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Belen News, 01-15-1920

The News Printing Co.

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THE BELEN NEWS

VOL IV

BELEN, NEW MEXICO THURSDAY JANUARY 15, 1920

NO. XVII

Fourteen months after the signing of the armistice, the United States is technically at war with Germany, due entirely to the determination of president Wilson and his party supporters in the senate to insist that the republican majority shall not be permitted to Americanize the party.

There is one league of nations to which the government and the people of the United States will subscribe without reservations, amendments or hesitation. It was outlined by premier Clemenceau in the chamber of deputies, when replying to a query regarding his recent conferences with Premier Lloyd George, he said: "I will tell you the two principal decisions we have taken. Not only we will not make peace, but we won't compromise with the government of the soviets. We have decided that we will be the allies of all people attacked by bolshevism."—Washington Post.

WORKMEN IN CONGRESS.

Republican members of congress who have come direct from various trades or crafts into the halls of congress, are many, according to a recent compilation. John G. Cooper, of Ohio, stopped from the car of a locomotive engineer in order to take the oath of office. William J. Burke, of Pennsylvania, was a train conductor. Milton M. Garland, of Pennsylvania, was an iron puddler. Frank W. Mondell, of Wyoming, majority leader in the house, once drove the pick in the mines. John M. Morin, of Pennsylvania, in his early life was an employee in a glass factory. H. Z. Osborne, of California, Albert Johnson, of Washington, and B. K. Focht, of Pennsylvania, worked at the printer's trade. Carl W. Redick, of Montana, Halvor Steenserson, of Minnesota, are practical farmers. John I. Nolan, of California, hung upon the peg the apron of a moulder when he was elected a representative.

MAN AND THE MACHINE.

The most expensive item in American production is human labor. This may not be from the world over. For example, in China, a man will give a hard day's labor for four or five cents measured in gold, and his board, while five dollars and board is not an uncommon wage in America. The American farmer produces more per capita than any other agriculturalist; but the Chinese produce more per acre than any other farmer. This is because in America labor is dear and land is comparatively cheap, while in China land is dear and labor is cheap. The old belief that labor-saving machinery would steal from the poor man his occupation has been proved wholly false by every chapter in the development of modern industry. Never has machinery done so much of the producing as now, and never labor has been so well employed and so well paid. China is the land of hand labor; America is the land of machinery. A curious example of how machinery takes low-paid labor away from the human hand leaving that hand free from better employment, is seen in the straw now being used for imbibing soft drinks. Not long ago these straws were real ones from the fields, now they are cylinders of paraffined paper; it is found cheaper to make them, as a government bulletin explains, in three industrial institutions, the oil refinery, the pulp mill and the

factory devoted exclusively to their manufacture, than to send children into the fields to gather free straws.

How the lack of hand labor compels the use of invention of labor-saving machinery is illustrated in the one man trolleys now being introduced in many of the western cities. These cars, as has been demonstrated for more than twenty years, equipped with automatic devices for safety and speed, save the wages of conductors without detracting from the quality of the service.

During the war farm tractors fairly overrun the agricultural areas of the northwest, with their gang plows and wide harrows. This was necessary because of the scarcity of farm hold to drive the one-team implements.

Relieved by machinery of poorly paid drudgery, man always find new and better employment. He gains to the making of things which under the old order, were luxuries, but which, under the new order, soon become near necessities. Broadly speaking the labor-saving machine is the friend of the laborer. As a rule, in the hand of machinery, the worker earns more and better food, wears more and better clothes, lives in bigger and better houses; rests more and plays more than the toiler in the land of hard labor.

POWER & RESPONSIBILITY.

A recent speaker before a gathering of congressmen and Legion members spoke of the tremendous power which the organization of veterans holds. This same thought has been expressed by many others—particularly by politicians. With a concrete, closely knotted organization of a million men who hold public sympathy and public interest to a degree never before known in America the aspect of power is apparent.

But the legion is not conscious of power. Rather it is conscious of a tremendous responsibility. Power implies arbitrary force, and the legion has not given, nor will it give, evidence of such an attitude of mind. Its responsibility is for the business interpretation and application to the life of the country of the lessons growing out of the war. It feels itself responsible for the equitable treatment of the wounded and differed from any other great group that we can recall.

In that its ideals have been so high cynics and even more liberal students of human nature have put the legion's early pronouncements and actions down to mere amateurishness, to youthful enthusiasm. The public at large, of course, is coming to accept the legion at exactly its own estimate of itself, and as for the doubters and scoffers we can only feel that disabled. It feels itself responsible for an active part in solving the perplexing problems of readjustment.

