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Carlsbad Current, 12-26-1913

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The Carlsbad Current

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR

CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 26, 1913.

NUMBER 7

SHOT WITH AN "UNLOADED GUN"

TRAGIC ENDING OF YOUNG LIFE THROUGH CARELESS HANDLING OF GUN IN HANDS OF PLAYMATE.

FUNERAL TO BE HELD TOMORROW

A Pall of Sorrow Covers the Town—All Classes Join in Sympathy for Bereaved Family.

Another fatal accident from the careless handling of fire arms, occurred Tuesday afternoon at Moseley's ranch about eighteen miles west of town, the victim being George Finlay, the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Finlay.

It seems that Dallas Jones, Harry Hubbard and George Finlay had left Carlsbad last Saturday for a little vacation trip and after spending the night at the C. N. Jones residence, west of town, continued Sunday morning to their destination, which was the Moseley ranch, where Richard Smith is now living—Mrs. Smith and baby being in town for a short time for a visit.

Harry Hubbard was the only eye witness to the shooting the three boys having been left at the house, Mr. Smith going to look for his horses, intending to drive into Carlsbad Wednesday morning.

At the dinner table, Harry says, Mr. Smith cautioned the boys, telling them not to handle the guns without drawing the loads. At about 1.30 the boys, George and Dallas, were playing "sheriff and outlaw" and began snapping guns at each other, George having a six shooter. After they had been playing some little time, Dallas picked up Mr. Smith's shot gun and said: "Now, I'll shoot you six times." George laughingly replied: "You have shot me once," when the gun was discharged, tearing through the boy's left side. George fell to the floor, exclaiming: "Why, Dallas, you've shot me!" The boys were about five feet apart, when the shooting occurred. The boy, Dallas, frantic with grief, rushed from the house screaming, saddled a horse and started for town, through the pastures instead of by the road. On the way to town his horse gave out and he secured another, continuing his fast ride until he reached Carlsbad.

Arriving at the home of T. J. Kindel, west of town, the frantic boy had Mr. Kindel phone the news to town and also secure a physician. This was done and the return trip started, H. F. Christian taking the physician in his car. The poor boy who was acting as guide, was so near frantic he lost the road and forced them to retrace their way, meeting the car containing the parents of the dead boy.

In the meantime, Harry Hubbard started west and after going about four miles met Capt. Mitchiner in a car, who returned with him to Moseley.

On entering the dwelling it was discovered that the unfortunate boy was still in death. Richard Smith returning at this time they wrapped the body in sheets and hurried to town.

About four miles from the ranch they met Mr. and Mrs. Finlay with Dr. Lackey and Sheriff M. C. Stewart. The return trip was soon made and the body cared for by Undertaker Thorne.

The sad affair has cast a gloom over an entire community. George was thirteen years old, a quiet, studious boy and a general favorite with all. He had lived here with his parents since early life, and scarcely any person in this city but knew and loved him. His companions are both almost frantic with grief and nothing but sympathy is expressed for the poor lad, who was to blame for the accident, as well as for the stricken family.

The coroner's jury, composed of George was born in Roswell, May 5, 1899, and came with his parents to Carlsbad in the year 1900. His twin brother is buried in Roswell.

The remains have not yet been interred, but are held awaiting the arrival of his sister, Miss Catherine, who is attending a musical conservatory, in Chicago, and his brother, Robert, who is at law school, in Houston, Texas. They will both arrive tonight and funeral services will be held tomorrow at 2 P. M., from the residence at Greene's Highlands, with interment

in City cemetery. The services will be in charge of Rev. Frederick W. Pratt, rector of Grace church.

The pall bearers will be Arthur O. Quinn, Jr., Jack Hines, George Roberts, Hubert Ryan, Frank Kindel and Francis Groves.

300 CHINESE MAY BE DRIVEN OUT OF CHIHUAHUA.

General Villa May Visit His Displeasure Upon Them If the Tokio Government Insists Upon Furnishing Arms to Gen. Huerta—American Refugees say Street Car Lines Electric Light and Power Plant of Chihuahua Have Been Seized and Are Operated by Constitutionalists.

BREWERY WAS REOPENED BUT VILLA COULDN'T MAKE DRINKABLE BEER AND WAS FORCED TO SHUT DOWN PLANT

He's a Good Fighter But No Judge of Yeast Germs—Many Heavy Ransoms Claimed and Paid—Touche "The Turk" Loses "Palace of Tears."

The publication of a cable dispatch from Tokio by the American newspapers to the effect that Japan would supply the Huerta government with large quantities of arms and ammunition and that Francisco de la Barra was being royally received by the Japanese people was telegraphed to military headquarters in Chihuahua today and caused a great deal of adverse comment.

It is feared that the Japanese residents of Chihuahua will be made to feel the weight of General Villa's displeasure if it should prove that the information contained in the dispatch is true and any attempt be made by the Japanese to ship arms or ammunition to General Huerta.

Japanese Under Suspicion
It has long been known that General Villa has not been friendly toward the Japanese because of a suspicion that they were aiding the Huerta government financially, and it has been feared that he would adopt an attitude toward members of that race in those portions of Mexico under his control similar to that adopted toward the Spaniards.

Many Japs in Chihuahua
There are between 200 and 300 residents in Chihuahua, the greater number of whom conduct small stores, though a few carry on market gardens outside the city limits. Many of the Japanese stores were closed yesterday, although there has been no intimation by the Villa government that they would be made to suffer for the supposed action of their home government.

If General Villa should order the deportation of the Japanese it is a question whether they would be permitted, under the present anti-alien laws of the United States, to seek asylum in that country.

An American refugee who arrived from Chihuahua last night said that General Villa has already begun carrying out his threat to confiscate all property and possessions of the so-called "cientificos" of Chihuahua. The Chihuahua street railway, which was owned by Mexicans, who Villa claims had allied themselves with the Huerta party, has been confiscated by Villa's forces and is now being operated under the management of General Villa, the receipts from the railway being turned into the war chest of the Villa army.

The Chihuahua electric light and power plant has also been taken in charge by the Villistas and is being operated by them. Many of the old employees of these companies have remained at their places and are working for Villa.

But He Couldn't Make Beer
The Chihuahua brewery, which Villa confiscated, was reopened by Villa, but the operation of the place did not prove successful, as Villa did not have a brew master and so could not make drinkable beer.

The Sacred Heart Chapel in Chihuahua, a Roman Catholic church, is being used as a cuartel by Villa soldiers, the American refugee said. He also said General Villa had ordered the caretaker of the Roman Catholic convent, which was vacated by the nuns who were forced to take refuge in El Paso, to move out the furniture as he desired to quarter his troops in

the building.

Soldiers of Villa's army are sleeping with their boots on in costly beds in the finest residences of Chihuahua, which have been confiscated by the army for use as cuartels, the American woman said. Among these places are the homes of Luis Terrazas II on the Alameda, former Governor Alberto Terrazas, former Governor Jose Maria Sanchez, Martin Falomir, Jesus Falomir, Francisco Molinar and Francisco Prieta and Jacob "Turk" Touche, whose magnificent Chihuahua home is called by the constitutionalists "The Palace of Tears."

These homes are magnificently furnished with costly furniture, a great deal of which has been brought from the United States and from Europe. Some of the properties are valued at \$50,000.

Everybody Rides
The refugee said that constitutionalists had removed all of the furniture from the Spanish consulate, the home of Consul Cisneros, who is now in El Paso with the Spanish refugees. Automobiles, horses and all kinds of vehicles belonging to residents of Chihuahua have been confiscated by the constitutionalists and even the commonest soldier of the army has some kind of a conveyance. The officers of the army are using the big limousines and touring cars which formerly belonged to the wealthy residents of Chihuahua and last week the \$5,000 Packard limousine, which was confiscated by the army when the Lujan estate was seized, was demolished when a party of officers collided with a street car while "joy riding" through the streets of Chihuahua.

Luis Terrazas Still Held
Luis Terrazas II who is a prisoner of General Villa is seriously ill in his prison and is under the doctor's care, it is said. The ransom of \$500,000 demanded for his release has not been paid and he is still held in a room

under guard at the national palace. The women of the Terrazas family and the women members of other wealthy families are residing with foreigners and Mexican friends because of having been driven from their homes when their residences were converted into cuartels in which to house the soldiers.

Many Ransoms Exact.
The payment of ransom which is being demanded by General Villa from wealthy Mexicans who leave Chihuahua for the United States continues it is alleged. Mrs. Pedro Prieta, a widow was forced to pay \$25,000 into the treasury of the constitutionalists before she was permitted to come to El Paso. Jacob "Turk" Touche was forced to pay over \$10,000 for the release of relatives; Pedro Torres paid \$5,000; Luis Sequeros paid \$5,000, and others paid sums ranging from \$100 to thousands of dollars—all they had.

The supply of provisions in Chihuahua was being moved by train to Jimenez, Parral, Escalon, and other stations to the south, where Villa's soldiers are located, and the populace in Chihuahua fear a famine will result in the city if the movement of supplies continues from the city faster than they are brought in from Juarez.

The jails are filled with political prisoners, it is said. The greater number of these have been thrown

under guard at the national palace. In ancient Rome New Year's day was given up to feasting and frolicking. Scorching fires burned continually on the altars of the twelve gods. All litigation and strife were suspended.

and did not acquiesce until 1759.

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HAPPY NEW YEAR

On the Track of the New Year

NEW YEAR'S was a long time in settling upon Jan. 1 as the proper time for its celebration. Even now, in Greece and Russia, where the Julian calendar is in force, New Year's does not arrive until twelve days after the year is well on its way in the rest of the civilized world.

The ancient Egyptians and Persians began the new year at the autumnal equinox, Sept. 22, and the Greeks of Solon's time at the winter solstice, Dec. 21, but in the time of Pericles the date was changed to the summer solstice, June 21. The Romans began the year from the winter solstice until Caesar changed it to Jan. 1. With the Jews the new year began in September in civil affairs, but in their ecclesiastical reckoning the beginning of the year dates from the vernal equinox, March 22. And, as this is astronomically the beginning of spring, the date is a logical one, and that of the 25th of March (25 being a more fully rounded number) was accepted generally by Christian nations in medieval times as New Year's.

In England Dec. 25 was New Year's until the time of William the Conqueror. His coronation happened to fall on Jan. 1, and accordingly the year was ordered to commence on that day. But the English gradually fell into union with the rest of Christendom and began the year on March 25. When in 1582 the Gregorian calendar was promulgated and definitely located New Year's on Jan. 1 most Catholic countries adopted it at once, but Eng-

land also originated the New Year's resolution, for every Roman resolved on New Year's day to so regulate his conduct that every word and act should be a happy augury for all the days of the ensuing year.

On account of the orgies which marked the New Year's arrival not only among the Romans, but among the Teutonic races, the early Christians looked with scant favor upon the whole season. By the fifth century, however, Dec. 25 became the fixed festival of the Nativity, whereupon Jan. 1 assumed a special sacred character as the octave of Christmas day.

The giving of gifts on New Year's day has been superseded largely in Anglo-Saxon countries by the giving of Christmas gifts, but the custom still is retained in France. This custom was one of the most ancient and universally observed of New Year's day.

The druids distributed branches of the sacred mistletoe. The Roman emperors exacted gifts, and so did the English rulers down to the time of Cromwell.

The world over on New Year's it is a custom to drink to the health of one's friends.

The custom of making New Year resolutions and "turning over a new leaf" is universal and, like political platforms, is as much honored in the breach as in the observance. But the temptation which surrounds frail human beings in this wicked world are many and insidious.

What a menace to our comfort,
What reproach to him that boasts,
Those habits that, discarded,
Haunt our presence still like ghosts!
—Kansas City Star

The Old Year And the New

I WATCHED the old year fade,
And with its fading light
The gloom, at first a shade,
Turned into darkest night.
And then I said: "Tis gone
The old year is no more,
And memories now alone
Linger along the shore."

I watched the old year die,
And with its fading day
There came the thought that by
Its death a brighter way
Once up, and all things bright,
We'll have sunrise at last
From specters dark as night
They'll live, but in the past.



THE OLD YEAR'S FLIGHT.

I watched the old year's flight
And then said, with a smile,
"Ah, now the new year bright
Will take with us awhile!
But ere my hopeful dreams
Have realized one day
Is dead and passed, it seems
It starts but to decay."

Thus all along the way
Gravestones must mark the miles,
An epitaph each day,
A tomb of tears and smiles
So we begin the new
(The old ere we've begun)
To find it's aging, too,
With the first setting sun.

But 'twill not always be
There'll come a living day,
And all things new, and we
Shall live in endless May.
No gravestones then will mark
The tombs where dead hopes lie,
No nights of sorrow dark
Creep o'er our changeless sky.
—James Daniel Clayton

Don't be a skittish! The devil makes the miser's dollars into handkerchiefs, and colars.

Don't nod to the judge. The best of judges will own up to themselves that they haven't any too much brains.

Dicky's New Year

How He Came to Attend the Grown Folks' Party.

DICKY sprawled ungracefully on the floor, and at times he bestowed a sly and naughty kick upon the unresisting legs of a chair that stood near him. His first impulse was to feel sorry for doing this, his second to look around and see if any one had noticed this little outburst of temper.

It may be that the Christmas festivities of a few days before had been too much for him; but, whatever it was, Dicky was certainly cross and inclined to weep easily.

However, neither his mother nor his Aunt Gertrude noticed how he kicked the chair nor the way he scowled upon the world in general from under his tawny curls. They were absorbed in their preparations for entertaining the guests of that evening, and for once Dicky was forgotten.

"If I was going to have a party and invite all the people in the world I'd invite my own little boy, Dicky, too. I wouldn't leave him out," quoth Dicky out of the silence.

"What's that?" asked his mother carelessly, absorbed in her own thoughts. "No, no, Dicky; this is a party for mother's and father's friends. You wouldn't enjoy it."

"Oh, but I do want to come," persisted Dicky. "I've heard you all talking about it, and I want to see the new year come in the window."

"What is the child talking about?" asked his aunt.

"The new year. It's coming in the window, and I heard mother tell how you were all going to open it to welcome it in," replied Dicky, somewhat impatient at his aunt for not understanding so obvious a meaning.

"Nothing will come in at the window, dear," said his mother gently. "It's just a pretty custom. There will not be anything for you to see, and you will be much happier upstairs in your nice warm bed."

Dicky wept a little at the time, and when the hour came for bed under the stern eye of his father he rebelliously consented to be tucked in by his nurse, although not without further remonstrances. Finding them of no avail, he sobbed his woes into his pillow, while his father and mother went below to receive their guests.

By making a brave resistance to the drowsiness that was stealing upon him Dicky managed to keep awake until the party had assembled in the parlor below. Then he crept out of bed and hung over the banisters, eagerly trying to catch sight of the brilliant people in the gathering. A man passed along the hall. Dicky thought it might be his father and scurried back to bed again as fast as his little bare feet would carry him. And then without more ado he so fell asleep, "the world forgetting by the world forgot."

Downstairs the hours passed merrily, and the old year drew to a happy close. First there were only fifteen minutes of it left; then there were only ten. Finally the old year had but five short periods, counting sixty seconds each to live. The men and women gathered together showed nothing of the solemnity that underlies the movement of all such gatherings. Four minutes, three minutes, two minutes—all. They turned from the windows in surprise to see Dicky standing in the doorway.

