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Carrizozo News, 04-04-1919

J.A. Haley

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OLDEST AND LEADING NEWSPAPER IN CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY OF LINCOLN, NEW MEXICO

LIFE LINE 29

CARRIZOZO, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, APRIL 4, 1919

NUMBER 14

Organize Non-Partisan Good Roads Association

Pursuant to call, a large and representative gathering of citi-

zens convened in the High School building at Capitán last Saturday to perfect a permanent road organization for Lincoln county. R. C. Sowder, of Picacho, who

had been elected temporary chairman at a preliminary meeting called the gathering to order. Upon motion a committee was appointed to outline a policy for the organization, suggest a name and arrange a plan of govern-

The committee retired and after a short delay brought in a report, with the following suggestions:

Name, "Lincoln Non-Partisan Good Roads Association."

Government, seven directors, viz: R. C. Sowder, Picacho; D. N. Bonnell, Glencoe; George A. Titsworth, Capitan; C. D. Mayer, White Oaks; A. S. McCamant, Corona; C. F. Grey, Ocampo, and Ira O. Wetmore, Carrizozo. And for officers, R. C. Sowder, president; C. F. Grey, secretary. The directors to have the authority to call meetings when and where they desire to do so. A recom-

The report of the committee was adopted without change of opinion, and the enrollment of members and the payment of dues began. Quite a membership was enrolled from those present and citizens of the county generally will be urged to add their names to the organization. L. W. White, cashier of the First State Bank, Capitan, was chosen treasurer, and membership dues may be remitted to him.

Additional Operation

Lieut. Henry Lutz has informed

his family that he had to undergo another operation on his injured leg. The bone was infected so it was determined to eliminate the trouble by operation. It earnestly hoped the young lieutenant will not be a sufferer.

much longer from his wounds.

**German Helmets
To Be Given Away**

Thirty-five hundred German helmets have been shipped to

Dallas for distribution among prominent workers in the Victory Liberty Loan campaign. Every county chairman will receive a full share to be distributed as personal gifts and mementos of the great war. Some will use them as cuspidors and others

place them under a glass case and hand them on as heirlooms to the family. **CLAYTON.**

Lacks Appreciation

The farmer who owns a farm is the particular person who is fixed. Banks may fail and factories close, workmen strike, mines suspend, merchants liquidate and towns burn, times may panicky and even crops may short—but the farmer who owns his acres will get along. He will live in comfort and quiet and always eat, drink and sleep.

He is the most independent man on earth. Yet there are lots

Methodist Church
By Rev. R. H. Lonsdale, Pastor, Telephone
Sunday school at 10. Sabbath
gospel sermons at 11 and 8. I
worth League at 7.
Special music at all services.
We appreciate you. Come.

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Suits For Wear On Stormy Days

New York.—Women should take the rainy day seriously. They should not save up for it; they should prepare for it, advises a prominent fashion writer. The "saving up" process may sound wise to philosophers, and it may appeal to financiers when translated in terms of coin; but when it applies to apparel, the philosophy and the practice are all wrong.

Can any woman answer the question as to why she should look her worst on a day when she needs to look her best? Why does she feel that every occasion in life requires a certain kind of costume, except a day of bad weather? Thinking along the right track would make one confident that a special costume for a rainy day is as necessary as one for a dinner party. The average woman, in fact, the vast majority of women, will tell you that they wear out their old clothes when the skies are gray, the snow flies, and the rain soaks the atmosphere and floods the streets.

There are individuals who achieve in life the distinction of wearing old clothes as well as they do new ones; or inventing any costume with a certain chic. But these are individuals, rare types among women who are envied by all the others and who are envied, through this personal achievement, to be economical if they so desire. They are a class apart, they are not models for other women. No one can imitate them. An extraordinary distinction in dress is a gift, as Harry Lauder says, and not a habit.

Now, cutting out these women who may do anything they please in the realm of dress, there is a world of women to be guided, counseled and guided in the kind of clothes they save up for bad weather. If clothes cannot be worn in the sunshine, it is obvious that they are unbecoming, ungraceful, out of style. They must have serious defects, or they would continue in harness. Hung in the dark corners of the closet, and taken out only for the dark hours of the day, they cannot be expected to glorify or enhance a woman's appearance. Yet, one finds almost invariably that these are the clothes which dot the streets on rainy days; that appear in the shops, and that do duty at luncheon.

And what is the result? A woman dresses herself in all the things that she dislikes and has discarded, goes abroad under a gray sky, and finds herself accepting an invitation to lunch or dropping in for an afternoon tea when the sun is shining, the streets are dry, and she looks like the symbol of an old clothes shop.

War Brought in Leather.

Although the military touches in women's costume have not been startling or aggressive, outside of the regulation uniforms worn by war workers, there has been an introduction of other fabrics than those worn in peace. Leather, for instance. Women had nothing whatever to do with this fabric, except for shoes and hand bags, until the constant usage of it by soldiers on the streets of cities gave rise to its introduction for women's clothes.



Belge-colored leather suit, with skirt belted and lapped at back. Umbrella, knitted muffer and valises cap are in dark red.

The best of these storm coats is of rubberized cloth, with cap to match. It is made like a chemise frock, with immense pockets at the hips, a turned-up cuff at the hem, and a wide, belted collar that hugs the back of the neck and fastens across the chest with two leather buttons. The high-waisted skirt fastens in front with a leather button.

Whatever else you eliminate in your rain apparel, don't omit pockets. They have taken a new lease of life. The soldiers have taught us their smartness, and necessity has taught us their convenience. They must be big enough to hold packages, and warm enough to protect the hands.

These leather skirts were taken up by sports last year, and they have been retained for rough weather in city streets. Leather has been worn in the past, and in black and there are costs

of it made of that shiny kind which one once saw on policemen.

Rubberized cloth was brought in by the war. Khaki-colored covert cloth and gabardine were returned to fashion through the war. Sheepskin collars and cuffs came about through its use as a lining for British coats. Extra high leather boots have been emphasized since America went into the war, and now leather caps and hats with brims like the New England fishermen wear have come into fashion.

France brought out a host of new umbrellas since the war, because the French women were compelled to walk. The majority of Parisiennes put the bad weather down to the war, and there were Americans who thought along the same channel; but the probable truth is that the French woman, even of the poorest class, is not used to walking the streets in fair or foul weather, and when the war compelled



Coat suit of rainproof dark-blue cloth belted with black shoelaces. Cap of varnished blue straw. High leather boots reach up to the short skirt, and the high collar is of seal-skin.

her to do this, through the lack of taxis and money, she found leather, oilskin and umbrella necessary.

Entire Leather Suit.

One woman turns herself out on the street whenever her best clothes are inadvisable, in a beige-colored leather suit made by a sporting goods house. The skirt is narrow and short, slit in the back, then lapped over to allow room for walking. The trench coat is cut double-breasted, with large, bundle pockets and straight, stiff cuffs in which a woman now places her purse and handkerchief. The cap, the umbrella and the knitted muffer, which goes twice about the neck, are in dark red. The double row of buttons are made of leather, and tan shoes, with rubber soles and heels, are laced up as high as the new regulations will permit.

Leather is costly, you know, and every woman does not feel that she can indulge in it, but heavy brown tweed, which stands the rain in an admirable manner, is used as a substitute by another well-dressed woman. This has a short skirt heavily stitched at the hem, and the odd blouse, which looks like a jacket, goes over the shoulders, is fastened at each side of the chest, and has a muffer as an attached collar. The buttons on this suit are of leather, and the loops that go over them are of stitched tweed. There is a flat cap of brown leather, and the high shoes have no heels, but thick, extended soles and leather laces.

When Old Clothes Are Used.

There are women who cling to their old suits and frocks for certain occasions. Nothing can divorce them from these garments as long as they hold together. Habit of mind compels these women to use these clothes for untold days, but the necessity for warmth may compel them to get a storm coat that covers all the shabbiness beneath and presents to the outside world that spick-and-span appearance which suggests that something new is at hand.

The best of these storm coats is of rubberized cloth, with cap to match. It is made like a chemise frock, with immense pockets at the hips, a turned-up cuff at the hem, and a wide, belted collar that hugs the back of the neck and fastens across the chest with two leather buttons. The high-waisted skirt fastens in front with a leather button.

Whatever else you eliminate in your rain apparel, don't omit pockets. They have taken a new lease of life. The soldiers have taught us their smartness, and necessity has taught us their convenience. They must be big enough to hold packages, and warm enough to protect the hands.

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LAND IN DEMAND

Opportunities of Western Canada
Becoming Known.

Fertile Soil on Which Can Be Produced Record Crops Offered to Settlers at Prices Attractive to Farm Seekers.

In the early months of 1919 there was a demand for farm lands in Western Canada, the greatest that has ever been in the history of the country. This despite the fact that farm lands have increased in price, as the value of the farm product has increased and the virility and productive value of Western Canada farm lands have come more and more into evidence. Farming there is no longer an experiment. Good crops can be grown in all localities, some probably a little more favorable than others, but on the whole a good—more than good—general average. Land elsewhere on the continent is used for the developing of one hundred and twenty dollar steers, thirty-five dollar hogs, two dollar and twenty cent wheat and eighty-five cent oats, and its price is anywhere from one hundred and fifty to three hundred dollars an acre. Western Canada land sells at from twenty to forty dollars an acre, and the farmer cultivating it gets one hundred and twenty-five dollars for his steer, thirty-five dollars for his hog, two dollars and twenty cents for his wheat, and eighty-five cents for his oats. And he can grow corn, too, but Western Canada is saying no more about it than North Dakota did fifteen years ago, when it was an experiment there, and see what North Dakota is doing today. The prediction is that in less than a decade corn will be grown successfully in all parts of Western Canada. It is, therefore, easy to account for the increased demand for Western Canada lands. The war is ended, and the food that the American and Canadian farmer sent across to the soldier, holding up his strength and maintaining his vitality, won the war. No! It was just a factor in winning it, as was the soldier of Italy, of France, of Belgium, of Great Britain, of Canada and of the United States. An important factor, nevertheless, people generally have begun to realize what food means, means to everybody—and it is grown on the farm. So people today want farm lands, and they want those that are good. The great, wide, open stretches of wonderfully productive soil of Western Canada are the chief attraction of the land seekers of today, and it will be so tomorrow, and of all days, until these vacant inviting acres are brought into fruition by the hand of man and the multiplied effort of steam and gasoline power, to the influence and operation of which these lands present such a splendid opportunity.

