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## Carrizozo News, 02-14-1919

J.A. Haley

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# Carrizozo News

OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER --- DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

VOLUME 20

CARRIZOZO, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1919

NUMBER 7

## May Abolish Mounted Police

Santa Fe, N. M., Feb. 9.—The first gun in the fight to abolish the mounted police of the state was fired on Thursday afternoon in the senate by Senator H. L. Kerr, who introduced a bill to repeal the act under which that body was organized. The bill is only about three lines in length, but it contains more concentrated dynamite than any other law that has been proposed during the present session of the legislature. It is practically assured that the bill will pass the senate, unless the strenuous efforts that are being made by the members of the force and their friends should bear some unexpected fruit; and there is also a strong probability that party lines in the house will be disregarded when the bill reaches that body, as it is an open secret that the free stock interests of the state are almost unanimously opposed to the further existence of the organization, and this opposition is certain to make itself felt when the bill comes up for passage.

It is maintained by those who favor the abolition of the mounted police that the organization has gone to seed and has signally failed to perform the duties for which it was formed. Instead of spending their time on the range, protecting the interests of the cattlemen, as was intended when the mounted police were organized, the members of the body are to be found more often than not in the towns of the state, where they spend their time chasing petty offenders and absorbing the duties of the regularly elected peace officers of the different cities and towns of the state, and causing friction among the officers whose duty it is to preserve the peace of such cities and towns.

Another aspect of the fight for the abolition of the mounted police is expected to develop on Monday, February 10th, when a meeting of the Sheriffs and Peace Officers association will be held, at which the principal subject to come up for discussion will be the continued existence or otherwise of the mounted police. It is stated that the peace officers of New Mexico are practically a unit in demanding the abolition of the organization and they will come to Santa Fe prepared to exert their influence to the utmost for the accomplishment of this purpose.

Apollonio Sena, the recently appointed captain of the mounted police, has been as busy as a bird dog in his efforts to line up his friends against the bill, but with very little promise of success so far.

In case the mounted police are disbanded the preservation of peace on the ranges and the prevention of depredations by stock thieves will be left in the hands of the mounted inspectors of the Cattle Sanitary Board, an organization which even now contributes materially to the maintenance of the mounted police, and which is said to prefer the appointment of its own inspectors for the protection of its members.

Al C. Thomas came to this week from Albuquerque and is registered at the Gurney House. Mr. Thomas is secretary and principal owner of the Consolidated Iron and Steel company. His company owns some very valuable iron deposits in the Oscura mountains.

## To Become a Bride

From the Rio Grande Republic, Las Cruces, on the date of the 7th, we take an item that will be of interest to many of our readers. It relates to the coming marriage of one of our Lincoln county girls who, with her mother and sister, is at State College. During vacation the family live on the ranch north of Carrizozo. Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Rentfrow, the parents, are among our best known people. Their daughter, who is soon to become a bride, is a charming and accomplished young lady and has a wide circle of friends in this county to wish her great happiness. We quote from the Republic as follows:

Miss Dottie Rentfrow has been the guest of honor at a number of lovely parties the past week, which have taken the form of pre-nuptial showers, looking forward to her marriage early this month to Captain Shaler Ladd of the Marine Corps.

Miss Alice Stewart was the charming hostess at a miscellaneous shower for Miss Rentfrow. The home was lovely with its decorations of cut flowers, the color scheme of red and white being carried out in every detail. From the red carnations that centered the table and the shaded candles at the three-course luncheon. Interesting games and contests formed the entertainment.

On Friday afternoon Mrs. Duncan Mathewson entertained at another shower, the bride-to-be being the recipient of many lovely gifts. The living room was decorated in pink, the flowers being pink carnations. Delicious refreshments of pineapple sherbet and cake were served.

Again, on Saturday, Miss Rentfrow was honored, when two of her former classmates at State College, Misses Corrine Woodson and Margaret Byvans, entertained at a china shower. The Byvans home was pretty in its patriotic decorations of the national colors and flags of the Allies—the colors being skillfully used also in the refreshments of ice cream and cake. Besides merry games and contests, a part of the afternoon was spent in the hemming of dust cloths and making of hot dish holders for the house. The friends who were bidden on these several occasions included: Mrs. Rentfrow, Misses Era and Dottie Rentfrow, Anna Berrier, Mae McIntosh, Margaret Byvans, Corrine Woodson, Ada Latham, Dorothy Robbins, Esther Stuart, Alice Stuart, Joyce Rea, Bessie Ledford, Ruth Boan, Helen Williams, Eleanor Price, Olive Dutton, Gertrude, Margaret and Avis Turner, Inez Bayers, Barbara and Ann Howarth, Florence and Anne Quensberry, Gertrude Seagins, Mary Hagarty, and Mesdames W. E. Gillespie, Charles Vesper, Lee Woodson, Richard Byvans, S. P. Stewart, J. H. Stevenson, Duncan Mathewson, Rupert Stewart and Josephine Latham Langham.

Captain Ladd, who is well known in this community, is the third son of Dr. and Mrs. George E. Ladd, former president of State College, and whose harrowing experiences as an officer of Marines in their work against the Germans has been closely followed by friends here, will arrive this week to claim his bride—the love of his college days here. Miss Rentfrow, who is also a graduate of State College, has made this her home for the past ten years, endeavoring herself to all by her gracious manners, her thorough goodness and sweet sincerity. A host of friends wish them bon-

## Would Check the Bond Swindlers

There follows statement by Secretary Glass on a matter which is fast assuming the proportions of a public scandal.

"My attention has been directed to the activities of unscrupulous persons who have been operating extensively throughout the country and who are swindling the owners of Liberty Bonds at prices far below their actual worth.

"These swindlers get the attention of Liberty Bond owners by publishing advertisements calculated to make the unsuspecting bond owners believe that the highest market price can be secured for his bonds through the agency of the advertiser. Such is a ruse, if ever, a ruse. Records of transactions of this character, brought to the attention of the department of justice and the treasury department, prove conclusively that these swindlers take every advantage of bond owners who are forced into their clutches by paying the lowest possible price which the owner will accept—and generally far below the actual value of the bonds.

"Owners of Liberty Bonds and War Savings Stamps should in no circumstances part with these securities unless necessity compels, and then they should deal only with reliable banks, trust companies, banking institutions and others whose reputation for integrity is beyond question.

"The treasury department will welcome information concerning the operations of these swindlers in any part of the country.

CARTER GLASS,  
Secretary of the Treasury.

## Zumwalt -- De Armon

One of the prettiest and most interesting events of the season took place at the Providence Nazarene church Sunday morning, January 19, at 11 o'clock. In the presence of about half a hundred witnesses. This occasion was made memorable by the marriage of Miss Dottie De Armon to Mr. Clifton Zumwalt, both of the Mesa.

The bride, who wore a beautiful gown of blue serge, was attended by Miss Chole Zumwalt, the groom's attendant being Mr. Gilbert Peters.

As the organ pealed out the wedding march the bridal party entered the church over branches of evergreens strewn along the way by Irene Zumwalt and Marion Skinner—two little flower girls. At the altar the beautiful marriage ritual of the Nazarene church was solemnized by Rev. W. H. Phillips, of Artesia, N. M.

Immediately after the ceremony they, with the guests, in autos, wended their way to the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. B. De Armon, where a sumptuous dinner was served.

The bride was the recipient of many gifts. Mr. and Mrs. Clifton Zumwalt will be at home to their friends after February 1st.

Percy Buchanan returned Sunday night from Kelly Field, San Antonio, having received his discharge from the military service.

We meet all competition. Write for our prices.—Western Garage.

voyage. The Washington Times of January 17 had a picture of Capt. Shaler Ladd on its first page, as a recent arrival from overseas. His promotion to a captaincy followed his recovery from wounds received in the battle of Chateau Thierry.

## Cattle and Horse Growers At Albuquerque in March

Albuquerque, N. M., Feb. 11.—The fourth annual convention of the New Mexico Cattle and Horse Growers' association, to be held in Albuquerque, March 25, 26 and 27, will disclose in annual reports of officers and executive committee one of the most remarkable records of growth in the whole history of such organizations in the west. Organized in 1913, this association boasted a charter membership of 17 men, owning about 16,000 cattle. The organizers realized that New Mexico cattlemen faced their own peculiar problems, differing from those of cattle growers in other states, and that a New Mexico organization had become essential, one devoting its whole time and effort to New Mexico problems of the industry. They went to work on that basis and have made the association, within a period of four years, one of the strongest and most effective in the nation.

The Albuquerque convention will show the association at the end of its fourth year with a membership of 500, owning more than 400,000 head of cattle, about 50 per cent of all the cattle now on the range in New Mexico. The association is now working toward a membership mark of 1,000 men. Officers say they have good chances of reaching that number in another two years.

There is a balance of around \$6,000 in the association treasury. That remains after various efforts which have required time, hard work and money, but which have produced notable results for the cattle industry throughout the state. The officers and executive committee hold frequent meetings and serve without pay. They form a working organization which is always on the job when the interests of the cattle industry are at stake. The program of the coming convention will deal with all phases of present problems before the industry. An effort is being made to bring out a record breaking attendance.

## Funston-Bliss Highway

The action of the New Mexico legislature one day shows quite clearly that the advocates of the Camp Funston-Fort Bliss Military Highway have been busy. Both houses passed a joint memorial asking congress to create a Camp Funston-Fort Bliss Military Highway.

Now, of course, a joint memorial by the New Mexico legislature does not build a road any more than one swallow brings spring, but it's a starter, all will admit. The proposed highway not only now has every county in New Mexico, Texas, Oklahoma and Kansas, through which projected, behind it, but has the endorsement of the State of New Mexico as well. No doubt other states through which the proposed road is to run will take similar action, for its construction means as much to those states as it does to ours.

Should the government create this as a national highway the act would almost surely carry an appropriation, which would mean one of the best roads in America. This is all the more likely because of the enlarged road building program proposed by the government, and the additional incentive on the part of the government, in which the people give hearty support, to inaugurate a system of public improvements that will give employment to labor.

## Chaplain Lederle Dies

The death of Chaplain Francis Lederle at Fort Stanton Sunday came as a shock to his many friends here and throughout this section. Like many of his profession he practically died in the harness, giving his time and energy to suffering humanity. Notwithstanding the fact that he was himself suffering from tuberculosis, his was the presence at every sick bedside in the sanatorium until, exhausted by his labors and weakened by disease, he was confined to his bed; and suffering an attack of pneumonia, was an easy victim to its ravages.

Fr. Lederle was a graduate of a Catholic seminary in Denver, went to El Paso in 1915, and the following year was ordained to the priesthood and became secretary to Bishop Schuler. Following this he became rector of St. Joseph's and was later transferred to Fort Stanton, relieving Fr. Prand, with the hope of benefiting his health. Unfortunately, the recent epidemic of influenza at the sanatorium demanded almost continual service from him, and he gave freely—more freely than his weakened condition justified—and almost to the end he labored with the sick and suffering, heedless of results to himself.

Fr. Lederle possessed a sunny disposition, had a smile and a word of cheer for everyone, and was loved by all who knew him. His untimely death—he was in his thirty-fifth year—causes sorrow to all, be he Catholic, Protestant or Jew; for in his ministrations he knew no creed or degree, but served humanity for humanity's sake. And the best monument to this open-hearted, liberal-minded and God-fearing priest lives in the hearts of those among whom he labored and in whose service he died.

Two nephews reached his bedside ere death had closed those eyes that sparkled with delight at every greeting and stilled a tongue that had always spoken words of comfort and cheer. These two sorrowing relatives this week accompanied the remains to New York, where interment will take place.

## Another Loan Necessary

A rumor has reached the national treasury that a mistake has been made by the authorities, \$15,000,000,000 to \$17,000,000,000 having been returned to the treasury as a result of the armistice, and that therefore another Liberty Loan is unnecessary. The rumor is absolutely unfounded. I suppose it has its origin in a failure to understand the discussion of the proposed repeal by congress of \$15,000,000,000 of appropriations and authorizations. This does not mean a return of money to the treasury, but a cancellation of authority heretofore given by congress to expend money in the future.

