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Carrizozo News, 03-21-1919

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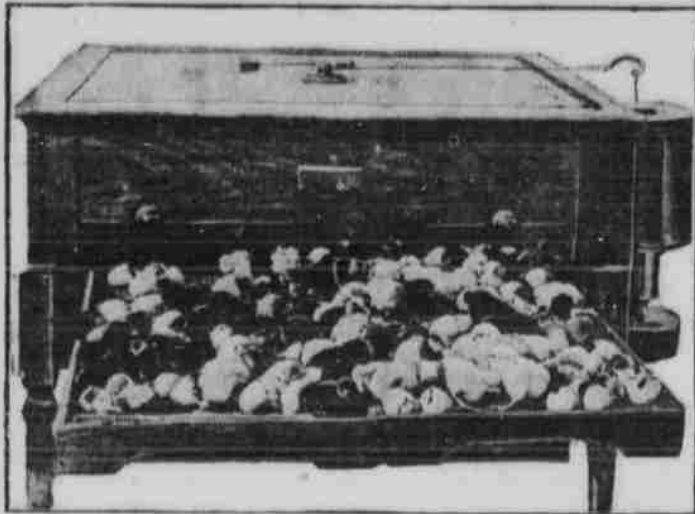
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Because I am a loyal American, because my country needs my help, because what I save will help me and what is saved in America will help the whole world, I promise to live economically and save all that I can; to set aside regularly a portion of what I earn and loan it to my Government by investing in War Savings Stamps.

A Bird in the Hand

(Special Information Service, United States Department of Agriculture.)
MORE EGGS AND MEAT MARK TIMELY HATCHING



Start the incubator several weeks earlier and raise more profitable chicks.

EARLY HATCHING OF IMPORTANCE

Fowls Realize Full Benefits From Propitious and Longer Growing Season.

FOSTERS EARLIER MATURITY

Hatch in Time for Best Broiler Markets and Also Produce Pullets Ready to Lay When Hens Want Needed Rest.

Fable is transforming into fact. It has been customary in allegorical statement only to allude to the hen that lays the golden eggs. In view of the present prices of eggs and poultry, it begins to look as if the age of the golden eggs had arrived. With marketing conditions for poultry products better than ever before, with a stabilized demand for quality products, and with prospects of larger amounts of feeds being available as a result of the cessation of war, there is every incentive for the poultryman's best efforts.

A fundamental factor which makes for greater success with hens is to hatch early. The early chick catches the worm both in the garden and in the economics of poultry production. The poultryman who aspires to beat the calendar and to hatch several weeks earlier than the cut-and-dried practice gains an advantage which permits him to market quality cockerels at less cost and greater profit much in advance of his associates who are remiss in lighting their incubators or setting their hens. Chicks thrive and develop rapidly during the early days of spring; the early hatched fowls thus realize full benefits from the propitious and longer growing season.

Why to Hatch Early.

The early hatch spells sure profits, other conditions being equal, because it fosters the earlier maturity and egg production of the pullets; it induces a stream of eggs at the season when eggs are highest in price; it gives the chicks a chance to develop into strong, healthy birds before hot weather sets in; it provides a supply of wage-earning pullets to replace the old hens in the flock as soon as the latter birds begin to develop starboard characteristics; it produces chicks which are robust and rugged and better able to withstand the attacks of lice and disease; it means early cockerels for market when the supply is scant and the price correspondingly attractive.

Hens take a three months' vacation every fall during the molting season while they don new plumage. When the hens are idle, the stream of eggs ceases unless early hatched pullets are ready to substitute for the older fowl as egg-producers. As fall and winter eggs are always in demand at profitable prices, early hatching returns rapid dividends where the pullets are geared up for active service when the hens begin their rest.

Less Disease Among Robust Pullets.

Where lice attack the flock, the smaller, weaker chickens are first to succumb. Lice are worse during warm than cold weather and hence the early hatched chicks are less exposed to such pests while still very young. Furthermore, immature pullets are subject to colds during the fall and are likely to spread colds throughout the entire flock. To remedy this difficulty, hatch early and have the pullets reasonably well matured when they are placed in winter quarters.

As more cockerels are produced than are needed for breeding purposes it is imperative that the surplus stock be rapidly matured and sold as broilers and springers at early ages. The demand for such chickens is best early in the season when the price is at its peak and, on this account, the young males should be hatched early,

forced and fattened for these special markets.

Hot Weather Hard On Chicks.

Severely hot weather is hard on little chicks. Constant care and attention are essential to carry the young birds through the first six weeks without loss, particularly if the weather is hot and oppressive during this period. It is highly important that chicks shall have passed the danger point before summer is on full force. This necessitates that the chicks be early rather than late hatched.

Unless pullets are hatched early, matured and well settled in their winter quarters before cold weather sets in, it is difficult to get them to lay. Generally it takes from six and one-half to eight months for pullets of the general purpose breeds including the Plymouth Rock, Rhode Island Red, Wyandotte and Orpington varieties to mature and start laying. Hatched early in the season they will have ample time to mature.

Early hatching one season will make it easier to hatch early the following year. Early hatched pullets begin to lay in the fall and winter and by the time early spring comes will usually have produced a considerable number of eggs and many of them will show a desire to sit. If on the other hand, the pullets are hatched late, they do not begin to lay until late winter or early spring and consequently are not likely to be broody when it is time to start hatching. Early hatching leads to early laying and early laying develops early broodiness, completing a cycle which should be the round robin aspiration of every progressive poultryman.

EARLY HATCH IS URGED

Early Hatching Means:

- More chicks raised.
- Less trouble from lice and disease.
- A longer growing season.
- Better grown chicks.
- Higher prices for cockerel broilers.
- Chicks mature enough to withstand summer heat.
- Well-matured, early-laying pullets.
- Pullets supply eggs while hens are molting.
- Egg plenty at season of high prices.
- Early pullets that become broody sooner the following spring.

Poultry Studies Wide in Scope.

In its efforts to encourage the broad development of poultry raising in the United States, the bureau of animal industry of the United States department of agriculture is conducting investigations to establish the best methods of raising many varieties of fowls. The present scope of the work includes not only the feeding, breeding, and care of ordinary poultry, but also the raising of pigeons, squabs, guinea fowls, turkeys, and many other birds, including ostriches. The flesh of squabs, turkeys, guinea fowls and ducks makes a pleasing variety in the diet, and with wild fowls now becoming less available, it is important that a sufficient number of domestic birds be raised to keep the market constantly supplied. The problem now is chiefly one of farm production, which requires expert knowledge if adequate supplies are to be continued.

Peak Prices for Broilers.

It is economical practice to mature and fatten fowls for early market, as usually the peak prices are paid for such pre-seasoned broilers and springers. Early hatching is a prerequisite for the production of market-topping cockerels. The early chicks are favored by a long, propitious growing season relatively free from dangers of disease and lice. They accomplish the most rapid gains and attain market conditions in record time. Start the incubator to get the additional profits.

WASHINGTON SIDELIGHTS

Wanted Everywhere: German Cannon or Fieldpiece

WASHINGTON.—The Congressional Record these days contains column after column of bills like the first four below. There is a national demand for captured German cannon or souvenirs of the great war.

A bill (H. R. 14169) authorizing the secretary of war to donate to the village of Tangle, on the island of Virginia, one German cannon or fieldpiece; to the committee on military affairs.

A bill (H. R. 14026) donating a captured German cannon or field gun and carriage to the county of Boulder, state of Colorado, for decorative and patriotic purposes; to the committee on military affairs.

A bill (H. R. 14138) authorizing the secretary of war to donate to the city of Boston, Mass., two German cannon or fieldpieces; to the committee on military affairs.

A bill (H. R. 14145) authorizing the secretary of war to donate to the Middle Tennessee State Normal school at Murfreesboro, Tenn., one German cannon or fieldpiece; to the committee on military affairs.

A bill (H. R. 14188) authorizing the secretary of war to donate German cannon or fieldpieces to towns in the state of Connecticut.

A bill (H. R. 14105) to provide for the equitable distribution of captured war devices and trophies to the states and territories of the United States and to the District of Columbia; to the committee on military affairs.

The bills show that every part of the country, from Massachusetts to California and from Minnesota to Texas, is equally interested; that every crossroads village, county, city and state is after one or more guns and that schools and all sorts of public institutions are getting into line.

The last bill seems to indicate that the demand is so heavy that the supply will run short. It looks as if the secretary of war was planning to get out from under.

Roosevelt National Park as Memorial to "T. R."

THEODORE ROOSEVELT'S first national memorial is likely to be Roosevelt National park. The machinery of congress has been put in motion to make the necessary change in the Greater Sequoia National park bill.

Senator Philani of California, who introduced the Greater Sequoia bill last year, moved the change of name in the senate upon the suggestion of Secretary Lane of the interior department and Director Mather of the national park service. He said that Roosevelt was early identified with the West; that the liberalizing influences of western life nationalized him for his later tasks; that there was no more fitting memorial for a man of his tastes, courage, generous nature and love of the beautiful than this national park in the High Sierras. The public lands committee reported the amended bill favorably and the senate passed it. In the house the amendment was moved by Representative Elston of California and was seconded by Representative Gillett of Massachusetts.

The present Sequoia National park contains 265 square miles. It was created in 1890 to preserve the big trees, Sequoia Washingtoniana, which are the oldest and largest living things on earth. The largest of them are 35 feet in diameter and are about 4,000 years old. The Greater Sequoia bill adds 1,335 square miles to the north and east, including the canyons of Kings river and Kern river, Tehachite and Paradise valleys and the western slope and the crest of Mount Whitney (14,501), the highest point in continental United States. This is scenic area of the first class. Roosevelt National park, with 1,600 square miles, will be exceeded in size by only Mount McKinley and Yellowstone and will rank with the best of the 17 national parks.

Grand Canyon National park has been created by congress. It includes practically all of the Grand Canyon of the Colorado in Arizona, probably the greatest natural wonder of earth. This area has been a national monument since 1908 by proclamation of President Roosevelt.

Are There Secret Prisoners Hidden in Germany?

ARE there secret British, French and American prisoners in the hands of the Germans? It is evident that there are hundreds, if not thousands, of soldiers who have not been reported dead and whose absence is not explained. It may be that a commission will be appointed to search every nook and cranny of Germany.

There are three principal reasons for keeping these men in a secrecy and silence as deep as that of the grave.

In the first place the Hun never forgives and never forgets. If a soldier was made to a German officer, that officer would go to considerable trouble to work out quite an elaborate revenge. The Hun officer would "mark" that soldier. Thus when the time for dispersal from the prisoners' camps came about the German bully would turn the rest loose to find their way, unaided and starving, into Holland and safety, but would detain the soldier who had insulted him, and afterward secretly send the man to work in his castle or on his estate, where he could torture and degrade him at will.

The second reason hinted at by my informant is that these men whose whereabouts are such a mystery have, by reason of their special knowledge or adaptability, been put to work on undertakings the nature of which Germans want to keep secret.

Although the actual fighting is over, the trade war with Germany is only just beginning, and if any of the men in question acquired, either accidentally or otherwise, a trade secret of any value—and such a contingency is by no means an impossibility—he would be kept a prisoner in secret.