The pulse of today's desire to secure farm lands may be seen to beat in the columns of the local newspaper, recording sales of many tracts of lands, ranging from 100 to 1,200 acres. A Regina (Sask.) paper says, "In farm lands there is no brisk a business being done that it might be considered a boom." Another paper reports the sale of a section of raw prairie seven miles east of Regina for \$35 an acre, and 200 acres at \$50 an acre. One real-estate firm handled in three weeks' time over 5,000 acres of farm lands, the turnover being upward of \$100,000. An improved farm near Regina changed hands at \$47 an acre. "For the first time in the history of the Moosejaw district farm land has been sold for \$100 an acre, when J. B. Cameron of Victoria, B. C., sold half a section, known as the Lett farm, to John Logan. The farm was bought a year ago for \$85 an acre and is located three miles from the city. It is highly improved and has fine buildings."

An extract from a local paper says: "The movement of farm lands is opening up well this season and there is every indication that a large area of prairie property will be turned over during the months intervening before seedtime."

"The price received for farm lands in each instance is considered as good, particularly for unimproved raw prairie, and shows a considerable improvement on prices for similar properties sold during the years of the war."—Advertisement.

Lucky Discovery.

Two women of the parvenue class were discussing the future of their respective sons, when one of them said: "Do you know, I believe that a boy's development depends largely upon his environment?"

"I know it," replied the other, as she carelessly toyed with her jewel box. "There was my cousin William's boy—he never knew what it was to have a well day till the doctor found out the trouble was with his environment and cut it out."—Harper's.

Paradoxical.

"Is Jones of dry tendencies?" "Well, he's on the water wagon."—Baltimore American.

It is easier to recover lost money than lost time.

Mind your own business, unless you are able to employ a private secretary.

Your Eyes

A Wholesome, Cleansing, Retrospect and Healing Lotion—Maurine for Redness, Soreness, Granulation, Itching and Burning of the Eyes or Eyelids. "I Dropped After the Movies, Maurice or God will win your confidence. Ask Your Druggist for Maurice when your Eyes Need Care. M.D. Maurice Eye Remedy Co., Chicago



ROAD BUILDING

ROAD BUILDERS ARE NEEDED

Opportunities for Returned Soldiers—Both Skilled and Unskilled Labor Required.

Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.

In response to requests for information, the bureau of public roads of the United States department of agriculture has collected from the highway departments of the various states figures indicating the profitable number of returned soldiers and sailors that can be used during 1919 in road construction and repair work. Of the 38 states replying only 29 gave definite figures. They report they can use 11,637 soldiers and sailors as skilled laborers, and 91,904 as unskilled. Under the head of skilled labor the state highway departments were asked to report on the requirements for masons, carpenters, quarry bosses, concrete finishers, road foremen, roller men and superintendents. Unskilled laborers were not separated into classes.

The states that have thus far given definite figures, with the estimated number of men that may be used, are: Alabama, skilled 60, unskilled 1,000; Arizona, skilled 48, unskilled 100; Colorado, unskilled 1,250; Connecticut, skilled and unskilled, 4,000; Delaware, skilled 100; unskilled 1,000; Florida, skilled 685; unskilled 4,315; Georgia, skilled and unskilled, 4,000; Idaho, unskilled, 200; Illinois, skilled 2,500, unskilled 15,000; Kansas, skilled 1,000; unskilled 4,800; Kentucky, skilled 800; unskilled 3,500; Louisiana, skilled 110, unskilled 1,000; Maine, skilled 100; unskilled 1,000; Massachusetts, skilled, 150; unskilled, 2,000; Michigan, skilled 200, unskilled 2,000; Minnesota, skilled 1,200, unskilled 4,800; Mississippi, skilled and unskilled, 2,000; Montana, skilled 104, unskilled 644; Nebraska, skilled 267, unskilled 2,250; Nevada, skilled 35, unskilled 205; New Hampshire, skilled 332, unskilled 1,000; New



Good Roads Between Annapolis and Baltimore—Job for Many Men to Build and Maintain Road Like This.

York, skilled 1,400, unskilled 7,000; Oregon, skilled 270, unskilled 2,430; Rhode Island, skilled 50, unskilled 450; South Carolina, unskilled, 1,500; Virginia, skilled 900, unskilled 5,100; Washington, skilled and unskilled, 2,000; West Virginia, skilled 700, unskilled 9,800; Wisconsin, skilled 900, unskilled 7,500.

EXPENSE OF CONCRETE ROAD

Average Cost for Surface Only Estimated at About \$12,300 Per Mile—Filling Cracks.

By A. W. DEAN, Chief Engineer Mass. Highway Commission.

The average cost of a concrete surface, 15 feet wide, not including grading, drainage, culvert work, etc., but including the concrete surface only, is about \$12,300 per mile, according to contract prices under which concrete roads have been constructed by this commission. Of course, the cost of grading, drainage, culverts, etc., will vary greatly.

So far as the concrete surface becoming more or less cracked and full of holes after three or four years is concerned, I would state it is true that it cracks to a certain extent, but if properly built, with expansion joints, no holes will appear, and very few cracks, and the cost of filling the cracks with bitumen is very slight.

GOOD GARDEN IS BIG ASSET

Useful for Fresh Vegetables and Surplus May Be Stored for Use During Winter.

A good garden is very useful for fresh vegetables. Where there is a surplus the vegetables may be stored and saved for future use. In this way you may have new vegetables, costly and quickly served in winter. The result will be better and cheaper living about the farm.

PLAQUE MADE DIRE RECORD

Reasonable Grounds for Estimating That Influenza Has Cost the Lives of Six Million Persons.

Though estimates of deaths over the whole world from any single epidemic are very difficult to form, there seem to be reasonable grounds for believing that some 6,000,000 persons have perished of influenza and pneumonia during the last comparatively few weeks. Business has been interfered with by the epidemic in every country in the world, and enormous losses both in earning power and in trade have been suffered. The cost of the "influenza war" cannot be reckoned, but that it is colossal does not admit of doubt.

This plague, then, generally regarded with equanimity, is, it would seem, five times more deadly than war. It has been estimated that the war caused the death of 20,000,000 persons in four and one-half years, writes a physician in the London Times. In the same period at its epidemic rate influenza would have killed 108,000,000. The visits of the raiding Goths to London were but as a summer shower compared with the deluge of germs which we have just received. The air raids cost London some hundreds of lives; the influenza has cost it upwards of 10,000.

Never since the black death has such a plague swept over the face of the world; never, perhaps, has a plague been more stolidly accepted. In India alone over 3,000,000 deaths occurred. Bombay had 15,000 of these; Delhi, with a population of 200,000, had 800 deaths a day. The Punjab lost 250,000 persons. South Africa suffered no less severely. In Cape Town 2,000 children were left destitute as a result of the disease, while the plague swept through the native areas like fire. The commonwealth of Australia sent a ship to Samoa with help because the disease was affecting 80 per cent of the natives. The white population were only able to feed the living and bury the dead. In New Zealand public services were stopped and business gravely disorganized. The ravages in America have been appalling, nor has Canada escaped. In Ontario and the western provinces no fewer than 108 doctors died of the epidemic, while the total death rate in Ontario alone was 5,000 up to November. A large number of American Indians have perished. Europe as a whole has suffered in the same way. In Spain the epidemic was described as "truly awful." In Barcelona the death rate was credibly stated to be 1,200 daily. France has had her share, likewise Germany and Austria.

Few Presidents Rich.

The Roosevelt fortune was different, moreover, in being mainly an inherited fortune. Its possessor may have added to it in his lifetime, but, as in the case of other presidents, most of his personal earnings in a period of forty years of public life were absorbed in the support of his family. No other president has ever enjoyed such advantages of remunerative publicity as Mr. Roosevelt, and besides his salary from official positions his income from his books and from editorial work must have been large. Yet it is a fair inference that if there had been the sole sources of his support he would have died a poor man, as Cleveland did, and most of their predecessors in the White House.

This has been the common financial fate of presidents, and the example of Mr. Roosevelt probably merely proved the rule that the office of president is not economically productive in any logical proportion to its exalted state and onerous political qualifications.

A Different Vocation.

Alderman Louis B. Anderson, who is endowed with a keen sense of humor, can as a rule be depended upon to bring out the latest story finding favor among "the brethren."

A story handed to Alderman Anderson by some of the boys concerns Sam Jones, who stood 6 feet 4 inches in his stocking feet and was in training at one of the southern camps. One day the officers undertook the organization of a regimental band.

"Anybody here a bugler?" asked the company commander.

Sam stepped forward three paces. "Play a few notes to show us how good a bugler you are," was the next direction.

"Buglah!" exclaimed the astonished Sam. "No no buglah. I thought you said burg'lah."—Chicago American.

The Strasburg Clock.

A correspondent writes that it is not at every hour that the procession of the twelve apostles makes the round of the famous clock at Strasburg, says a London paper. That takes place only at midday by middle European time. The quarters of each hour are struck by the figures of a child, a young man, an adult man, and an old man in their order, while an ally of Death appears and strikes each full hour. Many marvelous astronomical phenomena are also shown on the clock, which automatically regulates itself at midnight on the last day of each year. It is not generally known, by the way, that a model of this unique timepiece can be seen any day by Londoners in the Horniman museum at Forest Hill.

Heard in the Pantry.

The Turnip—Hear about the sad affair in the kitchen?

The Cabbage—No, what was it?

The Turnip—One of the onions got so strong it made the potato's eyes water.

PHYSICIAN WAS IN SERIOUS CONDITION

Dr. Farnsworth Gives Doan's Credit for His Wonderful Recovery.

Dr. T. G. Farnsworth, 76 S. Kansas St., Buchanan, W. Va., retired physician of over forty years' experience, ex-State Congressman, ex-City Mayor and ex-County Health Officer, praises Doan's Kidney Pills. Here is Dr. Farnsworth's experience as he tells it: "It was just a few years after my retiring from practicing medicine that I found I was afflicted with a severe disorder of the kidneys and bladder. I grew steadily worse, and sometimes I was unable to get around at all. The kidney secretions were retarded and so painful in passing I would cry out in misery. I was in a frightful condition. After I had lost hope in other remedies, Doan's Kidney Pills were brought to my attention and I tried them. I soon noticed a change for the better. I used several boxes and they cured me completely. Never in my practice did I know a remedy that would accomplish what Doan's Kidney Pills did, and I give them my heartiest endorsement."



Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Both Beef and Milk

THE one breed that excels in both beef and milk is the Short-horn. Short-horn steers repeatedly broke the records at the markets in 1918, making the highest record on the open market of \$20.50 per cent. And Short-horn cows have milk records of over 17,000 lbs. per year. It is the farmer's best having extra milk, quality and extra improvement.

SUPERSTITION HARD TO DOWN

Quaint Beliefs in Reference to Wedding Customs That Prevail in This and Other Countries.