As a matter of fact, the whole proceeds of the fourth Liberty Loan and of all previous loans had, at the time the armistice was signed, been expended or anticipated by treasury certificates of indebtedness issued during the summer and early fall to finance the current requirements of the government and at that time outstanding and unpaid.

F. P. CLAYTON,  
Publicity Bureau.

Just received, Wyeo Non-skid and Wyeo ribbed tires, and tubes Tires guaranteed 4,000 miles—most miles for the money. N. B. Taylor and Sons. 1-17 tl

## Would Continue Council Of Defense System

Washington, January 30, 1919. Editor The News, Carrizozo, N. M. Dear Sir:

You are of course thoroughly familiar with the organization of the council of defense system throughout the country. Under the Council of National Defense in Washington, consisting of the secretaries of war, navy, interior, agriculture, commerce, and labor, and with Grovesvenor B. Clarkson as director, there has been built up under the governors of the forty-eight states a complete defense system now consisting, in addition to the state organization, of 4,000 counties, 16,000 women's divisions, and some 164,000 community and municipal units. This great field machinery has represented the people of the United States in Washington and has carried through to the smallest community the problems and measures of the national government during the war.

It had not originally been the intention to continue the state council of defense system beyond the date of the signing of the armistice. However, we find many problems that now require careful handling—problems in which the cooperation of the people throughout the United States is not only desirable but absolutely necessary. There is the problem of Americanization, the problem of unemployment, the transference of the \$37,000,000,000 of war risk insurance outstanding from a war to a peace basis in short it is no less imperative to meet the problems of readjustment than it was to prepare for war.

For that reason Mr. Clarkson, director of the council, at the personal request of the secretary of war, chairman of the council, has agreed to continue in office and has written the states suggesting that a special non-partisan, non-sectarian bureau or commission be established in each state which will draw from the council of defense system already created those dividends for peace which the war effort of the nation has created it to receive.

I should be very glad to receive from you any suggestions as to the methods by which the best possible results could be obtained in your own district. These suggestions will of course be tabulated and laid before the council.

Yours sincerely,

D. M. REYNOLDS,  
Assistant to the Director.

## Blue Law Legislation

Santa Fe, N. M., Feb. 11.—Determined that the unsuspecting public shall have protection against spurious stocks and bonds which are being constantly floated on the market in New Mexico, and which are fleecing the people out of millions of dollars each year, Democratic members of the legislature in conference this week have designed the support of legislation which in sister states is commonly known as the "Blue Sky Law." Such a restraint of illegitimate stock selling schemes, it is stated, has long been needed in New Mexico. The absence of such a law has made the state a mecca for sharks who promote all kinds of spurious commercial schemes. The proposed law will, however, be constructed so as to be no retardant to legitimate promotions such as mining propositions that have been sanctioned.

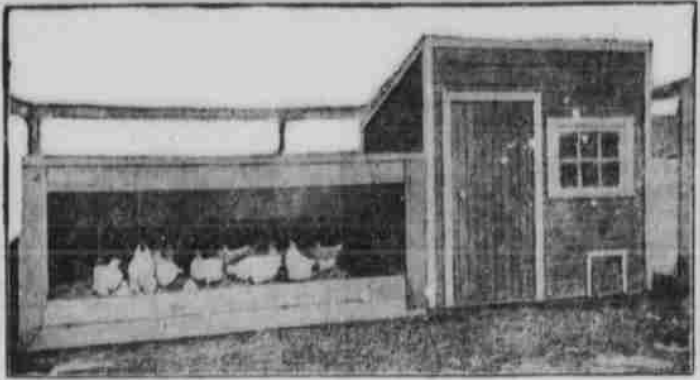
Cars washed at Western Garage.



## A Bird in the Hand

(Special Information Service, United States Department of Agriculture.)

PROOF THAT BACK-YARD POULTRY KEEPING PAYS



The Covered Run to This Back-Yard Poultry House a Very Worth-While Feature.

## VALUE OF FLOCK OF LAYING HENS

Flock of Seven in Washington, D. C., Supplied Large Family With Eggs.

## PRODUCED AT LITTLE COST

Table Scraps and Kitchen Waste Which Would Otherwise Be Thrown Away Were Utilized—There Was No Cost of Equipment.

The value of a small flock of laying hens on a town or village lot or in a city back yard should not be underestimated. Even as few as six or eight hens should produce eggs enough, where used economically, for a family of four or five persons throughout the entire year, except during the molting period of the fall and early winter. The product of such a flock, both in the form of eggs and fowls for the table, may be produced at a relatively low cost, because of the possibility of utilizing table scraps and kitchen waste which would otherwise be thrown away.

So many records of back-yard flocks have shown profit that there can be no question but what back-yard poultry keeping is profitable under the proper conditions. The record of a small flock kept in Washington during the past year throws some light on what can be accomplished under conditions that prevailed during that time. The flock consisted of seven hens which were bought December 18, 1917, for \$5.80. This flock was carried through the ensuing year. Two were killed and eaten; the other five were carried to lay until September 18, the day on which the last egg was produced.

### Contributory Causes to Success.

Two things should be kept in mind in connection with this flock; first, that the number of hens was small; and second, that the family in the household concerned was much larger than the average, with the result that a considerably greater amount of table scraps was available for feeding the hens than would be the case in the average family or with a larger flock.

The hens started laying in January, the egg production by months being as follows: January, 21; February, 74; March, 132; April, 129; May, 140; June 112; July, 107; August, 108; September, 43. This gives a total egg production of 857, or 71 5-12 dozens.

The feed which was purchased and fed to these hens during this period, and in fact which was sufficient to carry the hens until December 1, 1918, cost \$7.01.

There was no cost of equipment in caring for the hens. During the winter the flock was confined to a corner of the cellar, which was partitioned off by means of old screens and screen doors. A board was placed by a window which allowed the hens to get outdoors during the bright days. On the rest of the winter days they were confined to the cellar. During the spring and summer the hens were allowed to run in the small back yard, and roosted in an ordinary dry-goods box which was placed under the back porch. Small boxes were used for nests.

### Actual Results in Figures.

The original cost of the hens was \$5.80. Added to this is the cost of feed, \$7.01, making a total cost for acquiring and maintaining the flock, of \$12.81. The returns from eggs figured on the basis of 40 cents a dozen, which is very conservative, amounted to \$28.50. The two hens eaten were the largest of the flock and averaged at least five pounds in weight. At 30 cents a pound the value of these hens amounted therefore to \$3. Thus, the total income from the flock was \$31.50, while the total expenses were \$12.81, leaving a return over cost of fowls and cost of feeding of \$18.69. This figure, however, does not take into account the value of the five hens on hand. These would average at least four pounds in weight, so that, at 30

cents a pound, each hen would be worth \$1.20. This would add to the credit balance \$6, and would therefore show a profit on the hens on September 18 of \$24.69. It will be noted that the egg production for the nine months involved was very good, 130 eggs a hen, and it should be stated in this connection that the man of the house is a butcher, and was frequently able to bring home scraps of meat which were fed to the hens, and which undoubtedly contributed greatly to the favorable egg production.

It will be noted that this city flock was kept under adverse conditions in so far as shelter was concerned. Back-yard flocks should be properly housed, and where possible, should be provided with a covered run for use when the weather is rough. The small house with run attached, shown in the illustration above, is suggested as filling the needs for a few hens kept under town or city conditions.

## TABLE SCRAPS MAKE EGGS

There is a certain amount of table scraps and kitchen waste which has feeding value but which, if not fed, finds its way into the garbage pail, in every household, no matter how economical the housewife.

Poultry is the only class of domestic animals which is suitable for converting this waste material, right where it is produced in the city, into wholesome and nutritious food in the form of eggs and poultry meat.

### Hints on Marketing Eggs.

Uniform products command the best prices. Pure-bred fowls produce uniform products.

Begin marketing the cocherels as soon as they weigh one and one-half pounds or attain a marketable weight. Market white-shelled and brown-shelled eggs in separate packages.

When selling eggs to the country merchant or cash buyer, insist that the transaction be on the quality basis.

Ship or deliver eggs twice or three times weekly.

Small or dirty eggs should be used at home.

Infertile eggs will withstand marketing conditions much better than fertile eggs.

### Kind of Fowls to Keep.

Householders usually desire not only eggs for the table and for cooking, but also an occasional chicken to eat. For this reason one of the general-purpose breeds, such as the Plymouth Rock, Wyandotte, Rhode Island Red, or Orpington, is preferable to the smaller egg breeds, such as the Leghorns. Not only do the mature fowls of these breeds, because of their larger size, make better table fowls than the Leghorns, but the young chickens for the same reason make better fliers and roasters, whereas chickens of the egg breeds are only suitable for the smaller broilers.

### Cheaper Than Beef.

In many parts of the country, especially on farms, chicken is probably much cheaper than beef, as only the cost of production needs to be considered. When chickens, and, for that matter, any poultry, can be raised with little labor and can find most of their food, or use up otherwise useless table refuse, skim milk, etc., they ought to be a very economical and agreeable substitute for pork and beef and should be used liberally.

### Culling the Flock.

Cull out and prepare for market all fowls, old or young, which appear weak, slow or dull; fowls with drooping tails, rough plumage or crown-shaped heads; all scrubs except those which have laying points; all hens which molt early; and all males except those strong, vigorous and of a pure type desired for breeding.

### Poultry More Popular.

The rapid increase in the amount of poultry raised for the table in this country is strong proof that it is becoming more and more popular, and although it may not deserve its popularity on the grounds of strict economy, it certainly does earn it by its attractive flavor, easy digestibility, and the pleasant variety it gives to our meat list.

## The Slow One

By S. B. HACKLEY

(Copyright, 1918, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

"I believe George Montfort'll be married to Angelina Riker before the college term ends, Chan."

Wilbur Winslow, the young county attorney, glanced keenly at Barrett's half-averted profile. By a mighty effort Barrett preserved a calm and indifferent countenance.

"I rather thought you were out of the running—as slow as you are, Chan," Winslow went on; "but then nobody else has been in it since Montfort hit the trail to the Riker house—not even yours truly. The best I can expect is to be asked to do an usher stunt before very long." He screwed up his face comically. "Well, so long, Chan! I'm going down to see how the river looks. See you later."

Barrett looked after his blithe informant like one in a bad dream. He had loved gay little Angelina Riker ever since he had come to the town as court clerk, and though he was shy and diffident, Angelina had seemed to be drawn to him. Then Montfort, the football coach and athletic director at the college, big, blond and spirited, stepped in and appropriated Angelina from the moment of introduction. So their sweet intimacy came to its end, and now it was public surmise that she was soon to marry Montfort!

The early March wind had held a hint of warmth when he came down the street, but in the courthouse, at work over his books, Barrett felt chilled and numb. When he came out the air was colder, and there was excitement in the town. There had been heavy rains and the ice gorge across the river just below the town (which the river circled) holding back the flood waters menaced the town. If the gorge broke before the water reached the top of the banks, well and good! but if not, the town would be inundated. Hurried preparations were under way to break the gorge—a dangerous undertaking. But there were volunteers in plenty, so many that lots had to be drawn to make selection of the four required.

Alexander Penman, the chief of police, and Hiram Spinner, a husky bus driver, were the first whose names were drawn, then James Newby and George Montfort.

For an hour the men worked with hooks and fuses; then, suddenly and unexpectedly, the gorge gave way, and they were caught in the middle of the river on a high sand bar, now an island.

They were temporarily safe enough, perched on their narrow haven, but massive ice blocks filled the river—no boat could be rowed to their rescue. There was nothing to be done but to wait until the river became more clear of ice. The night came down raw and cold; the college students made fires on the river banks and camped beside them, shouting encouragement to the imprisoned men.

In the early dawn, when a great crowd again collected on the bank, Angelina Riker was among the women. Montfort was out there, and Angelina was afraid for him, but something else than his danger weighed heavily on her heart—another man's defection.

Angelina, looking out on the river with weary eyes, believed she would be quite happy if Chandler Barrett were out there too! When half the young men of the town were running over each other to get the chance to help break the gorge Chandler Barrett had not offered himself!

