

11-8-1918

Carrizozo News, 11-08-1918

J.A. Haley

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Carrizozo News

OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

VOLUME 19

CARRIZOZO, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1918.

NUMBER 45

Republicans Make Substantial Gains

According to reports received up to last night, the Republicans had gained enough seats in the lower house of congress to give them control of that body. The figures, while not complete, indicate a majority in the lower house of about twenty.

The same party made gains also in the senate, just as material, possibly, as that body may have a majority of Republicans after the 4th of next March. A Democratic senator will be replaced by a Republican from the following states: New Hampshire, Delaware, Illinois, Missouri, Kansas and Colorado. A Republican will be replaced by a Democrat in Massachusetts, leaving the Republicans with a net gain of five. Three other states now represented by Republicans are very close, and if the Democrats gain either, the vote in the senate will be a tie. If the Republicans gain all three they will have 49 to 47 for the Democrats.

Another big turnover in the east, beside Massachusetts, was New York. That state went Democratic, reversing a large Republican majority, but no United States senator was to be elected from that state this year; hence there was no national gain for the Democrats.

In New Mexico, definite results were not obtainable even last night, but the reports at hand indicated the reelection of Senator Fall and the Republican state ticket by majorities ranging from 750 to 1200. The reports indicate no particular change in party fealty in the state, but from the largely reduced vote in Democratic counties shows that army and navy enlistments in those counties, largely in excess of quotas, was the cause. It is useless to speculate on what might have been the results had our soldiers and sailors been at home, but anyone of an inquiring mind who will investigate can easily locate the discrepancy.

In Lincoln county the result was a badly scrambled affair, as will be shown by a study of the tabulated result published in this issue, which is unofficial but approximately correct. It will be seen that Republicans were given majorities in Democratic precincts and Democrats majorities in Republican precincts.

Reports of the vote in this county on the \$200,000 Capitol Bond issue are very incomplete, but the indications are that Lincoln county voted 2 to 1 against the bonds.

United War Work Campaign Next Week

The Campaign of the United War Work Societies begins next Monday and will run throughout the week. Chairman M. U. Finley and his precinct chairman and committees in Lincoln county are prepared for a successful drive. The quota for this county is \$8,100.00, and each community has been assigned a certain quota, carefully based on population, wealth and local conditions.

With the influenza quarantine

Vote In Lincoln County November 5, 1918

UNOFFICIAL

CANDIDATES	Lincoln-1	San Patricia-2	Arabela-3	Picacho-4	Rabenton-5	Encinosa-6	Jicarilla-7	White Oaks-8	Capitan-9	Ruidosa-10	Nogal-11	Bonito-12	Corona-13	Carrizozo-14	Oscurito-15	Ancho-16	Spindle-17	TOTAL VOTE	MAJORITY
United States Senator																			
Albert B. Fall, R.	72	75	60	29	27	36	13	27	49	33	23	9	61	108	14	39	8	683	61
W. B. Walton, D.	50	57	17	50	9	13	14	41	27	21	26	31	55	138	11	36	26	622	
W. P. Metcalf, S.	1							1				3	4	7					
Representative in Congress																			
Benigno C. Hernandez, R.	69	79	60	28	28	86	13	27	43	32	27	9	47	94	10	44	8	654	8
G. A. Richardson, D.	55	53	17	51	7	13	14	41	31	22	23	34	66	148	14	31	26	646	
Walter B. Dillon, S.	1							1				3	4	9					
Governor																			
Octaviano A. Larrazola, R.	68	79	60	27	27	36	13	28	41	32	22	8	47	98	12	45	8	651	18
Felix Garcia, D.	56	53	17	52	8	13	14	37	32	22	28	33	65	137	10	30	26	633	
Allan H. Moulton, S.	1							1				3	4	9					
Lieutenant Governor																			
Benjamin F. Pankey, R.	69	78	62	29	27	36	13	28	43	32	22	9	49	104	15	43	8	667	41
Elmer E. Veeder, D.	53	54	15	50	8	13	14	39	30	22	28	33	65	136	9	31	26	626	
Augustin Lucero, S.	1							1				3	4	9					
Secretary of State																			
Manuel Martinez, R.	70	78	62	29	26	36	13	26	42	32	22	9	48	100	13	43	8	657	26
Juan J. Duran, D.	52	54	15	50	9	13	14	39	31	22	28	33	65	138	10	32	26	631	
S. Parks, S.	1							1				3	4	13					
State Auditor																			
Edward G. Sargent, R.	78	78	58	29	22	36	13	30	41	32	24	12	54	114	15	42	8	686	69
Marcus C. de Baca, D.	54	54	19	50	13	13	14	38	32	22	26	29	60	125	9	33	26	617	
Larkin L. Daniels, S.	1							1				3	4	9					
State Treasurer																			
Charles U. Strong, R.	70	78	62	30	27	36	13	28	43	32	22	9	49	100	13	43	8	663	31
T. W. Medley, D.	52	54	15	49	8	13	14	41	30	22	28	32	65	140	11	32	26	632	
Walter Cook, S.	1							1				3	4	9					
Attorney General																			
O. O. Askren, R.	70	75	62	31	27	37	13	30	41	32	23	8	49	107	13	43	8	669	44
Thomas J. Mabry, D.	52	54	15	48	8	13	14	38	32	22	27	33	65	136	11	31	26	625	
E. R. Frost, S.	1							1				3	4	9					
State Supt. Public Instruction																			
Jonathan H. Wagner, R.	70	78	60	29	27	36	13	27	44	32	23	10	49	108	14	43	8	671	43
J. S. Long, D.	52	54	17	50	8	13	14	41	29	22	27	32	66	135	10	32	26	628	
Mrs. L. M. D. O'Neil, S.	1							1				3	4	9					
Commissioner of Public Lands																			
Nels Field, R.	69	89	61	13	27	36	12	30	43	32	26	9	54	103	12	42	8	666	13
George A. Davison, D.	52	65	16	66	8	13	15	38	30	22	24	32	60	140	12	34	26	653	
Thomas A. Medina, S.	1							1				3	4	9					
Justice State Supreme Court																			
Herbert F. Reynolds, R.	69	89	60	30	27	36	13	28	42	32	22	10	39	96	13	41	8	655	
Richard H. Hanna, D.	52	64	17	49	8	13	15	41	31	22	28	32	75	149	11	33	26	666	11
James A. McDonald, S.	1							1				3	4	9					
Member State Corporation Com.																			
Jesus M. Luna, R.	70	89	61	30	27	36	13	28	41	32	22	8	47	91	12	45	8	660	2
D. J. Finnegan, D.	52	60	16	49	8	13	14	40	32	22	28	33	69	154	12	30	26	658	
State Representative, 9th Dist.																			
William E. Blanchard, R.	74	85	59	11	29	36	15	34	44	34	25	13	56	129	15	42	9	710	95
Frank Santana, D.	49	67	17	68	6	13	13	34	29	22	25	29	59	117	9	32	25	615	
State Representative, 10th Dist.																			
Oliver M. Lee, R.	70	88	59	31	27	36	13	29	43	33	23	8	49	109	14	43	8	683	44
W. B. Bunton, D.	52	64	18	48	8	13	15	39	30	21	27	34	66	136	10	32	26	639	
District Judge, 3d District																			
Edwin Mechem, R.	71	86	60	28	27	34	15	30	44	34	33	13	53	125	14	44	14	725	125
R. L. Young, D.	51	66	17	50	8	13	13	38	29	22	16	30	64	124	10	29	20	600	
County Commissioner, 1st Dist.																			
William H. Sevier, R.	79	89	64	41	27	35	15	28	40	32	17	14	46	100	11	43	8	709	27
John L. Bryan, Jr., D.	47	64	13	37	9	12	13	41	35	23	33	33	68	145	13	30	26	682	
County Commissioner, 2d Dist.																			
Earl L. Moulton, R.	71	78	60	28	26	34	11	27	41	32	24	8	60	107	11	53	8	689	48
A. S. McCamant, D.	51	64	17	50	9	13	18	42	33	23	26	32	63	140	13	21	26	641	
County Commissioner, 3d Dist.																			
Harold P. Clarke, R.	69	82	60	31	25	34	8	18	39	39	17	37	47	92	12	39	9	658	
Robert H. Taylor, D.	54	67	17	47	10	13	20	53	35	17	33	10	67	156	12	35	26	672	14
Probate Judge																			
Doroteo Lucero, R.	68	79	66	3	28	37	11	28	37	32	23	6	43	89	10	46	8	614	
George Kimbrell, D.	56	72	11	75	7	11	17	42	37	24	27	36	75	161	14	28	26	719	105
County Clerk																			
E. W. Hubert, R.	78	70	58	19	27	34	10	40	40	32	22	15	19	115	13	45	15	652	
George C. Clements, D.	49	85	19	59	8	13	19	30	33	23	28	27	102	139	11	29	19	693	41
County Sheriff																			
R. A. Duran, R.	92	75	71	50	27	36	14	38	49	33	28	13	48	118	10	54	7	763	206
John B. Baird, D.	35	51	6	28	9	11	15	30	26	23	22	31	71	138	14	20	27	557	
County Assessor																			
Alfredo Gonzales, R.	67	101	63	32	28	34	10	26	36	32	14	7	39	67	10	50	9	625	
Frank R. Miller, D.	56	35	14	46	7	13	19	42	38	21	36	35	80	189	14	24	26	695	70
County Treasurer																			
A. J. Rolland, R.	87	93	60	36	23	39	18	30	48	32	33	26	56	172	16	43	7	819	293
Wayne Van Schoyck, D.	36	61	19	42	13	8	10	42	26	22	17	17	63	84	8	31	27	526	
County Supt. of Schools																			
Mrs. Maude L. Blaney, R.	79	90	60	30	27	35	12	32	41	32	24	5	50	92	18	42	8	677	9
Miss L. B. Spellman, D.	50	64	16	48	8	12	16	38	33	24	26	34	69	162	10	32	26	668	
County Surveyor																			
A. H. Harvey, R.	72	89	61	32	27	34	16	31	42	32	23	12	49	134	15	44	8	721	108
B. R. Robinson, D.	48	65	16	46	8	13	12	38	31	24	27	32	70	119	9	29	26	613	

Path of the Stars and Stripes

Where the American Flag Has Been and When, Since Congress "Created" It One Hundred and Forty-One Years Ago

1777, June 14.—Created by the Continental congress, in these terms: "Resolved, That the flag of the United States be 13 stripes, alternate red and white; that the union be 13 stars, white in a blue field, representing a new constellation."

1777, July 4.—First thrown to the breeze on a vessel of war, the Ranger, by John Paul Jones at Portsmouth.

1777, Aug. 3.—First fired upon, on land at Fort Schuyler.

1777, Sept. 4.—First carried into action at sea by John Paul Jones.

1778, Feb. 14.—First official salute received by a foreign country, France.

1783.—First displayed in an English port by the schooner Bedford of Massachusetts.

1790.—First carried around the world by American ship Columbia.

1824.—First carried through the Straits of Magellan by the merchant ship Endeavor of Salem, Mass.

1829.—First raised in California by Capt. James P. Arthur, a seafarer from Plymouth, Mass.

1839.—First carried far beyond the Antarctic circle by the pilot boat Flying Fish of the Wilkes expedition.

1844.—First carried around the world by an American steamship.

1848.—First displayed upon the Sea of Galilee by the expedition of Lieutenant Lynch.

1863.—First displayed in Japan at the landing of Perry's party in the bay of Yeddo.

1864.—First raised and kept flying on a public school by the high school of New Bedford, Mass.

1867.—First raised in Alaska on the transfer of that territory from Russia to the United States.

1868.—Raised over the Midway islands, in the Pacific ocean, the first acquisition ever made by our government in this way.

1868.—Planted on the summit of Mount Baker, 10,613 feet above sea level, on the occasion of the first ascent of the peak by man.

1878.—Carried into the interior of Africa by the Henry M. Stanley expedition.

1879.—First raised on the summit of the Andes by a party of American engineers engaged in railway surveying.

1877.—Unfurled for the first time in the far interior of China.

1917.—Displayed on an European battlefield for the first time by the American expeditionary forces in France.

Superstitions and Beliefs.

If pigs be killed when the moon is in the wane superstitious people believe that the bacon when cooked will waste away.

To dream of a funeral is a sign of a wedding.

If your lips itch it is a sign some one will kiss you.

If you drop a dish cloth some one is coming hungry.

Not drinking the whole contents of a cup means disappointment.

Whirling an empty chair indicates that a whipping is in store for the transgressor.

OF INTEREST TO POULTRY GROWERS

Chickens will "pick up" a good part of their living from waste that otherwise would never become of any value. They will feed themselves to an extent from grass, weeds, insects and crumbs and small scraps that if not eaten by chickens would not become of food value to man. They will eat the eggs and larvae from which come various destructive insects, particularly orchard pests. In some orchards where chickens range the brown-tail moth has almost disappeared, while near-by orchards where chickens do not run are damaged by the pest.

Most of the attention required by farm flocks can be given by the women and children of the household. The question of labor is not a puzzling and uncertain problem in the poultry production program. If the farmer increases his flock to a size suitable to fit in as a by-product of his general farming he will find that it will not require extra help.