There are more superstitions in reference to the marriage ceremony than in reference to any other in common life. They refer to such matters as the clothes to be worn by the bride, to the year, month and day of the wedding. In Sweden it is believed that if a girl is fond of cats she will not be an old maid. We should expect the opposite.

One of our proverbs says that it is all luck for a bride to see her face in a glass by candle. Another that a wedding feast postponed bodes bad luck.

Bears must be told of a wedding and get some of the cake. The pins used in the dress of the bride at her wedding must be all thrown away; if retained by the bridesmaids they will not marry before Whitsuntide. A girl must beware of being three times a bridesmaid, for she never will be a bride.

It augurs ill for a wedding if a bride does not weep profusely. No witch can shed more than three tears, and those from her left eye only. A copious flood of tears gives assurance to the husband that the lady has not pledged her troth to Satan and is no witch.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

The Optimist.

The optimist is a man who has nothing much to make him cheerful, but who can look at the crowds of lady shoppers, these days, and be glad he's not a muskrat.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Heard This One—Lately?

"Ladeer and gent'men, I shall now sing you that mournful little ditty entitled, 'Mother's Hair Has Turned to Silver Since Father Lost His Gold.'"

Sound sleep is usually the result of soundless sleep.

As always—
food will
play a big
part
"As a man
eats,
so is he."
Grape-Nuts
a food for
body and
brain
(Contains the
building phos-
phates of the
grain)
"There's a Reason"

Modern Use of Bow and Arrow



A new toy for the kiddies is this novel bow and arrow, which shoots miniature airplanes into the air. The arrow is permanently attached to the bow, and the toy plane put on. When released the plane goes on its way and the arrow remains attached to the bow. An additional supply of planes can be carried on the left around the waist. Photograph shows plane just as it was released.

LAUGHING IS A HEALTH TONIC

Makes More Forceful the Beat of the Heart

When the individual laughs the action is accomplished by a deep, forcible movement of the chest. This deep movement increases the rapidity of the respiration flow of the arterial fluid, makes more forceful the beat of the heart, observes an authority, and by that means brings back the blood to the lungs at a greater pace, and therefore helps to accomplish a quicker nourishment of the body and thus brings mental reaction.

More than mental rest and benefits to the health of the mechanism, a good laugh brings with it food for the emotional fabric. The physiological action involved in a hearty laugh stimulates the emotions and acts in the capacity of an increased electric current in a wire by whose force machines are moved. The hairlike capillaries, so strained and worked during the course of a busy day, become rapidly emptied as laughter quickens the emotional fibers.

As the immediate result, there comes relief to the tubes in the form of a freshened supply of food. The heavily congested capillaries and the emotional fabric are stimulated, and the body is enabled to generate new energy, due to the emotional excitement caused by a laugh, and you feel regenerated and capable of carrying on with added force whatever work you are doing.

Airplane Proves Success as Mail and Freight Carrier

The airplane has proved its success as a carrier of mail, and in the Southwest, where most of the army's flying fields were laid out, airplanes are used daily for all ordinary utility business, says Red Cross Magazine. A recent report from a Texas field tells of a pilot flying 125 miles from a practice field to the wing headquarters and carrying as a prisoner a watchman who had fallen asleep on duty. Upon his return trip to the camp, he carried \$2,500 in pay vouchers, 100 pounds of bread, four airplane wheels, landing gear and struts. In addition he took in a large bundle of papers and magazines and a pouch full of mail.

Let's We Forget.

The presidents of the United States have been Washington, Adams, Jefferson, Madison, Monroe, J. Q. Adams, Jackson, Van Buren, Harrison, Tyler, Polk, Taylor, Fillmore, Pierce, Buchanan, Lincoln, Johnson, Grant, Hayes, Garfield, Arthur, Cleveland, Harrison, McKinley, Roosevelt, Taft and Wilson.

Georgia State Champion Pig Raiser Was 11-Year-Old Boy; Youngsters Start Hog Farms

Swine worth half a million dollars were raised by Georgia pig club members during 1918. Four years ago there were no pig clubs in the state, but under encouragement from the College of Agriculture and the United States department of agriculture 8,672 boys in Georgia are now enrolled in these organizations. Their beneficial effect on the swine industry of the state may be judged from a summary recently received by the department from its pig club agent in Georgia. Outstanding progress is reported as follows:

"The increase in final value of hogs raised by pig club boys in 1918 over those in 1917 was more than 50 per cent. Pig club boys won 70 ribbons and \$505 in prizes in the open ring at two Georgia fairs. The increase in number of pure-bred hogs raised by pig club boys in 1918 over 1917 was more than 300 per cent. The state champion was the eleven-year-old son of a one-horse farmer who bought his pig at an auction sale for \$37.50. She is worth \$300 today. Six pig club boys in one county will start hog farms this year. All of them began with one small pig."

Improvements Planned for Oldest Canal in China; American Will Do the Job

The oldest canal in the world, dating back nearly 2,500 years, and also the longest canal, measuring in the main section nearly 1,000 miles, is that extending from Hanchow, south of Shanghai, China, to Peking. Most of this canal has been filled with mud by overflows of the Yellow river, but the southern portion of it still constitutes a very busy waterway.

The canal is now to be rebuilt and improved, says Scientific American. The project is too vast to be done at a single operation, and the funds are not at hand. At present, about \$5,000,000 are available, and this sum will be used for the improvement of a section about 100 miles in length, leaving to a later date, when funds can be accumulated, the reconstruction of other sections. The work is to be undertaken by American engineers.

\$300,000,000 for Highways.

Estimates of contemplated highway expenditures in the United States for the season of 1919 place the total at approximately \$300,000,000. Because of government restrictions the amount was considerably lower than this in 1918, while 1917 it was placed at \$280,000,000.

Mother's Cook Book

Is there a cross word that tries to be said? Don't let it, my dear, don't let it. Just speak two words quick, in its stead. And that will make you forget it.

More Good Things.

Food is the imperative need of the family three times a day and in the important subject for all housewives to study.

Parched Rice With Tomato Sauce.

Cook three-fourths of a cupful of rice in boiling salted water until the kernels are soft. Drain and pour over cold water, draining through a colander; let stand until dry. Put two tablespoonsful of butter in a saucepan and when melted add the rice, stirring lightly until browned. Put in a serving dish and pour over it a hot, highly seasoned tomato sauce and sprinkle with one-half cupful of grated cheese. Lift the rice with a fork so that the sauce may coat each kernel.

Cold Stew.

Cut cabbage in shreds and let stand in cold water to crisp, then drain dry and moisten with the following dressing: Mix one-half tablespoonful of salt, one teaspoonful of mustard, one and one-fourth tablespoonfuls of sugar, one egg slightly beaten, two and one-half tablespoonfuls of melted butter, three-fourths of a cupful of cream and one-fourth of a cupful of vinegar. Cook over boiling water, stirring constantly until the mixture thickens. Strain and cool.

French Fried Potatoes.

Wash and pare small potatoes; cut in eighth lengthwise and soak one hour in cold water. Drain and parboil two minutes in boiling water, again drain, plunge into cold water and dry between towels; fry in deep fat until delicately brown, a few at a time; heat the fat to a higher temperature and return all the potatoes in a frying basket to the fat; when crisp and brown, sprinkle with salt and keep warm until served.

Franklin Cream Pie.

Cut three circular pieces of pastry in 8-inch pieces and prick each with a fork and bake. Put together as a layer cake with the following cream between: Mix two-thirds of a cupful of powdered sugar and one-third of a cupful of flour; add the yolks of three eggs and one whole egg, slightly beaten, one-fourth of a teaspoonful of salt and one cupful of scalded milk; cook 15 minutes. Add two tablespoonfuls of butter, two tablespoonfuls of rolled macaroons, vanilla or lemon extract to its vor.

COMB SAGE TEA IN FADED OR GRAY HAIR

If Mixed with Sulphur It Darkens so Naturally Nobody can Tell.

Grandmother kept her hair beautifully darkened, glossy and attractive with a brew of Sage Tea and Sulphur. Whenever her hair took on that dull, faded or streaked appearance, this simple mixture was applied with wonderful effect. By asking at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," you will get a large bottle of this old-time recipe, improved by the addition of other ingredients, all ready to use, at very little cost. This simple mixture can be depended upon to restore natural color and beauty to the hair.

A well-known downtown druggist says everybody uses Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound now because it darkens so naturally and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied. It's so easy to use, too. You simply dampen a comb or soft brush and draw it through your hair, taking one strand at a time. By morning the gray hair disappears; after another application or two, it is restored to its natural color and looks glossy, soft and beautiful.—Adv.

A Regular Champion.

"I hear that old Bill Stopkins is the most no account fellow in your town," remarked the city cousin. "Not good for anything, is he?"

"Well, I don't want to be too hard on the old fellow," responded the man who had something good to say about everybody. "He raises some of the likeliest lookin' weeds in this part of the kentry."

EAT A TABLET! DYSPESIA GONE

PAPE'S DIAPEPSIN INSTANTLY RELIEVES SOUR, GASSY OR ACID STOMACHS.

When meals hit back and your stomach is sour, acid, gassy, or you feel full and bloated. When you have heavy lumps of pain or headache from indigestion. Here is instant relief!



Just as soon as you eat a tablet or two of Pape's Diapepsin all the dyspepsia, indigestion and stomach distress ends. These pleasant, harmless tablets of Pape's Diapepsin never fail to make upset stomachs feel fine at once, and they cost very little at drug stores. Adv.

Practical Girl.

He (hesitatingly)—I could die for you. She—Goodness! I hope you won't think of such a thing until after we are married and I have the right to inherit.—Boston Transcript.

STOP LUMBAGO PAIN, RUB BACKACHE AWAY

Instant relief! Limber up! Rub pain, soreness, stiffness right out with "St. Jacob's Liniment."

When your back is sore and lame or lumbago, sciatica or neuritis has you stiffened up, don't suffer! Get a small trial bottle of old, honest "St. Jacob's Liniment" at any drug store, pour a little in your hand and rub it right into the pain or ache, and by the time you count fifty, the soreness and lameness is gone.

Don't stay crippled! This soothing, penetrating liniment takes the ache and pain right out and ends the misery. It is magical, yet absolutely harmless and doesn't burn or discolor the skin. Nothing else stops lumbago, sciatica and lame back misery so promptly and surely. It never disappoints!—Adv.

The Idea.

"I conduct my piano business on strictly Christian principles." "How do you mean?" "My stock is both upright and square."

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

So half a pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and 4 oz. of glycerine. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions for making and use come in each box of Barbo Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off.—Adv.

Several of the Tibetan lakes in the Himalayan mountains are 20,000 feet above sea level.