The ice was still running—no chance of launching a boat before noon. But now came and the two boats that several times made the attempt narrowly escaped being capsized, and the men were compelled to turn back.

Dusk came with its promise of a bitter night.

"We can't let those four brave fellows freeze out there tonight," the mayor said that evening; "somehow we must get relief to them."

Out of the crowd stepped a big dark fellow, wearing no coat, but a flannel shirt, knickerbockers and tennis shoes.

"I've a plan, sir," he said. "I've been thinking of it for several hours. A man might crawl along the telephone cable that's stretched across the river and drop down on the bar—I believe the ice is low enough—and get a rope to the bar. Then a boat could be pulled over. The rowing would be easier—coming this way."

"But it would be a desperate undertaking," the mayor objected.

"I know," Barrett answered. "I'm willing to risk it. The mercury's steadily going down. We can't, as you say, let the boys pass another twelve hours out there. I am a good climber, and," he smiled, "I made my will, sir, an hour ago. I am not afraid."

With his shirt pockets bulging with cakes of chocolate for the marooned men and a slender cord tied around his waist, Barrett was hoisted to the wire.

As he crawled slowly hand over hand along the swaying cable, the watching crowd held its breath. Angelina's heart scarcely moved. And once when far out he slipped, she covered her eyes with her hands. But when she looked again the black head was directly over the sand bar. Then he dropped down on the bar and the crowd caught its breath and cheered wildly.

With the aid of the cord Barrett carried a big rope was drawn across the river, then a stout boat dragged across.

"George is saved! Don't cry, Ange-

line!" Angelina, with the tears running down her cheeks, heard some one saying at her elbow.

George! For thirty minutes she had forgotten George was living.

Newby was so weak from hunger and exposure he could not help with the oars, but Barrett, with the aid of the others, succeeded in getting to the shore, with every man safe, in a remarkably short time.

Next day when he sat in his room at the courthouse, a little pale but hard at work, shrinking from the applauding townsfolk, there came a tap at his door and Angelina came in.

"They're going to give you a Carnegie medal, Chan!" she told him. "I wanted you to know it."

His dark cheek flushed. "I—I—why, Angelina—how is Montfort feeling today?"

"Oh, he's all right," she answered carelessly. "Chandler, why didn't you volunteer to help break the gorge?"

"I'm too slow," he answered. "I never could jump or run quickly."

"And yet you weren't afraid to hang by your hands over that awful water!" she cried.

"I didn't have to hurry about that," he explained.

"Oh," she breathed, "George says he wouldn't have dared attempt that to save forty men! Oh, Chan, I nearly died when you—when you didn't volunteer with the others—but when I saw you on that wire, my heart lived again! I must go now," she faltered. "I just came to tell you about the medal."

She reached out toward the door, but he slipped in front of her and stood with his back against it.

"Then you—then it isn't Montfort?" His arms were outstretched, his eyes shining.

Angelina stammered in the waiting arms and laid her head on his breast.

"No, it isn't Montfort!" she whispered.

## FIRST PRINTING BY STEAM

Date in November, 1814, is One Worthy of Remembrance by All the Civilized World.

The 29th of November, 1814, forms an important date in the history of printing, and consequently in that of civilization. It was the day on which a newspaper was for the first time printed by steam, instead of manual power. The common printing press, though much improved during the second half of the last century, could seldom strike off more than 200 or 300 impressions per hour, with one man to ink the type and another to work the press. It was the enterprise of the London Times that enabled inventors to surmount the difficulties of applying steam to printing presses. In 1803, the edition of 3,000, which was its daily issue, took many hours to strike off. Thomas Martyn, a compositor on the paper, produced a model for a self-acting machine for working the press, and John Walter, the proprietor, supplied him with money to continue his labors. The pressmen were hostile to such innovation, and Martyn was placed in fear of his life, and as Walter did not possess large capital, the scheme fell to the ground. As his pecuniary means increased, Walter encouraged invention. Finally, in 1814, the Koenig patent was tried secretly for fear of the pressmen, on the 29th of November, the night on which the machine was brought into use. It was about six in the morning when Walter went into the pressroom and astonished his occupants by telling them that the Times was already printed by steam; if they attempted violence there was a force to suppress it; but if they were peaceable their wages should be continued. Thus was the most hazardous enterprise carried through and printing by steam given to the world.

## Made Thimbles Works of Art.

In the Middle Ages there were many thimbles made of gold and silver, designed by the goldsmiths for the use of rich and highborn dames, for presents for the pretty bride or the good wife; and now and then a goldsmith would on his own account expend time, talent and money in order to produce a perfect and costly thimble for his sweetheart.

Among these was one Nikolaus von Benschoten, who lived 200 years ago. His work was so beautiful and called for much attention to the thimble, that it gave rise to the fable that he had invented it; whereas, the fact was, that by his bringing it into notice it became an article of everyday necessity.

What Benschoten did invent was not the thimble itself, but the artistic ornamentation of it.

## Rivers Have Seen History.

The Rhine and the Rhenish, as they have flowed together at Strasburg through all the centuries, have seen much history. They are undoubtedly the oldest features in the old town, although their actual waters may have been ever the most transient of visitors. They were there before Strasburg. They were there when the Roman legions marched through the passes of the Vosges on the "fertile plain," and captured the Celtic settlement which spread itself over the land where Strasburg now stands, and they are there today, joining hands, and moving on together towards the Rhine.

## An Aid to Art.

"A reformer blames the movies for encouraging the smoking habit."

"How's that?"

"He says the heroes are always lighting cigarettes in the critical moments of photoplays."

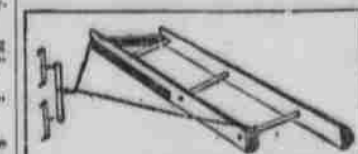
"But how else does he expect them to register calm inaction?"—Birmingham Age-Herald.

## ROAD BUILDING

BUILD SPLIT-LOG ROAD DRAG

Main Point to Remember is That Device Should Be Faced With a Strip of Old Iron.

Everybody knows about the splitting road drag and the cut here shown is so clear that it needs little explanation. The main points to be remembered are that a part of the front portion of the drag should be faced with a strip of iron (an old wagon tire will do) and the hitch so arranged that the drag will move along at an angle—always pushing the loose dirt toward



A Road Drag.

the center of the road. The occasional use of this drag on any road will certainly improve it and no farmer will make a mistake in constructing one and using it on the highways that pass through his farm.

## FARMER NEEDS GOOD ROADS

Motor Has Extended His Sphere of Operation Until 100 Miles Doesn't Worry Him.

There is a reason for American tardiness in road building. We need not be utterly downcast when we hear our highways unfavorably compared with the fine, smooth roads of Europe. We must remember that European highways were hundreds of years in the making and in periods when roads were the sole means of transportation, both civil and military. There were no railroads, no electric lines, no wire communication. Road building was the essence of commercial life and communication.

America started almost with the railroad and the steamboat. Comparatively a few years later we had the telegraph. Our roads were neglected because they were only local in character. Our railroads and telegraph enabled us to leap the centuries. But now we are confronted by a new need. It is the need for better local transportation, says Chicago Tribune. Where formerly the farmer was content with a few miles of dirt roads for his local traffic, he now requires hundreds of miles, for his area has expanded with the advent of gasoline.

A few years back there was the protest that good roads were merely the argument of the automobilist, a species restricted chiefly to metropolitan districts. A part of that argument still obtains—that good roads is the demand of the automobilist; but the automobilist is the farmer. The motor has extended his sphere of operation until 100 miles is of no more concern to him than was ten before.

## FOR GOOD SPRING HIGHWAYS

One Big Item in Preparedness Program is to Clean Outside Ditches During Autumn.

Winter weathering may be great for the farmers' fields, but it's hard on the road.

The best way to prevent extreme weathering of the road is to clean out the side ditches before freezing weather sets in and to keep the road surface in condition so that it will freeze up in a well-drained condition.

Cleaning the side ditches will allow the water to run off and avoid the possibility of the road freezing in a saturated condition. Draining the road to a smooth surface will eliminate possible water pockets and allow the water to escape in the side ditches.

## USE TAR AND HAY COVERING

Found to Wear Quite Satisfactorily Over Almost Pure Sand Roads in Wisconsin.

In Wisconsin there are several long stretches of almost pure sand roads. Considerable difficulty is experienced in passing over them either in dry weather or in wet weather. Numerous schemes have been tried in an effort to make them passable, the most promising of which at present appears to be a covering of hay and tar. Last summer several sections of sand road were treated with this combination. After a few weeks of usage it was found to have withstood the wear of traffic and a stretch over a mile in length was given a similar application. So far, it is said, the hay-and-tar covering is wearing in a very satisfactory manner.—Pathfinder.

## CLEAN ROADSIDES ARE BEST

Makes Road Look Much Prettier and Takes Very Little Time—Payment Not in Cash.

Why not mow the weeds along the roadside? How much prettier the road will look. It only takes a few minutes. No, it doesn't matter that you may receive no cash payment for this service. The knowledge that you have beautified the world a bit is pay. And we mow our bit in many ways aside from donating cash to worthy causes.

## "BEST MEDICINE FOR WOMEN"

What Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Did For Ohio Woman.

Portsmouth, Ohio.—"I suffered from irregularities, pains in my side and was so weak at times I could hardly get around to do my work, and as I had four in my family and three boarders it made it very hard for me. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended to me. I took it and it has restored my health. It is certainly the best medicine for women's ailments I ever saw."—Mrs. SARA SHAW, R. No. 1, Portsmouth, Ohio.



Mrs. Shaw proved the merit of this medicine and wrote this letter in order that other suffering women may find relief as she did.

Women who are suffering as she was should not drag along from day to day without giving this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a trial. For special advice in regard to such ailments write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of its forty years experience is at your service.

**WEEKS' BREAK-UP-A-COLD**  
FOR COUGHS AND COLDS  
The good cough remedy to keep in your house.  
It cures quickly and is the best remedy for Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hay Fever, and all the troubles of the throat and lungs.  
Bottle 25c

**Precautions.**  
She—"I have a perfectly killing automobile costume." He—"Then please do not wear it on this trip."

Children's handkerchiefs often look hopeless when they come to the laundry. Wash with good soap, rinse in water blued with Red Cross Bug Blue.

**In the Beauty Shop.**  
"I want some wrinkles."  
"What about?"  
"How to get rid of them."

**Important to Mothers.**  
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher* In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

Every cloud has a silver lining, but the trouble of it is that the majority of them are on the wrong side.

Few are successful in living up to their photographs.



In 1848 Sir Arthur Garrod proved that in gout (also true in rheumatism) there is deficient elimination on the part of the kidneys and the poisons within are not thrown off.

Prof. H. Strauss attributes a gouty attack to the heaping up of poisons where there is an abundance of uric acid which is precipitated in the joints and sheaths, setting up inflammation. Before the attack of gout or rheumatism there is sometimes headache, or what is thought to be neuralgia, or rheumatic conditions, such as lumbago, pain in the back of the neck, or sciatica. As Prof. Strauss says, "The excretion of uric acid we are able to effect by exciting diuresis." Drink copiously of water, six or eight glasses per day, hot water before meals, and obtain Anuric tablets, double strength, for 40 cts., at the nearest drug store and take them three times a day. If you want a trial package send 10 cents to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

"Anuric" (anti-uric) is a recent discovery of Dr. Pierce and much more potent than lithia, for it dissolves uric acid as hot tea dissolves sugar.

**Cuticura Promotes Hair Health**  
All druggists, Soap Co., Cincinnati, O. & Co., Tel. 1000. Sample each free of "Cuticura, Dept. E. Boston."

**PARKER'S HAIR BALM**  
A toilet preparation of merit. Keeps the scalp cool and moist. For restoring color and beauty to gray or faded hair. 50c and \$1.00 at druggists.

**PATENTS** Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C., 1111 Bank Bldg., Bldg. 10. References: Best results.

Conquer the Tobacco Habit Use KILLTOBAC! Kill treatment made one dollar; results guaranteed. Killtozac, January Co., 1111 Bank Bldg., Bldg. 10.