Because of these facts—that poultry as a by-product of general farming find much of their feed in waste and require no extra labor—the farmer will produce meat food at the very lowest cost. Home consumption of this will cut down his living expenses and enable him to sell more of the animal meat he produces. He will be making more money himself, and at the same time he will be helping Uncle Sam, win the biggest war the world has ever known.

Men of Alsace-Lorraine.

The French armies are full of natives of Alsace-Lorraine. At least 15,000 of them are technically deserters from the German army, because on the declaration of war they at once enrolled themselves in the ranks of their French fellow citizens. Hundreds of thousands have been imprisoned in order to obviate any such transference of service.

Mother's Cook Book

Be strong,
We are not here to play, to dream, to drift;
We have hard work to do, and loads to lift;
Shun not the struggle; face it. 'Tis God's gift.

Some Cream Soups.

A cream soup is sufficiently sustaining for a large part of the meal. All cream soups have for a foundation the binding and milk which gives them their food value. A cupful of vegetable pulp to a pint of milk bound with a tablespoonful each of flour and fat, the seasonings will vary to suit the taste. A larger proportion of flour and fat is used in some recipes; but that, too, is a matter of taste.

Cream of Celery Soup.

This is a soup rather too expensive for the average housewife. Take one-fourth of a cupful of butter and one-fourth of a cupful of flour (four tablespoonfuls), cook until well blended, then add two cupfuls of cold milk and cook until thick. Cook a large bunch of celery, cut fine, in boiling water until tender, then rub through a sieve, saving the liquid and pulp, using two cupfuls. Add the thickened milk, season with salt and white pepper, and if too thick add more milk.

For clam soup use the above recipe, adding in place of the celery two cupfuls of minced clams, with the liquor.

Cream of Tomato Soup.

Scald a quart of milk with a slice of onion, remove and thicken with four tablespoonfuls of flour diluted with cold milk until thin enough to pour. Cook twenty minutes, stirring constantly at first. Cook two cupfuls of tomatoes with two teaspoonfuls of sugar; add a fourth of a teaspoonful of soda and rub through a sieve after cooking 15 minutes; combine mixtures and strain into a tureen over a third of a cupful of butter, a teaspoonful of salt and pepper to taste.

Veal and Sage Soup.

Take 2½ pounds of veal finely chopped, cover with three quarts of water and simmer for two hours. Strain and reheat. Soak one-fourth of a pound of sage a half hour in water to cover, add to the stock and cook a half-hour, then add two cupfuls of scalded milk and pour the mixture slowly over four egg yolks slightly beaten. Season with salt and pepper. This is a soup especially delicious; as it is made of stock it is not a regular cream soup, but is very nourishing. Good to give an invalid who needs sustaining food.

Nellie Maxwell

chickens, but they prey upon the egg supply throughout the year.

The United States department of agriculture points out that anyone, by care and industry, may free his own premises of these rodents, but that he is helpless to prevent an early recurrence of the trouble unless he can secure the active co-operation of his neighbors. The department urges, therefore, that wherever possible the destruction of these pests be a community undertaking.

The same effort, it is pointed out, that is made by individuals working independently, if organized on a community basis would be many times more effective. The department has worked out and tested definite plans for the destruction of rats, in common with other rodents, and information concerning the matter can be had by writing the department.

Electric Furnace Reduces Losses in Brass Melting

The bureau of mines, says Science, announces the perfection of a type of electric melting furnace that will be revolutionary in the making of brass. Patents on this furnace, known as the rocking electric furnace, have been taken out by the bureau and have been assigned to Secretary Lane as trustee. Free licenses to operate these furnaces under the patent, it is understood, can be obtained by making application through Van H. Manning, director of the bureau of mines. The new furnace, which it is claimed will reduce the important losses in brass melting, is the result of five years' experimentation by H. W. Gillett, chemist of the bureau of mines, in co-operation with the laboratory of Cornell university, the American Institute of Metals and a number of manufacturers of brass.

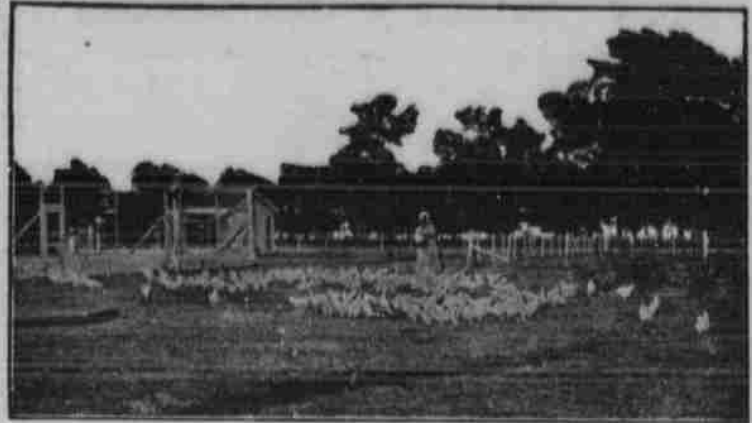
Served Longest.

The longest service as chief justice of the United States Supreme court was 34 years, by John Marshall of Virginia. Associate Justices Stephen J. Field of California and John M. Harlan of Kentucky served an equal length of time.

A Bird in the Hand

(Special Information Service, United States Department of Agriculture.)

PROMOTE INCREASED POULTRY PRODUCTION



All Unprofitable Fowls Should Be Culled From the Wage-Earning Flock.

FALL CARE FOR POULTRY FLOCK

To Secure Steady Stream of Eggs It Is Necessary to Feed Fowls Liberally.

CULL FLOCK DURING AUTUMN

While Feeding Stuffs Are Extremely High It Is Essential to Weed Out Unprofitable Fowls—Make House Comfortable.

A maximum production of poultry, eggs, ducks, geese and turkeys is the object of the United States department of agriculture's campaign to stimulate the output. This involves the preparation for market of a maximum amount of desirable, salable stock as well as the retention in the producing flocks of the best fowls which are particularly qualified as layers and breeders. Quantity or volume of market products is, of course, desired, but in no respect should quality be sacrificed in order to increase the business bulk of eggs, meat, breeders or exhibition fowl.

During the autumn the matter of culling the flock again is of first importance. Especially during times like the present, when all feeding stuffs are extremely high in price, it is essential that unprofitable fowls be culled from the wage-earning flock. The federal poultry specialists urge that all unprofitable birds not qualified as layers or breeders should be culled from the flock by October. Experienced poultrymen whose flocks return the maximum net profits maintain that close culling is the most profitable and timely occupation in which they can engage during the early fall.

Steady Stream of Eggs.

Every producer desires a steady stream of fall and winter eggs. Strict attention to the calendar and the poultry program, and the proper relation between the various seasons and the activities in the henhouse and yards help get many eggs. This means to perform each seasonal activity at exactly the right time. The hatch must be early; the chicks must be pushed to rapid development and maturity.

Early in the fall, in sections where climatic conditions require such action, all the early and mature pullets should be housed in comfortable, well-ventilated quarters previously made sanitary. Naturally in southern locations, where the autumn usually is fairly warm, early housing may not be necessary, but care should be exercised to have the birds under proper shelter when the weather begins to get cold. Sanitation should be practiced not alone in the housing of the poultry, but also in their feeding, watering and general management.

Cleanliness Essential.

Simplicity of ration and absolute cleanliness in the care and preparation of the daily menu are essential. All feedstuffs supplied to the flock should be sweet, sound and wholly free from taint, mold or mustiness. For laying fowls the United States department of agriculture advises the use of a mixture of finely ground oats in conjunction with fine bone meal, this combination being a valuable supplement to any commercial mash which is now on the market.

Yearling hens should be retained in the flock to serve as breeding stock for the following season. Early, well-matured pullets are satisfactory if they are not forced too much for egg production during the winter.

Attention to detail and care in constantly watching the little things

which appear trivial are important. A sickly chick or adult allowed to run with the flock, a dead chick or fowl not buried or burned promptly, sour feed in the houses or yards, lice and mites as well as drafts and dampness should be guarded against and combated as insidious enemies.

FEEDING TABLE SCRAPS

Table scraps and kitchen waste are best prepared for feeding by running them through an ordinary meat grinder. After the material has been put through the grinder it is usually a rather moist mass, and it is well to mix with it some corn meal, bran, or other ground grain until the whole mass assumes a crumbly condition. The usual method is to feed the table scraps at noon or at night, or at both times, as may be desired, in a trough or on a board. All should be fed that the hens will eat up clear, and if any of the material is left after one-half or three-quarters of an hour it should be removed. If allowed to lie it may spoil and would be very bad for the hens.

Indicative of Winter Layers.

Make use of the scales in selecting winter layers if a record has not been kept of the pullets that were hatched early. Well-developed, early hatched pullets make the best layers. Observations on the growth of chickens at the government poultry farm at Beltsville, Md., showed that the average pullet upon reaching maturity weighed as follows:

Breed and variety.	Average weight at maturity	Age at which weight was made
White Plymouth		
Rock	6.77 pounds	23 weeks
White Wyandotte	5.17 pounds	22 weeks
Rhode Island Red	4.46 pounds	22 weeks
White Leghorn	5.14 pounds	23 weeks

Pullets of these breeds, and those of corresponding types and weight that reach the weights given in the table or are very near them early in September, will begin laying by October if conditions are favorable. Applying the weight table for the purpose of selecting winter layers, it appears that, for example, a Plymouth Rock pullet that is five months' old in the early part of September should weigh not less than four pounds. A Wyandotte or Rhode Island Red should not weigh less than three pounds, a Leghorn not less than two pounds.

Many poultrykeepers who do not mark their chicks when hatched and let broods of different ages run together in the growing season cannot tell the age of a pullet with certainty in the fall, and take it for granted that the small birds are the later hatched. This error leads to the holding of many pullets which, if their true age were known, would be discarded for winter layers.

Poultry House Whitewash.

Whitewash is the cheapest of all paints, and may be used either for exterior or interior surfaces. It can be made by slaking about 10 pounds of quicklime in a pail with 2 gallons of water, covering the pail with cloth or burlap, and allowing it to slake for one hour. Water is then added to bring the whitewash to a consistency which may be applied readily. A weather-proof whitewash for exterior surfaces may be made as follows: (1) Slake 1 bushel of quicklime in 12 gallons of hot water, (2) dissolve 2 pounds of common salt and 1 pound of sulphate of zinc in 2 gallons of boiling water; pour (2) into (1), then add 2 gallons of skim milk and mix thoroughly. Whitewash is spread lightly over the surface with a broad brush.

WASHINGTON SIDELIGHTS

Inside Information as to End of the World

WASHINGTON.—Knowledge has no fixed notch. It is on a movable scale that climbs up and reaches around and dives down, like that crane thing that scooped out the Panama canal. We want more knowledge, as a ship wants a swifter record, the airplane a greater altitude, as man, generally, demands a higher development than his forebears ever dreamed of. We will always want to know more and more and more. Self-satisfied attainment means rust, and rust means failure. And we know no such word as fall. But it isn't a good idea to know more than our share.

For one case, a woman in a car was providing thrills for the woman next. She had learned through some inscrutable source unknown to man—certainly not to any newspaper man—that the world was coming to an end two weeks from that date. The other woman had her doubts.

The prophet-lady was so sure of her Bible signs that she was going to cash her bond and take her money out of the bank and put it inside her dress for safekeeping.

The other woman, naturally, inquired as to the sense of taking money into the next world, especially as it was earning interest in the bank. This phase of the situation had its weight.

"That's so. There'll be \$6.25 coming to me in January—almost enough to pay the taxes on my lot. I guess I'll let the money be and just cash the bond. No, I won't, either. I read in the paper the other day that they are going to be worth a whole lot more after the war. It's awful hard to huffer die without knowing how the war ends and see the boys come home, but we gotta go—all of us. There'll come a rain of fire and after our bodies are burnt to ashes some of us will be saved and the others will be weepin' and waitin' and gnashin' of teeth."

"You've got it down pretty fine, haven't you? But, say, Mame, if we get burnt to ashes what will we do for lungs to weep and wait with, and teeth to do our gnashin'?"



Boy's Sense of Chivalry Wouldn't Let Him "Squeal"

HERE is the story of a war worker. When you see that term "war worker" you usually mean "girl," but not this time. The phrase means just one Washington boy, a young fellow who got himself a job for the summer in one of the newly established wartime bureaus. He is a bright, ambitious boy, and thought that he might as well be helping Uncle Sam and earning a little money at the same time as "playin'" all summer long like the thoughtless butterfly you study about in school.

The way the story comes to me, he had not been on the job long until one day a packet of letters was missing. The letters had been intended for a filing case, and now they were gone. A man was working on the files while the boy happened to be in the room.

After search had been made for the letters, with no results, the boy was called in by the chief and asked if he had seen the letters. He replied that he had not, as he had not. The next day the boy was dismissed.

"If you did not take the letters, son—and I know you didn't," his father said to him, "why didn't you tell the chief about the man being in the room?"

"Well, it was like this, dad," the boy replied. "I only wanted to work for the summer, and that man has a steady job. It doesn't mean very much for me to lose the job, but I guess it would mean a whole lot for him to have lost his. So—"

And the father is proud of his son, and you can't blame him, although you may think that the boy made a big mistake in so calmly allowing himself to be "fired" without protest.

