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Carlsbad Current, 09-12-1913

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The Carlsbad Current

TWENTY-FIRST YEAR

CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1913

NUMBER 44

MAYOR GAYNOR OF N. Y. DEAD

PASSED AWAY YESTERDAY ON OCEAN

HEART FAILURE THE CAUSE
SAYS SON WHO ACCOMPANIED
HIM AND SENT BACK
THE MESSAGE.

Death of Mayor Complicates Race for
Successor at Coming Election; Re-
nominated Recently by People
of All Parties to Run
Independently.

New York, Sept. 11.—Mayor Gaynor died on the steamer Baltic in mid-ocean at 1:00 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon.

News of his death was received here in a message sent by wireless and cable to Robert Adamson, his secretary, by Rufus W. Gaynor, his son, who sailed with him.

"Father died Wednesday at 1:00 o'clock, due to heart failure. Notify mother."

Mayor Gaynor sailed away from New York, a fast falling man, on the morning of September 4th. An hour before he sailed, only one man, his secretary, knew of his plans outside the members of his immediate family. The mayor's announced purpose was a brief vacation on the ocean. He felt that the tonic effects of the salt air would restore him in some measure to health.

The Baltic was due to Queenstown Friday.

The mayor died as she was nearing the other side.

Mayor Gaynor left New York at a time when the city was seething in one of the strangest municipal political conditions in history. The day before his departure he was notified on the city hall steps by representatives of independent political organizations that they had chosen him as their standard bearer in the mayoralty campaign. A throng that crowded city hall park assembled to hear him accept. He had prepared a speech of acceptance, but was so weak that he was unable to deliver it, and his secretary read it for him, the mayor sitting beside him.

He was expected to attack Tammany hall sharply politically as soon as he returned to the city.

The assassin's bullet that lodged in his throat three years ago had never been removed. It was the mayor's plan to remain abroad less than a week. He expected to sail for New York from Liverpool on September 18 and to reach this city a week later. Mayor Gaynor's sudden death completely overturns the municipal political situation. It removes from the field a candidate for mayor who was expected to cut heavily into the vote of the fusion nominee John Pursey Mitchell and leaves only the tickets fusionists. The former is headed by nominated by the democrats and the Edward E. McCall, former chairman of the public service commission of this district.

The mayor's renomination was brot about by no particular political faction or party, but represented only his personal popularity. Politicians who discussed his death today expected that his followers would make no attempt to nominate a candidate in his place. No other places on the Gaynor ticket have yet been filled.

Mayor Gaynor was placed at the head of the independent ticket after Tammany Hall had refused him a renomination. He was to lead those opposed the regular democratic organization and yet were unwilling to join the fusion of republicans and progressives.

Supreme Court Sittings.
In the supreme court today the case of the state of New Mexico vs. Lillie C. Klansner from Lincoln county, is being argued. The case of Mary Duncan vs. Mary Brown from McKinley is also scheduled for today—Monday's New Mexican.

Phone 31 for ICE. McCORD & CO.

A TRAGIC DEATH.

Robert, Thirteen-Year-Old Son of Rev. Davis Meets Death by Accident
Last Saturday.

One of the saddest and most tragic affairs which ever occurred in our city was the death of Robert, the young son of Rev. and Mrs. A. A. Davis, which took place early Saturday afternoon, at the home of his parents on West Shaw street, between Alameda and Halagueno streets. The circumstances attending the sad affair as near as can be related are as follows:

The family had finished their dinner and the little boy went to the barn to feed the horse, as was his custom, while Mrs. Davis went to lie down and Miss Elizabeth to read on the gallery. Shortly after two o'clock, Mrs. Davis arose and upon inquiry discovered that Robert was not on the gallery with his sister. Receiving no response to her calls, Mrs. Davis became alarmed fearing something, she knew not what, and hurried to the barn. Upon entering the building she saw her son hanging by a rope from the rafters over the stairway. She hurriedly ran up the steps, and endeavored to remove the rope from his neck; failing in this, she held the boy's body with one arm and standing on tip toe, untied the rope from the rafters, and let the boy down.

A physician was hurriedly summoned and efforts made toward resuscitation but in his judgment the boy had been dead about an hour.

The rope was a small one, such as is generally used in tying trunks and had been left in position as a receptacle for empty grain sacks. However, the sacks had but recently been disposed of, and the noose was left hanging.

The supposition is that Robert, on going up into the loft of the barn, where the grain was kept tried hanging from the rope by his chin that being a practice of the boys at school recently, and that in some manner the rope slipped, strangling him. There was some evidence of a struggle—blood being upon the hands which would not have been the case had death been instantaneous.

A coroner's jury was immediately called by Judge Frank H. Richards, acting as coroner, and the following composing the jury: Allen Heard, J. D. Walker, John Eaken, Julian Smith, Captain Mitchiner and W. H. Henderson, who after investigation, rendered this verdict: "We find that Robert Davis met his death by accidental hanging while playing in his father's barn."

Reverend Davis being at Fort Stockton, Texas, conducting a meeting, was wired and arrived home Sunday morning, and the interment was held in City cemetery the day following at 10:00 A. M.

Robert Smith Davis was born in Jacksonville, Texas, February 3, 1900, and was consequently in his 14th year since February.

He was an unusual boy; exceedingly fond of reading, so much so, in fact, that his parents were obliged to limit the hours in which he could indulge himself in that pastime and oblige him to walk or ride.

In company with his sister, Miss Elizabeth, he was a familiar figure on our streets riding behind the family horse. An obedient, cheerful, loving lad, he will be greatly missed in the home and school and wherever he was known.

Nothing that has occurred in recent years has so touched and roused the sympathy of our people, as has the untimely death of this only son, and many bright hopes for the future are interred in his grave.

The funeral services which were largely attended were held at the home, all the ministers of the city being present and assisting. Rev. J. R. Goodloe delivered a short talk, and a quartette choir composed of Messdames Fessenden and C. C. Lewis and Messrs. A. N. Pratt and Dr. Munger, gave two beautiful selections at the house and at the cemetery the same choir sang: "Abide With Me." Reverend Pratt repeated the Lord's prayer and pronounced the benediction.

The pall bearers were Messrs. Archie Nelson, Gene Roberts, Guy Orr, George Adams, Clifford Lewis and Laurence Merchant. The seventh grade of which he was a member, closed school for the funeral, many of

the dead boy's friends attending.

The floral offerings were very beautiful and attested, in their silent way, the esteem and sympathy with which the entire family is regarded in our city. The grave in the cemetery is entirely covered with the beautiful creations.

Words are very inadequate in expressing either one's joys or sorrows, and in a case like this, nothing can

THAW DEPORTED FORCIBLY ACROSS CANADIAN BORDER

NOW UNDER ARREST IN NEW HAMPSHIRE

BATTLES VIGOROUSLY WITH THE CANADIAN AUTHORITIES AS THEY TOOK HIM FROM JAIL AND STARTED FOR BORDER.

Claimed Tey Were Kidnapping Him; Wandered Three Hours in Vermont, Then Crossed Into New Hampshire Where he Was Arrested.

MADE FUTILE EFFORT TO REACH MOTHER OR LEGAL COUNSEL

Made No Resistance to Arrest by Sheriff Drew Though No Warrant Was Held; Retains A Lawyer.

Colebrook, N. H., Sept. 10.—Harry K. Thaw enjoyed three brief hours of liberty in northern New England today but was arrested shortly before noon on a country road five miles from

he said by friends, who would gladly speak words to lighten this crushing burden of grief. "They who go feel not the pain of parting; it is they who stay behind who suffer."

Good Job for Carroon.

Clovis, N. M., Sept. 9.—Supt. V. L. Griffin, superintendent of the Clovis city schools resigned his position yesterday, and this afternoon, Mr. W. E. Carroon of Roswell was elected to fill the place made vacant at a salary of \$1,800 a year. He will take charge this week some time.

Mr. Griffin, who came to Clovis from Carlsbad, two years ago, goes to Texas, where he will engage in the banking business.—Roswell News.

with his mother and his lawyers at Montreal but was unsuccessful.

Reentering the automobile Thaw and his newspaper acquaintances doubled back into Canada for a short distance and then returned to American territory through Canaan and Beecher Falls, Vt., crossing the Connecticut river into New Hampshire at 10 o'clock. Throughout the trip Thaw made no attempt to conceal his identity.

The first stop in New Hampshire was made at West Stewartstown, where Thaw tried again, unsuccessfully to get in touch with his mother and attorneys.

After leaving West Stewartstown, Thaw stopped at the farm of Mrs. Martha Appleton, where he entered the kitchen and asked for permission to use the telephone. Again he failed to connect, either with Montreal or with Colebrook, where court was in session and where he wished to engage a New Hampshire attorney.

After leaving Mrs. Appleton's farm Thaw proceeded about five miles down the road, when he was arrested by Sheriff Drew.

Thaw's lawyers late this afternoon applied for a writ of habeas corpus before Superior Judge Chamberlain. The judge was busy with another case but said he would consider the matter.

Sheriff Drew admitted that he was holding the prisoner without any warrant and was worried lest he be forced to release him. Thaw was in his lawyer's office, technically detained

IMPEACHMENT HOLDS

DECLARED LEGAL BY JUDGE HASBROUCK

DECISION MAKES ROBIN'S PARDON INVALID AND HE IS SENT BACK TO PRISON. N. Y. CORPORATION COUNSEL UPHOLDS

Justice of Supreme Court of State of New York Decides Sulzer is Divested of Right to Exercise Functions While Awaiting Impeachment Trial

Kingston, N. Y., Sept. 11.—Justice Hasbrouck, of the supreme court of the state, today decided that Governor Sulzer was regularly impeached and while awaiting impeachment trial was divested of the right to exercise functions, including the power to pardon.

The question of the legality of Sulzer's impeachment came before Justice Hasbrouck in connection with habeas corpus proceedings brought to compel the New York city authorities to enter Governor Sulzer's pardon of Joseph G. Robin, the banker convicted.

He decided that Robin's pardon was invalid, quashed the writ and sent Robin back to prison at Blackwell's Island.

Attorneys representing Sulzer and Robin had argued that the impeachment was illegal because voted by the assembly at a special session which was not called expressly for that question. The court refused to sustain this contention.

The decision upheld the argument of the New York corporation counsel who maintained that the assembly when it impeached acted in judicial and not a legislative capacity and was properly in session.

The assembly voted to impeach Governor Sulzer early on the morning of August 13. Although it was reported immediately that the governor would seek to overturn the assembly's action by recourse to the court, Justice Hasbrouck's decision today was the first ruling made by any court on the legality of the impeachment.

Arguments on the validity of the writ of habeas corpus were heard here Monday. The questions raised were—first, whether Governor Sulzer was impeached, and second, whether he was divested of his powers pending trial.

"The subject of impeachment," says Judge Hasbrouck, "like the power of a legislative body to punish for contempt has a different character from a subject requiring the action of both branches of the legislature and the governor in order that laws may be enacted."

"The power conferred on the assembly to impeach the governor is a judicial power. The power of impeachment, therefore cannot be participated in by the governor or senate, and therefore does not constitute a legislative subject."

Fall and Catron Fight Paz Valverde.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 8.—A subcommittee of the state committee on territories has held a hearing on the nomination of Paz Valverde named for register of the land office at Clayton, New Mexico.

Senators Fall and Catron (Reps.) presented about 50 affidavits making charges against Valverde and opposing his confirmation. Representative Ferguson (Dem.) urged his appointment. It is believed Valverde will be confirmed.

Official Prohibition Election Vote of Election Held September 2, 1913.

The following is the official vote cast at the various polling places September 2nd:

Total Vote	Dry	Wet	Maj.
Lakewood 125	48	77	29
Knowles 46	26	46	20
Lovington 60	52	8	44
Loving 52	25	26	1
Malaga 25	10	15	5
Otis 25	15	10	5

1913=SCHOOL DAYS=1913

EVERYTHING FOR THE SCHOOL ROOM

BOOKS, WATER COLORS, TABLETS, SANITARY CUPS, PENCILS, PENS, INK, etc.

Our stock is very complete, and we would advise that you make your purchases early, before stock is broken. As school books are sold on a very close margin of profit we must have cash with all Book orders.

The Eddy Drug Store.

here by Sheriff Holman Drew.

Thaw was in an automobile with some newspaper reporters. He entered the sheriff's car without protest, although the officer had no warrant for his arrest.

Thaw was taken to the office of Thos. Johnson, a local attorney whom he retained as his legal advisor.

Thaw lost his hat on the way and wore a cap borrowed from one of the newspaper men. His only possession was a bunch of cigars.

Sheriff Drew wired William Travers Jerome to come at once to take charge of the fugitive.

When Thaw crossed the international boundary at 9 o'clock this morning for the first time since his arrest at Coaticook three weeks ago, he was a free man. He stood for a few moments, not knowing what way to go, and then asked one of the newspaper correspondents who had followed him from Coaticook in an automobile, if he might enter his car. On reaching Averill Thaw attempted to get in telephone communication

Greenfield, Mass., Sept. 10.—Unaccompanied by anyone except a representative of the railroad, Wm. T. Jerome left here at 4:15 today in a special train for Colebrook, N. H. He expected to reach Colebrook in about four hours.

Former Carlsbad Boy Descends Into Horrible Pit.

Trapped at the bottom of a pit between two oil tanks and overcome by fumes of gas, five men were terribly burned and nearly suffocated yesterday afternoon at the refinery of the Harris Oil Company, No. 444 Bernardo street. One will die and two others may not survive. Two firemen who participated in the rescue work are sick.

The strength of the fumes, the narrowness of the pit, which is twelve feet deep, rendered rescue work almost impossible, and for forty-five minutes the firemen battled vainly with the gases, risking their own lives as they were, one after the

other, lowered into the hole at the end of ropes, only to be dragged again to the surface. Time after time this happened before they could fasten other ropes about the bodies of the stricken men.

Once dragged from the bottom of the pit, the injured men were rushed to hospitals where pulmotors were used to resuscitate them. Half a dozen police surgeons and others worked for hours over the men.

James Thomas, a workman at the refinery, went to the bottom of the pit between two large distillate tanks to open a pump for the ridding of the pit floor of oil and water. A leak in the valve between the two tanks filled the pit with fumes, and Thomas was nearly overcome when he called to Foreman Leonard Jones for assistance. Jones, detecting the heavy fumes, heard Thomas's voice grow fainter and then descended into the pit. With a rope he tried to drag Thomas's body to the surface when he was compelled to call for help, and was himself dragged out by other workmen. Jones went again into the pit and finally rescued Thomas, but could not get out himself, and fell across the faulty valve, sending a heavier stream of the fumes into the pit.

William McDonald, another workman, descended twice into the pit before he could rescue Jones who was helped to the surface by John R. Ott, manager of the concern, and Samuel Lewis. Meanwhile Ott descended into the pit to shut off the cock and open the pump, and with him went Lewis. The three men at the bottom of the pit were overcome before they could get out, and lay at the bottom of the hole for half an hour while a squad of police, under Lieut. Butler and a company of firemen under Battalion Chief Casey were battling against the gases.

Lieut. Frank Edwards of Engine Company No. 19 made two descents into the pit, the first time being so overcome that he had to call for help before he could make a rescue. Fighting heroically against almost overwhelming odds, the firemen kept up the rescue work. J. E. Runston of Engine company No. 1, was lowered into the pit and rescued Lewis. Again Lieut. Edwards went down, but in the blinding fumes he fastened the rope about the pump across which lay Ott's prostrate form. Edwards insisted on going down again and rescued Ott.

Ott, who is a large man, his clothes steeped in the oil, slipped through the ropes just as he neared the top, but Edwards, himself almost unconscious, caught him and helped him out, then toppled over unconscious.

W. E. Brown of Engine Company No. 19, went into the pit for McDonald, the remaining victim of the fumes, and made a quick job of fastening the rope beneath his arms.

Fireman and policemen at the top of the pit were standing over one distillate tank on unsafe planking, and some were exhausted from the heat and exertion. While some were tugging at the ropes others were pouring buckets of water down on the victims and rescuers. The ambulance from the Receiving Hospital had a flat tire just as it reached the scene, and the injured men were piled into a patrol wagon and later into an ambulance from the Crocker-street Hospital.

Ott, Lewis, Jones and Thomas were taken to the Receiving Hospital. Ott is terribly burned, and he had inhaled so much gas that it was hours before he showed signs of recovery. Jones was also badly burned and respiratory methods restored him to consciousness after a two-hour struggle. Lewis and Thomas are not badly injured.

McDonald is at the Crocker-street Hospital and attending physicians say he cannot live.

Lieut. Edwards and Firemen Brown and Runston were seriously ill last night from inhaling gas.

The above clipping is from the Los Angeles Examiner of Friday, 6th, instant, and the Lewis referred to is Sam Lewis, eldest son of C. W. Lewis, of this city. Sam was brought to the Valley at a very early age and knew no other home until recent years. His escape from death or serious injury is remarkable and the many friends of the boy and his father are glad to learn of his bravery in thus voluntarily descending into so dangerous a place, and glad also, that he suffered no more serious injury than is above stated. Carlsbad boys can be depended upon to "make good" under every circumstance.

Now Well

"Thedford's Black-Draught is the best all-round medicine I ever used," writes J. A. Steelman, of Pattonville, Texas. "I suffered terribly with liver troubles, and could get no relief. The doctors said I had consumption. I could not work at all. Finally I tried

THEDFORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT

and to my surprise, I got better, and am to-day as well as any man." Thedford's Black-Draught is a general, cathartic, vegetable liver medicine, that has been regulating irregularities of the liver, stomach and bowels, for over 70 years. Get a package today. Insist on the genuine—Thedford's. E-70

School of Mines to Open.

Doctor Francis A. Jones arrived in Socorro Wednesday, preparatory to assuming his duties as president of the New Mexico State School of Mines, to which position he was elected at the July meeting of the board of regents. In taking charge of the school, President Jones assumes a responsibility that is in no wise new to him, he having been president of the institution ten years ago, since which time he has had constant practical experience in various mining districts comprising a number of the important mineral fields of the United States and Canada, which will without doubt be of great benefit to him in his technical work. President Jones enters upon his duties full of enthusiasm and being a person of great perseverance, will make things go whether they want to or not. The Chieftain predicts for the school one of the most successful years within the history of the institution.

During the summer extensive improvements have been made in the north basement making ample room for the departments of both Mining and Civil Engineering.

The physical laboratory is being installed on the first and second floors of the main building. In the furnace room an entire change in the general arrangement has been made. New furnaces will be installed and the large stone platform which occupied this room is being removed and will ma-

terially increase the working space. Much new apparatus, supplies, and machinery has arrived and is now being installed.

The outlook for a material increase in attendance is quite flattering, judging from many inquiries coming in from both inside and outside the state. Many innovations are contemplated being made in the school administration whereby the usefulness of the institution will become a potent factor in exploiting the mineral resources of the state as well as preparing young men in the usefulness of the profession appertaining to the scientific business of mining.—Socorro Chieftain.