The third reason is somewhat similar. The men are being kept prisoners through the instrumentality of individual officers or men. They have gained some knowledge which, if disclosed, would end in terrible retribution for the officer or man concerned.

Marconi Hopes to Talk With Stars by Wireless

AN INVENTOR must necessarily be a man with imagination; probably the larger his invention the greater his power of imagination. Anyway, the imagination of Marconi, inventor of wireless telegraphy, is just now busy over the possibility of communicating wirelessly with the stars.

Marconi says he has often received strong signals out of the ether which seemed to come from some place outside the earth and which may conceivably have proceeded from the stars.

He also thinks waves of ether are eternal. He says that messages he sent off ten years ago are still going on through space.

This is why he hopes for communication with other stars. He says:

"Communication with intelligences on other stars may some day be possible, and as many of the planets are much older than ours, the beings who live there ought to have information for us of enormous value."

It is silly to say the other planets are uninhabited, because they have no atmosphere or are so hot or are so different from the earth. If there were no fish in the sea, we would say life there is impossible.

"You see, one might get through some such message as two plus two equals four, and go on repeating it until the answer came back signifying yes, which would be one word."

"Mathematics must be the same throughout the physical universe. By sticking to mathematics over a number of years one might come to speech. It is certainly possible."

THE KINSHIP OF THE NEW AMERICAN

Aims and Ideals of the United States and Canada Will Soon Be Signed.

The war is over, peace will soon be signed, the fighting nations have sheathed their swords, and the day of reconstruction has come.

What of it? Hundreds of thousands of men, taken from the fields of husbandry, from the ranks of labor, from the four walls of the counting house, and the confines of the workshop, taken from them to do their part, their large part, in the prevention of the spoliation of the world, and in the meantime removed from the gear of common everyday life, will be returning, only to find in many cases old positions filled, the machinery with which they were formerly attached dislocated.

Are they to become aimless wanderers, with the ultimate possibility of augmenting an army of menacing hordes? If they do it is because their ability to assist in laying new foundations, in building up much required structures, is underestimated. Men who have fought as they have fought, who have risked and faced dangers as they have, are not of the caliber likely to flinch when it comes to the restoration of what the enemy partially destroyed, when it comes to the reconstruction of the world the ideals of which they had in view when they took part in the great struggle whose Divine purpose was to bring about this reconstruction.

Trained to toll, thoughtless of fatigue, trained in initiative and hardened by their outdoor existence they will return better and stronger men, boys will have matured and young men will have developed.

They will decide of themselves lines of action and thought, and what their future should and will be. On the field of battle they developed alertness and wisdom, and they will return with both shedding from every pore.

Action was their by-word and it will stand them in good stead now that the din of the battle no longer rings in their ears, or the zero hour signals them to the fray, and it will continue during their entire existence.

But if they return to find their old avocation gone, their places filled, the institutions with which they were connected no longer exist, new walks of life and employment must be opened to them. It may be that the counting house, the factory, the workshop will have lost their attraction. The returned soldier will look elsewhere for employment; within his reach there is always the "Forward-to-the-Land" necessity. In this lies the remedy that will not only take care of a multitude of those who may not be able to return to their former occupations, whose desires are not to do so, whose health prohibits them from indoor life or whose outdoor habits from the past one, two, three or four years have given them such a taste and desire for it that confinement would be unbearable. Farm life will thus appeal to them, and the indications are that it will be taken advantage of by thousands. It means much to them as well as to the Continent of America that provides the opportunity to the world at large, and to the stricken and famished nations of Europe, who, not only today, but for years to come, will require the sustenance that can only largely be supplied by the United States and Canada. By following the pursuit of agriculture the returned soldier will continue the cause he so greatly advanced when fighting on the field of battle. Both countries have undeveloped areas yet open to settlement.

There is little need here to direct attention to the wealth that has come to the farmers of Canada within the past few years. It is not only in grain growing that unqualified and almost unequalled success has followed honest effort, but the raising of horses, cattle, sheep and hogs has been large source of profit. These are facts that are well known to the many friends and acquaintances of the thousands of farmers from the United States who have acquired wealth on the prairies of Western Canada. Farms of from one hundred and sixty to six hundred and forty acres of the richest soil may be secured on reasonable terms, and with an excellent climate, with a school system equal to any in the world, and desirable social conditions, little else could be asked.

Canadian statesmen are today busily engaged planning for the future of the returned soldier with a view to making him independent of state help after the immediate necessary assistance has been granted, the main idea being to show in the fullest degree the country's appreciation of the services he has rendered.

But, now that the war is ended, and the fact apparent that of all vocations the most profitable and independent is that of the farmer, there will be a strong desire to secure farm lands for cultivation. Canada offers the opportunity to those seeking, not as speculation but as production. The deepest interest is taken by Federal and Provincial authorities to further the welfare of the farmer and secure a maximum return for his efforts. Large

sums of money are spent in educational and experimental work. Engaged in Experimental and Demonstration farms, and in the agricultural colleges, are men of the highest technical knowledge and practical experience, some being professors of international reputation. The results of experiments and tests are free and available to all. Educational opportunities for farmers are the concern of the government and appreciation is shown by the number of farmers who attend the free courses.

Agriculture in Canada has reached a high standard, notwithstanding which lands are low in price.

Thus upon the United States and Canada for many years will rest the great burden of feeding the world. With free interchange of travel, difficulties of crossing and re-crossing removed, Canada may look for a speedy resumption of the large influx of settlers from the United States which prevailed previous to the war. During the war period there was a dread of something, no one seemed to know what; if the American went to Canada he might be conscripted, put in prison, or in his attempt to cross the border he would meet with innumerable difficulties, most of which, of course, were untrue. These myths were circulated for a purpose by an element, which, it was discovered had an interest in fomenting and creating trouble and distrust between two peoples whose language and aims in life should be anything but of an unduly character. The draft law of the United States adopted for the carrying out of the high purposes had in view by the United States kept many from going to Canada during the period of the war. The citizen army of the United States was quickly mobilized, and contained a large percentage of the young men from the farms. In this way many were prevented from going to Canada.

That is all over now. There are no real or imaginary restrictions; there is no draft law to interfere. On the contrary there is an unfathomable depth of good feeling, and the long existing friendship is stronger than ever. This has been brought about by the knowledge of what has been done in the recent great struggle, each vying with the other in giving credit for what was accomplished. In thought and feeling, in language, in aims in life, in work, in desire to build up a new world, there has been bred a kinship which is as indissoluble as time itself.—Advertisement.

The Kind.

"The girls use such loud makeup." "Yes; why don't they take more to noiseless powder?"

It is foolish for a man to kick himself when he is down.

A Terrible Ordeal!

Gravel and Kidney Stone Caused Intense Suffering—Doan's Brought a Quick Cure.

Edw. J. Turcek, 4322 Kichelburger Ave., St. Louis, Mo., says: "I was taken with a terrible pain across the back and every move I made, it felt like a knife being driven into my back and twisted around. It lasted about half an hour, but soon came back and with it another affliction. The kidney secretions began to pain me; the flow was scanty and burned like fire when passing. I had severe headaches and my bladder got badly inflamed, too, and I noticed little particles of gravel in the secretions. Doan's Kidney Pills had been recommended to me and I began their use. The first Mr. Turcek had brought relief and I passed a stone the size of a pea. It was a terrible ordeal and afterwards a sandy sediment and particles of gravel settled in the urine. I got more of the pills and they cured me. The inflammation left and there was no more pain or gravel. I now sleep well, eat well and my kidneys act normally. Doan's Kidney Pills alone accomplished this wonderful cure."

"Subscribed and sworn to before me." JAMES M. SMITH, Notary Public.

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS. FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Every Woman Knows that clean, snow-white clothes are a constant source of pleasure.

Red Cross Bag Blue

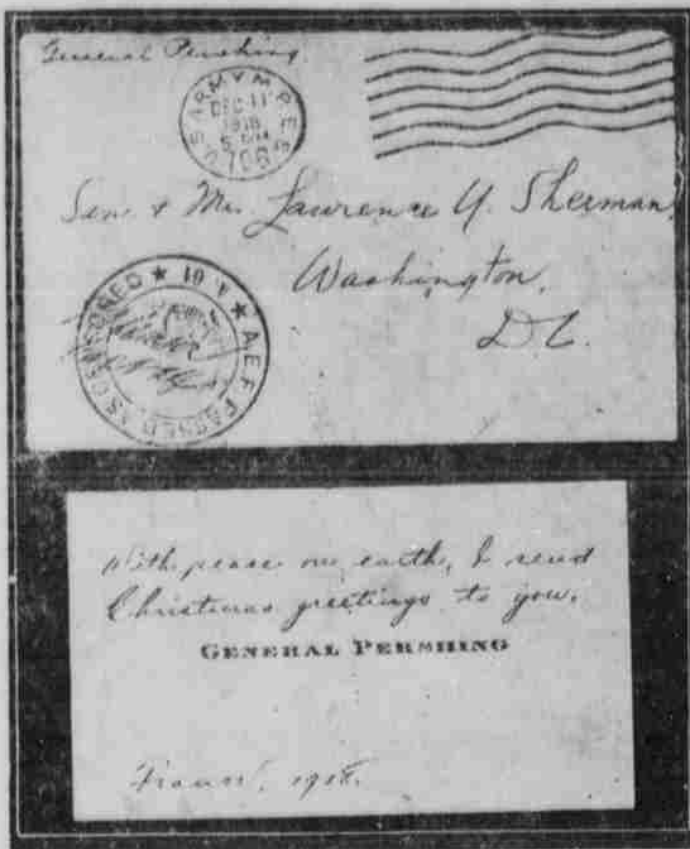
if used each week preserves the clothes and makes them look like new. Try it and see for yourself. All good grocers sell it; 5 cents a package.

Persistent Coughs are dangerous. Get prompt relief from Piso's. Stops irritation, soothes, cures and safe for young and old. No opiates in

PISO'S

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy. No Irritation—Just Pure Comfort. 60c a Bottle. Sold Everywhere. Write for Free Brochure. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO.

Handwriting of General Pershing



Two interesting things about this Christmas card from General Pershing to one of his best friends in the United States are the censorship stamp and the delicate, almost girlish handwriting. Friends to whom Senator Sherman showed the card invariably expressed astonishment at the handwriting of such a distinguished fighter.

PROHIBITION

Text of Amendment Making U. S. Dry Nation

Following is full text of the prohibition amendment on which state legislatures vote:

Joint Resolution Proposing an Amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

Resolved by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, two-thirds of each house concurring therein, that the following amendment to the Constitution be, and hereby is, proposed to the states to become valid as a part of the Constitution when ratified by the several states, as provided by the Constitution.

Section 1. After one year from the ratification of this article the manufacture, sale or transportation of intoxicating liquors within, the importation thereof into, or the exportation thereof from the United States and all territory subject to the jurisdiction thereof for beverage purposes is hereby prohibited.

Sec. 2. The congress and the several states shall have concurrent power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Sec. 3. This article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been ratified as an amendment to the Constitution by the legislatures of the several states as provided in the Constitution within seven years from the date of the submission hereof to the states by the congress.

CHAMP CLARK,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

THOMAS MARSHALL,

Vice President of the United States and President of the Senate.

I certify that this joint resolution originated in the senate.

JAMES M. BAKER, Secretary.