## A Bad Cough

If neglected, often leads to serious trouble. Safeguard your health, relieve your distress and soothe your irritated throat by taking

**PISO'S**



## A Coincidence in a Red Cross Hospital

By GERTRUDE OPP

"Jack" and "Jerry" were their names, and the other men of the company had the habit of speaking of them simultaneously because they were such inseparable "buddies."

They sailed for France last spring with several other divisions. They sailed together at a pretty nurse who crossed with them and trained together "somewhere" until orders came that sent them toward the front. Their company went into action with the vigor and determination that made the name of the marines famous at Lucio-Bouge and Belleau woods.

Jerry was back at an American Red Cross hospital not long afterward suffering from a bad case of "gas." He mourned for the "buddy" whom he had lost, believing that Jack had been killed during the attack that had laid him out. The other men in the ward of hospital No. 5 knew all about Jack.



The Two Convalescents in Rolling Chairs Are Marines Just Arriving at Hospital No. 5. They Were Put Into a Ward With a Marine Nurse Who Came Over on the Boat With Them. Now They Exchange Experiences.

and one day when the Red Cross searcher was going through the ward they suggested that it would be a great service if she would get definite information as to what had become of him.

"Why, Jack is in the ward I just came from," said the searcher. "He has been begging me to find out what became of Jerry. He thought he had been killed."

The news of the happy reunion of the two boys traveled about the hospital until it came to the ears of a nurse in a distant ward.

"They must be the pair who were such pals that they were the talk of the ship I crossed on," she declared, and hurried to see them.

"By Jove! It's the pretty nurse who was on the boat," shouted Jerry. And the Red Cross searcher at hospital No. 5 who had brought about the reunion found herself famous overnight.

## HINTS FOR POULTRY GROWERS

The first step in eradicating the pests which live in cracks and crevices in poultry houses is to thoroughly clean the house, writes P. F. Schwegel, of the Colorado Agricultural College. All litter, nest material and droppings should be removed. Then spray or paint thoroughly the entire surface of the house and liberally dust all cracks and inside of nests with a 5 per cent solution of cresol. Use plenty of spray and do the work thoroughly.

Finally it should be remembered that one application of either of these treatments is not sufficient. Where there are lice and mites there are also eggs or "nits" of these same pests. A second treatment should be given about one week after the first. By this time the "nits" will be hatched and the treatment will affect them while it did not kill the "nits" at the first application.

These suggestions followed out will relieve the hen of the greater number of parasites and will enable her to make the best possible use of her feed and time. It is not profitable to feed a hen when lice or mites are sapping all the nourishment and vitality from her body.

## Damascus, Oldest City, Known as "The Pearl of the East"

Called by orientals "the Pearl of the East," Damascus is the oldest city in the world which is inhabited. It is mentioned repeatedly in the Old Testament, and documentary evidence shows that the ancient city dates back to 1400 B. C. Travelers refer to it as "dear, dirty Damascus," for its odors are many and strong, and its street cleaners have long ceased to work. One of the city's main features is "the street which is called Straight," which runs from east to west. Damascus has been the scene of many conflicts since David sent an expedition against it and took it with a slaughter of 22,000 men. Egyptians, Crusaders and Turks fought so repeatedly for it that it has become the most captured as well as the oldest city in the world.

## Health of American Army.

The health of the American army, both at home and overseas, has been excellent and the mortality rate from disease probably lower than in any similar body of troops in the history of warfare. Surgeon General William C. Clegg declared in his annual report.

## Play Fair.

Remember this: You cannot pull yourself up by pulling someone else down. You will be tempted occasionally to speak disparagingly of some fellow employee with the idea of promoting your own interests. Resist the temptation.—Forbes Magazine.

## Topography of Our Country Responsible for Tornadoes, Explanation of Scientists.

Why do some portions of the United States suffer from tornadoes, or cyclones, as they are generally but erroneously called, while others do not? The question is answered, notes a writer in People's Home Journal, by scientists of the United States weather bureau, who point to the topography of our country in explanation. Tornadoes occur in the Mississippi valley, anywhere from the Gulf of Mexico to the Canadian line. No portion of this area is more apt to suffer than another, the experts assert. This valley opens to the warm waters of the Gulf on the south and is closed in on the west by the high wall of the Rocky mountains. Warm, moisture-laden winds from the Gulf move northward in the spring and early summer and encounter the cold north and northwest winds that sweep down the east wall of the Rockies. When the opposing currents meet there is sometimes formed one of those rapidly revolving, funnel-shaped clouds so destructive of life and property.

Tornadoes travel southwest to northeast, and in addition to their terrific whirling movement, which is too great to be measured, have a forward velocity of from 50 to 60 miles an hour. Their path may be from a few hundred yards to a mile in width.

The word "tornado," at first spelled "terreno," probably was derived from the Spanish tronada, which means thunderstorm. "Tornado" may have grown out of an attempt to combine this word with the Spanish word tornat, meaning to "turn," thus making it descriptive of a storm that turned or twisted.

## Restaurants in Other Lands Serve Meals at Low Prices; Show Good Weekly Profits

American fried-egg diners and pie placards should take warning from abroad, suggests Thrift Magazine. The national restaurant of London, which was established to expose the profiteers, shows a profit of \$350 a week or about 70 per cent on the investment. Lunches and suppers are sold for 22 cents and tea and breakfast for 17 cents. There is a profit of about two cents on each meal. The co-operative restaurant idea also has taken root in Paris, where ten publicly controlled restaurants, each seating 1,000 persons, are selling good meals for about 30 cents each.

In the average American restaurant today a man has to play a mean trick on his appetite if he expects to have much left out of a dollar after making contact with a full meal.

Statistics show that there are 9,000, 000 persons who dine in American restaurants from day to day. Among this vast army of bacon-and-egg experts there are many, no doubt, who would be glad to see the daily menu card speak in more conciliatory accents on the subject of lunch and other luxuries.

## SCRAPS OF HUMOR

### An Embryo Humorist.

Mother (counting from pantry)—Robert, did you pick all the white meat off this chicken?

Robert—Well, ma, to make a clean breast of it, I did.

### The Proper Kind.

"They say that pilot balloons ought to have signal guns when they go off in a fog."

"I should think they could better thread their way with a needle gun."

### A Drawback.

"A woman out made any man propose to her she pleases."

"Certainly she can, but some women can't please any."

### Enoughness.

"Did that burglar say 'Enough' when you attacked him?" asked Mr. Dolan.

"Of course he did," answered Mr. Raftery. "Why wouldn't he say 'Enough'? He had as much swag as he could carry and was trying to hold on to every bit of it."

### The Reason.

"There is a great deal of atmosphere about dear General's letters."

"Why is she sending them by the air route?"

### Leaders of Opinion.

"What is your opinion?"

"Can't tell you now," replied Senator Sorghum. "I only have to go back home and interview my constituents personally to find out what my opinion about anything is."

### Plain Now.

"Live and learn."

"Uh?"

"Now I understand why the Kaiser didn't declare war on Holland."

Desperate Measures.

Edith (sighing)—I didn't know you liked classical music, but I see you have a number of pieces.

Mame—I hate it; but sometimes one has to play it in order to get a man to go home.

## Quick Change in Style of Gowns

New York.—It is time to change a few things in women's apparel, asserts a prominent fashion authority. Women are leaping from uniforms into medieval gowns of gold and crystal, and tulle in brilliant colors, and into smashing furs and red velvet apparel.

There are significant changes working up from the ground. There is the new decolletage which was prophesied in this department weeks ago and which is coming into view as smart women exploit it. Half a dozen new ways of cutting the neckline have leaped into existence and a dozen new collars claim the blue ribbon of excellence. No matter whether we dress differently about the hips and feet, we are dressing decidedly differently about the neck and even the wrists.

It is in these significant changes that the great mass of women are interested who do not feel that they can afford entirely new gowns for the mid-season.

The artist who said that all changes in fashions for women consisted in the placement of the bulge, or the absence of it, should have added that the open spaces in costumes were second in importance.

Cut to the bone, there is no doubt that he was right. The contour is the thing. It is where a garment goes in or out that determines its fashion. Few women there are who are brave enough to go against the contour of the hour, even though it may not suggest the best there is in their figures.

### New Decolletage.

The change in the neckline is perhaps the most important to the average woman. She has belief in herself when it comes to cutting a new kind of neckline. She feels that a good pair of scissors may be the medium of transforming an old gown into a new gown by the simple process of turning an oblong neck into a round one, a square one, or a U-shaped one.



V-shaped decolletage in back of a black velvet evening gown which is cut high in front. This idea is worked out in many types of gowns, even those for street. Delta decolletage shown in new brocade evening gown in white and gold. This neckline originated in the Elizabethan days.

All history is filled with rapid changes in the neckline, and so far we have not had anything new. We have rung the bells of history all over again. That is all.

When Edward II was king of England the women wore the georgette, which wrinkled about the neck and spread outward over the chin and the back of the head. This was introduced to fashion a few years ago through a dancer and her clever designer. It is still worn by women who go motoring, and they make it of dark blue crepe or velvet, rather than of white satin.

When Richard II was king his French queen brought over the fashion of the low neck, and so, after centuries, women dropped the neckline of the gown from chin to collar bone.

When Elizabeth was queen of England the delta decolletage was invented, and it ran along with another neckline that exposed all the chest and half the shoulders, and then, as if by a sudden spasm of prudery, hid the neck and ears by an immense ruff.

When James I came to the throne of England his queen introduced the very decollete, tight bodice with its immense, flaring collar of velvet lace at the back, and when Charles I allowed Henriette of France to lead the fashions for his court, there was the low, round neckline that dipped well downward in the back and was finished with a deep vandyke collar that extended over the shoulders.

In the picturesque days of Queen Anne women introduced the low, square cut decolletage, guileless of collar, which our women have worn for two decades; and in the middle of the eighteenth century, in the Georgian era, women used a simple decolletage in a rounded V outlined with a crinkled handkerchief as a part of their street attire.

Turning the mind over this slight

summary of historical changes in the decolletage, it is easy to see that we have done nothing new; but here is what we are going to do at the immediate moment: Revive the delta of the Elizabethan times, the deep square of Queen Anne, with its tight, high line at the side of the neck, and the U-shaped decolletage of the end of the eighteenth century, with its modesty piece of lace.

### Return of Lace Collars.

We have gone through a season of medieval severity in the neckline. Women have aided nature which made them ugly or cheated nature which made them beautiful by going about without any softening effect at the neck, by wearing coat collars of heavy homespun unrelieved by white, and by the use of V-shaped lines of heavy velvet and crepe which fashion kept unadorned.

True to history this was, out not true to art. There were few women who looked their best in such severity. Today collars return slowly. There are still those who tell you they are not smart, but at the exclusive house there is a tendency to put precious lace on the new neckline. It is not a V-shaped neckline; it is a deep U which calls for a softening outline and an extremely soft arrangement of lace or tulle across the bust.

The Queen Anne decolletage which hugs the side of the neck and runs down into a narrow L-shaped opening is extremely smart, and it is banded with fur and then filled in with fine folds of silk net.

If it felt by those who have their hands on the pulse of fashion that the oblong neckline of the Renaissance is no longer smart, although it is worn by some well-dressed women.

### Double Neckline.

There is a disposition on the part of some designers to make a double neckline, and this they do by a subtle

## DANDRUFF MAKES HAIR FALL OUT

A small bottle of "Danderine" keeps hair thick, strong, beautiful.

Girls! Try this! Doubles beauty of your hair in a few moments.



Within ten minutes after an application of Danderine you can not find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable lustre, softness and luxuriance.

Get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine for a few cents at any drug store or toilet counter, and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all—you surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine.—Adv.

### Art of Oratory.

"Didn't you ever catch yourself talking nonsense when you were making a speech?"

"Yes," replied Senator Sorghum. "You have to give some audience a few sentences they can't understand. It impresses them with a sense of ignorance and tends to make them sort of independent."