J. W. Thurman came in Tuesday to look for sheep herders for his ranch at the head of Black river and Tuesday night his team left the corral and he has had Grover Tullious out hunting the horses since.

Christian & Co., Insurance.

Notice of Suit Pending. IN THE DISTRICT COURT, EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO.

No. 1797.
David B. Massie, Plaintiff, vs. J. C. Ritter, M. J. Ritter, Roy Smalley, Inez Smalley, W. J. Raynor, Mary A. Raynor, C. L. Trombly, E. M. Brown and T. J. Terry, Defendants.

To J. C. Ritter, M. J. Ritter, Roy Smalley, Inez Smalley, W. J. Raynor, Mary A. Raynor, C. L. Trombly and E. M. Brown, Defendants:

You, and each of you, are hereby notified that a suit has been begun and is now pending in the District Court, Eddy County, New Mexico, by David B. Massie, Plaintiff, and against you and T. J. Terry as defendants, numbered as above; the general object of said action being to recover judgment against said defendants J. C. Ritter, M. J. Ritter, Roy Smalley and Inez Smalley on two promissory notes made by them, payable to M. K. Stuft, one for \$3,000.00, dated March 1, 1909, and due on or before four years after date, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, and one for \$3,500.00, dated March 1, 1909, due on or before five years after date, on which interest is past due and unpaid from March 1, 1910, to date at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, said notes having been sold and endorsed to David B. Massie, Plaintiff; and further to obtain a decree of foreclosure of that certain mortgage made and delivered by said defendants J. C. Ritter, M. J. Ritter, Roy Smalley, and Inez Smalley to said M. K. Stuft, dated April 5, 1909, for the purpose of securing the payment of said notes and interest, said mortgage conveying the following described land and premises, to wit: The NE¹/₄ of SE¹/₄, and the SE¹/₄ of NE¹/₄ of Section 18, the W¹/₂ of NW¹/₄, the SE¹/₄ of NW¹/₄, and the NW¹/₄ of SW¹/₄ of Section 17, Township 18 South, Range 26 East, N. M. P. M., together with an artesian well situated near the South line of NE¹/₄ of SE¹/₄ Section 18, aforesaid, in the County of Eddy, State of New Mexico.

which said mortgage has been transferred and assigned to plaintiff herein.

You are further notified that unless you enter your appearance in said cause on or before the 25th day of October, 1913, judgment will be rendered against you by default, and plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief prayed for in his said complaint.

W. H. Woodwell is attorney for plaintiff, and his post office address is Carlsbad, New Mexico.

Witness the Honorable John T. McClure and the Honorable Granville A. Richardson, Judges of the Fifth Judicial District Court of the State of New Mexico, and the seal of said Court, this 10th day of September, 1913.

(SEAL) A. R. O'QUINN, County Clerk.

ORDINANCE NO. 109. AN ORDINANCE, providing for the Licensing and Regulating the Barter, Sale, and Exchange of Intoxicating Liquors Within the Town of Carlsbad, New Mexico. BE IT ORDAINED BY THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF CARLSBAD:

SECTION I.
The word "saloon" as used herein shall be held and construed to mean any and all rooms and other places in the Town of Carlsbad where intoxicating liquors are sold or offered for sale at retail.

The word "saloonkeeper" as used herein shall be held and construed to mean any person selling intoxicating liquor at retail.

The word "penner" as used herein shall be held and construed to mean any person, persons, firm, association or corporation.

The words "intoxicating liquors" as used herein shall be held and construed to mean malt, various, mixed and fermented liquors and wines.

SECTION II.
That any person who shall sell or offer for sale within the Town of Carlsbad intoxicating liquors in quantities of five gallons or more, at the same time, to the same person, shall be construed a wholesale liquor dealer and shall pay to the Town of Carlsbad, a license tax of \$300.00 per year, payable annually in advance.

SECTION III.
That any person who shall sell or offer for sale intoxicating liquors in quantities of less than five gallons at the same time, to the same person, shall be construed a retail liquor dealer or saloon-keeper, and shall pay to the Town of Carlsbad, a license tax of \$2,000.00 per year, which said license tax shall be payable semi-annually in advance, and no portion of which license tax shall be refunded, except when prohibition shall have been legally enacted and becomes effective, when the pro rata portion of such license tax shall be refunded, covering the unexpired term for which payment has been made.

SECTION IV.
It shall be unlawful for any person to set up, or engage in the business of retail liquor dealer, or saloon-keeper, within the Town of Carlsbad, until he shall have procured from said Town a retail liquor license. The person applying for such license shall make written application to the Town Council, stating the room, lot and block number where he desires to conduct said retail liquor business, which said application shall be accompanied by the written consent of the owners of more than one half of the lots of the half block in which such room or building is situated, or if the place described in such application is not part of a regularly numbered block, then the written consent of the owners of more than one-half of the property in the square or other subdivision in which the same is situated, but no license shall be granted by the Council for the retail sale of intoxicating liquor within one block or square of any church, public library or public school, or in any purely residence district. The words "block" or "square" as used herein are hereby defined, and shall be held and construed to be, the distance along one side of a block or square in that part of the Town of Carlsbad where the proposed saloon is to be located, between the centers of the streets running parallel on either side of such block or square.

In addition to the above, said application shall state that the applicant has not been convicted of any felonious or infamous crime, and that if granted a license, to conduct a retail liquor business, he will faithfully and punctually observe all the provisions and conditions of the laws of the Town of Carlsbad governing the retail sale of intoxicating liquors, and shall verify the same by his oath.

SECTION V.
Upon said application being presented to the Town Council, the Council shall investigate the location of the place for which such license is desired, the character of the applicant, therefore; and if, upon such investigation, said Council shall be of the opinion that the location named in said application is a place not prohibited by law for the retail sale of intoxicating liquors and that the applicant for such

license is a fit person to conduct the business of a retail liquor dealer, it shall thereupon grant such applicant retail liquor license for six months thence ensuing, which license shall be executed by the mayor, attested by the recorder and delivered to the applicant by the Town Recorder upon the payment of the license tax above provided.

SECTION VI.
It shall be unlawful for any retail liquor dealer, within the Town of Carlsbad, to open his place of business or allow the same to be kept open between the hours of 9:30 o'clock p. m. and 5 o'clock a. m. of the succeeding day, except on Saturdays, on which day he shall not open his place of business earlier than 5 o'clock a. m. and shall close the same on or before 11:00 o'clock p. m. and shall keep the same closed thereafter until 5 o'clock a. m. the following Monday.

SECTION VII.
It shall be unlawful for any retail liquor dealer, within the Town of Carlsbad, to keep or maintain in his barroom, or saloon, any chair, table, box, bench, rack, or other place whereon persons may be seated except stools or chairs for use of the employees of said saloon to be kept behind the bar therein and at no time shall any screens, blinds, curtains, shades, or obstructions of any kind be allowed within such barroom or saloon or on or near the outside of the walls thereof nor shall a clear and unobstructed view through all the windows and glass doors of said barroom or saloon into the interior thereof from the outside be hindered, curtailed or prevented in any manner whatsoever.

SECTION VIII.
It shall be unlawful for any retail liquor dealer, within the Town of Carlsbad, to maintain any dumb waiter, or other connection with rooms over his retail liquor store or in the basement thereof, or in any other room connected therewith, or to keep or maintain any wine room or rooms in connection with said saloon.

SECTION IX.
It shall be unlawful for any retail liquor dealer or saloon-keeper to allow any minor under the age of twenty-one (21) years, or any pupil of any school or state educational institution, to enter his place of business; and it shall be unlawful for any such minor or pupil of any school or state educational institution to enter any retail liquor store or saloon, and any such minor or pupil of any school or state educational institution who shall be guilty of a violation of this section, shall, upon conviction be punished by a fine of not less than Twenty-five (\$25.00) Dollars nor more than Fifty (\$50.00) Dollars, or by imprisonment for not less than thirty (30) days, nor more than ninety (90) days, or by both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court trying the case.

SECTION X.
It shall be unlawful for any retail liquor dealer within the Town of Carlsbad, to allow any female person to enter his place of business, or to be served with drinks from any entrance thereto; and any female person who shall enter, or attempt to enter, any retail liquor store or saloon, for the purpose of being served therein shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine in any sum not less than \$25.00 nor more than \$50.00, or by imprisonment for a period of not more than 90 days, or both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court trying the case.

SECTION XI.
It shall be unlawful for any retail liquor dealer within the Town of Carlsbad, to willingly allow any loud, indecent or boisterous language or conduct in said saloon, or to allow any game of any character to be played, therein, or to allow any cards, dice, dominoes, slot machine or other device therein; by, with or upon which persons may wager for drinks, cigars or other articles for sale therein.

SECTION XII.
It shall be unlawful for any retail liquor dealer, within the Town of Carlsbad, to allow any obscene pictures to be posted, placed or hung in his place of business, or to allow therein any machine wherein obscene or suggestive pictures are shown.

SECTION XIII.
It shall be unlawful for any retail liquor dealer or saloon-keeper, within the Town of Carlsbad, to have or maintain in his place of business any piano, piano-player or other musical instrument, or allow any singing or dancing therein.

SECTION XIV.
It shall be unlawful for any retail liquor dealer or saloon-keeper, within the Town of Carlsbad, to allow any loitering in his place of business or to sell any intoxicating liquor to any person when such person is in an intoxicated condition.

SECTION XV.
It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to loiter or loiter on the sidewalk in front of any retail liquor store or saloon in the Town of Carlsbad. Any person who shall violate this section of this ordinance, shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine

in any sum not less than \$5.00 nor more than \$50.00, or by imprisonment for not less than five days nor more than sixty days, in the discretion of the court trying the case.

SECTION XVI.
No retail liquor license granted under the provisions of this ordinance shall be good except at the place stated in the application therefor, nor shall any such license be transferred by the licensee, except upon the consent of the Town Council of the Town of Carlsbad.

SECTION XVII.
Any retail liquor dealer or saloon-keeper, within the Town of Carlsbad, who shall violate any of the provisions of this ordinance, or who shall fail or refuse to comply with any of its provisions, shall, upon conviction be punished by a fine in any sum not to exceed \$100.00, or be imprisoned for a period not to exceed 90 days, or both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court trying the case; and in addition to the fine and imprisonment above provided for, such retail liquor dealer shall forfeit his liquor license to the Town of Carlsbad together with all license tax paid therefor, as hereinafter provided.

SECTION XVIII.
Upon the conviction of any liquor dealer or saloon keeper for the violation of any provision of this ordinance, the Town Council of the Town of Carlsbad may, upon a two thirds vote, declare the license of such liquor dealer or saloon keeper to be forfeited and it shall be unlawful for such liquor dealer or saloon keeper to there after sell or offer for sale any intoxicating liquors within the corporate limits of the Town of Carlsbad until he shall have procured a new license therefor.

SECTION XIX.
Any person desiring to conduct a wholesale liquor business within the Town of Carlsbad shall make written application to the Town Council of the Town of Carlsbad for a license therefor, which said license shall be granted upon the payment of the license tax provided therefor.

SECTION XX.
Any wholesale liquor dealer within the Town of Carlsbad who shall sell intoxicating liquor in quantities of less than five gallons at the same time, to the same person, shall be punished by a fine in any sum not to exceed \$100.00 or be imprisoned for a period not to exceed 90 days, or both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court trying the case.

SECTION XXI.
Ordinance No. 105, of the Town of Carlsbad, entitled, "An Ordinance Prohibiting the Sale or Disposal of Intoxicating Liquor Within the Corporate Limits of the Town of Carlsbad," approved April 10, 1911, be, and the same hereby is, repealed, and this ordinance shall take effect and be in full force and effect from and after the 12th day of September, 1913, after its publication.

Passed finally by the Board of Trustees of the Town of Carlsbad, New Mexico, the 2nd day of September 1913.
Approved by me September 3rd, 1913.
SCOTT ETTER,
Mayor of the Town of Carlsbad, New Mexico.
Attest: FRANK W. ROSS, Recorder.

Election Notice.
Public notice is hereby given that on the 11th day of October, 1913, a special election will be held in the Town of Carlsbad, County of Eddy, State of New Mexico, for the purpose of submitting to the qualified electors residing in the Carlsbad School District the proposition of issuing the negotiable coupon bonds of said Carlsbad School District, in the sum of \$12,000.00, in accordance with the laws of the State of New Mexico; for the purpose of providing funds for erecting a school building in said District; said bonds to bear date of the 1st day of November, 1913, to bear interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually at Carlsbad, New Mexico, or New York City.
The ballot to be used upon voting on said proposition shall be substant-

ially the following form:
"For the issuance of negotiable coupon bonds of the Carlsbad School District in the aggregate amount of \$12,000.00 for the purpose of providing funds for the erection of a school building in said district."

"Against the issuance of negotiable coupon bonds of the Carlsbad School District in the aggregate amount of \$12,000.00 for the purpose of providing funds for the erection of a school building in said district."

The place of election shall be the Court House in said Town of Carlsbad. The following persons shall act as election officers: J. D. Walker, C. T. Adams, and Thos. E. Jones, Judges; and Joe Prater and Bert Leck, Clerks; Said election shall be held and conducted and the result thereof canvassed as provided by law.

Polls will be open at 9 o'clock, A. M. and will close at 6 o'clock, P. M., on said day of election.

The register will be open for registration of voters pursuant to the provisions of Title 28, Chapter 2, of the Compiled Laws of New Mexico, at Purdy's Furniture store in said town, on and after September 15, 1913, at which time the registration shall begin, and shall continue for ten days thereafter, and will close on September 25, 1913, and the following persons shall constitute the registration board: J. I. Penny, O. G. Patterson, and J. E. Lavery.

The foregoing notice is made upon the request of the Board of Education of the Town of Carlsbad, State of New Mexico, and upon their filing an affidavit showing the estimated cost of the proposed building.

In witness whereof I have set my hand and caused the seal of the Town of Carlsbad to be affixed hereto on this 10th day of September, 1913.

SCOTT ETTER,
Mayor of the Town of Carlsbad, New Mexico.
Attest: FRANK W. ROSS, Recorder. 12-Sep-4

Notice.
Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Roswell, New Mexico, July 26, 1913.

NOTICE is hereby given that the State of New Mexico, by virtue of the Act of Congress approved June 20, 1910, has filed in this office selection lists for the following described lands: List No. 121, Serial No. 027214, for Lots 1, 2, 3, 4; S¹/₄ NE¹/₄, SE¹/₄ NW¹/₄; NE¹/₄ SW¹/₄, S¹/₄ SW¹/₄ and SE¹/₄ Sec. 3; Lot 1, SW¹/₄ NE¹/₄, S¹/₄ NW¹/₄, SW¹/₄ and NW¹/₄ SE¹/₄ Sec. 4; NE¹/₄ NE¹/₄, S¹/₄ NE¹/₄, W¹/₂ NW¹/₄ and S¹/₄ Sec. 9; All of Sec. 10; All of Sec. 11; N¹/₂ NE¹/₄, SW¹/₄ NE¹/₄ and SE¹/₄ Sec. 14; All of Sec. 15; All of Sec. 20; N¹/₂ NW¹/₄, N¹/₂ SE¹/₄ and SE¹/₄ Sec. 21; Tp. 24 S., R. 23 E., comprising 5079.24 acres.

List No. 122, Serial No. 027215, for All of Sec. 22; All of Sec. 23; All of Sec. 26 and All of Sec. 27, Tp. 24 S., R. 23 E., comprising 2560 acres.

Protests or contests against any all of such selections may be filed in this office during the period of publication hereof or any time thereafter, and before final approval and certificate.

T. C. TILLOTSON, Register.

22-Aug-5

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
05842
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico, August 5, 1913.

NOTICE is hereby given that Lawrence G. Ryan, of Carlsbad, New Mexico, who, on December 10, 1908, made H. E. Serial No. 05842, for NW¹/₄, Section 5, Township 23-S., Range 27-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Three Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before A. R. O'Quinn, County Clerk, at Carlsbad, New Mexico, on September 16, 1913.

Claimants names as witnesses: Wiloughby R. Hegler, F. Eugene Little, Arthur R. Lenau, Cage Jennings, all of Carlsbad, New Mexico.

T. C. TILLOTSON, Register.

Aug. 15—Sept. 12

Why is the Letter "S" Like a Sewing Machine?

BECAUSE IT MAKES NEEDLES NEEDLESS.
Let us Show You why Ordinary Needles, by Placing an

ELECTRIC MOTOR on Your Machine for a WEEKS FREE TRIAL

Remember ELECTRIC FLAT IRONS are only \$3.50 now.
WE SELL ALL KINDS OF ELECTRICAL APPARATUS.

The Public Utilities Company

Phone 115.

Everything in Hardware

WE CARRY A FULL LINE OF

John Deere Goods of All Kinds

DO PLUMBING WORK AND TIN WORK.....

Finlay-Pratt Hardware Co.

NO. 5487
JOHN R. JOYCE, President
A. C. HEARD, Vice President
G. M. COOK, Cashier
W. A. CRAIG, Asst. Cashier.
The First National Bank
Carlsbad, New Mexico
Capital and Surplus, \$150,000.
We have ample capital and are prepared at all times to care for the needs of our customers. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. No account too small to receive our best attention.

The CITY LIVERY and FEED STABLE

CAPT. W. S. B. MITCHNER & SON, Props

This Stable is located near Hotel Schlitz on Mermord Street east of Masonic Hall at Carlsbad Furn. Co. The best of horses that are guaranteed to stand a reasonable day's drive at all times and no others kept

Fine Rigs Always on Hand.

We Have an Especially Fine Lot of Gentle Saddle Horses

ROPE A SPANISH MUSTANG FROM DECK OF AUTOMOBILE

Party of Texans Pull off a New and Original Stunt at the Yellow House Round-Up.

Littlefield, Tex., Sept. 8. — Tom Clark of Frisco, Tex., claims the distinction of having roped the first genuine Spanish mustang stallion ever lassoed from an automobile.

Mr. Clark, accompanied by J. H. Taylor, Jr., and Joe Taylor of McKinney, A. E. Harp and Clint Shepard of Plainview, were interested spectators at the annual branding on Yellow House ranch this week.

Mention having been made of the fact that there is one bunch of wild horses left on the plains, the gentlemen decided to undertake the feat of catching one.

Antelopes and coyote wolves have frequently been rundown by autos, but no record of a horse before. After a search of an hour or so they espied the mustangs and started in pursuit, driving a Hudson, 4-cylinder car. The chase over the prairies was very exciting. With Mr. Shepard at the wheel all dog holes and ditches were safely negotiated, notwithstanding the car sometimes ran as fast as 50 miles an hour. Horse flesh cannot hold out against gasoline and machinery so after running about fifteen miles the mustang weakened, the car ran alongside, Mr. Clark twirled the lasso, and caught the horse, which was thrown to the ground and hobbled by the party of daring Texans.