He was not dressed for the party, and his little nightgown afforded scant protection against the drafts of the lower room. He was not expected at the party, either, and the expression on his father's face suggested that he was not even welcome there. These considerations might have disturbed an adult guest, but they mattered little to Dicky.

He did not look or speak to any one. Ordinarily his father's sternness would have sent him with a heaving rush to the protection of his mother's arms. Turning neither to the right nor to the left, he went to the window, and, although his eyes were closed, his little hands unlocked the catch that fastened it and opened the great casements without a mistake or hesitation.

His mother, choking back a cry, took a furred wrap and went to cover him. His father looked, half in fright, at his brother, who was standing near.

"Be careful not to wake him suddenly," said Dr. Tom. "He's walking in his sleep."

He raised the child gently in his arms and held him to the full blaze of the great chandelier, but Dicky's closed eyelids never fluttered as the light struck against them.

When his eyes were open he was

(CONTINUED ON LAST PAGE.)

ALL NATIONS DRINK A NEW YEAR'S HEALTH.

reconciliations took place. New Year's calls were made and New Year's gifts

NATIONAL BANK OF CARLSBAD
 United States Depository (Postal Savings)
 DIRECTORS: Morgan Livingston, Vice President; J. N. Livingston, Assistant Cashier; G. M. Richards, Cashier.

Reduced Prices on Lumber
 We are pleased to advise our customers that July First we made a reduction of \$2.50 the thousand on practically all dimensions and grades of yellow pine lumber. We believe this is the lowest price that can be expected on lumber of the grades we carry, and urge intending builders or all those with any prospective work in view, to buy now while prices are low. When the grain crops begin to move lumber is sure to advance. Fifty cents on the thousand off on shingles.
THE GROVES LUMBER CO.

STOP
 Buying Inferior Whiskey—THE JERSEY CREAM (1873) costs you not a penny more.
 L. Epstein & Son, Kentucky Distillers, Fort Worth, Texas.

Keene Barr VULCANIZING
 A SPECIALTY
 All Makes of Tires and Tubes
 Supplies of all kinds on hand. Shop next door to express office.

M. N. Cunningham AUCTIONEER
 Will cry sales in any portion of Eddy County. Have had several years' experience and guarantee satisfaction.
 Address: M. N. CUNNINGHAM, R. F. D. 1 Phone 42 G Carlsbad, N. M.

Carlsbad Furniture Co. UNDERTAKERS
R. M. THORNE
 LICENSED EMBALMER
 Telephone 70

CALL AT THE
WHITE SWAN
 THE HOME OF

Cane Spring Whiskey
 SCHLITZ BEER
 BUDWEISER CENTURY
 ALL KINDS OF BEST BRANDS WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS
W. F. Montgomery, Prop.

Last Will and Testament of Fred T. Nellor, Deceased.
 TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:
 Notice is hereby given that the last Will and Testament of Fred T. Nellor, deceased, has been filed in the probate court of Eddy County, New Mexico, and that January 5, 1914, is the date fixed, by order of said court, for hearing proofs on said Will or any objections to the validity thereof.
 Witness my hand as County Clerk of said Eddy County, N. M., and the official seal of said court, this December 3, 1913.
 A. R. O'QUINN,
 (SEAL) 5-Dec-4 County Clerk.

Dr. W. R. Munger
 OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
 Osteopathy treats all curable conditions successfully. So the Osteopath is rapidly becoming the family physician.
 CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO

The Club Livery and Feed Stable

Thos. Stokes, Owner.
 FINE RIGS AND PROMPT SERVICE
 OPPOSITE HIGHWAY HOTEL—
 Phone 78.

EXCURSIONS
 Los Angeles, Cal., and return... \$79.10
 San Diego, Cal., and return... 79.10
 San Francisco, Cal., and return 89.10
 Tickets on sale daily. Final return limit six months from date of sale. Liberal stop-overs.
HOLIDAY EXCURSION RATES
 To points in Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North and South Carolina, Tennessee, Chicago, Illinois, Kansas City, and St. Louis Mo., Denver, Colorado, Pueblo and Trinidad, Colo. Dates of Sale Dec. 20-21-22. Final return limit, January 18th, 1914.
 For further information see,
A. H. SWEETLAND
 CARLSBAD, N. M.

POULTRY NOTES
 BY C. M. BARNITZ
 RIVERSIDE, PA.
 CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

THAT BACK LOT DIVIDEND.
 It is estimated that Chicago citizens lose \$1,000,000 per year by not utilizing their back yards for poultry, and a glance at back lots in city and town all over the country shows the fact that thousands of acres in the aggregate lie idle that might return a dividend.
 The thrifty Japs make every available foot of soil produce, farming mountains and hills that Americans wouldn't touch.
 Americans are wasters, but the tremendous increase in the cost of food has driven many to see that the soil



Photo by C. M. Barnitz

A FIFTY DOLLAR BACK LOT HOUSE.

is the source of the bread of life, and many now use the back yard for vegetable growing or poultry and eggs.

Some use the lot for summer trucking and buy pullets and keep them only for winter eggs and roasts, disposing of them by spring, thus raising two crops off the same ground, the poultry fertilizing it for vegetable.

Thousands, however, let back yards on which they pay taxes lie idle, from which by light labor they could secure fresh vegetables and poultry products.

By right methods poultry and eggs may be easily produced in back yard henneries at a profit, and should they even cost the market price there is certainly an advantage in having the

house adjourned until 2:30 p. m., tomorrow when the leaders hope to put through a joint resolution for a recess until January 12.
 Republicans who voted for the report: Barton, Burke, South Dakota; Cooper, Cramton, Curry, Davis, Dillon, Esch, Farr, Freer, Haughey, Helgeson, Kelly, Michigan, Kess, Kinkaid, Nebraska, La Follette, Lenroot, Linquist, Miller, Moss, West Virginia, Nelson, Nolan, Norton, Sinnott, Sloan, J. M. C. Smith, Michigan, Samuels, Smith, Michigan, Smith, Minnesota, Stafford, Stevens, Minnesota, Sutherland, Treadway, Young, North Dakota, Minahan, Mapes, Stephens, California, Woodruff.



Photo by C. M. Barnitz

A TWENTY-FIVE DOLLAR BACK LOT HOUSE.

home grown product and a great satisfaction in knowing they are perfectly fresh and pure.

Day old chicks can be purchased and allowed the privilege of running about and feeding on the back yard and the result is a healthy, robust, and profitable poultry.

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CURRENCY BILL PASS
 THIRTY-FOUR REPUBLICANS, ONE INDEPENDENT, ELEVEN PROGRESSIVES JOIN MAJORITY.
CONFEE REPORT BILL BACK WITHOUT ALTERATION

Separate Bill to Provide Guarantee of Deposits Will Be Introduced After the Vacation.
DEBATE BRINGS OUT THE BAD AND GOOD FEATURES OF ACT
 Total Vote, 298 to 68, Upsets the Predictions of the Wise Men—Lively Night Session

Washington, Dec. 22.—The house passed the conference report on the administration currency bill at 10:46 o'clock tonight, by a vote of 298 to 60 and sent the report to the senate, which had waited in session to receive it before adjourning for the night.
 Prolonged and uproarious cheers from the democrats greeted the announcement of the vote by Speaker Clark and many members of the house hastened over to the senate to see the report received there.
 Earlier in the evening, the senate had agreed to vote not later than 2:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon and the leaders regarding it as a certainty that the present bill would be in the hands of President Wilson for his signature before night.

Two Democrats Desert.
 On the final vote, thirty-four republicans, eleven progressives and one independent, Kent, of California, voted with the majority for the report and two democrats, Callaway, of Texas, and Witherspoon, of Mississippi, joined the opposition.

The vote followed a debate of nearly three hours, during which the galleries remained crowded with spectators, including many prominent figures in official life.

The house adjourned until 2:30 p. m., tomorrow when the leaders hope to put through a joint resolution for a recess until January 12.

Republicans who voted for the report: Barton, Burke, South Dakota; Cooper, Cramton, Curry, Davis, Dillon, Esch, Farr, Freer, Haughey, Helgeson, Kelly, Michigan, Kess, Kinkaid, Nebraska, La Follette, Lenroot, Linquist, Miller, Moss, West Virginia, Nelson, Nolan, Norton, Sinnott, Sloan, J. M. C. Smith, Michigan, Samuels, Smith, Michigan, Smith, Minnesota, Stafford, Stevens, Minnesota, Sutherland, Treadway, Young, North Dakota, Minahan, Mapes, Stephens, California, Woodruff.

Progressives who voted for the report: Bell, California, Bryan, Washington, Chandler, Falcner, Hulings, Kelly, Pennsylvania, Lafferty, Murdock, Temple, MacDonald, Thompson, Illinois, Ripley, Woodruff.

House Will Adjourn Today.
 After the announcement of the vote a joint resolution, proposed by Majority leader Underwood, that the house recess upon adjournment tomorrow until January 12, was adopted. The report will be taken up in the senate tomorrow.

Senator Owen announced that a separate bill to provide for guarantee of bank deposits would be considered in the near future. This had been intimated in debate by Chairman Glass, of the house banking committee.

Glass Defends Bill
 Opening the discussion, representative Glass, said the conference had reported the original house bill back "without one single fundamental alteration."

Mr. Glass went over the conference report in detail and defended the note provisions of the bill which had been assailed by bankers and members of the senate.

Representative Hayes, of California, minority member of the house conference committee, criticized the failure of the senate and the conference to remove the provision which makes the government of the United States primarily responsible for the notes it proposes to issue to the regional reserve banks.

Mr. Hayes also declared the bill defective in the provision extending credit on farm loans, maintaining that it was a "gold brick to the farmer" in that only a small percentage of the surplus of the small banks could be loaned to the farmers.

It Regulates Wall Street.
 Rep. Lenroot, of Wisconsin, republican, announced he would vote for the conference report, because he believed it an improvement of both senate and house bills.

"Under this bill," he said, "the reserve in Wall Street can no longer be used in stock speculation, but must be used to meet the commercial needs of the country."

Rep. Moore, of Pennsylvania, characterized the bill as "A travesty upon the democracy's so-called popular rule" and a confession of dictation.

Rep. Guernsey, of Maine, republican said he objected to the bill, chiefly because the reserve board would be controlled by partisan interests.


Representative Ragsdale, of South Carolina, Heflin, of Alabama, and A. Mitchell Palmer, of Pennsylvania, democrats supported the report.

Representative Glass appeared in the house with the conference report just before 6 o'clock and as the clerk began reading there was a rush for the lunch rooms. An hour was required for the formal reading and it was understood that there would be about two hours of debate before the final vote.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
 A Pure Cream of Tartar Powder
 Indispensable to best results—saves worry—saves work—saves money—saves health—saves complaints at table

acterized the bill as "A travesty upon the democracy's so-called popular rule" and a confession of dictation.
 Mann Shows His Teeth.
 Minority Leader Mann closed the debate for the republicans, declaring that democratic control of nine months' duration "had cast its malign influence over two great countries."
 "Mexico," he said, "lies prostrate, bleeding, and America lies prostrate, its men out of employment and its factories closed."
 As a remedy for this he said the democrats proposed to inflate the currency and he predicted it would return to the house "an unwieldy republican majority next November."

Christian & Co., Insurance.
 We want your insurance—F. L. Hopkins & Co.

SHORT A(T)TIRE

 Always carry an extra Pennsylvania Vacuum Cup Tire and you will be really tired. Never start on a journey without every requisite—do not depend upon getting them on the trip. You may not be able to, and certainly not the same grade of supplies as we sell you. Everything for the machine and the chauffeur.
 Get your Pennsylvania Tires at the
Eddy Garage
 CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO.

FATTY'S MOUNTAIN
 Best of Cold Drinks Ice Cream, etc.
Barber Shop Billiards
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Our Query and Reply Department

What is the Almanach de Gotha?
It is a publication containing genealogical and diplomatic statistics which has been issued annually at Gotha, Germany, since 1764. It is published in German and French.

What causes a white frost? Why is there no frost on a cloudy or windy night, even though it is cold enough? Why does frost hit low ground and not high ground?

A white frost is frozen dew or vapor. During the day the surface of the earth and vegetation are warmed by the sun, and when the sun sets they begin to cool off, and the moisture in the atmosphere is condensed and deposited on the cool surfaces. In warm weather the deposit is dew, but in cold weather it is frozen and becomes frost. A frost can only occur when the surface temperature falls below 32 degrees, the freezing point of water. If the temperature is between 32 and 28 degrees it is a light frost; if below 28 it is a heavy or killing frost. Clouds impede the radiation of heat from the earth, thereby preventing it from cooling to the frost point, and an enveloping fog or smoke may do the same thing. Frost may occur in the open country when a town, protected by a smoke cloud, is free from it, and in a valley frost sometimes occurs at the bottom because the layer of air cooled by contact with the cold surface of the higher ground is heavier and settles down. Wind will prevent frost by keeping the air in motion and thus preventing the deposit of moisture.

What was the first railroad in the United States, and when was it chartered?

The first railroad in the United States, the Baltimore and Ohio, was chartered in 1827. The first line was laid July 4, 1828, by Charles Carroll, the last survivor of the signers of the Declaration of Independence.

What word is used to express the sentence, "The Lord watch between me and thee when we are absent one from another?"
Mizpah

Will you kindly give the exact words inscribed on the old Liberty bell now in Philadelphia?

The inscription on the bell reads as follows: "Proclaim liberty throughout the land, unto all the inhabitants thereof" (Lev. xxv, 10).

Why was the District of Columbia so called instead of Columbia territory or something like that?

It was originally called the Territory of Columbia, but it was soon changed to district as a more convenient term. In fact, the term district was in use before territory, and for many years Kentucky was designated as a district of Virginia and Maine as a district of Massachusetts.

A PERSON OF SOME IMPORTANCE

By
LLOYD OSBOURNE

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SYNOPSIS

Matt Broughton leaves the service of John Mort on a Pacific island to return to America. Mort gives him a valuable ring Broughton promises to see nothing about the mysterious Mort and his woman companion. He is shipwrecked and must realize in San Francisco on the ring.

On his way to the Marshall's Matt is detained by an importunate stranger, but Matt is late and cannot listen to him. He tells his love to Chris.

Chris also loves Matt. The stranger, who calls himself Kay, shows Matt an old portrait of Mort and offers him \$50,000 for information about him, but Matt remains loyal.

The ring is flawed, Matt hears from San Francisco, and is worth only \$50. Kay raises his offer to \$100,000 in a railroad car and shows Matt the ring to prove he and his employers are aware Matt knows Mort.

The "thing" is due to a "bad" newspaper story about Broughton's adventures in the Pacific. At a church fair he meets Christine Marshall, daughter of a local magnate.

Matt falls in love with Chris, who tells him to call on her. Dagancourt is anxious to make the deal in the main business in Kentucky.

Mysterious influences lose various positions for Matt, including one as assistant to Dagancourt and demonstration of an automobile.

Matt again refuses and is attacked, but escapes. He tells Chris about Mort, and together they try to puzzle out the strange man's identity.

Chris promises to marry Matt as soon as he gets a job in spite of expected opposition from her wealthy and proud father.

Matt and Chris escape and go to the shore of another island.

CHAPTER XII.

A Mysterious Enemy.

WITH his \$75,000, an interesting occupation before him and a partnership whenever he chose to take it, he felt that all his troubles were over and that his foot at last was on the ladder of independence. He was in a glow of contentment and good will.

It was sad, indeed, when it came to an end. One evening after supper Dagancourt took Matt to one side and with profound depression said that it was "all up."