### \$100 Reward, \$100

Cataract is a local disease greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. It therefore requires constitutional treatment. HALL'S CATARACT MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. HALL'S CATARACT MEDICINE destroys the foundation of the disease, gives the patient strength by improving the general health and assists nature in doing its work. \$100 for any case of CATARACT that HALL'S CATARACT MEDICINE fails to cure. Testimonials free. Druggists list. F. J. Cliney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

### Strong Conviction.

"Couldn't sell that graphophone." "Too bad."

"Tried hard, too. Both the machine and myself were talking."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

## WHY WOMEN DREAD OLD AGE

Don't worry about old age. Don't worry about being in other people's way when you are getting on in years. Keep your body in good condition and you can be as hale and hearty in your old days as you were when a kid, and every one will be glad to see you.

The kidneys and bladder are the cause of senile afflictions. Keep them clean and in proper working condition. Drive the poisonous wastes from the system and avoid uric acid accumulations. Take GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules periodically and you will find that the system will always be in perfect working order. Your spirits will be enlivened, your muscles made strong and your face have once more the look of youth and health.

New life, fresh strength and health will come as you continue this treatment. When your first vigor has been restored continue for awhile taking a capsule or two each day. They will keep you in condition and prevent a return of your troubles.

There is only one guaranteed brand of Haarlem Oil Capsules, GOLD MEDAL. Be sure you get the Original GOLD MEDAL Imported Haarlem Oil Capsules. They are the only reliable. For sale by all first-class druggists.—Adv.

Argentine women have won their right to all the professions, including engineering and law.

Some doctors who take life easy escape arrest.

**Your Eyes**  
Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Stinging, Just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggists or by mail 60c per Bottle. For Book of the Eye free write Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.



## Carrizozo News

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Six Months, \$1.00

JNO. A. HALEY - Editor and Publisher

## Getting Jobs For Them

(Gallacher)

Like various other things, employment is to be found by intelligent seeking. Despite our sterner moralists, man does not live solely to work, so there always is some unemployment. Talk on that subject is futile unless one compares the present with the conditions which are normal, average, or usual at the time and place under consideration. (If we did not have the poor always with us, some journalists would have to invent them.) If you want to get jobs for returning service men, do as was done in Indiana, go to the employers who hired them before they went to war. Indiana reports that these men were wanted back in some 95 per cent of the cases, and it is hard to believe that business people elsewhere will see it any differently. One essential is to do the preliminary work in time so that all necessary arrangements can be made. The United States Employment Service is helping out here by arranging through the war department to have returning service men register their applications en route, while on the transport, through the line officers of the command in which they are enlisted. Soldiers are less likely to try to bluff the officers who know them, and this way of doing it will not interfere with military routine and precedent. These applications will then be sorted and sent to the United States employment office in the soldier's own district, where he belongs and where his old job can be looked up. As we get further into the year, and as business and public undertakings get into their stride, the whole problem will work out justly and satisfactorily. Keep at it.

## Souvenirs From France

John Gallacher received through the mail this week from his brother, Sergeant William Gallacher, in France, two 75 decimeter brass shells. Both the shells were picked up from the battlefield by Sergeant Gallacher—one at Verdun and one at Metz—both French shells whose contents had done their part to put fear in the gizzards of the Huns. These shells have the appearance of vases, are artistically chased and the butt ends have been pressed so they present an appearance of tongue and groove. The open ends are slightly flared and they bear the following inscription in raised letters: "Verdun, 1918," and "Metz, 1918." These shells are the most attractive and representative souvenirs we have seen, and of course are highly prized by the Gallacher family. They are mementos that will endure until "the sun himself grows dim with age," and will be a pride to generations of Gallachers, just as America's part in the great war will be a pride to every American, be he born ever so far in the future. It is great to be an American, but how immeasurably greater it must be to have had a son or brother or husband who took an active part in the great conflict for human freedom and risked his all for his country and for mankind.

## Card of Thanks

We wish to express our sincere thanks to the many friends for their sympathetic consideration and respect shown on the death of our beloved husband and father.

Mrs. Josefa Vega  
And Children.

All repair work guaranteed at  
Western Garage.

## The Bi-Lingual Bill

Santa Fe, N. M., Feb. 8.—The governor's ship of state bearing his pet measures, paramount among which is the bi-lingual bill providing for the compulsory teaching of Spanish in the schools throughout the state, has sighted dangerous shoals ahead and is sending out frantic S. O. S. signals, according to Democratic members of both houses of the legislature. "The governor cannot cram this bi-lingual bill down the throats of the legislature without incurring one of the bitterest fights ever seen in a legislature of this state," stated a member of the senate this week. "Republican members of both houses now feel that if the governor displays too much ambition in behalf of the measure a split of the majority party in both houses is unavoidable," continued the senator, "and it is doubted if the state's executive will insist upon the passage of the bill."

## To Amend Section Act

Senator Jones of New Mexico has introduced in the United States senate a bill for the purpose of extending the rights of stock-raising homesteaders. Under the bill introduced by Senator Jones any person who has made entry under the provisions of the act of congress approved December 29th, 1916, and who is complying with the act, may lease additional sections and when he has received patent to his original filing make application to purchase the land leased, paying for it in twenty annual installments, the deferred payments drawing interest at the rate of four per cent.

The passage of this act will mean much for New Mexico in the way of adding settlers under the original act, bringing in new settlers and no doubt many of our returned soldiers would be glad to take advantage of its provisions.

Instruments Filed  
Week Ending Feb. 12

Filed by American Title and Trust Company, Inc., Abstractors, Carrizozo, N. M.  
Gail M. Hanson, Secretary

John T. J. Martin to Willis R. Lovelace, 160 acres north of Tecolote; \$1.

William J. Ayers and wife to

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Estimates furnished on all kinds of plastering and cement work  
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C. O. Finley, 322 acres northeast of Oscurito; \$1.

Roscoe G. Day to Rebecca Townsend, lot 3, block 1, Kemp-ton's Addition to White Oaks; \$1.

George F. Hutchins and wife to J. A. Simpson, lots 13 and 14, block 3, Corona; \$10.

Elerdo Chavez and wife to V. Martinez, about 20 acres near Hondo; \$300.

Carrizozo Townsite Company to Aniceto Luera, lot 8, block 35, Carrizozo; \$45.

Carrizozo Townsite Company to Pablo Reyes, lot 7, block 34, Carrizozo; \$40.

Salvador Mendez to Aniceto Luera, lot 7, block 34, Carrizozo; \$90.

Carrizozo Townsite Company

to J. F. O'Rourke, lots 17 to 24 inclusive, block 19, Carrizozo; \$100.

P. G. Peters to Charles L. Joyce, lots 1 and 2, block 1, Highland Addition to Carrizozo; \$1.

S. H. Hendricks and wife to C. R. Dean, 40 acres east of Lincoln; \$80.

Henry J. Little to Frederick Mez, lot 4, block 9, Mount View Addition to Carrizozo; \$50.

William R. Read and wife to Willis H. Hightower, about 160 acres northwest of Capitán; \$1.

Neil H. Bigger and wife to Mrs. Agnes Hightower, lots 12 to 16, block 83, Capitán; \$240.

## PATENT

United States to Wilbur S. Dishman, 160 acres south of Corona.

## MARRIAGE LICENSE

Jacobo V. Trujillo and Ignacia Torrez, both of Pecos.

The Tittsworth Company  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Kansas Blackleg Serum  
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## THE FULL BREAD TRAY

soon becomes empty when the bread is from our ovens. Its fine palatable flavor, its lightness, its beautiful golden brown crust make our bread a favorite everywhere. And you cannot possibly have a better food or a cheaper one. Give it a trial and you'll keep on using it.



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## FEED YARD

## HAY AND GRAIN IN CAR LOTS

All Competition Met in Prices on These Commodities

Roomy Yard - Stalls - Water

Coal and Wood

Wm. Barnett EL PASO AVENUE

Phone 86

Special Facilities  
For Banquet and Dinner Parties

## Carrizozo Eating House

F. W. OURNEY, Manager.

Table supplied with the Best  
the market affords.

## BUY YOUR FORD NOW

Cars are hard to obtain at present, so come in and figure with us while we have them on hand

Bring your repair work to us. We are better equipped than ever to do your work. No delays, prompt service.

All Work Absolutely Guaranteed

and prices are standard  
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We carry at all times a complete line of Ford parts  
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**PRINCE ALBERT**

TALK about smokes, Prince Albert is geared to a joyhandout standard that just lavishes smokehappiness on every man game enough to make a bee line for a tidy red tin and a jimmy pipe—old or new!

Get it straight that what you've hankered for in pipe or cigarette makin's smokes you'll find aplenty in P. A. That's because P. A. has the quality!

You can't any more make Prince Albert bite your tongue or parch your throat than you can make a horse drink when he's off the water! Bite and parch are cut out by our exclusive patented process!

You just lay back like a regular fellow and puff to beat the cards and wonder why in samhill you didn't nail a section in the P. A. smokepasture longer than you care to remember back!

Buy Prince Albert everywhere tobacco is sold. Tippy red bags, tidy red tins, handsome pound and half pound tin humidors—and—that clever, practical pound crystal glass humidor with sponge mouscener top that keeps the tobacco in such perfect condition.

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co., Winston-Salem, N. C.







# FIVE FRIDAYS

By FRANK R. ADAMS

Indeed a  
Cheerful  
Tale

(Copyright, Frank A. Munsey Co.)

## CHAPTER XVI—Continued.

"Why, I'm sure, I must have dumped 'em in the wastebasket. But the fire was all out."

Any further discussion was cut short by the violent ringing of the telephone bell inside the burning building.

"Who can be calling up at this time of night?" wondered Vida, voicing the general curiosity.

"We probably will never know," Bopp gazed dreamily into the fire. "Maybe some one saw the blaze from the mainland and is calling up about it."

"No," said Lucille, with conviction; "it's my mother. She has seen the fire from Huntington's and wants to know if I am safe. We must answer it and tell her that everything is all right."

"No one could go in there," I protested. "The fire is raging in the living room, and the walls may fall any moment."

"But mother will worry," "What if she does?" A man under stress of excitement is sometimes unintentionally brutal.

"If you men are not brave enough," Lucille declared, with eyes flashing, "if you're so afraid of getting singed, I'm going in to answer that telephone myself and tell my mother that I am safe."

"You wouldn't be safe if you were talking over that telephone," I was exasperated, but it was impossible to allow a girl in a flimsy negligee to go into that furnace. "Since you put it that way, I'll go."

I groped my way to the instrument, jammed the receiver to my ear and shouted, "Hello!"

"Sorry to wake you, old chap," said a male voice apologetically, "but I simply must speak to Miss Dunmore."

"You go to Halifax!" I requested loudly, and dropping the receiver, made a wild dash for the door, from which I emerged with my clothing on fire in only one or two spots.

"Thank you!" Lucille was very sweet in bestowing her gratitude. "Was she very much worried?"

"It wasn't your mother," I said shortly. "It was Mr. Blaney."

"Ned?" asked Vida; then, without waiting for an answer, "I must speak to him."

I gently restrained her. "Blaney?" queried Lucille blankly; then, turning to me, "Your brother?"

"No relation," I returned. "He's my fiancé," Vida explained. "Just the dearest old Blaney that ever lived. He's waiting for me at Fair View. We were to have been married today, or yesterday, rather."

"Oh!" Lucille retired to her inner consciousness to think. I told Vida that Blaney knew she was safe, as he had called up several times during the day.

"Where was it?" "You were always out somewhere with Mr. Clair," I explained.

"You didn't tell Ned that, did you?" "Why, yes, I guess I did. Why?"

"He's so jealous," sighed Vida. "It makes him furious when I talk to other men. Of course after we're married I'll train him differently, but now I have to be careful."

Our attention was distracted from the burning building by the arrival of Bill Johnson, who walked unannounced into the circle of light. The noise of the Merry Widow arriving had apparently been lost in the crackling of the flames.

"Well," I inquired, "were Mrs. Green and Mr. Clair all right?"

"I shall not know it," Bill replied phlegmatically. "I can't, by Jimminy, find 'em."

"Can't find them? Nonsense! Did you go up to the house?"