If you use Red Cross Bag Blue in your laundry, you will not be troubled by those tiny rust spots, often caused by inferior bluing. Try it and see.

The cucumber is one of the oldest of cultivated vegetables. It has been cultivated in India for 3,000 years.

Oil and truth are bound to come to the top some time.

Nellie Maxwell

THE KITCHEN CABINET

A slender acquaintance with the world must convince every man that action, not words, are the true criterion of the attachment of friends; that the most liberal professions of good will are very far from being the surest marks of it.—George Washington.

WHOLESOME FOOD FOR THE FAMILY.

For the Sunday morning breakfast there is nothing more appetizing on crisp winter days than mackerel. Soak the salt mackerel skin side up in a large pan of water, changing the water often. Add a tablespoonful of vinegar to the water and let stand over night. In the morning drain well and place in a baking dish skin side down, cover with a half cup of boiling water and when that has all evaporated add a pint of cream or rich milk; bake until it is partly absorbed and serve as a sauce with the fish.

Bread of Veal.—Take a three-pound breast of veal, make a pocket for the stuffing and fill with one cup of chopped onions, one cup of finely chopped celery fried in a little fat until soft; add two cupfuls of mashed potatoes, one teaspoonful of poultry dressing, one teaspoonful of paprika. Fill the pocket and sew it up with string. Rub the veal with plenty of fat, salt and pepper it well and dredge with a quarter of a cup of flour. Place in a baking pan and sear over in a hot oven. Baste often, using a little hot water at first. Bake one hour.

Cranberry Roll.—Roll out a rich biscuit dough and spread with chopped cranberries. Roll up and place in a baking pan. Cover with one cupful each of boiling water and sugar, add a tablespoonful of butter and bake in a moderate oven one hour.

Beef and Corn Pudding.—Drain a can of corn, reserving the liquor for soup. Put a pound of round steak through the grinder. Brown a tablespoonful of fat with a teaspoonful of minced onion, cook and stir in one tablespoonful of flour. Add one cup of beef stock, salt and paprika to taste. Put the meat in layers in a baking dish with the corn, sprinkle with salt and paprika and moisten with the sauce. Sprinkle with buttered crumbs and bake a half hour, covered, then brown for twenty minutes.

Life is worth while. Its work is not useless, its joys are not superficial. Its discipline is not unnecessary. When disappointments come face them cheerfully.

ECONOMICAL DISHES.

Milk as a food is one of the greatest importance. We are told that a quart of milk should be used daily for each member of the family before any meat is purchased. In thousands of homes where there are little children, milk, because it has increased in price, has been cut down to barely a pint per family.

White meat which is considered such a necessity is bought regardless of price. Milk, even at 15 cents a quart, is the cheapest protein food we can buy. Skim milk, which sells for half the price of whole milk, makes a most wholesome food and may be used in hundreds of dishes in which the whole milk was thought necessary. It is both unwise and false economy to save on milk and spend it on meat and more expensive protein products.

Dates at the present moment are not cheap and are not economical to buy often, at 50 or 60 cents a pound, but before long they may get back to the old price or near it and we will then feel that we can indulge in them with impunity.

Date Pudding.—Stone a pound of dates and lay them in a baking dish. Cover with milk and let stand an hour or two. Then bake in a slow oven, letting the dish stand in a dish of hot water. Serve either hot or cold. An egg for each cup of milk and a bit of salt and flavoring may be added, making a custard and a dish with more nourishment.

Fruit Rice Pudding.—Take three-fourths of a cup of uncooked rice, four tart apples, one-half cup of raisins, three-fourths of a cup of syrup, one-half teaspoonful of cinnamon, one-third of a teaspoonful of nutmeg, and the juice and rind of a lemon. Wash the rice, add the apples pared and quartered to the rice with three cupfuls of boiling water; add a half teaspoonful of salt and cook until the apples are done; add the remaining ingredients and cook until the rice is tender. Serve with a thin custard for sauce. Or the cooked mixture may be put into a baking dish and topped with a meringue and browned in the oven.

To save crumbs put them in a container so they will dry and not mold. Dry bread carefully in the oven, then roll it with a rolling pin. Do not allow too much to accumulate. If ad crumbs may be used to save flour, using one cupful of crumbs to displace a cupful of flour. Never substitute more than one-half of the flour.

Nellie Maxwell

MOTHERS TO BE

Should Read Mrs. Monahan's Letter Published by Her Permission.

Mitchell, Ind.—"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helped me so much during the time I was looking forward to the coming of my little one that I am recommending it to other expectant mothers. Before taking it, sometimes I suffered with neuralgia in my body that I thought I could not live, but after taking three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was entirely relieved of neuralgia, I had gained in strength and was able to go around and do all my housework. My baby when seven months old weighed 19 pounds and I feel better than I have for a long time. I never had any medicine do me so much good."—Mrs. PEARL MONAHAN, Mitchell, Ind.

Good health during maternity is a most important factor to both mother and child, and many letters have been received by the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., telling of health restored during this trying period by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Clear Your Skin While You Sleep with Cuticura. All druggists, Soap Co., Cincinnati 25 & 50, Talcum Co., Sample each free of "Cuticura, Dept. E, Boston."

One Way. "This letter-writing habit is a nuisance." "It surely is, but how can you stop it?" "If I had the power I'd pass a law that a man should not indict anything unless he was on the grand jury."

HEAD STUFFED FROM CATARRH OR COLD

Says Cream Applied in Nostrils Opens Air Passages Right Up

Instant relief—no waiting. Your stuffed nostrils open right up; the air passages of your head clear and you can breathe freely. No more yawning, sniffling, blowing, headache, dizziness, struggling for breath at night, your cold or catarrh disappears. Get a small bottle of Ely's Cream Salve from your druggist now. Apply little of this fragrant, antiseptic, cooling cream in your nostrils. It penetrates through every air passage of the head, soothes the inflamed or swollen mucous membrane and relief comes instantly.

It's just fine, don't stay stuffed-up with a cold or nasty catarrh.—Adv.

Direct Reply. "Rejected Suitor is slacker!" "Is here another man?" "Two million, somewhere in France."

Perpetual motion seems to be a success as a perpetual failure.

Neckly Health Talks

URIC ACID IN THE SYSTEM

BY LEE H. SMITH, M. D.

Uric acid is now generally recognized as the cause of more diseases than was heretofore believed. When the kidneys are out of order uric acid accumulates within the body in superabundance. The disordered kidneys do not filter the poisons out of the blood, as they ought to do, and so the poisons remain in the blood and float around until they find a place to lodge, in form of urate salts. The thing to remember is that you may have rheumatism in any part of the body—you may have pains anywhere—you may have aches and your head may be dizzy—but the trouble is not where the pain appears.

The trouble is in the kidneys, and what is the first thing to do? You must get that excess uric acid out of your system, which can be done by taking Anurie Tablets, the splendid remedy which Dr. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., has put on sale as the drug stores at a low price. Anurie Tablets (made double strength), when taken into the system as medicine, have the peculiar power of dissolving the uric acid deposited there. Drop a bit of sugar or salt into hot water, and it will disappear. In precisely the same way do these Anurie Tablets dissolve uric acid. Of course, after ridding the system of uric acid, it may return again unless you eat the right foods and live the right kind of life, but Dr. Pierce will advise you fully on proper food and correct living if you write and ask him. He makes no charge for such advice. Take Anurie Tablets today, by all means, and get that uric acid out of your system. Don't, don't, don't, put the matter off.

No-Karbo turns carbon into additional power. Greatest gasoline saver and carbon remover. Extra. Lubricates and trial can, the same. Lays against waste. Quaker, Boston, Ore.

Bronchial Troubles

Soothe the irritation and you relieve the distress. Do both quickly and effectively by using promptly a dependable remedy—

PISO'S

Carrizozo News

Oldest and Leading Newspaper in Lincoln County, New Mexico
 Published by the Carrizozo News Co., Inc.
 Subscription: \$2.00 per Year
 Advertising Rates: See ad. on back of this paper
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IND. A. HALEY, Editor and Publisher

FRIDAY, APRIL 4, 1919

ROAD SUPERINTENDENTS

The legislature enacted some good road legislation and then spilled the beans by placing the power in the governor's hands to play politics. Every county is to have a road superintendent under the provisions of the law, but he doesn't have to possess any special qualifications. That is a combination of good and bad—good because a county road superintendent is necessary, bad because a road superintendent lacking qualifications would be as much a travesty as a school superintendent who didn't know B from bull's foot.

Then, again, the law places in the hands of the governor an authority that should be exercised by the counties themselves. It certainly gives room for a lot of political play, and inasmuch as the governor says he "would be a damn fool" if he didn't "play politics," the presumption is that he is putting his words into practice. And in the appointment of county road superintendents the political game is quite evident—the governor is playing the "game"; but it is such a raw deal and so apparent that many feel "playing politics" may be a synonymous term with the other alternative.

The governor displayed little political acumen in appointing a man for road superintendent of Otero county. The Republicans there may not be able to show that he didn't play politics, but it is logical to assume they all agree that he played hell. The board of county commissioners of that county, exercising the authority conferred by the law, paid the appointee's salary of \$1,200 per year. The board conferred a distinction in fixing this salary, however, for the salary of a man rendered questionable service to the government during the war—they were men of honor, capacity, loyalty and patriotism.

Now comes the information that the governor has appointed Leopoldo Gonzales, of San Pabito road superintendent for Lincoln county. Mr. Gonzales is a good citizen, but if he possesses a single technical or practical qualification for a road superintendent not a breath of such an accusation has been uttered. In fact, everyone who knows Mr. Gonzales, while duly appreciating his qualities as a citizen, fully appreciate the fact that what he doesn't know about roads and road-building would fill a very large section of a very extensive library.

And now, of course, to our board of county commissioners will fall the duty of fixing his salary. If we are permitted a suggestion, we would audibly propose paying him in the same class as the Otero county road superintendent. We are consistently opposed to small salaries, and would seriously object to the board rating his salary below \$3.75 per annum.

MAN AND WOMAN

Man is naturally a home-loving animal; in fact, most animals are home-loving. And when a man asks a woman to share his life, it is usually taken as a gentle hint that he wants her to make him a home and take a sort of general oversight of his affairs and a special oversight of himself. He likes to know that she does things for him just for the reason that she loves him, and is interested in him and his well-being. He loves his home more if there is some impress of her personality upon it. He likes best the meal she prepares for him. Of course, he says very little, perhaps nothing, of all this—being a man.