"It came like a bombshell," he quavered. "You know, I started the business on nothing four years ago and borrowed \$2,500 of Farley, the money lender. Now today he comes up to me and says, old Farley does, out of a clear sky and without the least warning, just as he was writing the receipt in my office with a fountain pen, 'I have to call in that \$2,500, Victor, and will ask you to make an immediate settlement.' I said: 'Marse Farley, that isn't fair. As God sees us, that isn't fair, and I could no more do it than I could fly.' Then he flinches with his fountain pen and sticks it back most careful in his vest pocket and says, 'Then you'll have to get out.'"

"And didn't he make any explanation?"

Matt's attention was disturbed by a thought that grew and grew more insistent as the mulatto poured out the tale of Farley's amazing perfidy. He remembered his singular dismissal from the Y. M. C. A. and, incredible as it might seem, asked himself whether there was not some connection between it and this unexpected catastrophe and whether behind both there was not somehow or other a mysterious connection with Mr. Kay.

"He didn't give me as much as a pinhole to crawl through," Dagancourt continued explosively, "not a week's grace—nothing."

"I believe I can get you out of this," said Matt. "It may be crazy, but let's try it. Here, I'll write it on the back of an envelope."

Victor was astounded; his face, as withered as old leather, screwed itself up into a thousand wrinkles. "Try what?" he demanded.

"You sit down and copy this off and have it in his letter box inside of an hour."

"Dear Mr. Farley—Looking back on our interview, I fear I was not in a state best to explain the prosperous condition of the garage or how really unwise it would be in your own interests to terminate my connection with it. The fact was that I was very much upset by another matter—a row I had had with my demonstrator shortly before you came in. This fellow Broughton acted abominably, and I had to threaten him with a constable before he would go, and afterward he came back again and tried to clean out the shop with a piece of lead pipe. Excuse me for bothering you with all this, but I am sure that if you will let me bring you the books and show you how well the garage is going you will reconsider your wish to call in the note. My agency prospects are very bright, and the sale of two Jones-motors in eighteen days speaks for itself. I feel positive I can satisfy you in regard to everything if you will only be so very kind as to let me come and go over the figures. Respectfully yours,

"VICTOR DAGANCOURT."

"And I'm to write him that?" asked the mulatto. "Sakes alive, Marse Broughton, what in the name of goodness do you want me to do that for?"

"Because I think I know what's the matter with Mr. Farley. I may be wrong, but I believe the whole scheme is simply to get me out of my job. That's why I put in the lead pipe and all that—and mind you, stick to it, Victor, for all you're worth."

"But why should Farley do that? Excuse me, Marse Broughton, but you are all off. I ought as well send him a picture post card of the Masonic building as this here letter."

"Victor, it's like this: I have got hold of a little piece of a big secret—something extraordinary, inexplicable, involving the best friend I have in the world, and I am on my honor to him to keep my mouth shut. If it wasn't for that promise I'd tell you everything. You get that letter off to Farley as quick as you can."

"It ain't a bit of use, sir. Really and truly, Marse Broughton, it ain't a bit of use."

"Do it to oblige me, anyhow."

"All right, Marse Broughton; though couldn't you cut out some of the humbug, please?"

"Not a bite of it! You write it just the way it is and then leave it at his house tonight."

The next morning Matt treated himself to the luxury of getting up late—so late, indeed, that Dagancourt had already gone, leaving no message. But he returned soon with the tidings that the letter had been miraculously successful. Yes, old Farley, after a pretense of examining the books, had professed himself entirely satisfied; the notes were not to be called in; everything was to go on as before; the garage was saved!

"What clinched it was when I said I'd have to find another boarding place," added Dagancourt, with a puckered grin; "said I was afraid to stop where you was, may the Lord forgive me. For God's sake, get away from here, Marse Broughton, or worse may come of it. Get away quick, and here's \$150 I drew at the bank."

Matt pushed the money back. "No, no, Victor," he exclaimed; "I'm going to stick it out. I am going to stay in Manawan if it ruins wildcats!"

After losing two more positions through the machinations of his mysterious foe Matt succeeded in getting a job on the water front. But what he had not reckoned on was the overmastering, crushing fatigue that made it impossible to keep it. A man unaccustomed to severe and prolonged manual labor has little chance on the docks. Matt, working one day and often recuperating for two, exerted every nerve to find less killing employment. Sullivan,

the boss steredore, told him the Mountain View quarry was to be opened up with forty Hungarians and that he had recommended Matt for gang foreman of the place. "You're to drive out on Sunday morning and talk it over," said Sullivan.

The place was a lonely one, and Matt, scenting trouble, took Dagancourt, an auto, two mechanics and a shotgun for each. The quarry was deserted, but they found a highwayman's mask on the ground and hurried away as fast as the auto tow wagon could go. The plot, whatever it was, had failed when the unknown conerers saw Matt and his armed companions. Miles away Matt and his friends stopped for luncheon. Soon Chris, riding beside her father, came



Suddenly There Was a Flash of a Whip.

past. Matt found himself holding her bridle, talking and listening with breathless animation. She had not been able to stay away longer. She loved him and would say it before the world, promise or no promise. It had been unbearable, and she had succeeded in what they had planned? No, he had not. It was a bitter confession, but he had not. They had got him out of one thing after another; had forced him to his knees. He had been persecuted and hunted till he was well nigh crazy. Over all was another voice stridently crying: "Let go my daughter's horse, sir! Do you hear, sir? Let go my daughter's horse!" a voice vibrating with passion and yet immeasurably distant and as unconsidered as the drone of a wasp.

Suddenly there was a flash of a whip and a stinging blow cut across Matt's face. Another flash, a scream, and he had wrenched the whip from a writhing old hand and was about to lash out with it himself on that convulsive and raging figure. To his dying day he was thankful he threw it from him instead, dizzily refraining as he realized it was Chris' father and that he must not strike an old man.

Then the two horses took fright and bolted, hurling Matt to the ground, from which he looked after them on one elbow, oblivious of everything but Chris' safety. But she was as good a rider as her father and as spirited as her own thoroughbred. She was keeping her seat in that headlong gallop and, leaning back like a little jockey, was jerking manfully at the curb. But nothing could have checked those horses. They were uncontrollable in their terror. Straining neck and neck, they diminished and disappeared, leaving Matt sick with fear.

Christine was not injured, and that evening a plump, middle-aged woman came to the boarding house and gave him this note:

My Darling—I am sending you this by my Swiss maid, Flexner, whom don't trust too much. She will tell you what I have planned for I am so used up, so distracted, that I cannot write it, though I have tried twice. I am at the end of my courage and everything and if we don't snatch at our happiness now we shall lose it forever. It was wicked of me to strike you. Wicked, wicked, wicked! Let Flexner do all the talking till you understand. Don't think she is devoted. It's because I promised her 2000 dollars, and that is a fortune in her country where I suppose she will settle down and wait for the rest of her days. She is very sharp, so be cautious. Oh, if I could only talk to you myself! But I love you, and who will show you how much. Adieu.

CHRIS.

P. S.—When I shall have paid the \$10,000 I shall have \$12 left.

Matt pondered a moment and then inquired, "You are Flexner?"

"Yes, sir."

"Will you please give me your message?"

"My young lady wishes to do a very foolish thing," said Flexner, with a disapproving purring of her mouth. "She wants you to run away with her tomorrow morning. You are to get a carriage, or, better, an automobile and pick her up tomorrow morning at 4 o'clock at the Fair Oaks' entrance. Previously I shall have packed a small portmanteau and placed it outside the house, and all next day I will inform her father that she is ill and cannot be disturbed. By this means you reach Middleborough without trouble and get married, and then take the train to New York. From New York you will travel to San Francisco, and there you stay, no matter how poor, how starving, till the opportunity arises to go to that place where you have a friend—a very rich, queer man—whom once you served and who will take you back in employment."

"John Mort," said Matt to himself. "She says it must be now or not at all, for she cannot be so brave twice. She says desperate people have to take

desperate chances. She asks you to answer yes or no."

Matt made a hasty calculation. He had almost a hundred dollars. This, with Chris' \$82, would easily get them to California, with something to spare. He told Flexner that his answer was "Yes" and put into the word a warmth that he hoped she would carry to her mistress. She was to say that he had \$97 and would carry out his instructions implicitly; was also to say that she was the pluckiest girl in the world. At half past 8 Matt and Dagancourt were at the gates of Fair Oaks.

There was a sound of voices, of feet running, of muffled exclamations in the dark. A slight figure murmured faintly, "Oh, Matt, is it you?" and clung to him. In an instant they were speeding through the deep dell again, engulfed in the night.

Matt's recollection of his elopement was both strangely blurred and strangely vivid. He was tired to exhaustion, and so was Chris. Nothing could keep them long awake, not even the ecstasy of being together. Yet that dawn was the most imperishable memory of his life as he looked down at her, nestled beside him, with the heavy lashes fringing her cheeks. She opened her sleepy eyes and nestled closer—and closer still when he whispered it was their wedding day.

They say responsibility gravitates to the shoulders fit to bear it. In this case the shoulders were Dagancourt's, and his was the directing spirit. He had charged himself with the whole business and had thought out a plan of campaign in which the others were merely to do what they were bid. They did so meekly, bewildered and happy at this fresh instance of the first being last and the last first.

The ring was bought, the license obtained, and a benighted fossil recited the marriage ceremony in a stuffy parlor. Victor slipped a ten dollar note in his not unwilling hand, and the couple left the stuffy parlor married.

At Claremont they caught the New York express, and Dagancourt, who had taken the tickets, hurried them through a Pullman to the compartment he had reserved.

"How do you stand, Victor?" Matt asked. "Two for the honeymoon, for Mr. What-does-it-call him, and oh, yes—the ring that's five more, seventeen—and the auto, I must upon paying for that—and the tickets. For heaven's sake, be quick about it or they'll start the train!"

"Marse Broughton, you aren't as well fixed as you ought to be," said Dagancourt, "and—and so I think we'll just let it stand over if you don't mind."

"Stand over? I should say not! Here, take thirty-five and call it square!"

"It can never be that between you and me, sir," returned Victor, with a drop of the lower lip that made him look the embodiment of guilt. "I'm powerful fond of you, Marse Broughton, and—and it would be a great favor if you would just accept it—temporary. Like you might from a white man," he added stammeringly, "only temporary, till you sort of get settled, and—"

"I'll take it," Matt said brokenly, "and I won't pretend it isn't a gift."



She Opened Her Eyes and Nestled Closer.

either—God knows, I need it, Victor, and I—I thank you."

They waved farewell, as it were, to all their past life as well as to that shabby figure receding behind them. The new one seemed to date from the moment they found themselves alone together for the first time since dawn; as they looked at each other—that haggard, unshaven man, that pale girl, thus unflinchingly taking their fate into their own hands.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

Christian & Co., Insurance.

Dual Purpose Cattle.

It is a well known fact that no breed of cows can produce both beef and butter from the same food, says Hoard's Dairyman. If she makes her feed into butter worth 30 cents per pound she cannot at the same time make the same feed into beef worth from 6 to 10 cents per pound. It is true that there are certain cows on record, a few of them, that have produced milk and butter fat at a profit and have borne a good beef calf annually. These cows are the exception and not the rule of any breed.

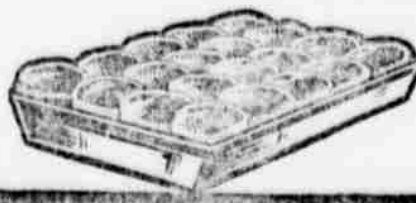
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EXTENSION OF PLAYGROUNDS

Oriental Are Adopting the Idea From America.

PLAYGROUNDS OF THE EAST

A Sacramento Business Man Tells of Introducing American System in the East—Filipino Legislature Quick to Appreciate Work Toward Social Betterment.

On a recent trip around the world C. M. Goethe, a business man of Sacramento, Cal., sought to spread among missionaries and the leaders of the "new east," the message of the American movement for play and recreation. Prior to this journey he had established a playground at an orphanage in Sacramento and helped to organize the playground work of the city. He and Mrs. Goethe are now backing playground work in Calcutta until a point is reached where the government will take it over, and they are also contributing the American share toward a playground leader in Korea.

Mr. Goethe has written an article for the Survey on the spread of the American recreation movement in the countries in the orient, in which he says that China shows the most progress. The title of his subject is "Exporting Playgrounds." In the course of it he says:

"Recreation is a world need. To what extent has our splendid American recreation movement spread to the countries of the orient? There are only a few little beginnings. A start has been made in Manila. Through the cooperation of the Young Men's Christian association and the Play-ground and Recreation association, a committee was appointed to Acting Governor General Gilbert, who granted an appropriation for an experimental playground in the Tondo, a congested district. Success came at the very first. The attendance ran into the sands.

"The effort now is for a complete Manila system, and then should come extension throughout the islands. The



AN EXAMPLE FOR THE EAST.

Filipino legislature is quick to appreciate work toward social betterment. Members return to their homes with strong convictions that their towns should have the same improvements as the capital.

"Talk of the typical Chinese merchant of Singapore or Penang, owner of tin mines and plantations of pineapple and rubber, with one son perhaps at Princeton, another at Oxford, who

BRIEF DAIRY LORE.

The calf stall should be plentifully supplied with good, clean, dry bedding.

No dairy man should forget that his barn is a place where human food is produced.

Observe with care and note as a first point that a cow should have a large and ample sized body.

A brush or old whisk broom is handy to brush off loose hair and dirt from the udder before milking.

What the dairy industry needs most is an improved breed of dairymen instead of a new breed of cows.

The choice pure bred calf would be a splendid and most appropriate gift for either the boy or the girl.

To a certain extent nature provides for the comfort and food supply of the dairy cow in the summer time, but if we depend too greatly upon nature in the winter time we may find our returns somewhat unprofitable.

KEEP STABLES CLEAN.

Filthy Horse Stalls Almost Certain to Produce Disease.

Light, air and dryness of bedding are the requirements for a sanitary horse stable. In most cases the stable is at fault. It will be unkind deep in wet manure and soggy trash. The man who permits such a condition to exist will use the currycomb and brush only when he feels like it.

Muddy roads, filthy stable floors and lack of proper care of the horses' feet are nearly certain to result in an attack of "scratches" some time during the winter.

Scratches is an inflammation resulting from dirt, filth and cold, aggravated by driving or working in the mud. It is hard to cure. Prevention is easy compared with curing the cracks and raw sores that accompany the irritation.

Briefly stated, this trouble may be prevented by keeping the stall clean and removing the mud from the horse's feet. If there are no holes to collect urine and liquid filth in the stable floor, if manure is promptly removed and plenty of dry bedding is provided, there will be no appearance of scratches.

Some of the conservative business men of the county seat are just at present exercised about the quality of brick being placed in the walls of the new court house addition—not the political wire-pullers, mind you—but patient, conservative citizens, who believe public interests should be considered in the same light as private business. The Advocate editor is not an expert on brick. In fact, he has come into actual contact with gold brick at numerous times in his corduroy career without detecting anything spurious until long after, but "there are those" at Carlsbad who do pretend to save the game who do not hesitate to say the material referred to is punk. They even go so far as to intimate that the said brick is no better than warmed-over mud, though lacking the compactness and durability of ordinary adobe. This statement is interesting, if true. Eddy county is erecting the present building because the one put up some years ago is in a dangerous condition and there is mighty poor business in piling up another mud wall to crumble in a few years. If conditions are so bad as represented to the Advocate, the contractor should be restrained from putting the material in the wall. The supposition however, on the part of its Carlsbad friends that the Advocate is the sole and only constituted authority to save the taxpayers from pillage is somewhat exaggerated. If they have the fact flaunted before their eyes every day that the material is worthless, we would suggest that the remedy is within their power, without having to depend upon people a-way from home to start a relief movement. In fact, a movement for reform emanating from the county seat would be doubly appreciated by taxpayers of the county generally.

