.

Talk to Edison about his first lamp and you will learn that he had almost as hard a struggle in trying to persuade his fellow citizens that electricity was better than gas or oil for lighting, as he had in bringing his invention to its successful commercial form. You will also learn something of a great inventor's methods of working out an idea and rid yourself of the notion that an epoch-making device or apparatus springs into being, perfect in every detail. The sure, every one knows that Edison is a hard worker and that he has never yet abandoned a problem which he has set himself to solve, but how hard he works, how persistent he is in reaching a solution only those who have shared with him night and day in his laboratory or those who hear the tale from his own lips can fully realize. His work and particularly the invention of the electric incandescent lamp, must forever remain an inspiration to mankind. The long weeks and months of tedious experimenting, the doubt, the patience that bravely struggled on after such momentary defeat, and the resourcefulness that turned even failure into a lesson, have perhaps never been equaled and certainly never surpassed in the history of human achievement. No wonder that this man, who lived his life with one of its most precious inventions, with a form of illumination as wonderfully cheap and efficient as that which has enabled the world to advance, is held in such esteem.

I saw him recently in his laboratory and asked him about the days when it seemed after countless experiments, as if electric incandescent lighting was indeed the wild dream that the university scientists of the seventies had pronounced it to be.

"Everybody said it couldn't be done," he said. "The difficulty was the subdivision of the current, feeding electricity to as many points as you like, just as you feed gas to millions of burners. Even Tyndall argued against it in a lecture before the Royal Institution. He said he would rather have the problem in my hands than in his."

And yet the subdivision of current was only a small part of the problem. Far more difficult in a way, because it involved such an enormous amount of experimenting, was the invention of the lamp itself.

"I think I read every patent that was ever taken out on a piece of lighting apparatus, even though it had nothing to do with electric lighting," he remarked. "And I think I read every book that was worth reading on illumination, before I began work in earnest."

He did not say so, but he meant that he approached the subject as an expert. Even in those days it was known that Edison was the best informed man on gas lighting in the country, although his whole mind was focused on electricity.

"The first thing to do was to find out what was the best material to use for a light producer. I soon made up my mind that of all the material I could obtain in 1877 carbon was the most promising. If there is any form of carbon we did not test I have still to learn of it. Paper, jute, palm fiber, grasses, bast, tissue paper coated with tar and rolled into thin sticks, charcoal, hemp—everything in a word, was tried. Finally on October 21, 1879, I carbonized a piece of cotton sewing thread bent into a loop and sealed it in a glass globe from which the air had been pumped out. When the current was turned on,

that black thread glowed forty hours. That was really the first incandescent electric lamp. It couldn't be put on the market, of course, but it showed unmistakably that electricity could be used for incandescent lighting. I spent about \$40,000 in bringing the investigation up to that point, and yet in a way, this was only the beginning. A little later we placed several hundred paper-filament lamps on the market. Although people liked them, I knew we could do better. So I began a hunt for the right kind of carbon. Men were sent all over the world to collect grasses and fibers that looked promising. They brought back several hundred, and out of the lot I elected a certain kind of bamboo that grows in Japan. We made filaments out of that for nine years."

"I think we had the finest laboratory of its kind in those days. There was certainly nothing like it in this country. Nowadays they call the kind of work we did 'research', and research it certainly was, although some of us didn't know it," Edison continued. "Chemical and physical experiments by the thousands were made. I did a good deal of work, too, with metal filaments, such as those we use nowadays in incandescent lamps."

"No invention is perfect, and the incandescent lamp is not an exception. Light without heat is the ideal, and that is still far off. The electric incandescent lamp of today is the cheapest form of filament that has ever been produced but some day it will be cheaper and colder than it is. There is a good deal of truth in the saying that the firefly is the ideal. It is, so far as coldness goes. But its color is against it. You couldn't use a thousand candle firefly to match colors, and you wouldn't want the insect to light up a street, because his light would be a hideous greenish yellow. But some day we will get reasonably near the firefly for efficiency without copying his disagreeable color. The task needs much investigation, much research of the kind we did in 1879. The research that we began then is still going on, and it always will go on. Somehow, each new discovery opens up the way to another."