GOSSIP AND BACKBITING

We are generally losers in the end if we stop to relate all the backbiting and gossiping. We may not be the loser. The loser is the community. It is true, but not dangerous so long as we do not stop to expelulate and scold. Our characters are formed and sustained by ourselves and by our own actions, and not by others. They may injure us for a time, but public opinion and justice will correct an groundless slander if we do not furnish fuel to the flame by taking valuable time to deny the charges. The cheap gossip and slanderer, who sees nothing good in human kind, usually meets with the contempt of his community.

A true lady is as much a lady washing her dinner dishes, preparing the vegetables for dinner, cleaning lamps and scrubbing floors, as when she is brooding over her embroidery frame or seated in the pleasant sitting room. If she is so fortunate as to possess a servant she will use refined language and a gentle voice in speaking to her as she uses in the reception room entertaining the most cultured among her friends.

The main thing with children is to have them well started, with good principles which they will carry through life. Obedience, truth, selflessness, purity are essentials, and these can all be lovingly cultivated, and will flourish in the right home atmosphere.

Discouragements and gloominess are things to be avoided like the pestilence; cheerfulness and merit are qualities to cultivate. Before these annoyances will disappear like dew before the sun. A happy disposition is a fortune in itself.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

GEORGE SPENCE

ATTORNEY AT LAW

CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

C. A. PERKINS

ATTORNEY AT LAW

CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

GEORGE B. BARBER

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

SETH F. CREWS

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Will practice in Federal and State Courts

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Office in Exchange Bank Bldg., Carrizozo, New Mexico

T. E. KELLEY

Funeral Director and Licensed Embalmer

CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

PAINT AND ILLITERACY.

Curious Fact Comes to Light That Localities Least Using Books Avoid Paint Also.

Washington, D. C.—A curious fact has been brought to light by the Educational Bureau and the Bureau of Industrial Research here. It is that in the states where illiteracy is most prevalent paint is least used. The paint referred to is the common or barn variety, of course, for the truck-woods countries have no need for the more permanent or local adornments. It is true, though, that in the sections of all states where white illiteracy is highest painted homes are rare and painted outbuildings and barns are practically unknown. Probably the illiterates do not use paint on their buildings because they do not understand its value as a preservative.

Dates your Liberty Bond Coupons are due

First Issue—

June 15 and December 15

Second Issue—

May 15 and November 15

Third Issue—

March 15 and September 15

Fourth Issue—

April 15 and October 15

ALL BONDS left with us are placed in a Burglar-proof Safe, the Safe is in a Fire-proof Vault, a receipt is given for the Bond, and when the Coupons mature they are clipped and the amount placed to the credit of the owner of the bond and a receipt mailed to the customer. We will handle your accounts or we will take care of your bonds.

"TRY FIRST NATIONAL SERVICE"

The First National Bank

Carrizozo, New Mexico

Get ready for THE LIBERTY LOAN, April 21, 1919

FEED YARD

HAY AND GRAIN IN CAR LOTS

All Competition Met in Prices on These Commodities

Roomy Yard - Stalls - Water

Coal and Wood

Wm. Barnett EL PASO AVENUE

Phone 86

The Titsworth Company

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

PLOUGHS
Plow Points

ONION SETS

Garden and Field Seeds

Etc.

The Titsworth Company

CAPITAN, NEW MEXICO

The Obelisk

The Obelisk was presented to the City of New York by the Khedive of Egypt.

It is a monument to the memory of the Khedive, who died in 1892. It is a monument to the memory of the Khedive, who died in 1892. It is a monument to the memory of the Khedive, who died in 1892.

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The Personal Attention RENDERED by the officers of this bank to the individual requirements of each customer is the foundation of the efficient service which we render to our depositors. Unquestioned safety and judicious conservation characterize our methods.

Member Federal Reserve System

Stockmens State Bank
 CORONA, NEW MEXICO



A Chef

who knows the secret of making delicious pastries, bread and everything else, a following everywhere. This is our chef, and we will search for his knowledge and skill. If only remains for you to let us show you how good are the things which are produced under his direction.

Pure Food Bakery E. HANNON
 CARRIZOZO, N. M.

Special Features
 For Bachelors and Dinner Parties

Carrizozo Eating House

E. W. GURNEY, Manager

Table Supplied with the Best
 and most delicious food.

Frank W. Gurney reached home Sunday on his return from Chicago. He spent a few days in Kansas on his return.

I.O.O.F.

Carrizozo Lodge

No. 30

Carrizozo, N. M. Regular meeting nights, 1st and 3rd Fridays in each month.

AUSTIN PATRY, N. G.
 Wm. J. LANGSTON, Sec'y.

Carrizozo Lodge

No. 41

A. F. & A. M.

Regular Communications of The High Lodge No. 41, A. F. & A. M. on 1st, 3rd, 5th, 7th, 9th, 11th, 13th, 15th, 17th, 19th, 21st, 23rd, 25th, 27th, 29th, 31st.

May 10, 1919, 7:30 P. M. Regular Meeting. Officers: E. W. Gurney, N. G.; Wm. J. Langston, Sec'y.

Wm. J. Langston, Sec'y.

R. L. Ransom

Plasterer & Contractor

Estimates furnished on all kinds of plastering and masonry work. Carrizozo, N. M. Phone 86

Buick and Dodge Agency

Attractive Bargains in Used Cars

Complete Stock of Accessories

TIRES and TUBES

GOODYEAR FEDERAL KOKONO

ESPECIALLY PREPARED FOR WELDING AND MACHINE WORK

Give us a share of your work. No job too small to receive attention, none too large to complete.

Garrard & Corn Garage

RAINBOW'S END *A Novel*

By REX BEACH Author of "The Iron Trail," "The Spoilers," "Heart of the Sunset," Etc.

Copyright, by Harper and Brothers

O'REILLY LEARNS OF ROSA'S PLIGHT AND RUSHES TO THE RESCUE WITH ALL POSSIBLE HASTE

Synopsis.—Don Esteban Varona, a Cuban planter, hides his wealth—money, jewels and title deeds—in a well on his estate. The hiding place is known only to Sebastian, a slave. Don Esteban's wife dies at the birth of twins, Esteban and Rosa. Don Esteban marries the avaricious Donna Isabel, who tries unsuccessfully to wring the secret of the hidden treasure from Sebastian. Angered at his refusal, she urges Don Esteban to sell Evangelina, Sebastian's daughter. Don Esteban refuses, but in the course of a gambling orgy, he risks Evangelina at cards and loses. Craved by the loss of his daughter, Sebastian kills Don Esteban and is himself killed. Many years pass and Donna Isabel is unable to find the hidden treasure. Don Mario, rich sugar merchant, seeks to marry Rosa, who has returned from school in the United States. Johnnie O'Reilly, an American, who loves Rosa, wins her promise to wait for him until he can return from New York. Donna Isabel falls to death while walking in her sleep. Esteban's connection with the insurrection is discovered and he and Rosa are compelled to flee.

CHAPTER V—Continued.

"Are you crazy, or am I?" he queried.

"You, sir; delirious. It's this way, sir; I've changed my mind, too."

"Oh—I You have?"

"I've met the dearest, sweetest—O'Reilly choked, then began again—"the dearest, loveliest—"

"Never mind the bird-calls—don't fool! I get enough of that at home. Humph! It turned out better than I thought. Why, I—I was positively terrified when you walked in. I ought to be offended, and I am, but—Get out while I telephone Ella."

O'Reilly spent that evening in writing a long letter to Rosa Varona. Other letters went forward by succeeding posts, and there was no doubt now that O'Reilly's pen was tipped with magic. He tingled when he re-read what he had written. He bade Rosa prepare for his return and their immediate marriage.

O'Reilly's love was unlimited; his trust in the girl was absolute. He knew, moreover, that she loved and trusted him. This, to be sure, was a miracle—a unique phenomenon which never ceased to amaze him. He did not dream that every man had felt the same vague wonder.

And so the time passed rapidly. But, strange to say, there came no answer to those letters. O'Reilly cursed the revolution which had made communication so uncertain; at length he cabled, but still the days dragged on with no result. Gradually his impatience gave way to apprehension.

Great was his relief, therefore, when one day a worn, stained envelope addressed in Rosa's hand was laid upon his desk. The American stamp, the Key West postmark, looked strange, but—Her first letter! O'Reilly wondered if his first letter to her could possibly have moved her as this moved him. He kissed the envelope where her lips had caressed it in the sealing. Then with eager fingers he broke it open.

It was a generous epistle, long and closely written, but as he read his keen delight turned to dismay, and when he had turned the last thin page his brain was in wildest turmoil. He

gus with Asencio and Evangelina, former slaves of our father. Such poverty, such indescribable circumstances! But they were our only friends and they took us when we were homeless, so we love them.

If this letter reaches you—and I send it with a prayer—what then? I dare not think too long of that, for the hearts of men are not like the hearts of women. What will you say when you learn that the Rosa Varona whom you favored with your admiration is not the Rosa of today? I hear you murmur, "The girl forgets herself!" But, oh, the standards of yesterday are gone and my reserve is gone, too! I am a hunted creature.

Rosa had compelled herself to start with the death of Donna Isabel and to give him a succinct account of all that had followed. O'Reilly read the story, fascinated.

That is how we came to live with Asencio and his wife. Imagine it! A bonny, hidden away far up the Yumuri, and so insignificant as to escape attention. We are no longer people of consequence or authority; our safety depends upon our inconspicuousness.

The whole country is in chaos. There is no work—nothing but hatred, and violence. Oh, what desolation this war has wrought! Esteban has already become a guerrillero. He has stolen a cow, and so we have milk for our coffee; but there is only a handful of coffee left, and little hope of more. Marauding bands of Spaniards are everywhere, and the country people tell atrocious tales about them. How will it end? How long before they will discover us and the worst will happen?

If only you were here—Oh, my dearest Juan! If only you were here—to take me in your arms and banish this ever constant terror at my heart. If only you were here to tell me that you love me still in spite of my misfortune. Seal the tears as falling as I write. You will return, will you not? I could not write like this if I were sure that you would read these lines. My nightly prayer—But I will not tell you of my prayers, for false may guide this letter to you, after all, and the hearts of men do change. In those dark hours when my doubts arise I try to tell myself that you will surely come and search me out.

When you return to Cuba—see, my faith is strong again—avoid Matanzas, for your own sake and mine. Don Mario wants to marry me to save me this exile. But I refused; I told him I was pledged to you, and he was furious. He is powerful; he would balk you, and there is always room for one more in San Severino. If I could come to you as I would, but I am marked. So if you still desire me you must search me out. You will? I pin my faith to that as to the Cross. To doubt would be to perish. If we should have to find another hiding-place, and that is always likely, you can learn of our whereabouts from Colonel Lopez.

Alas! If you had asked me to go with you that day! I would have followed you, for my heart beat then as it beats today, for you alone.