Wounded Soldiers Want Help, Not Sympathy

DO NOT lavish too much sympathy upon the convalescent soldier back from France, warns Major Baldwin, chief of the educational service, in a statement explaining the reconstruction work done at Walter Reed hospital.

"A great many persons have unconsciously tried to spoil these men by misdirected sympathy," said Major Baldwin. "That is why there are certain restrictions in regard to visitors at the hospital."

"The patient is not a child, neither is he a sick man, but a new type of man that has met with a physical disability, with the accompanying mental shocks. He must be returned to society as a normal member."

"The important problem is to help him to develop the proper mental attitude toward his disability, his future outlook and toward others, or he permanently becomes a dependent or a derelict."

The reconstruction work at Walter Reed hospital, which has assumed such national importance, and which is becoming a demonstration and training school for other hospitals, began in a small way, with a few instructors and a limited number of returned soldiers.

There are at present under construction four large shop buildings—one for lathes and heavy machine work, another for electrical work, including telegraphy and radio; another for woodwork, including cabinet making and carpentry, and the other for printing, photography and classes in drafting.



Successful War Waged on Flies and Mosquitoes

THE campaign waged here since early in the spring on disease-bearing flies and mosquitoes by a force of 150 soldiers under Lieut. E. H. Gibson, formerly of the department of agriculture, has been most effective in ridding the camp of insect pests which formerly claimed this section of the country as a favorite stamping ground.

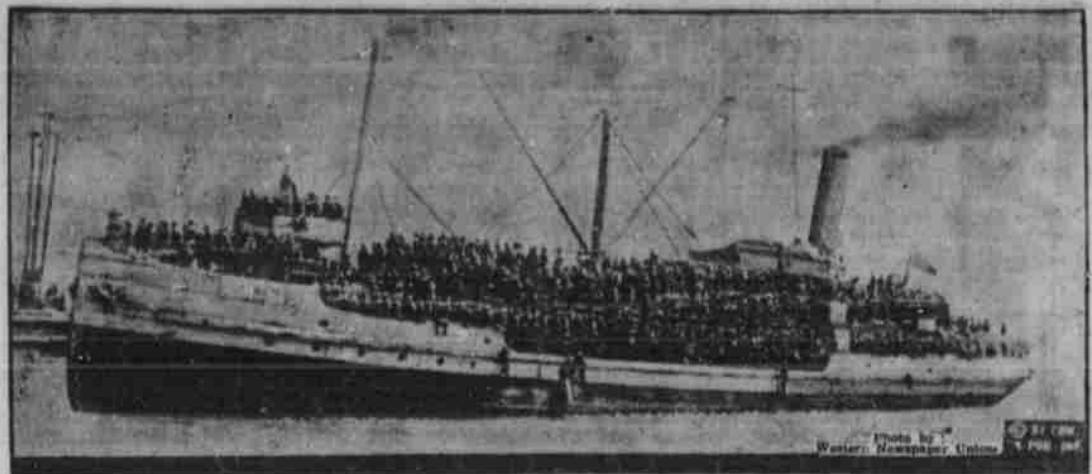
Figures given out by Maj. I. W. Brewer, camp surgeon, show that from a record catch of 128,000 flies in traps which were set in various barracks, mess halls and other buildings July 2, the number caught gradually decreased to one-fourth that figure on August 30, the season of the year when they are most prevalent.

There are approximately 10,700 flies to the quart. The figures show that 12 quarts were caught on July 2; five quarts August 12, and three and one-half quarts August 30.

Nearly every one of the 100 or more commissioned officers who were sent back from the front to give engineer troops in the United States the benefit of their special training and experience in battle have been assigned to regiments at Humphreys by Brig. Gen. Charles W. Kutz, camp commandant.



YANKEE FIGHTERS NEARING COAST OF FRANCE



A host of khaki-clad soldiers of the United States lining the rails of an American lighter as they get their first view of France where they are about to disembark.

POISON GAS SHIP IN RACE WITH U-BOAT

Destroyers Appear as Shell Falls but Ten Feet Off Stern.

HAS HUGE CARGO OF DEATH

Freighter Develops Engine Trouble and Falls Behind Convoy—Submarine Bobs Up and Begins Hurling Shells.

By FRAZIER HUNT
(In the Chicago Tribune.)

An American Naval Base in France.—A led from the U. S. S. Destroyer 552 had just finished narrating how close they had come to getting a submarine on the last trip when they had brought in a big convoy of troopships.

"Some boat she is," he remarked offhand. "We did seven thousand knots last month and in three sub fights. Say, what was those funny steel drums you had piled on the deck of your old cargo ship when you come in yesterday?"

A lad from the Atlantic freight ferry boat turned to the destroyer go.

"Those steel drums you asked about didn't have nothing at all in them except about a million gallons of the most dangerous poison gas ever made. Can you imagine what would happen if a torpedo or even a shell had hit one of those tanks?"

This ship, which we shall call the Terrance, left New York as part of a convoy of 15 stores ships.

Cargo of Death.

On this trip it was carrying several thousand steel drums of poison gas that the army needed badly. It was a dangerous cargo. Any explosion on board would tear open these drums of concentrated gas and in ten seconds choke the crew to death. The only hope would be to use respirators, so a hundred gas masks were borrowed from the army and the executive officer of the ship called all hands for instructions three times a day.

The first ten days of the trip were uneventful. Then the Terrance's engines began acting badly. It could not make the required ten knots and slowly it fell behind. There were not sufficient conveying destroyers to have one remain behind, so all that stood between the Terrance's drums of death and a German submarine was the fore and aft guns.

Finally, at six o'clock one evening, the gas mask drill just had ended when the lookout in the crow's nest shouted down that a submarine was

coming to the surface on the port side, some 9,000 yards astern. And here was the Terrance with crippled engines hobbling along six or seven knots an hour, with the convoy 20 miles ahead.

"Open fire with the stern gun. Call general quarters. Send S. O. S. to the convoy. Send word to the chief engineer," were four orders the skipper on the bridge gave first.

Through his binoculars he could see the submarine coming to the surface. Even now the Terrance's stern gun was peppering away shots, but falling short of the mark by 1,500 yards.

In half a minute more the submarine's conning tower opened and men crawled out and uncovered the submarine's two guns. In another minute the first shell came whining toward the Terrance. It, too, fell away short.

Call for Help.

In the radio room the operator was pounding out the call for help, and now came the answer that the destroyers were coming to aid. Down below the whole engine force was working madly. Suddenly a miracle happened and the starboard engines began supplying power to the propeller. From a bare seven knots the ship jumped to ten—then eleven, twelve.

Meantime on the bridge the officers with gas masks strapped at alert position were getting the thrill of their whole life as the old boat picked up

NEW ZEALANDERS EAT PRISONERS, HUNS TOLD

London.—New Zealand troops always eat their prisoners. Such is the latest output of the German behind-the-lines propaganda which recently armed the Americans with tomahawks and shotguns.

"First the New Zealanders give you cigarettes, then you figure in their menu," officers had informed a bunch of Huns recently captured. They refused the cigarettes.

speed. Sub shells now were falling within 300 yards of the ship.

With the Terrance's new speed the sub gained slowly, but the skipper and officers knew its guns would outrange their own and soon find a mark. It was a great race with life or death for the goal.

Then from the edge of the world came the smoke of destroyers shooting ahead like flaming arrows. Thirty knots and more they were making. In another minute they could trace their outline. But the sub was nearing, too. One shell broke less than thirty yards away.

Seconds seemed like hours, but each brought the rescuing destroyers nearer. They were heading straight for the sub, and no sub cares for that. There was one more shot, then the gunners ran to the conning tower and climbed inside. Two minutes later she submerged. Their last shot hit within ten feet of the Terrance's stern.

DYE INDUSTRY GROWING

Washington.—The remarkable success of the American chemists and chemical manufacturers in developing the dyestuffs industry, when the supplies of dyes from Germany were cut off, is strikingly shown in a report just issued by the United States tariff commission entitled, "Census of Dyes and Coal-Tar Chemicals, 1917."

At the outbreak of the European war, Germany dominated the world's trade in dyes and drugs derived from coal-tar. Before the war, seven American firms manufactured dyes from imported German materials. In 1917, 190 American concerns were engaged in the manufacture of dyes, drugs and other chemicals derived from coal-tar, and of this number, 81 firms produced coal-tar dyes from American materials which were approximately equivalent in total weight to the annual imports before the war. The total output of the 190 firms, exclusive of those engaged in the manufacture of explosives and synthetic resins, was over

54,000,000 pounds with a value of about \$80,000,000.

Large amounts of the staple dyes for which there is a great demand are now being manufactured in the United States. A few of the important dyes, such as the vat dyes derived from alizarin, anthracene, and carbazol, are still not made. The needs of the wool industry are being more satisfactorily met than the needs of the cotton industry.

The report gives in detail the names of the manufacturers of each dye or other product and the quantity and value of each produced, except in cases where the number of producers is so small that the operations of individual firms would be disclosed. Seventeen hundred and thirty-three chemists or engineers were engaged in research and chemical control of this new industry, or 8.8 per cent of the total of 19,643 employees. The report also contains an interesting account of the history and development of the industry since the outbreak of the European war.

TEUTON SHELLS ARE BAD

From 50 to 70 Per Cent Fail to Explode.

During Marne Retreat the Germans Used Old Stuff to Keep Up Morale.

With the American Army in France.—American artillery officers estimated recently that at certain stages of the German retreat north of the Marne from 50 to 70 per cent of the shells fired by the enemy failed to explode.

One night, after the Germans crossed the Vesle the enemy fired 72 shells of large caliber into a wooded tract where American troops were supposed to be quartered and artillery experts of one of the divisions engaged reported that only four of these shells had exploded.

None of the American officers suggested that the German shells were de-

teriorating. There had been day after day of rain during the retreat, and it was believed possible that in the withdrawal the Germans had not been able to take the usual precautions against dampness, the result being that many projectiles from some of the big guns failed to do anything more than strike the earth with a thud.

One officer suggested that possibly the Germans had been firing old shells rather than no shells at all, the officers realizing that only a few of them were exploding, but preferring to keep the big guns pounding away merely in an effort to keep up the morale of the men putting up the rear-guard fight.

The average number of faulty shells is generally from 2 to 6 per cent.

An Arizona scientist hopes to fix the time of the cliff dwellers by comparing the age rings of tree trunks still standing in their homes with the rings on the oldest trees now living.

ALABAMA BUCK KEEPS WORD

Former Negro Preacher Evolves Perfect Answer to Theology of Huns.

Paris.—"Rev." Arthur Jefferson is his name. Before the war he used to "preach 'roun" in northern Alabama. Now he's the buckest buck private in a negro regiment that has already earned fame in the line. He evolved the perfect answer to Prussian theology 15 minutes after he got into that line. The Germans opposite—it was a quiet sector—had hung out a big sign bearing the Potsdam profanation, "Gott mit uns."

Arthur Jefferson took one long look at it. Then he disappeared into a dugout. He appeared later with the legend, laboriously inscribed on a box: "Germans: Consign your souls to the Lord. In 'bout four minutes your bodies going to belong to Alabama."

And they did.

Coal stands for 85 per cent of all minerals dug.

Carrizozo News

Published Friday at Carrizozo,
Lincoln County, New Mexico.

Entered as Second Class Matter at the Postoffice
at Carrizozo, New Mexico, June 2, 1918.

Subscription Rates, \$2.00 Per Year;
Six Months, \$1.00

JNO. A. HALEY - Editor and Publisher

Next Sunday Is United War Work Day

Sunday, November 10, will be United War Work Sunday, according to the plans of the church section of the United War Work campaign of the Southern department, which comprises the states of Texas, Oklahoma, Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico and Arizona.

Sermons detailing the religious, educational, entertaining and other features of the activities of the Y. M. C. A. and other agencies serving the soldiers and sailors in this country and abroad will be preached in all churches. Catholics, Protestants and Jews will join in this observance of the day. In some cases where orthodox Jews hold their services on Saturday, the observance of the day will be advanced.

Sunday schools, Christian Endeavor societies, Epworth Leagues, societies of the Baptist Young Peoples Union and similar organizations connected with the church will use the whole or part of the time of their service to a consideration of the needs of the soldiers and sailors and the means provided by the welfare forces to supply the needs. In many cases a special patriotic service in which the service flag representing the boys who have gone to the front from the church will play a prominent part.

While the epidemic of influenza has caused the closing of most of the churches for a time, it is expected that by United War Work Sunday all of them will have been reopened. This will be added reason for rejoicing and will increase the gifts toward the United War Work campaign, according to the campaign leaders.

The seven organizations to benefit from the results of the United War Work campaign are the Y. M. C. A., the Y. W. C. A., the National Catholic War Council (which includes the Knights of Columbus), the Jewish Welfare Board, the War Camp Community Service, the American Library Association and the Salvation Army. "Seven in name but one in aim" is one of the slogans used in the campaign.