The above from the facile pen of the talbot, (or long eared, big headed hound) of the Advocate at Artesia is only one of the whole cloth, made up lies he has been disseminating for some time. If the talbot can name a single citizen of the county seat who says the brick being placed in the court house addition are not the very best material, he can do more than can any person in Carlsbad. The facts are, the above article is a whole cloth lie; pure and simple, and one of the brick should be tried on the head of the lying hound that concocted the story, just to show him how good they are. Talbot has, during the past few years endeavored to run an electric light proposition and went broke. He is now endeavoring to make a fortune by blackmailing the county board.

Wonder if the Talbot can tell how much Artesia paid for the water works—that town and how much such a plant can be built for?

There is to be a big fight made and congress is to be asked to turn over all the government lands in big leases to the big stock men. There is at least one state in the Union that cannot be induced to give big leases and that is Texas, for the four and eight section laws have proved that the land can be held by the people in small tracts and that the four section homestead is large enough.

The following from the Roswell News shows what is being done in the matter at present:

In a few days a meeting of the cowmen, sheepmen and the business men of Chaves county will be called to start a move to have Chaves county citizens line up with the citizens of Eddy and Roosevelt counties in an endeavor to have the secretary of the interior at Washington to use his influence in having a government domain lease law effective, so that the stock men will not be subject to indictment in the federal courts when they build drift fences on the public domain.

This action is brought about by: First, the absence of a law legalizing stockmen to build drift fences on the public domain and has been brought to a speedy action by the action of the United States government in enforcing the law which heretofore has been dormant in this section. Several Eddy and Chaves county stockmen have been indicted and will appear before the federal court, Judge William H. Pope, presiding at its session beginning here, February 9, 1914. Other stockmen have been advised to remove their fences.

Eddy and Roosevelt counties have already started a movement to act.

While Governor W. C. McDonald was in the Pecos Valley last week stockmen took the matter up with him and he promised to at once write the secretary of the department of the interior asking a thirty-day stay in the execution of the law. In the meantime he has promised, stockmen say, to go with a delegation from the

THE POPULAR VOTING CONTEST

three counties to Washington, D. C., to put the justice of their claims before congress.

Considering the size of this community, we have been called upon to mourn more than our share of tragic deaths within the past few months, and that two of the four should come from the gun "that is not loaded" is very remarkable. Some may say fate had willed it but when one sees little children with toy pistols pointing them at passers by it occurs to the thoughtful that deaths from the unloaded gun are few and far between when the circumstances are considered. The child snaps a toy pistol and as he comes to half grown the sport of the toy pistol becomes tame and the big shot gun or revolver seems to afford more interest or excitement and from pointing the toy to pointing the gun is only a step. Then, after innumerable times of pointing and snapping the young become careless and the result is that there are more people killed each year with "the didn't know it was loaded" gun than from almost any other one cause. The heart rending grief, brought on by terrible tragedies in such cases is generally greater to the one who points the gun than to even those near and dear if such can be. That some law should be enacted making it a crime to point any gun, even the toy pistol, at another, is generally conceded, and the sooner it is learned that habit is formed from such acts and that they are responsible for many lives the sooner steps will be taken to stop the pointing of any kind of guns at other people or even at ones self and the sooner will such awful tragedies cease.

The latest in railway news for this section is filing of incorporation papers for the Gulf, New Mexico and Pacific Railway Co. at Roswell last Friday. This line is to connect the New Mexico Central at Torrance with this valley. The chances are if the line is built as projected that the plan from Roswell south will be to absorb this end of the Santa Fe to Pecos and continue the line on to the Gulf for the Santa Fe is very anxious to dispose of the line from here to Pecos and if the laws of Texas would permit it the road would have been torn up long ago.

It is said that government ownership of the nation's telephone lines would entail an expense of no less than \$300,000,000. If the government would build its own lines over a portion of the phone lines might be purchased at a lower figure, and it would be just as fair as to destroy the express companies by the parcel post as is being done.

They Got Stalled.
James Webb, Willis Anderson and Glen Everman started from El Paso where they are working, Monday morning to visit their parents here. They started in an automobile and on account of the snow only got as far as Tularosa.

Such items as the above prove the contention of this paper that the route via the Sacramento is impossible when the Guadalupe route is in good shape. The mail auto running to Queen has made the round trip in a day every mail day and has never been laid out on account of weather. It would be a waste of cash to expend it on the Sacramento route while the Guadalupe route is shorter.

A Hot Job

This also appears to be a hard hard world from the viewpoint of the Everett Enterprise, which observes: "The stork disappears and we look into the cradle and behold a male child. After running the gauntlet of measles, mumps, and chicken pox he enters school. At the age of 10 he is a red headed, freckle faced boy and the terror of the neighborhood. At 12 he is apprentice in a printing office. At 18 he has acquired two cases of long primer and an army press, and is the editor of a country newspaper. At 20 he is married. At 30 he is the father of a large family. At 35 he is a corpse in a cheap pine coffin, and as 500 delinquent subscribers file past his bier for the last time, they are heard to say: "He was a good fellow, but he couldn't save his money."

How about that railway to Hope from Artesia? Will the man who paid his hard cash to construct the grade ever get his pay? Talbot might explain why he charges Eddy County \$10 every time he meets with the road board when the law specifies that the road boards shall receive no compensation.

We want your insurance—P. L. Hopkins & Co.

Elegant Obermeyer & Sons Piano and Other Valuable Prizes to be Awarded to The Successful Candidates.

CURRENT AND CARLSBAD MERCHANTS GIVE PRIZES

Read The Announcement and Particulars on Another Page of This Issue, and Get in the Game.

The Current last week inaugurated the greatest voting contest ever held in this section of the state, and one which we believe will arouse a great deal of interest.

This contest will extend over a period of 90 days, and at the close of the contest some lady in Carlsbad or vicinity will be the proud possessor of a handsome \$400 piano.

On another page of this issue will be found a full explanation of the contest, and the rules which will govern it, and a list of beautiful and useful auxiliary prizes which will be given by the progressive merchants of the city. There are a great number of prizes besides the piano, any one of which will be well worth winning, and every contestant who gets out and makes any kind of a hustle will be sure of winning a handsome prize even if

she doesn't win the piano.

This contest is put on under the auspices of the Publisher's Music Co., of Chicago, who will have charge of the arrangements. This company makes a business of conducting these popular voting contests and at present has a number of them under way in this and other states.

Some popular lady will have a beautiful piano as the result of this contest, and a number of others will have beautiful prizes of various kinds.

Read the rules elsewhere in this issue, inspect the offerings of the merchants, and learn how you may secure votes for yourselves or friend.

Use the 25-vote coupon in this issue and cast it for some one, as it may be the starter of a winner. Fill out the nominating blank and send it or hand it in to the Current office, as this may be the means of helping some deserving lady to win a handsome piano or some of the other valuable prizes enumerated in this list.

This contest is, without doubt, the biggest business getting enterprise that has ever been presented to the people of Carlsbad and vicinity.

While the Current enjoys a good business, nevertheless we are always reaching out after more and in our present method of helping others, we hope in return to help ourselves. We expect to increase our subscription list

25 Vote Coupon

Send this vote to the Current office within 15 days from date and it will count for TWENTY-FIVE VOTES. No money is required with this Coupon.

VOTE FOR _____
December 19, 1913

Nominating Blank

POPULAR VOTE CONTEST

I hereby nominate or suggest the name of _____
Address _____
As a lady worthy to become a candidate in your Popular Voting Contest. I present this name with the distinct understanding and agreement that the editor shall not divulge my name. This does not obligate me in any way whatever.
Signed _____
Address _____

Biff! Bing! Bang! And Then Some!

This is how the Epworth League social was pulled off last Tuesday evening at the Thayer home. There was something doing all the time, and some of the bewildered guests wondered how a church society could put things through in this lively fashion. But the League is live, and up and doing all the time.

Among the Christmas games played which were many, was "Mistle-Toe-Kisses" which sounds alright, doesn't it? Then "Hunting For Nuts," to the tune of several good live marches played by Miss Laura Smith, then the base ball fans had a chance to show their skill by throwing snow-balls at a cluster of sleigh bells, hung from a holly wreath; Mona Heard and Helen Cowan were pretty well at this game. But you should have seen the outfit carrying snowballs across the room on table spoons and putting each one in a stocking, so a forfeit was given for each one missed. While most of the guests were playing hard at a blindfold game in which the victim who was blindfolded walked away from the lighted candle and was spun around five or six times, then wandered to some far distant corner and blew vigorously at a pretty fern, or some fair damsel's golden hair, thinking it to be the candle; as I say, while some were doing this stunt, others were off in another corner, rather secluded, of course, playing at the good old game "Rook". But then this isn't the best, the eats soon came into play, which consisted of chocolate, coffee, all kinds of cakes, nuts, apples, candies, and last, but not least, "kisses". Well, some early risers began leaving about 11:15, but others stayed past the turning hour.

The president was master of ceremonies, and sure kept things moving and when the guests began leaving, Ted and the reception committee gave them the "glad hand", extending to all a cordial invitation to come again. Thanks, most heartily, to the Thayers for their kindness in turning the house over to the League, and also to the social committee, for such a fine program.

at an exceedingly rapid rate, and thereby benefit the advertiser.

Remember that a number of our leading merchants are interested in this contest and give 25-vote coupons with every dollar cash purchase. Also those who do not fully understand the rules and regulations of this contest can call or write this office and we will be pleased to go over the proposition with them.

Remember to have your friends trade with them merchants who are giving the coupons. They are reliable trades people as follows:

Eddy Drug Store.
R. M. Thorne.
Joyce-Pruit Co.
J. R. Linn.
H. H. Dilley.
Roberts-Debarborne Hardware Co.
The Groves Lumber Co.

About forty-five were present.

A GUEST.
The Christmas exercises at Grace church were called off owing to the death of George Finlay, a member of the Sunday school.

Christian & Co., Insurance.

Sickly children need WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE. It not only destroys worms, if there be any, but it acts as a strengthening tonic in the stomach and bowels. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by All Druggists.

Baxter Culp and wife, came in from Monument in their car, with Whit Knowles and Miss Vera Boyd, where later the young folks were married. They are still in the city and made this office a pleasant call.

Bert Sands, Tuesday, sold to Col. W. S. Williams, the stock man ranching some forty miles north east, a fine new Chalmers Six. This is a similar car to the one sold John Hart some two weeks ago and that one has given such excellent satisfaction that Mr. Hart advised Col. Williams to purchase one like it.

Christian & Co., Insurance.

Happy New Year

I wish all my friends and patrons a Happy New Year

Yours for a square deal

Milton Smith

Christmas Tree at Methodist Church.

Wednesday night at the Methodist church the annual treat and tree was given.

A program was presented by the girls of the Intermediate League, as follows:

The Christmas Story—Lucile Johnson.
Song—"A Merry Christmas"—Gladys Bush.

Piano Solo—Alice Walter.

Recitation—Jewel Moore.

Solo, "When the Roses Bloom in Heaven"—Grace Stevenson.

Reading—Winnie Dishman.

Instrumental Duet—Marie Lee Newton, Winnie Dishman.

Recitation—Serena Perry.

Dialogue—"The Star of Bethlehem"—By nine girls.

Tableau.

At the conclusion of the program Santa appeared with his treat of candy oranges and apples and the children went home happy.

Christmas at the Presbyterian Sunday School.

The Presbyterian Sunday school gave the following very interesting program, Wednesday evening at 7:30:

Prayer by Rev. A. A. Davis.

Recitation—Opening Address—William Fessenden.

Recitation—Margaret Hegler.

Recitation—George Blair.

Song—Miss Grove's class.

Recitation—Frank Lucas.

Exercise—Nellie Linn, Rena rFelman, Helen Wright.

Recitation—Howard Johns.

Vocal Duet—Dorothy Swigart and Elizabeth Allbritton.

Recitation—Agnes Thorne.

Recitation—Archer Woodwell.

Recitation—Glenn Jackwood.

Song—Mrs. Williams' class.

Recitation—Russell Crawford.

Christmas Exercise—Donald Swigart, Wallace Thorne, Wallace Vest.

Song—Miss Heard's class.

Song—School.

SANTA CLAUS.

St. Edwards Catholic church observed Christmas in a very impressive and beautiful manner. The altar was decorated with beautiful altar cloths and evergreens, the artistic work of the Altar Society. Just as the dawn rose over the hills, little children, the girls in white dresses, began singing in the library and entered through the sacristy into the body of the church, and surrounded the crib where lay the image of the Little Child who came to bring light and life into the world. Above hung the Star, and near by were the shepherd's feeding their flocks. The decorations were very beautiful and much admired and will be kept in place for some days that all may have an opportunity of seeing them.

Rev. J. N. S. Webb has had to make some changes in his appointments because of bad weather. However, he expects to preach at Malaga next Sunday at 2 P. M., and at Loving next Sunday at 11 A. M. He will also preach at Otis the first Sunday in each month and at Rocky Arroya School House the 2nd Sunday.

Sam Lusk, youngest son of V. H. Lusk, is spending the holidays at the home of his father in Eddy County. Sam is a student at the New Mexico Military Institute at Roswell.

John A. Hartshorn last week purchased the farm of I. N. Hoag, east of Malaga, and will run the same as a hog ranch. Mr. Hartshorn already owns about 200 registered red hogs and in connection with his hogs he will superintend the alfalfa and hog ranch belonging to the Harroun Land Company, just across the river. Mr. Harroun owns about 300 registered hogs.

Christian & Co., Insurance.

NOW HER FRIENDS HARDLY KNOW HER

But This Does Not Bother Mrs. Burton, Under the Circumstances.

Houston, Texas.—In an interesting letter from this city, Mrs. S. C. Burton writes as follows: "I think it is my duty to tell you what your medicine, Cardui, the woman's tonic, has done for me.

I was down sick with womanly trouble, and my mother advised several different treatments, but they didn't seem to do me any good. I lingered along for three or four months, and for three weeks, I was in bed, so sick I couldn't bear for any one to walk across the floor.

My husband advised me to try Cardui, the woman's tonic. I have taken two bottles of Cardui, am feeling fine, gained 15 pounds and do all of my housework. Friends hardly know me, I am so well."

If you suffer from any of the ailments so common to women, don't allow the trouble to become chronic. Begin taking Cardui to-day. It is purely vegetable, its ingredients acting in a gentle, natural way on the weakened womanly constitution. You run no risk in trying Cardui. It has been helping weak women back to health and strength for more than 50 years. It will help you. At all dealers.

Write to: Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions on your case and 24-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper. 50c-5

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Able, and daughter, Miss Barbara, of Kansas City, were in Carlsbad over Christmas visiting the family of Judge S. I. Roberts. They expect to leave for their home tonight.

Among many pleasant family dinners Christmas Day, was that held by the May family at the home of William May and wife, near Otis. Chas. May, wife and daughter, Florence and John May, attended from here and report a good time and a fine dinner.