The legion has approached all this problems in a spirit of humility and helpfulness even though with firmness. In none of its collective actions and policies has it manifested selfishness, arbitrary aggressiveness or given any indication that it was conscious of group power. In that it has they are out of step with the new conscience of America. The war has not transformed them. They live in ante-bellum days and ante-bellum beliefs. To all such the American legion will be an enigma.

Subscribe in the Belen News.

LOCAL POSTS AND THE ALIEN.

It is recorded that many aliens who fought for the United States have not taken out citizenship since their discharge from the service. Instances have been recorded where such aliens have presented honorable discharges, saying it meant so much to them as citizenship.

Local posts should bring the necessity of perfecting citizenship to all these men. They have proven their right to all the privileges and responsibilities of citizenship. They are entitled to a full voice in the affairs of the country, and we suspect that it is through no lack of desire to become full fledged citizens that they have failed to go through the necessary formality—for it is more than a formality in the case of men who have proven their loyalty and manhood in battle.

THRIFT-O-GRAMS.

Three hundred of the employees of a large local hotel have had \$3,000 in War Savings Stamps divided among them by the management as a bonus.

The first limit buyer of War Savings Stamps in the eleventh Federal Reserve district in the state of Texas, which, through John W. Baker, state treasurer, has bought \$1,000 registered treasury Savings certificate. The January price is \$824. The state put its order with the government savings division on December 20th to be sure that it would get the first certificate issued in the district.

The state superintendent of public instruction of Texas, New Mexico, Oklahoma and Louisiana will shortly call upon every teacher in the eleventh federal reserve district to report to the state department of education the number of thrift loans taught, thrift clubs formed and money saved by their pupils during the fall term of 1919. Under instructions from the state superintendents and with the cooperation of the government saving division, the school teachers are instructing their pupils in saving. School children in this district now owe over sixteen million of thrift and war savings stamps. These savings are earning them more than a quarter of a million dollars in interest yearly.

The appointment of Dinsmore W. Home, of Dallas, as federal district director of the government savings division, U. S. treasury department, succeeding Frank M. Smith, director for 1919, has been made by Carter Glass, secretary of the treasury, according to announcement made by Lynn P. Talley, deputy governor of the federal reserve bank here. Throughout the year of 1919 Mr. Hume served as assistant federal reserve district director.

The appointment of W. A. McKinley, executive secretary, as assistant director, was also made by the secretary.

The new carmine war savings stamps of 1920 series are now on sale at all incorporated banks and postoffices. The demand for them is marked. There is no change in the thrift stamp, and the same thrift stamp used last year continue in use. Larger and very attractive savings securities known as registered treasury savings certificates, and issued in one hundred and one thousand dollar denominations are also on sale at banks and postoffices. The war saving stamp costs \$4.12; the cost of one hundred dollar certificate is \$82.40, while the one thousand dollar certificate costs \$824 this month.

DISASTROUS BLUNDER ATTRIBUTED TO WILSON.

Washington, Jan. 11.—The league of nations covenant as submitted by president Wilson being a British document, Premier Lord George has in a speech in the House of Commons taken umbrage at its Americanization at the hands of republican members of the United States senate.

We have talked less about it, he says, but every needful action to make the league a reality has been taken by Great Britain. It is not fair to suggest insincerity, but if America comes in on conditions which will not be applicable to all the others it would be most difficult to have men sitting around the same board under different conditions, with one nation being untrammelled and the other having their hands tied behind their backs.

In view of the fact that it was only the idea of a league which originally came from president Wilson and that the terms were drawn up by General Smuts, an Englishman, in such form that the United States would be compelled to uphold the boundaries of the British empire in perpetuity, the attempt to throw the onus on America is not taken with good grace in Washington.

The London Morning Post scored the Premier for trying to throw the blame on the American nation, and called the speech a confession of failure. It defends the senate's action on the league of nations and says Mr. Lloyd George put his money on the wrong horse when he supported president Wilson's disastrous blunders.

NOTICE.

In the Probate Court Valencia County, State of New Mexico, In the Matter of the Estate of Marte Didier, deceased.

No. —

Notice is hereby given that Mercedes Taylor, administratrix of the estate of Marie Didier, deceased, has filed her final report as administratrix of said estate, together with her petition praying for her discharge; and the Hon. Ignacio Aragon y Garcia, probate judge of the above named county and state, has set the 1st day of March, 1920, at the hour of ten o'clock a. m., at the court room of said court, in the village of Los Lunas, New Mexico, as the day, time and place for hearing objections, if any there be, to said report and petition.