Many Positions Now Open in Navy

The following positions are open in the navy, but only for men who are registered and classified. Applicants are requested to apply at the Mobilization Station, corner of Broadway and Grand Avenue, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, or at the Mobilization Sub-stations at 204 1/2 South El Paso street, El Paso, Texas, or Dallas or Houston, Texas, where they will be given the physical and professional examination and requests for their induction forwarded through official channels to Washington, D. C. All inductions will be made through local boards, in the rating of apprentice seaman.

The following positions are now open:
Pay Officer Material School.
Naval Auxiliary Reserve, deck officers.
Naval Auxiliary Reserve, engineer officers.
District Officer, Material School.
Machinist mates, submarine.

Machinist mates, aviation.
Quartermasters, aviation.
Coppersmiths, aviation.
Carpenters mates, aviation.
Blacksmith, aviation.
Shipfitter, aviation.
Machinist mate, optical.
Instrument repair men.
Camera repair men.
Coppersmith, general.
Machinist mates, general.
Blacksmith, general.
Carpenters mates, general.
Boilermakers.
Hospital apprentices.

All other men wishing to join the navy must apply through their local boards, who will be required to furnish drafts for the navy in the near future. Any registrant who is in a deferred classification may be inducted in any branch of the navy by applying at any of the above stations, for individual induction. Registrants of Class I previous to September 12, 1918, cannot be inducted in the navy.

Any navy ex-service man with honorable discharge may be inducted in the navy. Applicants are requested to write for further information or appear in person (at their own expense) at one of the above stations for examination.

Y. W. C. A. Worker

Miss Louise Fitch, representing the Y. W. C. A., was here Monday, and gave a most interesting talk at the Red Cross rooms. Miss Fitch just recently returned from France and her recital relating to conditions there was given the closest attention.

The work of relief by the war societies must go on indefinitely, she informed her auditors, even should the fighting cease at once.

Baptist Church

Services Sunday morning at 11 and evening at 7:30.
Sunday school at 10.
Everybody cordially invited.
H. G. Gwin, Pastor.

We pay the highest market prices for hides, pelts, etc. The Carrizozo Trading Co.

All repair work guaranteed at Western Garage.

Methodist Church

R. W. H. H. Lewelling, Pastor.

The influenza epidemic being past, and the quarantine being lifted, we will resume the regular services next Sunday. We have responded to every call made upon us during this epidemic. We hope to see you at church Sunday. The Master's work demands the best that we can do.

Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Sunday School 9:45 a. m.
Epworth League 6:45 p. m.

Cars washed at Western Garage.

N. B. TAYLOR & SONS

Blacksmith & Auto Shop Heavy Forging a Specialty

Oils, Gasoline, Vulcanizing

Opposite Barnett's Feed Store

WE ARE THE EXCLUSIVE
DISPENSERS OF

Nayal's Compounds

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COMPOUNDED

Kodaks, Kodak Supplies and Stationery
Ice Cream and all Kinds of Iced Drinks

Rolland Bros.

The Titsworth Company

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Kansas Blackleg Serum
Blackleaf "40"
Studebaker Wagons
Hog Fence Steel Roofing
Dynamite, Etc.

The Titsworth Company
CAPITAN, NEW MEXICO

— M-O-N-U-M-E-N-T-S —

We carry the largest stock in the Southwest. Freight prepaid every job guaranteed. Write for designs and estimates.
Bowers Monument Company
215 East Central Albuquerque, N. M.

Special Facilities
For Banquet and Dinner Parties.

Carrizozo Eating House

F. W. GURNEY, Manager.

Table Supplied with the Best
the market affords.

Building Material

The War Industries Board on September 26th decided that it is not necessary to secure a permit from any government official to make farm improvements not to exceed \$1,000. This ruling, therefore, will allow farmers and ranchmen to make such improvements as are essential, unimpeded. Having a large stock of building materials of all kinds, we can give you good service.

Foxworth-Galbraith Lumber Co.
CARRIZOZO, N. M.

BUY YOUR FORD NOW

Cars are hard to obtain at present, so come in and figure with us while we have them on hand. Bring your repair work to us. We are better equipped than ever to do your work. No delays, prompt service.

All Work Absolutely Guaranteed

and prices are standard
authorized by the Ford Co.

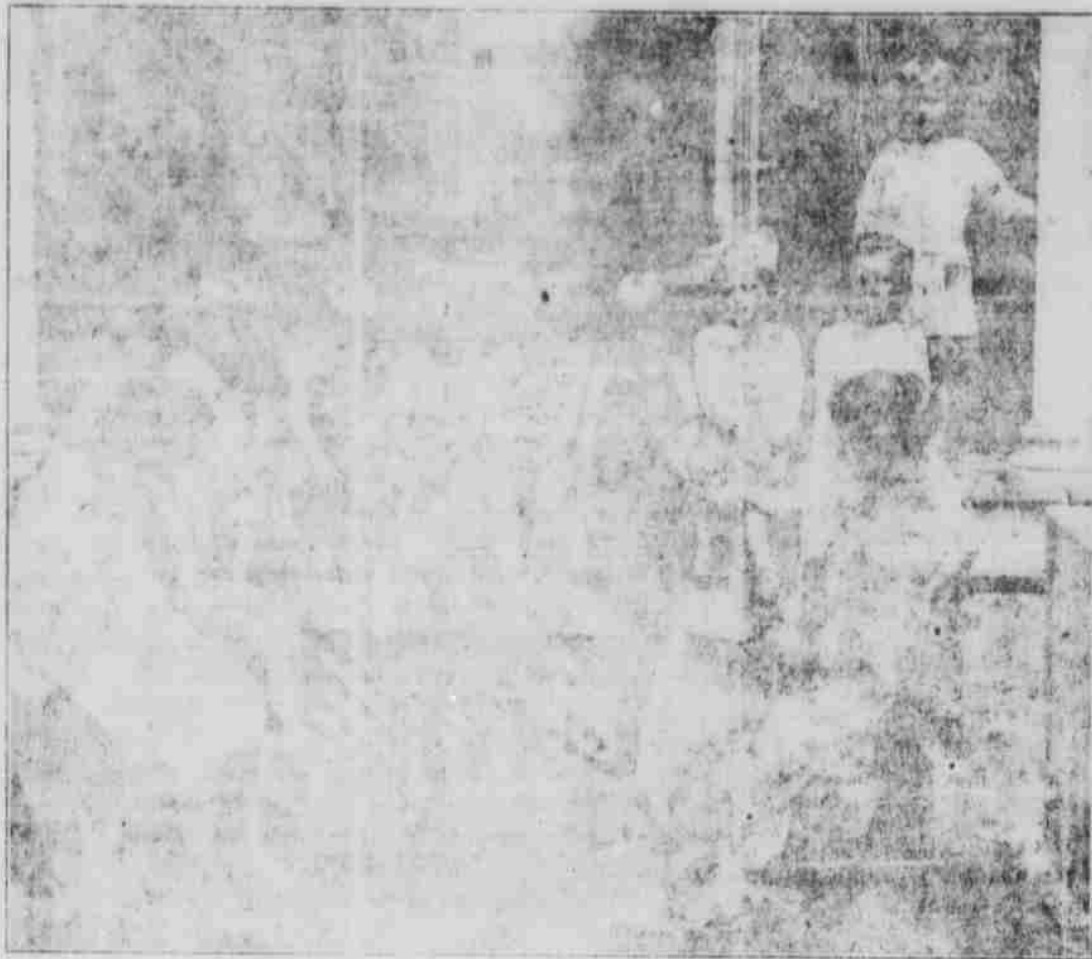
We carry at all times a complete line of Ford parts and accessories

Mail Orders Promptly Filled

Western Garage

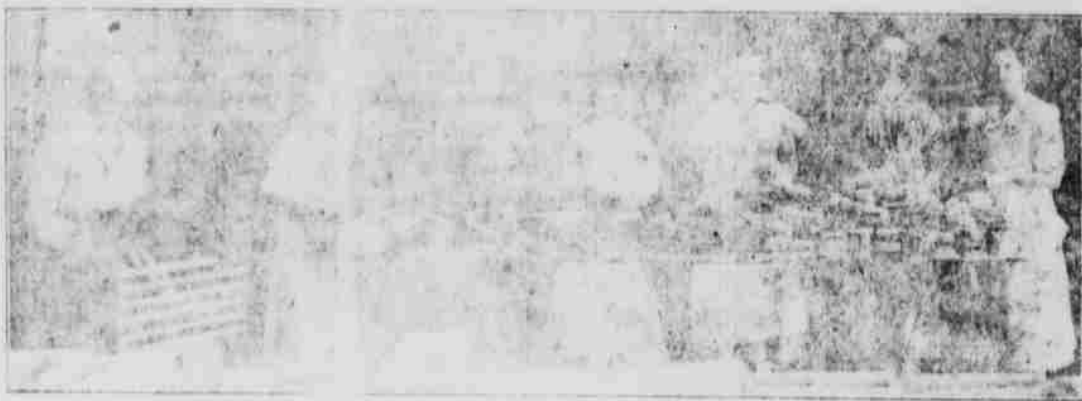
Our Terms Cash

While Their Mothers Farm the Y. W. C. A. Cares For Children



For many years women in New York and other busy farms, but the problem of what to do with the children has become a serious one. The Y. W. C. A. is now helping to solve this problem. The Secretary aids in caring for the children, and the women can go to work with ease.

Oklahoma Girls Help Feed Uncle Sam's Boys



The Girl Club at the Young Women's Union in Lawton, Oklahoma, prepare for the boys of the United States Army. The girls are preparing food for the boys who are in the hospital at Lawton, Oklahoma. The girls are very busy and are helping to feed the boys who are in the hospital.

An Armistice Pending

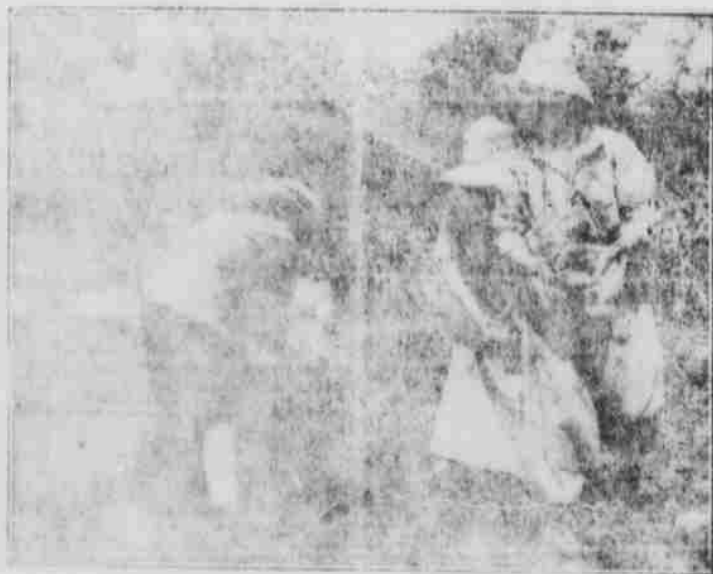
It has been seriously reported that an armistice had been signed by the Allies and Huns. As a matter of fact, the Allies have notified the Supreme Allied War Council that they desired to discuss an armistice. They were given safe conduct to meet General Foch, the Allied representative, and armistice terms were discussed.

An armistice had been signed, the reports are not definite, but the probability is that the Allies have so far that the armistice is pending. The Allies have notified the Supreme Allied War Council that they desired to discuss an armistice. They were given safe conduct to meet General Foch, the Allied representative, and armistice terms were discussed.

In the meantime, the Allies are preparing for the worst. The Allies have notified the Supreme Allied War Council that they desired to discuss an armistice. They were given safe conduct to meet General Foch, the Allied representative, and armistice terms were discussed.

Nonetheless, the Allies are preparing for the worst. The Allies have notified the Supreme Allied War Council that they desired to discuss an armistice. They were given safe conduct to meet General Foch, the Allied representative, and armistice terms were discussed.

Gathering New Jersey's Big Potato Crop



The children of the New Jersey Potato Growers' Association are gathering the big potato crop. The children are very busy and are helping to gather the potatoes which are being grown in New Jersey.

Chairman A. L. A.

Miss Ethel Conway, daughter of Professor and Mrs. T. W. Conway, has been appointed county chairman of the American League Association. The appointment has been made by the state chairman from Baton.

Miss Conway is a very active and energetic person. She has been very successful in her work as a county chairman. She has been very successful in her work as a county chairman.

her former home. This society is one of the seven for which the United War Work campaign begins Monday. Peace of no peace, the necessity is pressing, and every one is called upon to put this worthy cause "over the top."

We sell wagons at cost. The Carrizo Trading Co.

Norwalk Inner Tubes and Republic Castings. Both guaranteed. Western Garage.