Wm. May has been working this week at the Reclamation service building, in this city, on the crop census for the year 1913. The census brings out the fact that a larger acreage is being irrigated under the Carlsbad Project than ever before.

One of the very pleasant features of the entertainment given at the Methodist church Christmas eve, was a duet by the two sons of Judge and Mrs. J. W. Armstrong, Stewart and John. "Always Got A Girl Named Daisy" was the title of the song which delighted all who heard it.

J. S. Crozier, who has been a resident of Carlsbad for a long time, has closed out his business here and is now a resident of El Paso. His family had preceded him some months.

Christian & Co., Insurance.

Mail Orders.

Particular attention will be given all mail orders for Cane Spring or other brands of good liquors. W. F. MONTGOMERY, Carlsbad, N. M. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Christian & Co., Insurance.

DR. J. W. LACKEY
Physician and Surgeon

OFFICE IN DR. PARR BUILDING

Phone 165.

J. F. Butler Photographer

DEALER IN FILMS, CAMERAS, CHEMICALS, AND CYKO PAPER

CARLSBAD LOCAL ITEMS

Joe Plowman came in from Dog Canon Wednesday.

Holly Benson and wife spent Christmas in Carlsbad.

Chris Walter came in from the Benson ranch to spend Christmas with home folk.

Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Queen were in town Monday, coming up from Malaga in their car.

P. Moody, the stock shipper, left Tuesday to spend Christmas with his family in Kansas City.

Madam Thorne and Miss English spent Christmas with the family of Harry Thorne at Roswell.

Rich Carter, wife and baby Alice are in the city for the holidays from their home in Hagerman.

Miss Anna McMahan left Sunday for Clovis where she will spend the Christmas holidays with home folk.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Beeman were up from the lower valley the first of the week, trading with Carlsbad merchants.

John Plowman and wife of Malaga were in town Monday in their new Ford. They came to do Christmas shopping.

C. H. Dishman spent Christmas in the city, coming from Malaga where he has been doing carpenter work and returning there this morning.

Mrs. B. L. Walker left Wednesday for her old home at Socorro, where she will spend the holidays visiting a daughter and other relatives.

Miss Lucy Baird, who has been in Metcalfe, Arizona, teaching school, since September, came in Wednesday night for the Christmas vacation.

Theodore Delk, J. J. S. Smith, E. W. Delk, Benjamin S. Kuykendall, all of Rocky Arroya, were in the city this week, hunting Santa Claus.

Mike Irabarne, the sheep man, has been in town for a week to spend the Christmas holidays. Mike has his sheep over in Dog canon at present.

Miss Walz, recently of Long Beach, California, has kindly consented to sing at the Methodist church Sunday school at 9:45 next Sunday morning.

Judge S. D. Stennis made a flying trip to Santa Fe the last of last week returning Wednesday evening, in time to celebrate Christmas with his family.

J. I. Penny spent a good part of last week in the Plains country, near Lovington, going out to deliver some instruments sold to parties in that section.

Miss Beulah Reiff, of Lake Arthur, a former Carlsbad girl, came down the first of the week and will spend Christmas holidays with Carlsbad friends.

Ned Shattuck came in last Friday, bringing his son, Oliver, who was accidentally thrown from a horse and dragged some distance. The boy was badly bruised.

Holland and Fred Bass, sons of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Bass, who reside on the old Robb place west of the city, came in from Metcalfe, Arizona, to spend Christmas at home.

Married at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Necessary, in this city, Christmas Day, by Rev. J. N. S. Webb, J. W. Ham and Miss Clover Splain, both of Carlsbad, New Mexico.

J. T. Beach was in from Black river this morning and reports everything all right in his part of the country. While in the city Mr. Beach called and subscribed for the Current.

Rev. S. I. Seder, of Albuquerque, is in the city and will preach on state-wide prohibition at the Baptist church next Sunday at 11 o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Montgomery and son, left Monday morning on the 7 o'clock train for Taylor County, Texas, where they will visit Mr. Montgomery's relatives during the holidays.

Len Adams was brought in to the Anderson sanitarium for treatment Wednesday. The nature of the disease has not been definitely decided upon, but it is thought an operation may need to be performed.

Among other family dinners served Christmas Day was one at which Mrs. H. F. Christian was the hostess at her home in North Carlsbad. A delightful menu was served and the guests were twenty-six in number. Twenty were seated at one long table and six children at another, the guests all being relatives: Mr. and Mrs. Breeding and children; Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Dean and children; Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Reed and children and Mrs. Mary Reed Miller and son Will.

Harry Stephenson received a rather unusual Christmas present for Christmas, it being a beautiful Jersey heifer. The gift was from his father, Edwin Stephenson, and was much appreciated by the recipient. Needless to say, it was not in his stocking.

Builders are at work on the new home of Frank Jones, west of the Sisters' Sanitarium, and it is being hurried to completion. The house makes a fine appearance and will add another to the many beautiful homes of Carlsbad.

Coyote Round-up.
Those owners of good dogs are requested to bring them to Knowles on New Year's Day. There will be a coyote roundup and you are expected to bring good, strong fighting dogs and no guns. The wolves are located near here and the idea is to surround the territory in which they are and close in on them and with the experienced dogs teach the others to kill the varmints.—Knowles News.

Superintendents Starkweather and McMahon and Road Master Willard Keen came in Monday evening with the intention of going down the line but went back north Tuesday morning on account of a snow blockade west of Vaughn.

J. B. J. Cameron writes his old friend C. M. Richards of the National Bank of Carlsbad that he will visit his parents in Galveston during the holidays and will probably tarry a day in Carlsbad on his return to his home in Victoria, B. C. J. O. has many friends in Carlsbad who will be glad to again meet him.

A Birthday Party.
Monday Fritz Scheel, two-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Cuno Scheel, was given a birthday party at the home of his grandparents, Captain and Mrs. Arthur Lenau. Three boys and three girls babies occupied the table and were treated to things that babies love, while their mothers were served a fine salad and coffee course. Fritz received some nice presents and a general good time resulted. Those present were Nannie Ervin Little, Virginia Katherine Fullingim and Evelyn Moore Kircher; the boys were: the guest of honor, Fritz Scheel, F. E. and Edwin Little. Souvenirs were given, toy tea sets to the girls and French harps to the boys. The guests were Mesdames Little, Kircher, Scheel, and Fullingim.

Mrs. Mary C. Beers, mother of W. Beers, the Carlsbad baker, arrived in town last week from her home in Emporia, Kansas, and intends spending the remainder of the winter with the family of her son, in Carlsbad.

The true Christmas spirit was in the hearts of Mr. and Mrs. Fullingim when they extended invitations to the bachelor boys of the Otis community to eat Christmas dinner at their home. Their generous hospitality and turkey dinner excelled by none made a day long to be remembered by those who partook.

The school board last Saturday received the money from the sale of the bonds recently voted, by the people of the district for the erection of a school building in this city. The bonds were purchased by James N. Wright and Company, of Denver, Colorado.

Among other improvements in Carlsbad recently should be mentioned the work done on the Government building. The offices up-stairs have all been newly plastered, and the wood work varnished and other improvements made. A new roof has been put on the building, the old one having given out entirely.

The regular meeting of Carlsbad Lodge No. 21, A. F. & A. M., will be held tonight at the Masonic Hall, at 7:30 o'clock. The installation of the officers elected at that meeting will take place tomorrow night, that being St. John's night, when officers are regularly installed.

The Utilities company sent a force of men to Malaga, this morning, and will run a line out to the Billingsley place, some two or three miles from Malaga.

Seder—Grantham.

At the home of the bride's parents Judge and Mrs. D. G. Grantham, on Greene's Highlands, Carlsbad, Wednesday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock, Miss Mary Aline Grantham became the wife of Professor Arthur Raymond Seder.

The ceremony uniting the couple in the bonds of matrimony was performed by Rev. J. I. Seder, of Albuquerque, father of the groom. Owing to a recent bereavement in the bride's family, the affair was strictly private; no one but the immediate family being present.

Professor Seder is a graduate of the New Mexico University, of Albuquerque and a young man of high ideals and aspirations. He was the principal of Carlsbad High School for two years, and it was while filling that position, that he met the young lady who is now his wife, and finding her such a lovable pupil, decided to teach her for life. He is the son of Rev. J. I. Seder, of Albuquerque, who is superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, of this state.

Every one in Carlsbad knows, and loves, Aline Grantham Seder. A graduate of our High School of the class of 1911, she carried off the honors of the class, and later attended Randolph-Macon College for young ladies at Lynchburg, Virginia. Beautiful in person and manner, she added to these attractions, a kindly heart, and a smile that fell like sunshine on all around her. She will be greatly missed in social and church life in Carlsbad, where she has been recognized as a leader.

Mr. and Mrs. Seder are both practical, industrious young people and we, with their other friends, predict and wish for them a life replete with all that goes to make life a success in the best sense of the word. They left this morning for Clovis where they will reside.

Married.

Wednesday afternoon at 3:30, at the residence of the bride's parents, in La Huerta, Corbett T. Harkey was united in marriage to Miss Bryla Myrtle Boyd, Rev. J. E. Bell, pastor of the local Baptist church, officiating. The wedding was semi-private, besides the families of the bride and groom, a few close friends being present.

These young people are both well and favorably known in Carlsbad, the bride being the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Boyd, and a graduate of Carlsbad High School of the class of 1910. She was a successful teacher having taught in the Hope schools for two years, previous to her marriage.

Mr. Harkey is the only son of D. R. Harkey, the cattleman, and was employed as stenographer in the office of the Water Users Association; lately, however, he has been engaged in the cattle business, in which he has already gained considerable prominence. Mr. and Mrs. Harkey will spend the holidays in Carlsbad and will then go to the Harkey ranch on Black river, where they will make their future home.

Congratulations and good wishes for a long and happy married life are being showered upon them, by their many friends, the Current heartily joining.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Mullane came in from Van Horn, Texas last Friday evening and remained in the city until Sunday morning. They were en route to Indianapolis, the old home of Mrs. Mullane, where they will spend Christmas. Bernie will return to Van Horn next week but Mrs. Mullane will likely remain in Hoosierdom for a longer stay.

Christian & Co., Insurance.

Marriage Licenses.

Marriage licenses issued this week were as follows:

20th—R. L. Paris, and Minerva Collins, both of Artesia, returned by Rev. F. E. Rucroft.

22nd—C. T. Kuykendall and Letha McHorse, both of Artesia, return not made.

23rd—C. T. Harkey and Bryla Myrtle Boyd, returned by Rev. Bell.

23rd—Arthur Raymond Seder and Mary Aline Grantham, returned by Rev. James I. Seder.

24th—Claude M. Garrett and Viola Tomlinson, both of Artesia, returned by Jno. O. Douglas.

25th—Whit Knowles and Vera Byrd, of Monument.

25th—J. W. Ham and Miss Clover Splain, returned by Rev. J. N. S. Webb.

Auction Bridge Club Meets.

Mrs. J. F. Joyce was hostess to the Bridge club at her home on North Canal street, last Friday afternoon. The guests were served a dainty salad course and an afternoon of play was indulged in. Mrs. Miller made the highest score and received a cut-glass compote as a prize. The personnel of the club is as follows: Mesdames Bujac, Hailey, Dilley, Mitchiner, Lige John and Will Merchant, Rickman, Wright, Finlay, Tracy, Osborne, Miller.

Mrs. Joyce's other guests were Mesdames Friedman, Burnett, C. G. Nichols, Senior, and Junior, W. H. Nichols, Braden, Richards, Erwin and Jackson.

"Snooks" Gordon and wife were in town Sunday and Monday morning left for their home in the Guadalupe. Mrs. C. N. Jones and daughter, Miss Grace and Miss Holly Kindel accompanied them. The party was sent for Wednesday, owing to the tragic death of George Finlay and returned the same night.

Ray Soladay has purchased the bottling works recently conducted by D. Jackson, the express agent. Mr. Soladay will continue the business and will furnish the best of bottled soda and other drinks in the line to the wholesale trade the coming season. He is exceptionally fitted for the business, having been the chief assistant of Mr. Jackson for the past year or more.

C. O. Swickard and mother left for Mattoon, Illinois, Tuesday morning intelligence having been received by them that their daughter and sister, respectively, was supposed to be dying from peritonitis. Mr. Swickard is quite poorly himself and much apprehension is felt here on his account.

Dr. and Mrs. F. F. Deopp returned the latter part of last week from a three weeks visit to Chicago and other eastern cities.

Miss Bertha Miller, who has been teaching school at Ables, Texas, returned to Carlsbad Monday and is visiting friends here. Miss Miller will be here until the 1st of January.

Mrs. Alice I. Thompson and son, Arthur, of Roswell, are in the city and will spend Christmas with their son, and brother, Cecil Thompson.

C. N. Jones was in Santa Fe this week on business, coming in Wednesday.

John R. Joyce, 2nd, who has been spending some days in Roswell, guest of relatives there, returned to Carlsbad Tuesday evening.

Auto Mail Late.

The Roswell-Carrizozo mail line is experiencing considerable difficulty this week in plowing through the snow drifts on Nogal Hill. Saturday and Sunday the snow drifted at this place to such an extent as to make it impassable, and Monday's auto did not get through at all. Hopes are held out that cars can run on schedule time after today.—Roswell Record.

D. Jackson, the express agent at Carlsbad, recently purchased the five-acre fruit tract of Charley Howell in La Huerta. There is a five room cement house on the place and other improvements. Mr. Howell expects to leave with his family for southwestern Missouri in the near future.

Mrs. S. J. Bell, of Gleason, Tennessee, came in Monday evening, and is a most welcome guest at the home of her son, Reverend Bell, at the Baptist parsonage. With Mrs. Bell, were her son-in-law, O. B. Klutts and wife, and two children, and the wife and two children of C. S. Bell, a brother of Reverend Bell, who has been in the city for some weeks. The entire company will make their homes in Carlsbad or vicinity, and will, no doubt, be cordially welcomed by all.

The remodeled home of Virgil Albritton, on North Halagueno street is rapidly nearing completion. There will be six rooms and a bath, and the structure will be an ornament and improvement to that part of town. Much of the work has been done by Mr. Albritton himself, who may now be classified as a printer-stockman-carpenter, and successful in all three branches of business.

Will Trail Sheep Through.

Chas. T. Adams, of the Adams sheep Company, has lately been a business visitor to Midland and stated that his outfit would pass through in a few days, trailing through 5000 head of sheep. The sheep are from the company's ranch in New Mexico and are going to San Angelo.—Midland Reporter.

Hearthburn is a symptom of indigestion. Take a dose of HERBINE in such cases. The pain disappears instantly. The bowels operate speedily and you feel fine, vigorous and cheerful. Price 50c Sold by All Druggists.

Baptist Sunday School.

Song "Joy to the World," school. Scripture reading, Rev. J. E. Bell. Invocation. Opening address, Preston Oliver. Quartet: "All Hail, Immanuel", Mr. Curtis Bell, Mr. Opie Reed, Mrs. J. B. Leck and Mrs. T. C. Horne.

Reading: "Santa Claus' Substitute," B. A. Nymeyer.

Reading: "Poor Santa Claus", Gay Ogle.

Song: "Stillen Nacht," Class Five.

Reading: "Overheard at Christmas" Lee Bloxom.

Reading: "Life is a Christmas Stocking" Elba Bruce.

Duet: "Crown Him King of Kings" Mr. Opie Reed and Mrs. T. C. Horne.