Clothing Price and Style to Remain Same for 1919

Conservative members of the National Association of Retail Clothiers, who recently held a press time readjustment conference in Chicago, declared there will be no advance in the price of clothing for 1919. It was said that the price levels of the fall of 1918 might be expected to be maintained. One prominent manufacturer said there is no demand for new styles in men's clothing, and that the numerous styles that have been in use will be continued with the military cut and tailored models predominating.

TO THE POINT

What's become of the old-fashioned custom of going home to lunch?

Nothing beats the curiosity of a woman unless it be the curiosity of a man.

Every now and then we get a laugh out of seeing some one who isn't dead sure that he's right trying to convince the other man that he is wrong.

If every day were Sunday a lot of us might have to live up to our religious.

Days of the "Dandy" Over and Cause Is Ascribed to Degeneration of Costume

It is a deplorable fact, but the reign of the dandy is over. He died with Barbe d'Aureville, who had other interests and occupations than his cravats and lace, and was rather an amateur than a professional in the art, writes Arthur Symonds, in New Republic. The cause, or a large part of it, is the degeneration of costume. A man can be well dressed, in the afternoon if not in the evening, when the mode leaves an inch of choice here and there between one curve or another. But variety and elegance have gone wholly out of the best-cut coat, the more carefully calculated trousers. With knee-breeches and silk stockings and buckle shoes went every incentive to dress personally and to outdo others in what was not a fixed fashion. What form or substance of things could a dandy, in these days, find to work upon? The tying of a white linen tie is no longer an art; the stock, with its dignity, has given place to the high, hideous, shining and uncomfortable starched collar. And the dullness of the things that men wear—the shapeless black funnel with its inch of irrelevant brim which we crumple uncomfortably on our heads! What dandy dare make himself conspicuous by even the extension of a hair, or the loosening of those bandages of cloth which wrap our body with a graceless rigidity?

Cotton Worth \$1,532,690,000 Latest Statistics Show for American Crop of Year 1917

Final statistics of the American cotton crop of 1917, announced by the census bureau, place production at 11,248,242 running bales, equivalent to 11,308,275 bales of 500 pounds each, gross weight, and worth \$1,532,690,000 to the growers. Production of cottonseed amounted to 5,940,000 tons, worth \$233,550,000. For the "cotton year," which ended July 1, 1918, consumption amounted to 6,506,489 bales, exclusive of linters; exports amounting to 4,258,420 bales; net imports, 217,381 bales; stocks on hand at beginning of year, 2,720,172 bales and at the end of the year, 3,450,188 bales.

For the entire world the production of lint cotton destined for factory use, was 17,410,000 bales and the mill consumption, 17,701,000 bales of 500 pounds net weight.

Massachusetts still retains its supremacy in cotton manufacturing, the report announced, with a mill consumption during the cotton year of 1,493,113 bales, including linters.

Mother's Cook Book

We know not what God holds in store, Nor what his will for each may be, As pass we through another door Of life's untraversed mystery.

Food for the Family.

If one can by a change of seasoning or a bit of garnish change an ordinary dish into something worth noticing, the housewife has something to her credit.

Onions With Peanut-Butter Sauce.

Peel and cook enough onions to serve six. Make one cupful of cream sauce, heat into it one-fourth of a cupful of peanut butter and pour over the onions. Open each onion a little at the side, that the flavor of the sauce may penetrate it more thoroughly.

One Egg Cake.

Beat one-fourth of a cupful of shortening to a cream and gradually beat in one-fourth of a cupful of sugar and one-fourth of a cupful of honey, add one egg beaten well, the grated rind of a lemon, half a cupful of milk and one cupful of wheat flour, one-fourth of a cupful of rice flour and two teaspoonsful of baking powder stirred with the flour. Bake in a sheet.

Chicago Muffins.

Sift together one cupful of wheat flour, two cupfuls of cornmeal, two tablespoonsful of sugar and half a teaspoonful of salt, with six tablespoonsful of baking powder; add three tablespoonsful of corn oil and three cupfuls of milk. Beat well and pour into hot muffin pans and bake 15 minutes.

Banana Charlotte Russe.

Cut one-half a banana in slices, squeeze over it a little lemon juice, and set aside to chill. Scrape the coarse threads from two bananas and the half and press them through a ricer. There should be one cupful of the puree. Scald the puree with the rest of the lemon juice over hot water, add one tablespoonful of gelatin softened in one-fourth of a cupful of cold water. Put three-fourths of a cupful of corn syrup and one-fourth of a cupful of sugar in a double boiler with the whites of two eggs. Beat and cook the mixture seven minutes. Spread half of this frosting on paper in the form of lady fingers, have the paper fastened to a board, dredge with sugar and bake in a moderate oven until slightly colored. About half an hour will be needed. Beat the rest of the frosting into the banana mixture, stir over ice water until it begins to thicken, then fold in a cupful of cream beaten very light. When quite firm put it into a mold lined with the sliced bananas and the meringue lady fingers.

Nellie Maxwell

CURRIE LEADING CANADIANS INTO GERMANY



Canadian troops, led by General Currie, marching into Germany. Alongside the road are a German soldier and his children watching with interest the Canadians' entry into Germany.

BUILD AIRSHIPS TO LIFT 280 TONS

British War Office Officials Believe Machine Is Practical.

GREAT POSSIBILITIES SEEN

Immense Craft Could Cross Atlantic and Return and Then Repeat the Journey Without Pause, Weather Permitting.

London.—A rigid airship—Zeppelin type—of 10,000,000 cubic feet capacity, or about three times as large as any yet constructed, is a practical proposition, according to war office officials. Such an airship would possess a total lifting power of about 280 tons. The structural weight, that is, the gas bags, framework, gondolas, engines, operating machinery, etc., would be not more than 80 tons, leaving 200 tons as disposable lift. Only 50 tons would be required to make room for the crew, petrol, ballast, etc., leaving 150 tons commercial load which could be carried.

Such an airship could cross the Atlantic and return and then repeat the journey without a pause, if weather were favorable.

British Government Interested. Because the British empire is so far-flung, the government is encouraging development of aerial communication for both passengers and light parcels as a vital necessity. Wireless stations belting the world also will be erected quickly as possible.

Before this is printed a Handley-Page machine will have flown from England to India in a test trip. This is but preliminary to permanent air traffic to Egypt, India, South Africa and Australia. Canada likewise will be linked up with the mother country.

The rigid airships which Britain now possesses can cross the Atlantic, given favorable weather. But it is the airship that is being developed for overland routes.

Godfrey Isaacs, brother of Lord Hasting, Britain's ambassador to America, is head of the Marconi Wireless Telegraph company. Isaacs is busy waiting for peace, which will remove certain restrictions, to expand British wireless stations.

Two stations will be erected in distant parts of China. Receiving ap-

paratus will be installed on all passenger-carrying airplanes, so that messages may be sent back and forth while the flight is in progress. Hence a business passenger who may tire of the scenery or have bright ideas about his business may get in touch with his local office boy or assistant manager, as the case may be. Thus, as it is feasible to wireless ships of the sea, so it will be possible to wireless ships of the air.

The two new wireless stations in China will be installed with the help of airplanes. Instead of requiring several months to send machinery to

From Private to Major in 5 Months 21 Days

Rochdale, Mass.—Rising from the ranks to major in the army in a period of five months and twenty-one days was the remarkable achievement of J. H. Rogers, of this town. Previous to enlisting in the Coast Artillery Rogers was treasurer of a knife manufacturing company here.

Cashmere and the Chinese side of Siberia, locations of stations by wagon, for there are no railroads, the machinery will be taken in Handley-Page airplanes. Thus, in such ways will the distant parts of the world be linked up with modern times.

WOMAN GETS SPY

Postal Censor Caught First One in England.

Became Suspicious of Letter and Hun Later Was Run Down.

London.—How the first German spy in England after the outbreak of the world war was detected through a letter which fell into the hands of a woman postal censor has just been disclosed.

"I was suspicious of his letter when I first saw it," she declared. "The writing was in lines half an inch apart. I could discover nothing wrong, however, until I noticed a peculiar little mark, almost indistinguishable, at the bottom of a page. I could not explain it. Experiment proved that it had been made by invisible ink. The visible writing was innocent itself, but the invisible writing told of movements of ships and soldiers, of fortifications and docks. The letter wound up with: 'Tomorrow Dublin.' To Dublin the Hun went and his letter from Ireland was further evidence of his guilt. He was caught on arrival in London and his execution followed."

According to government officials, women have been far quicker in spotting spies than men, many instances being recorded in which women's intuition has led to experiments which have produced startling results.

Until recently the postal censor employed 3,800 women and 1,000 men. They were fluent in 24 languages.

GIVES EARNINGS TO WAR

Massachusetts Artist Makes Remarkable Record in Her Efforts to Help.

Upton, Mass.—During the great war just ended Miss Elizabeth Wentworth Roberts, well-known artist of this town, made a remarkable record in her efforts to help in war work. Since 1914 she has given all the money she received for her paintings to the many war relief funds.

It is estimated that about \$10,000 has been so distributed by her.

LEARNED AMERICAN DANCES



Officers of the American army recently spent an afternoon teaching the prince of Wales the American dances, so that he would be able to dance at the ball given in his honor at Coblenz by the American officers of the army or occupation. His first attempt was with Miss Agnes Kahn of Baltimore, a nurse, and resulted in the prince's stepping on her toes.

WIN IRISH BRIDES

Many United States Sailors Marry in Ireland.

Plans for Dismantling Naval Stations Are Going Forward Rapidly.

Queenstown, Ireland.—Plans for the dismantling of the American naval stations in and around Queenstown are going forward rapidly. Time will be required to remove the base hospital at White Point and much work will be involved in removing the many big warehouses which were brought here from America and set up in record time. Other important parts of the American plant include wireless stations at Queenstown and Agladra and many harbors.

American officers and men have made a deep impression on the people of Queenstown and in other parts of South Ireland, and relations generally

have been of the most cordial nature. This is proved by the fact that a number of weddings already have taken place, and more than one American sailor has promised to return for the girl he must leave behind.

Queenstown has prospered greatly since the station was established here, but the people declare their regret in seeing the Americans depart is because they have become accustomed to their presence and like them for the fine young fellows they are.

Cooties Come in Letters.

Woodsport, O.—The tarantula which escapes from a bunch of bananas and terrorizes freight handlers or grocery clerks is going to have a rival in the news columns if a recent incident in the post office here is any indication.

A large, active and hungry cooter was discovered on the wrist of a clerk handling soldiers' mail from overseas. It apparently had escaped from one of the letters.

GETS LIMIT FINE OF \$500

"Frankness Should Not Go Unrewarded," Is Comment of Court in Soaking Suspect.

Kansas City, Mo.—"Frankness should not go unrewarded," said Judge Edward Fleming of the South municipal court as he fined Claude Simpson \$500, the limit. Simpson was arrested while standing in front of a saloon by a patrolman who saw part of a "jimmy" protruding from Simpson's pocket.

Simpson, who is unemployed, admitted he intended to break into the saloon. After learning his fine Simpson said he was glad he was arrested before he entered the saloon, as he then would have faced a penitentiary sentence.

"Judge," he said, "it's just as well to look on the bright side of things." "Some + Pollyanna," remarked the judge.