"A laboratory is indispensable nowadays to produce an invention," he remarked. "Every big company has one in which to develop new ideas or to improve old processes. They hire inventors now like bookkeepers. That is because the whole character of manufacturing has changed. Companies that handle a large number of goods at once and convert whole train loads of ore into iron and steel at a single operation have problems to consider that were not worth while bothering about fifty years ago. It pays now to save a few cents in handling a ton of material, and therefore, it pays to invent a way of saving those few cents."

"Not only has the modern huge manufacturing company of today problems to solve which were undreamed of years ago, but more and more scientific discoveries are made which an inventor can apply in a practical way. There's wireless telegraphy, for example. A German, Professor Hertz, made a few experiments in sending electrical vibrations through the ether, not with any practical idea in view, but simply to prove the correctness of what is known as the electric magnetic theory of light formulated by Clerk Maxwell, an English mathematician. Then comes Marconi and applies Hertz's discovery in a practical way by devising a wireless telegraph apparatus. There must be hundreds of similar cases."

"Then the prospects of an inventor are as good as they ever were?" I asked him.

"Think what it means," he continued, "to introduce a new invention. Even a little improvement like sucking dirt out of a carpet with vacuum cleaner means a revolution in house-keeping. No one likes revolutions even though they are for the best. The more important the invention, the bigger is the revolution, which means the harder your struggle to overcome prejudice. It takes a Niagara of advertising to make a man play the piano acceptably with pneu-

matic mechanism and a punched roll of paper instead of very badly with ten stiff fingers. You can imagine how hard it was to get whole cities illuminated with the electric incandescent lamps. Perhaps business men will invent some quick way of making the world see the point of a new invention. It seems to be quite beyond the powers of an ordinary inventor."

ROADS AND LAND VALUES.

The building of a great deal of well paved roads in Manatee county, Fla., has shown how good roads affect land values. From 1911 to 1912 land along these roads increased on the average \$20 an acre, while lands a mile from the road increased only \$10 an acre.

Lincolnton county, Va., is another instructive case. The building of 125 miles of fine roads caused land adjacent to the roads to increase in value from \$24.25 to \$30 an acre, while lands ten miles away increased an average of \$16.22 an acre.

The state builds the road, and the land owner sells it if he sells the land. That would look queer to a man from another paper. The man miles away is taxed to build roads, and the people along the roads get the selling value of them. Rather queer, too, when one thinks of it for a few minutes.

The figures are a powerful argument for good roads and also for a better way of apportioning the burdens and benefits. Farm and Fireside

INCREASE OF CONVICT LABOR.

Different System of Using Convicts in Thirty States.

Thirty states at the beginning of the present year had on their statute books laws providing for the employment of state prisoners in road building. Arizona, Arkansas, Idaho, Louisiana, Maryland, Montana, Nevada, New Jersey, New Mexico, Ohio, Oregon, Virginia and Washington, to name practically the same system, providing that the control of such work should be vested in the state highway commission. The highway commission or state engineer makes requisition on the state prison authorities for such number of prisoners as he can make use of, and the prison authorities are to furnish such prisoners as are suitable for road work.

The prison commission or board of control of state institutions is held responsible for the employment of the convict road work in some nine states—Colorado, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, North Dakota, Oklahoma and Wisconsin. State prisoners are turned over to the county authorities to be worked on the county roads in Florida, Georgia, North Carolina and South Carolina. This system is not approved by the national committee on prisons and prison labor, which holds that the state under no circumstances is justified in delegating the responsibility for its convict wards to county authorities.

The system in New York state divides the responsibility for the construction work and maintenance of the camps between the state highway department and the commissioners of the counties in which the roads are to be built, with the state superintendent of prisons in final authority. In Utah, West Virginia and Wyoming the highway department and the prison department co-operate in the control of this work. The prison department is fully responsible for the care and discipline of the prisoners, while the road department is called upon to do the work which it is equipped to do, the building of roads.