Kodak pictures were taken as the race progressed which the gentlemen exhibit to prove the story. They say that but for a supply of good plains water, which was aboard the car, imbibed freely during the exploit they never could have accomplished the deed.

"THE RAINS DESCENDED AND THE FLOODS CAME."

Van Horn, Texas, is Visited by the Heaviest Rains in its History.

What was declared by old timers to be the biggest rain in its history, visited Van Horn Wednesday and Thursday of this week. It was not only a rain; it was a veritable flood. The streets, on both sides of the track, ran eighteen inches deep in water. The water pouring in torrents from the adjacent mountains, began about three o'clock Thursday afternoon and soon the town presented the appearance of a river. When the water reached its height, about four thirty o'clock, the entire sidewalk on Main street was inundated and it was necessary to put sand bags in front of the doors of some of the business houses to keep the water out. Judge J. Y. Canon who has been here sixteen years, says it was the greatest precipitation that has visited the community during his residence.

The new concrete and frame bridge, but recently installed by the county, at the railroad crossing near the court house square, were taken out by the flood. So swift was the current and so deep the water, especially in the channel across the track, that great cross ties, from far up the canyon, were seen floating down.

Although the water ran over the railroad for a distance of several hundred yards, the only damage done the tracks was the partial undermining of a hundred or so of side track below the town.—Van Horn (Texas) Advocate.

Christian & Co., Insurance.

For Sale.

1913 Model, Motor Cycles and Motor Boats at bargain prices, all makes. Brand new machines, on easy monthly payment plan. Get our proposition before buying or you will regret it, also bargains in used Motor Cycles. Write us today. Enclose stamp for reply. Address Lock Box 11, Trenton, Michigan. 25-Jul-01

Alewine THE PAINTER

FOR THOSE WHO LIKE GOOD WORK

HOUSE CARRIAGE SIGN PAINTING

Paper Hanging and Interior Decorating.

I DO THE BUSINESS

BECAUSE I PLEASE MY CUSTOMERS

Reduced Prices on Lumber

We are pleased to advise our customers that July First we made a reduction of \$2.50 the thousand on practically all dimensions and grades of yellow pine lumber. We believe this is the lowest price that can be expected on lumber of the grades we carry, and urge intending builders or all those with any prospective work in view, to buy now while prices are low. When the grain crops begin to move lumber is sure to advance. Fifty cents on the thousand off on shingles. PHONE 66

THE GROVES LUMBER CO.

E. Hendricks, President. Morgan Livingston, Vice President. J. N. Livingston, Assistant Cashier. C. M. Richards, Cashier.

NATIONAL BANK OF CARLSBAD

United States Depository (Postal Savings)

DIRECTORS: Morgan Livingston, C. H. McLenathan, S. I. Roberts, F. F. Doepf, J. N. Livingston, C. M. Richards.

DEAN SMITH

TUBE VULCANIZING A SPECIALTY

AUTO SUPPLIES. All makes of Tires Sold and Constantly on hand

SHOP NEXT DOOR TO BROWN The Blacksmith. Carlsbad, New Mex



ROUND TRIP TO ST. LOUIS \$41.70

Summer Tourist Ticket at Special Reduced Rates Will be on Sale Daily June 1st. to September 30th. Inclusive. Final Return Limit October 31st. To Points in all States, Canada and Mexico. Call at Station for Particulars.

O. A. WAGER, Agent.

CARLSBAD Crystal ICE

FRESH--HARD--COLD

PULLED FROM THE FREEZING TANK EACH DAY

Will Last Longer Than Stored Ice

CARLSBAD ICE FACTORY

SKIMMILK NUTRITIVE.

Those who think skimmilk has little nutritive value have another guess coming. Of course it's not so yellow and frothy because the cream, or fat, has been removed. But that's just like trimming the fat off a ham steak—the lean, or valuable food constituents, remain.

Skimmilk still contains the nitrogenous substance, or building material, the protein that makes for muscle, blood, frame, life.

Skimmilk, however blue looking and distasteful to epicures, is healthful, strengthening food for man and is excellent.



Photo by C. M. Baeritz.

DRINKING SKIMMILK.

excellent for fattening fowls and growing stock, being so easily digested and quickly turned to growth.

The Indiana experiment station recently proved its worth as a grower for young chickens.

Two lots of young Rocks and Houdans a month old were given the same grains, greens and meat foods, and in addition half of them received all the skimmilk they could drink.

It was soon discovered that the lot fed skimmilk had a better digestion, ate more of the mixed food and made a more satisfactory growth, their weekly gains being 4.46 ounces, the others gaining but 2.02 ounces per

week.

The most rapid growth occurred when most skimmilk was consumed. Skimmilk is especially good for chickens in hot weather, but chicks must be kept out of it, as it is a detriment when dabbled on their plumage, and the vessels must be scalded often to keep them sweet.

The vessel shown is excellent. Chicks and dirt cannot get into it. Only a small quantity is exposed at a time, and the milk is kept shaded and cool.

DON'TS.

Don't kick the bucket over one failure. People are making mistakes every day, but it's only fools that make the same mistake twice.

Don't go into the poultry business without practical experience unless you have plenty of money to spend for your mistakes.

Don't forget to clean up that poultry yard, and this doesn't mean just raking. Filthy ground should be removed and replaced with fresh, or it should be plowed under and planted to quick growing greens.

Don't let a wounded fowl remain with the flock. Hens will sometimes eat the whole comb off a rooster that has been injured by fighting.

Don't let the turkeys take care of their lice. You'll be taking care of their remains if you do.

Don't let squabs sit in filth. It's a sin, a shame, an insane and insane method.

Don't try too many side issues along with your poultry. Too many irons in the fire prevent many from doing one thing well.

Tulips Bloom More Than One Year.

Some authorities contend that tulips in local gardens have no value and give no returns after the first year of planting. This depends largely on conditions as made by the planter. If put down deep enough in ideal soil it is certain good flowers may be obtained the second and perhaps succeeding years. Some flowers are as large in size and as long of stem in the second year as they were the first year. The number of bulbs flowering is somewhat less however.

A PIONEER FAMILY.

Short Biographical Sketches of the Chisums—Who Blazed the Way.

—By Hon. Jas. W. Mullins in Special Edition of Roswell News:

Any extensive write-up of New Mexico which did not make frequent mention of the Chisum family would be a lax narrative and Pecos Valley history cannot be told without them. The early influences exerted and the so frequent battling with changing conditions have indelibly impressed upon the nearest border of this territory the spirit of progressiveness and stability so manifest in the pioneers. These staunch old frontiersmen are rapidly crossing the Great Divide, but their spirits live in their children who pick up the tangled skein of civilization and pave the way that was blazed by the far-seeing first settlers.

John Simpson Chisum was born in Hardeman county, Tennessee, August 15th, 1824; came to Texas in 1837, and about 1854 began to deal in cattle on a small scale, his headquarters being Paris, Texas, where he was at the time clerk of Lamar county. From there he moved to Denton county, Texas, and began dealing in cattle on a large scale in 1857. Immigration filling the "Black Land Belt" too rapidly, Mr. Chisum started to drift west, ever west—seeking the "open range" for his stock cattle and driving thousands annually to northern markets. About 1865 he established headquarters at Tricium, Texas, but soon moved on to Fort Concho, in what was then the Tom Green territory, which embraced all of northwestern and western Texas. At Fort Concho he secured a contract from the United States government to furnish 10,000 head of beef cattle for the Navajo Indians, 7,000 of whom were then in the reservation at Fort Sumner, 75 miles north of Roswell. It was this contract which brought him to the Pecos Valley, and in 1867 he established his headquarters at Bosque Grande, 40 miles from Roswell. He was here when there was no Roswell here then. He was accompanied by his brother, Pitzer M. Chisum, who was his ranch foreman, and who remained in New Mexico till 1887, when he returned to his home at Paris, Texas.

With keen Scotch foresight, John Chisum saw the great possibilities of this section and decided to cast his lot here. He purchased the land around the head of South Spring in 1872, and in 1875 moved his headquarters from Bosque Grande and Black river to South Spring, built the 13-room adobe remembered by all old-timers, stocked the range with 15,000 head of cattle and named his place the "Jingle-bob" ranch. The "Jingle-bob" was Chisum's ear-mark, and this is the only known instance of a ranch or stock of cattle taking its name from the ear-mark—the usual mode of designation being the brand. John Chisum was a prominent figure during the turbulent times of the "Lincoln County War," not as a participant in that bloody feud but from the fact that the war started over cattle controversies, and Mr. Chisum being the largest individual owner in New Mexico, and having such vital interest at stake could not escape some trouble. None of his employees were allowed to take sides in the war if he knew it. It is not amiss to here again correct the often-published false statement that William Bonney, alias Billy the Kid, was employed by John Chisum during this war. The Kid never worked for any Chisum at any time or in any manner. Like all big stock ranches of that period, the Jingle-bob kept "open house," and travelers or cowboys came and went at will whether or not they were connected with the outfit. Billy the Kid was a cowboy and exercised the cowboy prerogative of stopping at Chisum's when he chose. The Kid's history has no place in this sketch. His was the most meteoric career as a man-killer that is to be found in the annals of any country. He doubtless had genuine grievances, and certainly killed enough men to gratify the vengeance of the most blood-thirsty. He was killed by Pat Garrett, at Fort Sumner, July 15th, 1881.

John Chisum was in his day the best known cattleman in the world. All over the west and the great southwest can still be seen in places hundreds of cattle trails crossing the country toward the old-time open range of the old-time market, and these still bear the name of "Old Chisum Trail." Mr. Chisum died December 23, 1884 at Eureka Springs, Ark., and was buried at Paris, Texas, on Christmas day. He was a Royal Arch Mason, and had filled several official positions during his life. He left an estate valued at half a million dollars, the settlement of which took the county several years to decide and which does not belong to our story. Mr. Chisum was never married.

Walter P. Chisum was born in Denton, Texas, September 23, 1861, and

came to New Mexico in 1877. He was for years wagon boss and round-up foreman for his uncle, John Chisum, and the subsequent owners and managers of the Jingle-bob outfit. After the dissolution of the company, Walter took up land four miles south of the old ranch, and with the energy characteristic of the family, set to work to recuperate losses incident to dissolution. He engaged in sheep and goat raising with his father for several years and sold his grazing interests in 1899, buying 164 acres off the original Jingle-bob tract. Here he has established an ideal home. He has 145 acres in alfalfa (three of which were planted by his father 31 years ago), six acres in bearing orchard which contains apples, peaches, pears and plums; has put down two artesian wells, from which by the aid of two 700,000 gallon reservoirs, he irrigates his farm, and has erected an eight thousand dollar fourteen-room residence. This home is a model of convenience. Each room has a closet; water is piped to all ground-floor rooms from the artesian well; there is a modern bath room, a self-purifying cistern beneath the dining room and the entire building is lighted by acetylene gas from a plant on the premises. The reservoir is stocked with bass and catfish, and fish fries are a common occurrence at the Chisum homestead. Mr. Chisum has recently become interested in bee culture and has a nice apiary. He calls his "E. Z. Money." Each hive averages four "supers" of 24 pounds each of honey per annum. This is sold to local dealers at 12½ cents per pound. A super, by the way, is the frame that holds the sections in which the bees build their comb.

Walter P. Chisum was married at Dodge City, Kansas, in 1887, to Miss Inez V. Simpson. Two sons and a daughter have blessed this union. They are Jamie W., born February 28, 1889, Oscar W., and Ara V., twins born June 9th, 1892.

Mr. Chisum was a member of the first board of county commissioners of Chaves county, being elected in 1890 and re-elected in 1892. He declined a third term in 1894, but was elected again in 1896. He has never sought political preferment, but has accepted such as sought the man, and has made an enviable record. Walter Chisum is a past master of the Roswell Masonic Lodge, Eminent Commander of Rio Hondo Commandery and a 32d degree Mason, being a member of Ballut Abbad Temple Mystic Shrine, of Albuquerque.

Mrs. Inez V. Chisum is an enthusiastic member of the order of the Eastern Star, Past Matron of the Roswell Chapter, and Past Grand Matron of the Territory of New Mexico. She is an accomplished musician and a talented artist and holds a life certificate to teach in the state of Missouri. Her highest aspirations, however, centers in the rearing of her three children to be worthy of wearers of the family mantle, and that the world may be better for their having lived in it.

William J. Chisum was born at Denton, Texas, August 7, 1864, and arrived with his father in 1877. He lived the vigorous, rough-and-tumble life of the cowboy and was head trail boss for the Jingle-bob, driving to all states this side of the British possessions. Since the dissolution of the company he has lived in Roswell where he has been kept busy looking after his large property interests in the city. He has never held official position, and while taking a keen interest in the selection of capable men for office, has not a very exalted opinion of perennial politicians. Mr. Chisum was married at Dodge City, Kansas, to Miss Livey Tucker. They have one child, Josephine, age 18. Mr. Chisum has a commodious home on South Main street surrounded by orchard and garden and all that goes to make life worth the living.

Mrs. Sallie L. Robert, daughter of James Chisum, is now a resident of Artesia, but was one of the first young ladies of white parentage to reside in the present limits of Chaves county. She was the presiding genius at the Jingle-bob ranch in the palmy days. She nursed the sick, fed the hungry and helped the needy. She has lived at her present abode for some years past, and owned much of the land of the original Artesia town-site. Mrs. Robert had the first artesian well sunk at Artesia and secured a flow at 180 feet. She has two sons, John and Fred, who were educated in Germany. Mrs. Robert is one of the wealthiest women in the Valley, her interests being principally at Artesia.

To the Jingle-bob ranch in 1877 came James Chisum, another brother of John Chisum. He came across the plains from Denton, Texas, in a prairie schooner, and brought with him his family of three children, Walter P., William J., and Sallie L. Chisum, (now Mrs. Robert, of Artesia). The advent of James Chisum marked the beginning of agricultural development of the Pecos Valley; corn fields soon transplanted the salt grass in

the irrigable meadows adjacent to South Spring. Alfalfa was planted on government land in 1878, cotton-woods set out along the ditches, fruit trees imported from Arkansas were planted, and ere long what was for years known as "Chisum's big orchard," was in full bearing. The first thing a traveler would hear when entering New Mexico from the south or east would be of those wonderful luscious apples and peaches at the big orchard. From this orchard the Pecos Valley first became famous as a fruit growing country. Due credit will be given elsewhere to those who developed and enlarged fruit culture, but the credit of pioneer culture is a Chisum copyright. The cowboys made the roads, hence all roads led to Jingle-bob ranch, and here the weary traveler was always sure of a hearty Sunny South welcome, might stay as long as he pleased without cost, and be sent on his way with a benediction. At the death of John Chisum the Jingle-bob interests passed into the hands of a company and the courts, and the Chisums took up other lines of business pending a settlement. James Chisum engaged in sheep and goat raising for some years, but sold out in 1898 and retired from active pursuits to spend his declining years at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Sallie Robert, of Artesia, where he passed away March 17th, of 1908.

BEGINS DISTRIBUTING LAND

Farmers are First Beneficiaries Under the Agrarian Plan Which Blanco Has Inaugurated.

Brownsville, Texas, Sept. 3.—The first step towards putting into effect one of the great principles underlying the Constitutional revolution in Mexico, in the state of Tamaulipas, was taken Saturday afternoon, when the Constitutionalists in Tamaulipas and Nuevo Leon, began the distribution of the land included in Los Borregos ranch, eight miles east of Matamoros, among the laborers of that vicinity. This was done according to the principles of the Agrarian plan of San Luis Potosi in 1910, when the Madero revolution was launched.

The first beneficiaries under the plan in Tamaulipas were thirteen farmers who for many years have been tilling the soil on Los Borregos ranch, which was owned by Felix Diaz, lately announced as candidate for President of Mexico. Each of these farmers received the title to a small parcel of this same land, which they have cultivated for another to be owned by them and their heirs henceforth, contingent, of course, upon the final triumph of the Constitutionalist cause.

The first man to receive the papers of title and proprietorship to his land was Octavio Goben, who has lived on the Los Borregos ranch for sixteen years and who has a wife and four children. To him was apportioned 55 hectares, about 75 acres, which, in the belief of those formulating the plan, will be sufficient amount for the support of a family of that size. No payment is required at first, within a year one-twentieth of the purchase price is to be paid and the balance to be within a period of twenty years. To the other twelve were apportioned various amounts in conformity with the size of their families of those dependent upon them.

There were present at the celebration a large gathering of citizens and Constitutionalist soldiers.

The celebration was opened by Dr. Ramon Puente, who read the message or "manifesto" of General Blanco to the Constitutionalist soldiers, setting forth the principles of the Agrarian plan.

Every person applying for a tract of land under the Agrarian plan is required to answer a series of questions, his answers determining the size of the tract and class of land which shall be apportioned to him. The information asked covers the following points:

Nationality, place of birth and complete name; whether married or not, if so, whether by civil authority; age, occupation whether able to read and write, physical condition, name of wife father and mother and of children, if any; number of children, sex names, ages and civil status, present home and names of persons who know applicant; whether applicant is to devote himself to the cultivation of the land given him; whether he possesses any land, and if so, how much and where; means of living and how long applicant could maintain himself with his present means; whether he has ever been despoiled of lands owned by him.

Concluding the celebration was the ceremony of dedicating a monument of concrete erected near the gate to Los Borregos. Engraved into the monument were a copy of General Blanco's "manifesto" and copies of newspapers.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Wilkinson, of Roswell, who have been sightseeing here for several days, left for El Paso this morning in Mr. Wilkinson's auto. They were accompanied by Mrs. J. E. Merchant of Carlsbad.—Monday's New Mexican.

The Carlbad Current

Wm. H. Mullane, Editor and Manager
Subscription \$1.50 per annum

Carlbad, N. M., Friday, Sept. 12, 1913.

Official Paper of Town of Carlbad.

OFFICIAL PAPER EDDY COUNTY

THE CURRENT.

Readers of this paper are earnestly requested to compare the copy you hold in your hand with any other country weekly in the whole West. In it you will find the latest news to date of the world in general, including the decision in the Sulzer impeachment and the death of Mayor Gaynor, the latest in the Thaw case and the principal features of the new tariff bill, in fact all that would interest any ordinary reader. Besides this there is all about the disturbance in Mexico that is interesting, all state news of interest, the proceedings of the district court now in session, three times the quantity of local news of any other paper, an interesting continued story, live stock and poultry, poetry, humor and many other features. The Current is the largest paper in the county, being full six column, eight pages, and promises to grow better as the liberal patronage it receives at present continues. Country correspondence will continue to grow for at present both Malaga and Eunice have permanent and good writers while negotiations are in progress in other parts for representation. When in need of a good general paper do not forget that the Current promises you the best to be had for Eddy County.