Waterproof knapsacks made of horsehair have been invented by a Japanese army officer.

FRIDAY, MARCH 21, 1919

Road Meeting at Capitan

A mass meeting of tax payers of Lincoln county was held at Capitan last Saturday afternoon at 2 for the purpose of organizing a county Good Roads association, and for the purpose of petitioning the county commissioners and the state highway commission to take prompt action in securing federal, state and county aid in the construction of roads in Lincoln county.

R. C. Bowdler was called upon to call the meeting to order. Dr. S. M. Johnson of Ruidoso was requested to state the object of the meeting. Mr. Bowdler was made permanent chairman and Clement Hightower of Hondo was elected secretary. The object of the meeting as stated by Dr. Johnson was to petition the county commissioners in Lincoln county, the state highway commission, the forest service, and the public health service, through the proper authorities, to provide funds available to secure the aid of the federal government in the construction of roads in this county.

After consideration and debate the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, 1st. That it is the sense of this meeting that the state highway commission be urged to take immediate steps to start work on the federal aid projects in Lincoln county, now initiated, to use as large a force as possible, and to hasten them to an early completion.

2d. That the state highway commission be asked to renew negotiations with the federal government for a cooperative agreement on the road from Hondo, Lincoln county, New Mexico, to the "border hill" on the line between Lincoln and Chavez counties.

3d. That the county commissioners of Lincoln county be asked to meet at the earliest day possible and request the state highway commission to initiate such other federal aid projects for this county as they may consider practicable to be constructed within the next fifteen months.

4th. That such county levies as may be authorized for road purposes be levied and the portion of such funds to be used to repair such roads as cannot qualify as post roads.

5th. That the officials of the forest service be requested, out of the new funds provided by the 16th Congress, in consideration of fact that this county has a minimum of taxable wealth and a sparse population, with an area equal to that of the state of Connecticut, and an immense mileage of roads to construct through mountainous country, and the further fact that it will tax our strength and the strength of the state to match-up with the federal aid on post roads, that they proceed to construct roads on the national forest in this county entirely at federal cost, and that the construction begin as soon as possible.

6th. That the surgeon-general of the United States be requested to cooperate with the proper highway officials for the federal construction of such roads through and across the Fort Stanton Marine Hospital Sanitarium reservation as are necessary links in the several county roads; that a copy of this resolution be sent to the medical officer in command at Fort Stanton, to be by him transmitted to the surgeon-general of the United States at Washington, D. C., together with such recommendations as may in him seem proper.

7th. That we recommend to the state highway commission of the State of New Mexico, that it appoint Dr. S. M. Johnson, of Lincoln county, its representative to go to Washington, D. C., supervise the selection and shipment of such road material and equipment as may be assigned to the State of New Mexico by the war department; that a copy of

COME ON PATRIOTS!

KNOW THE JOY OF SAVING HERE'S HOW!

Let's finish the job.

Let's pay our debts. The Government has spent billions of dollars to save us from ruin and disgrace. We *must* pay the bill.

Ever know the joy of saving? It's the grandest feeling!

Save now and later be able to buy that "something" you have always longed for.

Carry out your savings pledge if you made one; or make one right now.

Buy of your War Savings Society, or bank, postoffice, store.

Thrift Stamps and War Savings Stamps.

SURE IT WILL

I used to tip the bell-hop with a quarter.

But now I only hand him out a dime.

I used to drop two bits into the basket.

At church; now it's a dollar every time.

The parasites who gloated at my wasting

Are losers since I started in to save.

But then—the parson smiles when he remembers

The many ducats which he knows I gave.

My smokes once cost me two for every quarter.

But now, ten cents apiece is all I spend;

They're just as good to me and I have added

Some more to the amount which I will lend.

Oh, no, old boy! I haven't grown religious—

Nor have I into an old miser grown.

I'm buying Thrift Stamps—that is all the story;

And making Uncle Santa a little loan.

War Savings Stamps I have, to quite a number,

But more than that—I find my method new.

Gives me more cash for church and bank and family.

Just try it. It will do the same for you.

—The War Saver.

"Virtuous Wives"

At Crystal Monday

The management of the Crystal theater has secured a treat for the patrons on next Monday night, "Virtuous Wives," featuring Annita Stewart.

This is Miss Stewart's first special feature produced by Geo. Leone Tucker, the producer of The Disincarnate Man and The Madmen, so well known to movie patrons.

The story by Owen Johnson ran in serial form in the Cosmopolitan several months ago and

this resolution be sent to the state highway commission at Santa Fe.

It is further resolved, That a committee of three members of

this meeting be appointed, one of said members to be the chairman

of this meeting, for the purpose

of naming a committee of seven

members, to organize a permanent

Good Roads association for Lincoln

county, New Mexico; that said

committee be authorized to call

a meeting of the citizens of Lincoln

county, to meet at the town of Capitan,

at the High school building, on Saturday,

the 29th day of March, 1919, at 1:30

o'clock in the afternoon, for the

purpose of organizing a County

Good Roads association; and that

a copy of these resolutions be sent

to the newspapers published in

Lincoln county for publication.

created a big sensation over the entire country.

Miss Stewart is quite beautiful and registers very satisfactorily in her dramatic moments. Hedda Hopper makes the character of the other woman stand out, and Conway Tearle gives the best performance he has ever made on the screen.

This is a classic production and the exterior is artistic. The composition is excellent. The lighting is exquisite at times and the interiors blend perfectly with the general scheme of an atmosphere typifying the millionaire society set of the east.

You should not miss this excellent entertainment. An admission of 30 cents, including the war tax, will be charged.

Dave C. Parker and Perry Humphrey were here Monday from the Little Creek country.

It Costs More

FOR several years material and labor costs have steadily increased, and all transportation charges have been advanced. That means that every operation in the giving of telephone service has increased steadily in cost.

It costs more to operate a switchboard, keep the books, do the billing and collect the accounts.

It costs more to install a telephone.

It costs more to repair a telephone.

It costs more to take out a telephone.

It costs more to move a telephone.

It costs more to string a circuit, repair a wire and to set a new pole.

Every piece of equipment and every item of supplies costs more.

And Meanwhile—

Our revenues maintain practically an even level.

The Mountain States Telephone and Telegraph Company

Cattle Growers of New Mexico:

The future of the cattle business in New Mexico depends upon the organized, cooperative efforts of the men who make their livings from cattle.

The lone cowman is up against it.

Organized with his association in the industry, he will prosper.

The New Mexico Cattle and Horse Growers' Association is the one organization which devotes all of its efforts exclusively to the welfare of New Mexico cattle growers. Its 500 members owning fifty per cent of all the cattle in New Mexico are an united, aggressive body of men, attending to business every minute, with four years of results to show for their efforts—results which have been worth hard cash to every cattleman, and which will be worth more money to all of you from year to year.

We meet in 4th annual convention, in Albuquerque, March 25, 26, 27—that's next week. It is to your interest to be there and to join this organization. It will help your disposition; it will boost your bank account.

Join with us in fighting your battles
BUSINESS FIRST — A GOOD TIME LATER
BE THERE!

KHAKI BOY, HERE'S OUR HAND

BY BETTE WEEKLY CHIEF

Dedicated to my brothers, Infants and Orphans, and their Mothers in Khaki "Over There"

There's a little lonely feeling
In our hearts, my dear,
And a longing comes a-stealing
Just to have you near;
But soon we know you'll be returning.

Landed heroes of a world
That's emerging from a conflict
With the victor's flag unfurled.

CHORUS

Then hurrah for the boys in khaki,

And a world-wide liberty today!
For the Yanks will soon be coming.

Back to the U. S. A.
Then "Away Down In Dixie,"

And in "Yankee Doodle" Land,
East and west with all the rest,
Khaki Boy, here's our hand.

There's a happy time coming
For us all, my dear.

And God speed the glad returning
When your duty's done, my dear;

For the cause of Right and Honor
You have nobly done your share
To make the world a better place
Over here and over there.

United States Employment Service

We are in receipt of the following letter from the United States Employment Service at Roswell: Roswell, N. M., January 21, 1919.

Editor Carrizozo News, Carrizozo, N. M.

The United States government is anxious to secure employment for the returning soldiers, sailors, industrial war workers and all male or female citizens, unemployed. To succeed in this great undertaking it is necessary to have the active cooperation of the people; hence this letter to you.

If you desire the services of professional help, farm hands, mechanics, laborers or domestic help, or if you know any one who does, or if you are seeking employment for yourself, or for any member of your family, this office will cheerfully assist in supplying your wants.

The Roswell employment bureau is a branch of the United States Department of Labor. Its services are free. It is maintained for the sole purpose of securing employment for the unemployed; therefore, it is the patriotic duty of every American citizen to assist the government in this great project.

You are invited to visit the office in person, as more satisfactory results can be obtained; or to phone (phone 210); or to fill out blanks that will be furnished, and mail to Mary D. Smith, Examiner in Charge, Roswell, New Mexico.

Y. M. C. A. Canard

New York, March 16.—William Sloane, Chairman of the National War Work Council, Y. M. C. A., denying the report circulated by the Universal Hearst news service to the effect that the Y. M. C. A. had under consideration a plan for diverting money contributed by the public for soldier welfare to the erection of permanent association buildings throughout America, issues the following statement:

"At no time has the Y. M. C. A. advocated or even suggested that any money contributed for war welfare work be used to erect permanent buildings for the association, or that it be used for any purpose other than that for which it was contributed, the welfare of the men in the service. The statement is unqualifiedly false. Any plan that would look to a diversion of the money in the manner mentioned is entirely contrary to the consistent and firm stand the Y. M. C. A. has taken."

Methodist Church

Rev. H. B. Leebell, Pastor. Telephone 111. Sunday school at 10. Come and be one of the many new pupils.

They are the Dependable of the Earth

AMBITION, pride and determination are the character marks of the Thrifty, and the Thrifty are the dependable of the earth. They know that opportunity deals for cash and prepare themselves to meet its call.

Why not open a savings account in this strong, progressive bank, then add to it regularly and be in a position to grasp some of the opportunities that are bound to develop during 1919.

This bank invites your confidence, for it can be of service to you in many ways. It is the silent but helpful partner of its savings depositors.

Exchange Bank of Carrizozo
Carrizozo, New Mexico

Short gospel sermons at 11 and 7:30. Come and enjoy the hour of worship.

Epworth League at 7:30. Leader, Miss Olivia Kennedy.

Special music for each service. If you love democracy you will enjoy worshipping with us. "The Church of the People."

Medals for Workers

(Publicity Department.)

Every worker connected with the Victory Liberty Loan campaign will receive a medal made from captured German cannon. The medal will be the size of a fifty cent piece, will have a re-

Who Benefits By High Prices?

You feel that retail meat prices are too high.

Your retailer says he has to pay higher prices to the packers.

Swift & Company prove that out of every dollar the retailer pays to the packers for meat, 2 cents is for packers' profit, 13 cents is for operating expenses, and 85 cents goes to the stock raiser; and that the prices of live stock and meat move up and down together.

The live-stock raiser points to rising costs of raising live stock.

Labor reminds us that higher wages must go hand in hand with the new cost of living.

No one, apparently, is responsible. No one, apparently, is benefited by higher prices and higher income.

We are all living on a high-priced scale. One trouble is, that the number of dollars has multiplied faster than the quantity of goods, so that each dollar buys less than formerly.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.