The committee has found this latter system essential to the successful development of convict road work. The prison department is in a position to care for the prisoners and to handle such matters as food, clothing, housing, medical attention, the affording of educational facilities and recreation.

DIXIE HIGHWAY MOVEMENT.

Influence Bids Fair to Bring About Better Conditions in the South.

The influence of the Dixie highway movement continues to spread until now it has far to bring about a marked improvement in road conditions all over the south. Four new highways tributary to the Chicago-Miami road already are under consideration.

Immediately after the Dixie highway plan was established as a certainty a movement was set on foot for a southern highway, from Chattanooga to New Orleans. Since then three more roads have been proposed.

A highway which is looked upon as being already as good as built is from Miami westward across the state of Florida to the Gulf coast. A bond issue of \$1,000,000 soon will be voted, to include the cost of the part of the Dixie highway near Miami.

A second highway is proposed to run from Miami to Cape Sable, Fla., the southernmost point of the Atlantic seaboard. Bonds already have been voted. This will carry the Dixie highway from the great lakes to the Gulf of Mexico.

In North Carolina there has been a revival of a plan made several years ago and partially executed to build a road practically across the state of North Carolina and into Tennessee. Since the Dixie highway idea has come into being the general assembly of North Carolina has memorialized the general assembly of Tennessee upon this plan, and the Tennessee legislature has answered that it is ready to co-operate at any time.

In addition the Dixie highway will cause the construction of many more

GRANDPA HARDEN DEAD.

News was received in Carlsbad yesterday of the death of Grandpa Harden which occurred at Hope Wednesday about noon. It seems that Mr. Harden had been in reasonably good health, and was stout for his age. He ate a hearty breakfast and nothing unusual was noticed in his conduct until about 20 minutes before the noon hour when he was stricken with apoplexy and died in a few minutes.

Grandpa Harden was one of our best and most highly respected citizens, and a man whom everyone loved. He was about 73 years of age and came to this country about 18 years ago, locating in Dog canyon, having a homestead up there which he had just proved up on. He is the father of Mrs. J. R. Means, and has another daughter in Montana.

Quite a number of the people in the Queen neighborhood came in as soon as they heard of his death and several, among them John Plowman and wife, and Mrs. Walter Thayer, together with Bob and Oran Means, went immediately to Hope and attended the funeral which occurred yesterday at that place.

The current joins a host of friends in extending sympathy to the bereaved relatives and personally feels the loss of so good a man and so desirable a citizen as Grandpa Harden.

ANDERSON SANATORIUM NOTES.

Mrs. A. Moore, who has been in the sanatorium for a week, is improving gradually and hopes to be up in a few days.

Miss Mabel Austin is getting along as well as can be expected, her temperature gradually going down.

Miss Evans, who is here from Texas, is improving fast, having gained eight pounds during the few days that she has been in the sanatorium.

SOME FISH.

Last Saturday, while fishing on the Pecos river, at what is known as the "Heaman bend", Mrs. F. M. Hatfield and daughter, Inez, landed a sixteen pound cat fish. Mrs. Hatfield finding that she had somewhat of a fish on the line, called to her daughter to clear the bank of the river for her said, "I believe we want to go up the river", and after the other lines and tackles were gotten out of the way, she began to handle the reel with such skill that Mr. Fish was soon ready to give up, and while she held a tight line on him, Miss Inez got a good hand hold in his gills and landed him in a manner that would put Sir Isaac Walton in the shade. The ladies are very proud and say that anybody can catch perch and bass, but that it takes a real sport to catch a whale.

J. D. Rackley was a business visitor in Roswell the first of the week.

We deliver whipped cream anywhere—any time.

THE SWEET SHOP.

Joe Klinge Smith will relieve J. F. Hart at the Dark Canyon pump while he is absent on the bear hunt.

L. M. Harrison, State Agricultural Agent, was in Carlsbad this week gathering data for his department.

Dr. Joseph W. Lackey writes that he will be home in a few days. He has been in Colorado on business for several days.