"Yes, sure, and I look in all the rooms. No one shall be in each."

"They can't have left. Mrs. Green said she wouldn't."

"What's up now?" Bopp inquired. "Mrs. Green has disappeared once more."

"Eloped with Lipton S. Clair?" "Impossible! You haven't seen him since he left here."

"What else could have happened?" "I can't imagine. It's a small island, and there would be no sense in supposing that she was hiding anywhere outside of the house. Besides, they both knew that the boat was coming back soon to get them."

"Mrs. Green is so elusive," Bopp criticized, "that I should think that when once you located her you would have kept your eye on her."

"If I had," I reminded him, "you would probably all be burnt to cinders now. There must be some plausible reason for Mrs. Green's disappearance. Suppose we don't tell her daughter right away until we try to find out what has happened. It would only cause her additional worry."

"That was agreed upon."

"At any rate," Bopp said, "we can all go over to the mainland in the Merry Widow and get breakfast."

"No," declared Bill, shaking his head. "Merry Widow she can't run. She broke her valve spring. Maybe it takes all day to fix her up."

"Then for heaven's sake get at it," Bopp growled crossly.

"I'll fix her up with some wire maybe," Bill cheerfully promised as he departed.

Lucille and Vida rejoined us presently.

"I have some breakfast for you," I announced.

"Soup?" Bopp uttered the word sarcastically.

"Oh, Tootles!" murmured Lucille. "I forgot," I said. "Tootles is found. I found Tootles last night."

"Where is my little sweetheart now?"

"In the summer house," I replied. "Oh, my Tootles girl," she exclaimed, "locked up in that cold barn of a place all night!"

"I was there," I reminded her. "I stood it all right."

Lucille started out as fast as she could for the summer house.

"Wait a minute," I protested, wishing to explain about the reporter.

"Wait," she flashed at me, "when Tootles wants me? Never!"

Lucille broke into a run when she saw that I was following her and reached the door of the summer house first. When I arrived I heard a scream.

## CHAPTER XVII.

### Explanations.

THE picture was a trifle startling. On the floor lay the reporter, his face twisted up into an agonized expression, "bite Tootles stood over him, feebly kicking his face, her little red tongue hardly able to wag."

"Oh!" Lucille screamed jumping up and down in her excitement, "he's killing Tootles!"

"I'm afraid I laughed. Anyway, she cast a look of reproach at me and made a dive for the tired little pup. Tootles went through the door and dashed, barking, up the beach. Lucille followed after."

"They were too fast for me. The last I saw of them was a tiny bobbing head in the water."

"A Cry From the Tug Startled Us."

speck—that was Tootles—and a larger graceful figure with hair blowing free and kimono flying back, which was Lucille.

"What's all the excitement?" the reporter demanded. "Who's the pup?"

"We had a fire," I returned wearily. "Mr. Green's house burned down."

"Everybody asleep, I suppose," The reporter sketched in the story from imagination. "You, the faithful watchman, see the flames, dash into the burning building and rescue the owner's beautiful daughter. It's a peach of a story. It's too bad you can't marry her."

"You've got a wife and seven kids, I suppose."

"I have not," I retorted.

"Then you can marry her."

"Thanks."

"I mean you're not so terribly old and you might look all right if you washed your face and had some decent clothes."

For the first time I realized that I must be a pretty and looking object. My clothes were wet, worn, singed and thoroughly mussed from having been slept in and rained on.

I looked at him sharply. "What size collar do you wear?"

"Fourteen and a half," he replied gibbly.

I grunted. "I'll have a look, anyway."

I rolled him over and removed the collar and necktie as carefully as possible. It was a fifteen and a half.

"Because you lied I shall confiscate the necktie also."

"No," he shouted, interpreting my glance, "you couldn't wear another thing of mine."

"I'm afraid we coincide only in the neck," I sighed regretfully.

"Look here," he began belligerently, "don't you think this face has gone far enough? I demand to be released. If you let me go now I'll promise not to have you put in jail, and if you'll give me a picture of Miss Green I'll give you \$5."

"No," I decided absently.

"What will you do with me?"

"I don't know. It has been puzzling me. You know more about crime than I do. What do you suggest? I measured the height of his collar with my eye. 'I can't say that I care much for your selection of collar style.'"

"If you aren't going to let me go," continued the young man, whose mind seemed to dwell constantly on himself, "when is breakfast?"

"There, you have ruined an otherwise perfect day. No one knows when, where or what breakfast is."

"No breakfast?" he questioned.

"Nope; nary breakfast."

He sighed. "There's a cigar in my"—He started to tell me which pocket when he recollected my propensity for confiscating his property.

"It's all right," I assured him. "I'm not smoking at present."

"In my left hand upper vest pocket," he finished.

I found a flat leather case in the pocket he had indicated. I opened the case, and a handful of crumpled tobacco fell out.

"I'm afraid I sat on it," I said apologetically.

He turned his face to the wall without a word. I left him alone with the dust of his last cigar.

When I had gone a short distance I heard him sneeze.

When I was satisfied that I had done the best I could to rearrange my disordered clothes and linen I rejoined the disconsolate group at the site of the one time house. There were only four of them—Captain Perkins, Jim, Vida and Kent. Lucille had not returned.

"Where's Lucille?" Vida inquired.

"Tootles got away," I explained, "and she chased her."

"But Tootles is here," Vida indicated the dog playing around the shed. "She came back quite awhile ago with this in her mouth."

Vida held up the torn and dirty remnants of what had been Lucille's kimono.

"That's Lucille's kimono!" I cried.

"An idea struck me. 'What was she wearing under that?'"

"I helped her put on my costume," Vida vouchsafed, "the one that was drying in the shed. It fits her beautifully."

"Then I presume that you will find Lucille over there behind that clump of bushes," I hazarded in a loud tone.

There was a sound of branches breaking and leaves rustling as if some one were beating a hasty retreat.

"Oh, I see!" Light dawned on Vida. "Just let her alone. She'll get used to them in an hour or so. You do feel kind of funny at first. Now about that breakfast."

"Yes," Bopp chimed in, "produce that feast you were speaking of. With the dog in sight we'll take a chance on anything you've prepared."

"Sail ho!" cried Jim.

"Where he she?" demanded his superior.

"Coming around the point," Jim replied.

Sure enough, a fat little tugboat was nosing her way comfortably through the waves into the cove. "It's the revenue tug!" exclaimed Captain Perkins, whose knowledge of lake craft was naturally superior to that of the rest of us.

"A revenue tug?" Bopp repeated.

"What is she doing here?"

"Let's go and find out."

The tug came in as far as she dared, and then an officer came ashore in a dinghy.

"Pardon me, ladies and gentlemen," he began stately, taking no notice of our disheveled appearance. "I am the revenue officer in charge of this district."

A cry from the tug startled us.

"What's that?" we exclaimed.

The yell was repeated, this time with a smothered falsetto.

"It's just a couple of prisoners we captured this morning," explained the officer.

"We are very glad to see you and your boat," Bopp stated, doing the honors. "We have had a terrible fire here, and if you will set us safely ashore at Fair View we shall be forever in your debt."

"I'm sorry," he replied, "but I cannot carry your party as passengers. Being on government service, my duties are very exacting. However, I shall be glad to notify the first vessel I meet and request them to call for you."

"But, man," Bopp exclaimed, "we have been without anything to eat for three days! Surely you can't refuse to take us to some place where food may be had."

"You forget that I have provided food," I interposed.

"I'm trying to forget it," Bopp replied, with ungracious impatience. "I want regular food."

"The lake is calming down," the officer pointed out, "and you can surely get ashore. As it happens, we are hot on the trail of a gang of smugglers, and if we delay now the chief operator may escape us. He is posing as a telephone repair man employed by the local company in Fair View, but merely uses that position to cloak his criminal operations. He was sent to Green's island before the storm and has not reported back to the office, so we presume that he is here now."

By a common impulse we looked for Kent. He was not among us. Apparently he had waited to hear no more after Captain Perkins had identified the boat as in the government revenue service.

"I can't believe that he is a smuggler," Vida argued. "She, like the rest of us, had conceived a liking for the young man whose career had been so varied and interesting. 'He doesn't look like a smuggler.'"

(TO BE CONTINUED)

## ALL WEARING THE BROAD SMILE OF VICTORY



All of these heroes helped in the defeat of Prussianism. All are wearing the smile of victory, the one that won't come off. In the front row, left to right, are Marshal Foch, General Pershing, Madame Dulac, wife of the military governor of Paris; Marshal Joffre, General Dubail, and his son. General Polletier and General Galoppe are in the rear, to either side of Marshal Joffre.

## YANK SOLDIERS ROBBED BY FOE

Men Captured at Seicheprey Tell of Harsh Treatment by the Huns.

### REFUSED TO BE BROTHERS

Attempt Later Made to Effect Reconciliation Spurned by Americans—Corporal Who Refused to Work Hurled Down Mine Shaft.

London.—"When they took us prisoners they held revolvers to our heads and made us give them our shoes, but when the armistice came and we were set free a socialist leader made a speech to us, saying: 'We are now brothers.'"

This was what American soldiers who returned to London from Germany—the first to be here after the signing of the armistice—had to say about the change in the attitude of their captors from the time they had fallen into German hands in April until they were released on November 12.

"When we were captured at Seicheprey," said Private James E. Pichell of Providence, "the German soldiers held pistols to the heads of some of us and demanded our shoes. I managed to hang on to mine, but others weren't so lucky. They had to walk barefooted through No Man's Land, cutting their feet badly on barbed wire or pieces of shell. All of us had to walk 30 miles to the rear, where wooden shoes were given us, and no one was permitted to keep his boots. They told us—one general did—that they had attacked to get prisoners, but the next time they attacked the One Hundred and Second they would take no prisoners, because they had fought too fiercely."

This was corroborated by Private Frank Butler of New Haven. Prisoners Exhibited.

The Americans were eventually taken to Friedrichsfeld, and no opportunity was missed to show the American prisoners to the populace, for they were among the earliest to be taken.

These Americans were taken to a camp where there were prisoners of other nationalities.

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(TO BE CONTINUED)

## BLACKSMITH IN DANGER ACTING AS SHOE CLERK

East Weymouth, Mass.—When J. H. Moran, the village blacksmith, retired after 41 years of shoeing horses to work in a retail shoe store, the manager made the following comment: "He'll get in wrong if, bending over, he grabs some of the new trade in the old way and exclaims 'Lift up, Ben.'"

captivated in the town in which the Americans were stationed, and mines had been hurried up to quell the disorders. On November 11 word came that the armistice had been signed and that all the prisoners were now free.

It was arranged shortly afterward that they were to be sent to Holland for transportation to England with English prisoners. The men were permitted to go through the town at will, and the people, as well as their former guards, were anxious to fraternize, but got short shrift from the released men.

An uneventful trip to Holland ensued, and then the men were taken in charge by the British Red Cross and went to Hull along with British Tommies who had been in the camp with them.

## HONORED BY FRENCH

Yankee Doctor Wins Commission as Captain.

Highest-Ranked American Citizen in French Army During War.

Paris.—The highest-ranked American citizen in the French army during the present war is Dr. Henry Michel of Augusta, Ga., who earned a captain's commission in the service of our ally before transferring over to the United States army.

Doctor Michel came to France at the beginning of the war and volunteered in the French army. Owing to the crying need for surgeons, he was at once commissioned as a second lieutenant and assigned to a base hospital. His hard work and ability won him promotion to a first lieutenant after the Verdun offensive in the first half of 1916 when he was stationed at Troyes, the great evacuation center for the French wounded.

Afterward Doctor Michel was transferred to Lyons and was placed in command of a military hospital there and promoted to captain. The Foreign Legion has its base depot at Lyons, and Doctor Michel knew almost all of the Americans enlisted in that unit.

A year ago Doctor Michel offered his services to the A. E. F. and was sent to American Red Cross hospital No. 1 at Neuilly, the former American ambulance. He is also surgeon in

chief of the American hospital for civilians in Neuilly.