Announcing That We Are Now Ready to Serve You

MOTOR car owners of this community hereafter may count on us for a full supply of the ever dependable

Firestone Tires and Service

Come in! Let us explain why you should have those inbuilt Firestone extras that stand up against the grind.

Come in and test our prompt, efficient, courteous service. It will greatly increase your motoring pleasures. Our charges are reasonable; our work always reliable. Firestone Tubes and Accessories also on hand.

Kelley & Son

Carrizozo
New Mexico

Phone 96



production of the Treasury Department on one side and a certification on the other that the owner has participated in the loan. A space will be left for engraving the name of the recipient.

In an interview today, Frank M. Smith, Federal District Director of the War Loan organization, said that he knew of nothing better calculated to stimulate interest amongst the workers than this plan. Several prominent

workers on being advised of the matter said not only would they want to wear the medal, but hoped that it would be handed to their children's children.

Care washed at Western Gar-

Health About Gone

Many thousands of women suffering from womanly trouble, have been benefited by the use of Cardui, the woman's tonic, according to letters we receive, similar to this one from Mrs. Z. V. Smith, of Hayne, N. C. "I could not stand on my feet, and just suffered terribly," she says. "As my suffering was so great, and he had tried other remedies, Dr. — had us get Cardui. . . I began improving, and it saved me. I know, and my doctor knows, what Cardui did for me, for my nerves and health were about gone."

TAKE

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

She writes further: "I am in splendid health . . . can do my work. I feel I owe it to Cardui, for I was in dreadful condition." If you are nervous, run-down and weak, or suffer from headache, backache, etc., every month, try Cardui. Thousands of women praise this medicine for the good it has done them, and many physicians who have used Cardui successfully with their women patients, for years, endorse this medicine. Think what it means to be in splendid health, like Mrs. Smith. Give Cardui a trial.

All Druggists

J 72

What To Do With Your Liberty Bonds

A Brand New Bit of Banking Service, Available to All Without Charge

THE PLAN. We receive your Liberty Bonds in any amount, for deposit to the credit of your Savings account, entering the amount right in your pass book.

The Bonds will be stored in our Fire-and-burglar-proof safe, and, upon request can be withdrawn at any time. As the interest comes due we will clip the coupons and credit their interest to your Savings account.

THE RESULT: Thus the safety of your Liberty Bonds is assured—and it is important to protect them from theft and fire.

Also you are relieved of the detail and worry of keeping up with the interest periods, clipping the coupons, taking them to the bank to be cashed, etc.

NO CHARGE is made for this service. The plan is alike to those who do or do not have Savings accounts with us. War Savings Certificates included in this plan.

BANK WITH US—GROW WITH US

The Lincoln State Bank
Carrizozo, New Mexico

Rainbow's End

A NOVEL by REX BEACH

Author of "THE IRON TRAIL," "THE SPOILERS,"
"HEART OF THE SUNSET," Etc.

(Copyright, by Harper and Brothers)

O'REILLY MAKES LOVE BADLY, BUT WELL ENOUGH TO WIN THE HEART OF ROSA.

Synopsis.—Don Esteban Varona, a Cuban planter, hides his wealth—money, jewels and title deeds—in a well on his estate. The hiding place is known only to Sebastian, a slave. Don Esteban's wife dies at the birth of twins, Esteban and Rosa. Don Esteban marries the avaricious Donna Isabel, who tries unsuccessfully to wring the secret of the hidden treasure from Sebastian. Angered at his refusal, she urges Don Esteban to sell Evangelina, Sebastian's daughter. Don Esteban refuses, but in the course of a gambling orgy, he risks Evangelina at cards and loses. Crazed by the loss of his daughter, Sebastian kills Don Esteban and is himself killed. Many years pass and Donna Isabel is unable to find the hidden treasure. Don Mario, rich sugar merchant, seeks to marry Rosa, who has returned from school in the United States.

CHAPTER III—Continued.

"Good!" Don Mario rose to leave, for the exertion of his ride had made him thirsty. "You may name your own reward for helping me and I will pay it the day Rosa marries me. Now kindly advise her of my intentions and tell her I shall come to see her soon."

It was quite true that Johnnie O'Reilly—or "The O'Reilly," as his friends called him—had little in the way of worldly advantage to offer any girl, and it was precisely because of this fact that he had accepted a position here in Cuba, where, from the very nature of things, promotion was likely to be more rapid than in the New York office of his firm.

A dancing eye speaks every language: a smiling heart gathers its own audience. Before the young Irish-American had more than a bowing acquaintance with the commonest Spanish words he had a calling acquaintance with some of the most exclusive people of Matanzas. He had adjusted himself serenely to his surroundings when Rosa Varona returned from school, but with her coming, away went all his complacency. His contentment vanished; he experienced a total change in his opinions, his hopes, and his ambitions.

He discovered, for example, that Matanzas was by no means the out-of-the-way place he had considered it; on the contrary, after meeting Rosa once by accident, twice by design, and three times by mutual arrangement, it had dawned upon him that this was the chief city of Cuba, if not, perhaps, the hub around which the whole world revolved; certainly it was the most agreeable of all cities, since it contained everything that was necessary for man's happiness. Yet, despite the thrill of his awakening, O'Reilly was

lent view of the Yumuri, on the one hand, and of the town and harbor on the other; no one ever climbed the hill from the city to gaze over into that hidden valley without feeling a pleasurable surprise at finding it still there. We are accustomed to think of perfect beauty as unsubstantial, evanescent; but the Yumuri never changed, and in that lay its supremest wonder.

Through what had once been well-tended grounds, O'Reilly made his way to a sort of sunken garden which, in spite of neglect, still remained the most charming nook upon the place; and there he sat down to wait for Rosa. The hollow was effectually screened from view by a growth of plantain, palm, orange, and tamarind trees; over the rocky walls ran a profusion of flowering plants and vines; in the center of the open space was an old well, its masonry curb all but crumbled away.

When Rosa at last appeared, O'Reilly felt called upon to tell her, somewhat dazedly, that she was beyond doubt the sweetest flower on all the Quinta de Esteban, and since this somewhat hackneyed remark was the boldest speech he had ever made to her, she blushed prettily, flashing him a dimpled smile of mingled pleasure and surprise.

"Oh, but I assure you I'm in no sweet temper," said she. "Just now I'm tremendously angry."

"Why?"

"It's that stepmother—Isabel. If she dreamed that I see you as often as I do—Well—Rosa lifted her eloquent hands and eyes heavenward. "I suppose that's why I enjoy doing it—I so drowsily love to spite her."

"I see!" O'Reilly puckered his brows and nodded. "But why, in that case, haven't you seen me often? We might just as well have made the good lady's life totally unbearable."

"Silly! She knows nothing about it." With a flirtatious sigh Rosa added: "That's what robs the affair of its chief pleasure. Since it does not bother her in the least, I think I will not allow you to come any more."

After judicious consideration, O'Reilly pretended to agree.

"There's no fun in wreaking a horrible revenge, when your enemy isn't wise to it," he acknowledged. "Since it's your idea to irritate your stepmother, perhaps it would annoy her if I made love directly to her."

Rosa giggled, and then inquired, naively, "Can you make love, señor?"

"Can I? It's the one ability an O'Reilly inherits. Listen to this now."

Reaching forth, he took Rosa's fingers in his; "Wait!" he cried as she resisted. "Pretend that you're Mrs. Varona, your own stepmother, and that this is her dimpled hand I'm holding."

"Oh-h!" The girl allowed his grasp to remain. "But Isabel's hand isn't dimpled; it's thin and bony. I've felt it on my ears often enough."

"Don't interrupt," he told her. "Isabel, my little darling—"

"Isabel!" exclaimed a voice, and the lovers started guiltily apart. They turned to find Esteban, Rosa's twin brother, staring at them oddly. "Isabel!" he repeated. "What's this?"

"You interrupted our theatricals. I was rehearsing an impassioned proposal to your beloved stepmother," O'Reilly explained, with a pretense of annoyance.

"You, Señor O'Reilly, believe he can infuriate Isabel by laying siege to her. He's a foolish person—Rosa's cheeks were faintly flushed and her color deepened at the amusement in Esteban's eyes. "He makes love wretchedly."

"What little I overheard wasn't bad," Esteban declared; then he took O'Reilly's hand.

Esteban was a handsome boy, straight, slim and manly, and his resemblance to Rosa was startling. With a look engaging in its frank directness, he said: "Rosa told me about your meetings here and I came to apologize for our stepmother's discourtesy. I'm sorry we can't invite you into our house, but—you understand! Rosa and I are not like her; we are quite liberal in our views; we are almost Americans, as you see. I dare say that's what makes Isabel hate Americans so bitterly."

"Wouldn't it please her to know that I'm becoming Cubanized as fast as ever I can?" ventured the caller.

"Oh, she hates Cubans, too!" laughed the brother. "She's Spanish, you know. Well, it's fortunate you didn't see her today. Br! What a temper! She'll

walk in her sleep tonight, if ever." Rosa nodded soberly, and O'Reilly, suppressing some light reply that had sprung to his lips, inquired, curiously, "What do you mean by that?"

Brother and sister joined in explaining that Donna Isabel was given to peculiar actions, especially after periods of excitement or anger, and that one of her eccentricities had taken the form of somnambulistic wanderings. "Oh, she's crazy enough," Esteban concluded. "I believe it's her evil conscience."

O'Reilly scanned the speaker silently for a moment; then he said, with a gravity unusual in him. "I wonder if you know that you're suspected of—working for the insurrecto cause."

"Indeed? I didn't know."

"Well, it's a fact," O'Reilly heard Rosa gasp faintly. "Is it true?" he asked.

"I am a Cuban."

"Cuban? Your people were Spanish."

"True. But no Spaniard ever raised a Spanish child in Cuba. We are Cubans. Rosa and I go everywhere, and the Spanish officers talk plainly before me. Somebody must be the eyes and the ears for Colonel Lopez."

"Colonel Lopez!" exclaimed O'Reilly. Esteban nodded.

Rosa's face, as she looked at the two men, was white and worried. For a time the three of them sat silent; then the American said, slowly, "You'll be shot if you're caught."

"Some one must run chances," Esteban averred. "We're fighting tyranny; all Cuba is in blame. I must do my part."

"But sooner or later you'll be discovered—then what?" persisted O'Reilly.

Esteban shrugged. "Who knows? There'll be time enough when—"

"What of Rosa?"

At this question the brother stirred uneasily and dropped his eyes. O'Reilly laid a hand upon his arm. "You have no right to jeopardize her safety. Without you, to whom could she turn?" The girl flashed her admirer a grateful glance.

"Senor, you for one would see that she—"

"But—I'm going away," O'Reilly felt rather than saw Rosa start, for his face was averted. "I came here to tell you both good-by. I may be gone for some time. I—I don't know when I can get back."

"I'm sorry," Esteban told him, with genuine regret. "We have grown very fond of you. But you will come back before long, eh? You're one of us. In the meantime I'll remember what you say, and at least I'll be careful." By no means wanting in tact, Esteban rose briskly and, after shaking hands with O'Reilly, left the two lovers to say farewell as best suited them.

But for once O'Reilly's ready tongue was silent. The laughter was gone from his blue eyes when he turned to the girl at his side.