During the past week district court has occupied the time and attention of a large number of our citizens and to the credit of Judge Richardson and the grand jury it is evident much has been accomplished. The grand jury may be said to have had but five days to work though six days time was consumed in getting organized and in work. The report shows a tremendous volume of business; ninety-five witnesses, eighteen indictments, besides six no bills. Then, much of the time was, no doubt consumed in other matters, that as is often the case bore no fruit, for there is always a more or less spite work before every grand jury to consider and it very evidently held the boards for several hours despite the efforts of the foreman and other sensible men to eliminate it. Taken altogether, the work as a whole is commendable and the jury will go down to history as one of the most sincere and honest bodies ever impaneled in the county.

Quite an interesting meeting of the Carlbad Commercial Club was held Tuesday evening to consider some serious questions, among them the fact that the club rooms have become a rendezvous for all kinds of dances held without consent or authority of the board of governors. It came to light at the meeting that people who never pay a cent to keep up the club are the ones who loaf in the rooms and invite non-members. There was considerable indignation when it was stated that parties who have no right to the use of the rooms have keys and let in outsiders to dance and then let lights burn all night for the club to pay. A general reorganization is at hand, and some over officious people will likely be disciplined for trespassing on the property of the club. The rules of the club prohibit the invitation of residents of Carlbad who are not members to the rooms and this rule will be enforced. The rent question was discussed and it was almost carried to move out of the present quarters at once. A committee was appointed to attend to reorganization also one to secure other quarters unless a certain lease can be made for the present quarters, that will give some assurance of permanency. The club is one of the best paying assets of Carlbad if properly conducted.

The special thirty-third anniversary edition of the El Paso Times is an encyclopedia on this western country and contains eighty pages. People wishing information on any subject concerning the country can get a copy by sending ten cents to the El Paso Times.

Speaking of the men charged with larceny of calves from the J. A. L. range last week, who were not indicted, the name Beckham should have read Withers, for Beckham was indicted last spring and is being tried with Cotton this term of court. The error was one of those that will be made occasionally by any who write or talk. It is called a "slip of the lip" or a "slip of the pen".

Summer is waning, autumn is close at hand, and the price of coal and other winter commodities will soon begin soaring higher. So the time rolls along, and ere we are aware old Father Time will have added another year to our lives.

A Labor of Love.

The mammoth special Commercial Club edition of the Roswell Morning News came out on schedule time last Sunday morning and is all and more than was expected for it. The paper consists, besides the regular edition of eight pages four sections of eight pages each all illustrated in the best of photo engravings. The contents cover every imaginable resource of the Pecos Valley as well as sketches of the men who have built the city of Roswell and a well written history of the Chisum family the first to settle the Valley, by Jim Mullane. The illustrations are as near perfect as can be, for the photos were undoubtedly first class. But how such a paper can be made, even in Roswell, is a mystery to the average newspaper man. The cost of labor alone must run into the thousands of dollars. The following editorial from the pen of the editor, Mr. Wilfrid Robinson, explains to some extent how Roswell happens to have so immense an edition of the paper, for he calls it a labor of love, it undoubtedly could never be paid for in cash by the people of Roswell, and therefore we take it that a large share is as stated—"a labor of love".

In the Commercial Club edition of the Morning News and Register-Tribune, we present a labor of love to the people of Roswell and Chaves county this morning.

It is a labor of which we are not ashamed, and which we believe will be of very great value in telling to the outside world the greatness of this favored section of the Pecos Valley, and the desirable features of the town as a place of residence.

When the suggestion of its issue was made by President Tannehill and Secretary Toms of the Commercial Club, we hesitated. From long experience, we know the infinite amount of labor involved, in such a task, and also the expense involved, so great that no newspaper ever yet made money on it. Especially is this true if it is home production. There is a mysterious equation in human nature whereby a stranger representing some specialty firm can come into any community, charge twice as much and get away with it. The home man, perhaps better equipped, must hold the price down, and even then must content himself with a lesser fraction of business.

Then again that matter of expense. We had long ago resolved never to issue another special edition unless the best paper could be used, and with a sizable number of new high-grade half-tones. In planning this edition, we determined to do both, feeling that if we could break even we would feel satisfied, and would in a measure have proven that we appreciate our privileges as the big daily of Roswell.

A car of paper and \$300 worth of half-tones means a lot of money to begin with. For one man there are weeks of labor, for the whole force a long stretch of careful and skilled painstaking. It is true that there were some advantages this time over the memorable special of 1908. We have now a faultless equipment. Then all of the matter was set by hand, and printed upon a good but antiquated press. That was before the formation of the engravers trust and the plates were materially cheaper. So was the paper.

One very great help this time has been the ready assistance of bright men who are as much interested in correct publicity as we are. There are many articles by them in this number and they are all worth while. We have deeply appreciated the interest and volunteered services of these gentlemen and recognize their work of the most extreme value.

It would be unfair in passing not to recognize specifically the work of Mr. Wilfrid Smith, our staff photographer, whose work is shown all the way through. Under the commercial estimate, Mr. Smith's work is sufficiently recognized by our trade arrangement with him, but there are some things that money doesn't pay for, and his active, intelligent interest is one of them. He grasps the idea of photography for illustrations as but few artists, as witness the court house cut, the Camp DeBacs panorama and others, and much of the beauty and effectiveness of this edition is due him.

Did modesty permit we would carry our bouquets to the household of the faithful, but we believe their work shows for itself. So does the interest and co-operation of the business men, who have made the effort possible.

Harry K. Thaw was kidnapped and hustled across the Canadian border to Coos county, New Hampshire, Wednesday, and is now in the United States.

F. Drew Caminetti was convicted on one count of the indictment in the white slave case in San Francisco and will be sentenced with his side partner Maurey Diggs, to serve about five years in the pen. In the meantime the cases will be taken to the highest courts and it will be some time before they go to serve sentence.

A party consisting of Howard Kerr, Dick Thorne, C. T. Adams and G. T. Price of the Peoples Mercantile company went out to the Plains towns Tuesday to consult with the people regarding the mail facilities it having been rumored that a coterie in Roswell are making an effort to steer the mail their way after the people of Carlbad have spent several thousand dollars in donations on the road and for eight years dragged the mail to the Plains through sand to the hubs of the hack. At the time the mail was not so large and the roads impassable no one wanted it, but now, that we have a good road made for the purpose it is proposed to beat Carlbad out of the star route if possible. Be it said to the credit of the Plains people they are not in favor of steering the mail away from the county seat and to a place that never wanted it until after it became an object. The people of the Plains in Eddy county are the ones to consult and if they desire it changed then there might be justice in the act.

Felix Martinez, the famous New Mexico-Texas politician has been appointed as president of a commission to visit all South American countries, with a view to promoting friendly trade relations incident to the opening of the Panama canal and also to induce the countries visited to participate in the Panama-Pacific exposition. The other two commissioners are D. O. Lively and Franklin Adams.

Herman H. Harges who resided on the Heights for several years and where his wife, a sister of Mrs. Cesarine A. Lewis died, has become noted for getting to the United States in time for the birth of two children his last arrival with his wife being on the 3rd instant, when they arrived just six hours before the stork, the boy being born in New York. They reside in Paris but he wants his children to be born in the United States.

Graham—Dewhurst.

Miss Gladys Marie Dewhurst, daughter of John Dewhurst and wife, and Mr. Johnson Graham, son of J. H. Graham, (Johnson being the maiden name of Mrs. Graham,) were wedded at sunrise Wednesday morning at Hotel Bates, Rev. J. Rush Goodloe, officiating. The happy couple left immediately for their home on the Plains on the mail car.

This is one of those romantic, congenial marriages that occur but seldom; the young folk having been brought up in Midland, Texas, where they attended the public school and were quite chummy away back when Johnson was in knee pants and Miss Gladys in short dresses. Both families moved to the Plains some fifteen years ago and from the many years of "keeping company" it was frequently rumored they had been married.

About eight years ago Johnson went to Ozona, Texas, and there was employed for years as manager for the Shannon ranch, but made a few visits to the girl he left behind him and each time the report flew like wild fire that they were married, and at one time Johnson played quite a joke on a person who had "joshed" a little too much to suit.

When they did conclude to join their fortunes for life they slipped away on different days, Miss Gladys coming in Sunday with her parents and Johnson on the mail car Tuesday, so the surprise they have created on the Plains is quite evident.

They are well provided with this world's goods, Johnson having been a very thrifty and money-making boy away back in the nineties, and the greatest practical joker on the Plains, having put a tender foot astride an outlaw horse many a time. The young people will probably reside on the Plains but we have not been informed of their future plans. No matter where they may be, the good wishes of a large circle of admiring friends will be with them.

Farm and Garden

DO YOU GROW SWEET CORN?

No Crop Responds Better to Good Treatment Than This One.

Every truck farmer knows that the first early sweet corn in the market pays as great a profit as any crop grown.

It is usually sold by the hundred and marketed in sacks containing that number of ears. The fodder remaining after the crop is sold is nearly as valuable as timothy hay. The best profit comes from the earliest acres, says a writer in the Farmer's Review.

Sweet corn cannot be shipped a great distance, as it deteriorates rapidly.



Photograph by Long Island agricultural experiment station.

SWEET CORN AND LIMA BEANS.

therefore the local grower does not have such competition as does the grower of less perishable products.

Sandy or light loam soil, with an open subsoil, is best for this crop.

The very best seed of the best and most popular varieties should be provided. Home grown seed, well selected and well cured, will pay big profits on the cost of labor employed for this work. The first plantings must be made early in the season, and seed only of the greatest vitality will withstand the unfavorable weather conditions that are likely to prevail at this season.

The cultivation of this crop should be thorough, and no crop will respond sooner to good treatment.

To succeed in growing sweet corn for the early market a liberal amount of plant food must be provided at the right time and in available form.

This means cover crops and an increased use of commercial fertilizers.

Roosters not needed, having hens, brooding cows, small fitter sows, run down sows—these are what hold a farmer down.—Iowa Homestead

Dry Feed or Wet Mash?

The wet mash of cornmeal and bran that used to be the standard morning feed of the farm flock seems to be going out of style in favor of the hopper full of a mixture of dry ground grain. The new plan is better for large flocks, but for a small flock the wet mash has advantages. For one thing it is easier to keep up the water supply than where the fowls are given all dry grain. Another point is that the constant presence of dry feed attracts rats, while the wet mash as usually fed will be eaten up clean.—American Cultivator

Handle Manure Once Only.

It should be the rule never to handle manure more than once. When removed from the barn or feeding shed, it should be loaded at once into the spreader and hauled to the field. If the farm is small and the amount produced is only at the rate of one or two loads a week, the convenience and improvement of taking it directly from the stable and spreading it at once on the field will certainly justify driving the manure spreader slowly.—Orange Judd Farmer

ALL AROUND THE GARDEN.

As soon as the cutting of rhubarb stalks is over give the ground a good dressing of manure.

Cauliflower can be grown more easily than cabbage. It is always in demand at good prices.

Wild strawberries have the most delicious flavor. They are easily transplanted to the garden.

Do not neglect to mark the wild flowers now which you wish to transplant later in the border.

In some sections of the country the practice of mulching potatoes is followed by a number of growers.

Pick the blossoms of pansies, nasturtiums and sweet peas every day. If allowed to seed they cease to bloom.

Very fine fruit and large yields can be secured from tomatoes by setting posts and running horizontal wires similar to the grape trellis.

Where the soil is strong a good crop of vegetables may be raised between the rows of trees in the young orchard. This method of cultivation and manuring is the best.

CARLSBAD SOCIETY NOTES.

A FAREWELL AND BIRTHDAY PARTY.

A very pleasant party was given last Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. M. R. Smith, north of the park, the affair serving a double purpose: a farewell party to Miss Catherine Finlay and a birthday party for Miss Thelma Binford.

The Daisy club was honored by an invitation and all members were present except one. The club game "42" was played during the afternoon and the club souvenir, a beautiful bar pin, was pronounced the property of Miss Bina Heard.

Refreshments in two courses were served and a pleasant time was experienced by all, saddened only by the thought of Miss Finlay leaving. All extended to her and the other honor guest, Miss Binford, their best wishes.

The ladies present were: Misses Grantham, Aline Grantham, Lora Jones, Heard, Mona Heard, Lucas, Cowan, Neeley, Wallace, Gladys Eaken, McKneeley, Christian, Henderson, Penny, and the honor guests, Misses Finlay and Binford.

A Farewell Party at Grace Church Rectory.

A farewell party was given at the Rectory of Grace Church, Wednesday night, by the Junior Auxiliary and Guild of that organization honoring three members who will leave Monday morning for school for the winter. The young ladies so honored are Misses Mildred Cooke and Eulalie Merchant, who leave for St. Mary's Academy, at Dallas, Texas, and Miss Josephine Tracy, who goes at the same

ADDITIONAL LOCALS

Rev. Lawrence Williams, of Valdosta, Georgia, will preach at the Christian church Sunday morning and evening. Rev. Mr. Williams comes well recommended as a man and preacher.

Word received this week from Rev. Jasper T. Moses, of Junction City, Colorado, gives news of the death of their little thirteen-months-old babe, Helen. The little one died of meningitis last Monday, the 8th, instant. She was born in Carlbad and was the only girl in a family of four children. No arrangements had been made for the funeral at the time the letter was written. The many friends of the worthy family are deeply grieved over the loss of the dear babe. Rev. Mr. Moses is in charge of the First Christian church at Grand Junction.

Mesdames Edith Rule and R. B. Burnett and the two children of the latter, returned from a six weeks visit to various California points, arriving last night.

John McLellan is in from Rocky with good reports of that fine suburb.

Yellow complexion, pimples and disfiguring blemishes on the face or body can be gotten rid of by doctoring the liver, which is torpid. HERBINE is a powerful liver correctant. It purifies the system, stimulates the vital organs and puts the body in fine vigorous condition. Price 50c. Sold by All Druggists.

Christian & Co., Insurance.

PUBLIC AUCTION

THERE WILL BE A PUBLIC SALE OF MARES, CATTLE, MILCH COWS, HEIFERS, COLTS AND FARMING TOOLS ETC.

SATURDAY, Sept. 20

In Carlbad. All who have anything to sell or trade may have same advertised and sold at a very reasonable cost at this sale. Bring in your stuff. List your property at Current Office.

time to Los Angeles, to enter school.

The affair of Wednesday night was very informal and pleasant, each young lady carrying lunch for two and inviting one of her girl friends to share the same with her.

After lunch they had music and dancing and the good times girls of that age have when they get together. The three going at once will be greatly missed in the activities of Grace church.

Mrs. C. H. McLenathan and Miss Cooke were the chaperones.

Board of Education and Faculty of Carlbad Schools Entertained.

Mr. and Mrs. John W. Lewis and Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Bell entertained the Board of Education and the Faculty of Carlbad Schools, last Friday night, at the Bell residence.

The entire faculty was present, and all the members of the Board with the exception of Walter Craft, who was unable to attend. Mesdames Poore and Hatfield and Mr. Clarence Richards were also present.

Various games were played and a general good time resulted, all getting acquainted with the new teachers and with each other, which was the main object of the meeting.

Refreshments of cake, sherbet, coffee and almonds were served.

Epworth League Notes.

At a business meeting of the League held Saturday evening, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

F. E. Butler, president.
Aline Grantham, first vice president.
Mrs. Weeks, second vice president.
Myra Williams, third vice president.
Jessie Vaughn, fourth vice president.
Luella Fosmark, secretary and treasurer.

Rev. J. R. Goodloe, Epworth League agent.

It was decided to add a new committee called the Finance committee, to be appointed by the Cabinet.

Ray Soladay's name was considered and he was unanimously voted to become a regular member.

A "Social" will be held Friday evening, the 19th of September, at the Grantham home. Everybody cordially urged to come.

Christian & Co., Insurance.



FRATERNITY EMBLEMS

in great variety, artistic designs and tasteful settings. These are marked features of those sold by MILTON SMITH. All our emblems, etc., are of that high art quality found only in jewelry of the finest make.

Milton Smith

MATCHMAKER
CORNER DRUG STORE

CARLSBAD LOCAL ITEMS

Carlsbad and vicinity has been favored with fine rains lately, the precipitation since Thursday, the 4th, at which time 1.6 inches fell, is as follows: Friday, .55; Sunday, .7th, .32; Wednesday, 10th, .19; Thursday, 11th, .14; total for the week, 2.8 inches.

Robert Ezell was up from Mont Clair this week.

Lewis Means and wife are in Artesia this week.

A. J. Heard is among the Plains visitors this week.

Ferris Heath, of Lakewood, is in the city attending court.

Paul Gray and wife are in from the ranch for a few days.

Last Sunday heavy rains visited Knowles and vicinity.

The family of Rom Holt left Wednesday for a stay at the ranch.

D. R. Harkey was in Roswell the first of the week on business.

A. M., "Pat" Russell, of Loving, visited the county seat Tuesday.

J. B. Mitchiner, of Lakewood, was in town Wednesday on business.

Jack Campbell, of Roswell, is in the city this week on a business trip.

T. A. Ezell is up from Mont Clair, Texas, this week attending court.

F. L. Baker, of Abilene, Texas, was registered at the Bates hotel, Tuesday.

D. D. Temple and G. R. Wright, of Artesia are registered at the Palace.

G. W. Gunter came down from Roswell Wednesday on a business trip.

State Corporation Commissioner M. S. Groves was in town this week on a visit.

John Plowman, wife and children came up from Malaga in their car yesterday.

Virgil Albritton came in from the ranch for supplies for his windmill, Tuesday.

C. B. Fox, and H. B. Rushing were in Roswell the first of the week on business.

Jim Scanlon of Toyah came up last Friday and tarried over Sunday to visit friends.

J. W. Hepler, Tom Fletcher, Claude and Troy Jenkins were up from Loving yesterday.

W. H. Hull transacted business in Roswell, couple of days this week, returning Wednesday.

Professor Estlack is in town this week from his home near Eunice, in attendance at court.

Robert Jones expects to leave Sunday for a month's visit at his old home in Louisiana.

H. M. Dow, attorney, of Roswell, has business before the court this week, coming down Monday.

Fred Leck came in the Fred Nymeyer car with Robert and the others and is visiting in town.

Albert Parkinson of Lovington, came in Tuesday as a witness in the case of the State vs. Tom Ross.

Kinney Reed and V. O. McCollum were registered at the Grand Central hotel, Roswell, Monday.

Mrs. W. H. Ballard, of Roswell, came down Monday and will visit here with friends for a short time.

Sam and Bill Jones, of Rocky, are in town and report a fine rain at their places Wednesday night.

Mrs. Bigelow spent the first of the week on business at Lakewood, but is again at home in Carlsbad.

W. U. Dannelley, of Clovis, formerly of Carlsbad, spent a couple of days in town the first of the week.

Mrs. C. W. Beeman, of Malaga, spent Monday in the city a guest at the home of Mrs. F. M. Hatfield.

Mrs. Joseph Wangler returned from Decorah, Iowa, and will remain in the city for the winter at least.

The Good Will Circle, of Otis, will meet Sunday afternoon with Mrs. Boyd Akers, of that vicinity.