Hart & Mullane shipped two Base Comb Rhode Island Red cockerels to Pecos, Texas, this week and sold them at fancy prices.

Signal Chapter No. 9, R. A. M., held a special convocation last evening, conferring degrees on Chas. T. and Gen. W. Adams and L. A. Swigart.

Hart & Mullane today received prizes on first cock in second pen on their Base Comb Rhode Island Reds which they sent to the Dallas show fair in competition with 4,000 birds, which speaks mighty well for the Pecos Valley chickens.

Thos. H. Hill informs the Current that he will hold a civil service examination tomorrow in the Belamission building for the examination of a candidate to fill the position of fourth class postmaster at Dayton, New Mexico.

Mrs. W. C. Sellers came in Tuesday night from an extended visit of about two months to points in Iowa. She comes home much improved in health, having gained about eight pounds while she was away. Her many friends in Carlsbad are glad of her return.

Merle E. Shaw, who has been in the employ of the Carlsbad Auto Company for the past two years, left this morning for Brownsville, Texas, where he has a good position with a large automobile concern. Shaw is a mighty clean young fellow and a good mechanic and we wish him well wherever he may go.

Percy Cooper and Bill Lusk left last Saturday for Bill's ranch 30 miles from Alamogordo and 60 miles from El Paso. They went overland in a wagon and made the trip without any mishaps. In a letter to the folks here they state that they will not be back until the holidays, and that they are sure doing some work fencing and improving Bill's place.

Fred Lucas and Ralph Thayer were in town this week and from all we could learn were trying to fill a contract for fifteen thousand big steers. They seemed to be only looking at heavy stuff and anything that weighed out less than 1,800 fell below the specifications. They left this morning for Oriental to see if they could find anything up there to suit.

miles of good road, because half a dozen or more contesting sections will put their roads in the best possible condition as an inducement for obtaining the route of the highway. Sections adjacent to the contesting territories are offering to build small tributaries if the Dixie highway will come within 50 or 100 miles of them.

MRS. BLOXOM PASSES AWAY.

One of the saddest deaths that has occurred in Carlsbad for some time was the passing away Monday evening of Mrs. Maud Bloxom, wife of W. N. Bloxom. Mrs. Bloxom had been afflicted with tuberculosis for a number of years and this was the immediate cause of her death. She was a most lovable mother and wife, and exercised great patience all along as the dread disease gradually gained its hold on her. The Bloxoms moved to Carlsbad about five years ago from Corsicana, Texas, and were among our most highly respected citizens. Mr. Bloxom has been in the employ of the Santa Fe railway company practically all the time he has lived here. The funeral was held from the family residence on Main street Tuesday afternoon and was conducted by Rev. Mr. Barb, of the Baptist church, of which Mrs. Bloxom was a member. A large concourse of people followed the remains to the cemetery, and a most beautiful collection of flowers were placed on the grave as a last token of the esteem in which the deceased was held. The railroad friends of Mr. Bloxom sending to Roswell and getting some of the most fragrant and beautiful flowers obtainable. The pall bearers were made up from members of the Woodmen of the World, of which Mr. Bloxom is a highly esteemed member, and were as follows: J. I. Penny, A. R. O'Quinn, E. V. Albritton, Ed. S. Kirkpatrick, Robert Hamblen and J. W. Irby. The current joins a host of friends in extending sympathy to the bereaved husband and little son, who are left alone.

PLEASANT VALLEY ITEMS.

Mr. Adamine came out from Carlsbad to gather up a load of bones and returned Friday.

S. P. Jordan returned from Lovington with his bunch of sheep last Saturday.

J. W. Worrell is engaged in cutting his cane crop this week. It is cloudy and looks very much like rain today.

Fred Peters left for Stanton, Texas, one day last week with a bunch of cattle for shipment.

Mrs. Jordan was the visitor of Mrs. Eakin last Sunday.

Mr. Truix is very busy killing ravens today out of his corn field.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Moreland visited Mr. and Mrs. Hughes last Sunday.

Mr. Morhan has some visitors from Texas looking for a ranch. We hope they will find one.