"You say you are going away?" Rosa inquired, breathlessly. "But why?"

"I'm going partly because of this war and partly because of—something else. I tried to tell you yesterday, but I couldn't. When the revolution started everybody thought it was merely a local uprising, and I wrote my company to that effect; but, bless you, it has spread like fire, and now the whole eastern end of the island is ablaze. Business has stopped, and my employers have ordered me home to find out what's happened to their profits."

"You said there was something else—"

O'Reilly's hesitation became an embarrassed silence. He tried to laugh it off.

"There is; otherwise I'd stay right here and tell my penurious friends to whistle for their profits. It seems I'm cursed with a fatal beauty. You may have noticed it? No? Well, perhaps it's a magnificent business ability that I have. Anyhow, the president of my company has a notion that I'd make him a good son-in-law."

"Oh!" cried Rosa.

And at her tone O'Reilly hurried on: "These rich men have the most absurd ideas. I suppose I'm to be—"

"Then you are in love, señor?"

"The young man loved vigorously. "Indeed I am—with the sweetest girl in Cuba. That's the whole trouble. That's why I'm hurrying home to resign before I'm fired." Not daring to look too long or too deeply into Rosa Varona's eyes until she had taken in the whole truth, he waited, staring at his feet. "I'm sort of glad it has come to a show-down and I can speak out. I'm hoping she'll miss me." After a moment he ventured, "Will she—or will you, Rosa?"

"I? Miss you?" Rosa lifted her brows in pretended amazement. "You are amusing, of course, but—I won't have much time to think about you, for I am so soon to be married."

"Married? What? Nonsense!"

"Indeed! Do you think I'm so ugly nobody would have me? The richest man in Matanzas has asked for my hand this very afternoon."

"Who? Mario de Castano?"

"Yes."

O'Reilly laughed with relief, and though Rosa tried to look offended, she was forced to smile. "He's fat, I know," she admitted, "and he makes funny noises when he breathes; but he

is richer than Croesus, and I adore rich men."

"I hate 'em!" announced O'Reilly. Then for a second time he took Rosa's dimpled hand, saying, earnestly: "I'm sure you know why I make love so badly, dear. It's my Irish conscience. And you'll wait until I come back, won't you?"

"Will you be gone—very long?" she asked.

O'Reilly looked deeply now into the dark eyes turned to his, and found that at last there was no coquetry in them anywhere—nothing but a lonesome, hungry yearning—and with a glad, incoherent exclamation he held out his arms. Rosa Varona crept into them; then with a sigh she upturned her lips to his.

"I'll wait forever," she said.

CHAPTER IV.

Retribution.

Although for a long time Donna Isabel had been sure in her own mind that Pancho Cueto, her administrator, was robbing her, she had never mustered courage to call him to a reckoning. Nevertheless, De Castano's blunt accusation, coupled with her own urgent needs, served to fix her resolution, and on the day after the merchant's visit she sent for the overseer, who at the time was living on one of the plantations.

Cueto was plainly curious to learn why he had been sent for, but since he asked no questions, his employer



"Will You Be Gone—Very Long?" She Asked.

was forced to open the subject herself. Through dry, white lips she began:

"My dear Pancho, times are hard. The plantations are failing, and so—Pancho Cueto's eyes were set close to his nose, his face was long and thin and harsh; he regarded the speaker with such a sinister, unblinking stare that she could scarcely finish: "—and so I—can no longer afford to retain you as administrator."

"Times will improve," he said.

"Impossible! I tell you I'm bankrupt."

"So? Then the remedy is simple—sell a part of your land."

Although this suggestion came naturally enough, Donna Isabel turned cold, and felt her smile stiffen into a grimace. She wondered if Cueto could be feeling her out deliberately. "Sell the Varona lands?" she queried, after a momentary struggle with herself. "Esteban would rise from his grave. No. It was his wish that the plantations go to his children intact."

"And his wish is sacred to you, eh?" Cueto nodded his approval, although his smile was disconcerting. "An admirable sentiment! It does you honor! But speaking on this subject, I am reminded of that dispute with Jose Oroz over the boundary to La Joya. I have promised to show him the original deed to La Joya and to furnish him with the proofs about the boundary line. That would be better than a lawsuit, wouldn't it?"

"Decidedly! But—I will settle with him myself."

Cueto lifted an admonitory hand, his face alight with the faintest glimmer of ironic mirth. "I couldn't trust you to the mercies of thatascal," he said plausibly. "No, I shall go on as I am, even at a sacrifice to myself. I love Don Esteban's children as my very own; and you, senora—"

Isabel knew that she must win a complete victory at once or accept irretrievable defeat.

"Never!" she interrupted, with a tone of finality. "I can't accept your sacrifice. I am not worthy. Kindly arrange to turn over your books of account at once."

Then Pancho Cueto did an unexpected thing: he laughed shortly and shook his head.

Donna Isabel was ready to faint and her voice quavered as she went on: "Understand me, we part the best of friends despite all I have heard against you. I do not believe these stories people tell, for you probably have enemies. Even if all they said were true, I should force myself to be lenient because of your affection for my husband."

The man rose, still smiling. "It is I who have been lenient," said he.

"Eh? Speak plainly."

"Gladly. I have long suspected that

Don Esteban hid the deeds of his property with the rest of his valuables, and now that you admit—"

Donna Isabel recoiled sharply. "Admit! Are you mad? Deeds! What are you talking about?" Her eyes met his bravely enough, but she could feel her lips trembling loosely.

Casting aside all pretense, the overseer exclaimed: "Por el amor de Dios! An end to this! I know why you sent for me. You think I have been robbing you. Well, to be honest, so I have. Why should I tell as I do while you and those twins live here in luxury and idleness, squandering money to which you have no right?"

"Have I lost my reason?" gasped the widow. "No right?"

"At least no better right than I. Don't you understand? You have no title to these plantations! They are mine, for I have paid the taxes out of my own pockets now these many years."

"Taxes! What do you mean?"

"I paid them. The receipts are in my name."

"Heaven! Such perfidy! And you who knew him!"

"The deeds have been lost for so long that the property would have reverted to the crown had it not been for me. You doubt that, eh? Well, appeal to the court and you will find that it is true. Now, then, let us be frank. Inasmuch as we're both in much the same fix, hadn't we better continue our present arrangements?" He stared unblinkingly at his listener. "Oh, I mean it! Is it not better for you to be content with what my generosity prompts me to give, rather than to risk ruin for both by grasping for too much?"

"The outrage! I warrant you have grown rich through your stealing," Isabel's voice had gone flat with consternation.

"Rich? Well, not exactly, but comfortably well off." Cueto actually smiled again. "No doubt my frankness is a shock to you. You are angry at my proposition, eh? Never mind. If you are a sensible woman. But now, since at last we enjoy such confidential relations, let us have no more of these miserable suspicions of each other. Let us entirely forget this unpleasant misunderstanding and be the same good friends as before."

Having said this, Pancho Cueto stood silent a moment in polite expectancy; then receiving no intelligible reply, he bowed low and left the room.

To the avaricious Donna Isabel Cueto's frank acknowledgment of theft was maddening, and the realization that she was helpless, nay, dependent upon his charity for her living, fairly crucified her proud spirit.

All day she brooded, and by the time evening came she had worked herself into such a state of nerves that she could eat no dinner. Some time during the course of the evening a wild idea came to Isabel. Knowing that the manager would spend the night beneath her roof, she planned to kill him. At first it seemed a simple thing to do—merely a matter of a dagger or a pistol, while he slept—but further thought revealed appalling risks and difficulties, and she decided to wait. Poison was far safer.

Constant brooding over the treasure had long since affected Donna Isabel's brain, and as a consequence she often dreamed about it. She dreamed about it again tonight, and, strangely enough, her dreams were pleasant. Sebastian appeared, but for once he neither cursed nor threatened her; and Esteban, when he came, was again the lover who had courted her in Havana. It was amazing, delightful.

Esteban and she were walking through the grounds of the quinta and he was telling her about his casks of Spanish sovereigns, about those boxes bound with iron, about the gold and silver ornaments of heavenly beauty and the pearls as large as plums. As he talked Isabel felt herself grow hot and cold with anticipation; she experienced spasms of delight.

Then of a sudden Isabel's whole dream-world dissolved. She awoke, or thought she did, at hearing her name shouted. But although she underwent the mental and the physical shock of being startled from slumber, although she felt the first swift fright of a person aroused to strange surroundings, she knew on the instant that she must still be asleep; for everything about her was dim and dark, the air was cold and damp, wet grass rose to her knees. Before she could half realize her condition she felt herself plunged into space. She heard herself scream hoarsely, fearfully, and knew, too late, that she was indeed awake. Then—whirling chaos—A sudden, blinding crash of lights and sounds—Nothing more!

Esteban Varona sat until a late hour that night over a letter which required the utmost care in its composition. It was written upon the thinnest of paper, and when it was finished the writer inclosed it in an envelope of the same material. Esteban put the letter in his pocket without addressing it. Letting himself out into the night, he took the path that led to the old sunken garden. He passed close by the well, and its gaping mouth, only half protected by the broken coping, reminded him that he had promised Rosa to cover it with planks. In its present condition it was a menace to animals, if not to human beings who were unaware of its presence.

Esteban's support of the insurrecto cause brings disaster to himself and Rosa. The next installment tells of their plight.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

FOR BETTER ROADS

URGES RESUMING ROAD WORK

President Favors Earliest Possible Resumption of Highway Construction—His Letter.

[Prepared by United States Department of Agriculture.]
President Wilson favors the earliest possible resumption and extension of highway construction under the federal aid road act and has written Secretary of Agriculture Houston to that effect. The secretary of war also has written the secretary of agriculture in favor of highway work.

The president's letter follows:

"Dear Mr. Secretary:
"I heartily agree with you that it would be in the public interest to resume in full measure the highway construction operations under the federal aid road act, and to do so as speedily as possible. I understand the necessity which existed for their contraction during the stress through which we have been passing, but that obstacle is now removed. I believe that it would be highly desirable to have an additional appropriation made available to the department of agriculture, to be used in conjunction, if possible, with any surplus state and community funds, in order that these operations may be extended. It is important not only to develop good highways throughout the country as quickly as possible, but it is also at this time especially advisable to resume and extend all such essential public works, with a view to furnishing employment for laborers who may be seeking new tasks during the period of readjustment. Knowing that the department of agriculture and the state highway authorities in each state have been carefully working out road systems and developing plans and specifications, I have no doubt that all activities in this field can be vigorously conducted through these two sets of existing agencies, acting in full accord."

"Faithfully yours,
"WOODROW WILSON."

The following letter has been received from Secretary of War Baker:

"My Dear Mr. Secretary:

"I am in full agreement with your view that there should not only be a prompt resumption of road construction under the federal aid road act, and under such further authority as may exist for separate state action, but also that additional funds should be made available to your department for

the extension of such work. The war department, as you know, detailed one of its officers to serve your bureau of public roads in its consideration of highways which might have a value for military purposes, and I shall be glad to have the closest possible cooperation continue as the work enlarges.

"Cordially yours,
"NEWTON D. BAKER,
"Secretary of War."

PREPARE ROADS FOR WINTER

Ditches Along Highways Should Be Opened Before Ground Freezes—Then Use Drag.