Only a few other Americans have ever received commissions in the French army, and they were all second lieutenants with the exception of William Thaw of the Lafayette Escadrille, and Sweeney of the Foreign Legion and later of the tank corps who were first lieutenants. The aviator pilots of the Lafayette Escadrille were only sergeants, with the exception of Dudley Hill, an adjutant.

## GLAD COLONIES ARE FREED

Native Chiefs in Former German Possessions Hope They Will Remain Under British Rule.

London.—German cruelty exercised toward the natives of her former colonies is outlined in the statements of native chiefs in the Samoan islands, the Kameruns, Togoland, Southwest Africa, and East Africa, in a white book published by the colonial office. The statements show that the natives everywhere hope to remain under British rule.

The horrors of the German rule in Southwest Africa, the white book says, already are too well known to require repetition, but the same system of tyranny was found in other German colonies in a greater or less degree.

The burden running through all the statements of the natives of Togoland and the Kameruns is "flogging, flogging, flogging," especially in connection with forced labor on plantations.

## MUTE HERO OF WAR



Marshal Foch is one of the 15 colonies that were given to the government for service in the war.

## PANCAKES IN OSTEND

Correspondents Get First Made There in Four Years.

Hotel Manager Tells of Sufferings at the Hands of the Germans.

American Press Headquarters, British Front.—The first pancakes made in Ostend in four years were served the other day at the Crown hotel. But the American correspondents got them under false pretenses.

They had had a very good lunch of vegetable soup, roast beef, browned potatoes and peas.

"What have you for dessert?" was asked the exceedingly attentive waitress. Her face fell. "There is nothing, messieurs," she said plaintively.

In a moment she was back with the manager, who had been hovering near the door.

"The manager and the chef will be

happy to make you pancakes," she announced delightedly. "We got some milk and flour from the British ships today, and are able to make pancakes for the first time in four years." Then she added solemnly: "The manager and the chef will do it, because you are English."

Whoever cooked the pancakes had lost no mystery of the art.

The Crown hotel, Ostend's finest, had suffered at the hands of the Germans. The manager showed us through two floors, pointing out where wall ornaments, chandeliers and everything of copper had been torn off.

All wood had been plucked from the mattresses. Nine thousand bottles of wine had been carted away. But the hotel had receipts for everything stolen.

Nor was this all. The hotel was set apart for German officers, and it had been a great trial to endure the tyrannical mood of most of them.



## Colds Coughs Catarrh

A trinity of evils, closely allied, that afflict most people, and which follow one on the other, in the order named, until the last one is spread through the system, leading to many evils. But their course can be checked.

### PERUNA CONQUERS

It is of great value when used promptly for a cold, usually checking it and overcoming it in a few days.

Ample evidence has proved that it is even of more value in overcoming chronic catarrh, dispelling the inflammatory conditions, enabling the diseased membranes to perform their natural functions, and toning up the entire system.

The experience of thousands is a safe guide to what it may be expected to do for you.

Liquid or tablets—both tested by the public and approved.

THE PERUNA COMPANY COLUMBUS, OHIO

#### Masked Battery.

"Pa, what is a masked battery?"  
"Pretty lips concealing a shrewish tongue, my son."—Boston Transcript.

#### A Good Haul.

"Did Miss Port catch anything on that fishing party?"  
"Sure! She caught a beau."—

## WOMEN SUFFERERS MAY NEED SWAMP-ROOT

Thousands upon thousands of women have kidney and bladder trouble and never suspect it.

Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease.

If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased.

Pain in the back, headache, loss of ambition, nervousness, are often times symptoms of kidney trouble.

Don't delay starting treatment. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a physician's prescription, obtained at any drug store, may be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions.

Get a medium or large size bottle immediately from any drug store.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

#### Their Use.

"Look how the rain is pouring down in sheets." "That's all right; it's covering the bed of the street."

#### RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. May Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and 1/2 oz. of glycerine. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions for making and use come in each box of Barbo Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off. Adv.

Men know that men are not born equal, but nobody will admit it.

Don't trifle with a cold—it's dangerous.

You can't afford to risk Influenza.

Keep always at hand a box of



Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 2 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine box has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture. At All Drug Stores.

# After the "Flu" —Fever or Cold

Clean the Acidity and Toxic Poisons Out of the Digestive Tract

Millions are now suffering from the after effects of the deadly "flu," a fever or a cold. Their appetites are poor; they are weak, and they are waiting for their strength to come back.

If these people could only realize that the return to health and strength would be greatly helped by giving attention to the stomach—that is, removing the acidity and toxic poisons from the entire digestive tract, making it act naturally, so that the body will receive the full strength of the food eaten—a great deal of suffering would be saved to humanity.

Everyone knows that the disease itself, and the strong medicines that have been taken, upset the stomach, leave it hot and feverish, the mouth dry, the tongue coated, a heavy taste, and no desire to eat. This is a poor foundation to build new strength on.

Now, tens of thousands of people all over this country are using EATONIC for the purpose of cleaning these poisonous after-effects right out of the system and they are obtaining wonderful results—so wonderful that the amazingly quick benefits are hardly believable, just as shown in the remarkable letter which is published upon the request of this sturdy old Civil War veteran. He is 77 years old. Read what he says EATONIC did for him:

"I am an old soldier, just yet only seven years. I had the flu, the stomach and it left my stomach

In an awful shape. I tried these different doctors but got no relief. As a last resort I bought and got a box of EATONIC and in a few days I was feeling the way I used to feel. I can now eat and sleep like a man, and feel like a man. Yours, respectfully,  
J. H. Martin  
Tomb, Indiana  
Dec. 4, 1918

This is only one case out of thousands. You should make the EATONIC test in your own case at once. You have everything to gain—not a penny can you lose, for we take all the risk. Your own common sense, your own feelings, tell you that a good appetite, good digestion, a good stomach, with the fever poisons and effects of strong medicines out of your system, will put you on the road to strong, robust health again.

You want to enjoy life again after you have battled with the "flu," fever or cold, or any other illness that has taken your strength. You want to get back your old-time vigor, be full of pep and enthusiasm—be able to work with ease, instead of listlessly, half-heartedly dragging out a mere existence.

So be sure to take a box of EATONIC home with you today. We cannot urge this too strongly. If EATONIC fails to give you positive beneficial results, it will not cost you a penny. There is no risk—the benefit is surely all for you.

**EATONIC**  
FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

IF NOTE—Over 25,000 drug stores throughout the United States sell and guarantee EATONIC. If you cannot obtain EATONIC at your drug store, you can send us the 50c after you get it. Add: H. L. Remmer, Pres., EATONIC REMEDY CO., 1944 N. Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.

## WASHINGTON SIDELIGHTS

### Thirteen Has No Terrors for Woodrow Wilson

WASHINGTON.—Thirteen has no terrors for Woodrow Wilson, president of the United States of America. On the contrary thirteen is his lucky number, he has been known to say.

The fact that the president arrived at Brest on December 13 recalls the president's trip from New York to Sea Girt, September 13, 1912, when he was making his speaking tour, just preceding his election as president. He sat in chair No. 13 in the parlor car. Mr. Wilson said:

"Thirteen is my lucky number. I usually get seat 13 or room 13 wherever I go. The number 13 has run through my life constantly. When I was in my thirteenth year as a professor at Princeton I was elected the thirteenth president of the university. There are just thirteen letters in my name. I am not afraid of No. 13."

Thirteen played a prominent part in the inaugural plans in 1913. Thirteen governors were in line, militia of thirteen states were represented, along with thirteen educational institutions. The Princeton students traveled to the ceremony in two trains of thirteen cars each.

When Miss Jessie W. Wilson and Frances B. Sayre were married at the White House it was the thirteenth wedding in the historic building, and the names the bride and bridegroom contain thirteen letters each.

The thirteenth superstition is perhaps as widespread as any of the popular notions of this kind. These are many and apparently they are just as much in favor as ever. The name of those who regard Friday as an unlucky day is legion. Many people think it is a sign of coming bad luck to see the new moon over the left shoulder. A horseshoe over the door brings good luck, as everybody knows. A child born with a caul is sure to be lucky, according to midwives. Certain crops must be planted at certain stages of the moon, farmers aver. That the actions and condition of animals in the full foretell the winter weather, the Indians—and some white men—believe. There is potency in the divinations of Halloween, the young people are sure. To see a full-grown man pick up a pin because its point is toward him is not unusual.

Of course the president is an unusual man.

### Official Statement of the American Red Cross

THE following statement is authorized by the war council of the American Red Cross: It costs the American Red Cross only two cents of each dollar of the millions appropriated to operate the administrative bureaus in the United States which took a vital part in the management of the greatest relief program the world has ever known. For each dollar contributed by the American people for war relief work more than \$1.01 is expended for that purpose, the extra cent being provided by interest on the funds. These are two of the striking statements in the annual financial report of the Red Cross covering the fiscal year ended June 30, 1918.

All the expenses of operating the national and divisional headquarters of the organization whose sheltering arm has embraced a large part of the earth in the 18 months come from a fund provided by membership dues, the war fund not being drawn upon for any but relief expenditures. The total management expense of the organization for the fiscal year was \$2,164,805.

During the year which ended June 30 the Red Cross appropriated \$107,716,348 to carry on its work abroad and at home. Of this amount, \$59,788,672 went for relief in foreign countries, \$7,088,856 for work in the United States, \$4,945,557 for relief work in various countries on work specified by contributors. \$26,288,000 was set aside for working capital, and the balance went for other activities of the organization.

This wide distribution of relief was made possible because in less than 11 months the American people gave more than \$300,000,000 to the American Red Cross, by far the greatest sum ever contributed by any nation for humanitarian work. This total represents the proceeds of the two Red Cross war funds and one membership drive.

### New Method of Drying Meats Promises Marvels

ANNOUNCEMENT is made of a new process by which meats and fish can be kept indefinitely without preservatives and then restored to full bulk and unimpaired flavor by the application of water. Flesh prepared by this method only fills about 8 per cent of the space it fills when fresh. This would multiply eightfold the facilities for shipping meat, without adding tonnage.

This discovery grows out of researches begun a year ago in the Harriett laboratories at Roosevelt hospital by Drs. K. G. Falk and E. M. Frankel when the laboratory was taken over by the division of nutrition and food of the medical department of the United States army, at the instance of

Lieut. Col. J. H. Martin. The final steps of the test were worked out at Columbia university in the department of chemical engineering under the direction of Prof. Frank H. McKee, who made the announcement.

Owing to certain legal reasons not all the steps of the process can be published at this time, but in the main it consists of drying the prepared meats in a vacuum oven at a low temperature.

It is possible to cut a sirloin or porterhouse steak according to the standard restaurant dimensions, dry it by this recent method, and then wet it before cooking and serve it hot, even passably rare, without anybody's knowing that it did not come directly from the butcher's block around the corner.

It is estimated that the cost of the new process will be about the same as the expense of keeping meats in refrigeration. The effect, however, should be to bring down the prices of meats through savings in freight on land and sea.

### American Protective League and Its Patriotism

THE man who keeps up with the news notes the American Protective league is active in the Berger trial, in the inquiry into high prices and in other things of importance in various parts of the country. Some day the history of the A. P. L. will be written and it will be interesting reading. Just now the average citizen knows little about it.

The immense number of pro-Germans working in this country called the A. P. L. into being. For every investigator in government employ in March, 1917, a hundred were needed to meet the crisis. It seemed impossible to get an appropriation for them. Yet their need was vital. How was the problem to be solved? The American Protective league rose as the answer.

Under the direction of the attorney general and A. B. Blaisdell, chief of the bureau of investigation, a Chicago business man set about working out a remarkable idea. It was nothing more and nothing less than the enlistment of as nearly as possible the best brains of every industry, business and profession in the United States as an auxiliary to the department of justice.

Today there are approximately three hundred thousand members of the American Protective league. They cover the United States from ocean to ocean and from Canada to the Gulf.

Not one of the members of the A. P. L. receives one cent of pay, and they pay their own expenses and the league expenses.

Furthermore, there is no glory, no uniform, not even private praise at home. For no man is permitted to divulge even to his best friend his membership in the league or disclose the identity of any of its members.