FAIR FOOD PRICES

Merchants' Weekly Report to U. S. Food Administration
Of Purchase and Selling Prices of Commodities for
Week ending November 9, 1918

COMMODITY	Low Price	High Price	Low Price	High Price
Wheat Flour, per cwt.	\$5.60	\$5.70	\$6.20	\$6.30
Wheat Flour, 24 lbs.		1.45		1.60
Bread, 16 oz.		.10		.10
Bread, 24 oz.		.15		.15
Cornmeal (bulk) per cwt.	6.00	6.10	6.60	7.00
Oatmeal or Rolled Oats (pkg.) 20 oz., per lb.	.12	.13		.15
Rice, unbroken, standard quality, per lb.	.10			.15
Hominy or Hominy Grits, 1 1/2 lb. pkg.	.13	.14	.16	.17
Sugar, granulated (bulk) per lb.	.08	.10	.10	.12
Beans, white, navy or pea (not lima), per lb.	.16	.16		.20
Beans, colored, pinto or any other colored, per lb.	.08	.09		.12
Potatoes, white or Irish, per lb.	.03	.03	.04	.04
Onions, per lb.	.03	.04		.06
Raisins, seeded, 12 oz. pkg.	.11	.11		.15
Prunes, medium size, per lb.	.12	.14	.16	.20
Canned Tomatoes, standard grade, 20 oz. can.	.14	.12		.20
Canned Corn, standard grade, 20 oz. can.	.14	.17		.20
Canned Peas, standard grade, 20 oz. can.	.16	.17		.20
Canned Salmon, Red, 16 oz. can.	.18	.19		.25
Canned Salmon, Pink, 8 oz. can.	.18	.20		.25
Evaporated Milk, 6 oz. can.	.05	.06	doz.	.90
Evaporated Milk, 16 oz. can.	.13	.14		.15
Butter, creamery, per lb.	.57			.65
Oleomargarine, per lb.	.34	.40		.45
Eggs (fresh, stored), doz.	.50	.55		.60
Cheese, American, per lb.	.39			.45
Lard, pure leaf, No. 10 pails.	2.65	2.70		3.10
Lard, compound, No. 10 pails.	2.30	2.40		2.65
Bacon, breakfast, sliced, Lard, per lb.	.42	.46	.50	.55
Pork Chops, per lb.	.33	.36	.35	.43
Ham, smoked, sliced, per lb.	.34	.36		.50
Plate Ribs, per lb.				.20
Shoulder Steak, per lb.				.27
Round Steak, per lb.				.35
Fish, fresh, all kinds, per lb.	.16	.18	.25	.30

You Are Requested to Save These

Peach Pits Apricot Pits Cherry Pits
Plum Pits Prune Pits Olive Pits
Date Seeds Brazil Nut Shells Walnut Shells (English)
Hickory Nut Shells Butternut Shells Walnut Shells (Native)

The German scientists have developed a new gas which destroys the sight, and our own scientists have devised a means for the protection of our fighting men by utilizing the carbon made from these nut shells and fruit pits. DON'T WASTE THEM! Wash and dry them and deliver them to the nearest Red Cross organization, which will forward them to the proper destination.
R. T. CRIBB, Secretary

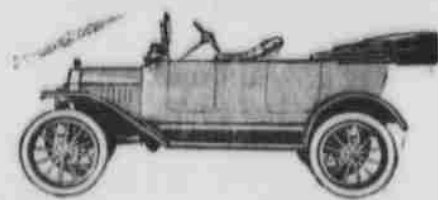
A 'Classi' is not a Cascaret, but it works while you are asleep, all'e same like one

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

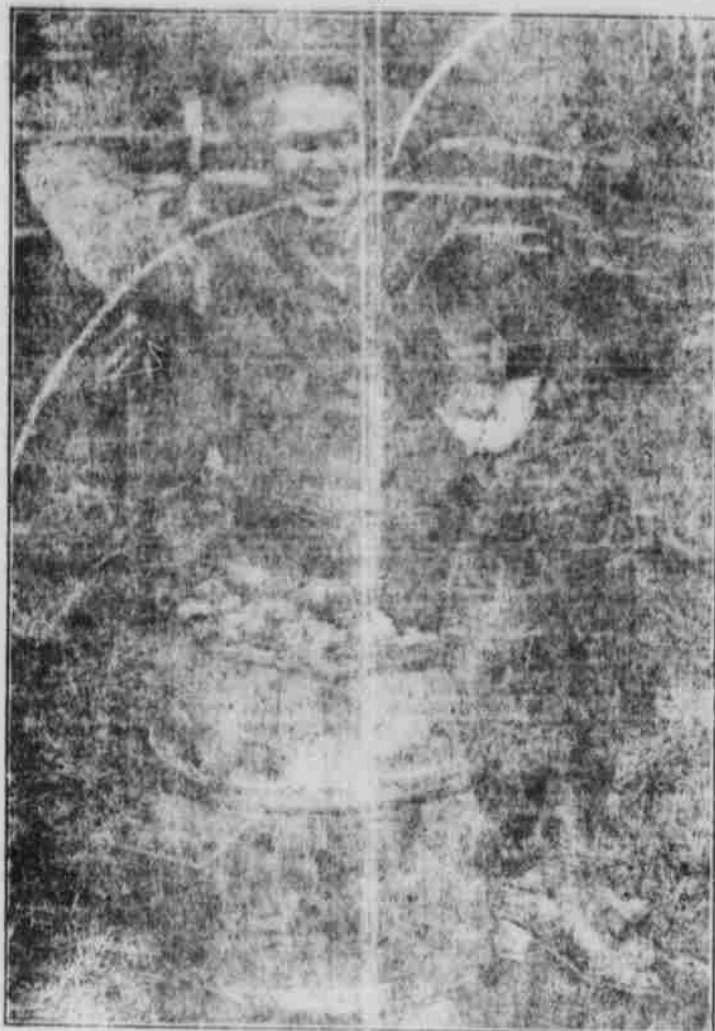
It is important when your Ford car requires tuning up or repairing that you place it in charge of an authorized Ford dealer. Then you are sure of having repairs and replacements made with genuine Ford-made materials by men who know all about Ford cars. Bring your Ford car to us. Satisfaction is sure and you will receive prompt attention and right prices.

OUR MOTTO:
PROMPT and EFFICIENT SERVICE TERMS CASH

HEADQUARTERS FOR
Carrizo-Roswell White Line Stage Line Co.
WESTERN GARAGE



New Jersey's Woman Champion Cools Off



Polish women in Wilson's state are doing farm work in place of men, whose families, children, are cared for by the Young Women's Christian Association. This is the champion woman potato gatherer of the entire state.

U. S. Food Notes

Albuquerque, November 4th.—Wheat may after November 4th be sold for feeding purposes, the Federal Food Administration for New Mexico announces, from economic conditions prevailing in various communities warrant the relaxation in rules heretofore in force.

Wheat millers may now grind, crack, or sell wheat or wheat flour for feeding purposes or use wheat or wheat flour in manufacturing or mixing feed without written permission. Licensed dealers may sell wheat for feeding purposes.

Any advance in cost in excess of seven or eight cents for per dozen of eggs will be considered evidence of violation of the rule restricting profits to a reasonable figure, announces the Federal Food Administration for New Mexico.

The seven cents margin represents the maximum for stores on the cash and carry or no service plan and eight cents the maximum for stores extending credit and delivery service. This applies both to fresh and cold storage eggs.

The practice of using cars for warehouses and vending purposes of perishables will not be popular after the middle of November, the Food Administration announces. The U. S. Railroad Administration plans to increase the truck

El Paso Woman Is War Worker



Mrs. Henry T. Booth is a member of the War Work Council of the Young Women's Christian Association which directs its work among women affected by or engaged in war industries in America and Europe.

storage charge for perishables held in cars beyond the free period of forty-eight hours to \$10.00 per day. The transportation situation is such that using cars for storage purposes needs to be strongly condemned.

R. L. Ransom Plasterer & Contractor

Estimates furnished on all kinds of plastering and contracting work.
CARRIZO NEW MEXICO

FEED YARD

HAY AND GRAIN IN CAR LOTS

All Competition Met in Prices on These Commodities

Roomy Yard - Stalls - Water

Coal and Wood

Wm. Barnett EL PASO AVENUE

Phone 86

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

GEORGE SPENCE
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Rooms 5 and 6, Exchange Bank Bldg.
CARRIZO, NEW MEXICO

C. A. PERKINS
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Carrizozo, New Mexico

GEORGE B. BARBER
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW
Carrizozo, New Mexico

SETH F. CREWS
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Will practice in Federal and State Courts
OSCURO, NEW MEXICO

FRANK J. SAGER
FIRE INSURANCE
Notary Public
Office in Exchange Bank Bldg., Carrizozo.

R. E. BLANEY
DENTIST
Office in Exchange Bank Bldg., Upstairs
Carrizozo, New Mexico

T. E. KELLEY
Funeral Director and Licensed Embalmer
Phone 96
CARRIZO, NEW MEXICO

Carrizozo Lodge,

No. 41,

A. F. & A. M.

Regular Communications of Carrizozo Lodge No. 41, A. F. & A. M., on 1918:
January 20, February 22, March 22, April 20, May 20, June 22, July 20, August 17, September 14, October 10, November 8, December 27.
R. E. BLANEY, W. M.,
S. E. MILLER, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.
Carrizozo Lodge
NO. 30

Carrizozo, N. M. Regular meeting nights, 1st and 3rd Fridays in each month.
R. T. CRIBB, N. G.
M. H. MONTGOMERY, Sec'y.

NEW MEXICO PASSENGER LINE

"The White Line"

ROSWELL-CARRIZO STAGE CO.
106 S. Main, Roswell, N. M.
Phone 354

Carrizozo Office: Western Garage
Phone 89

RUN DAILY AND SUNDAY

EAST BOUND	WEST BOUND
3:15 Roswell	7:30
12:30 Pecos	10:00
11:45 Tinnie	10:25
11:15 Honda	10:50
10:40 Lincoln	11:20
10:15 Ft. Stanton	11:50
9:45 Capitan	12:20
8:45 Noguera	1:20
8:00 Carrizozo	2:00

Notice for Publication

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
United States Land Office at Roswell, N. M.
Oct. 25, 1918

Notice is hereby given that David D. Randles, of Carrizozo, N. M., who, on May 8, 1916, under H. L. No. 10075, for W. 1/4 Section 25, Township 25 N., Range 2 E., N. 1/4 P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make a final claim to establish claim to the land above described, before Adeline M. McNamee, State, U. S. Commissioner, subject to the Carrizozo, N. M., on Dec. 5, 1918.

Witness my hand and seal at Carrizozo, N. M., on Nov. 1, 1918.

EMMETT PATTON, Register.

Notice for Publication

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
United States Land Office at Roswell, N. M.
Oct. 25, 1918

Notice is hereby given that Fred Johnson, of Carrizozo, N. M., who, on December 11, 1916, under H. L. No. 10071, for E. 1/4 Sec. 25, Township 25 N., Range 2 E., N. 1/4 P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make a final claim to establish claim to the land above described, before O. T. Nye, Probate Clerk, in his office at Carrizozo, N. M., on Dec. 5, 1918.

Witness my hand and seal at Carrizozo, N. M., on Nov. 1, 1918.

EMMETT PATTON, Register.

Nov. 1, 1918.



No Mystery in Meat

Some things are so simple that they have to be explained again and again. When things are obvious, people keep looking for mysteries behind them.

So it is with the packing business. The mere size of Swift & Company confuses many. Because their imaginations are not geared up to scale, they believe there must be magic in it somewhere—some weird power.

Swift & Company is just like any other manufacturing business run by human beings like yourself; it takes in raw material on the one hand and turns out a finished product on the other.

Swift & Company keeps down the "spread," or the expense absorbed between raw and finished material, to as low a figure as possible. (If it didn't it would be put out of business by others who do.)

How much Swift & Company pays for the raw material, and how much it gets for the finished product, depends upon conditions which Swift & Company does not control.

It depends entirely upon how much people want the finished product, and how much raw material there is available to make it from.

The profits of Swift & Company amount to less than one cent per pound on all meats and by-products—less than one-fourth of a cent on beef.



Swift & Company, U.S.A.

A 'Class' catches fish in or out of season

CALLED HER FAMILY TO HER BEDSIDE

Six Years Ago, Thinking She Might Die, Says Texas Lady, But Now She Is a Well, Strong Woman and Praises Cardui For Her Recovery.

Royse City, Tex.—Mrs. Mary Kilman, of this place, says: "After the birth of my little girl...my side commenced to hurt me. I had to go back to bed. We called the doctor. He treated me...but I got no better. I got worse and worse until the misery was unbearable...I was in bed for three months and suffered such agony that I was just drawn up in a knot..."

I told my husband if he would get me a bottle of Cardui I would try it...I commenced taking it, however, that evening I called my family about me...for I knew I could not last many days unless I had a change for

the better. That was six years ago and I am still here and am a well, strong woman, and I owe my life to Cardui. I had only taken half the bottle when I began to feel better. The misery in my side got less...I continued right on taking the Cardui until I had taken three bottles and I did not need any more for I was well and never felt better in my life...I have never had any trouble from that day to this."

Do you suffer from headache, backache, pains in sides, or other discomforts, each month? Or do you feel weak, nervous and fagged-out? If so, give Cardui, the woman's tonic, a trial.

J. 71

SPECIAL SALES All Over Our Store

FOR CHRISTMAS SHOPPERS

We will make this store a busy place for the next two months with Special Prices

The Largest Stock of Christmas Merchandise shown in this county at the Lowest Prices. Christmas goods on sale now.