Reading: "Santa Claus and the Mouse", Norma Toffelmire.

Reading: "The Boy Who Doubted" Frank Smith.

Song: "What if it Were To-day", Choir.

Closing Address, Claude Brown.

According to announcement the Good Will Circle, of the Otis Sunday school, were hosts of the C. I. C., of the same organization, last Friday night, at the home of Captain and Mrs. Arthur Lenau. The happy affair was very informal and pleasant, and attended by upwards of 40 people. Oysters were served in every style imaginable and after being refreshed in that manner, the ladies spent the evening making candy bags for the Christmas tree given at the Otis school house Wednesday night.

Miss Vera Hines, who has been taking a course in trained nursing at Providence Hospital, El Paso, Texas, will arrive in Carlsbad next week and spend her months vacation with her brother, Jack. Miss Hines is one of Carlsbad's bright girls, a graduate of our High school, and has many friends here who will welcome her visit.

At 7 P. M. Christmas, at the office of Judge J. W. Armstrong, in Carlsbad, Whit Knowles, son of R. B. Knowles, of Monument, was united in marriage to Miss Vera Byrd, daughter of W. P. Byrd, of this city. Judge Armstrong performed the ceremony. The young couple are spending the week with friends in Carlsbad and this paper joins them in best wishes for their future.

The directors of the Pecos Valley Water Users' met in regular session at the office of the secretary last Tuesday afternoon and transacted a great deal of routine business. Among other things to come up for a discussion was the matter of drift fences, which is a vitally interesting matter to the water users.

A Christmas dinner by Mrs. Pat Middleton at her home at Avalon was one of the pleasant affairs occurring on Christmas Day. Mrs. Middleton had for her guests Mr. and Mrs. Lum Anderson, and three children, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Mullane and daughter, Mary Elizabeth, and Willie Collins. The affair was really in the nature of a birthday dinner, as well as a Christmas spread, their son, Vernon, being 20 years old today. A splendid feast of turkey, pies, cake and everything good was served and a day long to be remembered was spent.

League Boosters' Meeting.

A grand success from start to finish was the meeting last Sunday evening at the regular Epworth League devotional hour. Each one on the program deserves much credit for their particular part on the program. The president is especially indebted to all who so willingly helped him out on this program.

We trust that the spirit shown in this meeting may continue throughout the coming year.

Next Sunday evening Myra Williams will lead, and a good meeting will be the outcome.

Bridge Steel Arrives.

The steel for the Penasco bridge arrived on today's freight and teams were at once put to work hauling it out. Foreman Johnson and hands will immediately begin putting in the steel work and the bridge will be completed as quickly as possible.—Dayton Informer, 19th instant.

Project Manager L. E. Foster and Assistant Manager Chas. A. May, left in an auto this morning to inspect the reservoirs and gates going as far north as Dayton. Mr. May reports the reservoir at Avalon and McMillan about full. The outlook for plenty of water for spring irrigation being better than ever before.

Christian & Co., Insurance.

Classified Advertisements

Fine Farm for Sale.
I offer my farm of 160 acres in Dark Canyon 2 miles South, for sale very reasonable. This farm has never failed to raise a crop though not irrigated. Has good well of excellent water and good dwelling besides out buildings. E. QUINONES, 19-Dec-6 Carlsbad, N. M.

MONEY SAVED.
By using the Monument-Knowles Telephone Line to points east as far as Midland. No charge for overtime. 7-Feb-19. R. B. KNOWLES, Mgr.

FOR SALE:—Laying hens and pullets. Rhode Island Reds. Phone 49 or address Mrs. Wm. H. Mulhine, Carlsbad, New Mexico.

FOR SALE:—Mares and Geldings ready to work. Let me know what you want. W. W. GALTON, Phone 42 O. Carlsbad, N. M.

FOR SALE:—Lots one and two, block fifty, Stevens addition. Two blocks from Canon street, corner lots. M. P. LAURENCE, 26-Dec-4 Rural one, Phoenix, Ariz.

FOR SALE:—One team wagon and harness and excellent driving horse, perfectly safe. One 2½ year old bay stud. One good cook stove. Can use notes. Phone 48J. F. E. LITTLE.

Bread and Butter.
The bread and butter question is a considerable item in thousands of families. Swift's Premium Butterene is a perfect substitute for the highest priced creamery butter, and absolutely clean. For sale only at THE MODEL MARKET, Carlsbad, New Mexico.

STRAYED OR STOLEN:—I will pay \$5 reward for the delivery at Carder's ranch, near McKinzie's, nine miles south of Carlsbad, of one bay horse branded P A on left thigh. Will pay \$2.50 for information leading to recovery of horse. 19-Dec-4 AUBRILO MARTINI.

\$9.00 A Ton.
Colorado Coal at the Ohnemus Shops

FOR SALE:—An Indian pony, gentle and well broken to ride and drive. New buggy and harness. Price reasonable. Phone 213.

Christian & Co., Insurance.
To Exchange for Valley Farms.

I want to exchange a 240 acre farm in Southern Missouri, 130 acres in cultivation of which 25 is meadow, balance is pasture and timber. There are between 300,000 and 400,000 feet of good hard wood saw timber. Fenced with woven wire and rails. Good six-room house, barn, 10 head of horses, and 35 head of cattle. Other out-buildings, corn crib, granaries, etc. Never failing springs good water, brick school house on the place; daily mail route and telephone. Price \$40-per acre. Mortgage \$1,500, interest at 5 1-2 per cent, 5 years to run from January 1, 1914. L. N. HOAG, Malaga, N. M.

FOR SALE:—First-class Soldier Additional Homestead Scrip, fully guaranteed, at a moderate price. Address: EDWIN W. SPALDING, Pacific Building, Washington, D. C. 26-Dec-4

First class Alfalfa for sale. Phone 103 K.

Christian & Co., Insurance.

STRAYED:—From Club Stable feed lot in Carlsbad Monday night the 15th of December, two mules branded R K on right shoulder and right thigh. Any information leading to their recovery will be suitably rewarded. R. B. KNOWLES, Monument, N. M.

Just received, a fresh supply of Sauer Kraut, dill pickles and sour pickles. U. S. MARKET. 26-Dec-4

We want your insurance—F. L. Hopkins & Co.

Let Us Save You Some Money.
We have just received the largest and best line of auto tires and other auto supplies ever shipped to Carlsbad. First class auto painting at reasonable prices. R. OHNEMUS & SON.

FOR SALE:—Sweet Potatoes. Phone 153. RED SMITH.

We want your insurance—F. L. Hopkins & Co.

Wheezing in the lungs indicates that phlegm is obstructing the air passages. BALLARD'S HORE-HOUND SYRUP loosens the phlegm so that it can be coughed up and ejected. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by All Druggists.

Christian & Co., Insurance.

CURRENCY BILL IN FULL

Full Text of Measure Upon Which the Administration Stakes National Prosperity.

Washington, Dec. 22.—The new bill affecting the currency, banking and finances of the country, which has now been passed by both branches of congress and goes to President Wilson for his signature, is one of the most far-reaching measures relating to finance that has been enacted in many years. The magnitude of the subject, the diversity of interests affected and the length of the debates in both branches of congress, has made it difficult for the ordinary observer to follow the changes and grasp the essentials of this highly financial measure, in its important bearing on money, finance, banking and the entire range of fiscal subjects, public and private, which it affects. With a view to clearing up the present uncertainty and in non-technical language, an epitome of the salient features of the measure as finally framed, the following summary is given of the bill as a whole and of its principal details:

Generally speaking, the first steps to be taken to bring into operation the nation's new financial system will be taken through an organization committee consisting of the secretary of the treasury, secretary of agriculture and comptroller of the currency.

Banks have sixty days within which to file their applications for membership in the new system; and one year's time is allowed before the government will compel the dissolution of any national bank that refuses to join. The new law will make little direct change in the operation of the present National Banks, except to allow them to loan a certain amount of their funds upon farm mortgages. Its chief purpose is to add a new piece of machinery to the banking system that will take up the "slack" during the changing business conditions of each year; that will give the banks a place to quickly convert their assets into cash in time of need, and that will bring out new federal currency when it is needed and retire it when money becomes "cheap."

Banks are now required to keep a certain percentage of their deposits as "reserves" part in cash in their own vaults and part of which may be re-deposited in the banks of New York, Chicago, St. Louis and other designated cities. In times of sudden financial demands, when banks have loaned up to the full limit of their resources, these reserves furnish little relief, because if they are paid out to meet demands, the banks are left in a precarious condition.

The basic principle of the law is to give banks reserves out into circulation when necessary without lessening the safety of any bank, and to provide a place to which local banks may cash in checks and get cash for the "prime commercial paper" they have in their vaults.

This is to be accomplished through a chain of regional reserve banks or "reservoirs of reserves" in which all banks shall deposit a stated part of the money they are required to hold as reserves. Under the new system, when a financial flurry comes, the banks can take commercial paper, such as notes, drafts and bills of exchange to these "reservoirs" and secure the use of their own reserves, or if necessary, even the reserve of other banks, by depositing this security.

The new regional banks will receive about one-half of the bank reserves of the country. They, in turn, will be permitted to loan back to the banks all but 75 per cent of these reserves, so that in case of emergency, millions of cash can be brought out into circulation quickly. The banks will have to pay for these loans, however, as individuals have to pay for a loan from any local bank; and this change is expected to prevent the too free use of the reserves held by the regional banks.

A new form of paper currency is also provided for, to come out in case of emergency and which is expected to go back into the hands of the government when times are normal. These "treasury notes" will be printed by the government and issued through each regional reserve bank and will bear the guarantee, both of regional bank and the government.

If the demand for currency is any section of the country exceeds the supply of circulating money, a regional bank can secure this new money from the government and put it into circulation; but a gold reserve of 40 per cent and commercial paper equal to the full value of the notes must be held as a reserve behind each note so issued. This provision is expected to be the influence that will drive the new money back into retire-

ment when it is no longer needed.

The following analysis presents the details of the new law without adhering closely to the technical division or language of the measure.

At the head of the system will stand a federal reserve board at Washington, appointed by the president and to consist of the secretary of the treasury, the comptroller of the treasury and five other members. Two of these shall be expert bankers, but none shall have banking affiliations or own bank stock during their service. This board will exercise general control over the entire system.

The temporary "organization committee" of the federal reserve board, which will have eight to twelve members, shall select regional reserve banks to be located and will divide the entire country into districts with these cities as the centers of districts. All national banks in a district will be required to subscribe to the stock of the regional reserve bank in that district and to keep a portion of their reserves there.

Local banks will be known as "member banks" because they will own the stock of the regional reserve bank of their district. Each member bank will be required to take capital stock of the regional reserve bank, equal to six per cent of the member banks' capital and surplus. The capital of the regional bank will increase or decrease so that it always represents six per cent of the combined capital and surplus of all the banks of the district that have joined the system.

National banks are compelled to join and state banks are permitted if they bring their reserve requirements up to the standard set for national banks and submit to national examinations.

Public ownership of the stock of the regional reserve banks is permitted only in case enough banks do not join in any district to provide a capital stock of \$4,000,000. In such event, the public may purchase the stock in quantities limited to \$25,000 for each individual; but the voting of this stock will be placed in the hands of government representatives on the board of directors of the regional reserve bank.

The regional reserve banks may do business only with their member banks, not with the public, except that certain "open market operations," such as the purchase and sale of gold, government or municipal bonds and certain forms of bills of exchange, are permitted. These banks will make their earnings from the loans made to member banks and from the purchase and sale of bonds and foreign bills of exchange.

Member banks will be compelled to put up in cash only one-half of their subscription to the capital of the new bank; the remainder can be called for if needed by the regional bank.

Dividends of six per cent will be paid on this stock to member banks and this stock will be non-taxable. After these dividends are paid one-half of the surplus net earnings goes to create a regional surplus fund and when this has reached 40 per cent of the regional banks' paid-in capital, these earnings are to go into the United States treasury. The balance of the net earnings are to be paid to the United States as a franchise tax.

With the machinery thus created for a new banking system that is supplementary to the commercial banks of the country, the law provides for a gradual transfer of part of the bank reserves to these new "reservoir" banks. In order not to disturb business conditions or to withdraw too much of the heavy deposits of country banks in the large cities, the law provides that three years may be consumed in shifting these balances and that if necessary, part of the reserves transferred to the regional banks may consist of commercial paper.

The amount of reserve required from every bank under the new law and the place where it must be kept are as follows:

Country banks: Total reserve required, 12 per cent of demand deposits and five per cent of time deposits. Five-twelfths must be held in the bank's own vaults for two years, and four-twelfths after that time. For the first year, two-twelfths must be kept in the regional banks, increasing one-twelfth each six months thereafter, until it reaches five-twelfths, or the total reserve. For three years the unallotted part of the reserves may be kept in the banks in reserve cities; after that it must be kept in the country bank's vaults or in the regional reserve banks.

Reserve city banks: Total reserve required, 15 per cent of demand and five per cent of time deposits. Six-fifteenths must be kept in the banks' own vaults for the first two years, and five-fifteenths after that time.

Three-fifteenths must be kept in the regional reserve bank for the first

year, increasing one-fifteenth every six months until it reaches six-fifteenths. For three years the unallotted portion of the reserve may be kept in other banks, in its own vaults, or in the regional reserve bank; afterward, the latter two places.

Central reserve city banks: (New York, Chicago, and St. Louis) total reserve required:

Eighteen per cent of demand and five per cent of time deposits. Six-eighths must be kept in the banks' own vaults; seven-eighths in the regional reserve banks, and the remaining five-sixteenths may be kept in either place the bank may choose.

These immense funds of reserves from "member banks" together with government moneys, will make up the deposits of the regional reserve banks, administered by a board of nine directors. Each of these banks will be governed by a board of nine directors, six of whom will be located by the banks and three appointed by the federal reserve board.

The regional banks may re-discount—that is, buy at a discount from its member banks—prime commercial paper, when the member banks desire to convert their assets into money. The exact terms of this important provision as to the paper upon which the regional reserve banks may furnish cash, are as follows:

"Upon the endorsement of any of its member banks with a waiver of demand notice and protest by such bank, any federal (regional reserve banks) may discount notes, drafts and bills of exchange arising out of actual commercial transactions; that is, notes, drafts and bills of exchange issued or drawn for agricultural, industrial or commercial purposes or the proceeds of which have been used or are to be used for such purposes the federal reserve board to have the right to determine or define the character of the paper thus eligible for discount within the meaning of the law.

"Nothing in this act contained shall be construed to prohibit such notes, drafts and bills of exchange, secured by staple agricultural products, or other goods, ware or merchandise from being eligible for such discount; but such definition shall not include notes, drafts or bills covering merely investments or issued or drawn for the purpose of carrying or trading in stocks, bonds or other investment securities, except bonds and notes of the government of the United States."

"Notes, drafts and bills admitted to discount under the terms of this paragraph, must have a maturity at the time of discount of not more than 90 days, provided that notes, drafts and bills drawn or issued for agricultural purposes or based on livestock and having a maturity not exceeding six months, may be discounted in an amount to be limited to a percentage of the capital of the federal regional reserve bank, to be ascertained and fixed by the federal reserve board.

"The regional reserve banks may also discount acceptances based on the importation or exportation of goods."

The new treasury notes which are to furnish the "elastic" element in the currency system and to add to the country's circulation money in time of need, will come into use in the following way:

The notes will be printed by the government by a distinctive style for each regional reserve bank. One of the three directors named for the federal reserve board for each federal reserve bank will be known as the "federal reserve agent" for that bank and custody of the notes will be placed in his custody.