Therefore, any person or persons wishing to object are hereby notified to file their objections with the county clerk of said county on or before the date set for hearing.

Diego Aragon, County Clerk.
By Teles Mirabal, Deputy.

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the District Court of the 7th Judicial District in and for Valencia County, State of New Mexico, Madardo Sanchez, Plaintiff, vs. N. C. Hawkins, Defendant.

No. 2232.

You are hereby notified that a suit has been commenced and is now pending against you in the District Court of the 7th Judicial District of the State of New Mexico, in and for the County

of Valencia, the object and general nature of which is to recover a judgment against you in the sum of Four Hundred Twenty Six and 07/100 dollars, on note and bond and cash furnished you; to have an attachment issued and levied upon the following described personal property situate in the County of Valencia and State of New Mexico, to-wit:

Three cows, three heifers, one bull, one yearling bull calf, one yearling heifer, one calf, three beds, one clock, six chairs, two rocking chairs, one small table, one piano, one dresser, one trunk, fifteen jars of fruit, one wagon and one saddle, and to have said property sold and the proceeds applied to the payment of said judgment.

You are further notified that an attachment has been issued and levied upon the above described property, and that unless you appear and make defense to said suit on or before the 31st day of January, 1920, judgment will be rendered against you in said cause by default, and said property sold to satisfy judgment.

Barnes and Livingston, of Belen, New Mexico, are the attorneys for plaintiff.

Witness my hand this 4th day of December, A. D. 1919.
(Seal) Diego Aragon, County Clerk and Ex-Officio Clerk of the District Court.
By W. D. Newcomb, Deputy

NOTICE.

In the Probate Court, Valencia County, State of New Mexico. In the Matter of the Estate of

Deciderio Sanchez, Deceased.

No. —

Notice is hereby given that Veneranda Sanchez, administratrix of the estate of Deciderio Sanchez, deceased, has filed her final report as administratrix of said state, together with her petition praying for her discharge; and the Hon. Ignacio Aragon y Garcia, probate judge of the above named county and state, has set the first day of March, 1920, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., at the court room of said court, in the village of Los Lunas, New Mexico, as the day, time and place for hearing objections, if any there be, to said report and petition.

Therefore, any person or persons wishing to object are hereby notified to file their objections with the county clerk of said county on or before the date set for said hearing.

Diego Aragon, County Clerk.
By Teles Mirabal, Deputy.

RECLAMAN LA MUERTE DE WALLACE.

Washington, Enero 12— a secretaria de estado ha hecho saber que la embajada americana de la ciudad de Mexico ha recibido instrucciones de renovar sus agencias ante la secretaria de relaciones de Carranza, para que se haga la prosecucion y se imponga el castigo correspondiente a los culpables del homicidio de James Wallace, ciudadano americano asesinado por un soldado carrancista.

El resultado de las investigaciones hechas por la secretaria del estado acerca del asesinato de James Wallace, perpetrado por un soldado mexicano, acerca de Tampico el 26 de Noviembre pasado, ha sido telegrafada a la embajada americana de la ciudad de Mexico con instrucciones de que renueve sus representaciones ante el gobierno de Mexico para un pronto y adecuado castigo del responsable.

La investigacion hecha por la secretaria revela que Wallace se hallaba en estado normal al tiempo de ser cometido el asesinato, que su reputacion de ser sobrio era perfectamente establecida, y que el coronel al mando de la guarnicion carrancista explico el homicidio diciendo que el centinela que habia disparado sobre Wallace estaba ebrio.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

State of New Mexico, in the Probate court of Valencia county, New Mexico.

In the matter of the last will and Testament of Mary Sichler, deceased.

Order Fixing Date of Hearing Proof of Will.

An instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of Mary Sichler, deceased, having this day been presented to the county for probate by Andreas Sichler, of Valencia county New Mexico, and the same having been read in open court as required by law, it is hereby ordered by the court that the 1st day of March, 1920, at the hour of ten o'clock a. m. at the above entitled court at Los Lunas, New Mexico, at the county court house is hereby fixed as the day, time and place for hearing proof for said last will and testament. Dated at Los Lunas, New Mexico this 6th day of Jan. 1920.

Ignacio Aragon y Garcia, Probate Judge.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Belen, N. M., Jan. 7, 1920.

Having my wife Elvira Delgado abandoned her duties as my wife and refused to live with me without any reason, I will not be responsible from this date on for no account or compromise whatever she may make in my name.

Jose Flores.

THE BELEN SANITARY BAKERY!