Our Government wishes you to do Christmas buying early this year. Think twice before you part with your money. Investigate, compare. Remember that during this Special Christmas Sale **WE CAN SAVE YOU A LOT OF MONEY**

Gifts For Men

Neckwear, Silk Shirts, Gloves, Silk Hose, Military Brushes, Pipes, Bath Robes and Handkerchiefs.

Gifts For Women

Silk Sweaters, Silk Undergarments, Gloves, Silk Waists, Silk Kimonos, Silk Hosiery, Manicure Sets, Books and Pictures.

Our Boys who are Overseas need Sugar. Save at home.

Sale of Men's Shoes

\$6.00 Dress Shoes, button or lace, our special price

\$4.95

Big values in Men's Work Shoes
\$3.95 to \$6.00

Special Sale of Boys' and Youths' Shoes

Just the thing for school wear. 20 prs. Gun Metal Button, 9 to 13. **\$2.69**

10 prs. Gun Metal Button sizes 1 to 2. **\$2.95**

40 prs. Gun Metal Lace, sizes 8 to 13. **\$2.48**

Big lot size to 5. **\$3.45**



Your savings will turn the scales. So buy W. S. S. today.

Special Sale of Ladies' Shoes

At a great saving.

60 prs. Lace and Button in Gun Metal, Patent Leather and Cloth Top, \$5.50 Shoes, in sizes 2 to 6. **\$4.45**
Others at \$6 to \$12.50

Bargains in Suit Cases

\$2.50 values at **\$1.98**

100 Pairs of Boys' Pants

At a Reduced Price.

Men's Corduroy Pants

\$4.00 value now **\$3.45**

Pay cash, save money. Special prices on Groceries for cash. Ask us

Special Sale on Boys' and Youths' Clothing. Pong Boys' Suits, the greatest boy suit value known. Sizes 4 to 18. Prices **\$2.50 to \$14.00**

What do you know about the Trading Company? 2,000 yards of Best Outing Flannel, net 22 inches wide. Price **29c per yard**

Special Values, Blankets and Quilts. Cotton Blankets, 54x74, \$3.50. Wool Finish Blankets, 64x76, \$5.00. Wool Nap Blankets, 72x84, \$9.00. Special lot of Quilts at **\$5.89 to \$6.89**

CARRIZOZO TRADING COMPANY

CARRIZOZO, NEW MEXICO

DO NOT DELAY YOUR CHRISTMAS SHOPPING

FIVE FRIDAYS

By
FRANK R. ADAMS

Copyright by Frank A. Munsey Company

SYNOPSIS.

Lucile Green, charming, but with fads, is visited at the Greens' summer island home by Monty Bopp. She proposes a week's fast. All food is banished. Frank Bopp, a rival suitor, appears unexpectedly.

CHAPTER II—Continued.

We all went down to see him off and sat on the dock until he got everything ready—all of us, that is, except Mrs. Green, who complained of a headache, poor old lady, and decided to stay in bed.

I did not help Bopp on his way much, as I should have liked to, because I know my limitations when it comes to motorboats. Now, with an automobile I am right at home. When a car refuses to do what the advertisements claim for it, all you need to do is to get out the tool kit, jack up one of the axles and telephone the nearest garage. Sometimes it isn't even necessary to use the jack, but it looks more professional and impresses your passengers with your mechanical skill.

Bopp looked the engine over and sniffed. "Looks like it was built by a one armed plumber's assistant with the St. Vitus dance. However, it's very simple. A child could understand this."

He pulled a few levers, set the steering wheel and started to crank it.

"Monty," he commanded, "loosen that line there, and when the engine starts throw it aboard so I won't have to leave the steering wheel."

I did as he asked.

He turned the flywheel over painfully. There was a sort of wheezing sound, but nothing resembling the regular explosion of a marine motor in the flush of perfect health feeling its oats.

"The engine is cold," he announced.

"The principle of the gasoline engine," I lectured glibly to Lucile, "is easily comprehensible to the intellect of a boy of ten. It consists simply of mixing gasoline in the thing-a-ma-jig which is drawn into a what-d-you-call-it in the engine, and then when an electric spark is applied from the ding-bat there is an explosion. See—he turns the wheel over—this draws the charge of gas into the engine—now the eccentric trips the sparking device—now listen intently for the explosion. You can't hear it because there is a very good muffler on the boat."

Bopp expressed what he thought of me by hitting the engine a smart rap with the monkey wrench.

"What's the matter?" inquired Lucile sweetly, wishing to smooth matters over. "Won't the engine run?"

"That is always the prize question to ask the operator of a gasoline engine on a boat or an auto. Next time you see an auto stalled beside the road, with the driver dripping perspiration and tearing his heart out at the crank, ask him that, and you will hear him pour out his innermost soul in words of one syllable."

Bopp seemed disinclined to answer, so I did it for him. "You see, he could make the engine go, any child could, but he wants to get it all warmed up before he starts it. It is really kindness on his part. No humane man would want to make a poor, cold, gasoline engine run fast right at first. See! Mr. Bopp is going to hold it in his lap until it gets warm."

"Oh, dry up!" snapped Bopp impatiently.

"That's impossible," I retorted. "The earth itself is over two-thirds water, and I stack up considerably higher than that."

Bopp now had a smudge of dark grease on his light trousers, had worn a blister on the palm of his hand and had used up a collar completely. He opened a valve on top of the engine, sniffed suspiciously and looked wise.

"It's flooded," he snorted.

"I can sympathize with it," I said feelingly.

After rummaging around in the locker for awhile he got out a collection of tools and began to remove a steel plate from the engine.

"In order to make it easier to understand the inner workings of the engine," I explained to Lucile, "he is going to take it apart so that you may see each piece distinctly. I wonder if he knows that he spilled some cylinder oil in that place where he is now sitting. No matter. To resume our lecture, that thin piece of tubing covered with black grease is the crank shaft. No; I am mistaken. That is the man's leg. The crank shaft is that other

thing not quite so thin and shapeless. Move your leg a little, will you, Bopp, so that Lucile can tell which is the crank shaft?"

There was no reply save a growl of rage from below where the young man was standing on his head peering into the gizzard of the machine.

"Don't forget to tell me when to let go of the rope," I reminded him.

Lucile suddenly scrambled down into the launch.

"Oh, Frank," she exclaimed, "would it make any difference if this wire were fastened to something?"

He arose from his imitation of a kangaroo about to jump down a mine shaft without comment. His feelings, whatever they were, he did not dare trust to speech. There was something majestic about the repression of the man that forbade comment. In palpitating silence he attached the wire to a place which seemed to be made for it, reassembled the engine, wiped off his hands and grasped the crank.

He turned it once easily, and, "sing," the motor got down to business like a clock!

Lucile hastily scrambled out of the boat.

"Let her go!" Bopp yelled, taking hold of the wheel in a pose a good deal like a viking save for the grease on his trousers. (Did vikings wear trousers? My memory is at fault.)

I threw the line on board with a feeling of envy for one who was speeding to a square meal.

"Keep to starboard!" Lucile yelled. "Keep to starboard! There's shallow water on the port side!"

Bopp spun the wheel, and the launch turned abruptly to the left.

"The other way!" screamed Lucile. "Starboard is on your right side!"

She was too late. The boat stopped suddenly. Bopp hastily took an impression of the steering wheel on the pit of his stomach.

I yelled to Bopp, "Do you want any help?"

"No," he replied, bowing to me unintentionally from pain, holding one hand on his belt line where the wheel had struck him.

To Lucile I explained in as loud a tone of voice as I could command: "It is a curious thing about many deep water sailors that they cannot tell their left and right hands apart. Say 'port' or 'starboard' to them and they get you at once."

CHAPTER III.

Marooned.

BOPP managed to make the engine run again and started to back off from the bar when the propeller wheel struck something, and proceedings ended.

That was the absolute finish of the performance for that day. He could not turn the engine over again, even by hand, and an investigation disclosed that the shaft was hopelessly tangled in some heavy wire which the propeller had picked up out of the sand. Bopp discovered this by sticking his head under water over the side of the boat.

"You might as well come ashore," said Lucile. "We'll have to get a mechanic."

So Bopp came ashore by wading in rather chilly water up to his waist. Considerable of the bloom was rubbed from his usual natty appearance when he clambered on the dock, bemudged and dripping.

"Welcome to the Fasters' club!" I greeted him. "I would baptize thee as a brother in the Aqua Pura fraternity."

"What's the matter?" inquired Lucile sweetly, wishing to smooth matters over. "Won't the engine run?"

"That is always the prize question to ask the operator of a gasoline engine on a boat or an auto. Next time you see an auto stalled beside the road, with the driver dripping perspiration and tearing his heart out at the crank, ask him that, and you will hear him pour out his innermost soul in words of one syllable."

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Lucile hastily scrambled out of the boat.

"In the meantime," I requested, "would you mind moving over here a moment and dripping on these flowers, which need water?"

Lucile took him to the telephone. I followed at a leisurely pace, and by the time I got to the house I found Bopp whirling the telephone lever expectoratedly. It was one of those country telephones where you have to grind a little business on the side of the box until central hears you swearing at the transmitter. The operator seemed more oblivious than usual, and Bopp remarked "Hello!" in every possible tone of voice from wheedling to a threat.

"I wonder," Lucile murmured vaguely, "if maybe it wasn't the telephone cable which you dug up with the propeller of the launch."

"What's that?" Bopp demanded.

"I said, 'It must have been the telephone cable you got mixed up in when you ran the launch aground.' That's why it won't work."

He hurried the receiver into the hook.

"Don't be cross," she said soothingly. "Think pleasant things. You've got to stay. Make the best of it."

"Think pleasant things! I do! I think of ham and eggs. Can you sug-

gest something pleasanter? How far is it to the mainland?"

"Two miles."

"And I can only swim a mile and a half."

"Why don't you start anyway?" I said.

"Hush!" warned Lucile; then, turning to Bopp, who was headed for the door, "Where are you going?"

"Out in the woods to eat the leaves off the trees." He slammed the door. After he had gone a blessed calm reigned for a few minutes. All at once Lucile started.

"Suppose he should eat some poison ivy!" she exclaimed. "He's a city bred man, and I don't suppose he knows what it looks like. Don't you think you had better go and show him where it is?"

"Sure; I'll be glad to go. I'll not only show him where it is—I'll feed it to him."

"No; I'll go," she said. "You two might quarrel."

Right there I made my mistake. I let her go after him. So she spent the day with him instead of with me.

While roaming about the empty rooms I heard a whine and, looking for its source, found Tootles in the kitchen trying to reach the shelf where the dog biscuit were kept. In the excitement Lucile had forgotten to feed her. With melancholy pleasure in sparing some living creature the pangs I felt myself I got down the box of biscuit and gave the dog one.

There were twelve of the little cakes left in the box. The dog seemed very fond of them. One would not be missed. I hope I never have to go through such temptation again. I weighed a biscuit in my hand, I sniffed its fragrance, and then—I put it aside. I would stick to my promise. But the memory of that biscuit haunted me the rest of the morning. Every time I thought of it I had to cut a new hole in my belt. I went back to the shelf a hundred times and looked longingly at the box, but always tore myself away with a sigh.

Some time during the late afternoon Mrs. Green dressed and came downstairs. She said she was feeling better, but she was pale and seemed a trifle unsteady on her pins.

Clouds began to obscure the sky about sundown, and Mrs. Green fretted a good deal because Lucile was away from home. In order to ease her mind I volunteered to find the couple and take them raincoats and umbrellas. Just as I opened the door there was a deafening roar of wind, which whipped the branches of the trees in sudden fury. The sky appeared to split in the middle with a blinding light and a ripping crash of thunder. The lightning had obviously struck somewhere in the vicinity. The crash

of thunder outside was echoed by a thud inside. I looked around. Mrs. Green was lying on the floor. She had fainted.

I dropped the bundle of raincoats and ran to her assistance. First I held her head on my lap, but couldn't seem to get any farther toward reviving her. Somewhere I had read directions for reviving fainting ladies. One of the first things recommended was to loosen the corset, but this seemed to be an unpardonable liberty to take with a lady I had only met a few times. Besides, I didn't know how to locate a corset and wouldn't have been able to loosen it if I had found it. It would be a godsend if some one would get out a book on "How to Revive Fainting Ladies. Although a Bachelor."

I looked up to find a strange man in the room. He was clad in overalls and carried a satchel.

"Are you married?" I demanded.

"I don't know why it's any of your business," he responded, "but I am. Further than that, I'm an Elk and belong to the union."

"If you're married tell me what to do with a lady who has fainted."

"Give her some of this."

He produced a flask from his pocket and poured a large portion of its contents down Mrs. Green's throat.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

CATS WILL GUARD CHICKENS

While Watching for Rats, They Fight on Away Hawks—Are Broken From Killing Little Ones.

Did you know that cats are a valuable asset to the poultryman? You might believe that they were anything but invaluable because of their innate love for fresh meats. But sweeter than baby chicks to the palate of the cat are the smooth-coated, long-tailed creatures of the rat family. And rats prey upon chickens, asserts the Poultryman.

During the course of a year there is more loss in the poultry world from the ravages of rats than from cats or hawks, or even disease. A cat in the chicken yard, if trained to properly value the life of the chickens, will terrify and destroy the rats and will ward off the enemy hawks and so prove himself or herself of great worth.