Otis school opened its fall session Monday under the instruction of Mrs. A. A. Kaiser, and with an enrollment of about thirty. A teacher for the Spanish-American school in that district will be chosen at a board meeting to be held Saturday.

Mrs. L. A. Bingham, of Monument, an aunt of Mrs. E. F. Little, is spending some weeks at the home of her niece, south of town.

Mrs. M. E. McLees, of Ruston, Louisiana, mother of Mrs. S. D. Stennis, Jr., came in from her home Tuesday evening, to be with her daughter who has been alarmingly ill at the Eddy County hospital. The many friends of Mrs. Stennis will be glad to learn that she has made a decided change for the better, within the last couple of days.

The regular business meeting of the Otis Farmers Union will be held Saturday night at the school house, the usual meeting place of that organization.

Mrs. Ada McCain, of Roswell, sister of Mrs. A. A. Davis, came down Sunday evening to attend the funeral of Robert Davis, and remained in town until Wednesday morning.

Mr. Strong, of Amarillo, representing the Amarillo Elevator company, was in the city over Sunday, going north Tuesday morning.

Dr. Galloway, of Roswell, spent Tuesday night in this city on professional business returning to his home on Wednesday morning's train.

Mrs. H. M. Chilcoat and C. V. Ross, of Loving, went to Artesia this morning to attend the Baptist Association holding at that place.

Reverends J. R. Goodloe and E. E. Bell, pastors, respectively, of the Methodist and Baptist churches, visited the High school Wednesday and made interesting talks to the pupils—an example which may safely be followed by others of our citizens.

Herschel Lucas, the youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Lucas, is on the sick list this week and fears are entertained of typhoid fever.

Miss Mamie Walker, of Lakewood, is spending a few days at the Stephenson home west of the city, coming down Tuesday.

In the Otis district the enumeration totals 128, of which 71 are males, 57 females. Americans 68, Spanish-Americans, 60.

The Woodmen of the World will meet at 7:30 each Thursday evening from now until next spring. E. H. Weaver, of the Ohnemus-Weaver company was introduced to the camp last night.

Phil Kelton, nephew of Mrs. F. L. Hopkins, left this week for his home in Corsicana, Texas, after a pleasant visit with his aunt, in this city.

Clifford Foster, left for his home at Whitesboro, Texas, Monday morning after a visit of five weeks with his relatives, N. T. Daugherty.

Arthur Duncan has been very ill the past two weeks with typhoid fever, but seems to be holding his own at this writing.

Walter Smith and Miss Maude Hepler of the lower Valley spent Sunday guests of Miss Ferguson in this city.

W. R. Jackson and son, Lester, are among the Mont Clair, Texas, residents attending court this week.

M. E. Hicks is again in the city coming from El Paso, Texas, Monday. He has a case before the District court.

Rev. J. Rush Goodloe went up to Portales Tuesday returning Tuesday night. Mr. Goodloe took with him his infant daughter, who has not been doing well since birth, and placed the little one with a wet nurse for care.

John Dewhirst, wife and daughter came in Sunday from Knowles to do some shopping. They report that the rains had not struck Knowles up to the time of their leaving.

The local lodge of Odd Fellows had a good social time at their lodge room last Tuesday. A number of visitors were present and refreshments were served.

Miss Mabel Bearup came in Tuesday from eastern cities, where she has been attending the fall millinery openings and visiting with relatives.

Our Expression of Gratitude.

We feel that it would be doing violence to our inmost feelings were we not to express publicly a sense of our appreciation to our many friends who so kindly responded to our hearts call in the time of so great bereavement. The loss of a son and a brother can be fully appreciated only by those who have passed through such a sad experience. We wish, therefore, to express to you, one and all, our deep gratitude for your kindness and sympathy in the loss of Robert, son and brother.

ASHER A. DAVIS,
MARY P. DAVIS,
ELIZABETH DAVIS.

Bud Melton, of Lovington, lost the top to his auto by fire last week. The top caught fire from a lighted match and Melton tore the top off while it was burning.

Clyde Pruyn, son of the late Dr. Pruyn, who left here with his mother and sister early in the spring, drifted back here this week and with his usual industry has been rustling a job.

Judge W. W. Gatewood left yesterday for Carlsbad, where he will attend to legal business for a few days.—Roswell News, 9th.

Francis Groves this week received a solid gold case, 23 jewel hunting case, watch, a present from his grandfather who has made a like present to each of his grandsons.

Miss Mencer, the recently elected primary teacher, arrived Sunday night and assumed her duties Monday morning. The lady comes from Denver, is highly recommended and will no doubt fill the difficult position with satisfaction.

Miss Georgia Witt, who has been acting as supply teacher for the first grade leaves this week for a winter's school at Knowles.

F. T. Cook and family left Sunday morning for their home in Miami, Oklahoma, Miss Georgia remained to accept a position at Malaga as teacher in the school at that place which completes the list of teachers for the coming year.

Mrs. J. W. Gamel, and baby, Mary Lois, came down from Roswell Saturday night, at which city they are located at present, and are spending a week with old friends in Carlsbad.

Attorney Guy Reed came in this week from Camp Perry, Ohio, where he was a participant in the National Rifle shoot held there last month.

Mrs. Guy Reed has been at the Anderson Sanatorium for several days past, for needed rest and treatment. She seems to be improving at this writing.

Mrs. Oscar Weaver, of Loving, spent Wednesday in the city, shopping and visiting the family of Julian Smith.

C. W. Lewis left yesterday morning for the Farrell ranch to be gone the remainder of the week, on livestock business.

E. T. Whittaker, a resident of the Hope country has been in town this week attending court, registering while here at the Bates hotel.

Mrs. W. W. Gatewood, of Roswell, accompanied Judge Gatewood to Carlsbad, last week, leaving for El Paso, Texas, Saturday, where she will visit her son, Boyd, and family, for a time.

John Hartshorn has purchased a fancy 700 pound boar from A. D. Crile, a Berrendo farmer near Roswell.

A. W. Henry, of Amarillo, Texas, spent Thursday in Carlsbad.

A. B. Christmas and wife and Mrs. Z. A. Christmas, of Eunice, N. M., came to town Monday.

John Strickland, a resident of Monument was registered at the Palace hotel Monday.

Will Swoop, E. S. Font, J. B. Dye and J. B. Call, all of Artesia, were registered at the Rightway hotel Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ward Lackey, of Loving, were in the county seat this week.

W. T. Wolverton, of Roswell, has been in town the present week registering at the Rightway hotel.

J. N. Carson, is among the Eunice people who are attending court in Carlsbad this term.

J. D. Randolph, of Dayton, was a business visitor to Carlsbad, this week, coming down Monday.

Christian & Co., Insurance.

H. J. Hubbard and daughters, Miss Hubbard and Miss Jewelle, and son Harry, returned Friday night from their trip to the east, visiting while absent, Wichita, Chicago, St. Louis, and other cities. Mr. Hubbard's mother, who has been here since April, was also of the party, but remained in St. Louis, this altitude being too high for her. The lady is 87 years old and weighs in the neighborhood of 300 pounds.

Wm. Leck returned from a trip to the ranches of his sons, Fred and Robert, near Kermit, Texas, where he assisted in branding calves and running horse races with Bill Vest's five year old boy. Returning by way of Monument, he tarried for a few days at the ranch of his son-in-law, Frey Nymeyer, and came in with Fred in his auto, Robert accompanying him. He reports a splendid outing.

Doc Townsend and Tom Ross of the Plains, came in Tuesday to be here to attend the trial of Ross for robbery.

J. L. Toole of Knowles, was in town Friday leaving Monday for home. He came to engage sheep herders but had to go home without them, there being none to be had in Carlsbad.

Tom McLenathen will leave for school at Pasadena next Monday morning. He is fitting himself for the business of a civil engineer and his friends in Carlsbad, where he has lived since early childhood are watching his career with interest.

Mrs. Wm. H. Merchant was taken to Eddy County hospital last Saturday for an operation for appendicitis, from which she is improving as rapidly as can be looked for.

O. C. Mitchell, of Pine Bluff, Arkansas, arrived in the city last Friday, and will remain until the first of next week. Mr. Mitchell is a medical student and is visiting Mrs. Annie Weeks and sisters, the Misses Vaughn.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Roberts left in their car for El Paso, Wednesday, after a two weeks stay in Carlsbad and vicinity. "J. B." and his good wife always receive a warm welcome in Carlsbad.

Miss Ida Breeding left for Estancia, New Mexico, last Saturday where she will teach this winter after a vacation spent with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Robert Breeding, in this city.

Fred Nymeyer returned to his ranch Wednesday morning and brought Mrs. Nymeyer into town, where she will visit awhile with relatives, her son, "B. A.", Jr., remaining here during his father's absence.

W. F. Daugherty, of Dayton, came down Wednesday, meeting several old friends who knew him in the old days when he lived near Otis.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Victor Coleman, Friday, September 5th, a thirteen pound son. Mrs. Coleman will be better known as Sallie Kuykendall, a daughter of Ben Kuykendall, of Rocky, at whose home the little one was born.

H. W. Zimmerman, who is the owner of a forty acre tract in the Otis section, who with his family have resided in Young county, Texas, came in last Saturday and talks some of removing his family to Eddy county on the place where they formerly resided.

Fred Pendleton and wife are in from their ranch and will be here the remainder of the week.

John L. Emerson, and family, of Knowles, are in Carlsbad this week.

John Reed and family, of Black river came to town yesterday in their car, and spent the day in the city.

Public Utilities company has about completed the re-wiring of the Government building, which is now in fine shape as regards illumination.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Fenton will move to the ranch, 12 miles out, next week, they having finished repapering and otherwise renovating the dwelling house there.

The Methodist women's missionary society met at the home of Mrs. J. R. Linn, yesterday afternoon. Seventeen ladies were present and a very profitable meeting resulted.

Nat Roberts, Bud Melton and D. C. Cotton, of Knowles, were court attendants the first of the week, leaving for their homes this morning.

Miss Bearup will be pleased to see her old friends and also many new ones at her millinery opening next Tuesday.

Tom Ross was in town from Seminole Texas, this week coming in Tuesday, and leaving for home Wednesday.

Last Saturday witnessed a number of serious accidents in Carlsbad among which was the narrow escape from death of Lester Nelson, son of V. S. Nelson. The little folk have a home-made merry-go-round in the Nelson yard and Lester was thrown from it while it was going at high speed. The fall rendered him unconscious for some time, but later it developed that no permanent injuries had resulted, although his escape seems almost miraculous.

The school at Rocky Arroya opened last week with a good enrollment. Miss Winnie Martin being the efficient teacher. Miss Martin comes from Weaubleau, Missouri, but has taught in this county for several years.

Miss Willie Matheson is carrying her right arm in a sling the result of a serious cut, received while washing a fruit jar last Saturday. It is not thought any permanent injury will result, although all four fingers in the hand were badly injured.

Mr. and Mrs. Dock Coates and Mr. and Mrs. Jim Dublin are spending the week in town coming in from near Lovington, Monday, in the Coates' automobile.

Mrs. Roman Ohnemus returned Saturday night from a two months visit to her old home in Little Rock, Arkansas. She was accompanied by her stepdaughter, Miss Matthews, who will likely remain here indefinitely.

At the drilling contest at the Peoples theatre Monday night George Adams was pronounced the best drilled of the boys of Company "B" and consequently received the \$5.00 gold piece offered by the management. A large crowd was present to witness the drill which was put on in fine shape, and also to encourage the militia. The award met with general approval.

Judge Botts, of the law firm of Armstrong & Botts, is ill at his home in this city, with typhoid fever, and is under the care of a trained nurse.

Miss Grantham left for the Tom Gray ranch Sunday and will teach little Ida Belle Gray, this winter. The trip was made in a buggy—the roads being too soft to run the automobile.

Mrs. B. J. Comer, of Kansas City, left for her home last Tuesday morning after a week's visit at the home of her sister, Mrs. H. B. Dudley.

At the Anderson Sanatorium Tuesday morning a son was born to Elsworth James and wife. At last reports mother and babe were doing nicely, but Elsworth has not been able to be up and Grandpa Lowenbruck has collapsed.

Ed Toner came in from the east, Friday, having resigned as inspector at the Live Stock Exchange in Kansas City. He has been traveling in Wisconsin for a month having visited in Washburn, Wisconsin, and other points.

A card received this week from Elcott Hendricks written at De Pere, Wisconsin, where, with Mrs. Hendricks he has been enjoying some cool weather. They are now in Virginia at Mr. Hendricks' old home.

The editor of the Knowles News sent in a 70 pound water melon to this office by Baxter Culp with instructions to find one larger in the Valley and send it out to Knowles. The melon has disappeared and none like it can be found in the Valley. It is said the Plains melons do not make a fellow sick to eat them and this seemed to bear out the assertion.

L. B. Wooters of the traveling auditor's office, has been succeeded here by Mr. Kegel who is at work at present auditing the treasurer's accounts. Mr. Kegel is a very competent accountant and pleasant young man to meet.

Miss Mabel Bearup will have her millinery opening Tuesday at the Bearup residence, corner of Park Avenue and Alameda streets.

W. D. Ames, of Hagerman, is a visitor to the Beautiful this week.

A card from J. H. James locates him at Washburn, Wisconsin, and states that the family will be home about the 15th.

Miss Bearup will have on display at her home, next Tuesday, a fine line of fall and winter millinery, personally selected by her during her recent trip to the East. Call and see them.

The drainage work that is being done on the Foster place, south of town, is not progressing very rapidly. The tiling has had to be lifted and timbers placed in the bottom of the ditches and the tile placed on them to prevent the tile from sinking owing to the quicksand.

Classified Advertisements

MONEY SAVED.

By using the Monument-Knowles Telephone Line to points east as far as Midland. No charge for overtime. 7-Feb-1yr. R. B. KNOWLES, Mgr.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A lot of second hand furniture. Ohnemus-Weaver Co.

I HAVEN'T YET THE BIGGEST STORE IN EDDY COUNTY, BUT WATCH ME GET BIGGER. I have the Biggest Catalogue you ever saw and with it and the aid of the Parcel Post I can save you Big Money.—That's what counts. When you think of HARDWARE, WALL PAPER PAINT AND GLASS think of J. R. LINN.

JUST STOP AND THINK.

At the Hat and Clothes Hospital you will find one thousand samples of the finest fabrics, the latest weaves and all manner of fashion pates to choose from. No extra charge for fancy belt-loops, cuffs or fancy duds or tabs on pockets. Every garment guaranteed to be made to your measure and at prices never before heard of in the tailoring world. If you would buy a suit of tailor made clothes at any price, it will pay you to investigate.

ALF C. WATSON.

Bull Lost—\$5.00 Reward.

Strayed from my pasture west of Carlsbad, one light red yearling bull, part red poll; branded W. H. M. on shoulder, side and hip. Marks: Underbit the left crop right ear. Will pay \$5.00 reward for bull in my pen in Carlsbad or \$1.00 for information leading to recovery. Wm. H. MUL-LANE.

WANTED: Girl or boy from 12 to 18 to wheel invalid's chair one hour before and after school. See me right away at C. H. Dishman's. MISS MOORE.

PASTURE:—Plenty of grass and water. Close to town. R. OHNEMUS.

Write or wire us for delivered prices on CHOICE COTTON SEED MEAL, COLD PRESSED COTTON SEED CAKE, CHOICE SCREENED NUT CAKE, Weights and Quality Guaranteed. The Exchange Cotton & Lined Meal Co., 660-62 Live Stock Exchange, Kansas City, Mo.

Fourteen ten cent bread tickets for \$1.00 at Model Bakery.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A lot of second hand furniture. Ohnemus-Weaver Co.

For first class milch cows see R. Ohnemus.

WANTED:—Plain sewing to do at home. Phone 55 E. MINERVA BARR.

FOR RENT:—Eight room residence furnished or unfurnished. Enquire at current office.

Auto for Sale. I wish to sell my "29" Buick Automobile, run less than one year. MRS. H. F. PARR.

For the stomach and bowel disorders of babies McGEE'S BABY ELIXIR is a remedy of genuine merit. It acts quickly, is pure, wholesome and pleasant to take. Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold by All Druggists.

A GOOD MILCH COW FOR SALE. Gives 3 gal. milk a day. Gentle, easy milked, and in fine condition. Price \$65.00. Will take 4 tons of hay as part payment. WILL PURDY.

WANTED.—Four fresh milch cows H. D. HUBBARD. Phone 73.

MRS. F. L. HOPKINS HAS CITY PROPERTY TO RENT at all times and handles the best and safest FIRE INSURANCE. See her if you have a house to rent, or want to rent property, or before placing your insurance. 9-12-1t

Closing Out—Mrs. H. F. Parr. The following articles I will sell at sacrifice prices, if taken in the next three days:

One White Sewing Machine, 1 Carved Oak Rocker, 1 Mahogany Center Table, 1 China Closet, 1 Oak Chiffonier, 1 Oak Commode, 1 Shirt Waist Box, 1 Medicine Cabinet, 1 Vacuum Cleaner, 1 Heating Stove, 1 Gasoline Stove, 1 Single Harness, 1 Garden Hose, 1 Lawn Mower, 1 9x12 Moquet Rug, 1 11x13 Moquet Carpet, an assortment of stovewear and dishes etc. MRS. H. F. PARR.

THE HAT AND CLOTHES HOSPITAL wishes to announce that we have secured the services of an experienced lady who will be pleased to serve the Ladies in Cleaning, Pressing and Repairing anything in their line.

Tax Inequalities.

The tax question in New Mexico is quite a serious one and is a long way from being solved by the new law. In this connection the Santa Fe Eagle has investigated the results obtained under the new law, so far as they have been reported to Santa Fe, and its findings are contained in that paper in an article which we reproduce. The Eagle says:

"The new assessment law has not operated to substantially increase the assessed value of property. In New Mexico as it was confidently predicted by its friends that it would and, consequently, reduce the rate of taxation. Before the law was passed the assessed valuation of property in the state did not exceed 16 per cent of the actual value. The new law provided that all property should be returned at its full value and that the assessed value should be one-third of the true value. The returns for this year show that the increase in the value of property in the state, other than railroad property, for purposes of taxation, is less than half a million dollars.

Some very valuable information in reference to the assessment of property in the state has been gathered by representatives of the railroad companies operating in the state. This information has been compiled and printed for the use of the board of equalization. At the time the pamphlets were printed the tax rolls of Dona Ana county had not been completed, indeed these rolls were not received here until this week. On account of this delay on the part of the assessor of Dona Ana county, figures for only twenty-five counties have been compiled.

"The total valuation of all property assessed in the state in 1913 was about eight million dollars more than in 1912. Of this increase about seven and a half millions were in railroad property and the remainder, something less than half a million, in other property.