## Are You Open-Minded?

The average American is open-minded.

American business is conducted by true Americans of vision, open-minded men who believe in their country and strive to meet their country's needs. The men in the packing industry are no exception to the rule.

The business of Swift & Company has grown as the nation has progressed. Its affairs have been conducted honorably, efficiently, and economically, reducing the margin between the cost of live stock and the selling price of dressed meat, until today the profit is only a fraction of a cent a pound—too small to have any noticeable effect on prices.

The packing industry is a big, vital industry—one of the most important in the country. Do you understand it?

Swift & Company presents facts in the advertisements that appear in this paper. They are addressed to every open-minded person in the country.

The booklet of preceding chapters in this story of the packing industry, will be mailed on request to  
Swift & Company  
Union Stock Yards - Chicago, Illinois

Swift & Company  
U. S. A.



#### Not Much.

Reverend Sergeant—"Are you single?" Willie Bookle—"Do I look like twine?"—Leatherstock.

### UPSET STOMACH

PAPE'S DIAPEPSIN AT ONCE ENDS SOURNESS, GASES, ACIDITY, INDIGESTION.

Undigested food! Lumps of pain; belching gas, acids and sourness. When your stomach is all upset, here is instant relief—No waiting!



The moment you eat a tablet of Pape's Diapepsin all the indigestion pain, dyspepsia misery, the sourness, gases and stomach acidity ends.

Pape's Diapepsin tablets cost little at any drug store but there is no surer or quicker stomach relief known. Adv.

#### Too Much to Stand.

"I went into the battle singing."  
"Then no wonder you got the Huns on the run."

#### Don't Forget Cuticura Talcum

When adding to your toilet requisites. An exquisitely scented face, skin, baby and dusting powder and perfume, rendering other perfumes superfluous. You may rely on it because one of the Cuticura Trio (Soap, Ointment and Talcum) is each everywhere.—Adv.

#### In Most Cases.

"How do you pronounce 'hauteur'?"  
"Hot air, in some cases."

Many a girl with teeth like pearls is as stupid as an oyster.

Probably the most dangerous men are those who have honest motives and dishonest practices.

Headaches, Bilious Attacks, Indigestion, are cured by taking Star Apple, Aloe, Jalap made into Pleasant Pellets (Dr. Pierce's). Adv.

Cravenettes and roll-top designs hide a great many things from the public.

### Keep Yourself Fit

You can't afford to be laid up with sore, aching kidneys in these days of high prices. Some occupations bring kidney troubles; almost any work makes weak kidneys worse. If you feel tired all the time, and suffer with back ache, sharp pains, dizzy spells, headaches and disordered kidney action, use Doan's Kidney Pills. It may save an attack of rheumatism, dropsy, or Bright's disease. Doan's have helped thousands back to health.

#### A Colorado Case

W. A. J. Hill, retired barber, 1215 Ninth Ave., Pueblo, Colo., says: "Kidney and bladder trouble had been with me for years. My trouble was from acid poisoning, which had gotten into my blood. My back was weak and lame and I had rheumatic pains. My kidneys were out of order and got me up at night. I used Doan's Kidney Pills and they made me feel fine."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box  
**DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**  
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

### Hooked to Death!

This may happen if your cattle have horns, or they may injure each other and keep the whole herd excited. BE HUMANE. Prevent horns growing while calves are young. It means a contented and more profitable herd. Use

**DR. DAVID ROBERTS' HORN KILLER**

At our dealers or POSTPAID 50c

Consult Dr. DAVID ROBERTS about all animal ailments. Information free. Send for price list of medicines and get FREE copy of "The Cattle Specialist" with full information on all matters in Cows. DR. DAVID ROBERTS VETERINARY CO., 150 Grand Ave., Waukegan, Wis.

W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 2-1919.



## LOCAL AND PERSONAL

W. C. Davidson, county highway superintendent, was here this week from Roswell, looking after road matters.

Sheriff Duran and Attorney Perkins went to Jicarilla Wednesday to dispose of some mining machinery at a sheriff's sale.

Heinz's Dill, sweet, mixed and sour pickles, in bulk. Best the market affords. Groom's, phones 46-65.

H. B. (Shorty) Roberts was here Saturday from his home at Arabela. He brought over Mrs. Langston, who took that day's train for Phoenix, Arizona.

Norwalk Inner Tubes and Republic Casing. Both guaranteed. Western Garage.

H. S. Campbell, who has been connected with the Lincoln State Bank as cashier for the past two years, has sold his insurance agency to E. D. Boone, who will continue to take care of the business in connection with his other duties in the same bank. Mr. Campbell's agency consisted of several of the most reliable companies now in business. Among them are the Hartford, Aetna, and North American.

Buy the best in groceries and meats; it's cheapest in the long run. Groom's, phones 46-65.

Louis Adams returned Tuesday night from Waco, Texas. Louis really was gone longer than we thought he would be when he quit Carrizozo for Waco. He was gone almost thirty days.

M. U. Finley, president of the Carrizozo Live Stock Commission company, left this week for Roswell and other Pecos Valley points. He expects to contract for a bunch of steers for spring delivery and may be absent a fortnight.

Liberty Bonds bought, market price. I. E. Schaeffer, 2-14-4t.

Dr. E. L. Woods came over Monday from Lincoln and occupies offices in the Welmore. The doctor is no stranger to our town and will receive a cordial welcome to Carrizozo.

James Morris was down Tuesday from Red Lake. Jim says the fine season this winter leads him to consider the planting of a crop. Bring us some roasting ears, Jim.

Mayor and Mrs. H. S. Campbell drove to El Paso this week. After a short stay in the Pass City they will return to Carrizozo and about the 1st of March Mayor Campbell will go to Chicago to attend an exhibition of railroad appliances. The mayor will exhibit the automatic stop, a patent of M. Bulla, and in which a number of our people are interested.

Francis Blanchard was in the burg yesterday from Blanchard Brothers' ranches on the Macho.

A number of our young people started to Fort Stanton Wednesday night to attend a dance at that place. The only dancing done by this particular crowd, however, was in the middle of the big road, after the car had broken down, in search of a phone station to put in an S. O. S. for help.

Mrs. Langston, widow of J. P. C. Langston, passed through Saturday en route to her home in Phoenix, Arizona. Mrs. Langston had been visiting Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Roberts at Arabela. A number of old friends who knew the Langstons at White Oaks some years ago met Mrs. Langston as she was passing through.

Mrs. F. H. McKeon and mother, Mrs. Lewis, were here Wednesday and Thursday, guests of Mrs. A. Ziegler. During their visit here they were entertained at parties Wednesday at Mrs. Wetmore's and Thursday at Mrs. Ziegler's.

Rx. A "Classi," once a week, will ease "want" complaint. Repetition effects a cure. Dr. Esser's.

## Passed To His Reward

Jose M. Vega, following a brief illness, passed to the great beyond Friday night. The funeral services were held at the Catholic church Sunday at 3 p. m., Father Girma, of Lincoln, conducting the ceremonies. A large concourse of people, many of whom had known the deceased for a long period of time, attended the obsequies and followed the remains to their final resting place in the local cemetery.

Jose M. Vega was born at Morelia, Mexico, not far from the capital, March 19, 1843, and was thus nearing his 76th birthday when called by death. He went to Texas in an early day and was married there to Miss Esquiva Torres. Three children were born to that union, Antonio M., Florencio L. and Mrs. Fred Lalone. Mr. Vega moved with his family to Lincoln county forty years ago, settling near Nogal, where for the greater part of the time of his residence in New Mexico he had lived. Death claimed his wife a few years after the family moved to Lincoln county and Mr. Vega again married, his second wife having been Miss Josefa Sandoval, this union occurring in 1891 and seven children were the fruits of that union.

Mr. Vega, until the past few years devoted his time to ranching and lived a quiet, retired life at his ranch home. He was a member of the first board of trustees following Carrizozo's incorporation and lent his aid to the establishment of a sound municipal government.

He was a most upright citizen, a man for whom the people of Lincoln county had the highest esteem and by whom he was respected for his innate worth, his loyal adherence to right and the faithful manner in which he fulfilled every obligation.

The family have the deepest

## Band Organization

All persons having band instruments belonging to the town are requested to turn over same to Mr. Wright at the Electric Light office.

I would also like to hear from all persons who wish to become members of the band.

Persons who have played before are especially requested to report.

We have a few men in town who have had considerable experience in band work, and if we can secure a few more we could have a good band in Carrizozo in a very short while.

As soon as I get the names of parties wishing to join, we will call a meeting and begin work.

S. H. NICKELS,

Director.

## Young Wife Dies

The death of Mrs. James H. Noonkester this week adds another to the rather lengthy list of influenza victims. Her mother, Mrs. Lelia Howell, died a short time ago with the same malady. Mrs. Noonkester was married to James H. Noonkester only a few short months ago, and her death is a sad blow to her surviving husband and to the members of her family.

## From Camp Pike

Captain and Mrs. R. T. Lucas arrived yesterday morning from Camp Pike, Arkansas. Capt. Lucas has been in the service a little short of a year, but was steadily advanced by promotion and special assignments and did not get a formal discharge as readily as many others in the medical corps. We are glad to welcome the captain and Mrs. Lucas again to Carrizozo.

sympathy of all who knew the kind-hearted old citizen and his death is sincerely regretted by the people of this community and county.

WE ARE THE EXCLUSIVE DISPENSERS OF

Nayal's Compounds

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

Kodaks, Kodak Supplies and Stationery  
Ice Cream and all Kinds of Iced Drinks

Rolland Bros.

**Ford**  
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

It is important when your Ford car requires tuning up or repairing that you place it in charge of an authorized Ford dealer. Then you are sure of having repairs and replacements made with genuine Ford-made materials by men who know all about Ford cars. Bring your Ford car to us. Satisfaction is sure and you will receive prompt attention and right prices.

OUR MOTTO:  
PROMPT and EFFICIENT SERVICE - TERMS CASH

HEADQUARTERS FOR  
Carrizozo-Roswell White Line Stage Line Co.

**WESTERN GARAGE**



# NEW SPRING SUITS AND DRESSES

Arriving Daily

Already our store is taking on the atmosphere of spring. We are showing a bright display of new dresses sent by express, so that we might have the pleasure of showing you first.

These dresses are All Wool French Serge, priced at **\$14.75**

## New Spring Dresses Of Gingham

Beautiful new patterns at prices in many instances lower than the material would cost you. Come in and see them. Prices range from \$2.45 upward

**The Carrizozo Trading Co.**  
QUALITY FIRST—THEN PRICE

Special cash prices on groceries in quantities. Get our prices before buying. Groom's, phones 46-65.

## Classified Advertisements

For Sale—A fine lot of cows and young heifers. Inquire News office.

For Sale—480 acres black gramma grass land, well fenced; abundant water supply; two good houses, barns, cisterns, etc.; 5 miles from a railroad town in need of a good dairy. Address Box 134, Carrizozo. 2-14-2t

Corn \$3.70, Shorts \$3.10, Chops \$3.80, Bran \$3.00, Oats \$3.30, Mixed Chicken Feed \$4.30 per cwt. Terms cash. The above prices are subject to change without notice. Humphrey Bros.

For Sale—Parke Davis & Co.'s Blacklegoids. The Pittsworth Co. Captain.

Good Grama Hay For Sale—Raised on the Foreman place. See J. R. McIlhenny for price. 1-10-1t

**A HEAVY LOSS** from fire can be prevented. If you have something to insure, let me write your policy.

I have purchased Mr. Campbell's Agency and have some of the oldest and strongest companies in business. Your automobile or truck is worth insuring. The cost is small compared to a loss. Come see me.

**E. D. BOONE**  
At Lincoln State Bank

## Splendid Selection of Dainty Undermuslins



They look well and they wear well

Aside from their beauty, it is true economy to buy our "DOVE" UNDERMUSLINS because they are so carefully made and of such good materials that they wear exceptionally well. You'll find the prices surprisingly reasonable.

We are now showing a splendid assortment of the new "DOVE" UNDERMUSLINS

**ZIEGLER BROTHERS**