See that all drain ditches along the road are opened before the ground freezes; then smooth, drag and pack the center of the road, and you will have provided for the essential drainage, without which we cannot expect to have good highways. All rocks should be picked out of the track before they freeze to the ground, harassing both man and beast when they pass over them during the winter months. Low places at bridges and culverts should be filled and leveled up to make winter travel more endurable. Repair holes in bridges, to guard against serious accidents by some horse getting his foot fast—perhaps breaking his leg.

Civilizing Agency.

Napoleon and Caesar left their most imperishable monuments in roads. They are the greatest and surest civilizing agency—Frederick Chamberlain, in "The Philippine Problem."

Good Roads Led to Rome.

In the days when all roads led to Rome it was because Rome built good roads.

Good for Everybody.

Good roads are good for everybody.



"You May Name Your Own Reward."

not at all pleased with himself, for, as it happened, there was another girl back home, and during his first year of loneliness he had written to her more freely and more frequently than any man on such a salary as his had a right to do.

Inasmuch as her father was O'Reilly's "company" it may be seen that Rosa Varona's home-coming seriously complicated matters, not only from a sentimental, but from a business standpoint.

It was in a thoughtful mood that he rode up La Cumbre toward the Quinta de Esteban, late on the afternoon of Don Mario's visit. Instead of going directly to the house, as the merchant had done, O'Reilly turned off from the road and, after tethering his horse in a cluster of guava bushes, proceeded on foot. He did not like Donna Isabel, nor did Donna Isabel like him. Moreover, he had a particular reason for avoiding her today.

Just inside the Varona premises he paused an instant to admire the outlook. The quinta commanded an excep-



All
three brands
sealed in air-tight
packages. Easy to find—
It is on sale
everywhere.

Look for, ask for,
be sure to get
WRIGLEY'S
The
Greatest Name
in Goody-Land



The Flavor Lasts

Nothing pleases some girls so much as the chance to resist an attempt to kiss them.

Weekly Health Talks Where Most Sickness Begins and Ends

BY FRANKLIN DUANE, M. D.
It can be said broadly that most human life begins in the stomach and ends in the stomach. Good digestion means good health, and poor digestion means bad health. The minute your stomach fails to properly dispose of the food you eat, troubles begin to crop out in various forms. Indigestion and dyspepsia are the commonest forms, but thin, impure blood, headaches, backaches, pimples, blotches, dizziness, belching, coated tongue, weakness, poor appetite, sleeplessness, coughs, colds and bronchitis are almost as common. There is but one way to have good health, and that is to put and keep your stomach in good order. This is easy to do if you take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is a wonderful tonic and blood purifier, and is so safe to take, for it is made of roots and herbs. Dr. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., stands behind this standard medicine, and it is good to know that so distinguished a physician is proud to have his name identified with it. When you take Golden Medical Discovery, you are getting the benefit of the experience of a doctor whose reputation goes all around the earth. Still more, you get a temperance medicine that contains not a drop of alcohol or narcotic of any kind. Long ago Dr. Pierce combined certain valuable vegetable ingredients without the use of alcohol—so that these remedies always have been strictly temperance medicines.
If piles are torturing you, get and use Pierce's Anodyne Pile Ointment. The quick relief it gives is hard to believe until you try it. If constipated Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets should be taken while using Anodyne Pile Ointment. Few indeed are the cases which these splendid remedies will not relieve and usually overcome. They are so good that nearly every drug store has them for sale.

Philosophy.

"How does Jims support his wife?"
"Like the other trials of life—with what patience and resignation he can muster."

Shave With Cuticura Soap

And double your razor efficiency as well as promote skin purity, skin comfort and skin health. No mug, no stingy soap, no germs, no waste, no irritation even when shaved twice daily. One soap for all uses—shaving, bathing and shampooing.—Adv.

Electricity on the Farm.

Electricity is now equal to nearly all kinds of farm work, from irrigation to churning. So far it has not attacked plowing and cultivating, but electricity is not yet through with the farm.

WHY DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND SWAMP-ROOT

For many years druggists have watched with much interest the remarkable record maintained by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine.

It is a physician's prescription. Swamp-Root is a strengthening medicine. It helps the kidneys, liver and bladder do the work nature intended they should do.

Swamp-Root has stood the test of years. It is sold by all druggists on its merit and it should help you. No other kidney medicine has so many friends.

Be sure to get Swamp-Root and start treatment at once.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

London Intelligencers say there has been a great increase in gray-haired young women, due to the war.

ARE BROTHERS IN TREACHERY

American Indian at His Worst, and the Hun, Shown to Have Qualities in Common.

The German is not the originator of the "Kamerad" ruse, according to Ed Houston, a farmer living south of Junction City, Kan., who followed all accounts of battles in the big war very closely.

Mr. Houston says that the Indian was an adept at crying "Kamerad," in his own tongue, of course, long before the German empire was formed, and cites an experience of his own to prove it.

Mr. Houston was a member of Troop G, Seventh cavalry, the regiment commanded by the gallant Col. George Custer, for eight years. Under Captain Edgerly he went to the scene of the Pine Ridge troubles. The troops lined up to disarm a band of Indians that had given themselves up. They included the chief, Big Foot, and a large number of braves, as well as women and children.

The captives were herded together and soldiers formed a hollow square around them. Each Indian wore his blanket draped over his shoulders, and, with arms folded across the chest in the customary Indian position, maintained a stoical silence. It was known that a number of the Indians carried guns, but no treachery was suspected.

Suddenly, apparently without a given signal, one Indian opened fire on the surprised troopers. Instantly all of the other braves followed suit, and even the squaws and older children joined in the attack upon the soldiers.

Little Indian boys with saved-off shotguns fought until killed and the battle was a bloody affair. It ended when there were no more Indians, because the soldiers, angered at the trickery that had been shown, gave no quarter and the Indians asked for none.

The following day the Seventh went to Drexel Mission, where another battle took place. After the Pine Ridge trouble had been stamped out, the regiment returned to its station at Fort Riley, where Mr. Houston continued in service for a number of years.

Gull Gets Into Aspid.

"It's crying like a baby and fighting like a devil," shouted Engineer James McQuade of the state steam tug Governor Irvin, lying in the slip between piers 18 and 20, as he ran waving his arms toward police officers, John Malcolin and John Maloney, on duty at the piers, writes a San Francisco correspondent.

"Get Captain Symon on the phone—tell him something awful is aboard the Irvin," said McQuade as he came alongside the officers, but the officers thought it better to investigate before communicating with Capt. James Symon, superintendent of the state tugs.

"There's something in the ash receiver, right under the smokestack of the Irvin," McQuade said. The officers hurried back to the tug with the engineer. Ash-pit doors were thrown open and there, gasping for breath, lay a seagull that had flown down the smokestack.

"I started working its wings with my hands and blowing down its throat, and Maloney fanned it with his hand-gear, and in a few minutes it began to breathe all right, and flapped its wings to be off. They were scorched badly and it flew a little wobbly as it made away toward Verba Buena Island. I bet that bird will remember this day," said Malcolin.

Why American Publishers Are Liked.

Turn back to the magazines of 20 or 30 years ago and compare them with what is thought good enough for us. I was looking through such a magazine recently and found a poem by Swinburne, a prose romance by William Morris, and much else of a quality you would no more think of looking for in a current magazine than for palm trees in Whitechapel. It is different in America; in spite of gross business interests, or because of them, they do turn out magazines which are good to look at, and very often good to read; for American editors think nothing of paying a sum for a short story which, to mention to a London editor, would make him feel as if something snapped in his head. He wouldn't understand. The consequence is the best English writers send their wares first to the American market, where they are better displayed and get a better price.—London Nation.

"First Families" Win.

Seven out of ten first prizes to the bird puzzle contest, conducted last spring by the Albuquerque Game Protective association, were carried away by Pueblo and Navajo Indian children. The contest was open to all school children in New Mexico, of which the native Indians form but a small fraction. But the superior first-hand knowledge of the young redmen made them easy winners over all other contestants. The contest consisted of 25 questions on native New Mexico birds, arranged to bring out knowledge of their habits and an understanding of their value to agriculturists.

Medical Science.

I think it is not an exaggeration to say that medicine, surgery, obstetrics and the many medical specialties have made more progress in the 72 years from 1846 to 1918 than in as many centuries before. I am also quite willing to believe that the next 70 years will be as fruitful as the last 70 have been.—Maj. W. W. Keen, in the Yale Review.

BOSCHEE'S SYRUP

Why use ordinary cough remedies when Boschee's Syrup has been used so successfully for fifty-one years in all parts of the United States for coughs, bronchitis, colds settled in the throat, especially lung troubles? It gives the patient a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectoration in the morning, gives nature a chance to soothe the inflamed parts, throw off the disease, helping the patient to regain his health. Made in America and sold for more than half a century.—Adv.

Explain Yourself, Ethel.

Ethel Barrymore may be particularly interested in sex plays, but it seems that the following illuminating item from an afternoon paper may require some explaining:

"Ethel Barrymore, coming to English's next week, is one of a famous stage family. She is the daughter of Maurice Barrymore and George Dwyer Barrymore, the brother of John and Lionel Barrymore and the niece of John Dwyer."

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1918.

(Seal) A. W. Gleason, Notary Public.
HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Druggists, 75c. Testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Answered.

Somewhere once telegraphed Horace Greeley: "Are there any news?"
"Not a new," promptly wired back the great editor, who was a stickler for good English.—Boston Transcript.

STOMACH ACIDITY, INDIGESTION, GAS

QUICK! EAT JUST ONE TABLET OF PAPER'S DIAPEPSIN FOR INSTANT RELIEF.

When meals don't fit and you belch gas, acids and undigested food. When you feel lumps of distress in stomach, pain, flatulence, heartburn or headache, Here is instant relief—No waiting!



Just as soon as you eat a tablet of Paper's Diapepsin all the dyspepsia, indigestion and stomach distress ends. These pleasant, harmless tablets of Paper's Diapepsin never fail to make sick, upset stomachs feel fine at once, and they cost so little at drug stores. Adv.

To Hold Him.

"What would you do if you were married to a fast young man?"
"I think I'd speed up a little."

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and 4 oz. of glycerine. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions for making and use come in each box of Barbo Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off.—Adv.

Two Laps Behind.

"Did you follow my advice?"
"Why—yes, but I didn't quite catch up with it."

Naturally.

"What was the result of trying your play on the dog?"
"It raised a howl."

HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES IF YOUR BACK ACHES

Do you feel tired and "worn-out"? Are you nervous and irritable? Don't sleep well at night? Have a "dragged out" unrefreshed feeling when you get up in the morning? Dizzy spells? Biliousness? Bad taste in the mouth, backache, pain or soreness in the loins, and abdomen? Are distress when urinating, bloody, cloudy urine or sediment? All these indicate gravel or stone in the bladder, or that the poisonous microbes, which are always in your system, have attacked your kidneys.

You should use GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules immediately. The oil soaks gently into the walls and lining of the kidneys, and the little poisonous animal germs, which are causing the inflammation, are immediately attacked and chased out of your system without inconvenience or pain.

Don't ignore the "little pains and aches," especially backaches. They may be little now but there is no telling how soon a dangerous or fatal disease of which they are the forerunners may show itself. Go after the cause of that backache at once, or you may find yourself in the grip of an incurable disease.