The candle is burning low and it will soon be daylight, and then this letter must begin its long, uncertain journey. I trust the many blots upon the paper will not give you a wrong impression of my writing, for I am mad, and I write wildly; only now the ink is poor and there is very little of it. There is little of anything, here at Asencio's house, except tears. Of those I fear there are too many to please you, my Juan, for men do not like tears. Therefore I try to smile as I sign myself.

Your loving and your faithful ROSA.

O God! Come quickly, if you love me.

CHAPTER VI.

The Quest Begins.

When O'Reilly had finished his second reading of the letter there were fresh blots upon the pitifully untidy pages. "I write nicely, only the ink is poor—" There is little of anything here at Asencio's house—" It is cold before the dawn—" Poor little Rosa! He had always thought of her as so proud, so high-spirited, so playful, but another Rosa had written this letter. Her appeal stirred every chord of tenderness, every impulse of chivalry in his impressionable Irish nature. "O God! Come quickly, if you love me." He leaped to his feet; he dashed the tears from his eyes.

Johnnie's preparations were conducted with vigor and promptitude; within two hours his belongings were packed. He seized his hat and hastened downtown to the office of the Cuban junta.

A businesslike young man inquired his errand. Johnnie made known a part of it, and then asked to see someone in authority. In consequence, perhaps, of his Irish smile or of that personification which he could render almost irresistible when he willed, it was not long before he gained admittance to the presence of Mr. Enriquez, a distinguished, scholarly Cuban of middle age.

O'Reilly plunged boldly into the heart of the matter which had brought

him thither. When he had finished his tale Mr. Enriquez inquired:

"But how do you expect me to help you?"

"I want your advice more than your help, although you might tell me where I can find Colonel Lopez."

Enriquez eyed his caller keenly. "That information would be very well worth having," said he. "But, you understand, we know little about what is going on in Cuba—far less than the Spaniards themselves. I'm afraid I can't help you."

"You don't take me for a spy, do you?" Johnnie asked, with his friendly grin.

"Ah! You don't look like one, but we never know whom to trust. This young lady in whom you are interested, who is she?"

"Her name is Varona; Miss Rosa Varona."

"So?" Enriquez raised his brows. "Not by any chance the heiress to that famous Varona treasure?"

"Exactly!—if there is such a thing. Here! Read this. I want you to believe me." Reverently he laid Rosa's letter before her countryman. "I'm not in the habit of showing my letters to strangers, but—I guess that'll convince you I'm not a spy."

He sat silently while the letter was being read; nor was he disappointed in the result. Mr. Enriquez raised dark, compassionate eyes to his, saying:

"This is a touching letter, sir. I thank you for allowing me to see it. No, I don't doubt you now. Poor Cuba! Her sons must be brave, her daughters patient."

"Well! You understand why I must go quickly, and why I can't chance de-

liver for I am placing their lives in your hands and—I love them dearly."

"I shall do exactly as you say."

"Very well, then! Go to Neuvitas, where Tomas lives—there is a steamer leaving in three or four days, and you can arrange passage on her. He is a dentist. Meet him, somehow, and make yourself known by repeating this sentence: 'I come from Felipe. He told me how you whipped him to keep him from going to the Ten Years' war!'"

"That will be enough; he will ask you who you are and what you want. You won't need to say anything more. No living soul, except Tomas and I, knows that he thrashed me, but it is true. He will understand from the message that I trust you, and he will help you to reach the rebels, if such a thing is possible. Come and see me when you get back, and bring me news of Tomas. Now, adios, compadre."

"Adios, señor! I am deeply grateful!"

O'Reilly had no difficulty in securing passage direct to Neuvitas on the English steamer Dunham Castle, and a few days later he saw the Atlantic highlands dissolve into the mists of a winter afternoon as the ship headed outward into a nasty running sea.

Cuba, when it came fairly into sight, lay bathed in golden sunshine, all warmth and welcome, like a bride upon an azure couch. The moist breath from her fragrant shores swept over the steamer's decks and Johnnie O'Reilly sniffed it joyfully.

Although there were but a few passengers on the Dunham Castle, they were subjected to a long delay, during which suspicious customs men searched their baggage and questioned them. Finally, however, O'Reilly found himself free to go ashore.

El Gran Hotel Europeo, Neuvitas' leading hostelry, belied its name. It was far from large, and certainly it was anything but European, except, perhaps, in its proprietor's extravagant and un-American desire to please, at any cost. But it was the best hotel the place afforded, and Señor Carbajal was the most attentive of hosts.

He evinced an unusual interest in the affairs of his American guest, and soon developed a habit of popping into the latter's room at unexpected moments, ostensibly to see that all was as it should be. When, for the third time, he appeared without knocking, O'Reilly suspected something.

"You have everything, eh?" Mr. Carbajal teetered upon the balls of his feet while his small black eyes roved inquisitively.

"Everything in abundance."

"You are a pleasure traveler? You see the sights, is that it? Well, Cuba is beautiful."

"I'm not a tourist. I travel for my health," said O'Reilly.

"You—Health?" Carbajal's frame began to heave; his bulging abdomen oscillated as if shaken by some hidden hand. "Good! Ha! There's another joke for you."

"I'm a sick man," O'Reilly insisted, hollowly.

"You don't look sick," murmured Carbajal. "Not like the other American."

"What other American?"

"A peculiar fellow. He went on to Puerto Principe. What a cough! And he was as thin as a wire. He bled at the mouth, too, all the time, when he was not reviling my hotel. You'll see him if you go there, provided he hasn't come apart with his coughing. I believe he writes for newspapers. Well, it is my pleasure to serve you. Command me at any hour." Mr. Carbajal rose reluctantly and went wheezing downstairs to his grimy tables and the flies.

CHAPTER VII.

The Man Who Would Know Life.

Later that day O'Reilly set out to reconnoiter the city of Neuvitas. He was followed, of course—he had expected as much, and the circumstances amused rather than alarmed him. But when he returned to his hotel and found that his room had been visited during his absence he felt a hint of uneasiness. Evidently, as Doctor Alvarado had forecast, the authorities were interested in him; and he had further evidence of the fact when he learned that the room next him was occupied by the very man who had shadowed him on the street. Inasmuch as the intervening wall was no more than a thin partition, through which his very breathing could be heard, while his every movement could doubtless be spied upon, O'Reilly saw the need of caution.

During breakfast, and afterward throughout an aimless morning stroll, O'Reilly felt watchful eyes upon him. When he returned to his hotel he found Mr. Carbajal in the cafe connecting refreshers for some military officers, who scanned the American with bold, hostile glances. O'Reilly complained to the proprietor of a toothache. He declared that something had to be done at once, and inquired the name and address of the best local dentist.

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Finding Doctor Alvarado's office was closed, as he had anticipated, O'Reilly proceeded to the doctor's residence.

There was some delay when he rang the bell, but eventually the dentist himself appeared. O'Reilly recognized him from his resemblance to his brother. He addressed him in English.

"I come from Felipe," he began. "He well remembers the day you whipped him to keep him from going to the Ten Years' war."

The languor of Doctor Alvarado's slats vanished. He started, his eyes widened.

"Who are you?" he muttered.

"My name is O'Reilly. I am an American, a friend, so don't be alarmed. The man you see approaching is following me, but he thinks I have come to you with a toothache."

"What do you want?"

"I want your help in joining the insurgents."

By this time the detective had come within earshot. Making an effort at self-possession, the dentist said: "Very well. I will meet you at my office in a half-hour and see what can be done." Then he bowed.

O'Reilly raised his hat and turned away.

Doctor Alvarado's dentist's chair faced a full-length window, one of several which, after the Cuban fashion, opened directly upon the sidewalk, rendering both the waiting room and the office almost as public as the street itself. Every one of these windows was wide open when Johnnie arrived; but it seemed that the dentist knew what he was about, for when his patient had taken his seat and he had begun an examination of the troublesome tooth, he said, under his breath:

"I, too, am watched. Talk to me in English. When I press, thus, upon your gum, you will know that someone is passing. Now, then, what is the meaning of your amazing message from Felipe?"

While Doctor Alvarado pretended to treat a perfectly sound molar, Johnnie managed, despite frequent interruptions, to make known the reason and circumstances of his presence.

"But there are no rebels around here," Alvarado told him. "You could escape to the country, perhaps, but what then? Where would you go? How would they know who you are?"

"That's what I want to find out."

The Cuban pondered. "You'll have to go to Puerto Principe," he said at length. "Our men are operating in that neighborhood, and my brother Ignacio will know how to reach them. I'll give you a message to him, similar to the one you brought me from Felipe." Then he smiled. "I've just thought of the very thing. Years ago I lent him a book which I particularly prized, and one of his children damaged it. I was furious. I declared I would never lend him another, and I never have. Now, then, I'll give you that very volume; hand it to him and say that I asked you to return it to him."

O'Reilly thanked him, promising to use every precaution in delivering the message. The next morning he paid Carbajal's score and took the train to the interior. In his bag was Tomas Alvarado's precious volume, and in the same coach with him rode the secret service man.

In its general features Puerto Principe differed little from the other Cuban cities O'Reilly knew. It was compactly built, it was very old and it looked its centuries. Its streets were particularly narrow and crooked, having been purposely laid out in labyrinthine mazes, so the story goes, in order to fool the pirates.

As he sat in a cafe, sipping an orangeade, he heard someone speaking an atrocious Spanish, and looked up to see that another American had entered. The stranger was a tall, funereal young man, with pallid cheeks and hollow, burning eyes. O'Reilly stepped over to the table and introduced himself. "The hotel keeper in Neuvitas told me I'd find you here," he said. "Your name is—"

"Branch! Lewie Branch. So Carbajal said you'd find me here, eh? Oh, the greasy little liar. He didn't believe it. He thought his cooking would have killed me, long ago, and it nearly did." This time Mr. Branch's bony frame underwent a genuine shudder and his face was convulsed with loathing.

"Carbajal's in the secret service. Nice fat little spy."

"So I suspected."

Mr. Branch's beverage appeared at this moment. With a flourish the waiter placed a small glass and a bottle of dark liquid before him. Branch stared at it, then rolled a fiercely smoldering eye upward.

"What's that?" he inquired.

Esteban and Rosa feel secure in their hiding place unaware that Gueto's treachery is bringing upon them a new and more terrible danger. Don't miss this development, which is disclosed in the next installment.

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Net Contents 15 Fluid Ounces

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CASTORIA

ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for
Assimilating the Food by Regulating
the Stomach and Bowels of
INFANTS—CHILDREN

Thereby Promoting Digestion
Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains
neither Opium, Morphine nor
Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Prepared by **W. L. CHARTERIS**
Chicago, Ill.