Should a regional reserve bank desire to pay out more money than its cash resources will permit, the law provides that it may put some of its re-discounted commercial paper into the hands of the "federal" reserve agent and receive in return the new treasury notes. For each note that it puts into circulation the regional reserve bank must set aside in gold, 40 per cent of the value of the note, as a guarantee for its redemption.

This gold with the commercial paper held by the "federal reserve agent" is the protection behind the new money; but these notes will also be guaranteed by the government, and may be redeemed in gold at the United States treasury.

Each regional bank under the act, must keep a reserve of 35 per cent of the deposits it has received besides the 40 per cent gold reserve behind the treasury notes it issues. If the gold reserve behind the notes falls below 40 per cent, a heavy tax is imposed on the bank, which in turn, adds the tax to the rate it charges member banks for re-discounts. This was designated to stop an over-expansion of currency, in times of sudden stress provisions in order to furnish quick relief to any community.

One regional bank cannot pay out the notes of another except under a heavy tax. These notes are expected to return to the regional banks and be withdrawn from circulation when the need of their use passes.

"None of the existing forms of currency except the national bank notes

will be distributed by the new law. The United States notes used to secure the issue of national bank notes are to be taken up at the rate of \$25,000,000 a year by the regional reserve banks and new treasury notes or short-term three per cent bonds will take their place. National banks currency is expected gradually to retire.

The federal reserve board will exercise final control over the entire operation of the system. It can compel other in time of need; can suspend all restrictions surrounding the reserves which regional banks must hold; and can remove directors of regional reserve banks whenever it is believed necessary.

While the banks retain control of the boards of the regional reserve banks, their connection with the federal reserve board is only through an advisory council, made up of one representative from each federal reserve district. The council will meet in Washington to confer with the federal reserve board "on general conditions," and to make recommendations and suggestions concerning discount rates, note issues and reserve conditions.

An important change in national banking methods, embraced in the new law, will permit all national banks except those in New York, Chicago, and St. Louis, to make direct loans on five-year farm mortgages, up to 25 per cent of their capital and surplus, or up to one third of their time deposits. Another provision in the law, permits national banks having capital of \$1,000,000 or more to open foreign branches. Similar authority is given to the regional reserve banks, the purpose being to facilitate the development of American trade abroad.

How They Talk About Themselves

By judicious use of scissors and paste the editor of the Wichita Eagle gathered two gems from Kansas papers concerning newspapers and newspaper men. Here they are:

Keep Whistling.

Somebody must have been "ragging" the Ottawa Herald, which says: "Of course this isn't a perfect world, but everybody expects the newspapers to get all the news, print it the day it happens, get every line of it, and get it right; regardless of how much it is, how hard it is to get how many persons try to keep it out of the paper, how many try to get stuff in the paper, that isn't news, or how poorly the contributed matter is written. These things make no difference to the man who can't see any reason for the paper to fall down on such a simple little day's work as the above outlined job."

AGED MAN IS SENTENCED

W. P. Harbert Given Term in Penitentiary for Attack on Thirteen-Year-Old Girl.

Roswell, N. M., Dec. 20.—W. P. Harbert, 65 years of age, convicted several days ago on a charge of criminal assault on Winifred Borham, 13 years old, was today sentenced to the penitentiary for a term of eleven to twelve years.

Frank McKnight, a member of a prominent family of Roswell, was sentenced to a term of five years in the penitentiary for killing Claude Swazee at Ranger Lake.

Notice to Taxpayers.

You are hereby notified that the Tax Assessor of Eddy County, New Mexico, or his Deputy will be at the following named places where he will maintain an office for the purpose of assessing property for taxation for the year 1914 on the dates mentioned below:

LOVINGTON, January 1st to 5th, inclusive.

KNOWLES, January 6th to 7th.

MONUMENT, January 8th and 9th.

NADINE, January 10th.

EMERY, January 12th to 14th, inclusive.

PEARL, January 16th and 17th.

ROSE, January 19th to 21st, inclusive.

DAYTON, January 22nd to 24th, inclusive.

ARTESIA, January 26th to February 9th, inclusive.

COTTONWOOD, At Lower School House, February 7th.

LAKEWOOD, February 9th to 11th, inclusive.

MALAGA, February 12th and 13th.

OTIS, February 14th.

MOVING, February 16th and 17th.

QUEEN, February 18th, 21st, inclusive.

The home office is in Carlsbad and will be open at all times to people living in that or any other precinct during the months of January and February. Property owned on January 1, 1914, is subject to taxation for that year.

Taxpayers are warned that failure to render their property for taxation during the months of January and February will subject the same to having a penalty of 25 per cent added as authorized by law.

Respectfully yours,

ROY S. WALLER,
Assessor of Eddy County,
New Mexico.

Testimonial From High Authority

Mrs. Betty Lyler Wilson
(of Nashville, Tenn.)

Famous Cakes For Her Recommends

Mrs. Wilson of Nashville, Tenn., is famed the world over for her wonderfully delicious cakes. They are shipped in all parts of the Globe for special affairs where the best of Cakes are demanded.

This year, as in former years, Mrs. Wilson enjoys the distinction of making the President's Christmas Cake, using Calumet Baking Powder.

Mrs. Wilson's Baking Motto is: "To have complete success with no failures, care should be used in selection of Baking Powder."

CALUMET BAKING POWDER

Some time ago I made a careful study and investigation of the baking powder subject and I feel fully repaid. I am firmly convinced from the results I have received that there is no baking powder to equal Calumet for wholesomeness and economy, and I also recommend Calumet Baking Powder for its never failing results.

December 9, 1913. Mrs. Betty Lyler Wilson.

Calumet also received the Highest Awards at the World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago and Paris, France, 1912.

Buy a can of Calumet Baking Powder at once, and use it in your Holiday Baking, making your Christmas Cakes as good as the President's.

We want your insurance—F. L. Hopkins & Co.

Notice of Pending of Suit.

Notice is hereby given that suit has been commenced in the District Court of Eddy County, State of New Mexico, wherein Eliza S. Spencer is plaintiff and Fred A. Clayton, Barbara Clayton, J. B. Herbst and W. S. McClung are defendants, the objects of which suit are to secure judgment against Fred A. Clayton and Barbara Clayton upon a promissory note of Two Thousand and no 100 (\$2,000.00) Dollars, dated March 25, 1909, and to foreclose a mortgage securing said note on the following described land:

All that certain lot, tract and parcel of land and real estate, situate, lying and being in the County of Eddy, in the State of New Mexico, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

The East half of the Southeast Quarter of the Southeast Quarter (E $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$) of Section Seven (7), Township Seventeen (17), South, Range Twenty-six (26) East N. M. P. M., also Two and One-half (2 $\frac{1}{2}$) acres of land, more or less, situated as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the Northeast (NE) corner of Section Eighteen (18), Township Seventeen (17), South, Range Twenty-six (26) East, N. M. P. M.; thence west on Section line 659 feet; thence South 160 and 3-20 feet; thence East 659 feet; thence North 161.7 feet to the place of beginning, also an in that certain Artesian well as undivided One-quarter (1/4) interest now constructed upon the Northeast Quarter (NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$) of Section Eighteen (18), Township Seventeen (17), South, Range Twenty-six (26) East, N. M. P. M. near the Southern portion thereof, together with a right of way to run water from the said well to where the ditch running South intersects with ditch running east and west; thence East to the Southwest (SW) corner of tract of land now owned by Melissa Rigdon; thence North along the West line of tracts of land now owned by Rigdon, Owen and Terrills to the intersection of ditch and road; also commencing at said well and running South to where ditch running South intersects with ditch running East and West, thence West to a point 240 7-10 feet West of the subdivision line between the Northeast Quarter of the Northeast Quarter (NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$) of Section Eighteen (18), Township Seventeen (17), South, Range Twenty-six (26) East; thence North to the intersection of ditch and road; the whole of the water from the well to be taken one fourth of the time, subject to the time heretofore allotted by said first parties.

Together with all and singular the lands, tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

That the plaintiff's attorneys are Messrs. Reid & Hervey and their post

office address is Roswell, New Mexico; That you, the said defendants, are hereby notified that unless you enter your appearance in said cause on or before the 12th day of February, 1914, judgment will be rendered against you in said cause by default.

Witness my hand and seal of said Court this 17th day of December, 1913.

A. R. O'QUINN,
Clerk of the District Court,
19-Dec-5 Eddy County, New Mexico.

Notice of Foreclosure.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT:
No. 1823.

Eddy County, New Mexico
J. D. Williams, Plaintiff.

v.
S. P. Keynon and Mrs. M. Keynon,
Defendants.

The foregoing is the title of a suit pending in said court, to recover the amount, including 10 per cent thereon as attorney's fees, of said S. P. Keynon and Mrs. M. Keynon's promissory note of Three Hundred (\$300) Dollars, dated July 2, 1908, bearing interest, at the rate of 10 per cent per annum, from date; to foreclose said defendant's certain mortgage of said date, securing said note, on Lot 10, Block 15 of the Town of Carlsbad, New Mexico said note and said mortgage, of which plaintiff is the owner and holder, being executed by said defendants and delivered originally to Rachel Williams, and to recover all costs, including costs of sale.

Notice is hereby given that Nov. 7, 1913, judgment was rendered by said court in said cause for plaintiff in the sum of \$596.27 and costs of suit, which principal sum, at the date of sale, will amount to \$518.73 for the foreclosure of said mortgage, and for the sale of said property to satisfy said judgment, costs, and costs of sale.

NOTICE is hereby further given that pursuant to the provisions of said judgment, I, Jessie Johnson, special master appointed Lot 10, Block 15, of the Town of Carlsbad, New Mexico, on Feb. 9, 1914, at 10 o'clock A. M., at vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, at the South Front door of the Court House, in Carlsbad, New Mexico, to satisfy said judgment, interest and costs.

Dated: Carlsbad, N. M., Dec. 16, 1913.

JESSIE JOHNSON,
Special Master.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

026556

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico, Dec. 3, 1913.

NOTICE is hereby given that Hillmon Queen, of Malaga, New Mexico, who, on October 21, 1912, made HD. E. Serial No. 026556, for NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, W $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ and W $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, Section 20, Township 25-S, Range 27-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before A. R. O'Quinn, County Clerk, in his office, at Carlsbad, New Mexico, on 13th day of January, 1914.

Claimant names as witnesses: William J. Hardin, of Malaga, N. M.; John C. Queen, of Malaga, N. M.; William A. Simmons, of Carlsbad, N. M.; William F. Montgomery, of Carlsbad, N. M.

T. C. TILLOTSON,
Dec. 12-Jan. 13 Register

REFERENCE FURNISHED ESTIMATES CHEERFULLY GIVEN
All kinds of repair work done promptly. Personal supervision of
all work entrusted to my care.

U. S. Hamilton CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO. Phone 125.

Carlsbad Automobile Co.

BEST EQUIPPED AND LARGEST
GARAGE IN STATE

Full and Complete Stock of Auto Goods for Additions and Repairs

CARLSBAD, MONUMENT, KNOWLES AND
PEARL MAIL AND EXPRESS LINE.

Auto Leaves Carlsbad Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at
7:00 A.M. Arriving at the Lovington End of the Route at 6: P. M.

Leaves Lovington Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 7:00 A.M.
Arriving at Carlsbad at 6:00 P. M.

FARE TO PEARL - - - \$5.50
FARE TO MONUMENT - 7.00
FARE TO KNOWLES - 7.50
FARE TO LOVINGTON - 7.50

Howard Kerr, Manager.

JOHN R. JOYCE, President
G. M. COOKE, Cashier

A. C. HEARD, Vice-President
W. A. CRAIG, Ass't. Cashier

The First National Bank

CARLSBAD, N. M.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY

DIRECTORS

JOHN R. JOYCE
A. J. CRAWFORD
G. M. COOKE

CLARENCE BELL

L. S. CRAWFORD
A. C. HEARD
J. F. JOYCE

The CITY LIVERY and FEED STABLE

CAPT. W. S. B. MITCHNER & SON, Props

This Stable is located near Hotel Schlitz on Mermod
Street east of Masonic Hall on Carlsbad Furn. Co.
The best of horses that are guaranteed to stand a
reasonable day's drive at all times and no others kept

Fine Rigs Always on Hand.

We Have an Especially Fine Lot of Gentle Saddle Horses

Everything in Hardware

WE CARRY A FULL LINE OF

John Deere Goods of All Kinds

DO PLUMBING WORK
AND TIN WORK.....

Finlay-Pratt Hardware Co.

Three Times the Light for the Same Money

The old way to get more light is to use more old-style carbon
lamps—and pay for more electricity.
THE NEW WAY TO GET MORE LIGHT IS TO USE

EDISON MAZDA LAMPS

Use Edison Mazdas and, without increasing your lighting
you have your choice of: Three Times as much light in each
room—or 3 times as many rooms lighted—or 3 times as many
hours of light.

Call and let us show you our line of electrical apparatus.

The Public Utilities Co.

THE CARABAOS ARE REBUKED

HIGH OFFICERS OF ARMY AND
NAVY INCLD IN SPANKING

PRESIDENT WILSON FAILS TO
SEE THE HUMOR IN THE GAGS
AT THE FAMOUS DINNER.

Committee Which Bears Most of the
Blame Has Only One Member
in Private Life.

Washington, Dec. 22.—President
Wilson today made public a letter
addressed to Secretaries Garrison and
Daniels, respectively, requesting that
"a very serious reprimand" be ad-
ministered to those army and navy
officers who participated in the re-
cent dinner of the military order of
the Carabao at which the adminis-
tration's Philippine and other policies
were satirized. The letter follows:

"The officers who were responsible
for the program of the evening are
certainly deserving of a very serious
reprimand, which I hereby request be
administered; and I cannot rid myself
of a feeling of great disappointment
that the general body of officers as-
sembled at the dinner should have
greeted the carrying out of such a
program with apparent indifference
to the fact that it violated some
of the most dignified and sacred tradi-
tions of the service.

"I am told that the songs and other
amusements of the evening were in-
tended and regarded as 'fun.' What
are we to think of officers of the army
and navy of the United States, who
think it 'fun' to bring their official
superiors into ridicule and the poli-
cies of the government which they are
sworn to serve with unquestioning
loyalty, into contempt, if this is their
idea of fun, what is their idea of
duty? If they do not hold their loyalty
above all silly effervescences of
childish wit, what about their profes-
sion do they hold sacred?

"My purpose, therefore, in adminis-
tering this reprimand is to recall the
men who are responsible for this low-
ering of standards to their ideals; to
remind them of the high conscience
with which they ought to put duty
above personal indulgence and to
think of themselves as responsible
men and trusted soldiers, even while
they are amusing themselves as din-
ers-out. Sincerely yours,

(Signed) "WOODROW WILSON."
Secretaries Garrison and Daniels
decided to administer the reprimand
by transmitting a copy of the presi-
dent's letter to each member of the
entertainment committee.

Secretary Garrison immediately sent
this memorandum to Major General
Leonard Wood, chief-of-staff, of the
army:

"It is hereby ordered that the offi-
cers of the United States army who
were on the dinner committee, and
were, therefore, responsible for the
program of entertainment at the re-
cent dinner of the Military Order of
the Carabao held December 11, 1913,
be reprimanded in pursuance of the
communication of the president to
me, dated December 22, 1913, copy
herewith. The form that the reprimand
should take, should be to turn-
ish to each of said officers a copy of
the letter from the president."