"The increase in the valuation of property other than railroad property was inconsiderable, so that the assessment for 1913 may be fairly compared with that of 1912 on all property in the state other than railroads. In this connection the proceedings of the board of equalization is illuminating. Among other things stated in the proceedings of the board at its meeting last October is the following:

"The most serious troubles are in the obvious undervaluation of property, and in the equally obvious omission of large amounts of property in the state.

"The total net valuation as shown by the tax rolls of all kinds of property is \$72,457,454.09, while no well-informed person would estimate the actual value of property in New Mexico at less than \$450,000,000.

"The total number of sheep shown by the tax rolls in the whole state is 1,163,691, which is an increase over the number shown last year, but there can be no doubt that there are at least 3,500,000 sheep in the state, the census of 1910 showing 3,370,322. In addition to this the average value is only \$1.00, so that the total assessment of sheep can not be much more than one-sixth of the real value of all the sheep in the state.

"The total number of cattle in the state, shown by the tax rolls is 389,565 at an average valuation of \$11.65 per head, while the census shows that in 1910 there were 1,095,312.

"The total value of all the stocks of merchandise in the state as shown by the tax rolls is \$2,879,135.50. This is nearly the same as in 1911, and less than in 1910, and it is reasonably certain that the cash value of the stocks of merchandise in four or five of the principal cities in the state would very greatly exceed this total. We have no definite statistics on this subject, but it is our opinion that the merchandise in the whole state, subject to taxation, as its cash value, cannot be less than \$15,000,000."

"Assessments of other classes of property are shown to have been equally ridiculous.

"Since there has been no material increase in the valuation of property for taxation this year over last year, it is not probable that more than a third of the livestock in the state has been assessed this year and that at not more than a third of its real value.

"The figures gathered by the representatives of the railroads throw some direct light on land values. Land transfers, as shown in the records of the various counties of the state were looked up and the consideration mentioned in the deeds as noted, together with the number of acres or lots transferred. As is well known it happens frequently that the consideration mentioned in deeds is much less than the actual consideration so that it may be presumed that the consideration as named in the deeds is considerably less than the real value of the land transferred.

"The total number of transfers of acres and lots in 1913 reported was 1,062 and the consideration named in the deeds was \$2,586,079. These lands

were assessed at \$492, 199, or about one-sixth of the named consideration of the above transfers there were 202,778 acres transferred and the average consideration per acre named in the deeds was \$9.90. The average at which this same land was assessed was \$1.67 per acre, or less than 17 per cent of the consideration as named in the deeds. This may be taken as representative of the land values generally over the state, that is to say that land is assessed at about one-sixth of its true value instead of at one-third of its value as is contemplated by law. It is plain that the law has been a failure as far as the assessment of property this year is concerned. There has been no perceptible improvement either in the assessment of property which has hitherto escaped assessment or in the value of property which has been assessed, except as to railroad property and it is obvious that property of this kind cannot be concealed.

"It is apparent that there must be a change in the method of assessing property in this state and it might be well to have some discussion of the matter before the meeting of the next legislature so that a bill might be passed which would be an improvement over the present law."

Eunice Items.

Prof. J. C. Estlack will begin November 1st, to teach at Monument.

L. S. Thorne has moved from Knowles to Nadine, where he will keep his stock this winter.

A Mr. Hawkins of Clay county, Texas, has decided to locate a colony just north of the 84 ranch. Mr. Hawkins has inspected the county and has gone for his people and stated they would arrive here during October.

E. H. Norton and family have returned from Stanton, where they have been visiting during the past few weeks.

J. W. Owen and family have returned from Mason county, Texas, where they went to visit Mrs. Owen's mother and other relatives.

Acc Christmas, Clabe Kyle and Prof. Estlack came in Monday in Clabe's Buick, to attend court.

D. C. Coats, Jim Dublin, Fred Nymeyer, J. N. Carson, A. H. Barron and W. C. Cotton are also here attending court.

Malaga Items.

Mrs. Anna Overman who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas, left last week for her home in Fort Worth.

Mr. Crowder and family have moved to Malaga to send the children to school.

Miss Jannette Henderson will leave this week for San Marcos Texas, where she will attend school this winter.

Mr. Eugene Donaldson and family have moved up from Red Bluff to send the children to school.

School started Monday with Miss Holly, Miss Cook, and Miss Rudeen as teachers.

Mr. Deering returned last week from Big Springs, Texas, where she has been visiting this summer.

The heavy rains in this part of the country has delayed the threshing considerably.

Special Election in Maine.

Portland, Me., Sept. 9.—Speaker John A. Peters of Elsworth was chosen to fill the vacancy in the Third congressional district yesterday by a plurality of 553 over Mayor William A. Pattangall, Democrat, of Waterville, with Edward M. Lawrence of Lubec, Progressive, a poor third in the race.

The returns in this special election from all but a small island plantation gave Peters 15,106, Pattangall 14,553, Lawrence 6,487.

The vote for president in November was: Wilson, 14,692; Roosevelt, 13,236; Taft, 7,159.

As will be noted the returns show an increase in the Democratic vote.

Cannery Turns Out 4,500 Cans in Week.

Lakewood, N. M., Sept. 9.—On Monday morning of last week the Lakewood cannery turned out 4,500 cans of tomatoes—beating the record of the past week by turning 5,000 cans of the finished product per hour.

On Wednesday, having a good supply of tomatoes on hand, they turned out, in seven hours, 10,000 cans, or nearly one car.

Mr. Winters, the manager, informed a Progress representative that the prospects were good for a 10,000 run today, and that by the first of next week they would be turning out a car per day.

The first car of canned tomatoes was shipped to Roswell Monday. It was a large car and contained 600 cases, or 14,000 cans. From now on to the close of the canning season regular shipments will be made every day or two.

Miss Lora Jones left Tuesday for the McBride ranch, where she has taken a position as governess.

Phone 31 for ICE. McCORD & CO.

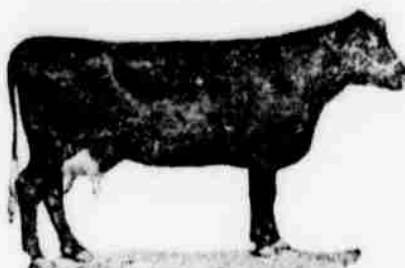
KEEPING THE MILK SWEET IN SUMMER

During hot weather many farmers have trouble with sour milk. This causes much loss not only to the farmer who keeps one or more cows for family use, but especially to the dairyman who retails his milk or ships it to a dealer in the city. The dealer usually pays only one-half price for sour milk or refuses to accept it at any price, thus entailing heavy loss to the producer.

Sweet milk can be produced and delivered in prime condition to the customer in the hottest summer weather, writes a Kentucky dairyman in the New England Homestead. I have for five years shipped milk a distance of fifty-seven miles, the milk being three hours on the train, and have not had a drop of sour milk during that time. These shipments ranged from sixty to ninety gallons a day. During about half of this time the milk was shipped in eight and ten gallon cans, the remainder of the time in quart and pint bottles.

Good sweet milk depends on two items—cleanliness and cold temperature. To secure these the following rules should be observed:

Have the cow's udder clean before milking. A clean damp cloth can be



Red Polled cattle originated in the east of England and are an old dual purpose breed. They are good milkers and also take on flesh easily and quickly when put on fattening feed. The cow shown is Liza, owned by A. P. Arp of Iowa. In 1910 she yielded 10,875 pounds of milk containing 515.35 pounds of butter fat. The next year she gave 8,725 pounds of milk with 481 pounds of butter fat, the total for two years being 20,572 pounds of milk containing 996.25 pounds of butter fat.

used for this purpose and can be carried in the pocket of the milker. Only a few seconds are required to wipe the udder off immediately before beginning to milk the cow. In my experience this simple expedient has worked wonders.

Be careful not to allow hairs, dust or dirt to fall into the milk. They are all laden with germs. Germs cause the milk to sour. The greater the number of germs the quicker the souring will occur. A pail with a small opening will be very helpful in keeping out dust and other dirt.

Use the milk pail for no other purpose than for milking. Some dairymen use it for watering the horses and stopping the hoes and then wonder why the milk sours.

Cool the milk immediately by running it over a milk cooler or by immersing in cold spring or well water. The animal heat must be removed before placing in cans or bottles for delivery or shipment. If necessary to hold the night's milk for shipment until the next morning it should be held at a low temperature. Cold springs or well water in a wooden or metal tank of proper size to hold shipping cans may be used for this purpose. If running spring water is at hand this will serve admirably. In some cases the milk or cream may be lowered into a cistern and kept cool until time for shipment. If care is exercised milk can be kept sweet without ice, but a supply of ice is very desirable.

Another important point—wash all vessels carefully. Examine frequently in the angles to see that no accumulation of yellow, slimy casein material collects, as this will certainly cause rapid souring. After washing scald all vessels with boiling water and place in pure fresh air until ready for use. If exposed to the sun so much the better, as sunlight is the best germ killer and purifier.

Grooming Heavy Horses.

Horses left ungroomed and undried are liable to skin ailments, sore backs, collar galls and parasite affections. Chills and illness also follow in the wake where animals receive faulty attention in this respect. Half an hour twice a day on grooming is time well spent. Many light draft horses have their bodies clipped, and not a few are clipped all over. Clipping enables the animals to do the work more easily and facilitates the keeping clean of the body. The profuse sweating seen with a heavy coat is avoided, and the risk of subsequent chill is made less. The week after clipping is, however, dangerous for catching cold, and the considerate horseman always clothes the animal at such a time when standing or takes his loin cloth with him.

Treatment For Pink Eye.

Infundula, often called pink eye, usually contracted by contagion in strange stables, should be treated as follows: Stand the legs from feet to body with soft straw or hay rope. Allow the horse all the cold water he wants to drink. In each pailful of water dissolve two teaspoonfuls of saltpeter. Three times a day give him ten drops of fluid extract of belladonna leaves, one dram of fluid extract of gentian root, half a teaspoonful of saltpeter and four tablespoonfuls of whisky in some water as one dose.—Farm Journal.

TRANSPORTATION TO AMERICAN REFUGEES

United States Will Furnish the Where-With to all Americans in Mexico Who Desire to Leave the Trouble-Torn Districts.

Washington, Sept. 6.—The United States government today instructed American consuls in Mexico to furnish first class transportation to American refugees who desired it, the only condition being that the refugees later reimburse the government if they were able and at their convenience. The adoption of this liberal policy was made necessary by the likelihood that many Americans would needlessly linger in the trouble-torn districts unless every facility for their departure was afforded.

Some Washington officials commented for the first time on provisional President Huerta's declaration that if the American government were reluctant to give the refugees first class transportation he gladly would do so. These officials, instead of resenting the offer, regarded it as a generous and remarked and they hoped Senor Huerta's beneficence would be extended to repay Americans and other foreigners for the great losses their investments had sustained through the chaos resulting from Huerta's assumption of governmental power.

There was no change today in the Mexican situation, no messages of consequence being received either from John Lind at Vera Cruz, or Mr. O'Shaughnessy, the American charge d'affaires. It is considered most likely that developments will await the arrival here next week of Senor De Zamacoena. Though no announcement of the administration's attitude toward his mission has been made, it was predicted in many quarters he would be courteously received.

WENT OUT TO SHOOT GRINGO; SHOT IN THE CABEZA HIMSELF

American Officers Attend the Case of a Hostile Lieutenant of Ciudad Juarez.

El Paso, Texas, Sept. 8.—Lieutenant F. Acosta, an officer in General Salazar's federal command at Juarez, crossed the Stanton street international bridge this afternoon, after stating in Juarez that he was "going to kill a gringo" and was shot and killed by United States Custom Inspector T. F. Jonah and Immigration Inspector Thomas N. Heiferin, after he had opened fire on them with a rifle on the American side of the international boundary. He was shot through the mouth and arm and his horse, from which he had dismounted, was shot through the side. The American officers were uninjured.

Heiferin was standing at the American end of the bridge, when Acosta first opened fire at him. He fired back, using an automatic pistol. Jonah hastened to his assistance and began firing at the Mexican. The Mexican officer was within thirty feet of the Americans before he was killed.

Two troops of the Thirteenth Cavalry were ordered to the bridge following the shooting in order to restrain the 1,000 Mexicans who had gathered on the Mexican side of the bridge. General Hugh L. Scott, commander of the United States troops, was notified of the shooting and he ordered all troops to be prepared for movement to El Paso from Fort Bliss, in case of trouble. Tonight, a detachment of cavalry has been left at both international bridges and all army officers have been ordered to remain at quarters in case of an outbreak among the Mexicans.

Inspector of Mexican consulates, M. E. Diebold, of El Paso, is conducting an investigation of the shooting.

American officers placed Heiferin and Jonah under arrest after the killing. They were released on \$1,000 bonds.

Mexican officers at Juarez tried to stop Lieutenant Acosta from crossing the bridge before his invasion, but he threatened to shoot anyone who interfered with him. The Mexican officers said that he had been drinking and after he was killed a bottle of Mexican whiskey was found in his saddle bag. Acosta came to Juarez from Chihuahua with General Salazar's troops a few days ago.

The body is being held in El Paso. Friends of Acosta in Juarez have asked for permission to remove it to Juarez.

A bitter feeling against Americans was manifested in Juarez by Salazar's federal troops following the shooting. L. Olsson, of El Paso, crossed to the Mexican side with a party of men and women, and reported later to American army officers that a federal officer drew his pistol and threatened to shoot him. Olsson stated that the American women were insulted by the Mexican officer. They escaped injury by opening their automobile to full speed and hurrying to the American side. They stated that several Mexican soldiers threatened them and shook their fists at them as they were going

through the streets of Juarez. Other Americans have reported being threatened.

Huerta May Lose "Battleship."

Douglas, Ariz., Sept. 6.—Topolobampo advises to the Mexican constitutionalist junta here expressed the belief that the anti-Huerta forces were about to obtain their first warship. It was asserted that the federal gunboat Tampico had been blown ashore in Topolobampo harbor and was being attacked by a flotilla of smaller craft manned by insurgents. According to the advices, the federal commander appealed to an American warship for assistance in getting adrift and was refused.

The insurgent dispatches state the Tampico attempted to leave the harbor after a federal defeat on land and was carried by a gale onto a sand bar.

Refugees Reach El Paso.

El Paso, Texas, Sept. 6.—Twenty American refugees from interior towns and mining camps of Mexico arrived here today, having made the journey of several hundred miles on horseback and coach. One party was on the road eleven days. Sixteen of the refugees were from the American Smelting and Refining company properties at Santa Barbara, Chihuahua, and the journey to the border took eight days. The refugees who arrived today, were:

Harry Cooper, Toronto, Canada; Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Briggs, Boston; Joseph McLaughlin, wife and child, El Paso; E. Heineke, Swan Wickstrom and Hermand Lind, Chicago; S. E. Reed, Hudson, N. H.; Mrs. Joe Lane, England; Mr. and Mrs. L. J. James and child and A. R. Fletcher, New York; Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lane and child, California; F. E. Starr, Pittsfield, Mass.; B. M. McAttee, Frank Morehouse and Barney Ward, El Paso, and A. Richaud, France.

Phone 31 for ICE. McCORD & CO.

TORREON IS HOLDING FIRM.

Assailing Rebels Are Not So Far Making Much Headway.

Mexico City, Sept. 6.—Late arrivals from Torreon say that the rebels again are closing in about the town, but that unless the ravages of typhus and diphtheria, diseases which the said to prevail to an alarming extent, have weakened the defense, it is not believed the rebels will meet with better success than any formerly had.

There are 4,500 federals in Torreon, according to a late report from Theodore C. Hamm, the American consul at Durango, who made a journey to the vicinity of Torreon. He estimates that there are 6,500 rebels within striking distance of the city, but reports they are short of ammunition.

"The attack has not been abandoned by the rebels," said Mr. Hamm, "and they will stake their all upon the outcome of a fresh effort, believing that with Torreon in their power, the belligerency of the rebels will be recognized."

Contrary to the general belief there is no serious shortage of provisions at Torreon.

YAUQUIS THREATEN AMERICANS

Want the Land Taken Away From Them During Diaz Regime

Nogales, Ariz., Sept. 5.—The Yaquis of Sonora have begun to threaten Americans. Desertions of the Indians from the state troop ranks continue. The insurgent forces are retreating before a federal advance north of Guaymas.

This information reached the border from independent American sources. It was reported that a notice to leave the country had been posted on property of the Richardson Construction company, an American corporation, with holdings in the Yaqui river district. The warning was signed by three Yaqui chiefs.

The insurgent state force retired today to Ortiz, leaving an outpost at Maytorena. This left the federals in possession of Empalme and its vicinity. The government troops were reported to be moving slowly to the north.

The demand of the Yaquis for the immediate return of their lands, taken from them during the presidency of Porfirio Diaz, has been repeated. Much of the former Indian reservations had been colonized by Americans. During former Yaqui risings there never has been hostilities or harm to foreigners. The warning to the American company is the first of its kind, it is said.

How the P. P. Helped Gallup.

Washington, Sept. 8.—How the parcel post did something toward reducing the cost of living in Gallup, N.M., was related today, in a report to Postmaster General Burleson, which said the price of fruit on the Gallup market dropped from 12½c. a pound to 5c. when a parcel post shipment came in from Colorado.



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A skilled mechanic is what you want. Bring it here if your automobile needs repairing. We will repair it so that it is as good as new. We guarantee our work. Our customers are always satisfied with our work and with our prices. You will be satisfied if you send your work here, because we do only good work.

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Spanking will not cure children of wetting the bed, because it is not a habit but a dangerous disease. The C. H. Rowan Drug Co., Dept. B1168 Chicago, Ill., have discovered a strictly harmless remedy for this distressing disease and to make known its merits they will send a 50c. package securely wrapped and prepaid. Absolutely Free to any reader of the Current. This remedy also cures frequent desire to urinate and inability to control urine during the night or day in old or young. The C. H. Rowan Drug Co. is an old Reliable House, write them today for the free medicine. Cure the afflicted members of your family, then tell your neighbors and friends about this remedy.

HOPE!

I HEARD the walls of grief and shame
When Priam's walls were wrapt
In flame.
I stood within the Forum place
When Vandal ax and Gothic mace
Battered the pride from Caesar's
face;
When Plague's foul legions filled
the Seine
With corpses and bestank the plain
Of France from Paris to Lorraine;
When Flanders fell before the siege
That made a Spanish band her
liege;
When werewolves wrought a gullo-
tine
For Louis and his fragile queen
'Twas I who staged anew the scene,
'Twas I who wiped away the scars
And set the heavens fresh with
stars.
—Herbert Kaufman.

"I SAID TO LOVE."

I SAID to love.
"It is not now as in old days,
When men adored thee and thy ways
All else above.
Named thee the boy, the bright, the one
Who spread a heaven beneath the sun."
I said to love.
I SAID to love.
"Thou art not young, thou art not
fair.
No fairy darts, no cherub air
Nor swan nor dove
Are thine, but features pitiless
And iron daggers of distress."
I said to love.
—Thomas Hardy.

GOD GIVE THEE PEACE TODAY.