OPPOSITE GOEBEL'S HALL

Only Bakery in Valencia County

Operating a New and Sanitary building

New Equipment and a New

Middleby Oven

Your Patronage Solicited

F. A. Clark, Prop.

AMERICA LAGS IN THE AIR.

When the German command-er turned the Hun fleet over to the British he is quoted as having remarked: "You may send them all to the scrap heap, the future lies with the submarine in the air."

The British, the French and the Italians have accepted the challenge of that remark. Germany is putting the remark into practice. Amid the wreckage of defeat Germany has planned an air link with Scandinavia. The Krupps are specializing upon a newly invented gas turbine that drives, almost noiselessly, an airplane carrying fifty people. France and Italy are building dry armadas. Britain is linking herself through the air with India.

America meanwhile has scrapped the feeble infant air service that was just beginning to toddle when the war was ended. Having perfected the lighter than air machine, having contributed to science many of the more important inventions for the success of the airplane, America is now content with haphazard, unorganized efforts to harness the air for work in the interests of commerce and national defense.

The government continues to grope for an air policy, and the whole air program continues as an obscure detail of the nation's business. But the future of the air is to important a problem to be handled as a mere branch of the army or navy. It is important enough to be put at once in a department of the government of the air—which shall coordinate all the uses of the airplane in defense and in commerce.

NOTICE OF BANKRUPT.

In the United States district court for the district of New Mexico.

Bankrupt's Petition for Discharge.

In the Matter of) No. 311
Gus Weiss) In Bank-
Bankrupt.) ruptcy.
To the Hon. Colin Neblett,
Judge of the district court of the
United States for the district
of New Mexico.

Gustave Weiss, of Laguna, in the county of Valencia, and State of New Mexico, in said district, respectfully represents that on the 24th day of May, 1919, last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the act of congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said acts and of the orders of the court touching his bankruptcy.

Wherefore he prays that he may be decreed by the court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankrupt acts, except such debts that are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated the 31st day of December, A. D. 1919.

Gustave Weiss, Bankrupt.
By Sims and Botts, Attys.
Order of Notice Thereon.

In the United States District Court for the District of New Mexico.

In the matter of:) No. 311
Gus Weiss) In Bank-
Bankrupt.) ruptcy.
District of New Mexico—ss.

On the 10th day of January, A. D. 1920, on reading the petition for the discharge of Gus Weiss, bankrupt, it is ordered by the court that a hearing be had upon the same on the 15th day of February, A. D. 1920, before George C. Taylor, a referee in bankruptcy of said court, at Albuquerque,

in said district at 10 o'clock in forenoon; and that the notice thereof be published in the Belen News, a newspaper printed in said district; and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered by the court that the referee shall send by mail to all known creditors, copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

(Seal) Colin Neblett,
U. S. District Judge.

Attest:
A true copy.
Wyly Parsons, Clerk.

Do not wait to be **URGED** to buy Red Cross Christmas Seals.

Go to the local campaign headquarters and make your donation. Every seal sold is a blow at TUBERCULOSIS.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BELEN, NEW MEXICO

RESOURCES	
1. Loans and discounts including redemptions (except those shown in b and c)	\$556,935.93
2. Foreign bills of exchange or draft sold with endorsement of this bank, not shown under item d, above (see item 55 c)	\$556,935.93
Overdrafts secured \$247.67, unsecured, \$182.71	430.38
a Deposited to secure circulation (U. S. bonds per value)	\$25,000.00
b Deposited to secure postal savings deposits (par value)	2,000.00
d Pledged as collateral for state or other deposits or bills payable	16,900.00
f Owned and unpledged	7,320.13
h War savings certificates and thrift stamps actually owned	431.31
Deposited with state authorities in accordance with provisions of Sec. 11-K, federal reserve act	51,651.44
e Securities, other than U. S. bonds (not including stock), owned and unpledged	13,106.81
Total bonds, securities, etc., other than U. S.	13,106.01
Stocks of federal reserve bank (50 per cent of subscription)	2,250.00
a Value of banking house, owned and unincumbered	14,870.81
Furniture and fixtures	6,235.94
Real estate owned other than bnkg. house	2,003.04
Lawful reserve with federal reserve bank	35,931.88
Items with several reserve bank in process of collection (not available as reserve)....	22.40
Cash in vault and net amount due from national banks	38,890.39
Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies (other than included in items 12, 13, or 14.)	10,013.73
Total of items 13, 14, 15, 16, and 17	48,866.52
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank & other cash items	3,284.46
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer and due from U. S. treasurer	1,250.00
Interest earned but not collected—approximate—on notes and bills receivable not past due	8,515.61
Other assets, if any	2,241.41
Total.....	\$747,623.43

LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	\$25,000.00
Surplus fund	50,000.00
a Undivided profits	\$ 9,367.74
b Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	9,367.74
Interest and discount collected or credited in advance of maturity and not earned (approximate)....	1,906.87
Amount reserved for taxes accrued	3,841.23
Amount reserved for all interest accrued..	4,077.75
Circulating notes outstanding	25,000.00
Net amount due to banks, bankers and trust companies (other than included in items 27 or 30)	24.50
Cashier's checks on own bank outstanding	4,467.80
Total of items 30, 31, 32 and 33	262,604.26
Individual deposits subject to check	60,007.65
Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)	169.14
Other demand deposits	169.14
Total of demand deposits (other than than bank deposits) subject to reserve, items 34, 35, 36, 37, 38 and 39	322,791.05
Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed)	209,616.79
Postal savings deposits	171.80
Other time deposits	64,443.30
Total of time deposits subject to reserve, items 40, 41, 42 and 43	274,231.89
Bills payable, other than with federal reserve bank (including all obligations representing money borrowed other than rediscounts)	10,000.00
Bills payable with federal reserve bank	16,000.00
Liabilities other than those above stated	24.60
Total.....	\$747,623.43

Assets of New Mexico, County of Valencia—ss.

I, C. Beckler, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Correct—Attest:
JOHN BECKER,
PAUL E. DALIES,
BERNARD JACOBSON,
Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of Jan. 1920

(Seal) ESTHER M. LINDBERG,
My commission expires January 25, 1923
Notary Public.

PRINCE ALBERT



the national
joy smoke
makes a whale
of a cigarette!

YOU certainly get yours when you lay your smokecards on the table, call for a tidy red tin or a toppy red bag of Prince Albert and roll a makin's cigarette! You'll want to hire a statistical bureau to keep count of your smokestunts! Why, you never dreamed of the sport that lies awaiting your call in a home rolled cigarette when it's P. A. for the packing!

Talk about flavor! Man, man, you haven't got the listen of half your smokecareer until you know what rolling 'em with P. A. can do for your contentment! And, back of P. A.'s flavor, and rare fragrance—proofs of Prince Albert's quality—stands our exclusive patented process that cuts out bite and parch! With P. A. your smokesong in a makin's cigarette will outlast any phonograph record you ever heard! Prince Albert is a cinch to roll. It's crimp cut and stays put like a regular pal!

Prince Albert upsets any notion you ever had as to how delightful a jimmy pipe can be! It is the tobacco that has made three men smoke pipes where one was smoked before. It has won men all over the nation to the joys of smoking.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO COMPANY, Winston-Salem, N. C.

Awaiting your say-so, you'll find toppy red bags, tidy red tins, handsome pound and half pound tin humidor—and—that classy, practical pound crystal glass humidor, with sponge moistener top that keeps Prince Albert in such perfect condition!



NOTICE

In the Probate Court, Valencia County, State of New Mexico.
In the Matter of the Estates of
of
Agapito Garcia and Aurora Gabaldon de Garcia, deceased.
Number —

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned was on the 5th day of January, 1920, appointed administrator of the estates of Agapito Garcia and Aurora Cabaldon de Garcia, deceased, by Hon. Ignacio Aragon y Garcia, Probate Judge of Valencia County, New Mexico.

Therefore all persons having claims against said estates are hereby notified to file the same with the county clerk of Valencia county, within one year from date of this appointment as provided by law, or the same will be barred.

Francisco Garcia,
Administrator.

NO FICIA.

En la Materia de los Estados de
de
Agapito Garcia y Aurora Gabaldon de Garcia, finados.

Numero —

Por esta se da noticia que el abajo firmado fue el dia 5 de Enero, 1920, nombrado administrador de los estados de Agapito Garcia y Aurora Gabaldon de Garcia, finados, por el Hon. Ignacio Aragon y Garcia, juez de pruebas por el condado de Valencia, N. M.

Por lo tanto todas las personas que tengan reclamos contra dichos estados son por esta notificados de protocolar los mismos con el escribano de condado del condado de Valencia, dentro de un año de la fecha de este nombramiento como proveido por ley, o los mismos seran desechados.

Francisco Garcia,
Administrador.

THE BELEN NEWS

Is now ready and well equipped to turn out all kind of job work pertaining to town or elsewhere at very moderate prices, and to accommodate all customers on short notice.

EL HISPANO AMERICANO

Tiene su departamento de obras bien equipado, y esta listo para hacer toda clase de obras como son encabezados de carta, carteras, y todo ramo perteneciente a obras comerciales, invitaciones, etc.