Secretary Daniels probably will
issue a similar order tomorrow, mak-
ing the presidential rebuke effective
as far as navy officers are concerned.

The members of the dinner commit-
tee on the part of the army who will
receive copies of President Wilson's
communication are:

Major Lawson M. Fuller, retired;
Major Thomas A. Bassett, Captain
Warren Dean, Captain Frank Tamm,
Major James E. Normandy, Major
Edgar Russell, Brigadier General
John A. B. Heistand.

These navy officers served on the
dinner committee:

Rear Admiral Thomas B. Howard
(chairman) Major General William P.
Biddle, U. S. M. C., Captain W. R.
Snoemaker, Surgeon Frank E. McCul-
lough, Lieutenant Commander Frank
E. Ridgely, Paymaster Victor J. Jack-
son.

The only member of the committee
not in the service is Dr. Joseph M.
Heller, formerly a major in the vol-
unteer medical corps and secretary
of the Washington corral of the Cara-
bao. He seems to be beyond reach
of President Wilson's reprimand, as
he is now back in civil life.

It has not yet been determined
whether the reprimand will be noted
on the records of the respective offi-
cers, but opinion tonight is that such
notation will not be made.

South Manchuria Hens Lay Four-
Ounce Eggs.

Washington, Sept. 2.—An enthu-
siastic description of hens' eggs in
South Manchuria is sent to the De-
partment of Commerce by Consul Wil-
liamson, of Antung. They are the
largest hens' eggs on earth, he says.

THE OHNEMUS SHOPS

"CAN FIX IT"

Up-to-date

Machine Shop and Garage

General Blacksmithing and Woodwork
First Class Auto and Carriage Painting
Gasoline Engines, Pumps, Well Machinery, Etc.
A General Line of New and Second Hand Goods

COME. See for yourself and we will
GUARANTEE TO SAVE YOU MONEY

THE OHNEMUS SHOPS

R. OHNEMUS & SON, PROP.

"It may be of interest to breeders
and egg farmers in the United States
to know," he said, "that I have seen
eggs weighing over 4½ ounces pro-
duced by an ordinary hen of no par-
ticular breed, fed on corn and kept
in an enclosure. The fowl referred to
is a black hen resembling a Langshan.
She lays an egg weighing 4 ounces or
over at least every third day and lays
an egg every day for about a week
or ten days, when there occurs an
interval of two or three days in which
no eggs are laid. The smaller eggs
average six to the pound. The shell
is brown with a circle of dark spots
near one end."

County Officers Suspended.

Santa Fe, N. M., Dec. 22.—A. Casio
Gallegos, county clerk, and Lorenzo
Zamora, Juan Cruz Sanchez and Li-
brado Valencia, commissioners of Tor-
rance county, were suspended from
duty late Saturday night by Judge
John Nebbett of Silver City, sitting
for Judge E. L. Meeker, pending the
trial of presentment against them
alleging incompetency and neglect of
duty. The cases will be tried at Car-
rizzo in March. Under the law the
governor appoints their successors
but no action had been taken up to
noon today.—Roswell News.

MRS. ORNER TO BE TRIED Sixth Hearing on Murder Charge May Be In January.

El Paso, Dec. 18.—District Attorney
W. W. Bridges says the sixth trial
of Mrs. Arnes Orner, charged with
the murder of her daughter, Lillie,
will move than likely come up here in
the thirty-fourth district court in
January.

Mrs. Orner has been tried twice in
El Paso, once in 1905, once in 1910,
once in Midland and once in Van Horn
each trial having resulted in a hung
jury.

She objected to being tried again in
El Paso, but the state decided against
her.



We are going to publish serially

"WITHIN THE LAW"

A stirring novelization of the most successful
play produced in New York in a decade

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Several Hundred Dollars in Prizes

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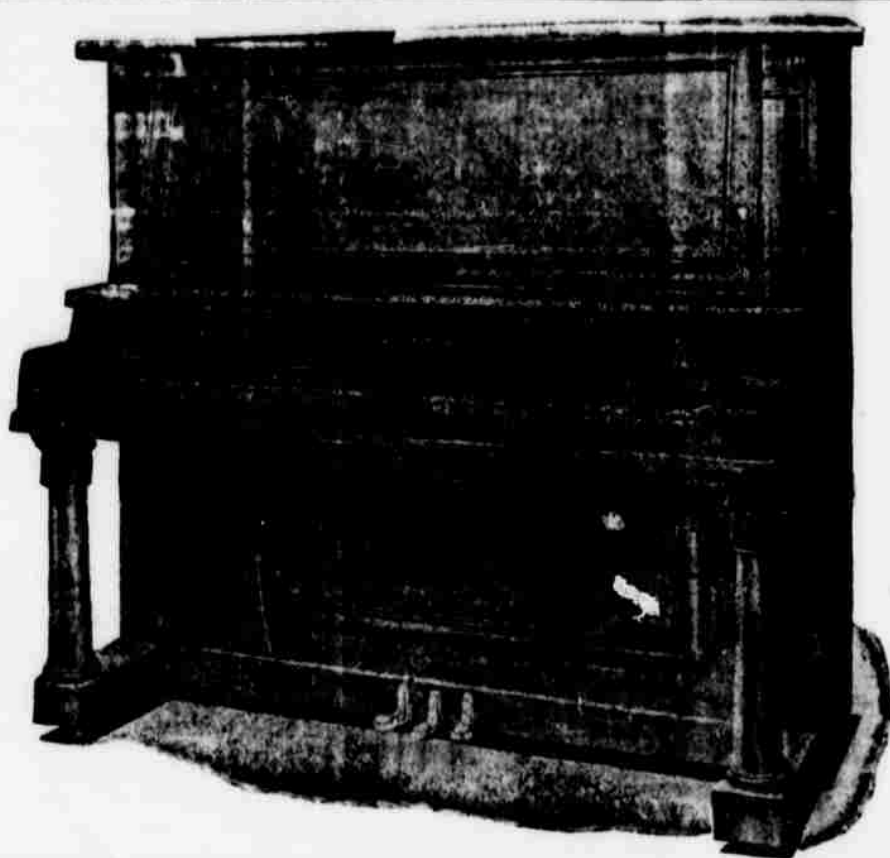
Which Will Be Given by

The Current

Is to be an

Elegant \$400
Obermeyer & Sons
PIANO

LIKE CUT SHOWN HERE



Most of the Merchants of
Carlsbad have contributed
valuable prizes and will give
"Independent."

VOTE COUPONS
With \$1.00 Cash Purchases

RULES AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING CONTEST ARE AS FOLLOWS:

1. ANNOUNCEMENT.—This Piano and Popular Ladies' Voting Contest will be conducted fairly and honestly on business principles, strictly with justice and fairness to all concerned. With the above principles, it will be an assured success.

2. PRIZES.—The Capital prize will be an Obermeyer & Sons Piano. Also other valuable prizes to the amount of many dollars which are announced herewith.

3. CANDIDATES.—Young ladies in this and adjoining towns are eligible to enter this contest, and the party receiving the largest number of votes shall receive the beautiful \$400 Obermeyer & Sons Piano and other premiums will be distributed in accordance with the contestants' standing at the final count.

4. TIE IN VOTES.—Should any of the contestants tie in votes, The Publishers Music Company will award a similar prize according to standing at the final count.

5. VOTES CLASSED.—Votes will be issued in the following denominations

New Subscriptions, 600 votes	\$ 1.50
Renewals, 500 votes	1.50
Renewals, more than one year, 600 votes	1.50
Back Subscriptions, 400 votes	1.50
5 years New Subscriptions, 5,000 votes	7.50
10 years New Subscriptions, 12,500 votes	15.00
20 years New Subscriptions, 30,000 votes	30.00

INSTRUCTIONS.—Results as to standing of votes will be issued after 30 days. No votes accepted at less than regular price of paper concerned in this contest. No one connected with this paper will be allowed to become a candidate in this contest or work for contestants.

Votes after being counted, cannot be transferred to another. Be sure to know whom you are going to vote for before coming to the ballot box, as the editors or anyone will positively not give any information on the subject. The key to the government ballot box shall be in possession of the awarding committee during the contest.

For the first 30 days the paper will run 25-vote coupon which can be voted free for any lady contestant.

Contest to run not less than 90 days Closing of contest will be announced 25 days in advance of closing. The right to postpone date of closing is reserved if sufficient cause should occur.

The contest shall close on a day which will be announced later. 10 days prior to closing contest, the judges will carefully lock or seal ballot box and take same to the National Bank of Carlsbad, where the same will be in a place where voting can be done during business hours and locked in a vault at night until close of contest, when the judges will take charge and count same and announce the young ladies winning in their turn.

The last ten days all voting must be done in a sealed box at the bank. If you not wish anyone to know whom you are voting for, place your cash for subscriptions together with your coupons in a sealed envelope which will be furnished you and put same in ballot box. This will give everyone a fair and square deal.

PRIZE VALUE \$25.00

Edison Phonograph

Donated by

Roberts-Dearborne Hdw. Co
General Hardware

We give a 25 vote coupon with each
\$1.00 cash purchase.
Ask for Coupon

PRIZE VALUE \$5.00

1000 Shingles

Donated by

The Groves Lumber Co.

We give a 25 vote coupon with each
\$1.00 cash purchase.
Ask for Coupon

PRIZE VALUE \$20.00

Donated by

Joyce-Fruit Co.
Dry Goods, Groceries, Coal,
Feed, Boots, Shoes

We give a 25 vote coupon with each
\$1.00 cash purchase.

Ask for Coupon

PRIZE VALUE \$5.00

Bottle of Perfume

Donated by

Eddy Drug Store
Druggist.

We give a 25 vote coupon with each
\$1.00 cash purchase.

Ask for Coupon

PRIZE VALUE \$5.00

Donated by

H. H. Dilley
Jeweler

We give a 25 vote coupon with each
\$1.00 cash purchase.

Ask for Coupon

PRIZE VALUE \$5.00

Donated by

R. M. Thorne
Furniture

We give a 25 vote coupon with each
\$1.00 cash purchase.

Ask for Coupon

PRIZE VALUE \$7.00

Room of Best Wall Paper

Donated by

J. R. Linn
Paint and Oil Paper

We give a 25 vote coupon with each
\$1.00 cash purchase.

Ask for Coupon

Call for and Save Your Tickets Beginning TO-DAY for some young lady will appreciate them

DICKY'S NEW YEAR

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE)

amazed to find himself at the party after all, surrounded by men and women, who all said cheerfully, "A happy New Year to you, Dicky, dear!"

He was too drowsy to be frightened, but as his father carried him back to bed the child heard the great bells of the city calling out to him:

"A happy New Year, Dicky, dear, and many of them!"

Where water is before cows constantly it is interesting to note how often they will take a few swallows, then go ahead with eating or chewing cud, says Hoard's Dairyman. It would be hard to estimate the benefit of having water before the cows in winter when it is warm to the temperature of even a cold barn over the system of turning cows out to drink once or twice a day from a tank that is too often frozen, or even if the water is fairly warm the atmosphere is too cold for cow comfort and she is compelled to drink far too much at one time, thereby chilling her and diverting energy that should be used in making milk to bringing her temperature up to normal.

NEW YEAR'S DAY.

THE dawn is gray and chilly with the frost.
The old year's pulse now flutters, now is still
And all our twelvemonth's deeds, for good or ill,
Pass into shadow, silent, one by one.
While from the night wherein we wander, lost,
The new year rises with the rising sun.

A new year? Nay, 'tis but the same old year.
The same remorseless round of sun and rain,
Of seasons in their order, joy and pain—
The old emotions playing upon strings
That wax a little older, drawing near
The final end of all remembered things.

Earth ages, and the very mountains ead
With years, and we who crawl upon their breast
Pass at the sliding sands' benign retreat
Hate faded, greed falls, lust crumbles into clay,
And there are left but love and faith and God.
To whom a thousand years are as a day.
—Richard Wright Kaufman

300 CHINESE MAY BE DRIVEN OUT OF CHIHUAHUA. CONCLUDED FROM FIRST PAGE

into jail and ransoms demanded for their release.

Will Have 7000 Men

It is claimed that there are 2,500 Villistas in Gomez Palacio and about half that number in Lerdo and other villages in the vicinity which will give General Herrera a combined force of nearly 7,000 men, which it is believed is sufficient to overcome the federal force now occupying it. General Velasco is credited in federal circles in El Paso with having 6,000 men well armed, well mounted and well provisioned, but this is strenuously denied by officers of the Villista government.

Say Velasco Coming North
General Velasco is reported to have moved northward from Torreon and passed through the state of Coahuila, where he is reported to have announced their intentions of taking the aggressive in an advance towards Chihuahua for the purpose of forming a junction with him and cutting off Villista's communication to the border.

According to the federal plan, General Orozco, Caraveo and Rojas will unite their forces to join with Velasco somewhere in the vicinity of Santa Rosalia, while General Salazar with 1500 to 2000 men will attempt to cut the railroad somewhere between Chihuahua and Juarez.

Warfare of Extermination

Ojinaga arrivals also say that General Salazar has announced a determination to carry on a warfare of extermination and destruction after the methods used by the federals in the famous Morelos campaign against the Zapatistas a year ago. He will put to death everyone he meets on his march who is not able to carry a gun. All able bodied men will be pressed into his service, all homes will be burned and all stock slaughtered, while the women and children will be forced to accompany his army on the march.

It is said in this connection that General Velasco in command of the federal forces supposed to be on the way north from Torreon has orders to wipe out all trace of constitutionalism in the state of Chihuahua even if he must burn towns, destroy ranch property and lay waste cities to do it. It was Gen-

eral Velasco who was delegated by President Madero to put down the Zapatistas in the state of Morelos at any cost and he carried out his orders to the letter. It is feared that if the constitutionalists meet with a reverse in their campaign against Torreon, that the whole state of Chihuahua will be devastated.

Little Known in Juarez.

At military headquarters in Juarez Saturday nothing was known of military movements south of Chihuahua except that General Herrera was proceeding toward Torreon. All knowledge of his whereabouts or the number of men composing his command was denied. It was admitted that General Velasco at the head of a federal army had occupied the city of Torreon, but it was claimed that Gomez Palacio, Lerdo and other suburbs of Torreon were in the hands of the Villistas who are only awaiting the arrival of General Herrera's forces to attack and retake the town.

The heaviest mail ever to have been taken by a star route in this state left the Carlsbad post office Wednesday for

the Plains. It required three big autos to carry the mail sacks all of which were bulging with heavy parcels. The weight was over a ton and a half.

While driving in the dark through Cedar Lane last Saturday night about eight o'clock, Chas. F. Richmond manager and Driller Albert Moore and Tom Jones were caught in a collision with another team and buggy causing all to be thrown from the buggy and Mr. Moore was seriously injured about the head and face. The other buggy was on the wrong side of the road which caused the collision. The team they were driving ran away and Messrs. Moore, Richmond and Jones walked in to town. People cannot be too careful to hold the right side of the road in the dark for if all keep to the right no collision can occur.

Gas in the stomach comes from food which has fermented. Get rid of this badly digested food as quickly as possible if you would avoid a bilious attack. HERBINE is the remedy you need. It cleanses and strengthens the stomach, liver and bowels, and restores energy and cheerfulness. Price 50c. Sold by All Druggists.