A helpful Remedy for
Constipation and Diarrhoea,
and Feverishness and
LOSS OF SLEEP
resulting therefrom in Infants.

Facsimile Signature of
W. L. Charteris

THE CHARTERIS COMPANY, NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DROPS—35 CENTS

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

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For Infants and Children.

**Mothers Know That
Genuine Castoria**

**Always
Bears the
Signature**

W. L. Charteris

**In Use
For Over
Thirty Years
CASTORIA**

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You know that when you sell or buy through the sales
you have about one chance in fifty to escape SALE
STABLE DISTEMPER. "SPRINKLES" is your true protection.
your only safeguard, for as sure as you treat all your
horses with it, you will soon be rid of the disease. It acts
as a sure preventive, no matter how they are "exposed."
It is all good druggists, horse goods houses, or delivered by
the manufacturers.

SPORN MEDICAL CO., Chemists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

Timely Advice.

"Auntie, I'm studying now about the
least common multiple."
"That's right, my child. Always go
on for whatever is least common."
—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Achieving the Goal.

Pupil (airily)—You know, I am
learning music only to kill time.
Teacher (grimly)—You're doing it

Cirrus clouds have been recorded
more than seventeen miles above the
surface of the earth.

W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 2—1919.

"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin"



**SUCCESSOR
TO QUININE**



For Colds, Grippe, Influenzal Colds

No Discomfort! No Head-buzzing! No Distress!

Millions of people take "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" as the
best means to prevent as well as to overcome Colds, Grippe
and Influenzal Colds—being far more efficient than quinine.
Besides relief comes without discomfort or distress.

"The Master of Colds"—Dependable!

Adults—Take one or two "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" with
water. If necessary, repeat dose three times a day, after meals.

"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin"

Buy only the original "Bayer packages."
Look for the safety "Bayer Cross" always.
20 cent package—also larger packages.

Owned by
Americans
Entirely.

Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monacensisider of Salicylic acid.

Acid-Stomach Ruins Health of Millions

Besides those painful attacks of in-
digestion; that awful bloated, lumpy
feeling after eating and downright
stomach misery that you who have
experienced it know so well; besides
disagreeable belching, food-repeating,
sour stomach and distressing heartburn
—besides all this, ACID-STOMACH
undermines the health and saps the
strength of millions.

If you don't get rid of those stomach
miseries there is no telling where your
stomach troubles will end, for it is a
well known scientific fact that many
serious ailments have their start in an
acid-stomach.

Start now—this very day—to get rid of
your stomach miseries. Take EATONIC
—the wonderful remedy that absorbs
the excess acid from the stomach and
brings INSTANT relief. You simply
have no idea how much better, stronger
and brighter you feel at once. It drives
out all the gas and bloating, puts an im-
mediate stop to belching and heartburn,

and stomach suffering and makes it
cool, sweet, comfortable and strong.
There can be no further excuse for
you to allow acid-stomach to wreck
your health—pile up misery upon mis-
ery until you get to the point where you
feel down and out and that life has lost
all its joy. Remember, just as acid-
month ruins teeth, so acid-stomach
ruins health.

Take EATONIC. It's good, just like
a bit of candy and makes the stomach
feel fine. You can then eat the things
you like and, what is more, every
mouthful you eat will count in creating
power and energy. You'll feel so much
better—have punch and pep—the power
and will to do things and get results,
and your stomach misery will be gone.

Take our advice. Get a big box of
EATONIC from your druggist today.
It costs so little. If it fails to remove
your stomach distress, he will refund
your money. That is guaranteed; you
are to be satisfied or money refunded.

EATONIC
FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

WASHINGTON SIDELIGHTS

"Field of Honor" for Fallen American Soldiers

WASHINGTON.—An American "field of honor" in France, in which may
rest forever the bodies of American soldiers killed in the world war, is
proposed in bills introduced by Representatives Fess of Ohio and Dent of



Alabama. "Something like 83,000
American soldiers," said Representa-
tive Fess, in discussing the bills, "have
made the supreme sacrifice in a for-
eign country. They were brigaded
along a line 200 miles in length.

"They were buried where they
fell. The policy of the government is
to return these dead if possible, but
the difficulty is apparent. It is sug-
gested that we establish in France a
field of honor, to be beautifully em-
bellished and to be a thing of beauty
for all time to come. The idea here is to find in the most beautiful part of
France a location near a city or town and to make the field the last thing in
beauty that an artist can make it, to be developed under the approval of the
Association of Fine Arts here in Washington.

"The idea is to build within the field a hall of records and a chapel. The
graves will be marked by little headstones with simply the name or the initials
of the soldier. The hall of records is to be the place where the records of
all the bodies will be preserved. The grounds should be consecrated as to be
open to Jew and Gentile, Protestant and Catholic.

"The government would be the final judge as to where the field should be
located, with the permission and consent of the French government, and the
government would, of course, remove the bodies and place them in the field.
And the government would keep a guard of one or more companies of soldiers
there, such a guard to be permanently maintained as a symbol of the govern-
ment's perpetual presence upon the field."

The measure seeks to incorporate the American Field of Honor associa-
tion, which would construct and maintain the proposed memorial cemetery,
the plan for which has been approved by Secretary Baker.

Pensions of the Widows of American Presidents

THE granting by congress of a pension of \$5,000 a year to Edith Carow
Roosevelt, widow of Theodore Roosevelt, is in keeping with precedent. It
has been the custom since the early days of the republic to honor the memory

of presidents by according some sub-
stantial recognition to their widows.
There is, however, a wide variation in
the precedents. Martha Washington,
who lived two years after the death of
George Washington, was given the
franking privilege; there is no record
of a pension. Since then the franking
privilege has been bestowed without
question, whether or not a pension was
added.

John Quincy Adams and James
Madison left the office before death;
Louise Catherine Adams and Dolly Madison got the frank, but no pension.
William Henry Harrison died 31 days after his inauguration; congress voted
Mrs. Harrison \$25,000, her husband's salary for a year. The first straight
pension was granted to the widow of John Tyler; it was \$5,000 and established
a precedent. Sarah Childers Polk was given a pension of \$5,000.

Abraham Lincoln was assassinated while in office; his widow was given
his salary of \$25,000 and a pension of \$5,000. U. S. Grant lived many years
after his presidency and Julia Dent Grant got a pension and the frank.
Lucetta R. Garfield was given \$50,000, the presidential salary having been
raised, a pension and the frank. This was also done for the widow of William
McKinley.

Mrs. Benjamin Harrison and Mrs. Grover Cleveland were voted pensions
by the senate, but upon objection in the house the bills were withdrawn. The
question was raised whether the second marriage of Mrs. Cleveland did not
invalidate her frank; it was ruled that she was entitled to it during her natural
life.

Vice President Henry Wilson died in office; his widow was voted his sal-
ary. The widow of Vice President Thomas A. Hendricks was given his salary
balance and his mileage and stationery allowance.

Navassa: American Freak Island With Odd History

MARINER and tourist en route from the Atlantic ocean to the Panama canal
by way of the Windward passage between Cuba and Haiti now see some-
thing new—the flash every half minute from an American lighthouse on



Navassa Island. The revolving light
is powerful enough to be seen about
25 miles. It was needed, for the Wind-
ward passage and the neighboring sea
are full of dangers for shipping.

The United States did not have to
buy Navassa Island, for it has owned
this freak dot on the sea for more than
half a century. And it is a natural
freak. Its area is about a square mile
and it is a tableland rising about 200
feet above the sea. Its formation is
volcanic limestone pitted with holes

and pockets, some of which apparently
have no bottom. There is no water,
and rain is swallowed up in the cavities.
A few stunted trees grow. The
animal life consists of wild goats and wildcats, seabirds and landcrabs. The
island has been uninhabited for many years.

The queerest thing about this queer island is the way in which the United
States got title. The island originally contained deposits of phosphate earth
and guano. In 1857 Peter Duncan took possession. A company built and
operated a plant. In 1859 there was a riot among the employees and the super-
intendent and several of his assistants were killed. An American warship
took the ringleaders to Baltimore for trial.

For the defense, the plea was set up that the court had no jurisdiction,
inasmuch as the island was not an American possession. The prosecution dug
up Duncan's memorial to the secretary of state in which he set forth that he
had taken possession in the name of the United States under the guano act
of 1856. The Supreme court affirmed jurisdiction and the murderers were exe-
cuted.

The flash of a life-saving light from an uninhabited island in waters once
infested with pirates sets the imagination working overtime.

Motortruck Puts the Horse to Flight at Last

THE year 1918 probably saw the climax—the turning point—in the great
battle between animal power and gasoline in the United States. The horse
is at last on the run and the motortruck has put him to flight. For many
years automobiles have increased in
number and horses have ceased to be
a factor of any consequence for pleas-
ure driving or transportation of pas-
sengers. Nevertheless they have in-
creased in number each year up to
1918. There were a million and three-
quarters more horses in the United
States in 1917 than there were in 1909.
The tide did not turn until last year,
when the number of horses decreased
by 21,000, as shown by the report of
the bureau of crop estimates of the
department of agriculture. Of course, a large proportion of this decrease may
be attributed to the use of horses in war. But against this must be set the
fact that during the same year hogs increased in number 3,000,000, sheep 1,000,
000, and cattle several hundred thousand. The drain on those latter animals
for war purposes was undoubtedly much heavier than on horses.

It is also significant that horses showed a sharp decrease in value per
head, in spite of war demands and decreased numbers. For the first time in
a decade they are rated below \$100 a head, average value, making a decrease
in value of horses for the one year of \$120,251, while all other classes of ani-
mals showed large increases.



WRIGLEYS

The Greatest Name in Goody-Land

YOU know the
realm of child-
hood dreams
is a land of
sweets.

Make some of
those dreams
a delightful
reality by
taking home

WRIGLEYS
frequently.

How about
tonight?

SEALED TIGHT
KEPT RIGHT

The Flavor
Lasts!

WRIGLEYS
SPEARMINT
MINT
JUICY FRUIT
DO NOT
WRIGLEYS
LEMON
MINT

Grow Wheat in Western Canada One Crop Often Pays for the Land

Western Canada offers the greatest advantages to home seekers.
Large profits are assured. You can buy on easy payment terms.

Fertile Land at \$15 to \$30 per Acre—
Land similar to that which through many years has averaged from 20 to 45
bushels of wheat to the acre. Hundreds of cases are on record where in Western
Canada a single crop has paid the cost of land and production. The Govern-
ment of the Dominion and Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta want
the farmer to prosper, and extend every possible encouragement and help to
Grain Growing and Stock Raising.

Though Western Canada offers land at such low figures, the high
prices of grain, cattle, sheep and hogs will remain.