Uncle Bob Eakin is still engaged in drilling wells. He says it is somewhat of a tough job.

Mr. G. M. Truix has gone across the sand to Mr. Bearing's to look at some hogs.

Mr. Peters has a new Maxwell car. Mr. S. P. Jordan has gone to Lovington to carry a load for Mr. Hughes.

RESOLUTIONS, EDDY ROYCE CAMP NO. 5.

Whereas, In a mysterious providence of God our beloved Sovereign, W. N. Bloxom, has sustained the loss of his dear wife and companion,

Be It Resolved, that we hereby extend the heartfelt sympathy of Eddy Grove Camp No. 5 to our beloved sovereign in this great hour of affliction, and,

Be It Further Resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of this camp and a copy also be furnished the local newspapers. Respectfully submitted,

J. I. PENNY,
A. R. O'QUINN,
E. V. ALBRITTON,
Committee.

STOCK NOTES

John Barber sold 400 head of calves this week to Dearborne, McLenathen & Tracy at \$27.50 around. These calves are to be delivered in two bunches, one delivery being made on the 15th of November and the remainder to be delivered on the 15th of April. The sale was made through Judkins & Lewis.

Judkins & Lewis sold a small bunch of mares and colts to Chas. Grammar this week at \$50.

J. W. Eakin sold 100 cows and calves this week to Marvin Livingston. The price paid was \$80 for cow and calf.

Twelve cars of cows passed through Carlsbad Monday night billed for Riverside, north of Roswell. They were shipped from some point in Texas.

A wholesale sheep dipping took place at the Mike Iribarne concrete dipping vat in Dog Canyon this week. Mr. Iribarne, Guadalupe Sheep Co., Ned Shattuck and Marby Bros., being the principal sheep outfits that took part in the dipping. The work was done under the supervision of Inspectors Doc Vest and Miller.

Judkins & Lewis sold 150 head of calves for Young Bell to Dearborne, McLenathen & Tracy this week at \$27.50 around.

Harding & Campbell, of Amarillo, sold 1,100 steer yearlings out of the Block brand near Roswell last week for \$40 around. Parties who saw these steers say they were an exceptionally good bunch of stuff.

Frank Prue sold to W. L. Whittaker, of Hope, this week, 1,500 lambs averaging 74 pounds at 7c. This looks like lambs were going to be worth something.

The Buckeye Sheep Co. will deliver next Monday to Dr. Ellett, about 300 old ewes which the doctor will place on feed at the Grandi place, below Carlsbad.

Judkins & Lewis bought 60 dry cows this week from John Barber, to be delivered December 1st. Terms private.

MALAGA ITEMS.

Rev. J. T. Redmon, of Carlsbad, preached at Malaga last Sunday afternoon and will preach for us the fourth Sunday of each month, the coming conference year.

Mrs. Geo. Stone of Orla, Texas, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. W. E. Cass, at Lakewood, passed thru Malaga today (Thursday) on her way home.

The Epworth League gave a social last Saturday night at the home of S. E. Rennaker. Refreshments consisting of sandwiches, sliced tomatoes and coffee were served.

The Gerlach young folks are expecting to start to the mountains next Saturday morning. They expect to be gone ten days or more.

J. A. Hartshorn shipped a carload of hogs on Tuesday, to Portales, New Mexico.

The Fifth Sunday Sunday school convention will be held in Malaga the 31st of this month. A program is being prepared and we hope to have a good meeting.

Mr. Hurd, of Roswell, representing the Continental Oil company was in town Thursday morning.



Is Your Bathroom Light At Night?

If not, wouldn't you appreciate the convenience of seeing, instead of groping for a switch in the dark, or falling into the bathtub?

The All-Nite-Lite Transformer

gives "some light all night" and adds but ten cents a month to your lighting bill. The transformer is built by the General Electric Company and will last a lifetime; the EDISON MAZDA lamp is renewable anywhere for a few cents. The device fits any lamp socket.

Can you afford to be without this modern convenience?

The Public Utilities Co.

"Do It Electrically"