Cats have proved their worth as chicken yard sentinels, and there have been many and various methods employed by their owners to break them from killing the chickens. One well-known method is that of tying a dead chicken about a cat's neck and making him tug around the heavy dead body for from one to two days. In the meantime the cat will supposedly grow to have a great dread and horror of a dead chicken.

Old Friends Meet.

This world is not such a big place after all. Recently, at Forty-seventh street and Fifth avenue, writes a New York correspondent, one of our boys in khaki met an Italian soldier with one sleeve of his coat tucked in.

"Why," gasped the American. "Blen," returned the Italian. The two had met in Florence, Italy, three years ago. On the lapel of the American there was a small nickel-plated model of the Statue of Liberty, enfolded in an American flag. The Italian asked if he might have it for a keepsake.

"Some day I'll come to your land," he said, smiling, "and I'll bring it back to you." And when the American and Italian came face to face the man from the sunny climes still wore the emblem of Liberty on his breast. "And must I return it?" he asked. "Well, hardly," returned the American. "You have earned it a thousand times. Your sacrifice has been for what it represents—liberty and justice." "That is right, yes, but is it not worth the sacrifice? Yes, worth it ten thousand times."

Watterson's Appetite.

Col. Henry Watterson's appetite has long been the envy even of men far younger than himself. A fellow-journalist tells of his experiences in trying to keep the colonel company: "I was invited to dine with him at a club in Louisville one time. At that time I would eat with anybody anything at any time, so I followed the colonel through a long list of fancy dishes. At dessert he ordered two cantaloupes and filled them with vanilla ice cream and sprinkled the cream with paprika. I followed him that far, but then he ordered two cucumbers and sliced one over the cream in his cantaloupe and offered me the other. I did not take

The Busy Gaze.

In almost every particular the modern Gaza is an Egyptian rather than a Syrian town. It is full of rich vegetation, and its many glistening minarets show up against the dull green of innumerable olive trees. Gaza is still as of old, a place of trade, of camels and caravans, and its bazaars are loud with traffic and filled with merchandise.

Just Perk Chops.

Donald often goes to the store with his mother, who is a frugal buyer. One day he went alone to the butcher's. "I want free pork chops," he said, "but no bones, or fat, or lean."

Adrift with Humor



ONLY THING TO DO.

George Washington Jones, late of Atlanta, was making his first trip frontward on a supply wagon—with not much farther to go—when, from the side of the road, a camouflaged American battery broke forth thunderously, sending a few 300-pound tokens over the line to Fritz. The ground trembled from the salvo, but not more than George, as he jumped from the high seat to the road.

The American artillery officer in charge of the battery crossed over to the road.

"Scared?" he demanded.

"Well," George said, "Ah was slightly agitated at first. Ah suddenly was. But keep right on. Dat's the only way to win this war—fish dem guns."—Stars and Stripes, France.

WHAT HE GOT.



"How much does Justwed get a week?"

"Oh! sometimes his wife lets him keep a dollar, and sometimes two."

Unnecessary Noise.

They have taken the bray from the mule; Oh, let the good work go on. Till the rooster breaks our rest no more. And the feline's yowl is gone.

Great Expectations.

Her Father—What am I to presume your income will be at the time you expect to marry?

Suitor—Well—er—I hardly like to put a figure on your generosity, sir.

A Sure One.

Aspirant—I would like a fat part in your production, sir.

Manager—How would you like to look after the star's grease paints.

Practical Romance.

"My daughter, young Smith called today to ask me if I would give him your hand."

"Well, father, did he tell you if he had anything to put in it?"

Proof at Hand.

"Are these eggs strictly fresh?"

"Yes, ma'am. Come out into the yard and you can hear the hens that laid 'em still cackling."

Good Riddance.

"Any improvement in this town since I was here last?" asked the drummer.

"Lemme see," mused the village storekeeper. "Yep, there's one. Do ye recollect old Bill Skilley who used to hang around th' courthouse?"

"Oh, yes, I remember Bill."

"Well, he's dead."

When Wisdom Comes.

Sillicus—What do you understand by the age of discretion?

Cynicus—Merely when a man realizes that he is either too young to marry, or too old—Judge.

Comfortable Anyhow.

"Are you happy, now that you are rich?"

"I don't know that I am happy; but I'm dead sure I am not as discontented as I would be if I was broke."

The Reason.

Smith—How did the Spendett family happen to get in such reduced circumstances?

Snythe—Understand they attended too many reduced-priced sales.

WOMAN WORKS 15 HOURS A DAY

Marvelous Story of Woman's Change from Weakness to Strength by Taking Druggist's Advice.

Peru, Ind.—"I suffered from a displacement with backache and dragging down pains so badly that at times I could not be on my feet and it did not seem as though I could stand it. I tried different medicines without any benefit and several doctors told me nothing but an operation would do me any good. My druggist told me of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took it with the result that I am now well and strong. I get up in the morning at four o'clock, do my housework, then go to a factory and work all day, come home and get supper and feel good. I don't know how many of my friends I have told what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."—Mrs. ANNA METERIANO, 36 West 10th St., Peru, Ind.

Women who suffer from any such ailments should not fail to try this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

PATENTS Watson M. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. High-class references. Best results.

Cuticura Soap

IS IDEAL For the Hands

Soap Co., Ointment 25 & 50, Cuticura, Dept. E, Boston.

NEW TIRES 40% LESS

GOODRICH FIRESTONE ALLIES
 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1925 1926 1927 1928 1929 1930 1931 1932 1933 1934 1935 1936 1937 1938 1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956 1957 1958 1959 1960 1961 1962 1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1968 1969 1970 1971 1972 1973 1974 1975 1976 1977 1978 1979 1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040 2041 2042 2043 2044 2045 2046 2047 2048 2049 2050 2051 2052 2053 2054 2055 2056 2057 2058 2059 2060 2061 2062 2063 2064 2065 2066 2067 2068 2069 2070 2071 2072 2073 2074 2075 2076 2077 2078 2079 2080 2081 2082 2083 2084 2085 2086 2087 2088 2089 2090 2091 2092 2093 2094 2095 2096 2097 2098 2099 2100

W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 41-1918.

GOOD-BYE BACKACHE, KIDNEY AND BLADDER TROUBLES

For centuries all over the world GOLD MEDAL Haaren Oil has afforded relief in thousands upon thousands of cases of lumbago, rheumatism, sciatica, gaiteritis, gravel, and all other ailments of the kidneys, liver, stomach, bladder and allied organs. It acts quickly. It does the work. It cleanses your kidneys and purifies the blood. It makes a new man, a new woman, of you. It frequently wards off attacks of the dread and fatal diseases of the kidneys. It often completely cures the distressing diseases of the organs of the body allied with the bladder and kidneys. Bloody or cloudy urine, sediment, or "brickdust" indicate an unhealthy condition.

Do not delay a minute if your back aches or you are sore across the loins or have difficulty when urinating. Go to your druggist at once and get a

Another Discovery.
 Among the visitors at Atlantic City yesterday were 1,500 husky soldiers from the Southwestern states, training at Camp Dix. Two big Arizona boys in the group, wandering along the board walk, were getting their first near glimpse of the ocean.

They walked down the steps to the beach, watched the waves for a moment and approached the water's edge. There they leaned over, dipped their fingers in the water and put the fingers in their mouth.

"By cracky!" said one. "It is salty, isn't it?"

Makes the laundress happy—that's Red Cross Bag Blue. Makes beautiful, clear white clothes. All good grocers. Adv.

His Interpretation.
 They were discussing the many interpretations of the mystic "P. F. 9-20." Each had had his fling except the meek little man.

"I thought it was a kinda slogan the profiteers had got up against us poor public, meaning 'Poor Fish.'"

"Well, but where does the '9-20' come in?" asked the guy with the furrowed brow.

"Why that means if sumpin's worth 9 cents we gotta pay 20."

Catarhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured
 by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Catarhal Deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Catarhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing may be destroyed forever. Many cases of Deafness are caused by Catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of Catarhal Deafness that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. All Druggists Sell. Circulars free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Ask the Waves.

The following is part of the diary of a U. S. A. soldier who had promised to give daily accounts of his experiences on board ship:

"Tuesday, 17th, 8 o'clock a. m. Feeling fine. Full of good cheer and porridge."

"Tuesday, 9 o'clock a. m. Still full of good cheer. Minus the porridge!"

It isn't what the average man knows about the hereafter that frightens him; it is what he doesn't know.

Box of Imported GOLD MEDAL Haaren Oil Capsules. They are pleasant and easy to take. Each capsule contains about one dose of five drops. Take them just like you would any pill. Take a small swallow of water if you want to. They dissolve in the stomach, and the kidneys soak up the oil like a sponge does water. They thoroughly cleanse and wash out the bladder and kidneys and throw off the inflammation which is the cause of the trouble. They will quickly relieve those stiffened joints, that backache, rheumatism, lumbago, sciatica, gaiteritis, gravel, "brickdust," etc. They are an effective remedy for all diseases of the bladder, kidney, liver, stomach and allied organs. Your druggist will cheerfully refund your money if you are not satisfied after a few days' use. Accept only the pure, original GOLD MEDAL Haaren Oil Capsules. None other genuine.—Adv.

As Age Advances the Liver Requires

occasional slight stimulation.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS
 correct
CONSTIPATION
 Genuine
 Bears
 Signature

Colorless or Pale Faces usually indicate the absence of iron in the blood. **Carter's Iron Pills** is a condition which will be greatly helped by

He's Usually Not Worth It.
 The trouble with the man you have to know is like this: usually he is so disagreeable that few people care to make a second attempt to know him.
 —Detroit Free Press.

Important to Mothers.
 Preserve carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of **Dr. J. C. Fletcher** in Use for Over 30 Years.
 Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Strong Hope.
 "That widower is all broken up."
 "Oh, he'll soon be repaired."—Half-gone American.

The kaiser is the world's greatest example of a man who didn't know when he was well off.

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy
 No Stinging—Just Pure Comfort. 50 cents at Druggists or Mail. Write for Free Book. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

THE KITCHEN CABINET

For the courage which comes when we call
 While troubles like hailstones fall:
 For the help that is somehow nigh
 In the deepest night when we cry:
 For the path that is certainly shown
 When we pray in the dark alone.
 Let us give thanks.
 —Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

TABLE HELPS.

RAB meat makes a most tasty dish used as a main dish for luncheon. Brown or cook until tender a tablespoonful of chopped green pepper and a tablespoonful of chopped onion in the same amount of corn oil.

Take a cupful of crumbs, mix with one beaten egg and a large ripe tomato, add a cupful of crab meat, season well with salt and pepper and if not moist enough add a little soup stock or milk. Butter or oil a baking dish and turn in the mixture, cover with two slices of bacon and bake until the bacon is crisp. Canned crab meat mixed with shredded cabbage with a little onion and green pepper for seasoning and a good salad dressing makes a salad good and not at all common.

Grape Sherbet.—Crush and squeeze through a cheesecloth two pounds of ripe Concord grapes. Add a quart of cold water, the juice of two lemons and honey to sweeten to taste, then freeze as usual. If one has bottled grape juice, that may be used, taking one cupful of grape juice, two tablespoonfuls of lemon juice and a pint of this cream; freeze and serve in sherbet cups. This is a most beautiful watermelon pink and tastes as well as it looks.

Potato Flour and Money Sponge Cake.—Boil half a cupful each of honey and sugar to the soft ball stage (235 degrees Fahrenheit). Beat until thick the yolks of five eggs, beat the sirup into the yolks, add the grated rind and juice of half a lemon, then fold in a half cupful of potato flour and the stiffly beaten egg whites. Bake in a tube pan 50 minutes.

Oatmeal Fruit Macaroons.—Beat together one-half cupful of sugar, one-quarter cupful of corn sirup, one tablespoonful of melted shortening with two beaten eggs. Take two and a half cupfuls of rolled oats, a half teaspoonful of salt and one-half cupful of dates or raisins. Combine the two mixtures and drop in rounds on a baking sheet. Bake in a moderate oven. This recipe makes three dozen macaroons.

For the growth of the spirit through pain.
 Like a plant in the soil and the rain—
 For the dropping of needless things:
 Which the sword of a sorrow brings;
 For the meaning and purpose of life
 Which dawns on us out of the strife.
 Let us give thanks.
 —Ella W. Wilcox.

THE EMERGENCY SHELF.

HERE is the housewife however well equipped with resources who does not enjoy the feeling of security which a well-stocked emergency shelf gives her? Usually it is wise to have two cans or jars of each kind and be sure that they are replaced in the next regular order for groceries, as company is often like calamity—it travels in threes.

Condensed milk should be provided in large quantities, for often it is needed in more than one dish. Canned soups, two of each of your favorite kinds; fish, dried beef, bacon, lamb or ox tongue, cheese of various kinds, corn, spinach, lima beans, and string beans, tomatoes, asparagus, pimientos, olives, nuts, canned fruit, peanut butter, grape juice, salad dressing, choice raisins and a box of marshmallows. Crackers, macaroni, cookies and fruit cake are all good things which will be found most useful in preparing a quick or unexpected meal.