GOD give thee peace today
Happen what'er there may,
On him thy spirit stay
As strikes each hour.
—Charlotte Murray.

Answered.

"Now, children," said the Sunday
school teacher to the juvenile class,
"can any of you tell me what an epis-
tle is?"
"I can," answered a little fellow at
the foot of the class. "An epistle is
the wife of an apostle." Judge.

Conundrums.

When is a bar of iron like a bad note?
When it is forged.
When are two kings like three miles?
When they make a league.
Why are fowls the most profitable of
live stock? Because for every grain
they give a peck.
What does a stone become in the wa-
ter? Wet.
What is it that never was and never
will be? A mouse's nest in a cat's ear.

THE MELTING OF MOLLY

By MARIA THOMPSON
DAVIES

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Company

LEAF NINTH

When the Telegram Came.

RELY no woman ever in all
the world read such a letter
as that, and no wonder my
breath almost failed me. It
was a love letter in which the cold
paper was transubstantiated into a
heart that beat against mine, and I
bowed my head over it as I wet it with
tears. I knew then that I had taken
his coming back lightly; had fused
over it and been silly proud of it, while
not really caring at all. All that av-
ful melting away of my fatness seem-
ed just a lack of confidence in his love
for me. He wouldn't have minded if
I weighed 800, I felt sure. He loved
me—really, really—and I had
sat and weighed him with a lot of men
who were nothing more than amused
by my flightiness or taken with my
beauty and who wouldn't have known
such love if it were shown to them
through a telescope.

I reached into a trunk that stood
right beside me and took out a box
that I hadn't looked into for years.
His letters were all there and his pho-
tographs that were as handsome as the
young god of love himself. I could
hardly see them through my tears, but
I knew that they were dim in places
with being cried over when I had put
them away years ago after Aunt Ade-
line decided that I was to be married.
I kissed the poor little girl cry spots,
and with that a perfect flood of tears
rose to my eyes, but they didn't fall,
for there, right in front of me, stood a
more woe-stricken human being than
I could possibly be, if I judged by ap-
pearances.

"Molly, Molly," gulped Billy, "I am
so sick I'm going to die here on the
floor," and he sank into my arms.

"Oh, Billy, what is the matter?" I
gasped and gave him a little terrified
shake.

"Mamie Johnson did it—poked her
finger down her throat and mine, too,"
he wailed against my breast. "We
was full of things folks gived us to
eat and couldn't eat no more. She said
if we did that with our fingers it would
all come up and we would have room
for some more then. She did it, and
I'm going to die dead—dead!"

"No, no, lover, you'll be all right in
a second. Stay quiet here in your
Molly's lap and you will be well in
just a few minutes," I said with a

smile I hid in his yellow mop as I
kissed the drake tail kiss spot.
"Where's Mamie?" I thought to ask
of little Billy with the greatest appre-
hension.

"In the garden eating cupcake Judy
baked not for both of us. She didn't
frown up as much as I did—or maybe
more," he answered, smuggling close
and much comforted.

"Don't ever, ever do that again, Bil-
ly," I said, giving him both a hug and
a shake. "It's piggie to eat more than
you can hold and then still want more.
What would your father say?"

"Doc ain't no good, and I don't care
what he says," answered Billy with
spirit. "He don't play no more, and
he don't laugh no more, and he don't
eat no more hardly too. I ain't a go-
ing to live in that house with him
more'n two days longer. I want to



I Kissed the Poor Little Girl Cry Spots,
come over and sleep in your bed with
blue ribbons on the posts and have
you play with me, Molly."

"Don't say that, lover, ever again,"
I said as I bent over him. "Your father
is the best man in the world, and
you must never, never think of leaving
him."

"I bet I will when I get big enough
to kill a bear," answered Billy decid-
edly. "Say, do you reckon Mamie
saved even a little piece of that cake?
I 'spect I had better go see." And he
slipped out of my arms and was gone
before I could hold him.

It is a lonely house across the gar-
den with the big and the tiny man in
it all by themselves. And tears from
another corner of my heart entirely,
rose to my eyes at the thought, but
they, too, never fell, for I heard Mrs.
Johnson calling, and I had to run
down quick and see what new deli-
cacy had arrived for my party.

Uncle Thomas Pollard had sent me
a quart bottle of his private stock with
the message to put the mint to soak
just one hour and twenty minutes be-
fore the men came. I made room for
it beside the case of champagne on the
cellar shelf and wondered how they
would stand it all. We don't have
champagne often in Hillsboro, and
when we do nobody seems to want to
cut down on the tipsy, consequently—
well, nothing ever really happens!
However it must have been the cham-
pagne that made Tom act as he did.
He was never like that before.

Somewhat I didn't enjoy dressing to-
night for my dinner as I did for the
dance, and when I was through I stood
before the mirror and looked at my
self a long time. I was very tall and
slim and well, I suppose I might say
regal in that amethyst ermine with the
soft rose point, but I looked to myself
about the eyes as I had been doing for
years when I put on my Sunday clothes
to go to church with Mr. Carter. He
was always in a hurry, and I didn't
care about looking at myself in the
mirror anyway. Nobody else ever
looked at me and what was the use?

And tonight that Rene triumph made
me feel no different from one of Miss
Hettie Prim's conceptions that I had
been wearing for ages with indiffer-
ence and total lack of style. I shrug-
ged my shoulder almost out of the
dress with what I thought was sad-
ness, though it felt a trifle like tem-
per, too, and went on down into the
garden to see if any of my flowers had
a cheer up message for me.

But it was a bored garden I stepped
into just as the last purple flush of day
was being drunk down by the night.
The tall white lilies laid their heads
over on my breast and went to sleep
before I had said a word to them, and
the nasturtiums snarled around my
feet until they got my slippers stained
with green. Only Billy's bachelor's
button stood up stiff and sturdy, slight-
ly flushed with limbing the night dew,
and tipped me an impudent wink. I
felt cheered at the sight of them and
bent down to gather a bunch of them
to wear, even if they did swear at my
amethyst draperies when an amused
smile that was done out loud came
from the path just behind me.

"Don't gather them all tonight, Mrs.
Peaches," said Dr. John tensing as he
stooped beside me. "Leave a few for
for—the others." I waked up in a
half second and so did all those prying
flowers, I felt sure.

There are lots of questions I'm going
to ask Alfred after I'm married to him.
—Mr. Carter didn't know anything
about anything and I never cared to
ask him, but I wonder how you know
when—

"Oh, you Molly!" came a hail in
Tom's voice from the gate, just as I
was making up my mind to try to
think up something to wither the doc-
tor with, and he and Ruth came up
the front walk to meet us. I wondered
why I was having a party in my house
when being alone in my garden with
just a neighbor was so much more fun,
but I had to begin to enjoy myself
right off for in a few minutes all the
rest came.

I don't think I ever saw my house
look so lovely before. Mrs. Johnson
had put all the flowers out of hers and
Mrs. Cain's garden all over everything,
and the table was a mass of soft pink
roses that were shedding perfume and
nodding at one another in their most
society manner. There is no glimmer
in the world like that which comes
from really old polished silver and
rosewood and mahogany, and one's
great great grandmother's hand woven
then feels like oriental silk across one's
knees.

Suddenly I felt very stately and
granddaddy and responsible as I look-
ed at them all across the roses and
sparkling glasses. They were lovely
women, all of them, and could such
men be found anywhere else in the
world? When I left them all to go out
into the big universe to meet the dis-
tinctions that I knew my husband
would have for me, would I sit at salt
with people who loved me like this?

I saw Pet Buford say something to
Tom about me that I know was lovely
from the way he smiled at me, and the
judge's eyes were a full cup for any
woman to have offered her. Then in a
flash all the love fragrance seemed to
go to my head—Tom's mixing of that
Julep had been skillful, too, and tears
rose to my eyes, and there I might
have been crying at my own party if I
hadn't felt a strong warm hand laid on
mine as it rested on my lap, and Dr.
John's kind voice teased into my ears.
"Steady, Mrs. Peaches, there's the lov-
ing cup to come yet," he whispered.
I hated him, but held on to his thumb
tight for half a minute. He didn't
know what the matter really was, but
he understood what I needed. He al-
ways does.

And after that everybody had a good
time, the ginger barber and Judy as
much as anybody, and I could see Aunt
Bettie and Mrs. Johnson peeping in the
pantry door, having the time of their
lives too.

That dinner was going like an air-
ship on a high wind, when something
happened to tangle its tail feathers and
I can hardly write it for trembling yet.
It was a simple little blue tele-
gram, but it might have been nitro-
glycerin on a tear for the way it acted.
It was for me, but the ginger barber
handed it to Tom, and he opened it
and looking at me over his full after
many times emptied glass, he solemnly
read it out loud. It said:

Landed this noon. Have your permis-
sion to come to Hillsboro immediately?
Answer.

It was dreadful. Nobody said a word
and Tom laid the telegram right down
in his plate, where it immediately be-
gan to soak up the dressing of his sal-
ad. He was so white and shaky that
I put him in a hammock, and then I
looked at him in amazement, and
knew I am sure she had the good sense
to find his hand under the cloth and
hold it, for his shoulder hovered against
hers and the color came back to his
face as he smiled down at her.

"Don't believe I'll ever really get the
courage to look at Tom again until he
marries Pet, which he'll do now, I feel
sure."

And as for the judge and Ruth
Chester, I was glad they were sitting
beside each other, for I could avoid
that side of the table with my eyes
until I had steadied myself a few sec-
onds at least. The surprise made the
others I had been dining seem statues
from the stone age, and only Mr.
Graves' fork failed to bang free. His
appetite is as strong as his nerves, and
Della Hawes looked at his composure
with the relief plain in her eyes.

Henrietta's smile in the judge's di-
rection was doubtful. But they were
not all my lovers, and why that awful
silence?

I couldn't say a word, and I am sure
I don't know what I would have done
if it hadn't been for the doctor. He
leaned forward, and his deep eyes
came out in their wonderful way and
seemed to collect every pair of eyes at
the table, even the most astounded, as
he raised his glass.

We all held our breaths and waited
for him to speak.

"No wonder we are all stricken
dumb at Mrs. Carter's telegram," he
said in his deep voice that commands
everybody and everything, even the
terrors of birth and death. "The
whole town will be paralyzed at the
news that its most distinguished citi-
zen is only going to give them two
days to get ready to receive him. I
can see the panic the brass band will
have now getting the brass shined up,
and I want to be the one to tell
Mayor Pollard myself, so as to sug-
gest him to have at least a two
hour speech of welcome to hand out at
the train. We'll make it one hot time

for him when he lands in the old town,
and here's to him, God bless him!
Every glass high!" They all drank,
and I suppose it helped them, I wish
I could have drained a quart, but I
couldn't swallow a sip, though I did
a good stint of pretending.

The rest of this evening has paid
me off for every sin I have ever com-
mitted or am ever going to commit.
Tom took Pet home early, and I hope
they walked in the moonlight for
hours. Tom is the kind of man that
any pretty girl who is loving enough
in the moonlight could comfort for
anything. I'm not at all worried
about him, but—

The hour I sat on my front steps and
talked to Judge Wade must have
brought gray hairs to my head if it
was daylight and I could see them.
Ruth Chester had said goodbye with
the loveliest haunted look in her great



"Every glass high!"

dark eyes, and I felt as if I had killed
something that was alive and that I
hadn't killed it enough. Dr. John had
been called from his coffee to a patient
and had gone with just a friendly word
of good night, and the others had at
last left the judge and me alone—also
in the moonlight, which I wished in
my heart somebody would put out.

They say among the lawyers that it
is a good thing that Benton Wade is
on the bench, for it is no use to try a
case against him when he has the hand-
ling of a jury. He just looks them in
the face and tells them how to vote.
Tonight he looked me in the face and
told me how to marry, and I'm not
sure yet that I won't do as he says.
Of course I'm in love with Alfred, but
if he wants me he had better get me
away quick before the judge makes all
his arrangements. A woman loves to
be courted with poems and flowers and
deference, but she's mighty apt to mar-
ry the man who says, "Don't argue,
but put on your bonnet and come with
me." The fact that it was too late to
get into the clerk's office saved me to
night, but in two days—

Oh, I'm crying, crying in my heart,
which is worse than in my eyes, as I
sit and look across my garden, where
the cold moon is hanging low over the
tall trees behind the doctor's house and
the light in his room is burning warm
and bright. They are right, he doesn't
care if I am going away forever with
Alfred. His quick toast to him and the
lovely warm look he poured over
poor frightened me at his side as he
drank his champagne told me that once
and for all. Still, we have been so
close together over his baby and I have
grown so dependent on him for so many
things that it cuts into me like a hot
knife that he shouldn't care if he lost
me even for a neighbor. I shouldn't
mind not having any husband if I
could always live close by him and
Billy like this, and if I married Judge
Wade I could at least have him for a
family physician. No—I don't like
that! Of course I'm going with Alfred,
now that an accident has made me an-
nounce the fact to the whole town be-
fore he even knows it himself, but
wherever I go that light in the room
with that lonely man is going to burn
in my heart. Hope it will throw a
glow over Alfred!

TO BE CONTINUED

BOY SHOT IN WATER CANYON

Fatal Accident Results from Allow-
ing Small Boys to Play With
Loaded Pistol.

—Roswell News.

A distressing fatal accident resulted
in Water Canyon Tuesday from allow-
ing small boys to play with a loaded
pistol. One small boy only six years
old was shot through the lower jaw
and neck and terribly mangled by the
discharge of a pistol in the hands of
a playmate two years older than he.
Dr. Parvis was called out to attend
the unfortunate little fellow, but sur-
gical skill could avail nothing and the
boy died soon after the doctor had
left him.

Christian & Co., Insurance.

Why is a locomotive like a belle?
She scatters the sparks and transports
the mails.

Why is a comet more like a dog than
the dog star?
In what part of a church do they
ring the belles? At the altar.

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trical Engineering, and Mechanical
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Leaves Lovington Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 7:00 A.M.
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FARE TO PEARL - - - \$5.50
FARE TO MONUMENT - - 7.00
FARE TO KNOWLES - - 7.50
FARE TO LOVINGTON - - 7.50

Howard Kerr, Manager.

The Jester's Dream.

I dreamed—I'm ever dreaming thus—
That I bestrode old Pegasus,
And through the day and through the
night
Across the miles we took our flight
Until at last, my wing borne steed
Plunged downward, and we stood upon
The earth—beside the fount, indeed,
Of Helicon!

And I was happy, not because
I knew that by the poets' laws
I, too, belonged to that bright band
And with the laurels throng might stand.
Nay, I was glad because I'd be
Prepared to answer by and by
That chestnut, "Did you ever see
A horse fly?"
—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Cause For Sorrow.

"What's the matter, Freddie? You
appear cast down."
"Annette's father refused to accept
me for a son-in-law."
"Well, cheer up; there are other
girls."
"It isn't that. I'm thinking what a
chump I was. I let her father's bull-
dog bite me eleven times."—Exchange.

Song For a Suffragette.

When Phyllis pours the kerosene along
the castle's stairs
How soft and dainty to her mien, how
rapt the look she wears!
And, ah, what chants could poets sing to
spread abroad her praise
If near they might be lingering when
Phyllis sets the blaze!
But of her mad and merry moods the one
that I love best
Comes when the pensive midnight broods
above a world at rest,
Below the quiet city sleeps, above the
stars are calm;
But, oh, the heart within me leaps when
Phyllis hurls the bomb!
—New York Times.

Very Likely.

Yeast—At Swedish weddings among
the middle and lower classes the bride-
groom carries a whip. This is an em-
blem of his authority in the domestic
circle.

Crimsonbank—And when he says
"with all my goods I thee endow," I
suppose the wife takes "the whip," of
course.—Yonkers Statesman.

C. Llewellyn Tom Stokes

The Club Livery and Feed Stable



Llewellyn & Stokes, Props.

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COURTEOUS TREATMENT TO ALL

THE DISTRICT COURT

The case of Ysidoro Miranda for forgery was tried last Monday and the jury brought in a verdict of guilty with recommendation for the clemency of the court. This is the case that was made famous by the defendant eating the check he was found guilty of forging and then again by defending himself in the district court before the jury. He is the Mexican who killed Harvey Camp in Carlsbad some years ago and is very well posted with regard to law. The following are the names of the trial jury:

John Eakin, A. B. Call, Arthur Mayes, J. L. Taylor, E. S. Fritts, A. M. Russell, E. S. Sprong, R. D. Fuller, W. C. Sellers, R. D. Person, Chas. Walter, W. M. Fite.

The following true bills were brought in Saturday:

James R. Holcomb, larceny of bees, bond \$1,000.00.

Clarence Brooken, separating calves from their mothers, bond \$500.00.

Cruz Hernandez, assault with intent to kill and assault with deadly weapon, bond \$1,000.00.

Cruz Salinde, assault with intent to kill and assault with deadly weapon, bond \$1,000.00.

Jim Dublin, larceny of neat cattle, bond \$1,000.00.

Ed Thomas, larceny, branding in brand other than owner, bond \$750.00.

Clarence Brooken, larceny, receiving stolen property, branding in unrecorded brand, confining freshly branded calves, bond \$1,000.00.

B. F. Brown, failing to keep record of horned cattle purchased and slaughtered, bond fixed at \$750.00. Fined \$50 and costs, \$75.55. Plead guilty.

W. C. Cotton and Will Beckham, larceny of cattle, bond \$2,000.00 each.

A. J. Heard, unlawfully receiving deposits knowing bank to be insolvent, bond fixed at \$1,500.00.

No bills were returned as follows:

R. H. Judkins, assault with intent to kill.

Hipolita Lores, assault with intent to kill.

Andy Harrison, having in possession motherless calves.

Robert Withers, having in possession motherless calves.

Early R. Bales, assault and attempt to commit rape.

J. F. Hardcastle, larceny from dwelling.

The following is the report of the grand jury:

Carlsbad, New Mexico, Sept. 6, 1913.

To the Honorable Granville A. Richardson, judge of the District court of the Fifth Judicial District and for the County of Eddy.

We, the Grand Jurors, duly impaneled, sworn and charged at the September term of the District court of Eddy County, after six days of continuous labor, beg to report as follows:

We have diligently investigated all matters brought before us. We have examined ninety-five witnesses since being in session, and have found and returned into court eighteen true bills and seven no bills.

We have called before us County Superintendent of Schools, A. E. Bailey, and Superintendent of City Schools, W. A. Moore, and find that they are enforcing the compulsory school law and at the present time they are unable to find any violations of this law.

Sub-committees were appointed from this body to examine officers, office books and accounts of the county officers of Eddy County.

In the County Clerk's office and the Treasurer's office, we find their very much crowded for room, both as to the office and vaults; and in all the offices we find the books to be accurately kept, and in a systematic manner so far as we are able to discern.

We have examined the jail and find the same to be in a sanitary condition. There are at present ten prisoners confined in same, who seem to be satisfied with the care and attention given them by the jailer.