Loans for the purchase of stock may be had at low interest
there are good shipping facilities; best of markets; free schools;
churches; splendid climate; low taxation (none on improvements).
For particulars as to location of lands for sale, lease, time of settlement,
reduced railway rates, etc., apply to Dept. of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or
W. V. BENNETT, Room 4, Bee Building, OMAHA, NEB.
Canadian Government Agent

Thoroughly Obliging.

"Your constituents want an explana-
tion of those latest reports of yours,"
said the faithful secretary.

"Fix 'em up an explanation that they
won't understand," replied Senator
Borghum; "then explain that in the
same way and keep on explaining. I
don't believe in ever refusing my con-
stituents anything."

The Superbeing.

The Commandant—Implicit obedi-
ence to those in authority is demanded
of all, even the highest among us.
The Cadet—I get you, sir. The com-
mander in chief is a married man.

Nobody to Hear.

"I suppose, if I tried to kiss you,
you would scream."
"Of course I would. But I'm suf-
fering from a very weak throat."

A penny saved is two pence clear
A pin a day is a groat a year. Save
and have.—Poor Richard.

Don't wait until your
cold develops Spanish
Influenza or pneumonia.
Kill it quick.



Standard cold remedy for 30 years—in tablet
form—safe, sure, no opiate—breaks up a cold
in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money
back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red top
with Mr. Hill's picture. At All Drug Stores.

SAFE, GENTLE REMEDY CLEANSSES YOUR KIDNEYS

For centuries GOLD MEDAL Haasem
oil has been a standard household remedy
for kidney, liver, bladder and stomach
trouble, and all diseases connected with
the urinary organs. The kidneys and blad-
der are the most important organs of the
body. They are the filters, the purifiers of
our blood. If the poisons which enter
our system through the blood and stom-
ach are not entirely thrown out by the
kidneys and bladder, you are doomed.

Weakness, sleeplessness, nervousness,
irregularity, backache, stomach trouble,
headache, pain in joints and lower abdo-
men, gall stones, gravel, difficulty when
urinating, cloudy and bloody urine, rheu-
matism, sciatica and lumbago, all warn you
to look after your kidneys and bladder.
All these indicate some weakness of the
kidneys or other organs or that the enemy
microbes which are always present in your
system have attacked your weak spots.
GOLD MEDAL Haasem Oil Capsules are
what you need.

They are not a "patent medicine," nor
"new discovery." For 200 years they

have been a standard household remedy.
They are the pure, original imported Haasem
oil your great-grandmother used, and
are perfectly harmless. The healing, sooth-
ing oil soaks into the cells and lining of
the kidneys and through the bladder, driv-
ing out the poisonous germs. New life,
fresh strength and health will come as you
continue the treatment. When completly
restored to your usual vigor, continue
taking a capsule or two each day; they will
keep you in condition and prevent a re-
turn of the disease.

Do not delay a minute. Delays are es-
pecially dangerous in kidney and blad-
der trouble. All druggists sell GOLD MEDAL
Haasem Oil Capsules. They will refund
the money if not as represented. GOLD
MEDAL Haasem Oil Capsules are im-
ported direct from the laboratories in Hol-
land. They are prepared in correct quan-
tity and convenient form, are easy to take
and are positively guaranteed to give
prompt relief. In three sizes, sealed pack-
ages. Ask for the original imported
GOLD MEDAL. Accept no substitutes.—
Adt.

Bevo

The all-year-round soft drink.

Leadership, once established, is strengthened and confirmed by its followers and imitators. Bevo's leadership is proclaimed by the largest rear guard that ever followed a leader.

Sold everywhere - Families supplied by grocer, drugist and dealer. - Visitors are cordially invited to inspect our plant.

ANHEUSER-BUSCH

ST. LOUIS.

Carrizozo Trading Co.
Wholesale Distributors - CARRIZO, N. M.

Easter Sunday April 20th!

The Home of Kuppenheimer

Specializes in young men's sport suits—the style hits of the season bear the Kuppenheimer label. It is in the company of well dressed men that the exclusiveness of the Kuppenheimer design shows to best advantage.

Prices From \$25.00 to \$45.00

WALK-OVER SHOES

The new "Walk-Overs" for Easter are here. This is a wonderful big line, consisting of Oxfords and Hi-cuts in all the wanted leathers and colors.

Come in and See the \$5.00 to \$10.00

The Carrizozo Trading Company

Quality First Phone 21 Then Price

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

T. B. Zomwalt was down Tuesday from his home on the Mesa.

Onion sets 17 1/2 cents a quart. Full line of garden seeds. - Carrizozo Trading Company.

George Murray was here Monday from Bent. He is getting back to Lincoln county, however, and Oseuro will be his address in future.

Mrs. W. L. Weber and little son were here Wednesday from Fort Stanton.

U. S. Marshal Hudspeeth was here this week. The U. S. court convenes in Santa Fe this week and the marshal is around assembling some of the machinery.

We meet all competition. Write for our prices. - Western Garage.

Mrs. S. L. Squier returned Monday from a protracted visit to relatives in Illinois and Wisconsin. The house has again become home and Stan has lost his grinch.

Norwalk Inner Tubes and Republic Casings. Both guaranteed. Western Garage.

R. C. Pitts was here Monday from his ranch in the Jicarilla-Rebentosh country. When asked if he had had any moisture, he replied: "We haven't had anything else."

Cream of Wheat flour, absolutely guaranteed, sold at the Carrizozo Trading Company. Get our prices.

Dr. J. O. Hamilton spent the past week here in the interest of the King and Queen Copper Company, of which he is the president. The property is located in the new county of Hidalgo, formerly Grant.

Try a Spirella corset. Mrs. G. T. McQuillen, phone 1. \$1.49

Standard Tomatoes, dozen cans \$2.25. Corn, \$2.25 per dozen. Hammy, large cans, dozen \$4.00. Get our prices on canned goods. The Carrizozo Trading Company. Cans washed at Western Garage.

Special sale on work shirts and blouses, including all new spring numbers. Be sure and see this line. The Carrizozo Trading Company.

G. B. Greer was in town this week, selecting a shearing crew and making arrangements to shear his flock of goats. He has moved his goats from his Say Andre's ranch to the Dixon ranch near town for convenience. The rains have interfered with shearing, but will result in better times for the goat and his owner later.

School election Monday. The town is full of good Americans, about a pro-German thought or disposition. The schools should be closed.

Miss Ida Grumblers, who has been visiting her mother and family since Roy's return from the army, returned to California this week.

All repair work guaranteed at Western Garage.

Mrs. George J. Dingwall returned this week from a three-weeks' visit to friends in Douglas, Arizona.

Mrs. Flannery, formerly Miss Frisk Harris, of Chicago, was here Monday. Mrs. Flannery had been visiting her father, W. R. Harris, at the White Mountain home the past three weeks.

Deeds and Patents

Filed to April 2d

Forwarded by American Title and Trust Company, 1000 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

WARRANTY DEEDS

McQuinden Gonzales and wife to Manuel Gonzales, 80 acres south of Carrizozo, \$1.

Gusaita Taylor and husband to Robert W. Lacey, lot 4, block 40, White Oaks, \$200.

Paulita Espinosa to Gregorio Espinosa, lots 9 and 10, block 39, Carrizozo, \$1.

Joseph Salame and wife to Gregorio Espinosa, lot 11, block 39, Carrizozo, \$100.

Rafael Marquez and wife to Josefa Ruiz Sanchez, lot 5, block 3, Carrizozo, \$40.

Nataniel Lucas and husband to Lillian L. Miller, lots 22 and 23, block 12, Carrizozo, \$10.

Jose Torres y Sedillo and wife to Fred Pfingsten, tract in Lincoln, \$75.

Adolfo R. Romero and wife to Fred Pfingsten, tract in Lincoln, \$400.

Casimiro T. Perez and Juan J. Perez to Fred Pfingsten, tract in Lincoln, \$700.

Gregorio Espinosa to Eleuterio Simentos, lots 10 and 11, block 39, Carrizozo, \$25.

Jose P. Romero and wife to Adolfo Ruiz, lot 4, block 3, Mountain View Addition, Carrizozo, \$50.

PATENTS

United States - to Charles Spence, Yellow Jacket, Yellow Jacket, to 2, Wasp and Omega Index, White Oaks mining district.

To Adolph Lahon, Smuggler index, White Oaks district.

W. R. READ EDWIN READ

CITY Garage

Capitan, New Mexico
Repair Work of all kinds.
Full line of Ford Supplies.
GASOLINE and OILS
VULCANIZING of TUBES
Charging Station

Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

It is important when your Ford car requires tuning up or repairing that you place it in charge of an authorized Ford dealer. Then you are sure of having repairs and replacements made with genuine Ford-made materials by men who know all about Ford cars. Bring your Ford car to us. Satisfaction is sure and you will receive prompt attention and right prices.

OUR MOTTO: PROMPT and EFFICIENT SERVICE - TERMS CASH

HEADQUARTERS FOR
Carrizozo-Roswell White Line Stage Line Co.
- WESTERN GARAGE



WE ARE THE EXCLUSIVE DISPENSERS OF

Nayal's Compounds

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

Kodaks, Kodak Supplies and Stationery
Ice Cream and all kinds of Iced Drinks

Rolland Bros.

To William Rexford, 100 acres southeast of White Oaks.
To William Moon, 105 acres east of White Oaks.
State of New Mexico to A. E. Rowlands, 100 acres west of Oseuro.

Classified Advertisements

Shirts \$2.90, Cans \$1.80, Oats \$2.20, Mixed Chickens \$4.30, Spring Wheat \$6.65, Cotton Seed \$1.40, Amber Cane Seed \$5.00 per sack. Terms Cash. Prices subject to change without notice. Humphrey Bros. 3-2841

Rooms For Rent.—Clean, neatly furnished rooms in the Lucas Building. 4-411.
For Rent—Furnished house. See J. S. Ross. 3-2841.
For Sale—Parson Davis & Co.'s Blacklegends, Two Thirtieth Co. Capitan.

WANTED

To sell, contact more business by A. Clark, Jr. in Oseuro, N. M. Contact's contact for Sterling & Gray. Also, 105 acres, Spring 1918, Box 3, Page, 100, N. M. 1-24. Best Lincoln County. Will make terms. Call on Liberty Building W. S. S. 1914-1918, Mountain View, Texas.

All Ready!

It Is Now Time To Begin Your Easter Shopping

Shopping Early

Around the holidays is both a virtue and a convenience. We now wish to urge the shopping public of this community to



Do Their Easter Shopping Early

With Easter only a few days away this store now is in complete readiness to perform its important public service

We are ready for you, and the sooner you begin your Easter shopping the more satisfaction you will have of helping along a good cause.

ZIEGLER BROS.