Let us see what can be done with some of these for a good and substantial meal. It is wise to have at hand several well planned menus, with the recipes ready in case one's wits leave one in a sudden emergency. The fish or shell fish may be used as an escalloped dish or as a salad, the green vegetables served hot with any desired sauce. Bread, rolls or hot biscuit with tea, coffee or cocoa with a simple dessert of fruit will make a most satisfying meal.

Bean Salad.—Open a can of tender green peas and add one small shredded onion. Fry until crisp and brown a few slices of bacon cut in strips, pour over the beans, season well, and then add sufficient bottled vinegar to make a good snappy salad. Serve this with sliced tongue or fish croquettes.

Bean Salad.—Open a can of tender green peas and add one small shredded onion. Fry until crisp and brown a few slices of bacon cut in strips, pour over the beans, season well, and then add sufficient bottled vinegar to make a good snappy salad. Serve this with sliced tongue or fish croquettes.

Nellie Maxwell

PERUNA

Made Me a Well Man

Mr. Louis Young, 205 Merrimac St., Rochester, N. Y., writes:

"I suffered for thirty years with chronic bowel trouble, stomach trouble and hemorrhages of the bowels. We bought a bottle of Peruna and I took it faithfully, and I began to feel better. My wife persuaded me to continue, and I took it for some time as directed. Now I am a well man."

Suffered thirty years with stomach trouble and hemorrhages of the bowels.

Liquid or Tablet Form

Poor Foresight—Good Hindsight.
 He—I spent my honeymoon here at this resort.

She—That is the happiest time of one's life, I suppose.

He—Oh, yes, one is so ignorant of the future.

Don't be misled. Ask for Red Cross Bag Blue. Makes beautiful white clothes. At all good grocers. Adv.

His Last Name.

The teacher was questioning the class in history. "Who is the king of England, Mildred?" she asked.

"George is his first name," came the answer. "His last name isn't in the book, but it begins with a V."—Passing Show.

Cuticura Kills Dandruff.
 Anoint spots of dandruff with Cuticura Ointment. Follow at once by a hot shampoo with Cuticura Soap, if a man; next morning if a woman. For free samples address, "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston." At druggists and by mail. Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

Natural Weapon.
 "How do they fight organization battles?" "I guess they do it with machine guns."

Their Place.
 "Have those people any standing in society?" "They appear to have some sort of a footing."

Heartburn, Belching, Indigestion, Food Repeating and Nearly All Kinds of Bodily Miseries

The first sign of stomach misery usually comes after over-eating. The doctors call it "supercindity." The people say—"sour stomach."

Millions of people who have lost their ambition, energy, courage, vitality and strength—who are weak, pale and listless—who go through life just dragging one foot after another—tired and worn out nearly all the time—nervous, irritable, subject to severe headache, insomnia, and a long train of physical ills—would be surprised, yes, dumbfounded, to learn that it is just an acid-stomach that is causing them all their misery. Yet in nearly nine cases out of ten that is just where the trouble starts.

Now a sour, acid-stomach, or "supercindity", of course, simply means too much acid in the stomach. You can now quickly rid your stomach of its excess acid. A wonderful modern remedy called EATONIC literally wipes it out. It does the work easily,

quickly and thoroughly. It makes the stomach pure, sweet, cool and comfortable. It helps you to get full strength out of every mouthful of food you eat and unless you do get full strength from your food you cannot enjoy robust, vigorous health.

EATONIC is in tablet form. They are pleasant tasting—just like a bit of candy—and are absolutely harmless. Take EATONIC and find out for yourself how wonderfully different you will feel. See how quickly EATONIC banishes the immediate effects of acid-stomach—heartburn, belching, food repeating, indigestion, etc. See, too, how quickly your general health improves—how much you relish your food—how much more easily your food is digested—how soundly you sleep—how nervousness and irritability disappear. And all simply because, by taking EATONIC, you have rid your stomach of a lot of excess acid that has been holding back and making your life miserable.

So get a big box of EATONIC from your druggist today. He is authorized to guarantee EATONIC to please you and you can trust him to make this guarantee good. If EATONIC fails in any way, take it back—he will refund your money. If your druggist does not keep EATONIC write to us direct and we will send you a big box and you can send us the box after you receive it. Address: H. L. Kramer, President, Eaton Remedies Co., 3118 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

Get under the Shower of Gold

coming to farmers from the rich wheat fields of Western Canada. Where you can buy good farm land at \$15 to \$30 per acre and raise from 20 to 45 bushels of \$2 wheat to the acre it's easy to make money. Canada offers in her provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta

160 Acre Homesteads Free to Settlers
 and other land at very low prices. Thousands of farmers from the U. S. or their sons are nearly taking advantage of this great opportunity. Wonderful yields also of Oats, Barley and Flax. Mixed Farming is fully as profitable an industry as grain raising. Good schools; markets convenient; climate excellent. Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates to Supt. Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to

W. V. BENNETT
 Room 4, Bee Bldg., Omaha, Neb.
 Canadian Government Agent

One Dose of the Guaranteed Blackleg Vaccine

Made by Dr. O. M. Franklin, the originator, is GUARANTEED TO PROTECT A CALF FOR LIFE AGAINST BLACKLEG. It has stood the test for over four years on over a million calves and our users have every confidence in it. WE BACK THAT CONFIDENCE with a WRITTEN GUARANTEE if you wish, and charge you fifty cents per dose. Or will send you the SAME VACCINE for forty cents per dose without the Guarantee. We make ONE QUALITY OF VACCINE ONLY. Syringe for injecting \$2.50. Write us about it.
THE KANSAS BLACKLEG SERUM CO.
 600 Lee Stock Exchange Bldg., DENVER, COLO.



Buy them
Here
And save
Money

Blankets
IN PLAIN OR PLAID
All Cotton . . \$3 to \$4.75

WOOLNAP

In pretty, large plaids,
from . . \$8.75 to \$9.50

COMFORTS

From \$3.25 up

FANCY COMFORTS

Filled with white cotton
From . . \$5.00 to \$7.00

Buy your Comforts
and Blankets now



ZIEGLER BROS

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Ed W. Harris has been appointed mounted policeman by Governor Lindsey. A better appointment could scarcely have been made from Lincoln county.

We meet all competition. Write for our prices.—Western Garage.

J. McSmith was here Tuesday from the Claunch ranch near Gran Quivira. Mack was hardly recognizable at first, but after he had his beard trimmed and that Edward VII's appearance returned, everyone knew him.

Bring us your hides and pelts, we guarantee highest market prices. Carrizozo Trading Co.

A ten-pound boy put in an appearance at the home of Mr. and Mrs. O. T. Nye early Monday morning. The lusty youngster and mother are doing fine.

James Morris, an old resident and long time friend of the News, made our office a pleasant call Wednesday. Jim lives at Red Lake.

Lieut. F. H. Johnson came by Tuesday on his return from Santa Fe to Camp Kearny. He had been called to Santa Fe by the illness of his daughter, the notice of whose death is given elsewhere; and stopped over here to look after some business matters and see his friends.

Wounded--Not Killed

We are informed by Mr. and Mrs. John H. Skinner that the reports by the war department and the published casualty list were erroneous in announcing that Will Bourne, son of Mr. and Mrs. Cleve Bourne, formerly of this county, had been killed in action. Later advices state that Will was wounded and in the hospital, but getting along very well.

This news seems to be authentic, even if contrary to official reports, for the information came from the wounded soldier himself, in a card dated subsequent to the time he was reported to have been killed in action.

Civilians Eligible For Officer Training

The department commander directs that the following be given press publicity in the publication. Under recent instructions from the adjutant general of the army there is to be a training school opened December 1st, 1918, at Camp Fremont, California, for civilians, for the purpose of turning out Infantry officers.

Men selected for this school will be inducted and sent at government expense. Duration of course will be about two months.

Camp Fremont is located at Palo Alto, Santa Clara County, California, noted as one of the most beautiful spots in the United States. Nearby is Mount Hamilton, upon which is located the famed Lick observatory.

To be eligible for admission, a candidate must be between the ages of eighteen and forty-six years, must be a citizen of the United States and not have been born in any of the countries with which the United States is at war or allies of such countries; must be graduates of a high school or have pursued an equivalent course of instruction; must be of good moral character and have the physical qualifications required for general military service.

Registrants in deferred classifications on account of industry, occupation or employment including agriculture are not eligible for admission to the camp.

Candidates who registered June 5, 1917, June 5, 1918 and August 24, 1918 must submit their applications prior to November 14, 1918, which is the last day Examining Officers will receive them. Registrants of September 12, 1918, will be permitted to submit applications up to and including November 26, 1918.

For further information communicate with Professor of Military Science and Tactics, New Mexico Institute, Roswell, N. M.

Norwalk Inner Tubes and Republic Casings. Both guaranteed. Western Garage.

H. B. JONES, Pres.

Condensed Statement of

PAUL MAYER, Vice Pres.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK, CARRIZOZO, N. M.

At close of business October 31, 1918

RESOURCES		LIABILITIES	
Loans and Discounts	\$133,871.19	Capital Stock	\$50,000.00
Overdrafts	31.06	Surplus and Profits	8,755.92
Bank building, furniture and fixtures	12,200.00	Deposits	171,586.68
Cash and Sight Exchange	76,227.47	Rediscounts	4,687.12
Federal Reserve Stock	1,600.00		
U. S. Bonds and Certificates of Indebtedness	11,100.00		
	\$235,029.72		\$235,029.72

I certify that the above statement is correct. ED DICKEY, Cashier.

WE SOLICIT YOUR BUSINESS, LARGE OR SMALL

Vernon Johnson Dies

Vernon, the 16 year-old daughter of Doctor now Lt. F. H. Johnson, died at Santa Fe last Sunday of lobular pneumonia, following an attack of influenza. Her condition had been serious for ten days and her father had come from Camp Kearny to be with her. The fight against death was a hard one and at one time it was believed she would recover. However, complications arose and a virulent form of pneumonia developed and death followed quickly.

The body was embalmed and shipped to the old home at Birmingham, Alabama, for burial. A wide circle of friends deeply sympathize with the father and the little brother.

It was a shock to all her girl friends, as well, who saw her depart last fall to enter school. She had a sunny temperament and everybody was her friend.

92 Years Young

Grandpa Tarbell was in bright and early and was among the first to vote. He is only 92 years young, but is as bright and entertaining as many older men.

Card of Thanks

We do sincerely thank the many friends for their floral decorations and those who were so kind and thoughtful of us during our sorrow and grief for our dear brother and son.

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. White and family.

Classified Advertisements

Lost—Between one mile east of Reventon, N. M., and Carrizozo, N. M., on November 3, 1918, one surveyor's pocket plat book, containing township plats. Name written "A. H. Harvey" inside front cover. A suitable reward will be paid by the undersigned for a recovery of the same. A. H. Harvey. 11-81f

For Sale—Baled Gramma Hay, John Pramborg, 7 miles north of Carrizozo.

For Sale—Strictly new Ford Touring Car; also, Ford Runabout, A1 condition. G. T. McQuillen, phone 1. 11-11f

Hogs For Sale—In lots to suit purchasers. Stimmler & Reilly. 10-25f

Homestead Flour \$6.00, Shorts \$2.15, Bran \$2.05, Corn \$4.10, Oats \$3.45, Cotton Seed Meal, and Cake \$4.00 per cwt. Terms Cash. Humphrey Bros. 10-41f

Wanted—More Sweet Milk customers. Carrizozo Dairy, J. R. McIlhenny, proprietor. 9-131f

For Sale—Parke Davis & Co.'s Blacklegoids. The Tittsworth Co. Captain. 7-26-f

WE believe that the banking business is no longer simply the receiving, safeguarding and loaning of money.

This bank is an institution of constructive service where important information and sound advice is available.

It is a war-service bank, and with its quick understanding of new developments is assisting its customers in the furtherance of their interests and their service to our country.

We shall enjoy explaining the use you can make of our equipment and facilities.

Exchange Bank of Carrizozo
Carrizozo, New Mexico

REGULAR VISITORS

to our receiving teller's window are those who are sure to prosper. For there is no prosperity without saving and the best to save is to make a deposit every pay day. Any reason why you shouldn't begin?



BANK WITH US, GROW WITH US

The Lincoln State Bank

H. B. JONES, Pres. H. R. ROBERSON, Vice-Pres. D. H. HENRY, Cashier.

Stockmens State Bank

The constant effort of **SERVICE** the officers of this bank is to aid and facilitate the business transactions of our depositors—to give them careful, efficient personal service. You are cordially invited to avail yourself of this service with the assurance that your business, whether much or little, will be appreciated and given the same careful attention.

STOCKMENS STATE BANK
CORONA NEW MEXICO

Pay Your Road Tax

I have been appointed by the Board of County Commissioners to collect the road tax in this precinct. The tax is \$3.00 assessed against every able-bodied man between the ages of 21 and 60 years old. This tax is now due, and prompt payment of the same is requested.

G. T. McQUILLEN,
Collector Precinct 14.

THE IDEAL MACHINE

It chops the Yucca plant (Bear Grass) into excellent cattle feed.

CHAS. F. GREY
Sole agent for Lincoln County
OSCURO - - N. M.