Do not delay a minute. Go to your druggist and insist on his supplying you with a box of GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. In 24 hours you will feel renewed health and vigor. After you have cured yourself, continue to take one or two Capsules each day so as to keep in first-class condition, and ward off the danger of future attacks. Money refunded if they do not help you. Ask for the original imported GOLD MEDAL brand, and thus be sure of getting the genuine.—Adv.



INFLUENZA

Catarrhal Fever, Pink Eye, Shipping Fever, Epizootic

And all diseases of the horse affecting his throat speedily cured; colts and horses in the same stable kept from having them by using SPOON'S COMPOUND, 2 to 6 doses of 10c cure. Safe for brood mares, baby colts, stallions, all ages and conditions. Most skillful scientific compound. SPOON'S is sold by your druggist.

SPOON MEDICAL CO., Mfrs., Goshen, Ind.

All He Had in His Hand.

Bill Sikes had been charged with stealing a watch and had been found not guilty. Just as the verdict had been given a charge of assault was heard against the complainant.

"He beat me all about the head with a brick, an' near killed me, yer honor!" declared the victim.

"Why didn't you defend yourself?" asked the magistrate, rather bored with the proceedings. "Had you nothing in your hand?"

"Well, yer honor, I had his watch, but what was the use of that against a brick?"

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets put an end to sick and bilious headaches, constipation, dizziness and indigestion. "Uranus home." Adv.

People Heeded Appeal.

More than one hundred cartons of fruit pits and nut shells had been received at, and were on the way to government plants for use in making carbon for gas masks when the armistice was declared. This statement was made on the authority of the secretary of war, in a letter to the secretary of agriculture, thanking him for the activities of his department in appealing to the public for these materials.

Important to Mothers Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of J. C. Fletcher In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Willing to Oblige.
Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania is nothing if not a strict party man. Listen to this one that his friends are telling on this political leader, who has remained out more than a half-century in "single blessedness."

One of his long time supporters said to him recently: "Now, Roles, you are going to be chairman of the next finance committee. You would have a good deal better standing down there in Washington, socially as well as politically, if you would get married."

"All right," said Penrose, "have the organization pick me out a girl and I'll marry her."

Speeding Up.
"What do you think of this league of nations?" "I think it is time for them to play ball."

During the war Red Cross workers in America produced more than 250,000,000 surgical dressings.

The Spread of Ideas.

A Czech soldier at Mount Vernon was seen to fill a little box with earth from the tomb of Washington. "I am taking this home," he said. "To sprinkle it on the soil of Bohemia."

"The incident may be symbolic of the general spread of American ideals. The salt of freedom in these days is sprinkled the world over.—David Starr Jordan in Sunset Magazine.

Fig Trees in San Joaquin.

Ten thousand acres of Shasta fig trees have been planted in the central San Joaquin valley since the war began.

Influenza and kindred diseases start with a cold.

Don't trifle with it. At the first shiver or sneeze, take



Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no dizziness—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture. At All Drug Stores.

Both Beef and Milk

THE one breed that excels in both beef and milk is the Short-horn. Short-horn steers repeatedly broke the records at the markets in 1915, making the highest record on the open market of \$20.50 per cent. And Short-horn cows have milk records of over 17,000 lbs. per year. It is the farmer's best, having extra milk, quality and quiet temperament.



Soldiers Soothe Skin Troubles with Cuticura
Scalp, Gout, Talcum, etc. each. Samples of "Cuticura, Dept. E. Boston."

W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 7-1919.

Stock Raising in Western Canada
is as profitable as Grain Growing

In Western Canada Grain Growing is a profit maker. Raising Cattle, Sheep and Hogs brings certain success. It's easy to prosper where you can raise 20 to 45 lbs. of wool to the acre and buy on easy terms.

Land at \$15 to \$30 Per Acre
—Good Grazing Land at Much Less.

Railway and Land Companies offer unusual inducements to homeseekers to settle in Western Canada and enjoy her prosperity. Loans made for the purchase of stock or other farming requirements can be had at low interest.

The Governments of the Dominion and Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta extend every encouragement to the farmer and ranchman.

You can obtain excellent land at low prices on easy terms, and get high prices for your grain, cattle, sheep and hogs—low taxes (none on improvements), good markets and shipping facilities, free schools, churches, splendid climate and more crops.

For illustrated literature, map, description of lands for sale in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, railroad schedule rates, etc., apply to Department of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada.

W. V. BENNETT, Room 4, Bee Building, OMAHA, NEB.
Canadian Government Agent

Tired Nervous Mothers
Should Profit by the Experience of These Two Women

Buffalo, N. Y.—"I am the mother of four children, and for nearly three years I suffered from a female trouble with pains in my back and side, and a general weakness. I had professional attendance most of that time but did not seem to get well. As a last resort I decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which I had seen advertised in the newspapers, and in two weeks noticed a marked improvement. I continued its use and am now free from pain and able to do all my household work."—Mrs. B. B. ZIELINSKA, 202 Weiss Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Portland, Ind.—"I had a displacement and suffered so badly from it at times I could not be on my feet at all. I was all run down and so weak I could not do my housework, was nervous and could not lie down at night. I took treatments from a physician but they did not help me. My Aunt recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I tried it and now I am strong and well again and do my own work and I give Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound the credit."—Mrs. JOSEPHINE KIMBLE, 935 West Race Street, Portland, Ind.

Every Sick Woman Should Try
LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND
LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Wilson were here Saturday from Llanos. Try a Sporella corset. Mrs. G. T. McQuillen, phone 1-3-1441.

Representative Rutherford, of Otero county, was here Monday night on his return from the 60-day session of the legislature at Santa Fe to his home at Alamogordo.

Norwalk Inner Tubes and Republic Castings. Both guaranteed. Western Garage.

Senator J. V. Tully came in Monday from Santa Fe, where he has been serving this district in the upper house of the state assembly at the regular session, which adjourned last week.

All repair work guaranteed at Western Garage.

Ellis Richardson was here Tuesday from Ancho.

Will T. Crabtree and A. J. Atkinson, two well known citizens of Corona, were here yesterday looking after some business matters.

We meet all competition. Write for our prices.—Western Garage.

Thomas J. Johnson was here yesterday from Tres Ritos. He reported a good shower of rain between here and the ranch.

The best of the season, "Victorious Wives," at the Crystal next Monday. Admission, 30 cents to all.

Col. G. W. Prichard came in this week from Santa Fe to look after the interests of clients before the district court, which sat here this week in non-jury cases.

Dr. Hesse arrived this week from Chicago and will be associated with Dr. H. E. Pine in inspection in this district. Dr. Hesse comes from the packing plants in Chicago, where he was engaged in meat inspection.

Holds Court

Judge Edward Mechem came up from Alamogordo Monday morning and held court during the week. Just civil cases were presented to the court and hearings had without a jury. The regular term of district court will convene here the last Monday in April. The jury list has been drawn and service will be made by the sheriff as soon as the list is placed in his hands.

A March Snow

Notwithstanding the warm, pleasant weather, this particular locality was visited by a March Snow last week. It was a he one and measured, in weight, 9 and a half pounds. It will be a source of great comfort to one family, at least, during the coming days of high temperature.

McCurdy Lands Fine Job

Prof. Andrew McCurdy, formerly superintendent of the state schools and member of the state board of education, has recently been appointed by the government to the position of educational adviser

and stationed at Fort Bayard, New Mexico. This position is associated with the division of reorganization and its work will be confined to the armed services. Prof. McCurdy, to our mind, is just the man for the place, and his many friends here will be pleased to learn of his good

fortune, especially as it carries a salary of \$3,600 per annum.

Ford Trading Car for sale. In best close condition. Contact News office. 2-2841

Classified Advertisements

Shirts \$2.99, Corn \$1.65, Oats \$2.80, Chops \$3.75, Beans \$2.40, Cotton Seed Cake \$4.00 per sack, Seeds, Amber Cane \$5.00, Kaffir Corn \$5.50, Maize \$6.00 per cwt. Terms Cash. Prices subject to change without notice. Humphrey Bros. 3-1411

For Sale—Rhode Island Red setting eggs, \$1.00 per 150 winter laying strain. Mrs. E. C. Hatch, first house west of section house. 3-14-21

For Sale—Payne Davis & Co.'s Blackleggs. The Pittsburgh Car Captain.

Good Grains Hay For Sale—Raised on the Foreman place. See J. R. McManey for prices. 1-10-11

THE SALE OF GOVERNMENT horses and mules at the Remount Depot, Fort Bliss, Texas, advertised to be held March 28, 1919, is cancelled. Watch papers for announcement of later date. This does not change plan for sale at Camp Cody, which will

be held on Monday on March 31, Remount Depot, Fort Bliss, Texas. Major O. M. Sargent, Commandant.

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Kodaks, Kodak supplies and Stationery
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"Heads Up"

IT IS a natural tendency for a man to have just a little more confidence if he is well dressed. There's something about it not easily explained. For \$17.50 to \$36.00 you can get a "snappy" new 1919 Spring Suit, that you will be proud to wear anywhere, with anybody. Let us show you how well you will look in one of them in front of our large mirrors.

Special showing this week
TRUNKS
SUIT CASES
HAND BAGS



ZIEGLER BROS.

Buy In Quantities And Save Money

Take Advantage of These Prices

Empson's Hominy, No. 3s, 6 cans for	\$1.00	Fort Lima Beans, No. 2s, 6 cans for	\$1.60
Empson's Kraut, No. 3s, 6 cans for	\$1.15	Red Kidney Beans, No. 2s, 6 cans for	\$1.00
Empson's Pumpkin, No. 3s, 6 cans for	\$1.00	D. M. Apples, No. 2s, 6 cans for	\$1.95
Empson's Cut Beans, No. 2s, 6 cans for	\$1.00	Holly Plums, No. 2s, 6 cans for	\$1.60
Fort Refugee Beans, No. 2s, 6 cans for	\$1.65	Holly Grapes, No. 2s, 6 cans for	\$1.55

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Come in and get our prices. Home of Quality Groceries and Meats

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Carrizozo Phones 46—65 Alamogordo

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It is important when your Ford car requires tuning up or repairing that you place it in charge of an authorized Ford dealer. Then you are sure of having repairs and replacements made with genuine Ford-made materials by men who know all about Ford cars. Bring your Ford car to us. Satisfaction is sure and you will receive prompt attention at our right prices.

OUR MOTTO: PROMPT—EFFICIENT—RELIABLE—TERMS CASH

HEADQUARTERS FOR
Carrizozo-Roswell White Line Stage Line Co.
WESTERN GARAGE



HOME AGAIN

AFTER greeting the folks, calling on the girl, sleeping for a week and sitting around waiting for some one to bring the chances are that you'll begin to look around for some smart "snaps" as a fitting introduction to civil life.

THE HOUSE OF KUPPENHEIMER

had you returning boys in mind in designing clothes that would reflect the spirit of victorious America.

You want style, snappy new ideas, and you'll get them in Kuppenheimer Clothes for Spring.

You will not only get the clothes you want, but you will get the treatment and service you deserve. Our styles are unmatched for quality, variety and value offered. We open inspection from \$25.00 to \$45.00.

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