It has been brought to our attention that the county printing has cost too much money, and upon investigation, find it can be done a great deal cheaper.

We desire to thank the various officers with whom we have come in contact, for the valuable and efficient services rendered us, and the courteous treatment extended.

Thus having finished our labors we would respectfully request to be discharged.

THE GRAND JURY.

By S. W. GILBERT, Foreman.

Attest: F. G. SNOW, Clerk.

Most of the county printing is done by the Current, but our motto is not "how cheap," but "how good" and while the rates are fixed by law and we are under, and not over statute rates, our conscience is clear.

The following is the regular panel of the Petit Jury as accepted:

John Eakin, Carlsbad.

A. B. Call, Artesia.

Arthur Mayes, Malaga.
J. L. Taylor, Artesia.
J. B. Dye, Artesia.
Farris Heath, Lakewood.
Harry Walker, Malaga.
E. S. Fritts, Artesia.
Will Swope, Artesia.
A. M. Russell, Loving.
E. S. Sprong, Carlsbad.
R. D. Fuller, Carlsbad.
W. C. Sellers, Carlsbad.
J. F. Joyce, Carlsbad.
R. D. Person, Artesia.
Charles Walter, Carlsbad.
W. M. Fite, Hope.
Nat Roberts, Knowles.
E. S. Kirkpatrick, Carlsbad.
Ben Dickson, Carlsbad.
Paul Ares, Carlsbad.
J. G. Ussery, Carlsbad.
M. M. Walterscheid, Carlsbad.
Frank Ohnemus, Carlsbad.

The court was occupied Wednesday morning on the case of Lucas Hernandez charged with larceny of a goat. The following was the trial jury which after being out a short time brought in a verdict of "not guilty."

Trial jury in the Lucas-Hernandez case; larceny of goat: Arthur Mayes, W. C. Sellers, J. G. Ussery, Farris Heath, Paul Ares, Ben Dickson, Nat Roberts, Frank Ohnemus, Will Swope, J. B. Dye, E. S. Kirkpatrick, W. M. Fite.

The case of the state vs. Tom Ross, charged with robbery was continued yesterday morning to next term on motion of defendant who asked the court to allow time to secure the attendance of a witness that was necessary. The state's witnesses, J. W. Russell, Albert Parkinson, and Doc Eilers were on hand, Mr. Russell coming from Bisbee, Arizona, to appear on the case.

The case of Beckham an dCotton also was called and on motion of the defendants was continued to October 22, when it is contemplated to hold an adjourned session when the petit jury will be called together again to, if possible, clean up the docket, so court will probably adjourn Saturday, at least the jury will be excused until the October session.

The case of the State of New Mexico vs. Cruz Galindo was tried Wednesday with the result that Galindo was found guilty on the charge of assault with deadly weapon, but cleared of the charge of assault with intent to kill.

The case of the state vs. James R. Holcomb for larceny of bees, is being tried as we go to press.

New Versions.
Give me three grains of corn, father—
Only three little grains—
And I will show you the way to fill
The granaries and wains.
I've been to college, father,
And learned a thing or two,
And I want to show you what the new
Bolt theory will do.

Give me three grains of corn, father,
And you can have the rest.
I only want enough to give
The theory a test.
If I don't make you whistle
Before another now
I'll buy you a little flugel horn
To sit around and blow.

Give me three grains of corn, father,
And just a bit of ground.
And I will show you the newest thing
In all the world around.
The miracles of science
Are rising in the west.
Give me three grains of corn, father,
And I will do the rest.

—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Took No Chances.
A certain man is no beauty. He is not only long and angular, but has a face and complexion that neither pale blue, sky yellow nor any other color in dress effect will atone to.

One day the aforesaid party called to see an acquaintance, and while waiting for him to appear in the parlor was entertained by the little eight-year-old son.

"Well, what do think of me?" asked the caller, after conversing several minutes.

Instead of replying the boy turned aside and thoughtfully hung his head. "You haven't answered me," smilingly persisted the caller. "Aren't you going to tell me what you think of me?" "No, sir," returned the youngster.

"Do you suppose that I want to get a flaking?"—Philadelphia Telegraph.

Kill the Rats and Save Chicks.

In answer to a subscriber who complains of rats getting away with his young chicks and requesting a remedy for exterminating the rodents, a correspondent of the Kansas City Farmer says that if powdered sulphur and cayenne pepper are scattered around the rat holes the vermin will disappear. Another remedy is to scatter powdered lye around their holes. The lye will stick to the rat's feet. He commences to lick them, which causes death.

Survey of Penasco River.

A preliminary survey of the Penasco river is to be made by the state engineer's department, and Engineer S. S. Carroll left this afternoon to take up the work.—Monday's New Mexican.

THE NEW TARIFF BILL PASSES

LaFollette and Poindexter Swing Into Line and Vote With Democrats. Measure Represents a Reduction of Nearly 28 Per Cent From the Existing Law.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 9.—The democratic tariff revision bill passed the Senate at 5:43 this afternoon amid a burst of applause that swept down from crowded galleries and found its echo on the crowded floor of the Senate. Its passage was attended with surprises in the final moments of the voting, when Senator LaFollette, republican, cast his vote with the democrats and was joined a few minutes later by Senator Poindexter, progressive.

The democrats had counted throughout the long tariff fight upon losing the votes of Senators Ransdell and Thornton, of Louisiana, democrats, who voted against the bill today because it would put sugar on the free list. Until the names of Senator LaFollette and Poindexter actually were called, however, no one knew definitely the stand they would take, and their votes were greeted with enthusiastic applause.

President Wilson expressed tonight great gratification over the end of the long struggle.

Senator Simmons, chairman of the finance committee who had piloted the bill through the finance committee, the democratic caucus, and the Senate predicted that its passage would bring immediate stimulus to the business of the country.

As it passed the Senate, the tariff bill represents an average reduction of more than 4 per cent from the rates original bill that passed the House, and nearly 28 per cent from the rates of existing law. In many important particulars the Senate has changed the bill that passed the House; and a conference committee of the two houses will begin work Wednesday or Thursday to adjust these differences. Leaders of both houses predict that the conference will consume less than two weeks time.

The Senate endeavored today to hasten the bill on its progress to the White House, by naming its members of the conference as soon as the bill passed. Vice President Marshall appointed Senators Simmons, Stone, Williams and Johnson, democrats, and Senators Penrose, Lodge and LaFollette, republicans, as the Senate conferees. Senator Stone withdrew from the committee and Senator Shively was appointed in his place. The House conferees, it was reported tonight will be Representatives Underwood, Kitchin and Rainey, democrats, and Payne and Fordney, republicans.

Each house will have an equal vote in the conference committee even though each does not name the same number of conferees.

The final struggle began at 4 o'clock when under a previous agreement, arbitrary votes began on pending amendments. In the closing hours of debate, Senator LaFollette had been the center of interest, proposing final amendments on the cotton and agricultural schedule and discussing some features of the bill.

It was nearly 5:30 o'clock when the vice president put the bill upon its passage. Senator Ashurst, first on the roll, shouted loudly "aye" and the roll call proceeded deliberately until the clerk called "LaFollette."

The Wisconsin senator, seated in the front row, hesitated a moment. His head was bowed and resting on his hand. He leaned forward a trifle and vigorously answered "aye."

Instantly the applause broke from the galleries and Senators on the democratic side joined in enthusiastically, clapping, nearly all democrats on the floor, participating in the brief but vigorous demonstration. When the name of Senator Poindexter, the only Progressive senator, was reached, and he contributed his vote for the bill, the applause was renewed.

After the vote, Senator LaFollette said:

"I realize what I did was a political sacrifice, but that within me compelled me to vote for the bill. The tariff act of 1909 was but little short of a crime; the bill passed today is not a democratic measure but is a protective measure. Every change made by the finance committee was made by way of adjustment to a protective basis, except such as free wool and free sugar which were determined upon outside. They treated the agricultural schedule, I regret to say, on a free trade basis, and I would have retained more duty on cutlery and some other articles of which there is no data, in order to be sure not to ruin American production. Give the democrats time and they will put everything on a free trade basis, but they have not done it in this bill."

Senator Poindexter said of his

vote:
"I voted for the Senate tariff bill because it is as a whole a better bill than the Payne-Aldrich law, now in force. Furthermore, it contains an income tax which we have been trying to get for twenty years."

"Some of its rates are too high and some too low, but its general average on manufactures is high enough. Its classification is far from scientific but more so than the existing law."

When the vote had been announced Senator Gallinger, of New Hampshire, leader of the minority, was recognized and congratulated Senator Simmons for his "courtesy, kindly and considerate manner" in the conduct of the debate. He said he knew of no tariff fight characterized by such good feeling throughout and attributed it to the personality of Senator Simmons.

"The bill itself is bad," he said, "but its management has been in every way creditable to the majority and eminently fair to the minority."

Senator Simmons expressed his appreciation. He said tonight:

"I am greatly gratified that the bill has passed and I think that it will not be long in conference. In my opinion there has been some stagnation of business in the country pending the immediate stimulus to business and in the end we will have better times in this country."

Just before the voting on amendments began, Senator LaFollette yielded a few minutes of his time to Senator Thornton, of Louisiana, who was about to desert his colleagues on the roll call.

"It is hard for me to vote against this bill," said the Louisiana senator. "It is a bill made a party measure by the party with which I cast allegiance forty-six years ago. It is harder still that I am forced to vote against it because my own party seeks now to strike a vital blow against the great sugar industry of my state."

The senator said he was charged with a duty from his state higher than any duty he owed to the democratic party, and voting against the bill, he contended, was keeping his pledge to his state and to the democratic party of Louisiana, which denounced free sugar in its last convention. Free sugar, the senator concluded, would destroy the sugar industry of Louisiana and "deliver the American people into the hands of a rapacious trust."

Income tax amendments by Senators Bristow and LaFollette similar to those they had introduced several days ago were defeated by votes of 61 to 18 and 62 to 16, respectively. An amendment by Senator Gallinger that proposed to send the whole tariff question over until December, 1914, and submit the bill to a popular referendum next fall, was defeated, 63 to 16. An amendment by Senator Catron for 20 per cent duty on raw wool was defeated, 42 to 35 and a general substitute wool bill offered by Senator Smoot was defeated without a roll call.

One important change made gives the secretary of the treasury power to censor all moving picture films imported. An amendment by Senator McCumber proposing higher duties on barley, oats, wheat and flax seed was rejected, 48 to 25, and one by Senator LaFollette for a five cent duty on wheat, was defeated without a roll call.

Senator James, acting for the finance committee, secured the adoption of an amendment modifying the provision of the bill that authorizes the secretary of the treasury and the collector of internal revenue to employ income tax officials, without regard to the civil service laws. The new provision leaves it optional with the official as to whether or not they will take employees from the list of civil service eligibles.

The Senate's additions to the House free list with 1912 as a basis will cost the government more than \$44,000,000 but by adding a tax of one-tenth of one cent a pound on cotton sold for future delivery; a tax of one tenth of one cent a pound on bananas; restoring the requirement of a full internal revenue tax of \$1.10 a gallon on brandies used to fortify wines and by increasing the surtax rates on large incomes, the Senate leaders believe they have provided an actual increase. That is a point disputed by majority leader Underwood of the House.

The Senate made these other important changes:

Lowered the normal exemption from the one per cent income tax from \$4,000 to \$3,000 for single persons; with exemptions for wives and dependent children; exempted the incomes of mutual life insurance companies which revert to the benefit of stockholders; increased the graduated surtax on large incomes to a maximum of six per cent on those more than \$500,000; exempted incomes of municipalities derived from operation of public utilities, and changed the date from which the law shall be computed for the first year from January 1, to March 1, 1913.

Free-list cattle and other livestock, wheat, hair of Angora goat and some other agricultural products; restored oatmeal and rolled oats to the dutiable list, and provided an el-

Reduced House rates on woolen manufactures to become effective January 1, 1914.

Provided, in the sugar schedule, for immediate abolishment of the Dutch standard test; postponed operation of proposed reduced rates until March 1, 1914, leaving the provision unchanged for free sugar in May, 1916.

Slightly increased rates on finer cotton, reclassifying the whole cotton schedule and changing the silk schedule from an ad valorem to a specific basis.

Provided for an administrative force, to handle income tax collection without regard to requirements of the civil service.

Struck out a countervailing duty on wood pulp.

Greatly reduced rates of the metal schedule.

Struck out many reforms provisions in the administrative section; rejected the anti-dumping clause; the five per cent tariff reduction on imports in American vessels and the requirement for inspection of books of foreign manufacturers in under valuation cases but added a provision giving the president authority to retaliate against nations which discriminate against American goods by proclaimed increased rates on certain goods; adopted a provision excluding goods manufactured chiefly by child labor and provided for the creation of a commission to revise the customs laws.

Important additions to the free list included:

Antimony ore, limestone rock, asphalt, asphaltum and bitumen, fabrics of jute yarns, wool blankets valued at less than forty cents a pound, text books, sugar, machinery, cast iron pipe, surgical catgut, cement, creosote oil, denatured alcohol, flax and hemp, fur and fur skins, gun powder pig iron, spiegeleisen, ferro magnesia, wrought iron slabs and blooms, photographic moving picture films, steel ingots, blooms and slabs, cattle and other livestock, wheat, sawed cedar, Angora goat and Alpaca wool and paper twine for binding wool.

Following was the roll call on the tariff bill:

Ayes—Ashurst, Bacon, Chamberlain, Chilton, Clarke of Arkansas, Fletcher Gore, Hitchcock, Hollis, Hughes, James, Johnson, Kern, Lane, Lewis, Martin, Martine, Myers, Newlands, O'Gorman, Overman, Owen, Pitman, Pomerene, Robinson, Saulsbury, Sharroth, Sheppard, Shields, Shively, Simmons, Smith of Arizona, Smith of Georgia, Smith of Maryland, Smith of South Carolina, Stone, Swanson, Thompson, Tillman, Vardeman, Walsh, Williams, democrats; LaFollette, republican and Poindexter, progressive, total, 44.

Nays: Borah, Bradley, Brady, Brandegee, Bristow, Catron, Clapp, Clark of Wyoming, Colt, Cummins, Dillingham, Fall, Gallinger, Jackson, Jones, Kenyon, Lippitt, Lodge, McCumber, McLean, Nelson, Norris, Oliver, Page, eProse, Perkins, Root, Sherman, Smoot, Stephenson, Sterling, Sutherland, Warren, Weeks and Works republicans, and Ransdell and Thornton, democrats, total 37.

Paired and not voting: Burton, Crawford, Goff, Dupont, Townsend, Smith of Michigan, republicans; Bankhead, Bryan, Culberson, Lea, Thomas and Reed, democrats, total 12.

Absent and not paired: Burleigh and Gronna, republicans.

Vacancy: Alabama, 1.

President Wilson issued tonight, the following statement:

"A fight for the people and for free business which has lasted a long generation through at last has been won, handsomely and completely. A leadership and steadfastness in counsel has been shown in both houses of which the democratic party has reason to be proud. There has been no weakness or confusion or drawing back but a statesmanlike directness and command of circumstances. I am happy to have been connected with the government of the nation at a time when such things could happen and to have worked in association with men who could do them. There is every reason to believe that currency reform will be carried through with equal energy, directness and loyalty to the general interest. When that is done, this first session of the sixty-third congress will have passed into history with an unrivaled distinction. I want to express my special admiration for the devoted, intelligent and untiring work of Mr. Underwood and Mr. Simmons and the committees associated with them."

When the president was asked to comment upon the votes of Senator LaFollette and Senator Poindexter, he expressed very warm admiration for their "conscientious independence and courage."

The president while always confident that the democratic majority would be kept intact to insure the passage of the bill by a safe margin, had been hoping for the votes of progressive republicans. He told some of his friends tonight that aid of this kind outside of the party ranks was one of the concrete evidences that the democratic party was progressive.

Personally, the president felt happy over the result. He had just returned from the golf links when Secretary



Frank Kindel created quite a stir among the local motorcycle enthusiasts by appearing on the streets the first of this week on a NEW INDIAN. The machine is one of the latest 1913 models equipped with a self-starter, two-speed gear and oversize tires as well as the numerous other refinements that make toward the INDIAN'S world-wide popularity.

Kindel has been riding a machine of another make for several years and is acknowledged to be the best rider of the single tracker in the Pecos Valley. It's a sure thing that he will lead them all now, for he says, "he has the machine, dad-gum it."

LINN & ROBERTS are quite proud of their sale as this INDIAN is one of the first of its class in this corner of the state.

Tumulty who had been an eager auditor in the Senate gallery drove rapidly to the White House and beaming with smiles told the president of the vote.

"Great" was the president's first remark as he went to his study and telephoned Chairman Simmons his hearty congratulations.

The president hopes to share the vacation which members of the Senate are about to take, by going to Cornish, N. H., for a few days. Unless the Mexican situation develops an unexpected turn he will leave here Thursday.

'Phone 31 for ICE. McCORD & CO.

The finest, fattest, featheriest, funniest flock of ducks in Eddy county is kept by Henry Clark at his home in La Huerta, a sample of which he presented the Current this week. Thanks!

Died.

In the article giving the account of the death of Fred Williams, in last week's issue of the Current, a number of mistakes were made. The item is therefore reprinted with the mistakes corrected, and reads as follows: From a private letter dated Sacramento, California, August 31, 1912, we learn of the death of Fred Williams a former resident of Carlsbad at that city August 30th. He was a blacksmith by trade and was employed in the Ohnemus shops.

The letter gives the cause of death as typhoid fever with complications and states also that he was taken from Flagstaff, Arizona, all the way to Sacramento on a stretcher in care of his wife and the doctor, all the time unconscious.

Mr. Williams was born in Arkansas and was a little over 38 years old. He was married to Miss Ellen Jamison daughter of Dr. Jamison and granddaughter of J. C. Demorest, who formerly resided at Otis. The marriage occurred in this city, June 10, 1906. The sympathies of the old friends in Carlsbad are extended the bereaved wife.

The interment was held at Sacramento.

G. M. McGonagill, of the Plains, came in last night and is around shaking hands with old friends and acquaintances today. While here he paid for two years in advance for the Current so as to not fail to get it through forgetting and allowing the time to expire, which is a good plan for any subscriber.

In every home where there are children there should be a bottle of WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE. It destroys worms and acts as a tonic in the debilitated system. Price 25c. per bottle. Sold by All Druggists.

'Phone 31 for ICE. McCORD & CO.

Christian & Co., Insurance.

The scholastic census taken by J. N. S. Webb, prior to the opening of school as required by law, gives the following result:

American males.....284
American females.....276
Spanish-American, males.....115
Spanish-American, females.....106

TOTAL.....781

When the bowels feel uncomfortable and you miss the exhilarating feeling that always follows a copious morning operation, a dose of HERBINE will set you right in a couple of hours. If taken at bedtime you get its beneficial effect after breakfast next day. Price 50c. Sold by All Druggists.